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## GENERAL CATALOGUE

## Orange County Nurseries ${ }^{2}$,

Hardy Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrins, Vines anturoses

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## T. J. DWYER \& COMPANY <br> ESTABLISHED EIGHTEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR <br> CORNWALL NEW YORK

## A Large Saving to Buyers

We wish to call your attention to the fact that we make no charge for packing. This is a saving of at least 50 per cent. on a bill of goods. In many instances the packing costs considerable more than the stock. We claim, and have been complimented on that we pack as good and in a great many instances far better than any other nursery in the world. The men who do our packing have been with us a number of years, working at this particular line, and they thorougnly understand their business. Please take this item of packing into consideration when comparing our prices with those of others, who make a separate charge for this work.

## General Instructions

Our Shipping Season begins about March 1 st , and continues for nine months. Quite frequently we can ship stock during the months of January and February.

All Trees, Plants and Vines offered in this catalogue can be successfully planted in this climate.

Claims-All claims must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, at which time they will be carefully considered and adjusted.

Acknowledged Orders- We acknowledge all orders when received, and if you do not hear from us after a reasonable length of time, please duplicate your order, stating when and how much money you sent. Ladies please prefix Mrs. or Miss to your name as the case may warrant.

Remittance-Please remember that remit. tance by certified check, money order, postal note and registered letter should be made to us at Cornwall, N. Y.

Payments-Unless otherwise agreed payments must be made in advance. Goods sent C. O. D. when one-third the amount is sent with the order.

Fifty, five hundred and one-half dozen of a variety will be furnished at the one hundred, one thousand and dozen rates respectively.

Our Guarantee-We exercise the greatest care to have all our tress, vines and plants true to label, and hold ourselves ready on proper proof to replace any stock that may not prove true to name, free of charge or refund the amount paid for such stock.

Shipping-Plain and explicit directions should be given with every order. Always give name in full, naming the place, county, state and route for forwarding, otherwise we will use our own judgment; but upon delivery to railroad, steamboat, or express companies, our responsibllity ceases, and they alone must be held accountable for loss or delay.

Terms Cash-Orders from unknown persons must be accompanied by remittance or satisfactory reference.

Orders-Please write your orders on the order sheet that we have prepared for this purpose, and be very particular to give the name and address distinctly, and thus aid 18 to facilitate execution and prevent errors.

Order Early-Please send in your order as early as you can, the earlier the better. We fill our orders in the rotation we receive them.

Low Express Rates on Trees and PlantsExpress companies now carry trees and plants to any part of the county at a reduction of 20 per cent. from regular merchandise rates.

## Fumigation and Inspection

Our nurseries are inspected twice each year by the State Entomologist, and are kept free from all insects and pests, but in order to insure our patrons that everything is perfectly free from scale, pests, etc., we will on request fumigate any goods shipped to them.

## NOTE

We are pleased at all times to see our patrons and prospective buyers, and talk the matter over. From our 25 years experience with the different varieties of Fruits and Orna. mentals we can offer some valuable information $2 s$ to the best sorts to plant. After you have finished with your business you can spend the balance of the day at West Point, which is only six miles from us; Washington's Headquarters, which is 4 miles away, and Mt. Beacon, at Fishkill Landing, 6 miles away. If you cannot visit us don't be backward about writing for any information you may require. Wैe will be slad to belp you.

## T. J. DWYER \& CO. Order Sheet

Parties in ordering will oblige us by using this sheet, being careful to fill the spaces correctly. Please see advice on ordering given under the heading General Instructions.

## T. J. DWYER \& CO.'S NURSERIES, Cornwall, N. Y.



## AMOUNT ENCLOSED:

P. O. Order

Express Order-.-.-.-. --.-.
\$-----


\$.-.-.-
Registered Letter--.-.-...... $\$$
Postage Stamps.-.-.-.-.-. $\$$
2 Cent Stamps Preferred
Total
\$.
Date
191

VERY IMPORTANT..--No difference how often you may have written us, always give your full Address, and write your Name, Post Office, County and State plainly. By so doing you will save us much trouble, and avoid the possibility of delays and mistakes in filling your order.

WE PACK FREE everything ordered, and deliver to Freight Express or Post Office HERE. The prices in this Catalogue Supersede those of all Former Editions.


| Quantity | Names of Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Etc., Ordered | Size orAge | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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N PRESENTING the twenty-seventh edition of our general catalogue, we wish to thank our many customers for the liberal patronage extended us in the past, and to assure them of our appreciation of their continued patronage, which we shall make every effort to merit. We urgently request correspondence and trial orders from new customers, feeling confident that they will be pleased with our stock and method of doing business. We have added to our equipment and plant until we now have one of the most complete and best equipped nursery plants to be found anywhere, placing us in a position to give the best service. In issuing our catalogue, we desire especially to interest our customers and friends in our Ornamental Department. Our facilities for handling this branch of our business is unsurpassed. With our large force of experienced help, which we have expre.sly educated for this branch of our business, we are able to handle and pack in the best possible manner. Give us a trial and be convinced. It has been our aim to give plain and simple descriptions of each tree, shrub or plant recommended; to present those that are of real value under ordinary conditions, and to give full and careful directions as to soil best adapted to the growth of each, and the special care, training, pruning, etc., required for their best growth. In presenting our catalogue to the public, it is with the view of supplying the knowledge so much needed and sought for in a practical condensed form, that shall enable the home owner, occupied with the daily cares of business, to make beatitiful his surroundings, and we hope that after more than twenty-five years experience in teaching and practicing the art of Fruit growing and Ornamental gardening, we may be able to fill in a measure this long felt want. Many imperfections will no doubt be found in this book. for which kind indulgence and friendly criticism is asked, thot such imperfections may be remedied in our future catalogues.

> T. J. DWYER \& Co.

## LOCATION

Our Splendid Location makes our shipping facilities unsurpassed. Cornwall, N. Y., is situated on the west bank of the Hudson River about fifty miles from New York city. Three railroads run through the place, the West Shore, Erie and Ontario \& Western. We connect with the New York Central \& Hudson River Railroad at Newburgh, which is only four miles distant.

We Can Ship by Freight with any of the railroads named above, and by the Central-Hudson Line of Boats to New York city, also with Albany and Kingston line of boats.

We Can Forward by Express by the Nation-
al, American, Adams and Wells-Fargo \& Co. Express Companies.

Our Telegraph Office is Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y., where all messages are transmitted to our office by telephone.

Telephone-We have Local and Long Distance Telephone connections direct in our office at nursery headquarters. Our call is $55 \mathrm{~J}-1$.

Reference-As to our responsibility and good standing, we refer to the cashiers of the Cornwall Savings Bank, Cornwall, N. Y.; Highland National Bank of Newburgh, N. Y.; postmasters at Cornwall, Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y., or any business firm of this place.

## Our Advantages

Our land contains all the mineral elements needed to produce the hardiest, healthiest and thriftist trees, those which are the longest lived, and which will produce the best possible results for the planter. For these reasons we claim great advantages from our soil. This is a matter of the greatest importance to every planter. It pays to produce the best and that "only." It is one of the first laws of Nature,
that in order to obtain the best, we must have the best to produce from.

A very important feature in connection with our trees is that grown upon our heavy, strong, rich, well-drained soil, they are healthier, longer-lived, less liable to injury from extreme cold, and more productive than when taken from a light soil, and that being furnished with a more abundant supply of healthy, well-ripened and fibrous roots, they bear transplanting to a different soil and climate.

## Points on Planting of All Nursery Stock

The following points should never be overlooked:

1st. Preparation of the Soil-Prepare a rich, deep bed of mellow soil, and have the land sufficiently drained to relieve the roots from standing water. To insure a fine growth, land should te in as good condition as is required for a crop of wheat, coll or potatoes.
2. Prıning Eefore Planting-Nearly all of the trees taken from the nursery require pruning before transplanting, to balance the loss of roots, occasioned by their remoral. The tops should be shortened in by cutting off half the last season's growth of all the branches, but large bianches should not be cut off close to the trunk, as it injures the vitality of the tree.

All bloken or bruised roots should be cut off smoothly up to the sound wood, so as to hasten the emission of new roots and fibres.
3. Planting-Make the holes large enough to admit the roots without any cramming or bending, ard deep enough to bring the tree to its natural depth. The fine surface soil should be used in coveling the roots and this should be carefully worked among them. If the ground is dry, it is well to pour in some water when the ho!e is ! $\mathbf{t}$.lly filled. See that the glound is firmy ana sulidy packed over all parts of the root by exerting the full weight of the planter upon it, so that there will be
no oppostunity for dry air or frost to enter and destioy roots deprived of the full benefit of ti.eir natural protection. Omission to pack the ealth solidly is a most flequent cause of failure in planting nursery stock. Fill the holes full elough to be evell with the surrounding surface after the fresh earth settles. Always remove the label when planting. If this is left until the toee is grown, the conlecting wire often cuts into and destioys the thee or branch to which it is attached. Nerer use manure in contact with loots. When planting dwaf trees set them low enough to cover the stock upon which they are budded, but not lower. Laıge standand trees should be staked and tied, so that the wind will not loosen the routs. This should be so done that the bards will not chafe the trees.

4th. Mulching-When tiees or bushes are planted, they should be muched or covered with a layer of coarse manure or litter from thiee to six inches deep for a space of say two feet more in diameter than the extent of the roots. This keeps the earth moist and of even temperature.
ithi. After Culture-Grass should not be allowed to grow about young-trees or plants. The ground should not be cultirated for a s.are of at least one foot outside the roots. If the ground is poor it should be enriched with surface applications of manure.

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Spraying has come to be an established part of fruit growing. With all that has keen witten upon the subject the fruit grower should be competent to perform the ordinary spraying of his trees witnout futher advice; but to those who may not be familiar with the methods and practice, we should say procure a copy of Bulletin No. 101 by Prof. L. H. Bailey, from the Cornell University Experiment Station, Ithaca, N. Y., in which will be found the most important points regarding sprays, arranged in such a manner that the grower can see at a glance what to apply, when and how to make applications.

The following ase the formulas in general use:

## SPRAYING FORMULAS.

## FUNGICIDES.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE.
Copper Sulphate (Blue Vitrol)......... 4 lbs. Quick or Stone Lime..................... 4 lbs. Water
$45-50$ gals.

Dissolve the copper Sulphate in an earthen or wooden ressel with 3 gallons of hot water; or preferably, put it in a coarse sack, as burlap or cheese cloth, and hang this in 4 to 6 gallons of water near the surface. When dissolved pour into tine spraying barrel, and fill the barrel alout half full of water. Slake the lime, dilute it to 10 to 15 gallons, and pour this milk of lime into the barrel through a wire stıainer. Do not mix the Copper Sulphate aud lime when less diluted than this, as the resulting Bordeaux is likely to be lumpy, will settle quickly, and is more liable to burn the foliage. Add water to fill the barrel and stir the mixture well for a few minutes. Agitate frequently while it is being applied.

If spraying peaches or Japan plums, use 2 pounds of Copper Sulphate instead of 6, and add excess lime. The mixture itself should always be made fresh for each application, but a stock solution of lime and Copper Sulphate may be kept separately and will be good economy when the spraying operations ale extensive.

A stock solution of Copper Sulphate suffici-
ent for a day's spraying in most cases may be made by dissolving 36 lbs . of Blue Vitrol in 36 gallons of water. For each barrel of Bordeaux use 2 or 6 gallons of this solution, according to the plants to be sprayed. Keep this tock solution tightly covered to prevent evaporation. In the same way 36 lbs. of quick lime may be slacked in as many gallons of water, and used as the copper solution; or it may be slacked with just enough water to make a putty, which will keep indefinitely if covered with water.

## CONTACT INSECTICIDES. <br> (For sucking insects.)

## KEROSENE AND WATER MIXTURE.

This may be used in any case where Kerosene Emulsion or whale oil soap has been recommended in the past. It is more economical than the emulsion, and is easier to apply. For
scale insects use a 15 per cent. to 25 per cent. mixture; 5 per cent. strength is strong enough for such insects as mealy bugs, plant lice and thrips. Cabbage worms, currant worms and other soft-bodied insects may also be treated successfully.

PARIS GREEN SOLUTION.
For Codlin moth on apple trees, 1 lb . of Paris Green to 200 gallons of water. Stir wely before and while using and apply with a spraying pump, throwing the solution well over the trees, so that it will fall and cover the leaves and fruit.

For peacn, plum and cherry trees, 1 lb . of Paris Green to 250 or 300 gallors of water and 1 lb. of quicklime (slacked) added to the solution.

For quince and pear trees, 1 lb . of Paris Green to 200 gallons of water and 1 lb . of lime, as akove.


## Distance forPl anting Hedg. Plants

Am. Arbor Vitae Evergreen, 12-15 inch apart Norway Spruce Evergreen....12-15 inch apart Dwarf Box for edging, Evergreen, 4 incn apart California Privet Deciduous, 10 inches apart in single row, 1 foot apart in double row.

Spireas and Althea, 2 feet apart.
Japan Quince, 2 feet apart.
Barberry, 2 feet apalt.
Rosa Rugosa, 15 inches apart.

Number of Trees or Plants on an Acre at V rious Distances

|  | 4,840 | $12 \times 12$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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4x4 ........................................... . 2,729 , 15x15 ............................................ 200
5x5 .......................................... 1,742 18x18 ........................................... . . . 135

6x6 ......................................... 1,200 20x20 ............................................. 110
$8 \times 8$........................................... 680 25x25 ........................................... . . . . 70
10x10 ....................................... 430 30x30 ............................................... . . .

## How to Care for Trees, Plants and Vines

It sometimes happens that purchasers are not ready to plant their trees, plants and vines as soon as received. When this is the case the stock should be "heeled" in the ground; this is done by making a trench, placing the roots in it, leaving the tree or plant in a slanting position, covering the roots carefully with soil and pressing the earth firmly acout the roots with the use of the feet. Trees, plants and vines, when properly "heeled" in these trenches, can be kept in good condition for several months while the stock is in a dormant condition.

Stock that is received in a Dry or Frozen Condition should also be placed deeply in these trenches, with the soil firmly pressed about the roots and two-thirds of the trunk and branches bulied in the earth in this way. Twenty-four hours is the usual prescribed time to keep stock under this treatment, but three full days is none too long, and when dry or frozen stock is held over in this way for that length of time, it is quite a guarantee that it will come out in good vigorous order. When stock is excessively dry, water should be used about the roots, but in no other way.

## (') e Cannot Rep'ace Stock Gratis

The success of trees and plants depend on the good treatment and management they receive after leaving our hands. We have no control over their planting and subsequent care, therefore cannot be beld resnonsible for their future. Stock may be killed by excessive watering, or in cases of extreme drought from lack of moisture, by too deep or too shallow planting, or by exposing its roots to the wind or sun for an injurious length of time. If the stock is not alive and in good condition when received, please advise us of the fact at once, bearing in mind that we always give
ous pations the benefit of any doubt that may exist.

Plants by Mail-Strawberries, Raspberries, Blackberıies and Grapes can be sent by mail by the following postage rates, in addition to prices named:

Strawberries- 5 cts. per $15 ; 20$ cents per 50 ; 40 c cts. per 100.

Raspberries- 20 cts. per 15: 40 cts. per 50 ; 60 cts. per 100.

Grapes- 25 cts. per $15 ; 50$ cts. per $50 ; \$ 1.00$ per 100 .

Blackberries- 5 cts. per 15; 40 cts. per 50 ; 60 cts. per 100.


The strawberry is pre-eminently a home fruit because it is so easily grown, comes into bearing at one year or less from the time of planting and produces a large quantity of fruit that is much superior to that wnich may be found in the markets. All that is required for success is a deep, new rich soil, thorough cultivation, and a good supply of moisture at the time of ripening. The land should be made rich by plowing or spading, under a liberal dressing of manure, and be made fine and mellow before planting. For best and quick results add $1 / 4$ to $1 / 2$ ton per acre of any good fruit or vine fertilizer, and after being thoroughly worked into the surface soil, the plant should be set as early in the spring as the land will work up fine and mellow. After the bed or row has been established, all runners must be cut off as soon as started and the land be kept clean and cultivated up to the time the ground freezes in the fall. During the winter the bed should be covered with a light much of hay, straw or other material free from weed seeds, to prevent the alternation of freezing and thawing when the ground is not covered with snow. In the spring, after growth begins, this covering should be drawn from the crowns of the plants into the space between the rows where it will serve as a mulch and protect the fruit from becoming covered with dirt during heavy rains. The varieties listed in this catalogue are found generally satisfactory in a wide range of territory. The insects or fungous growths that are seriously injurious to the straw. berry may be largely overcome by thorough and clean cultivation.

## Ground Layer Strawberry Plants

President (Pistillate)-The President is a strong grower with large, luxuriant, dark foliage. Fruit stalks, thick and erect, carrying large clusters of beautiful berries, absolutely uniform in shape, almost round; flesh solid without any pithy core; color, rich crimson; exceedingly productive and produces fancy fruit to the end of the season.

Price, one dozen, 35 cts.; 100, $\$ 1 . ; 1,000, \$ 5$.
Oom Paul (Perfect Flowers)-Will stand shipment with any of the very large varieties and we believe better than most of them. Is of fine color and of good quality. Extra large berries always command fancy prices. Valuable for home or commercial purposes. Is free from rust.

Price, one dozen, 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 1 ; 1,000, \$ 5$.
New York (Perfect Flowers)-In productiveness it is hard to believe that it has an equal. Berries dark scarlet, changing to crimson when fully ripe, coloring all over at once; excelent in quality.

Price, per dozen, 35cts.; 100, \$1; 1,000, $\$ 5$.
Parsons (Perfect Flowers)-Fruit medium to large; color, a beautiful shade of light red; fine flavor. Ripens with the mid-season berries. Can be grown successfully for either home use or commercial purposes.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1 ; 1,000, \$ 5$.
Nick Ohmer (Perfect Flowers)-The fruit is of the very largest size, a giant among strawberries. Color dark glossy red, firm and of excellent flavor. This berry is highly spoken of by good authorities.

Should be in every garden where size, color and high quality are the first consideration. It ripens late in the season.

Price, per dozen, 30 cets.; $100, \$ 1 ; 1,000, \$ 5$.

Marshall (Perfect Flowers)-It is beyond doubt one of the largest berries yet introduced; the plants are the rankest growers; away ahead of all others in this respect. In snape conical very regular, each berry like the other; the color is a dark red crimson; the flesh is solid and dark red; flavor is the very finest.


MARSHALL.
It is possible to ship this berry hundreds of miles.

It ripens with the early berries and continues in fruit until very late in the season. As to productiveness it will not yield as many berries as some varieties, but when measured in quarts it will be above the average. On account of its large, luxuriant foliage it will stand the severest drought and protect its flowers from late frosts.

Price for strong layer plants per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$5.00.

Brandywine (Perfect Flowers) - The berries are very large, handsome and attractive to the
eye. The fruit is large and fine quality, firm and shapely, foliage of thriftiest. In general it is heart shape. Flesh red, firm and solid for so large a berry. Vines exceedingly prolific, continues a long time in fruit, a very profitable variety.
Price, per dozen, $25 \mathrm{cts}. ; 100,90 \mathrm{cts}$; 1,000, $\$ 5.00$.

Wm. Belt (Perfect Flowers)-The plant is very large, a most luxuriant grower and remarkably productive. Mid-season in ripening. Its size is very large. In form it is conical, rather long and quite uniform in shape. The color is a brilliant, glossy red. It ripens


## WM. BELT

all over without green tips. The quality is good, better than is usually found in large berries. Avaluable variety for either home use or for market purposes.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 5.00$.

Glen Mary (Perfect Flowers)-It is productive of very large fruit of nearly round uniform shape. The color is light red. The flavor is very good. The last of the fruit is quite as large as the first that ripens. It is very productive, a valuable variety for a nearby market, or for home use where quality is the first consideration.

Price, per dozen, 25 cts.; 100, 80 cts.; 1,000, $\$ 5.00$.

Bubach (Pistillate)-Plants are strong, rampant, healthy growers, one of the best for market. The fruit is firm, of good flavor, dark rich color, and pleasing appearance. Season second early. It can stand the severest droughts, having very large foliage to protects its fruit. Its attractive appearance and large size makes its a valuable berry for commercial purposes.

Price, per dozen, 25 cts.; $100, \$ 1 ; 1,000, \$ 6$.
Sharpless (Perfect)-The plant is exceedingly large and vigorous quite free from rust or blight. It demands well enriched soil and is one that will bring the home grower fine fruit.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 6.00$.

Lovett's Early (Perfect)-Its color is dark red. One of the best shippers we have. It is a perfect flowering variety, prolific and a good
market berry.
Per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, 80 cents; $1,000, \$ 6.00$.
Gandy (Perfect Flowers) -This superb late variety is second to none as a fine, handsome, beautiful, firm, fine flavored, late berry. The fruit always brings the highest market price. This is one of the most profitable berries to grow for a fancy market or for home use,


GANDY
where quality is the first consideration. The plant is a strong, compact grower; productive of large size, handsome, regular berries, winich hold out large to the last picking.
Price, per dozen, 30 cts ; 100, 80 cts.; 1,000, $\$ 5.00$.

Downing's Bride (Perfect)-Medium to late. It attracted general attention and visitors placed liberal orders so as to be sure of getting it. The berries piled up and were so rich we felt the necessity of preparing for a bid demand.
Per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 6.00$.
Cumberland Triumph (Perfect)-An old reliable, early berry of fine flavor, desirable for nome use.
Per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 6.00$.
Jessie (Perfect)-Very early productive, fruit very large, light crimson in color, firm and flavor of the best. One of the best varieties we have.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 5.00$.
Sample (Pistillate)-Plants good growers, fruit large, round and dark crimson in color and of good quality. It is productive and highly spoken of wherever fruited.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 5.00$.
Senator Dunlap (Perfect) - Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality; one of the best for canning; ripens early and continues a long time.

Per dozen, $30 \mathrm{cts}$. ; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 6.00$.
Excelsior (Perfect)-EARLY. A very vigorous grower. Requires a sandy loam soil. Berries quite tart, but rich; all the same size and holds up well throughout the season.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 6.00$.
August Luther (Perfect)-EXTRA EARLY. It nas bright but rather dark red flesh, firm enough for shipping.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 6.00$.

Schofield-Loved by everyone on account of its enormous size, bright red color, and rich aromatic flavor peculiar to itself. The plant is very large with an extra broad thick leaf. Early to late.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 5.00$.
Silver Coin-In brief, this candidate for public favor is a mid-season variety and is believed to excel, by far, all others of its season in uniting desirable properties. Its salient points are its exquisite color, luscious flavor and great productiveness. The berries are not only large, but very nearly all of them are large, even those that ripen at the close of the season; and they are the most uniform in size and shape of any variety we have ever grown.

After the past season's fruiting of Silver Coin we can safely recommend it to our pa-
trons as a first-class berry in every respect, and one that has come to stay. You will make no mistake by planting largely of this superb variety.

Per dozen, 50 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50 ; 1,000, \$ 8.00$.
Commonwealth-This most valuable very late strawberry was raised by a gentleman in Massachusetts, and is the result of his effort to produce a berry which would perceptibly lengthen the strawberry season. In the Commonwealth we have a berry as large as the largest-as productive as any of the large fruiting varieties, and as fine flavored and juicy and as dark colored as any strawberry grown.

Per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 6.00$.
NOTE-We grow about all the different varieties of Strawberries and any sorts wanted not listed above we can furnish at about the same price.


# Pot Grown Strawberry Plants 

pot-grown Strawberries Plants in the United States. Our pot-grown plants are wintered in cold frames and can be removed with entire safety at any time our customers desire to have them shipped. We beg to advise our clients to set their plans as early as it is possible to work the soil. Please bear in mind you will get a heavy yield the coming summer, being one year over the ordinary layer plants, which is worth much more than the difference in first cost.

Our stock of potted plants is limited, and even now as we go to press, we are quite well sold up. Send in your order now for shipment during the early Spring and you will enjoy some nice, fresh, luxurious Strawberries during the coming Summer.

## Varieties and Prices of Pot Grown Strawberry Plants

|  | Per Doz. | Per 25. | Per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nick Ohmer. | 60c | \$1.00 | \$2.50 |
| Sampe | 60c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Lovett's Early | 60 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Marshall | 60 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Brandwine | 60c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| President | 75 c | 1.25 | 3.00 |
| New York. | 60 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Wm. Belt. | 60 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Glen Mary. | 60 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Silver Coin | . \$1.00 | 1.75 | 5.00 |
| Commonwealth | 80c | 1.50 | 4.00 |
| Downing's Bride | 75 c | 1.25 | 3.00 |
| Bubach | 50c | 80 c | 2.50 |
| Gandy | 50c | 80 c | 2.50 |


| Triumph | 50c | 80c | 2.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sharpless | 50c | 80 c | 2.50 |
| Parson's Early | 60c | 1.00 | 2.50 |
| Oom Paul. | 75 c | 1.25 | 3.00 |
| Senator Dunlap | 50 c | 1.00 | 2.75 |
| Excelsior | 50 c | 1.00 | 2.75 |
| August Luther. | 50c | 1.00 | 2.75 |
| Schofield | 50c | 1.00 | 2.75 |
| Jessie | 50 c | 1.00 | 2.50 |

Should you need 1,000 or more of our PotGrown Plants, please write us, naming the varieties you are in need of, when we will give you special quotations.
We can furnish most any variety not listed above in potted plants.

## Raspberries

## Red Raspberries

After preparing the ground the same as you would for strawberries, set the plants six feet apart between the rows and eighteen inches apart in the rows, thus making a continuous row of fruiting, which gives one-third more fruit than by the hill system. The fruit of the Red Raspberry should be gathered every day for if allowed to remain long on the bushes, it decays quickly in moist weather. The pruning, training and care are practically the same as for the Blackberry, and clean cultivation or mulching rather more of a necessity.

The Loudon Raspberry-The fruit is very large, exceptionally firm, of fine, rich, attractive color, and of the best flavor. The canes are fully as large and strong as the Cuthbert. plants, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50 ; 1,000$, $\$ 8.00$.


Golden Queen Raspberry-Yellow variety. It is, without doubt one of the best flavored fruits we have ever tasted, and this voices the opinion of many who have tested the berry on our grounds. The canes have never been harmed in the least during the winter months and they have always borne an immense quantity of fruit.

Plants, per dozen, 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 3.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 20.00$.

Cuthbert-The best late nardy Red Raspberry, a variety that adapts itself to all conditions of soil and climates. The canes make a strong, vigorous growth and are exceedingly productive of large, late, good flavored fruit, which holds its size to the end of the season. The berries are dark crimson in color and quite firm.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 8.00$.

Miller Red Raspberry-Berry is round in shape, color bright red; core very small, does not crumple, nas rich, fruity flavor. The time of ripening is the very earliest.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 8.00$.

Marltoro-The canes of Marlboro are strong, hardy and productive; the fruit is as large as the Cuthbert, crimson in color, holds out large to the last picking and arrives in the market in good condition.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 8.00$.

The King-The earliest Red Raspberry. Large fruit, light crimson, quality excellent.

Per dcz., 30 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 8.00$.
Ruby-This is without doubt one of the very best Red Raspberries under cultivation the present day. It is perfectly hardy, throwing out strorg, healthy canes which bear abundance of large crimson colored fruit, ripening a few days after the Cuthbert. The fruit holds out large to the last picking and arrives in the market in good condition.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 8.00$.

NOTICE-We have on hand a large stock of selected, heavy fruiting canes of the above varieties which will bear the earliest possible moment after being planted. For any one in a hurry for fruit they are the best to plant.

Price for any of the above varieties except Golden Queen, in large stock, per dozen, 50 cts.; per 100, \$1.75.

Herbert-This is a new variety which comes to us higthly recommended by good authorities. We have not yet fruited this variety but have seen it fruited further north tnan we are where the weather conditions are colder and much more unfavorable. A 36 foot row of Herbert for 2 years produced at the rate of 205 bushels per acre. The fruit is crimson in color, holds out large to the last picking and arrives in the market in first-class condition.

Price per dozen, 75 cts.; per $100, \$ 6.00$.

## Cap Raspberries---Pink Varieties

Columbian (Pink Cap)-The Columbian is a vigorous grower, with large fruiting canes, fully as large as the Snaffer, which is the most rampant grower and prolific yielder we have yet seen. In quality it is an improvement on the Shaffer, being sweeter when ripe and of higher flavor.

Plants, 3 for 15 cts.; 12 for 50 cts.; 100 for $\$ 3.00$.

Shaffer's Colossal (Pink Cap)-The canes are strong, hardy and productive of large, handsome fruit, the last of the berries even larger than the first. It is a valuable addition to the cap family and especially valuable for preserving.

Price, per dozen, 30 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50$.

Hymaker-This variety has been thoroughly tested and has never failed to make a good record. The Haymaker is not so dark as Shaffer or Columbian and much larger and firmer than either of those varieties. Never crumbles and stands up well in shipping. The Haymaker has demonstrated its great merit in time of drought, having passed through several droughts unharmed. It certainly has four points of superiority, viz: vigorous growth, hardiness, productivenss and quality.

After the past season's fruiting of the Haymaker at our nurseries, we can safely recommend it to our patrons. It certainly is a valuable acquisition to the Pink Cap family and should be in every garden.

Price, 12 for 50 cts.; 100 for $\$ 4.00$.

## Cap Raspberries.--Black Varieties

The "Business Black Cap."-CumberlandIn hardiness and productiveness it is unex-
celled by any other variety. In size the fruit is simply enormous, far surpassing any other sort.

The bush is exceedingly healthy and vigorous, throwing out stout stocky canes, well adapted for supporting their immense load of large, beautift fruit. We advise our patrons to plant liberally of this variety.

Price for strong, young, up plants, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.75$. Mills-A promising variety from New York State; of Gregg type, but earlier and hardier. Large, sweet and productive. Per doz., 40c.; 100, $\$ 1.50$.

Kansas-A . most. desirable Black Cap in every respect. The canes are magnificent, strong, vigorous growers, of ironclad hardiness, immensely productive of jet black fruit of large size, and are very attractractive, hence a first-class market berry, as well as one of the best for family use. The Kansas ripens in mid-season, and the fruit is very firm.

Price, per doz., 40c.; 100, \$1.50.
Souhegan-Enormously prolific of jet back berries, and the best in quality of any blackcap; the very earliest to ripen.

Price, per dozen, 40 c cts.; $100, \$ 1.50$.
Gregg-Requires a good, strong soil to produce best results, and responds liberally to generous treatment.

Price, per dozen, 40 c cts.; $100, \$ 1.50$.

$\square$
..Plant in fall or very early spring, in rows from 6 to 8 feet apart, or in hills, 4 to 6 feet, allowing a space of one square foot for each cane; and all suckers not desired for the next season's fruiting, must be treated as weeds. The critical time of growth is when the fruit
is ripening, a large amount of moisture being needed to produce the best fruit: and to secure this the surface soil should be stirred once or twice each week or a mulch 2 to 3 inches thick be spread over the surface, to keep the canes upright; when loaded with finit, they may be tied to stakes, or be sup-
ported by tying to wires stretched on each side of the rows, 12 or 15 inches apart. When grown in a strong soil, the canes, if made to branch by pinching, will be large enough to stand up without support. Under good cultvation the Blackberry is very little troubled by insects or fungous pests, but it will generally be best to spray the bushes before they start into growth, and again just before the blossoms open, with Bordeaux mixture for the leaf blight, rust and anthracnose, which are sometimes destructive in very moist and warm weather, especially if the growth is rather weak.


RATHBURN.
Mesereau-This variety originated in western New York, where the mercury falls below zero each winter. The plants have never yet been injured in the least during the Winter months. It remains in bearing as late as September 1 to 10 , the fruit selling for two or three cents higher per quart than other varieties. Its extreme hardiness, large size, great productiveness and delicious quality makes it a valuable acquisition.
Price, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 2.50$.
Ancient Britton-One of the best varieties

Very vigorous, healthy and hardy, producing large fruit stems, laden with good size berries of fine quality that carry well and bring highest price in market.

Price, per doz., 40 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50 ; 1,000, \$ 14$.
Erie-It is the best hardy variety yet introduce. very productive, foliage clean and healthy, free from rust; fruit large, about the size of Lawton; ripens early; a valuable and profitable standard variety and largely grown for commercial purposes.

Price, per doz., 40 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.50 ; 1,000, \$ 14$.
Rathbun-A Blackberry that proved to be entirely hardy, having withstood a temperature of fifteen degrees below zero uninjured. The berries are large, with large pips and small seeds. They have no hard core, in fact no core is perceived in eating; all is soft, sweet, luscious, with a high flavor.

Price for strong plants, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 2.00 ; 1,000, \$ 16.00$.

Lovett's Best Blackberry-At the Orange County Nurseries we have found this variety to be a good grower. The fruit is very large, handsome and of excellent flavor.

Price, per doz., 40 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.50 ; 1,000, \$ 14$.
Eldorado-In flavor it is one of the most delicious berries we have eaten. It has never winter killed or failed to produce a crop of the finest fruit, while it is of superior flavor and very large. The fruit has no hard core, and is jet black, in large clusters, ripening well together. Its keeping quality is unsurpassed.

Price, 12 for 50 cts.; $100, \$ 2.00 ; 1,000, \$ 16$.
Minnewaski-A valuable variety for home use and grown largely and profitably for market by many fruit growers. Canes hardy, very productive, strong growing, free from disease; fruit large, early, of good quality.

Price, per doz., 40 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50 ; 1,000, \$ 14$.
In addition to the above varieties, we have in stock in large quantities the following well know sorts which we confidential recommend to our customers.

Lawton, Taylor's Prolific, Snyder, Wilson, all hardy; Wilson Early, Early Harvest, not hardy in the North; good Southern sorts. Price for any of the preceding five varieties, doz., 40 cts.; $100, \$ 1.50 ; 1,000$, $\$ 14.00$.

Prices quoted on quantities.

| 1 Currants |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Vigorous young plants one or two years old, should be planted in rich, rather moist soil, in hills 4 by 6 feet apart. Thorough and clean cultivation must be given and an annual dressing of two or three shovelfuls of good stable manure put about the bushes in the fall, or an equal value of some good fruit fertilizer be applied in the spring. The pruning needed consists of cutting out the old wood, that is more than three or four years old, in such a way as to give the bushes an upright form and produce a young and vigorous wood upon which only a large and fine fruit can be grown. During the time of ripening, much fruit will be saved from being spattered with
soil if a mulch of 2 or 3 inches is put around under the bushes.

Victoria-Ripens ten to twelve days later than the Cherry. Especially desirable for the home use, and also valuable as a market berry. One year, doz., 50 cts.; $100, \$ 3.00 ; 1,000$, $\$ 30.00$. Two year, doz., 60c.; 100, $\$ 4.50$.

White Grape-Very large yellowish white; sweet or very mild acid; excellent quality and valuable for the table; the finest of the white sorts. Very productive and a most desirable Currant. One year, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 3.00$; two year, doz., 60 cts.; 100, \$4.50.

Lee's Prolific-It is earlier than Black Maale, and of superior quality; larger, longer clusters, and even more productive than that
prolific kind. One year, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 3.00$; two year, doz., 60 cts.; 100, $\$ 4.50$.

Wilder (President Wilder)-Bush upright, vigorous; clusters above medium length; berries large to a very large, bright red excellent with a mild sub-acid flavor: Ripens early and remains bright and firm until very late.

Price, one year plants, doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 3.00$; two year plants, doz., 60 cts.; 100, $\$ 4.50$.


THE PERFECTION

Perfection--Awarded the Barry Gold Nedal by the Western N. Y. Horticultural Society because of its superior merit; the first fruit to achieve this distinction. It is a beautiful Currant; the color is a particularly bright red Berry and bunch is larger than Fay's Prolific and the size is well maintained to the end of the bunch. A valuable feature is its long stem from the bush to the first berry, making it easy to pick without crushing the fruit. It is a great bearer, superior to any other large sort. Rich, mild, sub-acid, plenty of pulp with few seeds. Less acid and of better quality than any other large currant in cultivation.

We fruited the Perfection at our nurseries last season and rie can assure you that you will not make a mistake in planting largely of this variety. It is fully worthy of all that is said about it.

Price, 2 year strong bushes, 12c. each; $\$ 1.30$ per doz.; $\$ 11.00$ per 100 .

Price, selected bushes, 25c. each; doz., \$2.50.
Red Cross-The plant makes twice the growth of Cherry, and yields double the amount of fruit.

Two year plants, each 15 cts.; per doz., 75 cts.; $100, \$ 4.50$.

Fay's Prolific-This has fully sustained the broad claims which were made for it by the disseminator upon its introduction: and it is decidedly the best red currant we have. It has been widely phated, and has given general satisfaction. This is a strong grower, wonderfully prolific, and comes into bearing early. Fruit large, bright red and of good flavor: Those who want a prolific red currant should plant this variety.

One year, per doz., 50 cts.; per 100, $\$ 3.00$. Price, two years, per doz. 60 cts.; per 100. $\$ 4.50$.

Cherry-This is the old established standard variety of red currant. Very prolific, of
fine large bunches, of most beautiful crimson berries. A splendid variety for home use, and excellent as a market berry. One year, doz., 50 cts.; $100, \$ 3.00$; two year, doz., 60 cts.; $100, \$ 4.50$.

Write for special prices on any of the above varieties in large quantities.

## SELECTED.

W'e have in stock .? year old plants of any of the alove mentioned varieties except Perfection that will bear a good crop of Fruit the first season after being "lanted. Our stock of this grade is limited al d we con offer them at the following !rices while they last:

Fach, 15 cts.; doz., $\$ 1.50 ; 100, \$ 6.00$.


Gooseberries require the same treatment in planting, pruning and cultivation as recommended for the currant

Industry - The best English Gooseveiry yet introduced. Of vigolous= upright growth, great est cropper and more free from mildew than any of the English varieties; berries of the largest size, one and one-half inches in diameter, and one of the
 most excellent flavor.
both pleastnt and rich; color, when fully ripe, dark red.

Price. one year, each 15c.; per doz., \$1.50; two years, each, 20c.; per doz., \$2.00.

Chautauqua-A vigorous, upright grower and wonderfully prolific. Berries large, pale yellow, smooth, very sweet, and of exquisite flavor.

Plants, one year, each 20 cts.: per doz., \$1.50. Plants, two years, each, $30 \mathrm{cts} ;$ per doz., $\$ 2.50$.

Columbus-Fruit large, oval; skin greenish yellow, smooth, of the highest quality.

Price, two year plants, each 20 cts.; doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Red Jacket-Fruit of excelent quality. This berny seems to be of special value on account of its claim to be mildew proof.

Plants, on year, each 15 cts.: per doz., \$1.50. Plants, two years, each 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Houghton-A medium sized American variety; fruit smooth, red, tender and very good; bear's abundant and regular crops. Free from mildew and sure to bear a crop even under neglect.

One year plants, per doz., \$1.00; two year plants. per doz., \$1.50.

Downing-V'ery popular, large, pale green, good gnality: bush vigorons, hardy and prolific. One of the best varieties ever introduced.

Price one year plants, per doz., \$1.25; mice, two year plants. per doz., $\$ 1.50$.

Prices on quantities quoted on application.

There is a great scarcity on Gooseberries and we would advise any one who wishes to plant them to get their order in at once, for the prices are bound to advance very soon.

## Dewberry

Lucretia-Is the best variety in cultivation. Ripens a few days in advance of the blackberry, and is productive of large, fine flavored, luscious fruit without any core. Especially valuable for home consumption, where it will be highly appreciated for its large size, beautiful color and superb flavor. It is also profitable as a market berry and is grown extensively for this purpose by many large fruit growers. Be coming more popular each year.
Price. per doz., 30 cts.; 25, 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.25 ; 1,000, \$ 8.00$.

## Dwarf Juneberry

The fruit is twice the size of the Huckleber-
ry, matures in June, is round, reddish purple at first, changing to bluish black when fully rips. In flavor it is similar to the swamp huckleberry, which it resembles in appearancce also. It is rich, sub-acid, delicious, and is excellent for cooking. Avery profuse bearer.

Plants, 15 cts. each; 2 for 25 cts.; 6 for 40 cts.; 12 for 75 cts.

## Japanese Wineberry

The canes are covered with purplish red hari. The fruit is borne in clusters, and eacs berry is at first tightly enveloped by a large calyx forming a sort of burr, which is covered with purplish red hair so thickly as to present the appearance of moss rose buds. When the fruit matures, this bud pops open and displays the fruit. In color it is a bright red.

Price, 3 plants for 30 cts.; 6 plants for 60 . cts.; 12 plants for $\$ 1.20 ; 100$ plants for $\$ 15.00$.
 it is close and moist, with but little light, air,

and sunlight, it is sure to be attacked by mildews, rot and anthracnose. The conditions of success in growing the grape are a moderately vigorous growth of vine well spread out to the full sunlight and air, forcing the growth into a few canes, these bearing the fruit the present season and those that are to bear the fruit the next season; all other parts of the vine being prevented from growing by pinching as soon as they have made one new leaf, after the last pinching and thinning the fruit so that the vines shall not be exhausted by overbearing. The best support for the vines to run on is galvanized iron wire, as the tendrils of the vines will cling to this; it is less expensive and the vines require less tying to keep them in place than if train edto a wooden trellis.

Moores' Diamond-A prolific bearer, bunches large, handsome and compact, slightly shouldered; color delicate, greenish white.

Price, one year, each 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.25$. Price, two years, each 25 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Eaton-The bunches are very large, compact and shouldered. The fruit is enormous, black and handsome in appearance.

Price, one year, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.50$. Two years, each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Agawam-Red, berries large, skin thick; fiesh pulpy, meaty, juicy, rich.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.25$; per hundred, $\$ 6.00$.

Brighton-Red, berries medium, skin thin, flesh tender, sweet.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 75 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.25$; per hundred, $\$ 7.00$.

Catawba-Dark red, berries large, rich flavor of best quality.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 50 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 4.00$. Two years, each 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$.

Pocklington-Pale green, berries very large. flesh juicy, sweet, with considerable pulp, and foxy.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 75 cts. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$

Concord-Black early, berries large, flesh juicy, sweet.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 50 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 4.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$.

Worden-Black, skin thin. It is superior to the Concord. It is better in quality, larger berry, ripens from five to ten days earlier.

Price, one year each, 10 cts.; per doz., 75 cts., per hundred, $\$ 4.00$. Two years, each, 75 cents; per doz., $\$ 1.25$; per hundred, $\$ 6.00$.

Empire State-White, bunch medium, long, compact, berries medium, quality best.

Price, one year, each, 15 cts.; per dozen, 75 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 7.00$.

Campbell's Early-Very productive of large, handsome clusters; of most exquisite flavor; the berries are round with a delightful bloom; color is black, the skin is thin, but firm.

Price, one year old vines, 15 cts.; doz., $\$ 1.50$. Price, two year old vines, 20 cts.; doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Moores' Early (Black)-Bunch not quite as large as Concord, but berries larger and very much like it in flavor and quality. Produces a heavy crop. Ripens very early and is nearly out of market before Concord is ripe, and hence brings a comparatively high price.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; doz., 75 cts.; hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; doz., $\$ 1.25$; hundred, $\$ 8.00$.

Delaware-Red, bunch small, compact, berries small, skin thin but firm, flesh juicy, very sweet and refreshing, of best quality for both table and wine.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 75 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.25$; per hundred, $\$ 7.00$.

Niagara-White, bunch very large and handsome, berries large, round, skin thin, melting, sweet; ripens with oCncord.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz., 60 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 4.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 7.00$.

Lady Washington (White)-Large, late and juicy.

Price, one year, each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.50$. Two years, each, 25 cents; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Lady-An early white grape hardy and pro ductive, excellent in flavor, very desirable for home use.

Price, one year, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$. Two years, each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.50$.
Wyoming Red-The earliest good red grape we grow; bunch small, skin bright red, fruit sweet.

Price, one year, each, 10 cts.; per doz. , 75 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 5.00$. Two years, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.00$; per hundred, $\$ 7.00$.

Woodruff Red-A large, red handsome gape, flavor sprightly and pleasant.

Price, one year, each, 15 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.25$. Two years, each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

Wilder-Ripens with oCncord. Bunch and berry very large; vine vigorous and prolific. One of the best black varieties.
Price, one year old vines, each, 10 cts.; doz., 75 cts . Two year old vines, each 15 cts.; doz., \$1.00.

Early Ohio-The- bunches are large, com pact and handsome, berries medium, and of a sprightly pleastnt flavor.

Price, one year, each, 15 cts.; doz., \$1.50; hundred, $\$ 8.00$. Price, two years, each, 20 cts ; doz., $\$ 2.00$; hundred, $\$ 10.00$.

The Green Mountain Grape-The berries of medium size; color greenish white; skin thin, and leaving no unpleasantness whatever in the mouth when eaten.

Price, one year, each, 25 cts.; doz., \$2.5c. Price, two years, each, 35 cts.; doz., $\$ 3.00$.

Bacchus-Black, bunch medium; berry small, round, juicy, sprightly. A seedling of Clinton, which it resembles but is of better quality. A valuable wine grape.

Price, for strong, two year old vines, each, 15 cts.; doz., $\$ 1.50 ; 100, \$ 5.00$.

We have in stock some 3 year old selected vines that will bear a good crop of fruit the first season after being planted.

Price of above varieties in 3 year old stock, each, 35 cts.; doz., \$3.00.

Write for Special low price on large quantities.

## Fruit Trees

No matter how well the soil may be prepared, how fresh the trees may be when received, or how well they may have been prepared for planting, if the work of planting is not properly done they may fail to grow at all or grow so poorly as to give little satisfaction. Many failures in tree planting result from the slovenly and imperfect way in which the work is done and the nurserymen are too often blamed for the failures. In planting the roots of all trees should have a fine mellow bed of good soil which should be pressed firmly into contact with every fibre, leaving no air spaces around any of them; and every one should be spread out in a natural position, so that no two shall touch each other. Immediately in contact with these roots good soil should be very firmly pressed so that new roots will be encouraged to start out at the earliest possible moment. After the fine soil to the depth of three or four inches is firmly pressed in place, that remaining is thrown loosely on top and not trodden at all, thus serving as a mulch.

## Apple Trees

## Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

No. 1, first class stock, 5 to 6 feet, $3 / 4$-inch caliper, each, 30 cts.; doz., $\$ 3.00$; per 100, $\$ 22.00$; $5 / 8$-inch caliper, 4 to 5 feet each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$; per $100, \$ 16.00$.

We have extra selected heavy trees that are
three and four years old. These large trees ar desirable for those who are in a hurry for fruit, as they will come into bearing a short time after being planted.

Price, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## Summer Varieties

Early Harvest-Medium size; pale yellow, early, mild, excelent, sub-acid.

Sweet Bough-Large, pale, yellow, sweet, productive; valuable for market; early.

Red Astrachan-Large, roundish, nearly

## Autumn

Alexander-Large, beautiful, red, medium quality, tree vigorous grower, very hardy.

Fall Pippin-Very large, yellow, roundish, splasned with red and orange, high flavor, prolific.

Gravenstein-Large, bright yellow, roundish splashed with red and orange, high flavor, prolific.

Maiden's Blush-Medium to large, roundish; clear yellow with pink cheek, beautiful, excellent.

## Winter

Baldwin-Large, roundish, dark red, juicy, flavor sub-acid, crisp and juicy, very much esteemed. Trees grow erect and vigorous, bearing well.

Ben Davis-Large, bright red, flesh white, juicy, rich and spicy, sub-acid, of good quality, a popular, good keeping winter variety.

Grimes' Golden-An apple of the highest quality, equal to the best Newtown; medium to large size, yellow, productive.

Newtown Pippin-One of the best apples as to quality. Tree a light grower while young. Very juicy, crisp and highly delicious flavor.
covered with deep crimson; juicy, a free grower and a good bearer.

Early Strawberry-Medium, roundish, handsomely striped with red, excellent, productive.

Yellow Transparent-Flesh melting juicy, and of excellent quality. Ripens early.

## Varieties

Fameuse or Snow-Vigorous growth. Medium; deep crimson; tender; sub-acid; melting, delicious, very good; hardy; one of the best dessert apples. November to January.

Red Beitingheimer-Very large, beautiful, superior quality, light yellow covered with red, purplish crimson when exposed to the sun. Trees are vigorous and healthy growers.

Duchess of Oldenburgh-Medium to large, of Russian origin, yellow striped with red, excelent flavor.

## Varieties

Rome Beauty-Moderate growth. Large, yellow and red; tender; juicy, sprightly, subacid; good. Ripening December to May.

Winesap-Medium, deep red, firm, crisp, rich, sub-acid, widely cultivated.

Spitzenberg Esopus-Medium to large; deep red; flesh yellow, crisp, sub-acid, high flavored. November to April.

King (Tompkins County)-Large, handsome nearly red, productive, one of the best.

Northern Spy-Tree very hardy, long lived good bearer, handsome fruit and a good variety for market; fruit large, striped with purplish red.

Lady Sweet-A beautiful little dessert apple, fruit flat, pale yellow, with a deep red cheek; juicy, rich and pleasant. The fruit sells for the highest price in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

Lawyer-Large, dark red, covered with small dots of beautiful appearance, promises valuable for market.

Mann-Fruit medium, to large, roundish, oblate, skin deep yellow when fully ripe, flesh white and juicy, mild, pleasant.

Missouri Pippin-Medium to large pale whitish yellow; flesh white and juicy. January to April.

Jonathan-Medium size, red and yellow, flesh tender juicy and rich; shoots light colored, slender and spreading; very productive. One of the best varieties either for table or market. One of the finest flavored winter apples we have. Season for fruit from November until April.

Rhode Island Greening-Large, green, tender, juicy and rich, an abundant bearer; one of the most popular varieties for home use and market.


THE BALDWIN.
Russet Golden-Medium, clear golden, good bearer.
Russet Roxbury-Medium to large, tender, sub-acid flavor, very popular on account of keeping qualities.

Smith Cider-Large, skin yellow, changing to red, flesh tender, juicy, crisp, fair flavor.

Wealthy-Fruit medium size; skin nearly covered with dark red, and of an oily smoothness to the touch; flesh white. fine grained. juicy, sub-acid, very good. Tree a free grower productive. Season, December to February.

Sutton Beauty-Fruit, medium to large, roundish, handsome; skin waxen yellow, stripped with crimson; flesh whitish, tender, juicy, sub-acid; quality very good; keeps remarkably well. Tree a fiee, handsome grower and productive. One of the most valuable market varieties.

York Imperial-Medium, whitish, shaded with crimson in the sun; firm, crisp, juicy, pleasant, mild, sub-acid. Tree moderately vigorous and productive. A popular variety. November to January.

Fallowater-Very large, greenish yellow, flesh fine grained, mild, sub-acid, tree vigorous.

Yellow Bell Flower-Large, yellow, rich, sprightly. and of excellent flavor.

Hubbardston Nonesuch-Large, yellow apple, striped with red, of fine flavor, a good bearer and a reıy valuable apple.

Dominie-Large, greenish, yellow, slightly striped with red, of fine flavor, a good bearer and a very valuable apple.

Vermont Beauty-This apple has been thoroughly tested by the leading pomolgists and horticulturists of the country and pronounced to be a valuable acqusition to the Apple Family. In formation, appearance and general make-up the fruit has a combination of the desirable characteristics of the King of Tompkins County and Northern Spy. The color on one side is crimson, with a smooth, oily surface as if varnished, making it at once very attractive; the other side is splashed with red and striped quite similar to the Northern Spy; flesh white: flavor sub-acid, rich, aromatic and pleasant. It ripens in early December and keeps well during January and February. It is a very desirable eating and cooking apple. No. 1, first class tree, 5 to 6 feet in height, 50 c . each.

## Crab Apples

Hyslop-Large, roundish, deep red with blue bloom, very pretty, flesh yellowish, exvellent for cider and jelly. Popular, late.

Lady Elgin-Similar to the Lady Apple in size and appearance; tender, juicy and good, an upright, vigorous grower, early and prolific bearer. September and October.

Excelsior-Raised from seed of wealthy, in Minnesota. Very hardy, productive, and one of the best flavored varieties. September. As large as Red Astrachan, more beautiful in appearance. Very valuable.

Above varieties, two years, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen. Three years, 7 to 8 feet, 50 c. each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## Pear Trees


#### Abstract

Although the Pear is not so largely grown or highly prized as the Apple, it is distinctly a home fruit and is easily grown. The trees should be planted about 20 feet apart and succeed best in a rather heavy soil, but wiil do fairly well on any but a very thin soil. The trees grow in a regular pyramidal form and begin bearing earlier than the apple. The planting and care are the same as for the apple.


## Standard Varieties and Prices

Prices Subjeçt to Change Without Notice.

Prices for any varieties of standard Pear trees hereafter named: First class trees, 5 to 6 feet in height, $3 / 4$ inch in diameter, straight, clean, well branched trees, each, 30 cents; dozen, $\$ 3.00$. First class grade, 4 to 5 feet trees, each 25 cents; dozen, $\$ 2.00$.

Baretlett Seckel, Clapp's Favorite and Buerre D'Anjou, first class, 5 to 6 feet, 40 cents each; $\$ 4.00$ per dozen.

Seckel, Clapp's Favorite and Buerre D'Anjou, first class, 4 to 5 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

We have a very fine stock of extra heavy trees, three years old. Very desirable trees for those who are anxious to get fruit as soon as possible after planting.

Price, each 50 cents; dozen, $\$ 5.00$.

## Summer Varieties

Doyenne D'Ete-Small nearly round, yellow, with red cheek, a good, juicy, sweet pear; tree vigorous and productive. One of the very earliest varieties.

Wilder-It is one of the earliest of all Pears to ripen, therefore it will sell at a fancy price at the fruit stands; there is no early pear to compare with it.

Osband's Summer-Medium, yellow, with red cheek, half melting, mild and pleasant, ine flavor and excellent. Productive.

Bartlett-Large, clear, yelow, juicy, buttery, excellent, thrifty, young, heavy and reliable bearer; too well known to need any lengthy description; one of the best fruits ever introduced.

Lawson-One of the most beautiful when full ripe, a brilliant crimson, yellow ground; flesh is rich, juicy and pleasant.

Clapp's Favorite-Large, delicious, good grower, productive. Ripens in advance of Bartlett; rots unless picked early. Mid-summer.


## Autumn Varieties

Idaho-The trees are good, thrifty, young growers. Yellow or straw color, with a faint blush or brownish red on the sunny side, thickly covered with fine brown dots, stem stout and rather long, core very small.

Kieffer-Large, skin rich golden yellow, sprinkled thickly with small dots, and often tinted with red on one side; flesh slightly coarse, juicy and melting, with a pronounced quince flavor. Tree very vigorous, and an early and great yielder.

Flemish Beauty-A large, beautiful sweet, pear. Tree a good bearer.

Vermont Beauty-Trees vigorous growers; early, abundant bearers; fruit medium in size, yellow with red cheek, rich, juicy and of best quality.

Sheldon-Medium size, greenish russet, melting and juicy, highly aromatic flavor. Should be largely planted.

Seckel-One of the richest pears grown, usually very productive, fine grained, sweet and exceedingly juicy.

Duchesse D'Angouleme-One of the largest of our pears, greenish yellow, spotted with russet, flavor good. Its large size and handsome appearance makes it valuable for the market.

Howell-Large, light waxen yellow, with a fine red cheek. An early and profuse bearer.

Worden Seckel-It is a seedling of the old Seckel, which for many years has been conceded by pomolgists to be the standard of excellence. Equally as rich and inviting, winile in size, color, form and appearance it is decidedly superior.

Buerre Bosc-Large and russety yellow, flesh white, melting, juicy and sweet, productive. One of the best pears in cultivation, both for home use and commercial purposes.

## Winter Varieties

Buerre Clairgeau-Very large, yellow and red, handsome and attractive, flesh yellowish, keeps sound a long time. Tree a good grower and abundant producer. A magnificent and valuable market fruit.

Lawrence-Medium, yellow, covered with round dots, somewhat buttery, with a rich flavor; should be in every orchard and garden; tree healtny, hardy and productive.

Winter Nelis-Medium size, green and russet, fine grained and when well ripened is one of the best. We have eaten this pear in March and considered them delicious.

Buerre D'Anjou-A large, handsome pear, greenish, sprinkled with russet, flesh white, buttery, with a high, rich flayor; rery productive.

President Drouard-A very good looking and large winter pear, with a delicate and abundant perfume. Melting and juicy.

Buerre Easter-A very valuable winter pear; of good flavor; the fruit is large and yellow, with red cheek.

Bar Seckel-A cross between the Bartlett and Seckel. Tree strong, upright grower; color of fruit pale green, flesh white, fine grained, very melting and juicy.

## Dwarf Pear Trees

## (Plant $\&$ feet apart each way.)



We have the following
Kieffer, Seckel, Idano, Lawrence, Clairgeau, Bosc, L. B. DeJersey.

Prices of any of these varieties of No. 1 trees, and we would recommend them to all who are anxious to get fine, large fruit in a short time: Duchess, Bartlett, Buerre D'Anjou, Clapps' Favorite,

## $\$ 14.00$.

We have selected three and four year old trees at 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## Peach Trees



The Peach can only be profitably grown on high, rather well drained land. While it may not be advisable to plant the Peach for profit on low land, the buds some times escape and a single good crop will repay the labor and care of growing and the long years of waiting. Peach trees cannot be expected to live very long in any section of the country; the average life of the trees throughout the
county is probably not more 10 or 12 years, if the land on which the trees are planted is very rich it well to plant some other crop among the
 trees to check a too rapid growth, especially while the trees are young, though when a crop of fruit has been set there is little or no danger of making the soil too 1 ich .

## Grades and Prices of Peach Trees

## Following prices are subject to change without notice.

First class, 5 to 6 feet, each, 20 cents; per dozen, $\$ 1.50$; per hundred, $\$ 12.00$.

Medium, 4 to 5 feet, each 15 cents; per dozen, $\$ 1.40$; per hundred, $\$ 10.00$.

Extra fine trees, selected and heavy, $3 / 4$ inch caliper, each 25 cents; per dozen, $\$ 2.50$.

Elberta-Large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and of high quality, flesh yellow and melting. A very valuable sort. Ripens in September.

Stump the World-Very large, skin wnite, with bright red cheek, flesh white, juicy and good. Last September.

Stephen's Rareripe-Large, fruit resembles an enlarged Old Mixon Free, of the highest color, very productive and free from all disease. This is perhaps, al things considered, the best late white peach we have tod-ay. Ripens middle of eSptember.

Chair's Choice-A late yellow-fleshed variety; very beautiful and desirable; of largest
size; deep yellow with red cheek; freestone, flesh firm and of best quality; desirable as a dessert fruit and for canning. Ripens in September.

Old Mixon Free-Uniformly large, white, covered with bright red; one of the best and most reliable. Last of August.

Eeer Smock-Fruit medium to large, skin light orange yellow, mottled with red. Ripens last of September.

Crosby-The fruit is of medium size, roundish in form, slightly flattened, bright orange yellow, beautiful appearance. It ripens September 15.

Wonderful-A new variety, color rich golden yellow, freestone of large size, wonderfully productive. Ripens last of September.

Crawford's Late-Fruit of the largest size, skin of greenish yellow, with dul red cheek, flesh yellow. One of the finest late sorts. Last of September.

Salway-large, yellow, mottled with red cheek, a valuable late vai iety. Ripens October 15.

Globe-A very rapid grower and an enormous bearer. Fruit very large, flesh firm, juicy, yellow, shaded with crimson, very rich, luscious. September and October.

Mountain Rose-One of the best and most reliable peaches, large, white, flesh white, sweet, productive. Early August.
in flaror, white, with red cheek. Ripens middle of August.

Morris White-Medium; straw color; tinged with red; juicy and delicious, productive. Middle of September.

Iron Mountain-Size enormous, shape oblonb, color pure white, sometimes having a slight blush. It is a perfect freestone and has


Crawford's Early-Very beautiful, and one of the best yellow peaches for market purposes, fruit very large, oblong, skin yellow, with fine red cheek, flesh yellow, juicy, sweet, and excellent; wonderfully productive. Last of August.

Champion-Probably the best early white peach, all thinges considered. Trees hardy and productive, fruit very large, rich and luscious as good quality as any white peach we have
ever grown. Season September 20 to October 10.

In addition to above varieties we can also furnish the following sorts at the same prices: Carman, Fitzgerald, Alexander, Foster, Greensboro, Triumph, Niagara, Sneed, Willett, Garfield, Wheatland and a number of others.

Any one wishing Peach Trees in lots of 300 and upward write for special low prices.

## Apricot Trees

Price, 5 to 6 feet trees, each, 25 cents; per dozen, $\$ 3.50$.

Acme-An early bearer of large and good fruit. Fruit yellow, with red cheek.

Breda-Small, round, orange, flesh, juicy, rich and vinous; 'hardy and a good bearer. July to August,

Early Golden-Small; pale orange; flesh orange, juicy and sweet. Tree hardy and productive. Beginning of July.

Moorpark-Very large, orange, with reddish cheek, flesh orange, sweet, juicy, with a fine flavor; a very valuable variety. Beginning of August,

## Cherry Trees

The trees will lie much longer if planted in turf land than if in cultivated garden soil, and as they make very regular and shapely trees are well suited for growth upon the lawn or by the roadside. The amount of fertilizers needed is what is just sufficient to make a fairly vigorous growth, too rapid growth often resulting in the cracking of the trunk, and an early decay of the tree. The fruit should be gathered in dry weather and be picked with the stems attached so that it shall not be crushed or bruised, otherwise it will decay quickly after gathering.

## Standard Varieties and Prices of Cherry Trees

We have in stock a nice lot of three pear selested trees that will come into bearing two years after planting at 50 c each; per doz., $\$ 5.00$.
Trees 5 to 6 feet each 35 c.; dozen, $\$ 3.50 ; 4$ to 5 feet, 30 c each; per dozen, $\$ 3.00$.

## Heart and Bigarreau---Sweet

BlackTartarian-Very large, purplish black, half tender, flavor mild and pleasant. Ripens last of June and beginning of July. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country.

Coe's Transparent-Medium size, pale amber. red and mottled next the sun; tender, sweet and fine; one of the best. End of June.

Gov. Wood-The finest of Dr. Kirtland's seedlings of Ohio. Clear, light red, tender, delicious. End of June.

Napoleon Bigarreau-A magnificent cherry of the largest size, pale yellow, with a bright red cheek, flesh very firm, juicy and sweet; lipens late.

Yellow Spanish—Large, pale yellow, with a bright red cheek in the sun, flesh firm, juicy and delicious. End of June.

Schmidt's Bigarreau-Fruit of the largest. size; in color a rich, glossy black. Tree a good grower and bears abundant crops.

Black Eagle-Moderate growth. Large, black, tender, rich and juicy. Ripening first of July.

Windsor-The cherries are obtuse, heart shaped, dark purple or nearly black; sweet, flesh firm, fine in texture and of the best flavor. Tree hardy and exceedingly productive. A very valuable late variety for market and family use.

## Duke and Morrelos---Sour

(Plant 15 feet apart each way.)
Prices for any of the varieties named below: Trees 3 to 4 feet, each, 20 c .; dozen, $\$ 2.00$.

Heavy three year selected trees, each 50 chts; dozen, \$5.00.

Early Richmond-Medium size, dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly, acid flavor.

English Morello-Medium to large, blackish red, rich acid, juicy an good, very productive. Very late.

Large Montmorency-A large, rich acid cherry; larger than early Richmond, and fully ten days later.
Late Duke-Large, light red, late and fine.

May Duke-Large, dark red, juicy and rich and an old excellent variety. Productive.


Thorough cultivation or an abundance of plant food must be given, especially when the trees are heavily loaded with fruit. Thinning must be practiced to improve the size and quality of the fruit, and save the trees from being injured by overbearing. The fruit should be allowed to become very nearly ripe upon the tree before picking for the best quality, though for canning purposes the are sometimes picked as soon as fully grown and well colored.

## Standard Varieties and Prices of Japan and European Plums

Price of any of the varieties named hereafter (all on Plum Stock). 5 to 6 feet trees, each 25c.; dozen, $\$ 2.50$; hundred, $\$ 16.00 ; 4$ to 5 feet trees each, 20 c .; dozen, $\$ 2.00$; hundred $\$ 13.00$.

We have in stock a nice lot of selected stocky trees that wil come into bearing two years after planting, at 50 cents each; dozen, $\$ 5.00$.
Chabot-Fruit large, skin pink, with many very fine gold dots; flesh yelluw, very solid, rather acid, quality very good; eling. Ripens early in September.

Burbank-The fruit is clear cherry red, with a thin lilac bloom. The flesh is a deep yellow color, very sweet, with a peculiar and agreeable flavor. Ripens last of August.
cherry stone. Fruits at two or three years of age. One of the most valuable of Janan plums Ripens first of September.

Ogon-A handsome, very desirable Jananese plum. Large, nearly round; of a bright yellow with faint bloom; flesh firm, sweet, rich and dry. Excellent for canning. Last of July.

## EUROPEAN VARIETIES.

Lombard-Medium, round, oval, violet, red, juicy, pleasant and good; adheres to the stone; productive. A valuable market variety. Ripens September.

Shipper's Pride-Large, round, purple; very firm, excellent quality. Very productive. Ripens first to middle of September.

October Purple-The fruit is round in form, color a reddish purple; flesh yellow; stone small and in quality superb, The tree is a strong, erect grower, forming a nice shapely head, similar to Abundance.

Its season of ripening is about the middle to the last of September.

HALE-One of the finest of the Japanese plums in quality, and remarkable for its vigor and productivness. The plums are of the largest size of its class, bright orange yellow skin, mottled and nearly covered with vivid cherry red. Ripens about the middle of September.

RED JUNE-Tree a strong grower, productive as Abundance. Fruit medium to large, deep vermillion red with handsome bloom, very showy; flesh light lemon yellow, best in quality of any of the early varities. Ripens last of July.

Wickson-A remarkable handsome and very large deep maroon-red Plum of the Kelsey type. Long-cordate, or oblong pointed; flesh firm, deep amber yellow, clinging to the small pit. An excellent keeper. Cross of Burbank with Kelsey. Ripens middle of September.

Abundance-It is exceedingly hardy. Its propensity for early bearing is such that before it leaves the nursery row the limbs bend with the weight of fruit. The fruit is large, showy and of a beautiful amber shade. Ripens first of August.
Satsuma-A purple fleshed plum from Japan, of vigorous growth, with rank, dark green foliage; enormously productive of fruit; large and handsome. Pit but little larger than a


Bradshaw-Early, dark violet red, juicy, sprightly. Tree vigorous, productive. Ripens August.

Ger. Prune-Large, oval in shape, nearly two inches long; of good quality and much esteemed; Hangs on the tree and is firm, sweet and pleasant. Ripens September.

Shropshire Damson-The flesh is amber colored, juicy and sprightly. Commands a high price; it is enormously productive. One of the most profitable plums we have. Ripens October.

Imperial Gage-Rather large, oval, greenish; flesh juicy, rich, delicious, a good grower; ripens middle of August.

## Quince Trees

Two or three Quince Trees in the home garden will be often a source of much satisfaction. It does best on good rich, heavy soil, underlaid with clay. On land of this character the trees seem to live longer and endure careless or indifferent cultivation. In order to obtain the best results from the Quince it is necessary that it have plenty of thorough cultivation and if planted on low land the ground should be drained so as to leave no standing water on it.

First class trees, 4 to 5 feet, each, 50 cents; dozen, $\$ 5.00 ; 100, \$ 40.00 ; 3$ to 4 feet, each, 35 cents; per dozen, $\$ 3.50 ; 100, \$ 30.00$.

Bourgeat Quince-There is no other variety which grows so vigorously. The Bourgeat Quince bears at an early age, producing large crops of exceedingly large and handsome fruit, of a rich golden color. It keeps until mid-winter when desired, or it is ready to use
at once on maturity.
Meech's Prolific-A vigorous grower, and immensely productive, frequently bearing fruit when but two years of age, increasing in quantity yearly to such an extent as to require vigorous thinning to prevent injury to the tree from overbearing.

The fruit is large, lively orange color, of great beauty and delightful fragrance. its cooking qualities are unsurpassed.

Rea's Mammoth-A superb fruit, much larger than Orange, but of the same form and color. Tree healthy, very thrifty grower, productive.

Orange-Large roundish, bright golden yellow, cooks tender and is of very excellent flavor. October.

Champion-Fruit averages larger than Orange, more oval in shape, quality equally fine, and a longer keeper, a splendid quince. October and November.


## Nut Trees

Paragon-This variety has become very popular of late and to our knowledge is being planted quite extensively. The tree is a rapid, strong, vigorous grower and comes into bearing a short time after being planted. It is productive of large nuts; the flavor is very good.

Price, 2 years, 3 to 4 feet, each, $\$ 1.50$; per dozen, $\$ 15.00$.


Numbo-A hardy, productive variety of European origin, but seems well adapted to this climate. It ripens early, nuts are large and good quality.

Trees grafted, 3 to 4 feet, each $\$ 1.00$; per dozen, $\$ 10.00$.

American or Sweet-The well known chestnut of the forest. In sweetness and delicacy of flavor, or as a shade tree, unsurpassed, 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each; per dozen, $\$ 7.50$.

Spanish Chestnut-A very hardy, productive nut and becoming more popular each year. 75 cents each; per dozen $\$ 7.50$.

Japan Giant Chestnut-The tree is decidedly
ornamental, hardy and productive, of dwarf habit, hearing extremely young; nuts of enormous size.

Price, for 4 to 5 feet trees, each, 75 cents; dozen, $\$ 7.50$.

Varieties like the Paragon and Numbo chestnuts will come into bearing the second year after bearing planted. The fruit is very large and of the best quality.


## WALNUTS.

English Walnuts-It is a profitable tree to plant, as it produces large crops of excelient nuts, and the large quantitiez of ripe nuts that are annually imported and sold here, prove the estimation in which they are held for the table. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

English Filbert or Hazelnut-Nut nearly round, rich and of excellent flavor. Admired by all for dessert. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Japan Walnut (Sieboldiana)-A native of the mountains of Japan. An extremely hardy, vigorous grower, bears young; very productive. 50 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Japan Walnut (Cordiformis) -Differs from Sieboldiana in form. The nuts are broad, pointed and flattened. The Japan Walnuts are valuable for their fine fruit and shade. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.


Asparagras

The first vegetable of the Spring. This healthful fruit should be included in every well arranged garden. For best and early results it should be planted on a light soil, though it can be successively grown in any good garden soil. When planting Asparagus set the roots 8 inches below the surface of the ground and 12 inches in the row, covering with 3 inches of soil at first and filling in the trenches as the plants grow. It is highly important that the Asparagus bed should not be neglected. Forking the beds in the early Spring should not be overlooked, as the early admission of sun and rain into the ground induces the plants to throw up shoots of a su-

perior size. Keep the ground entirely free from weeds the entire season, as they take from the plants the strength required for their own growth. About the first of September the tops should be cut off and the bed cleared of weeds. When this work is finished cover the bed with 3 inches of coarse manure, which will not only enrich the soil but keep out the frost-very essential for early fruit. Asparagus is a very profitable crop for market. The net income is usually from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 400$ per acre. When once established it is good for a number of years. Although there is a difference of opinion among growers as to the benefit of salt, we have learned from practical experience if best results are to be
expected cover the bed with salt as soon as it is cleared and the manure forked in the soil in the Spring.

Our plants are extra large and we would be pleased to receive your order for any quantity you may be in need of.

We have a large stock of Asparagus and will be pleased to quote special prices on large quantities.
Price, one year old plants, dozen, 25 cents; 100, 75 cents; $1,000, \$ 5.00$. Price for trans planted two year old plants, dozen, 30 cents; 25,40 cents; $100, \$ 1.00 ; 1,000, \$ 8.00$.

For Quick Results-We have in stock selected transplanted three-year-old plants of these varieties, desirable stock for those who are in a hurry to get Asparagus for their table use the second season after planting.

Price, per dozen, 60 cents; per 100, $\$ 1.50$; per $1,000, \$ 10.00$.

Palmetto-This is the leading variety at the present day, more of it being planted than any other single sort. It is considerable larger than the Conovers's, the old reliable standard variety for so many years, is fully as early and as productive, while the flavor is unsurpassed.

Barr's Mammoth-Another valuable acqusition to the Asparagus family; a variety highly praised and well thought of wherever grown; nearly double the size and much more productive than Conover's. Ripens a few days in advance of the Palmetto.
Conover's Colossal-There is no fruit or vegetable that has had a more uniform successful career than this old popular standard variety of Asparagus. It has tood the test of time in different localities and varied climatic conditions as favorably as anything in the plant production that has been introduced for the past twenty-five years. Many large growers use this variety almost exclusively. It is a reliable, adaptable sort, early; a good producer; of quick growth and superb in quality.

Giant Argenteuil-The finest and most profitable of all Asparagus. Stalks of mammoth size, bright and attractive; in quality sweet and tender. It yields immensely and is very early; it is a French variety and has proved a great money maker wherever planted.

Columbian Mammoth White-In addition to the marvelous advantage of its white color, the Columbian Mammoth White Asparagus is even more robust and vigorous in habit, and throws larger shoots and fully as many of them, as the Conover's Colossal.

## Rhubarb

(Plant four feet apart each way.)

It is a very desirable vegetable and should be planted in every garden. It is easy of cultivation and a few plants will furnish the family (and neighbors) with a healthful fruit
for pies and other purposes before the apple even shows its blossoms.

Victoria and Myatts Linnaeus-Each, 10 cents; per dozen, $\$ 1.00$; per $100, \$ 4.00$.

## Grass and Clover Seeds

While the Spring is the best time in which to seed a new lawn, it may be done at any time if the proper conditions of moisture can be obtained. A very large amount of manure or fertilizer and a moist condition of the soil will enable one to seed a lawn successfully at almost any time time of the year, but these conditions are not so certainly secured at any other time as in the Spring. In Fall seeding, unless done very early, the young plantlets are likely to be thrown out by the frosts and a second seeding be required. In the Spring tne
amount of seed to be used will depend somewhat upon the season when sown and the probably amount of weed seeds that will germinate with the grass seed. Perhaps the quantity that will give the best results under the average conditions is 5 bushels of Dwyer's Lawn Grass Seed to an acre. One quart is sufficient to sow an area of $15 \times 20$ feet; one half of this quantity would be sufficient if it all was certain to germinate and if no weeds started into growth.

## General List of Grass and Clover Seeds

(Prices subject to variation without notice.)

Dwyer's Lawn Grass Mixtures ( 22 lbs . to bushel)-25 cents per quart; $\$ 1.50$ per peck; $\$ 4.50$ per bushel. (We can forward by mail at the rate of 5 cents per quart additional for postage.)

Red Top Grass ( 14 lbs . to bushel), $\$ 1.25$ per bushel.

Timothy Grass Seed ( 45 lbs . to bushel.) Price, $\$ 3.50$ per bushel.

Ofchard Grass Seed ( $11 \frac{1}{1} \mathrm{lbs}$. to bushel), $\$ 2.50$ per bushel.
Red Top Grass, facny re-cleaned seed (about 30 lbs. to the bushel), $\$ 5$ per bushel.

Kentucky Blue Grass Seed (14 lbs. to bushel) $\$ 2.50$ per bushel.

Kentucky Blue Grass, fancy double extra cleaned (about 18 lbs . to bushel), $\$ 3.50$ per bushel.

Crimson Clover Seed (Choice selected seed), price per lb., 18 cts.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.60 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} .$, $\$ 16.00$.
. Red Clover (Fancy Choice). •Piice per lb., 20 cents; $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 15.00$.

White Clover (Fancy Choice). Price per lb., 20 cents; $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 18.00$.

NOTE-If you need a large quantity of any of the foregoing Grass or Clover Seeds, please send us your list for special low quotations. We will no doubt be able to give you a good bargain.


The lawn may be considered the canvas upon which the home picture is to be made and trees and shrubs together with the buildings make up the most important materials to be used in the work and no comfortable or beautiful home can be made without them. Some shade trees about the house is an absolute necessity for comfort during the hot days of our summer months and much shelter may be afforded by them during our bleak and stormy winters. But more than this they are necessary in many places to cover up unsightly or unpleasant objects, to open vistas or form backgrounds for other ornamental materials and also for their own individual beauty and the variety they afford in their varying shades of color and form. The true lover of nature will find much pleasure in the study of the numberless forms and varieties, and especially in arranging them so as to obtain the most real beauty possible.

## When to Plant

Deciduous trees, shrubs and vines can be planted either in Spring or Fall. In localities where the winters are very severe we recommend Spring planting. Spring is the best time for evergreens generally.

## Ornamental Department

## How to Plant

Preparation of the Roots-Cut off smoothly all bruised or broken roots up to the sound wood. This prevents their decaying and hastens the emission of new roots and fibres.

Preparation of the Top-This consists in cutting back the top and side branches in such a way as to correspond with the more or less mutilated "oots, as follows:

Trees with branching heads should have the small branches cut clean out, and the larger ones, intended for the framework of the tree, cut back to within two or three buds of their base.

In cases where there is an abundant root, and small top or few branches, the pruning need be very light, but where the roots are small and the top neavy, severe pruning will be necessary. These remarks are applicable to all deciduous Trees and Shrubs. Evergreens seldom require pruning, but Arbor Vitae and other Evergreens planted in hedge rows may be advantageously shorn immediately after planting.

We have constantly on hand large specimens trees of the different species of ornamentals that can be safely transplanted and will give the quickest results. If in need of anything in this line write us for prices.

# Flowering and Shade Trees 



Acer, Dacycarpum (Silver Maple)-A handsome shade tree of rapid growth, with small foliage of glossy, green above and silvery appearance beneath. Tree rery hardy and easily transplanted where immediate shade is required. Also a favorite street and park tree. 5 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen. .

Acer, Saccharinum (Sugar Maple) A well known native tree of elegant pyramidical form; valuable for the production of sugar and for its wood. Its fine form and foliage make it desirable as an ornamental and shade tree, 5 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Acer, Wierri Laciniatum (Wier's Cut Leaf Maple)-One of the handsomest trees grown, rapid growth, beautiful dissected foliage and drooping form. Makes a very ornamental tree. 5 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Acer, Platanoldes (Norway Maple)-A distinct foreign variety, with large, broad leaves of a deep, rich green. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

Acer, Shwedlerri (Schwedler's Maple)-A beautiful tree with the young shoots and leaves of a bright purple or crimson color; changes to purplish green in the older leaves; one of the handsomest trees we have for lawn planting. 5 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 9.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per dozen.

Acer, Rubrum (Red or Scarlet Maple)leaves bright red in early spring and cnang-' ing in fall to bright scarlet. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents: 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$.

Acer, Polymorphum (Japan Maple)-The normal form of type, foliage small, five lobed and of a bright cheerful green in spring and summer, changing to a dark crimson in au-
tumn. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Acer, Atropurpureum (Purple Leaved Japan Maple)-Foliage uark purple and finely cut. The hardiest of the Japan Maples. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Acer, Sanguineum . (Blood Leaved Japan Maple)-Of dwarf habit, foliage serrated; blood red in June. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 2.00$ each.


Acer, Atropurpureum dissectum (Cut Leaf Japan Maple)-One or the most striking of the Japanese varieties; dwarf and weeping. The leaves are rose color when young, changing
to deep purple as they become older. They are delicately cut, giving them a fern like appearance. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Aesculous, Alba Flora Pieno (Double Whits Flowered Horse Chestnut)-A superb variety with double flowers in large panicles. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Aesculous Rubicunda (Red Flowering Chest-nut)-Not so rapid a grower as the white; foliage of dark green, hlooms later. A very showy tree. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ pe: dozen.

Betula Papyracea (Paper or Canoe Birch)Native of America; forms a large tree; bark briliant, white leaves large and handsome. 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.25$.

Betula Populifolia (American White Birch) -An American species of rapid growth, with triangular taper-pointed, smooth and glossy leaves. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents each; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Betula Nana (Dwarf Birch) - A bushy shrub. seldom attaining a heignt of more than 12 feet; branches numerous, small, sharply crenated leaves, 4 to 5 feet, 75 cents; 6 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.25$.

European White Weeping Birch-A graceful tree, with silvery bark and slender branches. Quite erect when young, but after four or five years' growth assumes an elegant drooping habit, rendering the trees very effective in landscapes. $\$ 1.00$.

Pendula Laciniata (Cut-leaved Weeping Birch)-Its tall, slenaer, yet vigorous growth. graceful drooping branches, silvery-white bark. and delicately cut foliage, present a combination of attractive characteristics rarely met witn in a single tree. $\$ 1.00$.

Pendula Youngii (Youngs' Weeping Birc'r) When grated on stems five or six feet hirh it forms beautiful pendulous heads, and its s!ender shoots droop gracefully to the ground. \$1.50.

Catalpa Hybrida. Japonica (Teas, Japan Catalpa)-Exceedingly rapid grower with spreading, irregular form and its large heartshaped leaves, and clusters of white and purplish flowers in mid-summer and its long seed pods in autumn make it an attractive ornamental tree for the lawn. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Catalpa Bungei (Chinese Catalpa)-A curious dwarf tree that grows but 8 to 10 ft . high and twice as broad. Top-grafted on tall stems. it is quite effective for lawn and terrace decoration as the tender and more expensive bay tree. 4 to 6 feet, 75 cents each; 6 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Crataegus, Coccinea Flora Pleno (Double Scarlet Thorn )-A tree of fine habit with rich luxuriant foliage; flowers unusually large, scarlet shade and very double. $4{ }^{\circ}$ to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Crataegus, Fore Pleno (Double White Thorn) - A higthly ornamęntal variety on account of both foliage and flowers. Makes a striking contrast when planted with the double scarlet. Has beautiful double white flowers. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents cach.

Crataegus, Gumpperi Bicolor (Gumper's Thorn)-Flowers white edged, with rose. A charming variety. 4 to feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Cercis, Canadensis (American Judas Tree)A very ornamental tree, with perfect heartshaped leaves, covered with a profusion of delicate, reddish purple flowers, before the foliage appears, grown as single specimens, they are very attractive; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Cercis Japonica (Japan Judas Tree)-A medium sized tree; foliage deep shining green and heart-shaped flowers larger than those of the American and a rich purple color. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Cytisses (Laburnum or Golden Chain)native of Europe with smooth and shining foliage. The name Golden Chain alludes to the length of the drooping racemes of yellow flowers, which appear in June. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; extra selected stock, 75 cents each.

Acida var Sempehflorens pendula (Everflowered Wheeping Cherry)-A fine drooping variety that bears fruit and flowers all summer. $\$ 1.00$.


Avium var, flore alba plena (Large Double flowered Cherry)-At the period of flowering in May, a remarkably beautiful and attractive tree. The flowers are so numerous as to conceal the branches, and present to the eye nothing but a mass of bloom, each flower resembling a miniature rose. A valuable variety. $\$ 1.00$.

Caproniana ranunculiflora (Ranunculus-like Flowered Cherry) - An upright grower, producing large, double white flowers, resembling those of a Ranunculus. An important addition. Flowers several days later than the Double White. \$1.00.

Cornus Flore rubra . (New Red Flowering Dogwood)-Very handsome in flower and foliage. Like the common Dogwood, the leaves
turn a magnificent crimson in autumn. Flowers of a bright losy red color, shading to a lighter hue towaras edg: of petals. A choice small ornamental tree. 4 to 5 feet, 60 cents; 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$.

Chionanthus, Virginica (White Fringe)-A small native tree, wit.. large, glossy leaves and drooping racemes or pure white flowers, having fringe-like peals; blooms in May. 40 cents each; $\$ 4.00$ per dozen.

Cornus florida (The Common White Flowerering Dogwood)-One of the best small sized trees for general planting. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents; 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$.

Cornus pendula (Weeping Dogwood)-New variety; of weeping habit. 4 to 5 feet, $\$ 1.00$; 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.50$.

Fagus, Purpurea (Purple Leaved Beach) Makes an elegant medium-sized tree for the lawn, the foliage in the spring is a deep purple, changing to crimson, in the autumn a dull purplish green, making a striking contrast with the green of the other trees. 5 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per dozen.

Fagus, Cuprea (Copper Beech)-A rapid growing tree, foliage copper color; much used for avenue and lawns. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen. 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

Fagus Incisa (Cut Leaved Beech)-Fine erect, free-growing tree, with deeply cut foliage. Of rare beauty and excellence. 4 to 5 feet, $\$ 1.00 ; 6$ to 8 reet, $\$ 1.50$.

Pendula Fagus (Weeping Beech)-A remarkably vigorous, picturesque tree of large size. Its mode of growth is extremely curious. The trunk or stem is generally straight, with the branches tortuous and spieading; quite ungainly in appearance, divested of their leaves, but when covered with rich, luxuriant foliage, of wonderful grace and beauty. $\$ 1.50$.

Fraxinus Americana (American White Ash) -A well known native tree. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents each; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Fraxinus Bosci (Bosc's Ash)-A scarce American variety with dark glossy foliage and brown wooly shoots; distinct and fine. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents eacn; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Fraxinus European (European Ash)-A lofty tree of rapid growth, with spreading head and gray dark, pinnate leaves and black buds. $\$ 1.00$.

Fraxinus pendula (Weeping Ash)-The common, well known sort; one of the finest lawn and arbor trees. Covers a great space and grows rapidly. \$1.00.

Gymnocladus Canadensis (Kentucky Coffee Tree)-A beautiful tree, with pinnate leaves, foliage a delicate bluish green; flowers in June, followed by very long seed pods; very desirable for lawn planting; thrives well on any soil. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; selected stock, 75 cents each.

Koelreutria Paniculata (Varnish Tree)The Koelreu eria is not as well known as it should be, as it fills a place in general landscape work occupied by few other trees. Leaves are pinnate dark green and are so glossy that they appear to be varnished. Producing large pinnacles of showy yellow flowers in July. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Liriodendron Tulipofera (Tulip Tree)-A maguificent native shade tree with broad, glossy fiddle shaped leaves of a light green color and beautiful tulip like flowers, allied to the Magnolia. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

Liquidambar Styraciflua (Sweet Gum or Bilsted)-Of medium size and moderate growth, form round headed or tapering; leaves resemble somewhat those of the maple, but are star-shaped and of a beautiful glossy green color in summer, turning to a deep purplish crimson in autumn; bark corky. 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each.

Larix Europea (European Larch)-An elegant, rapid glowing pyramidal tree; valuable for timber; small branches drooping. 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Larix Europea Pendulu (Weeping European Larch)-One of the most picturesque weeping trees. The branches spread and droop irregularly, assuming curious forms. 5 to 6 feet, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Magnolia Macrophylla (Great Leaved Mag-nolia)-This we consider one of the greatest lawn olnaments and shotild be planted on every well arranged awn. The leaves are two feet in length and white beneath. Flowers, when full blown, 8 to 10 inches in diameter; appearing in June. Very rare, 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 2.00$ each; 10 to 12 feet, $\$ 2.50$ each.

Magnolia Tripetela (Umbrella Tree)-A hardy, medium sized tree with immense leaves and large, white flowers; appearing in June. 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; 10 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.50$ each.

Magnolia Accuminati (Cucumber Magnolia) -A tall, growing tree, leaves 6 to 9 inches long and bluish green, flowers yellow tinted with purple; fruit resenıbles a cucumber. 6 feet, 75 cents each; 6 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Magnolia Speciosa (Showy Flowered Mag-nolia)-Shrubby and branching while young, but becoming a fair-sized tree; flowers white and purple; foliage glossy and massive. The flowers remain on the tree longer than those of any other variety. 4 to 5 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Magnolia Soulangeana (Soulange's Magno-lia)-Shrub-like in form, but becoming a. fair sized tree; foliage large and glossy; flowers purple and white. 4 to 5 feet, $\$ 1.00 ; 5$ to 7 feet. $\$ 1.50$.

Morus Downing (Downing Mulberry)-Everbearing; a fine ornamertal tree; bears fine black fruit. Price, 5 to 5 feet, 50 cents eacn; 6 to 8 feet, 75 cents each.

Morus Alba-A native of China. Tree small and of slender, rapid growth. Fruit pinkisia white. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each.

Morus Tartarica Pendula (Weeping Russian Mulberry)-Forms a perfect umbrella shaped head, with long, slender branches drooping to the ground, parallel to the stem; very hardy. One of the prettiest small weeping trees. $\$ 1.25$.

Pyrus Aucuparia (wuropean Mountain Ash) -A fine, hardy tree, of medium size, erect stem and pinnate foliage covered from July until winter with large clusters of bright scarlet berries; very ornamental for the lawn. 5 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

Platanus Occidentalis (American Plane Tree)-A rapid growing tree, with large, green leaves. It is a fine tree for street planting and makes a vely pretty sight when it is shedding its bark. This characteristic makes it free from insect pests. 5 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; * 0.00 per dozen; 8 to 12 iret, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Platanus, Orientalis (Oriental Plane Tree)Similar to Occidentalis, but leaves more deeply cut; extensively used for street and park planting. 5 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; \& to 12 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Popolus Fastigiata (Lombardy Poplar)-A rapid glowing tree, attaining a height of one hundred feet with spis a-like outline: foliage deep green; very essential in landscape gardening to destroy the monotonous appearance caused by the other trees. 5 to 8 feet, 40 cents each: $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; $\&$ to 12 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 8.00$ per dozen.

Popolus Eollena (Bollena Popuar)-Resembles Lombardy in its gowth; foliage dark green above and silvery green underneath; one of the best silver leaved trees. 6 to 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Popolus Monolifera (Carolina Poplar)-Most rapid growing tree of spreading habit, with deep green serrated foliage; especially adapted to large cities, where it makes very fast growth and resists gas and smoke. 5 to 8 feet, 40 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 8.00$ per dozen.

Popolus Aurea (Golden. Poplar)-We consider this the most valuable of the Poplar family and would recommend it to those who want quick results, and have not the patience to wait for the development of the slower growing deciduous trees. כto 8 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen ; 8 to 12 ieet, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Ptelea, Trifoliata (Hop Tree)-A large shrub or small tree of rapid growth and shrubby habit; beautiful white flowers in June and hoplike seeds in Autumn: rery desirable for the lawn. 5 to 6 feet, 50 cents each; selected stock, 75 cents each.

Prunus Padus (European Bird Cherry)-A rapid growing, beautiful tree, with glossy foliage and long bunches of white, fragrant flowers in May, succeeded by clusters of fruit like black currants. 5 to 6 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Payrus Malus Parkmanni (Flowering Crab) -Habit dwarf, a compact grower. Foliage dark green, remaining late on the tree. Flowers very double dark rose, and retain their color until they drop from the tree. A fine variety. 4 to 5 feet, 75 cents each.

Quercus Palustris (Pin Oak)-A tall growing tree, of drooping habit; foliage deep green, changing to scarlet yellow in autumn. A very desirable tree for street planting. 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents each; 4 to 5 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Quercus Alba (American White Oak)-One of the finest American trees, of large size and spreading branches; leaves lobed, pale green above and glaucous beneath. 5 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.75$ (ach.

Quercus Robur (English Oak) -The Royal Oak of England. 4 to 5 feet, 75 cents; 6 to 8 feet, $\$ 1.50$.

Robinia Pseudacasia (Yellow Locust)-A medium sized tree, possessing graceful foliage, with a beautiful tint of green and white flowers which grow in racemes. Price, 6 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Rhus, Cotinus (Purple Fringe)-A very curious tree, with masses of purplish flowers. When covered with dew, it resembles a cloud of smoke. It is sometimes called smoke tree. 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each; 4 to 5 feet, 75 cents.

Salix, Laurifolia (laurel Leaf Willow)-A medium sized tree of great merit, of rounded form, foliage deep green, resembling very much the handsome Broad Leaf Laurel. It makes a stiong and handsome hedge and very useful for hiding unsightly places. Can be kept prumed back to any size you may desire. 5 to 6 feet, 35 cents each; extra selected stock, 75 cents each.

Salix Ramulis Auress (Golden Barked Wil-low)-A novel and distince variety of the well known Babylonian Willow with bright golden bark in winter. 5 to 6 feet, 35 cents each; extra selected stock, 75 cents each.

Tilia Europea (European Linden)-A variety of neat and compact habit; leaves are much larger than our native sorts. A fine tree for street planting. 5 to 8 feet. 75 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ ler dozen; 8 to 12 fəet, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

Tilia, Americana (American Linden)-A native tree with large leaves and a profusion of yelow flowers in early summer, desirable for lawn or avenue. 5 to $\$$ feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

Salix Pendula (Kilmarnock Weeping Willow -A variety of the Goat Willow or common Sallow. Grafted five to seven feet high upon the Comewell stock, it forms, without any trimming, and exceedingly graceful tree, with glossy foliage and perfect umbrella head, unique in form. Vigorous and thriving in all soils, it is probably more widely disseminated than any of the finer ornamental trees. 75 c .

Salix Wisconsin Weeping-Of drooping habit and hardier than Babylonica. Valuable on account of its ability to resist severe cold. 75 c .

Salisburia, Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree) -A tree from Japan, combining in its characteristics the Conifer and deciduous tree. The tree is of medium size, beautiful, fern-like foligae, resembling a maiden hair fern. Rare and elegant. 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each; 6 to 7 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Sophora Japonica (Pagoda Tree)-A beautiful hardy tree, wel known in Japan, but rare in this country. Hardy even in the Northern States, and easily grown. Compact habit; young wood, dark green, soft, delicate colored foliage. Flowers pea shaped, creamy white, in large panicles, appearing in great profusion in August when rew hardy trees or shrubs are in bloom. 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Ulmus Campestris (English Elm)-An erect, lofty tree, of rapid compact growth, with smaller and more regularly cut leaves than those of the American and darker colored bark. The branches project from the trunk almost at right angles, giving the tree a noble appearance. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents each; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Ulmus Belgica-A fine variety of large size, rapid growth, and fine spreading shape. Valuable for street planting. 5 to 7 feet, 75 cents eacn; 8 to 12 feet, $\$ 1.25$ each.

Ulmus Camperdown pendula (Camperdown Weeping Elm)-Grafted $\overline{\mathrm{j}}$ to 7 feet high, this forms one of the most picturesque drooping trees. It is of rank growth, the shoots often making a zigzag growth outward and downward of several feet in a single season. The leaves are large, dark green and glossy, and
cover the tree with a luxuriant mass of verdure. $\$ 1.00$ each.

Virgilla Lutea (Yellow Wood)-One of the finest American trees. Of moderate growth, broadly rounded head, foliage compact like that of the Robina, and of a lignt green color, turning to a warm yellow in autumn; flowers pea shaped, white, sweet scented, appearing in June in great profusion, in long drooping racemes covering the trees. 5 to 7 feet, 50 cents each; 8 to 10 feet, $\$ 1.00$ rach.

## Hardy Flowering Shrubs

NOTICE-Our space being limited we are listing the Hardy Flowering Shrubs which are generally used and which give general satisfaction. We can supply, however, about all the different Hardy Shrubs under cultivation and should there ke any not listed herein that you need we will gladly give you prices upon application to do so.

Flowering shrubs are especially adapted to add finishing touches and cause a blending between the trees and lawns, or for massing in ornamental groups on small grounds. They present a much great variety in form, size and color than the trees. Among them we have the most beautiful colors and variegations of foliage, the most beautiful grace of outline and the greatest variety of form and colors of blossoms, coming on more or less from the earliest spring to late summer or early autumn, which afford material for the most beautiful effects. Being small, they will give a much greater number of forms and color on places of limited size than can be obtained from the use of trees. Two methods of pianting are commonly practiced; first, the grouping of many flowering varieties into one mass, whereby some kinds may be in bloom at all times from April to November; and second, the arrangement of large masses of one species or variety together, so as to produce very marked effect. The former will generally give the most satisfaction on small grounds, but on places of considerable extent the most pleasing results will be obtained by planting many specimens of one kind in a group.

Aralia Spinosa (Angelica Tree) A small tree that gives sub-tropical elfect to garden on account of its compound leaves, greenish or white flowers.

Price, 2 or 3 feet, 50 sents; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents.

Andromeda Floribunda-Flowers in the greatest profusion in large white panicles of delicate wax-like blossorns over dense dark masses of evergreen foliage. The flower spikes are formed in the fall, giving the plants the appearance of being in bloom all winter. A choice and very beautiful variety. It is used for the same purposes that rhododendrons are, and in connection witu them, in the finest landscape work. $\$ 1.50$ each; extra size plants, each $\$ 2.00$.

Andromeda Japonica-A superb species from Japan. Very similar to Floribunda, but witn very smooth, glossy foliage; a more erect
grower, but flowers instead of being erect are pendulous. $\$ 1.10$ each; selected plants, $\$ 2.00$ earh.


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Barberis Thungeri (Thunberg's Barberry) A dwarf spreading specie, with small white flowers in May, followed with an abundance of deep scarlet berries, which color they maintain all winter. The foliage in summer is of a beautiful shade of green, changing to a beautiful reddish yellow in autumn. Can be planted with good results singly or in clumps.

Price,, 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen. selected specimens, 75 cents eacn; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Barberis, Purpurea (Purple Leaved Bar-berry)-A very desirable plant for the lawn. Foligae of violet purple color, very effective when contrasted with the lighter foliage of other plants.

Price,, 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen. selected specimens, 75 cents eacin; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Barberis Vulgaris (European Barberry)-A handsome deciduous surub, with yellow flowers in terminal drooping racemes in May or June, followed with orange scarelet fruit.

Price,, 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen. selected speciniens, 75 cents eacn; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Cydonia Pyrus Japonica (Japan Quince)Their large, brilliant blossoms are among the first in spring, and they appear in great profusion, covering every branch and twig. The foliage is of bright greer and has a leatnery appearance. When planted as a hedge it is very ornamental. Price 20 cents each; selected stock, 50 cents each.

Cornus. Mascula (Cornelian Cherry)-A small tree, native of Europe, producing clusters of bright yellow flowers early in spring before the leaves appear, followed by red berries. Price, 35 cents each.

Cornus Mascula Variegata (Variegated Cornelian Cherry)-The variegation of this variety is pure white. On: of the prettiest variegated shrupbs in cultivation. Price, 40 cents each.
Cornus Sanguinean (Red Barked Dogwood) -A strong growing snrub, with clusters of fine white flowers, and its blood red bark enlivens either summer or winter landscape. Can be used to good effect in grouping. We have an exceedingly choice assortment. Price each, 30 cents. Selected stock, 50 cents.
Calycanthus, Floridas (Sweet Shrub)-An interesting shrub, having a rare and peculiar fragrance of wood and flowers. Leaves soft, downy beneath. Flowers double and chocolate color, produced all along the branches. Price 30 cents. Selected stock, 50 c.

Corylus Atropurpurea (Purple Leaved Fil-bert)-A very conspicuous shrub, with large, dark purple leaves; very distinct.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents.

Celthra Ainifoila . (Sweet Pepper Bush)-A small shrub of dark green foliage, having a profusion of white flowers in midsummer, followed by clusters of deep red berries. Very fragrant. 35 cents each. Selected stock, 50c.

Deutzia Crenata, Flora Pleno Rosea (Double Pink Deutzia)-Exquisite flowers of double rosette shape, tinged with soft pink, 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester-A choice new sort. The flowers are double, white, tinged outside with pink, and open a week earlier than those of other sorts. 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Deutzia Gracilis (Dwarf Deutzia)-The beauty of the family and one of the best shrubs in our entire list. It forms a low, round bush, covered in early summer with the most graceful wreaths of pure white single flowers. 2 to 3 feet stocky plants, 50 cents each.

Dierville (Weigela)-A shrub of erect habit while young, spreading and dropping with age. Flowers all shades of colors, from white to red; trumpet shaped. The Weigelas bloom in June after the lilacs ar. gone.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 feet, each, 50 cents; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Diervilla Candida-A $r_{1} w$, valuable sort that bears large white flowe!s profusely in June and continues blooming sparingly until fall. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cenis each: $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Diervilla Nana Variega!a-Dwarf with clearly defined variegaions of green, yellow and pink in its leaves, flowers delicate rose and pink. Effective and useful. One of the most ornamental variegated leaved shrubs. 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each.

Deutzia Crenata Candidissima-A new and handsome specie, with very large double flowers, pure white. 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Diervilla Rosea-Bears beautiful rose colored flowers thickly in June. 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.
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HYDRANGEA
Hydrangea P. G. (Tree Form)-Fine specimen plants, trained to tree s.lape with about 3 feet of straight stem and nice shaped heads. Should bloom profusely the first year. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; selected plants, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Eleagnus Longpipes (Japan Oleaster)Beautiful silvery foliage, laden with fruit; the bush is highly ornamental and the fact that the leaves remain fresh till late in the autumn gives it additional value.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 50 c .
Exochorda Grandiflora (rearl Bush)-A fine shrub, producing large white flowers in May; one of the finest shrubs of its season.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 50 c .
Forsythia Suspensa (Weeping Golden Bell)An almost evergreen shrub of sprawling habits, covered in spring before the leaves appear with handsome yellow flowers. Very conspicuous. Price, 30 cents each; selected stock, 75 cents each.
Forsythia Viridissima-A fine hardy shrub. Leaves and bark deep green, flowers yellow very early in spring. Price, 30 cents each; solected plants, 75 cents each.

Hydrangea, P. G.- This is one of the showiest shrubs in cultivation. It bears a profusion of white flowers one foot in length, changing to pink in autumn from midsummer until destroyed by frost. At least six plants of this very valuable shrub should be in every yard. It can be used to accomplish many purposes on the lawn. It is very often employed for hedging purposes, for which it is an admirable plant, a magnificent sight to behold when in full bloom. Requires severe pruning early in Spring. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents e ach; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 3 to 4 feet in height, for immediate effect, 40 cents each; $\$ 4.00$ per dozen.

Hydrangea, quercifolia (Oak Leaved Hy-drangea)-Large leaves lobed like those of the oak, and downy underneath. Fine, 50 cents each; selected specimens, 75 cents each.

Hydrangea, rosea-A red flowering variety of Thomas Hogg. 50 rents each; selected specimens, 75 cents each.

Halesia Tetraptera (Silver Bell)-A beautiful large shrub, with pretty white bell-shaped flowers in May; it is alstinguished by its four winged fruit, which is from one to two inches long.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents.

Hibiscus (Althea or Rose of Sharon)-The Altheas are fine growing and flowering shrubs. They are very desirable on account of coming into bloom late in the summer, when most otner trees and shrubs are not in bloom. The beautiful colors of the different varieties contrast admirably with each other.

Hibiscus Syriacus Boule. de. Feu-Strong growing plant, with large double flowers of a beautiful violet red color; blossoms late.

Hibiscus Totus Albus (White Flowering Al-thea)--Single, pure white flowers; very fine.

Hibiscus Flore Pleno (Variegated Leaved Double Purple Flowerins Althea.)

Hibiscus Syriacus Jeanne D'Arc-Fine new variety. Pure white and very double flowers.

Hibiscus Syriacus Leopoldii-Large blush pink, double flowers.



SWEET PEPPER BUSH.
Hibiscus Purpurea (Single Purple Althea) Common Rose of Sharon.

Price for any variety of Althea enumerated above, 2 to 3 teet, 25 cents each; dozen, $\$ 2.50$; 4 to 5 feet, selected specimens, 50 cents each.

Hamamlis Japonica (Japan Witch Hazel) -A most beautiful shrub, with darker leaves and more elegant habit than the American type. It makes choice specimen of low, close growth, and is always attractive. The yellow flowers appear in curious shape just before winter sets in. Price 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents each.

Kerria, Japonica (Japan Corchorus)-A shrub with slender green branches and globular yellow flowers from July to October. Price, 35 cents each.

Kalmia Latifolia (American or Mountain Laurel)-A beautiful native evergreen snrub, with shining foliage and dense clusters of pink flowiers in spring, requires same treating as the Rhododendron. Price, 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 1.50$ each.

Kalmia Augustofolia-Has narrower leaves and darker pink flowers; contrasts nicely with Latifolia. Price, 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; selected specimens, $\$ 1.50$ each.

Lonicera (Fragrantissima)-Blooms very early in the Spring sometimes before the snow disappears. Very valuable for early bloom. Price, 30c. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.

Lonicera Tartarica (Red Tartarian)—Pink flowers which con rast admirably with tine foliage. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

Lonicera Alba (White Tartarian)-Similar to the preceeding, but has creamy white flowers, sometimes delicately marked with pink. Plice, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

Mahonia Aquiolia (Holly Leaved Mahonia) A native specie of medium size, with pur-
plish, prickly leaves and showy bright yellow flowers in May, succeeded by bluish berries; its nandsome deep green, glossy foliage and neat habit render it very popular for decorative planting. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents.

Mahonia JapoicaLarge, distinct. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents.

Prunus, Japonica Flore alba pleno (Double White Almond)-Produces beautiful double white flowers in May. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

Prunus, Japonica Rubro pleno (Double White Almond) - Beautiful small shrub, bearing in the Spring before the leaves appear, an abundance of small, double, rose-like


AMERICAN OR MOUNTAIN LAUREL. flowers, closely set on twig.
Price, 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.

Philadelphus, Coronarus. (Mock Orange)Strong frowing, round habit, rich green foliage. Flowers pure white and very fragrant. Price, 2 to 3 feet plants, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen. Selected specimens, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Philadelphus Grandiflorus (Jarge Flowered Syringa)-Has very showy large flowers, slightly fragrant.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents each. Selected specimens, 75 cents each.

Philadelphus Folis Aureis (Golden Leaved Syringa) - A very pretty plant of medium size, of golden yellow foliage. It keeps its color the entire season. Valuable for creating pleasing and striking contrasts with other shrubs. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each.

Prunus, Pissardi (Purpie Plum)-The finest purple leaved tree or shrub. The foliage when young is crimson, turning to deep purple in autumn, which color it retins until the leaves fall in winter. Very desirable for contrasting. Transplants easily and is worthy of a place on every lawn. Price, 40 cents each: selected specimens, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Persica Alba Plena (Double White Flowered Peach)-Very ornamental. Flowers pure white and double; superb. Perfectly hardy. Price, 40 cents each.

Persica Rosea Plena (Double Rose Flowered Peach)-Flowers double, pale rose colored, like small roses. Verp' 1 retty. Price, 40 cents each.

Pyrus Angustifola (Betchel s Double-Flowering American Crab)-One of the most beaut1ful of the many fine varieties of flowering crabs. Tree of medium size, covered in early spring with large, beautiful, double fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. From a distance the flowers have the appearance of small roses. 75 cents each.

Rudebeckia (Golden Glow (or Summer Chrvsantheum)-A large, show plant, attaining in god soil a height of 6 to $\&$ feet the same
season planted. Flowers three and one-half inches in diameter, double, well formed, and of a deep golden yellow color, resembling yellow Chrysanthemums, and borne on long stems which render them suitable for cutting. Plants bloom profusely from July until September. One of the best novelties in hardy flowering plants. Price, 2 5cents; large clumps, 50 cents each.

Ribes Sanguineum (Crinison Flowering Cur-rant)-lyeep red flowers in early Spring. 35 cents each.

Ribes Aureum (Yellow Flowering Currant) -Shining, glaucous leaves! yellow flowers. 35 cents each.

Rhodotypus Kerriodes . (White. Kerria) Very ornamental shrub from Japan, with handsome foliage and large white flowers. Last of Tay, succeeded by numerous small black fruit. 30 cents each; selected specimens, 75 cents each.

Rhus Laciniata (Cut Leaved Sumach)-A very striking plant, of moderate size. with deeply cut foliage resembling fern leaves; dark green above and glaucuous beneath, and turning to a rich red in autumn. 50 cents each.

Rhus Glabra (Smooth Sumach)-Very effective in autumn with its crimson seeds and foliage. 40 cents eacn.

Spirea Vanhoutii-One of the most charming and beautiful of the Spireas. Habit graceful and dropping. Completely covered with panicles of pure white flowers. A handsome sight when in full bloom. 3 to 4 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; selected specimens, 50 cents each; $\$ \$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Spirea Reveesi-Covered in Spring with clusters of pure white flowers. 3 to 4 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Spirea Opulifolia Aurea, Golden Leaved-An interesting variety of distinctly yellow foliage, flowers white. One of the most effective shrubs on the lawn. 3 to 4 feet. 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.


## PYRUS JAPONICA.

Spirea Prunifolio, Bridal Wreath-One of the earliest blooming kinds. Flowers double white. 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Spirea Bumalda-A Japanese specie of dwarf habit and covered in mid-summer and autumn with bright, rose colored flowers. 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents each; selected specimens, 50 cents each.

Spirea Thunbergii-One of the most charming of all low growing shrubs. Foliage of fine, feathery appearance, taking beautiful tints in autumn. One of the earliest and freest bloomers. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents eacn; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.; 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Spirea Collosa Alba (Fortune's Dwarf White Spirea)-A bushy flowering variety of dwarf, bushy habit; keeps in flower all summer; a valuable small shrub. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; selected specimens, 75 cents each.

Spirea Anthony Waterer-A fine new dwarf Spirea with dark crimson flowers, darker than Spirea Bumalda. One of the finest shrubs of recent years. 40 cents each.

Tamarix Chinesis-A vigorous upright grower with delicate foliage of a lively green color; flowers rose colored in September.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 40 cents eacn.

Viburnum Plicatum (Japan Snow Ball)-A beautiful flowering shrub, the flower clusters, which are produced all over the bush, are spherical in form and of the purest white, with beautiful crimped, dark green foliage. Price, 2 to 3 feet plants, 40 c . each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz.

Spirea Collosa (Fortunes' Spirea)-Has large panicles of deep rosy blossoms; grows freely and blooms nearly all summer; fine, 40 cents each.

Spirea Robusta-A superior variety of vigorous growth; flowers pure white, borne in clusters. Blooms in June and September. 2
to 3 feet, 35 cents each; 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each.

Spirea Caryopteris Mastacanthus (Blue Spirea) - Aneat, compact, new sort, witn large fragrant blue flower-clusters; young shoots spring freely and flower the first season. 1 to 2 feet, 30 cents each; 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each.
Sambucus Aurea (Golden Elder)-Very desirable for contrasting. Foliage of a beautiful


## SPIREA VON HOUTI.

golden yellow, 20 cents each; $\$ 2.00$ per dozen; selected stock, 40 cents each.

Tamarix Africana-Handsome foliage, upright habit; flowers in May.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents; 3 to 4 feet, 40 cents each.

Viburnum Opulus (Cranberry Tree)-The common name is from the the fine red berries which follow its handsome, white, midsummer flowers.
Price, 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per dozen.


Viburnum Opulus Sterelis (Guelder Rose) The beautiful old sort so generally esteemed. 2 to 3 feet, 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per dozen.

Syringa, Lilac, alka grandiflora-Very large, white flowers. $\overline{5} 0$ cents each.


LILAC.
Syringa Abel Carriere-Large double bluish flowers. Under side of neal pinkish tinge. A choice new variety. 50 cents each.

Syringa, Albert the Good-Extra fine large, dark purple flowers. 50 cents each.

## Ornamental Crasses

These are among the finest of all hardy plants for bedding. All are exceedingly graceful, with large and plumy flower heads. If intermingled with the flowering shrubs the: show off to a good advantage.

Eualia Arundo Donax Variegata-Foliage creamy white and green. 35 cents each.

Eulalia Gracillima-The narrow green leaves have a conspicuous white midrib. 35 cents each.

Eulalia Japonica Striata-Green leaves striped with white. 30 cents each.

Eulalia Japonica Zebrina-In this the yellow strips run across the leaves. 30 cents each.

Yucca Filamentosa-Adam's Needle. Covered with bell shaped flowers forming a perfect pyramid. Valuable for rockwork. 30 cents each.

## Rhododendrons

The most showy of all the flowering shru')s when in bloom and during the winter on account of its dark green leaves. The Rhododendron succeeds best in a rather moist, fibrous soil, but does well in almost any kind if it is made porous-not too dry-and if the plants are sheltered from the burning sun during the winter. While young, especially, pine bough or some other protection should be put around them to keep the leaves from burning and keep off the drying winds. The number of varieties offered is very large, but a compara-
tively small number of them are hardy in our northern climate. Our list is comprised of the best varieties for general planting.
Ablum Elegans-Very large, white
Brandyanum-Bright cherry.
Candidissimum-Pure white.
Everestianum-Rosy lilac, crimped.
Giganteum-Large, rosy, crimson.
Gloriosum, Waterers-Large bluish.
Curieanum-Dark rosy lilac, large.
Daisy Rand-Deep crimson.
Caractacus-Rich purplish crimson.
Maximum Albun-Large white.
Michael Waterer-Very beautiful, late crimson.

Chas. Bagley-Cherry red, fine truss and habit.

Grandiflorium-Rosy crimson.
Purpureum Elegans-Fine purple.
J. R. Trumpey-Late, rosy crimson.

Chas. Dickens-Dark scarlet.
Chas. Summer-Rose and light purple.
Mrs. Milner-Rich crimson, very fine.
Prices for any of the varieties heretofore named: 12 to 18 inches, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 18 to 24 inches, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per dozen.

We can supply large native Rhododendrons that will run from 3 to 7 ft . in height and are nicely branched in every respect. When planted in clumps at an entrance they make a most desirable effect and for a shady situation where one cannot grow grass or particularly make anything row, they are just he thing to plant and hide away the bare ground. We can only furnish these in carload lots. If in need of Native Rhododendrons write us for prices.

## Azaleas

Unlike the Rhododendrons they are mostly deciduous, and their blossoming in May and June is always the grand event of the season. This family of plants is most useful in that their many graceful forms and attractive flowers, and the many ways they can be manipulated in the creation of landscape effects, makes them indispensible in all properly arranged lawn decoration.

## AZALEA GHENT (PONTICA AZALEA)

This specie is unequalled for brilliancy and variety of color. Although usually hardy they are finer if given protection in winter.

Admiral de Ruyten-Dark Rose.
Alba lutea grandiflora-Large white and yellow.

Anna Van Houtte-Rich pink.
Anna Louisa-Fine yellow.
Atrorubrum-Darkest red.
Auguste Michelynck-Soft rose.
Counsel Pecher-Lively rose.
Ernest Bach-Bright salmon.
Aurora-Rose orange.
Blondin-Fine white color.
Cardinal-Rose color.
Charles Baumann-Blush red.
Price, 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each. Selected specimens, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Azalea Molis (Japanese Azalea)-Of dwarf nabit and larger flowers than the Ghents, are
of the best of the Azalea Family, and is now largely planted.

Alphonse Lavallee-Bright orange.
Baron Edmund de Rothschild-Red with yellow.

Chevalier de Reali-White with orange.
Comte de Gomer-Rose.
Madame Legrelle d'Hanis-Rose.
Price. strong 2 feet plants, 75 cents each; selected specimens, $\$ 1.50$ each.

## California Privet

## (Ligustrum Ovalifolium.)

Hedge plants are used for two purposes, to serve as a boundary line that shall be more natural and ornamental than a stone wall or fence, and as a protection from animal and

other tresspassers; and if either of these is a necessity, a well kept hedge of California Privet serves a very good purpose. It is a neat, compact shrub, that stands pruning perhaps quite as well as anything we have for hedging purposes.

Price, 15 to 18 inch plaıts, 75 cents per dozen; $\$ 5.00$ per hundred; 2 to 3 feet plants, $\$ 1.00$ per dozen; $\$ 6.50$ per 100 .

3 to 4 feet stocky plants, 15 cents each; $\$ 1.25$ per dozen; $\$ 10.00$ per hundred.

4 to 5 feet, large stocky plants that will make a hedge at once, 25 cents each; dozen, $\$ 2.50 ; 100, \$ 14.00$.

## Fragrant Paeonies

The old-fashioned Paeony officinalis of our grandmothers' garden, while still popular because of their early flowering, have been
eclipsed b ythe wonderful improved sorts introduced in recent years. They are the "Queen of Spring Flowers." and are well adapted for massing in beds, and particularly valuable for planting in groups throughout the perennial or shrubbery border, where their brilliant hues add atttraction to all around. Their requirements are so simple-a good, rich, deep soil, and an open, sunny position, which, however, is not absolutely necessary, as they thrive almost equally as well in a partly shaded position, and a liberal supply of water during their growing season being sufficient to give an abundance and wealth of flowers, which !ival the finest Roses in coloring and fragrance and produce during their flowering season a gorgeous effect not equalled by any other flower. They are perfectly hardy, requiring sevele climate, are not troubled with insect pests or disease of any kind, and once planted take care of themselves, increasing in beauty each year.

## Standard Varieties Double Herbaceous Paeonies

Agnes Marie Kelway-Rosy white guard peals, creamy white centre.

Achille-A beautiful soft mauve rose, changing to almost pure white.

Alba Plena-A pure white.
Andries Lauries-A fine tyrian rose, late.
Canary-Guard petals white, centre yellowish, changing to pure white.

De Jussieu-Pale lilac rose with creamy white centre.

Edulis Superba-Soft mauve with lighter shadings.

Festiva Alba-Popular winite.
Humei-Rose pink.
Lady Bramwell-A beautiful silvery rose.
Lamartine-Solferino red shading lighter to the centre.
Ne-plus-ultra-Violet rose guard petals, centre mauve rose with lighter edges.

Paganini-Light solferino red with lighter centre.

Pomponia-Rosy mauve guard petals, prim-rose-yellow centre changing to creamy white. Queen Victoria-A good early. white.
Rukra Triumphans-Rich carmine purple without prominent yellow stamens.

Victoire Tricolore-Guard petals delicate lilas rose, centre light salmon yellow. Whiteleyi-A fine early white.
Zoe Calot-White suffused with delicate rose. PRICE, any of the above standard sorts, 25 cts. each: $\$ 2.50$ ped doz.


POTTING STRAWBERRY PLANTS AT OUR NURSERIES.

## Evergreen Trees

医vergreen trees are indispensible in some Features of ornamental planting．They are especially valuable for screens and wind breaks，for a background against which to group trees with beautifully colored leaves or branches and for winter protection．We limit ox．list to the description of only the most eatiful and these succeed under a wide range of conditions and are most easily trans－ pliusted．

Eyergreens may be transplanted at almost ar season of the year，but great care needs to be taken that the roots do not become dry by exposure to sun and winds，and if possible ＊moist day should be selected．

Picea Excelsa（Norway Spruce）－A popalar variety．Makes a very dense， anact hedge．Very desirable for a irm nedge to take the place of a tence．

Prices for trees 2 feet in height， 20 cents each；$\$ 3.00$ per dozen；$\$ 20.00$ er $100 ; 3$ to 4 feet， 40 cents each； 34.03 per dozen；$\$ 30.00$ per 100； 4 to Breet， 75 cents each；$\$ 7.50$ per doz．； 3200 per 100．Selected 5 to $b$ feet tres for specimen，planting，clump－ ing and immediate effect，$\$ 3.00$ each，

アicea Alba（White Spruce）－Com－ pant pyramidal form，of greater sym－ netry than that of the Norway sprace．Very hardy．
orice， 2 to 3 feet， 50 cents each； 35 per dozen； 3 to 4 feet， 75 cents eath；\＄7．50 per dozen．
iPicea Canadensis（Hemlock Spruce） －Wery fine，graceful and ornamental， with fine，smooth，rich foliage，mak－ iny a beautiful hedge，but not as suong a one as the Norway．It is es－ pecially graceful．

Price， 2 to 3 feet， 75 cents each； T1 10 per dozen；$u$ to 4 feet，$\$ 1.00$ eare验；$\$ 10.00$ per dozen．Selected， 5 to © eet，specimen trees，of handsome Tonसu，$\$ 5.00$ each．
picea Inverta（Weeping Norway Bprese）－The most singular and use－ tul weeping evergreen and one of the bersi for general use，and for produc－ ons fanciful effects．If allowed its enhile freedom it assumes a great उamety of forms，bending and droop－ ing or sprawling in grotesque shapes，no two spicimens being alike． 2 to 3 feet，$\$ 2.00$ each； 3 ）feet，$\$ 3.00$ each．
pigea Nordmanniana（Nordmann＇s Silver Tix）－Medium size，but of symmetrical form and majestic growth．Horizontal branches widu large，massive，dark green foliage，glauc－ ＊us，producing a rich and delicate effect．Price， 3 to 3 feet，$\$ 2.50$ each； 3 to 4 feet，$\$ 3.50$ each．

Picea Pungens，Glauca Kostri（Colorado Stione Spruce）－One of the hardiest and beauti－ swos of all the spruces，and is rapidly taking a wrominent place among the evergreens．It is colupact habit，with an abundance of foli－


Price， 2 to 3 feet，$\$ 2.00$ each； 3 to 4 feet， $\$ 3.00$ each．

Picea balsamea（BaIm of Gilead Fir）－Very hardy；foliage silvery underneath．

Price， 2 to 3 feet， 50 cents each；$\$ 5.00$ per dozen； 3 to 4 feet， 70 cents each；$\$ 7.50$ per dozen．

JUNIPERUS．（Juniper．）
Juniperus Hibernica（Irish Juniper）－Very erect and tapering in its growth，forming a column of deep green foliage．Very desirable for lawn planting．Its beauty and hardiness make it a general favorite． 2 to 3 feet，$\$ 1.00$ each．

Juniperus alba variegata (Silver Variegated Juniper)-Variegated glaucous green and pure white foliage. Distinct and fine. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

Juniperus aurea prostrata (Golden Prostrate Juniper) - Abeautiful dwarf trailing variety, bright golden foliage; very effective. SpreadIng habit. Hardy and fine. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each; 3 to 4 feet, $\$ 2.00$ each.

Juniperus Sinensis (Chinese Juniper)-One of the most desirable, forming a handsome dense shrub, with branches somewhat pendulous and dark green foliage. 2 to 3 feet, $\$ 1.00$ each.

## RETINOSPORA (Japan Cypress.)

Retinosporo Plumoso Aurea (Golden Retino-spora)-That is a most interesting family of evergreens of dwarf habit, and particularly suited to small places. The Golden Retinospora is one of the handsomest evergreens that can be planted on the lawn. 2 to 3 feet trees, 75 cents each.

Retinosporo Squarrosa-An exquisite Japanese form, with steel-colored foliage, which is very fine and feathery; it displays many shades of color during the season and is largely used and can be closely pruned into any shape, associating with all other dwarf evergreens. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 75 cents each.

## THUJA (The Arbor Vitaes.)

Thuja, Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae) -One of the most desirable evergreen hedge plants, of very attractive appearance. Altnough a fast grower, it can be kept trimmed to any height desired.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each; $\$ 3.00 \mathrm{p}$ sr dozen; $\$ 22.00$ per $100 ; 3$ to 4 feet; 40 cents each; $\$ 4.00$ per dozen; $\$ 30.00$ per $100 ; 4$ to 5 feet, 0 5cent seach; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; $\$ 40.00$ per 100 .

Thuja Siberica (Siberian Arbor Vitae)Exceedingly hardy, of rather slow growth, conical in form, compact and symmetrical. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Thuja Globosa (Globe Headed Arbor Vitae) -Very dense and dwarf, forming a round ball without any trimming or training, distinct, hardy and popular. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Thuja Hoveyi (Hovey's Golden Arbor Vitae) -Of dwarf habit, globular form, dense growth, foliage of lively yellowisn green. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

Thuja Orientalis Aurea (Geo. Peabody Arbor Vitate)-Very hardy, beautiful and showy of dwarf, compact habit, foliage of a rich, bright golden color. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## PINUS (Pines.)

Pinus, Austriaca (Austrian Pine)-A very remarkably robust, hardy, spreading tree; leaves long, stiff and dark green; growth rapid; valuable for this country. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine)-A fine, robust, rapid growing tree, with stout, erect shoots and silvery green foliage. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents eacn; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

Pinus strobus (White Pine)-The most ornamental of all our native pines. Foliage light, delicate and silvery green. Flourishes in poorest of soils. 2 to 3 feet, each, 50 cents; per dozen, $\$ 5.00 ; 3$ to 4 feet each, 75 cents; per dozen, $\$ 7.50$.

Pinus Mugho (Dwarf Hugho Pine)-A very distinct species; foliage short, stiff and twisted and thickly distributed over the branches. Does not grow tall, but spreads over the ground.

Price, 1 to 2 feet, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## Landscape Gardening

From our everyday intercourse with gentlemen who are either laying out new grounds or seeking to amend errors in design formerly committed, we are enabled to perceive that sound and useful information is greatly wanting on the subject of Landscape Gardening, and that to this defect are mainly attributable the deformities so lamentably frequent. We feel certain that other landscape gardeners will bear us out in the assertion that their services are more employed to remedy irregularfties which have been fallen into for want of due consideration and enlightenment, than to furnish entirely new designs. The difficulty and expense of rectifying such errors can scarcely be over-estimated. It is wisely ordained that winile a truly beautiful object will
is a fair criterion of the seal facts of the case, there is no want of appreciation among the classes for whom this work is formed. Most persons are able to admire a chaste and beautiful landscape improvement when they see it. Wnat is rather required, is something or some one to develop and guide their taste, and direct them to fitting objects. On these accounts, and as a humble but earnest effort to supply these demands, we have in our employ practical men who have been carefuly trained in the art. We respectfully request our patrons to consult us in reference to any landscape work which they may have under consideration. Quite frequently we are requested to advise the proper way to prune trees, shrubs, etc., and we find it a very difficult question to


VIEW OF LANDSCAPE GARDENING
yield a permanent and increasing delight, everything of a contrary nature is certain, at some period or other to pall and disgust the mind. As far as our own observation has extended, and we have reason to believe that it
andswer intelligently. Individual trees and shrubs require pruning characteristic of themselves. We will gladly send our experienced men to your place to perform this work for you in a thorough manner.

# The Baby Rambler Or Crimson Rambler in Bush Form Everblooming from June until late Frosts---120 Indivikual Flowers have been counted on a single ponicle 

No introduction to the floral world ever made so great a success as the Crimson Kambler Rose. It has bcen planted by the mi lions in all parts of the country, and up to this time has never been equalled as a hardy brilliant and strikingly handsome climber.

Its weak points, however, were the shortness of its blooming season, and its adaptability as a climber only. With this elegeant rose as a type of perfection it was natural that every effort to improve it would be the desire and life work of the Horticulturists throughout the world. That which invariably takes generations to accomplish has been brought about in a comparatively short time, being the introduction of the Baby Rambler.

This beautiful acqusition originated at Orleans, France, and is a crossing of Crimson Rambler and Glorie des Polyanthus. Fortunately it preserves the flowering qualities of the latter, and retains the color and large panicles of the Crimson Rambler.

The foliage is of a fine polished dark green, and is never attacked by insects or fungus. It
blooms in clusters and is very continuous. The time of blooming of the first umbel is not ended when the adjacent branches are ready to open with a considerable number of flowers, so that the period of blooming is not interrupted until after severe frosts. This rose will be very popular on account of the formation of the clusters, being covered with flowers the whole Summer and will be especially valuable for culture in pots.

The Winter of 1903-1904 was the most severe experienced here in many years. The plants stood out in our nurseries here during all that winter, without any protection whatever. Spring found these bushes alive to the tips of their branches. We have no hesitation in saying that the bushes of Dwarf Perpetual Crimson Rambler are perfectly hard and vigorous. The plants grow 24 to 30 inches high. We can supply dormant field-grown plants.

Price, strong, field-grown, dormant plants 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen.

NOTE-Place your order for Baby Rambler early as our stock is limited.

# Hardy Hybrid Perpetual Rose 

## (Rosa Damascena Hybrida.)

More people appreciate the beauty and value of the Rose tnan of any other flower but comparatively few succeed in growing it to its greatest perfection. It succeeds best in a deep, rich soil, rather moist, and of somewhat a clayey nature. More persons fail in growing the rose, from not making the soil rich enough than from any other cause. Perhaps the best line of treatment is to spade the bed 18 to 24 inches deep, working in fine rotted cow manure and leaf mould to the full depth, and every fall banking up

## Standard

Price for any of the standard varieties hereafter named, two-year-old plants, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; three-year-old plants, each, 35 cents; dozen, $\$ 3.50$.

Baroness Rothschild-Deep rose, white tinted; flower very large, fragrant. No rose bed is complete without it.

Mrs. John Laing-Soft pink; large and fine form; produced on strong stems.

Paul Neyron-Deep rose color; good tough foliage; wood rather smooth. We ask special attention to this grand rose. The flowers are immense.

Gen. Jacqueminot-This reliable old rose is too well known to be given any lengthy description. Years of endeavor have failed to find a variety to surpass this grand old rose. Flowers very double and bright crimson.

American Beauty-This is perhaps the grandest and best known rose we have. It is a bushy grower, free bloomer; color a rich, rosy crimson, and beautifully veined.

Couquette des Alps-Large, pure white flowers, sometimes tinged with pale bluisn; very hardy and beautiful.
La France-One of the most beautiful constant blooming Hybrid Perpetual Roses. The flowers and buds are of immense size and especially fine form; a lovely shade of peach bloom, changing to rose, delightfully fragrant.

Anne De Diesbach-This superb variety is of a clear carmine color, large full and cupped; vigorous growth and rich fragrance. Always in demand.

Ulrich Brunner-Bright cherry red; very large and full; strong grower.

Madame Plantier-Not a Hybrid Perpetual Rose, but perfectly hardy. One of the best white roses and should be among every collection.

Dinsmore-One of the finest bloomers. Highly recommended for garden planting on account of its hardiness and vigorous growth. Flowers are large and double; color, rich scarlet, very fragrant.
against each plant wint rich stable manure, for protection. In the spring, this manure should be spread on the surface of the bed and spaded in, and if the soil is not too thin and dry a good growth and an abundance of blos soms will result. Pruning: In pruning, the work may be done either in fall or in March, the latter time being generally preferred for this work The bushes should be so pruned as to obtain a limited number of as strong canes as possible,
 the stronger the the larger will be the flowers.

## Varieties

Margaret Dickson-This is unquestionably the finest Hybrid Perpetual white rose yet introduced. Should be included in every collection.

Magna Charta-Large, full and globular Bright pink flowers. Can be relied upon as a standard sort. Very fragrant.
John Hopper-Rosy crimson, back of the Petal lilac. Large and full and one of the best roses.
Marchioness of Londonderry-Flowers of great size, measuring five inches across, perfectly formed and carried on stout stems. Color, ivory white; free flowering; highly perfumed.

Marshal P. Wilder-Flowers large semiglobular, full, well formed; color cherry carmine.

Mabel Morrison-White, sometimes tinged with bluish; in the autumn the edges of the petals are often pink. In all, save color and substance of petals, this variety is identical with Baroness Rothschild. A very valuable rose.

Prince Camile. de Rohan-Deep velvety crimson; large, moderately full. A splendid rose.
Madame Gabriel Luizet-Pink, distinct, very large, cupped.

Baron de Bonstetten-Rich, velvety maroon; large, full. A splendid sort.

Mrs. R. G. Sherman Crawford-Color deep rosy pink, outer petals shaded with pale flesh, white at base of petals, flowers large, of perfect imbricated form, and freely produced, flowering from early Summer until late in Autumn.

Liberty-Very free-flowiering bright crimson scarlet, of strong, vigorous habit; an elegant bedder.

Killarney-It is perfectly hardy in this latitude; in growth it is strong and robust, and as free flowering as any rose we know. In color it is a sparkling, brilliant, imperial pink; the
blooms are large, the buds long and pointed, the petals very large and of great substance, and just as handsome in the full-blown flower as in the bud form.

Jubilee-It is the finest dark red hardy garden rose yet introduced. A pure red in its deepest tone, shading to deep crimson red and velvety maroon in the depths of the petals.

Clio-This variety is of very vigorous growth, and has large, handsome foliage. The flowers are flesh color, shaded to the center with rosy pink, they are very large, of fine globular form, and freely produced.

Glorie Lyonase-This grand rose is a pale shade of chamois, or salmon yellow, deepest in center, and sometimes passing to ricn, creamy white, finely tinted with orange and fawn: the flowers have all the beauty of Tea Roses and are large and full and delightfully sweet.


## Tea and Hybrid Tea Roses

This class of Roses can be wintered safely. All that is necessary is to give them the same protection as the Hardy Hybrids.

Prices for the following list of Tea Roses, one year, strong plants, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen; two year plants, 40 cents each; $\$ 4.00$ per dozen.

Coltrilde Soupert-Medium size; very double and beautifully imbricated like an Aster; produced in clusters, pearly white, with rose like centers, a remarkably free and constant bloomer of easy culture. One of the most valuable roses of recent introduction.

Meteor-Rich, dark, velvety crimson, retaining its color well; a constant bloomer; healthy with no tendency to mildew.

Bride-A sport from Catherine Mermet. Pure white; large, fine form, very flagrant, fiee bloomer.

Bridesmaid-A new sort, which has proved a valuable acquisition: it is a sport of Mermet
and is similar to that admirable variety in every respect, save in color, it being a deeper and clearer pink.

Kaiserin Augusta-An extra fine white variety, finely blended with cream color; very large; full and double, almost perfect in form and it continues beautiful even when fully expanded. Its fragrance is a combination of tea and magnolia, and is very delightful and distinct from that of any other variety. Beautiful glossy foliage; a vigorous grower and very free flowering; without doubt the freest blooming rose yet introduced.

Madam Cochet-The queen of all pink garden loses. Magnificent, large, full and double flowers. Delightfuly fragıant.

Perie des Jardins-Clear yellow, free bloomer, very fragrant, one of the best of Teas.

Mad. Caroline Testout-A charming new Hybrid Tea. Flowers large and double, rery fiagrant. Color bright and satiny pink, with rosy center. Excellent for bedding.

NOTE-We can supply any variety of Roses that have not been introduced within the past two years. Should there be any sorts you wish to get and don't find listed here we can fuinish them at same prices as the foregoing valieties.

## Rambler Roses

Plices for any of the four described Rambleıs, each 35 cents; dozen, $\$ 3.50$. Three years old, selected, strong plants, each 50 cents; dozen, $\$ 5.00$.

Pink Rambler-Possesses the same valuable features found in the White Rambler, except in colo? of flower, which is a brilliant light carmire: pelfectly hardy.

Crimson Ramoler-This is only a remarkable and unlooked for novelty among Hardy Climbing Roses. It is a vigorous, rapid grower, makirg shoots 10 to 20 feet in neight in one season. For verandas, walls, pillars and fences it is a desirable plant.

Yellow Rambler-This is the only hardy yellow climbing rose in cultivation. It is becoming as popular as its rerowned relative. Crimson Rambler, with which it is identical, with the exception of the flowers, which are deep golden yellow.

White Rambler-This is a splendid rose: distinct and valuable; the flowers are pure white and very fragrant; they are borne in clusters, and a well established plant in bloom makes a striking appearance.

## [Prairie Roses. (Rcsa Rubiafoio)

Dorothy Perkins-The plants are perfectly hardy, having withstood a temperature of 20 below zero uninjured. The flowers are of large size for this class of rose; usually about one and one-half inches across; are borne in clusters of ten to thirty. The buds are remarkably pretty, just the right size for the button hole. Plants are strong, vigorous growers.
e foliage is deep green of thick leathery texture. It is almost an Evergreen variety.

Queen of the prairies-Bright, rosy red. frequently with white stripes; is fairly covered with flowers in early summer, and is one of the best climbers for any purpose.

Seven Sisters-A small bush rose tinged with valious shades of pink.

Empress of China-The color is soft dark red, changing to lighter red or pink, like the color found in an apple blossom.

White Marechal Niel-It is the exact counterpart in every respect of Marechal Niel, its parent, save the color of the flowers, which is pure white; totally distinct.

Baltimore Belle-Pale blush, becoming nearly white; compact and fine; the blooms are produced in clusters; the growth, though rapid, is slender and gracetul.

Prices for any of the varieties named above, two-year plants, 25 cents each; dozen, $\$ 2.50$; three-year-old, selected bushes, 50 cents each; dozen, $\$ 5.00$.

## Rosa Rugosa

They are rapid growers, of neat, uniform compact and sturdy habit, attaining a height of 5 to 6 feet; perfectly hardy. The foliage exhibits a mass of dense, luxuriant, glossy green.

The flowers are large and single; perfect format and color, produced continuously throughoud the season and until late in the autumn, and as they mature are replaced by small, glossy golden and red Haws, they possess a character all their own and are of valuable assistance to tise landscaper.
Rugosa Rubra-Japan variety. Flowers single, of a most beautiful bright rosy crimsom succeeded by large besrries, of a rich, rosy red color, and are a great addition to the ornamertaı character of the plant.

Agnes Carmen-A hybrid rugosa varietya with rich foliage and large deep crimson flowers.

Rugosa Alba-Species from Japan. Single pure white flowers, of five peals; highly scented: golden fruit.

Two year plants. 25 cents each; selected three-year-old plants for immediate effect, cents each.

## Hardy Creeping Vines

Without climbing vines many beautiful homse would present a sad and unprotected picture during our hot summers. They grow quickly, cover verandas, porticos, porches, arkors, walls, fences, etc., with a livng green tiat is far more beautiful than any artificial structure and affording grateful shade during our hot summer days. Among the best of the group are the folowing:

## Clematis. (Virgin's Bower)

Jackmanni-The pioneer of the large flowerer, Improved Clematis, and with few, if any equals, and no superiors. Vigorous, perpetual, very profuse and constont. Flowers purple and large. Price, each 40 cents; dozen, $\$ 4.00$.

Henryi-One of the best of the lanuginosa type, and the best white Clematis. Flowers occasionally during summer and early autumn. Price 40 cents each.

Paniculata-This is a recent Japanese introduction and one of the finest additions to our

Ampelopsis.

hardy climbers. It is a very strong, vigorous plant, growing rapidly, and as easily grown $a$ the honeysuckle. About the middle of August, when most other climbers have ceaseid blooming, this is just coming into perfectior and remains in bloom about a month; flowers pearly white. Strong, field grown plants, 40 cents each.

Coccinea-Very handsome hardy climber, bearing bell-shaped red flowers from June urtil frost: Strong field grown plants, 35 cents each.

## (Woodbine)

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Boston Ivy)-Probably no climber has been so generally used the last few years. The leaves of this beautiful climber overlap one another closely, changing in the fall to the most beautiful tints, remaining so until they drop. It clings to wood, stone or brick, requiring no other support than a smooth surface, to which it clings with tenacity. The most unsightly buildings are made picturesque by its use. Many residences are covered with it, to which it lends and air of elegance.
Price, strong field grown plants, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen.
Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (American Ivy or Virginia Creeper)-Very well known and appreciated; of luxurious, vigorous growth, and owing to its ivy-like tendrils, valuable for covering unsightly objects. Price, each, 25 cents; per dozen, $\$ 2.50$.

Ampelopsis Roylei-From Japan. Resembles i.se American, but more vigorous; foliage larger,. denser and highly colored in autumn 25 cents each. $\$ 2.50$ per dozen.

## Wistaria

Wistaria Sinensis (Chinese Blue)-The flowers are of a pale blue color, and are borne in pendulous recemes in May and June. Large plants, 35 cents.

Wistaria Siensis Alba (Chinese White)Very like the Chinese Blue, except that the
flowers are white and remain longer. Plants, each 50 cents.

Wistaria Flore Pleno (Chinese Purple)Blooms in the spring in snort, dense clusters; ..owers pale blue. Strong plants, 3.5 cents each.

## Lonicera. (Honeysuckle)

Lonicera Haileana (Hall's Japan)-An almost evergreen honey suckle of the greatest value, being entirely hardy, and of strong, vigorous growth. The flowers are exceedingly fragrant, of pure white, cuanging to yellow. Blooms from June to September.

Lonicera Aurea Reticulata (Japan Gold-Veined)-A beautiful variety, of moderate growth. This variety is especially desirable on account of its beautiful winter foliage. So beautifully marked are they as to baffle description; flowers large and peach colored. Blooms in June and May.

Lonicera Sempervirens (Scarlet Trumpet) A well known, strong growing vine; continuous bloom; flowers scarlet, succeeded by red berries; suitable for stump and trellis.

Lonicera Belgica. (Monthly Fragrant or Dutch Honeysuckle)-Showy flowers of red and yellow, deligntfully fragrant; continues to bloom a long time. Season June and July.

Strong plants of any of the above Honeysuckles, each, 25 cents; dozen, \$2.50. Large 3 -year-old transplanted plants, each, 40 cents; dozen, $\$ 3.50$.

## Miscellaneous Vines

Akebia quinata-A perfectly hardy fast growing Japan vine, with magnificent foliage, producing flowers in large clusters of chocolate purple color; possessing a most delicious perRume; unsurpassed for covering trellises and verandas, the foliage never being attacked by insects. 35 cents.

Actinidia Polygama-A clinbing plant from Japan. The flowers are white, with a purple center, and sometumes cover the whole vine. The fruit is round, edible, and has a fine flaror. • 35 cents.

Tecoma Radicans-(American Climbing Trumpet Vine)-A splendid hardy, climbing plant with large trumpet-snaped scarlet flowers in August. 35 cents.

Tecoma Astrosanguinea (Dark red or Purple Trumpet Flower)-A vigorous shrub with purplish crimson flowers. 35 cents.

Aristolichia sipho (Hipe Vine or Dutchman's Pipe)-Immense light green leaves, 8 to 12 inches in diameter, of beautiful color and so thick as to overlap each other. Curious, pipeshaped, yenowish brown flowers. Of rapid growth. чь cents each.

Hedera Helix (Englisin Ivy)-The ivy, being an evergreen not very hardy and suffering from exposure to the winter sun, should be planted on the north side of buildings or walls. It is very effective in pots for inside decoration. Price 25 cents.


It is a salutary axiom, especially in this book makin gage, that no volume should be sent before the public without something beyond a private reason for its appearance. It requires
¿o be shown that other people have an interest , de served by it, and the autnor's own pleasare or advantage it not alone consulted. The , Nork of the late indefatigable Mr. Dwyer on Horticulture may be mentioned with the greatst respect as an ample treatise on everything relating to the subject. There is nothing of egotism (certainly not intentioal) in the reMark that his work sprung out of the author's known reflection and observation and have often been jotted down of an evening or during a journey, as the result of a daily experience. $I^{+}$is very likely tnat a more finished book mignt have been produced by the use of frequent quotations from other works; this, however, was no part of the original plan. At the outset of his task it was the authors 'purpose to write a comprehensie book. It can be judged by the mere accidents of manner and composition.

The price is fifty cents. We will mail it' free to all our customers who apply for it when tney send their orders.

## Mapes' Manures and Fertilizers <br> (Prices subject to change without notice.)


#### Abstract

We have the agency for this well known and them to our customers. We use large quantireliable firm's fertilizers and can recommend ties of these manures at our nurseries, and many of our old patrons buy several tons of it each year. The prices quoted below for brands named are for stock free on board in New York city.

\section*{BRANDS AND PRICES.}

Potato Manure, per ton................... $\$ 4200$ Fruit and Vine, per ton.......................... 4300 Complete Manure, for general use....... 4000 Complete Vegetable, per ton............. 4200 Cabbage and Caulifiower, per ton....... 4100 Corn, per ton................................ 3800 Grass and Grain, per ton.................... 4400 Complete A Brand, per ton............... 3800


- We can furnish any of these brands named above in bags of 200 pounds at above rates.


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[^0]:    Please write here the names and Post Office address of Parties whom you know are interested in Fruit Culture.

