What are megaliths?
Megaliths are monuments made of large erratic stones. There are tombs (Dolmens, passage graves), temples and single stones (Menhirs). Megalithic monuments were built all over the world by different peoples at different times. In northern and western Europe these monuments were erected during the neolithic and early bronze age (6th–3rd millennium BCE).

How many are there?
There is probably the same amount in western Europe as there are old. Besides that there are many private websites, that are mostly just there for private enthusiasm. With an international community it is possible to collect all megalithic sites in Europe, to describe them, to provide all relevant bibliographical references and to take photos of all the sites.

How were they documented?
Megalithic monuments in northern Europe were documented by scholars since the early days of archaeology in the late 18th and early 19th century. Since the 1820ies there were many attempts to document all monuments in certain smaller regions and since the early 20th century there were attempts to document all monuments in whole countries. Until today only the scandinavian countries have completed public databases for all monuments. For the other countries there are only printed documenting that are often multiple decades old. Besides that there are many private websites, that are mostly just photo collections of existing and easily accessible sites.

What can Wikipedians do?
Wikipedia could be an ideal place to connect scientific accuracy and private enthusiasm. With an international community it is possible to translate them to other languages, complete Lists and articles for all sites in northern europe, expand our work to western Europe and beyond, and finally finish the photographic documentation.