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VOL. 51

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1917

NO. 32

FRENCH CAUSE HEAVY LOSSES AS BRITISH PREPARE FOR THRUST

German Lines in Champagne Raided; Enemy Repulsed Near Verdun; Haig About to Strike Again; Canadian Success

London, Aug. 7.—In Flanders the infantry has continued inactive, but the total silence of the British official report to-day on conditions there similar to that preserved while the great bombardment which preceded the initial attack was impending, coupled with the reports of greatly increased air activity, seems indicative of an early renewal of the Entente offensive.

Paris, Aug. 7.—French troops last night broke into the lines of the German Crown Prince on the Champagne front at three places, inflicting losses on the Germans and bringing back prisoners, it was officially announced here this afternoon.

A Teuton attack between Avocourt Wood and Hill 204, in the Verdun sector, was driven off with heavy losses to the Germans.

There were fairly violent artillery duels in the Dixschote sector of the front in Belgium and between Hurtebise and Craonne, north of the river Aisne.

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 7.—(By the Associated Press.)—The British line continues to tighten about the French city of Lens, north of Arras. The Canadian troops, who on Saturday night pushed their positions forward approximately 200 yards along a front of 1,000 yards into the western outskirts of the city, late yesterday added a 600-yard front of a similar depth to their positions south and west of the outskirts of that mining centre.

The Germans have been showing signs of decided uneasiness in the Lens sector for several days, as has been indicated by their practice of throwing a curtain of fire on the British trenches each morning at dawn. Vimy and Farnes, towns behind the British lines south of Lens, also have been shelled daily by enemy batteries. The rest of the British front has continued in a state of comparative calm so far as infantry actions have been concerned.

SHADOWED RUSSIAN REPRESENTATIVE; IS ARRESTED IN STATES

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—M. Balzerkevitch is under arrest here to-day charged by Federal officers with having shadowed the movements of Colonel Ternavsky, who was chief of staff to the Russian General Brusiloff. Col. Ternavsky is on a secret mission to the United States.

Federal investigation says Balzerkevitch is a German citizen. He is known to have arrived on the same vessel as the Russian emissary, and his movements are declared to have been significantly related to Col. Ternavsky's actions.

The man is a released prisoner of war, according to Russian Consul Romanoffski. Arthur M. Allen, of the Department of Justice, said yesterday that the Federal Government had made inquiry of the authorities in Japan and had learned that Balzerkevitch had been held under surveillance at Yokohama. He has been under observation here continuously.

MEATLESS DAYS DO NOT WORRY THESE OTTAWA APPOINTEES

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—When C. A. Magrath was appointed Dominion Fuel Controller it was proudly announced by the Borden Government that he was working without a salary. Yesterday, however, it was stated in the House of Commons that H. P. McCue, of Pittsburg, U. S. A., had been appointed his assistant at the princely salary of \$25,000 a year. When W. J. Hanna was appointed Food Controller it also was announced that he would work without pay. But S. E. Todd and W. A. Willison, the son of Sir John Willison, were appointed his assistants at \$4,500 a year each and both are very young men. F. W. French, another assistant, is receiving \$250 a month and living expenses not to exceed \$100 per month.

Meatless days and baconless mornings will have no terrors for these.

U BOAT IN DUTCH WATERS AWAITING BETTER WEATHER

Amsterdam, Aug. 7.—The German submarine U-30, accompanied by two Dutch torpedo boats, to-day entered the waterway of the Netherlands fishing town of Maasvluis, 10 miles west of Rotterdam, according to a dispatch to The Handelsblad. It is understood the U-boat merely is awaiting better weather.

REPRESENTS FRANCE AT CONFERENCE IN LONDON; M. RIBOT



Russian General is Ordered Shot; Shared in the Big Retreat

London, Aug. 7.—Gen. Macevsky, commander of the Guards corps which headed the Russian retreat on the southwest front, has been ordered shot, according to a dispatch to the Post, from Petrograd. This sentence came after a court-martial ordered by Gen. Korniloff, Commander-in-Chief, as a result of non-compliance with his order to shoot deserters.

FOR AMBASSADOR PAGE.

London, Aug. 7.—A movement is on foot, according to The London Times, to offer the freedom of the city of Edinburgh to Walter Hines Page, the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James.

ENTENTE CONFERENCE IN BRITISH CAPITAL IS IMPORTANT EVENT

London, Aug. 7.—A conference of representatives of the Entente Powers, a continuation of the Paris conference, was opened in London this forenoon. Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George presided.

Among those present at the conference were Premier Ribot and Minister of War Painleve, of France; Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister; Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson and the other members of the British War Cabinet. All the Entente Powers, in fact, were represented by either their Ambassadors, Ministers or special representatives.

Liberia, Republic of Africa, Declares Against the Germans

Washington, August 7.—Liberia, the negro republic on the west coast of Africa, has declared war on Germany. Some time ago Liberia broke off diplomatic relations. The declaration gives opportunity to intern Germans and others accused of unneutral activities. The United States was advised to-day of the little republic's action.

GEDDES REORGANIZING ADMIRALTY; WEMYSS IS SECOND SEA LORD NOW

London, Aug. 7.—Official announcement was made at the Admiralty Office last night that Admiral Sir Cecil Bury, Second Sea Lord, had been replaced by Vice-Admiral Sir Rosslyn E. Wemyss.

Allan Garret Anderson, hitherto vice-chairman of the Wheat Commission, has succeeded Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, the new First Lord of the Admiralty, as Controller of Naval Construction.

The changes in the Admiralty are attracting much attention and are interpreted as the first step in a reorganization which it is supposed Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, the new First Lord, was appointed to carry out.

In quarters where the existing Admiralty methods are regarded as unsatisfactory, the present step is denounced as a "procrastinatory half-measure," and it is declared the change ought to have been so complete as to "give the country a resolute and energetic Admiralty permeated by an offensive spirit."

There is no implication of incapacity against Admiral Sir Cecil Bury, whose services as Admiral Jellicoe's second in command of the Grand Fleet are recognized, and an official announcement states that he "will be employed on shore duty. It is assumed that as his record was made in active command, he may welcome the change.

Rearranging Duties.
An official statement contains the announcement that an opportunity is to be taken of the appointment of Vice-Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss to rearrange the duties of the Second Sea Lord of the Admiralty, who will be relieved of detail administrative work connected with the personnel of the fleet. This is interpreted as meaning that the Second Sea Lord will not be trammelled by details which "subordinates can handle, but will be associated more closely than was his predecessor with the preparation of war plans.

Another change in the Admiralty is the removal of Sir William Graham Green from the permanent secretaryship at the Admiralty to a secretaryship in the Ministry of Munitions under Winston Spencer Churchill. Sir William's departure from the Admiralty is regarded as of considerable importance, as the post of permanent secretary, which he has held since 1911, always has been largely responsible for the continuity of Admiralty tradition and policy. It is this continuity which is regarded by many as a most dangerous factor in that it hinders initiative and adaptability to current needs.

WILLIAM H. TAFT ILL IN TOWN IN KANSAS

Clay Centre, Kas., Aug. 7.—Former President William H. Taft became ill at a hotel here during the night and to-day is under the care of a physician. The nature of his illness was described only as being stomach trouble. He will be unable to leave to-day for Lincoln, Neb., where he had a speaking engagement. He delivered an address here last night.

CALLED FOR TEN TONS OF TOBACCO

American Troops in France in Need; Big Offer is Accepted

Washington, Aug. 7.—The Y. M. C. A. shipment of tobacco for the American troops in France has been lost. Word came from Paris to-day from the Red Cross commission to France saying no suitable tobacco to replace the lost shipment was obtainable there and urged that ten tons of tobacco be sent at once.

The Red Cross war council immediately accepted an offer of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company to donate 1,500,000 cigarettes, 20,000 packages of smoking tobacco and 10,000 cuts of chewing tobacco, which will be forwarded to the American troops at once.

The officials of the Red Cross and probably those of the Y. M. C. A. serving with the American army in France will wear the American uniform. Henry P. Davison, chairman of the Red Cross war council, and William H. Taft, chairman of the central committee, will be recognized as major-generals should they cross the Atlantic. The members of Mr. Davison's committee and Mr. Taft's committee will be given the rank of brigadier-generals.

The operations of the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. are being hampered because their officials in Europe do not receive the recognition accorded to wearers of uniforms. Their commissions will be signed by the Secretary of War but will confer no military authority, obligation or rights. They are intended more as certificates of identification and of an indication of the confidence of the Government.

CABLE CENSORSHIP BY SIAMESE GOVERNMENT

New York, Aug. 7.—Siam has imposed a cable censorship. The Commercial Cable Company announced to-day that Siam now only admits cablegrams written in plain language, English or French, or in certain specified codes.

DUTCH NOT MISLED BY GERMAN "PIETY"

A Pastoral Letter Read in Berlin and Brutal Murder at Sea

Amsterdam, Aug. 7.—Dutch newspapers print in parallel columns an account of the murder by Germans of the crew of the British steamship Belgian Prince and a Berlin telegram giving the following extract from a pastoral letter read in all the Protestant churches of Berlin last Sunday: "We will comfort ourselves as Christians towards our enemies and conduct the war in the future as in the past with humanity and civility."

The pastoral letter was read at a service which Kaiser Wilhelm and the Kaiserin attended at the cathedral in Berlin. It exhorts the people to humanity, and recognizes the hand of God in the protection from invasion which the Fatherland has enjoyed.

The British steamship Belgian Prince was sunk on July 31 by a German submarine. According to survivors who reached a British port, the U boat shelled the vessel and the German commander then ordered the crew to take to the boats and go alongside the submarine. The Germans, the survivors assert, removed the lifebelts and outer clothing of all the members of the crew except eight, smashed the lifeboats with axes and then re-entered the submarine and closed the hatches, leaving the men on deck. The submarine traveled on the surface for about two miles and then submerged. Thirty-eight of the crew were drowned. Three were rescued by a patrol boat.

BUYING OF METALS BY GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES

Washington, Aug. 7.—The Federal Trade Commission's report on the cost of copper production in the United States will be transmitted to President Wilson within two weeks and will serve as a basis for the prices the Government will pay.

The production costs of steel, iron, coal and other basic materials also are being studied by the Commission, which will work in close co-operation with the new war industries board formed to make Government war purchases. Cost estimates will be forwarded to the President as fast as they are made. No figures, it was said to-day, will be made public by the Commission.

ATTACK BY GERMAN SUBMARINE WITHIN SPANISH WATERS

London, Aug. 7.—The Admiralty learns that a German submarine yesterday attacked a Spanish fishing boat in the neighborhood of Bilbao, Spain, within Spanish territorial waters. Two of the crew were severely wounded.

WIN-THE-WAR POLICY WILL BE OUTCOME OF CONVENTION OF LIBERALS AT WINNIPEG

USING HIS ENERGY TO REMAKE RUSSIAN ARMY; GEN. KORNILOFF



Address by the Premier of Manitoba, Who Acted as Temporary Chairman; Big Gathering Gets Down to Business

Winnipeg, Aug. 7.—It was considerably after 10 o'clock when the Liberal convention here was called to order this forenoon by Hon. T. C. Norris, Premier of Manitoba, acting as temporary chairman. The hall was well filled and the score or so of women present as delegates were early on hand.

At 10.30 a.m. Hon. H. C. Brewster, Premier of British Columbia, announced that the convention would proceed to organize. The convention, he believed, represented the very broadest Canadianism, and he thought it was fitting that as temporary chairman there should be one who had done so much for Western Liberalism.

Premier Norris said the convention was one of representative thought and men. Only three or four members of the four Western

KERENSKY COMPLETES CABINET; FORTUNES AT THE BATTLELINE VARY

Petrograd, Aug. 7.—Premier Kerensky has completed the formation of his new Cabinet. The official announcement of its composition contains several changes in the list of the portfolios made public yesterday, as follows:

Lieut. Lebedeff is made Acting Minister of Marine, a post held up to the present by Premier and Minister of War Kerensky.

M. Bernetzky is appointed Acting Minister of Finance, a portfolio that has been assumed by M. Norkrasoff in addition to the Vice-Premiership.

M. Yefremoff, Minister of Justice, is transferred to the Ministry of Public Aid, replacing M. Astroff, the Mayor of Moscow.

Professor Kokoshkine, a leader of the Constitutional Democrats, is appointed State Comptroller, a position which had been given to F. A. Golovine.

M. Yourenoff is named Minister of Justice, the portfolio vacated by M. Yefremoff.

M. Takhtemishoff, the Minister of Communications, is not mentioned in the new official list.

Complex Situation.
London, Aug. 7.—The situation on the Russian front continues complex, with the Russian forces offering spirited resistance and driving back the Austro-German forces in some sectors and weakly yielding in others.

Ten miles from Chotin, just beyond the extreme southeasterly corner of Galicia, the Teutonic armies have been forced back, according to advices from Kishinev to-day. Petrograd officially reports the driving back of enemy advance guards south of Grimalov.

In Bukovina and on the river Bystrizza, on the other hand, the Russian forces have been forced to yield more ground, in one case because of the voluntary retirement of two regiments.

Farther south, in Roumania, a further menace to the Entente lines became apparent to-day in the announcement of the opening of a Teutonic offensive in the Fokshani region. Petrograd concedes a retirement there and Berlin says Russian positions north of Fokshani were stormed and 1,300 prisoners and 13 guns taken.

Russian Report.
Petrograd, Aug. 7.—In the direction of Kimpoling, in Bukovina, Austro-Hungarian forces, after a battle with the Russian forces, occupied the heights of Mollit, says an announcement issued here to-day by the War Office. In the region of the river Bystrizza two Russian regiments voluntarily left their positions, causing the Russian troops to retire a few miles.

South of Grimalov Russian forces drove back the Austro-German advanced posts.

In the region west of the river Zbrozok, on the Russian-Galician frontier, Austro-German troops are busily gathering the harvest.

In the direction of Fokshani, on the Roumanian front, the forces of the Central Powers and their allies began an offensive and pressed back the Russo-Roumanian troops across the river Tryadus.

Enemy Thrown Back.
Kishinev, Russia, Aug. 7.—Austro-German troops between the Dniester and the Pruth have been thrown back on the front 10 miles from Chotin, according to news from the battle area reaching here. Chotin is at the junction of the Zbrozok and Dniester rivers on the Galician-Russian front.

German Statement.
Berlin, Aug. 7.—Austro-German forces yesterday started an offensive against the Russo-Roumanian armies

Provincial Governments were absent, and it was almost impossible to get any more complete representation from the provinces.

"We expect something from this convention," he said. "Consider that you are present to discuss the interests of Canada."

There had never been a time in the history of Canada when Canada required service of such a high order as was the case to-day. The convention had not been called for merely partisan purposes, and while those attending represented the West, there was no prejudice against Eastern Canada. They must have "Canada at large" at heart. If they started in with the idea not to be partisan or sectional, then they were on right basis. The House of Commons was standing still in order to watch this convention, and the whole of the Dominion looked to the west for a lead. Mr. Norris predicted that this would be the hub where the business of Canada would be conducted.

A vote of thanks was accorded Premier Norris for his address.

The chairman then invited the Premiers of the four western provinces to the platform, and the Liberal Senators and Liberal members. W. R. Wood, M. P. P. for Neepawa, Man., was elected secretary of the convention, with Mrs. K. Nell, of Edmonton, and Mr. Douglas, of Rivers, Man., assistant secretaries.

A resolution was enthusiastically carried that the convention should cable the Canadian commander, Lieut.-Gen. Currie, hearty congratulations upon the splendid achievements of the Canadian army in the past, and promising unanimous support for its efforts in the future.

Win-the-War Policy.
"One of the most important things I am going to ask this convention is to create a win-the-war policy," said Premier Norris. "There has never been a time in the history of Canada when there is such a demand for unity. The spirit of win-the-war is covering all the west of Canada. There will be no difference of opinion as to that, though there may be as to the measures to be taken. I have found nobody who wants to quit."

"If ever there was a debt that every Canadian owes it is the debt he owes to the soldier who has given his life. Let us pass over sectionalism. Do not let party feelings run too wide."

Mr. Norris said there was no machine organization in this convention. It would be conducted on a thoroughly democratic basis.

S. J. Latta, M.P.P. of Saskatchewan, nominated C. M. Hamilton, of McTaggart, Sask., as permanent chairman. Capt. Clifford D. Riley, of Calgary, a returned soldier, late of the Montreal Highlanders, was nominated. The convention decided Mr. Hamilton should be chairman and Captain Riley vice-chairman. Mr. Hamilton took the chair. Both gentlemen briefly addressed the convention. Capt. Riley remarking that he took it as an earnest that the Liberal party was prepared to fight the battles for those dependent on the soldiers.

A committee on transportation and another for the purpose of striking standing committees were appointed. The latter consists of three representatives from each province.

It was announced that future sessions would be held in the building of the Industrial Bureau of Winnipeg.

At 12.30 the convention adjourned until 2.30, general business to be resumed at 3 p.m.

(Concluded on page 2.)

MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

Lacrosse, Wis., Aug. 7.—The discovery of the body of Mrs. Cora Miller buried in quicklime in an unused cellar of the home of Edward Haughe, a fireman, to-day cleared up the mystery surrounding the disappearance of the woman. She disappeared on February 24 last. Haughe has not been found but a warrant for his arrest has been issued.

(Concluded on page 2.)

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CREWS OF FOUR SHIPS SENT DOWN ARE LANDED

An Atlantic Port of the United States, Aug. 7.—A steamship which has arrived from a European port has landed the crews of four vessels, all of which were sunk by German submarines off St. Marie, Azores. The vessels sunk were the American four-masted schooner John Twoby, Norfolk, Va., to Algiers, Captain J. B. Moreshead; the Norwegian steamship Hansat, from Italy to Hampton Roads; the Newfoundland schooner Conquerer, St. John's, N. F., for Cadiz; the Norwegian steamship Seland, Stockholm to France.

The captains and crews declared that in each case the vessels had been stopped and boarded by the submarine, after which the men were put into lifeboats and given plenty of time.

Mines or bombs were placed in the ships and exploded after all hands had left. Then the submarine towed the lifeboats toward shore and then gave them the right direction before submerging. The men report that the submarine commander gave them every consideration and that no tor-

pedoes were used in destroying their ships.

The sinking of all these vessels except the Allen had previously been announced in news dispatches.

BERLIN NEWSPAPERS NOT VERY PLEASED

Amsterdam, Aug. 7.—The comment of the Berlin newspapers on the new appointments of imperial and Prussian Ministers takes the line that no great advance has been made in the direction of parliamentarism.

The Tagblatt regards the changes as unimportant for the development of the Empire. The Vossische Zeitung says the new Government is not likely to give the impression of being of the parliamentary order. The Volks Zeitung comments that the most favorable thing that can be said about the development is that there has been an infusion of fresh blood into the bureaucracy.

APPOINTED BELGIAN MINISTER.

Paris, Aug. 7.—Jules Destree, Socialist deputy from Charleroi, has been appointed Belgian Minister at Petrograd.

FURTHER PROGRESS IN THE LENS AREA

Enemy Pushed Back Slightly Southwest and West of City

London, Aug. 7.—The following official report was issued last night: "An enemy attempt to raid our trenches early this morning north of Arleux was caught by our rifle fire and machine gun fire before reaching our lines and driven off with severe casualties.

"We advanced our lines slightly today southwest and west of Lens.

"Yesterday, after several days of inactivity due to unfavorable weather, our aeroplanes were again able to carry out successful bombing raids and other work: in air fighting five German aeroplanes were brought down, of which one was forced to land behind our lines. Three others were driven down out of control. One of our machines is missing.

French Report.

Paris, Aug. 7.—The War Office issued the following report last night: "Both aeroplanes have been active in the Champagne and on both sides of the Meuse, especially in the sectors of Avocourt and Louvemont."

A Belgian communication issued last night said:

"During the night the enemy artillery was active against our communications. Gas shells were fired in the region of Ramscapelle. Some patrol fighting took place to the south of Dixmude. A few projectiles fell during the day on various parts of the front."

PRESIDENT WILSON AND REDUCTION OF PRICES

Washington, Aug. 7.—President Wilson took a hand today in the Government's plans for reduction of prices and conferred with officials who have this work in charge. First he went to the Federal Trade Commission and then went to the Department of Justice. Both departments are working on keeping prices on materials for the Government's war needs down to a reasonable basis.

GEORGE GOULD'S SON CLAIMING EXEMPTION

New York, Aug. 7.—Kingdon Gould, of Lakewood, N. J., railroad official and eldest son of George J. Gould, capitalist, has filed at Tom's River, N. J., a claim of exemption from enforced military duty on the plea of dependents for support. He had been passed as physically fit for army duty by the surgeon of the local exemption board. Gould was married July 2.

SENATE IN COMMITTEE ON COMPULSION BILL

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The Senate in committee passed several clauses of the conscription bill yesterday afternoon and last evening.

The first section of the bill was held over at the request of Senator Landry, to afford "him" time to prepare an amendment that he desires to offer to the interpretation clauses. It is an additional interpretation, and according to the notice he gave at the close of the sitting declares that "clergyman" means a clergyman as defined by the laws of each denomination.

When the first section was called Senator Beique asked for what period men had been enlisted, and was informed by Sir James Lougheed that the term of enlistment was for the period of the war and six months thereafter.

"Is it intended to prevent voluntary enlistment when the bill passes?" asked Senator Bostock.

"No, we should prefer to have voluntary enlistment continue," said Sir James.

Dealing with the classification clause, Senator Casgrain said there would be exemption for the father of six or more living children.

There was some discussion of the declaration in the bill "that for the purposes of this section, any man married after the sixth day of July, 1917, shall be deemed to be unmarried."

Senator Landry declared it was putting a penalty on a person who wanted to get married. He maintained that the Government had no right to impute motives to men who desired to marry. It was not fair for the legislators to assume that they were marrying to avoid military service.

Senator Beaubien asked that the date be advanced to the present from July 6. Men who had married since July 6 had done so knowing they were not entitled to exemption. They were not trying to evade the act. The law was directed only at those who sought to evade, therefore he favored giving these men the benefit of their honesty.

Senator Cloran said the men who had married after July 6 because they desired to be married and not because they wished to escape military service were being unfairly treated. To correct the grievance he complained of, he offered the following substitution: "For the purpose of this section, any man marrying after July 6, 1917, shall not have the right to invoke such marriage as a bar or obstacle to his enlistment."

Senator Cloran's amendment was voted down.

Just before the committee arose Senator Dandurand gave notice of an amendment designed to reserve the right of habeas corpus in appeals from decisions of exemption tribunals.

KUEHLMANN VERSUS HELFFERICH NOW

Struggle Between Them for Control of Germany's Foreign Policy

Copenhagen, Aug. 7.—Will Dr. von Kuehlmann or Dr. Karl Helfferich, the German Vice-Chancellor, be the real director of the German foreign policy under the administration of Dr. Michaelis, the Imperial German Chancellor? This is the political problem of the hour in connection with the shake-up of the Cabinet in Germany.

It is known the versatile Dr. Helfferich desires to have a hand in steering Germany's "new course" in world politics after the war and it is rumored that the new Chancellor, unacquainted as he is with international affairs, desires to retain the ex-bank director (Dr. Helfferich) as his special adviser and mouthpiece, particularly for this field.

In fact one of the avowed reasons for Dr. Helfferich's retention despite his unpopularity in the Reichstag was that his services would be indispensable in peace negotiations. The Berliner Tageblatt, the Lokal Anzeiger and the Vossische Zeitung all refer to the possibility of a conflict, as Dr. von Kuehlmann, it is understood, is disinclined to permit himself to be relegated to a subordinate place.

A second feature of the shake-up is the consideration shown the Roman Catholic Centre party, whose demand for representation in the Imperial and Prussian Cabinets for the Roman Catholics, Spahn, Waldow and Kuehlmann, with a revocation of the anti-Jesuit and Polish expropriation laws, also a part of the Centrist programme, that party is considered to have done very well as a result of the parliamentary crisis.

While the radical and Socialist press is dissatisfied at the absence of any marked concession to parliamentarism in any way on the appointments, newspapers of the opposite camp are aggrieved at the shelving of Dr. Beaser, Prussian Minister of Justice; Count Loebell, Prussian Minister of the Interior, and Baron von Schorlemer, Prussian Minister of Agriculture, and other stand-patters on Prussian franchise reform.

GERMAN AGENTS ARE BUSY IN MEXICO

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 7.—Reports from Chihuahua City, Mexico, say Germans there have been circulating a printed propaganda saying the United States is in the throes of a revolution and that "the Mexicans and negroes of the South and the Germans and German sympathizers in the North" will aid this movement. The circular is said to end with an appeal to the Mexicans to prepare to strike to regain all Mexican territory lost to the United States.

BORDEN NOT LEADING EVEN OWN PARTY

He is for Union Government but Rogers is Against It

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The occasion chosen by Sir Robert Borden to "make my fellow countrymen fully acquainted with my desires and intentions" as to a national Government was that on which representatives from the Win-the-War convention at Toronto waited upon him on Saturday and presented him with the resolutions passed at that gathering. "I was convinced more than two months ago," said Sir Robert, "that the time had come in this country when party differences must be sunk and all forces united in an earnest effort to win the war. I hope that in the near future a government may be formed based on a union of all persons without regard to party, race or creed."

Strangely enough, the war has been in progress exactly three years before the Prime Minister announces he has become finally convinced that it can not be carried on by a party government formed with regard only to party, race and creed, and nothing else. It also is considered strange that he should choose as his audience the representatives which gathered here on Saturday. Among that audience was J. M. Godfrey and Arthur Hawkes, both of whom recently were engaged on the Bon Entente campaign which had as its purpose the drawing of the two races together, and both of whom are now engaged in a campaign which has as its purpose the severing of these races.

The announcement has created considerable talk in Conservative quarters. "It is my hope," said Sir Robert (and this remark is causing more comment than anything else), "that not only shall both political parties be fully and fairly represented in the Government, but that it should also include special representatives of the great agricultural and labor interests." It is contended that this can only mean that the services of the present Minister of Labor and Minister of Agriculture, Messrs. Crothers and Burrell respectively, are to be dispensed with. This question, however, has never been discussed at a Cabinet council, and the two Ministers do not try to hide their indignation as a consequence.

Meanwhile, within the Government and behind Sir Robert's back something is going on of which he apparently does not seek. Hon. Robert Rogers, still shining from the coat of whitewash applied to him recently, is out against union. The other day he got 71 members of Sir Robert's following to sign a round-robin, the purport of which was to establish him (Mr. Rogers) in their affections for all time to come. There is not one of these members who does not know that a national Government is impossible with Hon. Robert Rogers on its personnel. Then why, it may be asked, did they subscribe to his retention?

Conservative papers insist that whatever kind of a government is formed, Sir Robert Borden must be the leader. But it would appear from the above that Sir Robert is not leading even his own party. He is for union. Hon. Robert Rogers is against it. And yet Hon. Robert Rogers is endorsed by the great majority of the Conservative party at Ottawa. The master of the administration is again on the job and Sir Robert has been reduced to dailying with the members of the Win-the-War League of Toronto.

GREATER RESISTANCE BY RUSSIAN FORCES NEAR CZERNOWITZ

Petrograd, Aug. 7.—The War Office reported last evening:

"West of Brody insignificant enemy attacks were beaten off. Northeast of Czernowitz, near the villages of Poperevce and Baranze, our advanced detachments occupied a series of heights and drove the enemy back to the above mentioned villages. We captured a four-gun battery and some machine guns.

"Afterward the enemy, advancing in superior force, compelled our troops to retire to our main position.

"South of Czernowitz the enemy continues to advance chiefly in the region of Dolina, the River Sereth and the Suchawa, and is pressing back our troops. The villages of Olyboka, Kozmenka, Chdikrova and the town of Radautz were occupied by the enemy.

"Roumanian front—In the direction of Kimpulung the enemy continues his offensive. Owing to the instability of some of our units, we have been forced to retire somewhat toward the east. The enemy has crossed the Bystritsa River.

"On the night of the fifth our aeroplanes dropped a number of bombs on the railway station at Baranowichi (southwest of Minsk). Direct hits were observed."

BRITAIN STILL BARS CANADIAN APPLES

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Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

Dance Excursion to Deep Bay

Via B. C. Electric Saanich Division
THURSDAY, AUG. 9

Trains leave Victoria (corner Douglas and Pandora) at 7 and 7.30 p.m. Returning leave Deep Bay at 9 and 10.45 p.m. Good floor and good music.

RETURN FARE, INCLUDING DANCE, 75¢.

Further particulars at
1505 Douglas Street Phone 1969

Do You Like Coffee?

A few do not, but most people do. Good coffee is only possible when made with an ELECTRIC PERCOLATOR. We sell them.

Carter Electric Company

615 View Street Phone 120 and 121



CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. B. H. Warren, Niagara Falls; Lieut. H. W. Peacock, Montreal; Pte. J. H. Groves, Winnipeg; Lieut. L. C. Darbyshire, Central Park, B. C.

Previously reported missing; now reported killed in action—Pte. S. R. Davey, Fort William; Pte. W. Watson, England.

Previously reported missing and believed killed; now reported died while prisoner of war—Pte. D. D. Micks, Cayley, Alta.

Died of wounds—Pte. J. Carrier, Durham, N. B.; Pte. W. H. Bryan, England; Pte. F. G. Barton, Cardinal, Ont.; Pte. D. McNab, Ireland.

Previously reported wounded and missing; now presumed to have died—Pte. W. Sydenham, Montreal; Pte. A. Grasswell, England; Pte. J. M. Smith, Scotland; Pte. J. P. Bell, England; Lieut. R. D. Twiss, Ireland; Pte. G. Smith, England; Pte. H. Rowe, England; Pte. F. W. Wood, Winnipeg; Pte. R. Peacock, Prince Rupert; Lieut. P. W. Sutton, England; Pte. R. Shannon, England; Pte. A. Stark, Willowdale, Ont.; Pte. A. M. Parks, Lindsay, Ont.; Pte. W. J. Speller, Villanova, Ont.; Pte. J. W. Sutton, Toronto; Pte. R. H. Nooley, Quebec.

Reported missing—Pte. A. J. Eassey, Caledon, Ont.; Pte. S. Guest, Ireland; Lieut. C. M. Alloch, Annapolis, Ont.

Wounded—Pte. J. C. McDoyle, Quebec; Pte. L. Pope, Scotland; Pte. E. W. Jerome, England; Pte. H. B. Sweetman, Moncton, N. B.; Pte. H. H. Goldina, Toronto; Pte. J. V. Vaillancourt, Penetanguishene, Ont.; Pte. P. Nuttall, Weston, Ont.; Pte. A. Daly, Newmarket, Ont.; Pte. T. Speere, Macedonia; Pte. W. Steeke, Toronto; Pte. G. Lee, England; Pte. H. Terry, England; Pte. A. Gastel, Scotland; Lieut. R. W. Porteous, Ottawa; Pte. R. H. England, Moose Jaw; Lieut. J. D. Panton, Tillamook, Victoria; Pte. S. Gilles, Solikrik, Man.; Pte. H. Binns, Winnipeg; Pte. C. Green, Strassburg, Sask.; Sergt. R. White, Fort William; Pte. C. Dessez, Washington, D. C.; Pte. O. Anderson, Leslie, Sask.; Pte. A. Campbell, Eggleston, Pte. H. E. Dillon, Douglas, Man.; Pte. B. Hatwell, no address; Pte. M. Hughes, England; Pte. G. Vanstone, Whitby, Ont.; Pte. H. Chaffin, England; Pte. E. J. Fraser, Perth, Ont.; Pte. L. W. McDonald, Sydney, N. S.; Pte. J. Walker, Richmond, N. S.; Pte. O. Gallant, Beaton Road, P.E.I.; Pte. A. W. Allen, Cumberland, N. S.; Pte. A. Finner, England; Pte. D. Alexander, Winnipeg; Pte. S. Oakes, Sydney, N. S.; Pte. J. Torrance, Rochester, N. Y.; Pte. G. Cunstone, England; Pte. P. Sayward, Kitchener, Ont.; Pte. J. Lindell, Brantford; Pte. J. Bice, Toronto; Pte. A. Marton, St. John, N. B.; Pte. M. Levine, St. John, N. B.; Pte. N.

OPEN EVENINGS SALE

Save \$15 on Your
Made-to-Order
SUIT

—that's what you can do here. Same price for men as women.

I can make you a Suit to order which would cost you elsewhere \$35, for **\$20**

Charlie Hope

1434 Government St.
Phone 2689

Nelson, Caster, Alta.; Pte. L. Stokes, England; Pte. T. Fraser, Blue Mount, N. S.; Pte. W. McMurphy, Toronto; Pte. J. Grimshire, Nicola; Pte. G. C. Beattie, Vancouver; Pte. J. J. McKean, Scotland.

Artillery.

Killed in action—Cpl. R. J. Dinnen, Ireland; Driver T. Haldane, Scotland; Sgt. W. Slade, Glace Bay, N. S.

Wounded—Capt. J. S. Magnell, England; Lieut. H. W. Peake, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Gnr. S. Choate, Port Hope, Ont.; Gnr. J. Picard, Montreal; Gnr. W. N. Livingstone, Barrie, Ont.; Driver R. Stuart, North Vancouver.

Mounted Rifles.

Previously reported missing; now presumed to have died—Pte. R. D. Palmer, Regina; Pte. C. E. Hume, Acton West, Ont.; Pte. W. D. Raybould, England; Pte. B. Smith, England.

Wounded—Pte. T. Cooper, England; Pte. F. Galla, England; Pte. W. Paterson, Montreal.

Services.

Previously reported missing; now presumed to have died—Pte. R. C. Singleton, Merritt, B. C.

Wounded—Pte. A. W. Smith, Vernon; Pte. S. Wood, Kenora, Ont.

COPAS & YOUNG'S GROCERY

PRICES ARE THE LOWEST

Quoted by Them for the Day

THEIR ADS GIVE YOU RELIABLE INFORMATION. Read Them Over.
A Little Time Taken Will SAVE YOU MONEY

<p>SHIRRIFF'S or PURE GOLD JELLY POWDER, 4 pkts. for. . . 25c</p> <p>INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER, Nothing nicer. 2 lbs. for . . . 85c</p> <p>C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR, the best Bread Flour made. Per sack . . . \$2.90</p> <p>NICE CEYLON TEA . . . 35c</p> <p>ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE, fresh ground and very nice. Per lb., 40¢ and . . . 35c</p> <p>RED LABEL COFFEE . . . 25c</p> <p>SHREDDED COCOANUT . . . 25c</p>	<p>NICE TABLE VINEGAR . . . 15c Large bottle</p> <p>KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES . . . 10c Per pkt.</p> <p>GENUINE INDIAN CHUTNEY . . . 50c All kinds. Large quart bottle.</p> <p>ANTI-COMBINE BAKING POWDER—5-lb. can 90¢. . . 20c 12-oz. can</p> <p>ESSENCES, all flavors. . . 50¢, 4-oz. bottle . . . 35¢ 20c 2-oz. bottle</p> <p>NICE FRESH BROKEN BISCUITS . . . 15c Per lb.</p> <p>THELMA PORK, BEANS AND TOMATO SAUCE . . . 10c Per tin</p>
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FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS. NO SPECIALS FOR BAIT

COPAS & YOUNG

ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS
Corner Fort and Broad Sts. Phone 94 and 95

GREATER RESISTANCE BY RUSSIAN FORCES NEAR CZERNOWITZ

Petrograd, Aug. 7.—The War Office reported last evening:

"West of Brody insignificant enemy attacks were beaten off. Northeast of Czernowitz, near the villages of Poperevce and Baranze, our advanced detachments occupied a series of heights and drove the enemy back to the above mentioned villages. We captured a four-gun battery and some machine guns.

"Afterward the enemy, advancing in superior force, compelled our troops to retire to our main position.

"South of Czernowitz the enemy continues to advance chiefly in the region of Dolina, the River Sereth and the Suchawa, and is pressing back our troops. The villages of Olyboka, Kozmenka, Chdikrova and the town of Radautz were occupied by the enemy.

"Roumanian front—In the direction of Kimpulung the enemy continues his offensive. Owing to the instability of some of our units, we have been forced to retire somewhat toward the east. The enemy has crossed the Bystritsa River.

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GERMAN AGENTS ARE BUSY IN MEXICO

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 7.—Reports from Chihuahua City, Mexico, say Germans there have been circulating a printed propaganda saying the United States is in the throes of a revolution and that "the Mexicans and negroes of the South and the Germans and German sympathizers in the North" will aid this movement. The circular is said to end with an appeal to the Mexicans to prepare to strike to regain all Mexican territory lost to the United States.

AVIATORS INTERED.

Amsterdam, Aug. 7.—A German aeroplane landed on the island of Ameland on account of motor trouble. The occupants of the machine were interned.

COMING TO VICTORIA.

Winnipeg, Aug. 7.—Pte. T. Russell, of Victoria, of the 25th Battalion, a discharged man, went through here on his way home last night.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL NOTICES



IN THE MATTER OF THE Vancouver Island Settlers' Rights Act, 1904, and Amending Act, 1917.

Public Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be entitled to grants of land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Land Belt under the provisions of the above Statute, are required to file before the 1st September, 1917, an application in writing to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, and to furnish evidence of their occupation of the land and intention to settle on said lands.

Prince Rupert Waterfront Leases

Sealed tenders for the purchase of leases of Lots One (1), Two (2) and Five (5), Block F, in the City of Prince Rupert, will be received by the Minister of Lands at Victoria, B. C., up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 27, 1917.

Tenders may cover one or more lots. Term of lease, 20 years. Certified cheque covering six months' rental must accompany each tender. Cheques of unsuccessful tenders to be returned immediately.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenderers must state what business they are engaged in and must designate clearly just what use they intend to make of the lot or lots applied for; how much they intend to expend in improvements, in what manner and in what time.

The following, amongst other, conditions will be imposed under the leases: (a) The front line of any wharf erected on any of these lots must conform to plans to be seen at the office of the Government Agent at Prince Rupert or in the Department of Lands at Victoria, B. C. (b) Rent shall be payable in quarterly instalments in advance.

G. R. NADEN, Deputy Minister of Lands.

LAND ACT

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RENFREW.

TAKE NOTICE that Stuart Stanley McDiarmid, of Vancouver, Land Surveyor, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 750 feet west of the S. E. corner of Sec. 12, Township 11, Renfrew District, thence northerly and westerly 66 chains more or less to the boundary of the Indian Reserve and being composed of all that portion of the S. E. 1 of Sec. 12 covered by water and not heretofore Crown Granted.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Minnie Elizabeth Roskamp, Deceased.

All persons having claims against this estate are required to send particulars thereof, duly verified, to the undersigned not later than the 10th day of September, 1917.

Dated the 31st day of July, 1917. WOOTTON & HANKEY, Solicitors for the Administrator, Bank of Montreal Chambers.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF OAK BAY

TAX NOTICES have been sent out to all owners to the address as shown on the Assessment Roll.

Any person not receiving same should write to the office as that a duplicate notice can be sent.

To obtain the discount allowed, taxes must be paid on or before August 31, 1917.

NOTICE

Take notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the Olympia Cafe, 52 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., to W. J. QUAGLIOTTI.

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NICHOLAS HAD HOST OF SPIES AT WORK

Already Thirty-Three Lists Published in Petrograd; More Coming

Petrograd, Aug. 6.—Via London, Aug. 7.—Thirty-three long lists of spies, informers and agents provocateurs to exploit the Commission for Securing the New System of Government appointed by the Provisional Government immediately after the revolution. Fifty more lists may be expected. The total number of these secret legionnaires of autocracy is expected to reach 80,000.

Those whose guilt is beyond doubt have been put in jail, but it is not yet settled whether they will be tried and punished or merely kept in jail until the peril of a reactionary counter-revolution has passed. As revealed by these inquiries, the autocracy's spies and informers were much less picturesque and romantic than they appear in the typical nihilist novel. Most belonged to the more intelligent working class or to the minor bourgeoisie. They were paid badly, the average wage for organizing political crime or betraying accomplices being \$25 a month.

The spies were usually instructed to become members of secret revolutionary or terrorist organizations, amongst these being the Social Democratic party, the Social Revolutionaries and their "fighting committee," the Populist Socialists and the Maximalists. On nearly every newspaper was at least one spy. The spies took part in committee meetings, attended to the political representation laws or to actual crime and kept the security department well informed.

In violation of the nihilist novel tradition, very few women were employed as spies or informers, but a few noted cases have been exposed. In Moscow three sisters named Palutin betrayed scores of workmen after getting confession from them of means of simulating love.

ATTACK ON POLA WAS A TRIUMPH

Despite Resistance Italian Air-men Cruised Over City Nearly Five Hours

Rome, Aug. 7.—A detailed report of the Italian air raid on Pola, the Austrian naval base, on Friday night shows that it began at 11 o'clock and ended shortly after dawn. Each machine carried eight bombs and six grenades. The first arrived over Pola an hour after departure, and the last at 4 a.m. The squadrons carried out the assigned task, which comprised a flight of 220 kilometres, half of this over enemy territory, without the loss of a single machine.

Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, was aboard one of the larger planes, piloted by Capt. Gori. The damage effected was most important. In addition to bombarding the arsenal, a naptha depot and a sea-plane station were set afire and burned to the ground. The Italian aviators, who kept at an average height of 2,500 to 1,000 yards, were able to judge of the extent of the destruction by the enormous sheets of flames and columns of smoke which shot up to a height of 500 yards.

The Austrians were unable during the bombardment to extinguish any of the fires started by the bombs, but they kept up a furious fire with their anti-aircraft guns and 39 of their most powerful searchlights flashed a dazzling light over the space where the Italians were flying. Notwithstanding this the latter cruised over the city for nearly five hours and escaped unhurt and victorious.

WIN-THE-WAR POLICY TO BE OUTCOME OF CONVENTION OF LIBERALS

At adjournment time the convention was occupied with the committee on resolutions, which will consider all resolutions before they are brought before the convention itself, and during the lunch period the delegates from Alberta and British Columbia met to complete their recommendations as to representation on the committee. The resolutions committee will consist of more than 100 members, including twenty members from each province.

The convention hall was packed. Chairman Hamilton had at his back a row of provincial Premiers, members of Parliament and Senators, and in front were close to 800 men and women from British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. There were no speeches of any length this forenoon other than that by Premier Norris, but delegates, dealing with organization, emphasized the necessity of harmony and co-operation. "We must hang together or we will hang separately," declared one delegate.

SITUATION GROWING WORSE IN GERMANY

Official Assertion Coal Difficulties Merely Distribution Problem Untrue

London, Aug. 7.—General Groner, who as head of the war bureau of the Prussian Ministry of War is now a sort of German Minister of Munitions, recently addressed at Frankfurt a large meeting of representatives of war industries, according to a Bavarian paper, a copy of which has just reached here. He said he must warn the meeting against the incessant praising of German achievements; they ought to consider whether they could not in many things learn from their enemies. The whole transport system of Germany was being investigated, and he was horrified at the way in which commodities were carried about the country. He declared he had no fear of a collapse of the coal supply, provided there was proper distribution. But there must be economy in industries which were not producing armaments. This was inevitable, and they must have the support of the whole people and of the leaders of the people.

Referring to the demand of peace, Gen. Groner said: "We who are doing pure war work have no right to talk about peace. For us peace is a shy maid whom one must not bombard with declarations of love. We must convince our workers that there is only one course for us—to work for the army as long as a single soldier remains in the field."

Meanwhile, there seems to be no doubt that the situation in Germany is deteriorating. The official assertions that the coal difficulties are merely a problem of distribution obviously are untrue. The Frankfurter Zeitung said recently: "When the first difficulties in the coal supply made their appearance last winter it was believed their cause had been discovered in the unsatisfactory transport conditions and defective distribution. Only gradually was it realized that it is a question much less of transport and distribution than of production. No way has yet been found which promises a real improvement, and all the measures thus far taken by the authorities cannot deceive us about that."

Still more interesting is the following resolution which was passed last week by the Metal Workers' Union: "In view of the fact that the working of short time is becoming ever more common in the war industries on account of the shortage of coal, electric current and materials, we demand that the workers everywhere shall be paid for the time lost. The intolerable prices of food and all other necessities compel the workmen to insist upon this demand, as a further deterioration in their living conditions would be unbearable."

"The Fashion Centre" Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd. 1008-10 Government Street

Dainty Summer Frocks

We are making a special clearance price on these pretty summer frocks. They come in muslins, repps and linens, and are all this season's styles—\$2.75, \$3.90 and... \$4.50

Women's Cotton Gaberdine Outing Suits

Very Special Value... \$15.00 and \$8.75

White Muslin Blouses

We offer remarkable value in this line. All latest summer styles, trimmed with fine laces, insertions and embroidered effects. Sizes 34 to 44. Special price... \$1.50

ALL PARASOLS TO CLEAR HALF-PRICE

Rubber Bathing Caps in many fascinating and practical styles and shades, at 35¢, 50¢, 75¢... 90¢

trade unions, the Socialist minority now is gaining ground. Legien, who has played the same part on behalf of the Government in the trades union movement as Scheidemann has played in the Socialist party was vigorously opposed at the meeting of the Metal Workers' Union, and a motion denouncing the activities of the Socialist minority was carried only by 64 votes against 53. So many negroes attended the funeral of the Rev. R. B. Williams at Macon Georgia, that it was necessary to hold continuous services for four days.

Good Cooks Must Have Good "Tools" Clean, hygienic utensils mean better, tastier food. OLD DUTCH quickly and thoroughly cuts burnt-in grease — always insures hygienic cooking utensils.

BRITISH READY AS WEATHER CLEARS

Pushed Forward.

From there the British troops pushed on into the swamp ground between the Bettevaarde Ridge and the Westhoek Ridge, still farther east and along which runs the Frenzenberg road. These latter positions were captured without much fighting and the British forces began to consolidate themselves along this line. No counter-attack of importance occurred on Tuesday. That night rain fell in torrents and Wednesday morning the troops were wallowing in two feet of water and mud and in some cases wading in water waist-high.

JAPANESE MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT WILL VISIT THE STATES

Tokyo, Aug. 7.—Members of the House of Representatives met and decided to send five of their members to the United States to study conditions. They will start about September 1 and return in December. The delegation will represent all parties.

DRAFT-RESISTERS BEING ROUNDED UP

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 7.—Draft objects continued to surrender today without offering resistance. With two of the national organizers of the Working Class Union among the more than 250 prisoners already taken, officers continued their search for three or four others of the more prominent leaders in an effort to put an end to the sporadic outbreaks. The wounding of William McEwen, a deputy sheriff, while guarding the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad at Wetumka, and the capture of John Harjo Snake, leader of the Indian Working Class Union membership of Seminole county, and the confession of Matt Harris that he had ordered the burning of the "Prisco" bridge near Francis, were late developments of the night.

SAYS U BOAT SANK NINETEEN VESSELS

An Atlantic Port of the United States, Aug. 7.—One German submarine during a three-week period ended July 19 sank nineteen vessels aggregating 55,000 tons and was still in condition to remain longer away from its base, according to a report brought here to-day by Harold Hanson, of Detroit, a member of the crew of one of the nineteen ships, who said he had received his information from the U boat commander.

Hanson said he had belonged to the Norwegian sailing ship Ardensia, a vessel of 1,719 tons gross, sunk while on her way from Glasgow to Hampton Roads. His ship stopped when ordered to do so by the submarine commander and a detail from the U boat came aboard and removed all the food supplies.

The crew then was ordered into the boats and given the course to the nearest land and the Ardensia was torpedoed. The captain of the submarine, Hanson said, told him and other members of his crew with pride that he had sunk 18 other ships in three weeks and was after more.

FOOD CONTROL BILL IN UNITED STATES

Washington, Aug. 7.—The conference report on the administration food control bill was again the subject of debate in the Senate to-day. Leaders believed it would be voted on to-morrow. Most of the Republicans were said to favor immediate adoption of the report and the principal opposition came from Democratic members, notably Senators Reed, Hollis and Gore.

The debate yesterday became caustic when Senator Chamberlain, in charge of the bill, accused Senator Gore of obstructing passages of the food bill and other administration measures repeatedly and Senator Gore charged the Senate conferees with letting President Wilson dictate to them.

GERMAN AVIATORS INTERNED BY DUTCH

London, Aug. 7.—A dispatch to The Times from Rotterdam says a German seaplane alighted at Texel, Holland, yesterday, after being fired at by Dutch soldiers. It was short of gasoline. The occupants were interned.

AVIATOR INJURED.

Toronto, Aug. 7.—While flying over the grounds of the Rosedale Golf Club yesterday, W. P. Scott, of the Leaside Aviation School, met with an accident which resulted in both his legs being broken and he also is probably suffering internal injuries. Another aviator accompanying Scott was slightly injured.

TIRED OF LIFE.

St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Jordan Wheat Lambert, member of one of the wealthiest families of St. Louis, shot and killed himself in his apartments here early to-day. Lambert was well known as an amateur sportsman and belonged to many of the largest athletics clubs of the country. He was 43 years old.

LATEST GOLF PHENOM.

Another prodigy in the golfing world is Rudolph Knepper, the 15-year-old city champion, of Sioux City. The lad comes from a family of players, and shows great promise for the future. His mother is the city champion of Sioux City and his father is president of the Iowa State Golf Association. Young Knepper was recently the runner-up in the state tournament.

Treat Chafing After the Bath by Applying Dr. Chase's Ointment. THIS rule has been adopted by many mothers, and is becoming general because of the splendid results obtained. Pore-clogging powders have had their day. While they absorbed moisture, they have proved of absolutely no healing value. Permanent injury was often done to the skin by clogging the pores. In contrast, Dr. Chase's Ointment is antiseptic, soothing and healing. It promptly destroys germs of disease, and therefore prevents the development of eczema or other skin diseases from which so many children suffer. This ointment affords relief from chafing and skin irritation, and restores the soft, smooth, velvety texture of the skin. It is, therefore, a fine habit to use Dr. Chase's Ointment after the bath.

Illustration of a vintage car with a large canopy. Text: WE SELL PREMIER Gasoline POLARINE MOTOR OIL. POLARINE lubrication for your Hupmobile means clean cylinders, full compression and undiminished power. And Polarine is always uniform wherever you buy it—it is made at one refinery from one crude oil. Polarine is supplied in two grades, Polarine and Polarine Heavy; also Polarine Greases and Transmission Lubricants. Buy Polarine and PREMIER GASOLINE wherever you see the Premier "Red Ball" sign. THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES T474



THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily (except Sunday) by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED

Offices... Corner Broad and Fort Streets
Business Office (Advertising)... Phone 1099
Circulation... Phone 3346
Editorial Office... Phone 48

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
City delivery... 50c per month
By mail (exclusive of city)... Canada and Great Britain... \$4 per annum
To U. S. A. ... \$5 per annum
To France, Belgium, Greece, etc. ... \$1 per month

COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS
All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 6 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

SIR RICHARD M'BRIDE.

In the death of Sir Richard McBride British Columbia has lost a distinguished son and Canadian public life an outstanding figure. The sad news which reached the city yesterday afternoon was not altogether unexpected. It was generally known that the malady from which Sir Richard had been suffering for some time had taken a grave turn, but it was hoped that he would rally sufficiently to enable him to return to the Province upon which his thoughts constantly reverted. The grim intervention on the eve of the realization of his most ardent desire clothed the lamentable development in circumstances of an unusually pathetic nature.

For twelve years Sir Richard McBride dominated the public life of this Province. He turned to politics early and, we might say, instinctively, for from the beginning he devoted himself to public affairs with a zest, understanding and insight far beyond his years. He was ambitious, confident and full of determination to learn. He was not afraid of making mistakes, for he knew that experience was an unerring mentor. Nature had generously equipped him for his life-work. It had endowed him with a compelling personality—a commanding physique, a buoyant disposition, determination, sound judgment, shrewdness and the precious gift of making friends and holding them. This combination of qualities early marked him for distinction and proved the foundation upon which he erected his successful career as a public man.

As a political tactician he had few rivals in Canada. His skill in this field attracted the attention of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who, although it was employed against him, esteemed him as a worthy opponent, and often expressed a high opinion of the fighting qualities of the young political warrior who, on more than one occasion, came out of the West to give battle to the old chieflain on his own ground. The secret of Sir Richard's almost uncanny ability in this direction was his intimate understanding of his constituents. He knew the public mind better than any other public man this Province has ever produced.

Not long after he became First Minister of the Province Sir Richard determined to familiarize himself with every section of it, not in a superficial way but in the most intimate and detailed nature possible. Every year he toured various sections and in that way obtained a first-hand acquaintance with the Province such perhaps as no other man had. In that way, too, he established a personal influence which was unique and which his political opponents were unable to shake. Like Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other successful leaders, he was a keen student of human nature and acquired a thorough knowledge of men—more so than of subject. His inherent genial disposition helped him in this respect, while his remarkable memory for faces created close relationships wherever he went. Whatever may have been thought of his policies, his personality was irresistible and many voters who otherwise would have turned against his party supported it solely because of "Dick McBride."

The railway policy was the most ambitious undertaking with which Sir Richard McBride was associated. Events up to the present indicate that in this his judgment was captured by his optimism. Like many others he believed that the completion and operation of the new systems would be productive of such development as would ensure the Province against the heavy liabilities to which

it was committed. He was mistaken, in a degree, because he had missed the real inwardness of the railway situation. He overlooked certain vital, fundamental facts affecting the promoters of the roads and their methods of financing which sooner or later were bound to cause serious complications. This and other policies were strongly opposed by The Times, but those who criticized Sir Richard on these matters respected his motives, while disagreeing with his conclusions.

We already have described Sir Richard McBride's personality as irresistible. It would be hard to find a more apt description. He was warm-hearted, generous and unfailingly courteous in his relations with his fellow citizens, regardless of political differences. On the hustings he was a strong fighter. He gave hard blows and took them as a part of the day's work, but there was no place in his nature for vindictiveness or sustained hostility. Many of his warmest admirers were numbered among his strongest opponents. His death will be sincerely mourned on all sides and the heartfelt sympathy of the whole Province will be extended to his family.

BUSINESSMEN'S EXCURSION.

It is to be hoped that the business interests of the city will be largely represented in the excursion to various Island points which is being arranged for August 14, 15 and 16. Those who attended a similar event last year will recall a most instructive and profitable experience—instructive because it revealed to them the growth and development of the districts visited and profitable because it disclosed the necessity of closer business and personal intercourse between those districts and this city.

Vancouver Island some day will be the scene of unprecedented industrial activity and development. Its great resources already have begun to command continental attention. That development in turn will be productive of extensive trade possibilities. It will furnish markets for the products of the cities. If Victoria is to reap a harvest of that trade proportionate to the natural advantages she enjoys her business men must take time by the forelock and prepare to go after it. As the Mayor pointed out in his admirable communication which we published yesterday Victoria must help to create a community of Island interest between herself and the various sections contiguous to her. The best way to bring this about is by personal intercourse, by creating channels of mutual confidence and friendliness and by showing a proper appreciation of the importance of Island development. If this be not done we shall find ourselves side-tracked in favor of the energetic communities of the Lower Mainland which already have established commercial affiliations with Island points within forty miles of Victoria. For the reasons we have given we trust the businessmen's excursion next week will be widely patronized.

CANADA'S LOAN IN THE U. S.

The Canadian loan of \$100,000,000 arranged in New York a week ago will cost this country 4.90 per cent. This is a high rate in contrast with the 3 1/2 per cent. credits extended to Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia, but it is not an indication of the weakening of the Dominion's credit. The Toronto Globe, in an interesting article, points out that the loans to the European Allies were special transactions which require the return of every dollar borrowed in payment for goods and involve the export not of money but of commodities.

In the case of the Canadian loan the procedure is somewhat different, although the final result will be the same. The proceeds will provide the Government with the means to pay Canadian manufacturers, who, in the end, will re-export funds to the United States in settlement of bills for raw material, machinery, etc. It is entirely probable that Sir Thomas White suggested to the Treasury authorities at Washington that the loan which he was promoting might take the same form as the credits sent overseas, but Secretary McAdoo might well take the position that France, Italy, and Russia were in direct contact with the enemy, and that it was essential that their needs should be met first. Again, while even \$100,000,000 is not a large sum in comparison with the amount set aside by Washington to assist the Allies, that reserve has been melting rapidly, and the Secretary of the Treasury is even now faced with the necessity of replenishing it. Being denied, therefore, not because of weakness, but rather of strength, the position of preferred borrower, it was hardly to be hoped that we would receive from the New York bankers a rate lower than those of the Anglo-French and other Allied loans, and it may have been because the interest rate was so high that the Finance Minister was unwilling to bind himself to pay it for a long term. There was also the circumstance that the investment public in the United States is manifesting a decided preference for short maturities.

"One hundred million dollars," adds

the Globe, "a term incomprehensible in the average mind not so long ago, means to-day the amount at the bottom of the bill presented to us every few months for the cost of the war. It will be exhausted well before the end of the year, and already there are predictions of a new domestic flotation in December."

"It would not be surprising," concludes The Globe, "if the present issue at more than six per cent. forced the price up on all Canadian municipal and other borrowers of like character, and if as a result it would be necessary to make the rate on the next internal Government loan in the neighborhood of five and three-quarters per cent. If this happens, as seems likely, it means that a large part of the outstanding internal war debt would be converted into the high interest-bearing issue. Perhaps that and a more likely appreciation of the possibilities of the income tax has swelled the numbers of small buyers of our tax-free war loans during the past few days."

A REMARKABLE RECORD.

The Berlin-Lokal-Anzeiger recently stated that the German submarine campaign "delayed" the British offensive, weakening the British artillery, curtailing the supply of munitions and doing a number of other mythical things. This reminds us of the amazing record of achievement by the British Munitions Department revealed by Dr. Addison in the House of Commons a few weeks ago. Among the disclosures made by the minister were the following:

T.N.T., which formerly cost 18s. 9d. per lb., is now being made for 8 1/2d.

After nine weeks fighting in France this spring the supply of shells had only decreased by 7 per cent.

There are 153 separate operations in progress every 18-pounder shell.

We are now turning out 20 times as many machine-guns as we did two years ago.

We are now making all the small arms and small-arm ammunition we require, and are entirely independent of outside supplies.

At Woolwich we had in August, 1914, 10,850 workers, of whom 125 were women.

To-day we have 73,571, of whom 25,000 are women.

To meet the needs of railway transport the resources of the Empire had been tapped, and more than 2,000 miles of track had been supplied, besides nearly 1,000 locomotives, apart from hundreds supplied by the Railway Executive Committee.

Twice as many aeroplanes were turned out in May as was the case in December last.

During the past six months 1,500,000 steel helmets have been supplied to the troops.

Waste is being prevented. Cartridge cases cost 7s. each. They can be refitted at a cost of 4d. each.

Schemes being developed for the production of nitrates.

We have now the plant available for supplying from this country all we need of the following articles:

Potash (entirely dependent on Germany before the war).

Scientific instruments.

Optical glass (we only produced 10 per cent. of our requirements before the war).

Machine tools of all kinds.

Sulphuric acid.

Superphosphates.

Tungsten (indispensable for high-speed steel).

Before the war we produced 7,000,000 tons of steel a year. Now we are producing at the rate of 10,000,000 tons a year. By the end of 1918 the figure will be 12,000,000 tons.

REMEMBER LAST WINTER

Also consider the present labor shortage at the mines. For these two reasons alone, we advise you to put in your Winter Coal now at present prices. Coal will not be cheaper and it may be a great deal dearer.

Best Lump \$8.50
Best Nut \$7.50
per ton delivered.

Kirk & Co., Ltd.

1212 Broad St. Phone 139

critic, admits that the British command the sea. The captain has been a long time making up his mind on that point. The point was decided at the very first and confirmed at the Battle of Jutland, which the Germans call the Battle of Skagerak and celebrated in Berlin as a great victory. The Kaiser even thanked the Lord for enabling him to triumph over his enemies.

No matter what the result of a battle, the All Highest War Lord always has an iron cross or a word of congratulation ready for his generals as well as a medal of praise to bestow on the Almighty. One of these days he may be felicitating Prince Rupprecht upon his luck in not being included in the bag of prisoners taken by the British.

A Hun authority mournfully confesses that a combination of enemies has cheated Germany of the fruits of her victories. But he wisely refrains from mentioning the things that caused the world to consolidate itself against Germany. However, in the end the Hun will not be deprived of the satisfaction of reaping the consequences of his actions.

There will be no general strike in Canada when conscription is enforced. Where would the strike pay come from? Not from the American Federation of Labor, which accepts conscription as the only fair and reasonable way of getting men.

Ah, well; there is a silver lining to every cloud. The consumer, we suppose, ought to be thankful that all foodstuffs cannot be cornered, stored in and distributed from cold storage warehouses.

The Dominion Government is going to pay an assistant food controller the munificent salary of \$25,000 a year. Food controlling comes high whatever way you take it.

The great war has reached the span allotted to it by Lord Kitchener. It has entered the fourth year. The Huns expected to finish it in triumph in almost as many months.

A dispatch from Ottawa describes Hon. Bob Rogers as "the master of the administration." Why wire confirmation of a fact that long has been obvious?

The Huns call the Highlanders "the ladies from hell." However, no one in kilts will welcome the Kaiser when he goes "to the place prepared for him."

New York Herald: Every day brings new evidence that Prussia was efficient only in attaining a successful start on a journey; true efficiency is based on a successful beginning and a successful ending. An automobile that runs wild and maims its passengers, but whose engine continues running amid the wreckage in a ditch is just as "efficient" as the Prussian military machine to-day. The exploding engine may harm the passengers more or the gas tank may burst into flame and fear innocent persons, but the machine fails to answer the purpose for which it was built. Every German actor with his old clothes, every soldier in his paper uniform and every barefooted student thus becomes a living advertisement of the fact that the machine "made in Germany" is not giving the service its builders promised.

Germany is treating her contracts with the Dutch as so many "scraps of paper." She has refused to deliver coal to the Hollanders, although the latter have fulfilled their obligations under the terms of their contracts. Coal may be scarce in Germany. The fields of Lens may not have passed out of their possession, but it is safe to say they are not being operated by the Huns just now and never will be again.

A German deputy says the belief is growing in his country that the monarchy is a failure. Let us hope that the growing belief will develop into conviction. But if the war had been a success there would have been no immediate question as to the success of the monarchy. The Crown Prince would have succeeded to the throne to become a greater curse to humanity than his ambition-crazed father.

Captain Perseus, the German naval

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE HOURS: 8.30 TO 6.00; FRIDAY, 9.30; SATURDAY, 1 P.M.

August Sale of Buggies, Go-Carts and Sulkeys Wednesday



For Wednesday's selling we have selected a splendid range of Buggies, Go-Carts and Sulkeys for a quick clearance.

Most are in the tan shade, but a few in black. They are all reliable grades, well-known makes, and in buying to-morrow you save substantially. Samples of these Carriages can be seen in windows in our Annex, corner View and Broad streets.

- Tan Go-Cart, in four wheel style, with hood and collapsible. One only. August Sale price, **\$13.75**
- Another Go-Cart, in similar style, to go at..... **\$15.75**
- Tan Go-Cart, fitted with heavy artillery wheels and extra thick tires. August Sale price..... **\$19.00**
- Baby Carrier, with four wheels, light and convenient for children who can sit up. August Sale price..... **\$3.10**

- Baby Carrier, with four larger size wheels and heavier grade. August Sale price..... **\$4.50**
- Tan Road Sulkey, has a superior appearance. Strong and serviceable. August Sale price..... **\$10.75**
- Folding Sulkey, in black, easily folded and light for taking on street car. August Sale price..... **\$4.90**

Also a number of others, which space forbids our mentioning here. —Selling, Fifth Floor

A Special Purchase of Japanese Washable Bed and Table Covers, Mats and Runners

On Sale at a Saving of About One-Third

These are artistic covers, in various Japanese designs and light and dark blue colors. All fast and perfect washing hemstitched borders. There are all sizes from a small dresser mat to a useful size Tea Table Cloth or Bed Cover. The prices are practically one-third below what they should be, and are as follows:

Size 12x12. Each..... 7c	Size 30x30. Each..... 39c	Size 36x36. Each..... 55c
Size 42x42. Each..... 69c	Size 45x45. Each..... 75c	Size 48x48. Each..... 85c
Size 54x54. Each..... 95c	Size 60x60. Each..... \$1.00	Size 17x45. Each..... 35c
Size 17x54. Each..... 39c	Size 72x72. Each..... \$1.55	Size 60x82. Each..... \$1.75
	Size 85x95. Each..... \$2.50	

—Draperies, Third Floor

Mercerized Scrim Novelty Curtains

Values to \$8.75. Wednesday **\$4.90**

These are most artistic Curtains and will appeal strongly to all who have refined tastes for window drapes. These Curtains are made from a fine grade of mercerized scrim, finished with pretty floral chintz borders, to show through. Various styles and grades, formerly with values to \$8.75. 60 pairs only, and they go out to-morrow at, pair, **\$4.90** —Drapery, Third Floor

Nottingham Curtain Nets 22c a Yard

Good serviceable grades, 36 and 40 inches wide. Various patterns. Splendid value at this price. —Drapery, Third Floor

9 x 12 Balmoral Rugs for \$16.90

This is less than we can bring these Rugs into Victoria to-day. But fortunately we have a good stock on hand and we intend giving our customers the benefit of our early buying. Balmoral Tapestry Rugs are well-known throughout the civilized world as most durable and hardwearing. They have the appearance of a fine frame Brussels, but about half the cost. A good selection of floral and conventional designs and all colors to choose from. A large size, 9 x 12. Wednesday **\$16.90** —Carpets, Third Floor

Kitchen Chairs and Rockers

The prices on Kitchen Chairs have been affected by big advances in cost of production and increased freight charges. But we are going to give our customers the benefit of our early and large buying.



- 150 Kitchen Chairs, to sell at only **85c**
- Another Serviceable Kitchen Chair to sell at **\$1.00**
- Kitchen Rockers at \$2.50, **\$1.95**

—Furniture, Fourth Floor

Silver Lacquered Bread Trays

Regular \$2.25 Value. To Go at **\$1.59**
Very neat design and attractive in appearance. Splendid value, and very useful for wedding or birthday gifts. —Hardware, Second Floor

Paint and Varnish Sale

Onyx Paint—in colors pearl grey, just yellow and Indian red. Quart size. Regular 65c. August Sale **48c**
Elastic Oak Varnish—Rollable and most satisfactory. Special for the August Sale:
1-quart **60c**
1/2-gallon **\$1.10**
—Paints, Second Floor
\$1.90 Nickel-Plated Casseroles, With Guernsey Ware **\$1.49**
Lining
—Crockery, Second Floor

End of Season Prices on Better Grade White and Colored Wash Skirts Will Effect a Speedy Clearance—\$1.90 and \$2.90

In both prices there are Plain White Skirts, as well as smart novelties in Colored Stripes, Checks and Broken Plaids. All better grades and higher priced qualities, formerly selling to \$5.75. We clear out the balance of stock at the two special prices mentioned above. Most sizes represented in each price. This is a rare chance for you to secure an extra Outing Skirt at small cost. —Selling, First Floor

White Jap Silk Waists In New Frill Effects \$1.98

Smart, Serviceable Waists, in new frill front effects, with vestee, pivot trimmed edges and collar hemstitched. Splendid value at this low price. Natural Pongee Silk Middy and Norfolk Waists **\$2.90** —Selling, First Floor

Lingerie Waists \$1.38

—in about 15 different styles. Very smart effects in plain and embroidered Voiles, Muslins and Cross-Bar Muslins. Large square collars and neat trimmings of lace and embroidery. —Selling, First Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

You Do Not Know

What a really enjoyable glass of "Scotch" is until you have taken some of.

GRANT'S STAND FAST SCOTCH WHISKY

It pleases the hard to please.

Per Bottle, \$1.75

10% off by the case.

Quality Guaranteed by

The Hudson's Bay Co.

Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4253
1812 Douglas Street We Deliver

Specials For Next Week



Ladies' High-Cut Boots, all colors, worth \$10.00 and \$12.00 a pair. Slightly soiled. Price now, \$6.85 and \$1.85

Come early and get your Shoes fitted on.

Maynard's Shoe Store

649 YATES STREET

Look at These Hosiery Prices

In them you have a guide that will aid you in your purchasing. These prices are quoted on brands that we can thoroughly recommend.

LADIES' HOSE

Mercedized Ankle-Hose, in colors 50c

Cotton, from 25c to 50c

Silk, from 35c to 50c

Silk, from 35c to \$1.25

CHILDREN'S HOSE

Lisle, from 25c to 35c

Cotton, from 25c to 35c

Cashmere, from 25c to 65c

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 636 Yates St.

Leeming Bro. Ltd.

524 Fort Street Phone 748

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

HOUSES TO LET

Agents for

Savage Tires

To Teamsters and Others

We have about 750 tons of good meadow hay for sale and several thousand bushels of oats. Apply

FERRIS

1419 Douglas Street, Phone 1873, Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

Victoria Wood Co.

909 Johnson St. Phone 2274

Owing to scarcity of bushmen, we advise the public to stock their winter supply now.

Phone for Special Prices

THE Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Is situated at the corner of Blanshard and View Sts.

It is open daily from 9 a. m. to 10:30 p. m., and offers for the free use of all men a place to meet friends, facilities for letter writing, a good supply of reading matter, City Directory and other conveniences.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS and Strangers are invited to visit the Y. M. C. A.

"I suppose you find living less expensive since you look to gathering your own mushrooms?" "A little," replied Mr. Growcher. "We don't make much out of the mushrooms, but all our friends have stopped accepting invitations to dinner."

To Sell Further Debenture Issue.—The second consolidation of city serial bonds, which will be sold over the counter, has been effected, the amount being about \$21,000.

Liberal Meetings.—Members of the Liberal Association of Ward II. are advised of a meeting this evening at 8 o'clock; Ward III, Thursday evening and Ward IV, on Tuesday next.

Accepts Tender.—The contract for the erection of an implement shed to house material at Garbally Road yard was awarded by the City Council last evening to Parfitt Brothers, at \$2,855.

Band Concerts to Continue.—There will be Sunday Band Concerts in the parks on each of the remaining Sundays of August, the City Council agreeing to the vote for \$139 for that purpose.

Duplicate Street Names.—A meeting of the committee appointed to prevent the elimination of duplicate street names in the city, the municipalities of Oak Bay, Saanich and Esquimalt, will be held on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Must Continue Contract.—Fearing an action for damages, the City Council last evening decided not to break its contract for road oil, but to purchase the balance of this year's supply from the B. C. Refinery at the present contract price of six cents per gallon.

New Appointments.—The Prince Rupert Daily News states that Mr. William Manson, formerly member of the Provincial Legislature for the district riding, is now a timber inspector under the shipbuilding committee of the Imperial Munitions Board, and has as a colleague W. H. Price, of Victoria.

Woman Householder Franchise.—While the amendment of the Revenue Consolidation By-law imposing a tax on women of \$2 has not yet been adopted by the City Council, it was stated last evening that there is grave doubt whether the amount will be collected, in other words collection will be optional with those who want the franchise.

Uplands Shade Trees.—To the Parks Committee the City Council last evening referred a request for prices on shade trees from Beacon Hill Park nursery. The aldermen were not unanimously agreed on the question whether trees should be distributed to citizens, or to neighboring municipalities, in competition with the nurseries, and the subject is to come up again shortly.

Soldiers' Dance.—The non-commissioned officers and men of the Military Convalescent Hospital at Esquimalt, have arranged to hold a dance at the Alexandra Club ballroom on Thursday evening of this week. The object of the affair is to raise funds for the purchase of various articles requisite for the fitting up of the new recreation hall, which is planned for erection adjoining the institution at Esquimalt. Dancing is to commence at 8 o'clock, and will continue until 1 a. m. Refreshments will be provided and the charge for admission is fifty cents for gentlemen, ladies free.

Permit for Tabernacle.—The site of the splendid civic centre dreamed of in 1912 is to be used for the next two months as a tabernacle building, that is to say the vacant land at the head of Pandora Avenue, east of Cook to Chambers. The City Council last evening declined to grant the application of D. W. Hanbury and others for a permit for a temporary building on Douglas Street, in the centre of the city, on the grounds of the recommendation that such a building would be in the fire limits and would become a conflagration hazard. The area will be 14,000 square feet.

July Police Report.—Ninety-five cases were dealt with by the local police department during the month of July, seventy-two convictions being obtained. One defendant was sent up for trial and five were discharged. The offences were classified as follows: Assault, 2; army desertion, 1; city by-laws, 8; drunkenness, 18; drunk while in charge of a motor, 1; indecent assault, 2; indecent exposure, 1; insulting language, 2; Liquor Act, 3; Motor Act, 3; malicious damage to property, 2; obtaining money by false pretence, 4; Optum Act, 11; possession of intoxicants, 1; stealing, 5; safe-breaking, 3; unsound mind, 3; vagrancy, 3. Seventeen accidents were reported to the police during the month, in fifteen of which first aid was rendered to the injured by the members of the force. The motor patrol responded to 152 calls.



GAS COMPANY WILL INSTALL NEW PLANT

Work to Be Undertaken Immediately; John S. Unger Will Direct Construction

The ground was broken to-day for the commencement of the installation of the ammonia plant of the Victoria Gas Works, John S. Unger, of Chicago, who had charge of the installation of a similar plant for the Vancouver Gas Company, has arrived in the city to take charge of the superintendence of construction. The object is the concentration of the ammonia liquor which is given off in the distillation of coal gas, it having become with war conditions a very valuable commodity. The gas liquor contains valuable salts of ammonia in solution, which are used in the manufacture of explosives. The plant which is to be installed will be located near Pembroke Street, on the property of the Gas Company, and almost opposite the B. C. Electric car barns. It will have a capacity of 100 gallons per hour, and while it is proposed to operate it only for the usual daily shift, the plant will be arranged to run a 24-hour day. While there is considerable difficulty in securing the necessary labor at this time for a building of this character, it is intended to prosecute the work to completion with the earliest dispatch, as there is already a market in sight for the product, immediately it is available.

The installation of this ammonia plant is an interesting local development of the treatment of industrial substances to derive the maximum benefit therefrom. The by-products of gas making have produced some of the most valuable commodities known to the industrial arts. Previously, however, to the demand for explosives during the war, the company had not felt justified in making this desirable extension to the plant.

FRIENDLY HELP ASSOCIATION.

The regular monthly meeting of the Friendly Help Association took place this morning in the rooms, Market Building, Mrs. Grant in the chair, eleven members including Alderman Cameron, being present.

A resolution of condolence was passed expressing the deepest sympathy of the Association with Lady McBride, former president of the society, and her daughters in their sad bereavement. The secretary was instructed to forward this message to Lady McBride.

The following donations received during July were acknowledged with grateful thanks: Cash from Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Farrell, Mrs. York, Philip Male, Mrs. Jones, I. O. G. F., per J. York; J. E. Painter & Son, J. Kingham & Co., Britton's Grocery and Gilbert D. Christie, clothing from Mrs. J. Heriot McGregor, A. H. Steir, Mrs. Cheatham, Miss Thom and Miss Scanlan; potatoes from J. A. Mara; sandwiches from Zetland Tea Rooms; vegetables, fruit, chickens, meat and fish from the stallholders in the market.

Native Sons, Post No. 1, meets to-night, 8 o'clock, K. of P. Hall.

Winner of Setter Dog.—The holder of ticket 131 is requested to communicate with Blue Cross Room, phone 4959, and claim his prize.

Tolmie School Cadet Corps (Bolskine Road)—The corps will parade at 10:30 o'clock on Saturday next, August 11, for a route march to Cadboro Bay, returning by car.

Mid-Week Market.—The stallholders at the Public Market to-morrow are anticipating a continuance of last week's exceptional demand for fruit and dairy products, and to meet it, are putting forth every effort to surpass the excellent displays made then.

Kept Vicious Dog.—R. L. Leighton appeared before Magistrate Jay in the City Police Court to-day to answer to a charge of harboring a vicious dog. The Court ordered that the animal should be handed over to a police officer to be destroyed.

Native Sons, Post No. 1, meets to-night, 8 o'clock, K. of P. Hall.

Escaped Death Narrowly.—Leonard Oliver, 1722 Bay Street, a member of the stage crew at the Royal Victoria Theatre, narrowly escaped death yesterday afternoon when he fell nearly forty feet from the fly gallery to the solid concrete floor of the stage, lighting on his head and shoulders. The accident occurred during the third act of the play, "Her Unborn Child." He had commenced to descend the ladder to the stage when he lost his hold, and fell, striking on his head and shoulders. He was picked up unconscious, and following the arrival of Dr. Lennox was hurried to St. Joseph's Hospital. So far as has been ascertained no bones were broken and inquiries made at the hospital to-day resulted in a report that the injured man was resting as well as could be expected, after such a serious fall.

LEPER MADE ESCAPE FROM DARCY ISLAND

Arrived in Cadboro Bay After Travelling Fifteen Miles on Large Log

An incident such as rarely occurs in the environs of Victoria took place this morning when the City Police Department was informed by Mr. Simpson, of Cadboro Bay, that a Mexican had reached shore on a large log. The fact that the individual in question appeared to be of a suspicious character immediately prompted Mr. Simpson to call the police.

Constable Colburn was dispatched to the scene and it was soon learned that the Mexican was an escaped leper from Darcy Island. He had propelled himself on a log a distance of fifteen miles to the shores of Cadboro Bay. City Sanitary Inspector Lancaster was then summoned to the Bay and the afflicted man was removed at once to the Isolation Hospital, pending the arrival of the Government boat that will convey him back to the island.

About a year ago it was discovered that the man had developed the terrible disease. At the time he was confined to his bed in a local hospital and when it was learned that he was a leper he was immediately removed to the isolation department and from there to the station at Darcy Island, where he had remained until taking leave during the night.

E. NICHOLAS PASSES AWAY

Victoria Resident Dies in Vancouver After a Short Illness; Came Here in 1885.

Elias Nicholas, a well-known resident of Victoria for more than thirty years, passed away to-day in Vancouver. He had been feeling unwell for the last fortnight and a week ago went to Vancouver on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Dr. MacMillan. In the hope that a change would affect an improvement, yesterday he developed a chill, pneumonia intervened and the end came at 6 o'clock this morning. The remains will be brought to Victoria to-morrow and notice of the funeral will be given later.

The late Mr. Nicholas was a native of Cornwall, England, and was 73 years of age. He came to America when twenty years old and after spending some time in New York, moved westward, working first as a minor and then at painting, in Colorado, Dakota and Nevada. Subsequently he resided in California and Washington and in 1885 came to Victoria, where he has resided ever since. He was foreman painter with the old C. P. N. Company and remained in that capacity for some years after the company was absorbed by the C. P. R., from the service of which he was superannuated six years ago.

He leaves a widow, three children and five grand-children. The children are: E. C. Nicholas, of The Times; Mrs. F. C. Mawhinney, formerly of Kelowna, now of Vancouver, and Mrs. Dr. Lachlan MacMillan, of Vancouver.

Soldiers Return.—Completing the last phase of their long journey from the battlefields of Europe, Ptes. Brown and McAdam arrived in the city on the afternoon boat and were given a fitting welcome by representatives of the Cheering and Welcome Clubs. A motor procession conveyed them to the Military Convalescent Home at Esquimalt.

Met Last Night.—The August meeting of the Agnes Deans Cameron Chapter, I. O. O. E. meeting was held in the Y. W. C. A. library last evening. Mrs. David Miller presiding. Mrs. W. G. Cameron reported that the committee on jam-making, under the co-operation of Mrs. Murray had put up 60 4-lb. tins of strawberry and loganberry jam to be sent to the men at the front. A hearty vote of thanks was passed to Mrs. Murray and her helpers. Mrs. Dorman reported the following articles handed in during the month: Thirteen pairs hospital shoes given by Mrs. Anderson; 3 pairs slippers, 12 hospital shirts, 3 pairs hospital-socks, 194 pairs socks. Mrs. Macfarlane gave a very interesting report of Municipal Chapter-work. A standing vote of congratulation was passed to Mrs. E. E. Wootton, whose son, Lieut. H. N. Wootton, has been decorated with the Military Cross.

Life Underwriters.—A well attended luncheon and meeting of the Life Underwriters' Association of Victoria took place yesterday at the Dominion Hotel. The association has now inaugurated its second year. J. W. Hudson, of the North American Life, and J. C. Wilson, of the Great West Life, will represent the association at the forthcoming convention of Dominion Underwriters to be held at Winnipeg on August 14.

A GOOD REPUTATION

Is something that advertising alone cannot create. It can be created only by straightforward methods and all-round good service. My ever-increasing clientele traceable directly to satisfied patrons is the best evidence that my optical work is satisfactory. For eye testing and providing accurate glasses

My Price Is Only \$2.75

J. ROSE

Graduate: Bradley Institute Member: B. C. Optical Assn. 1326 Douglas Street Corner Johnson Street Phone 3451



"THE ROSARY"

with "A Perfect Day," by Charles Harrison, 85c 10-inch record

If you should find yourself unusually quiet as the final notes of "The Rosary" die away, it will be no more than a tribute to the beauty of what may well be described as "a peerless song, sung by a peerless singer." The indescribable richness and power of Mr. Charles Harrison's tenor voice is heard in all its beauty when this record is playing. On the reverse side, "A Perfect Day" is a song worthy a place in any record collection. It is unusual that two such songs can be bought on one record at the low price of 85c.

Other 85c 10-Inch Columbia Records by Charles Harrison

2170—"Macushla." "Mother Machree."
2137—"Two Eyes of Grey." "The Garden of Your Heart."

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 GOVERNMENT ST. AND 607 VIEW ST.
In the New Spencer Building Also at Vancouver

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS



Is the EDISON MAZDA and Is Made in Canada

Gives three times the light at the same cost—raising the possibilities of efficient lighting to the maximum. We can supply the proper sizes for any room in your house.

HAWKINS & HAYWARD

Electrical Fixtures and Supplies.
1607 Douglas Street. Phone 643. Opp. City Hall
1103 Douglas Street. Phone 2627. Near Con. Fort Street



PRAYER MEETING TO-NIGHT

At Y. M. C. A. at 8 o'clock a Prayer Meeting will be held in connection with the Evangelical movement about to commence. A full report from the committee will be presented.

Ducks Ruffed.—The two brace of Pekin ducks presented to Superintendents to be raffled in aid of the Red Cross were drawn for to-day at the room, Belmont Building, Miss Harris, Red Cross Secretary from Maple Creek, Saskatchewan, drawing the winning number. One of the numbers was 288, held by F. J. Taylor, 179 Olive Street, and the second winning number was No. 198.

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Sunlight Soap 18 Bars for **99c**
If delivered other goods must be ordered.

CHOICE PICKLES

- Sweet Mixed, per pint 25c
- Sweet Mustard, per pint 25c
- Sour Mixed, per pint 20c
- Sour Onions, per pint 30c
- Chow Chow, per pint 20c
- Sweet Gherkins, per pint 30c
- Sour Gherkins, 2 for 5c
- Spanish Green Olives, per pint 35c
- Ripe Olives, per pint 35c

SPECIALS ALL THIS WEEK

- Citrate of Magnesia—Regular 35c size for 24c
- Citrate of Magnesia—Regular 1.25 size for 89c
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New Laid Eggs
Are famous for the flavor and their freshness.
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All kinds of Fresh Fruits, Vegetables, Poultry, Eggs and Butter. Don't forget to order some of our famous Portage Ranch Sausages. Orders taken for Loganberries and Cherries.
MRS. PERRIER, Proprietress

THEATRE CROWDED FOR LATEST PLAY

Many Go to Royal Victoria to Witness Moving Drama This Week

"At this time, when there is so much sacrifice, to bring the thought of the sacredness of life; when there is so much bitter hatred; to remind the world of the blessedness of love?" This is the acknowledged purpose of the drama, "Her Unborn Child," which this week is occupying the boards at the Royal Victoria Theatre. A matinee yesterday afternoon played to a capacity house, scores having to be turned away at the ticket office early in the afternoon owing to the fact that every last available seat was sold before the curtain went up on the initial performance. There was a moderately big audience in the evening also, and this too accepted the production in a way which indicates the reason for the success of the drama elsewhere on tour.

Mrs. Mina Gleason, who takes the role of intermediary, wise counsellor and friend to all and sundry in the play, adopted something of the same relation to her audience when she stepped before the curtain in the middle of the evening and expounded the purpose of the plot.

The plot revolves round a quite possible chain of circumstances and happenings. Ted Livingstone refuses to marry Felice Kennedy because, although he loves her he believes himself to be an illegitimate and nameless orphan reared as the nephew of Miss Livingstone, a wealthy reformer and "birth control" advocate. Felice's child is to be born to the same unfortunate estate, it seems, a second reason at the back of Ted's refusal to marry being the threat of his guardian that she will disown him and leave him penniless if he wed Felice, the daughter of her father's coachman. Through Dr. Remington, the family physician of the Kennedys, to whom Felice goes in her trouble, it is discovered that "Miss" Livingstone, Ted's guardian, is his natural mother, actually married many years before to one of her father's servants, who became Ted's father. Satisfied to his name and ancestry, Ted spurns the dishonorable claim to riches which his mother promises him and begs for the hand of Felice. This is granted him and all ends happily, or at least as happily as the playwright evidently designed the audience to wish.

Although in places the drama excites the risibility of the house to a high pitch, it leans for the most part to the side of seriousness, as might be expected by the title. The discussion of eugenics from a purely scientific and medical standpoint might be anticipated to contain little that would move the emotions in the ordinary way; but the personality of the unwelcome visitor, Miss Livingstone, who preaches her cult in hard tones to a very human and old-fashioned little mother, gives piquancy and warmth to a question usually debated in the presence of acquiescent or at least unresponsive hearers. Just as the narrowing of the debate to the solution of a particular and limited set of circumstances biases the listener in favor of the anti-birth-control argument, so have been known by the author, who also purposely made the agent of the doctrine as unpleasant as possible while putting all the reins of attractiveness into the hands of the opposition, the whimsical and practical Mrs. Kennedy.

Be that as it may, it is admittedly impossible within a drama to set forth the whole scope of the pros and cons, and the statement of the management that they were in no sense trying to debate the question of birth-control, but rather to set forth the idea of "the sacredness of life and the blessedness of love" removes the play from criticism on this score. As an entertainment with a fundamental thought a little more serious than the average it has a great deal to recommend it.

The Players. As far as the cast is concerned there is little but praise to be spoken. Utterly unpretentious in staging, the drama has to rely entirely on the players' personal ability to "put the thing over." And it is a surprisingly well-balanced cast that has been selected. From Mrs. Gleason (the lovable widow, Mrs. Kennedy) downward there is not a part which can be dubbed inefficient or unworthy. Very naturally does this lady speak the lines—and they are not few—which fall to her share as the mother of a son and daughter experiencing their first love troubles, while a smaller daughter of un sentimental mould and mischievous propensities introduces the greater part of the pure comedy which breaks out with sudden contrast here and there throughout the play. This "Minnie," commonly known to her brother as "The Brat," was presented with wonderful fidelity and humor by Miss Ella Houghton, who is surely older, judging by her clever acting, than her diminutive size and juvenile role would lead one to believe. Miss Bess Sankey carried the part of Felice, the wronged girl, with considerable ability, proving herself an emotional actress of distinction. S. Burton proved something of a surprise both as Rupert Kennedy and as S. Burton. The character-part, had it been continued as it began, would have given him very little real opportunity to show his ability in the field of more serious acting, which is obviously destined to be his successful meter. As already noted, the principal demand of Miss Florence Spencer as the reformer was that she should be as unpleasant as possible. Miss Toie took a "flapper" role with the necessary levity, Mr. Norman was excellent and dignified and convincing as the

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- English Glass and Silver-Plated Breakfast Cruets, consisting of salt, pepper and mustard, in silver-plated stand, at \$3.40 and \$4.75
- 10-inch Glass Vases, in pierced silver-plated stands \$1.80
- English Silver-Plated Vases at \$4.40 and \$5.00

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family physician, and Mr. Chapman, perhaps a little heavily, carried the part of "nephew" and heir to the reformer.

PANTAGES THEATRE.

A strong programme of bright vaudeville will be given at the Pantages for the rest of the week, commencing with the matinee performance to-morrow. It is headlined by one of the biggest attractions that has ever come over the Pantages circuit. Its popularity is reported to be entirely in keeping with its proportions as a feature act.

Alexander Pantages personally presents "The Mimic World," the biggest and best musical comedy in vaudeville, composed of 25 people, featuring Felix, America's foremost junior comedian and mimic. The cast includes some remarkable talent and the impersonations of all the greatest stars of the show world are given to the minutest detail. In witnessing "The Mimic World" one really witnesses what is really the greatest array of talent ever assembled together in one production; one imagines seeing all the stars such as Jose Collins, Nijinsky, Anna Pavlova, Sam Chipp, Kubelick, Tempest & Sunshine, Dolly Sisters, George M. Cohan, Felix and Claire, Fritz Scheff, Bopkova and many others. A great deal of snappy comedy is introduced by Felix, who has an abundance of bright sayings and clever patter. The many musical numbers and dances are a revelation to a vaudeville audience. "The Mimic World" is an attraction that no one can afford to miss as it is the supreme presentation of high class entertainment brought down within the reach of everyone.

Aside from this remarkable attraction many other features will also appear on the programme, including the inimitable Joe Roberts, the king of the banjo. Roberts has been seen here before, and will be royally welcomed as his offering is in the front rank of all musical wonders.

Abrams and Johns will offer a comedy sketch entitled "When Hubby Realizes," which is full of bright comedy.

Smith and McGuire, the youthful duo, will offer a bright little number.

The Lamplins, illusionists-entomque, will amuse greatly with their original presentation.

A lively comedy film and a current events series of motion pictures will be the offering of the Pantagescope.

OUR PIONEERS AT REGINA TRENCH.

It was a devilish night out yonder, The weather was bitterly cold, Out there digging like madmen, But hot for the greed of gold.

Our troops had chewed a piece off The Boches' strong front line, And it was up to us to show them We could dig well, 'e'en 'gainst time.

We were placed three paces apart there, And told to dig like hell, Down went our guns, off came our coats, Our spades were what would tell.

Fritz shelled us through the long night, For well he knew our game, A C. T. had to be dug there, To help make Canada's fame.

We were men from British Columbia, The Western Scots our name, Accustomed to all sorts of hardships, Oh, God, could we stand this strain!

The shells came closer and closer, They were searching for us, we knew, One landed square in the path we were And knocked out quite a few.

We tended the wounded as best we could, And made them feel at ease, And buried the dead in their last cold bed, And shed big silent tears.

For they were men from the farthest West, Joining the cause of the good, Answered the Empire's urgent call, And gone home to meet their God.

We dug on till it was finished, Tired, and reeking with sweat, It will stay in our memories ever, We shall never, no, never, forget.

We had scarcely left the trench we dug When relief with ration and bomb West up the "ditch" with a cheery smile, To say "Good morning," Mr. Hunt. R. MORRISON.

10,000 POUNDS OF SALMON DESTROYED

Five Tons of Cold Storage Fish Dumped in City Scows This Morning

A system permitting five tons of salmon to be kept in an alleged defective cold storage plant resulted to-day in that amount of food being dumped into the city garbage scows at the foot of Telegraph Street. Anyone passing that point at about 10 o'clock this morning might have seen Sanitary Inspector Lancaster superintending the removal to the scows of several truck loads of salmon which had been taken from the cold storage plant of P. Burns & Co. on Store Street.

"On Friday of last week," stated the inspector when questioned regarding the work which he had in hand, "I found that several stores were selling cold storage salmon that was unfit for human consumption. I condemned it, and on Monday investigated the fish supply from which this had been taken. I took some specimens from the cold storage plant of P. Burns & Co. and on examining them found that they were practically rotten, the flesh and bones falling completely apart as soon as the fish was thawed and cleaned." Under these circumstances it was necessary to condemn the entire stock.

When asked whether it was not possible to preserve fish in cold storage, Mr. Lancaster said that the reason for the decomposition of the fish was the fact that they had not been preserved in a plant especially designed and intended for fish. To preserve fish successfully by cold storage he said it was necessary that they should be cleaned, a thing that had not been done in the present cases, that they should be frozen quickly to a very low temperature and maintained at that temperature. A special plant is required. He had drawn the attention of the authorities to this fact some years previously when the same firm had been ordered to dump five tons of halibut into the city scows because the cold storage plant had failed to properly preserve it.

The fish, he said, that were procured by the wholesale houses were frequently bought at 15c each, and after being kept for an indefinite time were sold in the local retail market at prices sometimes reaching as high as 45c.

AT THE HOTELS

George H. Bradshaw, of Regina, is at the Dominion.
J. J. Barrett, of Galt, is registered at the Dominion Hotel.
H. Gallagher, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Metropolitan Hotel.
H. F. McMahon, of Toronto, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.
Miss Griffith Davies has returned to the city and is at the Strathcona.
Miss Matland-Dougall, of Cowichan, is staying at the Strathcona Hotel.
H. O. Bergh, of Fargo, N. D., is a new arrival at the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. Thomas S. Ackson, of Winnipeg, is staying at the Empress Hotel.
N. Morrison, of Edmonton, registered at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.

Mrs. H. Fleming and daughter, of Seattle, are stopping at the Strathcona.
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Jensen, from Seattle, are staying at the Metropolitan Hotel.

A. H. Reed and family, of Mazon, Wis., are registered at the Strathcona Hotel.
Mrs. Fitzgerald is down from Duncan, and is staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brown, of Moose Jaw, are staying at the Strathcona Hotel.
G. Johnstone and Mrs. Johnstone, of Winnipeg, are staying at the Dominion Hotel.

R. Kirkwood and Mrs. J. Kirkwood registered at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday.
Mr. and Mrs. James O. Miller, of Calgary, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Davies, of Calgary, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.
P. J. Suter and A. E. Warren, of Aberdeen, Wash., are at the Strathcona Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles S. Babbitt, of Philadelphia, are staying at the Empress Hotel.
Judge and Mrs. Henry N. Wessel, of Philadelphia, are guests at the Empress Hotel.

Abe Stobell and James Nash, from Nanaimo, are registered at the Metropolitan Hotel.
Mrs. D. Tetley and family, of New Westminster, are guests of the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. P. McDonald and Miss Mc-

Gordon & Sympson LIMITED
Store Hours, 8.30 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Friday, 8.30 p. m.; Saturday, 1 p. m.

Lingerie Petticoats and Envelope Chemise



The specially interesting display of fine Muslin Petticoats will interest all who require garments of this kind. In the broad assortment are many dainty styles with deep embroidery ruffles, shadow lace or organdie frills. Priced as low as 85c and up to \$4.75.

Envelope Chemise, in cotton or nainsook, trimmed with fine Swiss embroidery, Valenciennes lace or plainer styles with button-hole embroidery, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$3.50.

Extraordinary Sale of White Turkish Towels

Fifty dozen placed on sale at an average discount of 35%. All are extra large sizes and heavy qualities. They come both hemmed and fringed styles; also in colored jacquard pattern on white ground. List of the prices as follows:

- Special 30c per pair
- Special 55c per pair
- Special 75c per pair
- Special 80c per pair
- Special 95c per pair
- Special 60c per pair
- Special 65c per pair
- Special 85c per pair
- Special \$1.25 per pair

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ROYAL VICTORIA ALL THIS WEEK

PRICES—Matinees, 25c, 35c, 50c. Nights, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c
Matinees Every Day for Ladies Only
A Big, Purposeful and Human Drama—Not a Moving Picture

HER UNBORN CHILD

THE TRUTH ABOUT BIRTH CONTROL

With MINA GLEASON and an Able Cast
Ladies and Gentlemen Admitted Evenings

Donald, of Lacombe, are at the Dominion Hotel.
Misses Addie Ossinger and Eleanor V. Manson, of Seattle, are at the Dominion Hotel.
Mr. Sidenius and Mrs. J. W. Seals, of Calgary, arrived at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.
E. H. Foster and Mrs. Foster, of Houghton, Wash., are new arrivals at the Dominion Hotel.
A. Gibson and Mrs. Gibson are down from Cumberland, and are guests of the Dominion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Chidgey and Miss A. Atkinson, of Calgary, are stopping at the Dominion Hotel.
Dr. Dent is a specialist on Pyorrhea.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Dickson, from Denman Island, arrived at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday.
Mrs. May Freitag and Master Allan Sheldon, of Tumwater, Wash., are staying at the Dominion.

E. S. Jones and Mrs. Jones, of Saskatchewan, are visiting Victoria, and stopping at the Dominion Hotel.
W. McLellan, and Mrs. McLellan, of Regina, are visiting Victoria, and stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. T. H. Sproule and Miss G. Sproule, of Gull Lake, Sask., registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.
Guy Sevan, Mrs. Sevan and Mrs. Martinson, of San Francisco, who have been motoring through the Island, are now stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Miss M. Piper, of Milton, Ore., and Miss E. Blakeway, of Walla Walla, Wash., are guests at the Strathcona Hotel.
Mrs. J. Shopland and daughter and Mrs. Grieve and daughter of Courtenay, are guests at the Strathcona Hotel.

Miss P. Newbold, Miss C. Newbold and S. H. Newbold, of Louisville, Ky., are new arrivals at the Strathcona Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Unger, Mrs. L. C. Woodhall and Miss D. Woodhall, of Chicago, are stopping at the Strathcona Hotel.

W. E. Barker, Mrs. Barker, Miss Barker and Miss Nellie Flaherty, of North Yakima, have been touring the Georgian Circuit, and are stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Green, Mrs. Mrs. Williams, Mrs. F. H. Price, Mrs. J. Johnston, Mrs. Dalmadge, E. M. James and E. James are Vancouver arrivals at the Strathcona Hotel.

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PANTAGES THEATRE

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JOE ROBERTS
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Matinee, 2. Night, 7 and 9

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DR. C. S. DENT wishes to announce the opening of his Dental Parlors at 313-314 Central Building.
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A Display of Blouses in Large Sizes On!

This is an offer of Blouse values that every woman who can wear a size from 42 to 50 will find attractive. In

Fine Silk and Crepe de Chine we have grouped a number of our most becoming styles at substantially reduced prices. They are on sale now at from

\$3.50 to \$7.50

Voile Blouses, in the same sizes are also re-priced for a rapid disposal. Styles show the fashionable wide pointed collar and prettily embroidered fronts. Priced low at from

\$3.00 to \$5.00

Our Millinery Section is ready with an inviting display of imported Hats and Velour Felts for fall. You are cordially invited to call and inspect them.



Social & Personal

Mrs. Stanley McB. Smith and Miss Nora Stephenson went over to Vancouver on Saturday from Nanaimo.

Herman C. Melin, of Tacoma, formerly of Victoria, is in the city for the week renewing old acquaintances. Miss Mildred Melin, his sister, is also visiting here.

Mrs. Dingdale, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Anders, South Wellington depot, for a week past, left on Saturday for Vancouver, accompanied by her daughter.

Miss Hazel McArthur, late assistant in the Ladysmith High School, was in Nanaimo on Saturday afternoon, and left in the evening for Vancouver, where she will act as assistant to Principal Geo. Clark after the holidays.

Miss Bertha N. Greenwell, daughter of Mr. George Greenwell, assistant general manager of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company, is visiting Nanaimo friends, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. Naylor. Mrs. Hallentine, of Vancouver, is with her on her visit.

Mrs. J. G. Inkster, of Victoria, spoke last Wednesday evening before the auxiliary of the Women's Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church, Ladysmith, and reported the result of the deliberations of the annual meeting of the Women's Missionary Society at Toronto last May. She was accorded a vote of thanks at the close of her address.

At the Presbyterian Church, Ladysmith, last Wednesday, the marriage was celebrated of Miss Valda Maud Smith and David Gourlay. The bride was given away by her father, and looked well in a costume of fawn whipcord with blouse of crepe de chine and a wide fawn panne velvet hat faced with pink satin. The bridesmaid, Miss Irene Smith, was in flowered voile with white tulle and black streamers. The best man was James Gourlay, a brother of the bridegroom. There was a buffet lunch immediately following the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, Methuen Street, and later the happy couple motored to Nanaimo, there to take the boat to Vancouver, where they will spend a week or so before returning to Ladysmith to take up their residence.

Mrs. Wilfrid Gibson, of Hollywood Crescent, who has been ill in the Jubilee Hospital for two weeks, was able to leave that institution on Saturday. Owing to Mrs. Gibson's illness, the Red Cross sale, which was to have been held at her home on August 18, has been indefinitely postponed. Later notice will be given in this respect.

At the Bishop's Palace, View Street, last evening, a quiet wedding took place, when Elizabeth Cecilia, daughter of Sergeant-Major James McArthur, of 905 Esquimalt road, was joined in marriage to Corporal Robert White, C. P. A. S. C., of Work Point Barracks, son of Mrs. Walter White, of 215 Johnson Street. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Rev. Father MacDonald. The bride looked charming in a dainty gown of Nile-green taffeta silk with a large white picture hat richly trimmed. She wore a gold-necklace studded with pearls and amethysts, also a large corsage bouquet of sweet peas. She was attended by Miss Hilda Sweeney, of Esquimalt, who wore a pretty frock of mauve silk poplin with a big white picture hat. She, too, wore a corsage bouquet of sweet peas. Corporal William Musgrave, C. P. A. S. C., of Work Point Barracks, acted as best man, and the groom both wearing their khaki uniforms. Mr. and Mrs. White will make their home for the present with the latter's father at 905 Esquimalt Road.

Irrigation Scheme.—The proposal to install an irrigation system fed by a pipe line twenty-seven miles up the North Fork of the Kettle River to reclaim 3,000 acres of Grand Forks Valley land at a cost of \$500,000, was laid before Hon. T. D. Pattullo, Minister of Lands, during his recent visit to the Boundary district. The Minister promised that a departmental expert would investigate the project this fall.

No Relatives Known.—Among Okanagan casualties recently reported, is the name of Lieut. L. H. Garnet, of Summerland, killed in action. Enquiry about the district has failed to enlighten officials of the district as to who this might be, as no one of that name is known to have enlisted from Summerland or to have relatives there.

General elections of 1907, 1909 and 1912, returned him to the office. The general election of 1907 returned him as member for both Dewdney and Victoria. He chose to sit for the latter, and in the two subsequent elections he was again returned as senior member for the capital. In 1906 he went to England in connection with the special subsidy allowance claims of \$1,000,000 for which he had secured recognition, protesting against the settlement arrived at among the Provinces in respect of Provincial subsidies. Subsequently he visited England on several occasions, with the Hon. W. J. Bowser, then Attorney-General, as representative going from British Columbia to attend the coronation exercises of King George V. At this time and on subsequent occasions he met many men of distinction and influence, among them Premier Asquith, the late Lord Kitchener, Lord Milner, Mr. Balfour and Admiral Jellicoe. He was the guest of Their Majesties on two occasions. His name was remembered in the birthday honours list of 1912, when he was created a Knight of St. Michael and St. George, being invested with the insignia of the order in October of the same year when H. H. the Duke of Connaught was visiting the city. The investment took place at Government House, the members of his family being present. In December, 1915, he resigned the Premiership and left early in January, 1916, to assume his duties as Agent-

SKETCH OF FORMER PREMIER'S CAREER

Sir Richard McBride Crowded Many Events Into Brief Lifetime

PROVINCE WAS PROUD OF HER NATIVE SON

Very wide regret is expressed not only throughout British Columbia, and it was with a sense of very real grief and regret that his friends far and near learned of his passing. The fact that his condition for some months had been rumored as increasingly worse made people no more willing to accept the ill-tidings, and it came as a shock to the whole community to learn that he had answered the "last summons on the very eve of the family's return to Victoria, at a time when his friends were preparing to welcome him back home.

Remarkable Career. Taken in the very prime of his years the late Sir Richard McBride had one of the most remarkable records in the history of the political life of British Columbia. First and foremost a politician by nature he entered the arena in 1896 at the early age of twenty-six. Elected Conservative member to the Legislature in 1898, representing Dewdney Riding, he was appointed Minister of Mines in 1900 and, three years later, when little more than thirty-two years of age, became Premier of British Columbia, a province at the time just rising into place on the horizon of financial possibilities. How closely his name became woven into the history of the "Last Best West" in the twelve years of his premiership the records of the province will tell to the impartial reader of the years to come.

Born in New Westminster on December 15, 1870, Sir Richard was the son of the late Arthur H. McBride, one of the well-known early pioneers of the province. Until the age of sixteen years he attended school in his native town. He was sent from the High School to Dalhousie University, Halifax, N. S., where he graduated in 1889 with a B. A. degree. Only nineteen years of age at the time he already exhibited exceptional ability, and his friends were not disappointed when he continued to bear up his reputation as a brilliant and able young man in the immediate years that followed.

In July, 1892, after reading law for some time under T. C. Atkinson and the Hon. Angus T. C. McCall, he was called to the bar. He practiced first as junior member of the firm of Corbould, McColl, Wilson and Campbell, New Westminster, continuing there until 1897. The subsequent two years he practiced alone, when he formed a partnership with W. J. Whiteside. The following year this was dissolved and he joined H. F. Clinton, and on his death, the firm of McBride and Kennedy was formed. In 1905 he was appointed King's Counsel.

Enters Politics. His predilection for politics had asserted itself during these years, and in 1896 he contested New Westminster in the Dominion general election. He was unsuccessful, but two years later ran for the Dewdney Riding and was returned as Conservative member for the C. C. Legislature. He entered the Cabinet as Minister of Mines on June 21, 1900, resigning the following year owing to difference on a matter of policy. In 1902, he was re-elected by acclamation, chosen leader of the Opposition in the Legislature, and the following June became Premier of the Province.

General elections of 1907, 1909 and 1912, returned him to the office. The general election of 1907 returned him as member for both Dewdney and Victoria. He chose to sit for the latter, and in the two subsequent elections he was again returned as senior member for the capital. In 1906 he went to England in connection with the special subsidy allowance claims of \$1,000,000 for which he had secured recognition, protesting against the settlement arrived at among the Provinces in respect of Provincial subsidies. Subsequently he visited England on several occasions, with the Hon. W. J. Bowser, then Attorney-General, as representative going from British Columbia to attend the coronation exercises of King George V. At this time and on subsequent occasions he met many men of distinction and influence, among them Premier Asquith, the late Lord Kitchener, Lord Milner, Mr. Balfour and Admiral Jellicoe. He was the guest of Their Majesties on two occasions. His name was remembered in the birthday honours list of 1912, when he was created a Knight of St. Michael and St. George, being invested with the insignia of the order in October of the same year when H. H. the Duke of Connaught was visiting the city. The investment took place at Government House, the members of his family being present. In December, 1915, he resigned the Premiership and left early in January, 1916, to assume his duties as Agent-

Fresh Fruit Pies

Here is a savory dessert that you will find it hard to equal at any price. These Pies are made of wholesome ingredients. The fruit is grown locally and only the choicest of berries, etc., are selected.

Our Prices Are 10c and 25c The Yorkshire Bakery 640 Yates St. Phone 1929

General of British Columbia in succession to the Hon. J. H. Turner. It was not long after his arrival in England that the first reports of his ill-health were received here by friends, and although it was hoped that the arrival of his wife and family, who joined him there last September, might set the disquieting rumors at rest, these have received corroboration of such convincing character from time to time that his friends have unwillingly been forced to accept their grave import. His enormous energy and capacity for work no doubt stood in the way of his seeking that rest which might have averted the end, but the recently received intimation that he was losing his sight, hinted at the fatal character of the disease which was so soon to terminate his career. His resignation from the office of Agent-General came on the last day of the last session of the Legislature.

Married in 1896. Sir Richard McBride married on September 23, 1896, Margaret, youngest daughter of Neil McGillivray, of New Westminster. Beside Lady McBride there survive six daughters, the Misses Mary, Margaret, Dolly, Anna, Ruth, and Sheila, all of whom are in England. An only son born died in infancy. It is the purpose of the Provincial Government, should Lady McBride agree, to bring the body back to British Columbia, a public funeral to be held as a last tribute to a man who for so many years held such prominent place in the life of the province.

FOOD REGULATIONS ISSUED BY MILITARY

Major-General Leckie Points Out Necessity for Elimination of All Waste

Orders issued from Work Point by instructions of Major-General R. G. E. Leckie, G. O. C. District No. 11, yesterday afternoon, deal with the regulation of food. Attention of all members of the military is directed to a Militia Order issued on May 21 last which refers to the absolute necessity for the elimination of all waste in the matter of food. The following instructions are now published for the observance of all branches under the jurisdiction of M. D. H. which embraces the whole of the province and the Yukon Territory. 1. Potatoes, meats, bread, bones, grease, etc., and unprepared food of any kind, must not be put in the swill cans or incinerators. 2. Before any refuse from the messes, cookhouses or other buildings is allowed to go into the swill cans it must pass through the Quartermaster or Quartermaster-Sergeant. 3. Fat must be reduced twice weekly. 4. All plates, mess tins, cutlery and cooking utensils are to be washed at specified places. 5. Bread must be cut up by the authorized bread cutting machine and served to the men in half slices. 6. Stock pots must be kept going continuously, so that soup can be issued to the whole unit every other day.

CHILD'S SEVERE STOMACH-TROUBLE

Harrison (Ont.) Father Says Dr. Cassell's Tablets Saved His Child's Life.

Mr. Corby, Harrison P.O., Ont., writes: "Our little girl was weak from birth, and though we tried doctors' medicine and other things she got no better. She just lay in her cot and cried, and neighbors all said we could not save her. The doctors said she had stomach trouble and that she chances were small. Yet, Dr. Cassell's Tablets cured her. They have been worth their weight in gold to us, for we were just giving up hope of saving our little daughter. I don't think there is any other medicine for children like Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Publish this letter if you like; it may help others as the Tablets helped us."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul St., Toronto. Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Stomach-ache, Anemia, Nervous Affections, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation and Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One Tube, 50 cents; six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations said to contain hypophosphites. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors, and no imitation can ever be the same. Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

1. Cooks must not accumulate in the cookhouse any commodities surplus to the day's requirements. 2. No stock of any food commodities in excess of the following day's requirements except in case of double issue is to be carried by Quartermasters. Any surplus now accumulated must be returned at once to supply depot, C.A.S.C. 3. Officers commanding units will see that a copy of this order is posted in all cookhouses. 4. This order is to be republished monthly in the orders of every unit.

IRRIGATIONISTS IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

Ask Governments to Accept Responsibility for Soldiers' and Sailors' Welfare

At the closing session of the Western Canada Irrigation Association's convention at Maple Creek, Sask., on Friday evening last, it was decided that the 1918 gathering be held at Nelson, B. C. President W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture for Saskatchewan, made reference to the apparent advisability of amalgamation of the International Irrigation Congress and the International Dry Farming Congress. W. T. Macdonald, Livestock Commissioner of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, attended the convention in the room of W. E. Scott, Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

New Officers. The election of officers for the ensuing twelve months resulted as follows: President, Hon. W. R. Motherwell; first vice-president, Hon. Hewitt Boswell; second vice-president, G. R. Marzook, Lethbridge; executive committee, R. G. Williamson, Maple Creek; James L. Brown, Kamloops, B. C.; James Johnstone, Nelson, B. C.; F. H. Peters, Calgary; A. S. Dawson, Calgary; W. E. Scott, Victoria; B. C.; F. H. Auld, Regina, Sask.; F. E. R. Wollaston, Vernon, B. C. Sailors and Soldiers.

Among a number of resolutions adopted by the convention was one calling upon the Government of the Empire to accept sole responsibility for the settlement and future welfare of the Empire's sailors and soldiers and pledged the support of the Association to that end. The convention also resolved to urge upon the Dominion Government and the Government of British Columbia the importance of making necessary appropriations and taking steps to continue without interruption the gauging of streams of water supply.

Another resolution directed the attention of the public health departments of British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan, to supervision which will prevent the pollution of water in irrigation ditches.

THE GUARDS CAME THROUGH.

Men of the 1st. Up by the Chalk Pit Wood, Weak with our wounds and our thirst, Wanting our sleep and our food. After a day and a night— God, shall we ever forget! Beaten and broke in the fight, But sticking it—sticking it yet. Trying to hold the line, Fainting and spent and done, Always the thud and the whine, "Always the yell of the Hun! Northumberland, Lancaster, York, Durham and Somerset. Fighting alone, worn to the bone, But sticking it—sticking it yet.

Never a message of hope! Never a word of cheer! Fighting on the shall-sweep slope, With the dull dead pain in our rear, Always the whine of the shell, Always the roar of its burst, Always the tortures of hell, As waiting and wining we cursed, Our luck and the guns and the Boche, When our Corporal shouted "Stand to!" And I heard some one cry, "Clear the front for the Guards!" And the Guards came through.

Our throats they were parched and hot, But Lord, if you'd heard the cheers! Irish and Welsh and Scot, Coltriam and Grenadiers, Two brigades, if you please, Dressing as straight as a hem, We—we were down on our knees, Praying for us and for them! Praying with tear-wet cheeks, Praying with outstretched hand, Lord, I could speak for a week, But how could you understand? How should your cheeks be wet, Such feelings don't come to you, But when can me and my mates forget, When the Guards came through?

"Five yards left extend!" It passed from rank to rank, Line after line with never a bend, And a touch of the London swank, A trifle of swank and dash, Cool as a home parade, Twinkle and glitter and flash, Flinching never a shade, With the shrapnel right in their face Doing their Hyde Park stunt, Keeping their swing at an easy pace, Arrive at the trap, eyes front! Man, it was great to see! Man, it was fine to do! It's a cot and a hospital ward for me, But I'll tell 'em in Blighty, wherever I be, How the Guards came through. —Arthur Conan Doyle.

Customs Receipts.—Customs receipts for the port of Kelowna continue to show an increase for the current year over 1916. Every month is higher than the corresponding month last year thus making the total for the customs' fiscal year of 1917 well above that of the preceding year. Receipts for July last amounted to \$550, while July, 1916, amounted to only \$461. The fiscal year commences on April 1, and since that date the receipts at Kelowna this year have totalled \$3,074, while the corresponding 1916 receipts amounted to only \$1,920, a difference of \$1,154. The month of August, 1916, was a bumper one, the figures running much higher than the average, but in spite of that, judging from the manifests already received, August of 1917 is going to easily surpass the previous record.

PENSION MATTERS TO BE DEALT WITH AT LOCAL OFFICE

Major Fane Establishes Vancouver Island Branch in Union Bank Building

When Major Buchanan came to Victoria in March last as the representative of the Board of Pension Commissioners he stated that a local office would be established, from which it would be possible to deal with all matters pertaining to pensions with better effect than by the continuance of the present system. That office has now been opened at 504 Union Bank Building. The whole of the Victoria District and Vancouver Island will come under its jurisdiction. Office Opened.

Major Fane, Western Inspector for the Board, has completed all the arrangements and the organization of the office will, temporarily, be in charge of Captain W. A. Campbell, late of the 1st C.M.R. Brigade. The officer was invalided from the front, and besides being an experienced soldier his business knowledge will enable him to carry out the somewhat exacting duties with accuracy and dispatch. Hitherto the work of the Pension Board has been satisfactorily performed by J. H. Hill, of the Returned Soldiers Aid Commission, but the duties of both offices have considerably increased so that in the interests of both it became desirable to separate them.

Modus Operandi. Apart from the general principles noted that if the soldier has cause for complaint he has the right to make immediate application to this Commission. If the facts justify the awarding of a higher pension, it will be awarded. If they justify the holding of a new medical board, a new medical board will be ordered. If the new medical board justifies the increase of pension, it will be increased. If it justifies replacing the soldier on pay and allowance during further treatment, he will be replaced on pay and allowance.

Recommended Increase. At a conference held two months ago in Ottawa, the Commission discussed the Pension Act with the heads of district offices, and it was decided to suggest and recommend to the Parliamentary Committee a number of changes for the betterment of pensioners, including the creation of eleven classes of disability instead of six as at present. The Board also recognized the insufficiency of the pensions at the present time, and if the Board's recommendations are acted upon, it is possible that a general increase for the lower ranks will become law. At the same time it is impossible to say what the legislators may do in this connection.

Members of Board. The members of the Board of Pension Commissioners are: Chairman, Lieut. J. K. L. Ross, R.C.N.R., former owner and commander of the famous "Grille," which he presented to the country; members, Col. R. H. Labatt, formerly commanding 4th Battalion at

TWO LONG YEARS HE SUFFERED

"Fruit-a-tives" Made Him Feel as if Walking on Air

Orillia, Ont., Nov. 25th, 1914. "For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. One day I saw your sign which read "Fruit-a-tives make you feel like walking on air." This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and now I feel fine. I have a good appetite, relish everything I eat, and the Headaches are gone entirely. I recommend this pleasant fruit medicine to all my friends." DAN McLEAN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

the front, and Major J. L. Todd, C.A. M.C., brother of His Worship the Mayor of Victoria. It can also be stated that with the exception of a few specialists who are unfit for service, all men employed by the Board are returned soldiers and all the ladies employed are immediate relatives of men on service in France. These qualifications are absolutely essential.

INDEPENDENT NOW.

A thriving but somewhat miserly farmer was in the habit of leaving his horse and gig at the door of the Black Bull Inn on market days in charge of the first person he could find. One day Jamie, the "sortie" of the village, had been engaged for this purpose, but on re-entering his gig the farmer, much to Jamie's annoyance and surprise, drove off without the slightest acknowledgment for his time and trouble.

Next market day the farmer again engaged Jamie for the same purpose. "No, no, Mr. Campbell," he returned, "I dinna need to haud horses ony mair." "And how's that?" inquired the farmer. "Oh, ye see, sir," replied Jamie, "what ye gie me last time made me independent."

The road to marriage in Germany has to be paved by the mother of the future with gold. Romance and chivalry in the marriage contract are rare. Before the war the newspapers were full of advertisements by brides offering themselves along with handsome dowries to any suitable suitor. This universal system of commercial bargaining can hardly be expected to blossom into that ideal family life where the mother reigns supreme.—London Chronicle.

A man who had made a huge fortune was speaking a few words to a class at a business college. Of course, the main theme of his address was himself. "All my success in life, all my financial practice," he said, proudly, "I owe to one thing alone—pluck. Just take that for your motto—Pluck, pluck, pluck!" He made an impressive pause here, but the effect was ruined by one student, who asked, inquisitively, "Yes, sir, but please tell us how and whom did you pluck?"

Let us give you this book



It will show you how to reduce the cost of clearing land. It contains 44 illustrations of the most effective methods of blasting. It gives diagrams showing how you can place the charges in ways that will cut down the quantity of Powder needed. Mail the coupon and the book will be sent free.

Make this test Get a trial case of Giant Stumping Powder. Use it alongside of any other explosive. Keep track of the cost. You will find, as thousands of other British Columbia farmers and lumbermen have found, that Giant Stumping Powder goes further and breaks up the stumps better than ordinary explosives. Giant Stumping Powder has been made in Canada for 32 years, especially for British Columbia stump blasting.

FREE BOOK COUPON GIANT POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA Limited, Vancouver, B. C. Send me your book, "Better Farming with Giant Stumping Powder." I am interested in the subjects which I have marked X: STUMP BLASTING BOLDER BLASTING ROAD MAKING TREE BED BLASTING DITCH BLASTING MINING-QUARRYING Name Address

Health and Beauty Hints

Yera B.: Your skin will grow soft, clear and smooth if you apply a thin layer of a plain almond jelly-cream, made at home as follows: Put 4 tablespoonfuls glycerine into 4-pint water, and in this dissolve 1 ounce almond (which you can buy at your druggist's). Apply a thick coat of this to the skin before retiring, then wash off in the morning and use more of the jelly-cream for massaging. This gradually dispels the wrinkles and lines and banishes pimples, freckles, and the "muddy" oil lock. The almond jelly-cream is greasiness and will not grow hair. Mrs. A. T.: You may not require glasses. Get from your druggist one ounce crystals and dissolve in 1-pint water. Then put a few drops in the of your eye several times a day until inflammation and soreness have vanished. This crystals eye tonic is especially good for granulated eyelids, and using it strengthens the eyes and gives them a youthful sparkle. Adeline: The reason for that dryness of hair after your shampoo is because that kind of soap irritates the scalp's tissues and makes them over-sensitive. Cantrox will correct this, for it is a tonic-as well as a cleanser and is so stimulating to the blood vessels and scalp tissues that the danger is entirely eliminated. To prepare your shampoo, dissolve a teaspoonful of Cantrox in a cup of hot water. Then pour it slowly on the head as you rub briskly. This dissolves every trace of dirt, dandruff and excess oil, and after rinsing the hair will dry quickly and evenly. Lucy G.: Loss of weight is a serious matter and calls for prompt action. Get from your druggist 1 ounce of hard-

PRIZE-WINNING ADS IN THE TIMES AD-WRITING CONTEST

No Yellow Streak

CLOTHES THAT ARE MADE WHITE
WORKPEOPLE THAT ARE ALL WHITE

That is at the

Victoria Steam Laundry
943 North Park Street

Consider the above thoroughly and you will decide that you will phone 172 for someone to call for your laundry. If you do you will have the satisfaction of knowing your laundry is one where all work is being done under most sanitary conditions where there is no danger of disease.

Victoria Steam Laundry
943 North Park Phone 172

FULL LIST OF PRIZE-WINNERS

TO THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES.

August 4, 1917

Gentlemen:

We have carefully examined the entries in The Times First Annual Ad-Writing Contest, and beg to report that we have made awards as follows:

We also beg to report that we have awarded The Times capital prize of Ten Dollars in cash to Mrs. M. Leighton McMicking, "The Alandale," Victoria, for Maynard's ad.

WATSON'S SHOE STORE, pair of lady's \$4 Boots, to Edward Evans, 1231 Pandora St., Victoria.
STANDARD STEAM LAUNDRY, \$5.00 in cash, to A. C. Macrae, 1024 Vancouver St., Victoria.
F. A. GOWEN, \$5.00 in merchandise, to Crawford Coates, P. O. Box 1135, Victoria.
MAYNARD'S SHOE STORE, pair of Shoes, value \$5.00, to Mrs. M. Leighton McMicking, "The Alandale," Victoria.
THE BOOTERY, \$5.00 pair of Shoes, to Crawford Coates, P. O. Box 1135, Victoria.
J. N. HARVEY, LTD., \$5.00 in merchandise, to A. C. Macrae, 1024 Vancouver St., Victoria.
IVEL'S PHARMACY, \$5.00 worth of goods, to Mrs. P. S. Van Raalte.
VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY, \$5 worth of laundry, to T. J. Richards, 2109 Chandler, Victoria.
W. & J. WILSON, LTD., \$5.00 in cash, to G. S. Brown, 2189 Saratoga Ave., Victoria.
STEWART'S SHOE STORE, \$5.00 in cash, to A. C. Macrae, 1024 Vancouver St., Victoria.
O'CONNELL'S, LTD., hat worth \$5.00, to Mrs. P. S. Van Raalte.
NEW ENGLAND MEAT MARKET, \$5.00 in merchandise, to Edward Evans, 1231 Pandora St., Victoria.
RICHARDSON & STEPHENS, \$10.00 boy's suit, to Lionel Stevenson, R.M.D. No. 1, Duncan, B.C.
STEVENSON'S CHOCOLATES, \$2.50 box of chocolates, to Harold H. S. Walker, 3066 Albany Road, Victoria.
FLETCHER'S, \$5.00 in merchandise, to T. J. Richards, 209 Union Bank Bldg., Victoria.
H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD., \$5 in merchandise, to Crawford Coates, P.O. Box 1135, Victoria.
PEOPLE'S CASH GROCERY, \$5.00 in groceries, to Mrs. Elsie Vallance, Burnside Road, Victoria.
NEW METHOD LAUNDRY, \$5.00 in cash, to G. S. Brown, 2189 Saratoga Ave., Victoria.

(Signed)

C. L. ARMSTRONG, Publicity Commissioner.
M. EASTMAN, Eastman Advertising Co.
A. V. CLARKE, Clarke-Wilson Advertising Service.

Our Boss Is a Crank

And he does not care a little bit who knows it, for he is a crank on cleanliness. Everything around our Clothes Cleaning establishment must be clean and kept clean or the boss is right on our several-necks.

THAT'S THE REASON why the clothes that are delivered from our laundry are so nice and clean, because they have been washed and ironed and starched in a perfectly clean institution, where there is lots of light and sunshine and no place for dirt, excepting the gutter.

Our help is white. Our methods are white. We wash our clothes white. We treat our customers white. Phone, write or call and make us prove it.

New Method Laundry

1015-17 North Park St.

Phone 2500

Down-Town Branch, 1115 Douglas St.

Buy More Food

By Paying for Less Service

THE GROCETERIA STYLE
IS THE WAR-TIME WAY
OF DOING BUSINESS

The High Cost of Living is in the multiplicity of handling more than in the actual cost of production.

THE CONSUMERS WHO COLLECT THEIR GROCERIES AT THE GROCETERIA, DELIVER TO THEMSELVES A DEALER'S DIVIDEND

Be your own grocery clerk, shipper and delivery man in these times, when all possible labor and service that can be spared is needed by your country.

The People's Groceteria

749 and 751 Yates Street

There Is No Beau Brummel To-day

Formerly there was always some man famous for being remarkably well dressed—Lord Chesterfield, Beau Brummel, Ward McAllister—who were imitated and followed by every society man of the period. Why is there no such person to-day? Here is the answer: Nowadays so many men wear clothes such as those sold at Richardson & Stephens, that the roll of leaders of men's fashions in Victoria alone would be the long list of the customers of

Richardson & Stephens

The Fit-Rite Store

Corner Yates and Government

Was the Last Roast You Bought Tough?

If so, it did not come from

THE NEW ENGLAND MEAT MARKET

We would not sell you anything that we did not consider fit for us to eat, and we are certainly not going to commence eating tough meat when we have all kinds in stock of the fresh, juicy kind, the kind that almost melts in your mouth.

Whether your requirements are just a couple of Chops or a large Leg of Lamb, you are certain of the very best of attention, as we pride ourselves on our service department, the motto of which is, Everyone to have the best of attention.

Since moving into our larger premises we have found all our old customers have followed us up and that we have made many new ones. It is only by doing the volume of business a merchant of any description can sell you at a low price, and this is what we are aiming to do.

In order that you will become better acquainted with us during the coming week we are offering special prices on

Roasts of Beef—Regular 25c lb., for, a lb. 22¢
Legs of Mutton, Island Fed—Regular 33c lb., for, a lb. 30¢
Lamb Chops—Regular 35c lb., for, a lb. 32¢

TRY US ONCE AND YOU'LL TRY US ALWAYS

New England Meat Market 1220 Government
Phone 2368

Shield the Household From Danger!

By Patronizing the

Standard Steam Laundry

Many give little attention to their Laundry work if only it is done cheaply.

More cheapness is not always true economy, and is dearly obtained when it entails the risk of bringing to the home all kinds of disease germs through the insanitary conditions under which the work of cleaning is done.

Laundry work is the most important work of the home, and should only be entrusted to a reliable establishment that makes it a special study.

The Standard Steam Laundry commands the confidence of Victoria citizens, not only for the clean, sweet faultless finish of its work, but by the assurance that behind it is a scrupulous, careful, sanitary handling of that work that assures health and comfort to its patrons.

The Standard Steam Laundry employs the most improved machinery and newest scientific method of cleaning, backed by long experience and the highest skill, which form the guarantee of satisfactory work.

KIRKHAM & CO., Ltd.

Corner of Fort and Government Streets

AT YOUR SERVICE

You reap the benefit of our not charging 15c for 11c worth. We accept pennies. Pennies count. Our deposit system doing away with the C. O. D. nuisance; our delivery; our experience advising you when to buy in quantities; our specials, which are reductions in prices but not in quantity or quality.

SPECIALS FOR WEDNESDAY

Sunlight Soap
18 Bars for 99c
If delivered other goods must be ordered.

CHOICE PICKLES

Sweet Mixed, per pint 25¢
Sweet Mustard, per pint 25¢
Sour Mixed, per pint 20¢
Sour Onions, per pint 30¢

SPECIALS ALL THIS WEEK

Citrate of Magnesia—Regular 35c size for 24¢
Citrate of Magnesia—Regular \$1.25 size for 89¢
Derby Smoking Tobacco—Large plugs. Regular 35c for 23¢

DEPARTMENTS—GROCERIES, BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY, DRUGS & STATIONERY, HARDWARE & RANGE, BUTCHER & FISH, FRUIT & VEGETABLES

WE FIT TIRED FEET

MAYNARD'S

The Alandale,
Victoria, B.C.,
July 31st, 1917

Gentlemen,

Last December I bought a pair of five dollar shoes from you: Walked away in them, a perfect fit and comfortable to the fullest degree.

They are in service yet and good for months yet.

Yours faithfully,

Ex-Co'y.-Sergt.-Major Manning.

103rd Victoria "Timber Wolves."

A Satisfied Customer is Your Best Advertisement

Why Stewart's Shoe Store Is So Popular

Stewart's Shoes are the limit of gracefulness and always embody the very latest ideas in Footwear.

Stewart's Shoes are always correct in form and combine the greatest beauty with the highest comfort.

Stewart's Shoes are offered at such keen prices as to make them the talk of the town.

Stewart's aim is to keep just what Victoria citizens want in Footwear, meet their wishes in all details, and retain them as permanent satisfied customers.

Stewart thinks that these facts form the secret of that increasing popularity that the store enjoys.

STEWART'S SHOE STORE

Douglas Street

PRIZE-WINNING ADS IN THE TIMES AD-WRITING CONTEST



A Firm Who Can Carry

"Fashion Craft" Clothes
"Jaeger" Woolen Goods
"Arrow Brand" Shirts
and Collars

Christy's and Stetson's
Hats

Turnbull's and Ceetee
Underwear

Must be good. What!
What! Must give
satisfaction to the
customer as well as
to the manufacturer.

What! What! What!

F. A. GOWEN

MEN'S WEAR

1107 Government Street

Phone 473

Contest Was Great Success

The Times is glad to announce that the First Annual Amateur Ad-Writing Contest was even a greater success than had been hoped over. Nearly seven hundred entries were received, most of them displaying considerable merit, thus making the task of the judges more than usually difficult.

Each ad. was read carefully and allotted its share of marks, the latter being placed under five heads: (1), attracting attention; (2), creating desire; (3), carrying conviction; (4), inspiring confidence; (5), getting action. This system ensured that only the best all-round ads. could win prizes.

Some praiseworthy art work had been done by two or three of the candidates, but this work was not taken into account in allotting the marks, the judges being very properly of opinion that it would not be fair to those who did not possess artistic ability.

The Times extends its thanks to the judges who so kindly volunteered their services, and to all those who helped to make the contest such a splendid success. The contest shows that the advertising columns of The Times are just as widely read as the news columns—a fact which has helped to make Times advertising so profitable in the past.

The eighteen prize-winning ads. are published to-day. The winners are being notified of their success by mail from The Times office. Presentation of The Times letter to the advertiser will entitle each prize-winner to his or her prize.

There Goes A Well Dressed Man

Is what will be said of you if you purchase your clothes from us—

BECAUSE: In our 54 years' experience of clothing the particular men of Victoria we have learned what is correct, what is right in men's wearing apparel. We have learned to select the goods of value, the goods of merit, goods that will give the purchaser that satisfaction that comes to the man that is well dressed.

Our stock is large—the largest in the city—and is well assorted. Our store is bright, clean and roomy. Our clerks are courteous and know their business.

Now, sir, next time you want clothes that will give you that well-groomed, well-dressed feeling, call at

W. & J. Wilson

Government Street and Trounce Avenue
Victoria's Oldest and Most Up-to-Date Clothiers.

What Is Home Without Music?

There are so many musical instruments that there is no excuse for any home to be without music.

How many pleasant evenings are spent listening to the music in the homes of the people of Victoria?

How many more homes that could enjoy the privileges and the benefit of music?

Whatever Musical Instrument it is you may desire you will be able to get it at

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 Government St.

A full stock of Music, Records, etc. You may spend quite a pleasant time in Fletcher's Store listening to the selections from new Records.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK

THE BOOTERY

1111 GOVERNMENT STREET

WE stock Walkover, Sorosis, Hurlbut Welt, Cushion Sole, McFarlane, Classic and other reliable makes

A RIDDLE
We advertise To put you wise Of our selection To your predilection Of a bootery display, Unsurpassed this day
By competitors all, Whether big or small, For value received If you really need Quality, comfort and look To suit pocket-book

WHAT'S THE ANSWER

"Not Merely to Live is Life, But to Have Good Health"

A slight derangement attended to in time very often wards off what might, if neglected, have led to a serious illness.

Be sure, however, that the remedy used is purchased from a reliable firm.

You can depend on the quality of our goods.

Ivel's Pharmacy

Corner Douglas and View

Phones 2963, 25190

"Gone Are the Days"

"Gone are the days" when it was imperative to consult a tailor and await his pleasure in order to obtain clothes suited to your particular model.

Nowadays the ordinary ready-to-wear apparel sold by up-to-date dealers completely fill the bill. You don't have to resort to the tiresome ordeals of numerous measurements, either, and then having to wait till the tailor feels like letting you have your suit.

We stock clothes to suit all figures, and our prices are right, too.

Obtain your next suit from us, and you won't want to go elsewhere.

O'CONNELL'S, Limited

Men's Outfitters

1117 Government Street.

Phone 2012

MADE IN VICTORIA

STEVENSON'S

When buying "Homade" Chocolates you take no chances. It has stood the test of the most discriminating candy-lover.
When you buy "Homade" Chocolates and Candies you buy purity. Nothing but the best of materials used. No substitutes.

"HOMADE"

When you buy "Homade" Chocolates you are helping to build up one of Victoria's industries—patronize it.
When you taste "Homade" you have tasted the best there is—none better.

IF IT'S "HOMADE"—IT'S GOOD

CHOCOLATES

TWO STORES

1119 Yates St.

Douglas St.

Harvey's Clothing Leads

BECAUSE IT IS PERFECT IN STYLE:

Each garment has a distinctive individuality of its own, and modelled after the very latest ideas from London and Paris.

IT IS PERFECT IN FIT:

Combines faultless workmanship with elegance and comfort, the result of keen, close attention to the wishes of the wearer.

IT IS PERFECT IN FINISH:

Gives to the wearer an indescribable touch of refinement.

IT IS PERFECT IN MATERIAL:

Only the best, most reliable and durable textures used.

IT IS PERFECT IN VALUE:

Nothing better to be had at the price.

J. N. HARVEY, LTD.

The Red Arrow Store.

Yates Street

No B. C. E. Ry Co.

IF YOU WEAR A PAIR OF WATSON'S SHOES

Because you won't have that tired feeling that is customary with a pair of badly fitted shoes.

WATSON never allows a customer to leave his store without making certain that they have been fitted with Shoes that one would think were made specially to their order.

WATSON also makes it a rule to serve his customers with a price of Shoes that they are able to afford, and does not try to sell them a higher-priced Shoe in order to make an excess profit.

WATSON gives quality combined with the very latest in style and the footwear that is sold is noted throughout the province as being the best that money can buy.

WATSON'S prices are in many cases lower than the present mill prices, which he is only able to offer for a short time, as his present stocks are limited so that his advice to all is look ahead and buy in enough Shoes to last for some time as new stocks are not as good as the old lines.

WATSON specializes in a line of Women's Boots at \$4.00 the pair.

This Boot would sell in the ordinary way for another dollar a pair more, but WATSON has a contract with the mill to supply him with this Shoe in the thousands of pairs, which secures for him a big trade discount.

You get the same style as in Boots that cost twice as much while the wearing qualities are practically the same.

All sizes are to be had and WATSON guarantees them to be the best obtainable at the price.

THE HOME FOR TIRED FEET

Watson's Shoe Store

635 Yates St.

SPORTING NEWS

GIANTS INCREASING LEAD IN NATIONAL

White Sox Lengthen Lead Over Red Hose Contingent in American League

New York, Aug. 7.—Although both were playing away from home, New York in the National and Chicago in the American League, increased their leads last week. The Giants gained more than 20 points, while Philadelphia, Cincinnati and St. Louis were fighting among themselves. In the American, Boston continues at Chicago's heels.

White Sox Move Ahead

The American League leaders were disturbed somewhat early in the week when they lost two games in succession to Boston and went into second place, while Harry's men occupied first place for one day. The White Sox wound up the series in Boston by taking two games, giving them an even break on the games. Against Philadelphia the last of the week Chicago had little trouble taking three games. Meanwhile Boston was breaking even in two games with Cleveland.

Detroit and Cleveland exchanged places twice during the week, which began with Detroit in third place. On Wednesday Cleveland went ahead, to be passed, again Saturday by the Tigers.

Giants Win Six Games

Except for the continued success of Brooklyn, New York made the best mark of the week in the National. The leaders apparently recovered from their setback of the previous week, taking one game from Chicago, four out of five from Pittsburgh and one out of two from Cincinnati.

Phillies in Second Place

St. Louis and Cincinnati failed completely to keep up their good work and Philadelphia managed to get back within a few points of second place. St. Louis won only two out of six and Cincinnati won its only victory on Saturday, after losing seven straight to Philadelphia, Brooklyn and New York. Philadelphia went into third place ahead of Cincinnati on Tuesday and gained second place immediately, while St. Louis was dividing a double-header with Brooklyn.

Brooklyn sent its string of victories to seven straight before it fell before St. Louis Saturday. During the week the league champions won five out of six games, and now are tied with Chicago for fifth place.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Leaders Lost One.

Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—Philadelphia defeated Chicago in eleven innings. The game was featured by Felt's home run with two men on the bases and Bodie's homer with Grover on the second plate.
Score: R. H. E.
Chicago 0 5 2
Philadelphia 5 11 1
Batteries—Tusnell, Scott and Schalk; Noyes and Schlang.

Get One Hit and Win.
Boston, Aug. 6.—Cleveland shut out Boston, although Foster, pitching for Boston, allowed only one hit. Speaker's fielding was sensational. He made several wonderful catches and threw a man out at the plate trying to score from third on a fly.
Score: R. H. E.
Cleveland 2 1 0
Boston 0 0 0
Batteries—Klopper, Bagby and O'Neill; Foster and Thomas.

Tigers Lost to New York.
New York, Aug. 6.—Mogridge's hitting enabled New York to defeat Detroit here. The local pitcher hit two triples and a single and was responsible for all of New York's runs, driving in three and scoring two.
Score: R. H. E.
Detroit 3 12 1
New York 5 11 0
Batteries—Mitchell, Cunningham and Yelle; Spencer, Mogridge and Walters.

Johnson Beats Browns.
Washington, Aug. 6.—Washington defeated St. Louis in eleven innings. It was a fine pitching duel between Plank and Johnson. In the eleventh, Almsmith walked and scored when Milan and Foster singled in succession.
Score: R. H. E.
Washington 0 5 0
St. Louis 1 5 2
Batteries—Plank and Severett; Johnson and Almsmith.

RED CROSS TENNIS NOW IN FULL SWING

Players Show Increasing Skill; Some Excellent Matches Decided Yesterday

Notwithstanding the wind which prevailed yesterday afternoon, good tennis was the order of the day, and many hard matches were played, as the scores which follow will show, many of them going the full three sets, and a number of them duces sets at that. Among the matches which were particularly noted for the excellence of the tennis was that in the men's singles between Gleason and Whitaker. Gleason eventually winning in the third set, 6-4. The winner of this match has a very good style, and in addition tries for every shot, and no doubt will give a good account of himself in later rounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Garrett were defeated by Miss Neame and Sparks after a long set which ended 9-7, and might very easily have resulted in their favor. Miss Idens and her veteran partner, Mr. J. G. Brown, disposed of their opponents, Miss Appleby and Mr. MacKenzie, without difficulty, though this was expected to be the match of the day. Mrs. P. B. Schwengers defeated Miss Harris after three close sets, the last one being won by hard accurate driving close to the side lines, which Miss Harris found difficult to handle. A noticeable improvement in the class and style of the game is being manifested, and if this is continued there will be matches worth going far to see very shortly.

The following are the detailed scores of yesterday's matches:

Men's Singles.
Gleason beat Whitaker, 6-3, 6-4, 7-5.
Jeppson beat Tutlow, 6-2, 6-0.
Hobbs beat Colpman, 6-2, 6-2.
Gordon beat Robinson by default.

Men's Doubles.
Hamilton and Dalby beat Milton and Proctor, 6-2, 6-4.
MacKenzie and Sprouts beat Robinson and Edwards, 6-2, 6-2.
Harris and Harris beat Beatty and Deaville, 6-0, 6-0.
Edwards and Edwards beat Winter-Smith and Grubb, 7-5, 3-6, 8-6.

Mixed Doubles.
Mr. and Mrs. Hobbs beat Miss Elgee and Greatwood, 6-8, 6-2, 6-2.
Miss Neame and Sparks beat Mr. and Mrs. Garrett, 9-7, 6-3.
Miss Idens and Brown beat Miss Appleby and MacKenzie, 6-2, 6-2.
Miss Williams and Kirkham beat Miss Edmond and Edwards, 6-3, 6-1.
Mr. and Mrs. Leeming beat Miss Wootton and Wootton, 6-3, 6-4.
Miss Alward and King beat Miss Southwell and Christie, 6-2, 6-2.
Miss Briggs and Johnston beat Miss Jackson and Deaville, 6-1, 6-1.

Ladies' Singles.
Mrs. Myers beat Miss Sivers, 1-6, 7-5, 6-0.
Miss Williams beat Miss Wootton, 6-1, 6-0.
Mrs. Cove beat Miss Archibald, 6-1, 7-5.
Miss Neame beat Miss Thompson, 6-0, 6-0.
Mrs. B. P. Schwengers beat Miss Harris, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2.

The following are the matches scheduled for to-day:
3 o'clock.
Swaby v. Dowell.
Miss Thompson and Mrs. Cove v. Miss Pitts and M. Neame.
Miss Gordon and Miss Best v. Mrs. and Miss Elgee.
4 o'clock.
Ryall and Brown v. Bone and Gleason.
Mrs. and Miss M. Leeming v. Miss Burrell and Miss J. Wootton.
Miss Bass and Miss Garasche v. Mrs. Sweney and Miss Camusa.
Miss Croft and Dalby v. Miss Thompson and Milton.
5 o'clock.
Sproule v. Clegg.
Proctor v. Wootton.
Simpson v. Freeman.
Hobbs and King v. Farley and Collings.
Cleeri and Whittaker v. Sparks and Kirkham.
Miss McLeod v. Miss Jackson.
Hamilton v. Robinson.
6 o'clock.
Mrs. B. P. Schwengers and Gordon v. Miss Harris and Sproule.
Miss Garasche v. Miss Porritt.
Miss Appleby v. Miss Tingley.
Johnstone v. Taylor.
Edwards v. Jones.
Brown v. Palm.

In the ladies' doubles the match between Miss Thompson and Mrs. Cove and Miss Pitts and Miss V. N. Neame is arousing considerable interest. The committee in charge are much pleased to see such splendid players as Miss Pitts (ladies' singles champion of British Columbia for a number of years), and others coming out to help in this worthy cause, and at the same time give pleasure to so many.

Another struggle is anticipated in the match between Messrs. Ryall and Brown v. Bone and Gleason, in which the two veterans of the club, Bone and Brown, are ranged against one another. At 5 o'clock the spectators will have a wide choice, as almost every game scheduled at that time should be close and exciting. The two men's doubles perhaps will be the closest. At 6 o'clock the attraction will be the match between Mrs. Schwengers and Gordon and Miss Harris and Sproule.

"When I left college I didn't owe anyone a cent." "Dear me, what an unfortunate time to leave."—Tiger.

PETER POINTER WINS BIG ELKS' HOME STAKE

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Peter Pointer won the \$3,000 Elks' home stake for 2.05 eligibles after a six-heat battle, in which early favorites were toppled one after another and only Peter Pointer and Walter Cochato were left for the final duel.

Walter Cochato twice paced 2.02½, winning heats in staving off The Savoy, but a break in the fourth heat gave Peter Pointer his chance to land. He was fresher and took the fifth and sixth heats easily. Times: 2.06¼, 2.02½, 2.02½, 2.04¼, 2.07½, 2.15.

Drivers Valentine, Gram and McMahon, each were fined \$25 at the end of the first mile for not trying to win.

The Woodman took the 2.09 trot after making a break and finishing fourth in the first mile. He took a new record of 2.06¼ in the second heat. Time: 2.09½, 2.06¼, 2.07¼, 2.08.

The Ohio colt trot for 2-year-olds owned in Ohio on April 2 of this year was a neat little tilt between Ramco, the winner, and Eleven Back, of the Pastina stables. Eleven Back, of the stretch each, beat and out-trotted his rivals. The time of the second mile, 2.12½, was the fastest mile for the 2-year-old trotters this season. Time: 2.14½, 2.12½.

V. I. A. IS SOLICITING WATER POLO PLAYERS

One of the features of the projected water gala to be held in the near future, under the auspices of the V. I. A. A. with the co-operation of the naval and military forces in the city, will be a water polo game between sides representing the city and the navy. Mr. Harry Boyd, the well-known swimmer and prominent Tugby player, is looking after the interests of the civilian team, which will play under the colors of the V. I. A. A., and for the first few evenings has been whipping his men into shape at the Gorge. To secure as able an aggregation as possible he is soliciting the entry of any player in the city irrespective of his club affiliations. They are requested to appear at the Gorge Park swimming beach at about 6 o'clock in the evening.

TENER SCORES PLAN FOR OVERSEAS TRIP

New York, Aug. 7.—The proposal to send baseball players to France at the end of the season to entertain soldiers is the most absurd thing I ever heard of.

This is the way President John K. Tener, of the National League, felt about it yesterday when told an offer had been made to finance such an expedition.

"The idea of sending a bunch of big huskies over there with their expenses all paid to perform for the benefit of men who are ready to sacrifice their lives for the country is exceedingly repulsive to me. I cannot understand what the man who made the offer could have been thinking of."

A wealthy Washington, D. C., baseball enthusiast had offered to finance the undertaking of Clark Griffith, Washington manager, in taking two major league ball teams to France for a series of games during the summer. Griffith is going to submit the project to Secretaries Baker and Daniels. If official approval is given volunteer players will be sought with a view to getting the back-of-the-front series started as soon as possible after the season in America closes. A condition of the offer is that Walter Johnson, the Washington pitcher, be one of those selected for the trip.

IRA THOMAS RETIRES FROM DIAMOND SPORT

St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Ira Thomas, a former star with the Philadelphia Athletics, has no desire to manage a major league club. Thomas made known his stand in denying a report that he had been offered a chance to succeed Miller Huggins as manager of the St. Louis Nationals.

The veteran said that he received \$2,500 for coaching the Williams College baseball squad, and that he realizes from \$2,000 to \$3,000 out of his real estate business in Philadelphia.

"I would be foolish to throw all this over for a job that might last a year," Thomas said. "I'm through with baseball. It's a grand game, but after all we all go where we can make the most money. I'm going to stick to the real estate business."

WELSH DESIRES TO REGAIN HIS TITLE

New York, Aug. 7.—Freddie Welsh, who lost the lightweight title to Benny Leonard, is after another match with the champion. The following explains Welsh's attitude. It is a letter from Harry Pollak, made public here yesterday:

"The talk of a Benny Leonard-Charlie White championship match is wrong and not according to Hoyle." Freddie Welsh is to have the first chance at Leonard's crown in a titular contest. Billy Gibson promised it to me; in fact, he voluntarily offered it to me within an hour after the finish of the Welsh-Leonard bout."

PLAY BASEBALL FOR MAIR FUND.

The nine of the Metropolis and Wilson Hotels intend to play a ball game next Saturday afternoon at 2.30 sharp in the Royal Athletic Park for the benefit of the Mair Fund. These two teams met last Sunday in one of the best contests seen here this season, and it is assured that their second meeting will attract a large number of the fans in the city, when the excellence of the play and the worthiness of the cause are considered.

ISSUES CRICKET CHALLENGE.

President P. C. Payne announces a challenge to the representative team from the rest of the league, the match to be played for the benefit of the L.O.D. E. sporting goods fund. There is no doubt that such a match would create a great deal of interest and would provide some first-class cricket, as a team very nearly approaching the representative team in strength should not be hard to pick.

NORMAN ROSS IS TO ANSWER PRO. CHARGES

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Norman Ross, Olympic Club swimmer, and holder of several records, was made the subject of charges of professionalism filed yesterday with the Pacific Athletic Association. The charges will be investigated at a meeting of the registration committee of the association.

It was said the accusers would attempt to secure Ross's suspension while the charges are under investigation. This would bar him from competition in the National A. U. 440-yard championship to be held on Saturday.

Ross stated yesterday that he had no fear of the charges, which he ascribed to friction with resort managers who had unsuccessfully sought his presence at their beaches.

BALL-PLAYERS GIVE EQUIPMENT TO NAVY

New York, Aug. 7.—Complete baseball outfits, including bases, gloves, bats, balls and masks, have been given to eight ships in the United States navy by the eight teams of the National League. It was announced here yesterday by John A. Heydler, secretary of the league.

In addition, the league has donated hundreds of baseballs and other diamond paraphernalia to other units in the nation's military service, the announcement said.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Jack Smith's Hit Helps.

St. Louis, Aug. 6.—A single by J. Smith, a wild pitch and J. Miller's double in the ninth inning gave St. Louis victory over Brooklyn. Up to the ninth, Cheney allowed but one hit.

Score: R. H. E.
Brooklyn 0 4 2
St. Louis 1 5 2
Batteries—Cheney and Miller; Watson and Gonzalez.

Chicago Loses Out.
Chicago, Aug. 6.—Erratic playing by Ed Hendrix gave Philadelphia victory over Chicago. The game was a pitcher's battle between Oeschger and Hendrix.
Score: R. H. E.
Philadelphia 3 5 2
Chicago 2 4 6
Batteries—Oeschger and Adams; Hendrix and Wilson; Dillhoefer.

Rain in Pittsburgh.
Pittsburg, Aug. 6.—Boston-Pittsburg postponed, rain.

Rain in Cincinnati.
Cincinnati, Aug. 6.—New York-Cincinnati postponed, rain.

BASEBALL RECORDS

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Won. Lost. Pct.
New York 61 21 .692
Philadelphia 59 42 .540
St. Louis 57 47 .523
Cincinnati 51 51 .500
Brooklyn 45 60 .430
Chicago 41 52 .439
Boston 41 52 .439
Pittsburg 31 67 .316

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Won. Lost. Pct.
Chicago 66 33 .634
Boston 60 39 .606
Detroit 54 48 .529
Cleveland 49 53 .480
New York 41 64 .391
Washington 40 67 .375
Philadelphia 36 61 .371
St. Louis 33 65 .339

COAST LEAGUE

Won. Lost. Pct.
San Francisco 73 52 .584
Los Angeles 65 57 .532
Salt Lake City 61 57 .517
Portland 55 61 .474
Oakland 55 65 .466
Vernon 52 71 .423

BARBER BRINGS DOWN HIGHEST PRICE YET

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Club fans yesterday were busy getting the "dope" on outfielder Barber, newly acquired from the Baltimore club of the International League at the season's high water mark of \$15,000. Two players are to be given in exchange.

Manager Mitchell says he is the finest player he has seen in years. Connie Mack, and Clark Griffith were said to be after Barber, but were outbid.

MAIR BENEFIT Baseball Game

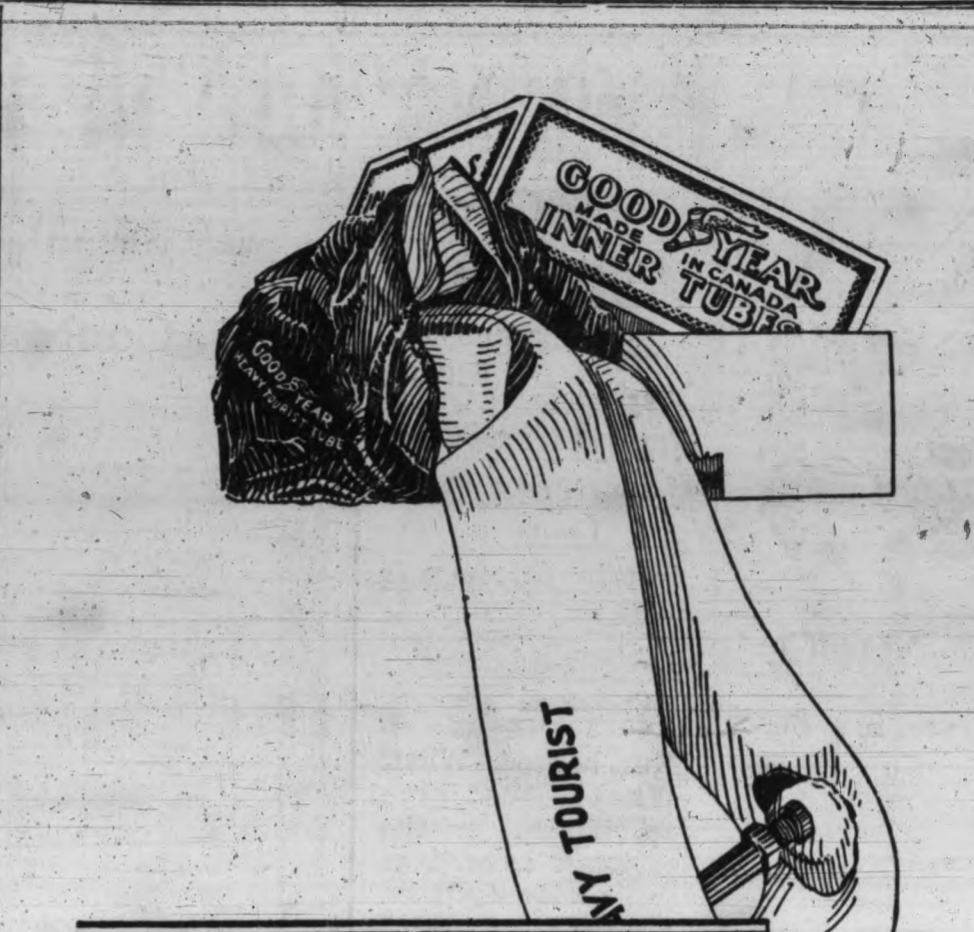
In Aid of above Fund.

Royal Athletic Park

SATURDAY, 2.30 P.M.

Wilson's vs. Metropolis

ADMISSION, 25¢



Tubes That Reduce Tire Costs

Good tubes—Goodyear Tubes—will help you get that lower-tire-cost-per-mile that offsets your high gasoline cost-per-mile.

For the tube has a more than superficial bearing on tire costs. It may make or break a casing.

Consider the slow leak—a common feature of poor tubes. It is a nuisance, necessitating constant inflating. But it is more serious. It causes under-inflation—which ruins casings. If tire costs matter to you—if greater mileage is desirable—choose tubes carefully. Choose Goodyear Tubes because they are fair to your tires.

Lamination is a quality-giving process. By it we insure air-tightness of a greater degree than is otherwise possible.

Fine rubber is rolled out thin as paper so that it can be rigidly inspected for leak-causing flaws. Then these transparent, perfect sheets are built up, layer on layer, into a Goodyear Tube. To perfect it we vulcanize the valve patch in instead of sticking it on.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Goodyear Tubes, along with Goodyear Tires and Tire-Saver Accessories, are easy to get from Goodyear Service Station Dealers everywhere.



CANADIANS WIN IN MILITARY SPORTS

London, Aug. 7.—At a carnival of military sports held yesterday at Stamford Bridge representatives of the Canadian headquarters won three of the relay races on the programme.

In the officers' 100-yard dash, Lieut. H. C. Jardine was first and Capt. F. Knight, of headquarters, second.

Canadian contestants won all the prizes in the one and two-mile relay races, and took a first and third in the 880 yards relay.

SHAMROCKS DEFEAT NATIONALS

Shamrocks won the first of the home-and-home Montreal lacrosse championship games with Nationals Saturday 5 to 5. The teams were evenly matched. When in the lead, 4 to 3, in the third period, Nationals lost the game through L'Heureux being banished for five minutes and Londono, who put up an argument with the officials, being sent to the bench.

M'INTYRE AND MEEHAN.

Chet McIntyre, Seattle's heavyweight boxer, who is now in California, will get another match with his old rival, Willie Meehan. McIntyre has been assigned to meet the big Californian next Friday night in San Francisco.

Discovery Island

130 acres for sale, including four-room house. House insured for \$1,000.

Price, \$3,000

Further Particulars, Apply GILLESPIE, HART & TODD, LTD.

SEATTLE TENNIS STARS WIN.

Marshall Allen, of Seattle, won the Pacific Northwest singles tennis championship Saturday at Tacoma, defeating Brandt Wickersham, of Portland, in the final, 6-1, 8-10, 7-5, 6-2, 6-2. Miss Sarah Livingstone, also of Seattle, won the ladies' title, defeating Miss Mayme McDonald, also of Seattle, 6-2, 8-6.

PIRATES GET GEORGE KELLY.

Purchase of George L. Kelly, utility infielder of the New York National Club, by the Pittsburg club, is announced. Kelly was obtained by McGraw's club in 1915 from Victoria, B.C.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

HINTS FOR PICNIC, CAMPING, FISHING AND OUTING PARTIES



Gorge Park

Swimming and Bathing

Splendid concert every afternoon and evening. Take No. 5 car; 20 minutes' ride from city.

MALAHAT DRIVE IS SCENE OF BEAUTY

Tourist is Repeatedly Attracted by Landscape View From Mountains Summit

The Malahat Drive is a scene of constant activity on summer week-end days. Stretching from the shady depths of Goldstream forest lands it climbs steadily from the borders of the mountain torrent and skirting rocky ledges scales to the summit of those rolling hills which form unbroken barriers along the west shore of the Saanich Arm. The beauty of this drive is perhaps not surpassed on the Pacific Coast, in the opinion of many travelers who visit Vancouver Island.

Until the completion of this highway, several summers ago, the Island motorist was limited in regard to the excursions that he might take. Today, however, a field of activity lies open to him that will remain unexhausted for many years to come. One drive through those Island ranges, with their great forests, their cliffs and valleys with foaming streams, is not sufficient to give to the lover of scenery all the realization of beauty thus lavishly bestowed by nature's bounteous hand. Repeated excursions over that road must be taken before its full magnificence can be realized.

It is rare that tourists pass over the summits of those hills without giving full expression to the feelings of surprise and pleasure they experience. From the summit of the Malahat Drive, where the motorist mounts the well-known loop, an unobstructed view is obtained. A scene such as might please the eye of any painter, on a clear summer's day stretches as far as the eye can see.

Peering down, one sees some twelve hundred feet below, at the base of cliffs and rocky crags the sparkling fjord-like waters of the Saanich Arm, that stretch of peaceful inland water, which winds its shores by the conches of rolling hills. Beyond those waters the tourist is presented with a scene of picturesque farming land. Green stretches of grain fields with here and there a fringe of yellow appeared scattered over the landscape while expanses of pasture land are noted on their borders. Narrow lines receding in the distance speak to the observer of the roads and highways that have made possible the development of those areas, formerly the homes of unbroken forests.

Yet the eye may wander still further and see beyond that land the distant waters of the Straits and the connecting channels to the Gulf of Georgia, where pass those well-known steamers, visible to the motorist as he passes at the summit of the mountain drive.

It is a highway such as this, with its almost limitless course, through the borders of Vancouver Island that is drawing to these shores year by year ever increasing numbers of tourists from Eastern Canada and the United States.

THE CENTRE FOR Men's Outing Togs

J. N. Harvey, Ltd.

Note These Values:

MEN'S SPORTS SHIRTS.
With new convertible collar, plain white or with fancy collars, at \$1.10 and \$1.35

CELLULAR TENNIS SHIRTS
With collar attached, also white duck \$1.25

ATHLETIC UNION SUITS
Knee length, short sleeves, \$1.00

BALBRIGGAN UNION SUITS
Long legs, short sleeves, \$1.00

WHITE LISLE SOCKS
3 pairs \$1.00

J. N. HARVEY LIMITED
614-616 Yates Street
Also 125-127 Hastings St., Vancouver.

SHAWNIGAN BORDERED BY YOUNG FORESTS

Scenery Becoming More Picturesque Year by Year; Development is Noted

What was once frequented only by the beasts of the forest, by bears, wolves and the more timid deer fleeing from the pursuing arrow of the Red Man, has now become one of the most popular summer resorts of the south-western portion of Vancouver Island. Shawnigan Lake, the very name of which denotes those ancient haunts of the Indian, still retains enough of those old associations to give it the true appearance of the Canadian forest lands. Without exhausting the powers of the imagination one can recall to mind scenes that might well have been depicted on the shores of the lake.

Many a picturesque vision was visualized on the surface of those waters, as the sun-set, which now attracts the tourist and camper, flooded the whole land with a brilliant ruddiness and reflected in the mirror-like surface the forms of Indian and his frail canoe. Those days have gone, but they have given place to a civilization which is less simple nevertheless retains much of that picturesque quality of the forest and country scene.

The shores of Shawnigan are now dotted here and there with prosperous little homesteads. Broad stretches of hay lands, fruitful orchards, gardens rich with the stores of vegetables are no uncommon sight in the district. Some of the most attractive pictures that the Island presents may be found there, such as the city man delights to view when he leaves for a season the bustle and activities of the business world, for the quietness of the vacation months.

As a place for boating, canoeing and swimming, Shawnigan has long stood in the front rank among the resorts of Vancouver Island. Its position of easy access to the cities and towns of the community has done much to establish its reputation in this respect. For the angler, too, it is not less popular. Some Victorians who have visited the Lake have returned to report that good fortune did not smile on them until they shouldered their rods and climbed to the rocky course of some mountain

WHERE TO GO AND HOW TO GET THERE

BEACON HILL PARK, within 15 minutes' walk of the centre of the city, or can be reached by street car No. 3.

BRENTWOOD, on Saanich Inlet, about three-quarters of an hour by automobile from the city, or by the B. C. Interurban railway.

CADBORO BAY, with a beautiful sandy beach. Take street car No. 9. The terminus of the street railway is at the Uplands, about half a mile from the bay.

WILLOWS BEACH. Take No. 9 car and get off at Seaview Ave. Beautiful sandy beach, bathing facilities, boating, municipal park, and refreshments.

CORDOVA BAY, with a lovely sandy beach, at the foot of Mount Douglas. Auto stages leave the city at frequent intervals.

COWICHAN LAKE. This is a famous fishing resort. Take the E. & N. train from Victoria. Some of the finest timber on the island can be seen en route to the lake.

CAMPBELL RIVER. This is the most famous salmon fishing resort on the continent. It can be reached by automobile from Victoria.

FOWL BAY. A lovely spot, and a popular bathing resort, within two and a half miles from the city. Take car No. 6.

GORGE PARK. A natural park that seems to become more attractive every year. Take car No. 5.

OAK BAY. A beautiful suburban resort. Take car No. 1.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE, twenty-six miles from Victoria. Fishing, shooting, camping, and bathing. Take the E. & N. train.

DOMINION GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, housing the largest telescope in the world; on Saanich Mountain, seven miles from Victoria. Reached by auto and interurban railway.

WE ARE GIVING FREE

2 cakes Palm Olive Soap, 25¢, with a bottle of Palm Olive Shampoo, 50¢ or a box of Palm Olive Face Powder, 50¢

Ivel's Pharmacy
1200 Douglas St., Cor. View
Phone 2863 for Your Drug Wants
Have You a Kodak Yet? See Us About It

FOUND

Not a bull pup or a lady's muff—but a beach tea room that supplies first grade goods at moderate prices and offers ample and adequate accommodation. Tea and lunches from 25c. Tea, bread and butter or cake, 35c. Hot water for guests. Twenty bathing boxes for ladies and gents, also costumes. Boats, canoe and fishing tackle. Free picnic tables. Parties especially catered for.

BEACH HOUSE Cadboro Bay

Pichon & Lenfesty

567 JOHNSON STREET.
FISHING TACKLE THAT'S FIT FOR FISHING

GEO. R. HARRIS & D. SMITH

HARRIS & SMITH
Bicycles, Fishing Tackle, Guns and Ammunition
1220 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.
Phone 3177

DON'T FORGET THE Little Arctic Cordova Bay

For Ice Cream, Soft Drinks, Afternoon Tea, Groceries at city prices. Boats for hire. Picnic parties especially catered to. Ice Cream by the gallon. Particulars phone C. C. SMITH, Prop., Cordova Bay.

Stage leaves Northwestern Creamery for Cordova Bay Daily, 11 a.m.

Strathcona Lodge, Shawnigan Lake, B.C.

Strathcona Lodge is undoubtedly the most beautiful country hotel on Vancouver Island. It is 14 hours' run on the E. & N. Railway from Victoria and 20 miles by the Island Highway, over the famous Malahat Drive, which is wonderfully beautiful and full of interest to the motorist. If you are fond of fishing, boating, shooting, tennis, mountain climbing you will find abundant occupation. Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00 per day; \$20 to \$30 per week; American plan. The hotel is under the management of Mr. M. A. Wylde, who is one of the most noted sportsmen on Vancouver Island and his guests can rely on receiving the best of attention and information at his hands. For further information address M. A. WYLDE.

Take No NOTICE

of cranks who want park boulevards and open seats on the beach.

Fowl Bay Beach

Equal to any better than many surpassed by none.

For beauty, safety and cleanliness. City prices for any of all picnic requisites at

"The Boomerang"

"The Cake of Quality" COLONIAL CAKES

Delicious, Nutritious, Wholesome. Invaluable for picnic and outing parties. Packed in waxlike paper, in cardboard boxes. Half-pound cakes, 15c.

AT ALL GROCERS.

Gorge Park Boat House

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JACK ALLEN, Proprietor.

Dance Excursion to Deep Bay

Via B. C. Electric Saanich Division

THURSDAY, AUG. 9

Trains leave Victoria (corner Douglas and Pandora) at 7 and 7:30 p.m.; Returning, leave Deep Bay at 9 and 10:45 p.m. Good floor and good music.

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SAVIRA LODGE SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Take afternoon train, 2:30, E. & N. R., to 25-Mile Post. Excellent boating, bathing and fishing. Home cooking.

MRS. H. H. MOLONY.

URGES NECESSITY OF CONTINUED EFFORT

Dean Speaks at Open-Air Concert Re Red Cross Needs

A determined effort to re-energize and encourage the work of the Red Cross has been set afoot by the headquarters of the Victoria and district branch, which for some time past has been calling attention to the urgent need for increased funds. The open-air concert given last night by the Arion Club was, therefore, very timely both in cause and effect, and through Dean Quainton the audience gathered in the Parliament Buildings grounds in the evening learned many interesting things as to the disposal of the moneys and supplies which pass through the hands of the patriotic organization which has done so much since the beginning of the present war in the cause of the wounded and disabled men.

After its customary fashion, the choir's opening number was "Ecce Quam Bonam," Mr. Frank Sehl and Mr. Herbert Kent between them doing the duties of conductor. The musically voiced voices carry well in the open air and the various numbers rendered were delightful, the audience showing appreciation by the most hearty applause. The following was the programme:

"O Canada," "Suomi's Song," "Water Song," "Proposal," "Archers' Marching Song," "Men of Harlech," "The Beleaguered," "Night Witchery,"

POTATO COMPETITION

J. W. Gibson Speaks Highly of Plots at Summerland, While on Tour of Inspection.

A Summerland dispatch states that J. W. Gibson, Director of Elementary Agricultural Education, when in that town during the latter part of last week expressed himself as favorably impressed with the condition of the fourteen plots in the Boys' and Girls' Potato Competition which are being cultivated in that district. Each plot contains one-tenth of an acre, and all appeared to be in first class condition. The youthful agriculturists of Summerland are much encouraged by the thought that their prospects for taking the provincial prize are bright.

The complete marking of all plots throughout the province has not been completed, but Mr. Gibson in scoring one of the Summerland gardens stated that a very high average had been reached.

Each contestant in the potato competition will be required to send 20 pounds of his crop to the seed farm, where the vegetables will be again marked on the basis of 100. Following this there will be another opportunity for competition, by writing a report of the season's experiment. These competitions will also be decided on the percentage marking. The students making the highest mark on the whole will be awarded a substantial prize by the Department of Agriculture.

Contests are also being held in the raising of pigs, calves and poultry.

Fishing on Thompson.—The fishing in the Thompson River in the vicinity of Ashcroft has improved but is not so good as it has been.

LETTER BOX

Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written. The longer an article the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for MSS. submitted to the Editor.

FRIEND OF TAXATION.

To the Editor.—May I be permitted to point out to your readers that a fitting climax to the long drawn out discussion on the taxation of church properties has been reached in a statement by the Bishop of Victoria, dated July 27th, to the effect that the churches will not go out of business despite the burdens they are made unjustly to bear. Of a certainty, very few people were unaware that the various church organizations existed for any other purpose than to give value for value received, even though not exactly in a commercial sense. Yet it is most fitting that the announcement should come from the Bishop of Victoria himself. This does not mean that the services of a barber and a clergyman are on the same level; there is in fact a gulf between the two professions, but there is no valid reason why either should be exempt from liability in the matter of providing and keeping in repair the various public utilities inseparable from community life.

Very few taxpayers need telling anything about excessive taxation. Churches and barber shops and farms all share that burden, and not because of any particular system of taxation, but because of the original costs in labor and materials. Suppose these costs in labor and materials continue

When Visiting the Gorge DON'T FORGET the Gorge Hotel

C. GANNOR, Prop.

BATHING SUITS
Children's Bathing Suits—Prices, suit from 50c to \$1.25
Ladies' or Gents' Bathing Suits—Prices, suit from \$1.25 to \$5.00
Bathing Caps—Prices, each from 35c to \$1.00

PEDEN BROS.
1321 Government St. Phone 617

To Build Mill.—A new lumber mill is to be constructed at Bainbridge Sliding, about six miles from Port Alberni, on the Loop. Preliminary work has already been commenced, and construction will be rushed through to completion without delay. The mill, when ready for operation, will cut 50,000 feet per day and will ship its product by railway to eastern points. The contractor in charge is Mr. Mackenzie of Vancouver, who was manager for the Municipal Construction Company when the Port Alberni waterworks system was installed. The mill is said to be for a Vancouver syndicate.

Marked Increase.—Figures compiled from Government statistics show that in 1914 the tonnage exported from the Sumnerland Valley amounted to 31,558 tons, valued at \$95,985, while in 1916 the tonnage had jumped to \$2,248 tons, with a value of \$2,322,549. This shows an increase in two years of 22,490 tons, carrying value of nearly a million and a half dollars, or to be exact, \$1,248,564. During the three years since the outbreak of the war, the statement continues, the Okanagan has contributed 20 per cent of its entire population to the fighting forces of the Empire.

Bear Was Shot.—If a young grizzly bear had agreed to stay good and being captured, a British Columbia zoo might have had an added member. A cowboy working for the Douglas Lake Cattle Company on the range east of Kamloops caught the young grizzly with a lariat and brought it into camp. He also succeeded in getting a collar and chain on it. Game Warden Bryan Williams heard of the catch and sent word to have it kept for Stanley Park, where there is room in the bear pen for another young grizzly. Before his letter arrived the baby bear had rewarded the attempts of his captor by feeding it by chewing up one trouser leg and part of one foot and had been dispatched by a rifle shot.

WOMEN WHO FADE EARLY

How often we hear the expression, "How she has faded!" or "Hain't she grown old!" Her friends see it. Her husband sees it. She realizes it herself with a pang. Often she knows the reason, some female derangement has fastened itself upon her and makes it almost impossible for her to drag around from day to day. Such women should remember there is one tried and true remedy for their condition, and that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for more than forty years has been restoring women to health and happiness. Try it!

TO CLIMB UPWARDS, EITHER IMPROVEMENTS OF ALL KINDS MUST CEASE OR TAXATION WILL STILL ADVANCE, AND AS IT ADVANCES, PRIVATE RIGHTS, OR IN OTHER WORDS, "LAND OWNERSHIP," WILL GRADUALLY BE RELINQUISHED.

The taxing power is even now the proprietary power. Then why should not the churches in the present instance, while being taxed beyond endurance, commit themselves to the tender mercies of the governing bodies under whose jurisdiction they exist, and so in a perfectly natural fashion become exempt from taxation as are the other institutions of public instruction—the schools?

Let me suggest to the Bishop of Victoria that there is a combination of bitter and sweet in the general effects of democratic or majority rule in any country. And yet this particular form of majority government is the safest and best. The patriarchs and kings had their day, and so did the bishops. The people are having their day now, and although a certain amount of blundering is evident enough, and more than heavy enough in many cases, there can be no turning back to old experiments. The ship of state must go forward even if the rock of disaster is in sight. Personal claims and ambitions look like rocks ahead. I suggest that history will acclaim that church organization which first throws up its private interests in land and offers its united talents for the sole worldly welfare of all the people of the common state. I question if exemption from taxation can justly be conceded under any other arrangement.

PHILIP HOLLOWAY.
Saanichton, Aug. 5.

FOOD CONTROL AND ECONOMY.

To the Editor.—Much is said in these days about food control and economy. I would like to say in regard to the above, if all men in the country, no matter what rank or file, were put on the private soldier's pay for the duration of the war and be obliged to pay their way, we

A SOLDIER'S WIFE

The good priest had come to his parishioner after the funeral of the latter's mother-in-law to express condolence. "And what complaint was it, Pat," he asked sympathetically, "that carried the old lady off?" "Kumplaint, did you ask, father?" answered Pat. "There was nought in it, but a complaint from anybody. Everybody was satisfied."

PHILIP HOLLOWAY.

How often we hear the expression, "How she has faded!" or "Hain't she grown old!" Her friends see it. Her husband sees it. She realizes it herself with a pang. Often she knows the reason, some female derangement has fastened itself upon her and makes it almost impossible for her to drag around from day to day. Such women should remember there is one tried and true remedy for their condition, and that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for more than forty years has been restoring women to health and happiness. Try it!

Buy a Farm And Be Independent

Here are a few bargains close to Victoria to choose from:

150 ACRES on Salt Spring Island, 12 cultivated, portion shabed, small orchard, dwelling and various outbuildings; half mile sea frontage; only \$5,000.

50 ACRES at Cordova Bay, 20 cultivated, large dwelling, barn, poultry houses, C.N.R. runs through property, \$100 per acre.

42 ACRES on sea front, Perry Bay, Matchless, partly cleared, only \$150 per acre (big snap). Will sell half at same figure.

25 ACRES at Metcalfe, two-thirds cultivated, only \$150 per acre.

9 ACRES of choice land, all cultivated, opposite church and school, Metcalfe district, only \$25 per acre.

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WIRELESS REPORTS

Aug. 7, 8 a.m.

Point Grey—Overcast; calm; 30.4; 50; hazy seaward.

Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light; 30.2; 53; sea smooth. Spoke str Venture, 5.10 a.m., leaving Campbell River, southbound; spoke str Princess May, 8.15 a.m., passing Sisters Island, southbound.

Pachena—Cloudy; calm; 30.2; 55; sea smooth.

Estevan—Overcast; calm; 29.8; 51; sea smooth.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.5; 54; sea smooth.

Triangle—Fog; calm; 30.1; 51; dense seaward.

Dead Tree Point—Overcast; calm; 30.1; 54; sea smooth.

Ibda Bay—Cloudy; N. E., fresh; 29.8; 56; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Fog; calm; 30.2; 62; sea smooth; dense seawards.

Noon.

Point Grey—Overcast; calm; 30.1; 62; hazy seaward.

Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light; 30.1; 57; sea smooth. Spoke str Princess Rupert; abeam, 11 a. m., southbound.

Pachena—Cloudy; S. E. light; 30.3; 60; sea smooth.

Katevan—Overcast; calm; 29.8; 56; sea smooth.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.1; 55; sea smooth. Passed out, str Camosun, 10.45 a. m., southbound.

Triangle—Fog; calm; 30.1; 55; dense seaward. Spoke str Princess Ena, 10.30 a. m., Queen Charlotte Sound, northbound.

Dead Tree Point—Clear; N. 30.2; 65; sea smooth.

Ibda Bay—Overcast; N. W.; 29.8; 57; sea moderate.

Prince Rupert—Clear; calm; 30.4; 64; sea smooth. Spoke str Northwestern, 10.20 a. m., at Kasan, northbound.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Time of sunrise and sunset (Pacific standard) at Victoria, B. C., for the month of August, 1917.

Day	Sunrise	Sunset	
Hour	Min.	Hour	Min.
AUG 1	4 48	7 30	
AUG 2	4 49	7 48	
AUG 3	4 50	7 47	
AUG 4	4 51	7 47	
AUG 5	4 52	7 47	
AUG 6	4 53	7 47	
AUG 7	4 54	7 47	
AUG 8	4 55	7 47	
AUG 9	4 56	7 47	
AUG 10	4 57	7 47	
AUG 11	4 58	7 47	
AUG 12	4 59	7 47	
AUG 13	5 00	7 47	
AUG 14	5 01	7 47	
AUG 15	5 02	7 47	
AUG 16	5 03	7 47	
AUG 17	5 04	7 47	
AUG 18	5 05	7 47	
AUG 19	5 06	7 47	
AUG 20	5 07	7 47	
AUG 21	5 08	7 47	
AUG 22	5 09	7 47	
AUG 23	5 10	7 47	
AUG 24	5 11	7 47	
AUG 25	5 12	7 47	
AUG 26	5 13	7 47	
AUG 27	5 14	7 47	
AUG 28	5 15	7 47	
AUG 29	5 16	7 47	
AUG 30	5 17	7 47	
AUG 31	5 18	7 47	

The Observatory, Gonzales Heights, Victoria, B. C.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR GOVERNMENT WOODEN STEAMERS

Details of Hull Construction and Engines Covering Vessels Building for Board

OF STANDARD DESIGN TO LLOYD'S REQUIREMENTS

Owing to the pressing demand for tonnage to augment the fleets of the Entente nations, standard specifications were adopted for the wholesale construction of wooden steamers at the time the programme of the Imperial Munitions Board was inaugurated. In regard to the wooden vessels to be constructed, several of which are already under way in British Columbia shipyards, a general specification, with plans of general arrangement and amidship section, were prepared. They are not intended to furnish working details, but are to be treated as general data intended to indicate in outline the class and construction of vessel required. The details of hull construction, fastening, etc., in specification, are such as will meet in general with the approval of Lloyd's and the Board's technical advisers, but nothing in the specification will relieve the contractor from the responsibility of employing a skilled staff to work out detail drawings and submit proposals for such details to the Classification Society and to the Board's advisers, who will, however, give all assistance in their power to help contractors, without accepting responsibility for the proper carrying out of the contract.

The vessels are to be built to Lloyd's requirements for A1 classification and to the British Board of Trade requirements, as far as necessary for cargo steamers. The hull's dimensions are as follows: Length between perpendiculars, 250 feet; extreme breadth, 42 feet; moulded breadth, 42 feet; moulded depth, 25 feet; depth over keel, 27 feet; draught for displacement, 22 feet; draught over keel, 21 feet; draught on 20-foot maximum draught to Lloyd's summer freeboard, approximately 2.50 tons; deadweight on 21-foot maximum draught, approximately 2,900 tons.

The hull is to be divided by four bulkheads, viz., collision and aft peak bulkheads and bulkheads at fore and aft ends of machinery space. All lumber to be used in construction is to be Douglas fir, unless otherwise specified. Each vessel is to be fitted with top-splined fore-castle and combined poop and bridge, two masts and derrick posts with cargo gear (four hatches with five steam winches), windlass with outfit and gear, deep water ballast tank for approximately 400 tons of water accommodation for officers and crew, bridge house, with navigation bridge to be located at the forward end of the combined poop and bridge, officers and engineers to be housed alongside engine-room casing. There is to be electric lighting equipment of 750 kilowatt capacity, driven by single cylinder, forced lubrication engine to be supplied with all cables, fittings, lamps and switchboard. Each vessel is to be provided with two A class lifeboats to British Board of Trade requirements, one on each side of the vessel, each fitted with yellow metal air tanks, compass, etc., and each boat to be capable of taking the whole crew, a dinghy and service boat are also to be supplied, and all boats are to be supported in davits to the Classification Society's requirements.

The machinery is to consist of one set of triple expansion surface condensing engines to develop 1,000 indicated horse power at sea at 55 to 70 revolutions per minute; cylinders, approximately 20, 35 and 54 inches diameter; air circulating, feed and bilge pumps to be driven by belt from main engine; general service pump of duplex type to be fitted to serve as boiler feed pump; main feed pump of simplex long feed type, fresh water pump, duplex, 100 tons capacity; exhaust surface type feed heater; evaporator of 15 tons capacity; auxiliary condenser for winches; feed filter of gravity tank type; two boilers of Dowry water-tube type, three furnaces design, for forced draught and fitted for coal or oil consumption, and oil burning installation pumps to be fitted.

After completion, the trials are to consist of a 5-hour set run at full power, and the builder must guarantee workmanship and material for six months after delivery.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Seattle, Aug. 6.—Arrived: Str Northland, San Pedro, via San Francisco; str Port Angeles, San Francisco, via Port Angeles. Sailed: Motor str Brazil, Oriental ports; str Admiral Schley, San Pedro, via San Francisco; str City of Seattle, Southeastern Alaska; str Mexico Maru, Hongkong, via way ports; str Santa Rita, west coast, via San Francisco; str D. G. Seefield, San Francisco, via Point Wells; str Stolt Nielsen, Oriental ports.

Port San Luis, Aug. 6.—Arrived: Str Leyman Stewart, from Seattle.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Sailed: Str Governor, for San Diego. Arrived: Str Beaver, from Portland; str San Juan and Gor. Forbes.

Tacoma, Aug. 6.—Arrived: Bge Acapulco, from San Francisco, in tow of tug Henry J. Biddle; str Shinkoku Maru, from the Orient.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 6.—Arrived: Str W. F. Herrin, from San Francisco. Sailed: Str Ceilio, for San Pedro.

Ketchikan, Aug. 5.—Sailed: Str Portland, northbound; str Al-Ki, southbound.

MALAHAT WILL TAKE PLUNGE AT LATE HOUR

Launching Fixed for 8.33 p. m. on Saturday; Activity at Cameron Plant

Making her association with the briny in the moonlight coupled with the glare of electricity, the schooner Malahat will take her plunge from the ways at the Cameron-Genoa shipyard at 8.33 o'clock, or thereabouts, on Saturday night. It was officially stated this morning that the launching of the newly-completed hull will take place about that hour to get full advantage of the tide. Incidentally it will mark a double launching of vessels of exactly the same type, as arrangements have been completed by the Wallace Shipbuilding Company to launch the schooner Marie forward at about the same hour from the ways at North Vancouver.

A. Wallace, of the North Vancouver plant, was in the city yesterday, when final details were completed for the double launching. As in the case of the schooner Esquimalt, there will be an absence of ceremony. The wedges will be knocked away and as she is released the vessel will glide into the waters of the upper harbor, automatically taking the name of Malahat. The Malahat will make her maiden voyage under sail because of delayed delivery of her Bolinder engines.

The planking of the fifth schooner, the Jean Steedman, which rests on adjoining ways, has been started, five strakes on either side of the keel having been complete to-day. The ceiling has been completed and the deck beams are being put in. Another month will see this vessel ready to take to her native element.

The square framing is completed on the sixth hull and to-night a start will be made in fitting the keelsons. This schooner will complete the local contract for six vessels placed with the Cameron-Genoa Mills Shipbuilders, Ltd., by the Canada West Coast Navigation Company.

CARELMAPU BEING BROKEN UP FOR JUNK

Shipbreakers to Remove Valuable Metal From Vessel Ashore at Portland Point

The work of demolishing the shattered hull of the Chilean ship Carelmapu, which since the winter of 1915 has been lying a battered and broken wreck on the rockbound shores of the west coast of Vancouver Island, has been put under way by a company of shipbreakers, and by the time the second anniversary comes round there will be but little of the sailing craft left to recall the worst marine disaster on this coast in recent years.

Some time ago it was reported that the remnants of the Carelmapu had been disposed of to a firm of junk dealers who were prepared to break her up with a view to recovering the large amount of valuable metal contained in the hull.

The Carelmapu was wrecked at Portland Point, near the Lennard Island lighthouse, at the entrance to Clayoquot Sound, on the afternoon of November 25, 1915, when eighteen members of her crew of 23 lost their lives. The ship was bound from Chilean ports to Puget Sound when she was caught in a living gale while endeavoring to beat her way into the Straits. Her canvas was rent into shreds and under bare poles she was driven relentlessly toward the rocky shores of Vancouver Island. She fetched up off Portland Point, driving in between two ledges of rock, breaking her back when a 60-foot sea hurled the vessel clean over the partly submerged rocks.

The tragedy was witnessed by a crew and many passengers aboard the C. P. R. steamer Princess Maquinna, which under the guidance of Capt. Edward Gillan, the veteran West Coast navigator, stood by in a dangerous spot for several hours in an effort to render assistance to the unfortunate men on the broken sailing vessel. So furious was the gale that the Princess Maquinna, with anchors out and steaming ahead at full power, miraculously escaped being driven shorewards and suffering a similar fate. Capt. Fernando Deslandes and four members of the Carelmapu's crew managed to reach shore in a terribly exhausted condition and were picked up the following day. On sufficiently recovering from their terrible experience at Tofino they were brought to Victoria. Only a few bodies of the eighteen men lost were recovered. The Carelmapu was formerly the British ship Kinross, built in 1877 by W. H. Potter & Sons at Liverpool. She was a vessel of 1,447 gross tons.

DECKHANDS STRIKE ON COLUMBIA RIVER

Portland, Aug. 7.—Several steamboats operating along the Columbia and Willamette rivers to-day were tied at their docks while others were running short-handed or with new crews as the result of a strike last night and to-day of deckhands belonging to the Marine Transport Industrial Union, which was called by the union in sympathy with the Industrial Workers of the World.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

SQUARE FRAMING OF FIRST STEAMER IS NOW COMPLETE

Rapid Work at Cameron-Genoa Plant; Second Keel Down at Foundation Yard

Within twenty days from the actual laying down of the keel, the square framing of the first steamer under construction for the Imperial Munitions Board on this coast has been completed. At the shipyards of the Cameron-Genoa Mills Shipbuilders, Ltd. The keel for this vessel was laid on July 18, and so rapidly have the square frames been bolted into position that to-day the casual observer could get a good idea of the proportions of the vessel when she will be in a completed state. To-day workmen are engaged in putting in floors for the engine bed, officials of the company estimate that it will take about five months to complete the first hull in readiness for the installation of the engines. The first launching will take place about the beginning of December, and, with the large number of vessels now under way, from that time forward launchings of these craft will be a frequent occurrence. Arrangements have been completed for the laying down of the second keel at the Cameron-Genoa yard next week, when, with the floating of the schooner Malahat on Saturday, another building ways will be available. The keel strakes are being scarfed and with the plant driving at top speed, there will be no delay in executing the Government contracts.

At Foundation Shipyard.

The second keel is being laid down at the yard of the Foundation Company, Ltd., of British Columbia, three of the strakes having been jacked in position on the keel blocks, while the forward timber is lying alongside ready to be hoisted into place. This is expected to be completed to-night, so it can be said that the second keel has been laid at this plant.

The framing platform has been completed at the head of Keel No. 3, and it is planned to start the erection of the square frames immediately. The big mill is now in operation and a large number of frame pieces have already been turned out by the band saw. Two other ground ways have been put down on the site and the keel sticks for hull No. 3 have been hauled out of the water. There has been a tremendous development at this yard during the past few weeks. The site has been completely transformed. Double shifts are now being worked and by the end of the month it is anticipated that four ships will be under construction.

U. S. HEAD TAX REGULATION HAS BEEN RELAXED

Seattle, Aug. 7.—The enforcement of the \$5 head tax imposed on Canadians coming to the United States has been relaxed, and discretion has now been lodged in immigration commissioners and their deputies as to whether the tax should be collected or not.

Under the former regulations, the tax had to be collected from all Canadians who come into this country to reside permanently or as mere tourists.

Railway and shipping companies charged that this worked a great hardship on tourists and traveling men, and a protest was sent to Secretary W. B. Wilson, of the Federal Department of Labor, by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club, urging that the regulation be modified so as to apply only to Canadians who come to this country to permanently reside. Immigration Commissioner Henry M. White, of Seattle, endorsed the suggestion of local railway and shipping interests, with the result that the head tax is no longer to be collected from those whom he and his deputies are satisfied are mere tourists or traveling men.

Mr. White says, however, that instead of the head tax penalty, the modified regulation provides for the punishment of anyone who is subsequently found guilty of a violation of the regulation.

TIDE TABLE.

August.				
Date.	Time H. T. Time H. T. Time H. T. Time H. T.			
h. m.	ft. h. m. ft. h. m. ft. h. m. ft.			
1	7:32 0.4	10:40 0.2	1:48 0.2	4:56 0.2
2	8:12 0.2	11:21 0.1	12:29 0.1	5:45 0.1
3	8:52 0.1	12:02 0.0	1:18 0.0	6:34 0.0
4	9:32 0.0	12:43 0.0	2:07 0.0	7:23 0.0
5	10:12 0.0	1:24 0.0	2:56 0.0	8:12 0.0
6	10:52 0.0	2:05 0.0	3:45 0.0	9:01 0.0
7	11:32 0.0	2:46 0.0	4:34 0.0	9:50 0.0
8	12:12 0.0	3:27 0.0	5:23 0.0	10:39 0.0
9	12:52 0.0	4:08 0.0	6:12 0.0	11:28 0.0
10	1:32 0.0	4:49 0.0	7:01 0.0	12:17 0.0
11	2:12 0.0	5:30 0.0	7:50 0.0	1:06 0.0
12	2:52 0.0	6:11 0.0	8:39 0.0	1:55 0.0
13	3:32 0.0	6:52 0.0	9:28 0.0	2:44 0.0
14	4:12 0.0	7:33 0.0	10:17 0.0	3:33 0.0
15	4:52 0.0	8:14 0.0	11:06 0.0	4:22 0.0
16	5:32 0.0	8:55 0.0	11:55 0.0	5:11 0.0
17	6:12 0.0	9:36 0.0	12:44 0.0	6:00 0.0
18	6:52 0.0	10:17 0.0	1:33 0.0	6:49 0.0
19	7:32 0.0	10:58 0.0	2:22 0.0	7:38 0.0
20	8:12 0.0	11:39 0.0	3:11 0.0	8:27 0.0
21	8:52 0.0	12:20 0.0	4:00 0.0	9:16 0.0
22	9:32 0.0	1:01 0.0	4:89 0.0	10:05 0.0
23	10:12 0.0	1:42 0.0	4:78 0.0	10:54 0.0
24	10:52 0.0	2:23 0.0	5:67 0.0	11:43 0.0
25	11:32 0.0	3:04 0.0	6:56 0.0	12:32 0.0
26	12:12 0.0	3:45 0.0	7:45 0.0	1:21 0.0
27	12:52 0.0	4:26 0.0	8:34 0.0	2:10 0.0
28	1:32 0.0	5:07 0.0	9:23 0.0	2:59 0.0
29	2:12 0.0	5:48 0.0	10:12 0.0	3:48 0.0
30	2:52 0.0	6:29 0.0	11:01 0.0	4:37 0.0
31	3:32 0.0	7:10 0.0	11:50 0.0	5:26 0.0

The time used is Pacific standard for the 120th Meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water. Where blanks occur in the table, the tide rises or falls continuously during two successive tidal periods without turning. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot, above the average level of lower low water.

Footnote.—To find the depth of water on the sill of the dry dock at any tide, add 19.5 feet to the height of high water as above given.

SCHOONER IDA ETTA UNDERGOING REPAIRS

Former Sealing Craft Will Shortly Resume Interrupted Voyage.

After undergoing extensive repairs at Seattle the former Victoria sealing schooner Ida Etta will shortly resume her interrupted voyage to San Francisco. The Ida Etta was towed into Port Townsend July 29 from sea with four feet of water in her hold, leaking seams being responsible for her plight. The craft was taken to the King & Winge yards at West Seattle a few days ago, where she is being recaulked and having new frames, now planing and new masts installed.

Purchased from A. J. Bechtel, of this city, by Atkins, Kroll & Co., of San Francisco, the Ida Etta proceeded to Port Angeles, where she took aboard a cargo of railroad ties for San Francisco. On reaching the open sea her seams opened and she started to leak badly, being forced to put back and was picked up in the Straits. The vessel saw long service in northern waters as a sealing schooner before the local sealers were prohibited from hunting by international treaty. In company with a number of other vessels of her class she lay at anchor here for a number of years, being purchased but a few weeks ago by Atkins, Kroll & Co. As soon as repairs have been completed at Seattle the vessel will again set out for San Francisco. On her arrival at the Golden Gate it is the intention of the owners to equip her with a powerful auxiliary engine and operate her in the coastal freighting trade.

WATCHFUL PERSONS GET WINTER'S FUEL SUPPLY WITHOUT COST

Winter has 5 terrors for a large number of residents in the immediate vicinity of Dallas Road, between Holland Point and the breakerwater. Yesterday morning a scowload of cord wood was being towed along the waterfront in the direction of the harbor, when, owing to some unexplained cause, part of the wood jettisoned itself, and as the tug slackened the strain on the tow line, the scow cantled to an angle that sent the whole shipment over the side. A friendly tide raised the floating wood shorewards, and farsighted residents of that particular section of the waterfront proceeded to reap the benefit resulting from the mishap. Throughout the day wood was stacked on the shore and carted away in every kind of a vehicle, from the regulation hand truck to a perambulator.

GREAT BRITAIN HAS CHECKED PROFITTEERING

Important Reforms Inaugurated by Authorities; Saving in Purchases of Supplies

The report issued yesterday by War Office contractors is a comforting reading. It reveals the gratifying fact from a quarter which past experience would justify us in calling unexpected that profiteering has been checked and contractors properly controlled, says a London exchange. After the appointment of Mr. U. F. Wintour as Director of Army Contracts, over two years ago, reforms were at once introduced. Army supplies outside munitions were running to such dimensions that the old system was out of date, and arrangements were made to buy supplies on the basis of the cost of production and eliminate the artificial conditions created by the war.

The system first introduced by arrangement afterwards received statutory authority, and was carried very much further. The output of factories was requisitioned, prices fixed, and in the case of some prime materials, such as wool, the raw material was bought and the whole production was controlled through all the process of manufacture. Contractors and manufacturers were left a reasonable profit. The colossal range and volume of business carried on by the department may be gauged from the following:

The department is responsible for the provision of the stores and supplies required for the army, with the broad exceptions of munitions, mechanical transport, aeronautical supplies and certain railway and engineering stores. The value of purchases during the war has been over £700,000,000, including £200,000,000 on behalf of the Allies. The present annual value of purchases is about £250,000,000, including about £100,000,000 for the Allies. Among the purchases during the war are included: Cloth—195 million yards; Flannel—115 million yards; Knives, forks and spoons—35 millions; Bacon—400 million lbs.; Cheese—167 million lbs.; Jam—260 million tins; Preserved meat—600 million rations; Boots—35 million pairs; Smoke helmets—25 millions; Forage—40 millions.

It is pointed out in the report that competitive tendering was not applicable under the new conditions. The War Office wanted good quality of goods as well as fair prices. There is no secrecy. Contractors must submit their books, showing cost of material from invoices, wages from their wages book, and all other charges are checked.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

S.S. "Prince Rupert" S.S. "Prince George"

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Alaska Round Trip \$66

INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS EN ROUTE

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Canadian Pacific Steamers

Leave Victoria every Friday at 11 p. m., and Vancouver every Saturday at 9 p. m., calling at all the principal ports and Taku Glacier on northbound trip.

Full particulars from any C. P. R. agent, or write
H. W. Brodie, General Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

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SAILINGS TO NORTHERN B. C. PORTS

S. S. "Camosun" sails from Victoria, Evans-Coleman Dock, every Wednesday at 11 p. m., for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Soledad, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Takush Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS INLET Canneries, Namsi, OCEAN FALLS and BETHLA COOLA.

S. S. "Ventura" sails from Vancouver every Tuesday at 11 p. m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namsi, Bella Bella, SURF INLET, Hartley Bay, SEKIENA RIVER, Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson and NAAS RIVER Canneries.

S. S. "Chelohain" leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 p. m. EAST DIRECT SERVICE to OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANTOX, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namsi, Swanson Bay, Butedale.

GEO. McGREGOR, Agent, 1003 Government St. Phone 125.

DAY STEAMER TO SEATTLE

THE S.S. "Sol Duc"

Leaves C. P. R. Wharf daily except Sunday at 10.30 a. m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving Seattle 7.15 p. m. Returning, leaves Seattle daily except Saturday at midnight, arriving Victoria 8.30 a. m.

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E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent, 1234 Government St. Phone 65.

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"TURN ON THE LIGHT" SAYS TORONTO PAPER

Saturday Night Makes Strong Comment on the O'Connor Charges—Demands a Real Investigation of the Facts.

Toronto Saturday Night recently published a strong article on the report of Commissioner O'Connor regarding the operations of eastern cold-storage companies. The Toronto weekly said in part:

The revelations contained in the report of the Cost of Living Commission, recently presented to Parliament by the Minister of Labor, the same having been prepared by W. F. O'Connor, have astounded Canada. That a leading citizen, honored with a baronetcy by his King for "Services rendered the Empire," should be charged with what is, perhaps, the most sordid and despicable trafficking, namely, the accumulation of great wealth out of the blood and agony of those who fight in the trenches, and of their women and children who are living scantily on the pittance of a soldier's pay, arouses every element of resentment. Either Sir Joseph Flavelle is guilty, or he is the snow white victim of a deep-laid plot. The O'Connor report is either true in fact and substance, or is a pack of lies, manufactured out of whole cloth.

Joseph Wesley Flavelle is not a private citizen. He is not merely a private manufacturer to whom the war has brought good fortune. Joseph Flavelle has been the lay head of the great Methodist Church in Canada, a life long Sabbath School teacher, and a lay preacher in many of our leading pulpits. Joseph Wesley Flavelle has been called a prominent Canadian philanthropist and has accepted public honor as head of a great University. To the public he has stood as a friend of the sick and the maimed, as Chairman and Governor of the Toronto General Hospital. He has explained the fact that he accepted the Chairmanship of the Imperial Munition Board "without pay"—"I never did King and country." It is this man who is now charged in a Government report with profiteering. It would be a sad and deplorable condition for a vigorous young country such as Canada if such people should wax fat and swollen with war profits. Joseph Wesley Flavelle's various companies are largely close corporations, with himself in control. The Williams Davies Company with its net-work of little provision stores scattered throughout Canada, is a big factor in the amount of bacon, or the number of eggs, that the poor dependent soldier's wife can buy with her military pittance. The great Harris abattoir, the great William Davies Company with its immense canneries and cold storage plants, largely control the food of the soldier in the trenches as well as that of his dependents in their modest cottages at home.

Joseph Wesley Flavelle in his capacity as a Government contractor stands between the British Government and the soldiers in the trenches. In other words, these huge orders for supplies which have been furnished by the Flavelle companies for the use of the soldiers are paid for by the British Government. The question is: Did or did not Sir Joseph Flavelle take advantage of the British Government's dire needs to extort from it profits which are unjustifiable?

Has Joseph Wesley Flavelle been true to his trust? There can only be one answer. No ordinary denials, in figures, or percentages of profit, can be accepted; for there is an old saying that "figures lie, and liars figure." There can be but one clear-cut proof.

What were you worth, Sir Joseph Flavelle, when the war started? What are you worth to-day?

What were your personal profits before August, nineteen fourteen? What are your personal profits from August, nineteen fourteen, to date?

If they have been fair—if, they have been even reasonable—"Saturday Night" would be glad to publish the facts. If your personal profits have been unreasonable and inordinate then the public of Canada demands that you resign at once from the Imperial Munition Board and hand back to the Crown the honor which was bestowed upon you.

On the morning of Tuesday, July 17, there appeared in the Toronto newspapers a page paid advertisement of the Williams Davies Company signed by E. C. Fox, General Manager, and an employee of Sir Joseph Flavelle. The statement is intended to flatter and contradict the O'Connor report. The company has included in an enormous mass of words what would appear at first glance a very clever defence of their position. It will be noted by readers of the advertisement that the balance sheet of the Davies Company is missing from the report signed by Mr. Fox. It is the first essential of a clear and direct financial statement; that a detailed balance sheet be submitted, as is done by all public corporations. Mr. Fox's entire statement avoids telling the public what the true net profits of the concern were. In fact the entire process adopted by the Davies Company is such that it is impossible to arrive at any independent conclusion. How are the net profits as given by the Williams Davies Company arrived at? It would seem under the circumstances that the public is entitled to a copy of the company's last balance sheet. Until such is forthcoming we see no reason to doubt the reliability of the charge of profiteering, as preferred by an Imperial Governmental tribunal.

After reproducing certain parts of the O'Connor report, Saturday Night says: Referring to the enormous growth of the cold storage and packing business since the war began, the O'Connor report has this to say:

Receipts from sales of commodities covered in the report—that is, butter, eggs, cheese, beef, pork, bacon, ham, mutton and lamb:

Company	1913	1916
1	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 8,800,000
2	4,000,000	5,000,000
3	570,000	180,000
4	12,500,000	16,215,000
5	2,500,000	11,900,000
6	2,100,000	3,600,000
7	4,200,000	28,100,000
8	5,300,000	8,100,000
9	290,000	2,500,000
10	6,000,000

"The operations of company No. 12, for which records for 1913 are not available are added here, because there exists at least a partial interlocking directorship between this company and company No. 9 (the Williams Davies Company). Perhaps the association is closer. The enquiry has not yet been fully followed out.

"It will be noticed, that company No. 9 has increased seven-fold in three years, the only other company approaching its growth being No. 5, which has grown about 4 1/2 times.

"In view of the tendency towards monopoly it is most important that the growth in the business of individual companies be carefully considered.

"The increase in that of companies No. 5 and No. 9 is disproportionate to the general increase. . . . The volume of the business of company No. 9 is at the present time (July, 1917) about ten times that of 1913 The April returns disclose that company No. 9 on April 1 had on hand 7,500,000 pounds of bacon alone, that it purchased during April about 10,500,000 pounds more of the same commodity and sold during the same month about 7,500,000 pounds. The company's (Williams Davies) monthly sales of bacon alone at 24 cents per pound would approximate \$1,800,000.

"This is certainly 'big business'—just how big may be best appreciated by considering that a clear profit of one-quarter of a cent per pound on such monthly turnover for twelve months would yield \$225,000 for distribution among the fortunate shareholders of the company as their profits upon bacon alone. . . . It ought not to be surprising, therefore, if at the end of the year 1917 the gross business of this company would be found to have amounted to not less than \$60,000,000 for the year."

Reverting again to the enormous margins "enjoyed" by the company in which Sir Joseph Flavelle is the leading light, says Saturday Night, the O'Connor report goes on to state that out of a total export of bacon in the year 1915 of 169,000,000 pounds the Williams Davies Company shipped 35,000,000, or considerably over one-half, their margin, as already stated, being 3.65 cents per pound. And in this connection Mr. O'Connor makes an interesting statement, to the effect that the average margin per pound of bacon exported by all other concerns was 2.3 cents per pound, but that the average, owing to the alleged excess "margins" of the Davies Company is brought up to 4.58 cents per pound.

It would also appear from the O'Connor report that as time goes on, and the war goes on, "margins" proceed on their skyward course. Mr. O'Connor points out that the margin of profit of the Williams Davies Company, the previous year (1915), on bacon, was 3.67 cents per pound on 57,500,000 pounds, and says, "there is no evidence of correspondingly increased storage or other costs on the 94,000,000 pounds which were exported in 1916. The margin of 3.67 was sufficient, satisfactory and profitable in 1915, why not in 1916?"

Sir Joseph Denies the Report.

Sir Joseph Flavelle in a communication to the Premier, denies the truth of the O'Connor report. He states that the report, which, bear in mind, was prepared under the direction of the Minister of Labor, is "a curious admixture of ignorance and malice." He further states that a full report of the business of the Williams Davies Company is in the hands of the Department of Finance and that this and not the O'Connor report, shows the true condition of the concern. Here we have a clear issue. Either the report furnished the Government for purposes of levying taxes on excess profits does not contain the real facts or else the O'Connor report is an inaccurate document. It is up to Sir Joseph Flavelle to clear his skirts of the charge of profiteering, if he can. There is only one way whereby the Canadian people can be appraised and that is by an independent audit by expert accountants of the various activities in which Sir Joseph Flavelle is largely interested. This should bear upon not only the Williams Davies Company, but upon all other concerns which are in any manner affiliated, and, indeed, all concerns in which Sir Joseph Flavelle is known to be interested to any large extent.

Sir Joseph Flavelle's plea that his business was obtained in competition "with the world" is scarcely an excuse for enormous profits as alleged in the O'Connor report. It so happens that the "world" to which Sir Joseph Wesley Flavelle refers is a neutral world very largely. That is to say, the Argentine is neutral and the United States was neutral at the period covered by the figures in the O'Connor report. Naturally, perhaps, the traders of these two countries were placing their prices as near the sky line as circumstances permitted. They were neutrals out selling a warring world at the highest prices obtainable, and they were in no way obligated, through patriotic or other motives, to do otherwise. However, when the United States ceased to be a neutral, what happened? In place of borrowing money from the Morgans at five and



From Nature to SCIENCE

—from wooden soles to Neolin

IN the Orient millions of folk still walk on shoe-soles fashioned from wood. 'Twas Nature's first offering—simple, ready-made—scarcely one stage removed from the bare-foot.

Not by choice alone do they retain this antiquated footwear. A loof from modern industry, the benefits of modern science have not yet permeated their life. They have still to learn of better footwear.

In the West the leather sole still lingers. Millions still wear this product of an older time, Nature's gift of animal skins bettered by the hand of science—only the second step from the naked foot.

Yet twenty months ago, synthetic science outstripped simple Nature.

Guided by necessity, Science has led man's conceptions of what sole-wear and sole-comfort mean through revolution.

Recognizing that leather is unbalanced to man's universal need—Science produced a modern shoe-sole,

—never changing in quality; yielding grim, invincible wear; soothing the foot because of its flexibility; winter-proof and water-proof.

—a shoe-sole that meets man's every problem of footwear.

That better, modern, science-created sole is Neolin.

Though but twenty months ago created, to-day Neolin by its very virtues is achieving conquest.

Thousands who were easily satisfied with leather, knowing nothing better, have become shoe-critical, hearing of Neolin qualities.

Stylish people have welcomed the modern smartness that comes—and stays—with Neolin.

Men and women, studious of economy, keen to lower shoe-bills, have learned to praise the lasting, saving wear of Neolin.

They find—you, too, will find—Neolin-soled shoes are comfort-soled—lighter than leather, more pliant than leather, more cosy-foot than leather.

Unvarying in quality—Neolin can be had on new shoes of varying prices. Your shoe-repairer will apply it to your present shoes.

Neolin has been a great success. Because of distinct superiorities it is

BOOTS & SHOES



replacing leather for shoe-soles. Neolin's appearance can be imitated. But Neolin's qualities are the result of methods and materials known only to us.

Now there are other soles that look like Neolin. But there is only one Neolin—and every pair of soles is branded with the trademark like the shoe illustrated here.

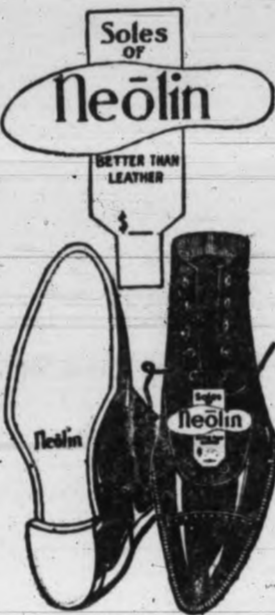
To make it easy for you to find stores that sell Neolin-soled shoes, we have supplied merchants with Neolin tickets. One of these is shown in the illustration here.

You will see them on shoes in shoe store windows. They will guide you to Neolin.

To be sure of the genuine Neolin—mark that mark: stamp it on your memory. Ask for Neolin with the accent on the "o"—Neolin

—the trade symbol for a quality product of

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited



SOMETHING ABOUT A FAMOUS BUSINESS

That brain-racking problem, "What shall we do with our boys?"—now temporarily shelved—worried parents in the 'fifties nearly as much as it did just before the war-clouds burst. And it was through an attempt to solve it in a particular case that a firm of world-wide reputation—Messrs. Peek, Frean & Co.—was founded.

In 1858 Mr. James Peek, a Devonshire man, came to London to join the firm of Peek, Bros., tea merchants, of Eastcheap. He had two sons, and, mainly with the intention of providing for their future, he soon afterwards established, in conjunction with a miller named Frean, a biscuit-making business at Dockhead. The sons never became associated with the undertaking, one dying at an early age and the other entering the Church.

Nevertheless, the enterprise at Dockhead prospered, particularly after Mr. John Carr, who had had practical experience of biscuit-making at Carlisle, became connected with it.

"Pearl" and "Pat-a-Cake."

Shortly after his arrival at Dockhead the firm began to introduce new biscuits to the public, and some of these proved enormous successes. The first distinct "hit" was the "Pearl," for which there was soon a great demand. It was followed by many others, including the "Marie," the "Fairy Cake" and the "Pat-a-Cake."

The well-known "Marie" was put on the market in 1875 in connection with the marriage of the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, and the remarkably popular "Pat-a-Cake"—of which as much as 75 tons, consisting of 10,000,000

biscuits, has been dispatched from the works in a single day—was introduced in 1902 in consequence of a fortunate discovery in the firm's experimental department.

Lucky Names.

In some cases the success of such novelties has been partly due to their names. "What's in a name?" asks Juliet. "A good deal," says the biscuit maker. When, for instance, Messrs. Peek, Frean wanted a name for their novelty of 1902, they invited suggestions from their employees, offering a prize for the best sent in, and "Pat-a-Cake" was chosen from among hundreds.

Soon after the firm introduced the "Pearl," however, it greatly increased its reputation at home and abroad by a remarkable bit of quick work. No sooner was the siege of Paris raised than every effort was made to rush food to the sorely-tried residents of that city, and in one week 9,600 tons of flour, 450 tons of rice, nearly 7,000 head of live stock, besides more than 2,000 tons of other provisions, were delivered to them. Messrs. Peek, Frean & Co. were asked by Messrs. Rothschild to take part in our share of the work of re-equipping the famished city by making a huge quantity of ship biscuits about six inches square and half an inch thick. As a result, the firm made and shipped to Paris within three weeks some 60,000,000 of such biscuits, weighing 4,750 tons.

Some Big Figures.

A statistical genius connected with the firm made, nearly a decade later, some striking calculations. The works, according to his reckoning, took in every year 12,000 railway-truck loads of flour and 500 pair-horse van loads of sugar, besides enormous quantities of jams, currants, candied peel, etc.

For the milk, it absorbed, moreover, 720 cows were required and 40,000 hens were wanted to lay the eggs it used.

Long before the Germans had ceased crowing over their entry into Paris—that is, in April, 1873—the factory at Dockhead was destroyed by fire. As, however, the firm had just completed an extension to the original part of its present factory at Berrymead, the staff was transferred thither without delay, and consequently the disaster did not affect the steady growth of the business.

Since then enormous additions have been made to the busy hive at Drummond Road, till now it covers six acres and, with a branch factory at Bedford, employs about 4,000 people.

By degrees, too, the firm has ac-

cumulated numerous trophies of business success, which include 31 gold medals and 21 Royal warrants—T. H. B. B.

An Englishman tooting in the Highlands of Scotland had the misfortune to lose his way. Noticing a small cottage by the roadside, he went up and knocked at the door, and when the good wife came he explained: "I am very sorry to trouble you, madam, but I have lost my bearin'." "Due we tell me that?" was the astonished reply. "I hope their mither's w' them."

"This critic describes your new book as 'droll.'" "I guess I must be improving. He alluded to my last book as 'utter rot.'"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The three words that tell the whole story of a perfect cup of coffee, from plantation to breakfast table—**"SEAL BRAND" COFFEE.**

In 1/2, 1 and 2 pound tins. Whole-ground pulverized—also fine-ground for Percolators. Never sold in bulk. 167 CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL.

LOSES PROMINENT CITIZEN

John Weaver Died Suddenly at East Delta: Was Relative of Hon. John Oliver.

Hon. John Oliver, Minister of Agriculture and Railways, returned from a week-end trip to the Delta this morning. He had planned to spend the two or three days on his farm, but on arrival there on Friday evening last he had the distressing news of the sudden death of his brother-in-law, John Weaver, a prominent citizen of the Delta district and one of her most progressive farmers.

There is one thing about fishing that keeps you going back to it. There's always a lot of fish that you didn't get—Kansas City Journal.

DIED.

NICHOLAS—At Vancouver, after a brief illness, Elias Nicholas, a native of Cornwall, England, and resident of Victoria since 1885, aged 73 years.

MOORE—On August 5, 1917, George Edward Moore, of the B. C. Furriers' Co., 725 Bond, aged 38 years. The deceased leaves a widow, two daughters, one son, a brother, Mrs. M. Dunedin, in Victoria, and mother residing in Devonport, England.

McMANIS—On 4th inst., very suddenly, at his place of business, 1427 Douglas Street, Thos. McManis, aged 59 years.

McMANIS—On 4th inst., very suddenly, at his place of business, 1427 Douglas Street, Thos. McManis, aged 59 years. Born in St. John, N. B., and resided in this city for the past 25 years. Late residence 612 Dunedin Street. He is survived by one sister, Mrs. S. Kagan, residing at 1427 Douglas Street. The deceased was a member of K. of P., Far West Victoria Lodge, No. 1, and Fraternal Order of Eagles, No. 12. The remains will be interred at the Sands Funeral Parlors. Funeral announcement later.

Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for: Box 101, 115, 124, 230, 238, 254, 628, 678, 753, 817, 822, 841, 914, 964, 1025, 1194, 1212, 1213, 1217, 1244, 1436, 1473, 1483, 1588.

LODGES

A. O. F.—Court Northern Light, No. 282, meets at Foresters' Hall, W. F. Fullerton, secretary.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Columbia, No. 521, meets 4th Monday, 8 p.m., Orange Hall, Yates St. R. W. O. Savaas, 101 Moss St. Tel. 17321.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets Wednesday, 8 p.m., in O. F. Fellows' Hall, Douglas Street. O. F. Dewar, R. S. 1549 Oxford Street.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Lodge Princess Alexandra, No. 18, meets 3rd Thursday, 8 p.m., Orange Hall, Yates Street. Pres., Mrs. J. Palmer, 621 Patterson's Road; Sec., Mrs. H. Catterall, 921 Fort.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Lodge Princess, No. 33, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at 8 p.m., in A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres., Mrs. Oddy, 722 Discovery. Sec., A. I. Harrison, 912 Patterson's Road. Visiting members cordially invited.

K. O. P.—Far West Victoria Lodge, No. 1, 2nd and 4th Thursdays, K. of P. Hall, 12th Street. K. of P. Hall, K. of R. S. 16 Promis Bldg., 1906 Government Street.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Victoria, B. C., meets 4th Monday, 8 p.m., in K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited.

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Alexandra, 118, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. President, E. W. Hewlett, 1751 Patterson's Road; Secretary, J. Smith, 1751 Patterson's Road. Hillside.

S. D. E. B. S.—Juvenile Young Eucharists, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, 12th Street. W. W. Howlett, 1751 Patterson's Road.

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Princess of Wales, No. 131, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at 8 p.m., in O. F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres., W. J. Cobbett, Maywood Pk. Sec., A. E. Brindley, 1751 Patterson's Road.

SONS OF SCOTLAND—Meetings of All-Scotland Camp will be held on second Thursday of each month, commencing July 12, in Foresters' Hall, Broad St. 8 p.m.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—meets on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, North Park St. 8 p.m.

Auction Sale

Instructed by the Receiver for the Debenture Holders of THE ISLAND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION (unless reserved) at the Mill (capacity 2000 per day), situated at DUNCAN, B. C., on Saturday, August 11, at 10 a.m., all the Machinery, Equipment, Buildings, etc., of the Mill, Logging Camp, Sash Factory and Office, including 100-light Electric Plant.

Catalogue sheets giving complete list with terms and other information can be had on application to the Auctioneer, C. RAZZETT, Auctioneer, R. M. D. No. 1, Duncan, B. C.

NOTICE Take notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license of the Metropolitan Hotel, 72 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., to D. T. Barnhart.

GEO. A. NORTH, Applicant.

SAANICH MUNICIPALITY POUND SALE I shall sell by public auction at the pound, Glanford Ave., on Monday, Aug. 13, 1917, at 11 a.m., 1 Holstein heifer and 1 Jersey-Holstein heifer, both about 3 months old. If not released and the pound charges paid before that date.

H. LITTLE, Pound Keeper.

FINANCE MINISTER DISPOSES OF RUMOR

Government Still Pays Civil Servants Who Enlisted Under Special Understanding

Hon. John Hart, Minister of Finance, has dispelled a rumor this morning which had gained considerable credence in various parts of the province. Whether for political or other motives, the suggestion had been developed that the pay of civil servants on active service had been stopped. That is to say, those who left the employ of the Provincial Government to don khaki on the specific understanding that their military pay would be supplemented from the provincial treasury up to the amount earned in their civil capacity, were said to be now dependent only on the regular military pay determined by rank.

It will be recalled that during the present session the sum of \$100,000 was voted in a lump sum to meet this liability; hitherto the sums had gone through the estimates in various amounts. The altered method was considered by the Government to be much more businesslike, since its administration was considerably simplified. The amount was placed under the head of the Provincial Secretary, in whose department civil service matters are dealt with.

The arrangement for the payment of men enlisting for service overseas on the outbreak of war and for some time afterwards was made by the late administration and on entrance into office the Brewster Government took over that responsibility and has continued to bear it. The early response to arms on the part of the provincial civil service was magnificent, as the amount of the vote necessary to prevent financial loss as the price of patriotism amply testifies.

Many Plans Altered. In common with the many large corporations, municipalities, large business houses, and railway companies, Governments realizing that with the increasing magnitude of war's operations it would be impossible to fulfill the large promises made in good faith at a stage in the war when its progress to three years was looked upon as a thing impossible.

As far as the Provincial Government is concerned, the system in vogue for some time past has to a large extent worked satisfactorily and recruiting from the ranks of Government employees has by no means suffered. Under the present arrangement when a civil servant enlists, should there be any particular need to supplement his military pay by a grant, the case is considered on its merits and the Government acts in accordance with the findings of the inquiry.

The former arrangement naturally had to be terminated just as soon as it became necessary for recruiting to be carried on on such a large scale with the accompanying increasing liabilities upon Governments as a consequence. Contributions to Patriotic Funds and the preparation for the soldier on his return have taken the place of the immediate additional payment to the fighting man presently enlisting.

LOCAL NEWS

Have You Seen The seven-jeweled wrist-watches with unbreakable fronts, sold for \$5.00 each, by F. L. Haynes, 1124 Government Street? They're unequalled.

Prisoners of War Raffle.—The winner of the teachout raffled for the prisoners of war is W. S. Taynton, 1129 McClure Street, with No. 392. Winner please call at Messrs. Angus Campbell & Co.

Sgt. Hall Wounded.—J. H. Hall, manager of the Canadian Explosives Company's works at Departure Bay, has been advised of the wounding of his brother, Sgt. W. C. Hall, during the recent operations on the Western front. The official telegram stated that the nature of his wounds was dangerous, and that further particulars would be sent as soon as available.

Spoke at Nanaimo.—F. J. Staepole, K.C., at the request of the Mayor of Nanaimo, delivered an address at the Commemoration meeting which was held in Nanaimo on Saturday evening. He impressed upon his audience the necessity of further sacrifices, for the Empire was a democracy fighting for liberty and freedom, fighting against the greatest enemy democracy had ever seen, an enemy whose ambition was world domination.

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MANY TRIBUTES TO SIR RICHARD'S MEMORY

Politicians of All Parties Unite in Recognizing His Peculiar Charm

The news of Sir Richard McBride's death reached the Provincial Secretary, Hon. Dr. MacLean, having been cabled to him by the Hon. J. H. Turner, Agent-General in London. There was immediately summoned a meeting of the members of the Cabinet who were in the city, viz., the Minister of Finance, Hon. John Hart; the Attorney-General, Hon. J. W. deB. Farrar; and Dr. MacLean. A cable was immediately sent to the Agent-General in London instructing him to take charge of the funeral arrangements on behalf of the province, dependent, of course, on the wishes of Lady McBride, to whom was sent the following message through Mr. Turner:

"Please convey to Lady McBride and family deepest sympathy of the Government of British Columbia." A message of sympathy was also sent by the Provincial Government to Sir Richard's mother, who lives in New Westminster. News of the former Premier's death was immediately dispatched to Premier Brewster, who is at present in Winnipeg; and to Mayor Gray, of New Westminster. Beside Mr. Brewster, the Hon. Dr. King, Minister of Public Works; Hon. William Sloan, Minister of Mines; and Hon. T. D. Pattullo, Minister of Lands, are in Winnipeg at the convention of Western Liberals.

Premier's Message. "Although we were political opponents we were warm personal friends," was Premier Brewster's message from Winnipeg last night. "Sir Richard differed from most political leaders in that he had frequently warm friendships with his most ardent opponents. His was one of the most likable dispositions in British Columbia, and it was this charm of his that won so many friends; for him and which accounted very largely for his success. His death will be felt very keenly in British Columbia by Liberals and Conservatives alike. I feel the news of his death very keenly."

The Hon. John Oliver, who just arrived in the city this morning, paid a generous tribute to the late Premier, whom he had known practically all his life. As a native son of New Westminster rising to fame and name at the Bar he had watched Sir Richard's career with great interest, and had known him as a political ally and in opposition afterwards fair and generous in his dealings both with opponent and friend. Since the federal election of 1896 he had been in constant touch with him.

Leader of Opposition. For years a close personal friend and co-worker of Sir Richard's in the late Conservative Government, W. J. Bowser, K.C., M.P.P., Leader of the Opposition, in the Legislature of today, came to know the ex-Premier and late Agent-General as well as anyone in the province. His appreciation of those qualities which placed Sir Richard in such eminent place in the hearts of the people of the province dates back to college days when as boys they entered together the Dalhousie Law School.

"In the death of Sir Richard McBride British Columbia loses her most distinguished son, a man of liberal disposition, big-hearted to a degree, and one whose name will rank at the very top in the development of the province. In him British Columbia developed an Empire Builder of outstanding ability, and it is to be more deeply regretted that he should have passed away at so early a period of his life when, had he maintained his health, he would undoubtedly have made his mark in the broader Imperial sphere for which his talents so eminently fitted him. In his death British Columbia suffers a loss that will be keenly felt. I am sure that at this time political feelings will be forgotten, and only the fact remembered that we have lost one whose heart and effort were directed to the welfare of the province."

Two Ministers. Hon. Dr. MacLean spoke for the members of the Government when he expressed the very general regret with which the news has been received. He referred to Sir Richard as "undoubtedly British Columbia's most distinguished son." Personally he counted it an honor that he had enjoyed the personal friendship of the late Agent-General, the fact that they were political opponents never in the slightest degree having affected their personal relations. The news of his death would be received by political friend and foe alike with the profoundest grief.

The Minister of Finance, Hon. John Hart, referred to him as "warm-hearted, generous, optimistic, a man who made friends everywhere." His death would be lamented by thousands outside as well as within the province. For two decades, while occupying high public office in British Columbia and London, England, he had been prominently before the people, and his attractive personality had won him the loyal friendship of thousands.

Mayor Todd cabled yesterday to Hon. J. H. Turner, Agent-General; City Council learns with deep regret of the death of Sir Richard McBride. Please convey to Lady McBride Victoria's sincere sympathy. Vancouver's M. P. Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The following tribute to the late Sir Richard McBride was given out by H. H. Stevens, M. P. for Vancouver, this morning: "In the death of Sir Richard McBride, Canada, and particularly British Columbia, loses one of her greatest and most highly gifted sons. His uniform kindness and courtesy endeared him to all who were privileged to know him."

His broadminded tolerance of the errors of others, his sympathy and support from all ranks of society. He was great enough to stoop to the level of the most humble and least worthy petitioner and send him from his presence empty-handed, perhaps, but cheerful and loyal. His deep and penetrating understanding of character marked him early in life as a leader of men. Few have ever attained a position in life of such high personal esteem as did Sir Richard. Death coming as it did in the very prime of his life it has robbed Canada and the Empire of the devoted services of one whose rare gifts had marked him for a high place in the counsel of the state. He has passed out of this life, but his actions, both privately and publicly, will bear testimony of his great worth.

Friendly Eulogies. A man of genuine wide sympathies Sir Richard knew most of the civil servants about the Parliament Buildings by face, if not by name, and there were few in the service during his regime who had not enjoyed the privilege of an exchange of greetings with him. A ready and generous listener and contributor he had the democratic qualities of heart and hand which are the inalienable assets of a popular leader. In every department yesterday gleam was cast by the news of his death, practically every man in the service who had worked in the Buildings during his time having entertained the hope that some time in the near future they would have the pleasure of seeing him again.

Patron of Sport. Coming from New Westminster, which has given some of the finest basketball players to Western Canada and Pacific Coast teams, Sir Richard was known always to have taken a very keen interest in this game as well as in other outdoor sports, and was for a long time a trustee of the Minto Cup. He presented a shield to the British Columbia Athletic Union in 1912, this being for the Association football championship of the province. At the present time the shield is held by the trustees at Vancouver. Financial assistance he was known to have given in generous measure to athletic clubs, for the purposes of field-meets, etc.

NEW BOARD STARTING ACTIVE OPERATIONS

Arranging Preliminaries of Land Settlement Work; Soon Commence Appraisals

Since the first general business meeting of the newly-created Land Settlement Board held on Wednesday last the members have been devoting their energies to the preparation of regulations governing the operations of the Board as based on the Land Settlement and Development Act.

One of the principal matters dealt with in the meantime has been the compilation of certain literature, issue of which is contemplated for the information of the general public. It will deal with the scope and workings of the Act in a simple manner and will form a general means of instruction. At the same time the redrafting and systematizing of the business rules of the Board in conformity with the requirements of the Act is also occupying attention.

200 Applications. The preliminaries over, the members of the Board will each go their separate ways and assume their duties in the fields allotted to them. One of the first tasks they will require to tackle will be to deal with the unappraised applications for loans and in this connection there are some three hundred upon which a start will be made.

The ground floor of the Government Buildings annex at the corner of Government and Superior Streets is being subjected to considerable alterations by the Public Works Department in readiness to house the whole of the administrative branch of the Land Settlement Board.

The upstairs quarters of the same building were previously occupied by the Agricultural Credits Commission and increased accommodation is now needed in view of the enlarged activities and scope of the new measure.

KILLED IN ACTION



Staff-Serget J. Giles was killed on July 17 while serving with a Vancouver Battalion. To reach the front as quickly as possible Serget Giles relinquished his stripes and reverted to the rank of private.

ECONOMIC TREATMENT OF SAWMILL REFUSE

Two Reports Are Presented Covering Utilization of By-Products

"There have been many failures among wood distillation plants. The markets for the products must be thoroughly investigated and the plants must be carefully managed with a thorough knowledge of the technical side of the industry, and there must be a supply of raw material to insure the continuous operation of a plant for a long period."

These words were contained in a report from City Engineer Rust before the City Council last evening. In response to a return on the economic treatment of mill refuse.

Gas Producer Plants. "The process of developing power from waste wood by means of the gas producer and gas engine," he explains, "is one which appears to have good chances of success. This system has been developed to a great extent in France and Sweden. Producer gas is used for firing destructive distillation retorts, and seems especially adapted to lime-burning operations. It seems quite possible to operate on waste consisting of 50 per cent. sawdust, and 50 per cent. hogged fuel."

Local Application. A gas producer engine is in use at the Victoria Chemical Works, the fuel being sawdust. Five and a half tons of sawdust per 24 hours is utilized, and 70 to 80 h. p. is generated thereby.

There are two distinct processes for obtaining valuable products from wood by distillation—destructive distillation and steam distillation. In the destructive process the wood fiber is broken down and new products are formed, but in the steam process this is not the case. The steam is applied at the temperature at which wood fiber is decomposed by heat, which is approximately 525 degrees Fah.

Mr. Rust points out that a number of places in America are now using wood gas for heating and illuminating purposes, and as motor fuel. He also refers to the manufacture of paper pulp from wood waste, and of producing ethyl alcohol from wood.

Most of the technical matter contained in a long and interesting report comes from the experiments conducted by the Forests Products Laboratory of the State University of Wisconsin. As the Council is anxious to secure more data on this important subject, the report was referred back.

OBITUARY RECORD

The funeral of the late Mrs. Sarah Albertina Leigh, who died at St. Joseph's Hospital on Saturday last, was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Sands Funeral Chapel. The casket was covered with beautiful flowers. Rev. R. Connell officiated. The following were the pall-bearers: Messrs. T. Horne, G. Andrews, F. Duplain and George Skibbs. Two hymns, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Rock of Ages," were sung.

RETIREMENT DENIED.

Rome, Aug. 7.—Many Italian newspapers and some authorities on Vatican affairs continue to affirm that Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal Secretary of State, has resigned. The retirement of the Secretary, it is asserted, will permit of the inauguration of a new policy by the Vatican towards Germany.

The official Osservatore Romano is silent on the subject, but the semi-official Vatican organ Correspondenza flatly denies that the Papal Secretary has retired.

Booklet Published.—"Touring Roads in British Columbia" is the title of the new road book just issued under the management of R. A. Fraser, formerly of Kamloops. The book has been well received by motorists as it is the only one that covers the great interior routes for the autos at the present time.

To Operate Soon.—The Grand Forks Lumber Company will begin operations at its mill at Lynch Creek, 16 miles from Grand Forks, in about 30 days, stated W. Mark DeCew, manager of the company, who is at the Home for a few days' visit to Nelson. The management of the Grand Forks Lumber Company was organized to buy out the Western Pine Company, of which Mr. DeCew was manager.

PAY TRIBUTE TO LATE CAPT. J. DUFF STUART

Canadians' Commander and Brigadier-General Stewart Write in Warm Terms

Writing to Colonel Duff Stuart regarding his son, the late Captain James Duff Stuart, Lieut.-General Sir Arthur Currie, commander-in-chief of the Canadian Army in France, has the following to say:

"I have watched with interest and pride his military career since first he came to this division. You have every reason to be proud of your son. He was a good and gallant soldier always. By his thorough knowledge of his work and his unselfish devotion to duty at all times and by his most gallant conduct on all occasions, he was not only the respect, but the love of everyone. He died as all soldiers like him would wish to die, giving his life in defense of the principles of liberty, justice and honor. When he first spoke to me about going to the flying corps I didn't encourage him, because he was getting on so well with the pioneers, when I found his heart was set on it, I was pleased to recommend him highly."

Brigadier-General J. W. Stewart was also brought in touch with the late captain and wrote his father concerning him and his work at the front in these terms: "It seems less than two months ago since I saw him in London and had a long talk with him. He was such a manly fellow that everyone liked him. The very first time I met him I took a great fancy to him and tried hard to get him to stay with the battalion. I told him in London that I would likely find something better for him, if their battalion was turned over to railway troops, which was done later; but Jim's reply was that he had made up his mind and would prefer a change."

DIED FROM SEIZURE WHILE EATING MEAL

Thos. McManus Passes Away Following Hemorrhage of Brain

As the result of a hemorrhage of the brain following the excitement of an altercation with two men who were attempting to slip out without paying for their supper, Thomas McManus, one of the proprietors of Levy's restaurant, passed away suddenly at midnight yesterday.

The late Mr. McManus, who was an old resident of the city and very well known among the catering fraternity here, was about fifty-five years of age. He came to Victoria first thirty-five years ago, being employed for some time at the Albion Iron Works as a blacksmith before he joined the rush of gold-seekers to the North. He returned to Victoria in the middle nineties, and in partnership with his brother opened the California hotel, lower Johnson Street. When his brother died some years afterwards he took the business in hand himself, only selling out about six years ago to enter as partner with A. Coopman in the purchase of the established Levy Restaurant on the west side of Government Street between Johnson Street and Yates Street. More recently the business was taken in new quarters on Douglas Street, where the restaurant had been operating successfully ever since.

Was Having Supper. Mr. McManus was having supper when he was seized with a violent illness, a moment after he complained of feeling unwell his collapse taking place. Two men who were in the restaurant shortly after he began his meal attempted to leave the premises without paying, and he had an altercation with them. It was probably the excitement and irritation of this which brought about the hemorrhage of the brain to which death was due. Dr. Lennox was summoned and the police telephoned for, but life was extinct when they arrived, and the body was removed to the Sands Funeral Parlors.

He was unmarried, and had been living at 675 Dunedin Street with his sister. There is a nephew waiting to go overseas with the cycle corps stationed at Vancouver, and a niece also lives here.

AGENTS OF GERMANY BUSY IN GREECE

Washington, Aug. 7.—German propagandists and agents are active in the Greek provinces of Attica and Boeotia. Reports of plots and open activities necessitated the proclaiming of martial law in those provinces, according to official dispatches received from Athens. In addition to German influences, partisans of the deposed King Constantine and personal enemies of Premier Venizelos were said to be attempting to create difficulties for the new Government under King Alexander and Premier Venizelos.

The physician to whom the Irishman had applied for relief from a stomach ailment asked on the occasion of his last visit: "Have you been drinking the very hot water an hour before each meal, as I directed? If so, how do you feel now?" "Doc," said the Celt, "I tried hard to do it, but I had to quit. I drank for thirty-five minutes, and it made me feel like a balloon!"—New York Times.

THRUST BY BRITISH AT ANY TIME NOW

Next Great Blow Draws Near as Ground Dries Out

London, Aug. 7.—With the ground fast draining and drying, there is every sign of a renewal of the Ypres battle. Everywhere the artillery fire, now that air reconnaissance is again possible, is beginning to increase, in some cases almost to the extent of a week ago.

Field-Marshal Haig's troops continue to keep up their nightly raids, while the Germans are again attacking Hellebeke, which seems to exercise a spell over them. Their attack yesterday was a complete failure, being beaten off by the British guns before approaching the trenches. In this instance the British artillery made hand-to-hand fighting impossible. Von Hindenburg is letting the portion of the Flanders line held by the French severely alone, possibly in memory of the vain sacrifices incurred practically without compensation by the Crown Prince's army around Craonne and the Chemin-des-Dames, and possibly because the British advance, threatening as it does vital railroad communications, is the more dangerous.

TO-DAY'S BASEBALL

Table with columns for American League and National League, listing teams and scores.

SWIMS MANY MILES.

Charles Durborow, the Philadelphia bank clerk endurance swimmer, who recently announced his retirement, in the ten years of his aquatic activity, including training work, swam upward of six thousand miles, setting a new record of one and three-fourths miles a day for the decade. He rarely missed a day's workout in the Delaware River, even with ice on the river in winter.

EGGERS MAY MEET KILBANE.

New York, Aug. 7.—Efforts to bring Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion, and K. O. Eggers, featherweight, together, in a 20-round title match are being made here. Two bids are said to have been made for the battle, one from New Haven, Conn.

JOE BENZ BACK AGAIN.

Chicago White Sox fans are happy to see Joe Benz back. Benz has not been away, except that he has been away from his best form in the box. His recent shut-out of the Washington Senators was managed in his best manner, and with his spitter working as in his good old days. More of this from Benz will mean a lot to the White Sox.

18 CLUBS ENTER SOCCER.

London, Aug. 7.—The Scottish Football Association will open the league soccer season on August 18 with a full schedule of games. Owing to the many difficulties in travelling, three of last year's teams—Aberdeen, Dundee and Raith Rovers—have withdrawn from this year's competition, and Clydebank, a second division club, obtained admission, so the Scottish League will consist of eighteen clubs instead of the usual twenty.

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INABLE TO STAND ANOTHER WINTER

That is Why Germany Shortly Will Make Another Peace Attempt

New York, Aug. 7.—A London dispatch to The New York Sun reads: "If Berlin, under the pressure of Austria and the disaffected elements in Germany, puts forward a serious, direct peace proposal in the autumn in order to avoid another winter of war, as is almost universally expected here, it will get a cold reception in London and Paris unless it promises, definitely and positively, the restoration of all conquered territory, including Alsace and Lorraine, and ample indemnity for the damage done."

"It is beyond question that the Germans are fast losing confidence in their ability to withstand another winter of war. Reports to this effect are coming with increasing frequency from a variety of sources. Thus the Amsterdam (Vreesch) Courant, after citing other testimony, says:—

"We saw a letter from a big German manufacturer who has often visited the Kaiser, saying that peace can be expected speedily. Last week another German of considerable importance declared that Germany does not intend to begin a new winter campaign because the country would be unable to carry it through to the end. In proportion, however, as German necessities, hopes and plans for peace increase, Great Britain and France stiffen in their resistance to all peace efforts which are not accompanied by an initial assurance of restoration of territories and reparation for losses."

This Fall. Washington, Aug. 7.—Germany will make a big peace move this fall, officials here believe, but utter the warning that it probably will be, as previous ones, a made-in-Germany peace which would place the matter in the light of a victorious Germany. President Wilson discourages peace talk at this time. He has let it be known that the United States is in the war up to the hilt, and that even a Congressional peace debate now would only serve to belabor the issue and hamper war preparations. Despite the almost impossible task of crushing through on the western front, the War Department heads maintain confidence in the outcome, indicating to observers that they probably have "some new tricks" in store for turning that vast front. Some say the end will come before 1919.

ALBERTA CROPS. Winnipeg, Aug. 7.—The following report of the crops in Alberta was issued by the Alberta Department of Agriculture to-day: "Crop conditions during the past week have greatly improved. Abundant rains and cooler weather prevailed over a large portion of the province. The prospects in the Peace River district are particularly good and a splendid harvest is assured there. Rains have helped the crops in many other districts and with few exceptions an average harvest is predicted."

FOR THE ALLIES. Washington, Aug. 7.—The newly-created war industries board to-day went to work on its big war purchasing program for the United States and her allies, after a preliminary conference with President Wilson. Among the first problems to be solved is that of co-ordinating foreign and Entente purchases. This probably will be done through Mr. Baruch, a member of the board, who is to be named purchasing commissioner for each allied government and who also will be chairman of the war industries board's purchasing commission for the American Government.

Life's Little Things advertisement with logo and promotional text.

CANADIANS STEADILY PUSHING FORWARD AT THE CITY OF LENS

Canadian Headquarters in France, Aug. 7.—(By the Canadian Overseas Press Correspondent)—The Canadian outposts around Lens have established a new line within a few yards of the enemy front line at that point. The Lens-Bothune road is now safely within our lines almost up to the city of Lens.

KORNILOFF'S METHODS HAVE SOME EFFECT

Commander of Crack Guards Corps Was Sentenced to Be Executed

Petrograd, Aug. 7.—General Korniloff's prompt severity has saved all that was worth saving in the armies at the front. The corps first to set the bad example and lead the general exodus from the fighting lines was the corps d'élite of Guards from Petrograd. Their commander, General Maviesky, was among those who received Korniloff's order to fire upon deserters, but he failed to carry out his orders.

Korniloff, in strict accordance with justice, sent Maviesky before the court-martial for disobedience of orders, and he was sentenced to be shot. Russian history thus has a new precedent, for never before has the commander of a Guards Corps undergone such shame.

The oldest Guards regiments, which Kerensky ordered to be disbanded for cowardice, will not be so treated. It is universally recognized that their historic names must live, even though they have passed through the ordeal of the rest of Russia during the last five months. The regiments will be reformed out of worthy volunteers from the fighting armies.

A fighting general here says that the Russian armies will soon be as good as ever, under the same commanders where any of these still survive the experience of the last five months. Considering all things, it is worth noting how little progress the Germans are making in their absolute walkover. The 8th Army has extricated itself and, though still retreating, has none of the enemy any longer behind it. Moreover, unless the Germans can contrive to increase their numbers at once and very considerably, their situation is far from being enviable. If the Russian armies, say between Kovel and Brody, are capable of responding to the able leadership of General Cheremisinoff, one of the Siberian iron-sides heroes.

WONDERFUL RESULTS IN TREATING WOUNDED. An Atlantic Port of the United States, Aug. 7.—Out of one detail of 1,250 wounded men sent for special treatment to a London hospital suffering from crushed and broken bones, 1,000 were able to return to active duty at the front, according to Major J. E. Goldthwaite, an orthopedic surgeon of the United States army medical reserve corps, who arrived here to-day from Europe. Major Goldthwaite is one of the 20 American medical officers who have been in France and England observing and studying new methods of treating wounded. He said he had returned to the United States to recruit surgeons who could be given the advantage of similar study in order that the American army when it gets into action may have the benefit of the modern treatment of wounds from its own surgeons.

Major Goldthwaite added that, were it not for the successful methods of treating wounded now being practiced, it would be better to let some of the men die rather than to allow them to recover and continue life the cripples they would be under usual conditions.

HOLDING DOWN THE LID



CANADA HAS SPENT OVER \$23,000,000 LEADERS WEARING THEIR FORCES AWAY

Summary Prepared by Finance Department Gives Figures to July 20. In Belgium German Chiefs Hurling Masses Forward to Destruction

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The following summary of Canada's war expenditures and the financial assistance rendered to Great Britain has been compiled by the officials of the Finance Department. Total war expenditure to July 20, 1917, including estimated amount for upkeep of troops in France, \$23,000,000. Net debt of Canada at July 20, 1917, \$51,000,000.

Present rate of war expenditure per day in Canada and abroad, \$450,000. Since the beginning of the war the Dominion Government has made advances to the Imperial Munitions Board for the purchase of munitions and aeroplanes and ship construction of \$28,000,000, and advances for purchases of cheese, hay, flour, etc., of \$22,000,000. The amount owed Great Britain on open account, with the amount estimated to be due on account of upkeep of the overseas forces in France, aggregates \$272,900,000.

In addition to the advances made by the Dominion Government the chartered banks of Canada have made loans to the Imperial Treasury for purchase of munitions and supplies in Canada to an aggregate amount of \$109,000,000. To-day Canada is furnishing \$25,000,000 a month to the Imperial Treasury for the purchase of munitions in Canada and is finding for the purchase of cheese from Canadian farmers about \$10,000,000 a month. The total purchases of cheese during the season will aggregate \$40,000,000. It is necessary for the Dominion Government to furnish funds in Canada to supply munitions, and sell her exportable surplus of cheese.

COAL IN STATES MUST BE REDUCED. Chicago, Aug. 7.—The initiative in calling a conference of the Governors of sixteen states at Chicago on August 16 for the purpose of taking concerted action to reduce coal prices, even to the extent of seizing the mines, was taken to-day by the Illinois state council of defence.

MOUNTED POLICE. Ottawa, Aug. 7.—In the House yesterday Hon. George P. Graham asked the Prime Minister for information with regard to the Royal Northwest Mounted Police force. He wished to know how many men had enlisted for overseas. Sir Robert Borden said the men of the force had displayed a very earnest desire to enlist for overseas, but this had been discouraged as the men were needed here.

SAILORS INJURED. Callao, Peru, Aug. 7.—Fire resulting from an explosion of gasoline broke out last night on board the motor schooner Alfred Nobel. Several members of the crew suffered injuries.

Shipping records list a Norwegian schooner-rigged steamer of the name Alfred Nobel. This vessel registers 4,769 tons gross and was built at Newcastle in 1912.

PLACES RESPONSIBILITY. Washington, Aug. 7.—Responsibility for the labor troubles among the metalliferous mine workers in Montana which have curtailed the output of copper contributed to rioting and other disturbances, was charged to John D. Ryan, of New York, president of the Amalgamated Copper Company, to-day by Representative Jeanette Rankin in an address to the House.

4,257 JOINED RANKS IN MONTH OF JULY. Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The recruits enlisted during July numbered 4,257. Of these 2,405 were recruited during the last two weeks of the month. The enlistments by districts were as follows: London, 242; Toronto, 1,104; Kingston and Ottawa, 153; Montreal, 213; Quebec, 24; Maritime Provinces, 215; Manitoba, 187; Saskatchewan, 45; Alberta, 48; British Columbia, 162.

EXTRA DELEGATES FOR THIS PROVINCE

On Resolutions Committee at Liberal Convention at Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Aug. 7.—When the Liberal Convention resumed this afternoon the committee on resolutions was appointed, consisted of 89 delegates, in addition to the Federal members of Parliament and candidates from the four western provinces. The committee includes several women and many members of the Provincial Cabinets and Legislatures. British Columbia was allowed six extra delegates because of the fact that that province has no Liberal Federal members and only two candidates in attendance.

The convention refused to rescind a motion which had been passed stating that every resolution coming before the convention must have received the endorsement of the committee on resolutions. While this committee met to organize the convention adjourned at 3:10 for an interval.

Dr. Michael Clark, M. P. for Red Deer, Alta., who was here yesterday, left for the east this morning, making no statement.

ROOT OPTIMISTIC CONCERNING RUSSIA. Chicago, Aug. 7.—Ellis Root, who with other members of the American Mission to Russia, which has completed its work, was in Chicago to-day, said that as a matter of fact there is scarcely more disorder in Russia than there is in the United States.

"Certain disturbances are inevitable in a change of government so radical as that in Russia," said Mr. Root, "and cable dispatches deal largely with the disturbances. Hence, the public has gained an impression that there is little going on in Russia except demonstrations. As a matter of fact, if reports on American affairs disseminated in Russia concentrated on our own little disturbances—race riots, the I. W. W., and the like—the Russians would have about the same picture of us that we now have of them."

"I have faith in the new Russian ministry and in the Russian future, as an important element in the aims of the Allies. Russian women are doing a wonderful work in shaming the men into fighting, and, where necessary, I hope American women will follow their example."

WRITES MEMOIRS AS SHE AWAITS DEATH. Paris, Aug. 7.—Awaiting execution in a cell in St. Lazaire prison is Mata Hari, which is Japanese for Eye of the Morning, having written her memoirs. Condemned as a spy, she is chronicling her life story, using six languages alternately, French, English, Dutch, Japanese, German and Japanese. Mata Hari has filed a new appeal for a stay of execution on the ground that it will require several months for her to complete her memoirs.

NO DEFINITE TREND TO-DAY AT CHICAGO. (By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) Chicago, Aug. 7.—A majority of the corn and oats traders are bearish and are working on the short side of the market. They are showing more preference for the May, as it is further away. There is also the belief that while sentiment is so bearish it is well to be conservative and not press the selling side too strongly on the hedges. A little later, when hedging sales become a factor, those who are bearish on oats say they look for fewer rallies, as the weight of the hedges will be felt to a greater extent. At the same time there are many hedges to be filled, which will take some time. The severe break yesterday was somewhat unexpected and was due largely to the accumulation of receipts. Traders expect the report due to-morrow to be bearish on corn, and especially so on oats. The farm reserve of oats on August 1 is to be given.

The trading to-day was within a comparatively narrow range. The offerings were limited and well absorbed, with no selling pressure of any consequence. Wheat was very inactive, but corn and oats showed considerable activity, closing with fractional gains over the prices of the previous day.

NEW YORK COTTON. (By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) New York, Aug. 7.—Raw sugar strong; centrifugal, 22.50; 90, molasses, 25.50; crushed, 28.00; molasses, 28.00; cubes, 28.00; XXXX, powdered, 28.00; powdered, 28.00; fine granulated, 28.00; diamond, 28.00; confectioners' A, 28.00; No. 1, 28.00.

NEW YORK SUGAR. New York, Aug. 7.—Raw sugar strong; centrifugal, 22.50; 90, molasses, 25.50; crushed, 28.00; molasses, 28.00; cubes, 28.00; XXXX, powdered, 28.00; powdered, 28.00; fine granulated, 28.00; diamond, 28.00; confectioners' A, 28.00; No. 1, 28.00.

METAL MARKET. New York, Aug. 7.—Lead quiet; spot, 11.00; asked, 11.00; Copper dull; electrolytic, spot and nearby nominal; September and fourth quarter, 25.00; Iron firm and unchanged. Tin steady; spot, 25.00; 25.00.

Advertisement for Dominion War Loan Bonds, Income Tax Free, Public interest is increasing in the Dominion War Loan Issues as their worth is being appreciated.

Advertisement for FINANCIAL NEWS, MONTREAL STOCKS, SPECIALTY MARKET AT NEW YORK TO-DAY.

Tobacco Group Continued Its Advance at the Session To-day. (By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.) New York, Aug. 7.—The important stock opened here unchanged or fractionally higher. Thereafter, the steel and equipment issues sold off a point or two, but the sugars and tobacco continued moderately on the upward movement. There was no life in the copper or rails. The motor stocks acted well, Studebaker moving up 2 1/2 points in the face of an expected reduction of the dividend this afternoon of 4 per cent. Later a part of this gain was lost. Bethlehem Steel still was influenced by the idea that the company would do some financing in the not distant future, but opinion inclined to the belief that it will be noted instead of stock. Press reports of the conference between the President and the War Industries Board leave the matter of price-fixing as obscure as ever, but it may be assumed that the Board has a much clearer understanding of the President's intentions than the dispatches give. Thus the prospect for an early clearing up of that uncertainty is improving.

The afternoon market consisted of movements in certain groups of stocks acting under special influences. The tobacco group continued its advance. Two of these issues making new high records shortly before the close. Studebaker sold off about four points, on the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, despite the fact that was exactly what the Street was expecting. The company's statement that the business of the first quarter of 1917 had been large, together with the small net earnings reported for the six months ended June 30, indicates that the second quarter must have been very good. The fact that the business is not satisfactory. Nevertheless the statement makes out a pretty good case for the gradual recovery of earnings and improvement in the company's financial position during the remainder of the year. U. S. Steel got down a point below the previous close, and there were similar recessions in that section of the list with fractional reverses. Call money held closely around 2 1/2 per cent.

Table of stock prices including Alaska Gold, Am. Sugar Ref., Am. Can. Co., etc.

Table of stock prices including Am. Steel Foundry, Anaconda Mining, Agr. Chemical, etc.

Table of stock prices including Atlantic Gulf, Baldwin Loco., Baltimore & Ohio, etc.

Table of stock prices including Bethlehem Steel, Brit. Sup. Mining, Canadian Pacific, etc.

Table of stock prices including Central Leather, Crucible Steel, Chesapeake & Ohio, etc.

Table of stock prices including Ciba, R. I. & Pac., Colo. Fuel & Iron, etc.

Table of stock prices including Chino Copper, Cal. Petroleum, Chile Copper, etc.

Table of stock prices including Cdn. Products, Distillers Sec., Erie, etc.

Table of stock prices including Gen. Electric, Gen. Motors, Granite, etc.

Table of stock prices including Int'l Nickel, Int'l Mer. Marine, Kennecott Copper, etc.

FOR THE DURATION OF THE WAR

By A. G. G. in The London News and Leader.

Neither here nor in Germany was there any real vision of the course or length of the struggle. The Kaiser's army was to be in Paris in a fortnight; the "steam roller," according to The Times, was to be in Berlin in three months. The author of the latter prophecy is to-day telling us in the august accents of the dictator of two worlds that the war has only just begun. There are years and years of it to follow. He is probably wrong now as he was wrong then.

The truth is that wars are wayward things. They rarely work out "according to plan." Lord Milner thought the Boers would be beaten in a few weeks; Lincoln at the end of four years admitted that no one had foreseen the stupendous nature of the secession conflict. The only prophets of war who can generally afford to recall their prophecies are those who promise disappointments and disillusion. "They are ringing their bells now," said Walpole when at last he was driven into the Spanish war; "soon they will be wringing their hands."

The Starvation Phase. But though disappointments and disillusion have been our portion in common with the rest of the belligerents, the great tendencies of events should reassure us. They have been with us throughout; but they were never so vitally with us as they are to-day, and the end may be near at hand.

This may be doubted if we look only at the externals of the war. The three years are nearly over, and we are about to explore the unknown "duration." If we base our calculations on the visible struggle we have not much material for a cheerful forecast. Those who anticipate the continuance of the war over another winter and perhaps over a second winter have the stronger case. We have come to the end of one chapter only to find once more that we are at the beginning of another. We are experiencing that familiar deception of the mountains which offer up false summits for our achievement only to reveal new summits to be won. The phase of this year has been the phase of mutual starvation. It is over temporarily, but over. The U boat has done its worst and we survive. The blockade has done its worst and Germany survives. The harvests of the world are being reaped, and the war goes on. The efforts of three years, on that side and on this, to effect a dramatic finish have been brought to nought and we face a mere struggle of endurance.

The Last Card. In that struggle Germany is now definitely the underdog and across the Atlantic her doom is being written by the light of a thousand furnaces. She has still one card to play. She may try to escape the slow working of events by a gamble with her navy; but if she shrinks from that risk there would seem to be no alternative to a war of exhaustion. And with the experience we have had in this war of the power of the defensive it would be a courageous prophet who put an early term to the struggle. In the light of the military facts, then, those who look for another year of war and possibly two seem to have the weight of the argument on their side.

But the true tendencies are not to be measured wholly by the visible military facts. "War," said Clausewitz, "is only an extension of policy." It is an instrument, not an end. It is subordinate to ideas, and no one can be blind to the transformation in the world of ideas behind the war, or to the startling elucidation of the issue which has come in recent months.

A War of Systems. From the beginning it has been held in these columns that the war was not a war between nations, but a war between systems. The government of the world was a crazy quilt—here Absolutism, there Republicanism, elsewhere a compromise like our own. We had tried to find an accommodation, a basis of neighborly existence between these systems, the liberal world hoping that the Absolutist world would collapse from within; but the war came and the issue that came with it was not whether this bit of territory or that was to change hands, but whether Absolutism or Liberalism was to govern the world—not a section of the world but all the world. One or other system had to go entirely; there was no room in the world for the two principles.

It was not very clear for the first two years that this was the issue, for we had one of the worst despotisms on our side. But with the revolution in Russia the truth that lay at the heart of the war was revealed. It was an unpleasant revelation to the imperialists and Militarists here. How unpleasant may be gathered from the columns of such papers as The Morning Post, which tells us in its immortal passage that the makers of the revolution are jail birds:

"As a matter of fact probably a majority of the present ruling powers in Russia studied statesmanship in the enforced leisure of convict prisons. Out of 18 members of the Executive Committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates only four pass under their own names."

The New Phase. But that by the way. We can afford to forgive the vulgarities of our imperialists, for they have lost the war. They lost it on the day the Tsar fell. That event made it possible for the United States to come in, and with the entrance of the United States the issue was not merely clear, but at last was authoritatively stated. President Wilson's declarations were (1) we are not at war with the German people, but with their autocratic system; (2) we will make peace with the people but not with their Autocracy, for (3)

our object is to make the world safe for democracy, and (4) that can only be done by a world system of free people leagued together for the defence and security of the common liberty.

By that announcement the real war, as distinct from the material struggle, was narrowed down to Germany itself. All the free, self-governing nations of the earth—all, that is, that counted in war—were united against her and her allies, not for her destruction, but for the liberation of human society from the menace of Absolutism. And it is the course of the war with Germany which will govern the length of the war of the world.

The War in Germany. How is that war progressing? In the past we have allowed our hopes of internal disruption and economic collapse to much rope. To-day we are allowing them, perhaps, too little. There is strong ground for believing that momentous things are imminent in Germany—that the Autocracy and the nation are approaching the inevitable collision. It must be remembered that there has always been a powerful minority opposed to the war, and that popular leaders like Bernstein and Haase, not to speak of Liebknecht (who has long been in prison) have openly charged the German Government with responsibility for the war. The opposition has been kept under because the Autocracy has had control of the machine; but the control is weakening. The Autocracy must have victory or the challenge from the nation grows. It has not had victory, and the failure of the immense hopes founded on the submarine warfare has deepened the discredit that is undermining its authority. Privations can be borne when victory beckons a people on; but privation is another matter when hope is sinking.

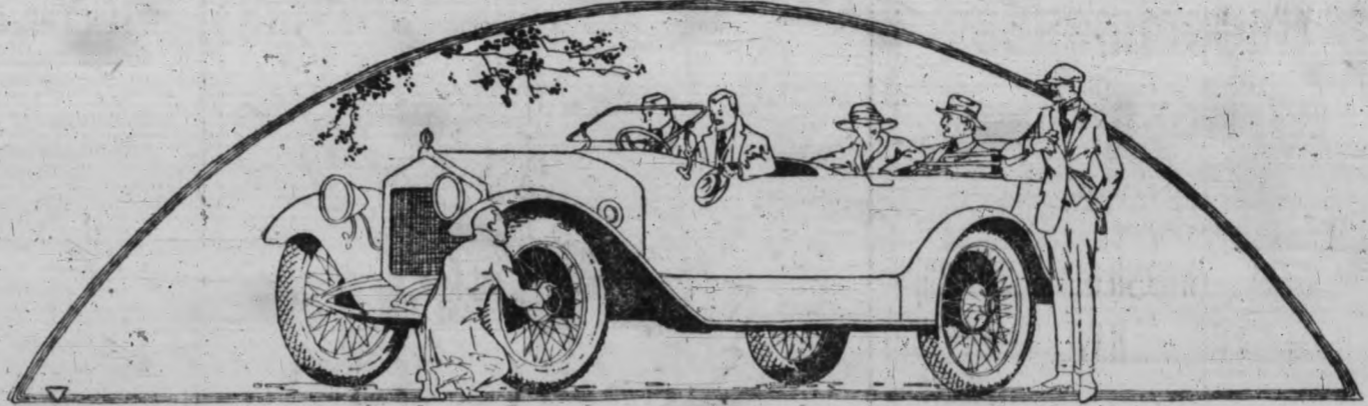
Signals of Distress. Hence the food riots which have taken place in the great towns during the last few days. Hence the remarkable declaration by Conservative leaders like Delbrück, Rohrbach, Troeltsch and Emil Fischer that the denial of political reforms must end and that a measure of freedom must be granted forthwith, "so that the Government may give practical and visible evidence of its trust in the people which the German nation deserves."

The signals of distress are everywhere—in the panic speech of Herr Dornburg reported yesterday, in the suppression of all independent comment in the German newspapers, in the apologies that are being made for the failure of the submarines to reduce us to starvation, and in the remarkable interview with Herr Bjornsen in the Norwegian Press, in which, after having been the most obedient lackey of Germany, he repudiates the Government, declares that it is lying to the people, that it conceals the facts about the sinking of neutral ships, and that the Austrian Emperor (whom he has seen) is in revolt against the tyranny of Berlin. In all this and much else there are the evidences that disillusionment is at last coming to the German people. When that process is complete the last stronghold of Absolutism will fall with a crash as it fell in Russia, and the war will be near its end.

Russia's Demand. It is the task of the Allies to help that process to mature—to help to drive in the wedge between the German people and the system which is now fighting desperately for its existence, not merely against the Allies but against the tendency within. The moment has come, not for a bid for peace, but for such a revised statement of the Allies' war aims as will put our case unequivocally before the world. It is such a statement for which Russia asks, and nothing will do so much to consolidate the Government of that country in the midst of the storms that rage around it as a frank and swift response in this matter.

The troubles of the Russian Government have come as much from the Allies as from the Extremists. The latter are careless of the political revolution that has been accomplished; they care only about the social revolution of which they dream. They are not pro-Germans, but they are ridden by their theories and they represent the Allied countries, France, Great Britain, the United States, as given over to imperialism, capitalism, and conquest as much as Germany. It is this propaganda that the Russian Government has to meet and destroy if it is to survive. And what it asks is that the Allies shall come to its aid, restate their objects in the light of the great events of the past six months, and enable it to turn to the Russian people with the assurance that the cause of the Allies is the cause of liberty, that the destruction of the German people but of the German system is the object in view, and that the only enemy to peace is the Military Autocracy of Prussia.

The Choice. There should be no delay in making this declaration. And in convincing the Russian people that the Allies aim not at conquest but at liberty for every people we shall convince the German people too, and stimulate their internal movement towards emancipation. We have nothing to fear and much to gain from any discussion of our objects, whether by Socialists at Stockholm, in Petrograd, or in London, whether by the churches (who have, too long been silent), or by politicians. It is not the Allies who need such a light; it is the Prussian Autocracy which cannot afford to disclose its aims. The peace which the Allies aim at is a peace of the people, a peace founded on reparation for wrongs, but not on revenge, on liberty to every nation to live its own life in security, and on the banishment from the affairs of men of the menace of Absolutism. If that policy is made clear, the German people will see the choice before them. They can stand by their system and have a long war with a bitter end; or they can renounce their system and



Emblem of Extra Value and Virtue

MANY motorists have discovered that the service rendered beneath the emblem of the Goodyear Service Station is mathematical in its functions.

It is positive in the pleasure and security it adds to motoring. It multiplies the miles that your tires will deliver. It subtracts from the worry, reduces the work, cancels the inconvenience, attaching to the care of tires. At the same time it carries no excessive cost.

It is a service that leaves an unusual dividend of satisfaction.

More than 1000 business men, realizing this satisfaction and the goodwill thus betokened, have resolved to extend such tire service beneath the Goodyear emblem.

So this emblem marks hostelries of tire service along every road of the country. It reveals itself at many advantageous points—an ever recurring beacon-light to a vast number of Canadian motorists.

And it is not by any chance or accident that this increasing number of motorists find tire satisfaction under the name Goodyear.

They belong to that class of men who bring a business instinct into tire-purchasing. They seek in the tires they buy a capacity for delivering long, loyal, economical service. They base their preference on known virtues and achievement.

To these men Goodyear achievements and discoveries—the development of the tire-making machine, the No-Hook bead, the All-Weather tread, the Braided Piano Wire base, and other quality-giving Goodyear features—are significant of a steady, laborious effort towards building better tires.

This significance grows as they experience the advantages of Goodyear Tires and the benefits of Goodyear service.

Yet there are still many men to whom the Goodyear emblem of service

is familiar by appearance only. They have still to experience the actual service this emblem indicates. They have yet to learn the value and virtue this service can add to their tires.

To these motorists the Goodyear emblem should serve as an invitation at the first sign of tire distress. An intimate acquaintance with the work of the Goodyear Service Station will bring a new aspect of motoring pleasure.

Herein we make not a claim but an assurance. Go to the Goodyear Service Station dealer. Test his work yourself. Ask him about the many tasks his work embraces—the many small things he will do—at little or no cost to you—which would take the pleasure out of your motoring if you had them to do yourself.

Let the men beneath this Goodyear Service Station emblem help lower your tire costs by increasing your tire mileage, enhance your motoring pleasure by rendering trouble-saving service, heighten your motoring satisfaction by adding value and virtue to your tires and tire-service.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited



GOOD YEAR
MADE IN CANADA

The Germans on the Belgian Coast

By the Naval Correspondent of The London Chronicle.

The Germans are betraying great apprehension concerning the situation in West Flanders. Considerable activity has latterly developed in the region north of Ypres and Dixmude, and thence to the sea—the battle ground in which, in an earlier stage of the hostilities, there was so much desperate fighting significant of great purposes in the war. Then the navy was supporting and protecting the extreme left flank of the army in its resistance to the German attempt to reach Dunkirk and Calais. But the enemy occupied the Belgian coast, and at Zebrugge, Ostend and in the "Hinterland" of those places they have made formidable bases for the attack upon this country and upon its shipping by destroyer, submarine and aircraft.

A certain sense of insecurity now alarms the Germans. It has been stated in the German papers that it was the purpose of Great Britain to enter the Scheldt, with the object of approaching Antwerp and taking them

by democratizing themselves have, as Mr. Lloyd George said at Glasgow, an earlier and a better peace, and a peace which in the end will reconcile them with the world which their Government and their deeds have outraged.

The preservation of the coast from the grasp of a strong military power has been the most consistent feature of our foreign policy for over three hundred years. It was at the root of all the fighting which caused the Low Countries to be described as the cockpit of Europe. Napoleon said that rather than abandon the position in Holland he would break the dauns. The Germans, inheritors of the Napoleonic tradition, regarded the Treaty of Vienna as ineffective. It should have established Prussia in the North Sea. The German naval and military staffs well know that it is our first interest to sweep them away from the coast. They have created the most formidable defences at Zebrugge, mounting there 11-inch or even bigger guns, with a great battery of many smaller.

Zebrugge and the Critics. Time after time, by air bombardments, we have endeavored to make the place untenable, but destroyers and submarines have continued to issue from the port, and to raid our coast and shipping, and from the aerodrome in the rear have come the aircraft which have wrought such havoc in our coast towns and in the metropolis. There has been considerable agitation against the naval authorities for

not blowing Zebrugge to pieces, or otherwise effectively blockading it. These criticisms betray ignorance of fundamental conditions. Zebrugge is now much stronger than it was in 1915, when the monitors were off the coast bombarding.

It is not the business of warships to endanger themselves against heavy guns in concealed positions. To prevent all egress from Zebrugge is also impossible. It is an easy thing for a flotilla of destroyers to attack some point in an extended line of patrols, or even to evade it, and in favorable conditions of light and tide to effect damage somewhere.

The Germans are now very apprehensive that Mr. Churchill's purpose of "digging out the rats" may be attempted in some other form. Zebrugge has been heavily bombed by seaplanes, and the recent attack on Ostend was reported to have made that place untenable as a sea base. They have seen the British line extended from France to the coast, and the possibility of a conjoint operation has been discussed with some alarm in the German press.

It is known in Germany that the late First Lord of the Admiralty, in a magazine article, "advocated stronger aggressive measures by the navy, by using what he called our "Supplementary Fleet," and that he has quite recently put forward the same views with great insistence in a Sunday illustrated paper. Whether the Admiralty consider such a stroke as likely to be effective is quite another matter.

The point which arises at the present time is that the great increase of German submarine and aerial activity, as directed at this country and its shipping, is largely based on the occupation of the coast and of the countries

of West Flanders. The possibility of making a conjoint attack by naval and military forces in that region has often been discussed. Many naval, military and political considerations affect this business, but it is clear that the necessity of putting an end to enemy activity on the coast has become insistent, and that the Germans themselves are well aware of this fact, and are beginning to feel that there is something precarious in their hold.

War brings strange things to pass. America, which gave us the modern submarine, meets them at work far out in the Atlantic, in the hands of Germans, whom she comes home to fight. Less than 90 years ago Englishmen found Japan without a navy. We took in hand their sailors, and taught

their arms to war and their fingers to fight. But at that same time there lay in a Japanese harbor the first ocean-going navy ever sent to sea by Germany. Its commander had been trained in our Navy. Its biggest ship, the *Thetis*, had been given by us to Prussia. We are working out the sequel to-day.—London Chronicle.

One evening, in the card room of a certain club, a man was caught cheating, and exposed before the whole company, whereupon the indignant members rose in a body and kicked him from the top of the stairs to the bottom. Rising painfully and full of wrath, he hobbled away to the residence of the president of the club, and there complained of the treatment he had received. "What would you do in my place?" he asked. "Well," said the president, "I should play on the ground floor in future—It's safer."

Of all the many Tag Days, and they're all good and welcome, surely none is more deserving than a

TAG DAY For Widows and Orphans ON SEPT. 7 NEXT

Just think, folks, of the widows and orphans of the men who have paid the supreme sacrifice.

Government Pension for Widows is	\$2.00 a Month
Government Pension for Widowed Mothers is	\$1.00 a Month
Government Pensions for Boys up to 16 is	6.00 a Month
Government Pensions for Girls up to 17 is	6.00 a Month

With the present high cost of living HOW CAN THEY EXIST?—they can't. We have several cases that call for immediate action, so HELP US ON TAG DAY.

PATRIOTIC SERVICE COMMITTEE OF THE IMPERIAL ORDER OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE
Chairman, Mrs. H. S. Day, Winch Bldg.

\$10 was collected at the Beacon Hill Concert last Sunday. This will assist for over a year a soldier's widowed mother of 75 years of age who is rheumatic and has a pension of only \$4 a month.

When Recommended by Ross'

You can depend on "The Quality." Ross' sell ONLY GUARANTEED GROCERIES

Genuine St. Vincent's Arrowroot	20c
1-pound packages, each	
Auburn Creamery Butter, per pound	45c
2 pounds for	85c
Local New Laid Eggs	45c
Per dozen	
Ogilvie's "Canada's Best" Flour	\$3.10
49-pound sack	
Crosse & Blackwell's Pineapple Marmalade	25c
1-pound glass jars	
Heinz Pure Malt Vinegar	85c
Per gallon	
Morton's Scotch Herring in Tomato Sauce	25c
Large cans, each	

Phone or Mail Orders Receive Special Attention

DIXIE ROSS'

"Quality Grocers," 1817 Government St. Phone 80 81 82 Liquor 78

CLEARANCE SALE OF SUMMER FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN



White Footwear Specials for Wednesday

A timely sale of fine styles in White Shoes at decidedly low prices. A pair "to finish out the season" costs but little. See windows for these and other Shoe bargains.

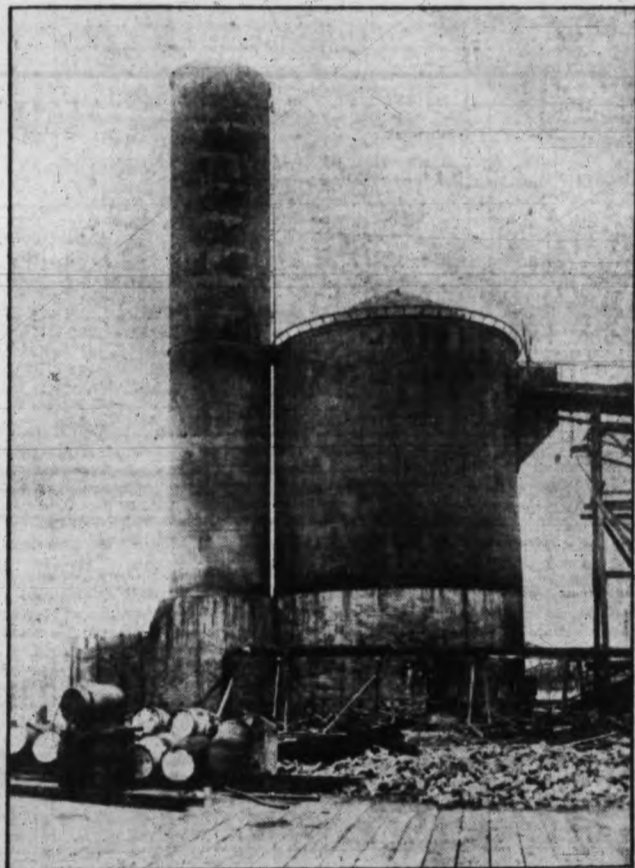
White Duck Sports Boot, with white rubber sole and heel for	\$2.25
White Canvas Button Boot, with leather Cuban heel	\$2.25
Broken Lines Burt and Fox Canvas Pump	\$1.90
\$7.00 Brogue Buckskin Oxford	\$4.65
Duck Laced Boot, high top, rubber sole, Cuban heel	\$2.00
White Poplin Pump, with white-covered Cuban heel	\$2.65
White Canvas Pump, neat ornament, rubber sole, Cuban heel	\$1.95
Tango Pump, with rubber sole and heel. All sizes	\$1.15
Tennis Oxfords	\$1.00
Child's White Canvas Mary Jane, size 6-7 1/2, at 95c. 8-10 1/2	\$1.15
Misses' Yachting Bal, all sizes 11-2	\$1.15
Misses' White Canvas Button Boot, size 11-2, at \$1.65. 8-10 1/2, at	\$1.40
Misses' White Buck Button Boot, welted sole, best grade throughout, sizes 11-2, at \$2.90. Sizes 8-10 1/2	\$2.65

TENNIS AND OUTING SHOES AT LOWEST PRICES

Mutrie & Son

1203 Douglas St. Phone 2504

Has Conquered Mill Dust Nuisance



The above picture shows the burner of the Robinson Manufacturing Company, Everett, recommended from 38 sawmills and wood-working plants inspected by Chief Davis recently as the best type of installation for the mills here.

In the course of a report he has filed, he says of this plant:

"This company has erected a refuse burner capable of handling the sawdust and refuse of a cutting capacity of 175,000 feet daily, which absolutely takes care of all sawdust, etc., and does not emit charred sawdust or cinders. I have made a thorough inspection both inside and outside of this burner, its combustion chambers and stack, also made inquiries from many of the people living in close proximity to this mill, and I might say within 2,500 feet of same, and I failed to find anyone who complained of this charred sawdust nuisance.

"I am thoroughly convinced after my inspection of this burner that this

Curtain Trimmings, Reg. to 25c Values. Wednesday, 5c Yard



739 Yates St. Phone 5510

40-Inch Brass Sash Curtain Rods, Complete With Hooks, 5c

A Few of the Many Bargains Offered in Our Semi-Annual Sale of House Furnishings

Delayed Shipment of Cretonne, Chintz, Repp and Taffeta

These goods have just arrived and are all marked at special prices, and the values are remarkable when we consider the shortage. These goods, along with other special values we are offering, make a splendid assortment. Come and look over these new styles to-day.

Ask to see the new Novelty Cretonne Shopping Bags—our own make.

We have a splendid selection of flat Tinsel Trimmings and Fringes for shopping bags.

30-Inch Strong English Cretonne, Yard	35c	36-Inch Fine Novelty Taffeta, Yard	65c
30-Inch Heavy Dark Cretonnes, Yard	39c	36-Inch Shadow Cretonne and Repp, Yard	75c
30-Inch Fine English Cretonne, Yard	45c	36-Inch Shadow Tissue, Yard	\$1.00
33-Inch Fine American Chintz, Yard	50c	Special Figured Satens, At 25c, 20c, 35c, 30c and	45c

Regular to \$2.50 Printed Linen, Tissue, Fig. Tapestry and Linen Taffeta \$1.19

Wednesday morning you can choose from some of our best Printed Linen, Tissue and fine Figured Tapestry, in green, brown, lilac and pearl grey; all 50 ins. wide; 36-inch Linen Taffeta, and a variety of other good styles. A splendid opportunity to have some of your furniture re-covered or new drapes made up. A splendid selection of all the wanted colors and combinations. Reg. to \$2.50 values. Wednesday, yard \$1.19

25 Pair of Fine Lace Edge Scrim Curtains Wednesday 69c Pair

These are made of a good quality Scrim and finished with a neat lace edge. Full 2 1/2 yds. long, in shades of ivory and ecru. Well worth \$1.25 per pair. House Furnishing Sale, pair 69c

Special Showing of Novelty Printed Art Napkins Tea Cloths, Runners and Bedspreads

These are a very attractive addition to the Home Furnishings. They come in white ground with pretty china blue designs; also in china blue with white printed designs; hemstitched borders and ends. They are exceedingly cool and dainty in appearance and just the thing for your camp and the summer cottage.

SIZES AND PRICES AS FOLLOWS:

Napkins, 12 in. square. Each	5c	Runners, 17 x 45. Each	35c
Tea Cloths, 30 in. square. Each	35c	Runners, 17 x 64. Each	35c
Tea Cloths, 36 in. square. Each	50c	Bedspreads, 60 x 82. Each	\$1.75
Tea Cloths, 42 in. square. Each	65c	Bedspreads, 85 x 96. Each	\$2.50
Tea Cloths, 48 in. square. Each	75c		
Tea Cloths, 54 in. square. Each	\$1.00		
Tea Cloths, 60 in. square. Each	\$1.00		
Tea Cloths, 72 in. square. Each	\$1.50		

NOTE—These Bedspreads can also be used with very dainty effect as curtains for windows or doorways.

—Staples, in Basement

Stencilled Grass Rugs at Special Sale Prices

Size 3 x 6 feet. Semi-Annual Sale	\$1.50	Size 8 x 9 feet. Sale Price	\$3.98
Size 4-6 x 7-6 feet. Reg to \$4.50 value. Sale Price	\$2.69	Size 9-9 x 12-0. Sale Price	\$7.98

A SPLENDID STOCK OF "CRESS WIRE GRASS" RUGS. ALL MARKED AT LAST SEASON'S PRICES

NO PROSPECT OF CITY TAX SALE THIS YEAR

Special Meeting to Consider Tax Delinquency Situation on Thursday

The Aldermen in the City Council last evening were disinclined to deal seriously with the tax delinquency question, and demanded a special meeting of the Council to discuss the subject of Mayor Todd's scheme. This meeting will be held on Thursday evening next.

An estimate was submitted showing that it would cost \$1,570 to hold a tax sale this fall of properties in arrears in 1914. There are about 1,163 such parcels, of which 500 will go to tax sale.

The impression prevailed, although no resolution was passed on the subject, that the tax sale will not be held this year. The general questions raised by Mayor Todd's proposal will be taken up at the special meeting.

The City Council later, satisfied that sufficient money is in hand for the advances, passed the wage increases already recommended to a number of the poorly paid employees.

Some allusion was made to the protests of individual grocers against lowering the barriers for butchers to sell on Saturday afternoons.

It was decided that the better course, before passing further resolutions on the subject, would be to ask the Government when the promised order-in-council affecting butchers will be made effective.

ADVOCATES EXCURSION

Mayor Todd States That Business Men Should Look After Up-Island Trade.

"If the business men of Victoria were doing the entire business of Vancouver Island," everyone would be engaged in the greatest boom and the biggest business that they have ever had on the island. The business people here, however, are not getting as much as they should," Mayor Todd made these remarks in the City Council last evening when advocating participation by members and their friends in the up-island excursion which begins to-day week, to the Alberni and other centres. The excursion is limited to 125.

The Mayor pointed out that the excursion last fall had gone a long way towards settling in motion the negotiations which led to the reopening of the Ladysmith Smelter, and as a sequel many copper properties had been opened in the past eight months on the lower end of Vancouver Island. There was a very friendly feeling up-island as a result of last year's trip.

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AUCTIONEERS Instructed we will sell at our sales-rooms, 726 View Street,

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almost new and well-kept

Household Furniture and Furnishings

Including Player Piano and 100 Rolls of Music, Mahogany Parlor Furniture, Fumed Oak Dining-Room Suite, All-Brass Beds, Springs and Mattresses, Oak Dressers, almost new 4-hole Monarch Range, etc.

Also at 11 o'clock in our Stockyard, 250 White Leghorns and White Wyandotte Pullets (Adams' strain). These birds are March and April hatched, and should be laying in six weeks.

MAYNARD & SONS, Auctioneers, Phone 837R.

SECURES SUPPORT FOR NEW HIGHWAYS BILL

Mayor Todd's Proposal Welcomed by Citizens of Province and Public Bodies

From the circularizing carried out by the secretary of the Island Automobile Association in connection with the proposed Bill to substitute Bill No. 58, intitled "The Canada Highways Improvement Act," there has been an encouraging response from many parts of the Island and interior of the province.

It will be remembered that at the special meeting of the Island Auto Association convened by Mayor Todd, ex-president of the organization, early last month, His Worship submitted a draft bill for the approval of the Board of Governors (already published in these columns), the draft in question being intended as a substitute for "No. 58," now before the Federal House. The Board concurred in the general terms of the proposed substitute and the backing of British Columbia members of the Senate and Dominion House was sought. In the first place they were asked to use their endeavors to get the present measure killed, and, secondly, to have it replaced with the suggestion submitted by Mayor Todd.

Copies of the proposed new bill have been sent to all the principal newspapers of the Dominion as well as to members of the Senate and House of Commons. It was pointed out that No. 58 does not meet the national need—a continuous highway from the Pacific to the Atlantic with connection to Vancouver Island. The Island Automobile Association also took the stand that the bill left the way open for abuses, since it provided for the spending of ten million dollars without any specific programme laid down.

One of the clauses of Bill No. 58 reads thus: "The minister with the approval of the Governor-in-Council, and upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by order-in-council, may undertake the construction of any new highway, or the improvement of any existing highway in any province, and may expend in such improvement or construction the whole or any part of the sums voted by Parliament for such subsidy to that province. Provided, however, that the minister shall first obtain the necessary authority from the legislature of such province and the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council."

Sceptical.

As the editor of the Island Motorist naively points out in the current issue of his magazine: "With a Dominion election in the offing ten million dollars would be a handy sum to have about, under these conditions, for road construction."

The action of the Island Automobile Association has been warmly endorsed by the Victoria Board of Trade, the Victoria Rotary Club, and other institutions on Vancouver Island, as well as by numerous influential citizens and public bodies throughout the province.

Latest advices from Ottawa suggest that in view of the forthcoming election The Canadian Highways Improvement Act, in common with other measures, may be dropped and dealt with in the uncertain future.

Transportation Line.—F. W. Engeman is contemplating opening up a new transportation line between Pavillion and Chilcoot by gasoline boat on the Fraser. He has brought a boat from Fort George as far as the Chilcoot River, where it is anchored awaiting a further falling of the Fraser River before it can be brought south. The object is to transport freight and passengers from the P.O.E. at Pavillion to all points along the Fraser north.

the second combustion chamber and burnt up. These chambers are built of fire brick and the stack is lined with same for 30 feet up.

The stack is 15 feet high. In connection with this matter P. J. Walsh, of the Walsh Construction Co., Vancouver, is in the city to-day meeting mill owners with regard to refuse burners.

ADVISES MOTHERS TO BOIL THE MILK

City Medical Officer Issues Hot Weather Warning; City's Health

"During the hot season I would advise all those in charge of young children either to boil or pasteurize all milk before giving it to the children, also to be careful to keep the milk clean, cool, and covered in the house," wrote Dr. A. G. Price, Medical Health Officer, in his report to the City Council, presented last evening, covering the month of July.

There was a varied result ascertained from the inspection of dairies and milk supplied. Some examples were clean, others dirty, and some were of poor quality, being low in butter fat. Notices are being sent out to those dairies supplying faulty milk, calling attention to the condition of the milk.

The deaths registered in Victoria in July were 28, four of whom were Asiatics. Births numbered 55 males and 51 females. The death rate is 8.5 per thousand on a population of 38,000, and the birth rate is 25.3 per thousand per annum, as compared with a death rate of 12, and a birth rate of 22.5 per thousand in June. There were 11 marriages in Victoria in July.

One case of measles occurred during the month, and three cases of diphtheria, all of whom have recovered.

Scratchfood for Poultry

The best buy on the market to-day, now \$3.25 per 100 lbs. Telephone 413 SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates Street

\$4.00 Per dozen, while they last. TENNIS BALLS—NEW STOCK. Order some to-morrow. DRAKE HARDWARE CO., LIMITED 726 Douglas Street Phone 1648

There was one case of typhoid, reported, and one Chinaman, not reported, which terminated fatally. Only one case of chickenpox arose.

There are six city indigent patients and three patients from outside under treatment at the Jubilee Hospital for pulmonary tuberculosis, and 29 other cases reported to be in the city, nine of whom are attended by the City Visiting Nurse. Three deaths occurred from the disease, one being that of a patient recently brought into the city. Seven patients were under treatment at the Isolation Hospital, four of whom were admitted during the month. All have recovered.

Thirty-two city indigent patients were visited at home, and 77 attended at the Board of Health office. Thirty-nine such cases were under treatment in the Jubilee Hospital.

Submits Report.—Chief Edens, of the police department of Kamloops, submitted his semi-annual report to the Board of License Commissioners last week. The report is evidence of the fact that Kamloops has been free from crime in the way of petty and serious crimes during the first half of the year, and that the police department have evidently kept in view the slogan, "Eternal vigilance is the price of safety." In fact, Kamloops appears to feel thankful that the city is so well taken care of by the force and that they have a chief, such as Mr. Edens, who has had much experience in larger cities and does his work effectively.

MADDENING PROFESSIONS.

In view of the great increase of insanity during recent years, it is interesting to note the various classes of employment which are, more or less, productive of madness.

A French scientist has recently been investigating this question, and his researches go to show that, apart from the terrible nerve strain of this war, the military and naval professions are the very worst a man can enter if he wishes to go sane to the grave. Out of every 100,000 who enter the army and navy 199 become confirmed lunatics.

The liberal professions come in as a good second to the army and navy, the list being headed by artists, who are very closely followed by lawyers, and somewhat more distinctly by the clergy, doctors of medicine, men of letters, and civil servants. The number of people in these professions who become occupants of lunatic asylums is 177 to each 100,000.

The professional men are run very close by domestic servants and day-laborers, of whom 159 out of each 100,000 are sent to the asylum. There is a big falling-off before we arrive at the next group, which is that of mechanics, only 65 of whom go mad in each 100,000.

And, curious to relate, and contrary to all general belief, the group which is most highly favorable to sanity is that of commercial men, which sends only 42 per 100,000 for a in every 2,380 of its ranks to confinement.—Tit-Bits.