

Executive Order

Wednesday
August 6, 1980

Highlights

- 52139 **Strategic Petroleum Reserve** Executive Order
- 52287 **Grant Programs—Energy** NRC announces proposed availability of FY 1981 funds for financial assistance to enhance technology advancement of nuclear energy safety; apply from 10-1-80 to 9-30-81
- 52295 **Grant Programs—Refugees** HHS/Sec'y gives notice of grants to assist non-profit refugee Mutual Assistance Association in providing services to persons legally admitted as refugees; apply by 9-8-80
- 52296 **Medicare** HHS/HCFA gives notice of ruling to discontinue medicare coverage of heart transplant procedures; effective 6-13-80
- 52144 **Credit** FRS amends regulations regarding extension of credit by Federal Reserve Banks
- 52173 **Real Estate** FHLBB publishes revisions of real estate lending regulations; comments by 10-6-80
- 52195 **Fuel** DOE gives notice of alternative fuel production financial assistance; effective 7-29-80
- 52143 **Aliens** Justice/INS publishes regulations regarding registration and fingerprinting of aliens in the United States; effective 8-5-80

CONTINUED INSIDE



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There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the **Federal Register**.

Questions and requests for specific information may be directed to the telephone numbers listed under INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE in the READER AIDS section of this issue.

Highlights

- 52342 Credit** USDA/CCC proposes intermediate credit export sales program for foreign market development facilities; comments by 9-5-80 (Part VII of this issue)
- 52177 Securities** FHLBB publishes proposal regarding investment in consumer loans, commercial paper and corporate debt securities; comments by 10-6-80
- 52297 Health Care** HHS/PHS announces scientific evaluation of clinical safety and effectiveness of electrical stimulation for treatment of facial nerve palsy
- 52326 Accreditation** Commerce/Sec'y requests comments by 10-6-80 on preliminary finding of need to accredit laboratories that provide electromagnetic calibration services (Part IV of this issue)
- 52145 Cadets** DOD/AF amends regulations regarding enlistment and discharge of AFROTC cadets; effective 7-15-80
- 52306 Surface Mining** Interior/SMO amends bond and insurance requirements for surface coal mining and reclamation operations; effective 8-6-80 (Part III of this issue)
- 52151 Telephone** FCC publishes regulations regarding connection of terminal equipment to the telephone network
- 52166 Improving Government Regulations** Treasury/Comptroller publishes semiannual agenda regulations
- 52149 Radio** FCC publishes regulations regarding applicants filing applications in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service must demonstrate interference free operation; effective 9-8-80
- 52284 Privacy Act Document** Justice
- 52299 Sunshine Act Meetings**
- Separate Parts of This Issue**
- 52303** Part II, Interior/BLM
52306 Part III, Interior/SMREO
52326 Part IV, Commerce/Sec'y
52332 Part V, USDA/FGIS
52339 Part VI, USDA/FGIS
52342 Part VII, USDA/CCC

Contents

Federal Register

Vol. 45, No. 153

Wednesday, August 6, 1980

- The President**
EXECUTIVE ORDERS
- 52139 Petroleum Reserve, Strategic (EO 12231)
- EXECUTIVE AGENCIES
- Agency for International Development**
NOTICES
- Authority delegations:
- 52261 Asia, Mission Directors, et al.; contracting functions
- Aging, Federal Council**
NOTICES
- 52188 Meetings
- Agricultural Marketing Service**
RULES
- 52143 Celery grown in Fla.
52141 Onions grown in Idaho and Oreg.
52141 Potatoes (Irish) grown in Wash.
- Agriculture Department**
See Agricultural Marketing Service; Commodity Credit Corporation; Federal Grain Inspection Service; Forest Service; Soil Conservation Service.
- Air Force Department**
RULES
- Military personnel:
- 52145 ROTC Cadets; enlistment and discharge requirements, policies, and procedures
- Antitrust Division**
NOTICES
- Competitive impact statements and proposed consent judgments:
- 52280 Ashland Oil, Inc., et al.
- Civil Aeronautics Board**
NOTICES
- Hearings, etc.:
- 52189 El Dorado/Camden, Ark., essential air service
- Commerce Department**
See also Foreign-Trade Zones Board; National Technical Information Service.
NOTICES
- Laboratory Accreditation Program, National Voluntary:
- 52326 Electromagnetic calibration services
- Commodity Credit Corporation**
PROPOSED RULES
- 52342 Foreign market development facilities; intermediate credit export sales program
- Commodity Futures Trading Commission**
NOTICES
- Futures contracts, proposed; availability:
- 52192 New Orleans Commodity Exchange
52299 Meetings; Sunshine Act
- Comptroller of Currency**
PROPOSED RULES
- Improving Government regulations:
Regulatory agenda
- 52166
- Defense Department**
See Air Force Department; Engineers Corps.
- Drug Enforcement Administration**
NOTICES
- Schedules of controlled substances; production quotas:
- 52286 Schedules I and II, 1981 aggregate
- Economic Regulatory Administration**
NOTICES
- Consent orders:
Field Oil Co.
Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act; prohibition orders, rescissions, etc.:
- 52196 International Paper Co.
Natural gas; fuel oil displacement certification applications:
52198 Arizona Public Service Co.
52199 International Harvester Co.
- Education Department**
NOTICES
- Meetings:
- 52194 Adult Education National Advisory Council
- Energy Department**
See also Economic Regulatory Administration; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
NOTICES
- 52195 Alternative fuels; feasibility studies and cooperative agreements
Meetings:
52195 Tar sands definitional workshop
- Engineers Corps**
NOTICES
- Environmental statements; availability, etc.:
- 52193 Central and South Florida Canal 18, Jupiter Inlet and Loxahatchee River Study
52192 Cowanesque Reservoir; Toiga County, Pa.; flood control storage to water supply storage
52194 Delta Pumping Plant, Tracy, Calif.; additional pumps
- Environmental Protection Agency**
RULES
- Air quality implementation plans; approval and promulgation; various States, etc.:
- 52148 Texas
Waste management, solid:
52149 Permit programs, consolidated; application and report signatory and certification requirements; policy statement
PROPOSED RULES
- Air quality implementation plans; approval and promulgation; various States, etc.:
- 52184 Washington; advance notice

- Pesticide programs:
- 52184 Registration of pesticide producing establishments, submission of reports, labeling; addition of producers of active ingredients; extension of time
- Water pollution; effluent guidelines for certain point source categories:
- 52185 Textile mills; best available technology, best conventional technology, and pretreatment and new source performance standards; correction
- NOTICES**
- Meetings:
- 52241 Science Advisory Board
- Pesticides; temporary tolerances:
- 52241 American Cyanamid Co.
- Pesticides; tolerances in animal feeds and human food:
- 52241 American Cyanamid Co.; correction
- Toxic and hazardous substances control:
- 52242 Premanufacture exemption applications
- 52241, 51243 Premanufacture notices receipts (2 documents)
- Federal Communications Commission**
- RULES**
- Commercial radio operators and radio services, special:
- 52154 Marine radio operator permit establishment, radiotelephone third class operator permit abolishment, and examination order for licenses
- Common carrier services:
- 52149 Domestic public mobile radio services; demonstration of interference-free operation when filing applications
- 52151 Terminal equipment, connection to telephone network
- Television broadcasting:
- 52153 Cable television; system community unit facilities serving less than fifty people; registration requirement; clarification
- Television stations; table of assignments:
- 52152 Michigan and Ohio
- NOTICES**
- Hearings, etc.:
- 52244 Casey Broadcasting Co., Inc., et al.
- 52246 Denair Broadcasting Co., Inc., et al.
- 52252 Dick Lashbrook Corp.
- 52247 Everybody's Mood, Inc., et al.
- 52248 Grants Pass Broadcasting Co., et al.
- 52249 Hispanic Broadcasting Co., et al.
- 52253 Payne, Jim T., et al.
- 52253 Rockbridge Communications, Inc., et al.
- 52254 Southwest Television, Ltd., et al.
- 52255 Valcom, Inc., et al.
- 52256 Van Buren Community Service Broadcasters, Inc., et al.
- 52256 Visionary Radio Euphonics, Inc., et al.
- Meetings:
- 52257 Marine Services Radio Technical Commission
- Federal Energy Regulatory Commission**
- NOTICES**
- Hearings, etc.:
- 52199 Alabama-Tennessee Natural Gas Co.
- 52200 Alaskan Northwest National Transportation Co.
- 52200 Central Virginia Electric Cooperative et al.
- 52200 Cimarron Transmission Co. et al.
- 52201 Consolidated Gas Supply Corp.
- 52203 El Paso Natural Gas Co. (2 documents)
- 52204 Harrison Western Corp. (2 documents)
- 52205 Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co. (2 documents)
- 52206 Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co. et al.
- 52206 Monongahela Power Co. et al.
- 52207 Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America (2 documents)
- 52208 Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co.
- 52208 Peoples Natural Gas Co.
- 52209 Public Service Co. of Colorado (3 documents)
- 52210 Public Service Co. of New Mexico
- 52210 Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
- 52210 Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp. et al.
- 52211 Trunkline Gas Co.
- 52211 United Gas Pipe Line Co.
- 52212 Virginia Electric & Power Co.
- Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978:
- 52212- Jurisdictional agency determinations (3 documents)
- 52232
- Federal Grain Inspection Service**
- PROPOSED RULES**
- Grain standards:
- 52339 Warehouseman's sample-lot inspection certificate
- NOTICES**
- Grain standards; inspection points:
- 52332- Indiana (6 documents)
- 52335
- Federal Home Loan Bank Board**
- PROPOSED RULES**
- Federal home loan bank system, etc.:
- 52173 Real estate lending regulations; security property location restrictions, lien priority, and dollar limits on loans
- Federal savings and loan system, etc.:
- 52177 Consumer loans, commercial paper, and corporate debt securities; investment
- Federal Maritime Commission**
- NOTICES**
- Complaints filed:
- 52257 Missouri Pacific Railroad Co.
- Rate increases, etc.; investigations and hearings, etc.:
- 52258 Bultaco International, Ltd., et al.
- 52258 Certified Corp. et al.
- 52258 Rebates and similar malpractices in U.S. foreign commerce
- Federal Reserve System**
- RULES**
- Credit extension by Federal Reserve Banks (Regulation A):
- 52144 Discount rate changes
- NOTICES**
- 52299 Meetings; Sunshine Act (2 documents)
- Fine Arts Commission**
- NOTICES**
- 52257 Meetings
- Fish and Wildlife Service**
- RULES**
- Hunting:
- 52163 Seney National Wildlife Refuge, Mich., et al.

- Foreign-Trade Zones Board**
NOTICES
Applications, etc.:
- 52189 Ohio
52189 Oregon
- Forest Service**
NOTICES
Environmental statements; availability, etc.:
- 52188 White River National Forest, Spruce Creek Wilderness Study Area, Colo.; hearing
- General Accounting Office**
NOTICES
Regulatory reports review; proposals, approvals, violations, etc. (NRC)
- 52259
- Health, Education, and Welfare Department**
See Education Department; Health and Human Services Department.
- Health and Human Services Department**
See also Health Care Financing Administration; Public Health Service.
NOTICES
Resettling refugees; availability of funding
- 52295
- Health Care Financing Administration**
NOTICES
Medicare:
Heart transplantation procedures; exclusion from coverage
- 52296
- Housing and Urban Development Department**
See Interstate Land Sales Registration Office.
- 52144
- Immigration and Naturalization Service**
RULES
Aliens, registration and fingerprinting; reference to alien registration receipt card (Form I-551)
- 52143
- Interior Department**
See also Fish and Wildlife Service; Land Management Bureau; Surface Mining Office.
NOTICES
Meetings:
Oil Shale Task Force
Oil shale tract delineation-tract selection criteria
- 52261
52260
- International Broadcasting Board**
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act
- 52299
- International Development Cooperation Agency**
See also Agency for International Development.
NOTICES
Authority delegations:
Agency for International Development, Administrator; trade and development program legal counsel functions
- 52261
- International Trade Commission**
NOTICES
Import investigations:
Chains and parts of cast-iron or steel from Italy
Menthol from Japan and China
Motor vehicles and certain chassis and bodies
Slide fastener stringers, etc.
- 52273
52273
52280
52280
- Interstate Commerce Commission**
RULES
Practice and procedure:
Motor carrier operating authority application procedures; interim rule and request for comments; correction
Railroad car service orders:
Freight cars; distribution
Railroad car service orders; various companies:
Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific Railroad Co.
Kansas City Terminal Railway Co.
Tariffs and schedules:
Motor carriers and freight forwarders; identification of rates filed under zone of rate freedom
PROPOSED RULES
Practice and procedure:
Rail carriers; recordation of documents; retention schedule
NOTICES
Motor carriers:
Operating rights applications
Permanent authority applications (2 documents)
Temporary authority applications (2 documents)
Railroad services abandonment:
Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Co.
Oregon Short Line Railroad Co. et al.
- 52158
52160
52158
52161
52161
52186
52271
52262,
52263,
52264,
52271
52272
52272
- Interstate Land Sales Registration Office**
RULES
Interstate Land Sales Full Disclosure Act:
Registration, purchaser's revocation rights, sales practices and standards, etc.; correction
- 52144
- Justice Assistance, Research and Statistics Office**
NOTICES
Meetings:
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention National Advisory Committee
- 52286
- Justice Department**
See also Antitrust Division; Drug Enforcement Administration; Immigration and Naturalization Service; Justice Assistance, Research and Statistics Office.
RULES
Organization, functions, and authority delegations:
Marshals Service, Director; approval of expenditures
Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Office; establishment
PROPOSED RULES
Judicial proceedings, open; policy guidelines
Privacy Act; implementation
NOTICES
Pollution control; consent judgments:
Lenoir City, N.C.
Prisons Bureau institutions; list addition
Privacy Act; systems of records
- 52145
52145
52183
52183
52284
52284
52284
- Land Management Bureau**
PROPOSED RULES
Alaska occupancy and use and native allotments; eligibility requirements and procedures
- 52303

NOTICES

Meetings:

52260 Las Vegas District Grazing Advisory Board

52260 Susanville District Grazing Advisory Board

Sale of public lands:

52260 California

Legal Services Corporation**NOTICES**

52287 Grants and contracts; applications (2 documents)

National Technical Information Service**NOTICES**

52190, Inventions, Government-owned; availability for

52191 licensing (2 documents)

Nuclear Regulatory Commission**NOTICES**

Applications, etc.:

52290 Dairyland Power Cooperative

52291 Georgia Power Co. et al.

52290 Kansas Gas & Electric Co. et al.

52291 Metropolitan Edison Co. et al.

52291 Omaha Public Power District

52292 Toledo Edison Co. et al.

Grants; availability, etc.:

52287 Nuclear energy safety technology advancement

Meetings:

52292, Reactor Safeguards Advisory Committee

52293 Regulatory guides; issuance and availability

Public Health Service**NOTICES**

52297 Electrical stimulation; clinical safety and effectiveness for treatment of facial nerve palsy; technology evaluation

Meetings:

52298 Health Care Technology National Council

Small Business Administration**NOTICES**

Applications, etc.:

52293 First Oregon Capital Corp.

52293 PBC Venture Capital, Inc.

52294 Southwestern Venture Capital of Texas, Inc.

Disaster areas:

52294 Oklahoma

Soil Conservation Service**NOTICES**

Environmental statements; availability, etc.:

52188 Buggy Creek Critical Area Treatment RC&D Measure, Okla.

52189 Upper Howard's Creek Watershed, Ky.

Surface Mining Office**RULES**

Surface coal mining and reclamation enforcement operations:

52306 Permanent regulatory program; performance bond requirements

Tennessee Valley Authority**NOTICES**

52299 Meetings; Sunshine Act

Treasury Department

See also Comptroller of Currency.

NOTICES

Committees; establishment, renewals, terminations, etc.:

52295 International Monetary System Advisory Committee

52295 Senior Executive Service Performance Review Board; membership

Wage and Price Stability Council**NOTICES**

Meetings:

52295 Pay Advisory Committee; cancellation

MEETINGS ANNOUNCED IN THIS ISSUE**EDUCATION DEPARTMENT**

52194 Adult Education, National Advisory Council, 8-21 and 8-22-80

ENERGY DEPARTMENT

52195 Tar Sands Definitional Workshop, 8-7-80

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

52241 Science Advisory Board, 8-8-80

FINE ARTS COMMISSION

52257 Meeting, 9-3-80

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Federal Council on the Aging—

52188 Meeting, 8-25 and 8-26-80

Public Health Service—

52298 Health Care Technology National Council, 8-14 and 8-15-80

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

Bureau of Land Management—

52260 District Grazing Advisory Board, Susanville, Calif., 9-9-80

52260 Las Vegas District Grazing Advisory Board, 8-13-80

Office of the Secretary—

52261 Oil shale task force, 8-26 and 8-27-80

52260 Oil Shale Tract Delineation-Tract Selection Criteria, 8-25 and 8-28-80

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Office—

52286 National Advisory Committee for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, 8-20 through 8-23-80

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

52292 Reactor Safeguards Advisory Commission, Reactor Fuel Subcommittee, 8-21-80

CANCELLED MEETING**COUNCIL ON WAGE AND PRICE STABILITY**

52295 Pay Advisory Committee, 8-8-80

HEARINGS**AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT**

Forest Service—

52188 Spruce Creek Wilderness Study Area, White River National Forest, Pitkin County, Colorado, 9-9-80

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

52280 Certain Motor Vehicles and Certain Chassis and Bodies Therefor, 10-8-80

CFR PARTS AFFECTED IN THIS ISSUE

A cumulative list of the parts affected this month can be found in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

3 CFR	1150.....	52158
Executive Orders:	1309.....	52161
11790 (See EO 12231)	1310.....	52161
12231	Proposed Rules:	
	1116.....	52186
7 CFR	50 CFR	
946.....	32.....	52163
958.....		
967.....		
Proposed Rules:		
800.....		
1492.....		
0 CFR		
264.....		
12 CFR		
201.....		
Proposed Rules:		
Ch. I.....		52166
525.....		52173
541 (2 documents).....		52173, 52177
545 (2 documents).....		52173, 52177
561.....		52177
563 (2 documents).....		52173, 52177
24 CFR		
1710.....		52144
28 CFR		
0 (2 documents).....		52145
Proposed Rules:		
16.....		52183
50.....		52183
30 CFR		
800.....		52306
801.....		52306
805.....		52306
806.....		52306
807.....		52306
808.....		52306
32 CFR		
888d.....		52145
40 CFR		
52.....		52148
122.....		52149
Proposed Rules:		
52.....		52184
167.....		52184
169.....		52184
410.....		52185
43 CFR		
Proposed Rules:		
2560.....		52303
47 CFR		
13.....		52154
22.....		52149
68.....		52151
73.....		52152
76.....		52153
81.....		52154
83.....		52154
87.....		52154
49 CFR		
1002.....		52158
1003.....		52158
1033 (3 documents).....		52158, 52160, 52161
1045A.....		52158
1056.....		52158
1062.....		52158
1100.....		52158
1130.....		52158



Presidential Documents

Title 3—

Executive Order 12231 of August 4, 1980

The President

Strategic Petroleum Reserve

By the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America by Title VIII of the Energy Security Act (Public Law 96-294) and by Section 301 of Title 3 of the United States Code, and in order to meet the goals and requirements for the strategic petroleum reserve, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1-101. The functions vested in the President by Section 160(c) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended, are delegated to the Secretary of Energy (42 U.S.C. 6240(c); see Section 801 of the Energy Security Act).

1-102. The functions vested in the President by Section 7430(k) of Title 10 of the United States Code are delegated to the Secretary of Energy (see Section 804(b) of the Energy Security Act).

1-103. The functions vested in the President by Section 805(a) of the Energy Security Act are, consistent with Section 2 of Executive Order No. 11790, as amended, delegated to the Secretary of Energy.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

August 4, 1980.





Rules and Regulations

Federal Register

Vol. 45, No. 153

Wednesday, August 6, 1980

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of new books are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each month.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR Part 946

Irish Potatoes Grown in Washington; Expenses and Rate of Assessment

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation authorizes expenses for the functioning of the State of Washington Potato Committee. It enables the committee to collect assessments from first handlers on assessable potatoes and to use the resulting funds for its expenses.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles W. Porter, Chief, Vegetable Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250 (202) 447-2615. The Final Impact Statement relating to this rule is available upon request from Mr. Porter.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: *Findings.* This final action has been reviewed under USDA procedures established in Secretary's Memorandum 1955 to implement Executive Order 12044, and has been classified "not significant."

Pursuant to Marketing Order No. 946, as amended (7 CFR Part 946), regulating the handling of potatoes grown in Washington, effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon other information, it is found that the expenses and rate of assessment which follows will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

It is further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to provide 60 days for interested

persons to file comments or to engage in public rulemaking procedure, and that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication in the Federal Register (5 U.S.C. 553) because the order requires that the rate of assessment for a particular fiscal period shall apply to all assessable potatoes from the beginning of such period. Handlers and other interested persons were given an opportunity to submit information and views on the expenses and assessment rate at an open public meeting of the committee, held July 8, 1980, in Moses Lake, Washington. To effectuate the declared purposes of the act it is necessary to make these provisions effective as specified.

7 CFR Part 946 is amended by adding a new § 946.233 as follows:

§ 946.233 Expenses and rate of assessment.

(a) The reasonable expenses that are likely to be incurred during the fiscal period ending June 30, 1981, by the State of Washington Potato Committee for its maintenance and functioning, and for such other purposes as the Secretary determines to be appropriate will amount to \$19,150.

(b) The rate of assessment to be paid by each handler in accordance with this part shall be \$0.003 per hundredweight, or equivalent quantity, of assessable potatoes handled by him as the first handler during the fiscal period, except that potatoes for livestock feed, charity, seed, canning, freezing and "other processing" as defined in the act shall be exempt.

(c) Unexpended income in excess of expenses for the fiscal period may be carried over as a reserve to the extent authorized in § 946.42(a).

(d) Terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in the marketing agreement and this part.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: July 31, 1980.

D. S. Kuryloski,

Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 80-23633 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-02-M

7 CFR Part 958

Onions Grown in Certain Designated Counties in Idaho and Malheur County, Oreg.; Handling Regulation

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation requires fresh market shipments of onions grown in certain designated counties in Idaho and Malheur County, Oregon, to be inspected and meet minimum quality and size requirements. The regulation should promote orderly marketing of such onions and keep less desirable qualities and sizes from being shipped to consumers.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 6, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles W. Porter, Chief, Vegetable Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250 (202) 447-2615. The Final Impact Statement relative to this final rule is available on request from the above named individual.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This final action has been reviewed under USDA procedures established in Secretary's Memorandum 1955 to implement Executive Order 12044 and has been classified "not significant."

Marketing Agreement No. 130 and Order No. 958, both as amended (7 CFR Part 958), regulate the handling of onions grown in certain designated counties in Idaho and Malheur County, Oregon. It is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674). The Idaho-Eastern Oregon Onion Committee, established under the order, is responsible for its local administration.

Notice of rulemaking was published in the July 16, 1980, Federal Register (45 FR 47692). The notice afforded interested persons through July 31, 1980, to file written data, views or arguments pertaining to that proposal. None was filed.

This regulation is based upon unanimous recommendations made by the committee at its public meeting in Ontario, Oregon, on June 19, 1980. The recommendations of the committee reflect its appraisal of the composition of the 1980 crop of Idaho-Eastern Oregon onions and the marketing prospects for this season and are

consistent with the marketing policy it adopted. Harvesting of onions is expected to begin about August 1.

The grade, size, pack, maturity and inspection requirements specified herein are necessary to prevent onions of low quality or less desirable sizes from being distributed in fresh market channels. They also provide consumers with good quality onions consistent with the overall quality of the crop, and maximize returns to producers for the preferred quality and sizes.

Exceptions are specified to certain of these requirements to recognize special situations in which such requirements are inappropriate or unreasonable. Shipments are allowed to certain special purpose outlets without regard to the grade, size, maturity, pack and inspection requirements, provided that safeguards are met to prevent such onions from reaching unauthorized outlets.

Special purpose shipments are allowed for planting, livestock feed, charity, dehydration, extraction and pickling since such shipments normally do not enter the commercial fresh market channels and no useful purpose is served by regulating such shipments. Onions for canning and freezing are exempt under the legislative authority for this part.

Findings. After consideration of all relevant matters, including the proposal in the notice, it is found that the handling regulation will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

It is further found that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this regulation until 30 days after its publication in the Federal Register (5 U.S.C. 553) in that (1) shipments of onions grown in the production area will begin on or about the effective date specified herein, (2) to maximize benefits to producers, this regulation should apply to as many shipments as possible during the marketing season, (3) notice of the regulation was published in the Federal Register of July 16, 1980, and information regarding its provisions, which are similar to those in effect during the previous season, has been made available to producers and handlers in the production area, and (4) compliance with this regulation will not require any special preparation by handlers which cannot be completed by the effective date.

7 CFR Part 958 is amended by adding a new § 958.325 as follows:

§ 958.325 Handling regulation.

During the period August 6, 1980, through April 30, 1981, no person may handle any lot of onions, except braided red onions, unless such onions are at

least "moderately cured," as defined in paragraph (f) of this section, and meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, or unless such onions are handled in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d), or (e) of this section.

(a) *Grade and size requirements.* (1) *White varieties.* Shall be either:

- (i) U.S. No. 2, 1 inch minimum to 2 inches maximum diameter; or
- (ii) U.S. No. 2, if not more than 30 percent of the lot is comprised of onions of U.S. No. 1 quality, and at least 1½ inches minimum diameter; or
- (iii) U.S. No. 1, at least 1½ inches minimum diameter.

However, none of these three categories of onions may be commingled in the same bag or other container.

(2) *Red varieties.* U.S. No. 2 or better grade, at least 1½ inches minimum diameter.

(3) *All other varieties.* Shall be either:

- (i) U.S. No. 2 grade, at least 3 inches minimum diameter, if not more than 30 percent of the lot is comprised of onions of U.S. No. 1 quality; or
- (ii) U.S. No. 1, 1½ inches minimum to 2¼ inches maximum diameter; or
- (iii) U.S. No. 1, at least 2¼ inches minimum diameter.

However, none of these three categories of onions may be commingled in the same bag or other container.

(b) *Inspection.* No handler may handle any onions regulated hereunder unless such onions are inspected by the Federal-State Inspection Service and are covered by a valid applicable inspection certificate, except when relieved of such requirement pursuant to paragraphs (c) or (e) of this section.

(c) *Special purpose shipments.* The minimum grade, size, maturity and inspection requirements of this section shall not be applicable to shipments of onions for any of the following purposes:

- (1) Planting; (2) livestock feed; (3) charity; (4) dehydration; (5) canning; (6) freezing; (7) extraction; and (8) pickling.

(d) *Safeguards.* Each handler making shipments of onions for dehydration, canning, freezing, extraction or pickling pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section shall:

- (1) First apply to the committee for and obtain a Certificate of Privilege to make such shipments;
- (2) Prepare, on forms furnished by the committee, a report in quadruplicate on each individual shipment to such outlets authorized in paragraph (c) of this section;
- (3) Bill or consign each shipment directly to the applicable processor; and

(4) Forward one copy of such report to the committee office and two copies to the processor for signing and returning one copy to the committee office. Failure of the handler or processor to report such shipments by promptly signing and returning the applicable report to the committee office may be cause for cancellation of such handler's Certificate of Privilege and/or the processor's eligibility to receive further shipments pursuant to such Certificate of Privilege. Upon cancellation of any such Certificate of Privilege the handler may appeal to the committee for reconsideration.

(e) *Minimum quantity exemption.* Each handler may ship up to, but not to exceed, one ton of onions each day without regard to the inspection and assessment requirements of this part, if such onions meet minimum grade, size, and maturity requirements of this section. This exception shall not apply to any portion of a shipment that exceeds one ton of onions.

(f) *Definitions.* The terms "U.S. No. 1" and "U.S. No. 2" have the same meaning as defined in the United States Standards for Grades of Onions (Other Than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Types), as amended (7 CFR 2851.2830-2851.2854), or the United States Standards for Grades of Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type Onions (7 CFR 2851.3195-2851.3209), whichever is applicable to the particular variety, or variations thereof specified in this section. The term "braided red onions" means onions of red varieties with tops braided (interlaced). The term "moderately cured" means the onions are mature and are more nearly well cured than fairly well cured. Other terms used in this section have the same meaning as when used in Marketing Agreement No. 130 and this part.

(g) *Applicability to imports.* Pursuant to § 8e of the act and § 980.117 "Import regulations; onions" (43 FR 5499); onions imported during the effective period of this section shall meet the grade, size, quality and maturity requirements specified in the introductory paragraph and paragraph (a) of this section.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated, August 1, 1980, to become effective August 6, 1980.

D. S. Kuryloski,

Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 80-23737 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-02-M

7 CFR Part 967

Celery Grown in Florida; Handling Regulation

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This handling regulation establishes the quantity of Florida celery to be marketed fresh during the 1980-81 season, with the objective of assuring adequate supplies and orderly marketing.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 6, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles W. Porter (202) 447-2615.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action is consistent with the marketing policy for 1980-81 which was designated "significant" under the procedures of Executive Order 12044.

The marketing policy and regulation were unanimously recommended by the Florida Celery Committee following discussion at a public meeting at Orlando on June 11, 1980. A final impact analysis on the marketing policy is available from Charles W. Porter, Chief, Vegetable Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, USDA, Washington, D.C. 20250 (202) 447-2615.

Marketing Agreement No. 149 and Order No. 967, both as amended (7 CFR 967) regulate the handling of celery grown in Florida. It is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674). The Florida Celery Committee, established under the order, is responsible for local administration.

The committee recommended a Marketable Quantity of 8,601,309 crates of fresh celery for the 1980-81 season. This is based on the appraisal of the expected supply and prospective market demand.

Notice of the proposed regulation was published in the July 16 Federal Register (45 FR 47693) inviting written comments by July 31, 1980. None was received.

The 8.6 million crate Marketable Quantity is ten percent more than the approximately 7.8 million crates expected to be marketed fresh during the season which ended July 31, 1980. Each producer registered pursuant to § 967.37(f) will have an allotment equal to 100 percent of his historical marketings. This regulation provides the industry an opportunity to (1) produce to its fullest capacity for the benefit of the consumer, and (2) determine its actual or potential maximum production capacity.

As required by § 967.37(d)(1) a reserve of six percent of the 1980-81 total Base

Quantities is authorized for new producers and for increases by existing producers, with 277,700 crates to be allotted to each category. One producer submitted an application for 30,000 crates additional Base Quantities for use during the upcoming season and it was approved.

To maximize the benefits of orderly marketing the regulation should become effective as early as possible in August, when the marketing year begins. Interested persons were given an opportunity to comment on the proposal at an open public meeting on June 11, where it was unanimously recommended by the committee. This regulation is similar to ones in effect for past seasons.

Findings. On the basis of all considerations it is believed that this regulation will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

It is hereby further found that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication in the Federal Register (5 U.S.C. 553) in that (1) notice was given of the handling regulation set forth in this section through publicity in the production area and by publication in the July 16 Federal Register, (2) as provided in the marketing agreement and order, this regulation applies to celery marketed during the 1980-81 season, (3) compliance with this section will not require any special preparation by handlers which cannot be completed prior to the time actual handling of harvested celery begins, approximately the latter part of October, (4) prompt issuance of this regulation will be beneficial to all interested persons because it should afford producers and handlers maximum time to plan their operations accordingly, and (5) no useful purpose will be served by postponing such issuance.

7 CFR Part 967 is amended by adding a new § 967.316 as follows:

§ 967.316 Handling regulation; marketable quantity; and uniform percentage for the 1980-81 season ending July 31, 1981.

(a) The Marketable Quantity is established under § 967.36(a) as 8,601,309 crates of celery.

(b) As provided in § 967.38(a), the Uniform Percentage shall be 100 percent.

(c) Pursuant to § 967.36(b), no handler shall handle any harvested celery unless it is within the Marketable Allotment of a producer who has a Base Quantity and such producer authorizes the first handler thereof to handle it.

(d) As required by § 967.37(d)(1) a reserve of six percent of the total Base Quantities is hereby authorized for (1) new producers and (2) increases for

existing Base Quantity holders with 277,700 crates allotted to each category.

(e) Terms used herein shall have the same meaning as when used in the said marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: August 1, 1980, to become effective August 6, 1980.

D. S. Kuryloski,

Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 80-23736 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

8 CFR Part 264

Registration and Fingerprinting of Aliens in the United States; Reference to Form I-551

AGENCY: Immigration and Naturalization Service, Justice.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends two sections of the regulations of the Immigration and Naturalization Service to include reference to the new Alien Registration Receipt Card, Form I-551. The amendments are necessary because the Service now issues Form I-551 as the alien registration document to aliens entitled to evidence of alien registration. The amendments are intended to update the Service's regulations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 5, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stanley J. Kieszkziel, Acting Instructions Officer, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 425 Eye Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20536. Telephone: (202) 633-3048.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In order to include reference to the Alien Registration Receipt Card now issued on Form I-551, the following amendments are hereby prescribed to Chapter I of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations:

§ 264.1 [Amended]

In § 264.1 paragraphs (f) and (g) are amended by changing all references to "I-151" to read "I-551".

* * * * *

(Sec. 103, 221, 261-265 (8 U.S.C. 1103, 1201, 1301-1305))

These amendments are published pursuant to section 552 of Title 5 of the United States Code (80 Stat. 3838), as amended by Pub. L. 93-502 (88 Stat. 1561), and the authority contained in

section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103), 28 CFR 0.105(b), and 8 CFR 2.1. Compliance with the provisions of section 553 of Title 5 of the United States Code as to notice of proposed rule making and delayed effective date is unnecessary in this instance because the amendments contained in this order are editorial in nature, and up-date Service practice and procedure regarding the new Alien Registration Receipt Card in current use.

Effective date. These amendments become effective on August 5, 1980.

Dated: July 30, 1980.

David Crosland,

Acting Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

[FR Doc. 80-23635 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-M

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 201

Changes In Discount Rates

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Board of Governors has amended its Regulation A, "Extensions of Credit By Federal Reserve Banks," for the purpose of adjusting discount rates with a view to accommodating commerce and business in accordance with other related rates and the general credit situation of the country.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The changes were effective on the dates specified below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Theodore E. Allison, Secretary, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551 (202/452-3257).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to the authority of 5 U.S.C. Sec. 553 (b)(3)(B) and (d)(3), these amendments are being published without prior general notice of proposed rulemaking, public participation, or deferred effective date. The Board has for good cause found that current economic and financial considerations required that these amendments must be adopted immediately.

Pursuant to section 14(d) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 357), Part 201 is amended as set forth below:

1. Section 201.51 is revised to read as follows:

§ 201.51 Advances and discounts for member banks under sections 13 and 13a.
The rates for all advances and

discounts under sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act (except advances under the last paragraph of such section 13 to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks) are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective
Boston.....	10	July 29, 1980.
New York.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Philadelphia.....	10	July 29, 1980.
Cleveland.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Richmond.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Atlanta.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Chicago.....	10	July 28, 1980.
St. Louis.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Minneapolis.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Kansas City.....	10	July 28, 1980.
Dallas.....	10	July 28, 1980.
San Francisco.....	10	July 28, 1980.

2. Section 201.52 is revised to read as follows:

§ 201.52 Advances to member banks under section 10(b).

(a) The rates for advances to member banks under section 10(b) of the Federal Reserve Act are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective
Boston.....	10½	July 29, 1980.
New York.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Philadelphia.....	10½	July 29, 1980.
Cleveland.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Richmond.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Atlanta.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Chicago.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
St. Louis.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Minneapolis.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Kansas City.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
Dallas.....	10½	July 28, 1980.
San Francisco.....	10½	July 28, 1980.

(b) The rates for advances to member banks for prolonged periods and significant amounts under section 10(b) of the Federal Reserve Act and § 201.2(e)(2) of Regulation A are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective
Boston.....	11	July 29, 1980.
New York.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Philadelphia.....	11	July 29, 1980.
Cleveland.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Richmond.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Atlanta.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Chicago.....	11	July 28, 1980.
St. Louis.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Minneapolis.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Kansas City.....	11	July 28, 1980.
Dallas.....	11	July 28, 1980.
San Francisco.....	11	July 28, 1980.

3. Section 201.53 is revised to read as follows:

§ 201.53 Advances to persons other than member banks.

The rates for advances under the last paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act to individuals, partnerships,

or corporations other than member banks secured by direct obligations of, or obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States or any agency thereof are:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Rate	Effective
Boston.....	13	July 29, 1980.
New York.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Philadelphia.....	13	July 29, 1980.
Cleveland.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Richmond.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Atlanta.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Chicago.....	13	July 28, 1980.
St. Louis.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Minneapolis.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Kansas City.....	13	July 28, 1980.
Dallas.....	13	July 28, 1980.
San Francisco.....	13	July 28, 1980.

(12 U.S.C. 248(i). Interprets or applies 12 U.S.C. 357)

By order of the Board of Governors, July 30, 1980.

Griffith L. Garwood,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 80-23636 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Office of Interstate Land Sales Registration

24 CFR Part 1710

[Docket No. R-80-778]

Land Registration, Purchaser's Revocation Rights, Sales Practices and Standards, and Formal Procedures and Rules of Practice

Correction

In the correction to FR Doc. 80-17871 appearing on page 50735 in the issue of Thursday, July 31, 1980, change item (1) now reading

"(1) On page 40487, first column, the paragraph beginning with Exemption Notice, "Dil SR No" should be corrected to read "DILSR No"."

to read as follows:

(1) On page 40487, first column, in paragraph (4) of § 1710.15(c), in the paragraph designated Exemption Notice, "Oil SR No" should have read "OILSR No".

BILLING CODE 1505-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**Office of the Attorney General****28 CFR Part 0**

[Order No. 905-80]

Delegation of Authority To Approve Certain Expenditures of the U.S. Marshals Service**AGENCY:** Department of Justice.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: Title 28, United States Code, Section 567, provides that, under regulations prescribed by the Attorney General, each United States Marshal shall be allowed: (1) his actual and necessary office expenses; (2) the expense of transporting prisoners, including the cost of necessary guards and the travel and subsistence expense of prisoners and guards; and (3) other necessary expenditures in the line of duty, approved by the Attorney General. This order delegates the authority to approve "other necessary expenditures in the line of duty" to the Director, United States Marshals Service.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 28, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gilbert Leigh, Director, Finance Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530 (202-633-2728).

By virtue of the authority vested in me by 28 U.S.C. §§ 509, 510 and 567, and 5 U.S.C. § 301, Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 0—ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT

1. A new subsection (p), to read as follows, is added to § 0.111:

§ 0.111 General functions.

* * * * *

(p) Approval of "other necessary expenditures in the line of duty" of U.S. Marshals and Deputy U.S. Marshals under 28 U.S.C. 567(3).

2. Section 0.113 is amended to read as follows:

§ 0.113 Redlegation of authority.

The Director, U.S. Marshals Service, is authorized to redelegate to any of his subordinates any of the powers and functions vested in him by this subpart, except that the authority to approve "other necessary expenditures in the line of duty" of U.S. Marshals and Deputy U.S. Marshals may not be delegated below the Assistant Director level.

Dated: July 28, 1980.
Benjamin R. Civiletti,
Attorney General.
[FR Doc. 80-23629 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

28 CFR Part 0

[Order No. 906-80]

Establishment of the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization in the Department of Justice**AGENCY:** Department of Justice.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Small Business Investment Act was amended in 1978. Among other things, the 1978 amendment established in each Federal agency having procurement powers an office to be known as the "Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization;" (OSDBU). This order attaches the Department of Justice OSDBU to the Office of the Deputy Attorney General and assigns certain responsibilities to the Director of that office.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 5, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William J. Snider, Administrative Counsel, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530 ((202) 633-3452).

By virtue of the authority vested in me by 28 U.S.C. 509 and 510 and 15 U.S.C. 644(k), it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART 0—ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT

Subpart C of Part 0 of Chapter I, 28 Code of Federal Regulations, is amended by adding the following § 0.18a.

§ 0.18a Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization.

The Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization is headed by a Director appointed by the Attorney General, who shall be responsible to, and report directly to, the Deputy Attorney General. Subject to the general supervision and direction of the Deputy Attorney General, the Director shall:

(a) Be responsible for the implementation and execution of the functions and duties required by sections 637 and 644 of Title 15, United States Code;

(b) Establish Department goals for the participation by small businesses, including small businesses owned and controlled by socially and economically

disadvantaged individuals, in Department procurement contracts;
(c) Have supervisory authority over Department personnel to the extent that the functions and duties of such personnel relate to the functions and duties described in paragraph (a) of this section;

(d) Provide resource information and technical training and assistance regarding utilization of small businesses, including small businesses owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, to Department personnel who perform procurement functions;

(e) Assign a small business technical adviser to any Department offices to which the Small Business Administration assigns a procurement center representative, in accordance with section 644(k)(6) of Title 15, United States Code;

(f) Develop and implement appropriate outreach programs to include small minority businesses in procurement contracts;

(g) Cooperate and consult regularly with the Small Business Administration with respect to the functions and duties described in paragraph (a) of this section;

(h) Review, evaluate and report to the Deputy Attorney General on the performance of organizational units of the Department in accomplishing the goals for utilization of small and disadvantaged businesses; and

(i) Prepare the Department's annual report to the Small Business Administration on the extent of participation by small and disadvantaged businesses in Department procurement contracts.

Dated: July 30, 1980.
Benjamin R. Civiletti,
Attorney General.
[FR Doc. 80-23631 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**Department of the Air Force****32 CFR Part 888d****Military Personnel; Enlistment and Discharge of AFROTC Cadets****AGENCY:** Department of the Air Force, DOD.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Air Force is amending its regulations by revising Part 888d, Enlistment and Discharge of AFROTC Cadets. This revision clarifies the enlistment

requirements for students selected for membership in the College Scholarship Program (CSP) and the Professional Officer Course (POC), AFROTC; prescribes the policies and procedures for enlistment in and discharge from the United States Air Force Reserve (USAFR); and for ordering certain discontinued members to extended active duty (EAD) involuntarily in their enlisted grade. It implements DOD Directives 1215.8, May 1, 1974; 1215.9, November 7, 1969; and Change 1, July 10, 1970.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 15, 1976.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Major Herbert L. Treger, telephone (202) 695-0318.

Title 32 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended by revising Part 888d to read as follows:

PART 888d—ENLISTMENT AND DISCHARGE OF AFROTC CADETS

- Sec.
- 888d.1 Purpose.
- 888d.2 Terms explained.
- 888d.3 Enlistment obligations.
- 888d.4 Enlistment prerequisites.
- 888d.5 Periods of enlistment.
- 888d.6 Who enlists applicants.
- 888d.7 Action at time of enlistment.
- 888d.8 Failure to complete training or accept commission.
- 888d.9 Basis for discharge.
- 888d.10 Reporting cadets for discharge or order to EAD.
- 888d.11 ARPC actions on cadets reported for EAD in their enlisted grade.

Authority: 10 U.S.C. 8012.

Note.—This part is derived from Air Force Regulation 45-14, July 15, 1976.

Note.—Part 806 of this chapter states the basic policies and instructions governing the disclosure of records and tells the members of the public what they must do to inspect or obtain copies of the material referenced herein.

§ 888d.1 Purpose.

This part prescribes enlistment requirements for students selected for membership in the College Scholarship Program (CSP) and the Professional Officer Course (POC), AFROTC, under 10 U.S.C. Sections 2101 through 2111. It also prescribes the policies and procedures for enlistment in the United States Air Force Reserve (USAFR); for discharge from the USAFR; and for ordering certain discontinued members to extended active duty (EAD) involuntarily in their enlisted grade.

Note.—This part is affected by the Privacy Act of 1974. Each form which is required by this part contains a Privacy Act Statement, either incorporated in the body of the document or in a separate statement accompanying each such document.

§ 888d.2 Terms explained.

(a) *AF Form 1056, Air Force Reserve Officers' Training Corps Contract.* A contractual agreement jointly executed by the Department of the Air Force and a student programmed to serve on EAD. The agreement establishes membership in the CSP or POC. Part 870 of this chapter is the prescribing directive for this form.

(b) *AF Form 1448, Air Force Reserve Officers' Training Corps Contract (Air National Guard/Air Force Reserve).* A contract jointly executed by the Department of the Air Force and a student programmed for service in the Air National Guard/Air Force Reserve. This contract establishes membership in the POC. Part 870 of this chapter is the prescribing directive for this form.

(c) *College Scholarship Program (CSP).* A program in which selected cadets receive educational financial assistance including normal tuition, fees, laboratory expenses, books, and a monthly subsistence allowance. This program is prescribed under 10 U.S.C. 2107.

(d) *Extended Active Duty (EAD).* A tour of active duty (AD), normally for more than 90 days, performed by a member of the Air National Guard of the United States (ANGUS) or the USAFR. Strength accountability for persons on EAD changes from the ANGUS/USAFR to the active force.

(e) *General Military Course (GMC).* The first and second years of the 4-year program consisting of Aerospace Studies 100 and 200.

(f) *Prior Service Applicant.* A former member of the Armed Forces or the Reserve components of the Armed Forces who served a continuous period of AD, EAD, or active duty for training (ADT) of 6 months or more.

(g) *Professional Officer Course (POC).* The third and fourth years of the 4-year program and the first and second years of the 2-year program consisting of Aerospace Studies 300 and 400. This advanced training is prescribed under 10 U.S.C. 2104.

§ 888d.3 Enlistment obligation.

Each student selected for a scholarship award by the Commandant, AFROTC, or selected for POC membership must enlist in the USAFR under this part before being eligible to enroll as a member of the POC or CSP.

§ 888d.4 Enlistment prerequisites.

An applicant must meet the prerequisites for enlistment prescribed in Part 888 of this chapter and the eligibility requirements for admission to membership in the POC or CSP according to Part 870 of this chapter.

§ 888d.5 Periods of enlistment.

Applicants enrolled in the CSP are enlisted for a period of 8 years. All others are enlisted for a period of 6 years. However, nonscholarship cadets enlisted for a period of 6 years need not change their period of enlistment if they are subsequently granted scholarships.

§ 888d.6 Who enlists applicants.

Detachment Commanders and other officers assigned to AFROTC may enlist an eligible applicant in the USAFR.

§ 888d.7 Action at time of enlistment.

The enlistment authority:

(a) Completes counseling requirements according to Parts 888 and 870 of this chapter.

(b) Ensures that enlistment documents and forms are prepared according to Part 888 of this chapter.

(1) AF Form 22, Statement of Understanding (US Air Force Reserve), or AF Form 73, Statement of Understanding (AFROTC Airmen Scholarship and Commissioning Program), or AF Form 1404, Statement of Understanding (AFROTC Production for ANGUS and USAFR). Each student enlisted under this part must certify that the applicable provisions are understood.

(2) DD Form 4, Enlistment or Reenlistment Agreement—Armed Forces of the United States, and DD Form 1966, Application for Enlistment Armed Forces of the United States. Prepare according to Part 888 of this chapter.

Note.—A cadet discontinued from AFROTC membership and discharged from the USAFR obligated reserve section (ORS) may apply for enlistment or reenlistment. If eligible for enlistment in the Regular Air Force under Part 888 of this chapter, or reenlistment in the USAFR under AFR 35-16, volume II, cadet service with concurrent Reserve status is creditable in computing basic pay and is creditable toward completing the enlisted member's military service obligation (MSO).

(3) AF Form 2061, USAF Drug Abuse Certificate (Appointment/Officer Training Applicants Only). Before enlistment, applicant completes AF Form 2061 according to Part 870 of this chapter.

(4) AF Form 2031, Drug Abuse Circumstances (Instructions to Recruiter). Accomplish AF Form 2031 according to Part 870 of this chapter.

(c) Ensures that an applicant who is a member of any military component, including the USAFR, on entrance into this program, is discharged and enlisted. Discharge is contingent on immediate enlistment under this part and orders must cite this fact.

(d) Determines the grade in which applicant must be enlisted.

(e) Publishes Reserve order according to AFR 10-7, chapter 3, assigning enlistee to the Air Reserve Personnel Center (ARPC) (ORS-RC) (AFROTC) with attachment to (Specify AFROTC detachment and educational institution.)

Exception.—The appropriate Detachment Commander publishes Reserve orders on receipt of enlistment documents from the AD enlisting activity for members enlisted in the USAFR to participate in the AFROTC ASCP.

§ 888d.8 Failure to complete training or accept commission.

(a) *General Military Course (CSP).* No GMC cadet will be ordered to AD involuntarily, except former Regular Air Force enlisted personnel who had 1 year or more remaining on their enlistment contract when discharged from AD to accept an AFROTC scholarship under the AFROTC ASCP. These members normally will be ordered to AD in enlisted status for a period of time equivalent to that not served on their AD enlistment contract.

(b) *POC (Nonscholarship).* A cadet who does not complete the course of instruction, or declines to accept a commission on completion, normally will be ordered to AD to serve in enlisted status for 2 years.

(c) *POC (College Scholarship Program).* A cadet who:

(1) Does not complete this program of instruction normally will be ordered to AD in enlisted status for 2 years; or

(2) Completes this program of instruction but declines a commission when offered, normally will be ordered to AD in enlisted status for 4 years.

(d) *Nurse Licensing Requirements.* A nurse who fails to complete licensing requirements within 8 months following completion of AFROTC and degree requirements normally will be discharged.

§ 888d.9 Basis for discharge.

Discharge is accomplished by ARPC on:

(a) Successful completion of the AFROTC program and acceptance of a commission. The discharge is:

(1) Effective the day preceding acceptance of the commission.

(2) For the convenience of the Government, citing this subparagraph as authority.

(b) Discontinuance of AFROTC membership for any reason unless reported for order to AD involuntarily under § 888d.10. A request for discharge must be accompanied by DD Form 785, Record of Disenrollment From Officer Candidate-Type Training, for permanent

inclusion in the cadet's master personnel record (MPeR) group. Discharge for any of the reasons cited in AFR 35-41, volume III, chapter 5, paragraphs 5-20 through 5-22 and 5-31 through 5-36, is instituted when applicable. All other discharges are for the convenience of the Government, citing this subparagraph as authority.

(c) Termination of a scholarship when the student remains a member of the GMC or has completed GMC instruction, but has not begun POC instruction. Discharge occurs the day of scholarship termination and is for the convenience of the Government, citing this subparagraph as authority.

Note.—Discharge under §§ 888d.9(b) and 888d.9(c) does not relieve a male cadet from draft liability under the Military Selective Service Act of 1967.

§ 888d.10 Reporting cadets for discharge or order to EAD.

(a) The Commandant, AFROTC, reports the names of AFROTC cadets or former cadets who qualify for administrative discharge under this part to ARPC at least once a week. ARPC notifies the respective State Adjutant General of individuals under contractual agreement to the ANGUS who are eliminated from training.

(b) The Commandant, AFROTC, normally will report the name of a discontinued POC cadet to ARPC for order to involuntary AD in enlisted grade if the cadet was discontinued for indifference to training, disciplinary reasons, breach or anticipatory breach of the terms of the category agreement, or declining to accept a commission. However, each case will be considered on its own merits. This does not preclude waiving active enlisted service for physical disqualification, humanitarian reasons, the needs of the service, or other mitigating circumstances. When it is known that the cadet has disenrolled from the institution, this information is included. The period of involuntary AD is as described in § 888d.8. DD Form 785 must be completed and sent to ARPC with an information copy to AFMPC/DPMMPO, Randolph AFB TX 78148, in these cases.

(c) The Commandant, AFROTC, normally reports the name of a discontinued GMC or POC cadet to ARPC for order to involuntary AD in enlisted grade if the cadet was discharged from AD under the AFROTC ASCP to participate in the CSP and was discontinued for any reason except as outlined below. (This does not include a GMC cadet who had less than 1 year remaining on his or her Regular enlistment contract at time of discharge. Such a GMC cadet is reported for

discharge under paragraph (a) of this section). The period of AD will be as described in § 888d.8. DD Form 785 must be completed and sent to ARPC with an information copy to AFMPC/DPMMPO in these cases. Although the Commandant, AFROTC, may include other unique cases on an individual basis, exceptions normally will be limited to those:

(1) Who have failed to maintain medical qualifications for commissioning;

(2) With a bona fide hardship (as determined by the Commandant, AFROTC);

(3) Who voluntarily enlist in the Regular Air Force;

(4) Discontinued for inaptitude or reasons involving undesirable traits of character; or

(5) Whose order to involuntary AD would not be in the best interest of the service.

§ 888d.11 ARPC actions on cadets reported for EAD in their enlisted grade.

(a) On notification from the Commandant, AFROTC, that discontinued cadets have been identified for order to EAD involuntarily in their enlisted grade, ARPC advises the discontinued cadets that they:

(1) Will be ordered to EAD involuntarily in their enlisted grade for the period prescribed in § 888d.8 except that:

(i) Discontinued cadets are not ordered to EAD until they complete undergraduate degree requirements or disenroll from the institution, whichever occurs first. Discontinued ASCP cadets are ordered to EAD at the end of the school term in which they are disenrolled. Discontinued cadets enrolled in graduate school are not ordered to EAD until they complete the academic year in which they are disenrolled or disenroll from the institution, whichever occurs first;

(ii) Individuals usually are given at least 60 days' notification before their EAD date; and

(iii) When ARPC notification permits, students are entered on EAD within 30 days after the date they normally would complete degree requirements or their current academic year of graduate school, as appropriate. When ARPC notification occurs after a disenrolled cadet has completed degree requirements, disenrolled from college, or is a graduate student between academic years, EAD is scheduled no later than 75 days after ARPC notification. A cadet may submit a written request to ARPC for an earlier or specific date of entry on EAD.

(2) Must keep ARPC informed of any change in current address or in their status which may have a bearing on their availability for EAD or affect their status in the USAFR.

(b) ARPC publishes appropriate orders not less than 30 days before scheduled EAD date and sends copies to the discontinued cadet by registered mail, return receipt requested.

(c) Exceptions to the provisions of this section require approval of AFMPC/DPMMP, Randolph AFB TX 78148.

Carol M. Rose,

Air Force Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 80-23632 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3910-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[FRL 1562-1]

Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plan Approval of Conditionally Approved Element in the Texas Plan for Nonattainment Areas

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to approve that portion of the State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision for Texas, which commits to the identification and implementation of currently planned transportation control measures (TCMs) for Harris County. This revision was submitted by the Governor on December 28, 1979, to fulfill the requirements of Part D of Title 1 of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1977, with regard to nonattainment areas.

When originally submitted certain portions of the SIP contained deficiencies which the State agreed to correct by a specified deadline. The deadline proposed by EPA in the rulemaking notice of August 1, 1979 was October 29, 1979. During the public comment period the State requested a new deadline of December 31, 1979. EPA concurred with this date and it was approved in the final rulemaking notice of March 25, 1980. The EPA received the required documentation on December 28, 1979 from the State and has evaluated the submittal. Based upon the approvable submittal, EPA has determined that the State has satisfied the condition specified in the March 25, 1980 notice and therefore is approving this element of the Texas SIP.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Effective August 6, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jerry Stubberfield, Chief, Implementation Plan Section, Air and Hazardous Materials Division, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, 1201 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas 75270, (214) 767-1518.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

On August 1, 1979 (44 FR 45204), EPA published a notice of proposed rulemaking on revisions to the Texas SIP. Under that notice the Agency discussed the SIP in detail and described the deficiencies of the SIP pursuant to Part D of the Act and the General Preamble, which was published in the April 4, 1979 issue of the Federal Register (at 44 FR 20372) and supplemented on July 2, 1979 (44 FR 38583), August 28, 1979 (44 FR 50371), September 17, 1979 (44 FR 53761), and November 23, 1979 (44 FR 67182).

The July 2, 1979 supplement to the April 4, 1979 notice outlines the criteria for conditional approval. This discussion will not be restated in this notice.

In a notice of proposed rulemaking published in the Federal Register on August 1, 1979 EPA conditionally approved the transportation control measures portion of the Texas SIP provided the State commit to identify and implement TCMs for Harris County having beneficial air quality impacts.

Based upon discussions with the TACB and EPA the State committed to a conditional approval deadline of December 31, 1979. This date was approved in the final rulemaking notice of March 25, 1980.

On December 28, 1979 the State submitted to EPA under the signature of the Governor, their Plans for Implementation of Air Quality Related Transportation Control Measures for Harris County. The currently planned Transportation Control Measures committed to by local elected officials and having positive air quality impacts include two permanent park and ride lots and three long term lease lots that have a total capacity of 2650 parking spaces. In addition, the Metropolitan Transit Authority committed to continuation of the Houston Car Share (car-pooling) program.

These measures (i.e., park and ride programs and carpool programs) are considered by EPA to be acceptable TCMs and EPA feels that this submittal satisfies the condition specified in the March 25, 1980 notice. Therefore, EPA is withdrawing conditional approval, and is fully approving this portion of the SIP.

PUBLIC COMMENTS: The public was given the opportunity to comment on the substance and schedules of the conditionally approved items in the proposed rulemaking of August 1, 1979, 44 FR 45204. The public had no comments specific to the currently planned TCMs for Harris County but other comments received on the Texas SIP were discussed in the March 25, 1980 Notice of Final Rulemaking.

Under Executive Order 12044, EPA is required to judge whether a regulation is "significant" and therefore subjected to the procedural requirements of the Order or whether it may follow other specified development procedures. EPA labels these other regulations "specialized". I have reviewed this regulation and determined that it is a specialized regulation not subject to the procedural requirements of Executive Order 12044.

This notice of final rulemaking is issued under the authority of Section 110 of the Clean Air Act, as amended.

EPA finds that good cause exists for making this package immediately effective: (1) Implementation Plans are already in effect under State law and EPA approval imposes no additional regulatory burden;

(2) EPA has a responsibility under the Act to take final action as soon as possible on the portion of the SIP which were given conditional approval regarding Part D Requirements.

Dated: July 24, 1980.

Douglas M. Costle,
Administrator.

Part 52 of Chapter I, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

Subpart SS—Texas

1. In § 52.2270, paragraph (c) is amended by adding a new paragraph (24) as follows.

§ 52.2270 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(24) A revision identifying and committing to implement currently planned Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) for Harris County was submitted by the Governor on December 28, 1979.

2. § 52.2791 is revoked and reserved.

§ 52.2791 [Reserved]

[FR Doc. 80-23498 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

40 CFR Part 122

[FRL 1557-4]

Consolidated Permit Regulations; Signatories To Permit Applications and Reports; Statement of Policy Regarding Signatory and Certification Provisions**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.**ACTION:** Statement of policy.

SUMMARY: This policy statement is in response to several industry requests for clarification of certain terms contained in the signatory and certification provisions of 40 CFR 122.6. This policy statement does not change the meaning of the Consolidated Permit Regulations in anyway, but clarifies 1. the requirement of which corporate official must sign permit applications, 2. requirements for signers to have "personally examined" and be "familiar" with the information submitted, and 3. the requirement that the signer make "inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information."

DATES: This Statement of Policy becomes effective August 6, 1980.**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Beth Osheim, Office of Water Enforcement (EN-336), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. 20460 (202) 426-4793.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The promulgation of the consolidated permit regulations in 45 FR 33290 (May 19, 1980), resulted in numerous inquiries from industry representatives who were having difficulty understanding certain terms used in the signature requirement and certification for permit applications and reports submitted by corporations found in 40 CFR 122.6(a)(1) and (d). We are setting forth this statement of policy to respond to these inquiries and to inform the public of our interpretation of these requirements. This statement of policy does not change the regulation in any way.

POLICY STATEMENT: The requirement that the signer of a permit application submitted by a corporation be a "principal executive officer of at least the level of vice-president" means that the signer must be a president, secretary, treasurer, or any vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function. Any other person who performs similar policy-making functions for the corporation falls within the meaning of this phrase. For example, in cases of very large corporations having many divisions which are not separate corporate

entities, the signature of a divisional vice-president or executive officer with such policy-making functions satisfies this requirement even though the divisional vice-president or executive officer technically is not a vice-president or executive officer of the corporation. The signature of the manager for the plan for which the application is being submitted will not satisfy this requirement unless that person is a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice-president or performs similar policy-making functions for the corporation.

The requirement that the signer of a permit application or other report have "personally examined" and be "familiar" with the information submitted means that the signer must have read the document. The signer must sufficiently comprehend the information contained in the document and its regulatory consequences to enable him or her to make a reasonable inquiry as to the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information.

To comprehend the regulatory consequences of an NPDES permit application would include, for example, understanding that the information submitted, such as the description of the plant, its processes, and the nature and quantity of pollutants being discharged, will form the basis for determining the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, notification levels, and other conditions to be established in the NPDES permit.

The requirement that the signer make "inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information" means that he or she must make a good faith effort to ascertain whether or not the information submitted complies with the requirements of this section. The inquiry must provide the signer with a reasonable basis to believe that the information submitted is true, accurate, and complete. Because the nature and extent of the inquiry required will vary on a case-by-case basis, it would be impossible for the Agency to specify necessary steps here. In general, however, the signer at least must inquire of the person or persons who supervised the collection of the information. These persons must be able to supply the information necessary to ascertain the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information being submitted. If inquiry of these supervisors is insufficient to provide a reasonable basis to believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete, the signer must make further inquiry as necessary to establish that basis before signing the document.

Dated: July 28, 1980.

Jeffrey G. Miller,
Acting Assistant Administrator for Enforcement.

Dated: July 29, 1980.

Michele Beigel Corash,
General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 80-23741 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 22

[FCC 80-450]

Making Clear That Applicants at the Time of Filing Applications in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service Must Demonstrate Interference-Free Operation**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission amends its regulations to require that applicants for base station facilities in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service, at the time their applications are tendered for filing, must explicitly state whether there are any co-channel facilities within a specified distance and, if so, must submit interference studies which demonstrate that their proposed facilities will not cause co-channel electrical harmful interference.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 8, 1980.**ADDRESSES:** Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554.**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Charles Jay Isemen, Common Carrier Bureau, (202) 632-6450.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the matter of amendment of Part 22 of the Commission's rules to make clear that applicants at the time of filing applications in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service must demonstrate interference-free operation.

Memorandum Opinion and Order

Adopted: July 23, 1980.

Released: July 30, 1980.

1. In the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service (DPLMRS), processing is often delayed because many applications do not contain interference studies that the staff needs in order to determine whether the proposed facilities will cause harmful electrical interference to existing stations. We have reviewed our existing rules that

require applicants for base station facilities in the DPLMRS to demonstrate interference-free operation and have concluded that interference-free operation should be demonstrated at the time an application is tendered for filing. The changes we are making in our rules make it clear that such information must be submitted at the time an application is filed rather than withheld until the Commission specifically requests the information.

2. The interrelationship of §§ 22.15, 22.100(a), 22.502, 22.503, and 22.504, of the rules establishes the requirement that applicants for base station facilities in the DPLMRS demonstrate interference-free operation. Section 22.15 requires applications to "contain all technical information required by the application form and any additional information necessary to fully describe the proposed construction and to demonstrate compliance with all technical requirements of the rules * * * ." 47 CFR § 22.15 Section 22.100(a) of the rules states that assignment of frequencies will be made only in such a manner as to facilitate the rendition of communications service on an interference-free basis in each service area. 47 CFR § 22.100(a). Section 22.504(a) of the rules defines the reliable service area of a base station entitled to protection from co-channel electrical harmful interference. 47 CFR § 22.504. As a guideline in making frequency assignments that will permit interference-free operation, § 22.502 and 2.503 classify co-channel stations by antenna height above average terrain and effective radiated power and establish the minimum mileage separation that normally will be required. 47 CFR 22.502 and 22.503. To aid the Commission staff in assuring that frequencies are assigned on an interference-free basis, FCC Form 401, Item 26, requires applicants to disclose the average elevation of radial in feet above mean sea level, the height of antenna radiation center in feet above elevation of radial, and the effective radiated power in radial direction, for those radials that are in the direction of a co-channel station within seventy-five miles.¹ It has been our practice to require applicants to submit interference studies demonstrating interference-free operation with all existing co-channel stations within seventy-five miles and

with those proposed co-channel stations within seventy-five miles with which the application is "cut off" from comparative consideration by the provisions of § 22.31 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR 22.31. Whenever interference studies have not been submitted with such applications, our staff has had to spend considerable time and effort in writing letters to the applicants requesting them to submit the information. Significant staff time and effort could be saved and the resultant processing delays could be substantially reduced if this information was provided at the time the application was submitted.² In the future, an application that does not contain the requisite interference studies would be subject to being returned as a defective application pursuant to § 22.20(a) of the rules, 47 CFR 22.20(a).

3. We are clarifying our rules to reflect existing practices and interpretations. We also wish to promote greater consistency in the information submitted by applicants. Accordingly, we are adding a new subsection (b) to § 22.15 of the Commission's rules, (technical content of applications) which will require applicants for base station facilities to explicitly state whether there are any co-channel facilities (whether existing or proposed by applications pending for more than 60 days from their public notice dates³ within a specified distance and, if there are such facilities, to submit interference studies demonstrating that the applicant's proposed facilities will not cause harmful electrical interference to those facilities. The specified distance will be the minimum mileage separation established by §§ 22.502 and 22.503 whenever the application is for two-way base station facilities.⁴ We realize that these minimum mileage separations establish a conservative estimate of the minimum mileage separation between co-channel stations when applied to one-way co-channel facilities. Consequently, we find that our present practice of requiring applicants for one-way facilities to identify co-channel facilities as far away as seventy-five miles is too burdensome in those cases

where the table in § 22.503 indicates that the minimum mileage separation is less than seventy-five miles. Accordingly we shall relax this burden and amend § 22.15(b) to require applicants for one-way base station facilities to explicitly state whether there are any protected co-channel facilities within seventy-five miles or the minimum mileage separation determined by applying the provisions of § 22.502 and the table shown in § 22.503(a), whichever is less, and if there are such facilities, to submit interference studies demonstrating that the proposed facilities will not cause harmful electrical interference to those facilities. We will not consider an application to be unacceptable for filing because it fails to identify applications for co-channel facilities that are pending for less than sixty days. In such cases, the Commission's staff may contact the applicant requesting the submission of appropriate interference studies.

4. In some cases, an applicant proposes operation where the average of the eight radials complies with the antenna height-power limit but the combination of effective radiated power and antenna height along a particular radial direction exceeds the limit that is computed by applying Section 22.505⁵ in that direction. In these situations, our experience indicates that harmful electrical interference may be caused for a considerably greater distance. Consequently, we have been requiring applicants to explicitly state whether there are any protected co-channel facilities in that particular direction within 125 miles⁶ and, if there are such facilities, to submit interference studies demonstrating that the proposed facilities will not cause harmful electrical interference to those facilities. Section 22.15(b) will also codify this requirement.

5. Authority for the adoption of the foregoing revisions is contained in Sections 4(i), 303(f), 303(r), 308(b), and 319(a) of the Communications act of 1934, as amended. 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 303(f), 303(r), 308(b) and 319(a).

6. In view of the fact that the amendments adopted herein are rules that clarify existing agency practice and procedure, prior publication of *Notice of Proposed Rule Making* under the provisions of Section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary, and the amendments will become effective on

7. It is ordered, that effective September 8, 1980, § 22.15 of the

¹ As we have stated on another occasion, it is the applicant's responsibility to conduct interference studies to determine whether its proposed service can be rendered on an interference-free basis. *Dial-A-Page, Inc.*, 75 FCC 2d 432, 439, 46 RR 2d 1239, 1245 (1980).

² Such co-channel facilities will hereinafter be referred to as "protected co-channel facilities."

³ In order to determine the class of station pursuant to § 22.502 of the rules, 47 CFR 22.502, both the antenna height above average terrain and effective radiated power must be computed along the particular radial between the co-channel stations.

⁵ Section 22.505 of the rules 47 CFR 22.505.

⁶ See *Empire Mobilcomm Systems, Inc.*, 73 FCC 2d 203 (Com. Car. Bur. 1979).

¹ If there are no co-channel stations within seventy-five miles, applicants must respond to this item and state explicitly that there are no such stations. *RAM Broadcasting of Indiana, Inc.*, 76 FCC 2d 364 (Com. Car. Bur. 1980); See also *Public Notice*, Mimeo 30894, released April 24, 1980, "Mobile Services Division Will Return Public Mobile Radio Service Applications Found To Be Defective."

Commission's rules is amended as set forth in the attached Appendix below.
(Secs. 4, 303, 48 Stat., as amended, 1066, 1082; (47 U.S.C. 154, 303).)

Federal Communications Commission.
William J. Tricarico,
Secretary.

Appendix

Section 22.15(b), Title 47, of the Code of Federal Regulations (47 CFR 22.15(b)) is amended to read as follows:

§ 22.15 Technical content of applications.

(b) Each Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service application for a construction permit for a new base station or a major modification to an existing base station must:

(1) Explicitly state whether there are any co-channel facilities (whether existing or proposed by applications pending for more than 60 days from their public notice dates) within:

(i)(A) The minimum mileage separation established by §§ 22.502 and 22.503(a), if the application is for two-way communications facilities, or

(B) The lesser of 75 miles or the minimum mileage separation determined by applying the provisions of § 22.502 and the table shown in § 22.503(a), if the application is for one-way communications facilities;

(ii) 125 miles along any radial direction where the combination of effective radiated power in that direction and antenna height above average terrain in that direction exceeds the limit that is computed by applying the provisions of § 22.505 to that direction:

(2) Contain interference studies demonstrating that the proposed facilities will not cause harmful electrical interference to those co-channel facilities (existing or proposed) identified in response to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph. The interference studies must use procedures consistent with § 22.504 and FCC Report No. R-6406, "Technical Factors Affecting the Assignment Of Facilities In The Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service," by Roger B. Carey. All supporting data and calculations must be included with the results of the studies.

[FR Doc. 80-23639 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Part 68

[Docket No. 20774]

Connection of Terminal Equipment to the Telephone Network

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final regulation.

SUMMARY: The FCC was notified by parties who were attempting to construct gauges in accordance with the dimensions of Figure 68.500(i)(4) that two dimensions were in error. The FCC is hereby correcting the errors which appear in Part 68 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, published in the Federal Register July 12, 1976 at 41 FR 28694.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications

Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William H. von Alven, Common Carrier Bureau, (202) 632-6440.

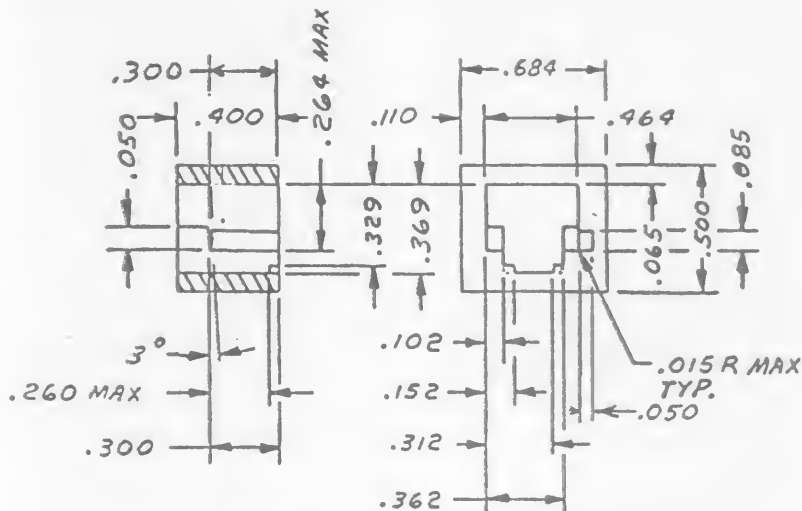
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Released: July 15, 1980.

1. Certain dimensional errors have been found in Figure 68.500(i)(4), entitled, "8 Position Keyed Plug Specification," which appears in Part 68 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations in the above-entitled matter, FCC 76-617, published in the Federal Register 7-12-76 at 41 FR 28694. See attachment for correction.

(Secs. 4, 303, 48 Stat., as amended, 1066, 1082; 47 U.S.C. 154, 303)

Federal Communications Commission.
William J. Tricarico,
Secretary.



MAXIMUM CLEARANCE GAUGE

Figure 68.500(i)(4)--8 Position Keyed Plug Clearance Specification

[FR Doc. 80-23775 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Part 73

[BC Docket No. 80-143]

TV Broadcast Stations in Lansing and Saginaw, Mich.; Newark, Sandusky, and Toledo, Ohio; Changes Made in Table of Assignments

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule (Report and Order).

SUMMARY: As a result of a Notice of Proposed Rule Making, adopted on the Commission's own motion, this action substitutes Channel 47 for Channel 36 at Lansing, Michigan; Channel 49 for Channel 45 at Saginaw, Michigan; Channel 51 for Channel 52 at Newark, Ohio; Channel 52 for Channel 51 at Sandusky, Ohio; and Channel 36 for Channels 54 and 60 at Toledo, Ohio. This action will allow use of the 806-890 MHz band for land mobile operations in the United States-Canadian border area.

DATE: Effective September 10, 1980.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gordon W. Godfrey, Broadcast Bureau, (202) 632-9660.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the matter of amendment of § 73.606(b), *Table of Assignments, Television Broadcast Stations*. (Lansing and Saginaw, Michigan; Newark, Sandusky and Toledo, Ohio), BC Docket No. 80-143. See 45 FR 28775, April 30, 1980.

Report and Order—Proceeding Terminated

Adopted: July 25, 1980.

Released: August 4, 1980.

1. The Commission has before it for consideration the *Notice of Proposed Rule Making*, adopted April 7, 1980, on the Commission's own motion. The *Notice* proposed the following changes in UHF television assignments:

City	Delete	Add
Lansing, Michigan.....	36	47
Saginaw, Michigan.....	45	49
Newark, Ohio.....	52	51
Sandusky, Ohio.....	51	52
Toledo, Ohio.....	54, 60	36

2. The only comment submitted in this proceeding was from Toledo Christian Broadcasting, Inc. ("TCB") in opposition to the proposed addition of Channel 36 and deletion of Channels 54 and 60 at Toledo. TCB states that it was incorporated in December, 1979, and has been in the process of preparing a

construction permit application for Channel 54 at Toledo since then. TCB submits that Toledo is a market whose vitality deserves two independent television outlets and that keeping the two channels assigned to Toledo would further the Commission's objectives of maximizing diversity of viewpoints available in a broadcast marketplace.

3. TCB offers no supporting data regarding Toledo's claimed vitality. In addition, Channels 54 and 60 have remained vacant at Toledo for a number of years while in many communities all assigned television channels have been occupied. Finally, TCB does not indicate that Channel 36 could not be used for its planned station.

4. As was indicated in the *Notice*, these proposed changes are needed to resolve conflicts with a revised Canadian UHF television table. The revised Canadian table was originated to clear UHF Channels 70 through 83 (the 806-890 MHz frequency band) of Canadian television stations and assignments. This will make possible land mobile use of this band in the common border area by both countries.¹

5. We have carefully considered the proposal herein and the comments of TCB, and believe it would be in the public interest to make the substitutions proposed. The need for land mobile use of the 806-890 MHz band in the border area far outweighs any reasons for retaining two unoccupied and unapplied for television assignments at Toledo.

6. Two recently granted construction permits specify channel assignments which are being deleted herein (File No. BPCT-5176 for Station WSFJ on Channel 52 in Newark, Ohio, and File No. BPCT-781023KE on Channel 51 in Sandusky, Ohio). Since the grants were specifically conditioned on the outcome of U.S./Canadian negotiations, and the channels assigned in Newark and Sandusky are being changed, we will modify their authorizations to specify the newly assigned channels.

7. Finally, at the time of the *Notice*, there were on file three applications for the use of Channel 36 in Lansing, Michigan. (Subsequently, one of the three applicants submitted an amendment to its application to specify Channel 53.) While we are substituting

Channel 47 for Channel 36 in Lansing, each application, if amended to Channel 47 at its currently requested site, would have a short-spacing. Channel 53 is currently assigned to Lansing, though, and each remaining application may be amended to Channel 53 with no change in site and no short-spacings. We believe that since these applicants have concluded cut-off procedure once on Channel 36, they should have an opportunity to retain their cut-off protection. Since we have substituted Channel 47 for Channel 36, we will permit the applications to be amended to specify the Channel 47 assignment at a new site and retain cut-off protection. If, however, applicants wish to keep their proposed sites and specify Channel 53, we believe that they must face a new cut-off date with the possibility of additional competing applications.

8. In view of the foregoing, it is ordered, that effective September 10, 1980, § 73.606(b) of the Commission's rules, the *Television Table of Assignments*, is amended with respect to the channel assignments at the following communities:

City	Channel No.
Lansing, Michigan.....	6-, 47, 53-
Saginaw, Michigan.....	25-, 49-
Newark, Ohio.....	*31-, 51
Sandusky, Ohio.....	52
Toledo, Ohio.....	11-, 13, 24-, *30 +, 36-

9. Authority for the action taken herein is contained in Sections 4(i), 5(d)(1), 303(g) and (r) and 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 0.281 of the Commission's rules.

10. It is further ordered, that pursuant to § 316(a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the outstanding construction permit held by Christian Television of Ohio, Inc. for Station WSFJ, Newark, Ohio, is modified, effective September 10, 1980, to specify operation on UHF-TV Channel 51 instead of UHF-TV Channel 52. The permittee shall inform the Commission in writing by no later than September 10, 1980, of its acceptance of this modification. In addition, the permittee shall, within 60 days of receipt of this *Order*, submit to the Commission the technical information normally required of an applicant for Channel 51.

11. It is further ordered, that pursuant to § 316(a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the outstanding construction permit held by Christian Faith Broadcast, Inc., for a television station in Sandusky, Ohio, is modified,

¹Land mobile use of the 806-890 MHz band has been allowed in the United States, except in the border areas, since 1970. See *Land Mobile Use of 806-890 MHz Band, Notice of Proposed Rule Making*, Docket 18262, 14 F.C.C. 2d 311 (1968); *First Report and Second Notice of Inquiry*, Docket 18262, 35 F.R. 8644 (1970); *Land Mobile Service, Memorandum Opinion and Order*, Docket 18262, 51 F.C.C. 2d 945 (1975).

effective September 10, 1980, to specify operation on UHF-TV Channel 52 instead of UHF-TV Channel 51. The permittee shall inform the Commission in writing by no later than September 10, 1980, of its acceptance of this modification. In addition, the permittee shall, within 60 days of receipt of this *Order*, submit to the Commission the technical information normally required of an applicant for Channel 52.

12. It is further ordered, that copies of this document SHALL BE SENT by Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to the following permittees and applicants: Christian Television of Ohio, Inc., c/o Michael F. Riley, 8869 National Rd. SW., Pataskalia, Ohio 43062; Christian Faith Broadcast, Inc., 3809 Maple Ave., Castalia, Ohio 44824; Benko Broadcasting Company, 1503 Jolley Rd., Okemos, Michigan 48864; Kare-Kim Broadcasting Company, Inc., 2405 W. McNichols, Detroit, Michigan 48221; and F & S Communications/News, Inc., 4280 West Saginaw Highway, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

13. It is further ordered, that this proceeding is terminated.

14. For further information concerning this proceeding, contact Gordon W. Godfrey, Broadcast Bureau, (202) 632-9660.

(Secs. 4, 5, 303, 48 Stat., as amended, 1066, 1068, 1082; (47 U.S.C. 154, 155, 303))

Federal Communications Commission.
Henry L. Baumann,
Chief, Policy and Rules Division, Broadcast Bureau.

[FR Doc. 80-23642 Filed 6-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Part 76

[FCC 80-406]

Cable Television Services; Registration Statement; Clarification

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Clarification and Amendment of Rules.

SUMMARY: The subject *Order* discusses § 76.12 of the Rules to make it clear that a cable facility which separately serves fewer than 50 subscribers but which is a part of a larger system which aggregately serves 50 or more subscribers is required to register. The *Order* also amends § 76.12(e) to remove any implication that more than one cable television system community unit may be listed on a single registration statement.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 18, 1980.

ADDRESSES: Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, 1919 M Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bob Ratcliffe, Cable Television Bureau, (202) 254-3407.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Adopted: July 8, 1980.

Released: August 1, 1980.

By The Commission.

In the matter of: clarification and amendment of § 76.12 of the Commission's rules; *Order*.

1. It has come to our attention that some confusion exists among cable operators as to the exact scope of the registration requirements found in § 76.12 of the Commission's Rules. Specifically, questions have arisen concerning the circumstances under which a cable facility serving less than 50 subscribers is required to file a registration statement. The purpose of the present *Order* is to clarify this point and to amend certain language in § 76.12 which may have contributed to the prevailing uncertainty regarding that section's applicability.

2. Section 76.12 states, in part:

A system community unit shall be authorized to commence operation or to add a television broadcast signal to existing operations only after filing with the Commission [a registration statement].

The obligation to file a registration statement, then, is dependent upon whether or not the cable facility concerned constitutes a "system community unit" within the meaning of the rules. Section 76.5(mm) defines such a unit as follows:

A cable television system, or a portion of a cable television system, that operates or will operate within a separate and distinct community or municipal entity (including unincorporated communities within unincorporated areas and including single, discrete unincorporated areas).

The critical aspect of this definition for our purposes is the requirement that a cable facility constitute a cable television system or a portion of such a system in order to qualify as a community unit. Since a cable television system is defined, in part, by service to 50 or more subscribers¹, this requirement means that a qualifying facility must either serve 50 subscribers

¹ Section 76.5(a) defines a cable television system as: A nonbroadcast facility consisting of a set of transmission paths and associated signal generation, reception, and control equipment, under common ownership and control, that distributes or is designed to distribute to subscribers the signals of one or more television broadcast stations, but such term shall not include (1) any such facility that serves or will serve fewer than 50 subscribers * * *

in its own right or operate as a part of a set of facilities which, taken together, serve 50 or more subscribers. There is no condition, however, in this definition or elsewhere in the rules that each facility comprising a multiple facility system serve 50 subscribers independently. Accordingly, a cable facility serving less than 50 subscribers separately, but which is a part of a system aggregately serving 50 or more subscribers, constitutes a community unit within the meaning of § 76.5(mm) and must file a registration statement pursuant to § 76.12 of the rules.²

3. In undertaking our review of § 76.12 in connection with this *Order*, it became apparent that § 76.12(e) is poorly drafted and may be one source of the current confusion concerning registration. Paragraph (e), as presently drawn, requires cable operators to submit the following information as part of a registration statement:

(e) The name of each separate community or area served and the county in which it is located.

Clearly, this provision implies that more than one community or area may be involved. But, since the entity required to file a registration statement is a community unit and such a unit serves, by definition, only one community or discrete area, this implication is contradictory. It is, moreover, inconsistent with our position, which we clearly stated upon adopting the registration process, that each individual community unit would be required to file a separate registration statement.³ We shall, therefore, amend paragraph (e) to read as follows:

(e) The name of the community or area served and the county(ies) in which it is located.

Some clarification of § 76.12(d) also seems appropriate, although amendment of its terms is not necessary. This provision states that operators shall indicate "the date the system provided service to 50 subscribers" as a part of a registration statement. We wish to make it clear that where the community unit filing the registration statement is not a system unto itself, the information requested by paragraph (d) refers to the date on which the aggregate subscribership of the system of which the filing unit is a part reached 50.

4. Finally, we are aware that under the Commission's former certification

² Conversely, of course, a cable facility which serves fewer than 50 subscribers, but which stands alone, is not within the definition of a community unit and is not required to register.

³ See *Report and Order in CT Docket No. 78-206*, FCC 78-690, 69 FCC 2d 697 (1978), at para. 12.

process, community units with less than 50 subscribers, even though part of a system with 50 or more subscribers, were not required to obtain a certificate of compliance.⁴ This policy may well have contributed to operator uncertainty regarding the obligation to register under 50 subscriber units upon our adoption of the registration process and deletion of the certifying mechanism. It is sufficient to confirm here that such registration is required and to note that our policy revision in this connection was based upon the greatly reduced burden which the registration obligation imposes on cable operators and our conclusion that registration of less than 50 subscriber units would contribute measurably to the accuracy and coherence of our information data base and thus to a more efficient administration of our regulatory responsibilities in the cable area.⁵

5. Since the clarification and rule amendment adopted herein are interpretive in nature, the prior notice and effective date provisions of Section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553, are inapplicable. Authority for the amendment being adopted is contained in Sections 2, 3, 4(i) and (j), 301, 303, 307, 308 and 309 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS ORDERED, That effective August 18, 1980, Section 76.12 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations IS AMENDED as set forth in the attached Appendix.

(Secs. 2, 3, 4, 5, 301, 303, 307, 308, 309, 315, 317, 48 Stat., as amended, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1068, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1089; 47 U.S.C. 152, 153, 154, 155, 301, 303, 307, 308, 309, 315, 317)

Federal Communications Commission.

William J. Tricarico,

Secretary.

Appendix

Part 76 of Chapter I of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

1. In § 76.12, paragraph (e) is revised to read as follows:

§ 76.12 Registration statement required.

* * * * *

⁴ See First Report and Order in Docket 20561, FCC 77-205, 63 FCC 2d 956 (1977) at n. 19.

⁵ Given the uncertainty surrounding the registration obligation we have clarified today, we do not anticipate enforcement action against community units within the scope of this Order for failure to comply with Section 76.12, if such units file the required registration statement within 80 days of the effective date of this Order.

(e) The name of the community or area served and the county in which it is located.

* * * * *
[FR Doc. 80-23640 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

47 CFR Parts 13, 81, 83, and 87

[Docket No. 20817; FCC 80-416]

Establishing a Marine Radio Operator Permit and Deleting the Radiotelephone Third-Class Operator Permit

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission amends Parts 13, 81, 83 and 87 of the Rules to institute a new radio operator license called the "Marine Radio Operator Permit", to abolish the Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, and to change the examination order for its licenses. Primary purpose is to reduce operating costs by ceasing to issue licenses where no regulatory requirement exists for them.

EFFECTIVE DATE: To be specified later in a Public Notice.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Roy E. Kolly or Vernon P. Wilson, Field Operations Bureau, 202-632-7240.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

In the matter of Amendments of Parts 13, 81, 83, and 87 of the Commission's Rules to establish a Marine Radio Operator Permit and delete the Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit; Third Report and Order See also 44 FR 66818, November 21, 1979.

Adopted: July 17, 1980.

Released: August 7, 1980.

By the Commission:

1. This instant Third Report and Order is intended to (1) abolish the Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, and (2) institute a new Marine Radio Operator Permit. The Commission issues 53,000 third class permits annually, primarily to individuals having no legitimate need for the permit. The situation prevails in large part because of deregulation steps previously taken by the Commission in this docket.¹ Through this Order we are modifying

¹ The First Report & Order, Docket 20817, was released January 5, 1979 (44 FR 1733). The Second Report and Order was released November 18, 1979 (44 FR 66861). Docket 20817 involved a general review and revision of the FCC's radio operator licensing procedures.

the examination and license structure to eliminate the issuance of third class permits where no regulatory requirements for the permit exist.

2. We have explored the reasons why individuals obtain third class permits, and we can divide them into four categories. One category consists of those wanting third class permits so that they can become routine operators at AM, FM and TV stations. The routine operators at these stations need only Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permits which require no examination.² Yet persons obtain third class permits—which require passing a relatively simple examination on basic radio laws and operating practices—because they believe the third class permit will give them an advantage when competing for employment in a tight market. Of the third class permits we issue, 40 percent are to individuals in this category.

3. To get a second class license an applicant must first pass the simple third class examination on basic radio laws and operating practice, and then a more difficult examination on electronic theory. The applicant may take these two examinations in one sitting, or break them up into two parts. Frequently, the applicant takes and passes the easier examination on radio laws and operating practice, and then waits a few months before taking the more difficult technical examination. Upon passing the examination on radio laws and operating practice, the applicant qualifies for and is issued a third class permit for which there is no need since the applicant's ultimate goal is a second class license. Forty percent of the third class permits we issue are to individuals in this category.

4. Some applicants for second class licenses do elect to take the simple and the difficult examination in one sitting. However, if the applicant does not pass the difficult technical examination after passing the simple examination on rules and operating practices, the applicant is issued the third class permit for which he qualified. These applicants have no need for the third class permit which they view as a consolation prize, for their goal is the second class license. Eighteen percent of the third class permits issued are to individuals in this category.

5. In the last category are individuals the FCC requires to hold third class permits. These are primarily the persons who operate the radios on Great Lakes freighters and on charter fishing vessels.

² Section 318 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, allows the operation of broadcast stations only by persons holding an operator license issued by the Commission.

Two percent of the third class permits issued are to individuals in this last category. These persons have a legitimate need for the permit because of the safety requirements of the Great Lakes Agreement and the FCC rules governing vessels carrying passengers for hire.

6. From the foregoing it can be seen that there is no FCC requirement for 98 percent of the third class permits that we issue, nor does there appear to be any public interest benefit for awarding third class permits in these situations. By merely revising the order in which the examinations are taken, we can eliminate the necessity of issuing most third class permits. By this order we are amending the Rules to require an applicant for a second class license to pass the more difficult technical examination (now called element three) before attempting the relatively simple examination (now called elements one and two) on FCC Rules and operating practices.

7. Those who pass both examinations will be issued a second class license. Those who fail the difficult technical examination will not be entitled to take the simple examination on Rules and operating practices, and no license will be issued. To the very few who pass the difficult part but fail the simple part, we will issue one-year credit certificates to spare them the burden of re-taking the passed examination.

8. We recognize the need for the maritime radio operators mentioned previously (Great Lakes vessels, charter fishing vessels, and some coast stations) to demonstrate their qualifications through a relatively simple examination. However, instead of issuing them third class permits, we will issue them a certificate more appropriately called a "Marine Radio Operator Permit." This permit will be valid only for operating maritime stations, and it cannot be used as credit toward any other operator license.

9. We also realize that on some occasions a person will need to hold both a Marine Radio Operator Permit for maritime communications, and a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit for, perhaps, broadcast operation. We are thus modifying our Rules to allow an individual in such cases to hold more than one operator permit.

10. We now come to the question of how to deal with persons holding third class permits. These persons may continue to hold and use third class permits until they expire. However, the third class permits will not be renewed. Persons applying for a renewal will be issued the new Marine Radio Operator

Permit if they so desire. Additionally, they may obtain the Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit. By having these two permits, a person will still be able to operate the same stations they could under the third class permit.

11. Authority for these amendments appears in Sections 4(i) and 303 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. In that the amendments adopted herein are editorial and procedural in nature, the prior notice and public procedure provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553 are not applicable. However, as the amendments being adopted are subject to clearance of reporting requirements by the General Accounting Office, the effective date of this action will be announced by public notice in the near future.

12. Further information on this matter may be obtained from Vernon Wilson or Roy E. Kolly, telephone 202-632-7240.

13. Accordingly, it is ordered that Parts 13, 81, 83, and 87 of the Commission's Rules are amended as set forth in the attached Appendix, effective on the date to be specified in a Public Notice in the Federal Register in the near future.

(Secs. 4, 303, 48 stat., as amended, 1066, 1082; 47 U.S.C. 154, 303)

Federal Communications Commission.
William J. Tricarico,
Secretary.

Appendix

PART 13—COMMERCIAL RADIO OPERATOR

Part 13 of the FCC Rules and Regulations is amended as follows:

1. Section 13.2(b)(2)(ii) is added to read as follows:

§ 13.2 Classification of operator licenses and endorsements.

- * * * * *
- (b) * * *
- (2) * * *
- (ii) Marine Radio Operator Permit.
- * * * * *

2. Section 13.3(a) is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.3 Dual holding of licenses.

- (a) U.S. citizens, citizens of American Samoa, and Trust Territory citizens may hold the Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit and the Marine Radio Operator Permit at the same time. Otherwise they may not hold more than one radiotelephone license and one radiotelegraph license at the same time.
- * * * * *

3. Section 13.5(c)(2) is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.5 Eligibility for new license.

- * * * * *
- (c) * * *

(2) If the applicant afflicted with blindness is afforded a waiver of the written examination requirements and is found qualified for a Radiotelephone First Class Operator License, Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License, or a Marine Radio Operator Permit, the applicant may be issued the license or permit, provided that the license or permit so received shall bear an endorsement as follows:

This license is not valid for the operation of any station licensed by the Commission unless the station has been adapted for operation by a blind person and the equipment to be used in such station for the purpose is capable of providing for operation in compliance with the Commission's Rules.

Note.—Some Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permits previously issued by the Commission also bear this endorsement.

- * * * * *

4. Section 13.11(e) is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.11 Procedure.

- * * * * *
- (e) *Blind applicant.* A blind person seeking an examination for Radiotelephone First Class Operator License, Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License, or Marine Radio Operator Permit shall make a request in writing to the appropriate field office for a time and date to appear for such examination. The examination shall be administered only at the field office. Requests for examinations shall be made at least 2 weeks prior to the date on which the examination is desired.

5. Section 13.22 is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.22 Examination requirements.

Applicants for original licenses will be required to pass examinations as follows:

- (a) *Radiotelephone First Class Operator License.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.
- (2) Written examination elements 3, 1, 2, and 4.
- (b) *Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.
- (2) Written examination elements 3, 1, and 2.
- (c) *Marine Radio Operator Permit.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.
- (2) Written examination elements 1 and 2 (marine version).
- (d) *Radiotelegraph First Class Operator License.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.

(2) Transmitting and receiving code test of twenty-five (25) words per minute plain language and twenty (20) code groups per minute.

(3) Written examination elements 1, 2, 5, and 6.

(e) *Radiotelegraph Second Class Operator License.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.

(2) Transmitting and receiving code test of twenty (20) words per minute plain language and sixteen (16) code groups per minute.

(3) Written examination elements 1, 2, 5, and 6.

(f) *Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit.* (1) Ability to transmit and receive spoken messages in English.

(2) Transmitting and receiving code test of twenty (20) words per minute plain language and sixteen (16) code groups per minute.

(3) Written examination elements 1, 2, and 5.

(g) *Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.* No oral or written examination is required for this permit. In lieu thereof, applicants will be required to certify in writing to a declaration which states that the applicant has need for the requested permit; can receive and transmit spoken messages in English; can keep at least a rough written log in English or in some other language in general use that can be readily translated into English; is familiar with the provisions of treaties, laws, and rules and regulations governing the authority granted under the requested permit; and understands that it is his responsibility to keep currently familiar with all such provisions.

6. Section 13.25 is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.25 New class, additional requirements.

The holder of a first, second and third class license who applied for another license will be required to pass only the added examination requirements for the new class license. Provided that the holder of a radiotelegraph third class operator permit who takes an examination for a radiotelegraph second class operator license more than one year after the issuance date of the third class permit will also be required to pass the code test prescribed therefor:

7. Section 13.26 is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.26 Cancelling and issuing new licenses.

If the holder of a license qualifies for a new license as shown in the following table, the license held will be cancelled upon issuance of the new license:

New license issued	License to be cancelled
Radiotelegraph First Class Operator License.	Radiotelegraph Second or Third Class Operator License, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.
Radiotelegraph Second Class Operator License.	Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.
Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit.	Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.
Radiotelephone First Class Operator License.	Radiotelephone Second or Third Class Operator License, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit, Marine Radio Operator Permit.
Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.	Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit, Marine Radio Operator Permit.
Marine Radio Operator Permit.	Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit.

8. Section 13.27 is revised to read as follows:

§ 13.27 Eligibility for re-examination.

An applicant who fails an examination element, including a code test element, will be ineligible for 2 months to take an examination for any class of license requiring that element. Examination elements will be graded in the order listed (see § 13.22), and an applicant may, without further application, be issued the class of license for which he qualifies.

Note.—A month after date is the same day of the following month, or if there is no such day, the last day of such month. This principle applies for other periods. For example, in the case of the 2 month period to which this note refers, an applicant examined December 1 may be re-examined February 1, and an applicant examined December 29, 30, or 31 may be re-examined the last day of February while one examined February 28 may be re-examined April 28.

9. In § 13.28, headnote and text are revised to read as follows:

§ 13.28 License renewals.

(a) Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permits issued to U.S. citizens, citizens of American Samoa, and Trust Territory Citizens are issued for the lifetime of the holder and need not be renewed.

(b) Other licenses issued for five year periods may be renewed upon proper application. There are no service or examination requirements for renewals.

(c) The Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit will not be renewed as such. Persons holding this permit may be issued a Marine Radio Operator Permit and a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.

10. Section 13.61(i) is added to read as follows:

§ 13.61 Operating authority.

(i) *Marine Radio Operator Permit.* Any station except:

(A) Stations transmitting telegraphy by any type of the Morse Code, or
(B) AM, FM, TV and International Broadcast Stations.

(C) Class I-B coast stations at which the power is authorized to exceed 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power, or

(D) Class II-B or Class III-B coast stations, other than those in Alaska, at which the power is authorized to exceed 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power, or

(E) Ship stations or aircraft stations at which the installation is not used solely for telephony, direct-printing or at which the power is more than 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power: Provided, That (1) such operator is prohibited from making any adjustments that may result in improper transmitter operation, and (2) the equipment is so designed that the stability of the frequencies of the transmitter is maintained by the transmitter itself within the limits of tolerance specified by the station license, and none of the operations necessary to be performed during the course of normal rendition of the service of the station may cause off-frequency operation or result in any unauthorized radiation, and (3) any needed adjustments of the transmitter that may affect the proper operation of the station are regularly made by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of a person holding a first or second class commercial radio operator license, either radiotelephone or radiotelegraph as may be appropriate for the class of station involved (as determined by the scope of the authority of the respective licenses as set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), (e), and (f) of this section and § 13.62), who shall be responsible for the proper functioning of the station equipment, and (4) in the case of ship radiotelephone or aircraft radiotelephone stations when the power in the antenna of the unmodulated carrier wave is authorized to exceed 100 watts, any needed adjustments of the transmitter that may affect the proper operation of the station are made only by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of an operator holding a first or second class radiotelegraph or radiotelephone license, who shall be responsible for the proper functioning of the station equipment.

11. Section 13.62(c) is amended to read as follows:

§ 13.62 Special privileges.

(c) The holder of Radiotelephone or Radiotelegraph First, Second, and Third Class Licenses, or the holder of a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit may perform routine transmitter operating duties at any AM, FM, or TV broadcast station. However, if the operator holds a license other than a First Class Radiotelephone Operator License, only such duties as set forth in paragraph (d) of this Section may be performed, under the following conditions and restrictions:

(1) The licensee of the station has fully instructed the operator in the performance of all transmitter adjustments described in paragraph (d) and in all other required operator duties such as the reading of meters and making of log entries.

(2) The licensee of the broadcast station has posted at each operating position step-by-step instructions for all transmitter adjustments and operating procedures which duty operators, employed under the provisions of this paragraph, are required to perform. Also posted must be a table or chart of the limiting values of transmission system operating parameters that are required to be observed and logged.

(3) The emissions of the station must be terminated whenever the transmitting system is observed operating beyond the posted limiting values or in any other manner inconsistent with the rule or station authorization when the adjustments listed in paragraph (d) are ineffective in correcting the improper operation.

PART 81—STATIONS ON LAND IN THE MARITIME SERVICES AND ALASKA—PUBLIC FIXED STATIONS

Part 81 of the FCC Rules and Regulations is amended as follows:

1. Section 81.151(a) and headnote are revised to read as follows:

§ 81.151 Graded values of commercial operator licenses.

(a) The classes of commercial radio operator authorizations are arranged in order of descending value for the purposes of this part, as follows:

- T-1, Radiotelegraph First Class Operator License.
- T-2, Radiotelegraph Second Class Operator License.
- P-1, Radiotelephone First Class Operator License.
- P-2, Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.
- T-3, Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit.

P-3, Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit.

MP, Marine Radio Operator Permit.
RP, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.

2. Section 81.152(d) is revised to read as follows:

§ 81.152 Operator required.

(d) Description of station:	Minimum operator authorization
Public coast telegraph, all classes, except:	T-2
A1 Morse under supervision of T1 or T2.	T-3
NB-DP under supervision of T1 or T2.	T-3, P-3, MP
Coast telephone, all classes, except in Alaska:	
Exceeds 250 watts carrier power or 1,500 watts peak envelope power.	T-2 or P-2
250 watts or less carrier power: or 1,500 watts or less peak envelope power operating on frequencies below 30 MHz.	T-3, P-3, MP
250 watts or less carrier power, or 1,500 watts or less peak envelope power operating on frequencies above 30 MHz.	RP
Coast telephone, in Alaska:	
Exceeds 250 watts carrier power, or 1,500 watts peak envelope power, Class I station.	T-2, or P-2
Exceeds 250 watts carrier power, or 1,500 watts peak envelope power, Class II or Class III station.	T-3, P-3, MP
250 watts or less carrier power, or 1,500 watts or less peak envelope power, all classes.	RP
Marine fixed, except in Alaska	RP
Marine fixed, in Alaska	RP
Marine utility coast	RP
Shipyard base	RP

3. Section 81.154(a), introductory text, is revised to read as follows:

§ 81.154 Limitations applicable to commercial radio operator permits.

(a) With respect to any station subject to this part which the holder of a Radiotelegraph or Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, a Marine Radio Operator Permit, or a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit may operate, the following provisions shall apply:

PART 83—STATIONS ON SHIPBOARD IN THE MARITIME SERVICES

Part 83 of the FCC Rules and Regulations is amended as follows:

1. Section 83.151(a) is revised to read as follows:

§ 83.151 Graded values of commercial radio operator authorizations.

(a) The classes of commercial radio operator authorizations are arranged in order of descending value for the purposes of this part, as follows:

- T-1, Radiotelegraph First Class Operator License.
- T-2, Radiotelegraph Second Class Operator License.
- P-1, Radiotelephone First Class Operator License.
- P-2, Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.
- T-3, Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit.
- P-3, Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit.
- MP, Marine Radio Operator Permit.
- RP, Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit.

2. Section 83.155 (d) and (e) are revised to read as follows:

§ 83.155 Operator(s) required by Title III of Communications Act of 1934.

(d) Each cargo ship of the United States which, in accordance with Part II of Title III of the Communications Act, is equipped with a radiotelephone station shall for distress and safety purposes carry at least one qualified operator. Where the power of the station does not exceed 250 watts carrier power for A3 emission, or 1000 watts peak envelope power for A3A, A3H and A3J emissions, such operator shall hold a Marine Radio Operator Permit, a Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, or a higher class of operator authorization. Where the power of the station exceeds 250 watts carrier power for A3 emission, or 1000 watts peak envelope power for A3A, A3H and A3J emissions such operator shall, as a minimum, hold a Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.

(e) Each vessel of the United States transporting more than six passengers for hire, which in accordance with Part III of Title III of the Communications Act is equipped with a radiotelephone installation, shall for safety purposes carry at least one qualified operator. Where the power of the station does not exceed 250 watts carrier power or 1,500 watts peak envelope power, such operator shall hold a Marine Radio Operator Permit, a Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, or a higher class of operator authorization. Where the power of the station exceeds 250 watts carrier power or 1,500 watts peak envelope power, such operator shall, as a minimum, hold a Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.

3. Section 83.156(b)(3) is revised to read as follows:

§ 83.156 Operator(s) required by the Safety Convention.

(b) * * *
 (3) Where the power of the station does not exceed 250 watts carrier power for A3 emission, or 1000 watts peak envelope power for A3A, A3H and A3J emissions such operator shall hold a Marine Radio Operator Permit, a Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, or a higher class of operator authorization. Where the power of the station exceeds 250 watts carrier power for A3 emission or 1000 watts peak envelope power for A3A, A3H and A3J emissions such operator shall, as a minimum, hold a Radiotelephone Second Class Operator License.

4. Section 83.157(a) is revised to read as follows:

§ 83.157 Licensed operators required by Great Lakes Radio Agreement.

(a) For the purpose of complying with Article VII, paragraph 1 of the Great Lakes Radio Agreement, there shall be on board each United States vessel when underway and subject to the Great Lakes Radio Agreement, as an officer or member of the crew, at least one person who shall hold a Marine Radio Operator Permit, a Radiotelephone Third Class Operator Permit, or higher class of authorization.

5. Section 83.159 is revised to read as follows:

§ 83.159 Operator requirements for noncompulsory stations.

Description of station:	Minimum Operator Authorization
Ship telegraph, except direct-printing	T-2
Ship direct-printing telegraph	P-3, MP
Ship telephone, more than 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power.	P-2
Ship telephone, not more than 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power.	P-3, MP
Ship telephone, not more than 100 watts carrier power or 400 watts peak envelope power.	RP
Marine-utility	RP
Ship radiolocation-test, using radar only.	P-2 ¹
Ship earth station	RP

¹ With ship radar endorsement.

6. Section 83.160(a), introductory text, is revised to read as follows:

§ 83.160 Limitations applicable to commercial radio operator permits.

(a) With respect to any station subject to this part which the holder of a Radiotelegraph or Radiotelephone Third

Class Operator Permit, a Marine Radio Operator Permit, or a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit may operate, the following provisions shall apply:

PART 87—AVIATION SERVICES

Part 87 of the FCC Rules and Regulations is amended as follows.

1. Section 87.133(a)(1), introductory text, is revised to read as follows:

§ 87.133 General operator requirements.

(a) * * *
 (1) Only a person holding a Marine Radio Operator Permit or a third class or higher operator permit shall operate aircraft stations.

2. Section 87.136(a) is revised to read as follows:

§ 87.136 Operation of transmitter controls.

(a) Operation of the station by the holder of a Radiotelephone or Radiotelegraph Third Class Operator Permit, a Marine Radio Operator Permit, or a Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit shall be subject to the condition that the operation of the transmitter shall require only the use of simple external switching devices, excluding all manual adjustment of frequency determining elements, and the stability of the frequencies shall be maintained by the transmitter itself within the limits of tolerance specified by § 87.65 or the station license. In addition, when using an aircraft radio station on maritime mobile service frequencies the carrier power of the transmitter shall not exceed 250 watts (emission A3) or 1000 watts (emission A3A, A3H, A3J).

3. Section 87.139(b)(2) is revised to read as follows:

§ 87.139 Operator licenses not required for certain operations.

(b) * * *
 (2) Operation by an unlicensed person shall be confined to transmitters which may be operated by the holder of a Marine Radio Operator Permit or a third class or a Restricted Permit as specified in § 87.136(a).

Note.—Whenever the term "license" is used generally to denote an operator authorization it includes "permit".

[FR Doc. 80-23641 Filed 6-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

49 CFR Parts 1002, 1003, 1045A, 1056, 1062, 1100, 1130, 1150

[Ex Parte No. 55; Sub-No. 43]

Rules Governing Applications for Operating Authority

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Correction to Notice of interim rules and request for comments.

SUMMARY: At 45 FR 45534, July 3, 1980, there appeared a notice implementing the Motor Carrier Act of 1980 which revised the rules governing the application process for motor carriers entering the trucking field. In that notice, on page 45538, column 2, last paragraph, 2 lines of text were inadvertently omitted. To be inserted after the 6th line of that paragraph are the following lines: "retroactive effect unless they clearly provide for such effect. Nothing in the legislative history of the Act".

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peter Metrinko, 202-275-7885. Agatha L. Mergenovich, Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23691 Filed 6-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

49 CFR Part 1033

[3rd Rev. S.O. 1474]

Various Railroads Authorized To Use Tracks and/or Facilities of Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company, Debtor, (Richard B. Ogilvie, Trustee)

Decided: July 29, 1980.

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Third Revised Service Order No. 1474

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 122 of the Rock Island Transition and Employee Assistance Act, Public Law 96-254, the Commission is authorizing various railroads to provide interim service over Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company, Debtor, (Richard B. Ogilvie, Trustee), (MILW) and to use such tracks and facilities as are necessary for that operation.

In view of the urgent need for continued service over MILW's lines pending the implementation of long-range solutions, this order permits carriers, previously providing service under various individual service orders to operate under authority of a single order which appendix describes their

operations, and to continue to provide service to shippers which would otherwise be deprived of essential rail transportation.

In particular, this order grants authority to Burlington Northern Inc. In Sioux City, Iowa, between milepost 509.77 and milepost 512.62, a distance of approximately 2.85 miles.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12:01 a.m., July 31, 1980, and continuing in effect until 11:59 p.m., September 30, 1980, unless modified, amended or vacated by order of this Commission.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: M. F. Clemens, Jr. (202) 275-7840.

Pursuant to Section 122 of the Rock Island Transition and Employee Assistance Act, Public Law 96-254, the Commission is authorizing various railroads to provide interim service over Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company, Debtor, (Richard B. Ogilvie, Trustee), (MILW) and to use such tracks and facilities as are necessary for that operation.

In view of the urgent need for continued service over MILW's lines pending the implementation of long-range solutions, this order permits carriers, previously providing service under various individual service orders to operate under authority of a single order which appendix describes their operations, and to continue to provide service to shippers which would otherwise be deprived of essential rail transportation.

Third Revised Service Order No. 1474, is revised by granting authority to the Burlington Northern Inc., item 15, permitting an interim operation over lines in the state of Iowa.

It is the opinion of the Commission that an emergency exists requiring that the railroads listed in the attached appendix be authorized to conduct operations, also identified in the attachment, using MILW tracks and/or facilities; that notice and public procedure are impracticable and contrary to the public interest; and that good cause exists for making this order effective upon less than thirty days' notice.

It is ordered,

§ 1033.1474 Third Revised Service Order No. 1474.

(a) Various railroads authorized to use tracks and/or facilities of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company, Debtor, (Richard B. Ogilvie, Trustee). Various railroads authorized to use tracks and/or facilities of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company (MILW), as listed in Appendix A to this order, in order to provide interim service over the MILW.

(b) The Trustee shall permit the affected carriers to enter upon the property of the MILW to conduct service essential to these interim operations.

(c) The Trustee will be compensated on terms established between the Trustee and the affected carrier(s); or upon failure of the parties to agree as hereafter fixed by the Commission in accordance with pertinent authority conferred upon it by Section 122(a) Public Law 96-254.

(d) Interim operators, authorized in Appendix A to this order, shall, within fifteen (15) days of its effective date, notify the Railroad Service Board of the date on which interim operations were commenced on the expected commencement date of those operations.

(e) Interim operators, authorized in Appendix A to this order, shall, within thirty days of commencing operations under authority of this order, notify the MILW Trustee of those facilities they believe are necessary or reasonably related to the authorized operations.

(f) During the period of these operations over the MILW lines, interim operators shall be responsible for preserving the value of the lines, associated with each interim operation, to the MILW estate, and for performing necessary maintenance to avoid undue deterioration of lines and associated facilities.

(g) Any operational or other difficulty associated with the authorized operations shall be resolved through agreement between the affected parties or, failing agreement, by the Commission's Railroad Service Board.

(h) Any rehabilitation, operational, or other costs related to the authorized operations shall be the sole responsibility of the interim operator incurring the costs, and shall not in any way be deemed a liability of the United States Government.

(i) *Application.* The provisions of this order shall apply to intrastate, interstate and foreign traffic.

(j) *Rate applicable.* Inasmuch as this operation by interim operators over tracks previously operated by the MILW is deemed to be due to carrier's disability, the rates applicable to traffic moved over these lines shall be the rates applicable to traffic routed to, from, or via these lines which were formerly in effect on such traffic when routed via MILW, until tariffs naming rates and routes specifically applicable become effective.

(k) In transporting traffic over these lines, all interim operators involved shall proceed even though no contracts, agreements, or arrangements now exist between them with reference to the

divisions of the rates of transportation applicable to that traffic. Divisions shall be, during the time this order remains in force, those voluntarily agreed upon by and between the carriers; or upon failure of the carriers to so agree, the divisions shall be those hereafter fixed by the Commission in accordance with pertinent authority conferred upon it by the Interstate Commerce Act.

(l) *Employees*—In providing service under this order interim operators, to the maximum extent practicable, shall use the employees who normally would have performed work in connection with the traffic moving over the lines subject to this Service Order.

(m) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective at 12:01 a.m., July 31, 1980.

(n) *Expiration date.* The provisions of this order shall expire at 11:59 p.m., September 30, 1980, unless otherwise modified, amended, or vacated by order of this Commission.

This action is taken under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 10304-10305 and Section 122, Public Law 96-254.

This order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and car hire agreement under the terms of that agreement and upon the American Short Line Railroad Association. Notice of this order shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the Office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D.C., and by filing a copy with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Railroad Service Board, members Joel E. Burns, Robert S. Turkington and John H. O'Brien.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

Appendix A

MILW Lines Authorized To Be Operated by Interim Operators

1. Chicago and North Western Transportation Company (CNW):
 - A. At DeKalb, Illinois.
 - B. At Appleton, Wisconsin.
 - C. At Lake Preston, Mitchell, and Sioux Falls, South Dakota, and from Wolsey to but not including Aberdeen, South Dakota.
 - D. At Miloma and Montgomery, Minnesota.
 - E. Between Jefferson and Marathon, Jefferson and Wauke, and Manning and Huxley, Iowa.
 - F. Between Merriam Park and Norwood, Minnesota.
2. Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Company (ICG):
 - A. Between Cedar Rapids and Louisa, Iowa, including Marion, Iowa.
 - B. In Sioux City, Iowa, from Pearl Street west approximately 1.5 miles to Tri-View Industrial area, and from Court Street to Virginia Street.

3. Seattle and North Coast Railroad Company (SNC):

A. Between Port Angeles and Port Townsend, Washington, including Pier 27 and associated track in Seattle, Washington.

4. Cedar Rapids and Iowa City Railway Company (CIC):

A. Between Middle Amana and Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

B. Over the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company trackage—4th Street Corridor—in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, originally operated by MILW under trackage rights.

C. Over certain terminal and industry tracks in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, between milepost 86 and milepost 87 in order to serve the 6th Street Power Station.

5. Escanaba and Lake Superior Railroad Company (ELS):

A. Between Iron Mountain, Michigan, and Green Bay, Wisconsin.

6. Consolidated Rail Corporation (CR):

A. At Moline, Illinois.

7. Des Moines Union Railway Company (DMU):

A. Between Des Moines (milepost 0) and Clive (milepost 8.5), Iowa; and between Clive (milepost 0) and Grimes, Iowa, (milepost 7), a total of 15.5 miles.

8. The La Salle and Bureau County Railroad Company (LSBC):

A. From Mendota, Illinois, (milepost 69.5) to Ladd, Illinois, (milepost 82.1), a total of 12.6 miles.

9. Chicago, Madison and Northern Railway Company (CMN):

A. Between Sparta, Wisconsin, (milepost 2.5) and Viroqua, Wisconsin, (milepost 34.7), a distance of approximately 32.2 miles.

B. Between Janesville, Wisconsin, (milepost 10.0) and Mineral Point, Wisconsin, (milepost 90.7), a distance of approximately 80.7 miles.

10. Wisconsin Central Railroad Company, (WCRC):

A. Between Waukesha, Wisconsin, (milepost 20.5) and Milton Junction, Wisconsin, (milepost 61.5), a distance of approximately 41.0 miles.

11. Pend Oreille Valley Railroad, Inc., (POV):

A. Between Newport, Washington, (milepost 43.6) and Metaline Falls, Washington, (milepost 104.7), a distance of approximately 61.1 miles.

12. St. Maries River Railroad Company (SMRR):

A. Between St. Maries and Bovill, Idaho, the Bovill Branch, a distance of approximately 52 miles; and between St. Maries and Plummer, Idaho, a distance of approximately 19 miles.

13. Chippewa River Railroad Company (CRRC):

A. Between Eau Claire, Wisconsin, and Durand, Wisconsin, a distance of approximately 33 miles.

14. Wisconsin and Southern Railroad Company (WSR):

A. The following lines in the state of Wisconsin: (1) North Milwaukee (milepost 93.72) to Oshkosh (milepost 187.64).

(2) Horicon (milepost 140.27) to Cambria (milepost 165.7).

(3) Granville (milepost 100.5) to Menomonee Falls (milepost 104).

(4) Iron Ridge (milepost 133) to Mayville (milepost 140).

(5) Beaver Dam Junction (milepost 148.5) to Beaver Dam (milepost 150.5).

(6) Fox Lake Junction (milepost 154.5) to Fox Lake (milepost 156.7).

(7) Brandon (milepost 161.15) to Markesan (milepost 172.7).

15. Burlington Northern Inc. (BN) ¹

A. In Sioux City, Iowa, between milepost 509.77 and milepost 512.62, a distance of approximately 2.85 miles.

[FR Doc. 80-23690 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

49 CFR Part 1033

[Service Order No. 1480]

Distribution of Freight Cars

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Service Order No. 1480.

SUMMARY: This order restates the provisions of 19th Revised Service Order No. 1234, which provided for the substitution of smaller cars for larger cars of any type when the larger cars were unavailable. This order is in effect for (60) sixty days to provide carriers with sufficient time to modify tariffs to incorporate the order's provisions.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12:01 a.m., August 1, 1980, and continuing in effect until 11:59 p.m., September 30, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: M. F. Clemens, Jr., (202) 275-7840.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Decided: July 31, 1980.

There is a shortage of high capacity covered hopper cars for transporting shipments of grain, grain products, and soy beans, caused by certain tariff provisions specifying the minimum quantities that must be loaded into cars offered to the shippers. At the same time smaller cars, suitable except as to capacity, are available for transporting these products. The inability of the carriers and shippers to utilize the smaller capacity cars in place of the larger cars required by tariff provisions is resulting in great economic loss to both shippers and carriers.

Service Order No. 1234 contained provisions which permitted railroads to substitute a sufficient number of smaller cars of any car type for larger cars ordered and which are unavailable to transport various commodities.

This order was based on a continuing freight car shortage of certain type cars, and the inability of carriers to provide the larger cars as ordered and as required by tariffs.

¹ Added.

This order provides relief previously granted by provisions of Service Order No. 1234, which was vacated on July 31, 1980. We have concluded that the provisions contained in Service Order No. 1234, and restated in this order, should be resolved by appropriate tariff modifications. This order will remain in effect for (60) sixty days to provide the time necessary for tariffs to be amended to provide the relief herein granted.

In the opinion of the Commission, an emergency exists requiring immediate action to modify existing rules, regulations and practices with respect to car service to secure maximum utilization of the available supply of freight cars and to alleviate shortages of cars. Accordingly, the Commission finds that notice and public procedure are impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and that good cause exists for making this order effective upon less than thirty days' notice.

It is ordered,

§ 1033.1480 Distribution of Freight Cars.

(a) Subject to the concurrence of the carrier and the shipper, carriers may substitute a sufficient number of smaller cars of any car type for larger cars ordered and which are unavailable to transport shipments of numerous commodities, regardless of tariff requirements specifying minimum cubic or weight carrying capacity. (See exceptions).

Exception. This order shall not apply to shipments subject to tariff provisions requiring the use of twenty-five or more per shipment.

Exception. This order shall not apply to shipments subject to tariff provisions which require that cars be furnished by the shipper.

(b) *Rates and Minimum Weights Applicable.* The rates to be applied and the minimum weights applicable to shipments for which cars smaller than those ordered have been furnished and loaded as authorized by Section (a) of this order shall be the rates and minimum weights applicable to the larger cars ordered.

(c) *Billing to be Endorsed.* The carrier substituting smaller cars for larger cars as authorized by Section (a) of this order shall place the following endorsement on the bill of lading and on the waybills authorizing movement of the car:

"Car of () cu. ft. and/or of () lbs. or greater capacity ordered. Smaller cars furnished authority ICC Service Order No. 1480.

(d) *Concurrence of Carrier and Shipper Required.* Smaller cars shall not be furnished in lieu of cars of greater capacity without the consent of the carrier and shipper.

(e) *Exceptions.* Exceptions to this order may be authorized to railroads by the Railroad Service Board, Washington, D.C. 20423. Requests for such exception must be submitted in writing, or confirmed in writing, and must clearly state the points at which such exceptions are requested and the reason therefor.

(f) *Rules and Regulations Suspended.* The operation of all rules, regulations, or tariff provisions is suspended insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this order.

(g) *Application.* The provisions of this order shall apply to intrastate, interstate and foreign commerce.

(h) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective at 12:01 a.m., August 1, 1980.

(i) *Expiration.* The provisions of this order shall remain in effect until September 30, 1980.

This action is taken under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 10304-10305 and 11121-11126.

This order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and car hire agreement under the terms of that agreement and upon the American Short Line Railroad Association. Notice of this order shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the Office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D.C., and by filing a copy with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Railroad Service Board, members Joel E. Burns, Robert S. Turkington and John H. O'Brien.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23697 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

49 CFR Part 1033

[Directed Service Order No. 1398]

Kansas City Terminal Railway Co.— Directed To Operate Over—Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Co., Debtor (William M. Gibbons, Trustee); Modification of Cost Data Submission Requirements for Directed Service Operations

Decided: July 29, 1980.

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Modification of cost data submission requirements.

SUMMARY: In Directed Service Order No. 1398, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 11125, we directed the Kansas City Terminal

Railway Company (KCT-DRC) to perform directed operations over the lines of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company, Debtor (William M. Gibbons, Trustee) (Rock Island or RI). Our regulations at 49 CFR § 1126.2 set forth the cost form to be filed by directed rail carriers to justify reimbursement for directed service. The form specified in our regulations is not designed to apply to directed service as performed by KCT-DRC. Therefore, we are waiving the requirements of 49 CFR 1126.2 for KCT-DRC's operations over Rock Island under DSO No. 1398 and substituting more applicable reporting requirements.

DATES: This decision shall be effective on August 4, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard J. Schiefelbein, (202) 275-0826.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In September 1979, Rock Island's cash flow position became so severe as to prevent continuation of normal rail operations. Therefore, we issued Directed Service Order No. 1398 (44 FR 56343, Oct. 1, 1979) directing KCT-DRC to perform operations over Rock Island lines. KCT-DRC provided a management team which operated Rock Island during the period of directed service under DSO No. 1398. These operations were performed predominantly with Rock Island, rather than KCT-DRC, equipment and employees.

Under 49 U.S.C. § 11125(b)(5), KCT-DRC is entitled to federal payment providing reimbursement for losses incurred as a result of providing directed service, and a reasonable profit. The form for submission of cost data to justify reimbursement is set forth at 49 CFR 1126.2. This cost form is structured for directed service operations which would include a predominance of joint costs. Because of the significantly different nature of the KCT-DRC operations from the type of operations anticipated by our cost submission regulations, we will modify the reporting requirements for KCT-DRC for submission of cost data under DSO No. 1398.

In place of the cost form specified in 49 CFR § 1126.2, KCT-DRC may submit the following reports and statements to justify reimbursement for operations under DSO No. 1398:

1. ICC Quarterly Report of Revenues, Expenses, and Income—Railroads (Form RE&I, 49 CFR 1243.1);
2. ICC Quarterly Condensed Balance Sheet—Railroads (Form CBS, 49 CFR 1243.2); and
3. Source and Application of Funds Statement (Schedule 240, "Statement of

Changes in Financial Position" required in the Annual Report R-1).

These reports should cover directed service operations only (not including normal KCT operations) for the directed service period of railroad operations, and related accounting and administrative functions for the period from October 5, 1979, through July 31, 1980. Additionally, KCT-DRC should report estimated costs of all open and unfinished business, or unsettled amounts, including allowable interest and allowance for profit.

This action will not significantly affect either the quality of the human environment or the conservation of energy resources.

It is ordered:

(1) The requirements of 49 CFR 1126.2 are waived with respect to KCT-DRC operations under DSO No. 1398. DSO No. 1398 is modified to include the cost data submission requirements set forth in this decision.

(2) This decision shall be effective on August 4, 1980.

By the Commission, Chairman Gaskins, Vice Chairman Gresham, Commissioners Stafford, Clapp, Trantum, Alexis, and Gilliam.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23782 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

49 CFR Parts 1309 and 1310

[Docket No. 37416]

Identification of Rates Filed Under Zone of Rate Freedom by Motor Common Carriers of Property and Freight Forwarders

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Final rules.

SUMMARY: The Interstate Commerce Act, as amended by the Motor Carrier Act of 1980, permits motor common carriers of property and freight forwarders to reduce or increase rates within a 10 percent zone of rate freedom without investigation, suspension, revision, or revocation on the grounds that the changed rate is unreasonable because it is too high or too low. The Act requires that the carriers notify the Commission when they wish to have rates considered under this rate freedom.

This document establishes rules which will set forth the manner in which this notification will be made. The effect on the carriers and forwarders will be minimal since only a small amount of additional wording will be required on

the tariff publications and accompanying letters of transmittal.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 6, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William P. Geisenkotter, Chief, Section of Tariffs, Bureau of Traffic, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C. 20423, (202) 275-7739.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, was amended by the Motor Carrier Act of 1980 by adding a "Zone of Rate Freedom for Motor Common Carriers of Property and Freight Forwarders" (Subsection (d)). Subsection (d)(1) reads as follows:

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Commission may not investigate, suspend, revise, or revoke any rate proposed by a motor common carrier of property or freight forwarder on the grounds that such rate is unreasonable on the basis that it is too high or too low if—

(A) the carrier notifies the Commission that it wishes to have the rate considered pursuant to this subsection; and

(B) the aggregate of increases and decreases in any such rate is not more than 10 percent above the rate in effect one year prior to the effective date of the proposed rate, nor more than 10 percent below the lesser of the rate in effect on July 1, 1980 (or, in the case of any rate which a carrier first establishes after July 1, 1980, for a service not provided such carrier on such date, such rate on the date such rate first becomes effective), or the rate in effect one year prior to the effective date of the proposed rate.

In addition, for the first two years following the Motor Carrier Act, general rate increases obtained in the one-year period prior to the effective date of the proposed rate shall not be included except to the extent that such general rate increases exceed 5 percent of the rate in effect one-year prior to the effective date of the proposed rate.

It is therefore necessary that the Commission establish rules that will require carriers to furnish sufficient information to allow identification and analysis of rates, charges, and provisions filed under the zone of rate freedom. The adopted rules will accomplish this.

The rules will require carriers and freight forwarders filing rates, charges, or provisions which they wish considered under the zone of rate freedom provisions to show on their tariffs or amendments an appropriate statement. The rates, charges, or provisions must be identified. The carrier or freight forwarder will be required to certify in the letter of transmittal that the rates or provisions do not exceed the amount allowed by section 10708(d)(3) (A or B); and fall within the 10 percent zone; also, if the

rate is more than 10 percent above the rate in effect one year earlier, to include in the statement whether the proposed rate has been subject to general rate increases during the previous year, what percent increase was taken, the bureau which published the increase, and the effective date. In addition, the letter of transmittal shall contain an appropriate statement identifying the number of the item (or page) and tariff containing the rate, charge, or provision in effect a year earlier or July 1, 1980 (or later), as appropriate. The letter shall also state that the rate, charge, or provision was independently established by an individual carrier.

The Commission does not believe this revision requires notice and comment rulemaking under section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) because it merely establishes notification procedures mandated by Congress and thus is only a procedural and not a substantive rule. Indeed, this will impose a very minor burden on the carriers who will benefit over all from the zone of rate freedom.

This decision does not affect significantly either the quality of the human environment or energy resources.

It is ordered: 1. Chapter X of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as set forth in the appendix below.

2. Notice of this decision will be given to the public by depositing a copy in the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C. 20423, for public inspection, and by delivering a copy to the Director, Office of the Federal Register as notice to all interested persons.

This decision is issued under authority of section 10762 of the Interstate Commerce Act, U.S.C. 10762, and under section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553.

Decided: July 15, 1980.

By the Commission, Chairman Gaskins, Vice Chairman Gresham, Commissioners Stafford, Clapp, Trantum, Alexis and Gilliam.
Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

PART 1309—TARIFFS AND CLASSIFICATIONS OF FREIGHT FORWARDERS

Part 1309 is amended by adding § 1309.8 as follows:

§ 1309.8 Zone of rate freedom.

(a) *Statement of carrier's intent required.* Each tariff, supplement, or loose-leaf page publishing a rate, charge, or provision which the freight forwarder wishes to have considered pursuant to

the zone of rate freedom provisions of subsection (d) of section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, shall indicate this by showing an appropriate statement. If a bound tariff or supplement, the statement shall be shown on the title page. Each rate, charge, or provision shall be identified. If the rates, charges, or provisions in a bound tariff or supplement are too numerous to be identified on the title page, identification shall be on the first printed page following the title page.

(b) *Letters of transmittal.* (1) The letter of transmittal accompanying each tariff, supplement, of loose-leaf page which contains a rate, charge, or provision which the freight forwarder wishes to have considered pursuant to the zone of rate freedom provisions of subsection (d) of section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, shall indicate this by including an appropriate statement.

(2) If the application of the proposed rate, charge, or provision would result in an increase in charges, the letter shall state that the proposed increase in the aggregate is not more than 10 percent above that in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed increase.

(3) If the application of the proposed rate, charge, or provision would result in a reduction in charges, the letter shall state that the proposed reduction in the aggregate shall be no more than 10 percent below the lesser of that in effect on July 1, 1980 (or the date, if after July 1, 1980, on which a rate, charge, or provision first became effective for a service not provided by the freight forwarder on July 1, 1980), or that in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed reduction.

(4) The letter shall identify the number of the item (or page) and tariff in which the rate, charge, or provision may be found that was in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed or in effect July 1, 1980, or later, as appropriate.

(5) The letter shall also state that the rates or provisions were set independently and were not discussed with any other carriers. If published by a rate bureau, the letter shall state that the docketing and publishing of the rate or provision were done in compliance with its agreement regarding independent notice actions.

(6) The freight forwarder will also be required in the letter to certify that the rates or provisions do not exceed the amount allowed by section 10708 (d)(3) (A or B); and that the rates or provisions fall within the 10 percent zone; also, if the rate is more than 10 percent above the rate in effect one year earlier, to include in the statement whether the

proposed rate has been subject to general rate increases during the previous year, what percent increase was taken, the bureau which published the increase, and the effective date.

(Sec. 20, 24 Stat. 386, as amended; secs. 204, as amended, 217, as amended, 219, as amended, 49 Stat. 546, as amended, 560, as amended, 563, as amended, secs. 403, 405, 413, 56 Stat. 285, 287, 295; 49 U.S.C. 20, 304, 317, 319, 1003, 1005, 1013)

PART 1310—FREIGHT RATE TARIFFS AND CLASSIFICATIONS OF MOTOR COMMON CARRIERS

Section 1310.1(c) is amended by adding subparagraph (6) to paragraph (c) as follows:

§ 1310.1 Filing tariffs (Rule 1).

* * * * *

(c) * * * * *
(6)(i) The letter of transmittal accompanying each tariff publication which contains a rate, charge, or provision which the carrier wishes to have considered pursuant to the zone of rate freedom provisions of subsection (d) of section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, shall indicate this by including an appropriate statement.

(ii) If application of the proposed rate, charge, or provision would result in an increase in charges, the letter shall state that the proposed increase in the aggregate is not more than 10 percent above that in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed increase.

(iii) If the application of the proposed rate, charge, or provision would result in a reduction in charges, the letter shall state that the proposed reduction in the aggregate shall be no more than 10 percent below the lesser of that in effect on July 1, 1980 (or the date, if after July 1, 1980, on which a rate, charge, or provision first became effective for a service not provided by the carrier on July 1, 1980), or that in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed reduction.

(iv) The letter shall identify the number of the item (or page) and tariff in which the rate, charge, or provision may be found that was in effect 1 year prior to the effective date of the proposed reduction or in effect July 1, 1980, or later, as appropriate.

(v) The letter shall also state that the rates or provisions were set independently and were not discussed with any other carriers. If published by a rate bureau, the letter shall state that the docketing and publishing of the rate or provision were done in compliance with its agreement regarding independent notice actions.

(vi) The carrier will also be required in the letter to certify that the rates or

provisions do not exceed the amount allowed by section 10708 (d)(3) (A or B) and that the rates or provisions fall within the 10 percent zone; also, if the rate is more than 10 percent above the rate in effect one year earlier, to include in the statement whether the proposed rate has been subject to general rate increases during the previous year, what percent increase was taken, the bureau which published the increase, and the effective date.

* * * * *

§ 1310.4(f) is amended by adding subparagraph (6) to paragraph (f) as follows:

§ 1310.4 Form, size, and printing (Rule 4).

* * * * *

(f) * * * * *

(6) Each loose-leaf page (original or revised) publishing a rate, charge, or provision which the carrier wishes to have considered pursuant to the zone of rate freedom provisions of subsection (d) of section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, shall indicate this by showing an appropriate statement. The rate, charge, or provision shall be identified.

* * * * *

§ 1310.5 is amended by adding paragraph (m) as follows:

§ 1310.5 Title page original tariffs (Rule 5).

* * * * *

(m) *Zone of rate freedom statement.* Each tariff (or supplement) publishing a rate, charge, or provision which the carrier wishes to have considered pursuant to the zone of rate freedom provisions of subsection (d) of section 10708 of Title 49, United States Code, shall indicate this by showing an appropriate statement on the title page. Each rate, charge, or provision shall be identified. If the rates, charges, or provisions are too numerous to be identified on the title page, identification shall be on the first printed page following the title page.

(Secs. 204, 217, 49 Stat. 546, as amended, 560, as amended, sec. 210a, as amended, 52 Stat. 1238, as amended, 49 U.S.C. 304, 317, 310a)

[FR Doc. 80-23692 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 32

National Wildlife Refuges in Mich., Ohio, Ill., Iowa, Minn., and Wis.

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service.

ACTION: Special Regulations.

SUMMARY: Migratory game bird hunting on certain National Wildlife Refuges has been determined by the Director to be compatible with the objectives for which the areas were established, will utilize a renewable resource, and will provide additional recreational opportunity to the public.

DATES: Effective August 6, 1980, for the duration of the 1980-81 migratory game bird season. See individual refuge and respective State regulations for exact dates.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The appropriate Area Manager or Refuge Manager at the address or telephone number listed below:

John S. Popowski, Area Manager, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 202 Manly Miles Building, 1405 S. Harrison Road, East Lansing, Michigan 48823. Telephone: (517) 337-6608. Responsible for the Seney, Shiawassee and Ottawa National Wildlife Refuges.

George G. P. Bekeris, Area Manager, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 530 Federal Building and U.S. Court House, 316 North Robert Street, St. Paul, Minnesota 55101. Telephone: (612) 725-7641. Responsible for the Chautauqua, Crab Orchard, Mark Twain (Big Timber Division), Sherburne, Tamarac and Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife Refuges.

John R. Frye, Refuge Manager, Seney National Wildlife Refuge, Seney, Michigan 49883. Telephone: (906) 586-9851.

Robert S. Johnson, Refuge Manager, Shiawassee National Wildlife Refuge, 6975 Mower Road, RR No. 1, Saginaw, Michigan 48601. Telephone: (517) 777-5930 or (517) 777-5910.

Leland E. Herzberger, Refuge Manager, Ottawa National Wildlife Refuge, 14000 W. State Route 2, Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449. Telephone: (419) 898-0014.

Thomas S. Sanford, Refuge Manager, Chautauqua National Wildlife Refuge, RR No. 2, Havana, Illinois 62644. Telephone: (309) 535-2290.

Wayne D. Adams, Refuge Manager, Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge, P.O. Box J, Carterville, Illinois 62918. Telephone: (618) 997-3344.

Howard Lipke, Refuge Manager, Mark Twain National Wildlife Refuge, Great River Plaza, 311 N. Fifth Street, Suite 100, Quincy, Illinois 62301. Telephone: (217) 224-8580.

Ronald Papike, Refuge Manager, Sherburne National Wildlife Refuge, Route No. 2, Zimmerman, Minnesota 55398. Telephone: (612) 389-3323.

Omer N. Swenson, Refuge Manager, Tamarac National Wildlife Refuge,

Rural Route, Rochert, Minnesota 56578.
Telephone: (218) 847-4355.

Robert Howard, Refuge Manager,
Upper Mississippi River Wildlife and
Fish Refuge, 122 W. 2nd Street, Winona,
Minnesota 55987. Telephone: (507) 452-
4232.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Hunting migratory game birds on portions of the following refuges shall be in accordance with all applicable State and Federal regulations, subject to the additional special regulations and conditions as indicated. Portions of refuges which are open to migratory game bird hunting are designated by signs and/or delineated on maps. Special conditions applying to individual refuges and maps are available at refuge headquarters or from the respective Office of the Area Manager (addresses listed above).

The Refuge Recreation Act of 1962 (16 U.S.C. 460k) authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to administer such areas for public recreation as an appropriate incidental or secondary use only to the extent that it is practicable and not inconsistent with the primary objectives for which the area was established. In addition, the Refuge Recreation Act requires (1) that any recreational use permitted will not interfere with the primary purpose for which the area was established; and (2) that funds are available for the development, operation, and maintenance of the permitted forms of recreation.

The recreational use authorized by these regulations will not interfere with the primary purposes for which these National Wildlife Refuges were established. This determination is based upon consideration of, among other things, the Service's Final Environmental Statement on the Operation of the National Wildlife Refuge System published in November 1976. Funds are available for the administration of the recreational activities permitted by these regulations.

§ 32.12 Special regulations; hunting migratory game birds; for individual wildlife refuge areas.

Michigan

Seney National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of Woodcock and Wilson's Snipe (Jacksnipe) is allowed subject to the following special condition:

Hunting is permitted on 33,525 acres of the refuge designated as Area B from September 15 through November 12.

Shiawassee National Wildlife Refuge

The State of Michigan has established a quota harvest for the Saginaw County Goose Management Area of which the

refuge is a part. The season will be closed early should the quota be reached.

Posting the area "Closed" is required and is done unilaterally by both the Service and the State.

Public hunting of *geese only* is permitted on areas comprising 1,350 acres subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Hunting shall be by federal permit and only from assigned blinds or pits. Blind assignments will be determined by drawings each day.

(2) Permit application cards for hunting from season opening (concurrent with State of Michigan) until the end of October must be sent to Shiawassee Refuge on or before September 15, 1980. Only successful applicants will be notified.

(3) For the month of November a daily public drawing will be held to determine who may hunt during that day. Applicants must be present for each days drawing and need not have a permit card to participate in the drawing for blind selection.

(4) Goose hunting will be on odd days only throughout the entire season.

(5) Only non-toxic steel shot will be permitted. The limit is 12 shells per hunter.

(6) Hunters may not have shotgun shells containing lead or other toxic shot in their possession.

(7) A blind rental fee of \$2.00/hunter is required. Decoys can be rented for \$1.00/dozen.

(8) After completion of the days hunt, all hunters must proceed to refuge headquarters for check-out and the submission of geese for examination.

Ohio

Ottawa National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of Canada, snow (including blue color phase) and white-fronted geese is permitted, on an area encompassing 640 acres, subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Hunting shall be by State permit and only from assigned blinds. Blind assignments will be determined by drawings.

(2) A fee of five dollars per hunter will be required for blind rental.

(3) No more than two persons per blind (permit holder and one guest) are permitted.

(4) Hunters must report to the check station at least one hour before legal shooting time.

(5) Each hunter may possess not more than 10 shells. Only nontoxic steel shot, sizes no larger than No. 1, will be permitted. Hunters may not have

shotgun shells containing lead or other toxic shot in their possession.

(6) Hunters will be permitted to pursue and shoot downed geese only within 75 yards of their assigned blind.

(7) Hunting hours shall be from the legal opening time in the morning until 12 noon.

(8) All hunters must be out of their assigned blinds by 1:00 P.M.

(9) All hunters must report to the check station and submit their geese for examination by 2:00 P.M.

(10) The use of trained dogs to retrieve downed geese within the hunting area is permitted.

Illinois

Chautauqua National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of migratory game birds is permitted only on areas, designated by signs, comprising 745 acres, subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Blinds—No permanent structure, excluding wood or brush duck blinds shall be permitted; no blinds shall be locked or otherwise sealed against public entry.

(2) Use of steel shot is required for hunting waterfowl and coots. Possession of lead shot shells while hunting waterfowl and coots is prohibited.

Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of migratory game birds is permitted, on areas comprising 23,000 acres, designated as Areas I and III, subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Only portable or temporary blinds located on the immediate vicinity of the site may be used for hunting and these must be removed or dismantled at the end of the day's hunt. Blinds and pits beyond the shoreline of refuge waters may not be constructed, established, occupied or used.

(2) Use of steel shot is required for hunting waterfowl and coots. Possession of lead shot shells while hunting waterfowl and coots is prohibited.

(3) During the goose season, on Grassy, Orchard, Sawmill and Turkey Islands, hunters may hunt only from blinds provided by the refuge. Only hunters occupying these blinds are allowed on these islands during the goose hunting season.

(4) Only authorized waterfowl hunting is permitted on the controlled areas of Grassy Point, Carterville Public, and Greenbriar Road Areas from sunrise to 12:00 Noon daily during the goose season. Goose hunting on these areas is subject to the following conditions:

(a) Hunting is permitted only from existing refuge established blinds. This includes lake shorelines.

(b) Hunters must comply with all rules as posted.

Iowa

Mark Twain National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of migratory game birds is permitted, on areas designated by signs, comprising 1,760 acres on the Big Timber Division and Turkey Island Area, subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Blinds—no permanent structure; excluding wood or brush duck blinds, shall be permitted; no blinds shall be locked or otherwise sealed against public entry.

Minnesota

Sherburne National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of ducks, coots, rails, Wilson snipe and woodcock is permitted, on an area comprising 8,514 acres (designated as Area B on refuge map), subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Use of steel shot is required for hunting ducks and coots. Possession of lead shot shells while hunting ducks and coots is prohibited.

(2) Field possession of migratory birds in the refuge area closed to migratory bird hunting is prohibited.

(3) Only boats without motors will be permitted in the area open to the hunting of ducks and coots.

(4) Boats and decoys must be removed from the refuge at the end of each day.

Tamarac National Wildlife Refuge

Public hunting of ducks, geese and coots is permitted, on an area comprising approximately 12,500 acres, subject to the following special conditions:

(1) Use of steel shot is required for hunting waterfowl and coots. Possession of lead shot shells while hunting waterfowl and coots is prohibited.

(2) The use of dogs to retrieve downed waterfowl and coots is permitted and encouraged.

(3) Boats are permitted for waterfowl hunting.

Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin

Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge

Public hunting of migratory game birds is permitted where designated subject to the following conditions:

(1) Use of steel shot is required for hunting waterfowl and coots. Possession

of lead shot shells while hunting waterfowl and coots is prohibited.

(2) The use of dogs for hunting and retrieving waterfowl is permitted, provided such dogs are under control at all times.

(3) The Illinois portion of the refuge is open for teal hunting as provided by "Illinois State Teal Regulations". Hunters may hunt during the special teal season from other than established waterfowl hunting blinds or small boats.

(4) The hunting of migratory waterfowl in the Illinois portion of the refuge, pools 12, 13, and 14 including Potter's Marsh is governed by special conditions which are hereby adopted and are available from the Refuge Manager, Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge, Savanna District, P.O. Box 250, Savanna, Illinois 61074.

This special regulation supplements the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally, which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32.

The public is invited to offer suggestions and comments at any time.

Harvey K. Nelson,

Regional Director.

July 29, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23630 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

Proposed Rules

Federal Register

Vol. 45, No. 153

Wednesday, August 6, 1980

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

12 CFR Ch. I

[Docket No. 80-7]

Improving Government Regulations; Semiannual Agenda

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Semiannual agenda.

SUMMARY: The semiannual agenda, implementing the President's Executive Order 12044 to improve government regulations, provides notice to the public of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency's (Office) regulatory actions since February 1, 1980, including projects initiated or acted upon since that date, and projects on which action is expected during the next six months. In addition, this semiannual agenda discusses the Office's Information Collection Budget, Banking Bulletins and Circulars and other matters. The principal functions of the Office are chartering, examining, supervising and regulating national banks.

ADDRESS: Comments should be sent to Docket No. 80-7, Communications Division, 3rd Floor, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 490 L'Enfant Plaza East, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20219, Attention: Marie Giblin. Comments will be available for inspection and photocopying. Suggestions for additional projects are welcome.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alan Herlands, Director, Shela Turpin, Bank Analyst, Jonathan Levin, Senior Attorney, or David G. Hayes, Senior Economic Advisor, Regulations Analysis Division. Telephone: (202) 447-1177. Questions concerning specific projects discussed in this semiannual agenda may also be directed to the knowledgeable officials identified with each one as set forth below.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This agenda is divided into 6 sections which discuss the following topics: I—Regulations likely to be subject to review or other action within the next 6 months; II—Regulations issued or amended in final form within the last 6 months; III—Banking Bulletins and Circulars; IV—Information Collection Budget; V—Impact of selected regulations; and VI—Mailing schedules for Office issuances. Prior agenda have included only the information contained in Sections I and II. This agenda has been expanded to further enhance public participation in Office activities relating to the costs and benefits of bank regulation and supervision.

Regulations Discussed in Section I are

- 12 CFR Part 1—Investment securities regulation
 - 12 CFR Part 2—Disposition of credit life insurance income
 - 12 CFR Part 4—Description of office procedures, public information ¹
 - 12 CFR Part 5—Supplemental application procedures
 - 12 CFR Part 7—Interpretive rulings
 - 12 CFR Part 8—Assessment of fees ¹
 - 12 CFR Part 9—Fiduciary powers of national banks and collective investment funds
 - 12 CFR Part 11—Securities Exchange Act disclosure rules
 - 12 CFR Part 13—Employee stock option and stock purchase plans ¹
 - 12 CFR Part 14—Changes in capital structure ¹
 - 12 CFR Part 15—Change in bank control ¹
 - 12 CFR Part 17—Required notification to nominate bank directors
 - 12 CFR Part 20—International operations
 - 12 CFR Part 21—Minimum security devices and producers for national and District banks
 - 12 CFR Part 25—Community Reinvestment Act
 - 12 CFR Part 28—Federal branches and agencies of foreign banks ¹
- Unassigned-Adjustable rate mortgages

Regulations Discussed in Section II are

- 12 CFR Part 4—Description of office, procedures, public information.
- 12 CFR Part 7—Interpretive rulings.
- 12 CFR Part 16—Securities offering disclosure circulars.
- 12 CFR Part 26—Management interlocks.

Section I: Action Expected

- 12 CFR Part 1—Investment securities regulation.

On December 16, 1979, the Comptroller announced that individual

¹ Action expected is described under 12 CFR Part 5.

rulings under this regulation over the last seventeen years would be reviewed for the purpose of developing a general set of principles with respect to decisions concerning a national bank's ability to purchase, deal in, underwrite or hold securities (44 FR 76263). The purpose of this project is to decrease the need for individual banks to seek specific rulings and to decrease the need for attorneys to provide individual banks with detailed legal research. An advance notice of proposed rulemaking was issued on January 28, 1980, and comments closed March 7, 1980. A proposed rule is expected shortly (45 FR 6407).

For further information, contact Radcliffe Park, Assistant Director or Raija Bettauer, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

12 CFR Part 2—Disposition of Credit Life Insurance Income

On January 4, 1980, the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC), on behalf of its member agencies, which include this Office, issued a joint notice of a proposed policy statement on this subject. Comments closed March 31, 1980. The proposed policy differs somewhat from the Office's present regulation. The Office may review the regulation after consideration by the FFIEC (45 FR 1152).

For further information, contact Ford Barrett, Assistant Chief Counsel, Telephone (202) 447-1896.

12 CFR Parts 4, 5, 8, 13, 14, 15, and 28—Comprehensive Review of Corporate Activities and Application Procedures

These regulations cover many significant aspects of applications for national bank corporate and structural activities. The Office has undertaken a long-term project to review the regulations, policy statements, procedures and forms. A major consolidation of those provisions under Part 5, and proposals to amend certain requirements, are expected shortly. Related regulations currently include:

12 CFR Part 4—Description of office, procedures, public information (describes, in part, basic information for filing a number of forms, including national bank charters, branches, conversions, mergers, changes in location, changes in title, changes in capital structure, fiduciary powers,

domestic operating subsidiaries, voluntary liquidations, receiverships and conservatorships, and federal branches and agencies of foreign banks); **12 CFR Part 5—Supplemental application procedures** (describes procedures for giving notice of applications, opportunities for interested parties to be heard, and related matters concerning applications); **12 CFR Part 8—Assessment of fees** (establishes fees for examinations, charter applications and other national bank activities); **12 CFR Part 13—Employee stock option and stock purchase plans** (describes procedures and conditions for the Office approval of bank applications for such plans); **12 CFR Part 14—Changes in capital structure** (describes procedures and conditions for the Office's approval of applications for authorized but unissued stock, stock dividends, preferred stock, subordinated notes and debentures, and other increases in common stock); **12 CFR Part 15—Change in bank control** (requires that individuals seeking to acquire control of a national bank give the Office 60 days advance notice, within which time the Office may disapprove the acquisition); and **12 CFR Part 28—Federal branches and agencies of foreign banks** (describes, among other matters, applications for federally chartered branches and agencies of foreign banks in the United States).

For further information, contact Darrell W. Dochow, Deputy Director, Bank Organization and Structure Division. Telephone (202) 447-1184.

12 CFR Part 7—Interpretive Rulings

Definition of capital (7.1100). The Office is reviewing this ruling to determine whether accounts other than shareholders' equity should continue to be included in the definition of capital for determining statutory limitations on certain national bank activities. The amount of a bank's defined capital affects the maximum which it may lend to a single entity or group of related entities, the amount of investment securities of a single issuer it may hold, other borrowing and investment limits, and branching capabilities. A notice of proposed rulemaking was issued July 24, 1980, with comments due on or before October 24, 1980 (45 FR 49276, Docket No. 80-6).

For further information, contact Robert B. Norris, National Bank Examiner. Telephone (202) 447-1786.

Other real estate owned (7.3025). The Office is reviewing the implementation of this recently revised ruling to determine if additional revisions would be appropriate. A final amendment which would take advantage of the new

flexibility provided under the Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act (Pub. L. 96-221) by granting national banks greater leeway in the disposition of "other real estate" is expected shortly. In addition, a proposal is being developed to establish a uniform definition of "real estate" for all national banks. Currently, state law applies.

For further information, contact Alan Priest, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Investment in bank premises (7.3100). In January 1978, the Office issued for comment a proposed amendment to this interpretive ruling in order to provide greater consistency with revisions to generally accepted accounting principles. This change should not affect the costs to national banks in preparing their financial statements and should make the financial statements more useful to the banks themselves, the Office, and public users of national bank financial statements. A final interpretation is expected shortly (43 FR 2731).

For further information, contact Charles Byrd, Assistant Director, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Data processing services (7.3500). On June 16, 1980, the Office issued an advance notice of proposed rulemaking soliciting comments on the extent to which this ruling accommodates national bank data processing activity in the face of recent major technological advances. Information about the current level of national bank involvement in data processing is being expressly sought from equipment manufacturers and users, suppliers of data processing services, banks and the general public. A proposal is expected by year-end (45 FR 40613, Docket No. 80-1).

For further information, contact Sharon Miyasato or David Ansell, Attorneys, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Oath of directors (7.4415). The Office is considering amending this ruling to eliminate the requirement that national bank directors who are not residents of the state in which a majority of the board resides take their oath of office in their home state. If so amended, the ruling would permit all directors present at the first meeting of a board of directors, after its election, to take a joint oath.

For further information, contact Karen Main, Economist, Regulations Analysis Division. Telephone (202) 447-1177.

Indemnification (7.5217). The Office is reviewing this ruling which sets forth the conditions under which a national

bank may indemnify bank directors and personnel. Alternatives to be considered include standards reflected in relevant state laws regarding indemnification and/or in the Model Business Corporation Act. An advance notice of proposed rulemaking was published on February 6, 1980, and comments closed on April 7, 1980. A proposed rule is expected within three months (45 FR 8025).

For further information, contact Rajia Bettauer, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Loans originating at other than banking offices (7.7380). The U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia on June 11, 1980, reversed the district court ruling in *Independent Bankers Association of America v. Heimann*, which had ordered rescission of the Office's interpretive ruling regarding loans originated at other than banking offices (so called "loan production offices") (44 FR 29038). Pursuant to the Circuit Court's reversal, the Office is considering revoking the rescission of Interpretive Ruling 7.7380 and reinstating it in the precise language of the original.

Activities which would come within the terms of this ruling could be conducted either directly by a national bank or by a national bank subsidiary.

For further information, contact David L. Ansell, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Charitable foundations (7.7445). This ruling permits national banks to establish and contribute to charitable foundations. It does not cover foundations to which a national bank grants, in effect, the right to receive income for a specified period from assets (commonly securities) owned by the bank, although the Office has approved such foundations upon request under certain conditions. An amendment to the ruling is expected to be proposed to establish guidance in this area.

For further information, contact Fred Finke, National Bank Examiner, Commercial Examinations Division. Telephone (202) 447-1164.

Charitable contributions (7.7479). This ruling limits the amount which a national bank may contribute to charity on a semi-annual basis to five percent of income as reported on call reports to the Comptroller. The Office is reviewing this interpretation in connection with the review of charitable foundations (7.7445) to determine whether any modifications or guidance are necessary. Subjects under consideration include defining the term charitable, aggregating

contributions to charitable trusts and other charities, and modifying or removing the five percent limitation.

For further information, contact Fred Finke, National Bank Examiner, Commercial Examinations Division. Telephone (202) 447-1164.

Bank indebtedness—leasing (7.7520). In January 1978, the Office issued for comment a proposed interpretive ruling to provide greater consistency with revised generally accepted accounting principles for national banks which lease their banking premises. A final interpretation should be issued shortly. It should not affect the costs to national banks in preparing their financial statements and should make the financial statements more useful to the banks themselves, the Office, and the public users of national bank financial statements (43 FR 2731).

For further information, contact Charles Byrd, Assistant Director, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Single premium annuities. On July 27, 1979, the Office published an advance notice of proposed rulemaking requesting comment concerning national bank participation in insurance company offerings of single premium annuity contracts which would utilize deposit accounts in national banks (44 FR 44172).

A preliminary review of the comments revealed significant legal and supervisory issues regarding the permissibility of this activity for national banks. Further review and analysis is being undertaken to determine whether the rulemaking process will continue, and a decision is expected shortly.

For further information, contact Howard Finkelstein, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

12 CFR Part 9—Fiduciary Powers of National Banks and Collective Investment Funds

The Office is developing a proposal which would require national banks to prepare and make available a disclosure statement with respect to accounts over which investment discretion may be exercised. The statement would set forth policies and practices concerning commissions paid for effecting securities transactions. This proposal would be issued pursuant to Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and follows the recent adoption of rules by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Office is also developing a possible amendment to the regulation to clarify certain sections and incorporate

interpretations, previously provided to individual national banks upon request, relating to collective investment funds. The proposal also will contain amendments accommodating new statutory authority to revoke national bank trust powers, solicit public suggestions for review or revision of other sections of Part 9, and contain proposed rules relating to deposits of trust funds awaiting investment or distribution and retention rules for fiduciary records.

For further information, contact Dean E. Miller, Deputy Comptroller for Specialized Examinations. Telephone (202) 447-1731.

12 CFR Part 11—Securities Exchange Act Disclosure Rules

On June 4, 1979, the Office announced a long-term project to clarify and simplify this regulation in stages. The first proposal, dealing with tender offers, is expected within 6 months.

This part contains regulations substantially similar to those issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Periodically, the SEC revises its regulations, and the Office must propose substantially similar revisions or publish reasons why such revisions are not appropriate (44 FR 31984).

For further information, contact David Anderson, Attorney, or Michael Herrick, Attorney, Securities Disclosure Division. Telephone (202) 447-1954.

12 CFR Part 17—Required Notification To Nominate Bank Directors

This regulation states that national banks may adopt bylaws or articles of association that require any shareholder proposing to nominate a director, other than a management nominee, to file certain information in advance with the Office and the bank. Particularly in light of recent amendments to the Change in Bank Control rules (12 CFR Part 15), the Office is considering a proposal to rescind this regulation. A notice of proposed rulemaking was published in the Federal Register on April 14, 1980 and comments closed June 13, 1980. A final rule is expected within three months (45 FR 2578).

For further information, contact Larry Mallinger, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

12 CFR Part 20—International Operations

This regulation requires prior notifications and reports to the Office of specified international activities by national banks. The need for receipts of those notices and reports from national

banks is under review, since they are also filed with other Federal agencies.

For further information, contact William Ryback, Director, International Banking Activity Examination Division. Telephone (202) 447-1747.

12 CFR Part 21; 12 CFR 7.5225—Minimum Security Devices and Procedures

The Office's existing regulation requires several specific reports and records, refers to effective dates long past, overlaps with an interpretive ruling, and contains unnecessary gender-specific terminology. The Office is considering ways to eliminate certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements, the now meaningless effective dates, and the gender-specific terminology. A proposed amendment, or a more general advance notice of proposed rulemaking, is expected to be issued for comment.

For further information, contact Richard C. Wanlin, Special Assistant to the Chief National Bank Examiner. Telephone (202) 447-1574.

12 CFR Part 25—Community Reinvestment Act

This regulation, and identical ones of three other federal supervisors of depository institutions, took effect in February 1979. The Office, in association with the other agencies, is evaluating more than a year's experience with the regulation. That evaluation is wide-ranging and includes consideration of such issues as: (1) Supplementing the previously issued list of questions and answers to clarify issues that do not individually justify amending the regulation; (2) issuing a policy information statement on the agencies' experiences during the first year of CRA's operation; (3) providing "plain-English" instructions to the public on how to comment on CRA-covered applications; (4) discussing alternative definitions for low- and moderate-income neighborhoods; and (5) assigning weights to the various assessment factors the agencies consider in appraising CRA performance.

For further information, contact Janice Booker, Customer Program Specialist, Customer Programs Division. Telephone (202) 287-4265.

Adjustable Rate Mortgages

The Office is considering adding a new regulation which would affirmatively authorize national banks to make residential mortgage loans carrying an interest rate subject to periodic adjustment. Authorization is intended to help ensure the availability of long-term mortgage funds by

facilitating development of new instruments and to provide borrower protection provisions in the form of mandatory disclosures and rules designed to prevent too rapid an increase in installment payment amounts. A proposal is expected within 2 months.

For further information, contact Jonathan L. Fiechter, Deputy Director, Banking Research and Economic Analysis. Telephone (202) 447-1914.

Section II: Actions Taken

12 CFR Part 4—Description of Office, Procedures, Public Information

Office organization. On March 24, 1980, the Office published a final rule which incorporates into this regulation changes in the organization of the Office. Changes in the central office structure, title changes of key positions, revisions in functional descriptions as well as additions and updates of Regional Office information were included (45 FR 18906).

For further information, contact Barbara M. Yadley, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Forms. On July 25, 1980, the Office also published a final rule which incorporates into this Part a revised list of those forms used for, among other matters, corporate applications and the solicitation of data (45 49537, Docket No. 80-4).

For further information, contact Jonathan Levin, Senior Attorney, Regulations Analysis Division. Telephone (202) 447-1177.

12 CFR Part 7—Interpretive Rulings

Application of lending limits to standby letters of credit (7.1160). In the past, the Comptroller issued several informal opinions which allowed banks to meet the requirements of exception (2) of Interpretive Ruling 7.1160—"Prior to or at the time of issuance, the issuing bank has set aside funds in a segregated deposit account, clearly earmarked for that purpose, to cover the bank's maximum liability under the standby letter of credit."—with collateral in the form of United States Government securities or "marketable securities." the Prior Semiannual Agenda indicated that position would be reviewed.

After review, and consultations with the staffs of the Federal Reserve Board and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Office determined that a strict construction of exception (2)—"segregated deposit"—should be adopted. The Comptroller's Chief Counsel, in a letter dated June 12, 1980, stated that the exception would be restricted to cash and short-term

certificates of deposit and that prior inconsistent opinions which permitted U.S. Government and "marketable securities" were withdrawn.

For further information, contact Ford Barrett, Assistant Chief Counsel. Telephone (202) 447-1896.

Directors' qualifying shares (7.4210). On July 24, 1980, an amendment to this ruling was published to accommodate certain statutory changes effected by the Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980 (Pub. L. 96-221). Section 710 of that act authorizes the Office to determine that an equivalent ownership interest in a company controlling a national bank may satisfy the traditional requirement for directors' qualifying shares in the bank. Under the amendment, if any of the par, book, or market value of holding company stock, as of the date it was acquired or the date the person becomes a director, equals or exceeds \$1,000, the person meets the stock ownership requirement for all subsidiary national banks (45 FR 49239, Docket No. 80-5).

For further information, contact James V. Elliott, Director, Bank Organization and Structure Division. Telephone (202) 447-1184.

Pension plans (7.5010). This ruling covers the authority of national banks to offer pension plans to their employees. As indicated in the last semiannual agenda, it was reviewed in light of legal changes which have occurred over the last several years, with a view to possible modification. The Office has concluded that changes are not necessary. Adding information to the ruling would only repeat legal and regulatory requirements already covered by other agencies and departments.

For further information, contact Laura McAuliffe, Executive Assistant to the Senior Advisor. Telephone (202) 447-1175.

National bank as guarantor or surety on indemnity bond (7.7010). The Office has reviewed the need for a formal amendment to clarify the role which marketable securities may have as collateral in guarantees and indemnity bonds. In the past, the Office has advised individual national bank inquirers that a national bank may become a guarantor by setting aside either cash or marketable securities to cover the total potential liability. The last semiannual agenda indicated that the ruling would be reviewed.

After review and analysis, the Office has determined that no change is warranted in the ruling at this time. Moreover, the Office has withdrawn previous interpretations allowing marketable securities to serve as

collateral for guarantees and indemnity bonds.

For further information, contact Ford Barrett, Assistant Chief Counsel. Telephone (202) 447-1896.

12 CFR Part 16—Securities Offering Disclosure Circulars

The Office adopted amendments to the securities offering disclosure rules, effective March 21, 1980. Subject to certain exemptions, the disclosure rules generally require a national bank to provide an offering document to offerees when it offers or sells its equity or debt securities. The March amendments are intended to simplify and expedite the process through which national banks offer their securities to the public, while providing the information needed by investors.

The principal amendments to Part 16 concern: (a) A qualified exemption from offering circular requirements where the amount offered exceeds \$500,000 in a twelve-month period (The regulation previously provided for an exemption at the \$300,000 level.); (b) a requirement permitting use of an abbreviated offering circular where the amount offered does not exceed \$2,000,000 in a twelve-month period; and (c) certain technical amendments to the offering circular format (45 FR 11115).

For further information, contact Michael Herrick, Attorney, Securities Disclosure Division. Telephone (202) 447-1954.

12 CFR Part 26—Management Interlocks

On April 9, 1980, the Office published final amendments to its regulation implementing the Depository Institution Management Interlocks Act (Title II of the Financial Institutions Regulatory and Interest Rate Control Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95-630)) in joint action with the Federal Reserve System, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, and National Credit Union Administration.

The April amendments contain clarifying and technical changes to the regulation published in July 1979, and add a definition of the term "representative or nominee", as well as new provisions concerning "grandfather rights" and "changes in circumstances" (45 FR 24384).

For further information, contact Howard Finkelstein, Attorney, Legal Advisory Services Division. Telephone (202) 447-1880.

Section III: Banking Bulletins and Banking Circulars

The Office's formal regulations (those actions adopted into the Code of Federal Regulations as "regulations") do not

cover all regulatory issues meriting public attention. Often, there are special matters of supervisory concern and new or revised supervisory procedures that are not appropriate candidates for formal regulation. However, they must be communicated to the industry and other members of the public expeditiously. Such communication usually is accomplished by the Office system of banking bulletins and banking circulars. Both were initiated in 1968. Bulletins are numbered consecutively during the year issued and ordinarily remain in effect for one year or less. They are frequently used as cover memoranda to forward copies of proposed and final regulations to banks and other interested members of the public. Circulars are more permanent

and are numbered consecutively. Since 1968, 144 have been issued, of which 64 were withdrawn, leaving 80 still in effect.

Review Project

The Office is presently reviewing all effective circulars to eliminate any inconsistencies between circulars and other authoritative documents, to update as needed and to review any requirements imposed on banks. A number of circulars are likely to be revised or rescinded. The project is scheduled for completion within six months. The public is invited to submit suggestions concerning any circular currently in effect. Comments should be sent to, and further information obtained from, Frank Carbone, Director,

Commercial Examinations Division.
Telephone (202) 447-1164.

Listing of Bulletins and Circulars

In the past, the Office has not disseminated periodic summary listings of recently issued bulletins and circulars. It appears that such a listing may be useful to national banks and other members of the public. Accordingly, this and other semiannual agenda will contain such listings.

Following is a list of bulletins and circulars published since the last semiannual agenda together with a brief description of their contents.

For further information, contact Tibby Ford, Communications Division.
Telephone (202) 447-1800.

Banking Bulletins

Number	Date	Subject	Contents
BB-80-3	February 15, 1980	Semiannual Agenda	Memorandum to presidents of all national banks conveying a copy of the Semiannual Agenda, as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> February 13, 1980 (45 FR 9743).
BB-80-4	February 27, 1980	12 CFR Part 12 (Disposition of Credit Life Insurance Income).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners, citing judicial support for Office directives requesting certain national banks to cease paying credit life insurance commissions to bank insiders.
BB-80-5	February 25, 1980	12 CFR Part 18 (Securities Offering Disclosure Rules).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners, conveying a copy of 12 CFR Part 18 as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> February 20, 1980 (45 FR 11115).
BB-80-6	March 6, 1980	Investment Securities Eligibility Rulings.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of 12 CFR Part 1 (Investment Securities), as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> February 11, 1980 (45 FR 6407).
BB-80-7	March 28, 1980	12 CFR Part 103 (Financial Recordkeeping and Reporting of Currency and Foreign Transactions).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks noting Office concern with Treasury reports of large cash flows through some banks and drawing attention to: (1) need for internal procedures that will permit full compliance with 12 CFR 103; and (2) Treasury intent to amend 12 CFR 103, as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> September 7, 1979 (44 FR 52258).
BB-80-8	Undated	Management Official Intarlocks	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of 12 CFR Part 26 (Management Official Intarlocks) as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> April 9, 1980 (45 FR 24384).
BB-80-9	April 17, 1980	12 CFR Part 17 (Required Notification to Nominate Bank Directors).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators, and examiners conveying a copy of a proposal to rescind 12 CFR Part 17 as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> April 14, 1980 (45 FR 2578).
BB-80-10	April 21, 1980	12 CFR Part 7 (Loans Secured by Real Estate).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of 12 CFR Part 7, Subpart B as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> September 5, 1979 (45 FR 51795).
BB-80-11	April 23, 1980	Regulation E	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks discussing the applicability and requirements of Federal Reserve Regulation E with special emphasis on those amendments which became effective May 10, 1980.
BB-80-12	Undated	Draft Consumer Program	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of the proposed Consumer Program, (required by Executive Order 12160), as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> April 24, 1980 (45 FR 27898).
BB-80-13	May 12, 1980	Community Development Division Brochure.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of a brochure describing the purpose and organization of the Comptroller's Community Development Division.
BB-80-14	June 13, 1980	Revised Regulation Z	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of the Federal Reserve's revised Regulation Z, as released by the Federal Reserve Board April 28, 1980 and as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> May 5, 1980 (45 FR 29702).
BB-80-15	June 11, 1980	OCC adoption of FFIEC's Uniform Guideline on Internal Control for Foreign Exchange in Commercial Banks.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of the subject Guideline, as released by the FFIEC May 22, 1980.
BB-80-16	June 27, 1980	Proposed Regulation D	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of the Federal Reserve's proposed Regulation D, published June 9, 1980 (45 FR 38388).
BB-80-17	June 30, 1980	Proposed Rulemaking—Data Processing Services.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of an advance notice of proposed rulemaking for Interpretive Ruling 7.3500 (12 CFR 7.3500—Data Processing Services), as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> June 16, 1980 (45 FR 40613).
BB-80-18	July 1, 1980	Amendments to 31 CFR 103	Memorandum to chief executive officers of a national bank, regional administrators and examiners conveying a copy of Treasury Department Regulation 12 CFR 103 (Financial Recordkeeping and Reporting of Currency and Foreign Transactions), as published in the <i>Federal Register</i> June 5, 1980 (45 FR 37818).

Banking Circulars

Number	Date	Subject	Contents
BC-135	February 8, 1980	Fraudulent use of Documents Purporting to be "ICC notes".	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; Regional administrators; and examiners conveying a notice from the United States Council of the International Chamber of Commerce, Inc., that documents purporting to be ICC notes are not obligations of the Council.
BC-136	February 8, 1980	European Credit Bank Corporation, Ratho Mill, Saint Vincent, West Indies.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners informing them that subject bank is not licensed to do business and has not honored checks drawn on it.
BC-137	February 19, 1980	Prohibition on Political Contributions by National Banks.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks, regional administrators and examiners advising of the rescission of BC-82 and outlining, after consultation with the Federal Election Commission, prohibitions imposed on national banks by 2 U.S.C. 441(b) (Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971).
BC-138	February 29, 1980	Gold; 30 ingots Paid as Ransom	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conferences of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners identifying gold ingots used to pay ransom and asking for information about them.
BC-139	March 14, 1980	Monetary and Credit Actions to Help Curb Inflation.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of all national banks describing the President's program to curb inflation and conveying copies of news releases and final regulations promulgated by the Federal Reserve that constituted a part of that program.
BC-79 (201) revision	March 19, 1980	National Bank Participation in the Financial Futures and Forward Placement Markets.	Memorandum to the chief executive officers of all national banks and to regional administrators describing Office policy on national banks entering into contracts calling for the future delivery of selected financial instruments.
BC-180 Supplement 2	March 24, 1980	12 CFR Part 27 (Fair Housing Home Loan Data System).	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks, regional administrators and examiners briefly describing the regulation and conveying a special questionnaire on past and expected home loan applications.
BC-140	May 2, 1980	Uniform Policy for Classification of Consumer Installment Loans Based on Delinquency Status.	Memorandum to presidents of all national banks, regional administrators and examiners describing the subject policy as recommended by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council and adopted by the Comptroller's Office.
BC-141	May 2, 1980	Brokered funds	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners warning of growing incidence of suspect offers of brokered deposits and asking that observed questionable offers be reported to the Office.
BC-142	May 23, 1980	Arab International Bank	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners advising that documents having the words ARAB INTERNATIONAL BANK are not those of the Arab International Bank, Cairo, Egypt.
BC-143	May 23, 1980	Status of Entities Licensed by Saint Vincent Trust Authority Ltd., Saint Vincent, West Indies.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners advising extreme caution in dealing with four listed business entities.
BC-144	June 30, 1980	Status of Offshore Shell Bank Licenses Issued by Saint Vincent Trust Authority, Ltd., West Indies.	Memorandum to chief executive officers of national banks; all State Banking Authorities; Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Conference of State Bank Supervisors; regional administrators; and examiners advising extreme caution in dealing with four listed business entities.

SECTION IV: INFORMATION COLLECTION BUDGET

On December 4, 1979, the President issued Executive Order 12174 on Paperwork, calling for the establishment of "procedures that eliminate all paperwork burdens on the public above the minimum necessary to determine and implement public policy and ensure compliance with Federal laws". In response to a directive from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under that Executive Order, the Office has prepared an "Information Collection Budget" for fiscal year 1981. That document contains estimates of the time incurred by the public (including national banks) preparing information required by the Office in order to perform its supervisory responsibilities. The purpose of this Information Collection Budget, together with those of other Executive Branch agencies, is to establish a firm yet reasonable limit on the flow of paper between the Federal

Government and the public. The Office has taken seriously its responsibility to lessen paperwork and regulatory burdens placed on national banks, as this and prior semiannual agenda demonstrate.

To prepare the Information Collection budget, the Office estimated the amount of time required to respond to each information request it expects to make.

The Office's Information Collection Budget estimates a total public cost of approximately 727,500 hours. That figure represents information collections ranging from activities requiring only 15 minutes to some requiring an average of 100 hours of a respondent's time. Most activities affect far fewer than the total number of national banks.

Information required in the examination process has been expressly excluded from the Information Collection Budget because of the unique aspects of the examination. The Office's

estimate of the amount of time spent by a bank on all aspects of a commercial examination is 322 hours, with 107 hours devoted to paperwork. The Office recognizes there is wide variation in this figure resulting from variations in the size of institutions and the nature of the examination. The total amount of time spent on examination paperwork, including specialized examinations by banks, is an estimated 558,225 hours.

This figure approximates only one-third of the time the Office estimates will be spent on paperwork by bank examiners.

In addition, the Office recognizes that during an economic down-turn, reporting and surveillance are likely to be increased. For this reason a contingency allowance of at least 500,000 hours has been proposed beyond the total cost estimated.

For further information, contact Susan Wagner, Special Assistant to the Comptroller. Telephone (202) 447-1766.

SECTION V: IMPACT OF SELECTED REGULATORY CHANGES

As occasions warrant, the Office seeks to measure the impact on the banking industry of new or revised regulations. Two such analyses were undertaken since publication of the last semiannual agenda. One examined selected effects of the new 12 CFR Part 12 (Recordkeeping and confirmation requirements for certain transactions effected by national banks) and the other examined the effects of revisions to 12 CFR Part 18 (Annual financial disclosure to shareholders). Both regulatory developments became effective January 1, 1980.

Each analysis was based on voluntary returns of special questionnaires sent to a number of national banks. No bank received both questionnaires.

For further information, contact David C. Hayes, Senior Economic Advisor, Regulations Analysis Division. Telephone (202) 447-1177.

Part 12

The analysis of a survey on this new regulation has not been completed at this time. Preliminary indications are discussed below, and a further analysis should be reported in the next semiannual agenda. The requirements of the New Part 12, in summary form, are:

1. A chronological record of all securities transactions effected for customers must be kept. Banks effecting more than 200 securities transactions per year for customers, not counting transactions in government securities, must also keep account records, a memorandum of each order, and a record of broker/dealers used and commissions paid to each;

2. Each bank must provide each customer with a prompt confirmation of each transaction, unless the bank and customer agree to other confirmation procedures; and

3. Each bank must require its trading personnel to report to the bank any large transactions of their own, other than transactions in government securities.

A survey was sent to 273 national banks of various sizes, to develop information on bank practices prior to and after the effective date of the regulation, and related information. Responses were received from 75 percent of the banks.

A preliminary review of the data indicates the following matters of interest:

1. Prior to the regulation, only 25 percent of the responding banks required their trading personnel to report their own large transactions;

2. Most banks effecting large numbers of transactions were generally in compliance with all other requirements of the new regulation prior to its adoption;

3. Many banks effecting small numbers of transactions maintained one or more of the four records systems. However, the record(s) maintained were not usually the specific chronological record now required.

Further analysis is expected to cover such matters as:

1. The number and size of banks which would be affected if the regulation were changed by increasing the number of exempt transactions or by exempting banks of a certain size;

2. The changes in bank practices resulting from the prompt confirmation requirement and the flexibility providing for other confirmation arrangements; and

3. The impact of the regulation on small banks with a limited number of transactions.

Part 18

Analysis of revisions to Part 18 is complete. Revisions to Part 18 granted approximately 56 percent of all national banks flexibility in meeting their responsibility to keep their shareholders informed about the bank's financial condition. Previously, national banks that were neither wholly-owned subsidiaries of a bank holding company, nor subject to 12 CFR Part 11 (Securities Exchange Act disclosure rules) were obliged to send an annual financial

report to each shareholder. Under the revised Part 18, those 2,485 national banks have the option of providing annual financial information in a more flexible format to each shareholder, or notifying each shareholder that such information is available and will be forwarded upon request without charge. The Office sought to estimate national bank use of the option and related cost savings. To accomplish that objective, a seven part questionnaire was mailed to a sample of 119 national banks. The sample was drawn from all national banks subject to Part 18 which were not to receive the Part 12 survey form. Banks were divided into three asset size classes: under \$25 million, \$25 million—\$100 million; and \$100 million and over. Potential respondents were drawn at random from each size class. There was a 92 percent response rate. Banks were asked to state:

1. Number of shareholders;
2. Whether a notice or an annual report was sent in 1980;
3. If notice was sent, how many shareholders requested an annual report;
4. If notice will be sent in 1981;
5. Cost of sending an annual report to all shareholders;
6. Cost of sending a notice to all shareholders and a report to those who might request it; and
7. Time spent responding to survey.

Results, other than those concerning costs may be summarized as follows:

1. 7 percent of all respondents sent notices in 1980 and they found that only 4 percent of their shareholders wanted annual reports; and
2. 18 percent of all respondents plan to send notices in 1981.

Results of the cost questions are reflected in the following table.

Bank size (assets)	Cost of annual report		Cost of notice	
	Per bank	Per shareholder	Per bank	Per shareholder
Greater than \$100 million:				
Average.....	\$2,757	\$9.01	\$762	\$2.46
Median.....	2,030	5.73	500	1.13
\$25 million to \$100 million:				
Average.....	837	7.39	406	4.02
Median.....	457	1.79	85	.47
Less than \$25 million:				
Average.....	227	2.53	60	.68
Median.....	114	1.44	25	.65

If the survey results are extrapolated to all affected banks, the aggregate cost of providing an annual report to all shareholders, as was previously required, would have been

approximately \$1.5 million. The aggregate cost of sending a notice and furnishing the information upon request is approximately \$600,000. Thus, the change in the regulation could reduce

cost by \$900,000, a 60% reduction, without significantly reducing the benefits of the regulation, i.e. providing shareholders easy access to financial information concerning the bank in which they own an interest.

Section VI: Mailing Schedules for Office Issuances

Many bankers have complained about the amount of paper received from the Office. The suggestion has been offered that the Office accumulate various issuances, including proposed and final regulations, and send them to banks on a monthly or quarterly schedule. Items whose timeliness is critical, such as requirements with which banks must comply by an early date, would be exempted from such a program.

While a periodic mailing of issuances would not necessarily reduce the incoming volume of paper to a bank, it could have several advantages:

1. A predictable time for bank staff to devote to incoming OCC issuances;
2. Possible improvements in the distribution of issuances and where appropriate, the updating of manuals and other reference materials as well as in the preparation and submission of comments solicited by the Office; and
3. Potential savings in Office mailing costs.

The Office solicits comments on the desirability of a periodic mailing schedule and also requests comment on:

1. Preferred schedules and the reason for stated preferences;
2. Any suggestions for improvements in the format of OCC issuances; and
3. Methods other than monthly or quarterly mailings which might assist banks in dealing with regulatory issuances, such as publication in the weekly bulletins of each regional office a simple notice, including a short summary and such information as docket number, Federal Register citation, comment period and a knowledgeable Official who may be contacted for additional information.

For further information, contact Shela Turpin, Bank Analyst, Regulations Analysis Division. Telephone (202) 447-1177.

Dated: July 31, 1980.

Lewis G. Odom, Jr.,

Acting Comptroller of the Currency,
Department of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 80-23733 File 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-33-M

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

12 CFR Parts 525, 541, 545, and 563

(No. 80-469)

Federal Savings and Loan Associations; Revision of Real Estate Lending Regulations

Dated: July 31, 1980.

AGENCY: Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

ACTION: Proposed regulations.

SUMMARY: These proposed regulations implement in part Title IV of the Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980, which comprehensively revised and expanded the investment authority of Federal savings and loan associations in the area of real-estate-related loans. Major changes include the lifting of restrictions on location of security property, lien priority and dollar amount of loans.

DATE: Comments must be received by October 6, 1980.

ADDRESS: Send comments to the Office of the Secretary, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, 1700 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20552.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy L. Feldman, Associate General Counsel, (202) 377-6440, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, 1700 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20552.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980 ("Act"), Pub. L. 96-221, 94 Stat. 132, greatly expanded the investment powers of Federal savings and loan associations; and important part of this expansion is set forth in section 401 of Title IV of the Act, which revised section 5(c) of the Home Owners Loan Act of 1933 (12 U.S.C. § 1464(c)) with regard to real-estate-related lending authority of Federals.

Since a major purpose of expanding Federals' lending authority was to make them more competitive with other financial institutions, the Board proposes to implement the new statutory authority not only by removing restrictions no longer mandated by statute, but also by rescinding some of its current rules which set forth detailed lending procedures the Board believes should more properly be determined by an association's management. The Board is also taking this opportunity to regroup its lending regulations to better reflect the proposed changes, and to delete provisions in other parts of its regulations which would be inconsistent with such changes. Major proposed changes are described below.

Dollar Limits on Loan

The Act eliminated the previous statutory restrictions on home loans of \$75,000 (\$112,500 for loans secured by real estate in Alaska, Guam, and Hawaii) and dollar limitations referenced to section 207(c)(3) of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended, for apartment loans; it also eliminated the 20-percent-of-assets exception for the portion of loans in excess of these amounts. The Board therefore proposes to lift all of its dollar restrictions on loans, except with respect to its loans-to-one-borrower limitation and affiliated-person loan limitations, found in Part 563 of the Regulations for Insurance of Accounts of (12 CFR 563). The proposed removal of dollar limits extends to current regulatory limits on low-downpayment loans currently found in 12 CFR 545.6-2 (a)(2) and (3), and current limits on home improvement and equipping loans.

As a related matter, the Board also proposes to rescind 12 CFR 525.13 of the Regulations of the Federal Home Loan Bank System, which limits the dollar amount of home mortgages eligible as collateral for Bank advances. That provision implemented section 10(b)(2) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932, which refers to the now-rescinded dollar limitations on home loan amounts in section 5(c) of the Home Owner's Loan Act.

Lien Priority

The Act eliminated the first-lien security requirement previously applied to Federals' basic residential lending authority. The Board therefore proposes to delete such limitation from its regulations, but to require that associations making loans on the security of junior liens prepare and maintain documentation sufficient to indicate that the total liens on such property do not exceed applicable loan-to-value ratios. Estimations of such ratios would reflect a current appraisal of the property at the time the association's loan is to be made and, if such loan is for improvement of the property, may include an estimate of the expected value of the property after completion of such improvements.

Location of Security Property

Revised section 5(c) does not restrict associations in their ability to invest in loans outside their local areas; the Board is therefore proposing to lift all geographic limitations on real estate loans, including loans made for property improvement and loans made on the security of mobile homes. Currently, Federal associations are limited to

investment in loans made in an area generally comprising their home states and a territory 100 miles around their home offices, with use of a 20 percent-of-assets "leeway" basket and a 20 percent-of-assets loan participation basket. Institutions whose accounts are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation are permitted by the Board, under the authority of section 403(b) of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. § 1726), to invest 40 percent of assets in loan participations secured by non-local property, and 15 percent of assets in non-local whole loans. In order to give parity to insured institutions in relation to the new proposed rules for Federals, the Board additionally is proposing to lift these current geographic limitations. Notwithstanding these changes, the Board will continue to evaluate an association's efforts to meet its responsibilities under CRA in satisfying its continuing and affirmative obligations to help meet the credit needs of their local communities, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods.

Downpayments, Term of Years

The previous section 5(c) did not contain statutory references to loan-to-value ratios for real estate loans; the statute as revised uses 90 percent of value as a reference point for residential real-estate loans that will not require the extra security of mortgage insurance. The Board therefore proposes to liberalize its residential lending regulations to recognize 90 percent loans rather than 80 percent loans as the basic home finance benchmark, and to limit regulatory restrictions currently applied to home loans between 80 and 90 percent to those in excess of 90 percent. However, the 80 percent limit would continue to apply to short-term loans made to facilitate the trade-in or exchange of property because these are nonamortized loans, but this provision would be liberalized to authorize the making of such loans to realtors.

In addition, in order to provide associations with real estate loan authority comparable to that of national banks, the Board proposes to raise its multi-family loan limit from 80 to 90 percent of value, and its commercial real estate lending authority from 75 percent of value and 25 year terms to 90 percent of value and 30 year terms.

In recognition of recent rapid increases in housing costs, and as an expression of its desire to assist potential borrowers in meeting associations' eligibility requirements regarding loan repayments, the Board is also proposing to allow associations to

make home loans with maximum terms of 40 years. Additionally, nonamortized residential loans would be permitted a maximum term of five years, rather than the current three year maximum.

Leeway Authority

The Board proposes to liberalize its current regulations pertaining to construction loans and nonconforming secured loans on residential real property which do not meet its regular lending requirements. Section 5(c) authorizes associations to invest up to five percent of assets in each of these categories; at present, however, the Board's regulations limit such investment to two percent of assets in each category unless an association has net worth in excess of regulatory requirements and meets certain eligibility criteria. The Board therefore proposes to permit investment up to the full statutory allowance, and notes that this would permit associations to invest in loans made by state-chartered associations which fall into either of the two categories, including adjustable-rate mortgages.

Other Proposed Changes

Various regulatory definitions would be amended to reflect the new statutory language. Loans on building lots would no longer be restricted to builders. Certain percentage-of-assets limits which are regulatory rather than statutory, such as those pertaining to flexible payment mortgages and development loans, would be deleted. A new section providing for loans on unimproved real estate would be added to implement this new statutory authority. Loans of up to 15 years would be authorized on the security of building lots to be used for borrowers' personal residential use. the coverage of private mortgage insurance on loans in excess of 90 percent of value would be reduced to the amount of the loan exceeding 90 percent. The minimum loans-to-one-borrower authority for new associations would be increased.

Accordingly, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board hereby proposes to amend 12 CFR Parts 525, 541, 545, and 563, as set forth below.

Federal Home Loan Bank System

PART 525—ADVANCES

§ 523.13 [Deleted]

1. Delete § 525.13 Home Mortgages exceeding \$60,000.

Federal Savings and Loan System

PART 541—DEFINITIONS

2. Amend Part 541 by revising §§ 541.12, 541.14, and 541.17 (a) and (b), and adding new §§ 541.18-1 and 541.21, to read as follows:

§ 541.12 Improved real estate.

Any of the real estate defined in §§ 541.3, 541.4, 541.11, 541.16, 541.17, or 541.23.

§ 541.14 Loans secured by liens on real estate.

(a) Loans secured by an interest in real estate in fee or in a leasehold or subleasehold extending or renewable automatically at the option of the holder or the Federal association for 5 years after maturity of the loan, if, in the event of default, the real estate interest could be used to satisfy the obligation with the same priority as a mortgage or a deed of trust in the jurisdiction where the real estate is located; and

(b) Loans secured by assignment of such loans.

§ 541.17 Other improved real estate.

(a) Commercial real estate containing (1) a permanent structure(s) constituting at least 25 percent of its value, or (2) improvements which make it usable by a business or industrial enterprise.

(b) Real estate containing offsite improvements, completed according to governmental requirements and general practice in the community, sufficient to make the property ready for primarily residential construction, and real estate in the process of being improved by a building or buildings to be constructed or in the process of being constructed for primarily residential use.

* * * * *

§ 541.18-1 Residential real property.

Real estate improved or to be improved by a structure(s) designed primarily for residential use, and deriving at least 80 percent of its value from the land and improvements attributable to such use.

§ 541.21 Unimproved real estate.

Any real estate which will become (a) improved real estate as defined in § 541.12, or (b) other improved real estate as defined in § 541.17(b) of this Part.

PART 545—OPERATIONS

3. Revise §§ 545.6, 545.6-1, and 545.6-2, by substituting new texts to read as follows:

§ 545.6 Real estate loans.

(a) *General.* A Federal association may invest in, sell, purchase, or otherwise deal with loans or interests in loans secured by liens on real estate, only as provided in this Part and subject to the limitations in § 563.9 of this chapter.

(b) *Determination of loan-to-value ratios.* (1) In determining compliance with maximum loan-to-value limitations in this Part, at the time of making a loan an association shall add together the amount of all real estate loans on the security property, and shall not make such a loan unless the total amount of such mortgages (including the one to be made) does not exceed applicable maximum loan-to-value limitations prescribed in this Part, as indicated by documentation retained in the loan file.

(2) In valuing the real estate security, an association shall use the current appraised value of the security property, and may include any expected value of improvements to be financed.

(c) *Purchase of loans from the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.* An association may purchase from the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation any real-estate-related loan guaranteed by the Corporation under a guaranty contract made by the Corporation with the purchasing association.

§ 545.6-1 Insured and guaranteed real estate loans.

(a) Loans that are insured or guaranteed by a public mortgage insurer may be made in amounts and with terms and conditions of repayment acceptable to the insurer, provided the loan is at least 10 percent insured or 20 percent guaranteed.

(b) A loan is insured or guaranteed by a public mortgage insurer if:

(1) The loan is guaranteed, or a commitment to guarantee the loan has been made, under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 or chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code;

(2) The mortgagee is insured, or a commitment for insurance has been made, under the National Housing Act or the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, or chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code; or

(3) The loan is insured or guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of a state (i) whose full faith and credit is pledged to support the insurance or guarantee, or (ii) whose insurance or guarantee program is approved by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

§ 545.6-2 Residential real estate loans.

(a) *Home loans.* (1) *General requirements.* Loans on the security of homes or combinations of homes and business property, repayable in regular monthly payments sufficient to liquidate the debt, principal and interest, within the loan term, shall not exceed 90 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable within 40 years. Except as otherwise specifically authorized in this Part, after the first payment on a loan described under this paragraph (a) which is secured by property occupied or to be occupied by the borrower, no subsequent payment shall be more than any preceding payment.

(2) *Ninety-five percent loan-to-value authorization.* The loan-to-value limitation in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be 95 percent, if:

(i) The loan contract requires that, in addition to principal and interest payments on the loan, one-twelfth of estimated annual taxes and assessments on the security property be paid monthly in advance to the association;

(ii) The borrower, including a purchaser who assumes the loan, has executed a certificate stating that the borrower occupies, or in good faith intends to occupy, the property (or one dwelling on the property) as the borrower's principal dwelling; and

(iii) As long as the unpaid balance of the loan exceeds 90 percent of the value or purchase price of the security property, determined at the time the loan was made, such excess is guaranteed or insured by a mortgage insurance company which the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation has determined to be a "qualified private insurer."

(3) *Non-monthly installment loans.* The term-of-years limitation shall be 15 years on loans made with interest payable less frequently than monthly but at least semi-annually and principal payable less frequently than monthly but at least annually in installments sufficient to retire the debt, both interest and principal, within the term, and 40 years on loans made on farm residences or combinations of farm residences and commercial farming enterprises with principal and interest payable less frequently than monthly but at least annually in installments sufficient to retire the debt, both interest and principal, within the loan term.

(4) *Loans to facilitate trade-in or exchange.* Loans made to facilitate the trade-in or exchange of security property described in this section, including bridge loans to individuals and realtors, shall not exceed 80 percent

of value and shall be repayable within 18 months, with interest payable at least semi-annually; provided, that the aggregate amount of such loans may not exceed 5 percent of an association's assets.

(5) *Nonamortized loans.* Nonamortized loans (loans on which no principal payments are made until the end of the term) shall not exceed 60 percent of value and shall be repayable within 5 years, with interest payable at least semi-annually.

(6) *Loans made on the combined security of real estate and savings accounts.* Loans may be made under paragraph (a)(2) in excess of the maximum loan-to-value ration therein permitted, with such excess secured by savings accounts, subject to the following restrictions:

(i) The loan shall not exceed the appraised value of the real estate;

(ii) The savings account shall consist only of funds belonging to the borrower, members of his family, or his employer;

(iii) The association shall fully disclose to the prospective borrower the difference (including interest, private-mortgage-insurance costs, and equity interest) between a loan secured by real estate and savings and a loan secured by real estate alone; and

(iv) The loan shall comply with § 545.6-4(b)(2).

(7) *Flexible payment loans.* Loans authorized under this paragraph (a) which are secured by a single-family dwelling which the borrower has certified is or will be the borrower's principal dwelling, may be repayable in monthly installments, as follows:

(i) During an initial period not exceeding five years, installments shall equal at least one-twelfth the annual interest rate times the unpaid balance of the loan which rate may be increased only by subsequent agreement;

(ii) The amount of the first payment after such period shall be fixed at the beginning of the loan term and subsequent required payments may be less but not more;

(iii) Required payments shall be sufficient to liquidate the debt, principal and interest, within the loan term; and

(iv) The loan agreement shall describe the payment schedule.

(8) *Loans on cooperatives.* Loans may be made under paragraphs (a) (1) or (2) as follows:

(i) *Loans on the security of cooperative housing developments.* The association shall require that the cooperative housing development maintain reserves at least equal to those required for comparable developments insured by the Federal Housing Administration.

(ii) *Loans on individual cooperative units.* Such loans may be made on the security of (A) a security interest in stock or a membership certificate issued to a tenant stockholder or resident member by a non-profit cooperative housing organization, and (B) an assignment of the borrower's interest in the proprietary lease or occupancy agreement issued by such organization.

(9) See §§ 545.6-4 and 545.6-4a of this Part for other mortgage plans which may be used for loans authorized under this paragraph.

(b) *Multifamily dwelling loans.* Loans on the security of other dwelling units, combinations of dwelling units, including homes, and business property involving only minor or incidental business use, shall not exceed 90 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable within 30 years: provided, that nonamortized loans shall not exceed 60 percent of value and shall be repayable within 5 years, with at least semi-annual interest payments.

(c) *Loans on unimproved real estate.* Loans to finance acquisition of land to be eventually developed for primarily residential usage shall not exceed 66 2/3 percent of the value of the security property, and shall be repayable in 3 years with interest payable at least semi-annually.

(d) *Development loans.* (1) Loans to finance development of land for primarily residential usage shall not exceed 75 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable within 5 years, with interest payable at least semi-annually. An association shall not make such a loan unless it appears that the purpose of the loan is to enable the borrower to undertake residential development of the land to be acquired, as evidenced by a preliminary development plan that is satisfactory to the association.

(2) Upon release of any portion of the security property from the lien securing the loan, the principal balance of the loan shall be reduced by an amount at least equal to that portion of the outstanding loan balance attributable to the value of the property to be released. "Value" for the purposes of the preceding sentence is the value fixed at the time the loan was made.

(3) An association may extend the time for payment for an additional period not over 3 years, but no such extension may be made unless (A) interest on the loan is current, (B) the association's board has before it a current independent appraisal of the security property, and (C) the outstanding principal balance of the

loan is or has been reduced to an amount not over 75 percent of the value of the security property.

(4) The aggregate amount of loans outstanding to any one borrower (including loans to any business entity with which such borrower is associated) or on any one project shall not exceed an amount equal to two percent of the association's assets.

(e) *Loans on building lots and sites.* Loans on the security of building lots and sites ("other improved real estates" as defined in § 541.17(b) of this Part) shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) Loans for a borrower's principal dwelling (as evidenced by a borrower's certification of intention, at the time the loan is made, that the property will be so used) shall not exceed 75 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable within 15 years. The loan contract shall provide for monthly payments of principal and interest sufficient to amortize at least 40 percent of the original principal amount before the end of the loan term.

(2) Loans other than for a borrower's principal dwelling shall not exceed 75 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable within 3 years, with semi-annual interest payments beginning not more than 1 year after the first disbursement.

(3) The provisions of paragraphs (d)(2), (3), and (4) of this section shall apply to this paragraph (e).

(f) *Construction loans.* (1) Construction loans shall not exceed 75 percent of the value of the security property and shall be repayable in 3 years, except that for construction of single family dwellings, construction of individual structures shall be completed within 18 months of disbursement of applicable loan funds.

(2) Associations shall reserve the right to impose limits on the number of structures under construction at a given time.

(3) The provisions of paragraphs (d)(2) and (4) of this section apply to this paragraph (f).

(g) *Rehabilitation loans.* Loans to finance substantial alteration, repair or improvement of primarily residential property may be made within the maximum loan-to-value ratios permitted for loans under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section and shall be repayable within 3 years (18 months for a single family dwelling).

(h) *Combination loans.* (1) Loans authorized by this section may be combined, with the term of each loan beginning at the end of the term of the preceding loan.

(2) Development, lot and site, and construction loans combined with permanent financing loans, or made to borrowers who have secured permanent financing from other lenders, may be made within the maximum loan-to-value ratios permitted for loans under paragraph (a) and (b) of this section: provided, that disbursement of loan proceeds in excess of 80 percent of the value of the security property shall not be made until substantial completion of the construction.

(3) For a combination of loans to finance development and loans on building lots and sites and/or construction loans, whether or not development has been completed, (i) beginning not more than 3 years after the first disbursement of loan proceeds, the principal shall be amortized monthly at a rate of at least 1 1/2 percent of that portion of the loan balance applicable to any home, including the building site, and (ii) beginning not more than 4 years after the first disbursement of any loan proceeds, principal shall be amortized monthly at a rate of at least 1 1/2 percent of that portion of the loan balance not applicable to the construction of any home and its building site.

(i) See § 545.6-5 of this Part for residential loan leeway authority.

4. Delete § 545.6-2a, and revise § 545.6-3 by substituting a new text, to read as follows:

§ 545.6-2a Loans on cooperatives [Deleted]

§ 545.6-3 Home improvement loans.

An association may invest in any loans, with or without security, for residential real property alteration, repair or improvement, or for equipping residential real property, with equal installments payable at least quarterly, the first installment due no later than 120 days from the date the loan is made and the final installment due no later than 20 years and 32 days from such date. However, the loan contract may provide for a first and/or final installment in an amount other than that of the regular installment, but such installment shall not be less than one-half of, nor more than one and one-half times, the amount of the regular installment.

§ 545.6-4 [Amended]

5. Amend § 545.6-1(b) by deleting the phrase "under § 541.9 of this subchapter" in subparagraph (4), and changing the reference from § 545.6-1(a) to § 545.6-2(a) in subparagraph (5) thereof.

§ 545.6-4a [Amended]

6. Amend § 545.6-4a by deleting the phrase "of up to 30 years" in paragraph (b) thereof.

7. Revise §§ 545.6-5 and 545.6-6 by substituting new texts to read as follows:

§ 545.6-5 Leeway authority for loans relating to residential real property and farms.

(a) *Loans without requirement of security—for construction purposes.* In addition to loans in which it may invest under other provisions of this Part, an association may invest an amount not exceeding the greater of its net worth or 5 percent of assets in loans for construction, adding to, improving, altering, repairing, equipping or furnishing residential real property, where the association relies substantially for repayment on: (1) the borrower's general credit standing and forecast of income, with or without other security, or (2) other assurances of repayment, including a third-party guaranty or similar obligation.

(b) *Nonconforming secured loans.* In addition to loans in which it may invest under other provisions of this Part, an association may invest an amount not exceeding the greater of its net worth or 5 percent of assets in loans, advances of credit, and interests therein, secured by residential real property and real property used or to be used for commercial farming enterprises, which are not otherwise authorized under this Part.

§ 545.6-6 Commercial real estate loans.

(a) Loans secured by first liens on other improved real estate, as defined in § 541.17(a) and (c) of this subchapter, shall not exceed 90 percent of the value of the security property, and shall be repayable within 30 years: provided, that nonamortized loans shall not exceed 60 percent of value and shall be repayable within 5 years, with interest payable at least semi-annually.

(b) An association's aggregate investment under this section shall not exceed 20 percent of assets.

(c) See § 545.6-5 for additional authority to invest in real estate loans to commercial farming enterprises, and § 545.6-10 for additional authority to invest in community development loans.

8. Delete §§ 545.6-7, 545.6-8 and 545.6-12, and revise paragraph (a) of § 545.6-13, to read as follows:

§ 545.67-7 Insured loans to finance land development [Deleted]**§ 545.6-8 Housing facilities for the aging [Deleted]****§ 545.6-12 Nonconforming secured loans and loans without requirement of security. [Deleted]****§ 545.6-13 Farmers Home Administration rural housing program guaranteed loans.**

(a) *General.* An association may invest in loans on residential real estate guaranteed under the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) Rural Housing Program, without regard to other provisions in this Part.

* * * * *

§§ 545.7-6 and 545.7-7 [Amended]

9. Amend § 545.7-6 by deleting paragraph (d)(1) and paragraph (e)(2)(ii); amend § 545.7-7 by deleting paragraph (a)(3); and revise § 545.7-9 as follows:

§ 545.7-9 Collateral loans.

An association may make a collateral loan (secured by assignment of secured loans) if it could, under applicable law and regulations, make or purchase the underlying assigned loan(s).

10. Delete §§ 545.8, 545.8-1, 545.8-6, and 545.8-7, and revise the title of § 545.8-3, as follows:

§ 545.8 Participations. [Deleted]**§ 545.8-1 Purchase of loans. [Deleted]****§ 545.8-3 Contract provisions for real estate loans.****§ 545.8-6 Lending area. [Deleted]****§ 545.8-7 Percentage limitation on real estate loan investments. [Deleted]**

Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation

PART 563—OPERATIONS

11. Revise § 563.9 to read as follows:

§ 563.9 Nationwide lending.

An insured institution may invest in, sell, purchase, participate or otherwise deal in loans on security property located outside its normal lending territory but within the United States or its territories and possessions.

12. Delete §§ 563.9-1 and 563.9-2 as follows:

§ 563.9-1 Participation loans. [Deleted]**§ 563.9-2 Sales of interest in loans on real estate located outside normal lending territory. [Deleted]**

13. Amend § 563.9-3 by deleting "\$100,000" and substituting "\$200,000" in paragraph (b) thereof.

(Sec. 10, 47 Stat. 725 (12 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) sec. 5, 48 Stat. 132 (12 U.S.C. 1464), as

amended by sec. 401, 94 Stat. 160; secs. 402, 403, 407, 48 Stat. 1256, 1257, 1260, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1725, 1726, 1730), Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1947, 12 F.R. 4891, 3 CFR, 1943-48 comp., p. 1071)

By the Federal Home Loan Bank Board,
Robert D. Linder,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23735 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

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12 CFR Parts 541, 545, 561, 563

[No. 80-468]

Federally-Chartered Saving and Loan Associations and Mutual Savings Banks; Investment in Consumer Loans, Commercial Paper and Corporate, Debt Securities

Dated: July 31, 1980.

AGENCY: Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

ACTION: Proposed regulations.

SUMMARY: These regulations are proposed to implement section 401 of Title IV of the Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980 which authorizes Federally-chartered savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks, subject to a 20 percentage-of-assets limitation, to make secured or unsecured consumer loans and to invest in, sell, or hold commercial paper and corporate debt securities as defined and approved by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. These regulations also implement the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council's recommended "Uniform Policy for Classification of Consumer Installment Credit Based on Delinquency Status."

DATE: Comments must be received by: October 6, 1980.

ADDRESS: Please send comments to the Office of the Secretary, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, 1700 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20552.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ann Hume Loikow, Office of General Counsel, telephone number (202) 377-6448, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20552.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

Section 401 of The Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980 ("Act"), Pub. L. 96-221, 94 Stat. 132, greatly expanded the investment powers of Federally-chartered savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks. Among other things, section 401 of the Act completely

revised section 5(c) of the Home Owners Loan Act of 1933 (12 U.S.C. § 1464(c)) which contains the basic investment authority for Federally-charter savings and loan associations. A new subparagraph (B) was added to section 5(c)(2), the category of investments limited to 20 percent of assets, which authorizes Federals to engage in consumer lending and to invest in, sell, or hold commercial paper and corporate debt securities as defined and approved by the Board. These increased investment powers will assist associations in meeting their objective of financing the nation's housing needs.

Since a major purpose of revising section 5(c) and expanding Federals' investment powers was to make them more competitive with other financial institutions by enabling them to offer the consumer convenient one-stop financial services, the Board proposes to implement this new authority with a broad regulation and to leave the detailed decisions regarding exercise of this new lending and investment authority to each institution's management.

Consumer Lending

Definitions

Although Federals already had authority before the passage of this Act to make certain specialized kinds of consumer loans such as educational loans, home improvement loans, equipping loans, and mobile home loans, the only way in which a Federally chartered association could engage in generalized consumer lending was by investing in a service corporation which, under § 545.9-1 of the Rules and Regulations for the Federal Savings and Loan System ("Federal Regulations") (12 CFR 545.9-1), was authorized to originate, purchase, sell and service consumer loans in general, as well as make these more limited types of loans to consumers. Subparagraph (a)(3) of § 545.9-1 contains the Board's only definition of "consumer loan." Since generalized consumer lending is now authorized for Federals, as well as for their service corporations, the Board proposes to delete this provision and to add a new definition of "consumer loan," applicable to both Federals and their service corporations.

The proposed new definition is derived from the Act's language and the Federal Reserve Board's definitions of similar terms in its consumer protection regulations (Regulations B and Z in particular). Associations will now be authorized to make both secured and unsecured consumer loans. The major difference from the Federal Reserve

Board's definitions is that loans secured by liens on real estate, as defined in § 541.14 of the Federal Regulations, are excluded. In addition, the proposed definition of "consumer loan" is broader than that found in § 545.9-1 since it does not limit secured consumer loans as § 545.9-1 does to those which are "secured by goods used or bought primarily for personal, family or household purposes." Thus, so long as a loan is not a loan secured by a lien on real estate and is made for personal, family or household purposes, which could include debt consolidation, there is no restriction on what can be used for security, if any is required.

Under the new definition, a consumer loan is a type of "consumer credit," which is a broader term and includes other types of loans which are separately authorized to be made to consumers. A consumer loan may be made as either "open-end" or "closed-end consumer credit." New definitions of these terms are proposed to be added to Part 561 of the Regulations of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation ("Insurance Regulations"). The proposed definitions are modelled on the Federal Reserve Board's definitions in Regulations B and Z, with which associations are already familiar, and are needed to implement the "Uniform Policy for Classification of Consumer Installment Credit Based on Delinquency Status" recommended by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council, which is incorporated into this proposal.

Another new definition has also been proposed to be added to Part 541 of the Federal Regulations. The statutory definition of "Loans," which states that any reference to a loan in section 5(c) of the Home Owners Loan Act also authorizes an association to have an interest in such loan, has been added to make it clear in the regulations that an association may participate in any loan it is authorized to invest in or make.

Consumer Loan Authority

A new § 545.7-10, which contains the basic authorization for, and limits on, an association's exercise of the new consumer loan authority, is proposed to be added to the subdivision "Other Loans" of Part 545 (Operations) of the Federal Regulations. Since a large amount of consumer lending is indirect, where the dealer enters into an arrangement with a lender under which the dealer directly arranges the consumer loan that the lender then acquires, associations would be at a competitive disadvantage if they were authorized only to make direct consumer loans. Thus, both direct and

indirect consumer lending will be authorized. The only restrictions proposed are the following: such loans would come within the 20-percent-of-assets limitation contained in the Act; a requirement that before indirect loans can be made through a dealer, the dealer must have been approved by the association's board of directors; a limitation on the total balances of all outstanding unsecured consumer loans to one borrower; and a requirement that all consumer loans that the association makes—i.e., originates, purchases, sells, services, and participates in—conform to the association's written underwriting standards and are loans which the association could make directly.

The proposed requirement that the association's board of directors approve the dealer with whom the association engages in indirect consumer lending is designed to ensure that the board of directors is aware of the various arrangements the association has made to make consumer loans and that the association has examined the dealer's reliability and financial responsibility so that such arrangements are carefully and prudently considered.

The proposed limitation on unsecured loans to one borrower would limit the association's authority to make unsecured consumer loans to the lesser of one-fourth of one percent of the association's assets or five percent of its net worth. These two measures are roughly equivalent and place an overall limitation on unsecured loans to the same borrower which is more restrictive than the restriction found in § 563.9-3 of the Insurance Regulations. Under that section, all associations may have at least \$100,000 in total balances of all outstanding loans to the same borrower and may increase that minimum to an amount equal to the lesser of ten percent of the association's withdrawable accounts or an amount equal to the association's net worth. Under the proposed limitation, assuming a mature association whose net worth is five percent of assets, for example, an association with \$100 million in assets could not make more than \$250,000 in unsecured consumer loans to the same borrower, an association with \$50 million in assets could not make more than \$125,000 in such loans, and an association with \$10 million in assets could only make a maximum of \$25,000 in such loans to the same borrower.

The more restrictive provisions of this section are proposed as a reasonable limitation on the amount of an association's portfolio that can be concentrated in unsecured personal loans to the same person. This limitation

does not prevent an association from making additional *secured* loans to a borrower, since with a secured loan there is some sort of collateral to protect the association's interest if the borrower defaults. Section 563.9-3 would still limit the total amount of all loans which an association would be authorized to make to the same borrower.

No limitation (other than the overall 20 percent-of-assets limit for consumer loans) is proposed to be placed on the total amount of unsecured consumer loans an association can make to all borrowers, since such a limitation would have little practical effect unless it reached the unsecured loans made in connection with credit cards and NOW accounts, neither of which is subject under the Act to a percentage-of-assets limitation. However, the Board recognizes that it is normal business practice for a lender to place relatively low limits, in the range of several hundred to several thousand dollars, on such extensions of credit: when an account is opened, so the danger of overconcentration in loans dependent on the credit of the same person is not as much of a problem as it is with unsecured loans made under § 545.7-10.

Although banks and other lenders often finance a dealer's inventory in order to induce the dealer to allow them to finance individual consumer loans, the Board is not proposing to authorize associations to do inventory financing because the Board does not consider inventory financing to fall within the Act's requirement that the loan be "for personal, family, or household purposes." Section 545.7-6 of Federal Regulations pertaining to mobile home financing, does authorize associations to finance a mobile home dealer's inventory. However, the language of section 5(c)(1)(J) of the Home Owners Loan Act, which that regulation implements, is much broader than that of section 5(c)(2)(B), which authorizes consumer lending, since it authorizes associations to make loans "for the purpose of manufactured home financing" (emphasis added). Section 5(c)(2)(B) is much more narrowly written and only authorizes associations to "make secured or unsecured loans for personal, family, or household purposes" (emphasis added). Since Congress's intention in authorizing associations to make consumer loans was to make them a "family finance center," which in one place could meet all the financial needs of the consumer, the Board feels that section 5(c)(2)(B) cannot be read as authorizing what is, in effect, a commercial loan.

The Board has received a number of inquiries about whether an association could finance loans secured by interval ownership interests in real estate. The Board has previously taken the position that a substantial portion of such loans is made for the purchase of benefits and services in addition to the real estate itself and that this portion, which is not secured by the real estate, must be considered to be an unsecured consumer loan which, prior to the enactment of the Act and the issuance of these regulations, an association was not authorized to make. Because of the administrative difficulties in separating the real estate portion from the non-real estate portion of such loans, the Board has now determined that the total amount of loans made to purchase an interval ownership in real estate should be included within the category of unsecured consumer loans which an association will be authorized to make by this new section.

There may be some confusion as to what types of loans must be put into the 20% consumer loan category contained in § 545.7-10, since a number of other loans which Federals are authorized to make under separate statutory provisions, such as educational loans and equipping loans, are commonly thought of as "consumer loans" because they are loans to a natural person for personal, family, or household purposes. Because these specific lending activities have been expressly reauthorized in the Act, the Board has concluded that in order to provide associations with the maximum degree of flexibility associations should be given the option, under section 545.7-10(b), of choosing the category in which to place a particular loan.

Classification of Delinquent Consumer Loans

On February 7, 1980, the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council recommended that all of the Federal financial regulatory agencies adopt a uniform examination policy on the classification of delinquent consumer installment loans. The Board declined to take action at that time since Congress had not yet taken final action to authorize Federals to make consumer loans. Since that has now occurred, the Board is proposing to include in the proposed regulations the provisions of the uniform policy, slightly modified to conform to the format and nomenclature of the regulatory and examination process pertaining to savings and loan associations.

The Examination Council recommended the establishment of uniform guidelines for the classification

of installment credit based upon delinquency status, in order to provide uniform treatment of such loans by all insured financial institutions. The Examination Council's approach in determining how to classify delinquent consumer loans parallels, in principle, current banking practices and recognizes the statistical validity of measuring losses for both open-end and closed-end credit predicated on past-due status. Although the three Federal banking agencies have historically relied upon delinquency status as a major determinant in classifying consumer installment credit, no interagency standard has ever been used.

The Board recognizes that evaluating the quality of a consumer credit portfolio on a loan-by-loan basis is inefficient and unnecessary. Therefore, in order to give this policy equal weight with the Board's other accounting requirements which have been issued as regulations, the Board has chosen to propose that the Council's Uniform Policy be added as an amendment to the Insurance Regulations which would allow the Board's existing method of classifying loans to be modified to conform to the Examination Council's recommended policy.

Several new definitions are proposed to be added to Part 561 of the Insurance Regulations. Since the Uniform Policy divides "consumer credit," a broader concept than "consumer loan," as noted above, into "open-end" and "closed-end" credit, definitions of these three terms, derived from the Federal Reserve Board's Regulations B and Z, have been proposed to be added to Part 561. Unlike the Federal Reserve Board's regulations, however, loans secured by liens on real estate as defined in § 541.14 are excluded from the definition of "consumer credit." Thus, the types of loans which are subject to the proposed delinquency classification system are non-real estate loans for personal, family, or household purposes, including consumer loans, educational loans, unsecured loans for real property alteration, repair or improvement, or for the equipping of real property, and credit extended in connection with credit cards. Because the Board's present system for classifying loans already specifically provides for the inclusion of delinquent mobile home loans (§§ 561.15 (i), (j), and (k)), mobile home loans are excluded from the term "consumer credit" and are thus not subject to the proposed classification system.

A proposed new definition of "slow consumer credit" (§ 561.16a), which

corresponds to the Uniform Policy's definition of "substandard" consumer credit, has also been developed. The current definition of "scheduled items" would be amended so "slow consumer credit" would be counted in determining the amount of an association's scheduled items. Another new definition, "consumer credit classified as a loss" (§ 561.16b), is also to be added to Part 561 in connection with the proposed new § 563.46, which would require an association to charge off consumer credit classified as a loss to its net worth or against its current earnings. This proposed charge-off conforms to generally accepted accounting principles and to the banking industry's practices. An illustrative chart showing when a delinquent loan is to be classified as "slow" or as a "loss" has been included in proposed § 561.16a and § 561.16b.

Nevertheless, the Board recognizes that there may be instances, particularly where significant amounts are involved, that may warrant exceptions to the formula contained in the proposed regulations which would recognize those individual situations. Thus, proposed § 561.16a and § 561.16b would not require an association to classify a loan as "slow consumer credit" or as a "loss" if the association could clearly demonstrate that repayment would occur regardless of delinquency status. Examples of such situations might include: loans well secured by collateral and in the process of collection; loans supported by valid guarantees or insurance; and loans where claims have been filed against solvent estates.

The Board also recognizes that even a well managed association is likely to have a higher rate of slow consumer loans than slow real estate loans and that under the Board's regulations, associations are prohibited from engaging in certain activities if their scheduled items, which includes their slow loans and slow consumer loans, reach a certain level. Although the Board has proposed amendments to other sections of its regulations which will somewhat limit the impact of excessive scheduled items, the Board is considering ways to reflect this higher normal level of slow consumer loans so that associations operating well-managed consumer loan programs will not be subject to unreasonable limitations on their activities. Comments as to how this should be accomplished and what is an acceptable level of slow consumer loans are specifically solicited. However, it should be noted that the Board believes that the scheduled items computation is an

important tool in determining an association's safety and soundness and that all scheduled items, including all slow consumer loans, should be fully reported and reflected in an association's net worth requirements.

Commercial Paper and Corporate Debt Securities

Definitions

Proposed new definitions of "commercial paper" and of "corporate debt securities" would be added to Part 541 of the Federal Regulations. In order to conform to the general practices of the securities industry, the proposed definition of "commercial paper" (§ 541.27) was derived from section 3(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77(c)(a)(3)) which exempts certain commercial paper with a maturity of nine months or less from the registration requirements of that act. Use of this definition would also be consistent with the amendments to section 5A(b)(1) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act ("Bank Act") (12 U.S.C. 1425a(b)) now pending before Congress which would allow the Board to allow "highly rated commercial paper with 270 days or less remaining until maturity" to be counted for liquidity purposes.

Consistent with the goal of providing competitive equality with banks, the proposed new definition of "corporate debt securities" to be added as § 541.28 has been derived from the definition of "investment securities" contained in the national banking laws and regulations (12 U.S.C. 24 and 12 CFR 1.3(b)). Although there is no generally accepted limitation on the maturity of corporate debt securities, the proposed amendments now pending to section 5A(b)(1) of the Bank Act would also limit corporate debt obligations allowed to be used for liquidity purposes to those with three years or less remaining until maturity. Although the practical effect of enacting these amendments would be to encourage associations to invest in short-term securities, the Board feels that an additional requirement is needed to encourage associations to acquire short-term assets so that the maturities of the assets and liabilities in their portfolios will be more evenly balanced, with these new assets reflecting market rates much as the new savings certificates do. Because the Board feels that it is desirable to grant associations some flexibility in making these investments while encouraging investment in shorter-term securities, the Board has chosen to include in paragraph (b) of this section a requirement that the average maturity of such securities in an association's

portfolio be limited to five years. By limiting the average maturity of the corporate debt securities in an association's portfolio rather than the maturity of each security, an association may invest in longer term securities, provided that such investments are offset by investments in much shorter term securities.

The Board has included the requirement that the corporate debt securities be "not predominantly speculative in nature." This is derived from the Comptroller of the Currency's regulatory definition of the types of investment securities in which national banks may invest (12 CFR 1.3(b)). This requirement is included to reinforce the Board's expectation that associations will exercise prudent judgment in exercising their new authority to invest in both commercial paper and corporate debt securities. The Board believes that the exercise of prudence by associations, together with the other limitations contained in § 545.9-4(b), will minimize or eliminate instances in which an association's corporate debt investment might be regarded as speculative.

Authorization To Invest in Commercial Paper and Corporate Debt Securities

A new § 545.9-4 is proposed to be added to the "Other Investments" section of Part 545 (Operations) of the Federal Regulations. Paragraph (a) of this section contains the general authorization for Federals to invest in, sell, or hold commercial paper and corporate debt securities as defined in § 541.27 and § 541.28 respectively, subject to the Act's 20 percentage-of-assets limitation and the limitations contained in paragraph § 545.9-4(b). The 20 percentage-of-assets limitation applies to the total investment under § 545.7-10 (Consumer loans) and § 545.9-4 (Commercial paper and corporate debt securities), added together, as provided by the Act. Federals are already authorized to issue their own commercial paper by § 545.24 (Borrowing, issuing obligations, and giving security), provided that the issuance complies with the provisions of § 563.8 (Borrowing limitations).

There are six proposed limitations, other than those contained in the definitions, on investments in commercial paper and corporate debt securities. First, as with investments in state and local government obligations (§ 545.7-11(b)(1)), at the time of purchase, such investments would be required to fall within certain grades as rated by nationally recognized investment rating services. Investments in commercial paper would be limited to

those which are rated in one of the top two such grades, and investments in corporate debt securities to those which are rated in one of the top four such grades. At least two such rating companies must have published ratings of the investments placing them in the required grades. The Board believes that this approach will afford Federals a range of investment options consistent with safe and sound operations.

Second, the commercial paper or corporate debt securities in which Federals could invest would be required to be denominated in dollars and be issued by a corporation domiciled in the United States. This provision would limit investments to domestic paper and securities and eliminate the problems of dealing with ever-changing international exchange rates when trying to evaluate such an investment.

Third, a limit would be placed on an association's total investment in the commercial paper and debt securities of any one issuer. This limitation is similar to the "loans to one borrower provisions" of § 563.9-3 and the proposed limitation on unsecured consumer loans to one borrower in § 545.7-10(c). Most states have incorporated similar limitations in their state banking laws to prevent undue concentration of an institution's portfolio in the issues of one issuer. The Board is proposing that an association be limited to investing an amount equal to not more than one percent of its assets in the commercial paper and debt securities of any one issuer. As with § 563.9-3(a)(1), the term "issuer" includes any person or entity affiliated with the issuer. This limitation is consistent with the sixth proposed limitation, which would require associations to exercise prudent judgment in making investments in commercial paper and corporate debt securities. Such regulatory language is found in most state laws and is consistent with the Comptroller's requirement that national banks exercise "prudent banking judgment" in their investments.

Fourth, associations would be authorized to invest in corporate debt securities which are convertible into stock if several conditions are met. First, the securities must conform to all the other limitations contained in paragraph (b) of § 545.9-4. In addition, they must not be convertible at the option of the issuer, a limitation the Comptroller of the Currency's regulations also places on national banks' investments in convertible securities. This ensures that the exercise of the conversion feature is solely in the hands of the association.

However, since Federals have not been given the statutory authority to invest in equity securities, two additional limitations are proposed to be included. The association would be prohibited from exercising the conversion feature itself and could only invest in convertible securities that are traded on a national exchange. The latter limitation would ensure that the security was readily marketable so that, although the association could not convert it itself, it could easily sell it to another investor who could.

The fifth limitation, which has already been discussed, limits the average maturity of all corporate debt securities contained in an association's portfolio to five years.

Accordingly, the Board hereby proposes to amend the Rules and Regulations for the Federal Savings and Loan System by deleting § 545.9-1(a)(3) and adding new §§ 541.25, 541.26, 541.27, 541.28, 545.7-10 and 545.9-4; and to amend the Rules and Regulations of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation by adding new §§ 551.38, 561.39, 561.40, 561.16a, 561.16b, and 563.46, and amending § 561.15. Such new and amended sections shall read as follows:

§ 545.9-1 [Amended]

1. Delete the present subparagraph (3) to paragraph (a) of § 545.9-1 and renumber the present subparagraphs (4) through (8) as (3) through (7), respectively.

2. Add the following new definitions to Part 541:

§ 541.25 Consumer loan.

A secured or unsecured loan to a natural person for personal, family, or household purposes. Such loan is a type of consumer credit, as defined in § 561.38, and may be made as either open-end or closed-end consumer credit, as defined in § 561.39 and § 561.40.

§ 541.26 Loans.

Obligations and extensions or advances of credit; and any reference to a loan or investment includes an interest in such a loan or investment.

3. Add a new § 545.7-10 to read as follows:

§ 545.7-10 Consumer loans.

(a) *General.* A Federal association may make direct or indirect consumer loans; *provided:* (1) that at any one time the total investment made under this section and § 545.9-4 ("Commercial paper and corporate debt securities"), added together, shall not exceed 20 percent of an association's assets; and (2) that before indirect loans are made

through a dealer, the dealer is approved by the association's board of directors. The authority to make a consumer loan includes the authority to originate, purchase, sell, service, and participate in such loans; *provided,* such loans conform to the provisions of this section and the association's written underwriting standards.

(b) *Relationship to other provisions of this chapter.* If a loan which may be made under this section is also authorized to be made under another section, an association shall have the option of choosing under which applicable section, and its respective percentage of assets limitation, if any, the loan shall be made.

(c) *Limitation on unsecured loans to one borrower.* The total balances of all outstanding loans, as defined in § 563.9-3(a)(2), which may be made under this section in unsecured loans to one borrower, as defined in § 563.9-3(a)(1), is limited to the lesser of ¼ of one percent of an association's assets or five percent of its net worth.

4. Add the following new definitions (§§ 561.38, 561.39, 561.40, 561.16a, and 561.16b) to Part 561:

§ 561.38 Consumer credit.

Credit extended to a natural person for personal, family, or household purposes, except for loans secured by liens on real estate as defined in § 541.14 and chattel liens secured by mobile homes. Among the types of credit included are consumer loans, as defined by § 541.25; educational loans; unsecured loans for real property alteration, repair or improvement, or for the equipping of real property; and credit extended in connection with credit cards.

§ 561.39 Open-end consumer credit.

Consumer credit extended on an account under a plan in which repeated transactions are reasonably contemplated, which describes the terms of such transactions and allows the consumer to pay in full without penalty or in installments, and which provides for a finance charge which may be computed from time to time on the outstanding unpaid balance. The term does not include negotiated advances under an open-end real estate mortgage.

§ 561.40 Closed-end consumer credit.

Consumer credit other than open-end consumer credit.

§ 561.16a Slow consumer credit.

The term "slow consumer credit" means closed-end consumer credit delinquent 90 to 119 days (4 monthly payments) and open-end consumer

credit delinquent 90 to 179 days (4 to 6 zero billing cycles). For the purposes of computing delinquency, a payment of 90 percent or more of the contractual payment will be considered as a full payment. If an association can clearly demonstrate that repayment would occur regardless of delinquency status—

for example the loan is well secured by collateral and is in the process of collection; the loan is supported by a valid guarantee or insurance; or it is a loan where the claims have been filed against a solvent estate—then such loan need not be classified as "slow consumer credit." The following chart illustrates the delinquency computation:

Closed-End Consumer Credit

Due date	Period	Delinquency status	Classification
March 10	March 10 to April 9	Not delinquent	
April 10	April 10-May 9	30 days or 2 payments	
May 10	May 10-June 9	60 days or 3 payments	
June 10	June 10-July 9	90 days or 4 payments	Slow.

Open-End Consumer Credit

Statement	Day	Zero billing cycle	Payment record	Days delinquent	Classification
1	1			0	
2	30	1	No payment	15	
3	60	2	No payment	30	
4	90	3	No payment	60	
5	120	4	No payment	90	Slow.
6	150	5	No payment	120	Slow.
7	180	6	No payment	150	Slow.

¹ For purposes of illustration, assume customer has 25 days in which to pay before payment is considered delinquent.

§ 561.16b Consumer credit classified as a loss.

The term "consumer credit classified as a loss" means closed-end consumer credit delinquent 120 days or more (5 monthly payments or more) and open-end consumer credit delinquent 180 days or more (7 zero billing cycles or more). For the purposes of computing delinquency, a payment of 90 percent or more of the contractual payment will be

considered as a full payment. If an association can clearly demonstrate that repayment would occur regardless of delinquency status—for example, the loan is well secured by collateral and is in the process of collection; the loan is supported by a valid guarantee or insurance; or it is a loan where claims have been filed against a solvent estate—then such loan need not be classified as a loss. The following chart illustrates the delinquency computation:

Closed-End Consumer Credit

Due date	Period	Delinquency status	Classification
March 10	March 10 to April 10	Not delinquent	
June 10	June 10-July 9	90 days or 4 payments	Slow.
July 10	July 10-August 9	120 days or 5 payments	Loss. ¹
August 10	August 10-September 9	150 days or 6 payments	Loss. ¹

Open-End Consumer Credit

Statement	Day	Zero billing cycle	Payment record	Days delinquent	Classification
1	1			0	
7	280	6	No payment	150	Slow.
8	210	7	No payment	180	Loss. ¹
9	240	8	No payment	210	Loss. ¹

¹ Charge-off as required by § 563.46 occurs.

5. Amend paragraph (a) of § 561.15 to read as follows:

§ 561.15 Scheduled Items.

The term "scheduled items" means:
(a) Slow consumer credit, slow loans (other than loans specified in paragraph (b) of this section),

6. Add a new § 563.46 to read as follows:

§ 563.46 Charge-off of consumer credit classified as a loss.

When consumer credit is classified as a loss, as defined in § 561.16b, it shall be charged to the association's net worth or against its current earnings.

7. Add the following new definitions (§§ 541.27 and 541.28) to Part 541:

§ 541.27 Commercial paper.

Any note, draft, bill of exchange, or banker's acceptance which arises out of a current transaction or the proceeds of which have been or are to be used for current transactions, and which has a maturity at the time of issuance of not exceeding nine months, exclusive of days of grace, or any renewal thereof the maturity of which is likewise limited.

§ 541.28 Corporate debt security.

A marketable obligation, evidencing the indebtedness of any corporation in the form of bonds, notes and/or debentures which is commonly regarded as a debt security and is not predominantly speculative in nature.

8. Add a new § 545.9-4 to read as follows:

§ 545.9-4 Commercial paper and corporate debt securities.

(a) *General.* A Federal association may invest in, sell, or hold commercial paper and corporate debt securities, including corporate debt securities convertible into stock, subject to the limitations set forth in paragraph (b); provided, that at any one time the total investment made under this section and § 545.7-10 ("Consumer loans"), added together, shall not exceed 20 percent of an association's assets.

(b) *Limitations.* (1) As of the date of purchase, as shown by the most recently published rating made of such investments by at least two nationally recognized investment rating services, the commercial paper must be rated in either one of the top two grades and the corporate debt securities must be rated in one of the four highest grades.

(2) The commercial paper or corporate

debt securities are denominated in dollars and are issued by a corporation domiciled in the United States.

(3) At any one time, an association's total investment in the commercial paper and corporate debt securities of any one issuer, or issued by any person or entity affiliated with such issuer, shall not exceed one percent of the association's assets.

(4) Investments in corporate debt securities convertible into stock are subject to the following additional limitations: (i) Purchase of securities convertible into stock at the option of the issuer is prohibited; (ii) such securities must be traded on a national exchange; and (iii) associations are prohibited from exercising the conversion feature.

(5) At any one time, the average maturity of all corporate debt securities in an association's portfolio may not exceed five years.

(6) An association shall exercise prudent judgment in making investments under this section.

(Sec. 5(c)(2)(B), 48 Stat. 132, as amended by Title IV, § 401, Pub. L. 96-221, 94 Stat. 151; § 5(d), 48 Stat. 132, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1464(d)); §§ 402, 403, 48 Stat. 1256, 1257, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1725, 1726); Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1947, 12 FR 4981, 3 CFR 1943-48 Comp., p. 1071).

By the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

Robert D. Linder,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23734 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6720-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of the Attorney General

28 CFR Part 16

[AAG/A Order No. 54-80]

Exemption of Records Systems Under the Privacy Act

AGENCY: Department of Justice.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: In the Notice Section of today's Federal Register, the Department of Justice proposes to exempt a new system of records, the DEA Regional Automated Intelligence Data System (RAIDS), JUSTICE/DEA-028 from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3) and (4), (d), (e)(1), (2) and (3), (e)(4)(G) and (H), (e)(5) and (8), (f) (g) and (h) pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(j) and (k). These exemptions are required in order to ensure the confidentiality of intelligence and narcotics law

enforcement.

DATES: All comments must be received by September 5, 1980.

ADDRESS: All comments should be addressed to the Administrative Counsel, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, 10th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room 1214, Washington, D.C. 20530.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William J. Snider (202-633-3452).

The authority for this proposed rule is 5 U.S.C. 552a. Accordingly, it is proposed that 28 CFR 16.98 be amended by adding paragraph (c)(16) as follows:

§ 16.98 Exemption of Drug Enforcement Administration Systems.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(16) Regional Automated Intelligence Data System (RAIDS) (JUSTICE/DEA-028).

* * * * *

Dated: July 24, 1980.

William D. Van Stavoren,

Acting Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23696 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

28 CFR Part 50

Open Judicial Proceedings; Policy

AGENCY: Department of Justice.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This section establishes guidelines for Government attorneys for consenting to, or moving for, the closure of judicial proceedings. The policy adopts a strong presumption that judicial proceedings should be open to the public unless closure is plainly essential to the interests of justice. Government attorneys may not move for or consent to closure of a portion of a judicial proceeding without the approval of the Deputy or Associate Attorney General.

DATES: Comments are invited from the public and the media. Comments should be received by the Department of Justice by September 15, 1980.

ADDRESS: Comments should be submitted to: Larry L. Simms, Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice, Constitution Avenue and 10th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20530.

Comments received in response to this notice will be available for public inspection in the Public Reading Room (Room 1266), Department of Justice, Constitution Avenue and 10th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. between 9:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays, until the proposed rule is published in final form.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: T. Alexander Aleinikoff, Attorney-Adviser, Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice, Constitution Avenue and 10th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20530, (202) 633-2044.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Part 50 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations is proposed to be amended by adding a new § 50.9, to read as set forth below.

Dated: July 30, 1980.

Benjamin R. Civiletti,
Attorney General.

PART 50—STATEMENTS OF POLICY

It is proposed to add § 50.9 to read as follows:

§ 50.9 Policy with regard to open judicial proceedings.

Because of the vital public interest in open judicial proceedings, the Government has a general affirmative duty to oppose their closure. There is, moreover, a strong presumption against closing proceedings or portions thereof, and the Department of Justice foresees very few cases in which closure would be warranted. The Government should move for or consent to closed proceedings only when closure is plainly essential to the interests of justice. In furtherance of the Department's concern for the right of the public to attend judicial proceedings and the Department's obligation to the fair administration of justice, the following guidelines shall be adhered to by all attorneys for the United States.

(a) These guidelines apply to all federal trials, pre-trial evidentiary hearings, plea proceedings, sentencing proceedings, or portions thereof, except as indicated in paragraph (e) of this section.

(b) A Government attorney has a compelling duty to protect the societal interest in open proceedings.

(c) A Government attorney shall not move for a consent to closure of a proceeding covered by these guidelines unless:

(1) No reasonable alternative exists for protecting the interests at stake;

(2) Closure is clearly likely to prevent the harm sought to be avoided;

(3) The degree of closure is minimized to the greatest extent possible;

(4) The public is given adequate notice of the proposed closure, and the motion for closure is made on the record;

(5) Transcripts of the closed proceedings will be unsealed as soon as the interests requiring closure no longer obtain; and

(6) Failure to close the proceedings will produce

(i) A substantial likelihood of denial of the right of a party to a fair trial,

(ii) A substantial likelihood of imminent danger to the safety of parties, witnesses, or other persons, or

(iii) A substantial likelihood that ongoing investigations will be seriously jeopardized.

(d) A Government attorney shall not move for or consent to the closure of:

(1) A civil proceeding except with the express authorization of the Associate Attorney General, based on articulated findings which meet the requirements of (c) above; or

(2) A criminal proceeding except with the express authorization of the Deputy Attorney General, based on articulated findings which meet the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section.

(e) These guidelines do not apply to:

(1) The closure of part of a judicial proceeding where necessary to protect national security information or classified documents; or

(2) *In camera* inspection, or the receipt, consideration or sealing, during the course of an open proceeding and as governed by substantive or procedural law (including the rules of evidence), of the following: trade secrets or similar commercial information, material which jeopardizes confidential investigative sources and methods, or grand jury information; or

(3) Conferences traditionally held at the bench or in chambers during the course of an open proceeding.

[FR Doc. 80-23670 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[FRL 1562-4]

State of Washington; Availability of Implementation Plan Revision

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of availability and advance notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: EPA announces today receipt of a revision to the Washington State Implementation Plan which describes a strategy for the control of airborne lead within areas of the Central Puget Sound Region.

The public is invited to submit written comments to the record. A Notice of Proposed Rulemaking describing this revision and the action that EPA intends to take regarding this proposed revision will be published in the Federal Register at a later date. A second comment period for submittal of written comments will extend for thirty (30) days after the publication of the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

DATE: Preliminary comments on the proposed revisions will be accepted by EPA until such time as EPA publishes its Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. Subsequent to such proposal, EPA will again invite public comment on these proposed revisions to the Washington SIP.

ADDRESSES: The revisions to the Washington State Implementation Plan may be examined during normal business hours at the following locations:

Central Docket Section (#10A-80-10), Environmental Protection Agency, West Tower Lobby, Gallery I, 401 M Street, Washington, D.C. 20460.

Air Programs Branch, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101.

State of Washington, Department of Ecology, 4224-6th Avenue SE., Rowesix, Bldg. #4, Lacey, WA 98503.

Comments Should Be Addressed To:

Laurie M. Kral, Air Programs Branch, M/S 629, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101, Telephone No. (206) 442-1226, FTS: 399-1226.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard F. White, Air Programs Branch, M/S 629, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101, Telephone No. (206) 442-1226, FTS: 399-1226.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Effective October 5, 1978 a National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for airborne lead was established at 1.5 u/m³ averaged quarterly. Therefore, pursuant to Section 110 of the Clean Air Act, each state is required to submit to EPA an implementation plan to attain and maintain the national standard for lead. This plan must demonstrate attainment of the lead NAAQS by November 5, 1982, and maintenance thereafter.

The revision entitled "Airborne Lead: A Plan for Control," contains control strategies for the Central Puget Sound

Region. This revision includes (1) the Interstate-5 nonattainment area for lead in Seattle, and (2) the three-phase plan for reduction in lead emissions from parking lots and RSR Quemetco secondary lead smelter on Harbor Island, Seattle and (3) documentation of available lead data concerning the ASARCO copper smelter in Tacoma. A more detailed description of this revision will be published in the Federal Register at a later date as part of the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

The purpose of this Notice is to call the public's attention to the fact that the Airborne Lead Implementation Plan for the Central Puget Sound Region has been formally submitted to EPA by the state and is available for public inspection at the locations listed above. The public is encouraged to submit written comments regarding the proposed revision and thus participate in this rulemaking activity. Those interested may wish to first read the General Preamble for proposed rulemaking published by the EPA on April 4, 1979 (44 FR 20372) which identifies the major considerations that will guide EPA's evaluation of SIP revisions.

(Secs. 110 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410 and 7502)).

Dated: July 28, 1980.

Donald P. Dubois,
Regional Administrator.

[FR doc. 80-23747 filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

40 CFR Parts 167 and 169

[FRL 1563-5]

Registration of Pesticide Producing Establishments, Submission of Pesticide Reports, Labeling, and Maintenance of Records; Proposed Amendment to Regulations for Registration of Establishments and Maintenance of Records

AGENCY: Office of Enforcement, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or the Agency).

ACTION: Proposed rule, extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: In the Federal Register of July 9, 1980 (45 FR 46100) EPA proposed to amend its regulations on registration of pesticide producing establishments and recordkeeping (40 CFR Parts 167 and 169) to include producers of active ingredients used in making pesticides. Comments were requested by August 6, 1980. An industry group and companies representing a broad spectrum of the chemical and pesticide industry expressed interest in this proposal and

requested an extension of the comment period. Accordingly, the Agency is extending the comment period to encourage public comment on its proposal.

DATE: Comments on the proposed amendments to 40 CFR Parts 167 and 169 must be received by September 8, 1980.

ADDRESS: Interested persons are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting written comments to Mr. Peter J. Niemiec, Pesticides and Toxic Substances Enforcement Division (EN-342), Policy and Strategy Branch, EPA, 401 M Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. All comments filed pursuant to this notice will be available for public inspection in the Pesticides and Toxic Substances Enforcement Division, Room 3624 at the address given above from 8:30 to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peter J. Niemiec, Office of Enforcement, Pesticides and Toxic Substances Enforcement Division, EN-342, EPA 401 M Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. (202) 755-9404.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On July 9, 1980, EPA published a proposed amendment to its regulations regarding the registration of pesticide producing establishments and recordkeeping (40 CFR Parts 167 and 169). The primary purpose of this proposed amendment is to require producers of active ingredients used to make pesticides to register their establishments and report their production as well. Congress directed the Agency to register active ingredient producers in the Federal Pesticide Act of 1978, Pub. L. 95-396, 92 Stat. 819, which amended the Federal Insecticide and Rodenticide Act, U.S.C. Section 136 *et seq* (hereinafter, "FIFRA" or "the Act").

Since the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking was published, EPA has received several written and oral requests to extend the comment period for an additional thirty days. The organizations requesting the extension ranged from a manufacturer of pesticides through manufacturers of commodity chemicals, to a trade group for chemical manufacturers. In general, the reason for the request was that the proposed amendments will affect manufacturers not currently regulated under FIFRA. Thus, it was felt that more time was needed to adequately assess the impact of the proposal.

EPA believes that this is a legitimate reason for extending the comment period. In particular, the Agency hopes that the extended comment period will encourage more public comment on the effects of its proposal on the commodity chemical industry. Comments on all

other aspects of the proposal are also encouraged.

Dated: August 1, 1980.

Richard O. Wilson,
Acting Assistant Administrator for
Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 80-23821 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

40 CFR Part 410

(FRL 1559-4)

Textile Mills Point Source Category Effluent Limitations Guidelines; Pretreatment Standards, and New Source Performance Standards

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of availability, correction.

SUMMARY: EPA is making available a correction in the development document supporting the Agency's October 29, 1979, proposed regulation (44 FR 62204) implementing Sections 301, 304, 306, and 307 of the Clean Water Act for the textile industry. The purpose of this notice is to clarify the methodology used by the agency to calculate the proposed numerical limitations. EPA is inviting submission of comments relating to the information presented in this notice.

DATE: Comments should be submitted no later than September 5, 1980.

ADDRESS: Comments should be submitted to Mr. James R. Berlow, Effluent Guidelines Division (WH-552), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. James R. Berlow, Effluent Guidelines Division (WH-522), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460, telephone (202) 426-2554.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 29, 1979, the Environmental Protection Agency proposed a regulation (44 FR 62204) to establish best available technology economically achievable (BAT) and best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT) limits for existing sources, new source performance standards (NSPS), and pretreatment standards for existing and new sources (PSES and PSNS) for the Textile Mills Point Source Category.

The regulation, as proposed, requires no revision; however, the Agency inadvertently included an early draft of Table V-9 in the supporting *Development Document for Proposed Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Textile Mills Point Source Category* (EPA 440/1-79/022b). Based upon additional data, Table V-9 had been revised prior to publication of the proposed regulation. EPA used the revised table in developing the proposed regulation, not the earlier draft. EPA regrets any inconvenience or confusion this oversight may have caused, and presents the corrected table provided in this notice.

Solicitation of Comments:

EPA invites and encourages public participation in its rulemaking process. Comments should be specifically directed to any changes between the original and corrected versions of Table V-9. EPA is soliciting comments only on the correction presented here. Any comments not related to the specific data contained in Table V-9 will not be appropriate. The Agency is allowing 30 days from the publication of this notice for evaluation and presentation of comments. Therefore, comments should be submitted to James R. Berlow at the above address no later than September 5, 1980.

Dated: July 23, 1980.

Eckart C. Beck,

Assistant Administrator for Water and Waste Management.

Table V-9 (Correct).—Typical BPT Effluent Concentrations—Conventional and Nonconventional Pollutants
(Summary of historical and field sampling data)

Subcategory	DOD (mg/l)	COD (mg/l)	TSS (mg/l)	O&G (mg/l)	Phenol (µg/l)	Chromium (µg/l)	Sulfide (µg/l)	Color APHA units
1. Wool Scouring	120	2,600	1,200	190	100	40	360	1,900
2. Wool Finishing	50	240	50	#	80	200	(2,000)	(150)
3. Low Water Use Processing	25	220	30	#	60	60	90	#
4. Woven Fabric Finishing								
a. Simple Processing	15	240	40	25	30	20	130	150
b. Complex Processing	25	250	50	(8)	70	30	60	(150)
c. Complex Processing Plus Desiz- ing	25	250	50	9	50	30	1,100	150
5. Knit Fabric Finishing								
a. Simple Processing	15	270	35	15	60	60	130	150
b. Complex Processing	20	280	55	30	60	25	55	150
c. Hosiery Products	70	570	130	#	60	30	55	150
6. Carpet Finishing	35	290	60	#	100	25	60	150
7. Stock and Yarn Finishing	10	140	25	(90)	60	40	120	150

Table V-9 (Correct).—Typical BPT Effluent Concentrations—Conventional and Nonconventional Pollutants—Continued

(Summary of historical and field sampling data)

Subcategory	DOD (mg/l)	COD (mg/l)	TSS (mg/l)	O&G (mg/l)	Phenol (µg/l)	Chromium (µg/l)	Sulfide (µg/l)	Color APHA units
8. Nonwoven Manufacturing.....	35	565	75	#	20	#	#	150
9. Felted Fabric Processing.....	35	305	95	#	80	#	#	150

Insufficient data to establish a typical value.
() Value is median of field sampling results.

[FR Doc. 80-23778 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

49 CFR Part 1116

[Ex Parte No. 382]

Recordation of Documents

AGENCY: Interstate Commerce Commission.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: We propose to modify certain administrative procedures by requiring a "notification of release" with the filing of any trust document or other instrument with the Secretary's Office for recordation, pursuant to 49 USC 11303. This provision will require the filing party to indicate when a document is filed, the period it should be retained by the Commission. At the end of the period, unless a continuation is requested, the Commission will dispose of the documents according to the retention schedule provided in this modified rule.

DATE: Comments on this proposed rulemaking are due on or before September 5, 1980.

ADDRESS: An original and 10 copies, if possible, should be sent to: Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C. 20423.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James H. Bayne, 202-275-7646 or Joseph Ross, 202-275-0956.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of this rulemaking is to provide a reasonable limitation on the retention period for documents filed with the Commission under 49 USC 11303, as evidence of proprietary or leasehold interest in certain transportation property. These documents include mortgages, leases, equipment trust agreements, conditional sales agreements or other instruments evidencing the mortgage, lease, conditional sale or bailment of railroad cars, locomotives, or other rolling stock or vessels. Assignment of a right or interest under one to those instruments and an amendment to that instrument or assignment are also included.

Section 49 U.S.C. 11303 does not provide a specific retention period for such documents filed with the Commission. The statute only requires the Commission to maintain a system for recording each document and an index of those documents, which is open to the public.

Since the recordation provision was enacted in 1952, the Commission has maintained such documents at its Washington Headquarters' office. It is no longer possible to retain all such documents for an indefinite period of time. The Secretary of the Commission is custodian of such records and as filing officer, has the power to destroy those documents that have lapsed or are no longer effective instruments. The Office of the Secretary has determined that a total retention period of 30 years will be sufficient to deal with most documents filed under 49 U.S.C. 11303. Upon the recommendation of the Secretary, we plan to adopt the following amendments to 49 CFR 1116.5 which proposes that such documents having an initial retention period of 15 years be maintained at the Commission's Washington offices. Documents which are still effective after the initial retention period would be transferred to the Federal Records Center for an additional period of 15 years. Expired or lapsed documents would be destroyed after the initial 15 year retention period. Our proposed rule would also provide special provisions by which the filing party can request that individual documents be maintained longer than 30 years.

We also propose to adopt the following retention schedule for documents now on file with the Commission under 49 U.S.C. 11303. Recorded documents filed prior to June 1, 1965, will be transferred immediately to the Federal Records Center, with a proposed destruction date of July 1, 1995. Documents filed between July 1, 1965, and the effective date of this rule will be retained by the Commission until July 1, 1995. Such documents will be disposed of under the provisions of this rule. If after July 1, 1995, they are no longer effective, the documents will be

destroyed. Documents which expire after July 1, 1995, will be transferred to the Federal Records Center for an additional retention period of 15 years. After the additional retention period, the documents will be destroyed, unless a continuance is requested by the parties that filed the documents.

The action proposed will not have an adverse effect on either the quality of the human environment or conservation of energy resources. However, anyone may comment on this aspect of the proposal.

Oral hearings do not appear to be necessary at this time and none is contemplated. Anyone wishing to present views and evidence, either in support of or in opposition to this proposal, is invited to submit written data, views, or arguments. Written materials submitted will be available for public inspection at the offices of the Interstate Commerce Commission, 12th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. during regular business hours.

This notice of proposed rules is issued under authority of 49 U.S.C. 11303 and 5 U.S.C. 553.

Decided: July 23, 1980.

By the Commission, Chairman Gaskins, Vice-Chairman Gresham, Commissioners Stafford, Clapp, Trantum, Alexis, and Gilliam. Commissioner Clapp absent and not participating.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

Appendix

This rulemaking proposes amending Subchapter B, Part 1116 of Chapter 10 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations by adding to paragraph (a) of Part 1116.5 so that Part 1116.5(a) reads as follows:

(a)(1) The original and copies of the documents filed with the Commission under the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 11303 will be stamped with a consecutive recordation number and the date and hour of recordation. A notation will be added to show that the document has been filed under the provision of 49 U.S.C. 11303. The original will be returned and the copies or counterpart retained by the Commission.

(2) The Secretary will accept a document for filing under these regulations only if the filing parties include a notification of release which states the period of time that such document must be retained by the Commission. This notification must specify the expiration date of the document. If the expiration date of the document or the requested retention period exceeds 30 years, the filing party must also submit a request for continuation which will inform the Commission of the need to retain the document beyond the 30-year retention period established by these regulations.

(3) Documents filed under these regulations which have an expiration date of 15 years or less will be retained in the Office of the Secretary for 60 days after the expiration of the initial 15 year retention period. At the end of the 60-day period, unless the filing party

requests a continuation of the retention period, the documents will be destroyed.

(4) Documents with expiration dates of more than 15 years will be retained in the Office of the Secretary for an initial retention period of 15 years. Sixty days after the expiration of the initial 15-year period, the documents will be transferred to the Federal Records Center for an additional 15 years. Sixty days after the end of the second 15-year period, the documents will be destroyed unless the filing party requests a continuation of the retention period.

(5) A continuation request may also be made by the filing party between 180 days before and 60 days after the expiration of the retention period. Any such continuation request must be signed by the filing party. It must identify the recordation number of the original document, and state that the original document is still effective. Upon timely filing and acceptance of the continuation request, the retention period of the document will be extended for 5 years from the expiration date of the last retention period. Succeeding continuation requests may be made in the same manner to extend the retention period.

[FR Doc. 80-23777 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

Notices

Federal Register

Vol. 45, No. 153

Wednesday, August 6, 1980

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

FEDERAL COUNCIL ON THE AGING

Meeting

The Federal Council on the Aging was established by the 1973 Amendments to the Older Americans Act of 1965 (Pub. L. 93-29, 42 U.S.C. 3015) for the purpose of advising the President, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Commissioner on Aging and the Congress on matters relating to the special needs of older Americans.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463, 5 U.S.C. App. 1, Sec. 10, 1976) that the Council will hold a meeting on August 25, 1980 from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. and August 26, 1980 from 9:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. in Rooms 403A Hubert Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20201.

The agenda will consist of a discussion on the pros and cons of major issues emanating from the Council's Congressionally-Mandated Study and strategies for effectively "bounding" these issues. Status reports on committee activity will be presented. Also, special guests including Mr. Morton Leeds of the Department of Housing and Urban Development will make presentations.

Finally, non-mandated aging concerns/issues which will highlight Council work in FY' 81 are to be discussed.

Further information on the Council may be obtained from the Federal Council on the Aging, Washington, D.C. 20201, telephone (202) 245-0441.

FCA meetings are open for public observation.

Dated: July 31, 1980.

Charles J. Fahey,
Chairman, Federal Council on the Aging.

[FR Doc. 80-23653 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4110-92-M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Spruce Creek Wilderness Study Area; White River National Forest Pitkin County, Colo.; Public Hearing

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing will be held during the hours of 2:00 to 5:00 p.m. and 7:00 to 10:00 p.m., September 9, 1980, at the Holiday Inn, Glenwood Springs, Colorado, on a proposal for the future management of the Spruce Creek Study Area contiguous to the Hunter Creek-Fryingpan Wilderness. The Area contains approximately 8,000 acres within the White River National Forest in the county of Pitkin in the State of Colorado.

A copy of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement may be obtained from the Forest Supervisor, White River National Forest, P.O. Box 948, Glenwood Springs, Colorado 81601.

Individuals and organizations may express their views by appearing at this hearing or may submit written comments for inclusion in the official record to the Regional Forester, Rocky Mountain Region, P.O. Box 25127, Lakewood, Colorado 80225. Those persons wishing to present oral testimony at the hearing should notify the Regional Forester at the above address, prior to September 2, 1980. To be included in the official record, written comments must be received by October 9, 1980.

R. Max Peterson,
Chief, Forest Service.

July 31, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23650 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M

Soil Conservation Service

Environmental Impact Finding; Buggy Creek Critical Area Treatment RC&D Measure, Oklahoma

AGENCY: Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

ACTION: Notice of a finding of no significant impact.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Mr. Roland R. Willis, State Conservationist, Soil Conservation Service, Agricultural Center Office Building, Farm Road & Brumley Street, Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074, telephone 405-624-4460.

Notice

Pursuant to Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council on Environmental Quality Guidelines (40 CFR Part 1500); and the Soil Conservation Service Guidelines (7 CFR Part 650); the Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is not being prepared for the Buggy Creek Critical Area Treatment RC&D Measure, Caddo County, Oklahoma.

The environmental assessment of this federally assisted action indicates that the project will not cause significant local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. As a result of these findings, Mr. Roland R. Willis, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement are not needed for this project.

The measure concerns a plan for a critical area treatment plan for erosion control. The planned works of improvement include gully shaping, waterways, vegetative protection, erosion control dams, a diversion, concrete channel liners, critical area plantings, and fencing.

The Notice of a Finding of No Significant Impact (FNSI) has been forwarded to the Environmental Protection Agency. The basic data developed during the environmental assessment are on file and may be reviewed by contacting Mr. Roland R. Willis, State Conservationist, Soil Conservation Service, Agricultural Center Office Building, Farm Road & Brumley Street, Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074, telephone 405-624-4460. The FNSI has been sent to various Federal, State, and local agencies and interested parties. A limited number of copies of the FNSI are available to fill single copy requests at the above address.

Implementation of the proposal will not be initiated until September 5, 1980.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 10.901, Resource Conservation and Development Program—Public Law 87-703, 16 U.S.C. 590a-f, g)

James W. Mitchell,
Associate Deputy Chief for Natural Resource Projects.

July 25, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23620 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-16-M

Environmental Impact Finding; Upper Howard's Creek Watershed, Kentucky

AGENCY: Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

ACTION: Notice of finding of no significant impact.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mr. Glen E. Murray, State Conservationist, Soil Conservation Service, 333 Waller Avenue, Lexington, Kentucky 40504, telephone (606) 233-2749.

Notice

Pursuant to Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council on Environmental Quality Guidelines (40 CFR Part 1500); and the Soil Conservation Service Guidelines (7 CFR Part 650); the Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is not being prepared for the deauthorization of Federal funding of the Upper Howard's Creek Watershed, Clark County, Kentucky.

The environmental assessment of this action indicates that deauthorization of Federal funding of the project will not cause significant local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. As a result of these findings, Mr. Glen E. Murray, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement are not needed for this action.

The Notice of Finding of No Significant Impact (FNSI) has been forwarded to the Environmental Protection Agency. The basic data developed during the environmental assessment are on file and may be reviewed by contacting Mr. Glen E. Murray. The FNSI has been sent to various Federal, State, and local agencies and interested parties. A limited number of copies of the FNSI are available to fill single copy requests at the above address.

No administrative action on implementation of the proposal will be taken until October 6, 1980.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 10.904, Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Program, Public Law 83-566, 16 U.S.C. 1001-1008)

Dated: July 22, 1980.

James W. Mitchell,
Associate Deputy Chief for Natural Resource Projects.

[FR Doc. 80-23621 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-16-M

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 36508]

Essential Air Service at El Dorado/Camden, Ark.; Oral Argument

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, that oral argument in this proceeding is assigned to be held before the Board on August 20, 1980, at 10:00 a.m. (local time), in Room 1027, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Each party that wishes to participate in the oral argument shall so advise the Secretary, in writing, on or before August 11, 1980, together with the name of the person who will represent it at the argument. Legal counsel is not required.

To assist the parties in making their presentations to the Board, copies of the rate-of-compensation agreement between each carrier and the Bureau of Domestic Aviation will be distributed to all parties in this case prior to the oral argument.

A notice setting forth the procedures to be followed at the oral argument will be issued after August 11, 1980.

Dated at Washington, D.C., August 1, 1980.

Phyllis T. Kaylor,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23683 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6320-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**Foreign-Trade Zones Board**

[Docket No. 12-77]

Application for Expansion of Foreign-Trade Zone No. 8, Toledo, Ohio; Withdrawal Approved

Notice is hereby given that the Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority, Grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone No. 8, Toledo, has requested the withdrawal without prejudice of its application to expand its zone, filed with the Foreign-Trade Zones Board on October 20, 1977 (Docket No. 12-77). The proposal was opposed by the domestic steel industry because the main purpose of the expansion was to handle foreign steel.

The withdrawal has been approved by the Board's executive secretary and the proposal is considered closed.

Dated: July 31, 1980.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,
Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 80-23675 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

Foreign-Trade Zone Board

[Order No. 161]

Resolution and Order Approving Application of the Port of Portland, Oreg. for a Foreign-Trade Subzone in Portland; Proceedings of the Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Washington, D.C.**Resolution and order**

Pursuant to the authority granted in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 61a-18u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board has adopted the following Resolution and Order:

The Board, having considered the matter, hereby orders:

After consideration of the application of the Port of Portland, Oregon, Grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone No. 45, filed with the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) on May 30, 1979, as amended on February 29, 1980, requesting authority to establish a special-purpose subzone at the Beall Pipe and Tank Corporation facility, located at 12005 North Burgard Road in Portland, within the Columbia River Customs port of entry, for the purpose of storing imported steel coil and for the manufacture of electric resistance and spiral welded steel pipe for export, the Board, finding that the requirements of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended, and the Board's regulations are satisfied, and that the proposal is in the public interest, approves the application.

The Grantee shall notify the Board's Executive Secretary for approval prior to the commencement of any additional manufacturing operations at the subzone site. The Secretary of Commerce, as Chairman and Executive Officer of the Board, is hereby authorized to issue a grant of authority and appropriate Board Order.

Grant To Establish, Operate, and Maintain a Foreign-Trade Subzone at Portland, Oreg.

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized and empowered to grant to corporations the privilege of establishing, operating, and maintaining foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to ports of entry under the jurisdiction of the United States;

Whereas, the Board's regulations provide (15 CFR 400.304) that the establishment of a foreign-trade subzone in an area separate from an existing zone, for one or more of the specialized purposes of storing, manipulating, manufacturing, or exhibiting goods may be authorized if the Board finds that existing or authorized zones will not serve adequately

the convenience of commerce with respect to the proposed purposes;

Whereas, the Port of Portland, Oregon, Grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone No. 45 (the Grantee), has made application (filed May 30, 1979, amended February 29, 1980) in due and proper form to the Board for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a foreign-trade subzone at the Beall Pipe and Tank Corporation facility, located at 12005 North Burgard Road in Portland, Oregon, for the purposes of storing imported steel coil, and for the manufacture of electric resistance and spiral welded steel pipe for export only;

Whereas, notice of said application has been given and published, and full opportunity has been afforded all interested parties to be heard;

Whereas, the Board has found that the proposed location of the foreign-trade subzone in Portland is suitable, and the facilities provided are sufficient; and

Whereas, the Board has found that the requirements of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended, and the Board's regulations are satisfied, and that the proposal is in the public interest;

Now, Therefore, the Board hereby grants to the Grantee the privilege of establishing, operating, and maintaining a foreign-trade subzone for the above purposes, designated on the records of the Board as Foreign-Trade Subzone No. 45A, at the location mentioned above and more particularly described on the maps and drawings accompanying the application, said grant being subject to the provisions, conditions, and restrictions of the Act and the Regulations issued thereunder, to the same extent as though the same were fully set forth herein, and also to the following express conditions and limitations:

Operation of the foreign-trade subzone shall be commenced by the Grantee within a reasonable time from the date of issuance of the grant, and prior thereto, the Grantee shall obtain all necessary permits from Federal, State, and municipal authorities.

The Grantee shall allow officers and employees of the United States free and unrestricted access to and throughout the foreign-trade subzone in the performance of their official duties.

The Grantee shall notify the Executive Secretary of the Board for approval prior to the commencement of any manufacturing operation within the subzone other than that of electric resistance and spiral welded steel pipe for export.

The grant shall not be construed to relieve the Grantee or operator from liability for injury or damage to the person or property of others occasioned by the construction, operation, or maintenance of said subzone, and in no event shall the United States be liable therefor.

The grant is further subject to settlement locally by the District Director of Customs and District Army Engineer with the Grantee regarding compliance with their respective requirements for the protection of the revenue of the United States and the installation of suitable facilities.

In Witness Whereof, the Foreign-Trade Zones Board has caused its name to be signed and its seal to be affixed hereto by its Chairman and Executive Officer at

Washington, D.C., this 31st day of July 1980, pursuant to Order of the Board.

Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

Philip W. Klutznick,
Chairman and Executive Officer.

Attest.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23693 Filed 8-6-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Technical Information Service

Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

The inventions listed below are owned by the U.S. Government and are available for domestic and, possibly, foreign licensing in accordance with the licensing policies of the agency-sponsors.

Copies of patents cited are available from the Commissioner of Patents & Trademarks, Washington, DC 20231, for \$.50 each. Requests for copies of patents must include the patent number.

Copies of patent applications cited are available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161 for \$5.00 each (\$10.00 outside North American Continent). Requests for copies of patent applications must include the PAT-APPL number. Claims are deleted from patent application copies sold to avoid premature disclosure. Claims and other technical data will usually be made available to serious prospective licensees upon execution of a non-disclosure agreement.

Requests for information on the licensing of particular inventions should be directed to the addresses cited for the agency-sponsors.

Douglas J. Campion,
Program Coordinator, Office of Government Inventions and Patents, National Technical Information Service, Department of Commerce.

Chief, Intellectual Prop. Division, OTJAG,
Department of the Army, Room 2D 444,
Pentagon, Washington, DC 20310

Patent application 6-059,937: Clutch Employing Constant Force Springs. Filed July 23, 1979.

Patent application 6-066,949: Disposable Controlled Atmosphere System for Extending the Shipping and Storage Life of Lettuce. Filed August 16, 1979.

Patent application 6-082,378: Novel Process for Preparing O'O'Diethyl Methylphosphonite. Filed October 5, 1979.

Patent application 6-086,504: Acceleration Resistant Crystal Combination. Filed October 19, 1979.

Patent application 6-087,116: New Supports and Preparation Process for the Manufacture of a Calcium Chemical Pump for HF/DF Laser. Filed October 22, 1979.

Patent application 6-087,117: Improved High Energy Laser Beam Sampling Meter. Filed October 22, 1979.

Patent application 6-088,906: Triggered High Current Opening Switch. Filed October 29, 1979.

Patent application 6-089,832: Improved Pyrotechnic Fuel. Filed October 31, 1979.

Patent application 6-101,344: Fluidic Wetted Slip Range. Filed December 7, 1979.

Patent application 6-101,927: Circuit for Test of Ultra High Speed Digital Arithmetic Units. Filed December 10, 1979.

Patent application 6-105,839: Individual Lead Pull Test for Beam Leaded Devices. Filed December 20, 1979.

Patent application 6-106,983: Method and Apparatus for Non-Destructive Testing of Beam-Lead Integrated Circuit Connections. Filed December 28, 1979.

Patent application 6-109,379: Holographic Plate Exposure Meter. Filed January 3, 1980.

Patent application 6-114,547: Interference Canceling System. Filed January 23, 1980.

U.S. Department of the Air Force, AF/JACP,
1900 Half Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20324

Patent application 6-070,384: Hydraulic Seal Battery Terminal. Filed August 28, 1979.

Patent application 6-121,076: Low Profile Precision Actuator. Filed February 13, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,343: Loss-Free Scanning Antenna. Filed March 7, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,344: Method and Apparatus for Detecting Small Angular Beam Deviations. Filed March 7, 1980.

Patent application 6-129,437: Solvent Mixture for Removing Polyurethane Coatings. Filed March 11, 1980.

Patent application 6-132,452: Large Dynamic Range Low Distortion Amplitude Modulation Detector Apparatus. Filed March 21, 1980.

Patent application 6-132,453: Low Temperature Braze Alloy.

Patent application 6,133,767: Aircraft Self-Sealing Fuel Tank and Method of Fabricating; filed Mar. 25, 1980.

Patent application 6,133,769: All-Flexure Linear Isolation/Suspension System; filed Mar. 25, 1980.

Patent application 6,134,597: Beam Alignment System; filed Mar. 27, 1980.

Patent 4,198,877: Control Cable Fail Safe Device; filed July 7, 1978; patented Apr. 22, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,198,990: Mouth Mounted Accelerometer Pack; filed Mar. 5, 1979; patented Apr. 22, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,199,175: Ribbed Flange Modified Seal; filed Apr. 28, 1978; patented Apr. 22, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,199,223: Portable Optical Fiber Coupling Device; filed Mar. 30, 1978; patented Apr. 22, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,200,875: Apparatus for, and Method of, Recording and Viewing Laser-made Images on High Gain Retroreflective Sheet; filed July 31, 1978; patented Apr. 29, 1980; not available NTIS.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Program Agreements and Patent Branch, Administrative Service Division, Federal Building, Science and Education Administration, Hyattsville, MD 20782

Patent application 6,132,582: Protein Concentrate from High-Protein Pearl Millet; filed Mar. 31, 1980.

U.S. Department of Energy, Assistant General Counsel for Patents, Washington, DC 20545

Patent application 6,005,263: Improved Gas Mixtures for Gas-Filled Particle Detectors; filed Jan. 22, 1979.

Patent application 6,027,439: Method of Preparing High-Temperature-Stable Thin-Film Resistors; filed Apr. 5, 1979.

Patent application 6,030,806: Electromechanical Solar Tracking Apparatus; filed Apr. 17, 1979.

Patent application 967,748: Method of Freezing Living Cells and Tissues with Improved Subsequent Survival; filed Dec. 6, 1978.

Patent application 4,152,248: Hydrogenation of Coal Liquid Utilizing a Metal Carbonyl Catalyst; filed May 2, 1978; patented May 1, 1979; not available NTIS.

U.S. Department of Interior, Branch of Patents, 18th and C Streets NW., Washington, DC 20240

Patent application 903,430: Spray Immunization of Fish; filed May 6, 1978.

U.S. Department of the Navy, Assistant Chief for Patents, Office of Naval Research, Code 302, Arlington, VA 22217

Patent application 6,041,037: Diver's Suit Excess Gas Exhaust Valve; filed May 21, 1979.

Patent application 6,094,269: Array Shading for a Broadband Constant-Directivity Transducer; filed Nov. 14, 1979.

Patent application 6,095,112: Ferrofluid Transducer; filed Nov. 16, 1979.

Patent application 6,095,868: Optical Amplification for the Fiber Interferometer Gyro; filed Nov. 19, 1979.

Patent application 6,101,362: Piezoceramic Tubular Element with Zero End Displacement; filed Dec. 7, 1979.

Patent application 6,115,643: Linear Acoustic Array; filed Jan. 28, 1980.

Patent application 6,118,173: Integrated Bias for Waveguide Amplitude Modulator; filed Jan. 28, 1980.

Patent application 6,121,625: Dark Field Surface Inspection Illumination Technique; filed Feb. 14, 1980.

Patent application 6,122,388: Cooling Apparatus for Electronic Modules; filed Feb. 19, 1980.

Patent application 6,123,339: Phase-Conjugate Interferometer; filed Feb. 21, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,088: Semiconductor Encapsulant for Annealing Ion-Implanted GaAs; filed Feb. 29, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,268: Application on Ion Implantation to LiNbO₃ Integrated, Optical Spectrum Analyzers; filed Mar. 3, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,589: Towed Array Condition Appraisal System; filed Mar. 3, 1980.

Patent application 6,127,020: Automatic Actuator for Variable Speed Pump; filed Mar. 4, 1980.

Patent application 6,129,300: Waveguide Coupler; filed Mar. 11, 1980.

Patent application 6,129,792: Wide-Band Varactor-Tuned Gunn Oscillator; filed Mar. 12, 1980.

Patent application 6,131,349: Resonantly Pumped Mid-IR Laser; filed Mar. 19, 1980.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Assistant General Counsel for Patent Matters, NASA Code GP-2, Washington, DC 20546

Patent application 6,126,063: Thermal Reactor and Process; filed Feb. 29, 1980.

Patent application 6,129,783: Improved Sun-Sensing, Guidance System for High-Altitude Aircraft; filed Mar. 12, 1980.

Patent 4,189,234: Noncontacting Method for Measuring Angular Deflection; filed Oct. 23, 1978; patented Feb. 19, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,192,290: Combined Solar Collector and Energy Storage System; filed Apr. 28, 1978; patented Mar. 11, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,192,910: Catalyst Surfaces for the Chromous/Chromic Redox Couple; filed Nov. 29, 1978; patented Mar. 11, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,192,994: Diffractoid Grating, Configuration for X-Ray and Ultraviolet Focusing; filed Sept. 18, 1978; patented Mar. 11, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent 4,193,827: Atomic Hydrogen Storage; filed Sept. 29, 1977; patented Mar. 18, 1980; not available NTIS.

[FR Doc. 80-23615 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-04-M

Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

The inventions listed below are owned by the U.S. Government and are available for domestic and, possibly, foreign licensing in accordance with the licensing policies of the agency-sponsors.

Copies of patents cited are available from the Commissioner of Patents & Trademarks, Washington, DC 20231, for \$0.50 each. Requests for copies of patents must include the patent number.

Copies of patent applications cited are available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161 for \$5.00 each (\$10.00 outside North American Continent). Requests for copies of patent applications must include the PAT-APPL number. Claims are deleted from patent application copies sold to avoid premature disclosure. Claims and other technical data will usually be made available to serious prospective licensees upon execution of a non-disclosure agreement.

Requests for information on the licensing of particular inventions should

be directed to the addresses cited for the agency-sponsors.

Douglas J. Campion,

Program Coordinator, Office of Government Inventions and Patents, National Technical Information Service, Department of Commerce.

Chief, Intellectual Prop. Division, OTJAG, Department of the Army, Room 2D 444, Pentagon, Washington, DC 20310

Patent application 6,077,862: Cargo Container Transporter. Filed September 21, 1979.

Patent application 6,078,892: Multipurpose Humidity Controlled Agent Generator. Filed October 24, 1979.

Patent application 6,091-227: Engine Simulator to Calibrate RPM and Cam-Dwell Test Sets. Filed November 5, 1979.

Patent application 6,099,262: Doppler Extended Depth of Field Imaging System with Coherent Object Illumination. Filed December 3, 1979.

Patent application 6,114,916: Laser Scanner Transport. Filed January 24, 1980.

Patent application 6,115,819: Kinetic Sabot System. Filed January 28, 1980.

Patent application 6,115,820: Propellant Charge for Blank Ammunition. Filed January 28, 1980.

Patent 4,137,757: Compression Testing Apparatus. Filed February 2, 1976, patented February 6, 1979. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,158,503: Heterodyne Optical Correlator. Filed September 30, 1977, patented June 19, 1979. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,162,509: Non-Contact Velocimeter Using Arrays. Filed June 21, 1978, patented July 24, 1979. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,181,851: Automatic Astroposition Determination Apparatus. Filed February 24, 1978, patented January 1, 1980. Not available NTIS.

U.S. Department of the Air Force, AF/JACP, 1900 Half Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20324

Patent application 6,118,008: High Energy Solid Propellant Composition. Filed February 4, 1980.

Patent application 6,118,384: Modular Multilayer Detector. Filed February 5, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,072: Mask-Slice Alignment Method. Filed February 29, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,073: Physical Deterrent Barrier with Upward Looking Detection Sensor for Intruder Detection System. Filed February 29, 1980.

Patent application 6,126,272: Survivable Satellite Bus Structural Frame. Filed March 3, 1980.

Patent application 6,127,017: Method of Making Integrated Waveguide Cavities. Filed March 4, 1980.

Patent application 6,129,856: Biaxial Shear Force Gauge. Filed March 13, 1980.

Patent application 6,132,454: Device for Generating Simulated Waveforms for an Electronic System Maintenance Trainer. Filed March 21, 1980.

Patent application 6,133,769: All-Flexure Linear Isolation/Suspension System. Filed March 25, 1980.

Patent application 6,134,716: Method and Apparatus for Augmenting Binary Patterns. Filed March 27, 1980.

Patent 4,196,435: Radar Pulse Phase Code System. Filed August 21, 1967, patented April 1, 1980. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,199,079: Microsphere Loading Device. Filed July 31, 1978, patented April 22, 1980. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,199,175: Ribbed Flange Modified Seal. Filed April 28, 1978, patented April 22, 1980. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,199,759: System for Correlating Electronic Distance Measurement and Aerial Photography for the Extension of Geodetic Control. Filed August 10, 1978, patented April 22, 1980. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,200,840: Dual Detection Scheme for Compressive Receivers. Filed October 8, 1978, patented April 29, 1980. Not available NTIS.

Patent 4,200,872: Doppler Compensated Digital Non-Linear Waveform Generator Apparatus. Filed December 13, 1978, patented April 29, 1980. Not available NTIS.

U.S. Department of Energy, Assist. Gen. Couns. for Patents, Washington, DC 20545

Patent application 8,003,558: Side-Welded Fast Response Sheathed Thermocouple. Filed January 15, 1979.

Patent application 8,021,291: Improved Magnetic Encoding Device and Method for Making the Same. Filed March 16, 1979.

Patent application 8,022,898: Cure-in-Place Process for Seals. Filed March 22, 1979.

Patent application 8,029-964: Radiation Detection System. Filed April 13, 1979.

Patent application 8,039,428: Scram Signal Generator. Filed May 15, 1979.

Patent application 957,832: Apparatus for Measuring Resistance Change Only in a Cell Analyzer and Method for Calibrating It. Filed November 3, 1978.

Patent application 968,524: LiCl Dehumidifier/LiBr Absorption Chiller Hybrid Air Conditioning System with Energy Recovery. Filed December 4, 1979.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, Chief, Patent Branch, Westwood Building, Bethesda, MD 20205

Patent application 8,118,969: Instrument for Measuring True—RMS AC Voltage and AC Voltage Fluctuations. Filed February 5, 1980.

U.S. Department of the Navy Assistant Chief for Patents, Office of Naval Research, Code 302, Arlington, Va 22217

Patent application 6-094,250: Rare Earth-Iron Magnetostrictive Materials and Devices Using These Materials; filed Nov. 14, 1979.

Patent application 6-096,708: Buoy Anchoring System; filed Nov. 21, 1979.

Patent application 6-098,276: Offset-Pad Bearing; filed Nov. 28, 1979.

Patent application 6-101,965: Flexible Linear Thermal Array; filed Dec. 10, 1979.

Patent application 6-107,238: Boost Assisted Missile Launcher; filed Dec. 28, 1979.

Patent application 6-115,860: Multirate Digital Voice Communication Processor; filed Jan. 28, 1980.

Patent application 6-123,338: Clutter Filter Using a Minimum Number of Radar Pulses; filed Feb. 21, 1980.

Patent application 6-125,005: Single Stage Twin Piston Cryogenic Refrigerator; filed Feb. 27, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,772: Underwater-Mateable Electrical Connector; filed Mar. 3, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,778: High Torque/Acceleration Stabilized Sensor Platform; filed Mar. 3, 1980.

Patent application 6-127,707: Direct Reading Capacitance Meter; filed Mar. 8, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,328: Method of Modifying the Transition Temperature Range of TINI Base Shape Memory Alloys; filed Mar. 7, 1980.

Patent application 6-133,238: Position Interlock System for Submarine Masts and Closure; filed Mar. 24, 1980.

Patent application 6-134,717: Tokamak Plasma Heating with Intense, Pulsed Ion Beams; filed Mar. 27, 1980.

National Aeronautics & Space Administration, Assistance General Counsels for Patent Matters NASA Code GP-2, Washington, DC 20546

Patent application 6-128,064: Apparatus for Damping Operator Induced Oscillations of a Controlled System; filed Feb. 29, 1980.

Patent application 6-128,229: Inorganic Spark Chamber Frame and Method of Making the Same; filed Mar. 7, 1980.

Patent application 6-129,779: Memory-Based Frame Synchronizer 1980.

Patent application 6-129,783: Improved Sun-Sensing Guidance System for High-Altitude Aircraft; filed Mar. 12, 1980.

Patent Application 6-130,498: Method and Apparatus for Convection Control of Metallic Halide Vapor Density in a Metallic Halide Laser; filed Mar. 14, 1980.

Patent Application 957,452: Method and Apparatus for Doppler Frequency Modulation of Radiation; filed Nov. 3, 1980.

Patent Application 4,188,823: Detection of the Transition Layer Between Laminar and Turbulent Flow Areas on a Wing Surface; filed Nov. 27, 1979, patented Feb. 19, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent Application 4,189,675: Satellite Personal Communications System; filed May 30, 1980, patented Feb. 19, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent Application 4,193,388: Portable Heatable Container; filed Apr. 19, patented Mar. 18, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent Application 4,193,693: Velocity Servo for Continuous Scan Fourier Interference Spectrometer; filed Feb. 24, 1978, patented Mar. 18, 1980; not available NTIS.

Patent application 4,195,279: Attaching of Strain Gages to Substrates; filed Feb. 18, 1978, patented Mar. 25, 1980; not available NTIS.

[FR Doc. 80-23614 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510-04-M

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

Proposed Futures Contract; Availability

The Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("Commission") is making

available and requesting public comment on a rough rice futures contract proposed to be traded by the New Orleans Commodity Exchange. The New Orleans Commodity Exchange has not yet been designated as a contract market by the Commission. Copies of this proposed contract will be available at the Commission's offices in Washington, New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, and San Francisco. The Commission will also furnish copies upon request made to the Commission Secretary.

Any person interested in expressing views on the terms and conditions of this proposed contract should send comments by September 5, 1980 to Ms. Jane Stuckey, Secretary, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, 2033 K Street NW., Washington, D.C., 20581. (202) 254-6314. Copies of all comments will be available for inspection at the Commission's Washington office.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 31, 1980.

Jane K. Stuckey,
Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc. 80-23582 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8351-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

Intent To Prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for the Proposed Reallocation of Flood Control Storage to Water Supply Storage in the Cowanesque Reservoir, Tioga County, Pa.

AGENCY: Baltimore District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DOD.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare a draft environmental impact statement (DEIS).

SUMMARY: 1. The Baltimore District is currently studying the possibility of reallocating flood control storage to water supply storage in the Cowanesque Reservoir. The Cowanesque Reservoir is an existing Corps of Engineers flood control project on the Cowanesque River in north central Pennsylvania. The existing project has been designed for flood control and recreation purposes with a 410 acre summer pool at elevation 1045 msl. The reallocation study is examining the potential of permanently storing additional water in the reservoir to provide for consumptive use downstream in the Susquehanna River Basin during periods of drought.

2. Alternatives under examination consist of three increased storage levels

between 1045 feet msl and 1085 feet msl as well as the course of not providing water supply storage in the existing Federal project.

3. The study was initiated in June 1979 and a Stage I Report was circulated for review in February 1980. A public meeting was held on June 30, 1980. The responses to the Stage I report and the public meeting have been used to scope the significant issues. All parties that have not been previously notified and have an interest in the study and development of a DEIS are invited to participate by contacting the Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers.

Many comments were received on the report and at the public meeting. Issues that have been identified are the effects on flood control of impounding additional water, the inundation of the existing recreation facilities and replacement of facilities at higher pool levels, the effects of water supply drawdowns on recreation during late summer and fall, the effects of higher pool levels on terrestrial and aquatic habitat, and the effects of releasing additional water during droughts on the downstream fishery. Additional coordination with Federal, State, and local officials is anticipated prior to preparation of the DEIS. Additional public meetings and workshops will also be held.

4. A separate scoping meeting is not anticipated, and the additional workshops will be used to ascertain and elaborate upon the list of significant issues. If sufficient interest develops, a scoping meeting will be held.

5. The estimated date that the DEIS will be available to the public is October 1981.

6. Questions concerning the proposed action and DEIS can be directed to Mr. J. William Haines, Study Manager, Urban Studies Branch, Planning Division, U.S. Army Engineer District, Baltimore, P.O. Box 1715, Baltimore, Maryland 21203.

Dated: July 21, 1980.

James W. Peck,

Colonel, Corps of Engineers, District Engineer.

[FR Doc. 80-23617 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710-01-M

Corps of Engineers; Department of the Army

Intent To Prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for Central and South Florida Canal 18, Jupiter Inlet, and Loxahatchee River Study

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DOD.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare a draft environmental impact statement (DEIS).

LSUMMARY: 1. The study was authorized by resolutions adopted June 6, 1958 and December 19, 1960 by the Senate Public Works Committee, and July 1958 and June 7, 1961 by the House Public Works Committee. The resolutions requested a review of the authorized Central and Southern Florida Flood Control project with respect to and including flood control measures for northern Palm Beach County and adjacent portions of Martin County, and with particular reference to provision of flood control improvements at and in the vicinity of Jupiter Inlet and the Loxahatchee River; modification of Canal 18; and of treating this entire area as a single watershed. The planning objectives of the study include:

- a. Provide flood protection for the purpose of reducing flood damages to land use activities in the C-18 drainage basin and Jupiter estuary areas, during the period of analysis (1985-2035).
- b. Provide additional water supplies to meet existing and future municipal, industrial, and agricultural needs within the study area, during the period of analysis.
- c. Restore, enhance, and preserve the natural environment with emphasis on the protection of the Loxahatchee River.
- d. Improve and maintain water quality in C-18, Loxahatchee River, and associated waters to meet consumptive and environmental needs within the study area.
- e. Preserve and enhance fish and wildlife habitat within the study area.
- f. Provide sufficient groundwater recharge and surface flows to protect coastal water supplies subject to saltwater intrusion within the study area.
- g. Improve esthetics and pressure scenic or unique sites for future generations within the study area.
- h. Protect and enhance for future generations those free-flowing portions of the Loxahatchee River and its tributaries which possess outstanding wild, scenic, recreation, or other related values.

2. Alternative plans capable of satisfying the objectives of the study include structural and nonstructural measures. Those identified alternatives are not considered all-inclusive, but are preliminary in nature. If during the scoping process additional water resource problems, needs and alternative measures are identified, these will be assessed during the planning process. Structural measures include modification of C-18,

construction of C-300, pumping, creation of floodways and conservation pools; well field development, and sedimentation traps. Nonstructural measures include deep aquifer storage, flood plain zoning, floodproofing, evacuation and/or relocation, water conservation, waste water recycling and land treatment, onsite retention, and designation of preservation areas.

3. The process for determining the scope of issues to be addressed and identifying the significant issues related to alternative actions has been initiated through a public involvement program. Three public meetings/workshops were held during Stage I planning. Additional meetings will be scheduled during the study to provide an active and continuous participation by the public in the planning process. The study is being coordinated with the National Park Service, U.S. Geological Survey, U.S. Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, South Florida Water Management District, and Florida Game and Freshwater Fish Commission. Affected Federal, State, and local agencies; Indian tribes; and other interested organizations and individuals are invited to identify issues, problems, needs, and alternative courses of action not already considered by communicating with the addressee listed below.

a. Significant issues to be analyzed in the DEIS include flood control, water quality, water supply, and preservation and enhancement of environmental quality.

b. Consultation with the Florida State Historic Preservation Officer and U.S. Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service will be initiated in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 and Executive Order 11593. The project is being coordinated with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as required by the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1972. Section 7 requirements of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, will be initiated.

4. A scoping meeting will not be held.

5. The DEIS will be available for review in February 1982.

ADDRESS: Questions regarding the proposed action and DEIS can be referred to Dr. Lloyd Saunders, Chief of the Environment and Resources Branch, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District, P.O. Box 4970, Jacksonville, Florida 32232, telephone (904) 791-2202 or FTS 946-2202.

Dated: July 28, 1980.
James W. R. Adams,
Colonel, Corps of Engineers, District
Engineer.

[FR Doc. 80-23681 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3170-AJ-M

**Intent To Prepare a Draft
Environmental Impact Statement
(DEIS) for a Proposed Addition of Four
Pumps to the Delta Pumping Plant
Near Tracy, Calif.**

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
DOD.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare a
draft environmental impact statement
(DEIS). The document will also serve as
a draft environmental impact report
under the California Environmental
Quality Act.

SUMMARY: The State of California,
Department of Water Resources, on
October 21, 1975, applied for a
Department of the Army permit for
operation of the Delta Pumping Plant,
Intake Channel, and Clifton Court
Forebay, and for the installation and
operation of four additional pumps at
the pumping plant. The application was
filed pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers
and Harbors Act of 1899 and by order of
the United States District Court (Sierra
Club v. Morton). By making application,
the Department of Water Resources in
no way waives its right to withdraw the
application if it prevails in overturning
the order of the court referenced to
above.

To facilitate compliance with the
District Court's order, the Corps has
treated the application as if it were two
applications; first, for approval of the
existing facilities; second, for the
installation and operation for four
additional pumps. A public notice and
draft EIS for the first application was
published on December 21, 1978, and a
final EIS is presently being prepared.

The purpose of the Delta Pumping
Plant is to divert water from the
Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta to the
California Aqueduct, part of the State
Water Project (SWP), for use in the San
Joaquin Valley, South San Francisco
Bay, and Southern California areas. This
water is entirely contracted for by local
water vending agencies.

Project water flows through the
channels of the Delta to the forebay,
through control gates into the forebay,
and then through the intake channel to
the pumping plant. The pumping plant
lifts water 244 feet from the intake
channel to the California Aqueduct. The
plant was designed for 11 pumps,
presently 7 pumps are installed with a

pumping capability of 6300 cubic feet of
water per second.

The four additional pumps could each
pump 1,067 cubic feet per second and
each would be driven by a 34,500-
horsepower electric motor. These pumps
would be paired to discharge through
existing manifolds into two existing 15-
foot diameter discharge lines.

The additional units are a component
of the Department of Water Resources'
program to balance water supplies with
needs in the State Water Project's
service areas. Future components being
planned include a peripheral canal for
transferring water across the Delta,
additional reservoirs north and south of
the Delta, ground water storage south of
the Delta, and water conservation and
recycling programs in the service areas.

The purposes of the additional
pumping units are:

- a. Alleviate scheduling problems for
maintenance of the existing units,
- b. Minimize the peak power
requirements of the SWP and energy
costs, and,
- c. Convey future water supplies
developed by the aforementioned water
transfer and storage facilities.

The following alternatives have been
identified to date. All alternatives
identified below, involve operation in
compliance with California State Water
Resources Control Board Decision D-
1485 and/or other constraints.

- a. Permit denial, no action, i.e.,
continued operation with existing seven
pumps.
- b. Installation and operation of one,
two, or three additional pumps.
- c. Installation of four additional
pumps, with operations on a monthly
basis limited to the diversions which
could be made with the existing seven
pumps.
- d. Installation of four additional
pumps, with operations on an annual
basis limited to what could be diverted
with the existing seven pumps.
- e. Installation of 4 pumps, with no
limits on diversions.

On July 7th 1980, the Sacramento
District issued a Public Notice of
Application (No. 582A) to all known,
interested parties. In this notice we
requested, that the reviewers provide
comment on the topical scope,
alternatives, and major issues to be
covered by the EIS. Along with our
public notice the Department of Water
Resources issued a "Notice of
Preparation of Draft Environment
Impact Statement/Environmental
Impact Report" and a "Notice of
Solicitation of Views During Predraft
EIS/EIP Consultation Process."

Based on experience with the draft
EIS for the existing pumping plant the
significant issues will be:

- (1) Effects on the San Francisco Bay
ecosystem.
- (2) Effects on Sacramento San Joaquin
Delta water quality, fisheries and
wildlife.
- (3) Effects on water levels in nearby
Delta channels.
- (4) Effects on the State Water Project
(SWP) service areas.
- (5) Effects on energy requirements of
the Delta Pumping Plant.
- (6) The relationship of the four
additional pumps to the planned
peripheral canal and other future
facilities of the SWP.

Environmental review is also required
by the California Environmental Quality
Act (CEQA). Thus, the environmental
statement will be the joint document
described in the above public notices.

We hope to accomplish the scoping
process by mail with these notices
because of large geographical area
affected by the proposal. If additional
scoping is needed, meetings will be held
after the close of the comment period for
the public notices.

We estimate that the draft EIS will be
published in August 1981.

Questions about the proposed action
and draft EIS can be directed to Mr.
Tom Coe, Regulatory Section, U.S. Army
Corps of Engineers, 650 Capitol Mall,
Sacramento, California 95814, telephone
(916) 440-2541 (FTS 448-2541).

Paul F. Kavanaugh,
Colonel, CE, District Engineer.
July 14, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23618 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3710-GH-M

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

**National Advisory Council on Adult
Education; Meeting**

AGENCY: National Advisory Council on
Adult Education.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the
schedule and proposed agenda of a
forthcoming meeting of the Program
Liaison Committee of the National
Advisory Council on Adult Education.
This notice also describes the functions
of the Council. Notice of this meeting is
required under the Federal Advisory
Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463, Sec.
10(a)(2)).

DATE: August 21-22, 1980, 9:00 a.m. to
4:00 p.m.

ADDRESS: National Advisory Council on
Adult Education, 425 13th Street, N.W.,
Suite 323, Washington, D.C.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Gary A. Eyre, Executive Director, National Advisory Council on Adult Education, 425 13th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20004 (202/376-8892).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The National Advisory Council on Adult Education is established under Section 313 of the Adult Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1201). The Council is directed to:

Advise the Secretary in the preparation of general regulations and with respect to policy matters arising in the administration of this title, including policies and procedures governing the approval of State plans under section 306 and policies to eliminate duplication, and to effectuate the coordination of programs under this title and other programs offering adult education activities and services.

The Council shall review the administration and effectiveness of programs under this title, make recommendations with respect thereto, and make annual reports to the President of its findings and recommendations (including recommendations for changes in this title and other Federal laws relating to adult education activities and services). The President shall transmit each such report to the Congress together with his comments and recommendations.

The meeting of the Council shall be open to the public.

The proposed agenda includes:

Adult Education collaboration with other Human Service Programs.

Adult Education outreach with community based organizations.

Reauthorization issues.

Records shall be kept of all Committee proceedings, and shall be available for public inspection at the office of the National Advisory Council on Adult Education, 425 13th St., N.W., Suite 323, Washington, D.C. 20004.

Signed at Washington, D.C. on August 1, 1980.

Gary A. Eyre,
Executive Director, National Advisory Council on Adult Education.

[FR Doc. 80-23622 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Procurement and Contracts Management Directorate; Alternative Fuels Production Financial Assistance; Notice of Program Solicitation Availability

AGENCY: Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In order to expedite the domestic development and production of alternative fuels and to reduce dependence on foreign supplies of

energy resources by establishing such domestic production at maximum levels at the earliest time practicable, the Department of Energy (DOE) has been authorized by Congress (Supplemental Appropriations Bill for FY 1980) to provide financial assistance to incentivize and support the construction and operation of commercial scale alternative fuels production facilities.

Up to \$100,000,000 is available for grants to support feasibility studies of projects leading to construction and operation of commercial scale facilities. Individual awards may not exceed \$10,000,000.

An additional \$200,000,000 is available for cooperative agreements with non-Federal entities to support commercial scale development of alternative fuel facilities. Individual awards may not exceed \$25,000,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 29, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jean Leche (202) 633-8365 Alternative Fuels Task Force, Resource Applications, Mail Station 3344, Room 3500, 12th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20461.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Program Solicitation for grant application for feasibility studies, Number DE-PS01-80RA50412, and the Program Solicitation for cooperative agreement proposals, Number DE-PS01-80RA50413, will become available on or about August 1, 1980. Organizations desiring a copy of these solicitations should send a written request to:

U.S. Department of Energy, Resource Applications, Mail Station 3344, Room 3500, 12th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20461.

Organizations that were on the mailing list for the previous Alternative Fuels Program Solicitations need not submit another request to receive this solicitation.

Issued in Washington, DC July 30, 1980.
Joseph P. Cappello,
Director, Office of Procurement Operations.

[FR Doc. 80-23694 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

Tar Sands Definitional Workshop; Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Office of Oil and Natural Gas within Resource Applications is holding a workshop to try to gather information to provide a basis for establishing a definition of tar sands. Representatives from industry, the Departments of Energy and the Interior, the Internal Revenue Service, the Congress, and several States have been invited to provide input on an

appropriate definition. The workshop will be held at the U.S. Geological Survey National Center in Reston, Virginia, on Thursday, August 7, 1980, beginning at 9:00 a.m. and lasting until 3:30 p.m. If more time is required, the workshop will be continued on Friday, August 8, 1980, at 9:00 a.m.

The workshop will be open to the public. The chairman of the workshop is empowered to conduct the meeting in a fashion that will, in his judgment, facilitate the orderly conduct of business. Any member of the public who wishes to file a written statement with the chairman will be permitted to do so, either before or after the meeting. Members of the public who wish to make an oral statement should inform Ira C. Mayfield, Acting Director, Office of Oil and Natural Gas, (202) 633-8395, prior to the meeting and reasonable provision will be made for their appearance of the agenda.

Issued at Washington, D.C. on July 29, 1980.
R. D. Langenkamp,
Deputy Assistant Secretary, Resource Development & Operations, Resource Applications.

[FR Doc. 80-23740 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

Economic Regulatory Administration

Field Oil Co., Inc.; Action Taken on Consent Order

AGENCY: Economic Regulatory Administration, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of action taken and opportunity for comment on consent order.

SUMMARY: The Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) of the Department of Energy (DOE) announces action taken to execute a Consent Order and provides an opportunity for public comment on the Consent Order and on potential claims against the refunds deposited in an escrow account establishment pursuant to the Consent Order.

DATES: Effective date: July 22, 1980.

COMMENTS BY: September 5, 1980.

ADDRESS: Send comments to: Kenneth E. Merica, District Manager of Enforcement, P.O. Box 26247, Belmar Branch, Lakewood, Colorado, 80226.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kenneth E. Merica, District Manager of Enforcement, P.O. Box 26247, Belmar Branch, Lakewood, Colorado, 80226. Phone: (303) 234-3195.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On July 22, 1980, the Office of Enforcement of the ERA executed a consent Order with

Field Oil Company, Inc. (Field) of Ogden, Utah. Under 10 CFR 205.199(j)(b), a Consent Order which involves a sum of less than \$500,000 in the aggregate, excluding penalties and interest, becomes effective upon its execution.

I. The Consent Order

Field, with its home office located in Ogden, Utah, is a firm engaged in the business of purchasing covered products and reselling them to wholesale purchasers and ultimate consumers, without substantially changing their form, and is subject to the Mandatory Petroleum Price and Allocation Regulations at 10 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 212. To resolve certain civil actions which could be brought by the Office of Enforcement of the Economic Regulatory Administration as a result of its audit of Field, the Office of Enforcement, ERA, and Field entered into a Consent Order, the significant terms of which are as follows:

1. Total overcharge during the audit period (March 1, 1979, through July 31, 1979) on all covered gasoline products was: \$20,237.87.

a. Wholesale Reseller Overcharge: \$16,001.75.

b. Retail End-User Overcharge: \$4,236.12.

2. Field violated the gasoline price regulations contained in 10 CFR 212.93(a)(1) of the Mandatory Petroleum Price Regulations by exceeding its "maximum legal selling price" for the covered gasoline products sold to Field's wholesale and retail customers.

3. Field has agreed to refund the total overcharge on or before September 30, 1980.

4. Field has paid a civil penalty of \$5,059.25 in connection with the overcharges.

5. The provisions of 10 C.F.R. 205.199], are applicable to the Consent Order.

II. Disposition of Refunded Overcharges

In this Consent Order, Field agrees to refund, in full settlement of any civil liability with respect to actions which might be brought by the Office of Enforcement, ERA, arising out of the transactions specified in I.1.a. above, the sum of \$16,001.75, plus interest, on or before September 30, 1980. Refund of those overcharges will be in the form of certified check(s) made payable to the United States Department of Energy and will be delivered to the Assistant Administrator for Enforcement, ERA. These funds will remain in a suitable account pending the determination of their proper disposition.

The DOE intends to distribute the refund amounts in a just and equitable

manner in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, distribution of such refunded overcharges requires that only those "persons" (as defined at 10 CFR 205.2) who actually suffered a loss as a result of the transactions described in the Consent Order receive appropriate refunds. Because of the petroleum industry's complex marketing system, it is likely that overcharges have been passed through as higher prices to subsequent purchasers. In fact, the adverse effects of the overcharges may have become so diffused that it is a practical impossibility to identify specific, adversely affected persons, in which case disposition of the refunds will be made in the general public interest by an appropriate means such as payment to the Treasury of the United States pursuant to 10 CFR 205.199(i)(a).

Furthermore, Field agrees to refund, in full settlement of any civil liability with respect to actions which might be brought by the Office of Enforcement, ERA, arising out of transactions specified in I.1.b. above, the sum of \$4,236.12, plus interest, on or before September 30, 1980. Refund of those overcharges shall be in the form of payment by check or by credit memo against future purchases for each identified retail end-user overcharged.

III. Submissions of Written Comments

A. Potential Claimants: Interested persons who believe that they have a claim to all or a portion of the refund amount specified in I.1.a. above, should provide written notification of the claim to the ERA at this time. Proof of claims is not now being required. Written notification to the ERA at this time is requested primarily for the purpose of identifying valid potential claims to the refund amount. After potential claims are identified, procedures for the making of proof of claims may be established. Failure by a person to provide written notification of a potential claim within the comment period for this Notice may result in the DOE irrevocably disbursing the funds to other claimants or to the general public interest.

B. Other Comments: The ERA invites interested persons to comment on the terms, conditions, or procedural aspects of this Consent Order.

You should send your comments or written notification of a claim to Kenneth E. Merica, District Manager of Enforcement, P.O. Box 26247, Belmar Branch, Lakewood, Colorado 80226. You may obtain a free copy of this Consent Order by writing to the same address or by calling (303) 234-3195.

You should identify your comments or written notification of a claim on the outside of your envelope and on the documents you submit with the designation, "Comments on Field Oil Company, Inc. Consent Order." We will consider all comments we receive by 4:30 p.m., local time, on (30 days after publication). You should identify any information or data which, in your opinion, is confidential and submit it in accordance with the procedures in 10 CFR 205.9(f).

Issued in Lakewood, Colorado, on the 22nd day of July 1980.

Kenneth E. Merica,
District Manager of Enforcement, Rocky Mountain District.

[FR Doc. 80-23743 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act; Rescission of Prohibition Orders

Pursuant to 10 CFR 303.137(d), the Department of Energy (DOE) hereby gives notice that on July 31, 1980, it issued orders rescinding the Prohibition Orders issued on June 30, 1977, to the International Paper Company's Pine Bluff, Arkansas Plant, Units 1 and 2 (Docket No. OCU-0786) pursuant to Section 2 of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (ESECA), as amended (15 U.S.C. 791 *et seq.*).¹ This action was initiated by DOE under the authority granted to it by Section 2(f) of ESECA and in accordance with the implementing regulations, 10 CFR Part 303, Subpart J. The Prohibition Orders, if made effective by issuance of Notices of Effectiveness (NOE), would have prohibited the above-named major fuel burning installations (MFBI) from burning natural gas or petroleum products as their primary energy source.

By the terms of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977 (Pub. L. 95-95), the written concurrence of the Governor of the State in which the facility is located must be obtained before the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may certify to DOE that the outstanding Prohibition Orders can take effect. By letter of July 16, 1979, Arkansas Governor Bill Clinton advised EPA that, because of environmental problems involving the disposal of solid wastes by the local jurisdictions surrounding the Pine Bluff Plant and his desire to see

¹ Effective October 1, 1977, the responsibility for implementing ESECA was transferred by Executive Order No. 12009 from the Federal Energy Administration to the Department of Energy pursuant to the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 *et seq.*)

Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 burn solid wastes as their primary energy source, he did not intend to concur on the Prohibition Orders requiring the conversion of the units to coal.

Accordingly, by letter of February 6, 1980, EPA advised DOE that it could not certify the earliest date upon which Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 would be able to burn coal as their primary energy source and be in compliance with applicable air pollution control requirements, as required by Section 2 of ESECA and Section 112(b)(2) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977.

Based upon this information, DOE has determined that the outstanding Prohibition Orders issued to Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 cannot be made effective without the EPA certification as required by 10 CFR 303.37(b)(1), and accordingly, DOE has rescinded the orders.

In its "Intention to Rescind a Prohibition Order" published in the Federal Register on March 25, 1980 (45 FR 19296), DOE gave notice of its intention to rescind the Prohibition Orders issued to the above-named MFBI, and invited written comments on the proposed action. No comments were received during the period allotted for submission of written comments, and no issues were raised or called to DOE's attention, which would have caused DOE to terminate the rescission action.

These Rescission Orders were served on Mr. Gardiner L. Tucker, Vice President, Science and Technology, International Paper Company, 720 E. 42nd Street, New York, New York 10017, by registered mail, July 31, 1980. Copies of the Rescission Orders will be on display for any interested members of the public to inspect at the DOE Public Docket Room located in Room B-120, 2000 M Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20461, from 1:00 to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday of each week. Copies will also be available at the appropriate DOE regional office and in the Freedom of Information Reading Room, Room 5B-180, Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, D.C. 20585, between the hours of 8:15 a.m. and 4:15 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Any person aggrieved by the Rescission Orders may file an appeal with the DOE Office of Hearings and Appeals (previously the Office of Exceptions and Appeals) in accordance with 10 CFR Part 303, Subpart H. The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after service of the Rescission Orders. Service by registered mail is complete upon mailing. There has not been an exhaustion of administrative remedies until an appeal has been filed pursuant

to Subpart H and the appellate proceeding is completed by the issuance of an order granting or denying the appeal.

Any questions regarding this rescission action should be directed to DOE as follows: Steven A. Frank, ESECA Programs Branch, Department of Energy, Economic Regulatory Administration, Room 3318, 2000 M Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20461, (202) 653-3701. Written questions should be identified on the envelope and in the correspondence with the designation, "International Paper Company, Pine Bluff 1 and 2—Rescission Orders".

(Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 791 *et seq.*) as amended by Pub. L. 95-70 and Pub. L. 95-620; Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 761 *et seq.*) as amended by Pub. L. 95-70, and Pub. L. 95-91; Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 *et seq.*); E.O. 11790 (39 FR 23185); E.O. 12009 (42 FR 46167))

Issued in Washington, D.C., July 31, 1980.

Robert L. Davies,
Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of
Fuels Conversion, Economic Regulatory
Administration.

Rescission Orders

Registered Mail

To: International Paper Company, 220 E. 42nd Street, New York, New York 10017.
Attention: Mr. Gardiner L. Tucker, Vice President.

Docket No.	Owner	Plant and Units	Location
OCU-0786	International Paper Co.	Pine Bluff, 1 and 2.	Pine Bluff, Ark.

Pursuant to Section 2(f) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (ESECA), as amended (15 U.S.C. 792(f)) and in accordance with the implementing regulations, 10 CFR Part 303, Subpart J ("Modification of Rescission of Prohibition Orders and Construction Orders"), the Economic Regulatory Administration of the Department of Energy (DOE) hereby rescinds the Prohibition Orders issued on June 30, 1977, to the above-named major fuel burning installations (MFBI). Such orders, if made effective by the issuance of Notices of Effectiveness (NOE), would have prohibited these MFBI from burning natural gas or petroleum products as their primary energy source.

By the terms of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977 (Pub. L. 95-95), the written concurrence of the Governor of the State in which the facility is located must be obtained before the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may certify to DOE that the

¹ Effective October 1, 1977, the responsibility for implementing ESECA was transferred by Executive Order No. 12009 from the Federal Energy Administration to the Department of Energy pursuant to the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 *et seq.*).

outstanding Prohibition Orders can take effect. By letter of July 16, 1979, Arkansas Governor Bill Clinton advised EPA that, because of environmental problems involving the disposal of solid wastes by the local jurisdictions surrounding the Pine Bluff Plant and his desire to see Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 burn solid wastes as their primary energy source, he did not intend to concur on the Prohibition Orders requiring the conversion of the units to coal. Accordingly, by letter of February 6, 1980, EPA advised DOE that it could not certify the earliest date upon which Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 would be able to burn coal as their primary energy source and be in compliance with applicable air pollution control requirements, as required by Section 2 of ESECA and Section 112(b)(2) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977.

Based upon this information, DOE has determined that the outstanding Prohibition Orders issued to Pine Bluff Plant, Units 1 and 2 cannot be made effective without the EPA certification as required by 10 CFR 303.37(b)(1), and accordingly, DOE hereby rescinds the orders.

In its "Intention to Rescind a Prohibition Order" published in the Federal Register on March 25, 1980 (45 FR 19296), DOE gave notice of its intention to rescind the Prohibition Orders issued to the above-named MFBI, and invited written comments on the proposed action. No comments were received during the period allotted for submission of written comments, and no issues were raised or called to DOE's attention, which would have caused DOE to terminate the rescission action.

Any person aggrieved by these Rescission Orders may file an appeal with the DOE Office of Hearings and Appeals (previously the Office of Exceptions and Appeals) in accordance with 10 CFR Part 303, Subpart H. The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after service of the Rescission Orders. Service by registered mail is complete upon mailing. There has not been an exhaustion of administrative remedies until an appeal has been filed pursuant to Subpart H and the appellate proceeding is completed by the issuance of an order granting or denying the appeal.

Any questions regarding these Rescission Orders should be directed to DOE as follows: Steven A. Frank, ESECA Programs Branch, Department of Energy, Economic Regulatory Administration, Room 2104, 2000 M Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20461 (telephone: (202) 653-3701). Written questions should be identified on the envelope and in the correspondence with the designation, "International Paper Company, Pine Bluff 1 and 2—Rescission Orders".

(Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 791 *et seq.*) as amended by Pub. L. 95-70 and Pub. L. 95-620; Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 761 *et seq.*) as amended by Pub. L. 95-70 and Pub. L. 95-91; Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 *et seq.*); E.O. 11790 (39 FR 23185); E.O. 12009 (42 FR 46267))

Issued in Washington, D.C. July 31, 1980.

Robert L. Davies,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Fuels
Conversion, Economic Regulatory
Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23581 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

[ERA Docket No. 80-CERT 021]

**Arizona Public Service Co.;
Certification of Eligible Use of Natural
Gas to Displace Fuel Oil**

Arizona Public Service Company (Arizona Public), P.O. Box 21666, Phoenix, Arizona 85036, filed an application for certification of an eligible use of natural gas to displace fuel oil at its Ocotillo Plant in Tempe, Arizona, West Phoenix Plant in Phoenix, Arizona, Saguro Plant in Red Rock, Arizona, and Yuma Plant in Yuma, Arizona, with the Administrator of the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595 on May 30, 1980. Notice of that application was published in the Federal Register (45 FR 48181, July 18, 1980) and an opportunity for public comment was provided for a period of ten (10) calendar days from the date of publication. No comments were received.

Arizona Public intends to purchase natural gas from Bixco, Inc., Phoenix, Arizona. On October 2, 1979, Arizona Public was previously granted a certificate (ERA Docket No. 79-CERT-084) of eligible use of the same amounts of natural gas to displace fuel oil requested in this application to be used at these same facilities but purchased from the Delhi Gas Pipeline Company (Delhi). To date, no natural gas has been purchased from Delhi under the certification. In this application, Arizona Public requested that it still be permitted to purchase gas from Delhi, but indicated that the total amount of gas used to displace fuel oil, even if purchased from both sellers, would not exceed the volumes requested in this application. Therefore, as recommended by the applicant, ERA is terminating the earlier certificate (79-CERT-084) upon issuance of this certificate, but incorporating into this certificate the authority to purchase oil displacement gas from Delhi.

The ERA has carefully reviewed Arizona Public's application in accordance with 10 CFR Part 595 and the policy considerations expressed in the Final Rulemaking Regarding Procedures for Certification of the Use of Natural Gas to Displace Fuel Oil (44 FR 47920, August 16, 1979). The ERA has determined that Arizona Public's

application satisfies the criteria enumerated in 10 CFR Part 595, and, therefore, has granted the certification and transmitted that certification to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. A copy of the transmittal letter and the actual certification are appended to this notice.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 31, 1980.

F. Scott Bush,

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and
Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory
Administration.

Department of Energy,

Washington, D.C.

July 31, 1980.

Re: ERA Certification of Eligible Use, ERA
Docket No. 80-CERT-021, Arizona Public
Service Company.

Mr. Kenneth F. Plumb, Secretary, Federal
Energy Regulatory Commission, 825
North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington,
D.C. 20426

Dear Mr. Plumb: Pursuant to the provisions of 10 CFR Part 595, I am hereby transmitting to the Commission the enclosed certification of an eligible use of natural gas to displace fuel oil. This certification is required by the Commission as a precondition to interstate transportation of fuel oil displacement gas in accordance with the authorizing procedures in 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. As noted in the certificate, it is effective for one year from the date of issuance, unless a shorter period of time is required by 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. Also as noted in the certificate, the earlier certification (ERA Docket No. 79-CERT-084) issued to Arizona Public Service Company on October 2, 1979 authorizing the purchase of oil displacement gas from the Delhi Gas Pipeline Company (Delhi) is terminated upon the issuance of this certificate, but the authority to purchase gas from Delhi is incorporated in this certificate. A copy of the enclosed certification is also being published in the Federal Register and provided to the applicant.

Should the Commission have any further questions, please contact Mr. Albert F. Bass, Deputy Director, Division of Natural Gas, Economic Regulatory Administration, 2000 M Street, NW, Room 7108, Washington, D.C. 20461, telephone (202) 653-3286. All correspondence and inquiries regarding this certification should reference ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-021.

Sincerely,

F. Scott Bush

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and
Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory
Administration.

Enclosure:

Certification by the Economic Regulatory
Administration to the Federal Energy
Regulatory Commission of the Use of Natural
Gas for Fuel Oil Displacement by the Arizona
Public Service Co.

[ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-021]

Application for Certification

Pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595, Arizona Public
Service Company (Arizona Public) filed an

application for certification of an eligible use of 10,832,000 Mcf per year for the Ocotillo Plant, 1,671,000 Mcf per year for the West Phoenix Plant, 5,470,000 Mcf per year for the Saguro Plant, and 2,808,000 Mcf per year for the Yuma Plant, with the Administrator of the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) on May 30, 1980. The application states that the eligible seller of the gas is Bixco, Inc. (Bixco) and that the gas will be transported by the El Paso Natural Gas Company. The eligible seller in the previous certificate (ERA Docket No. 79-CERT-084) for the same volumes is the Delhi Gas Pipeline Company (Delhi). Arizona Public requested that ERA terminate the earlier Certification of Eligible Use in Docket No. 79-CERT-084 and include both Bixco and Delhi as eligible sellers in a new certification.

This application indicates that the use of this natural gas is estimated to displace the following volumes of No. 6 and No. 2 fuel oil per year:

Estimated Barrels of Fuel Oil Displacement

	No. 6 fuel oil (0.9 percent sulfur)	No. 2 fuel oil (0.5 percent sulfur)
Ocotillo Plant.....	1,635,000	250,000
West Phoenix Plant.....	53,200	251,400
Saguro Plant.....	715,800	243,800
Yuma Plant.....	346,300	147,800

The application also indicates that neither the gas nor the displaced fuel oil will be used to displace coal in the applicant's facilities.

Certification

Based upon a review of the information contained in the application, as well as other information available to ERA, the ERA hereby certifies, pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595, that the use of the following volumes of natural gas per year at Arizona Public's various plants purchased from Bixco and/or Delhi is an eligible use of gas within the meaning of 10 CFR Part 595:

Ocotillo Plant.....	10,832,000	Mcf/yr.
West Phoenix Plant.....	1,671,000	Mcf/yr.
Saguro Plant.....	5,470,000	Mcf/yr.
Yuma Plant.....	2,808,000	Mcf/yr.

Effective Date

This certification is effective upon the date of issuance, and expires one year from that date, unless a shorter period of time is required by 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. It is effective during this period of time for the use of up to the same certified volumes of natural gas at the same facilities purchased from the same eligible sellers.

Upon the date of issuance of this certificate, the previous certificate in ERA Docket No. 79-CERT-084 is terminated.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 31, 1980.

F. Scott Bush,

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23744 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

[ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-022]

International Harvester Co.; Certification of Eligible Use of Natural Gas To Displace Fuel Oil

International Harvester Company (International Harvester), 401 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60611, filed an application for certification of an eligible use of natural gas to displace fuel oil at its foundry and factory complex located in Memphis, Tennessee, with the Administrator of the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595 on June 9, 1980. Notice of that application was published in the Federal Register (45 FR 48182, July 18, 1980) and an opportunity for public comment was provided for a period of ten (10) calendar days from the date of publication. No comments were received.

The ERA has carefully reviewed International Harvester's application in accordance with 10 CFR Part 595 and the policy considerations expressed in the Final Rulemaking Regarding Procedures for Certification of the Use of Natural Gas to Displace Fuel Oil (44 FR 47920, August 16, 1979). The ERA has determined that International Harvester's application satisfies the criteria enumerated in 10 CFR Part 595, and, therefore, has granted the certification and transmitted that certification to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. A copy of the transmittal letter and the actual certification are appended to this notice.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 31, 1980.

F. Scott Bush,

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory Administration.

Department of Energy,
Washington, D.C., July 31, 1980.

Re ERA Certification of Eligible Use, ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-022, International Harvester Company.

Mr. Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capital Street, N.E., Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Plumb: Pursuant to the provisions of 10 CFR Part 595, I am hereby transmitting to the Commission the enclosed certification of an eligible use of natural gas to displace

fuel oil. This certification is required by the Commission as a precondition to interstate transportation of fuel oil displacement gas in accordance with the authorizing procedures in 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. As noted in the certificate, it is effective for one year from the date of issuance, unless a shorter period of time of time is required by 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. A copy of the enclosed certification is also being published in the Federal Register and provided to the applicant.

Should the Commission have any further questions, please contact Mr. Albert F. Bass, Deputy Director, Division of Natural Gas, Economic Regulatory Administration, 2000 M Street, N.W., Room 7108 Washington, D.C. 20461, telephone (202) 653-3286. All correspondence and inquiries regarding this certification should reference ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-022.

Sincerely,

F. Scott Bush,

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory Administration.

Certification by the Economic Regulatory Administration to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission of the Use of Natural Gas for Fuel Oil Displacement by the International Harvester Co.

ERA Docket No. 80-CERT-022

Application for Certification. Pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595, International Harvester Company (International Harvester) filed an application for certification of an eligible use of up to 75,000 Mcf of natural gas per year for its foundry and factory complex located in Memphis, Tennessee, with the Administrator of the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) on June 9, 1980. The application states that the eligible seller of the gas is the Southern Ohio Energy Company (Southern Ohio), a wholly owned subsidiary of International Harvester and the gas will be transported by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation, the Texas Gas Transmission Corporation, and The Memphis Light, Gas and Water Division. The application indicates that the use of this natural gas is estimated to displace approximately 500,000 gallons (11,905 barrels) of No. 6 fuel oil (0.3 percent sulfur) per year. The application also indicates that neither the gas nor the displaced fuel oil will be used to displace coal in the applicant's facilities.

Certification. Based upon a review of the information contained in the application, as well as other information available to the ERA, the ERA hereby certifies, pursuant to 10 CFR Part 595, that the use of up to 75,000 Mcf of natural gas per year at International Harvester's foundry and factory

complex purchased from Southern Ohio is an eligible use of gas within the meaning of 10 CFR Part 595.

Effective Date. This certification is effective upon the date of issuance, and expires one year from that date, unless a shorter period of time required by 18 CFR Part 284, Subpart F. It is effective during this period of time for amounts not to exceed the certified volume when used to displace oil at the named facilities and when the gas is purchased from the eligible seller named in the certificate.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 31, 1980.

F. Scott Bush,

Assistant Administrator, Regulations and Emergency Planning, Economic Regulatory Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-237742 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-M

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. TA80-2-1 (PGA-80-2A)]

Alabama-Tennessee Natural Gas Co.; Proposed PGA Rate Adjustment

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that on July 25, 1980, Alabama-Tennessee Natural Gas Company (Alabama-Tennessee), P.O. Box 918, Florence, Alabama 35630, tendered for filing as part of its FPC Gas Tariff, Third Revised Volume No. 1, the following tariff sheet:

First Substitute Thirty-Third Revised Sheet No. 3-A

This tariff sheet has been filed to reflect a slight reduction in a similar filing by Alabama-Tennessee's supplier, Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, a Division of Tenneco Inc., made on July 18, 1980 in Docket Nos. TA80-2-9 (PGA80-2) to become effective July 1, 1980. Accordingly, Alabama-Tennessee requests that its revised tariff sheet be made effective July 1, 1980 and, to permit this effective date, further requests a waiver of \$ 154.22 of the Commission's regulations to accomplish such effective date.

The revised tariff sheet provides for the following reduced rates:

Rate schedule	Rate after current adjustment
G-1:	
Demand.....	\$2.12
Commodity.....	2.5032

Rate schedule	Rate after current adjustment
SG-1: Commodity	2.6581
I-1: Commodity	2.5723

Alabama-Tennessee states that copies of the filing have been mailed to all of its jurisdictional customers and affected State regulatory Commissions.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street NE., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with §§ 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 15, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23699 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Docket No. CP80-434]

**Alaskan Northwest Natural
Transportation Co.; Application**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 1, 1980,¹ Alaskan Northwest Natural Gas Transportation Company (Applicant), P.O. Box 1526, Salt Lake City, Utah 84110, filed in Docket No. CP80-434 an application pursuant to Executive Order 10485, Executive Order 12038, and Delegation Order 0204-8 for a Permit to construct, operate, connect and maintain facilities at the international boundary in Alaska, United States, and the Yukon Territory, Canada, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant herein proposes to construct, operate, connect and maintain at the international boundary between Alaska and the Yukon territory a fully

¹The application was initially tendered for filing on July 1, 1980; however, the fee required by § 159.1 of the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 159.1) was not paid until July 2, 1980, thus the filing was not completed until the latter date.

enclosed meter building, four 24-inch diameter by 39-foot long meter runs, and a section of 48-inch pipeline. It is stated that these facilities are necessary to permit the transportation and delivery of natural gas from the Prudhoe Bay Area on the North Slope of Alaska to a point of interconnection with the proposed facilities of Foothills Pipeline, (Yukon) Ltd. (Foothills). Applicant states that all of the gas delivered by Applicant to Foothills (adjusted for heating value less fuel and unaccounted-for gas) would be transported and redelivered to the lower 48 states of the United States. Applicant asserts that this point of crossing of the Alaska segment of the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System would be two miles south of the Alaska Highway intersection with the Alaska-Yukon border, and the metering station would be built in the vicinity of the nearby U.S. Customs Border Station.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission Rules.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23709 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Docket No. EL78-13]

**Central Virginia Electric Cooperative v.
Appalachian Power Co.; Informal
Settlement Conference**

July 31, 1980.

There will be an informal settlement conference held on August 12, 1980 at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426 at 10:00 a.m. The room number will be posted on the second floor notice board.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23710 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Docket No. CP80-452]

**Cimarron Transmission Co., Natural
Gas Pipeline Co. of America, and
United Gas Pipe Line Co.; Application**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 17, 1980, Chevron Chemical Company (Chemical), 575 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105, filed on behalf of Cimarron Transmission Company (Cimarron), 58 Broadlawn Village, Ardmore, Oklahoma 73481, Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (Natural), 122 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60603, and United Gas Pipe Line Company (United), P.O. Box 1478, Houston, Texas 77001, in Docket No. CP80-452 a joint application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and Section 157.100 of the Regulations thereunder (18 CFR 157.100) for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the transportation of gas purchased by Chemical from Love County, Oklahoma, to Luling, Louisiana, and the construction and operation of facilities to effectuate such transportation, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicants state that Chemical purchases the natural gas at Marietta field, Love County, Oklahoma, and has entered into contracts with the other three companies to transport the gas to an anhydrous ammonia plant in Luling, Louisiana.

Under the five-year transportation agreement between Chemical and Cimarron dated July 1, 1980, Cimarron would take Chemical's gas from existing connections in the Marietta field, and transport the gas to an existing interconnection with Natural's facilities located at the outlet of Cimarron's measurement station in Love County, Oklahoma (Love Point). Applicants assert that Cimarron would not have to build any new facilities to transport and redeliver the contract maximum of 10,000 Mcf per day. Applicants further state that in the event Chemical does not take the entire amount of gas produced for its account, Cimarron has the option to purchase those non-taken quantities, predicated upon Natural's need for the gas.

It is stated that Chemical agrees to pay a monthly transportation and dehydration charge estimated to be \$33,479.93, which when multiplied by the cost distribution factor of .166667 equals \$5,580.

It is noted that Chemical and Natural entered into a separate five-year transportation agreement dated June 23,

1980. Pursuant to this agreement, Applicants state that Natural would redeliver thermally equivalent volumes less 7 percent retained for fuel usage of Chemical's gas received at the Love Point to an existing interconnection with United's facilities in Vermilion Parish, Louisiana (Vermilion Point). It is stated that Natural would transport 5,000 Mcf per day on a firm basis with up to a total of 10,000 Mcf per day on a firm basis with up to a total of 10,000 Mcf per day subject to capacity availability. Applicants assert that Natural would not build any new facilities as a result of this transportation, but if its mainline to its principle markets needs future capacity expansion, Chemical would either contribute a *pro rata* share of costs or suffer reduction in firm transportation volumes. Applicants further assert that Natural would charge Chemical 13.1 cents per Mcf for the transportation service.

Applicants state that pursuant to a 5-year transportation contract between Chemical and United dated June 20, 1980, United would receive Chemical's gas from Natural at the Vermilion Point. It is stated that United would then redeliver the gas, or equivalent quantities, less 2.3 percent for fuel use, to Chemical at the ammonia manufacturing facility located near Luling, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana, and would charge Chemical 19.4 cents per Mcf for the transportation service.

Applicants state that to facilitate United's redeliveries to Chemical, a new measuring and regulating facility would be built at a mutually agreeable point on United's Paradis Line in St. Charles Parish, Louisiana. It is stated that Chemical would reimburse United for all expenses incurred in constructing the new facilities which are estimated to be \$32,000. Applicants state that United would operate and maintain the facility which Chemical would own.

Applicants further state that pursuant to § 157.103 of the Commission's Regulations, the subject gas would be used as process fuel and/or feedstock in the ammonia production process as an essential agricultural use.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken will not

serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicants to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23711 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP80-455]

Consolidated Gas Supply Corp.; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 21, 1980, Consolidated Gas Supply Corporation (Applicant), 445 West Main Street, Clarksburg, West Virginia 26301, filed in Docket No. CP80-445 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of approximately 9.5 miles of pipeline in Wetzel and Tyler Counties, West Virginia, and for authorization to convert an existing pipeline to production service, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that its existing Line No. F-9, which is the principal supply feed for Sistersville and Paden City, West Virginia, has become pitted, corroded, and damaged by soil slippage. Moreover, it is stated, that the annual and peak day requirements in the Sistersville/Paden area have been increasing and are expected to increase

further in the future, and that the Line No. F-9 in its present condition is unable to handle the increase in flows and gas pressure sufficient to meet these peak demands. Therefore, Applicant proposes to construct and operate approximately 9.5 miles of new 8-inch pipeline from a point on its existing line in Wetzel County, West Virginia, to a point near the present western terminus of Line No. F-9 at Buck Run in Tyler County. Applicant estimates the cost of the proposed pipeline facilities to be \$1,494,559 which would be financed from funds on hand and funds to be obtained from Applicant's parent, Consolidated Natural Gas Company.

Applicant further notes that it is willing to purchase new local gas supplies, but because of this gas' high levels of water content it is unsuitable for direct market delivery. Applicant proposes to retain Line No. F-9 from Buck Run to its eastern terminus at Applicant's Hastings, West Virginia, extraction plant and to integrate the line with Applicant's low-pressure production facilities in this area. Applicant states that this new facility configuration would permit Applicant to purchase present and future locally produced gas and condition these supplies in its Hastings plant, thereby lowering Line No. F-9 operation pressure and more economically modernizing the supply feed to the Sistersville/Paden market area.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is

filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23712 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Docket No. CP80-450]

El Paso Natural Gas Co.; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 11, 1980, El Paso Natural Gas Company (Applicant), P.O. Box 1492, El Paso, Texas 79978, filed in Docket No. CP80-450 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the transportation and delivery of up to 750 Mcf of natural gas per day, on an exchange basis, with Warren Petroleum Company (Warren) at an existing point of delivery located in Lea County, New Mexico, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that it and Warren are parties to certain residue gas purchase agreements dated February 3, 1954, and March 1, 1972, as amended, which agreements provide for the sale by Warren and the purchase by Applicant at the outlet of Saunders Gas Processing Plant located in Lea County, New Mexico, of all volumes of surplus residue gas processed in said plant and attributable to certain sources set forth in the agreements. In addition, it is stated that Warren processes at the Saunders Gas Processing Plant and delivers to Applicant certain quantities of gas attributable to Applicant's production in the vicinity of said plant. In the daily operation of the Saunders Gas Processing Plant, Warren purchases from Applicant up to 750 Mcf of natural gas per day at a point of interconnection of the pipeline facilities of Applicant and Warren located in Lea County, New Mexico, for use as fuel at its Saunders Field Booster Station, it is said. Applicant states that the said volumes of natural gas sold to Warren by Applicant are now classified as Priority

3 deliveries under Applicant's currently effective interim curtailment plan prescribed by the Commission in Docket No. RP72-6.

Applicant additionally states that in view of the reclassification of the subject deliveries of natural gas to Warren from a Priority 2 delivery to a Priority 3 delivery, Warren has expressed concern that its continued operation of the Saunders Gas Processing Plant could be seriously affected, and the sale and delivery of residue gas to Applicant may be partially or totally interrupted from time to time as a result of the extensive periods of partial or total curtailment of Priority 3 deliveries which have occurred and are expected to continue to occur on Applicant's interstate transmission system. Similarly, Applicant asserts that it is concerned that during periods of curtailment of Priority 3 deliveries, Warren's Saunders Field Booster Station may experience difficulties due to the use by Warren of casinghead gas for fuel thereby causing a shutdown of such facilities, which shutdown would force Warren also to shut down its Saunders Gas Processing Plant. Applicant further submits that such a shutdown, whether it be caused by Applicant's curtailment of Priority 3 deliveries or difficulties in the operation of Warren's compressor facilities due to the use of casinghead gas, would interrupt the flow of gas (approximately 11,133 Mcf per day) which Applicant would otherwise have received and purchased from Warren and utilized in serving its system requirements.

It is stated that in consideration of Warren's concern, as well as Applicant's desire to insure continuity of deliveries of gas from Warren's Saunders Gas Processing Plant, Applicant and Warren have entered into a gas exchange agreement dated April 7, 1980, wherein Applicant has agreed to deliver to Warren and Warren has agreed to accept and receive from Applicant, at the existing point of interconnection between the pipeline facilities of Applicant and Warren in Lea County, New Mexico, such quantity of pipeline quality natural gas as Warren may need, from time to time, not to exceed 750 Mcf per day for use in the operation of Warren's Saunders Field Booster Station which serves its Saunders Gas Processing Plant. In exchange therefor, Warren has agreed to deliver concurrently to Applicant at Applicant's existing meter station located at the outlet of the Saunders Gas Processing Plant and Applicant has agreed to accept and receive for the account of Warren a quantity of surplus

residue gas equivalent, on a million Btu basis, to the total quantities of pipeline quality natural gas delivered by Applicant to Warren, it is said.

The exchange arrangement set forth herein would insure that pipeline quality natural gas would be available to Warren without interruption for use in fueling its Saunders Field Booster Station and thereby operating its Saunders Gas Processing Plant. In addition, it is asserted that the exchange arrangement would insure Applicant of the uninterrupted availability of residue gas from Warren's Saunders Gas Processing Plant for use on Applicant's interstate transmission system.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestors parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23713 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Docket No. CP80-449]

El Paso Natural Gas Co.; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 11, 1980, El Paso Natural Gas Company (Applicant), P.O. Box 1492, El Paso, Texas 79978, filed in Docket No. CP80-449 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of certain facilities and the transportation and delivery of natural gas, on an exchange basis, with Amoco Production Company (Amoco) at a proposed point of delivery located in Andrews County, Texas, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that it and Amoco are parties to the 3-Bar Residue Gas Purchase Agreement dated March 1, 1966, as amended (3-Bar Agreement), which agreement provides for the sale by Amoco and the purchase by Applicant, at the outlet of the South Fullerton Gasoline Plant located in Andrews County, Texas, of all volumes of surplus residue gas processed in said plant attributable to certain sources set forth in the 3-Bar Agreement.

It is said that Amoco has, in the past, utilized a portion of the treated casinghead gas attributable to production from the 3-Bar Field for use in operating its 3-Bar Field facilities and appurtenances thereto. However, with the past decline in gas reserves available from the 3-Bar Field, Applicant states that Amoco has determined that its field processing facilities could no longer be efficiently operated and has, therefore, removed such processing facilities from the 3-Bar Field. Upon the removal of the above-mentioned facilities, Amoco utilized the untreated casinghead gas to fuel its 3-Bar Field facilities, it is said. Applicant asserts that the continued use of such rich high Btu casinghead gas in Amoco's 3-Bar Field facilities has caused difficulties which could force Amoco to shut down such field facilities, thereby ceasing the flow of casinghead gas from the 3-Bar Field to the South Fullerton Gasoline Plant and interrupting the sale and delivery of surplus residue gas to Applicant. Applicant further asserts that Amoco believes that processing in its South Fullerton Gasoline Plant of the volumes of casinghead gas now utilized by Amoco as fuel in the 3-Bar Field facilities would increase the efficiency of its South Fullerton Gasoline Plant.

In order that Amoco may have a constant and reliable supply of pipeline

quality natural gas available to it for use in the operation of its 3-Bar Field facilities, which are an integral part of its South Fullerton Gasoline Plant operations, and in order to insure the continuity of the gas supply delivered from the South Fullerton Gasoline Plant by Amoco to Applicant for use on Applicant's interstate transmission system, Applicant states that it and Amoco have entered into a gas exchange agreement, dated June 12, 1980, wherein Applicant has agreed to deliver to Amoco and Amoco has agreed to accept and receive from Applicant, at a proposed point of delivery to be located in Andrews County, Texas, such quantities of pipeline quality natural gas as Amoco may need, from time to time, not to exceed 500 Mcf per day, for use in the operation of its 3-Bar Field facilities and/or appurtenances thereto. In exchange therefor, Applicant further states that Amoco has agreed to deliver concurrently to Applicant at Applicant's existing meter station located at the outlet of Amoco's South Fullerton Gasoline Plant, and Applicant has agreed to accept and receive, for the account of Amoco, a quantity of surplus residue gas equivalent, on an Mcf basis, to the total quantities of pipeline quality natural gas delivered by Applicant to Amoco.

In order to effectuate the delivery of pipeline quality natural gas to Amoco for use at its 3-Bar Field facilities, Applicant proposes to construct and operate the following facilities:

A 1-inch O.D. tap and valve assembly, with appurtenances, including one 2 $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch O.D. standard orifice-type meter station to be located at a point on Applicant's existing 20-inch O.D. Goldsmith-Dumas pipeline located in Andrews County, Texas.

Applicant further states that as a part of such arrangement, Amoco would be required to construct and operate, at its sole cost and expense, certain pipeline and regulating facilities required to receive deliveries of pipeline quality natural gas from Applicant at the proposed point of delivery.

The exchange agreement would continue in full force and effect for a period coterminous with the term of the 3-Bar Residue Gas Purchase Agreement dated March 1, 1966, between Applicant and Amoco.

Applicant states that the total estimated cost of those facilities proposed to be constructed and operated by Applicant is \$6,200. Applicant further states that Amoco has agreed to reimburse Applicant for all actual costs and expenses incurred in the construction of such facilities.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23719 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Project No. 3226]

Harrison Western Corp.; Application for Preliminary Permit

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that Harrison Western Corporation (Applicant) filed on June 24, 1980, an application for preliminary permit [pursuant to the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. 791(a)-825(r)] for proposed Project No. 3226 to be known as the Horsetooth Project located on the Cache La Poudre River near the Town of Fort Collins, Larimer County, Colorado, at the existing Horsetooth Dam owned by the United States Water and Power Resources Service (Township 7 North

Range 70 West N.M.P.M.).

Correspondence with the Applicant should be directed to: Mr. Warren Harrison, Engineering Manager, Harrison Western Corporation, 1208 Quail Street, Lakewood, Colorado 80215.

Project Description—The proposed project would utilize an existing government dam and would consist of a powerhouse with four Ossberger turbines connected to four generators with a total rated capacity of 2,300 kW. A transmission line with a minimum length of 6,000 feet would be required. The project could generate up to 17,900,000 kWh annually, which would save the equivalent of 29,400 barrels of oil or 8,300 tons of coal.

Purpose of Project—Power generated by the project would be sold to either the Rural Electric Associate or Public Service Company of Colorado.

Proposed Scope and Cost of Studies under Permit—The work proposed under the preliminary permit would include economic analysis, preparation of preliminary engineering plans, and a study of environmental impacts. Based on results of these studies, Applicant would decide whether to proceed with more detailed studies and the preparation of an application for license to construct and operate the project. Applicant estimates that the cost of the work to be performed under the preliminary permit would be \$60,000.

Purpose of Preliminary Permit—A preliminary permit does not authorize construction. A permit, if issued, gives the Permittee, during the term of the permit, the right of priority of application for license while the Permittee undertakes the necessary studies and examinations to determine the engineering, economic, and environmental feasibility of the proposed project, the market for the power, and all other information necessary for inclusion in an application for a license.

Agency comments—Federal, State, and local agencies that receive this notice through direct mailing from the Commission are invited to submit comments on the described application for preliminary permit. (A copy of the application may be obtained directly from the Applicant.) Comments should be confined to substantive issues relevant to the issuance of a permit and consistent with the purpose of a permit as described in this notice. No other formal request for comments will be made. If an agency does not file comments within the time set below, it will be presumed to have no comments.

Competing Applications—Anyone desiring to file a competing application must submit to the Commission, on or

before October 6, 1980, either the competing application itself or a notice of intent to file a competing application. Submission of a timely notice of intent allows an interested person to file the competing application no later than December 5, 1980. A notice of intent must conform with the requirements of 18 CFR 4.33 (b) and (c), (as amended 44 FR 61328, October 25, 1979). A competing application must conform with the requirements of 18 CFR, 4.33 (a) and (d), (as amended, 44 FR 61328, October 25, 1979).

Comments, protests, or Petitions to Intervene—Anyone desiring to be heard or to make any protest about this application should file a petition to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 CFR, 1.8 or 1.10 (1979). Comments not in the nature of a protest may also be submitted by conforming to the procedures specified in § 1.10 for protests. In determining the appropriate action to take, the Commission will consider all protests or other comments filed, but a person who merely files a protest or comments does not become a party to the proceeding. To become a party, or to participate in any hearing, a person must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules. Any comments, protest, or petition to intervene must be filed on or before October 6, 1980. The Commission's address is: 825 North Capitol Street, NE., Washington, D.C. 20426. The application is on file with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

Kenneth Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23700 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-95-M

[Project No. 3225]

Harrison Western Corp.; Application for Preliminary Permit

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that Harrison Western Corporation (Applicant) filed on June 24, 1980, an application for preliminary permit [pursuant to the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. 791(a)-825(r)] for proposed Project No. 3225 to be known as the Ruedi Project located on the Frypan River near the Town of Basalt, Eagle and Pitkin Counties, Colorado, at the existing Ruedi Dam owned by the United States Water and Power Resources Service (Township 8 South, Range 84 West N.M.P.M.). Correspondence with the Applicant

should be directed to: Mr. Warren Harrison, Engineering Manager, Harrison Western Corporation, 1208 Quail Street, Lakewood, Colorado 80215.

Project Description—The proposed project would utilize an existing government dam and would consist of a powerhouse with seven Ossberger turbines connected to seven generators with a total rated capacity of 4,200 kW. A transmission line with a minimum length of 4,400 feet would be required. The project could generate up to 32,700,000 kWh annually, which would save the equivalent of 53,700 barrels of oil or 15,140 tons of coal.

Purpose of Project—Power generated by the project would be sold to either the Rural Electric Associate or Public Service Company of Colorado.

Proposed Scope and Cost of Studies under Permit—The work proposed under the preliminary permit would include economic analysis, preparation of preliminary engineering plans, and a study of environmental impacts. Based on results of these studies, Applicant would decide whether to proceed with more detailed studies and the preparation of an application for license to construct and operate the project. Applicant estimates that the cost of the work to be performed under the preliminary permit would be \$60,000.

Purpose of Preliminary Permit—A preliminary permit does not authorize construction. A permit, if issued, gives the Permittee, during the term of the permit, the right of priority of application for license while the Permittee undertakes the necessary studies and examinations to determine the engineering, economic, and environmental feasibility of the proposed project, the market for the power, and all other information necessary for inclusion in an application for a license.

Agency Comments—Federal, State, and local agencies that receive this notice through direct mailing from the Commission are invited to submit comments on the described application for preliminary permit. (A copy of the application may be obtained directly from the Applicant.) Comments should be confined to substantive issues relevant to the issuance of a permit and consistent with the purpose of a permit as described in this notice. No other formal request for comments will be made. If an agency does not file comments within the time set below, it will be presumed to have no comments.

Competing Applications—Anyone desiring to file a competing application must submit to the Commission, on or before October 6, 1980, either the competing application itself or a notice

of intent to file a competing application. Submission of a timely notice of intent allows an interested person to file the competing application no later than Dec. 5, 1980. A notice of intent must conform with the requirements of 18 CFR 4.33 (b) and (c), (as amended 44 FR 61328, October 25, 1979). A competing application must conform with the requirements of 18 CFR 4.33 (a) and (d), (as amended 44 FR 61328, October 25, 1979).

Comments, Protests, or Petitions to Intervene—Anyone desiring to be heard or to make any protest about this application should file a petition to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 CFR, 1.8 or 1.10 (1979). Comments not in the nature of a protest may also be submitted by conforming to the procedures specified in § 1.10 for protests. In determining the appropriate action to take, the Commission will consider all protests or other comments filed, but a person who merely files a protest or comments does not become a party to the proceeding. To become a party, or to participate in any hearing, a person must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules. Any comments, protest, or petition to intervene must be filed on or before October 6, 1980. The Commission's address is: 825 North Capitol Street, NE., Washington, D.C. 20426. The application is on file with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

Kenneth Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23701 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. SA80-134]

**Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co.;
Application for Adjustment**

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that on July 10, 1980, Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Company (Applicant), One Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan 48226, filed in Docket No. SA80-134 an application pursuant to section 502(c) of the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and section 1.41 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.41) for an interim and permanent exemption for the filing requirements of § 281.204(b)(2) of the Commission's Regulations, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Section 281.204(b)(2) of the Regulations requires an interstate natural gas pipeline company to update its index of customer requirements annually in order to reflect changes, if any, in its priorities of service. Applicant asserts that preparation of the annual update requires substantial time and expense on its part and the part of its customers and the Data Verification Committee. Applicant anticipates that it would be able to meet the full requirements of its customers in the near term as indicated in its Form No. 15 for the year ended December 31, 1979, and that it can meet its customers' requirements through 1981 on the basis of presently contracted and certificated gas supplies. Accordingly, Applicant submits that compliance with the filing requirements of § 281.204(b)(2) is unnecessary and would result in special hardship and unfair distribution of burdens to it and its customers.

Applicant states that although it believes that compliance with § 281.204(b)(2) is unnecessary at this time, at such time as its Form No. 16 indicates that it would not be able to meet the full requirements of its customers, Applicant would timely make the necessary tariff filings to comply with the Commission's Regulations.

Applicant states further that it is currently required to update its index of requirements by November 1, 1980, and that in order to provide sufficient time for the Commission to consider its request for a permanent exemption, Applicant also requests interim relief.

The procedures applicable to the conduct of this adjustment proceeding are found in Section 1.41 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, Order No. 24, issued March 22, 1979.

Any person desiring to participate in this adjustment proceeding shall file a petition to intervene in accordance with the provisions of § 1.41. All petitions to intervene must be filed on or before August 21, 1980.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23702 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP79-189]

**Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co.;
Trunkline Gas Co.; Petition To Amend**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 16, 1980, Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Company (Mich Wis), One Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan 48226, and Trunkline

Gas Company (Trunkline), P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77001, filed in Docket No. CP79-189 a joint petition to amend the order issued May 17, 1979, in the instant docket pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act by authorizing the exchange of gas at additional delivery and redelivery points and the increase of the quantity of gas which would be exchanged, all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Petitioners state that by order issued May 17, 1979, they were authorized to exchange up to 6,000 Mcf of natural gas per day pursuant to the terms of an exchange agreement between Trunkline and Mich Wis dated November 14, 1978. Petitioners state that Mich Wis makes deliveries of gas to Trunkline at the pipeline facilities of Stingray Pipeline Company (Stingray) in West Cameron Area Block 269, offshore Louisiana, and that Trunkline delivers equivalent volumes of exchange gas for Mich Wis at the High Island Offshore System (HIOS) pipeline at High Island Area Block A-332, offshore Texas, and/or an existing point of interconnection between the pipeline systems of Stingray and HIOS located in High Island Area Block A-330, offshore Texas.

Subsequent to the order, it is stated, Mich Wis acquired the right to purchase the gas reserves underlying West Cameron Area Blocks 537, 551, and 552, and agreed to participate as a joint owner in the lateral pipeline which connects the gas reserves underlying Block 537 to the Stingray pipeline facilities. Petitioners state that they have now amended their November 14, 1978, exchange agreement to provide for a new exchange point at Block 537 whereby Mich Wis can make deliveries of gas to Stingray for the account of Trunkline and permit Mich Wis to effectuate receipt of its Blocks 537, 551, and 552 gas supplies by exchange. It is further stated that the amended exchange agreement provides for an increase in the daily quantity of gas which can be exchanged from 6,000 Mcf per day to 15,000 Mcf per day. Moreover, Petitioners propose four additional points in the new exchange agreement where Trunkline can make redeliveries of exchange gas to Mich Wis. Petitioners describe the four points as follows:

(1) the outlet for the measurement facilities located on the High Island Block A-313 production platform at which point gas may be delivered by Trunkline for the account of Mich Wis

with measurement to be conducted at the High Island Block A-313 platform;

(2) an existing tap in High Island Block A-539 where deliveries can be made to HIOS by Trunkline for the account of Mich Wis with measurement to be conducted at High Island Block A-511;

(3) an existing tap in High Island Block A-316 where deliveries can be made to HIOS by Trunkline for the account of Mich Wis with measurement to be conducted at High Island Block A-317; and

(4) the existing tap in High Island Block A-343 between the outlet of the 20-inch pipeline owned by Trunkline and others and the platform manifold owned by HIOS where a portion of Trunkline's gas may be delivered to HIOS for the account of Mich Wis with measurement to be conducted at High Island Block A-342.

Petitioners contend that they would use their best efforts to balance volumes of gas received and redelivered. Moreover, it is stated that no charge would be made, and no new facilities required by either of the Petitioners in providing the amended exchange service.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said petition to amend should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23715 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP79-223]

**Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co.;
Petition To Amend**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 14, 1980, Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Company (Petitioner), One Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan 48226, filed in Docket No. CP79-223 a petition to amend the

Commission's order issued June 8, 1979, in said docket pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and Section 157.7(b) of the Regulations thereunder (18 CFR 157.7(b)) so as to authorize the construction of a gas-purchase facility costing in excess of the prescribed single offshore project cost limitation of \$3,500,000, all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Petitioner states that by order of June 8, 1979, it was issued a budget-type certificate authorizing the construction of gas-purchase facilities aggregating \$18 million pursuant to Section 157.7(b) of the Commission's Regulations.

Subsequently, Petitioner asserts that although anticipated total costs are still within the \$18 million authorization, it has ascertained that one project has exceeded its budget such that its costs are now in excess of the single offshore project limitation of \$3.5 million. Petitioner states that the project is a gas purchase facility comprised of 7.15 miles of 12-inch pipeline for the transportation of gas reserves from South Marsh Island Block 260, offshore Louisiana, to South Marsh Island Block 249. The costs of this project, Petitioner asserts, were originally estimated to be \$3,114,300. Petitioner states that the project was completed on April 1, 1980, and put into service in late May 1980 and asserts that a revised work order has been compiled which reflects an estimated net upward revision in the cost of the project of \$815,963 to \$3,930,263.

Accordingly, Petitioner requests that the \$3.5 million limitation contained in Section 157.7(b)(1)(iii) of the Commission's Regulations be waived to the extent required to authorize the construction of said gas-purchase facility project at a cost not to exceed \$4,100,000.

Petitioner attributes the cost overruns experienced on the gas-purchase facility to four major factors. Petitioner asserts that the first factor was standby time for barge rental due to adverse weather conditions in November 1979. Petitioner submits that the second major factor concerned two incidents of damage to the pipeline during the initial construction period which delayed completion.

In addition, Petitioner states that Amoco as operator advised Petitioner in early December of 1979 of its plans to drill additional wells. Petitioner also states that by mutual agreement between it and Amoco, the commencement date of production initially projected to commence in November 1979 was postponed until the summer of 1980, and the contractor

worked only intermittently on the project during the winter of 1979-1980. The third major factor which Petitioner attributes to the cost overrun was unexpected difficulty during late March 1980 in locating a subsea valve assembly in South Marsh Island Block 249 which, it is asserted, was necessary in order to connect the 12-inch pipeline to the existing system and stop the flow of gas through three leaking valves which had to be closed in order to complete the project. Petitioner submits that the fourth major factor was standby time for test boat rental due to adverse fog conditions in March 1980.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said petition to amend should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23716 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. ER80-456]

**Monongahela Power Co., West Penn
Power Co., and Potomac Edison Co.,
Filing**

July 31, 1980.

The filing Company submits the following:

Take notice that Allegheny Power Service Corporation (APSC) on July 23, 1980, tendered for filing on behalf of Monongahela Power Company (Monongahela), The Potomac Edison Company (Potomac), and West Penn Power Company (West Penn), the electric utilities which make up the integrated Allegheny Power System, Amendment No. 8 dated July 21, 1980 to the Operating Agreement dated January 1, 1973 between Monongahela, Potomac, and West Penn and Virginia Electric Power Company (Veeco) designated Monongahela Rate Schedule FPC No. 32, Potomac Rate Schedule FPC No. 33,

West Penn Rate Schedule FPC No. 31, and Veeco Schedule FPC No. 99.

Amendment No. 8: (1) provides for increases in the demand charges for Short Term power from \$0.70 to \$0.85 per kilowatt-week and Short Term power obtained by the supplying party from another system from \$0.24 per kilowatt-week; (2) provides for increases in the demand charges for Limited Term power from \$3.75 to \$4.50 per kilowatt-month and Limited Term power obtained by the supplying party from another system from 0.75 to \$1.00 per kilowatt-month; and (3) places a \$0.002 per kilowatt-hour cap (\$0.001 when coming from a third party as required by the Commission in Rule 35.23 (f)) on the adders to the out-of-pocket costs of providing energy sold under the Short Term and Limited Term Schedules.

APSC requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirements to allow these increases to become effective August 1, 1979. APSC states that since Short Term Power and Energy transactions and Limited Term Power and Energy transactions are scheduled from time to time as load and capacity conditions on the systems of the parties dictate it is impossible to estimate the increases in revenues which would result from Amendment No. 8.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said application should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426 in accordance with Sections 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure. All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 22, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this application are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23715 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[TA 80-2-26 (PGA 80-3, IPR 80-3, AP 80-2, LFUT 80-2, and TT 80-2)]

Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America; Change in Rates

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 24, 1980, Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (Natural) Submitted for filing as part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Third Revised Volume No. 1, the below listed

tariff sheets to be effective September 1, 1980:

Third Substitute Fortieth Revised Sheet No. 5
Second Revised Sheet No. 5C
Second Revised Sheet No. 5D

Natural states the purpose of the filing is to reflect rate adjustments under various sections of the General Terms and Conditions of its tariff and various articles of the Stipulation and Agreement in Docket No. RP78-78 (hereinafter Settlement) which was approved by Commission letter order issued October 4, 1979. The overall effect of the filed for adjustments to Natural's DMQ-1 sales rate is a decrease of \$0.01 in the demand component and an increase of 2.19¢ in the commodity component. Appropriate adjustments were also made to Natural's other sales rate schedules. The annualized revenue increase amounts to approximately \$20.1 million. The various components are summarized below:

	Rate schedule DMQ-1 rate adjustment		Annual- ized jurisdictional revenue in- crease (de- crease)
	Demand	Com- modity	
Purchased Gas Cost Adjust- ment:			
Producer Supplier	1.76		\$72.4
Pipeline Supplier	1.22		11.4
Deferred Purchased Gas Cost		(2.80)	(26.1)
Total PGA		1.88	57.7
Louisiana First Use Tax		¹ (0.84)	(7.8)
Advance Payments		¹ (0.55)	(5.1)
Transportation Tracker		¹ (2.60)	(24.7)
Total	(0.01)	1.29	20.1

¹ In cents.

Sheet Nos. 5C and 5D reflect the fact that all of Natural's sale-for-resale customers reported zero MSAC. Natural's four direct industrial customers have either furnished exemption affidavits or are exempt based on information contained in Natural's records. Therefore, there is no PGA reduction due to incremental pricing.

Natural also states that it has credited its Deferred Purchased Gas Cost account for approximately \$8.4 million principal and interest under the terms of Settlement Article XVI, Sales Refund Obligation.

Natural requests waiver of the Commission regulations to the extent, if any, required to put the proposed tariff sheets into effect on September 1, 1980.

A copy of this filing has been mailed to Natural's jurisdictional customers and to interested state regulatory agencies.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said application should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Section 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 22, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this application are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23718 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP80-446]

Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 11, 1980, Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (Applicant), 122 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60603, filed in Docket No. CP80-446 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the installation and operation of two leased 3250 horsepower compressor units and related facilities, one in Lea County, New Mexico, and the other in Eddy County, New Mexico, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that its Permian System, which is the redelivery point of its only existing transportation agreement linking its two main supply lines, was certificated to operate at a design day capacity of 508,000 Mcf. However, Applicant states that due to declining wellhead pressures and contractual exchange agreements with lower delivery pressures, Applicant is currently limited to a line capacity of approximately 456,000 Mcf per day. Applicant states that the loss of capacity in the Permian System lessens its operational flexibility and restricts its ability to move gas during the upcoming heating season.

Applicant proposes to restore the lost capacity needed to deliver existing and new gas supplies by installing compression at two points on the system. However, Applicant states that it projects a decline subsequent to the 1981-82 heating season which might eliminate the need for the additional compression, so it wishes to lease the compression units with an option to purchase. Applicant states it would install a 3250 horsepower compressor and related facilities on its Lockridge Line in Lea County, New Mexico, and a second 3250 horsepower unit and related facilities on its Indian Basin Line in Eddy County, New Mexico. It is asserted that the proposed facilities would restore the daily design capacity of the Permian System to approximately 508,000 Mcf per day and provide for a maximum capability of 570,000 Mcf per day.

Applicant estimates the cost of installation of the units to be \$1,284,000 which would be financed from funds on hand.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23719 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP79-357]

**Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co.;
Petition To Amend**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 15, 1980, Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Company (Petitioner), 3000 Bissonnet, Houston, Texas 77001, filed in Docket No. CP79-357 a petition to amend the order issued February 27, 1980, in the instant docket pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act so as to authorize an increase in the horsepower to be contained in the proposed Warren Compressor Station, all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

By order of February 27, 1980, Petitioner was authorized to construct the Warren Compressor Station, in Carson County, Texas, and to install therein 1,200 horsepower of compression facilities the first year and an additional 600 horsepower the second year, it is said.

Subsequently, Petitioner states that it has reevaluated the operating conditions as well as the initial recoverable reserves estimated in the vicinity of the Warren Station and has determined that such reserves are more extensive than originally thought. Because of this reevaluation, Petitioner requests that the horsepower of one of the certified compression engines be increased from 600 to 730 horsepower, and that it be permitted to install an additional 2,920 horsepower of new compression to the Warren Compressor Station.

Petitioner asserts that the increased compression is necessary in order to provide it with the ability to deliver natural gas supplies from the Carson County, Texas, production area into its mainline system. The total cost of the additional proposed facilities is estimated to be \$3,147,000, which cost would be financed from Petitioner's available funds, it is said.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said petition to amend should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance

with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23720 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP67-383, *et al.*]

**Peoples Natural Gas Co., Division of
InterNorth, Inc.; Petition To Amend**

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 19, 1980, Peoples Natural Gas Company, Division of InterNorth, Inc. (Petitioner), 2223 Dodge Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68102, filed in Docket No. CP67-383, *et al.*, a petition to amend in the instant dockets certain orders, supplements or amendments to the orders issued to Northern Natural Gas Company, operating as People's Natural Gas Division so as to change the company's name to People's Natural Gas Company, Division of InterNorth, Inc., all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Petitioner states that the stockholders of the Board of Directors of Northern Natural Gas Company resolved to change the company's name to InterNorth, Inc. on March 27, 1980. Petitioner reports that the Board declared that the following gas operations

Docket Number and Date of Commission Order

CP67-383, August 4, 1967.
CP69-277, July 28, 1969.
CP70-88, April 30, 1970.
CP70-132, February 24, 1970.
CP72-225,¹ September 22, 1972.
CP75-365, January 8, 1976.
CP76-385, October 27, 1976.
CP76-456, January 19, 1977.
CP76-533, February 2, 1977.
CP77-84,¹ May 24, 1977.
CP77-173,² September 30, 1977.
CP79-420, October 24, 1979.

would henceforth be conducted under the name of People's Natural Gas Company, Division of InterNorth, Inc. It

¹ Abandonments.

² Construction and abandonments.

is stated that Northern Natural Gas Company then filed an amendment to its corporate charter with the Secretary of the State of Delaware, the state of incorporation, effectuating the name change. Petitioner contends that under its new name the company would continue without interruption or cessation the identical operation and corporate activities formerly carried out by Northern Natural Gas Company, operating as People's Natural Gas Division.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said petition to amend should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23721 filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. ER80-543]

Public Service Co. of Colorado; Filing

July 31, 1980.

The filing Company submits the following:

Take notice that Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo) on July 23, 1980, tendered for filing an Energy Sales and Banking Agreement (Agreement) with Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, Inc. (Tri-State).

PSCo states that the Agreement provides, *inter alia*, for exchanges of capacity and energy between the electric systems of PSCo and Tri-State either directly or through the systems of other parties. The Agreement provides for establishing terms and conditions of such exchanges, such as maintenance, standards for spinning reserve, standards for maintenance and settlement of accounts, and procedures for designating authorized representatives and their responsibilities.

PSCo states that copies of the filing were served upon all parties and affected stated commissions.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Sections 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 20, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23722 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. ER80-545]

Public Service Co. of Colorado; Filing

July 31, 1980.

The filing Company submits the following:

Take notice that Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo) on July 23, 1980, tendered for filing as a rate schedule a contract for interconnections and transmission service between Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, Inc., and PSCo.

The Agreement provides for the accepting and transmitting of power and energy by each party for delivery on the system of the other party. In addition, PSCo will provide emergency transmission back-up service for Tri-State during temporary outages of the Craig-Ault 345 KV transmission line. Under the conditions of the Agreement, either PSCo or Tri-State may provide non-firm transmission service for the other party to the extent that it has transmission capacity available for such purposes as a cost established in the Agreement.

PSCo states that copies of the filing were served upon all parties and affected state commissions.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Sections 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such protests or petitions

should be filed on or before August 20, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23723 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. ER80-544]

Public Service Co. of Colorado; Filing

July 31, 1980.

The filing Company submits the following:

Take notice that Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo) on July 23, 1980, tendered for filing proposed changes in its FERC Electric Tariff. PSCo states that the proposed changes are Supplement No. 10, a Letter Agreement signed October 19, 1978, Supplement No. 11, Revision No. 17 of Exhibit A, and Revision No. 4 of Exhibit D to PSCo's Contract for Interconnections and Transmission Service with Western Area Power Administration, formerly the United States Department of the Interior, on file with the Commission under PSCo's FERC Rate Schedule No. 7.

Supplement No. 10, dated August 21, 1978, provides, *inter alia*, for extending the provisions covering the Henderson Temporary Point of Delivery. The Supplement also specifies the PSCo's Happy Jack Tap and Fort Morgan North Circuit Tap as additional points of delivery.

The Letter Agreement signed October 19, 1978, provides for the transmission of power and energy by WAPA for Company to the City of Julesburg, Colorado.

Supplement No. 11, dated December 29, 1978, provides, *inter alia*, for the transmission of electric power and energy by WAPA for PSCo to the City of Julesburg, Colorado. Supplement No. 11 also amends PSCo's compensatory arrangements with the United States for the transmission service provided by WAPA.

Revision No. 17 of Exhibit A, dated January 1, 1980, established a maximum kilowatt demand for the 1983 calendar year and deletes Colorado-Ute Electric Association from the Exhibit.

Revision No. 4 of Exhibit D, dated May 28, 1980, removes Loveland East Tap from WAPA wheeling service,

increases the amount of "Exchange Wheeling" from 124.5 MW to the amounts shown, changes to "Seasonal" Maximum Rates of Delivery and includes format changes.

PSCo states that copies of the filing were served upon all parties and affected stated commissions.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426 in accordance with Sections 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 20, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23724 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[[Docket No. ER80-313]

**Public Service Co. of New Mexico;
Order Granting Rehearing for Further
Consideration**

Issued July 30, 1980.

On June 30, 1980, the City of Gallup, New Mexico filed a petition for rehearing of the Commission's order issued May 30, 1980, in this proceeding. In that order, we *inter alia*, accepted for filing and suspended proposed increased rates and established procedures for determining the justness and reasonableness of those rates. The City of Gallup seeks review of Commission's determination of the applicable burden of proof for permitting the rates to be changed under the existing contract between it and Public Service Company of New Mexico.

In order to afford time for further evaluation of the issue raised by the City of Gallup, we shall grant rehearing for the limited purpose of further consideration. Under Section 1.34(d) of the Commission's regulations, no answers to the application for rehearing will be entertained since this order does not grant rehearing on any substantive issues.

The Commission orders: (A)
Rehearing of our order of May 30, 1980, is hereby granted for the limited purpose of further consideration.

(B) The Secretary shall promptly publish this order in the Federal Register.

By the Commission.
Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23703 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Dockets Nos. RP73-114 (PGA79-2), RP74-24 (DCA79-2), RP74-73 (R&D79-2), and RP79-52]

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., a Division of Tenneco, Inc.; Motion of Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co. To Terminate Refund Obligation

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that on April 16, 1980, Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company (Tennessee) filed, pursuant to 18 CFR 1.12, a motion to terminate certain refund obligations imposed by Commission orders issued June 29, 1979, and August 24, 1979, in the above-listed proceeding.

Tennessee states that by Commission order issued on June 29, 1979, the Commission accepted certain tariff sheets, suspended their effectiveness and allowed them to become effective, on July 1, 1979, but subject to refund obligations. Specifically, the June 29, 1979, Commission order provides that the costs associated with purchases from producer-affiliates of the company are collected, subject to refund, pending the ultimate determination of the appropriate maximum lawful price to be charged such affiliated purchases under the regulations implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 (NGPA), 15 U.S.C. 3301 *et seq.*

In addition, Tennessee notes that on August 24, 1979, the Commission in its subsequent rehearing order expressly limited the refund obligation with respect to Tennessee's May 21, 1979 filing to that portion of the attributable to pipeline-affiliate production.

Finally, Tennessee states that the Commission has promulgated final regulations governing the maximum lawful prices for pipeline-affiliated production¹ and that such regulations establish the justness and reasonableness of the purchases by the pipeline from its affiliates. Accordingly, Tennessee asserts that the refund obligations imposed on its May 31, 1979 filing respecting pipeline affiliate purchases should be removed and that

¹ Order No. 58, "Final Rule Governing the Maximum Lawful Price for Pipeline, Distributor, or Affiliate Production." Docket No. RM80-7 (issued on November 14, 1979).

the tariff sheets filed by Tennessee on May 31, 1979, be made fully effective.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest said filing should file a petition to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with §§ 1.8 and 1.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8, 1.10). All such petitions or protests should be filed on or before August 15, 1980. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a petition to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23704 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket Nos. CP80-24, et al.]

Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation, et al.; Filing of Pipeline Refund Reports and Refund Plans

July 30, 1980.

Take notice that the pipeline listed in Appendix hereto have submitted to the Commission for filing proposed refund reports or refund plans. The date of filing, docket number, and type of filing are also shown on the Appendix.

Any person wishing to do so may submit comments in writing concerning the subject refund reports and plans. All such comments should be filed with or mailed to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, on or before August 15, 1980. Copies of the respective filings are on file with the Commission and available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

Appendix

Filing date	Company	Docket No.	Type filing
7/10/80	Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation.	CP80-24	Report.
7/22/80	Northwest Pipeline Corporation.	RP79-57	Report.
7/22/80	Northern Natural Gas Company.	CP76-31	Report.
7/22/80	South Georgia Natural Gas Company.	RP61-5	Report.

Appendix—Continued

Filing date	Company	Docket No.	Type filing
7/22/80	Consolidated Gas Supply Corporation.	RP72-157	Report.

[FR Doc. 80-23705 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP80-448]

Trunkline Gas Co.; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 11, 1980, Trunkline Gas Company (Applicant), P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77001, filed in Docket No. CP80-448 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of certain pipeline and related facilities in its natural gas supply area situated in Terrebonne Parish and offshore Louisiana, all as more fully represented in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that recent increases in the deliverability of some of Applicant's existing supply sources in South Timbalier Blocks 165 and 171 as well as new supplies attached in South Timbalier Blocks 190 and 156 have, in part, necessitated an increase in the capacity of Applicant's Terrebonne System in the eastern part of offshore Louisiana. Applicant also states that it has acquired new supplies of natural gas in Eugene Island Block 392 and is negotiating to purchase new supplies of natural gas from South Timbalier Block 53. Applicant further asserts that a significant potential supply of natural gas has become available in South Timbalier Block 170 and that it is currently negotiating the purchase of this gas from Exxon Company, U.S.A.

It is stated that Applicant's Terrebonne System is being utilized to transport approximately 200,000 Mcf of natural gas per day for several other parties, in addition to Applicant's own purchases of natural gas. Applicant has agreed to increase the volumes of gas being transported on behalf of Consolidated Gas Supply Corporation and Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation from South Timbalier Block 185, it is stated. Applicant states that it is making arrangements with Northern Natural Gas Company, Division of InterNorth, Inc. (Northern), to transport approximately 40,000 Mcf per day for Northern from Grand Isle Block 83 and West Delta Block 138.

To accommodate the additional volumes which have become available to Applicant from its offshore supply area, as well as the volumes of natural gas which other pipeline companies may have available for transportation onshore. Applicant proposes the construction of new pipeline facilities and additional looping of its Terrebonne System facilities. Specifically, Applicant proposes to construct 54.3 miles of 30-inch loop pipeline from Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana, to Ship Shoal Block 139, 18.4 miles of 20-inch pipeline from Ship Shoal Block 139 to South Timbalier Block 165, 6.9 miles of 16-inch new gathering pipeline from South Timbalier Block 170 and additions to its gas scrubber system at Applicant's compressor station near Patterson, Louisiana. Applicant asserts that the proposed facilities would increase the daily capacity of the Terrebonne System by 250,000 Mcf. Applicant estimates that the pipeline and related facilities would cost approximately \$64,197,000 which would be financed from funds on hand and short-term bank borrowing.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is

required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23725 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. CP80-451]

United Gas Pipe Line Co.; Application

July 31, 1980.

Take notice that on July 16, 1980, United Gas Pipe Line Company (Applicant), P.O. Box 1478, Houston, Texas 77001, filed in Docket No. CP80-451 an application pursuant to Section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the continued transportation of natural gas for Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (Natural), all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant proposes to continue the transportation of up to 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day for Natural, as required by the gas transportation agreement of March 25, 1980, between Natural and Applicant. It is stated that this transportation service was commenced on June 11, 1980, under Applicant's blanket authorization in Docket No. CP80-137 issued pursuant to Section 284.221 of the Commission's Regulations.

Accordingly to Applicant, Natural has acquired a right to purchase natural gas produced from Eugene Island Block 72, offshore Louisiana. It is stated that gas delivered by, or for the account of, Natural to Applicant would be received at the producer's platform in Eugene Island Block 95, offshore Louisiana. Applicant would redeliver gas to Natural at:

- (1) An existing interconnection located near Goodrich, Polk County, Texas;
- (2) A newly certificated point on interconnection located in or near the James A. Williams Survey, A-717, Panola County, Texas; and/or
- (3) An existing interconnection of the U-T Offshore System and Natural near Johnson's Bayou, Cameron Parish, Louisiana.

Applicant states that the transportation agreement between Applicant and Natural would remain in full force and effect for a primary term of 10 years beginning June 11, 1980, and

continuing from year to year thereafter until cancelled by either party upon proper notice. Applicant indicates that Natural would pay the rate in effect in the Northern and/or Southern Rate Zone, as applicable, less any amount attributable to gas consumed in the operation of Applicant's system. The transportation rate is currently 23.29 cents in the Northern Zone and 19.40 cents in the Southern Zone, it is stated.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before August 22, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a petition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23726 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Docket No. ER80-537]

Virginia Electric & Power Co.; Notice of Filing

July 30, 1980.

The filing Company submits the following:

Take notice that on July 21, 1980, Virginia Electric and Power Company (VEPCO) tendered for filing a Contract Supplement dated June 6, 1980 to the Rate Contract between VEPCO and the Central Virginia Electric Cooperative.

Said Supplement requests the Commission's authorization for connection of a new delivery point designated as Trevilians Delivery Point, located in Louisa County, Virginia.

VEPCO requests an effective date for the new delivery point of June 11, 1980, the date of connection of the new facilities.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protests with reference to said application should on or before August 18, 1980, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, petitions to intervene or protests in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Persons wishing to become parties to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file petitions to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules. The application is on file with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23706 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

[Volume 246]

Determinations by Jurisdictional Agencies Under the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978

Issued July 30, 1980.

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission received notices of determination from the jurisdictional agencies listed herein, for the indicated wells, pursuant to the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and 18 CFR 274.104. Negative determinations are indicated by a (D) in the DEN column. Estimated

annual production is in million cubic feet (MMcf).

The applications for determination in these proceedings together with a copy or description of other materials in the record on which such determinations were made are available for inspection, except to the extent such material is treated as confidential under 18 CFR 275.206, at the Commission's Office of Public Information, Room #1000, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426.

Persons objecting to any of these final determinations may, in accordance with 18 CFR 275.203 and 18 CFR 275.204, file a protest with the Commission within fifteen (15) days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Please reference the FERC Control Number in all correspondence related to these determinations.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

PAGE 002

VOLUME 246

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASER
8044555	04390	3504721802	103	SCHMEAN NO 1	VIOLA	0.0	ARKANSAS LOUISIANA G
8044551	04379	3510320860	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	NORTH LUCIEN	36.0	ARCO OIL & GAS CO
8044567	04244	3500721722	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	MUCANE-LAVERNE	275.0	COLORADO INTERSTATE
8044574	04485	3504320964	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	NORTH OAKWOOD	292.0	DELHI GAS PIPE LINE
8044577	04455	3501120758	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	ELM GROVE	200.0	OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECT
8044578	04456	3501120844	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	SUNAW CREEK	700.0	OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECT
8044581	04413	3504321642	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	RINGWOOD	0.0	PIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8044586	04275	3500700000	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80	PUNGAN	10.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044573	03979	3515120950	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	CASHION	17.0	SHAB CORP
8044598	00251	3502920164	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	DACOMA	350.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044553	04380	3515120923	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	DACOMA	400.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044566	03963	3501921716	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	CENTRAMOMA	26.7	ARKANSAS LOUISIANA G
8044569	03743	3504721852	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80	CHESTER	80.0	DELHI GAS PIPELINE C
8044550	07391	3500720568	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80	MEWITT EAST	1.1	CITIES SERVICE GAS C
8044536	04360	4701303107	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	NORTHEAST MAUKOMIS	183.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044496	04396	4708504673	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MUCANE-LAVERNE	15.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044365	04365	4704504611	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	HITCHIE MINES LEASE	7.3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044363	04347	4701303116	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MURPHY DISTRICT	2.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044360	04360	4701300866	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	1.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044359	04359	4701303108	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	2.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044336	04336	4701303107	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	0.4	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044346	04346	4701303113	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	1.4	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044293	04293	4701303040	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	1.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044350	04350	4708504583	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	2.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044366	04366	4702103607	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MURPHY DISTRICT	2.2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044368	04368	4702103605	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	DEKALB	1.1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044359	04359	4702103603	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	DEKALB	2.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044345	04345	4701303114	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	0.7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044344	04344	4701303115	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	0.4	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044359	04359	4701303104	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CENTER DISTRICT	0.1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044367	04367	4702103606	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	DEKALB	0.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP

PAGE 003

VOLUME 246

PURCHASES

PHOD

JD NO	JA OAK	API NU	SEC #	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PURCHASES
8044370		4702103604	108	U C I C MCQUAIN #3	DEKALB DISTRICT	0000	1.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044370		4701303074	108	K P WILSON #1	DEKALB DISTRICT	0000	0.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303071	108	RICHARDS-MCQUAIN #1	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	0.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4702100362	108	RUBERT MITCHELL #6	DEKALB DISTRICT	0000	3.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4702100372	108	KUSA L NUNMAN #3	DEKALB DISTRICT	0000	0.3 PENNZOIL CU
8044389		4701303118	108	KUSA L NUNMAN #5	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	0.6 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303109	108	T J IRELAND #1	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	3.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303117	108	T J JACKSON #1	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	3.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303117	108	T J JACKSON #3	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	1.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4708504612	108	T J PAKKS #4	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	0.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701300047	108	M M JACKSON #3	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	0.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701300053	108	M M JACKSON #4	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	0.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701300057	108	M M JACKSON #5	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	0.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303105	108	M L CHADEN #1	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	2.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303077	108	M M KNIGHT #7	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	1.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4701303076	108	WILLIAM RIGHT #1	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	1.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044389		4708545640	108	ZICKELFUUSE #1	SHERMAN DISTRICT	0000	2.8 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044292		4700501295	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	
8044384		4700501296	108	GEORGE P ALDERSON #11	SCOTT DISTRICT	0000	31.6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044275		4704301297	108	GEORGE P ALDERSON #9	SCOTT DISTRICT	0000	31.6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044379		4704301296	108	GOLDEN STONE #3	MORSE CREEK	0000	5.9 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044276		4700501280	108	SHOOT #1	JEPPERSON DISTRICT	0000	34.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044414		4704302406	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	UNION	0000	
8044382		4704302405	108	E L ADKINS #8-28	CAHULL	0000	0.2 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044382		4704302407	108	G T HAY #8-23	CAHULL	0000	0.7 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044382		4704302408	108	MORSE CREEK LAND & MINING #8-26	UNION	0000	0.7 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044380		4704302403	108	J L POWELL #8K-12	CAHULL	0000	0.9 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044373		4704302402	108	W G ADKINS #8H-4	SHELDON	0000	3.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044415		4701303026	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	SHERIDAN	0000	7.8 CABOT CORP
8044505		4701303123	108	M B FERRELL #6	CENTER DISTRICT	0000	4.7 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044506		4701303126	108	BUKTON DESPARD HEIRS #5	SHERIDAN	0000	3.0 CABOT CORP
8044506		4701303125	108	C J THOMAS #1	SHERMAN	0000	0.0 CABOT CORP
8044507		4701303124	108	IRA MAVENTY #1	CENTER	0000	3.2 CABOT CORP
8044507		4701302590	108	ELLIOTT #1	SHERIDAN	0000	3.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044432		4709900000	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MANABONE	0000	5.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044376		4708700925	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	LOUNEVILLE GAS FIELD	0000	4.5 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044386		4708523511	108	J W FERRELL WELL #1	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	5.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044280		4709500786	108	CAPITOL #1	ELLSWORTH DISTRICT	0000	0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044305		4708703255	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	CLOVER OIL FIELD	0000	0.9 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044377		4708524588	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	MURPHY DISTRICT	0000	1.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044395		4710506011	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80	BUNNING SPRINGS DISTRICT	0000	0.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044351				NEWTUN KEMP NO 1			

PAGE 004

VOLUME 246

FIELD NAME

JD NO	JA DKT	API NU	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PUMCHASER
8044206	NEW BIG CREEK GAS CO	4704501041	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV NEW BIG CREEK GAS CO #2	GUYAN DISTRICT	10,2	PENNZOIL CO
8044301	OKMAR OIL COMPANY	4701323098	108	A M FLING #3	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044311		4701323083	108	A M JACKSON #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044297		4701323082	108	A T YUAK #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044813		4701323025	108	BENNETT #10	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044307		4701323088	108	BENNETT SAUNDERS #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044308		4701323087	108	C J THOMAS #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044302		4701323096	108	D M MILLER #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044500		4701323099	108	P M DEPUÉ #3	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044306		4701323089	108	HOLBEHT-PELL #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044305		4701323090	108	JAMES METZ #10	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044304		4701323091	108	JAMES METZ #6	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044287		4701323097	108	M J WEBB #1 (INJUN)	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,9	CABOT COMP
8044309		4701323085	108	M J WEBB #1 (BEREA)	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044298		4701323081	108	OPHIA B. SUSAN TAYLOR #3	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044284		4701323094	108	PELL HEIMS #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044288		4701323093	108	T C CAIN #1	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,5	CABOT COMP
8044303		4701323092	108	TASHIL TAYLOR #4	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	1,5	CABOT COMP
8044310		4701323094	108	YUAK B. FLUMAKTY #2	SHERIDAN DISTRICT	0,7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044493	PALED INC	4700700896	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV ADRIAN TOMS #2	SALT LICK	10,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044533		4700700946	108	AUDRA TAYLOR #1	SALT LICK	6,6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044545		4702102194	108	WELSON #1	TRUY	2,0	CARNEGIE NATURAL GAS
8044541		4702102756	108	BENNETT I-365	CENTER	0,3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044542		4702102770	108	BUGGS I-396	CENTER	1,4	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044538		4700701209	108	BRAXTON MUIJONS I-368	OTTER	6,8	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044537		4700704169	108	BRAXTON MUIJONS I-369	OTTER	3,6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044495		4700700914	108	CAMPEH #1	UTTEM	4,6	EQUITABLE GAS CO
8044492		4700700887	108	CARRIE MUYERS #1	SALT LICK	7,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044534		4700700940	108	CARRIE MUYERS #2	SALT LICK	6,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044532		4700701945	108	CARRIE PUSEY #1	SALT LICK	5,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044547		4700700867	108	DORA PUST #1	ARNETTE AREA	4,0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044546		4700700636	108	DORA PUST #2	ARNETTE AREA	3,6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044540		4702102624	108	ELLIS MEATER #1	GLENVILLE	10,2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044531		4700700941	108	L E WINE #1	SALT LICK	6,1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044499		4700700899	108	LESTER EDWARDS #1	SALT LICK	9,8	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044536		4700701040	108	MARSHALL #2	SALT LICK	7,3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044544		4702102896	108	MEADONS I-395	COPEN HUN	21,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044535		4700701025	108	POST HEIMS #1	CENTER	1,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044539		4701302561	108	SYLVESTER STUMP I-392	COPEN RUN	8,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044543		4702122893	108	W G BENNETT I-306	SHERMAN	8,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044503	PALMER HILL	4706502316	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV B M DENNING #1	HARRISVILLE AREA	1,0	CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8044499		4706504688	108	FEMREEB HEIMS #1	PENNSBORO AREA	2,6	CARNEGIE NATURAL GAS
8044500		4706504677	108	LEONARD #2	HARRISVILLE AREA	1,5	CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8044501		4706500406	108	LEONARD #3	HARRISVILLE AREA	1,5	CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8044502		4706500556	108	LEONARD #4	HARRISVILLE AREA	1,5	CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8044504		4706504691	108	STRICKLER-MCGINNIS #2	HARRISVILLE AREA	1,5	CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8044350	PENNZOIL COMPANY	4706703257	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV A B CALDWELL #1	GEARY	11,0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044354		4710500391	108	L R ROBERTS #7	BUNNING SPRINGS DISTRICT	1,5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044357		4706703262	108	U D STUCKLEY #66	GEARY	0,0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	VOLUME	246	PAGE	005
6044355		4708703263	108	O D STUCKLEY #69	GEARY				
6044356		4708703259	108	M D COMB #1	GEARY				
6044411		4705903543	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	SMITHFIELD				0,0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044407		4705903538	108	FALLING HUCK #152 = (56)	BIG SANDY				0,0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044409		4705903537	108	FALLING HUCK #157 = (58)	BIG SANDY				0,0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044410		4705903535	108	FALLING HUCK #157 = (79)	BIG SANDY				3,5 PENNZUI UNITED INC
6044408		4705903534	108	FALLING HUCK #157 = (96)	BIG SANDY				3,5 PENNZUI UNITED INC
6044405		4705903536	108	FALLING HUCK #157 = (97)	BIG SANDY				3,5 PENNZUI UNITED INC
6044408		4705903539	108	FALLING HUCK #157 = (96)	BIG SANDY				3,5 PENNZUI UNITED INC
6044392		4701303103	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	BIG SANDY				3,5 PENNZUI UNITED INC
6044510		4700500048	108	MAYBUCK & HARRIS NO 1	SHERMAN DISTRICT				1,4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044511		4700500089	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	MUD RIVER				8,1 PENNZOIL CU
6044512		4700500089	108	NELSON #2 GPA 1274	MUD RIVER				8,1 PENNZOIL CU
6044513		4700500149	108	NELSON #3 GPA 1274	MUD RIVER				8,1 PENNZOIL CU
6044514		4700500149	108	NELSON #4 GPA 1274	MUD RIVER				1,0 PENNZOIL CU
6044371		4701303102	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	LEE DISTRICT				5,7 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044299		4703903563	108	SLIDEN GAS CU #1	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044271		4703903567	108	DAVID MARK #2462	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044273		4703903566	108	DAVID MARK #2447	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044274		4703903565	108	SUNDAY CHEEK CUAL CO #1065	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044291		4703903559	108	SUNDAY CHEEK CUAL CO #1071	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044265		4703903564	108	SUNDAY CHEEK CUAL CO #1135	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044290		4703903560	108	SUNDAY CHEEK CUAL CO #689	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044286		4703903562	108	THURAS BURKE #5 PRESTHON OIL #1717	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044378		4702103596	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	CABIN CREEK				3,6 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044524		4701100624	108	RECEIVED 07/01/80 JAI MV	DEKALB DISTRICT				15,1 HOPE NATURAL GAS CO
6044524		4700501282	108	SIMEKS OIL & GAS CU #0795 WELL #1	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044487		4701100619	108	A A SHANN #P-65	SCOTT				1,2 SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
6044482		4707900949	108	A G HAVER #673	GRANT				2,4 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044456		4704302384	108	A J JOHNSON #2-15	CUNRY				2,3 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044462		4701100647	108	A J ASHMUNTH #6-6	DUVAL				1,0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044462		4701100623	108	A M CONNER #2-16	GRANT				1,0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044431		4701100643	108	A V MCCULLUGH #P-74	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044431		4701303069	108	ADDISON CUNNEK #2-12	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044450		4701303068	108	ARCHIBALD SHUCK #604	SHERMAN				2,1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044470		4701106560	108	ARCHIBALD SHUCK #605	SHERMAN				2,1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044448		4701100667	108	AUGUSTA CHANEY #P-39	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044433		4701501743	108	AUGUSTA CHANEY #P-9	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044268		4701100628	108	R M SAMPLES #A-22	UNION				3,3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044295		4700501294	108	BERTHA JACKSON #P-59	GRANT				1,2 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044489		4704302380	108	REEDLOVE REHS #712	SCOTT				2,9 PENNZOIL CU
6044489		4707900991	108	C M RICHMOND ET AL #183	UNION				1,6 PENNZOIL CU
6044420		4701100668	108	CALIMAN GRASS #R-1	CUNRY				4,9 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044421		4701500000	108	CIDDIE JUMSON #2-9	GRANT				0,8 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
6044425		4701501746	108	COAL & CURE RAILWAY #A-18	UNION				3,3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044425		4701501751	108	COAL & CURE RAILWAY #A-23	UNION				3,3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
6044425		4701501751	108	COAL & CURE RAILWAY #A-24	UNION				3,3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP

VOLUME 246 PAGE 006

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASER
8044435	8044435	4701501729	108	D N SCHUMBUVER #T-22	HENRY	3.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044465	8044465	4701100640	108	DAVID M AKERS #P-3	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044333	8044333	4704302401	108	E G & BERTHA STONE #171	JEFFERSON	1.9	PENNZOIL CU
8044294	8044294	4704302389	108	ED & MATTIE BARETT #154	DUVAL	7.3	PENNZOIL CU
8044416	8044416	4702100000	108	EMMA DELUNG #613	CENTER	0.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044416	8044416	4702100000	108	EMMA DELUNG #614	CENTER	0.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044323	8044323	4702103594	108	EMMA DELUNG #616	CENTER	0.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044483	8044483	4704302385	108	EMMA J STUNERS #8-3	CARRULL	1.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044520	8044520	4701100614	108	F F MCCULLOUGH #P-29	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044272	8044272	4700501291	108	F P MURPHY #676	SCOTT	1.5	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SEHV
8044461	8044461	4701100644	108	FREEMAN NELSON #P-42	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044454	8044454	4701100646	108	G A RUDGENS #2-10	GRANT	0.1	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044525	8044525	4701100618	108	G M MATFIELD #P-57	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044436	8044436	4701501730	108	G W BUTCHER #T-12	HENRY	1.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044463	8044463	4701100642	108	GENMAN CHAPMAN #2-10	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044440	8044440	4701501735	108	H E SHADLE #T-11	HENRY	4.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044320	8044320	4701501766	108	H E SHADLE #T-13	HENRY	1.7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044477	8044477	4701100660	108	H MATFIELD #P-47	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044312	8044312	4707900955	108	H J MILLER #741	CURRY	3.5	PENNZOIL CU
8044523	8044523	4701100617	108	HENRY GERLACH #P-13	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044470	8044470	4701100659	108	HENRY GERLACH #P-46	GRANT	1.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044475	8044475	4701100662	108	HENRY GERLACH #P-56	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044457	8044457	4701100648	108	HENRY STONE #P-71	GRANT	4.6	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044451	8044451	4701106350	108	MUBERT MATFIELD #2-19	SHERIDAN	3.0	PENNZOIL CU
8044331	8044331	4704302398	108	I J BIAS ET UX #3	HENRY	0.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044319	8044319	4701501765	108	IDA CALDWELL #T-14	HENRY	2.7	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044439	8044439	4701501734	108	IDA CALDWELL #T-20	HENRY	2.8	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044267	8044267	4704300213	108	IRA BUNGER ET UX #284	SHERIDAN	1.2	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044444	8044444	4701106370	108	ISAAC GERLACH #2-17	GRANT	1.1	PENNZOIL CU
8044269	8044269	470501293	108	J C HILL #716	SCOTT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044519	8044519	4701100613	108	J E MCKENY #P-53	GRANT	3.8	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SEHV
8044509	8044509	4703903353	108	J M HANSPUND #M-12	CABIN CREEK	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044471	8044471	4701100666	108	J M HANSHARGER #P-61	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044472	8044472	4701100665	108	J M HANSHARGER #P-62	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044466	8044466	4701100639	108	J M WILLIAMS #P-6	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044460	8044460	4701100645	108	J L BLACKWOOD #P-63	GRANT	0.7	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044516	8044516	470501285	108	J M MUPRINS #677	SCOTT	1.6	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SEHV
8044474	8044474	4701100663	108	J M WALLACE #P-17	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044468	8044468	4701100669	108	J M WALLACE #P-23	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044315	8044315	4701303070	108	J M GODFREY #608	SHERMAN	1.3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044434	8044434	4701303027	108	J R GODFREY #609	SHERMAN	1.3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044468	8044468	4707900950	108	J S BUNDETTE #M-7	CURRY	7.6	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044429	8044429	4701501754	108	JACKSON HULLINS #M-31	UNION	3.3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044464	8044464	4701100641	108	JAMES CONNER #2-5	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044430	8044430	4701501755	108	JAMES REED #A-33	UNION	3.3	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044324	8044324	4704302392	108	JOHN R MCCALLISTER #8-6	DUVAL	4.8	PENNZOIL CU
8044491	8044491	4708703253	108	L F SMITH #537	GEARY	0.7	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044490	8044490	4708703252	108	L F SMITH #538	GEARY	0.7	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044485	8044485	4704302387	108	LEANDE MILLER #M-5	CARROLL	0.6	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044439	8044439	4701106260	108	M M HONAKER #P-63	GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044296	8044296	4704302382	108	MALINDA HEADUMS ET VIR #196	DUVAL	2.5	PENNZOIL CU
8044428	8044428	4704302391	108	MALINDA HEADUMS ET VIR #197	DUVAL	2.5	PENNZOIL CU
8044516	8044516	4700501263	108	MARY JANE MILLER #705	WASHINGTON	0.8	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SEHV

VOLUME 206 PAGE 007

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PURCHASER
*8044330		4704302397	108	MARY NUEL #8	SHELDON		PENNZOIL CU
8044337		4701501731	108	MATHEWS SCOTT & PRICE #T-19	HENRY		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
*8044330		4701100625	108	MATTIE HAGER #P-64	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8044466		4701501741	108	MICHAEL CRAIG #A-14	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044447		4701501742	108	MICHAEL CRAIG #A-15	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044419		4701501744	108	MICHAEL CRAIG #A-20	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044427		4701501752	108	MICHAEL CRAIG #A-28	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044428		4701501753	108	MICHAEL CRAIG #A-29	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044404		4703903552	108	MONTGOMERY HEIKS #M-10	CABIN CREEK		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044431		4701501732	108	N P GRUSE #T-18	HENRY		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044398		4701900429	108	NEW RIVER CU #M-27	KANAWHA		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044403		4701900434	108	NEW RIVER COMPANY #M-13	KANAWHA		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044400		4701900431	108	NEW RIVER COMPANY #M-15	KANAWHA		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044401		4701900432	108	NEW RIVER COMPANY #M-16	KANAWHA		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044399		4701900430	108	NEW RIVER COMPANY #M-22	KANAWHA		SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
*8044453		4701100653	108	NORA HOMES #Z-39	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044526		4701100620	108	ORVILLE CUNNER #Z-14	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044397		4701100627	108	OSCAR NELSON #P-72	UNION		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8044422		4701501747	108	P S HART #A-1	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044423		4701501748	108	P S HART #A-2	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044424		4701501749	108	P S HART #A-3	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044426		4701501750	108	P S HART #A-5	UNION		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
*8044326		4704302353	108	PEARL STUMPKS ET AL #176	JEFFERSON		PENNZOIL CU
*8044455		4701100651	108	PRESTON KEATON #Z-4	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044456		4701100650	108	R C KILGORE #Z-35	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044481		4704302383	108	R L STANLEY #M-7	DUVAL		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044454		4701100652	108	H M HANDLEY #Z-37	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044322		4702103593	108	S A HAYS #617	CENTER		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044521		4702103592	108	S E MINNEY #618	CENTER		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044486		4707900948	108	S J MYMAN #P-31	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044484		4701100622	108	SARUEL BECKETT #F-68	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044480		4704302386	108	SCOTT LAMSON #U-11	CAMRULL		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044467		4704302381	108	SCOTT LAMSON #U-12	CAMRULL		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044522		4701100616	108	SCOTT LAMSON #U-13	CAMRULL		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044327		4704302394	108	T M DUTY #P-50	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044329		4704302396	108	T M CHANDLER #177	JEFFERSON		PENNZOIL CU
*8044316		4701501762	108	T M CHANDLER #180	JEFFERSON		PENNZOIL CU
*8044318		4701501764	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-10	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044438		4701501739	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-16	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044441		4701501736	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-17	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044442		4701501738	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-2	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044443		4701501730	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-4	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044444		4701501739	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-5	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044317		4701501763	108	THOMPSON LAND & COAL #T-6	PLEASANT		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
*8044332		4704302400	108	V J & LEE SANSUM #15	SMELIQUAN		CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044270		4700501292	108	W A CHILDRESS #674	SCUTT		PENNZOIL CU
8044479		4701100658	108	W D HEADRUS #Z-6	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8044445		4701501740	108	W M EVANS #A-6	UNION		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044475		4701100644	108	W L HUCKER #P-2	GRANT		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8044417		4704901703	108	W L WILSON #G-1	CHEMDO		COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
*8044334		4707900953	108	W H KINDER #746	CUMHY		PENNZOIL CU

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	RECEIVED	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASER
8044452		4701100654	100	W T MURRIS #Z-51		GRANT	1.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044420		4704302395	100	W HAY ET UX #129		CAKRUILL	2.9	PENNZOIL CO
8044335		4701900952	100	W W VANDELINDE ET AL #183		CURRY	1.6	PENNZOIL CO
8044325		4701900952	100	W W VANDELINDE ET AL #185		CURRY	1.6	PENNZOIL CO
8044402		4701900433	100	WHITE OAK HAILWAY #M-19		KANANHA	1.9	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044476		4701100661	100	WILLIAM KINTLEY #P-34		GRANT	0.8	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8044517		4700501284	100	W H SHELUS #680		SCUTT	1.9	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044514		4700501281	100	W H SHELUS #681		SCUTT	1.9	SOUTHERN PUBLIC SERV
8044514		4700501281	100	RECEIVED: 07/01/80	JAI MV			
8044412		4701782600	100	JESSIE RICHARDS		COVE DISTRICT	9.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044387		4703322267	100	AMUDA-DRUISON #1		BIG HOCK CAMP	0.2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044281		4700522600	100	REE #1		UNION DISTRICT	1.2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044497		4708504585	100	GUFF #1		G L GUFF	2.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044593		4708524586	100	GREEN KNUB #1		MURPHY DISTRICT	3.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044277		4708504589	100	MILL #1		MURPHY DISTRICT	1.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044279		4708524592	100	MUVER #1		G L GUFF	2.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044498		4708524590	100	PRUNTY #1		PRUNTY GAS CO	1.2	CONSUMERS GAS UTILITY
8044278		4708520459	100	RACKET #1		MURPHY DISTRICT	12.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044394		4708524587	100	WILSON #1		C A WILSON	5.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8044372		4708504594	100	RECEIVED: 07/01/80	JAI MV			
8044374		4708503526	100	WANNER OIL & GAS CO		MURPHY DISTRICT	10.3	GODFREY L CARROT-INC
8044375		4708523824	100	RECEIVED: 07/01/80	JAI MV			
				GLEN W HUBERTS #2 WELL		MURPHY DISTRICT	16.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
				GLEN W HUBERTS #3 WELL		MURPHY DISTRICT (CRAB RU	16.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI CO 4			
				DAVIS #1		IGNACIO BLANCO	13.0	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
				KIM UTE #1		IGNACIO BLANCO	15.0	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
				UTE A #3		IGNACIO BLANCO	17.0	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI NM 4			
				GILLULLY FEDERAL GAS CO #17		EUMONT QUEEN	295.7	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
				PU PIPKIN #4		BASIN-DARUTA	21.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI NM 4			
				KELLY #1		BLANCO MESA VERDE	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				FEDERAL #2		BASIN DAKOTA	100.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				SANDERSON A NU 9		NHFU - EUNICE-MONUMENT (3.1	MARKEN PETROLIUM CU
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI NM 4			
				MUNSAITU FEDERAL #1		WILDCAT	180.0	
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI NM 4			
				DIME NAVAJU 12-26-15 #1		MAW - NIPP	234.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				DIME NAVAJU 13-26-15 #1		MAW - NIPP	355.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				DIME NAVAJU 13-26-15 #2		MAW - NIPP	450.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				DIME NAVAJU 13-26-15 #3		MAW - NIPP	699.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				DIME NAVAJU 13-26-15 #4		MAW - NIPP	554.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				DIME NAVAJU 18-26-12 #1		MAW - NIPP	201.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
				RECEIVED: 07/03/80	JAI NM 4			

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PURCHASER
8044652	NM-5093-79	3003920278	108	CANYON LARGO UNIT #154	UTERU-CHACHRA GAS	21.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044660	NM-0110-80	3003920275	108	CANYON LARGO UNIT #155	UTERU-CHACHRA GAS	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044657	NM-0004-80	3004510685	108	CASE #4	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044616	NM-0002-80-E	3004510694	104	CASE 3	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	9.5	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044630	NM-0261-80	3004506724	108	DAY B #5	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	18.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044655	NM-4915-79	3004513085	108	GRANBLING #4	BLANCO-PICTURED CLIFFS C	21.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044641	NM-0299-80	3004523714	103	MEATUN #7A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	220.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044640	NM-0298-80	3004523715	103	MEATUN #7A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	220.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044615	NM-0100-80	3004523871	103	MEATUN #8A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	290.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044608	NM-0342-80-A	3004523560	103	KELLY #2A NV	BLANCO MESAVERDE	180.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044609	NM-0342-80-B	3004523580	103	KELLY #2A PC	BLANCO PICTURED CLIFFS	40.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044619	NM-0503-80	3004500000	103	LODEWICK #6	FULCHIN KUTZ-PICTURED CL	17.5	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044611	NM-0340-80	3004523885	103	MAGEZI #5	BASIN DAKOTA	50.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044613	NM-0344-80	3004523739	103	NEHLRY #4A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	180.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044610	NM-0341-80	3004525697	103	MIDDLE F #5A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	180.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044649	NM-4903-79	3003907416	108	SAN JUAN 28-5 UNIT #6	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044653	NM-5041-79	3003920109	108	SAN JUAN 28-5 UNIT #77	BASIN-DAKOTA GAS	18.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044650	NM 4550-79	3003920872	108	SAN JUAN 28-6 UNIT #192	BLANCO SOUTH-PICTURED CL	18.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044614	NM-0343-80	3004523315	103	SAN JUAN 32-9 UNIT #18A	BLANCO MESAVERDE	220.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-ENERGY RESERVES GROUP INC							
8044600	NM-0329-80	3004522239	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	WEST KUTZ P C	10.3	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044602	NM-0310-80	3004507045	108	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #268	WEST KUTZ P C	18.9	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044604	NM-0332-80	3004507182	108	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #4	WEST KUTZ P C	17.3	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044605	NM-0333-80	3004507212	108	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #7	WEST KUTZ P C	9.9	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044628	NM-0325-80	3004523706	103	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #281	KUTZ WEST PICTURED CLIFF	27.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044629	NM-0326-80	3004523821	103	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #290	KUTZ WEST PICTURED CLIFF	90.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044638	NM-0321-80	3004523822	103	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #291	KUTZ WEST PICTURED CLIFF	27.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044639	NM-0323-80	3004523968	103	GALLEGUS CANYON UNIT P C #298	KUTZ WEST PICTURED CLIFF	61.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044601	NM-0331-80	3003921503	108	JICARILLA 35 #6	UTERO CHACHRA AND SOUTH B	17.6	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
-GETTY OIL COMPANY							
8044612	NM-0345-80	3003905837	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	UTERO CHACHRA	16.5	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-J GREGORY HERRINGER ROBERT L BAYLES							
8044632	NM-0291-80	3004523691	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	WAM FRUITLAND/PICTURED C	30.0	SOUTHERN UNION EXPL
8044617	NM0001-80-ELR	3001521955	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	HIGH NITRO GRAYBURG	16.6	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-NORTHWEST PIPELINE CORPORATION							
8044659	NM-0163-80	3003921792	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BLANCO PICTURED CLIFFS	33.0	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
8044648	NM-0297-80	3003922195	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	CHACON DAKOTA ASSOCIATED	0.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044631	NM-0283-80	3003922152	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	CHACON DAKOTA ASSOCIATED	0.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-SCHALK DEVELOPMENT COMPANY							
8044625	NM-0320-80	3003922194	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	WILDCAT MESA VERDE	0.0	NORTHWEST PIPELINE C
8044657	NM-0321-80	3003921956	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	CHACHRA	0.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-SOUTHLAND ROYALTY CO							
8044620	NM-0301-80	3004520548	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BLANCO	15.0	SOUTHERN UNION GATHE
8044607	NM-0334-80	3004523884	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN	60.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-SUPRON ENERGY CORPORATION							
8044627	NM-0310-80	3004511557	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN DAKOTA	17.3	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044621	NM-0309-80	3004510390	108	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN DAKOTA	16.8	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
-TENNESSEE OIL COMPANY							
8044623	NM-0306-80	3004523797	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN DAKOTA	500.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044622	NM-0307-80	3004523487	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN DAKOTA	500.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044624	NM-0305-80	3004523827	103	RECEIVED 07/03/80 JAI NH 4	BASIN DAKOTA	500.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS

VOLUME 246 PAGE 610

FIELD NAME PURCHASER
 PHOD
 500.0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
 550.0 SOUTHERN UNION GAS
 500.0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
 WILDCAT 0.0 TRANSMISSION PIPELINE

API NO SEC # WELL NAME
 HAMNER 3A DK
 HAMNER 3A MV
 TAPP #2
 RECEIVED: 07/03/80 JAT MM
 MCCLELLAN MB FEDERAL NO 1

OTHER PURCHASERS

8044267	thru	8044269	Southern Public Service Co.
8044282	thru	8044284	Pennzoil Co.
8044285			Southern Public Service Co.
8044292	thru	8044293	Pennzoil Co.
8044294	thru	8044296	Southern Public Service Co.
8044312	thru	8044335	Southern Public Service Co.
8044336	thru	8044349	Pennzoil Co.
8044352	thru	8044353	Pennzoil Co.
8044359	thru	8044370	Pennzoil Co.
8044389	thru	8044391	Southern Public Service Co.
8044396	thru	8044397	Southern Public Service Co.
8044449	thru	8044491	Southern Public Service Co.
8044519	thru	8044530	Chase Gathering Systems Inc.
8044552			Chase Gathering Systems Inc.
8044556	thru	8044558	Chase Gathering Systems Inc.
8044561			Oklahoma Natural Gas Gathering Corp.
8044562			Transok Pipeline Co.
8044570	thru	8044572	Chase Gathering Systems Inc.
8044574			Champlin Petroleum Co.
8044583			North West Pipeline Corp.
8044586	thru	8044587	North West Pipeline Co.
8044652			
8044660			

[FR Doc. 80-23898 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-85-C

[Volume 247]

**Determinations by Jurisdictional
Agencies Under the Natural Gas Policy
Act of 1978**

Issued July 31, 1980.

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission received notices of determinations from the jurisdictional agencies listed herein, for the indicated wells, pursuant to the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and 18 CFR 274.104. Negative determinations are indicated by a (D) in the DEN column. Estimated annual production is in million cubic feet (MMcf).

The applications for determination in these proceedings together with a copy or description of other materials in the record on which such determinations were made are available for inspection, except to the extent such material is treated as confidential under 18 CFR 275.206, at the Commission's Office of Public Information, Room 1000, 825 North Capitol Street NE., Washington, D.C. 20426.

Persons objecting to any of these final determinations may, in accordance with 18 CFR 275.203 and 18 CFR 275.204, file a protest with the Commission on or before August 21, 1980.

Please reference the FERC Control Number in all correspondence related to these determinations.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

PAGE 002

VOLUME 247

PHOD PURCHASER

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	RECEIVED	DATE	TX	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PURCHASER
8044781	12372	4241330763	103	CASE #1	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	VELMEX (CANYON UPPER)	-----	50.0 CHA INC
8044719	09015	4219500000	108	HENNETT 33394	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	MANSFORD (UPPER MORHUM)	-----	8.0 NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
8044721	09017	4219500000	108	CITY OF SPELMAN 20212	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	MANSFORD (UPPER MORHUM)	-----	18.0 NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
8044720	09010	4219500022	108	GALEN MILLER 50777	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	CLEMENTINE (MAMMATON 602)	-----	9.0 PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044966	17476	4224500000	102	HIGH ISLAND BLUCK 10-L NU 3	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	HIGH ISLAND BLUCK 10-L G	-----	0.0 TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS
8044911	13608	4209330553	103	CUAN-SIMPSON #42057	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	MITTIE (MARBLE FALLS)	-----	120.0 LONE STAR GAS CO
8044964	17427	4220130963	102	MELLESS NU 2-C	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	GUM GULLY W (KELKER)	-----	90.0 UNITED TEXAS TRANSPI
8044924	14471	4234130548	103	MAST-KUNSON 101K	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	WEST PANHANDLE (RED CAVE)	-----	73.0 CULHADD INTERSTATE
8044680	05879	4207930926	103	CONOCO-DEAN UNIT (60106) #125	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SLAUGHTER / SAN ANDRES	-----	0.7 AMUCO PRODUCTION CU
8044681	05975	4207930929	103	CONOCO-DEAN UNIT (60106) #132	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SLAUGHTER / SAN ANDRES	-----	0.7 AMUCO PRODUCTION CU
8044736	10224	4234900000	108	FUND-GENERALINE UNIT NU 12 21021	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	GERALDINE / FORD	-----	2.9 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044732	10159	4222700000	108	G U CHALK D NO 12 02688	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	MOND-GLASSCOCK	-----	0.4 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044738	10267	4243300000	108	GUEST/CANYON SAND	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	GUEST / CANYON SAND	-----	0.4 CITIES SERVICE OIL C
8044739	10264	4222700000	108	M N CLAY A NO 22 02691	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	MURAND-GLASSCOCK	-----	0.4 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044737	10262	4243300000	108	J J DALBY (04291) #1	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	FLUENS WEST / CANYON	-----	0.3 CITIES SERVICE OIL C
8044806	12776	4232330549	108	N J CHITTIM NU A 23 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044847	12777	4232330548	108	N J CHITTIM NU A 24 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044804	12774	4232330551	108	N J CHITTIM NU A21 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044845	12775	4232330550	108	N J CHITTIM NU A22 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044848	12778	4232330547	108	N J CHITTIM NU B 4 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044785	12610	4232330518	108	N J CHITTIM NU C10 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044786	12611	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU E2 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044678	12625	4232330517	108	N J CHITTIM NU 1703 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044975	12623	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3613 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044874	12622	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3638 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044950	12780	4232330298	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3645 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044896	12646	4232330580	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3647 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044895	12645	4232330297	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3648 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044944	12644	4232330322	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3651 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044868	12612	4232330321	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3652 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044866	12610	4232330320	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3653 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044867	12611	4232330319	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3654 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044859	12794	4232330329	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3656 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044858	12793	4232330316	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3657 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044857	12792	4232330317	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3658 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044855	12769	4232330316	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3659 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044854	12768	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3722 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044865	12634	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3746 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044864	12633	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3758 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044863	12632	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3760 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044892	12641	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3822 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044891	12640	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3825 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044893	12787	4232330536	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3852 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044852	12786	4232331165	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3855 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044851	12785	4232330533	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3906 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044847	12635	4232330531	108	N J CHITTIM NU 3907 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU
8044860	12636	4232330000	108	N J CHITTIM NU 4005 02082	RECEIVED	07/07/80	JAI TX	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1)	-----	0.4 LOVACA GATHERING CU

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASER
6044807	12736	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4020 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044808	12736	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4034 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044809	12736	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4035 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044810	12741	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4038 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044811	12741	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4039 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044812	12742	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4052 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044813	12743	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4053 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044814	12743	4232300556	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4060 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044815	12809	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 412 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044816	12809	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4136 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044817	12851	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4139 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044818	12852	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4143 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044819	12852	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 423 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044820	12858	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4235 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044821	12863	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4258 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044822	12744	4232303079	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4249 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044823	12745	4232303079	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4251 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044824	12746	423230442	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4256 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044825	12746	423230444	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4259 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044826	12837	423230443	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4260 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044827	12838	423230440	108	N J CHITTIM NO 4313 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044828	12839	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 439 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044829	12807	4232300519	108	N J CHITTIM NO 506 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044830	12806	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 511 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044831	12805	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 512 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044832	12804	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 513 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044833	12818	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 533 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044834	12791	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 536 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044835	12830	4232303002	108	N J CHITTIM NO 544 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044836	12828	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 603 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044837	12828	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 604 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044838	12827	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 605 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044839	12826	4232300000	108	N J CHITTIM NO 607 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044840	12694	4232303074	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6530 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044841	12695	4232303073	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6531 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044842	12696	4232303072	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6532 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044843	12697	4232303071	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6533 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044844	12698	4232303070	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6534 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044845	12699	4232303069	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6535 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044846	12631	4232303068	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6536 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044847	12740	4232303067	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6537 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044848	12750	4232303066	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6540 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044849	12751	4232303065	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6542 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044850	12752	4232303064	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6546 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044851	12753	423230429	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6632 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044852	12702	423230425	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6640 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044853	12704	423230421	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6641 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044854	12754	423230421	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6643 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044855	12755	423230417	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6644 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044856	12754	423230416	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6646 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044857	12755	423230415	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6648 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044858	12705	423230414	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6649 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044859	12700	423230413	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6649 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044860	12701	423230413	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6651 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU
6044861	12701	423230400	108	N J CHITTIM NO 6651 02082	SACATUSA (SAN MIGUEL #1	0.4	LOVACA GATHMING CU

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	VOLUME	PAGE
6044704	0732	4223752149	103	DURHAM-REMPNER NO 3	BUONVILLE (8CG)	252.0	LUNE STAM GAS CO
6044705	07437	4247931959	103	T M MIDDLETON E NO 4	LAS TIENDAS E (OLMUS)	292.0	LUNE STAM GAS CO
6044706	07438	4247931940	103	T M MIDDLETON E NO 5	LAS TIENDAS E (OLMUS)	175.0	LUNE STAM GAS CO
6044925	14476	4224730673	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	KELSEY DEEP (6920)	300.0	TRUNKLINE GAS CO
6044908	13385	4226531276	102	MKS AMK BASS 38-0 82944	BRUSHY CREEK (VEGUA 4700)	0.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSH
6044909	13385	4226531276	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BRUSHY CREEK (VEGUA 4700)	0.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSH
6044949	15246	4223300000	108	UMFREY #1	SHIRLEY CLEVELAND	14.0	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
6044904	01364	4246100000	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	SHIRLEY CLEVELAND	14.0	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
6044942	14831	4223300677	103	PRUCTON 21 NO 4 HRC NO 07092	CALVIN (DEAN)	54.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
6044703	07310	4241330706	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CALVIN (DEAN)	54.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
6044942	14831	4223300677	103	EMMONS 62 HELL NO 1	ELDONADO SOUTH (CANYON)	110.0	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
6044904	13481	4224930950	103	E P THOMPSON #1	BOMBA E (COOK MTN)	5.5	LO-VACA GATHERING CU
6044759	10859	4225050000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BOMBA E (COOK MTN)	5.5	LO-VACA GATHERING CU
6044900	10852	4225050000	103	H A JOHNSON C #1 #12225	SUBLIME (9200)	25.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044724	09204	4247932352	102	WPKING A NO 90	PANHANDLE	5.5	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
6044724	09204	4236930866	107	O M ALEXANDER NO 1 ID #30147	CANTHAGE (PETTIT LU)	11.2	TEXAS GAS TRANSMISSI
6044974	19558	4200100000	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CANTHAGE (PETTIT LU)	11.2	TEXAS GAS TRANSMISSI
6044950	15248	4217900000	106	SILLZIG-WEHREMAN #9	AMARGOSA (2200)	184.0	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
6044951	15249	4217900000	106	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	AMARGOSA (2200)	184.0	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
6044952	15250	4217900000	106	M M KAHINEZ #0-4	LOPENO (QUEEN CITY OIL)	36.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044953	15343	4223300000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	LOPENO (QUEEN CITY OIL)	36.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044701	07224	4224930796	103	WHITTENBURG NO 1	JUANITA (LUBU)	500.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044701	07224	4224930796	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	JUANITA (LUBU)	500.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044725	09250	4238930983	102	VALADEZ ESTATE #7	WAMA WEST (ELLENBURGER)	350.0	TRANSMISSION PIPELIN
6044725	09250	4238930983	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	WAMA WEST (ELLENBURGER)	350.0	TRANSMISSION PIPELIN
6044751	10590	4222100000	108	WHITTENBURG NO 1	KURTEN (HOUDSINE)	100.0	PRODUCERS GAS CO
6044750	10589	4222100000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	KURTEN (HOUDSINE)	100.0	PRODUCERS GAS CO
6044749	10588	4222100000	108	VALADEZ ESTATE #7	WEST PANHANDLE	4.2	GETTY OIL CU
6044748	10587	4222100000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	WEST PANHANDLE	4.2	GETTY OIL CU
6044959	16745	4212331006	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	PANHANDLE	1.0	RENN MCGEE OIL CU
6044957	17014	4202531153	102	WHITTENBURG NO 1	PANHANDLE	1.0	RENN MCGEE OIL CU
6044958	17015	4202531147	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	PANHANDLE	1.0	RENN MCGEE OIL CU
6044956	16381	4235531418	102	WHITTENBURG NO 1	PANHANDLE-HUTCHINSON CUU	0.1	GETTY OIL CU
6044938	14425	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MAGNOLIA CITY	96.0	TENNESSEE GAS TRANSH
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MAGNOLIA CITY	96.0	TENNESSEE GAS TRANSH
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	DOUBLE EAGLE (CASTILE)	477.0	INTRATEX GAS CU
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	DOUBLE EAGLE (CASTILE)	477.0	INTRATEX GAS CU
6044959	16745	4212331006	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HOUSTON RANCH (STARR)	6.1	TEXAS UTILITIES FUL
6044957	17014	4202531153	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HOUSTON RANCH (STARR)	20.6	TEXAS UTILITIES FUL
6044958	17015	4202531147	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HOUSTON RANCH (STARR)	4.1	TEXAS UTILITIES FUL
6044956	16381	4235531418	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HOUSTON RANCH (STARR)	16.2	TEXAS UTILITIES FUL
6044938	14425	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	GARRETT	175.0	
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	GARRETT	175.0	
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	SINGLETON E (WILSON)	109.0	FERGUSON CHURRING PI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	SINGLETON E (WILSON)	109.0	FERGUSON CHURRING PI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HEALEY (PETTUS)	26.0	FERGUSON CHURRING PI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	HEALEY (PETTUS)	26.0	FERGUSON CHURRING PI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	COTTON (GUSENLEHNER)	109.5	UNITED TEXAS TRANSH
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	COTTON (GUSENLEHNER)	109.5	UNITED TEXAS TRANSH
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CHESS 44	400.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CHESS 44	400.0	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MC ELLROY	1.1	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
6044937	14424	4244900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MC ELLROY	1.1	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PUKCHASE
8044939	14826	4210300000	108	MAGNOLIA NU 5 - 04212	MC ELMURY	PHOD	PHUCCHASE
8044940	14827	4210300000	108	MAGNOLIA NU 7 - 04212	MC ELMURY	PHOD	PHUCCHASE
8044945	14912	4210300000	108	MAGNOLIA NU 9 - 04212	MC ELMURY	PHOD	PHUCCHASE
8044672	05105	4206500000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	PANHANDLE		
8044673	05359	4225300000	108	BURNETT R NU 37	PANHANDLE		
8044674	05400	4225300000	108	RUNNETT RF NU 1	PANHANDLE		
8044752	10600	4225300000	108	WFRING-BURCH HERRING NU 59	PANHANDLE		
8044677	05719	4225300000	108	INGENIUM NU 2 HC	PANHANDLE		
8044678	05720	4225300000	108	STATE U NU 37	PANHANDLE		
8044679	05735	4225300000	108	STATE B NU 40	PANHANDLE		
8044676	05710	4225300000	108	STATE B NU 42	PANHANDLE		
8044675	05712	4225300000	108	STATE B NU 53	PANHANDLE		
8044700	07191	4217900000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	NAN SU GAIL (SUB-CLARKSV		
8044704	11116	4216115496	108	F M HILL U NU 1 15496	BLACK DIAMOND		
8044776	12183	4224730661	102	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	BLACK DIAMOND		
8044775	12182	4224730671	102	A K EAST PEE NU 11-0	BLACK DIAMOND		
8044700	07191	4217900000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	WEST PANHANDLE		
8044669	04512	4220300000	108	HEITHULT 25271	WOODLAWN (MOUESSA)		
8044707	07679	4221130075	108	T J TAYLOR ESTATE #1-C 38147	WOODLAWN (MOUESSA)		
8044668	04124	4249730109	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	HUMPHREYS-DOUGLAS		
8044724	12400	4249731425	103	FLUYS CRUMHUVEN #2 52403	BUONVILLE BEND CONG		
8044683	10843	4249731471	105	G B FITZGERALD #3 81980	BUONVILLE BEND CONG		
8044912	13714	4200933598	103	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	ALVORD (ATUKA CONGL)		
8044717	09800	4236700000	103	R M DEAVENY #9L 18504	ELWAGEL NURTH (MISS)		
8044902	12866	4230100000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	BRAZUS EAST (CADDU)		
8044670	04730	4248330582	103	LADD-GILBERT R #1	WHEAT		
8044665	00460	4217500000	108	HAMILL ELLIS WELL #2	WHELEEM PAN (HUNTON)		
8044662	00454	4217500000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	KAREN BEAUCHAMP (2100)		
8044784	12551	4238900000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	KAREN BEAUCHAMP (2100)		
8044926	14550	4228531235	103	PAUL BETHKE NO 3 #02278	FOND EAST (DELAWARE SAND		
8044927	14551	4208930901	103	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	COLOVACA (MIOCENE 2100)		
8044928	14552	4208930908	103	ALICE HINZE NO 1	COLOVACA (3600)		
8044929	14553	4208931006	103	B E DAVIS B NU 2-1	COLOVACA (MIOCENE 1900)		
8044930	14554	4208930968	103	B E DAVIS B NU 3	GARWOOD (3600)		
8044931	14555	4208931011	103	B E DAVIS B NU 4	GARWOOD (3600)		
8044934	14559	4228530898	103	KALLINA ET AL NO 1-C	GARWOOD (3600)		
8044935	14560	4228531233	103	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	PROVIDENT CITY (3530 EAB		
8044933	14554	4228531247	103	OLDHAM LITTLE CHURCH B NU 3-1	PROVIDENT CITY (3530 EAB		
8044932	14553	4208930928	103	OLDHAM LITTLE CHURCH NU 10	CULOHALA (MIOCENE 2100)		
8044684	06788	4223300000	108	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 JAI TX	GARWOOD (3600)		
8044689	06788	4223300000	108	MAILLE NO 1	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON		

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC #	WELL NAME	FILED NAME	PHOD	PURCHASE
8044695	06800	4223300000	108	MAILE NU 3	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	1.7 GETTY OIL CO
8044694	06805	4223300000	108	MAILE NU 4	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	1.7 GETTY OIL CO
8044693	06804	4223300000	108	MAILE NU 5	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	1.5 GETTY OIL CO
8044691	06800	4223300000	108	MULFIELD-HITTENBURG A NU 4	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	1.5 GETTY OIL CO
8044690	06799	4223300000	108	MULFIELD-HITTENBURG A NU 6	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	1.5 GETTY OIL CO
8044692	06802	4223300000	108	MULFIELD-HITTENBURG J NO 1	PANHANDLE HUTCHINSON	----	3.5 GETTY OIL CO
8044690	06807	4223300000	108	WHITTENBURG J NO 1	TRINIDAD SOUTH (RUDESSA)	----	865.0 UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044694	16984	4221330246	102	PAR OIL CORPORATION-LITTLE NO 2	AGUA DULCE	----	200.0 UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044692	16935	4235531410	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BUFFALO MALLOW EAST (A C	----	1.5 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044905	17261	4248330623	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BLUCK 11 (DEVONIAN)	----	11.0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044954	15426	4213508523	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	GULDSMITH (CLEARFORK)	----	16.0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044955	15431	4213503163	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CARTMAGE	----	300.0 UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044973	10778	4236530971	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	ACKELY (DEAN SAND)	----	27.7 TEXACO INC
8044956	14748	4203330519	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	CALVIN (DEAN)	----	4.4 ALLIED CHEMICAL COMP
8044697	06878	4236300000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	SAN SALVADUR FIELD (6500	----	0.0 TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
8044765	11674	4221513984	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MCALLEN RANCH (VICKSBURG	----	450.0 SOUTH TEXAS NATURAL
8044906	13317	4221530897	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MCALLEN RANCH (VICKSBURG	----	250.0 SOUTH TEXAS NATURAL
8044907	13316	4221530877	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	LACIPITA (VICKSBURG 2 SW	----	148.0 TENNESSEE GAS PIPELI
8044961	016901	4242731278	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	KUBERTSON N (SAN ANDRES)	----	6.0 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044779	12350	4216531491	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	18.8 AMOCU PRODUCTION CO
8044666	01440	4216530626	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	16.8 AMOCU PRODUCTION CO
8044753	10675	4250131620	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	17.1 AMOCU PRODUCTION CO
8044754	10677	4250131562	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	25.9 AMOCU PRODUCTION CO
8044755	10678	4250131619	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	98.5 AMOCU PRODUCTION CO
8044756	10679	4250131583	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	UMBY	----	14.6 AMOCU NATURAL GAS
8044757	10680	4250131600	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MUNAHANS (CLEARFORK)	----	21.0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044665	01424	4247530913	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	ROBERTSON N (SAN ANDRES)	----	7.5 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044780	12551	4216531579	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	TAVENEH (YEGUA 7600)	----	400.0 LONE STAR GAS CO
8044971	17947	4215731000	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	TAVENEH (COOK MOUNTAIN 7	----	3100.0 LONE STAR GAS CO
8044947	14944	4215700000	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	TAVENEH (PHIO 5100)	----	200.0 LONE STAR GAS CO
8044948	14949	4215700000	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	JUANITA (MARG)	----	0.5 UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044767	11810	4248131725	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	TEXAS MUGGUTON	----	180.0 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044698	06507	4242130050	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	PANHANDLE GRAY	----	9.0 PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044702	07278	4219330576	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	MICHILAND-BERNSTEIN	----	7.3 PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044667	01561	4219330680	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BROWN COUNTY REGULAR (MA	----	70.0 UDESSA NATURAL GASUL
8044981	14826	4204903205	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BLACK DIAMOND EAST (PETT	----	54.8 LO VACA GATHERING CU
8044969	17802	4224330973	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	PARKSWORTH	----	3.7 DIAMOND SHAROCK CUM
8044726	10038	4235700000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX	BETHANY EAST (COTTUM VAL	----	130.0 UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044918	14263	4236530604	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI TX		----	

PAGE 008

VOLUME 247

JD NO	JA DAT	API NO	SEC #	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASE
8044919	14204	4236530604	103	LIZZIE BURNS ET AL #2U	BETHANY (TRAVIS PEAK)	100.0	UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044727	10036	4206500000	108	M C BURNETT NCT-3 #15	PANHANDLE	15.8	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044727	18111	4206130810	102	MARCH MANCH NO 10	HIGGINS MANCH (CANYON)	165.3	LONE STAR GAS CU
8044920	14266	4236530629	103	T C ADAMS NCT-1 #42	BETHANY (TRAVIS PEAK)	750.0	UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8044777	12190	4247932005	102	RECEIVED 07/07/80	MILOCAT	0.0	
8044769	11928	4242900000	108	DANIEL FLUKES 2	WAYLAND FIELD	1.9	LONE STAR GAS CO
8044768	11926	4242400000	108	CAHL FARRHOUGH NO 1 NU 60029	WAYLAND FIELD	24.0	SOUTHWESTERN GAS PIP
8044774	12043	4223300000	108	THACEY NU 2 HPC NU 71048	PANHANDLE - GRAY COUNTY	0.0	
8044774	12044	4223300000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80	PANHANDLE WEST	9.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044710	08494	4217900000	103	CHULEBANK #2 04300	PANHANDLE WEST	12.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044750	10703	4217900000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80	PANHANDLE	1.8	GETTY OIL CU
8044644	07185	4217900000	108	J B HUMERS #1	PANHANDLE	1.8	GETTY OIL CU
8044772	12041	4217900000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80	PANHANDLE	20.0	PGP GAS PRODUCTS INC
8044773	12043	4223300000	108	J B BUKERS #4	PANHANDLE - HUTCHINSON	3.7	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS
8044774	12044	4223300000	108	R C WARE NU 10	GIDDINGS (AUSTIN CHALK)	2.8	PRODUCERS GAS CU
8044774	12044	4223300000	108	R C WARE NU 11	CARRIE KILLEBREM (MORRUM)	1.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044710	08494	4228730197	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80	JURONG/NAVARRO B	3.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044750	10703	4239330682	103	HEMMAN MENCL #1	HANPER	2.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044644	07185	4233130040	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80	JURONG/NAVARRO B	1.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044722	00908	4213300000	108	MUSS #B 02470	WADDELL	3.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044917	14087	4210300000	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80	WADDELL	1.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044916	14086	4210300000	108	M F HENDERSON TR M NU 154	DUNE	1.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8044914	14084	4210300000	108	STATE EG NU 9	DUNE	28.8	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044915	14085	4210300000	108	STATE LB NU 4	DUNE	43.2	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044715	08499	4223300000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80	PANHANDLE	45.8	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044716	08498	4223300000	103	KILLUUGH A-2 #04137	PANHANDLE	25.2	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8044713	08495	4223300000	103	KILLUUGH B-5 #04176	PANHANDLE	71.7	COLORADO INTERSTATE
8044712	08494	4223300000	103	KILLUUGH B-7 #04176	PANHANDLE		
8044644	06937	4234100000	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80	PANHANDLE (RED CAVE)		
8044644	06937	4234100000	103	MASTERSUN #813M 03947			

OTHER PURCHASES

8044682 CULTEKO CORP
 8044778 NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CU
 8044781 NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CU
 8044958 HOUSTON P L CU

[Vol. 248]

**Determinations by Jurisdictional
Agencies Under the Natural Gas Policy
Act of 1978**

Issued July 31, 1980.

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission received notices of determination from the jurisdictional agencies listed herein, for the indicated wells, pursuant to the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and 18 CFR 274.104. Negative determinations are indicated by a (D) in the DEN column. Estimated annual production is in million cubic feet (MMcf).

The applications for determination in these proceedings together with a copy or description of other materials in the record on which such determinations were made are available for inspection, except to the extent such material is treated as confidential under 18 CFR 275.206, at the Commission's Office of Public Information, Room 1000, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426.

Persons objecting to any of these final determinations may, in accordance with 18 CFR 275.203 and 18 CFR 275.204, file a protest with the Commission on or before August 21, 1980.

Please reference the FERC Control Number in all correspondence related to these determinations.

Kenneth F. Plumb,
Secretary.

BILLING CODE 6450-85-M

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF DETERMINATIONS
BY JURISDICTIONAL AGENCIES UNDER
THE NATURAL GAS POLICY ACT OF 1978

JD NO	J A DMT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	P I E L D NAME	PHOD	PURCHASER
8045027	80-5-0001	040342023 103		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI CA GENERAL AMERICAN OIL COMPANY OF TEX GENERAL AMERICAN #U 3	HOFFAT RANCH	73.0	
KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION							
8045061	8-79-1999	1512920588 102		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI K3 BARKEN A #1 (LUMEN)	MILOCAT	120.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
LOUISIANA OFFICE OF CONSERVATION							
8045030	80-1760	1704920112 102		RECEIVED! 07/02/80 JAI LA STEWART #1	NORTHEAST MUDGE	750.0	LOUISIANA GAS INTKAS
8045031	80-1761	1704920116 102		RECEIVED! 07/02/80 JAI LA STEWART #2	NORTHEAST MUDGE	0.0	LOUISIANA GAS INTKAS
8045029	80-1534	1707522590 102		RECEIVED! 07/02/80 JAI LA J S ABERCROMBIE #U 8	BASTIAN BAY	2462.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSH
NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY & MINERALS							
8045050		3002526664 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI NH EL PASO SMITH #U 1	JALMAT	120.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8045041		3004515115 108		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI NH D HARVEY STATE #2	UTERO	10.1	GAS CO OF NEW MEXICO
8045044		3003908102 108		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI NH CANYON LANGO UNIT #139	BASIN-DAKOTA GAS	10.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8045040		3003907047 108		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI NH RINCUN UNIT #21	UTERO-CHACHA GAS	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8045043		3003907983 108		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI NH SAN JUAN 32-5 UNIT #10	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	20.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8045043		3004523532 103		RECEIVED! 07/08/80 JAI NH MIMS STATE CUM 1-A	BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS	22.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
UTAH DIVISION OF OIL & GAS							
8044947	04442	3509321624 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK ALVEY #1 - 25	BLANCO PICTURED CLIFFS	130.0	SOUTHERN UNION GATHE
8044984	04437	3509321620 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK ARTHUR #1 - 19	MENU - RINGHOOD	20.0	PIIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8044995	04443	3509321625 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK HAYS #1 - 23	MENU - RINGHOOD	60.0	PIIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8044983	04438	3509321621 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK MELBA #1-14	MENU-RINGHOOD	20.0	PIIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8044985	04436	3507322177 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK KHUSE #1	MENU-RINGHOOD	51.0	PIIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8044986	04440	3509321622 103		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK O E WULF #1-20	EAST LUTAL	90.0	CITILE SERVICE GAS C
8045028	04440	3501721174 102		RECEIVED! 07/07/80 JAI UK FLUVO MILLEN #31-1	MENU - RINGHOOD	34.0	PIIONEER GAS PRODUCTS
8045028	04440				MILOCAT	180.0	DELHI GAS PIPELINE C

JD NO	JA DAI	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	RECEIVED	STATUS	FIELD NAME	VOLUME	PROD	PAGE
804494	00972	3500721269	103	ASA C MENDHICKS #2	07/07/80	JAI OK	BEAVER	219.0	MICHIGAN WISCONSIN P	002
804500	00972	3500721315	103	R FAGES UNIT #2	07/07/80	JAI OK	MUCANE	182.5	MICHIGAN WISCONSIN P	
804498	04441	3509321584	103	MAT/LAFF #9-1	07/07/80	JAI OK	SOUNER TREND	150.0	UNION, TEXAS PETROLEUM	
804498	04425	3507121034	103	CUMFHAM #1-6	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 6 T1N 28 N RANGE 2E	25.1	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804497	04420	3507121165	103	MUMICK #1-3	07/07/80	JAI OK	C NE/4 SEC 4 SEC 3 T1N 27	5.0	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804497	04422	3507121606	103	JUMES #2-24	07/07/80	JAI OK	C NW/4 SEC 24 T1N 28N 1E	23.7	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804490	04418	3507121197	103	KUCEHA #1-8	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 6 T1N 27 N	10.9	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804475	04420	3507121617	103	MIDSEY #1-26	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 26 T1N 29N 1E	894.2	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804476	04423	3507121475	103	SCHULZ #1-35	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 35 T1N 28N 1E	42.3	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804479	04414	3507121473	103	SIMPNER #1-17	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 17 T1N 27 N RANGE 1E	13.2	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804482	04424	3507121639	103	WOOD #2-31	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 31 T1N 28N R 2E	29.2	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804494	04444	3509208801	103	MAYES C NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	BUJLING SPRINGS	220.0	DELM I GAS PIPELINE C	
804501	04433	3501120760	103	BURNS NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	SOUAN CREEK	37.0	OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELE	
804501	04430	3501120759	103	P R D NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	ELM GROVE	100.0	OKLAHOMA NATURAL GAS	
804501	04431	3501120808	103	THUMBLEY NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	ELM GROVE	135.0	OKLAHOMA NATURAL GAS	
804499	04450	3507322210	103	STATE 16-1	07/07/80	JAI OK	EAST LACEY	0.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C	
804504	00927	3513721910	103	SPEARS 20	07/07/80	JAI OK	SHUVELL-TUM	128.0	GETTY OIL CU	
804501	04473	3504520734	103	GHANTHAM NU 2	07/07/80	JAI OK	SOUTHEAST GAGE	10.0	UNG WESTERN INC	
804501	04474	3504520736	103	GRANTHAM NU 25-2	07/07/80	JAI OK	SOUTHEAST GAGE	16.0	UNG WESTERN INC	
804504	04353	3504520767	103	FMITZLER ESTATE NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	HIGGINS SOUTH	180.0	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS	
804500	03607	3501721069	102	CUFFEY B #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	N M CALUMET	310.0	DELM I GAS PIPELINE C	
804500	04462	3501921881	103	MALL-CULLINE NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	KELLER	0.0		
804508	00791	3506300000	103	U HEADUMS NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	SECTION 19-9N-10E	22.8	OKLAHOMA NATURAL GAS	
804493	04447	3512120591	103	HENRY #1-29	07/07/80	JAI OK	MILBURNUM	70.0	OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECT	
804492	04448	3507920207	103	BLAIR #1-11	07/07/80	JAI OK	BURDSHE	100.0	OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECT	
804507	04039	3511900000	108	D STATE C - 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	WEST GEORGIA	0.0	SUN GAS CU	
804499	03507	3508120804	103	MUTIPAA #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	NORTH AGRH	219.0	COLUMBIA GAS COMPRES	
804490	01120	3509321549	103	SCHULZ LAND NU 2	07/07/80	JAI OK	BADU	250.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C	
804502	04191	3510521806	103	HILL SHAMP #12	07/07/80	JAI OK	NORTH CHILDERS	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS	
804502	04343	3510521708	103	JUB STEWART 10	07/07/80	JAI OK	NORTH CHILDERS	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804501	04179	3510521504	103	MAC STEWART 3	07/07/80	JAI OK	NORTH CHILDERS	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804501	04191	3510521428	103	PAITHENS #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	EAST LENAPAM	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804502	04186	3510521502	103	W M CHUUTEAU #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	EAST LENAPAM FIELD	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804502	04184	3510521545	103	W M CHUUTEAU #5	07/07/80	JAI OK	EAST LENAPAM	10.4	CITIES SERVICE GAS C	
804502	04474	3510720574	103	PLESSIE SLAY #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	SEC 35 TOWNSHIP 12N RANGE	365.0	MUNICIPAL SERVICE CU 1P	

PAGE 003

VOLUME 248

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC #	WELL NAME	RECEIVED	JAI	FIELD NAME	PHOD	PURCHASE
8045027	04478	3510720607	103	MAXWELL #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	SECT 4 TOWNSHIP 11N RANG	365.0	PUBLIC SERVICE CU UF
8045006	00541	5151320000	103	U WALKER #1-11	07/07/80	JAI OK	SE FAIRVALLEY	300.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8045026	04310	3515220075	102	MARKINS #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	MILOCAT	730.0	ARKANSAS LOUISIANA G
8045026	04310	3515520075	103	MARKINS #1	07/07/80	JAI OK	MILOCAT	730.0	ARKANSAS LOUISIANA G
8044946	00182	3515120771	103	REFFER #2-5	07/07/80	JAI OK	UARDALE N	145.6	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8044987	00181	3515220866	103	SHURELINE #2-34	07/07/80	JAI OK	CHESTER W	13.6	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
8045003	04469	3501721166	103	HALL-2-27	07/07/80	JAI OK	WATONGA TREND (RED FORK)	28.0	CITIES SERVICE GAS C
8045001	04459	3504722011	103	PAUL HARINER NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	GAMBER	182.0	ARCO OIL & GAS CU
8045002	04460	3504721993	103	STATE SCHOOL LAND NU 1	07/07/80	JAI OK	GAMBER	182.0	ARCO OIL & GAS CU
8044988	00045	3504721300	103	ANDERSON NU 2	07/07/80	JAI OK	MAUKUMIS 3M	72.0	PANHANDLE EASTERN PI
8045015	04435	3506521160	103	FLASCH 2-2	07/07/80	JAI OK	RUSSELL	190.0	CONOCO INC
8045029	04429	3501721048	103	KRSHKA #2-8	07/07/80	JAI OK	RICHLAND NORTHWEST	100.0	CONOCO INC
8045013	04432	3501721504	103	MEHVELDT #6-35	07/07/80	JAI OK	PIEDMONT WEST	350.0	DELHI GAS PIPELINE C
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF MINES									
ALLEGHENY LAND & MINERAL COMPANY									
8045219		4709701992	103	A-520	07/07/80	JAI MV	MEADE DISTRICT	0.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8045211		4703300916	108	A-536			SANDIS DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045095		4703302073	103	A-753			SANDIS DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045090		4703302027	103	A-776			SANDIS DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045233		4700101076	103	A-782			UNION DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045088		4703302172	103	A-787			SANDIS DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045242		4709101944	103	A-786			KNUTTSVILLE DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045246		4703302058	103	A-799			TEN MILE DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045240		4709701935	103	A-807			WASHINGTON DISTRICT	0.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8045243		4707700201	103	A-808			VALLEY DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045245		4703302085	103	A-809			SANDIS DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045089		4704102685	103	A-821			MACKEYS CREEK DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045244		4703302091	103	A-822			EAGLE DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045235		4709701984	103	A-827			WASHINGTON DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045237		4709701955	103	A-830			UNION DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045241		4709700183	103	A-833			UNION DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045236		4709701966	103	A-835			WASHINGTON DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045187		4700701423	103	A-836			SALT LICK DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045238		4709701995	103	A-846			WASHINGTON DISTRICT	0.0	COLUMBIA GAS TRANSI
8045234		4709702002	103	A-850			WASHINGTON DISTRICT	0.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045212		4703300073	108	C U RUBINSON A-337	07/07/80	JAI MV	EAGLE DISTRICT	14.0	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045162		4710900723	108	W M BITTER LUMBER CU #217	07/07/80	JAI MV	LOGAN WYOMING	20.1	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045204		4701702116	108	BLAND A #1			SMITHBURG	5.2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045208		4701702119	108	BLAND A #2			SMITHBURG	4.6	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045207		4701702121	108	CHAPMAN A #2			SMITHBURG	7.5	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045206		4701702122	108	JONES J #1			SMITHBURG	3.9	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045205		4701702124	108	MAXWELL A #10			SMITHBURG	1.2	CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP

VOLUME 248 PAGE 004

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SFC	SELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PHSD	PURCHASE
8045203		4701702127	108	MAXWELL A #11	SMITHBURG		2.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045204		4701702130	108	MAXWELL A #20	SMITHBURG		0.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045202		4701702131	108	MAXWELL A #21	SMITHBURG		3.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045201		4701702132	108	MAXWELL A #23	SMITHBURG		3.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045256		4701702133	108	MAXWELL A #26	SMITHBURG		5.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045255		4701702134	108	MAXWELL A #29	SMITHBURG		3.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045254		4701702135	108	MAXWELL A #34	SMITHBURG		5.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045253		4701702136	108	MAXWELL A #45	SMITHBURG		2.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045252		4701702137	108	MAXWELL A #46	SMITHBURG		1.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045251		4701702138	108	MAXWELL A #47	SMITHBURG		0.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045250		4701702139	108	MAXWELL A #50	SMITHBURG		4.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045249		4701702140	108	MAXWELL A #53	SMITHBURG		11.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045248		4701702141	108	MAXWELL A #54	SMITHBURG		11.8 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045175		4701702142	108	MAXWELL A #56	SMITHBURG		3.7 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045247		4701702143	108	MAXWELL A #59	SMITHBURG		7.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045182		4701702145	108	MAXWELL B #12	SMITHBURG		6.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045181		4701702146	108	MAXWELL B #13	SMITHBURG		3.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045180		4701702148	108	MAXWELL B #18	SMITHBURG		7.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045183		4701702144	108	MAXWELL B #9	SMITHBURG		3.6 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045179		4701702149	108	MAXWELL C #1	SMITHBURG		3.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045176		4701702152	108	MAXWELL C #10	SMITHBURG		0.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045128		4701702153	108	MAXWELL C #11	SMITHBURG		2.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045177		4701702150	108	MAXWELL C #3	SMITHBURG		6.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045178		4701702151	108	MAXWELL C #4	SMITHBURG		4.9 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045131		4701702157	108	MAXWELL D #19	SMITHBURG		7.1 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045129		4701702154	108	MAXWELL D #3	SMITHBURG		7.8 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045130		4701702155	108	MAXWELL D #5	SMITHBURG		8.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045132		4703402447	108	VICKERS A #7	CULBUN 6		4.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045133		4703402448	108	VICKERS A #6	CULBUN 6		2.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045096		4703402949	108	VICKERS A #7	CULBUN 6		2.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045134		4703402450	108	VICKERS A #8	CULBUN 6		1.6 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045135		4703402951	108	VICKERS A #9	CULBUN 6		1.8 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
80 A DORWARD		4702101573	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAR MV	GLENVILLE		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045103				H G CULLINS #1			
8045171		4704501049	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAR MV	LUGAN		0.5 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045228		4704501060	108	M 13 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #6	LUGAN		4.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045168		4704501052	108	M 2 GUYAN MERCANTILE #1	LUGAN		7.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045232		4704501056	108	M 20 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #13	LUGAN		4.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045226		4704501065	108	M 24 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #16	LUGAN		1.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045122		4704501063	108	M 27 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #20	LUGAN		1.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045172		4704501048	108	M 7 YANKEE-PHEEMAN #2	LUGAN		3.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045173		4704501047	108	M 15 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #8	LUGAN		6.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045174		4704501046	108	M 16 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #9	LUGAN		2.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045225		4704501066	108	M 17 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #10	LUGAN		1.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045169		4704501051	108	M 18 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #11	LUGAN		7.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045165		4704501055	108	M 19 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #12	LUGAN		5.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045231		4704501057	108	M 21 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #14	LUGAN		4.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045167		4704501053	108	M 24 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #17	LUGAN		2.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045170		4704501050	108	M 25 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #18	LUGAN		0.5 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045227		4704501064	108	M 26 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #19	LUGAN		3.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045224		4704501067	108	M 29 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #22	LUGAN		6.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045160		4704501054	108	M 31 DINGESS RUM CUAL CU #24	LUGAN		4.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI

JD NO	JA DKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	FIELD NAME	PMUD	PURCHASE
8045121		4704501061	108	M33 DINGESS RUN COAL CU #26	LUGAN		1.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045230		4704501058	108	M37 YARKEY-FREEMAN #3	LUGAN		7.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045259		4704501059	108	M5 WHITE HEINS	LUGAN		2.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045123		4704501062	108	M6 YARKEY-FREEMAN #1	LUGAN		4.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045215		4708302046	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV			
8045220		4700101103	103	HUNKE #2 PERMIT NO JAI MV	HOARING CREEK DISTRICT		25.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045217		4700101103	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	HELLS RUN VALLEY DISTRICT		45.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045217		4702123202	103	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	GLENNVILLE DISTRICT		12.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045164		4708503648	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	MUMPHY		7.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045155		4704102485	108	DEALL NU 1 47-045-2485	MUMPHY		7.2 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045158		4704102471	108	BUNNETT 1 47-041-2485	FREEMANS CREEK		12.6 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045157		4710500630	108	BUTCHER 3 47-041-2171	FREEMANS		1.0 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045156		4710506390	108	CAMPBELL DEPUT 47-105-630	CRESTON		9.3 COLUMBIA GAS TRANSMI
8045150		4704102136	108	CUOPER 47-105-639	CRESTON		18.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045159		4704102140	108	LUNG NU 1 47-041-2136	MACKERS CREEK		18.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045161		4704102089	108	LUNG NU 2 47-041-2140	MACKERS CREEK		15.8 CUNS GAS SUPPLY CORP
8045214		4700701069	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	FREEMANS CREEK		
8045213		4700701084	108	MERTZ #2 47-041-2089	SALT LICK		10.0 EQUITABLE GAS CO
8045219		4700710680	108	EVA WILLIAMS #1	SALT LICK		2.0 EQUITABLE GAS CO
8045137		4701301404	108	MURKIN TAYLOR #1	SALT LICK		14.0 EQUITABLE GAS CO
8045139		4701301481	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	SHERIDAN		3.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045136		4701301539	108	PETTIT NU 2 GAS CU	SHERIDAN		3.3 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045137		4701301576	108	PETTIT NU 3 GAS CU	SHERIDAN		1.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045137		4701301404	108	WITTON NU 1	LEE		2.4 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045210		4704500792	108	WOUNDS NU 1	SHERIDAN		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045087		4708703284	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	MCELROY DISTRICT		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045097		4708703279	108	ISAAC BAKEM HEINS #3	GEARY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045098		4708703278	108	J J WHITE #2	GEARY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045091		4708703283	108	U D STUCKLEY #102	GEARY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045100		4701501770	108	U D STUCKLEY #104	GEARY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045092		4708703281	108	U D STUCKLEY #108	HENRY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045094		4703302417	108	U D STUCKLEY #54	GEARY		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045188		4708703274	108	UGDEN T F #2	SANDIS		0.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045189		4708703276	108	P A TALLMAN #30	SMITHFIELD		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045190		4708703275	108	P A TALLMAN #40	SMITHFIELD		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045102		4701302825	108	P A TALLMAN #44	SMITHFIELD		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045101		4701302824	108	P A TALLMAN #45	SMITHFIELD		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045140		4708504651	108	P A TALLMAN #45	SMITHFIELD		0.0 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045126		4708504647	108	P T HAFFERTY #5	SHEKMAN DISTRICT		1.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045112		4708504657	108	RECEIVED 07/07/80 JAI MV	SHEKMAN DISTRICT		0.5 CONSOLIDATED GAS SUP
8045146		4708504653	108	BURKHIDGE #1	HARRISVILLE AREA		0.5 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045113		4708504656	108	C E SIMMONS #2	HARRISVILLE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045146		4708504636	108	G M CUKELEY #1	HARRISVILLE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045223		4708502732	108	G M CUKELEY #15	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045150		4708504631	108	G M HAMMER #1	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045116		4708504645	108	G M HAMMER #11	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
8045194		4708504622	108	G M HAMMER #13	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
				G M HAMMER #2	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
				G M HAMMER #4	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT
				G M HAMMER #7	UIL RIDGE AREA		0.3 CONSUMERS GAS UTILIT

PAGE 007

VOLUME 248

JD NO.	JA DKT	API NO.	SEC	WELL NAME	RECEIVED	JAI	STATE	FIELD NAME	PROD	PURCHASE
8045033	GU-1366	1771540158	102	UCS-G-1960 NU A-3	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	SOUTH TIMBALIER BLOCK	1300.0	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS
8045034	GU-1359	1770740242	102	UCS-G-2890 NU 2	07/07/80	JAI LA 3	LA	SOUTH MARSH ISLAND	2750.0	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
8045036	GU-1407	1771540322	102	UCS G-2624 #0-11	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	SOUTH TIMBALIER	200.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSN
8045038	GU-1408	1771540322	102	UCS G-2624 #0-11	07/07/80	JAI LA 3	LA	SOUTH TIMBALIER	900.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSN
8045039	GU-1391	1770240552	102	UCS G-2009 NU A-7	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	WEST CAMERON	95.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSN
8045036	GU-1392	1770240511	102	UCS G-2009 NU A-2	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	WEST CAMERON	199.0	TEXAS EASTERN TRANSN
8045035	GU-1405	1770740191	102	UCS G-1815A	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	SOUTH MARSH ISLAND	745.0	THUNKLINE GAS CU
8045037	GU-1433	1770240546	102	A-7	07/08/80	JAI LA 3	LA	WEST CAMERON	2190.0	TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS
8045032	GU-1352	4270940355	102	PENNYOIL CU UCS-G	07/03/80	JAI TX 3	TX	HIGH ISLAND AREA SOUTH A	8.0	UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
8045034	GU-1353	4270940325	102	PENNYOIL CU UCS-G	07/08/80	JAI TX 3	TX	HIGH ISLAND AREA SOUTH A	1186.0	UNITED GAS PIPE LINE
** U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY - ALBUQUERQUE, NM										
8045047	NM-5272-79	3001501829	108	D DUNN #1	07/08/80	JAI NM 4	NM	ARTESIA QUEEN GRAYBURG	0.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045048	NM-5273-79	3001502652	108	D DUNN #2	07/08/80	JAI NM 4	NM	ARTESIA QUEEN GRAYBURG	0.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045046	NM 3531-79	3004500000	108	D 2-4 FEDERAL	07/08/80	JAI NM 4	NM	BISTI	2.5	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
8045045	NM 3077-80	3000500487	103	D HUDSON FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI NM 4	NM	MECALERU SANDS MISSISSI	220.0	TUCO INC
8045049	NM-0246-80	3004506559	108	U #1 FAIRFIELD NM 060402-A	07/08/80	JAI NM 4	NM	HASIN DAKOTA	15.0	EL PASO NATURAL GAS
** U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY - CASPER, WY										
8045064	M 1047-9	2500521586	108	FEDERAL 531-19	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	SANTOOTH MOUNTAIN	9.9	MONTANA POWER CO
8045074	M 1030-9	2507121571	108	0671 1-0671 FEDERAL	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	11.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045073	M 1021-9	2507121224	108	0742 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	22.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045066	M 1113-9	2507121583	106	0813 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	1.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045075	M 1023-9	2507121238	108	0932 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	15.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045070	M 1022-9	2507121225	108	0942 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	12.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045080	M 1031-9	2507121476	108	2241 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	18.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045082	M 1034-9	2507121547	104	2242 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	15.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045081	M 1032-9	2507121586	108	2570 #1 FEDERAL	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	21.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045083	M 1035-9	2507121557	108	2642 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	15.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045077	M 1110-9	2507121518	108	2742 FEDERAL 2742-1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	21.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045076	M 1025-9	2507121583	108	2761 1-27 SUC ET AL FEDERAL	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	18.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045077	M 1027-9	2507121524	108	2870 FEDERAL #1	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	15.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045078	M 1028-9	2507121521	108	3070 #1 FEDERAL	07/08/80	JAI MT 5	MT	BUMDWIN	45.0	WESTERN GAS PIPELINE
** U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY - ALBUQUERQUE, NM										
8045068	ND 1034-9	4300700306	102	ALBUQUERQUE US 2-11	07/08/80	JAI ND 5	ND	ALBUQUERQUE	45.0	WESTERN GAS PIPELINE
8045065	ND 433-9	4301930225	108	GREENHILL ND 20	07/08/80	JAI ND 5	ND	ALBUQUERQUE	3.0	WESTERN GAS PIPELINE

JD NO	JA UKT	API NO	SEC	WELL NAME	JAR MY	FIELD NAME	VOLUME	PAGE	PROD	PURCHASE
8045094	W 1251-9B	4902521065	102	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 BULL PHUG UNIT #1 (0-50-06)	JAR MY 5	WALTMAN (DEEP)	493.0	008	493.0	KANSAS NEBRASKA NATU
8045085	W 1194-9	4903721213	103	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 NICKEL UNIT #2	JAR MY 5	WILD ROSE	250.0	008	250.0	NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
8045070	W 1273-9	4900921558	102	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 CAMPBELL FEDERAL NU 21-0	JAR MY 5	SCUTT	12.0	008	12.0	
8045069	W 1272-9	4900921559	102	CAMPBELL FEDERAL NU 23-0	JAR MY 5	SCUTT	12.0	008	12.0	
8045071	W 1275-9	4900921560	102	CAMPBELL FEDERAL NU 43-5	JAR MY 5	SCUTT	12.0	008	12.0	
8045062	W 1064-9	4903721002	103	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 FEDERAL 10-19	JAR MY 5	BIRD CANYON	127.6	008	127.6	NDMTHWEST PIPELINE C
8045063	W 1045-9	4903520554	103	FEDERAL 10-30	JAR MY 5	BIRD CANYON	445.3	008	445.3	NDMTHWEST PIPELINE C
8045072	W 1201-9	4902521144	103	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 WALLACE CREEK #6	JAR MY 5	WALLACE CREEK • RADENVIL	15.0	008	15.0	KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATU
8045086	W 1247-9	4903721439	103	RECEIVED: 07/08/80 WINSTON FEDERAL #1	JAR MY 5	NITCHE GULCH	548.0	008	548.0	
8045053	W 1045-9	5311325313	103	RECEIVED: 07/07/80 CHAPMAN BARNARD A NU 1	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	37.0	008	37.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045052	W 1045-9	5311324355	103	CHAPMAN BARNARD NU 19	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	3.0	008	3.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045050	W 1045-9	5311324354	103	CHAPMAN BARNARD NU 20	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	16.0	008	16.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045051	W 1045-9	5311324613	103	CHAPMAN BARNARD NU 21	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	19.0	008	19.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045055	W 1045-9	5311324674	103	CHAPMAN BARNARD NU 22	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	20.0	008	20.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C
8045054	W 1045-9	5311324680	103	CHAPMAN BARNARD NU 23	JAR OK 8	DUG CREEK SOUTH	80.0	008	80.0	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM C

OTHER PURCHASES

8044975	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044976	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044977	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044978	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044979	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044980	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044981	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044982	CHASE GATHERING SYSTEMS INC
8044983	PUBLIC SERVICE CU OF OKLAHOMA
8044984	PUBLIC SERVICE CU OF OKLAHOMA
8044985	PANHANDLE EASTERN PIPELINE CO
8045032	MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN PIPELINE CO
8045034	SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CU
8045035	PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC & GAS CO
8045037	MICHIGAN NATURAL GAS CU
8045041	PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC & GAS CO
8045042	NORTHWEST PIPELINE CORP
8045058	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE CO
8045060	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE CO
8045064	COLUMBIAN INTERSTATE GAS CO
8045065	PANHANDLE EASTERN PIPELINE CO

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**[FRL 1564-3]****Science Advisory Board; Meeting**

The meeting is to be held in less than the 15 days required because the nature of the sampling to be performed must commence at once if it is to be completed before the onset of winter. Under Pub. L. 92-463, notice is hereby given for a meeting of the Study Group on Sampling Protocol of the Science Advisory Board of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to be held on August 8, 1980, starting at 8:30 a.m. and ending 5:00 p.m. The meeting location is: National Environmental Research Laboratory, Conference Room P 303, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

This facility is located adjacent to the intersection of Highway 54 and Alexander Drive in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. Visitors will be directed to the meeting room by the guard.

The purpose of the meeting is to provide review and comment on the sampling protocols that have been proposed for the Love Canal area, as requested by the Office of Research and Development.

The meeting is open to the public but the seating capacity is limited. Members of the public desiring to attend should preregister with Ms. Janice Phillips at 919-541-2106 no later than close of business August 7, 1980. Persons desiring additional information may contact Dr. Douglas Seba, Science Advisory Board, Environmental Protection Agency, Phone No. 202-472-9444.

Richard Dowd,
Staff Director, Science Advisory Board.

[FR Doc. 80-23790 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M**[FRL 1562-3; PP OG2275/T254]****American Cyanamid Co.; Pendimethalin; Establishment of a Temporary Tolerance****AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: A temporary tolerance has been established for the combined residues of the herbicide pendimethalin [N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2,6-dinitrobenzenamine] and its metabolite 4-[(1-ethylpropyl)amino]-2-ethyl-3,5-dinitrobenzyl alcohol in or on wheat

grain and wheat straw at 0.1 part per million (ppm).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert J. Taylor, Product Manager (PM) 25, Registration Division, (TS-767), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20460, 202/755-2916.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

American Cyanamid Company, Agricultural Division, P.O. Box 400, Princeton, NJ 08540 submitted a pesticide petition (PP OG2275) to the EPA. The petition requested that a temporary tolerance be established for the combined residues of the herbicide pendimethalin [N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2,6-dinitrobenzenamine] and its metabolite 4-[(1-ethylpropyl)amino]-2-ethyl-3,5-dinitrobenzyl alcohol in or on wheat grain and wheat straw at 0.1 ppm.

These tolerances will permit the marketing of the above raw agricultural commodities when treated in accordance with an experimental use permit being issued under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (Pub. L. 80-104, 61 Stat. 163, as amended by Pub. L. 92-516, 86 Stat. 975; Pub. L. 94-140, 89 Stat. 754, Pub. L. 95-396, 92 Stat. 819; 7 U.S.C. 136).

The scientific data reported and other relevant material have been evaluated, and it has been determined that the tolerances will protect the public health.

The temporary tolerance has been established on the condition that the experimental use permit be used with the following provisions:

1. The total amount of the active herbicide to be used will not exceed the amount authorized in the experimental use permit.

2. American Cyanamid will immediately notify the Environmental Protection Agency of any findings from the experimental use that have a bearing on safety. The firm will also keep records of production, distribution, and performance and on request make the records available to any authorized officer or employee of the EPA or the Food and Drug Administration.

This temporary tolerance expires on September 1, 1981. Residues not in excess of the tolerance remaining in or on the raw agricultural commodities after the expiration date will not be considered actionable if the pesticide is legally applied during the term of, and in accordance with the provisions of the experimental use permit and temporary tolerance. This tolerance may be revoked if the experimental use permit is revoked or if any scientific data or experience with this pesticide indicate

such revocation is necessary to protect the public health.

[Sec. 408(j), 68 Stat. 561, (21 U.S.C. 346a(j))]

Dated: July 28, 1980.

Douglas D. Camp,
Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 80-23649 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M**[FRL 1562-2; PF-185A]****American Cyanamid Co.; Filing of Pesticide and Food Additive Petition; Correction****AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects a notice that appeared on page 34054 in the Federal Register of May 21, 1980 (FR Doc. 80-15512).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Franklin D. R. Gee, Product Manager (PM) 17, Office of Pesticide Programs, Registration Division (TS-767), Rm. E-341, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street SW, Washington, D.C. 20460, 202/426-9741.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 80-15512 appearing at page 34054, May 21, 1980, Petition OF2347, the chemical "phenoxyphenyl)methyl-4-chloro-alpha-methylethyl benzeneacetate" should have been (\pm cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl(+)-4-(difluoromethoxy)-alpha-(1-methylethyl)benzeneacetate."

Dated: July 28, 1980.

Douglas D. Camp,
Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 80-23648 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M**[OPTS-51105; FRL 1561-8]****Polyisobutenyl Succinic Anhydride Reaction Products With Substituted Ethanol; Premanufacture Notice****AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 5(a)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person who intends to manufacture or import a new chemical substance to submit a premanufacture notice (PMN) to EPA to least 90 days before manufacture or import commences. Section 5(d)(2) requires EPA to publish in the Federal Register certain information about each PMN within 5 working days after receipt. This Notice

announces receipt of a PMN and provides a summary.

DATE: Written comments by September 14, 1980.

ADDRESS: Written comments to: Document Control Officer (TS-793), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, 202-755-8050.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ann Radosevich, Premanufacturing Review Division (TS-794), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, 202/426-2601.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 5(a)(1) of TSCA [90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604)], requires any person who intends to manufacture or import a new chemical substance to submit a PMN to EPA at least 90 days before manufacture or import commences. A "new" chemical substance is any substance that is not on the Inventory of existing substances compiled by EPA under Section 8(b) of TSCA. EPA first published the Initial Inventory on June 1, 1979. Notice of availability of the Initial Inventory was published in the Federal Register of May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28558). The requirement to submit a PMN for a new chemical substances manufactured or imported for commercial purposes became effective on July 1, 1979.

EPA has proposed premanufacture notification rules and forms in the Federal Register issues of January 10, 1979 (44 FR 2242) and October 16, 1979 (44 FR 59764). These regulations, however, are not yet in effect. Interested persons should consult the Agency's Interim Policy published in the Federal Register of May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28564) for guidance concerning premanufacture notification requirements prior to the effective date of these rules and forms. In particular, see page 28567 of the Interim Policy.

A PMN must include the information listed in Section 5(d)(1) of TSCA. Under section 5(d)(2) EPA must publish in the Federal Register nonconfidential information on the identity and use(s) of the substance, as well as a description of any test data submitted under section 5(b). In addition, EPA has decided to publish a description of any test data submitted with the PMN and EPA will publish the identity of the submitter unless this information is claimed confidential.

Publication of the section 5(d)(2) notice is subject to section 14 concerning disclosure of confidential information. A company can claim confidentiality for any information

submitted as part of a PMN. If the company claims confidentiality for the specific chemical identity or use(s) of the chemical, EPA encourages the submitter to provide a generic use description, a nonconfidential description of the potential exposures from use, and a generic name of the chemical. EPA will publish the generic name, the generic use(s), and the potential exposure descriptions in the Federal Register.

If no generic use description or generic name is provided, EPA will develop one and after providing due notice to the submitter, will publish an amended Federal Register notice. EPA immediately will review confidentiality claims for chemical identity, chemical use(s), the identity of the submitter, and for health and safety studies. If EPA determines that portions of this information are not entitled to confidential treatment, the Agency will publish an amended notice and will place the information in the public file, after notifying the submitter and complying with other applicable procedures.

After receipt, EPA has 90 days to review a PMN under section 5(a)(1). The section 5(a)(2) Federal Register notice indicates the date when the review period ends for each PMN. Under section 5(c), EPA may, for good cause, extend the review period for up to an additional 90 days. If EPA determines that an extension is necessary, it will publish a notice in the Federal Register.

Once the review period ends, the submitter may manufacture the substance unless EPA has imposed restrictions. When the submitter begins to manufacture the substance, he must report to EPA, and the Agency will add the substance to the Inventory. After the substance is added to the Inventory, any company may manufacture it without providing EPA notice under section 5(a)(1)(A).

Therefore, under the Toxic Substances Control Act, a summary of the data taken from the PMN is published herein.

Interested persons may, on or before September 14, 1980, submit to the Document Control Officer (TS-793), Rm. E-447, Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, written comments regarding this notice. Three copies of all comments shall be submitted, except that individuals may submit single copies of comments. The comments are to be identified with the document control number "[OPTS-51105]" and the PMN number. Comments received may be seen in the above office between 8:00

a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

(Sec. 5, 90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604))

Dated: July 29, 1980

Warren R. Muir,
Acting Deputy Assistance Administrator for
Chemical Control.

PMN 80-172.

Close of Review Period. October 14, 1980.

Manufacturer's Identity. Claimed confidential.

Specific Chemical Identity. Claimed confidential. Generic name provided: Polyisobutenyl succinic anhydride reaction products with substituted ethanol.

The following summary is taken from data submitted by the manufacturer in the PMN.

Use. Claimed confidential.

Production Estimates. Claimed confidential.

Physical/Chemical Properties.

Claimed confidential.

Toxicity Data. The manufacturer did not submit toxicity data with the PMN, but stated that results of various toxicity tests will be provided the Agency at a later date.

Exposure. Claimed confidential.

Environmental Release/Disposal. Claimed confidential.

[FR Doc. 80-23647 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

[OPTS-59031; FRL 1561-7]

Certain Chemical Premanufacture Exemption; Application

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 5(a)(1)(A) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person intending to manufacture or import a new chemical substance for a commercial purpose in the United States to submit a premanufacture notice (PMN) to EPA at least 90 days before he commences such manufacture or import. Under Section 5(h) the Agency may, upon application, exempt any person from any requirement of section 5 to permit such person to manufacture or process a chemical for test marketing purposes. Section 5(h)(6) requires EPA to issue a notice of receipt of any such application for publication in the Federal Register. This notice announces receipt of an application for an exemption from the premanufacture reporting requirements for test marketing purposes and requests comments on the appropriateness of granting the exemption.

DATE: The Agency must either approve or deny this application by September 5, 1980. Persons should submit written comments on the applications no later than August 21, 1980.

ADDRESS: Written comments to: Document Control Officer (TS-793), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St. SW., Washington, DC 20460, 202-755-8050.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Smith, Premanufacturing Review Division (TS-794), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, DC 20460, 202-426-8816.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under Section 5 of TSCA [90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604)], any person who intends to manufacture or import a new chemical substance for commercial purposes in the United States must submit a notice to EPA before the manufacture or import begins. A "new" chemical substance is any chemical substance that is not on the Inventory of existing chemical substances compiled by EPA under Section 8(b) of TSCA. EPA first published the Initial Inventory on June 1, 1979. Notice of availability of the Initial Inventory was published in the Federal Register on May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28558). The requirement to submit a PMN for new chemical substances manufactured or imported for commercial purposes became effective on July 1, 1979.

Section 5(a)(1) requires each PMN to be submitted in accordance with section 5(d) and any applicable requirement of chemical substances that are subject to testing rules under section 4. Section 5(b)(2) requires additional information in PMN's for substances which EPA, by rules under section 5(b)(4), has determined may present unreasonable risks of injury to health or the environment.

Section 5(h), "Exemptions," contains several provisions for exemptions from some or all of the requirements of section 5. In particular, section 5(h)(1) authorized EPA, upon application, to exempt persons from any requirement of section 5(a) or section 5(b) to permit the persons to manufacture or process a chemical substance for test marketing purposes. To grant such an exemption, the Agency must find that the test marketing activities will not present any unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. EPA must either approve or deny the application within 45 days of its receipt, and the Agency must publish a notice of its disposition in the Federal Register. If EPA grants a test marketing exemption, it may impose

restrictions on the test marketing activities.

Under section 5(h)(6), EPA must publish in the Federal Register a notice of receipt of an application under section 5(h)(1) immediately after the agency receives the application. The notice identifies and briefly describes the application (subject to section 14 confidentiality restrictions) and gives interested persons an opportunity to comment on it and whether EPA should grant the exemption. Because the Agency must act on the application within 45 days, interested persons should provide comments within 15 days after the notice appears in the Federal Register.

EPA has proposed Premanufacture Notification Requirements and Review Procedures published in the Federal Register of January 10, 1979 (44 FR 2242) and October 16, 1979 (44 FR 59764) containing proposed premanufacture rules and notice forms. Proposed 40 CFR 720.15 (44 FR 2268) would implement section 5(h)(1) concerning exemptions for test marketing and includes proposed 40 CFR 720.15(c) concerning the section 5(h)(6) Federal Register notice. However, these requirements are not yet in effect. In the meantime, EPA has published a statement of Interim Policy published in the Federal Register of May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28564) which applies to PMN's submitted prior to promulgation of the rules and notice forms.

Interested persons may, on or before August 21, 1980, submit to the Document Control Officer (TS-793), Rm. E-447, Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, written comments regarding this notice. Three copies of all comments shall be submitted, except that individuals may submit single copies of comments. The comments are to be identified with the document control number "[OPTS-59031]". Comments received may be seen in the above office between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday excluding holidays.

(Sec. 5, 90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604))

Dated: July 28, 1980.

Warren R. Muir,

Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator for Chemical Control.

TM 80-35.

Close of Review Period. September 5, 1980.

Manufacturer's Identity. Claimed confidential.

Specific Chemical Identity. Claimed confidential.

Use. Claimed confidential.

Production Estimates. Claimed confidential.

Physical/Chemical Properties.

Claimed confidential.

Toxicity Data. Claimed confidential.

Exposure. Claimed confidential.

Environmental Release/Disposal.

Claimed confidential.

[FR Doc. 80-23648 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

[OPTS-51103; FRL 1561-6]

Polyester Reaction Product With Toluene Diisocyanate Acrylate Terminated; Premanufacture Notice

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 5(a)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person who intends to manufacture or import a new chemical substance to submit a premanufacture notice (PMN) to EPA at least 90 days before manufacture or import commences. Section 5(d)(2) requires EPA to publish in the Federal Register certain information about each PMN within 5 working days after receipt. This Notice announces receipt of APMN and provides a summary.

DATE: Written comments by September 15, 1980.

ADDRESS: Written comments to: Document Control Officer (TS-793), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, 202-755-8050.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Smith, Premanufacturing Review Division (TS-794), Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, 202/426-8815.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 5(a)(1) of TSCA [90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604)], requires any person who intends to manufacture or import a new chemical substance to submit a PMN to EPA at least 90 days before manufacture or import commences. A "new" chemical substance is any substance that is not on the Inventory of existing substances compiled by EPA under Section 8(b) of TSCA. EPA first published the Initial Inventory on June 1, 1979. Notice of availability of the Initial Inventory was published in the Federal Register of May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28558). The requirement to submit a PMN for new chemical substances manufactured or imported for commercial purposes became effective on July 1, 1979.

EPA has proposed premanufacture notification rules and forms in the Federal Register issues of January 10,

1979 (44 FR 2242) and October 16, 1979 (44 FR 59764). These regulations, however, are not yet in effect. Interested persons should consult the Agency's Interim Policy published in the Federal Register of May 15, 1979 (44 FR 28564) for guidance concerning premanufacture notification requirements prior to the effective date of these rules and forms. In particular, see page 28567 of the Interim Policy.

A PMN must include the information listed in Section 5(d)(1) of TSCA. Under Section 5(d)(2) EPA must publish in the Federal Register nonconfidential information on the identity and use(s) of the substance, as well as a description of any test data submitted under section 5(b). In addition, EPA has decided to publish a description of any test data submitted with the PMN and EPA will publish the identity of the submitter unless his information is claimed confidential.

Publication of the section 5(d)(2) notice is subject to section 14 concerning disclosure of confidential information. A company can claim confidentiality for any information submitted as part of a PMN. If the company claims confidentiality for the specific chemical identity or use(s) of the chemical, EPA encourages the submitter to provide a generic use description, a nonconfidential description of the potential exposures from use, and a generic name for the chemical. EPA will publish the generic name, the generic use(s), and the potential exposure descriptions in the Federal Register.

If no generic use description or generic name is provided, EPA will develop one and after providing due notice to the submitter, will publish an amended Federal Register notice. EPA immediately will review confidentiality claims for chemical identity, chemical use(s), the identity of the submitter, and for health and safety studies. If EPA determines that portions of this information are not entitled to confidential treatment, the Agency will publish an amended notice and will place the information in the public file, after notifying the submitter and complying with other applicable procedures.

After receipt, EPA has 90 days to review a PMN under section 5(a)(1). The section 5(d)(2) Federal Register notice indicates the date when the review period ends for each PMN. Under section 5(c), EPA may, for good cause, extend the review period for up to an additional 90 days. If EPA determines that an extension is necessary, it will publish a notice in the Federal Register.

Once the review period ends, the submitter may manufacture the substance unless EPA has imposed restrictions. When the submitter begins to manufacture the substance, he must report to EPA, and the Agency will add the substance to the Inventory. After the substance is added to the Inventory, any company may manufacture it without providing EPA notice under section 5(a)(1)(A).

Therefore, under the Toxic Substances Control Act, a summary of the data taken from the PMN is published herein.

Interested persons may, on or before September 15, 1980, submit to the Document Control Officer (TS-793), Rm. E-447, Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC 20460, written comments regarding this notice. Three copies of all comments shall be submitted, except that individuals may submit single copies of comments. The comments are to be identified with the document control number "[OPTS-51103]" and the PMN number. Comments received may be seen in the above office between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

(Sec. 5, 90 Stat. 2012 (15 U.S.C. 2604))

Dated: July 29, 1980.

Warren R. Muir,
Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator for
Chemical Control.

PMN 80-174.

Close of Review Period. October 15, 1980.

Manufacturer's Identity. Claimed confidential. Generic information provided:

Annual sales—\$500 million.

Manufacturing site—South Atlantic region, U.S.

Standard Industrial Classification Code—2821.

Specific Chemical Identity. Claimed confidential. Generic name provided: Polyester reaction product with toluene diisocyanate acrylate terminated.

The following summary is taken from data submitted by the manufacturer in the PMN.

Use. Electronics photoresists coating.

Production Estimates. Claimed confidential.

Physical/Chemical Properties. Claimed confidential.

Toxicity Data.

Acute dermal toxicity (rabbits)—Non-toxic at 2 g/kg.

Acute oral toxicity (rats)—Toxic at 5 g/kg.

Primary skin irritation (rabbits)—Draize 3.63 (Moderately irritating).

Primary eye irritation (rabbits)—Extremely irritating.

Occupational Exposure.

Activity	Exposure Route	Max. No. Exposed	Max Duration		Concentration	
			Hr/ Da	Da/ Yr	Average	Peak (PPM)
Manufacture.	Dermal	3	1	150	0-1
Commercial use.	Dermal	5

The manufacturer states that the manufacturing process is through a closed system and that the only exposure personnel would be subject to is during discharge. Minimum exposure would be expected as discharge goes directly from reactor to drums.

For commercial use, submitter will recommend that material be used in well ventilated areas and that personnel wear goggles and gloves.

Environmental Release/Disposal. The manufacturer claims that there will be no release to the environment of the PMN substance.

[FR Doc. 80-23645 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-01-M

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[BL Docket No. 80-381, et al]

Casey Broadcasting Co., Inc., et al.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 26, 1980.

Released: July 30, 1980.

In re Applications of Casey Broadcasting Company, Inc. St. Marys, Georgia, Req: 93.5 MHz, Channel 228 3 kW (H&V) 288 feet, BC Docket No. 80-381 File No. BPH-781215AH; Camden Broadcasting Corporation, St. Marys, Georgia, Req: 93.5 MHz, Channel 228 3 kW (H&V) 297.3 feet, BC Docket No. 80-382, File No. BPH-790228AF; Radio Charlton, Inc. St. Marys/Kingsland, Georgia, Req: 93.5 MHz, Channel 228 3 kW (H&V) 300 feet, BC Docket No. 80-383, File No. BPH-790328AD; Lloyd Brinks St. Marys, Georgia, Req: 93.5 MHz, Channel 228 3 kW (H&V) 298 feet, BC Docket No. 80-384, File No. BPH-790328AM.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above captioned mutually exclusive applications filed by Casey Broadcasting Company, Inc. (Casey), Camden Broadcasting Corporation (Camden), Radio Charlton,

Inc. (Charlton), and Lloyd Brinks (Brinks).

2. *Camden*. Applicants for new broadcast stations are required by Section 73.3580(f) of the Commission's Rules to give local notice of the filing of their applications. They must then file with the Commission the statement described in Section 73.3580(h) of the Rules. We have no evidence that Camden published the required notice. To remedy this deficiency, Camden will be required to publish local notice of its application, if it has not already done so, and to file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

3. Camden has failed to comply with the requirements of the *Primer on Ascertainment of Community Problems by Broadcast Applicants*, 27 FCC 2d 650, 21 RR 2d 1507 (1971). From the information before us, it appears that the applicant has filed to survey leaders of significant population groups, specifically blacks and the elderly, as required by Questions and Answers 4 and 20. In addition, Camden failed to specify the dates of the community and general public surveys in accordance with Questions and Answers 2 and 15. As a result, a limited ascertainment issue will be specified.

4. *Brinks*. Applicants for new broadcast stations are required by Section 73.3580(f) of the Commission's Rules to give local notice of the filing of their applications. They must then file with the Commission the statement described in Section 73.3580(h) of the Rules. We have no evidence that Brinks published the required notice. To remedy this deficiency, Brinks will be required to publish local notice of his application, if he has not already done so, and to file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

5. Analysis of the financial portion of Brinks' application reveals that Brinks will require \$44,446 to construct his proposed facility and operate for three months, without revenue, itemized as follows:

Equipment down payment.....	\$14,500
Equipment payments with interest.....	4,446
Bank loan payments.....	1,000
Miscellaneous.....	14,500
Three months' operating expenses.....	10,000
Total.....	\$44,446

To meet this requirement, Brinks intends to rely on a loan from the First National Bank of Dothan in the amount of \$25,000, existing capital in the amount of \$20,000 and deferred credit from an equipment supplier. The commitment

letter in support of the loan did not specify the interest rate or terms of repayment in accordance with Paragraph 4(e), Section III of Form 301. An examination of Brinks' balance sheet reveals that his current liabilities exceed his current assets. Brink states in Section III that he has \$13,000 on hand in the Fulton National Bank, but this is nowhere reflected in this balance sheet. As a result, we cannot find that he has any amount in existing capital to support his commitment. In addition, Brinks failed to submit a commitment letter from an equipment supplier showing that deferred credit is available. Accordingly, a general financial issue will be specified.

6. Brinks' ascertainment survey is not in substantial compliance with the *Primer*. The applicant has failed to consult leaders of the elderly in accordance with Questions 4 and 20. Furthermore, Brinks also failed to state (i) the dates of the community leader and general public surveys, and (ii) whether the general public survey was conducted in a manner which assured that a random sample of the population was contacted. Accordingly, a limited ascertainment issue will be specified.

7. *Casey*. The applicant has requested a waiver of Section 73.210 of the Commission's Rules to permit its main studio to be located outside the city of license. We will not rule on the request at this juncture. Rather, an issue will be specified so that the matter may be explored in hearing.

8. Casey has yet to receive FAA clearance for its proposed tower. Therefore, an air hazard issue will be specified.

9. The applicant originally filed as Lois V. Casey, an individual. Subsequently Ms. Casey amended her application to reflect a change to corporate status. The original notice published by Ms. Casey reflected only her status as an individual. Casey did not republish notice of the major amendment. To remedy this deficiency, the applicant will be required to republish local notice, if it has not already done so, and file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

10. *Charlton*. The applicant has requested that it be licensed to serve both St. Marys and Kingsland pursuant to Section 72.210(b) of the Rules. The Rule requires that the applicant make a "satisfactory showing that an unreasonable burden would be placed on the station if it were licensed to serve only one city, town, political subdivision or community," and the proposed co-communities of license must exhibit "an identity of interests for programming

and other purposes sufficient to warrant dual city identification." *Saul M. Miller*, 4 FCC 2d 150, 8 RR 2d 148, *aff'd per curiam*, *Miller v. FCC*, 9 RR 2d 2031 (D.C. Cir. 1967). St. Marys and Kingsland do exhibit such an identity of interests. Both communities have common problems and needs, and Charlton has proposed programming designed to meet the needs of both communities. Charlton will divide equally 90% of its proposed 300 PSA's per week between St. Marys and Kingsland. Charlton has stated that serving only one community would result in unnecessary hardship and that there is a direct benefit to the applicant to be able to identify as "local" to both communities for purposes of attracting advertising revenue and public support. The Commission has traditionally required only a minimal showing with respect to economic and programming hardship. *Hymen Lake*, 46 FCC 2d 561, 565 (Rev. Bd. 1974). Accordingly, Radio Charlton has made a satisfactory showing under Section 73.210(b) of the Rules and its request for dual city licensing is granted.

11. Charlton will not be able to provide a 3.16 mV/m signal to the entire city of St. Marys as required by Section 73.315(a) of the Commission's Rules. Charlton has asked for a waiver of this provision. Only 2.3% of the population of St. Marys would lie beyond the 3.16 mV/m signal contour. We will not rule on the waiver request at this juncture. Rather, a city coverage issue will be specified so that the matter may be explored in hearing.

12. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

13. Accordingly, it is ordered, That, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine whether the proposal of Casey to locate its main studio outside its community of license is in compliance with Section 73.315(a) of the Commission's Rules with respect to location of the main studio and, if not, whether circumstances exist which warrant a waiver of that Section.

2. To determine whether there is a reasonable possibility that the tower height and location proposed by Casey would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

3. To determine with respect to the efforts of Camden to ascertain the needs of its proposed service area:

(a) Whether the applicant interviewed leaders of blacks and the elderly in accordance with Questions 4 and 20;

(b) Whether the applicant specified the dates of the community leader and general public survey in accordance with Questions and Answers 2 and 15.

4. To determine whether the proposal of Charlton would provide coverage of the city sought to be served as required by Section 73.315(a) of the Commission's Rules, and, if not, whether circumstances exist which warrant a waiver of that Section.

5. To determine whether Brinks is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

6. To determine with respect to the efforts of Brinks to ascertain the needs of its proposed service area:

(a) Whether the applicant interviewed leaders of the elderly in accordance with Questions and Answers 4 and 20;

(b) Whether the applicant specified the dates of the community leader and general public survey in accordance with Questions and Answers 2 and 15;

(c) Whether the interviews with members of the general public were conducted in such a manner to assure that a random sample of the population was contacted.

7. To determine the areas and populations which would receive primary aural service (1 mV/m or greater in the case of FM) from the respective proposals and the availability of other primary service to such areas and populations.

8. To determine, in the light of Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would best provide a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service.

9. To determine, in the event it is concluded that a choice between the applications should not be based solely on considerations relating to Section 307(b), which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, best serve the public interest.

10. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which, if any, of the applications should be granted.

14. It is further ordered, That Camden Brinks and Casey file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge as described in Section 73.3580(h) of the Rules.

15. It is further ordered, That if the Casey application is granted, the permit shall specify that the provisions of Section 73.210 of the Commission's

Rules are waived to permit the studio to be located outside the city of license.

16. It is further ordered, That the Federal Aviation Administration is made a party to the proceeding.

17. It is further ordered, That if the Charlton application is granted, the permit shall specify that the provisions of Section 73.315(a) of the Commission's Rules are waived to permit a signal level of less than 3.18 mV/m over the entire city of St. Marys, Georgia.

18. It is further ordered, That, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 1.221(c) of the Commission's Rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

19. It is further ordered, That the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 73.3594(g) of the Commission's Rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the Rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such Rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the Rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23595 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-403--80-405; File Nos. BPH 780717AC, etc.]

**Denair Broadcasting Co., Inc., et al;
Hearing Designation Order
Designating Applications for
Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues**

Adopted: July 16, 1980.

Released: July 30, 1980.

In re applications of Denair Broadcasting Company, Inc. Denair, California, BC DOCKET NO. 80-403, File No. BPH-780717AC, Req: 95.9 MHz, Channel 240A 3.0 kW (H&V), 177 feet; Denair Wireless Co., Inc., Denair, California, BC DOCKET NO. 80-404, File No. BPH-790115AC, Req: 95.9 MHz, Channel 240A 3.0 kW (H&V), 300 feet; Robert J. Parreno, R. C. Duckett and William H. Colclough, a Joint Venture d.b.a. All-American Broadcasting Company, Delhi, California, BC DOCKET NO. 80-405, File No. BPH-790117AB; Req: 95.9 MHz, Channel 240A 3.0 kW (H&V), 300 feet; for a

construction permit for a New FM Station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has before it for consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications of Denair Broadcasting Company, Inc. (DBC), Denair Wireless Co., Inc. (Wireless), and Robert J. Parreno, R. C. Duckett and William H. Colclough, a Joint Venture d.b.a. All-American Broadcasting Company (All-American) for a construction permit for a new FM station.

2. DBC. The applicant has not provided us with a current FAA clearance. Accordingly, an appropriate issue will be specified.

3. Wireless. Anthony D. Naish, a principal of the applicant, is an alien and has subscribed for a permissible 20% of the applicant's stock. Naish, however, is also an officer of RNF Media Corporation, Inc. (RNF), an entity in which three of the applicant's four principals own 99% of the stock. Of the \$86,000 which the applicant claims it possesses to finance its proposal to construct and operate the station, RNF has agreed to loan the applicant \$85,000. The loan is unsecured and need be repaid only at the demand of RNF. In view of RNF's financial control over the applicant and the substantial identity of RNF and the applicant, we believe that an issue is warranted as to whether Wireless is in violation of Section 310(b)(4) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. That section provides that no entity, of which an alien is an officer, may indirectly control an applicant for a broadcast license. An issue will, therefore, be specified to determine whether RNF indirectly controls Wireless.

4. Applicants for new broadcast stations are required by Section 73.3580(f) of the Commission's Rules to give local notice of the filing of their applications. They must then file with the Commission the statement described in Section 73.3580(h) of the Rules. We have no evidence that Wireless published the required notice. To remedy this deficiency, Wireless will be required to publish local notice of its application and to file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

5. All-American. The applicant filed a petition for leave to amend on May 9, 1980, beyond the date prescribed by the Commission for amending its application as of right. The amendment consists of a Small Business Administration guarantee of a loan procured by the applicant. The loan agreement was filed within the time for

amending the application as of right. Since the guarantee of the loan does not improve the applicant's comparative position, the petition for leave to amend will be granted and the corresponding amendment will be accepted under Section 73.3522(a)(2) of the Commission's Rules.

6. The applicant indicated that it will establish an auxiliary studio at its transmitter site, in addition to the main studio in Delhi, the community of license. All-American requested a waiver of Section 73.1130 of the Commission's Rules, consistent with *Arizona Communications Corporation*, 25 FCC 2d 837 (1970), *recon. denied*, 27 FCC 2d 283 (1971), as it appears to have proposed to originate a majority of its programs, exclusive of all its recorded music programs, at the Delhi main studio, with the remainder originating from the auxiliary studio. Therefore, the applicant's waiver request will be granted.

7. The respective proposals are for different communities. Consequently, it will be necessary to determine pursuant to Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would best provide a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio services.

8. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

9. Accordingly, It Is Ordered, That pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications Are Designated For Hearing in a Consolidated Proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine whether there is a reasonable possibility that the tower height and location proposed by Denair Broadcasting Company, Inc. would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

2. To determine whether Denair Wireless Co., Inc.'s proposal complies with Section 310(b)(4) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

3. To determine the areas and population which would receive primary aural service (1 mV/m or greater in the case of FM) from the proposals and the availability of other primary service to such areas and populations.

4. To determine, in the light of Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would best provide a fair,

efficient and equitable distribution of radio service.

5. To determine, in the event it is concluded that a choice between the applications should not be based solely on considerations relating to Section 307(b), which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, best serve the public interest.

6. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications should be granted.

10. It is Further Ordered, That Wireless file a statement of publication of local notice of its application with the presiding Administrative Law Judge, in accordance with § 73.3580(f) of the Commission's Rules.

11. It is Further Ordered, That the petition for leave to amend filed by All-American Is Granted, and the corresponding amendment is Accepted.

12. It is Further Ordered, That the Federal Aviation Administration IS MADE A PARTY to the proceeding.

13. It is Further Ordered, That if the All-American application is granted, the permit shall specify that the provisions of § 73.1130 of the Commission's Rules are waived.

14. It is Further Ordered, That in the event of a grant of the application of either DBC, Wireless or All-American, the construction permit shall contain the following condition:

Program tests will not be authorized until KLBS-FM, Los Banos, California, is authorized program tests on Channel 284; and a license will not be issued until KLBS-FM is issued a license on Channel 284.

15. It is Further Ordered, That, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 1.221(c) of the Commission's Rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

16. It is Further Ordered, That the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594(g) of the Commission's Rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the Rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such Rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the Rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerald L. Jacobs,
Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division,
Broadcast Bureau

[FR Doc. 80-23593 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-413-80-414; File No. BPH-780929 AP, BPH-79032AE]

Everybody's Mood, Inc., and Hilltop Radio, Inc.; Hearing Designation Order Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

In re Applications of Everybody's Mood, Inc., West Salem, Wisconsin, BC Docket No. 80-413, File No. BPH-780929AP, Req: 100.1 MHz, Channel 261, 2.5 KW (H&V), 344 feet; Hilltop Radio, Inc., West Salem, Wisconsin, BC Docket No. 80-414, File No. BPH-790328AE, Req: 100.1 MHz, Channel 261 3.0 KW (H&V), 300 feet; For construction permit for a New FM Station.

Adopted: July 2, 1980.

Released: July 29, 1980.

1. The commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration: (1) the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications of Everybody's Mood, Inc. (Everybody) and Hilltop Radio, Inc. (Hilltop), (ii) a petition to dismiss or deny filed by Everybody,¹ and (iii) related pleadings thereto.

2. On September 29, 1978, Everybody tendered for filing its application for Channel 261 in West Salem. The cut-off date for filing applications for that channel was March 28, 1979 and on that date the Hilltop application was filed. On May 21, 1979, Everybody filed its petition to dismiss or deny. The substance of this petition alleged that Hilltop's application was not substantially complete by the March 28, 1979 cut-off date in that it failed to list a properly available transmitter site. However Hilltop, by amendment dated May 7, 1979 rectified its application by specifying an available site. In its opposition to Everybody's petition filed on June 5, 1979, Hilltop included the affidavit of Dr. Bruce A. Polender, President of Hilltop, which attempted to explain the change in tower sites. This affidavit states: "Our group felt the original site would be available * * * and so instructed our engineer * * *. At the time of filing our application, we

¹ Pursuant to the Commission's recent decision in *KeL Communications, Inc.*, 70 FCC 2d 1987, 45 RR 2d 187 (1979), everybody's petition will be treated as an informal objection and will be disposed of in accordance with the policies expressed in Section 0.281(b)(1) of the Rules.

discovered that the proposed site * * * was not available due to an exclusive option to lease to the other applicant * * *. We then immediately sought another acceptable site * * *. We did not have enough time to complete the new engineering data prior to submitting our application. We obtained an option for land use * * * and completed the new required engineering as rapidly as possible." It is these facts that from, the basis for Everybody's position that the Hilltop application must be dismissed "for deliberate misstatement and gross errors in significant areas."

3. Upon review of the facts and legal arguments before us, it is unclear whether Hilltop's actions constitute either deliberate misrepresentation or a violation of Commission requirements for substantial completeness of an application. The affidavit of Dr. Polender, as well as failing to meet the personal knowledge requirements of Section 309(d)(1) of the Act, as amended, is ambiguous as to how and when the events surrounding Hilltop's application transpired. Such ambiguity makes resolution of the issues raised by Everybody impossible at this stage of the proceedings. Therefore, on the basis of the foregoing, we conclude that further inquiry at hearing is warranted and a misrepresentation issue will be added.

4. As a further matter, the balance sheet submitted by Ellsworth Dissmore fails to support his commitment to donate certain equipment worth \$15,326, and an appropriate issue is required.

5. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

6. Accordingly, it is ordered, That, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine whether Hilltop misrepresented the availability of a transmitter site in its application and, if so, the effect thereof on the applicant's qualifications to be a Commission licensee.

2. To determine with respect to Hilltop:

(a) the source and availability of equipment worth \$15,236 to be donated by Ellsworth Dissmore; and

(b) whether in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, the applicant is financially qualified.

3. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

4. To determine, in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications should be granted.

7. It is further ordered, That the petition to dismiss or deny filed by Everybody is granted to the extent indicated herein, and is Denied in all other respects.

8. It is further ordered, That, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 1.221(c) of the Commission's Rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission, in triplicate, a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

9. It is further ordered, That the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and §73.3594(g) of the Commission's Rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the Rules, jointly within the time and in the manner prescribed in such Rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the Rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23590 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-352—80-353; File Nos. BPH-10877, BPH-780719AA]

Grants Pass Broadcasting Co. et al.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 20, 1980.

Released: July 29, 1980.

In the matter of applications of James O. Wilson, Jr. and Elzie B. Parker, d/b/a Grants Pass Broadcasting Company, Grants Pass, Oregon, Req: 96.9 MHz, Channel 245 27.1 kW (H&V),—450 feet, BC Docket No. 80-352, File No. BPH-10877; William John Miner, Linda Jo Miner and Lawrence Brent Miner, d/b/a Lindavox, Grants Pass, Oregon, Req: 96.9 MHz, Channel 245 25 kW (H&V), 565 feet, BC Docket No. 80-353, File No. BPH-780719AA, for a construction permit for a New FM station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications of James O. Wilson, Jr. and Elzie B. Parker, d/b/a Grants Pass Broadcasting Company (Wilson) and William John Miner, Linda Jo Miner and Lawrence Brent Miner, d/b/a Lindavox (Lindavox).

2. *Wilson*. The applicant proposes to duplicate the existing programming of its commonly owned station, KAJO. Therefore, evidence regarding program duplication will be admissible under the standard comparative issue. When duplicated programming is proposed, the showing permitted will be limited to evidence concerning the benefits to be derived from the proposed duplication which would offset its inefficiency. *Jones T. Sudbury*, 8 FCC 2d 360, 10 RR 2d 114 (1967).

3. *Lindavox*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by Lindavox reveals that \$78,462 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment payments.....	\$53,962
Land	500
Buildings	4,000
Miscellaneous	8,500
Operating costs (three months).....	11,500
Total.....	78,462

Lindavox plans to finance construction and operation with the following funds:

Cash from William and Linda Miner	\$8,000
Cash from Lawrence Miner.....	12,800
Aged and certified accounts receivable at 75%.....	13,105
Loan from Family Bank of Commerce	50,000
Loan from Zion First National Bank	40,000
Total.....	123,905

Lindavox has not however, provided documentation that the accounts receivable are actually aged and certified for the indicated value. The \$50,000 loan letter from the Family Bank of Commerce fails to comply with Paragraph 4(e) of Section III in that it does not specify the interest rate of the loan or the terms of repayments. Also, the \$90,000 loan commitment letter from Zion First National Bank, of which Lindavox proposes to use only \$40,000 for its station, expired by its own terms on June 16, 1979, because Lindavox did not apply for the loan by that date. The applicant has, therefore, shown only \$20,800 available to meet a requirement of \$78,462. The applicant has also failed to file a balance sheet for the partnership showing current assets and current liabilities, as required by Paragraph 2(a) of Section III. Accordingly, a limited financial issue will be specified.

4. Informal objections to the Lindavox application were filed by the Oregon State Department of Forestry (Forestry) and Pacific Power and Light Company (Pacific) alleging that operation as proposed with 25 kW effective radiated power from the Beacon Hill transmitter site might cause interference to Forestry's station KXU-350 in the Forestry—Conservation Radio Service and Pacific's station KOC-480 in the Power Radio Service. Under normal circumstances, interference between these existing operations and the Lindavox proposal would not occur. Thus, the objections are based solely on speculation. Nevertheless, it has long been our policy to require new stations to be responsible, financially and otherwise, for the elimination of any problems which may occur. In light of this policy, neither the exploration of this matter in hearing nor the imposition of a condition on Lindavox's construction permit, should it prevail in this proceeding, is necessary. *Athens Broadcasting Co. Inc.*, 68 FCC 2d 920 (1978). Accordingly, the objections will be denied.

5. *Other matters.* Data submitted by the applicants indicate that there would be a significant difference in the size of the areas and populations which would receive service from the proposals. Consequently, for the purpose of comparison, the areas and populations which would receive FM service of 1

mV/m or greater strength, together with the availability of other primary aural services in such areas will be considered under the standard comparative issue for the purpose of determining whether a comparative preference should accrue to either of the applicants.

6. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

7. Accordingly, it is ordered, that pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine with respect to William John Miner, Linda Jo Miner and Lawrence Brent Miner, d/b/a/Lindavox:

(a) The source and availability of additional funds over and above the \$20,800 indicated; and

(b) The light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, whether the applicant is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

2. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

3. To determine, in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which, if either, of the applications should be granted.

8. It is further ordered, that the informal objections by the Oregon State Department of Forestry and the Pacific Power & Light Company are denied.

9. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

10. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications

Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23591 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-356—80-359; File Nos. BPH-790129AE etc.]

Hispanic Broadcasting Co., et al.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 26, 1980.

Released: July 29, 1980.

In the matter of applications of Hispanic Broadcasting Co., Las Vegas, Nevada, Req: 96.3 MHz, Channel 242, 31.5 kW (H&V), 1529 feet, BC Docket No. 80-356, File No. BPH-790129AE; Pan American Broadcasting Company, Inc., Las Vegas, Nevada, Req: 96.3 MHz, Channel 242, 31.38 kW (H&V), 1252 feet, BC Docket No. 80-357, File No. BPH-790524AC; Jomay Broadcasting, Inc., Las Vegas, Nevada, Req: 96.3 MHz, Channel 242, 100 kW (H&V), 1131 feet, BC Docket No. 80-358, File No. BPH-790529AH; Galaxy Broadcasting Corp., Las Vegas, Nevada, Req: 96.3 MHz, Channel 242, 100 kW (H&V), minus 11 feet, BC Docket No. 80-359, File No. BPH-790530AI, For Construction Permit For A New FM Station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration: (i) The above captioned mutually exclusive applications filed by Hispanic Broadcasting Co. (Hispanic), Pan American Broadcasting Company, Inc. (Pan American), Jomay Broadcasting, Inc. (Jomay) and Galaxy Broadcasting Corp. (Galaxy); (ii) a petition to reject and/or dismiss filed by Jomay against Galaxy; and (iii) related pleadings.

2. *Hispanic*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by Hispanic reveals that \$41,893 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment (lease).....	\$1,815
Building.....	1,000
Miscellaneous.....	11,500
Operating Costs (three months).....	27,578
Total.....	41,893

Though applicant is leasing the equipment for the purpose of deferring credit, its failure to provide a copy of the lease-purchase agreement makes it impossible to determine the extent of the deferred credit. Hispanic plans to finance construction and operation with the following funds: (i) Existing capital of \$5,500; and (ii) new capital of \$36,393. Because Hispanic has not complied with FCC Form 301, Section III paragraph 2(a)'s request for applicant's balance sheet, it is impossible to evaluate Hispanic's claim of \$5,500 of existing capital. David P. Boyer, Jr. is, after various amendments, the only shareholder who will furnish funds to the applicant and the sole source of new capital, yet no evidence of any commitment by Mr. Boyer exists as required by Section III, Paragraph 4(a) of Form 301. Analysis of Mr. Boyer's balance sheet reveals that his net liquid assets do not exceed \$4,000. This amount is insufficient to meet applicant's construction and operating expenses. Accordingly, a general financial issue will be specified.

3. Hispanic has failed to comply with the requirements of the *Primer on Ascertainment of Community Problems by Broadcast Applicants*, 27 FCC 2d 650, 21 RR 2d 1507 (1971). From the information before us, Hispanic has not included a description of the composition of Las Vegas, indicating "the minority, racial or ethnic breakdown of the community, its economic activities, governmental activities, public service organizations, and any other factors or activities that make the particular community distinctive" as required by Question and Answer 9 of the *Primer*. While the absence of a demographic study makes it difficult to determine which groups in Las Vegas are significant for the purpose of the community leader survey, it is apparent that applicant has failed to interview leaders of groups that would seem significant in Las Vegas, such as blacks, elderly, labor, and the military, among others, as required by Questions and Answers 10, 13(a) and 16 of the *Primer*. Because applicant failed to identify the community of the leaders it

did interview, it is impossible to determine the extent of applicant's ascertainment of the problems of major communities which are outside the city of license and which the applicant intends to serve as required by Question and Answer 7 of the *Primer*.

Accordingly, a general ascertainment issue will be specified.

4. *Pan American*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by Pan American reveals that \$66,203.75 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment down payment.....	\$4,857
Equipment payments with interest.....	12,142.50
Land.....	4,500
Building.....	1,750
Miscellaneous.....	15,000
Operating Costs (3 months).....	27,954.25
Total.....	66,203.75

Both the equipment payment terms from Dyma Engineering and the lease agreement for applicant's transmitter site have expired, thus increasing costs. Applicant plans to finance construction and operation with the following funds: (i) \$10,000 in cash; (ii) stock commitments by Jorge Santanilla for \$10,000; by Doris Drucker for \$10,000; by Donna Wiley for \$40,000; and by John McDermott for \$5,000; and (iii) a \$100,000 loan from the Marquette Partnership. It is impossible to determine applicant's financial position within ninety days of the date of the application, as required by FCC Form 301, Section III 2(a), because applicant's balance sheet is not dated. Analyzing the balance sheets of the prospective stock purchasers, neither Mr. Santanilla nor Ms. Drucker has any current liquid assets in excess of current liabilities and thus cannot meet any part of their respective commitments.¹ Ms. Wiley can meet her commitment while Mr. McDermott has only \$3,200 in net liquid assets to contribute to the applicant.² Applicant has not submitted any evidence of a commitment of a \$100,000 loan by the Marquette Partnership, as required by Section III, Para. 4(a) of Form 301, and analysis of the Marquette's balance sheet shows no current liquid assets in excess of current liabilities, resulting in a total inability to

¹ Current liabilities were not segregated from long term liabilities and therefore all liabilities were considered current.

² Mr. McDermott proposed to rely upon his stock holding as well as his cash on hand. However Question 4b of FCC Form 301 requires that securities must be identified by the type of security, name of issuer, name of the market on which it is traded, and current value. Mr. McDermott did not offer any of the required information.

meet its loan commitment. Applicant has only \$43,200 in funding, an amount insufficient to meet construction and operating costs of \$66,203.75.

Accordingly, a limited financial issue will be specified.

5. *Pan American* has not shown Federal Aviation Administration approval for its tower site. Accordingly, an issue will be specified and the FAA will be made a party to the proceeding.

6. *Jomay*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by applicant reveals that \$133,084.04 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment purchase outright.....	\$3,000.00
Equipment down payment.....	31,054.63
Equipment payments with interest.....	8,229.41
Building.....	5,000.00
Miscellaneous.....	31,000.00
Operating Costs (3 months).....	54,800.00
Total.....	133,084.04

Jomay plans to finance construction and operation with the following funds: (i) \$6,500.00 in existing capital; and (ii) \$144,000 in loan commitments from shareholders apportioned as follows: (a) Donald S. Gilday, \$169,120; (b) Phillip Engel, \$24,000; (c) Jerry Engel, \$24,000; (d) M. V. Stober, \$19,200; and (e) Thomas J. Graves, \$7,680. While commitment letters and balance sheets have been submitted in support of these loans, no interest rate, repayment or collateral terms are shown. Moreover, Mr. Gilday has submitted a balance sheet of his and his wife's assets, while the loan commitment is solely his. Analysis of the balance sheets supporting the proposed loans shows that while Messrs. P. Engel and Stober have sufficient net liquid assets to meet their commitments of \$24,000 and \$19,200 respectively, Mr. Gilday has only \$6,293 in net liquid assets, an amount insufficient to meet his commitment of \$69,120, and Messrs. J. Engel and Graves have no net liquid assets to meet their commitments of \$24,000 and \$7,680 respectively. Thus, the applicant has \$55,993 in funding, an amount insufficient to meet expenses of \$133,084.04. Accordingly, a limited financial issue will be specified.

7. *Jomay* has failed to comply with the requirements of Questions and Answers 10, 13(a) and 16 of the *Primer* in failing to survey leaders of significant population groups set forth in its demographic study. For example, blacks constituted approximately 8 percent of the population of Las Vegas in the 1970 Census, yet applicant has interviewed no leaders of black groups. The applicant's compositional study states

that Nellis Air Force Base is one of the largest employers in Southern Nevada, but no leaders of the military have been interviewed. Jomay has also not interviewed any leaders of recreation groups or professional groups. Therefore, a limited ascertainment issue will be specified.

8. *Galaxy*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by *Galaxy* reveals that \$136,038 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment down payment.....	\$43,400
Equipment payments with interest.....	8,638
Building.....	10,000
Miscellaneous.....	14,000
Operating Costs (3 months).....	60,000
Total.....	136,038

The equipment down payment and payments with interest costs could not be verified as *Galaxy* has not included the equipment supplier's letter evidencing its willingness to supply credit as required by Section III, Para. 4(e) of FCC Form 301. *Galaxy* plans to finance construction and operation with the following funds: (i) \$10,000 in existing capital; and (ii) \$300,000 in stock subscriptions from 10 subscribers. Because applicant's balance sheet is not dated it cannot be determined whether the balance sheet reflects applicant's financial position at the close of a month within 90 days of the date of application as required by Section III, Para. 2 of Form 301. None of the anticipated stock subscriptions totalling \$300,000 can be verified because none are supported by commitment letters as required by Section III, Para. 4(a) of Form 301, and none, except one, are supported by balance sheets, as required by Section III, Para. 4(b). While the applicant has submitted the balance sheet of Rafael E. and Charleen Vega, only Mr. Vega is listed as a stock subscriber, and there is no evidence that joint assets could be relied upon. Moreover, analysis of the balance sheet shows that there are no net liquid assets to meet Mr. Vega's commitment of \$16,140. Accordingly, a general financial issue will be specified.

9. *Galaxy* has failed to comply with the requirements of the *Primer*. From the information before us, it appears that the applicant has failed to survey leaders of significant population groups set forth in its demographic study, as required by Questions and Answers 10, 13(a) and 16 of the *Primer*. For example, according to applicant's compositional study, women constitute 49.9% and blacks 11% of Las Vegas' population (1970 Census), yet applicant surveyed no leaders of groups representing women or

blacks. The applicant has also not surveyed leaders of groups representing labor, military, professionals, consumer services, culture or religion. Additionally, it is impossible to determine whether applicant had conducted the general public survey within six months prior to filing, as required of Question and Answer 15, as the date was not disclosed. Since applicant has not discussed the methodology of its general public survey, it is impossible to determine whether the random sample required by Question and Answer 13(b) was achieved. Accordingly, a general ascertainment issue will be specified.

10. *Other matters*. Jomay filed a petition to reject and/or dismiss the application of *Galaxy*, on August 21, 1979, on the grounds that *Galaxy's* application as tendered for filing was not substantially complete at the close of business on May 30, 1979, the cut-off date, as required by the Commission's April 11, 1979 Public Notice establishing the cutoff date, and § 73.3564 of the Commission's rules.³ The "omissions and/or deficiencies" enumerated by petitioner include: (1) No certified articles of incorporation; (ii) no certified By-Laws; (iii) failure to include a variety of information and documents required by Section III of Form 301; and (v) an incomplete ascertainment survey. Thus, petitioner argues, *Galaxy's* application was incomplete as filed and should be either rejected or dismissed. *Galaxy's* opposition to the petition, filed September 20, 1979 asserts that its application was substantially complete when filed, that the Commission was notified at the time of filing that certified copies of the articles of incorporation and the by-laws would be filed later and were subsequently filed, and that the application, as substantially complete, must be accepted for filing and processed by the Commission. Jomay's reply to *Galaxy's* opposition asserts: (i) That *Galaxy's* pleading was tardy and

³ The relevant subsections of § 73.3564 are (a) and (b) which provide as follows:

(a) Applications tendered for filing are dated upon receipt and then forwarded to the Broadcast Bureau, where an administrative examination is made to ascertain whether the applications are complete. Applications found to be complete or substantially complete are accepted for filing and are given a file number. In case of minor defects as to completeness, the applicant will be required to supply the missing information. Applications which are not substantially complete will be returned to the applicant.

(b) Acceptance of an application for filing merely means that it has been the subject of a preliminary review by the FCC's administrative staff as to completeness. Such acceptance will not preclude the subsequent dismissal of the application if it is found to be patently not in accordance with the FCC's rules.

should have been filed September 6, 1979 according to § 1.45 of the Commission's rules; and (ii) that *Galaxy's* community leader survey was filed after the May 30 cutoff date.

11. Following the ruling in *K & L Communications, Inc.*, 70 FCC 2d 1987, 45 RR 2d 187 (1979), petitions to dismiss applications which have been accepted for filing on the grounds that these applications are defective or incomplete will be treated by the staff as informal objections and disposed of in accordance with § 0.281(b)(1). We find that the application, as originally filed, was not so patently violative of the rules as to render processing a "futile gesture", *K & L Communications, Inc.*, *supra*, since the deficiencies could have been made the subject of issues in the hearing order and, in fact, have been insofar as they still remain. Moreover, the absence of the articles of incorporation, by-laws and portions of the community leader survey have been resolved by amendments filed as of right before the amendment cut-off date of February 8, 1980. Accordingly, the petition will be granted to the extent indicated, and denied in all other respects.

12. Data submitted by the applicants indicate that there would be a significant difference in the size of the areas and populations which would receive service from the proposals. Consequently, for the purpose of comparison, the areas and populations which would receive FM service of 1 mV/m or greater intensity, together with the availability of other primary aural services in such area, will be considered under the standard comparative issue, for the purpose of determining whether a comparative preference should accrue to any of the applicants.

13. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

14. Accordingly, it is ordered, That, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine whether Hispanic is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

2. To determine the efforts made by Hispanic to ascertain the community needs and problems of the area to be served and the means by which the

applicant proposes to meet those needs and problems.

3. To determine with respect to Pan American:

(a) The source and availability of additional funds over and above the \$43,200 indicated; and

(b) Whether, in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, the applicant is financially qualified.

4. To determine whether there is a reasonable possibility that the tower height and location proposed by Pan American would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

5. To determine with respect to Jomay: The source and availability of additional funds over and above the \$55,993 indicated; and

(b) Whether in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, the applicant is financially qualified.

6. To determine whether Jomay interviewed leaders of blacks, military, recreation and professions in connection with its ascertainment effort.

7. To determine whether Galaxy is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

8. To determine the efforts made by Galaxy to ascertain the community needs and problems of the area to be served and the means by which the applicant proposed to meet those needs and problems.

9. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, best serve the public interest.

10. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications, if any, should be granted.

15. It is further ordered, that the Federal Aviation Administration IS MADE A PARTY to the proceeding.

16. It is further ordered, that the petition to reject and/or dismiss filed by Jomay is granted to the extent indicated above and is denied in all other respects.

17. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

18. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the rules, jointly) within the time and in the

manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the Rules.

Federal Communications Commission,
Jerold L. Jacobs,
Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division
Broadcast Bureau.

[FR Doc. 80-23589 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC DOCKET NO 80-333 File No. BPH-11,097; FCC 80-374]

Dick Lashbrook Corp. (WSIV-FM); Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Memorandum Opinion and Order

Adopted: June 25, 1980.

Released: July 28, 1980.

In re Application of DICK LASHBROOK CORPORATION (WSIV-FM) Pekin, Illinois, Has: 95.3 MHz, Channel 237 2.8 KW, 89 feet; Req: 95.3 MHz, Channel 237 1.1 KW, 461 feet, For Construction Permit for Modification of Facilities.

By the Commission: Commissioners Lee and Brown absent.

1. The Commission has before it for consideration: (i) the above-captioned application, (ii) a request by Dick Lashbrook Corporation (DLC) for a waiver of Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules, (iii) petitions to deny the application of DLC filed by Virginia Broadcasting Corporation (VBC) and Kankakee TV Cable Co. (Kankakee); and (iv) related pleadings thereto.

2. DLC has applied to the Commission for a construction permit to change the transmitter location of Station WSIV-FM, Pekin, Illinois. The new site which is 62.6 miles from the transmitter site of co-channel Station WRKX (FM) in Ottawa, Illinois, would put DLC in violation of Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules which requires that co-channel Class A FM stations be spaced at least 65 miles apart. The Commission has granted DLC a waiver of Section 73.207 for the purpose of accepting DLC's application only.¹ However, VBC, licensee of WRKX, has petitioned the Commission to deny the grant of DLC's application on the ground that it objects to being short-spaced with WSIV-FM. Kankakee, licensee of FM station WSWT, Peoria, Illinois also petitioned to deny the grant of DLC's application based upon short-spacing with WRKX.

¹ Under similar circumstances, the Commission has granted waivers for short-spacing of one or two miles.

3. The Commission's Rules define interference to FM stations solely on the basis of minimum assignment and station separation requirements, maximum power, and antenna height rules. Section 73.209(b). Since VBC has filed an objection to the application, it must be given an opportunity under Section 316(a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to show in hearing why its license should not be modified. *FCC v. National Broadcasting Company Inc., (KOA)*, 319 U.S. 239 (1943).

4. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicant is qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, the Commission is unable to make the statutory finding that a grant of the above application would serve the public interest, convenience and necessity, and is of the opinion that the application must be designated for hearing.

5. It is ordered, That pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the application is designated for hearing, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the nature and extent of the applicant's violation of Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules, and whether circumstances exist which warrant a waiver of that Rule.

2. To determine, in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issue, whether a grant of the application would serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

6. It is further ordered, That Virginia Broadcasting Corporation, licensee of WRKX, Ottawa, Illinois, and Kankakee TV Cable Co., licensee of WSWT, Peoria, Illinois ARE MADE PARTIES to the proceeding.

7. It is further ordered, That the petitions to deny filed by Virginia Broadcasting Corporation and Kankakee TV Cable Co., ARE GRANTED to the extent indicated above and ARE DENIED in all other respects.

8. It is further ordered, That the request by Dick Lashbrook Corporation for waiver of Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules with respect to the short-spacing with WRKX is granted insofar as it requests acceptance for filing; and that insofar as it requests grant of the application is deferred pending outcome of this proceeding.

9. It is further ordered, That to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicant and parties respondent herein, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's Rules, in person or by attorney, shall within twenty (20) days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate, a

written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

10. It is further ordered, That the applicant herein shall pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 73.3594 of the Commission's Rules, give notice of the hearing within the time and in the manner prescribed in such Rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the Rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

William J. Tricarico,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23597 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-423-80-424; File Nos. BPH-790209AC, 790920AB]

Jim T. Payne and Ritchey Communications Co.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: July 28, 1980.

Released: July 30, 1980.

In the matter of applications of Jim T. Payne, Yoakum, Texas, Req: 102.3 MHz, Channel 272 3.0 kW (H & V), 300 feet, BC Docket No. 80-423, File No. BPH-790209AC, Ritchey Communications Co., Yoakum, Texas, Req: 102.3 MHz, Channel 272 3.0 kW (H & V), 299.875 feet, BC Docket No. 80-424, File No. BPH-790920AB, for a construction permit for a new FM station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications of Jim T. Payne (Payne) and Ritchey Communications Co. (Ritchey) for a construction permit for a new FM station.

2. *Ritchey*. Analysis of the financial data submitted by Ritchey reveals that \$41,050 will be required to construct the proposed station and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment down payment.....	\$2,600
Principal and interest payments on equipment (4 months).....	5,200
Buildings.....	1,000
Miscellaneous.....	26,000
Operating expenses (3 months).....	6,250
Total.....	41,050

The applicant plans to finance its proposal with existing cash of \$32,000 and profits from its existing AM station,

KRJH, of which we can give credit for \$6,410. Because Ritchey indicates only \$38,410 available to meet a requirement of \$41,050, a limited financial issue will be specified.

3. Except as indicated by the issue specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

4. Accordingly, it is ordered, that, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine with respect to Ritchey Communications Co.:

a. The source and availability of additional funds over and above the \$38,410 indicated; and

b. In light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, whether the applicant is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

2. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

3. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications should be granted.

5. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

6. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23588 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-364-80-365; File Nos. BP-21,113, BP-781205AJ]

Rockbridge Communications, Inc., and Erwin S. Solomon; Designation Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 25, 1980.

Released: July 30, 1980.

In re applications of Rockbridge Communications, Inc., Buena Vista, Virginia, Req: 1270 kHz, 1 kW, Day, BC Docket No. 80-364, File No. BP-21,113; Erwin S. Solomon, Hot Springs, Virginia, Req: 1270 kHz, 1 kW, Day, BC Docket No. 80-365, File No. BP-781205AJ, for construction permit.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications for new AM broadcast stations.

2. *Rockbridge Communications, Inc.* There is a discrepancy between the four corporate directors listed in Table I of Section II of the application form, and the three directors authorized in Article II of the corporation's by-laws. This discrepancy must be resolved by amendment.

3. Rockbridge has failed to comply with the requirements of the *Primer on Ascertainment of Community Problems by Broadcast Applicants*, 27 FCC 2d 650 (1971). Its compositional study of Buena Vista says little about governmental activities, and does not list local public service organizations. Further, it is not clear whether the representatives of local cultural groups it interviewed are in fact leaders of those groups. Therefore, a limited ascertainment issue will be specified.

4. *Erwin S. Solomon*. Applicants for new broadcast stations are required by § 73.3580 of the Commission's rules to give local notice of the filing of their applications. They must then file with the Commission the statement described in § 73.3580(h) of the rules. We have no evidence that Erwin Solomon published the required notice. To remedy this deficiency, the applicant will be required to demonstrate his compliance with the rule.

5. Analysis of the financial portion of Erwin Solomon's application indicates that he will require \$67,175 to construct the proposed facility and operate for three months, itemized as follows:

Equipment.....	\$25,000
Building.....	10,000
Legal costs.....	3,000
Other construction costs.....	9,000
Operating costs.....	20,175
Total.....	\$67,175

Mr. Solomon has shown bank loans totaling \$100,000 (gross) available to finance construction and operation. Allowing for loan repayments through the first three months of operation, there is a cushion over the estimated costs. However, the accuracy of the cost estimates is subject to doubt. While Instruction 1(b) of Section III of the application form requires applicants to state the basis for their estimates, this applicant only says that his "are based on figures supplied * * * by persons knowledgeable in the field of broadcasting." No allowance appears to have been made for acquiring a transmitter, or monitoring and test equipment; and the amount estimated for legal fees appears insufficient to cover the costs of a comparative hearing. In addition, there is no itemization of operating costs, as also required by Instruction 1(b). Therefore, a limited financial issue will be specified.

6. Erwin Solomon has also failed to comply with the requirements of the ascertainment *Primer*. First, his compositional study does not contain any information about Hot Springs. It notes that Census data is not available for the community, so provides only county-wide population, racial, and economic information. There is no discussion of governmental activities or public service organizations. We are therefore unable to determine what groups are significant in Hot Springs. Second, because purported community leaders are not fully identified, it appears that only a few groups were represented in the leader interviews, and it is not clear whether leaders of outlying communities to be served were adequately contacted. Third, the description of the general public survey does not establish how many Hot Springs residents were interviewed, so we cannot determine whether a random sample was in fact achieved. Fourth, the dates of the interviews have not been stated, so we cannot determine they were timely. Because of these serious defects, a general ascertainment issue will be specified.

7. Finally, Mr. Solomon has not supplied the photographs of his proposed site called for by Instruction 11 of Section V-A of the application form, so we cannot determine whether the site is suitable for the proposed antenna. An appropriate issue will be specified.

8. *Other matters.* The respective proposals, although for different communities, would serve substantial areas in common. Consequently, in

addition to determining pursuant to Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would better provide a fair, efficient, and equitable distribution of radio service, a contingent comparative issue will also be specified.

9. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, both applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding.

10. Accordingly, it is ordered, that pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine with respect to the efforts of Rockbridge Communications, Inc. to ascertain the needs of its proposed service area:

a. Whether the applicant determined the governmental activities and public service organizations in Buena Vista, and

b. Whether the applicant interviewed leaders of Buena Vista cultural groups.

2. To determine with respect to Erwin S. Solomon:

a. Whether the applicant has accurately estimated the costs of constructing and operating the proposed station for three months, including legal costs incident to a comparative hearing, and

b. Whether in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to (a) above, the applicant is financially qualified.

3. To determine the efforts made by Erwin S. Solomon to ascertain the community needs and problems of the area to be served, and the means by which the applicant proposes to meet those needs and problems.

4. To determine whether the transmitter site proposed by Erwin S. Solomon is satisfactory, with particular regard to possible conditions in the vicinity of the antenna system which would distort the proposed non-directional radiation pattern.

5. To determine the areas and populations which would receive primary aural service from each proposal, and the availability of other primary service to such areas and populations.

6. To determine, in the light of Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would better provide a fair, efficient, and equitable distribution of radio service.

7. To determine, in the event it is concluded that a choice between the applications should not be based solely on considerations relating to Section 307(b), which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

8. To determine in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications, if either, should be granted.

11. It is further ordered, that Rockbridge Communications, Inc. shall file the amendment specified in paragraph 2, above, within 30 days after this Order is published in the Federal Register.

12. It is further ordered, that Erwin S. Solomon shall publish local notice of his application (if he has not already done so) and shall file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge within 40 days after this Order is published in the Federal Register.

13. It is further ordered, that to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this order.

14. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23592 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-360—80-361; File Nos. BPCT-790615KG, BPCT-791026KJ]

**Southwest Television, Ltd.;
Designating Applications for
Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues**

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 20, 1980.

Released: July 28, 1980.

In re applications of Southwest Television, Ltd. (Eugene D. Adelstein and Edward B. Berger, General Partners), Spokane, Washington, Reg. Ch. 22, New Commercial, BC Docket No. 80-360, File No. BPCT-790615KG;

Frontier Media, Inc., Spokane, Washington, Reg: Ch. 22 New Commercial, BC Docket No. 80-361, File No. BPCT-791026KJ, for construction permit.

Hearing Designation Order

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications.

2. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the Commission finds Southwest Television, Ltd. and Frontier Media, Inc. legally, financially, technically and otherwise qualified. Since these applications are mutually exclusive, the Commission is unable to make the statutory finding that grant of the applications will serve the public interest, convenience and necessity. The applications must, therefore, be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues set out below.¹

3. Accordingly, it is ordered, that, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-captioned applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, to be held before an Administrative Law Judge at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

(a) To determine which of the applications would better serve the public interest.

(b) To determine, in light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issue, which of the applications should be granted.

4. It is further ordered, that any grant to either applicant shall be conditioned upon Canada's consent regarding the applicant's authority to operate with maximum effective radiated power in excess of 1,000 kW.

5. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within twenty (20) days of the mailing of this Order, shall file with the Commission, in triplicate, a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed

¹ Southwest Television, Ltd. (Southwest) is awaiting FAA clearance for its antenna proposal. If, during the hearing, the FAA advises that this proposal constitutes an air hazard, the Administrative Law Judge is authorized to specify an air hazard issue with respect to Southwest. In the unlikely event that the FAA study is not completed by the end of the hearing process, and should it be determined that Southwest's application would better serve the public interest, the construction permit shall be conditioned to require FAA approval prior to construction.

for hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

6. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23586 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-409—80-410; File Nos. BPH-781020AE, BPH-790530AF]

Valcom, Inc., and Fox Valley Broadcasting Corp.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: July 7, 1980.

Released: July 29, 1980.

In re applications of Valcom, Inc., Fort Valley, Georgia, Reg: 106.3 MHz, Channel 292, 3 kW (H&V), 297 feet, BC Docket No. 80-409, File No. BPH-781020AE; Fox Valley Broadcasting Corporation, Fort Valley, Georgia, Reg: 106.3 Mhz, Channel 292, 1.59 kW (H&V), 415 feet, BC Docket No. 80-410, File No. BPH-790530AF; for construction permits for a new FM station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above captioned mutually exclusive applications.

2. *Valcom Inc.* In response to Question 14 of FCC Form 301 Valcom proposes 5 hours and 6 minutes (4.1 percent) news; 2 hours and 52 minutes (2 percent) public affairs; and 2 hours and 52 minutes (2 percent) other programming (exclusive of entertainment and sports) as being responsive to community problems. However, the total amount of public affairs programming listed by Valcom in its ascertainment survey, if regularly scheduled each week, is 1 hour and 25 minutes, or 1.1 percent. Yet, most of Valcom's programs will not be aired each week. In Valcom's Exhibit 8 the proposed programs, "Valley Forum" and "Tell Us Why," are limited series of fourteen parts and four parts respectively; "In the Public Interest" is a proposed five minute public affairs program, not scheduled on a regular basis; "Labor Speaks" is only a three

part series; and "Campus Week In Review" will only be broadcast during the eight month school year. "Know Your Rights," and "Washington Reports" are the only programs regularly scheduled on a weekly basis. Considering both the limited series and the regularly scheduled programs over the full three year term of the license, Valcom is proposing to allocate only 0.4 percent of its time to public affairs programming. A question arises as to whether Valcom has proposed sufficient programming to meet the perceived needs and problems of Fort Valley, Georgia. A limited ascertainment issue will be specified.

3. Since no determination has been reached that the antenna proposed by Valcom would not constitute a menace to air navigation, an issue regarding this matter is required.

4. Data submitted by the applicants indicates that there would be a significant difference in the size of the areas and populations which would receive service from the proposals. Consequently, for the purpose of comparison, the areas and population which would receive FM service of 1 mV/m or greater intensity, together with the availability of other primary aural services in such areas, will be considered under the standard comparative issue, for the purpose of determining whether a comparative preference should accrue to either of the applicants.

5. Except as indicated by the issues specified below, the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding.

6. Accordingly, it is ordered, that, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine with respect to the efforts of Valcom to ascertain the needs of its proposed service area:

a. Whether Valcom has proposed sufficient programming to meet the perceived needs and problems of Fort Valley, Georgia.

2. To determine whether there is a reasonable possibility that the tower height and location proposed by Valcom, Inc. would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

3. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

4. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications should be granted.

7. It is further ordered, that, the Federal Aviation Administration is made a party to the proceeding.

8. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

9. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,
Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division,
Broadcast Bureau.

[FR Doc. 80-23587 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CCDE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-362—80-363; File Nos. BPH-11110, BPH-780908AB]

Van Buren Community Service Broadcasters, Inc. and Crawford County Communications, Inc.; Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues.

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 20, 1980.

Released: July 28, 1980.

In re applications of Van Buren Community Service Broadcasters, Inc., Van Buren, Arkansas, Req: 102.3 MHz, Channel 272, 3 kW (H&V), 300 feet, BC Docket No. 80-362, File No. BPH-11110; Crawford County Communications, Inc., Van Buren, Arkansas, Req: 102.3 MHz, Channel 272, 3kW (H&V), 300 feet, BC Docket No. 80-363, File No. BPH-780908AB. For a construction permit for a new FM station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications of Van Buren Community Service Broadcasters,

Inc. (Van Buren) and Crawford County Communications, Inc. (Crawford) a motion to specify issues filed by Crawford, and related pleadings.¹

2. The applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues below.

3. Accordingly, it is ordered, that, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, better serve the public interest.

2. To determine, in light of the evidence adduced to the foregoing issue, which of the applications, if either, should be granted.

4. It is further ordered, that, in the event of a grant of the application of Van Buren Community Service Broadcasting, Inc., the construction permit shall contain the following condition:

Prior to construction of the FM tower authorized herein, permittee shall notify AM station KFDF so that that station may determine operating power by the indirect method. Permittee shall be responsible for the installation and continued maintenance of detuning apparatus necessary to prevent adverse effects upon the radiation pattern of the aforementioned AM station. Subsequent to construction of the FM tower and installation of all appurtenances thereon, antenna impedance measurements of the AM antenna shall be made and sufficient field strength measurements, obtained at least 10 locations along each of eight equally spaced radials, shall be made to establish that the AM radiation pattern is essentially omnidirectional and, before FM program tests are authorized, the results submitted to the Commission in an application for the AM station to return to the direct method of power determination.

5. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's rules, in person or by attorney, within 20 days of the mailing

¹ Pursuant to the Commission's *Report and Order in re Revised Procedures for the Processing of Contested Broadcast Applications; Amendments of Part 1 of the Commission's Rules*, 72 FCC 2d 202, 45 RR 2d 1220 (1979), which directed the deletion of all issue pleadings in pending cases, the matters sought to be raised by Crawford in its pleadings have not been considered in this order. Accordingly, an opportunity to raise any allegations contained in the motion which have not been discussed herein will be afforded the parties post designation, pursuant to § 1.229.

of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

6. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594(g) of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the Rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,
Chief, Broadcast Facilities Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23585 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

[BC Docket Nos. 80-349—80-351; File Nos. BPH-781113AO etc.]

Visionary Radio Euphonics Inc., et al. Designating Applications for Consolidated Hearing on Stated Issues

Hearing Designation Order

Adopted: June 25, 1980.

Released: July 28, 1980.

In re applications of Visionary Radio Euphonics, Inc., Cottage Grove, Oregon, Req: 95.3 MHz, Channel 237, 0.12 kW (H&V), 1400 feet, BC Docket No. 80-349, File No. BPH-781113AO; Creswell Wireless Co., Inc., Creswell, Oregon, Req: 95.3 MHz Channel 237, 0.20 kW (H&V), 1160 feet, BC Docket No. 80-350 File No. BPH-790328AA; Bear Mountain Radio, Inc., Cottage Grove, Oregon, Req: 95.3 MHz, Channel 237, 0.0891 kW (H&V), 1477 feet, BC Docket No. 80-351, Filed No. BPH-790328AP; for construction permit for a new FM station.

1. The Commission, by the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, acting pursuant to delegated authority, has under consideration the above-captioned mutually exclusive applications filed by Visionary Radio Euphonics, Inc. (Visionary), Creswell Wireless Co., Inc. (Creswell) and Bear Mountain Radio, Inc. (Bear Mountain).

2. *Bear Mountain.* Applicants for new broadcast stations are required by § 73.3580(f) of the Commission's rules to give local notice of the filing of their applications. They must then file with the Commission the statement described in § 73.3580(h) of the rules. We have no evidence that Bear Mountain published the required notice. To remedy this

deficiency, Bear Mountain will be required to publish local notice of its application and to file a statement of publication with the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

3. The respective proposals, although for different communities, would serve substantial areas in common. Consequently, in addition to determining, pursuant to Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would best provide a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service, a contingent comparative issue will also be specified.

4. Except as indicated by the issues specified below the applicants are qualified to construct and operate as proposed. However, since the proposals are mutually exclusive, they must be designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding on the issues specified below.

5. Accordingly, it is ordered, that, pursuant to Section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding, at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent Order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which would receive primary aural service (1 mV/m or greater in the case of FM) from the proposals and the availability of other primary service to such areas and populations.
2. To determine, in the light of Section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, which of the proposals would best provide a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service.
3. To determine, in the event it is concluded that a choice between the applications should not be based solely on considerations relating to Section 307(b), which of the proposals would, on a comparative basis, best serve the public interest.
4. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which of the applications, if any, should be granted.
6. It is further ordered, that Bear Mountain Radio, Inc. shall file a statement with the presiding Administrative Law Judge showing compliance with the public notice requirements of § 73.3580(f) of the Commission's rules.

7. It is further ordered, that, to avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the applicants herein shall, pursuant to § 1.221(c) of the Commission's Rules, in person or by

attorney, within 20 days of the mailing of this Order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this Order.

8. It is further ordered, that the applicants herein shall, pursuant to Section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 73.3594(g) of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing (either individually or, if feasible and consistent with the Rules, jointly) within the time and in the manner prescribed in such Rule, and shall advise the Commission of the publication of such notice as required by § 73.3594(g) of the rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Jerold L. Jacobs,

*Chief, broadcast Facilities Division,
Broadcast Bureau.*

[FR Doc. 80-23594 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

Radio Technical Commission for Marine Services; Meetings

In accordance with Pub. L. 92-463, "Federal Advisory Committee Act," the schedule of future Radio Technical Commission for Marine Services (RTCM) meetings is as follows:

Executive Committee Meeting, Notice of August Meeting, Thursday, August 21, 1980—9:30 a.m., Conference Room 8240, Nassif (DOT) Building, 400 Seventh Street, S.W. at D Street, Washington, D.C.

Agenda

1. Administrative matters and committee reports.
2. Discussion concerning RTCM practices and procedures.
3. Consideration/discussion of petition received by National Ocean Industries Association to modify RTCM By-Laws.

The RTCM has acted as a coordinator for maritime telecommunications since its establishment in 1947. All RTCM meetings are open to the public. Written statements are preferred, but by previous arrangement, oral presentations will be permitted within time and space limitations.

Those desiring additional information concerning the above meeting(s) may contact either the designated chairman or the RTCM Secretariat (phone: (202) 632-6490).

Federal Communications Commission.

William J. Tricarico,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23596 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Meeting

The Commission of Fine Arts will next meet in open session on Wednesday, September 3, 1980, at 10:00 a.m. in the Commission's offices at 708 Jackson Place, NW, Washington, D.C. 20006 to discuss various projects affecting the appearance of Washington, D.C.

Inquiries regarding the agenda and requests to submit written or oral statement should be addressed to Mr. Charles H. Atherton, Secretary, Commission of Fine Arts, at the above address.

Dated In Washington, D.C. July 31, 1980.

Charles H. Atherton,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23678 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6330-01-M

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[Docket No. 80-51]

Missouri Pacific Railroad Co. v. Gulf European Freight Association, et al; Filing of Complaint and Assignment

Notice is given that a complaint filed by Missouri Pacific Railroad Co. against Gulf European Freight Association; Lykes Brothers Steamship Co., Inc.; Barber Steamship Lines, Inc., as Agent for Gulf Europe Express; Biehl & Company, Inc., as Agent for Hapag Lloyd; Sea-Land Service, Inc.; United States Lines, Inc.; and Seatrain Lines, Inc. was served August 1, 1980. The complaint alleges that respondents' imposition of a surcharge for transportation of containers or trailers having a prior movement on various specifically named railroads results in violation of sections 15, 16 First, 17 and 18(a) of the Shipping Act, 1916.

This proceeding has been assigned to Administrative Law Judge William Beasley Harris. Hearing in this matter, if any is held, shall commence within the time limitations prescribed in 46 CFR 502.61. The hearing shall include oral testimony and cross-examination in the discretion of the presiding officer only upon a proper showing that there are genuine issues of material fact that cannot be resolved on the basis of sworn statements, affidavits, depositions, or other documents or that the nature of the matter in issue is such that an oral hearing and cross-

examination are necessary for the development of an adequate record.

Francis C. Hurley,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23625 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

[Fact Finding Investigation No. 9]

Possible Rebates and Similar Malpractices in the United States Foreign Commerce; Extension of Investigation

By Order of August 6, 1979, the Federal Maritime Commission extended for a term of one year Fact Finding Investigation No. 9. This nonadjudicatory proceeding was instituted by Order of the Commission on July 9, 1976 (*Federal Register*, Vol. 41, No. 141, July 21, 1976), into the practices of rebates, absorptions, allowances in excess of those set forth in the tariff, and any other method of obtaining or allowing other persons to obtain transportation of property at less than the rates or charges which would otherwise be applicable in the United States foreign commerce.

Since its institution, Fact Finding Investigation No. 9 has been utilized as an integral part of the Commission's program into rebates and other malpractices in the foreign commerce of the United States. The Commission's continuing investigation into these matters raises the possibility that the compulsory processes authorized by Fact Finding Investigation No. 9 may have to be utilized to fully develop cases still pending final resolution.

In view of the above, the Commission has determined to extend the term of Fact Finding Investigation No. 9 for an additional two years. Further, that John Robert Ewers is designated Investigative Officer replacing James K. Cooper.

Therefore, it is ordered, that pursuant to sections 22 and 27 of the Shipping Act, 1916 (46 U.S.C. 821 and 826) and section 214(a) of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936 [46 U.S.C. 1124(a)], Fact Finding Investigation No. 9 is extended for two years after publication of this Order in the *Federal Register*.

It is further ordered, that John Robert Ewers is designated Investigative Officer replacing James K. Cooper.

It is further ordered, that Notice of this Order be published in the *Federal Register*.

By the Commission,
Francis C. Hurney,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23684 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

[Docket No. 80-49]

Bultaco International, Ltd. and John Grace; Possible Violations of Allowable Rates and Charges; Order of Investigation and Hearing

Based on information developed by the Commission's Bureau of Enforcement, it appears that Bultaco International, Ltd. and John Grace may have obtained or attempted to obtain transportation by water for property at less than the rates or charges which would otherwise be applicable by unjust or unfair device or means.

The Commission's General Counsel asserted a claim for civil penalties against Bultaco and John Grace, President of Bultaco, jointly and severally, for receiving rebates from common carriers by water in connection with the importation of motorcycles from Spain for the period beginning on or before September 20, 1973 and continuing through June 10, 1976. However, as of this date the claim has not been settled.

Accordingly, the Commission believes an investigation and hearing is necessary in order to determine whether Bultaco International, Ltd. and John Grace have violated section 16, initial paragraph, Shipping Act, 1916, and, if so, whether penalties should be assessed for such violations.

Now, therefore, it is ordered, that pursuant to section 16, initial and penultimate paragraphs (46 U.S.C. 815, initial and penultimate paragraphs), and section 22 (46 U.S.C. 821) of the Shipping Act, 1916, this proceeding is hereby instituted to determine: (1) Whether or not Respondents violated section 16, initial paragraph, by obtaining or attempting to obtain transportation by water for property at less than the rates and charges which would otherwise be applicable by any unjust or unfair device or means; and (2) Whether penalties should be assessed against Respondents if found to have violated section 16, initial paragraph, and, if so, the amount of such penalties;

It is further ordered, that Bultaco International, Ltd. and John Grace, 3509 Virginia Beach Blvd., Virginia Beach, Virginia 23462, are hereby made Respondents in this proceeding and that the matter be assigned for public hearing before an Administrative Law Judge at a date and place to be determined by the Administrative Law Judge presiding in accordance with Rule 61 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.61);

It is further ordered, that in accordance with Rule 42 of the

Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.42), the Commission's Bureau of Hearing Counsel shall be a party to this proceeding.

It is further ordered, that any person other than Respondents and Hearing Counsel having an interest and desiring to participate in this proceeding shall file a petition for leave to intervene in accordance with Rule 72 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.72); and

It is further ordered, that notice of this Order be published in the *Federal Register*, and a copy be served upon all parties of record.

By the Commission,
Francis C. Hurney,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23626 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

[Docket No. 80-50]

Certified Corp., Seaway Distribution Corp.; Possible Violation of Allowable Rates; Order of Investigation and Hearing

Seaway Distribution Corporation is a non-vessel operating common carrier (NVOCC) in the trade to Hawaii from the U.S. West Coast. Certified Corporation, a wholesale distributor of grocery products in Hawaii, wholly owns Seaway. Certified ships its goods to Hawaii either by having the seller deliver directly to a vessel operating common carrier (VOCC) or by using Seaway as its agent to consolidate various goods and tender them to the VOCC in the name of Certified. At times Seaway will move the goods in its capacity as an NVOCC.

An investigation conducted by the Commission's Bureau of Enforcement indicates that between December 1, 1974 and August 5, 1975 Seaway, acting as a shipper, tendered VOCCs a total of 65 shipments destined to itself in Hawaii, the contents and/or weight or cube of which appear to have been knowingly misdeclared in order to obtain transportation at less than the applicable rate. The statute of limitations has run on 61 of these shipments; the remaining four shipments are listed in the Appendix.

Between March 4, 1975 and July 15, 1975 Seaway, as an agent for Certified, tendered five shipments to Matson Navigation Company for ocean carriage to Hawaii. Again, these shipments appear to have been misdeclared as to the nature of the commodity and/or its weight or cube. However, the statute of limitations has run on all shipments.

The shipments listed in the Appendix will be made the subject of an investigation to determine whether or not Certified or Seaway or both have violated section 16, Initial Paragraph, of the Shipping Act, 1916, and, if so, whether penalties should be assessed for such violations in accordance with Pub. L. 96-25 (93 Stat. 71).

Now therefore, it is ordered, that pursuant to section 16, Initial Paragraph (46 U.S.C. 815), and section 22 (46 U.S.C. 821) of the Shipping Act, 1916, this proceeding is hereby instituted to determine: (1) Whether or not Seaway Distribution Corporation and/or Certified Corporation violated section 16, Initial Paragraph, by knowingly and willfully misdeclaring the contents and/or the weight or cube of the shipments listed in the Appendix in order to obtain transportation at less than the applicable rate; and (2) whether penalties should be assessed against Respondents if they are found to have violated section 16, Initial Paragraph, and if so, the amount of such penalties;

It is further ordered, that Seaway Distribution Corporation and Certified Corporation are hereby made Respondents in this proceeding;

It is further ordered, that, in accordance with Rule 42 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.42), the Commission's Bureau of Hearing Counsel is a party to this proceeding;

It is further ordered, That a public hearing be held in this proceeding and that the matter be assigned for hearing and decision by an Administrative Law Judge of the Commission's Office of Administrative Law Judges at a date and place to be hereafter determined by the Presiding Administrative Law Judge, but in no event later than the time limitation set forth in Rule 61 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.61);

The hearing shall include oral testimony and cross-examination in the discretion of the Presiding Officer only upon a proper showing that there are genuine issues of material fact that cannot be resolved on the basis of sworn statements, affidavits, depositions, or other documents or that the nature of the matters in issue is such that an oral hearing and cross-examination are necessary for the development of an adequate record;

It is further ordered, That notice of this Order be published in the Federal Register, and a copy be served upon all parties of record;

It is further ordered, That any person other than parties of record having an

interest and desiring to participate in this proceeding shall file a petition for leave to intervene in accordance with Rule 72 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.72);

It is further ordered, That all future notices, orders, and/or decisions issued by or on behalf of the Commission in this proceeding, including notice of the time and place of hearing or prehearing conference, shall be mailed directly to all parties of record;

It is further ordered, That, except as provided in Rules 159 and 201(a) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, (46 CFR 502.159, 46 CFR 502.201(a)), all documents submitted by any party of record in this proceeding shall be filed in accordance with Rule 118 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (46 CFR 502.118), as well as being mailed directly to all parties of record.

By the Commission.
Francis C. Hurney,
Secretary.

Appendix

B/L Number and Date

615429—8/4/75

615423—8/4/75

519426—8/2/75

519427—8/2/75

[FR Doc. 80-23624 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Regulatory Reports Review; Receipt of Report Proposal

The following request for clearance of a report intended for use in collecting information from the public was received by the Regulatory Reports Review Staff, GAO, on July 28, 1980. See 44 U.S.C. 3512 (c) and (d). The purpose of publishing this notice in the Federal Register is to inform the public of such receipt.

The notice includes the title of the request received; the name of the agency sponsoring the proposed collection of information; the agency form number, if applicable; and the frequency with which the information is proposed to be collected.

Written comments on the proposed NRC request are invited from all interested persons, organizations, public interest groups, and affected businesses. Because of the limited amount of time GAO has to review the proposed request, comments (in triplicate) must be received on or before August 25, 1980,

and should be addressed to Mr. John M. Lovelady, Senior Group Director, Regulatory Reports Review, United States General Accounting Office, Room 5106, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20548.

Further information may be obtained from Patsy J. Stuart of the Regulatory Reports Review Staff, 202-275-3532.

Nuclear Regulatory Commission

The NRC requests an extension-without-change clearance of the Class Exemption for Reports Concerning Possible Generic Problems. As a part of its regulatory function the NRC conducts an inspection and enforcement program to ensure adequate protection of the health and safety of the public, common defense and security, and the quality of the environment. During the course of this process there have been occasions when an event or issue has or might have the potential for occurring at other facilities. This type of situation requires a prompt notification to others who may be similarly affected. Also, as a part of the NRC's licensing review process generic implications of events occur which may require licensees to then conduct a thorough evaluation of the problem and submit prompt formal reports to NRC. Currently there are 72 nuclear power plants licensed for operation and 89 plants which have received construction permits. In addition, applications for construction permits for 20 plants are under review. In the past, more than 90 percent of the generic problems identified have related to nuclear power plants. In addition to nuclear power plants, there are approximately 8,000 persons authorized by license to possess byproduct, source or special nuclear materials. Depending on the type of problem identified, the number of licensees affected could vary considerably. In the past notifications concerning possible generic problems have affected usually between 10 and 100 licensees. In one case in 1979, a notification of a possible generic problem was sent to approximately 4,900 licensees. The NRC estimates that respondent burden could average 139,000 hours annually per licensee depending on the number of events affecting each licensee and the complexity of reporting required for each event.

Norman F. Heyl,

Regulatory Reports Review Officer.

[FR Doc. 80-23680 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1610-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**Bureau of Land Management****Las Vegas District Grazing Advisory Board; Meeting**

The Las Vegas District Grazing Advisory Board will meet Aug. 13 at 9 a.m. in the auditorium of the Caliente Elementary School, Caliente, NV.

The agenda is as follows: (1) Approval of previous meeting's minutes; (2) Introduction of the new district manager; (3) Discussion of FY-81 Range Betterment projects; (4) Discussion of the draft Barclay-Lime Mountain AMP; (5) Discussion of the Mustang AMP; (6) Public comment period; (7) Range tour of the Mustang Allotment.

The meeting is open to the public. Interested persons may make oral comments to the board during the public comment period or they may submit written comments for the board's consideration. Persons wishing to make an oral statement to the board must notify the District Manager (4765 W. Vegas Dr. or P.O. Box 5400, Las Vegas, NV 89102) prior to COB Aug. 12. Depending on the number of persons wishing to address the board, the District Manager may establish a per-person time limit.

Members of the public may also accompany the range tour, anticipated to leave Caliente at about 1 p.m., but they must provide their own transportation. Board members will be transported by BLM.

Summary minutes of the board meeting will be maintained at the district office. They will be available for inspection during regular business hours (7:30 a.m. to 4:15 p.m.) within 30 days after the meeting.

Dated: July 23, 1980.

Frank E. Bingham,
District Manager.

[FR Doc. 80-23679 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-84-M

District Grazing Advisory Board, Susanville, Calif.; Meeting

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Pub. L. 92-463 that a meeting of the Susanville District Grazing Advisory Board will be held on September 9, 1980.

The meeting will begin at 10:00 a.m. in the Surprise Area Office of the Bureau of Land Management, Cedarville, California.

The agenda for the meeting will include:

1. Report from Oregon Fish and Wildlife Service.
2. Range Betterment Project Priority Outlook for fiscal year 1981.

3. Cowhead/Massacre ES Status.
4. Cal Neva and Willow Creek ES Status.
5. Report on Tuledad AMP.
6. Base Property Requirements, Sec. 15, Memo CA-80-273.
7. Wilderness Study Review.
8. Wild Horse Gathering Report.
9. Advisory Board Funds.

The meeting is open to the public. Interested persons may make oral statements to the Board between 3:30 and 4:30 p.m., or file a written statement for the Board's consideration. Anyone wishing to make an oral statement must notify the District Manager, Bureau of Land Management, P.O. Box 1090, Susanville, California 96130, by September 5, 1980. Depending on the number of persons wishing to make oral statements, a per person list limit may be established.

Summary minutes of the Board Meeting will be maintained in the District Office and will be available for public inspection and reproduction (during regular business hours) within 30 days following the meeting.

Herman L. Kast,

Acting District Manager.

[FR Doc. 80-23664 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-84-M

Realty Action—Sale CA 6486; Public Lands in Plumas County, Calif.

July 28, 1980.

The following described land has been identified as suitable for disposal by sale under Section 203(a)(1) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1713, at no less than the fair market value shown:

Legal description: Lot 18 in Sec. 24, T. 26 N., R. 9 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, California.

Acreage: 3.29.

Value: \$22,500.00.

The above described land is being offered as a direct, noncompetitive sale to George and Alice Merrick, owners of the improvements on the sale tract. The land is bounded on three sides by privately-owned land. The Merricks own several structures on the land including a house which has been used by the family as their principal place of residence for many years. In 1978 the Merricks filed an application to obtain this land under the Color of Title Act, as amended, 43 U.S.C. 1068. However, the Merricks did not meet the requirements under the Act and their application was rejected. Therefore, disposal by direct sale, rather than public auction, will protect their equity investment in the improvements on the land, and eliminate an undue hardship if they

were compelled to remove or otherwise dispose of the improvements. The lands are not required for any Federal purpose, and the public interest would be served by offering this land for sale.

The land will not be offered for sale until 60 days after the date of issuance of this notice.

The terms and conditions applicable to the sale are as follows:

1. All minerals in the land will be reserved to the United States in accordance with Section 209(a) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.

2. A right-of-way for ditches and canals will be reserved to the United States under 43 U.S.C. 945.

3. A right-of-way for a road will be reserved to the United States under Section 507 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.

Detailed information concerning the sale is available for review at the California State Office, Federal Office Building, 2800 Cottage Way, Sacramento, California 95825.

For a period of 45 days from the date of this notice, interested parties may submit comments to the Secretary of the Interior (LLM 320), Washington, D.C. 20240. Any adverse comments will be evaluated by the Secretary of the Interior who may vacate or modify this realty action and issue a final determination. In the absence of any action by the Secretary of the Interior, this realty action will become a final determination of the Department of the Interior.

Joan B. Russell,

Chief, Lands Section, Branch of Lands and Minerals Operations.

[FR Doc. 80-23819 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-84-M

Office of the Secretary**Oil Shale Tract Delineation—Tract Selection Criteria; Meetings**

Notice is hereby given that meetings to establish criteria for tract delineation and tract selection for additional prototype oil shale leasing will be held on August 25, 1980, from 9:00 a.m. until 4:30 p.m. at the Salt Palace, Room 128, Salt Lake City, Utah; and on August 28, 1980, from 8:30 a.m. until 4:00 p.m., at the Weyer Auditorium, Denver Public Library, 13th Ave. and Broadway, Denver, Colorado.

On May 27, 1980 a decision was rendered by James A. Joseph, Under Secretary of the Interior, to expand the Department's Prototype Oil Shale Leasing Program and to prepare for a permanent oil shale leasing program.

Pursuant to that decision the Department is initiating the process to determine criteria for delineating and selecting tracts to be leased in the expanded prototype program. The purpose of the meetings announced herein is to solicit comments in establishing these criteria.

The meetings in Salt Lake City and Denver will cover the same agenda. The meetings are open to the public. It is expected that space will permit approximately 100 persons to attend in addition to Department representatives.

A portion of each meeting will be devoted to a presentation of the issues. Following will be a comment period when interested persons may make brief presentations or file written statements. Written statements also may be submitted from the date of this announcement until August 27, 1980, to Mr. Henry O. Ash, Office of the Oil Shale Environmental Advisory Panel, Department of the Interior, Room 690, Building 67, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225. Further information concerning these meetings may be obtained from Mr. Ash's office (telephone number 303-234-3275).

James W. Curlin,

Deputy Assistant Secretary, Land and Water Resources.

August 1, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23643 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-10-M

Oil Shale Task Force; Meetings

Notice is hereby given that meetings of the Oil Shale Task Force will be held on August 28, 1980, from 9:00 a.m. until 4:30 p.m., at the Salt Palace, Room 128, Salt Lake City, Utah; and on August 27, 1980, from 8:30 a.m. until 4:00 p.m., at the Wyr Auditorium, Denver Public Library, 13th Ave. and Broadway, Denver, Colorado.

The Oil Shale Task Force was established on May 17, 1980, pursuant to a decision of James A. Joseph, Under Secretary of the Interior, regarding expansion of the Department's Prototype Oil Shale Leasing Program and the preparation for a permanent oil shale leasing program. The purpose of the Task Force is to explore the issues involved in these two programs and present further information to the Under Secretary on the range of possible procedures that could be followed in achieving the objectives of his decisions and the effects that would flow from such procedures. The Task Force incorporates eleven Work Groups to address the issues involved. These Work Groups have met at various times throughout the summer and will provide

consolidated reports of their findings to the Under Secretary on September 9, 1980 and October 1, 1980.

The purpose of the Task Force meetings announced herein is to solicit comment on Task Force findings prior to the submission of final reports to the Under Secretary.

The meetings in Salt Lake City and Denver will cover the same agenda. The meetings are open to the public. It is expected that space will permit approximately 100 persons to attend in addition to Task Force members. The first portion of each meeting will be devoted to presentation of Task Force work and findings. Following will be a comment period when interested persons may make brief presentations or file written statements. Written statements also may be submitted from the date of this announcement until August 27, 1980, to Mr. Henry O. Ash, Office of the Oil Shale Environmental Advisory Panel, Department of the Interior, Room 690, Building 67, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225. Further information concerning these meetings may be obtained from Mr. Ash's office (telephone number 303-234-3275).

James W. Curlin,

Deputy Assistant Secretary, Land and Water Resources.

August 1, 1980.

[FR Doc. 80-23644 Filed 8-6-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-10-M

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION AGENCY

Administrator; Agency for International Development; Delegation of Authority No. 3, Legal Services To Trade and Development Program

1. Pursuant to authority vested in me by the International Development Cooperation Agency (IDCA) Delegation of Authority No. 4, effective July 1, 1980, I hereby delegate to the Administrator of the Agency for International Development (AID) the authority to provide legal counsel to the Trade and Development Program including, but not limited to, the functions of:

(A) providing legal advice by clearing and recommending approval of proposed contracts and agreements for transmission to the appropriate offices in AID;

(B) making recommendations to the Director of the Trade and Development Program concerning approval of proposed projects and determinations under § 607(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act; and

(C) providing any of the legal services as necessary to the Trade and Development Program.

2. The authority delegated herein may be redelegated to the General Counsel in AID, and successively redelegated as appropriate, and may be exercised by persons who are performing the functions of designated officers on an acting basis.

3. Notwithstanding any provision of this Delegation of Authority the Director or Acting Director of the Trade and Development Program may at any time exercise any function delegated by this Delegation of Authority.

4. This delegation of Authority shall be deemed effective as of July 30, 1980 and actions within the scope of this delegation and any redelegation thereunder undertaken prior hereto which are consistent with the terms and scope of this delegation are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Dated: July 30, 1980.

Frank Stewart,

Acting Director, Trade and Development Program.

[FR Doc. 80-23431 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-02-M

Agency for International Development

[Redelegation of Authority No. 5.25 and 38.23]

Asia Bureau, Authority of Mission Directors, et. al. To Waive Advertisement of Invitation for Bids; Amendment

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by Delegation of Authority No. 5, dated December 29, 1961, (27 FR 499), as amended and Delegation of Authority No. 38, dated June 3, 1977 (42 FR 31511), I hereby amend Redelegation of Authority No. 38.23 dated September 6, 1979 (44 FR 184), as follows:

a. Immediately after the words "Redelegation of Authority" in the Title, delete the word "No." and insert in lieu thereof, the words "Nos. 5.25 and".

b. Immediately after the words "of Authority" in line two of the introductory paragraph, insert the words "No. 5, dated December 29, 1961 (27 F.R. 499) as amended, and Delegation of Authority".

c. Immediately prior to the words "Any person" in paragraph two, insert a new sentence to read as follows: "The sole basis for issuing such waivers shall be to avoid serious delay in project implementation."

Except as hereby amended, the subject redelegation remains in full force and effect.

This amendment is effective immediately.

Dated: June 26, 1980.

John H. Sullivan,

Assistant Administrator Bureau for Asia.

[FR Doc. 80-23613 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-02-M

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Motor Carrier Permanent Authority Decisions; Decision-Notice

The following applications, filed on or after July 3, 1980, are governed by Special Rule 247 of the Commission's Rules of Practice, see 49 CFR 1100.247. Special rule 247 was published in the Federal Register of July 3, 1980, at 45 FR 45539.

Persons wishing to oppose an application must follow the rules under 49 CFR 1100.247(B). A copy of any application, together with applicant's supporting evidence, can be obtained from any applicant upon request and payment to applicant of \$10.00.

Amendments to the request for authority are not allowed. Some of the applications may have been modified prior to publication to conform to the Commission's policy of simplifying grants of operating authority.

Findings:

With the exception of those applications involving duly noted problems (e.g.s., unresolved common control, fitness, water carrier dual operations, or jurisdictional questions) we find, preliminarily, that each applicant has demonstrated its proposed service warrants a grant of the application under the governing section of the Interstate Commerce Act. Each applicant is fit, willing, and able to perform the service proposed, and to conform to the requirements of Title 49, Subtitle IV, United States Code, and the Commission's regulations. Except where noted, this decision is neither a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment nor a major regulatory action under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975.

In the absence of legally sufficient protests in the form of verified statements filed within 45 days of publication of this decision-notice (or, if the application later becomes unopposed) appropriate authority will be issued to each applicant (except those with duly noted problems) upon compliance with certain requirements which will be set forth in a notice that the decision-notice is effective. Within

60 days after publication an applicant may file a verified statement in rebuttal to any statement in opposition.

To the extent that any of the authority granted may duplicate an applicant's other authority, the duplication shall be construed as conferring only a single operating right.

Note.—All applications are for authority to operate as a motor common carrier in interstate or foreign commerce over irregular routes, unless noted otherwise. Applications for motor contract carrier authority are those where service is for a named shipper "under contract".

Volume No. OPI-004

Decided: July 25, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 2, Members Chandler, Eaton and Liberman.

MC 119741 (Sub-271F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: GREEN FIELD TRANSPORT COMPANY, INC., 1515 Third Ave., NW., P.O. Box 1235, Fort Dodge, IA 50501. Representative: D. L. Robson (same address as applicant). Transporting *meats, meat products, and meat byproducts, and articles distributed by meat-packing houses*, as described in Sections A and C of Appendix I to the report in *Descriptions in Motor Carrier Certificates*, 61 M.C.C. 209 and 766 (except commodities in bulk and hides), from the facilities of Iowa Beef Processors, Inc., at or near Holcomb, KS, to points in IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.

MC 139330 (Sub-6F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: F.V.T., INC., 106 Howard Dr., Williamstown Junction, NC 08094. Representative: Edward G. Villalon, 1032 Pennsylvania Bldg., Pennsylvania Ave. & 13th St., NW., Washington, DC 20004. Transporting (1) *fibrous glass products, mineral wool, mineral wool products, and insulating products*, and (2) *materials, equipment and supplies* used in the manufacture of the commodities in (1) above, between points in Baltimore County, MD, Middlesex and Camden Counties, NJ, DeKalb, Fulton, and Clarke Counties, GA, DuPage County, IL, Shelby County, TN, Dallas County, TX, Luzerne County, PA, Whitley County, KY, Wyandotte County, KS, Madera County, CA, Allen County, IN, and Marion and Shelby Counties, OH, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the U.S. (except AK and HI).

MC 146451 (Sub-32F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: WHATLEY-WHITE, INC., 230 Ross Clark Circle, NE., Dothan, AL 36302. Representative: R. S. Richard, P.O. Box 2069, Montgomery, AL 36197. Transporting *wood burning furnace*

components, from Dothan, AL, to Kewanee, IL.

Volume No. OP2-002

Decided: July 28, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 3, Members Parker, Fortier, and Hill.

MC 112713 (Sub-307F), filed July 17, 1980. Applicant: YELLOW FREIGHT SYSTEM, INC., P.O. Box 7270, Overland Park, KS 66207. Representative: John M. Records (same address as applicant). Over regular routes, transporting *general commodities* (except household goods as defined by the Commission and classes A and B explosives), moving on bills of lading of freight forwarders under 49 U.S.C. 10102(8), between the junction of Interstate Hwy 75 and U.S. Hwy 27, and Tampa, FL, over interstate Hwy 75, serving no intermediate points.

Note.—Applicant intends to tack the authority sought with its authority in MC 112713.

MC 127042 (Sub-300F), filed July 18, 1980. Applicant: HAGEN, INC., P.O. Box 3208, Sioux City, IA 51102. Representative: Fred E. Hagen (same address as applicant). Transporting *general commodities* (except those of unusual value, classes A and B explosives, household goods as defined by the Commission, commodities in bulk, and those requiring special equipment, from points in Cook, DuPage, Kane, Kendall, Lake and Will Counties, IL, to points in IA, KS, NE and SD.

MC 149443F filed July 8, 1980. Applicant: YELLOW FREIGHT SYSTEM, INC., P.O. Box 7270, Overland Park, KS 66207. Representative: John M. Records (same as applicant). Robert E. DeLand (same as applicant). *Contract carrier*, transporting *general commodities* (except those of unusual value, classes A and B explosives, household goods as defined by the Commission, commodities in bulk, and those requiring special equipment), between points in the U.S.

MC 151302F, filed July 16, 1980. Applicant: DONALD E. REYNOLDS d.b.a. BAR-TRAN, CO., 506 Manor, Box 119, Rock Port, MO 64482. Representative: Donald E. Reynolds (same as applicant). Transporting *petroleum and petroleum products*, in tank vehicles, between points in Wyandotte County, KS, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in DeKalb, Clay, Holt, and Atchison Counties, MO.

Volume No. OP2-005

Decided: July 28, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 3, Members Parker, Fortier, and Hill.

MC 123872 (Sub-117F), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: W & L MOTOR LINES, INC., P.O. Box 3467, Hickory, NC 28601. Representative: Allen E. Bowman (same address as applicant). Transporting *meats, meat products, meat by-products and articles distributed by meat packinghouses* (except commodities in bulk and hides), between Finney County, KS, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AL, FL, GA, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MI, MN, MS, MO, NE, NC, ND, OH, SC, SD, TN, VA and WI.

MC 123872 (Sub-118F), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: W & L MOTOR LINES, INC., P.O. Box 3467, Hickory, NC 28601. Representative: Allen E. Bowman (same address as applicant). Transporting *plastic articles* (except in bulk) (1) between points in NC, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AZ, CA, CO, FL, GA, ID, IL, IA, KS, MN, MO, MT, NE, NV, NM, ND, OK, OR, SD, TX, UT, WA, WI, and WY; and (2) between points in IL, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AZ, CA, CO, FL, GA, ID, IA, KS, MN, MO, MT, NE, NV, NM, ND, NC, OK, OR, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, WA, WI, and WY.

MC 145102 (Sub-66F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: FREYMILLER TRUCKING, INC., 1400 S. Union Avenue, Bakersfield, CA 93307. Representative: Michael J. Wyngaard, 150 E. Gilman Street, Madison, WI 53703. Transporting *cheese and cheese products* from Livingston, WI to points in TX.

Volume No. OP3-002

Decided: July 25, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 1, Members Carleton, Joyce, and Jones.

MC 140665 (Sub-112F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: PRIME, INC., P.O. Box 4208, Springfield, MO 65804. Representative: H. J. Anderson (same address as applicant). Transporting *meats, meat products, meat byproducts, and articles distributed by meat packing houses*, as described in Sections A and C of Appendix I to the report in *Descriptions in Motor Carrier Certificates*, 61 M.C.C. 209 and 766, (except commodities in bulk and hides), from the facilities of Iowa Beef Processors, Inc., at or near Holcomb, KS, to points in AZ, CA, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI, AR, LA, OK, TX, AL, FL, GA, MS, NC, SC, and TN.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23659 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

Motor Carriers Permanent Authority Decisions; Decision-Notice

The following applications, filed on or after July 3, 1980, are governed by Special Rule 247 of the Commission's Rules of Practice, see 49 CFR 1100.247. Special rule 247 was published in the Federal Register on July 3, 1980, at 45 FR 45539.

Persons wishing to oppose an application must follow the rules under 49 CFR 1100.247(B). Applications may be protested *only* on the grounds that applicant is not fit, willing, and able to provide the transportation service and to comply with the appropriate statutes and Commission regulations. A copy of any application, together with applicant's supporting evidence, can be obtained from any applicant upon request and payment to applicant of \$10.00.

Amendments to the request for authority are not allowed. Some of the applications may have been modified prior to publication to conform to the Commission's policy of simplifying grants of operating authority.

Findings

With the exception of those applications involving duly noted problems (e.g., unresolved common control, fitness, water carrier dual operations, or jurisdictional questions) we find, preliminarily, that each applicant has demonstrated its proposed service warrants a grant of the application under the governing section of the Interstate Commerce Act. Each applicant is fit, willing, and able to perform the service proposed, and to conform to the requirements of Title 49, Subtitle IV, United States Code, and the Commission's regulations. Except where noted, this decision is neither a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment nor a major regulatory action under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975.

In the absence of legally sufficient protests in the form of verified statements filed on or before September (or, if the application later becomes unopposed) appropriate authority will be issued to each applicant (except those with duly noted problems) upon compliance with certain requirements which will be set forth in a notice that the decision-notice is effective. Within 60 days after publication an applicant may file a verified statement in rebuttal to any statement in opposition.

To the extent that any of the authority granted may duplicate an applicant's other authority, the duplication shall be

construed as conferring only a single operating right.

Note.—All applications are for authority to operate as a motor common carrier in interstate or foreign commerce over irregular routes, unless noted otherwise. Applications for motor contract carrier authority are those where service is for a named shipper "under contract".

Volume No. OPI-003

Decided: July 25, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 2, Members Chandler, Eaton and Liberman.

MC 128570 (Sub-21F), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: BROOKS ARMORED CAR SERVICE, INC., 13 East 35th St., Wilmington, DE 19802. Representative: James F. Flint, Suite 406, 918 16th St., NW, Washington, DC 20006. Transporting *shipments weighing 100 pounds or less* if transported in a motor vehicle in which no one package exceeds 100 pounds, between points in the U.S.

MC 151351F, filed July 15, 1980. Applicant: MARCO EXPRESS FREIGHT, 1976 Linn, North Kansas City, MO 64116. Representative: William E. Martin (same address as applicant). Transporting *shipments weighing 100 pounds or less*, if transported in a vehicle in which no one package exceeds 100 pounds, between points in the U.S.

Volume No. OP2-004

Decided: July 28, 1980.

By the Commission, Review Board Number 3, Members Parker, Fortier and Hill.

MC 117142 (Sub-5F), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: AMERICAN TRAILER HAUL, INC., 609B South Main Street, Woodstock, GA 30188. Representative: Archie B. Culbreth, Suite 202, Century Parkway, Atlanta, GA 30345. Transporting *general commodities* (except used household goods as defined by the Commission, hazardous or secret materials, and sensitive weapons and munitions) for the U.S. Government, between points in AL, AR, FL, GA, IL, IN, KY, MD, MS, NC, OH, OK, PA, SC, TN, TX, VA and WV.

MC 141523 (Sub-1F), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: C. R. KIDD PRODUCE, INC., P.O. Box 364, Springdale, AR 72764. Representative: Connie Ray Kidd (same address as applicant). Transporting *general commodities* (except used household goods, hazardous or secret materials, and sensitive weapons and munitions), between points in U.S., restricted to traffic handled for the U.S. Government.

MC 151353F, filed July 22, 1980. Applicant: GOULD BROTHERS TRUCKING, RR #3 Box 17B, Aberdeen,

SD 57401. Representative: Charles A. Gould (same address as applicant). Transporting *food and other edible products* (except alcoholic beverages and drugs) intended for human consumption, *agricultural limestone and other soil conditioners and agricultural fertilizers*, if such transportation is provided with the owner of the motor vehicle in such vehicle, except in emergency situations, between points in the U.S.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23858 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

Motor Carrier Temporary Authority Application

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under Section 10928 of the Interstate Commerce Act and in accordance with the provisions of 49 CFR 1131.3. These rules provide that an original and two (2) copies of protests to an application may be filed with the Regional Office named in the Federal Register publication no later than the 15th calendar day after the date the notices of the filing of the application is published in the Federal Register. One copy of the protest must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protestant must certify that such service has been made. The protest must identify the operating authority upon which it is predicated, specifying the "MC" docket and "Sub" number and quoting the particular portion of authority upon which it relies. Also, the protestant shall specify the service it can and will provide and the amount and type of equipment it will make available for use in connection with the service contemplated by the TA application. The weight accorded a protest shall be governed by the completeness and pertinence of the protestant's information.

Except as otherwise specifically noted, each applicant states that there will be no significant effect on the quality of the human environment resulting from approval of its application.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined at the ICC Regional Office to which protests are to be transmitted.

Note.—All applications seek authority to operate as a common carrier over irregular routes except as otherwise noted.

Motor Carriers of Property Notice No. F-46

The following applications were filed in Region I. Send protests to Regional Authority Center, Interstate Commerce Commission, 150 Causway St., Rm. 501, Boston, MA 02114.

MC 151369 (Sub-1-1TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: VIGEANT FREIGHT SYSTEM, INC., 676 Dartmouth Street, South Dartmouth, MA 02748. Representative: Francis E. Barrett, Jr., Esq., 10 Industrial Park Road, Hingham, MA 02043. *Ladies wearing apparel and accessories and materials and supplies used in the manufacture thereof* between No. Dartmouth, MA and points in PA, NJ, TN and New York, NY. Supporting shipper: Kay Windsor Co., 375 Faunce Corner Road, No. Dartmouth, MA 02747.

MC 42828 (Sub-1-2TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: THEODORE ROSSI TRUCKING CO., INC., 9 South Vine Street, Barre, Vermont 05641. Representative: William L. Rossi, P.O. Box 332, Barre, Vermont 05641. Supporting shippers: Rock of Ages Corporation, P.O. Box 482, Barre, Vermont 05641. Rock of Ages Building Granite Corporation, McGuire Street, Concord, New Hampshire. Transporting stone, between points in and east of Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Illinois, and Wisconsin on the one hand, and on the other, Barre, Vermont. The purpose of this Application is to substitute single line service for existing joint line service.

MC 141516 (Sub-1-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: RICHARD L. HODGES, INC., P.O. Box 141, Unity, ME 04988. Representative: John C. Lightbody Esq., Murray, Plumb & Murray, 30 Exchange Street, Portland, ME 04101. *Frozen foodstuffs and dry potato products* from points in Portland, ME to DE, DC, IL, IN, KY, MI, MO, NJ, NY, OH and PA. Supporting shipper: McCain Foods, Inc., Washburn, ME 04786.

MC 148893 (Sub-1-1TA), filed July 29, 1980. Applicant: WREN TRUCKING, INC., 572 Kennedy Road, Cheektowaga, NY 14227. Representative: James E. Brown, 36 Brunswick Road, Depew, NY 14043. (1) *Foodstuff (except in bulk)*, from the facilities of General Mills located in Buffalo, NY, to points in CT, DC, MA, MD, ME, NJ, NY, OH, PA, RI, IL, IN, MI, WV; (2) *Related materials, supplied and equipment in the manufacture, production, packaging, sale or distribution of such commodities*, in reverse direction.

MC 151389 (Sub-1-1TA), filed July 29, 1980. Applicant: T.R. & SONS TRUCKING INC., Garfield Avenue at

3rd Avenue, Kearny, NJ 07032. Representative: George A. Olsen, P.O. Box 357, Gladstone, NJ 07934. (1) *Appliances; furniture; radios; television sets; cameras; wheeled goods; petroleum products; chemicals; paints; displays; metal, paper, and plastic articles; hardware; books; packaging materials; dyes; colorings; and flavoring compounds;* (2) *Materials, equipment, and supplies used in the manufacture, sale, and distribution of the commodities named in (1) above (except commodities in bulk in tank vehicles)*, between points in NJ; and New York, NY Commercial Zone; the Philadelphia, PA Commercial Zone; and Suffolk County, NY. Supporting shipper(s): Sayo Electric Co., 200 Riser Rd., Little Ferry, NJ; Deijon Co., 163 E. Union Ave., E. Rutherford, NJ; H. Kohnstamni & Co., 555 Columbia St., Brooklyn, NY.

MC 141932 (Sub-1-8TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: POLAR TRANSPORT, INC., 176 King Street, Hanover, MA 02339. (1) Paper, (2) paper products, (3) printed matter, (4) materials, equipment and supplies used in the manufacture, sale and distribution of the commodities named, (5) commodities otherwise exempt from economic regulation under Section 49 U.S.C. 10526(a)(6) of the Interstate Commerce Act, in mixed shipments with commodities described in (1), (2), (3), (4) above (except commodities in bulk and commodities, the transportation of which, because of size or weight require the use of special equipment), between Boston, Hingham, Plymouth and Westwood, MA and Wells, ME on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the United States, except AK and HI, restricted to the movement of traffic from or to the facilities of, or used by, Clark-Franklin-Kingston Press, Print Mail, Inc., and Spencer Press, Inc. Supporting shippers: Clark-Franklin, Kingston Press, Print Mail, Inc. and Spencer Press, Inc.

MC 144428 (Sub-1-3TA), filed July 29, 1980. Applicant: TRUCKADYNE INC., Route 16, Mendon, MA 01756. Representative: Joseph A. Reed, Truckadyne Inc., Route 16, Mendon, MA 01756. Contract carrier irregular routes, *abrasives, abrasives grains and powders and materials and supplies* used in the manufacture, processing sale and use of such commodities between points in the forty-eight (48) contiguous states. Under a continuing contract with Micro Abrasives Corporation, Westfield, MA. Supporting shipper: Micro Abrasives Corp., Westfield, MA.

MC 144428 (Sub-1-3TA), filed July 29, 1980. Applicant: TRUCKADYNE INC., Route 16, Mendon, MA 01756. Representative: Joseph A. Reed,

Truckadyne Inc., Route 16, Mendon, MA 01756. *Contract carrier irregular routes, abrasives, abrasives grains and powders and materials and supplies used in the manufacture, processing sale and use of such commodities between points in the forty-eight (48) contiguous states. If under a continuing contract with Micro Abrasives Corporation, Westfield, MA. Supporting shipper: Micro Abrasives Corp. Westfield, MA.*

MC 139424 (Sub-1-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: FISHER TRUCKING COMPANY, INC., Lincoln & Passmore, Hammonton, NJ 08037. Representative: Raymond A. Thistle, Jr., Five Cottman Court, Homestead Rd. & Cottman St., Jenkintown, PA 19046. *Petroleum fuel oils, gasoline, residual fuel oils, gasohol and distillates from the facilities of Amerada Hess Corporation located at Delair, NJ to PA and DE, and located at Philadelphia, PA to NJ and DE. Supporting shipper: Ameradas Hess Corporation, 1 Hess Plaza Woodbridge, NJ 07095.*

MC 115353 (Sub-1-4TA), filed July 7, 1980. Applicant: LOUIS J. KENNEDY TRUCKING COMPANY, 342 Schuyler Avenue, Kearny, NJ 07032. Representative: Morton E. Kiel, Suite 1832, 2 World Trade Center, New York, NY 10048. *Contract, irregular, transporting steel articles and commodities used in the manufacture and distribution thereof, between the facilities of Raritan River Steel Co. at Perth Amboy, NJ, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the United States in and east of MN, IA, MO, AR and LA, under a continuing contract(s) with Raritan River Steel Co. located at Perth Amboy, NJ. Supporting shipper: Raritan River Steel Co., P.O. Box 309, Perth Amboy, NJ 08862.*

MC 134806 (Sub-1-3TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: B-D-R TRANSPORT, INC., P.O. Box 1277, Vernon Drive, Brattleboro, VT 05301. Representative: Francis J. Ortman, 7101 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 605, Washington, DC 20014. *Contract carrier: irregular routes, plastic articles, in cartons, from Malden, MA to Denver, CO, Salt Lake City, UT, Reno, NV and points in CA under continuing contract with Century Products, Inc. Supporting shipper: Century Products, Inc., 171 Medford Street, Malden, MA 02148.*

MC 140768 (Sub-1-9TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: AMERICAN TRANS-FREIGHT, INC., P.O. Box 796, Manville, NJ 08835. Representative: Eugene M. Malkin, Suite 1832, 2 World Trade Center, New York, NY 10048. *Such commodities as are manufactured, dealt in or used by a manufacturer and distributor of bicycles and bicycle parts,*

between Little Rock, AR, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AL, FL, GA, LA, MS and TX. Restricted to shipments originating at or destined to the facilities of AMF Cycles Division, AMF, Inc. at or near Little Rock, AR. Supporting shipper: AMF Cycles Division, AMF, Inc., P.O. Box 344, Olney, IL 62450.

MC 143552 (Sub-1-2TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: CELEWEND ASSOCIATES, INC., 1 Whitfield Court, Caldwell, NJ 07006. Representative: George A. Olsen, P.O. Box 357, Gladstone, NJ 07934. *Contract carrier: irregular routes: (1) Washing, cleaning and scouring compounds, fabric and textile softeners, soap and soap powders; (2) Materials, equipment, and supplies used in the manufacture and sale of the commodities named in (1) above (except commodities in bulk in tank vehicles). Between points in the US. Supporting shipper(s): PUREX CORPORATION, 1414 N. Radcliffe St., Bristol, PA 19007.*

The following applications were filed in Region 2. Send protests to: ICC, Federal Reserve Bank Bldg., 101 N. 7th St., Room 620, Philadelphia, PA 19106.

Originally published in the Federal Register July 14, 1980.¹

MC 107012 (Sub-II-55TA), filed July 1, 1980. Applicant: NORTH AMERICAN VAN LINES, INC., 5001 U.S. Hwy. 30 West, P.O. Box 988, Fort Wayne, IN 46801. Representative: David D. Bishop (same as applicant). *Parts, materials and supplies used in the manufacture of toys and games (except commodities in bulk and commodities which because of size or weight require the use of specialized equipment), between Edison and South Plainfield, NJ, on the one hand, and, on the other, pts. in Los Angeles and Orange Counties, CA for 180 days. (Restricted to traffic originating at or destined to the facilities of Mattel Toys). An underlying ETA seeks 90 days authority. Supporting shipper: Mattel Toys, 5150 Rosecrans Ave., Hawthorne, CA 90250.*

Note.—Common control may be involved.

MC 107012 (Sub-II-66TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: NORTH AMERICAN VAN LINES, INC., 5001 U.S. Hwy. 30 West, P.O. Box 988, Fort Wayne, IN 46801. Representative: Stephen C. Clifford (same as applicant). *Sporting goods equipment and parts therefor from the facilities of Medalist Industries, Inc. at or near Crivitz, WI; San Diego, CA; Los Angeles, CA; and Leesburg, FL to points in the US (except*

¹The purpose of this republication is to add "Counties" to clarify the destination pts. of Los Angeles and Orange, CA.

AK and HI) for 270 days. Supporting shipper: Medalist Industries, Inc., 11525 Sorrento Valley Rd., San Diego, CA 92121.

Note.—Common control may be involved.

MC 112184 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: THE MANFREDI MOTOR TRANSIT CO., 11250 Kinsman Rd., Newbury, OH 44065. Representative: David A. Turano, 100 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215. *Contract: irregular; paint and paint products, in bulk, from Cleveland, OH to pts. in PA and LA for 270 days. Supporting shipper: P.P.G. Industries, Inc., 1 Gateway Ctr., Pittsburgh, PA 15222.*

MC-151229 (Sub-II-1TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: JOHN L. OWEN d.b.a. CHESTER NEWELL TRANSIT, 451 Lycia Ave., Chester, WV 26034. Representative: John L. Owen (same as applicant). *Common; regular: Passengers between Chester, Newell, and Waterford Park, WV; and East Liverpool and Calcutta, OH for 270 days. Serving all pts. below: (1) From Chester, WV south on Rte. 2 to Newell, WV, then continue south on Rte. 2 to Waterford Park, WV. (2) From Waterford Park, WV north on Rte. 2 to Newell, WV, then continue north on Rte. 2 over Newell Bridge into East Liverpool, OH. (3) From East Liverpool, OH north on Old Rte. 30 to Calcutta, OH. (4) From Calcutta, OH south on Old Rte. 30 to East Liverpool, OH, then east on Rte. 30 over Jennings Randolph Bridge to Chester, WV. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper(s): J. Floyd Peddycord, President, Golden Age Club, Senior Citizens, 336 Carolina Ave., Chester, WV.*

MC 150769 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: ROBERT B. CONNERS TRUCKING CO., P.O. Box 3402, Morgantown, WV 26505. Representative: Robert B. Connors (same address as applicant). *Crushed stone, between Fairchance, PA and pts. in WV, for 270 days. Restricted to traffic destined to facilities of VICO, Inc. An underlying ETA seeks 90 days authority. Supporting shipper: VICO, Inc., P.O. Box 486, Fairchance, PA 15436.*

MC 102816 (Sub-II-14TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: COASTAL TANK LINES, INC., 250 N. Cleveland-Massillon Rd., Akron, OH 44313. Representative: W. M. Kiefaber (same address as applicant). *Petroleum and Petroleum Products, in bulk, in tank vehicles, from Todhunter, OH to Robinson, IL, for 270 days. Supporting shipper: Marathon Oil Co., Houston, TX 77001.*

MC 61977 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 22, 1980. Applicant: ZERKLE TRUCKING,

2400 Eighth Ave., Huntington, WV 25703. Representative: N. W. Bowen, Jr., (same as applicant). *Such commodities as ore dealt in by retail, wholesale grocery and food business houses, except commodities in bulk, between points in OH, on the one hand, and on the other, points in KY and WV, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper(s): Fostoria Distribution Services Co., P.O. Box D, Fostoria, OH 44830.*

MC 21866 (Sub-II-27TA), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: WEST MOTOR FREIGHT, INC., 740 S. Reading Ave., Boyertown, PA 19512. Representative: Alan Kahn, 1430 Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia, PA 19110. *Television tubes, and equipment, parts and materials used in the manufacture and distribution of television tubes (except commodities in bulk), between the facilities of RCA Corporation at Marion, IN and Dunmore, PA, on the one hand, and, on the other, Forrest City, AR and Greeneville, TN, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper(s): RCA Corporation, Bldg. 204-2 Route 38, Cherry Hill, NJ 08358.*

MC 151328 (Sub-II-1TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: BARBARA R. WOMACK, d.b.a., THRIFTY RED CARPET COACHES, 3803 Fort Hill Dr., Alexandria, VA 22310. Representative: Gary E. Thompson, 4304 East-West Hwy., Washington, DC 20014. *Passengers and their baggage between pts. in MD, VA, Adams County, PA, Jefferson County, WV, and Washington, DC, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: Thrifty Tours, Inc., 438 Woodward Bldg., Washington, DC 20005.*

MC 116763 (Sub-II-22TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: CARL SUBLER TRUCKING, INC., North West St., Versailles, OH 45380. Representative: Gary J. Jira (same address as applicant). *General commodities (except commodities in bulk, in tank vehicles, used household furniture, commodities the transportation of which, because of size or weight, require the use of special equipment, automobiles, trucks and buses as described in the Report in Descriptions in Motor Carrier Certificates, 61 MCC 209 and 766, and explosives), between points in the United States (except AK and HI), for 270 days. Restricted to traffic originating at, or destined to the facilities utilized by Abbott Laboratories, Inc. Supporting shipper(s): Abbott Laboratories, Inc., Dept. 277, 1400 Sheridan Rd., Chicago, IL 60064.*

MC 123744 (Sub-II-8TA), filed July 23, 1980. Applicant: BUTLER TRUCKING CO., P.O. Box 88, Woodland, PA 16881. Representative: Dwight L. Koerber, Jr., P.O. Box 1320, 11 N. 2nd St., Clearfield, PA 16830. *Refractories and materials and supplies used in the manufacture or distribution of refractories except commodities in bulk, between E. Canton, OH on the one hand, and, on the other, pts. in the U.S. in and east of ND, SD, NB, KS, OK, and TX, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: Crescent Brick Co., P.O. Box 1110, Clearfield, PA 16830.*

MC 67646 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 17, 1980. Applicant: HALL'S MOTOR TRANSIT COMPANY, 6060 Carlisle Pike, Mechanicsburg, PA 17055. Representative: Edward W. Kelliher (same address as applicant). Authority sought: *Common; regular routes, General commodities (except those of unusual value, livestock, classes A and B explosives, commodities in bulk, commodities requiring special equipment, and household goods as defined by the Commission, serving Vesper, WI, and points in its commercial zone, as off-route points in connection with the carrier's authorized regular-route operations. Applicant intends to tack authority sought herein with authority held under docket numbers MC 67646 and MC 8600. Supporting shipper: Sanna Division-Beatrice Foods Company, P.O. Box 8046, Madison, WI 53708.*

MC 151142 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 17, 1980. Applicant: H&H TRANSPORTATION, INC., 1425 East Main St., Newark, OH 43055. Representative: Paul F. Beery, 275 E. State St., Columbus, OH 43215. (1) *containers, and (2) equipment, materials and supplies used in the manufacture, sole, and distribution of containers (except commodities in bulk), between Bridgewater, NJ, on the one hand, and, on the other, OH, IN, KY, WV, PA, and the lower peninsula of MI for 180 days. An underlying ETA seeks 90 days authority. Supporting shipper: Prospect Industries Incorporated, 9 FINDERNE Ave., Bridgewater, NJ 08807.*

MC 56388 (Sub-2-4TA), filed July 17, 1980. Applicant: HAHN TRANSPORTATION, INC., New Market, MD 21774. Representative: Francis J. Ortman, 7101 Wisconsin Ave., Suite 605, Washington, DC 20014. *Cement from Martin Marietta Cement Plant in Martinsburg, WV, Baltimore, MD and DC to points and places in MD, DC, VA, WV, PA, and DE, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 90 days authority. Supporting shipper: Martin*

Marietta Cement, 2 Hamill Road, P.O. Box 5618, Baltimore, MD 21210.

MC 148116 (Sub-II-1TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: TOM JOSEPH ENTERPRISES, INC., 6320 Promler, NW, North Canton, OH 44720. Representative: Kevin R. Reichley, 50 W. Broad St., Suite 1815, Columbus, OH 43215. *Automobiles, in secondary movements, between Dallas, Houston, San Antonio and Austin, TX, on the one hand, and, on the other, Alexandria, VA; Atlanta, GA; Miami, FL and Elizabeth and Newark, NJ, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper(s): Auto Movers, Inc., 2818 S. Eastern Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90040.*

MC 123387 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: E. E. HENRY, INC., 1128 South Military Highway, Chesapeake, VA 23320. Representative: Dwight L. Koerber, Jr., P.O. Box 1320, 110 North Second Street, Clearfield, PA 16830. *Appliances, between Chesapeake, VA, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the United States in and east of WI, IL, KY, TN, and MS, for 270 days. Supporting shipper: Warwick Manufacturing Co., 1112 Cavalier Bldg., Chesapeake, VA 23220.*

MC 113666 (Sub-II-11TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: FREEPORT TRANSPORT, INC., P.O. Drawer A, Freeport, PA 16229. Representative: R. Scott Mahood (same address as applicant). *Industrial plaster, from Gyposum, OH to New Eagle, PA. Supporting shipper: Allied Block Chemical Company, P.O. Box 455, Pine Street, New Eagle, PA 15067.*

MC 151196 (Sub-II-1TA), filed July 14, 1980. Applicant: ARTHUR F. HAZEN & SON, INC., 525 Spring Ave., Ellwood City, PA 16117. Representative: Charles W. Garbett, 317 7th St., Ellwood City, PA 16117. Contract: *Irregular: Petroleum products, gasoline, fuel oil and related products, (1) from Harmony, Ellwood City, Pittsburgh, PA to Youngstown, Canton, Warren and Ashtabula, OH; and (2) from Nowell, WV to Harmony, Ellwood City, Pittsburgh, PA and Youngstown, Canton, Warren and Ashtabula, OH, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: Mid-Penn Refining Co., Harmony, PA 16037.*

MC 107012 (Sub-II-64TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: NORTH AMERICAN VAN LINES, INC., 5001 U.S. Hwy. 30 West, P.O. Box 988, Fort Wayne, IN 46801. Representative: David D. Bishop (same address as applicant). *Carpet and carpet samples, from the facilities of Dan River Floor Covering Division at or near Greenville, SC to points in MN for 270 days. An*

underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: Dan River Floor Covering Division, P.O. Box 167/1-85 Plant, Greenville, SC 29602.

Note.—Common control may be involved.

MC 107012 (Sub-II-65TA), filed July 22, 1980. Applicant: NORTH AMERICAN VAN LINES, INC., 5001 U.S. Hwy. 30 West, P.O. Box 988, Fort Wayne, IN 46801. Representative: Bruce W. Boyarko (same address as applicant). *Television chassis and component parts for televisions*, from the facilities of Zenith Radio Corp. at McAllen and Brownsville, TX to Chicago, IL and Springfield, MO for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: Zenith Radio Corp., 1900 S. Austin Blvd., Chicago, IL 60639.

Note.—Common control may be involved.

MC 124212 (Sub-II-2TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: MITCHELL TRANSPORT, INC., 6500 Pearl Rd., P.O. Box 30248, Cleveland, OH 44130. Representative: J. A. Kundtz, 1100 National City Bank Bldg., Cleveland, OH 44114. *Fly ash, in bulk*, from Minneapolis, MN to Mason City, IA for 270 days. Supporting shipper: Lehigh Portland Cement Co., 718 Hamilton Mall, P.O. Box 1882, Allentown, PA 18105.

MC 146348 (Sub-2-2TA), filed July 21, 1980. Applicant: M. T. SERVICES, INC., P.O. Box 18402, Baltimore, MD 21237. Representative: Raymond P. Keigher, 1400 Gerard St., Rockville, MD 20850. *Contract: Irregular: such commodities as are dealt in or sold by book distributors (except in bulk)*, between Westminster, MD, on the one hand, and, on the other, Baltimore and Savage, MD, Saddle Brook, NJ, Binghampton and Fenton, NY, New York, NY and points in its commercial zone, Dunmore, PA, and Harrisonburg, VA, for 270 days under continuing contract(s) with Random House, Inc., of Westminster, MD. Supporting shippers: Random House, Inc., 400 Hahn Rd., Westminster, MD 21157.

MC 4080 (Sub-II-1TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: BRICK HAULER'S, INC., 403 Holland Lane, Alexandria, VA 22313. Representative: Gerald K. Gimmel, Suite 145, 4 Professional Dr., Gaithersburg, MD 20760. *Contract, irregular: Mortar and cement, in bags*, from Northhampton and Lehigh Counties, PA to Alexandria, VA and points in Arlington and Fairfax Counties, VA for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Supporting shipper: United Materials & Services, Inc., 7117 Wimsatt Rd., Springfield, VA 22151.

MC 123744 (Sub-II-9TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: BUTLER TRUCKING CO., P.O. Box 88, Woodland, PA 16881. Representative: Dwight L. Koerber, Jr., P.O. Box 1320, 110 N. 2nd St., Clearfield, PA 16830. *Refractories, refractory materials, and iron and steel articles*, Between Chicago, IL and its commercial zone on the one hand, and, on the other, points in OH and PA, for 270 days. An underlying ETA seeks 120 days authority. Shipper: Resco Products, Inc., P.O. Box 1110, Clearfield, PA 16830.

MC 102616 (Sub-II-15TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: COASTAL TANK LINES, INC., 250 N. Cleveland-Massillon Rd., Akron, OH 44313. Representative: W. M. Kiefaber (same address as applicant). *Petroleum and Petroleum Products, in bulk, in tank vehicles*, from Erie, PA to points in OH, for 270 days. Supporting shipper: United Refining Company, Warren, PA 16365.

The following applications were filed in Region 3. Send protests to ICC; Regional Authority Center, P.O. Box 7600, Atlanta, GA 30357.

MC 119777 (Sub-3-14TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: LIGON SPECIALIZED HAULER, INC., Highway 85—East, Madisonville, KY 42431. Representative: Carl U. Hurst, P.O. Drawer "L", Madisonville, KY 42431. *Particleboard, fibreboard and accessories used in the installation thereof*, from Meridian, MS to points in AL, AR, FL, GA, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, MI, MO, NC, SC, OH, OK, PA, TN, TX, VA, and WV. Supporting shipper: Cant Strip Corporation of America, P.O. Box 3521, Meridian, MS 39301.

MC 136123 (Sub-3-6TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: MEAT DISPATCH, INC., P.O. Box 1058, Palmetto, FL 33561. Representative: William L. Beasley (same address as above). *Floor tile and flooring accessories*, between Houston, TX and points in the U.S. in and east of MN, IA, MO, AR, and LA. Supporting shipper: Uvalde Rock Asphalt Company, P.O. Box 34030, San Antonio, TX, 78233.

MC 120910 (Sub-3-5TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: SERVICE EXPRESS, INC., P.O. Box 1009 Tuscaloosa, AL 35401. Representative: Donald B. Sweeney, Jr., 603 Frank Nelson Building, Birmingham, AL 35203. (1) *Metallic ores, nonmetallic minerals (except fuels), primary metal products, fabricated metal products, machinery and supplies; waste or scrap materials; metal articles, pipe, gaskets, casings, fittings, breechings, valves, hydrants, boxes, tanks and vessels;* (2) *materials, equipment, parts and supplies used in connection with the manufacture, fabrication, distribution or installation of commodities in (1) above.* Restricted

against commodities in bulk in tank vehicles. Between Tuscaloosa County, AL, on the one hand, and, on the other, all points in the United States (except AK and HI). Supporting shipper: Reliance Grating, Inc., P.O. Drawer 10, Cottondale, AL (35453), Blue River Alloy, Inc., P.O. Box 2322, 2600 Kaulton Road, Tuscaloosa, AL (35401), McAbee Construction, Inc., P.O. Box 1429, 5724 21st Street, Tuscaloosa, AL (35401), Southern Tube Company, Inc., P.O. Box 2214, Tuscaloosa, AL (35401), Southern Heat Exchanger Corporation, Box 2400, Tuscaloosa, AL (35401).

MC 75840, (Sub-3-8TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: MALONE FREIGHT LINES, INC., P.O. Box 11103, Birmingham, AL 35202. Representative: Frank D. Hall, Postell & Hall, P.C., Suite 713, 3384 Peachtree Rd., N.E., Atlanta, GA. 30326. *Chemicals, NOI; plastic materials; liquid, NOI; synthetic liquid; metallic soaps of fatty acids; fatty acids esters of animal fats; adjuvant; adhesives, resins; stickers or spreaders; cleaning, scouring or washing compounds, liquid and dry; lubricating oil; acids, NOI; paints, NOI; dryees paint or varnish; wood preservatives, liquid, NOI; disinfectants, O/T medicinal, NOI*, Between Houston, TX, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AL, AR, FL, DE, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NJ, NY, NC, OH, PA, SC, TN, VA & WV. Supporting Shipper: Witco Chemical Corporation, P.O. Box 308, Gretna, LA, 70054.

MC 12164 (Sub-3-22TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: HORNADY TRUCK LINE, INC., P.O. Box 846, Monroeville, AL 36460. Representative: W. E. Grant, 1702 First Avenue South, Birmingham, AL 35233. (a) *Treated and untreated forest products, lumber, posts, poles, piling, timber, cross-ties, particle board, insulation board, insulation sheets, gypsum wallboard, plywood, laminated wood products, veneer; and (b) materials, equipment and supplies (except commodities in bulk, in tank vehicles) used in the production and distribution of those products listed in (a) above, between points in the US lying in and east of ND, SD, NE, KS, OK, and TX.* Restriction: Restricted to transportation of shipments originating at or destined to facilities of Weyerhaeuser Company, subsidiaries of Weyerhaeuser Company and suppliers of Weyerhaeuser Company, when making shipments for Weyerhaeuser Company and its subsidiaries. Supporting shipper: Weyerhaeuser Company, P.O. Box 2288, Columbus, MS (39701).

MC 114604 (Sub-3-7TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: CAUPELL

TRANSPORT, INC., P.O. Drawer I, State Farmers Market #33, Forest Park, GA 30050. Representative: Frank D. Hall, Postell & Hall, P.C., Suite 713, 3384 Peachtree Road, NE, Atlanta, GA 30050. *Meat, meat products, meat byproducts and articles distributed by meat packinghouses as described in Sections A and C of Appendix I to the report in descriptions in motor carrier certificates, 61, M.C.C. 209 and 768 (except hides and commodities in bulk), from Palestine, TX to points in AL, AR, FL, GA, IL, IN, KY, LA, MO, MS, NC, OH, PA, SC, TN, VA and WV.* Supporting shipper: Vernon Calhoun Packing Company, P.O. Box 709, Palestine, TX 75801.

MC 114604 (Sub-3-8TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: CAUDELL TRANSPORT, INC., P.O. Drawer I, State Farmers Market #33, Forest Park, GA 30050. Representative: Frank D. Hall, Postell & Hall, P.C., Suite 713, 3384 Peachtree Road, NE, Atlanta, GA 30326. *Malt beverages and related advertising materials (except in bulk), from Perrysburg, OH and Detroit, MI to MO, IL, IN, OH, PA, KY, WV, AR, TN, NC, LA, MS, AL, GA, SC, and FL.* Supporting shipper: Stroth's, Inc., 1 Stroth's Drive, Detroit, MI 48226.

MC 111545 (Sub-3-6TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: HOME TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, INC., 1425 Franklin Road, S.E., Marietta, GA 30067. Representative: J. Michael May, P.O. Box 6426, Station A, Marietta, GA 30065. *Pipe, from the facilities of Midwesco, Inc. at Lebanon, TN, to points in CA.* Supporting Shipper: Midwesco, Inc., 1310 Quarles Drive, Lebanon, TN 37087.

MC 146281 (Sub-3-10TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: SILVER FLEET EXPRESS, INC., 4521 Rutledge Pike, P.O. Box 8089, Knoxville, TN 37194. Representative: Henry E. Seaton, 929 Pennsylvania Bldg., 425 13th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20004. *Foodstuffs (except commodities in bulk), between the facilities of White Lily Flour, at or near Knoxville, TN, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AL, MS, LA, GA, KY, NC, SC.* Supporting Shipper(s): White Lily Flour, P.O. Box 871, Knoxville, TN 37901.

MC 114604 (Sub-3-9TA), filed July 25, 1980. Applicant: CAUDELL TRANSPORT, INC., P.O. Drawer I, State Farmers Market #33, Forest Park, GA 30050. Representative: Frank D. Hall, Postell & Hall, P.C., Suite 713, 3384 Peachtree Road, NE., Atlanta, GA 30050. *Canned and bottled foodstuffs, and pepper pulp in drums, from Cade and Lozes, LA to points in IL, IN, MI, OH, WI, MO and KY.* Supporting shipper:

Bruce Foods Corporation, P.O. Drawer 1030, New Iberia, LA 70560.

MC 52704 (Sub-3-7TA), filed July 24, 1980. Applicant: GLENN McCLENDON TRUCKING COMPANY, INC., P.O. Drawer "H", LaFayette, AL 36862. Representatives: Archie B. Culbreth, John P. Tucker, Jr., Suite 202, 2200 Century Parkway, Atlanta, GA 30345. (1) *Carbonated beverages, (a) between points in AL, FL, GA, NC and SC and (b) between Kansas City, KS and St. Louis, MO, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in AL, GA, FL, NC and SC; and (2) Materials, equipment and supplies, used in the manufacture and distribution of carbonated beverages from points in the United States (except AK and HI) to points in AL, FL, GA, NC and SC.* Supporting Shippers: King Cola Southeast Limited, 2810 New Spring Road, Suite 112, Atlanta, GA 30339 and King Cola Carolinas Corporation, 2800 Bush River Road, Columbia, SC 29210.

MC 149229 (Sub-2TA), filed January 22, 1980. Republication—Originally published in Federal Register of 03-19-80 page 17672 volume 45, No. 55. Applicant: JOYCLIFF TRUCK LEASING COMPANY, INC., 2010 Joycliff Circle, Macon, GA 30201. Representative: Clyde W. Carver, P.O. Box 720434, Atlanta, GA 30328. *Contract carrier, over irregular routes, (1) Articles dealt in by janitorial supply houses (except in bulk); and (2) materials and supplies used in the manufacture of janitorial supplies (except in bulk), (1) from Macon, GA to points in AL, AR, FL, IN, KY, LA, MS, NY, NC, PA, SC, TN, TX, VA and WV and (2) from destination states named in (1) above to Macon, GA.* Under a continuing contract with Southern Chemical Products Company, Supporting shipper: Southern Chemical Products Company, Inc., 430 Lower boundary Street, Macon, GA 31202.

MC 149218 (Sub-3TA), filed January 17, 1980. Republication—Originally published in Federal Register of 03-19-80 page 17672 volume 45, No. 55. Applicant: SUNBELT EXPRESS, INC., 118 Hamilton Circle, Bremen, GA 30110. Representative: John J. Capo, P.O. Box 720434, Atlanta, GA 30328. (1) *Containers, container closures, container components and packaging products and (2) machinery materials and supplies used in the manufacture, sale and distribution of (1) above (except in bulk), (1) from Tallapoosa, GA to points in AL, AR, FL, GA, IL, IN, KY, LA, MO, MS, NC, OH, SC, TN, VA and WV; and, (2) from destination states named in (1) above to Tallapoosa, GA.* Supporting shipper: Southern Can Company, 100 Stoffell Drive, Tallapoosa, GA.

MC 85970 (Sub-3-9TA), filed July 7, 1980. Republication—Originally published in Federal Register of 07-16-80 page 47741 volume 45, No. 138. Applicant: SARTAIN TRUCK LINE, INC., 1625 Hornbrook St., Dyersburg, TN 38064. Representative: Warren A. Goff, 2008 Clark Tower, 5100 Poplar Ave., Memphis, TN 38137. *Common carrier: Regular: General commodities, except those of unusual value, Classes A and B explosives, household goods as defined by the Commission, commodities in bulk, and articles requiring special equipment, between Union City, TN and Fulton, KY; from Union City, TN, over U.S. Highway 51 to Fulton, KY and return over the same route, serving all intermediate points.* Applicant intends to interline at Memphis and Nashville, TN, and St. Louis, MO. Applicant intends to tack at Union City, TN. There are 7 statements in support to this application which may be examined at the ICC Regional office in Atlanta, GA.

MC 151171 (Sub-3-1TA), filed July 7, 1980. Republication—Originally published in Federal Register of 7-16-80 page 47739 volume 45, No. 138. Applicant: CIRCLE DELIVERY SERVICE, INC., 2008 Clark Tower, Memphis, TN 38137. Representative: Dennis D. Kirk, 915 Pennsylvania Bldg., 425 13th St., N.W., Washington, DC 20005. *General Commodities, with the usual exceptions, between points in Davidson County, TN, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Lake County, IN; Cooke, DuPage, Kane, Lake and Will Counties, IL.*

Note.—Interlining is requested at Nashville, TN and Chicago, IL. Common control may be involved.

Supporting shippers: There are 22 statements of support attached to this application which may be examined at the ICC Regional Office in Atlanta, GA.

The following applications were filed in region 5. Send protests to: Consumer Assistance Center, Interstate Commerce Commission, Post Office Box 17150, Fort Worth, TX 76102.

MC 10457 (Sub-5-2TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: BURGGRABE TRUCK LINES, INC., Old Highway 40, Warrenton, MO 63383. Representative: Kerry L. Hart (same address as applicant). (1) *Vinyl and leather manufactured goods, and (2) materials, equipment and supplies used in the manufacture and distribution of the commodities in (1), between Washington, MO, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the commercial zones of St. Louis, MO, E. St. Louis, IL, Kansas City, MO, and Kansas City, KS.* Supporting shipper: Hazel Company,

1200 S. Stafford St., Washington, MO 63090.

MC 60066 (Sub-5-3TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: BEE LINE MOTOR FREIGHT, INC., 1804 Paul Street, Omaha, NE 68102. Representative: Donald L. Stern, Suite 610, 7171 Mercy Road, Omaha, NE 68106. *Such commodities as are dealt in by manufacturers of medical, surgical, and hospital supplies, between points in Custer, Platte, and Phelps Counties, NE; Litchfield County, CT; Cook County, IL; De Kalb County, GA; Queens County, NY; Morris, Middlesex, Somerset and Hudson Counties, NJ, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the United States except HI. Supporting shipper: Becton Dickinson and Company, Rutherford, NJ 07070.*

MC 88368 (Sub-5-7TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: CARTWRIGHT VAN LINES, INC., 11901 Cartwright Avenue, Grandview, MO 64030. Representative: Charles Ephraim, 406 World Center Building, 918-16th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20006. *Household goods as defined by the Commission between points in the United States (including HI and excluding AK). The application is based upon the elimination of gateways and the promotion of efficient and economical operations. Supporting shipper: There is no supporting shipper.*

MC 104523 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: HUSTON TRUCK LINE, INC., P.O. Box 427, Seward, NE 68434. Representative: John T. Wirth, 717-17th Street, Suite 2600, Denver, CO 80202. *Bentonite, bentonite clay and drilling mud compounds, from the facilities of Wyo-Ben, Inc. at Greybull and Lovell, WY to points in KS, NE, OK and AR. Supporting shipper: Wyo-Ben, Inc., 1241 North 28th Street, P.O. Box 1979, Billings, MT 59103.*

MC 113908 (Sub-5-16TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: ERICKSON TRANSPORT CORP., 2255 North Packer Road, P.O. Box 10068 G. S., Springfield, MO 65804. Representative: B. B. Whitehead (same address as applicant). *Vegetable oil, vegetable oil products, by-products, and blends of vegetable oil, vegetable oil products, and by-products; non-exempt farm products, non-exempt food or kindred products, chemicals or allied products, rubber or miscellaneous plastics products, hazardous materials and general commodities (except household goods as defined by the commission and class A and B explosives), between (Stuttgart) Arkansas County, and (Helena) Phillips County, AR, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the United States.*

Supporting shipper: Riceland Foods, Inc., P.O. Box 927, Stuttgart, AR 72160.

MC 119399 (Sub-5-23TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: CONTRACT FREIGHTERS, INC., P.O. Box 1375, 2900 Davis Boulevard, Joplin, MO 64801. Representative: Thomas P. O'Hara (address same as applicant). *Wines and Spirits from Fresno, Los Angeles, Kern, Madera, Napa, San Bernardino, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Sonoma and Stanislaus Counties, CA to points in OK. Supporting shipper: Dixie Liquors Company, McAlester, OK.*

MC 124711 (Sub-5-3TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: BECKER CORPORATION, P.O. Box 1050, El Dorado, KS 67042. Representative: Rod Parker (same as applicant). *Aviation Gasoline, from Dallas, TX and Ft. Worth, TX to Hutchinson, KS and McPherson, KS. Supporting shipper: Century Oil Co., Inc., 1129 West 4th, Hutchinson, KS 67501.*

MC 126118 (Sub-5-23TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: CRETE CARRIER CORPORATION, P.O. Box 81228, Lincoln, NE 68501. Representative: David R. Parker, P.O. Box 81228, Lincoln, NE 68501. *Such commodities as are dealt in or used by manufacturers and distributors of furniture, from points in AR, GA, MS, NC, SC and VA to points in TX. Supporting shipper: Viking Freight Service, Inc., Robert W. Brimmer, President, 9144 King Arthur, Dallas, TX 75247.*

MC 128273 (Sub-5-16TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: MIDWESTERN DISTRIBUTION, INC., P.O. Box 189, Fort Scott, KS 66701. Representative: Elden Corban, P.O. Box 189, Fort Scott, KS 66701. *Such commodities as are used or dealt in by refiners, manufacturers and distributors of petroleum and plastic products from points in Galveston, Chambers, Liberty, Montgomery, Harris, Fort Bend and Brazoria Counties, TX, to points in the United States (except AK, HI and TX). Restricted against the transportation of commodities in bulk, in tank vehicles, and commodities which, because of size or weight require the use of special equipment. Supporting shipper(s): Southwest Chemical & Plastics Company, P.O. Drawer 478, Seabrook, TX 77586, Witco Chemical Corporation, P.O. Box 308, Gretna, LA 70054, and Penreco Division of Pennzoil, 106 South Main Street, Butler, PA 16001.*

MC 128273 (Sub-5-17TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: MIDWESTERN DISTRIBUTION, INC., P.O. Box 189, Fort Scott, KS 66701. Representative: Harry Ross, 58 South Main Street, Winchester, KY 40391. (1) *Containers, container ends, and closures, (2) commodities manufactured or distributed by*

manufacturers and distributors of containers when moving in mixed loads with containers, and (3) materials, equipment, and supplies used in the manufacture and distribution of containers, container ends, and closures between all points in the United States (except AK and HI), restricted against the transportation of commodities in bulk. Supporting shippers: Stafos Farms, Inc., 6235 Kansas Avenue, Kansas City, KS 66111; Shurfine-Central Corporation, 2100 North Mannheim Road, Northlake, IL 60164; Terminal Bag Co., Inc., P.O. Box 47, Yulee, FL 32097; Keyes Fibre, Upper College Avenue, Waterville, ME 04901; Cole Harford Company, 110 West 14th Avenue, North Kansas City, MO 64116; Ball Corporation, 345 South High Street, Muncie, IN 47302; International Paper Company, 220 East 42nd Street, New York, NY 10017; Anchor Hocking Corporation, 109 N. Broad Street, Lancaster, OH 43130; Potlatch Corporation, P.O. Box 1016, Lewiston, ID 83501; Menasha Corporation, P.O. Box 367, Neenah, WI 54956; and Olinkraft, Inc., P.O. Box 488, West Monroe, LA 71291.

MC 134405 (Sub-5-8TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: BACON TRANSPORT COMPANY, P.O. Box 1134, Ardmore, OK 73401. Representative: Wilburn L. Williamson, Suite 615-East, The Oil Center, 2601 Northwest Expressway, Oklahoma City, OK 73112. *Sodium sulfide solution, from Wynnewood, OK to Pine Bluff, AR. Supporting shipper: Kerr-McGee Refining Corporation, Kerr McGee Center, P.O. Box 25861, Oklahoma City, OK.*

MC 134783 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: DIRECT SERVICE, INC., 940 East 66th Street, P.O. Box 2491, Lubbock, TX 79408. Representative: Charles M. Williams, Kimball, Williams & Wolfe, P.C., 350 Capitol Life, 1600 Sherman Street, Denver CO 80203. (1) *Such commodities as are dealt in by or used by manufacturers and distributors of toilet preparations, beauty aids, hair grooming and conditioning aids, cosmetics, shaving cream, washing compounds, cleansing compounds, deodorizers, drugs, and store displays, (except in bulk) (2) materials, equipment and supplies used in the installation of store displays (except in bulk), (A) from the facilities of Noxell Corporation at or near Cockeysville, MD; the facilities of Peterson Puritan, Inc. at or near Berkeley, RI; and the facilities of Howard Display, Inc. at or near New York, NY, to point in TN, OK, AR, MN, ND, SD, TX, NM, CO, WY, MT, ID, UT, NV, AZ, CA, OR and WA; (B) between the facilities of Noxell Corporation at or near Cockeysville, MD; the facilities of*

Peterson Puritan, Inc., at or near Berkeley, RI and the facilities of Howard Display, Inc. at or near New York, NY. Supporting shipper: Noxell Corporation, P.O. Box 1799, Baltimore, MD 21203.

MC 136008 (Sub-5-6TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: JOE BROWN COMPANY, INC., 20 Third Street N.E., Ardmore, OK 73401. Representative: John Tipword, P.O. Box 6210, Moore, OK 73153. *Asphalt in Bulk on shipper-owned trailers, from Moore County TX to Seward County KS.* Supporting shipper: Herzog Contracting Corporation, 1900 Garfield Avenue, St. Joseph, MO 64503.

MC 140440 (Sub-5-1), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: DAVIS TRUCK SERVICE, INC., Route 2, Box 43, Jeanerette, LA 70544. Representative: James M. Field and C. Randall Loewen, Gary & Field, 5420 Corporate Blvd., Suite 302, Baton Rouge, LA 70808. *General commodities in cargo containers, empty cargo containers, supplies, and heavy and cumbersome equipment and machinery not transportable in containers, and aluminum plate, all having a previous or subsequent move in interstate commerce, from and between facilities of Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corporation at the LA cities of Baton Rouge, Gramercy, Chalmette, and the Parish of Lafayette, La.* Supporting shipper: Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corporation, Suite 615, 10001 Lake Forest Blvd., New Orleans, LA 70127.

MC 140665 (Sub-5-25TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: PRIME, INC., P.O. Box 4208, Springfield, MO 65804. Representative: H. J. Anderson, P.O. Box 4208, Springfield, MO 65804. *General commodities, except commodities in bulk.* (A) From the facilities utilized by Terminal Freight Co-Operative Association, Inc., at or near Cleveland, OH to Los Angeles, CA, Portland, Or and Seattle, WA, and (B) From the facilities utilized by Terminal Freight Co-Operative Association, Inc., Los Angeles, CA to Seattle, WA. Supporting shipper: Terminal Freight Co-Operative Association, Inc., 1430 Branding Lane, Downers Grove, IL 60515.

MC 143462 (Sub-5-25TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: ERWIN TRUCKING, INC., 9100 "F" Street, Omaha, NE 68127. Representative: Greg A. Dickinson, Suite 610, 7171 Mercy Road, Omaha, NE 68106. Contract; Irregular; *Foodstuffs, pet foods, and materials and supplies used in the manufacture, sale and distribution of food-stuffs and pet foods (except commodities in bulk),* between the facilities of Campbell Soup Company, Inc. and subsidiaries located in and east of ND, SD, NE, KS, OK, and

TX. Supporting shipper: Campbell Soup Company, Inc., Campbell Place, Camden, NJ 08101.

MC 144203 (Sub-5-4TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: HERMAN BROS., INC., P.O. 189, Omaha, NE 69101. Representative: William A. Gray, 2310 Grant Bldg., Pittsburgh, PA 15219. Contract, irreg., *Liquid nitrogen, liquid oxygen, liquid argon, and compressed gas, in bulk, in tank vehicles,* between the facilities of M G Burdett Gas Products Company at or near St. Marys and Reading, PA.; and Hopewell and Richmond, VA, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the U.S. in and east of MI, IN, KY, TN, and MS, under a continuing contract(s) with M G Burdett Gas Products Company of Norristown, PA. Supporting shipper: M G Burdett Gas Products Company, 1 Schuykill Avenue, Norristown, PA 19401.

MC 146078 (Sub-5-13TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: CAL-ARK, INC., 854 Moline, P.O. Box 610, Malvern, AR 72104. Representative: John C. Everett, 140 E. Buchanan, P.O. Box A, Prairie Grove, AR 72753. *Dockboard, iron and steel, dock levelers, and rubber bump blocks, and material and equipment used in the manufacture, assembly and distribution of such items,* between the plant site facilities of DLM, Inc. at Malvern, AR, on the one hand, and, on the other, all points and places in Chicago, IL; Denver, CO; PA, NY, and TX. Supporting shipper: DLM, Inc., P.O. Box 37, Malvern, AR 72104.

MC 146360 (Sub-5-8TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: FLOYD SMITH, JR. TRUCKING INC., 4415 Highline Blvd., Suite 107, Oklahoma City, OK 73148. Representative: Timothy R. Stivers, P.O. Box 162, Boise, ID 83701. *Dehydrated Potatoes,* from the facilities of Idaho Fresh-Pak, Inc. at or near Lewisville, ID, to points in the U.S. (except AK and HI) and Canada. Supporting shipper: Idaho Fresh-Pak, Inc., P.O. Box 130, Lewisville, ID 83431.

MC 151118 (Sub-5-3TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: MDR CARTAGE, INC., 516 West Johnson, Jonesboro, AR 72401. Representative: Douglas C. Wynn, P.O. Box 1295, Greenville, MS 38701. (1) *Footwear and (2) equipment, materials and supplies used in the manufacture, sale and distribution of footwear (except commodities in bulk and those requiring special equipment)* between the facilities of Frolic Footwear, Division of Wolverine Worldwide, Inc., at or near Jonesboro, Craighead County, AR on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the U.S. in and east of WI, IL, MO, TN, MS, and LA. Supporting shipper: Frolic Footwear, Division of Wolverine

Worldwide, Inc., 1030 Aggie Road, Jonesboro, AR 72401.

Note.—Dual operations may be involved.

MC 151378 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: BIG B TRUCK LINES, INC., P.O. Box 67, Jonesburg, MO 63351. Representative: John Clark (same address Applicant) *Copper wire bars, aluminum wire bars, and copper and aluminum ingots,* between Truesdale, MO, on the one hand, and, on the other, St. Louis, MO, E. St. Louis, IL, Kansas City, MO and Kansas City, KS and points in their commercial zones. Supporting shipper(s): H. and R. Metals Co., Truesdale, MO 63383.

MC 151379 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: T. J. KERVIN TRUCKING COMPANY, P.O. Box 48, Winnfield, LA 71483. Representative: Fletcher W. Cochran, 1338 Gause Blvd., Suite 245, P.O. Box 741, Slidell, LA 70459. Contract; Irregular: *Lumber, lumber products and forest products* from the plant site of Crown Zellerbach Corporation, Holden, LA, to all points in the states of AL, AR, FL, GA, TN, TX, MS, MO, IL, IN, MI, PA, OH, NY, MD, WV, NC, SC, WI, NE, KS, NM, AZ, CO, and MN. Supporting shipper: Crown Zellerbach Corporation, P.O. Box 1060, Bogalusa, LA 70427.

MC 151381 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: SUNBELT FREIGHT, a Division of SUNBELT HOLDING CORPORATION, 5520 West Channel Road, Catoosa, 74015. Representative: Fred Rahal, Jr., Suite 305, Reunion Center, 9 East Fourth Street, Tulsa, OK 74103. *Iron and steel articles* from the Port of Catoosa (near Tulsa), OK, to points in AR, CO, KS, LA, MO, NM, OK and TX. Supporting shippers: Steel Pipe & Supply Company, Inc., P.O. Box 703, 205 Osage Street, Manhattan, KS 66502; American Pipe Threading & Service, Inc., 1085 Fort Gibson Road, Catoosa, OK 74015; Petrothread, P.O. Box 35591, Tulsa, OK 74135.

MC 151383 (Sub-5-1TA), filed July 28, 1980. Applicant: NICKELL TRUCKING CO., 5018 East Pine Street, Tulsa, OK 74115. Representative: Fred Rahal, Jr., Rahal & Anderson, Suite 305, Reunion Center, 9 East Fourth Street, Tulsa, OK 74103. Contract, Irregular; (A) *Steel articles and materials, equipment and supplies used in the production and distribution of steel articles,* between the facilities of John A. Gulick, Inc. at Tulsa, OK on the one hand, and, on the other, points in MO, KS, AR, OK, TX, NM, CO, CA, AZ, WY, IL, AL, MS, PA and OH; (B)(1) *Louvers, dampers, shutters, iron and steel articles, gas turbine silencers, and (2) materials and*

supplies used in the production of the commodities named in part (1) above, between the facilities of The Dunlap Manufacturing Company at Tulsa, OK, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in TX, LA, KS, CO, WY, OH, IL, WI, MN, IN, MT, OR, WA, CA, NM, FL, MS, AL, NJ and MD; and (C)(1) *Paint booths, paint ovens, washer assemblies, dip tanks, incinerators, paint finishing systems, with parts and accessories and (2) materials and supplies used in the production and erection of the commodities named in part (1) above*, from the facilities of Schweitzer Industrial Corporation at Madison Heights, MI; Indianapolis, IN; and Tulsa, OK to Shreveport, LA; Kansas City, KS; Kansas City, MO; Chicago, IL; Bowling Green, KY; Indianapolis, IN; Corsicana, TX; Port Huron, MI; Granite City, IL; Burlington, IA; Long Beach, CA; San Jose, CA; Los Angeles, CA; Seattle, WA; Denton, TX; Davenport, IA; Moline, IL; Lorain, OH; Tulsa, OK; Madison Heights, MI; Doraville, GA; Lima, OH and Moraine, OH. Supporting shippers: John A. Gulick, Inc., P.O. Box 1665, Tulsa, OK 74101; The Dunlap Manufacturing Company, P.O. Box 45226, Tulsa, OK 741435; Schweitzer Industrial Corporation, P.O. Box 46, 32200 N. Avis Drive, Madison Heights, MI.

Republication

MC 117765 (Sub-5-7TA), filed May 27, 1980. Applicant: HAHN TRUCK LINE, INC., P.O. Box 75218, Oklahoma City, OK 73147. Representative: R. E. Hagan (same address as applicant). *Pitch, lignin, dry, in containers* from Appleton, WI to AL and MS. Supporting shipper: Baker Chemicals, Inc., 2801 S. Post Oak, Suite 258, Houston, TX 77056.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23651 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

[Notice No. 42]

Motor Carrier Temporary Authority Applications

July 31, 1980.

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under Section 210a(a) of the Interstate Commerce Act provided for under the provisions of 49 CFR 1131.3. These rules provide that an original and six (6) copies of protests to an application may be filed with the field official named in the Federal Register publication no later than the 15th calendar day after the date the notice of the filing of the application is published in the Federal Register. One

copy of the protest must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protestant must certify that such service has been made. The protest must identify the operating authority upon which it is predicated, specifying the "MC" docket and "Sub" number and quoting the particular portion of authority upon which it relies. Also, the protestant shall specify the service it can and will provide, and the amount and type of equipment it will make available for use in connection with the service contemplated by the TA application. The weight accorded a protest shall be governed by the completeness and pertinence of the protestant's information.

Except as otherwise specifically noted, each applicant states that there will be no significant effect on the quality of the human environment resulting from approval of its application.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined at the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C., and also in the ICC Field Office to which protests are to be transmitted.

Note.—All applications seek authority to operate as a common carrier over irregular routes except as otherwise noted.

Motor Carriers of Property

MC 56679 (Sub-158TA), filed December 5, 1979, and published in the Federal Register issue of February 19, 1980, and republished as corrected this issue. Applicant: BROWN TRANSPORT CORP., 352 University Avenue, SW, Atlanta, GA 30310. Representative: Leonard S. Cassell (same as applicant). Common carrier, regular routes, transporting *general commodities, with usual exceptions*, (1) between Dothan, AL and Memphis, TN serving points within fifteen (15) miles of Memphis, TN; from Dothan over US Hwy 231 to junction US HWY 31, thence over US Hwy 31 junction MS Hwy 72, thence over US Hwy 72 to Memphis, TN. (2) Between Atlanta, GA and Birmingham, AL; from Birmingham over Interstate Hwy 20 to Atlanta, GA. (3) Between Phenix City, AL and Montgomery, AL; from Phenix City over US Hwy 80 to Montgomery, AL. (4) Between Birmingham, AL and Memphis, TN; from Birmingham, AL over US Hwy 78 to Memphis, TN, and (5) between Montgomery, AL and Tupelo, MS; from Montgomery, AL, over US Hwy 82 to junction US Hwy 45, thence over US Hwy 45 to Tupelo, MS, serving Tupelo for purposes of joinder only. Serving all points in AL as intermediate or off-route points, for 180 days. An underlying ETA

seeks 90-day authority. Carrier requests authority to tack the authority sought with its existing operating authority. Applicant requests to interline with other carriers at Birmingham, Montgomery, and Dothan, AL; Memphis, TN, and Atlanta, GA. Supporting shipper(s): There are 60 statements of support. Send protests to: Sara K. Davis, ICC, 1252 W. Peachtree St., N.W., Room 300, Atlanta, GA 30309. The purpose of this republication is to show tacking and interlining as previously omitted.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23661 Filed 8-5-80; 9:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

Railroad Operating Rights Application(s) Directly Related To Finance Proceedings

The following operating rights application is filed in connection with pending abandonment applications under Section 10903 of the Interstate Commerce Act.

An application filed on or after March 1, 1979, is governed by Special Rule 247 of the Commission's *General Rules of Practice* also but is subject to petitions to intervene either with or without leave. An original and one copy of the petition must be filed with the Commission within 30 days after date of publication. A petition for intervention must comply with Rule 247(k) which requires petitioner to demonstrate that it (1) holds operating authority permitting performance of any of the service which the applicant seeks authority to perform, (2) has the necessary equipment and facilities for performing that service, and (3) has performed service within the scope of the application either (a) for those supporting the application, or, (b) where the service is not limited to the facilities of particular shippers, from and to, or between, any of the involved points. Persons unable to intervene under Rule 247(k) may file a petition for leave to intervene under rule 247(l) setting forth in the specific grounds upon which it is made, including a detailed statement of petitioner's interest, the particular facts, matters and things relied upon, the extent to which petitioner's interest will be represented by other parties, the extent to which petitioner's participation may reasonably be expected to assist in the development of a sound record, and the extent to which participation by the petitioner would broaden the issues or delay the proceeding.

Verified statements in opposition should not be tendered at this time. A copy of the protest or petition to

intervene shall be served concurrently upon applicant's representative.

The applicant states that approval of its application will not significantly affect the quality of the human environment nor involve a major regulatory action under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975.

MC 86779 M1F and MC 86779 (Sub-33M1F), filed July 7, 1980. Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Company, a Delaware Corporation, has filed a Petition for Modification of Certificates—Tennessee and Kentucky and an accompanying Application seeking removal of a restriction in its certificates affecting the following highway routes: Between Beaver Dam and Ownesboro, Kentucky, serving the intermediate points of Fordsville, Deaneffield, Whitesville and Philpot, Kentucky. Between Princeton, Kentucky and Nashville, Tennessee, via Hopkinsville, Kentucky and Clarksville, Tennessee, serving various intermediate points. The restrictions sought to be removed require the carrier not to serve any point not a station on the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad. The justification given for removal of this restriction is that, pursuant to a plan of coordination of rail lines in Western Kentucky and Tennessee, the carrier has filed applications in Dockets AB-43 (Sub. No. 68) and AB-43 (Sub. No. 70) to abandon its rail lines between Fordsville and Ownesboro, Kentucky and between Hopkinsville, Kentucky and Nashville, Tennessee. Comments or objections to these proposed modifications of certificates should be filed with the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C. 20423, with copy properly served upon counsel for Petitioner whose address is as follows: John H. Doeringer, Senior General Attorney, Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Company, 233 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60601; giving reasons for the objection if any.

By the Commission.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23660 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

[Docket No. AB-43 (Sub-No. 65F)]

**Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Co.,
Abandonment Near Dwight, in
Livingston County, IL; Findings**

Notice is hereby given pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 10903 that by a Certificate and Decision decided July 18, 1980, a finding, which is administratively final, was made by the Commission, Review Board Number 5, stating that the present and

future public convenience and necessity permit the abandonment of a line of railroad known as the Dwight District, extending from railroad milepost 74.624 to milepost 75.424 near Dwight, IL, in Livingston County, IL, a distance of 0.8 miles, subject to the conditions for the protection of employees discussed in *Oregon Short Line R. Co.—Abandonment Goshen*, 360 I.C.C. 91 (1979), and further that ICG shall keep intact all of the right-of-way underlying the track, including all the bridges and culverts for a period of 120 days from the decided date of the certificate and decision to permit any state or local government agency or other interested party to negotiate the acquisition for public use of all or any portion of the right-of-way. A certificate of public convenience and necessity permitting abandonment was issued to the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Company. Since no investigation was instituted, the requirement of Section 1121.38(a) of the Regulations that publication of notice of abandonment decisions in the Federal Register be made only after such a decision becomes administratively final was waived.

Upon receipt by the carrier of an actual offer of financial assistance, the carrier shall make available to the offeror the records, accounts, appraisals, working papers, and other documents used in preparing Exhibit I (Section 1121.45 of the Regulations). Such documents shall be made available during regular business hours at a time and place mutually agreeable during regular business hours at a time and place mutually agreeable to the parties.

The offer must be filed and served no later than 15 days after publication of this Notice. The offer, as filed, shall contain information required pursuant to Section 1121.38(b)(2) and (3) of the Regulations. If no such offer is received, the certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing abandonment shall become effective September 22, 1980.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23657 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

[Docket No. AB-36 (Sub-No. 11)]

**Oregon Short Line Railroad Co.,
Abandonment, and Discontinuance of
Service by Union Pacific Railroad Co.,
Between Newdale and Belt, ID;
Findings**

Notice is hereby given pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 10903 that by a Certificate and decision decided July 18, 1980, a finding,

which is administratively final, was made by the Commission, Review Board Number 5, stating that the present and future public convenience and necessity permit the physical abandonment by the Oregon Short Line Railroad Company and discontinuance of service by Union Pacific Railroad Company over a portion of a line of railroad known as the East Belt Branch extending from railroad milepost 38.56 near Newdale to milepost 44.28 at Belt, a distance of 5.72 miles in Fremont County, ID, subject to the conditions for the protection of employees discussed in *Oregon Short Line R. Co.—Abandonment Goshen*, 360 I.C.C. 91 (1979), and further that applicants shall keep intact all of the right-of-way underlying the track, including all the bridges and culverts for a period of 120 days from the decided date of the certificate and decision to permit any state or local government agency or other interested party to negotiate the acquisition for public use of all or any portion of the right-of-way. A certificate of public convenience and necessity permitting abandonment was issued to the Oregon Short Line Railroad Company and Union Pacific Railroad Company. Since no investigation was instituted, the requirement of § 1121.38(a) of the Regulations that publication of notice of abandonment decisions in the Federal Register be made only after such a decision becomes administratively final was waived.

Upon receipt by the carrier of an actual offer of financial assistance, the carrier shall make available to the offeror the records, accounts, appraisals, working papers, and other documents used in preparing Exhibit I (Section 1121.45 of the Regulations). Such documents shall be made available during regular business hours at a time and place mutually agreeable during regular business hours at a time and place mutually agreeable to the parties.

The offer must be filed and served no later than 15 days after publication of this Notice. The offer, as filed shall contain information required pursuant to § 1121.38(b) (2) and (3) of the Regulations. If no such offer is received, the certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing abandonment shall become effective, September 22, 1980.

Agatha L. Mergenovich,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23658 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Chains and Parts Thereof of Cast-Iron or Steel From Italy; Request for Public Comments on Termination of Countervailing Duty Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Request for public comments on proposed termination of countervailing duty investigation under section 704(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 and section 104(b) of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979, with regard to chains and parts thereof of cast-iron or steel from Italy.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 6, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Lynn Featherstone, Office of Investigations, telephone number (202) 523-1376.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: Section 104 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 contains the provisions for dealing with countervailing duty orders which had been issued under section 303 of the Tariff Act of 1930 as amended (19 U.S.C. 1303) prior to January 1, 1980. Where such orders are in effect, and have not been waived, section 104(b) requires the Commission to conduct an investigation upon the request of a government or a group of exporters of merchandise covered by the order, to determine whether an industry in the United States would be materially injured, threatened with material injury, or whether the establishment of such industry in the United States would be materially retarded if the order were to be revoked. Such investigation (similar to investigations carried under Title VII of the Trade Agreements Act) must be completed within three years of the date of its commencement (section 104(b)(3)).

On March 28, 1980, the Commission received a request from the Delegation of the Commission of European Communities for the review of the following countervailing duty order, *inter alia*:

Chains and parts thereof, of cast iron or steel from Italy. T.D. 77-249 (42 Fed. Reg. 54799, October 11, 1977).

The Commission has also been notified by counsel for the National Association of Chain Manufacturers, the original petitioner in the case leading to these countervailing duty orders, that the Association wishes to "withdraw its petition" with regard to chains and parts from Italy.

While there is no provision in the Trade Agreements Act of 1979, or in its legislative history, permitting termination of a transition case investigation, termination of a properly

instituted countervailing duty investigation is permitted under section 704(a). That section directs the Commission to solicit public comment prior to termination and approve such termination only if it is in the public interest. Since termination is permitted under newly filed countervailing duty petitions, it should also be permitted in existing countervailing duty orders.

In light of the Commission's duty to consider the public interest, the Commission hereby requests written comments concerning the proposed termination of an investigation with regard to chains and parts thereof from Italy. These written comments must be filed with the Secretary of the Commission no later than September 5, 1980.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 30, 1980.

Kenneth R. Mason,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23699 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-27 and 28 (Preliminary)]

Menthol From Japan and the People's Republic of China

Determination

On the basis of the record in investigation No. 731-TA-27 (Preliminary), the Commission determines (Commissioners Bedell and Moore dissenting)¹ that there is no reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is being materially injured, or threatened with material injury, or that the establishment of an industry is being materially retarded by reason of imports from Japan of menthol, whether natural or synthetic, provided for in items 437.64 and 413.28² of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS), which are allegedly sold or likely to be sold at less than fair value.

On the basis of the record in investigation No. 731-TA-28 (Preliminary), the Commission determines (Commissioner Stern dissenting)³ that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is threatened with material

¹ Commissioners Bedell and Moore found reasonable indication of material injury or threat of material injury by reason of imports of menthol from Japan and the People's Republic of China.

² Item 408.80 for articles exported prior to July 1, 1980.

³ Commissioner Stern finds that there not only is no indication of threat of material injury from alleged less-than-fair-value imports from the People's Republic of China of Menthol but also that there is no present injury from said imports.

injury¹ by reason of imports from the People's Republic of China of menthol, whether natural or synthetic, provided for in TSUS items 437.64 and 413.28,² which are allegedly sold or likely to be sold at less than fair value.

Background

On July 11, 1980, a petition was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission and the U.S. Department of Commerce on behalf of Haarmann & Reimer Corporation, alleging that natural or synthetic menthol imported from Japan or from the People's Republic of China is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). Accordingly, on June 16, 1980, the Commission instituted preliminary antidumping investigations Nos. 731-TA-27 and 28 (Preliminary) under section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or is threatened with materials injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports of menthol, whether natural or synthetic, from Japan or from the People's Republic of China, as provided for in TSUS items 437.64 and 413.28. The statute directs that the Commission make its determination within 45 days of receipt of the petition, or in this case by July 28, 1980. On June 24, 1980, the Department of Commerce issued a notice announcing that it had found the petition to be properly filed within the meaning of its rules and that it was instituting an investigation. Notice to such effect was published in the Federal Register of July 2, 1980 (45 FR 44976). The product scope of the Commerce investigation is the same as that instituted by the Commission.

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of the public conference to be held in connection therewith was duly given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, D.C., and the Commission's office in New York City, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register of June 19, 1980 (45 FR 41548). A public conference was held in Washington, D.C., on July 10, 1980.

In arriving at its determinations, the Commission has given due consideration to the information provided by the Department of Commerce, to all written submissions from interested parties, and to information adduced at the conference and obtained by the Commission's staff from questionnaires and other sources,

all of which have been placed on the administrative record of these preliminary investigations.

Views of Chairman Bill Alberger and Vice Chairman Michael J. Calhoun

Determination and Conclusions of Law

On the basis of the record in investigation No. 731-TA-27 (Preliminary), we determine that there is no reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or that the establishment of an industry is materially retarded, by reason of imports from Japan of menthol, whether synthetic or natural, allegedly sold or likely to be sold at less than fair value (LTFV)

On the basis of the record in investigation No. 731-TA-28 (Preliminary), we determine that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury by reason of imports from the People's Republic of China (China) of natural menthol allegedly sold or likely to be sold at less than fair value (LTFV).

Discussion

In these preliminary investigations, we consider the relevant domestic industry to be comprised of the four firms currently producing menthol in the United States. Section 771(4)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)) provides, in part, guidance for determining what constitutes a domestic industry as follows:

(A) In general.—The term "industry" means the domestic producers as a whole of a like product, or those producers whose collective output of the like product constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of that product.

Section 771(10) of the Tariff Act of 1930 defines "like product" as "a product which is like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the article subject to an investigation under this title."

The imported product alleged to be sold at LTFV is *l*-menthol. Imports of this product from Japan are synthetically produced while imports from China are exclusively natural menthol derived from the peppermint plant. The Ad Hoc Committee of American Importers of Natural Menthol argued in their post-conference submission that natural and synthetic menthols are not "like or similar" in characteristics and uses, and thus there exists no U.S. industry within the meaning of section 771(4)(A). The evidence indicates that synthetic and

natural *l*-menthol have the same chemical formula and molecular structure, although synthetic menthol undergoes a chemical processing which natural menthol does not undergo. Apparently, while a small segment of endusers prefer the natural product because of actual or perceived qualitative differences, synthetic and natural menthol are used interchangeably by the vast majority of purchasers. We, therefore, find that domestically produced synthetic menthol is "like" the product imported from both Japan and China (synthetic and natural menthol, respectively) within the meaning of section 771(10) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Having determined the nature of the domestic industry, Section 771(4)(D) of the Tariff Act of 1930 provides further guidance to the Commission in weighing the impact of alleged LTFV sales on that industry:

(D) Product Lines.—The effect of subsidized or dumped imports shall be assessed in relation to the United States production of a like product if available data permit the separate identification of production in terms of such criteria as the production process or the producers' profits. If the domestic production of the like product has no separate identity in terms of such criteria, then the effect of the subsidized or dumped imports shall be assessed by the examination of the production of the narrowest group or range of products, which includes a like product, for which the necessary information can be provided.

In accordance with section 771(4)(D), we have attempted where possible, to assess the impact of alleged LTFV imports on the production in the United States of *l*-menthol, that being potentially the narrowest "product line" comparable to the *l*-menthol being imported. *l*-menthol is the principal commercial form of menthol, and differs in characteristics and uses with the other commercial forms of menthol—*d*-menthol, racemic menthol,⁴ and liquid menthol. Domestic producers, however, do not use separate facilities or specific workers in the production of *l*-menthol, since *d*-menthol, racemic menthol, and liquid menthol are all obtained as by products in the synthesis of *l*-menthol. Most U.S. producers do not keep profit and loss data which would enable us to clearly identify a separate product line for *l*-menthol. Therefore, the effects of alleged LTFV imports have been assessed on the production of all menthol where separate data on *l*-menthol in unavailable. U.S. producers' commercial shipments of *l*-menthol have

⁴ There are some similarities in characteristics between racemic menthol and *l*-menthol, and hence, some overlap in their applications.

also accounted for more than 70 percent of all U.S. producers' commercial shipments of menthol since 1978. For purposes of this preliminary investigation, therefore, we have assumed that the overall trends for the menthol industry would be indicative of the trends for *l*-menthol.

The recommended determination of the Commission's Director of Operations⁵ concluded that since imports from Japan and China are fungible, similar in chemical structure and uses, and compete in the same markets they should be cumulated for the purposes of assessing their impact on the domestic industry. We disagree. The facts revealed by these two investigations indicate that the impact of increasing menthol imports from China is in sharp contrast to the insignificant effect of the declining imports from Japan.

Based on the declining imports of menthol from Japan and the declining ratio of these imports to apparent U.S. open-market consumption, as well as statements made by officials from Takasago, USA, the exclusive importer of menthol from Japan and a wholly owned subsidiary of the foreign producer,⁶ we have concluded that the Japanese are withdrawing from the U.S. menthol market. Thus it seems inappropriate to cumulate imports of menthol from Japan with imports from China. Inventories of menthol from Japan also declined in the first quarter of 1980 relative to the corresponding period in 1979, and the pricing data available to the Commission indicate that prices paid for the Japanese product have been consistently higher than prices paid for the domestic product in 1978 and 1979. Considering all these factors, it is apparent that menthol imported from Japan is not contributing in any meaningful way to the material injury, or threat thereof, that might be caused by imports from other countries. We have, therefore, determined that there is no reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of alleged LTFV sales of menthol from Japan.

Although the Director of Operations recommended that imports of menthol from China be cumulated with those from Japan, he also stated that if imports from these two countries were *not* cumulated, he would nevertheless still recommend an affirmative determination of threat of material

⁵ Chairman Alberger includes the recommended determination of the Director of Operations for informational purposes at the end of our opinion at pages 12-14.

⁶ See transcript of Conference, page 92.

injury be reason of alleged LTFV imports from China.⁷ We agree with his analysis and conclusion on this issue. The economic factors that we have analyzed pursuant to section 771(7) of the Tariff Act of 1930, point to a steady improvement in the production of menthol in the United States. However, U.S. producers' inventories of menthol have increased to very high levels, prices for 1-menthol have declined steadily since 1978, and the profitability of U.S. producers of 1-menthol on their menthol operations has declined steadily since 1977. Based on the sharply increasing imports of menthol from China, the sharply increasing inventories of these imports, and the increasing margins of underselling that appear in the period July 1979 through March 1980, evidence of price depression, declining profitability of U.S. menthol producers' and their increasing inventories of menthol, we have concluded that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury by reason of alleged LTFV imports of menthol from China.

Findings of Fact

The following findings of fact are relevant to our determination in these investigations. These findings contain our analysis of the statutory criteria required by section 771(7) (B) and (C) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

A. Volume of imports.—1. The imported menthol alleged to be sold at LTFV is chemically and toxicologically the same as that produced in the United States, although there is a recognized difference between the natural and synthetic products. This difference resides in the odor, taste, and ability of the natural product to be certified as a natural ingredient. These differences, however, are only significant to a minor portion of the market (less than 10 percent). For the vast majority of end users of menthol, the synthetic and natural products appear to be interchangeable. (See Report at p. A-3)

2. Imports of menthol from Japan have declined steadily since 1978. They declined by more than 35 percent from 1978 to 1979, and by more than 15 percent in January-March 1980 over imports during the corresponding period in 1980. (See Report at p. A-28)

3. Imports of menthol from China increased dramatically from 29,000 pounds in 1977 to 649,000 pounds in 1979. (See Report at p. A-28)

4. Takasago, USA's end-of-period inventories of menthol increased by

more than 50 percent from 1977 to 1979, but declined by more than 10 percent in January-March 1980 over those held for the corresponding period of 1979. (See Report at p. A-17)

5. U.S. importers' and end-of-period inventories of menthol from China have increased dramatically from virtually nothing in 1977 and 1978 to over 600,000 pounds in January-March 1980. Importers' inventories as of March 31, 1980, amounted to over 10 percent of apparent U.S. open-market consumption in 1979. Thus, inventories of menthol from China represent a significant overhang of the U.S. market. (See Report at p. A-17)

B. The effect of imports on U.S. prices.—6. U.S. producers' weighted average prices for 1-menthol have generally declined since January 1978. They have declined from \$7.30 per pound in January-March 1978 to \$6.33 per pound in January-March 1980, or by 13 percent. (See Report at p. A-31)

7. The weighted average prices paid for 1-menthol from Japan were consistently higher than prices paid for U.S. producers' 1-menthol from 1978 through 1979. Prices paid for imports from Japan dropped below U.S. producers' prices only in January-March 1980 and even then, the margin of underselling was less than 0.5 percent. (See Report at p. A-31)

8. The available data indicate that weighted average prices paid for menthol from China have declined at a faster rate than U.S. producers' weighted prices. Although these prices were generally higher than U.S. producers' weighted average prices throughout much of the period, they dropped below U.S. producers' prices in October-December 1979. The average margin of underselling in that quarter was three percent and increased to eight percent in January-March 1980. Prices of some importers of menthol from China were below the lowest U.S. prices from July 1979 through March 1980. In a market where menthol is sometimes traded within 10 cents per pound, these are significant margins. Moreover, since these prices generally reflect the delivered prices in contracts negotiated 1 to 2 years previous to the date of delivery, it may be assumed that the downward trend is significant and indicative of the trend for prices to be paid for menthol from China in 1980 and 1981. (See Report at p. A-31)

C. Impact on the affected industry.—9. After several years of sustained growth, U.S. producers' commercial shipments of menthol declined by 5 percent in January-March 1980 over shipments during the corresponding period of 1979. (See Report at p. A-8)

10. U.S. producers' inventories of menthol have increased to very high levels during the period under consideration. End-of-period inventories increased more than six-fold from 1977 to 1979 and nearly doubled in January-March 1980 relative to those in January-March 1979. As a ratio of net sales, U.S. producers' inventories of menthol more than doubled from 1977 to January-March 1980. (See Report at p. A-17)

11. Despite rapidly increasing sales, the profitability of domestic producers of 1-menthol on their menthol operations has declined steadily since 1977. The ratio of net operating profits to net sales declined by more than 30 percent from 1977 to 1979. (See Report at p. A-23)

12. As a ratio of imports to apparent U.S. open-market consumption of menthol, imports from Japan have declined steadily since 1977. They declined from 10 percent in 1977 to 8 percent in January-March 1980, or by 24 percent. (See Report at p. A-28)

13. Imports from China have increased steadily and significantly as a ratio of apparent U.S. open-market consumption. The ratio increased from a nominal percentage in 1977 to over 30 percent in January-March 1980. (See Report at p. A-28)

14. The average number of production and related workers producing menthol declined slightly from 1978 to January-March 1980. (See Report at p. A-22)

15. Wages paid to all production and related workers producing menthol more than quadrupled from 1977 to 1979 and increased again in January-March 1980 over wages paid during the corresponding period in 1979. (See Report at p. A-22)

16. Overall U.S. capacity to produce menthol has increased steadily from 1977 to 1980 because Haarman & Reimer opened a new plant in 1978 which is still in the process of reaching optimal operating conditions. The capacity of other menthol producers has remained stable or declined. (See Report at p. A-14)

17. All information regarding U.S. producers' cash flow is considered "business confidential" and cannot be discussed publicly. Such information appears in the confidential version of the staff report at page A-36, and has been fully considered in our determination.

18. A \$15 million investment was made by the petitioner Haarman & Reimer Corporation in a new U.S. production facility located in Bushy Park, South Carolina. Production at this plant was commenced in the first quarter of 1978. The inability of petitioner to operate this plant at a

⁷ Staff briefing at public Commission meeting, July 22, 1980.

reasonable level of profit may threaten or impair the ability to raise additional capital necessary for future investments in U.S. facilities by petitioner and/or other firms. (Petition, public version, pages 37-41)

Supporting Statement by the Director of Operations for an Affirmative Preliminary Determination on Menthol From Japan and the People's Republic of China (Investigations Nos. 731-TA-27 and 28 (Preliminary))

I. Recommendation.—On the basis of my review of the information developed during these investigations, I recommend that the Commission determine that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or is threatened with material injury by reason of the importation of menthol from Japan and the People's Republic of China (PRC) that is allegedly sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The question of material retardation of the establishment of an industry in the United States is not an issue in these investigations as there are four companies producing menthol in the United States.

II. The industry.—The industry in the United States is composed of four U.S. firms producing menthol. Although menthol is produced by the industry in four commercially significant forms—*l*-menthol, *d*-menthol, racemic menthol, and liquid menthol, in 1979, *l* and racemic menthol represented over 90 percent of domestic production and over 98 percent of alleged LTFV imports. *D*-menthol is produced as a by-product of the petitioner's production process and internally consumed. Liquid menthol is dissimilar with all other forms of menthol in that it is a technical grade used in a limited number of industrial applications. Although the impact of LTFV imports appears to be on production of *l* and racemic menthol, all forms are produced in the same production facilities, utilizing the same equipment and the same employees. Most firms were unable to provide data in terms of labor and overhead costs or profitability on a product line basis. Therefore, the impact of alleged LTFV sales should be assessed on the domestic industry producing menthol.

III. Material injury.—(1) U.S. imports of menthol from Japan and the PRC are all alleged to be at LTFV prices. Alleged LTFV imports have increased substantially from over 300,000 pounds in 1977 to about 850,000 pounds in 1979. Imports from Japan and the PRC are fungible, having the same chemical structures, the same end uses, similar prices and competing in the same

markets. For these reasons the impact of imports from Japan and the PRC have been cumulated.

(2) The petition alleges significant price undercutting by imports from Japan and the PRC as compared with the price of like domestic products. The alleged result of such price undercutting was the 44 percent reduction of petitioner's price for *l*-menthol in slightly more than 3 years.

(3) Questionnaire data submitted to the Commission confirm a sharply downward trend in importers' and producers' prices. The prices of importers of Chinese and Japanese menthol began undercutting U.S. producers' prices for menthol delivered to U.S. customers beginning in the last quarter of 1979 and continuing into the first quarter of 1980.

(4) Despite rapidly increasing sales of menthol, profitability of U.S. producers' menthol operations declined sharply in 1979. Although net sales reported by the two largest U.S. producers increased by almost 15 percent from 1978 to 1979, the ratio of net operating profit to net sales declined by about 20 percent.

IV. Threat of material injury.—(1) Imports of menthol from Japan and the PRC, alleged to be sold at LTFV prices, increased by over 165 percent from 1977 to 1979.

(2) The share of the U.S. market accounted for by imports from Japan and the PRC increased from 11.0 percent in 1977 to 22.0 percent in 1979.

(3) U.S. producer's commercial shipments of menthol declined by 5 percent in Jan.-Mar. 1980 as compared to such shipments in Jan.-Mar. 1979.

(4) U.S. producers' inventories of menthol increased steadily during 1977-79 to extremely high levels. Inventories were equivalent to 21 percent of U.S. producers' sales in 1977 and to 33 percent in 1979. Inventories on March 31, 1980 were 85 percent greater than they were on March 31, 1979.

(5) The quantity of menthol held in inventory by producers' increased by more than 600 percent between December 31, 1977 and March 31, 1980.

(6) Importers of menthol from Japan and the People's Republic of China reported a thirteen-fold increase in inventories from 1977 to 1979. Importers' inventories continued to increase in 1980 reaching a level on March 31, 1980 over 200 percent greater than inventories on March 31, 1979.

(7) As a ratio of inventories to imports, importer's inventories represented 13 percent of imports in 1977 and over 74 percent of imports in 1979.

(8) According to data presented by the petitioner, the trend in price

undercutting by alleged LTFV imports, confirmed by questionnaire data submitted to the Commission, is likely to worsen as deliveries on contracts negotiated in late 1979 and early 1980 are affected in late 1980 and in 1981.

(9) The PRC has dramatically increased its production of menthol from 1.1 million pounds in 1978 to an estimated 4.4 million pounds in 1980. Menthol has been designated by the Chinese Government as a product to be promoted for export to generate quick revenue without large investments. The PRC currently exports about 20 percent of its menthol production to the United States.

(10) The annual menthol production capacity of Takasago Perfumery, Ltd. is reported to be 1.0 million pounds. About 15 percent of Takasago's production in 1979 was exported to the U.S. In addition to Takasago, seven other Japanese firms produce menthol with a combined production capacity of over 600,000 pounds. These companies do not currently export to the United States.

V. Conclusion.—I recommend that the Commission determine that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or is threatened with material injury by reason of the importation of menthol from Japan and the People's Republic of China that is allegedly sold in the United States at less than fair value.

Statement of Reasons of Commissioners George M. Moore and Catherine Bedell

On the basis of the information available in investigations Nos. 731-TA-27 and 28 (Preliminary), we determine that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of the importation of menthol from Japan and the People's Republic of China that is allegedly being sold or is likely to be sold at less than fair value (LTFV).

The following findings and conclusions, which are based on the record in these investigations, support our determination.

The Domestic Industry

The term "industry" is defined in section 771(4)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)(A)) as meaning "the domestic producers as a whole of a like product, or those producers whose collective output of the like product constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of that product." The term "like product" is further defined in section 771(10) of the Tariff Act as meaning "a product which is like, or the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with,

the article subject to an investigation
* * *

In the present case, we find the industry to consist of the four U.S. firms producing menthol. There are four commercial forms of menthol—*l*-menthol, *d*-menthol, racemic menthol, and liquid menthol. Although the product alleged to be sold at LTFV is *l*-menthol, domestic producers do not use separate facilities or specific workers in the production of *l*-menthol. The other three commercial forms of menthol, *d*-menthol, racemic menthol, and liquid menthol are obtained as byproducts in the synthesis of *l*-menthol, in using the same equipment and labor as in the production of *l*-menthol. Most firms were unable to provide data in terms of labor, overhead costs, and profitability on a product-line basis.⁸ Therefore, the alleged LTFV sales have been assessed on the basis of the domestic industry producing all types of menthol.

The imported menthol allegedly sold at LTFV is chemically and toxicologically the same as that produced in the United States. Although there is a perceived difference in the odor and taste of the natural product compared with those of the synthetic product, and although the natural product can be certified as a natural ingredient, these differences are significant only to a minority of end users, which account for less than 10 percent of U.S. consumption of menthol.⁹ Thus, the vast majority of end users consider domestic menthol, as well as menthol from Japan and China, to be fungible articles, which have the same chemical structures, the same end uses, and similar prices and which compete in the same markets.

The Question of a Reasonable Indication of Material Injury or Threat Thereof

Section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 directs that the Commission "shall make a determination, based upon the best information available to it at the time of the determination * * *." Section 771(7)(A) defines the term "material injury" to mean "harm which is not inconsequential, immaterial, or unimportant." And section 771(7)(B) and (C) directs that the Commission, in making its determination, consider, among other factors, (1) the volume of imports of the merchandise which is the subject of the investigations, (2) the effect of imports of such merchandise on prices in the United States for like

products, and (3) the impact of such merchandise on domestic producers of like products.

Volume of imports.—Imports of *l*-menthol, which are allegedly being sold at LTFV, increased from 224,000 pounds in 1977 to 854,000 pounds in 1979, or by 280 percent, while total imports of menthol from Japan and China more than doubled.¹⁰ As a share of apparent U.S. open-market consumption, imports from Japan and China increased steadily, from 11 percent in 1977 to over 30 percent in January–March 1980.¹¹ Thus the volume and relative market share of alleged LTFV imports showed dramatic increases over the period under consideration.

The Japanese have the capacity to produce 1 million pounds of menthol annually from a variety of feedstocks including *d*-limonene, *d*-citronella, thymol, and corrmint oil (dementholized peppermint oil).¹² The capability of the Chinese to produce menthol is virtually unlimited. Menthol has been designated by the Chinese government as a product to be promoted for exportation, and production has increased dramatically in the last 2 years. Estimated Chinese production of menthol is estimated to be 1.1 million pounds in 1978, 3.3 million pounds in 1979, and 4.4 million pounds in 1979.¹³ If Chinese production should reach the estimated 1980 level, it would be much greater than estimated open-market consumption in the United States.¹⁴

Effect of imports on prices.—The data collected by the Commission on delivered prices for *l*-menthol demonstrate that U.S. prices have declined steadily and significantly since 1978. U.S. producers' weighted average prices declined from \$7.30 per pound in January 1978 to \$6.33 per pound in January–March 1980, or by 13 percent.¹⁵ Although weighted average prices for *l*-menthol from Japan and China were generally higher, they declined at a faster rate than U.S. producers' prices.¹⁶ In October–December 1979, weighted average prices for menthol from China dropped 3 percent below U.S. producer's weighted average prices, and in January–March 1980 this margin of underselling increased to 8 percent.¹⁷

In a market where menthol is sometimes traded within 10 cents a

pound,¹⁸ these margins are already significant. When they are viewed as indicative of a downward trend in contract prices for delivery in late 1980 or 1981, they have a clearly adverse effect on future prices as well. More than 90 percent of the menthol traded in the United States is bought and sold through contracts for future delivery.¹⁹ These contracts can be negotiated anywhere from 6 months to 3 years before the date of delivery. They contain firm commitments on price and quantity by the supplier, but usually contain an escape clause which allows the purchaser to break the contract if it can find a supplier offering menthol at a lower price. When spot-market prices for menthol fall, prices for menthol throughout the market decline, bringing about price competition for contracts under negotiation, and thus effectively depressing prices for future delivery.

Impact of alleged LTFV imports on the affected industry.—After several years of sustained growth, U.S. producers' commercial shipments of menthol declined by 5 percent in January–March 1980 compared with shipments during the corresponding period of 1979.²⁰ Yet despite the generally increasing sales, U.S. producers' inventory levels have increased dramatically. The ratio of end-of-period inventories to sales of menthol increased from 21 percent in 1977 to 48 percent in 1979 and nearly doubled again in January–March 1980 relative to the ratio for January–March 1979.²¹ As of March 31, 1980, inventories of all menthol amounted to more than 200 percent of the menthol sold during January–March 1980.²²

Moreover, U.S. importers' inventories of menthol from Japan and China increased more than thirteenfold from December 31, 1977, to December 31, 1979.²³ Inventories continued their strong upward movement in 1980, more than tripling from March 31, 1979, to March 31, 1980.²⁴ Inventories of menthol from Japan and China held as of March 31, 1980, amounted to more than 2.5 times the menthol imported from these countries during January–March 1980.²⁵

Despite rapidly increasing sales of menthol, U.S. producers' profitability on their menthol operations declined steadily after 1977.²⁶ The ratio of net operating profit to net sales declined by

¹⁰ Report, at p. A-28.

¹¹ Report, at p. A-28.

¹² Report, at p. A-12.

¹³ Report, at p. A-11.

¹⁴ Report, at p. A-20.

¹⁵ Report, at p. A-31.

¹⁶ Report, at p. A-31.

¹⁷ Report, at p. A-31.

¹⁸ Report, p. A-32.

¹⁹ Report, p. A-6.

²⁰ Report, p. A-8.

²¹ Report, at p. A-17.

²² Report, at p. A-17.

²³ Report, at p. A-19.

²⁴ Report, at p. A-19.

²⁵ Report, at p. A-19.

²⁶ Report, at p. A-21.

⁸ See Commission Report in Investigations Nos. 731-TA-27 and 28 (Preliminary) (hereafter "Report"), at p. A-21.

⁹ Report, at p. A-3.

more than 30 percent, reflecting the declining trend in prices.²⁷

Conclusion

On the basis of the information developed during these investigations, we have concluded that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or is threatened with material injury by reasons of alleged LTFV imports of menthol from Japan and China.

Views of Commissioner Paula Stern

I have determined that there is no reasonable indication of material injury or threat of such injury due to alleged less-than-fair-value (LTFV) imports of menthol from Japan or from the People's Republic of China (China). I would have reached the same conclusion had I found it appropriate to cumulate the effect of the imports from Japan and China.

The Imported Product

The Commission instituted these investigations with regard to all menthol, whether natural or synthetic, as provided for in items 437.64 and 413.68 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States. The imported product alleged to be sold at LTFV is *l*-menthol, which is the principal commercial form of menthol and differs in characteristics and uses with the other commercial forms of menthol—*d*-menthol, racemic menthol,²⁸ and liquid menthol. The domestic producers do not use separate facilities or workers in the production of *l*-menthol. Rather, *d*-menthol, racemic menthol, and liquid menthol are all obtained as by-products in the synthesis of *l*-menthol.

The product imported from China is a natural product obtained by distilling peppermint oil from peppermint plants followed by crystallization and separation of the menthol from the peppermint oil. The Japanese product is synthesized chemically, as is the menthol produced in the United States. While the imported *l*-menthol allegedly sold at LTFV is chemically and toxicologically the same as that produced in the United States, there remains a perceived difference in the odor and taste of the natural product as compared to the synthetic product. In addition, the natural product can be certified by food and flavor manufacturers as a natural ingredient. However, because the vast majority of purchasers now use synthetic and

natural menthol interchangeably,²⁹ I find that domestically-produced synthetic menthol is a "like product" for both the synthetically-produced and natural imports, within the meaning of section 771(10) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

The Domestic Industry

The domestic industry consists of the four U.S. producers of menthol.³⁰ The smallest U.S. menthol producer, Givauden Corporation, produces only liquid menthol, not a marketable substitute for *l*-menthol. The next largest U.S. producer, Union Camp Corporation, also exclusively produces liquid menthol, which it consumes internally. SCM Corporation (SCM), the second largest firm, produces *l*-menthol and racemic menthol, which are primarily sold on the open market. SCM took no position on this investigation. Givauden, Union Camp, and SCM all produce menthol on equipment used to produce other chemicals. In contrast, the largest producer and petitioner in this investigation, Haarmann & Reimer, which makes *l*-menthol and its by-products, utilizes a plant dedicated exclusively to the production of menthol. Since its entry in the first quarter of 1978, Haarmann & Reimer has steadily increased its importance in the domestic industry.

I have attempted where possible to assess the impact of alleged LTFV imports on the production in the United States of *l*-menthol. However, most U.S. producers do not keep product line data as to production process, labor, overhead, or profits that would allow me to confine my analysis to *l*-menthol. Therefore, the effects of alleged LTFV imports have been assessed on the production of all menthol where separate data is unavailable. Thus, Givauden and Union Camp were included as parts of the domestic industry in spite of the fact that they produce only liquid menthol.

U.S. producers' commercial shipments of *l*-menthol have accounted for more than 70 percent of all U.S. producers' commercial shipments of menthol since 1978.³¹ I have, therefore, necessarily made the assumption that the overall trends for the menthol industry would be indicative of the trends for the *l*-menthol industry.

²⁷ Estimated U.S. consumption is as follows: tobacco 60 percent, pharmaceuticals 15 percent, oral hygiene products 12 percent, personal care products 6 percent, and miscellaneous 7 percent. See report, p. A-3.

²⁸ See section 771(4)(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

²⁹ See Reports, p. A-10.

The Question of a Reasonable Indication of Material Injury

Available data depict a rapidly growing and reasonably profitable industry. U.S. production of menthol has increased steadily and dramatically since 1977, by over 200 percent.³² U.S. capacity to produce menthol has also increased steadily, by over 150 percent from 1977 to 1979, and again by more than five percent in January-March 1980 compared to the corresponding period in 1979.³³ Utilization of this greatly increased capacity has also increased steadily to an exceptionally high level in January-March 1980.³⁴ The average number of all employees in U.S. establishments producing menthol increased by more than 20 percent from 1977 to January-March 1980.³⁵ Wages paid to and manhours worked by all producers and related workers producing menthol also increased steadily and significantly since 1977.³⁶

The aggregate figures for U.S. producers' profitability show a decline from 1977 to 1979.³⁷ Having individually examined the profitability of each producer of *l*-menthol, I have concluded that the data indicate adequate profits for the two relevant U.S. producers. SCM's profits can be characterized as adequate, if not good.

As to Haarmann & Reimer's profitability, one must consider the fact that it is but one part of a large, multinational corporation, Bayer AG, and its profits are to a large extent influenced by the transfer prices applicable to its purchase of feedstocks from and its sale of menthol to its corporate affiliates in other countries.³⁸ One must also take into consideration the fact that this firm has only been in business since 1978 and that it was entering a new, unfamiliar, market.³⁹ For example, it is questionable whether in making its decision, in 1975, to build production facilities to supply a substantial segment of the U.S. market it factored in China as a possible reentrant into this market.⁴⁰ In addition, Haarmann & Reimer was marketing a new form of the product—a synthetic menthol made from a petrochemical rather than natural menthol—which was not readily accepted by consumers. Moreover, Haarmann & Reimer incurred all the costs inherent in the start-up

³² *Ibid.*, p. A-14.

³³ See Report, p. A-14.

³⁴ *Ibid.*

³⁵ *Ibid.*, p. A-22.

³⁶ *Ibid.*

³⁷ *Ibid.*, p. A-23.

³⁸ *Ibid.*, p. A-24.

³⁹ See report, p. A-24.

⁴⁰ *Ibid.*, p. A-17.

²⁷ Report at p. A-24.

²⁸ There are some similarities in the characteristics between racemic menthol and *l*-menthol, and hence, some overlap in their applications.

process at its \$15 million facility at Bushy Park, South Carolina. In light of these circumstances, Haarmann & Reimer's performance has been quite good.

U.S. producers' inventories of menthol have admittedly increased to high levels. However, the reasons for much of these increases are unrelated to the alleged LTFV imports. Haarmann & Reimer's production process requires the plant to operate at maximum potential capacity, twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, three-hundred-sixty-five days a year in order to achieve reasonable production costs.⁴¹ Thus, if the company cannot find buyers for its annual production of menthol, near its capacity of 1.5 million pounds, inventories necessarily build up.

A closer look at U.S. producers' inventories reveals that the by-products, *d*-menthol, racemic, and liquid menthol, not *l*-menthol, constitute a substantial portion of total menthol inventories.⁴² Increasing inventories of *d*-menthol, liquid, and racemic menthol resulting from the increased production of *l*-menthol cannot be associated with the alleged LTFV imports of *l*-menthol. Moreover, these byproduct inventories can be classified as raw materials since Haarmann & Reimer recycles them into the production process of *l*-menthol. Haarmann & Reimer's increasing ratio of inventories to production of all menthol⁴³ appears more dramatic since it starts at zero. But in fact normal inventories for this firm cannot be known from its two year experience in the business.

I have been unable to find indications of injury to the domestic industry. I find the lack of a causal nexus between any possible injury or threat of injury and the alleged LTFV imports even more compelling toward a negative determination in this case.

Imports in the Menthol Commodity Market

Menthol is easy to store. It requires no special facilities or handling and deteriorates only minimally even after several years in storage. These characteristics, combined with the fact that the menthol market has traditionally been supplied with a natural product which is subject to the vagaries of nature, have apparently encouraged the development of a commodity market for menthol.⁴⁴ The impact of importers must be considered in light of the nature of this market.

Today, more than 90 percent of menthol in the United States is sold through contracts for future delivery.⁴⁵ These contracts may be negotiated six months to three years prior to the date of delivery. They represent a firm commitment of price and quantity by the supplier, but require less of a commitment from the purchaser. The purchaser can, in fact, opt out of his contract if he finds a supplier offering menthol at a lower price.⁴⁶ Thus, in the short run, the menthol market is price sensitive downward, *i.e.*, if spot-market prices fall, contract prices will decline, whereas if spot-market prices rise, the contract prices will remain the same and hold overall market prices down until the effect of prices in new contracts become significant.

In 1978 the supply to the U.S. market increased dramatically. Demand was increasing moderately, although apparent consumption, perhaps due to brokers' inventories, saw a marked increase.⁴⁷ Meanwhile, on the supply side, SCM had reentered as a supplier in 1975; Haarmann & Reimer entered with record production; imports from Brazil, the predominant supplier, increased; China reentered the market with a substantial quantity of menthol; and Japan continued as a supplier.

Imports of menthol from Japan have declined steadily as a ratio of apparent U.S. open market consumption, while imports from China have increased markedly as a ratio to apparent U.S. consumption.⁴⁸ This ratio increase for China appears large since we are witnessing China's reentry into the market from near zero. However, this increase is more than offset by the decline in the ratio of imports from all other countries.⁴⁹ The ratio of total imports of menthol to apparent U.S. open-market consumption has declined steadily, by 11 percent from 1977 to January-March 1980.⁵⁰ Thus, China is not increasing its market share at the expense of domestic producers, since domestic producers' share of the market is actually increasing.

Since 1978, the oversupply in the menthol market led to high inventories and decreasing prices.⁵¹ These require examination as portents of injury.

⁴⁵ *Ibid.*

⁴⁶ See report, p. A-6.

⁴⁷ *Ibid.*, p. A-18.

⁴⁸ *Ibid.*, p. A-17.

⁴⁹ See report, p. A-17. The volume of Japanese imports has declined significantly during the period of investigation.

⁵⁰ *Ibid.*, p. A-17.

⁵¹ The sensitivity of prices to supply in this market was illustrated dramatically in 1973 and 1974 when prices for natural menthol rose from \$3 to \$4 per pound to over \$22 per pound following two consecutive crop failures in Brazil. (See post-

The pricing information obtained by the Commission shows that prices have declined steadily since 1978. However, when one considers the significant oversupply that commenced at that time, it is not surprising that prices for both imported and domestically produced menthol declined, especially in light of the fact that the menthol market is price sensitive downward. Moreover, the pricing information obtained by the Commission indicates that during most of the period under consideration, prices paid for imports of menthol from Japan and China were considerably higher than prices paid for the domestic product.⁵²

In the last quarter of 1979 and the first quarter of 1980, the delivered price of Chinese imports fell below domestic producer-delivered prices.⁵³ And in the first quarter of 1980 Japanese-delivered prices fell marginally below those of domestic producers.⁵⁴ However, delivered price data for a commodity sold essentially by contract for future delivery do not offer a meaningful picture. Furthermore, even if the same relationship between the imported and domestic product held for contract prices, it could not be assigned much weight without first establishing comparability in the lengths of the contracts. Because the Chinese were willing to make a longer-term contract than at least one major domestic producer,⁵⁵ establishing comparability could be quite complicated. An interesting price-related aspect of this investigation is that SCM decided to reenter and Haarmann & Reimer decided to start up production during this period of high prices following crop failures in Brazil.⁵⁶

Growth of importers' inventories of a commodity contracted for future delivery results from increased purchases by consumers availing themselves of the opportunity to buy low and sell high when prices rise. In fact, importers' inventories of Chinese imports have increased, but there is nothing to show the *overall* inventories have also increased. Inventories of Japanese imports have in fact declined in 1979-1980.

Questionnaire data from one U.S. importer of menthol who inadvertently

Conference submission on behalf of the Ad-Hoc Committee of American Importers of Natural Menthol, p. 10, Table 1.) This happened in a market where prices are sticky upward.

⁵² See report, p. A-31.

⁵³ See report, p. A-31.

⁵⁴ *Ibid.*

⁵⁵ *Ibid.*, p. A-32.

⁵⁶ SCM had been driven out of the market in 1963 by plummeting prices due to a large supply of Brazilian menthol in the U.S. market.

⁴¹ See Post-Public Conference Brief of Petitioner, p. 14.

⁴² See reports, p. A-17.

⁴³ See report, p. A-3.

⁴⁴ *Ibid.*, p. A-6.

supplied total inventory data tends to support the conclusion that inventories of menthol imported from China, like total imports of menthol from China, while growing, are for the most part simply displacing inventories of menthol from other sources. Therefore, I am unable to find a threat of injury from these Chinese imports.

In attempting to verify Haarmann & Reimer's allegation of lost sales, the Commission's staff found no clear cut case of a sale lost to alleged LTFV imports for reason of price.⁵⁷ The four firms contacted confirmed purchasing imports from Japan or China. However, each stated that these purchases did not represent a change in the company's supply patterns. One company also stated that Haarmann & Reimer was unwilling to offer them the long-term contract it desired, whereas China was willing to break the traditional pattern of offering a contract for one or two years by extending a three-year contract.⁵⁸

It also appears that U.S. consumers of menthol are moving to diversify sources of supply and have some interest in seeing their long-term traditional supplier, China, returned to the market.

Conclusion

By 1975 the steady growth of the U.S. market, the new technological methods for the production of menthol, and the two consecutive crop failures in Brazil enticed U.S.-based producers into the production of menthol. Since that time their production of menthol, the success of Brazil's crops, and normalization of trade relations with China have created an oversupply in the commodity market for menthol. Nevertheless, U.S. industry has been able to withstand the competition in this situation. The economic indicators are positive and profits, when considered in relation to each individual producer, are good. Thus, I find no reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of LTFV imports from the People's Republic of China and/or Japan.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 28, 1980.

Kenneth R. Mason,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23668 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

⁵⁷ See report, p. A-32.

⁵⁸ *Ibid.*

[TA-201-44]

Certain Motor Vehicles and Certain Chassis and Bodies Thereof; Hearing

Notice is hereby given that the public hearing in this matter set to begin at 10 a.m. Wednesday, October 8, 1980, will be held in the Great Hall of the U.S. Department of Justice, Constitution Avenue, between 9th and 10th Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

Notice of the investigation and hearing and notice of a change in Commission procedures were published in the Federal Register of July 7, 1980, and July 22, 1980 (45 FR 45731 and 45 FR 48996, respectively).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 28, 1980.

Kenneth R. Mason,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23667 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

[Investigation No. 337-TA-85]

Certain Slide Fastener Stringers and Machines and Components Thereof for Producing Such Slide Fastener Stringer; Denial of Motion To Strike Certain Portions of the Complaint of Talon Division of Textron, Inc.

Upon consideration of Motion Docket No. 85-2, as certified to the Commission by the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) on June 25, 1980, and the ALJ's recommendation that the motion be denied, the Commission has ordered that said motion is denied.

Copies of the Commission action and Commission order are available to the public during official working hours at the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 701 E Street, NW., Washington, D.C., telephone (202) 523-0161.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: July 29, 1980.

Kenneth R. Mason,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-23666 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Proposed Final Judgment In United States v. Ashland Oil, Inc., et al., and Competitive Impact Statement Thereon

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, 15 U.S.C. 16(b)-(h), that a proposed Final Judgment and a Competitive Impact

Statement (CIS) as set out below have been filed with the United States District Court for the Western District of Kentucky, at Louisville, in *United States v. Ashland Oil, Inc., et al.*, Civil No. 77-0342 L(A). The Complaint in this case alleges that four corporations (Ashland Oil, Inc., Cargill, Incorporated, Reichhold Chemicals, Inc., and Reliance Universal, Inc.) violated the Sherman Act by conspiring to fix the prices of coatings resins sold throughout the United States.

The proposed Judgment enjoins the defendants from engaging in or renewing the alleged conspiracy and from communicating with one another or with other coatings resins manufacturers about prices.

Ashland Oil, Inc. sold its coatings resins business before the filing of the proposed Judgment. It is enjoined from engaging in or renewing the alleged conspiracy, but is excused from certain other requirements of the proposed Judgment so long as it is not in the coatings resins business.

The CIS describes the terms of the proposed Judgment and the background of the action and concludes that the proposed Judgment provides appropriate relief against the violation alleged in the Complaint.

Public comment is invited within the 60-day comment period. Such comments, and responses thereto, will be published in the Federal Register and filed with the Court. Comments should be directed to John A. Weedon, Chief, Great Lakes Field Office, Antitrust Division, Department of Justice, 995 Celebrezze Federal Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44199. Joseph H. Widmar,
Director of Operations.

U.S. District Court for the Western District of Kentucky at Louisville

United States of America, Plaintiff, v.
Ashland Oil, Inc.; Cargill, Incorporated; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.; and Reliance Universal, Inc., Defendants.

Civil Action No. C 77-0342 L (A), Judge Charles M. Allen.

Filed: July 11, 1980.

Stipulation

It is stipulated by and between the undersigned parties, by their respective attorneys, that:

1. The parties consent that a Final Judgment in the form hereto attached may be filed and entered by the Court, upon the motion of any party or upon the Court's own motion, at any time after compliance with the requirements of the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act (15 U.S.C. § 16), and without further notice to any party or other proceedings, provided that plaintiff has not withdrawn its consent, which it may do at any time before the entry of the proposed Final Judgment by serving notice thereof on

defendant and by filing that notice with the Court.

2. In the event plaintiff withdraws its consent or if the proposed Final Judgment is not entered pursuant to this Stipulation, this Stipulation shall be of no effect whatever and the making of this Stipulation shall be without prejudice to any party in this or any other proceeding.

Dated: July 11, 1980.

For the plaintiff: Sanford M. Litvack; Joseph H. Widmar; John A. Weedon; Attorneys, Department of Justice.

John L. Smith, United States Attorney; Edmund Round; Michael J. Keane; Theresa M. Majkrzak; Attorneys, Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, 995 Celebrezze Federal Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44199; telephone: (216) 522-4189.

For defendant Ashland Oil, Inc.: Ray S. Bolze, Hawrey & Simon.

For defendant Cargill, Incorporated: Erwin C. Heininger, Mayer, Brown & Platt.

For defendant Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.: George Reycraft, Cadwalder, Wickersham, and Taft.

For defendant Reliance Universal, Inc.: Wesley P. Adams, Jr., Ogden, Robertson & Marshall.

U.S. District Court for the Western District of Kentucky at Louisville

United States of America, Plaintiff, v. Ashland Oil, Inc.; Cargill, Incorporated; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.; and Reliance Universal, Inc., Defendants.

Civil Action No. C 77-0342 L (A).

Filed: July 11, 1980.

Final Judgment

Plaintiff, United States of America, having filed its complaint herein on July 22, 1977, and plaintiff and defendants, by their respective attorneys, having consented to the entry of this Final Judgment without trial or adjudication of any issue of fact or law herein and without this Final Judgment constituting any evidence against or admission by any party with respect to any such issue;

Now, therefore, before the taking of any testimony and without trial or adjudication of any issue of fact or law herein and upon consent of the parties hereto, it is hereby

Ordered, adjudged and decreed, as follows:

I

This Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this action and of each of the parties consenting hereto. The Complaint states a claim upon which relief may be granted against each defendant under Section 1 of the Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. § 1).

II

As used in this Final Judgment, the term:

(A) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, or other business or legal entity;

(B) "Alkyd resins" means synthetic resins produced by the reaction of a poly-basic acid, a poly-hydric alcohol, and a mono-basic fatty acid or oil;

(C) "Copolymer resins" means alkyd resins modified with unsaturated monomers, such as vinyl toluene, styrene, or acrylic materials;

(D) "Urethane resins" means synthetic resins made by the reaction of isocyanates with hydroxyl-containing compounds;

(E) "Coatings resins" means alkyd resins, copolymer resins, and/or urethane resins; and

(F) "Coatings resins manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing coatings resins.

III

This Final Judgment applies to the defendants and to their officers, directors, agents, employees, subsidiaries, successors, and assigns, and to all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them who shall have received actual notice of this Final Judgment by personal service or otherwise, provided, however, that this Final Judgment shall not apply to transactions or activities solely between a defendant and its directors, officers, employees, parent companies, subsidiaries or any of them when acting in such capacity, nor does this Final Judgment apply to activities occurring outside the United States and not affecting the domestic or foreign commerce of the United States.

IV

Each defendant is enjoined and restrained from entering into, adhering to, participating in, maintaining, furthering, enforcing or claiming, either directly or indirectly, any rights under any contract, agreement, understanding, arrangement, plan, program, combination or conspiracy with any other coatings resins manufacturer to:

(A) fix, establish, raise, stabilize, or maintain the prices of coatings resins;

(B) allocate or divide the coatings resins business of any customer;

(C) allocate or divide coatings resins customers, territories, or markets;

(D) refrain from actively soliciting the coatings resins business of any customer or potential customer;

(E) submit any noncompetitive, collusive, or agreed-upon bids or quotations for coatings resins to any customer or potential customer.

V

Each defendant is enjoined and restrained from:

(A) Communicating to, requesting from, or exchanging with, any other defendant or any other coatings resins manufacturer any information concerning:

(1) the current or future prices, terms, or other conditions of sale for coatings resins by any coatings resins manufacturer, or any consideration or contemplation of changes therein;

(2) interest charges being or to be imposed for late payments by any customer or coatings resins;

(3) current or future drum differential charges to customers of coatings resins;

(4) current or future premium charges on any particular coatings resins;

(B) Complaining or otherwise commenting to any other coatings resins manufacturer concerning prices being or to be charged within the coatings resins industry, or those being or to be charged by that particular manufacturer.

VI

Nothing in Section V hereof shall:

(A) Prohibit the communication of prices, terms, or other conditions of sale or processing of coatings resins offered by a defendant to any other coatings resins manufacturer or offered by any other coatings resins manufacturer to a defendant in negotiating a purchase, sale, or contract for the processing of coatings resins, or other bona fide business transaction between that defendant and such other coatings resins manufacturer; or

(B) Be deemed to prohibit a defendant from entering into, participating in, or maintaining with any other person an otherwise lawful joint venture agreement.

VII

Each defendant is ordered and directed to:

(A) Furnish a copy of this Final Judgment to each of its directors and to each of its officers, employees or agents who has any responsibility for the pricing or sale of coatings resins within sixty (60) days after the date of entry of this Final Judgment;

(B) Furnish a copy of this Final Judgment to each successor to those persons described in subsection (A) hereof within thirty (30) days after each such successor is employed;

(C) Obtain from each such person furnished a copy of this Final Judgment pursuant to subsections (A) and (B) hereof a signed receipt therefor, which receipt shall be retained in the defendant's files;

(D) Attach to each copy of this Final Judgment furnished pursuant to subsections (A) and (B) hereof a statement, in substantially the form set forth in Appendix A attached hereto, advising each person of his obligations and of such defendant's obligations under this Final Judgment, and of the criminal penalties which may be imposed upon him and upon such defendant for violation of this Final Judgment;

(E) Hold, within seventy-five (75) days after the date of entry of this Final Judgment, a meeting or meetings of the persons described in subsection (A) hereof, at which meeting such persons shall be instructed concerning the defendant's and their obligations under this Final Judgment. Similar meetings shall be held at least once a year for a period of five (5) years from the date of entry of this Final Judgment, which meetings shall also be attended by those persons described in subsection (B) hereof;

(F) Establish and implement a plan for monitoring compliance by the persons described in subsections (A) and (B) hereof with the terms of the Final Judgment; and

(G) File with this Court and serve upon the plaintiff within ninety (90) days after the date of entry of this Final Judgment, an affidavit as to the fact and manner of such defendant's compliance with subsections (A), (C), (D) and (E) hereof.

VIII

Each defendant shall require, as a condition of the sale or other disposition of all, or substantially all, of the assets of its coatings resins business that the acquiring party agree to be bound by the provisions of this Final Judgment. The acquiring party shall file with the Court and serve upon the

plaintiff its consent to be bound by this Final Judgment.

IX

For the purpose of determining or securing compliance with this Final Judgment and subject to any legally recognized privilege:

(A) Duly authorized representatives of the Department of Justice shall, upon written request of the Attorney General or of the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division, and on reasonable notice to any defendant made to its principal office, be permitted:

(1) Access during the office hours of such defendant to inspect and copy all books, ledgers, accounts, correspondence, memoranda, and other records and documents in the possession or under the control of such defendant, who may have counsel present, relating to any matters contained in the this Final Judgment; and

(2) Subject to the reasonable convenience of such defendant and without restraint or interference from it, to interview officers, employees, and agents of such defendant, who may have counsel present, regarding any such matters.

(B) Upon the written request of the Attorney General or of the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division made to the defendant's principal office, such defendant shall submit such written reports, under oath if requested, with respect to any of the matters contained in this Final Judgment as may be requested.

No information or documents obtained by the means provided in this Section IX shall be divulged by any representative of the department of Justice to any person other than a duly authorized representative of the Executive Branch of the United States, except in the course of legal proceedings to which the United States is a party, or for the purpose of securing compliance with this Final Judgment, or as otherwise required by law.

(C) If at the time information or documents are furnished by a defendant to plaintiff, such defendant represents and identifies in writing the material in any such information or documents to which a claim of protection may be asserted under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and said defendant marks each pertinent page of such material, "Subject to claim of protection under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure," then 10 days notice shall be given by plaintiff to such defendant prior to divulging such material in any legal proceeding (other than a grand jury proceeding) to which that defendant is not a party.

X

Jurisdiction is retained by this Court for the purpose of enabling any of the parties to this Final Judgment to apply to this Court at any time for such further orders or directions as may be necessary or appropriate for the construction or carrying out of this Final Judgment, for the modification of any of the provisions hereof, for the enforcement of compliance herewith, and for the punishment of violations hereof.

XI

This Final Judgment shall terminate ten (10) years from the date of its entry.

XII

Entry of this Final Judgment is in the public interest.

Dated:

United States District Judge.

Appendix A

Notice

Re: *United States v. Ashland Oil, Inc.; Cargill, Inc.; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.; and Reliance Universal, Inc.*

Civil Action No. C77-0342L(A) (W.D.Ky.).

Attached hereto is a copy of a Final Judgment entered —, 1980 in the captioned case. We are required to provide this to you. You should read it carefully. The provisions of the Final Judgment contained in Sections IV and V apply to you. If you violate these provisions, you may subject the Company to a fine and you may also subject yourself to a fine and imprisonment.

U.S. District Court for the Western District of Kentucky at Louisville

United States of America, Plaintiff, v. *Ashland Oil, Inc.; Cargill, Incorporated; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.; and Reliance Universal, Inc.*, Defendants.

Civil Action No. C 77-0342-L (A).

Filed: July 11, 1980.

Stipulation Concerning Final Judgment

Plaintiff, United States of America, and defendant, Ashland Oil, Inc., hereby stipulate that Section VII of the Final Judgment shall not apply to Ashland Oil, Inc., so long as Ashland Oil, Inc., does not manufacture or sell coatings resins, as defined in the Final Judgment.

Dated: July 11, 1980.

/s/ Edmund Round,
Counsel for the United States.
Ray S. Bolze,
Counsel for Ashland Oil, Inc.

United States District Judge.

U.S. District Court, for the Western District of Kentucky at Louisville

United States of America, Plaintiff, v. *Ashland Oil, Inc.; Cargill, Incorporated; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.; and Reliance Universal, Inc.*, Defendants.

Civil No. C77-0342 L(A).

Judge Charles M. Allen.

Filed: July 11, 1980.

Competitive Impact Statement

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, 15 U.S.C. § 16(b)-(h), the United States files this Competitive Impact Statement relating to the proposed Final Judgment submitted for entry in this civil antitrust proceeding.

I

Nature and Purpose of the Proceeding

On July 22, 1977, the United States filed a civil antitrust Complaint alleging that four corporations had conspired to fix prices in violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1.

The Complaint alleges that, beginning in 1971 and continuing through November 1974, the defendants engaged in a combination and conspiracy to fix, raise, stabilize, and maintain the prices of coatings resins and to allocate among themselves the coatings resins business of certain of their major customers.

The Complaint seeks a judgment by the Court that the defendants engaged in an unlawful combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade in violation of the Sherman Act. It also asks that the Court perpetually enjoin and restrain the defendants from such activities in the future.

The defendants named in the Complaint are Ashland Oil, Inc. of Ashland, Kentucky; Cargill, Incorporated of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. of White Plains, New York; and Reliance Universal, Inc. of Louisville, Kentucky.

All the defendants in this action have previously pleaded *nolo contendere* to misdemeanor criminal charges concerning the same combination and conspiracy alleged in this action. Fines of \$50,000 each were levied against Ashland Oil, Inc., Cargill, Incorporated, and Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. A fine of \$40,000 was levied against Reliance Universal, Inc. This civil case had been held in abeyance until the criminal charges were resolved.

II

Description of the Practices Giving Rise to the Alleged Violation of the Antitrust Laws

For the purpose of this case, the Complaint defines "coatings resins" as alkyd, copolymer, and/or urethane resins. Coatings resins are used in the manufacture of paint and other protective and decorative coatings.

During the period covered by the Complaint, Ashland Oil, Inc., Cargill, Incorporated, and Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. manufactured and sold coatings resins throughout the United States. During the period covered by the Complaint, Reliance Universal, Inc. manufactured and sold coatings resins, other than urethane resins, throughout the United States, but principally in the area of the country east of the Mississippi River.

The Complaint alleges that the defendants engaged in an illegal combination and conspiracy beginning in 1971 and continuing thereafter through November 1974. That combination and conspiracy consisted of a continuing agreement, understanding, and concert of action among the defendants and co-conspirators to fix, raise, stabilize, and maintain the prices of coatings resins and to allocate among themselves the coatings resins business of certain of their major customers.

The Complaint alleges that the combination and conspiracy had the following effects, among others:

(A) prices for coatings resins were fixed, raised, stabilized, and maintained at artificial and noncompetitive levels;

(B) competition in the sale of coatings resins was restrained; and

(C) customers were deprived of the benefits of free and open competition in the market for coatings resins.

III

Explanation of the Proposed Final Judgment

The United States and the defendants have stipulated that the proposed Final Judgment may be entered by the Court at any time after compliance with the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act. The proposed Final Judgment states that it constitutes no admission by any party with respect to any issue of fact or law. Under the provisions of the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, entry of the proposed Final Judgment is conditioned upon a determination by the Court that the proposed judgment is in the public interest. Accordingly, Section XII of the proposed Final Judgment states that entry of this judgment is in the public interest.

The proposed Final Judgment enjoins any direct or indirect renewal of the type of conspiracy alleged in the Complaint. Specifically, Section IV enjoins and restrains the defendants from entering into, adhering to, participating in, maintaining, furthering, enforcing, or claiming, either directly or indirectly, any rights under any contract, agreement, understanding, arrangement, plan, program, combination, or conspiracy with any other coatings resins manufacturer to:

(A) fix, establish, raise, stabilize, or maintain the prices of coatings resins;

(B) allocate or divide the coatings resins business of any customer;

(C) allocate or divide coatings resins customers, territories, or markets;

(D) refrain from actively soliciting the coatings resins business of any customer or potential customer;

(E) submit any noncompetitive, collusive, or agreed-upon bids or quotations for coatings resins to any customer or potential customer.

Section V further enjoins the defendants from communicating with each other or with any other coatings resins manufacturer about the prices or terms of sale of coatings resins. Specifically, the defendants are enjoined and restrained from:

(A) communicating to, requesting from, or exchanging with any other defendant or any other coatings resins manufacturer any information concerning:

(1) the current or future prices, terms, or other conditions of sale for coatings resins by any coatings resins manufacturer, or any consideration or contemplation of changes therein;

(2) interest charges being or to be imposed for late payments by any customer of coatings resins;

(3) current or future drum differential charges to customers of coatings resins;

(4) current or future premium charges on any particular coatings resins;

(B) complaining or otherwise commenting to any other coatings resins manufacturer concerning prices being or to be charged within the coatings resins industry, or those

being or to be charged by that particular manufacturer.

Since manufacturers of coatings resins often sell coatings resins to one another as well as to makers of paint and other coatings, Section VI of the proposed Final Judgment permits *bona fide* buyer-seller communications between the defendants. Section VI also provides that Section V does not prohibit otherwise lawful joint venture agreements.

Section VII of the proposed Final Judgment orders the defendants to furnish a copy of the Final Judgment to each of their directors and each of their officers, employees, or agents who has any responsibility for the pricing or sale of coatings resins. Successors of those persons are also to be furnished a copy of the judgment. Each copy of the Final Judgment so provided will have attached a statement informing the recipient that a violation of the Final Judgment could result in a fine for the company and a fine and imprisonment for the individual. Section VII also requires each defendant to hold a meeting every year for five years at which the persons listed above are instructed on their obligations and their company's obligations under the Final Judgment. The defendants are required to monitor the compliance of those persons.

Ashland Oil, Inc., is exempted from Section VII because it is no longer in the business of manufacturing or selling coatings resins. Ashland sold that business on December 11, 1978. The United States and Ashland Oil, Inc. have entered into a stipulation filed together with the proposed Final Judgment. That stipulation provides that, so long as Ashland Oil, Inc. does not manufacture or sell coatings resins, the provisions of Section VII will not apply to it. All other provisions of the proposed Final Judgment, including the injunctive provisions, will apply to Ashland Oil, Inc.

Section III of the proposed Final Judgment makes the judgment applicable to each defendant and to the officers, directors, agents, employees, subsidiaries, successors, and assigns of each defendant, as well as all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them who have received actual notice of the Final Judgment. That Section exempts from the proposed Final Judgment the following:

(A) transactions or activities solely between a defendant and its directors, officers, employees, parent companies, or subsidiaries when acting in such capacity; and

(B) activities occurring outside the United States and not affecting the domestic or foreign commerce of the United States.

Section VIII requires that, if a defendant sells the assets of its coatings resins business, the purchaser must agree to be bound by the Final Judgment and must so inform the Court and the United States.

Section XI makes the Final Judgment effective for ten years from the date of its entry.

Standard provisions similar to those found in other antitrust Final Judgments entered by consent are contained in Section I (jurisdiction of the Court), Section IX (investigation and reporting requirements), and Section X (retention of jurisdiction by the Court).

It is anticipated that the relief provided by the proposed Final Judgment will have a salutary effect on competition in the coatings resins market. Not only have the defendants been enjoined from future collusive behavior, they are also required to provide copies of the Final Judgment to each of their directors and to each of their officers, employees, or agents who has any responsibility for the sale or pricing of coatings resins. In addition, those people must meet annually to be instructed about their responsibilities under the judgment. It is anticipated that these provisions will reduce the possibility of future violations.

IV.—Remedies Available to Potential Private Plaintiffs

After entry of the proposed Final Judgment, any potential private plaintiff that might have been damaged by the alleged violation will retain the same right to sue for monetary damages and any other legal or equitable relief that it may have had if the Final Judgment had not been entered. The Final Judgment may not be used, however, as *prima facie* evidence in private litigation, pursuant to Section 5(a) of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 16(a).

V.—Procedures Available for Modification of the Proposed Final Judgment

As provided by the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, any person believing that the proposed Final Judgment should be modified may submit written comments within the 60-day period provided by the Act to John A. Weedon, Chief, Great Lakes Field Office, Antitrust Division, United States Department of Justice, 995 Celebrezze Federal Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44199 (telephone: 216-522-4070). These comments and the Department's responses to them will be filed with the Court and published in the Federal Register.

All comments will be given due consideration by the Department of Justice. The Department remains free to withdraw its consent to the proposed Final Judgment at any time prior to its entry if it should determine that some modification is necessary. Further, Section X of the proposed judgment provides that the Court retains jurisdiction over this action for the life of the Final Judgment and that the parties may apply to the Court for such order as may be necessary or appropriate for the modification, interpretation, or enforcement of the judgment after its entry.

VI.—Alternatives to the Proposed Final Judgment

The alternative to the proposed Final Judgment considered by the Antitrust Division was a full trial on the merits and on relief. The Division considers the proposed judgment to be of sufficient scope and effectiveness to make a trial unnecessary, since it provides appropriate relief against the violations alleged in the Complaint.

VII.—Determinative Materials and Documents

No materials or documents were considered determinative by the United States in formulating the proposed Final Judgment. Consequently, none is being filed

pursuant to the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, 15 U.S.C. § 16(b).

Respectfully submitted,

John A. Weedon, David F. Hills, *Attorneys
Department of Justice.*
Edmund Round, Michael J. Keane, Theresa M. Majkrzak, *Attorneys, Department of
Justice, Antitrust Division, 995 Celebrezze
Federal Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44199,
Telephone: (216) 522-4189.*

[FR Doc. 80-23610 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

Office of the Attorney General

[Order No. 904-80]

Modifications to List of Bureau of Prisons Institutions

AGENCY: Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Attorney General Order No. 646-76 (41 FR 14805) classifies and lists the various Bureau of Prisons Institutions. Order No. 649-76 (41 FR 19233), Order No. 842-79 (44 FR 44629), Order No. 854-79 (44 FR 58002), and Order No. 860-79 (44 FR 64922) amended the list published by Order No. 646-76. This order further modifies the list by redesignating the Federal Correctional Institution at Seagoville, Texas, as a Federal Prison Camp; by designating new Federal Correctional Institutions at Lake Placid, New York and at Otisville, New York; and by deleting El Paso, Texas, as a Federal Detention Center.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ira B. Kirschbaum, Assistant General Counsel, Bureau of Prisons, U.S. Department of Justice, 320 1st Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20534 (202-724-3062).

By virtue of the authority vested in me by sections 4003, 4081 and 4082 of Title 18, United States Code, Attorney General Order No. 646-76, as amended, is further amended as follows:

Subparagraph B of Order No. 646-76 is amended to delete Seagoville, Texas, as a Federal Correctional Institution and to add Otisville, New York, and Lake Placid, New York, as Federal Correctional Institutions.

Subparagraph C of Order No. 646-76 is amended to add Seagoville, Texas, as a Federal Prison Camp.

Subparagraph F of Order No. 646-76 is amended to delete El Paso, Texas, as a Federal Detention Center.

Dated: July 25, 1980.

Benjamin R. Civiletti,
Attorney General.

[FR Doc. 80-23611 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

Proposed Consent Decree and Action To Obtain Damages for Discharge of Pollutants by the City of Lenoir, N.C.

In accordance with Department policy, 28 CFR 50.7, 38 FR 19029, notice is hereby given that on March 17, 1980, a proposed consent decree in *United States of America v. City of Lenoir and State of North Carolina*, Civil Action No. St-C-79-29, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina, Statesville Division.

The consent decree imposes a civil penalty of \$10,000 and requires the City to meet certain construction deadlines at the existing wastewater treatment facilities. The City is required to have its new wastewater treatment plant operational by June 1982.

The proposed consent decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney for the Western District of North Carolina in Charlotte, North Carolina; at the Region IV office of the Environmental Protection Agency, Enforcement Division, 345 Courtland Street, NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30308; and at the Pollution Control Section, Land and Natural Resources Division of the Department of Justice, Room 1734, 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20530.

The Department of Justice will receive written comments relating to the proposed consent decree for a period of 30 days from the date of this notice, comments should be addressed to the Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Land and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States of America v. City of Lenoir and the State of North Carolina* (W.D.N.C., Civil Action ST-C-79-29; D.J. 90-5-1-1-895).
Angus MacBeth,
Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Land and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 80-23612 Filed 8-5-80; 6:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-01-M

Office of Attorney General

[AAG/A Order No. 53-80]

Privacy Act of 1974; New System of Records

Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), notice is hereby given that the Department of Justice proposes to establish a new system of records to be maintained by the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). Further, in the Proposed Rules Section of today's Federal Register, DEA proposes to exempt the system, to the extent the

information is subject to exemptions pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(j) and (k), from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3) and (4), (d), (e)(1), (2) and (3), (e)(4)(G) and (H), (e)(5) and (8), (f), (g) and (H) pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(j) and (k). The purpose of these exemptions is as follows:

(1) From (c)(3) because the release of the disclosure accounting for disclosure pursuant to the routine uses published for this system would permit the subject of a criminal investigation to obtain valuable information concerning the nature of that investigation and present a serious impediment to law enforcement.

(2) From subsection (c)(4) because an exemption is being claimed for subsection (d), and this subsection will therefore not be applicable.

(3) From subsection (d) because access to records contained in this system would alert a subject to the existence of investigation and thereby provide information to the subject which might enable him to avoid detection or apprehension, and present a serious impediment to law enforcement.

(4) From subsection (e)(1) because in the course of criminal investigations, DEA often detects violation of non-drug-related laws. In the interests of effective law enforcement, it is necessary that DEA retain all information obtained in criminal investigations because it can aid in establishing patterns of criminal activity and assist other law enforcement agencies that are charged with enforcing other segments of criminal law.

(5) From subsection (e)(2) because information collected to the greatest extent possible from the subject individual of a criminal investigation would provide the subject with valuable information which might preclude detection or apprehension of the subject individual.

(6) From subsection (e)(3) because the requirement that individuals supplying information be provided a form stating the requirements of subsection (e)(3) would constitute a serious impediment to law enforcement in that it could compromise the existence of a confidential investigation, reveal the identity of confidential sources of information and endanger the life or physical safety of confidential informants.

(7) From subsections (e)(4)(G) and (H) because this system of records is exempt from individual access pursuant to subsection (j) of the Privacy Act of 1974.

(8) From subsection (e)(5) because in the collection of information for law enforcement purposes it is impossible to

determine in advance what information is accurate, relevant, timely and complete. With the passage of time, seemingly irrelevant or untimely information may acquire new significance as further investigation brings new details to light and the accuracy of such information can only be determined in a court of law. The restrictions imposed by subsection (e)(5) would restrict the ability of trained investigators and intelligence analysts to exercise their judgment in reporting on investigations and impede the development of criminal intelligence necessary for effective law enforcement.

(9) From subsection (e)(8) because the individual notice requirements could present a serious impediment to law enforcement by interfering with DEA's ability to issue administrative techniques and procedures.

(10) From subsection (f) because this system has been exempted from the access provisions of subsection (d).

(11) From subsections (g) and (h) because this system is compiled for law enforcement purposes and has been exempted from the access provisions of subsections (d) and (f).

The Regional Automated Intelligence Data System (RAIDS) (JUSTICE/DEA-028) is a new system of records for which no public notice consistent with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4) has been published in the Federal Register.

5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4) and (11) provide that the public be provided a 30-day period in which to comment; the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), which has oversight responsibility under the provisions of the Act, requires a 60-day period in which to review the system before it is implemented. Therefore, the public, OMB, and the Congress are invited to submit written comments on this system. Comments should be addressed to the Administrative Counsel, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, 10th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room 1214, Washington, D.C. 20530. If no comments are received from either the public, OMB, or the Congress on or before October 6, 1980, the system will be implemented without further notice in the Federal Register, except that the final rule exempting the system will be published after 60 days. No oral hearings are contemplated.

A report of the proposed system has been provided to the Director, OMB, to the President of the Senate, and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Dated: July 24, 1980.

William D. Van Stavoren,
Acting Assistant Attorney General for
Administration.

Justice/DEA-028

SYSTEM NAME:

Regional Automated Intelligence Data System (RAIDS).

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Drug Enforcement Administration,
8400 NW 53rd Street, Miami, Florida
33166.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals suspected of illicit narcotic trafficking.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Information extracted from DEA investigative reports.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

The Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (Pub. L. 91-513).

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Information contained in this system is provided to the following categories of users as a matter of routine use for law enforcement and regulatory purposes: (a) Other federal law enforcement and regulatory agencies; (b) State and local law enforcement and regulatory agencies; (c) Foreign law enforcement agencies with whom DEA maintains liaison; (d) The Department of Defense and military departments; (e) The Department of State; (f) United States intelligence agencies concerned with drug enforcement; (g) The United Nations; (h) The International Police Organization (Interpol); and (i) To individuals and organizations in the course of investigations to elicit information.

In addition, disclosures are routinely made to the following categories for the purposes stated: (a) To federal agencies for national security clearance purposes and to federal and state regulatory agencies responsible for the licensing or certification of individuals in the fields of pharmacy and medicine; (b) To the Office of Management and Budget, upon request, in order to justify the allocation of resources; (c) To state and local prosecutors for assistance in preparing cases concerning criminal and regulatory matters; and (d) To respondents and their attorneys for purposes of discovery, formal and informal, in the course of an adjudicatory, rulemaking, or other

hearing held pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act of 1970.

Release of information to the news media: Information permitted to be released to the news media and the public pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2 may be made available from systems of records maintained by the Department of Justice unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Release of information to Members of Congress: Information contained in systems of records maintained by the Department of Justice, not otherwise required to be released pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552, may be made available to a Member of Congress or staff acting upon the Member's behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of and at the request of the individual who is the subject of the record.

Release of information to the National Archives and Records Service: A record from a system of records may be disclosed as a routine use to the National Archives and Records Service (NARS) in records management inspection conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2094 and 2906.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM.

STORAGE:

Records in the system are maintained on magnetic discs.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Information is retrieved by name of the subject and by various topical queries.

SAFEGUARDS:

The system is protected by both physical security and dissemination and access controls. The system is maintained in a secure DEA facility and protected by electronic means. Access to the computer is restricted by the assignment of unique input and query access codes to authorized DEA employees on a strict need-to-know basis.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records in the system are currently maintained indefinitely.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Regional Director, DEA South Eastern Regional Office, 8400 N.W. 53rd Street, Miami, Florida 33166.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Inquiries should be addressed to: Freedom of Information Unit, Drug

Enforcement Administration, 1405 I Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20537.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Same as above.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Same as above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Records in the system consist entirely of information extracted from DEA investigative reports.

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

The Attorney General has exempted this system from subsections (c) (3) and (4), (d), (e) (1), (2), and (3), (e)(4)(G) and (H), (e) (5) and (8), (f), (g) and (h) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k). Rules have been promulgated in accordance with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553 (b), (c) and (e) and are being published in the Proposed Rules Section of today's Federal Register.

[FR Doc. 80-23095 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

Drug Enforcement Administration

Controlled Substances; Proposed Aggregate Production Quotas for 1981; Schedules I and II

Section 306 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 826) requires that the Attorney General establish aggregate production quotas for all controlled substances listed in Schedules I and II. This responsibility has been delegated to the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration by § 0.100 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

The quotas are to provide adequate supplies of each substance for (1) the estimated medical, scientific, research, and industrial needs of the United States, (2) lawful export requirements, and (3) the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks.

In determining the below listed proposed 1981 aggregate production quotas, the Administrator considered the following factors:

(1) Total actual 1979 and estimated 1980 and 1981 net disposal of each substance by all manufacturers.

(2) Projected trends in the national rate of net disposal of each substance.

(3) Estimates of inventories of each substance and of any substance manufactured from it, and trends in accumulation of such inventories.

(4) Projected demand as indicated by procurement quota applications which were filed pursuant to § 1303.12 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Pursuant to § 1303.23(c) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration will in early 1981 adjust individual manufacturing quotas allocated for the year based upon 1980 year-end inventory and actual 1980 disposition data supplied by quota applicants for each basic class of Schedule I or II controlled substance.

Based upon consideration of the above factors, the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration hereby proposes that aggregate production quotas for 1981 for the following controlled substances, expressed in grams of anhydrous acid or base, be established as follows:

Basic class	Proposed 1981 quota
SCHEDULE I	
2,5-Dimethoxyamphetamine	13,500,000
SCHEDULE II	
Alphaprodine	60,000
Amobarbital	4,398,000
Amphetamine	1,253,000
Anileridine	121,000
Cocaine	1,600,000
Codeine (for sale)	51,996,000
Codeine (for conversion)	3,125,000
Desoxyephedrine (1,771,000 grams for the production of levodesoxyephedrine for use in a non-controlled, non-prescription product, and 200,000 grams for the production of methamphetamine)	1,971,000
Dihydrocodeine	1,145,000
Diphenoxylate	652,000
Ecgonine (for conversion)	1,200,000
Ethylmorphine	25,000
Fentanyl	3,000
Hydrocodone	856,000
Hydromorphone	106,500
Levorphanol	13,000
Meperidine	11,000,000
Methadone	1,190,000
Methadone Intermediate (4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenylbutane)	1,700,000
Methaqualone	5,871,000
Methylphenidate	1,215,000
Mixed Alkaloids of Opium	17,000
Morphine (for sale)	878,000
Morphine (for conversion)	55,651,000
Opium (tinctures, extracts, etc. expressed in terms of USP powdered opium)	1,941,000
Oxycodone (for sale)	1,783,000
Oxycodone (for conversion)	10,000
Oxymorphone	4,000
Pentobarbital	17,000,000
Phenmetrazine	1,372,000
Phenylacetone	9,000,000
Secobarbital	6,516,000
Thebaine (for sale)	2,303,000
Thebaine (for conversion)	1,004,000

All interested persons are invited to submit their comments and objections in writing regarding this proposal. A person may object to or comment on the proposals relating to any one or more of the above mentioned substances without filing comments or objections regarding the others. Comments and objections should be submitted in quintuplicate to the Administrator, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative, and must be received by September 4, 1980. If a person believes that one or more issues raised by him warrant a full adversary-type hearing, he should so state and summarize the reasons for this belief.

In the event that comments or objections to this proposal raise one or more issues which the Administrator finds, in his sole discretion, warrant a full hearing, the Administrator shall order a public hearing in the Federal Register summarizing the issues to be heard and setting the time for the hearing (which shall not be less than 30 days after the date of the order).

Dated: July 25, 1980.

Peter B. Bensinger,

Administrator, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23623 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

Office of Justice Assistance, Research and Statistics

National Advisory Committee for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention; Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the National Advisory Committee for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (the Committee) will meet August 20-23, 1980, in Portland, Oregon. The meeting will be held at The Benson Hotel. The Meeting is open to the public.

The NAC Executive Committee will meet from 8:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Wednesday, August 20th. The full Committee will be called to order at 9:00 a.m. August 21st by Chair C. Joseph Anderson. After a welcome address and a report by the Executive Committee,

Mr. Ira Schwartz, Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) will give a report.

At 10:30 a.m., there will be a presentation by Committee members on Rules of Order. Following this at 10:40 a.m., a panel discussion on the issue of removal of children from adult jails will be held. Participants will include Judith Johnson of the National Coalition for Jail Reform, John Rector, former OJJDP Administrator, two young people previously or currently in the jurisdiction of the juvenile court system, and members of the OJJDP staff and programs.

From 12:00 noon to 1:30 p.m., the Committee will be recessed for lunch.

The Committee's four Subcommittees will meet from 1:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. that evening, focusing on review and finalization of their FY 81 workplan. The Subcommittee to Advise the Administrator of OJJDP will discuss Technical Assistance, OJJDP's FY 81 Program Plan and policy on continuation of grants.

The Concentration of Federal Effort Subcommittee will discuss the coordination of Federal programs for juveniles with particular emphasis on those within the Department of Education and OJJDP.

The Subcommittee to Advise the National Institute will consider its workplan for FY 81, review the NAC's position and recent research on aversion programs, discuss NIJJDP's training and assessment centers, and discuss the status of the reanalysis of the recent UDIS research. Plans for a special meeting of the Subcommittee for the presentation of this reanalysis will be finalized.

The Standards Subcommittee will develop their workplan for FY 81 and discuss plans for the refinement and implementation of the NAC's Standards for Juvenile Justice.

On August 22, the Committee members and interested guests will be visiting various juvenile institutions and programs from 8:00 a.m. until 1:00 p.m., at which time the full Committee reconvenes.

Issues to be discussed for the rest of the day include: implementation of the NAC Standards for Juvenile Justice; definition of juveniles as all people under the age of 18; State Planning Agency alternatives for administering juvenile justice without LEAA; the Third Annual State Advisory Group Conference; report from the task force on Technical Assistance; the Committee's position on aversion programs; and site visits to juvenile institutions and programs.

There will be Public Commentary at 5:00 p.m., and the meeting will recess at 6:00 p.m.

On Saturday, August 23, the Committee will reconvene at 9:00 a.m. for Subcommittee reports. The Committee will discuss future agenda topics, the FY 81 Workplan and their Fifth Annual Report. An Executive Committee meeting will follow the 12:30 p.m. adjournment, and be concluded at 1:30 p.m.

For further information, contact Mr. James C. Shine, Executive Assistant and Special Counsel, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, Department of Justice, 633 Indiana Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20531.

Ira M. Schwartz,

Administrator, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

[FR Doc. 80-23598 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-18-M

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Grants and Contracts

July 31, 1980.

The Legal Services Corporation was established pursuant to the Legal Services Corporation Act of 1974, Pub. L. 93-355a, 88 Stat. 378, 42 U.S.C. 2996-2996f, as amended, Pub. L. 95-222 (December 28, 1977). Section 1007(f) provides: "At least thirty days prior to the approval of any grant application or prior to entering into a contract or prior to the initiation of any other project, the Corporation shall announce publicly . . . such grant, contract, or project. . . ."

The Legal Services Corporation hereby announces publicly that it is considering the grant application submitted by:

Anishinabe Legal Services, Inc., in Cass Lake, Minnesota, to serve Native Americans residing on or near Red Lake and White Earth Chippewa Reservations.

Interested persons are hereby invited to submit written comments or recommendations concerning the above application to the Regional Office of the Legal Services Corporation at:

Native American Desk, Legal Services Corporation, Denver Regional Office, 1726 Champa Street, Suite 500, Denver, Colorado 80202.

Clinton Lyons,

Director, Office of Field Services.

[FR Doc. 80-23584 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820-35-M

Grants and Contracts

July 31, 1980.

The Legal Services Corporation was established pursuant to the Legal Services Corporation Act of 1974, Pub. L. 93-355a, 88 Stat. 378, 42 U.S.C. 2996-2996f, as amended, Pub. L. 95-222 (December 28, 1977). Section 1007(f) provides: "At least thirty days prior to the approval of any grant application or prior to entering into a contract or prior to the initiation of any other project, the Corporation shall announce publicly . . . such grant, contract, or project. . . ."

The Legal Services Corporation hereby announces publicly that it is considering the grant application submitted by:

Neighborhood Legal Services in Hartford, Connecticut, to serve migrants in the states of Connecticut and Massachusetts.

Interested persons are hereby invited to submit written comments or recommendations concerning the above application to the Regional Office of the Legal Services Corporation at:

Legal Services Corporation, Boston Regional Office, 84 State Street, Room 520, Boston, Massachusetts 02109.

Clinton Lyons,

Director, Office of Field Services.

[FR Doc. 80-23583 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820-35-M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Availability of Fiscal Year 1981 Funds for Financial Assistance To Enhance Technology Advancement of Nuclear Energy Safety

AGENCY: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, (NRC), Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research announces proposed availability of FY 1981 funds to support research necessary to provide a technology base to assess the safety of nuclear power operation, plant siting and waste disposal. The program includes, but is not limited to, support of basic and applied research to advance understanding of and contribute to the store of scientific knowledge applicable to the design, operation, siting, systems and subsystems performance of nuclear power and disposal of waste products resulting from nuclear power applications. Projects will be funded through grants or cooperative agreements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Applications will be accepted throughout FY 1981.

ADDRESS: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Division of Contracts, Washington, D.C. 20555.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

The cognizant NRC program official for this program is Dr. John Larkins, telephone (301) 427-4344. The cognizant NRC grant official is Mr. Kellogg Morton, telephone (301) 427-4365.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Scope and Purpose of This Announcement

Pursuant to Section 31.a and 141.b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, the NRC, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research proposes to support educational institutions, nonprofit institutions, state and local governments, or professional societies through providing funds for research necessary to provide a technology base to assess the safety of nuclear power operation, plant siting and waste disposal. The program includes, but is not limited to, support of basic and applied research to advance understanding of and contribute to the store of scientific knowledge applicable to the design, operation, siting, systems and subsystems performance of nuclear power and disposal of waste products resulting from nuclear power applications. In the selection of projects to be supported, preference is given to research which is concerned with scientific and technical information which advances the state-of-the-art. Research proposals in the following categories (but not limited to) are to be considered:

1. Nuclear Waste Research
2. Natural Hazards Research
3. Environmental Effects Research
4. Materials and Thermal Hydraulic Research

1. Nuclear Waste Research

The purposes of the research are to develop information and concepts in the applicability of the safe storage of nuclear waste. Research which undertakes to study the basic phenomena of nuclear waste material interaction with host rock in deep geologic environments will be considered. The research would include evaluation of the importance of slow processes such as solid state diffusion as compared to more rapid sorption processes. A more fundamental description of sorption processes and their role in retardation of radionuclide migration is required. A primary purpose of this effort is to stimulate the technical and research communities to apply their

knowledge and skills to the development of methods for long-term predictions of the performance of nuclear waste repositories. The result will be an improved degree of confidence in the safety of nuclear waste disposal facilities. Key technical areas in resolving questions on the safe storage of nuclear waste are hydrogeology, geochemistry, evapotranspiration, infiltration, soil moisture. Area of interest also include non-invasive methods for measuring the parameters required for calculating groundwater flow, the unsaturated zone between the land surface and the water table (top of the saturated zone), predictive methods of precipitation and runoff plus temperature changes including those involving glacial advances and retreats, long-term prediction of flooding, hurricanes, tornados, earthquakes and other natural hazard occurrences, groundwater protection, random attenuation, stabilization of tailing, and other related engineering and physical sciences as they apply to increasing or verifying scientific knowledge contributing to the safety of short-term or long-term nuclear waste disposal considerations. Most of the information and concepts developed in these areas has focused on resource exploitation. A refocusing to consider extreme time periods and the confinement in deep geologic media will tap technical and scientific resources for evaluating the long-term performance of nuclear waste repositories.

The research information will be valuable to federal, state, local governments and private concerns in assessing the acceptability of waste storage sites and waste forms and containers.

2. Natural Hazards Research

The objective of this program is to understand and delineate natural hazards on a quantified basis in different regions of the country. The research will be used to advance scientific knowledge of the causes of earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, and severe weather, and to provide one of the bases for hazard prediction used by federal, state and local jurisdictions in mitigation planning, disaster assistance, and reviewing safety regulations for critical facilities (including nuclear facilities). The approach will be to monitor natural hazards activity in each region and to study empirically and theoretically the conditions which contribute to the generation of the natural hazards. Results of these activities will be integrated with previous results and with results being generated by other (non-NRC) projects

to improve our ability to predict statistically the future recurrence of natural hazards by size in each region. Catalogs or reports of data will be distributed at appropriate intervals by the institutions, and reports of interpretations and conclusions will be printed and distributed by the NRC or will appear in technical journals.

3. Environmental Effects Research

The objective of this research is to advance the state-of-the-art in assessing environmental effects and related life sciences. The research should sharply define technical or scientific subjects related to environmental effects of facilities and activities. Present interest is focused on ecological effects or health effects which may be attributable to effluents from nuclear power stations.

The research information is expected to add and advance the state-of-the-art knowledge relating to siting, construction, operation, decommissioning of facilities and maintaining a safe working environment for workers and the public relative to radioactive materials, processes and practices.

Material and Thermal Hydraulic Research

The research is to identify and quantify the nature and rate of general material degradation. Degradation processes and mechanisms should be experimentally simulated and the results be interpreted with "first principles" of thermodynamics, interaction kinetics, and other applicable mechanics. The materials to be studied include those encompassing system and subsystem applications utilized with nuclear power generation. The state-of-the-art long prediction of material performance is largely based on phenomenological methods combined with statistical interpretation of data. This approach has been reasonably successful for the estimation of the life-time of the materials for a period of tens to a hundred years. However, much longer-term (say 1,000 years) prediction would require some fundamental understanding of material degradation and quantification of degradation rate and will lead to a better prediction of the life-time of these materials. Appropriate of various properties of the materials in the far future is essential for the protection of public health and safety.

Assistance for thermal hydraulic research related to nuclear powerplant operations will also be supported. Recipient will advance and provide more complete understanding of the thermal hydraulic phenomena related to

reactor safety, such as the coolant behavior in the vessel and steam generator during off-normal transient conditions. Some important areas needing more fundamental knowledge are steam condensation and the effects of droplets, void fraction, and non-condensable gas on heat transfer rate.

The primary purpose will be to stimulate research to provide a technological base for the safety assessment to technologies used in nuclear power applications, and development of qualified professionals in the disciplines required for reactor safety evaluations and operations. The results of this program will be to increase public understanding relating to nuclear safety, to enlarge the fund of theoretical and practical knowledge and technical information, and ultimately to enhance the protection of the public health and safety.

B. Eligible Applicants

Educational institutions, nonprofit entities, state and local governments and professional societies are eligible to apply for financial assistance under this announcement.

C. Research Applications

A research application should describe (i) the objectives and scientific significance of the proposed research, (ii) the methodology proposed and its suitability, (iii) the qualifications of the investigators and the proposing organization, and (iv) the level of financial support required to perform the proposed effort.

Applications should be as brief and concise as is consistent with communication to the reviewers. Neither unduly elaborate applications nor voluminous supporting documentation is desired.

State and local governments shall submit proposals utilizing the standard forms specified in OMB Circular A-102, Attachment M. Nonprofit organizations and universities shall submit proposals utilizing the standard forms stipulated in OMB Circular A-110, Attachment M.

The format used for project applications should give a clear presentation of the proposed project and its relation to the specific objectives contained in this notice. Each application should follow the format outlined unless the NRC specifically authorize exceptions.

1. Cover Page. The cover page should be typed according to the following format (submit separate cover pages if the application is multi-institutional):

Title of Proposal—A descriptive phrase or other similar designation to assist in the identification of the

project.

Location of organization submitting the application and identification of facility where work is to be performed.

Name of Principal Investigators:

Total Cost of Proposal:

Period of Proposal:

Organization or Institution and Department:

Required Signatures:

Principal Investigators:

Name _____

Date _____

Address _____

Telephone Number _____

Required Organization Approval:

Name _____

Date _____

Address _____

Telephone Number _____

Organization Financial Officer:

Name _____

Date _____

Address _____

Telephone Number _____

2. Project Description. Each application shall provide, in twenty pages or less, a complete and accurate description of the proposed project. This section should provide the basic information to be used in evaluation the proposal to determine its priority for funding.

Applicants must identify other proposed sources of financial support for a particular project.

The information provided in this section must be brief and specific. Detailed background information may be included as supporting documentation to the proposal.

The following format shall be used for the project description:

(a) Project Goals and Objectives.

The project's objectives must be clearly and unambiguously stated. The application should justify the project including the problems it intends to clarify and the developments it may stimulate.

(b) Project Outline.

The application should clearly define the tasks that are to be performed, the key events or milestones in accomplishing the task schedule, and the feasibility of achieving these events or milestones.

(c) Project Benefits.

The proposal should indicate the direct and indirect benefits that the project seeks to achieve and to whom these benefits will accrue.

(d) Project Management.

The proposal should described the physical facilities required for the conduct of the project. Further, the proposal should include brief biographical sketches of individuals responsible for planning the project.

(e) Project Costs.

Nonprofit organizations shall adhere to the cost principles set forth in OMB Circular A-122; Educational Institutions shall adhere to the cost principles set forth in OMB Circular A-21; and state and local Governments shall adhere to the cost principles set forth in Federal Management Circular 74-4.

The application must provide a detailed schedule of project costs, identifying in particular:

- (1) Salaries and fringe benefits.
- (2) Equipment (rental and purchased).
- (3) Travel and per diem/subsistence in relation to the project.
- (4) Publication costs.
- (5) Other direct costs (specify)—e.g., supplies.
- (6) Indirect costs (attached negotiated agreement/cost allocation plan).
- (7) Total costs.

3. Supporting Documentation. The supporting documentation should contain any additional information that will strengthen the application.

D. Application Submission and Deadline

This program announcement is valid for the entire period of FY 1981 (from 10/1/80 to 9/30/81). Applications will be received during the entire period. Application submissions shall be in one signed original and six copies.

E. Funds

For fiscal year 1981, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research anticipates making about one and one-half million dollars available for funding the project(s) mentioned herein.

The NRC anticipates that approximately five to fifteen projects will be funded. Further, the NRC anticipates that its average support will be \$100,000.00 to \$200,000.00 per project.

F. Evaluation Process

All proposals received as a result of this announcement will be evaluated by an NRC review panel.

G. Evaluation Criteria

The award of NRC financial assistance is discretionary. Generally, projects are supported in order of merit to the extent permitted by available funds.

The principal criteria by which a research proposal is evaluated are (i) the technical adequacy of the investigators and their institutional base, (ii) the adequacy of the research design, (iii) the scientific significance of

their proposal, (iv) its utility or relevance, and (v) its implications for the scientific potential of the field. Criteria i, ii, and iii are emphasized. Criterion iv is primary invoked in the evaluation of applied research proposals, while Criterion v is invoked for each proposal as appropriate. In selecting among research proposals of substantially equal merit, consideration is given to such factors as geographic distribution and balance among the projects supported.

H. Disposition of Proposals

Notification of awards will be made by the Grants Officer. Organizations whose applications are unsuccessful will be so advised by the Grants Officer.

I. Applicability of OMB Circular A-95

The research areas described herein are national research programs and are not designed to meet the needs or to address problems of a particular state, area or locality and therefore do not come under the purview of OMB Circular A-95.

J. Application Instructions and Forms

Questions concerning the preceding information, copies of application forms, and applicable regulations shall be obtained from or submitted to: Grants Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Division of Contracts, Washington, D.C. 20555.

The address for hand-carried applications is: Grants Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 7915 Eastern Avenue, Room 392, Silver Spring, Md. 20901.

Nothing in this solicitation should be construed as committing the NRC to dividing available funds among all qualified applicants.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 28th day of July 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
Edward L. Halman,
Director, Division of Contracts, Office of Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23605 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-409]

Dairyland Power Co-op.; (LaCrosse Boiling Water Reactor) Request for Hearing

Order

Dairyland Power Cooperative (Dairyland) currently operates the LaCrosse Boiling Water Reactor (LACBWR) under Provisional Operating License No. DPR-45. On February 25, 1980, the Director, Nuclear Reactor

Regulation (Director), issued an Order to Show Cause regarding the design and operation of a dewatering system for this facility. The Order was based on the Director's conclusion that continued operation of the plant for an extended period of time may be potentially hazardous because the LACBWR site could be subject to liquefaction if the licensee—designated safe-shutdown earthquake were to occur. The order gave the licensee an opportunity to file a written answer, and also provided that "any other person whose interest may be affected by this Order" may request a hearing. 42 U.S.C. 22399.

On March 25, 1980 Dairyland submitted the "Licensee's Answer to Show Cause" which contained a contingent request for a hearing in the event that the staff did not consider the answer sufficient cause for not undertaking the steps outlined in the Show Cause Order. The staff is evaluating the licensee's answer to the Order and has requested Dairyland to provide additional information. Requests for a hearing have been received from Mr. Frederick M. Olsen, III of LaCrosse, Wisconsin (March 18, 1980) and Ms. Anne Morse for the Coulee Region Energy Coalition (March 19, 1980).

10 CFR 2.105(e) provides, among other things, that the Commission may designate an Atomic Safety and Licensing Board to rule on requests for a hearing. Accordingly, pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and 10 CFR Part 2 of the Commission's regulations, these requests for hearing shall be considered and ruled on by an Atomic Safety and Licensing Board composed of Charles Bechhoefer, Esq., Chairman, Dr. George C. Anderson, and Mr. Ralph S. Decker. If the Board determines that a hearing is required, the Board is instructed to conduct an adjudicatory hearing solely on contentions within the scope of the issues identified in the February 25, 1980, Order: (1) whether the licensee should submit a detailed design proposal for a site dewatering system; and (2) whether the licensee should make operational such a dewatering system as soon as possible after NRC approval of the system, but no later than February 25, 1981, or place the LACBWR in a safe cold shutdown condition.

It is so Ordered.¹

¹ Section 201 of the Energy Reorganization Act, 42 U.S.C. § 5841, provides that action of the Commission shall be determined by a "majority vote of the members present." Commissioner Gilinsky was not present when this Order was affirmed, but had previously voted by notation to approve this Order. Had Commissioner Gilinsky been present, he would have affirmed his prior vote.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 29th day of July, 1980.

For the Commission.
Samuel J. Chilk,
Secretary of the Commission.
[FR Doc. 80-23604 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. STN 50-482-A]

Kansas Gas & Electric Co., Kansas City Power & Light Co., and Kansas Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.; Receipt of Information for Antitrust Review of Operating License Application

The Kansas Gas and Electric Company, acting for itself, Kansas City Power and Light Company and Kansas Electric Power Cooperative, Inc., filed information for Antitrust Review of an Operating License Application, dated May 6, 1980. This information was filed pursuant to § 2.101 of the Commission's rules and regulations and is in connection with the plans of Kansas Gas and Electric Company, Kansas City Power and Light Company and Kansas Electric Power Cooperative, Inc. to operate a pressurized water reactor located on a site in Coffey County, Kansas. This reactor has been designated as the Wolf Creek Generating Station, Unit No. 1.

The portion of the application filed contains antitrust information for review pursuant to NRC Regulatory Guide 9.3 to determine whether there have been any significant changes since the completion of the antitrust review at the construction permit stage.

On completion of staff antitrust review of the above-named application, the Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation will issue an initial finding as to whether there have been "significant changes" under section 105c(2) of the Act. A copy of this finding will be published in the Federal Register and will be sent to the Washington and local public document room and to those persons providing comments or information in response to this notice. If the initial finding concludes that there have not been any significant changes, request for reevaluation may be submitted for a period of 60 days after the date of the Federal Register notice. The results of any reevaluation that are requested will also be published in the Federal Register and copies sent to the Washington and local public document room.

A copy of the information for Antitrust Review for Operating License

Accordingly, the formal vote of the Commission was 3-0 in favor of the Order.

Application is available for public examination and copying for a fee at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C. and at the local public document room in the Coffey County Courthouse, Burlington, Kansas 66839.

Any person who desires additional information regarding the matter covered by this notice or who wishes to have his views considered with respect to significant changes related to antitrust matters which have occurred in the licensee's activities since the construction permit antitrust review for the above-named plant should submit such requests for information or views to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555. Attention: Chief, Utility Finance Branch, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, on or before September 22, 1980.

Dated at Bethesda, Md., this 10th day of July 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,
B. J. Youngblood,
Chief, Licensing Branch No. 1, Division of Licensing.

[FR Doc. 80-23156 Filed 7-22-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-321]

Georgia Power Co., et al.; Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has issued Amendment No. 77 to Facility Operating License No. DPR-57, issued to Georgia Power Company, Oglethorpe Power Corporation, Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia, and City of Dalton, Georgia, which revised Technical Specifications for operation of the Edwin I. Hatch Nuclear Plant, Unit No. 1 (the facility) located in Appling County, Georgia.

This amendment was authorized by phone on July 2, 1980. It revises the Technical Specifications for the High Pressure Coolant Injection (HPCI) System to permit continued operation with an inoperable HPCI for up to 14 days. The amendment also adds a Limiting Condition for Operation to cover the situation where the demonstration of operability of the HPCI cannot be performed due to low reactor steam pressure. These changes conform the Hatch 1 specifications with current licensing practices. The urgency associated with this action was (1) to permit the licensee to conduct a diagnostic and repair program as directed by the Commission's Office of Inspection and Enforcement, and (2) the

current specifications for Hatch 1 were defective since they did not cover the situation of startup without a demonstration of operability of the HPCI system.

The application for the amendment complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations. The Commission has made appropriate findings as required by the Act and the Commission's rules and regulations in 10 CFR Chapter I, which are set forth in the license amendment. Prior public notice of this amendment was not required since the amendment does not involve a significant hazards consideration.

The Commission has determined that the issuance of this amendment will not result in any significant environmental impact and that pursuant to 10 CFR 51.5(d)(4) an environmental impact statement or negative declaration and environmental impact appraisal need not be prepared in connection with issuance of this amendment.

For further details with respect to this action, see (1) the application for amendment dated July 2, 1980, (2) the Commission's letter to the licensee dated July 3, 1980, (3) Amendment No. 77 to License No. DPR-57 and (4) the Commission's related Safety Evaluation. All of these items are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. and at the Appling County Public Library, Parker Street, Baxley, Georgia 31513. A copy of items (2), (3) and (4) may be obtained upon request addressed to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Director, Division of Licensing.

Dated at Bethesda, Maryland, this 28th day of July 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,

Robert W. Reid,
Chief, Operating Reactors Branch No. 4,
Division of Licensing.

[FR Doc. 80-23602 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-289]

Metropolitan Edison Co., et al.; Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has issued Amendment No. 56 to Facility Operating License No. DPR-50, issued to Metropolitan Edison Company, Jersey Central Power and Light Company, and Pennsylvania Electric Company (the licensee) for operation of the Three Mile

Island Nuclear Station, Unit No. 1 (the facility) located in Londonderry Township, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania. The amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

The amendment revises the Technical Specifications to allow the overpressure mitigating system as modified to protect the reactor vessel against overpressure during low temperature conditions.

The application for the amendment complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations. The Commission has made appropriate findings as required by the Act and the Commission's rules and regulations in 10 CFR Chapter I, which are set forth in the license amendment. Prior public notice of this amendment was not required since the amendment does not involve a significant hazards consideration.

The Commission has determined that the issuance of this amendment will not result in any significant environmental impact and that pursuant to 10 CFR 51.5(d)(4) an environmental impact statement, or negative declaration and environmental impact appraisal need not be prepared in connection with issuance of this amendment.

For further details with respect to this action, see (1) the application for amendment dated March 13, 1978, as supplemented March 13, 1978, (2) Amendment No. 56 to License No. DPR-50, and (3) the Commission's related Safety Evaluation. All of these items are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. and at the Government Publications Section, State Library of Pennsylvania, Box 1601 (Education Building), Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. A copy of items (2) and (3) may be obtained upon request addressed to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Director, Division of Licensing.

Dated at Bethesda, Maryland, this 28th day of July 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,

Robert W. Reid,
Chief, Operating Reactors Branch No. 4,
Division of Licensing.

[FR Doc. 80-23601 Filed 8-6-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-285]

Omaha Public Power District; Issuance of Amendment To Facility Operating License

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has

issued Amendment No. 49 to Facility Operating License No. DPR-40 issued to Omaha Public Power District (the licensee), which revised the Technical Specifications for operation of the Fort Calhoun Station, Unit No. 1, located in Washington County, Nebraska. The amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

This amendment changes the Technical Specifications to remove the requirement to cycle certain non-redundant pumps and valves and adds requirements for ensuring the availability of auxiliary feedwater.

The application for the amendment complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations. The Commission has made appropriate findings is required by the Act, and the Commission's rules and regulations in 10 CFR Chapter I, which are set forth in the license amendment. Prior public notice of this amendment was not required since the amendment does not involve a significant hazards consideration.

The Commission has determined that the issuance of this amendment will not result in any significant environmental impact and that pursuant to 10 CFR 51.5(d)(4) an environmental impact statement, or negative declaration and environmental impact appraisal need not be prepared in connection with the issuance of this amendment.

For further details with respect to this action, see (1) the licensee's submittals dated July 5, 1979 and May 12, 1980, as supplemented May 14, 1980, (2) Amendment No. 49 to License No. DPR-40, and (3) the Commission's related Safety Evaluation. All of these items are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., and at the W. Dale Clark Library, 215 South 15th Street, Omaha, Nebraska. A copy of items (2) and (3) may be obtained upon request addressed to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Director, Division of Licensing.

Dated at Bethesda, Maryland, this 25th day of July, 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
Robert A. Clark,
*Chief, Operating Reactors Branch No. 3,
Division of Licensing.*

[FR Doc. 80-23606 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

[Docket No. 50-346]

**The Toledo Edison Co. and The
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.;
Issuance of Amendment to Facility
Operating License**

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has issued Amendment No. 28 to Facility Operating License No. NPF-3, issued to The Toledo Edison Company and The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company (the licensees), which revised the license and Technical Specifications for operation of the Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station, Unit No. 1 (the facility) located in Ottawa County, Ohio. The amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

This amendment revises the Technical Specification setpoint for the automatic closure of the decay heat removal system isolation valves, and implements a pressurizer heater interlock which deenergizes the heaters if reactor coolant system pressurization is attempted and both decay heat removal system isolation valves are not closed. This action satisfies the requirements of license conditions 2.C.(3)(d) and 2.C.(3)(j). In addition, the amendment adds a new condition to the license which requires, prior to operation beyond five effective full power years, the Toledo Edison Company to provide a reanalysis and proposed modifications, as necessary, to ensure continued means of protection against low temperature reactor coolant system overpressure events. Therefore, license condition 2.C.(3)(d) is replaced with the above new requirement and condition 2.C.(3)(j) is removed from the license.

The application for the amendment complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations. The Commission has made appropriate findings as required by the Act and the Commission's rules and regulations in 10 CFR Chapter I, which are set forth in the license amendment. Prior public notice of this amendment was not required since the amendment does not involve a significant hazards consideration.

The Commission has determined that the issuance of this amendment will not result in any significant environmental impact and that pursuant to 10 CFR 51.5(d)(4) an environmental impact statement or negative declaration and environmental impact appraisal need not be prepared in connection with the issuance of this amendment.

For further details with respect to this action, see (1) the application for amendment dated March 20, 1978, (2)

Amendment No. 28 to License No. NPF-3, and (3) the Commission's related Safety Evaluation. All of these items are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., and at the Ida Rupp Public Library, 310 Madison Street, Port Clinton, Ohio. A copy of items (2) and (3) may be obtained upon request addressed to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Director, Division of Licensing.

Dated at Bethesda, Maryland, this 25th day of July 1980.

For The Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
Robert W. Reid,
*Chief, Operating Reactors Branch No. 4,
Division of Licensing.*

[FR Doc. 80-23603 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

**Advisory Committee on Reactor
Safeguards; Subcommittee on Reactor
Fuel; Meeting**

The ACRS Subcommittee on Reactor Fuel will hold a meeting on August 21, 1980 at the Westbank Motel Coffee Shop, 475 River Parkway, Idaho Falls, ID to continue its review of the NRC Fuel Behavior Research Branch (FBRB) Programs for the annual ACRS reports to NRC and Congress. Notice of this meeting was published July 25, 1980.

In accordance with the procedures outlined in the Federal Register on October 1, 1979 (44 FR 56408), oral or written statements may be presented by members of the public, recordings will be permitted only during those portions of the meeting when a transcript is being kept, and questions may be asked only by members of the Subcommittee, its consultants, and Staff. Persons desiring to make oral statements should notify the Designated Federal Employee as far in advance as practicable so that appropriate arrangements can be made to allow the necessary time during the meeting for such statements.

The entire meeting will be open to public attendance.

The agenda for subject meeting shall be as follows:

*Thursday, August 21, 1980,
8:30 a.m. until the conclusion of
business.*

During the initial portion of the meeting, the Subcommittee, along with any of its consultants who may be present, will exchange preliminary views regarding matters to be considered during the balance of the meeting.

The Subcommittee will then hear presentations by and hold discussions with representatives of the NRC Staff,

their consultants, and other interested persons regarding this review.

Further information about topics to be discussed, whether the meeting has been cancelled or rescheduled, the Chairman's ruling on requests for the opportunity to present oral statements and the time allotted therefor can be obtained by a prepaid telephone call to the cognizant Designated Federal Employee, Mr. Paul Boehmert (telephone 202/634-3267) between 8:15 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., EDT.

Dated: July 31, 1980.

Samuel J. Chilk,

Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc. 80-23607 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

Draft Regulatory Guide; Issuance and Availability

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission has issued for public comment a draft of a new guide planned for its Regulatory Guide Series together with a draft of the associated value/impact statement. This series has been developed to describe and make available to the public methods acceptable to the NRC staff of implementing specific parts of the Commission's regulations and, in some cases, to delineate techniques used by the staff in evaluating specific problems of postulated accidents and to provide guidance to applicants concerning certain of the information needed by the staff in its review of applications for permits and licenses.

The draft guide, temporarily identified by its task number, FP 818-4 (which should be mentioned in all correspondence concerning this draft guide), is entitled "Standard Format and Content of License Applications, Including Environmental Reports, for In Situ Uranium Solution Extraction" and is intended for Division 3, "Fuels and Materials Facilities." It is being developed to provide specific guidance on the format and content of an application, including an environmental report, for a commercial-scale in situ uranium extraction facility license.

This draft guide and the associated value/impact statement are being issued to involve the public in the early stages of the development of a regulatory position in this area. They have not received complete staff review and do not represent an official NRC staff position.

Public comments are being solicited on both drafts, the guide (including any implementation schedule) and the draft value/impact statement. Comments on the draft value/impact statement should be accompanied by supporting data.

Comments on both drafts should be sent to the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Docketing and Service Branch, by September 30, 1980.

Although a time limit is given for comments on these drafts, comments and suggestions in connection with (1) items for inclusion in guides currently being developed or (2) improvements in all published guides are encouraged at any time.

Regulatory guides are available for inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C. Requests for single copies of draft guides (which may be reproduced) or for placement on an automatic distribution list for single copies for future draft copies in specific divisions should be made in writing to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, Attention: Director, Division of Technical Information and Document Control. Telephone Requests cannot be accommodated. Regulatory guides are not copyrighted, and Commission approval is not required to reproduce them.

(5 U.S.C. 552(a))

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 28th day of July 1980.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Guy A. Arlotto,

Director, Division of Engineering Standards, Office of Standards, Development.

[FR Doc. 80-23600 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Proposed License No. 10/10-0172]

First Oregon Capital Corp.; Application for a License as a Small Business Investment Company

Notice is hereby given of the filing of an application with the Small Business Administration pursuant to § 107.102 of the SBA Regulations (13 CFR 107.102 (1980)), by First Oregon Capital Corporation, 219 S.W. Stark Street, Portland, Oregon 97204 for a license to operate as a small business investment company (SBIC) under the provisions of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, (the Act), as amended (15 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).

The proposed officers, directors and stockholders are:

Name and Address, Title, and Percent of Ownership

James M. Pippin, 2775 Old Orchard Road, Portland, Oregon 97201, President, General Manager, 50 percent.

Daniel R. Adams, 1905 Pallisades Terrace, Lake Oswego, Oregon 97034, Secretary-Treasurer, Director, 50 percent.
Le Roy E. Larsen, 3980 N.W. 192nd Street, Portland, Oregon 97229, Vice President, Director.

The Applicant proposes to begin operations with a capitalization of \$500,000 and will be a source of both equity capital and long term loan funds for qualified small business concerns. However, it will emphasize equity investments with particular attention to growth potential.

Matters involved in SBA's consideration of the application include the general business reputation and character of the proposed owners and management, and the probability of successful operations of the new company under their management, including adequate profitability and financial soundness, in accordance with the Act and Regulations.

Notice is further given that any person may, not later than 15 days from the date of publication of this Notice, submit written comments on the proposed SBIC to the Associate Administrator for Investment, Small Business Administration, 1441 "L" Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20416.

A copy of this Notice will be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Portland, Oregon.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 59.011, Small Business Investment Companies)

Dated: July 30, 1980.

Michael K. Casey,

Associate Administrator for Investment.

[FR Doc. 80-23672 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-M

[Proposed License No. 09/09-0266]

PBC Venture Capital, Inc.; Application for a License as a Small Business Investment Company

Notice is hereby given of the filing of an application with the Small Business Administration pursuant to § 107.102 of the SBA Regulations (13 CFR 107.102 (1980)), by PBC Venture Capital, Inc., 1408 18th Street, Bakersfield, California 93301 for a license to operate as a small business investment company (SBIC) under the provisions of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, (the Act), as amended (15 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).

The proposed officers, directors and stockholders are:

Name and Address, Title, and Percent of Ownership

Phillip E. Zachary, 635 Sycamore Avenue, Shafter, California 93263, President, General Manager and Director

Edward J. Biebrich, Jr., 605 Bobwhite Court, Bakersfield, California 93309, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director

Jo Ann C. Murphy, 408 Electra Avenue, Bakersfield, California 93309, Vice President, Secretary and Director

George C. Barstow, 1316 Lymric Way, Bakersfield, California 93309, Vice President and Director

Kenneth W. Jones, 4200 Boise, Bakersfield, California 93306, Director

Edwards C. Fant, 3000 College Avenue, Bakersfield, California 93306, Director

Charles E. Smith, 3805 Century Drive, Bakersfield, California 93306, Director

Pacific Bancorporation, 1810 Chester Avenue, Bakersfield, California 93386, 36.4 percent ownership of the SBIC

Community First Bank, 1810 Chester Avenue, Bakersfield, California 93388, 63.8 percent ownership of the SBIC

PBC Venture Capital, Inc., is a jointly-owned subsidiary of Pacific Bancorporation (PBC), a one-bank holding company, and Community First Bank (CFB), a California state-chartered commercial bank. CFB has 81 shareholders and is 97.3 percent owned by PBC. PBC has 2,016 shareholders and C. Wesley Buerkle is the only owner of 10 or more percent of PBC's outstanding stock.

The Applicant will use the services of National Investment Management, Inc. (NIM), as its investment manager. NIM's President is Richard D. Robirts and it is located at 3838 Carson Street, Torrance, California 90503.

The Applicant proposes to begin operations with a capitalization of \$540,000 and will be a source of equity capital and unsecured long term loan funds for qualified small business concerns.

Matters involved in SBA's consideration of the application include the general business reputation and character of the proposed owners and management, and the probability of successful operations of the new company under their management, including adequate profitability and financial soundness, in accordance with the Act and Regulations.

Notice is further given that any person may, not later than 15 days from the date of publication of this Notice, submit written comments on the proposed SBIC to the Associate Administrator for Investment, Small Business Administration, 1441 "L" Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20416.

A copy of this Notice will be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Bakersfield, California.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 59.011, Small Business Investment Companies)

Dated: July 30, 1980.

Michael K. Casey,

Associate Administrator for Investment.

[FR Doc. 80-23671 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-M

[Proposed License No. 06/06-0234]

Southwestern Venture Capital of Texas, Inc.; Application for a License To Operate as a Small Business Investment Company

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with the Small Business Administration pursuant to § 107.102 of the Regulations governing small business investment companies (13 CFR 107.102 (1980)), under the name of Southwestern Venture Capital of Texas, Inc., 108 La Plaza Building, 113 S. River St., Seguin, Texas 78155, for a license to operate as a small business investment company (SBIC) under the provisions of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the Act), (15 U.S.C. 661 *et seq.*), and the Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder.

The proposed officers, directors and ten-or-more percent shareholders of the Applicant are as follows:

James A. Betterworth, Rt. 4, Box 473 AA, Seguin, Texas 78155; President, General Manager, Director, 2.5 percent shareholder.

Joe A. Mueller, Rt. 4, Box 433-A, Seguin, Texas 78155; Vice President, Director, 2.5 percent shareholder.

John Donegan, 1901 Mt. Vernon, Seguin, Texas 78155; Secretary, Treasury, Director. Benton Donegan, 355 Voges Lane, Seguin, Texas 78155; Director.

J. B. McKean, Rt. 4, Box 338, Seguin, Texas 78155; Director, 7.5 percent shareholder. Emmett Donegan, Rt. 1, Box 70, Seguin, Texas 78155; Director, 2.5 percent shareholder. The First National Bank of Seguin, Texas; 15.0 percent shareholder.

There will be one class of stock authorized: 500,000 shares of no par common stock. Initially 100,100 shares will be issued with a resultant private capital of \$1,001,000. Applicant proposes to conduct its operations principally in the State of Texas.

Matters involved in SBA's consideration of the application include the general business reputation and character of shareholders and management, and the probability of successful operation of the new company in accordance with the Act and Regulations.

Notice is further given that any person may, not later than 15 days from the

date of publication of this notice, submit to SBA, in writing, comments on the proposed licensing of this company. Any such communications should be addressed to: Associate Administrator for Investment, Small Business Administration, 1441 "L" Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20416.

A copy of this notice shall be published by the Applicant in a newspaper of general circulation in Seguin, Texas.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 59.011, Small Business Investment Companies)

Dated: July 30, 1980.

Michael K. Casey,

Associate Administrator for Investment.

[FR Doc. 80-23673 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-M

[Declaration of Disaster Loan Area No. 1881]

Oklahoma; Declaration of Disaster Loan Area

The following 6 counties and adjacent counties within the State of Oklahoma constitute a disaster area as a result of natural disaster as indicated:

County	Natural disaster(s)	Date(s)
Canadian	Wind, hail, heavy rain	May 17, 1980.
Custer	Hail	May 17, 20, 1980.
Harmon	Excessive rainfall, flooding, high winds, hail.	May 15, 27, 29, 1980.
Jackson	Excessive rainfall, flooding, high winds, hail.	May 15, 27, 29, 1980.
Pottawatomie	Hail, high wind, excessive rainfall.	May 17, 18, 1980.
Roger Mills	Tornado, hail, flood	May 28, 1980.

Eligible persons, firms and organizations may file applications for loans for physical damage until the close of business on January 28, 1981, and for economic injury until the close of business on April 28, 1981, at: Small Business Administration, District Office, 200 N.W. 5th Street—Suite 670, Federal Building, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102, or other announced locations.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 59002 and 59008)

Dated: July 28, 1980.

A. Vernon Weaver,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 80-23874 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**Office of the Secretary****Advisory Committee on the International Monetary System; Notice of Continuation**

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act of October 6, 1972 (Pub. L. 92-463, 86 Stat. 770-776, 5 U.S.C. App. I, Supp. II), the Department of the Treasury announces the continuation of the following advisory committee:

Title: The Advisory Committee on the International Monetary System.

Purpose: The Committee, composed of representatives from banking, industry, labor and the academic community, as well as former government officials, discusses major issues concerning the effective functioning of the international monetary system now and in the future, and potential areas for improvement, advising the Secretary of the Treasury on these questions in the International Monetary Fund and in other forums.

Statement of Public Interest: The United States is and will continue to be engaged in discussions and negotiations on a number of key issues related to the operation and evolution of the international monetary system pursuant to the amended IMF Articles of Agreement (the amended Articles entered into force on April 1, 1978), including: development of the IMF's role in surveillance over exchange arrangements and the balance of payments adjustment process; the IMF's role in balance of payments financing during a period of unprecedented payments imbalances; the evolution of the roles of the dollar, other currencies and the Special Drawing Right in the international monetary system; and questions related to decisions on the appropriate level of IMF resources and on allocations of Special Drawing Rights. It is important that the Secretary of the Treasury continue to be able to receive the advice and recommendations of the Advisory Committee in this period as the United States develops positions on these issues. The depth and breadth of the members' experience in international monetary affairs cannot be duplicated from sources within the Treasury nor from another existing advisory committee.

Authority for this committee will expire August 21, 1982, unless the Secretary of the Treasury formally determines that continuance is in the public interest.

Dated: July 20, 1980.

C. Fred Bergsten,

Assistant Secretary (International Affairs).

[FR Doc. 80-23428 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-25-M

[General Counsel Order No. 23 (Revised)]**Appointment of Substitute Member to the Legal Division Performance Review Board for Review of Deputy General Counsel**

I hereby appoint William E. Douglas to replace Richard J. Davis on the Performance Review Board established by General Counsel Order No. 23.

Effective Date: July 31, 1980.

Robert H. Mundheim,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 80-23411 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-25-M

COUNCIL ON WAGE AND PRICE STABILITY**Pay Advisory Committee; Cancellation of Meeting**

Announced Time and Place of Meeting: On June 5, 1980, the Council on Wage and Price Stability announced that a meeting of its Pay Advisory Committee had been scheduled for August 8, 1980, at 2:00 p.m., in Room 2008 of the New Executive Office Building, 726 Jackson Place N.W., Washington, D.C. 20503 (45 FR 37875). This meeting has been cancelled. The next meeting of the Pay Advisory Committee is scheduled for Tuesday, September 16, at a time and location to be announced.

Additional Information: For additional information please telephone the Office of Public Affairs at (202) 456-6756.

Dated: August 1, 1980.

Patrick J. Macfarland,

Acting Advisory Committee, Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 80-23688 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3175-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Office of the Secretary****Resettling Refugees: Availability of funding**

AGENCY: HHS, Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR), Office of the Secretary.

ACTION: Notice of the availability of funding.

SUMMARY: This document governs the award of grants for up to \$50,000 each to

assist non-profit refuge Mutual Assistance Association (MAAs) in providing services to persons legally admitted as refugees.

DATE: Grant application may be mailed, first class mail, postmarked not later than 11:59 p.m. Monday, September 8, 1980 or delivered not later than 5 p.m., Eastern Time, on the same date at the Central Office, Office of Refugee Resettlement, Room 1229 Switzer Building, 330 C Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lam Pham, 202-245-0061.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**I. Background**

The Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) is authorized to make grants to non-profit organizations which provide services to refugees to facilitate their resettlement and help them attain self-sufficiency. Nationwide, many MAAs have evidenced strong interest in assisting this effort. This resource is both significant and historically appropriate. However, as refugees, members of the MAAs often lack the financial resources necessary to develop their full potential in service delivery, and their lack of familiarity with American fund-raising practices often inhibits their ability to develop necessary community based funding sources. To take advantage of their interest in, willingness to, and special ethnic consideration in assisting their fellow-countrymen, ORR will fund specific resettlement activities and services of a number of MAAs, up to a total of \$50,000 each, on a competitive and demonstration basis during FY 1980.

II. Authorization

Funds for the activity described below will be provided under the Refuge Act of 1980. Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 13.814.

III. Eligible Grantees

Eligible grantees are MAAs which are incorporated as non-profit organizations under the laws of their State, and which have, as a major objective, the provision of services on behalf of refugee resettlement. Coalitions of such organizations are encouraged, especially where linkages and coordination with other resettlement organizations can be shown. Excluded from funding under the notice are private for-profit agencies or firms. A major objective is to encourage organizations not already receiving substantial government funding, through other mechanisms, and so priority will be given to such organizations.

IV. Allotment of Funds

Approximately \$800,000 will be made available, nationwide, for purposes of this announcement for the 12-month period following the date of award. These will be one-year grants, in the maximum amount of \$50,000. It is expected that successful applicants for these funds will seek subsequent funding, if warranted in future years, through other mechanisms.

V. Scope of Activities

Grants issued pursuant to this notice are intended to enhance the administrative and technical capacities of MAAs to deliver services, and to assist them in providing services in their respective communities. Such services should be in addition to those already being provided by the applying MAAs, and should be related to specific and demonstrated unmet service needs of refugees in the community where the MAA is headquartered.

In anticipation of subsequent funding through purchase of service contracts with the States in which they are operating, activities proposed may include one or any combination of the following: outreach, assessment, manpower, (career counseling, employability planning, job orientation, job development, job placement and follow-up), English As A Second Language training, vocational training, skills recertification, day care, transportation-related services, and social adjustment including information and referral services, counseling services, health related services and home management services, translation and interpreter services, and legal service.

In addition, in recognition of the need by MAA leaders and staff for training, courses for staff, related to activities proposed in the grant are encouraged, as well as activities related to capacity-building of the individual organizations. Rental of real estate for offices or service delivery is permitted, but purchase for this purpose is not. In anticipation of the MAA's needs to strengthen organizational capabilities, MAAs may include in this proposal a period of two months for activities related to start-up.

Not permitted under this notice are direct transfer of funds to refugees, purchase of resettlement resources such as furniture or food for clients, purchase of real estate for clients, funds for transportation except in connection with other services, or the funding of ethnic entertainments festivals, religious activities, or political activities. Notwithstanding the ethic make-up of the

grantee, assurance must be given that service will be provided to all refugees, regardless of country or origin.

VI. Application Submission and Approval Procedures

Associations which plan to apply should immediately comply with requirement of OMB Circular A-95, which requires that they notify both state and regional clearinghouses of their intent to submit an application. Details of this request and an address of the appropriate clearinghouse may be obtained by calling, toll-free, 800-424-0212. The short period of time between publication of this notice and award of grants makes it imperative that applicants comply with this requirement immediately.

Eligible applicants may request grant applications from the Office of Refugee Resettlement, HHS, 330 C Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, 202-245-0403. An original application and six copies must be received by the Director, Office of Refugee Resettlement, Room 1229 Switzer Building, 330 C Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, by 5 p.m. Eastern time on Monday September 8, 1980, or sent by first class mail, postmarked before 11:59 p.m. September 8, 1980. No other grant applications will be accepted.

Panelists will be convened to evaluate and rank the proposals based on criteria outlined in Section VII of this notice. Grant awards will be issued prior to September 30, 1980.

VII. Criteria for Evaluating Applications

Project grant applications will be evaluated and rated according to the following criteria:

1. Clear identification of a serious service need of the local refugee community it wishes to serve related to attaining self-sufficiency, which is not being met by current providers.
2. Familiarity of the applicant with local community refugee resettlement process.
3. The extent to which the association is clearly identified with and is supported by the refugee community and is familiar with the specific and distinct needs of its respective community.
4. The presentation of a clear and feasible method by which the applicant proposes to meet the previously unmet need or needs.
5. The extent to which activities can be evaluated quantitatively and qualitatively.
6. The extent to which the applicant can demonstrate the ability to deliver the proposed services, including program timelines.

7. Demonstration of staff competencies. When staff training and development is a part of the proposal, the extent to which this relates to a specific task or tasks to be performed should be indicated.

8. Capability of organization to manage and account for funds.

9. The reasonableness of anticipated costs.

VIII. Application content

All applicants will use Standard Form 424, "Federal Assistance" in submitting project proposals. Grant applications must also include the following:

1. Assurance that applicant has complied with procedures of OMB Circular A-95, involving notification of a State or regional clearinghouse. (See Item VI, Paragraph 1 above.)

2. Description of the applicant organization, including its organizational mandate, funding sources principal officers, addresses, telephone number, and photo copies of the organization's certificate of non-profit status (S01-C-3 papers).

3. Description of the MAA's resettlement activities at present, and its experience in the activities proposed in the grant application.

4. Staffing plan, including position description and qualifications of project director and key staff.

5. Work plan for carrying out activities.

6. Management plan. A plan for fiscal and program management to accomplish proposed objectives. The plan should describe how the proposed organization intends to administer the project, train staff, maintain records and evaluate performance.

7. Proposed budget.

IX. Records and Reports

Grantees will be required to maintain such fiscal and operational records as are necessary for federal monitoring and auditing of the grant. Quarterly project progress reports will be required, due 30 days after the last day of each quarter following the effective date of the grant.

Roger P. Winter,
Director, Office of Refugee Resettlement.

[FR Doc. 80-23989 Filed 8-5-80; 10:46 am]
BILLING CODE 4110-12-M

Health Care Financing Administration

Exclusion of Heart Transplantation Procedures From Medicare Coverage

AGENCY: Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), HHS.

ACTION: Notice of HCFA ruling to discontinue medicare coverage of heart transplantation procedures.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a HCFA ruling discontinuing Medicare coverage of heart transplantation. In November, 1979, HCFA had tentatively authorized payment for heart transplantations at Stanford University Medical Center, pending development of final criteria for coverage of heart transplantations at Stanford and other institutions. However, our continuing review of the question of coverage has disclosed the existence of a number of important issues, such as patient selection and potential social and economic implications, and a lack of sufficient current information to support development of generally applicable coverage criteria. Consequently, HCFA is now excluding heart transplantations from Medicare coverage until appropriate criteria can be issued.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 13, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT: Henry J. Hehir, 301-594-8561.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the HCFA ruling reads as follows:

Exclusion of Heart Transplantation Procedures From Medicare Coverage

HCFAR 80-1

Purpose: This ruling establishes national policy regarding Medicare coverage of heart transplantation procedures.

Citations: Sections 1862(a)(1) and 1879 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395y(a)(1) and 1395pp).

Pertinent History: On November 2, 1979, HCFA authorized Medicare payments for heart transplantation procedures performed for Medicare beneficiaries at Stanford University Medical Center. This was an interim decision, based on preliminary findings by the Public Health Service (PHS) regarding the safety and efficacy of heart transplants performed at that center. The PHS recommendation followed a preliminary analysis of the clinical experience of heart transplantation at Stanford for a substantial number of patients. The recommendation was limited to heart transplants performed at Stanford because only that center, among all the cardiac transplant centers in the United States, had produced sufficient data about its transplant protocols and its success rates to permit an assessment of the medical safety and efficacy of its procedures.

It was our expectation, when reimbursement was tentatively authorized, that we soon would be able

to reach a final decision not only about coverage at that center, but also on generally applicable, broadly based criteria for Medicare coverage of heart transplantations at all facilities where such procedures might be performed. In the meantime, an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) has ruled that Medicare coverage should be extended to a Medicare beneficiary respecting a heart transplantation performed at the University of Arizona Medical Center.

As we proceeded to review Medicare coverage of heart transplants, we determined that the issues are much more complex than originally contemplated and that many of them cannot be resolved now because adequate data do not exist. There are questions, for example, concerning the patient selection process, the basis for assessing safety and efficacy at medical centers other than Stanford, the long-term social and economic consequences of the procedure, broad ethical considerations, the cost effectiveness of the procedure, and the potential, if any, for substantial expansion in the availability of heart transplantation. We have concluded that there is not sufficient information to support the development of generally applicable coverage criteria.

The Medicare statute prohibits payment for any expenses incurred for items or services "which are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member" (section 1862(a)(1) of the Social Security Act). In the absence of adequate data to determine whether heart transplantations meet this statutory requirement, we have determined that it is not appropriate to continue coverage of the procedures indefinitely. Therefore, we have terminated our tentative authorization to provide payment for heart transplantations.

At the same time, we have determined that the waiver of liability provisions in section 1879 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 1395pp) apply to heart transplantation procedures at Stanford and at the University of Arizona. Reimbursement of appropriate costs will continue to be provided with respect to Medicare beneficiaries who received heart transplantations, or who have been accepted as candidates for heart transplantations, at those centers on or before the effective date of this ruling.

As soon as possible, HCFA, in close cooperation with PHS National Center for Health Care Technology, will conduct a broad study of all aspects of Medicare coverage of heart transplants, including social, ethical, economic, and

scientific issues. The study will also examine the impact of a coverage decision on beneficiaries, the Medicare program, and competing health care providers. The study will include patient care costs for a limited number of Medicare beneficiaries accepted for transplantation at appropriate institutions.

When the results of the study have been analyzed, we will publish a proposed decision as to Medicare coverage and give the public an opportunity to participate fully in the development of the final policy, with all pertinent facts being made available for analysis.

Ruling: Effective June 13, 1980, heart transplantations and medical treatment directly associated with heart transplantation procedures are excluded from Medicare coverage, except as provided below.

Medicare payment may be made, as authorized under section 1879 of the Social Security Act, for heart transplantations and medical treatment directly associated with heart transplantations, performed on Medicare beneficiaries at Stanford University Medical Center and at the University of Arizona Medical Center, but only with respect to heart transplantations that (1) were performed on or before June 12, 1980, or (2) are performed on transplantation candidates accepted on or before June 12, 1980.

(Sections 1102, 1862(a)(1), and 1879 of the Social Security Act; 42 U.S.C. 1302, 1395y(a)(1), and 1395pp)

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 13.773 Medicare-Hospital Insurance and No. 13.774, Medicare-Supplementary Medical Insurance)

Dated: July 31, 1980.

Howard Newman,
Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration.

[FR Doc. 80-23689 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4110-35-M

Public Health Service

Office of Health Research, Statistics, and Technology; National Center for Health Care Technology; Scientific Evaluation of Medical Technology

The National Center for Health Care Technology (Center) announces that it is beginning a scientific evaluation of the clinical safety and effectiveness of electrical stimulation for treatment of facial nerve palsy. Based on this evaluation, a recommendation will be formulated to assist the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) in establishing Medicare coverage policy.

Any person or group wishing to provide the Center with information relevant to this evaluation should do so in writing no later than 30 days from the day of this notice. To enable the Center's staff to give appropriate consideration to any literature references or analyses of clinical data, a written summary no longer than 10 pages should be attached to any such material submitted.

Written material should be submitted to: National Center for Health Care Technology, Room 17A-29, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

For further information contact: D. J. Cotter, Health Science Analyst, National Center for Health Care Technology, Room 17A-29, Parklawn Building, Rockville, Maryland 20857, (301) 443-4990.

Dated: August 1, 1980.

Wayne C. Richey, Jr.,

Acting Executive Secretary, Office of Health Research, Statistics, and Technology.

[FR Doc. 80-23876 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4110-85-M

National Council on Health Care Technology; Meeting

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Act (Pub. L. 92-463) notice is hereby given that the sixth meeting of the National Council on Health Care Technology, established pursuant to the Health Research, Health Statistics, and Health Care Technology Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95-623) which advises the Secretary and the Director of the National Center for Health Care Technology on the activities of the Center will convene on Thursday, August 14, 1980 at 9:30 a.m. and Friday, August 15, 1980 at 9:00 a.m. in Room 800 of the Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201.

This meeting will be open to the public from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on August 14 and from 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. on August 15 to discuss the business of the Council and the Center. Principal consideration and discussion will be devoted to the reports of the Subcommittees on Criteria and Research Agenda, Coverage, and Grants and Contracts.

Additionally, there will be updates on Center activities including the heart transplant evaluation project, coverage issues, End Stage Renal Disease, and a report on the OTA Cost Effectiveness Study. The Council will also discuss the process for development of criteria and the process for development of criteria and standards for the use of health care technologies and finalize the Goals of the Council.

This meeting on August 14, 1980, will be closed to the public from 4:00 p.m. to adjournment in accordance with the provisions set forth in Sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5, U.S. Code, and Section 10(d) of Pub. L. 92-463, for the review, discussion, and evaluation of individual grant applications, as indicated. These proposals and applications and the discussions could reveal confidential trade secrets or material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the proposals and applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Further information regarding the Council may be obtained by contacting Sharon Paino, Acting Executive Secretary, National Council on Health Care Technology, Room 17A-43, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

Dated: July 17, 1980.

Wayne C. Richey, Jr.,

Associate Director for Program Support, Office of Health Research, Statistics, and Technology.

[FR Doc. 80-23599 Filed 8-5-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4110-85-M

Sunshine Act Meetings

Federal Register

Vol. 45, No. 153

Wednesday, August 6, 1980

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices of meetings published under the "Government in the Sunshine Act" (Pub. L. 94-409) 5 U.S.C. 552b(e)(3).

CONTENTS

	<i>Items</i>
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	1
Federal Reserve System.....	2, 3
International Broadcasting Board.....	4
Tennessee Valley Authority	5

1

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.

TIME AND DATE: 11 a.m., Friday, August 15, 1980.

PLACE: 2033 N Street NW., Washington, D.C., eighth floor conference room.

STATUS: Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: Surveillance briefing.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE

INFORMATION: Jane Stuckey, 254-6314.

[S-1488-80 Filed 8-4-80; 11:24 am]

BILLING CODE 6351-01-M

2

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.

(Committee on Employee Benefits of the Board)

"FEDERAL REGISTER" CITATION OF PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT: 45 PR, 51041, July 31, 1980.

PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED TIME AND DATE OF THE MEETING: 2 p.m., Tuesday, August 5, 1980.

CHANGES IN THE MEETING: Change in the time of the above closed meeting to 10 a.m., August 5, 1980.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE

INFORMATION: Mr. Joseph R. Coyne, Assistant to the Board (202) 452-3204.

Dated: August 1, 1980.

Theodore E. Allison,
Secretary of the Board.

[S-1483-80 Filed 8-1-80; 4:18 pm]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-M

3

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.

TIME AND DATE: 10 a.m., Monday, August 11, 1980.

PLACE: 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D.C. 20551.

STATUS: Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Personnel actions (appointments, promotions, assignments, reassignments, and salary actions) involving individual Federal Reserve System employees.
2. Any agenda items carried forward from a previously announced meeting.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE

INFORMATION: Mr. Joseph R. Coyne, Assistant to the Board (202) 452-3204.

Dated: August 1, 1980.

Theodore E. Allison,
Secretary of the Board.

[S-1484-80 Filed 8-1-80; 4:19 pm]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-M

4

BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING.

TIME AND DATE:

- 2:30 p.m., August 14, 1980.
9:30 a.m., August 15, 1980.

PLACE: Board for International Broadcasting Conference Room, Suite 430, 1030 15th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005.

STATUS: Closed, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(1) 22 CFR 1302.4 (c) and (h) of the Board's rules (42 FR 9388, Feb. 16, 1977).

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: Matters concerning the broad foreign policy objectives of the United States Government.

CONTACT PERSON FOR ADDITIONAL

INFORMATION: Arthur D. Levin, Budget and Administrative Officer, Board for International Broadcasting, Suite 430, 1030 15th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005, 202-254-8040.

[S-1485-80 Filed 8-4-80; 11:04 am]

BILLING CODE 6155-01-M

5

[Meeting No. 1250]

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY.

TIME AND DATE: 2 p.m., Monday, August 11, 1980.

PLACE: Conference room B-32, West Tower, 400 Commerce Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee.

STATUS: Open.

DISCUSSION ITEM: 1. Preliminary rate review.

ITEMS FOR ACTION: (A) Project authorization:

1. No. 3522—Design and construction of auxiliary shop/storage building for Power Service Shops, Muscle Shoals, Alabama.

(B) Purchase awards:

1. Req. No. 603009—Indefinite quantity term contract for unleaded gasoline for any TVA project or warehouse.
2. Req. No. 827480—Indefinite quantity term contract for fabricated nuclear quality reinforcing steel for Browns Ferry, Sequoyah, and Watts Bar Nuclear Plants.
3. Req. No. 823216—Seismic pipe supports for Yellow Creek Nuclear Plant.
4. Req. No. 827543—Indefinite quantity term contract for reinforcing steel for Phipps Bend Nuclear Plant.
5. Req. No. 529930—Requirement contract for wet-process phosphoric acid for Division of Chemical Operations, Sheffield, Alabama.
6. Req. No. 826975—Insulation for precipitators, ductwork, and related equipment, including installation, for Cumberland Fossil Plant.
7. Amendment to contract 71C62-54114-2 with Babcock and Wilcox Company, Lynchburg, Virginia, for Nuclear Steam Supply Systems for Bellefonte Nuclear Plant.

(C) Power items:

1. Agreements covering certain distributors' participation in TVA's systemwide load research program.
2. Transmission service agreement supplementing existing agreements with Alabama Power Company.
3. New power contract with Champion International Corporation, Courtland, Alabama, and deed and bill of sale conveying certain facilities in TVA's Nance 161-kV Switching Station to the Corporation.
4. New power contract with Fort Loudoun Electric Cooperative.
5. New power contract with Holston Electric Cooperative.
6. New power contract with Appalachian Electric Cooperative.

(D) Personnel actions:

1. Change of status for Larry H. Edwards from Assistant to the Manager, Office of Engineering Design and Construction, to Deputy Manager of Planning and Budget, Office of Planning and Budget, Knoxville, Tennessee.
2. Change of status for Douglas W. Hulme from Assistant Comptroller to Chief, Accounting Policy and Procedures Staff, Office of Planning and Budget, Knoxville, Tennessee.
3. Change of status for Donald W. Earl from Project Manager, Office of the General Manager, to Chief, Financial Analysis and Cost Management Staff, Office of Planning and Budget, Knoxville, Tennessee.
4. Change of status for Daryl R. Armentrout, Assistant to the Manager, Office

of Engineering Design and Construction, Knoxville, Tennessee.

¹5. Change of status for James B. Bussell from Chief, Management Planning Staff, Engineering Design and Construction to Assistant to the Manager, Engineering Design and Construction, Office of Engineering Design and Construction, Knoxville, Tennessee.

¹6. Change of status for Gene M. Wilhoite from Chief, Civil Engineering & Design Branch, to Assistant Director, Division of Transmission Planning & Engineering, Office of Power, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

¹7. Renewal of consulting contract with Jack E. Gilleland, Signal Mountain, Tennessee, for advice and assistance in connection with TVA's power and energy-related programs, requested by the Office of Power.

¹8. Renewal of consulting contract with Roy W. Carlson, Berkeley, California, for advice and assistance in the field of concrete dam construction and inspection, requested by the Office of Engineering Design and Construction.

¹9. Renewal of personal services contract with Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut, for performance of authorized inspection services at TVA nuclear power plant sites, requested by the Office of Engineering Design and Construction.

(E) Real property transactions:

¹1. Grant of permanent easement to the Hiwasees Utility Commission, Athens, Tennessee, for a water pipeline, affecting approximately 0.15 acre of Chicamauga Reservoir land—Tract XTCR-169WL.

¹2. Grant of permanent easement to the city of Lexington, Tennessee, for a water treatment plant expansion, affecting 1.9 acres of Beech Dam Reservation land—Tract XTBRBR-1WP.

¹3. Sale of permanent easement to AAA Communications Company, Inc., for construction, operation, and maintenance of radio and television communication systems, affecting approximately 0.05 acre of TVA's Donelson Microwave Repeater Station site—Tract XCNRS-1E.

¹4. Sale of permanent easement to Lonas Strevel to resolve an encroachment created by the construction of an apartment building, affecting 0.09 acre of Cherokee Reservoir land—Tract XCK-570B.

¹5. Filing of condemnation suits.

(F) Unclassified:

¹1. Proposed sale of surplus property—Miscellaneous warehouse items (electrical cable, conduit, pipe fittings, pipe, small tools, etc.) in various quantities at several TVA projects.

¹2. New TVA policy code relating to the management of hazardous material and waste.

¹3. Revised TVA policy code relating to mosquito control and repeal of TVA policy code relating to malaria.

¹4. Final decision of the Secretary of Labor in the dispute resulting from the 45th Annual Wage Conference between International Brotherhood of Painters and Allied Trades and TVA relative to a prevailing wage for painters.

¹5. Changes in designation of officers to certify vouchers.

Dated: August 4, 1980.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Craven Crowell, Director of Information, or a member of his staff can respond to requests for information about this meeting. Call (615) 632-3257, Knoxville, Tennessee. Information is also available at TVA's Washington Office (202) 245-0101.

[S-1487-80 Filed 8-4-80; 4:43 pm]

BILLING CODE 8120-01-M

¹Approved by individual Board members. This would give formal ratification to the Board's action.