GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331) Description of contents

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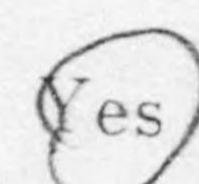
- (1) Box no. 2046
- (2) Folder title/number: (20)

Sales of Stocks, Bonds and Securities in Japan

- (3) Date: Sept. 1949
- (4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
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- (5) Item description and comment:
- (6) Reproduction:



No

(7) Film no.

Sheet no.

GANNINI FOUNDER OF BONR OF AMERICA 4 14/ RESUMES HERRING ON ITS TR MOWOPLY BOARD CHREE 23 June. CAVAGNARO TRAPSAMERICA CHARAN. N DIVIDEND OF 25 & A SPECIAL DIVIDEND OF WAS DECLARED PRYABLE 30 JULY 9 July -IR CHRIRMAN IN FOR DESMISSA/2 OF CHSE 8 July COUNSEL HITS BOARD SUPPRUTSION E, VIDENCE 7 14 CHARGES SEPPRESSION COWPEDDS OF PART OF J. F. Coursell REPORT AGAINST CHSE

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS Government Section Public Administration Division

22 September 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR MAJOR NAPIER

SUBJECT: Trans-America Corporation

- 1. The Trans-America Corporation is capitalized at about \$19,860,000 having 9,930,000 shares of stock outstanding at a par value of \$2.00 per share.
- 2. At present the market quotation fluctuates between \$10.00 and \$12.00 per share but has risen as high as \$18.00.
- 3. Dividends have been paid every year since 1934. During and following the war the dividends averaged \$1.50 per year, but the last one paid, January 1949, was only \$.40 per share. (Source of information, Mr. T. F. Adams, Money and Banking Branch, Finance Division, ESS.)

J. D. M.

GOVERNMENT SECTION Public Administration Division

21 September 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR: Major Napier

SUBJECT : Stock Selling Practices

The following information was furnished by a person who disapproved of the subject corporation policy but was in a position to know their practices.

Prior to the war, the Securities Exchange Commission investigated the corporation to determine whether its stock selling practices were illegal and unfair, or merely unethical.

Allegedly, par value of the stock was set unreasonably high. Its value was maintained there through the manipulations of a brokerage firm who, according to the records, was not a part of the corporation's empire. One of the firm's partners, however, was the son-in-law of the corporation's president. The brokerage firm had seats on both the New York and the San Francisco Exchanges.

Salesmen of the corporation "barnstormed" the surrounding small cities and farms, "high-pressuring" sales of the corporation's stock. Common practice, it was said, was for the salesman to induce small investors to sell their holdings in other stocks and to by subject's. Salesmen's commissions were unusually high.

J. D. II.

GOVERNMENT SECTION Public Administration Division

22 September 1949

MEMORANDUM FOR: Major Napier

SUBJECT: Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Securities in Japan

1. At present no non-Japanese firm has been authorized by ESS to sell stocks, bonds or securities in Japan.

- 2. International banks may take orders from a regular depositor to buy shares in the United States providing that person's deposits are in U. S. currency or script. Officials of banks, however, are prohibited from "inducing" their depositors to buy.
- 3. It is possible for a Japanese who has an account in a United States bank to authorize his Stateside bank to purchase stocks for him.
- 4. A private United States citizen in Japan who owns stock in an American firm may sell that stock to a Japanese citizen.
- 5. Until the Peace Treaty is signed, the American stock owned by any Japanese national is subject to seizure.
- 6. With the exception of paragraph 4, Mr. T. F. Adams, Money and Banking Branch, Finance Division, ESS, furnished the above information.

J. D. M.