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THE

STATUTES

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THE UNITED KINGDOM >

OF

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

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18 & 19 VICTORIA. 1854-5.

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TABLE

Containing the TITLES of all

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Passed in the THIRD Session of the SIXTEENTH Parliament

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iii. An Act to enable the Cambridge University and Town Waterworks Company to raise further Money.

iv. An Act to enable the Taunton Gaslight and Coke Company to raise a further Sum of Money, and for other Purposes.

v. An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Wye at a Place called Hoarwithy Ferry, in the Parishes of Hentland and King's Caple in the County of Hereford, and for making convenient Approaches thereto.

vi. An Act to transfer to the Corporation of the Town of Brighton the Property, Powers, Privileges, and Liabilities of the Brighton

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- viii. An Act for more effectually lighting with Gas the Town of Stalybridge and the Neighbourhood thereof in the Counties of Chester and Lancaster and in the West Riding of the County of York.
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xxxv. An Act for extending the Powers of the Plymouth and Stonehouse Gaslight and Coke Company; and for other Pur-

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xxxvi. An Act for paving, draining, cleansing, lighting, and otherwise improving the District of Saint Mark, Surbiton, in the Parish of Kingston-upon-Thames in the County of Surrey; and for other Purposes.

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- xlix. An Act for repealing an Act called "The Hartlepool Gas and Waterworks Act, 1849," and granting other Powers in lieu thereof; and for enabling the Hartlepool Gas and Water Company to raise further Money, and for other Purposes; the Short Title of which is "The Hartlepool Gas and Waterworks Act, 1855."
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lxv. An Act for making a Railway from and out of the Great North of Scotland Railway in the Parish of Inverury to the Town of Old Meldrum, all in the County of Aberdeen; and for other Purposes.

lxvi. An Act for amending the several Acts relating to the Liverpool Corporation Waterworks, and for authorizing Deviations and the Construction of Works; and for other Purposes.

lxvii. An Act for amending "The Commercial Roads Act, 1828," and "The Commercial Roads Continuation Act, 1849," and for other Purposes.

lxviii. An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of Kingstonupon-Hull to the Western Boundary of the Parish of Hessle in the East Riding of the County of York.

lxix. An Act for making a Railway from the Oxford Branch of

the Great Western Railway to Abingdon.

1xx. An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne in the County of Lancaster to purchase and maintain Waterworks; and for other Purposes.

lxxi. An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Nottingham and Loughborough Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

lxxii. An Act for establishing and maintaining an efficient System of Police for the Royal Burgh of *Renfrew*, for improving the said Burgh, and for other Purposes in relation thereto.

lxxiii. An Act to enable the *Waterford and Limerick* Railway Company to raise further Money; and for other Purposes.

lxxiv. An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Saint Helen's, and for other Purposes.

lxxv. An Act to alter and extend the Line of the Cromford and High Peak Railway, and to amend and consolidate the Provisions of the Acts relating thereto.

lxxvi. An Act for making a Railway from the Waterford and Limerick Railway at Killonan to Castleconnell, to be called

"The Limerick and Castleoonnell Railway;" and for other Purposes.

xxvii. An Act to extend the Limits of the Newcastle-under-Lyme Gaslight Company's Act for the Supply of Gas, and to authorize the raising of a further Sum of Money, and for other Purposes.

lxxviii. An Act to increase the borrowing Powers of the Limerick

and Foynes Railway Company.

lxxix. An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Maryport and Carlisle Railway; to authorize the Company to improve their existing Railway; to make new Branches, Stations, and other Additions to their Works; to raise further Monies; and for other Purposes.

lxxx. An Act for better lighting with Gas the Town and Borough of Newport, and the Neighbourhood thereof, in the County of

Monmouth.

lxxxi. An Act for more effectually supplying with Gas the Town of Weston-super-Mare in the County of Somerset.

lxxxii. An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for repairing the Road from Alford to Boston, and from thence to Cowbridge in the Township of Frithville, in the County of Lincoln.

lxxxiii. An Act to repeal so much of the Act relating to the Wigan and Preston Roads as relates to the District of the said Roads North of Yarrow, and to make other Provisions in lieu

thereof.

lxxxiv. An Act to alter and amend "The Lands Improvement

Company's Act, 1853."

lxxv. An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in Witney to the Road on Swerford Heath, and the Road leading from the Road from Woodstock to Birmingham through Charlbury to the Road from Chipping Norton to Burford, all in the County of Oxford.

lxxxvi. An Act for making a Railway from Oswestry in the County of Salop to Welchpool and Newtown in the County of

Montgomery.

lxxxvii. An Act for repairing, widening, and maintaining several Roads in the Counties of Dorset and Devon leading to and from the Borough of Lyme Regis, and from the Turnpike Road on Raymond's Hill to the Turnpike Road at the Three Ashes in the Parish of Crewherne in the County of Somerset.

lxxxviii. An Act for making a Railway from the Town of Dundalk in the County of Louth to the Town of Black Rock in the

said County.

lxxxix. An Act for the better Supply of the City of Gloucester and the Neighbourhood thereof with Water; and for other Purposes.

xe. An Act for enabling the London and Bluckwall Railway Company to widen certain Portions of their Railways, and for amending some of the Provisions of the Acts relating to such

Railways.

xci. An Act for enabling the Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Railway Company to make a Branch Railway to Lincoln, and for other Purposes.

xcii. An Act for continuing the Term of the Nottingham and Newhaven Turnpike Road and Districts Act, and for other Pur-

poses.

xciii. An Act for extending the Powers of the Warrington Waterworks Company, and for other Purposes.

xciv. An Act to amend the East Kent Bailway Act, 1853.

xcv. An Act to authorize the Company of Proprietors of the Regent's Canal to purchase the Hertford Union Canal; and for other Purposes.

xcvi. An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to raise

a further Sum of Money.

xcvii. An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Glasgow and South-western Railway, and for other Purposes.

xcviii. An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the South Wales Railway Company, and to authorize the Construction of new Works, and Alterations of existing Works, and for other Purposes.

xcix. An Act to authorize Improvements in the Borough of New-

castle-upon-Tyne.

- c. An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Newton in Macker-field and Neighbourhood in the County of Lancaster.
- ci. An Act to enable the Cork and Youghal Railway Company to make a Branch Railway to Queenstown, and to make certain Deviations in and an Extension of their Line; and for other Purposes.

cii. An Act to alter certain Portions of the Metropolitan Railway, and to amend the Provisions of the Act relating thereto.

ciii. An Act to amend and extend the Provisions of the Act relating to the *Gomersal* and *Dewsbury* Turnpike Roads, and to create a further Term therein; and for other Purposes.

civ. An Act to repeal certain Acts relating to the Basingstoke, Stockbridge, and Lobcomb Corner Turnpike Roads, and to make

other Provisions in lieu thereof.

cv. An Act to enable the *Dundalk and Ennishillen* Railway Company to construct Extension Railways; and for other Purposes. cvi. An Act to repeal the Acts relating to the Road from *Light*-

pill to Birdlip, and make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

- cvii. An Act to repeal the Act relating to the *Peterborough and Wellingborough* Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.
- cviii. An Act to repeal the Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Cainscross through Stroud over Rodborough and Minchinhampton Commons to the Town of Minchinhampton, with some Branches therefrom, all in the County of Gloucester, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

cix. An Act to repeal an Act for making and maintaining certain Roads from the Town of Stroud and several other Places therein mentioned, all in the County of Gloucester, and to make other

Provisions in lieu thereof.

- cx. An Act to enable the *Rhymney* Railway Company to extend their Railway to the *Taff Vale* Railway, to construct Branch Railways, and for other Purposes.
- cxi. An Act for continuing the Term and amending and extending the Provisions of the Act relating to the First District of the Bridport Turnpike Roads in the County of Dorset.
- exii. An Act for continuing the Term and amending and extending the Provisions of the Act relating to the Bridport and Broadwinsor Turnpike Roads.
- cxiii. An Act for incorporating the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company; and for other Purposes connected therewith.
- cxiv. An Act for extending the Time for the Purchase of Lands and for the Completion of a Railway from Chichester to Bognor.
- cxv. An Act for incorporating the Scinde Railway Company, and for other Purposes connected therewith.
- exvi. An Act to enable the North Yorkshire and Cleveland Railway Company to make a Branch from their Railway to the Middlesbrough and Guisbrough Railway, and also a Branch to Whorlton, and other Works; and to alter and amend the Act relating to the said Company; and for other Purposes.
- cxvii. An Act to change the Name of "The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society" to the Name of "The International Life Assurance Society;" and to enable the said Society to sue and be sued in the Name of the Chairman or Secretary or any One Director of the said Society; and to give additional Powers to the said Society.
- cxviii. An Act to authorize and empower the Magistrates and Council of the City of Glasgow to supply with Water the said City and Suburbs thereof, and Districts and Places adjacent; to purchase and acquire the Glasgow Waterworks, and the Gorbals Gravitation Waterworks; and to introduce an additional Supply of Water from Loch Katrine; and for other Purposes.
- exix. An Act for maintaining and improving the Harbour of Ayr, and for the better Regulation and Management thereof.
- cxx. An Act for making a Railway through Part of the Aberdare Valley in the County of Glamorgan, to join the Vale of Neath Railway.
- cxxi. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Birmingham Canal Navigations to make and maintain additional Canals and Works, and for other Purposes.
- exxii. An Act for making Railways from the South Devon Railway to Exmouth, and to the Basin of the Exeter Canal, to be called The Exeter and Exmouth Railway.
- cxxiii. An Act to consolidate the Capital Stock of the *Electric Telegraph* Company and of the *International Telegraph* Company, and to grant further Powers to the *Electric Telegraph* Company.
- cxxiv. An Act to enable the *Great Northern* Railway Company further to increase their Capital; and for other Purposes with relation to the same Company.
- cxxv. An Act for incorporating the "Colonial Life Assurance Company;" for enabling the said Company to sue and to be 18 & 19 Vict.

sued, to take and hold Property; and for other Purposes relat-

ing to the said Company.

cxxvi. An Act for the Improvement, Maintenance, and Regulation of the Port of *Hartlepool*, for the Construction of a Harbour of Refuge there, and for other Purposes.

cxxvii. An Act for making a Railway from Ladybank on the Line of the Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee Railway, by Auchtermuchty and Strathmiglo, to Milnathort and Kinross.

cxxviii. An Act to authorize the Sunderland Dock Company to make further Works; and to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the said Company; and for other Purposes.

cxxix. An Act for regulating the Share Capital of the Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Railway Company; and for other

Purposes.

cxxx. An Act to enable the Stockport, Disley, and Whaley Bridge
Railway Company to construct a Junction Line to the Cromford

and High Peak Railway, and for other Purposes.

cxxxi. An Act to enable the Carmarthen and Cardigan Railway Company to make a Deviation in their Line of Railway; and

for other Purposes.

cxxxii. An Act for the Improvement of the Town of *Leek* in the County of *Stafford*, for purchasing the Market Tolls, and for providing more commodious Markets and Cemeteries, and for better supplying the Inhabitants with Water; and for other Purposes.

cxxxiii. An Act to enable the Weymouth Waterworks Company to increase and extend their Supply of Water, and to construct

new Works, and for other Purposes.

cxxxiv. An Act for changing the Corporate Name of the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Surrey Canal; for consolidating their Acts; for authorizing them to make a new Entrance from the Thames, additional Docks and other Works, and to raise further Moneys; and for other Purposes.

cxxxv. An Act for granting further Powers to the Torquay, Tor,

and Saint Mary Church Gas Company.

cxxxvi. An Act to repeal the Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Hedon* through *Preston* and *Bilton* to *Hull*, and other Roads in the County of *York*, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

exxxvii. An Act for incorporating the "Gaslight Company of

Sligo," and for other Purposes.

cxxxviii. An Act to amend the Provisions of "The West Brom-wich Improvement Act, 1854," with relation to the Prevention of Smoke.

cxxxix. An Act to vary the Mode of carrying the Staines, Wokingham, and Woking Railway across certain Roads, and for other Purposes.

cxl. An Act for incorporating "The Cape Town Railway and Dock Company," and for other Purposes connected therewith.

cxli. An Act to amalgamate the Glasgow and Inchbelly Bridge and Possil and Balmore Turnpike Road Trusts, and to make Branch Roads; and for other Purposes.

exlii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Charlestown of Aboyne, by Ballater, Crathie, and Castletown

of Braemar, to Cairnwell Hill, with a Branch at Crathie, in the County of Aberdeen; and for other Purposes.

exliii. An Act for constructing and maintaining a Quay and other Works in the Borough of Gateshead in the County of Durham, and for other Purposes.

exliv. An Act to enable the *Halifax* Gaslight and Coke Company to transfer their Undertaking and Powers to the *Halifax*

Local Board of Health; and for other Purposes.

cxlv. An Act to amend an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, Chapter 100, to enable Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London to purchase certain Lands and Houses for building more convenient and requisite Head Quarters, Storehouses, and other proper Accommodation for the Royal London Militia, and to confer certain other Powers.

cxlvi. An Act for making a Railway from the London and Northwestern Railway at Dunstable in the County of Bedford to the Great Northern Railway at or near Welwyn in the County of Hertford, to be called the "Luton, Dunstable, and Welwyn

Junction Railway;" and for other Purposes.

cxlvii. An Act to extend the Limits of the Borough of Folkestone; to enable the Corporation of the said Borough to construct a Market House; to make certain new Streets and other Improvements; and to pave, light, drain, and otherwise improve the said Borough; and for other Purposes.

exlviii. An Act for insuring the due Proof of Gun Barrels in

England, and for other Purposes.

cxlix. An Act for enabling the Stockton and Darlington Railway Company to make new Branches and other Works; to acquire

additional Lands; and for other Purposes.

cl. An Act for authorizing the making and maintaining of the West Somerset Mineral Railway, and the improving and regulating of the Harbour of Watchet in the County of Somerset; and for other Purposes.

cli. An Act for better supplying with Water the Town and Parish of Wolverhampton, the Suburbs thereof, and the Parishes and

Places adjacent thereto.

clii. An Act to amend "The Bradford Corporation Waterworks

Act, 1854."

cliii. An Act for making a Railway from the Port Carlisle Railway in the Township of Drumburgh to or near to the Coat Lighthouse in Silloth Bay in the Parish of Holme Cultram in the County of Cumberland, and also a Dock and Jetty at Silloth Bay; and for making Arrangements with the Port Carlisle Dock and Railway Company; and for other Purposes.

cliv. An Act for maintaining the Yorkshire District of the Road from Keighley in the West Riding of the County of York to

Kirkby-in-Kendal in the County of Westmoreland.

clv. An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of *Liverpool* to acquire Lands; and for other Purposes.

clvi. An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for more effectually re-

pairing and improving the Road from Wadhurst to the Turnpike Road on Lamberhurst Down, both in the County of Sussex, and from the Turnpike Road on Pullen's Hill to West Farleigh Street, both in the County of Kent.

clvii. An Act for extending the Times granted to purchase Lands for the Part of the Waveney Valley Railway between Bungay

and Beccles.

clviii. An Act to enable the *Edinburgh and Glasgow* Railway Company to enlarge their Station at *Queen Street*, *Glasgow*; to raise additional Capital; and for other Purposes.

clix. An Act for making and maintaining the *Great Northern*London Cemetery, and for other Purposes.

clx. An Act for better enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of *Wisbech* to raise and secure Monies payable by them to the *Nene Valley* Drainage and Navigation Improvement Commissioners; and for other Purposes.

clxi. An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Bolton and Nightingale's Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu

thereof.

clxii. An Act to authorize the Construction of a Dock on the North Side of the River *Thames*, to be called "The *Dagenham* (*Thames*) Dock."

clxiii. An Act to amend "The London Necropolis and National

Mausoleum Act, 1852," and for other Purposes.

clxiv. An Act to repeal an Act for making, widening, repairing, and maintaining certain Roads leading to and from the Town of *Honiton* in the County of *Devon*; and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

clay. An Act for making a Railway from the Leven Railway at the Town of Leven, to the Town of Kilconquhar in the County

of Fife, to be called "The East of Fife Railway."

clxvi. An Act to incorporate the Royal Medical Benevolent Col-

lege, and for other Purposes.

clavii. An Act to enable the Londonderry and Coleraine Railway Company to lease a Portion of their Undertaking; and for other Purposes.

claviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Cavendish Bridge and Brassington Road, and for making a Branch Line of Road in connexion with the same, all in the County of Derby.

clxix. An Act for making Railways from the Farnborough Extension of the West London and Crystal Palace Railway to the North Kent Line of the South-eastern Railway, and to the London, Brighton, and South Coast Railway, with Branches therefrom; and for other Purposes.

clxx. An Act for extending the Limits of the Harbour of Barrow in the County Palatine of Lancaster; and to enable the Commissioners of the said Harbour to raise a further Sum of Money;

and for other Purposes.

clxxi. An Act for vesting the Undertakings of the Birkenhead Dock Company, and of the Trustees of the Birkenhead Docks in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Liverpool, and for other Purposes.

clausii. An Act for improving the Postal and Passenger Communication between England and Ireland, and for authorizing

Arrangements between certain Companies in England and Ire-

land in relation thereto; and for other Purposes.

clxxiii. An Act to repeal and consolidate the several Acts relating to the Furness Railway Company; to enable the said Company to raise a further Sum of Money; to give further Powers to the said Company; and for other Purposes.

clxxiv. An Act to authorize the Trustees of the Liverpool Docks to construct new Works, and to raise a further Sum of Money;

and for other Purposes.

clxxv. An Act for enabling the South Staffordshire Railway Company to make certain Branch Railways; for the Purchase of additional Lands at Wichnor and Dudley; and for other Purposes.

clxxvi. An Act for maintaining and improving the Road from Gateshead in the County of Durham to the Hexham Turnpike Road near Dilston Bar in the County of Northumberland, and

other Roads connected therewith.

clxxvii. An Act to enable the *Portsmouth* Railway Company to make an Alteration in the Line of their Railway; and for other Purposes.

clxxviii. An Act for the Improvement of the Borough of Shrewsbury in the County of Salop.

claxix. An Act to correct an Oversight in "The Hereford Improvement Act, 1854."

- clxxx. An Act to incorporate a Company for making a Railway from the Bishop Auchland Branch of the North-eastern Railway in the Township of Elvet to the Township of Brandon and Byshottles, all in the County of Durham, to be called "The Dearness Valley Railway;" and for other Purposes.
- clxxxi. An Act to enable the Oxford, Worcester, and Wolver-hampton Railway Company to alter and improve certain of their Works, and to construct additional Works; and to authorize Arrangements with respect to the Stratford-upon-Avon Canal; and for other Purposes.

claxxii. An Act for enabling the Somerset Central Railway Company to construct Railways to Wells and to Burnham, and a Pier at Burnham, and to raise additional Capital; and for

other Purposes.

clxxxiii. An Act for the making and maintaining of the Severn Valley Railway; and for other Purposes.

- clxxxiv. An Act to facilitate the Erection of One or more Churches in the Parishes of *Tormoham* and *Saint Mary Church*, at or near the Town of *Torquay*, in the County of *Devon*; and for other Purposes.
- clxxv. An Act to repeal the Act of the Ninth Victoria, Chapter Thirty-two, to reconstitute and extend the Police District therein mentioned under the Name of the Airdrie Rural Police District, and to erect and maintain a Hall, Court House, and Public Offices for the Airdrie District of Lanarhshire.
- clxxvi. An Act to authorize the Transfer of the Undertaking of the *Deptford* Gaslight and Coke Company to the *Surrey* Consumers Gas Company, and to wind up the Affairs of the first-named Company; and for other Purposes.

clxxvii. An Act for enabling the East Kent Railway Company to extend their authorized Line of Railway by the Construction of a Railway from Canterbury to Dover, with Two Branches at Dover; to increase their Capital; and for other Purposes.

clxxxviii. An Act for Amending the Acts relating to the London and South-western Railway Company; for regulating their

Capital; and for other Purposes.

classis. An Act for the Conservancy and Improvement of Dun-

dalk Harbour and Port, and for other Purposes.

cxc. An Act for making certain Railways to connect Glasgow, Dumbarton, and Helensburgh, in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton; and for making Provision for the Use and working of the said Railways.

exci. An Act for making a Railway from the Great Western Railway at Southall in the County of Middlesex to Brentford in the same County, with Docks at the last-mentioned Place;

and for other Purposes.

excii. An Act for making a Railway and Pier to and at Stokes

Bay in the County of Hants.

cxciii. An Act for extending the Times granted to the Westminster Improvement Commissioners by "The Westminster
Improvement Act, 1845," "The Westminster Improvement
Act, 1847," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," and
"The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," for the compulsory
Purchase of Lands and the Completion of Works; and for
altering the Corporate Name of "The Westminster Association
for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes" to "The
London and Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes;" and for other Purposes.

exciv. An Act to change the corporate Name of the *Derbyshire*, Staffordshire, and Worcestershire Junction Railway Company, to repeal their Act and consolidate their Powers, to alter and define their Undertaking, to reduce their Capital; and for other

Purposes.

excv. An Act for facilitating the Completion of the Westminster Improvements, and for the Incorporation of the Westminster

Land Company for a limited Period for that Purpose.

cxcvi. An Act for transferring Part of the Property and Powers of the Trustees of the River Lee; and for the Amendment of the Acts of the New River Company, the East London Waterworks Company, and the said Trustees; and for other Purposes.

exvii. An Act to repeal, alter, and amend some of the Provisions of "The Royal Conical Flour Mill Company's Act, 1854;" to enable the Company to raise a further Sum of Money; and for

other Purposes.

cxcviii. An Act for making a Railway from the Manor Street Terminus of the authorized Westminster Terminus Railway in the Parish of Clapham in the County of Surrey to Norwood in the Parish of St. Mary Lambeth in the same County, connecting the Westminster Terminus Railway with the West End of London and Crystal Palace Railway.

PRIVATE ACTS.

PRINTED BY THE QUEEN'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. A N Act for enabling Leases to be made of the Freehold Estates of the late Matthew Hill Esquire, and for other Purposes.

2. An Act to enable the Trustees under the Settlement executed on the Marriage of Philip Rideout Hoffe to effect a Sale to Sir Richard Plumptre Glyn Baronet, of certain Hereditaments situate at Twyford in the Parish of Compton Abbas and County of Dorset, and for other Purposes; and of which the Short Title is "Hoffe's Estate Act, 1855."

3. An Act for authorizing the granting of Mining Leases of Estates subject to the Uses of the Will of Robert Bell Livesey

Esquire, deceased, and for other Purposes.

4. An Act for enabling Leases, Sales, Repairs, and Improvements to be made of the Estates of James Walthall Hammond Esquire, deceased, and for other Purposes, the Short Title of which is "Hammond's Estate Act, 1855."

5. An Act to authorize Conveyances in Fee or Demises for long Terms of Years, under reserved Rents, of certain Parts of Estates, settled by the Will of the late Joseph Livesey Esquire,

deceased.

6. An Act to enable George William Holmes Ross, of Cromarty, Esquire, to relieve the Estate of Cromarty from Burdens affecting the same, to charge the said Estate with certain Family Provisions and with certain Sums of Money expended in Improvements thereon.

7. An Act for authorizing Mining and other Leases and Sales and Exchanges to be made of the Lands devised by the Will

of George Bray deceased; and for other Purposes.

8. An Act for authorizing the granting of Building Leases of certain Parts of the Estates subject to the Residuary Devise in the Will of John Jenkins, late of Saltley Hall in the County of Warwick, Esquire, and for appointing new Trustees of the said Will; and for other Purposes.

9. An Act for enabling the Right Honourable William Nevill Earl of Abergavenny to grant Leases of entailed Mines, Minerals,

Lands, and Hereditaments in the County of Monmouth.

10. An Act to enable the President and Scholars of Saint John Baptist College in the University of Oxford to grant Building Leases of their Lands in the Parishes of Saint Giles, Saint Thomas, and Woolvercot, Oxford; and for other Purposes.

11. An Act for vesting in the Commissioners of the Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames the Lands in Islington devised by the Will of Edward Harvist to the Brewers Company, upon trust for the Repair of the Highway from Tyburn to Edgeworth; and for discharging the Company from the Trusts of that Will; and for enabling the Commissioners to grant Building Leases of those Lands; and for other Purposes.

12. An Act to empower the Warden and Scholars of the House or College of Scholars of *Merton* in the University of *Oxford* to sell certain Lands situate in the Parish of *Holywell* otherwise *Saint Cross* in the City of *Oxford*, and to lay out the Monies to arise from such Sale in the Purchase of other Hereditaments.

13. An Act for giving Effect to a Compromise of certain Suits and Claims affecting the Estates of Josephine Catherine Handcock, Anne Mary Handcock, and Honoria Handcock, Spinsters, deceased, and for vesting the said Estates in John Stratford Handcock Esquire, subject to certain Charges; and for other Purposes.

14. An Act to authorize the granting of Building and other Leases of Estates in the Counties of Louth and Armagh, devised by the Will of the Right Honourable William Charles Viscount Clermont deceased, and the Sale and Exchange of certain Portions

of the Estate so devised; and for other Purposes.

An Act for the future Government, Management, and Regulation of the Charity of John Marshall, late of Southwark in the County of Surrey, Gentleman, deceased; and for other Purposes.

16. An Act for vesting the Freehold and Leasehold Estates comprised in the residuary Gifts in the Will of Joseph Halford Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, with Powers to sell, exchange, and lease the same, and to purchase other Lands, to be resettled conformably to such residuary Gifts.

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

17. An Act to relieve Sir James Carnegie of Southesk, Kinnaird, and Pittarrow, Baronet, from the Effect of the Attainder of James Fifth Earl of Southesk and Baron Carnegie of Kinnaird and Leuchars in Scotland.

18. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Henry Newsham Pedder with Emma Pedder his now Wife, and to enable him to marry

again; and for other Purposes.

19. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of William Ewing the younger with Helen Mary Ewing his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes.

20. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Arthur Wyndham Esquire with Ann Magdalene Louisa Wyndham his now Wife, and to

enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes.

 An Act to dissolve the Marriage of James Remington Hadow Merchant with Jane Menzies his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes.

 An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Edward Jones with Elizabeth Jones his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and

for other Purposes.

23. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Morton Cornish Sumner Esquire with Penelope Rubina Maria his now Wife, and to enable the said Morton Cornish Sumner to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

STATUTES AT LARGE.

Anno Regni VICTORIÆ, Britanniarum Reginæ. Decimo Octavo & Decimo Nono.

A T the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Fourth Day of November, Anno Domini 1852, in the T the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady ' VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, Queen of the United King-'dom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith: And ' from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Twelfth ' Day of December 1854; being the Third Session of the Six-' teenth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and ' Ireland.'

CAP. I.

An Act to enable Her Majesty to accept the Services of the Militia out of the United Kingdom, for the vigorous Prosecution of the War. [23d December 1854.]

HEREAS it is important that effectual Measures should be adopted for the vigorous Prosecution of the War, and ' it is therefore expedient that Her Majesty should be empowered ' to accept any Offers of a Proportion of the Officers, Non-com-' missioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of the Militia of the United Kingdom for such extended Service as herein-'after mentioned:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to accept the Services, and Power to Her to employ in any Parts or Places out of the United Kingdom, Majesty to under the Regulations and Restrictions specified in this Act, accept the vo-such Part of the Militia raised or to be raised in any Part of the United Kingdom, not exceeding in any Case Three Fourths of the Militia to the actual Establishment of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of United Kingany such Militia, as may make a voluntary Offer, duly certified by dom. their respective Commanding Officers, so to extend their Services, and as Her Majesty may think proper to permit to extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary Offers as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order signed by One of Her Principal Secretaries of State, or by the Lord 18 & 19 Vict. Lieutenant

C

Militia.

Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by his or their Chief Secretary, directed to the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of such Militia, to propose to such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, or any Part or Parts thereof, to extend their Services to any Parts or Places out of the United Kingdom to be specified in such Order, under such Rules and Regulations as Her Majesty may think fit to appoint.

Power to allow Bounties to Persons making voluntary Offers. II. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to direct that such Bounty as shall from Time to Time be fixed by the Secretary at War shall be allowed to every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private Man who shall make such voluntary Offer as aforesaid; and every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid shall take the following Oath; videlicet,

Oath.

A.B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia for the Term of Five Years, in [this Blank to be filled up according to the Name of the Place or Places to which the Offer of the extended Service applies], unless I shall be sooner discharged.

Enrolment.

And every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private Man, making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, and taking such Oath, shall be enrolled to serve in the Militia, according to the Terms of such Oath; and such several Enrolments shall take place, and such Oaths shall be administered, by the Officer commanding any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, or by any Deputy Licutenant or Justice of the Peace, at such Times, and under such Regulations as Her Majesty, by any Order to be signed by the Secretary of State, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Secretary, shall in that Behalf direct; and every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private Man so enrolled for extended Service in the Militia under the Provisions of this Act shall be entitled to his Discharge at the Expiration of the Period specified in such Oath, without regard to the Period for which he may have been enrolled to serve in the Militia under any other Act of Parliament.

Commanding Officers shall explain that Offer is voluntary, III. No Person serving in the Militia shall be compelled to make such Offer, nor be engaged to serve out of the United Kingdom, except by his own Consent; and no Commanding Officer shall certify, according to this Act, any voluntary Offer, before he has explained to each Person offering to serve that the Offer is to be purely voluntary.

The Services of Three Field Officers may be accepted with 900 Men, Two Field Officers with 600 Men, and One with 300, &c., and Proportion of

IV. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to accept the Services of Three Field Officers of any Regiment of Militia, in which Nine hundred Private Men shall offer to extend their Services under this Act; and of Two Field Officers of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, in which Six hundred Private Men shall so offer to extend their Services; and of One Field Officer of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, in which Three hundred Private Men, or any smaller Number not being less than Three Fourths

. Militia.

Fourths of the Number of Private Men actually serving in such other Officers Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, shall so offer to extend their Services; and in the Cases in which such Proportion of Field Officers of any Regiments, Battalions, or Corps of Militia, from which such Numbers of Men respectively shall so volunteer as aforesaid, shall not offer to extend their Services with such Men, it shall be . lawful for Her Majesty to give the Rank of Field Officers to any Captains in such Regiments, Battalions, or Corps of Militia respectively, who may offer to extend their Services with such Men; and it shall also be lawful for Her Majesty to accept the Services of such Proportion of other Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Drummers, with any such Numbers of Private Men, as shall be allowed to such Numbers of Men respectively in the Establishment of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which they

respectively belong.

V. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time to Power to Her form the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Majesty to form Private Men who shall so extend their Services from the Regiments, Battalions, or Corps of Militia, into such Provisional Regiments or Battalions as may be deemed most expedient for Provisional Re-Her Majesty's Service; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty to giments or Batappoint any such Number of Officers of Her Regular Forces or talions, and to Militia as Her Majesty may think fit to serve during any Period of extended Service of the Militia out of the United Kingdom as Field Officers in such Provisional Regiments or Buttalions of Regiments. Militia, in addition to the Officers of the Militia allowed to volunteer for extended Service, in proportion to the Number of Men who shall extend their Service; and all Persons so appointed to serve as Field Officers in any such Provisional Regiments or Battalions shall rank as Field Officers therein, in such Manner as Her Majesty shall direct.

VI. Provided always, That in every Case in which a Field Provisions for Officer of Militia shall have volunteered for extended Service, the Cases where Officer having the chief Command in the Provisional Battalion shall be a Field Officer of Militia: Provided also, that all Officers Militia Officer of Militia appointed by Her Majesty to serve in any Provisional Battalion with higher Rank than that which they previously held to higher in the Militia shall be deemed and taken to be Militia Officers of Ranks. such higher Rank for the Purposes of this Act, and as such shall

be capable of commanding such Provisional Battalion.

VII. Provided also, That no Officer of the Militia shall, while Rank of out of the United Kingdom upon any such extended Service, rank Milita Officers. with the Officers of Her Majesty's Regular Forces higher than as

a Lieutenant-Colonel of the Militia.

VIII. In any Case in which the Number of Officers of each In case suffi-Rank so volunteering to extend their Services, and accepted by cient Officers Her Majesty, shall not be in due Proportion to the Number of do not volun-Men so volunteering, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty to appoint any fit Persons to be Officers in such Provisional Battalions of Militia, without regard to the Qualifications required by Law for such Officers in the Militia; but no Person so appointed by Her Majesty

according to Establishment of Regiment.

3

the Militia for extended Service into such appoint Field Officers to such **Provisional**

Field Officers are appointed

teer, Her Majesty may appoint Officers.

Militia.

Majesty shall hold a Commission in any such Provisional Battalion of higher Rank than that of a Subaltern, unless he shall at the Time of such Appointment have been an Officer in Her Majesty's Regular Forces or Militia.

Her Majesty may supply Vacancies.

4

IX. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time to supply any Vacancies which may occur in Provisional Battalions of Militia in consequence of the Death, Resignation, or Dismissal of Officers appointed by Her under this Act; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect the Appointment of Officers as by Law established in any Case of Vacancy which may occur in consequence of the Death, Resignation, or Dismissal of any Militia Officer who may have volunteered for extended Service.

Militia subject to Mutiny Act as Regulars, and ()fficers of Militia and Regular Forces to sit indiscrimi-, nately on Courts Martial.

X. All Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Mcn of the Militia extending their Services under this Act shall, upon leaving the United Kingdom upon such extended Service, and during such Service until their Return to the United Kingdom, be subject to all the Laws in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, in like Manner in every respect as Her Majesty's Regular Forces; and all Officers of Her Majesty's Regular Forces shall be entitled to sit in any Court-martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private Man of the Militia, while so serving out of the United Kingdom under this Act; and all Officers of the Militia shall during such extended Service be entitled to sit in any Courtmartial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Soldier of Her Majesty's Regular Forces.

To continue Militia, and remain subject to Militia Regulations.

XI. Provided always, That all the Militia enrolled and formed for extended Service under this Act shall, notwithstanding such Extension of Service, remain subject to all the Provisions and Regulations in force in relation to the Militia to which they shall respectively belong, except in such Cases as are in this Act particularly specified.

Regulations may be made for retaining Officers on the Establishment of extended Service expired.

XII. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from Time to Time, to make such Regulations as Her Majesty may deem expedient for retaining, at the Expiration of any extended Service out of the United Kingdom, any Field Officers, Captains, or other Officers of the Militia when Militia who have actually served upon any such extended Service in any higher Ranks than those in which they volunteered their Services, either as Supernumeraries or otherwise, upon the Establishment of the Militia to which they belonged, with the Rank in which they have so actually served, or upon such other Terms in respect to Rank and Service in the Militia as Her Majesty may think fit.

Her Majesty may make Regulations for retaining Officers, &c. as Supernuneraries.

XIII. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time to make such Regulations as Her Majesty may deem most expedient for the retaining upon the Establishment of the Militia to which they belong, as Supernumeraries or otherwise, any Officers, Noncommissioned Officers, and Drummers of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia who may not so volunteer to extend their Services, or may not be so employed upon such extended Service.

Captains with-

out Qualifica-

Militia.

Enlistment of Foreigners.

XIV. 'And whereas it is expedient that the Law respecting Subalternsafter ' the Property Qualification of Captains in the Militia should be 5 Years may be ' amended:' Be it enacted, That any Person who shall have served as a Subaltern in the Militia for Five consecutive Years may, without any Property Qualification, be appointed a Captain in the Militia, any Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; provided that such Five Years of Service of such Person as a Subaltern as aforesaid shall be the Five Years immediately pre-

ceding his Appointment to the Rank of Captain.

XV. 'Whereas by the Fourth Section of the Act of the Seven- Notices sent by ' teenth Year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, Chapter Thirteen, Post to be good. ' it is amongst other Things provided, that in the Case of draw-'ing out and embodying the Militia in England, or any Part ' thereof, under the Authority of that Act, the Notices to the ' Militia Men to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in the ' Order of Her Majesty for drawing out and embodying the Regi-' ment, Battalion, or Corps to which they belong, shall be sent by ' the Colonel or Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion, ' or Corps, by the Post, to the Residences of the several Men as ' stated on their Attestations, or as subsequently certified by them, ' and such Notices shall be sufficient in all respects: And whereas it has been found inconvenient to name in the Order of Her ' Majesty the precise Day and Place for the assembling of that Part ' of the Militia to which it refers:' Be it declared and enacted, That the Notices so sent and to be sent by the Post to the several Men, as by the said lastly above-recited Act is directed, are and shall be good and sufficient in all respects, if they specify the Day and Place which have actually been fixed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County or other Person acting in his Stead for the Meeting of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which they refer, whether such Day and Place be mentioned in Her Majesty's Order for .

drawing out and embodying the same or not.

XVI. The Provisions of this Act shall be construed to extend Act to extend to the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon in like Manner to the Miners and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as to any of Cornwall and Devon.

Regiment of Militia.

CAP. II.

An Act to permit Foreigners to be enlisted and to serve as Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Forces.

[23d December 1854.]

HEREAS it is expedient that Her Majesty, during the Continuance of the War, should be enabled to enlist and 'employ Foreigners in Her Army:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to cause to be enlisted as Foreignersmay Soldiers into Her Service Persons not being natural-born Subjects be enlisted, and

or Commissions

Enlistment of Foreigners.

granted to
Foreigners, to
be formed into
separate Corps.

or entitled to the Privileges of natural-born Subjects of Her Majesty, who may voluntarily enter themselves for such Service, and to grant Commissions or Letters of Service to any such Persons to serve as Officers, the Persons so enlisted and commissioned to be formed into separate Regiments, Battalions, and Corps; and such Enlistment, Commission, and the Service thereunder, shall be as lawful as if such Persons were natural-born Subjects of Her Majesty.

Men not to be employed in United Kingdom, except for training, &c.

II. Provided always, That the Men serving under this Act shall not be employed in the United Kingdom except for the Purpose of being trained, arrayed, and formed into Regiments, Battalions, or Corps for Foreign Service, and except such Bodies of Reserve as may be kept in the United Kingdom, and which shall be kept and used solely for the Purpose of training and arraying Recruits and for supplying Vacancies in such Regiments, Battalions, or Corps; and the Men serving under this Act shall not be billeted or quartered on any Person or Persons; and that there shall not be within the United Kingdom more in the whole than Ten thousand Menserving under this Act at any One Time.

Such Men not to be billeted, &c. Number of Men.

III. Every Person enlisted as a Soldier under the Authority of this Act shall be attested in such Manner as Her Majesty shall direct, and not otherwise; and all Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Soldiers enlisting or commissioned under this Act shall take such Oath for their Fidelity during their Continuance in Her Majesty's Service as Her Majesty shall direct, and no other.

Attestation on Enlistment and Oath.

Mutiny Act and Articles of COI War to apply to Universioners Serving under this Act.

IV. Subject to the Provisions herein contained, all Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, or Private Soldiers serving under the Provisions of this Act, shall be subject to all the Provisions contained in any Act for the Time being in force "for "punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters," and the Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as any of Her Majesty's Regular Forces are subject to the same.

Officers when reduced not entitled to Half Pay, but Her Majesty max Provision for such as are wounded, &c.

V. No Officer serving under this Act, when reduced, shall be entitled to receive Half Pay; provided nevertheless, that when any such Officer shall be rendered incapable of Military Service by Wounds or Infirmities contracted while discharging his Military Duty during the Period of his continuing to serve as such Officer under the Provisions of this Act, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for Her Majesty to make such Provision, out of any Funds to be voted by Parliament for that Purpose, for such Officer as She shall think proper and necessary, so that such Provision shall in no Case exceed the Half Pay of the Rank in the British Service similar to that which such Officer shall have held at the Time of his becoming so incapable as aforesaid.

Continuance of this Act.

VI. This Act shall continue in force during the present War, and until One Year after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.

Fisheries (North America).

CAP. III.

An Act to carry into effect a Treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America. [19th February 1855.]

- HEREAS a Treaty was, on the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, concluded between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the United States of America, whereby it was agreed as follows:
 - ' ARTICLE L-It is agreed by the High Contracting Parties 'that, in addition to the Liberty secured to the United States ' Fishermen by the above-mentioned Convention of October ' 20, 1818, of taking, curing, and drying Fish on certain 'Coasts of the British North American Colonies therein de ' fined, the Inhabitants of the United States shall have, in ' common with the Subjects of Her Britannic Majesty, the ' Liberty to take Fish of every Kind, except Shell Fish, on ' the Sea Coasts and Shores and in the Bays, Harbours; and ' Creeks of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince ' Edward's Island, and of the several Islands thereunto adiacent, without being restricted to any Distance from the Shore, with Permission to land upon the Coasts and Shores ' of those Colonies and the Islands thereof, and also upon the ' Magdalon Islands, for the Purpose of drying their Nets and ' curing their Fish; provided that in so doing they do not ' interfere with the Rights of private Property or with ' British Fishermen in the peaceable Use of any Part of the ' said Coast in their Occupancy for the same Purpose.

'It is understood that the above-mentioned Liberty applies solely to the Sea Fishery, and that the Salmon and Shad 'Fisheries, and all Fisheries in Rivers and the Mouths of Rivers, are hereby reserved exclusively for British Fishermen.

'And it is further agreed that, in order to prevent or settle any Disputes as to the Places to which the Reservation of exclusive Right to British Fishermen contained in this 'Article and that of Fishermen of the United States con-' tained in the next succeeding Article apply, each of the ' High Contracting Parties, on the Application of either to the other, shall, within Six Months thereafter, appoint a 'Commissioner. The said Commissioners, before proceeding to any Business, shall make and subscribe a solemn Declafration that they will impartially and carefully examine and ' decide, to the best of their Judgment and according to . ! Justice and Equity, without Fear, Favour, or Affection to ' their own Country, upon all such Places as are intended to be reserved and excluded from the common Liberty of fishing under this and the next succeeding Article; and such Declaration shall be entered on the Record of their ' Proceedings. The Commissioners shall name some Third

B 4

Person

Fisheries (North America).

' Person to act as an Arbitrator or Umpire in any Case or 'Cases on which they may themselves differ in Opinion. ' they should not be able to agree upon the Name of such 'Third Person, they shall each name a Person, and it shall ' be determined by Lot which of the Two Persons so named shall be the Arbitrator or Umpire in Cases of Difference or The Person so ' Disagreement between the Commissioners. to be chosen to be Arbitrator or Umpire shall, before proceeding to act as such in any Case, make and subscribe a solemn Declaration in a Form similar to that which shall ' already have been made and subscribed by the Com-' missioners, which shall be entered on the Record of their ' Proceedings. In the event of the Death, Absence, or In-' capacity of either of the Commissioners or of the Arbitrator or Umpire, or of their or his omitting, declining, or ceasing to act as such Commissioner, Arbitrator, or Umpire, another and different Person shall be appointed or named as aforesaid to act as such Commissioner, Arbitrator, or Umpire, in the Place and Stead of the Person so originally 'appointed or named as aforesaid, and shall make and sub-' scribe such Declaration as aforesaid.

'Such Commissioners shall proceed to examine the Coasts' of the North American Provinces and of the United States' embraced within the Provisions of the First and Second' Articles of this Treaty, and shall designate the Places reserved by the said Articles from the common Right of fishing therein.

'The Decision of the Commissioners and of the Arbitrator' or Umpire shall be given in Writing in each Case, and shall

' be signed by them respectively.

'The High Contracting Parties hereby solemnly engage to consider the Decision of the Commissioners conjointly or of the Arbitrator or Umpire, as the Case may be, as absolutely final and conclusive in each Case decided upon by them or

' him respectively. ' ARTICLE II.—It is agreed by the High Contracting Par-' ties that British Subjects shall have, in common with the ' Citizens of the United States, the Liberty to take Fish of 'every Kind, except Shell Fish, on the Eastern Sea Coasts and Shores of the United States North of the 36th Parallel ' of North Latitude, and on the Shores of the several Islands ' thereunto adjacent, and in the Bays, Harbours, and Creeks of the said Sea Coasts and Shores of the United States and ' of the said Islands without being restricted to any Distance from the Shore, with Permission to land upon the said Coasts of the United States and of the Islands aforesaid for the ' Purpose of drying their Nets and curing their Fish; pro-' vided, that in so doing they do not interfere with the Rights ' of private Property, or with the Fishermen of the United ' States in the peaceable Use of any Part of the said Coasts ' in their Occupancy for the same Purpose. ' It

Fisheries (North America).

- 'It is understood that the above-mentioned Liberty applies solely to the Sea Fishery, and that Salmon and Shad Fish-
- eries, and all Fisheries in Rivers and Mouths of Rivers, are
- 'hereby reserved exclusively for Fishermen of the United 'States.
- 'ARTICLE III.—It is agreed that the Articles enumerated in the Schedule hereunto annexed, being the Growth and
- ' Produce of the aforesaid British Colonies, or of the United
- ' States, shall be admitted into each Country respectively
- ' free of Duty:

'Schedule.

- ' Grain, Flour, and Bread-stuffs of all Kinds.
- ' Animals of all Kinds.
- ' Fresh, smoked, and salted Meats.
- ' Cotton Wool, Seeds, and Vegetables.
- Undried Fruits, dried Fruits.
- ' Fish of all Kinds.
- ' Products of Fish and of all other Creatures living in ' the Water.
- ' Poultry.
- ' Eggs.
- ' Hides, Furs, Skins, or Tails undressed.
- ' Stone or Marble in its crude or unwrought State.
- Slate.
- ' Butter, Cheese, Tallow.
- Lard, Horns, Manures.
- ' Ores of Metals of all Kinds.
- ' Coal.
- ' Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Ashes.
- 'Timber and Lumber of all Kinds, round, hewed, and sawed, unmanufactured in whole or in part.
- ' Firewood.
- ' Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
- ' Pelts, Wool.
- ' Fish Oil.
- ' Rice, Broom Corn, and Bark.
- ' Gypsum, ground or unground.
- ' Hewn or wrought or unwrought Burr or Grindstones.
- ' Dye Stuffs.
- ' Flax, Hemp, and Tow unmanufactured.
- ' Unmanufactured Tobacco.
 - ' Rags.
- 'ARTICLE IV .- It is agreed that the Citizens and Inha-
- bitants of the United States shall have the Right to navigate the River St. Lawrence, and the Canals in Canada, used as
- the Means of communicating between the Great Lakes and
- ' the Atlantic Ocean, with their Vessels, Boats, and Crafts, as
- ' fully and freely as the Subjects of Her Britannic Majesty,
- subject only to the same Tolls and other Assessments as
- ' now are or may hereafter be exacted of Her Majesty's said
 ' Subjects;

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'Subjects; it being understood, however, that the British 'Government retains the Right of suspending this Privilege, on giving due Notice thereof to the Government of the

' United States.

'It is further agreed, that if at any Time the British' Government should exercise the said reserved Right, the Government of the United States shall have the Right of suspending, if it think fit, the Operation of Article III. of the present Treaty, in so far as the Province of Canada is affected thereby, for so long as the Suspension of the free Navigation of the River St. Lawrence or the Canals may continue.

'It is further agreed, that British Subjects shall have the Right freely to navigate Lake Michigan with their Vessels, Boats, and Crafts, so long as the Privilege of navigating the River St. Lawrence, secured to American Citizens by the above Clause of the present Article, shall continue; and the Government of the United States further engages to urge upon the State Governments to secure to the Subjects of Her Britannic Majesty the Use of the several State Canals on Terms of Equality with the Inhabitants of the United States.

'And it is further agreed, that no Export Duty or other Duty shall be levied on Lumber or Timber of any Kind cut on that Portion of the American Territory in the State of Maine watered by the River St. John and its Tributaries, and floated down that River to the Sea, when the same is shipped to the United States from the Province of New Brunswick.

'ARTICLE V.—The present Treaty shall take effect as soon as the Laws required to carry it into operation shall have been passed by the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and by the Provincial Parliaments of those of the British North American Colonies which are affected by this Treaty on the one hand, and by the Congress of the United States on the other. Such Assent having been given, the Treaty shall remain in force for Ten Years from the Date at which it may come into operation, and further until the Expiration of Twelve Months after either of the High Contracting Parties shall give Notice to the other of its Wish to terminate the same; each of the High Contracting Parties being at liberty to give such Notice to the other at the End of the said Term of Ten Years, or at any Time afterwards.

'It is clearly understood, however, that this Stipulation is not intended to affect the Reservation made by Article IV. of the present Treaty with regard to the Right of temporarily suspending the Operation of Articles III. and IV. thereof.

'ARTICLE VI.—And it is hereby further agreed, that the 'Provisions and Stipulations of the foregoing Articles shall 'extend to the Island of *Newfoundland*, so far as they are 'applicable

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'applicable to that Colony. But if the Imperial Parliament, the Provincial Parliament of Newfoundland, or the Congress of the United States, shall not embrace, in their Laws enacted for carrying this Treaty into effect, the Colony of Newfoundland, then this Article shall be of no Effect; but the Omission to make Provision by Law to give it Effect, by either of the Legislative Bodies aforesaid, shall not in any way impair the remaining Articles of this Treaty.

'And whereas the said Treaty was ratified between Her said ' Majesty and the United States, and such Ratification was exchanged on the Ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four: And whereas in pursuance of the said 'Treaty the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled have passed an Act entitled "An Act to carry into effect a Treaty between the " United States and Great Britain," signed on the Fifth Day of ' June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, which Act was 'approved on the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, by which Act it is among other Things pro-' vided, that whenever the President of the United States shall receive satisfactory Evidence that the Imperial Parliament of ' Great Britain, and the Provincial Parliaments of Canada, New ' Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward's Island have passed Laws on their Part to give full Effect to the Provisions of the said Treaty, the said President is thereby authorized to ' issue his Proclamation declaring that he has such Evidence, and thereupon the Provisions of the said Treaty shall go into effect, ' and be observed on the Part of the United States: And whereas the Legislatures of the Colonies aforesaid have respectively, passed Laws to carry the said Treaty into operation; namely, an Act passed by the Legislature of Canada, intituled "An Act for "giving Effect on the Part of this Province to a certain Treaty, "between Her Majesty and the United States of America;" an ' Act passed by the Legislature of Nova Scotia, intituled "An "Act for giving Effect on the Part of the Province of Nova " Scotia to a certain Treaty between Her Majesty and the United "States of America;" an Act passed by the Legislature of New ' Brunswick, intituled "An Act for giving Effect on the Part of "the Province of New Brunswick to a certain Treaty between "Her Majesty and the United States of America;" and an Act ' passed by the Legislature of Prince Edward Island, intituled "An Act to authorize Free Trade with the United States of " America under a Treaty between Great Britain and the United " States of America: And whereas it is expedient that effectual ' Provision should be made by Parliament for carrying into opera-' tion the said Treaty:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

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Acts at variance with the said Treaty suspended.

When Act to come into operation.

Provision for Extension of the Treaty to Newfoundland. I. All Acts of Parliament and Laws which operate to prevent the Provisions of the said Treaty from taking full Effect shall, so far as they so operate, be suspended and of no Effect during the Continuance of the said Treaty.

II. This Act shall come into operation in each of the said Colonies of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island as soon as the same shall have been received and proclaimed by the Officer administering the Government of such

Colony.

III. Whenever the necessary Laws shall have been passed by the Legislature of Newfoundland, and approved by Her Majesty, for giving Effect to the Provisions and Stipulations of the said Treaty as it respects that Colony, it shall be lawful for the Officer administering the Government of Newfoundland by his Proclamation to declare that, after a Time fixed in such Proclamation for that Purpose, the Provisions and Stipulations mentioned or referred to in the Sixth Article of the said Treaty shall extend to the said Island of Newfoundland so far as they are applicable to that Colony, and thereupon from the Time so fixed the said Provisions and Stipulations shall be so extended and have full Effect accordingly, any Act of Parliament, Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. IV.

An Act to amend the Act for limiting the Time of Service in the Army. [27th February 1855.]

10 & 11 Vict. c. 37.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session holden in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of Her Majesty, Chapter 'Thirty-seven, "for limiting the Time of Scrvice in the Army," it was enacted, that no Person should be enlisted to serve Her ' Majesty, or in the Forces of the East India Company, as a ' Soldier, for a longer Term than Ten Years in the Infantry or Twelve Years in the Cavalry or Artillery, or other Ordnauce 'Corps, to be reckoned from the Day on which the Recruit ' should have been attested, if he should have stated himself to be ' then of the Age of Eighteen Years, or if not, then from the Day on which he would complete the Age of Eighteen Years, to be ' reckoned according to the Age stated in his Attestation : And it was thereby also enacted, that any Soldier at any Time during the last Six Months of the Term of limited Service for which ' he should have been first engaged, or after the Completion of ' such Term, might, if approved by his Commanding Officer or other competent military Authority as a fit Person to continue ' in Her Majesty's Service or in the Service of the East India 'Company as a Soldier, be re-engaged to serve for the further ' Term of Eleven Years in the Infantry and Twelve Years in the Cavalry or Artillery, or other Ordnance Corps; and that any ' Soldier who should be ordered on Foreign Service, and who was ' within Three Years of the Expiration of his First Engagement, ' should be at liberty, with the Approbation of his Commanding

Army Service Act Amendment.

' Officer, to re-engage before he embarked for such Foreign Ser-' vice for such Period as should complete a total Service of ' Twenty-one Years in the Infantry or Twenty-four Years in the ' Cavalry or Artillery: And whereas by an Act passed in the ' Session holden in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of Her 'Majesty, Chapter Seventy-three, "to limit the Enlistment in 12 & 13 Vict. "the Artillery and other Ordnance Corps," it was enacted, that c. 73. 'during the last Six Months of the Term of limited Service for ' which a Soldier should have first engaged to serve in the Artil-' lery or other Ordnance Corps, or after the Completion of such ' Term, he might, if approved by his Commanding Officer or other ' competent military Authority as a fit Person to continue in Her 'Majesty's Service as a Soldier, be re-engaged to serve for the ' further Term of Nine Years: And whereas by reason of Direc-' tions contained in Schedules to the said first-recited Act, for ' filling up Blanks in the Forms of Questions to be put to Recruits on enlisting, it is apprehended that it may not be lawful to enlist ' Persons to serve as Soldiers for lesser Terms than the said 'Terms of Ten Years and Twelve Years respectively: And ' whereas it is expedient that Her Majesty should be enabled to ' permit Enlistment for such lesser Terms, and to authorize ' Soldiers to re-engage for any Terms within the Limits of Service ' prescribed by the said Acts:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. For Three Years after the passing of this Act any Person Power to Her may be enlisted to serve Her Majesty, or in the Forces of the East Majesty, by India Company, as a Soldier, for any such Term, not exceeding Ten Years in the Infantry or Twelve Years in the Cavalry or Artillery, or other Ordnance Corps, (to be reckoned as provided in the said first-mentioned Act,) as may be authorized by any Order or Orders of Her Majesty in Council in this Behalf; and for Enlistment any Soldier may, subject to such Approbation as in the said Acts mentioned, re-engage for such Term as may by such Order or Orders in Council be authorized; provided the Term for which he is so engaged, with the Term of his Service under his First Enlistment, do not exceed the Period of Twenty-one Years in the Infantry or Artillery, or other Ordnance Corps, or Twenty-four Years in the Cavalry; and the Forms of Questions on Enlistment in Schedule A. to the said first-mentioned Act, and the Form of Declaration in Schedule B. to such Act, may, when the Occasion requires, be filled up with such Term or Number of Years as may be authorized by such Order or Orders, instead of the Term or Number of Years mentioned in the Directions contained in such Schedules.

Order in Council, for Three Years after passing of Act, to lessen Terms and Re-engagement of Sol-

II. The said Acts of the Tenth and Eleventh Years and Twelfth Recited Acts and Thirteenth Years of Her Majesty and this Act shall be read and this Act to and construed together as One Act.

be read as One.

Common Law Procedure Act Amendment (Ireland).

CAP. V.

An Act to apply the Sum of Three millions three hundred thousand Pounds out of the Consolidated Fund to the Service of the Year ending the Thirty-first Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

[5th March 1855.]

CAP. VI.

An Act to apply the Sum of Twenty millions out of the Consolidated Fund to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. [5th March 1855.]

C A P. VII.

An Act to extend to *Ireland* the Provisions of the Eighteenth Section of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854.

[16th March 1855.]

17 & 18 Vict. c. 125. WHEREAS it is expedient to extend to Ireland the Previsions contained in the Eighteenth Section of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Cause shall be tried in any Court of Civil Jurisdiction in *Ireland* by any Jury, the Addresses to the Jury shall be regulated as follows; that is to say, the Party who begins, or his Counsel, shall be allowed, in the event of his Opponent not announcing at the Close of the Case of the Party who begins his Intention to adduce Evidence, to address the Jury a Second Time at the Close of such Case for the Purpose of summing up the Evidence, and the Party on the other Side, or his Counsel, shall be allowed to open the Case, and also to sum up the Evidence, if any, and the Right to reply shall be the same as at present.

Section 18. extended to Ireland.

Provisions of

CAP. VIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Seventeen millions one hundred and eighty-three thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. [16th March 1855.]

CAP. IX.

An Act to suspend the Decline of the Customs Duties on Tea from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. [16th March 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. In

Tea Duties Decline Suspension.

I. In lieu of the several Duties of Customs made payable on In lieu of Tea by the Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Duties made Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and six, payable by there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Her Majesty, 16 & 17 v Her Heirs and Successors, the following Duties thereon; that is following to be to say,

16 & 17 Vict.

From and after the passing of this Act until the Expiration of Twelve Months from the Fifth Day of April inclusive, which shall first happen after the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia From thence until the Expiration of the ensuing Twelve Months And thenceafter - the lb. Without any Allowance for Draft.

IL In citing this Act in other Acts or legal Instruments it shall Short Title. be sufficient to use the Expression "The Tea Duties Decline Sus-

pension Act, 1865."

CAP. X.

An Act to enable a Third Principal Secretary and a Third Under Secretary of State to sit in the House of Commons. [16th March 1855.]

THEREAS under the Provisions of an Act of the Sixth Year of Queen Anne, Chapter Seven, and of an Act of the 6 Anne, c. 7. * Twenty-second Year of King George the Third, Chapter Eighty- 22 G. 3. c. 82. 4 two, not more than Two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State are capable of sitting as Members of the House of Com-

mens at the same Time, and by reason of the said Act of the * Twenty-second Year of King George the Third, and of an Act of the Fifteenth Year of King George the Second, Chapter 15 G. 2. c. 22.

* Twenty-two, Doubts are entertained whether more than Two of * the Under Secretaries to the Principal Secretaries of State are espable of sitting as such Members: And whereas it would be for the Advantage of the Public Service that Three of such Principal Secretaries and Three of such Under Secretaries should be capable of sitting at the same Time in the House of Com-' mons: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty,

by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and

Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Three of Her Power to any Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Time being, and Three of the any Three of the Under Secretaries for the Time being to Her Principal Secretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Cretaries and Caretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Caretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Caretaries and Caretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Caretaries and Caretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Caretaries of State, may sit and vote as Memany Three of the Caretaries and Caretaries of State for the Time being, and Three of the Time being to Her Caretaries and Caretaries of State for the Time being, and Three of the Time being to Her Caretaries and Caretaries of State for the Time being to Her Caretaries and bers of the House of Commons, anything in the said Acts or in the Under Seany other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; but not cretaries of more than Three such Principal Secretaries and not more than State to sit in Three such Under Secretaries shall sit as Members of the House of Commons.

Commons at the same Time.

CAP.

CAP. XI.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[16th March 1855.]

[This Act is the same, except as to Dates and the Parts here inserted, as 17 & 18 Vict. c. 4.]

HEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in 'Time of Peace, unless it be with the Consent of Parliament, is 'against Law: And whereas it is adjudged necessary by Her ' Majesty and this present Parliament that a Body of Forces should be continued for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the ' Defence of the Possessions of Her Majesty's Crown, and the ' Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the ' whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and ninety-three thousand five hundred and ninety-five Men, ' exclusive of the Officers and Men belonging to the Regiments employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, but including the Officers and Men of the Troops and Companies recruiting for those Regiments: And whereas no ' Man can be forejudged of Life or Limb, or subjected in Time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within this Realm, by ' Martial Law, or in any other Manner than by Judgment of his ' Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this ' Realm, yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the retaining all ' the before-mentioned Forces in their Duty, that an exact Disci-' pline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up ' Sedition, or shall desert Her Majesty's Service, or be guilty of ' Crimes and Offences to the Prejudice of good Order and Military ' Discipline, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punish-' ment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That-

Previous Convictions to be put in Evi-

dence.

Numbers.

193.525 Men.

XVI. After a Prisoner has been found guilty of any Charge or Charges, the Court before which any such Prisoner shall have been tried may, before passing Sentence on such Prisoner, and for the Purpose only of affixing Punishment, receive in Evidence against him any previous Convictions by Courts-martial, and in like Manner and for the like Purpose the Court shall receive in Evidence any previous Conviction of such Prisoner by a Court of ordinary Criminal Jurisdiction, where the Offence charged in the Indictment, so far as the Charge of which he was convicted, was of a felonious, fraudulent, or unnatural Nature; and in the Case of Convictions by Courts-martial, duly confirmed, the Courtmartial Book or the Regimental or Company's Defaulters Book, and when none of those Books can conveniently be produced, a

Certificate, which shall purport to contain a Copy of the Entry of such Convictions in such Books, or any of them, and which shall be signed by the Adjutant, or other Officer having the Custody of the Court-martial Book or of the Defaulters Book of the Regiment or Company to which the Prisoner belongs, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Conviction; and it shall not be necessary to prove the Signature or official Character of the Person appearing to have signed such Certificate, nor, if the Court be satisfied from all the Circumstances of the Case that the Prisoner under Trial is the Person mentioned in any such Certificate. shall it be necessary to give other Proofs of the Identity of the Person of the Offender; and in the Case of a Conviction by a Court of ordinary Criminal Jurisdiction, any Certificate transmitted as herein-after provided to the Officer commanding a Regiment by the Clerk of any such Court or other Officer having Custody of the Records of such Court, or the Deputy of such Clerk, containing the Substance and Effect of any Indictment, omitting the formal Part, together with the Judgment of the Court thereon, and purporting to be signed by such Clerk or other Officer, or by the Deputy of such Clerk, or if such Certificate cannot conveniently be obtained, a Copy thereof, duly certified by the Officer producing it, shall be sufficient Evidence of such last-mentioned Conviction; and it shall not be necessary to prove the Signature or official Character of the Person appearing to have signed such last-mentioned Certificate, nor, if the Court be satisfied from all the Circumstances of the Case that the Prisoner under Trial is the Person mentioned in such Certificate, shall it be necessary to give other Proofs of the Identity of the Person of the Offender: Provided always, that before any such Evidence shall be received, it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court that the said Prisoner had previously to his Trial received Notice of the Intention to produce such Evidence against him; provided also, that the Court shall in no Case award to him any other Punishment or Punishments than may by this Act and by the Articles of War be awarded for the Offence of which he shall have been so found guilty.

XXI. Whensoever any General Court-martial by which any Commutation Soldier shall have been tried and convicted of any Offence punish- of Death for able with Death shall not think the Offence deserving of Capital Transportation. Punishment, such Court-martial may adjudge the Offender, according to the Degree of the Offence, to Penal Servitude, or to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for a certain Term of Years, not less than Fourteen, or may sentence him to general Service as a Soldier in any Corps and in any Country or Place which Her Majesty shall thereupon direct, or may, if such Offender shall have enlisted for a limited Term of Years, sentence him to serve for Life as a Soldier in any Corps which Her Majesty shall please to direct: Provided always, that in all Cases where a Capital Punishment shall have been awarded by a General Court-martial or Detachment General Court-martial it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, or, if in the East Indies, for the Officer commanding in chief the Forces in India, or if out of Her Majesty's Dominions

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(the Ionian Islands excepted) for the Officer commanding in chief Her Majesty's Forces there serving, instead of causing such Sentence to be carried into execution, to order the Offender to be kept to Penal Servitude or to be transported as a Felon, either for Life or for a certain Term of Years, not less than Fourteen, or to suffer such Term of Imprisonment, either with or without Hard Labour, as shall seem meet to Her Majesty, or, if in the East Indies, or out of Her Majesty's Dominions (the Ionian Islands excepted), to the Officers commanding as aforesaid.

Forfeiture of Pay and Pension by Sentence of Courtmartial.

XXVIII. Any General Court-martial may, in addition to any other Punishment which it may be competent to award, sentence any Offender to Forfeiture of all Advantage as to additional Pay, Good-conduct Pay, and to Pension on Discharge, which might have otherwise accrued from the Length of his former Service, or to Forfeiture of such Advantage absolutely, whether it might have accrued from past Service or might accrue from future Service, or to Forfeiture of the Annuity and Medal which may have been granted for former meritorious Service, or of the Gratuity and Medal awarded for former good Conduct, according to the Nature of the Case; and any District or Garrison Court-martial may also, in addition to any Sentence which such Court may award, sentence any Offender to such Forfeiture for Desertion or for disgraceful Conduct,---

In wilfully maining or injuring himself or any other Soldier, whether at the Instance of such other Soldier or not, or of causing himself to be maimed or mutilated by any other Person, with Intent thereby to render himself or such other Soldier unfit for Service:

In tampering with his Eyes with Intent thereby to render him-

self unfit for the Service:

In wilfully doing any Act, or wilfully disobeying any Orders, whether in Hospital or otherwise, thereby producing or aggravating Disease or Infirmity, or delaying his Cure:

In malingering or feigning Disease:

In stealing or embezzling Government Property or Stores, or in receiving the same knowing the same to have been stolen:

In stealing any Money or Goods, the Property of a Comrade, of a Military Officer, or of any Military or Regimental Mess or Band, or in receiving any such Money or Goods knowing the same to have been stolen:

In making any false or fraudulent Accounts, Returns, Matters, or Entries, or assisting or conniving at the same being made, or producing the same as true, knowing the same to be false

or fraudulent:

In stealing or embezzling or fraudulently misapplying Public Money intrusted to him:

Or in committing any other Offence of a felonious or fraudulent Nature, to the Injury of or with Intent to injure any Person, Civil or Military:

Or for any other disgraceful Conduct, being of a cruel, indecent,

or unnatural Kind.

XXXI. A General, District, or Garrison Court-martial may Forfeiture of sentence any Soldier for being drunk on Duty under Arms, and Pay for Drunkany Court-martial may sentence any Soldier for being drunk enness on when on any Duty not under Arms or for Duty or on Parade or Duty. on the Line of March, to be deprived of a Penny a Day of his Pay for any Period not exceeding Thirty Days, in addition to any other Punishment which such Court may award.

XXXIII. In addition to any other Punishment which the Stoppages. Court may award, a Court-martial may further direct that any Offender may be put under Stoppages until he shall have made good-

Any Loss or Damage occasioned by him in any of the Instances of disgraceful Conduct herein-before specified:

Any Loss or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, any Property whatsoever, occasioned by his wilful or negligent Misconduct:

Any Loss or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, his Horse, Arms, Clothing, Instruments, Equipments, Accoutrements, or Regimental Necessaries, or any extra Article of Clothing or Equipment that he may have been put in possession of and ordered to wear on the Recommendation of the Surgeon for the Benefit of his Health, or making away with or pawning any Medal for Service in the Field or for general good Conduct which may have been granted him by Order of Her Majesty, or by Order of the East India Company, or any Loss or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, the Arms, Horse, Clothing, Instruments, Accoutrements, or Regimental Necessaries of any Officer or Soldier, occasioned by his wilful or negligent Misconduct:

Any Expense necessarily incurred by his Drunkenness or other Misconduct:

Provided always, that, except in the Case of the Loss or Destruction of any Arms, Clothing, Instruments, Equipments, Accoutrements, or Regimental Necessaries, in which Case the Court may by its Sentence direct that the said Stoppages shall continue till the Cost of replacing the same be made good, the Amount of any Loss, Destruction, Damage or Injury, or Expense, shall be ascertained by Evidence, and the Offender shall be placed under Stoppages for such an Amount only as shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court: Provided also, that after satisfying the Charges for his Messing and Washing, so much only of the Pay of the Soldier may be stopped and applied as shall leave him a Residue at the least of One Penny a Lay.

XXXVI. A General, Garrison, or District Court-martial may Power of Imsentence any Soldier to Imprisonment, with or without Hard prisonment by Labour, and may also direct that such Offender shall be kept in Solitary Confinement for any Portion or Portions of such Impritial. sonment not exceeding Fourteen Days at a Time, nor Eighty-four Days in any One Year, with Intervals between the Periods of Solitary Confinement of not less Duration than such Periods;

and when the Imprisonment awarded shall extend beyond Three Months, the Court-martial shall imperatively order that the Solitary Confinement shall not exceed Seven Days in any One Month of the whole Imprisonment awarded, with Intervals between the Periods of Solitary Confinement of not less Duration than such Periods; and any Regimental or Detachment Court-martial may sentence any Soldier to Imprisonment, with or without Hard Labour, for any Period not exceeding Forty-two Days, and may also direct that such Soldier may be kept in Solitary Confinement for any Portion or Portions of such Imprisonment, not exceeding Fourteen Days at a Time, with an Interval between them of not less Duration than such Periods of Solitary Confinement; provided that when any Court-martial, whether General, Garrison, or District, or Regimental or Detachment, shall direct that the Imprisonment shall be solitary only, or when any Sentence of Corporal Punishment shall have been commuted to such Imprisonment only, the Periods shall in no Case exceed Fourteen Days.

Trials for Desertion after subsequent Re-enlistment, XLV. Every Soldier shall be liable to be tried and punished for Desertion from any Corps into which he may have unlawfully enlisted, although he may of right belong to another Corps and be a Deserter therefrom, and whether such Soldier shall be tried for deserting from the Corps to which he may of right belong, or for deserting from the Corps into which he may have unlawfully enlisted, or for any other Desertion, every Desertion previous or subsequent to that for which he may at the Time be taking his Trial may, if duly stated in the Charges, be given in Evidence against him on such Trial.

Soldiers liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service only for Felony, Misdemeanor, or for Debts amounting to 30. and upwards.

LII. Any Person enlisted into Her Majesty's Service as a Soldier, or serving as a Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer on the permanent Staff of the Disembodied Militia, shall be liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service only by Process or Execution on account of any Charge of Felony or of Misdemeanor, other than the Misdemeanor of refusing to comply with an Order of Justices for the l'ayment of Money, or on account of an original Debt proved by Affidavit of the Plaintiff or of some one on his Behalf to amount to the Value of Thirty Pounds at the least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the Action or Actions, such Affidavit to be sworn, without Payment of any Fee, before some Judge of the Court out of which Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Court, of which Affidavit, when duly filed in such Court, a Memorandum shall, without Fee, be endorsed upon the Back of such Process. stating the Facts sworn to, and the Day of filing such Affidavit; but no Soldier or other Person as aforesaid shall be liable by any Process whatever to appear before any Justice of the Peace or other Authority whatever, or to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service by any Writ, Summons, Warrant, Order, Judgment, Execution, or any Process whatsoever issued by or by the Authority of any Court of Law, or any Magistrate, Justice or Justices of the Peace, or any other Authority whatsoever, for any original \mathbf{Debt}

Soldiers not liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service for Debts under 30*l.*, or for not maintaining

Debt not amounting to Thirty Pounds, or for not supporting or their Families, maintaining, or for not having supported or maintained, or for or for Breach leaving or having left his Family or any Part thereof chargeable to any Parish, Township, or Place, or to the Common Fund of any Union, any Relation or Child which such Soldier or Person might, if not in Her Majesty's Service, be compellable by Law to relieve or maintain, or for neglecting to pay to the Mother of any Bastard Child, or to any Person who may have been appointed to have the Custody of such Child, any Sum to be paid in pursuance of an Order on that Behalf, or for the Breach of any Contract, Covenant, Agreement, or other Engagement whatever, by Parol or in Writing, or for having left or deserted his Employer or Master, or his Contract, Work, or Labour, except in the Case of an Apprentice, or of an indentured Labourer, as herein-after described; and all Summonses, Warrants, Commitments, Indictments, Convictions, Judgments, and Sentences, on account of any of the Matters for which it is herein declared that a Soldier or other Person as aforesaid is not liable to be taken out of Hor Majesty's Service, shall be utterly illegal, and null and void, to all Intents and Purposes; and any Judge of any such Court may examine into any Complaints made by a Soldier or by his Superior Officer, and by Warrant under his Hand discharge such Soldier, without Fee, he being shown to have been arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and shall award reasonable Costs to such Complainant, who shall have for the Recovery thereof the like Remedy as would have been applicable to the Recovery of any Costs which might have been awarded against the Complainant in any Judgment or Execution as aforesaid, or a Writ of Habeas corpus ad subjiciendum shall be awarded or issued, and the Discharge of any such Soldier out of Custody shall be ordered thereupon; provided that any Plaintiff, upon Notice of the Cause of Action first given in Writing to any Soldier, or left at his last Quarters, may proceed in any Action or Suit to Judgment, and have Execution other than against the Body; provided also, that nothing herein contained relating to the leaving or deserting a Master or Employer, or to the Breach of any Contract, Agreement, or Engagement, shall apply to Persons who shall be really and bond fide Apprentices, duly bound, under the Age of Twenty-one Years, or to indentured Labourers, as herein-after prescribed.

LVL Any Recruit appearing as aforesaid before such Justice Dissent and shall be at liberty to declare his Dissent to such enlisting, and Relief from upon such Declaration, and returning the Enlisting Money, and Enlistment. also paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings as Smart Money, together with the full Amount of any Pay which shall have been paid to such Recruit subsequent to the Period of his having been calisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at liberty in the Presence of such Justice; but if such Person shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty-four Hours after so declaring his Dissent, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he had given his Assent

of Contract.

thereto before the said Justice: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Justice to discharge any Person who shall have hastily enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Dissent within such Ninety-six Hours as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Dissent under this Act, notwithstanding no Person belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Justice, upon Proof to his Satisfaction, that the Recruiting Party has left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that the Recruit could not procure any Person belonging to such Party to go with him before the Justice; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice, and after deducting One Shilling as the Fee to his Clerk for reporting the Payment to the Secretary-at-War and Inspecting Field Officer of the District, shall be paid to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same; and no Recruit who has been actually, though erroneously, discharged by the Justice before the Expiration of Twenty-four Hours after the Time of his Enlistment, shall be liable on that Account to be proceeded against as having deserted from Her Majesty's Service; and the Justice who shall discharge any Recruit shall in every Case give a Certificate thereof, signed with his Hand, to the Recruit, specifying the Cause thereof.

Offences connected with Enlistment.

LVII. If any Recruit shall receive the Enlisting Money from any Person employed in the Recruiting Service (knowing it to be such), and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice, or shall thereafter absent himself from the Recruiting Party or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to go before some Justice within such Period of Ninety-six Hours as aforesaid, such Recruit shall be deemed to be enlisted and a Soldier in Her Majesty's Service, or in the Service of the East India Company, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Deserter, or for being absent without Leave, under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion; and such Recruit shall not be discharged by any Justice of the Peace after the Expiration of such Ninety-six Hours as aforesaid, unless it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Justice that the true Name and Residence of the Recruit were disclosed and known to the Recruiting Party, and that no Notice was given to the Recruit, or left at his usual Place of Abode, of his having so enlisted, or that the true Name and Residence of the Recruit were not taken down in Writing: Provided always, that in every Case wherein any Recruit shall have received Enlisting Money, and shall have absconded from the Party, so that it shall not be possible immediately to apprehend and bring him before a Justice, the Officer or Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Party shall produce to the Justice before whom the Recruit ought regularly to have been brought for Attestation a Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Recruit; and the Justice to whom such Certificate shall be produced shall, after satisfying himself

himself that the Recruit who had absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Duplicate thereof to Her Majesty's Secretary-at-War, in order that in the event of such Recruit being afterwards apprehended and reported as a Descrier, the Facts of his having received Enlisting Money, and having absconded after having been enlisted, may be ascertained before he be finally adjudged to be a Deserter; and any Recruit who shall have enhisted into and been attested for Her Majesty's Forces, and who shall be discovered to be incapable of active Service by reason of any Infirmity concealed or not declared by such Recruit before the Justice at the Time of his Attestation, may be transferred to any Garrison or Veteran or Invalid Battalion or Company, notwithstanding he shall have enlisted for any particular Regiment, and shall be entitled to receive such Proportion or Residue of Bounty only as Her Majesty may allow in that Behalf, instead of the Bounty upon which such Man shall have been enlisted, anything in any Act or Acts, or any Rules and Regulations relating to Soldiers, to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall be lawful for any Two Justices acting for the County, District, City, Burgh, or Place where any such Recruit shall at any Time happen to be when any such Recruit shall be brought, and shall be proved upon Oath before them upon being attested to have concealed his having been a Soldier and discharged, or to have concealed his having been discharged upon any prior Enlistment, or to have wilfully concealed any such Infirmity, or to have designedly made any false Representation, to adjudge such Recruit, if in England, to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and to sentence him to such Punishment as by any Law in force may be inflicted upon Rogues and Vagabonds, and to adjudge such Person, if in Scotland or Ireland, to be imprisoned, with Hard Labour, in any Prison or House of Correction for any Period not exceeding Three Months; and any Recruit who shall designedly make any false Representation of any Particular contained in the Oaths and Certificates in the Schedule to this Act annexed, before the Justice, at the Time of his Attestation, and shall obtain any Enlisting Money or Bounty for entering into Her Majesty's Service, or into the Service of the East India Company, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, within the true Intent and Meaning, if in England, of an Act passed in the Seventh and Eighth Years of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for consolidating and 7 & 8 G. 4.c. 29. amending the Laws in England relative to Larceny and other Offences connected therewith, and if in Ireland, of an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws 9 G. 4. c. 55. in Ireland relative to Larceny and other Offences connected therewith, and such Recruit, if in Scotland, shall be deemed guilty of Falsehood, Fraud, and wilful Imposition; and any attested Recruit who shall in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions or elsewhere have committed any of the before-mentioned Offences. regarding Enlistment may be summarily punished or prosecuted,

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tried and convicted, for any such Offence, at any Time during the Continuance of the Service for which he shall have enlisted. and in any County or Place where he may happen to be when such summary Proceeding or Prosecution shall be instituted; and the Production of the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, taken by the Recruit on his Attestation, and the Certificate then signed by the Justice before whom the Recruit was attested, certifying that the Questions and Answers contained in the Attestation were in his Presence put to and given by such Recruit, shall, in the Absence of Proof to the contrary, be deemed and taken to be sufficient Evidence of such Recruit having represented the several Particulars as in the Oath sworn by him; and Proof by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses that the Person so prosecuted hath voluntarily acknowledged that at the Time of his Enlistment he belonged to any Regiment in Her Majesty's Service, or to Her Majesty's Ordnance, Navy, or Marines, or to the Forces of the East India Company, shall be deemed and taken as Evidence of the Fact so by him acknowledged, without Production of any Roll or other Document to prove the same; and such Proof of such Acknowledgment shall be certified to the Secretary-at-War by the Justice before whom such Proof shall have been given; and any Man having been enrolled as a Volunteer under the Act Fifteenth and Sixteenth Victoria, Chapter Fifty, or any subsequent Acts, to serve in the Militia, who at the Time of offering to enlist into Her Majesty's Forces, Army, Ordnance, or Marines, or into the Forces of the East India Company, or to enter into Her Majesty's Navy, shall deny that he is a Militia Man then actually enrolled and engaged to serve in the Militia, and who shall not have completed his Engagement by Attestation or by being entered on the Books of the Navy, shall, upon Conviction thereof before any One Justice of the Peace in the United Kingdom, either upon the Oath of One Witness or upon his own Confession, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Fourteen Days; and any Man enrolled as aforesaid who may have denied or shall hereafter deny, or who may have confessed or shall hereafter confess, to the Justice before whom he shall have been or shall be attested for the Army, Ordnance, or Marine Forces, or for the Forces of the East India Company, or who may have denied or shall hereafter deny, or who may have confessed or shall hereafter confess, on the Completion of his Engagement to enter the Navy, that he belongs to the Militia, shall not be liable to Imprisonment for such Offence, but shall, upon Conviction thereof before any One Justice in the United Kingdom, or before a Regimental or Naval Court of Inquiry, either upon his own Confession or upon the Oath of One Witness, forfeit all Militia Bounty which would have become payable to him during the Period of his belonging to Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or to the Forces of the East India Company, or to the Royal Navy, if he had not therein enlisted or entered, and be subjected to a Stoppage of One Penny a Day from his Pay for Eighteen Calendar Months, to be applied as the Secretary-at-War

shall direct; or if enrolled in the Militia as a balloted Man or Substitute shall, if convicted before any One Justice as aforesaid, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise for and during any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, over and above any Penalty or Punishment to which such Person so offending may be otherwise liable; and such Person, whether he shall have been enrolled as a Volunteer or as a balloted Man or Substitute, shall, from the Day on which his Engagement to serve in the Militia shall end, and not sooner, belong as a Soldier to the Corps of Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or of the East India Company's Forces into which he shall have so enlisted, or to the Navy into which he shall have entered: Provided always, that every such Person so enlisted shall be liable to serve within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or of the East India Company's Forces, in which he has so enlisted, during all the Time the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain disembodied, or shall not be called out for Training or Exercise, and shall during all such Time be subject to all the Provisions of this Act, or if he had entered the Navy to the Rules and Regulations by which that Force is governed, and liable to be apprehended and dealt with and punished as a Deserter from the Corps in which he shall have so enlisted, or from the Navy, if he shall neglect or refuse to join and serve in such Corps, or in the Navy, as aforesaid.

LXIL No Master shall be entitled to claim an Apprentice or Claims of an indentured Labourer as aforesaid who shall enlist as a Soldier Masters to in Her Majesty's or the East India Company's Service, or shall Apprentices. be serving in the Embodied Militia, unless he shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice or indentured Labourer shall have left his Service, go before some Justice, and take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and produce the Certificate of such Justice of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice is required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and unless such Apprentice shall have been bound, if in England, for the full Term of Seven Years, not having been above the Age of Fourteen when so bound, and if in Ireland or in the British Isles, for the full Term of Five Years at the least, not having been above the Age of Sixteen when so bound, and if in Scotland, for the full Term at least of Four Years, by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship, duly extended, signed, and tested, and binding on both Parties by the Law of Scotland, prior to the Period of Enlistment, and unless such Contract or Indenture in Scotland shall, within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enlistment, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County in Scotland wherein the Parties reside, and there shall have been endorsed thereon by such Justice 2 Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration

such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to endorse and sign, and unless such Apprentice shall, when claimed by such Master, be under Twenty-one Years of Age: Provided always, that any Master of an Apprentice indentured for the Sea Service, or of any indentured Labourer in Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad, shall be entitled to claim and recover him in the Form and Manner above directed, notwithstanding such Apprentice or indentured Labourer may have been bound for a less Term than Seven, Five, or Four Years as aforesaid: Provided also, that any Master who shall give up the Indentures of his Apprentice or of his Labourer as aforesaid within One Month after the enlisting of such Apprentice or indentured Labourer shall be entitled to receive to his own Use so much of the Bounty payable to such Recruit, after deducting therefrom Two Guineas to provide him with Necessaries, as shall not have been paid to such Recruit before Notice given of his being an Apprentice or an indentured Labourer.

How and where Troops may be billeted.

LXIX. It shall be lawful for all Constables of Parishes and Places, and other Persons specified in this Act, in England and Ireland, and they are hereby required, to billet the Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Service, and Out-Pensioners when assembled as a local Force by competent Authority, and Persons receiving Pay in Her Majesty's Army, and the Horses belonging to Her Majesty's Cavalry, and also all Staff and Field Officers Horses, and all Bat and Baggage Horses belonging to any of Her Majesty's other Forces, when on actual Service, not exceeding for each Officer the Number for which Forage is or shall be allowed by Her Majesty's Regulations, in Victualling Houses and other Houses specified in this Act (taking care in Ireland not to billet less than Two Men in One House, except only in case of billeting Cavalry as specially provided); and they shall be received by the Occupiers of such Houses in which they are so allowed to be billeted, and be furnished by such Victuallers with proper Accommodation in such Houses, or if any Victualler shall not have sufficient Accommodation in the House upon which a Soldier is billeted, then in some good and sufficient Quarters to be provided by such Victualler in the immediate Neighbourhood, and in England with Diet and Small Beer, and with Stables, Hay, and Straw for such Horses as aforesaid, paying and allowing for the same the several Rates herein-after provided; and at no Time when Troops are on a March shall any of them, whether Infantry or Cavalry, be billeted above One Mile from the Place mentioned in the Route; and in all Places where Cavalry shall be billeted in pursuance of this Act, the Men and their Horses shall be billeted in One and the same House, except in case of Necessity; and in no other Case whatsoever shall there be less than One Man billeted where there shall be One or Two Horses, nor less than Two Men where there shall be Four Horses, and so in proportion for a greater Number; and in no Case shall a Man and his Horse be billeted at a greater Distance from each other than One hundred Yards; and the Constables are hereby required to billet all Soldiers

Soldiers and their Horses on their March in a just and equal-Proportion upon the Keepers of all Houses within One Mile of the Place mentioned in the Route, although some of such Houses may be in the adjoining County, in like Manner in every respectas if such Houses were locally situate within such Place; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to authorize any Constable to billet Soldiers out of the County to which such Constable belongs when the Constable of the adjoining County shall be present and undertake to billet the due Proportion of Men in such adjoining County; and no more Billets shall at any Time be ordered than there are effective Soldiers and Horses present to be billeted; all which Billets, when made out by such Constables, shall be delivered into the Hands of the Commanding Officer present; and if any Person shall find himself aggrieved by having an undue Proportion of Soldiers billeted in his House, and shall prefer his Complaint, if against a Constable or other Person not being a Justice, to One or more Justices, and if against a Justice then to Two or more Justices within whose Jurisdiction such Soldiers are billeted, such Justices respectively shall have Power to order such of the Soldiers to be removed, and to be billeted upon other Persons, as they shall see Cause; and when any of Her Majesty's Cavalry or any Horses as aforesaid shall be billeted upon the Occupiers of Houses in which Officers or Soldiers may be quartered by virtue of this Act who shall have no Stables, then and in such Case, upon the written Requisition of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Troop, or Detachment, the Constable is hereby required to billet the Men and their Horses, or Horses only, upon some other Person or Persons who have Stables by this Act liable to have Officers and Soldiers billeted upon them; and upon Complaint being made by the Person or Persons to whose House or Stables the said Men and Horses shall have been so removed to Two or more Justices within whose Jurisdiction such Men or Horses shall be so billeted, it shall be lawful for such Justices to order a proper Allowance to be paid by the Person relieved to the Persons receiving such Men and. Horses, or to be applied in furnishing the requisite Accommodation; and Commanding Officers may exchange any Man or Horse billeted in any Place, with another Man or Horse billeted in the same Place, for the Benefit of the Service, provided the Number of Men and Horses do not exceed the Number at that Time billeted on such Houses; and the Constables are hereby required to billet such Men and Horses so exchanged accordingly; and it shall be lawful for any Justice, at the Request of any Officer or Non-commissioned Officer commanding any Soldiers requiring Billets, to extend any Routes or enlarge the Districts within which Billets shall be required, in such Manner as shall appear to be most convenient to the Troops; provided that, to prevent or punish all Abuses in billeting Soldiers, it shall be lawful for any Justice within his Jurisdiction, by Warrant or Order under his Hand, to require any Constable to give him an Account in Writing of the Number of Officers and Soldiers who shall be quartered by

such Constables, together with the Names of the Persons upon whom such Officers and Soldiers are billeted, stating the Street or Place where such Persons dwell, and the Sign, if any, belonging to those Houses; and it shall be lawful for Constables to billet Officers and Soldiers in Scotland according to the Provisions of the Laws in force in Scotland at the Time of its Union with England; and no Officer shall be obliged to pay for his Lodging where he shall be regularly billeted, except in the Suburbs of Edinburgh: Provided that no Officer or Soldier shall be billeted in England in any private Houses, or in any Canteen held or occupied under the Authority of the Ordnance Department, or upon Persons who keep Taverns only, being Vintners of the City of London admitted to their Freedom of the said Company in right of Patrimony or Apprenticeship, notwithstanding such Persons who keep such Taverns only have taken out Victualling Licences, nor in the Houses of any Distiller kept for distilling Brandy and Strong Waters, nor in the House of any Storekeeper whose principal Dealing shall be more in other Goods and Merchandise than in Brandy and Strong Waters, so as such Distillers and Shonkeepers do not permit tippling in such Houses, nor in the House of Residence in any Part of the United Kingdom of any Foreign Consul duly accredited as such.

Allowance to Innkeepers.

Exemptions from Billets.

LXXII. The Innholder or other Person on whom any Soldier is billeted in England shall, if required by such Soldier, furnish him for every Day of the March, and for a Period not exceeding Two Days when halted at the intermediate Place upon the March, and for the Day of the Arrival at the Place of final Destination, with One hot Meal in each Day, the Meal to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as may be fixed by Her Majesty's Regulations, not exceeding One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt, and Pepper, and for such Meal the Innholder or other Person furnishing the same shall be paid the Sum of Tenpence; and all Innholders and other Persons on whom Soldiers may be billeted in England, except when on the March and entitled to be furnished with the hot Meal as aforesaid, shall furnish such Soldiers with Candles, Vinegar, and Salt, and shall allow them the Use of Fire, and the necessary Utensils for dressing and eating their Meat, and shall be paid in consideration thereof the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny per Diem for each Soldier; and the Sum to be paid to the Innholder or other Person on whom any of the Horses belonging to Her Majesty's Forces shall be billeted in England, for Hay and Straw, shall be Ninepence per Diem for each Horse; and in Ireland the Sum to be paid for Forage to the Innholder or other Person, for Horses billeted by virtue of this Act, shall be the rate established by the Lord Lieutenant or other sufficient Authority from Time to Time, the same to be regulated by the average Rate of Contracts for Forage in Ireland; and for the Use of Stables in Ireland, when such Horses are provided with Hay and Straw by Contract, and not by the Occupiers

Occupiers of the Houses on which they are billeted, the Sum of Fourpence per Week for each Horse shall be paid; and every Officer to whom it belongs to receive or who does actually receive the Pay for any Officers or Soldiers shall every Four Days, or before they shall quit their Quarters if they shall not remain so long as Four Days, settle the just Demands of all Victuallers or other Persons upon whom such Officers and Soldiers are billeted. out of their Pay and Subsistence, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed to them respectively; and if any such Officer shall not pay the same as aforesaid, then, upon Complaint, and Oath made thereof by any Two Witnesses before Two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, Liberty, City, Borough, or Place where such Quarters were situated, sitting in Quarter or Petty Sessions, the Secretary-at-War is hereby required (upon Certificate of the Justices before whom such Oath was made of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and the Persons to whom the same is owing,) to give Orders to the Regimental Agent to pay the said Sums, and to charge the same against such Officers; and in case of any Soldier being suddenly ordered to march, and that the respective Commanding Officers are not enabled to make Payment of the Sums due for the Lodging of the Men and Stabling for the Horses, every such Officer shall, before his Departure, make up the Account with every Person upon whom such Soldier may have been billeted, and sign a Certificate thereof; which Account and Certificate shall be transmitted to the Agent of the Regiment, who is hereby required to make immediate Payment thereof, and to charge the same to the Account of such Officer.

LXXIX. All Her Majesty's Officers and Soldiers, being in Tolls. proper Staff or Regimental or Military Uniform, Dress or Undress, and their Horses and Baggage, (but not when passing in any hired or private Vehicle,) and all Recruits, marching by Route, and all Prisoners under Military Escort, and all Enrolled Pensioners in Uniform when called out for Training or in aid of the Civil Power, and all Carriages and Horses belonging to Her Majesty or employed in Her Service under the Provisions of this Act, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies, when conveying Persons or Baggage going thereto or returning therefrom, shall be exempted from Payment of any Duties and Tolls on embarking or disembarking from or upon any Pier, Wharf, Quay, or Landing Place, or passing Turnpike or other Roads or Bridges, otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act already passed or hereafter to be passed, or by virtue of any Act or Ordinance, Order or Direction of any Colonial Legislature or other Authority in any of Her Majesty's Colonies; provided that nothing herein contained shall exempt any Boats, Barges, or other Vessels employed in conveying the said Persons, Horses, Baggage, or Stores along any Canal from Payment of Tolls, in like Manner as other Boats, Barges, and Vessels are liable thereto, except when employed in Cases of Emergency as hereinbefore enacted.

Penalties upon Civil Subjects offending against the Laws relating to Billets and Carriages.

XCIII. If any Constable or other Person who by virtue of this Act shall be employed in billeting any Officers or Soldiers in any Part of the United Kingdom shall presume to billet any such Officer or Soldier in any House not within the Meaning of this Act, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier thereof; or shall neglect or refuse to billet any Officer or Soldier on Duty. when thereunto required, in such Manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Troops; or shall receive, demand, or agree for any Money or Reward whatsoever, in order to excuse any Person from receiving such Officer or Soldier; or shall quarter any of the Wives, Children, Men or Maid Servants of any Officers or Soldiers, in any such Houses, against the Consent of the Occupiers; or shall neglect or refuse to execute such Warrants of the Justices as shall be directed to him for providing Carriages, Horses, or Vessels, or shall demand more than the legal Rates for the same; or if any Person ordered by any Constable in manner herein-before directed to provide Carriages, Horses, or Vessels shall refuse or neglect to provide the same according to the Orders of such Constable, or shall do any Act or Thing by which the Execution of any Warrants for providing Carriages, Horses, or Vessels shall be hindered; or if any Constable shall neglect to deliver in to the Justices at Quarter Sessions Lists of Officers and Soldiers of the Foot Guards quartered according to the Provisions of this Act, or shall cause to be delivered defective Lists of the same; or if any Person liable by this Act to have any Officer or Soldier quartered upon him shall refuse to receive and to afford proper Accommodation or Diet in the House in which such Officer or Soldier is quartered, and to furnish the several Things directed to be furnished to Officers and Soldiers, or shall neglect or refuse to furnish good and sufficient Stables, together with good and sufficient Hay and Straw, for each Horse, at the Rate established by this Act, and in such Quantities as shall be fixed by Her Majesty's Regulations, not exceeding Twelve Pounds of Hay and Six Pounds of Straw per Diem for each Horse; or if any Innkeeper or Victualler not having good and sufficient Stables shall refuse to pay over to the Person or Persons who may provide Stabling such Allowance by way of Compensation as shall be directed by any Justice of the Peace, or shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Soldier on the March in lieu of furnishing in Kind the Diet and Small Beer to which such Soldier is entitled; or if any Toll Collector shall demand and receive Toll from any of Her Majesty's Officers or Soldiers, they being in proper Staff or Regimental or Military Uniform, Dress or Undress, or for their Horses, or from any Recruits marching by Route, or from any Prisoners under Military Escort, or from any Enrolled Pensioners in Uniform, when called out for Training or in aid of the Civil Power, or for any Carriages or Horses belonging to Her Majesty, or employed in Her Service under the Provisions of this Act, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies, when conveying Persons or Baggage or returning therefrom, everv

every such Constable, Victualler, Toll Keeper, or other Person respectively shall forfeit for every such Offence, Neglect, or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings; and if any Person shall personate or represent himself to be a Soldier, or a Recruit, with the view of fraudulently obtaining a Billet, or Money in lieu thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings.

XCIX. Any Justice in the United Kingdom within whose Juris- Mode of recorddiction any Soldier in the Regular Army, or on the permanent Staff of the Militia, having a Wife or Child, shall be billeted, may summon such Soldier before him in the Place where he is billeted. (which Summons he is hereby directed to obey,) and take his Examination in Writing, upon Oath, touching the Place of his last legal Settlement in England, and such Justice shall give an attested Copy of such Examination to the Person examined, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer, to be produced when required; which said Examination and such attested Copy shall be at any Time admitted in Evidence as to such last legal Settlement before any Justice or at any General or Quarter Sessions, although such Soldier be dead or absent from the Kingdom; provided that in case any Soldier shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then, on such Examination or such attested Copy thereof being produced by him or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Soldier shall not be obliged to take any other Oath with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such Examination, or a Copy of such attested Copy of Examination, if required; provided also, that when no such Examination shall have been required, the Statement made on Oath by the Recruit on his Attestation of his Place of Birth shall be taken to be his last Place of Settlement until legally disproved.

CIII. All Oaths and Declarations which are authorized and re- Administration quired by this Act may be administered (unless where otherwise of Oaths. provided) by any Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate acting as such; and any Person taking a false Oath or Declaration in any Perjury Case wherein an Oath or Declaration is required to be taken by this Act shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, or of making a false Declaration, and being thereof duly convicted shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Laws in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to; and every Commissioned Officer convicted before a General Court-martial of Perjury shall be cashiered, and every Soldier or other Person amenable to the Provisions of this Act found guilty thereof by a General or other Court-martial shall be punished at the Discretion of such Court.

ing a Soldier's Settlement.

CAP. XII.

An Act for the Regulation of Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on shore. [16th March 1855.]

[This Act is the same, except as to Dates and the Parts here inserted, as 17 & 18 Vict. c. 6.]

Previous Convictions to be put in Evidence.

XVIII. After a Prisoner has been found guilty of any Charge or Charges the Court before which any such Prisoner shall have been tried may, before passing Sentence on such Prisoner, and for the Purpose only of affixing Punishment, receive in Evidence against him any previous Convictions by Courts-martial; and in like Manner and for the like Purpose the Court shall receive in Evidence any previous Conviction of such Prisoner by a Court of ordinary Criminal Jurisdiction, where the Offence charged in the Indictment, so far as the Charge of which he was convicted, was of a felonious, fraudulent, or unnatural Nature; and in the Case of Convictions by Courts-martial, duly confirmed, the Court-martial Book or the Divisional or Company's Defaulters Book, and when none of those Books can conveniently be produced, a Certificate, which shall purport to contain a Copy of the Entry of such Convictions in such Books or any of them, and which shall be signed by the Adjutant or other Officer having the Custody of the Courtmartial Book or of the Defaulters Book of the Division or Company to which the Prisoner belongs, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Conviction; and it shall not be necessary to prove the Signature or official Character of the Person appearing to have signed such Certificate, nor, if the Court be satisfied from all the Circumstances of the Case that the Prisoner under Trial is the Person mentioned in any such Certificate, shall it be necessary to give other Proofs of the Identity of the Person of the Offender; and in the Case of a Conviction by a Court of ordinary Criminal Jurisdiction, any Certificate transmitted as herein provided to the Officer commanding by the Clerk of any such Court or other Officer having Custody of the Records of such Courts, or the Deputy of such Clerk, containing the Substance and Effect of any Indictment, omitting the formal Part, together with the Judgment of the Court thereon, and purporting to be signed by such Clerk or other Officer, or by the Deputy of such Clerk, or if such Certificate cannot conveniently be obtained, a Copy thereof duly certified by the Officer producing it, shall be sufficient Evidence of such last-mentioned Conviction; and it shall not be necessary to prove the Signature or official Character of the Person appearing to have signed such last-mentioned Certificate, nor, if the Court be satisfied from all the Circumstances of the Case that the Prisoner under Trial is the Person mentioned in such Certificate, shall it be necessary to give other Proofs of the Identity of the Person of the Offender: Provided always, that before any such Evidence shall be received it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court that the said Prisoner had previously to his Trial received Notice of the Intention

tion to produce such Evidence against him; and provided also, that the Court shall in no Case award to him any other Punishment or Punishments than may by this Act and by the Articles of War be awarded for the Offence of which he shall have been so found guilty.

XXIII. Whensoever any General Court-martial by which any Commutation Marine shall have been tried and convicted of any Offence punish. of Death for able with Death shall not think the Offence deserving of Capital Punishment, such Court-martial may adjudge the Offender, according to the Degree of the Offence, to Penal Servitude or to be transported as a Felon for Life or for a certain Term of Years not less than Fourteen Years, or may sentence him to general Service as a Marine or as a Soldier in any Corps and in any Country or Place which Her Majesty shall thereupon direct, or may, if such Offender shall have enlisted for a limited Term of Years, sentence him to serve for Life as a Marine or as a Soldier in any Corps which Her Majesty shall please to direct: Provided always, that in all Cases where a Capital Punishment shall have been awarded by a General Court-martial or by a Detachment General Courtmartial it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, or, if in the East Indies, for the Officer commanding in chief the Forces in India, or if out of Her Majesty's Dominions (the Ionian Islands excepted) for the Officer commanding in chief Her Majesty's Forces there serving, instead of causing such Sentence to be carried into execution, to order the Offender to be kept to Penal Servitude or to be transported as a Felon either for Life or for a certain Term of Years not less than Fourteen, or to suffer such Term of Imprisonment, either with or without Hard Labour, as shall seem meet to Her Majesty, or, if in the East Indies, or out of Her Majesty's Dominions (the Ionian Islands excepted), to the Officers commanding as aforesaid.

Transportation.

XXXI. Any General Court-martial may, in addition to any Forfeiture of other Punishment which it may be competent to award, sentence Pay and Penany Offender to Forfeiture of all Advantage as to additional Pay, sion by Sen-Good-conduct Pay, and to Pension on Discharge, which might have otherwise accrued from the Length of his former Service, or to Forfeiture of such Advantage absolutely, whether it might have accrued from past Service, or might accrue from future Service, or to Forfeiture of any Annuity and Medal which may have been granted for former meritorious Service, or of the Gratuity and Medal awarded for former good Conduct, according to the Nature of the Case; and any District or Garrison Court-martial may also. in addition to any Sentence which such Court may award, sentence any Offender to such Forfeiture for Desertion, or for disgraceful Conduct

In wilfully maining or injuring himself or any other Marine, whether at the Instance of such other Marine or not, or of causing himself to be maimed or mutilated by any other Person, with Intent thereby to render himself or such other Marine unfit for Service:

tence of Court.

In wilfully doing any Act, or wilfully disobeying any Orders, whether in Hospital or otherwise, thereby producing or aggravating Disease or Infirmity, or delaying his Cure:

In malingering or feigning Disease:

In tampering with his Eyes, with Intent thereby to render himself unfit for the Service:

In stealing or embezzling Government Property or Stores, or in receiving the same knowing the same to have been stolen:

In stealing any Money or Goods the Property of a Comrade, of a Marine Officer, or of any Marine Mess or Band, or in receiving any such Money or Goods knowing the same to have been stolen:

In making any false or fraudulent Accounts, Returns, Matters, or Entries, or assisting or conniving at the same being made, or producing the same as true, knowing the same to be false or fraudulent:

In stealing or embezzling or fraudulently misapplying Public Money intrusted to him:

Or in committing any other Offence of a felonious or fraudulent Nature, to the Injury of, or with Intent to injure, any Person, Civil, Marine, or Military:

Or for any other disgraceful Conduct, being of a cruel, indecent, or unnatural Kind.

XXXV. A General, District, or Garrison Court-martial may sentence any Marine for being drunk en Duty under Arms, and any Court-martial may sentence any Marine for being drunk when on or for Duty not under Arms, or on Parade, or on the Line of March, to be deprived of a Penny a Day of his Pay for any Period not exceeding Thirty Days, in addition to any other Punishment

which such Court may award.

XXXVI. In addition to any other Punishment which the Court may award, a Court-martial may further direct that any Offender may be put under Stoppages until he shall have made good—

Any Loss, Disposal of, or Damage occasioned by him in any of the Instances of disgraceful Conduct herein specified:

Any Loss, Disposal of, or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, any Property whatsoever, occasioned by his wilful or negligent Misconduct:

Any Loss, Disposal of, or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, his Arms, Clothing, Instruments, Equipments, Accourrements, or Necessaries, or any extra Article of Clothing or Equipment that he may have been put in possession of and ordered to wear on the Recommendation of the Surgeon for the Benefit of his Health, or making away with or pawning any Medal for Service or for general good Conduct which may have been granted to him by Order of Her Majesty or by Order of the East India Company, or any Loss, Disposal of, or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, the Arms, Clothing, Instruments, Equipments, Accourtements, or Necessaries of any Officer or Marine, occasioned by his wilful or negligent Misconduct:

Forfeiture of Pay for Drunkenness on Duty.

Stoppages.

Any Expense necessarily incurred by his Drunkenness or other Misconduct:

Provided always, that, except in the Case of the Loss, Disposal of, or Destruction of, or Damage or Injury to, Arms, Clothing, Instruments, Equipments, Accoutrements, or Necessaries, in which Case the Court may by its Sentence direct that the said Stoppages shall continue till the Cost of replacing or repairing the same be made good, the Amount of any Loss, Disposal, Destruction, Damage or Injury, or Expense, shall be ascertained by Evidence, and the Offender shall be placed under Stoppages for such an Amount only as shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court: Provided also, that after satisfying the Charges for his messing and washing, so much only of the Pay of the Marine may be stopped and applied as shall leave him a Residue at the least of One Penny a Day.

XXXIX. A General or District or Garrison Court-martial may Power of Imsentence any Marine to Imprisonment, with or without Hard prisonment by Labour, and may also direct that such Offender shall be kept in different Kinds Solitary Confinement for any Portion or Portions of such Imprisonment not exceeding Fourteen Days at a Time, nor Eighty-four Days in any One Year, with Intervals between the Periods of Solitary Confinement of not less Duration than such Periods; and when the Imprisonment awarded shall extend beyond Three Months, the Court-martial shall imperatively order that the Solitary Confinement shall not exceed Seven Days in any One Month of the whole Imprisonment awarded with Intervals between the Periods of Solitary Confinement of not less Duration than such Periods; and any Divisional or Detachment Court-martial may sentence any Marine to Imprisonment, with or without Hard Labour, for any Period not exceeding Forty-two Days, and may also direct that such Marine may be kept in Solitary Confinement for any Portion or Portions of such Imprisonment, not exceeding Fourteen Days at a Time, with an Interval between them of not less Duration than such Periods of Solitary Confinement: Provided always, that when any Court-martial, whether General, Garrison, or District, or Divisional or Detachment, shall direct that the Imprisonment shall be solitary only, or when any Sentence of Corporal Punishment shall have been commuted to Imprisonment only, the Period shall in no Case exceed Fourteen Days.

XLIII. Every Governor, Provost Marshal, Gaoler, or Keeper Custody of Priof any public Prison, or of any Gaol or House of Correction in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, shall receive into his Custody any Military Offender under Sentence of Imprisonment by a General or other Court-martial, upon Delivery to him of an Order in Writing in that Behalf from the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or from the Officer commanding the Division or Detachment to which the Offender belongs or did last belong or is attached, which Order shall specify the Period of Imprisonment or Remainder of Imprisonment which the Offender is to undergo, and the Day and Hour of the Day on which he is to be released or be otherwise disposed of; and such Governor, Provost Marshal, Gaoler, or Keeper shall

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soners under Military Sentence in Common Gaols.

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keep such Offender in a proper Place of Confinement, with or without Hard Labour, and with or without Solitary Confinement, according to the Sentence of the Court, and during the Time specified in the said Order, or until he be discharged or delivered over to Military Custody before the Expiration of that Time, under an Order duly made for that Purpose; and whenever Marines are called out in aid of the Civil Power, or are stationed in Billets, or are on the Line of March, every Governor, Provost Marshal, Gaoler, or Keeper of any public Prison, Gaol, House of Correction, Lock-up House, or other Place of Confinement, shall receive into his Custody any Marine for a Period not exceeding Seven Days, upon Delivery to him of an Order in Writing in that Behalf from the Officer commanding such Marine; and any Governor, Provost Marshal, Gaoler, or Keeper of any public Prison, Gaol, House of Correction, Lock-up House, or other Place of Confinement, who shall refuse to receive and to confine, or to discharge or deliver over, any Marine Offender in the Manner herein prescribed, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Marines liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service only for Felony and certain Misdemeanors, or for Debts amounting to 30l. and upwards;

but not liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service for not maintaining their Families or for Breach of Contract.

LVI. Any Person culisted into Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces as a Marine shall be liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service only by Process or Execution on account of any Charge of Felony, or on account of Misdemeanor other than the Misdemeanor of refusing to comply with an Order of Justices for the Payment of Money, or on account of an original Debt proved by Affidavit of the Plaintiff or of some one on his Behalf to amount to the Value of Thirty Pounds at the least over and above all Costs of Suit in the Action or Actions, such Affidavit to be sworn, without Payment of any Fee, before some Judge of the Court out of which Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Court, of which Affidavit, when duly filed in such Court, a Memorandum shall, without Fee, be endorsed upon the Back of such Process, stating the Fact sworn to, and the Day of filing such Affidavit; but no Marine or other Person as aforesaid shall be liable by any Process whatever to appear before any Justice of the Peace or other Authority whatsoever, or to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service by any Writ, Summons, Order, Warrant, Judgment, Execution, or any Process whatever issued by or by the Authority of any Court of Law, or any Magistrate, Justice or Justices of the Peace, or any other Authority whatsoever, for any original Debt not amounting to Thirty Pounds, or for not supporting or maintaining, or for not having supported or maintained, or for leaving or having left his Family or any Part thereof chargeable to any Parish, Township, or Place, or to the Common Fund of any Union, any Relation or Child which such Marine or Person might, if not in Her Majesty's Service, be compellable by Law to relieve or maintain, or for neglecting to pay to the Mother of any Bastard Child, or to any Person who may have been appointed to have the Custody of such Child, any Sum to be paid in pursuance of an Order in that Behalf, or for the Breach of any Contract, Covenant, Agreement, or other Engagement

Engagement whatever, by Parol or in Writing, or for having left or deserted his Employer or Master, or his Contract, Work, or Labour; and all Summonses, Warrants, Commitments, Indict. ments, Convictions, Judgments, and Sentences, on account of any of the Matters for which it is herein declared that a Marine is not liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service, shall be utterly illegal, and null and void to all Intents and Purposes; and any Judge of any such Court may examine into any Complaints made by a Marine or by his Superior Officer, and by Warrant under his Hand discharge such Marine, without Fee, he being shown to have been arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and shall award reasonable Costs to such Complainant, who shall have for the Recovery thereof the like Remedy as would have been applicable to the Recovery of any Costs which might have been awarded against the Complainant in any Judgment or Execution as aforesaid, or a Writ of Habeas corpus ad subjictendum shall be awarded or issued, and the Discharge of any such Marine out of Custody shall be ordered thereupon; provided that any Plaintiff, upon Notice of the Cause of Action first given in Writing to any Marine or left at his last Quarters, may proceed in any Action or Suit to Judgment, and have Execution other than against the Body: Provided also, that nothing herein contained relating to the leaving or deserting a Master or Employer, or to the Breach of any Contract, Agreement, or Engagement, shall apply to Persons who shall be really and bona fide Apprentices, duly bound, under the Age of Twenty-one Years, as herein prescribed.

LXI. If any Recruit shall receive the Enlisting Money from Offences conany Person employed in the Recruiting Service (knowing it to be nected with such), and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice, or Enlistment. shall thereafter absent himself from the Recruiting Party or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to go before some Justice within such Period of Ninety-six Hours as aforesaid, such Recruit shall be deemed to be enlisted and a Private in Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Deserter, or for being absent without Leave, under any Articles of War made for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion; and such Recruit shall not be discharged by any Justice of the Peace after the Expiration of such Ninetysix Hours as aforesaid, unless it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Justice that the true Name and Residence of the Recruit were disclosed and known to the Recruiting Party, and that no Notice was given to the Recruit, or left at his usual Place of Abode, of his having so enlisted, or that the true Name and Residence of the Recruit were not taken down in Writing: Provided always, that in every Case wherein any Recruit shall have received Enlisting Money, and shall have absconded from the Party, so that it shall not be possible immediately to apprehend and bring him before a Justice, the Officer or Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Party shall produce to the Justice before whom the Recruit ought regularly to have been brought for Attestation a

Certificate

swers

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Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Recruit; and the Justice to whom such Certificate shall be produced shall, after satisfying himself that the Recruit who had absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Duplicate thereof to the Secretary of the Admiralty, in order that, in the event of such Recruit being afterwards apprehended and reported as a Deserter, the Facts of his having received Enlisting Money, and having absconded after having been culisted, may be ascertained before he shall be finally adjudged to be a Deserter; and it shall be lawful for any Two Justices acting for the County, Division, District, or Place where any such Recruit shall at any Time happen to be when any such Recruit shall be brought, and shall be proved upon Oath before them to have concealed his belonging or having belonged to any Regiment, or to the Marines, Ordnance, or Navy, or the Forces of the East India Company, and discharged, or to have deserted therefrom, or to have concealed his having been discharged on any prior Enlistment, or to have wilfully concealed any Infirmity, or designedly made any false Representation at or previously to the Time of receiving Enlisting Money or upon being attested, to adjudge such Recruit, if in England, to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and to sentence him to such Punishment as by any Law may be inflicted on Rogues and Vagabonds, and to adjudge such Person, if in Scotland or Ireland, to be imprisoned with Hard Labour in any Prison or House of Correction for any Period not exceeding Three Months; and any Recruit who shall designedly make any false Representation of any Particular contained in the Oaths and Certificates in the Schedule to this Act annexed before the Justice at the Time of his Attestation, and shall obtain any Enlisting Money, or any Bounty for entering into Her Majesty's Service, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, within the true Intent and Meaning, if in England, of an Act passed in the Session holden in the Seventh and Eighth Years of His Majesty King George the 7 & 8 G. 4. c. 29. Fourth, intituled An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws in England relative to Larceny and other Offences connected therewith, and if in Ireland, of an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws in Ireland relative to Larceny and other Offences connected therewith, and such Recruit, if in Scotland, shall be deemed guilty of Falsehood, Fraud. and wilful Imposition; and any attested Recruit who shall in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions or elsewhere have committed any of the before-mentioned Offences regarding Enlistment may be summarily punished, or prosecuted, tried, and convicted, for any such Offence, at any Time during the Continuance of the Service for which he shall have enlisted, and in any County or Place where he may happen to be when such summary Proceeding or Prosecution shall be instituted; and the Production of the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed taken by the Recruit on his Attestation, and the Certificate signed by the Justice before whom the Recruit was attested, certifying that the Questions and An-

9 G. 4. c. 55.

swers contained in the Attestation were in his Presence put to and given by such Recruit, shall, in the Absence of Proof to the contrary, be deemed and taken to be sufficient Evidence of such Recruit having represented the several Particulars as in the Oath sworn by him; and Proof by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses that the Person so prosecuted hath voluntarily acknowledged that at the Time of his Enlistment he belonged to the Militia, or to any Regiment in Her Majesty's Service, or to Her Majesty's Navy or Marine or Ordnance, or to the Forces of the **Bast India Company**, or that he designedly made any false Representation of any Particular contained in the said Oaths and Certificates or either of them before the Justice at the Time of the Attestation of the Person being prosecuted, shall be deemed and taken as Evidence of the Fact so by him acknowledged, without Production of any Roll or other Document to prove the same; and such Proof of such Acknowledgment shall be certified to the Secretary of the Admiralty by the Justice before whom such Proof shall have been given; and any Man having been enrolled as a Volunteer under the Act Fifteenth and Sixteenth Victoria, Chapter Fifty, or any subsequent Acts, to serve in the Militia, who at the Time of offering to enlist into Her Majesty's Forces, Army, Ordnance, or Marines, or into the Forces of the East India Company, or to enter into Her Majesty's Navy, shall deny that he is a Militia Man then actually enrolled and engaged to serve in the Militia, and who shall not have completed his Engagement by Attestation or by being entered on the Books of the Navy, shall upon Conviction thereof before any One Justice of the Peace in the United Kingdom, either upon the Oath of One Witness or upon his own Confession, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Fourteen Days; and any Man enrolled as aforesaid who may have denied or shall hereafter deny, or who may have confessed or shall hereafter confess, to the Justice before whom he shall have been or shall be attested for the Army, Ordnance, or Marine Forces, or for the Forces of the East India Company, or who may have denied or shall hereafter deny, or who may have confessed or shall hereafter confess, on the Completion of his Engagement to enter the Navy, that he belongs to the Militia, shall not be liable to Imprisonment for such Offence, but shall, upon Conviction thereof before any One Justice of the United Kingdom, or before a Divisional or Naval Court of Inquiry, either upon his own Confession or upon the Oath of One Witness, forfeit all Militia Bounty which would have become payable to him during the Period of his belonging to Her Majesty's Forces, Army, Ordnance, or Marines, or to the Forces of the East India Company, or to the Royal Navy, if he had not therein enlisted or entered, and be subjected to a Stoppage of One Penny a Day from his Pay for Eighteen Calendar Months, to be applied as the Secretary of the Admiralty shall direct, or if enrolled in the Militia as a balloted Man or a Substitute shall, if convicted before any One Justice as aforesaid, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise for and D 4

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during any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, over and above any Penalty or Punishment to which such Person so offending may be otherwise liable, and such Person, whether he shall have been enrolled as a Volunteer or as a balloted Man or Substitute, shall from the Day on which his Engagement to serve in the Militia shall end be and serve as a Marine of the Division of Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces into which he has so enlisted or in the Navy into which he shall have entered: Provided also, that every such Person so enlisted shall be liable to serve in Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces in which he has so enlisted during all the Time the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain disembodied, or shall not be called out for Training or Exercise, and shall during all such Time be subject to all the Provisions of this Act, or if he had entered the Navy, to the Law, Rules, Regulations, and Customs by which the Navy is governed, and be liable to be apprehended and dealt with and punished as a Deserter from the Marines or from the Navy if he shall neglect or refuse to join and serve in the Marines or in the Navy as aforesaid.

Allowance to Innkeepers.

LXX. The Innholder or other Person on whom any Marine is billeted in England shall, if required by such Marine, furnish him for every Day on the March, and for a Period not exceeding Two Days, when halted at any intermediate Place upon the March, and for the Day of the Arrival at the Place of final Destination, with One hot Meal in each Day, the Meal to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as may be fixed by Her Majesty's Regulations, not exceeding One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previously to being dressed. One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt, and Pepper, and for such Meal the Innholder or other Person furnishing the same shall be paid the Sum of Tenpence; and all Innholders and other Persons on whom Marines may be billeted in England, except when on the March, and entitled to be furnished with the hot Meal as aforesaid, shall furnish such Marines with Candles, Vinegar, and Salt, and shall allow them the Use of Fire, and the necessary Utensils for dressing and eating their Meat, and shall be paid in consideration thereof such a Sum as the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the Time being shall at any Time or Times direct, but not less than the Sum of a Halfpenny per Diem for each Marine; and the Sum to be paid to the Innholder or other Person on whom any of the Horses belonging to Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces shall be billeted, in England, for Hay and Straw, shall be Ninepence per Diem for each Horse, and in Ireland the Sum to be paid for Forage to the Innholder or other Persons for Horses billeted by virtue of this Act shall be the Rate established by the Lord Lieutenant or other sufficient Authority from Time to Time, the same to be regulated by the average Rate of Contracts for Forage in Ireland; and for the Use of Stables in Ireland, when such Horses are provided with Hay and Straw by Contract, and not by the Occupiers of the Houses in which they are billeted, the Sum of Fourpence per Week for each Horse shall

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be paid: and every Officer to whom it belongs to receive or who does actually receive the Pay and Subsistence of the Officers and Men shall every Four Days, or before they shall quit their Quarters if they shall not remain so long as Four Days, settle the just Demands of all Victuallers or other Persons on whom such Men are billeted, out of their Pay and Subsistence, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed to them respectively; and if any such Officer shall not pay the same as aforesaid, then, upon Complaint and Oath made thereof by any Two Witnesses before Two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, Liberty, City, Borough, or Place where such Quarters were situate, sitting in Quarter or Petty Sessions, the Secretary of the Admiralty is hereby required, upon Certificate of the Justices before whom such Oath shall be made of the Sum due to Complainant, to order Payment of the Amount which shall be charged against such Officer, and in case of any Marines being suddenly ordered to march, and of the Commanding Officer not being enabled to make immediate Payment of the Sums due on account of Billets, every such Officer shall before his Departure make up the Account with every Person upon whom any such Marines may have been billeted, and sign a Certificate thereof; which Account and Certificate, on being transmitted to the Secretary of the Admiralty, shall be immediately paid, and charged to the Officer's Account.

LXXVI. All Officers and Marines, being in proper Uniform, Exemption Dress or Undress, and their Horses and Baggage, (but not when from Tolls. passing in any private or hired Vehicle,) and all Recruits marching by Route, and all Prisoners under Military Escort, and all Carriages and Horses belonging to Her Majesty or employed in Her Service under the Provisions of this Act, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies, when employed in conveying Persons or Baggage going thereto or returning therefrom, shall be exempted from the Payment of any Duties and Tolls on embarking or disembarking from or upon any Pier, Wharf, Quay, or Landing Place, or passing Turnpike or other Roads or Bridges, otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act already passed or hereafter to be passed, or by virtue of any Act or Ordinance, Order or Direction, of any Colonial Legislature or other Authority in any of Her Majesty's Colonies; and if any Toll Collector shall demand or receive Toll from any Marine Officer or Marine who shall be in proper Uniform, Dress or Undress, or for their Horses, and who by this Act is exempted from Payment thereof, or from any Recruits marching by Route, or from any Prisoners under Military Escort, or for any Carriages or Horses belonging to Her Majesty or employed in Her Service under the Provisions of this Act, when conveying Persons or Baggage, or returning therefrom, every such Collector shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds; provided that nothing herein contained shall exempt any Boats, Barges, or other Vessels employed in conveying the said Persons, Horses, Baggage, or Stores along any Canal from Payment of Tolls in like Manner as other Boats, Barges, and Vessels are liable

thereto.

thereto, except when employed in Cases of Emergency as herein mentioned; and that when any Officers or Marines on Service shall have Occasion in the March by Route to pass regular Ferries in Scotland, the Officer commanding shall be at liberty to pass over with his Marines as Passengers, paying for himself and each Marine One Half only of the ordinary Rate payable by Passengers, or he shall be at liberty to hire the Ferry Boat for himself and his Party, debarring all others for that Time, and shall in such Case pay only Half the ordinary Rate for such Boat.

Penalties upon Civil Subjects offending against the Laws relating to Billets and Carriages.

LXXIX. If any Constable or other Person who by virtue of this Act shall be employed in billeting any Officers or Marines in any Part of the United Kingdom shall presume to billet any such Officer or Marine in any House not within the Meaning of this Act without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier thereof; or shall neglect or refuse to billet any Officer or Marine on Duty when thereunto required, in such Manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Marines; or shall receive, demand, or agree for any Money or Reward whatsoever, in order to excuse any Person from recaiving any such Officer or Marine; or shall quarter any of the Wives, Children, Men or Maid Servants of any Officer or Marine in any such Houses against the Consent of the Occupiers; or shall neglect or refuse to execute such Warrants of the Justices as shall be directed to him for providing Carriages, Horses, or Vessels, or shall demand more than the legal Rates for the same; or if any Person ordered by any Constable in manner herein-before directed to provide Carriages, Horses, or Vessels shall refuse or neglect to provide the same according to the Orders of such Constable, or shall demand more than the legal Rates for the same, or shall do any Act or Thing by which the Execution of any Warrants for providing Carriages, Horses, or Vessels shall be hindered; or if any Person liable by this Act to have any Officer or Marine quartered on him shall refuse to receive any such Officer or Marine, or to afford him proper Accommodation or Diet in the House of such Person in which he is quartered, or to furnish the several Things directed to be furnished to Officers and Marines, or shall neglect for refuse to furnish good and sufficient Stables, together with good and sufficient Hay and Straw for each Horse at the Rate established by this Act, and in such Quantities as shall be fixed by Her Majesty's Regulations, not exceeding Eighteen Pounds of Hay and Six Pounds of Straw per Diem for each Horse, or shall pay any Sum of Money to any Marine on the March in lieu of furnishing in Kind the Diet and Small Beer to which such Marine is entitled; such Constable, Victualler, and other Person respectively shall forfeit for every Offence, Neglect, or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings; and if any Person shall personate or represent himself to be a Marine or Marine Recruit with the view of fraudulently obtaining a Billet or Money in lieu thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings.

LXXXII. Any

LXXXII. Any Person who shall detain, buy, or exchange, or Penalty for otherwise receive from any Marine or Marine Deserter, or any purchasing other Person, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, or shall Clothes, &c. solicit or entice any Marine or Marine Deserter, or shall be em- from any Maployed by any Marine or Marine Deserter, knowing him to be such, to sell any Arms, Ammunition, Marine Clothes, or Military Furniture, or any other Articles which, according to the Custom of the Marine Corps, are generally deemed Regimental or Divisional Necessaries, or any Provisions, Sheets, or other Articles used in Barracks or provided under Barrack Regulations, whether on shore or afloat, and whether the Marine or Marine Deserter or other Person be or be not borne on the Books of any One of Her Majesty's Ships, or be or be not embarked, or who shall have in his or her Possession or Keeping any Arms, Ammunition, Marine Clothes, or Military Furniture, or any other Articles which, according to the Custom of the Marine Corps, are generally deemed Regimental or Divisional Necessaries, or any Provisions, Sheets, or other Articles used in Barracks or provided under Barrack Regulations, and shall not give a satisfactory Account how he or she came by the same, or shall change or cause the Colour or Mark of any such Clothes, Appointments, Necessaries, Sheets, or other Articles to be changed or defaced, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with Treble the Value of all or any of the several Articles of which such Offender shall so become possessed; and if any Person having been so convicted shall afterwards be guilty of any such Offence, and shall be convicted thereof by One or more Justices of the Peace, every such Offender shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds but not less than Five Pounds, and the Treble Value of all or any of the several Articles of which such Offender shall have so become possessed, and shall, in addition to such Forfeiture, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to Hard Labour, for such Term not exceeding Six Calendar Months as the convicting Justice or Justices shall think fit; and upon any Information against any Person for a Second or any subsequent Offence, a Copy of the Conviction, certified by the proper Officer having the Care or Custody of such Conviction, or any Copy of the same proved to be a true Copy, shall be sufficient Evidence to prove a Conviction for the former. Offence; and if any credible Person shall prove, on Oath before a Justice of the Peace or Person exercising like Authority according to the Laws of that Part of Her Majesty's Dominions in which the Offence shall be committed, a reasonable Cause to suspect that any Person has in his or her Possession or on his or her Premises any Property of the Description herein-before described, on or with respect to which any such Offence shall have been committed, the Justice may and he is hereby required to grant a Warrant to search for such Property as in the Case of stolen Goods; and if upon Search any such Property shall be found the same shall and may be seized by the Officer charged with the Execution of such

Penalties.

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Warrant, who shall bring the Offender in whose Possession the same shall be found before such Justice, to be dealt with according to Law.

ing to Law.

Recovery of LXXXV

LXXXVI. All Offences for which any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture not exceeding Twenty Pounds, over and above any Forfeiture of Value or Treble Value, is by this Act imposed, shall and may be heard and determined by any Justice of the Peace in or near to the Place where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Offender may at any Time happen to be; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures, and Forfeiture of Value and Treble Value, and also the reasonable Costs attending the Prosecution, to be duly ascertained and awarded by such Justice, shall and may be enforced and recovered in the same Manner as any pecuniary Penalties may be recovered under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled An Act to facilitate the Performance of the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions within England and Wales with respect to summary Convictions and Orders: Provided always, that in all Cases in which there shall not be sufficient Goods whereon any Penalty or Forfeiture or Treble Value can be levied, the Offender may be committed and imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months; which said recited Act shall be used and applied in Scotland and in Ireland for the Recovery of all such Penalties and Forfeitures or Treble Value as fully to all Intents as if the said recited Act had extended to Scotland and Ireland, anything in the said recited Act, or in an Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts regulating the Proceedings at Petty Sessions, and the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Quarter Sessions, in Ireland, to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Offences committed in the British Isles, or in any of Her Majesty's Do-

minions other than the United Kingdom, may be determined, and the Penalties and Forfeitures of Value or Treble Value recovered, before any Justices of the Peace or Persons exercising like Authority, according to the Laws of Her Majesty's Dominions in which the Offence shall be committed or the Offender may at any Time happen to be, and for default of Payment the Offender shall be punished as if the Offence had been committed in the United Kingdom; and all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed exceeding Twenty Pounds shall be recovered by Action in some of the Courts of Record at Westminster or in Dublin, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, and in no other Court in the United Kingdom, and may be recovered in the British Isles, or in any other Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, in any of the Royal or Superior Courts of such Isles or other Parts of Her Majesty's

11 & 12 Vict. c. 48.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 93.

Mode of recording a Marine's Settlement. Dominions.

LXXXIX. Any Justice in the United Kingdom, within whose Jurisdiction any Marine shall be quartered on shore, may summon such Marine before him, which Summons such Marine is hereby required to obey, and take his Examination in Writing upon Oath touching

Lunacy Regulation Act, 1853, Amendment. Marine Mutiny.

touching the Place of his last legal Settlement in England; and such Justice shall give an attested Copy of such Examination to the Person so examined, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer to be produced when required; which said Examination and such attested Copy shall be at any Time admitted in Evidence as to such legal Settlement before any Justice or at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, although such Marine be dead or absent from the Kingdom: Provided always, that in Case any Marine shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then, on such Examination or such attested Copy being produced, such Marine shall not be obliged to make any other or further Oath with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave with such Justice a Copy of such Examination or a Copy of such attested Copy of Examination, if required: Provided also, that when no such Examination shall have been required, the Statement made on Oath by the Recruit on his Attestation of his Place of Birth shall be taken to be his last Place of Settlement until legallydisproved.

XC. All Oaths and Declarations which are authorized or re- Administration quired by this Act may be administered (unless where otherwise of Oaths. provided) by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate acting as such; and that any Person giving false Evidence or taking a false Oath or Declaration in any Case wherein an Oath or Declaration is authorized or required to be taken by this Act, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, Perjury. and shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are or may be subject and liable to; and every Commissioned Officer convicted before a General Courtmartial of Perjury shall be cashiered, and every Marine or other Person amenable to the Provisions of this Act found guilty thereof by a General or other Court-martial shall be punished at the Discretion of such Court.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Lunacy Regulation Act, [26th April 1855.] 1853.

HEREAS by the Section numbered CXXIX. of an Act passed in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for the Regula-' tion of Proceedings under Commissions of Lunacy, and the Consolidation and Amendment of the Acts respecting Lunatics so found by Inquisition, and their Estates, it was enacted, that where a Lunatic is seised or possessed of or entitled to Land in Fee or ' in Tail, or to Leasehold Land for an absolute Interest, and it appears to the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as in the said Act mentioned, to be for his Benefit that a Lease or Under-lease should be made thereof for Terms of Years, for encouraging the Erection of Buildings thereon, or for repairing Buildings actually being thereon, or otherwise improving the same, or for Farming or other Purposer, the Committee of the Estate may, in the Name

Lunacy Regulation Act, 1853, Amendment.

and on behalf of the Lunatic, under Order of the Lord Chan-4 cellor, intrusted as aforesaid, make such Leases of the Land or any Part thereof, according to the Lunatic's Estate and Interest therein, and to the Nature of the Tenure thereof, for such Term or Terms of Years, and subject to such Rents and Covenants, as the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as aforesaid, shall order: And whereas it has been considered that the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as aforesaid, cannot by Force of the said Enactment empower the Committee of a Lunatic Tenant in Tail to grant Leases as extensively as was intended by the said Enactment, which will bind his Issue in Tail and the Remaindermen: And whereas it is expedient to explain and enlarge the Power of the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as aforesaid, in the Matter aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Lord Chancellor, in Matters of Lunsey, enabled to empower Committees of Estates to grant Leases binding on Issue or Remaindermen.

I. Where a Lunatic is seized of or entitled to Land in Tail, and it appears to the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as aforesaid, to be for his Benefit, the Committee of the Estate may in the Name and on behalf of the Lunatic, under Order of the Lord Chancellor, intrusted as aforesaid, make any such Leases of the Land or any Part thereof as in the said Section of the said Act are mentioned, and every such Lease shall be good and effectual in Law against the Lunatic and his Heirs, and all Persons claiming the Lands entailed by force of any Estate Tail which shall be vested in such Lunatic, and also against all Persons, including the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, whose Estates are to take effect after the Determination of or in remainder or reversion expectant upon such Estate Tail, according to such Estate as is comprised and specified in every such Lease, in like Manner as the same would have been good and effectual in Law if the Lunatic at the Time of the making of such Leases had been lawfully seised of the same Lands comprised in such Lease of a pure Estate in Fee Simple to his own Use, and had been of sound Mind, and not the Subject of a Commission of Lunacy, and had himself granted such Lease; and every Person to whom from Time to Time the Reversion expectant upon the Lease shall belong after the Death of the Lunatic shall and may have such and the like Remedies and Advantages. to all Intents and Purposes, against the Lessee, his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, as the Lunatic or his Committee would or might have had against him or them: And the Powers given by Sections numbered CXXX. and CXXXI. of the said recited Act shall and are to operate as extensively as the Power given by the said Section CXXIX. of the said Act as explained and enlarged by this Act.

Interpretation.

II. Where any of the Expressions in this Act are used in the said recited Act they shall receive the same Interpretation in this Act as by the said recited Act is imposed upon them.

:

Commons Inclosure.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to authorize the Inclosure of certain Lands in pursuance of a Report of the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales. [26th April 1855.]

WHEREAS the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have, in pursuance of "The Acts for the Inclosure. ' Exchange, and Improvement of Land," issued their Provisional-Orders for and concerning the proposed Inclosures mentioned in ' the Schedule to this Act, and have in their Tenth Annual General Report certified their Opinion that such Inclosures would be 'expedient; but the same cannot be proceeded with without the ' previous Authority of Parliament:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. That the said several proposed Inclosures mentioned in the Inclosures may

Schedule to this Act be proceeded with.

II. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament, and in legal with. Instruments, it shall be sufficient to use either the Expression Short Title. "The Annual Inclosure Act, 1855," or "The Acts for the Inclosure sure, Exchange, and Improvement of Land."

be proceeded

Just 8 2 1

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	County.	Date of Provisional Order.
Kirkland North Coats Bowerchalke Engollan Common Ulleskelf Thrandeston Milburn Fell Pasture Ilkley Cow Pasture Great Boughton Melmerby Dymock Westwick Pendine Barnes Ramsden Bellhouse West Lulworth and Winfrith Newburgh Bootle Penlline and Langan The Wash Common Horsepath and Shotover	Cumberland - Lincoln - Wilts Cornwall - York Suffolk - Westmorland York Chester - Cumberland - Gloucester - Cambridge - Carmarthen - Surrey Essex Dorset Cumberland - Glamorgan - Berks Oxford -	15th June 1854. 22d June 1854. 22d June 1854. 13th July 1854. 4th October 1854. 9th September 1854. 4th October 1854. 18th May 1854. 14th January 1853. 27th October 1854. 27th July 1854. 3d January 1855. 11th January 1855. 17th January 1855. 17th January 1855. 4th January 1855. 4th January 1855. 26th January 1855.

1 & 2 Vict.

c. 110.

Purchasers Protection against Judgments.

CAP. XV.

An Act for the better Protection of Purchasers against Judgments, Crown Debts, Cases of Lis pendens, and Life [26th April 1855.] Annuities or Rentcharges.

TATHEREAS an Act of Parliament was passed in the Session of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty, intituled ' An Act for abolishing Arrest on Mesne Process in Civil Actions, except in certain Cases, for extending the Remedies of Creditors

against the Property of Debtors, and for amending the Laws for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England; and another Act in the Session of the Second and Third Years of Her Majesty, in-

2&3 Vict.c. 11. 4 tituled An Act for the better Protection of Purchasers against Judgments, Crown Debts, Lis pendens, and Fiats in Bankruptcy; and another Act in the Session of the Third and Fourth Years

3&4 Vict. c. 82. of Her Majesty, intituled An Act for further amending the Act ' for abolishing Arrest on Mesne Process in Civil Actions: And whereas the Provisions of the said Acts respecting Judgments, Decrees, Orders, and Rules, and Lis pendens, ought to include and be applicable to the Counties Palatine of Lancaster and Durham, and the Common Law and Equity Courts thereof re-

' spectively: And whereas an Act was passed in the Session of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, intituled ' An Act to amend the Practice and Proceedings of the Court of

' Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, by force whereof the said Provisions do to some Extent include and are applicable to the County Palatine of Lancaster, as far as regards ' the Court of Chancery thereof:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Con-

sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

tained, who shall forthwith enter the same in manner by the same Act as amended by this Act directed in regard to Judgments thereby authorized to be registered, and shall be entitled for every

I. Any Judgment of the Court of Common Pleas of the County Palatine of Luncaster, or of the Court of Pleas of the County Palatine of Durham, obtained before the coming into operation of the said Act of the Session of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty, and not already registered in the said Courts respectively under the Provisions of the same Act, and which shall not be registered in the said Courts respectively under the same Provisions as amended by this Act, on or before the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, shall not after that Day affect any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in the said Counties Palatine respectively as to Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until such Memorandum or Minute of such Judgment as is in the said Act prescribed shall be left with the Prothonotary of the Court in which the Judgment has been ob-

ments of Common Law Palatinate Courts not to affect Lands, &c. unless registered within limited Time.

Certain Judg-

13 & 14 Vict.

c. 43. s. 24.

Fee for Entry of Judgments.

such Entry to the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence; and the Provision

Provision for Re-registration, totics quoties, herein-after mentioned, as explained by this Act, is hereby extended and applied, mutatis mutandis, to Judgments registered under this present Provision.

II. And be it declared and enacted as follows: The Provisions Certain Procontained in the Sections of the said Act of the First and Second visions of Years of Her Majesty numbered respectively XVIII., XIX., and 1 & 2 Vict. XX., giving to certain Rules of Courts of Common Law, and De- c. 110. extendcrees and Orders of Courts of Equity, the Effect of Judgments in Law Palatinate the Superior Courts of Common Law, and constituting the Persons Courts, and to therein mentioned Judgment Creditors, and giving to Courts of Equity Court of Equity the Powers by the same Act given to the Judges of the said Durham. Superior Courts, and giving to the Persons so constituted Judgment Creditors as aforesaid such Remedies as are therein mentioned, and authorizing the Registration of such Decrees, Orders, and Rules as aforesaid, and providing for the Writs to be sued out of Courts of Equity, shall extend and are applicable, mutatis mutandis, to the said Counties Palatine and the Courts of Common Law thereof respectively, and to the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Durham, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, to the end that the same Law in the respects aforesaid may apply to the Courts of the said Counties Palatine, and the Decrees, Orders, Judgments, and Rules thereof, so far as relates to Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments within the Jurisdiction of such Courts respectively, as under the previous Statutes amended by this Act, will regulate the Operation of Judgments in the Superior Courts of Common Law: But no Judgment, Decree, Order, or Rule of any Court shall bind Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in the said Counties Palatine respectively, as against Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until such Memorandum or Minute thereof as herein-before is mentioned shall be left with the Prothonotary of the Palatine Court in which are situated the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments intended to be charged thereby.

III. The Provisions contained in the Sections of the said Act 2&8 Vict. c. 11. of the Second and Third of Her Majesty numbered respectively \$8.3,4,5,&7, and III., IV., V., and VII., and in the Section of the said Act of the 3&4 Vict. c. 82. Third and Fourth of Her Majesty numbered II., respecting the toCommon Law Particlars to be inserted in the Register by the Master, and re- and Equity specting the Re-registration of Judgments, Decrees, or Orders, and Courts of Coun-Rules, and respecting the Registration and Re-registration of Lis ties Palating. . pendens, and respecting the Protection of Purchasers, Mortgagees, and Creditors, as explained or amended by this Act, shall extend and are applicable, mutatis mutandis, to the Counties Palatine and the Courts of Common Law and Courts of Chancery thereof respectively, within the Limts of their respective Jurisdictions.

IV. 'And whereas the Protection afforded to Purchasers, Mort- No Judgment, ' gagees, and Creditors, by the said Act of the Third and Fourth &c. registered of Her Majesty, against Judgments, Decrees, Orders, or Rules under 3 & 4 Victorot duly registered, any Notice thereof notwithstanding, is confined to Judgments, Decrees, Orders, or Rules binding by virtue to Purchasers, of the said Act of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty: &c. until regis-' And whereas the Docket or Register previously in use has been tered.

18 & 19 VICT.

e closed, and the said Provision ought not to be so restricted: Be it therefore enacted, That no Judgment, Decree, Order, or Rule which might be registered under the said Act of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty shall affect any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, at Law or in Equity, as to Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until such a Memorandum or Minute as in the said Act in that Behalf mentioned shall have been left with the proper Officer of the proper Court, any Notice of any such Judgment, Decree, Order, or Rule to any such Purchaser, Mortgagee, or Creditor in anywise notwithstanding.

Purchasers protected against Judgments not re-registered. V. 'And whereas it is expedient that certain Doubts which 'have arisen upon some of the Provisions for the Protection of 'Purchasers against Judgments in the said Acts contained should 'be removed:' Be it therefore declared and enacted as follows: The Provision contained in the Section numbered II. of the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Her Majesty extends and shall be deemed to extend as well to the Act therein referred to as to the Section numbered IV. of the said Act of the Second and Third of Her Majesty, as explained by this Act, so that Notice of any Judgment, Decree, Order, or Rule, not duly re-registered, shall not avail against Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, as to Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments.

Provision for Re-registration explained.

VI. Where by the said Act of the Second and Third Years of Her Majesty Re-registry of Judgments, Decrees, Orders, or Rules is required within such Period of Five Years as is therein mentioned, in order to bind Purchasers, Mortgagees, and Creditors, it shall be deemed sufficient to bind such Purchasers, Mortgagees, and Creditors if such a Memorandum or Minute as was required in the first instance is again left with the Senior Master of the Common Pleas within Five Years before the Execution of the Conveyance, Settlement, Mortgage, Lease, or other Deed or Instrument vesting or transferring the legal or equitable Right, Title, Estate, or Interest, in or to any such Purchaser or Mortgagee for valuable Consideration, or as to Creditors within Five Years before the Right of such Creditors accrued, as directed by the said last-mentioned Act, although more than Five Years shall have expired by Effluxion of Time since the last previous Registration before such last-mentioned Memorandum or Minute was left, and so toties quoties upon every Re-registry.

Judgments of Inferior Courts, when removed, shall be registered.

VII. Where by the Section numbered XXII. of the said Act of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty Power is given to remove Judgments, Rules, or Orders obtained in or made by certain Inferior Courts into the said Superior Courts, or into the Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster, as the Case may be, no such Judgment, Rule, or Order which has already been or hereafter shall be so removed shall bind any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments as to Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until after such Removal it shall be registered, and, if necessary, reregistered, in like Manner as in order to bind such Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors it must have been if originally entered up in One of the said Superior Courts, or in the said Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster, as the Case may be; but from and after

the passing of this Act every such Judgment, Rule, or Order so registered, and where necessary re-registered, shall be binding in like Manner, but not further or otherwise, as other Judgmenta, Rules, or Orders of the said Superior Courts or of the said Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster respectively, and the Proviso at the End of the said Section XXII. restricting the Operation of the same is hereby repealed.

VIII. Nothing herein contained shall extend to revive or re- Extinguished store any Judgment which shall be extinguished or barred, or to Judgments not affect or prejudice any such Judgment, or any Decree, Order, or revived. Rule, as between the Parties thereto, or their Representatives, or

those deriving as Volunteers under them.

IX. For the Purposes of any Registration or Re-registration to Duties of Probe made in pursuance of this Act in either of the said Counties thonotary. Palatine, all such Acts and Things as under the Provisions of the said several Acts of the Reign of Her Majesty ought to be done by or left with the Senior Master of the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster shall be done by or left with the Prothonotary or Deputy Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the County Palatine of Lancaster, or of the Court of Pleas of the County Palatine of Durham, as the Case may require, or such other Officer (if any) of the same Courts respectively as may for the Time being have been appointed by the same Courts respectively, for the Purpose of entering the Judgments thereof respectively, under the Provisions of the said Act of the First and Second Years of Her Majesty; and the said Prothonotary, Deputy Prothonotary, or Fees for Regisother Officer as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the Sum of Two Shil- tration and lings and Sixpence, and no more, for the Duties to be performed Searches. on every Registration, and the Sum of One Shilling only for Reregistration; and all Persons shall be at liberty to search all or any of the Books kept in pursuance of any of the foregoing Provisions of this Act in each Court, for the Sum of One Shilling.

X. 'And whereas by the Section numbered CXXIII. of the No Order of Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849, when any Person admits Court of Bank-' (in manner therein mentioned) that he is indebted to a Bankrupt, ' it is enacted that every Order of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Payment by such Person of the Amount so admitted, and ' Costs (if any), shall have the Effect of a Judgment in the said ' Superior Courts, and may be enforced accordingly, and by the ' Section numbered CCXLIX. of the same Act it is enacted that ' the said Court may in all Matters before it award Costs, and that ' the like Remedies may be had upon an Order of the said Court ' for Costs as upon a Rule of any of the said Superior Courts for Costs, but the said Act does not direct the Registration of any

such Order as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted as follows: No such Order of the Court of Bankruptcy for Payment of Money or. of Costs as aforesaid shall affect any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments as to Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until it shall be registered, and if necessary re-registered, in like

Manner as in order to bind such Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, it must have been if it had originally been a Judgment or Rule obtained or entered up in One of the said Superior Courts or

C: 15.

ruptcy to affect Lands, &c. until registered.

in the said Pulatine Courts respectively, any Notice of any such Order to any such Purchaser, Mortgagee, or Creditor in anywise notwithstanding.

Legal Estate vested in Purchaser or Mortgagee not to be taken in execution.

XI. 'And whereas great Delay and Expense are occasioned upon Purchases and Mortgages of Lands in consequence of Judgments against Mortgagees and Crown Debts and Liabilities to the Crown of Mortgagees continuing to bind Lands, although the ' Mortgagees have been bona fide paid off, and the Lands have been ' actually conveyed to Purchasers, or to other Mortgagees:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted as follows: Where any legal or equitable Estate or Interest or any disposing Power in or over any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments shall, under any Conveyance or other Instrument executed after the passing of this Act, become vested in any Person as a Purchaser or Mortgagee for valuable Consideration, such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments shall not be taken in execution under any Writ of Elegit, or other Writ of Execution, to be sued upon any Judgment, or any Decree, Order, or Rule, against any Mortgagee or Mortgagees thereof, who shall have been paid off prior to or at the Time of the Execution of such Conveyance, nor shall any such Judgment, Decree, Order, or Rule, or the Money thereby secured, be a Charge upon such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments so vested in Purchasers or Mortgagees, nor shall such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments so vested in Purchasers or Mortgagees be extended or taken in execution, or rendered liable under any Writ of Extent or Writ of Execution or other Process issued by or on behalf of Her Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, in respect of any Judgment, Statute, or Recognizance obtained against or entered into by, or Inquisition found against, or Obligation or Specialty made by, or Acceptance of Office by any Mortgagee or Mortgagees, whereby he or they hath or have become or shall become a Debtor or Accountant, or Debtors or Accountants to the Crown, where such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall have been paid off prior to or at the Time of the Execution of such Conveyance as aforesaid.

Life Annuities and Rentcharges not to affect Lands as to Purchasers, &c. until Memorandum left with Senior Master.

XII. 'And whereas by reason of the Repeal in the last Session of Parliament of the Act of the Fifty-third Year of King George ' the Third, Chapter One hundred and forty-one, requiring the ' Enrolment of Life Annuities or Rentcharges, Purchasers are no ' longer enabled to ascertain by Search what Life Annuities or 'Rentcharges may have been granted by their Vendors or others:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid as follows: Any Annuity or Rentcharge granted after the passing of this Act, otherwise than by Marriage Settlement, for One or more Life or Lives, or for any Term of Years or greater Estate determinable on One or more Life or Lives, shall not affect any Lands, Tenements, · or Hereditaments as to Purchasers, Mortgagees, or Creditors, unless and until a Memorandum or Minute containing the Name, and the usual or last known Place of Abode, and the Title, Trade, or Profession of the Person whose Estate is intended to be affected thereby, and the Date of the Deed, Bond, Instrument, or Assurance whereby the Annuity or Rentcharge is granted, and the annual Sum or Sums to be paid, shall be left with the Senior Master of the

Dean Forest, &c.

the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, who shall forthwith enter the Particulars aforesaid in a Book in alphabetical Order by the Name of the Person whose Estate is intended to be affected by the Annuity or Rentcharge, together with the Year and the Day of the Month when every such Memorandum or Minute is so left with him, and he shall be entitled for every such Entry to the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence, and all Persons shall be at liberty to search the same Book, together with the other Books or Registers in the Office, on Payment of the Sum of One Shilling.

XIII. The Searches of the several Registers, by the said recited Searches may Acts or by this Act authorized to be made for the Sum of One be made by Shilling, may be made by the Parties themselves, under proper Parties them-Regulations in the Office, and the Sum of One Shilling only shall selves. be payable on One Search, although more Names than One shall be searched for where such Names relate to the same Purchase, Mortgage, or other Transaction.

XIV. The Provisions of this Act shall not extend to require the Annuities, &c. Registry of Annuities or Rentcharges given by Will.

excepted from

CAP. XVI.

An Act to authorize the letting Parts of the Royal Forests of Dean and Woolmer, and certain other Parts of the Hereditary Possessions of the Crown. [26th April 1855.]

* WHEREAS the Powers of leasing given by an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, Chapter Fifty, are by such Act declared not to extend to the leasing of any Part of the Royal Forests, Parks, or Chases in England, and by an Act of Parliament passed in ' the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her present Majesty, ' Chapter Seventy-six, the Powers of leasing given by the said Act of the Tenth George the Fourth, Chapter Fifty, were extended to ' certain Parts of the New Forest, and it is expedient that such ' Powers of leasing should be extended to Parts of the Royal Forests of Dean and Woolmer, and certain other Parts of the ' Hereditary Possessions of the Crown:' Be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The Powers of leasing given by the said Act of the Tenth Powers of leas-George the Fourth, Chapter Fifty, shall henceforth extend to ing given by enable the Commissioners for the Time being of Her Majesty's the 10 G. 4. Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, on behalf of Her Majesty, to to certain Parts lease all or any Parts of the Royal Forest of Dean in the County of the Royal of Gloucester, and of the Royal Forest of Woolmer in the County of Forests of Dean Southampton, the Soil and Freehold of which now are or here- and Woolmer. after may be permanently vested in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, discharged of all Common and other Rights of the Subject in and over the same: Provided always, that such Power shall not extend to any Portion of the Land of the said Forests

Dean Forest, &c.

Convention with Sardinia.

for the Time being inclosed under the Authority of any Acts or Act for the Growth of Timber or other Trees.

Power of leasing extended to certain other Parts of the Hereditary Possessions of the Crown.

II. The Powers of leasing herein-before given shall extend to all Hereditaments which were or are Part of the several Royal Forests, or late Royal Forests, mentioned in the Acts set forth in the Schedule to this Act, and which now are or hereafter may be permanently vested in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, discharged of all Common or other Rights of the Subject in and over the same, and which Hereditaments may not for the Time being be appropriated by or on behalf of the Crown for the Growth of Timber, or, if so appropriated, the said Powers shall also extend to any Rights of Sporting or other Rights which may in the Judgment of the said Commissioners be properly exercised over the same Hereditaments.

By whom Powers hereby given may be exercised. III. The Powers hereby given may be exercised by the Commissioner or Commissioners or other Officer or Officers for the Time being of Her Majesty to or in whom the Management of the said Forests of *Dean* and *Woolmer* and other the Hereditaments hereby authorized to be leased is now or may hereafter be assigned or vested.

The SCHEDULE.

50 G. 3. c. 218.

An Act for disafforesting the Forest of South otherwise East Bere otherwise Bier in the County of Southampton, and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest.

52 G. 3. c. 72.

An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy Timber in the Forest of Alice Holt in the County of Southampton.

52 G. 3. c. 136.

An Act for inclosing the Forest of Delamere in the County of

52 G. 3. c. 171.

Chester.

An Act for disafforesting the Forest of Parkhurst in the County of Southampton, and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest.

5 G. 4. c. 99.

An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing that Portion of the Forest of Whittlewood called Hayleborough Walk in the Parish of Whitfield and Liberties or Precincts of Silston otherwise Silverston Burnham aforesaid.

6 G. 4. c. 132.

An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Forest of Salcey in the Counties of Northampton and Buckingham, and of certain Lands in the Parish of Hartwell in the said County of Northampton.

CAP XVII.

An Act to carry into effect a Convention between Her Majesty and the King of Sardinia. [26th April 1855.]

- HEREAS a Military Convention having been concluded on the Twenty-sixth Day of January One thousand eight
- hundred and fifty-five, between Her Majesty and the Emperor of the French and the King of Sardinia, whereby the King of
- Sardinia agreed to furnish and keep up by the necessary Reinforcements

Convention with Sardinia.

forcements an Army of Fifteen thousand Men for the present War, a Convention supplementary to the said Military Conven-' tion was on the said Twenty-sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five concluded between Her Majesty

and the King of Sardinia, whereby it was agreed as follows: ' ARTICLE I .- Her Majesty the Queen of the United King-

' dom of GreatBritain and Ireland undertakes to recommend ' to Her Parliament to enable Her to advance by way of Loan to His Majesty the King of Sardinia the Sum of One * million Pounds Sterling, of which Sum Five hundred thou-' sand Pounds Sterling shall be paid by Her Majesty as soon as possible after the Assent of Her Parliament shall have been given, and the remaining Five hundred thousand ' Pounds at the Expiration of Six Months after Payment of the First Sum; and Her Britannic Majesty engages further ' to recommend to Her Parliament to enable Her, if the War 4 should not have been brought to a Close at the Expiration ' of Twelve Months after Payment of the First Instalment of the above-mentioned Loan, to advance to His Majesty the 'King of Sardinia in the same Proportions a like Sum of One

" million Pounds Sterling. ' ARTICLE II.—The Interest to be paid upon the said Loan or Loans by the Sardinian Government shall be at the Rate ' of Four per Cent. per Annum, of which One per Cent. per

' Annum shall be for a Sinking Fund:

'The said Interest shall be calculated from the Days on which the Payments on account of the Loan or Loans shall be made, and shall be payable half-yearly, the First Pay-' ment to be made within Fifteen Days after the Expiration of Six Months from the Payment of the First Instalment of ' the Loan, and so on successively.

'ARTICLE III.—Her Majesty the Queen of the United 'Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland will undertake gra-

' tuitously the Transport of the Sardinian Troops.

'And whereas the said Supplementary Convention has been ' ratified between Her Majesty and the King of Sardinia: And 'whereas, in pursuance of Her Majesty's gracious Recommendation in this Behalf, it is expedient that Her Majesty should be enabled to carry into effect the said Supplementary Convention ' with the King of Sardinia:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, s follows:

I It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Power to Tree-Treasury, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct and cause to sury to direct be issued to Her Majesty's Paymaster-General from Time to Time Sums required out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great or Loans to Britain and Ireland, or out of the growing Produce thereof, such Sardinia to be Sums of Money as shall be required for the Advance to His Ma- issued out of the jesty the King of Sardinia of the said Loan of One million Pounds Consolidated Sterling, and (if the War shall not have been brought to a Close Fund.

Convention with Sardinia.

Loan.

as in the said Supplementary Convention mentioned) of the said further Loan of One million Pounds Sterling, by the several Instalments and at the Times provided by the said Supplementary Convention, conformably to Her Majesty's Engagements in this Behalf.

Sums repaid as Interest, &c. to go to Consolidated Fund.

Annual Account to be laid before Parliament.

II. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall cause such Sums as shall be from Time to Time paid by the Sardinian Government as Interest and Sinking Fund in respect of the said Loan or Loans to be carried to and form Part of the said Consolidated Fund.

III. The said Commissioners of the Treasury shall cause to be prepared, and shall lay before both Houses of Parliament within Twenty Days after the First Meeting of Parliament after the First Day of January in every Year, an Account, up to the Thirty-first Day of December then next preceding, of the total Sums which shall from Time to Time have been issued by virtue of this Act in respect of the said Loan or Loans, and also of the Sums from Time to Time received from the Sardinian Government for Interest and Sinking Fund in respect thereof, and such Account shall specify how much of such Loan or Loans has been discharged, and how much remains to be discharged.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Sixteen Millions by way of Annuities. [5th May 1855.]

' Most Gracious Sovereign,

XXE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. in Parliament assembled, being desirous to raise the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully granted to Your Majesty in ' this Session of Parliament, have resolved, that the Sum of Six-' teen Millions be raised by Annuities in manner herein-after ' mentioned;' and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Every Contributor towards raising the said Sum of Sixteen Millions shall for every One hundred Pounds contributed and paid be entitled to the Principal Sum of One hundred Pounds in Consolidated Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty five, and shall also be entitled to a further Annuity of Fourteen Shillings and Sixpence for a Term of Thirty Years, to commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand

eight hundred and fifty-five.

Contributors Deposits to pay the Remainder of Subscriptions by Instalments.

Contributors

in the Three

Annuity of

per Cent. Con-

sols., and to an

14s, 6d, for 30 Years.

entitled to 100l.

II. 'And whereas, pursuant to and upon the Terms and Conwho have made ' ditions expressed in the said Resolution, several Persons have, in Books opened at the Bank of England for that Purpose, subscribed together the whole of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions to be raised by Annuities, and made Deposits of Ten Pounds per ' Centum on the respective Sums by them so subscribed to the

' said Sum of Sixteen Millions to be raised by Annuities with the 'Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England:

It shall and may be lawful to and for such Contributors who have made such Deposits with the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England (which Cashier or Cashiers is and are hereby appointed the Receiver and Receivers of such Contributions, without any other Warrant to be had in that Behalf,) to advance and pay unto the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England the several Remainders of the Sums by them respectively subscribed towards the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, at or before the respective Days and Times and in the Proportions herein-after limited and appointed in that Behalf; (that is to say,) the further Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Centum on or before the Twenty-second Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Nineteenth Day of June then next following; the further Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Centum on or before the Seventeenth Day of July then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Twentyfirst Day of August then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Eighteenth Day of September then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Sixteenth Day of October then next following: the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Twentieth Day of November then next following; and the remaining Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Eighteenth Day of December then next following.

III. It shall and may be lawful for any Guardian or Trustee Power to Guarhaving the Disposition of the Money of any Infant to contribute dians, &c. to and pay for or towards advancing the said Sum of Sixteen Millions subscribe for to be raised by Annuities in manner aforesaid, and such Infant, upon the Payment of such Sum or Sums subscribed by such Guardian or Trustee, shall become a Contributor within the Meaning of this Act, and be entitled to have and receive the Annuities, Advantages, and Payments in respect thereof, in such and the like Manner as any other Contributor; and the said Guardian and Trustee as to the said Sum or Sums so advanced is hereby discharged, so as the Name of such Infant be expressed in the Receipt or Receipts

for such Money.

IV. The several Subscribers or Contributors, their Executors, Contributors Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, in respect of the said entitled to cer-Sum of Sixteen Millions, shall be entitled, for every One hundred Pounds by him, her, or them respectively advanced and paid, to an Annuity after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, until Redemption by Parliament in manner hereinafter mentioned, and also to an Annuity of Fourteen Shillings and Sixpence for the Term of Thirty Years from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and no longer, which said respective Annuities shall be payable and paid half-yearly by even and equal Portions; that is to say, the said Annuity after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum on the Fifth Day of July

tain Annuities payable half-

and the Fifth Day of January in every Year, and the said Annuity of Fourteen Shillings and Sixpence on the Fifth Day of April and Tenth Day of October in every Year, the first Payment of each of the said Annuities to be due on the Days herein-after appointed or that Purpose.

Time at which Stock may be transferred.

V. As soon as any Contributors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, shall, after Payment of the Deposit of Ten per Centum, have made Payment of any subsequent Instalment payable by them respectively on the Day specified in this Act towards the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, such Contributors may have a proportional Amount of Stock in Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, and of the said Terminable Annuity in respect of such Instalment, forthwith placed in the Books of the Bank of England to the Credit of such respective Contributors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns; and on Payment of the last Instalment, such Contributors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, shall have a proportional Amount of like Stock and of the said Terminable Annuity placed to their respective Credits, corresponding, at the Rate aforesaid, to the aggregate Amount of the Deposit and of such last Instalment; and the Persons to whose Credit such Consolidated Annuities and Terminable Annuity, or such proportional Parts thereof, shall be so placed, their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, shall and may have Power to assign and transfer the same, or any Part, Share, or Proportion thereof, to any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, whatsoever, in the Books of the Bank of England; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to prepare proper Books for the Purpose of entering the Names of all such Contributors, and of placing to their Credit the Principal Sums so paid by them respectively; and such Stock shall carry the Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be payable under this Act, until Redemption thereof in such Manner as is herein-after mentioned, and, together with the said Terminable Annuities created under this Act. shall be transferable as this Act directs, and not otherwise.

Contributors may anticipate Payments.

VI. All and every such Contributor or Contributors, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, who shall pay into the Hands of the said Cashier or Cashiers the whole of his, her, or their Contribution Money, or any Part thereof, in anticipation of the said Instalments or any of them, shall be entitled to have forthwith inscribed into his, her, or their Names the whole or such proportional Amount of the said Three Pounds per-Centum Annuities, and of the said Terminable Annuity; but Discount shall not be allowed on any such Payment in anticipation of any of the said Instalments.

Commencement of Dividends.

VII. The First Half Year's Payment of the said Annuity after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum shall be due on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five on all Sums of Three Pounds per Centum Annuities written into the Books of the Bank of England, under the Authority of this Act, not later than

than the preceding Twenty-fifth Day of June, and the First Half Year's Payment of the said Terminable Annuity shall be due on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fiftyfive in respect of every such Terminable Annuity written into the Books of the Bank of England not later than the Twenty-fifth Day of September preceding; and in respect of all Sums of Three Pounds per Centum Annuities written into the said Books as aforesaid after the said Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five One Year's Annuity shall be due on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and in respect of every such Terminable Annuity so written in after the Twentyfifth Day of September One Year's Annuity shall be due on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

VIII. All the Annuities aforesaid shall be payable and paid and Annuities paybe transferable at the Bank of England; and the Three per Centum able and trans-Annuities aforesaid shall be subject to such Redemption as is herein-

after mentioned.

IX. So much Money shall from Time to Time be set apart and Annuities in issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank Consolidated of England, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and pay the respective Fund; Annuities to be created in respect of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, together with the Charges attending the same.

X. All the said Annuities, Interest, and Dividends which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions shall be charged and chargeable upon, and are hereby charged upon and made payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United

Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XI. For the more easy and sure Payment of all the Annuities The Bank to established by this Act, the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall from Time to Time, until all the said Annuities shall be redeemed, or shall cease, appoint and employ One or more sufficient Person or Persons within their Office in the City of London to be their Chief or First Cashier or Cashiers, and One other sufficient Person within the same Office to be their Accountant General; and so much of the Monies by this Act appropriated for the Purpose as shall be sufficient from Time to Time to answer the said Annuities and other Payments herein directed to be made out of the said Monies, in respect of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, shall, by Order of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, without any further Warrant to be seed for, had, or obtained in that Behalf, from Time to Time. at the respective Days of Payment in this Act appointed for Payment thereof, be issued and paid at the Receipt of the Exchequer to the said First or Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors for the Time being, by way of Imprest and upon Account for the Payment of the Annuities in respect of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions payable by virtue of this Act; and such Cashier or Cashiers, to whom the said Money shall from Time to Time be isted, shall from Time to Time, without Delay, pay the same accordingly,

ferable at the Bank.

respect of 16,000,000% to be paid out of

and shall be charged upon the said Fund.

appoint a Ce-shier and an Accountant General, and the Treasury to order Money to be issued to the Cashier for Payment of Annuities.

accordingly, and render his or their Accounts thereof according to the due Course of the Exchequer; and the said Accountant General for the Time being shall, from Time to Time, inspect and examine all Receipts and Payments of the said Cashier or Cashiers, and the Vouchers relating thereto, in order to prevent any Fraud, Negligence, or Delay.

Cashier to give Receipt for Subscriptions, which may be assigned before 18th December 1855.

Cashier to give Security for paying the Money he re-Exchequer.

ceives into the

A Book to be kept in Accountant General's Office for entering Contributors Names. and a Duplicate to be sent to Exchequer.

Subscriptions paid in Part and not completed, forfeited.

XII. The Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England who shall have received or shall receive any Part of the said Contributions towards the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, shall give a Receipt or Receipts in Writing to every such Contributor for all such Sums; and the Receipts so to be given shall be assignable at any Time before the Eighteenth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and no longer: Provided always, that such Cashier or Cashiers shall give Security to the good liking of any Two or more of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, for duly answering and paying into the Receipt of the Exchequer as after mentioned, for the Public Use, all the Monies which he or they has or have already received, and shall hereafter receive from Time to Time, of and for the whole of the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, and for accounting duly for the same, and for Performance of the Trust hereby in him or them reposed, and shall from Time to Time pay all such Monies as soon as he or they shall receive the same, or any Part thereof, or within Five Days afterwards at the farthest, into, and shall account for the same in the Exchequer, according to the due Course thereof, deducting thereout such Sums as shall have been paid by him or them in pursuance of this Act, for which Sums so paid Allowance shall be made in his or their Accounts.

XIII. In the Office of the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the Time being a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which the Names of the Contributors shall be fairly entered; which Book or Books the said respective Contributors, their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, shall and may from Time to Time, and at all seasonable Times, resort to and inspect without any Fee or Charge; and the said Accountant General shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fiftysix, transmit an attested Duplicate, fairly written on Paper, of the said Book or Books into the Office of the Receipt of the Exchequer. there to remain for ever.

XIV. In case any such Contributors who have already deposited with or shall hereafter pay to the said Cashier or Cashiers any Sum or Sums of Money at the Time and in the Manner hereinbefore mentioned, in Part of the Sum or Sums so by them respectively subscribed, or their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, shall not advance and pay to the said Cashier or Cashiers the Residue of the Sum or Sums so subscribed at the Times and in the Manner before mentioned, then and in every such Case the aforesaid Deposit of Ten Pounds per Centum shall be forfeited for the Benefit of the Public, and all Right and Title to the said Ten Pounds per Centum Deposit, and to the Annuities in respect thereof, shall be extinguished; anything in this

this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwith**sta**nding.

XV. All Persons and Corporations who shall be entitled to any Annuities to be of the Annuities hereby granted in respect of the said Sum of deemed Per-Sixteen Millions, and all Persons and Corporations lawfully claim- sonal Estate. ing under them, shall be possessed thereof as of a Personal Estate, which shall not be descendible to Heirs, nor liable to any Foreign Attachment by the Custom of London, or otherwise; any Law, Statute, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Power to Trea-Treasury to issue and apply from Time to Time all such Sums of sury to apply Money as have been or shall be so paid into the Receipt of Her the Money paid Majesty's Exchequer by the said Cashier or Cashiers, in respect into the Exof the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, to such Services as are now charged on the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or shall be charged thereon by any Act that may be passed hereafter.

XVII. Books shall be constantly kept by the said Accountant Accountant General for the Time being, wherein all Assignments or Transfers General to keep of all Sums of Stock in the Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Books for en-Annuities created under this Act, and of the said Terminable tering Trans-Annuities, shall be entered and registered, which Entry shall be conceived in proper Words for that Purpose, and shall be signed by the Parties making such Assignments or Transfers, or if such Parties be absent, by their respective Attorney or Attornies thereunto lawfully authorized in Writing under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; and the several Persons to whom such Transfers shall be made may respectively underwrite their Acceptance thereof. and no other Method of assigning and transferring the said Stock or Annuities, or any Part thereof, or any Interest therein, shall be good or available in Law; and no Stamp Duties whatsoever shall Transfers not be charged on any of the said Transfers, any Law or Statute to liable to Stamp the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. Out of the Monies arising from the Contributions Treasury to detowards raising the said Sum of Sixteen Millions by Annuities, fray Incidents. the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall have Power to discharge all such incident Charges as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as to them shall seem just and reasonable.

Duties.

XIX. It shall be lawful to and for the Governor and Company Allowance for of the Bank of England to retain out of the said Contributions at the Expense of the Rate of Three hundred Pounds for every Million thercof as an Management. Allowance for the Service, Pains, and Labour of the said Cashier or Cashiers employed in receiving, paying, and accounting for the same; and also for the Service, Pains, and Labour of the said Accountant General for performing the Trust reposed in him by this Act, which Allowance, in respect of the Service, Pains, and Labour of the said Cashier or Cashiers and Accountant General of the said Governor and Company, shall be for the Use of the said Gorerror and Company, and at their Disposal only. XX. All

Logn.

Three per Cent. Annuities created by this Act to be added to the Joint Stock of the Three per Cent. Consols.

XX. All the Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum to which any Person or Persons shall become entitled by virtue of this Act, in respect of any Sum advanced or contributed towards the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, shall be added to the Joint Stock of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, into which the several Sums carrying an Interest after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum were by several Acts made in the Twenty-fifth, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-second, and Thirty-third Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and by several subsequent Acts consolidated, and shall be deemed Part of the said Joint Stock of Annuities: subject nevertheless to Redemption by Parliament in such Manner and upon such Notice as in the said Act made in the Twenty-fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign is directed in respect of the several and respective Annuities redeemable by virtue of the said Act; and all and every Person and Persons and Corporation whatsoever, in proportion to the Money to which he, she, or they shall become entitled as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, shall have and be deemed to have a proportional Interest and Share in the said Joint Stock of Annuities at the Rates aforesaid.

Terminable
Annuities
created by this
Act may be
transferred to
and from England and Ireland.

5 G. 4. c. 53.

6 G. 4. c. 79.

Sinking Fund.

XXI. The Terminable Annuities granted under the, Provisions of this Act shall and may be transferred to and from the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and vice versa, for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums in the like Annuities written into the Books of the said respective Banks, in like Manner and under the same Regulations as any other Annuities for Terms of Years or Capital Stock are permitted to be so transferred under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to permit the mutual Transfer of Capital in certain Public Stocks or Funds transferable at the Banks of England and Ireland respectively, and an Act of the Sixth Year of the same Reign, intituled An Act to provide for the Assimilation of the Currency and Monies of Account throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XXII. For the Purpose of the Extinction of a Portion of the Funded Debt of Great Britain and Ireland equal to the Amount to be added to the said Joint Stock as aforesaid, there shall be issued and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or out of the growing Produce thereof, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in the financial Year commencing on the First Day of April which shall first happen Twelve Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia, and in every subsequent Year until such Portion of the said Funded Debt is extinguished by means of the Monies to be issued to the said Commissioners under this Enactment, the Sum of One million Pounds: Provided that in case, in the last Year in which such Sum would be payable, the Sum necessary for purchasing the remaining Portion of the said Portion of such Funded Debt be less than One million Pounds, then so much only of such Sum as may be necessary for that Purpose shall be issued and paid as aforesaid; and the Sums so

to be issued and paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt shall be applied by them from Time to Time in the Parchage of such Funded Debt, in the Manner directed by the Acts for the Reduction of the National Debt, until by means of such Sums a Sum of Sixteen million Pounds of such Funded Debt has been extinguished and cancelled, and all such Funded Debt burchased by the said Commissioners under the Authority of this Act shall from Time to Time be forthwith cancelled and extinguished, and all Dividends in respect thereof shall cease to be payable; and for the Purposes of the Acts for the Reduction of the National Debts, the Sums to be issued and paid to the said Commissioners as aforesaid shall be deemed Part of the Expenditure of the United Kingdom.

XXIII. If any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall willingly act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Receipt or Receipts for the whole or any Part or Parts of the said Contributions towards the said Sum of Sixteen Millions, either with or without the Name or Names of any Person or Persons being inserted therein, as the Contributor or Contributors thereto, or Payer or Payers thereof, or of any Part or Parts thereof, or shall alter any Number, Figure, or Word therein, or utter or publish as true any such false, forged, counterfeited, or altered Receipt or Receipts, with Intent to defraud the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Body Politic or Corporate, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, or willingly acting or assisting in the forging or counterfeiting, or altering, uttering, or publishing as aforesaid, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall, at the Discretion of the Court, be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life or for any Term not less than Fourteen Years, or to be kept in Penal Servitude for Life or for any Term not less than Four Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Four Years nor less than Two Years.

Persons counterfeiting Roceipts for Contributions, &c. cuilty of Felony.

XXIV. The said Governor and Company of the Bank of Bank to con-England, and their Successors, notwithstanding the Redemption tinue a Corpoof all or any of their own Funds, in pursuance of the Acts for ration till the establishing the same or any of them, shall continue a Corporation for the Purposes of this Act until the Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Annuities by this Act granted shall be shall cease. redeemed by Parliament as aforesaid, and the Terminable Annuities by this Act granted shall cease; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Member thereof, shall not incur any Disability for or by reason of their doing any Matter or Thing in pursuance of this Act.

XXV. No Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatsoever shall be No Fee to be demanded or taken of any of Her Majesty's Subjects for receiving taken for reor paying the said Subscription or Contribution Monies or any of ceiving Contrithem, or for any Receipt concerning the same, or for paying the butions or paying or transfermid Annuities or any of them, or for any Transfer of any Sum, ring Annuities

Annuities herebe redeemed or

Militia (Ireland).

on Penalty of 201,

great or small, to be made in pursuance of this Act, upon pain that any Officer or Person offending by taking or demanding any such Fee, Reward, or Gratuity shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party aggrieved, with full Costs of Suit, to be recovered in any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law at Westminster.

Persons sued may plead the General Issue.

XXVI. If any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted for anything done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence, in his, her, or their Defence or Defences; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his, her, or their Action or Prosecution, or be nonsuited, or Judgment'shall be given against him, her, or them, upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have full Costs awarded to him, her, or them, against any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to remove Doubts as to the Commissions of Officers of Militia in *Ireland* who have omitted to deliver unto the Clerk of the Peace Descriptions of their Qualifications, and to indemnify them against the Consequences of such Omission, and to amend the Law relating to the Militia in *Ireland*. [25th May 1855.]

49 G. 3. c. 120.

HEREAS by an Act of the Forty-ninth Year of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, it was enacted, that no Person should thereafter be appointed to any Commission in the Militia of Ireland who should require 'a Qualification in respect of Property by virtue of the said Act until he should have delivered unto the Clerk of the Peace of the ' County or City for which he should be appointed, or, in the ' Absence of such Clerk of the Peace, to his Deputy, a specific Description in Writing signed by himself of his Qualification, ' stating the Particulars of such Qualification; and that no Com-' mission to be granted by virtue of the said Act should be valid unless it was declared in such Commission that the Officer to ' whom such Commission was given had delivered in his Qualification as directed: And whereas Persons have in many Instances been appointed to and have acted under Commissions in the 'Militia in Ireland requiring Qualifications in respect of Pro-' perty, without having previously delivered the Particulars of ' their Qualifications, as required by the said Act: And whereas Doubts have been raised as to the Validity of such Commissions, ' and of the Acts done by the Persons thereby appointed:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows: I. Every Person who before the passing of this Act hath been

Officers of Militia acting under certain

appointed an Officer in the Militia of *Ireland* by any such Commission,

mission, and who was at the Time of the issuing of such Commis- Commissions sion seised or possessed of the necessary Qualification, or who has indemnified on sion sensed or possessed of the necessary qualification, and has since the issuing of such Commission delivibin Three vered or shall within Three Months after the passing of this Act Months. deliver to such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy of such County or City the specific Description of his Qualification which he possessed when such Commission was issued, or which he may now possess, shall be indemnified, freed, and discharged from and against all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or to be incurred for or by reason of previous Neglect or Omission to deliver in such Qualification at the Time required by Iaw, or for or by reason of his having executed any of the Powers by the said Act directed to be exercised by Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels, Majors, Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns without being qualified as required by the said recited Act, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification; and every such Person is and shall be deemed and adjudged to be and to have been duly qualified to hold such Commission according to the said Act of the Fortyninth of George the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, or any Act now in force relating to such Qualification; and all Acts done or to be done by any such Person, or by Authority derived from him, under such Commission, are and shall be of the same Force and Validity as the same or any of them would have been if such specific Description of such Qualification in respect of Property had been duly delivered as directed by the said Act, and all the Provisions relating thereto had been complied with.

II. Provided always, That it shall not be necessary for any Proviso for Offic. Officer now holding a Commission in any Regiment of Militia in cers below the Ireland under the Rank of Captain to deliver in such Qualification Rank of Captain to the Clerk of the Peace, although his Commission may have been commissioned issued when the Law required him to be qualified in respect of Qualification Property; and notwithstanding any such Neglect as aforesaid on was required. the Part of such Officer under the Rank of Captain to deliver in such Qualification at or previous to the Time of issuing such Commission, his Commission shall to all Intents and Purposes be and be deemed to have been as valid, and all Acts done thereunder of the same Force and Effect, and such Officer shall be freed from all Penalties and Forfeitures, as fully as if no such Neglect or

Omission had happened.

III. Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to indem- Not to indemnify any Person against whom final Judgment shall have been nify Persons given for any Penalty before the passing of this Act, or to exempt against whom any Person holding a Commission of Captain or any higher Rank final Judgment in the said Militia from the Penalties to which he shall or may be tained, &c. subject for acting as such Captain or Officer of higher Rank in the said Militia, without being possessed of the Property Qualifiration required by Law.

IV. Every Lieutenant of a County in Ireland or Colonel com- Lieutenants of manding a Battalion of Militia in Ireland, as the Case may be, who Counties and after the passing of this Act appoints any Person to be an Officer Colonels to send 18 & 19 VICT.

when Property

ficates of Appointments of Officers the Description of their Qualifications. of the Militia of any Rank whereunto a Qualification in respect of Property is now required, shall, before transmitting the Name of such Officer to the Lord Lieutenant for Approval, require from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy a Certificate that the necessary Description in Writing of Qualification has been lodged with him by such Officer, and when he transmits for Approval to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being the Name and Rank of the Officer so to be appointed shall state to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being that he has received from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy such Certificate.

In Actions under 49 G. 3. c. 120. s. 19. Security for Costs to be given. V. In case any Action, Suit, or other Proceeding shall be instituted to recover any Penalty imposed by the Nineteenth Section of the said recited Act, the Defendant in such Action, Suit, or other Proceeding shall be entitled, at any Time before pleading or filing his Defence, to require the Plaintiff to give Security for Costs, and to have the Proceedings stayed until such Security for Costs shall have been given.

Her Majesty or Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may direct Lieutenants of Counties to displace Officers of Militia.

VI. 'And whereas by the said Act of the Forty-ninth of George ' the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, from Time to Time, as He or they shall think fit, to signify His or their Pleasure to the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia to displace all of any Officers or Officer of Militia serving under him in such Regiment or Battalion: And whereas under the said Act the Colonels of Militia in Ireland were appointed by ' the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and the Power of Removal was vested in such Lord ' Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors: And whereas ' by an Act of the Session holden in the First and Second Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter Seventeen, the Power of appointing the Colonels of Militia was transferred from the Lord 'Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to the Lieu-' tenants of Counties, and the Power of appointing inferior Officers was transferred from the Colonels to such Lieutenants of Coun-' ties, subject to a Proviso, saving to Colonels of Militia acting ' under Commissions granted before the passing of the said Act of their Power to appoint Lieutenant Colonels and other Officers ' of their Regiments and Battalions; but no Provision was made ' as to the displacing of the Officers of the Militia corresponding ' with the Alteration in the Powers of appointing them:' It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, from Time to Time as they respectively may think fit, to signify Her, their, or his Pleasure to the Lieutenant of any County or Place to displace all or any of the Officers in the Militia of such County or Place, and thereupon such Officers shall be displaced, and others shall be appointed in their Stead.

Income Tax.

VII. The Thirty-second Section of the Militia (Ireland) Act, Recovery of 1854, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and all Offences Penaltics. for which any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture is by the said Act 17 & 18 Vict. imposed shall and may be heard and determined by any Justice c. 107. a. 32. of the Peace in or near to the Place where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Offender may at any Time happen to be; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures, and also the reasonable Costs attending the Prosecution, to be duly ascertained and awarded by such Justice, shall and may be enforced and recovered in the same Manner as any pecuniary Penalties may be recovered in Ireland under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her present Majesty, intituled "The Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851."

VIII. 'And whereas by the said Act of the Forty-ninth Year Adjutants of ' of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, it ' is provided that no such Appointment of an Adjutant of Militia ' to the Brevet Rank of Captain as therein mentioned shall be ' valid, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified Officers to be in what Regiment or Battalion, and whether of the Militia or of eligible to Bre-' Her Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what vet Rank of ' was or were the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: ' And whereas it is expedient that Adjutants who have served as 'Non-commissioned Officers in Her Majesty's Regular Forces ' should be eligible to the Brevet Rank of Captain, although they ' may not have held any Commissions:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Adjutant of any Regiment or Corps of Militia in Ireland who shall have served as a Non-commissioned Officer in Her Majesty's Regular Forces, and whose whole Service shall amount to Five Years, to be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County to which such Regiment or Corps belongs (or by the Colonel thereof appointed previously to the Twenty-third Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one), with the Approval of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to the Brevet Rank of Captain, notwithstanding that he may not have held any Commission other than his Commission as an Adjutant of Militia.

Militia Regiments who have served as Noncommissioned

CAP. XX.

An Act for granting to Her Majesty an increased Rate of Duty on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, [25th May 1855.] and Offices.

' Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and 'Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray the Expenses of the just and necessary War in which 'Your Majesty is engaged, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Rate and Duty herein-'after mentioned;' and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty

Income Tax.

Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Additional Rate of 2d, in the Pound on Income Tax to be charged from 5th April 1855.

I. From and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, there shall be charged, raised, levied, collected, and paid yearly unto and for the Use of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in addition to the Rates and Duties chargeable under the Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Chapter Twenty-four, for and in respect of all Property, Profits, and Gains chargeable under the several Acts in force relating to the Income Tax, either by Assessment or under any Contract of Composition or otherwise, the additional Rate and Duty of Twopence for every Twenty Shillings of the annual Value or Amount of all such Property, Profits, and Gains respectively.

All Relief, Deduction to be proportionate to the increased Rate of Duty granted by this Act.

II. Provided always, That where under the said several Acts Abatement, and in force any less Rate or Duty than One Shilling and Twopence for every Twenty Shillings of the annual Value or Amount of any Property, Profits, or Gains is now chargeable, or any Relief, or Abatement, or Deduction is directed to be given, made, or allowed after any Rate in such Act or Acts specified, then and in every such Case such Rate of Duty, Relief, Abatement, and Deduction to be charged, given, made, and allowed respectively under this Act and the several Acts aforesaid shall bear the same Proportion to One Shilling and Fourpence for every Twenty Shillings as the Rate of Duty, Relief, Abatement, and Reduction respectively, now chargeable or directed to be given, made, or allowed as aforesaid, in the like Cases respectively bears to One Shilling and Twopence for every Twenty Shillings: Provided nevertheless, that any Person entitled to Relief under the said Acts and this Act, on the Ground that his total Income, although amounting to One hundred Pounds or upwards, is less than One hundred and fifty Pounds a Year, shall be relieved from so much of the Duties assessed upon or paid by him under or by virtue of the said several Acts and this Act as shall exceed the Rate of Elevenpence Halfpenny for every Twenty Shillings of his Profits or Gains.

Duty to be assessed and raised under the Provisions of recited Acts.

III. The said Duty hereby granted shall be assessed, raised, levied, and collected under the Regulations and Provisions of the several Acts now in force relating to the Income Tax; and all Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Directions, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in or enacted by the said several Acts, and in force with respect to the Duties granted by the said first-mentioned Act, shall (so far as the same are or may be applicable consistently with the express Provisions of this Act) respectively be duly observed, applied, and put in execution for assessing, raising, levying, collecting, receiving, accounting for, and securing the said Duty hereby granted, and otherwise relating thereto, as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted, mutatis mutandis, in the Body of this Act, with reference to the said Rate and Duty hereby granted.

Income Tax.

Customs Duties.

IV. The Duties by this Act and the said Act of the last Session Continuance of Parliament respectively granted shall continue in force during of Duties. the present War and until the Sixth Day of April which shall first happen after the Expiration of One Year from the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace, and no longer: Provided always, that if the Period limited by this Act for the Continuance of the said Duties shall expire before the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixty, then, on and from and after the Expiration of the said Period, the several Rates and Duties granted by the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter Thirtyfour, shall revive, and be payable during so much of the respective Terms limited by the said last-mentioned Act as shall be then unexpired.

V. Provided always, That the said Rates and Duties shall not Continuance of cease at the Time herein-before appointed in that Behalf with Act for Rerespect to any Assessment which ought before then to have been covery of made, but which shall not have been made and completed, nor with respect to any Duty which shall have been assessed and shall then remain unpaid, nor with respect to any Penalty before then incurred, nor with respect to any Deduction of the said Duty or any Portion thereof authorized by Law to be made out of any Rent, Interest, or other annual Payment, nor with respect to any Penalty for refusing to allow any such Deduction, although such Refusal may be after the Time appointed as aforesaid, nor with respect to the Assessment of the Interest on Exchequer Bills becoming due in the Month of June next after the Time appointed for the ceasing of the said Duty, but all the Powers and Provisions of this Act, and of the several Acts herein mentioned or referred to, shall continue in force for making and completing all such Assessments as aforesaid, and for levying and recovering the Duties so assessed or to be assessed, and all Arrears of such Duties, and also for re-assessing the same in default of Payment, and for making and allowing such Deduction as aforesaid, and for the suing for, adjudging, and recovering any Penalty which shall have been or may be incurred.

Arrears of Duty, &c.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for granting certain Duties of Customs on Tea. Coffee, Sugar, and other Articles. [25th May 1855.]

' Most Gracious Sovereign.

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and ' Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray the Expenses of the just and necessary War in which 'Your Majesty is engaged, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant to Your Majesty the several additional Duties of Customs herein-after respectively mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and

Customs Duties.

and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

On and after 21st April 1855 the following Duties of Customs on Tea, Coffee, Sngar, &c. shall be levied.

I. That on and after the Twenty-first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in lieu and instead of the Duties now payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of the Articles next hereinafter mentioned, the several Duties of Customs following; that is to say, on

TEA.—Until the Fifth Day of April inclusive & s. d. which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia - - the lb. 0 1 9

From which last-mentioned Day the Duty shall be regulated in accordance with the Provisions of the Act, Chapter Nine, of the present Session of Parliament.

A	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.			The	preaf	er.			
·	£	8.	d,	£	s.	d.	£	8.	d.
COFFEE the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	3
- Kiln dried, roasted or	i			!					
ground the lb.	0	0	5	0	0	4	0	0	4
CHICORY, or any other Vegetable	ł								
Matter applicable to the Use							İ		
of Chicory or Coffee, roasted		_		_	_			_	
or ground the lb.	0	0	5	0	0	4	0	0	4
Candy, Brown or White Refined									
Sugar, or Sugar rendered by	Ì								
any Process equal in Quality									
thereto the Cwt.	1	0	0	0	16	8	0	13	4
White Clayed Sugar, or Sugar	_	•		_				10	•
rendered by any Process			į						
equal in Quality to White			į						
Clayed, not being Refined, or									
equal in Quality to Refined,									
the Cwt.	0	17	6	0	14	7	0	11	8
Yellow Muscovado and Brown			į						
Clayed Sugar, or Sugar ren-			1						
dered by any Process equal			į			1			
in Quality to Yellow Musco-			l						
vado or Brown Clayed, and			1			1			
not equal to White Clayed,	0	15	^ '	•	10		^	10	_
the Cwt.	0	10	0	0	12	9	0	10	6

Customs Duties

Customs Dates.						
·	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.	For the following Twelve Months after such 5th Day of April.	Thereafter.			
Sugar, viz.:— Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality to Yellow Musco- vado or Brown Clayed Sugar,	£'s, d,	£ s. d.	£ s. d.			
MOLASSES the Cwt. CONFECTIONERY, Comfits, Cherries dried, Marmalade, Plums pre- served in Sugar, Succades, including all Fruits and Vege-	0 13 9 0 5 4	0 11 8 0 4 6	0 9 6			
tables preserved in Sugar, not otherwise enumerated, the lb.	0 0 21/2	0 0 2	0 0 1			

II. That in lieu of the Duties of Customs now payable on the On and after Articles under mentioned, imported into Scotland or Ireland, 20th April 1855 there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Her Ma- the following jesty, Her Heirs and Successors, on and after the Twentieth Day Duties of Cusof April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, the following shall be levied. Duties; that is to say, on

toms on Spirits

SPIRITS:

Not being sweetened or mixed with any Article so that the Degree of Strength thereof cannot be ascertained by Sykes' Hydrometer, for every Gallon of the Strength of Proof by such Hydrometer, and so in proportion for any greater or less Strength than the Strength of Proof, and for any greater or less Quantity than a Gallon; viz.

Of and from a British Possession in America 🚜 💰 d. or the Island of Mauritius, and Rum of and from any British Possession within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in regard to which the Conditions of the Act, Fourth Victoria, Chapter Eight, have or shall have been fulfilled :-

If imported into Scotland the Gallon If imported into Ireland -- the Gallon

- Rum Shrub, Cordials, and Liqueurs of and from a British Possession in America or the Island of Mauritius, or a British Possession within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter qualified as aforesaid:—

If imported into Scotland - the Gallon - the Gallon 0 6 4 If imported into Ireland .

F 4

C.21.

72

Customs Duties.

On and after 19th May 1855 the following Drawbacks on Sugar shall be allowed.

III. That in lieu of the Bounties and Drawbacks now payable on the Exportation of Refined Sugar, the following Drawbacks shall be allowed on and after the Nineteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, on the Exportation, or on the Removal to the Isle of Man for Consumption there, of the several Descriptions of Refined Sugar herein-after mentioned; that is to say,

	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.	For the following Twelve Months after such 5th Day of April.	Thereafter.
Upon Refined Sugar in Loaf, complete or whole, or Lumps duly refined, having been perfectly clarified and thoroughly dried in the Stove, and being of an uniform Whiteness throughout,	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
or Sugar Candy, for every Cwt. Upon such Refined Sugar already described, if pounded, crushed, or broken in a Warehouse ap- proved by the Commissioners of Customs, such Sugar having been there first inspected by the Officers of Customs in Lumps or Loaves, as if for immediate Ship- ment, and then packed for Expor-	0 18 . 9	0 15 8	0 12 6
tation in the Presence of such Officers, and at the Expense of the Exporters - for every Cwt. Upon Refined Sugar, unstoved, pounded, crushed, or broken, and not in any way inferior to the Export Standard Sample, No. 1, approved by the Lords of the Treasury, and which shall not contain more than Five per Centum Moisture over and above	0 18 9	0 15 8	0 12 6
what the same would contain if thoroughly dried in the Stove, for every Cwt. Upon Bastard or Refined Sugar, unstoved, broken in Pieces, or being ground, powdered, or crushed, not in any way inferior to the Export Standard Sample, No. 2, approved by the Lords of the Treasury - for every Cwt.	0 17 10 0 16 6	0 14 10	0 11 10
	1 0 10 0	1 0 10 3	, , , ,

" 1855."

creased Duty

Customs Duties.	Spirit, &c. De	uties (Excise).	
·	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russis.	ing Twelve	Thereafter,
Upon Bastard or Refined Sugar, being inferior in Quality to the	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
said Export Standard Sample, No. 2 for every Cwt.	0 13 9	0 11 8	0 9 6

IV. 'And whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been When Con-' made for the Sale or Delivery of some of the Goods or Commo- tracts have been ' dities on which increased or additional Duties of Customs are entered into, ' by this Act granted and imposed, which Contracts or Agree-' ments may have been made with no Reference to such additional to be added. ' Duties, and thereby the several Contractors may be materially 'affected:' For Remedy thereof be it enacted, That every Person who shall have made or entered into any such Contract or Agreement shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered, in the Case of any such Contract or Agreement, to add so much Money as will be equivalent to the increased or additional Duty hereby granted on any such Goods or Commodities respectively to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled, by virtue of this Act, to be

paid, and to sue for and recover the same accordingly. V. In citing this Act in other Acts or legal Instruments it shall Short Title.

CAP. XXII.

be sufficient to use the Expression "The Customs Duties Act,

An Act for granting certain additional Rates and Duties of Excise. [25th *May* 1855.]

' Most Gracious Sovereign,

W. E. Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and ' Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray the Expenses of the just and necessary War in which 'Your Majesty is engaged, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates ' and Duties of Excise herein respectively mentioned;' and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I There shall be charged, raised, levied, collected, and paid Grant of Duties unto and for the Use of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, of Excise as in upon the several Goods and Commodities mentioned and described Schedule (A.)

f this

C. 22.

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

Allowance and Drawbacks as in Schedule (B.)

in the Schedule marked (A.) hereunto annexed, the several Sums of Money and additional Duties of Excise as they are respectively inserted, described, and set forth in the said Schedule; and there shall be made, allowed, and paid for or in respect of the Goods and Commodities mentioned and described in the Schedule marked (B.) hereunto annexed, the several Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise as the same are respectively inserted, described, and set forth in the said last-mentioned Schedule; and the said Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks respectively shall commence and take effect on the respective Days mentioned in the said Schedules respectively.

Drawback on Spirit Mixtures to cease, except as to Made Wines.

II. Provided always, That no Drawback of Excise shall be allowed or paid for or upon any of the Mixtures, Compounds, Preparations, or Commodities described in the Schedule (B.) annexed to the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter Twenty-seven, which on or after the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five shall be removed from England or Scotland to Ireland, except upon Made Wines; and that for and upon every Gallon of all Made Wines which shall be so removed as aforesaid, there shall be allowed and paid the countervailing Drawback of Twopence Three Farthings, and no more.

Duties, &c. to be under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and to be collected and paid under the Provisions of Acts relating to Excise.

III. The said several Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks of Excise by this Act granted and imposed and allowed respectively shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and shall be charged, raised, levied, collected, recovered, paid, applied, and allowed respectively, in such and the like Manner, and by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, by which other Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks of Excise upon or in respect of Goods or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively. are or may be respectively charged, raised, levied, collected, recovered, allowed, paid, and applied; and all Acts relating to the Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks of Excise respectively, and all Fines, Forfeitures, Pains, and Penalties for any Offence against or in breach of any Act or Acts for securing the Duties of Excise or any of them, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Provisions, Powers, and Directions contained in such Acts, shall and are hereby directed and declared (except as altered by this Act) to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised, and put in execution for and in respect of the said Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks hereby granted, imposed. and allowed respectively, in as full and ample a Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, and Directions, Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act with reference to the said Duties, Allowances, and Drawbacks hereby respectively granted, imposed, and allowed as aforesaid.

Where Contracts have been made before the additional Du-

IV. 'And whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been 'made for the Sale or Delivery of some of the Goods or Commodities on which increased or additional Duties of Excise are by

mission, and who was at the Time of the issuing of such Commis- Commissions sion seised or possessed of the necessary Qualification, or who has indemnified, on since acquired and now is seised or possessed of the necessary Qualifications Qualification, and has since the issuing of such Commission delivered or shall within Three Months after the passing of this Act Months. deliver to such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy of such County or City the specific Description of his Qualification which he possessed when such Commission was issued, or which he may now possess, shall be indemnified, freed, and discharged from and against all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or to be incurred for or by reason of previous Neglect or Omission to deliver in such Qualification at the Time required by Law, or for or by reason of his having executed any of the Powers by the said Act directed to be exercised by Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels, Majors, Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns without being qualified as required by the said recited Act, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualification; and every such Person is and shall be deemed and adjudged to be and to have been duly qualified to hold such Commission according to the said Act of the Fortyninth of George the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, or any Act now in force relating to such Qualification; and all Acts done or to be done by any such Person, or by Authority derived from him, under such Commission, are and shall be of the same Force and Validity as the same or any of them would have been if such specific Description of such Qualification in respect of Property had been duly delivered as directed by the said Act, and all the Provisions relating thereto had been complied with.

II. Provided always, That it shall not be necessary for any Proviso for Offi-Officer now holding a Commission in any Regiment of Militia in cers below the Ireland under the Rank of Captain to deliver in such Qualification Rank of Captain to the Clerk of the Peace, although his Commission may have been commissioned issued when the Law required him to be qualified in respect of Qualification Property; and notwithstanding any such Neglect as aforesaid on was required. the Part of such Officer under the Rank of Captain to deliver in such Qualification at or previous to the Time of issuing such Commission, his Commission shall to all Intents and Purposes be and be deemed to have been as valid, and all Acts done thereunder of the same Force and Effect, and such Officer shall be freed from all Penalties and Forfeitures, as fully as if no such Neglect or

Omission had happened.

III. Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to indemnify any Person against whom final Judgment shall have been nify Persons given for any Penalty before the passing of this Act, or to exempt against whom any Person holding a Commission of Captain or any higher Rank in the said Militia from the Penalties to which he shall or may be subject for acting as such Captain or Officer of higher Rank in the said Militia, without being possessed of the Property Qualification required by Law.

IV. Every Lieutenant of a County in Ireland or Colonel com- Lieutenants of manding a Battalion of Militia in Ireland, as the Case may be, who Counties and after the passing of this Act appoints any Person to be an Officer Colonels to send 18 & 19 Vict.

Not to indemfinal Judgment has been obtained, &c.

of with the Certi-

his

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

Repeal of certain Provisions of Acts requiring Repayment of Malt Allowance on Spirits for Consumption in England or Ireland, &c. VIII. So much and such Part and Parts of the several Acts in force as is and are herein-after in this Clause mentioned or referred to shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed; (that is to say,)

So much of any Act as enacts or requires that upon the Removal to England or Ireland for Consumption there of Spirits distilled in Scotland from Malt only, or that on the Delivery for Consumption in England or Ireland of Spirits from Malt only, One Half or any other Portion of the Allowance granted thereon in respect of the Malt used in the Distillation thereof shall be repaid, and so much of any Act as prohibits or restrains the Removal otherwise than by Sea from England to Scotland, or from Scotland to England, of any British Spirits, whether compounded, medicated, or otherwise, or any Spirit Mixtures or Preparations, or any Made Wines:

And the same shall be deemed to have been repealed on and from and after the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred

and fifty-five.

Distillers may remove Dutypaid Spirits between England and Scotland. IX. From and immediately after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for Distillers in England and Scotland respectively to remove from their respective Stores Spirits on which the full Duties of Excise chargeable by Law shall have been paid from England to Scotland, or from Scotland to England, in like Manner as such Spirits may now be removed, and under and subject to the like Rules and Regulations as the same are now subject and liable to on the Removal thereof to and from and between Places both of which are situated in one and the same Part of Great Britain.

Duty-paid Spirits may be removed from the Stocks of Rectifiers and Dealers between England and Scotland.

X. And on and from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five Spirits on which the full Duties of Excise chargeable by Law shall have been paid may lawfully be removed from the respective Stocks of Rectifiers, Compounders, Dealers, and Retailers of Spirits, in England and Scotland respectively, to and from and between the said respective Parts of Great Britain, in like Manner as such Spirits may now be removed, and under and subject to the like Rules and Regulations as the same are now subject and liable to on the Removal thereof from any such last-mentioned Stocks to and from and between Places both of which are situated in one and the same Part of Great Britain.

Allowance on the Cistern or Couch Gauges of Malt-making for distilling Purposes to be 17 per Cent.

Commissioners may revoke the

Licence of a

XI. In respect of all Corn or Grain in process of making into Malt, to be used in the Distillation of Spirits made from Malt only, the Allowance to be made upon the Gauges of such Corn or Grain during the Time that the same shall be in the Cistern or in the Couch Frame, whilst directed by Law to be deemed and gauged as in Couch, shall be after the Rate of Seventeen Bushels only for every One hundred Bushels of the whole Quantity of the Corn or Grain so found by such Gauge, anything in the Ninth Section of the Act passed in the First Year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter Forty-nine, notwithstanding.

XII. If any Maltster or Maker of Malt to be used in distilling Spirits from Malt only, or if any Distiller having given Notice of

Income Tax.

VII. The Thirty-second Section of the Militia (Ireland) Act, Recovery of 1854, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and all Offences Penalties. for which any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture is by the said Act 17 & 18 Vict. imposed shall and may be heard and determined by any Justice c. 107. a 32. of the Peace in or near to the Place where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Offender may at any Time happen to be; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures, and also the reasonable Costs attending the Prosecution, to be duly ascertained and awarded by such Justice, shall and may be enforced and recovered in the same Manner as any pecuniary Penalties may be recovered in Ireland under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her present Majesty. intituled "The Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851."

VIII. 'And whereas by the said Act of the Forty-ninth Year ' of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and twenty, it is provided that no such Appointment of an Adjutant of Militia ' to the Brevet Rank of Captain as therein mentioned shall be ' valid, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified in what Regiment or Battalion, and whether of the Militia or of eligible to Bre-' Her Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what vet Rank of ' was or were the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: ' And whereas it is expedient that Adjutants who have served as 'Non-commissioned Officers in Her Majesty's Regular Forces ' should be eligible to the Brevet Rank of Captain, although they ' may not have held any Commissions:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Adjutant of any Regiment or Corps of Militia in Ireland who shall have served as a Non-commissioned Officer in Her Majesty's Regular Forces, and whose whole Service shall amount to Five Years, to be appointed by the Lieutenant of the County to which such Regiment or Corps belongs (or by the Colonel thereof appointed previously to the Twenty-third Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one), with the Approval of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to the Brevet Rank of Captain, notwithstanding that he may not have held any Commission other than his Commission as an Adjutant of Militia.

Adjutants of Militia Regiments who have served as Noncommissioned Officers to be Captain.

CAP. XX.

An Act for granting to Her Majesty an increased Rate of Duty on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices. 25th May 1855.

' Most Gracious Sovereign,

E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and ' Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies ' to defray the Expenses of the just and necessary War in which 'Your Majesty is engaged, have freely and voluntarily resolved ' to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Rate and Duty herein-'after mentioned;' and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

	D	aties	L.
Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, and Sark respectively, and imported from any of the said Islands into Scotland or Ireland, the following countervailing Duties to be charged and paid on and after the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; that is to say,	Ł	8.	d.
If imported into Scotland	0	9	0
If imported into Ireland	Ŏ	7	2
And so in proportion for any greater or less			
Degree of Strength or any greater or less			
Quantity of such Spirits imported into Scot-			
land and Ireland respectively,			
In lieu of the countervailing Duties of Excise now			
chargeable on such last-mentioned Spirits under			
any other Act or Acts in force.			

SPIRIT MIXTURES.

For and upon the several Mixtures, Compounds, Preparations, and Commodities next herein-after enumerated or described, which on or after the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five shall be removed from Ireland to England or Scotland, the several Sums of Money and Duties of Excise herein-after respectively inserted and set forth, in lieu of the respective Duties of Excise now payable thereon, under any other Act or Acts in force; that is to say,

Articles enume	rated.			Counte Du	rvaili iles.	ng
For every Gallon thereof removed.			From Ireland to England or Scotland			
				£	s.	d.
Ether	•	-	-	0	4	7
Sweet Spirits of Nitre	-	-	-٦			
Camphorated Spirits	-	-	- [
Lavender Water and oth	er Perfu	ımes, b	eing	ļ		
Spirits scented with			Oils.	!		
Flowers, or other Ingr		-	- 2)			
Compound Spirits of Lav	ender	-	-	1		
Spirits of Rosemary		-	-			
Spirits of Ammonia	-	-	-	1		
Sal Volatile -	•	-	- (_	_
Friar's Balsam -	-	-	ح ۔	0	2	9
Compound Tincture of E	Benzoin	-	-	1		
Tincture of Assafætida	•	-	- 1	1		
Tincture of Castor -	-	-	-	1		
Tincture of Kino -	-		- 1)		
Tincture of Guiacum		-	- 1	1		
Tincture of Myrrh	-	_	- 1	ł		
Tincture of Ginger	-	-	- 1	1		
Spirit Varnishes and Lac	quers	_	- 1	ļ		
Other Tinctures and Med		hirits	_	0	1	10
Made Wines -			-	ŏ	Ô	9

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

SUGAR.

For and upon all Sugar made in the United Kingdom on or after the 21st Day of April 1855, the several Sums of Money and Duties of Excise herein-after inserted, described, and set forth; that is to say,

	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.	For the following Twelve Months after such 5th Day of April.	Thereafter.		
On Candy, Brown or White Refined	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any					
Process equal in Quality thereto, for every Hundredweight	100	0.10	0.10.4		
	1 0 0	0 16 8	0 13 4		
On White Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to White Clayed, not being Refined or equal in Quality to Refined, for every Hundredweight - On Yellow Muscovado and Brown Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality	0 17 6	0 14 7	0 11 8		
by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed, and not equal to White Clayed, according to a Standard to be furnished by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, for every Hundredweight On Brown Muscovado or any other Sugar, not being equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar, according to a Standard to be furnished by the	0 15 0	0 12 9	0 10 6		
said Commissioners, for every Hundredweight	0 18 9	0 11 8	0 9 6		
On Molasses, for every Hundred-	0.5.4	0.4.6	A 0 A		
weight - And so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hun- dredweight.	0 5 4	0 4 6	0 8 9		

In lieu of the Duties of Excise now payable on Sugar made in the United Kingdom.

And for and upon every Hundredweight, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hundredweight, of all Sugar which, on or after the Twenty-first Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, shall be used by any Brewer of Beer for Sale in the brewing or making of Beer - 0 3 9

C. 22.

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

And so in proportion, more or less, according to the Rates of the Duty of Excise on Malt, and of the Duty of Customs on Sugar respectively from Time to Time payable, so that the Aggregate of the Duties of Excise and Customs on Sugar used in Brewing may be at all Times an Equivalent for the Duty of Excise on the Malt for which such Sugar is substituted.

In lieu of the Duty of Excise chargeable on such Sugar under the Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Chapter Thirty, but over and above all other Duties, whether of Excise or Customs.

SCHEDULE (B.)

ALLOWANCES AND DRAWBACKS.

Allowance or Drawback.

> 1 4

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength £ s. d. of Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity or any greater or less Degree of Strength, distilled in England or Ireland from Malt only, which shall be mashed on or after the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and which Spirits shall be distilled at the Rate of Two Gallons of such Spirits for every Bushel of Barley Malt, or in Ireland One Bushel and Three Tenth Parts of a Bushel of Malt made from Bear or Bigg, the Allowance of

In lieu of all Allowances granted on such Spirits by any other Act or Acts now in force:

Provided always, that if the Quantity of Malt mashed and used in the Production of such Spirits shall be less than after the Rate of One Bushel of Barley Malt, or One Bushel and Three Tenth Parts of a Bushel of Malt made from Bear or Bigg, for every Two Gallons of Proof Spirits charged with Duty a Deduction from the Amount of such Allowance shall be made, after the Rate of Four Shillings for every Bushel of Barley Malt and every Bushel and Three Tenth Parts of a Bushel of Bear or Bigg Malt, which shall respectively be so deficient.

And for and upon such Spirits distilled in England or Ireland from Malt only, and on which the Allowance aforesaid shall have been made, and which said Spirits shall be duly removed from Warehouse for Exportation or for Use as Ships Stores, and be duly exported or shipped as Stores, under and according to the Laws and Regulations of Customs in such respect, over and above the Allowance aforesaid, and in lieu of the Drawback granted and payable under any former

Spirit, &c. Duties (Excise).

Intestacy (Scotland).

Act, for every Gallon of such Spirits actually exported or shipped as Stores as aforesaid, a Drawback of -

0 0 8

And for and in respect of all Sugar and Molasses actually received and used on and after the Twentyfirst Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, in the brewing or making of Worts or Wash brewed or made from Sugar only, or from Molasses only, or from any Mixture of these Materials and Treacle, or Malt or Grain, and distilled into Spirits by any Distiller in England, Scotland, or Ireland, an Allowance after the Rate of Twelve Shillings and One Penny for every One hundred and twelve Pounds of Sugar so used, and after the Rate of Four Shillings and Threepence Halfpenny for every One hundred and twelve Pounds of Molasses so used; and so in proportion more or less according to the Rates of the Duty of Customs on Sugar and Molasses respectively and of the Duty of Excise on Malt from Time to Time payable in lieu of the Allowances in respect of such Sugar and Molasses respectively contained in Schedule D. annexed to the Act Seventeenth and Eighteenth Victoria, Chapter Twenty-seven.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act to alter in certain respects the Law of Intestate Moveable Succession in Scotland. [25th May 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

18 & 19 Vict.

I. In all Cases of Intestate Moveable Succession in Scotland The Issue of a accruing after the passing of this Act, where any Person who, predecessing had be survived the Intestate would have been among his Next Next of Kin had he survived the Intestate, would have been among his Next of Kin, shall have predeceased such Intestate, the lawful Child or the Place of Children of such Person so predeceasing shall come in the Place their Parent in of such Person, and the Issue of any such Child or Children, or the Succession of any Descendant of such Child or Children, who may in like to an Intestate. Manner have predeceased the Intestate, shall come in the Place of his or their Parent predeceasing, and shall respectively have Right to the Share of the Moveable Estate of the Intestate to which the Parent of such Child or Children or of such Issue, if he had survived the Intestate, would have been entitled: Provided always, that no Representation shall be admitted among Collaterals after Brothers and Sisters Descendants, and that the surviving Next of Kin of the Intestate claiming the Office of Executor shall have exclusive Right thereto, in preference to the Children or other Descendants of any predeceasing Next of Kin, but that such Children or Descendants shall be entitled to Confirmation when no Next of Kin shall compete for said Office.

II. Where

Intestacy (Scotland).

Issue of predeceasing Heir succeeding to the Intestate's Heritage may collate, but other Issue not excluded by his not collating, &c.

II. Where the Person predeceasing would have been the Heir in Heritage of an Intestate leaving Heritable as well as Moveable Estate had he survived such Intestate, his Child, being the Heir in Heritage of such Intestate, shall be entitled to collate the Heritage to the Effect of claiming for himself alone, if there be no other Issue of the Predeceaser, or for himself and the other Issue of the Predeceaser, if there be such other Issue, the Share of the Moveable Estate of the Intestate which might have been claimed by the Predeceaser upon Collation if he had survived the Intestate; and Daughters of the Predeceaser, being Heirs Portioners of the Intestate, shall be entitled to collate to the like Effect; and where, in the Case aforesaid, the Heir shall not collate, his Brothers and Sisters, and their Descendants in their Place, shall have Right to a Share of the Moveable Estate equal in Amount to the Excess in Value over the Value of the Heritage of such Share of the whole Estate, Heritable and Moveable, as their predeceasing Parent had he survived the Intestate would have taken on Collation.

Extent of Father's Succession.

III. Where any Person dying intestate shall predecease his Father without leaving Issue, his Father shall have Right to One Half of his Moveable Estate, in preference to any Brothers or Sisters or their Descendants who may have survived such Intestate.

Extent of Mother's Succession. IV. Where an Intestate dying without leaving Issue whose Father has predeceased him shall be survived by his Mother, she shall have Right to One Third of his Moveable Estate, in preference to his Brothers and Sisters or their Descendants, or other Next of Kin of such Intestate.

Succession by Brothers and Sisters uterine. V. Where an Intestate dying without leaving Issue, whose Father and Mother have both predeceased him, shall not leave any Brother or Sister german or consanguinean, nor any Descendant of a Brother or Sister german or consanguinean, but shall leave Brothers and Sisters uterine, or a Brother or Sister uterine, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister uterine, such Brothers and Sisters uterine and such Descendants in place of their predeceasing Parent shall have Right to One Half of his Moveable Estate.

Representatives of Wife to have no Claim, &c.

VI. Where a Wife shall predecease her Husband, the Next of Kin, Executors, or other Representatives of such Wife, whether testate or intestate, shall have no Right to any Share of the Goods in Communion, nor shall any Legacy or Bequest or Testamentary Disposition thereof by such Wife affect or attach to the said Goods or any Portion thereof.

Dissolution of Marriage not to affect Rights, &c. VII. Where a Marriage shall be dissolved before the Lapse of a Year and Day from its Date, by the Death of One of the Spouses, the whole Rights of the Survivor and of the Representatives of the Predeceaser shall be the same as if the Marriage had subsisted for the Period aforesaid.

Part of Act of Scotch Parliament, 1617, c. 14. repealed. VIII. So much of an Act of the Parliament of Scotland passed in the Year One thousand six hundred and seventeen, and intituled Anent Executors, as allows Executors nominate to retain to their own Use a Third of the Dead's Part in accounting for the Move-

able

Parliamentary Representation (Scotland) Act Amendment.

able Estate of the Deceased, is hereby repealed, and Executors nominate shall, as such, have no Right to any Part of the said Estate.

IX. The Words "Intestate Succession" shall mean and include Interpretation Succession in Cases of partial as well as of total Intestacy; of Terms. "Intestate" shall mean and include every Person deceased who has left undisposed of by Will the whole or any Portion of the Moveable Estate on which he might, if not subject to Incapacity, have tested; "Moveable Estate" shall mean and include the whole free Moveable Estate on which the Deceased, if not subject to Incapacity, might have tested, undisposed of by Will, and any Portion thereof so undisposed of.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act to amend an Act of the Second and Third Years of King William the Fourth, for amending the Representation of the People in Scotland, in so far as relates to the Procedure in County Elections in that Country.

[25th May 1855.]

HEREAS it is expedient that the Time between the Receipt of the Writ by the Sheriff and the Day of ' Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Counties in ' Scotland should be shortened:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Each Sheriff to whom any Writ for the Election of a Member Sheriff to ento serve for any County or combined Counties in Scotland (except dorse Day on Orkney and Shetland) shall be directed, under the Provisions of which he rean Act passed in the Second and Third Years of the Reign of His and announce late Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the Representation of the Time for Elec-People in Scotland, shall endorse on the Writ the Day on which he tion. received it, and shall within Two Days thereafter announce a Day 2&3 W.4.c.65. for the Election, which Day shall be not less than Six nor more than Twelve Days in Counties or combined Counties after the Day on which the Writ was received, and shall give due Intimation thereof as is provided in the said Act.

II. In the Case of Orkney and Shetland the Provisions of the Proviso as to said Act, in so far as they relate to the fixing and Announcement Orkney and of the Day of Election, and the Interval to elapse between the Shetland. Receipt of the Writ and the Day of Election, shall remain in full Force and Effect, anything in this Act contained notwithstanding.

III. In all Cases in which the Provisions of the sgid Act shall Provisions of be inconsistent with this Act, and in as far as shall be necessary recited Act so a far as inconfar as inconsistent to give Effect to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, but no restant with this further, the said Act shall be and the same is to such Extent Act repealed. hereby repealed; and the said Act shall in all other respects remain in full Force and Effect, and be as good and effectual to carry this Act into execution, as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted.

Affirmation in-

stead of Oath

to be allowed

Her Majesty

may, by Order

in Council, di-

rect Provisions

of this Act to be

applied to all Courts in Scot-

land.

in certain

Cases.

Affirmations (Scotland).

Alterations in Pleadings.

CAP. XXV.

An Act to allow Affirmations or Declarations to be made instead of Oaths in certain Cases in Scotland.

[25th May 1855.]

' Judgments,

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by

the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. If any Person called as a Witness in any Court of Civil Judicature in Scotland, or required or desiring to make an Affidavit or Deposition, shall refuse or be unwilling from alleged conscientious Motives to be sworn, it shall be lawful for the Court or Judge or other presiding Officer or Person qualified to take Affidavits or Depositions, on being satisfied of the Sincerity of such Objection, to permit such Person instead of being sworn to make his or her solemn Affirmation or Declaration in the Words following, videlicet,

' I A.B. do solemnly, sincerely, and truly affirm and declare, That the taking of any Oath is, according to my Religious Belief, 'unlawful; and I do solemnly, sincerely, and truly affirm and

' declare,' &c.

Which solemn Affirmation and Declaration shall be of the same Force and Effect as if such Person had taken an Oath in the usual Form, and shall in like Manner infer the Pains of Perjury in case of Falsehood.

II. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any Part of the Provisions of this Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts in Scotland; and such Order shall be notified by the Secretary of State to the Clerk or other Officer of the Court or Courts therein named respectively, and shall be published in the Edinburgh Gazette; and within One Month after such Order shall have been so notified and published, such Provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order; and any such Order may be in like Manner from Time to Time altered and annulled.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act to continue an Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her present Majesty, for enabling the Judges of the Courts of Common Law at Westminster to alter the Forms of Pleading. [25th May 1855.]

13 & 14 Viet. c. 16. WHEREAS by an Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled An Act to enable the Judges of the Courts of Common Law at Westminster to alter the Forms of Pleading, Powers were given to the Judges of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster, within Five Years from the passing of that Act, to make such Alterations in the Mode of Pleading in the said

' Courts, and in the Mode of entering and transcribing Pleadings,

Alterations in Pleadings.

Newspaper Stamp Duties.

' Judgments, and other Proceedings in Actions at Law, and in the ' Time and Manner of objecting to Errors in Pleadings and other ' Proceedings, and in the Mode of verifying Pleas and obtaining ' final Judgment, without Trial in certain Cases, and such Regu-' lations as to the Payment of Costs, and otherwise for carrying ' into effect the said Alterations, as to them may seem expedient: ' And whereas the said Powers so by the said Act conferred are 'about to expire, and it is desirable that the same should be ' further prolonged:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Powers con-Powers conferred by the said herein-before recited Act on the ferred by the Judges of the said Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster recited Act on shall be continued for a Period of Five Years from the passing of perior Courts this Act, subject always to the Provisions and Conditions in the continued. said recited Act contained as to any Rules, Orders, and Regulations which may be made by the said Judges under and by virtue of the said Powers.

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties on Newspapers, and to provide for the Transmission by Post of printed periodical Publications. [15th June 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties on Newspapers, and to provide for the 'Transmission by Post of printed periodical Publications:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after Fourteen Days after the passing of this Act Not to be comit shall not be compulsory (except for the Purpose of free Trans- pulsory to print mission by the Post) to print any Newspaper on Paper stamped for denoting the Duties imposed by Law on Newspapers, and no Person shall be subject or liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for printing, publishing, selling, or having in his Possession any

unstamped Newspaper.

II. Every periodical Publication herein-after mentioned which Periodical Pubshall be printed within the United Kingdom on Paper stamped lications printfor denoting the Rate of Duty now imposed by Law on News-papers shall be entitled to the like Privileges of Transmission and by Post free Re-transmission by the Post between Places in the United King- of Postage. dom, either Postage-free or otherwise, on the same Terms and Conditions and under and subject to the like Rules and Regulations as Newspapers duly stamped are now entitled and subject to under any Act or Acts in force, but under and subject nevertheless to the Terms and Conditions in this Act contained.

III. Every periodical Publication to be entitled to any such Periodical Pab-Privilege as aforesaid shall be printed and published at Intervals lications en-

Newspapers on

not titled to free

Newspaper Stamp Duties.

Transmission by Post to be printed under certain Limitations and Conditions specified.

not exceeding Thirty-one Days between any Two consecutive Parts or Numbers of such Publication, and shall be subject to the same Limitations and Restrictions with respect to the Number of Sheets or Pieces of Paper whereon the same shall be printed, and with respect to the Superficies or Dimensions of the Letterpress thereof, as by any Act or Acts now in force are enacted or imposed with respect to Newspapers and Supplements thereto; and every such periodical Publication shall be entitled to such Privilege only on the Terms and Conditions following; (that is to say,) One of the Sheets or Pieces of Paper on which the same shall be printed shall be stamped with an appropriated Die, denoting the Stamp Duty imposed by Law on a Newspaper printed on the like Number of Sheets or Pieces of Paper and of the like Dimensions with respect to the Superficies of the Letterpress thereof; and on the Top of every Page of such Publication there shall be printed the Title thereof, and the Date of publishing the same; and such periodical Publication at the Time when the same shall be posted shall be folded in such Manner that the whole of the Stamp denoting the said Duty shall be exposed to view, and be distinctly visible on the Outside thereof; also such periodical Publication shall not be printed on Pasteboard or Cardboard, or on Two or more Pieces or Thicknesses of Paper pasted together, nor shall any Pasteboard, Cardboard, or such pasted Paper be transmitted by Post with any such periodical Publication either as a Back or Cover thereto, or otherwise.

Paper to be stamped for such periodical Publications at the Request of the Proprietor or Printer.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Proprietor or Printer of any such periodical Publication to send to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, or to such Officer as they shall appoint or direct in that Behalf, any Quantity of Paper to be stamped with an appropriated Die, to be provided in the Manner directed by the Third Section of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, for denoting the Rate of Stamp Duty chargeable on Newspapers; and upon Payment to the proper Officer of the full Amount of the Stamps required to be impressed on such Paper, the said Commissioners or their proper Officer shall cause the same to be stamped accordingly: Provided always, that there shall be allowed in Ireland, in respect of such appropriated Stamps as aforesaid for any periodical Publication which shall be printed and published only in Ireland, the same Rate of Discount as by the said last-mentioned Act is directed to be allowed on the Purchase of Stamps for the printing of Newspapers in Ireland.

Discount to be allowed on Stamps in Ireland.

Periodicals to be posted within 15 Days after being published.

Questions as to periodical Publications, how determined. V. Every periodical Publication, posted in the United Kingdom, to be entitled to the Privilege of Transmission by the Post between Places in the United Kingdom, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be put into a Post Office within Fifteen Days next after the Day on which the same shall be published; the Day of Publication to be determined by the Date of such Publication.

VI. In all Cases in which a Question shall arise whether a printed Paper is entitled to the Privilege of a periodical Publication, so far as respects the Transmission thereof by the Post under

Newspaper Stamp Duties.

under the Provisions of this Act, the Question shall be referred to the Determination of the Postmaster General, whose Decision, with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall be final.

VII. 'And whereas certain Treaties and Arrangements have Newspapers · been made and entered into, and other Treaties and Arrange-' ments may hereafter be entered into, by and between Her tered at the ' Majesty's Government and certain Foreign and Colonial Govern-" ments, for regulating the Transmission of British Newspapers ' abroad; and it is expedient to make Provision for enabling Her Privilege of ' Majesty's Postmaster General to secure for such Newspapers Transmission ' respectively the Privileges and Advantages of such Treatics and abroad under Arrangements: Be it therefore enacted. That, upon the Postmaster General being satisfied that any printed Publication is a Newspaper, or entitled to the Privileges of a Newspaper, within the Meaning of such Treaties and Arrangements as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Proprietor or Printer of such Newspaper or Publication, if he shall think fit, to register the same at the General Post Office in London, in such Form and with such Particulars relating to the same, and subject to the Payment of such Fees, not exceeding Five Shillings respectively, as well on Registration as afterwards periodically for being continued on the Register, as the Postmaster General, with Consent of the Commissioners of the Treasury, shall from Time to Time direct or require in that Behalf; and thereupon such Newspaper or Publication, being printed on Paper duly stamped with an appropriated Die under the Provisions of this Act, shall be entitled to all the Privileges and Advantages secured to Newspapers by any such Treaties and Arrangements as aforesaid.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Transmission Treasury, by Warrant under their Hands, to allow any printed by Post of Newspaper (British, Colonial, or Foreign) to be transmitted by the Post between Places in the United Kingdom and Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Countries, or between any Ports or Places beyond the Sea (whether through the United Kingdom or not), either free of Postage or subject to such Rates of Postage not exceeding Twopence for each Newspaper, irrespective of any Foreign or Colonial Postage, as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Postmaster General with their Consent, shall from Time to Time think fit; and as a Condition to any British Newspaper being transmitted by the Post to any Place out of the United Kingdom, the same shall be printed on Paper duly stamped with an appropriated Die under the Provisions of this Act, and the said last-mentioned Commissioners or the Postmaster General may require such Newspaper to be registered at the General Post Office in London in such Form and with such Particulars and subject to the Payment of such Fees as in the last preceding Section mentioned.

IX. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Postmaster General, Power to the with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, Postmaster General with Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, Postmaster General with Consent of the Con at any Time or Times hereafter to make and issue such Orders, neral, with Con-Regulations, Conditions, and Restrictions as he shall deem to be sury, to make necessary

may be regis-General Post Office to entitle the same to the Treaties with Foreign Pow-

printed Papers to Foreign Countries.

Newspaper Stamp Duties. Ecclesiastical Property (Ireland).

carrying the Act into effect.

Regulations for necessary or expedient for the Purpose of regulating the Receipt, Transmission, and Delivery by Post of periodical Publications under the Provisions of this Act, or for preventing or detecting Frauds or Abuses in relation thereto, and for giving Effect to the Purposes of this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Postmaster General, with the like Consent, from Time to Time to rescind or revoke all or any such Orders, Regulations, Conditions, and Restrictions, and to make and issue any new ones in lieu thereof.

Periodical Publications sent by Post not in conformity with this Act to be charged Letter Rates of Postage.

X. All periodical Publications sent by Post otherwise than in conformity with the Terms, Conditions, and Regulations established by or under the Authority of this Act may be detained by the Postmaster General, and any Officer of the Post Office; and after being opened, the same shall be either returned to the Senders thereof or forwarded to the Place of their Destination charged with the like Rates of Postage as if the same were Letters transmitted by the Post: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant under their Hands, to authorize Her Majesty's Postmaster General to charge in any such Case any such less Rate of Postage as to him shall seem fit.

London Gazette to be Evidence of the issuing of Warrants or Orders.

XI. Any printed Copy of the London Gazette in which any Warrant or Order issued or made under or by virtue of this Act, or purporting so to be, shall be published, shall be admitted as Evidence by all Courts, Judges, Justices, and others, of such Warrant or Order, and of the due making and issuing thereof, and of the Contents thereof, without any further or other Proof of such Warrant or Order, or of the Matters therein contained.

Interpretation of Terms.

XII. The Term "periodical Publication" used in this Act shall be construed to mean and include a Newspaper as defined by the Acts in force relating to the Stamp Duties on Newspapers, and every printed literary Work or Paper, printed and published periodically, or in Parts or Numbers, at Intervals not exceeding Thirty-one Days between any Two consecutive Papers, Parts, or Numbers of such literary Work or Paper; and for all the Purposes of this Act the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and the Isle of Man shall respectively be deemed to be Part of the United Kingdom.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to provide that the Property or Income Tax payable in respect of the Income from Ecclesiastical Property in Ireland shall be a Deduction in estimating the Value of such Property for the Purpose of Taxation by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners. 15th June 1855.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of 3 & 4 W. 4. c. 37. ' His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled An Act to ' alter and amend the Laws relating to the Temporalities of the Church

Ecclesiastical Property (Ireland).

'Church in Ireland, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners therein directed to be appointed were authorized and empowered to ' make a Valuation of all Ecclesiastical Property, subject to the ' Deductions therein set forth, and to take, levy, and receive ' therefrom a yearly Tax, Rate, or Assessment, computed and imposed upon such Valuation according to a Scale, and for the Purposes recited in the said Act: And whereas by an Act ' passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth ' and Seventeenth Years of Her present Majesty's Reign, intituled ' An Act for granting to Her Majesty Duties on Profits arising 16 & 17 Vict. 'from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and by Two c. 34.
'other Acts passed in the Seventeenth Year of Her present 17 & 18 Vict. ' Majesty's Reign, Chapter Ten and Chapter Twenty-four, for cc. 10. 24. granting to Her Majesty additional and increased Duties on such Profits, Ecclesiastical Property, together with other Pro-' perty in Ireland theretofore exempt, was rendered liable to ' the Duties therein enacted: And whereas it is expedient and ' just that the Amount payable as Property or Income Tax under ' the said Acts should be allowed as a Deduction by the said ' Ecclesiastical Commissioners, together with the Deductions ' authorized to be made under the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King William the ' Fourth, Chapter Thirty-seven, in forming their Valuations for the Tax, Rate, or Assessment therein directed to be levied: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful Property or to and for the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in and from the Valuation made or to be made of any Ecclesiastical Property for in estimating the Purpose of imposing the Rate, Tax, or Assessment required the Value of by the said Act, in addition to the Charges specified as Deduc- Ecclesiastical tions in the said Act, to deduct also such Amount or Sum as the Property in said Commissioners shall ascertain as proper to be deducted from such Valuation for or on account of any Property or Income Tax ation by the paid or payable or deducted in respect of such Ecclesiastical Ecclesiastical Property.

Income Tax to be a Deduction

Ireland for the Purpose of Tax-Commissioners.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to make further Provision for the Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in Scotland.

[15th June 1855.]

[THEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Her ' present Majesty, intituled An Act to provide for the better 17 & 18 Vict. 'Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in Scotland: c. 80. Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Registration of Births, &c. (Scotland).

Landward and Burghal Parts of Parishes may be united. I. It shall be lawful for the Sheriff if he shall think it expedient, upon a joint Application of the Parochial Board of any Parish and of the Town Council of any Burgh situated within such Parish, or upon the Application of the Registrar General, to unite such Burgh or any Portion thereof to any Landward Portion of such Parish, and also to regulate any Questions which may arise as to the Assessment to be levied upon such Burghs or Portions of Burghs, and upon such Landward Portions of such Parishes respectively.

Registrar General may apply for Dismissal of incompetent Registrars.

II. If any Parochial Board shall neglect or refuse to apply, under the Authority of the Fifteenth Section of the recited Act, to the Sheriff for the Removal of any incompetent Registrar, after being thereto required by the Registrar General, it shall be lawful for the Registrar General himself to apply to the Sheriff, and such and the like Procedure in all respects shall in such Case be had and take place as if the Application had been made by the Parochial Board.

Examination of Registers by Sheriff repealed, and Examiners appointed.

III. So much of the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Sections of the recited Act as requires the Examination of the Registers and the Authentication thereof by the Sheriff shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and no Penalty or Breach of Duty or other Consequence shall be deemed to be incurred or to arise from the Non-authentication heretofore of any of the said Registers or Duplicate Registers which shall have been sanctioned or acquiesced in by the Registrar General or the Sheriff, anything in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall be lawful for the Registrar General, with the Approbation of the Commissioners of the Treasury, from Time to Time to divide Scotland into such Districts as he may think fit, and with such Approbation to appoint for each District a fit and competent Person to be the Examiner thereof, who shall be paid such annual Allowance as shall be fixed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, in such and the like Manner as the Expenses specified in the Fifth Section of the said Act are directed to be paid; and it shall be the Duty of such Examiners, at such Time or Times as shall be fixed by the Registrar General, to proceed to their respective Districts, and there, in such Manner as shall be prescribed by the Registrar General, carefully to examine and compare, along with the several Registrars within their respective Districts, the Registers and Duplicate Registers of such several Registrars, and authenticate and docquet the same, and all Alterations and Additions thereon or thereto, in such Form and Manner as the Registrar General shall direct; and it shall be lawful for the Registrar General, with the Approbation of the Secretary of State for the Home Department, to frame all such Rules and Regulations as shall be necessary and expedient for such Purposes in the Manner, as far as may be, directed by the Fifty-third Section of the said Act or otherwise; and it shall in like Manner be the Duty of such Examiners respectively to aid, under the Direction of the Sheriff within their respective Districts, in executing and carrying into effect the Purposes of the Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Fifty-third, and Fifty-fourth Sections of the said Act.

IV. Where

Registration of Births, &c. (Scotland).

IV. Where a Registration District, consisting of Portions of Where Regis-Two or more Parishes, has been erected by the Sheriff under the tration District Provisions of the said recited Act, the Powers thereby and by this consists of Two Act conferred on Parochial Boards, and the Duties imposed upon such Boards, shall respectively belong to and be discharged by the qualified Heritors of such Registration District, and all Meetings of such Heritors shall be called by the Registrar, or, in case of Vacancy in the Office of Registrar, by the Heritor of Lands of the highest Valuation therein; and at such Meetings the Heritor of the highest Valuation present shall preside, and shall be entitled to a casting as well as to a deliberative Vote, and Assessments under the said recited Act shall be laid on according to the Manner thereby prescribed for the Case of Parishes in which there is no Assessment for the Poor.

V. In every Case in which the Status of any Person shall be Decrees of altered by a Decree of any competent Court, the Clerk to the Process shall forthwith report such Decree to the Registrar General; and it shall be lawful for the Registrar General, and Register. he is hereby required, to take all Measures necessary for having the Entries in the Duplicate Registers affected by such Decree rectified, by causing the Date of the Decree and the Import thereof to be noted upon the Margin of both Duplicates opposite to such Entries, as the Registrar General shall think fit and direct.

Court fixing Status of Parties

VI. In reference to the Sixty-third Section of the recited Act, the Register of corrected Entries shall be kept in Duplicate; and rected Entries One of the Duplicates shall be annually transmitted to the Registrar General along with the Duplicate Registers directed by the Fifty-third Section of the said Act to be annually so transmitted.

Register of corto be kept in Duplicate.

VII. The Penalties imposed by the said Act, and by the Sixty- Penalties refifth Section thereof directed to be recovered by Prosecution by covered to be the Procurator Fiscal, and when recovered to go to the Registrar paid into Ex-General, shall instead be paid to the Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the Expense of all such Prosecutions, where not recovered from the Parties, shall be charged and paid in Exchequer, and the Recovery of such Penalties shall be a Part of the ordinary Duties of the Procurator Fiscal.

VIII. It shall in all Cases be lawful for the Sheriff Clerks in Sheriff Clerks the several Counties, and they are hereby required, to act in aid to act in exeof the Sheriff in the Execution of the Powers, Provisions, and cution of Acts. Duties of the recited Act and of this Act, in all respects as the Sheriffs may direct.

IX. The Appointments of the Examiners, and the other Clerks Appointments and Officers to be appointed under this Act, shall, in like Manner to be exempt as the Appointments mentioned in the Sixteenth Section of the recited Act, be exempt from all Stamp Duties.

from Stamp Duty.

X. This Act shall be deemed a Part of the recited Act, and This Act and shall be construed therewith as if the said Acts formed One Act.

recited Act to be as One.

Sewers (House Drainage).

CAP. XXX.

An Act to empower the Commissioners of Sewers to expend on House Drainage a certain Sum out of the Monies borrowed by them on the Security of the Rates, and also to give to the said Commissioners certain other Powers for the same Purpose. [15th June 1855.]

WHEREAS it is of urgent Importance to the Health of the Metropolis that Powers of House Cleansing, Drainage, and Improvement should be forthwith actively exercised by the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, for the Purpose of executing in Houses which may appear exposed to the Ravages of Zymotic Diseases such palliative and preventive Works, either temporary or permanent, as the Time admits of, to obviate the Outbreak and Spread of such Epidemic Disorders: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Commissioners may carry on Works, at Expense of Owners, &c. I. That the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers be and they are hereby empowered to carry on forthwith such Works as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized to employ on such Works a Sum not exceeding Twenty-five thousand Pounds out of the Monies in their Hands borrowed on the Security of the Rates, charging the Cost of such Works in each Case upon the Owner or Occupier, as herein-after provided.

Commissioners may simultaneously execute Works of Improvement common to several Messuages, and divide the Expense among the Owners or Occupiers,

II. To facilitate the Execution of such Works in Cases where it shall appear to the Commissioners, on the Presentment of One of their Engineers, that it is requisite or proper to execute such Works or any of them in several Messuages, Tenements, or Premises situate in the same Road, Street, or Place, or in contiguous or neighbouring Streets, Roads, or Places, as combined Works, or Works of Improvement common to several Messuages, Tenements, or Premises, and for that Purpose to construct, perform, or execute any Sewers, Drains, Waterclosets, Apparatus, or other Works of Improvement, whether temporary or permanent, simultaneously or in combination or conjunction, and that such Works can be executed for such a Sum as the Commissioners shall deem reasonable and proper in that Behalf, it shall be lawful in all such Cases for the Commissioners to give Notice to the Owners or Occupiers of such Messuages, Tenements, and Premises of their Intention to execute such Works, and to charge them or some of them with the Expenses thereof; and the Commissioners shall appoint a Time and Place for receiving Objections in Writing, which any Party interested in such Messuages, Tenements, or Premises, or any of them, may desire to offer, and at the appointed Time and Place the Commissioners shall receive and consider such Objections, if any, and may execute, abandon, or alter such intended Works, and if they shall execute such Works shall ascertain the Expenses incurred thereby, and shall divide such Expenses among the Owners or Occupiers

Sewers (House Drainage).

Brighton Incorporation.

Occupiers of such Premises respectively, in such Proportions as they may deem equitable and reasonable; and the Amount imposed upon any such Owner or Occupier shall be paid by an Improvement Rate upon such Premises, or as Charges for Default, as the Commissioners shall in that Behalf direct and decree.

III. This Act shall be deemed to be incorporated with "The This Act and Metropolitan Sewers Act, 1848," and shall be construed and taken 11 & 12 Vict. as if this Act and "The Metropolitan Sewers Act, 1848," were construed as

One Act.

One,

CAP. XXXI.

An Act to confirm the Incorporation of the Borough of Brighton. [15th June 1855.]

WHEREAS since the passing of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the ' Fourth, intituled An Act to provide for the Regulation of Muni- 5 & 6 W. 4. ' eipal Corporations in England and Wales, a Charter of Incorpo- c. 76. ' ration has been granted to the Borough of Brighton in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Act, and of the Acts afterwards ' passed for amending the said Act: And whereas Doubts have ' arisen respecting the Validity of the said Charter, and the Right ' of the Mayor of the said Borough of Brighton to be the Return-'ing Officer at the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament ' for the Borough of Brighton; and it is expedient that such ' Doubts be removed:' Be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same:

L That the said Charter of Incorporation, and also the Grant Charter of of separate Courts of Sessions of the Peace, issued and granted Incorporation to the said Borough, and all Acts and Proceedings done or had confirmed. in pursuance thereof before the passing of this Act, shall be deemed good and lawful from the Time of the Grants, Acts, and

Proceedings respectively.

II. The Mayor of Brighton shall be the Returning Officer for The Mayor to the Borough of Brighton at all Elections of Members to serve in be the Return-Parliament for the Borough of Brighton: Provided, that in case ing Officer. the Mayor shall, at the Time when he shall be required to perform the Duties of such Returning Officer, be dead, absent, or otherwise incapable of acting, or in case there shall be no Mayor, the Town Council of Brighton shall forthwith elect One of the Aldermen to be the Returning Officer for the Borough in the Place of the Mayor being so dead, absent, or otherwise incapable of acting.

• Court

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to amend and extend the Jurisdiction of the Stannary [15th June 1855.] Court.

THEREAS it is desirable to explain and amend the Acts heretofore passed for the Administration of Justice in the 'Stannaries, and to make the Jurisdiction and Process of the

'Court of the Vice-Warden more efficient, and to regulate Appeals from the Vice-Warden: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Process in case of Mines of mixed Minerals. I. Where any Mine or Sett within the Stannaries shall be worked by the same Adventurers not only for metallic Minerals within the Jurisdiction of the Court, but also for non-metallic Minerals found in the same Mine or Sett, or intermixed with metallic Minerals, the entire Mine and Works and Products thereof shall be taken to be within the Cognizance of the Vice-Warden as if the same had wholly consisted of metallic Minerals, and the Process of the Court shall extend to and be exercised over the same, and all the Machinery and Materials thereon, as in the Case of Mines of metallic Minerals, and the Mineral called Plumbago or Black Lead is hereby declared to be a metallic Mineral.

Interpretation of Terms.

II. The Words "Mine" and "Mineral" and "Miner," when used in this Act, or in any Pleadings, Process, or Proceedings in the said Court, shall, unless otherwise explained or qualified, be respectively presumed and taken to mean a metallic Mine or Mineral within the Jurisdiction of the said Court, and a Miner in some Mine, Work, or Adventure within the same Jurisdiction, and having Privilege to sue or be sued in the said Court; and the Words "County Court" shall in this Act mean any Court established under the Provisions of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Ninety-five, and also the Court held under the Provisions of "The London (City) Small Debts Extension Act, 1852."

As to Suits by Pursers, &c. for Contribution against non-resident Shareholders.

III. In Suits on the Equity Side of the Court of the Vice-Warden, prosecuted according to Custom by the Purser or other principal Agent of the Adventurers in a Mine in the Stannaries against an Adventurer or his personal Representatives for Contribution to Calls or to the Expenses of working such Mine or Adventure, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden, upon special Application in that Behalf, to order that Service of Process on the Defendant in any Part of England or Wales to compel Appearance and Answer shall be sufficient Service, although he may not then be personally within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and upon Proof of such Service and the Default of the Defendant to appear and answer the Petition within the Time prefixed by the Summons, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff to enter an Appearance for the Defendant, and thereupon such Proceedings shall be had in the Suit, and such Orders and Decree made, as if the Process had been duly served on the Defendant within the Jurisdiction of the Court; and if upon Sale of the Shares or Interest of the Defendant in the Mine or Adventure according to Custom the Proceeds of the Sale shall be insufficient to satisfy the Debt of the Defendant, Costs of Suit, and Expenses of Sale, it shall be lawful to levy the same or the Residue thereof in the Manner herein-after provided for enforcing Decrees and Orders on the Equity Side of the Court; and after Appearance

so entered, all Notices, Orders, Summonses, Warrants, and other Process in the Suit shall be deemed to be well served if served on the Defendant wheresoever he shall then be in England or Wales.

IV. In all such Suits against Adventurers for Contribution, it Plaintiff may shall be lawful for the Plaintiff to join several Adventurers in join several One Petition for Recovery of their several Contributions, and for Adventurers the Court to make One Decree for Payment and One Order for in One Petition, Sale of Shares, and to enforce Payment by separate Process of Execution against each Defendant, if need be; and where the Defendants or any of them shall put in separate Answers, it shall be lawful for the Court to direct that all or any of the Matters in issue be heard and tried at the same Time; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to abridge or affect the Right of the Plaintiff in such a Suit, as now exercised, to proceed against Adventurers residing or being out of the Jurisdiction of the Court upon a Service on the Mine itself, substituted by Order of the Vice-Warden for personal Service; but in such Case the Plaintiff shall not be entitled to any other or further Remedy for Recovery of the Arrears of Contribution in the Vice-Warden's Court from a Defendant so served than he had before the passing of this Act.

V. In Suits on the Equity Side of the said Court by Creditors As to Suits by prosecuted according to Custom against the Purser or other prin- Creditors for cipal Agent of the Adventurers, or against one or more of the Adventurers in a Mine in the Stannaries, to enforce Payment of vanturers in a their Demands by Sale of the Ores, Machinery, Materials, and Mine. Effects for the Time being belonging to the Adventurers, and being upon or about the Mine or fraudulently removed therefrom, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden, upon special Application in that Behalf, to order that Service of Process on the Defendant in any Part of England or Wales to compel Appearance and Answer shall be sufficient Service, although he may not then be personally within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and upon Proof of such Service and of the Default of the Defendant to appear and answer the Petition within the Time prefixed by the Court, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff to enter an Appearance for the Defendant, and thereupon such Proceedings shall be had in the Suit, and such Decrees and Orders made, as if the Process had been duly served on the Defendant within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and any Adventurer shall, upon Application to the Vice-Warden or Registrar, be let in to defend the Suit, either separately or jointly with the other Defendant, within Twenty Days after the filing of the Petition, or within such other Time as the Vice-Warden shall allow; and where several Creditors of the same Adventurers shall sue separately for Payment and Sale, the Vice-Warden shall have Power to consolidate the Suits in such Way as shall seem to him necessary or expedient for the convenient Trial of the Matters in issue in the said Causes and for the saving of Expense to the Suitors; and all further Notices, Orders, Summonses, Warrants, and other Process in the Cause or consolidated Causes shall be deemed to be well served if served

Payment of venturers in a

on the Defendant in any Part of England or Wales; and if upon Sale of the Ores, Machinery, Materials, and Effects in any such Suit the Proceeds of the Sale shall be found insufficient to satisfy the Debts of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs and of the other Creditors who shall be admitted according to Custom to prove their Debts before the Registrar of the Court and the Costs of Suit and Expenses of Sale, it shall be lawful for the Registrar, at the Instance of the Plaintiff in the Suit or of any Creditor so admitted to Proof. and by Permission of the Vice-Warden on an Application by the Plaintiff or Creditor stating the Amount of Debts remaining unsatisfied and the Number of Adventurers, whether within or out of the Jurisdiction, so far as they can be ascertained by the Applicant, to proceed to apportion the Amount of Debts, Costs, and Expenses remaining unsatisfied rateably among all the Adventurers or Persons liable to contribute to the Payment of the said Debts, whether they be within the Jurisdiction or elsewhere, according to the Number of Shares or the Interest of each in the said Mine or Adventure; and it shall be competent for the Registrar to call for, and by Summons and Attachment within the Stannaries or Subpæna under the Seal of the Court to enforce, Production before him of the Cost Book or Books, Lists of Shareholders. Accounts, Bills, Resolutions of the Adventurers or Committees thereof, and all other Books, Papers, and Documents of the Adventurers relating to the Mine or the Management thereof, and by like Summons and Attachment or Subpæna to call before him and to examine the Purser, Managers, or other principal Agents of the Adventurers, whether the several Documents above-mentioned or the Persons so called before him be within the Stannaries or elsewhere in any Part of England or Wales, and to make a List of all the Persons so liable to contribute at the Time of filing the Petition or their personal Representatives, with the Amount apportioned upon each; and when the Registrar shall have made such List and Apportionment, a Copy of the List shall be sent to the Account House of the Mine, or the principal Office or Place of Business of the Adventurers, and Notice shall be served on each Person named in the List of the Sum charged upon him, and a reasonable Time, to be fixed by the Registrar according to the Circumstances of each Case, shall be allowed to him to dispute the Apportionment before the Registrar, who shall hear and determine all Objections thereto; and when the List shall have been finally settled by the Registrar, he shall report thereon generally to the Vice-Warden, and if the Report shall be confirmed upon Exception or otherwise there shall be a Decree for Payment in conformity with the said Report, and the several Sums so apportioned and charged upon each Contributory shall in and by the said Decree be made payable to the Registrar, who shall forthwith demand Payment thereof, and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Plaintiff or Creditor, at whose Instance the Apportionment shall have been made and Decree obtained, after such Demand and a Refusal of Payment, to proceed to levy from each Contributory in the said List the Sum therein charged upon him in the Manner herein-after provided for enforcing Decrees and Orders on the Equity

Equity Side of the said Court, and for this Purpose the said Plaintiff or Creditor shall be deemed to be a Party entitled to the Benefit of the said Decree within the Intent and Meaning of the said Provision, and the Sums received or levied shall be forthwith paid over by him to the Registrar, who shall deduct therefrom and allow to the Party who shall have so received or levied the same his reasonable Costs and Expenses in and about the said Apportionment and obtaining the said Decree and levying the Monies so payable under it, and shall distribute the Residue rateably among the several Creditors in the Proportion of the Debts remaining due to them respectively: Provided always, that all Notices and Demands required by this Act to be served on or made upon Adventurers and other Persons named in the Registrar's List as Contributories shall be deemed to be sufficiently served if sent by Post prepaid, addressed to the Party at his last known Address; unless the Registrar shall order that the same shall be served in some other Way, in which Case Service shall not be sufficient unless it be in conformity with such Order.

VI. In Suits on the Equity Side of the said Court for an Account As to Suits for as between Adventurers in Mines in the Stannaries, it shall be Account belawful for the Court, upon special Application in that Behalf, to tween Advenorder that Service of Process in any Part of England and Wales to compel Appearance and Answer shall be good Service on any Adventurers or their personal Representatives, or others who may be necessary Parties to such Suit, although they may not then be personally within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and upon Proof of such Service, and of the Default of any Person so served to appear and answer the Petition within the Time prefixed by the Summons, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to enter Appearances for the Persons so served, and thereupon such Proceedings shall be had in the Suit, and such Orders or Decrees made, as if the Process had been duly served within the Jurisdiction of the Court, and the Orders and Decrees so made shall be binding on all Adventurers and others so served; and if the final Decree shall be for Payment of Money or Costs, Payment thereof shall be enforced in the Manner herein-after provided; and after Appearance so entered all Notices, Orders, Summonses, Warrants, and other Process in the Suit shall be deemed to be well served if served in any Part of England or Wales; and in all such Suits where any Adventurer holding a Share in a Mine or Adventure cannot be found, or is deceased and no one can be found who has administered to his Estate and Effects, then it shall be sufficient by Leave of the Court to substitute for regular Service a Service on the Mine in the usual Way, or at the principal Office or House of Business of the Adventurers, whether within the Stannaries or elsewhere in England or Wales, and Notice of such substituted Service shall be addressed by Post to the last known Address of the said Adventurer, except in case of his Decease, and thereupon Decrees or Orders of the Court in the Suit shall be binding on such Adventurer or his Representatives, and those claiming under him, as in case of regular Service.

Process in Suits against non-resident Defendants.

· VII. In Suits commenced on the Equity Side of the said Court for Causes relating to Mines and Minerals in the Stannaries, or to Shares, Interests, or Adventures therein, whereof the said Court has cognizance, in which it may be necessary or expedient to sue or to join as Defendant a Person holding or claiming to hold any Share or Interest in an Adventure in Mines or Minerals worked within the Stannaries, or being an Agent of the said Adventurers, who cannot be found within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and in all Cases where any Person who shall have commenced any Suit or entered an Appearance in any Suit in the said Court, or shall have come in as Creditor, Claimant, or Purchaser, or otherwise submitted to the Jurisdiction thereof, cannot, by reason of his Person or Goods being out of the said Jurisdiction, be made amenable to the Process of the Court; and in all Cases where any Party to such Suit shall have died or become bankrupt or insolvent, and his personal Representatives or Assignees, or any of them, who may be necessary Parties to the Continuance of the Suit, shall be out of the said Jurisdiction, it shall be lawful for the Court, upon special Application in that Behalf, to order that Service of any Notice, Order, Summons, Warrant, or other Process shall be deemed good Service on any such Person, Representative, or Assignee respectively in any Part of England or Wales, and, if need be, to order an Appearance to be entered for the Person served; and thereupon it shall be lawful to take such Proceedings and to make such Order or Decree as if the Service had been made within the said Jurisdiction.

Service of Process out of Stannaries.

VIII. Where Service of Notices, Orders, Summonses, Warrants, or other Process in Causes pending in the Vice-Warden's Court may, under this Act or otherwise, lawfully be made in a Place out of the Jurisdiction of the said Court, it shall be lawful for the said Court, or for Parties to Suits therein, to send the same to the High Bailiff of the County Court in the District of which such Place may be, together with the lawful Fees payable in like Cases for Service of similar Process in the County Court, and thereupon the High Bailiff shall serve or cause to be served the same, as if it had been issued out of a County Court, and such Service shall or may be proved as in case of County Court Process.

As to Execution of Judgments and Decrees of the Court of the Vice-Warden. Where such Judgments cannot be conveniently enforced, Superior Courts may issue Process for Recovdue on the

same.

With respect to the Execution of Judgments and Decrees of the Court of the Vice-Warden, be it enacted as follows:

IX. In Actions commenced therein on the Common Law Side of the Court, where Judgment shall have been duly recovered in a Cause whereof the said Court has cognizance, but which cannot be conveniently or effectually enforced by the ordinary Process of that Court within the Jurisdiction thereof, it shall be lawful for any One of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster, or for any Judge thereof, upon Application of the Party entitled to the Benefit of such Judgment, and Production of a Certificate from the Registrar of the Court of the Vice-Warden under the ery of Amounts Seal of the Court of the Judgment so recovered, and a satisfactory Affidavit of the Ground of the Application, to cause Process to issue and Proceedings to be taken for the Recovery of the Amount

due on the Judgment, including the Costs of the Certificate and of the Application, in the same Manner as upon a like Judgment recovered in an Action commenced in the Superior Court; and it shall not be necessary for this Purpose, or for any other Purpose, that the Record of any Judgment in the Vice-Warden's Court shall be engrossed on Parchment or enrolled; and where the Debt or Damages recovered by Judgment of the Court of the Vice-Warden, or sought to be recovered in Actions commenced either by Writ, Plaint, or other legal Procedure, according to the Practice of the said Court, shall not exceed Fifty Pounds, and the Judgment of the Court cannot be conveniently or effectually enforced within the Jurisdiction of the said Court, it shall be lawful for the Party entitled to the Benefit of the Judgment to sue out a Writ of Execution, and to send the same to the Clerk of any County Court within the District of which the Judgment Debtor or his Goods and Chattels shall then be or be believed to be, with a Warrant thereto annexed, under the Hand of the Registrar and Seal of the Court of the Vice-Warden, requiring Execution of the same, and with the Fees lawfully payable in like Cases for Execution of such a Writ in the County Court; and thereupon the said Clerk shall cause the same to be executed by the High Bailiff of the County Court in due Course of Law, as if the same had been issued by the Court of which he is High Bailiff. and the said Bailiff shall have the same Powers and Protection as if he were executing the Process of such County Court, and shall make his Return to the Clerk of the said Court, and pay over to him the Amount levied, if any; and the Clerk shall forthwith certify the said Return, and remit the Amount so paid, less the Costs of making such Levy according to the Practice of the County Courts, to the Party prosecuting the Writ; and the Judge of the said County Court shall have and exercise the same Power and Authority over the Clerk and High Bailiff, and shall have Power to adjudicate upon Summons of Interpleader in case of adverse Claims to Goods taken in Execution, as if the Execution had been under the Warrant of his own Court.

X. All Decrees and Orders made in Causes on the Equity Side Execution of of the Court of the Vice-Warden, whereof the said Court has Decrees, &c. cognizance, for Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, Costs, Charges, or Expenses, shall and may be enforced by a Writ or Stannaries. Writs of Fieri facias or Capias, within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Court, which Writs shall be in the Form, as near 25 may be, of the like Writs issued to enforce Decrees or Orders for Payment of Money made by the High Court of Chancery, and be executed in like Manner by the Bailiffs of the Vice-Warden's Court: and where any Decrees or Orders, whether for Payment of Money or otherwise, cannot be conveniently or effectually enforced by the ordinary Process of the Court of the Vice-Warden within the Jurisdiction thereof, it shall be lawful for the High Court of Chancery, or for any Judge thereof, sitting in Court or at Chambers, upon the Application of a Party entitled to the Benefit of such Decree or Order, and Production of a Certificate from the Registrar of the Court of the Vice-Warden under the Seal of the Court

in Equity Suits in or out of

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of the said Decree or Order, or of such Part thereof as cannot be so enforced as aforesaid, and a satisfactory Affidavit of the Ground of the Application, to make the said Decree or Order, or so much thereof as cannot be enforced, a Decree or Order of the High Court of Chancery; and thereupon such Decree or Order, or such Part thereof as aforesaid, shall and may be enforced by such Proceedings and Writs as would or might have been taken or issued if the same had been originally made by the High Court of Chancery, and all the reasonable Costs of and consequent upon such Certificate and Application shall and may be recovered as if the same had been and were Part of such Decree or Order; and where the said Decree or Order of the Vice-Warden is for Payment of a Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Fifty Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Party entitled to the Benefit of the said Decree or Order to enforce Payment thereof in the Manner herein-before provided in the Case of a Judgment on the Common Law Side of the Court for Recovery of a Debt or Damages not exceeding the said Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided that nothing in this Act contained shall affect or prejudice the Power of the Vice-Warden to enforce Decrees or Orders by Process of Attachment within the Jurisdiction of his Court where the same may be now lawfully exercised, or to order the Sale of Shares or Interests in Mines or Adventures in Cases wherein such Sale may now be made by Order of the said Court.

Interpleader in Equity.

XI. When any Claim is made to or in respect of any Goods and Chattels, or the Proceeds or Value thereof, sold or intended to be sold under a customary Decree of Sale in a Mining Creditor's Suit by any Landlord for Rent or other distrainable Demand, or by any other Person not being a Party to the Suit, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to call upon the Claimant by Rule or Order of the Court to appear in Person or by his Attorney or Agent in support of the same either before the Vice-Warden himself or before the Registrar, and to state the Nature and Particulars of his Claim, who shall thereupon hear the Allegations and receive the Proofs offered as well by the Claimant as by the Plaintiff in the Suit, and, if the Claimant and Plaintiff shall agree on the Facts of the Case, shall then adjudicate upon the Claim; and if the said Parties shall not so agree, then the disputed Facts shall be ascertained by an Action or Issue to be tried in the Vice-Warden's Court, in such Form as the Vice-Warden shall direct, and the Vice-Warden shall then adjudicate upon the Claim; or the Vice-Warden or Registrar shall have Power, with the Consent of the Parties so before him, their Counsel, Attornies, or Agents, to adjudicate upon and dispose of the Claim in a summary Manner: Provided that in all Cases, except in case of summary Adjudication by Consent, it shall be competent for the Registrar, at the Request of the said Parties, or either of them, to refer the Decision of the Case to the Vice-Warden; and the Vice-Warden shall in all Cases of such Interpleader make such other Rules and Orders in the Matter of the said Claim or Adjudication as between the said Parties in respect thereof, or of the Costs of the Proceedings, as to him shall seem fit and reasonable.

XII. The

XII. The Adjudication of such Claim, either upon hearing or Adjudication to in default of the Appearance of the Claimant, shall be final and be final. conclusive between the said Parties and all Persons claiming by, from, or under them; and the Adjudication, and all Rules and Orders made thereupon, shall have the Force and Effect of Judgments or Decrees of the Court, and be enforced accordingly.

XIII. In Cases of Interpleader either on the Common Law or Upon Applica-Equity Side of the Court, upon Application by the Registrar, tion by Regis-Bailiff, or other Officer of the Court, or of the Plaintiff in the original Suit, and Certificate by the Registrar of the Proceedings in the Court of the Vice-Warden, and Proof of the Service on such Claimant of the Rule or Order calling upon him to appear in support of his Claim, any Action that shall have been or shall be brought in any Superior or Inferior Court in respect of such Claim against any Officer of the Court or Person acting under his Direction, or against the Plaintiff in the original Suit, may be stayed by the said Court, or any Judge thereof, who shall have Power to make such Rules and Orders touching the Costs of the Action so stayed as shall seem fit and reasonable.

XIV. Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize Freehold, &c. the Vice-Warden or Registrar to adjudicate upon any Claim, either not to be adjuon the Common Law or Equity Side of the Court, touching the dicated upon Freehold or Inheritance of any Person, except by Consent of without Conthe Parties before the Court, and as between and assistable sent. the Parties before the Court, and as between and against them-

selves and those claiming under them.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to entertain Juris- Ejectment in diction in Suits for Recovery of the Possession of Mines within the Stannaries. the Stannaries, and of Buildings, Machinery, Works, and Waters annexed thereto and occupied therewith, on the Ground of Breach of Condition, Determination of the Sett or Lease, or other lawful or customary Cause of Forfeiture, and also to prohibit the working of any Mine in a Manner contrary to Custom or Covenant by Injunction in Cases and under Circumstances in which the High Court of Chancery or the Courts of Common Law at Westminster may now by Law enjoin; and the Suit for Recovery of Possession shall be by Action of Ejectment on the Common Law Side of the Court, according to the Forms and Procedure established by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, so far as they are or can be made applicable to the Vice-Warden's Court; and it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to cause all necessary Writs to be served on the Persons in possession or entitled to defend, wheresoever they may then be in England or Wales, and to adopt any of the General Rules and Orders of the said Superior Courts promulgated from Time to Time and applicable to the Action of Ejectment with such Variations as the Nature and Constitution of the Court shall render necessary; and all Constables and Peace Officers within their several Jurisdictions shall be aiding the Bailiffs of the Court in the Execution of the Writ or Writs awarded for Recovery of the Possession and Costs, and in enforcing Process of Attachment in the Case of Breach of Injunction; provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize the Vice-Warden to entertain any Question touching the Freehold or Inherit-

trar, &c. Action may be stayed.

ance of any Person except by such Consent and as between and against such Parties as aforesaid.

Summary Suits for small Debts extended to Torts

XVL 'Whereas Actions for Debts not exceeding Fifty Pounds are now prosecuted summarily, and tried by Five Jurors only on the Common Law Side of the said Court, and it is expedient that the like Process and Trial be extended to other Actions, ' whether for Debt or Damages:' Be it therefore enacted, That all or any Actions for Debts or Damages not exceeding Fifty Pounds, whether founded on Tort or Contract, for Causes within the Jurisdiction and Cognizance of the said Court, shall be prosecuted in a summary Way by Plaint, and tried by a Jury of Five Jurors, as is now used in Actions for small Debts in the said Court, except in Cases where the Vice-Warden shall permit or direct such Action to be by Writ of Summons; and for the Purpose of improving the Procedure in such Actions by Plaint, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to make and enforce Rules and Forms for Procedure, Practice, Pleading, and Taxation of Costs, and to adopt all or any of the Rules and Forms now or hereafter legally in force and use in the County Courts, with such Alterations as may be necessary to adapt them to the Jurisdiction of the Vice-Warden's Court.

Removal of certain Causes from the County Court. XVII. Where any Cause touching the Usage or Customs of Mining or of Miners, or the Principles and Incidents of Cost Book Partnership or of Cost Book Mines, or the Privileges and Franchises of Tinners or Miners, or the Effect and Operation of Setts or Licences to mine or Contracts for the Sale or Transfer of Shares in Mines, or the Custom of Tin Bounds or the Nature and Incidents thereof, shall be pending before One of the Judges of the County Courts within the Stannaries, the said Judge shall, at the Request of either Party, have Power to remit the said Cause for Trial or Hearing before the Court of the Vice-Warden, who shall thereupon have all the same Powers and Jurisdiction with respect to the Cause as if it had been commenced by Plaint in the Court of the Vice-Warden, subject to the like Appeal as in other Causes so commenced.

Pleading to Jurisdiction.

XVIII. Demurrers for Matter of Form only shall not be permitted in the Court of the Vice-Warden, and on the Equity Side of the said Court no Demurrers or Pleas shall be permitted except Demurrers for that the Suit or Subject thereof is not within the Cognizance or Jurisdiction of the said Court; and if the Objection of Want of Jurisdiction shall not be raised by Demurrer or Plea within Ten Days after Appearance in a Suit on the Equity Side, or within Ten Days after Notice of Declaration or Service of a Copy of Plaint on the Common Law Side, no Question as to the Jurisdiction of the Court shall thereafter be raised, except in Cases where the Want of Jurisdiction will disable the Court from doing full and substantial Justice between the Parties to the Suit: and the Mode of filing or serving Demurrers or Pleas to the Jurisdiction shall be regulated by General Rules and Orders made as herein-after provided, and so much of Section Thirteen of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of William the Fourth, Chapter One hundred

hundred and six, as relates to Pleas and Demurrers to the Jurisdiction, and so much of the Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of Charles the First, Chapter Fifteen, as relates to the Form and Manner of objecting to the Jurisdiction of the Stannary Courts, or is at variance with this Act, shall be and is hereby repealed, except as to Suits commenced before the passing of this

XIX. The Registrar of the Court of the Vice-Warden shall Power of Regishave Power at all Times before Hearing or Trial, either on the trar on Inter-Common Law or Equity Side of the said Court, to make Orders locutory Applifor amending the Proceedings or Pleadings upon Terms or unconditionally, to hear and determine Applications for further Time, Objections for Defect of Form, or on the Ground of Uncertainty, Obscurity, Prolixity, or Multifariousness, and to make Rules and Orders in all such other interlocutory Matters as shall be submitted or referred to him by Consent of Parties, or which he may be directed or empowered to hear and determine or deal with, by any General Rules or Orders made under the Authority of this Act; and the said several Matters shall be heard and determined ore tenus in a summary Way, subject however to Appeal by Motion to the Vice-Warden, either ore tenus or on a written Statement agreed upon by the Parties or drawn up by the Registrar and submitted to the Vice-Warden.

XX. The Vice-Warden shall have Power, with the Consent of Power for Vicethe Parties to any Suit, their Counsel, Attornies, or Solicitors at Warden, with Law or in Equity, to order the same, with or without other Matters Consent of Parties, to refer in dispute, to be referred to Arbitration, or to act as such Arbi- Cases to Arbitrator himself, at the Request of the said Parties, in such Manner tration. and on such Terms and Conditions as he shall think fit, with all the usual Powers of Arbitrators, under References by Order of the Superior Courts; and such Reference shall not be revocable by either Party except by Consent of the Court; and the Vice-Warden shall have Power to set aside the Award for Cause shown, or to refer the Case back again to the Arbitrator, and the final Award made in pursuance of such Reference shall, on the Motion of either Party, be entered as the Decree or Order of the Court, or Judgment shall be entered in pursuance of such Award, as the Case may be, and the Decree, Order, or Judgment so entered shall thereupon be enforced as if the same had been made or entered in the ordinary Course of Procedure at Law or in Equity, as the Case may be.

XXI. It shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden, at the Request Vice-Warden of one or some of the Parties to a Suit, and subject to such Terms may hold his as to Costs or otherwise as he may think fit and reasonable, to Court at any Place within adjourn or hold his Court to or at any Place within the Stan-Stannaries. naries for the Purpose of hearing Witnesses or taking Evidence; and in such Cases it shall not be necessary for the Registrar or Secretary of the Vice-Warden or Prothonotary of the Court to be in attendance at the Sittings of the Vice-Warden at such Place.

Court at any

XXII. In all Cases of Mines in the Stannaries worked by Part- Production of nerships or Companies of Adventurers professing to adopt or to be Lists of Shareconstituted on the Cost Book System or Principle, it shall be holders in

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or Shareholder in the Mine or Creditor of the Adventurers, founded

on sufficient Grounds verified by Affidavit, although no Suit be pending touching the said Mine or Adventurers, to compel Production by Rule or Order of a List or Lists of all Adventurers or Shareholders for the Time being by the Purser or other principal Agent or Manager, Clerk, or Secretary of the Mine, and whether such Person be then within the Jurisdiction of the Court or elsewhere, for Inspection of the Applicant; and if such List shall not be produced, showing truly the Name, Address, and Number of Shares of each and every Adventurer or Shareholder, and the Time when each became an Adventurer or Shareholder, so far as the same are known or can be ascertained, then it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden at his Discretion, after Fourteen Days previous Notice of his Intention served on the Person so ordered to produce, and also affixed to the Account House of the Mine, or left at the principal Office or House of Business of the Adventurers within the Stannaries or elsewhere, to declare that the Partnership or Company is not carried on or constituted on the Cost Book System or Principle; and the said Partnership or Company shall thereupon no longer be deemed or taken to be for any Purpose a Partnership, Association, or Company within the Exemption of Mining Partnerships contained in the Act passed in the present Reign, entitled An Act for the Registration, Incorporation, and Regulation of Joint Stock Companies, or within the conditional Exemption contained in the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Amendment Act, 1849; and in all Cases of like Mines and Partnerships, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden, upon Application of any Adventurer or Shareholder founded on sufficient Grounds and Affidavit, and although no Suit be then pending, to make a Rule or Order for Production of the Cost Books of the Mine, List of Adventurers, and such other Books and Documents relating to the Mine and Management thereof as the Vice-Warden shall think proper, for Inspection of such Applicant, and to enforce such Rule or Order by Attachment within the Stannaries, or by causing the same to be made a Rule or Order of one of the Superior Courts at Westminster under the Statute in such Case made and provided.

Power to make or adopt Rules, Orders, and

Superior Courts

Practice of

of Law or

Equity.

7 & 8 Vict.c. 110.

XXIII. 'Whereas the Power of the Vice-Warden to make 'General Rules or Orders of Court is insufficient, and it is doubt- 'ful whether it extends to the Adoption of Improvements in the 'Procedure of the Superior Courts recently made by Parliament, 'or of Rules and Orders made from Time to Time by the Superior 'Courts by the Authority of Parliament:' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to make from Time to Time new Rules and Orders touching the Procedure, Practice, Pleadings, Regulation of Court Fees, and Taxation of Costs, both on the Common Law and Equity Side of the said Court, and all other Business of the said Court, and to prescribe Forms for carrying into effect such new Rules and Orders, and also existing Rules and Orders not varied or repealed, and also to adopt all or any of the Provisions contained in the Act passed in the Session

of Parliament holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-six, and in the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, and in the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, and all or any of the Rules and Orders from Time to Time made and promulgated by the Superior Courts by and under the Authority of the said Acts or otherwise, with such Modifications as may be necessary to adapt them to the Jurisdiction of the Vice-Warden's Court; provided that no such Rules, Orders, Forms, or Provisions shall be made, prescribed, or adopted without the Consent and Approval of One of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster in the Case of Rules, Forms, and Provisions applicable to the Common Law Side of the said Court, or of the Lord Chancellor or One of the Judges of the High Court of Chancery in the Case of Orders, Forms, and Provisions applicable to the Equity Side of the said Court: provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to abridge or restrain any existing Power of the Vice-Warden to make Rules or Orders in Cases not requiring the Consent or Approval of any Judge of the Superior Courts.

XXIV. When the Vice-Warden shall be prevented by Illness Provision for or Accident from attending and sitting on the Day appointed for Illness or accisuch Sitting, it shall not be necessary to send any Statement to dental Absence the Lord Warden of the Cause of his Non-attendance or of the Adjournment of the Court, unless the Vice-Warden shall be, or it shall appear to him probable that he will be, thereby prevented from sitting within the Period required by Law; and if, for the Reason aforesaid, it shall be necessary to appoint a Deputy, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to appoint such Deputy, qualified as now required by Law, for the then next Sittings only, provided the Cause alleged in such Statement be allowed by the Lord Warden to be sufficient and the Person so named as Deputy be approved by him; and whenever it may be desirable to alter the Time fixed for holding the Court, it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to accelerate or postpone the holding thereof, provided that such Alteration be duly notified and published in the usual Way, and the holding be not postponed beyond the Third Calendar Month next after the Calendar Month in which the last preceding Sittings were held, and no Irregularity in the Time of holding any Court or Sitting shall vitiate or avoid the Proceedings at such Court or Sitting.

XXV. 'And, because Doubts may arise as to the Allowance of Allowances to eertain Disbursements and Payment of Arrears of Salaries on be made on the auditing of the Registrar's Accounts, be it enacted, That auditing the Registrar's Accounts, the registrar's Accounts of the Registrar's Accounts. upon such Audit there shall be allowed annually, in respect of the counts. Expenses of advertising and holding Courts in Cornwall, summoning Jurors, enforcing Payment of Assessments, lighting, warming, cleaning, watching, and keeping the Court and Offices there, providing Furniture, Books, Stationery, and Printing, and such additional Accommodation or occasional Assistance in the Office as the Vice-Warden shall consider reasonable or necessary, a Sum not exceeding the Sum of One hundred and Twenty Pounds; provided that if hereafter the Expenses of the Sittings and Court

shall

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shall become larger by reason of increased Business, more frequent Sittings, or other Causes, it shall be competent for the Council of the Prince of Wales, or Special Commissioners for managing the Affairs of the Duchy for the Time being, to authorize a larger Allowance, not exceeding in the whole Two Third Parts of the Fees of Court that shall come into the Hands of the Registrar during each Year: 'And whereas it has happened, and may ' again happen, that the Monies arising from Fees and Assess-' ments, and available for the Payment of the official Salaries ' charged on them, have been, or may be insufficient to pay the ' current Salaries when the same become due: Therefore, when the Registrar shall account to the Vice-Warden for such Monies. there shall be allowed to him thereout not only the Portion of Salaries due in respect of the Half Year then last past, but also all or any Arrears of Salaries remaining unpaid on preceding Accounts.

Regulation of Appeals.

XXVI. The Provisions contained in the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of King William the Fourth, Chapter One hundred and six, and in the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Second and Third Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Fifty-eight, touching Appeals to the Lord Warden, shall be repealed, and henceforth from all Decrees and Orders of the Vice-Warden on the Equity Side of his Court, and from all Judgments of the Vice-Warden on the Common Law Side thereof, there shall lie an Appeal to the Lord Warden, who shall have Power to affirm, vary, or reverse the Decree, Order, or Judgment wholly or in part, or to dismiss the Appeal, or to direct a Re-hearing or a new Trial in the Court below, and to make such Order or Orders touching the Costs in the Cause as to him shall seem fit, and the Decree, Order, or Judgment of the Lord Warden on such Appeal shall be remitted to the Vice-Warden, to be by him carried into effect and enforced, if need be, according to the Course and Practice of the Court; and upon hearing such Appeal it shall not be competent for the Parties to produce fresh Evidence in the Cause, or to call upon the Lord Warden to hear any Witnesses in the Cause, unless he shall in his Discretion think fit to do so; but the Decree, Order, or Judgment of the Lord Warden may proceed on the State of Facts appearing on the Notes of the Trial below certified by the Vice-Warden or agreed upon by the Parties; and the Vice-Warden shall certify such Notes accordingly, and transmit to the Lord Warden a Record of the Proceedings in his Court, and all Documents and Papers in the Cause in the Custody of the Court; and the Parties before the Lord Warden shall produce all the Documents and Papers produced on the Trial below: On the Hearing and Decision of the Appeal the Lord Warden shall be assisted by Two or more Assessors, who shall be Members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council or Judges of the High Court of Chancery or Courts of Common Law at Westminster; and the Decree, Order, or Judgment of the Lord Warden in the Court of Appeal so constituted shall be subject to a final Appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, who shall

have Power to hear and determine the same: And it shall be lawful for the Lord Warden to remit a Cause pending before him on Appeal at once for the Determination of the said Judicial Committee, without pronouncing any previous Judgment thereon: Provided that no Appeal shall be allowed in any Case where the Debt or Damages sought to be recovered shall not exceed Twenty Pounds and where no Question of Jurisdiction or of the Custom of Mining or Miners shall have arisen in the Court below, nor shall any Appeal operate to stay Proceeding or be allowed, unless the Party appellant shall notify in Writing to the Registrar, within Thirty Days after Notice of the Decree, Order, or Judgment appealed against, his Intention to prosecute an Appeal, and shall then give or offer to give Security by Bond to the Registrar to prosecute the same within a Time prefixed by the Court, and to abide by and perform the final Order and Award of the Court of Appeal which Bond shall not require to be stamped; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Warden, with the Approval of Two or more Members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council or Judges of the High Court of Chancery or of the Superior Courts of Common Law, from Time to Time, to make any General Rules and Orders for regulating the Practice, Fees, and Costs on Appeals pending before him, not inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act.

XXVII. The Penalties incurred by the Head Manager of any As to levying Mine by reason of his Omission to make such Returns of Metals and Application and Minerals, or the Value thereof, or such Payments in respect thereof as he is now required by Law to make, shall be assessed and imposed by the Vice-Warden; and such Penalties and all Fines and Penaltics lawfully imposed and levied by Authority of the Vice-Warden for any Default or Non-attendance of Jurors, Misdemeanor of Bailiffs or other Officers, Contempt of Court, or other Cause whatsoever, shall be paid to the Registrar of the Court, and form Part of the Fund for Payment of Expenses and Salaries, and such Fines and Penalties shall be levied within the Stannaries by Fieri facias issued by Order of the Vice-Warden, on Complaint of the Registrar, and Summons, and Hearing in a summary Way; and if the Offender be not found within the Stannaries, shall be levied on like Summons and Hearing, or Default of Appearance, in the Manner herein-before provided for enforcing Execution of Judgments on the Common Law Side of the Court.

XXVIII. 'And whereas by the Tenth Section of an Act Punishment ' passed in the Parliament holden in the Second and Third Years of Frands by of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Fifty-eight, it was ' enacted, that certain Frauds committed by Workmen in Mines ' in the County of Cornwall should be deemed Felonies, and should be punished as in Cases of Simple Larcenv: And whereas it is desirable that that Enactment should be extended to the County of Devon? Be it therefore enacted, That for the Prosecution and Punishment of Frauds in Mines by idle and dishonest Workmen removing or concealing Ore for the Purpose of obtaining more Wages than are of Right due to them, and thereby defrauding the Adventurers in or Proprietors of such Mines, or the honest

Miners in Devonshire.

and industrious Workmen therein, if any Person or Persons employed in or about any Mine within the County of Devon shall take, remove, or conceal the Ore of any Metal, or any Lapis Calaminaris, Manganese, Mundick, or other Mineral found or being in such Mine, with Intent to defraud the Proprietor or Proprietors of or Adventurer or Adventurers in such Mine, or any One or more of them respectively, or any Workman or Miner employed therein, then and in every such Case respectively such Person or Persons so offending shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable to be punished in the same Manner as in the Case of Simple Larceny.

Vice-Warden to be qualified to act as a Justice of the Peace in the County,

XXIX. The Vice-Warden of the Stannaries for the Time being whose Name shall or may be inserted in any Commission of the Peace for the County of Cornwall shall be qualified to act in the Execution of the Office of Justice of the Peace for the said County, although he may not have such Qualification by Estate or Interest in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments as is now enjoined by Law in the Case of other like Justices; provided that he be not disqualified to act for any other Cause or upon any other Occasion than in respect of the Want of such Estate or Interest.

Parts of Acts repealed.

XXX. The following Parts and Provisions of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of King William the Fourth, Chapter One hundred and six, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; that is to say, Sections Five, Eleven, and Fourteen, and so much of Section Seven as relates to Appeals, and the Words "Nisi prius" shall be considered as struck and omitted out of Section Eight: The following Parts and Provisions of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Second and Third Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Fifty-eight, shall also be and the same are hereby repealed; that is to say, Sections Three, Four, and Nine, and the Proviso in Section Two; but no Acts done or Rules or Orders made by Authority of the Provisions so repealed shall be thereby affected or made void.

Law Clerk of the Duchy of Cornwall to act as Attorney or Solicitor in all Courts.

XXXI. 'Whereas it will be convenient that the Office of the ' Duchy of Cornwall should be put on the same Footing as certain 'Public Offices in the Transaction of Law Business:' Be it enacted, That whenever any Person shall be appointed by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, or other the Personage for the Time being entitled to the Possessions of the Duchy of Cornwall, to act as Attorney or Solicitor in the Affairs of the said Duchy, it shall be lawful for such Person to act and practise as such Attorney or Solicitor in such Affairs in all and every Court, Jurisdiction, and Place in any and every Part of the United Kingdom, any Statute, Order, Rule, Usage, or Custom relating to Attornies or Solicitors, or the Admission, Incolment, or Practice of Attornies or Solicitors, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. 'And whereas it has been represented that the Adven-' turers, Miners, and others interested in Mines in the County of ' Devon would be benefited by the Extension of the Stannary Court ' Jurisdiction into that County, and are willing to be contributory

Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon to be united as to Jurisdiction.

' to the Expenses of such Extension, in the Manner herein-after ' provided: Be it therefore enacted as follows: - The Jurisdiction of the Court of the Vice-Warden shall henceforth be extended and exercised over the County of Devon, and over the Mines and Miners therein, and the Process of the said Court, both at Common Law and in Equity, shall run in and be executory throughout the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, and the Forms and Customs of Procedure as now lawfully used and exercised in the Stannaries of Cornwall (subject nevertheless to such Amendments or Provisions as are contained in or may be authorized by this Act, and to all other lawful Rules and Orders of the Court,) shall henceforth be adopted, used, and enforced in and throughout the Stannaries and County of Devon, and the Stannaries of the said Two Counties shall be and become, for the Purposes of Stannary Jurisdiction, One entire District, and the present and all future Vice-Wardens of the Stannaries shall be Vice-Wardens of the Stannaries of and for both Counties, and shall have therein all the like Powers, Privileges, Authority, and Jurisdiction over and in respect of Mines and Miners, and Causes touching the same, in Devon as in Cornwall, and all Miners and others interested in Mines in Devon shall have the Privilege to sue and be sued at Law and in Equity in the Court of the Vice-Warden, and be amenable to the said Court and Vice-Warden, as well by reason of the Person as of the Cause, in like Cases and for like Causes in and for which the Miners and others interested in Mines in Cornwall now have such Privilege or are amenable to the said Court and Vice-Warden: Provided always, that the Common Law Jurisdiction of the Vice-Warden in respect of Causes of Action arising in Devon shall not extend to or be exercised in the County of Devon or to or over Miners therein, except in Causes and in respect of Matters relating to Mines or the Products thereof or Work connected therewith, or to the Working or Management thereof, or the Supply of Materials, Money, or Necessaries, or Performance of Work and Labour to, for, or in respect of such Mines or Works, or relating to the Customs of Mining or Miners. or to Shares or Interests in any Mine or Adventure in Mines.

XXXIII. 'And whereas it will be convenient that Provision The Vice-War-' should be made for periodical Sittings of the Court in Devon- den to sit in ' skire as well as in Cornwall?' Be it enacted, That if and when it Devonshire shall appear to the Council of His Royal Highness the Prince of Funds shall be Wales, or the Special Commissioners for managing the Affairs of provided for the Duchy for the Time being, that the Revenue annually arising such Sitting. from the Assessment herein-after authorized on Mines in Devonshire will amount to the Sum of Three hundred and twenty Pounds at the least, over and above the Expense of Collection, the said Council or Commissioners shall have Power to direct that Sittings be held by the Vice-Warden in Devonshire, and thereupon the Vice-Warden shall so sit, either by Adjournment from Truro or otherwise, at least Four Times in each Year, as he has heretofore been accustomed to do in Cornwall, and he shall hold his Sittings either at Plymouth, Devonport, or Stonehouse, in the said County, as to him shall seem fit, subject to the Power of Adjournment in

certain

certain Cases, as herein-before provided, and for that Purpose shall have Authority to use and occupy the Public Halls of the said Boroughs, or some other convenient Building provided for such Sittings, at such convenient Times and in such Way as may not interfere with other necessary public Business usually transacted therein, and in that event the said Council or Commissioners shall direct in what Manner, and on what Conditions, Terms, and Tenure, Monies arising from such Assessment, or any Part thereof, shall be appropriated, either among the present Officers of the Court and their Successors, or to the Deputies who (with the Assent and Approval of the Vice-Warden) may be employed by such Officers to execute their Duties or any Part of their Duties, when the Court shall be sitting in Devonshire, or to new or additional Officers and Clerks, or towards the general Expenses of the Court, so as best to secure the due Performance of the additional Duties and increased Business occasioned by the Extension of the Jurisdiction, and to indemnify the present Officers of the Court for any Expenses to which they may be put by Attendance elsewhere than at Truro, and Payment shall be made according to such Appropriation, and it shall be competent for the Council or Commissioners, at the Recommendation of the Vice-Warden, to vary such Appropriation, having due Regard to the Exigencies of Business in the said Court, and the Amount of Funds applicable to the Expenses thereof.

Collector in Devonshire.

XXXIV. There shall be a Collector of the Assessments in the County of *Devon*, to be appointed by the Vice-Warden, with like Duties and Liabilities as in *Cornwall*, who shall receive for such Collection, out of the Monies so collected, an annual Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, and shall hold his Office at Will, and it shall be lawful for the Vice-Warden to appoint the same Person to be Collector in both Counties, and to appoint Bailiffs for Service and Execution of Process throughout the whole District of both Stannaries.

Jurors to be qualified as at Assizes.

No Sittings in Devon till Duchy Council or Commissioners shall direct.

XXXV. All Jury Trials, whether in Actions, Suits, or Plaints, on the Common Law Side of the Court, arising in the County of Devon, or in Issues from the Equity Side, shall be by Persons qualified to serve as Jurors before the Justices of Assize and Nisi Prius in the said County; and for making out Lists of such Jurors, and summoning them, the Vice-Warden shall have and execute the like Powers as in Cornwall; and the Persons so qualified to serve shall be liable to challenge, and amenable to the Process of the said Court, and enjoy the same Exemptions in respect of their Attendance and Service as in the Stannaries of Cornwall: Provided nevertheless, that until the Vice-Warden shall receive the Directions of the said Council or Commissioners, as above provided, to hold Sittings in the County of Devon, it shall not be obligatory on him to hold any Sittings there, nor shall it be obligatory on Persons qualified to serve as Jurors in the Vice-Warden's Court in Devonshire to give their Attendance as such at any Court held by him in that County or elsewhere, nor shall any Cause arising in Devonshire, and pending before any County Court Judge there, be remitted for Trial or Hearing before the Vice-Warden.

Warden, as berein-before provided; and in the meantime the said Council or Commissioners shall direct in what Manner and in what Proportions the Revenue arising from Fees and Assessments in respect of Causes and Mines in the County of Devon shall be applied towards Court or Office Expenses, or Payment of the present or additional Official Salaries.

XXXVI. And for the Purpose of providing for the Expenses Assessment of attendant upon the Extension of the Jurisdiction of the Court Mines and into Devon, there shall be an Assessment of a Farthing in the Devon. Pound on the Value of all Metals and Minerals in that County, as in Cornwall, and all the Enactments contained in this and any other Act of Parliament for obtaining and enforcing Returns, and levying and collecting the said Assessment, in Cornwall, shall be taken to apply to the like Assessment in Devon, and the Collector thereof shall account for all Monies received by him as in-Cornwall, and such Assessment shall begin at the passing of this Act, and be collected for the First Time at the End of Three Calendar Months next after the passing of this Act; provided, that whenever it shall appear to the Vice-Warden, on auditing the Registrar's Accounts, that there is a Balance in hand sufficient to meet all authorized Payments for the next Half Year, the like Notice thereof and Suspension of Assessment shall take place as in the Assessment in Cornwall; and the Registrar of the Court shall keep a separate Account of all Fees and Monies coming into his Hands in respect of Causes and Matters arising in the County of Devon, and in respect of the Assessment of Metals and Minerals in that County, and shall render Accounts to the Vice-Warden as in Cornwall, and shall be allowed in his half-yearly Account, as well the additional Salaries and Sums lawfully chargeable thereon, as herein-before provided, as the reasonable and needful Expenses of advertising and holding Courts and summoning Jurors in the County of Devon (if any be held), and of lighting, warming, cleaning, watching, and keeping the Court, and an Office there (if any), and other like petty Expenses, as allowed in the County of Cornwall and the Amounts so audited shall be filed, and be open for Inspection, as is now used in the said Court.

XXXVII. Persons committed to Prison by the Vice-Warden Commitment of in respect of Causes or Contempts in the County of Devon shall Prisoners in be committed and taken either to the County Gaol at Exeter or Devonshire. the Borough Gaol of Plymouth or Devonport, as shall appear to the Vice-Warden most expedient in each Case, and shall be received, dealt with, maintained, supported, and provided for as if they had been committed to those Prisons by like Process out of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity at Westminster, or by any Court of Civil Jurisdiction held in or for the Borough of

Plymouth or Devonport.

XXXVIII. Whenever it shall hereafter appear that a sufficient Provision for Fund shall be provided in the Stannaries of Devon for the Esta- the eventual blishment of a permanent separate Court and a separate Office and Officers in and for a Vice-Warden's Court in the County of Devon, Court in Devonit shall be larged for How Majorin by Orden in Court in Devonit shall be larged for How Majorin by Orden in Court in Devonit it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, issued at shire. the Instance of the said Council of His Royal Highness, or the Special

'consequence

Jurisdiction of the Stannary Court Amendment.

Special Commissioners, as aforesaid, to direct that such Court and Office shall be erected and established on the Model of the Vice-Warden's Court as now constituted in Cornwall, and to declare that all Provisions of the present Act, and of the several Acts for the Establishment of the said Court in Cornwall, so far as they shall be applicable to such new Court in the County of Devon, shall be deemed and taken to be in force in the last-mentioned County, and to assign Salaries to the several Officers of the said Court, not exceeding the Salaries appointed before or at the passing of this Act for the like Officers in the County of Cornwall, and to declare what Proportion of the Salary now payable to the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries shall thenceforth be contributed out of the Revenue arising in the County of Devon if the same Vice-Warden shall be appointed for both Courts, and to make such other Regulations as shall be necessary or expedient for effectually establishing and providing for such separate Court and Office; and thereupon, on the Promulgation of the said Order in Council, the said separate Court and Office shall be and become permanently established in the County of Devon, as fully and effectually as if the same had been established and confirmed by Act of Parliament; and all Provisions made by this Act, or by the Council of His Royal Highness, or the said Special Commissioners, under the Authority of this Act, for the Extension of the Jurisdiction of the present Court into the County of Devon, shall cease, save only that the Process of the Court in each County in Causes arising in that County shall be executory and executed in and throughout both Counties.

CAP. XXXIII.

ceedings in the House of Commons. [15th June 1855.]

An Act to prevent Doubts as to the Validity of certain Pro-WHEREAS the House of Commons on the Fourth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, Her ' Majesty having previously signified Her Consent that the House ' might do therein as they should think fit, resolved as follows: "That whenever the House shall be informed of the unavoidable " Absence of Mr. Speaker, the Chairman of the Committee of "Ways and Means do take the Chair for that Day only, and "in the event of Mr. Speaker's Absence continuing for more " "than One Day do, if the House shall think fit and shall so "order it, take the Chair in like Manner on any subsequent "Day during such Absence:" And whereas on the Fourth Day of this present Month of June, Mr. Speaker being unavoidably absent by reason of Indisposition, the Right Honourable Henry ' FitzRoy, being the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, took the Chair in pursuance of the said Resolutions: 'And whereas the House on the same Day further resolved as follows; viz.: "That in the event of Mr. Speaker's Absence " continuing for more than this Day, Mr. FitzRoy do take the "Chair on each subsequent Day during the present Week:" ' And whereas the said Right Honourable Henry FitzRoy did, in

Validity of Proceedings (House of Commons).

consequence of the continued Absence of Mr. Speaker, on each ' subsequent Day during the said Week take the Chair, and perform therein certain Duties appertaining to the Office of Speaker: ' And whereas Doubts may arise as to the Validity of Acts done ' or Proceedings taken by or in the House during the Time aforesaid in relation to certain Matters regulated by Statute:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Acts and Proceedings which For Removal according to the Provisions of any Statute are required to be of Doubts as to done or taken in the House of Commons with their Speaker in the Chair, and which have been done or taken by or in the House while the said Right Honourable Henry FitzRoy was in the Chair House of Comas aforesaid, shall be and shall be deemed to have been as valid monsduring the and effectual for all Purposes as if Mr. Speaker himself had been Absence of in the Chair during the Time when such Acts and Proceedings respectively were done and taken.

the Validity of certain Proceedings in the Mr. Speaker.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to provide for the Education of Children in the Receipt of Out-door Relief. [26th June 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Means should be taken to provide Education for the young Children of poor Persons ' who are relieved out of the Workhouse:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

I. That the Guardians of any Union or any Parish in England Guardians may wherein the Relief to the Poor is administered by a Board of grant Relief to Guardians may, if they deem proper, grant Relief for the Purpose enable poor Persons to educate of enabling any poor Person lawfully relieved out of the Work- their Children, house to provide Education for any Child of such Person between the Ages of Four and Sixteen in any School to be approved of by the said Guardians, for such Time and under such Conditions

as the said Guardians shall see fit.

II. Provided, That the Poor Law Board may at any Time issue PoorLawBoard their Order to regulate the Proceedings of the Guardians with may regulate reference to the Mode, Time, or Place in or at which such Relief Recedings, shall be given or such Education received.

III. Provided also, That it shall not be lawful for the Guardians Education not a to impose as a Condition of Relief that such Education shall be Condition of

given to any Child of the Person requiring Relief.

IV. The Cost of the Relief so given for the Education of any Cost of Relief such Child shall be charged to the same Account as the other how to be Relief granted by the said Guardians to the same poor Person, charged. and may be given by the said Guardians, and recovered by them as a Loan, under the same Circumstances and in like Manner as such other Relief.

18 & 19 Vict.

CAP.

Education of Poor Children.

Orphans and deserted Children may be relieved. V. In the Case of any Child of such Age as aforesaid relieved out of the Workhouse, which Child has been deserted by its Parents or surviving Parent, or both whose Parents are dead, it shall be lawful for such Guardians in their Discretion, and with the like Power of Regulation on the Part of the Poor Law Board as aforesaid, to grant Relief for the Purpose of providing Education for such Child in any such School as aforesaid.

Act to be construed with 5 W. 4. c. 76.

16 & 17 Vict.

c. 91.

VI. The Words used in this Act shall be construed in like Manner as the Words contained in the Act of the Fifth of *William* the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, and the several Acts incorporated therewith.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to continue the Act for extending for a limited Time the Provision for Abatement of Income Tax in respect of Insurance on Lives. [26th June 1855.]

'WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act to extend for a limited Time the Provision for Abatement of Income Tax in respect of Insurance on Lives, which Act was limited to continue

' in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred.' and fifty-four: And whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament the said first-mentioned Act was continued until

the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five:
And whereas it is expedient to extend the Benefit of the recited

Provisions to Persons insuring or contracting with such Friendly
Societies as herein-after mentioned, and to continue the said first-

' recited Act for such Period as herein-after mentioned:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and

by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Persons insured with Friendly Societies to be entitled to Benefits of recited Acts.

I. Any Person or Persons who shall have made any such Insurance or contracted for any such Deferred Annuity as in the said recited Acts mentioned, in or with any Friendly Society legally established under any Act of Parliament relating to Friendly Societies, shall be entitled to all the Benefits and Advantages conferred by the said recited Acts; provided that the Premiums payable in respect of such Insurances shall not be made for shorter Periods than Three Months.

16 & 17 Vict.
c. 91. to continue in force
and be applicable to Duties
granted by
17 & 18 Vict.
c. 24. and
18 & 19 Vict.
c. 20.

II. The said Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and shall be applicable, with respect to the Rate of Duty of One Shilling and Twopence for every Twenty Shillings granted by the Act of the last Session of Parliament, Chapter Twenty-four, and to the additional Rate of Duty of Twopence for every Twenty Shillings granted by the Act of the present Session of Parliament, Chapter Twenty, in like Manner as to the Rate or Duty of Sevenpence for every Twenty Shillings granted by the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Thirty-four.

Stamp Duties Repeal on Matriculation and Degrees (Oxford).

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to repeal the Stamp Duties payable on Matriculation and Degrees in the University of Oxford.

[26th June 1855.]

HEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parlia- 17 & 18 Vict. ment (Chapter Eighty-one) "to make further Provision c. 81. " for the good Government and Extension of the University of " "Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint " Mary Winchester," it was enacted, that the Stamp Duties then payable on Matriculations and Degrees should be abolished so ' soon as Provision should have been made by the University, to ' the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, ' in lieu of the Monies theretofore voted annually by Parliament: ' And whereas by a Statute of the said University, adopted by ' Convocation on the Thirty-first Day of May One thousand eight ' hundred and fifty-five, Provision has been made for the Payment out of the University Chest of the Salaries and Allowances to certain Professors of the said University, mentioned in the ' Schedule to this Act (being the same Salaries and Allowances 'as were theretofore annually voted by Parliament to the same ' Professors), and the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury ' are satisfied that such Statute is a due Provision in lieu of the ' Monies theretofore voted annually by Parliament, as intended ' by said Act:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. All Stamp Duties payable under the Act of the Fifty-fifth Stamp Duties Year of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and on Matriculaeighty-four, or under any other Act of Parliament, on the Ad- tion and Demission or Matriculation of any Person in the said University of repealed. Oxford, and on the Admission of any Person to any Degree in the said University (whether conferred in the ordinary Course of the University or otherwise), or for the Registry or Entry of any such Admission, shall from and after the said Thirty-first Day of May

cesse to be payable.

II. No Salary or Allowance payable under the said Statute of Salaries payable the said University to any Professor mentioned in the Schedule under Univerto this Act shall be discontinued or reduced without the Consent sity Statute not of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

SCHEDULE.

Ł To the Professor of Mineralogy 100 To the Professor of Geology 100 To the Professor of Experimental Philosophy 100 To the Professor of Chemistry 100 To the Professor of Modern History 371 To the Professor of Botany 182

to be discontinued without Consent of Treasury.

Consolidated Fund (£10,000,000.)

Spirit of Wine.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act to apply the Sum of Ten Millions out of the Consolidated Fund to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. [26th June 1855.]

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to allow Spirit of Wine to be used Duty-free in the Arts and Manufactures of the United Kingdom.

[26th June 1855.]

direct

WHEREAS it is expedient, with a view to promote the Advancement of the Arts and Manufactures of the 'United Kingdom, to allow Spirit of Wine to be used Duty-free in the various Processes thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

A Mixture of Spirit of Wine and Methylic Alcohol may be allowed Dutyfree for Use in the Arts or Manufactures.

I. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue to permit and authorize any Distiller or Rectifier of Spirits, or other Person specially licensed in that Behalf, to mix, under the Conditions and Regulations herein-after mentioned, Spirit of Wine of not less Degree of Strength than Fifty per Cent. over Proof, and in a Quantity of not less than Four hundred and fifty Gallons at One Time, with not less than One Ninth of its Bulk Measure of Wood Naphtha or Methylic Alcohol, or to mix Spirit of Wine of such other Degree of Strength and in such other Quantity or Proportion with Wood Naphtha or Methylic Alcohol, or with such other Article or Substance as the said Commissioners shall from Time to Time approve, order, and direct, and as to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners shall render such Spirit unfit for Use as a Beverage, and incapable of being converted to that Purpose, and thereupon such Mixture shall be allowed Duty-free for Use in such Branches of the Arts and Manufactures of the United Kingdom as the said Commissioners shall sanction or approve in that Behalf, or if such Mixture shall be made by a Rectifier with Dutypaid Spirit of Wine, he shall be allowed a Drawback of the Duty on such Spirit of Wine at the Rate chargeable on Spirits of the like Strength distilled in that Part of the United Kingdom where such Mixture shall be made.

The Mixture to be termed Methylated Spirit.

II. The said Mixture of Spirit of Wine with Wood Naphtha or Methylic Alcohol shall be denominated Methylated Spirit, and the Mixture of Spirit of Wine with any other Substance appointed or approved by the said Commissioners for the Purpose aforesaid shall be designated by such Term as they shall from Time to Time direct; and wherever in this Act the Term Methylated Spirit is used the same shall be deemed to include any and every such other Mixture as last mentioned, and the several Provisions of this Act shall be deemed to apply to any and every such last-mentioned Mixture as if the Term by which the said Commissioners shall

Spirit of Wine.

direct the same to be designated had been substituted in this Act for and in lieu of the Term Methylated Spirit.

III. Every Person who shall be authorized by the Commis- Persons (other sioners of Inland Revenue to make or mix Methylated Spirit than Distillers (other than a Distiller or Rectifier of Spirits) shall take out a or Rectifiers) Licence for that Purpose, and shall pay the Sum of Ten Pounds and Ten Shillings for the Duty thereon; and such Licence and lated Spirit to Payment of Duty thereon shall be renewed annually on the First pay for a Li-Day of October in every Year, so long as such Person shall continue to be authorized as aforesaid to make or mix Methylated Purpose. Spirit; and every such Licence shall be granted and renewed in like Manner as other Excise Licences are granted and renewed, and under and subject to the Provisions and Regulations of the Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, Chapter Eighty-one.

authorized to make Methy-

C.38.

IV. The mixing of Spirit of Wine with Wood Naphtha or Places of mix-Methylic Alcohol or any such Article or Substance as aforesaid ing to be apshall be made only in such Warehouses, Buildings, and Rooms as proved and enthe said Commissioners shall from Time to Time approve, and of which the Distiller or Rectifier or Person specially licensed as aforesaid, proposing to make such Mixture, shall specially make mixing, &c. to Entry for that Purpose with the proper Officer of Excise; and be made under the Removal of such Spirit of Wine, and of any such Article or Regulations of Substance as aforesaid, to any such entered Place of mixing, and the Time and Mode of mixing the same, and the Sale, Delivery, and Removal of the Methylated Spirit therefrom, shall be under and subject to such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and with and under such Securities, as the said Commissioners may from Time to Time make, direct, or require in that Behalf.

tered, and Removal of Articles for Commissioners.

V. All Wood Naphtha or Methylic Alcohol, or other such Wood Naphtha, Article or Substance as aforesaid, to be mixed with such Spirit &c. to be inof Wine, shall before the mixing thereof be examined by and spected by Offisubject to the Approval of an Officer of Excise appointed in that Behalf; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, if they shall think fit, to provide the Wood Naphtha, Methylic Alcohol, or other such Article or Substance, as aforesaid, for and at the Expense of the Person proposing to make such Mixture.

cer before mix-

VI. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, Commissioners if they shall think fit, to provide Warehouses for the making, may provide mixing, and storing of Methylated Spirit, and also to provide Workmen requisite in that Behalf, and to charge in respect of all Methylated Spirit made, mixed, or stored in any such Warehouse thylated Spirit. the Rate of One Penny per Gallon per Month, and the like Rate for any fractional Part of a Month, as a Compensation for Warehouse Rent and such Labour as aforesaid.

Warehouses. &c. for mixing and storing Me-

VII. The proper Officer of Excise shall keep a Stock Account, A Stock Acby way of Debtor and Creditor, of all Methylated Spirit made count to be kept by every Maker of such Spirit, and shall in such Account debit of Methylated Spirit in the the Stock with the Quantity of such Spirit from Time to Time Possession of medical about the Stock with the Quantity of such Spirit from Time to Time Possession of medical about the stock with the Spirit from Time to Time Possession of medical about the stock with the stock made or added thereto, and shall credit the same with the Quantity every Maker. from

tion

Spirit of Wine.

Excess of Stock to be forfeited, and Deficiency to be charged with Duty.

from Time to Time duly and legally sent out therefrom; and in the keeping and taking of every such Account all such Methylated Spirit shall be calculated to Proof Gallons and Fractions thereof, and for this Purpose the Strength of such Methylated Spirit as indicated by Sykes's Hydrometer shall be deemed to be the true Strength thereof; and if at any Time the Quantity of Methylated Spirit found in the Stock or Possession of any such Maker shall exceed by a greater Rate than One per Centum the Quantity thereof which by the Stock Account so kept by such Officer ought to be in the Stock or Possession of such Maker, computing such Rate of One per Centum on the Quantity of Methylated Spirit formed by the Balance left on the last Stock-taking and the Quantity thereof since made and duly added to such Stock, all such excess Quantity of Methylated Spirit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and if at any Time the Quantity of Methylated Spirit found in the Stock or Possession of any such Maker shall be deficient by a greater Rate than Two per Centum, calculated as aforesaid, of the Quantity thereof which by such Stock Account ought to be in the Stock or Possession of such Maker, he shall be charged with and shall pay for all such deficient Quantity the Rate of Duty chargeable upon Spirits distilled in that Part of the United Kingdom where such Stock shall be kept.

Methylated Spirit to be delivered only from an entered Place and with Permit.

Penalty of 50l. of the Spirit.

Persons to be authorized by the Commissioners to re-Methylated Spirit for Use in the Arts or Manufactures.

VIII. No Methylated Spirit shall be sold, sent out, or delivered from any Place other than a Warehouse, Building, or Store-room approved and duly entered as aforesaid for the mixing or storing of such Spirit, or otherwise than in Vessels containing not less than Ten Gallons, each distinctly labelled with the Words "Methylated Spirit," and accompanied by a proper Permit or other such Document as the said Commissioners may order or direct to be used to accompany such Spirit on the Removal thereof; and if and Forfeiture, any Person shall unlawfully or improperly sell, send out, deliver, or remove any Methylated Spirit, contrary to any of the Provisions of this Act, or the Regulations of the said Commissioners to be made in this Behalf, he shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and such Methylated Spirit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

IX. The Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall, by themselves or their Officers, license or authorize such Persons as the said Commissioners shall think fit to receive Methylated Spirit Dutyceive Duty-free free, to be used in the several Branches of the Arts or Manufactures carried on by them respectively, and shall provide and deliver to such Persons Forms of Requisition to be used by them in procuring Methylated Spirit from the Makers thereof, and Counterfoils of such Requisitions to be filled up and retained by such licensed or authorized Persons for the Inspection of the Officers of Excise; and every such Requisition shall be accompanied by a Certificate signed by an Officer of Excise to be authorized by the said Commissioners in that Behalf, certifying that the Applicant is a Person so licensed or authorized as aforesaid; and no Methylated Spirit shall be sold or delivered to any Person except upon his delivering to the Maker thereof a Requisi-

Jurisdiction of the Stannary Court Amendment.

' to the Expenses of such Extension, in the Manner herein-after ' provided: Be it therefore enacted as follows:- The Jurisdiction of the Court of the Vice-Warden shall henceforth be extended and exercised over the County of Devon, and over the Mines and Miners therein, and the Process of the said Court, both at Common Law and in Equity, shall run in and be executory throughout the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, and the Forms and Customs of Procedure as now lawfully used and exercised in the Stannaries of Cornwall (subject nevertheless to such Amendments or Provisions as are contained in or may be authorized by this Act, and to all other lawful Rules and Orders of the Court,) shall henceforth be adopted, used, and enforced in and throughout the Stannaries and County of Devon, and the Stannaries of the said Two Counties shall be and become, for the Purposes of Stannary Jurisdiction, One entire District, and the present and all future Vice-Wardens of the Stannaries shall be Vice-Wardens of the Stannaries of and for both Counties, and shall have therein all the like Powers, Privileges, Authority, and Jurisdiction over and in respect of Mines and Miners, and Causes touching the same. in Devon as in Cornwall, and all Miners and others interested in Mines in Devon shall have the Privilege to sue and be sued at Law and in Equity in the Court of the Vice-Warden, and be amenable to the said Court and Vice-Warden, as well by reason of the Person as of the Cause, in like Cases and for like Causes in and for which the Miners and others interested in Mines in Corneall now have such Privilege or are amenable to the said Court and Vice-Warden: Provided always, that the Common Law Jurisdiction of the Vice-Warden in respect of Causes of Action arising in Devon shall not extend to or be exercised in the County of Devon or to or over Miners therein, except in Causes and in respect of Matters relating to Mines or the Products thereof or Work connected therewith, or to the Working or Management thereof, or the Supply of Materials, Money, or Necessaries, or Performance of Work and Labour to, for, or in respect of such Mines or Works, or relating to the Customs of Mining or Miners, or to Shares or Interests in any Mine or Adventure in Mines.

XXXIII. 'And whereas it will be convenient that Provision The Vice-War-' should be made for periodical Sittings of the Court in Devon- den to sit in ' skire as well as in Cornwall:' Be it enacted, That if and when it Devonshire shall appear to the Council of His Royal Highness the Prince of Funds shall be Wales, or the Special Commissioners for managing the Affairs of provided for the Duchy for the Time being that the Royanus and the Prince of Provided for the Duchy for the Time being, that the Revenue annually arising such Sitting. from the Assessment herein-after authorized on Mines in Devonshire will amount to the Sum of Three hundred and twenty Pounds at the least, over and above the Expense of Collection, the said Council or Commissioners shall have Power to direct that Sittings be held by the Vice-Warden in Devonshire, and thereupon the Vice-Warden shall so sit, either by Adjournment from Truro or otherwise, at least Four Times in each Year, as he has heretofore been accustomed to do in Cornwall, and he shall hold his Sittings either at Plymouth, Devonport, or Stonehouse, in the said County, as to him shall seem fit, subject to the Power of Adjournment in

certain

Spirit of Wine.

Methylated Spirit is used, and inspect and take Samples. C. 38.

is or may be used by any Person licensed or authorized as afore-said to use the same; and it shall also be lawful for any such Officer to inspect, examine, and take Samples from all such Methylated Spirit as he may there find, paying a reasonable Compensation for such Samples; and if any Person shall refuse to allow such Officer to enter any such Premises, or to make such Inspection or Examination, or to take any such Sample as aforesaid, such Person so refusing shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Commissioners may revoke Authority to make or use Methylated Spirit, &c.

XIV. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, if they shall think fit, at any Time, to revoke their Licence or Authority granted to any Person to make or to receive or use Duty-free Methylated Spirit, under the Provisions of this Act, and also to revoke their Approval of any Warehouse, Building, or Room as a Place for mixing, making, or storing any such Spirit.

Makers not to supply Methylated Spirit to Persons whose Authority to use the same is revoked.

XV. Provided always, That no Maker of Methylated Spirit shall sell, supply, or deliver any such Spirit to any Person respecting whom Notice in Writing shall have been given to such Maker by any Supervisor or other Superior Officer of Excise, that the Licence or Authority granted to such Person to receive or use Methylated Spirit has been revoked, or that such Person is otherwise disqualified to receive or use such Spirit, notwithstanding that such Person may produce and deliver to such Maker of Methylated Spirit a proper Form of Requisition for such Spirit, accompanied by such Certificate as herein-before mentioned; and if any Maker of Methylated Spirit shall sell, supply, or deliver any such Spirit to or for the Use of any Person respecting whom he shall have received any such Notice as aforesaid, such Maker shall be charged with and shall pay for and upon such Spirit the Rate of Duty chargeable upon Spirits distilled in that Part of the United Kingdom where he shall make Methylated Spirit.

Methylated Spirit in the Possession of K an unauthorized Person, or in an unentered Place, forfeited, and Penalty incurred.

XVI. No Person, other than a Distiller or Rectifier or licensed Person authorized respectively to make Methylated Spirit, or a Person licensed or authorized, under the Provisions of this Act, to receive and use Methylated Spirit, shall have any such Spirit in his Possession; and if any Methylated Spirit shall be found in the Possession of any Distiller or Rectifier or Person licensed to make such Spirit, otherwise than in a Room or Place duly entered for making, mixing, or storing such Spirit, or if any Methylated Spirit shall be found in the Possession of any Person not licensed or authorized as aforesaid, except on the Removal thereof, accompanied by a proper Permit or Certificate in that Behalf, all such Methylated Spirit so found as aforesaid shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and the Person in whose Possession the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Commencement of Act. XVII. This Act shall commence and take effect on the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

Grants of Lands.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to facilitate Grants of Lands and Tenements for the Purpose of Religious Worship and other Purposes connected therewith. [26th June 1855.]

WHEREAS many Congregations of Persons not belonging to the Established Church in Ireland have been and are ' in many Cases prevented from erecting suitable Buildings for ' Religious Worship, and for the Residence of their Clergymen, 'Ministers, and Pastors, and Schoolhouses for the Education of ' their Children, and from providing suitable Burial Grounds, by ' the Difficulty of obtaining Leases of Land of sufficient Duration ' for such Purposes, and in many Cases have been obliged to use ' for the Purposes aforesaid Lands granted or demised for Terms of short or uncertain Duration, and it is expedient that Tenants ' for Life and other Persons having limited Interests in Lands ' should be enabled for the Purposes aforesaid to make Grants or Leases for any Period not exceeding the Estate or Interest out of which such limited Interest is created, and to accept Sur-' renders of and convert into Leases for such extended Period any Leases of short or uncertain Duration already made for such ' Purposes or any of them:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. In the Construction of this Act the Words "Grantor" or Interpretation "Lessor" shall extend to a Body Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, of Terms. making Grants or Leases:

The Word "Lessee" shall include the personal Representatives of any Lessee and his lawful Assigns:

The Word "Person" shall include any Body Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate:

The Expression "Perpetual Interest" shall comprehend, in addition to any greater Interest, any Estate for One or more than One Life, with or without a Term for Years, or for Years, whether absolute or determinable on One or more than One Life, with a Covenant or Agreement by a Party com-

petent thereto for perpetual Renewal:

The Expression "Successors in Estate" shall extend to and include the Persons entitled for the Time being after the Lessor to the actual Receipt of the Rents and Profits of the Lands comprised in the Lessor, or under the same Title, Settlement, or Will with the Lessor, or under the Exercise of any Power affecting such Title or continued in such Settlement or Will, and who but for the making of the said Lease would be entitled to Possession of the Lands, or to the Possession subject to any other existing Lease or Tenancy:

The Word "entitled" shall mean entitled either legally or

equitably:

Grants of Lands.

The Word "Settlement" shall include every Assurance or connected Set or Series of Assurances, whether by Deed, Will, Private Act of Parliament, or otherwise, by which Lands are or shall be limited in a Course of Settlement, or agreed so to be.

Short Title.

II. In citing this Act in any Instrument, Document, Proceeding, or Act of Parliament, it shall be sufficient Designation to use the Expression "The Leasing Powers Act for Religious Worship in (*Ireland*), 1855."

With respect to the Persons hereby empowered to make Leases:

Power to make Leases of Land of not more than Five Acres for religious Purposes. III. Every Person herein-after described entitled in possession to any Estate or Interest herein-after named in Lands in Ireland, or to the Receipt of any Rents and Profits thereof, whether or not such Estate shall be subject to any Mortgage or other Incumbrance (provided the Incumbrancer shall not be in possession), shall have Power to make Leases of any Part of the said Lands, (other than the Mansion House and Demesne Lands or Parks, Plantations, Gardens, Orchards, or Pleasure Grounds and Appurtenances belonging to or usually occupied with such Mansion House,) and not exceeding in the whole Five Acres, for the Purposes and Periods of Time, and subject to the Rents, Rights of Apportionment of Rent, Covenants, and Conditions herein stated; (that is to say,)

(1.) Her Majesty the Queen and Her Successors; the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods and Forests in respect of Lands situate in the Kingdom of Ireland:

(2.) Tenants in Fee Simple or Fee Farm or seised of any other perpetual Estate subject to any Mortgage or Incumbrance:

(3.) Tenants in Tail or Quasi-Entail of an Estate of Inheritance or perpetual Interest:

(4.) Tenants for the Term of their own Lives, not being Jointresses, or for the Life or Lives of any other Person or Persons, or for so many Years as they may live, or any partial Owner, for an unexpired Term of Years not being less than Sixty Years in its Inception, and whether absolute or determinable on a Life created out of an Estate of Inheritance or perpetual Interest by any Settlement, and not in consideration of or subject to any Rent reserved thereby:

(5.) Married Women entitled to any Estate specified in Numbers (2.), (3.), or (4.) for their separate Use, and whether restrained or not from Anticipation:

(6.) Tenants by the Courtesy of England:

(7.) Husbands seised in right of their Wives, or by Entireties with their Wives, provided that the Wife is entitled to any such Estate as is specified in Number (2.), but whether subject to any Incumbrance or not, or in Numbers (3.) or (4.), and shall be a consenting and executing Party to the Lease, not being under Age:

(9.) Cor-

Grants of Lands.

(9.) Corporations Lay, Eleemosynary, and Collegiate, whether aggregate or sole: Provided, that no Lease made by any Municipal Corporation or Board of Guardians of the Poor shall be valid without the Licence in Writing in the Case of a Municipal Corporation of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and in the Case of such Board of Guardians of the Poor of the Poor Law Commissioners for Ireland, such Licence to be written on or annexed to the said Lease:

(10.) Trustees and Feoffees of Charitable Uses of a public Nature, and seised or possessed of an Estate in Fee

Simple, Fee Farm, or other perpetual Interest:

(11.) Trustees under any Will or Settlement entitled in Fee Simple or for a perpetual Interest or to any Estate specified in Number (4.), and having a Power to sell the same: Provided, however, that when such Power is to be exercised with the Consent of any Person no such Lease shall be valid without such Consent.

And with respect to Cases of Disability of Parties otherwise entitled to make Leases:

IV. In case any Person (not being a Trustee or Feoffee of charit- In Cases of able Uses of a public Nature) who would be entitled to make Disability of Lesses under this Act or otherwise shall happen to be under any of the following Disabilities or Incapacities, the Power shall be exercised in his or her Name and on his or her Behalf in the following Manner: If under the Age of Twenty-one Years, by his or her Guardian appointed by Will or Settlement, or by the Court of Chancery; and if such Person have no Guardian, it shall be lawful for the Court of Chancery in Ireland, on Petition in a summary Way, to appoint a Guardian of such Person under Age, for the Purpose of executing any Lease under this Act, in the Manner aforesaid, and to change him from Time to Time, and the Power shall be executed by the Guardian so appointed: If lunatic or idiot, or non compos mentis, by the Committee of the Estate; and if there shall be no Committee of the Estate, or no Inquisition finding such Person idiot or lunatic, it shall be lawful for the Court of Chancery in Ireland, by Petition in a summary Way, to appoint a Guardian of such Person, for the Purpose of executing any Lease under this Act, and to change such Guardian from Time to Time, and the Power shall be executed as aforesaid by the Guardian so appointed: Provided always, that no Lease made under this Act of the Estate of any Person under Age or of unsound Mind or non compos mentis shall be valid without the Consent of the Court of Chancery, to be obtained in a summary Manner by Petition to the said Court of Chancery by any Party interested thereon.

The Purposes and Periods of Time for which Leases may be made under this Act shall be as follows:

V. A Lease made by a Person empowered by this Act may be Forms of made of any Quantity of Land, not exceeding in the whole Five Leases under Acres, for a Site for a Place of Worship for such Congregation, this Act. and for the Residence of their Clergymen, Ministers, or Pastors, and for the Erection of a School or Schools and School Accommodation

Parties, Guardians, &c. may make Leases.

C. 39.

Grants of Lands.

modation in connexion therewith, and for a Burial Ground for the Interment of its deceased Members, or for any One or more of such Purposes, and such Leases may be made in Fee Farm, or for any Term not exceeding Nine hundred and ninety-nine Years.

Provisions as to Leases made previous to the Act.

VI. Where any Lease or Grant shall have been made before the passing of this Act for any of the Purposes aforesaid, and for a Period less than the Term for which a Lease may be made under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Person enabled to make a Lease of such Land under this Act to accept a Surrender of such existing Lease or Grant, and make a new Lease under this Act of the same Land, or of the same Land and any other Land in conjunction therewith, provided that the entire Quantity comprised in such new Lease shall not exceed Five Acres.

Rent reserved in any Lease to be the best improved Rent. VII. The Rent reserved in any Lease made under this Act shall be the best improved Rent that at the Time of making such Lease can be obtained or reasonably expected from a solvent Tenant without Fine or Consideration of any Kind: Provided always, that in case of the Surrender of an existing Lease, and the Grant of a new Lease, of the same Land, under Section Six, the Value of any Buildings, Erections, or Improvements on said Lands theretofore made for any of the Purposes aforesaid shall not be taken into account in estimating the Rent to be reserved in such new Lease.

Conditions, &c. of Leases to be specified.

VIII. Every Lease made under this Act shall specify the Purposes for which it shall be made, and shall imply the following Covenants, Conditions, and Agreements on the Part of the Lessee, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, with the Lessor, his Executors, Administrators, and Successors in Estate, and the same shall be as effectual and binding as if they were expressly inserted in such Lease:

That the Lessee shall pay, when due, the Rent reserved, and all

Taxes and Impositions payable by the Tenant:

That the Lessee shall repair, maintain, and keep the demised Premises during the Term in good and substantial Repair, with all Buildings, Fixtures, and Improvements:

That the demised Premises shall be applied for no other Purposes than those expressed in the Lease, or of the like Nature, and in default thereof it shall be lawful for the Lessor and his Successors in Estate to re-enter:

That in case the said Lands shall not be used for any of the Purposes expressed in said Lease for a Period of Three Years, it shall be lawful for the Lessor and his Successors in Estate to re-enter:

That it shall be lawful for the Landlord and his Agent at all reasonable Times to enter on and inspect the Premises:

Also to re-enter in case of any unlawful Assignment or Sub-

1etung

Reserved Rent, &c. to enure to proper Owner.

IX. The Rents reserved and the Covenants and Conditions contained or implied in any Lease made under this Act shall enure to the Persons who for the Time being would, if such Lease had not been made, be entitled to the actual Possession of the Lands comprised in the said Lease, or to the Receipt of the Rents

Grants of Lands. Public Libraries and Museums (Ireland.)

and Profits thereof, according to their Estates and Interests therein.

X. Every Lease made under this Act shall be by Indenture Lease to be by sealed and delivered by or on behalf of the Lessor in the Presence Indenture. of One or more than One Witness, and a Counterpart of every such Lease shall be executed by the Lessee thereof.

And with respect to the Force and Efficacy of Leases to be

made pursuant to this Act, be it enacted as follows:

XI Every Lease made pursuant to the Provisions of this Act Lease to be shall be valid and effectual to bind the Lessor, his Heirs, Execu- binding on Lestors, Administrators, Assigns, and Successors in Estate, and all sor his Heirs Persons whomsoever deriving under the same Title or Settlement in Estate. as that under which the Lessor derives, and notwithstanding any Entail, Law, or Custom to the contrary, and whether there be any leasing Power annexed or belonging to the Estate of such Lessor, but so as not to prejudice or interfere with any other Power of leasing to him belonging.

and Successors

XII. Where any Lease made in the intended Exercise of any Informality in supposed leasing Power conferred by this or any other Act of Proceedings Parliament, or by any Settlement, shall be invalid by reason of not to affect the Lessor not having at the Time Power to make such I case. the Lessor not having at the Time Power to make such Lease. and the Estate of such Lessor in the Lands comprised in such Lease shall have continued or shall have accrued and continued until after such Lease might have been lawfully granted, such Lease shall take effect out of such Estate, and be as valid as if it had been granted at such last-mentioned Time, provided such Lease had not been then already surrendered or relinquished.

XIII. Where any Lease shall be made by a Lessor having a Lease, in virtue Power of leasing the Lands comprised in such Lease, and such of Power, valid Lease cannot take effect or have Continuance independently of though not exsuch leasing Power, every such Lease shall take effect and be as valid as if the same were intended and had been expressed to have been granted in exercise of the said Power, although such Power be not referred to.

CAP. XL.

An Act for further promoting the Establishment of free Public Libraries and Museums in Ireland.

[26th June 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter ' One hundred and one, and to give greater Facilities for the · Establishment in Ireland of free Public Libraries and Museums ' or Schools of Science and Art:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and

Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The said Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her 16 & 17 Vict. present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and one, and Section Sec. 101. and Sinetzenine of the Towns Improvement Actification 1866. 99. of Ninety-nine of the Towns Improvement Act (Ireland), 1854, are 17 & 18 Vict.

hereby e. 103. repulat

Public Libraries and Museums (Ireland).

hereby repealed; but such Repeal shall not invalidate or affect anything already done in pursuance of either of such Acts; and all Public Libraries and Museums established in Ireland under either of those Acts shall be considered as having been established under this Act.

Short Title.

II. In citing this Act for any Purpose whatever it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Public Libraries Act (Ireland), 1855."

Interpretation of Terms.

III. In the Construction and for the Purposes of this Act (if not inconsistent with the Context or Subject Matter) the following Terms shall have the respective Meanings herein-after assigned to them; that is to say, "Town" shall mean and include any City, Borough, Town, or Place in which Commissioners, Trustees, or other Persons have been or shall be elected or appointed under the Act of the Ninth Year of King George the Fourth, Chapter Eighty-two, or the "Towns Improvement Act (Ireland), 1854," or any Local or other Act or Acts for paving, flagging, lighting, watching, cleansing, or otherwise improving any City, Borough, Town, or Place, for the Execution of any such Act or Acts, or superintending the Execution thereof, and in which there shall not be a Town Council or other such Body elected under the Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and eight, or any other Charter granted in pursuance of such Act, or any Act passed for the Amendment thereof; "Town Commissioners" shall mean the Commissioners, Trustees, or other Persons for the Time being elected or appointed under any such first-mentioned Acts as aforesaid; "Town Fund" shall mean the Town Fund, or the Rates or Property vested in and under the Control and Direction of any Town Commissioners, and applicable to the Purposes of any such Acts; "Town Rate" shall mean the Rate or Rates authorized to be levied by any such Town Commissioners; "Mayor" shall include Lord Mayor; "Clerk" shall mean, as regards an incorporated Borough, the Town Clerk of such Borough, and as regards a Town in which there shall be Town Commissioners the Clerk appointed by the Town Commissioners; "Householder" shall mean a Male Occupier of a Dwelling House, or of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments within any Town or incorporated Borough, and entitled for the Time being to vote at Elections of Commissioners, Aldermen, or Councillors in such Town or Borough.

Act may be adopted in any incorporated Borough or any Town.

IV. The Council or Board of Municipal Commissioners of any incorporated Borough in Ireland regulated under the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and eight, or any Charter granted in pursuance of such Act, or any Act passed for the Amendment thereof, the Population of which according to the then last Census thereof, shall exceed Five thousand Persons, or the Town Commissioners of any Town in Ireland having such a Population as aforesaid, may, if they think fit, appoint a Time for a Public Meeting of the Householders of the Borough or Town, as the Case may be, in order to determine whether this Act shall be adopted for the Borough or Town, and Ten Days Notice at least of the Time, Place, and Object

Public Libraries and Museums (Ireland).

Object of the Meeting shall be given by affixing the same on or near the Door of every Church and Chapel within the Borough or Town, and also by advertising the same in One or more of the Newspapers published or circulated within the Borough or Town Seven Days at least before the Day appointed for the Meeting; and if at such Meeting Two Thirds of such Persons as aforesaid then present shall determine that this Act ought to be adopted for the Borough or Town, the same shall thenceforth take effect and come into operation in such Borough or Town, as the Case may be, and shall be carried into execution, in accordance with the Laws for the Time being in force relating to the Municipal Corporation of such Borough, or relating to such Town.

V. The Expenses incurred in calling and holding the Meeting, Expenses of whether this Act shall be adopted or not, and the Expenses of carrying Act carrying this Act into execution in such Borough, shall be paid out of the Borough Fund, and in such Town out of the Town Fund: and the Council or Board of Municipal Commissioners, or Town Commissioners, may levy as Part of the Borough Rate or Town. Town Rate, as the Case may be, or by a separate Rate to be assessed and recovered in like Manner as the Borough Rate or Town Rate, all Monies from Time to Time necessary for defraying such Expenses; and distinct Accounts shall be kept of the Receipts, Payments, and Liabilities of the Council with reference

to the Execution of this Act.

VI. Such Accounts shall be audited in the same Way as all Accounts to be other Accounts of such Borough or Town respectively are audited, audited, and and the said Conneil or Board or Town Commissioners shall, within sent to Lord One Month after the same shall have been audited, transmit to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland and open to Infor the Time being a true and correct Copy of such Accounts; spection. and shall also within the Time aforesaid cause a Copy of such Accounts to be deposited in the Office of the Clerk; and the said Accounts shall be open to the Inspection of all Householders of such Borough or Town respectively, and Copies thereof shall be delivered to any such Householder applying for the same, upon Payment of a reasonable Charge for the same, to be fixed by the Council or Board or Town Commissioners, as the Case may be.

VII. The Town Commissioners of every Town adopting this Incorporation of Act shall for the Purposes thereof be a Body Corporate, with Commissioners perpetual Succession, by the Name of "The Commissioners for

" Public Libraries and Museums for the Town of

" in the County of ," and by that Name may sue and be sued, and hold and dispose of Lands, and use a Common Seal.

VIIL The Amount of the Rate to be levied in any Borough Rate not to exor Town in any One Year for the Purposes of this Act shall not ceedOne Penny exceed the Sum of One Penny in the Pound, and in any such in the Pound, Borough shall be assessed, raised, collected, and levied in the same Manner as the Borough Rate, and in any such Town shall be assessed, raised, collected, and levied in the same Manner as the Town Rate.

into execution to be paid out of the Fund of the Borough or

Lieutenant,&c.; to be deposited,

of Towns for Purposes of this Act.

Public Libraries and Museums (Ireland).

Lands, &c. may be appropriated, purchased, or rented for the Purposes of this Act. C. 40.

IX. The Council or Board of any Borough and the Town Commissioners of any Town respectively may from Time to Time, with the Approval of Her Majesty's Treasury, appropriate for the Purposes of this Act any Lands vested, as the Case may be, in a Borough in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, and in a Town in the Town Commissioners, and may also, with such Approval, purchase or rent any Lands or any suitable Buildings, and the Council or Board and Town Commissioners respectively may, upon any Lands so appropriated, purchased, or rented respectively, erect any Buildings suitable for Public Libraries or Museums or Schools of Science and Art, or both, and may apply, take down, alter, and extend any Buildings for such Purposes, and rebuild, repair, and improve the same respectively, and fit up, furnish, and supply the same respectively with all requisite Furniture, Fittings, and Conveniences.

Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated.

X. "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," shall be incorporated with this Act; but the Council or Board, and Commissioners respectively shall not purchase or take any Lands otherwise than by Agreement.

YI. The Council or Board and Commissioners of recoid respectively.

Lands, &c. may be sold or exchanged.

XI. The Council or Board and Commissioners aforesaid respectively may, with the like Approval as is required for the Purchase of Lands, sell any Lands vested in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, or Board, or Town Commissioners respectively, for the Purposes of this Act, or exchange the same for any Lands better adapted for the Purposes; and the Monies to arise from such Sale, or to be received for Equality of Exchange, or a sufficient Part thereof, shall be applied in or towards the Purchase of other Lands better adapted for such Purposes.

General Management to be vested in Council or Board, or Town Commissioners.

XII. The general Management, Regulation, and Control of such Libraries and Museums or Schools of Science and Art shall be, as to any Borough, vested in and exercised by the Council or Board, and as to any Town, in and by the Town Commissioners, or such Committee as they respectively may from Time to Time appoint, who may from Time to Time purchase and provide the necessary Fuel, Lighting, and other similar Matters, Books, Newspapers, Maps, and Specimens of Art and Science, for the Use of the Library or Museum, and cause the same to be bound or repaired, when necessary, and appoint salaried Officers and Servants, and dismiss the same, and make Rules and Regulations for the Safety and Use of the Libraries and Museums or Schools of Science and Art, and for the Admission of Visitors.

In whom Property of Library, &c. to be vested.

XIII. The Lands and Buildings so to be appropriated, purchased, or rented as aforesaid, and all other Real and Personal Property whatever presented to or purchased for any Library or Museum or School of Science and Art established under this Act, shall be vested, in the Case of a Borough, in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, and in the Case of a Town in the Town Commissioners.

In case First Meeting decide not to adopt Act. XIV. If any Meeting called as herein-before provided to consider as to the Adoption of this Act for any Borough or Town shall determine against such Adoption no Meeting for a similar

Purpose

Public Libraries and Museums (Ireland.)

Purpose shall be held for the Space of One Year at least from the Time of holding the previous Meeting.

XV. The Admission to all Libraries and Museums established Museums to be under this Act shall be open to the Public free of all Charge.

XVI. Upon the coming into operation of this Act in any This Act to be Borough it shall, as regards such Borough, be incorporated with incorporated the said Act of the Third and Fourth Victoria, Chapter One hundered and eight, and upon the coming into operation of this Act in Borough or uny Town it shall, as regards such Town, be incorporated with the Town. Act or Acts in force therein relating to the Powers and Duties of the Town Commissioners.

free.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for abolishing the Jurisdiction of the Ecclesiastical Courts of *England* and *Wales* in Suits for Defamation. [26th June 1855.]

THEREAS the Jurisdiction of the Ecclesiastical Courts in Suits for Defamation has ceased to be the Means of en-' forcing the Spiritual Discipline of the Church, and has become ' grievous and oppressive to the Subjects of this Realm:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful Jurisdiction of for any Ecclesiastical Court in England or Wales to entertain or adjudicate upon any Suit for or Cause of Defamation, any Statute, for Defamation Law, Canon, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. In the Case of every Person committed to Gaol before the Persons in Cuspassing of this Act under any Writ De contumace capiendo, issued tody for Defain consequence of any Proceedings before any Ecclesiastical Court, in any Cause or Suit for Defamation of Character, the Judge of siastical Courts the Ecclesiastical Court before whom such Proceedings shall have to be dischargbeen had shall make an Order upon the Officer in whose Custody ed, but such such Person is for discharging such Person out of Custody, and such Officer shall, on the Receipt of such Order, forthwith discharge such Person; and it shall not be necessary for such Person or One Month's to take any Oath of future Obedience to his or her Ordinary: Imprisonment Provided always, that such Order shall not be made unless the suffered. Costs lawfully incurred in any such Suit shall have been previously paid into the Registry of such Ecclesiastical Court, or unless the Person against whom such Costs shall have been decreed shall have already suffered Imprisonment for One Month in consequence of Nonpayment thereof.

Ecclesiastical Courts in Suits abolished.

mation under Order of Eccle-Order not to be made until Costs are paid.

Administration of Oaths Abroad.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to enable British Diplomatic and Consular Agents abroad to administer Oaths and do Notarial Acts.

[2d July 1855.]

III. Any

6 G. 4. c. 87.

THEREAS by an Act of the Sixth Year of King George the Fourth, Chapter Eighty-seven, Powers are given to ' British Consuls General and Consuls to administer Oaths and do ' Notarial Acts in the Foreign Places to which they are appointed; ' and it is expedient that the like Powers should be given to Ambassadors and other Diplomatic Agents and to Vice-Consuls ' and Consular Agents abroad:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Oaths may be Ambassadors and other British Ministers abroad.

I. From and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be administered by lawful for every British Ambassador, Envoy, Minister, Chargé d'Affaires, or Secretary of Embassy or of Legation exercising his Functions in any Foreign Country, and for every British Vice-Consul, Acting Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent (as well as every Consul General or Consul) exercising his Functions in any Foreign Place, whenever he shall be thereto required, and whenever he shall see necessary, to administer in such Foreign Country or Place any Oath or to take any Affidavit or Affirmation from any Person whomsoever, and also to do and perform in such Foreign Country or Place all and every Notarial Acts or Act which any Notary Public could or might be required and is by Law empowered to do within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and every such Oath, Affidavit, or Affirmation, and every such Notarial Act, administered, sworn, affirmed, had, or done by or before such Ambassador, Envoy, Minister, Chargé d'Affaires, Secretary of Embassy or of Legation, Vice-Consul, Acting Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent, shall be as good, valid, and effectual, and shall be of like Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Oath, Affidavit, or Affirmation, or Notarial Act, respectively, had been administered, sworn, affirmed, had, or done before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, or before any other legal or competent Authority of the like Nature.

Affidavitstaken before Ambassadors, &c. abroad may be used in Courts in the United Kingdom.

II. Affidavits and Affirmations so taken as aforesaid under the said Act of King George the Fourth or this Act shall and may be received, read, and made use of in and before any Court of Law or Equity, or other Judicature whatever in any Part of the United Kingdom, and the Judges and Officers thereof, in or in relation to any Action, Suit, Cause, Matter, or Proceeding in or before any such Court or Judicature, in like Manner, and shall be of the same Force and Effect, as Affidavits and Affirmations taken in or before such Court or Judicature, or by any Person duly commissioned or authorized by such Court or Judicature to take such Affidavits or Affirmations, and shall be filed and dealt with accordingly.

Administration of Oaths Abroad.

Infants Marriage.

III. Any Document purporting to have affixed, impressed, or Documents to subscribed thereon or thereto the Seal and Signature of any British be Evidence Ambassador, Envoy, Minister, Charge d'Affaires, Sarry Druss, without Proof of Seal or Sig-Embassy or of Legation, Consul General, Consul, Vice-Consul, nature of Am-Acting Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent, in testimony of bassador or any such Oath, Affidavit, Affirmation, or Act having been admi- other official nistered, sworn, affirmed, had, or done by or before him, shall be Person. admitted in Evidence, without Proof of any such Seal and Signature being the Seal and Signature of the Person whose Seal and Signature the same purport to be, or of the official Character of such Person.

IV. Any Person knowingly and wilfully making any false Oath, Persons swear-Affidavit, or Affirmation before any Person having Authority to administer such Oath or take such Affidavit or Affirmation under Perjury. the said Act of King George the Fourth or this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and such Offender may be charged, proceeded against, tried, and dealt with in any County or Place in the United Kingdom in the same Manner in all respects as if the

Offence had been committed in such County or Place.

V. If any Person shall forge any such Seal or Signature as afore-Persons forging said, or shall tender in Evidence any such Document as aforesaid Seal or Signawith a false or counterfeit Seal or Signature thereto, knowing the ture guilty of same to be false or counterfeit, he shall be guilty of Felony, and Felony. shall upon Conviction be liable to Penal Servitude for the Term of Four Years, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Three Years nor less than One Year; and whenever any such Document has been admitted in Evidence by virtue of this Act, the Court or the Person who has admitted the same may, at the Request of any Party against whom the same is so admitted in Evidence, direct that the same shall be impounded and be kept in the Custody of some Officer of the Court or other proper Person for such Period, and subject to such Conditions, as to the said Court or Person shall seem meet; and every Person charged with committing any Felony under this Act may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and, if convicted, sentenced, and his Offence may be laid and charged to have been committed, in the County, District, or Place in which he may be apprehended or be in Custody; and every Accessory before or after the Fact to any -uch Offence may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and, if convicted, sentenced, and his Offence laid and charged to have been committed, in any County, District, or Place in which the principal Offender may be tried.

ing or affirming falsely guilty of

CAP. XLIII.

An Act to enable Infants, with the Approbation of the Court of Chancery, to make binding Settlements of their Real and Personal Estate on Marriage. [2d July 1855.]

[/ HEREAS great Inconveniences and Disadvantages arise in consequence of Persons who marry during Minority ' being incapable of making binding Settlements of their Property:' For Remedy whereof be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, C. 43, 44.

National Gallery, &c. (Dublin).

Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Infants may, with Approbation of Court of Chancery,make valid Settlements or Contracts for Settlements of their Estate upon Marriage.

I. From and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for every Infant upon or in contemplation of his or her Marriage, with the Sanction of the Court of Chancery, to make a valid and binding Settlement or Contract for a Settlement of all or any Part of his or her Property, or Property over which he or she has any Power of Appointment, whether Real or Personal, and whether in possession, reversion, remainder, or expectancy; and every Conveyance, Appointment, and Assignment of such Real or Personal Estate, or Contract to make a Conveyance, Appointment, or Assignment thereof, executed by such Infant, with the Approbation of the said Court, for the Purpose of giving Effect to such Settlement, shall be as valid and effectual as if the Person executing the same were of the full Age of Twenty-one Years: Provided always, that this Enactment shall not extend to Powers of which it is expressly declared that they shall not be exercised by an Infant.

In case Infant die under Age, Appointment, &c. to be void.

II. Provided always, That in case any Appointment under a Power of Appointment, or any disentailing Assurance, shall have been executed by any Infant Tenant in Tail under the Provisions of this Act, and such Infant shall afterwards die under Age, such Appointment or disentailing Assurance shall thereupon become absolutely void.

The Sanction of the Court of Chancery to be given upon Petition.

III. The Sanction of the Court of Chancery to any such Settlement or Contract for a Settlement may be given, upon Petition presented by the Infant or his or her Guardian, in a summary Way, without the Institution of a Suit; and if there be no Guardian, the Court may require a Guardian to be appointed or not, as it shall think fit; and the Court also may, if it shall think fit, require that any Persons interested or appearing to be interested in the Property should be served with Notice of such Petition.

Not to apply to Males under 20, or Females under 17 Years of Age. IV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall apply to any Male Infant under the Age of Twenty Years, or to any Female Infant under the Age of Seventeen Years.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to amend an Act of last Session, to provide for the Establishment of a National Gallery of Paintings, Sculpture, and the Fine Arts, for the Care of a Public Library, and the Erection of a Public Museum, in *Dublin*.

[2d July 1855.]

17 & 18 Vict. c. 99. 'WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, to provide, amongst other things, for the Establishment of a National Gallery of Paintings, Sculpture, and the Fine Arts in *Ireland*, and it is expedient to amend the said Act as herein-after mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

National Gallery, &c. (Dublin.)

I. So much of the Twelfth Section of the said recited Act as Donors of 10l. enables Persons who shall have made a Donation to the Governors to vote at Elecand Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland, for the Purposes tion of Goverof their Trust, of not less than Two Guineas in Money, to vote at the Election and Nomination of Persons to fill Vacancies in such Governors and Guardians, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and the Privilege of voting at such Election and Nomination shall extend and apply only to every Donor of Money to the said Governors and Guardians of a Sum not less than Ten Pounds in Money: Provided always, that the Provisions of the said Act for the Election and Nomination of Governors and Guardians of the said Gallery shall not hereby be affected (except as herein-after mentioned), further or otherwise than by substituting Donors of not less than Ten Pounds in Money for Donors of not less than Two Guineas in Money, as aforesaid.

II. Every Person who shall have been a Subscriber of a Sum Donors of 10% not less than Ten Pounds in Money to any Fund raised by public to any Fund Subscription, and appropriated for the Purposes of the said transferred to National Gallery by the Subscribers to such Fund or the Trustees Governors of National Galthereof (by and with the Consent of the Governors and Guardians lery to vote at of the said Gallery, or of the Building Trustees created by the Election of said Act of last Session for the Purposes of their Trust respec- Governors. tively), shall be deemed a Donor of the like Sum to the Governors and Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland, and shall be entitled to vote and take part at such Elections of Governors and Guardians to the said Gallery, as in the said Act and herein-before mentioned.

III. In every Case where a Subscription exceeding Ten Pounds Joint Donors in Money to the said Governors and Guardians, or to any Fund entitled to vote appropriated as aforesaid, shall have been or shall hereafter be at Elections of made jointly by Two or more Donors, each of such joint Donors shall be entitled to vote at such Elections of Governors and Guardians, as herein-before mentioned, in case the Amount of such joint Subscription when divided by the Number of such joint Donors shall give a net Subscription of Ten Pounds or upwards for each of such Donors, but not otherwise.

IV. At all Meetings of the Body Corporate of the Governors Five to be a and Guardians of the said National Gallery Five shall be a Quorum Quorum of the for the Transaction of Business: Provided nevertheless, that no Board of Go-Painting, Statue, or other Work of Art shall be purchased for the said Gallery, or out of the Funds of the said Body Corporate, unless such Purchase shall be authorized by a Resolution of the raid Governors and Guardians passed at a Meeting at which at least Nine Members of the said Body Corporate shall be present.

V. It shall be lawful for the Governors, Directors, or Trustees Power to Pubof every public Institution, and for the Governing Body of every lic Bodies to Corporation, having or which shall have or be possessed, in trust deposit Works or otherwise, of any Statue, Painting, or other Work of Art, and of Art in the National Galthey and every of them are hereby empowered, by and with the lery of Ireland. Consent of the said Governors and Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland, from Time to Time to deposit the same in the Custody and Charge of the last-mentioned Governors and Guardians,

National Gallery, &c. (Dublin).

Guardians, for Exhibition, for and during such Time and Times, and subject to such Conditions for securing the proper Care and Preservation of such Works of Art, as may be agreed upon; and it shall be lawful for the said Governors and Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland, out of the Funds of the said Body Corporate, from Time to Time to expend such Sums of Money as they may think proper in defraying the Expense of the Transmission to and from their Gallery and of the Insurance of any Works of Art as may from Time to Time be lent to or deposited with the said Governors and Guardians by any public Bodies, Trustees, or private Individuals.

17 & 18 Vict. c. 99. s. 11. repealed as far as regards Number of outgoing Governors.

VI. The Eleventh Section of the said Act of last Session shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and each of the Governors and Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland, save and except the First Five of them mentioned in the Seventh Section of the said Act, shall continue to hold Office, subject to the Provisions of the said Act, for the Term of Five Years at a Time from the Time of his becoming such Governor and Guardian, and not longer, but at the Expiration of such Five Years he shall be eligible to be re-appointed or re-elected as such Governor and Guardian.

This Act and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 99. as One. Short Title.

VII. This Act shall be construed with the said Act of last Session as One Act; and in all Acts, Deeds, Documents, Proceedings, Suits, and Prosecutions this Act and the said Act of last Session may be cited and described by the Name of "The National " Gallery of Ireland Acts, 1854-55."

CAP. XLV.

An Act for further assimilating the Practice in the County Palatine of Lancaster to that of other Counties with respect to the Trial of Issues from the Superior Courts at Westminster. [16th July 1855.]

' IN/HEREAS by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, Section One hundred and three, it was enacted, that ' Records of the Superior Courts at Common Law should be ' brought to Trial and entered and disposed of in the Counties ' Palatine in the same Manner as in other Counties: And ' whereas it was provided by the Fifth Section of the Twenty-' fourth Chapter of an Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year ' of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, that Justices of Assize ' to be made and assigned within the County Palatine of Lancas-' ter should be made and ordained by Commission under the 'King's usual Seal of Lancaster, and in pursuance of the said ' Proviso One Chief Justice and One other Justice, being respec-' tively Judges of the Superior Courts at Westminster, have been ' from Time to Time constituted and ordained, by Grants contained ' in separate Letters Patent under the Seal of the County Palatine of Lancaster: And whereas it is expedient to make further Provision for assimilating the Practice of the said County Palatine ' of Lancaster to that of other Counties, with respect to the 'Trial of Issues from the Superior Courts of Common Law at ' Westminster:' Be it declared and enacted by the Queen's most County Palatine of Lancaster Trials.

Woolmer Forest.

Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows: It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Succes- Her Majesty sors, hereafter to issue Commissions of Assize under the Seal of may issue Comthe County Palatine of Lancaster directed to the Judges appointed missions to for the Time being to the respective Offices of Chief Justice and Justice of Common Pleas within the said County Palatine of Pleas in the Lancaster, and to such of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the County Pala-Law, Serjeants and Barristers-at-Law, having Patents of Pre- tine of Lancascedence, or Precedence within the Bar, of the County Palatine of ter, &c. autho-Lancaster, and other Serjeants-at-Law to be from Time to Time selected for that Purpose, authorizing and commanding them to Assizes, Juries, take all the Assizes, Juries, and Certificates, before whatever &c. in the said Justices arraigned, in the said County of Lancaster, in like Man- County in like ner and with the like Effect as such Commissions are issued into other Counties, together with the like Writs or Commissions of Association, and other Writs and Proceedings, as in other Counties, and that every Person so authorized shall have the like Power to be and act as a Judge or Commissioner of Assize for the Trial of Issues from the Superior Courts of Law at Westminster and other Issues in the said County Palatine of Lancaster as any Person so authorized has in any other County, and shall also be deemed to be authorized by such Commission, and shall thereby have full Authority to act as a Judge for the Trial of any Issues of Fact in any Causes depending in the said Court of Common Pleas at Lancaster: Provided, and it is declared, that nothing herein contained shall deprive the Chief Justice or Justice appointed or so ordained as aforesaid by Grant contained in Letters Patent of any Authority or Jurisdiction to try Issues from the Superior Courts at Westminster and other Issues in the said County Palatine of Lancaster, and that all Trials of such Issues heretofore had or to be had before such Chief Justice or Justice constituted or ordained as aforesaid shall be deemed to have been and to be tried by competent Authority, and that the acting Prothonotary for the Time being of the Court of Common Pleas at Lancaster shall continue to officiate as Associate in the said County Palatine of Lancaster, as heretofore, and shall accordingly be named in such Commissions of Association and other Writs and Proceedings.

Chief Justice, &c. of Common rizing them to take all the Manner as in other Counties.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for disafforesting the Forest of Woolmer. [16th July 1855.]

/HEREAS the Queen's most Excellent Majesty in right of Her Crown is seised to Herself, Her Heirs and Succes-' sors, of and in Woolmer Forest in the County of Southampton, and of and in the Soil thereof, and the Timber and other Trees, 'Bushes, and Underwood standing and growing thereon, sub-' ject to divers Claims of Rights of Common and other Rights and ' Interests of Her Majesty and of divers of Her Majesty's Subjects

52 G. 3. c. 71.

in and over the same or some Portions thereof: And whereas by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Fiftysecond Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the better Cultivation of Navy ' Timber in the Forest of Woolmer in the County of Southampton, it was enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, from Time to Time to inclose, sever, and improve, within and out of the Waste Lands of the said Forest, any Quantity of the said Lands not exceeding in the whole Two thousand Acres, to be inclosed and held in Severalty at ' One and the same Time, and that such Inclosure should remain ' in Severalty in the actual Possession of His Majesty, Ilis Heirs ' and Successors, freed and discharged of and from all manner of ' Rights, Titles, Pretences, and Privileges or Claims whatsoever, (other than and except as therein stated,) during the Period of the same remaining so inclosed for the Growth and Preservation of Timber, and until the same or any Part thereof should be laid open, under the Provisions of the now reciting Act: And whereas, in pursuance of the Powers in the said Act contained, certain Parts of the Waste Lands of the said Forest, containing in all One thousand seven hundred Acres or thereabouts, were inclosed for the Purposes of the said Act, and continue inclosed: And whereas the Lands in the said Forest might be made more valuable and productive if the said Forest were disafforested: And whereas Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify Her Consent that the said Forest should be disafforested, and that the Officers of Her Majesty ' of or for the said Forest should be discharged, and that such Allotment should be made to Her Majesty in respect of Her Estate, Rights, and Interests in and over the said Forest, and ' that such Compensation should be made to the Officers of the ' said Forest, as herein-after provided:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Recited Act (in part) repealed. Appointment of

Commissioners for ascertaining Boundaries of the Forest, and for carrying this Act into execution.

I. So much of the said recited Act as is inconsistent with any Part of this Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. The Provisions of this Act shall be carried into execution by Commissioners to be appointed as herein-after mentioned; and for the Purpose of ascertaining the Boundaries of the said Forest, the Commissioners for carrying this Act into execution shall be Three in Number, One of whom shall be appointed in Writing by the Commissioners for the Time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, One other shall be appointed by the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales for the Time being, and the Third shall be appointed by the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench for the Time being; and for carrying all the other Requirements of this Act into execution there shall be but One Commissioner, to be appointed as aforesaid, who shall be the Commissioner appointed by the Inclosure Commissioners for England A.D.1855.

Woolmer Forest.

England and Wales; and so often as any Vacancy shall occur, by Death, Resignation, or Incapacity, a new Commissioner shall be appointed, in like Manner as the Commissioner whose Vacancy is to be supplied was appointed; and all such Commissioners, or such sole Commissioner, when appointed respectively, shall be the Commissioners or the sole Commissioner for carrying this Act into execution respectively, and all Acts and Powers to be performed by or given to the said Three Commissioners under the Provisions herein contained may be performed or exercised by any Two of such Three Commissioners.

III. Every Commissioner shall, before he enters upon the Exc- Commissioners cution of his Office, make and subscribe the following Declaration to make and before ()ne of the Judges of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench or Common Pleas, or One of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer; that is to say,

subscribe Declaration before entering upon Execution of Office.

TOO solemnly declare, That I will faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, cxecute the Powers and Duties of a Commissioner under an Act passed in the Year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act," &c. [here set forth the Title of ' this Act].'

And every such Declaration shall, when made and perfected, be deposited in the Office of Land Revenue Records and Involuents.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and sole Commissioners Commissioner from Time to Time to employ a Land Surveyor to employ Surand Valuer in such Manner as they respectively shall think neces- veyor, &c. zary.

V. Every Land Surveyor and Valuer so to be employed shall, Land Surveyor before entering upon the Duties of his Office, make and subscribe, and Valuer to before the Commissioners of this Act, or before One of such Commissioners, (who are hereby severally authorized to administer or receive the same,) the Declaration following:

make and subscribe Declara tion of Fidelity.

I DO solemnly declare, That I will faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, perform all the Duties which may devolve upon me as a Land · Surveyor and Valuer in the Matter of an Act passed in the Year of the Reign of Queen Victoria intituled ' "An Act," &c. [here set forth the Title of this Act].'

And every such Declaration shall, when made and perfected, be deposited in the Office of Land Revenue Records and Incolments.

VI. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and The Commis-Land Revenues, with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall, out of the Land Revenues of the Crown, pay and allow to the Commissioners and sole Commissioner of this Act such Sum not exceeding the Sum of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds as shall be thought sufficient and in proportion to the Time and Labour which may be bestowed by them respectively in carrying this Act into execution (such Proportion, in the event of any Difference of Opinion with regard thereto, to be conclusively determined

sioners of Woods to pay the Commissioners of this Act the Expenses incurred in the Performance of their Duties.

C. 46.

Woolmer Forest.

determined by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury), and shall also allow to the said Commissioners and sole Commissioner of this Act respectively all Costs and Expenses of employing any such Land Surveyor and Valuer as aforesaid, and all other reasonable Expenses incurred by them respectively in the Performance of their respective Duties under this Act.

Boundaries of Forest, when ascertained by Commissioners, to be true Boundaries for Purposes of Act. VII. The said Three Commissioners of this Act shall forthwith proceed to ascertain the Boundaries of the said Forest, and to determine all Claims relating thereto, and for that Purpose shall or may make use of any existing Maps, Plans, or Surveys, at their Discretion; and the said Commissioners shall by their Award in Writing, executed in Duplicate within One Year from the passing of this Act, certify and determine the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Boundaries as ascertained and determined by the said Commissioners shall be held to be the true Boundaries of the said Forest for all the Purposes of this Act.

All Lodges and Lands held therewith, and all Inclosures made under Authority of 52 G. 3. c. 71. to be vested in Her Majesty.

VIII. So soon as the Boundaries of the said Forest shall have been ascertained as aforesaid, all and every Parts and Part of the . said Forest of which Her Majesty is seised in right of Her Crown, discharged of all Common and other Rights, and also all and every the Lodges and Lands inclosed and held therewith by the Keepers or other Officers of Her Majesty (being certain Parts of the said Forest of which Her Majesty is also seised in right of Her Crown, to Herself, Her Heirs and Successors, discharged of all Common and other Rights), and also all the said Pieces of Land, amounting in the whole to One thousand seven hundred Acres, so inclosed under the Authority of the said recited Act, shall become and be vested in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, as Part and Parcel of the Hereditary Possessions and Land Revenues of Her Crown, freed and discharged from all Rights of Common and other Rights, and from all Claims and Demands whatsoever.

Allotment to Her Majesty in satisfaction of Her Rights.

IX. The said sole Commissioner shall thereupon proceed to set out and allot to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, such Part or Parts of the remaining Part of the said Forest as, with the said Pieces of Land amounting together to One thousand seven hundred Acres, and so inclosed as aforesaid, he shall think a full, fair, and sufficient Compensation to Her Majesty for all Her forestal and other Rights in and over the said Forest, and also for all the Rights which Her Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, is or may be entitled to exercise and enjoy in and over the said Forest or any Part or Parts thereof, under the Authority of the said recited Act, or otherwise howsoever; and such Allotment or Allotments, when made, shall thereupon become and be absolutely vested in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in Her and their Demesne as of Fee and as Part and Parcel of the Hereditary Possessions and Land Revenues of Her Crown, freed and discharged from all Rights and Claims of Common and all other Rights and Claims whatsoever.

Allotment to be made where most convenient to other Crown Lands.

X. In making such Allotment or Allotments as aforesaid, the said sole Commissioner shall and he is hereby required to set out and allot such Part or Parts of the said Forest as shall be conveniently

veniently situated for Occupation with the said Pieces of Land amounting to One thousand seven hundred Acres, hereby vested in Severalty in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, as aforesaid.

XI. On the making of such Award by the sole Commissioner On the making as herein-after directed, the said Forest of Woolmer shall be for of Award. ever disafforested, and the Residue of the said Forest shall thereupon become and be the Property of the several Persons entitled to Rights of Common in and over the said Forest, as they are now entitled to the same, freed and discharged of and from all Right of Soil or other Right or Claim of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in, to, or over the said Residue of the said Forest.

Forest to be disafforested.

XII. And for enabling the said sole Commissioner to make Commissioners his Award, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Woods, of Woods to on behalf of Her Majesty, to produce and give to and before the said sole Commissioner Evidence in support of Her Majesty's Rights or any of them, and of the Value thereof; and it shall be the Crown. lawful for any Person or Persons who, in the Opinion of the said sole Commissioner, shall be interested in the Premises, to appear before the said sole Commissioner, and to adduce such Evidence as in the Opinion of the said sole Commissioner shall be admissible, for the Purpose of controverting any Statement or Evidence made or offered to the said sole Commissioner in support of the Claims or Rights of Her Majesty, or of the Value thereof respectively.

produce Evidence in support of the Rights of

XIII. The said sole Commissioner shall make his Award in Award of Com-Writing within Two Years from the passing of this Act; and missioner to be such Award shall be executed in Duplicate, and One Part (together with One Part of the Award determining the Boundaries of the said Forest) shall be deposited in the Office of Land Revenue Records and Incolments, and the other Part thereof (together with the other Part of the said Award determining the Boundaries) shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Southampton, there to remain, and to be examined by all Persons, at all reasonable Times, on Payment of a Fee of One Shilling for each Examination.

made within? Two Years.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Woods to Powers of Comexercise all the same Powers over and in respect of the Lands, Lodges, and other the Hereditaments respectively hereby vested in or to be allotted to Her Majesty as aforesaid as they are or at any Time hereafter shall be by Law enabled to exercise over and in respect of other Lands of Her Majesty in right of Her Crown, not being Royal Forests, Parks, or Chases.

missioners of Woods over Lodges, &c.

XV. The sole Commissioner of this Act may, if he shall think Commissioner fit, set out and allot such Roads and Ways through and over the may make said Forest as he shall consider proper and necessary, and, with Roads proper the Consent of the Owners, through and over any inclosed Lands adjoining thereto, as the said Commissioner shall think fit, and any Part of may agree to make Compensation to such Owners or Owner for Forest, &c. making such Roads or Ways over such adjoining Lands; and such Roads shall become and be public Highways, and be kept and maintained as such, without any Notice or other Proceeding whatsoever:

for Enjoyment of Forest over

The Expenses of such Roads to be defrayed by the Sale of Parts of the Forest.

After Award, all Letters Patent, &c. to cense, and Compensation made therefor out of the Land Revenues of the Crown. whatsoever; and, after setting out the same, all other Roads or Ways over the said Forest shall be shut up and discontinued.

XVI. The sole Commissioner of this Act shall cause such of

XVI. The sole Commissioner of this Act shall cause such of the said Roads to be made as he in his sole Discretion shall think necessary, and shall for the Purpose of defraying the Expenses thereof, and also for the Purpose of making such Compensation (if any) as he may agree to give to any such Owner or Owners of the adjoining inclosed Lands as aforesaid, sell so much of the Waste Lands of the said Forest not hereby vested or directed to be vested in Her Majesty as he shall find necessary for these Purposes, for which Purposes his Conveyance shall vest an indefeasible Estate of Inheritance in Fee Simple in the Purchaser or Purchasers, and the Receipt of the said Commissioner shall be a sufficient Discharge for the Purchase Money; and if there shall be any Surplus of any Monies which arose from any such Sale after answering the aforesaid Purposes, the said Commissioner shall apply the same towards defraying any of the Expenses by

this Act directed to be paid.

XVII. Immediately after the Award of such sole Commissioner shall have been made as herein-before directed all and every Letters Patent, Grants, Appointments, and Warrants of any Offices, Bailiwicks, Walks, or Lodges in or for the said Forest of Woolmer, and all Salaries, Gratuities, and Fees lawfully payable or allowed in respect of the same, shall thenceforth cease, and Compensation shall be made by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods out of the Land Revenues of the Crown to the several Officers of the said Forest of Woolmer (whether holding Lodges and Land within the said Forest by virtue of the several Offices, or not), in consideration of the Cessation of the said several Offices, and on their relinquishing and giving up the Possession of the said Lodges and Land respectively, and all Claim and Interest therein or thereto under any Grant, Letters Patent, Appointment, or Warrant as aforesaid, which Compensation shall in every distinct and separate Case be referred to and ascertained by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or by such Person as they shall for that Purpose appoint, on the Part of Her Majesty, and by such indifferent Person as shall be appointed on the Part of each and every Officer of the said Forest interested or concerned in the Premises, and which said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or other the Person or Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid, are hereby empowered to send for Persons and Papers, and to examine the Parties and Witnesses upon Oath, if necessary (which Oath any One of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Person or Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer); provided that, in case any Difference of Opinion shall arise on any Matter or Question touching or concerning such Compensation, then the said Referees shall from Time to Time forthwith appoint any proper and competent Person or Persons to act as an Umpire or Umpires concerning the Premises, to whom all and every such Differences shall be referred, and whose Judgment shall be binding to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XVIII. All

Union Charges Act Continuance.

XVIII. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses herein-before Provision as to directed to be defrayed out of the Land Revenues of the Crown, Costs. and all other Costs, Charges, and Expenses incurred by the Commissioners of Woods in and about the Execution of this Act, shall be borne and paid by them as Part of the Costs of Management of the Land Revenues of Her Majesty.

XIX. The Commissioners or sole Commissioner of this Act Commissioners may examine upon Declaration all such Persons as they or he may, if they may think fit, who attend before them or him for the Purpose of think fit, exgiving Evidence upon any Matter or Proceeding under the Authority of this Act, and for that Purpose may administer or receive Declaration. Declarations, which Declarations may be in the following Form:

amine Witnesses upon

' I A.B. do solemnly declare, That the Evidence I shall give before you touching the Matter in question shall be the Truth, ' the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth.'

XX. If any Person, under the Provisions of this Act, shall false Evidence wilfully give false Evidence, or shall make or subscribe a false guilty of Mis-Declaration for the Purposes of this Act, he shall be deemed guilty demeanor. of a Misdemeanor.

Persons giving

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to continue an Act of the Eighteenth Year of Her present Majesty, for charging the Maintenance of certain poor Persons in Unions in England and Wales upon the Common Fund. [16th July 1855.]

[17 & 18 l'ict. c. 43. continued until 30th September 1856, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for the better Administration of Justice in the Cinque Ports. [16th July 1855.]

WHEREAS it would conduce to the better Administration of Justice in the Cinque Ports if the Jurisdiction and ' Authority of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports and Con-' stable of Dover Castle in relation to Civil Suits and Proceedings were abolished; and it is expedient that the Parishes or ' Places of Saint John the Baptist (called Margate), Saint Peter the Apostle, Birchington, Acol otherwise the Ville of Wood, ' Beakesbourne, and Grange otherwise Grench which are Members or Liberties of Dover, or some other of the said Cinque ' Ports, should be severed therefrom:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the -ame, as follows:

I. From and after the Thirtieth Day of September One thou- Jurisdiction of sand eight hundred and fifty-five all Jurisdiction and Authority Lord Warden of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports and Constable of Dover in Civil Pro-Castle in or in relation to the Administration of Justice in Actions, lished. Suits, or other Civil Proceedings at Law or in Equity, or the Exe-

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Cinque Ports.

cution of Judgments, Writs, and Process therein or connected therewith, shall cease and determine: Provided always, that the said Lord Warden and Constable shall have and retain Jurisdiction, Power, and Authority to execute all Writs of Fieri facias directed to and received by him on or before the said Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had not passed.

Writs and Judgments to be directed and executed in the Cinque Ports as in other Places.

II. From and after the Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five Her Majesty's Writs in or in relation to all Actions, Suits, and Civil Proceedings shall be directed and obeyed, and the Jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts of Law and Equity, and of the Judges thereof, and the Judgments and Process thereof in relation to such Actions, Suits, and Proceedings, shall extend and be exercised and executed in respect of, over, and within the Cinque Ports, the Two ancient Towns of Winchelsea and Rye, and their several Members and Liberties, in like Manner and to the same Extent to and for all Intents and Purposes as such Writs, Jurisdiction, Judgments, and Process respectively are now directed, obeyed, exercised, and executed in respect of, over, and within other Places in England; and the Sheriff and other Ministers of Counties shall, in the Execution of such Judgments, Writs, and Process, and for all other Purposes of Civil Justice, have such and the like Powers and Authorities within the Cinque Ports, the said Two ancient Towns, and their several Members and Liberties, as they respectively have in other Parts of their Counties.

On Petition of Inhabitants of Parishes within the Thanet Division, Her Majesty may order such Parishes to be Part of said County;

III. If the Persons rated to the Relief of the Poor within the District or Division called the Thanet Division of Dover, which comprises the Parishes or Places of Saint John the Baptist (called Margate), Saint Peter the Apostle, Birchington, Acol otherwise the Ville of Wood, or within the Parishes of Beakesbourne and Grange otherwise Grench, or the Persons so rated within any One or more of such Parishes or Places, shall petition Her Majesty, stating that the Justices of the County of Kent, at their Annual General Session, or at any Adjournment thereof, have resolved that the Parishes or Places aforesaid or any One or more of them may be permitted to belong to the County of Kent, on Payment by the said Parishes or Places to the County of a Sum of Money to be named in such Resolution, in respect of the Expenditure made by the said Justices in Gaols, Houses of Correction, Courts of Justice, Lunatic Asylums, and other Buildings, and praying that the Parishes or Places aforesaid or any One or more of them may be deemed to be Part of the said County, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if She shall think fit, by the Advice of Her Privy Council, to order that the said Parishes or Places or such One or more of them as shall so petition shall, from a Date to be fixed in such Order, be deemed to be Part of the said County; and from and after that Period the Justices for the Time being assigned to keep the Peace in and for such County shall exercise the Jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in and for the Parishes or Places named in such Order as fully as by Law they and each of them can or ought to do in and for other Places in such County.

and County
Justices to have
Jurisdiction.

Cinque Ports.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Justices of the said County of Justices of Kent Kent at their Annual General Session, or at any Adjournment empowered to thereof to be holden after such Order, to levy and raise upon and levy County from the rateable Property of the Inhabitants of the Parishes or Parishes and Places comprised in the said Order the Sum or Sums of Money Places which mentioned in such Resolution, by such annual or other Instal- may be severed ments as may in such Resolution have been stipulated and agreed from Dover. by fair and equal Rates in the Nature of County Rates to be paid to the Treasurer of the said County, and applied in aid of the County Rate, and the said Justices of the said County shall have the same Powers and Remedies for making, levying, and recovering the said Rates as they now or for the Time being may by Law have for making, levying, and recovering the County Rates from Parishes lying partly within the Jurisdiction of the Justices of the said County, subject to all Rights and Remedies of Appeal and otherwise to which County Rates are or may be liable.

V. From and after the Day fixed in such Order, or from and 51 G. 3. c. 36. after the granting of a Charter of Incorporation to the said Parishes 5 & 6 W. 4. c.76. or Places or any One of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, the s. 135, and Sec Act of the Fifty-first Year of King George the Third, Chapter Thirty-six, and Section One hundred and thirty-five of the Act 6 & 7 W. 4. of the Session holden in the Fifth and Sixth Years of King c. 105, repealed William the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, and Section Eleven of as to Places the Act of the Session holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years severed from of King William the Fourth, Chapter One hundred and Five, and so much of Section Ten of the same Act as enacts that the Noncorporate Members and Liberties of the Towns and Ports of Hastings, Sandwich, Dover, and Hythe, and ancient Town of Rye, shall and may be chargeable and charged by the Courts of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden for the same respectively with a due Proportion of the Expenses of such Towns and Ports and ancient Town respectively, and the Noncorporate Members and Liberties thereof, to the Payment of which Expenses Rates in the Nature of County Rates are applicable, and that the same shall and may be assessed and levied in the Manner in which Rates of that Description were assessed and levied before the passing of the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of King William the Fourth, and that a due Proportion of Inhabitant Householders to serve as Grand Jurors and Jurors at the Courts of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the said Towns and Ports of Hastings, Sandwich, Dover, and Hythe, and of the said ancient Town of Rye, shall be summoned by the Clerks of the Peace of the said Towns and Ports and ancient Town from the Noncorporate Members and Liberties thereof respectively, and that the Attendance of such Jurors shall be enforced and their Defaults punished in the Manner by the said last-mentioned Act directed with respect to Jurors in Boroughs, shall be repealed so far as the same concern or affect the Parishes or Places named in such Order, or in case of a Charter of Incorporation the Part thereof comprised in such Charter, and from and after the Day fixed in such Order, or from and after the Date of such Charter of Incorporation, no Court of Sessions to be holden for the Town and

tion 11.and Part of Section 10. of

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Port of Dover, nor any Justices thereof, shall have any Jurisdiction or Authority over or in respect of the Parishes or Places comprised in the said Order, or the District comprised in any such Charter, as the Case may be, and no such Parish, Place, or District shall be liable to any Rate, Cess, or Impost to which the same or the Inhabitants thereof would but for this Act be liable as such Member or Liberty, save as herein-after otherwise provided; provided always, that all Persons who have exercised the Office of Mayor, Aldermen, or Guardians of the Poor in the said Cinque Ports, or any of them, shall be eligible for Re-election,

Places severed from Dover to continue liable to existing Debt.

and if elected shall have all the Powers they previously possessed. VI. 'And whereas the said Parishes or Places are now liable to contribute towards the Payment of Monies which have been ' borrowed on the Security of the Rates raised within the said ' Town and Port and the Limbs and Precincts of the same, under the Description of Rates in the Nature of County Rates, and the 'Interest of such Monies: And whereas Parts of the Monies so ' borrowed have been from Time to Time paid off, and the Council ' of the said Town and Port have from Time to Time determined ' what Portion of such Monies shall be paid off in each Year, and ' reported to the Recorder of *Dover* the rateable Proportion of ' such Sum and Interest to be assessed and levied upon each of ' the said Places, and the same has been assessed and levied ac-' cordingly:' The said Parishes of Saint John the Baptist (called Margate), Saint Peter the Apostle and Birchington, and Acol otherwise the Ville of Wood, shall, notwithstanding any such Order or Charter, continue liable to contribute towards the Satisfaction or Payment of the Debt now charged upon the said Rates; and it shall be lawful for the Council of Dover, and they are hereby required, to declare and determine from Time to Time what Portion of such Debt shall be paid off during any One Year, and to report to the Recorder of Dover the Sum required to be raised in such Year for paying off such Portion of the said Debt, and the Interest due in such Year in respect of such Debt; and the said Recorder from Time to Time, at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said Borough of Dover which shall be held next after any such Report of the said Council shall have been made to him as aforesaid, shall ascertain the proportionate Part of such Sum which will be required to be paid by each of the Places severed from Dover by such Order or Charter as aforesaid, such proportionate Part to be ascertained and regulated by the respective rateable Values of all the Places jointly liable to the said Debt, and shall make a Rate in the Nature of a County Rate upon each of the said Places, severed as aforesaid, sufficient to raise such proportionate Part as aforesaid, with the Costs and Expenses of collecting, levying, and enforcing Payment thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Overseers or other Persons charged with the Collection of Rates made for the Relief of the Poor in each such Place, and they are hereby required to pay to the Treasurer of Dover the Amount to which the same shall be so rated, by and out of the Monies from Time to Time raised upon such Place by any Bate or Rates made for the Relief of the Poor

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of such Place; and on Nonpayment thereof to the said Treasurer within Thirty Days after Delivery to such Overseers or other Persons as aforesaid of a Copy of the Rate so to be made by the said Recorder as aforesaid, the same shall be recoverable, by the Warrant of any Two Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, in like Manner in every respect as any Rate in the Nature of a County Rate may be recovered and enforced by virtue of any Law now in force.

VII. This Act shall not extend to deprive the Court of General Saving as to or Quarter Sessions of *Dover* of Jurisdiction in the Case of any Persons committed or held to Bail in Places been committed or holden to Bail for Trial at such Court of separate from General or Quarter Sessions from any Place severed from Dover Dover. by this Act, but all Proceedings upon and in relation to such Trial, or preliminary thereto or consequent thereupon, or otherwise consequent upon such Committal or Holding to Bail, shall be continued or had in like Manner in all respects as if such Order or Charter had not been made or obtained; and all Expenses incurred by the Town and Port of Dover in any such Case (the Amount of such Expenses to be ascertained and determined from Time to Time by the Recorder of Dover) shall be added to the Amount to be raised under the Provision hereinbefore contained by Rates to be levied upon the Place from which the Person may have been committed or holden to Bail.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Compensations. Treasury to award to any Persons who may sustain by reason of the passing of this Act, or of any such Order or Charter, any Loss of Fees, Emoluments, or Advantages accruing from Offices holden Ly them such Compensation as, having regard to the Tenure and Nature of such respective Offices, such Commissioners deem just and proper; and all Compensation so to be awarded, except such as may be awarded in respect of any such Loss occasioned by the Severance from Dover of the Places severed from that Town and Port by such Order or Charter, shall be paid out of such Monies as shall be provided by Parliament for this Purpose; and all Compensation so to be awarded in respect of any Loss occasioned by -uch Order or Charter shall be certified by the said Commissioners of the Treasury to the Recorder of Dover, and shall be levied rateably upon the Places to which such Order or Charter shall relate by means of an Addition to the Rates to be made on the said Places for the Payment of the said Debt; and in case any such Compensation as last aforesaid shall continue payable after such Debt is paid off, Rates shall nevertheless continue to be made and levied in like Manner for the Payment of such Compensation until the same is fully paid, and such Compensation shall be paid thereout by the Treasurer of Dover to the Persons entitled thereto.

IX. Every Person who on the said Thirtieth Day of September Prisoners in One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five may be in the Custody Gaol of Dover of the said Lord Warden, under or by virtue of any Jurisdiction Castle to be reor Authority hereby abolished, shall, as soon as conveniently may County G 18 & 19 Vict.

Cinque Ports. Indemnity. · Court of Exchequer (Ireland).

be thereafter, without Writ of Habeas corpus or other Writ for that Purpose be removed by the Gaoler or Keeper of the Gaol in Dover Castle to the Common Gaol of the County in which he may have been arrested under the Writ or other Process for his Arrest and Imprisonment, and shall be by such Gaoler or Keeper delivered into the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of such Common Goal, together with the Writ or other Process by virtue of which such Person was arrested and imprisoned, and all Writs or other Process lodged with such first-mentioned Gaoler or Keeper by virtue of which such Person is or might be detained in the Custody of the said Lord Warden; and the Gaoler or Keeper of the said Common Gaol shall give a Receipt in Writing for every Person so removed to such Common Gaol; and the reasonable Expenses of such Removal shall be paid by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury; and all Persons who may be in the lawful Custody of the said Lord Warden on the said Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five shall, until removed as aforesaid, and for and during the Time of such Removal, notwithstanding anything herein-before contained, be to all Intents and Purposes deemed and considered to be in the proper legal Custody. unless and until they respectively be sooner discharged in due Course of Law; and all Persons so removed shall, after being delivered into the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Common Gaol of such County as aforesaid, be deemed to be in the legal Custody of the Sheriff and of such Gaoler or Keeper, in like Manner as if all such Writs and Process as aforesaid had been originally directed to and to be executed by such Sheriff.

Saving Rights of Lord Warden, &c. X. Nothing in this Act shall affect any Jurisdiction, Power, or Authority of the said Lord Warden, or of any of the Officers of the Cinque Ports or other Persons, under any Act relating to the Adjustment of Salvage, or any Jurisdiction, Power, or Authority of the Court of Admiralty of the Cinque Ports, or of any of the Officers of such Court, or the Rights of the said Lord Warden to or in respect of Flotsam, Jetsam, and Lagan.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and to extend the Time limited for those Purposes respectively. [16th July 1855.]

[This Act is the same, except as to Dates, as 17 & 18 Vict. c. 39.]

CAP. L.

An Act to amend the Provisions of the Court of Exchequer (Ireland) Act, 1850. [16th July 1855.]

'HEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for the Transfer of the Equitable Jurisdiction of the Court of Exchequer to the Court of Chancery in Ireland it is amongst

18 & 14 Viet. c. 51.

Court of Exchequer (Ireland).

Stock in Trade.

' other Things enacted, that on the First Day of August One thou-' sand eight hundred and fifty the Power, Authority, and Juris-' diction of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland as a Court of Equity ' should be transferred to the Court of Chancery in Ireland: And ' whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Powers of the said Court ' of Chancery with respect to Monies since directed by Parliament ' to be paid into the Bank of Ireland as Compensation to the ' Credit of the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer in ' Ireland, and it is expedient to remove such Doubts:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and

Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,

I. That where by any Act heretofore passed, whether Public Power to pass General or Local and Personal, any Amount or Sum of Money is certain Monies authorized or required to be paid into the Bank in the Name and into the Bank with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Ex- the Credit of chequer in Ireland, as Compensation, under any such Act or any the Accountant Act incorporated therewith, it shall be lawful to pay such Money General of the into the Bank of Ireland in the Name and with the Privity of the Court of Chan-Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to his Account there, and to be dealt with in like Manner as authorized by the recited Act with respect to Accounts transferred thereunder from the Court of Exchequer in Ireland to the Court of Chancery, and as fully and in all respects, and with like Powers in relation thereto, as if the said Court of Chancery had in any such Public General or Local and Personal Act as aforesaid been named therein instead of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland.

II. Where any Amount or Sum of Money so authorized or re- Monies already quired to be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privity paid into the of the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland. Court of Chanof the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, as Compensation, under any such Act, has already been paid into with by that the Bank in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant Court. General of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, such Payment shall be deemed to have been a good Payment, and shall be deemed to have had and shall have the same Effect, and the Court of Chancery shall have the like Powers in relation thereto, as if the said Court of Chancery had been named in such Act instead of the Court of Exchequer, and as well with respect to any Right, Interest, or Claim of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, as of all other Bodies and Persons whatsoever.

cery to be dealt

of Ireland to

CAP. LI.

An Act to continue the Exemption of Inhabitants from Liability to be rated as such in respect of Stock in Trade or other Property to the Relief of the Poor.

[16th July 1855.]

[3 4 4 Vict. c. 89. continued until 1st October 1856.]

Copyhold, &c. Commission Continuance.

Haileybury College.

CAP. LII.

An Act to continue Appointments under the Act for consolidating the Copyhold and Inclosure Commissions, and for completing Proceedings under the Tithe Commutation Acts.

[16th July 1855.]

[16 & 17 Vict. c. 124. continued for Two Years.]

CAP. LIII.

An Act to relieve the East India Company from the Obligation to maintain the College at Haileybury.

[16th July 1855.]

WHEREAS, in consequence of the Regulations made or which may hereafter be made, by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India for the Admission of Persons to the Civil Service of the East India Company, under the Provisions of an Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Victoria, intituled An Act to provide for the Government of India, the Maintenance of the said Company's College at Haileybury will after a limited Period be no longer necessary: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the Thirty-first Day of January of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight the said College shall be discontinued and closed.

II. No Person shall be admitted as a Student into the said ('ollege after the Twenty-fifth Day of January in the Year One

thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

III. Every Student of the said College at the Period of the last Examination in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven shall be examined in the usual Manner for Admission to the said Company's Service, and all those who shall be certified by the Principal of the said College to be duly qualified in other respects may be admitted to the Service of the said Company, notwithstanding such Students may not have resided Four Terms at the said College.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to determine any Question of Priority of Rank which may arise between Persons appointed to the said Service in respect of Vacancies which occurred prior to the Thirtieth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and Persons appointed in respect of

Vacancies which occurred on or after that Day.

V. The said Company shall, with the Approval of the said Commissioners, as soon as may be after the Discontinuance of the said College, sell and dispose thereof and of all Lands and Hereditaments attached thereto, or, with the like Approval, may, at any Time after the passing of this Act, contract for the Sale and Disposal of the said Premises from the Thirty-first Day of January

16 & 17 Viet. c. 95.

College to be discontinued.

No Student to be admitted after 25 Jan. 1856.

Students certified at last Examination in 1857 qualified for Service of Company.

Commissioners to determine Questions of Priority of Rank.

Power to Company to sell College, &c.

Haileybury College.

New South Wales Government.

January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; and the Proceeds of such Sale shall be received and held by the said Company in trust for Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for the Use of the Government of India.

VI. At any Time within Six Months before the closing of the As to Compensaid College, it shall be lawful for the said Company to take into sations to Officonsideration the Claims of the Officers and Servants of the said College whose Interests may be prejudicially affected by the Abolition of the said College, and, under the Control of the said Commissioners, to grant such Compensations, Superannuations, or Allowances as shall appear reasonable, the Charge whereof shall be defrayed by the said Company out of the Revenues of India.

CAP. LIV.

An Act to enable Her Majesty to assent to a Bill, as amended, of the Legislature of New South Wales, " to confer a Con-" stitution on New South Wales, and to grant a Civil List " to Her Majesty." $\lceil 16 ext{th } July 1855.
ceil$

HEREAS the Legislative Council of the Colony of New South Wales, constituted and assembled by virtue of and ' under the Authority of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, intituled An 13 & 14 Vict. Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian c. 59. ' Colonies, did, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-' three, pass a Bill, intituled An Act to confer a Constitution on New South Wales, and to grant a Civil List to Her Majesty; of which Bill, amended as herein-after provided, a Copy is contained in Schedule (A.) to this present Act annexed: And whereas the · said Bill was presented for Her Majesty's Assent to the then ' Governor of the said Colony of New South Wales, and the said · Governor did thereupon declare that he reserved the said Bill for the Signification of Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon: And whereas it is by the said reserved Bill provided, that the Provisions thereof shall have no Force or Effect until so much and such Parts of certain Acts of Parliament in the said Bill specified · as relate to the said Colony, and are repugnant to the said reserved Bill, shall have been repealed, and the entire Management and Control of the Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the * said Colony, and also the Appropriation of the gross Proceeds of the Sales of any such Lands, and of all other Proceeds and · Revenues of the same, from whatever Source arising within the * said Colony, including all Royalties, Mines, and Minerals, shall · be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: And whereas ' it is not competent to Her Majesty to assent to the said reserved · Bill without the Authority of Parliament for that Purpose: And · whereas it is expedient that Her Majesty should be authorized to * assent to the said reserved Bill, amended by the Omission of certain Provisions thereof, respecting the Assent of the Governor · to the Bills which may be passed by the Legislative Councils and ' Assemblies of the said Colony, and Her Majesty's Power to dis-· allow the same, and respecting the Boundaries of the Australian

' Colony

New South Wales Government.

'Colonies, and that so much and such Parts as aforesaid of the said apecified Acts of Parliament should thereupon be repealed, and that the entire Management and Control of the said Waste Lands and Proceeds should be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: And whereas a Copy of the said Bill, as amended as aforesaid, is set forth in the Schedule (1.) to this Act:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to assent to the said reserved Bill, as amended as aforesaid, and contained in Schedule (1.) to this present Act annexed, anything in the said specified Acts of Parliament, or any other Act, Law, Statute, or

Usage, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

So much of the Acts in Schedule (2.) to this Act as relates to the Colony of New South, Wales repealed.

Power to Her Majesty to as-

sent to Bill in

Schedule (1.)

II. From the Day of the Proclamation of this Act in the said Colony of New South Wales (the said reserved Bill, as amended as aforesaid, having been previously assented to by Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid,) so much and such Parts of the several Acts of Parliament mentioned in the Schedule (2.) of this Act as severally relate to the said Colony of New South Wales, and are repuguant to the said reserved Bill, amended as aforesaid, shall be repealed; and the entire Management and Control of the Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the said Colony, and also the Appropriation of the gross Proceeds of the Sales of any such Lands, and of all other Proceeds and Revenues of the same, from whatever Source, arising within the said Colony, including all Royalties, Mines, and Minerals, shall be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: Provided, that so much of the Acts of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, and Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-six, mentioned in the said Schedule, as relates to the Constitution, Appointment, and Powers of the Legislative Council of the said Colony of New South Wales shall continue in force until the First Writs shall have issued for the Election of Members to serve in the House of Assembly, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said reserved Bill, amended and assented to as aforesaid, but no longer: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall affect or be construed to affect any Contract or to prevent the Fulfilment of any Promise or Engagement made by or on behalf of Her Majesty, with respect to any Lands situate in the said Colony, in Cases where such Contracts, Promises, or Engagements shall have been lawfully made before the Time at which this Act shall take effect within the said Colony, nor to disturb or in any way interfere with or prejudice any vested or other Rights which have accrued or belong to the licensed Occupants or Lessees of any Crown Lands within or without the settled Districts, under and by virtue of the Provisions of any of the Acts of Parliament so repealed as aforesaid, or of any Order or Orders of Her Majesty in Council issued in pursuance thereof.

III. The Provisions of the before-mentioned Act of the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, and of the Act of the Sixth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-six, intituled

Provisions of former Acts respecting the

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An Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Allowance and Land, which relate to the giving and withholding of Her Majesty's Disallowance of Assent to Bills, and the Reservation of Bills for the Signification of Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon, and the Instructions to be conveyed to Governors for their Guidance in relation to the Matters aforesaid, and the Disallowance of Bills by Her Majesty, shall apply to Bills to be passed by the Legislative Council and Assembly constituted under the said reserved Bill and this Act, and by any other Legislative Body or Bodies which may at any Time hereafter be substituted for the present Legislative Council and Assembly.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of New South Wales Power to repeat to make Laws altering or repealing all or any of the Provisions of and alter the the said reserved Bill, in the same Manner as any other Laws for Provisions of the good Government of the said Colony, subject, however, to the Conditions imposed by the said reserved Bill on the Alteration of the Provisions thereof in certain Particulars, until and unless the said Conditions shall be repealed or altered by the Authority of

the said Legislature.

V. 'And whereas by the before-mentioned Act of the Four- Boundaries of teenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, it is amongst the Colonies of other things enacted, that the Territories therein described as bounded on the North and North-east by a straight Line drawn toria along the from Cape Howe to the nearest Source of the River Murray, River Murray 'and thence by the Course of that River to the Eastern Boundary of defined. ' the Colony of South Australia, should be erected into a separate ' Colony to be known and designated as the Colony of Victoria: ' And whereas Doubts have been entertained as to the true Mean-'ing of the said Description of the Boundary of the said Colony: It is hereby declared and enacted, That the whole Watercourse of the said River Murray, from its Source therein described to the Eastern Boundary of the Colony of South Australia, is and shall be within the Territory of New South Wales: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Legislatures and for the proper Officers of Customs of both the said Colonies of New South Wales and Victoria to make Regulations for the levying of Customs Duties on Articles imported into the said Two Colonies respectively by way of the River Murray, and for the Punishment of Offences against the Customs Laws of the said Two Colonies respectively committed on the said River, and for the Regulation of the Navigation of the said River by Vessels belonging to the said Two Colonies respectively: Provided also, that it shall be competent for the Legislatures of the said Two Colonies, by Laws passed in concurrence with each other, to define in any different Manner the Boundary Line of the said Two Colonies along the Course of the River Murray, and to alter the other Provisions of this Section.

VI. If Her Majesty shall at any Time exercise the Power given Provision for to Her by the said reserved Bill of altering the Northern Boun- the Separation dary of New South Wales, and if She shall in the Exercise of such Power separate from the said Colony any entire Electoral Dis-New South tricts, the Electoral Districts so separated shall cease to return Wales. Members to the Assembly of New South Wales; and if She shall, in the Exercise of such Power as aforesaid, separate from the said

the reserved

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of Portions of the Territory of

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Colony any Portions of Electoral Districts, the remaining Portious not separated shall continue to return to the said Assembly the same Number of Members as if no such Separation had taken place, until the Legislature of New South Wales shall otherwise provide; and the said Assembly shall retain, so far as concerns the Colony of New South Wales as constituted after such Separation, all the Powers and Functions vested in it, though it may not thereafter consist of the same Number of Members as before.

Portions so separated may be erected into separate Colonies.

VII. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Letters Patent to be from Time to Time issued under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to erect into a separate Colony or Colonies any Territories which may be separated from New South Wales by such Alteration as aforesaid of the Northern Boundary thereof; and in and by such Letters Patent or by Order in Council to make Provision for the Government of any such Colony, and for the Establishment of a Legislature therein, in manner as nearly resembling the Form of Government and Legislature which shall be at such Time established in New South Wales as the Circumstances of such Colony will allow; and full Power shall be given in and by such Letters Patent or Order in Council to the Legislature of the said Colony to make further Provision in that Behalf.

Commencement of the Act.

VIII. This Act shall be proclaimed in New South Wales by the Governor thereof, within One Month after a Copy thereof shall have been received by such Governor, and this Act and the said reserved Bill, as amended as aforesaid (such Bill being first assented to by Her Majesty in Council), shall take effect in the said Colony from the Day of such Proclamation.

Interpretation of Terms.

IX. In the Construction of this Act the Term "Governor" shall mean the Person for the Time being lawfully administering the Government of New South Wales; and the Word "Legislature" shall include as well the Legislature to be constituted under the said reserved Bill and this Act, as any future Legislature which may be established in the said Colony under the Powers in the said reserved Bill and this Act contained.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers. SCHEDULE (1.)

Anno Decimo Septimo Victoria Regina.

By His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, Knight Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor General of all Her Majesty's Australian Possessions, and Captain General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice Admiral of the same, with the Advice and Consent of the Legislative Council.

No. XLI.

An Act to confer a Constitution on New South Wales, and to grant a Civil List to Her Majesty.

Recital of 32d WHEREAS by the Thirty-second Clause of the Imperial Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 39, passed in the Session holden in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth

Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for " the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies," it was among other things enacted, that, notwithstanding anything therein-before contained, it should be lawful for the Governor and Legislative Council of this Colony, from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts, to alter the Provisions or Laws for the Time being in force under the said Imperial Act or otherwise, concerning the Election of the Elective Members of such Legislative Council, and the Qualification of Electors and Elective Members, or to establish in the said Colony, instead of the Legislative Council, a Council and a House of Representatives, or other separate Legislative Houses, to consist of such Members, to be appointed or elected by such Person and in such Manner, as by such Act or Acts should be determined, and to vest in such Council and House of Representatives, or other separate Legislative Houses, the Powers and Functions of the Legislative Council for which the same may be substituted: And whereas it is expedient that the Powers vested by the said Act in the said Governor and Legislative Council should be exercised, and that a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly, as constituted by this Act, should be substituted for the present Legislative Council, with the increased Powers and Functions herein-after contained: Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales, with the Advice and Consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

L There shall be, in place of the Legislative Council now subsisting, One Legislative Council and One Legislative Assembly, after prescribed; and within the said Colony of New South Wales of the Parliament. to be severally constituted and composed in the Manner herein-Her Majesty shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the said Council and Assembly, to make Laws for the Peace, Welfare, and good Government of the said Colony in all Cases whatsoever: Provided, that all Bills for appropriating any Taxation and Appropriation Bills are of the Public Revenue, for imposing any new Rate, Tax, or propriation Bills to originate in Impost, subject always to the Limitation contained in Clause Assembly. Sixty-two of this Act, shall originate in the Legislative Assembly

of the said Colony.

II. For the Purpose of composing the Legislative Council of Appointment of Legislative New South Wales, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, before the Councillors. Time to be appointed for the First Meeting of the said Legislative Council and Assembly, by an Instrument under the Sign Manual, to authorize the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council, in Her Majesty's Name, by an Instrument or Instruments under the Great Seal of the said Colony, to summon to the said Legislative Council of the said Colony such Persons, being not fewer than Twenty-one, as the said Governor and Executive Council shall think fit; and it shall also be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time to authorize the Governor in like Manner to summon to the said Legislative Council such other Person or Persons as the said Governor and Executive Council shall think tit, and every Person who shall be so summoned shall thereby become a Member of the Legislative Council of the said Colony:

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Provided always, that no Person shall be summoned to the said Legislative Council who shall not be of the full Age of Twenty-one Years, and a natural-born Subject of Her Majesty, or naturalized by an Act of the Imperial Parliament, or by an Act of the Legislature of the said Colony: Provided also, that not less than Four Fifths of the Members so summoned to the Legislative Council shall consist of Persons not holding any Office of Emolument under the Crown, except Officers of Her Majesty's Sea and Land Forces on Full or Half Pay, or retired Officers on Pensions.

1 enure of Office of Councillors.

III. The Members of the First Legislative Council of the said Colony who shall be so summoned by the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council, shall hold their respective Seats therein for Five Years from the Date of the First Summonses to the said Legislative Council; but all future Members of the said Legislative Council who shall be summoned thereto, after the Expiration of the said Five Years, by the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council as aforesaid, shall hold their Seats therein for the Term of their natural Lives, subject, nevertheless, to the Provisions herein-after contained for vacating the same, and for altering and amending the future Constitution of the said Colony as established by this Act.

Resignation of Councillors.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Member of the Legislative Council to resign his Seat therein by a Letter to the Governor, and upon the Receipt of any such Letter by the Governor the Seat of such Legislative Councillor shall become vacant.

Vacating Seat by Absence.

V. If any Legislative Councillor shall, for Two successive Sessions of the Legislature of the said Colony, fail to give his Attendance in the said Legislative Council, without the Permission of Her Majesty or of the Governor of the Colony, signified by the said Governor to the Legislative Council, or shall take any Oath or make any Declaration or Acknowledgment of Allegiance, Obedience, or Adherence to any Foreign Prince or Power, or shall do, concur in, or adopt any Act whereby he may become a Subject or Citizen of any Foreign State or Power, or whereby he may become entitled to the Rights, Privileges, or Immunities of a Subject or Citizen of any Foreign State or Power. or shall become bankrupt, or take the Benefit of any Law relating to Insolvent Debtors, or become a Public Contractor or Defaulter. or be attainted of Treason, or be convicted of Felony or of any infamous Crime, his Seat in such Council shall thereby become vacant.

Trial of Questions of Vacancy.

VI. Any Question which shall arise respecting any Vacancy in the Legislative Council, on occasion of any of the Matters aforesaid, shall be referred by the Governor to the said Legislative Council, to be by the said Legislative Council heard and determined: Provided always, that it shall be lawful either for the Person respecting whose Seat such Question shall have arisen, or for Her Majesty's Attorney General for the said Colony, on Her Majesty's Behalf, to appeal from the Determination of the said Council in such Case to Her Majesty, and that the Judgment of

Her Majesty, given with the Advice of Her Privy Council, thereon shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

VII. The Governor of the Colony shall have Power and Autho-Appointment of rity from Time to Time, by an Instrument under the Great Seal of the said Colony, to appoint One Member of the said Legislative Council to be President thereof, and to remove him and appoint President may another in his Stead; and it shall be at all Times lawful for the bates. said President to take part in any Debate or Discussion which may arise in the said Legislative Council.

VIII. The Presence of at least One Third of the Members of Quorum, Divi-the said Legislative Council, exclusive of the President, shall be voted. necessary to constitute a Quorum for the Despatch of Business; and all Questions which shall arise in the said Legislative Council shall be decided by a Majority of Votes of the Members present, other than the President, and when the Votes shall be equal the President shall have the Casting Vote: Provided always, that if the whole Number of Members constituting the said Legislative Council shall not be exactly divisible by Three, the Quorum of the said Legislative Council shall consist of such whole Number as is next greater than One Third of the Members of the said Legislative Council.

IX. For the Purpose of constituting the Legislative Assembly Convoking Asof the said Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor thereof, within the Time herein-after mentioned, and thereafter from Time to Time as Occasion shall require, in Her Majesty's Name, by an Instrument or Instruments under the Great Seal of the said Colony, to summon and call together a Legislative Assembly in and for the said Colony.

X. The Legislative Assembly shall for the present consist of Number of Man-Fifty-four Members, to be elected by the Inhabitants of the said Colony, having any of the Qualifications mentioned in the next succeeding Clause of this Act.

bers of Assembly.

Qualification of Electors.

XI. The Qualifications for Electors of the Legislative Assembly shall be as follows :- Every Man of the Age of Twenty-one Years, being a natural-born or naturalized Subject of Her Majesty, or legally made a Denizen of New South Wales, and. having a Freehold Estate in possession, situate in the District for which his Vote is to be given, of the clear Value of One hundred Pounds Sterling Money, above all Charges and Incumbrances in any way affecting the same, of or to which he has been seised or entitled, either at Law or in Equity, for at least Six Calendar Months next before the last Registration of Electors, or being a Householder within such District, occupying any House, Warehouse, Counting-house, Office, Shop, or other Building, of the clear annual Value of Ten Pounds Sterling Money, and having occupied the same for Six Calendar Months next before such Registration as aforesaid, or having a Leasehold Estate in possession, situate within such District, of the Value of Ten Pounds Sterling Money per Annum, held upon a Lease which at the Time of such Registration has not less than Three Years to run, or having a Leasehold Estate so situate and of such Value as aforesaid, of which he has been in possession for Three Years or upwards

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upwards next before such Registration, or holding at the Time of such Registration a Licence from the Government to depasture Lands within the District for which his Vote is to be given, or having a Salary of One hundred Pounds a Year, and having enjoyed the same for Six Calendar Months next before such Registration, or being the Occupant of any Room or Lodging, and paying for his Board and Lodging Forty Pounds a Year, or for his Lodging only at the Rate of Ten Pounds a Year, and having occupied the same Room or Lodging for Six Calendar Months next before such Registration as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote at the Election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly: Provided always, that no Man shall be entitled to vote who has been attainted or convicted of Treason, Felony, or other infamous Offence in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, unless he have received a free or conditional Pardon for such Offence, or have undergone the Sentence passed on him for such Offence; and provided also, that no Man shall be entitled to vote unless at the Time of such Registration of Electors he shall have paid up all Rates and Taxes which shall have become payable by him as Owner or Leaseholder in respect of such Estate, or as Occupier in respect of such Occupancy, or as the Holder of a Licence in respect of such Licence, except such as shall have become payable during Three Calendar Months next before such Registration.

When joint Owners and Occupiers shall be entitled to be registered as Voters and to vote.

XII. Where any Premises are jointly owned, occupied, or held on Lease within the Meaning of the last preceding Clause, by more Persons than One, each of such joint Owners, Occupiers, or Leaseholders shall be entitled to be registered as a Voter and to vote in respect of the said Premises in case the Value of his individual Interest therein, separately considered, would, under the first Four Provisions of the said last preceding Section, entitle such Owner, Occupier, or Leaseholder to be registered as a Voter and to vote.

Division of the Colony into Electoral Districts, and the Number of Members to be returned by each.

XIII. Until further Provision shall be made by the Legislature of the said Colony all the Provisions contained in "The Electoral Act of 1851," passed by the late Legislative Council in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, numbered Forty-seven, except so much of the First Clause thereof as relates to the Number and Constitution of the present Legislative Council, and so much of the Third and other Clauses thereof as is repugnant to this Act, shall be in force and apply to the Election of Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly constituted under this Act, except as follows:

Electoral Districts. The Electoral Districts of East Camden and West Camden shall cach return Two Members instead of One Member to serve in the said Legislative Assembly; the Electoral District of the united Counties of Cook and Westmoreland shall return Two Members; the Counties of Murray, Saint Vincent, Roxburgh and Wellington shall each form an Electoral District, and each return One Member; the County of Cumberland shall be divided into Two Ridings, to be called the North and South Ridings, the North Riding commencing where the great Western Road crosses Johnstone's Creek, and bounded on

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the South by the Centre of that Road, bearing westerly to where it crosses the Southern Boundary of the Electoral District of Parramatta, near Beckett's Bridge, thence by Part of the Southern, by the Eastern, Northern, and Western Boundaries of the said Electoral District to the great Western Road near the Toll Bar, thence again by the Centre of that Road, bearing westerly to Emu Ferry on the Nepean River; on the West and North by the Nepean and Hawkesbury Rivers to Broken Bay, and on the East by the Sea Coast and the Southern Shores of Port Jackson to Johnstone's Creck, and by Johnstone's Creek to the Point of Commencement, exclusive of the Hamlets of Saint Leonard's and Balmain, and also excluding so much of the Cumberland Boroughs as is embraced by the Towns of Windsor and Richmond, and also so much of the Borough of Penrith as is situated on the North Side of the Western Road, and the South Riding, commencing where the great Western Road crosses Johnstone's Creek, and bounded on the North by the Centre of that Road, bearing westerly to where it crosses the Southern Boundary of the Electoral District of the Town of Parramatta near Beckett's Bridge, thence by Part of the Southern Boundary of the said Electoral District, bearing westerly to the great Western Road near the Toll Bar, thence again by the Centre of that Road, bearing westerly to Emu Ferry on the Nepean River; on the West by that River upwards to the Confluence of the Cataract River; on the South by that River upwards to its Source, and thence by a Line bearing East Twenty Degrees South to the Coast at Bulli, being the Southern Boundary of the County of Cumberland; on the East by the Sea Coast to Port Jackson, and again on the North by the Southern Shores of Port Jackson to Johnstone's Creek, and by Johnstone's Creek to the Point of Commencement, exclusive of the City of Sydney and the Hamlets of Paddington, Surry Hills, Redfern, Chippendale, O'Connell Town, Camperdown, and Glebe, and also excluding so much of the Cumberland Boroughs as is embraced by the Towns of Liverpool and Campbell Town, and also so much of the Borough of Penrith as is situated on the South Side of the Western Road; and each of the said Ridings shall return Two Members; the united Counties of Northumberland and Hunter shall return Three Members instead of Two; the County of Durham shall return Three Members instead of Two; the City of Sydney shall return Four Members instead of Three; the Sydney Hamlets, the Town of Parramatta, the Northumberland Boroughs, and the Stanley Boroughs, shall each return Two Members instead of One Member; the Electoral Districts of the pastoral Districts of the Murrumbidgee, of the Lachlan and Lower Darling, of Liverpool Plains and the Gwydir, and of New England and the M'Leay, shall each return Two Members instead of One Member to serve in the said Legislative Assembly as aforesaid.

Electoral Lists.

XIV. The new Classes of Electors entitled to vote by this Act at the Election of Members of the Legislative Assembly shall be inserted in the Electoral Lists appointed to be made by "The Electoral Act of 1851," in the Electoral Districts in which they shall be respectively resident; and all such Lists shall specify the Christian and Surnames of all such Electors, the Nature of the Qualification, and the Place where they respectively reside: and all such Lists shall be signed, delivered, printed, and hung up for public Inspection by the Persons and in the Way in the said Act prescribed, and shall be subject to the like Claims and Notice from any Person whose Name shall have been omitted therein, and to the like Objections and Notice as to the Names of any Person inserted therein, and to the like Modes of altering, amending, or continuing any such Lists as are in these said several respects provided for in the said Electoral Act of 1851, as nearly as may be consistently with the Rights of such new Electors.

Power to alter System of Representation.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Colony, by any Act or Acts to be hereafter passed to alter the Divisions and Extent of the several Counties, Districts, Cities, Towns, Boroughs, and Hamlets which shall be represented in the Legislative Assembly, and to establish new and other Divisions of the same, and to alter the Apportionment of Representatives to be chosen by the said Counties, Districts, Cities, Towns, Boroughs, and Hamlets respectively, and to alter the Number of Representatives to be chosen in and for the Colony and in and for the several Electoral Districts in the same, and to alter and regulate the Appointment of Returning Officers, and make such new and other Provision as they may deem expedient for the issuing and Return of Writs for the Election of Members to serve in the said Legislative Assembly and the Time and Place of holding such Elections: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to present to the Governor of the Colony, for Her Majesty's Assent, any Bill by which the Number or Apportionment of Representatives in the Legislative Assembly may be altered, unless the Second and Third Readings of such Bill in the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly respectively shall have been passed with the Concurrence of a Majority of the Members for the Time being of the said Legislative Council and of Two Thirds of the Members for the Time being of the said Legislative Assembly; and the Assent of Her Majesty shall not be given to any such Bill unless an Address shall have been presented by the Legislative Assembly to the Governor stating that such Bill has been so passed.

Qualification of Members of Assembly.

XVI. Any Person absolutely free (except as is herein-after excepted) who shall be qualified and registered as a Voter in and for any Electoral District within the said Colony, shall be qualified to be elected a Member of the Legislative Assembly for any Electoral District within the said Colony.

Members of Legislative Council incapable of being Members of Legilative Assembly. XVII. No Person being a Member of the Legislative Council shall be capable of being elected, or of sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly.

XVIII. Any

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XVIII. Any Person holding any Office of Profit under the Disqualifying Clause of Members of Assembly. or for Term of Years, shall be incapable of being elected, or of sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly, unless he be One of the following official Members of the Government, that is to say, the Colonial Secretary, Colonial Treasurer, Auditor General, Attorney General, and Solicitor General, or One of such additional Officers, not being more than Five, as the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council, may from Time to Time, by a Notice in the Government Gazette, declare capable of being elected a Member of the said Assembly.

XIX. If any Member of the said Assembly shall accept of any Further disquali-Office of Profit or Pension from the Crown during Pleasure or Rembers of Asfor Term of Years, his Election shall be thereupon and is hereby sembly. declared to be void, and a Writ shall forthwith issue for a new Election: Provided, that nothing in this Act contained shall Pensions of Odiextend to any Person in receipt only of Pay, Half Pay, or a cers of the Navy Pension as an Officer in Her Majesty's Navy or Army, or who shall receive any new or other Commission in the Navy or Army respectively, or any Increase of Pay on such Commission, or to any of the official Members of the Government, or other Officers referred to in the last preceding Clause of this Act who may accept any other Office.

XX. No Person shall be capable of being elected a Member Disqualitying Ministers of Reto serve in the said Assembly, and of sitting and voting therein, ligion. who shall be a Minister of the Church of England, or a Minister, Priest, or Ecclesiastic, either according to the Rites of the Church of Rome, or under any other Form or Profession of Religious Faith or Worship.

XXI. Every Legislative Assembly of the said Colony here. Duration of after to be summoned and chosen shall continue for Five Years Assembly. from the Day of the Return of the Writs for choosing the same, and no longer; subject, nevertheless, to be sooner prorogued or

dissolved by the Governor of the said Colony.

XXII. The Members of the Legislative Assembly shall, upon Election of the Speaker. the first assembling after every General Election, proceed forthwith to elect One of their Number to be Speaker; and in case of his Death, Resignation, or Removal by a Vote of the said Legislative Assembly, the said Members shall forthwith proceed to elect another of such Members to be such Speaker; and the Speaker so elected shall preside at all Meetings of the said Legislative Assembly, except as may be provided by the Standing Rules and Orders herein-after authorized to be made.

XXIII. The Presence of at least Twenty Members of the Quorum, Divi-Legislative Assembly, exclusive of the Speaker, shall be neces- vote. sary to constitute a Meeting of the said Legislative Assembly for the Despatch of Business; and all Questions (except as herein is excepted) which shall arise in the said Assembly shall be decided by the Majority of Votes of such Members as shall be present other than the Speaker, and when the Votes shall be equal the Speaker shall have the Casting Vote. XXIV. Upon

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Assembly may proceed to Business, although Writs not exceeding Five shall not have been returned.

Resignation of Seats in the Assembly.

Vacating Seats of Members of Assembly in certain Cases.

Election to take place on Vacancies.

Disqualifying Contractors and Persons interested in Contracts from being Members of either House.

Proviso exempting from Disqualification Members of Companies exceeding Twenty in Number.

XXIV. Upon any General Election, the Legislative Assembly shall be competent to proceed to the Despatch of Business at the Time appointed by the Governor for that Purpose, notwithstanding that any of the Writs of Election (not exceeding Five) shall not have been returned, or that in any of the Electoral Districts the Electors shall have failed to elect a Member to serve in the said Assembly.

XXV. It shall be lawful for any Member of the Assembly, by Writing under his Hand, addressed to the Speaker of the said House, to resign his Seat therein, and upon the Receipt of such Resignation by the Speaker the Seat of such Member shall become vacant.

XXVI. If any Member of the Assembly shall for One whole Session of the Legislature, without the Permission of the Assembly, entered upon its Journals, fail to give his Attendance in the said House, or shall take any Oath or make Declaration or Acknowledgment of Allegiance, Obedience, or Adherence to any Foreign Prince or Power, or do or concur in or adopt any Act whereby he may become a Subject or Citizen of any Foreign State or Power, or become entitled to the Rights, Privileges, or Immunities of a Subject of any Foreign State or Power, or shall become bankrupt or an Insolvent Debtor within the Meaning of the Laws in force within the said Colony relating to Bankrupts or Insolvent Debtors, or shall become a Public Defaulter, or be attainted of Treason, or be convicted of Felony or any infamous Crime, his Seat in such Assembly shall thereby become vacant.

XXVII. When and so often as a Vacancy shall occur as aforesaid, upon a Resolution by the Assembly declaring such Vacancy and the Causes thereof, the Speaker shall cause a Writ to be issued for supplying such Vacancy: Provided, that the Speaker may issue such Writ without such preceding Resolution when the Assembly is not in Session.

XXVIII. Any Person who shall directly or indirectly, himself, or by any Person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his Use or Benefit, or on his Account, undertake, execute, hold, or enjoy, in the whole or in part, any Contract or Agreement for or on account of the Public Service, shall be incapable of being summoned or elected, or of sitting or voting, as a Member of the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly during the Time he shall exccute, hold, or enjoy any such Contract, or any Part or Share thereof, or any Benefit or Emolument arising from the same; and if any Person, being a Member of such Council or Assembly, shall enter into any such Contract or Agreement, or having entered into it shall continue to hold it, his Seat shall be declared by the said Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly, as the Case may require, to be void, and thereupon the same shall become and be void accordingly: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Contract or Agreement made, entered into, or accepted by any Incorporated Company, or any Trading Company, Consisting of more than Twenty Persons, where such Contract or Agreement shall be made,

entered into, or accepted for the general Benefit of such Incorporated or Trading Company.

XXIX. If any Person by this Act disabled or declared to be Election of disincapable to sit or vote in the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly shall nevertheless be summoned to the said Council. or elected and returned as a Member to serve in the said Assembly for any Electoral District, such Summons, or Election and Return, shall and may be declared by the said Council and Assembly, as the Case may require, to be void, and thereupon the same shall become and be void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and if any Person, under any of the Disqualifications Penalty on their mentioned in the last preceding Section, shall, whilst so disqualified, presume to sit or vote as a Member of the said Council or Assembly, such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same in the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

sitting or voting.

XXX. It shall be lawful for the Governor of the Colony for Place and Time the Time being to fix such Place or Places within any Part of liament, the Colony, and such Times for holding the First and every other Session of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the said Colony, as he may think fit, such Times and Places to be afterwards changed or varied as the Governor may judge advisable and most consistent with general Convenience and the public Welfare, giving sufficient Notice thereof; and also to prorogue the said Legislative Council and Assembly from Time to Time, and to dissolve the said Assembly by Proclamation or otherwise, whenever be shall deem it expedient.

XXXI. There shall be a Session of the Legislative Council and One Session of Assembly once at least in every Year, so that a Period of Twelve held in each Calendar Months shall not intervene between the last Sitting of the Legislative Council and Assembly in One Session and the First Sitting of the Legislative Council and Assembly in the next

XXXII. The Legislative Council and Assembly shall be called First calling together for the First Time at some Period not later than Six liament. Calendar Months next after the Proclamation of this Act by the Governor of the said Colony.

XXXIII. No Member either of the Legislative Council or of sit or vote until he has taken the until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath before Allegiance. the Governor of the Colony, or before some Person or Persons authorized by such Governor to administer such Oath:

A.B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, as ' lawful Sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and ' Ireland, and of this Colony of New South Wales, dependent, on ' and belonging to the said United Kingdom. So help me GOD.'

And whensoever the Demise of Her present Majesty (whom may God long preserve) or of any of Her Successors to the Crown of the said United Kingdom shall be notified by the Governor of the Colony to the said Council and Assembly respectively, the Members 18 & 19 Vict.

Members of the said Council and Assembly shall, before they shall be permitted to sit and vote therein, take and subscribe the like Oath of Allegiance to the Successor for the Time being to the said Crown.

Affirmation may be made instead of Oath. XXXIV. Provided that every Person authorized by Law to make an Affirmation instead of taking an Oath may make such Affirmation in every Case in which an Oath is herein-before required to be taken.

Standing Rules and Orders to be made.

XXXV. The said Legislative Council and Assembly in the First Session of each respectively, and from Time to Time afterwards as there may be occasion, shall prepare and adopt such Standing Rules and Orders as shall appear to the said Council and Assembly respectively best adapted for the orderly Conduct of such Council and Assembly respectively, and for the Manner in which such Council and Assembly shall be presided over in case of the Absence of the President or the Speaker, and for the Mode in which such Council and Assembly shall confer, correspond, and communicate with each other relative to Votes or Bills passed by or pending in such Council and Assembly respectively, and for the Manner in which Notices of Bills, Resolutions, and other Business intended to be submitted to such Council and Assembly respectively at any Session thereof may be published for general Information, and for the proper passing, entitling, and numbering of the Bills to be introduced into and passed by the said Council and Assembly, and for the proper Presentation of the same to the Governor for the Time being for Her Majesty's Assent; all of which Rules and Orders shall, by such Council and Assembly respectively, be laid before the Governor, and, being by him approved, shall become binding and of force.

Legislature, as constructed by this Act, empowered to alter any of its Provisions.

XXXVI. Notwithstanding anything herein-before contained, the Legislature of the said Colony, as constituted by this Act, shall have full Power and Authority, from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts, to alter the Provisions or Laws for the Time being in force under this Act or otherwise, concerning the Legislative Council, and to provide for the Nomination or Election of another Legislative Council, to consist respectively of such Members to be appointed or elected respectively by such Person or Persons, and in such Manner, as by such Act or Acts shall be determined: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to present to the Governor of the said Colony, for Her Majesty's Assent, any Bill by which any such Alteration in the Constitution of the said Colony may be made, unless the Second and Third Readings of such Bill shall have been passed with the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Members for the Time being of the said Legislative Council and of the said Legislative Assembly respectively: Provided also, that every Bill which shall be so passed for any of such Purposes shall be reserved for the Signification of Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon, and a Copy of such Bill shall be laid before both Houses of the Imperial Parliament for the Period of Thirty Days at the least before Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon shall be signified.

XXXVII. The

XXXVII. The Appointment to all Public Offices under the Appointment to Government of the Colony hereafter to become vacant or to be created, whether such Offices be salaried or not, shall be vested in the Colony to be the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council, with the Governor. Exception of the Appointments of the Officers liable to retire from Office on political Grounds as herein-after mentioned, which Appointments shall be vested in the Governor alone: Provided always, that this Enactment shall not extend to minor Appointments, which by Act of the Legislature, or by Order of the Governor and Executive Council, may be vested in Heads of Departments, or other Officers or Persons within the Colony.

XXXVIII. The Commissions of the present Judges of the Judges continued in the Enjoyment Supreme Court of the said Colony, and of all future Judges of their Offices thereof, shall be, continue, and remain in full force during their during their good Behaviour, notwithstanding the Demise of Her Majesty (whom may God long preserve), or of Her Heirs and Successors, Demise of the Crown; any Law, Usage, or Practice to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXIX. It shall be lawful, nevertheless, for Her Majesty, but they may be Her Heirs or Successors, to remove any such Judge or Judges Crown on the upon the Address of both Houses of the Legislature of this Address of Par-Colony.

XL. Such Salaries as are settled upon the Judges for the Time Their Salaries being by Act of Parliament or otherwise, and also such Salaries secured during the Continuance as shall or may be in future granted by Her Majesty, Her Heirs of their Commisand Successors, or otherwise, to any future Judge or Judges of sions. the said Supreme Court, shall in all Time coming be paid and payable to every such Judge and Judges for the Time being, so long as the Patents or Commissions of them or any of them respectively shall continue and remain in force.

XLL All Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances which at the Time Existing Law. of the passing of this Act shall be in force within the said Colony saved. shall remain and continue to be of the same Force, Authority, and Effect as if this Act had not been made, except in so far as the same are repealed or varied by this Act, or in so far as the same shall or may hereafter, by virtue and under the Authority of this Act, be repealed or varied by any Act or Acts of the Legislature of the said Colony.

XLII. All the Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction within Courts of Justice; the said Colony, and all Charters, legal Commissions, Powers and Officers, &c. Authorities, and all Officers, judicial, administrative, or ministerial, within the said Colony respectively, except in so far as the same may be abolished, altered, or varied by or may be inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act, or shall be abolished, altered, or varied by any Act or Acts of the Legislature of the Colony, or other competent Authority, shall continue to subsist in the same Form and with the same Effect as if this Act had not been made.

XLIII. Subject to the Provisions herein contained, it shall be Legislature em lawful for the Legislature of this Colony to make Laws for laws regulating regulating the Sale, Letting, Disposal, and Occupation of the Waste Lands of the Crown within the said Colony. Waste Lands of the Crown within the said Colony.

Government of

C. 54.

New South Wales Government.

Duties not to be levied on Supplies for Troops, nor any Duties inconsistent with Treaties.

Customs Duties may be imposed, not differential, though contrary to existing Acts of Parliament.

Boundaries of the Colony.

Preamble to Civil List Clauses.

XLIV. It shall not be lawful for the Legislature of the Colony to levy any Duty upon Articles imported bonâ fide for the Supply of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces, nor to levy any Duty, impose any Prohibition or Restriction, or grant any Exemption from any Drawback or other Privilege upon the Importation or Exportation of any Articles, nor to enforce any Dues or Charges upon Shipping, contrary to or at variance with any Treaty or Treaties concluded by Her Majesty with any Foreign Power. XLV. Subject to the Provisions of this Act, and notwithstanding

any Act or Acts of the Imperial Parliament now in force to the contrary, it shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Colony to impose and levy such Duties of Customs, as to them may seem fit, on the Importation into the Colony of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandise whatsoever, whether the Produce of or exported from the United Kingdom or any of the Colonies or Dependencies of the United Kingdom, or any Foreign Country: Provided always, that no new Duty shall be so imposed upon the Importation into the said Colony of any Article the Produce or Manufacture of or imported from any particular Country or Place which shall not be equally imposed on the Importation into the said Colony of the like Article the Produce or Manufacture of or exported from all other Countries and Places whatsoever. XLVI. For the Purpose of this Act, the Boundaries of the Colony of New South Wales shall, except as herein-after excepted, comprise all that Portion of Her Majesty's Territory of Australia

or New Holland lying between the One hundred and twenty-ninth and One hundred and fifty-fourth Degrees of East Longitude, reckoning from the Meridian of Greenwich, and Northward of the Fortieth Degree of South Latitude, including all the Islands adjacent in the Pacific Ocean within the Latitude aforesaid, and also including Lord Howe Island, being in or about the Latitude of Thirty-one Degrees Thirty Minutes South and the One hundred and fifty-ninth Degree of East Longitude, reckoning from the said Meridian of Greenwich, save and except the Territories comprised within the Boundaries of the Province of South Australia and the Colony of Victoria, as at present established: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent Her Majesty from altering the Boundary of the Colony of New South Wales on the North in such Manner as to Her Majesty may seem fit, nor from detaching from the said Colony that Portion of the same which lies between the Western Boundary of South Australia and the One hundred and twenty-ninth Degree of East Longitude. reckoning from the said Meridian of Greenwich.

And whereas the Legislative Council of New South Wales. constituted under the Imperial Act passed in the Session holden in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the better Government "of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies," are desirous that Her Majesty should owe to the spontaneous Liberality of Her People in this Colony such Grant by way of Civil List, in lieu of the Provision contained in the Schedule to that Act, as shall be sufficient to give Stability and Security to the Civil Institutions of the

Colony,

Colony, and to provide for the adequate Remuneration of able and efficient Officers in the executive, judicial, and other Departments of Her Majesty's Colonial Service, the granting of which Civil List belongs constitutionally only to Her Majesty's faithful People through their Representatives in the said Legislative Council; and Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Members of the said Legislative Council in Council assembled, being desirous that a certain competent Revenue for the Purpose may be settled upon Her Majesty, (to whom may God grant a long and happy Reign,) as a Testimony of their unfeigned Affection to Her Majesty's Person and Government, have accordingly freely resolved, in lieu of the aforesaid statutable Provision for the like Purpose, to grant to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, a certain Revenue payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Colony: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

XLVIL All Taxes, Imposts, Rates, and Duties, and all terri- all Duties and torial, casual, and other Revenues of the Crown (including Royal-Revenues to form ties) from whatever Source arising within this Colony, and over Revenue Fund. which the present or future Legislature has or may have Power of Appropriation, shall form One Consolidated Revenue Fund, to be appropriated for the Public Service of this Colony in the Manner and subject to the Charges herein-after mentioned.

XLVIII. The Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Colony shall such Fund perbe permanently charged with all the Costs, Charges, and Expenses with Expenses of incident to the Collection Management and Parish the Collection Management an incident to the Collection, Management, and Receipt thereof, such Collection. Costs, Charges, and Expenses being subject nevertheless to be reviewed and audited in such Manner as shall be directed by any

Act of the Legislature.

XLIX. There shall be payable in every Year to Her Majesty, Civil List of Her Heirs and Successors, out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund 64,200l. payable to Her Majesty. of this Colony, the several Sums, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Sixty-four thousand and three hundred Pounds, for defraying the Expense of the several Services and Purposes named in the Schedules A. B. and C. to this Act annexed, the said several Sums to be issued by the Colonial Treasurer in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall be from Time to Time directed under the Hand of the Governor; and the said Treasurer shall account to Her Majesty for the same through the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in such Manner and Form as Her Majesty shall be graciously pleased to direct.

L. The said several Sums mentioned in Schedules A. B. and C. Civil List to be shall be accepted and taken by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Suc- accompanied by Surrender of all cessors, by way of Civil List, instead of all territorial, casual, and Revenues of the other Revenues of the Crown (including all Royalties) from whatever Source arising within the said Colony, and to the Disposal of which the Crown may be entitled either absolutely or conditionally,

or otherwise howsoever.

LL Not more than Four thousand five hundred and fifty Pounds in each Year shall be payable for Pensions to the Judges of the premount.

Supreme Court out of the Sum set apart for Pensions in the said Pensions payable to Schedule B.; and not more than Five thousand nine hundred lable to Certain Officers lable to Removal Pounds in each Year shall be payable by way of Pension or Retirmon Office on political Grounds. M 3

Provisces in reference to Judges' and such Officers. ing Allowance for the present Incumbents of any Office or Department mentioned in the said Schedule B. who, on political Grounds, may retire or be released from any such Office or Department: Provided always, that Pensions shall be demandable by such Judges, to the Amount of Seven Tenths of their actual Salaries, on permanent Disability or Infirmity, or after Fifteen Years Service as such Judge in this Colony; and that so far as the present Judges are concerned, every Three Years Service in any judicial Office in this Colony, other than the Office of a Judge of the Supreme Court, shall be equivalent to One Year's Service as such Judge of the Supreme Court; provided also, that the Officers so liable to retire or be released shall be the Attorney General, and Solicitor General, the Colonial Secretary, Colonial Treasurer, and Auditor General; and upon the Retirement or Release from Office of any of the present Officers, they shall be entitled by way of Pension or Retiring Allowance to the full Amount of the Salaries respectively received by them at the Time of the passing of this Act: Provided also, that if after the Assignment of any such Pension or Retiring Allowance any of such Judges or Officers shall accept any new Appointment under the Crown, then and in every such Case the Pension or Retiring Allowance of any such Judge or Officer shall merge or be reduced pro tanto during the Tenure of such Appointment, according as the Salary or Emoluments of any such new Appointment are of greater or less Amount than the Pension or Retiring Allowance of such Judge or Officer.

Superannuation Pensions to certain other Officers not liable to Removal upon political Grounds. To be regulated by Superannuation Act, 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 24.

Consolidated Revenue to be appropriated by Act of the Legislature.

Debenture or any other Charges on Consolidated.

Debenture or any other Charges on Consolidated Revenue Fund not to be affected by such Consolidation. LII. Not more than Three thousand five hundred Pounds in each Year shall be payable for Pensions to superannuated Officers: Provided always, that the Amount of all such Pensions for such superannuated Officers shall be according to the several Scales and Rates fixed by the Superannuation Act of the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the Session of the Fourth and Fifth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and that a List of all Pensions granted under this Act, and of the Persons to whom the same shall have been granted, shall be laid in every Year before both Houses of the Legislature of the Colony.

LIII. After and subject to the Payments to be made under the Provisions herein-before contained, all the Consolidated Revenue Fund herein-before mentioned shall be subject to be appropriated to such specific Purposes as by any Act of the Legislature of the Colony shall be prescribed in that Behalf: Provided, that the Consolidation of the Revenues of this Colony shall not affect the Payment of the annual Interest, or the Principal Sums mentioned in any outstanding Debentures or other Charge upon the territorial Revenue as such Interest, Principal, or other Charge severally becomes due, nor shall such Consolidation affect the Payment of any Sum or Sums heretofore charged upon the Taxes, Duties, Rates, and Imposts now raised, levied, and collected, to and for the Use of this Colony, for such Time as shall have been appointed by any Acts of the said Legislature by which any such Charge was authorized.

LIV. It shall not be lawful for the Legislative Assembly to No Money Vote originate or pass any Vote, Resolution, or Bill, for the Appropriation of any Part of the said Consolidated Revenue Fund, or of ed by Governor. any other Tax or Impost, to any Purpose which shall not have been first recommended by a Message of the Governor to the said Legislative Assembly during the Session in which such Vote, Resolution, or Bill shall be passed.

LV. No Part of Her Majesty's Revenue in the said Colony, No Part of Public Revenue to be arising from any of the Sources aforesaid, shall be issued, or shall insued except on be made issuable, except in pursuance of Warrants under the Hand Warrants from Governor. of the Governor of the Colony directed to the Public Treasurer

thereof.

LVI. This Act shall be proclaimed in New South Wales by the Proclamation Governor thereof within One Calendar Month after official Informent of Act. mation of the Royal Assent thereto shall have been received by such Governor, and shall take effect within the said Colony from the Day of the Proclamation thereof.

LVII. In the Construction of this Act, the Term "Governor" Interpretation of shall mean the Person for the Time being lawfully administering "Governor."

the Government of the Colony of New South Wales. LVIII. The foregoing Provisions of this Act shall have no Force Provisions of this or Effect until so much and such Parts of the Act of the Parliament Force until so of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the much of 18 & 14 Vict. c. 59; Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for the better Government of the Australian Colonies," and the First, Second, and Third Parts of the Schedule A, therein referred to; and of another Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for the Govern- and so much also "mant of New South Weles and Van Diemen's Land;" and of of 5 & 6 Vict. c. 76; " ment of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land;" and of another Act passed in the said Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for regulating the Sale of 5 & 6 Vict. c. 36.; " Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies;" and of another Act passed in the Eighth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to clear up Doubts as to the Regulation and of 7 & 8 Vict. " and Audit of the Customs of New South Wales;" and of another c. 72.; Act passed in the same Year, intituled "An Act to explain and 7 & 8 Vict. c. 74.; " amend the Act for the Government of New South Wales and "Van Diemen's Land;" and of another Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to provide for the Administration of Justice in 9 Geo. 4. c. 88.; " New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and for the more " effectual Government thereof, and for other Purposes relating " thereto;" and of another Act passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to amend an and 9 & 10 Vict. "Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the c. 104.; "Crown in the Australian Colonies, and to make further Provision
"for the Management thereof," as severally relate to the Colony
of New South Wales, and as are repugnant to this Act, shall have
seved Bills, be been repealed; and the entire Management and Control of the And the entire Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the said Colony of New Management of South Wales, and also the Appropriation of the gross Proceeds of all Revenues the Sales of any such Lands, and of all other Proceeds and M 4 Revenues arising be vested in the Local Legislate.

C.54.

C. 54.

New South Wales Government.

This Provision not to affect any previous Contracts of Her Majesty respecting any such Lands, nor any vested Rights which have arisen under 9 & 10 Vict. c. 104. nor any vested Right or Interest which has accrued under any Order of Council issued by Her Majesty in Council in pursuance thereof.

Revenues of the same, from whatever Source arising within the said Colony, including all Royalties, Mines, and Minerals, shall be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall affect or be construed to affect any Contract, or to prevent the Fulfilment of any Promise or Engagement made by or on behalf of Her Majesty, with respect to any Lands situate within the said Colony, in Cases where such Contracts, Promises, or Engagements shall have been lawfully made before the Time at which this Act shall take effect within this Colony, nor to disturb or in any way interfere with or prejudice any vested or other Rights which have accrued or belong to the licensed Occupants or Lessees of any Crown Lands within or without the settled Districts, under and by virtue of the aforesaid Act of the Parliament passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, or of any Order or Orders of Her Majesty in Council issued in pursuance thereof.

Passed the Legislative Council, this Twenty-first Day of

December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

CHARLES NICHOLSON, Speaker. W. Macpherson, Clerk of the Council.

In the Name and on the Behalf of Her Majesty, I reserve this Bill for the Signification thereon of Her Majesty's Pleasure.

CHAS. A. FITZROY,

Government House, Sydney, December 22, 1853. Governor General.

SCHEDULE (A.)

	Salaries whilst the Incumbe in Of	pre ents	sent	Salaries to be paid in future, as Vacancies occur.			
	£	<i>ε</i> .		£	s.	d.	
To be placed at the Disposal of				İ			
Her Majesty, for the Salary				1			
of the Governor General, if				1			
Her Majesty see fit; other-				ĺ			
wise to revert to the Conso-				İ			
lidated Revenue Fund -	7,000	0	0	7,000	0	0	
One Chief Justice	2,000	ŏ	ŏ	2,000	ŏ	ŏ	
Three Judges, including One	2,000	v	٠	2,000	·	Ū	
for Moreton Bay	4,500	0	0	4,500	0	0	
Colonial Secretary	2,000	ŏ	o	2,000	ŏ	ŏ	
Colonial Treasurer		ŏ	0	1,250	ŏ	Ö	
Auditor General	1,250						
	900	0	o l	900	0	0	
Attorney General	1,500	0	0	1,500		0	
Solicitor General	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	
Governor's Private Secretary	400	0	0	400	0	0	

C. 54.

New South W	ales Gov	erni	nent				
	Salaries payable whilst the present Incumbents are in Office.			Salaries to be paid in future, as Vacancies occur.			
Master in Equity and Curator of Intestate Estates and Chief	£	8,	d.	£	8.	d.	
Commissioner of Insolvent Estates Chairman of Quarter Sessions	1,000	0	0		•		
and Commissioner of Court of Requests	800	0	0	_			
	22,350	0	0	20,550	0	0	
Schen	ULE (B.)						
Pensions to Judges on their of Office (until demandable an	d claimed	l, t	his	Ŀ	s.	d.	
Amount, or any unclaimed levert to the Consolidated Re Pensions to existing Officers of	4,550	0	0				
liable on political Grounds to leased from Office, upon their Release (upon the Demise of or until their Retirement of respective Pensions, or this Case may be), to revert to the Revenue Fund) Pensions to Officers of Govern on political Grounds to retire from Office, according to the fixed by the Superannuation rial Parliament, 4 & 5 W. 4. c. of this Fund which may not be	5,900	0	0				
any Year to revert to the Connue Fund)	ve- -	3,500	0	0			
				13,950	0	0	
Schen	ULE (C.)						
Public Worship		-	-	£ 28,000	s. 9	d. 0	

Victoria Government.

SCHEDULE (2.)

59 G. 3. c. 114.

- An Act to stay Proceedings against any Governor or other Person concerned in imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to continue until the 1st Day of January 1821, certain Duties, and to empower the said Governor to levy a Duty on Spirits made in the said

Colony.

- 3 G. 4. c. 96. An Act to continue until the 1st Day of
 January 1824 an Act passed in the
 Fifty-ninth Year of His late Majesty
 relating to imposing and levying Duties
 in New South Wales; to authorize the
 imposing and levying other Duties on
 Goods imported into the said Colony;
 and to suspend for Ten Years the Payment of Duty on the Importation of
 certain Goods the Produce of New
- 9 G. 4. c. 83. An Act to provide for the Administration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and for the more effectual Government thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto.

South Wales.

- 5 & 6 Vict. c. 76. An Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land.
- 7 & 8 Vict. c. 72. An Act to clear up Doubts as to the Regulation and Audit of the Accounts of the Customs in New South Wales.
- 7 & 8 Vict. c. 74. An Act to explain and amend the Act for the Government of New South Wates and Van Diemen's Land.
- 13 & 14 Vict. c. 59. An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies.

CAP. LV.

An Act to enable Her Majesty to assent to a Bill, as amended, of the Legislature of *Victoria*, to establish a Constitution in and for the Colony of *Victoria*. [16th *July* 1855.]

'WHEREAS the Legislative Council of the Colony of Victoria, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the Authority of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, intituled An Act for

18 & 14 Vict.¹ c. 59.

' the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies, did, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, pass a Bill, intituled An Act to establish a Constitution in and for the

' Colony of Victoria: And whereas the said Bill was presented for Her Majesty's Assent to the then Lieutenant Governor of

Victoria.

' Victoria, and the said Lieutenant Governor did thereupon declare ' that he reserved the said Bill for the Signification of Her Ma-' jesty's Pleasure thereon: And whereas it is by the said reserved Bill provided that the Provisions thereof shall have no Force or ' Effect until so much and such Parts of certain Acts of Parlia-' ment in the said Bill specified as severally relate to the said ' Colony, and are repugnant to the said reserved Bill, shall have ' been repealed, and the entire Management and Control of the ' Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the said Colony, and ' of the Proceeds thereof, including all Royalties, Mines, and ' Minerals, shall be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: ' And whereas it is not competent to Her Majesty to assent to ' the said reserved Bill without the Authority of Parliament for ' that Purpose: And whereas it is expedient that Her Majesty ' should be authorized to assent to the said reserved Bill, amended ' by the Omission of certain Provisions thereof, respecting the 'Assent of the Governor to the Bills which may be passed by the Legislative Councils and Assemblies of the said Colony, and ' Her Majesty's Power to disallow the same, and respecting the 'Boundaries of the Australian Colonies, and that so much and ' such Parts as aforesaid of the said specified Acts of Parliament, ' and of certain other Acts of Parliament herein-after mentioned, ' should thereupon be repealed, and that the entire Management ' and Control of the said Waste Lands and Proceeds should be ' vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: And whereas a 'Copy of the said Bill, as amended as aforesaid, is set forth in ' the Schedule (1.) to this Act:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to assent to Power to Her the said reserved Bill, so amended as aforesaid, and contained in Majorty to asthe Schedule to this Act annexed, anything in the said specified sent to Bile in Acts of Parliament, or any other Act, Law, or Usage, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. From the Day of the Proclamation of this Act in the said So much of the Colony of Victoria (the said reserved Bill, amended as aforesaid, Acts in Schehaving been previously assented to by Her Majesty in Council as dule (9.) to this aforesaid,) so much and such Parts of the several Acts of Parliator to the Colony ment mentioned in the Schedule (2.) to this Act as severally relate of Victoria reto the said Colony of Victoria, and are repugnant to the said pealed. reserved Bill, amended as aforesaid, shall be repealed, and the entire Management and Control of the Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the said Colony of Victoria, and of the Proceeds thereof, including all Royalties, Mines, and Minerals, shall be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: Provided, that so much of the Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, mentioned in the said Schedules, as relates to the Constitution, Appointment, and Powers of the Legislative Council of the said Colony of Victoria, shall continue in force until the First Writs shall have issued for the Election of Members to

serve

serve in the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in pursuance to the Provisions of the said reserved Bill, amended and assented to as aforesaid, but no longer: Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent or be construed to prevent the Fulfilment of any Contract, Promise, or Engagement made by or on behalf of Her Majesty with respect to any Lands situate within the said Colony in any Cases where such Contract, Promise, or Engagement shall have been lawfully made before the Time at which this Act shall take effect within the said Colony.

Provisions of former Acts respecting the Allowance and Disallowance of Bills preserved. III. The Provisions of the said Act of the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, and of the Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-six, "for the "Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land," which relate to the giving and withholding of Her Majesty's Assent to Bills, and the Reservation of Bills for the Signification of Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon, and the Instructions to be conveyed to Governors for their Guidance in relation to the Matters aforesaid, and the Disallowance of Bills by Her Majesty, shall apply to Bills to be passed by the Legislative Council and Assembly constituted under the said reserved Bill and this Act, and by any other Legislative Body or Bodies which may at any Time hereafter be substituted for the present Legislative Council and Assembly.

Power to repeal and alter the Provisions of the reserved Bill.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of *Victoria* to make Laws altering or repealing all or any of the Provisions of the said reserved Bill, in the same Manner as any other Laws for the good Government of the said Colony, subject, however, to the Conditions imposed by the said reserved Bill on the Alteration of the Provisions thereof in certain Particulars until and unless the said Conditions shall be repealed or altered by the Authority of the said Legislature.

Commencement of the Act,

V. This Act shall be proclaimed in *Victoria* by the Governor thereof within One Month after a Copy thereof shall have been received by such Governor, and this Act and the said reserved Bill, as amended as aforesaid, (such Bill being first assented to by Her Majesty in Council,) shall take effect in the said Colony from the Day of such Proclamation.

Interpretation of Terms.

VI. In the Construction of this Act the Term "Governor" shall mean the Person for the Time being lawfully administering the Government, and the Word "Legislature" shall include as well the Legislature to be constituted under the said reserved Bill and this Act, as any future Legislature which may be established in the said Colony under the Powers in the said reserved Bill and this Act contained.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (1.)

An Act to establish a Constitution in and for the Colony of Victoria.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act of the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the Session holden

holden in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies," it was amongst other things enacted, that, notwithstanding anything therein-before contained, it should be lawful for the Governor and Legislative Council of the Colony of Victoria, after the Establishment therein of a Legislative Council under the said Act, from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts, to alter the Provisions or Laws for the Time being in force under the said Act, or otherwise concerning the Election of the Elective Members of such Legislative Council, the Qualification of Electors and Elective Members, or to establish in the said Colony, instead of the Legislative Council, a Council and a House of Representatives, or other separate Legislative Houses. to consist respectively of such Members to be appointed or elected respectively by such Persons and in such Manner as by such Act or Acts should be determined, and to vest in such Council and House of Representatives, or other separate Legislative Houses, the Powers and Functions of the Legislative Council for which the same might be substituted: And whereas it is expedient to establish in the said Colony separate Legislative Houses, and to vest in them as well the Powers and Functions of the Legislative Council now subsisting as the other and additional Powers and Functions herein-after mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor of the said Colony of Victoria, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

I. There shall be established in Victoria, instead of the Legis-Separate Legislative Council now subsisting, One Legislative Council and One lative House Legislative Assembly, to be severally constituted in the Manner established. herein-after provided; and Her Majesty shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the said Council and Assembly, to make Laws in and for Victoria, in all Cases whatsoever.

II. The Legislative Council of Victoria shall consist of Thirty Legislative Members, to be elected as herein-after provided; and for the Council consti-Purpose of returning such Members the said Colony shall be tuted. divided into Six Electoral Provinces, the Boundaries whereof, for the Purposes of this Act, shall be taken to be those set forth in the Schedule marked E. hereunto annexed, and each such Province shall return an equal Number of Members.

held after this Act shall have come into operation, each Province Members in shall return the Number of Members assigned thereto in the said rotation. Schedule, and at the Expiration of Two Years from the Date of such First Election, and thenceforward at the Expiration of every succeeding Period of Two Years, One of the Members returned for each of the said Electoral Provinces respectively shall retire from the said Council, and those shall so retire who shall have been for the longest Time Members thereof without Re-election: Provided that any Member elected in the Place of a Member

dying, resigning, or retiring, otherwise than by Rotation, shall hold his Seat only so long as the Member in whose Place he has been elected would have been entitled to have held the same;

III. At the First Election of the Members of the said Council Retirement of

provided

provided further, that of Members elected for any Province at the First Election as aforesaid, the Member who may at his Election have received the least Number of Votes shall first so retire, and in case of an Equality of Votes, or of no Polling having taken place at such Election, it shall be decided by Lot which Member shall so retire; provided also, that any Member so retiring shall, if otherwise qualified, be capable of being re-elected.

Qualification of Members.

IV. No Person shall be capable of being elected a Member of the Legislative Council who shall not be of the full Age of Thirty Years, and a natural-born Subject of the Queen, and who shall not for One Year previous to such Election have been legally or equitably seised of or entitled to an Estate of Freehold in possession, for his own Use and Benefit, in Lands and Tenements in the said Colony of Victoria of the Value of Five thousand Pounds Sterling Money, or of the annual Value of Five hundred Pounds Sterling Money, above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same respectively: Provided that no Judge of any Court of the said Colony appointed during good Behaviour, nor any Minister of any Religious Denomination, whatever may be his Title, Rank, or Designation, shall be capable of being elected a Member of the Legislative Council; provided further, that no Person who shall have been attainted of any Treason, or convicted of any Felony or infamous Offence, within any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, shall be capable of being elected a Member of the Legislative Council.

Qualification of Electors.

V. Every Man of the Age of Twenty-one Years, being a natural-born Subject of Her Majesty, or being a naturalized Subject, or a legally-made Denizen of Victoria (such Naturalization or Denization having been made Three Years previous to the Date of the last Registration of Electors made in pursuance of the Provisions hereof,) and having resided in Victoria for any One Year previous to such Registration, who shall have a Freehold Estate in possession, for his own Use and Benefit, in Lands and Tenements, situate within the Electoral Province for which his Vote is to be given of the clear Value of One thousand Pounds Sterling Money, or of the clear annual Value of One hundred Pounds Sterling Money, above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same respectively, or shall have a Leasehold Estate in possession, situated as aforesaid, held upon a Lease whereby a Rent of One hundred Pounds or upwards shall be reserved, or of the clear annual Value of One hundred Pounds above all Charges and Outgoings, every such Lease having been granted for a Period of not less than Five Years, or who shall be resident within the Electoral Province for which his Vote is to be given, and be a Graduate of any University in the British Dominions, or a Barrister or Solicitor on the Roll of the Supreme Court of Victoria, or a legally qualified Medical Practitioner, or an officiating Minister, or an Officer or retired Officer of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces, except on actual Service, shall, being duly registered, be entitled to vote at the Election of a Member or Members of the Legislative Council: Provided, that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as such Elector for any Province in respect

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respect of any such Estate, Occupation, or Qualification as aforesaid, unless he shall have been seised or possessed of or occupied or held the same respectively for the Period of Twelve Calendar Months at least previous to such Registration as aforesaid; provided also, that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as aforesaid who shall have been attainted or convicted of Treason, Felony, or other infamous Offence, in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, unless he shall have received a free Pardon, or have undergone the Sentence passed on him for such Offence; provided also, that no Man shall be entitled to be registered in respect of any such Estate or Occupation as aforesaid unless at the Time of such Registration of Electors he shall have paid up all Rates and Taxes which shall have become payable by him as Owner or Lesseholder in respect of such Estate, or as Occupier in respect of such Occupation, except such as shall have become payable during Three Calendar Months next before such Registration; provided further, that no Person who shall attain the Age of Twenty-one Years after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing hereof shall be entitled to be registered as aforesaid unless he shall be able to read and write.

VI The Legislative Council shall, at its First Meeting, and Election of before proceeding to the Despatch of any other Business, elect President. One Member of the said Council to be the President thereof; and as often as the Place of the said President shall become vacant by Death, Resignation, or Removal by a Vote of the Council or by Disallowance as herein-after mentioned, or otherwise, shall forthwith proceed to elect some other Member to be the President thereof, and the President so elected shall preside at the Meetings of the Council: Provided, that it shall be lawful for the Governor to disallow the Choice of any such President, and upon such Disallowance being signified by the Governor to the Council the

Place of such President shall become vacant.

VII. Every Member of the Legislative Council, before he shall Declaration by sit or vote in the Council, after the Election of a President, shall Members. make and subscribe a Declaration in Writing under his Hand, and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Council at the Place where and while the Council is sitting, with the President in the Chair, which Declaration shall be in the Form set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked A.; and the said Declaration shall be filed and kept by the Clerk with the other Records of the Office; and every Member who shall sit or vote in the Council, after the Election of a President, before making such Declaration as aforesaid, shall be liable for every Day on which he shall so offend to pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same in any Court of competent Jurisdiction.

VIII. It shall be lawful for any Member to resign his Seat Resignation of in the Legislative Council by a Letter addressed to the Governor, Members. and from the Time when the same shall have been received by the Governor the Seat of such Member shall become vacant.

IX. The Legislative Council shall not be competent to the Quorum of Le-Despatch of Business unless there be present, exclusive of the galative Coun-President.

President, One Third at least of the Members of the said Council, or if the whole Number of Members thereof shall not be exactly divisible by Three, then such integral Number as is next greater than One Third of the Members of the said Council; and all Questions, save as herein excepted, which shall arise in the Council, shall be decided by a Majority of the Members present, other than the President, and when the Votes shall be equal the President shall have the Casting Vote.

Legislative Assembly, how constituted.

X. The Legislative Assembly of Victoria shall consist of Sixty Members, to be elected as herein-after provided; and for the Purpose of returning such Members the said Colony shall be divided into Thirty-seven Electoral Districts, the Boundaries whereof shall for the Purposes of this Act be those set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked F., each of which Districts shall return the Number of Members assigned thereto in the said Schedule.

Qualification of Members.

XI. No Person shall be capable of being elected a Member of the Assembly who shall not be of the full Age of Twenty-one Years, or who shall not be a natural-born Subject of the Queen, or have been naturalized by Law for the Space of Five Years, and been resident in Victoria for the Space of Two Years previous to such Election, and who shall not be legally or equitably seised of or entitled to an Estate of Freehold in possession, for his own Use and Benefit, in Lands and Tenements in Victoria of the Value of Two thousand Pounds Sterling Money, or of the annual Value of Two hundred Pounds Sterling Money above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same: Provided, that no Person shall be capable of being elected a Member to serve in the Assembly who shall be a Judge of any Court of the said Colony appointed during good Behaviour, or a Minister of any Religious Denomination, whatever may be his Title, Rank, or Designation; provided further, that no Person who shall have been attainted of any Treason, or convicted of any Felony or infamous Crime, in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, shall be capable of being elected a Member of the said Assembly.

Qualification of Electors.

XII. Every Man of the Age of Twenty-one Years, being a natural-born Subject of Her Majesty, or being a naturalized Subject or a legally-made Denizen of Victoria, and having resided in the said Colony for any One Year previous to the Date of the last Registration of Electors, who shall have a Freehold Estate in possession, situate within the Electoral District for which his Vote is to be given, of the clear Value of Fifty Pounds Sterling Money, or of the clear annual Value of Five Pounds Sterling Money above all Charges and Incumbrances in any way affecting the same, or shall have a Leasehold Estate in possession, situate as aforesaid, of the annual Value of Ten Pounds Sterling Money above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same, or shall be a Householder within such District occupying any House, Warehouse, Counting-house, Office, Shop, or other Building or Premises of the clear annual Value of Ten Pounds Sterling Money, or shall, in consideration of any Payment to the Public Revenue, be entitled, under any Law now or hereafter to be in force, to occupy, for the Space of Twelve Months or upwards, any Portion

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Portion of the Waste Lands of the Crown situate as aforesaid, or shall, being resident within the Electoral District for which his Vote is to be given, be in receipt of an annual Salary of One hundred Pounds Sterling Money, shall, being duly registered, be entitled to vote at the Election of a Member or Members of the Legislative Assembly: Provided, that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as an Elector upon the Electoral Roll of any Electoral District unless he shall have been seised or possessed of, or occupied, used, enjoyed, held, or been in receipt of the Qualification in respect whereof he shall claim to be registered for the Period of Six Calendar Months at least previous to such Registration; provided also, that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as aforesaid who shall have been attainted or convicted of Treason, Felony, or other infamous Offence, in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, unless he shall have received a free Pardon, or undergone the Sentence passed on him for such Offence; provided further, that no Man shall be entitled to be registered as aforesaid in respect of such Estate or Occupation unless at the Time of such Registration he shall have paid up all Rates and Taxes which shall have become payable by him as Owner or Leaseholder in respect of such Estate, or as Occupier in respect of such Occupation, except such as shall have become payable during Three Calendar Months next before such Registration; provided lastly, that no Person who shall attain the Age of Twenty-one Years after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing hereof shall be entitled to be registered unless he shall be able to read and write.

XIII Where any Premises are jointly owned or occupied or Joint Interests. held upon Lease by more Persons than One, each of such Joint Owners, Occupiers, or Leaseholders shall be entitled to be registered as an Elector, and to vote at the Election of Members to serve in the Council or Assembly, as the Case may be, provided the Value of his individual Share or Interest in the said Premises would under the Provisions of this Act entitle such Owner, Occupier, or Leaseholder to be registered as such Elector, and to vote as aforesaid.

XIV. No Person shall be allowed to have any Vote in the Provision as to Election of a Member of the Council or Assembly for or by reason Trustees and of any Trust Estate or Mortgage, unless such Trustee or Mort- Mortgagees. gagee be in actual Possession or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of the same Estate, but the Mortgagor or Cestuique Trust in possession shall and may vote for the same Estate, notwithstanding such Mortgage or Trust.

XV. No public Tax, Rate, or Charge shall be deemed to be What to be a any Charge or Incumbrance on Lands within the Meaning of this Charge or In-Act.

XVI. No Person, being a Member of the Council, shall be Members of capable of being elected or of sitting or voting as a Member of Council incapathe Assembly, nor shall any Person being a Member of the said Members of Assembly be capable of being elected or of sitting or voting as a Assembly, and Member of the said Council.

cumbrance.

vice versa.

Persons becoming incapable.

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XVII. If any Member of the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly shall accept of any Office of Profit under the Crown during Pleasure, his Seat shall thereupon become vacant, but such Person shall, if otherwise duly qualified, be capable of being re-elected.

Who are to be responsible Officers.

XVIII. Of the following Officers of Government for the Time being, that is to say, the Colonial Secretary or Chief Secretary, Attorney General, Colonial Treasurer or Treasurer Commissioner of Public Works, Collector of Customs or Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Surveyor General or Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey, and Solicitor General, or the Persons for the Time being holding those Offices, Four at least shall be Members of the Council or Assembly.

Duration of Assembly.

XIX. Every Assembly hereafter to be summoned and chosen shall continue for Five Years from the Day of the Return of the Writs for choosing the same, and no longer, subject nevertheless to be sooner dissolved by the Governor.

Election of Speaker.

XX. The Legislative Assembly of Victoria shall, at its First. Meeting after every General Election, and before proceeding to the Despatch of any other Business, elect a Member of such Assembly to be Speaker, and in case of his Death, Resignation, or Removal by a Vote of the Assembly, shall forthwith proceed to elect some other Member to be Speaker; and the Speaker so elected shall preside at the Meetings of the Assembly, except as may be provided by the Standing Rules and Orders hereby authorized to be made.

Quorum of Assembly.

XXI. The Legislative Assembly shall not be competent to the Despatch of Business unless there be present, exclusive of the Speaker, Twenty Members thereof; and all Questions, save as herein excepted, which shall arise in the Assembly, shall be decided by the Majority of Members present, other than the Speaker, and when the Votes shall be equal the Speaker shall have the Casting Vote.

Quorum of Houses may act, though Election may have failed. XXII. No Omission or Failure to elect a Member or Members in or for any Electoral Province or District, nor the vacating the Seat or avoiding the Election of any such Member or Members, shall be deemed or taken to make either the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly, as the Case may be, incomplete, or to invalidate any Froceedings thereof, or to prevent such Council or Assembly from meeting, and despatching Business, so long as there shall be a Quorum of Members present.

Resignation of Members.

XXIII. It shall be lawful for any Member to resign his Seat in the Legislative Assembly by Writing under his Hand addressed to the Speaker, and from the Time when the same shall have been received by the Speaker the Seat of such Member shall become vacant.

Seat, how, vacated.

XXIV. If any Member of the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly shall, for One entire Session thereof, without the Permission of the said Council or Assembly, as the Case may be, fail to give his Attendance in such Council or Assembly, or shall take any Oath or make any Declaration or Acknowledgment of Allegiance, Obedience, or Adherence to any Foreign Prince or Power.

Power, or adopt any Act whereby he may become a Subject or Citizen of any Foreign State or Power, or shall become bankrupt or an Insolvent Debtor, within the Meaning of the Laws in force within Victoria relating to Bankrupts or Insolvent Debtors, or shall become a Public Defaulter, or be attainted of Treason, or be convicted of Felony or any infamous Crime, or become non compos mentis, his Seat in the said Council or Assembly, as the Case may be, shall thereby become vacant.

XXV. Any Person who shall, directly or indirectly, himself, or Public Conby any Person whoseever in trust for him or for his Use or Benefit tractors incaor on his Account, undertake, execute, hold, or enjoy, in the Pable. whole or in part, any Contract or Agreement for or on account of the Public Service, shall be incapable of being elected or of sitting or voting as a Member of the Council or Assembly during the Time he shall execute, hold, or enjoy any such Contract, or any Part or Share thereof, or any Benefit or Emolument arising from the same: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Contract or Agreement made, entered into, or accepted by any Company or Association consisting of more than Twelve Persons, where such Contract or Agreement shall be made, entered into, or accepted for the general Benefit of such Company or Association; provided also, that if any Member of the Council or Assembly shall enter into any such Contract or Agreement his Seat shall be declared by the said Council or Assembly respectively to be and shall thereupon become void.

XXVI. If any Person by this Act disabled or declared to be Effects of Inincapable to sit or vote in the Legislative Council or Legislative capacity. Assembly be elected and returned as a Member to serve in the said Council or Assembly, such Election and Return may be declared by the said Council or Assembly, as the Case may be, to be void, and thereupon the same shall become void to all Intents and Purposes; and if any Person so elected and returned contrary to the Provisions of this Act shall sit or vote as Member of the said Council or Assembly, he shall be liable to pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same in any Court of the said Colony having competent Jurisdiction.

XXVII. The Legislature of Victoria in existence at the Time Power for exof the Proclamation of this Act, as herein-after mentioned, shall, isting Legislaby an Act or Acts to be for that Purpose made and passed in the ture to make Manner and subject to the Conditions required in respect of any Act or Acts made or passed by such Legislature, make all neces- Elections, &c. sary Provision for the Compilation and Revision of Lists of all Persons qualified to vote at the Elections of Members to serve in the said Council and Assembly respectively, and for the Registration of such Persons, and for the appointing of Returning Officers at such Elections, and for the issuing, executing, and returning the necessary Writs for the same, and generally for declaring and filling up all Vacancies in such Council and Assembly respectively, and for regulating the Proceedings and taking the Poll at all such Elections, and for determining the Validity of

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Convocation. Prorogation, and Dissolution.

all disputed Returns and Elections, and otherwise for ensuring the orderly, effective, and impartial Conduct of all such Elections.

XXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Governor to fix such Places within Victoria, and, subject to the Limitation herein contained, such Times for holding the First and every other Session of the Council and Assembly, and to vary and alter the same respectively in such Manner as he may think fit, and also from Time to Time to prorogue the said Council and Assembly, and to dissolve the said Assembly, by Proclamation or otherwise, whenever he shall deem it expedient: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall empower the Governor to dissolve the Council.

XXIX. There shall be a Session of the Council and Assembly of Victoria once at least in every Year, so that a Period of Twelve Calendar Months shall not intervene between the last Sitting of the Council and Assembly in one Session and the First Sitting of the Council and Assembly in the next Session.

Time of First Election.

Sessions of Council and

Assembly.

XXX. The First Writs for the Election of Members of the Council and Assembly respectively shall issue at some Period not later than Twelve Calendar Months after the Proclamation of this Act within Victoria.

Declaration by Members.

XXXI. Every Member of the Legislative Assembly shall, after the Election of the Speaker, before he shall sit or vote in such Assembly, make and subscribe a Declaration in Writing under his Hand and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Assembly at the Place where and while the House is sitting, with the Speaker in the Chair, which Declaration shall be in the Form set forth in the Schedule, hereunto annexed marked B., and the said Declaration shall be filed and kept by the Clerk with the other Records of the Office; and every Member who shall sit or vote in the said Assembly after the Election of a Speaker, before making such Declaration as aforesaid, shall be liable for every Day on which he shall so offend to a Penalty of Two hundred Pounds.

Oath of Allegiance.

XXXII. No Member either of the Council or of the Assembly shall be permitted to sit or vote therein respectively until he shall have taken and subscribed before the Governor, or before some Person authorized by the Governor in that Behalf, the Oath set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked C.; and every Person authorized by Law to make an Affirmation instead of making an Oath may make such Affirmation in every Case in which an Oath is herein required to be taken.

False Declaration.

XXXIII. If any Member either of the Council or Assembly shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Declaration respecting his Qualification as aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as by Law are incurred by Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Standing Rules and Orders.

XXXIV. The Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, in the First Session of each respectively, and from Time to Time afterwards as there shall be Occasion, shall prepare and adopt Standing Rules and Orders for providing for the Manner in which such Council and Assembly shall be presided over in case of the Absence

Absence of the President or Speaker respectively, and for the Mode in which such Council and Assembly shall communicate, and for the proper passing, intituling, and numbering of the Bills to be introduced into and passed by the said Council and Assembly, and for the proper Presentation of the same to the Governor for Her Majesty's Assent, and for the Consideration of all Amendments proposed to be made by the Governor, as herein mentioned, and for the due Publication of all proposed Proceedings in such Council and Assembly, and generally for the Conduct of all Business and Proceedings in the said Council and Assembly severally and collectively, all which Rules and Orders shall by such Council and Assembly respectively be laid before the Governor, and being by him approved shall become binding and of Force; and until such Standing Rules and Orders shall be adopted, Resort shall be had to the Rules, Forms, and Usages of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, which shall be followed, so far as the same may be applicable to the Proceedings of the said Council and Assembly respectively: Provided, that no Standing Rule or Order which shall affect the Communication between the said Council and Assembly, or the Proceedings of the said Council and Assembly collectively, shall be of any Force unless the same shall have been adopted both by the said Council and Assembly.

XXXV. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of Victoria, by Privileges of any Act or Acts to define the Privileges, Immunities, and Powers Legislature. to be held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Council and Assembly, and by the Members thereof respectively: Provided, that no such Privileges, Immunities, or Powers shall exceed those now held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament or the Members thereof.

XXXVL It shall be lawful for the Governor to transmit by Governor's Message to the Council or Assembly for their Consideration any Message. Amendment which he shall desire to be made in any Bill presented to him for Her Majesty's Assent; and all such Amendments shall be taken into consideration in such convenient Manner as shall by the Rules and Orders aforesaid be in that Behalf provided.

XXXVII. The Appointment to Public Offices under the Go- Appointment to vernment of Victoria, hereafter to become vacant or to be created, Public Offices. whether such Offices be salaried or not, shall be vested in the Governor, with the Advice of the Executive Council, with the Exception of the Appointments of the Officers liable to retire from Office on political Grounds, which Appointments shall be vested in the Governor alone.

XXXVIII. The Commissions of the present Judges of the Commissions of Supreme Court and all future Judges thereof shall be, continue, Judges. and remain in full Force during their good Behaviour, notwithstanding the Demise of Her Majesty or of Her Heirs and Successors, any Law, Usage, or Practice to the contrary hereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that it may be lawful for the Governor to remove any such Judge or Judges, upon the Address of both Houses of the Legislature.

Salaries of Judges. C.55.

XXXIX. Such Salaries as are settled upon the Judges for the Time being by Act of Parliament or otherwise, and all such Salaries as shall or may be in future granted by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, or otherwise, to any future Judges of the said Supreme Court, shall in all Time coming be paid and payable to every such Judge for the Time being so long as his Patent or Commission shall continue and remain in force.

Existing Laws.

XL. All Laws and Statutes which at the Time of the passing of this Act shall be in force within Victoria shall remain and continue to be of the same Force, Authority, and Effect as if this Act had not been made, except in so far as the same are repealed or varied by this Act, or in so far as the same shall or may hereafter, by virtue and under the Authority of this Act, be repealed or varied by any Act or Acts of the Legislature of Victoria.

Existing Courts and Offices.

XLI. All the Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction within Victoria, and all Charters, legal Commissions, Powers, and Authorities, and all Offices, judicial, administrative, or ministerial, therein respectively, except in so far as the same may be abolished, altered, or varied by or may be inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act, or shall be abolished, altered, or varied by any Act or Acts of the Legislature, shall continue to subsist in the same Form and with the same Effect as if this Act had not been made.

Certain Duties may not be levied. XLII. It shall not be lawful for the Legislature of Victoria to levy any Duty on Articles imported bonâ fide for the Supply of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces, nor to levy any Duty, impose any Prohibition or Restriction, or grant any Exemption, Bounty, Drawback, or other Privilege upon the Importation or Exportation of any Articles, nor to impose or enforce any Dues or Charges upon Shipping, contrary to or at variance with any Treaty or Treaties concluded by Her Majesty with any Foreign Power.

Powers to levy Duties of Customs. XLIII. Subject to the Provisions of this Act, and notwithstanding any Act of Parliament now in force to the contrary, it
shall be lawful for the Legislature to impose and levy such Duties
of Customs as to them may seem fit on the Exportation from or
Importation into Victoria of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandise
whatsoever, whether the Produce of or imported from the United
Kingdom, or any of the Colonies or Dependencies of the United
Kingdom, or any Foreign Country: Provided always, that no new
Duty shall be so imposed upon the Importation into Victoria of
any Article the Produce or Manufacture of or imported from any
particular Country or Place which shall not be equally imposed
on the Importation into Victoria of the like Article the Produce
or Manufacture of or imported from all other Countries and Places
whatsoever.

Proviso.

Consolidated Revenues. XLIV. All Taxes, Imposts, Rates, and Duties, and all territorial, casual, and other Revenues of the Crown, (including Royalties,) from whatever Source arising, within the Colony of Victoria, or over which the present or any future Legislature has or may have Power of Appropriation, shall form One Consolidated Revenue, to be appropriated for the Public Service of the Colony of Victoria, in the Manner and subject to the Charges herein-after mentioned.

XLV. The

XLV. The Consolidated Revenue of Victoria shall be perma- Charges of nently charged with all the Costs, Charges, and Expenses incident Collection and to the Collection, Management, and Receipt thereof, such Costs, Charges, and Expenses being subject, nevertheless, to be reviewed and audited in such Manner as shall be directed by any Act of the Legislature.

Management.

XLVI. There shall be payable in every Year to Her Majesty, Civil List. Her Heirs and Successors, out of the Consolidated Revenue of Victoria, the several Sums not exceeding in the whole One hundred and twelve thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds, for defraying the Expense of the several Services and Purposes named in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Parts of the Schedule to this Act annexed marked D., and the said Sums shall be issued by the Treasury of Victoria in discharge of such Warrants as shall be from Time to Time directed to him under the Hand of the Governor, and the said Treasurer shall account to Her Majesty for the same through the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in such Manner and Form as Her Majesty shall be graciously pleased to direct; and Accounts in detail of the Expenditure of the several Sums expended under the Authority of this Act shall be laid before the Legislative Houses of Victoria within Thirty Days from the Beginning of the Session next after the Termination of the Year in which such Expenditure shall have been made.

in lieu of Crown Revenues.

XLVII. The said several Sums mentioned in the First, Second, Civil List to be Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Parts of the said Schedule D. shall be accepted and taken by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, by way of Civil List, instead of all territorial, casual, and other Revenues of the Crown (including all Royalties), from whatever Source arising, within Victoria, and to the Disposal of which the Crown may be entitled, either absolutely or conditionally, or otherwise howsoever.

XLVIII. It shall be lawful for the Governor to abolish any of Governor may the Offices named in the Third and Fourth Parts of the said abolish certain Schedule, or to apply the Sums thereby appropriated to such other Purposes connected with the Administration of the Government of Victoria as to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors,

XLIX. Not more than Four thousand Pounds shall be payable Pensions to at the same Time for Pensions to the Judges of the Supreme Judges. Court out of the Sums set apart for such Pensions in the Fifth Part of the said Schedule: Provided, that all such Pensions shall be granted in accordance with Regulations to be framed by the Governor and Executive Council, so that the same shall, as far as may be, accord with the Act of the Imperial Parliament regulating the Pensions of the Judges of the United Kingdom.

L. Not more than Five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds Pensions to preshall be payable in the whole by way of Pension or Retiring sent Incum-Allowance to the Persons holding any of the Offices mentioned in bents of Office. the Sixth Part of the said Schedule D. at the Time of this Act coming into operation, who on political Grounds may retire or be

released from any such Office, or whose Office may be abolished after the Time aforesaid; and upon the Retirement or Release from Office of any of such Persons mentioned in the said Sixth Part, or the Abolition of any such Office, he shall be entitled by way of Pension or Retiring Allowance to Three Fourths of the Salary granted to him, in accordance with the Appropriation Act for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fiftythree, if he shall have held any Office for Ten Years and upwards, and Two Thirds of such Salaries if he shall have held Office for a less Period: Provided, that, if after the Assignment of any such Pension or Retiring Allowance, any such Officer shall accept any new Appointment under the Crown within Victoria or elsewhere. his Pension or Retiring Allowance shall during the Tenure of such Appointment merge or be reduced pro tanto according as the Salary or Emoluments of any such new Appointment are in Amount equal to or less than the Pension or Retiring Allowance of such Officer.

Pensions to responsible

Officers.

Proviso.

LI. Not more than Four thousand Pounds shall be payable in the whole by way of Pensions or Retiring Allowance to the Persons who may, after the Time this Act shall come into operation, accept any of the Offices mentioned in the said Schedule D., Part 3., and who on political Grounds may retire or be released from any such Office: Provided, that no Person shall be entitled to receive any Pension or Retiring Allowance both under this and the preceding Clause: Provided, that the Amount of all such Pensions and Retiring Allowances shall be granted in accordance with Regulations to be framed by the Governor and Executive Council, so that the same shall, so far as may be, accord with the Provisions of the Act of the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the Session of the Fourth and Fifth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to alter, amend, and consolidate the Laws for regulating "the Pensions, Compensations, and Allowances to be made to "Persons in respect to their having held Civil Offices in His "Majesty's Service:" Provided also, that if after the Assignment of any such Pension or Retiring Allowance to any Person he shall accept any new Appointment under the Crown, either in Victoria or elsewhere, the Pension or Retiring Allowance of such Officer shall, during the Tenure of such Appointment, merge or be reduced pro tanto according as the Salary or Emolument of any such new Appointment is in Amount equal to or less than the Pension or Retiring Allowance of such Officer: Provided further, that if any such Officer shall be absent from the Colony for more than Two Years, unless he shall be of the full Age of Sixty Years, his Pension shall cease and determine: Provided lastly, that the Amount accumulating from any unexpended or unappropriated Parts of the said Sums mentioned in the Fifth and Seventh Parts of the said Schedule D. shall in no case exceed the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds on each, and that any Balance above that Amount on either of the said Fifth or Seventh Parts shall revert to the Consolidated Revenue of Victoria.

LII. A List of all Pensions granted under this Act, and of the List of Pen-Persons to whom the same shall have been granted, shall be laid sions, &c. in every Year before both Legislative Houses of the said Colony.

LIII. For the Advancement of the Christian Religion in Vic- Money for Purtoria, the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall be reserved on the poses of Reli-Eighth Part of the said Schedule to promote the Erection of gion. Buildings for Public Worship, and the Maintenance of Ministers of Religion; and such Sum shall be apportioned to each Denomination according to the relative Proportion of the Members of such Denomination by the last Census; every such Apportionment to be made under Regulations to be framed by the Governor and Executive Council, and submitted to both the Legislative Houses: Provided, that no Monies exceeding in the aggregate the Sum of Twenty-five thousand Pounds shall be issued in any One Year in aid of the Stipends of Ministers of Religion.

LIV. Subject to the Provisions herein contained, it shall be Waste Lands of lawful for the Legislature of Victoria to make Laws for regulating the Crown. the Sale, Letting, Disposal, and Occupation of the Waste Lands of the Crown within the said Colony, and of all Mines and Minerals

therein.

LV. After and subject to the Payments to be made under the Power to appro-Provisions herein-before contained, and to any Pensions now pay- priate Consoliable and received under the Act firstly herein-before recited, and dated Revenue. the Schedule thereunto annexed marked B., all the Consolidated Revenue arising from Taxes, Duties, Rates, and Imposts levied by virtue of any Act of the Legislature, and from the Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown under any such Act made in pursuance of the Authority herein contained, shall be subject to be appropriated to such specific Purposes as by any Act of the said Legislature shall be provided in that Behalf: Provided, that the Consolidation of the Revenues shall not affect the Payment of the annual Interest or the Principal Sums mentioned in any outstanding Debentures or other Charge upon the territorial Revenue as such Interest, Principal, or other Charge severally becomes due, nor shall such Consolidation affect the Payment of any Sums heretofore charged upon the Taxes, Duties, Rates, and Imposts now raised, levied, and collected, or to be raised, levied, and collected, to and for the Use of the Colony, for such Time as shall have been appointed by any Acts of the Legislature by which any such Charge was authorized.

LVI. All Bills for appropriating any Part of the Revenue of Appropriation Victoria, and for imposing any Duty, Rate, Tax, Rent, Return, or Impost, shall originate in the Assembly, and may be rejected

but not altered by the Council.

LVII. It shall not be lawful for the Legislative Assembly to Appropriation originate or pass any Vote, Resolution, or Bill, for the Appropriation of any Part of the said Consolidated Revenue Fund, or of any other Duty, Rate, Tax, Rent, Return, or Impost, for any Purpose which shall not have been first recommended by a Mcssage of the Governor to the Legislative Assembly during the Session in which such Vote, Resolution, or Bill shall be passed. LVIII. No

to be in pur-Message.

Warrants for Issue of Money. C. 55.

LVIII. No Part of Her Majesty's Revenue in Victoria, arising from any of the Sources aforesaid shall be issued, or shall be made issuable, except in pursuance of Warrants under the Hand of the Governor, directed to the Public Treasurer thereof.

Proclamation of this Act.

LIX. This Act shall be proclaimed in Victoria within Three Months after official Information of the Royal Assent thereto shall have been received by the Governor thereof, and, save as herein expressly provided, shall take effect in Victoria from the Day of such Proclamation.

Power for Legislature to alter this Act. LX. The Legislature of Victoria, as constituted by this Act, shall have full Power and Authority from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts, to repeal, alter, or vary all or any of the Provisions of this Act, and to substitute others in lieu thereof: Provided, that it shall not be lawful to present to the Governor of said Colony for Her Majesty's Assent any Bill by which an Alteration in the Constitution of the said Legislative Council, or Legislative Assembly, or in the said Schedule hereunto annexed marked D., may be made, unless the Second and Third Readings of such Bill shall have been passed with the Concurrence of an absolute Majority of the whole Number of the Members of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly respectively: Provided also, that every Bill which shall be so passed shall be reserved for the Signification of Her Majesty's Pleasure thereon.

Power to alter Electoral Act. LXI. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, it shall be lawful for the said Legislature from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts, to alter the Qualifications of Electors and Members of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly respectively, and to establish new Electoral Provinces or Districts, and from Time to Time to vary or alter any Electoral Province or District, and to appoint, alter, or increase the Number of Members of the Legislative Houses to be chosen by any Electoral Province or District, and to increase the whole Number of Members of the said Legislative Houses, and to alter and regulate the Appointment of Returning Officers, and to make Provision in such Manner as they may deem expedient for the Issue and Return of Writs for the Election of Members to serve in the said Legislative Houses respectively, and the Time, Place, and Manner of holding such Elections respectively.

Interpretation Clause.

LXII. In the Construction of the Provisions of this Act the Term "Governor" shall mean the Person for the Time being lawfully administering the Government of the Colony of Victoria; the Word "Victoria" shall mean the Colony of Victoria; the Words "officiating Minister" shall be taken to mean any Minister of Religion authorized according to the Forms and Usages of any Church, Religious Society or Denomination, to officiate and officiating in any Building registered according to the Law now in force in the said Colony as a Place of Public Worship; the Word "occupy" shall include the Occupation of or mining in any Lands, or the Right, Power, or Authority to enter on any Lands for the Purpose of mining therein; the Word "Council" shall mean the Legislative Council of the said Colony of Victoria;

and the Word "Assembly" shall mean the Legislative Assembly of the said Colony.

LXIII. The foregoing Provisions of this Act shall have no This Act not Force or Effect until so much and such Parts of the Act of the to be in force Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, of the Acts passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King herein men-George the Fourth, intituled, "An Act to provide for the Administioned, " tration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen's 9 Geo. 4. c. 83. " Land, and for the more effectual Government thereof, and for " other Purposes relating thereto;" and of another Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belong. 5 & 6 Vict. c. 36. " ing to the Crown in the Australian Colonies;" and of another Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the Government of New 5&6 Vict. c. 76. " South Wales and Van Diemen's Land;" and of another Act pa-sed in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to clear up Doubts as to the 7 &8 Vict. c. 72. " Regulation and Audit of the Accounts of the Customs in New " South Wales;" and of another passed in the same Years, intituled "An Act to explain and amend the Act for the Govern- 7&8 Vict. c. 74. " ment of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land;" and of another Act passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend an Act for 9 & 10 Vict. " regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in c. 104. " the Australian Colonies, and to make further Provision for the " Management thereof;" and of another Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's 13 & 14 Vict. Australian Colonies," and the First, Second, and Third Parts of c. 59. the Schedule B. therein referred to, as severally relate to the Colony of Victoria, and are repugnant to this Act, shall have been repealed, and the entire Management and Control of the Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the said Colony, and of the Proceeds thereof, including all Royalties, Mines, and Minerals, shall be vested in the Legislature of the said Colony: Provided, that so much of the said last-mentioned Act as relates to the Constitution, Appointment, and Powers of the Legislative Council of the said Colony of Victoria shall continue in force until the First Writs shall have issued for the Election of Members to serve in the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in pursuance to the Provisions hereof, but no longer: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent or be construed to prevent the Fulfilment of any Contract, Promise, or Engagement made by or on Behalf of Her Majesty, with respect to any Lands situate within the said Colony, in any Cases where such Contract, Promise, or Engagement shall have been lawfully made before the Time at which this Act shall take effect within the said Colony.

SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

SCHEDULE A.

I, do declare and testify, that I am duly seised at Law or in Equity of an Estate of Freehold for my own Use and Benefit, in Lands or Tenements, in the Colony of Victoria, of the Value of

Pounds Sterling Money, above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same; and further, that the Lands or Tenements out of which such Qualification arises are situate in the Parish of in the County of or reputed County of

the Description of which Lands and Tenements are as follow:

And I further declare, that I have not collusively or colourably obtained a Title to or become possessed of the said Lands or Tenements, or any Part thereof, for the Purpose of enabling me to be returned a Member of the Legislative Council of the Colony of Victoria.

SCHEDULE B.

I, A.B., do declare and testify, that I am duly seised at Law or in Equity of an Estate of Freehold for my own Use and Benefit, in Lands or Tenements in the Colony of Victoria, of the Value of Pounds Sterling Money, above all Charges and Incumbrances affecting the same; and further, that the Lands or Tenements out of which such Qualification arises are situate in the Parish of , in the County or reputed County of , the Descriptions of which Lands and Tenements are as follow:

And I further declare, that I have not collusively or colourably obtained a Title to or become possessed of the said Lands and Tenements, or any Part thereof, for the Purpose of qualifying or enabling me to be returned a Member of the Legislative Assembly of the Colony of Victoria.

SCHEDULE C.

I do sincerely promise and swear, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, as lawful Sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of this Colony of Victoria. So help me GOD.

SCHEDULE D.

	Part 1.					£	
Governor's Salaries of	Salar Staff.	y - Repairs to	- Gove	- rnment	House.	travel-	10,000
		Expenses	-	-	-	-	5,000
							£15.000

A.D.1000.	10 & 16	, 1101	OIG.	(JU ₀		C. 55.
	Victor	ia Gover	nment	•		
		PART 2.				£
Chief Justice -	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Three Puisne Jud	lges, at 2,5	001. each	-	-	-	7,500
Master in Equity	-	•	-	-	-	, 1,500
						£12,000
		PART 3.				æ12,000
Colonial Secretary Attorney General Works, Collector and Customs, S	i, Treasure or of Custon	er, Comm ns or Com	issione missio	${f ner}$ of ${f T}$	rade	2,500
Crown Lands a	nd Survey	2.000%	ach	_	-	10,000
Solicitor General	-	-	-	-	-	1,500
						£14,000
		PART 4.				-
Clerk and Expens	ses of the I		Coun	eil -	_	1,500
Clerk and Expens	ses of the	Legislativ	e Cou	ncil	_	5,000
Auditor General	•	•	•	-	-	2,000
						£8,500
		PART 5.				
Pensions to Office	ers appoint	ed during	good	Behavio	our -	£4,000
		PART 6.				
The Attor The Colon The Colle The Solici	leased on p	political (or whos ry, al, rer, stoms, al,	round	ls from	any	£5,250
		PART 7.				
Pensions to Personand retire or Grounds -	ns who ma be relea: -	y accept a sed there	respon from -	sible Of on poli	fices, tical	£4,000
		PART 8.				
Public Worship	-	- AUL O.	-	-		£50,000
-			•			
	Total	-	-	-	-	£112,750

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C. 55.

Victoria Government.

SCHEDULE E.

BOUNDARIES OF THE ELECTORAL PROVINCES OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

1. CENTRAL PROVINCE.

Commencing at a Point on the Coast of Port Phillip

Bay, which is the South-eastern Corner of Portion

A in Section No. 3, Parish of Cut-paw-paw, to and to be returned for each bounded on the West by the Section Line bearing due North as far as the North-eastern Corner of Section of No. 16, thence by a Road also bearing North to the North-west Corner of Portion 4 in Section No. 21; on the North by a Road running East from last-mentioned Point to the Saltwater River; thence by a Continuation of said Road to the South-west Corner of Portion 9 in Section No. 5, in the Parish of Doutta Galla; thence by the sectional Line bearing due East, crossing the Moonee Ponds, the Main Road to Sydney, and the Merri Creek, which sectional Line forms the Southern Boundaries of Portions 91, 90, and 89, in the Parish of Jika Jika, as far as the South-east Corner of Portion 89 aforesaid; on the East by the sectional Line bearing South from the said Point in Portion 89 to the Southwestern Corner of Portion 113, where it strikes the River Yarra Yarra; again on the North by the said River Yarra Yarra to the North-western Corner of Portion 59, in the Parish of Boroondara; thence on the East by the Western Boundary of the said Portion 59 till it strikes the Road running due South to the Yarra Yarra River; thence by the said Road to the Yarra Yarra River; by the Course of the said River to the North-eastern Corner of Portion No. 18 in the Parish of Prahran; thence again on the East by a Road bearing due South from the last-mentioned Point to the South-eastern Corner of Portion No. 32, East of Elsternwick; on the South by a Road bearing West from the last-mentioned Point till it strikes the Sea Coast; thence by the Line of Sea Coast crossing the Mouth of the said Yarra Yarra River to the Point of Commencement

Five.

2. South Province.

Including Part of County Bourke and the Counties Evelyn an a Mornington.

Part of Bourke :- Bounded on the South-west and West by the Werribee River to its Source in the great dividing Range; on the North by the great

Werribee River to that of the Plenty River; on Logistive Council assignment to Council a the East by the Plenty River from its Source to to and to be its Confluence with the Yarra Yarra, thence by Ecctoral Prothe Yarra Yarra River upwards to the Confluence of the Deep Creek, thence by the Deep Creek upwards to the Point where the Main Stream commences to run in a North-easterly Direction, thence by a Line South Two Miles Fifty-eight Chains from the aforesaid Bend to Dandenong Creek, thence by that Creek downward to the Carrum Swamp; on the South by the Carrum Swamp and Mordialloc Creek to its Embouchure at the Long Beach below Ben Ben Gin, and on the Remainder of the South by the Shores of Port Phillip Bay to the Mouth of the Werribee River aforesaid, excluding the Country comprised within the Boundaries of the Central Province.

EVELYN: -Bounded on the West by Part of the Eastern Boundary of the County of Bourke, namely, first by the River Plenty from its Source to the River Yarra Yarra, thence by the River Yarra upwards to the Confluence of the Deep Creek, thence by that Creek upwards to the Range between the Yarra Yarra and the Dandenong Creek; on the South-east and North by the Range forming the Basin of the River Yarra Yarra.

MORNINGTON :-Bounded on the North by Part of the Southern Boundary of the County of Evelyn, being the dividing Range from the Source of the Buneep Buneep River to the Head of the Deep Creek, thence by that Creek to the Point where the main Stream commences to run in a Northwest Direction; on the West by a Line South Two Miles Fifty-eight Chains from the aforesaid Bend to Dandenong Creek, thence by that Creek downwards to the Carrum Swamp, by that Swamp and the Mordialloc Creek to its Embouchure at the Long Beach below Ben Ben Gin, thence by the Shores of Port Phillip Bay to Point Nepean; on the South-west and South, by the Sea Coast from Point Nepean to Cape Patterson; and on the East by a Line North from Cape Patterson to the Warringrin Range, thence along the said Range in a northerly Direction to the North of the Buneep Buneep River, and by that River to its Source in the dividing Range, including French and Phillip Island and the small Islands in Western Port Bay

Five.

8. SOUTH-

C. 55.

Victoria Government.

3. South-western Province.

Including the Counties of Grant, Grenville, and Polwarth.

GRANT :-Bounded on the East by the Western Boun-Number of Members of the dary of the County of Bourke, being the Werribee River from its Mouth to its Source in the great dividing Range; on the North by the great Elected Prodividing Range, extending from the Source of the Werribee River to that of the Yarrowee River: on the West and South-west by the Yarrowee River to its Confluence with the Barwon River, thence by the Barwon River upwards to a Creek in H. Hopkins' purchased Land, by this Creek upwards and a Line bearing South-east across the dividing Range to the Head of the Salt Creek, Two Miles Forty-eight Chains, thence by the Salt Creek to the Sea Coast North of Point Roadknight; on the South by the Sea Coast, and on the Remainder of the East by the Waters of Port Phillip to the Mouth of the Werribee River, including the small Islands near the Channels at the Mouth of Port Phillip and those of Geelong Bay.

GRENVILLE:—Bounded on the West by the Eastern Boundary of the County of Hampden, namely, a Line southerly from Emu Creek to Gnarkeet Ponds, thence by the Gnarkeet Ponds to Lake Korangamite, thence by the Western Shore of that Lake to a Point East of Lake Pormbeet; on the South by Part of the Northern Boundary of the County of Heytesbury and the Northern Boundary of the County of Polwarth, namely, the Southern Shore of Lake Korangamite, thence an East Line from Lake Korangamite to the North End of Lake Colac, thence by the North Shore of Lake Colac to the Point due West from the Source of Birregurra Creek, and from that Point by a Line East to the Source of Birregurra Creek, thence by that Creek downwards to its Confluence with the Barwon; on the East by the River Barwon to its Confluence with the Yarrowce River, thence by the Yarrowee River up to its Source in the great dividing Range; and on the North by Part of the great dividing Range to the Source of Burrambeet Creek, thence by that Creek and the Southern Shores of Lake Burrambeet to the Point where Bailie's Creek leaves the Lake, by Bailie's Creek to its Confluence with Emu Creek, thence by Emu Creek down to the Point North of the Source of Gnarkeet Ponds aforesaid.

POLWARTH:-Bounded on the West by the Eastern Boundary of the County of Heytesbury, namely,

the

the Gellibrand River upwards to its Source, Member of the thence by the Range to the Head of the Pirron Lagislative Council assigns to and to be remite; on the North by the South-eastern Shore River and an East Line from vince. of Lake Korangamite, and an East Line from Lake Korangamite to the North End of Lake Colac: thence by the North Shore of Lake Colac to the Point due West from the Source of the Birregurra Creek, from that Point by a Line East to the Source of the Birregurra Creek; thence by the Birregurra Creek to its Confluence with the River Barwon, thence following the Source of the River Barwon to a Creek in H. Hopkins's purchased Land; on the North-east by this Creek upwards, and a Line across the dividing Range to the Head of the Salt Creek, bearing South-east Two Miles Forty Chains, thence by the Salt Creek to the Sea Coast North of Point Roadknight; and on the South-east and South by the Sea Coast to the Mouth of the Gellibrand River

C. 55.

Five.

4. Western Province.

Including the Counties of Ripon, Hampden, Heytesbury, Villiers, Normanby, Dundas, and Follet.

RIPON:-Bounded on the West by the Grampian Range (which divides the Waters of the Wimmera and Glenelg Rivers from those of the River Hopkins) to the rocky Extremity near Mount Abrupt; on the South by a Line easterly to the Source of the First Creek which joins the River Hopkins above Wiselaskie's Station on the Western Side, and by that Creek to the River Hopkins, thence by a Line East to Lake Boloke, thence by the Southern Shores of Lake Boloke to the Mouth of the Prackmingerrin Creek, and by that Creek upwards to a Point where a great Bend of the Creek turns Northward, thence by a Line to a Point in Emu Creek about One Mile below, and to the West of the Confluence of Broken Creek: on the South-east and East by Emu Creek to the Confluence with Bailie's Creek, by Bailie's Creek to Lake Burrumbeet, the Southern Shores of Lake Burrumbeet and Burrumbeet Creek to its Source in the great dividing Range; and on the North by the great dividing Range to the Western Boundary aforesaid.

HAMPDEN:—Bounded on the West by the River Hopkins upwards, from the Confluence of the Emu Creek to the Point opposite the Mouth of the small Creek above Wiselaskie's Station, dividing it from the County of Villiers; on the 18 & 19 Vier.

North by the Southern Boundary of the County of Ripon, being a Line East from the Confluence of the Creek near Wiselaskie's Station already to and to be mentioned to Lake Boloke, then by the Southern Electoral Pro-Shore of Lake Boloke to the Mouth of the Prack- vince. mingerrin Creek, then by that Creek upwards until it reaches a Spot where it forms a great Bend to the Northward, from that Point by a Line in a South-easterly Direction to Emu Creek about One Mile below, and Westward of, the Mouth of Broken Creek, thence by Emu Creek to the Point North of the Source of Gnarkeet Ponds; then on the East by the West Boundary of the County of Grenville, viz.:-First, by a Line southerly to the Source of Gnarkeet Ponds, then by Gnarkeet Ponds to Lake Korangamite, and thence by the West Shore of Lake Korangamite to a Point East of Lake Pormbeet; and on the South by a direct Line to the North End of Lake Pormbeet, and from the North End of Lake Pormbeet to the nearest Part of Emu Creek. and thence by Emu Creek to its Confluence with the River Hopkins.

HEYTESBURY: Bounded on the North-west and North by Part of the Eastern Boundary of the County of Villiers and the Southern Boundary of the County of Hampden, being the Hopkins River from its Estuary to the Confluence of the Emu Creek, and a Line easterly to the North End of Lake Burrumbeet, thence by a Line East to Lake Korangamite, by the Southern Shore of that Lake to the Mouth of the Pirron Yalloak Creek; on the East and South-east by the Pirron Yalloak Creek to its Source, thence by a Range to the Head of the Gellibrand River, by the Gellibrand River to the Sea Coast; and on the South-west and West by the Sea Coast to the Estuary of the Hopkins River.

VILLIERS :-Bounded on the West by a Line due South from the Grange Burn to the Mouth of the Swamp Creek, thence by this Creek upwards to its Source by a Line to the Head of the Western Branch of the River Shaw, thence by the West Branch of the River Shaw to the Sea; on the South by the Sea to the Entrance of the River Hopkins; on the East by the said River Hopkins to the Confluence of the Creek above Wiselaskie's Station, and by that Creek to its Source; on the North by a Line Westward from the Source of the lastnamed Creek to the rocky Extremity of the Grampians near Mount Abrupt, thence by the principal Range of the Grampians to Mount Sturgeon, and

Number of Members of the Legislative Council assigned to and to be re-

Victoria Government.

by a Line south-westerly to the North-east Corner of the County of Normanby at the Grange Burn, including all the Islands at Port Fairy.

NORMANDY:—Bounded on the North by the Grange Electrical Pro-Burn and Wannon River, until the latter joins the Glenelg River; on the West by the Glenelg River until it reaches the Sea; on the South by the Seashore to the Mouth of the Shaw River; and on the East by the Western Branch of the Shaw River to its Source, thence a Line northerly to the Source of the Swamp Creek, by that Creek to where it empties itself into the Mount Napier Swamp, and thence by a Line due North Six Miles Fifteen Chains to the Grange Burn, including the Lawrence and Lady Julia Percy's Islands.

DUNDAS:—Bounded on the West and North by the Glenelg River upwards from the Confluence of the Wannon to its Source between the Victoria Range and Grampians, near Mount William; on the East by the Grampians to its rocky Extremity near Mount Abrupt, thence to Mount Sturgeon and by a Line crossing the Wannon River to the North-east Corner of the County of Normanby at the Grange Burn; and on the South by the Grange Burn and the Wannon River to its Confluence with the Glenelg.

Foller:—Bounded on the West by the One hundred and forty-first Meridian, being the Line dividing the Colony of Victoria from South Australia; on the South and East by the Glenelg River apwards to its Confluence with Power's Creek; and on the North-east and North by Power's Creek to its Source, thence a Line Westward to the Head of Mosquito Creek, and by that Creek to the Boundary Line

Five.

5. NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE.

Including the Counties of Talbot and Dalhousie, and the Pastoral District of the Wimmera and of the Loddon, except the proposed County of Rodney.

TALBOT:—Bounded on the North-west and North by the South-western Branch of the Loddon River from its Source near Mount Cole to its Confluence with the main Stream; thence by the Loddon River upwards to the Confluence of Mount Alexander Creek, by this Creek to its Source under Mount Alexander, thence by Mount Alexander Range to the Head of Myrtle Creek, and by this Creek to its Confluence with the Coliban River; on the East by the Coliban River upwards to its Source, being Part of the Western Boundary of the County of Dalhousie; and on the South by the

great dividing Range to the Source of the South-western Branch of the Loddon River near Mount

Members of the Legislative Confedence of the Legislative Confedence of the Logislative Confedence of the Source Confedence of the Source of the Cole.

to and to be r

DALHOUSIE :-Bounded on the West by the River Electoral Pro-Coliban from its Source in the great dividing Range to its Confluence with the Campaspe River, and by the Campaspe River down to the Confluence of Mount Ida Creek; on the North by Mount Ida Creek to its Source near Mount Ida, by the dividing Range to the Source of Sandy Creek, and by the Sandy Creek to Goulbourn River; on the East by the Goulburn River upwards until it joins the Dabyminga Creek, and by that Creek to its Source in the dividing Range; and on the South by the great dividing Range.

WIMMERA: -Bounded on the East by a Line from Mount Cole to the Source of the Avoca River, thence by the Avoca River to Lake Bael Bael, thence by a Line due North to the River Murray; on the North by the River Murray to the South Australian Frontier; on the West by the South Australian Frontier South to Mosquito Creek; on the South by Mosquito Creek to its Head, thence by a Line to the Source of Power's Creek, by Power's Creek to its Junction with the Glenelg River, by this River to its Source between the Victoria Range and the Grampians near Mount William, and by the dividing Range easterly to Mount Cole.

Loddon: Bounded on the South by Part of the Counties of Dalhousie, Talbot, and Ripon, from the Campaspe River to the Source of the Avoca River; on the West by the Avoca River to Lake Bael Bael, and thence by a Line due North to the River Murray; on the North and North-east by the River Murray; and on the East by the Campaspe River to the Point of Commencement -

Five.

6. EASTERN PROVINCE.

Including the County of Anglesey, the proposed County of Rodney, and the Pastoral Districts of the Murray and Gipps' Land.

Anglesey:—Bounded on the West by Part of the Eastern Boundary of the County of Dalhousie, namely, from the River Goulburn upwards from the Confluence of Hughes' Creek, to the Confluence of the Dabyminga Creek, thence by the Dabyminga Creek upwards to its Source in the great dividing Range; on the South by the great dividing Range to the main Source of the River Goulbourn; on the East by the Range dividing the Waters of the main Source of the River

Goulbourn

Goulbourn and Big Rivers from those of the Number of Rubicon and Snod-pon-dock Creek, Northward to Mount Torbrick, thence by Jerusalem Creek to and to be reto its Confluence with the River Goulbourn, turned for Electoral thence by the River Goulbourn downwards to the Confluence with the Devil's River, thence by the Devil's River and its North-west Arm to the dividing Range between the last-named Arm and Septimus Creek; and on the North by that Range to the Source of Hughes' Creek, thence by Hughes' Creek down to its Confluence with the River Goulbourn.

RODNEY:—Commencing at the Confluence of the Rivers Campaspe and Coliban, thence by a Line south-easterly to the M'Ivor or Patterson's Creek. above John Hunter Patterson's Sheep Station, thence by a Line north-easterly to the Confluence of Hughes' Creek with the River Goulbourn, and by that River to the Murray, thence by the River Murray to its Confluence with the River Campaspe, and by the River Campaspe upwards to the Confluence of the Rivers Campaspe and Coliban aforesaid.

MURRAY.—Bounded on the South and West by the Counties of Evelyn and Anglesey, and the River Goulbourn to its Junction with the Murray; on the North and North-east by the River Murray, and on the South-east by the dividing Range (Alps).

GIPPS' LAND .- Bounded on the South and East by the Sea; on the North by a Line running in a Westerly Direction from Cape Howe to the Source of the nearest Tributary of the Murray and the Australian Alps; again, on the West by the Alps and the Counties of Evelyn and Mornington

Five.

SCHEDULE F. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

BOUNDARIES OF THE ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

1. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF MELBOURNE.

Commencing at a Point in the Yarra Yarra River due
South from the South-western Angle of Gisborne
Street, thence to Gisborne Street, and by the
Western Side of that Street to Victoria Parade,
total District. thence by the South Side of Victoria Parade to the Western Side of Nicholson Street, thence by the said Western Side of Nicholson Street Northwards to the Boundary Line of the Corporate Limits of Melbourne, thence by the last-

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Victoria Government.

mentioned Boundary Line bearing West to the Mumber of Members of the Moonee Ponds, by the said Moonee Ponds downwards to the Site of Main's Bridge, thence by a signed to and returned to an extended to the Site of Main's Bridge, thence by a signed to an extended to the site of Main's Bridge, Line bearing South to the Yarra Yarra River, for each Elecand on the South by the Yarra Yarra River to the commencing Point -

Five.

2. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SAINT KILDA.

Bounded on the East by a Road bearing North from the South-east Angle of Portion No. 32, East of Elsternwick, to the Yarra Yarra River; on the North by the Yarra Yarra River to Prince's Bridge; on the West by a Road bearing Southwest to the Northern Angle of Section No. 46; thence by Fitz Roy Street, St. Kilda, to the Sea Coast; thence by the Sea Coast and a Road bearing East, South of Elsternwick, to the commencing Point

Two.

3. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF COLLINGWOOD.

Commencing at the Junction of Nicholson Street and Victoria Parade, thence by the Western Side of Nicholson Street to the Northern Boundary of the Corporate Limits of Melbourne, thence on the North by the said Boundary Line bearing East to the Merri Merri Creek, thence by the Merri Merri Creek to its Junction with the Yarra Yarra River, thence by the Yarra Yarra River to the South-east Corner of Section No. 68, Parish of Jika Jika, thence by a Line West to Victoria Street, and thence on the South by the Northern Side of Victoria Street and Victoria Parade to the commencing Point -

Two.

4. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH MELBOURNE.

Bounded on the North by the Yarra Yarra River, from its Junction with the Saltwater River to Princes' Bridge, on the East by the Road bearing Southeast to the Northern Angle of Section No. 46, St. Kilda, thence by Fitz Roy Street to the Sea Coast, thence by the Sea Coast to the Yarra Yarra River, and by the said River to its Junction with the Saltwater River, being the commencing Point

One.

5. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF RICHMOND.

Commencing at a Point on the Yarra Yarra River due South from the South-eastern Angle of Gisborne Street; bounded on the West by a Line due North to the said Angle; thence by the East Side of Gisborne

Gisborne Street to Victoria Parade; thence by Number of the Southern Sides of Victoria Parade and Victoria Street, and a Prolongation of that Line to the sembly selections of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the Line to the sembly selection of the sembly s the Yarra Yarra River; on the East and South for each Ele by the Yarra Yarra River to the commencing Point

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Two.

6. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WILLIAMSTOWN.

Commencing on the Sea Coast at the South-east Angle of Portion A. Section 3, Parish of Cut-paw-paw; bounded on the West by a Line bearing North to the Stoney Creek, thence by the Stoney Creek to the River Yarra Yarra; by the River Yarra Yarra to the Sea; thence by the Sea Coast to the commencing Point

One.

7. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BRIGHTON.

Commencing on the Sea Coast at the South-west Angle of Section 25, Parish of Moorabbin, thence by a Line East to the South-east Angle of Section 55; on the East by a Line bearing North, being the Parish Boundary from the said Point to the Northeast Angle of Section 63; on the North by the Road bearing West to the Sea Coast, and on the West by the Sea Coast to the commencing Point

One.

8. Electoral District of Geelong.

Bounded by a Line drawn from the Point on the Eastern Shores of Corio Bay, near Point Henry, at a Distance of Two Miles from the North-east Angle of the Township of Geelong, as a Centre bearing southerly to a Point bearing East from the said Angle; thence by a Line South, crossing a small Portion of Corio Bay, parallel with and at a Distance of Two Miles from the Eastern Boundary of the said Township to a Point bearing East from the South-east Angle of the said Township of Geelong; thence by a Line drawn westerly, at a Distance of Two Miles from the Southern Boundary of the said Township, crossing the Barwon River and the Wauru Chain of Ponds to a Point Two Miles West of the Southwest Angle of the said Township; thence by a Line drawn at a Distance of Two Miles from the North-west Angle of the Township, as a Centre, to the Western Shore of Corio Bay, near Cowie's Week; and also to include the remaining Portion of the Reserve at Point Henry, and the Reserve the Junction of the Marrabool with the River TWON

Four.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PORTLAND.

Commencing at a Point on the Beach bearing East Number of Eight Chains from the North Angle of Allotment Legislative Assembly assigned No. 31 of Northern Suburbans, and bounded on and returned the North by a Line bearing West 65 Chains; on for each Electhe West by a Line bearing South 233 Chains 34 Links; on the South by a Line bearing East to the Sea Coast, and by the Sea Coast northerly to the Point of Commencement -

Two.

10. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BELFAST.

Commencing at a Point on the Sea Coast bearing South 7 Degrees 30 Minutes West, 16 Chains 25 Links from the South-west Angle of Section No. 15, Township of Belfast, and bounded on the West by a Line bearing North 62 Chains; on the North by a Line bearing East 45 Chains 25 Links; again on the West by a Line bearing North 3 Chains 75 Links to the River Moyne, by that River to its Mouth, and by the Sea Coast to the Point of Commencement; also that Portion commencing at the South-west Angle of Section A, Parish of Belfast, and bounded on the North-east by a Line bearing North-west 15 Chains to the Moyne Saltwater Lagoon, by that Lagoon and the River Moyne to its Mouth, and by the Sea Coast northerly to the last-mentioned Point of Commencement -

One.

11. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WARRNAMBOOL. Commencing at a Point on the River Hopkins, being the South-western Angle of Section 1, Parish of Wangoom, and bounded on the East by a Line bearing North 20 Chains; on the North by a Line bearing West to the Merri River; on the West and South-west by the Merri River to its Mouth; on the South by the Sea Coast of Warrnambool Bay, from the Mouth of the said River to that of the River Hopkins, and thence to the Point of Commencement -

One.

12. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF COLAC.

Commencing at the South-west Angle of Section 17, in the Parish of Nalangil, bounded on the West by a Line North to the North-west Angle of Section 17, in the Parish of Warrion; on the North by a Line East from the last-mentioned Point to the North-east Angle of Section 9, in the Parish of Irrewarra; on the East by a Line, South from that Point to the South-east Angle of Section 2, in the Parish of Elliminyt; and on the South by a Line West from that Angle to the Point of Commencement

One.

13. ELEC-

13. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF KILMORE.

Commencing at a Point on the Eastern Branch of the Number of Members of the Korkarruc Creek, Two Miles 55 Chains South of Legislative Asiats Junction with the main Stream, and bounded to and returned to and returned to a stream the stream of the contract on the North by a Line East from the said Point for each Electo Dry Creek; on the East by the Western Branch of the Dry Creek to its Source, thence by a Line South to the Boundary of the County of Bourke; on the South by the said Boundary to the Source of the Eastern Branch of the aforesaid Korkarruc Creek, and on the West by that Eastern Branch to the commencing Point

One.

14. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE KYNETON BOROUGHS.

Kyneton, Carlsruhe, and Part of Malmesbury: Commencing at the South-east Angle of Section B 3. East of Carlsruhe, thence North 3 Miles 40 Chains, thence West 4 Miles, thence North 3 Miles, thence West 4 Miles, thence North 2 Miles, thence West 2 Miles 55 Chains to the River Coliban; by that River to the Southern Boundary of the Parish of Lauriston; by that Boundary to the River Campaspe, and thence to the South-western Angle of Section 2; and by the Southern Boundary of the Parish of Carlsruhe to the Point of Commencement.

WOODEND: -- Commencing at the South-western Angle of Section 1 A. South of Carlsruhe, bounded on the North by the Southern Boundary of the said Section and of Sections B 2, B 3, to the Southeastern Angle of the said Section B 3, East of Carlsruhe; on the East by a Line South of the Northern Boundary of Section 72, Parish of Woodend; thence East to the North-east Angle of the said Section 72; thence on the East by a Road South to the South-eastern Angle of Section 22, Parish of Woodend; thence South 80 Chains, crossing the Five Mile Creek; thence West 80 Chains; thence North to the Five Mile Creek; and on the South-west and West by the Five Mile Creek and River Campaspe to the commencing Point

One.

15. Electoral District of the Murray Boroughs.

WOODONGA:—Commencing at a Point on the Woodonga Creek, being the North-east Angle of Suburban Section A.; thence on the East by a Linc bearing South 15 Chains 50 Links; thence West by a Line 40 Chains: thence South 21 Chains 20 Links: thence West 117 Chains 30 Links; thence North 60 Chains: thence East 70 Chains to the Woodongu

Woodonga Creek, and by the Left Bank of the Said Creek to the commencing Point.

Wangaratta:—Commencing at a Point on the Left to and returned to and returned.

Bank of the River Ovens, 120 Chains North-west for each Ele toral District of its Junction with the River King; from that Point South 360 Chains; thence East 440 Chains; thence North 360 Chains, crossing Reedy Creek; and thence West 440 Chains, again crossing Reedy Creek and the River Ovens, to the commencing

Point.

Benalla:—Commencing at a Point on the Northeast Tributary of the Broken River, being the South-east Angle of Suburban Allotment 4, Section 8; thence by a Line North to the North-east Angle of Suburban Allotment 5, Section 4; thence West to the North-west Angle of Suburban Allotment 1, Section 1; thence South-west by a Line Fifty Chains to the North-west Angle of Suburban Allotment 1, Section 16; thence South to the South-west Angle of Suburban Allotment 5, Section 12; thence East to the South-east Angle of Suburban Allotment 4, Section 9; thence by the Broken River and its Tributary aforesaid to the commencing Point.

EUROA:—Commencing 5 Chains South of a Point on the Seven Creeks, being the South-east Angle of Suburban Section 6; thence by a Line West 190 Chains; thence North 274 Chains 50 Links to the North-west Angle of Suburban Section A 3; thence by the Northern Boundary of the said Section to the Seven Creeks; thence by the said Seven Creeks to the North-west Angle of Suburban Section B 2; thence East to the North-east Angle of Suburban Section E 1; thence by a Line South until it strikes the Northern Boundary of Suburban Section C 1, where the said Boundary crosses the Seven Creeks; thence East to the North-east Angle of the said Section; thence by the Eastern Boundaries of Suburban Sections C and D and the Seven Creeks to the commencing Point.

AVENAL:—Commencing at a Point on Hughes' Creek, being the South-east Angle of Suburban Portion E 6; thence West 118 Chains; thence North 155 Chains 40 Links, crossing Hughes' Creek; thence East 134 Chains 60 Links; thence South 134 Chains 40 Links; thence West to Hughes' Creek, and by the said Creek to the commencing Point.

SEYMOUR:-Commencing at a Point on Whitehead's Creek, being on the North-eastern Boundary of the Township of Seymour, thence East 200 Chains, thence South 160 Chains, thence East 120 Chains

Chains, thence South 200 Chains; thence East Number of Members of the 130 Chains to a Point on the River Goulburn, by the Course of the said River to another Point 80 to and returned Chains Eastward of the first-mentioned Point on the Electronal District. the said River; thence North 344 Chains, crossing Whitehead's Creek; thence West 130 Chains, recrossing Whitehead's Creek to the commencing Point

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One.

16. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ALBERTON.

Commencing at the Mouth of Worrigall Creek on the Ninety Mile Beach :- Bounded on the North by a Line West Seventeen Miles to the Eastern Branch of the River Tarra; thence on the South-west by a Line in a South-westerly Direction to the Mouth of the Little River in Corner Inlet; and on the South and South-east by the Sea Coast (including Snake Island) to the commencing Point

One.

17. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE CASTLEMAINE BOROUGHS.

CASTLEMAINE: - Commencing at a Point One Chain Fifty Links North from the North-west Angle of Section 39, Township of Castlemaine; bounded by Lines bearing East 38 Chains; South 160 Chains; West 80 Chains; North 160 Chains; and East 42 Chains to the commencing Point.

ELPHINSTONE: -Commencing at the South-western Corner of Portion 8, Section 1, North of Elphinstone; bounded on the West by a Line South 80 Chains; on the South by a Line East 80 Chains; on the East by a Line North 80 Chains to the South-western Angle of Portion 18, Section 1; and on the North by a Line West, crossing the Main Road to Sandhurst to the commencing Point.

MUCKLEFORD: — Commencing at the South-eastern Angle of Allotment 50, Section 7; thence North 200 Chains, thence West 200 Chains, thence South 240 Chains, thence East 200 Chains, thence North to the commencing Point.

HARCOURT: - Commencing at the South-western Angle of Portion 27, Section 4; bounded on the East by a Line North to the North-western Angle of Portion 27, Section 3; on the North by a Line West to the Main Road to Sandhurst; on the West by a Line South crossing Barker's Creek 160 Chains; and on the South by a Line East 80 Chains to the commencing Point

Two.

18. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE SANDHURST BOROUGHS.

SANDHURST: -- Commencing at a Point on the Bendigo Creek 40 Chains South of the Junction of Ash Street.

Street and High Street; thence East One Mile Number of and a Half, thence West Two and a Half Miles, tension of the crossing the Bendigo Creek, thence South Four to and returned Miles, thence East to the Point of Commencement.

LOCKWOOD: - Commencing at the South-western Angle of Suburban Allotment 23, Section 1; bounded on the East by a Line Northward from that Point to the South-eastern Angle of Portion 44, Section 4; on the North by a Line bearing West to the South-western Angle of Allotment No. 1, Section 4; on the West by a Line bearing South to a Point due West from the commencing Point; and on the South by a Line East to the Southwest Angle of Suburban Allotment No. 23, Section 1, being the commencing Point aforesaid

One.

19. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH GRANT.

Bounded on the North by the great dividing Range, extending from the Source of the Yarrowee River to that of the River Werribee; on the East by the River Werribee aforesaid to the Western Boundary of the Village Reserve of Ballan; thence by a Line South-westerly to the Source of Williamson's Creek, and by that Creek and the said River Yarrowee to its Source in the great dividing Range aforesaid

One.

20. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH GRENVILLE.

Bounded on the North by Part of the great dividing Range, from the Source of the River Yarrowec to the Source of the Burrumbeet Creek, thence by that Creek and the Southern Shores of Burrumbeet Lake to the Point where Bailie's Creek leaves the Lake, by Bailie's Creek to its Confluence with Emu Creek, thence by Emu Creek down to the Point North of the Source of Gnarkeet Ponds; on the West by a Line Southwards from the lastmentioned Point, and by the Gnarkeet Ponds to where they are crossed by the main Road to Geelong; on the South by that Road to the River Yarrowec: and on the East by the River Yarrowee to its Source

One.

21. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE OVENS.

Commencing at the Junction of Whorouly Creek with the River Ovens, bounded on the West by a Line bearing North Twenty Miles, thence on the North by a Line bearing East to the Little River, on the East by the Little River to its Source in the dividing Range, thence by the dividing Range and a Line South to a Point on the Ovens River Nine Miles above its Junction with the River Buckland:

Buckland; on the South by a Line from the last-mentioned Point to the Source of the River Buck-land, thence by the dividing Range to the Source to and returned for each Elecof the River Buffalo, and again on the South and for each Electrical District West by that River and the Ovens to the commencing Point -

One.

22. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF RODNEY.

Commencing at the Confluence of the Rivers Campaspe and Coliban, thence by a Line South-westerly to the Source of the MIvor or Patterson's Creek; thence by a Line North-easterly to the Confluence of Hughes' Creek with the River Goulbourn, and by the Rivers Goulbourn, Murray, and Campaspe to the Confluence of the Rivers Campaspe and Coliban aforesaid

One.

23. Electoral District of the Loddon.

Bounded on the West by the River Avoca, from its Source in the great dividing Range to its Entrance to Lake Bael Bael, thence by a Line Northward to the River Murray; on the North by the River Murray; on the East by the River Campaspe to its Junction with the Coliban, and on the South by the Northern Boundary of the Counties of Dalhousie and Talbot to the commencing Point, excepting the Country comprised in the Electoral Districts of the Castlemaine Boroughs and of the Sandhurst Boroughs

Two.

24. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF TALBOT.

Bounded on the North-west and North by the Southwestern Branch of the River Loddon, from its Source near Mount Cole to its Confluence with the main Stream, thence by the River Loddon upwards to its Confluence with Mount Alexander Creek, by this Creek to its Source under Mount Alexander, thence by the Mount Alexander Range to the Head of Myrtle Creek, and by this Creek to its Confluence with the River Coliban; on the East by the River Coliban to its Source, being Part of the Western Boundary of the County of Dalhousie; on the South by the great dividing Range to the Source of the South-western Branch of the River Loddon, near Mount Cole, excepting the Country included in the Electoral District of the Castlemaine Boroughs

Two.

25. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST BOURKE.

Bounded on the North by the great dividing Range from the Source of the River Plenty to that of the North-eastern Branch of the Saltwater River.

near

near Big Hill; on the West by the Saltwater Number of River downwards to the South-western Angle of Section 12, Parish of Bulla Bulla, thence by the formula said of the section 12, Parish of Bulla Bulla, thence by the formula said of the section 12. Southern Boundary of the said Portion and by a for each Elec-Line bearing East to the Source of the Moonee Ponds in Section 10, Parish of Yuroke, thence by the Moonee Ponds southerly to Flemington Bridge, thence by a Line South to the River Yarra Yarra; on the South by the River Yarra Yarra to its Junction with the Plenty, and on the East by the River Plenty to the Point of Commencement, excepting the Country included in the Electoral Districts of Melbourne, Collingwood, and Richmond

Two.

26. Electoral District of West Bourke.

Bounded on the North by the great dividing Range from the Source of the River Werribee to that of the North-eastern Branch of the Saltwater River, near Big Hill; on the East by the Saltwater River to the South-western Corner of Portion 12, Parish of Bulla Bulla, thence by the Southern Boundary of the said Section and by a Line East to the Source of the Moonee Ponds, in Section 10, Parish of Yuroke, thence by the Moonee Ponds southerly to Flemington Bridge, thence by a Line South to the River Yarra Yarra; on the South by the River Yarra Yarra and the Shores of Port Phillip Bay to the Mouth of the River Werribee; on the West by the River Werribee to its Source in the great dividing Range, being the commencing Point, excepting the Country included in the Electoral Districts of Williamstown

Two.

27. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH BOURKE.

Bounded on the North and West by the River Yarra Yarra, from its Mouth to its Confluence with the Deep Creek; on the East by the Deep Creek and a Line South Two Miles Fifty-eight Chains from that Creek to Dandenong Creek, by that Creek to the Northern Margin of the Carrum Swamp and Mordialloc Creek to its Mouth at the Long Beach below Ben-Ben-Gin, thence by the Shores of Port Phillip Bay to the Mouth of the River Yarra Yarra aforesaid, excepting the Country included in the Electoral Districts of St. Kilda, South Melbourne, and Brighton

Two.

28. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SOUTH GRANT.

Bounded on the East by the River Werribee, from its Mouth in Port Phillip Bay to the Western Boundary of the Reserve of Ballan, thence by a Line South-

South-westerly to the Source of Williamson's Number of Members of the Creek, by that Creek to the River Yarrowee; on Legislative Assembly assigned the West and South-west by the River Yarrowee to and returned to its Confluence with the River Barwon, thence for each Elecby the River Barwon to Hopkins' Creek; by that Creek and a Line South-east across the dividing Range to the Head of the Salt Creek Two Miles and Forty-eight Chains, thence by Salt Creek to the Sea Coast, North of Point Roadknight; on the South by the Sea Coast; and on the Remainder of the East by the Waters of Port Phillip Bay to the Mouth of the River Werribee, including the small Island near the Channels of the Mouth of Port Phillip Bay and Geelong Bay, and excepting the Country included in the Electoral District of Geelong

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Three.

29. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EVELYN AND MORNINGTON.

EVELYN:—Bounded on the West by Part of the Eastern Boundary of the County of Bourke; that is to say, by the River Plenty from its Source to the River Yarra Yarra, thence by the River Yarra Yarra to the Confluence of the Deep Creek, thence by that Creek to the Range between the River Yarra Yarra and the Dandenong Creek; on the South-east and North by the Range forming the Basin of the River Yarra Yarra.

MORNINGTON :- Bounded on the North by Part of the Southern Boundary of the County of Evelyn, being the dividing Range from the Source of the River Buneep Buneep to the Source of the Deep Creek, thence by that Creek and a Line South Two Miles Fifty-eight Chains from that Creek to Dandenong Creek, thence by that Creek to the Carrum Swemp, by that Swamp and the Mordiallac Creek to its Mouth at the Long Beach below Ben-Ben-Gin, thence by the Shores of Port Phillip Bay to Point Nepean; on the South-west and South by the Sea Coast from Point Nepean to Cape Patterson; on the East by a Line North from Cape Patterson to the Warringrin Range, thence along the said Range in a northerly Direction to the Mouth of the River Buneep Buneep, and by that River to its Source in the dividing Range, including French and Phillip Islands and the small Islands in Western Port Bay -

One.

30. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ANGLESEY.

Part of Dalhousie:—Commencing at the Junction of the Rivers Camaspe and Coliban, thence by a Line South-easterly to the Source of the M'Ivor or Paterson's Creek, thence by a Line North-east

to the Confluence of Hughes's Creek with the River Goulbern; on the East by the River Goulbern until it joins the Dabyminga Creek, by that Creek to its Source in the dividing Range; on the coral District. South by the dividing Range to the Source of the River Coliban; and on the West by the last-mentioned River to its Junction with the River Campaspie, being the commencing Point, excepting the Country included in the Electoral Districts of the Kyneton Boroughs and of Kilmore.

Anglesey:—Bounded on the West by Part of the Eastern Boundary of the County of Dalhousie, namely, from the River Goulburn from the Confluence of Hughes's Creek to the Confluence of Dabyminga Creek, thence by Dabyminga Creek to its Source in the great dividing Range; on the South by the great dividing Range to the main Source of the River Goulburn; on the East by the Range dividing the Waters of the main Source of the Goulburn and Big Rivers from those of the Rubicon and Snod-pon-dock Creek, Northward, to Mount Torbrick, thence by Jerusalem Creek to its Confluence with the River Goulburn, thence by the River Goulburn to the Confluence of the River Delatite, thence by the River Delatite and its North-west Arm to the dividing Range between the last-named Arm and Septimus Creek; and on the North by that Range to the Source of Hughes's Creek, and thence by Hughes's Creek to its Confluence with the River Goulburn, excepting the Country included in the Borough of Seymour

One.

31. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF DUNDAS AND FOLLETT.

Dundas: -- Bounded on the West and North by the River Glenelg from the Confluence of the Wannon to its Source, between the Victoria Range and the Grampians near Mount William; on the East by the Grampians to their Base near Mount Abrupt. thence to Mount Sturgeon and by a Line crossing the Wannon River to the North-east Angle of the County of Normanby at the Grange Burn; and on the South by the Grange Burn and the Wannon to its Confluence with the Glenelg.

FOLLETT:—Bounded on the West by the One hundred and forty-first Meridian, being the Line dividing Victoria from South Australia; on the South and East by the GlenelgRiver to its Confluence with Power's Creek; and on the North-east and North by Power's Creek to its Source, thence by a Line West to the Head of Mosquito Creek and by that Creek to the Boundary Line

One. 32. ELEC-

32. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORMANBY.

Bounded on the North by the Grange Burn and River
Wannon until the latter joins the River Glenelg;
on the West by the River Glenelg to the Sea; on the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Sea; on the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the Mest by the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River Glenelg to the River the South by the Sea Shore to the Mouth of the for each Elec-River Shaw; and on the East by the Western Branch of the River Shaw to its Source; thence by a Line North to the Source of the Swamp Creek; by that Creek to Mount Napier Swamp; and thence by a Line North Six Miles Fifteen Chains to the Grange Burn, including the Laurence's and Lady Julia Percy's Islands, excepting the Country included in the Electoral District of Portland

One.

33. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF VILLIERS AND HEYTESBURY.

VILLIERS:—Bounded on the West by a Line South from the Grange Burn to the Mouth of the Swamp Creek; thence by this Creek to its Source by a Line to the Source of the Western Branch of the River Shaw to the Sea; on the South by the Sea Shore to the Mouth of the River Hopkins; on the East by the said River Hopkins to the Confluence of Wyselaskie's Creek, and by that Creek to its Source; on the North by a Line Westward from the Source of the last-named Creek to the Base of the Grampians near Mount Abrupt; thence by the principal Range of the Grampian's to Mount Sturgeon, and by a Line South-westerly to the North-east Angle of the County of Normanby, including all the Islands at Port Fairy, and excepting the Country included in the Electoral Districts of Belfast and Warrnambool.

HETTESBURY: Bounded on the West by the River Hopkins from its Estuary to the Confluence of the Emu Creek, thence by Emu Creek to the Point nearest Lake Pormbeet, thence by a Line easterly to the North End of Lake Pormbeet, thence by a Line East to Lake Korangamite, and by the Southern Shore of that Lake to the Mouth of the Pirron Yaloak Creek; on the East and South-east by the Pirron Yaloak Creek to its Source, thence by a Range to the Source of the Gellibrand River, by the Gellibrand River to the Sea Coast; and on the South-west and West by the Sea Coast to the Estuary of the River Hopkins

Two.

34. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF POLWARTH, RIPON, HAMPDEN, AND SOUTH GRENVILLE.

Polwarth: Bounded on the West by the River Gellibrand upwards to its Source, thence by the Range 18 & 19 VICT.

Range to the Source of the Pirron Yaloak Creek, Number of by this Creek to Lake Korangamite; on the Legislate A North by the South-eastern Shore of Lake Koran-to and return to the control of the Country of the Countr gamite, and an East Line from Lake Korangamite for each Electronial District to the North of Lake Colac, thence by the North Shore of Lake Colac to the Point West from the Source of Birregurra Creek, from that Point by a Line East to the Source of the Birregurra Creek, thence by the Birregurra Creek to its Confluence with the River Barwon, thence following the Course of the River Barwon to Hopkins' Creek; on the North-east by this Creek and a Line across the dividing Range to the Source of the Salt Creek South-east Two Miles Forty-eight Chains, thence by the Salt Creek to the Sea Coast North of Point Roadknight; and on the South-east and South by the Sea Coast to the Mouth of the River Gellibrand, excepting the Country included in the Electoral District of Colac.

RIPON: -Bounded on the West by the Grampian Range dividing the Waters of the Rivers Wimmera and Glenelg from those of the River Hopkins, to its Base near Mount Abrupt; on the South by a Line easterly to the Source of Wyselaskie's Creek, and by that Creek to the River Hopkins, thence by a Line East to Lake Boloke, thence by the Southern Shores of Lake Boloke to the Mouth of the Prackmingerrin Creek, and by that Creek to the Point nearest to Emu Creek, thence by a Line East to a Point in Emu Creek One Mile to the West of its Confluence with Broken Creek; on the South-east and East by Emu Creek to its Confluence with Baillie's Creek, by Baillie's Creek to Lake Burrumbeet, by the Southern Shores of Lake Burrumbeet and Burrumbeet Creek to its Source in the great dividing Range; and on the North by the great dividing Range to the Western Boundary aforesaid.

HAMPDEN: - Bounded on the West by the River Hopkins; on the North by the Southern Boundary of the County of Ripon; on the East by a Line southerly to the Source of Gnarkeet Ponds, thence by Gnarkeet Ponds to Lake Korangamite, and thence by the West Shore of Lake Korangamite to a Point East of Lake Pormbeet, and from the North End of Lake Pormbeet to the nearest Part of Emu Creek, and thence by Emu Creek to its Confluence with the River Hopkins.

South Grenville:—Bounded on the North by the main Road between Portland and Geelong, from its Intersection with the River Yarrowee to the Gnarkeet Ponds; on the West by the Gnarkeet

Ponds

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Victoria Government.

Ponds to Lake Korangamite, thence by the Number of Western Shores of that Lake to a Point East of Legislative Assemble Pormbeet; on the South by the Southern Shore to and returned to and returned to the South State of the Stat of Lake Korangamite, thence by a Line East for each Elec-toral District. from Lake Korangamite to the North Shore of Lake Colac, thence by the North Shore of Lake Colac to a Point West from the Birregurra Creek. and from that Point by a Line East to the Source of the Birregurra Creek, and by that Creek to its Confluence with the Barwon; and on the East by the Rivers Barwon and Yarrowee to the commencing Point -

Two.

35. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF MURRAY.

Bounded on the South and West by the Counties of Evelyn and Anglesea and the River Goulburn to its Junction with the River Murray; on the North and North-east by the River Murray; and on the East by the great dividing Range, excepting the Country comprised in the Electoral Districts of the Murray Boroughs and of Beechworth

Two.

36. ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GIPPS' LAND.

Bounded on the South and East by the Sea; on the North by a Line bearing West from Cape Howe to the Source of the nearest Tributary of the Murray, and by the Alps; and on the West by the Alps and the Counties of Evelyn and Mornington, excepting the Country comprised in the Electoral District of Alberton

One.

37. Electoral District of the Wimmera.

Bounded on the West by the Boundary Line of Victoria and South Australia; on the North by the River Murray; on the East by a Line to Lake Bael Bael, thence by the River Avoca to its Source; and on the South by the Boundaries of the Counties of Follett, Dundas, and Ripon

Two.

SCHEDULE (2.)

59 G. 3. c. 4. An Act to stay Proceedings against any Governor or other Persons concerned in imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to continue until the 1st Day of January 1821 certain Duties, and to empower the said Governor to levy a Duty on Spirits made in the said Colony.

3 G. 4. c. 96. -An Act to continue until the 1st Day of January 1824 an Act passed in the Fifty-ninth Year of His late Majesty P 2 relating

Victoria Government.	Waste Lands (Australia) Acts Repeal.				
	relating to imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to authorize the imposing and levying other Duties on Goods imported into the said Colony, and to suspend for Ten Years the Payment of Duty on the Importation of certain Goods the Produce of New South Wales.				
9 G. 4. c. 83	An Act to provide for the Administration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and for the more effectual Government thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto.				
5 & 6 Vict. c. 36	An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies.				
5 & 6 Vict. c. 76	An Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land.				
7 & 8 Vict. c. 72	An Act to clear up Doubts as to the Regulation and Audit of the Accounts of the Customs in New South Wales.				
7 & 8 Vict. c. 74	An Act to explain and amend the Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land.				
9 & 10 Vict. c. 104	An Act to amend an Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies, and to make further Provision for the Management thereof.				
13 & 14 Vict. c. 59	An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies.				

CAP. LVI.

An Act to repeal the Acts of Parliament now in force respecting the Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown in Her Majesty's Australian Colonies, and to make other Provision in lieu thereof. [16th July 1855.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient that the Acts for regulating the Sale and other Disposal of the Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies should be repealed, and that other Provision should be made with respect to the Subject Matter of the said Acts: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The Act of the Sixth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirtysix, intituled An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies, and the Act of the Tenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and four.

5 & 6 Vict. c. 36. and 9 & 10 Vict. c. 104. repealed.

Waste Lands (Australia) Acts Repeal.

four, intituled An Act to amend an Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies, and to make further Provision for the Management thereof, are

hereby repealed.

II. The Repeal of the said Acts, and the other Provisions of Periods at this Act, shall take effect in the Colonies of New South Wales which this Act and Victoria at the Date of the Proclamation in those Colonies is to take effect respectively of certain Acts passed in this Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to enable Her Majesty to assent to a Bill, as amended, of the Legislature of New South Wales, "to confer a Constitution on New South Wales, and to grant a Civil List to Her Majesty," and An Act to enable Her Majesty to assent to a Bill, as amended, of the Legislature of Victoria, to establish a Constitution in and for the Colony of Victoria, and in Van Diemen's Land from the Date of the Proclamation of this Act by the Governor, which Proclamation shall take place within One Month after a Copy thereof shall be received by such Governor, and in South Australia from the Date of the Proclamation in that Colony of the Assent of Her Majesty to any Bill which may be passed by the Legislature of the said Colony, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty, and intituled An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's 13 & 14 Vict. Australian Colonies, establishing a Legislative Council and Assem- c. 59. bly within the said Colony, in lieu of the present Legislative Council.

in the Australian Colonies respectively.

III. The Powers vested by the said Acts hereby repealed in Powers of re-Her Majesty, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and pealed Acts conthe Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners respectively, tinued for cershall continue so far as regards the Appropriation and Application of Monies which may be received from the said Colonies respectively under and by virtue of the Provisions of the said Acts or either of them.

1V. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of any Colony in Powertoamend which the Repeal of the said Act of the Tenth Year of Her or repeal Or-Majesty shall have taken effect to repeal, alter, or amend any ders in Council. Order in Council made under Authority of the said Act, and affecting such Colony; but subject, nevertheless, so far as respects the Colonies of New South Wales and Victoria respectively, to the Provisions in the said Acts of this Session for the Preservation and enabling the Fulfilment of Contracts, Promises, and Engagements made by or on behalf of Her Majesty with respect to Lands situate in such respective Colonies, and, until so repealed, and subject to any such Alteration or Amendment, every such Order in Council shall have the same Force and Effect as if this Act had not been passed.

V. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of Van Diemen's Land Legislature of and for the Legislature of South Australia after such Change in the Constitution thereof as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts to be passed from Time to Time in the same Manner and under the same Conditions as are or may be by Law required in respect of tion altered, other Acts of the said Legislatures respectively, to regulate the may dispose of Sale and other Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown in the Waste Land,

Van Diemen's when ConstituWaste Lands (Australia) Acts Repeal.

Militia (No. 2.)

notwithstanding 5 & 6 Vict. c. 76. and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 59.

Power for Her Majesty by Order in Council to separate Norfolk Island from Van Diemen's Land.

Existing Regulations maintained in force until altered.

Regulation of Disposal of Waste Land in Western Australia.

Past Appropriations to be valid.

As to the Term "Governor."

said Two last-mentioned Colonies respectively, and the Disposal of the Proceeds arising therefrom for the Public Service of the said Colonies, any Provisions of an Act of Parliament of the Sixth Year of Her said Majesty, intituled An Act for the Government of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, or of an Act of the Fourteenth Year of Her said Majesty, intituled An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies, or of any other Act of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty at any Time by Order in Council to separate Norfolk Island from the Colony of Van Diemen's Land, and to make such Provision for the Government of Norfolk Island as may seem expedient: Provided also, that nothing herein contained, nor any Act to be passed as aforesaid by either of the said Legislatures, shall affect or be construed to affect any Contract, or extend to prevent the Fulfilment of any Promise or Engagement made by or on behalf of Her Majesty with respect to any Lands situate in either of the said Colonies of Van Diemen's Land and South Australia, where such Contract, Promise, or Engagement shall have been lawfully made before the Time when this Act shall take effect in such respective Colony.

VI. All Regulations respecting the Sale or other Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown, made under the Authority of the said recited Acts or either of them, which shall be legally in force in New South Wales, Victoria, Van Diemen's Land, or South Australia, at the Date when the present Act shall take effect in the said Colonies respectively, shall remain in force in each of the said Colonies respectively until the Legislature of such Colony shall otherwise provide.

VII. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Instructions under Her Signet and Sign Manual, or through One of Her Principal Secretaries of State, to regulate the Sale, Letting, Disposal, and Occupation of Waste Lands of the Crown in *Western Australia*, and the Disposal of the Proceeds arising therefrom, until Parliament shall otherwise provide.

VIII. No Appropriation which has been or shall be made of the Proceeds of the Sale or Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown in either of the said Colonies shall be deemed invalid by reason of its not having been made in accordance with the Provisions of the said Acts of Parliament hereby repealed.

IX. In the Construction of this Act the Term "Governor" shall mean the Person for the Time being lawfully administering the Government of any Colony.

CAP. LVII.

An Act further to amend the Laws relating to the Militia in England. [16th July 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It

such Relief.

Militia (No. 2.)

I. It shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, if he see fit, upon the Memorial of the Justices of State may enthe Peace of any County at their General or Quarter Sessions assembled or of the Council of any Borough, to enlarge the Time within which such Justices or Council are required respectively to appoint Two Justices and Two Members of Council under Section tribution be-Twelve of the Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, and where Justices and Members of Council have been duly appointed under such Act or within any enlarged Time granted under this Act, it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State, if he see fit, upon the like Memorials of the Justices of the County at their General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and of the Council of the Borough, on behalf of which County and Borough respectively Justices and Members of Council have been appointed, to enlarge the Time within which they are required to make their Award under the said Act.

II. Where it appears to the Justices and Members of Council Where the Poor appointed under the Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, or under Rate in the such Act as amended by this Act, for the Purpose of determining and awarding the respective Proportions in which any County and Borough shall contribute to the Expenditure in the said Act mentioned, or to any Arbitrator duly appointed for the like Purpose, that the respective annual Values of the Property rateable to the Relief of the Poor as rated thereto in the County and Borough are not ascertained upon a uniform Principle of Valuation, so as to constitute a fair Basis upon which to calculate the Proportions in which the County and Borough should contribute as aforesaid, such Justices and Members of Council or Arbitrator (as the Case may be) may determine and award such respective Proportions according to what may appear to them or him to be the actual annual Values at which the Property rateable in the County and Borough respectively to the Relief of the Poor ought to be rated thereto, but without regard to the respective Values at which such Property is in fact so rated; and in determining such Proportions as aforesaid the Value of the Property in Extra-parochial Places as well in Boroughs as in Counties, as such Property if rateable to the Relief of the Poor would be rated thereto, shall be taken into account as if the same had been actually rateable to

III. When any Borough is situate in more than One County, Boroughs situsuch Borough shall be liable to contribute to the Expenditure afore- ate inmore than said in each such County, and the Proportions which such Borough shall contribute to such Expenditure in each such County shall be determined and awarded by Justices appointed for the County and Members of Council appointed for the Borough, or by an Arbitrator, in like Manner as in the Case of a Borough wholly within the Part within the County, but the Proportion to be contributed by the Borough shall be determined and awarded with reference to the Value of the Property rated to the Relief of the Poor within that Part only of the Borough which is situate in the County by which the Expenditure is incurred, and the Contributions so awarded shall be raised and paid in like Manner as if the whole Borough were within

Secretary of large Time for Appointment of Persons to apportion Contween County and Borough, and for making Award.

County and Borough is not assessed upon a uniform Principle, the Proportions of Contribution may be adjusted without regard to the Poor Rate Valuation.

One County to contribute to each in proportion to the rateable Value of the same.

C.57.

Militia (No. 2.)

within the County; but in case a Borough Rate be made for raising any such Contribution, or repaying any Money borrowed for the Purpose of such Contribution, or paying any Interest on any such Money or any Expenses incident to borrowing the same, such Rate shall be raised in that Part only of the Borough which is in the County to which the Contribution is required to be made: Provided always, that this Enactment shall not apply to the City or County of the City of Bristol, but the said City and County shall contribute to the Expenditure aforesaid in the County of Gloucester, as if wholly situate in such County: Provided also, that this Enactment shall not affect the Provision in Section Twenty-five of the Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, concerning the City of Lincoln and Borough of Stamford.

Foregoing Provisions to extend to Franchises.

IV. The foregoing Provisions concerning Boroughs shall apply to all Franchises, Liberties, and Places not being by Law liable to the Payment of County Rates made for the County at large, and the Expressions "Borough," "Council," "Members of Council," and "Borough Rate," shall respectively be construed as including any such Franchise, Liberty, or Place, the Justices, Mayor, or Municipal Officer authorized under Section Twenty-nine of the Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, to appoint Two Justices or Persons to act on behalf of such Franchise, Liberty, or Place, the Justices or Persons so appointed, and the Liberty Rate or other local Rate in the Nature of a County Rate leviable in such Franchise, Liberty, or Place.

In the County of Lincoln Storehouses to be provided by the Gaol Sessions.

V. 'And whereas by reason of there being no General Quarter ' Sessions of the Peace held for the County of Lincoln at large ' it is expedient that further Provision be made for executing the 'Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, within the said County:' In the County of Lincoln all things directed by the Second and Third Sections of the Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, to be done by Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall be done by Justices for the several Parts of Lindscy, Kesteven, and Holland in the said County of Lincoln, or any of them, assembled in Court of Gaol Sessions held in and for the said County; and all other things directed by the said Act to be done by the Justices of Counties in Quarter Sessions assembled shall and may be done by the Justices of the said several Parts of Lindsey, Kesteven, and Holland in the said County of Lincoln in their respective Quarter Sessions assembled; and the said Court of Gaol Sessions shall take into consideration any Representations already made to the Quarter Sessions for the said several Divisions of the Insecurity or Insufficiency of any Storehouse in use for the Service of any Militia of the said County, and also any Representation made to such Court under the said Militia Law Amendment Act as amended by this Act, and do all necessary Acts for providing the requisite Premises for the Service of the Militia of the said County; and the Expenses to be incurred by such Court under this Act shall be raised and paid in such and the like Manner as other Monies required for the general Purposes of the said Court of Gaol Sessions; and any Money arising from the Sale and Disposition, under the Order of the said Court

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Court of Gaol Sessions, of any Place which may have been provided for keeping the Stores of the Militia of the said County, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said Court, and be applied for defraying the Expenses of the Execution by the said Court of the said Militia Law Amendment Act, and this Act; and the Surplus, if any, of such Monies shall be applied in aid of the County Rates raised in such several Divisions, in the Proportions in which they are required to contribute to the Expenditure herein-before mentioned: Provided always, that no Order or Resolution shall be made or entered into by the said Court of Gaol Sessions, under the Authority of the said Militia Law Amendment Act or this Act, concerning the Purchase of Land as a Site for Militia Storehouses, or the providing, building, enlarging, altering, or disposing of the same, unless Notice thereof shall be given by an Advertisement to be inserted in some public Newspaper most generally circulated in the said County of Lincoln in each of the Two Weeks immediately preceding the Day appointed for holding such Gaol Sessions, stating the Day, Hour, and Place appointed for holding such Meeting, and the Nature of the Business intended to be then taken into consideration.

VL The Expenses payable or to be paid for the Purposes of As to Expenses the said Militia Amendment Act, 1854, and this Act, shall, in the of Militia Acts County of Sussex, be borne and paid by the Eastern and Western in Sussex.

Divisions thereof, in equal Moieties.

VII. In the Construction of the Militia Law Amendment Act, The Word 1854, and of this Act, the Word "Borough" shall mean any "Borough" to City, Borough, Port, or Town Corporate named in either of the include any Schedules (A.) and (B.) to the Act of the Session holden in the named in Schedules (A.) and (B.) to the Act of the Session holden in the named in Schedules (A.) Fifth and Sixth Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter dules (A.) and Seventy-six, "to provide for the Regulation of Municipal Cor- (B.) of porations in England and Wales," or to which the Powers and 5 & 6 W.4.c.76. Provisions of that Act have been or may be extended, notwith- although such standing any such City, Borough, or Town may be a County of county of itself. itself; and the Powers and Provisions of the said Militia Law Amendment Act, 1854, and this Act, applicable to Boroughs locally situate in Counties shall extend to every such City, Borough, or Town being a County of itself which in Section Nineteen of the Act of the Forty-second Year of King George the Third, Chapter Ninety, is for the Purposes of that Enactment united with or named in connexion with a County or Riding, in like Manner as if locally situate in the County or Riding in connexion with which it is named.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act to better enable the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster to sell and purchase Land on behalf of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in right of the said Duchy of Lancaster. [16th July 1855.]

HEREAS it is expedient that the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster should be better enabled to ' sell Land belonging to the said Duchy which in the Judgment

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Duchy of Lancaster Lands (1855).

of the said Chancellor and Council shall be deemed not con-' venient to be held with other Possessions of the said Duchy, 'and to purchase Land which in the like Judgment shall be deemed convenient to be held with other Possessions of the said ' Duchy:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Chancellor and Council of Duchy of Lancaster enabled to sell and convev Land.

I. The Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster for the Time being may from Time to Time contract and agree with any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, for the Sale of and may absolutely make Sale and dispose of, for such Sum or Sums of Money as to the said Chancellor and Council shall appear a sufficient Consideration for the same, any Land belonging to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, in right of the said Duchy, which in the Judgment of the said Chancellor and Council shall not be deemed convenient to be held with other Possessions of the said Duchy; and upon Payment of the Purchase Monies as herein-after provided the said Chancellor and Council may grant and assure to the Purchaser or Purchasers, under the Seal of the said Duchy, in the Name of Her Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, the Land agreed to be sold; and every such Grant or Assurance may be according to the Form marked X. set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in any other Form which may be deemed more convenient; and every such Grant or Assurance, being enrolled in the Court of the Duchy Chamber of Lancaster within Six Calendar Months from the Date thercof, shall be valid and sufficient to pass all the Right and Interest of Her said Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, in and to the Land to which such Grant or Assurance shall relate, anything contained in the Act of Parliament passed in the First Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, Chapter Seven, or in any other Act, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Purchase Monies for Land sold to be paid to Receiver General of Duchy, and invested or applied as herein mentioned.

II. The Purchase Monies for Land sold by the said Chancellor and Council, under the Authority of this Act, shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Revenues of the said Duchy, or of his sufficient Deputy or Deputies, and Receipts shall be given by him or them for the same, and the same either shall and may be invested in the Purchase of Bank Annuities. according to the Powers and Provisoes contained or referred to in the Act of Parliament passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, Chapter Seventy-three, with respect to the Purchase Money to be paid for Property belonging to the Crown within the Survey and Receipt of the said Duchy, under the therein-recited Acts, or the same or any Part thereof may, either without any previous Investment or after such, and either alone or together with any other Monies or Funds for the Time being belonging to the said Duchy of Lancaster, be laid out, according to the Provisions of the Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Third, Chapter Ninety-seven, or in the Purchase

Duchy of Lancaster Lands (1855).

Purchase of Land under the Authority of this Act, as hereinafter provided; and the said Chancellor and Council shall for the Purposes of this Act have and be entitled to all such Powers and Provisions in reference to the Monies invested in Bank Annuities under this Act as under or by virtue of the said Act of the Fifty-seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Third they are entitled to concerning any Sums or Funds of or belonging to the said Duchy of Lancaster in the same

Act particularly mentioned or referred to.

III. The said Chancellor and Council may from Time to Time Power to Chancontract and agree with any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies cellor to con-Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, for the Purchase of and may for Purchase purchase any Land which in the Judgment of the said Chancellor of Land, and and Council shall be deemed convenient to be held with any Pos- convey the session of the said Duchy, and the Land so agreed to be purchased same to the shall be conveyed and assured to the Use of Her Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, in right of the said Duchy of Lancaster, and shall vest in Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in the same Right, and as fully and effectually, and be held with the like Incidents, as other Land belonging to the said Duchy; and every such Conveyance may be in the Form marked Y. in the said Schedule, or in any other Form which may be deemed more convenient.

tract and agree Use of Her

IV. The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, shall be incor- 8&9 Vict.c. 18. porated with this Act; but the said Chancellor and Council shall incorporated. not purchase any Land otherwise than by Agreement.

V. In citing this Act for any Purpose whatsoever it shall be Short Title. sufficient to use the Expression "The Duchy of Lancaster Lands

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

These Presents witness, That in consideration of the Sum paid to A.B. the Receiver General of the Revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, or his sufficient Deputy or Deputies, on behalf of Her Majesty, by as appears by the Receipt of the said Receiver General or his sufficient Deputy or Deputies, endorsed on these Presents, Her said Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of Her Chancellor and Council of Her said Duchy, doth by these Presents grant and convey unto the said C.D. and his Heirs all [describing Premises], to

have and to hold the same unto the said C.D.

Heirs and Assigns for ever.

In witness

Act, 1855."

Y.

These Presents witness, That in consideration of the Sum of Pounds paid to A.B. of C.D. the Receiver General of the Revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, or his sufficient Deputy or Deputies,

Duchy of Lancaster Lands (1855). Endowed Schools (Ireland).

on behalf of Her Majesty, he the said A.B. doth by these Presents convey and assure unto the said C.D. his Heirs and Assigns, all [describing Premises], to have and to hold the same unto the said C.D. his Heirs and Assigns, to the Use of Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in right of Her said Duchy.

In witness

C A P. LIX.

An Act to facilitate Inquiries of Commissioners of Endowed [23d July 1855.] Schools in Ireland. THEREAS Her Majesty has been graciously pleased, on the Address of the Commons in Parliament assembled, to ' issue Her Majesty's Commission, dated the Fourteenth Day of ' November in the Eighteenth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, to ' Charles William Fitzgerald Esquire (commonly called Marquis of Kildare), Charles Graves Doctor of Divinity, Robert Andrews ' Doctor of Laws, One of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, Henry George Hughes Esquire, One of Her Majesty's 'Counsel learned in the Law, and Archibald John Stephens ' Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, and thereby authorized and appointed ' them Her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire into the Endowments, Funds, and actual Condition of all Schools endowed for the Purposes of Education in Ireland, and the Nature and Extent of the Instruction given in such Schools, and to report their Opinions thereon; and for the Assistance of the said Commissioners, William Neilson Handcock Esquire was appointed · Secretary to the said Commission: And whereas Difficulties have been encountered in the Prosecution of the said Inquiries, ' and it is expedient that the said Commissioners should have ' Authority conferred upon them, as herein-after expressed, to ' carry out the Objects of the said Commission, and that One or more Assistant Commissioners should be appointed to act ' under the said Commissioners and in their Aid:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same:

Construction of Terms.

I. In the Construction of this Act the following Words and Expressions shall, if not inconsistent with the Context, have the Meaning herein-after assigned to them; (that is to say,)

The Word "Commissioners" shall mean the said Commissioners named in the said Commission, or any Three of them;

"Endowed Schools" or "Schools" shall mean and include all Schools of Royal Foundation in *Ireland*, the Schools on the Foundation of *Erasmus Smith*, the Charter Schools and Diocesan Schools, and all Schools endowed on charitable or public Foundations in *Ireland*;

"Endowments" shall mean and include the Estates, Lands, Funds, and annual or other Income given, granted, or

applied

Endowed Schools (Ireland).

applied for the Establishment or Support of such Schools, or for the Purposes of Education therein;

And "Lord Lieutenant" shall mean the Chief Governor or Chief Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being.

II. The Commissioners, so soon as conveniently may be, shall Commissioners meet from Time to Time at some convenient Place, and examine to meet and to and inquire into the State, Condition, and Management of all Endowed Schools in Ireland, and the Nature and Extent of the Instruction given therein, and also into the Nature, Amount, and Schools, &c. annual or other Value of the Endowments of such Schools respectively, and the annual Income derived from such Endowments. and how the same has been applied, and into such other Matters connected with such Schools, and the System of Education pursued therein, as to the Commissioners shall seem expedient.

III. The Commissioners, or any One or more of them, may Power to Comrepair to any School or to any other Place, and there to summon missioners to reand examine, on Oath or otherwise, all and every Person or Per- pair to Schools, sons touching any Matters which they are empowered or directed nesses, and call by this Act to examine or inquire into, and to call for Vouchers, for Documents. Books, Deeds, Evidences, Maps, and all other Documents, and to examine and inquire into all Matters which to the Commissioners shall seem necessary and proper; and the Commissioners are hereby respectively empowered to administer an Oath to any

Person who shall be so examined by or before them.

IV. If any Person having Charge of any Document relating to Penalty on Perany of the aforesaid Endowed Schools, or holding any Situation sons refusing to in connexion therewith, or having the Disposition, Control, or attend to be ex-Management of any Money, Lands, or other Property for the Establishment or Support of any such Schools or the Purposes ments. of Education therein, shall be summoned to appear before the Commissioners or any One or more of them, for the Purpose of being examined, or to produce any Documents before them, shall refuse to appear or to be examined by the Commissioners or any Three of them, or shall refuse to answer such Questions as shall be propounded by the Commissioners, or any of them, touching any Matter or Thing which they are empowered or directed by this Act to examine into, or shall refuse or neglect to attend before such Commissioners from Day to Day, when required so to do, or to produce such Records, Deeds, Parchments, Books, Papers, or Writings, or any of them, without good and sufficient Cause, to be allowed by the Commissioners, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Refusal, Neglect, or Omission, to be recovered by Action in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record, or by Civil Bill in the Court of any Assistant Barrister, by any Person who shall sue for the same.

V. The Commissioners may from Time to Time, as often as Power to Comthey shall think proper, and as often as they shall be required so missioners to to do by the Lord Lieutenant, make a Report in Writing under make Report to their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Three of Her Majesty, them, to Her Majesty of all Matters arising upon such Examina- Plans of Imtions and Inquiries which shall appear to the Commissioners neces- provement of sary or proper so to be reported, and shall in like Manner report Schools.

inquire into the Endowments and State of all

amined or to produce Docu-

Endowed Schools (Ireland).

Gold Wedding Rings.

and suggest to Her Majesty such Plans for the Improvement of Education in such Schools and the better Management of their Endowments, and for the better regulating, managing, and governing such Schools, and for the general Promotion, in connexion with said Schools, of Academical Education in Ireland, as shall appear to the Commissioners to be expedient and practicable.

Appointment of Assistant Commissioners.

VI. The Lord Lieutenant may, on the Requisition of the Commissioners, appoint One or more but not exceeding Four Assistants to the Commissioners, to be called Assistant Commissioners; and the Commissioners may from Time to Time remove such Assistant Commissioners, and the Lord Lieutenant may, on the Requisition of the Commissioners, appoint others in their Place; and the Remuneration to be paid to such Assistant Commissioners, in addition to their travelling Expenses, shall be such Sum as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall appoint, not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for each Assistant Commissioner, to be paid out of such Aids or Supplies as may be from Time to Time provided and appropriated by Parliament for the Purpose.

Duties of Assistant Commissioners.

VII. It shall be the Duty of the Assistant Commissioners to act in aid of the Commissioners, and under their Directions, in execution of the Objects of this Act, and for that Purpose to visit and inspect such of the Endowed Schools in Ireland as the Commissioners shall direct, and to examine into the Endowments and State and Condition of such Schools, and to report thereon to the Commissioners; and such Assistant Commissioners shall have and enjoy the same Rights and Powers as the Commissioners or any of them might or would have had if they had visited the Schools in Person.

This Act not to Commissioners.

VIII. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to abridge, affect Powers of lessen, or affect the Powers of the Commissioners under and by virtue of Her Majesty's said Commission.

CAP. LX.

An Act for excepting Gold Wedding Rings from the Operation of the Act of the last Session relating to the Standard of Gold and Silver Wares, and from the Exemptions contained in other Acts relating to Gold Wares.

[23d July 1855.]

'in

17 & 18 Vict. c. 96.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty the now Queen, intituled ' An Act for allowing Gold Wares to be manufactured at a lower ' Standard than that now allowed by Law, and to amend the Law ' relating to the assaying of Gold and Silver Wares, whereby ' it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if any of the Gold 'Wares which by any Statute now in force are not liable to be 'assayed and marked shall nevertheless be assayed and marked 'as of One of the Standards authorized by Law, such Wares ' shall not by reason thereof be chargeable with the Duty now ' levied on Gold Plate: And whereas by certain Statutes now

Gold Wedding Rings.

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in force no Gold Rings, except Mourning Rings, are liable to be assayed and marked, but Gold Wedding Rings have never-' theless been assayed and marked: And whereas it is expedient ' that Gold Wedding Rings should be made liable to the Provi-' sions of the Statutes now in force relating to the assaying and ' marking of Gold Plate:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act, Gold Wedding Rings Gold Wedding shall be assayed and marked in like Manner as Gold Plate not Rings to be asexempted is required by the Statutes now in force to be assayed sayed and and marked, and all the Provisions of the Statutes relating to the marked. Manufacture or Sale of Gold Plate shall apply to Gold Wedding Rings, anything therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. The Third Section of the Act passed in the Eighteenth Sect. 3. of Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, herein recited, is 17 & 18 Vict. hereby repealed so far as the same might affect Gold Wedding c. 96. repealed. Rings.

III. 'And whereas since the coming into operation of the said Certain Com-' recited Act certain of the Companies and Corporations autho- panies, &c. au-' rized to assay and mark Gold Wares have assayed and marked thorized to asdivers Gold Rings of the Standards required by Law before Gold Wares inthe passing of the said recited Act, and have upon such assay- demnified. ' ing and marking by their Officers and Servants demanded and ' received, for the Use of Her Majesty, the same Duty as was ' payable to Her Majesty in respect of the like Gold Rings when assayed and marked before the passing of the said recited Act: ' And whereas Doubts have been entertained whether such De-' mands and Receipts of such Duty were lawful:' Be it enacted, That all such Demands and Receipts of such Duty shall be deemed and taken to have been lawful, notwithstanding the said recited Act, and that none of the said Companies or Corporations, or of their Officers or Servants, shall be liable to any Action, Suit, or other Proceeding by reason or on account of any such Demand or Receipt as aforesaid.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to authorize the Inclosure of certain Lands in pursuance of a Special Report of the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales. [23d July 1855.]

HEREAS the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have, in pursuance of "The Acts for the Inclosure. Exchange, and Improvement of Land," issued their Provi-

- ' sional Orders for and concerning the proposed Inclosures men-
- ' tioned in the Schedule to this Act, and the requisite Consents ' thereto have been given since the Date of their Tenth Annual
- 'General Report: And whereas the said Commissioners have by

' a Special

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Commons Inclosure (No. 2.)

a Special Report certified their Opinion that such proposed ' Inclosures would be expedient; but the same cannot be pro-' ceeded with without the previous Authority of Parliament : Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Inclosures may be proceeded with. Short Title.

I. That the said several proposed Inclosures mentioned in the Schedule to this Act be proceeded with.

II. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament and in legal Instruments it shall be sufficient to use, either the Expression "The Second Annual Inclosure Act, 1855," or "The Acts for the Inclosure, Exchange, and Improvement of Land."

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Inclosure.	County.		Date of Provisional Order.	
Loddiswell	Devon -		14th December 1854	
Skirwith	Cumberland	_	11th January 1855.	
Northweald Bassett -	Essex -	_	3d January 1855.	
Huntley Common -	Gloucester	-	10th August 1854.	
Marshchapel and				
Grainthorpe -	Lincoln -	-	3d March 1855.	
Bamford	Derby -	_	5th April 1855.	
Seaton	Rutland -	-	24th June 1854.	
Volca Common Mea-			1	
dow	Hereford	-	19th April 1855.	
Myarth Hill	Brecon -	-	19th April 1855.	
Berrow	Worcester	-	10th May 1855.	
Nazeing	Essex -	-	14th December 1854	
Sheet	Southampton	•	19th April 1855.	
Petersfield Heath -	Southampton	-	19th April 1855.	
Bryn Postig Hill -	Montgomery	-	27th July 1854.	
Caversham	Oxford -	-	3d May 1855.	
Lee Common	Bucks -	-	17th May 1855.	
Frilsham	Berks -	-	31st May 1855.	
Bottenden Hill -	Bucks -	-	25th May 1854.	
Conisbrough Open	1		1	
Fields	York -	-	17th May 1855.	
Streatley	Bedford -	-	10th May 1855.	
Mauds Meaburn -	Westmorland	•	7th December 1854.	
Kirkandrews Common	Cumberland	-	19th June 1855.	
The Henallt Common	Brecon -	-	23d June 1855.	
Llanganten	Brecon -	-	19th June 1855.	
Pithington Marsh -	Sussex -	-	21st June 1855.	
Roydon	Essex -	-	19th June 1855.	

Spirits (Ireland) Act Amendment.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Eighteenth Year of Her Majesty, to amend the Laws for the better Prevention of the Sale of Spirits by unlicensed Persons and for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in Ireland.

[23d July 1855.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-nine, entitled An Act to amend 17 & 18 Vict. the Laws for the better Prevention of the Sale of Spirits by c. 89. 'unlicensed Persons and for the Suppression of illicit Distilla-' tion in Ireland, and it is expedient to amend the same :' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Authority of the same, as follows:

I. If any Person shall apply for and be refused the Certificate Justices refusin the said Act mentioned, to entitle such Person to obtain a ing Certificate Renewal of a Licence to sell Beer, Cider, or Spirituous Liquors in for Renewal of Licence to sell Ireland, the Justices at Petty Sessions, or the Divisional Justices, Beer, &c. to as the Case may be, shall, in the event of thereupon refusing make Entry such Application, make an Order accordingly, and cause an Entry of Order as thereof to be made by the Clerk, together with the Grounds of required by Refusal, in like Manner as the Justices assembled at Quarter 8 & 4 W. 4. c. 68. Sessions are required to do by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Sale of Wine, Spirits, Beer, and Cider by Retail in Ireland.

II. In case any Person shall feel aggrieved by such Order Persons ag-of Refusal it shall be lawful for such Person to appeal against grieved may apthe same to the Quarter Sessions of the Division within which Sessions. such Person shall reside, or if in the Dublin Metropolitan Police District to the Recorder of the City of Dublin at the next Quarter Sessions after such Order, but in case there shall not be Fifteen clear Days between the making of the Order and such next Quarter Sessions, then to the Quarter Sessions next following in such Division or City, as the Case may be; and in such Appeal the Party opposing such Application shall be Respondent, and no other Ground for refusing such Certificate shall be entered upon except such as shall be stated in such Order of Refusal; and such Appeal shall be subject to the like Incidents, and be heard and dealt with by the Court of Quarter Sessions or Recorder in like Manner, as an Appeal from an Order of the Justices at Petty Sessions under the "Petty Sessions, Ircland, Act, 1851," save that the Recognizance to be entered into shall be in the Form to this Act annexed: Provided always, that upon such Person having lodged such Appeal, and entered into the Recognizance, as directed by this Act, the Licence affected by such Order shall remain in full Force and Effect, unless and until such Court of Quarter Sessions or Recorder shall confirm the said Order of Refusal; 18 & 19 Vict.

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Spirits (Ireland) Act Amendment.

Friendly Societies.

Refusal; and such Appeal shall not be dismissed upon any Point of Form: Provided, that, notwithstanding anything herein contained, any Licence may be withdrawn or annulled under the Provisions of any Act or Acts now in force, other than the said first-mentioned Act.

FORM OF RECOGNIZANCE.

A.B. Appellant. Petty Sessions District of

C.D. Respondent. County of or Dublin Metropolitan Police District of

WHEREAS the Justices [or, if in the City of Dublin, A.B., Divi-

sional Justice,] on the

made an Order refusing to grant to the Appellant a Certificate to entitle him [her] to obtain a Renewal of a Licence to sell Beer, Cider, or Spirituous Liquors (as the Case may be), upon the Grounds that [state Grounds mentioned in the Order]:

The undersigned principal Party to this Recognizance hereby binds himself [herself] to perform the following Obligation, that is to say, to prosecute his [her] Appeal at the Quarter Sessions to be held at , and to pay such Costs as the Assistant Barrister (Chairman, or Recorder,) shall order or direct; and the said principal Party, together with the undersigned Sureties, hereby severally acknowledge themselves bound to forfeit to the Crown the Sums following, that is to say, the said principal Party Five Pounds, and the undersigned Sureties the Sum of Fifty Shillings each, in case the principal Party fails to perform his [her] Obligation.

(Signed) A.B. (Principal Party.) (Sureties.)

Taken before me, this

Day of

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(Signed) Y.Z. (Justice or Divisional Justice.)

CAP. LXIII.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Friendly Societies. [23d July 1855.]

THEREAS it would conduce to the Improvement of the Law relating to Friendly Societies if the several Statutes ' relating thereto were consolidated, and certain Additions and ' Alterations were made therein:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same:

Acts or Parts of Acts set forth in First Schedule repealed.

I. That there shall be hereby repealed the several Acts or Parts of Acts set forth in the First Schedule hereto, save and except as to any Offences committed, or Penalties or Liabilities incurred, or Bond or Security given, or Proceedings taken, under the same, before the Commencement of this Act.

II. Pro-

II. Provided nevertheless, That, notwithstanding the Repeal of Societies under the said several Statutes, every Friendly Society now subsisting, former Acts to which heretofore had been formed and established under the said continue. Acts or any of them, shall still be deemed to be and shall continue to be a subsisting Society, as fully as if this Act had not been made, unless and until such Society shall be dissolved, or united with some other Society as herein-after mentioned.

III. Provided also, That the Rules of every such subsisting Their Rules to Society hitherto formed and established, which have been hitherto continue in confirmed, registered, or certified under the said Acts or any of force, and Enthem, shall be deemed valid and in force until the same shall be altered or rescinded as herein-after mentioned; and all Transcripts of any of such Rules which are now filed with the Rolls of the Sessions of the Peace of any County, Riding or Division, City or Borough, Liberty or Place, shall be taken off the File, and shall be transmitted, on or before the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, to the Registrar under this Act, to be by him kept in such Manner as shall be directed from Time to Time by One of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State in that Behalf.

rolments to be sent to Regis-

IV. Provided also, That all Contracts and Engagements by or All Contracts, with any of the said Societies now valid and in force, and all Bonds, &c. to Bonds and Securities heretofore given by any Trustee, Treasurer, continue in or other Officer of any such Society, shall continue and be valid and in force notwithstanding the Repeal of the said Acts.

V. All such subsisting Societies, whose Rules have heretofore Their Exempbeen confirmed, registered, or certified under the said Acts or any tions, Powers, of them, shall, so long as they shall not hereafter effect an Assur- and Privileges ance to any Member thereof, or other Person, of any Sum exceeding Two hundred Pounds, or of any Annuity exceeding Thirty Pounds per Annum, enjoy all the Exemptions and Privileges by this Act conferred on Societies to be established under the Provisions of this Act, as fully as if they had been registered and certified under this Act as herein-after mentioned.

under this Act.

VI. For the Purposes of this Act, there shall be Three Registrars of Friendly Societies, One for England, One for Scotland, and One for Ireland, who shall hold their respective Offices during the Pleasure of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and upon the Death, Resignation, or Removal of any One of them, the said Commissioners shall appoint another, being a Barrister in England or Ireland, and in Scotland an Advocate, of not less than Seven Years standing, to the said Office.

Registrars.

Registrars, how and by whom appointed.

VIL It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Their Salaries. Treasury to pay to the present Registrar for England a Salary equal to that which has been paid to him yearly in each of the Three last Years, not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum, and to pay to any Registrar hereafter to be appointed for England a Salary not exceeding Eight hundred Pounds a Year, and to pay to the Registrars for Scotland and Ireland respectively a Salary such as the said Commissioners shall direct not exceeding One hundred and fifty Pounds a Year, every such Salary to be paid by Four equal quarterly Payments; and any of the said

Registrars

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Friendly Societies.

Registrars who shall be appointed, or who shall die, resign, or be removed from his Office, in the Interval between Two quarterly Days of Payment, shall be entitled to a proportionate Part of his Salary, and such Salaries and proportionate Parts of Salaries shall be paid out of such Monies as shall be provided by Parliament for that Purpose.

Their Expenses of Office, &c.

VIII. The said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall, out of such Monies as may be provided by Parliament for the Purpose, pay to the said Registrars respectively such Sum as will defray the Expenses allowed by the said Commissioners from Time to Time for Office Rent, Salaries of Clerks, Stationery, Computation of Tables, and for such other Expenses as may be incurred by them respectively.

IX. It shall be lawful for any Number of Persons to form and establish a Friendly Society, under the Provisions of this Act, for the Purpose of raising by voluntary Subscriptions of the Members thereof, with or without the Aid of Donations, a Fund for any of the following Objects; (that is to say,)

1. For insuring a Sum of Money to be paid on the Birth of a Member's Child, or on the Death of a Member, or for the Funeral Expenses of the Wife or Child of a Member:

2. For the Relief or Maintenance of the Members, their Husbands, Wives, Children, Brothers or Sisters, Nephews or Nieces, in old Age, Sickness, or Widowhood, or the Endowment of Members or Nominees of Members at any Age:

3. For any Purpose which shall be authorized by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or in Scotland by the Lord Advocate, as a Purpose to which the Powers and Facilities of this Act ought to be extended:

Provided, that no Member shall subscribe or contract for an Annuity exceeding Thirty Pounds per Annum, or a Sum payable on Death, or on any other Contingency, exceeding Two hundred Pounds:

And if such Persons so intending to form and establish such Society shall transmit Rules for the Government, Guidance, and Regulation of the same, to the Registrar aforesaid, and shall obtain his Certificate that the same are in conformity with Law as herein-after mentioned, then the said Society shall be deemed to be fully formed and established from the Date of the said Certificate.

X. In any Society in which a Sum of Money may be insured payable on the Death of a Child under Ten Years of Age, it shall not be lawful to pay any Sum for the Funeral Expenses of such Child, except upon Production of a Copy of the Entry in the Register of Deaths, signed by the Registrar of the District in which the Child shall have died; and if such Entry shall not state that the Cause of Death has been certified by a qualified Medical Practitioner, or by a Coroner, a Certificate signed by a qualified Medical Practitioner, stating the probable Cause of Death, shall be required, and it shall not be lawful in that Case to pay any Sum without such Certificate; and no Trustee or Officer of any Society, upon an Insurance of a Sum payable for the

Societies, how and for what Purpose formed.

For Payments on Death.

For Relief in Sickness, &c.

For other Purpose authorized by Secretary of State, &c.

No Money to be paid on the Death of a Child without a Copy of Eutry of the Registrar of Deaths.

the Funeral Expenses of any such Child, made after the passing of this Act, shall knowingly pay a Sum which shall raise the whole Amount receivable from One or more than One Society for the Funeral Expenses of a Child under the Age of Five Years to a Sum exceeding Six Pounds, or of a Child between Five and Ten Years to a Sum exceeding Ten Pounds; and any such Trustee or Officer who shall make any such Payment otherwise than as aforesaid, or who shall pay any Sum without endorsing the Amount which he shall pay on the Back or at the Foot of the Copy of Entry signed by the said Registrar, shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence, upon Conviction thereof before Two Justices of the County or Borough in which such Death shall have taken place: The said Registrar shall be entitled to receive, upon Delivery of such Copy of Entry, for the Purpose of receiving Money from a Friendly Society, a Fee of One Shilling, and it shall not be lawful for him to deliver more than One such Copy for such Purpose, except by the Order of a Justice of the Peace.

XL 'And whereas many Provident, Benevolent, and Charitable Benevolent So-' Institutions and Societies are formed and may be formed for the cieties, in what ' Purpose of relieving the physical Wants and Necessities of Case entitled to Persons in poor Circumstances, or for improving the Dwellings the Bener this Act. ' of the Labouring Classes, or for granting Pensions, or for pro-' viding Habitations for the Members or other Persons elected ' by them, and it is expedient to afford Protection to the Funds ' thereof: Be it enacted, That if Two Copies of the Rules of any such Institution or Society, and from Time to Time the like Copies of any Alterations or Amendments made in the same, signed by Three Members and the Secretary thereof, shall be transmitted to the Registrar aforesaid, such Registrar shall, if he shall find that the same are not repugnant to Law, give a Certificate to that Effect; and thereupon the following Sections of this Act, that is to say, the Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, and Twenty-second, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third, shall extend and be applicable to the said Institution and Society, as fully as if the same were a Society established under this Act.

XII. The Act of the Thirty-ninth of George the Third, Statutes as to Chapter Seventy-nine, and the Act of the Fifty-seventh of George unlawful Oaths the Third, Chapter Ninetcen, and also the Act of the Fourteenth not to extend and Fifteenth of Her present Majesty, Chapter Forty-eight, relating to unlawful Oaths in Ireland, shall not extend to any Society any repealed established under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed, or Acts, to any Meeting of the Members or Officers thereof in which Society or at which Meeting no Business whatever is transacted other than that which directly and immediately relates to the Objects of the Society as declared in the Rules thereof, and set forth in the certified Copy thereof: Provided, that the Trustees or other Officers of the Society, when required under the Hands of Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, shall give full Information to such Justices of the Nature, Objects, Proceedings, and Practices

the Benefits of

to Societies under this Act or

Societies, how dissolved.

of such Society, and in default thereof the Provisions of the Acts herein recited shall be in force in respect of such Society.

XIII. It shall be lawful for the Members of any Society heretofore formed and established, or hereafter to be formed and established, at some Meeting thereof to be specially called in that Behalf, to dissolve or determine the same by Consent: Provided that no Society established under this or any Act relating to Friendly Societies shall be dissolved or determined without obtaining the Votes of Consent of Five Sixths in Value of the then existing Members thereof, including the honorary Members, if any, to be ascertained in manner herein-after mentioned, nor without the Consent of all Persons, if any, then receiving or then entitled to receive any Relief, Annuity, or other Benefit from the Funds thereof, to be testified under their Hands individually and respectively, unless the Claim of every such Person be first duly satisfied, or adequate Provision made for satisfying such Claim: and for the Purpose of ascertaining the Votes of such Five Sixths in Value of the Numbers as aforesaid, every Member shall be entitled to One Vote, and an additional Vote for every Five Years that he may have been a Member, but no One Member shall have more than Five Votes in the whole; and the intended Appropriation or Division of the Funds or other Property shall be fairly and distinctly stated in the Agreement for Dissolution prior to such Consent being given; and the Agreement for such Dissolution, duly signed as aforesaid, accompanied with a statutory Declaration by One of the Trustees, or by Three Members and the Secretary, taken before a Justice of the Peace, that the Provisions of this Act have been complied with, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Registrar, to be by him deposited with the Rules of the Society, and such Agreement shall thereupon be an effectual Discharge at Law and in Equity to the Trustees, Treasurers, and other Officers of such Society, and shall operate as a Release from all the Members of the Society to such Trustees, Treasurers, and other Officers; and it shall not be lawful in any Society to direct a Division or Appropriation of any Part of the Stock thereof, except for the Purpose of carrying into effect the general Interests and Objects declared in the Rules as originally certified, unless the Claim of every Member is first duly satisfied, or adequate Provision be made for satisfying such Claims; and in case any Member of such Society shall be dissatisfied with such Provision, it shall be lawful for him or her to apply to the Judge of the County Court of the District within which the usual Place of Business of the Society is situated for Relief or other Order; and the said Judge shall have the same Powers to entertain such Application, and to make such Order or Direction in relation thereto, as he may think the Justice of the Case may require, as herein-after is enacted in regard to the Settlement of Disputes; and in the event of the Dissolution or Determination of any Society, or the Division or Appropriation of the Funds thereof, except in the Way herein-before provided, any Trustee or other Officer or Person aiding or abetting therein shall, on Conviction

Conviction thereof by Two Justices, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be kept to Hard Labour for any Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, as to such Justices shall seem meet.

XIV. It shall be lawful for any Two or more Societies esta- Societies may blished under this or any of the Acts hereby repealed to unite and become incorporated in One Society, with or without any Dissolution or Division of the Funds of such Societies or either transfer its Enof them; or a Society formed and established under this Act or gagements to any of the said repealed Acts may be allowed to transfer its another. Engagements to any other Friendly Society, if any other such Society shall undertake to fulfil the Engagements of such Society, upon such Terms as shall be agreed upon by the major Part of the Trustees, and also of the Committee of Management of both Societies, or the Majority of the Members of each of such Societies at a General Meeting convened for the Purpose.

XV. A Person under the Age of Twenty-one may be elected Minors may be or admitted as a Member of any Society established under this elected as Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed, the Rules of which do not prohibit such Election, and may and he is hereby empowered to execute all necessary Instruments and to give all necessary Acquittances: Provided always, that during his Nonage he shall not be competent to hold any Office of Director, Trustee, Trea-

surer, or Manager of such Society.

XVI. It shall be lawful for the Trustee or Trustees for the Buildings for Time being of any Friendly Society formed and established under the Purpose this Act or under any of the Acts hereby repealed, with the Con- may be pursent of a Majority of the Members thereof present at a Special or General Meeting of the Society, to purchase, build, hire, or take upon Lease any Building for the Purpose of holding such Meetings, and to adapt and furnish the same, and to purchase or hold upon Lease any Land not exceeding One Acre for the said Purpose of erecting thereon a Building for holding the Meetings of the Society, and such Trustee or Trustees shall thereupon hold the same in trust for the Use of such Society; and, with the like Consent as aforesaid, such Trustee or Trustees may mortgage, sell, exchange, or let such Building or any Part thereof; and the Receipt in Writing of such Trustee, or One of such Trustees for the Time being, shall be a legal Discharge for the Money arising from such Mortgage, Sale, Exchange, or Letting; and no Mortgagee, Purchaser, Tenant, or Assignee shall be bound to inquire into or ascertain or prove the Consent aforesaid, to verify his Title: Provided always, that any Building purchased or appropriated for the Purpose aforesaid already belonging to or in the Possession of any Friendly Society heretofore formed and established under the said repealed Acts or any of them may be holden and dealt with as if it had been acquired under this Act; and the Land or Buildings which may be vested in the Treasurer, Trustee, or other Officer thereof for the Time being shall thereupon vest in the Trustee or Trustees for the Time being of such Society, for the same Estate and Interest as the said Treasurer, Trustee, or other Officer may have therein, without any Conveyance or Assignment whatever: Provided Q 4

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Provided nevertheless, that all Money spent in purchasing, building, hiring, or taking upon Lease any Building for the Purpose of holding such Meetings, and in adapting and furnishing the same, be raised according to the Rules of the Society on such Behalf inserted; and this Section shall apply to any Society registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1852, and to any Building or Land to be purchased, built, hired, or taken on Lease for the Purposes of the Labour, Trade, or Handicraft of such Society, in all respects as hereby enacted with regard to any Building or Land for the holding the Meetings of any Friendly Society.

Trustees, how appointed.

XVII. Every Friendly Society established under this Act shall, at some Meeting of its Members, and by a Resolution of a Majority of the Members then present, nominate and appoint One or more Person or Persons to be Trustee or Trustees for the said Society, and the like in the Case of any Vacancy in the said Office; and a Copy of the Resolution so appointing such Person or Persons to the Office of Trustee, and signed by such Trustee or Trustees and by the Secretary of the said Society, shall be sent to the Registrar, to be by him deposited with the Rules of the said Society in his Custody: Provided always, that where no Trustee shall have been appointed in any Society established under any One of the Acts hereby repealed, the Treasurer thereof, or other Person who has Custody of the Monies of such Society, shall be taken to be a Trustee, within the Meaning of this Act.

Property of the Society vested in them.

XVIII. All Real and Personal Estate whatsoever belonging to any such Society established under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed shall be vested in such Trustee or Trustees for the Time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Society and the Members thereof, and the Real or Personal Estate of any Branch of a Society shall be vested in the Trustees of such Branch, and be under the Control of such Trustee or Trustees, their respective Executors or Administrators, according to their respective Claims and Interest, and upon the Death or Removal of any such Trustee or Trustees the same shall vest in the succeeding Trustee or Trustees for the same Estate and Interest as the former Trustee or Trustees had therein, and subject to the same Trusts, without any Conveyance or Assignment whatsoever, save and except in the Case of Stocks and Securities in the Public Funds of Great Britain and Ireland, which shall be transferred into the Name or Names of such new Trustee or Trustees; and in all Actions or Suits or Indictments, or summary Proceedings before Magistrates, touching or concerning any such Property, the same shall be stated to be the Property of the Person or Persons for the Time being holding the said Office of Trustee, in his or their proper Name or Names, as Trustees of such Society, without any further Description.

Actions, &c. by or against them.

XIX. The Trustee or Trustees of any such Society are hereby authorized to bring or defend, or cause to be brought or defended, any Action, Suit, or Prosecution in any Court of Law or Equity, touching or concerning the Property, Right, or Claim to Property of the Society for which he or they are such Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid; and such Trustee or Trustees shall and may, in all

Cases concerning the Real or Personal Property of such Society. sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any Court of Law or Equity, in his or their proper Name or Names, as Trustee or Trustees of such Society, without other Description; and no such Action, Suit, or Prosecution shall be discontinued or shall abate by the Death of such Person, or his Removal from the Office of Trustee, but the same shall and may be proceeded in by or against the succeeding Trustee or Trustees as if such Death or Removal had not taken place; and such succeeding Trustee or Trustees shall pay or receive the like Costs as if the Action or Suit or Prosecution had been commenced in his or their Name or Names, for the Benefit of or to be reimbursed from the Funds of such Society.

XX. Provided nevertheless, That no Trustee or Trustees of any Limitation of such Society shall be liable to make good any Deficiency which his Responsimay arise or happen in the Funds of such Society, but shall be bility. liable only for the Monies which shall be actually received by him

on account of such Society.

XXI. The Treasurer of every such Society, and every Treasurer to surer hereafter appointed in any Society established under any of give Security. the repealed Acts, or any other Officer who is required by the Rules to give Security, shall, before he take upon himself the Execution of his Office, become bound, with One sufficient Surety, in a Bond according to the Form set forth in the Third Schedule to this Act, or give the Security of a Guarantee Society established in London, in such penal Sum as the Society or the Committee of Management shall direct and appoint, conditioned for his just and faithful Execution of his said Office of Treasurer, and for rendering a just and true Account of all Monies received or paid by him on account of the said Society at such Times as the Rules of the said Society shall direct and appoint, and at such Times as he shall be required so to do by the Trustee or Trustees of the said Society, or by a Majority of the said Committee of Management, or by a Majority of the Members present at any Meeting of such Society; and every such Bond shall be given to the Trustee or Trustees of the said Society for the Time being; and if the same shall at any Time become forfeited, it shall be lawful for such Trustee or Trustees for the Time being to sue upon such Bond for the Use of such Society; and in Scotland such Bond shall have the same Force and Effect as a Bond there in use duly attested and completed, and containing a Clause of Registration for Execution as well as for Preservation in the Books of Council and Session and other Judges Books competent, and shall be registered in such Books accordingly, with a view to Diligence.

XXII. Every such Treasurer or other Officer, whether ap- Treasurer to pointed before or after the passing of this Act, at such Times as account. by the Rules of such Society he should render such Account as aforesaid, or upon being required so to do by the Trustee or Trustees of such Society, or by a Majority of the said Committee of Management, or by a Majority of the Members present at a Meeting of the said Society as aforesaid, within Seven Days

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after such Requisition shall render to the Trustee or Trustees of the Society, or to the said Committee of Management, or to the Members of such Society at a Meeting of the Society, a just and true Account of all Monies received and paid by him since he last rendered the like Account, and of the Balance then remaining in his Hands, and of all Bonds or Securities of such Society, which Account the said Trustee or Trustees or Committee of Management shall cause to be audited by some fit and proper Person or Persons by them to be appointed; and such Treasurer, if thereunto required, upon the said Account being audited, shall forthwith hand over to the said Trustee or Trustees the Balance which on such Audit shall appear to be due from him, and shall also, if required, hand over to such Trustee or Trustees all Securities and Effects, Books, Papers, and Property of the said Society in his Hands or Custody; and if he fail to do so the Trustee or Trustees of the said Society may sue upon the Bond aforesaid, or may sue such Treasurer in the County Court of the District, or in any of the Superior Courts of Common Law, or in any other Court having Jurisdiction, for the Balance appearing to have been due from him upon the Account last rendered by him, and for all the Monies since received by him on account of the said Society, and for the Securities and Effects, Books, Papers, and Property in his Hands or Custody, leaving him to set off in such Action the Sums, if any, which he may have since paid on account of the said Society; and in such Action the said Trustee or Trustees shall be entitled to recover their full Costs of Suit, to be taxed as between Attorney and Client.

Property how recovered, if the Officer die, or become bankrupt or insolvent.

XXIII. If any Person already appointed or employed or hereafter to be appointed or employed to or in any Office in any Friendly Society established under this Act or under any of the Acts hereby repealed, whether such Appointment or Employment was before or after the legal Establishment of such Society, and having in his Hands or Possession, by virtue of his Office, any Monies or Property whatsoever of such Society, or any Deeds or Securities belonging to such Society, shall die, or become bankrupt or insolvent, or have any Execution or Attachment or other Process issued against him or any Part of his Property, or shall have any Action or Diligence raised against his Lands, Goods, Chattels, or Effects, or Property or other Estate, heritable or moveable, or shall make any Assignment, Disposition, Assignation, or other Conveyance for the Benefit of his Creditors, the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assignees of every such Officer, and every other Person having or claiming Right to the Property of such Officer, and the Sheriff or other Person executing such Process, and the Party using such Action or Diligence respectively, shall, upon Demand in Writing made by the Treasurer or by the Trustee or any Two of the Trustees of such Society, or any Person appointed at some Meeting of the Society to make such Demand, deliver and pay over all such Monies, Property, Deeds, and Securities belonging to such Society to such Person as such Treasurer or Trustees shall appoint, and shall pay, out of the Estate, Assets, or Effects, heritable or moveable,

of such Officer, all Sums of Money due which such Officer shall have received, before any other of his Debts are paid, and before any other Claims upon him shall be satisfied, and before the Money directed to be levied by such Process as aforesaid, or which may be recovered or recoverable under such Diligence, is paid over to the Party issuing such Process or using such Diligence; and all such Assets, Lands, Goods, Chattels, Property, Estates, and Effects shall be bound to the Payment, Discharge, and Satisfaction of such Claims.

XXIV. If any Officer, Member, or other Person, being or re- Punishment of presenting himself to be a Member of such Society, or the Nominee, Frand in with-Executor, Administrator, or Assignee of a Member thereof, or holding Money, any Person whatsoever, by false Representation or Imposition, shall obtain Possession of any Monies, Securities, Books, Papers, or other Effects of such Society, or having the same in his Possession shall withhold or misapply the same, or shall wilfully apply any Part of the same to Purposes other than those expressed or directed in the Rules of such Society, or any Part thereof, it shall be lawful in England for any Justice of the Peace acting in the County or Borough in which the Place of Business of such Society shall be situated, upon Complaint made by any, Person on behalf of such Society, to summon the Person against whom such Complaint is made to appear at a Time and Place to be named in such Summons; and any Two Justices present at the Time and Place mentioned in such Summons shall proceed to hear and determine the said Complaint, in manner directed by the Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter Forty-three; and in Scotland every such Offence may be prosecuted by summary Complaint at the Instance of the Procurator Fiscal of the County, or of the Society, with his Concurrence, before the Sheriff; and if the said Justices or Sheriffs respectively shall determine the said Complaint to be proved against such Person, they shall adjudge and order him to deliver up all such Monies, Securities, Books, Papers, or other Effects to the Society, or to repay the Amount of Money applied improperly, and to pay, if they think fit, a further Sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with Costs not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and, in default of such Delivery of Effects, or Repayment of such Amount of Money, or Payment of such Penalty and Costs aforesaid, the said Justices or Sheriffs may order the said Person so convicted to be imprisoned in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, with or without Hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding Three Months: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the said Society, or in Scotland Her Majesty's Advocate, from proceeding by Indictment against the said Party: Provided also, that no Person shall be proceeded against by Indictment if a Conviction shall have been previously obtained for the same Offence under the Provisions of this Act.

XXV. Before any Friendly Society shall be established under Rules to be this Act, the Persons intending to establish the same shall agree made. upon and frame a Set of Rules for the Regulation, Government, and Management of such Society; and in such Rules they may, amongst

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amongst other things, make Provision for appointing a General Committee of Management of such Society, and delegating to such Committee all or any of the Powers given by this Act to the Members of Friendly Societies formed or established under or by virtue of the same; and such Rules shall set forth,

1. The Name of the Society and Place of Meeting for the

Business of the Society:

- 2. The whole of the Objects for which the Society is to be established, the Purposes for which the Funds thereof shall be applicable, and the Conditions under which any Member may become entitled to any Benefit assured thereby, and the Fines and Forfeitures to be imposed on any Member of such Society:
- 3. The Manner of making, altering, amending, and rescinding Rules:
- 4. A Provision for the Appointment and Removal of a General Committee of Management, of a Trustee or Trustees, Treasurer, and other Officers:

5. A Provision for the Investment of the Funds, and for an annual or periodical Audit of Accounts : .

6. The Manner in which Disputes between the Society and any of its Members, or any Person claiming by or through any Member, or under the Rules, shall be settled:

And the Rules of every such Society shall provide that all Monies received or paid on account of each and every particular Fund or Benefit assured to the Members thereof, their Husbands, Wives, Children, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers or Sisters, Nephews or Nieces, for which a separate Table of Contributions payable shall have been adopted, shall be entered in a separate Account, distinct from the Monies received and paid on account of any other Benefit or Fund, and also that a Contribution shall be made to defray the necessary Expenses of Management, and a separate Account shall

be kept of such Contributions and Expenses.

Copies to be sent to the Registrar, and his Certificate obtained.

XXVI. Two printed or written Copies of such Rules, signed by Three of the intended Members and the Secretary or other Officer, shall be transmitted to the Registrar aforesaid, and the said Registrar shall advise with the Secretary or other Officer, if required, for the Purpose of ascertaining whether the said Rules are calculated to carry into effect the Intentions and Object of the Persons who desire to form such Society, and if the Registrar shall find that such Rules are in conformity with Law and with the Provisions of this Act, he shall give a Certificate in the Form set forth in the Second Schedule to this Act, and shall return One of the said Copies to the said Society, and shall keep the other in such Manner as shall from Time to Time be directed by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and for which Certificate no Fee shall be payable to the said Registrar; and all Rules, when so certified as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members of the said Society: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the said Registrar to grant any such Certificate to a Society assuring to any Member thereof a certain Annuity or certain Superannuation, deferred or immediate, unless the Tables

Actuary's Certificate to be sent with the Copies in case of Tables of Annuities.

Tables of Contributions payable for such kind of Assurance shall have been certified under the Hand of the Actuary to the Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt, or by an Actuary of some Life Assurance Company established in London, Edinburgh, or Dublin, who shall have exercised the Profession of Actuary for at least Five Years, and such Certificate be transmitted to the Registrar, together with the Copies of the Rules aforesaid.

XXVII. After the Rules of a Friendly Society shall have been Rules may be so certified by the Registrar as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for altered, amendsuch Society, by Resolution at a Meeting specially called for that ed, rescinded, Purpose, to alter, amend, or rescind the same or any of them, or made. to make new Rules; and it shall be lawful for any Friendly Society formed and established under any of the Acts hereby repealed to alter, amend, or rescind the Rules by which their Society is governed, regulated, or managed, or to make new Rules: Provided always, that Two Copies of the proposed Alterations or Amendments, and of such new Rules, signed by Three Members of such Society, and the Secretary or other Officer, shall be transmitted to the said Registrar, to One of which shall be attached a Declaration by the Secretary or One of the Officers of such Society, that in making the same the Rules of such Society respecting the making, altering, amending, and rescinding Rules, or the Directions of the Act under which such Society was established, have been duly complied with; and if the said Registrar shall find that such Alterations, Amendments, or new Rules are in conformity with Law, he shall give to the Society a Certificate in the Form set forth in the Schedule to this Act, and return One of the Copies to the Society, and shall keep the other, with the Rules of such Society, in his Custody, and for which Certificate no Fee shall be payable to the said Registrar, and as against such Member or Person such Certificate shall be conclusive of the Validity thereof; and all Rules, Alterations, and Amendments. when so certified as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members of the said Society, and all Persons claiming on account of a Member or under the said Rules; but unless and until the same shall be so certified as aforesaid such Rules, Alterations, and Amendments shall have no Force or Validity whatsoever.

XXVIII. Whenever any Friendly Society established under When Place of this Act or under any of the Acts hereby repealed shall change Meetingaltered, its Place of Business, Notice of such Change, under the Hands Notice to besent of Two of the Trustees or Three Members and Secretary or other Officer, shall, within Fourteen Days thereafter, be sent to

the said Registrar.

XXIX. If any Person shall give to any Member of a Friendly Circulating Society established under this Act or under any of the said repealed false Copies of Acts, or to any Person intending or applying to become a Member Rules, &c. a of such Society, a Copy of any Rules, or of any Alterations or Amendments of the same, other than those respectively which have been enrolled with any Clerk of the Peace or certified by the Registrar, with a Copy of his Certificate appended thereto, under colour that the same are binding upon the Members of such Society, or shall make any Alterations in or Addition to any of

to Registrar.

Misdemeanor.

such

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the Rules or Tables of such Society after they shall have been respectively enrolled or certified by the Registrar, and shall circulate the same, purporting that they have been duly enrolled or certified under this or any of the said repealed Acts, when they have not been so duly enrolled or certified, every Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Rules, how received in Evidence. XXX. All Rules and Tables of any Society established under this Act or any of the said repealed Acts, and all Alterations and Amendments thereof, and all Copies thereof or Extracts therefrom, and all Writings and Documents relating to a Friendly Society, and purporting to be signed by the Registrar, shall, in the Absence of any Evidence to the contrary, be received in all Courts of Law and Equity, and elsewhere, without Proof of the Signature thereto.

On Death of Member, Sum under 50L may be paid without Administration.

XXXI. When, on the Death of any Member of a Society established under this Act or any of the said repealed Acts, a Sum of Money not exceeding Fifty Pounds shall become payable, the same shall be paid by the Trustees of such Society to the Person directed by the Rules thereof, or nominated by the Deceased, in Writing deposited with the Secretary (such Person being the Husband, Wife, Father, Mother, Child, Brother or Sister, Nephew or Niece of such Member); and in case there shall be no such Direction or Nomination, or the Person so nominated shall have died before the deceased Member, or in case the Member shall have revoked such Nomination, then such Sum shall be paid to the Person who shall appear to the said Trustees to be entitled under the Statute of Distributions to receive the same, without taking out Letters of Administration in England or Ireland, and without Confirmation in Scotland: Provided, that wherever the Trustee or Trustees of any such Society, after the Decease of any Member thereof, shall have paid and divided any such Sum of Money to or amongst any Person or Persons who shall at the Time of such Payment appear to such Trustee or Trustees to be entitled to the Effects of any deceased Member who has died intestate, without having appointed any Nominee as aforesaid, the Payment of any such Sum shall be valid and effectual with respect to any Demand from any other Person or Persons as next of Kin of such deceased Member, or as the lawful Representative or Representatives of such Member, against the Funds of such Society or against the Trustees thereof; but nevertheless such next of Kin or Representative shall have his or her lawful Remedy for such Money so paid as aforesaid against the Person or Persons who shall have received the same.

Indemnity to Trustees.

Funds, how invested.

XXXII. The Trustee or Trustees of every Friendly Society established under this Act or any of the said repealed Acts shall from Time to Time, with the Consent of the Committee of Management of such Society, or of a Majority of the Members of such Society present at a General or Special Meeting thereof, or in accordance with the Rules of such Society, invest the Funds of such Society, or any Part thereof, to any Amount, in any Savings Bank, or in the Public Funds, or with the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, as herein-after mentioned, or in

such other Security as the Rule of such Society may direct, not being the Purchase of House or Land, (save and except the Purchase of Buildings wherein to hold the Meetings or transact the Business of such Society, as herein-before mentioned,) and not being the Purchase of Shares in any Joint Stock Company or other Company, with or without Charter of Incorporation, and not being personal Security, except in the Case of a Member of One full Year's Standing at least, and in respect of a Sum not exceeding One Half the Amount of his Assurance on Life, such Member providing the written Security of himself and Two satisfactory Sureties for Repayment, and in case of such Member's Death before Repayment the Amount of such Advance, with Interest, may be deducted from the Sum so assured, without Prejudice in the meantime to the Operation of such Security.

XXXIII. Every Friendly Society established under this Act Funds may be which does not assure the Payment in any Event of a Sum ex- invested with ceeding Two hundred Pounds, or an Annuity exceeding Thirty the Commis-Pounds per Annum, may pay any Sum of Money not less than Fifty Pounds into the Bank of England or Ireland, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, upon the Declaration of the Trustee or of the Trustees, or any Two or more of them, that such Monies belong exclusively to the said Society; and the Cashier of the Bank of England is hereby required to receive all such Monies, and to place the same to the Account raised in the Name of the said Commissioners in the Book of the Bank, named "The Fund for Friendly Societies:" and if such Declaration shall not be true, then and in every such Case the Sum of Money so paid in on such Declaration shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners, and shall be applied by them in the Manner directed by any Act or Acts for the Time being in force relating to Savings Banks with respect to the Account of such Banks; and the Regulation of Receipts, Certificates, or Orders concerning Saving Banks shall be deemed applicable to Monies paid in as aforesaid under the Authority of this Act, as if the same had been herein repeated; and every such Society, on paying Money directly into the Bank as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive Receipts bearing Interest at the Rate of Twopence per Centum per Diem: Provided, that every Society which shall deposit any Part of its Funds in any Savings Bank, or with the Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt. shall furnish to the said Commissioners from Time to Time such Accounts as they may require in reference to the Funds so deposited.

XXXIV. Every Society already established under any of the What Interest Acts hereby repealed, which shall have heretofore invested any Part of its Funds with the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall be entitled to pay into the Bank of England or Ireland in Sums of not less than Fifty Pounds. Money received from Members on account of Assurances made before the passing of this Act, and to receive Receipts for the same bearing Interest at such Rate or Rates as such Society has hitherto been entitled to receive on account of such Assurances: that is to say, for Money invested with the Commissioners by any

sioners of the National Debt.

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Society legally established before the Twenty-eighth Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, on account of any Assurance made before the Fifteenth Day of August in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty, Threepence per Centum per Diem; and on account of any Assurance effected after that Day, Twopence per Centum per Diem; and for Money invested with the Commissioners by any Society established between the Twenty-eighth Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight and the Fifteenth Day of August in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty, on account of Assurances made before the Fifteenth Day of August in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty, Twopence Halfpenny per Centum per Diem; and on account of any Assurance effected after that Day, Twopence per Centum per Diem; and for Money invested with the Commissioners by any Society established since the Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty, the Sum of Twopence per Centum per Diem: Provided that the Trustees of every Society which shall have invested or shall invest any Part of its Funds with the said Commissioners shall furnish from Time to Time such Accounts and Returns as the said Commissioners shall require, and shall satisfy the said Commissioners that they are legally entitled to receive such Interest as aforesaid, and to make such further Investment.

Re-depositing of Money with-drawn.

XXXV. Where any Friendly Society shall withdraw Money invested by them with the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, such Society shall not be entitled to make any further Deposit with the said Commissioners without the Consent of the said Commissioners, or of the Comptroller General or Assistant Comptroller under them.

Transfer of Stock.

XXXVI. Whenever it shall happen that any Person, being or having been a Trustee of any Society established under this Act or any Act hereby repealed, and whether he shall have been appointed before or after the legal Establishment thereof, in whose Name any Part of the several Stocks, Annuities, and Funds belonging to any such Society, transferable at the Bank of England or Ireland, or in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England or Ireland, or in any Savings Bank, is or shall be standing, shall be out of England or Ireland or Scotland respectively, or shall have been removed from his Office of Trustee, or shall be a Bankrupt, Insolvent, or Lunatic. or it shall be unknown whether such Trustee is living or dead, it shall be lawful for the Registrar, after receiving an Application in Writing from the Secretary of the Society and Three Members thereof, and upon Proof satisfactory to such Registrar, to direct the Accountant General or other proper Officer for the Time being of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England or Ireland, or of any Savings Bank, to transfer in the Books of the said Company or of the said Savings Bank such Stocks, Annuities, or Funds, standing as aforesaid, into the Name of the Trustee who shall be newly appointed, and to pay to him from Time to Time the Dividends thereof; and if One of Two or more such Trustees

shall die, or be removed from his Office of Trustee, or become bankrupt or insolvent, it shall be lawful for the Registrar, on the like Application, to direct that the other or others of the Trustees shall transfer such Stock, Annuities, or Funds into the Name of such Person as may have been appointed in his Stead.

jointly with the continuing Trustee or Trustees.

XXXVII. No Copy of Rules, nor Power, Warrant, or Letter of Power of At-Attorney granted by any Person as Trustee of any Society esta-torney, &c. not blished under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed, for the Transfer of any Share in the Public Funds standing in the Name of such Trustee, nor any Order or Receipt for Money contributed to or received from the Funds of any such Society, by any Person liable or entitled to pay or receive the same by virtue of the Rules thereof or of this Act, nor any Bond to be given to or on account of any such Society, or by the Treasurer or any Officer thereof, nor any Draft or Order, nor any Form of Policy, nor any Appointment of any Agent, nor any Certificate or other Instrument for the Revocation of any such Appointment, nor any other Document whatever required or authorized by or in pursuance of this Act or the Rules of any Society, shall be liable to Stamp Duty: Provided, that no Exemption from any of the Limitation of Duties granted by any Act or Acts relating to Stamp Duties shall be deemed to extend to any Society which shall assure the assuring above Payment of Money exceeding Two hundred Pounds, or which 2001 shall assure the Payment of any Money on the Death of a Member to any Person, except Executors, Administrators, or Assigns of such Member, or the Husband, Wife, Father, Mother, Child, Brother, Sister, Nephew, or Niece of such Member.

XXXVIII. If any Person shall become a Member of more than No Member to One Society, whereby certain Benefits shall accrue on account of receive more the same Kind of Assurance from more than One Society, it shall than 200L or not be lawful for him, or for any Person entitled through or under from any Numhim or by reason of his Membership, or for any Number of such ber of Societies. Persons in the aggregate, to receive more than Two hundred Pounds, or, in the Case of Annuities, Thirty Pounds a Year, from such Societies collectively; and in any Case where a Person shall so as aforesaid be a Member of more than One Society, and he, or any other Person or Persons, shall be entitled to any Benefit in gross or by way of Annuity from any such Society, he, or (as the Circumstances may require) every such other Person, shall, before he shall receive any such Benefit from any of such Societies, make and sign a Declaration that the total Value of all Benefits accruing or which shall have accrued in respect of any One Kind of Assurance does not exceed the Value of Two hundred Pounds, or, in the Case of Annuities, Thirty Pounds a Year; and it shall be lawful for any Society to require any Member or any other Person who shall be entitled to any such Benefit, before he shall receive the same, to make and sign a Declaration to the same Effect, or that such Member was not, when the Benefit accrued, a Member of any other Association; and if any Person shall knowingly make any false or fraudulent Declaration in any such Case he shall be guilty of Misdemeanor.

liable to Stamp

Exemptions to

Trustees may subscribe to a Hospital or Provident Institution.

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As to the Determination of Disputes according to the Rules.

In what Cases by the County Court

Order of County Court, how enforced.

XXXIX. The Trustees of any Friendly Society may, out of the Funds thereof, subscribe to any Hospital, Infirmary, Charitable or other Provident Institution, such annual or other Sum as may be agreed upon by the Committee of Management, or by a Majority of the Members at a Meeting called for that Purpose, in consideration of any Member of such Society, his Wife, Child, or other Person nominated, being eligible to receive the Benefits of such Hospital or other Institution, according to the Rules thereof.

XL. Every Dispute between any Member or Members of any Society established under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed, or any Person claiming through or under a Member, or under the Rules of such Society, and the Trustee, Treasurer, or other Officer, or the Committee thereof, shall be decided in manner directed by the Rules of such Society, and the Decision so made shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties, without Appeal: Provided that where the Rules of any Society established under any of the Acts hereby repealed shall have directed Disputes to be referred to Justices, such Disputes shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, be referred to and decided by the County Court as herein-after mentioned.

XLI. In all Friendly Societies established under this Act or any of the said repealed Acts, all Applications for the Removal of any Trustee, or for any other Relief, Order, or Direction, or for the Settlement of Disputes that may arise or may have arisen in any Society the Rules of which do not prescribe any other Mode of settling such Disputes, or to enforce the Decision of any Arbitrators, or to hear or determine any Dispute, if no Arbitrator shall have been appointed or if no Decision shall be made by the said Arbitrators within Forty Days after Application has been made by the Member or Person claiming through or under a Member or under the Rules of the Society, shall be made to the County Court of the District within which the usual or principal Place of Business of the Society shall be situate; and such Court shall, upon the Application of any Person interested in the Matter, entertain such Application, and give such Relief, and make such Orders and Directions in relation to the Matter of such Application, as herein-after mentioned, or as may now be given or made by the Court of Chancery in respect either of its ordinary or its special or statutory Jurisdiction; and the Decision of such County Court upon and in relation to such Application as aforesaid shall not be subject to any Appeal: Provided always, that in Scotland the Sheriff within his County, and in Ireland the Assistant Barrister within his District, shall have the same Jurisdiction as is hereby given to the Judge of a County Court.

XLII. In all Cases where the Order of such County Court shall be for the Payment of Money, the same may be enforced in the same Manner as the ordinary Judgments of such Court are enforced; but where the Order of the said Court shall be for the doing of some Act, not being for the Payment of Money, it shall be lawful for the Judge of such County Court in his said Order to order the Party to do such Act, or that in default of his doing

it he shall pay a certain Sum of Money; and in case he refuse or neglect to do the Act required, upon Demand in that Behalf, the Sum of Money or Penalty in the said Order may then be recovered in the same Manner as a Judgment for Debt or Damages in such Court; and it shall not be lawful to remove the same by Certiorari or other Writ or Process to any Superior Court of Record.

XLIII. Provided, however, That the Lord Chancellor may make Lord Chancelsuch Orders for regulating the Proceedings by and before the lor may make Judges of County Courts under this Act as he may think fit; and in Scotland the Court of Session shall have the like Power by Act ceedings in this of Sederunt as regards Proceedings before Sheriffs under this Act; respect. and, subject to such Orders and Acts of Sederunt respectively, such Judges and Sheriffs may regulate the Proceedings before them respectively so as to render them as summary and inexpensive as

conveniently may be.

XLIV. In the Case of any Friendly Society established for any In the Case of of the Purposes mentioned in Section IX. of this Act, or for any Societies whose Purpose which is not illegal, having written or printed Rules, Rules are not certified, Diswhose Rules have not been certified by the Registrar, provided a putes between Copy of such Rules shall have been deposited with the Registrar, the Society and every Dispute between any Member or Members of such Society, its own Memand the Trustees, Treasurer, or other Officer, or the Committee of bers to be setsuch Society, shall be decided in manner herein-before provided tled as in Cases with respect to Disputes, and the Decision thereof, in the Case cieties. of Societies to be established under this Act, and the Sections in this Act provided for such Decision, and also the Section in this Act which enacts a Punishment in case of Fraud or Imposition by an Officer, Member, or Person, shall be applicable to such uncertified Societies: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to confer on any such Society whose Rules shall not have been certified by the Registrar, or any of the Members or Officers of such Society, any of the Powers, Exemptions, or Facilities of this Act, save and except as in and by this Section is expressly provided.

XLV. The Trustees of Friendly Societies established under this Returns to the Act or under any of the repealed Acts, or the Officer thereof Registrar, when appointed to prepare Returns, shall, once in every Year, in the made. Months of January, February, or March, transmit to the Registrar a General Statement of the Funds and Effects of such Society during the past Twelve Months, or a Copy of the last annual Report of such Society, and shall also, within Three Months after the Expiration of the Month of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and so again within Three Months after the Expiration of every Five Years succeeding, transmit to the said Registrar a Return of the Rate or Amount of Sickness and Mortality experienced by such Society within the preceding Five Years, in such Form as shall be prepared by the said Registrar, and an Abstract of the same shall be laid before Parliament; and the Registrar shall also lay before Parliament every Year a Report of his Proceedings in his Office of Registrar, and of the principal Matters transacted by Friendly Societies which have come under his Cognizance during the past Year.

of certified So-

Certain Societies established for granting annual Payments to Nominees before the Year 1850 to have Privileges of this Act.

XLVI. 'And whereas under the Provisions of the Acts hereby repealed, or some of them, certain Associations or Societies have been formed in England and Ireland for the provident and charitable Purpose of securing annual Payments to the Nominees of the Members thereof, contingent upon the Death of such Members, and have invested their Funds in the Manner provided by such Acts, and Doubts may arise whether such Associations or Societies will be entitled to the Exemptions and Privileges ' by this Act conferred in the event of such annual Payments ' amounting in the aggregate to more than Thirty Pounds; and ' it is expedient to remove such Doubts, and to give Protection to ' such Associations or Societies, and to the Funds thereof:' Be it therefore enacted, That notwithstanding anything in this Act contained to the contrary, all such Associations or Societies as were founded and subsisting under the Provisions of the said Acts previously to the Fifteenth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty, shall enjoy the Exemptions and Privileges by this Act conferred on Societies to be established under the Provisions of this Act as fully as if they had been registered and certified under this Act, and notwithstanding that the contingent annual Payments to which the Nominees of the present or future Members of such Associations or Societies may become entitled shall exceed in the aggregate the Sum of Thirty Pounds.

Extra Coutribution may be demanded of a Member serving in the Militia. XLVII. In any Case where the Rules of any Society already enrolled or certified have provided that a Member shall be deprived of any Benefit by reason of his Enrolment or Service in the Militia, it shall be lawful for the Trustees of such Society to require of any Member a Contribution exceeding the Rate of Contribution hitherto payable by such Member, to an Amount not exceeding One Tenth of such Rate, during the Time such Member shall be serving out of the United Kingdom, or to suspend all Claim of such Member to any Benefits of such Society, and all Claim of the Society to any Contributions payable by such Member, during the Time he may be serving in the Militia out of the United Kingdom, provided that such Suspension shall cease so soon as the said Member shall return to the United Kingdom, and he shall thereupon be replaced on the same Footing as before he went abroad with the Regiment to which he belongs.

Act to apply to Societies constituted under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1852. XLVIII. All the Provisions of this Act shall apply to all Societies constituted under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1852, in the same Manner as the Laws in force relating to Friendly Societies at the Date of the passing of the said Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1852, are by the said last-mentioned Act directed to apply to Societies constituted thereunder; and the Limitation herein-before contained of the Amount of Annities and Sums payable on the Death of any Person, or on any other Contingency, in the Case of Societies established under this Act, shall apply to all Societies constituted under the said Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1852.

Interpretation of "Society."

XLIX. The Word "Society" shall extend to and include every Branch of a Society, by whatever Name it may be designated.

L. This Act shall extend to Great Britain and Ireland, and the Extent of Act. Channel Isles, and the Isle of Man.

LI. This Act shall commence and take effect from the First Day Commencement of of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

Act.

SCHEDULES referred to by the foregoing Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Reference to Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of Repeal.	
33 Geo. 3. c. 54	An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.	
35 Geo. 3. c. 111	An Act for more effectually carrying into execution an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An "Act for the Encouragement and "Relief of Friendly Societies," and for extending so much of the Powers thereof as relates to the framing Rules and Regulations for the better Management of the Funds of such Societies, and the Appointment of Treasurers to other Institutions of a charitable Nature.	The whole Act.	
36 Geo. 3. c. 68. (Irish)	An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.	
43 Geo. 3. c. 111	An Act for enabling Friendly Societies intended to be established under an Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to rectify Mistakes made in the Registry of their Rules.	The whole Act.	
49 Geo. 3. c. 58	An Act to explain and render more effectual an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.	
49 Geo. 3. c. 125	An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.	
59 Geo. 3. c. 128	An Act for further Protection and En- couragement of Friendly Societies, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses therein.	The whole Act.	
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Reference to Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of Repeal.
6 Geo. 4. c. 74.	An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws relating to Conveyances and Transfers of Estates and Funds vested in Trustees who are Infants, Idiots, Lunatics, or Trustees of unsound Mind, or who cannot be compelled or refuse to act; and also the Laws relating to Stocks and Securities belonging to Infants, Idiots, Lunatics, and Persons of unsound Mind.	So much of Section 11. as relates to Friendly Societies.
10 Geo. 4. c. 56	An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.
2 W. 4. c. 37	An Act to amend an Act of the Tenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, by extending the Time within which pre-existing Societies must conform to the Pro- visions of that Act.	The whole Act.
4 & 5 W. 4. c. 40	An Act to amend an Act of the Tenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Friendly So- cieties.	The whole Act.
3 & 4 Vict. c. 73	An Act to explain and amend the Acts relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.
9 & 10 Vict. c. 27	An Act to amend the Laws relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.
13 & 14 Vict. c. 115.	An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.
15 & 16 Vict. c. 65	An Act to continue and amend an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.
16 & 17 Vict. c. 123.	An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Investments of Friendly So- cieties.	The whole Act.
17 & 18 Vict. c. 50	An Act to continue an Act of the Twelfth Year of Her present Majesty, for amending the Laws relating to Savings Banks in Ireland, and to authorize Friendly Societies to invest the whole of their Funds in Savings Banks.	Section 2.
17 & 18 Vict. c. 101.	An Act to continue and amend the Acts now in force relating to Friendly Societies.	The whole Act.

C. 63.

Friendly Societies.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FORM of REGISTRAR'S CERTIFICATE to RULES of FRIENDLY Societies.

I HEREBY certify, That the foregoing Rules [or the Alterations or Amendments of the Rules] of the Society at in the County of are in conformity with Law, [and in the Case of a new Society] and that the Society is duly established from the present Date, and is subject to the Provisions and entitled to the Privileges of the Acts relating to Friendly Societies.

The Rates of Contributions and Payments are stated to have or [as the Case been prepared by A.B., Actuary of may be are not stated to have been prepared by any Actuary.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

FORM of BOND.

Know all Men by these Presents, That we, A.B. of Treasurer, &c. [as the Case may be] of the Society. and C.D.established at in the County of (as Surety on behalf of the said A.B.) are jointly and C.D. of severally held and firmly bound to A.B. of and E.F. of the Trustees of the said Society, in the Sum to be paid to the said A.B., C.D., and E.F. as such of Trustees, or their Successors, Trustees for the Time being, or their certain Attorney, for which Payment well and truly to be made we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us by himself, our and each of our Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, firmly by these Presents, sealed with our Seals. Dated the in the Year of our Lord Day of

Whereas the above-bounden A.B. hath been duly appointed Treasurer, &c. [as the Case may be] of the Society, established as aforesaid, and he, together with the above-bounden C.D. as his Surety, have entered into the above-written Bond, subject to the Condition herein-after contained: Now therefore the Condition of the above-written Bond is such, that if the said A.B. shall and do justly and faithfully execute his Office of Treasurer, &c. [as the Case may be] of the said Society established as aforesaid, and shall and do render a just and true Account of all Monies received and paid by him, and shall and do pay over all the Monies remaining in his Hands, and assign and transfer or deliver all Securities and Effects, Books, Papers, and Property of or belonging to the said Society in his Hands or Custody, to such Person or Persons as the said Society shall appoint, according to the Rules of the said Society, together with the proper or legal Receipts or Vouchers for such Payments, and likewise shall and do in all respects well and truly and faithfully perform and fulfil his Office of Treasurer, &c. [as the Cuse may be] to the said Society, according to the Rules thereof, then the above-written Bond shall be void and of no Effect; otherwise shall be and remain in full force and virtue. CAP.

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Lady Raglan and Lord Raglan's Annuities.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act to settle Annuities on Emily Harriet Lady Raglan and Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan, and the next surviving Heir Male of his Body, in consideration of the eminent Services of the late Field Marshal Lord Raglan.

[23d *July* 1855.]

' Most Gracious Sovereign, HEREAS Your Majesty, by Your most gracious Message, hath been pleased to signify that Your Majesty, taking ' into consideration the great and brilliant Services performed by the late Fitzroy James Henry Lord Raglan, Field Marshal in 'Your Majesty's Army, and Commander-in-Chief of Your Majesty's ' Forces at the Seat of War in the East, in the course of the ' Hostilities which have taken place in the Crimea, and being desirous, in recognition of these and his other distinguished ' Merits, to confer some signal Mark of Your Favour upon his ' Widow Emily Harriet Lady Raglan, upon his Son and Successor to the Title Richard Henry Lord Raglan, and the next surviving ' Heir Male of the Body of the said Richard Henry Lord Ruglan, "recommended to Your faithful Commons the Adoption of such "Measures as might be necessary for the Accomplishment of that Purpose:" Therefore we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loval Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, duly considering Your Majesty's gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

An Annuity of 1,000l. to be paid to Lady Raglan, and an Annuity of 2,000l. to Lord Raglan and his next Heir Male.

I. An Annuity of One thousand Pounds shall be paid to Emily Harriet Lady Raglan, Widow of the late Fitzroy James Henry Lord Raglan, for her natural Life, and an Annuity of Two thousand Pounds shall be paid to Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan for his natural Life, and after his Decease to the next surviving Heir Male of the Body of the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan who may succeed to the Title of Lord Raglan, for the natural Life of such Successor; and the said Annuities shall be deemed to have commenced and taken effect upon the Second Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and the First Payment of a proportionate Part thereof respectively for the Period from such Commencement thereof to the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five shall be made on the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and the said Annuities respectively shall thereafter be paid quarterly on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year; and such Annuities respectively shall be payable out of and charged upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ircland, (after paying or reserving sufficient

Lady Raglan and Lord Raglan's Annuities.

sufficient to pay all such Sums of Money as have been directed to be paid out of the same by former Acts of Parliament, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall hereafter be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund,) and the Receipts of the said Emily Harriet Lady Raglan (as to the said Annuity of One thousand Pounds), and of the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan and the next surviving Heir Male of the Body of the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan on whom the Title shall descend (as to the said Annuity of Two thousand Pounds), or of such other Person as shall be duly authorized and appointed by the Person for the Time being entitled to such respective Annuity to receive the same, shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the Payments thereof; the said Annuities to be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates, and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever, except Income Tax.

II. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to di-Treasury, and they are hereby authorized and required, by rect Payment of Warrant or Warrants under their Hands, to direct the Payment the Annuity. of the said Annuities according to the Provision herein-before

III. The said Annuity of Two thousand Pounds shall be vested Annuity of in the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan and the next 2,000l not to surviving Heir Male of the Body of the said Richard Henry be aliened or Fitzroy Lord Raglan to whom the said Title of Lord Raglan shall descend, and shall not be aliened, charged, or incumbered by the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Raglan for any greater or larger Estate or Time than during the natural Life of the Person so aliening, conveying, disposing, charging, or incumbering the same, so as to prevent the same from descending to the next surviving Heir Male of the Body of the said Richard Henry Fitzroy Lord Ragian to whom the said Title of Lord Ragian shall descend according to the Limitation aforesaid.

incumbered.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to amend the Dublin Carriage Acts.

[23d July 1855.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen with respect to the Construction of the Dublin Carriage Act, 1853, and the ' Dublin Amended Carriage Act, 1854, and it is expedient to ' remove such Doubts, and to amend the said Acts:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,

I. That all the Enactments contained in the Dublin Carriage Enactments of Act, 1853, and the Dublin Amended Carriage Act, 1854, save in 16 & 17 Vict. reference to the Sums directed to be paid for Licences and as c. 112. and annual Rents, in anywise relating to the Carriages therein designated as Hackney Carriages, or to the Persons therein designated to Cabriolets. and referred to as the Proprietors or Drivers thereof, shall be deemed and taken to apply to and include as well the Carriages

Dublin Carriage Acts Amendment.

by the said last-mentioned Act designated as Cabriolets, and the Proprietors and Drivers thereof, as the Carriages thereby designated as Hackney Carriages, and the Proprietors and Drivers thereof, anything in the said last-mentioned Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Acts construed together. ; Short Title.

II. The said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act.

III. In citing this Act in any other Act of Parliament, legal Instrument, or Proceeding whatever, it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The *Dublin* Amended Carriage Act, 1855."

C A P. LXVI.

An Act to render valid certain Marriages in Christ Church in the Chapelry of Todmorden and Parish of Rochdale, in the Counties of Lancaster and York. [23d July 1855.]

TATHEREAS the Church called Christ Church in the Chapelry of Todmorden and Parish of Rochdale in the Counties of ' Lancaster and York was erected and built some Time in or about ' the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and was 'duly consecrated for the Performance of Divine Service therein: ' And whereas divers Marriages have been solemnized in the said ' Church by the Minister thereof and by other Clergymen, under ' the Opinion that according to the Terms of the Sentence of ' Consecration of the said Church, or otherwise, Marriages might be lawfully solemnized therein, and Entries of the said Marriages ' so solemnized have been from Time to Time made in Register ' Books kept at the said Church, in compliance with the Provi-' sions concerning Registry of Marriages: And whereas it is 'expedient, under the Circumstances aforesaid, to confirm the ' Marriages so as aforesaid solemnized in the said Church:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Marriages solemnized in Christ Church, Todmorden, declared valid. I. All Marriages heretofore solemnized in the said Church, and the Publication of Banns in such Church previous to any such Marriage, shall be and be deemed to have been as good, valid, and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if such Marriages had been solemnized and such Publication of Banns had taken place in the Parish Church of Rochdale, or in the Church of the ancient Chapelry of Todmorden.

Indemnification of Ministers.

II. No Minister who has solemnized any of the said Marriages shall be liable to any Ecclesiastical Censures, or to any other Proceedings or Penalties whatsoever, by reason of his having so as aforesaid solemnized the same respectively.

Registers to be Evidence.

III. The Registers of the Marriages so solemnized as aforesaid, or Copies of such Registers, shall be received in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence of such Marriages respectively, in the same Manner as Registers of Marriages in Parish Churches, or Copies thereof, are by Law receivable in Evidence.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act to facilitate the Remedies on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes by the Prevention of frivolous or fictitious Defences to Actions thereon. [23d July 1855.]

HEREAS bonâ fide Holders of dishonoured Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes are often unjustly delayed ' and put to unnecessary Expense in recovering the Amount ' thereof by reason of frivolous or fictitious Defences to Actions thereon, and it is expedient that greater Facilities than now ' exist should be given for the Recovery of Money due on such ' Bills and Notes:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament

assembled, and by Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the Twenty-fourth Day of October One From Oct. 24. thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, all Actions upon Bills of 1855, all Ac-Exchange or Promissory Notes commenced within Six Months tions upon Bills after the same shall have become due and payable may be by Writ of Exchange, of Summons in the special Form contained in Schedule A. to this Writ of Sum-Act annexed, and indorsed as therein mentioned; and it shall be mons as Form lawful for the Plaintiff, on filing an Affidavit of personal Service in Schedule A. of such Writ within the Jurisdiction of the Court, or an Order for Plaintiff, on all-Leave to proceed, as provided by the Common Law. Procedure ing Afficiavit of Act, 1852, and a Copy of the Writ of Summons and the Indorse- personal Ser-Mct, 1852, and a Copy of the Writ of Summons and the Indorse-ments thereon, in case the Defendant shall not have obtained once sign final Judgment as Exigency thereof, at once to sign final Judgment in the Form con- Form in Schetained in Schedule B. to this Act annexed (on which Judgment dule B. no Proceeding in Error shall lie) for any Sum not exceeding the Sum indorsed on the Writ, together with Interest, at the Rate specified (if any), to the Date of the Judgment, and a Sum for Costs to be fixed by the Masters of the Superior Courts or any Three of them, subject to the Approval of the Judges thereof or any Eight of them (of whom the Lord Chief Justices and the Lord Chief Baron shall be Three), unless the Plaintiff claim more than such fixed Sum, in which Case the Costs shall be taxed in the ordinary Way, and the Plaintiff may upon such Judgment issue Execution forthwith.

II. A Judge of any of the said Courts shall, upon Application Defendant within the Period of Twelve Days from such Service, give Leave showing a Deto appear to such Writ, and to defend the Action, on the Defendant fence upon the paying into Court the Sum indorsed on the Writ, or upon Affidavits satisfactory to the Judge, which disclose a legal or equitable Defence, or such Facts as would make it incumbent on the Holder to prove Consideration, or such other Facts as the Judge may deem sufficient to support the Application, and on such Terms as to Security or otherwise as to the Judge may seem fit.

III. After Judgment, the Court or a Judge may, under special Judge may, un-Circumstances, set aside the Judgment, and, if necessary, stay or der special Cirset aside Execution, and may give Leave to appear to the Writ, cumstances, set

Merits to have

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

and to defend the Action, if it shall appear to be reasonable to the Court or Judge so to do, and on such Terms as to the Court or Judge may seem just.

Judge may order Bill to be deposited with Officer of Court.

Remedy for Recovery of Expenses of noting Nonacceptance.

Holder may issue One Summons against all or any of the Parties to Bill.

Incorporation of Common Law Procedure Acts and Rules.

Act to apply to Courts of Common Pleas, Lancaster and Durham.

Her Majesty may direct Act to apply to Courts of Record in England and Wales.

IV. In any Proceedings under this Act it shall be competent to the Court or a Judge to order the Bill or Note sought to be proceeded upon to be forthwith deposited with an Officer of the Court, and further to order that all Proceedings shall be stayed until the Plaintiff shall have given Security for the Costs thereof.

V. The Holder of every dishonoured Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note shall have the same Remedies for the Recovery of the Expenses incurred in noting the same for Nonacceptance or Nonpayment, or otherwise, by reason of such Dishonour, as he has under this Act for the Recovery of the Amount of such Bill or Note.

VI. The Holder of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note may, if he think fit, issue One Writ of Summons, according to this Act, against all or any Number of the Parties to such Bill or Note, and such Writ of Summons shall be the Commencement of an Action or Actions against the Parties therein named respectively, and all subsequent Proceedings against such respective Parties shall be in like Manner, so far as may be, as if separate Writs of Summons had been issued.

VII. The Provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, and the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, and all Rules made under or by virtue of either of the said Acts, shall, so far as the same are or may be made applicable, extend and apply to all Proceedings to be had or taken under this Act.

VIII. The Provisions of this Act shall apply, as near as may be, to the Court of Common Pleas at Lancaster and the Court of Pleas at Durham, and the Judges of such Courts, being Judges of One of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster, shall have Power to frame all Rules and Process necessary thereto.

IX. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty from Time to Time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any Part of the Provisions of this Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales, and within One Month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette such Provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and any such Order may be, in like Manner, from Time to Time altered and annulled; and in and by any such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any Powers or Duties incident to the Provisions applied under this Act shall and may be exercised with respect to Matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any Orders or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the Provisions so applied.

Extent of Act. Short Title. X. Nothing in this Act shall extend to *Ireland* or *Scotland*.

XI. In citing this Act in any Instrument, Document, or Proceeding, it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855."

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

A.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, &c.

To C.D., of , in the County of

We warn you, That unless within Twelve Days after the Service of this Writ on you, inclusive of the Day of such Service, you obtain Leave from One of the Judges of the Courts at Westminster to appear, and do within that Time appear in Our Court of in an Action at the Suit of A.B., the said A.B.

may proceed to Judgment and Execution.

Witness, &c.

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N.B.—This Writ is to be served within Six Calendar Months from the Date hereof, or if renewed, from the Date of such Renewal, including the Day of such Date, and not afterwards.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ before Service thereof.

This Writ was issued by E.F., of , Attorney for the Plaintiff. Or, This Writ was issued in Person by A.B., who resides at [mention the City, Town, or Parish, and also the Name of the Hamlet, Street, and Number of the House of the Plaintiff's Residence].

Indorsement.

The Plaintiff claims [Pounds Principal and Interest], or Pounds Balance of Principal and Interest due to him as the Payec [or Indorsee] of a Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, of which the following is a Copy:—

[Here copy Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, and all In-

dorsements upon it.

And if the Amount thereof be paid to the Plaintiff or his Attorney within

Days from the Service hereof, further Proceedings will be stayed.

NOTICE.

Take notice, That if the Defendant do not obtain Leave from One of the Judges of the Courts within Twelve Days after having been served with this Writ, inclusive of the Day of such Service, to appear thereto, and do within such Time cause an Appearance to be entered for him in the Court out of which this Writ issues, the Plaintiff will be at liberty at any Time after the Expiration of such Twelve Days to sign final Judgment for any Sum not exceeding the Sum above claimed, and the Sum of Pounds for Costs, and issue Execution for the same.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an Application at the Judges Chambers, Serjeants Inn, London, supported by Affidavit showing that there is a Defence to the Action on the Merits, or that it is reasonable that the Defendant should be allowed to appear in the Action.

Indorse-

III. Where

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ after Service thereof.

This Writ was served by X.Y. on L.M. (the Defendant the Defendants), on Monday the

Day of

18,

By X. Y.

В.

In the Queen's Bench.

On the Day of in the Year of our Lord 18 [Day of signing Judgment].

England (to wit). A.B. in his own Person for by

his Attorney] sued out a Writ against C.D., indorsed as follows:—
[Here copy Indorsement of Plaintiff's Claim]

and the said C.D. has not appeared:

Therefore it is considered that the said A.B. recover against the said C.D. Pounds, together with

Pounds for Costs of Suit.

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act to amend the Laws concerning the Burial of the Dead in Scotland. [23d July 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. This Act may be cited as the "Burial Grounds (Scotland)

Act, 1855."

Parochial Board to carry into execution this Act.

Short Title.

II. In the Execution of this Act in Parishes not within the Limits, prescribed or established under the Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for the Valuation of Lands and Heritages in Scotland, of any Burgh sending or contributing to send a Member to Parliament, "Parochial Board" shall be held to signify the Parochial Board for the Management of the Poor, where such Parishes are not combined for such Management, and where such Parishes are so combined the Parochial Board under this Act shall signify and be composed of such Members of the combined Board as are assessed for Relief of the Poor either in respect of Occupancy or Ownership within each Parish respectively; and the Manner of holding and of transacting Business at Meetings of such Parochial Boards under this Act shall be similar to the Manner in use in respect of the Management of the Poor; and in Parishes within the aforesaid Limits of any Burgh aforesaid the Town Council of the Burgh shall be held to be the Parochial Board of such Parish under this Act: Provided always, that where, within the aforesaid Limits of any Burgh aforesaid, there is included a Burgh of Regality, the Magistrates of such Burgh of Regality shall, notwithstanding anything herein-before enacted, be held to be the Parochial Board of any Parish within, or forming Part of such Burgh of Regality.

III. Where any Parish is partly within and partly without the Provision as to Limits of such Burgh aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Sheriff Parishes partly of the County within which such Parish or the greater Part burghal. thereof is situated, on Application to him by any Two Members of the Parochial Board of such Parish, or by any Ten Persons assessed for Relief of the Poor within such Parish, or by any Two or more Householders residing within One hundred Yards of any Burial Ground or proposed Burial Ground within such Parish, and on giving Notice by Advertisement in the Edinburgh Gazette and such Newspapers of local Circulation as he may deem fitting, and hearing any Parties having Interest, to determine whether such Parish shall be held to be a Parish within or without the Limits of the said Burgh for the Purposes of this Act, and an Interlocutor so determining shall receive Effect and be as valid as if the same was set forth in this Act; and it shall not be competent to make any new Application to the Sheriff for his Determination in respect to such Parish till after the Lapse of Five Years from the Date of his last Determination respecting the same.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Two Members of the Parochial Proceedings on Board of any Parish in Scotland, or for any Ten Persons assessed Complaints of for Relief of the Poor within such Parish, or for any Two Danger to Householders residing within One hundred Yards of any Burial Ground or proposed Burial Ground, to present a Petition to the Sheriff of the County within which such Burial Ground or proposed Burial Ground is situated, setting forth that a Burial Ground within such Parish or such Distance is or would be dangerous to Health, or offensive or contrary to Decency, and the Sheriff shall thereupon fix a Day, being not less than Ten nor more than Twenty Days after such Petition is presented, for inquiring into the Allegations contained therein, and shall appoint Intimation thereof to be made by Advertisement in the Edinburgh Gazette and in such Newspapers of local Circulation as he shall deem fitting, and on hearing the Petition shall permit all Parties whom he shall judge to have an Interest to appear and be heard in such Manner as he shall deem fitting, and if on such Hearing he shall be of opinion that any of the aforesaid Allegations are true, he shall pronounce an Interlocutor to such Effect, and shall transmit a Copy thereof to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State: Provided, that it shall not be competent to present any such Petition to the Sheriff, except with Concurrence of the Procurator Fiscal, till after the Lapse of Five Years from the Date of any Petition to the like Effect having been dismissed.

V. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from Time to Time, by On Represen-Order in Council, upon the Representation of One of Her Prin-, tation of Secrecipal Secretaries of State that a Copy of such Interlocutor of a Sheriff has been received by him, in pursuance thereof to order Council may rethat no new Burial Ground shall be opened within certain Limits strain the openspecified in such Order, save with the previous Approval of One ing of new Buof such Secretaries of State, or (as the Case may require) that rial Grounds, after a Time mentioned in the Order Burials within certain Limits, er in certain Burial Grounds or Places of Burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any Exceptions or Qualifications men-cified Places.

tary of State, Her Majesty in and order Discontinuance of Burials in spe-

tioned

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C. 68.

Burial Grounds (Scotland.)

tioned in such Order, and such Order in Council shall thereupon have like Force and Effect as if the same were embodied in this Act: Provided always, that Notice of such Representation, and of the Time it shall please Her Majesty to order the same to be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be transmitted to the Crown Agent in Edinburgh and the Sheriff Clerk of the County in which such Burial Ground is situated; and the same shall be by them respectively published in the Edinburgh Gazette, and fixed on the Doors of the Church of or on some other conspicuous Places within the Parishes affected by such Representation, One Month before such Representation is so considered.

Penalties.

VI. Every Person who shall after the Time mentioned in such Order in Council bury any Body, or in anywise act or assist in or permit the Burial of any Body, in any way contrary to such Order, shall be liable for each such Offence to be imprisoned for any Period not exceeding Two Calendar Months, or to pay a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Order not to extend to Burial Grounds of Quakers or Jews, unless expressly included.

VII. No such Order in Council as aforesaid shall be deemed to extend to any Burial Ground of the People called Quakers, or of the Persons of the Jewish Persuasion, used solely for the Burial of the Bodies of such People and Persons respectively, unless the same be expressly mentioned in such Order, or shall be deemed to extend to any Non-parochial Burial Ground, being the Property of any private Person, unless the same be expressly mentioned in such Order.

Saving of certain Rights to bury in Vaults,

VIII. Provided always, That, notwithstanding any such Order in Council, where at the Time of the passing of this Act any Person shall be entitled to any Right of Interment in or under any Church or Chapel or within any Churchyard or Burial Ground affected by such Order, it shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, from Time to Time, on Application being made to him, and on being satisfied that the Exercise of such Right will not be injurious to Health, to grant Licence for the Exercise of such Right during such Time and subject to such Conditions and Restrictions as such Secretary of State may think fit, but such Licence shall be revocable at any Time, and shall not give to the Holder of such Right, or to any other Party, any other Power than he would have had if this Act had not been passed.

Upon Requisition of Ratepayers. &c. Meeting of Parochial Board to be convened, to determine whether Burial Ground shall be provided.

IX. Although no Burial Ground in the Parish has been closed by Order in Council, the Inspector of the Poor of any Parish not within Burgh, and the Town Clerk in the Case of any Parish within Burgh, shall be bound, upon the Requisition in Writing of Ten or more Persons assessed for Relief of the Poor of the Parish. or upon the Requisition in Writing of any Two or more Members of the Parochial Board of the Parish, to convene a Special Meeting of the Parochial Board of such Parish, for the Purpose of determining whether a Burial Ground shall be provided under this Act for the Parish; and if a Majority of such Meeting of the Parochial Board shall resolve that a Burial Ground shall be provided under this Act for the Parish, such new Burial Ground shall

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Burial Grounds (Scotland).

shall be provided in the same Manner as if an old Burial Ground had been closed by Order in Council.

X. Whenever any Burial Ground shall have been closed by When Burial Order in Council, the Parochial Board shall forthwith proceed to Grounds are provide a suitable and convenient Burial Ground for the Parish, closed by U and to make Arrangements for facilitating Interments therein; Board to proand in the event of a suitable Burial Ground not being provided vide suitable by the Parochial Board within Six Months after such Order or Burial Grounds. Requisition as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Board, or for &c. any Ten or more Persons assessed for Relief of the Poor in the Parish, or any Two or more Members of the Parochial Board, to apply by summary Petition to the Sheriff to have a suitable Portion of Land designated for the Purpose of a Burial Ground; and the Sheriff shall examine such Witnesses and make such Inquiry as he shall think proper, and shall keep a Note of such Evidence as may be adduced, and, if he thinks fit, shall thereupon proceed to designate and set apart such Portion as he may deem necessary of any Lands in such Parish suitable for the Purpose. not being Part of any Policy, Pleasure Ground, or Garden attached to any Dwelling House: Provided always, that due Intimation shall have been given of not less than Ten Days to the Owner of such Lands, that he may be heard for his Interest before such Designation is actually made, subject always to an Appeal to any of the Lords Ordinary of the Court of Session, whose Decision shall be final, such Appeal always being presented within Fourteen Days of the Date of the Sheriff's Judgment; and provided also, that no Land shall be so designated nearer than One hundred Yards to any Dwelling House without the Consent in Writing of the Owner of such Dwelling House; and on such Land being so designated the Parochial Board shall proceed to acquire the same in manner herein-after provided.

XI. Any Burial Ground may be provided under this Act either ConsentofOwnwithin or without the Limits of the Parish for which the same ers of Houses is provided; but no Ground not already used as or appropriated to new Burial for a Cemetery shall be appropriated as a Burial Ground, or as necessary. an Addition to a Burial Ground, under this Act, nearer than One hundred Yards to any Dwelling House, without the Consent in Writing of the Owner, Lessee, and Occupier of such Dwelling House.

XII. For the providing such Burial Ground, it shall be lawful Board may purfor the Parochial Board of the Parish to contract for and pur- chase Land for chase or take any Lands and Buildings thereon for the Purpose of forming a Burial Ground, or for making Additions to any Burial Compton Con Ground to be formed or purchased under this Act, as such Board may think fit, or to purchase from any Company or Persons entitled thereto any Cemetery or Cemeteries, or Part or Parts thereof. subject to the Rights in Vaults and Graves and other subsisting Rights which may have been previously granted therein: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for such Board, in lieu of providing any such Burial Ground, to contract with any such Company or Persons entitled as aforesaid for the Interment in such

Cemetery or Cemeteries, and either in any allotted Part of such

18 & 19 Vict.

closed by Order

Cemeteries, or Cemetery Com-

Cemetery

Cemetery or Cemeteries or otherwise, and upon such Terms as the Parochial Board may think fit, of the Bodies of Persons who would have had Rights of Interment in the Burial Grounds of such Parish.

Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 19. incorporated with this Act.

XIII. "The Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845," except the Provisions of that Act "with respect to the Provi-" sions to be made for affording Access to the Special Act by " all Parties interested," shall be incorporated with this Act; and, for the Purposes of this Act, the Expression " the Promoters of the Undertaking," wherever used in the said "Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845," shall mean any Parochial Board under this Act: Provided always, that the Provisions in the said Act "with respect to the Purchase and taking " of Lands otherwise than by Agreement" shall have Effect only in respect of such Lands as the Sheriff of the County shall have designated as fitting for a Burial Ground in manner aforesaid: Provided further, that the Provisions in the said Act "with " respect to Lands acquired by the Promoters of the Undertaking " under the Provisions of this or the Special Act, or any Act " incorporated therewith, but which shall not be required for the " Purposes thereof," shall be held to apply only to such Lands or Portions thereof in which no Burial shall have taken place, and such Provisions shall not be restricted in operation to any fixed Period after the Purchase of such Lands.

Parochial Boards may concur in providing a Burial Ground for the common Use of their Parishes.

XIV. The Parochial Boards of any Parishes which shall have respectively resolved to provide Burial Grounds under this Act may concur in providing One Burial Ground for the common Use of such Parishes, in such Manner, not inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act, as they shall mutually agree on, and may agree as to the Proportions in which the Expenses of such Burial Ground shall be borne by such Parishes; and the Proportion of each of such Parishes of such Expenses shall be raised by Assessments in manner after mentioned; and, according and subject to the Terms which shall have been so agreed on, the Parochial Boards for such Parishes respectively shall, for the Purpose of providing and managing such One Burial Ground, and taking and holding Land for the same, act as One joint Board for all such Parishes, and may have a joint Office, Clerk, and Offices, and all the Provisions of this Act shall apply to such joint Board accordingly.

Burial Ground to be the Burial Ground of the Parish or Parishes for which it is provided.

XV. When any Burial Ground shall have been provided in Terms of this Act, such Burial Ground shall, from and after such Time as the Sheriff of the County shall appoint, be deemed the Burial Ground, or Part thereof, of the Parish for which the same is provided; and where the same is provided for Two or more Parishes such Burial Ground shall be in Law as if such Parishes were One Parish, and as if such Burial Ground were the Burial Ground of such One Parish; and the Parishioners and Inhabitants of such Parish, or of each of such Parishes, shall have the same Rights of Sepulture in such Burial Ground as they respectively would have had in the Burial Ground or Burial Grounds in and

for their respective Parish, subject to the Provisions herein con-

XVI. Where any Burial Ground shall be closed in Terms of Liabilities of this Act, and a new Burial Ground provided in place thereof, old Burial the whole Burdens upon, and Liabilities attaching to, the Burial Ground so closed, shall be transferred to, and become Burdens upon, the Burial Ground provided in room thereof; and the Revenues of the new Burial Ground shall be liable for the same, in like Manner as the Revenues of the Burial Ground so closed were liable.

Grounds transferred to new Burial Grounds.

XVII. The general Management, Regulation, and Control of Management to the Burial Grounds provided under this Act shall, subject to the be vested in Pa-Provisions of this Act and the Regulations to be made thereunder, rochial Boards. be vested in and exercised by the respective Parochial Boards providing the same.

XVIII. Any Parochial Board, under such Restrictions and Boards may sell Conditions as they think proper, may sell the exclusive Right of exclusive Burial, either in perpetuity or for a limited Period, in such Parts Rights of Bu-Soneties of the Shoriff he appropriated to that Burney and also to erect Monu-Sanction of the Sheriff be appropriated to that Purpose, and also ments. &c. the Right of constructing any Chapel, Vault, or Place of Burial, with the exclusive Right of Burial therein in perpetuity or for a limited Period, and also the Right of erecting and placing any Monument, Gravestone, Tablet, or Monumental Inscription in such Burial Ground; provided always, that such exclusive Rights shall not extend in all to a Space greater than One Half of such Burial Ground.

XIX. Any Parochial Board may make such Arrangements as Boards may they may from Time to Time think fit for facilitating the Con- make Arrangeveyance of the Bodies of the Dead from the Parish or the Place ments for faciof Death to the Burial Ground which shall be provided under this Act, or to any other Place of Burial, subject to the Provisions this Act, or to any other Place of Burial, subject to the Provisions dies to Burial of this Act and the Regulations to be made thereunder; and it Grounds. shall be lawful for any of the aforesaid Cemetery Companies to undertake any such Arrangement, and to carry the same into effect, subject to the Provisions and Regulations as aforesaid.

XX. It shall be lawful for any Parochial Board, subject to the Places may be Provisions of this Act and the Regulations to be made thereunder, provided for Reto hire, take on Lease, or otherwise to provide fit and proper ception of Bo-Places in which Bodies may be received and taken care of previously to Interment, and to make Arrangements for the Reception and Care of the Bodies to be deposited therein, and for providing such Places such Boards may exercise the Powers vested in them under this Act for providing Burial Grounds.

dies until Inter-

XXI It shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of Secretaries of State, from Time to Time, to make such Regula- State may make tions in relation to the Burial Grounds and Places of Reception of Regulations as Bodies previous to Interment which may be provided under this Grounds, &c. Act, as to him may seem proper for the Protection of the Public Health and the Maintenance of Public Decency; and the Parochial Boards and all other Persons having the Care of such Burial

Grounds and Places for the Reception of Bodies shall conform to and obey such Regulations.

Exemption of Burials from Toll. XXII. No Funeral Procession, or Carriage in such Procession, and no Foot Passenger, shall, while going to or returning from the Place of Interment on the Occasion of any Interment, be liable in any Toll or Pontage.

Board may lay out, &c. Burial Ground. XXIII. It shall be lawful for any Parochial Board to enclose, lay out, and embellish any Burial Ground provided by such Board in such Manner as may be fitting and proper.

Board to fix Payments for Interments in Burial Ground.

XXIV. Every Parochial Board under this Act shall, subject to the Approval of the Sheriff of the County, fix and receive such Fees and Payments in respect of Interments in any Burial Ground provided by such Board as they shall think fit, and from Time to Time revise and alter such Fees and Payments, and a Table showing such Fees and Payments shall be printed and published, and shall be affixed and at all Times continued on some conspicuous Part of such Burial Ground.

Certain Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 65. incorporated.

XXV. The Provisions of "The Cemeteries Clauses Act, 1847," with respect to the Protection of the Cemetery, shall be incorporated with this Act, and be applicable to any Burial Ground provided under this Act, and "the Company" in these Clauses shall signify the Parochial Board under this Act.

Expenses to be paid by Assessments.

XXVI. The Expenses incurred by the Parochial Board of any Parish in carrying this Act into execution, in so far as the Sums received for exclusive Right of Burial or as Fees or other Payments in respect of Interments shall be insufficient, shall be raised by Assessment, to be levied in the same Way as that which may be in force for the Time being for the Relief of the Poor within the Parish; and the Parochial Board shall have like Powers for the levying of such Assessments as Parochial Boards have for the levying of Assessments for the Relief of the Poor.

Power to borrow Money. XXVII. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the Parochial Board to borrow any Money required for providing and laying out any Burial Ground under this Act, and to charge the future Assessments under this Act with the Payment of such Money and Interest thereon: Provided that there shall be paid in every Year, in addition to the Interest of the Money borrowed and unpaid, not less than One Twentieth of the Principal Sum borrowed, until the whole is discharged.

The Public Works Loan Commissioners may advance Money for the Purposes of this Act. XXVIII. The Commissioners for carrying into execution an Act of the Session of Parliament holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter Twenty-three, "to "authorize for a further Period the Advance of Money out of the "Consolidated Fund to a limited Amount for carrying on Public "Works and Fisheries and Employment of the Poor," and any Act or Acts amending or continuing the same, may from Time to Time make to the Parochial Board of any Parish, for the Purposes of this Act, any Loan, under the Provisions of the recited Act or the several Acts therein recited or referred to, upon Security of the Assessments for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish.

Minutes of Proceedings of

XXIX. Minutes of all Proceedings of the Parochial Board, under this Act, with the Names of the Members who attend cach Meeting.

Burial Grounds (Scotland).

Meeting, shall be kept; and the Parochial Board shall provide Board to be enand keep Books in which shall be entered true and regular Accounts tered in a Book. of all Sums of Money received and paid for or on account of the Board to keep Purposes of this Act in the Parish, and of all Liabilities incurred Accounts, which by them for such Purposes, and of the several Purposes for which such Sums of Money are paid and such Liabilities incurred; and all such Books shall at all reasonable Times be open to the Examination of every Member of the Parochial Board and Ratepayer, without Fee, and they may take Copies of or Extracts from such Books or any Part thereof, without paying for the same.

XXX. The Parochial Board may appoint and may remove, at Board may appleasure, a Clerk and such other Officers and Servants as shall be point and renecessary for the Business of the Board in presect of and for the move Officers, Purposes of their Burial Ground, and may appoint reasonable Salaries, Wages, and Allowances for such Clerk, Officers, and Servants, and, when necessary, may hire a sufficient Office for

transacting their Business.

XXXI. All Burials within any Burial Ground provided under Register of Buthis Act shall be registered in a Register Book to be provided by rials to be kept the Parochial Board providing such Ground, and kept for that ineveryGround Purpose; and such Register Book shall be so kept by some Officer provided under appointed by the said Board to that Duty; and in such Register Books shall be distinguished in what Parts of the Burial Ground the several Bodies (the Burials of which are entered in such Register Books) are buried; and in case such Burial Ground has been provided for more than One Parish, such Register shall be kept or indexed so as to facilitate Searches for Entries in such Books in respect of Bodies from the several Parishes; and such Registers to be Register Books, or Copies or Extracts purporting to be thereof, Evidence. shall be received in all Courts as Evidence of the Burials entered therein.

XXXII. No Interlocutor or Deliverance of a Sheriff under Sheriff's Decithis Act, excepting as herein provided, shall be in any way subject sions to be final. to Review, or to be set aside by reason of any Defect of Form therein or in the Procedure on which it followed.

shall be open to Inspection.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act to discontinue the taking of Toll on the Turnpike Roads leading from the City of Dublin and on the Turnpike Road from Kinnegad to Athlone, and to provide for the Maintenance of such Roads as public Roads, and for the Discharge of the Debts due thereon, and other Pur-[16th July 1855.]

TATHEREAS, under the Provisions of the Acts recited in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, Trustees were appointed for the Management and Maintenance of the Roads

' next herein-after mentioned, with Power to levy Tolls thereon: ' And whereas Her Majesty was, on the Thirtcenth Day of June

' in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, pleased to issue a Commission under the Great Seal to certain Persons

' therein

' therein named, directing them, amongst other things, to inquire ' into and to report upon the Propriety of maintaining or abolish-' ing the said Turnpike Trust Roads, namely, the Dublin, Mala-' hide, Howth and Clontarf, the Dublin and Dunleer, the Dublin ' and Knocksedan, the Dublin by Ashbourne to Slane and Drog-' heda, the Ratoath, the Dublin and Navan, the Dublin and ' Mullingar, and the Road branching from same by Kinnegad to ' Athlone, and the Dublin and Carlow, and to further report upon ' the Receipt and Expenditure and the Accounts of each Trust ' aforesaid, and upon the Debts and Charges thereon, and upon the 'actual Value in each of the last Ten Years of the Debentures ' and Charges due by the said Trusts respectively, and the Mode ' of paying off the said Debentures and Charges which should ' appear to the said Commissioners most just and equitable, and ' the Proportion thereof which should be charged to the respec-'tive Counties or Baronies concerned: And whereas the said ' Commissioners have since made their Reports to Her Majesty, ' and have reported in favour of abolishing the Turnpikes on the ' said Roads, and have recommended that the said Roads should ' be maintained as the other free Highways of the Counties in ' which they may be situated, and have offered Suggestions as to ' the Mode in which the said Turnpike Trusts should be abolished. 'and the Debentures and Debts due thereon should be valued, 'apportioned, and discharged: And whereas it is expedient that ' certain Recommendations of the said Commissioners should be 'adopted, with Modifications thereof; but such Purposes cannot ' be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows; that is to say,

Short Title.

Interpretation of Terms.

I. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The *Dublin* and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855."

II. In the Construction and for the Purposes of this Act (if not inconsistent with the Context or Subject Matter) the following Terms shall have the respective Meanings herein-after assigned to them; that is to say,

The Word "Person" shall include Corporation, whether sole or aggregate:

"The Lord Lieutenant" shall mean the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of *Ireland* for the Time being:

- "Rents" shall mean any Rents or Annuities secured upon or payable out of the Tolls levied under any of the Acts mentioned in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed:
- "Rentholder" shall mean any Person entitled to any such Rents:
- "Mortgage" shall mean any Security for Monies secured upon the Tolls levied under the Provisions of any of the Acts mentioned in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed:

"Mortgagee" shall mean any Person entitled to any such Security:

" Trustees,"

"Trustees," as regards Turnpike Trusts, shall include Commissioners and Directors:

"Barony" shall include Half Barony:

"Officer" shall include Secretary, Treasurer, Clerk, Surveyor, and Toll Collector:

"Road" shall include Bridges and all other Works appertaining to the Road:

"Treasurer of the County" shall, as regards the County of Dublin, mean the Finance Committee, or Secretary of the Grand Jury, as the Case may be:

"Half-yearly," when used with reference to Presentments to be made under this Act, shall, as regards the County of Dub-

lin, be understood to mean yearly: And

"Assizes," as regards the County of Dublin, shall be held to

mean Presenting Term.

III. It shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, by Warrant Appointment of under his Hand, to appoint any fit Person to be the Commissioner for carrying this Act into execution, and upon any Vacancy in the Office of such Commissioner to appoint some other fit Person to such Office, and the said Person so to be from Time to Time appointed shall be the Commissioner for executing this Act, and shall be styled "The Dublin Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner."

IV. All Certificates, Awards, or other Instruments made by Authentication or proceeding from the Commissioner in pursuance of this Act of Documents. shall be sufficiently authenticated if under the Hand of the Commissioner, and the same may be in Writing or in Print, or partly in Writing and partly in Print; and all such Certificates, Awards, To be Eviand other Instruments, or Copies thereof, purporting to be executed dence. by the Commissioner, shall be Evidence that such Certificates, Awards, or other Instruments were duly made and executed, and that all the Requisitions of this Act in relation thereto were complied with, unless the contrary be shown.

V. All Certificates, Awards, and other Instruments made or Proceedings, executed pursuant to this Act by the Commissioner, and all Pro- &c. of Comceedings under this Act of such Commissioner, shall be binding and conclusive (except as in this Act otherwise provided) on all to be removed Parties thereto, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and by Certiorari. shall not be removed or removable by Certiorari or by any other Writ or Process into any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts at

Dublin.

VI. All Notices and other Documents by this Act directed to be Notices may be delivered or given, except such as are to be given by Advertise- sent by Post.

ment, may be sent by Post.

VII. It shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant to direct such Remuneration Sum, not exceeding Two hundred Pounds, as he shall think fit, of Commisto be paid to the Commissioner to be appointed under this Act as sioner. a Remuneration for his Services in carrying this Act into execution, and in case of a Vacancy in the Office of such Commissioner, to direct a Sum not exceeding the said Sum of Two hundred Pounds to be paid to any other fit Person who shall be appointed to the Office of such Commissioner; and the Remuneration of every such Commissioner shall be provided and paid as S 4

Commissioner for executing the Act.

C. 69.

The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855.

Part of the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution: Provided, that if any such Commissioner shall die, be removed, or vacate his Office, before the making of a General Award as by this Act provided, then it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant to direct that such Portion only as to the Lord Lieutenant shall seem just and reasonable of the Remuneration so originally directed to be paid to any Commissioner so dying, being removed, or vacating his Office, shall be paid in respect of the Services of such Commissioner.

Declaration to be taken by Commissioner.

VIII. Every Commissioner appointed under this Act shall. before he enters upon the Execution of his Office, make the following Declaration before One of the Justices of the Court of Queen's Bench or Common Pleas or One of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland; that is to say,

'I A.B., do solemnly declare, That I will faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, ' fulfil all the Powers and Duties of the Commission under "The ' Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855."'

And the Appointment of every such Commissioner, with the Time when and the Name of the Justice or Baron before whom he shall have made the said Declaration, shall be forthwith pub-

lished in the Dublin Gazette.

IX. The Commissioner shall proceed, so soon as he conveniently can after the passing of this Act, to sit for the Execution thereof, and before proceeding to inquire into the Affairs of any Trust shall cause Notice to be given of the Day and Time at which he shall determine to hold any Sitting, other than adjourned Sittings, and of the Purpose thereof, by Advertisement to be inserted in some Newspaper circulating in the City of Dublin, and in some Newspaper or Newspapers circulating in each of the Counties in which may be situate the Turnpike Trusts in respect of which such Sitting may be intended to be held, Fourteen Days at least before the Time fixed for holding any such Sitting; and the Commissioner shall have Power to adjourn his Sittings from Time to Time and from Place to Place, as may be found necessary.

Sittings may be adjourned.

Commissioner to carry Act

into execution.

Notice to be

given of Sit-

tings.

Commissioner to inquire into Debts, Conditions, &c. of Trusts.

X. The Commissioner shall make, so far as he shall deem necessary in order to the Execution of the several Powers and Duties hereby vested in him, full and diligent Inquiry into the Revenue and Debts of each of the several Turnpike Trusts to which the Acts of Parliament in Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed apply, and shall examine and ascertain the Amount and Nature of all Mortgages, Rents, and other Debts to which he shall consider each such Trust to be liable, and shall ascertain all Particulars relating to such Trust which he shall deem essential: and the Commissioner shall require to be produced, and shall examine and compare with the Registries thereof, all Mortgages or other Securities in respect of which any Claims upon the Tolls of such Turnpike Trusts shall be made; and in case it shall appear to the Commissioner, by the Books of such Trust, or by any other Evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner, that any Person is a bond fide Mortgagee, Rentholder, or Creditor of such Trust

When Securities lost Commissioner may include Holders amongst Creditors.

Trust, though the Mortgage or Security of such Person may have been lost, mislaid, or destroyed, the Commissioner shall include such Person among the Mortgagees, Rentholders, or Creditors of such Trust in respect thereof.

XI. The Commissioner may, by Summons under his Hand, Power to sumrequire the Attendance before him, at a Time and Place to be mon Witnesses, mentioned in such Summons, of any Trustee or Officer of any of the said Trusts, as well as of any other Person whom he may think fit to examine upon any Question or Matter connected with or relating to the Execution of this Act, and may examine upon Oath any such Trustee, Officer, or Person, and may require the Production of any Books, Accounts, Maps, Acts of Parliament, or other Documents which the Commissioner may consider to relate to any such Question or Matter: Provided always, that on Person shall be obliged by any such Summons to go or travel more than Sixty Miles from the Place of his usual Abode; and the Commissioner may allow to any Witness attending pursuant to any such Summons such Expenses as he may deem reasonable.

XII. Every Person who, being examined under the Authority As to giving of this Act by the Commissioner, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, false Evidence, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor; and refusing to give every Person who, being summoned as aforesaid, shall wilfully stroying Docurefuse or neglect to attend or to give Evidence, and every Person who shall wilfully alter, suppress, conceal, destroy, or refuse to produce any such Books, Accounts, Maps, Acts of Parliament, or other Documents as aforesaid, shall be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted.

XIII. The Commissioner shall make a full and particular Record Record of Proin Writing of such of his Proceedings in execution of this Act as he shall deem essential.

XIV. So soon as the Commissioner shall have ascertained all Commissioner such Particulars relating to any such Turnpike Trust as he shall deem essential, he shall proceed to estimate and determine the Sums to be payable in respect of the Mortgages to the Payment of which he shall consider such Trust to be liable, in the Manner next herein-after provided; that is to say, firstly, all Interest payable in re-which shall be due and unpaid upon such Mortgages upon the spect of such Fifth Day of January next after the passing of this Act shall be extinguished; secondly, the Sums to be payable in respect of the Mortgages of the several Trust Roads following, namely, the Dublin and Knocksedan, the Dublin by Ashbourne to Slane and Drogheda, and the Dublin and Mullingar, shall be the full Amount of the Principal Monies secured by such Mortgages: thirdly, the Sums to be payable in respect of the Mortgages of the said Trust Road from Dublin to Dunleer shall be One Twentieth Part of the Principal Monies secured by such Mortgages; fourthly, the Sums to be payable in respect of the Mortgages of the said Trust Road from Kinnegad to Athlone shall be One Moiety of the Principal Monies secured by such Mortgages; fifthly, the Sums to be payable in respect of the Mortgages or Sums advanced by

and to require Production of Documents.

to ascertain Mortgages charged on each Trust, and Sums to be Mortgages.

the Exchequer Loan Commissioners to the Trustees of the said Trust Road from Dublin to Navan shall be the Sum of Six thousand Pounds, and the Residue of the Principal Monies so advanced, and all other Mortgages upon the said last-mentioned Trust Road, shall be extinguished; and, lastly, no Sum shall be payable in respect of the Mortgages of the said Trust Road from Dublin to Carlow.

Commissioner to ascertain Rents payable by each Trust.

XV. The Commissioner shall in like Manner ascertain the Nature and Amount of all Rents charged upon and payable out of the Tolls of any such Trust, and all Rents reserved on Leases, and the Sums to be payable in respect of every such Rent shall be an Annuity of the same annual Amount as such Rent, and for the same Term as such Rent may have been made payable: Provided, that when such Rent shall be payable or reserved during the Continuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, such Rent shall be deemed a perpetual Rent: Provided also, that when the Interest in any such Lease shall be sold under this Act, no Annuity shall be payable in respect of the Rent thereby reserved.

XVI. The Commissioner shall in like Manner ascertain the to ascertain cer-Nature and Amount of all Debts, other than Mortgages, to the Payment of which he shall consider each such Trust to be justly and properly liable; and the Sums to be payable in respect of all such Debts, other than Mortgages, shall be the full Amount of

such Debts.

Debts so ascertained to be charged on Counties and Baronies. Apportionment of Charges and Annuities.

Commissioner

tain Debts due

on such Trusts.

XVII. The Sums and Annuities which the Commissioner shall so determine to be payable in respect of any such Turnpike Trust shall be charged upon the Counties and Baronies of the Counties in which the Roads comprised in such Trust are locally situate as next herein-after provided; that is to say, where the whole of the Roads comprised in any such Trust shall be locally situate in One County only, One Half of such Charges and Annuities shall be apportioned to the County (except in the County of Dublin), and the other Half to and between the Baronies thereof in which such Roads are situate, in proportion to the Length of such Roads in each such Barony; and where the Roads comprised in any such Trust shall be locally situate in more Counties than One, such Charges and Annuities shall be divided, first between such Counties, by allotting specific Charges and Annuities to each such County as nearly in proportion to the Length of such Roads in each such County as the Number and Amount of such Charges and Annuities will admit, and the specific Charges and Annuities so allotted to each such County shall (except in the County of Dublin) be then apportioned between such County and the Baronies thereof as herein-before provided with respect to Trusts locally situate in One County only: Provided, that, as regards the County of Dublin, no Portion of such Charges and Annuities shall be apportioned to the said County, but the whole thereof shall be apportioned to and between the Baronies thereof in proportion to the Length of such Roads in each such Barony: Provided also, that when in the Division between such Counties of the Charges and Annuities in respect of any particular Trust any greater Proportion of such Charges and Annuities shall have been

been allotted to any such County than in the Proportion of such Roads therein it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to take the same into account in dividing the Charges and Annuities in respect of any other of such Trusts, or in the apportioning of the Costs, Charges, and Expenses herein-after mentioned, so as to make the aggregate of Charges and Annuities upon each such County in respect of such Roads therein locally situate as nearly as possible in the Proportions herein-before provided: Provided also, that when the Sum payable in respect of any specific Mortgage shall be of such Amount that the same cannot be properly allotted in the Manner aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to divide the same rateably between Counties and Baronies, anything herein contained with regard to allotting specific Sums to each County or Barony to the contrary notwithstanding.

of each Turnpike Trust, a separate Award in Writing, and shall missioner. specify therein the Names of all such Persons as he shall have determined to be entitled to any Monies as Mortgagees or Creditors of such Trust, or to any Annuities, together with the Sums of Money or Annuities to which, in the Judgment of the Commissioners, the said Person shall be respectively entitled, and shall also specify therein the Names of all such Persons as shall have claimed or who shall appear to be Creditors or Mortgagees or Rentholders of such Trust to whom the Commissioner shall have determined to award no Sum, and shall also specify therein the Apportionment which the Commissioner shall have made as afore-

his Award to the Clerk or other Officer of such Trust, and the Award to be said Clerk or other Officer shall, within Three Days from the Delivery of such Award, give Notice in Writing to the several Persons therein named of the Particulars of such Award regarding such

said of the Sums of Money or Annuities payable in respect of such Trust by the Counties or Baronies in which such Trust Roads shall

Persons respectively.

XIX. Where any Monies or Annuities shall be due to any Awards may be Infant, the Award may be made for the Payment of the Sum or to Representa-Annuity therein specified to the Guardian of such Infant, or if there shall be no Guardian than to any Trustee for Infant, or if under Disabithere shall be no Guardian then to any Trustee for such Infant; lities. and if any Monies or Annuities shall be due to a Lunatic or Idiot, then the Award may be made for such Payment to the Committee of such Lunatic or Idiot; and where any Monies or Annuities shall be due to any Person, in trust for others, the Award may be made for such Payment to the Trustee; or in case of the Refusal to act or Incapacity of any such Trustee, or if for any other Cause it shall to the Commissioner appear expedient, then the Commissioner by his said Award or by any Writing under his Hand may appoint another Trustee for the Purpose of receiving such Payment.

XX. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses attending or incident Provisions as to to the applying for and obtaining this Act, and the Expenses of Payment of the Commissioner in carrying this Act into execution, shall be Act, &c.

XVIII. The Commissioner shall thereupon make, in the Case Award of Com-

be situate; and the Commissioner shall forthwith deliver a Copy of Notice of

paid as by this Act provided; and it shall be lawful for all Persons having Claims in respect of such Costs, Charges, and Expenses, at any Time within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act. to deliver to the Commissioner an Account thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioner, if he shall so think fit, to cause the same or any Part thereof to be taxed by the proper Officer or Officers; and the Commissioner shall award to the Persons entitled thereto the Amount of such Accounts, or in case of Taxation the Amount thereof as taxed; and the Commissioner shall keep an Account of all Expenses incurred by him in carrying this Act into execution, and may by his Award certify the Amount thereof; and the Commissioner shall apportion the Sums so awarded and the Amount of such Expenses so certified between the Counties and the Baronies of the Counties in which the said Turnpike Trusts are situate, as herein provided with respect to Charges for Roads locally situate in more than One County; and the said Awards of the Commissioners shall have the same Force and Effect as any other Awards made in pursuance of this Act: Provided that in dividing between Counties such Sums and Expenses the Commissioner may divide the same rateably, and without allotting specific Sums, anything herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding; provided also, that the Sums so awarded, and the said Expenses of the Commissioner, so certified, shall be the First Charge on all Monies applicable to such Purpose which shall come to the Hand of the Commissioner by virtue of this Act. in preference to all other Claims whatsoever.

Commissioner to make a General Award.

XXI. So soon as conveniently may be after the Amount of the Sums and Annuities payable to the several Mortgagees, Creditors, and Rentholders of the Trusts, to which the Acts in Schedule (A.) to this Act apply, shall have been ascertained under this Act so far as the Commissioner may be enabled to ascertain the same, and after the Commissioner shall have ascertained the Amount of the Costs, Charges, and Expenses last aforesaid, and of the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution, and shall have made the several Awards by this Act directed, the Commissioner shall draw up a General Award, which shall specify the specific Sums and Annuities payable to the Mortgagees, Creditors, and Rentholders of the said Trusts allotted by the Commissioner to each County, and the Apportionment of each such specific Sum and Annuity between such County and the Baronies thereof, and in like Manner the Division and Apportionment made by the Commissioner of all Sums payable in respect of such Costs, Charges, and Expenses, and the Persons to whom the said Sums, Annuities, Costs, and Expenses shall be respectively payable, and as regards the said Annuities the said Award shall specify the Terms or Periods during which they shall be respectively payable: Provided always, that the Sums payable in respect of such Costs, Charges, and Expenses, and of all Debts, other than Mortgages and Rents, shall be payable in One Instalment, and not otherwise, and the said Award shall specify that such Sums shall be so payable: Provided also, that in such General Award the Commissioner may make such Alterations in the Divisions and Apportionments

tionments made in his previous Awards under this Act as he may deem necessary to render the aggregate of the Charges upon each County and the Baronies thereof as nearly as possible in the

Proportion by this Act directed.

XXII. Such General Award, when executed by the Commis- Award to be sioner, shall be enrolled in the Rolls Office of Her Majesty's Court enrolled, &c. of Chancery in Ireland within Three Months after the Execution thereof, and a Copy thereof shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of each County in which may be situate any of the said Trusts, and the said Clerk of the Peace is hereby authorized and required to receive and deposit the same amongst the Records of the County; and such Award, when so executed and enrolled, shall be binding and conclusive upon all Persons whomsoever; and a Copy thereof, certified by the proper Officer of Her Majesty's Rolls Office, shall be Evidence that it was duly made, and that all the Requisitions of this Act in relation thereto were complied

XXIII. In case, after such General Award shall have been so Commissioner made, any Claims shall be made in respect of Debts, Mortgages, or may make Rents not included in such General Award, it shall be lawful for Supplemental the Commissioner to entertain the same, and to make Supplemental Awards in relation thereto, as herein-before provided with respect to the General Award under this Act, which Supplemental Awards shall be considered Amendments of or Additions to such General Award, and shall be enrolled and deposited with the Clerk of the Peace in like Manner, and the Creditors, Mortgagees, and Rentholders included in such Supplemental Awards shall for the Purposes of this Act be considered as included in such General Award.

XXIV. The Sums and Annuities which the Commissioner shall Grand Juries have ascertained by the said General Award to be payable by any to present Inte-such County or any Barony thereof shall be payable by the Grand rest, Annuities, Jury of such County; and the Commissioner shall certify to the Secretary of such Grand Jury the Amount of such Sums of Money and Annuities, and the Manner by and in which the same are to be payable, pursuant to this Act; and such Grand Jury is hereby empowered and required, without Application at Presentment Sessions, from Time to Time to make Presentment of Interest, from the Fifth Day of January next after the passing of this Act, at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, upon the Sums payable in respect of the said Mortgages, and of the Amount of the Gales from Time to Time due of such Annuities, and at the Assizes or Presenting Term next after the said Commissioner shall have so certified to present the whole Sums certified to be payable in respect of such Costs, Charges, and Expenses as aforesaid, and also in respect of any Debts, other than Mortgages and Rents, to be raised off the County at large or any Barony thereof, pursuant to the said Certificate; and in default of such Presentment the Court at the Assizes, or in the County of Dublin at the Presenting Term, shall order the Amount of such Interest, Gales of Annuity, Costs, Expenses, or Debts, as the Case may be, to be raised off such County or any Barony thereof

and

The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855.

thereof, and such Order shall have the Force of a Presentment; and the Treasurer of such County shall insert the Amount of such Interest, Gales of Annuity, Costs, Expenses, or Debts, as the Case may be, in his Warrants, and the same shall be applotted, raised, and levied as if the same had been duly presented; and when and so soon as the Amount of such Interest, Gales of Annuity, Costs, Expenses, or Debts shall be raised and received by the Treasurer of the County, such Treasurer shall immediately pay the same to the Persons entitled thereto: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall authorize any Mortgagee to enforce Payment of the Principal Sum due upon and secured by any Mortgage.

Commissioner to give Mortgagees Certificate of Amount due.

XXV. So soon as the said General Award shall have been executed by the Commissioner, he shall cause to be prepared, and shall deliver to every Mortgagee and Rentholder entitled under the said General Award to any Monies or Annuities allotted to any particular County, a Mortgage or Security, setting forth the Principal Sum secured by such Mortgage, and the Rate of Interest payable thereon, or the Annuity to which such Rentholder may be entitled, as the Case may be, and the Counties to which the same have been respectively allotted; and such Mortgage may be in the Form in Schedule (B.) and such Annuity in the Form in Schedule (D.) to this Act annexed: Provided always, that no Mortgage or Security shall be given to any such Mortgagee or Rentholder until he shall have delivered up to the said Commissioner every Mortgage or other Security in his Possession or Power, whereby the Debt or Rent in respect of which such General Award was made may have been secured.

Register to be kept.

XXVI. The Treasurer of the County shall keep a Register of all Mortgages and Securities under this Act affecting the County, and before he shall make any Payment on Foot thereof to the Parties entitled thereto he shall enter in such Register the Number and Date thereof, and the Sums or Annuity therein specified, and the Name and Description of the Party to whom the same is or are payable; and every such Register shall be open to public Inspection during Office Hours at the Office of such Treasurer, without Fee or Reward.

Register of Transfers. XXVII. Any Mortgagee or Rentholder entitled to any Mortgage or Annuity under this Act may transfer his Estate and Interest therein to any other Person by Deed duly stamped, truly stating his Name, the Date of his Mortgage or Security, the Name and Description of the Parties thereto, and the Consideration for such Transfers; and such Transfer of a Mortgage may be in the Form in Schedule (C.) and such Transfer of an Annuity in the Form in Schedule (E.) to this Act annexed, or to the like Effect, and the Treasurer of the County shall keep a Register of such Transfers; and all such Transfers shall, previous to Payment of any Sum on Foot of the Mortgage or Annuity therein expressed to be transferred, be produced to the Treasurer of the County, and such Treasurer shall, without Fee or Reward, cause an Entry to be made in such Register of its Date, and of the Names and Descriptions of the Parties thereto, as stated in the Transfer;

and upon any Transfer being so registered the Transferee, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall be entitled to the full Benefit of the Mortgage or Annuity so transferred; and every such Transferee may in like Manner transfer his Estate

and Interest in any such Mortgage.

A.D.1855.

XXVIII. Payment to the Persons named in the said Certifi- Payment to be cates, Awards, Mortgages, or Securities respectively, their Heirs, a Discharge. Executors, Administrators, or Assigns respectively, or to the Guardian of any Infant, or to the Committee of any Idiot or Lunatic, shall be a valid and effectual Payment and Discharge of and in respect to the Monies and Annuities by the said Awards directed to be paid; and the Treasurer of the County may pay any such Monies and Annuities to the Persons whom it shall be made to appear to his Satisfaction are the Persons or Bodies beneficially or as Trustees entitled thereto, and notwithstanding any Error or Omission in the said Awards as to the Persons or the Names or Descriptions of the Persons entitled thereto.

XXIX. If any Trustee entitled to any Money so awarded shall Treasurer of refuse to accept the same, or if it shall appear to the Treasurer of County may the County that there is no Person to whom Payment thereof can awarded in the be lawfully made, as herein-before provided, it shall be lawful for Court of Chanthe Treasurer to deposit the said Monies in the Bank of Ireland, cerv. in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to the Credit (under any Description which shall appear to the said Treasurer sufficient) of the Persons entitled thereto, and upon any such Deposit being made the Cashier of the Bank of Ireland shall give the said Treasurer a Receipt for such Money, and thereupon the said Treasurer shall be discharged from all further Responsibility or Duty in regard to the Money so deposited; and upon the Application by Petition of any Party making Claim to such Money or any Part thereof, the said Court of Chancery may make such Order in relation thereto as to such Court shall seem fit.

XXX. Upon Payment, pursuant to this Act, of the Sums in Claims to be the said Award mentioned, the Claims of all Persons in respect extinguished. of the Sums so awarded, and of the Securities or Demands in respect of which such Sums shall have been so awarded, shall be

extinguished.

XXXI. In case any Grand Jury shall be desirous of purchasing, Grand Juries paying off, or redeeming the said Mortgages or Annuities, or any may present for of them, it shall be lawful for any such Grand Jury to present such Mortgages. Sum as shall appear to be necessary for that Purpose, to be apportioned as between the County and the Baronies thereof in the same Proportions as the Mortgages or Annuities intended to be paid off or redeemed shall have been apportioned, and the Amount of such Presentment shall be raised and levied as any other Monies to be presented, raised, and levied by such Grand Jury.

XXXII In case any of the said Grand Juries should be Power to Gran! desirous of raising the Amount necessary to purchase, pay off, or Juries to borredeem the said Mortgages, Annuities, Debts, or any of them, by pay off Mortway of Loan from any Person willing to make Advances of Mortway of Loan from any Person willing to make Advances of Money gages, &c.

for the Purpose, it shall thereupon be lawful for any such Grand Jury at any Assizes, or if in the County of Dublin at any Presenting Term, to present such Sum as shall be intended to be raised by Loan in order to obtain such Advance, and to set forth in such Presentment that the said Sum shall be raised and levied by half-yearly Instalments of not less than Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum, and likewise to present a Sum sufficient to pay the annual Interest of the Sum so advanced, and of the Balance thereof from Time to Time remaining due, at a Rate not exceeding Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, and also to set forth in such Presentment the Proportions thereof as directed by the said Certificate to be raised on the County at large or upon any Barony thereof; and it shall be lawful for any such Grand Jury in every such Presentment to nominate and appoint a Committee of not less than Three or more than Five Persons to treat, agree, and contract for a Loan with any Person willing to make the same on the Security of such Presentment, and otherwise to carry the said Presentment into effect; and every such Presentment may be in the Form in Schedule (F.) to this Act annexed.

Grand Jury to nominate Committee to treat, &c. for a Loan.

Committee to negotiate Loan.

XXXIII. And it shall be lawful for the Committee so nominated and appointed, or any Three or more of them, to treat, agree with, and contract for a Loan with any Person willing to make the same on the Faith of such Presentment, and for the Rate of Interest not exceeding the Limit aforesaid to be paid in respect of such Loan; and the Terms of every such Contract shall be reduced to Writing on a certified Copy of such Presentment, and signed by the said Committee or any Three or more of them, and by the Person advancing such Money, and shall be delivered to such lastmentioned Person, and held by him as a Security for his Loan until the whole Amount thereof, with Interest as therein set forth, shall be fully paid off and discharged.

Loan to be paid to Treasurer.

XXXIV. The Loan shall be paid into the Account and to the Credit of the Treasurer of the County, and accounted for by him in like Manner as any other Monies by him received for the Use of the County, and all Securities given by him shall extend to such Monies; and the Treasurer, so soon as the said Loan shall have been so paid into his Credit as such Treasurer, shall pay and apply the same to and amongst the Persons entitled to the Sums in respect of which such Loan shall have been made.

Treasurer to insert in Warrants Instalments of Loan. XXXV. The Treasurer of the County shall, without further Authority or Presentment in that Behalf, issue his Warrant for or include in his general Warrant at each Assizes, or, if in the County of Dublin, Presenting Term, such Portion of the whole Sum presented by the Grand Jury as aforesaid, together with such Sum for Interest thereon as may be necessary for the Purpose of paying to the Person so advancing Money the Instalments and Interest thereon as aforesaid, and it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury to restrain the issuing of any such Warrant; and the Sum inserted in such Warrant shall be raised and levied as other Monies directed by any Warrant of such Treasurer are by Law raised and levied; and such Treasurer shall pay the Person so advancing Money all such Monies as shall be received by him by virtue of

the Presentment and Warrants aforesaid, till the whole Loan, with the Interest thereon, shall be paid: Provided always, that all Monies in the Treasurer's Hands shall be applicable to pay the said Instalments of Principal, and the Interest thereon, according to the Terms of any such Loan, and if it shall happen that any Money shall be raised by virtue of any such Presentment which shall not be required for the Purposes for which it shall have been so raised, the same shall be carried to the Credit of the County or Barony from which it shall have been raised.

XXXVI. So soon as the Amount of the Presentment so made Grand Juries or the Loan so contracted for the Purpose of purchasing, paying may redeem off, or redeeming any such Mortgages or Annuities shall have been paid to or received by the Treasurer of the County, he shall apply the same in paying to such Mortgagees the Principal Sum due on Foot of their said Mortgages, or such less Sum as the said Mortgagees may be willing or shall have agreed to accept for their said Mortgages, or in redeeming the said Annuities, upon such Terms as the said Annuitants may be willing to accept: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to pay the said Annuitants, in redemption of their said Annuities, any greater Sum than at the Rate of One hundred Pounds for every Four Pounds of Annuity.

XXXVII. When any such Mortgage or Annuity shall have Redeemed been paid off or redeemed, the same shall be transferred by the Mortgages or Mortgagee or Annuitant to the Treasurer in the Manner herein provided, and the Deed of Transfer shall express that the same has been transferred to the said Treasurer, in trust for the County, and thereupon the said Mortgage or Annuity shall be extinguished, and the Security therefor shall be cancelled by the Treasurer, and delivered to the Clerk of the Peace, to be kept among the Records of the County, and the said Treasurer shall enter in the said Transfer Book a Memorandum that said Security has been so cancelled and delivered.

XXXVIII. On and after the Fifth Day of January next after Acts named in the passing of this Act, the several Acts set forth in Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed are hereby repealed, and from thenceforth the Trustees appointed by the said Acts shall be discharged from the Execution of the Trusts and Powers thereby vested in them, and the Collection and taking of Tolls upon the Roads in the said Acts comprised shall absolutely cease; and upon and from the said Tolls to cease, Fifth Day of January the said Roads shall be and become and the and Roads desame are hereby declared to be public Roads of the Counties in which such Roads are respectively situate, and shall be maintained and kept in repair in like Manner and shall be subject to the like Provisions as other public Roads within the said several Counties.

XXXIX. The Officers employed under the said Acts hereby Officers to acrepealed shall, within Thirty Days after the said Fifth Day of count, and de-January, make up, sign, and balance their Accounts up to the said Fifth Day of January, and shall lay the same before the Commissioner, who is hereby authorized to examine such Officers upon Oath as to the Truth of their Accounts, and to accept and receive any Balance that may be due by any such Officer; and every such Officer shall pay or deliver to the Commissioner, or to 18 & 19 Vict.

Mortgages or Annuities.

Annuities to be cancelled.

Schedule (A.) to be repealed.

clared public Roads.

liver up Documents, &c.

such Person as he shall direct and appoint to receive the same, all Monies, Balances, Securities, Vouchers, Receipts, Accounts, and other Documents, and also all Materials, Tools, Implements, and other Things in his Possession or Control by virtue of his said Office; and if any such Officer shall neglect or refuse to render such Accounts, or to pay any such Balance, or to deliver to the Commissioner or the Person appointed by him as aforesaid any of the Documents or Things aforesaid in his Possession or Control by virtue of his said Office, such Officer shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted.

Penalty for not accounting.

Penalties, &c. how to be recovered.

XL. All Fines or Penalties inflicted or imposed by this Act may be sued for and recovered in a summary Way by the Order and Adjudication of any Justice or Justices of the Peace at Petty Sessions, under and subject to the several Provisions and Regulations relating to summary Jurisdiction contained in "The Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851," and shall be applied in the Manner by the said Act directed.

Property of Trusts to vest in Commissioner.

XLI. Upon and from the said Fifth Day of January all Lands, Quarries, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and all Turnpikes, Toll Houses, Toll Bars, Toll Gates, Side Gates, Chains, Lamps, Lamp Posts, Monies, Choses in Action, and all other Property vested in or belonging to the Trustees of the several Roads, for the Purposes of the Trusts thereof, shall vest in the Commissioner for such Estate or Interest as the said Trustees shall have therein; and the said Trustees and their Officers and all other Persons in possession thereof shall surrender the same, and all the Title Deeds. Leases, Contracts, Instruments, or Things relating thereto, to the Commissioner, to be by him applied as by this Act directed.

Trust Property to be sold.

XLII. The Commissioner shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the said Fifth Day of January, sell and dispose or authorize the Sale and Disposal of the Estate and Interest in such of the Lands or other Real Property of each of the said Turnpike Trusts so vested in him as shall not be required for the Purposes of the said Roads, and the Rights, Members, and Appurtenances thereof, and of such Personal Property as aforesaid, either by Public Auction or by Private Contract, and either in One Lot or in several Lots, as to him shall seem fit, to such Persons as shall be willing to become the Purchasers thereof or of any Part thereof; and the Commissioner shall have full Power and Authority to enter into all necessary Contracts for Sales, or to rescind or vary the same, and to give full and effectual Discharges for the Purchase Money thereof or any Part thereof, and to execute all necessary Conveyances for vesting the same in the Purchasers thereof, or any Part thereof, for all the Estate or Interest therein which shall be vested in the Commissioner; and the Commissioner shall and he is hereby authorized and required to take down and remove all or any Turnpikes, Toll Houses, Toll Bars, Toll Gates, Side Gates, Chains, or other Things which shall encroach upon the Roads or any of them, and may, if he thinks fit, take down or remove all or any other Turnpikes, Toll Houses, Toll Bars, Toll Gates, Side Gates.

Gates, Chains, or other Things the Property of the said Turnpike Trusts, and may sell and dispose of the Materials thereof in manner aforesaid: Provided always, that before the Commissioner shall sell and dispose of or offer for Sale and Disposal any Piece of Ground not wanted for the Purposes of the Road, he shall offer the same to the Person whose Lands shall adjoin thereto, and if such Person shall thereupon refuse or shall not agree to purchase the same such Land may be sold to any Person who may be willing to become the Purchaser thereof as aforesaid.

XLIII. All Monies to arise from such Sales of the Property Application of of any such Turnpike Trust, after deducting the necessary Ex- Produce of penses thereof, and all Monies to be received from the Trustees or Sales and Ba-Officers of any such Turnpike Trust, shall be applied by the Commissioner in the first instance in discharge of the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of obtaining and carrying into execution this Act; and the several Counties or the Baronies thereof wherein is situate the Turnpike Trust from which such Monies shall have arisen shall be entitled to Credit for the Amount of such Monies so applied, and the Commissioner shall allocate the same accordingly; and the Commissioner shall from Time to Time certify to the Treasurer of any such County the Sum to Credit for which such County or any Barony thereof shall be entitled, and thereupon it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury to deduct from any Presentment to be made and levied off any such County or Barony thereof, under the Provisions of this Act, the Amount to Credit for which such County or Barony shall be so certified to be entitled, and the Balance of all Monies so arising shall in like Manner be so allocated, and shall be paid to the Treasurers of the said Counties, and shall be by the said Treasurers applied in aid of the Presentments to be made under this Act in relation to such Trust.

lances in Hands of Trustees.

SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

SCHEDULE (A.)

REFERENCE TO ACT.

10 G. 4. Chap. 75. (Local and Personal.) TITLE.

An Act for making and maintaining the Road leading from Dublin through Blessington and Baltinglass to near the Town of Carlow.

An Act for more effectually repairing the

Road from Dublin to Dunleer.

10 G. 4. Chap. 63. (Local and Personal.)

11 & 12 Viot. Chap. 107. The Dublin and Mullingar Turnpike Road (Local and Personal.) Act. 1848.

12& 13 Vict Chap. 68. (Local and Personal.)

An Act to continue and amend the Powers of an Act for repairing and improving the Roads from Dublin by Ashbourne to Slane and Drogheda.

36 G. S. Chap. 31. (Ireland.) 40 G. 3. Chap. 48. An Act for amending the Road from Dublin to Knocksedan in the County of Dublin. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty-

(Ireland.)

eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, T 2

A.D.1855.

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The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855.

Majesty, entituled 'An Act for amending 'the Road from Dublin to Knocksedan in 'the County of Dublin.'

26 G. 3. Chap. 30. (Ireland.)

An Act for making, widening, and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Malahide, and for erecting Turnpike Gates, and receiving Tolls thereout in aid of the Barony Presentments, and for appointing Trustees for carrying the said Purposes into execution.

28 G. 3. Chap. 48. (Ireland.)

An Act for extending to the Roads leading from Dublin through Raheny and Clontarf the Provisions of an Act passed in the 26th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act for making, widening, 'and repairing the Road leading from 'Dublin to Malahide, and for erecting 'Turnpike Gates, and receiving Tolls 'thereout in aid of the Barony Present- ments, and for appointing Trustees for 'carrying the said Purposes into execution.'

29. G 3. Chap. 24. (Ireland.)

An Act for rendering more effectual Two several Acts, One passed in the 26th Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act ' for making, widening, and repairing the ' Road leading from the City of Dublin to ' Malahide, and for erecting Turnpike 'Gates, and receiving Tolls thereout in ' aid of the Barony Presentments, and for ' appointing Trustees for carrying the said ' Purposes into execution;' and the other Act passed in the 28th Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act for ex-' tending to the Roads leading from Dublin ' through Raheny and Clontarf the Pro-' visions of an Act passed in the 26th Year ' of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An " Act for making, widening, and repair-"ing the Road leading from Dublin to " "Malahide, and for erecting Turnpike " Gates, and receiving Tolls thereout in " aid of the Barony Presentments, and " " for appointing Trustees for carrying the " said Purposes into execution," and also

31 G. 3. Chap. 50. (Ireland.) An Act for amending the several Laws for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Ballybough Bridge, in the said Acts mentioned; and for enabling the Trustees for the said Pur-

for continuing the said Act.

poses

poses to borrow further Sums of Money for such Purposes; and for continuing the said Acts for a further Term; and for improving the Neighbourhood of Ballybough Bridge.

32 G. 3. Chap. 37. (Ireland.) An Act for enabling the Trustees for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Ballybough Bridge, pursuant to several Acts of Parliament more effectually to carry the said Acts into execution.

33 G. 3. Chap. 26. (Ireland.) An Act for further amending the several Laws for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Ballybough Bridge; and for enabling the Trustees for the said Purposes to borrow a further Sum, to complete a new Communication Eastward of Ballybough Bridge.

38 G. 3. Chap. 41. (Ireland.) An Act for granting certain Tolls, Rates, and Duties to be taken at the Turnpikes on the Road leading over Ballybough and Annesley Bridges, in aid of the Barony Presentments, and in lieu of the Tolls formerly payable at such Turnpikes; and for amending the Laws for making, widening, and repairing the said Roads; and for making perpetual the several Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

56 G. S. Chap. 71. (Local and Personal.) An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to the New Packet Harbour at Howth, for the Conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road.

59 G. 3. Chap. 109. (Local and Personal.) An Act for more effectually improving and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Navan in the County of Meath.

85 G. 3. Chap. 47. (Ireland.) An Act for making, widening, and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Ratoath, and for erecting Turnpikes thereon in aid of Barony Presentments.

37 G. 3. Chap. 29. (Ireland.) An Act for improving and repairing the Roads leading from the City of Dublin to Ratoath and Curragha, and for altering and amending an Act passed in the 35th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act for making, widening, and 'repairing the Road leading from the City 'of Dublin to Ratoath, and for erecting 'Turnpikes thereon in aid of Barony 'Presentments.'

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39 G. 3. Chap. 46. An Act for amending an Act passed in the (Ireland.) 37th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled 'An Act for improving ' and repairing the Roads leading from the ' City of Dublin to Ratoath and Curragha, ' and for altering and amending an Act ' passed in the 35th Year of His present ' Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for "making, widening, and repairing the "Road leading from the City of Dublin " to Ratoath, and for erecting Turnpikes "thereon in aid of Barony Present-" ments." 30 G. 3. Chap. 46. An Act for improving and repairing the (Ireland.)

Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to Athlone.

31 G. 3. Chap. 49. (Ireland.)

An Act to amend an Act for improving the Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to

32 G. 3. Chap. 36. (Ireland.)

An Act to amend an Act made in the 30th Year of His present Majesty, intituled 'An 'Act for improving and repairing the 'Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad ' to Athlone.'

50 G. 3. Chap. 134. (Local and Personal.) An Act to amend an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the 30th Year of His Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to Athlone.

SCHEDULE (B.) FORM OF MORTGAGE.

Mortgage No.

I A.B., the undersigned "Dublin Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner," acting in execution of "The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855," do hereby certify that the Sum , with Interest thereon from the Fifth Day of January 1856, at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum till paid, has been ascertained by my made in pursuance of the said Act, to be payable in the Manner in said Award specified by the Grand Jury of the County of to C.D., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, in respect of certain Mortgages [or a certain Mortgage] in said Award specified; and I hereby direct that Interest at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum from the Fifth Day of January 1856 on the said Sum of £ shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said County of to the said C.D., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, till the said Principal Sum shall have been paid.

In witness whereof I the said Commissioner have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this Day of A.B.(S.)

(S.)

The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855.

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM OF TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE.

I *A.B.* of in consideration of the Sum of £ paid to me by C.D. of , do hereby transfer to the said C.D., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, a certain Mortgage, Number , bearing Date the Day of and made by "the Dublin Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner" for charging and securing the Sum of , and Interest thereon from the Fifth Day of January 1856 at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, upon the County of [or upon the Barony or Baronies of and all my Property, Right, the County of and Interest in and to the Money thereby secured.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this Day of A.B. (S.)

SCHEDULE (D.)

FORM OF SECURITY FOR ANNUITY.

Annuity No.

I A.B., the undersigned "Dublin Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner," acting in execution of "The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855," do hereby certify that the annual Sam of £ has been ascertained by my

Award, made in pursuance of the said Act, to be payable for in the Manner in said Award specified by the Grand Jury of the County of to C.D., his Heirs and Assigns, in respect of certain Rents in said Award specified; and I hereby direct that the said annual Sum of £ shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said County of the said C.D., his Heirs and Assigns, by Two even and equal half-yearly Payments on every Day of Day of in every Year, the first Payment thereof to be made on the Day of next after the Date hereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this Day of A.B.(S.)

SCHEDULE (E.)

FORM OF TRANSFER OF ANNUITY.

I A.B. of in consideration of the Sum of paid to me by C.D. of , do hereby transfer to the said C.D., his Heirs and Assigns, a certain Annuity of £ Certificate of which is Number and bears Date the , and was executed by " the Dublin Day of Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner" for charging and securing the said Annuity of £ upon the County of for upon the Barony or Baronies of in the County of and all my Property, Right, and Interest in and to the Annuity thereby secured. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this Day of A.B.

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The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Acts, 1855.

SCHEDULE (F.)

County of Whereas the Dublin Turnpikes Abolition Commissioner, acting in execution to wit. of "The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act. 1855." has, by his Certificate bearing Date the Day of , duly certified to the Grand Jury of the County of that the Sum of £ has, under the Provisions of the said Act, been apportioned upon the said County and the Baronies thereof for upon the Barony or Baronies ōf in the County of as in the said Certificate mentioned.

Now we the Grand Jury of the said County of duly assembled and sworn at the Assizes held at in and for the said County on the Day of pursuant to the Powers to us in that Behalf given by "The Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855," do present the Sum of £ in order to enable us to borrow the said Sum from any Person willing to advance the same; and in order to repay the said Sum we do present that the said Sum do be raised and levied as follows: each, the first of said by half-yearly Instalments of Instalments to be raised after the present Assizes, and the remaining Instalments after the next and each and every successive Assizes, until the whole of the said Sum shall be raised and discharged; and further, in pursuance of the Powers in said Act contained, we do present the Sum of £ to be paid to pay the annual Interest of the said Sum of upon the , or of such Part of the same as shall from Time to Time remain due, at such Rate, not exceeding Six Pounds per Cent., as may be agreed on; and we present the said Sum of to be raised half-yearly in such Sums as may be from Time to Time required to satisfy the Interests of so much of the said Principal Sum as shall be and remain due after the Application of the Sums presented to be levied for its Satisfaction, One of such Sums or Instalments to be raised after the present and every future Assize, and the other after the next and every future Assizes in the next and each succeeding Year until such Principal Sum shall have been paid as aforesaid.

And we nominate and appoint to treat and agree and contract for a Loan with any Person willing to make the same on the Security of this Presentment, and for the Rate of Interest which shall be paid on such Loan, and otherwise to carry this Presentment into effect.

N.B.—In the County of Dublin for Assizes insert Presenting Term, and make the Instalments annual instead of half-yearly.

Public Libraries and Museums.

CAP. LXX.

An Act for further promoting the Establishment of Free Public Libraries and Museums in Municipal Towns, and for extending it to Towns governed under Local Improvement Acts, and to Parishes. [30th July 1855.]

HEREAS it is expedient to amend and extend the Public Libraries Act, 1850: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

same, as follows:

I. The Public Libraries Act, 1850, is hereby repealed; but 13 & 14 Vict. such Repeal shall not invalidate or affect anything already done c. 65. repealed. in pursuance of the same Act, and all Libraries and Museums established under that Act or the Act thereby repealed shall be considered as having been established under this Act, and the Council of any Borough which may have adopted the said Act of One thousand eight hundred and fifty, or established a Museum under the Act thereby repealed, shall have and may use and exercise all the Benefits, Privileges, and Powers given by this Act; and all Monies which have been borrowed by virtue of the said repealed Acts or either of them, and still remaining unpaid, and the Interest thereof, shall be charged on the Borough Rates, or a Rate to be assessed and recovered in the like Manner as a Borough Rate to be made by virtue of this Act.

II. In citing this Act for any Purposes whatever it shall be Short Title of sufficient to use the Expression "The Public Libraries Act, 1855." Act.

III. In the Construction of this Act the following Words and Interpretation Expressions shall, unless there be something in the Subject or of Terms. Context repugnant to such Construction, have the following Meanings assigned to them respectively; that is to say, "Parish shall mean every Place maintaining its own Poor; "Vestry" shall mean the Inhabitants of the Parish lawfully assembled in Vestry, or for any of the Purposes for which Vestries are holden, except in those Parishes in which there is a Select Vestry elected under the Act of the Fifty-ninth Year of King George the Third, Chapter Twelve, or under the Act of the First and Second Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter Sixty, or under the Provisions of any Local Act of Parliament for the Government of any Parish by Vestries, in which Parishes it shall mean such Select Vestry, and shall also mean any Body of Persons, by whatever Name distinguished, acting by virtue of any Act of Parliament, Prescription, Custom, or otherwise, as or instead of a Vestry or Select Vestry; "Ratepayers" shall mean all Persons for the Time being assessed to Rates for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish; "Overseers of the Poor" shall mean also any Persons authorized and required to make and collect the Rate for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish, and acting instead of Overseers of the Poor; "Board" shall mean the Commissioners, Trustees, or other Body of Persons, by whatever Name distinguished, for the Time being in

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Office and acting in the Execution of any Improvement Act, being an Act for draining, cleansing, paving, lighting, watching, or otherwise improving a Place, or for any of those Purposes; "Improvement Rates" shall mean the Rates, Tolls, Rents, Income, and other Monies whatsoever which, under the Provisions of any such Improvement Act, shall be applicable for the general Purposes of such Act.

Town Councils of certain Boroughs may adopt this Act if determined by Inhabitants.

IV. The Mayor of any Municipal Borough the Population of which, according to the then last Census thereof, shall exceed Five thousand Persons, shall, on the Request of the Town Council, convene a Public Meeting of the Burgesses of the Borough, in order to determine whether this Act shall be adopted for the Municipal Borough, and Ten Days Notice at least of the Time, Place, and Object of the Meeting shall be given by affixing the same on or near the Door of every Church and Chapel within the Borough, and also by advertising the same in One or more of the Newspapers published or circulated within the Borough, Seven Days at least before the Day appointed for the Meeting; and if at such Meeting Two Thirds of such Persons as aforesaid then present shall determine that this Act ought to be adopted for the Borough, the same shall thenceforth take effect and come into operation in such Borough, and shall be carried into execution in accordance with the Laws for the Time being in force relating to the Municipal Corporation of such Borough: Provided always, that the Mayor, or, in his Absence, the Chairman of the Meeting, shall cause a Minute to be made of the Resolutions of the Meeting, and shall sign the same; and the Resolutions so signed shall be conclusive Evidence that the Meeting was duly convened, and the Vote thereat duly taken, and that the Minute contains a true Account of the Proceedings thereat.

Expenses of carrying Act into execution in a Borough to be paid out of the Borough Fund.

V. The Expenses incurred in calling and holding the Meeting, whether this Act shall be adopted or not, and the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution in such Borough, may be paid out of the Borough Fund, and the Council may levy by a separate Rate, to be called a Library Rate, to be made and recoverable in the Manner herein-after provided, all Monies from Time to Time necessary for defraying such Expenses; and distinct Accounts shall be kept of the Receipts, Payments, and Liabilities of the Council with reference to the Execution of this Act.

Board of any District within Limits of any Improvement Act may adopt this Act if determined by Inhabitants.

VI. The Board of any District, being a Place within the Limits of any Improvement Act, and having such a Population as aforesaid, shall, upon the Requisition in Writing of at least Ten Persons assessed to and paying the Improvement Rate, appoint a Time not less than Ten Days nor more than Twenty Days from the Time of receiving such Requisition for a Public Meeting of the Persons assessed to and paying such Rate in order to determine whether this Act shall be adopted for such District, and Ten Days Notice at least of the Time, Place, and Object of such Meeting shall be given by affixing the same on or near the Door of every Church and Chapel within the District, and also by advertising the same in One or more of the Newspapers published or circulated within the District, Seven Days at least before the

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Day appointed for the Meeting; and if at such Meeting Two Thirds of such Persons as aforesaid then present shall determine that this Act ought to be adopted for the District, the same shall thenceforth take effect, and come into operation in such District. and shall be carried into effect according to the Laws for the

Time being in force relating to such Board.

VIL The Expenses incurred in calling and holding the Meeting, Expenses of whether this Act shall be adopted or not, and the Expenses of carrying Act carrying this Act into execution in any such District, shall be into execution paid out of the Improvement Rate, and the Board may levy as Part of the Improvement Rate, or by a separate Rate to be ment Rate. assessed and recovered in like Manner as an Improvement Rate, such Sums of Money as shall be from Time to Time necessary for defraying such Expenses; and the Board shall keep distinct Accounts of their Receipts, Payments, Credits, and Liabilities with reference to the Execution of this Act, which Accounts shall be audited in the same Way as Accounts are directed to be audited under the Improvement Act.

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VIII. Upon the Requisition in Writing of at least Ten Rate- Certain Papayers of any Parish having such a Population as aforesaid, the rishes may Overseers of the Poor shall appoint a Time, not less than Ten adopt this Act, Days nor more than Twenty Days from the Time of receiving such Requisition, for a Public Meeting of the Ratepayers in order Thirds of the to determine whether this Act shall be adopted for the Parish; Ratepayers. and Ten Days Notice at least of the Time, Place, and Object of the Meeting shall be given by affixing the same on or near the Door of every Church and Chapel within the Parish, and also by advertising the same in One or more of the Newspapers published or circulated within the Parish, Seven Days at least before the Day appointed for the Meeting; and if at such Meeting Two The Vestry to Thirds of the Ratepayers then present shall determine that this appoint Com-Act ought to be adopted for such Parish, the same shall come into missioners for operation in such Parish, and the Vestry shall forthwith appoint carrying the Act into exenot less than Three nor more than Nine Ratepayers Commissioners cution, who for carrying the Act into execution, who shall be a Body Cor- shall be a Body porate by the Name of "The Commissioners for Public Libraries Corporate. and Museums for the Parish of in the County of hold and dispose of Lands, and use a Common Seal: Provided always, that in any Parish where there shall not be a greater

," and by that Name may sue and be sued, and Population than Eight thousand Inhabitants by the then last Census, it shall be lawful for any Ten Ratepayers to deliver a Requisition by them signed, and describing their Place of Residence, to the Overseers or One of the Overseers of the said Parish. requiring the Votes of the Ratepayers at such Meeting to be taken according to the Provisions of the Act passed in the Fifty-eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, Chapter Sixty-mine, and the Votes at such Meeting shall thereupon be taken according to the Provisions of the said last-mentioned Act of Parliament, and not otherwise.

IX. At the Termination of every Year (the Year being reckoned One Third of from and exclusive of the Day of the First Appointment of Com- such Commismissioners) sioners to go

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out of Office yearly, and others to be appointed, &c. C. 70.

missioners) a Meeting of the Vestry shall be held, at which Meeting One Third or as nearly as may be One Third of the Commissioners, to be determined by Ballot, shall go out of Office, and the Vestry shall appoint other Commissioners in their Place, but the outgoing Commissioners may be re-elected; and the Vestry shall fill up every Vacancy among the Commissioners, whether occurring by Death, Resignation, or otherwise, as soon as possible after the same occurs.

General and Special Meetings of Commissioners. X. The Commissioners shall meet at least once in every Calendar Month, and at such other Times as they think fit, at the Public Library or Museum or some other convenient Place; and any One Commissioner may summon a Special Meeting of the Commissioners by giving Three clear Days Notice in Writing to each Commissioner, specifying therein the Purpose for which the Meeting is called; and no Business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Commissioners unless at least Two Commissioners shall be present.

Minutes of Proceedings of Commissioners to be entered in Books,

XI. All Orders and Proceedings of the Commissioners shall be entered in Books to be kept by them for that Purpose, and shall be signed by the Commissioners or any Two of them; and all such Orders and Proceedings so entered, and purporting to be so signed, shall be deemed to be original Orders and Proceedings, and such Books may be produced and read as Evidence of all such Orders and Proceedings upon any judicial Proceeding whatsoever.

Distinct Accounts to be kept by Commissioners, and duly audited. XII. The Commissioners shall keep distinct and regular Accounts of their Receipts, Payments, Credits, and Liabilities with reference to the Execution of this Act, which Accounts shall be audited yearly by the Poor Law Auditor, if the Accounts of Poor Rate Expenditure of the Parish be audited by a Poor Law Auditor, but if not so audited, then by Two Auditors not being Commissioners, who shall be yearly appointed by the Vestry, and the Auditor or Auditors shall report thereon, and such Report shall be laid before the Vestry by the Commissioners.

Expenses of executing Act in any Parish to be paid out of Poor Rate.

XIII. The Expenses of calling and holding the Meeting of the Ratepayers, whether this Act shall be adopted or not, and the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution in any Parish, to such Amount as shall be from Time to Time sanctioned by the Vestry, shall be paid out of a Rate to be made and recovered in like Manner as a Poor Rate, except that every Person occupying Lands used as Arable, Meadow, or Pasture Ground only, or as Woodlands or Market Gardens, or Nursery Grounds, shall be rated in respect of the same in the Proportion of One Third Part only of the full net annual Value thereof respectively; the Vestry to be called for the Purpose of sanctioning the Amount shall be convened in the Manner usual in the Parish; the Amount for the Time being proposed to be raised for such Expenses shall be expressed in the Notice convening the Vestry, and shall be paid, according to the Order of the Vestry, to such Person as shall be appointed by the Commissioners to receive the same: Provided always, that in the Notices requiring the Payment of the Rate

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there shall be stated the Proportion which the Amount to be thereby raised for the Purposes of this Act shall bear to the total Amount of the Rate.

XIV. The Vestries of any Two or more neighbouring Parishes Vestries of Two having according to the then last Census an aggregate Popu- or more neighlation exceeding Five thousand Persons may adopt this Act, in bouring Palike Manner as if the Population of each of those Parishes according to the then last Census exceeded Five thousand, and may concur in carrying the same into execution in such Parishes for such Time as they shall mutually agree; and such Vestries may decide that a Public Library or Museum, or both, shall be erected in any One of such Parishes, and that the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution with reference to the same shall be borne by such Parishes in such Proportions as such Vestries shall mutually approve; the Proportion for each of such Parishes of such Expenses shall be paid out of the Monies to be raised for the Relief of the Poor of the same respective Parishes accordingly; but no more than Three Commissioners shall be appointed for each Parish; and the Commissioners so appointed for each of such Parishes shall in the Management of the said Public Library and Museum form One Body of Commissioners, and shall act accordingly in the Execution of this Act; and the Accounts of the Commissioners shall be examined and reported on by the Auditor or Auditors of each of such Parishes; and the surplus Money at the Disposal as aforesaid of such Commissioners shall be paid to the Overseers of such Parishes respectively, in the Proportion in which such Parishes shall be liable to such Expenses.

XV. The Amount of the Rate to be levied in any Borough, Rateslevied not District, or Parish in any One Year for the Purposes of this Act to exceed One shall not exceed the Sum of One Penny in the Pound; and for the Pound. Purposes of the Library Rate all the Clauses of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act, 1847, with respect to the Manner of making Rates, to the Appeal to be made against any Rate, and to the Recovery of Rates, shall be incorporated with this Act; and whenever the Words "Special Act" occur in the Act so incorporated they shall mean "The Public Libraries Act, 1855;" the Accounts of the said Board and Commissioners respectively Accounts of with reference to the Execution of this Act shall at all reasonable Boardand Com-Times be open, without Charge, to the Inspection of every Person missioners to be rated to the Improvement Rate or to the Rates for the Relief of tion. the Poor of the Parish, as the Case may be, who may make Copies of or Extracts from such Accounts, without paying for the same; and in case the Board or the Commissioners, or any of them respectively, or any of their respective Officers or Servants having the Custody of such Accounts, shall not permit the same Accounts to be inspected, or Copies of or Extracts from the same to be made, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XVI. For carrying this Act into execution the Council, Board, Power to Counor Commissioners respectively may, with the Approval of Her cil, &c. to tor-Majesty's Treasury, (and as to the Commissioners, with the Sanc-

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tion also of the Vestry and the Poor Law Board,) from Time to Time borrow at Interest, on the Security of a Mortgage or Bond of the Borough Fund, or of the Rates levied in pursuance of this Act, such Sums of Money as may be by them respectively required; and the Commissioners for carrying into execution the Act of the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty, may from Time to Time advance and lend any such Sums of Money.

Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. as to borrowing, extended to this Act.

XVII. The Clauses and Provisions of "The Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," with respect to the borrowing of Money on Mortgage or Bond, and the Accountability of Officers, and the Recovery of Damages and Penalties, so far as such Provisions may respectively be applicable to the Purposes of this Act, shall be respectively incorporated with this Act.

Lands, &c. may be appropriated, purchased, or rented for the Purposes of this Act.

XVIII. The Council of any Borough and the Board of any District respectively may from Time to Time, with the Approval of Her Majesty's Treasury, appropriate for the Purposes of this Act any Lands vested, as the Case may be, in a Borough, in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, and in a District in the Board; and the Council, Board, and Commissioners respectively may also, with such Approval, purchase or rent any Lands or any suitable Buildings; and the Council and Board and Commissioners respectively may, upon any Lands so appropriated, purchased, or rented respectively, erect any Buildings suitable for Public Libraries or Museums, or both, or for Schools for Science or Art, and may apply, take down, alter, and extend any Buildings for such Purposes, and rebuild, repair, and improve the same respectively, and fit up, furnish, and supply the same respectively with all requisite Furniture, Fittings, and Conveniences.

8 & 9 Vict. c. 18 incorporated.

XIX. "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," shall be incorporated with this Act; but the Council, Board, and Commissioners respectively shall not purchase or take any Lands otherwise than by Agreement.

Lands, &c. may be sold or exchanged,

XX. The Council, Board, and Commissioners aforesaid respectively may, with the like Approval as is required for the Purchase of Lands, sell any Lands vested in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, or Board, or Commissioners respectively, for the Purposes of this Act, or exchange the same for any Lands better adapted for the Purposes; and the Monies to arise from such Sale, or to be received for Equality of Exchange, or a sufficient Part thereof, shall be applied in or towards the Purchase of other Lands better adapted for such Purposes.

General Management to be vested in Council, Board, or Commissioners.

XXI. The general Management, Regulation, and Control of such Libraries and Museums, Schools for Science and Art, shall be, as to any Borough, vested in and exercised by the Council, and as to any District in and by the Board, and as to any Parish or Parishes in and by the Commissioners, or such Committee as such Council or Board may from Time to Time appoint, the Members whereof need not be Members of the Council or Board or be Commissioners. who may from Time to Time purchase and provide the necessary Fuel.

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Public Libraries and Museums.

Fuel, Lighting, and other similar Matters, Books, Newspapers, Maps, and Specimens of Art and Science, for the Use of the Library or Museum, or School, and cause the same to be bound or repaired when necessary, and appoint salaried Officers and Servants, and dismiss the same, and make Rules and Regulations for the Safety and Use of the Libraries and Museums, and Schools, and for the Admission of the Public.

XXII. The Lands and Buildings so to be appropriated, purchased, or rented as aforesaid, and all other Real and Personal Property whatever presented to or purchased for any Library or Museum established under this Act, or School, shall be vested, in the Case of a Borough, in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, in the Case of a District in the Board, and in the Case of a Parish or Parishes in the Commissioners.

Property of Library, &c. to be vested in Council, &c.

XXIII. If any Meeting called as aforesaid to determine as to If Meeting does the Adoption of this Act for any Borough, District, or Parish not adopt Act, shall determine against the Adoption, no Meeting for a similar Purpose shall be held for the Space of One Year at least from the Time of holding the previous Meeting.

no other Meeting to be held

XXIV. The Lord Mayor of the City of London shall, on the Act may be Request of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City adopted in the of London, in Common Council assembled, convene a Public Meeting in manner herein-before mentioned of all Persons rated and assessed to the Consolidated Rate in the City of London, in order to the Consolito determine whether this Act shall be adopted in the said City; dated Rate, asand if at such Meeting Two Thirds of such Persons then present sembled at a shall determine that this Act ought to be adopted for the City of London, the same shall thenceforth take effect and come into operation in the City of London, and shall be carried into execution in accordance with the Laws for the Time being in force relating to the City of London: Provided always, that the Resolution of such Public Meeting, signed by the Lord Mayor, shall be reported to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and entered on the Minutes thereof, and that such Entry shall be Evidence; the Expenses incurred in calling and holding the Meeting, whether this Act shall be adopted or not, and the Expenses of carrying this Act into execution in the City of London, shall be paid out of the Consolidated Rate, and the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London may levy a Part of the Consolidated Rate, or by a separate Rate, to be assessed and recovered in like Manner as the Consolidated Rate, all Monies from Time to Time necessary for defraying such Expenses, and distinct Accounts shall be kept of the Receipts, Payments, and Liabilities of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons with reference to the Execution of the Act.

City of London if Two Thirds of Persons rated Public Meeting,

XXV. The Admission to all Libraries and Museums established under this Act shall be open to the Public free of all Charge.

XXVI. This Act shall not extend to Ireland or Scotland.

Museums to be free. Extent of Act.

West Indies Relief Loans Arrangement.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Treasury to make Arrangements concerning certain Loans advanced by way of Relief to the Islands of Antigua, Nevis, and Montserrat. [30th July 1855.]

6 & 7 Vict. c. 63.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session holden in the Sixth and Seventh Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Sixtythree ("for granting Relief to the Islands of Antigua, Saint ' Kitts, Nevis, Dominica, and Montserrat,") the Commissioners of ' Her Majesty's Treasury were authorized in manner therein mentioned to lend Exchequer Bills, for any Sum not exceeding One hundred thousand Pounds for the Service of the Island of Antiqua, and any Sums not exceeding in the whole Fifty thousand Pounds for the Service of the Islands of Saint Kitts, Nevis, Dominica, and Montserrat, on the Credit of the Revenues and Public Property of the said Islands respectively, as soon as the said Commissioners should be satisfied that Repayment of the several Sums to be advanced (with Interest thereon, at the yearly Rate of Four Pounds by the Hundred,) was duly secured to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners by some Act or Acts passed or to be passed by the several Legislatures of the said Islands respectively: And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's 'Treasury accordingly advanced the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds to the Island of Antiqua, the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds to the Island of Nevis, and the Sum of Twenty-three ' thousand Pounds to the Island of Montserrat, the Repayment of ' such several Sums, with Interest, having been secured by the ' Legislatures of the said respective Islands, as required by the said Act, and out of the Sums so advanced Advances were made ' under the Authority of the said respective Legislatures, to Persons ' who had suffered Losses by the Earthquakes in the said Islands: ' And whereas under the Circumstances of the said Islands the ' Payment of some of the Instalments of the Principal Money ' remaining due on the Securities given by the said Legislatures ' has been suspended: And whereas it is expedient that the Com-' missioners of the Treasury should be empowered to extend the Time for the Repayment of the Principal Monies remaining owing on the said Securities, and to reduce the Interest payable ' thereunder as herein-after mentioned:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Treasury may Repayment of Loans to Antigua, Nevis, and Montserrat, and to reduce Interest to 31.5s. per Cent.;

I. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's extend Time of Treasury to grant such Extension of the Period for Payment of the Principal Monies owing by the said Islands of Antiqua, Nevis, and Montserrat respectively in respect of the said Loans, and to accept Payment thereof by such Instalments and at such Times as the said Commissioners in their Discretion may think proper and fix in the Case of each of the said Islands, and to accept Interest

West Indies Relief Loans Arrangement.

upon the Principal Monies remaining unpaid after the yearly Rate of Three Pounds Five Shillings per Centum, instead of the said yearly Rate of Four Pounds per Centum, upon being satisfied that Acts have been passed by the Legislatures of such Islands respectively for securing on the Credit of the Revenue or public Property thereof the punctual Payment of the Instalments of Principal Monies, with Interest as aforesaid, at the Times and in manner fixed by the said Commissioners, and also for securing to the Persons corresponding indebted in respect of the Advances made out of the said Loans to the Sufferers in the said Islands Advantages corresponding with to private Borthose granted to such Legislatures under this Act.

II. Provided always, That in case of Default in Payment of any In case of Deof the Instalments of Principal Monies which may become payable fault of Payfrom any of the said Islands under such Extension of Time, or of ment at Times the said reduced Interest, at the Times fixed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, it shall be lawful for such Commis- and Instalments sioners to require from the Island so in default Payment of originally Interest at the yearly Rate of Four Pounds per Centum on the agreed upon Principal Monies remaining due, and also Payment of such Prin- may be recipal Monies by such Instalments as were made payable by the quired. Securities originally given by the Legislature of such Island; and such Interest and Instalments of Principal Monies which may be so required to be paid shall thereupon become payable accordingly.

Advantages being secured fixed under this Act, Interest

CAP. LXXII.

An Act for legalizing and preserving the restored Standards of Weights and Measures. [30th July 1855.]

HEREAS by an Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-four, "for 5 G. 4. c. 74. " ascertaining and establishing Uniformity of Weights and Mea-" sures," it was enacted, that from and after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty-five the straight Line or Distance between the Centres of the Two Points in the Gold Studs in a certain straight Brass Rod then in the Custody of the Clerk of the House of Commons should be the original and genuine Standard of that Measure of Length or lineal Extension called a Yard, and that the same straight Line or Distance between the Centres of the said Two Points in the said Gold Studs in the said Brass Rod, the Brass being at the Temperature of Sixty-two Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer, should be the "Imperial Standard Yard;" and that from and after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty-five the Standard Brass Weight of One Pound Troy Weight made in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight, then in the Custody of the Clerk of the House of Commons, should be and the same was thereby declared to be the original and genuine Standard Measure of Weight, and that such Brass Weight should be the "Imperial Standard Troy Pound," and should be and the same was thereby declared to be the Unit or only Standard Measure of Weight from which all other Weights should be derived, computed, and ascertained, and that One Twelfth Part of the

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Weights and Measures.

' said Troy Pound should be an Ounce, and that One Twentieth ' Part of such Ounce should be a Pennyweight, and that One 'Twenty-fourth Part of such Pennyweight should be a Grain, ' so that Five thousand seven hundred and sixty such Grains ' should be a Troy Pound, and that Seven thousand such Grains ' should be and they were thereby declared to be a Pound ' Avoirdupois: And whereas by the said Act Provision was ' made for restoring the said Imperial Standard Yard and the ' said Imperial Standard Troy Pound respectively, in case of Loss, Destruction, Defacement, or other Injury, by Reference to the Length of a Pendulum and to the Weight of a Cubic ' Inch of Water respectively: And whereas the said Imperial 'Standard Yard and Standard Pound Troy were destroyed in ' the Fire at the Houses of Parliament: And whereas by the Researches of scientific Men Doubts were thrown on the Accu-' racy of the Methods provided by the said Act for the Restora-' tion of the said Standards: And whereas there exist Bars and 'Weights which had been accurately compared with the said Standard Yard and Standard Pound Troy so destroyed as aforesaid, which afforded sufficient Means for restoring such original ' Standards: And whereas scientific Men acting for that Purpose ' under the Direction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's ' Treasury have constructed a Standard of Length equivalent to the Imperial Standard Yard so destroyed, and Four accurate 'Copies of the Standard so constructed, and it having been deemed expedient that the Standard for Reference as a Mea-' sure of Weight should be a Pound Avoirdupois, there has been ' constructed in like Manner a Pound Weight Avoirdupois equi-' valent to the Pound Avoirdupois of Seven thousand such Grains ' as are mentioned in the said recited Act, and Four accurate ' Copies of the said Pound Avoirdupois so constructed: And ' whereas the Form adopted for the Standard of Length and for ' all the Copies thereof is that of a solid square Bar Thirty-eight ' Inches long and One Inch square in transverse Section, the Bar ' being of Bronze or Gun Metal; near to each End a cylindrical ' Hole is sunk (the Distance between the Centres of the Two ' Holes being Thirty-six Inches) to the Depth of Half an Inch; ' at the Bottom of this Hole is inserted in a smaller Hole a Gold ' Plug or Pin about One Tenth of an Inch in Diameter, and ' upon the Surface of this Pin there are cut Three fine Lines at ' Intervals of about the One Hundredth Part of an Inch trans-' verse to the Axis of the Bar, and Two Lines at nearly the same ' Interval parallel to the Axis of the Bar; the Measure of Length ' is given by the Interval between the Middle transversal Line ' at one End and the Middle transversal Line at the other End, ' the Part of each Line which is employed being the Point Mid-' way between the longitudinal Lines; and the said Points are ' herein referred to as the Centres of the said Gold Plugs or Pins: ' And whereas the Standard Pound Avoirdupois so constructed ' as aforesaid, and the Copies thereof, are of Platinum, the Form ' being that of a Cylinder nearly 1.35 Inch in Height and 1.15 ' Inch in Diameter, with a Groove or Channel round it whose Middle

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' Middle is about 0.34 Inch below the Top of the Cylinder, for ' Insertion of the Points of the Ivory Fork by which it is to be ' lifted; the Edges are carefully rounded off: And whereas the ' Standard of Length so constructed as aforesaid, the Bronze Bar, being marked "Copper 16 oz., Tin 2½, Zinc 1. Mr. Baily's " Metal. No. 1. Standard Yard at 62° 00 Fahrenheit. " in 1845. Troughton & Simms, London," and the said Standard of Weight marked P.S. 1844, 1 lb., have respectively been deposited in the Office of the Exchequer at Westminster, and 'One of the said Copies of the said Standard of Length, the Bronze Bar, being marked "Copper 16 oz., Tin 21, Zinc 1. "Mr. Baily's Metal. No. 2. Standard Yard at 61° 94 Fahren-"heit. Cast in 1845. Troughton & Simms, London," and One of the said Copies of the Standard of Weight marked ' No. 1, P.C. 1844, 1 lb., have been deposited at the Royal Mint; and One other of the said Copies of the Standard of Length, ' the Bronze Bar, being marked "Copper 16 oz., Tin 21/2, Zinc 1. "Mr. Baily's Metal. No. 3. Standard Yard at 62° 10 Fahren-" heit. Cast in 1845. Troughton and Simms, London," and One other of the said Copies of the Standard of Weight marked No. 2. P.C. 1844, 1 lb., have been delivered to the Royal Society of London; and One other of the said Copies of the ' Standard of Length, the Bronze Bar, being marked "Copper "16 oz., Tin 21, Zinc 1. Mr. Baily's Metal. No. 5. Standard " Yard at 62° 16 Fahrenheit. Cast in 1845. Troughton & "Simms, London," and One other of the said Copies of the ' Standard of Weight marked No. 3. P.C. 1844, 1 lb., have been deposited in the Royal Observatory of Greenwich; and the other of the said Copies of the Standard of Length, the Bronze Bar, being marked "Copper 16 oz., Tin 21, Zinc 1. Mr. Baily's " Metal. No. 4. Standard Yard at 61° 98 Fahrenheit. Cast "in 1845. Troughton & Simms, London," and the other of the said Copies of the Standard of Weight marked No. 4. P.C. ' 1844, 1 lb., have been immured in the Cill of the Recess on the ' East Side of the lower Waiting Hall in the New Palace at " Westminster: And whereas it is expedient to legalize the Standards so constructed and to provide for the Preservation ' thereof:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. So much of the said Act of the Fifth Year of King George 5 G. 4. c. 74. the Fourth as relates to the Restoration of the Imperial Standard ss. 3. & 5. re-Yard and of the Standard Troy Pound respectively, in case of pealed. Loss, Destruction, Defacement, or other Injury, shall be repealed.

II. The straight Line or Distance between the Centres of the Restored Two Gold Plugs or Pins in the Bronze Bar deposited in the Office Standard Yard of the Exchequer as aforesaid shall be the genuine Standard of established. that Measure of Length called a Yard, and the said straight Line or Distance between the Centres of the said Gold Plugs or Pins in the said Bronze Bar (the Bronze being at the Temperature

Weights and Measures.

of Sixty-two Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer) shall be and be deemed to be the Imperial Standard Yard.

Standard Pound Avoirdupois. III. The said Weight of Platinum marked P.S. 1844, 1 lb., deposited in the Office of the Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be the legal and genuine Standard Measure of Weight, and shall be and be denominated the Imperial Standard Pound Avoirdupois, and shall be deemed to be the only Standard Measure of Weight from which all other Weights and other Measures having Reference to Weight shall be derived, computed, and ascertained, and One equal Seven Thousandth Part of such Pound Avoirdupois shall be a Grain, and Five thousand seven hundred and sixty such Grains shall be and be deemed to be a Pound Troy.

Provisions of 5 G. 4. c. 74. not hereby repealed, &c. to remain in force.

IV. All the Provisions of the said Act of the Fifth Year of King George the Fourth now in force, and not hereby repealed, and all other Enactments now in force in relation to Weights and Measures, shall continue in force and be applicable to the Standards of Weight and Measure hereby established, as if the same Standards had been established by the said Act of King George the Fourth instead of the Standard Yard and Standard Pound Troy so destroyed as aforesaid, and as if the Pound Troy of Five thousand seven hundred and sixty Grains had been established as a derivative Standard computed with Reference to the Pound Avoirdupois.

Copies of the Old Standards to continue to be legal. V. All Weights and Measures, and Copies of Weights and Measures, which have been compared and verified or authenticated according to Law as Copies of the Imperial Standard Weights and Measures, shall remain and be legal Weights and Measures for the same Time, for the same Purposes, and in like Manner as if this Act had not been passed.

Weights and Measures hereafter duly verified to be deemed legal.

VI. All Weights and Measures which shall be hereafter verified and authenticated by Comparison with the said Imperial Standards of Weight and Measure, in such Manner as Her Majesty shall by any Orders in Council from Time to Time direct and appoint, shall be deemed and taken to be legal Secondary Weights and Measures.

Provision for Restoration of Standards in case of Loss, &c. VII. If at any Time hereafter the said Imperial Standard Yard and Standard Pound Avoirdupois respectively, or either of them, be lost, or in any Manner destroyed, defaced, or otherwise injured, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may cause the same to be restored by Reference to or Adoption of any of the Copies so deposited as aforesaid, or such of them as may remain available for that Purpose.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act to extend the Period for applying for a Sale under the Acts for facilitating the Sale and Transfer of Incumbered Estates in *Ireland*. [30th *July* 1855.]

'WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act further to facilitate

12 & 13 Vict. c. 77.

Incumbered Estates (Ireland) Acts Continuance.

' the Sale and Transfer of Incumbered Estates in Ireland: And whereas a certain other Act was passed in the Session of Parlia-' ment holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue the Powers 15 & 16 Vict. ' of applying for a Sale of Lands under the Act for facilitating c. 67. ' the Sale and Transfer of Incumbered Estates in Ireland: And ' whereas a certain other Act was passed in the Session of Parlia-' ment holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for continuing 16 & 17 Vict. ' and amending the Act for facilitating the Sale and Transfer c. 64. of Incumbered Estates in Ireland: And whereas the extended ' Period within which such Applications under said Acts as are ' mentioned in Section Eleven of said lastly-recited Act might ' be made was limited to Two Years from the Twenty-eighth ' Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three: And ' whereas it is expedient that said Period should be further ex-' tended:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows: All such Period for Ap-Applications under the said recited Acts or any of them as are plications for mentioned in Section Eleven of the said lastly-recited Act, and which are by said Section authorized to be made within Two Years from the Twenty-eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, may be made within Three Years from the said Twenty-eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three; and all Orders and Proceedings by the said Acts or any of them authorized, and which might be made, had, or taken upon any Application made within the said Period of Two Years, may be made, had, and taken within the further Period authorized

CAP. LXXIV.

by this Act.

An Act to enable Grand Juries of Counties in Ireland to present for Payment of Expenses in certain Cases.

[30th July 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient in certain Cases to enable Grand Juries in Ireland to present any necessary and proper Expenses which may have been incurred, with the Sanction of ' such respective Grand Juries, in making any Applotment of ' Grand Jury Cess, for Payment of which Expenses no Provision is now made by Law: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

L When the Treasurer or other Officer of any County, with Grand Jury the Sanction of the Grand Jury, or in the County of Dublin may present for with the Sanction of the Finance Committee, shall have incurred certain Exor shall incur any necessary and proper Expenses in making any penses incurred by Treasurers Applotment of Grand Jury Cess for Payment of which no Pro- of Counties. vision is made by Law, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury

Treasurers of Counties (Ireland).

of such County, without previous Application to Presentment Sessions, to present to be raised off by such County all such necessary and proper Expenses as aforesaid as such Grand Jury may deem reasonable.

Continuance of Act.

II. This Act shall continue in force for Two Years from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

CAP. LXXV.

An Act to continue certain temporary Provisions concerning Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in England. [30th July 1855.]

[17 & 18 Vict. c. 65. continued until 1st August 1856, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act to continue an Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her present Majesty for amending the Law relative to Private Lunatic Asylums in Ireland. [30th July 1855.]

[5 & 6 Vict. c. 123. continued until 1st August 1860, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXVII.

[30th July 1855.]

' Cases

An Act to give Effect to a Convention between Her Majesty and the United States of America. HEREAS a Convention was concluded between Her Majesty and the United States of America, and signed at ' London on the Eighth of February One thousand eight hundred ' and fifty-three, of which the Ratifications were exchanged at ' London on the Twenty-sixth of July One thousand eight hun-' dred and fifty-three: And by the said Convention it was agreed ' that all Claims on the Part of Corporations, Companies, or ' private Individuals, Subjects of Her Majesty, upon the Govern-' ment of the United States, and all Claims on the Part of Cor-' porations, Companies, or private Individuals, Citizens of the United States, upon the Government of Her Majesty, which ' might have been presented to either Government for its Inter-' position with the other since the Signature of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship concluded between Great Britain and the 'United States of America at Ghent on the Twenty-fourth of ' December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and which ' yet remained unsettled, as well as any other such Claims which ' might be presented within the Time specified therein-after, ' should be referred to Two Commissioners, to be appointed in the ' following Manner, that is to say, One Commissioner should be ' named by Her Majesty, and One by the President of the United 'States; and it was thereby provided, that the Commissioners should, before proceeding to any other Business, name some

' Third Person to act as an Arbitrator or Umpire in any Case or

C. 77.

Convention with United States.

Cases on which they might themselves differ in Opinion: And by the said Convention Her Majesty and the President of the "United States of America solemnly and sincerely engaged to consider the Decision of the Commissioners conjointly, or of the Arbitrator or Umpire, as the Case might be, as absolutely final and conclusive upon each Claim decided upon by them or him respectively, and to give full Effect to such Decisions without any Objection, Evasion, or Delay whatsoever: And it was thereby stipulated, that every Claim should be presented to the Commissioners within Six Months from the Day of their First Meeting, unless in any Case where Reasons for Delay should be established to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners, or of the ' Arbitrator or Umpire in the event of the Commissioners differing ' in Opinion thereupon, and then and in any such Case the Period for presenting the Claim might be extended to any Time not exceeding Three Months longer; and that the Commissioners should be bound to examine and decide upon every Claim within One Year from the Day of their First Meeting; and that all Sums of Money which might be awarded by the Commissioners, or by the Arbitrator or Umpire, on account of any Claim, should be paid by the one Government to the other, as the Case might be, within Twelve Months after the Date of the Decision, without Interest, and without any Deductions save as specified ' therein-after (as to Expenses): And the High Contracting Parties engaged to consider the Result of the Proceedings of the Commission as a full, perfect, and final Settlement of every Claim ' upon either Government, arising out of any Transaction of a Date prior to the Exchange of the Ratifications of that Conven-' tion; and further engaged that every such Claim, whether or not the same might have been presented to the Notice of, made, preferred, or laid before the said Commission, should, from and after the Conclusion of the Proceedings of the said Commission, be considered and treated as finally settled, barred, and thenceforth inadmissible: And it was thereby provided that the ' whole Expenses of the Commission, including contingent Expenses, should be defrayed by a rateable Deduction on the Amount of the Sums awarded by the Commission; provided 'always, that such Deduction should not exceed the Rate of " Five per Cent. on the Sums so awarded; the Deficiency, if any, ' should be defrayed in Moieties by the Two Governments: And whereas by another Convention between Her Majesty and the said President, signed at Washington on the Seventeenth of July 'One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, it was agreed that ' the Time limited by the first-mentioned Convention for the Termination of the Commission should be extended for a Period ' not exceeding Four Months from the Fifteenth of September ' then next, should such Extension be deemed necessary by the · Commissioners or the Umpire: And whereas Commissioners ' were named by the High Contracting Parties in pursuance of ' the said first-mentioned Convention, and such Commissioners appointed a Third Person to act as an Arbitrator or Umpire, as ' provided by such Convention, and the Claims presented to the ' said

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Convention with United States.

said Commissioners were, within the extended Period authorized in this Behalf as aforesaid, examined and decided upon by the Commissioners, or in the Cases in which the Commissioners differed, by the said Arbitrator or Umpire: And whereas by such Decisions several Sums, amounting in the whole to Two hundred and seventy-seven thousand one hundred and two Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents, or, at the relative Value of Exchange as established by the Commissioners, Fifty-seven thousand two hundred and fifty-two Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Fourpence Sterling, were awarded to Subjects of Her Majesty in respect of ' their Claims upon the Government of the United States; and several Sums, amounting in the whole to Three hundred and twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and thirty-four Dollars and ' Eighteen Cents, or, at the relative Value of Exchange established ' as aforesaid, Sixty-eight thousand one hundred and thirty-one ' Pounds and Sevenpence Halfpenny Sterling, were awarded to Citizens of the United States in respect of their Claims upon Her Majesty's Government: And whereas by an Act of the Congress of the United States, approved by the President on ' the Third of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, ' the said Sum of Two hundred and seventy-seven thousand one ' hundred and two Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents is to be paid ' to the duly authorized Agent of Her Majesty's Government, ' deducting therefrom, pursuant to the said Convention, on account ' of the Expenses of the said Commission, such rateable Propor-' tion, not exceeding Five per Cent. of the whole Amount awarded ' to both Citizens of the United States and British Subjects, as might be sufficient to pay the said Expenses: And whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of the Treasury should be enabled to cause the Sum payable under the said Act of Congress ' to be distributed among the British Subjects entitled under the ' Awards of the said Commissioners and Umpire:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Sums payable by Government of United States to be divided among British Subjects whose Claims have been allowed, and to be deemed a final Settlement of Claims.

I. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall cause the said Sum of Two hundred and seventy-seven thousand one hundred and two Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents, after such Deduction therefrom on account of Expenses of the said Commission as in the said first-recited Convention provided, to be paid and distributed to and among the several Parties to whom the several Sums constituting the said aggregate Sum of Two hundred and seventy-seven thousand one hundred and two Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents were awarded under the said Commission, in proportion to the several Sums so awarded to them respectively, or to their respective Executors, Administrators, or Assigns; and such Payments shall be deemed to be a full Satisfaction of the Claims of the said several Parties; and all Claims upon the Government of the United States intended to be provided for by the said Convention shall be considered as finally settled and barred.

Stage Carriage Duties, &c.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act to reduce certain Duties payable on Stage Carriages, and to amend the Laws relating to Stamp Duties, and to Bonds and Securities to the Inland Revenue.

[30th **July** 1855.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty's 5&6 Vict. c. 79. 'Reign, Chapter Seventy-nine, certain Duties contained in a ' Schedule to the said Act were granted and made payable, and ' amongst others the following Duties on Stage Carriages in Great ' Britain, (that is to say,) for and in respect of every Mile which 'any Stage Carriage shall be licensed to travel the Duty of One ' Penny Halfpenny, and for and in respect of every such supple-' mentary Licence for a Stage Carriage as described in the said 'Schedule the Duty of Five Shillings; and it is expedient to ' reduce the said Duties as herein-after mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the First Day of July One thousand eight Duties on Stage hundred and fifty-five there shall be charged and payable to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, the following reduced Duties on Stage Carriages in Great Britain; (that is to say,) for and in respect of every Mile which any Stage Carriage shall be licensed to travel One Penny, and for and in respect of every such supplementary Licence as aforesaid the Duty of One Shilling, in lieu of the Duties granted in the like Cases by the said recited Act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to reduce or affect any Duty which shall accrue or be incurred on or before the said First Day of July.

II. The said Duties by this Act granted and made payable shall Reduced Duties be raised, levied, collected, and paid in like Manner, and by and to be raised, under the like Powers and Authorities, Rules and Regulations, as the said Duties granted by the said recited Act are now raised, levied, collected, and paid under or by virtue of any Act or Acts

in force.

III. From and after the passing of this Act Section Twelve Section 12 of of the Act passed in the Second and Third Years of the Reign 2 & 3 W.4. of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter One c. 120. repealed. hundred and twenty, whereby the Commissioners are authorized to compound with any Person for the Duties which may become payable in respect of any Stage Carriage, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

IV. And whereas by certain Acts passed in that Behalf the Paper for * Commissioners of Inland Revenue are directed to provide Stamps for denoting the several Rates of Postage of Letters on Paper ters provided provided by the said Commissioners for the Covers or Envelopes by any Person

of Letters, and it is expedient to provide for the stamping with may be stamped such Stampa Paper which any Person may send to the said with Postage such Stamps Paper which any Person may send to the said ' Commis-

Carriages and Supplementary

Licences re-

&c. under existing Powers.

Covers or Envelopes of Let-Stamps.

Stage Carriage Duties, &c.

' Commissioners for that Purpose:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and they are hereby empowered, under such Regulations as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may from Time to Time make or sanction in that Behalf, to stamp Paper which any Person may send to the said first-named Commissioners for the Purpose of being stamped for Covers or Envelopes of Letters with Stamps provided for denoting the several Rates of Postage, on Payment of the Amount of the Stamps required to be impressed on such Paper, and in Cases where such Amount shall not exceed Ten Pounds upon Payment in addition thereto of such Fee as the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may direct or authorize to be taken in such Cases.

Prize Money Orders to be chargeable with the same Duties as Inland Bills.

V. 'And whereas under and by virtue of Two several Acts ' passed respectively, the one in the Second and Third Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter Fifty-three, and the other in the Third and Fourth Years of the said King's Reign, Chapter Twenty-nine, a Stamp Duty of One Shilling is payable upon Orders made for the Pay-' ment of Prize Money, or Bounty Money, or Money upon Grants due to Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers, and it is expedient in lieu thereof to subject such Orders to the Stamp Duties chargeable on Inland Bills, Drafts, or Orders: Be it enacted, That the Stamp Duty of One Shilling payable under the said Two last-mentioned Acts on Orders made for the Payment of Prize Money, or Bounty Money, or Money upon Grants due to Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers, shall cease, and in lieu thereof all such Orders shall be subject and liable to the like Stamp Duties as Inland Bills, Drafts, or Orders for the Payment of Money of the same Amount and of the like Tenor or Effect are now by Law subject and liable to.

Sections 195, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107. to apply to Bonds and Securities relating to the Inland Revenue.

VI. And as to Bonds and other Securities relating to the Inland 196, and 197 of Revenue, all the Powers, Provisions, and Regulations concerning Bonds and other Securities relating to the Customs contained in Sections CXCV., CXCVI., and CXCVII. of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter One hundred and seven, shall, mutatis mutandis, be deemed to extend and shall be applied to all Bonds and other Securities entered into or given, or to be entered into or given, by any Person or Persons under the Provisions of any Act relating to the Duties of Excise, or to any other of the Duties or Matters under the Control or Management of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, or otherwise in relation, or incident thereto: Provided always, that in any Case in which, under the Provisions of the said Sections, any Certificate is required to be signed, or any other Matter is authorized to be done, by Commissioners of Customs, or any Number of them, any such Certificate or Matter in relation to any Bond or Security concerning or incident to the Inland Revenue shall respectively be signed and done by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, or the like Number of them.

Burial of Poor Persons.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to amend the Law regarding the Burial of poor Persons by Guardians and Overseers of the Poor.

[30th *July* 1855.]

HEREAS by the Act of the Eighth Year of the Reign 7 & 8 Vict. of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and one, Provisions c. 101. s. 31. ' were made for the Burial of poor Persons by Guardians and 'Overseers of the Poor: And whereas, in consequence of the ' closing of the Burial Grounds in many Parishes, and the Want of adequate Space in others, great Difficulty is frequently found in carrying into execution the above Provisions, and it is ex-

' pedient that other Provisions should be made:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Authority of the same:

I. That where the Guardians of any Union or Parish, or any Where Burial of their Officers duly authorized in that Behalf, or the Overseers Ground of Paof any Parish not under a Board of Guardians, shall undertake rish closed or the Burial of any poor Person, or shall contribute Money or other Guardians or Aid towards the same, and the Burial cannot take place in the Overseers may Parish where, according to the Provisions of the said Act, the bury in neighsame would have been required to take place, by reason of the bouring Parish. public Burial Ground of such Parish having been closed, and no other having been provided, or where, in consequence of the crowded State of such Burial Ground, the Guardians or Overseers respectively are of opinion that the Burial of such dead Body therein would be improper, it shall be lawful to bury such Body in a public Burial Ground (some Part of which has been consecrated) of or in some other Parish as near as conveniently may be to the Parish wherein the Burial would have been required to take place according to the Provisions of the said Act: Provided, that in all Cases of Burial under the Direction of the Guardians or their Officers, or of the Overseers, as aforesaid, the Fee or Fees payable by the Custom of the Place where the Burial may be, or under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament, shall be paid by the said Guardians or Overseers for the Burial of each such Body, to the Person or Persons who by such Custom or under such Act of Parliament shall be entitled to receive such Fee or Fees.

II. The Guardians of any Union or Parish, or the Overseers Power to enter of any Parish not under a Board of Guardians, may from Time into Agreeto Time enter into Agreements with the Proprietors of any ments with Cemetery established under the Authority of Parliament, or with any Burial Board duly constituted under the Statutes in that any Burial Board duly constituted under the Statutes in that rial Boards. Behalf, for the Burial of the dead Bodies of any poor Persons which such Guardians or Overseers may undertake to bury, or towards the Burial whereof they may render Assistance; and thereupon the Burial of any such Body, under the Directions of the said Guardians or their Officer, or of such Overseers, or with their

overcrowded,

' Nineteenth,

Burial of Poor Persons.

Edinburgh Lands.

their Aid respectively, in such Cemetery, or in the Burial Ground of such Burial Board, (unless the deceased Person, or the Husband or Wife or next of Kin of such deceased Person, have otherwise expressly desired,) shall be lawful: Provided, however, that no such Agreement shall be valid unless made in such Form and with such Stipulations as the Poor Law Board shall approve.

Construction of Words to be as in 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 76., &c.

III. The Words contained in this Act shall be construed in like Manner as in the Act of the Fifth Year of King William the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, and in the several Acts incorporated therewith.

CAP. LXXX.

An Act to ratify conditional Agreements entered into by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and to vest in the said Commissioners certain Property situate near the College of Edinburgh in the City of Edinburgh, together with the General Register House in the said City, and all Lands held therewith; and to enable the said Commissioners to acquire certain Property near the Palace of Holyrood. [30th July 1855.]

TATHEREAS in the Estimates for the Public Service passed in the last Session of Parliament certain Sums were set ' apart for the Formation of a National Museum of Industry for Scotland, and in particular for the Purchase of Ground sufficient for the Site of the said Museum, to be built in the Vicinity of the 'Buildings of the University and College of Edinburgh within the City of Edinburgh: And whereas the Commissioners of Her ' Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, incorporated by an Act of the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifteenth Year of Her ' Majesty, Chapter Twenty-eight, have been appointed to carry out the Arrangements for the Purchase, Acquisition, and vesting in them of the Ground required for the Site of the said Museum: And whereas in pursuance of such Appointment to ' the said Commissioners a Deed of Agreement has been entered into between them on the one Part, and Robert Gray, Merchant, Edinburgh, Adam Black, Bookseller there, John Baird, Grocer, Glimerton, Hugh Paton, Carver and Gilder, Edinburgh, ' George Johnston, Temperance Hotel Keeper there, William Auld, Shoemaker there, and John Peterson, Merchant there, the surviving and acting Trustees vested in the Property and Buildings known as the College Street or Argyle Square Chapel, Edinburgh, therein-after described, for the Execution of the Trusts connected therewith, created by the deceased John ' Aikman, Minister of the Gospel in Edinburgh, by a Trust Dis-' position and Settlement executed by him, and bearing Date the 'Twenty-fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ' twelve, and recorded in the Books of Council and Session the ' Fourteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and ' thirty-four, in favour of the said Robert Gray and others, on ' the other Part, the said Deed of Agreement bearing Date the

Agreement, dated 19th, 20th, and 22d March and 7th and 20th April 1855, for Purchase of Property near the College of Edinburgh as a Site for a National Museum of Industry.

Nineteenth, Twentieth, and Twenty-second Days of March and ' Seventh and Twentieth Days of April, all in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and recorded in the Books of Her Majesty's Chancery in Scotland the Eighth and in the ' Books of Council and Session the Tenth Days of May and Year ' last mentioned; and reciting that it had been deemed expedient ' towards the Formation of the said Museum that the absolute 'Right to the said Property and Buildings should be acquired by ' and vested in the said Commissioners; and reciting that the said ' Commissioners, by and with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, had agreed with the said Trustees for the absolute Purchase of the said Property and Buildings at a · Price to be paid therefor of Two thousand Pounds Sterling; and reciting that the said Property and Buildings, being vested ' in the said Trustees for the Execution of the Trusts aforesaid, ' and no Power of Sale being conferred on them by the Titles ' under which they hold the same, it was not competent for the ' said Trustees to sell or dispose of the said Subjects, nor could they grant a valid Conveyance and Disposition thereof to the ' said Commissioners, without the Authority of Parliament; and by which Deed of Agreement it was agreed that the said Com-' missioner should within a reasonable Time, and without undue Delay after the Date and Execution of the said Deed of Agree-' ment, (and at their own Expense,) apply for an Act of Parlia-'ment empowering the said Commissioners to purchase and ' acquire, and empowering the said Robert Gray, Adam Black, 4 John Baird, Hugh Paton, George Johnston, William Auld, and · John Peterson, as Trustees foresaid, and their Successors in 4 Office, or so many of them as are declared to be a Quorum by the Deed constituting the said Trust, and the Survivors or Survivor of them, and all other Parties who were, could, should, or ' might be interested, to sell and dispose of the said Property and 4 Buildings, and to grant, make, or execute, in favour of the said ' Commissioners and their Successors, or other Disponees that 4 might be considered necessary, a good and valid Conveyance and Disposition thereof, and all Rights and Pertinents held or connected therewith, which Property and Buildings are stated in the said Deed of Agreement to be described in the Title Deeds as follows, viz., all and whole that Area, with the Chapel or Place of Worship sometime ago erected thereon by the said ' John Aikman, situated at the West End of the College of Edinburgh, and bounded as follows, viz., by the Street leading from the College Wynd to the Potterrow on the East, the Street leading along the North Side of the College to Argyle Square on 4 the North, the Property of the Trades Maiden Hospital on the West, and that large Tenement and Garden also belonging to the said John Aikman on the South, together with a Servitude over the whole Garden or Ground belonging to the said John ' Aikman lying behind the contiguous Tenement on the South of ' the said Chapel, for the Purpose of preserving entire the Light ' of the large Window in the South Side of the Chapel, with ' free Ish and Entry to the said Place of Worship from both of

the said Streets, which Area whereon the said Chapel is built was purchased by the said John Aikman partly from James Dewar Esquire, of Vogrie, alongst with other Subjects contained ' in his Disposition to the said John Aikman, dated the Twentyfourth and Twenty-ninth Days of July Eighteen hundred and one, and recorded in the Books of Council and Session the Sixteenth Day of April thereafter, and partly from the Governors of said Hospital; and the said Robert Gray, Adam Bluck, John ' Baird, Hugh Paton, George Johnston, William Auld, and John ' Peterson thereby agreed and bound and obliged themselves as ' Trustees foresaid, and their Successors in Office, that they should. "upon being so empowered, sell, alienate, convey, and dispone to and in favour of the said Commissioners, or to such other Disponees as the said Commissioners should direct and appoint, at and for the foresaid Price of Two thousand Pounds Sterling, all and whole the aforesaid Subjects as before described, or by any other Description that might be considered necessary for " the proper Identification thereof, together with all Right, Title, and Interest, Claim of Right, Property, and Possession which they or their Predecessors, or the said John Aikman or his 'Authors, had to the Premises, and for that Purpose to execute and deliver a good, valid, and effectual Disposition and Convey-'ance, containing all usual and necessary Clauses, in favour of the said Commissioners or such other Disponees as the said Commissioners might direct and appoint; and the said Commissioners should, on the Execution and Delivery of such Disposition and Conveyance, be bound to make Payment of the foresaid Sum of Two thousand Pounds without Deduction of any Expenses incurred by them in carrying out the Sale and Transference to them of the said Subjects or otherwise, such Payment to be made and applied under the Provisions of the Act of Parliament to be obtained as aforesaid; and it was thereby further declared and agreed to by the Parties, that the Term of Entry of the said Commissioners to the said Subjects should be as soon as might be agreed on after the passing of the Act of Parliament empowering the said Trustees as aforesaid to sell and dispone the said Subjects to the said Commissioners, or at least at the First Term of Whitsunday or Martinmas that should happen subsequent to the passing of the said Act, from which Time or Term, as the Case might be, the said Purchase Money, if not previously paid, should bear Interest until Payment thereof was made as might be directed by the Act of Parliament to be obtained as aforesaid: And whereas by another Deed of Agreement, bearing Date the Thirteenth Day of March and Twentieth Day of April, both in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and recorded in the Books of Her Majesty's Chancery in Scotland the Eighth and in the Books of Council and Session the Tenth Days of May and Year last mentioned, entered into between the said Commissioners on the one Part, and the Right Honourable John Melville, Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, Adam Morrison, Francis Brown Douglas, George Clark, and John Kay, Esquires, Bailies, Peter Scott Fraser Esquire, ' Dean

Agreement dated 13th March and 20th April 1855, for Transfer by the Town Council of Edinburgh of their Rights (if any) in the Museum of the Univer-

' Dean of Guild, and David Dickson Esquire, Treasurer, and also ' the remanent Members of the Town Council, all as represent-' ing the Community of the said City, as Patrons and Guardians of the University and College of Edinburgh, on the other Part, proceeding on a Recital of the Intention to form the said National Museum; and also reciting that certain Proposals were submitted on behalf of the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for ' Trade to the said Magistrates and Town Council, for the Transfer ' to Her Majesty's Government by them of any Rights they might have in the Museum of the said University, on condition that the proposed National Museum was made fully available to the ' Professors of the said University for instructional Purposes, and ' to be open to the Public free of Charge during certain Days of ' the Week, and for the Acquisition by Her Majesty's Government of certain Subjects under the Management, Control, and Disposal of the said Magistrates and Town Council as Patrons and Guardians of or otherwise as Trustees on behalf of the said Univer-' sity; and further reciting that the said Proposals having been 'considered at a Meeting of the said Magistrates and Town ' Council on the Eighth Day of August One thousand eight hun-' dred and fifty-four, they, by their Act of Council of that Date, ' did renounce all Right of Property in and Management of or ' Control over the Collections forming the Museum of Natural ' History in the said University belonging to them as Patrons and 'Guardians aforesaid to and in favour of the said Lords of the 'Committee of Privy Council for Trade, and they did thereby ' bind and oblige themselves and their Successors in Office to ' transfer all such Right, Title, and Interest which they had or could have as Patrons and Guardians aforesaid in or to the Area of Land in West College Street, bounded by the said Street on ' the East, the Grounds of the Trades Maiden Hospital on the West, the Houses of Lothian Street on the South, and the Inde-' pendent Chapel occupied by the Congregation of the Reverend ' Doctor Alexander on the North, and for that Purpose to execute ' and deliver such legal Transfer and Conveyance as might be ' judged necessary, and that at the Expense of the said Lords, it being declared by the said Act of Council that such Renuncia-' tion and Transfer as aforesaid should be made on the Condition that the Views of the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council ' for Trade expressed in the Documents referred to in the said Act of Council should be fully carried into execution by the said Lords; and also reciting that by the said Act of Council the said ' Magistrates and Council, considering that it might become necessary to widen the Approach by North College Street to the said Museum, did agree to concur in any Plan which might be concerted by the said Lords for widening the said Approach; and to cede so much of the Property on the North Side of the and to cede said Street belonging to them as Patrons and Guardians afore- Property for said as the said Lords might think necessary to throw into the widening and * said Street or Foot Pavement when so required to be widened; improving the Approach to the proposed * Street was originally sequired in Five separate Lots or Parcels National Mu-

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seum of Industry.

' by the Commissioners appointed by Royal Warrant to super-' intend the Erection of Buildings for the said University of Edin-' burgh and the Expenditure of the Parliamentary Grants therefor, and the said Lots or Parcels were feudally vested in the Honour-' able James Clerk Rattray, One of the Barons of the Court of ' Exchequer in Scotland, Robert Johnston, Merchant in Edinburgh, and Doctor Andrew Duncan junior, Secretary of the ' Senatus Academicus of the University of Edinburgh, being 'Three of and a Committee appointed by the said Commissioners 'appointed by Royal Warrant to superintend the Erection of Buildings for the said University and the Expenditure of the ' Parliamentary Grants therefor, for the Purpose of making certain ' Purchases for their Behoof, and the Survivors and Survivor of ' the said Baron Clerk Rattray, Robert Johnston, and Andrew ' Duncan junior, and the Heirs and Assignees of them, in trust ' and for Behoof of the said Commissioners, as the said Sub-' jects, consisting of Five Lots or Parcels, were more particularly described in an Instrument of Sasine in favour of the said ' Baron Clerk Rattray, Robert Johnston, and Andrew Duncan ' junior, as Trustees foresaid, dated the Twelfth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, and recorded in ' the Register of Sasines kept for the City of Edinburgh the same Day, and in the several Dispositions containing the Procura-' tories of Resignation on which the same proceeds and the other 'Titles of the said Subjects; and also reciting that the said 'Trustees were all dead, the said Robert Johnston having been ' the last Survivor of them, and that the Heirs of the said Robert ' Johnston, having made up a Title as Heir to him in the said ' Trust Subjects, had conveyed and disponed the same to the said Magistrates and Town Council on the same Trusts as the said Subjects were held by the said Robert Johnston as surviving ' Trustee foresaid, with a view to enabling the said Magistrates and Town Council the more effectually to carry out the said 'Arrangement for surrendering the said Subjects for the Pur-' poses of the said National Museum, in which Subjects the said Magistrates had been infeft conform to Instrument of Sasine in ' their Favour recorded in the Burgh Register of Sasines for the 'City of Edinburgh the Seventh Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and also reciting that the Property belonging to the said Magistrates and Town Council, or under their Management and Disposal as Patrons and Guardians foresaid, situated on the North Side of North College ' Street, of which they agreed to cede as much as the said Lords ' might think necessary to throw into the said Street or Foot ' Pavement, when so required to be widened as aforesaid, was ' originally acquired by certain Trustees appointed by the Sub-' scribers to a Fund for rebuilding the College of Edinburgh, in separate Lots, from William Keith, Accountant in Edinburgh, Walter Scott, Writer to the Signet, and the Incorporation of 'Bakers of Edinburgh, to whom the respective Purchase Monies ' were paid, but no Title, so far as then appeared, was ever ' obtained from these Parties; and also reciting that the whole of ' the

' the said Property in West College Street was required for the said National Museum; and also reciting that the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings had been ' appointed to carry out the Arrangements for the Acquisition of the Ground required for the Site of the said National Museum, and obtaining the same vested in them; therefore the said Right ' Honourable John Melville, Lord Provost, Adam Morrison, ' Francis Brown Douglas, George Clark, and John Kay, Esquires, Bailies, Peter Scott Fraser Esquire, Dean of Guild, and David ' Dickson Esquire, Treasurer, and the remanent Members of the ' Town Council of the said City of Edinburgh, as the Trustees ' feudally vested in the Subjects therein-after disponed, and as ' Patrons and Guardians of the University of Edinburgh, or as ' having Right in any other Character or Capacity whatever to ' the said Subjects, did thereby alienate, convey, and dispone to and in favour of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, for the Purposes of the said National Museum, all and the whole the foresaid Area of Land in West College Street, described as bounded by the said Street on the East, the ' Grounds of the Trades Maiden Hospital on the West, the Houses of Lothian Street on the South, and the Independent Chapel occupied by the Congregation of the Reverend Doctor Alexander on the North, or as the said Area was otherwise described in the foresaid Instrument of Sasine in favour of the said Baron Clerk ' Rattray, Robert Johnston, and Andrew Duncan junior, and the 'other Titles of the said Subjects; and further the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council thereby agreed and bound and ' obliged themselves and their Successors in Office to concur in any ' Plan that might be concerted by the said Commissioners of Her ' Majesty's Works and Public Buildings for widening the Approach ' to the said Museum, and to cede to the said Commissioners so much of the foresaid Property on the North Side of North Col-' lege Street belonging to them as Patrons and Guardians foresaid as the said Commissioners might think necessary to throw into the said Street or Foot Pavement, when required to be widened, and to grant such Deeds as might be legally requisite for fully vesting the Ground so to be ceded in the said Commissioners, at ' the Expense of the said Commissioners, which several Subjects ' therein described were stated to be delineated on a Plan thereof and of the other Subjects acquired or to be acquired by the said 'Commissioners for the Purposes of the said Museum, the Subjects ' first therein described being coloured Pink on said Plan, and the Subjects second therein mentioned being coloured Green thereon, 'which Plan is therein stated to be subscribed by the said Lord Provost and the First Commissioner of Her Majesty's Works and ' Public Buildings as relative to the said Deed of Agreement by which it was declared that the Disposition and Obligation therein 'contained were granted by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council only for the Purposes foresaid, and no otherwise, and which Purposes should be a Real Burden on the said Disposition granted and to be granted; and the said whole Parties thereto further considering, that in order to fortify the Title thereby conferred 18 & 19 VICT.

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' conferred and to be conferred to the said several Subjects it had been deemed expedient that an Act of Parliament should be ' obtained for more effectually vesting the same in the said Com-' missioners; therefore it was thereby agreed to by and between ' the said several Parties thereto that the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings should within a reasonable Time and without undue Delay after the Date and Exe-' cution of the said Deed of Agreement, and at the Expense of the ' said Commissioners, apply for an Act of Parliament containing Clauses ratifying the said Deed of Agreement, and transferring ' to and vesting in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of the said Museum the several Subjects thereby disponed or to be-' disponed in the event and for the Purpose foresaid, and declaring ' them free and disburdened of the Trusts upon which the samewere and had been held by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, ' and Council, and their Predecessors, and containing such other ' Clauses as might be considered necessary for carrying out the ' Object and Intention of the said Deed of Agreement, and spe-' cially, without Prejudice to the said Generality, empowering ' the said Magistrates and Town Council to widen or alter the 'Approaches or Streets leading to the said Museum, in as far as ' they and the said Commissioners should consider necessary, but ' which Power so to be obtained should not impose or imply, or be deemed or taken to impose or imply, any Obligation on the 'said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council to widen or alter ' the said Approaches or Streets at the Expense of the Community and Common Good of said City, or out of any other Fund under ' their Management and Control: And whereas by a Disposition ' dated the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth ' Days of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, made ' and executed by Henry Banks, Convener of the Incorporated 'Trades of the City of Edinburgh and Deacon of the Incorpora. 'tion of Tailors of Edinburgh; Samuel Weir, Deacon of the In-' corporation of Goldsmiths of Edinburgh; John Steele, Deacon of ' the Incorporation of Hammermen of Edinburgh; Thomas Johnstone, Deacon of the Incorporation of Wrights of Edinburgh; Edward Macgill, Deacon of the Incorporation of Masons of Edin-' burgh; John Ramage, Deacon of the Incorporation of Bakers of ' Edinburgh; John Cox, Deacon of the Incorporation of Furriers of Edinburgh; Robert Legget junior, Deacon of the Incorporation of Skinners of Edinburgh; Thomas MacMillan, senior Deacon ' of the Incorporation of Fleshers of Edinburgh; John James, 'Deacon of the Incorporation of Shoemakers of Edinburgh; ' George Tibbets, Deacon of the Incorporation of Waulkers of ' Edinburgh; Robert Brown, Deacon of the Incorporation of 'Websters of Edinburgh; John Williams, Deacon of the Incor-' poration of Bonnetmakers of Edinburgh; George Crichton, Goldsmith, Edinburgh, and William Beattie, Builder, Edin-' burgh, Trades Councillors of the said City; George Roper Dickie, Preses of the Society of Barbers of Edinburgh; Gordon Brown, residing in Buccleugh Place, Edinburgh; Robert Sclater, Die . and Stamp Cutter, Edinburgh; James Nimmo, Brassfounder.

Disposition dated 13th, 14th, 16th, and 17th April 1855, for Purchase of Property from the Governors of the Maiden Hospital for the Purposes of the National Museum of Industry.

there; James Milne, Boot and Shoe Maker there; George Copland, Tailor there; James Thomson, Hosier, North Saint Andrew Street there; William Cushnie, residing at Malta Green Cottage there; Robert Legget senior, Skinner, Water of Leith there; and ' John Clark, residing in Teviot Row there, all then Governors of ' the Maiden Hospital founded by the Craftsmen of Edinburgh and Mary Erskine, and erected or incorporated by Statute from Queen Anne, dated the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and seven, Heritable Proprietors of the Subjects thereby ' disponed, in consideration of the Price therein mentioned, sold, alienated, and disponed from them and their Successors in Office to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public ' Buildings, heritably and irredeemably, all and whole the Ground and Buildings known, used, and occupied as the Trades Maiden Hospital, bounded as therein described, all as the said Ground and Buildings were delineated and coloured Blue on a Plan thereof and of other adjoining Properties acquired or to be acquired by the said Commissioners which was subscribed by the said Henry Banks, Convenor foresaid, and John Clark, Treasurer of the said Hospital, on behalf of the Grantors of the said Disposition, as relative thereto, which Subjects thereby disponed were stated to be Part of the several Subjects thereinafter described, or one or other of them, in which several Sub-' jects the Governors of the said Hospital were infeft conform to Instrument of Resignation and Sasine in their Favour, dated the Twenty-sixth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and seven, and recorded in the Burgh Register of Sasines of Edinburgh the same Day, and also conform to another Instrument of Resignation and Sasine in their Favour, dated Tenth September One thousand seven hundred and six, and recorded ' in the said Burgh Register of Sasines the same Day; and the said Governors of the said Hospital did also thereby sell, alienate, and dispone to the said Commissioners all Privileges, Servitudes, Pertinents, and others held or connected therewith, and, without Prejudice to such general Conveyance, the Privilege and Servitude therein particularly described: And whereas the Subjects disponed by the said Disposition were acquired for the Purposes of the said National Museum: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Agreements between the said ' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings on the one Part, and the said Trustees for the Administration of the Affairs of the said Chapel, and the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh respectively, on the other Part, should be ratified and carried into effect in manner herein-after provided, and that the said Disposition by the Governors of the said Trades Maiden Hospital in favour of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings should also be ratified in manner herein-after mentioned: And whereas it is expedient that the Buildings forming ' the General Register House in Edinburgh, and Ground whereon the same are built, and all other Property of whatever kind held or connected therewith, should be transferred to and vested in Commissioners

The Register House, Edinburgh, to be vested in the the of Works.

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the said Commissioners: And whereas Inconveniences and Difficulties have arisen in the Acquisition by the said Commissioners for the Public Service of Property situated at or near the Palace of Holyrood or Precincts thereof, held by Parties who were, by the Titles thereof or otherwise, legally incapacitated from selling or disposing of the same and granting valid Conveyances thereof, and it is expedient that these Inconveniences and Difficulties should be removed: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Recited Deeds of Agreements confirmed.

I. The said herein-before recited Deed of Agreement, bearing Date the Nineteenth, Twentieth, and Twenty-second Days of March and Seventh and Twentieth Days of April, all in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and recorded in the Books of Her Majesty's Chancery in Scotland the Eighth and in the Books of Council and Session the Tenth Days of May and Year last mentioned, entered into between the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings on the one Part, and the said Robert Gray, Adam Black, John Baird, Hugh Paton, George Johnston, William Auld, and John Peterson, the surviving and acting Trustees vested in the Property and Buildings known as the College Street or Argyle Square Chapel, Edinburgh, therein and herein-before described, for the Execution of the Trusts connected therewith created by the said deceased John Aihman, Minister of the Gospel in Edinburgh, by his said Trust Disposition and Settlement bearing Date the Twentyfourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and recorded in the Books of Council and Session the Fourteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, on the other Part; as also the said Deed of Agreement bearing Date the Thirteenth Day of March and the Twentieth Day of April, both in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and recorded in the Books of Her Majesty's Chancery in Scotland the Eighth and in the Books of Council and Session the Tenth Days of May and Year last mentioned, between the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings on the one Part, and the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh, in their several Characters foresaid, on the other Part, and the Disposition and Obligation therein contained; as also the said Disposition dated the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth Days of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, by the said Governors of the Trades Maiden Hospital, Edinburgh, in favour of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, shall be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, and made valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. It shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Robert Gray, Adam Blach, John Baird, Hugh Faton, George Johnston, William Auld, and John Peterson, as Trustees foresaid, and their Successors in Office, or so many of them as are declared to be a Quorum

Property near the College to be conveyed to the Commissioners of Works.

Quorum by the Deed constituting the said Trust, and the Survivors or Survivor of them, and all other Parties who are, can, shall, or may be interested, to sell and dispose of the said Property and Buildings known as the College Street or Argyle Square Chapel, Edinburgh, described in the said Deed of Agreement, to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and to grant, make, and execute, in favour of the said Commissioners or other Disponees that may be considered necessary, a Conveyance and Disposition of the said Property and Buildings, and all Rights, Servitudes, Privileges, and Pertinents held or connected therewith, as the same are described in the said Deed of Agreement, or in the Title Deeds thereof, or by any other or additional Description that may be considered necessary or proper for the due Identification of the said Subjects, which Conveyance and Disposition so to be granted as aforesaid shall contain all usual and necessary Clauses for fully vesting the said Subjects in the said Commissioners, and the same shall be good, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

III. The said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public The Price to be Buildings shall, on the Execution and Delivery to them of the paid by the said aforesaid Conveyance and Disposition, pay or cause to be paid to an Account the Sum of Two thousand Pounds Sterling, together with the In- at the Royal terest that may have accrued thereon from the Time the said Com- Bank of Scotmissioners may have obtained Entry to the said Subjects prior to land. the Delivery of such Conveyance and Disposition into the Royal Bank of Scotland, to an Account to be raised in the Books of said Bank in the Names of the Right Honourable John Melville, present Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, Maurice Lothian Esquire, Procurator Fiscal for the County of Midlothian, and John Gibson junior, Esquire, Writer to the Signet, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, or the Heirs Male of such Survivor, as Trustees or Trustee, for reinvesting the said Monies and carrying

into effect the other Purposes herein-after mentioned.

IV. The Receipt of the Treasurer or other proper Officer of the Receipt of said Bank shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the said Sum Treasurer to of Two thousand Pounds, and Interest thereon, and the said Commissioners shall not be in any way liable for or concerned with the Application, Misapplication, or Nonapplication of the Monies

so to be paid by them as aforesaid, or any Part thereof. V. Immediately from and after the Execution and Delivery of Upon Executhe said Conveyance and Disposition, and on such Payment being tion of Conveymade into the said Royal Bank of Scotland as aforesaid, the said ance and Pay-Subjects to be therein comprised shall be and the same are by the Property to force and virtue of this Act absolutely freed and disburdened of be disburdened the Trusts, Conditions, and Purposes, and all other Burdens affect- of the Trusts, ing the same, created or imposed by the Trust Disposition and &c. affecting Settlement aforesaid of the said deceased John Aikman, or any subsequent Deed or Deeds made and executed by him, or by any Deeds executed by the Trustees acting under the said Trust Disposition and Settlement, or other Deeds executed by the said deceased John Aikman; all which, so far as they affect or can be

be a good Dis-

made to affect the said Subjects, or the Grantors of the said Con-

veyance

veyance and Disposition in relation thereto, are hereby discharged and declared to be at an end as if the same had never existed, and such Conveyance and Disposition shall not be liable to Objection nor its Validity be in any way impaired or affected by reason of any Defect whatever in the Titles of the Grantors of such Conveyance and Disposition, or their Predecessors and Authors.

The Price to be invested, under the Direction of the Court of Session, in the Purchase of other Property, to be conveyed on the same Trusts.

VI. And the said John Melville, Maurice Lothian, and John Gibson junior, as Trustees aforesaid, and their foresaids, may and shall, with all convenient Speed, and with the Approbation of the Court of Session in either Division thereof, and under the Direction thereof, and by and with the Consent of the Trustees or Trustee acting for the Time under the said Trust Disposition and Settlement of the said deceased John Aikman, after Payment of all Expenses incurred in the Execution of the Trust hereby created, which they are hereby authorized to satisfy and pay in the first place, lay out, invest, and apply the said Sum of Two. thousand Pounds so to be paid into the said Royal Bank of Scotland as aforesaid into the Account herein provided to be raised inthe Books of the said Bank in the Names of the said John Melville, Maurice Lothian, and John Gibson junior, as Trustees foresaid, and also any Balance of Interest and Accumulations thereof that may remain after satisfying the Purposes herein-after provided for, in the Purchase of a Site for a suitable Chapel or Place of Worship, and the Balance thereof, if any, shall remain for and towards the Erection of such Chapel, or otherwise in the Purchase and Acquisition of any Building or Buildings, and converting the same into a suitable Chapel or Place of Worship, in lieu and place of the aforesaid Chapel and Ground on which the same is built, to be disponed to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings under the Authority of this Act; and the Ground or Buildings so to be purchased and acquired or erected as aforesaid by the Trustees herein-before appointed for the Purposes aforesaid shall be conveyed and disponed by the Parties from whom the same shall be so purchased and acquired, or by the same purchasing Trustees or Trustee, and by the Directions of the Court of Session in either Division thereof, to the Trustees acting for the Time under the said Trust Disposition and Settlement of the said deceased John Aikman, and under and subject to the same Trusts, Conditions, Ends, Uses, and Purposes as are specified in the said Trust Disposition and Settlement of the said deceased John Aikman, in the same Manner and to the like Effect as if the Ground and Buildings so to be acquired and purchased or erected as aforesaid had been the Subjects originally comprised within the said Trust Disposition and Settlement.

Interest accruing on the Capital in the meantime to be applied in providing a temporary Place of Worship.

VII. Until the Investment herein-before directed shall be made, the Interest accruing on the said Capital Sum of Two thousand Pounds by reason of its Deposit in such Bank as aforesaid shall be paid to the Trustees or Trustee acting for the Time under the said Trust Disposition and Settlement, to enable them to provide a temporary Place of Worship for the Congregation on whose Behalf the said Trust was created, and on such other Purposes of the Trust as Circumstances may render necessary or expedient:

Provided

Provided always, that the Expenses incurred in the Execution of the Trust herein-before created shall form a preferable Charge upon and shall be satisfied and paid in the first place out of the said Interest, and shall not be defrayed, so long as the Interest is sufficient for that Purpose, out of the said Capital Sum of Two thousand Pounds.

VIII. After having carried the Purposes of this Act into effect, Trustees on so far as the same are committed to the said Trustees herein- Passing their before appointed, it shall be lawful to such Trustees and their discharged by foresaids, if he or they shall think it necessary for his or their own Court of Ses-Relief, to apply to the said Court of Session in either Division sion. thereof for a Discharge or Exoneration of their Proceedings, upon a Petition to be presented to the said Court in either Division thereof in a summary Way, and the said Court in either Division thereof is hereby required to order Production of the Accounts of the said Trustees, and after Consideration thereof, and if the same shall be found to be correct, to exonerate and discharge the said Trustees of his or their Intromissions, and to declare him and them quit and discharged thereof for ever.

Trustees.

IX. If the said John Melville, Maurice Lothian, and John Gibson Provision for junior, or any of them, shall die, or be desirous to be discharged the Appointfrom or shall become incapable to act in the Trusts, Powers, and Authorities hereby in them vested, at any Time before the said Trusts, Powers, and Authorities shall have been duly performed and executed, then and in any of these Cases, when and so often as the same shall happen, it shall and may be lawful for the said Court of Session in either Division thereof, upon the Application either of the surviving Trustee or of the Trustees acting for the Time under the said Trust Disposition and Settlement of the said deceased John Aikman, or Quorum, or Survivor of them, to appoint any other fit Person or Persons to be a Trustee or Trustees for the Purposes aforesaid in the Place and Stead of such Trustee and Trustees as shall die, or be desirous to be discharged from or shall become incapable to act in the Execution of the Trusts, Powers, and Authorities by this Act given, and so from Time to Time as often as there shall be Occasion; and so often as any new Trustee or Trustees shall be appointed as aforesaid the Sums of Money paid to the Account of and vested in the said Trustees as aforesaid, and hereby vested in the said John Melville, Maurice Lothian, and John Gibson junior, shall thereupon become legally and effectually vested in such new Trustee or Trustees, and the Survivor and Survivors of them, and the Heirs of such Survivor, upon the Trusts, and to and for the same Uses, Intents, and Purposes, and with, under, and subject to all the Powers and Authorities by this Act given and declared.

X. The major Part of the Trustees acting in the Business and Majority to be Affairs of the said Trust for the Time, while more than Two sur- a Quorum. vive or continue, shall be a legal and sufficient Quorum for carrying all the Purposes of this Act into execution, and any One of them who only shall survive or continue shall at all Times have full Power to act by himself alone.

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Edinburgh Lands.

The Property near the College to be vested in the Commissioners of Works for the Purposes of the said National Museum.

XI. The Area of Land situated in West College Street of Edinburgh, herein-before described, and disponed in manner hereinbefore recited by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the said City of Edinburgh to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, is hereby, but subject always to the Declarations and Real Burden contained in the Deed of Agreement second herein-before recited and confirmed. transferred to and vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of the said National Museum, and no otherwise, as fully and effectually as if the said Commissioners were infeft and seised therein, and the same, as well as the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council, shall be and are hereby declared freed and discharged of the Trusts upon which the said Area of Land was held by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, and their Predecessors, in the same Manner and to the same Effect as if such Trusts had never existed: Provided always, that a Memorandum of the above Provision, whereby the said Area of Land is transferred to and vested in the said Commissioners, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be signed by the Lord Provost for the Time being, and registered in the Burgh Register of Sasines for the City of Edinburgh, which Memorandum may be in the Form set forth in the Schedule to this Act.

The Town Council empowered to convey Property, for widening the Street.

XII. The Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the said City shall be entitled, and are hereby authorized, empowered, and required, to convey and dispone to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings so much of the foresaid Property situated on the North Side of North College Street of Edinburgh, herein-before described, and belonging to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council as Patrons and Guardians of the said University and College of Edinburgh, or in any other Capacity, as the said Commissioners may deem it necessary to throw into the said Street or Foot Pavement when required to be widened, and to grant all Deeds necessary for fully vesting the Ground so to be conveyed and disponed in the said Commissioners, at the Expense of the said Commissioners; and the Deed or Deeds so to be granted shall not be impugned on the Ground of any Defect of Title in the Grantors thereof, or on any other Ground in Law whatever, but the same shall be valid and effectual to all

Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIII. The said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings shall not be entitled to put, and they are hereby debarred from putting, the foresaid Subjects already disponed and to be disponed to them by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, to any other Uses or Purposes than those contained and expressed in the Deed of Agreement second herein-before recited and confirmed, without the Consent in Writing of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council first had and obtained; and if the said Commissioners shall contravene this Provision, they shall be bound, on the Requisition in Writing of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, to reconvey and dispone to them the said Subjects, or, in the Option of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, to pay to them a suitable Compensation

Property acquired from Town Council not to be used for other Purposes than those of the National Museum, without their Consent.

or Price for the said Subjects, as the same may be ascertained with reference to the Value of the said Subjects as at the Date of the passing of this Act.

XIV. The Disposition herein-before mentioned, granted by the Disposition Governors of the Trades Maiden Hospital, Edinburgh, shall not granted by the be liable to any Objection or its Validity affected by reason of any Maiden Hospibe liable to any Objection or its Validity affected by reason of any Defect in the Title of such Governors or their Predecessors in any respect whatever.

tal to be valid.

XV. All the Buildings occupied as and forming Her Majesty's General Regis-General Register House at Edinburgh, and all the Lands and ter House vest-Buildings connected therewith, and all Lands whereon the same ed in the Comare built, and all Lands or Heritages held therewith, or purchased works.

missioners of Works.

Therefore the Improvement or Extension thereof, under any Royal Warrant or Signature, or under or by virtue of the Acts passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty George the Third, Session Second, Chapter Fifty-seven, the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty George the Fourth, Chapter Sixty-two, the Seventh and Eighth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, Chapter Fortyone, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or other Authority, together with the Feu Duties, Rents, and Casualties payable out of the said Lands or any Part thereof, shall from and after the passing of this Act be and the same are hereby vested in the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and their Successors, for ever, in their Corporate Capacity, for the Purposes specified in the aforesaid Royal Warrants, Signatures, Acts, or other Authority respectively, and shall be maintained and kept in repair by the said Commissioners by and out of such Funds as shall or may be from Time to Time appropriated by Parliament for such Purposes.

XVI. 'And whereas it may happen that some Person or Per- Owners of Pro-' sons, or Bodies Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, or Trustees, pertynear Holyor others, who are seised of or entitled to Houses, Ground, or other Subjects near or adjoining to the Precincts of the Palace Commissioners of Holyrood which it may be necessary or desirable for the said of Works. ' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings to ' purchase and acquire for the Public Service, may be willing to treat and agree to sell such Houses, Ground, or other Subjects, but are incapable of granting and conveying the same, by reason of Infancy, or other Disability by Tailzies or otherwise: Be it Provisions of enacted, That, for the Purpose of acquiring any such Houses, Ground, or other Subjects situate within Five hundred Yards from any Part of the said Palace, "The Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845," is incorporated with this Act: Provided always, that such Incorporation shall not enable the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings to take or acquire such last-mentioned Houses, Ground, or other Subjects otherwise than by Agreement.

rood empowered to sell same to

8 & 9 Vict. c. 19. incorporated for certain Pur-

SCHEDULE referred to by the Act.

BE it remembered, That by virtue of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled [here insert the Title of this Act, the Area of Land situate in West College Street of Edinburgh, herein-after described, and which was vested in the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the City of Edinburgh, subject to certain Trusts, and disponed by them to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, was transferred to and vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes and under the Conditions specified or referred to in the said Act of Parliament, and no otherwise, as fully and effectually as if the said Commissioners were infeft and seised therein, and the same, as well as the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, were declared freed and discharged of the Trusts upon which the said Area of Land was held by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, and their Predecessors in the said Subjects, in the same Manner and to the same Effect as if such Trusts had never existed; which Area of Land is described as follows [here insert the Description of the said Area of Land as given in the beforerecited Agreement between the said Commissioners and the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, or the Description given in the Titles thereof, or both, as may be deemed best for the proper Identification of the Subjects]. In witness whereof this Memorandum or Abstract of the above-recited Provision of the said Act of Parliament is in pursuance thereof signed by the Right Honourable the Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, before these Witnesses,

A. B., Witness. C.D., Witness.

CAP. LXXXI.

An Act to amend the Law concerning the certifying and registering of Places of Religious Worship in England.

[30th July 1855.]

1 W. &. M. Sess. 1. c. 18. 52 G. 3. c. 155.

WHEREAS by an Act of the First Session of the First Year of King William and Queen Mary, Chapter Eighteen, and an Act of the Fifty-second Year of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and fifty-five, Places of Meeting of Congregations or Assemblies for Religious Worship of Protestants (save as therein excepted with respect to Places of Worship of the Established Church and otherwise) were required to be certified to the Bishop's or Archdeacon's Court, or to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and to be registered in such Court, and recorded at such Sessions: And whereas by an Act

31 G. 3. c. 32.

of the Thirty-first Year of King George the Third, Chapter Thirty-two, every Place of Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship of Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion is required to be certified to and recorded at the General

C.81.

General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace: And whereas by the ' Two following Acts respectively, that is to say, an Act of the

Session holden in the Second and Third Years of King William 2 & 3 W. 4.

the Fourth, Chapter One hundred and fifteen, and an Act of the c. 115.

Session holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, 9 & 10 Vict.

'Chapter Fifty-nine, Her Majesty's Subjects professing the c. 59.

' Roman Catholic Religion, and Her Majesty's Subjects professing the Jewish Religion, in respect of their Places for Religious

Worship, are made subject to the same Laws as Protestant Dis-

senters: And whereas by an Act passed in the Session holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter 15 & 16 Vict.

'Thirty-six, Places of Meeting of Congregations or Assemblies c. 36. for Religious Worship of Protestant Dissenters are required to

be certified to the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and

'Marriages in England, and to be recorded in the General Re-

' gister Office, in lieu of being certified to and registered and

recorded in the Bishop's or Archdeacon's Court, and at the

General or Quarter Sessions, as herein-before mentioned: And

' whereas it is expedient that all Places of Religious Worship, not

being Churches or Chapels of the Established Church, should, if

 the Congregation should desire, but not otherwise, be certified
 to the said Registrar General: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and

Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

same, as follows:

L. The said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her 15 & 16 Vict. Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, shall be repealed: Provided always, c. 36. repealed, that the certifying thereunder before the passing of this Act of but Places of any Place of Meeting for Religious Worship shall, subject to the fied thereunder Provisions herein-after contained, have the same Force and Effect to have Force, from the Time of such certifying as if the same had been duly &c. certified, registered, and recorded as before the passing of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, was required by Law, and such Act and this Act had not been passed.

II. Every Place of Meeting for Religious Worship of Pro- Places of Wortestant Dissenters or other Protestants, and of Persons professing ship to be certhe Roman Catholic Religion, by the said Acts of King William tified to Regisand Queen Mary, the Thirty-first and Fifty-second Years of King George the Third, and the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, or any of them, required to be certified and registered or recorded, as therein mentioned, and not heretofore certified and registered or recorded in manner required by Law, and every Place of Meeting for Religious Worship of Persons professing the Jewish Religion, not heretofore certified and registered or recorded as aforesaid, and every Place of Meeting for Religious Worship of any other Body or Denomination of Persons, may be certified in Writing to the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England, through the Superintendent Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages of the District in which such Place may be situate; and such Certificate

trar General.

shall be in Duplicate, and upon Forms in accordance with Schedule A. to this Act, or to the like Effect, such Forms to be provided by the said Registrar General, and to be obtained (without Payment) upon Application to such Superintendent Registrar as aforesaid; and the said Superintendent Registrar shall, upon the Receipt of such Certificate in Duplicate, forthwith transmit the same to the said Registrar General, who, after having caused the Place of Meeting therein mentioned to be recorded as herein-after directed, shall return One of the said Certificates to the said Superintendent Registrar, to be re-delivered by him to the certifying Party, and shall keep the other Certificate with the Records of the General Register Office.

Places of Meeting to be recorded.

III. The said Registrar General shall cause all Places of Meeting for Religious Worship certified to him under this Act to be recorded in a Book to be kept by him for that Purpose at the General Register Office, and no such Place of Meeting as aforesaid shall be certified to or registered in any Court of any Bishop or Archdeacon, or be certified to or recorded at any General or Quarter Sessions; and the certifying to the said Registrar General of any such Place of Meeting for Religious Worship of Protestant Dissenters or other Protestants or Roman Catholics. or Persons professing the Jewish Religion, and of any Place of Meeting for Religious Worship of any other Body or Denomination of Persons, shall, subject to the Provisions herein contained, have the same Force and Effect as if such Place had been duly certified and recorded or registered and recorded as before the passing of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, was required by Law, and such Act and this Act had not been passed.

Certain Places of Meeting already certified may be certified to Registrar General, and be recorded by him.

IV. Any Place of Meeting for Religious Worship heretofore certified and registered or recorded in manner required by Law, and which continues to be used for Religious Worship, save any such Place of Meeting certified to the said Registrar General under the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, may, at any Time after the passing of this Act, be certified in Writing to such Registrar General through the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which such Place may be situate, and shall be recorded by such Registrar General in manner herein-before mentioned concerning Places of Meeting not heretofore certified and registered or recorded.

Fee of 2s. 6d. to be paid with Certificate.

V. Upon the Delivery of every Certificate to the Superintendent Registrar for Transmission to the Registrar General for the Purpose of being recorded under this Act, the Person delivering the same shall pay to such Superintendent Registrar for his own Use the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence, and it shall not be lawful to demand or take any greater Fee or Reward for the same respectively.

Notice to be given to Registrar General of every Place of Meeting becoming disused for

VI. Whenever any Place of Meeting for Religious Worship which may have been certified under the said! Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, or this Act, shall have wholly ceased to be used as a Place of Meeting for Religious Worship, the Person or One of the Persons who so certified

certified or last certified the same (as the Case may be), or the the Purposes Trustee or One of the Trustees for the Time being of such Place for which it was of Meeting, or the Owner or Occupier or One of the Owners or certified. Occupiers thereof, shall, if then resident within the Superintendent Registrar's District within which such Place shall be situate, forthwith give Notice to the Registrar General through such Superintendent Registrar that such Place has so ceased to be used as a Place of Meeting for Religious Worship, such Notice to be in a Form in accordance with the Schedule B. to this Act, or to the like Effect, and which Form shall be provided by the said Registrar General, and may be obtained (without Payment) upon Application to the said Superintendent Registrar; and the Person giving such Notice shall sign the same in the Presence of such Superintendent Registrar or of his Deputy, who shall forthwith transmit the same through the General Post to the Registrar General at the General Register Office.

VII. The said Registrar General shall, in the Year One thou- List of certified sand eight hundred and fifty-six, and also at such subsequent Places to be Periods as One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State printed. shall from Time to Time in that Behalf order or direct, make out and cause to be printed a List of all Places of Meeting which have been certified to and recorded by him under the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, or this Act, and the Record of which has not been cancelled as herein-after provided, and shall state in such List the County and Superintendent Registrar's District within which each of such Places of Meeting is situated, and the Religious Denomination to which the Persons for the Time being certifying it belong, and shall cause a Copy of such List to be sent to every Superintendent Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England, and such List shall be open at all reasonable Times to all Persons desirous of inspecting the same on Payment to such Superintendent Registrar of a Fee of One Shilling.

VIII. Whenever it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Direction to the Registrar General, from any Notice which shall have been given Registrar Geneto him as aforesaid or otherwise that any certified Place of Meeting for Religious Worship has wholly ceased to be used as such, the said Registrar General shall cause the Record of such Certifi- of Worship cation to be cancelled, and shall give public Notice of the Cancel- ceasing to be lation thereof by Advertisement in some Newspaper circulating used as such. within the District in which such Place of Meeting is situated, and in the London Gazette, and shall also expunge the Name of such Place from the List of certified Places so to be printed by him as aforesaid; and after such Cancellation and Publication thereof as aforesaid such Place shall cease to be deemed duly certified as by Law required, and shall so remain until it shall have been duly certified afresh under this Act.

IX. Every Place of Meeting for Religious Worship certified to Certified Places the said Registrar General under the said Act of the Fifteenth and exempted from Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, or this Act, the Operation of "The Chaand recorded by him as aforesaid, so long as the same continues to ritable Trusts

ral to cancel Records of Certificates of Places

he Act, 1858."

be bond fide used as a Place of Religious Worship, and the Record of the Certification thereof has not been cancelled as herein-before is provided, shall be wholly freed and exempted from the Operation of an Act passed in the Session holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and thirty-seven, intituled "The Charitable Trusts Act, 1853," and shall not be subject or liable to any of the Provisions of the same Act, save that the exempted Charities may avail themselves of the Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth Sections of the said Act, if they shall think fit.

Nothing to affect Churches, &c. of Established Church.

X. Nothing in this Act shall affect or be construed to affect the Churches or Chapels of the United Church of *England* and *Ireland*, or the Celebration of Divine Service according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the said United Church by Ministers of such Church, in any Place hitherto used for such Purpose, or being now or hereafter duly consecrated or licensed by any Archbishop or Bishop or other Person lawfully authorized to consecrate or license the same.

Certificate of Place having been certified to be given. XI. The Registrar General, on Payment to him of a Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence, shall, with respect to any Place certified to him as a Place of Meeting for Religious Worship, the Record whereof remains uncancelled, give to any Person demanding the same a Certificate, sealed or stamped with the Seal of the General Register () flice, that at the Time or respective Times in such Certificate in that Behalf stated the Place therein described was duly certified and duly recorded as required by this Act, and that at the Date of such sealed or stamped Certificate the Record of such Certification remained uncancelled; and every such sealed or stamped Certificate, if tendered in Evidence upon any Trial or other judicial Proceeding in any Civil or Criminal Court, shall be received as Evidence of the said several Facts therein mentioned, without any further or other Proof of the same.

Sums received by Registrar General to be accounted for, and Expenses defrayed as other Expenses of General Register Office.

XII. All Sums to be received by or on account of the Registrar General in pursuance of this Act shall be accounted for and paid in manner directed by the said Act of the Seventh Year of King William the Fourth, "for registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England," with respect to Sums received by him or on his Account under the Provisions of that Act; and all Expenses incurred by the said Registrar General, or by any Superintendent Registrar, or Registrar, with his Sanction, and acting under his Direction or Authority, in carrying this Act into execution and making known its Provisions, shall be deemed to have been incurred in carrying on the Business of the General Register Office, and be defrayed accordingly.

To remove Doubts as to Validity of Marriage. XIII. Notwithstanding the Provisions of this or any other Act, all Marriages which heretofore have been had or solemnized in any Building which has been registered for the Solemnization of Marriages pursuant to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Sixth and Seventh Years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter Eighty-five, but which may not have been certified as required by the Provisions of this or any other Act, shall be as

valid in all respects as if such Place of Worship had been so certified.

XIV. This Act shall not extend to Scotland or Ireland.

Extent of Act.

Directions for filling up this Sche-

SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

SCHEDULE A.

To the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England.

f in dence and by virtue Year of Her Majesty the Rank or Pro-I the undersigned (a) the County of do hereby, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the Law concerning "the certifying and registering of Places of Religious Worship (b) If the Place "in England," certify that a certain Building known by the Name before 30th June of situated at in the County of this and the followithin the Superintendent Registrar's District of within the Superintendent Registrar's District of wing Line.

[was used (b) as a Place of Meeting for Religious Worship in the Superintendent before the 30th Day of June 1852 and] is intended to be used as previously used heretofore, (c) and will accordingly be forthwith used as a Place of ship, erase the Meeting for Religious Worship by a Congregation or Assembly of Words "as here-tofore," Persons calling themselves (d)

fession of the

regation of Assembly of words as here-tofore, (d) Here insert "Protestant Dis-senters," "Independents," "Particular Baptista," "Wesleyan Methodists," "Roman Catholics," "Jews," or other Religious Denomination of, or Religious Appullation adouted by the Bosson, "Jews," or other Kuigious Denomination of, or Religious Appellation adopted by the Persons on whose Behalf the Building is certified; but if those Persons decline to describe themselves by any distinctive Appellation erase the Words "call-ing themselves," and insert "who object to be signated by any distinctive Religious Appel-

and I request that this Certificate may be recorded in the General Register Office, pursuant to the said Act. Dated this Day of 185

(Signature of the Party certifying.)

of the Place of Meeting above described. "Minister,"

SCHEDULE B.

To the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England.

I, the undersigned of in the County of being the Person or One of the Persons who certified or last certified for being "the Trustee," or "One of the Trustees," or the "Owner," or "Occupier," or "One of the Owners or Occupiers" (as the Case may be), of] a certain Building known by the Name for a certain Dwelling House, &c. (as the Case may be)] situate at in the County of within the Superintendent Registrar's District of [and being now resident within the same District], do hereby declare and give you Notice, in pursuance of an Act passed in

(e) Insert on this Line immediately under the Signa "Proprietor," "a Trustee," "Oc-cupier," "an Attendant," or such other Words as will clearly show the Connexion subsisting be-tween the Person certifying and the Place of

Meeting.

the Year of Her present Majesty, Chapter that the aforesaid Building [or Dwelling House, &c.] which was Day of 185 on the recorded by you as a Place of Meeting for Religious Worship by a Congregation or Assembly of Persons calling themselves [or by a Congregation or Assembly of Roman Catholics, or of Persons belonging to the Society of Friends, or of Persons professing the Jewish Religion (as the Case may be)], has wholly ceased to be used as a Place for public Religious Worship. Witness my Hand, this Day of

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act to abolish certain Payments charged on the Consolidated Fund in favour of the Provost and Fellows of *Trinity College*, *Dublin*, and of certain Professors in the said College; and to repeal the Stamp Duties payable on Matriculations and Degrees in the University of *Dublin*.

[14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-first Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, Chapter Thirty-two, "for granting to His Majesty several Sums of Money for de-" fraying the Charge of certain permanent Services in that Part " of the United Kingdom called Ireland," it was enacted, that ' it should be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer and Under ⁴ Treasurer of the Exchequer or the Commissioners of His ' Majesty's Treasury of that Part of the United Kingdom called ' Ireland, then or for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, to order and direct that ' any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in One Year the 'Sums therein-after mentioned should be paid for the Purposes ' therein-after expressed; among which Sums were the following; ' that is to say, " to the Provost and Fellows of Trinity College, "Dublin, 3581. 16s. 11d. English Currency," "to the said Provost and Fellows, for the Professor of the French and German Languages "in the said College, 921. 6s. 2d. like Currency;" and "to the "said Provost and Fellows, for the Professor of the Spanish and " Italian Languages in the said College, 921. 6s. 2d like Cur-"rency;" which several Sums are also by the said Act made ' payable out of and are charged on the Consolidated Fund of ' Ireland, and are now charged on the Consolidated Fund of the 'United Kingdom:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Certain Payments to cease.

Stamp Duties on Matriculation and on Admission to I. That all the said Sums of Money by the said Act made payable to the said Provost and Fellows of *Trinity College, Dublin*, shall from and after the passing of this Act cease to be payable.

II. All Stamp Duties payable under the Act of the Session holden in the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-two, and the Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of King George the

Trinity College (Dublin).

the Third, Chapter One hundred and eighty-four, or under any Degrees in other Act of Parliament, on the Admission or Matriculation of Dublin Univer any Person in the University of Dublin, and on the Admission of sity repealed. any Person to any Degree in the said University (whether conferred in the ordinary Course of the University or otherwise), or for the Registry or Entry, Testimonial or Certificate, of any such Admission, shall from and after the passing of this Act likewise cease to be payable.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act to continue certain Acts for regulating Turnpike Roads in Ireland. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS certain Acts for making, amending, and repairing the Turnpike Roads in Ireland were, by an Act passed

' in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fourth and Fifth Years 4 & 5 Vict. c. 6.

' of the Reign of Her present Majesty, amended and continued for

a Time therein limited: And whereas the said Acts were fur-' ther continued from Time to Time, save as especially excepted:

And whereas, under the Provisions of an Act of the last Session

of Parliament, the said Acts, save as therein excepted, are 17 & 18 Viet.

' further continued and will remain in force until the Thirty-first c. 42. ' Day of July in the present Year, or, if Parliament be then

' sitting, until the End of the then Session of Parliament: And

whereas it is expedient that the several Acts for making, amend-' ing, or repairing Turnpike Roads in Ireland should be further

' continued:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Any Act for making, amending, or repairing any Turnpike Acts for mak-Road or Roads in Ireland which will expire on the said Thirty- ing Turnpike first Day of July in the present Year, or at or before the End of Roads in Irethe present Session of Parliament, or before the Thirty-first Day land which will of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, shall be and the 31st July 1856 same is hereby continued, as amended by the said recited Act of continued, save the Fourth and Fifth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, until the those in Sche Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty- dule. six, or if Parliament be then sitting until the End of the then Session of Parliament, save the several Acts for repairing, making, or amending the Turnpike Trust Roads comprised in the "Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855," and specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed.

expire before

II. The several Acts for making, repairing, and amending the Certain Acts in several Turnpike Trust Roads comprised in the said "Dublin and Schedule conother Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, 1855," and specified in the tinued to 5th Schedule to this Act annexed, shall be and the same are hereby respectively continued until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

III. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Operation of Nothing to prethe said "Dublin and other Roads Turnpikes Abolition Act, vent Operation 1855, 18 & 19 Vict.

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of 18 & 19 Vict c. 69., &c.

1855," or shall extend or apply to the Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, Thirty-eighth George the Third, Chapter Twenty-two, and Thirty-ninth George the Third, Chapter Fifty-two.

SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Act.

Reference to Act.

10 Geo. 4. c. 75. (Local and Personal.)

10 Geo. 4. c. 63. (Local and Personal.)

11 & 12 Vict. c. 107. (Local and Personal.)

12 & 13 Vict. c. 68. (Local and Personal.)

38 Geo. 3. c. 31. (Ireland.)

40 Geo. 3. c. 48. (Ireland.)

26 Geo. 3. c. 30. (Ireland.)

28 Geo. 3. c. 48. (Ireland.)

29 Geo. 3. c. 24. (Ireland.)

TITLE.

An Act for making and maintaining the Road leading from Dublin through Blessington and Baltinglass to near the Town of Carlow.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Dublin to Dunleer.

The Dublin and Mullingar Turnpike Road Act, 1848.

An Act to continue and amend the Powers of an Act for repairing and improving the Roads from Dublin by Ashbourne to Slane and Drogheda.

An Act for amending the Road from Dublin to Knocksedan in the County of Dublin.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirtyeighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending " the Road from Dublin to Knocksedan " in the County of Dublin."

An Act for making, widening, and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Malahide, and for erecting Turnpike Gates and receiving Tolls thereout in aid of the Barony Presentments, and for appointing Trustees for carrying the said Purposes into execution.

An Act for extending to the Roads leading from Dublin through Raheny and Clontarf the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for making, widen-" ing, and repairing the Road leading from

" Dublin to Malahide, and for erecting " Turnpike Gates and receiving Tolls there-

" out in aid of the Barony Presentments, " and for appointing Trustees for carrying " the said Purposes into execution."

An Act for rendering more effectual Two several Acts, One passed in the Twentysixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled

" An Act for making, widening, and repair-" ing the Road leading from the City of " Dublin to Malahide, and for erecting

" Turnpike Gates and receiving Tolls there-" out in aid of the Barony Presentments,

" and for appointing Trustees for carrying

" the

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Reference to Act.

TITLE.

" the said Purposes into execution;" and the other Act passed in the Twentyeighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for extending to the Roads " leading from Dublin through Raheny and " Clontarf the Provisions of an Act passed " in the Twenty-sixth Year of His Ma-" jesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act for "'making, widening, and repairing the " 'Road leading from Dublin to Malahide, " 'and for erecting Turnpike Cates and " 'receiving Tolls thereout in aid of the " Barony Presentments, and for appoint-" 'ing Trustees for carrying the said Pur-"' poses into execution;" and also for continuing the said Act.

31 Geo. 3. c. 50. (Ireland.) An Act for amending the several Laws for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Ballybough Bridge, in the said Acts mentioned; and for enabling the Trustees for the said Purposes to borrow further Sums of Money for such Purposes; and for continuing the said Acts for a further Term; and for improving the Neighbourhood of Ballybough Bridge.

82 Geo. 3. c. 87. (Ireland.) An Act for enabling the Trustees for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Ballybough Bridge, pursuant to several Acts of Parliament, more effectually to carry the said Acts into execution.

38 Geo. 3. c. 26. (Ireland.) An Act for further amending the several Laws for making, widening, and repairing the Road from Dublin to Malahide, and the other Roads leading to Dublin over Bally-bough Bridge; and for enabling the Trustees for the said Purposes to borrow a further Sum to complete a new Communication Eastward of Ballybough Bridge.

38 Geo. 3, c. 41. (Ireland.) An Act for granting certain Tolls, Rates, and Duties to be taken at the Turnpikes on the Road leading over Ballybough and Annesley Bridges in aid of the Barony Presentments, and in lieu of the Tolls formerly payable at such Turnpikes; and for amending the Laws for making, widening, and repairing the said Roads; and for making perpetual the several Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

Turnpike Acts Continuance (Ireland).

Reference to Act.

TITLE.

56 Geo. 3. c. 71. (Local and Personal.)

An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to the New Packet Harbour at Howth, for the Conveyance of His Majesty's Mails; and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road.

59 Geo. 3. c. 109. (Local and Personal.) An Act for more effectually improving and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Navan in the County of Meath.

35 Geo. 3, c. 47. (Ireland.)

An Act for making, widening, and repairing the Road leading from the City of Dublin to Ratoath, and for erecting Turnpikes thereon in aid of Barony Presentments.

37 Geo. 3. c. 29. (Ireland.)

An Act for improving and repairing the Roads leading from the City of Dublin to Ratoath and Curragha, and for altering and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for making, widening, and " repairing the Road leading from the City " of Dublin to Ratoath, and for erecting " Turnpikes thereon in aid of Barony Pre-" sentments."

39 Geo. 3. c. 46. (Ireland.)

An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for im-" proving and repairing the Roads leading " from the City of Dublin to Ratoath and " Curragha," and for altering and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of . His present Majesty's Reign, intituled "An " Act for making, widening, and repairing " the Road leading from the City of Dublin " to Ratoath, and for erecting Turnpikes " thereon in aid of Barony Presentments."

30 Geo. 3. c. 46. (Ireland.)

An Act for improving and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to Athlone.

31 Geo. 3. c. 49. (Ireland.)

An Act to amend an Act for improving the Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to Athlone.

32 Geo. 3. c. 36. (Ireland.)

An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for improving and repairing the " Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to " Athlone."

50 Geo. 3. c. 134. (Local and Personal.)

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign for repairing the Turnpike Road leading from Kinnegad to Athlone.

Office of Speaker.

Slave Trade (Sherbro).

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to provide for the Performance of certain Duties of the Speaker during his temporary Absence from the House of Commons. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS the House of Commons have provided by their Standing Orders for the temporary Performance of certain Duties of the Speaker, during his unavoidable Absence, by a Deputy Speaker: And whereas Her Majesty had previously ' signified Her Consent that the House might do therein as they should think fit: And whereas certain Matters concerning the ' Office of Speaker are regulated by Statute, and the Validity of Acts done or Proceedings taken during the Absence of the Speaker may hereafter be questioned: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. If at any Time during a Session of Parliament the Speaker Acts done, &c. shall be temporarily absent from the House, and a Deputy Speaker by Deputy shall thereupon perform the Duties and exercise the Authority of Speaker during Speaker, pursuant to the Standing Orders or other Order or Reso. Speaker, pursuant to the Standing Orders or other Order or Reso-Speaker valid. lution of that House, every Act done and Proceeding taken in or by the House, pursuant to any Statute, shall be as valid and effectual as if the Speaker himself were in the Chair; and every Act done, and Warrant, Order, Certificate, Notice, or other Document issued, signed, or published, in relation to any Proceedings of the House of Commons, by such Deputy Speaker, shall have the same Effect and Validity as if the same had been done, issued, signed, or published by the Speaker for the Time being.

II. Provided, That such Deputy Speaker shall not have Power Not to appoint to appoint to any Office, except for such Time as he shall continue to any Office. to be Deputy Speaker.

III. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall affect Nothing to afthe Election of a Speaker, or the Forms thereof, or any Prerogative of Her Majesty concerned therein, or otherwise relating to Speaker, &c. the Office of Speaker.

CAP. LXXXV.

An Act for carrying into effect the Engagements between Her Majesty and certain Chiefs of the Sherbro Country near Sierra Leone in Africa, for the more effectual Suppression of the Slave Trade. [14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS on the Thirty-first March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three an Engagement was concluded

between Arthur Edward Kennedy Esquire, Governor of the ' Colony of Sierra Leone, on behalf of Her Majesty, and certain

' Chiefs of the Sherbro Country, namely, Careybah Caulker, Chief ' of Bombey, and Thomas Stephen Caulker, Chief of the Plantain

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Islands, Pierre Charley, King of Sherbro, Harry Tucker, Chief of Shebar, and William Tucker, Chief of Bullom and Boom ' Rivers: And whereas on the Ninth, Nineteenth, and Twentyfirst May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three certain other Engagements were concluded between the said Arthur ' Edward Kennedy, Governor of the said Colony, on behalf of ' Her Majesty, and certain other Chiefs of the Sherbro Country, ' namely, Ibiboo Salifoo, Chief of "Jong," Mahamadoo Calipha, ' Chief of Barmah, Cabouka, Chief of Bagroo, Pak Rakey, Chief of Baly, Somaaker, Chief of Tassamankar, Soloko, Chief of ' Robannah: And whereas on the Seventeenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four another Engagement was concluded between the said Arthur Edward Kennedy, Governor of the said Colony, on behalf of Her Majesty, and a certain other Chief, namely, John Fortune; by which said several Engagements it was amongst other things agreed as follows: "The Cruizers of the British Government, or any Officer "deputed by his Excellency the Governor of Sierra Leone, "whenever they fall in with any Vessels or Boats belonging to "the People of Sherbro, suspected of being engaged in the "Slave Trade, may detain and search them, and in case of their "finding that any of the Vessels or Boats aforesaid belonging to "the People of Sherbro have violated this Engagement, by the "Exportation of Slaves from the Coasts of Africa or elsewhere, "they (the Government Cruizers, or Officers deputed by his " Excellency the Governor of Sierra Leone,) may seize and " confiscate the same, and the Vessels and Boats so seized shall "be taken to Sierra Leone, to be tried by English Law, and "when condemned shall be sold, and the Produce of the Sale "shall be divided equally between the Queen of England and "the Chief or Chiefs of Sherbro, and the Slaves who were found "on board shall be made free:" And whereas it is expedient ' that effectual Provision should be made for carrying into execu-' tion the herein-before recited Provisions of the said several 'Agreements:' Be it therefore cnacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Power for Commanders of Ships of War. &c. to visit and inspect, &c. Vessels belonging to the Sherbro Chiefs.

I. It shall be lawful for the Commanders and other Officers of Her Majesty's Ships of War, or for any Officer deputed by the Governor of Sierra Leone, to detain and search in any Seas any Vessel or Boat belonging to Careybah Caulker, Chief of Bombey, and Thomas Stephen Caulker, Chief of the Plantain Islands, Pierre Charley, King of Sherbro, Harry Tucker, Chief of Shebar, William Tucker, Chief of Bullom and Boom Rivers, Ibiboo Salifoo, Chief of "Jong," Mahamadoo Calipha, Chief of Barmah, Cabouka, Chief of Bagroo, Pah Rakey, Chief of Baly, Somanker, Chief of Tassermanker, Soloko, Chief of Robannah, and John Fortune, or to any of their Subjects, which shall upon reasonable Grounds be suspected of being engaged in the Slave Trade, and to send or carry away such Vessel or Boat, together with its Master, Sailors, Passengers.

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Passengers, Slaves, and Cargo, for the Purpose of such Vessel being brought to Adjudication as herein-after mentioned.

II. It shall be lawful for the High Court of Admiralty of Eng. As to the Trial land, and for all Courts of Vice-Admiralty in any Dominions of Her and Condem-Majesty beyond the Seas, to take cognizance of and try any such nation of Ves-Vessel or Boat, which shall be detained or captured for the Viola- sels engaged in tion of the said Engagements, and to condemn any such Vessel or Boat to Her Majesty, and adjudge as to the Slaves found therein. in like Manner and under such and the like Rules and Regulations as are contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in relation to the Suppression of the Slave Trade by British-owned Ships, as fully as if all the Powers and Provisions contained in such Acts were re-enacted in this Act as to such High Court of Admiralty or Courts of Vice-Admiralty.

III. Every Person who shall wilfully and corruptly give false Persons giving Evidence in any Examination or Deposition had or Affidavit false Evidence taken in any Proceeding under the said Engagement or this Act deemed guilty shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Pains, and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury, either in the Place where the Offence was committed, or in any Colony or Settlement of Her Majesty near thereto in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench In case of Proin England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence land, Venue in Her Majesty's said Court of Queen's Bench the Venue may be may be laid in laid in the County of Middlesex.

IV. The Pendency of any Suit or Proceeding instituted for Pendency of the Condemnation or Restitution of any Vessel, Boat, or Cargo, Suits to be a or Slaves taken, seized, or detained by virtue of the said Agree- Bar to any Proment, or the final Adjudication, Condemnation, or Judgment or ceedings insti-Determination thereupon, may be pleaded in Bar or given in Recovery of Evidence under the General Issue, and shall be deemed in any the Vessels Court whatever to be a complete Bar in any Action, Suit, or Pro- detained. ceeding, whether instituted by any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any such Vessel, Boat, or Cargo, or of any Damage or for any Injury sustained thereby or by the Persons on board the same, in consequence of any Capture, Scizure, or Detention, or anything done under or in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Agreement.

V. Any Vessel or Boat which shall be condemned as aforesaid Vessels conmay be taken into Her Majesty's Service, upon Payment of such demned to be Sum as the Lord High Admiral or the Lords Commissioners of sold for Her the Admiralty shall deem a proper Price for the same, or if not so vice or broken taken shall be broken up and demolished, and the Materials thereof up. shall be publicly sold in separate Parts, and the Proceeds thereof shall be paid to such Person or Persons as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may appoint to receive the same.

VI. Where any Ship or Vessel employed or engaged in such Captors entitled illicit Traffic in Slaves, in violation of the said Engagements, shall to the Proceeds be seized by any Ship or Vessel belonging to Her Majesty, and Her Majesty.

secution in Eng-Middlesex.

Slave Trade (Sherbro).

afterwards condemned, there shall be paid to the Captors the net Proceeds to which Her Majesty is entitled, the same to be distributed in the Manner herein-after directed for the Distribution of Bounties on Slaves taken on board the said Vessels.

Payment of Bounty for Slaves captured.

VII. There shall be paid to the Commanders, Officers, and Crews of Her Majesty's Ships a Bounty of Five Pounds for every Man, Woman, and Child Slave seized and found on board any Vessel or Boat taken and condemned in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Agreement and of this Act, such Bounty to be issued and paid by Order from the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and to be distributed to and amongst the Captors aforesaid in such Manner and Proportions as Her Majesty shall think fit to order, by any Order in Council, made or to be made, or by any Proclamation for that Purpose.

Additional Bounty on Tonnage of Slave Ships captured and demolished.

VIII. Where any Vessel or Boat which shall have been seized and condemned under the Provisions of the said Engagements shall have been or shall be demolished, and the Materials thereof publicly sold in separate Parts, as well as her Cargo, there shall be paid to the Commanders, Officers, and Crews of Her Majesty's Ships, in addition to the Amount of the Proceeds of such Sale, as herein-before mentioned, a further Bounty on the Tonnage of such Vessel or Boat at the Rate of Thirty Shillings for every Ton of such Tonnage.

Where no Slaves are on board a Ship seized and condemned, an additional Bounty on Tonnage to be paid.

IX. Where any Vessel or Boat, having no Slaves on board, shall have been seized and condemned under the Provisions of the said Engagements, there shall be paid to the Commanders, Officers, and Crews of Her Majesty's Ships an additional Bounty upon the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel at the Rate of Four Pounds for every Ton; and the Tonnage of all such Vessels shall be ascertained according to the Mode of ascertaining the Admeasurement of British Vessels, either by the Principal Officer of the Customs at the Port where the Vessel may be at the Time of Condemnation, or in default thereof by the best Evidence which can be obtained: Provided always, that in every Case in which any Vessel or Boat shall be seized with Slaves on board in which the Bounty calculated upon the Number of Slaves shall be less than the Bounty calculated upon the Tonnage, the Commanders of Her Majesty's Ships making the Seizure may elect to take the Bounty calculated according to Tonnage, instead of the Bounty which would be payable upon the Number of Slaves on board.

Money for Bounties to be provided by Parliament. X. All Bounties payable under this Act shall be paid out of such Monies as may be provided by Parliament to the Commanders, Officers, and Crews of Her Majesty's Ships, and such Bounties shall be issued and paid by Order from the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

Proof of Tonnage. XI. In order to entitle the Captors to receive the said Bounty Money, the Tonnage of the Vessel or Boat so seized and condemned shall be proved to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by producing a Copy duly certified of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation, or by such documentary or other Evidence as they may deem satisfactory.

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XII. In order to entitle the Captors to receive the said Bounty Copy of Sen-Money on Slaves, the Number of Men, Women, and Children so tence of Contaken, delivered over, and condemned shall be proved to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by producing a Copy, Treasury. duly certified, of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation, and also a Certificate under the Hand of the proper Officer or Officers, Military or Civil, who may be appointed to receive such Slaves.

XIII. Where any Slaves or Persons treated as Slaves shall be One Moiety of seized on board any Vessel or Boat taken and condemned in pur- the Bounty only suance of the said Agreement and of this Act, but who shall not to be paid in have been delivered over in consequence of Death, Sickness, or other inevitable Circumstance, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, if to their Discretion it shall seem meet, to direct Payment of One Moiety of the Bounty which would have been due in each Case respectively if the said

Slaves had been delivered over.

XIV. Any Party or Parties claiming any Benefit by way of Parties claim-Bounty under the Provisions of this Act, or of any Share of the ing Benefit un-Proceeds of any Vessel confiscated in pursuance of the Provisions der this Act of the aforesaid Agreement, may resort to the High Court of may resort to Court of Ad-Admiralty for the Purpose of obtaining the Judgment of the said miralty. Court in that Behalf, and that it shall be lawful for the Judge of the said High Court of Admiralty to determine thereon, and also to hear and determine any Question of joint Capture which may arise upon any Seizure made in pursuance of this Act, and also to enforce any Decrees or Sentences of the said Vice-Admiralty Courts relating to any such Seizure.

XV. All the Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Forfeitures, and Regulations, Penaltics respecting the Delivery by Prize Agents of Accounts &c. respecting for Examination, and the Distribution of Prize Money, and the Agents Acaccounting for and paying over the Proceeds of Prize, and the counts extended to Bounties, &c. Per-centage due thereon to Greenwich Hospital, shall be extended under this Act. to all Bounties and Proceeds to be distributed under the Provisions of this Act to the Officers and Crews of any of Her Majesty's

Ships and Vessels of War.

XVI. Where any Vessel or Boat belonging in whole or in Power to order part to either of the before-mentioned Chiefs, or his Subjects or Payment of Dependants, shall have been detained and brought to Adjudica-Costs award tion under the Provisions of this Act, and the said Ship shall be tained but not restored by Sentence of the Court, it shall be lawful for the condemned. Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant, to direct Payment to be made out of such Monies as may be provided by Parliament of any Costs or Damages which may be duly awarded: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt such Officer from his Liability to make good the Payment so made, when lawfully called upon, either by the Parties interested therein or by Order of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

XVII. When any Seizure shall be made by any of the Com- Treasury may manders, Officers, and Crews of Her Majesty's Ships, and Judg- repay to Seizor ment shall be given against the Seizor, or when such Seizure of any Vessel shall be relinquished by him, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, if to their Discretion it incurred by

Costs awarded for Vessels de-

shall him.

Slave Trade (Sherbro).

Religious Worship.

shall seem meet, by Warrant to direct Payment to be made out of such Monies as may be provided by Parliament of such Costs and Expenses as the Seizor may have incurred in respect of such Seizure, or any proportional Part thereof.

C, A P. LXXXVI.

blies for Religious Worship should be amended: And

An Act for securing the Liberty of Religious Worship.

[14th August 1855.] [14th August 1855.] WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws affecting Assem-

1 W. & M. Sess, 1. c. 18.

52 G. 3. c. 155.

whereas by an Act passed in the First Year of King William ' and Queen Mary, intituled An Act for exempting Their Majesties ' Protestant Subjects dissenting from the Church of England from ' the Penalties of certain Laws, it is enacted that no Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship shall be permitted or allowed until the Place of such Meeting shall be certified and registered or recorded as described in such Act: And whereas ' by an Act passed in the Fifty-second Year of King George the 'Third, Chapter One hundred and fifty-five, intituled An Act to ' repeal certain Acts, and to amend other Acts, relating to Reli-' gious Worship and Assemblies, and Persons teaching or preaching therein, it is enacted that no Congregation or Assembly for Reli-' gious Worship of Protestants (at which there shall be present more than Twenty Persons, besides the immediate Family and ' Servants of the Person in whose House or upon whose Pre-' mises such Meeting, Congregation, or Assembly shall be had,) ' shall be permitted or allowed unless the Place of such Meeting ' is certified as described in such Act, and that every Person who 'shall knowingly permit or suffer any such Congregation or 'Assembly as aforesaid to meet in any Place occupied by him. ' until the same shall have been so certified, shall forfeit for ' every Time any such Congregation or Assembly shall meet a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Twenty Shil-' lings, at the Discretion of the Justices who shall convict for ' such Offence:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

No Prosecution to be maintainable for assembling for Religious Worship in a Place of Meeting not certified.

I. From and after the passing of this Act, nothing contained in the above-mentioned Acts, or in an Act passed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-six, shall apply to the Congregations or Assemblies hereinafter mentioned, or any of them; that is to say,

(1.) To any Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship held in any Parish or any Ecclesiastical District, and conducted by the Incumbent, or in case the Incumbent is not resident, by the Curate of such Parish or District, or by any Person authorized by them respectively:

(2.) To any Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship meeting in a private Dwelling House or on the Premises

belonging thereto:

Religious Worship.

Youthful Offenders.

(3.) To any Congregation or Assembly for Religious Worship meeting occasionally in any Building or Buildings not usually appropriated to Purposes of Religious Worship:

And no Person permitting any such Congregation to meet as herein mentioned in any Place occupied by him shall be liable to

any Penalty for so doing.

II. So much of an Act passed in the Second and Third Years Construction of of King William the Fourth, Chapter One hundred and fifteen, certain Parts of as enacts that Her Majesty's Subjects professing the Roman c. 115. and Catholic Religion, in respect to their Places for Religious Worship, 9 & 10 Vict. shall be subject to the same Laws as the Protestant Dissenters c. 59. as to are subject to, and so much of an Act passed in the Ninth and Places of Wor-Tenth Year of Her present Majesty, Chapter Fifty-nine, as enacts that Her Majesty's Subjects professing the Jewish Religion, in respect to their Places for Religious Worship, shall be subject to the same Laws as Protestant Dissenters are subject to, shall be respectively read as applicable to the Laws to which Protestant Dissenters in England are subject for the Time being after the passing of this Act.

ship of Roman Catholics and

CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act to amend the Act for the better Care and Reformation of Youthful Offenders, and the Act to render Reformatory and Industrial Schools in Scotland more available for the Benefit of Vagrant Children. [14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act of the last Session of Parliament, Chapter Eighty-six, "for the 17 & 18 Vict. better Care and Reformation of Youthful Offenders in Great c. 86. "Britain," so far as respects the Provision thereby made for

' charging the Parent or Step-Parent of an Offender in certain 'Cases with Payments towards his Maintenance or Support:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

L Sections Five and Six of the said Act shall be repealed. II. In every Case in which any Juvenile Offender shall be Provision for detained in a Reformatory School under the said Act, the Parent enforcing Conor Step-Parent, if of sufficient Ability, shall be liable to contribute to his Support and Maintenance a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings a Week; and it shall be lawful in *England* and Wales for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon the Complaint fenders in Reof any Person authorized by One of Her Majesty's Principal formatory Secretaries of State to take Proceedings in that Behalf, to summon Schools. the Parent or Step-Parent, as the Case may be, and examine into his or her Ability, and (if on Consideration of all the Circumstances of the Case they think fit) to make an Order upon him or her for such weekly Payment, not exceeding Five Shillings per Week, as they shall think reasonable, during the whole or any Part of the Detention of such Juvenile Offender in such Reformatory School, such Payment to be made at such Times as

ss. 5. & 6. repealed. tribution by Parents to the Maintenance of Juvenile OfC. 87.

Youthful Offenders.

by such Order may be directed to the Person so authorized to take Proceedings as aforesaid, or to such Person as the Secretary of State may from Time to Time appoint to receive the same, and by him to be accounted for and paid as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may direct.

Recovery of Sums ordered to be paid.

III. In case Default be made for the Space of Fourteen Days in Payment of any Sum of Money which may have become payable by such Parent or Step-Parent under such Order, such Sum of Money shall in every such Case be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Defendant by Distress and Sale thereof; and if it shall appear to the said Justices on Confession of Defendants or otherwise, or if it shall be returned to the Warrant of Distress in any such Case that no sufficient Goods of the Party against whom such Warrant shall have been issued can be found, it shall be lawful for the Justice to whom such Return is made, or for any other Justice of the Peace for the same County. Riding, Division, Liberty, City, Borough, or Place, by his Warrant as aforesaid, to commit the Defendant to the House of Correction or Common Gaol for any Term not exceeding Ten Days, unless the Sum to be paid, and all Costs and Charges of the Distress, and of the Commitment and conveying of the Defendant to Prison, (the Amount thereof being ascertained and stated in such Commitment,) shall be sooner paid.

Contribution how to be enforced in Scotland.

IV. In Scotland an Action for Payment of Sums for the Support and Maintenance of a Juvenile Offender under the said Act shall and may be raised before the Sheriff or any Two Justices of the Peace within the County in which Sentence was passed on the Offender, or in which the Defender in such Action may happen to reside; and such Action shall and may be brought by the Procurator Fiscal of the Sheriff Court of such County, and by no one else; and it shall be lawful for the Sheriff or Justices before whom such Action is brought to inquire into the Circumstances of the Party sued, and to decern for Payment of such weekly Sum not exceeding Five Shillings per Week during the Period of Detention of such Offender as he or they shall think fit, or, in his or their Discretion, to dismiss the Action; and such Decree for Payment of a weekly Sum shall be held to be and have all the Effect of a Decree in each Week for Payment of the Sum ordered to be paid for such Week; and the Sums recovered shall be accounted for and paid as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may direct.

Payments may be remitted by Secretary of State or Lord Advocate. V. It shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or in Scotland for the Lord Advocate, from Time to Time, where such Secretary of State or Lord Advocate shall in his Discretion think fit, to remit all or any Part of any weekly Payment which may have been made payable by any Order under this Act.

In Scotland Justices to have same Power with Sheriff.

VI. In Scotland any Two or more Justices of the Peace shall within the Bounds of their Jurisdiction have the same Powers as are by the said recited Act conferred on any Sheriff, Magistrate of a Burgh, or Police Magistrate.

Youthful Offenders.

Dwelling Houses (Scotland).

VII. 'And whereas by the Act of the last Session of Parlia- Powers given to ' ment, Chapter Seventy-four, intituled An Act to render Refor- Sheriffs, &c. unmatory and Industrial Schools in Scotland more available for der 17 &18 Vict. the Benefit of Vagrant Children, certain Powers are given to c. 74. may be exercised by ' be exercised in Scotland by Sheriffs or Magistrates:' Be it Justices. enacted, That all such Powers may be exercised by any Justice of the Peace in Scotland within the Limits of his Jurisdiction; and the Word "Magistrate" as used in the said last-mentioned Act shall be deemed to include the Words "Justice of the Peace."

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to facilitate the Erection of Dwelling Houses for the Working Classes in Scotland. [14th August 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. When any Four or more Persons associating for the Purpose Persons proof erecting new or improving already existing Dwelling Houses posing to form for the Working Classes in Scotland shall have subscribed the Association for Amount of the whole Capital requisite for carrying out the contemplated Undertaking, and framed a Contract of Copartnery, ing Houses containing Provisions for the Management of the Affairs of the under Act to Association, and Rules for the Upholding and Occupation of the apply to Sheriff Houses, and for letting and granting Tacks of the same, it shall be for his Sanclawful for such Persons to present a Petition to the Sheriff, or if tion. within any of the Burghs as to which it is provided in the Third and Fourth of William the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, that the Dean of Guild elected in the Manner mentioned in the said Act should ex officio be a constituent Member of the Town Council, and enjoy the Powers and exercise the Functions theretofore enjoyed and exercised by Deans of Guild, then to such Dean of Guild, praying to have such Contract sanctioned by him and registered as after mentioned, provided that along with such Petition there shall be lodged the Plans and Specifications of the intended Erections or Improvements, and an Estimate of the Cost thereof, including the Cost of the Site and of the Buildings, if any, thereon.

II. The Sheriff or Dean of Guild, after such Inquiry as he may Sheriff, if satisdeem necessary, if satisfied that the Provisions of the Contract of fied with Con-Copartnery and the Rules therein contained, either as originally tract, Plans, &c. framed or as altered or modified at his Sight, are suitable and proper, and consistent herewith and with Law, and that they and grant Warsufficiently and properly provide for the Upholding, Management, rant for recordand Disposal of the said Dwelling Houses, and also for the Occupa- ingthe Contract tion thereof, and securing against over-crowding; and that due and proceeding and sufficient Means are provided in the said Plans and Specifica-taking. tions for the proper Ventilation, Drainage, and Sewerage of the intended Dwelling Houses and for the Supply of Water thereto, and that the Capital subscribed is sufficient for the Completion of the Undertaking, shall grant Warrant for the Erection or Im-

may interpone

provement

provement of the proposed Dwelling Houses, and for registering the said Contract in the Sheriff Court Books or Burgh Court Books respectively, and such Contract shall, on the Production to the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk of a Deposit Receipt or Certificate showing that One Half of the subscribed Capital has been paid up and lodged in Bank for the Purposes of the Undertaking, be

registered therein accordingly.

III. On the Registration of the Contract as aforesaid, the then Shareholders or Members in any such Undertaking, and all succeeding Shareholders or Members, whilst Shareholders or Members, shall subsist as an Association by the Name or Title set forth in the Contract, for the following Purposes, namely, for acquiring, holding, and managing the Property and Effects of the Association in the Name or Title thereof, and for erecting or improving and afterwards upholding the Dwelling Houses described in the Specification and Plans, and for letting or disponing in Tack such Dwelling Houses, and for sucing and being sued, and entering into Contracts in the Name or Title of the Association: Provided always, that the Shareholders or Members of the Association shall be liable for the Debts, Contracts, and Engagements thereof to the Extent only of their Shares in the Capital Stock of the Association, which Capital Stock, with the Dividends allocated to the Shareholders or Members which may be at the Time unpaid, shall be alone liable for the Debts and Engagements of the Association.

IV. Any such Association as aforesaid whose Contract may have been registered as herein-before provided, desirous of erecting or of acquiring and improving additional Dwelling Houses for the Purposes aforesaid, may at any Time, and from Time to Time, apply to the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, by Petition, accompanied by Plans, Specifications, and Estimates as herein-before provided in regard to the Dwelling Houses before mentioned, for his Sanction and Warrant for the Erection or Improvement of such additional Dwelling Houses, subject to the Rules and Provisions contained in such Contract; and the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, if satisfied that all the Conditions herein-before required in reference to Dwelling Houses to be erected or improved under the original Application by the Association have been fulfilled in reference to such additional Dwelling Houses, may interpone his Sanction to the Erection or Improvement of such additional Dwelling Houses, and grant his Warrant accordingly, and the aforesaid Provisions in reference to the first-mentioned Dwelling Houses shall be applicable to such additional Dwelling Houses.

V. When the Buildings or Improvements set forth in the Plan and Specifications, whether under the original or any subsequent Petition by the Association, shall have been executed, the Sheriff or Dean of Guild shall, on Application by the Association, appoint the Dwelling Houses so erected or improved to be inspected at the Expense of the Association, and if satisfied that these have been duly executed in Terms of the Plans and Specifications, and on Proof that the Property of the said Dwelling Houses has been duly vested in the Association, free from Heritable Debt or Burden

On Registration, the Members of the Association and their Successors to subsist as an Association for the Purposes of the Act, subject to only a limited Liability for Debts, &c.

Association may acquire Property and Sheriff may grant Warrant for Erection of additional **Dwelling** Houses.

When Work duly executed Sheriff to declare so, and till then not lawful to let or dispose of Houses nor transfer Shares.

other

other than Feu Duty or Ground Annual, and other Right competent to the Superior or Recipient of the Feu Duty or Ground Annual, he shall pronounce an Interlocutor to that Effect, and until such Interlocutor shall have been pronounced it shall not be lawful for the Association or its Members to dispone in Tack, as after mentioned, any of the Dwelling Houses erected or improved by them, nor to assign or transfer any Share or Shares in such Association.

VI. It shall not be lawful to nor in the Power of the Association No Engageto enter into any Engagement except for carrying into effect the Objects thereof, nor for that Purpose beyond the Capital subscribed, nor afterwards beyond the Rents derived from Tenants which may be realized at the Time: Provided always, that if the yond Stock or Expense actually incurred in the Erection or Improvement of the Rents. said Dwelling Houses shall exceed the estimated Cost, it shall be lawful for the Association, with the Sanction of the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, although not specially provided for in the Contract, to increase their Capital Stock by such Amount as such Sheriff or Dean of Guild shall authorize, and to issue new Shares to the Extent thereof.

ment lawful except for Purposes of Association or be-

VII. When the Association shall have made up their Title in Title of Associcommon Form to the Lands, Houses, or other Subjects acquired ation to be efby them, their Infeftment therein, duly recorded, shall constitute fectual in perby them, their infettment therein, duly recorded, shall constitute petuity, without a valid and effectual Title to them and their Successors in all Renewal of the Time to come, without the Necessity of any Renewal of the In- Investiture. vestiture: Provided always, that where no Agreement shall have been made with the Superior for a periodical or other Payment in lieu of the Casualty or Composition payable upon the Entry of Heirs and singular Successors, it shall be lawful for such Superior at the Death of the existing Vassal, and at the Expiration of every Twenty-five Years thereafter, so long as such Property shall be held for the Purposes of such Contract as aforesaid, to demand and take from the Association or their Successors a Sum equal to the yearly Feu Duty over and above the Feu Duty which may at the Time be due.

VIII. The Rules anent the disponing in Tack, letting, and Rules in Con-Occupation of the said Dwelling Houses contained in the Con-tract to be Real tract registered as aforesaid shall be Real Burdens on and affect- Burdens on the ing the said Houses and other Subjects of the Association, and shall be in all Time coming binding upon the Association, and all Parties in their Right, and upon every Owner and Occupant of the said Dwelling Houses, and it shall be competent to the Association, or the Procurator Fiscal, or the Owner or Occupant of any of the Lots or Portions of the Buildings, to enforce Observance of such Rules against any Party infringing or not implementing the same by summary Process before the Judge Ordinary of the Bounds; and the Sheriff and Dean of Guild shall have Power from Time to Time, on the Application of the Association, or of a Majority of the Owners, to alter, amend, and modify such Rules as to him shall seem just, but consistently always with the Provisions of this Act, and all Alterations so made shall be recorded in the Sheriff Court Books or Burgh Court Books, and the Rules

Property.

so altered, amended, or modified shall thenceforward be binding and enforcible as aforesaid.

Shares deemed Moveable Estate. As to Transfer

of Shares.

C. 88.

IX. All Shares of the subscribed Capital Stock of such Association shall be held to be Moveable or Personal Estate.

X. All Transfers of such Shares shall be made and registered in the Manner prescribed by the Contract, provided that every such Transfer shall specify the full and true Purchase Money or Consideration for the same, and shall be duly stamped to denote the Duty chargeable thereon; and the Books in which the Names of the Shareholders, with their Designations and Places of Residence, and the Transfers of Shares are registered or entered, shall be open to Inspection to all Shareholders and others interested at such Times and on such Conditions as may be regulated by the Contract.

Contract may provide either that Houses may be held and let or that they may be disposed of in separate Lots.

XI. It shall be provided in such Contract as aforesaid, either that the Buildings erected or improved by the Association shall permanently be held and let by them without Grassums, and for Periods not exceeding Twenty-one Years, and that the Rents, after deducting necessary Expenses, shall always be divided among the Shareholders for the Time being, or that the Association shall have Power, after giving public Notice by Advertisement of its Intention in that Behalf, to dispone to Individuals, in Tack or Rental Rights as herein-after mentioned, separate Lots of the said Dwelling Houses for a Grassum or Price to be paid, together with a yearly Tack Duty which for each Lot shall be at least equal to a Proportion of the Feu Duty or Ground Annual, if any, payable for the Parcel of Ground whereon the Buildings of which such Lot forms a Part are erected, corresponding to the total Number of Lots into which the same may be divided, with Twenty-five per Cent. thereon in addition, and such Tack Duty in all Cases in which the Superior is entitled to a periodical Duplicand of the Feu Duty shall be subject also to Duplication for the Year in which such double Feu Duty is payable to the Superior.

Where Lots are provided to be disposed of, the Association to lodge with Sheriff Clerk a Plan and a Register Book for recording Transfers thereof.

XII. In all Cases in which it is provided by the Contract that Lots of the Buildings erected or improved may be so disponed, the Association shall, so soon as the Sheriff or Dean of Guild shall have pronounced an Interlocutor finding the Erection or Improvement of the Dwelling Houses as aforesaid to have been properly executed as herein-before provided, lodge with the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk an accurate Plan, on a Scale of not less than an Inch to each Twenty Feet, of such Dwelling Houses, exhibiting distinctly each separate Dwelling with its bounding Divisions, together with the Yard, Court, Garden, Green, or other Pertinents, if any, thereto belonging, and having each such separate Dwelling and Pertinents marked with a distinct Number legibly written or impressed on the said Plan, and also exhibiting any Yard, Court, Green, or other Pertinents which may be common to the Occupants of the Dwelling Houses; and the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, if satisfied of the accuracy of such Plan, and with its Distinctness as clearly exhibiting each separate Dwelling and the Pertinents aforesaid, shall, by a Docquet written thereon, or on each separate Sheet thereof when consisting of separate Sheets not joined together.

ther, and subscribed by him and bearing the Date at which the same is so subscribed, certify such Plan as the recorded Plan of the said Dwelling Houses; and the Association shall also lodge with the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk a Register or Rental Book having all the Pages duly and progressively numbered from Number One onwards, and having an equal Number of the whole Leaves thereof in proportion to the total Number of Dwellings appropriated for entering the Tack or Rental Right of each Dwelling respectively, and the Transfers thereof, and in the Order of the Numbers of such Dwellings as marked on the Plan, the Number of each Dwelling as so marked on the Plan being, in addition to the Number of the Page, legibly impressed or written on each Page of the several Leaves appropriated to each such Dwelling respectively, and this Book shall, of the same Date with that on which the Plan is docqueted, be certified by a Docquet subscribed by the Sheriff or Dean of Guild with the Date of his Subscription to be the Register or Rental Book for the Tacks or Rental Rights of the several Lots of the Buildings erected or improved by the Association under each separate Warrant as aforesaid, and the Transfers thereof; and the said Plan and Register Book shall permanently remain in the Custody of the said Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, and no Transfer of the Tack or Rental Rights of any such Lot or Dwelling House shall be valid or effectual unless entered as herein-after provided in the said Book.

XIII. Whensoever the Association shall grant to any Person a Mode of dis-Tack or Rental Right of any of the Lots of their said Buildings, poning Lots by the same shall be so granted by an Entry at the Top of the First the Association. Page of the Leaves appropriated to the particular Lot or Dwelling . to be so disponed in the Form of the Schedule (A.) hereunto annexed, subscribed, in Presence of the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk and Two Witnesses, by the Chairman or Clerk of the Association and by the Party accepting the Tack or Rental Right, or by some Person authorized by a written Mandate in the Form of the Schedule (B.) hereunto annexed to accept on his Behalf, and which Mandate shall be lodged with the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, and recorded in the Sheriff Court or Burgh Court Books; and the said Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk and the Two Witnesses shall attest the said Entry by their Subscriptions, and such Tack or Rental Right shall thereby be completed, and shall be valid and effectual notwithstanding of no Ish being stipulated thereto to the Party in whose Favour it shall have been granted, and to his Heirs and Assignees, who shall thenceforward be entitled to the perpetual Possession, Use, and Enjoyment of the Lot or Dwelling so disponed and the Pertinents thereof, if any, with the Share effeiring thereto of any common Privileges and Accommodations provided for or belonging thereto, subject always to the Rules and Conditions of the Contract, with Power to occupy, let, and transfer or assign the Right to such Lot or Dwelling, subject to such Rules and Conditions; and he and they shall not be liable for, nor shall the Lot or Dwelling itself, or the Furniture or Effects therein, be subject to any Charge, Debt, or Burden affecting the Buildings or Site thereof, or due by the Association, to any Extent beyond

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beyond the Tack Duty payable for such Lot: Provided always, that this Provision shall not be construed as freeing such Owners from any public or parochial Rates or Taxes to which they may be liable by Law in respect of their Right to or Occupation of such Lot or Dwelling, nor from any Restrictions, Limitations, or Conditions contained in the feudal Investiture, and to which they would otherwise in Law be subject, in so far as not expressly modified by this Act.

Recovery of Feu Duty.

XIV. If when Tacks or Rental Rights have been granted as aforesaid the Association, or the Owners in their Place, shall in any Year fail to make due Payment to the Superior in One Sum of the yearly Feu Duty or Duplicand thereof when claimable, such Superior shall be entitled to recover from each Owner the Tack Duty or Duplicand thereof payable by him for such Year, and in consideration of his Trouble and Expense in separately collecting the same to appropriate the whole of the Tack Duties to his own Use, notwithstanding their exceeding by Twenty-five per Cent. the Amount of Feu Duty or Duplicand to which he may have Right; but he shall not in any event be entitled to exact from any such Owner a greater Sum than the Tack Duty stipulated in his Tack or Rental Right, or the Duplicand thereof, as the Case may be; and no Poinding of the Ground shall be competent for the Recovery of any Feu Duty or Duplicand thereof, or of any Casualty or Ground Annual, from any Owner, except to the Extent of such Tack Duty or Duplicand thereof, as the Case may be.

Powers of Owners in repairing and rebuilding.

XV. The Owner of each separate Tenement, and the several Owners of the Lots or Dwellings in each separate Tenement, shall have Power to uphold, repair, and when necessary rebuild such Tenement, subject to the Rules herein-before mentioned: and the Resolutions of the Majority of such several Owners in all Matters concerning such repairing, upholding, and rebuilding, in so far as not inconsistent with such Rules, shall bind the Minority, and the Majority shall be entitled to sue the Minority for the Enforcement of such Resolutions by summary Process before the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, who shall have Power to determine the Proportion of the Cost of such repairing, upholding, and rebuilding to be borne by each Owner when disputed; and if the Association shall at any Time be dissolved or cease to exist, the Owners for the Time being of the Lots of the Dwelling Houses erected on any Parcel of Ground held by One Title and under a single Superior shall be deemed their Successors, to the Effect of constituting as a Society or Corporate Body the Vassal in such Ground, but without being subject to any further Obligation of Liability than is herein-before provided in regard to such Owners.

As to subsequent Transfers.

XVI. All Transfers of Tacks or Rental Rights to such Lots or Dwellings shall be made by Entry in the said Register or Rental Book under the Number of the Lot or Dwelling to be transferred as marked on the Plan, and next after the immediately preceding Transfer, in the Form of the Schedule (C.) hereunto annexed, and the same shall be subscribed in Presence of the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk and Two Witnesses, by the Party making and by the Party accepting the Transfer, or their respective Mandatories duly

authorized by written Mandate lodged and recorded as aforesaid, and also by the said Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk and Witnesses; and thereupon the Party in whose Favour such Transfer is made shall be vested with the Right transferred, as the same subsisted in the Party to whom it was originally granted by the Association when so originally conveyed, and free from all Burdens, Debts, and Claims through or in right of the Granter of the

Transfer or any previous Owner.

XVII. Where any Party in right of any such Lot or Dwelling Mode of regisas aforesaid shall have died without executing a Transfer thereof tering Right of in manner above mentioned, the Person claiming Right thereto, the Represenwhether by Succession, or in virtue of any Deed of Settlement or Conveyance by the Deceased, shall apply to the Sheriff or Dean of Guild for his Warrant to be entered in the Register or Rental Book, as now in right of such Lot or Dwelling; and the Sheriff or Dean of Guild if satisfied, after such Intimation of the Application as he may deem proper, and hearing such Parties duly interested as may appear to oppose the same, that the Applicant is justly entitled to such Lot or Dwelling, shall, without any Service or other Process at Law, cause an Entry to that Effect in the Form of the Schedule (D.) hereunto annexed to be made in the Register or Rental Book under the Number of the Lot or Dwelling held by the Deceased, and next after the Transfer in favour of the Deceased, which Entry shall be subscribed by the said Sheriff or Dean of Guild and by the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, and thereupon the full Right to such Lot or Dwelling, with the Pertinents and Privileges thereto belonging, shall be vested in such Applicant.

XVIII. Where any Party shall have used Inhibition or obtained Inhibitions and Decree of Adjudication against the Owner of any such Lot or Adjudications. Dwelling as aforesaid, the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk shall, on the Letters of Inhibition or an Extract of the Decree of Adjudication being presented to him, make an Entry of the same on the Margin of the Register or Rental Book, opposite the Entry of such Owner's Right, specifying the Name of the Inhibiter or Adjudger, with the Date of the Inhibition or Adjudication, the Registers in which they are recorded, and the Date of recording. together with the Date of such Entry; and if such Inhibiter or Adjudger fail to get such Entry made, the Inhibition or Adjudication shall not affect or burden such Lot or Dwelling, or the Owner thereof in reference thereto, or any Purchaser from such Owner; but while such Entry of an Inhibition or Adjudication remains not marked as recalled or discharged, and the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk is hereby required so to mark it on legal Proof of Recal or Discharge being presented to him, no Transfer shall be entered by such Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, or, if entered, it shall not be available as against such Inhibiter or Adjudger; and where an Adjudger shall have obtained Decree of Declarator of Expiry of the Legal, it shall be lawful for him to apply to the Sheriff or Dean of Guild to be registered as the Owner in right of the Tack or Rental Right of his Debtor, and in like Manner it shall be lawful for any Adjudger in Implement, or

for the Trustee on the sequestrated Estate of any Owner, to apply to the Sheriff or Dean of Guild to be registered as Owner in his Place, and the Sheriff or Dean of Guild shall, on Production to him of an Extract of the Decree of Declarator, or of Adjudication in Implement, or of a duly certified Copy of the Act and Warrant of Confirmation of such Trustee, cause an Entry in Form of the Schedule (E.) to this Act annexed to be inserted in the Register or Rental Book under the Number of the Lot or Dwelling belonging to the Debtor or Bankrupt, and next after the Transfer in his Favour, and thereupon the full Right to such Lot or Dwelling, with the Pertinents and Privileges thereto belonging, shall be vested in such Adjudger, Adjudger in Implement, or Trustee.

Each Dwelling shall constitute a distinct Lot not liable to Subdivision.

XIX. Each separate Dwelling shall constitute a distinct Lot, and shall consist of not less than Two nor more than Five Rooms with Fireplaces, and it shall not be competent or lawful to divide any of such Lots or Dwellings into Shares or separate Properties, but each Lot or Dwelling shall at all Times be transferred and pass whole and undivided.

Fees for recording Entries in Register Book.

XX. The several Entries aforesaid in the Register or Rental Book shall be written by the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, or by a Clerk employed by him and under his Direction and Supervision, and such Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk shall be entitled to charge and to receive for each First Grant of a Tack or Rental Right of any Lot or Dwelling, including the first Extract thereof, a Fee of Ten Shillings, and for each subsequent Transfer or Entry, including the first Extract thereof, a Fee of Five Shillings, and for the Entry of an Inhibition or Adjudication, or the marking of the Recal or Discharge thereof, a Fee of One Shilling respectively.

XXI. The Stamp Duties by Law chargeable upon or in respect

The Stamp Duties on Tacks and Transfers may be denoted by impressed or adhesive Stamps. Adhesive

of the Tacks to be made in pursuance of this Act, and of the Transfers thereof, may be denoted either by Stamps impressed

Stamps to be adapted for certain Particulars.

upon the Paper upon which the same are made or entered, or by adhesive Stamps to be provided by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and to be affixed thereto, and such adhesive Stamps shall be adapted for writing thereon the Name or Title of the Association, the Names of the Parties to the Instrument to which the same shall be affixed, and of the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, and the Date of such Instrument or of the Entry thereof, and of the Number of the Lot or Dwelling to which the same relates as marked on the Plan; and every such Stamp at or before the Execution or signing of the Instrument to which the same shall be affixed shall be signed in the Places appropriated for the Purpose by the Persons who shall execute or sign such Instrument, and the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk, with their Names respectively (and shall be truly filled up with all such other Particulars relating to such Instrument for which the same shall be adapted); and in default the Instrument to which the same shall be affixed shall be deemed to be not duly stamped, and the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk who shall attest or sign any such Instrument upon or to which the full and proper Stamp Duty is not impressed or affixed according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXII. The

XXII. The Register or Rental Book shall be open to Inspection, Register Book under such Regulations as the Sheriff or Dean of Guild may open to Inspecappoint, by all Parties desirous to search the same; and for every tract of Entries to be received. or Town Clerk in respect of each separate Lot or Dwelling as to in Evidence. which such Search shall be made; and the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk shall be bound to give to any Person demanding the same a certified Extract of any Entry in the Register Book on receiving for the Extract of each such Entry a Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence, and such Extract shall bear Faith and be admissible in Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity, and when accompanied by a Certificate under the Hand of the Sheriff Clerk or Town Clerk that no subsequent Transference of the Lot or Dwelling to which it applies appears on the Register Book, it shall be sufficient Proof that the Person therein set forth as the Party to whom such Lot or Dwelling has thereby been transferred is the Owner of such Lot or Dwelling.

ted or noisome

XXIII. Where there shall exist within a Town or Burgh any Power to ac-Building or Range or Block of Buildings which, by reason of Faults quire dilapidain their original Construction or of the State of Dilapidation into which they may wholly or partially have fallen, are unsuitable for Towns. Dwelling Houses, and the Occupation of which in their existing State and Condition is attended with Risk of Injury or Disease to the Inhabitants or the Neighbourhood, or which, by reason of the Abandonment of the whole or Part thereof by the Parties having the legal Title thereto, or of Uncertainty or Ignorance as to who such Parties may be, may have become a Receptacle or Place of Harbourage for Persons of dissolute and vicious Character, or in any way a Nuisance to the Neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for any such Association as aforesaid desirous of acquiring the same for the Purpose of improving and repairing such Buildings, or of erecting new Dwelling Houses on the Site thereof, for Dwellings for the Working Classes under this Act, to apply to the Magistrates and Town Council of the Town or Burgh for their Consent to the Application to the Court of Session herein-after mentioned; and the said Magistrates and Town Council, if satisfied, upon such Inquiry as they may think necessary, the Expense of which shall be borne by the said Association, that the State of such Building or Block of Buildings, from One or more of the Causes above mentioned, gives Occasion to the Risk of Injury or Disease to the Inhabitants or Neighbourhood, or that they afford Harbourage to Persons of a vicious or dissolute Character, or otherwise constitute a Nuisance to the Neighbourhood, may require the Proprietors or reputed Proprietors of such Buildings, or their Factors or Agents, so far as such Proprietors, reputed Proprietors, Factors, or Agents, may be known, within Three Months after Requisition made to them to grant Obligation to execute, within such reasonable Time as the Magistrates and Town Council may fix such Operations in the way of rebuilding, altering, repairing, draining, or otherwise, as the said Magistrates and Town Council may deem necessary for the Avoidance of such Risk or Nuisance in Time to come, and also to find Security to their Satisfaction that

such Buildings shall not thenceforward be allowed to afford such Harbourage as aforesaid; and if within the said Three Months no such Obligation be granted, or no such Security be found, or if within the Period fixed by the said Magistrates and Town Council such Obligation, if granted, shall not be implemented, it shall be lawful for them to give such Consent as aforesaid, and on such Consent being given it shall be lawful for such Association to apply by summary Petition to the Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, for Authority to acquire such Building, or Range or Block of Buildings, for the Purposes aforesaid or either of them, at a Price to be fixed in manner herein-after provided, and to have the same adjudged to them for such Purposes.

Court may remit to Sheriff to ascertain Value.

XXIV. On such Petition being presented the said Court shall order Service thereof upon the Proprietors or reputed Proprietors of the Property sought to be acquired, or their Factors and Agents. so far as such Proprietors, reputed Proprietors, or Factors may be known and such Intimation by public Advertisement as they shall deem proper; and after hearing any of such Proprietors as may make Compearance, and after such Inquiry by Report of skilled Men or otherwise as they may see fit, the Expense whereof shall be borne by the Association, if satisfied that the State of the Buildings sought to be so acquired gives Occasion to the Risk of Injury or Disease to the Inhabitants or Neighbourhood, or that they afford Harbourage to Persons of dissolute or vicious Character, or otherwise constitute a Nuisance to the Neighbourhood, and that it would be for the public Advantage that the said Buildings or any Portion thereof should be acquired for and appropriated to the Purposes aforesaid, they shall pronounce an Interlocutor containing their Finding to such Effect, and remitting to the Sheriff to take Steps for having a Price or Value put upon the same; and if the said Court shall refuse such Petition they shall have Power to award against the Association to any Parties appearing and opposing the same the whole or such Part of the Expenses incurred by them as to the said Court shall seem just.

Sheriff to ascertain Value according to Provisions of Land Clauses Act.

XXV. On the Remit so made being presented to the Sheriff, he shall forthwith proceed to have the Price or Value of the said Buildings and Site thereof determined according to the Provisions for determining the Value or Compensation to be paid for Lands and Heritages taken for public Undertakings contained in an Act passed in the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Nineteen, intituled An Act for consolidating in One Act certain Provisions usually inserted in Acts authorizing the taking of Lands for Undertakings of a public Nature in Scotland: Provided always, that a separate Price shall be ascertained for every Part or Portion of such Buildings known to belong to distinct Proprietors.

Value or Price, when ascertained, to be lodged in Bank in Name of Accountant of Court of Session, and Court

XXVI. When such Price or Value shall thus have been fixed, the Association shall within Fourteen Days thereafter pay into any of the chartered Banks of Edinburgh the Amount so fixed, with an additional Sum on the Price of each separate Property, conform to the Rates set forth in the Schedule (F.) to this Act annexed, to provide for the Expenses herein-after mentioned, the Money so lodged being placed to the Credit of the Accountant for the Time

being

being of the Court of Session; and the Association shall further thereupon to lodge with the Accountant Certificates of a complete Search of adjudge Pro-Incumbrances in reference to each such Property; and on such perty to Asso-Accountant reporting to the Court that the Money has been so lodged, and that a Receipt therefor in his Name has been delivered to him, and that Certificates of a complete Search of Incumbrances as aforesaid have also been lodged with him, the said Court shall adjudge and decern the Buildings aforesaid and Site thereof, or such Portion of the same as they may have found it for the public Advantage to be acquired as aforesaid, and the Price or Value of which has been duly lodged in the Bank as herein-before provided, to belong to the Association for the Purposes aforesaid, and on an Extract of their Decree being recorded in the General or Particular or Burgh Register of Sasines, which the Keeper of such Register is hereby required to record on Payment of the usual Fees when the same is presented to him, the absolute Right of Property in and to the said Buildings and the Ground whereon they stand, with the Pertinents and Appurtenances thereof, shall be vested in the said Association and their Successors without any other Title, and these shall thenceforward belong to and be held by the said Association and their Successors for the Purposes foresaid, free from all Right of Challenge on the Part of any Person claiming to have been the true Owner thereof, or to be in right of the true Owner, and free from all Heritable Securities or Burdens other than any Feu Duty or Casualty payable to the Superior, or any Right of Servitude belonging to the Proprietors of neighbouring Tenements: Provided always, that where no Agreement shall have been made with the Superior for a periodical or other Payment in lieu of the Casualty or Composition payable upon the Entry of Heirs and Singular Successors, it shall be lawful for such Superior, at the Death of the existing Vassal, and at the Expiration of every Twenty-five Years thereafter, so long as such Property shall be held for the Purposes aforesaid, to demand and take from the Association or their Successors a Sum equal to the yearly Feu Duty over and above the Feu Duty which may at the Time be due; and the Money lodged as aforesaid as the Price or Value of such Buildings, and the Site thereof, or of any Part of the same, shall be a Surrogate for the Buildings themselves, and Site thereof, or Portion thereof respectively, to the Proprietors and all Parties claiming any Heritable Right, Burden, or Security in or over the same; and such Money, till paid as herein-after mentioned, shall be subject to all Claims by such Proprietors or other Parties to which the Buildings, and Site or Portion thereof, if not acquired as aforesaid, would have been subject.

XXVII. So soon as the Decree of Adjudication shall have been Accountant to pronounced as aforesaid, the Accountant of the Court of Session receive Claims shall, by such special Intimation and public Advertisements as he on Money lodged; shall deem proper, the Expense of which Intimation and Advertisements shall be defrayed out of the Per-centage herein-before mentioned, call all Parties claiming to be Proprietors or to be entitled to any Annuity, Heritable Debt, or other Burden out of the Buildings aforesaid or Rents thereof, to compear before him

by themselves or their Agents, and to lodge with him a written Statement of their Claim, together with the Titles or other Deeds or Writings establishing the same, and such Parties shall be entitled to apply, by Motion to the Division of the Court of Session in which the Petition for Adjudication shall have depended, for a Diligence to recover such Titles, Deeds, or Writings necessary to establish their Claim as may not be in their own Possession, and the said Court shall do thereon as shall seem to them to be just.

and to prepare a Scheme of Division.

XXVIII. On receiving the Claims which shall be so lodged, with the Titles, Deeds, and Writings produced, the said Accountant shall consider the same, and shall have Power to call for such Explanations or further Productions, and to take such Assistance by the Opinion of professional or skilled Persons as he may deem necessary, and to hear competing Parties, if any such appear before him; and thereupon he shall prepare a Scheme of Division and Payment of the said Price or annual Proceeds thereof, according to the respective Rights and Interests of the Parties, as to those Portions of the Price to which, or to the annual Proceeds whereof, he is satisfied that a valid Right has been instructed; and he shall append to such Scheme a Statement of those Portions of the Price to which, in his Opinion, no valid Right has been instructed, or in regard to which no Claim may have been made, or which may be required to satisfy or secure any Rights appearing from the Search of Incumbrances, and remaining undischarged, as to which no Claim has been entered or established, and he shall cause public Notice, by such Advertisement as he may deem proper, to be made, that the said Scheme has been prepared, and that it lies for Inspection at his Office, or at some other suitable Place appointed by him for that Purpose; and the said Scheme shall accordingly lie there open for Inspection to all Parties interested for a Period of not less than Three Weeks from the Date of the First Advertise-

Party dissatisfied with Scheme may appeal to Court of Session.

Accountant to divide Price, retaining the Amount unclaimed or to which no Right made good. XXIX. It shall be competent for any Claimant or Party competing who shall be dissatisfied with the proposed Scheme of Division, to appeal against the same, so far as objected to by him, by Note to the Division of the Court of Session in which the Petition for Adjudication depended; and the said Court, after hearing Parties, shall dispose of the said Appeal and the Expenses thereof as to them shall seem just.

XXX. At the Expiry of the Period allowed for the Inspection of the Scheme of Division as aforesaid, the said Accountant shall grant Orders on the Amount lodged in Bank in his Name as aforesaid, for Payment of the Sums set forth in the said Scheme of Division, or the annual Proceeds thereof, as to which no Appeal has been taken, in favour of the Parties to whom those have been allotted in the said Scheme, and so soon as any Appeals that may have been taken shall have been disposed of by the said Court, he shall grant Orders for Payment of such Sums as may have been the Subjects of such Appeal in accordance with the Judgments of the Court pronounced thereupon; and in regard to any Portions of the Price as to which no Claim may have been made, or which he may have considered necessary to satisfy or secure Rights appearing

appearing from the Search of Incumbrances, or as to which he may have found that no valid Right has been instructed, and his Finding to this Effect may not have been appealed against, or, if appealed against, may have been adhered to by the Court, the said Portions of the Price shall be retained by him, subject to the Directions of the Court in regard to its Investment, till a valid Right shall have been instructed: Provided always, that it shall be competent for any Party conceiving himself to have Right thereto to lodge with the said Accountant at any Time thereafter his Claim, which, after being publicly intimated by such Party as the said Accountant may direct, shall be dealt with and disposed of in the Manner herein-before provided as to the Claims originally lodged as aforesaid.

XXXI. The Expense of Advertisements and Intimations re- Expenses of quired as aforesaid to be made by the said Accountant, and of Procedure. taking any Opinion of professional or skilled Men which he may deem necessary, and of framing and reporting to the Court the Scheme of Division, shall be defrayed by him out of the Sum beyond the Price to be deposited as herein-before mentioned, and any Balance thereof remaining after such Scheme has been framed shall be repaid by him to the Association, and any further Sum which may be required to meet such Expenses shall be paid by the Association; and as to all other Expenses of the respective Claimants and Objectors, the Court shall have Power to award Payment thereof by and to such Persons as to the said Court may seem just.

XXXII. The said Accountant shall annually lay before the First Accountant Division of the Court of Session a State of the Monies lodged in yearly to lay his Name under this Act, and not paid away and distributed as aforesaid, and the said Court shall give such Directions as to the Monies, Investment thereof, and of the accruing Interests, and as to the Publication of such State as to them may seem proper, the Expense of such Publication being defrayed out of such accruing

Interest.

XXXIII. Every Bank with which any of the Monies aforesaid Interest on shall be deposited in Name of the said Accountant shall, once at Monies in Bank least in every Year, accumulate the Interest with the Principal to be added to Sum, so that both shall thereafter bear Interest together as Principal; and any Bank failing so to do shall be liable to account as

if such Money had been so accumulated.

XXXIV. It shall be lawful for any such Association as afore- Sheriff may in said, at any Time after the Lapse of Ten Years from the Date of certain Cases any Warrant authorizing the Erection or Improvement of any sanction the Disposal of the Dwelling Houses under this Act, to present to the Sheriff or Buildings for Dean of Guild an Application praying for his Authority to sell other Objects. and dispone the Dwelling Houses erected or improved under such Warrant free from the Rules of the Contract recorded as aforesaid, and from the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that Votes to the Extent of Four Fifths of the Shareholders, or where the Dwelling Houses shall have been disponed in Tack as aforesaid that the Consent of Four Fifths of the Owners of the Dwelling Houses proposed to be sold, shall have been given in favour of

before Court a State of retained

Capital yearly.

the

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Dwelling Houses (Scotland).

the Resolution to make such Application, and the Sheriff or Dean of Guild, if after hearing any Shareholder or Owner who may appear to oppose the same he shall be satisfied that from Change of Circumstances or other Causes the Objects of the Association will no longer be attained in reference to such Dwelling Houses, may pronounce an Interlocutor authorizing the same, with the Pertinents thereof, to be sold and disponed; and on such Interlocutor being recorded in the Register of Sasines in which the Infeftment of the Association was recorded, the Keeper of which is hereby required to record the same on Payment of the usual Fees, it shall be lawful for such Association to sell and dispone such Dwelling Houses and Pertinents and to grant Dispositions to the Purchaser or Purchasers in common Form, and such Purchaser or Purchasers shall thereupon acquire Right to and shall hold the same free from the Provisions and Rules of the Contract of the Association, and from the Provisions of this Act, and from any Right or Claim on the Part of any of the Shareholders of such Association, or of the Owners, or of any one claiming through or in right of any such Shareholder or Owner, and the Price or Prices of such Dwelling Houses shall, after Deduction of the Expense of selling, be divided at the Sight of the Sheriff or Dean of Guild among the Shareholders or Owners according to their respective Rights and Interests.

Short Title.

Interpretation of Terms.

XXXV. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The

Dwelling Houses (Scotland) Act, 1855." XXXVI. The Word "Sheriff" shall mean and include the Sheriff and Sheriff Substitute of the County in which the Property held or proposed to be acquired by the Association is situate; and the Words "Sheriff Clerk" shall include the Sheriff Clerk Depute as well as the Sheriff Clerk Principal, and shall mean, where there are Two or more Wards in any County, the Sheriff Clerk, Principal or Depute, officiating within the Ward in which such Property lies; "Dean of Guild" shall mean the Dean of Guild of the Burgh within which the Property held or proposed to be acquired by the Association is situate, such Burgh being always one of those referred to in the First Section hereof; "Town Clerk" shall mean and include the Town Clerk, Assistant Town Clerk, and Depute Town Clerk of such Burgh; "Owner" shall mean the Party for the Time being standing on the Register or Rental Book as in right of a Tack or Rental Right of any Lot or Dwelling forming Part of any Dwelling Houses erected or improved under this Act; and "Proprietor" shall mean any Person, Corporation, Trustee, or others who under the Provisions of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845, are enabled as Owners to sell and convey Lands to the Promoters of an Undertaking.

XXXVII. Nothing in this Act contained shall exempt any Association established under this Act, or the Rules in any Contract of Copartnery entered into under the same, from the Provisions of any Act or Acts passed in any future Session of Parliament for the better Regulation of such Associations.

Nothing to exempt Association from Provisions of future General Acts.

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Droelling Houses (Scotland).

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE (A.)

At in the County of this [Date] in Presence of the Sheriff Clerk [or Sheriff Clerk Depute or Town Clerk] and of the Witnesses hereto subscribing, we [insert the Name of the Association] constituted under the "Dwelling Houses (Scotland) Act, 1855," by a Contract sanctioned by the Sheriff [or Dean of Guild] of Date and recorded in the Sheriff [or Burgh] Court Books of Date , in consideration of the Grassum of hereby dispone in perpetual Tack or Rental Right to A.B. [designing the Disponee] that Lot of the Dwelling Houses erected [or improved] by us at [Place and County, or Burgh, with Street if in a Town, and Parish if in a Country District,] under Warrant dated , being Number of the same as marked on the Plan thereof documeted

of the same as marked on the Plan thereof docqueted of Date , at the yearly Tack Duty of [Sum] payable at Whitsunday [or Martinmas]. And I the said A.B. [or, as the Case may be, I, L.M., Mandatory for the said A.B., by Mandated and recorded in the Sheriff [or Burgh] Court Books of Date , on his Behalf accept this Tack.

(Signed) C.D. Chairman, [or Clerk] of the Association on their Behalf.

(Signed)

A.B.

(Signed)
(Signed)

E.F. [designing him with his Residence] Witness.

G.H. [designing him with his Residence] Witness.

Executed before me, with proper adhesive Stamp affixed, (Signed) I.K. Sheriff [or Town] Clerk.

SCHEDULE (B.)

I, A.B. [Designation] authorize C.D. [Designation] to accept [or grant to E.F.] an Assignation to Lot, Number of the Dwelling Houses erected by [Name of Association] at , under Warrant of Date

and to subscribe the Entry of such Transfer in the Register Book on my Behalf. [Testing Clause according to the Form of the Law of Scotland.]

SCHEDULE (C.)

At in the County of this [Date] in Presence of the Sheriff Clerk [or Sheriff Clerk Depute or Town Clerk] and of the Witnesses hereto subscribing, I, A.B., [Designation] [or, as the Case may be, I, G.H. Mandatory for A.B., designing him, by Mandate dated and recorded in

the Sheriff or Burgh Court Books of Date] in consideration of the Price of assign to C.D. [Designation] my Tack of Lot, Number , of the Dwelling Houses erected by [Name of Association] at [Place] under Warrant, dated , and I the said C.D. [or, as the Case may be, I, E.F., Mandatory for the said C.D., by Mandate, dated and recorded in the Sheriff [or Burgh] Court Books of Date on his Behalf, accept this Transfer.

[To be subscribed as in Schedule (A.)]

. 10 de suoscridea as in Schedule (A.)

SCHEDULE (D.)

Sheriff [or Sheriff Substitute or Dean of Guild] having considered the Application of C.D. [designing him] to be registered as Owner of Lot, Number of the Dwelling Houses erected at [Place] by [Name of Association], under Warrant of Date, in place of the deceased A.B. [designing him] as his Heir, [or in virtue of Disposition or Deed of Settlement by the said A.B., dated and recorded of Date in the as the Case may be,] finds that the said C.D. is now in right of the said Lot, and the Owner thereof, and he is hereby registered as such accordingly.

(Signed) E.F. (Signed) G.H., Sheriff [or Town] Clerk.

SCHEDULE (E.)

in the County of At this [Date] the Sheriff [or Sheriff Substitute or Dean of Guild] having considered the Application of C.D. [designing him] to be registered as Owner of Lot, Number , of the Dwelling Houses erected at [Place] by [Name of Association] under Warrant of Date the in Place of A.B. [designing him] in virtue of an Adjudication and Decree of Expiry of the Legal thereon of Date [or in virtue of a Decree of Adjudication in Implement of Date or in virtue of an Act and Warrant of Confirmation in favour of the said C.D., as Trustee on his], finds that the said sequestrated Estate, of Date C.D. is now in right of the said Lot as Owner thereof, and he is hereby registered as such accordingly. (Signed) E.F.

G.H., Sheriff [or Town] Clerk.

SCHEDULE (F.)

Where the Price does not exceed 500l., Four per Cent. thereon. Where it exceeds 500l. but not 1,000l., 25l. Where it exceeds 1,000l. but not 2,000l., 30l. Where it exceeds 2,000l. but not 5,000l., 40l. Where it exceeds 5,000l., 50l.

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Huddersfield Burial Ground Act Amendment.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to amend the Provisions of the Huddersfield Burial Ground Act, 1852. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS the Commissioners for the Time being acting in execution of the Huddersfield Improvement Act, 1848, ' and the Huddersfield Burial Ground Act, 1852, have, in pursuance of the Powers contained in the said last-mentioned Act, purchased, enclosed, planted, embellished, and laid out a certain ' Piece of Ground in the said last-mentioned Act particularly ' mentioned and described as and for a Burial Ground, and have caused to be erected therein (in addition to certain other Build-'ings) Two suitable Chapels, one for the Performance of the ' Burial Service according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, and the other on the unconsecrated Portion of such Burial Ground, for the Performance of Funeral Service therein: And whereas the said Commissioners have procured 'One Half of the said Burial Ground, with the Chapel thereon, to be consecrated by the Lord Bishop of Ripon, within whose ' Diocese such Chapel and Ground are situate: And whereas the ' Section of the said Huddersfield Burial Ground Act, 1852, ' numbered 16 in the Copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's · Printers, and which relates to the Depth to which Graves should ' be dug in the said Burial Ground, the Number and Manner of ' Interments in each Grave, and fixing the Period which should elapse before re-opening any such Grave for further Interments ' therein, is unnecessarily stringent, and would be prejudicial to ' the proper Management of the said Burial Ground, and entail ' a considerable Expense upon the said Township of Huddersfield, ' and it is desirable that the said Section of the said last-men-' tioned Act of Parliament should be repealed:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The said Section of the said last-mentioned Act of Parlia- 15 & 16 Vict. ment shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided never- c. 41. repealed. theless, that nothing herein contained shall extend to relieve the said Commissioners from the Necessity of obtaining the Approval or Confirmation by the General Board of Health of any Regulations which by the said Huddersfield Burial Ground Act, 1852, may require such Approval or Confirmation.

II. The Expenses of obtaining this Act, and all other Expenses this Act how incident thereto, shall be charged upon and defrayed out of the to be paid. Fees and Sums of Money which shall be raised, charged, levied, or received under or by virtue of the said Huddersfield Burial Ground Act.

Sect. 16. of

Expenses of

Crown Suits.

CAP. XC.

An Act for the Payment of Costs in Proceedings instituted on behalf of the Crown in Matters relating to the Revenue, and for the Amendment of the Procedure and Practice in Crown Suits in the Court of Exchequer.

[14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS in divers Proceedings instituted by or on behalf of the Crown against the Queen's Subjects in respect of Matters relating to the Revenue no Costs are recovered by the Crown, except in certain Cases, and no Costs are paid by the Crown to the Subject: And whereas it is expedient to assimilate the Law as to the Recovery of Costs in such Proceedings by or on behalf of the Crown to that in force as to Proceedings between Subject and Subject: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

In all Crown Suits, &c. where the Crown is successful Costs to be recovered as between Subject and Subject.

I. In all Informations, Actions, Suits, and other legal Proccedings to be hereafter instituted before any Court or Tribunal whatever in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, by or on behalf of the Crown, against any Corporation, or Person or Persons, in respect of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any Goods or Chattels, belonging or accruing to the Crown, the Proceeds whereof, or the Rents or Profits of which said Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, by any Act now in force or hereafter to be passed are to be carried to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain and Ireland, or in respect of any Sum or Sums of Money due and owing to Her Majesty by virtue of any Vote of Parliament for the Service of the Crown, or of any Act of Parliament relating to the Public Revenue, Her Majesty's Attorney General, or in Scotland the Lord Advocate, shall be entitled to recover Costs for and on behalf of Her Majesty, where Judgment shall be given for the Crown, in the same Manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, and Provisions, as are or may be in force touching the Payment or Receipt of Costs in Proceedings between Subject and Subject, and such Costs shall be paid into the Exchequer, and shall become Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Defendent entitled to Costs, if successful against the Crown.

Power to Judges to make Rules and Or-

ders for Regu-

lation of Plead-

If in any such Information, Action, Suit, or other Proceeding Judgment shall be given against the Crown, the Defendant or Defendants shall be entitled to recover Costs, in like Manner, and subject to the same Rules and Provisions, as though such Proceeding had been had between Subject and Subject; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury and they are hereby required to pay such Costs out of any Monies which may be hereafter voted by Parliament for that Purpose.

III. 'And whereas the Procedure and Practice in Informations, Suits, and other Proceedings instituted by or on behalf of the 'Crown in Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer is dilatory, and

requires Amendment, and it is desirable that the same should be

'assimilated

C. 90, 91.

Crown Suits.

Merchant Shipping Act Amendment.

assimilated as nearly as may be to the Course of Practice and ing and Prac-' Procedure now in force in Actions and Suits between Subject tice in Crown ' and Subject:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Suits. Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England, or any Three of them, and also for the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, in their respective Courts, to make all such General Rules and Orders for the Regulation of the Pleading and Practice in such Informations, Suits, and other Proceedings, and to frame such Writs and Forms of Proceedings, as to them may seem expedient for the Purpose aforesaid; and all such Rules, Orders, or Regulations shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, if Parliament be then sitting, immediately upon the making of the same, or if Parliament be not sitting, then within Five Days after the next Meeting thereof; and no such Rule, Order, or Regulation shall have Effect until Three Months after the same shall have been so laid before both Houses of Parliament; and any Rule, Order, or Regulation so made shall, from and after such Time aforesaid, be binding and obligatory on the said Court, and on all Courts of Error into which any Judgment of the said Court shall be carried by any Writ of Error, and be of the like Force and Effect, as if the Provisions contained therein had been expressly enacted by Parliament: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by any Proclamation inserted in the London Gazette, or for either of the Houses of Parliament, by any Resolution passed at any Time within Three Months next after such Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall have been laid before Parliament, to suspend the whole or any Part of such Rules, Orders, or Regulations, and in such Case the whole, or such Part thereof as shall be so suspended, shall not be binding and obligatory on the said Courts, or on any other Court of Common Law or Court of Error.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to facilitate the Erection and Maintenance of Colonial Lighthouses, and otherwise to amend the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854. [14th August 1855.]

THEREAS it is expedient to make Provision for facilitating the Erection and Maintenance of Lighthouses in the British Possessions abroad, and otherwise to amend the Merchant Ship-' ping Act, 1854:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. This Act may be cited as "The Merchant Shipping Act short Title. Amendment Act, 1855," and shall be taken to be Part of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and shall be construed accordingly.

IL In any Case in which any Lighthouse, Buoy, or Beacon has been or is hereafter erected or placed on or near the Coasts of any British Possession, by or with the Consent of the Legislative Authority of such Possession, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, houses.

Colonial Light-

Her Majesty may by Order in Coun-cil fix Dues for Colonial Liv

Council, fix such Dues in respect thereof, to be paid by the Owner or Master of every Ship which passes the same or derives Benefit therefrom, as Her Majesty may deem reasonable, and may in like Manner from Time to Time increase, diminish, or repeal such Dues, and from the Time specified in such Order for the Commencement of the Dues thereby fixed, increased, or diminished the same shall be leviable throughout Her Majesty's Dominions in manner herein-after mentioned.

No such Dues to be levied in any Colony without Consent of Colonial Legislature.

III. No such Dues as aforesaid shall be levied in any Colony unless and until the Legislative Authority in such Colony has either by Address to the Crown, or by an Act or Ordinance duly passed, signified its Opinion that the same ought to be levied in such Colony.

Mode of collecting the said Ducs.

IV. The said Dues shall in the United Kingdom be collected by the same Persons by whom, and by the same Means, in the same Manner, and subject to the same Conditions, so far as Circumstances permit, by, in, and subject to which the Light Dues leviable under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, are collected, and shall in each British Possession abroad be collected by such Persons as the Governor of such Possession abroad may appoint for the Purpose, and shall be collected by the same Means, in the same Manner, and subject to the same Conditions, so far as Circumstances permit, by, in, and subject to which the Light Dues leviable under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, are paid and collected, or by such other Means, in such other Manner, and subject to such other Conditions as the Legislative Authority in such Possession may direct.

Dues to be paid over to Her Maesty's Paymaster General.

V. All Dues levied under this Act shall be paid over to Her Majesty's Paymaster General at such Times and in such Manner as the Board of Trade may direct, and shall be applied, paid, and dealt with by him, for the Purposes herein-after mentioned, in such Manner as such Board may direct.

Dues to be applied to Expenses of Lighthouse, **&c.** for which they are levied.

VI. The Dues levied under the Authority of this Act in respect of any such Lighthouse, Buoy, or Beacon as aforesaid shall, after deducting any Expenses incurred in collecting the same, be applied for the Purpose of paying the Expenses incurred in crecting and maintaining such Lighthouse, Buoy, or Beacon, and for no other Purpose whatever.

Power to borrow Money on Secu-rity of Dues.

VII. For the Purpose of constructing or repairing any such Lighthouse, Buoy, or Beacon as aforesaid, the Board of Trade may raise, upon the Security of the Dues to be levied in respect thereof, such Sums of Money as they may deem fit; and the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, out of any Monies which may be provided by Parliament, the Public Works Loan Commissioners, or any other Person or Body of Persons, may advance the same accordingly, such Advances to be made in the same Manner, with the same Powers, and subject to the same Provisions, so far as Circumstances permit, in, with, and subject to which, under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, Advances may be made upon the Security of the Mercantile Marine Fund for the Construction and Repair of Lighthouses in the United Kingdom. VIII. Accounts

VIII. Accounts shall be kept of all Sums expended in the Construction, Repair, or Maintenance of every Lighthouse, Buoy, or to be kept, and laid before Partiesh Possessions abroad for which Dues are levied laid before Partiesh and to the Authority of this Act and of the Dues received in the sufficient and to be sufficient. under the Authority of this Act, and of the Dues received in be sudited. respect thereof, in such Manner as the Board of Trade may direct. and shall be laid before Parliament annually; and the said Accounts shall be audited in such Manner as Her Majesty may by Order in Council direct.

IX. Any Person who, in any Declaration made in the Presence of or produced to any Registrar of Shipping, in pursuance of the Second Part of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, or in any Documents or other Evidence produced to such Registrar, wilfully makes, or assists in making or procures to be made, any false Penalty on false Statement concerning the Title to or the Ownership of or the der Part II. of Interests existing in any Ship, or any Share or Shares in any Merchant Ship-Ship, or who utters, produces, or makes use of any Declaration or Document containing any such false Statement, knowing the same to be false, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Registry of Ships.

PART II. of Merchant Shipping Act, 1854.

ping Act.

X. Shares in Ships registered under the said Merchant Shipping Shares in Shipping within the Act, 1854, shall be deemed to be included in the Word "Stock," as Trustee Act, defined by the Trustee Act, 1850, and the Provisions of such last- 1850. mentioned Act shall be applicable to such Shares accordingly.

XI. In any Case in which any Bill of Sale, Mortgage, or other Forms of Instru-Instrument for the Disposal or Transfer of any Ship or any Share or Shares therein or of any Interest therein is made in any Form or contains any Particulars other than the Form and Particulars prescribed and approved for the Purpose by or in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, no Registrar shall be required to record the same without the express Direction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs.

XII. Upon the Transfer of the Registry of a Ship from One Delivery of Cer-Port to another, the Certificate of Registry required by the Ninetieth Section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, to be delivered gistry. up for that Purpose, may be delivered up to the Registrar of either of such Ports.

XIII. The Commissioners of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Exemption of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Consent of Customs may, with the Custo Act, 1854, which requires the Name of every Ship and the Port to which she belongs to be painted on her Stern.

XIV. The Owner of any Ship which is measured under Rule II. Ships measured under Rule II. contained in the Twenty-second Section of the Merchant Shipping may be measured Act, 1854, may at any subsequent Period apply to the Commis- under Rule I. sioners of Customs to have the said Ship remeasured under Rule I. contained in the Twenty-first Section of the same Act, and the said Commissioners may thereupon, and upon Payment of such Fee not exceeding Seven Shillings and Sixpence for each Transverse Section as they may authorize, direct the said Ship to be remeasured accordingly, and the Number denoting the Register Tonnage shall be altered accordingly.

XV. The Copy or Transcript of the Register of any British Ship General Register Books in London. which is kept by the Chief Registrar of Shipping at the Custom 18 & 19 VICT. House

House in London, or by the Registrar General of Seamen, under the Direction of Her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs or of the Board of Trade, shall have the same Effect to all Intents and Purposes as the original Register of which the same is a Copy or Transcript.

Masters and Seamen.

PART III. of Mer-chant Shipping Act, 1864.

Extension of Pro-visions concern-ing the Relief of destitute Seamen.

XVI. The Board of Trade may issue Instructions concerning the Relief to be administered to distressed Seamen and Apprentices, in pursuance of the Two hundred and eleventh and Two hundred and twelfth Sections of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and may by such Instructions determine in what Cases and under what Circumstances and Conditions such Relief is to be administered; and all Powers of recovering Expenses incurred with respect to distressed Scamen and Apprentices, which by the Two hundred and thirteenth Section of the said Act are given to the Board of Trade, shall extend to all Expenses incurred by any Foreign Government for the Purposes aforesaid, and repaid to such Government by Her Majesty's Government, and shall likewise extend to any Expenses incurred by the conveying home such Seamen or Apprentices in Foreign as well as British Ships; and all Provisions concerning the Relief of distressed Seamen and Apprentices, being Subjects of Her Majesty, which are contained in the said Sections of the said Act, and in this Section, shall extend to such Seamen and Apprentices, not being Subjects of Her Majesty, as are reduced to Distress in Foreign Parts by reason of their having been shipwrecked, discharged, or left behind from any British Ship; subject nevertheless to such Modifications and Directions concerning the Cases in which Relief is to be given to such Foreigners, and the Country to which they are to be sent, as the Board of Trade may, under the Circumstances, think fit to make and issue.

Enactment concerning Savings Banks extended Navy.

Additional Powers of Naval Courts.

XVII. The Enactment of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, relating to Savings Banks shall apply to all Seamen, and to their to Seamen in the Wives and Families, whether such Seamen belong to the Royal Navy or to the Merchant Service, or to any other Sea Service.

XVIII. Any Naval Court summoned, under the Provisions of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, to hear any Complaint touching the Conduct of the Master or any of the Crew of any Ship, shall, in addition to the Powers given to it by the said Act, have Power to try the said Master or any of the said Crew for any Offences against the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, in respect of which Two Justices would, if the Case were tried in the United Kingdom, have Power to convict summarily, and by Order duly made to inflict the same Punishments for such Offences which Two Justices might in the Case aforesaid inflict upon summary Conviction; provided, that in Cases where an Offender is sentenced to Imprisonment the Sentence shall be confirmed in Writing by the Senior Naval or Consular Officer present at the Place where the Court is held, and the Place of Imprisonment, whether on Land or on board Ship, shall be approved by him as a proper Place for the Purpose, and Copies of all Sentences made by any Naval Court summened to hear any such Complaint as aforesaid shall be sent to the Commander-in-Chief or Senior Naval Officer of the Station.

XIX. When-

XIX. Whenever any Articles belonging to or forming Part of Wrecks, Casualany Foreign Ship which has been wrecked on or near the Coasts of the United Kingdom, or belonging to or forming Part of the Cargo thereof, are found on or near such Coasts, or are brought into any Port in the United Kingdom, the Consul General of the Country to which such Ship, or, in the Case of Cargo, to which the Owners of such Cargo, may have belonged, or any Consular Officer of such Country authorized in that Behalf by any Treaty or Agreement with such Country, shall, in the Absence of the Owner of such Ship or Articles, and of the Master or other Agent of the Owner, be deemed to be the Agent of the Owner, so far as relates to the Custody and Disposal of such Articles.

XX. In Cases where Services are rendered by Officers or Men Remuneration of the Coast Guard Service in watching or protecting shipwrecked for Services by Property, then, unless it can be shown that such Services have been declined by the Owner of such Property or his Agent at the Time they were tendered, or that Salvage has been claimed and awarded for such Services, the Owner of the shipwrecked Property shall pay in respect of the said Services Remuneration according to a Scale to be fixed by the Board of Trade, so, however, that such Scale shall not exceed any Scale by which Payment to Officers and Men of the Coast Guard for extra Duties in the ordinary Service of the Commissioners of Customs is for the Time being regulated; and such Remuneration shall be recoverable by the same Means and shall be paid to the same Persons and accounted for and applied in the same Manner as Fees received by Receivers appointed under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854.

XXI. If any Person, being a British Subject, charged with Loyal Procedure. having committed any Crime or Offence on board any British Ship PART X of Meron the High Seas or in any Foreign Port or Harbour, or if any Person, not being a British Subject, charged with having committed any Crime or Offence on board any British Ship on the High Seas, is found within the Jurisdiction of any Court of Jus- on board Ship. tice in Her Majesty's Dominions which would have had Cognisance of such Crime or Offence if committed within the Limits of its ordinary Jurisdiction, such Court shall have Jurisdiction to hear and try the Case as if such Crime or Offence had been committed within such Limits: Provided, that nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to alter or interfere with the Act of the Thirteenth Year of Her present Majesty, Chapter Ninety-

XXII. It shall be the Duty of the East India Company to take charge of and send home or otherwise provide for all Persons, being PART XI. of Mer-Lascars or other Natives of the Territories under the Government of the said Company, who are found destitute in the United Kingdom; and if any such Person is relieved and maintained by any Guardians, Overseers, or other Persons administering the Relief of the Poor, such Overseers, Guardians, or other Persons may, by Letter sent through the Post or otherwise, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Secretary of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, specifying, so far as is practicable, the following Particulars: viz.-

ties, and Salvage.

PART VIII. of Merchant Ship-ping Act, 1854.

In case of Wreck of Foreign Ships, Consul General to be deemed Agent of Owner.

chant Shipping

Jurisdiction in

Miscellaneous.

chant Shipping

Reliefofdestitute

1. The Name of the Person so relieved or maintained:

The Presidency or District or Part of the Territories of the East India Company of which he professes to be a Native:

3. The Name of the Ship in which he was brought to the United

Kingdom:

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4. The Port or Place abroad from which such Ship sailed, and the Port or Place in the United Kingdom at which such Ship arrived, when he was so brought to the United Kingdom, and the Time of such Arrival:

And the said *East India* Company shall repay to the said Overseers, Guardians, or other Persons, out of the Revenues of the said Company, all Monies duly expended by them in relieving or maintaining such destitute Person, after the Time at which such Notice

aforesaid is sent or otherwise given.

Contracts may be made with Natives in India, under certain Conditions, binding them to go to the United Kingdom, and then to serve in other Ships back to India or elsewhere.

XXIII. It shall be lawful for any Master or Owner of a Ship or his Agent to enter into Agreements with Lascars or Natives of the Territories of the East India Company, binding them to proceed to any Port or Ports in the United Kingdom, either as Seamen or as Passengers, and there to enter into a further Agreement to serve as Seamen in any Ship which may happen to be there, and to be bound to any Port in the Territories of the East India Company; provided, that every such original Agreement shall be made in such Form, and shall contain such Provisions, and shall be executed in such Manner, and under such Conditions for securing the Return of such Lascars or Natives to their own Country, and for other Purposes, as the Governor General of India in Council, or the Governors of the respective Presidencies in which the original Agreement is made, in Council may direct; and if any Lascar or other Person who has bound himself by any such original Agreement is, on arriving in the United Kingdom, required to enter into a further Agreement to serve as a Seaman in any Ship bound to any Port in the Territories of the East India Company, and if it is certified by some Officer appointed for that Purpose by the East India Company that such further Agreement is a proper Agreement in all respects for such Lascar or other Person to enter into, and is in accordance with the original Agreement, and that the Ship to which such further Agreement relates is in all respects a proper Ship for such Lascar or other Person to serve in, and that there is not, in the Opinion of such Officer, any Objection to the full Performance of the said original Agreement, such Lascar or other Person shall be deemed to be engaged under such further Agreement, and to serve as a Seaman in the Ship to which it relates, and shall thereupon be deemed to be for all Purposes One of the Crew of the Ship; and for every Lascar or other Person in respect of whom such Certificate is applied for, the Person applying for the same shall pay to such Officer as aforesaid such Fee as the East India Company may appoint, not exceeding Ten Shillings.

Saving of former Enactments. XXIV. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to repeal or affect any Provisions contained in the Twenty-fifth, Twentysixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, or Thirty-fourth Sections of the Act of the Fourth

Year

Ledbury Prebend.

Year of King George the Fourth, Chapter Eighty, or in the Sixteenth Section of the Act of the Eighteenth Year of Her present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twenty.

CAP. XCII.

An Act for appropriating the Corps of the Prebend or Portion of Netherhall Ledbury in the Diocese and County of Hereford, and for constituting the Living of Ledbury a Rectory with Cure of Souls, and for augmenting the [14th August 1855.] Endowments thereof.

HEREAS there are in the Diocese and County of Hereford Two Prebends or Portions of a Prebend respectively, called the Prebend of Overhall and the Prebend of Netherhall, ⁴ Ledbury, founded in the Cathedral Church of Hereford, and in ' the Gift or Patronage of the Bishop of Hereford, the respective ' Prebendaries or Portionists whereof had the alternate Right of ' Patronage or Presentation of or to the Vicarage and Parish ' Church of Ledbury: And whereas the said Vicarage was for-4 merly endowed with a certain Portion of Tithes, which was ' commuted in the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirty-' nine, under the Acts of Parliament for the Commutation of "Tithes in England and Wales, for a yearly Rentcharge of Four ' hundred and sixty Pounds Two Shillings, variable according to the Provisions of the said Acts, and payable to the Vicar for the 'Time being of the said Vicarage, and the sole Cure of Souls in the said Parish of Ledbury has been for many Years past and still is exercised by the said Vicar for the Time being: And whereas at the Time of the passing of the Act of the Third and ' Fourth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter One hundred and 'thirteen, the Prebend or Portion of Overhall had by the Death ' of the Reverend Henry Stonhouse Vigor, late Prebendary or · Portionist thereof, become and was then vacant, and by virtue of ' such Act all the Lands, Tithes, and other Hereditaments, and ' all other Emoluments and Endowments belonging thereto, (ex-' cepting Rights of Patronage,) became vested in the Ecclesiastical ' Commissioners for England, for the Purposes of the said Act, ' and the alternate Right of Presentation to the said Vicarage, ' theretofore belonging to the said last-mentioned Prebendary or 'Portionist, devolved upon the Bishop of Hereford: And whereas in the Year One thousand eight hundred and two the Reverend ' James Watts Clerk, was collated, or presented by the then ' Bishop of Hereford, to the Prebend of Netherhall, and was ' thereupon duly installed Prebendary thereof; and the Vicarage of the said Parish of Ledbury having in the Year One thou-' sand eight hundred and ten become vacant, the said James Watts, ' in virtue of the alternate Right of Presentation which thereupon 'accrued in Turn to him as such Prebendary or Portionist of 'Netherhall, presented himself to and was duly instituted and 'inducted Vicar of the said Vicarage, and he thenceforth con-'tinued Prebendary or Portionist of the said last-mentioned Prebend or Portion, and also Vicar of the said Vicarage, and enjoyed

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' the Profits and Emoluments thereof respectively, to the Time of his Death: And whereas the said James Watts died in the ' Year One thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and there-' upon the alternate Right of Presentation to the said Vicarage, theretofore belonging to the Prebend of Netherhall, also de-' volved, by Force of the said Act, upon the Bishop of Hereford, and shortly afterwards the Reverend James George Watts, Son ' of the said James Watts, was collated by the Bishop of Hereford to the said Vicarage, and he was thereupon duly inducted to and is now the Vicar or Incumbent of the said Vicarage: And ' whereas upon the Decease of the said James Watts all the Estates ' and Endowments, excepting Rights of Patronage, belonging to ' the said Prebend or Portion of Netherhall (subject to the Term ' and Interest then unexpired therein under a certain Indenture of Lease dated the Fifteenth January One thousand eight hun-' dred and twenty-eight, and made between the said James Watte, therein described as Portionist and Prebendary of the Portion ' or Prebend called Netherhall in the Parish Church of Ledbury in the County of Hereford, of the one Part, and Philip John ' Miles Esquire, of the other Part, for Three Lives,) were con-' sidered to have become vested in the said Ecclesiastical Commis-'sioners by virtue of the said Act, as being the Estates of a ' Prebend not residentiary; but a Claim has since been set up to the said last-mentioned Prebend or Portion by the said James ' George Watts, as Vicar of the said Vicarage, on the Ground, as ' he contends, that the same Prebend or Portion was a Rectory without Cure of Souls, and having been held by the said James ' Watts deceased, together with the said Vicarage, for the Period of Twenty Years last past before the passing of the said Act, the same Rectory and Vicarage had under the Provisions of the ' said Act become permanently united, and do now constitute a ' Rectory with Cure of Souls; and the Rents which had become ' payable upon the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-two in respect of the last-mentioned ' Prebend or Portion since the Death of the said James Watts, amounting to Eighty-four Pounds, have been paid into the Court ' of Queen's Bench, under a Judge's Order in an Action of Eject-'ment: And whereas, in order to avoid the Costs of Litigation in regard to the Claim of the said James George Watts, which is ' resisted on the Part of the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, a ' Proposal has been agreed upon by the said Ecclesiastical Com-' missioners and the said James George Watts, with the Consent ' of the Right Reverend Renn Dickson, Bishop of Hereford, that ' the said Parish of Ledbury should be and be considered or be ' made a Rectory with Cure of Souls, in the Patronage of the ' Bishop of Hereford for the Time being, and that the said James George Watts should, without further Collation, Induction, or 'Institution thereto, become and be the Rector thereof, and that in addition to the Tithes Rentcharge and other Profits and Emo-' luments belonging to the said Vicarage to be annexed to the said 'Rectory, the said Rectory should be endowed in the Manner ' herein-after in this Act provided, and, subject thereto, that the ' whole

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Ledbury Prebend.

' whole of the Lands, Tithes, and other Hereditaments (excepting 'Rights of Patronage), and all other Emoluments and Endow-' ments belonging to the said Prebend or Portion of Netherhall, ' subject to the said Lease, should remain or become vested in the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for the Purposes of the said 'Acts:' But inasmuch as the aforesaid Objects cannot be carried into effect without the Aid and Authority of Parliament, may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The Parish and Parish Church of Ledbury in the Diocese Parish and and County of Hereford shall henceforth be and be deemed a Parish Church Rectory with Cure of Souls in the Gift or Patronage of the Bishop of Ledbury to of Hereford for the Time being, and the said James George Watts shall, without further Collation, Presentation, Institution, or Induction, be and be deemed the Rector of the said Rectory, and the Freehold of the Parish Church and Burial Ground of Ledbury aforesaid shall henceforth and for ever hereafter be vested in the said James George Watts as such Rector, and his Successors

Rectors thereof for the Time being.

II. The Rentcharge of Four hundred and sixty Pounds Two Rentcharge, Shillings, awarded or agreed to be paid, under the Act for the &c. of Vicar-Commutation of Tithes in England and Wales, to the Vicar of the age to remain said Vicarage, in lieu of the Tithes theretofore belonging to the Rector for the said Vicarage, and also all Mortuaries, Easter Offerings, Surplice Time being; Fees, and all other Fees, Profits, and Emoluments heretofore payable to or enjoyed by the Vicar for the Time being of the said Vicarage, shall henceforth belong and be paid to the said James George Watts as Rector, and his Successors Rectors for the Time being of the said Rectory.

III. The several Closes or Parcels of Land and Tithes Rents- also Lands and charge mentioned and specified in the Schedule to this Act (being Tithe Rent-Parcel of the late Prebend or Portion of Netherhall), freed and charge specified discharged from the yearly Pension of Sixteen Bushels of Wheat in Schedule; and Sixteen Bushels of Oats payable to the Vicar for the Time being of the said Parish Church of Ledbury, and from the Land Tax in respect of the said Land, which has been redeemed, and Tithe Rentcharge, shall, from and immediately after the Expiration or other sooner Determination of the Term, Estate, and Interest granted therein by the said Indenture of Lease of the Fifteenth of January One thousand eight hundred and twentyeight, (but without conferring any Right to any Portion of the Rent reserved by the said Lease during the Continuance thereof,) belong to and be permanently annexed to the said Rectory, and be held and enjoyed by the Rector thereof for the Time being for ever hereafter, by way of Augmentation of the said Rectory; but subject to Paysubject, nevertheless, and charged to and with the keeping in due ment of 30. State of Repair the North Side of the Chancel of the Parish per Annum to Church of Ledbury, and also to and with the Payment of the Minister of District of Welyearly Sum of Thirty Pounds to the Minister or Curate for the lington Heath

become a Rectory with Cure of Souls.

vested in the

Time in Ledbury.

Time being of the District of Wellington Heath in Ledbury, by half-yearly Payments to be made on the First Day of June and the First Day of December in each Year, the first of such half-yearly Payments or a proportionate Part thereof to be made on such One of the said Days as shall happen next after the Expiration or sooner Determination of the said Lease.

Until Determination of Lease, Ecclesiastical Commissioners to pay annual Sum to the Rector;

IV. In the meantime, until the Expiration or sooner Determination of the said Lease, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners shall, out of their Common Fund, pay to the said James George Watts as Rector, and his Successors Rectors for the Time being of the said Rectory, an annual Sum of Two hundred and thirty Pounds, clear of all Deductions, other than on account of Property or Income Tax, by equal half-yearly Payments, to be made on the First Day of May and the First Day of November in each Year, such Payment to be considered to have commenced and taken effect from the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and also a proportionate Part of the said annual Sum in respect of the Number of Days which shall have elapsed of the current Half Year in which the said Lease shall expire or be determined, and such annual Sum and proportionate Part to be by way of Augmentation of the said Rectory, in lieu of the said Parcels of Land and Tithes Rentscharge mentioned in the said Schedule, until the same shall fall into the Possession and Receipt of the said Rector, and to be charged with the Payment of the like annual Sum of Thirty Pounds as from the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three to the Minister or Curate for the Time being of the said District of Wellington Heath, and on the like Days as are in this Act before mentioned in respect to the Payment of the said annual Sum of Two hundred and thirty Pounds.

charged with the annual Payment of 30%.

Residue of Lands and Profits of Prebend or Portion of Netherhall to vest in Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and be held as Part of Common Fund, under 3 & 4 Vict. c. 113.

V. All other the Lands, Tithes, Tithes Rentscharge, and Hereditaments belonging to or constituting the Corps of the Prebend or Portion of Netherhall, whether the same be or be not a Sinecure Rectory, within the Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Her said Majesty's Reign, (save and except Rights of Patronage, and also save and except the Right, from and after the Expiration or other sooner Determination of the said Lease, to the said Pieces or Parcels of Land and Tithes Rentscharge, and the redeemed Land Tax in respect thereof, comprised in the Schedule to this Act, and intended to be hereby vested in expectancy in the Rector for the Time being of the said Rectory,) together with, and not by way of Exception, the whole of the Rents, and the Benefit of all the Covenants, Conditions, and Agreements reserved and contained by and in the said Indenture of Lease, and which on the Lessee's or Assignee's Part are or ought to be paid, observed, and performed, including the Right to all Sums paid into Court as aforesaid, and all other Sums now due on account of the said Rent, shall, freed and discharged from the said yearly Pension of Sixteen Bushels of Wheat and Sixteen Bushels of Oats, or any other Payments or Dues, to the Rector or Vicar of the Parish Church of Ledbury, from and after the passing of this Act, but subject and without Prejudice

to the Term, Estate, and Interest granted by the said Lease, remain and be absolutely vested in the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, their Successors and Assigns, to be by them held, possessed, and administered for the Purposes and under and according to the Provisions of the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts relating to the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners with regard to the Estates of Non-residentiary Prebends.

VI. For the Purpose of enabling the said Ecclesiastical Com- Powers of missioners and their Successors, as Reversioners of the Premises Ecclesiastical comprised in the said Indenture of Lease, to receive and recover Commissioners the Rents due or to become due under the said Lease, and to as Reversioners exercise all Rights and Remedies in respect thereof, and of the Lease. Covenants, Conditions, and Agreements on the Part of the Lessee therein contained, and also of enabling the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, if they shall think fit, to accept a Surrender of the Term, Estate, and Interest of the Lessee in the said Lands and Tithes Rentscharge comprised in the said Schedule hereto, the Reversion of and in the whole of the Premises comprised in or held under the said Lease shall be or be considered to be vested in them the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners during the Remainder of and subject to the Term, Estate, and Interest granted by the said Lease; but so, nevertheless, that in case the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners should accept a Surrender of the said Term, Estate, and Interest in the said Lands and Tithes Rentscharge comprised in the said Schedule, the same shall operate as an Extinguishment of the said Term and Interest therein, for the Benefit of the Rector for the Time being of the said Rectory, so as to accelerate his Right to the Possession and Receipt of the said last-mentioned Lands and Rentscharge; and thereupon the said annual Sum of Two hundred and thirty Pounds herein-before directed to be paid to the Rector for the Time being by the said Commissioners, out of their Common Fund, shall cease, anything herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. For all Purposes of Recital or Reference it shall be Style of Act. sufficient in all Cases to mention this Act as "The Rectory of Ledbury Act, 1855."

The SCHEDULE.

No. on Tithe Commutation Apportionment for the Parish of Ledbury.	Lands.	Cultivation.	Acreage.		
Part 991 980	Orchard and Stable - Doghill Orchard -	Pasture -	A. 1 3		P. 15
			4	2	9

The several annual Sums belonging to the said Prebend of Ledbury Netherhall, as apportioned by way of Tithe Rentcharge upon certain Lands in the said Parish of Ledbury, and payable, subject to Variation, under the Acts of Parliament passed for the Commutation of Tithes, amounting together to Two hundred and fifty Pounds (being exclusive of the Amount of Twenty-three Pounds and Twelve Shillings apportioned on the Estate belonging to such Prebend numbered 166, 160, 1663, 154, 157, 1402, 167, 164, 165, 991, 153, 156, 155, 161, 1434, 1435, 1403, 1404, 1406, 981, 180, 378, 388, 390, 174, 175, 172, 152, 995, 996, 169, 168, 150, 151, 1457, 1681, 376, 980, and 159, and on the Field numbered 1426 on the Plan annexed to the confirmed Tithe Apportionment for the said Parish of Ledbury).

The several annual Sums, amounting to Twenty Pounds Six Shillings and Sixpence, also belonging to the said Prebend, apportioned by way of Rentcharge upon certain Lands in the Parish of Aylton in the said County of Hereford, and payable, subject to Variation, under the said Acts of Parliament passed for the

Commutation of Tithes.

CAP. XCIII.

An Act to amend certain Acts relating to the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore, and Malacca, and to the Supreme Courts of Judicature in India.

[14th August 1855.] THEREAS by Letters Patent of His late Majesty King George the Fourth His said late Majesty ordained that ' there should be within the Settlement of Prince of Wales Island, ' Singapore, and Malacca a Court of Judicature to be holden before the Governor and the Resident Councillor for the Time ' being of the Station where the Court should be held, as Two ' of the Judges of the said Court, and before One other Judge called the Recorder of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore, and ' Malacca: And whereas by Letters Patent of His late Majesty 'King William the Fourth, granted under the Powers of the Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of His Reign, Chapter Eighty-' three, His said late Majesty granted to the said Court of Judicature the Powers of a Court of Admiralty: And whereas by Letters Patent of Her present Majesty, granted in the present ' Year of Her Reign, Her said Majesty has ordained that the said ' Court of Judicature should consist of Two Courts or Divisions, 'One of which shall be holden within the Stations of Singapore ' and Malacca before the Governor or President and the Resident 'Councillor for the Time being of the Station, where the same 'shall be held, and before One other Judge called the Recorder of ' Singapore, and the other of which Courts or Divisions shall be ' holden within the Station of Prince of Wales Island before the ' said Governor or President and the Resident Councillor for the 'Time being of the Station where the same shall be held, and ' before the other Judge, who shall be called the Recorder of ' Prince of Wales Island, and that all the Powers of the said ' Court

Court of Judicature (Prince of Wales Island).

'Court of Judicature shall and may be exercised by each of the said Courts or Divisions, together with various other Provisions concerning the same: And whereas, in consequence of the 'Alteration made by the last-mentioned Letters Patent in the 'Constitution of the said Court of Judicature, it is desirable to ' amend the several Acts of Parliament herein-after mentioned:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The Provisions contained in the Statute of the Sixth Year Sections 5. 7. of George the Fourth, Chapter Eighty-five, Sections Five, Seven, 13. 14. and 16. Thirteen, Fourteen, and Sixteen, respecting the Recorder of the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales Island, and respecting the Grant of an Allowance to him on Retirement, and respecting the Singapore and Computation of the Time of Residence in case he shall be ap- Prince of Wales pointed a Judge of One of the Supreme Courts in India, shall Island. apply to the Recorder of Singapore and to the Recorder of Prince of Wales Island respectively, and Residence partly as one and partly as the other of such Recorders shall be reckoned as if such Residence had been wholly in the same Capacity: Provided always, that (save and except only in the Case of the present Recorder of Singapore, who was appointed to the Office of Recorder of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore, and Malacca prior to the lastly-recited Letters Patent), it shall not be lawful to grant to, any Recorder of Singapore or Recorder of Prince of Wales Island any larger retiring Allowance than the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, unless he shall have resided as Recorder for Ten Years, nor if he shall have resided for that Period any larger Allowance than the Sum of Eight hundred Pounds.

II. In lieu of the Sum which by the Act of the Fifty-third Year Sum to be paid of George the Third, Chapter One hundred and fifty-five, Section to Recorders Eighty-nine, is directed to be paid to any Recorder of Prince of for Equipment Wales Island for the Expenses of his Equipment and Voyage, the Court of Directors of the East India Company shall pay to the Person who by the said Letters Patent of Her Majesty has been appointed Recorder of Prince of Wales Island, and to every Person to be hereafter appointed Recorder of Singapore or Recorder of Prince of Wales Island who shall be resident in the United Kingdom at the Time of his Appointment, for the Purpose of defraying the Expenses of his Equipment and Voyage, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

III. The Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors, which by the Court for Relief Statute of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter Twenty-one, Section Eighty-eight, is directed to be held within the said Settlement, may henceforth be held by the Recorder of Singapore and by the Recorder of Prince of Wales Island respectively, each of whom is hereby empowered and required to hold such Court, and to appoint proper Officers, Assignees, and Examiners for enabling the Provisions of such Act to be carried into effect, and to establish Rules as to the Advocates and Attornies and Agents who may practise in the said Court before

of 6 G. 4. c. 85. to apply to Recorders of

of Insolvent Debtors may be held by either of the Recorders.

Court of Judicature (Prince of Wales Island).

before such Recorder; and the several other Powers given by the said Act to the Court of Judicature of *Prince of Wales Island*, Singapore, and Malacca shall and may be henceforth exercised by the Governor of the said Settlement and the said Recorders, or by any Two of them.

6 & 7 W. 4. c. 53. to apply to present Charter, which is confirmed.

IV. The Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of Kign William the Fourth, Chapter Fifty-three, for enabling His late Majesty, by Letters Patent, to grant Admiralty Jurisdiction to the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore, and Malacca, shall be construed to apply to the said Letters Patent or Charter of Her present Majesty, and such Charter is hereby in all respects ratified and confirmed.

As to Allowances to Judges of the Supreme Courts in India on Retirement.

V. 'And whereas Doubts have been entertained whether the ' Provisions of the Act of the Sixth George the Fourth, Chapter ' Eighty-five, respecting the Grant of Allowances to the Judges of the Superior Courts in India on Retirement, apply to Cases where the required Period of Residence as a Judge has been ' partly as a Judge of one and partly as a Judge of another of the ' said Supreme Courts:' Be it enacted, That for the Purpose of the said last-mentioned Provisions Residence in India as a Judge of any of the said Supreme Courts (though such Residence shall have been partly as a Judge of one of the said Supreme Courts and partly as a Judge of another of such Courts) shall be computed and reckoned as Residence as a Judge of the Supreme Court to which the Judge shall belong at the Time of his Retirement: Provided always, that in the Case of any Judge retiring from the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William whose Period of Residence in India as a Judge shall have been partly as a Judge of the Supreme Court at Madras or Bombay, it shall not be lawful to grant to such Judge any larger Allowance than might have been granted if he had been during his whole Period of Residence a Judge of the Supreme Court at Madras or Bombay, unless he shall have resided as a Judge of the Supreme Court at Fort William for Five Years at the least.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to impose increased Rates of Duty of Excise on Spirits distilled in the United Kingdom; to allow Malt, Sugar, and Molasses to be used Duty-free in the distilling of Spirits, in lieu of Allowances and Drawbacks on such Spirits, Sugar, and Molasses respectively; and to amend the Laws relating to the Duties of Excise.

[14th August 1855.]

Spiritual

'WHEREAS it is expedient to impose increased Rates of Duty of Excise on Spirits distilled in the United Kingdom, and to allow Malt, Sugar, and Molasses to be used Duty-free in the distilling of Spirits, in lieu of Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise now payable on such Spirits and Sugar and Molasses respectively: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords

Excise Duties.

Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. There shall be charged, collected, and paid, for the Use of On and after Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for and upon every October 1, Gallon of Spirits of the Strength of Hydrometer Proof which, on or after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, shall be distilled within the United Kingdom, or be in paid on Spirits the Stock, Custody, or Possession of any Distiller, or of any Person in trust for him, or for his Use, Benefit, or Account, or Great Britain which, having been distilled within the United Kingdom, shall on and Ireland. or after the said Day be in Warehouse, and be taken out of Warehouse for Consumption within the United Kingdom, the respective Rates and Duties following; that is to say, 🖈

1855, the following Duties of Excise to be distilled in

In Great Britain 0 8 0 0 In Ireland

and so in proportion for any greater or less Degree of Strength, or any greater or less Quantity, in lieu of all other Duties of Excise on such Spirits chargeable under any Act in force.

II. The said Dutics by this Act granted shall be under the Duties to be Management of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and shall under Managebe charged, collected, and paid in like Manner and by the same ment of Com-Ways and Methods by which other Duties of Excise on Spirits Inland Reveare or may be charged, collected, and paid; and all Powers, Pro-nue, and to be visions, Clauses, Regulations, and Directions, Forfeitures, Pains, collected under and Penalties, contained in or imposed or made by or under the Acts in force Authority of any Act relating to Duties of Excise, and in force at relating to the Time of the passing of this Act, shall respectively extend, so far as the same are applicable, to the said Duties by this Act granted, and shall be observed, applied, enforced, and put in execution for collecting and securing of the said last-mentioned Duties, and otherwise in relation thereto (except so far as the same are altered or superseded by the Provisions of this Act), as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been herein repeated and specially enacted, mutatis mutandis, with reference to the said Duties by this Act granted.

111. And there shall be allowed and paid to the Distiller or Allowances on Proprietor of all Spirits which, having been distilled within the Spirits in Dis-United Kingdom from Wort or Wash made before the First Day tiller's Stock or of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, shall on or in Warehouse. after the said last-mentioned Day be in the Stock of any Distiller or in Warehouse, the several Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise following; that is to say, for and upon every Gallon of such lastmentioned Spirits of the Strength of Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity, or any greater or less Degree of Strength, if such Spirits shall have been distilled from Malt only, under the Provisions and Regulations entitling the Distiller to the Allowance in that Behalf, the Allowance of Eightpence per Gallon; and if such Spirits shall have been distilled from any other Materials than Malt only, or otherwise than in conformity with such Provisions and Regulations, the Allowance of Twopence per Gallon.

Excise Duties.

Former Allowances on Malt and Sugar used in distilling to cease.

IV. On and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five all Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise granted by any former Act for or upon Spirits distilled in any Part of the United Kingdom, in respect of the Malt or other Materials used in making such Spirits, and for or upon Sugar and Molasses used in the Distillation of Spirits, shall respectively cease and determine, save and except as to Spirits distilled from Wort or Wash made before the said First Day of October.

V. And from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful

alt may be made and used free from Duty in distilling Spirits.

V. And from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any Distiller, or for any other Person who shall give such Security as herein-after required in that Behalf, such Distiller or other Person taking out a proper Licence as a Maltster, to make Malt, under the Provisions of this Act, in a Malthouse approved by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, for the sole Purpose of being consumed, on or after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, in the distilling of Spirits; and all Malt which shall be so made by a Distiller and consumed in his Distillery, and all Malt which shall be made by such other Person, and delivered into the Storeroom of a Distiller at his Distillery, shall respectively be free from the Duties of Excise chargeable on Malt: Provided always, that the Provisions, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures contained in the several Acts of Parliament and now in force in relation to Maltsters, or the making of Malt, shall (except so far as the same are repealed, altered, or superseded by the express Provisions of this Act,) be observed, applied, and enforced with respect to Distillers or other Persons making Malt, and to the making of Malt, under the Provisions and Regulations of this Act.

Special Entry to be made of Malthouse. VI. Every Malthouse to be used for the making of Malt under the Provisions of this Act shall be specially entered for that Purpose, and no such Entry shall be withdrawn whilst any Malt or any Corn or Grain making into Malt shall be in such Malthouse, or in any Storeroom belonging thereto.

Persons other than Distillers making Dutyfree Malt to give Security against Frauds.

or in any Storeroom belonging thereto. VII. Every Person, other than a Distiller, who shall intend to make Malt Duty-free, under the Provisions of this Act, shall enter into a Bond to Her Majesty, with Two or more sufficient Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and in such Sum as the said Commissioners shall think proper, conditioned to the Purport or Effect following; (that is to say,) that such Maltster shall duly make into Malt all Corn and Grain which shall be received into any such Malthouse as aforesaid belonging to him, and shall not sell any such Malt to any other Person than a Distiller, or take, send out, remove, or deliver from any such Malthouse as aforesaid any Malt, or Corn or Grain, except Malt duly removed to a Distillery under a Permit duly granted in that Behalf, and shall not convey away, hide, or conceal any Malt, or Corn or Grain, contrary to any of the Provisions of this Act or of any Act in force in relation to Maltsters or the making of Malt; and the Condition of such Bond shall also contain all such further Terms and Stipulations as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall deem to be necessary or proper for preventing Frauds in relation to the Malt to be made by such Maltster; and such Malt-

C. 94.

Excise Duties.

ster shall give a fresh Bond, with such Sureties as aforesaid, when and as often as he shall be required so to do by the said Commissioners, and in default thereof he shall not be entitled to make Malt Duty-free, under the Provisions of this Act.

VIII. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for any Maltster Malt may be to remove Malt from any such Malthouse for Exportation under removed for such Regulations as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall Exportation.

make in that Behalf.

IX. And from and after the Fifteenth Day of September One Distillers on thousand eight hundred and fifty-five every Distiller who shall giving Secarity have given Security by Bond to Her Majesty, with Sureties, to to have Duty-free Sugar and the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, in the Molasses deli-Manner and for the Purpose herein-after mentioned, shall be vered to them, entitled to remove, on such Terms and Conditions and in such to be used in Manner as the said last-mentioned Commissioners shall think fit, the distilling of Sugar and Molasses, without previously paying the Duties of Spirits. Customs or Excise thereon, from any Customs or Excise Warehouse in which the same may be deposited to the proper Storeroom at his Distillery provided for Sugar and Molasses, pursuant to the Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter One hundred, for the sole Purpose of being consumed, on or after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fiftyfive, in the distilling of Spirits in his Distillery; and all such Sugar and Molasses which shall be so consumed shall be free from the Duties of Customs or Excise: Provided always, that the Provisions, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures contained in the said last-mentioned Act in relation to Sugar and Molasses on which the Duties of Customs or Excise have been paid shall be observed, applied, and enforced respectively in relation to Sugar and Molasses to be removed as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, without the previous Payment of the said Duties.

X. Every Distiller who shall intend to use Sugar or Molasses Distiller to give Duty-free in the distilling of Spirits, under the Provisions of this Bond, with Act, shall enter into a Bond to Her Majesty, with Two or more sufficient Sureties to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the due Con-Customs or Excise, and in such Sum as the said last-mentioned Commissioners shall think proper, conditioned to the Purport or Duty-free Effect following; (that is to say,) that all Sugar and Molasses which shall be from Time to Time delivered to him from any Warehouse without Payment of the Duties of Customs or Excise Spirits. thereon shall be forthwith duly conveyed to and deposited in a Storeroom for Sugar and Molasses provided at his Distillery, pursuant to the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty's Reign, and that all such Sugar and Molasses shall from Time to Time, within the Space of One Calendar Month next after the Delivery thereof from any such Warehouse, be used and consumed by such Distiller solely in the distilling of Spirits in his Distillery; and the Condition of every such Bond shall also contain all such further Terms and Stipulations as the Commissioners of Customs or Excise shall deem to be necessary or proper for preventing Frauds in relation to the Use or Disposal of Sugar or

Sureties, conditioned to secure Sugar and Molasses in the. distilling of

Molasses

Excise Duties.

Molasses delivered Duty-free under the Provisions of this Act; and the Distiller shall give a fresh Bond, with such Sureties as aforesaid, when and as often as he shall be required so to do by the said last-mentioned Commissioners, and in default thereof he shall not be entitled to have Sugar or Molasses Duty-free under the Provisions of this Act.

Distiller and Maltster to make Entry of his Malthouse, and to provide a Kiln adapted for securing the Malt whilst drying.

XI. Every Distiller and Maltster respectively who shall make Malt to be consumed as aforesaid Duty-free shall make due Entry of every Malthouse in which he shall make such Malt as a Place to be used for that Purpose only, and shall provide therein a proper and secure Kiln, approved in Writing by the proper Collector and Supervisor of the District, and to be entered and used for the drying of such Malt, and for securing the same during the Process of drying, and until it shall be removed from such Kiln in the Manner herein directed; and such Kiln shall at all Times be kept locked up by the Officer, who shall not be required to unlock or open the same, except upon Notice in Writing to be given to him on behalf of the Distiller or Maltster, and for a reasonable and proper Object, to be specified in such Notice: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any such Distiller or Maltster to use such Kiln for the drying of Barley, under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue may make in that Behalf.

Distillers to make Entry of Kilns used for drying Barley, &c. XIL Provided always, That every Distiller who shall have or make use of any Kiln for the drying of Barley or other Corn or Grain, wheresoever such Kiln may be situated, and although the same may not be used for the drying of Malt, shall make Entry of such Kiln with the proper Officer of Excise as a Building or Place used by such Distiller in carrying on his Trade or Business, under the Penalty imposed by Law in that Behalf for any Neglect or Omission to make such Entry.

If Malthouse more than a Mile from Market Town, Distiller or Maltster to provide Lodgings for Officer.

XIII. If any such Malthouse as aforesaid shall be situated at a greater Distance than One Mile by the nearest Highway from a Market Town, the Distiller or Maltster shall provide (if required so to do by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue) a House or Lodgings or Rooms fit and proper for the Residence of the Officer having the Survey of such Malthouse, the same to be situated within the Distance aforesaid from such Malthouse, and to be approved by the said Commissioners, and at a reasonable Cost or Rent, not exceeding Ten Pounds a Year, to be paid by such Officer for the same: Provided always, that such House, Lodgings, or Rooms shall not form any Part of the Dwelling House, Residence, Distillery, or Malthouse of such Distiller or Maltster.

Secure Rooms to be provided for the Purposes herein expressed; viz., a Storeroom at Malthouse for Deposit of Malt on Removal from Kiln;

XIV. Every Distiller and every such Maltster as aforesaid shall also provide safe and secure Rooms, approved in Writing by the proper Collector and Supervisor of the District, and to be entered and used by such Distiller and Maltster respectively for the several Purposes herein-after expressed; (that is to say,) a Room at the Malthouse of such Distiller or Maltster to be entered and used as a Storeroom for depositing Malt therein immediately on the Removal thereof from the Kiln, and such Room shall be so situated with respect to such Kiln as that the Officer attending

the Removal of Malt from the Kiln shall be enabled at One View to see the same taken from the Kiln and carried directly into such Storeroom, or if the Situation of such Storeroom will not admit of such View, then the Communication between the Kiln and the Storeroom shall be by an enclosed and covered Passage having no other Communication, or otherwise the Removal of all such Malt from the Kiln to the Storeroom shall be ensured to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue by such Ways and Means as they shall require or approve of, to be adopted by or at the Expense of the Distiller or Maltster; and if such Storeroom shall a Storeroom at not be at the Distillery of the Person making such Malt, then Distillery for the Distiller shall also provide a Room at his Distillery, to be entered and used by him as a Storeroom for depositing Malt therein, Malthouse; on the Removal thereof from the Malthouse to the Distillery, previously to the grinding of such Malt; and every Distiller shall also Millroom also provide a Room at his Distillery, to be called the Millroom, and to be entered and used by him for the grinding of Malt therein; and all Malt to be used in the Distillery shall be ground by Metal Rollers only; and the Removal of such Malt to and from such Millroom, and the grinding thereof, and the depositing and securing of the same afterwards, shall be under and subject to such Rules and Regulations as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue may from Time to Time make in that Behalf; and all such Rooms Alisuch Rooms so to be provided as aforesaid shall be properly secured to the to be properly Satisfaction of the said Collector and Supervisor, and shall be at all Times kept locked by the proper Officer of Excise, and neither the Distiller nor Maltster nor their respective Servants or Workmen shall be admitted therein, except upon due Notice in Writing given to such Officer, in the Manner and for the Purposes directed

XV. Wherever any Kiln, Room, or Place is by this Act directed All Fastenings to be kept locked or secured by the Officer of Excise, all fit and (except Locks) proper Fastenings (except Locks) for the Purpose of enabling for Security of Kilns and other such Officer to affix Locks thereto, or otherwise to secure such Rooms pro-Kiln. Room, or Place, shall be provided and affixed, and renewed vided at Exfrom Time to Time, by the Distiller or Maltster, to the Satisfaction pense of the of the proper Collector and Supervisor for the Time being, or Distiller. otherwise such Collector or Supervisor shall provide and affix or renew such Fastenings, at the Expense of such Distiller or Maltster; and if any Distiller or Maltster shall neglect or refuse to Penalty for repay to such Collector or Supervisor the Cost or Expense incurred fusing to defray by him in providing, affixing, or renewing any such Fastening, such Expense, or for removing such Distiller or Maltster shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred or damaging Pounds; and if such Distiller or Maltster, or his Servant or Locks or Workman, shall wilfully destroy, damage, or injure any such Fastenings. Fastening as aforesaid, by whomsoever provided or affixed, or any Lock or Key belonging thereto, or shall by any Means open, take off, or remove any such Lock or Fastening, or make any Way or Entrance or improperly gain Access or Admittance into any such Kiln, Room, or Place, such Distiller or Maltster shall for every such Offence, whether committed by himself or his Servant or Workman,

forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds. 18 & 19 Vior.

Malt on Re-

at Distillery for grinding Malt.

XVL It

Commissioners may revoke Approval of Malthouse, Kiln, or Storerooms, and require Alterations or additional Fastenings.

XVL It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue at any Time to revoke the Approval of any Malthouse, Kiln, Storeroom, or Millroom, or the Mode of Communication between any Kiln and Storeroom provided under this Act, which may have been approved of either by the said Commissioners or by the Collector and Supervisor of Excise, or either of them, and to require the Distiller or Maltster to provide another proper and secure Malthouse, Kiln, or Room in lieu thereof, or to make any Alteration therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners; and in case of the Refusal or Neglect of the Distiller or Maltster to comply with any Requisition of the said Commissioners in that Behalf, all Malt of such Distiller or Maltster then being at his Malthouse or Distillery, and all Malt thereafter made by him. until he shall so comply, shall be charged with the proper Duty of Excise on Malt, and the Amount of such Duty shall be paid to the proper Collector immediately after the Charge thereof shall have been made.

Allowance on Cistern or Couch Gauges to be 17 per Cent.

XVII. In respect of all Corn or Grain in process of making into Malt in any such Malthouse as aforesaid, the Allowance to be made upon the Gauges thereof during the Time that the same shall be in the Cistern, or in the Couch Frame, whilst directed by Law to be deemed and gauged as in Couch, shall be at the Rate of Seventeen Bushels only for every One hundred Bushels of the whole Quantity of the Corn or Grain so found by such Gauge.

Distiller, &c. to give Notice to Officer to attend, when it is intended to load the Kiln.

XVIII. Every Distiller and Maltster who shall make Malt under the Provisions of this Act shall give Six Hours Notice in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise of the Day and the particular Hour when he shall intend to place any Grain upon the Kiln, and shall specify in such Notice the Floor of Corn or Grain, and the particular Portion thereof, whether the whole or the First or Second Portion, intended to be placed on the Kiln, and for this Purpose no Floor shall be divided into more than Two Portions; and the Officer shall attend pursuant to such Notice, and unlock the Door of the Kiln, and permit the loading thereof with Grain, conformably with such Notice: Provided always, that the loading of the Kiln shall not take place at any other Time than between the Hours of Five o'Clock in the Morning and Seven o'Clock in the Evening, and that such loading shall be completed within the Space of Two Hours from the Time specified in such Notice; and in default thereof the Door of the Kiln shall be again locked by the Officer.

Officer to admit the Workmen into the Kiln to stir the Grain from Time to Time, pursuant to Notice.

XIX. Immediately after the loading of the Kiln, the Officer shall again lock up and secure the same, but during the Time that any Grain shall be upon the Kiln the Officer shall attend and admit the Workmen into the Kiln, for the Purpose of turning or stirring such Grain, from Time to Time and at such Times as shall be specified in any Notice in Writing which may be given to him for that Purpose, on behalf of the Distiller or Maltster, Six Hours at the least before the Attendance of such Officer shall be required for the Purpose aforesaid: Provided always, that the Officer shall not be required to unlock the Kiln oftener than Four Times in any One Day, nor at any Time between the Hours of Nine o'Clock in the Evening and Five o'Clock in the Morning, or to allow

allow the Kiln to remain open or unlocked, for the Purpose aforesaid, for a greater Length of Time than Half an Hour on any One Occasion.

XX. Every such Distiller and Maltster respectively shall give Notice to be to the proper Officer Twelve Hours Notice in Writing of the Day, and particular Hour of the Day, not earlier than Five o'Clock in from the Kiln. the Morning nor later than Seven o'Clock in the Evening, when such Distiller or Maltster shall intend to remove the Malt from the Kiln; and the Officer shall attend according to such Notice, Malt to be meaand the Malt shall be forthwith measured in his Presence, and sured, and from the Quantity of Malt found according to such measuring a Deduction shall be made at the Rate of Five per Centum for Heat, Duty. Commings or Roots, and the unclean State of such Malt; and if the Quantity after such Deduction shall prove to be less than the Quantity which was given by the highest Gauge of the Grain whilst in the Process of making into Malt, deducting the proper Allowance in that Behalf, the Deficiency shall be charged with the Duty of Excise on Malt, and the Distiller or Maltster shall forthwith pay the Amount of such Duty to the proper Collector of Excise; and all the Malt upon the Kiln, after having been so measured, shall be removed therefrom, and carried, in the Presence of the Officer, directly into the Storeroom to be provided and entered by the Distiller or Maltster for that Purpose as aforesaid, and shall be locked up and secured therein by such Officer: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Distiller or Maltster, if he shall think fit, to screen such Malt on the Kiln before the same shall be measured, and if the same shall be so screened then no Deduction shall be made from the Quantity found by such measuring, and the Distiller or Maltster shall be charged with Duty in respect of so much only as the actual Quantity so found shall be deficient of the Quantity given by such highest Gauge as aforesaid.

XXI. When the Distiller or Maltster shall desire to remove any Removal of Malt from the Storeroom at his Malthouse to the Storeroom at a Malt from the Distillery, he shall give Twelve Hours Notice in Writing to the Storeroom at proper Officer of Excise of the Time when and the Rooms and the Malthouse Places to and from which he intends to remove such Malt, and the room at the Quantity thereof which he intends to remove; and such Officer Distillery. shall attend pursuant to such Notice at the Storeroom from which such Malt is to be removed, to unlock the Door thereof, and see measured or weighed out therefrom the Quantity of Malt expressed in such Notice; and such Officer may take Samples of the Malt to be removed, and shall grant a Permit for the Removal of such Malt from and to the several Storerooms expressed in such Notice; and there shall be expressed in such Permit the Time for which the same shall be in force, such Time being a reasonable and sufficient Time for such Removal, and also the Measure or Weight of such Malt; and if such Distiller or Maltster shall not duly remove all such Malt, and deposit the same, according to the Terms of such Permit, or shall remove the same or any Part thereof to any other Place than that expressed in such Permit as the Place to which such Malt is to be removed, or if the Weight of the Malt deposited

given for Re-moval of Malt

C. 94.

Deficiency charged with

in such last-mentioned Place shall differ by more than Two and a Half per Centum, or if the Measure thereof shall differ by more than Five per Centum, from the Weight or Measure of Malt expressed in such Permit, such Distiller or Maltster shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all such Malt shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and if any such Malt shall be found removing or removed without being or having been accompanied by a Permit duly granted, or accompanied by a Permit expired or out of Force, or which shall not agree with the Time or Manner of the Removal of such Malt, or in which the Weight or Measure of Malt authorized to be removed shall differ more than after the respective Rates aforesaid from the Weight or Measure of the Malt removing or removed under Colour thereof, all such Malt shall also be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

How Malt to be removed from Malthouse to Distillery.

Twelve Hours Notice to be given for Removal of Malt from Storeroom to Millroom.

Four Hours Notice for Removal of Malt to Mash Tun.

Distillers and Maltster to enter in Books Particulars of Malt received into and removed from their Storerooms.

XXII. All Malt intended to be removed from a Storeroom at the Malthouse to a Storeroom at the Distillery shall be contained in Sacks, and each Sack shall contain the exact Quantity of Four Bushels of Malt by Measure, or One hundred and sixty-eight Pounds by Weight, secured therein in such Manner as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue may direct.

XXIII. And when the Distiller shall desire to remove any Malt from the Storeroom at his Distillery to the Millroom, for the Purpose of being ground, he shall give Twelve Hours Notice in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise, specifying in such Notice the Quantity of Malt intended to be so removed; and the Officer shall attend in pursuance of such Notice, and see measured or weighed the Quantity of Malt specified in such Notice, and such Malt shall be forthwith conveyed, in the Presence of the Officer, into the Millroom, and be there locked up and secured by the Officer; and before the Removal of any Malt, after the grinding thereof, to the Mash Tun, the Distiller shall give to the proper Officer Four Hours previous Notice in Writing, specifying the Quantity thereof to be mashed, and the Officer shall attend accordingly and deliver out such Malt, and the same shall be forthwith mashed in his Presence.

XXIV. Books prepared with proper Columns for such Purposes as herein-after mentioned shall be delivered by the proper Officer of Excise to every Distiller and to every such Maltster, to be kept by them respectively at every such Storeroom as aforesaid, and whenever any Malt shall be received into or removed from any such Storeroom, the Distiller or Maltster shall enter in such Book as aforesaid, and in the proper Columns prepared for the Purpose, the Quantity of Malt, in Bushels, or in Pounds Weight, if the same shall be weighed, received into or removed from the Storeroom, and in the Case of Malt removed the Number of Sacks or the Weight of the Malt contained therein, if the same shall be weighed; and he shall also enter in such Book the particular Day and Hour of the Day when any such Malt was received into or removed from the Storeroom, and the particular Place from or to which the same was received or removed; and if any Distiller or any such Maltster as aforesaid shall not keep such Book

C. 94.

Excise Duties.

Book as aforesaid, or shall not write and truly make therein all such Entries as aforesaid, or shall make any false Entry therein, or cancel, obliterate, or destroy or alter any Entry therein, or shall not deliver up any such Book to any Officer of Excise demanding the same, or shall refuse to permit such Officer to make any Minute therein, or to take any Extract therefrom, or shall conceal or convey away the same, or destroy or tear out any Leaf therefrom, such Distiller or Maltster shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXV. From Time to Time, when and as often as the Officer of Malt remaining Excise shall deem it to be necessary or proper, and at least once in Storeroom to in every Year, the Stock of Malt remaining in any such Store- be measured, room as aforesaid shall be measured or weighed in the Presence of to be struck of the Officer, and a Balance shall be struck of the Account of Malt Account of received into and delivered out of such Storeroom; and if the Malt received Quantity of Malt then remaining in such Storeroom, according to and delivered; such measuring or weighing, shall be deficient by more than Three per Centum by Measure, or One per Centum by Weight, (computed as herein-after mentioned,) of the Quantity which, according to the Quantity; Balance of such Account, ought to be found therein, the Distiller or Maltster shall be charged with the Duty of Excise on Malt for the whole Quantity deficient; and if at any Time the whole of the Malt shall be removed from any such Storeroom, and upon striking such Balance there shall appear to be any such Deficiency exceeding the Rate aforesaid, the Distiller or Maltster shall also be charged with the said Duty on the whole of such Deficiency, and in every such Case as aforesaid the Distiller or Maltster shall forthwith pay the Amount of the Duty so charged upon him to the proper Collector of Excise; and if at any Time, upon striking such if an Excess, Balance as aforesaid, there shall be found in any such Storeroom the same to be a Quantity of Malt exceeding by more than Three per Centum the forfeited. Quantity which, according to the Balance of such Account, ought to be found therein, the whole Quantity of such Excess shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and on the striking of such Balance as aforesaid the said respective Rates per Centum shall be computed and allowed on the whole Quantity of Malt received into the Storeroom since the First Entry and Use thereof as such Storeroom, if there shall have been no previous Stock-taking, or on the whole Quantity received since the last Stock-taking, and also on the Quantity then remaining in such Storeroom, as the Case may be; and for the Purpose of charging the Duty on any such Deficiency as aforesaid, where the Stock Account of Malt in any such Storeroom shall be kept by Weight, Forty Pounds Weight of Malt shall be deemed to be equal to a Bushel of Malt, and the Duty of Excise chargeable on a Bushel of Malt shall be charged accordingly on every Forty Pounds Weight of the Quantity of Malt deficient.

XXVI. In all Cases where Malt in any Storeroom, or on the Malt to be either Removal thereof to or from any Storeroom, is by this Act directed measured or to be measured or weighed, it shall be lawful for the Commis- weighed, or sioners of Inland Revenue, by any Order or Regulation from Time both, as the to Time by them in that Behalf made, to determine and direct may order.

if a Deficiency, Duty to be charged on the

Commissioners

in

C. 94.

Excise Duties.

that such Malt shall be either measured or weighed, or both measured and weighed, and that any Account thereof shall be taken and kept either by Measure or Weight; as the said last-mentioned Commissioners shall think fit.

Distiller and Maltster to provide a correct Bushel Measure and Scales and Weights;

and assist Officer in measuring and weighing Malt.

XXVII. Every Distiller and every such Maltster as aforesaid shall provide and keep at his Malthouse and also at his Distillery, and in such proper and convenient Place therein respectively as the Supervisor of Excise shall approve, a correct Bushel Measure, and also just and true Sales and Weights, properly adapted for the weighing of Malt in Sacks, and shall permit any Officer of Excise to use such Measure and Scales and Weights for the Purpose of measuring, weighing, and taking an Account of all or any Malt in the Possession of such Distiller or Maltster; and every such Distiller and Maltster respectively, with his Servants and Workmen, shall, whenever thereto required by any Officer of Excise, measure and weigh, and aid and assist the Officer in measuring and weighing and taking Account of such Malt as aforesaid; and if any Distiller or any such Maltster as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to provide and keep such Bushel Measure, or to provide and keep such Scales and Weights, in such Place as aforesaid, or shall refuse to permit any Officer of Excise to use the same, or refuse or neglect, whenever thereto required as aforesaid, with his Servants or Workmen, to measure or weigh any such Malt, or to aid and assist the Officer in measuring or weighing and taking Account of the same as aforesaid, such Distiller or Maltster shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Measure which shall be provided or kept by such Distiller or Maltster at his Malthouse or Distillery as or for such Bushel Measure as aforesaid shall not be a true and correct Bushel Measure, or if any Scales or Weight which shall be so provided or kept as aforesaid shall be false or unjust or if any Distiller or Maltster shall use or cause or permit or suffer to be used any false, unjust, or insufficient Measure, Scales, or Weight in the measuring or weighing of any Malt by or on the Requisition of any Officer of Excise, or shall practise any Art, Device, or Contrivance by which any Officer may be hindered or prevented from taking the just and true Quantity, Measure, or Weight of any Malt, such Distiller or Maltster shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every such Offence; and all false, unjust, or insufficient Measures, Scales, and Weights respectively shall be forfeited, and may be seized and taken away by any Officer of Excise.

Distiller to deliver an Account of the Malt, Sugar, and Molasses used in every distilling Period, verified by Declaration.

XXVIII. Every Distiller shall at the End of every distilling Period deliver to the proper Officer an Account in Writing of the Number of Bushels of Malt, and the true Quantity of Sugar and Molasses, (specifying the same and the Quantities thereof respectively,) actually used in making the Wort or Wash distilled during such Period; and the Officer shall transmit such Account, together with a Return in Writing signed by him, to the Collector of Excise, specifying the Number of Bushels of Malt, and the Quantities of Sugar and Molasses respectively so used, and the Quantity of Proof Spirits with which such Distiller shall have been charged

in respect of such Wort or Wash; and the Distiller or the principal Manager of his Distillery shall make and subscribe a Declaration to the Truth of such Account in the Form or to the Effect following:

[A.B., Distiller [or principal Manager, as the Case may be,] of the Distillery at do solemnly declare.

That within the Brewing Period commencing on the ' Day of and ending on the Day both inclusive, there were actually mashed and used in the said Distillery, and consumed in the distilling of ' Spirits therein, the several Quantities of Malt and of Sugar and ' Molasses respectively herein-after specified, and no more; (that ' is to say,) Bushels of Malt, of Sugar, and Pounds of Molasses [or as the Case " may be]; and all this I declare to the best of my Knowledge

and Belief, and according to the best Information in my Power to obtain.'

And in default of such Declaration being made, or if any such Declaration shall be untrue, the Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXIX. Every Distiller or other Person who shall make Malt Distillers, &c. under the Provisions of this Act shall paint or place and fix in to designate Letters distinctly legible, Three Inches at the least in Height, and of a proper and proportionate Breadth, conspicuously upon the principal Gate, Door, or Entrance of his Malthouse, his Chris-Words on the tian and Surname, together with the Words "Entered to make principal Malt to be used in distilling Spirits only," and shall preserve and Entrance. keep the same so painted or placed and fixed, and shall repaint and renew the same as often as Occasion shall require, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for any Refusal or Penalty on Neglect to comply in any Particular with the several Directions Neglect. aforesaid in this Clause contained.

XXX. It shall not be lawful for any Distiller to sell any Malt, Distillers pro-Sugar, or Molasses, or to send out or deliver any Malt, Sugar, or hibited from Molasses from any Malthouse, Distillery, or other Premises belong- selling Malt, ing to him; and every Person who shall knowingly buy any Malt, Molasses. Sugar, or Molasses from a Distiller, or who shall take or receive any Malt, Sugar, or Molasses from a Distillery or any Malt from any Malthouse or Premises on the principal or outer Gate whereof the Words "Entered to make Malt to be used in distilling Spirits only" shall be painted, fixed, or placed, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Distiller shall sell any Malt, Penalty. Sugar, or Molasses, or take or send out or remove any Malt from his Malthouse (except Malt duly removed therefrom to his Distillery under a Permit granted in that Behalf), or take or send out or remove any Malt, Sugar, or Molasses from his Distillery, or if any Distiller shall not use all Corn or Grain received at his Malthouse by making the same into Malt, and consume all such Malt in his Distillery, or shall convey away, hide, or conceal any Malt, or Corn, or Grain, or any Sugar or Molasses, such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and

their Malthouses by

and all Malt, Sugar, and Molasses which shall be found in any Distillery or the Premises belonging thereto, otherwise than in the proper Storeroom or Millroom, or in the Mash Tun, or being duly removed to or from any such Places in the Manner directed or allowed by this Act, shall be deemed to be conveyed away, hidden, and concealed by the Distiller, and shall subject him to the said Penalty in that Behalf; and all Malt, Corn, and Grain, and all Sugar and Molasses, which shall be respectively sold, sent out, delivered, or received, or conveyed away, hidden, or concealed, contrary to any of the Provisions of this Act, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Commissioners may revoke the Licence of a Distiller or Maltster on a Second Conviction of certain specified Offences.

XXXI. And if any Distiller shall be convicted of any of the several Offences specified in the last preceding Clause of this Act, and shall afterwards be again convicted either of the like Offence or of any other of the said several Offences specified as aforesaid, or if after Judgment shall be obtained against any Maltster upon the Bond entered into by him under the Provisions of this Act, by reason of any Breach of the Condition thereof, he shall do any Act which shall be a Breach of the Condition of any such Bond subsequently entered into by him, and by reason thereof Judgment shall be obtained against him upon such last-mentioned Bond, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and they are hereby empowered, to revoke and annul the Licence granted to such Distiller or Maltster, as the Case may be, and to refuse to grant to him any further Licence, either as a Distiller or a Maltster, at any Time thereafter, and also to refuse to grant during the Space of One Year any such Licence to any other Person to exercise the like Trade or Business at the same Premises where the Act or Offence which shall be the Ground of such Second Conviction or Judgment as aforesaid was done or committed.

Persons found unlawfully removing Malt from a Distiller's Malthouse or a Distillery may be arrested and taken before a Justice, and summarily dealt with.

XXXII. And if any Person shall be found taking or removing Malt, or any Corn or Grain making into Malt, from any Malthouse or Premises on the principal or outer Gate whereof the Words "Entered to make Malt to be used in distilling Spirits only" shall be painted, fixed, or placed, unless in the Case of Malt the same shall be removed under and accompanied by a Permit granted under the Provisions of this Act, or if any Person shall be found taking or removing any Malt, Sugar, or Molasses, or any Wort or Wash, from any Distillery or the Premises thereto belong. ing, it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to arrest and detain such Person, and to convey him before a Justice of the Peace residing near the Place where such Arrest shall be made; and such Justice is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine, as soon afterwards as practicable, the Charge against the Person so arrested, and on the Confession of such Person, or on due Proof upon Oath of such Offence, to convict such Offender in the Penalty of One hundred Pounds; and the Person so convicted shall forthwith pay the said Penalty into the Hands of the said Officer, for the Order and Direction of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and in default thereof such Justice shall commit such Offender to any Gaol or Prison of the County, there to be kept to Hard Labour for any Period not exceeding Six Calendar Months

Months nor less than Two Calendar Months, unless such Penalty shall be sooner paid.

XXXIII. 'And whereas by the Twenty-eighth Section of the No Abatement ' Act passed in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her for Deficiencies

' Majesty's Reign, Chapter Thirty-seven, certain Rates of Allow- on Spirits de-

ance or Abatement are directed to be made in respect of the house less than Deficiencies which may occur in British Spirits warehoused Three Days.

' without Payment of Duty:' Be it enacted, That no such Allowance or Abatement shall be made on any Spirits which shall not be and remain deposited in a Warehouse for the Period of Three

Days or more.

XXXIV. 'And whereas it is expedient to allow compounded Rectifiers may 'Spirits to be sent out at other Degrees of Strength than are now send out com-' allowed by Law:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any pounded Spirits Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits to sell and send out compounded Spirits at any Degree of Strength at which British Strengths. Spirits may be sold and sent out by any Distiller, as well as at the Strength at which such Rectifier or Compounder may now sell and send out compounded Spirits under any Act in force.

XXXV. And for amending the Laws relating to the Duties of Malting Barley Excise on Malt, be it enacted, That all Barley making into Malt or other Corn in any Malthouse shall be kept in operation for the full Period of how long to be One hundred and sixty-eight Hours at the least from the Time of tion. the same being removed from the Cistern into the Couch Frame before the same or any Portion of it shall be placed on the Kiln; and all other Corn or Grain making into Malt shall be kept in operation for such Period of Time as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall order or direct in that Behalf; and if any Maltster shall place on the Kiln any Barley making into Malt which shall not have been kept in operation for the full Period directed by this Act, or any other Corn or Grain making into Malt which shall not have been kept in operation for such Period of Time as the said last-mentioned Commissioners shall order or direct in that Behalf, every such Maltster so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXXVI. And for preventing Fraud and Evasion of the Duty Brewer not to of Excise on Malt by the Use of raw or unmalted Corn or Grain have raw or unin the brewing of Beer for Sale, be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Brewer of Beer for Sale to have in his Brewery, or in any Premises belonging or adjacent thereto, whether the same shall be entered by him or not, any raw or unmalted Corn or Grain whatsoever, either whole or unground, or ground or bruised, except Corn or Grain, not ground or bruised, being in Premises entered by such Brewer for the Purpose of making Malt; and all raw or unmalted Corn or Grain which shall be found in such Brewery or other Premises (except as aforesaid), and also all malted Corn or Grain, whether whole or unground, or ground or bruised, with which such raw or unmalted Corn or Grain may be mixed, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, together with all Sacks, Casks, Vessels, or Packages in which such raw or unmalted Corn or Grain may be contained, and the Brewer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided

malted Grain in his Brewery or in Premises adjacent.

Downing Street Public Offices Extension.

Provided always, that no such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be incurred in respect of any Oats or Beans bona fide intended to be used and consumed as Food for Horses, such Oats or Beans being in Premises of which such Brewer shall specially make Entry as Places for the Deposit of Horse Corn, and which shall be so far distinct from his entered Brewery Premises as not to have any internal Communication to or with the same.

Malt used by Brewers to be ground by Metal Rollers only.

XXXVII. No Brewer of Beer for Sale shall have or use, for the Purpose of grinding, crushing, or bruising Malt, any Millstones, or any Mill constructed otherwise than with Metal Rollers only, such Rollers not being fluted but having plain and smooth Surfaces; and no Malt which shall be ground by any Means, or crushed or bruised otherwise than by means of such Metal Rollers as aforesaid, shall be used by or be received into the Possession of any such Brewer; and if any such Brewer shall commit any Offence contrary to any of the Prohibitions contained in this Clause he shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all Malt which shall be found in the Possession of any such Brewer ground, crushed, or bruised in any Manner contrary to any such Prohibition shall also be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

C A P. XCV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings to provide additional Offices for the Public Service in or near Downing Street, Westminster.

[14th August 1855.]

7 G. 4. c. 77.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Ma-' jesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to extend to Charing Cross, the Strand, and Places adjacent the Powers of an ' Act for making a more convenient Communication from Maryle-' bone Park, and to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's ' Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues to grant Leases of the Site of Carlton Palace, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, ' Forests, and Land Revenues were empowered to purchase certain ' Houses, Tenements, and Hereditaments situate in the Parish of ' Saint Margaret within the Liberty of Westminster in the County ' of Middlesex; and the said Commissioners, in pursuance of the ' Powers so vested in them, purchased several Houses and Tenements on the South Side of Downing Street and North Side of Fludyer Street in the said Parish and County, and thereupon the ' same became vested in the Crown as Part of the Land Revenue, ' and such Houses and Tenements have been since taken down, ' and the Materials thereof removed, and the Sites thereof are now 'vacant: And whereas, with the view to provide further and ' better Accommodation for carrying on the Public Service of Her Majesty, it is necessary and expedient that the Sites of the said Houses and Tenements so purchased as aforesaid, and the further and additional Site herein-after mentioned, should be ' appropriated by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and ' Public Buildings for the Erection thereon by them of Offices and ' Buildings

Buildings for the Public Service: And whereas a Map or Plan showing the Area proposed to be appropriated and used as a Site for the said new Offices and Buildings for the Public Service was made, for the Purpose of being deposited at the Office of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and on such Map or Plan the Site originally intended to be appropriated and used for such Offices and Buildings is coloured Red, Brown, and Yellow: And whereas it has been determined to extend and enlarge the Area for the Site of such new Offices and Buildings as aforesaid, and for that Purpose to take and use, in addition to the said Ground and Buildings shown by the Colours Red, Brown, and Yellow on the said Map or Plan, certain other Ground and Buildings adjoining thereto, all of which said additional Ground and Buildings belong to Her Majesty. and form Part of the Hereditary Land Revenues of the Crown, and are shown by the Colour Blue on the said Map or Plan: And whereas, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-seven, intituled An Act 3 & 4 Vict. to enable Her Majesty's Commissioners of Woods, Forests, Land c. 87. Revenues, Works, and Buildings to make additional Thoroughfares in the Metropolis, and of another Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Forty-two, intituled An Act to make better Provision for the Management of the 14 & 15 Vict. Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues of the Crown, and for the c. 42. ' Direction of Public Works and Buildings, certain Ground and Hereditaments situate and being in the Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields and Saint George Bloomsbury in the County of Middlesex were purchased and acquired by the Commissioners named in the said first-mentioned Act, and by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, for the Purposes of such Act, and such Ground, with the Messuages and other Buildings lately erected and built thereon, are now vested in the said last-mentioned Commissioners, in trust for the Consolidated ' Fund of Great Britain and Ireland, and the said Ground, Messuages, and other Buildings are described and set forth in the First Schedule hereto: And whereas the Ground and Hereditaments belonging to Her Majesty, and forming Part of the Hereditary Land Revenues of the Crown, which will be required for the Purposes of such new Offices and Buildings for the Public Service, are described and set forth in the Second Schedule hereto, and are coloured Red and Blue on the before-mentioned Map or Plan: And whereas for the accomplishing the Purposes aforesaid it is intended that the Hereditaments described and set forth in the First Schedule hereto, and now vested in and ' belonging to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, in trust as aforesaid, should be vested in Her ' Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, as Part of the Hereditary Land Revenues of the Crown, in exchange for the Hereditaments ' belonging to Her Majesty, and described and set forth in the ' Second Schedule hereto, to be vested in the Commissioners of ' Her

' Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, in trust for the Pur-'poses of this Act: And whereas the Hereditaments described in

the said First and Second Schedules respectively have been valued as herein-after mentioned, and it is intended that the

Difference in Value shall be paid as herein-after is provided: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Authority of the same, as follows:

Commissioners incorporated for the Purposes of the Act.

I. The Persons who for the Time being, under the Provisions of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament Fourteenth and Fifteenth Victoria, Chapter Forty-two, shall be Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, shall for the Purposes of this Act be and are hereby constituted a Corporation by the Name and Style of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession, and use a Common Seal, to be by them from Time to Time altered as they think fit.

Hereditaments in the Second Schedule (subject to Leases, &c.) vested in the Commissioners of Works.

II. From and after the passing of this Act, the said Hereditaments mentioned and comprised in the Second Schedule to this Act, with their and every of their Rights, Members, and Appurtenances, and the Freehold and Inheritance of the same in Fee Simple, shall (subject to the Leases or Agreements for Leases in the said Second Schedule to this Act mentioned or referred to) be and the same are by this Act vested in the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings so hereby incorporated as aforesaid, their Successors and Assigns, for ever, who shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seisin and Possession thereof, subject to the Leases or Agreements for Leases mentioned in the said Second Schedule, and with the same Power of Recovery of the Rents and compelling the Performance of the Covenants in the said Leases or Agreements respectively reserved or contained, and on the Part of the Tenants to be paid and performed, as were possessed by Her Majesty immediately before the passing of this Act, but freed and discharged and absolutely exonerated of and from all former and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Uses, Trusts, Intents, and Purposes, Interests, Claims, and Demands heretofore created, limited, or declared of or affecting the same, in trust nevertheless for the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that all Rents in arrear at the passing of this Act, or which shall accrue due in respect of the Hereditaments comprised in the said Second Schedule to this Act, up to the first quarterly or half-yearly Day of Payment of such Rents which shall first happen after the passing of this Act, shall be received by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, but shall be payable and paid by them to the Commissioners for the Time being of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues.

III. From and after the passing of this Act, the Hereditaments mentioned and comprised in the First Schedule to this Act, with their and every of their Rights, Members, and Appurtenances and the Freehold and Inheritance of the same in Fee Simple, shall (subject

Hereditaments in the First Schedule (subject to Leases, &c.) vested in the Crown.

(subject to the Leases or Agreements for Leases in the said First Schedule to this Act mentioned or referred to) be and the same are by this Act vested in the Queen's most Excellent Majesty. Her Heirs and Successors for ever, as Part and Parcel of the Hereditary Revenues of the Crown within the Order and Survey of the Court of Exchequer, who shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seisin and Possession thereof, subject to the Leases or Agreements for Leases mentioned in the said First Schedule, and with the same Power of Recovery of the Rents and compelling the Performance of the Covenants in the said Leases or Agreements respectively reserved or contained, and on the Part of the Tenants to be paid and performed, as were possessed by the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings immediately before the passing of this Act, but freed and discharged and absolutely exonerated from all other Estates, Rights, Titles, Uses, Trusts, Intents, and Purposes, Interests, Claims, and Demands heretofore created, limited, or declared of or affecting the same: Provided always, that all Rents in arrear at the passing of this Act, or which shall accrue due in respect of the Hereditaments comprised in the said First Schedule to this Act, up to the first quarterly or half-yearly Day of Payment of such Rents which shall first happen after the passing of this Act, shall be received by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues on behalf of Her Majesty, but shall be payable and paid by them to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, in trust for the Consolidated Fund.

IV. And whereas it was referred to John Clutton of Number Commissioners ' Eight, Whitehall Place, in the City of Westminster, Surveyor, on the Part of Her Majesty, and James Pennethorne of Whitehall pay to Commis-' Yard in the said City, Surveyor, on the Part of the Commis- Woods 2,600l, ' sioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, to value being the Difthe Hercditaments respectively comprised in the First and Second ference between 'Schedules to this Act; and the said John Clutton and James ' Pennethorne not having agreed touching the Value of such 'Hereditaments respectively, such Value has been ascertained and determined by Daniel Norton of Old Broad Street in the 'City of London, Surveyor, as the Umpire appointed by them; and in the Fourth Schedule to this Act is contained a Copy of the Award of the said Daniel Norton concerning the Premises ' aforesaid, whereby it appears that the Value of the Heredita-' ments comprised in the said First Schedule to this Act has been ascertained by the said Daniel Norton to be One hundred and ' twenty thousand six hundred Pounds, and that the Value of the Hereditaments comprised in the said Second Schedule to this Act has been ascertained to be One hundred and twenty-three ' thousand two hundred Pounds, and the said Sum of One hun-' dred and twenty thousand six hundred Pounds being deducted from the said Sum of One hundred and twenty-three thousand ' two hundred Pounds, there remains a Balance of Two thousand ' six hundred Pounds:' Be it therefore enacted, That the said Sum of Two thousand six hundred Pounds shall, within Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, be paid by the Commis-

of Works to sioners of Valuations of Property comprised in Schedules 1. and 2.

IX. For

Downing Street Public Offices Extension.

Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings out of any Monies which may be put at their Disposal for the Purposes of this Act to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, to be by them applied to the same Purposes as Monies arising from the Sale of Estates belonging to the Crown are by an Act of the Tenth Year of George the Fourth, Chapter Fifty, directed to be applied.

CertainGround. &c. to vest in Commissioners.

V. The Piece of Ground and Buildings in the said Plan coloured Yellow (being Hereditaments which were purchased out of Monies from the Consolidated Fund or otherwise for the Public Service) shall from and after the passing of this Act be vested in the said Commissioners so hereby incorporated as aforesaid, their Successors and Assigns, for the Purposes of this Act.

Commissioners of Works to carry this Act into execution.

VI. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, out of any Monies which may be appropriated by Parliament, and put at their Disposal for that Purpose, to purchase, as after provided or referred to, the Hereditaments in the Parish of Saint Margaret Westminster in the County of Middlesex mentioned and described in the Third Schedule to this Act, or such Part or Parts of the said Hereditaments not by this Act vested in the said Commissioners, and to pull down and remove the Buildings thereon when so purchased, and to appropriate the Sites of the said Buildings, and all the Ground and Buildings mentioned and described in the Second and Third Schedules to this Act, whether now used as Streets, Yards, or vacant Ground, or otherwise, as a Site for the Erection thereon of Offices and Buildings for the Public Service, and the necessary Accesses and Approaches to such Offices and Buildings, and to carry the Purposes of this Act into execution in manner herein mentioned.

The new Buildto be erected out of Monies to be appropriated by Parliament.

VII. The Buildings and Offices so to be erected as aforesaid ings and Offices shall be erected out of such Monies as may from Time to Time be appropriated by Parliament, and placed at the Disposal of the said Commissioners for that Purpose, and as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall from Time to Time direct; and all Hereditaments so to be purchased, and the Hereditaments so by this Act vested in the said Commissioners, shall be vested in them for the Public Service, and shall be subject to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Twentyeight, and in all respects as if the same had been acquired under the Provisions of that Act.

Plan to be deposited in the Office of Works, &c., and be open for Inspection.

VIII. The said Map or Plan, describing the Houses, Tenements, and Hereditaments on the Site or Sites of which the new Offices and Buildings for the Public Service are proposed to be erected and built, shall, when signed by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, be deposited at the Office of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and the Map or Plan so deposited shall remain at the said Office, to the end that all Persons may at all seasonable Times have Liberty to inspect and peruse the same, at their Will and Pleasure, paying the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection.

IX. For the Purposes of this Act, the following Sections of the Certain Sec-Eighty-seventh Chapter of the Statutes made in the Session of tions of 3 & 4 Parliament held in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, being An Act to enable Her Majesty's Commissioners of Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings to make additional Thoroughfares in the Metropolis, namely, Sections Eleven to Twenty-six, both inclusive, Sections Twenty-eight to Fifty-seven, both inclusive, and Sections Sixtysix to Seventy-five, both inclusive, shall be deemed to be herein repeated, with the Alterations necessary to make the same applicable to the Purposes of this Act, and to the Commissioners hereby incorporated, instead of the Commissioners by that Act incorporated, and so as to enable the Commissioners hereby incorporated to carry into effect the Purposes of this Act; and all Provisions in the said Act referring to or affecting any particular Commissioners of Sewers, or Persons or Bodies having the Control of any Sewers, shall be held to apply to the Commissioners or Body or Person or Persons having the Control or Management of the Sewers to which such Provisions became applicable.

X. If the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Period for Buildings shall not within the Space of Five Years, to be com- Commissioners puted from the passing of this Act, purchase or take the Tenements, Ground, and Hereditaments, or Parts thereof respectively, limited. which they are empowered by this Act to purchase, take, and use, in pursuance of the Provisions hereby referred to, then and from thenceforth the compulsory Powers hereby granted to them

for such Purpose shall cease.

XI. With respect to any Purchase Monies payable into the Application Bank of England under the Provisions of this Act, the same shall of Purchase be paid to the Account of the Accountant-General of the Court Monies. of Chancery pursuant to the Method prescribed by an Act of the Twelfth Year of King George the First, intituled An Act for 12 G. 1. c. 32. better securing the Monies and Effects of the Suitors of the Court of Chancery, and to prevent the counterfeiting of East India Bonds and Indorsements thereon, and likewise Indorsements on South Sea Bonds, and pursuant to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, and without Fee or Reward, according to the Act of the Twelfth Year of King George the Second, intituled An Act to 12 G. 2. c. 24. empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out on proper Securities any Monies, not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the common and general Cash in the Bank of England belonging to the Suitors of the said Court, for the Use of the said Suitors, by applying the Interest arising therefrom for answering the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the said Court, in like Manner as Monies are by the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty directed to be paid to the Account of the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer; and such Monies shall be applied under the Direction of the Court of Chancery in like Manner as Monies are by the said Act directed to be applied under the Directions of the Court of Exchequer, with such Powers to the Court of Chancery with regard to Costs

incorporated with this Act.

purchasing Houses, &c.

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Downing Street Public Offices Extension.

as by the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-seven, were vested in the Court of Exchequer.

Monies payable to the Commissioners of Works, &c. to be paid over to the Paymaster General.

XII. All Monies payable to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, under the Provisions of this Act, from the Sale of any Materials or otherwise, shall be paid to Her Majesty's Paymaster General or the Deputy Paymaster General for the Time being, or other Officer acting for the Paymaster General, whose Receipt, unstamped, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same to the Persons paying the same, and such Monies so paid as aforesaid shall from Time to Time be by such Paymaster General paid over and applied as the Commissioners shall by any Order direct, and in the meantime shall be applied or invested in the Purchase of Exchequer Bills, if the said Commissioners shall so direct.

Contracts made by First Commissioner of Works to be valid. XIII. All Contracts in Writing made by the First Commissioner of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, in the Execution of any of the Powers by this Act given to the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, incorporated as aforesaid, shall be valid, and shall be binding on the said Commissioners as if the same had been under their Corporate Seal.

Deeds to be enrolled in the Court of Exchequer.

XIV. Every Conveyance, Assignment, or other Deed or Instrument whereby any of the Hereditaments by this Act authorized to be purchased shall be conveyed or assigned to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, for the Purposes of this Act, shall be enrolled amongst the Records of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and entered in the Books of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and every such Conveyance, Assignment, or other Decd or Instrument, when so enrolled, shall, without any other Enrolment or Acknowledgment thereof, and without any Registry thereof, be as good and available in Law, and of the like Force and Effect in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same or a Memorial thereof had been registered in the Office appointed for registering Deeds and other Conveyances of Lands and Tenements in the County of Middlesex, any Act of Parliament, Law, Practice, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Short Title.

XV. It shall be sufficient for all Purposes to cite this Act as "The *Downing Street*. Public Offices Extension Act, 1855."

		Da	wnin	a St	reet .	Publ	ic O	ffices	Extens	ion.
	Term granted. Expiration of Lease.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	<u>y ~-</u>	Lady-day 1925.			Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925.
ton.	Term granted.	80 Years	80 Years		80 Years	80 Years	1	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years 80 Years 80 Years 80 Years 80 Years
foregoing Act. Award of Daniel Nor	Date of Lease.	14th October 1854 -	Agreement dated 14th April 1845.	Lease not yet granted.		~~	1	22d January 1846 -	11th December 1845	22d December 1845 20th December 1845 19th December 1845 18th December 1845 17th December 1845 28th July 1846
d to by the	Annual Rent	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	35 0 0 32 0 0	35 0 0 24 10 0	205 0 0 including	Nos. 449 & 450 55 10 0	See Nos. 446 & 447 above.	0 0 62	10 0 0	2000 000 000 000 000 000 000
SCHEDULES referred to by the foregoing Act. SCHEDULE No. 1., also referred to by the Award of Daniel Norton.	Premises.	A Messuage on the South Side No.	Ditto - 442	1 1	446	Ditto 447	Ditto 449	y behind Houses on uth Side of Oxford	Street A Messuage on the South Side of Oxford Street	(Corner of the new Street leading to St. Giles's Church). Ditto, 2d Eastfrom ditto 452 Ditto, 3d ditto - 453 Ditto, 4th ditto - 454 Ditto, 6th ditto - 455 Ditto, 6th ditto - 455 Ditto, 7th ditto - 455
	Name of Lessee.	Sir Henry Meux and	John Hill	Idem -	George Healey -	Idem George Plum	George Healey	John Todd Merrick -	Charles Pitt Barclay	John Todd Merrick - Idem Idem Idem Idem Idem

of Oxford Street.

Ditto -

Saml. Rowe Brooking

Idem

George Street.)

Idem

Premises.

Name of Lessee.

Ditto, 11th Ditto, 13th

Ditto, 10th Ditto, 12th

Idem Idem

Idem

Idem Idem

Idem

John Todd Merrick -

Public House)

Sir Henry Meux & Co.

Fanny Ann Bell

Joseph and William

bury Street

ditto

Street .

Joseph and William

Bennett.

1	A. D.1	1855			18	30	&	19°	V	ICI	'O I	RLA	E.				C	. 95	5.		3	87
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•	Christmas 1926.	Christman 1096	Citionina 1960	Michaelmas 1926.	Michaelmaa 1926.	Michaelmas 1926.	Michaelmas 1926.	Michaelmas 1926.		Michaelmas 1926.		Lady-day 1905.	•	Lady-day 1925.		Lady-day 1920.	Lady-day 1925.		Lady-day 1926.		Lady-day 1926.	
	80 Years	80 Years		80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years		80 Years		60 Years		80 Years	A	OO I CALE	80 Years		80 Years		80 Years	
•	28th December 1847	94th December 1847		22d November 1849	27th November 1849	26th November 1849	23d November 1849	24th November 1849		22d November 1849		21st October 1845 -		16th April 1846 -		letn April 1940 -	17th April 1846 -		27th January 1847 -		8th August 1850 -	
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	Ditto, 1st House West-	Ditto, Corner House of	Thorney Street	Messuage on the South Side of Oxford Street -	Ditto, 2d East from ditto	Ditto, 3d ditto -	Ditto, 4th ditto -	Ditto, Corner of the	Street	A Messuage at the Corner or Fast Side of Museum Street	and IIyde Street Bloomsbury	A Messuage on the North Side of Holborn (Compasses > 146	Public House)	A Messuage on the South Side of Oxford Street, 3d West	from Holborn - Ditto West-	ward from Holborn -	Ditto, Corner of Holborn	Ditto, North Side of Ox-	ford Street (North- west Corner of Bury	Place)	Ditto, 2d West from 496 ditto	
	,	•		per	•	•	•	•		1		•		1	•		•	•			•	
	Idem -	Idem	; ;	Hugh Welch Cooper	Idem -	Idem -	Idem -	Idem -		Idem -		Thomas Probyn		Robert Cox -	Idem		Idem	John Swaine -		!	Richard Hodge	

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388	C. 95.		18°	& 19°	VICTO	RIÆ.	A.D.1855.
	D	Downing S	treet P	ublic (Offices E	xtension.	
Expiration of Lease.	Lady-day 1926. Lady-day 1926. Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925. Tady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925. Lady-day 1925.
Term granted.	80 Years 764 Years 80 Years	80 Years	80 Years 80 Years	80 Years	80 Years 80 Years	80 Years 80 Years 80 Years 80 Years 80 Years	80 Years
Date of Lease.	11th November 1848 28th July 1849 - 14th April 1852 -		10th December 1849 24th February 1846	23d February 1846 -	16th June 1846 - 15th June 1846 -	13th June 1846 - 12th June 1846 - 11th June 1846 - 10th June 1846 - 9th June 1846 - 9th June 1846 - 10th Jun	6th June 1846 17th June 1846
Annual Rent.	87 12 6 79 12 0 10 0	106 0 0	105 0 0 80 0 0	0	55 0 0 49 19 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	45 0 0
Premises.	No. 497 498 504		506	208	ner of Oxford Street >516 and Duke Street - Ditto, 9th Eastward from Bloomsbury St. 517	ditto - 518 h ditto - 520 h ditto - 521 ditto - 521	
Name of Lessee.	Richard Hodge Idem Kensington, Lewis	Idem	Idem - Saml. Rowe Brooking	Idem - Joseph and William	Bennett. Idem	Idem Idem	Idem Idem

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			1	Down	nin	g	St	ree	t .	Pu	bli	ic	Oj	ffice	28 .	E:	rte	ensid	m.						
Christmas 1925.	Michaelmas 1928.	Michaelmas 1928.	Michaelmas 1928.	Michaelmas 1928.		Michaelmas 1928.	Michaelmas 1928.		Michaelmas 1928.		Michaelmas 1928.	Michaelmas 1928.		Michaelmas 1928.				Michaelmas 1928.		Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.	Lady-day 1925.
80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years		80 Years	80 Years	,	80 Years	i	80 Years	80 Years		80 Years				80 Years		80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years
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29th June 1848	81st October 1849	17th August 1849	9th August 1850	10th August 1850	9	12th August 1850	17th August 1849	1	13th December 1849		12th December 1849	11th December 1849		1st March 1851				2d November 1854		24th April 1846	25th April 1846	24th April 1846	23d April 1846	22d April 1846	22d April 1846
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	534	535	536	5837	3	538	539		√540		541	542		1				>544		545	546	547	548	549	550
Ditto, Corner of the West Side of George Street	George Street	Ditto, 3d ditto -	Ditto, 4th ditto -	the North	Street -	Ditto, 6th ditto -		A Messuage on the North		West of George Street -		Ditto, 10th ditto -	Several Messuages forming	the Arcade behind Nos. 534	to 540 on the North Side	or Oxiora Sure	A Messuage on the North	Side of Oxford Street, 7th East of Bainbridge		Ditto, 6th ditto -					•
William Kitchen	- WOILING TOTAL	George Dodd -	Idem -	Idem -		Idem -	Idem	John Todd Merrick -		i	Idem	Idem -	Idem -				William and George	Law.		Robert Archbutt -	Idem -	Thomas Archbutt -	Idem	Idem	Samuel Archbutt -

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			1	Down	in	g	Stre	et .	Pu	bli	c	Of	ice	s E	xi	ex	sic	m.							_
	Term granted. Expiration of Lease.			Christmas 1926.		Michaelmas 1888.	Lady-day 1927.		•	Lady-day 1876.		Lady-day 1866.	•	Lady-day 1933.	•		Lada don 1099	Lany-usy 1900.		Lady-day 1933.	Lady-day 1938.	Ladv-day 1933.	Lady-day 1933.	Lady-day 1983.	
	Term granted.			80 Years		40 Years	80 Years		ļ	21 Years		14 Years		80 Years			O Voses	GIRBIT OO	•	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Years	80 Tears	
	Date of Lease.			31st December 1847		9th March 1850 -	31st July 1848 -			30th August 1848 -		25th April 1853 -		3d July 1854 -				toor fine no		18th August 1854 -	18th August 1854 -	18th August 1854 -	18th August 1854 -	18th August 1864 -	
	Annual Rent.	£ 8. d.		20 0 0	-	0 0 99	200 0 0		,	0 0 04		28 0 0	-	0 0 08				>		15 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	
	Premises.	No.	A Messuage on the East)	Side of Bloomsbury Street, 2d South from Oxford	Street	Ditto, 3d from ditto	A Chapel and Schoolhouse on the West Side of \(\) - 2	ry Street -	Street,	Bloomsbury, the Bull's > 26		High }	A Tribundant	High Holborn and Broad >	Street -	A Messuage on the West			ward from Broad Street -	Ditto, 3d ditto	Ditto, 4th ditto -		ith ith	Ditto, 7th ditto	
	Name of Lessee.		Joseph and William	Bennett.		William Acocks -	Samuel Morton Peto		Mary Ann Wright -			Thomas Arthur Ed-	V 64 U.S.	William Chersee		Idem				Idem	Idem -	Idem	Idem	Herbert Sturmey -	

C.95.

Downing Street Public Offices Extension.

SCHEDULE No. 2., also referred to by the Award of Daniel Norton. Downing Street.

Tenant.	Situation.	Tenure.	Amount	of R	ent.
			£	s,	d.
Secretary of State for Colonial Af- fairs.	Two Messuages in Downing Square.	Yearly Tenancy at 201. per Annum, less Land Tax 41.	16	0	0
Secretary of State for Foreign Af- fairs.	Three Messuages in Downing Streetand Downing Square, and Two Messuages No. 5 and 6 Fludyer Street.	Yearly Tenancy at 1,400l. per Annum.	1,400	0	0
Henry Doughty -	A Messuage in Crown Street.	Lease for Fifty-six Years and a Half from 5th April 1809 at 32l. 3s. 6d.	32	3	6
William Ross -	Ditto	Ditto	37	12	0
Catherine Barnes	Ditto	Lease for Sixty- one Years from 10th October 1812.	37	2	U
Chancellor of the Exchequer.	Two Messuages in Downing Square.			-	
First Lord of the Treasury.	Ditto.		_	•	
The Lords of the Treasury.	Part of the Yard of the Treasury Chambers.		-	•	
-	Vacant Ground, Downing Street.	_	_	• .	
	Vacant Ground be- tween Crown Street and the South Parade.		_	-	•
-	The Site of Part of the Passage lead- ing from Downing Street to St. James's Park.		_	•	
	The Site of Downing Street and Down- ing Square.	-			

SCHEDULE No. 3.

The Parish of SAINT MARGARET in the City and Liberty of Westminster in the County of Middlesex.

No. in Street	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
10 1		int James's Park,		I E
18	Dwelling House and Yard.	Sir Samuel Flud- yer, Bart.	Edward Erskine Tustin.	Empty.
		Fludyer Str	reet.	
8	Dwelling House and Yard.		Edward Ers-	Edward Ers- kine Tustin.
10	Dwelling House and Yard.		kine Tustin.	Empty.
11	Dwelling House and Yard.		David Eaton -	David Eaton.
12	Dwelling House and Yard.		Henry Morrison	Henry Morrison.
13	Dwelling House and Yard.		. -	Jessie Beet- son, Peter Thompson.
14	Dwelling House and Yard.		James Jackson -	Alexander Dalgleish.
15	Dwelling House and Yard.	g:- g		Ann Law.
16	Dwelling House and Yard.	Sir Samuel Fludyer, Bt.	Thomas Jones, Margaret Jones.	Margaret Jones.
17]	Dwelling House and Yard.		William Bowley	James Dodds.
17			Hugh Hope -	John Borth- wick Greig, Charles Sanderson, Hugh Hope.
18	Dwelling House and Yard.		Thomas Knox Holmes, James Anton, Wal- ter Turnbull.	Thomas Knox Holmes, James Anton, Walter Turnbull.
19	Dwelling House and Yard.	} . [Hugh Hope, Charles War- ing.	Charles War- ing.

A.D	7.1855. 18° 8	E 19° VICTORIA	Æ. C.S	95. 398
	Doron	ing Street Public	-	
No. in Street		Owners or reputed Owners.	Les sees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
20	Dwelling House and Yard.	h· r	William Waine- wright.	William Waine-
21	Dwelling House and Yard.	Sir Samuel Fludyer, B:.	John Richard- son, William Adam Lock, Dougald Mac- laurin.	wright. John Richard- son, Wil- liam Adam Lock, Dou- gald Mac- laurin.
22	Dwelling House			Alexander
23	and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard.		Thomas Deans -	Gordon. Thomas Deans.
	Public Street -	The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the Chartered Gas Company, the London Gas Company.		The Public.
	Public Street.	King Street Street Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the Chartered Gas Company, the London Gas Company.		The Public.

22.5	C. 95.	10 & 18	VICIOI011111	A.D.1000.
	Doron	ing Street Public	Offices Extension.	
No.in Street	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
6	Dwelling House, Shop, and Back Prem- ises.		James Elyard, Edward Hoey.	Edward Hoey.
7	Dwelling House, Shop, back Premises, and	The Dean and	Thomas Denley	Thomas Denley.
9	Yard. Public House called the "Anchor and Crown," with Yard, Workshops, and Premises in the Rear, and Right of Way to Yard in Say's Alley.	Chapter of St. Peter Westmin- ster.	James Bigg, Joseph Carter Wood, George Garwood.	George Gu- wood.
10	Dwelling House, Shop, Work- shops, Pre- mises in the Rear, and Yard.	The Dean and Chapter of St. Peter West- minster, Jo- seph Gurney.	Edward Higgs, Hemdan Higgs.	Edward Higgs, Hemdan Higgs, Tho- mas Henry Harris.
11	Public House called the "Coach and Horses," with Yard, Outbuilding, Premises in the Rear, and back Entrance to Say's Alley.	The Dean and Chapter of St. Peter West- minster.	ElizaFitzherbert Forssteen, John Carpen- ter.	John Carpenter.
12	Dwelling House, Shop, and Yard, and Passage to	The Dean and	Richard What- ley, John Stone, Eliza- beth Wilmot	David Moss.
12	Say's Alley. Dwelling House, Shop, and Yard.	Chapter of St. Peter Westmin-ster.	William Tho- mas Mack-	John Geesing.
14 and 1, Lower Crown Street	Dwelling House, Shop, and Yard.		rell.	John Fisher.

No. in Street	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	· Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
- !	Public Street -	Lower Crow The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes f St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the London Gas		The Public.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard.	The Dean and Chapter of St. Peter-Westmin-ster.	William Tho- mas Mackrell.	Charles Coote William Tidd George Edwar Bent. Henry Welch Elizabeth Powell. William Davie James Hallifa: John Wadley William Eve. Joel Bowdite
12	Public House called the "Rose and Crown," with Yard.		Richard What- ley, John Stone, Eliza- beth Wilmot Whatley, Henry Wil- liam Miles, Ed- win Walker.	Edwin Walke

Downing Street Public Offices Extension. Description of Owners Lessees No. in Occupiers. Street Property. or reputed Owners. or reputed Lessees. Upper Crown Street. The Public. Public Street The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John West minster, the Chelsea WaterworksCompany, Equitable Gas Company, the Chartered Gas Company, the London Gas Company. George Daw. 57 Dwelling House, son, Thomas Yard, Stables, Coachhouses. Dicks Carter. William Sheds. and Griffith Outbuildings. Sarah Pymm. Dwelling House 14 The Dean and and Yard. Chapter of St. Frances Grant. 15 Dwelling House Peter Westand Yard. minster. Robert Tyler. 16 Dwelling House Eliza Fitzherand Yard. bert Forss-Mark Kerslake. 17 Dwelling House and Yard. teen. 18 Dwelling House John Searle. and Yard. Crown Yard. The Dean and William Daw-Cottage and] Mary Ann Yard Chapter of son. Davis. Wil-St. Peter Samuel Janes. Cottage and liam Inwood. Yard. Westminster. Say's Alley. CarpentersShops, Richard What-Thomas Dicks Stables, Coachley, John Carter. The Dean and Stone, Eliza-beth Wilmot houses, and Chapter of St. Sheds. Peter West-Whatley, minster. Henry

liam Miles.

	Down	ing Street Public	Offices Extension.	
o. in	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
2	Dwelling House, Coach-house, and Yard. Stables, Coach- houses, Sheds, and Yard.	The Dean and Chapter of St. Peter Westminster.	Eliza Fitzher- bert Forssteen, James Bigg, Charles Payne. Eliza Fitzher- bert Forssteen, James Bigg, Charles Payne, George Gar- wood.	Charles Payne and his week ly Tenants. Charles Payne and his week ly Tenants George Garwood.
-	Public Way -	The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the Chartered Gas Company, the London Gas Company.	•	The Public.
1		! 		1
-	Public Street -	Duke Str The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the London Gas Company.		The Public.

	Down	ning Street Public	Offices Extension.	
No. in Street	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
1	l	Downing S	treet.	l
15)	Public Street -	The Commissioners for paving and improving the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the Chelsea Waterworks Company, the Equitable Gas Company, the Chartered Gas Company, the London Gas Company.		The Public.
16)	Office. Vacant Ground	The Crown -		The Crown.
	Sa	int James's Park,	South Parade.	
21	Vacant Ground - Dwelling House and Yard.	The Crown -	Henry Wood, Kenneth Macaulay.	
19	Dwelling House and Yard. Dwelling House and Yard.		William Pulteney Scott, Isambard Kingdom Brunel. Elizabeth Morice, Peter Brophy.	Isambard Kingdom Brunel, Joseph Bennett. Peter Brophy.

SCHEDULE No. 4.

I, Daniel Norton, of Old Broad Street, Surveyor, having been appointed by John Clutton and James Pennethorne to value the Hereditaments respectively comprised in the First and Second Schedules to this my Award annexed, do ascertain and determine that the Value of the Hereditaments comprised in the First Schedule is One hundred and twenty thousand six hundred Pounds, and that the Value of the Hereditaments comprised in the said Second Schedule is One hundred and twenty-three thousand two hundred Pounds. As witness my Hand this Twelfth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(Signed) D. NORTON.

62, Old Broad Street.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to consolidate certain Acts, and otherwise amend the Laws of the Customs, and an Act to regulate the Office of the Receipt of Her Majesty's Exchequer at [14th August 1855.] Westminster.

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. All Customs Duties and other Public Moneys payable to the Customs Du-Exchequer Account at the Bank of England shall be received to ties, &c. payable the Credit of such Account by the Governor and Company of the to Exchequer said Bank, under such Regulations and Directions as the Commis-sioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall from Time to Time and sioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall from Time to Time prescribe; and the Specifications or Statements of Particulars required ceived under by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late such Regula-Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled An Act to regulate the tions as the Office of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, Treasury to be delivered to the Cashier or other Officer of the Bank of 425 W.4 England by the Person paying in any such Money, shall be required only in such Cases and shall be signed and issued by such Person as the said Commissioners shall from Time to Time direct; and the Acquittances for all Payments made to the Account of the Exchequer at the Bank of England shall be made out in such Form and under such Regulations as shall be prescribed by the said Commissioners; and such Acquittances shall have in all respects the same Force and Validity in Law as the Acquittances heretofore given by the Comptroller of the Exchequer by virtue of the Ninth Section of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of King William the Fourth, Chapter Fifteen; and the several Orders, Rules, and Regulations which may be issued under the Authority of this Act by the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, as relating to such Specifications and Acquittances as aforesaid, shall be laid before both Houses of Parhament within Six Weeks after the Issue of such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, if Parliament shall be sitting, or if not sitting, then within Six Wecks next immediately after the re-assembling of Parliament.

II. Tobacco, Cigars, and Snuff are hereby prohibited to be Importation of imported into the United Kingdom, unless in whole and complete Tobacco in Packages, each containing not less than Eighty Pounds net Weight Packages less of such Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff, and unless in Ships of not less than One hundred and twenty Tons Burden, and unless into such Ports as are or may be approved by the Commissioners of Customs for the Importation and Warehousing of Tobacco; and any Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff imported into the United Kingdom contrary hereto shall be subject to the Provisions contained in the Forty-fourth Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1858," in the same Manner as if this Prohibition had been originally

land to be re-Treasury shall 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 15.

than 80 lbs. pro-

enacted in the Table of Prohibitions and Restrictions to the said Section, of which it is hereby declared to form a Part.

Goods not reported may be detained.

by Bills of

Commissioners

Certain Goods in Queen's

cial Entries.

Sight.

III. Goods not duly reported may be detained by any Officer or Officers of Customs until the same are so reported, and the Cause of the Omission explained to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs, who may thereupon restore the same on such Terms as they may deem proper; and such Goods may in the meantime, should the said Commissioners deem necessary, be removed to the Queen's Warehouse.

IV. The Time prescribed by the Sixty-fourth Section of "The Time for perfecting Entries Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," for perfecting Entries by Bill of Sight, may be extended at the Discretion of the Commissioners

of Customs.

V. The Commissioners of Customs may permit the Entries of Goods in such Form and Manner and on such Conditions as they may permit spemay direct to meet the Exigencies of any Case to which the general

Laws and Regulations may not be strictly applicable.

VI. All Goods not being of a perishable Nature deposited in the Queen's Warehouse, and not cleared within Three Months, Warehouse may and all Goods of a perishable Nature so deposited and not cleared forthwith, may, in case the same cannot be sold for a Sum sufficient to pay the Duties and Charges if offered for Sale for Home Consumption, or the Charges if offered for Sale for Exportation, be destroyed by Direction of the Commissioners of Customs.

be destroyed.

Combustibles not to be deposited in Queen's Warehouse.

VIL No Goods of a combustible or inflammable Nature shall be brought into or deposited in the Queen's Warehouse, unless with the Sanction of the Commissioners of Customs; and if any such Goods shall be landed by the Officers of Customs under the Seventy-fourth Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," the same may be deposited in any Place that such Officers may deem fit, and whilst so deposited the same shall be deemed to be in the Queen's Warehouse, and be liable to be dealt with, at the Expiration of Fourteen Days, in the same Manner as Goods of s perishable Nature actually deposited in the Queen's Warehouse, unless duly cleared or warehoused in some approved Warehouse in the meantime; and such Goods shall be chargeable with such Expenses for securing, watching, and guarding the same until sold, cleared, or warehoused as aforesaid, as the Commissioners shall see fit, and neither the said Commissioners nor their Officers shall be liable to make good any Damage which such Goods may sustain by reason or during the Time of their being so deposited and dealt with as aforesaid.

Power to dispense with the re-weighing, &c. of Goods on quinquennial re-warehousing, in certain Cases.

VIII. On the re-warehousing in the Name of the Proprietor of Goods, either by himself or by the Warehouse-keeper, after the Expiration of Five Years from the last preceding warehousing or re-warehousing thereof under Sections One hundred and three and One hundred and four of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," the Commissioners of Customs may (first being satisfied that the same are in the Warehouse, that the Packages are entire, and that there is no Ground to suspect that there is any undue Deficiency therein,) dispense with the re-weighing, re-gauging, or

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re-measuring, and strict Examination thereof, if they be such as are liable on Delivery to the Payment of Duty according to the landing Weight, Measure, or Quantity thereof, and also at the Request of the Warehouse-keeper or Proprietor of the Warehouse may (first being satisfied as aforesaid) dispense with the re-weighing, re-gauging, re-measuring, or strict Examination on such rewarehousing as aforesaid of Goods being Wines or other Goods the Duties whereon are payable at the Delivery, Weight, Measure, or Quantity, and which may be liable to Injury by such re-weighing, re-gauging, re-measuring, or strict Examination; but in either of these Cases the Warehouse-keeper or Proprietor of such Warehouse shall be liable at the Time of Delivery of such Goods to pay the Duties due on any Deficiency therein not allowed by Law which may then be found to exist, instead of being called upon to make good any Deficiencies which might have been found to exist had such re-weighing, re-gauging, re-measuring, or Examination been resorted to at the Time of such re-warehousing.

IX. No Goods shall be shipped, put off, or water-borne to be Goods not to be shipped for Exportation from any Port or Place in the United shipped except Kingdom, except on Days not being Sundays or Holidays, nor from any Place except some Legal Quay, Wharf, or other Place duly appointed for such Purpose, nor without the Presence or Authority of the proper Officer of Customs, nor before due Entry Outwards of such Ship and due Entry of such Goods, nor before such Goods shall have been duly cleared for Shipment; and any Goods shipped, put off, or water-borne to be shipped contrary hereto shall be forfeited; and it shall be lawful for the Searcher to open or cause to be opened and to examine all Goods shipped open Packages or brought for Shipment at any Place in the United Kingdom, and examine and the opening for that Purpose of Packages containing Goods upon which any Drawback of Customs or Inland Revenue is claimed, and the weighing, repacking, landing (when water-borne), and the shipping thereof shall be done by or at the Expense of the Exporter.

X. Any Exporter of Goods who shall fail, either by himself or Penalty on failhis Agent, to deliver to the Searcher a Shipping Bill, with Dupli- ing to deliver cates thereof, of the Goods exported by him, as prescribed by the One hundred and twenty-fifth Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XI. If any Ship having Cargo on board shall depart from any Penalty on de-Port without being duly cleared, the Master shall forfeit the Sum parting without of One hundred Pounds.

XII. British or Irish Spirits may be exported from Great Exportation of Britain or Ireland to Parts beyond the Seas or be removed to the Isle of Man in Casks of the Content of Ten Gallons each at the least, but no British or Irish Spirits shall be removed or exported from the Isle of Man to any other Part of the United Kingdom, under pain of Forfeiture thereof.

XIII. Every Foreign Ship employed in carrying Goods or Pas- Foreign Ships sengers Coastwise from one Part of the United Kingdom to in Coasting another, or from the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, ject to same or Man to the United Kingdom, or from the United Kingdom to Rules as British

on proper Days and Places, nor until Entry and Clearance.

16 & 17 Vict. c. 107.

Searcher may Goods.

Shipping Bill.

Clearance.

British and Irish Spirits to Isle of Man, &c.

Trade to be sub-

18 & 19 Viot.

any of the said Islands, or from any of the said Islands to any other of them, or from any Part of any one of the said Islands to any other Part of the same, shall be subject, as to Stores for the Use of the Crew and in all other respects, to the same Laws, Rules, and Regulations to which *British* Ships when so employed are now subject.

Foreign Ships employed in Coasting Trade not to be subject to higher Rates than British Ships.

XIV. No Foreign Ship employed in the Coasting Trade as aforesaid, nor any Goods carried in any such Ship, shall, during the Time such Ship is so employed, be subject to any higher or other Rate of Dock, Pier, Harbour, Light, Pilotage, Tonnage, or other Dues, Duties, Tolls, Rates, or other Charges whatsoever, or to any other Rules as to the Employment of Pilots, or any other Rules or Restrictions whatsoever, than British Ships employed in like Manner or Goods carried in such Ships, any Law, Charter, special Privilege, or Grant to the contrary notwithstanding; nor shall any Body Corporate or Person having or claiming any Right or Title to any such higher or other Rates, Dues, Duties, Tolls, or other Charges as aforesaid be entitled to any Compensation in respect thereof under any Law or Statute relating thereto, or otherwise howsoever.

Powers conferred by ss. 324, 325, 326 of 16 & 17 Viet. c. 107. extended to the Coasting Trade. XV. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to exercise in respect of Foreign Ships employed in the Coasting Trade as aforesaid, and of Goods carried Coastwise in such Ships, such or the like Powers as are conferred on Her Majesty by the Three hundred and twenty-fourth, Three hundred and twenty-fifth, and Three hundred and twenty-sixth Sections of the said Customs Consolidation Act, 1853, in respect of Foreign Ships employed in the Over-sea Trade, and of Goods exported or imported in such Ships.

Powers of Commissioners of Customs as to Colonies extended to Governors, &c.

XVI. The Powers and Authorities now vested in the Commissioners of Customs with regard to any Act or Thing relating to the Customs or to Trade or Navigation in any of the British Possessions abroad shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be vested in the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or other Person administering the Government in any such Possession, and every Act required by any Law to be done by or with any particular Officer or at any particular Place, if done by or with any such Officer or at any Place appointed or nominated by such Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or other Person so administering such Government, shall be deemed to have been done by or with such particular Officer or at such particular Place, as the Case may be, and as required by Law; and all Commissions, Deputations, and Appointments granted to any Officers of Customs in force at the Commencement of this Act shall have the same Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been granted or made in the first instance by such Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person so administering the Government of any such Possession; and all Bonds or other Securities which shall have been given by or for any such Officers and their respective Securities for good Conduct or otherwise shall remain in force, and shall and may be enforced and put in suit at the instance of or by Directions of any such Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government of any such Possession. XVIL The

XVII. The Islands in the Bay of Honduras called the Bay Bay Islands Islands shall be deemed and taken to be excepted or excluded from the Operation of the One hundred and fifty-ninth Section of the "Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," to the same Extent as the Bahamas or Bermuda Islands are thereby excepted or excluded.

placed on same Footing as the

XVIII. No Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff shall be imported into the Provision as Channel Islands, nor be carried from any one of the said Islands to Importation to another of them, or from one Part of any of the said Islands of Tobacco, &c. to another Part of the same, unless in Ships of not less Burden than Fifty Tons, except from the United Kingdom in Ships of not less than Forty Tons Burden regularly trading from thence to those Islands, nor unless in Packages each containing not less than Eighty Pounds net Weight of such Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff, nor unless the Provisions in and under which the like Sort of Goods may be legally imported into the United Kingdom are complied with; and all Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff imported into the said Island or carried, shipped, or removed contrary hereto, or which shall be found or discovered to have been on board any Ship or Boat within One League of the Coasts thereof, shall be forfeited, together with the Ship or Boat.

into Channel

XIX. No Spirits (except Rum of the British Plantations) shall No Spirits to be be imported into or exported from the Channel Islands or any of them, or be removed from any one to any other of the said Islands, or be carried Coastwise from any one Part to any other Part of any One of the said Islands, or shall be shipped in order to be so removed or carried in any Ship of less Burden than Fifty Tons, or in any Cask or other Vessel capable of containing Liquids not and Casks of being of the Size or Content of Twenty Gallons at the least; and all Spirits imported, exported, removed, carried, shipped, or waterborne to be so shipped, removed, or carried contrary hereto shall be forfeited, together with the Ship and any Boat importing, ex-Porting, removing, or carrying the same : Provided always, that Prohibition not nothing herein contained shall extend to any Spirits imported in to extend to any such Ship in Glass Bottles as Part of the Cargo, nor to any Spirits in Bot-Spirits being really intended for the Consumption of the Seamen and Passengers of such Ship during their Voyage, and not being warehoused more in Quantity than is necessary for that Purpose; nor to any Goods ex-Warehoused Goods exported from the United Kingdom in Ships of ported; not less than Forty Tons Burden being regular Traders to those Islands; nor to any Boat of less Burden than Ten Tons, for having nor to licensed On board at any One Time any Foreign Spirits of the Quantity of Boats of Ten Ten Gallons or under, such Boat having a Licence from the proper Tons supplying Officer of Customs at either of the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey for the Purpose of being employed in carrying Commodities for the Supply of the Island of Sark, which Licence such Officer of Customs is hereby required to grant without Fee or Reward; but if any such Boat shall have on board at any One Time any greater Quantity of Spirits than Ten Gallons, unless in Casks or Packages of the Size and Content of Twenty Gallons at the least, such Spirits and Boat shall be forfeited.

imported into or exported from the Channel Islands in Ships of less than 50 Tons less than 20 Gallons.

tles, or Stores; nor to certain

Island of Sark.

Prohibited Goods not to be shipped from the Channel Islands to the United Kingdom. XX. If in the Channel Islands any Goods the Importation whereof into the United Kingdom is prohibited, or any Goods in any Packages or in any Manner in which the same cannot be legally imported into the United Kingdom, shall be shipped or brought to any Wharf, Quay, or other Place in or be water-borne to be shipped on board any Ship clearing or departing from those Islands to the United Kingdom, such Goods shall be forfeited, and any Person who shall so ship, bring, or water-bear to be shipped any such Goods, or be otherwise knowingly concerned therein, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds or Treble the Value of the Goods, at the Election of the Commissioners of Customs.

Reward to Officers for Seizures in Channel Islands.

XXI. Where any Seizures of Tobacco or Spirits shall be made in any of the Channel Islands or within One League of the Coast thereof by any Officer of Customs or Person employed for the Prevention of Smuggling, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs to allow to such Officer or Person such Reward beyond the Sum directed by the One hundred and eighty-fourth Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," as the said Commissioners may deem advisable, not exceeding in any Case the Sum of Five Pounds.

Terms "Governor," &c. in Channel Islands to include Jurats, &c. XXII. The Terms "Governor, Deputy Governor, and Deemster," used in the Two hundred and sixty-third and Two hundred and seventy-seventh Sections of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," shall be deemed to apply to and include Jurats of any of the Channel Islands, and each such Jurat shall have and exercise, in respect of any Offence against any Act relating to the Customs committed in or within One League of the Island in which he may be a Jurat, the same Powers as are vested in any Justice of the Peace in respect of any such Offences committed therein.

Goods the Growth or Manufacture of Isle of Man may be imported into Great Britain or Ireland on Certificate, &c.

XXIII. Any Goods the Growth of the Isle of Man, or there manufactured from Materials the Growth of the said Isle, or from Materials not subject to Duties in Great Britain or Ireland, or from Materials upon which the Duty has been paid in Great Britain or Ireland and upon which no Drawback has been subsequently granted, may be brought from the said Isle into Great Britain or Ireland without Payment of any Duty: Provided always, that such Goods may nevertheless be charged with such Proportion of such Duties as shall fairly countervail any Duties of Excise payable on the like Sort of Goods the Produce of that Part of the United Kingdom into which they shall be brought, or payable upon any of the Materials from which such Goods are manufactured; and any Articles either wholly or in part manufactured in the said Isle from any Materials upon which a higher Duty is payable upon their Importation into the United Kingdom, than on their Importation into the Isle of Man, may be brought from the said Isle into Great Britain or Ireland on Payment of the Duty payable on such Goods in that Part of the United Kingdom into which they shall be so brought.

Isle of Man to be Part of United Kingdom for Customs Purposes.

XXIV. The *Isle of Man* shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the United Kingdom for the Purposes of this or any other Act relating to the Customs; but nothing herein contained shall prejudice or affect, or be construed in any way, directly or indirectly,

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to prejudice or affect, any of the Rights or Privileges legally exercised or enjoyed by the said Isle at the Time of the passing of this Act.

XXV. If any Ship or Boat belonging wholly or in part to Her Certain Vessels Majesty's Subjects, or having Half the Persons on board Subjects of Her Majesty, shall be found or discovered to have been within Four Leagues of that Part of the Coast of the United Kingdom which is between the North Foreland on the Coast of Kent and Beachy Head on the Coast of Sussex, or within Eight Leagues of any other Part of the Coast of the United Kingdom, or if any Foreign Ship or Boat having One or more Subjects of Her Majesty on board shall be found or discovered to have been within Three Leagues of the Coast of the United Kingdom, or if any Foreign in certain Dis-Ship or Boat shall be found or discovered to have been within One League of the Coast of the United Kingdom, or if any Ship or Boat shall be found or discovered to have been within One League of the Channel Islands, any such Ship or Boat so found or discovered, having on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or having had on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or con- feited, with veying or having conveyed in any Manner, any Spirits, not being Goods. in a Cask or other Vessel capable of containing Liquids of the Size or Content of Twenty Gallons at the least, or any Tea exceeding Six Pounds Weight in the whole, or any Tobacco or Snuff not being in a Cask or a whole and complete Package containing Eighty Pounds Weight of Tobacco or Snuff at the least, or any Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, Snuff Work, or any Cordage or other Articles adapted and prepared for slinging or sinking small Casks, or any Casks or other Vessels whatsoever of less Size or Content than Twenty Gallons of the Description used for the smuggling of Spirits, then and in every such Case the said Spirits, Tea, Tobacco, Smiff, Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, and Snuff Work, together with the Casks or Packages containing the same, and the Cordage or other Articles, Casks, and other Vessels of the Description aforesaid, and also the Ship or Boat, shall be forfeited.

XXVI. If any Ship or Boat shall be found or discovered to Any Vessel or have been within any Port, Bay, Harbour, River, or Creek of the Boat arriving United Kingdom or the Channel Islands, having on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or having had on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or conveying or having conveyed in any Manner, any Spirits, not being in a Cask or other Vessel capable prohibited of containing Liquids of the Size or Content of Twenty Gallons at the least, or any Tobacco or Snuff, imported contrary to the Prohibitions and Restrictions contained in this or any other Act relating to the Customs, or any Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, or Snuff Work, every such Ship or Boat, and such Spirits, Tobacco, Snuff, Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, and Snuff Work shall be forfeited; but if it shall be made to appear to the Power to Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs that such Spirits, Commissioners Tobacco, Snuff, Tobacco Stalks, Tobacco Stalk Flour, or Snuff to waive For-Work were on board without the Knowledge or Privity of the Owner or Master of such Ship or Boat, and without any wilful

belonging to Her Majesty's Subjects, or whereof Half the Persons on board are Subjects of Her Majesty, and Foreign Vessels, found withtances of Coast of United Kingdom or Channel Islands with certain Goods on board, for-

within any Port of United Kingdom or Channel Islands having Goods on board, &c. for-

Neglect

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tion,

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Neglect or Want of reasonable Care on their Parts, then and in such Case the said Commissioners shall deliver up the said Ship or Boat to the Owner or Master of the same.

Forfeiture not to extend to Ships and Goods in certain Cases,

XXVII. Nothing herein contained shall extend to render any Ship of One hundred and twenty Tons Burden or upwards liable to Forfeiture on account of any Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff, if in whole and complete Packages, each containing not less than Eighty Pounds net Weight of such Tobacco, Cigars, or Snuff; nor to render any Ship of Fifty Tons Burden or upwards liable to Forfeiture on account of any Tea, or of any Spirits in Glass Bottles or Stone Bottles not exceeding the Size of Three Pints each, such Tea and Spirits being really Part of the Cargo of such Ship; nor to render any Ship liable to Forfeiture on account of any Spirits or Tea, or of any Tobacco really intended for the Consumption of the Seamen or Passengers on board during their Voyage, and not being more in Quantity than is necessary for that Purpose; nor to render any Ship liable to Forfeiture if really bound from one Foreign Port to another Foreign Port, and pursuing such Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting.

Persons on board Vessels within Ports of United Kingdom or Channel Islands, with contraband Articles, subject to Penalty of 100% and Detention.

XXVIII. Every Person who shall be found or discovered to have been on board any Ship or Boat liable to Forfeiture under this or any other Act relating to the Customs for being found or discovered to have been within any Port, Bay, Harbour, River, or Creek of the United Kingdom or of the Channel Islands, having on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or having had on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or conveying or having conveyed in any Manner, such Goods or Things as subject such Ship or Boat to Forfeiture, or who shall be found or discovered to have been on board any of Her Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or on board any Ship or Vessel in Her Majesty's Employment or Service, or on board of any Foreign Post Office Packet, being a national Vessel, employed in carrying the Mails between any Foreign Country and the United Kingdom, such last-mentioned Ships, Vessels, or Packets being found or discovered to have been within any Port, Bay, Harbour, River, or Creek of the United Kingdom or the Channel Islands, having on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or having had on board or in any Manner attached thereto, or conveying or having conveyed in any Manner, any Spirits not being in a Cask or other Vessel capable of containing Liquids of the Size or Content of Twenty Gallons at the least, or any Tobacco or Snuff not being in a whole and complete Package containing Eighty Pounds Weight of such Tobacco or Snuff at least, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Person shall and may be detained, and taken before any Justice, to be dealt with as herein-after directed.

Notice of Seizure of Goods. XXIX. The Notice in Writing now required by the Two hundred and twenty-sixth Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," on the Seizure of Goods, shall not be required in Cases where the Seizure is made on the Person or in the Presence of the Offender; and where any such Notice is required, the same may be served either in the Manner prescribed by the said Sec-

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tion, or by Delivery at the Place of Abode of the Party to whom the same is addressed.

XXX. When any Person shall have been detained for any Where Persons Offence against this or any other Act relating to the Customs, and taken before any Justice, such Justice may, if he see reason- any Offsnee unable Cause, order such Person to be detained in Gaol or in the der any Act re-Custody of the Police or Constabulary Force a reasonable Time, lating to Custo obtain the Order of the Commissioners of Customs or Inland toms, or likely Revenue, and to prepare the necessary Informations, Convictions, to abscord, such and Warrants of Commitment, and at the Expiration of such Time der them to be to be brought before him, or any other Justice or Justices, who detained a reamay then finally hear and determine the Matter; or when any sonable Time, Information shall have been preferred before any Justice against or admit to any Person for any such Offence, and it shall appear to such Bail. Justice, by Depositions on Oath, that such Person is likely to abscond before such Information can be heard, such Justice may, in lieu of issuing a Summons for the Appearance of the Offender, grant his Warrant to apprehend and bring such Offender before him or any other Justice, at a Time and Place to be named in such Warrant, for the Hearing of such Information; but any Person so detained or apprehended may be liberated, on giving, by Recognizance, Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice in the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or in the Amount of the Penalty sought to be recovered, to appear at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by such Justice for hearing the Case.

XXXI. When any Person is convicted before any Justice and Penalty and adjudged to pay a pecuniary Penalty for any Offence against this Costs to be or any Act relating to the Customs, such Justice shall state in the stated in Con-Conviction, and also in the Commitment of such Person, if committed in default of Payment, the Amount of Costs awarded to be paid by such Person, as well as the Penalty so adjudged, and shall commit such Person until Payment of such Penalty and

Costs.

XXXII. In any Case where a Verdict is or shall have been Execution may obtained at the Suit of the Crown against any Defendant in any issue after Trial of the Superior Courts, in any Cause tried out of Term, Execution out of Term. thereon may issue on or after the Expiration of Fourteen Days 15 & 16 Vict. from the Date of such Verdict, in the same Manner as Execution may issue in any Case under the One hundred and twentieth Section of "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1852," unless the Judge who tried the Cause, or some other Judge, or the Court, shall order Execution to issue at any earlier or later Period with or without Terms.

XXXIII. The Option given to a Defendant by Section Two Defendant's hundred and sixty-four of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," Option to reof removing any Proceedings against himself before any Justice to move Case, a Superior Court, shall not be exercised after the Commencement when to be exercised. of the Trial or Hearing thereof before such Justice.

XXXIV. The Words "otherwise dealing with certain pro- Count for harhibited, restricted, or uncustomed Goods" in Count Sixteen of bouring, &c. Schedule B. to "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," shall be smuggled deemed to apply to and include the harbouring or having Posses-

are taken before Justice may or-

victions, &s.

sion.

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sion, as the Case may be, of any such Goods, and it shall not be necessary to prove that the Party charged was concerned in the

Evidence of

unshipping thereof.

XXXV. The Condemnation of Goods by any Justice as forfeited under the Laws relating to the Customs may be proved in any Court of Justice, or before any competent Tribunal, by the Production of such Condemnation purporting to be signed by such Justice, or an examined Copy of the Record of such Condemnation certified by the Clerk to such Justice.

XXXVI. The Second Section of the Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter Ninety-nine, shall not be deemed to apply to any Prosecution, Suit, or other Proceeding in respect of any Offence, or for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture, under any Law now in force or hereafter

to be made relating to the Customs or Inland Revenue.

XXXVII. Any Writer to the Signet, Solicitor before the Supreme Courts in Scotland, or Solicitor at Law duly licensed to practise as an Agent in the Courts of Session and Justiciary in Scotland, who shall be retained by any Defendant at the Suit of the Crown for any Offence against the Laws relating to the Customs, shall be competent to undertake the Defence of such Defendant, and to instruct Counsel for that Purpose; and any such Defendant who may not have retained any such Agent shall be entitled to be heard by his Counsel on any Trial for such Offence, although such Defendant may have previously appeared to answer such Suit in Person instead of appearing by Agent.

XXXVIII. If any Person shall in any Matter relating to the Customs make and subscribe any false Declaration, or make or sign any Declaration, Certificate, or other Instrument required to be verified by Signature only, the same being false in any Particular, or if any Person shall make or sign any Declaration made for the Consideration of the Commissioners of Customs, on any Application presented to them, the same being untrue in any Particular; or if any Person required by this or any other Act relating to the Customs to answer Questions put to him by the Officers of Customs, shall not truly answer such Questions; or if any Person shall counterfeit, falsify, or wilfully use when counterfeited or falsified, any Document required by this or any Act relating to the Customs, or by or under the Directions of the Commissioners of Customs, or any Instrument used in the Transaction of any Business or Matter relating to the Customs; or shall fraudulently alter any Document or Instrument, or counterfeit the Seal, Signature, Initials, or other Mark of or used by the Officers of the Customs for the Verification of any such Document or Instrument, or for the Security of Goods, or any other Purpose in the Conduct of Business relating to the Customs, or under the Control or Management of the Commissioners of Customs or their Officers; every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Penalty of One hundred Pounds.

XXXIX. If any Person shall have cause to complain of the Insertion of any Book in the Lists required by the Forty-sixth and One hundred and sixtieth Sections of "The Customs Con: solidation

Section 2, of 14 & 15 Vict. c. 99. not to extend to Revenue Cases.

Condemnation

of Forfeiture.

Defendants in Customs Cases to have choice of Attorney and Counsel in Scotland.

Penalty on making false Declarations, signing false Documents and untruly answering Questions, and counterfeiting and using false Documents.

Persons complaining of Pro-hibition of

Judge in Cham-

Customs Laws Consolidation.

solidation Act, 1853," to be published by the Commissioners of right Lists may Customs, it shall be lawful for any Judge at Chambers, on the appeal to a Application of the Person so complaining, to issue a Summons calling upon the Person upon whose Notice such Book shall have been so inserted to appear before such Judge, at a Time to be appointed in such Summons, to show Cause why such Book shall not be expunged from such Lists, and such Judge shall at the Time so appointed proceed to hear and determine upon the Matter of such Summons, and make his Order thereon in Writing, and upon Service of such Order, or a certified Copy thereof, upon the Commissioners of Customs or their Secretary for the Time being, the said Commissioners shall expunge such Book from the List, or retain the same therein, according to the Tenor of such Order; and in case such Book shall be expunged from such Lists, the same shall not be deemed to be prohibited under the Table of Prohibitions and Restrictions Inwards contained in the Fortyfourth Section of the said Act: If at the Time appointed in any such Summons the Person so summoned shall not appear before such Judge, then upon Proof by Affidavit that such Summons, or a true Copy thereof, has been personally served upon or left at the last known or usual Place of Abode of the Person so summoned, or in case the Person to whom such Summons was directed and his Place of Abode cannot be found, that due Diligence has been used to ascertain the same, such Judge shall be at liberty to proceed ex parte to hear and determine the Matter; but if either Party be dissatisfied with such Order he may apply to the Superior Court of which such Judge is a Member to review such Order, and make such further Order thereon as such Court may

XL. From and after the passing of this Act, no Book shall be Declaration of inserted in any List published by the Commissioners of Customs, Truth of Notice under the Forty-sixth and One hundred and sixtieth Sections of of Copyright. "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," until the Person giving the Notice thereby required shall have made and subscribed a Declaration before the Collector of the Customs or any Justice of the Peace, at some Port or Place in the United Kingdom, that the Contents of such Notice are true: Provided always, that Nothing to prenothing in this Act contained shall prevent, prejudice, or affect vent Persons any Proceeding at Law or in Equity which any Party, aggrieved aggrieved from by reason of the Insertion of any Book in any such List, in pursuance of any such Notice, or upon the Removal of any Book from such List pursuant to any such Order as aforesaid, or by reason of any Declaration to be made under the Authority of this Act being false, might or would otherwise have against any Party giving such Notice, or obtaining any such Order, or making such false Declaration as aforesaid.

proceeding at Law, &c.

XLI. No Soldiers or Militia shall be billeted on Officers or As to billeting Coast Guard Men in the Service of the Customs.

XLII. The Term "Malt" in the Table of Prohibitions and Declaratory Restrictions Inwards relating to Goods absolutely prohibited to Explanation of be imported, contained in the Forty-fourth Section of "The Term Malt." Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," shall be deemed to include

Soldiers, &c.

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Customs Laws Consolidation.

all Malt, whether in Grain or in the Form of concentrated Extract or Essence, but shall not include any of the fermented Liquors made from Malt now specified in the Tariff.

Interpretation of Terms.

XLIII. When any of the Terms mentioned in the Three hundred and fifty-seventh Section of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," are used in this or any other Act relating to the Customs, the Terms so used shall have the same Interpretation and Meaning as are given to them in the said Section.

Acts and Parts of Acts set forth in Schedule repealed.

XLIV. The several Acts and Parts of Acts set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed are hereby repealed, to the Extent to which such Acts or Parts of Acts are by such Schedule expressed to be repealed, except as to anything done before the Commencement of this Act, and except so far as relates to any Arrears of Duty or to any Drawback which shall have become due or payable, and except so far as may be necessary for the Purpose of supporting or continuing any Proceeding heretofore taken or to be taken after the Commencement of this Act, and except as to the Recovery or Application of any Penalty for any Offence which shall have been committed or any Forfeiture which shall have been incurred before the Commencement of this Act; and all Orders made by Her Majesty in Council, all Bonds taken or Licences granted, and all Things done under the Authority or in pursuance of any of the Acts or Parts of Acts hereby repealed, shall nevertheless be valid and effectual.

Orders, &c. under Acts repealed to be valid.

Sections of this Act set forth in Table incorporated in the Customs Consolidation Act. 1853.

XLV. Each of the several Sections of this Act set forth in Column No. 1. of the Table to this Act shall be deemed and taken to be incorporated in and form Part of "The Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," in the Order and Place assigned to each such Section in and by Column No. 2. of the said Table, and the said several Sections of this Act shall be read and construed with the said Customs Consolidation Act, 1853, and the Provisions of the latter Act shall be deemed to relate to and be applicable to said several Sections of this Act, in the same Manner and to the same Extent as if the said several Sections of this Act had been originally enacted therein, in the Order and Place so assigned to each such Section in and by the said Table; and the several Forms contained in Schedule B. to the said "Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," shall and may be used with reference to any Offences under this Act in the same Manner as they are made applicable to Offences against the said "Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," and, when necessary, the numerical Reference in such Forms to the Sections of this Act creating the Offence charged shall be made accordingly.

Act to be registered in Guernsey and Jersey.

Commencement of Act,

XLVI, This Act shall be registered in the Royal Courts of the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey respectively, and the said Royal Courts respectively shall have full Power and Authority and are hereby required to register the same.

XLVII This Act shall come into operation on the Day of the and Short Title passing of this Act; and in citing it in other Acts of Parliament and in legal Instruments it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Supplemental Customs Consolidation Act, 1855."

Customs Laws Consolidation.

SCHEDULE of Acts to be repealed.

Date of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of Repeal.
16 & 17 Vict. c. 107.	Customs Consolida- tion Act, 1858.	Sections 119, 192, 193, 198, 210, 212, 213, 214, 236, 240, 346, 348. So much of the Table of Prohibitions and Restrictions Inwards on Goods prohibited to be imported, except subject to the Restrictions on Importation therein contained, as relates to Tobacco and Snuff under the several Denominations of Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarillos, Cigarrettos, and Snuff, being Part of Section 44. The following Words, viz., "With "the Addition of the Value of "such Goods, if any, as shall have been previously chargeable with "Duty at Value and of British "Goods," being Part of the Proviso contained in Section 125; and so much of Section 142 as relates to the Delivery of a Duplicate Bill of Lading on the Shipment of Goods, and within Fourteen Days after final Clearance of the Ship, a List of such Goods, with the Quantities and Values thereof, as thereby required.
17 Vict. c. 5	An Act to admit Foreign Ships to the Coasting Trade.	The whole Act.
17 & 18 Vict. c. 122.	An Act for the fur- ther Alteration and Amendment of the Laws and Duties of Customs.	The whole Act.

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Customs Laws Consolidation.

TABLE referred to in Section XLV.

		Corwan N	- 0		
COLUMN No. 1.		COLUMN N	u. z.		,
Sections of "The Supplemental Customs Con- solidation Act, 1855."	of Incorpor	Order and I ation in "The C Act, 1853	ustoms C	onsolidation	
Section					
1	After	Section 21	of "Th	e Customs	
-	44.00			Act, 1853"	
ا ۵	In lieu of			,	
2 {	Part of	Section 44	33	,,	Repealed by this Act.
3	After	Section 51	,,	"	
4	After	Section 64	,,	"	
5	After	Section 65	,,	,,	l .
6 & 7	After	Section 74	"	,,	
8	After	Section 104	,,	,,	
9	In lieu of	Section 119	,,	٠ ,,	Repealed by this Act
10	After	Section 125	,,	,,	_
11	After	Section 145	"	"	
12	After	Section 118	"	,, •	
13, 14, & 15	In lieu of	Section 152	,,	,,	Repealed by 17 Vict. c. 5.
16	After	Section 158	1,	>> .	
17	After	Section 159	,,	,,	
18	In lieu of	Section 193	**	**	Repealed by 17 & 18 Vict. c. 122. s. 16.
19	In lieu of	Section 192	"	,,	Repealed by this Act.
20 & 21	After	Section 190	"	,,	_ ,
22	After	Section 277	,,	"	
23	In lieu of	Section 348	,,	,,	Repealed by this Act.
24	In lieu of	Section 346	,,	"	Repealed by this Act.
25	In lieu of	Section 212	,,	,,	Repealed by this Act.
26	In lieu of	Section 213	,,	,,	Repealed by this Act.
27	In lieu of	Section 214	"	,,	Repealed by this Act.
28	In lieu of	Section 236	,,	,,	Repealed by this Act.
29	After	Section 226	,,	,,	
30	In lieu of	Section 240	"	"	Repealed by this Act.
31	After	Section 263	"	,,	_
32	After	Section 312	"	,,	
33	After	Section 264	"	,,	
34	After	Section 269	,,	••	·
35 & 36	After	Section 308	"	"	
37	After	Section 323	"	"	
38	In lieu of	Section 198	"	,,	Repealed by this Act.
39 & 40	After	Section 46	,,	,,	
41	After	Section 7	"	,,	
42	After	Section 44	,,	33	
43	After	Section 357	79	37	

C A P. XCVII.

An Act for the Amendment and Consolidation of the Customs Tariff Acts. [14th August 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Community with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act, in lieu and instead Duties, &c. in of all other Duties and Drawbacks of Customs, there shall be Table (A.) to be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Her Majesty, Her Heirs paid instead of and Successors, upon Goods imported into any Part of Great present Duties, Britain or Ireland, the several Duties of Customs and there shall be allowed upon Goods exported the several Drawbacks as the same are respectively inserted, described, and set forth in Table (A.) to this Act annexed; and in lieu of all Duties of Customs now Duties in Table payable by Law upon the Importation of Goods into the Isle of (B.) to be levied Man there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Her on Goods im-Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Customs ported into Isle as the same are respectively set forth in Figures in Table (B.) to this Act annexed; and all the Goods described as free in the said As to Free Table (A.) shall be exempt from Duty on the Importation thereof Goods in Tables into Great Britain or Ireland, and those described as free in the (A.) and (B.) said Table (B.) shall be exempt from Duty on the Importation thereof into the Isle of Man.

II. The Commissioners of the Treasury may from Time to Power to the Time, by any Order or Orders under their Hands, declare that all Treasury to reor any Articles legally importable into the Isle of Man, and not mit and reimenumerated in the said Table, and upon which the Duty of Fifteen pose the Duties Pounds for every Hundred Pounds Value is hereby imposed, shall enumerated Arand may, from and after any Day or Days named in such Order ticles imported or Orders, be imported from the Places and in the Manner therein into Isle of Man. mentioned into the Isle of Man Duty-free during such Time or Times as shall be therein named, or until such Order or Orders respectively, or any of them, shall be rescinded, and such Articles shall be imported Duty-free accordingly so long as any such Order or Orders, or any of them, shall continue unrescinded; and the said Commissioners may, at any Time, by any Order under their Hands, revoke the whole or any Part of any previous Order or Urders, or any of them, for such Time and in such Manner as they may see fit; and all Orders of the Commissioners of the Orders to be Treasury made in pursuance of this Enactment shall be duly published in the Published in the London and Dublin Gazettes twice at least within Fourteen Days from the Date of such Orders respectively, and laid before Parliament. Copy of every such Order shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within Six Weeks after the Date of such Order if Parliament be then sitting, and if not, then within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

III. The Drawbacks upon Sugar allowed under Table (A.) to Drawbacks on theis Act shall also be allowed and paid on the like Kinds of Sugar. Sugar, upon the same being deposited in any approved Ware-

house.

house, upon such Terms and Conditions and subject to such Regulations as the Commissioners of Customs may direct, for Delivery therefrom as Ships Stores only, or for the Purpose of sweetening

British Spirits in Bond.

Commissioners of Customs to provide Standard Samples of White Clayed Sugar and Brown Clayed Sugar.

IV. For facilitating the due Assessment of Duties on White Clayed Sugar or Sugar rendered by any Process equal to White Clayed, and on Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar, with reference to Colour, Grain, and Saccharine Matter, considered collectively as they affect the general Quality of such Sugars, the Commissioners of Customs shall provide and renew from Time to Time Samples of White Clayed Sugar and of Sugar rendered equal in Quality to White Clayed Sugar, and of Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar, which shall be deemed to be Standard Samples for the Purpose of comparing therewith Sugars entered for Home Consumption; and no Sugar shall, as regards the Payment of Duty, be deemed to be White Clayed Sugar or Sugar rendered by any Process equal to White Clayed Sugar, unless equal to the Standard Samples of White Clayed Sugar or of Sugar rendered equal in Quality to White Clayed Sugar, or be deemed to be Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar or Sugar rendered by any Process equal to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar, unless equal to the Standard Sample of Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed Sugar: It shall also be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs, if the Commissioners of the Treasury shall so direct, to furnish separate Samples for the Assessment of the Duties on Yellow Muscovado and on Brown Clayed Sugars, and also for the Assessment of the Duties upon Refined Sugar.

As to Metage Dues on Fruit.

V. The Metage Dues now payable upon Fruit imported into the Port of London shall not be increased in consequence of the Duties upon such Fruit being levied by the Bushel.

As to Entries of Arms, &c.

VI. On the Entry of Arms and Ammunition of War, whether for Home Use, Exportation, or in Transit, the Number and Quantity of Articles of each Description, as denominated in Table (A.) to this Act, shall be stated in the Import, Export, or Transit Entry,

as the Case may be.

As to Manufactar, &c. from Foreign Mate-

VII. All Manufactures of Gibraltar, Malta, and Heligoland, tures of Gibral- made of Materials of Foreign Produce liable to Duty upon Importation into the United Kingdom, upon which no such Duty has been paid, or upon which Drawback of such Duty has been allowed in the United Kingdom, shall, for the Purposes of Duty, be deemed and taken to be the Produce of and imported from a Foreign Country.

Recital of Acts hereby repealed.

VIII. The following Acts, viz., "The Customs Tariff Act, 1853," the Acts of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapters Twenty-eight and Twenty-nine, and the First and Fifth Sections of Chapter One hundred and twentytwo, and the Acts of the Eighteenth Year of Her said Majesty, Chapters Nine and Twenty-one, are hereby repealed, except as to anything done before the Commencement of this Act, and except so far as relates to any Arrears of Duty, or to any Drawback

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which shall have become due or payable, and except so far as may be necessary for the Purpose of supporting or continuing any Proceeding heretofore taken, or to be taken after the Commencement of this Act, and except as to the Recovery or Application of any Penalty for any Offence which shall have been committed or any Forfeiture which shall have been incurred before the Commencement of this Act; and the Duties imposed by the several Acts in force at the Time of the passing of the Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twenty-two, are hereby declared not to have been affected or repealed by that Act, except as to the Articles enumerated therein; and the Duties collected since the passing of that Act according to the Tables contained in the said several Acts and in that Act are hereby declared to have been legally charged and collected; and all Orders made by Her Majesty in Orders &c. un-Council, all Bonds taken or Licences granted, and all Things der Acts repealdone under the Authority or in pursuance of any of the Acts or ed to be valid. Parts of Acts hereby repealed, shall nevertheless be valid and effectual.

IX. In the event of any Increase or Decrease by Law in the When Con-Duties of Customs chargeable upon any Goods or Commodities tractshave been after the making of any Contract or Agreement for the Sale or Amount of in-Delivery of such Goods Duty-paid, it shall be lawful for the creased or de-Seller, in case such Increase shall accrue before the Clearance and creased Duty to Delivery from the Warehouse of such Goods at such increased be added or de-Duty, and after Payment thereof, to add so much Money to the ducted. Contract Price as will be equivalent to such Increase of Duty, and he shall be entitled to be paid and to sue for and recover the same; and it shall be lawful for the Purchaser under any such Contract or Agreement, in case such Decrease shall take effect before the Clearance and Delivery from the Warehouse at such decreased Duty, to deduct so much Money from the Contract Price as will be equivalent to such Decrease of Duty, and he shall not be liable to pay or be sued for or in respect of such Deduction.

X. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament and in legal Short Title. Instruments it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Customs Tariff Act. 1855."

TABLE (A.)

Duties applicable to Great Britain and Ireland.

A_gates or Cornelians, set	-	for every	100%	Value		s. 0	
not set, cut, or man	ufact	ured	-	-		ree.	
not cut or manufact	ured	-	-	-		ree.	
Albumen Ale. See Beer.	-	•	•	-	F	ree.	
Alganohilla Seed -	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Alian not between Marrilla	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Alkahet Root	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Almonds, not Jordan, nor l	Bitte :	r -	the	cwt.	0	10	0
Jord an -	-	-	th	6 Cwt	0	10	0

Cust	ome Lur	y 21cts	21///6/64/		- CONS			••	_
Almonds-	-continue	ł.					£	8.	d.
Bit		•	•	•	-	-	F	ree.	
	te of	-	-	_	- the	lb.		0	2
Aloes	-	_		_	-		-	ree.	
Alum, Roc	h	_	_	_	_	_		rec.	
•	Roch	_	_	_	_	_		ree.	
Amber, ro		_	_	_	_	_		ree.	
Mar.	ugu nufactures	· of not a	numare	- +0d (0-	oont Ros	 			
Ambonenia	unacture	oi, not e	MI CITTLE I ST	wu (ox	cehr nea	usj	10	ree.	
Ambergris		•	_	-	-	-		ree.	
Amboyna	Tianid	•	•	•	•	-	-	ree.	
Ammonia,		•	•	•	•	•		ree.	
-	phate of		•	-	-	-	F.	ree.	
Ammunitio	on, viz. :			_				_	_
Sho	t, large a	nd s mal l,		d -		vt.	0		0
	_		of Iro	n -	the Cv	٧t.	0	2	6
	kets and								
0	f War, a	nd not o	otherwis	enur	nerated	or			
ď	escribed	- for	every 10	001. Va	lue there	of	10	0	0
Anchovies.			٠.						
Angelica		•		-	•	-	F	ree.	
Animals (1	iving), vi	z. :—					_		
Ass		_	_			_	F	ree.	
Gos		_	-	_		_	_	rec.	
	g -	_	_	_	_	_		ree.	
	en and Bu	lla.	_	_	_	_		ree.	
Cov			_	_	_	-		ree.	
Cal		_	-	_	_	-		ree.	
	ves ses, Mare	a Caldi	nan Col	ta Foo	1-	•	_	ree.	
Mu		s, Geiui	ngs, Cor	is, roa	19	-		rec.	
		-	•	•	•	•		ree.	
She		•	-	-	-	-			
Lan		•	•	7	•	-	_	ee.	
	ne and H		•	-	-	-	F		
Pig	s (Suckin	g <i>)</i>	-	-	-	-	F		
Annatto, R		lag	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Antimony,	viz. :—			_ `					
Ore	of	-	•	-	-	-		ree.	
Cru	de	-	•	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Reg	gulus	•	•	•	•	-	F	ree.	
Apples, ra	w -	-	-	•	the Busl	hel	0	0	3
	of and fro	m Britis	h Posse	ssions,	the Busl	hel	0	0	2
drie		-	•		the Busl		0	J	0
Aquafortis			-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Argol	-	-	•	•	•	-	F	ree.	
Aristoloch	ia	-	-	•	-	-	F	ee.	
Arms, viz.	·								
	ords, Cut	lasses. M	I atchett	s. Bave	onets. G	un			
	Barrels, G								
	ron, not								
	Carriages	-		p	the C		0	2	6
	nnon and	Monton	. of P-				-		
							0 1	Λ	0
13	or accom	hansea M	nu Car	ringes	the Ci	7 t.	נ ט	U	•

C.97.

Arms—continued	! .					£	s.	d.
Cannon ar	nd Morta	rs, mount	ed or	accompan	nied			
with Ca	arriages.	and other	r Fire	Arms.	viz			
		Carbines					•	
or Gun	s of anv	other Sor	t not	enumera	ted.			
		or every l				10	0	0
Arrowroot -	-	-	-	the C			ŏ	4
Arsenic -	_	_	_	-	/ W L.		ree.	33
Art, Works of, of	f whatau	on Motol	-	_	•		ree.	
Ashes, viz. : —	MITALE	er mreem	_	-	-	T.	166.	
Pearl and	Dat					T	*	
	FOL	-	-	•	•		rce. ree.	
Soap -	-	•	•	-	-			
Weed	•	-	-	-	•		ree.	
Wood		-	-	-	-		ree.	
not enume			-	-	•		ree.	
Asphaltum or Bit	tumen Ji	idaicum	-	-	-	_	ree.	
Bacon -	-	-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Balsams, viz.:—						_	_	
Canada	-	-		.=	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Capivi	•	-	-	-	- •	· F	ree.	
Peru	-	-	-	•	-	\mathbf{F}	rec.	
Riga -	•	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Tolu -	-	•	-	•	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Balm of G	ilead, an	d unenum	erated	d Balsam	-	F	ree.	
Bandstring Twist		-	-	-	-	F	rec.	
Barilla -	-	•	•	-		\mathbf{F}	rce.	
Bark for Tanners	s or Dve	rs Use	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Cascarilla		•	-	•	_		ree.	
Peruvian	<i>•</i>	•		-	_		ree.	
of other S	orts	-	-	•	-	=	ree.	
Extract of		Extract				_	-00.	
Barley, Pearled				the C	.w+	0	0	41
Barwood -	-	_	_	ene c	·₩ L.		ree.	-1
Barytes, Sulphate	a af	and	_	_	•		ree.	
Basket Rods, peel		JIIU	-	•	-	T.	ree. ree.	
	ıcu -	-				10		
			_	•	-			
unp	eeled -	-	- 47.	- - 0-1:- 1	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
unp Baskets -	eeled -	- - -	- - the	e Cubic I	-	F	ree. O	4
unp Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twir	eeled -	- Strands	- the	e Cubic I	-	F	ree.	4
unp Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twir Beads, viz.:—	eeled -	- Strands	- the	-	oot -	F O F	ree. O ree.	_
unp Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Beads, viz.:— Arango	eeled - nes and S	•	- the	-	-	F O F	ree. 0 ree. 0	4
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Beads, viz.: - Arango and Bugle	eeled - nes and S	•	- the	- - the	oot lb.	F O F	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree.	2
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Beads, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral -	eeled - nes and S	•	- the	- the - - the	Poot lb.	0 F O F O	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree.	2 6
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Beads, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal	eeled - nes and S	•	- the	- the - the - the	olb.	F O F O O	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1	2 6 2
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twir Beads, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet -	nes and S	- 35 - - -	•	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	F 0 F 0 0 0	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1 0	2 6 2 2
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Bends, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw	nes and S	es -	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	F O F O O	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1	2 6 2
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Bends, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beans, Kilney an	nes and S	es -	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	F 0 F 0 0 0 0	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1 0	2 6 2 2
Baskets - Bast Ropes, Twin Bends, viz.: - Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beans, Kilney an	nes and S	es -	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	F 0 F 0 0 0 0	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1 0	2 6 2 2
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twir Bends, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beams, Kidney an Beef salted - fresh, or slig	nes and S es of Glas vise enum	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	F 0 F 0 0 0 0 F	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1 0	2 6 2 2
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twir Beads, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beams, Kidney an Beef salted - fresh, or slig Beef Wood -	nes and S es of Glas vise enum	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb.	FOF OFOOO FF	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 1 0 0	2 6 2 2
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twir Bends, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beaus, Kidney an Beef salted - fresh, or slig Beef Wood -	nes and S es of Glas vise enum	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the	Foot e lb. e lb. e lb. e lb.	FOF OFOOO FF	ree. Oree. 1 O o o cree. ree. ree.	2 6 2 2
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twire Bends, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beams, Kidney and Beef salted - fresh, or slig Beef Wood - Beer or Ale -	nes and S es of Glas vise enum	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the ribed, the	Foot e lb. e lb. e lb. e lb.	FOF OF OF FF	ree. 0 ree. 1 0 0 ree. ree. ree.	2 6 2 2 2
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twir Bends, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beams, Kidney an Beef salted - fresh, or slig Beer or Ale - Mum -	nes and S es of Glas vise enum	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the ribed, the - - - the Ba	Coot e lb. e lb. e lb. e lb. e lb. e rrel	F 0 F 0 0 0 0 F F F 1	ree. 0 ree. 0 ree. 0 0 ree. contraction	2 6 2 2 2 0
Baskets Bast Ropes, Twir Bends, viz.: Arango and Bugle Coral - Crystal Jet - not otherw Beans, Kilney an Beef salted - fresh, or slig Beef Wood - Beer or Ale -	nes and S es of Glas vise enum nd French	nerated or	- - - - descr	- the - the - the - the ribed, the - -	coot e lb. e lb. e lb. e lb.	F 0 F 0 0 0 0 F F F 1 1	0 ree. 0 0 0 ree. 1 0 0 0 ree. ree. 0 0 0 0 ree. 0 0 0	2 6 2 2 2 0 0

					£ s. d.
Berries, viz.:—					173
Bay	-	-	•	-	Free.
Juniper -	-	-	-	-	Free.
Yellow	-	-	-	-	Free.
Myrobalan -	-	•	-	-	Free.
unenumerated, co	mmonly	made us	e of in C	he-	_
mical Processe	s -	-	-	-	Free.
unenumerated, n	ot comm	only mad	de use of	in	_
Chemical Proc	esses	-	-	•	Free.
Birds, viz., Singing Bird	de _	٠ _		_	Free.
Biscuit and Bread -	_	_	the C	w t.	0 0 4
Bitumen Judaicum. Se	a Asnhal	tum		** **	• • •
Blacking	ze zaspiiai	-	`	_	Free.
Black Wood -	-	_	-	_	Free.
	-	. •	-	_	Free.
Bladders	- :\ !	41 1	- 44	-	rice.
Bones (except Whale F	ins), whe	tner bur	nt or not	, or	TA
as Animal Charcoal	-	•	-	-	Free.
Books, viz.:—					
being of Edition	ıs printe	d prior	to the Y	ear	_
1801, bound o	r unboun	d -	-	-	Free.
being of Edition	s printed	in or sin	ace the Y	ear	
1801, bound or			- the C		1 10 0
admitted 1	under Tre	eaties of	Internation	onal	
			d from		
British	Possessi	on -	the C		0 15 0
Boracic Acid -					Free.
	-	•	-	-	Free.
Borax, refined -		•	-	-	Free.
or Tincal, unrefi	nea -	-	•	-	Free.
Bottles of Earth and St	one ·	-	•	-	r ree.
Boxes, viz.:			•		
Brass -			the C	wt.	1 10
not otherwise ch	arged wi	th Duty,		_	/
		for every	7 100 % V 3	alue	10 0
Box Wood	-	-	-	-	Free.
Bran	-	-	-	-	Free.
Brass, Manufactures of	not other	erwise en	umerated	_	
			the C		0 10
Powder of -	-	-	-	_	Free.
Old, fit only to b	e re-man	ufacture	a _	_	Free.
Wire	-	-	_	_	Free.
Brazil Wood -	_	_	_	_	Free.
Brazilletto Wood -	_	-	-	•	Free.
Bricks or Clinkers, Dut	lab.	•	-	-	Free.
	.сп -	•	•	•	Free.
other Sorts -	•	-	-	-	
D-!	•	-	•	-	Free.
		_	-	-	Free.
Brimstone, unrefined refined, in Rolls	•				T3 -
refined, in Rolls in Flour		•		-	Free.
refined, in Rolls in Flour Bristles, rough and in t		and not	in any	- way	
refined, in Rolls in Flour Bristles, rough and in t sorted -	he Tufts	-	- `	-	Free.
refined, in Rolls in Flour Bristles, rough and in t	he Tufts, ed or arra	nged in	Colours,	-	

	.						_
					£	. d	Ĺ
Brocade of Gold and	Silver		_	- the lb.	0	5 0)
Bronze, all Works of		_	_		Fre	_	
Manufactures		f Matal	hrongo	d or lea-			
_	01, 01) DICM	DIVILLE	the Cwt.	0 1	0 0	
quered Powder -	•	•	•	me Cwi.			
	-	-	•	-	Fre		
Brushes, Paint	- G-:		- 01		Fre		
Bullion and Foreign	Coin, of	Gold o	r Suver	•	Fr		
Bullrushes -	-	-	•	• •	Fr		
Butter -	- •	<u>.</u>	-	the Cwt.	0		
of and from a			ion	the Cwt.	_	2 6	i
Buttons, and Studs,	of Metal	l	-		\mathbf{Fr}		
	other Se	orts .	-	• -	Fre	ee.	
Cables (not being I	ron Cab	les), tar	red or	untarred,			
old and new	•	• "	-		Fr	ee.	
Cameos, not set	-	-			Fr		
Camomile Flowers	-		_		Fr		
Camphor, unrefined	_	-	•	_	Fr		
refined	-	_	-		Fr		
Camwood -	_	-	_	-	Fr		
-	-	•	•				
Candles, viz., Sperm	aceti	•	•	the Cwt.	0	2 4	t
Stearine, till	the 5th	ı April	1858, u	inless the			
Duty upon	Tallow	shall b	e repea	led at an			
earlier Tin	ne, in v	vhich C	ase, or	after the			
5th April	1858, th	is Duty	shall be	e reduced			
to the same	Rate as	Tallow	Candles,	, the Cwt.	0	3 6	j
Tallow	-	-	-	the Cwt.		2 4	Į
Wax -	-	-	•	the Cwt.	0	2 4	Ł
Candlewick -					Fr	~~	
Canella Alba	-	•	•	-			
	-	-	-	-	Fr		
Canes, viz., Bamboo		-	-	-	Fr		
Rattans, not	ground	-	-		Fr		
Reed Canes	-	- '	-		\mathbf{Fr}	ee.	
Walking Can	es or St	icks, mo	unted, p	ainted, or			
otherwise			•	the 100		6 0)
Umbrella and	l Paraso	1 Sticks	-	the 100	0	8 ()
or Sticks, un	enumers	ted	-		Fr	ee.	
Cantharides -						ee.	
Cantingrides -	•	•	•	- "			
Caoutchouc -	- ,	-	-	41.11		ee.	
Manufacture		-	-	- the lb.			1
Capers, including th	e Pickle	-	-	- the lb.	_		1 }
Cardamoms	-	-		•		ee.	_
Carcas, viz., Playing	Cards	-	the Do	zen Packs		,	0
Carmine	-	-	•	-		ee.	
Carriages of all Sor	ts	-	-		Fr	ee.	
Casks, empty	-	-	-		Fr	ee.	
Casasya Powder	-	-	-	the Cwt.	0	0 4	4]
Cassia, viz., Buds	•	-	•		F	ree.	•
Fistula	-	-	-		F	ee.	
Lignea	_	•		- the lb.			1
Price		-			-	-	

•								8.	
Castor	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Casts of Bu	s ts, Stat	ues, or	Figures	3 -	-	-	F	ree.	
Catlings	•	-	-	•	-	-		rec.	
Caviare	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	reo	
Cedar Wood	3	-	-	-	-	-	I	rec.	
Chalk, viz.,	unmanu	factured	l -	-	-	-	F	ree.	
prep	a <mark>red or</mark> umerate	manufa	ctured,	and no	t otherw	rise	1	Frec.	
	umerate	u	-	-	A) - O	-		2	_
Cheese	- 1 C 1	D.:!4!-1. 1	• n		the C		_	_	6
			Cheese		the C charged		U	1	U
Cherries, ra	w	•	-	-	the Bus		0	0	2
dried	, until	the 5th	Day	of Apri	il inclus	ive			
					he End				
Tv	velve Me	onths fro	om the	Date of	a definit	ive			
	eaty of				- the		0	0	2
					onths af		-		•
	such &	th Day	of Apr	il -	- the		0	0	2
1	thereafte		-		- the		_	Ö	11
Cherry Woo		•	-	_	-		_	ree	_
Chicory, or	anv othe	r Veget	able M	atter or	mlicable	to	•		
the Uses	of Chico	ry or C			phicanic		_	_	
	or kiln-d		-	-	-	-	ŀ	rec	•
roast	ed or gi	ound, u	ntil tbe	5th D	y of A	pril			
inc	lusive v	vhich sh	all firs	t happer	n after	the			
\mathbf{E} n	d of Tv	velve M	onths f	rom the	Date o	fa			
de	finitive '	Freaty o	of Peace	e with H	Russia,				
		•			the	lb.	_	0	
1	thereafte	r	-	•	- the	lb.	0	0	4
China Root	-	-	-	•	-	-	F	rec.	
China or P	orcelain	Ware,	plain,	painted	, gilt, s	ınd			
ornamente		. ′	• '	-	the C		0	10	0
Chip or Wil		platting	•	-	-	•	F	ree	
Chloroform		•	-	-	- the	lb.	0	3	0
Cider	-	_	-	-	-		F	rec.	
Cinnabaris 1	nativa	_	_			_	_	ree	
Cinnamon	-	_	_	_	- the	1h	_	0	_
Citrate of L	ima	_	_	_	- 6146	10.	-	ree.	
Citric Acid		-	-	-	-	•	_	ree	
Citron, prese		th Cale	-	•	•	•		rec	
	erveu wi	th Sait	•	•	•	-		ree	
Civet		- 3: 41	- L - 37-1.			-	r	ree	•
Clocks, viz.,	not exc	eeaing t	ne vali	16 OI 58.			^	4	Λ
excee	ding the	e Value	of 5s.	and not	the Doz		0	4	v
the	Value o	f 12s. 6	d. each	-	the Doz		0	8	0
excee	ding th	e Value	of 12	s. 6d. a	nd not				
Cee	ding the	Value	of 31.	each		ich	0	2	0
AXCOR	ding the	Value	of 31	and not	exceedi		-	_	
	Value o					ich	0	4	0
	ding the			- ach		ich	ŏ		ō
EACEC	mng tue	. value (и 101. Е	MCII	- ea	,UII	•	••	•

					_		_
					£	8.	d.
Cloves	-	-	- 1	the lb.		-	2
Coals, Culm, or Cinders	-	· - .	-	•		ree.	
Cobalt	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Ore of -	•	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Oxide of -	•	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Cochineal	_	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Granilla -	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Dust	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Cochinella Wood -	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Cocos	-	-		the lb.	Ò	0	1
Husks and Shells	•	-	the	e Cwt.	0	2	0
Paste or Chocolate	-	-		the lb.	Ŏ	ō	2
Coculus Indicus -	_		_	Cwt.	ŏ	5	ō
Coffee, until the 5th Day	of A	ril inclu			•	•	v
shall first happen after	tha Eng	of Twe	Jua X	fontha			
from the Date of a defin	vitigo T	Journal Co.	Poor	aunus Amisk			
Russia	_ UVV	Tour of		the lb.	0	Λ	4
thereafter -	<u>-</u>	•			0	0	4.
	:	- 		the lb.	U	0	3
kiln-dried, roasted,	or gr	vana, un	ıtıı tl	ie otn			
Day of April in	nciusive	e wnich	snai	l nrst			
happen after the	End	of Twel	ve v	lonths			
from the Date of	ot a d				_	_	_
Peace with Russi	a -	-		the lb.	0	0	5
thereafter	· •	-		the lb.	0	0	4
A Drawback shall							
Coffee exported a	ıs Ship'	's Stores	or re	moved			
to the Isle of M	an for	Consum	ption	there,			
equal in Amount							
equal in Amount Coffee.	to thel				F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str	to thel					ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth	to thel				F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root -	to thelrands	Import D - - -	outy o - - -	n raw	F		
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t	to theleands - th Day	Import D of Apr	outy o	n raw	F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen	to theleands - th Day after	import D of Apr	outy o	n raw	F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth - Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date	to theleands - th Day after	import D of Apr	il inc	clusive welve	F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia -	to theleands	of Apr the End definitive	il ind	clusive welve saty of the lb.	F	ree.	
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth - Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following	to theleands	of Apr the End definitive	il incomplete of Trees afte	clusive welve eaty of the lb.	F F O	ree. ree.	21/2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth - Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following 5th Day of April	to theleands	of Apr the End definitive	il incomplete of Trees afte	clusive welve aty of the lb. r such the lb.	F F O O	ree.	2½ 2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following 5th Day of April thereafter	to the rands	of Apr the End definition Months	il inc of Tre	clusive welve aty of the lb. r such the lb. the lb.	F F O	ree. ree.	21/2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following 5th Day of April thereafter Confectionery, until the 5	to the larands	of Aprithe End definitive Months	il inc of Tre afte	clusive welve eaty of the lb. the lb. clusive	F F O O	ree.	2½ 2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following 5th Day of April thereafter Confectionery, until the 5 which shall first happen	to the larands	of Aprithe End definitive Months	il inc of Tre safte	clusive Cwelve eaty of the lb. the lb. the lb.	F F O O	ree.	2½ 2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following 5th Day of April thereafter Confectionery, until the 5 which shall first happen Months from the Date	to the larands	of Aprithe End definitive Months	il ind of Tre safte	clusive Cwelve eaty of the lb. r such the lb. clusive Cwelve aty of	0 0 0	ree. 0 0	21/2 2 11/2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following ' 5th Day of April thereafter Confectionery, until the 5 which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia	to the rands th Day after of a Twelve th Day after of a	of Aprithe End definitive the End definitive	il ind of Tre	clusive welve eaty of the lb. the lb. clusive welve aty of the lb. the lb. clusive welve aty of the lb.	F F O O	ree.	2½ 2
equal in Amount Coffee. Coir, Rope, Twine, and Str Colocynth Columbo Root - Comfits, dry, until the 5t which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia - for the following ' 5th Day of April thereafter Confectionery, until the 5 which shall first happen Months from the Date Peace with Russia for the following '	to the rands th Day after of a Twelve th Day after of a	of Aprithe End definitive Months of Aprithe End definitive Months	il incof Tree after	clusive Cwelve eaty of the lb. the lb. clusive Cwelve aty of the lb.	o o o	0 0 0	2½ 2 1½ 2 1½ 2 2½
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	ed, not oth	crwise	enumer	ated	•	-	F	ree.	
Flax, dress	e d -	-	-	-	•	-		ree.	
roug	gh or undi	ressed	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Tow	and Cod	illa of	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Flock for F	Paper Stai	ners	-	-	•	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Flocks	_	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Flower Roo	ots -	-	•	-	-	_	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Flowers, A	rtificial, v	v hether	of Sil	k or of	other l	fa.			
terials, p	er Cubic I	Foot as	packed	no All	owance	for			
vacant S				- the			0	12	0
Frames for	Pictures.	Prints	. Drawi	ngg or	Mirrora	-		ree.	ŭ
Fruit, viz.,	rew not	otherwi	se enur	neretod	the Rue	hal		0	2
Furniture							U	v	_
	, Beech, I					CA-	10		
Fustic	, Deccu, 1	Diren,	eim, O	ik, waii	iscot	-		ree.	
		-	-	-	-	-		ree.	
Gallic Pow	aer	-	-	•	-	-	_	ree.	
Galls -	•	•	-	-	•	-		ree.	
G≅mboge	-	•	-	-	-	-		ree.	
G arancine	-	-	-	•	-	-		ree.	
G-arnets, cu	ıt, not set		-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
unci	ut	-	-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Gauze of T	`hre a d	-	-	-	•	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
G elatine	-	-	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Gentian		-	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Ginger	•	-	-	•	the C	wt.		5	0
nres	erved, un	til the	5th Day	of Apr					
W.	hich shal	lfirst	happen	after t	he End	of			
	welve Mo								
	reaty of P				the		0	0	2
•	for the	followi	no Tw	olvo Mo			v	v	-3
	anch 5	th Dan	of Apr	il -			0	0	9
	aucii J	on Day	or whi	** -	- the		0	_	ī
Ginarr	tner	eafter	-	-	- the	ın.	-	-	I
Ginseng	.	•	-	-	-	-	Ľ	ree.	
Glass, viz.	: 	**** 1	~1	3371					
	kind of								
of	One Col	our on	ly, (exc	ept Plate	e or Ko	lea			
Ģ	lass,) and	Shade	es and (Jylinder	s, until	the	_	_	_
อ์เ	th April 1 from and	857 in	clusive		the C	wt.	0		6
	from and	l after a	5th Apr	il 1857	-	-	F	ree.	
Flin	it Out Gi	moe, r	min Co	iouicu ·	Umass, e	4114			
F	ancy Orn	amenta	l Glass,	of what	ever Ki	nd,			
	•		-		the C		0	10	0
Plat	te Glass, c	ast or	rolled. c	of whate	ver Thi	ck-			
n	ess, whet	her sil	vered.	polished	or ron	øb.			
21	nd silvere	d Glass	not oth	erwise 4	nnmera	ted	F	ree.	
	na snvere nted	~ ~ 1000				-	_	ree.	
	ite Flint (_ []]aaa T	Rottlee	not out	en cres	ed		- 00.	
				nor car,	engrav	·u,	T.	ree.	
O	r otherwis	C OLUS	mented	-	-	-	-	. 	

Glass-	_continued.	_1	O TD .				£.	s. d.
	Beads and Bu	igles.	See Res	ids.		•		
	Wine Glasses							
	Flint Glas	s Good	s, not	cut, e	ngraved,	or		
	otherwise o	rnamen	ted	-	-	-	Fr	ee.
	Bottles of Gla	ss cover	ed with	Wick	er (not be	ing		
	Cut Glass)	or of Gr	e en or (Commo	on Glass	-	Fr	ee.
	Articles of G					-	Fr	ee.
	Manufactures	not o	therwis	se ent	merated	or		
	described,							
	be re-manu			-		•	Fr	·ee.
Glue			_	-	-	_	Fr	
0.40	Clippings or	Waste	of any	kind	fit only	for		-
	Glue	-	-			-	Tr\-	ee.
Cold	Leaves of	_	_	_	_	_	F	
Guia,	Ore of, and O	- lma of m	hich +l		nton Doni	· i	A .1	cc.
	Value is G		men or	ie gre	MICL T WIL	111	Fr	
C		ola	•	-	the C			
Gongs	. 0	- C D	- 3:	-			_	- :
	s, Guinea, and	or Lara	aise	-	the C			15 0
Grape		-	-	-	the Bus	hei	_	0 2
Grease		-	-	-	-	-	Fr	
Greav	es, for Dogs	-	-	-	-	-	Fr	_
_	Tallow	-	-	-	-	-		·ee.
Guano	-	-	-	-		-	Fr	ee.
Gum,	viz.:							
	Animi -	-	-	-	-	-	Fr	
	Copal -	-	-	-	•	•	Fr	.99
	Arabic	-	-	-	-	-	Fr	ee.
	Senegal	-	-	-	-	-	Fr	ee.
	Lac Dye	-	-	•	-	-	Fn	æ.
	Seed Lac	-	-	-	•	_	Fre	æ.
	Shellac	-		-	-	-	Fr	ee.
	Sticklac	-		_	-	-	Fr	
-	Ammoniacum	-		-	-	_	Fr	ee.
	Asafætida	•	_	-		_	Fr	
	Euphorbium	_	_		_	_	Fr	-
	Guiacum	_		_	_	_	Fr	
	Kino -	_	_	-	_	_	Fr	
	Mastic -	_	_	_	_	_	Fr	
	Tragacanth	-	_	_	_	-	Fr	
	unenumerated	· _	-	-	_	-	Fr	
Gunpo			-	-	•	•	Fr	
	tocks in the re	- numb of	Wood	•		-	Fr	
		Jugn, or	11 00u	-	-	•		
Gutta	Percha -	-		•	D	, -	Fr	86.
	Manufactures	or, not	moulde	a, suç			^	, A
	Sheets, Sol	es, Tub	ing	-	the C		-	5 0
~	Articles	moulded	i -	-	- the	lb.		0 2
Gypsu		•	-	-	-	-	Fr	ee.
Hair,	V1Z. :							
	Camels Hair			-	•	-	Fr	• • •
	Cow, Ox, Bul	ll, or El	k Hair	-	-	-	Fr	98.
	Goats Hair or	r Wool.	See W	Tool.				

		<i>y</i> -100							
Hair-co	mtinued.						£	8.	d.
	lorse Hair	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
	luman Hair	_	-	_	-	-		ree.	
	nenumerate		-		-	-		ree.	
	Lanufacture		Iair or	Goat's	Wool	or of			
•	Hair or Go	at's W	ool and	any of	her M	aterial.			
	not partic	ularly	enume	rated	or oth	erwise			
	charged w				-	-	TE V	ree.	
10.	lanufacture			Goat's	Wool	or of			
	Hair or Go								
	wholly or	in nor	oor wild	any or	nor M.	anlanka,			
	enumerate	m bar	L Made (abaraa	paru.	Dute			
	enumerate	u or or	TOLWISC	cuarge	. 1001	Yalaa	_	Λ	^
TT	C -11 17!- 3-		10	r every	1001.	v aiue	5	-	0
	f all Kinds	- \4*	- 	3	-	•		ree.	
Harp-str	ings or Lui	te-strii	igs, silve	erea	-	-	r	ree.	
	Bonnets, vi	z. :—				.1 11	_	_	_
	f Chip		.	-		the lb.	0	2	6
	f Bast, Can	e, or b	iorsehai	r -		the lb.	0	2	6
	f Straw	-	. `	-	-		0	2	6
_ 0	f Felt, Hair	, Woo	l, or Be	aver _	-	each	0	1	0
Hats of	Silk or Sil	k Shaq	z, laid ι	upon F	elt, Li	nen, or			
	Material	-	-	-	-	each	0	1	0
Hay -	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	,
	or Brushes		-	-	-	-	F	ree.	,
Hellebon	re -	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Hemp, v									
	ressed	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
	ough or und	dressed	۰ ا	_	-	-		ree	
	Tow and Co			-		-		ree	
_	Tute -	_		•	-	_		ree	
	ther Vegeta	able St	nhstance	s of th	e Nati	ire and	•	100	•
•	Quality of	fundr	essed H	emn. si	nd an	nlicable			
	to the san			p,	- up	paroubic -	Té	ree.	
Hides .	ot tanned,	howat	oneriad	or in	- 9 n v v	ov dros		100	•
-11(000) 1	dry -	ia w cu,	- Curricu	, 01, 111	апу и	ay ulco		ree.	
	wet -	_ `	_		_	-	_	ree	
	awed, curr	- 	· in on	W WOW	dross	- +ar Fr		100	•
•	being var							`ree	
	pemg var	maneu 1:	, japann	ieu, or i	nnad	11eu -		ree	•
			arnished	r, Japa	nnea,	or en-		3	
,			melled	-	-	-		ree	
	Losh Hides		- TT:J.	T		- 2 C		ree	•
	Muscovy or	Kuss	a Hide	s, or r	1eces	tnereoi,	1		
	tanned,	colour	ed, sh	aved,	or ot	herwise	_	_	
	dressed	. - ,	-			-		ree	•
•	or Pieces t	he re ot,	raw o	r undr	essed,	unenu-		_	
	merated	•	. -	-		-		ree	
						ed, not	;		
			other	rwise e	numer	ated -	. 1	ree	
	Tails, Buffa	lo, Bu	ll, Cow,	or Ox	-	-	· I	ree	.
4	anned, not	otherv	vise dre	ssed	-	•	. 1	ree	.
Hornes	-	-	-	-	-	-	. 1	ree).
Honey	•	-	-	-	-	-		ree	

Custones 1	u, y 110						
						£ s.	a
Hoofs of Cattle	_	_	_	_	_	Free	
Hoops of Wood.	See Wa	o4 _	_	_	_	1.100	•
Hops, until the 1				the C	١	1 0	0
from and			•	the C		2 5	
Horns, Horn Tip			U	the C	₩ 6.	Free	
	s, and Fi	eces of .	riorn	-	-		
Ice	•	-	-	-	-	Free	
Indigo -	-	-	-	-	-	Free	
Ink for Printers	•	•	•	-	-	Free	
Indian	-	-	•	•	-	Free	
Inkle, unwrought	; -	•	•	-	-	Free	
wrought	-	-	-	-	-	Free	
Iron, Ore of -	-	•	-	•	-	Free	
Pig -	-	-	-	-	-	Free	
Bars, unw	rought	-	-	-	-	Free	
Wire -	. •	•	-	-	-	Free	
Rough Ca	stings	-	-	-	-	Free	?.
\mathbf{Bloom}	•	-	-	-	-	Free).
Chromate	of -	-	-	-	-	Free	
Slit or has	mmered i	nto Rod	8 -	-	-	Free	.
Cast -	-	-	-	-	-	Free	2
Hoops	-	-	-	-	-	Free	١.
Old broke	n and old	l Cast I	ron	-	-	Free	١.
Iron and Steel,	wrough	t or m	anufactu	red, ex	cept		
Arms and Am				•	•		
Machiner				ols. Cut	lerv.		
and ot	her Man	ufacture	s of Iro	n or S	teel.		
	merated	_	-	the (0 2	6
Fancy o		ıl Arti	icles of	Iron	or		
Steel	•		•	the C		0 15	0
Manufacti	ures of. c	oated w	ith Bras				
hv anv	Galvanic	Process	-	the (0 3	6
Isinglass -	_		_	-	-	Free	
Jalap	_		_		_	Free	
Japanned or Lac	anered V	Vara		the (` -	1 0	_
Jet	quereu i	, arc	_	-	JW II.	Free	
Jewels, Emerald	la and	all othe	r proci	0110 Sta	mae	1,100	
set -	15, G 11(1	an one	or breez	100% V	alua,	10 0	0
unset -	_	- 1/	or every	1006.	aiue	Free	
Juice of Lemons,	Times	- - Ω	.	•	•	Free.	
		or Orang	ges -	-	•	Fice	
Kernels. See N	uis.	•				Free.	
Kingwood -			-	-	•	L Icc.	
Kingwood - Lace, and Article			-	-			٥
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or	Worsted	•	-	- th		0 1	0
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o	Worsted or Cotton	i - Pillov	v Lace	(not b	eing		0
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel	Worsted or Cotton s Point	Pillov or Saxo	v Lace on Bone	(not b	eing not	0 1	
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel exceedi	Worsted or Cotton s Point ng One I	Pillov or Saxonch in	v Lace on Bone Width	(not b Lace),	eing not e lb.	0 1	0
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel exceedi exceedi	Worsted or Cotton s Point ng One I eding One	Pillov or Saxonch in V	v Lace on Bone Width n Width	(not b Lace), - the	eing not e lb. e lb.	0 1	
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel exceedi excee Silk Pille	Worsted or Cotton s Point ng One I ding One ow Lace	Pillov or Saxo nch in ' Inch in (not	v Lace on Bone Width n Width being S	(not b Lace), - th - th	eing not e lb. e lb. Vire	0 1 1 0 2 0	0
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel exceedi excee Silk Pille Ground	Worsted or Cotton s Point ng One I eding One ow Lace l Lace) an	Pillovor Saxonch in Version Inch in Version (notes and Appl	v Lace on Bone Width n Width being S ication	(not b Lace), - th - th saxon V	eing not be lb. Vire e lb.	0 1	0
Kingwood - Lace, and Article Mohair or Thread o Brussel exceedi excee Silk Pille Ground Silk Saxe	Worsted or Cotton s Point ng One I eding One ow Lace l Lace) an	Pillov or Saxo nch in ' e Inch in (not nd Appl Ground	v Lace on Bone Width n Width being S ication	(not b Lace), - th - th saxon V	eing not e lb. e lb. Vire e lb. Lace	0 1 1 0 2 0 1 10	0

Lace, and	Article	s thereof	-conti	nued.			£	8.	d.
Bru	ssels :	Point an	d other	· Lace, 1	nade by	the			•
H	and.	not othe	rwise	charged	with I	Dutv.			
	,		1	or every	100% \	alue	10	0	0
Lacquered	Ware	See J		l Ware.				·	·
Lamp Black		,	allamic.	- " " " "	_	_	T.	ree.	
Lapis (inoria	_	-	-	-		rec.	
Lard	CHINIT	11181118	-	•	•	-			
Laru Latten •	-	•	•	•	-	-		ree.	
	-	•	-	•	•	•		ree.	
Shav		-	-	-	-	-		ree.	
Wire		-	-	-	-	-		ree.	
Lavender F.		3 -	•	-	-	-		rce.	
Lead, Ore o	f		-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	
Black	k	-	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Pig a	and S	heet	-	-	-	-	\mathbf{F}	rec.	
Red	-	-	-	•	-	-	F	rce.	
Whit	te	-	-	-	-	_	F	ree.	
Chro	mate	of -	•	-	•	-	F	ree.	
			not of	herwise	enumer	ated.	_		
			-100 00			Cwt.	0	2	0
Leather Ma	nufuat	11800 Vis		•	****	O 11 0.	v	~	v
				~ i-					
		es, and			D	D.!	Λ	•	
**	omen			shes, the			0	6	O
				or trimn		rur			•
			or ot	her Trin			_	_	_
	~-		~ •		Dozen 1		0	7	6
				Double			_	_	
		Shoes, an			Dozen :		0	5	0
		1	f trimn	aed or lii	ned with	Fur			
			or an	y other I	Crimmin	g,			
			,	the	Dozen :	Pairs	0	6	0
•		(Of Silk,	Satin, J	ean, or	other			
			Stuffs	, Kid,	Morocc	o. or			
			other	Leather.		-,			
	*				Dozen	Pairs	0	4	6
		1	ftrim	aed or lir			v	*	. "
		_		any other					
			OI (Dozen		0	5	Λ
C	irle D	note Sho	han ua	Calashes			U	J	0
u.									
	mg	Wester The	:-1C	Length, t	o be en	argea			
34				the abov	e Dune	s.			
.M		Boots and							
				not exce					
	Th	ree Quar	ter inc	hes, or th	e Vamp	Four			
	In	ches in b	leight i	from the					
			_		Dozen		0	7	0
	If eit	her the	Quarter	or Van	ip excee	d the			
	ab	ove Dime	ensions,	but do n	ot excee	d Six			
				from the					
			5	_	Dozen		0	10	6
	If ei	ther the	Quarte	r or Vai					•
	Ş.	y Inche	e in H	leight fr	om the	Sala			
		side -	-		Dozen			14	0
	111	• UDia	-	ше	POSCII	T HILS	•	• •	v

Customs 1 arty Acts Amendment and Consolid	- LLLEU	,,e,	
Leather Manufactures,—continued.	£	8.	d.
Boots, Shoes, and Calashes—continued.			
Boy's Boots, not exceeding Seven Inches in			
Length the Dozen Pairs	0	9	4
Shoes, not exceeding Seven Inches in			
Length - the Dozen Pairs	0	4	8
Boot Fronts, not exceeding Nine Inches in			
Height the Dozen Pairs	0	1	9
exceeding Nine Inches in			
Height, the Dozen Pairs	0		
Boot Backs the Dozen Pairs	0	1	
Cut into Shapes the Cwt.	0	10	0
Gloves of Leather, the following Duties, with			
5 per Cent. thereon, viz.:—		_	
Habit Mitts - the Dozen Pairs Gloves - the Dozen Pairs	0	2	
Gloves - the Dozen Pairs	0		_
Men's Gloves - the Dozen Pairs	0	3	6
Women's Gloves or Mitts,			_
the Dozen Pairs	0	4	6
Any Articles made of Leather or any Manu-			
facture whereof Leather is the most va-			
luable Part, not otherwise enumerated or			
described - for every 100l. Value	10	0	0
Leaves of Gold. See Gold.			
Leaves of Roses	F	ree.	
Leeches	_	ree.	
	-	100.	
Lentils. See Seeds.	_		
Lignum vitæ	F	ree.	
Linen or Linen and Cotton Manufactures, viz.:-			
Cambric Handkerchiefs, hemmed or hem-		_	_
stitched, not trimmed - the Dozen	0	2	6
Articles, Manufactures of Linen, or of Linen			
mixed with Cotton or Wool, wholly or in			
part made up, not particularly enumerated			
or otherwise charged with Duty,	_	_	_
for every 100l. Value	5	0	U
Cambrics and Lawns commonly called French	•		
Lawns, plain		ree.	
bordered Handkerchiefs	F.	rec.	
Lawns of any Sort, not French	F	ree.	
Damasks	F	ree.	
Damask Diaper	_	ree.	
Sails of all Sorts	F	ree.	
Plain Linens and Diaper, whether chequered			
or striped with dyed Yarn or not -	F	ree.	
Manufactures of Linen, or of Linen mixed with Cotton or with Wool, not particularly			
with Cotton or with Wool, not particularly			
enumerated or otherwise charged with Duty,			
not being Articles wholly or in part made			
up	F	ree.	

							43	_	,
Tiangaiga E	20-40				41	Cwt.	£	<i>8</i> .	d.
Liquorice F		D-:	Alab Da	<u>-</u> :	_		1	0	0
		om Bri	tish Fo	ssessions		Cwt.	_	10	0
	wder -	D.	- .:4:.1. D.	• 		Cwt.	1	0	0
				ossession				15	0
				7 inclusi		CWt.		5	0
		d aiter	otn Ap	oril 1857		α ·		ree.	_
	ice -	,	-	-	- the	Cwt.	1	0	0
Litharge						-	_	ree.	
Live Creatu	res illus	trative	of Nat	ural His	tory	-		ree.	
Logwood	<u>.</u> .	- ~			.	-	F	ree.	
Lucifers of	Wood,	the C	ubic Fo	oot of t	he ext	ernal	_	_	
Package,	measure	ed inter	rnally	-		-	0	0	4
Vesta	s, of W	ax, in	Boxes 1	ot exce	eding	1,000			
Ma	tches	-	-	 the 	Doz. I	Boxes	0	0	6
j	in Boxe	s excee	eding 1,0	000 Mate	ches,				
			•	the 1,0	00 Ma	tches	0	0	01
Maccaroni.	Sec Ve	ermice!	lli.	•					-
Mace	-	-	-	•	- tl	ne lb.	0	1	0
Madder	-	_	-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Root	-	-	-	_	-	-	\mathbf{F}	ree.	•
Magna Græe	cia War	e	-	-	_	••	F	ree.	
Mahogany		•	-	_	_	-		ree.	
Mandioca F	our	_	-	_	the	Cwt.		0	41
Manganese,		_	_		-	-		ree.	-4
Manna	-	<u>.</u> .	_		_	_	_	rce.	
Varra C					_	~	•		
MAIIDA L'EAII	n	_	_	-	the	Cwt.	Ω	O	41
Manna Crou	p enume	- -	-	-	the	Cwt.	0 F		41
Manures not	enume	rated	-		the	Cwt.	F	ree.	41
Manuscripts	enume	-	- - thereof	nlain or	-	-	F	ree. ree.	41/2
Manures not Manuscripts Maps or Cha	enume - arts, or	-	thereof,	plain or	-	-	F F	ree. ree. ree.	41
Manuscripts Maps or Che Maple Wood	enume - arts, or l	Parts	-	· •	colour	ed -	F F	ree. ree.	41
Manures not Manuscripts Maps or Cha	enume - arts, or l until th	Parts	Day of A	 April incl	colour	ed -	F F	ree. ree. ree.	44
Manuscripts Maps or Che Maple Wood	enume arts, or l until th shall	Parts : ne 5th I first	Day of A	April incl after	colour lusive v	ed - vhich	F F	ree. ree. ree.	44
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Prunes -	-	-	-	the Cw	t.	0	7	0
Puddings. See Sa	usages.							
Purple Wood	'-	-	•	-	-	F	ree	
Quassia -	•	-	-	the Cw	t.	0	1	0
Quicksilver -		-	-	-	-	F	'ree	J.
Quills, viz., Goose	-	-	-	-	-	F	'ree	.
Swan -	-	-		-	-	F	'ree	! -
Quinces -	-	_	-	the Bush	el	0	0	3
Quinine, Sulphate	of -		-	- the c		0	0	6
Radix Contrayerva		-	-		-	F	ree	}.
Enulæ Cam			-	-	-	F	ree	٠
Eringii	-	_	-	-	-	F	ree	١.
Ipecacuanha	n .	_	-	-	-	F	ree	١.
Rhataniæ	_	_	_	-	_	F	'ree	<u>.</u>
Senekæ	_	_	-	-	_	F	ree	: :
Serpentariæ	or Snel	re Roc	t -	-	-	I	rec	.
	, OI DIIME	1000						
Rags, viz.:— Rags, old R	ones or J	Innk (ad Fish	ing Nets.	fit			
only for i	nakina E	Panar A	or Peats	shoard		Ŧ	ree	٤.
		aper v	A Lagu	, DOME C			ree	
Woollen Ra Pulp of Rag		_	_	_	-		rec	
Raisins -	58 -	_	_	the Cv	vt.		10	_
	•	-	_	-	-		ree	
Rape of Grapes Red Wood or Guin	Wood			_			ree	
Rhubarb -	IGA TY OOU	•	_	_	_		ree	
	•	-	•	_	_	•		
Rice, viz.:	m im tha l	Unck	_	the Cv	wt.	0	0	4
not rough o			•	- the		Ŏ	_	_
rough and i			-	- the v	£		ree	
Dust for fee	aing Cat	ere.	Aho IIni	ted Kingd	nm.	_		-
Upon Ex	portation	i irom		and there	in			
of any Fore	ign Kice	11 15	Dutio	ancu there	on.			
which shall	nave pa	na tue	Dune	ing been	-aF			
the Importe posited in s	and Des	1-4 W	ozebeni	nig been v	lno			
posited in s	ome bon	ueu w	Mrenou:	of anob Po	12.			
Calendar M	donun iro	om the	- Daw	or such re				
ment, shall	nave the	ere rei	nameu La Faa	secureu ui	D.G.			
the Time of	Lxporta	tion, t	ne Exp	orer maki	ng.			
Declaration	tnat su	en Kie	e was	cleaned in	ina			
rough Rice	or Pado	ıy upo	MAIC	n the Dut	.:.1			
had been p	aid, there	shall	be allo	wed and p	ulu L			
for every H	undredw	reight	thereof	a Drawba	ICK			
equal in A	mount to	o the	Duty p	and on eve	ery			
Four Bushe	us of the	Koug!	h Kice o	r Paddy fr	om			
which the s	ame shal	l have	been c	leaned.			1	
Rose Water -	•	-	-	•	-	_	700 700	
Rose Wood -	•	-	-	-	-	1	160	•

C. 97.

Customs Tariff Acts Amendment and Consolidation.

		<u> </u>				
						£ s. d.
Rosin	-	-	-	-		Free.
Oil of.	See Oi	l.				
Saccharum S	aturni	-	•	-		Free.
Safflower	-	-	•	-		Free.
Saffron	-	_	-	-		Free.
Sago	_	-	-	-	the Cwt.	0 0 4
Sal, viz. :-						
Ammon	iac	-	-			Free.
Limonu		-	-			Free.
Prunella		_	_	_		Free.
Salep or Sale		-	_	_		Free.
Salicine	'P	_	_	_	- the oz.	0 0 3
Salt -	_	_	_	-		
	•	•	•	•		Free.
Saltpetre	-	-	•	-	•	Free.
Sanguis Dra	TATO - 3	•	•	-		Free.
Santa Maria		•	-	•		Free.
Sapan Wood		-	-	-		Free.
Sersaparilla	-	-	-	•	-	Free.
Sassafras	-	•	-	-	• •	Free.
Satin Wood		-	•	-	-	Free.
Sauces, not o		e enume	rated	•	- the lb.	0 0 1
Saunders, vi						
Red	-	-	•	•		Free.
	ite or I		•	-		Free.
Sausages or	Pudding	gs .	-	-		Free.
Scaleboards	-	-	- '	-	the Cwt.	0 1 0
Scammony	-	-	-	-		Free.
Seeds, viz.:-	_					
Acorr	18	-	-	-		Free.
Anise		•	-	-		Free.
Beans	, Kidne	y or Fre	ench	-		Free.
Burne		-	-	-		Free.
Canar		•	•	•		Free.
Carav	•	-	-	-	the Cwt.	0 5 0
0	f and fr	om Brit	ish Poss	essions	the Cwt.	0 2 6
Carro	t	_	-		-	Free.
Clove		_		_		Free.
Colch	_	_	_	_		Free.
Cole		_	_	_		Free.
Coria		_	_	_		Free.
Croto		_	_	_	: :	
Cumn		_	-	-		Free.
Dari		_	_	-		Free.
		_	-	•		Free.
Fenug	STOOK	-	-	-		Free.
Flax		•	•	•	-	Free.
Fores	-	•	•	-		Free.
		umerate		•		Free.
		of all So	rts	•		Free.
Hemp		-	-	~		Free.
Leek		•	•	•	-	Free.
Lentil	s	-	•	-		Free.
			TA C O	•		

Ff8

C1- *						<u> </u>	<u>_</u>
Seeds—continue	a.					L s.	a.
Lettuce		•	-		-	Free.	
Linseed	-	-	-	•	-	Free.	
Lucerne	• •	• •	-		٠	· Free.	
Lupine	-	-	-		-	Free.	
Maw -	-	-	-	-	-	Free.	
Millett	-		-	-	-	Free,	
Mustard	-	-	-	-	-	Free	,
. Onion		•	-	-	-	Free	
Parsley	-	-	-	-	-	Free	
Poppy	-	. •	-	-	-	Free	
Quince	-		-		-	Free	
Rape	-	-	-	-	-	Free	
Sesamun	ı	-		-	•	Free	
Shrub or			-	_	_	Free	
Tares				_		Free	
Trefoil	_	_	_	_	_	Free	
Worm	_		_		_	Free	-
	ls unenum	orotod			£0=	1100	•
				my useu	IUI	E	
	sing Oil th			- -	3	Free	•
Allothei	Seeds, no	t partic	uiariy e	numerate	aor	-	
	bed, nor o	therwise	e charge			Free	
Semolina -	•	•	•	the (JWt.	0_0	
Senna	.	• •	•	. <u>-</u>	-	Free	•
Ships, with th	eir Ta ck	е, Арр	arel, aı	ad Furni	ture		
(except Sails)	, broken u	p or to	be brok	en up, viz	·:		
Foreign	-	- f	or ever	y 100% V	alue	5 0	0
British !	Ships, or	Vessels	entitled	to be re	gis-		
tered	as such, r	ot havi	ng beer	a built in	the		
	l Kingdon		Ŭ.	-	-	Free	
Shumach -	-	-	-	, –		Free	
Silk, viz.:-							
	r Husks o	f Silk a	nd. Was	te Silk		Free	
Raw Sill	k .		_	•	_	Free	
	Silk, not	lead Si	noles	_	_	Free	
41110114	DIAM, HOU		ram		_	Free	
•				C		Free	
	D			e or Craj	•	Free	
	. Dye	d, Singl			-		
M:11!	- c 6:11-		nzine or		D	Free	•
Milliner	of Silk,	or or w	nich the	greater .	Part		
of the	Material						_
		bans_or			each	0 3	6
•	_	s or Bor	nets		e ac h	0.7	0
_	. Dre		•		each	1 10	0
	Choppas, s, and Ta			ssore Clo	oths,		
	Pieces no			H Yards	in		
	ength		umik (the P		0 0	6
		- and4	-			0 0	•
	eeding 6	with not	DBBDED			Λ Λ	8
IJ	Length	•	٠	the F		0 0	J
exc	eeding 71	and not	exceed				10
ir	Length	-	-	. the P	1 ece	0 0	ĬΛ

continued.	£ s.	d
China Crape Shawls,	Scarfs, Handkerchiefs,	
and Pieces, viz.:-	J.Domash Abalb O. 0	,
	d Damask - the lb. 0 8	(
embroid		(
Damask -	the running Yard 0 0	8
Pongees, viz. :		
in Pieces not e	exceeding 15 Yards in	
Length	- the Piece 0 2	(
exceeding 15 Ya	ds and not exceeding 21	
Yards in Lengt	h - the Piece 0 3	(
exceeding 21 Ya	ds and not exceeding 31	_
Yards in Leng		(
	ain and figured, in Pieces	
not exceeding	9 Yards in Length,	
	the Piece 0 1	(
	ls and not exceeding 18	
Yards in Leng	th - the Piece 0 3	1
Manufactures of Silk,	or of Silk and any other	
	g Articles wholly or in	
	particularly enumerated	
or otherwise charge	ed with Duty,	
	for every 100l. Value 15 0	
of and from a Br		
	for every 100%. Value 5 0	
Articles, Manufacture	s of Silk, or of Silk and	
any other Material,	not particularly enume-	
rated or otherwise	charged with Duty, for every 100l. Value 15 0	
a 16 D	for every 100l. Value 15 0	
of and from a Bi		
	for every 100l. Value 5 0	
Manufactures of Silk	, or of Silk mixed with	
Metal or any other	Material, the Produce of	
Europe, viz.:-		
Silk or Satin, p	lain, striped, figured, or	
brocaded, viz.	-	
Broad Stuff		
	ereof, not otherwise enu-	
merated		
	at the Option of the Offi-	
cer	s of the Customs,	
	for every 1001. Value 15 0	
Gauge or Crone ni	ain, striped, figured, or	
	an, surpeu, ngurou, or	
brocaded, viz.:-	the lk o o	
brocaded, viz.: Broad Stuffs	the lb. 0 9	
brocaded, viz.: Broad Stuffs	not otherwise enumerated,	
brocaded, viz.:— Broad Stuffs Articles thereof,	not otherwise enumerated, the lb. 0 10	
brocaded, viz.:— Broad Stuffs Articles thereof, i	not otherwise enumerated,	

Silk—continued.	£	s.	d.
Gauze, mixed with Silk, Satin, or other Ma-			
terials, the Gauze being in less Proportion			
than One Half Part of the Fabric, viz.:-			
Broad Stuffs the lb.	0	9	0
Articles thereof, not otherwise enumerated,			
the lb.	0	10	0
or, and at the Option of the Officers of			
the Customs, for every 1001. Value	15	0	0
Velvet, plain or figured, viz.:-			
Broad Stuffs the lb.	0	9	0
Articles thereof, not otherwise enumerated,			
the lb.	0	10	0
or, and at the Option of the Officers of	•		
the Customs, for every 100l. Value	15	0	0
Broad Stuffs, the Foundation of which is	••	Ĭ	
wholly composed of Cotton or other			
Materials than Silk the lb.	0	3	0
Ribbons, plain Silk, of One Colour only, the lb.	ŏ	-	ō
Plain Satin, of One Colour only, the lb.	ŏ		Ŏ
	v	Ü	٠
Silk or Satin, striped, figured, or brocaded,			
or plain Ribbons of more than One	Λ	10	0
Colour - the ibi	U	10	٠
Gauze or Crape, plain, striped, figured, or	^	14	Λ
brocaded the lb.	U	14	v
Gauze, mixed with Silk, Satin, or other			
Materials, the Gauze being in less Pro-			
portion than One Half Part of the	_	10	Λ
Fabric the lb.	U	12	U
Velvet or Plush, wholly of Silk, or of Silk			
mixed with Cotton, not exceeding Nine			
Inches in Width, viz.:-			
Plain, or embossed by Depression, with	_	_	_
out Satin or Fancy Edge the lb.	0	5	0
Figured, brocaded, striped, or spotted,			
or with Fancy or Satin Edge, and			
Silk Ribbons, in any way mixed or			
ornamented with Velvet or Plush,			_
the lb.			0
Fancy Silk Net, or Tricot - the lb.	0		
Plain Silk Lace or Net called Tulle the lb.	0	8	0
Manufactures of Silk, or of Silk mixed with			
any other Materials, called Plush, not being			
Ribbons the lb.	0	3	0
Articles thereof, not otherwise enumerated,			
the lb.	0	3	6
Black Plush, commonly used for making Hats,			
the lb.	0	1	0
Parasols and Umbrellas each	0	1	0
Damask of Silk and Wool, or of Silk and other			
Materials, for Furniture, the lb.	0	0	10
,,			

Customs 1 urty 21cts					
Silk-continued,					£ s. d.
Manufactures of Sill	G or of S	Silk mix	ed with	any	
other Materials, n					
or charged with I	Outy, for	every	100l. Vs	lue 1	5 0 0
Silkworm Gut -	•	- 1	-	-	Free.
Silver Ore, or Ore of which	the gr	eater Pa	art in Va	lue	
is Silver	•		•	-	Free.
Skins, Furs, Pelts, and Tai	ls. viz. :	_			
Badger, undressed		-	•	_	Free.
Bear ,,	-	-	-	-	Free.
Beaver "	•	-	-	-	Free.
Cot. "	-	•	•	-	Free.
Chinchilla "	-		-	-	Free.
Conor.	-		-	-	Free.
Door	-			-	Free.
Indian, half dro	essed	-	-	_	Free.
tanned,		r in anv	way dre	ssed	Free.
Dog, in the Hair, n					A 1001
way dressed	-				Free.
Dog Fish, undressed	1 _	_	_	_	Free.
าตาเ		_	_	_	Free.
F-mine "	-	-	_	_	Free.
dressed	-	-	_	_	Free.
Fisher, undressed	-	-	•	-	Free.
	•	•	•	-	
Fitch, "-	•	•	•	-	Free. Free.
Fox "-	-	•	-	-	
Tails ,, -	٠	•	•	-	Free. Free.
Goat, raw or undres		-		•	
tanned, tawed,	or in an	y way	uresseu	-	Free.
Goose, undressed	•	-	•	•	Free.
Hare "		•	-	-	Free.
Husse "	•	-	•	•	Free.
Kangaroo "		-	-	-	Free.
Kid, in the Hair, un	dressed	-	-	-	Free.
dressed -		٠,	-	-	Free.
and dye		oured	-	-	Free.
Kolinski, undressed			•	-	Free.
Lamb, undressed in		ol -	-	-	Free.
tanned or tawe		-		-	Free.
	and dy	yed or c	oloured	-	Free.
dressed in Oil	-	-	-	-	Free.
Leopard, undressed	•	•	-	-	Free.
Lion "	•	•	-	-	Free.
Lynx "	-	•	-	-	Free.
Marten "	-	-	-	-	Free.
Marten Tails ,,	-	-	•	-	Free.
Minx "		•	•	-	Free.
dressed -	•	-	-	-	Free.
Mole, undressed	-	•	-	-	Free.
Musquash ,, -	-	-	•	-	Free.
Nutria " -	-	-	•	-	Free.
Otter " -	•	-	•	•	Free.
• •					

							•	_
Skins, &c contin					•	£_ı		d.
Ounce, und	ressed	•	•	-	•	Fr		
Panther	>>	-	•	-	-	Fr		
Pelts	"	-	- ,		•.	Fr		
	l, tawed,	or in ai	y way d	ressed	-	Fr		
Racoon, un	dressed	-		-	-		.99	
Sable	»		•	-	-		œ.	
	ls or Tips			· •	-	F	.99	
Seal, in th		ot tann	ed , tawe	d, or in a	ıny			
way dres	ssed	· -	-	-	-		·ee.	
Sheep, und			ool -	-	-		.ee.	
	ned or tav		. •	-	-		ree.	
	sed in O		-	•	-	F	ree.	
Squirrel or	Calabar	, undre	ssed	•	-	F	ee.	
. •		tawed	l -	-	-	F	ree.	
•		Tails,	undress	ed	-	F	ree.	
Swan, und	ressed	•	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Tiger	-	-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Weasel	-	-	-	•	-	F	ree.	
Wolf -	-	-	-	-	-		ree.	
tawed	•	•	•	•	-		ree.	
Wolvering		sed	•	_	-		ree.	
Skins and	Furs. or	Pieces	of Skins	and Fr	ırs.			
	erated, vi		·- ~		,			
	or undre	_	-		_	Tr.	ree.	
	ned, tawe		ied or	in any v	7 9 T	-		
	ressed		-	-	,	Tr\	ree.	
Articles m		ed of S	king and	Fure	_		ree.	
Smalts -		-			_		ree.	
Soap, viz.:—	_		_	_	_			
hard -	_		_ •	the C		0	0	8
soft -	_	-	_	the C		Ö	Ö	8
·	-	•	•	the C		0	0	8
Naples	foror So	. -	•			•	-	2
scented or	Tancy So	аp	-	- the	ID.	0	0	
Soda, Sulphate of	•	-	-	μ. α.:	1		ree.	_
Soy	•	-	-	the Gal		0	0	6
Spa Ware	1 -	, -	the	Cubic F	oot		0	6
Specimens of Min					-		· ee.	
a 11 1 1777 1	. illus	trative	of Natu	ral Histo	ry		ree.	
Speckled Wood	•	-	-	•	-		ree.	
Spectacles -		-	•	-	-		ree.	
Spelter or Zinc, c	rude in (akes	•	-	-		ee.	
rolled, but			nanufact	ured	-		ree.	
Oxide and		f	-	-	-		œ.	
Rods for E		-	-	•	-	Fr	œ.	
Manufactu	res of, no	t.other	wise enu					_
				the C	wt.	0	2	0
Spermaceti -	. •	-	-	-	•	Fr	·ee.	
Spirits or Strong	Waters,	viz. :						
Not being s	weetened	or mix	ed with	any Art	icle			
so that the	Degree	of Stre	ength th	ereof can	not			
be ascertai								
			-	•	•			

Spirits, &c.—continued.	£	8.	d.
Gallon of the Strength of Proof by such			
Hydrometer, and so in proportion for any			
greater or less Strength than the Strength of			
Proof, and for any greater or less Quantity			
than a Gallon the Gallon	0	15	0
Of and from a British Possession in America			
or the Island of Mauritius, and Rum of and			
from any British Possession within the Limits			
of the East India Company's Charter, in regard			
to which the Conditions of the Act 4 Vict. c. 8.			
have or shall have been fulfilled, if imported—		_	_
into England or Scotland - the Gallon	0	8	2
into Ireland the Gallon	0	6	4
Rum Shrub, Liqueurs, and Cordials of and from			
a British Possession in America, or the Island			
of Mauritius, or a British Possession within			
the Limits of the East India Company's Charter,			
qualified as aforesaid, if imported—		_	_
into England or Scotland - the Gallon	0		2
into Ireland the Gallon	0	6	4
Other Spirits, being sweetened or mixed, so that			
the Degree of Strength cannot be ascertained			
as aforesaid, and perfumed Spirits to be used as	_	_	_
Perfumery only the Gallon	1	0	0
Spirits or Strong Waters imported into the United			
Kingdom mixed with any Ingredient, and although			
thereby coming under some other Denomination,			
except Varnish, shall nevertheless be deemed to be			
Spirits or Strong Waters, and be subject to Duty as			
such.	,	-	
Sponge		Free	
Squills, dried		Free	-
not dried		Free	
Starch the Cwt.	0		44
Gum of, torrified or calcined the Cwt.	Q		4 <u>I</u>
Stavesacre	J	ree	•
Stays or Corsets of Linen or of Cotton, or of Linen and	_	_	_
Cotton mixed the Dozen Pairs	0	2	0
Stearine, till the 5th April 1858, unless the Duty			
upon Tallow shall be sooner repealed, in which	^		•
Case the Duty shall cease the Cwt.	0		6
after the 5th April 1858	-	Free	
Steel, unwrought	ı	Free	•
manufactured or wrought. (See Iron.)	,	D	
Scrap	1	Free	•
Stones, viz.:-	,	m	
Stone, in Lumps, not in any Manner hewn -	_	ree	
Slate, in rough Blocks or Slabs		Free	
hewn	_	Free	
Marble, in rough Blocks or Slabs sawn into Slabs or otherwise manu-		Free	•
factured	1	Free	
iscialed	4	r. 1.66	•

Stones—continued.					
Limestone -	-	•	_	-	Free.
Asphalt Rock	•	-	-	-	Free.
Flint	•	-	-	-	Free.
Felspar and Stones	for Pot	ter's Use	-	-	Free.
Pebble -	-	-	-	-	Free.
for Lithography	-	-	-	-	Free.
in Blocks, shaped o	r rough	scalped	-	-	Free.
Mill Stones, rough	- 0	-	-	-	Free.
	or hew	1 -	-	-	Free.
Burr Stones, rough		-	-	-	Free.
	or hew	a -	-	-	Free.
Quern Stones, roug		-	-	-	Free.
	or hew	ı -	-	-	Free.
Dog Stones, rough	-	-	-	-	Free.
	or hew	ı -	-	-	Free.
Straw or Grass for plattin		-	-	-	Free.

Vegetables preserved in Sugar, not otherwise enumerated - the lb. Sugar, viz.: Candy, Brown or White, Refined Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality		Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.	For the follow- ing Twelve Months after such 5th Day of April.	Thereafter.
otherwise enumerated - the lb. Sugar, viz.: Candy, Brown or White, Refined Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality thereto the Cwt. White Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to White Clayed, not being Refined, or equal in Quality to Refined the Cwt. Yellow Muscovado and Brown Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed, and not equal to White Clayed the Cwt. Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality		£ s. d.	.€ s. d.	£ s. d.
Sugar, viz.: Candy, Brown or White, Refined Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality thereto the Cwt. White Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to White Clayed, not being Refined, or equal in Quality to Refined the Cwt. Yellow Muscovado and Brown Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed, and not equal to White Clayed the Cwt. Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality		0 0 21	0 0 2	0 0 11
Yellow Muscovado and Brown Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown Clayed, and not equal to White Clayed the Cwt. Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality	Candy, Brown or White, Refined Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality thereto the Cwt. White Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to White Clayed, not	-		•
Clayed the Cwt. 0.15 0 0 12 9 0 10 6 Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality	to Refined the Cwt. Yellow Muscovado and Brown Clayed Sugar, or Sugar rendered by any Process equal in Quality to Yellow Muscovado or Brown	0 17 6	0 14 7	0 11 8
	Clayed the Cwt. Brown Muscovado, or any other Sugar not being equal in Quality	0.15 0	0 12 9	0 10 6
Clayed Sugar the Cwt. 0 13 9 0 11 8 0 9 6 Molasses the Cwt. 0 5 4 0 4 6 0 3 9			1	

A.D.1855.

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Customs Tariff Acts Amendment and Consolidation.

The following Drawbacks shall be allowed on Exportation to Foreign Parts, or on Removal to the Isle of Man, for Consumption there, of the several Descriptions of Refined Sugar herein-after mentioned; that is to say,

Descriptions of Rennew Sugar			,
	Until the 5th Day of April inclusive which shall first happen after the End of Twelve Months from the Date of a definitive Treaty of Peace with Russia.	For the following Twelve Months after such 5th Day of April.	Thoreaster.
Upon Refined Sugar in Loaf, complete or whole, or Lumps duly refined, having been perfectly clarified and thoroughly dried in the Stove, and being of an uniform Whiteness throughout, or Sugar Candy, or Sugar refined by the Centrifugal Machine, not in any way inferior to the Export Standard, No. 3, approved of by the Lords	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
of the Treasury - for every Cwt. Upon such Refined Sugar already described, if pounded, crushed, or broken in a Warehouse approved by the Commissioners of Customs, such Sugar having been there first inspected by the Officers of Cus- toms in Lumps or Loaves, as if for immediate Shipment, and then packed for Exportation in the Pre- sence of such Officers, and at the	0 18 9	0 15 8	0 12 6
Expense of the Exporters, for every Cwt. Upon Refined Sugar, unstoved, pounded, crushed, or broken, and not in any way inferior to the Ex- port Standard Sample, No. 1, ap- proved by the Lords of the Trea- sury, and which shall not contain more than Five per Centum Mois- ture over and above what the same	0 18 9	0 15 8	0 12 6
would contain if thoroughly dried in the Stove - for every Cwt. Upon Bastard or Refined Sugar, unstoved, broken in Pieces, or being ground, powdered, or crushed, not in any way inferior to the Export Standard Sample, No. 2, approved by the Lords of the Treasury, for every Cwt.	0 17 10	0 14 10	0 11 10

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Customs Tariff Acts Amendment and Consolidation.

<u> </u>	Until the of April which shappen in End of Months in Date of a creaty of with Rus	after the Twelve	For the foling Tw Months: such 5th of April.	utter	Ther	eafte	я. ——
Upon Bastard or Refined Sugar, being inferior in Quality to the said Export Standard Sample, No. 2,	£ 8.	d.	£ s.	d.	£	8.	d.
for every Cwt.	0 13	9	0 11	8	0	9	6
					£	s.	d.
Sulphur Impressions	•	-	-		F	ree.	
Sweet Wood -	-	-	-	-	-	ree.	
Talc	-	-	-	_		ree.	
Tallow	-	•	the (Cwrt.		1	
of and from Brit	ish Posses	sions -	the		0	0	1
Vegetable -	-	•	•	-	F	ree.	
Tamarinds	•	•	-	_	F	ree.	
Tapioca	•	-	the (Cwt.	0	0	41
Tar	-	-	•	-		ree	-
Barbadoes -	•	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Tares. See Seeds.					_		
Tarras	-	-	_	-	F	ree.	
Tartaric Acid -	-		-	_	F	ree	
Tes,—until the 5th D	av of An	ril incl	nsiva w	hich	_		
shall first happe	n after t	he End	of Tw	elve			
Months from the							
of Peace with R			_	e lb.	0	ı	9
for the following		onths af			•		
Day of April -	-	-	_	e lb.	0	1	3
thereafter -	-	-	_	e lb.	0	1	0
without any	Allowanc	e for D	_		-		
Teasles	-		-	-	F	ree.	
Teeth, viz., Elephants	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Sea Cow, Sea Ho	rse, or Sea	a Morse	-	-	F	T00.	١.
Telescopes	· -	-	-	-	F	ree	
Terra, viz., Japonica	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	
Sienna -	-	-		-	F	ree	
Verde -	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	
Umbra -	-	•	-	-	F	ree.	•
Thread, not otherwise en	oume rate d	or desc	ribed	-	F	ree.	•
Tiles	-	-	-	-	F	ree.	•
Tin, Ore and Regulus of	•	-	-	-	F	ree.	•
in Blocks, Ingots		Slabs	-	-	F	ree.	• _
					0	10	Ω
Foil	•	-	· the C	Wt.	U.	IV	•
Foil Manufactures of,	not otherv	- vise enu	-		U.	10	0

Tincal, unrefined. See Borax.

C. 97.

			- W												-
												£			đ.
Tobacco,	the	fc	llowi	nø	Dut	ies.	wit	h 5	per	. (Cent.	~		`	. .
thereon				-6		,			Pos						
in	าทรก	nfa	cture	d. i	temn	ned.	or s	strip	ned.	th	e lb.	0		3	0
•	4 144 144			٠, .	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,					he lb			_	ŏ
m	anuf	act	nred.	or	Segar	-9	4.			•	e lb.			-	ŏ
_	nuff	400	u. cu,		oog						e lb.			-	ŏ
		277	a 1840	iii P	of -				_	91		pr		_	_
					Gre		Rrit	ain	or .	Tre			J-11		
					Shag,										
•					ı Čig										
	Mer	ch.	ındie	- I	eing	na	ked	in	Cas	P. GR	con				
	tain	ina	not	7) A	s th	in	Eiol	nt v	Pour	nya	net	:			
	Wei	σh	t a	Dra	wbac	k e	hall	he	allo	Wei	d on	,			
					Ship									2.	71
	13×b	,O1 6	WMOII	O.	Ошър	шст	it as				er C		_		-
Tobacco	Pine	M A	f Cla	₩.				. **	_	P	J. U		Fr		-JH0
Tongues	-	~ U	. •	. J					-				Fr		
Tornsal		_		_				_	_				Fr		
Tortoise	or T	'hard	la Si	all	ווחמת נו	2 n 11	fact	ารคสั	-				Fr		
Toys, viz			MO IST	1011,	, uniii	# 11 u	·IACI	urou	_				T. 14	00.	
	arbl			_					*	ha	Cwt	. 0		1	O-
			Тоу	ra	_			. the			Foot			Ō	4
Truffles	TH ÓF	-	Toy	-	_			- 1110	Cui	JIC	1.00		Fr		*
Tulip W		-		_	_			_	_				Fr		
Turmeric		_		_				_	_				Fr		
Turnery,	204	_ _4}	· orwi	- 	irosof	had		- - the	Cnl	hia	Foo			0	4
		051	101 M 1		169011			- 1116	, Oui	DIC	1.00		, Fr	-	-
Turpent	me Va	- nia	. Sa	in.	or Cy			_	_				Fr		
					See				-		•	•	T. L.	ю.	
Twine	/II, UI	12]	hitte (J1.	500	OII.	•	_				_	r.	ee.	
Ultra M		-		-	•	•		_	-					ee.	
Valonia	B LINE	,		-				-	-				Fr		
Vanelloe		-	'	•	•			-	-					œ.	
Varnish,		-	:-i		O)		- ^£	A 10	ah.	. I	-	L L	ю.	
		II CAT	ımınk	25.	ııy 🤜	uau	itity	OI			aller) 1		0
Spirit		L	-	4	ha	.a			LIIC	<i>5</i> G	LHITE		_	. <i>z</i> 'ee.	•
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Vases, v Vegetab	12., 8	11 -	only i	101 1	01 20	OHE.	OL	MISSL	o= 4.		-i bad	i		ee.	
						enu:	шега	itea	or a	98C	ribed			ee.	
Vellum	reser	. A GC	l in S	JHIL	•			-	-			-		ъс. ъс.	
Veneers		•		-	•	•		-	_		Cwt	- /		ee. 1	
Vandiani	٠.	-		-	•	•		-		ще	CWI		_	_	_
Verdigri Verjuice	15	-		-	•			<u>-</u>	•	•		-		ee.	
Vermice	; .11:	- .J 1	Mass		ni '			-	-	.h	C				
Vermice	111 81	ia j	DINCC	uro:	ul '			-	1	ше	Cwt	. (1	_
Vermilli	on	-		-	,	-		-	41.		1011	-	_	·ee.	
Vinegar Wafers	•	-		•	•	•		-	tn	e C	allo	ıı (0	
walnut	137			-	•	-		-	-	•		•		ee.	
ainut	w 00 ' - T	a 11		-		•		-	-	•	L. 11	-		ee.	
ashing	2 1281	∐8 1.1.	1 6:1	-	AT	•	4 h	- M-1	.1 -	· t	he lb). (-)	0	2
atches	ot (τOIC	107	ver	or ar	À O	ıner	TATEL	ai, ez	kce	eain	<u> </u>	1	^	Λ
the ${f V}$	arue	10	101.	eac.	u -	•		•	-		eac	ц.	1	0	0

Customs Tariff Act	Ame	ndment	and C	onsolie	latio	n.	
Watches, &ccontinued.					£	s,	d
Other Watches, viz. :					_	_	_
Gold, open Faces	•	•	-	each		5	0
Hunters -	-	•	-	each			6
Repeaters -	•			each	O	15	(
Silver, or any other	Metal	not Go			_	_	
Open Faces	-	-	-	each	0	2	6
Hunters -	-	-	-	each	0	3	6
Repeaters -	-	-	- •	each	0	8	(
Water, Cologne, the Flas	k (Th	irty of	such]	Plasks			
containing not more than	a One	Gallon)	-	each	0	0	8
When not in Flas	ks (as	perfume	ed Spiri	it),			
			the C	allon	1	0	(
Mineral -	-	-	-	-	F	ree	
Wax, viz. :—Bleached	-	-	•	-	F	ree	
Unbleached	-	-	-	-	F	ree	
Myrtle -	•	-	-	•	I	Tee	١.
Sealing	-	•	-	-	I	100	
Vegetable	-	-	-	-	F	ree	
Weld	-	-	•	-	F	ree	
Whale Fins	-	•	-	-	F	ree	
Whipcord	-	-	-	-	I	ree	
Wine, of and from Foreig	n Cou	intries, 1	the foll	owing			
Duties and 5 per Cent. t	hereon	ı, viz. :-	-	_			
Red	-		the (Ballon	0	5	(
White	-	-	the (allon	0	5	(
Lees of such Wine	-	-	the (allon	0	5	(
The Growth and	Produc	ce of any	Britis!	h Pos-			
session, and in	nporte	d direct	from t	hence,			
the following	Dutie	es and	5 per	Cent.			
thereon, viz.:-			•				
Red	-	-	the (Fallon	0	2	9
White -	-	•	the (allon	0	2	9
Lees of such Wine	-	•	the (allon	0	2	9
The full Duties on	Wine:	may be	drawn	back			
upon Exportation	or Shi	pment a	s Store	s, but			
no Drawback allow	red on	Lees of	f Wine.				
Wire, viz. :-Gilt or plated	1 -	-	_	_	F	ree.	
Silver -	-	-	_		_	rec.	
Copper or Br	ass. S	See Copr	er and	Brass	_		
respectivel	v. '	or orki					
Woad		_	_		T	ree.	
Wood and Timber, the fo	llowin	a Dutic	a mish	5	r	166	'
Cent. thereon on all Woo							
of British Possessions, v		тищоет	the IT	oduce			
Timber or Wood	not he	ina Do	ala Da	44			
Timber or Wood, a	ndan:L	ang De	" L "r.	mens,			
Boards, Staves, Ha	nashik	es, Uar	s, Lato	wood,			
or other Timber or	w 000	sawn, si	out, or	otner-			
wise dressed, except	пеwn,	and not	being T	ımper			
				- +na			
or Wood otherwise Load of 50 Cubic I		Rea wit	יום שני	, the	0	7	6

Wood and Timber—continued. & s. d.
Of and from British Possessions,

the Load of 50 Cubic Feet 0 1 0 Deals, Battens, Boards, or other Timber or

Wood sawn or split, and not otherwise charged with Duty,

the Load of 50 Cubic Feet 0 10 0

Of and from British Possessions,

the Load of 50 Cubic Feet 0 2 (

Or, in lieu of ascertaining the Cubical Contents in Pile, the Importer may have the Option, at the Time of passing the First Entry, in respect of Planks, Deals, Deal Ends, Battens, and Batten Ends, not the Produce of the British Possessions, of entering the same by Tale, upon a Computation of their Cubic Content calculated according to the under-mentioned Scale, specifying in such Entry the Number and Dimensions of the several Pieces included therein; and the Duties imposed thereon by this Act shall be ascertained, computed, and charged upon the Planks, Deals, Deal Ends, Battens, and Batten Ends included in such Entry on the Cubical Contents thereof computed in conformity with the said Scale.

	PLANKS.	DEALS.		Battens.	
	3 × 11 Inch and not above 34 × 114 Inch.	3 × 9 Inch and not above 3½ × 9½ Inch.	3 × 7 Inch and not above 3½ × 7½ Inch.	24 × 7 Inch and not above 2\frac{2}{8} × 7\frac{1}{4} Inch.	24 × 64 Inch and not above 25 × 64 Inch.
Not above 4 Feet in Length,	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet.
the 120	115	95	~3	61	57
Above 4 Feet and not above					
5 Feet in Length, the 120 -	144	118	91	. 77	71
Above 5 Feet and not above					
6 Feet in Length, the 120 -	173	142	110	92	86
Above 6 Feet and not above	000		100	105	100
7 Feet in Length, the 120 -	202	165	128	107	100
Above 7 Feet and not above	231	. 189	146	123	114
Above 8 Feet and not above	201	109	140	120	114
9 Feet in Length, the 120 -	260	213	165	138	128
Above 9 Feet and not above	-00		100	. 200	120
¹⁰ Feet in Length, the 120	288	236	183	153	143
Acove 10 Feet and not above					
14 Feet in Length the 120	317	260	201	169	157
Truve 11 Feet and not shove		İ			
** West in Langth the 190	346	284	220	184	171
VIG 10 Foot and not above					•••
Feet in Length, the 120	375	307	238	200	185
18 & 19 Vict.	G	g			•

C. 97.

	PLANKS.	DEALS.		BATTENS.	
	3 × 11 Inch and not above 3½ × 11½ Inch.	3 × 9 Inch and not above 3½ × 9½ Inch.	3 × 7 Inch and not above 3 ‡ × 7 ‡ Inch.	24 × 7 Inch and not above 2\$ × 7\$ Inch.	24 × 64 Inch and not above 28 × 68 Inch.
	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet.	Cubic Feet	Cubic Feet.
Above 13 Feet and not above					
14 Feet in Length, the 120	404	331	256	215	200
Above 14 Feet and not above					_
15 Feet in Length, the 120	438	354	274	230	214
Above 15 Feet and not above	200	001		200	
16 Feet in Length, the 120	462	378	293	246	228
Above 16 Feet and not above	102	0.0	230	240	220
	490	402	311	261	242
17 Feet in Length, the 120	130	404	311	201	272
Above 17 Feet and not above	510	405	900	050	257
18 Feet in Length, the 120	519	425	329	276	201
Above 18 Feet and not above	7.10	440	2.0	200	0=1
19 Feet in Length, the 120	548	449	348	292	271
Above 19 Feet and not above					
20 Feet in Length, the 120	577	473	366	307	285
Above 20 Feet and not above					
21 Feet in Length, the 120	606	496	384	322	300
Staves, e. in Bre	xceeding 7 adth, or 3 of 50 Cubic ad from B	2 Inches in Feet	n Length, in Thickn	7 Inches ess, the	£ s. d.
	50 Cubic				0 2 0

Staves, exceeding 72 Inches in Length, 7 Inches	.€	s.	d.
in Breadth, or 31 Inches in Thickness, the			
Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0	9	0
of and from British Possessions, the Load			
of 50 Cubic Feet	0	2	0
Staves, not exceeding 72 Inches in Length, nor			
7 Inches in Breadth, nor 31 in Thickness -	ŀ	ree	
Birch and Fir, hewn, not exceeding 3 Feet in			
Length nor exceeding 8 Inches Square,			
imported for the sole Purpose of making			
Herring Barrels for the Use of the Fisherics	F	ree	_
Firewood - the Fathom of 216 Cubic Feet	_	6	
Of and from British Possessions,	•	•	-
the Fathom of 216 Cubic Feet	1	Free	
Handspikes, not exceeding 7 Feet in Length,	•		••
the 120	0	6	0
	Ô	Ö	6
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	-	-	0
Exceeding 7 Feet in Length - the 120	v	12	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	Ų	. 1	-
Hoops		ree	-
Knees, under 5 Inches Square - the 120	0	3	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	-	0	3
5 and under 8 Inches Square - the 120	0	12	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	0	1	0

Wood and Timber - continued.	£	8.	d.
Lathwood - the Fathom of 216 Cubic Feet		12	0
Of and from British Possessions,			
the Fathom of 216 Cubic Feet	0	1	0
Oars the 120	2	5	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	ō	3	9
Spars or Poles, under 22 Feet in Length and	•	_	•
under 4 Inches in Diameter, - the 120	0	6	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	ŏ	Ö	6
22 Feet in Length and upwards, and under	•	•	Ŭ
4 Inches in Diameter the 120	0	12	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	Õ	ī	Ŏ
Of all Lengths, 4 and under 6 Inches in			
Diameter the 120	1	4	0
Of and from British Possessions, the 120	0	2	0
Spokes for Wheels, not exceeding 2 Feet in			
Length the 1,000	1	4	0
Of and from British Possessions,			
the 1,000	0	1	0
Exceeding 2 Feet in Length the 1,000	2	8	0
Of and from British Possessions,	_	_	_
the 1,000	0	2	0
Teak	F	ree.	
Waste Wood, viz., Billet Wood, or Brush Wood			
used for the Purpose of Stowage	F	ree.	
For Shipbuilding, viz. : Stringy Bark, Red and Blue Gum, Green			
Hart, Mora and Locust Woods, and Woods			
formerly admitted at the same Duty as			
Teak	F	ree.	
Treenails of Stringy Bark, Red and Blue			
Gum, and Locust Woods, and all Treenails			
of and from British Possessions	F	`ree.	
Shovel Hilts	F	ree.	
Planed or otherwise dressed or prepared for			
Use, and not particularly enumerated or			
otherwise charged with Duty,			
	0	0	2
And further - for every 1001. Value	10	0	0
Of and from British Possessions,			
for every 100% Value	5	0	0
Vool, viz., Alpaca and the Llama Tribe	F	ree.	
Beaver		ree.	
cut and combed		ree.	
Coney Wool	_	ree.	
Cotton Wool and Waste of Cotton Wool	_	ree.	
Goat's Wool or Hair		ree.	
Hare's Wool		ree	
Sheep or Lamb's Wool	r	ree	•
G g 2			

Customs 1 ur uj 11000 11monament and Constitu			
_	₽	8.	d.
Woollens, viz.:—Manufactures of Wool (not being Goat's Wool), or of Wool mixed with Cotton, not	.~	•	
particularly enumerated, and not otherwise charged			
with Duty	F	ree.	
Articles or Manufactures of Wool (not being Goat's Wool), or of Wool mixed with Cotton,			
viz.:—	_	^	c
Carpets and Rugs - the Square Yard Shawls, Scarfs, and Handkerchiefs, plain,	0		6
the lb.	0	0	4 8
printed, the lb.	0	0	
Gloves the Dozen Pairs wholly or in part made up, not otherwise	U	U	J
charged with Duty,	E	0	٥
Yarn, Cable Yarn		ree	
Camel or Mohair		ree	
Raw Linen	_	ree	
Silk and Worsted, spun together and not dyed		ree	
Woollen or Worsted, viz. :—	•	100	•
Commonly called Berlin Wool or Zephyr			
Yarn, and Woollen and Worsted Yarn			
of Two or more Threads:-			
Scoured, bleached, or coloured,			
the lb.	0	0	6
Not scoured, bleached, or coloured,			
the lb.	0	0	3
Raw, for weaving, not dyed, or only par-	_	_	
tially dyed		ree.	
Yeast, dried		ree.	
Zaffre	_	ree.	
Zebra Wood	F	ree	•
Goods, being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or described nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain or Ireland - for every 100l. Value Goods, not being either in part or wholly manu-	10	0	0
factured, not enumerated or described nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain or Ireland	F	ree.	
TABLE (B.)			
DUTIES APPLICABLE TO THE ISLE OF	MA	N.	
Coffee, the Import Duties in Great Britain or Ireland			
not having been there paid thereon, - the lb. Corn, viz., Wheat, Barley, Bear or Bigg, Oats, Rye.	0	0	2
Peas, Beans, Buckwheat, Maize, or Indian Corn, the Quarter	0	1	0

Customs Tariff Acts Amendment and Consoli	dati	on.	
Corn—continued. Wheat Meal and Flour, Barley Meal, Oat Meal Rye Meal and Flour, Pea Meal, Bean Meal Buckwheat Meal, and Maize or Indian Corn	£	8.	d.
Meal the Cwt.	. 0	0	41
Hemp		ree	
_ 1 ,		ree.	
Iron -	. 1	ree	•
Spirits, viz.:— Rum and other Spirits of the British Possessions not being sweetened or mixed Spirits or Liqueurs, Cordials, or perfumed Spirits the Gallon	,	3	٥
Brandy, Geneva, and all Foreign Spirits, not being Liqueurs, Cordials, or perfumed Spirits,	; ,		
the Gallor British or Irish Spirits exported from a Duty- free Warehouse under Bond in the United	•	6	0
Kingdom the Gallon Such Spirits not exceeding the Strength of Proof by Sykes's Hydrometer, and so	0	3	0
in proportion for any greater or less Strength than the Strength of Proof, and for any greater or less Quantity than a Gallon.	,		
Rum Shrub, of the British Possessions,			
the Gallor		3	8
Liqueurs, Cordials, mixed, sweetened, and per-		10	_
fumed Spirits the Gallon of the British Possessions - the Gallon	0	10 5	0
Eau de Cologne, per Flask (30 not containing more			
than 1 Gallon or the Gallon		0 10	4
Sugar, viz. :	. 0	10	U
Muscovado the Cwt. Sugar Candy, White or Brown, Refined Sugar	,	1	0
or Sugar rendered by any Process equal to Refined, Foreign or British - the Cwt		3	0
Tea the lb			6
Tobacco, viz. :—	. •	•	Ū
Unmanufactured the lb	. 0	1	6
Manufactured the lb	_		9
Cigars the lb		4	9
Wine the Tun of 252 Gallons	12	0	0
Wood, all Sorts		ree	
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise brought from Grea Britain or Ireland, and entitled to any Bounty or Drawback of Excise on Exportation from	t Y		
thence, and not herein-before enumerated or		13	
charged with Duty	-]	ree	•

£ s. d.

Customs Tariff Acts Amendment and Consolidation.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of and brought from Great Britain or Ireland, and not hereinbefore charged with Duty

Frec.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland, but brought from thence, and having there been entered for Consumption, and the Import Duties having been there paid thereon,

Free.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported or brought from any Place from whence such Goods may be lawfully imported into the Isle of Man, and not herein-before charged with Duty, or declared to be free of Duty, for every 1001. of the Value thereof

- 15 0 0

CAP. XCVIII.

An Act to continue certain Turnpike Acts in Great Britain. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS it is expedient to continue for limited Times the Acts herein-after specified:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Certain Turnpike Acts continued to 1st Oct. 1856, &c.

with certain

Exceptions.

I. Every Act now in force for regulating, making, amending, or repairing any Turnpike Road in Great Britain which will expire on or before the End of the next Session of Parliament shall be continued until the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, except an Act of the Ninth Year of King George the Fourth, Chapter Sixty-eight, "for more effectually " repairing the Road from Great Grimsby Haven to Wold Newton " Church, and from Nuns Farm to the Mill Field in the Parish " of Irby in the County of Lincoln," and except as herein-after mentioned.

Acts in Schedule continued.

II. The Acts mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed shall continue in force until the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and no longer, unless Parliament shall in the meantime continue the same respectively.

Short Title.

III. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament and in legal Instruments it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Annual Turnpike Acts Continuance Act, 1855."

Extent of Act.

IV. This Act shall not apply to Ireland.

SCHEDULE.

52 G. 3. c. lxxxi.

An Act for repairing the Road from Chatham to Canterbury in the County of Kent.

53 G. 3. −iii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Neat Enstone and

Turnpike Acts Continuance.

and Chipping Norton Turnpike Road, through Bicester, to Weston-on-the-Green in the County of Oxford, and for making a new Branch of Road to communicate therewith.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His 54 G. 3. c. zv. present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Warwick Road near Solihull to the Guide Post in Kenilworth, and from Stonebridge to meet the aforesaid Road at Balsall Common in the County of Warwick, so far as respects the said Road from Stonebridge to Balsall Common, and from thence to the said Town of Kenilworth.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the 54 G. 3. c. lv. Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for widening and maintaining the Road leading from the East Side of the Market Place in New Sleaford to and through the Town of Anwick in the County of Lincoln, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the said County; and for building a Bridge over the Witham at or near to

Tattershall Ferry.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from 55 G. 3. C. XXXV. Royston in the County of Hertford to Wandesford Bridge, and from the Town of Huntingdon to Somersham in the County of Huntingdon, so far as respects the Middle Division and separate District of the said Roads.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers 55 G. 3. of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from & ****viii. the Bottom of Galley Hill to the Cross in Clanfield in the County of Oxford.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the Lyme 56 G.3.c.xxxii. Turnpike Road in the Parish of Gittisham to Sidmouth in the County of Devon.

An Act for continuing and amending Four Acts passed in the 56 G. 3. c. lxxii. Reigns of Their late Majesties King George the First and King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Luton to Westwood Gate in the County of Bedford, and from Luton to Saint Albans in the County of Hertford.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts 57 G. 3. c. xviii. passed for repairing and widening the Roads from the East End of Brough-under-Stainmoor in the County of Westmorland, by the End of Appleby Bridge, to Eamont Bridge in the said County.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the 57 G. S. c. liv. Town of Crowland in the County of Lincoln to the Town of Eye in the County of Northampton.

An Act for more effectually making, straightening, repairing, 89 G. 3. c. x. and improving the Road from near the Town of Lewes to Polegate in the Parish of Hailsham, and from thence to Eastbourne, and from Polegate to Hailsham Common, in the County of Sussex.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two 59 G. S. c. zeiii. Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from Rochdale Lane End in the Village of Heywood to a Place called the Lands End in Prestwich in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers 1 G. 4. c. ii. of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from Knaresborough to Green Hammerton in the County of York.

C. 98.

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C. 98. 18° & 19° VICTORIÆ.

Turnpike Acts Continuance.

1 G. 4. c. xiv.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His late Majesty's Reign, for amending the Road leading out of the Highway from Wigan to Golborn and Warrington into the Road from Wigan to Ashton in Ashton in Mackerfield in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

1 G. 4. c. xvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of His late Majesty, for repairing the Road from Hulmes Chapel in the County Palatine of Chester to the South Bridge in Chelford in the said County.

1 G. 4. c. xxviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or nearly from the Town of Stockport in the County Palatine of Chester to or near unto the Town of Warrington in the County Palatine of Lancaster, and a Branch of Road to communicate therewith.

3 G. 4. c. lxiii.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts, for repairing and widening the Road from the Market House in Tetbury to the Turnpike Road on Minchin Hampton Common, and several other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of Gloucester, so far as the same Acts relate to the Second District of Roads therein mentioned.

3 G. 4, c. lxvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from the Town of Guldeford to the Directing Post near the Town of Farnham in the County of Surrey.

3G.4.c.lxxxix.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, for more effectually amending, widening, improving, and keeping in repair several Roads leading from the Hundred House in the County of Worcester, and also several other Roads therein mentioned.

4 G. 4. c. xxix.

An Act for amending the Road from the Devizes Turnpike Road, at or near Somerham Brook, through Melksham, to the Horse and Jockey in the Parish of Box in the County of Wilts, and certain other Roads leading out of the said Road, all in the said County.

4 G. 4. c. xxxi.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road from Otley to Skipton in the County of York.

4 G. 4. c. lix.

An Act for more effectually amending and keeping in repair the Roads from the Town of Uttoxeter to the Town of Newcastleunder-Lyme in the County of Stafford, so far as relates to the Uttoxeter District of the said Roads, and for making certain new Pieces of Road to communicate therewith, all in the said County of Stafford.

4 G. 4. c. lxiii.

An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Rugby in the County of Warwick to the Turnpike Road from Lutterworth to Market Harborough in the Counties of Leicester and Northampton.

4 G. 4. c. lxvii.

An Act for more effectually amending, repairing, and keeping in repair the Road from the Toll Gate in the Parish of Kettering, through Wellingborough, in the County of Northampton, and through Olney over Sherrington Bridge to Newport Pagnel in the County of Buckingham.

4 G. 4. c. lxxxv.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the South End of Brown's Lane in the Parish of Great Staughton in the County

Turnpike Acts Continuance.

County of Huntingdon to the Bedford Turnpike Road in the Parish of Lavendon in the County of Buckingham.

An Act for more effectually amending, improving, and keeping 5 G. 4. c. iv. in repair the Road leading from Penrith to Cockermouth, and several other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of Cumberland.

An Act for repairing, improving, and maintaining several Roads 5 G. 4. c. xxx. leading to and from Cerne Abbas in the County of Dorset.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts 5 G. 4. c. ciii. passed for repairing the Road from Halifax to Sheffield in the West Riding of the County of York, so far as relates to the First District of the Roads mentioned in the said Acts.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Bramcote 6 G. 4. c. xv. Odd House in the County of Nottingham to the Cross Post upon Smalley Common in the County of Derby, and from Ilkeston to Heanor in the said County of Derby, and from Trowell in the said County of Nottingham to the Town of Nottingham.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Grantham 6 G. iv. c. xxiv. in the County of Lincoln to Nottingham Trent Bridge in the County of Nottingham.

An Act for amending, maintaining, and improving the Roads 6 G. 4. c. xlix. from Bridgnorth to Cleobury North, and also through Ditton Priors to the Brown Clee Hill, and from Cleobury Mortimer to several Places therein mentioned, and other Roads branching therefrom, in the Counties of Salop and Worcester.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, altering, and 6 G. 4. c. lxxxii. improving the Road from Welford Bridge in the County of Northampton to Milstone Lane in the Town of Leicester.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Roads 6 G. 4. from Sheet Bridge to Portsmouth, and from Petersfield to the c. lxxxvii. Alton and Alresford Turnpike Road near Ropley, in the County of Southampton; and for making and maintaining a new Branch of Road to communicate therewith.

An Act for amending and maintaining the Turnpike Road from 6 G. 4. c. xc. Bawtry through the Town of Tinsley to the Road from Rotherham to Sheffield in the West Riding of the County of York.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Greenhill 6 G. 4. c. ci. Moor to Hernstone Lane Head Road, near Stony Middleton, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Derby, and in the West Riding of the County of York; and for making an Extension and Branch of Road therefrom.

An Act for amending, repairing, and maintaining the Road 6 G. 4. c. cxlvi. from Worksop in the County of Nottingham to the North-east End of Attercliffe in the County of York.

An Act for more effectually improving the Roads from Barnsley 6 G. 4. c. cli. Common to Grange Moor and White Cross, and for making a Diversion of the said Roads from or near to Redbrook in the Township of Barugh to Barnsley, all in the West Riding of the County of York.

An Act for improving the Turnpike Road from Knaresbrough 7 G. 4. c. xiv. to the Junction of the Road from Ripon to Pateley Bridge in the West Riding of the County of York.

An

Turnpike Acts Continuance.

Turkish Loan

7 G. 4. c. xl.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Great North Road at Barnby Moor in the County of Nottingham to the Turnpike Road leading from Bawtry to Tinsley in the County of York, and from the said Bawtry and Tinsley Turnpike Road, at the North-east End of Blackhill Lane to the Town of Rotherham in the said County of York.

7 G. 4. c. lxxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from a Place called Coxbridge, near Farnham, in the County of Surrey, to Ramshill, near Petersfield, in the County of Southampton.

7 G. 4. c. lxxxiii. An Act for making into a Turnpike Road a Road leading from the Cross Gate in the Parish of Swineshead to the Southern Extremity of the Parish of Fosdyke in the County of Lincoln, and repairing and maintaining the same.

7 & 8 G. 4. c. vi. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Godley Lane Head, near Halifax, to Northowram Green, in the West Riding of the County of York.

7 & 8 G. 4. e. xxvii. An Act for more effectually repairing and otherwise improving the Road from the East End of Chapel Bar in Nottingham to the New China Works near Derby, and from the Guide Post in the Parish of Lenton to Sawley Ferry, all in the Counties of Nottingham and Derby.

7 & 8 G. 4. c. lviii. An Act for amending, repairing, and maintaining the Turnpike Road from Rotherham to Swinton in the West Riding of the County of York.

7 & 8 G. 4. c. lix. An Act for repairing the Road from Blackburn in the County Palatine of Lancaster to Addingham and Cocking End in the West Riding of the County of York; and for making and maintaining a new Road from Old Accrington to the Burnley and Rochdale Turnpike Road in Habergham Eaves in the said County of Lancaster, and a Branch therefrom.

7 & 8 G. 4. c. lxxii. An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act relating to the Road from Barnsdale through Pontefract to Thwaite Gate near Leeds, and also of an Act relating to the Road from Leeds to Wakefield in the West Riding of the County of York.

9 G. 4. c. lxxiv.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of several Acts relating to the Road from Chester to Northop in the County of Flint.

9 G. 4. c. ci.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act for making a Turnpike Road from Wells next the Sea to Fakenham in the County of Norfolk, and other Roads connected therewith.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect a Convention made between Her Majesty, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan.

[14th August 1855.]

Himself to Her Majesty and to His Majesty the Emperor of the French to obtain Facilities for raising a Loan in order to enable Him to prosecute with Vigour the War against Russia in

which

C. 99.

' And

Turkish Loan.

'which He is at present engaged in conjunction with Their said Majesties His Allies: And whereas a Convention has been signed

between Her Majesty, His Majesty the Emperor of the French,
 and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, in which it was agreed as

' follows:

" ARTICLE I.

"Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of "Great Britain and Ireland" undertakes to recommend to "Her Parliament to enable Her to guarantee, jointly with "Ilis Majesty the Emperor of the French, and severally, "and His Majesty the Emperor of the French engages, subject to the Ratification of the Legislative Body of "France, to guarantee, conjointly with Her Britannic "Majesty, the Interest of a Loan of Five Millions of Pounds Sterling to be raised by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan.

" ARTICLE II.

"The Interest payable on the said Loan of Five Millions" Sterling shall be at the Rate of Four per Cent. per Annum.
"There shall moreover be paid by the Sublime Porte the "further Rate of One per Cent. per Annum on the whole "Capital of Five Millions Sterling, by way of Sinking Fund.

" ARTICLE III.

"The Interest and Sinking Fund of the said Loan shall "form a Charge on the whole Revenues of the Ottoman" Empire, and specially on the annual Amount of the "Tribute of Egypt which remains over and above the Part "thereof appropriated to the First Loan, and moreover on "the Customs of Smyrna and Syria.

"His Imperial Majesty the Sultan engages that He will cause to be remitted to the Bank of England, on or before the Twenty-fifth of June and Twenty-fifth of "December in each Year, the full Amount of One Half "Year's Interest and Sinking Fund on the whole Amount of the said Loan to be raised under the conjoint Guarantee of Her Britannic Majesty and of His Majesty the England of His Majesty the En

"peror of the French, or on so much thereof as may be "raised, until the whole Capital borrowed shall be repaid.

" " ARTICLE IV.

"Their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of "Great Britain and Ireland and the Emperor of the French, being desirous to save the Sublime Porte the Expenses of "Remittance, consent to undertake to transmit to the "Ottoman Government the Proceeds of the above-mentitude Loan of Five Millions Sterling to be raised under "the conjoint Guarantee of Their Majesties. With this "view it is agreed that the Contractors for the said Loan "shall pay the Proceeds thereof into the Bank of England" for the Account of the Turkish Government, to be transmitted to the Sublime Porte by the Agency of the Governments of England and of France."

Turkish Loan.

C. 99, 100.

Militia Officers Qualifications.

A.D.1855.

' mendation in this Behalf, it is expedient that Her Majesty should ' be enabled to carry into effect the said Convention: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

'And whereas, in pursuance of Her Majesty's gracious Recom-

Authority of the same, as follows:

Her Majesty empowered to guarantee Interest to be charged on Consolidated Fund.

I. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty and She is hereby authorized to guarantee, jointly with His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and severally, the Interest on the Loan to be raised by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, not exceeding Interest at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum on a Sum of Five Millions of Pounds Sterling, upon the Terms and Conditions set forth in the said Convention, and for that Purpose the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are hereby authorized to cause to be issued from Time to Time out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, or out of the growing Produce thereof, such Sums of Money as may at any Time be required to be paid to fulfil the Guarantee of Her Majesty in respect of such Interest as and when the same Interest may from Time to Time become payable, conformably to the Tenor of Her Majesty's Engagement as specified in the said Convention, together with the attending Charges of Management thereon; provided always, that such Charge for Management shall in no Case exceed the Rate of Three hundred Pounds per Million of Capital on which such Interest shall be so payable.

II. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall cause such Sums as shall be from Time to Time paid in or towards the Repayment of any Money issued under this Act in respect of the said Guarantee of Interest to be carried to and form Part of the

said Consolidated Fund.

Accounts to be laid before Parliament.

Sums repaid as Interest to be

carried to Con-

solidated Fund.

III. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall cause to be prepared, and shall lay before both Houses of Parliament in the Month of February in every Year if Parliament be then sitting, and if Parliament be not sitting, then within Fourteen Days of the next Meeting of Parliament, an Account up to the Thirty-first December then next preceding of the total Sums (if any) which shall from Time to Time be issued and applied by virtue of this Act for paying and satisfying any Interest so agreed to be guaranteed by Her Majesty, and any Charge for Management of the said Loan, and also of the total Sums, if any, which may have been repaid in respect of any Advances for Payment of such Interest under the Act.

CAP.C.

An Act to amend the Law concerning the Qualification of Officers of the Militia. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS the Qualifications now required in the Case of Persons to be appointed Officers in the Militia are different ' in the different Parts of the United Kingdom, and it is expedient ' that the Law as to such Qualifications should be made uniform:

Be

Militia Officers Qualifications.

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Every Person who has been or who shall hereafter be Property Qualiappointed an Officer of the Militia of any of the Ranks following shall be in possession of an Estate for his own Life, or for the Life of another, or for some greater Estate, in Land or Heritages in the United Kingdom of the yearly Value herein-after mentioned in connexion with such respective Rank, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall be in possession of a like Estate in like Property of the like yearly Value:

fications for Officers of certain Ranks in the Militia.

Rank.		Yearly Value required for the Qualification.
Colonel Lieutenant-Colonel - Major Captain	-	£600 yearly Value. £400 yearly Value. £300 yearly Value. £200 yearly Value.

Provided always, that as to Appointments to the Rank of Major and Captain respectively any Son of any Person who shall be in the Possession or who was at the Time of his Death in the Possession of such an Estate in Lands or Heritages of such yearly Value as would be a Qualification for such respective Rank shall be deemed qualified.

II. Provided also, That for the Purposes of the Qualification The Income of ≈foresaid a clear yearly Income arising from any Personal Estate Personal Estate within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, of or in possession of which Personal Estate or the clear yearly Income thereof any person appointed an Officer of the Militia is possessed or entitled, walent to the Law or in Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in possession, yearly Value for his own Life, or for the Life of another, or for some greater of Land. state or Interest, shall be deemed an Equivalent to an Estate in L and or Heritages of a yearly Value of the same Amount with * uch yearly Income, and such yearly Income from Personal Estate s hall be admitted in whole or in part of any such Qualification a ccordingly; and no other Property Qualification than herein e expressed shall be required in the Case of any Person appointed a n Officer of the Militia.

III. Provided also, That any Person being a Commissioned Persons holding ficer in any of Her Majesty's other Forces or in the Forces of certain Military e East India Company, who has served Five Years in such orces, may, without any Property Qualification, be appointed a Captain of the Militia; and any Person holding or having held the Rank of Captain or any higher Rank in Her Majesty's other Forces, or in the Forces of the East India Company may, without perty Qualifiany Property Qualification, be appointed a Captain or Major of cations. the Militia; and any Person holding or having held the Rank of Major or any higher Rank in any of the said Forces may, without

Ranks may be appointed to certain Ranks in the Militia without Pro-

Militia Officers Qualifications.

any such Qualification, be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel or Colonel of the Militia; and any Person who shall have been qualified to receive and shall have received a Commission of Major or Lieutenant Colonel in the Militia shall be qualified to receive and hold a Commission of higher Rank in the Militia.

Extent of existing Enactments under this Act.

IV. The Enactments concerning the Delivery of Descriptions of Property Qualifications, and other Provisions and Penalties having reference to the Qualifications now required by Law, shall be applicable with reference to the Qualifications required by this Act.

Militia of London and Edinburgh excepted. V. Such of the Provisions of this Act as regulate the Amount and Nature of the Property Qualifications of Officers of the Militia shall not extend to the Militia of the City of *London* or the Militia of the City of *Edinburgh* and its Liberties.

Extent of the Act.

VI. Except as herein-before excepted, the Provisions of this Act shall extend and apply to the Militia raised in the several Parts of the United Kingdom, and to the Corps of Miners of Cornwall and Devon.

CAP. CI.

An Act for the more effectual Execution of the Convention between Her Majesty and the French Government concerning the Fisheries in the Seas between the British Islands and France. [14th August 1855.]

Convention between Her Majesty and the King of the French, dated 2d August 1839.

WHEREAS a Convention was concluded between Her Majesty and the King of the French on the Second Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, defining ' the Limits of the Oyster Fishery between the Island of Jersey ' and the neighbouring Coast of France, and also defining the ' Limits of the exclusive Rights of Fishery on all other Parts of the Coasts of the British Islands and France: And whereas, ' pursuant to the said Convention, certain Articles, being Regula-' tions for the Guidance of the Fishermen of the Two Countries ' in the Seas lying between the Coasts of the United Kingdom ' and those of France, were agreed upon by Commissioners ' authorized in that Behalf, and were approved and confirmed on ' the Part of Her Majesty and of the French Government: And ' whereas by the said Articles it was provided that Oyster-fishing ' should open on the First of September and should close on the 'Thirtieth of April, and that from the First of May to the Thirty-' first of August no Boat should have on board any Dredge or ' other Implement whatsoever for catching Oysters: And whereas ' an Act was passed in the Session holden in the Sixth and Seventh ' Years of Her Majesty (Chapter Seventy-nine), to carry into ' effect the said Convention, and it was thereby enacted that the ' said Articles (which were set forth in the Schedule to the same ' Act) should be binding upon all Persons, and should have the ' Force of Law: And whereas it is expedient that more effectual ' Provision should be made for enforcing the Regulations esta-

blished pursuant to the said Convention as aforesaid: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with

6 & 7 Viet. c. 79.

C. 101.

Fisheries (British Islands and France).

the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the

Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for any Officer or Petty Officer belonging to Her Majesty's Navy or Revenue Service, or such Officers and Men of the Coast-guard Stations as may be thereunto authorized by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs, or such Persons as may be appointed, under the Provisions of the said Act, by the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council appointed for Trade and Foreign Plantations, when they go on board any British Vessel employed in fishing, to examine whether the Regulations of the said Act have been complied with, to seize, and throw overboard or destroy any Oysters found on board such Vessel, at any Time from the First Day of May to the Thirty-first Day of August in any Year, as well as to seize and dispose of in manner provided by the "Customs Consolidation Act, 1853," all Dredges and other Implements for catching Oysters found on board such Vessel; and it shall also be lawful for such Officers, Petty Officers, and Men, and such Persons as aforesaid respectively, to seize and dispose of in like Manner all Dredges and other Implements for catching Oysters found sunk in or floating upon the Seas at any such Time as aforesaid.

II. No Oysters taken in the Seas between the United Kingdom and France shall be imported into or landed in any Part of the United Kingdom at any Time between the First Day of May and the Thirty-first Day of August in any Year, and any Oysters imported in or landed between such Days from any Vessel employed in Fishing in the said Seas shall be deemed to be Oysters taken and imported contrary to the Provisions of the said Articles and of this Act, unless the contrary be proved; and it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, or any Person who may be appointed under the Provisions of the said Act by the Lords of the said Committee of Council, to seize and destroy, or otherwise dispose of, as the said Commissioners of the Customs or the said Lords of the said Committee may direct, any Oysters imported into or landed in any Part of the United Kingdom contrary to the

Provisions of this Act.

III. The Master or Person in charge of any British Vessel on Penalties on board which any such Oysters or any such Dredge or other Implement for catching Oysters are found, at any such Time as aforesaid, or in or from which any such Oysters are landed at any such Time as aforesaid, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of an Offence against the said Articles, and shall on Conviction be liable to a Penalty of not less than Eight Shillings or more than Three Pounds, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Time not less than Two Days and not longer than Ten Days, and if convicted more than once then upon any Second or subsequent Conviction to a Penalty of not more than Six Pounds, or to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Time not longer than Twenty Days.

IV. It shall be lawful for any British Consul exercising his British Consuls Functions in any Port or Place in France where any Person, being may take Des Subject of Her Majesty, is brought under the Provisions of the

Ovsters and Dredges found on board Fishing Vessels from 1st May to 31st August may be seized.

Oysters landed between 1st May and 31st August may be

Persons in charge of Bri-tish Vessels for offending.

Fisheries (British Islands and France).

ing Offences against the Fishery Regulations, said Articles charged with any Offence against the said Articles, or against any Rule or Byelaw made under the said Act, to take any Statement on Oath (which Oath such Consul is hereby authorized to administer) of any Person who may be produced before the Consul for that Purpose, concerning the Facts or Circumstances of the Case, and to put the same into Writing; and every such Statement as aforesaid shall be taken and put into Writing in the Presence of the Person charged, and shall be read over to him, and, where not made in *English*, shall be interpreted to him; and the Person charged (by himself or by any legal Adviser acting on his Behalf) shall be entitled to put such Questions as he may think fit to the Witness making the Statement, and shall be told that he is so entitled by the Consul; and such Questions, with the Answers thereto, shall be put into Writing, and such Answers shall be read, and where necessary interpreted, to the Person charged as aforesaid; and all such Depositions shall be read over to and signed respectively by the Witnesses who shall have been so examined, and shall be signed also by the Consul, who shall certify that the same were taken on Oath in the Presence of and read over to the Person charged, and, where not taken in English, interpreted to him.

Depositions admissible in Evidence.

V. Every such Deposition shall be admissible in Evidence in any Proceeding against the Person charged as aforesaid with any Offence against the said Articles, or against any Rule or Byelaw made in pursuance of the said Act, unless it be shown that the Witness making such Deposition is within the United Kingdom; and it shall not be necessary in any Case to prove the Signature or official Character of the Consul appearing to have signed any such Deposition, or the Signature of the Witnesses signing the same; and in any such Proceeding such Certificate as aforesaid shall, unless the contrary be proved, be sufficient Evidence of the Matters thereby certified.

Penalties and Proceeds of Sales, &c. to be paid into Exchequer. VI. All Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures, and the Proceeds of any Sale of Dredges or other Implements under this Act, or under the said Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of Her Majesty, shall be paid into the Receipt of Her Majesty's Exchequer, in such Manner as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may direct, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom.

As to Term
"British Consul."
Recited Act
and this Act
to be read to-

gether.

VII. The Term "British Consul" in this Act shall include any Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or other Consular Agent.

VIII. The said Act of the Sixth and Seventh of Her Majesty and this Act shall be read and construed together as One Act.

CAP. CII.

An Act to confirm certain Provisional Orders made under an Act of the Fifteenth Year of Her present Majesty, to facilitate Arrangements for the Relief of Turnpike Trusts. [14th August 1855.]

14 & 15 Vict. c. 38. WHEREAS, in pursuance of the Act of the Fifteenth Year of Her Majesty, "to facilitate Arrangements for the Relief "of Turnpike Trusts, and to make certain Provisions respecting "Exemptions

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.

" Exemptions from Tolls," certain Provisional Orders have been ' made by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, then One of ' Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and by the Right ' Honourable Sir George Grey, now One of such Secretaries, for ' reducing the Rate of Interest, and for extinguishing in certain ' Cases the Arrears of Interest on the Mortgage Debts charged ' or secured on the Tolls or Revenues of certain Turnpike Roads, 'and such Orders have been published in the London Gazette, ' and in Newspapers circulating in the Neighbourhood of such ' Roads, and the Dates of such Provisional Orders, and the Acts ' under which the Tolls or Revenues on which such Debts are ' charged or secured are levied or raised, together with the Amount ' to which the Rate of Interest on such Debts is to be reduced, and ' the Day up to which the Interest and Arrears of Interest on ' such Debts are to be extinguished by such Orders, are men-' tioned in the Schedule to this Act: And whereas it is expedient ' that the said Provisional Orders should be confirmed and made 'absolute:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. That the said Provisional Orders are hereby confirmed and Provisional made absolute, and shall be as binding and of the like Force and Orders con-Effect as if the Provisions thereof had been expressly enacted by firmed.

Parliament.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Provisional Order.	Title of Local Act.	Pri	nount of ncipal lebt.		Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum.	Arrears of Interest to be extinguished to the follow- ing Dates.
1854. 26 Ang.	5 W. 4. c. 26., "An Act for "more effectually repairing "the Road from the Exeter "Turnpike Road to Biddaford, and certain Roads "leading from Bridgetown "Pomeroy, and Totnes, and other Roads communicating therewith; and for repairing Totnes "Bridge, and erecting "Bridges over the Stover "Canal, the Rivers Teign and Lemon, and the Mill "Leat, all in the County "of Devon"	£ 2,700 686 25,800	0 0	d. 0 0 0 0	No Reduction } 4l.perCent.	No Arrears extinguished.

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.

Date of Provisional Order.	TITLE OF BOOM ACT.	Amount of Principal Debt.	Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum.	Arrears of Interest to be extinguished to the follow- ing Dates.
1854. 26 Oct.	7 G. 4. c. 18., "An Act for "amending and maintain- "ing the Road leading "from the Turnpike Road "on Farrard's Common, in "the Parish of Bradford, "through Holt and Melk- "sham to Homan's Stile in "the Parish of Lacock "in the County of Wilts, "and the Road leading "therefrom to the Bath "Turnpike Road upon "Kingsdown Hill in the "same County" -	£ s. d.	9/ per Cent	31st Dec.
6 Nov.	57 G. 3. c. 12., "An Act for "making and maintaining "a Turnpike Road from "and out of the Turnpike "Road at the Bottom of "Coalbrook Dale, in the "Parish of Madeley, into "the Turnpike Road leading from Shiffnal to "Shrewsbury, at or near a Place called Watling "Street in the Parish of "Wellington, all in the "County of Salop" -		21. per Cent.	1853.
6 Nov.	54 G. 3. c. 14., "An Act for "enlarging the Term and "Powers of an Act of His "present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Canterbury Lane, within "the Liberty of the Town of Folkestone, to a Place in the Parish of Folkestone, called Mudshole, "and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County	4,800 0 0	47. per Cent.	1853.
	" of Kent" -	4,475 0 0	21. per Cent.	31st Dec. 1854.

Turnpike Trusts Arrangem	rents.
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Larkpike Lrusts Arrangements.					
Date of Provisional Order.	TITLE OF LOCAL ACT.	Amount of Principal Debt.	Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum.	Arrears of Interest to be extinguished to the follow- ing Dates.	
1854. 16 Dec.	8 G. 4. c. 61., "An Act for "amending and improving "the Roads leading from "Tiltup's Inn in the Parish "of Horsley, to or near "Dudbridge in the Parish "of Rodborough, and from "the Bridge at Nailsworth "to The Cross Post on "Minchinhampton Common, and other Roads "thereto adjoining; and "for making a new Piece "of Road from the said "Bridge to The Cross in "the Parish of Avening, "all in the County of "Gloucester." (So far as the same relates to the Nailsworth and Avening Branch Road.) 5 G. 4. c. 44., "An Act for "making and maintaining "a Turnpike Road from "Colne in the County of "Lancaster, to communicate with the Road "leading from Clitheroe in the same County, to "Skipton in the County		1% per Cent.	· 18 58.	
16 Dec.	"of York" 6 G. 4. c. 144., "An Act for "repealing Two Acts for "repairing the Roads from "Little Sheffield in the "County of York to "Sparrow Pit Gate in the "County of Derby; and "also an Act for making "a Road from Banner "Cross in the West Riding "of the County of York, "to Fox House in the "County of Derby; and "for consolidating the	h 2	2L per Cent.	81st Dec. 1858.	

Turnpike	Trusts	Arrangements.

Date of Provisional Order.	TITLE OF LOCAL ACT.	Amount of Principal Debt.		Arrears of Interest to be extinguished to the follow ing Dates.
1854.	"Trusts of certain Roads "mentioned in the said "Acts; and for amending "and making certain other "Roads to communicate "therewith; and for other "Purposes relating there- "to"	£ s. d.	4l. per Cent.	31st Dec
21 Dec.	7 G. 4. c. 82., "An Act for "more effectually repair- "ing and improving the "Road from West Hough- "ton to near Halliwell "Field, in the Township "of Heath Charnock, in "the County of Lan-			1854.
21 Dec.	" caster "	4,900 0 0	21. per Cent.	31st Dec 1854.
₽ 0 0.	5 G. 4. c. 82., "An Act for "making and maintaining "a Turnpike Road from "Roundhay Bridge to "Collingham in the	2,500 0 0 8,020 0 0	Cent. One Penny	No Arress extinguished
1855.	"Collingham in the "County of York" -	IJ	per Cent.	
17 Jan.	7 G. 4. c. 9., "An Act for "making and maintaining "a Turnpike Road from "Cannock in the County "of Stafford to Penkridge "in the same County" -	1,400 0 0	1l. per Cent.	31st De
28 Feb.	11 G. 4. c. 6., "An Act for "more effectually repair- "ing and improving the "Road from Horsham to "the Road leading to "Guildford and Aldford "Cross Ways, with Two "Branches therefrom, and "for making and main- "taining a new Branch of Road to communicate therewith, all in the "Counties of Sussex and "Surrey." (So far as the same relates to the Old			1853.
	Roads.)	13,887 12 0	11. per Cent.	31st D

C. 102.

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.

1 urnpine 1 rusts Arrangements.					
Date of Provisional Order.	Title of Local Act.	Amount of Principal Debt.	Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum.		
1855. 3 March 7 March 16 Mar.	"more effectually repair- "ing the Road from Stor- "rington to Ball's Hut in "Walberton in the County " of Sussex"	\$ 5,550 0 0 3,380 0 0 950 0 0 4,550 0 0	Cent.	1853. 1st Jan. 1854.	

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.						
Date of Provisional Orders.	Title of Local Act.	Amount of Principal Debt.	Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum. Arrean of Interest to be extinguished to the following Dates.			
1855.	"bury to the Turnpike "Road on Minchin Hamp- "ton Common, and several "other Roads therein "mentioned, all in the "County of Gloucester, "so far as the same Acts "relate to the Second Dis- "trict of Roads therein "mentioned"	£ s. d.	21. per Cent. 31st Dec. 1854.			
28 April	3 W. 4. c. 97., "An Act "for more effectually re- "pairing and improving "the Road from Butter- "ton Moor End to the "Turnpike Road leading "from Buxton to Ash- "borne, and ether Roads "therein mentioned, in the "Counties of Stafford "and Derby, and for "making several Diver- "sions or New Lines of "Road to communicate "therewith"	3,687 14 9				
24 May	3 G. 4. c. 67., "An Act "for enlarging the Term "and Powers of several "Acts passed for repair- "ing the Road from the "Town of Guldeford to "the directing Post "near the Town of Farn- "ham in the County of "Surrey"	2,215 0 0	31. per Cent. 1st Jan.			
25 May	7 & 8 Vict. c. 72., "An Act "for repairing, maintain- "ing, and improving the "Road from Flint Lane "to Holmfirth, and thence "to the Huddersfield and		1855.			

Turnpike Trusts Arrangements.				
Date of Provisional Order.	Title of Local Act.	Amount of Principal Debt.	Interest to be reduced to the following Rates per Annum.	Arrears of Interest to be extinguished to the follow- ing Dates.
1855.	"Woodhead Turnpike "Road, and for making "and maintaining a new "Line of Road from the "said Road at a Place "called Bents to or near "Dunford Bridge, all in "the West Riding of the "County of York." (So far as the same relates to the Holmfirth District of Road.)	# s. d. 1,500 0 0 3,944 18 0	1 a a -	81st Dec. 1854.
8 June	6 W. 4. c. 48., "An Act for "more effectually repair- "ing the Road from the "Totnes Road at Lady "Down in the Parish of "Ugborough to within "Four hundred Yards of "the Bridge over the Lary, "and for repairing the "Road communicating "therewith from Hollow-"combe Cross to the Town of Modbury and Dark "Lane, all in the County "of Devon"	22,498 0 0	No Reduc- } tion 3l. per } Cent.	No Arrears extinguished. 31st Dec. 1854.
13 June	6 G. 4. c. 84., "An Act for "making and maintaining "a Turnpike Road from "Trebarwith Sands on "the Sea Shore, to Condolden Bridge, on the Road leading from "Bossiney to Camelford, "all in the County of "Cornwall"	2,478 19 0	21. per Cent.	31st Dec. 1854.

Sale of Spirits (Ireland).

C A P. CIII.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament relating to the Sale of Spirits by unlicensed Persons and illicit Distillation in Ireland; and also to repeal so much of an Act of the Third and Fourth Years of His late Majesty as requires Persons applying for Licences for the Sale of Beer, Cider, or Spirits by Retail in Ireland to enter into a Bond with Sureties. [14th August 1855.]

17 & 18 Vict. c. 89.

Secs. 2. and 4. of recited Act

as to Seizures

repealed.

Sections.

Disposal of

Seizures made under the said

HEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, Chapter Eighty-nine, to amend the Laws for the better Prevention of the Sale of Spirits by unlicensed Persons and for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in Ireland, and ' it is expedient to amend the said Act as herein-after mentioned: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. So much of the Second and Fourth Sections of the said Act as directs that any Goods seized under the Provisions of the said Sections respectively shall be delivered to some Revenue Officer

shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. On the Conviction of any Person in relation to whose Offence any Goods shall have been seized under the Provisions of the said Sections respectively, such Goods shall be absolutely forfeited; or if any such Goods as aforesaid shall not within Fourteen Days after the making thereof be claimed, by Application in Writing to the Inspector or Superintendent of Police, or to the County Inspector or Sub-Inspector, by whom or within whose District such Goods shall have been seized, then, although no Conviction shall have taken place, such Goods shall be absolutely forfeited: Provided always, that if any such Claim shall be made in the Manner and within the Time herein directed and limited in that Behalf, and no such Conviction as aforesaid shall have been or shall be made, then such Goods so seized shall be proceeded upon to Condemnation by Information before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in like Manner as in the Case of Goods seized under the Provisions of any Act relating to Duties of Excise; and all such Goods seized which shall be absolutely forfeited or condemned on Information, as herein provided, may either be destroyed, or be disposed of and the Proceeds thereof applied in such Manner as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall think fit to direct in that Behalf.

Penalties recovered by Constabulary in certain Cases to be paid to Collector of Inland Revenue.

III. All Penalties recovered by Officers of the Constabulary by virtue of the Powers conferred by the Thirteenth Section of the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, as well as all Penalties recovered in Cases of immediate Arrest for any Offence committed against the said Act of the First and Second Years of His late Majesty, shall be paid into the Hands of the Sub-Inspector of Constabulary, or other Person appointed for the Purpose by the Inspector General of the Constabulary Force in Ireland, and by

Sale of Spirits (Ireland).

Chinese Passenger Ships.

him handed over to the nearest Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Use of Her Majesty, after deducting and paying thereout all reasonable Expenses.

IV. 'And whereas by Section Seven of an Act passed in the Section 7. of 'Session of Parliament holden in the Third and Fourth Years of 3 & 4 W. 4. ' His said late Majesty's Reign, Chapter Sixty-eight, Persons ap-' plying for any Licence for the Sale of Beer, Cider, or Spirits given by Apby Retail in Ireland are required to enter into a Bond, with plicants for Li-' Sureties, conditioned as in such Section is mentioned, and it is cences in Ire-' expedient to relieve such Applicants from the Burden of enter- land, repealed. ' ing into such Bond and providing such Sureties:' Be it enacted, That the said Section Seven of the said last-mentioned Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

c. 68. requiring Bouds to be

C A P. CIV.

An Act for the Regulation of Chinese Passenger Ships. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS Abuses have occurred in conveying Emigrants from Ports in the Chinese Seas: And whereas it is expe-' dient to prevent such Abuses:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. In the Construction of this Act the Term "Chinese Pas- Definition of senger Ship" shall include every Ship carrying from any Port certain Terms in *Hong Kong*, and every British Ship carrying from any Port terms to the send to the in China or within One hundred Miles of the Coast thereof, more than Twenty Passengers, being Natives of Asia; the Word "Colony" shall include all Her Majesty's Possessions abroad not being under the Government of the East India Company; the Word "Governor" shall signify the Person for the Time being lawfully administering the Government of such Colony; the Term "Legislature of Hong Kong" shall signify the Governor and Legislative Council or other Legislative Authority of the same for the Time being; the Word "Ship" shall include all Sea-going Vessels; the Terms "Commander" and "Master" of any Ship shall include any Person for the Time being in command or charge of the same; the Term "Emigration Officer" shall include every Person lawfully acting as Emigration Officer, Immigration Agent, or Protector of Emigrants, and every Person authorized by the Governor of any British Colony to carry out the Provisions of this Act; and the Term "British Consul" shall include every Person lawfully exercising Consular Authority on behalf of Her Majesty in any Foreign Port.

II. It shall be lawful for the Legislature of Hong Kong, by any Legislature of Ordinance to be by them enacted for that Purpose, to make Regu- Hong Kong to lations respecting Chinese Passenger Ships, and, in the Case of make Regulations respecting the Treatment of the Passengers therein Passenger while at Sea, and until such Enactment the Regulations contained Ships, &c. in Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed shall be in force: Provided

always,

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Chinese Passenger Ships.

always, that no such Ordinauce shall come into operation until Her Majesty's Confirmation of the same shall have been proclaimed in *Hong Kong* by the Governor thereof.

Governor of Hong Kong to declare Length of Voyages. III. It shall be lawful for the Governor of Hong Kong to declare, by Proclamation, for the Purposes of this Act and of the said Regulations, what shall be deemed to be the Duration of the Voyage of any Chinese Passenger Ship, and by such Proclamation to alter the Scales of Dietary, Medicines, and Medical Comforts contained in the aforesaid Schedule (A.)

No Chinese Passenger Ship to clear out on Voyage of more than Seven Days without Emigration Officer's Certificate and Copy of Regulations, &c.

IV. No Chinese Passenger Ship shall clear out or proceed to Sea on any Voyage of more than Seven Days Duration until the Master thereof shall have received from an Emigration Officer a Copy of the aforesaid Regulations, and a Certificate in the Form contained in Schedule B. to this Act annexed, or in such other Form as may be prescribed by the said Legislature, which Copy and Certificate, with any Documents to be attached thereto (here-in-after designated as Emigration Papers,) shall be signed by the said Emigration Officer, nor until the Master shall, with Two sufficient Sureties, to be approved by the said Emigration Officer, have entered into a joint and several Bond in the Sum of One thousand Pounds to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in the Form contained in Schedule C. to this Act annexed, or in such other Form as shall be prescribed by the said Legislature.

Penalty of Bond, when recoverable. V. The said penal Sum of One thousand Pounds shall be due and recoverable notwithstanding any Penalty or Forfeiture imposed by this Act or by the aforesaid Regulations, and whether such Penalties or Forfeitures shall have been sued for and recovered or not.

Commander of Ships of War, &c. may search Ships, or require Production of Papers.

l'enalty for

lations, &c.

Neglect to comply with Regu-

VI. It shall be lawful for the Commander of any of Her Majesty's Ships of War, or for any Emigration Officer, Custom House Officer, or British Consul, to enter and search any Chinese Passenger Ship (being a British Vessel or within British Jurisdiction) so long as such Ship shall have any Passengers on board, and for Forty-eight Hours afterwards, and in case such Ship shall be engaged on a Voyage of more than Seven Days Duration, to require the Production of the Emigration Papers of such Ship, and to examine all Persons on board of the same, in order to ascertain whether the Provisions of this Act and of the Regulations aforesaid have been complied with; and any Person who refuses to allow, attempts to avoid, or obstructs any such Entry, Search, or Examination, or who knowingly misleads or deceives any Person lawfully making any such Search or Examination, or who, being the Master of the Ship or having the Emigration Papers in his Custody, fails to produce the same when required as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

VII. In case of any Neglect or Refusal to comply with any of the Provisions of this Act or any of the Regulations aforesaid, or to perform any Stipulation in any of the Contracts made with the Passengers, the Master of the Ship, and any other Person who may have been guilty of or have aided or abetted such Neglect or Refusal, shall each be deemed for each Offence guilty of a

Misdemeanor.

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Chinese Passenger Ships.

VIII. If any Chinese Passenger Ship clears out or proceeds to Ship to be for-Sea on any Voyage exceeding Seven Days in Duration without such Emigration Papers as aforesaid, or if the Emigration Papers of any Chinese Passenger Ship are forged or fraudulently altered, such Ship shall, if she is a British Ship, or if, not being a British Ship, the Offence is committed and the Ship is seized in Her Majesty's Dominions or in the Territories of the East India Company, be forfeited to Her Majesty.

IX. Every Person who commits or aids or abets in committing Penalties in any Act or Default by which any Chinese Passenger Ship may addition to become liable to Forfeiture shall be liable to a Penalty not exceed. Forfeiture.

ing One hundred Pounds for each Offence.

X. It shall be lawful for any Commissioned Officer on Full Pay Mode of enin the Military or Naval Service of Her Majesty, or any British forcing For-Officer of Customs, or any British Consul, to seize and detain any Ship which has become subject to Forfeiture as aforesaid, and bring her for Adjudication before the High Court of Admiralty in England or Ireland, or any Court having Admiralty Jurisdiction in Her Majesty's Dominions or in the Territories of the East India Company, and such Court may thereupon make such Order in the Case as it thinks fit, and may award such Portion of the Proceeds of the Sale of any forfeited Ship as it thinks right to the Officer bringing in the same for Adjudication, or to any Persons damaged by the Act or Default which has rendered the Ship liable to Forfeiture.

XI. No such Officer as aforesaid shall be responsible, either Officer not civilly or criminally, to any Person whomsoever, in respect of the liable for any Seizure or Detention of any Ship that has been seized or detained by him in pursuance of the Provisions herein contained, notwithstanding that such Ship is not brought in for Adjudication, or, if so brought in, is declared not to be liable to Forfeiture, if it is shown to the Satisfaction of the Judge or Court before whom any Trial relating to such Ship or such Seizure or Detention is held that there are reasonable Grounds for such Seizure or Detention; but if no such Grounds are shown, such Judge or Court may award Payment of Costs and Damages to any Party aggrieved, and make such other Order in the Premises as he or it thinks just.

XII. It shall be lawful for the Court before which any Ship Fine may be liable to Forfeiture under this Act is proceeded against to impose substituted for such a pecuniary Penalty as to the same Court shall seem fit, in Forfeiture. lieu of condemning the Ship, and in such Case to cause the Ship to be detained until the Penalty is paid, and to cause any Penalty so imposed to be applied in the same Manner in which the Proceeds of the said Ship, if condemned and sold by Order of the

Court, would have been applicable.

XIII. All Misdemeanors and other Criminal Offences punishable Mode of Prounder this Act shall be dealt with, tried, and judged of in the same Manner as Misdemeanors and other Offences punishable under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and all the Rules of Law, Practice, or Evidence applicable to the last-mentioned Misdemeanors and Offences shall be applicable to Misdemeanors and other Offences under this Act.

feited for clearing without Emigration Papers, &c.

Seizure made on reasonable Grounds.

cedure in Criminal Cases.

Chinese Passenger Ships.

Application of Penalties.

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XIV. Any Court, Justice, or Magistrate imposing any Penalty under this Act for which no specific Application is herein provided may, if it or he thinks fit, direct the whole or any Part thereof to be applied in compensating any Person for any Wrong or Damage which he may have sustained by the Act or Default in respect of which such Penalty is imposed, or in or towards Payment of the Expenses of the Proceedings; and, subject to such Directions or specific Application as aforesaid, all Penalties recovered in the United Kingdom shall be paid into the Receipt of Her Majesty's Exchequer in such Manner as the Treasury may direct, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom; and all Penalties recovered in any British Possession shall be paid over into the Public Treasury of such Possession, and form Part of the Public Revenue thereof.

Written Declarations of Commanders, &c. primă facie Evidence.

XV. In any legal Proceeding taken under this Act or in respect of the Bond herein-before required any Document purporting to be the written Declaration of any British Consul, or of the Commander of any of Her Majesty's Ships of War, or to be a Copy of the Proceedings of any Court of Justice, shall, without any Proof of Signature, be received in Evidence, in case it shall appear that such Copy or Declaration, if produced in the United Kingdom, was officially transmitted to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or, if produced in any Colony, was officially transmitted to the Governor thereof: Provided always, that no Person making such written Declaration as aforesaid shall be capable of receiving a Share of any Penalty or Forfeiture which shall be procured by such written Declaration.

Short Title.

XVI. This Act may be cited for any Purpose whatever under the Name of the "Chinese Passengers Act, 1855."

Commencement of Act

XVII. This Act shall come into operation as soon as it shall have been proclaimed in *Hong Kong* by the Governor thereof, or if not so proclaimed, on the First Day of January next ensuing.

SCHEDULE (A.)

REGULATIONS RESPECTING CHINESE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Note.—The wilful and fraudulent Breach of any of these Regulations by the Person in charge of any Chinese Passenger Ship is punishable by Forfeiture of the Ship, and every Person concerned in such Breach is liable to a Fine of One hundred Pounds for each Offence.

I. No Chinese Passenger Ship shall clear out or proceed to Sea on any Voyage of more than Seven Days Duration without a Certificate from an Emigration Officer; and such Certificate shall be in the Form provided by the Chinese Passenger Act, 1855.

II. No Emigration Officer shall be bound to give such Certificate in respect of any Chinese Passenger Ship till Seven Days after receiving Notice that the Ship is to carry Passengers, and of her Destination, and of her proposed Day of Sailing, nor unless there are on board a Surgeon and Interpreter approved by such Emigration Officer.

Chinese Passenger Ships.

- III. After receiving such Notice the Emigration Officer shall be at liberty at all Times to enter and inspect the Ship, and the Fittings, Provisions, and Stores therein, and any Person impeding him in such Entry or Inspection, or refusing to allow of the same, shall be liable to a Fine of not more than One hundred Pounds for each Offence.
- IV. The Emigration Officer shall not give his Certificate unless he shall be satisfied.—
 - (1.) That the Ship is sea-worthy, and properly manned, equipped, fitted, and ventilated; and has not on board any Cargo likely, from its Quality, Quantity, or Mode of Stowage, to prejudice the Health or Safety of the Passengers:
 - (2.) That the Space appropriated to the Passengers in the 'Tween Decks contains at the least Twelve Superficial and Seventy-two Cubical Feet of Space for every Adult on board; that is to say, for every Passenger above Twelve Years of Age, and for every Two Passengers between the Ages of One Year and Twelve Years:
 - (3.) That a Space of Five Superficial Feet per Adult is left clear on the Upper Deck for the Use of the Passengers:
 - (4.) That Provisions, Fuel, and Water have been placed on board, of good Quality, properly packed, and sufficient to supply the Passengers on board during the declared Duration of the intended Voyage, according to the following Scale:

DIETARY SCALE.

Rice	•	- lbs. l pe	r diem
Salted Provisions,—			
Wholly Pork; or	-	-1	
3 Pork and 1 Fish; or	-	-} " ½	do.
Pork, & Beef, and &		-) " -	
Salted Vegetable or Pickles	3 -	- ,, 1/2	do.
Water, Imperial Quarts	-	8*	do.
Firewood	-	- lbs. 2 ·	do.
Tea	-	- oz. 🗼	do.
		•	

(5.) That Medicines and Medical Comforts have been placed on board according to the following Scale:

SCALE OF MEDICINES AND MEDICAL COMFORTS:

For every 100 Passengers, and in like Proportion for any greater or less Number.

Calomel -	•	-	-	3	oz.
Blue Pill -	•	-	-	2	,,,
Rhubarb Powder		-	-	2	"
Compound Jalap	Powder	-	-	12	19
Ipecacuanha Pow	der	-	-	12	"
Opium -	•	-	-	2	"
Dover's Powder	•	-	-	2	"
Magnesia -	-	-	-	2	29
Epsom Salts	-	-	-	6	lbs.
Chloride of Lime	-	-	-	20	,,

Chinese Passenger Ships.

Tartar Emetic	-	•	_	4 I	Drams.
Quinine -	•	•	-	2	OZ.
Antimonial Powd	ler	•	_	<u>of</u>	,,
Extract of Colocy	nth. Co	mpound		ı x	"
Carbonate of Am		-	-	ī,	"
Assafœtida	-	•	-	ī	,, ,,
Camphor -	-	-	_	ī.	"
Camphorated Lin	iment		-	16	· -
Catechu -	-		-	2))
Prepared Chalk	-	•	-	2)
Tincture of Opius	m	-	-	8	19
Turpentine	-		-	16	"
Senna Leaves	-		-	8	" "
Blistering Plaiste	r	-	-	8))))
Sulphur Sublimed	1	-	-	16	37 39
Sulphur, Ointmer		•	-	12	"
Linseed Flour	-	`**	_	4	lbs.
Country Soap	-	-	-	24	oz.
Castor Oil	-	•	-	6 I	Bottles.
Oil of Peppermin	t	-	-	2	OZ.
Adhesive Plaister	, spread	•	-	2	Yards.
Simple Ointment	•	•	-	16	OZ.
Ringworm Ointm	ent	•	-	16	2)
Jeremie's Opiate	-	-	-	2 o	z. Phial.
Aromatic Spirits	of Harts	horn	-	4	99
Cholera Pills in I	Phi a l	-	-	12 I)rams.
Cubebs Powder	-	•	-	4	lbs.
Sweet Spirits of	Nitre	-	-	16	oz.
Copaiba -	-	•	-	16	,,
Sulphate of Copp	er		-	2	,,
Sulphate of Zinc	-	-	-	1	"
Lunar Caustic	•	-	-	4 I)rams.
Lime Juice	•	-	-		Quarts.
Rum or Brandy	-	-		36	,,
-					••

Instruments, &c.

- 1 Set of Amputating and other Surgical Instruments (if there be any Person on board competent to use them).
- 1 One Ounce Glass Measure.
- 1 Minim Glass Measure.
- 1 Pestle and Mortar (Wedgewood).
 1 Set of Weights and Scales (Grains in Box).
- 1 Set of common Splints.
- 1 Set of Bleeding Lancets.
- 1 Silver Catheter.
- 1 Spatula.
- 1 Dressing Scissors.
 1 Infusion Box.
- 1 Quire of Country Paper.
- 1 Penknife.
- 2 Metal Bed Pans.

Passengers

Chinese Passenger Ships.

2 Trusses for Hernia, Right and Left.

2 Small Syringes.

- 4 Ounces prepared Lint.
- 2 Pieces Cloth for Bandages.

V. The Master of any Chinese Passenger Ship being a British Ship and proceeding on a Voyage of more than Seven Days Duration shall, during the whole of the intended Voyage, make Issues of Provisions, Fuel, and Water, according to the aforesaid Dietary Scale, and shall not make any Alteration, except for the manifest Advantage of the Passengers, in respect of the Space allotted to them as aforesaid, or in respect of the Means of Ventilation, and shall not ill-use the Passengers, or require them (except in case of Necessity) to help in working the Vessel; and shall issue Medicines and Medical Comforts, as shall be requisite, to the best of his Judgment, and shall call at such Ports as may be mentioned in the Emigration Officer's Clearing Certificate for fresh Water and other Necessaries; and shall carry them without unnecessary Delay to the Destination to which they have contracted to proceed.

VI. The Emigration Officer shall not give his Certificate until he shall have mustered the Passengers, and have ascertained to the best of his Power that they understand whither they are going, and comprehend the Nature of any Contracts of Service which they have made; he shall also take care that a Copy of the Form of such Contracts, or an Abstract of their Substance, signed by himself, is appended to the said Certificate: If any of the Passengers are in bad Health, or insufficiently provided with Clothing, or if the Contracts are unfair, or if there is Reason to suspect that Fraud or Violence have been practised in their Collection or Embarkation, he may detain the Ship, and, if he shall think fit, may order all or any of the Passengers to be re-landed.

SCHEDULE (B.)

EMIGRATION OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE, &c.

I hereby authorize the Chinese Passenger Ship to proceed to Sea for the Port of and I certify that the said Ship can legally carry Passengers, making in all and that there are on board Adults, viz., Men, Women, Male Children, and Female Children, such Children being between the Ages of One and Twelve Years; that the Space set apart and to be kept clear for the Use of such Emigrants is as follows:—On the Upper Deck, ficial Feet, being [here describe the Space], and in the Between Decks Superficial Feet, being [here describe the Space]; that the Ship is properly manned and fitted, and that the Means of ventilating the Part of the Between Decks appropriated to Passengers are as follows, [here describe the Means of Ventilation]; that the Ship is furnished with a proper Quantity of good Days Issues to the Provisions, Fuel, and Water for

C. 104.

Chinese Passenger Ships.

Passengers according to the *annexed Dietary Scale, and with a proper Quantity of Medicines, Instruments, and Medical Comforts according to the *annexed Scale of Medical Necessaries; that I have inspected the Contracts between the Emigrants and their intended Employers (the Terms of which are annexed to this Certificate), and consider them reasonable; that no Fraud appears to have been practised in collecting the Emigrants; and that there are on board a Surgeon † [and Interpreter] approved by me, and designated [respectively and

The Master of the Ship is to put into

for Water and fresh Vegetables.]

(Signed)

Emigration Officer. 18

Dated this

Day of

 These Scales must be those prescribed by the Regulations in Schedule A. † In case the Ship has been authorized to proceed without an Interpreter omit the Part between Brackets, and add "and that the Ship has been authorized to proceed without an Interpreter."

t The Part between Brackets is to be inserted or not, as may be required.

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM OF BOND TO BE GIVEN BY THE MASTERS OF CHINESE PASSENGER SHIPS.

Know all Men by these Presents, That we are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds of good and lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid to our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors; to which Payment, well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves and every of us, jointly and severally, for and in the whole, our Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Presents.

Sealed with our Seals.

Dated this Day of

Whereas by the Chinese Passenger Act, 1855, it is enacted, that before any Chinese Passenger Ship shall clear out or proceed to Sea on a Voyage of more than Seven Days computed Duration, the Master thereof shall, with Two sufficient Sureties to be approved by an Emigration Officer, enter into a Bond to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds.

Now the Condition of this Obligation is this, that if (in respect of the Ship , whereof all and every of the Requirements of the said Chinese Passenger Act, and of the Regulations contained in Schedule (A.) to the said Act annexed, or enacted by the Legislature of Hong Kong, shall be well and truly observed and performed [*in like Manner as

This Clause to be inserted only in the Case of a Foreign Chinese Passenger Ship.

Chinese Passenger Ships.

the same ought to be observed and performed in case the said Ship were a British Ship, and the said Subject, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full Force and Effect.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above bounden , in the Presence of

CAP. CV.

An Act to amend the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, and the Acts passed in the Ninth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, for the Regulation of the Care and Treatment of Lunatics. [14th August 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

L Section Three of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, shall extend County or Boto empower the Justices of any One County or Borough to autho- rough may unite rize any Committee of Justices elected for such County or Borough with Subscrithereunder to treat and enter into an Agreement for uniting with the Subscribers to any such Hospital as therein mentioned, and it of existing Asyshall not be necessary that any other County or Borough be a lums may so Party to such Agreement; and Section Five of the said Act shall unite. extend to empower any such Committee of Visitors as therein mentioned to enter into an Agreement for uniting with the Sub. . scribers to any such Hospital alone.

II. When Two or more Committees agree to unite under the The Proportion Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, or under that Act as amended by this of Expenses be-Act, the Proportion in which the Expenses of carrying into execution the Purposes of the said Act shall be charged upon and rough may be raised by each County and Borough so uniting may be calculated fixed with referand fixed according to the Extent of the Accommodation which ence to Accomin the Judgment of the Committees entering into such Agreement modation likely will be required for the Pauper Lunatics of such County and Borough respectively; and the Power in Section Sixteen of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, of repealing or altering the Stipulations of any Agreement for uniting, shall extend to authorize the Alteration thereof by readjusting the Proportions in which the Expenses aforesaid shall be charged on each County and Borough and the Subscribers (if any) uniting, or any of the said Parties, and, where the Committee of Visitors think fit, by fixing as aforesaid, according to the probable Extent of Accommodation required, the Proportion in which each County and Borough is to contribute to such Expenses; and where the Proportions of any Contributions are fixed according to the probable Extent of Accommodation required as aforesaid the Agreement shall specify that such Proportions are fixed according to that Basis.

III. Where an Agreement for uniting is hereafter entered into Agreements for under the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, or under that Act as uniting to stipuamended by this Act, and the Proportion in which the Expenses late for Contriof carrying the Purposes of the said Act into execution are to be Counties and 18 & 19 Vict. charged

hers to a Hospital, and Visitors

tween any County and Boto be required. 16 & 17 Vict.

Boroughs acrelative Populations, where not fixed according to foregoing Provision.

C. 105.

Where Expenses are contributed in proportion to Population, same to be ascertained Census.

Where there is a Union a new Asylum to be provided.

Provisions to apply to Councils of Boroughs where they have taken upon themselves the Duties and Powers of Justices. 16 & 17 Vict. c. 97. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 126.

charged upon each County and Borough is not fixed, under the cording to their foregoing Provision, with reference to the probable Extent of Accommodation required, the Agreement shall stipulate that such Expenses, or, where any Committee of Subscribers of a Lunatic Hospital are a Party to the Agreement, then that the aggregate Amount to be contributed by the Counties and Boroughs towards such Expenses, shall be from Time to Time charged upon and raised by the Counties and Boroughs in proportion to their respective Populations as stated in the last Return for the Time being made of the same under the Authority of Parliament, and such Agreement shall be varied from the Form in Schedule (A.) to the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, accordingly.

IV. Where an Agreement for uniting has been already entered into under the Lunatic Asylams Act, 1853, or any former Act, the Expenses of carrying into execution any such Act, or, where any Committee of Subscribers is a Party to the Agreement, the aggregate Amount to be contributed by such Counties and Boroughs, by the then last shall be from Time to Time charged upon and raised by the Counties and Boroughs united in proportion to their respective Populations as stated in the last Return for the Time being made of the same under the Authority of Parliament, save where such Expenses are adjusted and fixed under the foregoing Provision according to the probable Extent of Accommodation required.

V. To the Intent that due Provision may be made for the a Dissolution of Reception and Care of the Pauper Lunatics of Counties and Boroughs Parties to Unions upon the Dissolution of such Unions, the Justices of every County and Borough united (either alone or with any Subscribers) shall, before any Dissolution of their Union takes effect, at a General or Quarter Sessions for such County, or at a Special Meeting of the Justices of such Borough, (as the Case may require,) elect a Committee to provide an Asylum for their County or Borough, and authorize such Committee to proceed for that Purpose in manner by the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, provided in the Case of a County or Borough not having an Asylum; and all the Provisions of the said Act and this Act applicable to a Committee elected to provide an Asylum in the Case of a County or Borough not having an Asylum shall be applicable to the Committee elected under this Provision.

> VI. Where the Council of a Borough has taken upon itself, under the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, or the Act of the Session holden in the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twenty-six, the Duties, Powers, and Authorities imposed or conferred upon or given to the Justices of the Borough, such Council shall be subject to and have and exercise the Duties, Powers, and Authorities by this Act imposed or conferred upon the Justices of a Borough, or any Committee elected by them; and such Council may confer upon any Committee appointed by them such of the said Duties, Powers, and Authorities as under this Act are or may be conferred upon a Committee elected by the Justices of a Borough; and where the Council of a Borough had before the Commencement of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, taken upon itself under the said Act of the Eighth and Ninth Years

Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twenty-six, the Duties, Powers, and Authorities imposed or conferred upon or given to the Justices of the Borough, such Council shall, from the Commencement of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, be deemed to have been subject to and to have had the Duties, Powers, and Authorities by that Act imposed or conferred upon the Justices of a Borough, or any Committee elected by them, and to have been authorized to confer upon any Committee appointed by such Council such of the said Duties, Powers, and Authorities as under such Act may be conferred upon a Committee elected by the

Justices of a Borough.

VII. Any Place which has become a Borough within the Defi- Places becomnition contained in Section One hundred and thirty-two of the ing Boroughs Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, since the Commencement of that Act, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be deemed to be Lunatic Asya Borough annexed to the County in which the same is situate, lums Act, 1853, and any Place which after the passing of this Act becomes a to be deemed Borough within such Definition shall, from and after the Time of Boroughs anbecoming such Borough, be deemed a Borough so annexed, and nexed to Counties in which the Provisions contained in Section Nine in the Lunatic Asylums they are situate. Act. 1853, for the Appointment of Two Justices of a Borough annexed thereunder to a County to be Members of the Committee of Visitors of the Asylum of such County, and in relation to the Contribution by such Borough to the Expenses of the Asylum of such County, shall extend to any Borough annexed under this Enactment.

VIII. The Power given by Section Seventy-seven of the Powers given Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, to any Two of the Visitors of any by Sect. 77. of Asylum, being Justices, to order any Pauper Lunatic chargeable Lunatic Asylum Parish or Union within the County or Borough, or any County or Borough to which such Asylum wholly or in part an Asylum to belongs, or to any such County, and who may be confined in any order Removal other Asylum, or in any registered Hospital or licensed House, to of Pauper Lunabe removed to such first-mentioned Asylum, shall be extended so tics extended. as to authorize such Visitors to order any Pauper Lunatic chargeable to any Parish or Union within any County or Borough, or to any County for the Reception of the Pauper Lunatics whereof into such first-mentioned Asylum there is a subsisting Contract, and who may be confined as aforesaid, to be removed to such first-mentioned Asylum, and also to order any such Pauper Lunatic as herein-before mentioned to be removed from such first-mentioned Asylum to any Asylum, registered Hospital, or licensed House, subject nevertheless to the Restriction contained in Section Seventy-eight of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853.

IX. The Powers of the Commissioners and Visitors under the Powersof Com-Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, and the Acts of the Eighth and missioners and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred, and the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Ninety-to a licensed six, with reference to any licensed House and the Inmates thereof, House after Liand all Powers and Provisions of the said Acts having reference cence expired to the Discharge, Removal, and Transfer of such Inmates, shall, while Patients after the Expiration or Revocation of any Licence granted in are therein.

respect Ii2

respect of such House, continue in force for all Purposes, so long as any Lunatics are detained therein, in the same Manner as if the Licence subsisted.

Contractsunder 16 & 17 Vict. c. 97. s. 42. . may be renewed. X. 'Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether under the 'Forty-second Section of the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, a 'Contract for the Reception of Pauper Lunatics thereby authorized can be renewed: Be it declared and enacted, That upon or after the Expiration or other Determination of any Contract for any of the Purposes of the said Section it shall be lawful for every Committee of Visitors, under and subject to the several Provisions of the said Act applicable thereto, from Time to Time to enter into a new Contract for any of the Purposes mentioned in the said Section with the Committee of Visitors of any Asylum, or with the Subscribers to any Hospital registered or the Proprietor of any House licensed for the Reception of Lunatics, and for the Committee of Visitors of any Asylum, or the Subscribers to any registered Hospital or the Proprietor of any licensed House, to contract with any Committee of Visitors accordingly.

Provision for Burial of Pauper Lunatics.

XI. Where the Visitors of Lunatic Asylums for Counties and Boroughs in England, or any of their Officers duly authorized in that Behalf, shall undertake the Burial of any Pauper Lunatic, and the Burial cannot take place in the Parish where the Death shall have taken place by reason of the public Burial Ground of such Parish having been closed, and no other having been provided, or where, in consequence of the crowded State of such Burial Ground, the Visitors as aforesaid are of opinion that the Burial of such dead Body therein would be improper, it shall be lawful to bury such Body in a public Burial Ground of or in some other Parish as near as conveniently may be to the Parish wherein the Death shall have taken place, with the Consent of the Minister and Churchwardens of such Parish: Provided, that in all Cases of Burial under the Direction of the Visitors or their Officers as aforesaid the Fee or Fees payable by the Custom of the Place where the Burial may be, or under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament, shall be paid by the said Visitors for the Burisl of each such Body to the Person or Persons who by such Custom or under such Act of Parliament shall be entitled to receive such Fee or Fees.

Power to enter into Agreements with Cemetery Company or Burial Board.

XII. The Visitors of Lunatic Asylums in England may from Time to Time enter into Agreements with the Proprietors of any Cemetery established under the Authority of Parliament, or with any Burial Board duly constituted under the Statutes in that Behalf, for the Burial of the dead Bodies of any Pauper Lunatics which such Visitors may undertake to bury; and thereupon the Burial of any such Body, under the Directions of the said Visitors or their Officer, in such Cemetery, or in the Burial Ground of such Burial Board, shall be lawful: Provided, however, that no such Agreement shall be valid unless made in such Form and with such Stipulations as the Commissioners in Lunacy shall approve-

XIII. 'And whereas it is expedient that Burial Grounds should 'be provided for Persons dying in any County or Borough 'Lunatic Asylum built or to be built under the Authority of any

Committee of Visitors may convey Land

6 Act of Parliament for the Reception of Pauper Lunatics: Be for Burial it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Committee Ground for of Visitors of any County or Borough Lunatic Asylum, or for any Trustees or Trustee in whom any Land shall be vested for the Purposes of an Asylum, with the previous Consent of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State under his Hand, to give, grant, and convey to Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new Churches, and it shall be lawful for them to accept, any Portion not exceeding Two Statute Acres of any Land which belongs to or has been or may be purchased for any such Asylum, for the Purpose of Consecration as a Burial Ground for Pauper or other Lunatics or Officers or Servants dying in such Asylum, and that in all such Cases the Freehold of every Burial Ground, of which Her Majesty's said Commissioners shall accept a Conveyance under the Provisions of this Act for the Purpose of Consecration, shall, after the same Burial Ground shall have been consecrated, vest in the Visitors or Trustees or Trustee, as the Case may be, for the Time being, of the County or Borough Lunatic Asylum to which such Burial Ground shall belong, and be for ever thereafter exclusively appropriated for the Burial of Pauper and other Lunatics dying in such Asylum, and of the Officers and Servants belonging to such Asylum and dying therein; and that from and after the Consecration of such Land the Incumbent of the Parish in which such Burial Ground is situate shall not be entitled to any Fee for the Interment therein of any Pauper or other Lunatic dying in such Asylum, or of any of the Officers and Servants belonging to such Asylum and dying therein.

XIV. 'And whereas Doubts are entertained as to the Charge- Pauper Lunaability of Pauper Lunatics found in Boroughs whose Settle- tics, whose Set-' ments cannot be ascertained, and it is expedient to remove such tlements cannot

Section Three of the Act of the Session holden in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-two, shall which does not be repealed; and where any Pauper Lunatic is not settled in the contribute to Parish by which, or at the Instance of some Officer or Officiating the County Ex-Clergyman of which, he is sent to an Asylum, registered Hospital, or licensed House, and it cannot be ascertained in what Parish such Borough. such Pauper Lunatic is settled, and such Lunatic was found in a 12 & 13 Vict. Borough having a separate Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, c. 82. s. 3. reand which is not liable, under the Act of the Session holden in pealed. the Fifth and Sixth Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter 5 & 6 W. 4. Seventy-six, Section One hundred and seventeen, to the Payment c. 76. s. 117. of a Proportion of the Sums expended out of the County Rate, 16 & 17 Vict. such Lunatic may be adjudged to be chargeable to such Borough by any Two Justices of such Borough; and it shall not be lawful for any Justices to adjudge such Lunatic to be chargeable to any County, nor to make any Order upon the Treasurer of any County for the Payment of any Expenses whatsoever incurred or to be incurred in respect of the said Lunatic; and all the Provisions in the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, as to the Mode of determining that a Pauper Lunatic is chargeable to a County, and as to the Order to be made for the Maintenance of such Pauper Lunatic,

be ascertained, where found in a Borough penditure, to be chargeable to

shall extend and be applied to such Borough, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all the said Provisions were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made applicable to such Borough, in the same Manner in all respects as though for the Purposes of this Provision such Borough were a separate and distinct County.

Seals of Visitors and Justices to Orders, &c. dispensed with. 16 & 17 Vict. c. 97. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 96.

XV. In all Cases in which, under the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, or the Act of the Session holden in the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred, or the Act of the Session holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Ninety-six, any Order or other Instrument is required to be under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any Visitor or Visitors, Justice or Justices, it shall be sufficient for such Order or Instrument to be signed only; and all such Orders and Instruments as aforesaid which have been signed before the passing of this Act, and have not had a Seal or Seals affixed to them, as by Law required, shall be and be deemed to have been valid and sufficient to justify any Proceeding thereon or thereunder.

Repeal of 16 & 17 Vict. c. 96. s. 6. as to personal Examination of Patients.

XVI. So much of Section Six of the said Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Ninety-six, as requires such Assent as therein mentioned of Two of the Commissioners not to be given until after such Commissioners have by personal Examination of the Patient satisfied themselves of his Desire to remain, shall be repealed.

Consent of Comto authorize a Patient being sent to any Place for Health. 8&9Vict. c. 100.

XVII. The Superintendent of any registered Hospital may, mittee sufficient with the Consent in Writing of Two Members of the Committee having the Management or Government of such Hospital, send or take, under proper Control, any Patient to any specified Place for any definite Time for the Benefit of his Health; and any such Consent, and any Consent under Section Eighty-six of the said Act of the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred, may be from Time to Time renewed and the Place varied.

Detention of Lunatics after Expiration, &c. of Licence a Misdemeanor.

XVIII. If after the Lapse of Two Months from the Expiration of any Licence for the Use of any House for the Reception of Lunatics which has not been renewed, or if after the Revocation of any such Licence there be in any such House Two or more Lunatics, every Person keeping such House, or having the Care and Charge of such Lunatics, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Act to be read with the Acts amended as One Act, and 8 & 9 Vict. c. 100. s. 6. extended to this Act.

XIX. This Act, so far as the same amends or affects the said Acts of the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred, and of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Ninety-six, or either of them, shall be read and construed together with the said Acts as One Act, and the Provision contained in Section One hundred and six of the said Act of the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty shall extend to Offences against this Act; and this Act, so far as the same amends or affects the Lunatic Asylums Act, 1853, shall be read and construed therewith as One Act.

Militia Ballots Suspension.

CAP. CVI.

An Act to suspend the making of Lists and the Ballots for the Militia of the United Kingdom. [14th August 1855.]

THEREAS it is expedient to suspend for a further Period the Ballots for the Militia of the United Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. All General and Subdivision Meetings relating to the Militia Meetings relatof the United Kingdom, and all Proceedings relating to procuring ing to Militia of any Returns, or preparing or making out Lists of such Militia or United Kingdom and Part thereof, for the Purpose of a Ballot, or relating to balfor such Militia loting for any Militiamen or supplying any Vacancies in such suspended till Militia by Ballot, as are or may be directed or authorized by or 1st Oct. 1856. under any Act of Parliament now in force, shall cease and remain suspended until the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

II. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for Her Majesty Proceedings by any Order in Council to direct that any Proceedings shall be may be had had at any Time before the Expiration of such Period as afore-said, either for the giving of Notices and making Returns and by Order in preparing Lists, and also for the proceeding to ballot and enrol Council. Men for the filling up Vacancies in the Militia, as Her Majesty shall deem expedient; and upon the issuing of any such Order all such Proceedings shall be had for carrying into execution all the Provisions of the Acts in force in the United Kingdom relating to the giving Notices for and Returns for Lists, and for the balloting and enrolling of Men to supply any Vacancies in the Militia, and holding General and Subdivision Meetings for such Purpose, at such Times respectively as shall be expressed in any such Order in Council, or by any Directions given in pursuance thereof to Lord Lieutenants, or Deputy Lieutenants acting for Lord Lieutenants of the several Counties, Shires, Cities, and Places in the United Kingdom; and all the Provisions of the several Acts in force in the United Kingdom relating to the Militia shall, upon any such Order, and Direction given in pursuance thereof, become and be in full Force and be carried into execution at the Period specified in such Order or Direction as aforesaid, with all such Penalties and Forfeitures for any Neglect thereof, as fully as if such Periods had been fixed in the Acts relating to such Militia.

III. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall extend Not to extend to prevent the holding before the Expiration of such Period as to prevent the aforesaid of such General or other Meetings relating to the Militia holding of cerof the United Kingdom as may be called in Great Britain under tain Meetings the Authority of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of Militia. State, or in Ireland under the Authority of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of any Meeting which may be called for the Purpose of altering, enlarging, or providing any Place for the Reception of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, or other Stores belonging to the Militia.

relating to the

Island of Tobago Loan.

C A P. CVII.

An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Treasury to make Arrangements concerning a certain Loan advanced by way of Relief to the Island of Tobago.

[14th August 1855.]

11 & 12 Vict. c. 22.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter 'Twenty-two, ("for granting Relief to the Island of Tobago, " and for aiding the Colonies of British Guiana and Trinidad " in raising Money for the Promotion of Immigration of Free " Labourers,") the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury were authorized, in manner therein mentioned, to lend Exche-' quer Bills for any Sum not exceeding Fifty thousand Pounds ' for the Service of the Island of Antigua, and any Sums not ' exceeding in the whole Fifty thousand Pounds for the Relief ' of the Island of Tobago, on the Credit of the Revenues and public Property thereof, as soon as the said Commissioners should be satisfied that Repayment of the several Sums to be 'advanced (with Interest thereon at the yearly Rate of Four ' Pounds by the Hundred) was duly secured to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners by some Act or Acts passed or to be ' passed by the Legislature of the said Island: And whereas the ' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury accordingly advanced the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds to the Island of Tobaga, being the Proportion required of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, the Repayment thereof, with Interest, having been secured by the Legislature of the said Island, as required ' by the said Act, and out of the Sums so advanced Advances were made, under the Authority of the said Legislature, to Persons who had suffered Losses by a Hurricane in the said ' Island: And whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of ' the Treasury should be empowered to extend the Time for the Repayment of the Principal Monies remaining owing on the said Securities, and to reduce the Interest payable thereunder, as herein-after mentioned: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to grant such Extension of the Period for Payment of the Principal Monies owing by the said Island of Tobago in respect of the said Loan, and to accept Payment thereof by such Instalments and at such Times as the said Commissioners in their Discretion may think proper and fix, and to accept Interest upon the Principal Monies remaining unpaid after the yearly Rate of Three Pounds Five Shillings per Centum, instead of the said yearly Rate of Four Pounds per Centum, upon being satisfied that an Act has been passed by the Legislature of such Island for securing on the Credit of the Revenue or public Property thereof the punctual Payment of the Instalments of Principal Monies, with Interest as aforesaid, at the Times and in manner fixed by

Power to Treasury to extend Time of Repayment of Loan to Tobago, and to reduce Interest to 31, 5s. per Cent. Corresponding Advantages being secured to private Borrowers.

Island of Tobago Loan.

Coal Mines Inspection.

the said Commissioners, and also for securing to the Persons indebted in respect of the Advances made out of the said Loan to the Sufferers in the said Island Advantages corresponding with

those granted to such Legislatures under this Act.

II. Provided always, That in case of Default in Payment of In default of any of the Instalments of Principal Monies which may become Payment at payable from the said Island under such Extension of Time, or of Rate of Inthe said reduced Interest, at the Times fixed by the said Com- terest, &c. orimissioners of the Treasury, it shall be lawful for such Commis- ginally agreed sioners to require from the Island, in case of such Default, upon may be Payment of Interest at the yearly Rate of Four Pounds per required. Centum on the Principal Monies remaining due, and also Payment of such Principal Monies by such Instalments as were made payable by the Securities originally given by the Legislature of such Island; and such Interest and Instalments of Principal Monies which may be so required to be paid shall thereupon become payable accordingly.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to amend the Law for the Inspection of Coal Mines in Great Britain. [14th August 1855.]

THEREAS an Act of the Session of Parliament holden in 13 & 14 Vict. the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, c. 100.

' Chapter One hundred, was passed "for Inspection of Coal " Mines in Great Britain:" And whereas, with a view to the ' Safety of the Persons employed in such Mines, it is expedient

that further Provision be made for the Inspection and Regula-

' tion thereof:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

L The said Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of 13 & 14 Vict. Her Majesty shall be repealed: Provided always, that the Inspec- c. 100. repealed. tors of Coal Mines appointed under such Act shall continue to be such Inspectors under this Act, subject, nevertheless, to Removal by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; provided also, that all Penalties incurred under the said Act before the Repeal thereof may be proceeded for and applied as if this Act had not been passed.

II. It shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secre- Secretary of taries of State from Time to Time to appoint any fit Person or Persons to be an Inspector or Inspectors of Coal Mines, and from Time to Time to remove any such Inspector or Inspectors; and Notice of the Appointment of every such Inspector shall be published in the London Gazette.

III. No Person who shall act or practise as a Land Agent, No Land Agent or as a Manager, Viewer, or Agent, or Mining Engineer, or or Manager, &c. Valuer of Mines, or Arbitrator in any Matters of Dispute arising of Coal Mine to between Owners of Mines, or be otherwise employed in any Coal Mine or Colliery, shall act as an Inspector of Coal Mines under this Act.

State may appoint Inspectors of Mines.

act as Inspector.

General Rules to be observed in all Coal Mines. IV. The following Rules (herein-after referred to as the General Rules) shall be observed in every Coal Mine and Colliery by the Owner and Agent thereof:

An adequate Amount of Ventilation shall be constantly
produced at all Collieries to dilute and render harmless
noxious Gases to such an Extent as that the working
Places of the Pits and Levels of such Collieries shall under
ordinary Circumstances be in a fit State for working:

Every Shaft or Pit which is out of Use, or used only as an Air Pit, shall be securely fenced:

3. Every Working and Pumping Pit or Shaft shall be properly

fenced when not at work:

4. Every Working and Pumping Pit or Shaft where the natural
Strata under ordinary Circumstances are not safe shall be

securely cased or lined:

5. Every Working Pit or Shaft shall be provided with some proper Means of signalling from the Bottom of the Shaft to the Surface, and from the Surface to the Bottom of the

Shaft:

6. A proper Indicator to show the Position of the Load in the Pit or Shaft, and also an adequate Break, shall be attached to every Machine worked by Steam or Water Power used for lowering or raising Persons:

7. Every Steam Boiler shall be provided with a proper Steam

Gauge, Water Gauge, and Safety Valve.

Special Rules to be made for each Colliery, with the Approval of Secretary of State.

V. In addition to the General Rules, there shall be established and observed in every Coal Mine or Colliery such other Rules (herein-after referred to as Special Rules) for the Conduct and Guidance of the Persons acting in the Management of such Coal Mine or Colliery, and of all Persons employed in or about the same, as under the particular State and Circumstances of such Coal Mine or Colliery may appear best calculated to prevent dangerous Accidents; and such Special Rules for each Coal Mine or Colliery shall be framed by the Owner thereof, and forthwith transmitted to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and such Rules, if not objected to by such Secretary of State within Forty Days from the Day upon which they are received by him, shall be established; and in case such Secretary of State shall be of opinion that such Rules or any of them do not sufficiently provide for the Safety of the Person or Persons employed in or about such Coal Mine or Colliery, it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State, within the Forty Days aforesaid, to propose any Alterations in or Additions to such Special Rules; and in case such Owner shall not, within Twenty Days from the Day on which such Alterations or Additions are proposed to him, object to the same, the Special Rules shall be established with such Alterations and Additions; and in case such Owner shall, within the said Twenty Days, object to such Alterations or Additions or any of them, it shall be lawful for such Owner, within Seven Days after he shall have so objected, to nominate Three or more practical Mining Engineers or other competent Persons of Experience in the District within which such

such Coal Mine or Colliery is situate, and who shall not be interested in or employed in the Management of such Coal Mine or Colliery, of whom such Secretary of State may appoint One or more to determine the Matter in difference, and to decide what Special Rules shall be established in such Coal Mine or Colliery; and if such Owner shall not within such Seven Days nominate such Mining Engineers as aforesaid, or if such Secretary of State shall not within One Month from the Time of such Nomination appoint One or more of the Persons so nominated by the Owner as aforesaid, then and in such Case Two such Mining Engineers or other competent Persons as aforesaid shall be appointed, One of whom shall be named by the Owner of such Coal Mine or Colliery, and One by the Secretary of State; and the said Persons so appointed shall, before they proceed to determine the Matters in difference, and to decide what Special Rules shall be established in such Coal Mine or Colliery, appoint a Third Person, being such Mining Engineer or such other competent Person as aforesaid, to be their Umpire in case of Difference of Opinion between them; and the Determination of such Persons and the said Umpire, or of any Two of them, shall be final, and the Special Rules shall be established accordingly: Provided, that after such Rules are established it shall be lawful for the Owner of any Coal Mine or Colliery (or for the Secretary of State) to propose from Time to Time any Amendments of such Rules, which Amendments, if not objected to by the Secretary of State within the Time aforesaid, or Owners, as the Case may be, shall be established; and in case of Objection being made to any of them, and of a Difference arising out of such Objection, the same Proceedings shall be had respecting them as herein-before provided in reference to the Special Rules when originally submitted to such Secretary of State, and objected to: Provided also, that the Amount of Payment to be made to all such Persons, and to such Umpire so nominated or appointed as aforesaid, for their Services, shall be fixed by such Secretary of State, and paid in equal Moieties by such Owner and the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, who are hereby authorized to make such Payment accordingly.

VI. For the Purpose of making known the General Rules and Publication of Special Rules to all Persons employed in or about each Coal Mine Rules. or Colliery, the Owner thereof shall cause the General Rules and the Special Rules for such Coal Mine or Colliery to be painted on a Board or printed upon Paper to be pasted thereon, and shall cause such Board to be hung up or affixed on some conspicuous Part of the principal Office or Place of Business of the Coal Mine or Colliery; and the General Rules and Special Rules so painted or printed and hung up shall be renewed and restored with all reasonable Despatch as often as the same or any Part thereof may be defaced, obliterated, or destroyed; and a printed Copy of such General and Special Rules shall be supplied to all

Persons employed in and about the same.

VII. It shall be lawful for any Inspector to enter, inspect, and Powers and examine any Coal Mine or Colliery, and the Works and Machinery Duties of belonging Inspector

C. 108.

Coal Mines Inspection.

belonging thereto, at all reasonable Times and Seasons, by Day or Night, but so as not to impede or obstruct the working of the said Coal Mine or Colliery, and to make Inquiry into and touching the State and Condition of such Coal Mine or Colliery, Works and Machinery, and the Ventilation of such Mine or Colliery, and the Mode of lighting or using Lights in the same, and into all Matters and Things connected with or relating to the Safety of the Persons employed in or about the same, and especially to make Inquiry whether the Provisions of this Act are complied with in relation to such Coal Mine or Colliery; and the Owner or Agent of such Coal Mine or Colliery is hereby required to furnish the Means necessary for such Entry, Inspection, Examination, and Inquiry; and if such Inspector find any of the General Rules or any of the Special Rules established for such Coal Mine or Colliery to be neglected or wilfully violated, such Inspector shall forthwith give Notice in Writing thereof to the Owner or Agent of such Coal Mine or Colliery; and if such Inspector find any Part of such Coal Mine or Colliery, Works or Machinery, or any Aircourses, Airdoors, Waterways, Drains, Pits, Levels, Shafts, or other Matter or Thing in or connected with such Coal Mine or Colliery, or the Mode of lighting or using Lights in the same, to be otherwise dangerous or defective, so as in his Opinion to threaten or tend to the bodily Injury of any Person employed in or about such Coal Mine or Colliery, such Inspector shall thereupon, by Notice in Writing, summon before him at the Colliery Office the Manager or principal Colliery Viewer or Agent having charge of the said Coal Mine or Colliery, in order to his being heard upon the Matter giving rise to such finding as aforesaid; and if such Manager or principal Colliery Viewer or Agent do not attend after reasonable Notice, or having attended fail to satisfy such Inspector, then such Inspector shall serve Notice in Writing of the particular Grounds on which he is of opinion that the said Coal Mine or Colliery, or any Part thereof, or any other of the Particulars above mentioned, is dangerous or defective, on the Owner or Agent thereof, and shall also report the same to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and in case of any Difference arising thereupon the same shall be determined in the Manner herein-before provided with respect to proposed Alterations or Additions to the Special Rules, and a Copy of such Notice in case of no such Difference as aforesaid, or of the Determination in case of such Difference, arising, shall, if the said Danger or Defect be not forthwith removed or remedied, and if the Secretary of State shall so direct, be hung up or affixed on some conspicuous Part of the principal Office or Place of Business of the Coal Mine or Colliery, and a Copy supplied to every Workman to whom such Notice or Determination shall apply, such Copy so to be hung up or affixed as aforesaid to be removed on the Certificate of the Inspector of the District, or of the Persons by whom such Determination shall have been made, that such Danger or Defect has been removed or remedied: Provided always, that so long as any Copy of such Notice or Determination purporting that the Coal Mine or Colliery, or any Part thereof, or any other

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of the Particulars above-mentioned, is dangerous or defective, shall remain so hung up or affixed, and the Danger or Defect notified therein shall not be removed or remedied, it shall be lawful for any Person employed in or about such Coal Mine or Colliery to discontinue his Service in any Part of such Coal Mine or Colliery to which Part the said Notice or Determination shall apply, without being therefore liable to be proceeded against under the Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His late 4 G. 4. c. 84. Majesty King George the Fourth, Chapter Thirty-four, as for Absence from his Service, or Misconduct in the Execution thereof: Provided also, that unless the Owner or Agent on whom the Notice is served as aforesaid shall within Seven Days of such Service signify to the said Inspector his Objections to the same, and at the same Time nominate Three competent Persons as herein-before provided in the Fifth Section, with a view to the Determination of such Objection, such Notice shall be considered good and valid, and shall be hung up or affixed as hereinbefore provided.

VIII. The Owner or Agent of every Coal Mine or Collicry Owners of Coal shall, on the Occasion and for the Purpose of the Inspection and Examination thereof, produce and submit for Examination, to any such Inspector as aforesaid, a Map or Plan of the Workings to Inspector. of such Coal Mine or Colliery, upon which Map or Plan shall be If Owners do delineated the several Parts, Aircourses, Airdoors, Waterways, Drains, Pits, Levels, and Shafts in and connected with such Coal Mine or Colliery; and if such Owner or Agent do not produce and submit for Examination as aforesaid such a Map or Plan as aforesaid, or if any such Inspector as aforesaid find that any Portion of any Map or Plan is withheld, or any Part of the Workings of any such Mine or Colliery is concealed from his Inspection, or if he find, on examining and verifying any Map or Plan, that the same is imperfect or inaccurate, he is hereby empowered to require that an accurate Map or Plan of the actual Workings of such Coal Mine or Colliery, and the Works thereto belonging, clearly delineating such Matters and Things as aforesaid, be made within a reasonable Time, by and at the Expense of the Owner of such Mine, on a Scale of not less than Two Chains to One Inch, or on such other Scale as the Plan then used in the Colliery is constructed on; and every such Map or Plan as aforesaid shall show the Workings of the Mine up to within Six Months of the Time of Inspection; and the Owner or Agent of the Coal Mine or Colliery shall, if required so to do by any such Inspector as aforesaid, mark or cause to be marked on such Map or Plan the Progress of the Workings of the Coal Mine or Colliery up to the Time of his Inspection thereof: Provided that nothing herein contained shall be constructed to authorize any Inspector to make a Copy of the whole or any Part of a Map or Plan which shall be produced or made.

IX. If and when Loss of Life to any Person employed in or Notice of Acabout any Coal Mine or Colliery occurs by reason of any Accident cidents in Mines within such Coal Mine or Colliery, or any Pits or Shafts thereof, Secretary of or any Works or Machinery connected with such Pits or Shafts, State, and to

Mines to produce Maps or Plans of Mines not produce Maps, &c. Inspector may require them to be made.

to be given to or the Inspect

or if any serious personal Injury arises from Explosion therein, the Owner or Agent of such Mine or Colliery shall, within Twenty-four Hours next after such Loss of Life, send Notice of such Accident, under the Hand of such Owner or Agent, to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and in Scotland to the Lord Advocate, and in all Cases to the Inspector of the District within which such Loss of Life shall occur, and shall specify in such Notice the probable Cause of such Accident; and such Notice may be sent through the Post Office, by Letter addressed to such Secretary of State or Lord Advocate, and to the Inspector of the District at his usual Place of Residence; and every Owner or Agent who neglects to send or cause to be sent such Notice as aforesaid within the Time aforesaid, shall for such Offence be liable to a Penalty of not less than Ten Pounds, and not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Provision for giving Notice to Secretary of State of holding Inquests on Deaths from Accidents in Coal Mines.

X. Every Coroner holding an Inquest upon the Body of any Person whose Death may have been caused by any such Accident as aforesaid, shall (unless some Person be present on behalf of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to watch the Proceedings at such Inquest, or Notice of such Accident shall have been sent, Four clear Days at the least previously thereto, through the Post Office, by Letter addressed to One of such Secretaries of State, and the sending of the same be proved to the Satisfaction of the Coroner,) adjourn such Inquest, and by Letter sent Two Days at the least before holding such adjourned Inquest, through the Post Office, addressed to One of such Secretaries of State, give Notice to such Secretary of State of the Time and Place of holding the same: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for such Coroner, before the Adjournment of any such Inquest, to take Evidence to identify the Body, and to order the Interment thereof.

Penalties for Offences against this Act.

XI. If after the Thirty-first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five any Coal Mine or Colliery be worked, and, through the Default of the Owner thereof, Special Rules have not been established for the same, according to the Provisions of this Act, or the General Rules, or the Special Rules for such Coal Mine or Colliery, by this Act required to be established, have not been hung up or affixed, or have not, after Obliteration or Destruction, been renewed or restored, as required by this Act, or any of such General Rules or Special Rules which ought to be observed by the Owner and principal Agent or Viewer of such Coal Mine or Colliery, be neglected or wilfully violated by any such Owner, Agent, or Viewer, such Person shall be liable to a Penalty of not exceeding Five Pounds; and also, in case the Default or Neglect be not remedied with all reasonable Despatch, after Notice in Writing thereof given by an Inspector to the Owner or Agent of such Coal Mine or Colliery, to a further Penalty of not exceeding One Pound for every Day during which the Offence continues after such Notice; and every Person, other than aforesaid, employed in or about a Coal Mine or Colliery, who neglects or wilfully violates any of the Special Rules established for such Coal Mine or Colliery, shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Two Pounds; or to be imprisoned, with or without

without Hard Labour, in the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Period not exceeding Three Calendar Months; or to be proceeded against and punished according to the Provisions of the Act Fourth George the Fourth, Chapter Thirty-four, intituled An Act to enlarge the Power of Justices in determining Complaints 4 G. 4. c. 34. between Masters and Servants.

XII. Every Owner or Principal Agent of any Coal Mine or Penalty for Colliery who refuses or neglects to produce, as herein-before obstructing required, a Map or Plan of the Workings of a Colliery to any Inspectors. Inspector, or to furnish to said Inspector the Means necessary for making any Entry, Inspection, Examination, or Inquiry under this Act, and every Person who wilfully obstructs any Inspector in the Execution of this Act, shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty of not less than Five Pounds and not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XIII. Every Person who pulls down, injures, or defaces any Penalty for de-Notice hung up or affixed as required by this Act shall for every facing Notice. such Offence be liable to a Penalty of not exceeding Forty

Shillings.

XIV. All Penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered in Penalties how a summary Manner before Two Justices of the Peace, or in Scot- recoverable. land before the Sheriff having Jurisdiction in the County or Place where the Offence is committed, within Three Months of the Commission of the same, in the Manner prescribed by the Law in that Behalf; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, upon the Recommendation of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to direct that any Penalty imposed for neglecting to send or cause to be sent Notice of any Accident, as required by this Act, shall be paid to or among any of the Family or Relatives of any Person or Persons killed by such Accident, as he may think fit; and, save as aforesaid, all Penalties imposed by this Act shall, when recovered, be paid, for the Use of Her Majesty, to the Sheriff or other proper Officer of the County, Riding, Division, or Place for which the Justices or other competent Authority before whom the Penalty is recovered shall have acted.

XV. A Copy of the Special Rules for the Time being esta- Certified Copy blished in any Coal Mine or Colliery, certified under the Hands of Special Rules of One of the Inspectors to be a Copy of the Special Rules esta- to be Evidence. blished in such Coal Mine or Colliery, shall be Evidence of such Special Rules, and of their being duly established under this Act, without further Proof.

XVL Every Inspector shall on or before the First Day of Reports of In-March in every Year make a separate and distinct Report in Writing of his Proceedings during the preceding Year, and shall transmit the same to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and a Copy of such Report shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

laid before Par-

XVII. In the Construction of this Act the Term "Owner" of Interpretation a Coal Mine or Colliery shall mean the immediate Proprietor, of Terms. Lessee, or Occupier of a Coal Mine or Colliery or of any Part thereof; and the Term "Agent" of a Mine shall mean any Person having

having on behalf of the Owner of any Mine the Care or Direction thereof; and the Term "Inspector" or "Inspectors" shall respectively mean an Inspector or Inspectors of Coal Mines appointed under the said Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty or this Act; and the Term "District" shall mean that Portion of *Great Britain* which shall be assigned to any One of such Inspectors.

Extent of Act. Term of this Act. XVIII. This Act shall not extend to Ireland.

XIX. This Act shall continue until the Expiration of Five Years after the passing of this Act, and thenceforth until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

CAP. CIX.

An Act to make further Provisions for the Repayment of Advances out of the Consolidated Fund for the Erection and Enlargement of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in *Ireland*, and to amend the Laws with reference to the Repayments in case of Change of Districts, and the Appointment of Commissioners of General Control and Correspondence. [14th August 1855.]

THEREAS, under the Provisions of the several Statutes in that Case made and provided, certain Asylums for the ' Lunatic Poor in Ireland were from Time to Time ordered by ' the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland to be erected, enlarged, or extended: And whereas certain Sums of Money have been advanced from Time to Time by the Commissioners of Her Majestv's Treasury, out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom arising in Ireland, ' for the Purpose of defraying the Expenses of such Erection, ' Enlargement, and Extension of the said Asylums, such Advances having been made in certain Cases under and by virtue of an Order or Orders of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, and in certain other Cases without such Order or 'Orders: And whereas Provision is made by the Statutes afore-' said that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant and ' Privy Council to make Orders for the Repayment by the Counties forming the District of any such Asylums of the Monies so ordered by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council to be ad-' vanced: And whereas it is doubtful whether it is competent for the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council to make Orders for the Repayment of those Sums for the Advance of which no Orders in Council were made: And whereas it is expedient to make better Provision for the Repayment of the whole of such Sum or Sums so advanced as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

On Completion of Asylum, issioners I. From and after the passing of this Act, in every Case where any of the Asylums so ordered to be erected, enlarged, or extended

Lunatic Asylums (Ireland) (Advances).

as aforesaid shall have been already handed over or shall be here- for General after handed over to the Governors of such Asylum fit for the Control and Reception of the Lunatic Poor, as provided by the Act First and Correspond-Second George the Fourth, Chapter Thirty-three, it shall be lawful Asylums to cerfor the Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence, tify to the Lord and for superintending and directing the Erection and Establish- Lieutenant in ment of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in Ireland, and they are Council the hereby required, to transmit to the Clerk of Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland a certified Return of all the Moneys which shall have been expended from Time to Time in such Erection, Enlargement, or Extension of such Asylum as aforesaid, and a certified Copy of the said Returns to the Governors of such Asylum, and also One to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of each of the Counties associated in each of such Asylums, and the said Clerk of the Council shall lay the said Return before the Lord Lieutenant in Council as soon as conveniently may be; provided that in case any Difference of Opinion shall arise as to the Fitness of any Asylum for the Reception of the Lunatic Poor between the Governors and the Board of Works, it shall be lawful for the Governors to refer the Question to the Lord Lieutenant in Council, who is hereby empowered to decide between

whole of the Sums expended. 1 & 2 G. 4. c. 33.

II. It shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant and Lord Lieutenant Council, on such certified Return being laid before them, to make to order Rean Order or Orders for the Repayment by the Counties within the payment of District in and for which such Asylum shall be erected and established of the Sums so certified to have been expended, in such Manner, and at such Times, and in such Proportions as shall be fixed by said Order.

Sums expended.

III. It shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of any and every Grand Jury of County in Ireland in or for which, either wholly or in part, any the County to such Asylum hath been or shall be erected and established, and make Presentsuch Grand Jury is hereby required, without any previous Proceedings, at any Presentment Sessions, to present the Sum or the Money so Sums to be fixed and ascertained by any such Order or Orders ordered to be accordingly, or in default thereof the same shall be inserted in and repaid. raised by an Order of the Judge of Assize, or of the Court at any Presenting Term, which Order shall have the Force of a Presentment, and the Sum or Sums therein mentioned shall be applotted and raised and levied accordingly, as if the same had been inserted in a Presentment duly made at the Assizes or Presenting Term at which such Order shall be made, any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

ment for the

IV. 'And whereas it is expedient to amend so much of an Act ' passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of Her pre-'sent Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the Laws as to Dis- 9 & 10 Vict. trict Lunatic Asylums in Ireland, to provide for the Expense of c. 115.

the Maintenance of certain Lunatic Poor removed from the ' Richmond Lunatic Asylum, Dublin, for Want of Room therein, ' and to provide for the Salaries and Expenses incident to the ' Office of Inspector of Lunatics in Ireland, as relates to the Re-

' payments which, in case of Change of old Districts and Esta-18 & 19 VICT. 6 blishment K k

of Change of District.

Lunatic Asylums (Ireland) (Advances.) blishment of new Districts, any County or Counties remaining

within the old Districts are liable to make to any County or

Manner of proceeding in case

' Counties transferred to such new Districts of the whole of the ' Sums raised off such County or Counties so transferred as aforesaid for erecting and establishing any Lunatic Asylum in whose District such County shall have been theretofore situate: Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act so much of the said recited Act as provides that the whole of such Sums so raised off any County or Counties shall be repaid to such County or Counties so transferred to a new District as aforesaid shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, if they shall so think fit, to ascertain and fix the equitable Amount so to be repaid, and the Proportions and Instalments of such Repayments: Provided always, that before finally fixing and ascertaining the equitable Amount so to be repaid, the Chief or Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant shall transmit a Copy of the proposed Order for fixing and ascertaining such Amount, and the Proportions and Instalments of such Repayments, to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of every County affected by or interested in such Order, and such Secretary shall lay the same before the Grand Jury of such County on the First Day of their Meeting for fiscal Business; and in case any such Grand Jury shall think proper to object to such proposed Order, or any Part thereof, such Grand Jury shall, at such Assizes, be authorized to do so, and transmit the Particulars of their Objections to the said Chief or Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, and the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council shall at any Time after such Assizes (upon Notice to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of every or any County so objecting) proceed to consider the Objections which shall have been so made by or on the Part of any such Grand Jury, or, in the Absence of any such Objections, make an Order finally fixing and ascertaining the equitable Amount so to be repaid, and the Proportions and Instalments of such Repayments, which shall, when fixed as aforesaid, be presented, levied, and repaid in the like Manner as in the said recited Act is enacted and provided V. 'And whereas by an Act passed in the First and Second

' Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, 1 & 2 G. 4. c. 33. ' intituled An Act to make more effectual Provision for the ' Establishment of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor, and for the Cus-' tody of Insane Persons charged with Offences, in Ireland, it is, ' amongst other things, provided and enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor ' or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice of His Ma-' iesty's Privy Council in Ireland, to nominate and appoint any ' Persons, not exceeding Eight in Number, to be Commissioners ' for General Control and Correspondence and for the superin-

' tending and directing the Erection, Establishment, and Regu-Appointment of ' lation of all Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in *Ireland*! Be it Commissioners, enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant in Conncil to revoke any Appointment heretofore made or purporting to have been made

Lunatic Asylums (Ireland) (Advances.)

made under the said recited Act as the Lord Lieutenant in Council may think fit, and to appoint from Time to Time as Vacancies may occur any other Persons (of whom the Chairman of the Commissioners of Public Works for the Time being shall be One) to be Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence, and for the superintending and directing the Erection, Establishment, and Regulation of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in Ireland; and all Lands and Hereditaments and Property, of what Nature or Kind whatsoever, which may have been acquired by or vested in the said Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence, and for the superintending and directing the Erection. Establishment, and Regulation of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor, or any of them, appointed or purporting to have been appointed under the said recited Act of the First and Second Years of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, shall be and are hereby to all Intents and Purposes vested in the Commissioners for the Time being appointed and to be appointed under this Act.

VI. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, Treasury may if upon any Inquiries made under their Directions it shall appear relieve Counties to them just that the County or Counties liable to be charged in of a Portion of respect of any such Asylum should be relieved from a Portion of the Expenses if the Amount of the Expenses incurred in the building of such just. Asylum, to authorize and direct that Remission shall be made accordingly to such Amount as to the said Commissioners of the

Treasury may appear just and reasonable.

VII. In the Construction of this Act the Expression "Lord Interpretation Lieutenant" shall mean the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief of Terms. Governor or Governors of Ireland; the Expression "Lord Lieutenant in Council" shall mean the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland; and the Word "County" shall include a County of a City or County of a Town.

VIII. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as the "Lunatic Short Title.

Asylums Repayment of Advances (Ireland) Act, 1855."

CAP. CX.

An Act to authorize the Application of certain Sums granted by Parliament for Drainage and other Works of public Utility in Ireland, towards the Completion of certain Navigations undertaken in connexion with Drainages, and to amend the Acts for promoting the Drainage of Lands and Improvements in connexion therewith in Ireland.

[14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty, 5&6 Vict.c.89. ' Chapter Eighty-nine, "to promote the Drainage of Lands and

"Improvement of Navigation and Water Power in connexion " with such Drainage in Ireland:" And whereas the said Act

' was amended by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament ' holden in the Eighth and Ninth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter 8 &9 Vict. c. 69.

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9 & 10 Vict cc. 4. and 86.

10 & 11 Vict. c. 79. 16 & 17 Vict. c. 130. 9 & 10 Vict.

c. 4.

10 & 11 Vict. c. 79.

Sixty-nine, and by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter ' Four, and by an Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, ' Chapter Eighty-six, and by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-nine, and by an Act passed in a Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of ' Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and thirty: And whereas by the said Act of the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Four, it is enacted, that in all Cases where, for the Purposes of Navigation connected with Drainage, a free Grant of a Moiety or more of the Expense of making or improving any such Navigation should or might be made under the Authority of Parliament, and the other Moiety or Residue of the Expense of making or improving such Navigation should or might be raised or advanced by way of Loan under the Provisions of the ' therein recited Acts or the said Act now in recital, then such Moiety or Residue so raised or advanced should, with Interest ' from the Date of such Loan, be charged upon the District which, by the Declaration to be made in such Case by the said Commissioners under the Provisions of the therein first-recited Act, ' it should be declared would be benefited by the making or improving of such Navigation, and the several Baronies, Half Baronies, and Townlands in such District, and should be repaid by and levied from such Baronies, Half Baronies, and Town-' lands in the Proportions in which it should be so declared that such Baronies, Half Baronies, and Townlands would be respectively benefited, in One Sum or by Instalments, under and subject to the several Provisions and Regulations in the therein recited Acts or the Act now in recital contained in relation to the Levy and Recovery of any Sums which under the Final Award of the said Commissioners should be payable by the Grand Jury of any County in respect of the Improvement of the Navigation of any River: And whereas by the said Act of the Tenth and Eleventh Years of Her Majesty, it is enacted, that ' in all Cases where, for the Purposes of Navigation connected with Drainage, a free Grant of a Moiety or more of the Expenses of making or improving any such Navigation should be or should have been made by the Authority of Parliament, and the other Moiety or Residue of the Expense of making or improving such Navigation should be or should have been raised or advanced by way of Loan, then such Moiety or Residue so raised or advanced should be charged upon the District therein mentioned, and the several Baronies, Half Baronies, ' and Townlands in such District, and should be repaid by and 'levied from such Baronies, Half Baronies, and Townlands, ' without any Declaration of the Justices and associated Cesspayers, and without any Presentment previously made by the Grand Jury of the County or any of the Counties wherein such District as aforesaid should be situate; and in all such 'Cases all Proceedings hitherto taken by or before the Commissioners for the Execution of the said Acts under the thereinrecited

recited Provision, and all Loans, if any, made to them, and all Securities given by them for the same under such Provision, should be valid and effectual, notwithstanding any Omission or Defect as regards any such Declaration or Presentment as aforesaid: And whereas in connexion with the Drainage of Lands in certain Districts the Four several Navigations herein-after men-' tioned have been undertaken and in part executed under the ' Provisions of the said recited Acts of the Ninth and Tenth and ' Tenth and Eleventh Years of Her Majesty; (that is to say,)

1st. In the District of Lough Neagh, situate in the Counties of ' Antrim, Derry, Tyrone, Armagh, and Down, the Navi-' gation of the Lower Bann River from the Bridge of ' Coleraine in the tidal Part of the said River to Lough ' Neagh, and extending thence to the First Lock or ' Entrance of the Lagan, Newry, Ulster, and Coal Island 'Canals:

⁴ 2d. In the District of Loughs Oughter and Gowna and River " Erne, situate in the Counties of Fermanagh and Cavan, ' the Navigation from Beleek by the Course of Upper and ' Lower Lough Erne, Lough Oughter and the River Erne, and the Towns of Enniskillen and Belturbet to Killes-' handra and near to the Town of Cavan:

' 3d. In the District of Ballynamore and Ballyconnell, situate ' in the Counties of Leitrim, Cavan, and Fermanagh, the 'Junction Navigation by the Course of the Woodford 'River and Lakes, from Lough Erne, at the Mouth of the said River, to-the River Shannon near the Village of ' Leitrim:

'4th. In the District of Loughs Corrib, Mask, and Carra, in ' the County of the Town of Galway and Counties of Gal-' 10ay and Mayo, the Navigation by the River and Lake ' Corrib, and Loughs Corrib, Mask, and Carra from the ' Sea at Galway to the Northern Extremity of the said Lough Mask and Carra, and to Cloon Lough in the River ' Aill:

' And whereas free Grants to the Amount of One hundred and ' thirty-five thousand five hundred and seventy-three Pounds 'Three Shillings and Sevenpence have been heretofore made by the Authority of Parliament for the Purposes of the said Naviga-' tions: And whereas it is expedient to make further Provision by way of free Grant for the Completion of the said Navigations respectively, or such of them or such Portions of them or ' any of them as, upon Inquiries already made or to be hereafter ' made under the Directions of the Commissioners of the Treasury, ' it may be deemed expedient to complete: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's The Treasury Treasury, out of the Sum of Eight hundred thousand Pounds may issue Mowhich, by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in Purpose Kk3

Completion of Navigations. 13 & 14 Vict. c. 31.

Power to the Treasury to authorize Completion of the Works.

Power to the Treasury to reduce the Portion of Expenses chargeable on Counties, &c.

Advances which are not to be chargeable on Counties, &c. to be free Grants.

the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-one, is authorized to be issued to the Commissioners of Public Works in *Ireland*, to issue such Sum as may be necessary towards defraying the Expenses incurred in respect of the Four several Navigations herein-before mentioned, and towards the Completion of such several Navigations, or such of them or such Parts of them or any of them as it may be considered by the Commissioners of the Treasury expedient and proper to complete.

II. The said Commissioners of the Treasury may authorize and direct the Commissioners of Public Works in *Ireland* to cause to be completed the Navigation Works so undertaken as aforesaid, or such of the same Works or such Portions of them or any of them as, upon any Inquiries already made or to be hereafter made under the Directions of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, such Commissioners of the Treasury may think fit, and with any Modifications or Alterations which to the said Commissioners of the Treasury may appear expedient; and the said Commissioners of Public Works shall have full Power and Authority to cause to be executed or completed the Works so authorized and directed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury to be completed or executed as aforesaid, and for that Purpose to do and execute all Acts and exercise all Powers and Authorities by the said Acts or this Act given for the Execution of any Work.

III. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, when, upon any Inquiries made or to be made as aforesaid, it appears to them just that the Counties, Baronies, or Townlands to be charged under the Award in relation to the said Navigation Works heretofore or hereafter to be executed should be relieved from any Portion of the Moiety or Residue of the Expenses incurred in relation to such Works, to authorize and direct the said Commissioners of Public Works in and by their Award to be made under this Act to charge upon the Counties, Baronies, or Townlands made liable under such Award in respect of such Works such lesser Sum than the full Amount of such Moiety or Residue of the Expenses of and incidental to such Works as to the said Commissioners of the Treasury may, under the Circumstances of each of the said Navigations, appear just; and such lesser Sum shall be charged upon the County or Counties, Barony or Baronies, District, or Townland or Townlands, which, in Awards to be made by the Commissioners of Public Works as herein-after provided, it shall be stated and awarded will, in the Opinion of the said Commissioners, be benefited by the making of such Navigations, by such Instalments and at such Times as shall be mentioned in any such Awards.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to order and direct, as to any Sums of Money which out of the Funds applicable to Loans in aid of the said Navigation Works have been already advanced or issued, or may hereafter be advanced or issued, for the Execution of such Works, that so much of such Advances as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners of the Treasury should not be charged on any County. Barony, District, or Townland by the Awards of the Commissioners

sioners of Public Works should be and be deemed to be free Grants.

V. As soon as conveniently may be after any of the said Navi- The Commisgations shall have been completed in such Manner and to such sioners of Pub-Extent as shall be directed or approved of by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the said Commissioners of Public Works shall make an Award in such Manner and Form as may of the Works. be convenient, specifying the total Amount of the Costs, Charges, and Expenses incurred in the making of any such Navigation, and showing the Portion which, under the Authority of the Commissioners of the Treasury, is to be charged of such Costs and Charges, together with the County or Counties, Barony or Baronies, Townland or Townlands, or any Part thereof, to be charged with such Portion of such Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, and the Instalments by and the Manner in which the Amount of such Portion is to be paid, as also the Proportions in which such County or Counties, Barony or Baronies, or Townlands, are to be chargeable towards such Portion of the Costs and Expenses aforesaid.

lic Works to make an Award on Completion

VI. The Secretary of said Commissioners of Public Works The Commisshall, after the making of such Award, certify to the Secretary of sioners to certhe Grand Jury of every County, County of a City, or County of a Town in which the Lands chargeable shall be situate, the Amount of such Sum of Money and the Instalments and Manner who are to make by and in which the same is payable under the Award of the Presentment said Commissioners, and every such Grand Jury is hereby re- accordingly. quired, at the Assizes next ensuing the Date of such Certificate, without Application to Presentment Sessions, to make Presentment of the Amount mentioned in such Certificate to be raised off the County at large, Barony or Baronies, Townland or Townlands, as may be mentioned in any such Award or Certificate, by the Instalments and in the Manner mentioned in such Certificate; and in default of such Presentment the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town is hereby required, without Presentment or Authority, when issuing his Warrant for levying Grand Jury Cess, immediately after the Assizes next ensuing the Date of such Certificate, and from Time to Time after each succeeding Assizes (until the whole of the Instalments by any such Certificate payable shall be fully paid off and discharged), to insert in a separate Warrant to be by him issued for the Levy of the same the Amount mentioned in such Certificate to be raised off such County, Barony or Baronies, Townland or Townlands, therein mentioned; and such Amounts as shall be so presented, or so included in any such Warrant as aforesaid, shall be applotted, raised, and levied, sued for and recovered, by such and the same Ways and Means as any Grand Jury Cess; and when and so soon as such Amount as aforesaid shall be from Time to Time raised and received by the Treasurer of the County such Treasurer shall immediately pay the same to the Paymaster of Civil Services in Ireland for the Time being, and the same shall be by him paid into Her Majesty's Exchequer, in discharge of the Sum mentioned in any such Award.

tify Amount to the Grand Jury of the County,

Awards in respect of Drainage not to be affected, &c.

VII. Nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the said Commissioners of Public Works from making their Awards in relation to the Drainage of the Lands in connexion with the Drainage of which the said Works of Navigation may have been undertaken, or in relation to the Improvement of Mill Power, or to affect or interfere with the Provisions in relation to such Awards; and such Awards may be made and all Provisions in relation thereto shall take effect in like Manner as if no Works of Navigation had been undertaken in connexion with such Drainage or Mill Improvement Works.

Navigations may be transferred to Counties.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Public Works, by and with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant under the Hands of the said Commissioners of Public Works or any Two of them, from Time to Time to direct that the said Navigations or any of them, with the Tolls thereof, shall be deemed and become the public Property of the County, or Counties if more than One, in which respectively the Lands chargeable under the Award in relation to the said Navigations respectively are situate; and from and after the Date of any such Warrant such Navigation, together with all Locks, Weirs, and other Works, Rights, Members, and Appurtenances thereto belonging, shall be deemed and taken to be the public Property of such County or Counties as aforesaid, and be held, maintained, and preserved by the Grand Jury or Juries of such County or Counties, with such Powers and Authorities and subject to such Provisions and Regulations as may hereafter be established by Parliament in relation thereto.

Power to Commissioners of Public Works to charge Amounts which may be found due for Compensation, &c. 16 & 17 Vict. c, 130.

IX. 'Whereas by the said Act of the Sixteenth and Seven-' teenth Victoria, Chapter One hundred and thirty, it is amongst other things enacted, that it should be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to authorize and direct the said Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland, by their Award to be made under the said Acts, to charge upon the Lands made liable under such Award such lesser Sum than the full Amount of the Expenses of and incidental to Works as to the said Commissioners of the Treasury might under the Circumstances of each ' Case appear just; provided always, that in all Cases the whole ' Amount of the Purchase Money or Compensation payable in ' respect of Land taken for or injuriously affected by any Works ' commenced and completed or executed, should be included in or ' charged under the Award to be made in relation to such Works: ' And whereas it frequently happens that Claims are made after ' Completion of the Works in the District, and in respect of which an Award has been made or is about to be made, and at Times ' when there are no Funds in the Hands of the said Commis-' sioners or otherwise available for or properly applicable to the ' Payment of such Claims; and it is expedient to authorize the Commissioners in such Cases, within such limited Times as herein-after mentioned, in case it shall in their Discretion seem ' expedient so to do, to make a further or additional Award for ' the Purpose of charging the Amount of Purchase Money or 'Compensation which may be found to be due to any Person

upon the Proprietors of Lands in the District in respect of the said Drainage whereof such Claims shall arise, and to limit the 'Time within which all Claims for Compensation or otherwise ' may be made:' Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where after the Completion of the Works in any District, whether before or after the making the Final Award in relation to such Works, any Person shall be awarded or otherwise be entitled to be paid Purchase Money or Compensation in respect of Injury sustained or arising from such Drainage, or the Works incidental thereto, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Public Works, without Meeting or other preliminary Proceeding, in case they deem it proper or expedient so to do, by the first or by an additional Award or Awards, in such Form as the said Commissioners may think proper, from Time to Time to charge upon the Lands of the Proprietors within such District the Amount which may be found to be due for such Purchase Money or Compensation to be paid to the Person entitled to the same, as and when the same shall be received by the said Commissioners, such Sum or Sums by any such additional Award to be charged upon and paid out of the several Lands of the Proprietors in the District in such and the same Manner, and with the same Priority, and the same Rights, Privileges, and Powers for the Recovery thereof, as in and by the said Acts, or any of them, are given for the Recovery of the Sum specified in the Final Award: Provided nevertheless, that the Commissioners may declare that the Sums mentioned in such further or additional Awards shall be paid and payable at such Times and by such Instalments as the said Commissioners shall therein for that Purpose limit and direct, so nevertheless that the entire Amount thereof shall be payable as between the said Proprietors of Lands in the said District in the same Proportions as the Sum charged by the Final Award in such District.

X. No Claim for Compensation or Damages in respect or by Claims to be reason of any Act or Omission of the said Commissioners, or for made within or by reason of any Works whatsoever done or professed to be Six Months. done by the said Commissioners, shall be made by Action, Suit, or otherwise, save within Six Months after the Act complained of.

XI. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed, taken, or Act not to construed to repeal, alter, or abridge any of the Provisions con- abridge Powers tained in the said Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Victoria, of 16 & 17 Vict.

Chapter One hundred and thirty.

XII. In all Cases of Claims for Compensation or Purchase Power to set Money made or to be made upon the said Commissioners it shall off Benefit rebe lawful for the said Commissioners to set off against such sulting during Claims the Value of any Benefit which may have resulted or accrued to the Lands of the Party or Person making such Claim during the Execution of the Works of the said Commissioners, and before the making of the Final Award for the District in which such Lands may be situate; and the Arbitrator before whom any such Claim shall be made, when setting forth the Price or Compensation to be paid in respect of any such Claim, and the Jury before whom the Trial of any Traverse against the Award of such Arbitrator shall be had, shall take into consideration any Advantages

Execution of the Works.

or Benefit which may have resulted or accrued as aforesaid to the Lands of the Party or Person making such Claim.

Power to the Commissioners to release a Portion of the Lands.

XIII. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Public Works, with the Sanction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from Time to Time and at any Time, (when and so often as by reason of the Redemption of any Part of the Monies charged under any Award of the said Commissioners upon the Lands of any Proprietor, the annual Instalments payable in respect of the Lands mentioned in such Award shall be reduced,) by any Deed or Instrument under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, to release any of the Lands originally charged with the Payment of any Instalment under any such Award as aforesaid; and no Release of any Portion of the Lands charged under any such Award shall in anywise avoid, diminish, or affect any Remedies by the Acts herein-before recited or otherwise given to be had and exercised for the Recovery of the Monies by any such Award charged in respect of the Residue of the Lands charged therewith.

As to the Appointment of Trustees for Drainage Districts connected with Navigation.

XIV. Anything in the said recited Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding, the Provisions of the said Act or any of the Acts amending the same, as far as regards the Appointment of Trustees for the Maintenance of Works of Drainage, and the several Powers and Authorities of such Trustees when so appointed, shall be held and deemed equally to apply to all Works of Drainage, though a Navigation may have been improved or formed, or a Reservoir may have been formed in connexion with such Drainage.

Providing for Trustees where not more than Six Proprietors in a District.

XV. Provided always, That, anything in the said recited Acts to the contrary, in all Cases where there is only One Proprietor in any Drainage District, or where the Proprietors in any District do not exceed Six in Number, such One Proprietor or such Proprietors not exceeding Six, or other Persons nominated by them or any Two of them at any Meeting for the Purpose, shall be the Trustee or Trustees for the Maintenance of the Works in such District.

Power to fur-River Lung.

XVI. 'And whereas the said Commissioners of Public Works ther deepen the ' have put the Powers of the said recited Acts into operation in ' the District to which they have affixed the Name of the Lough ' Gara and Mantua District in Ireland, and in the Execution of ' the Works in the said District have partially deepened and ' widened the River Lung, situate in the Counties of Roscommon ' and Mayo: And whereas it is expedient that the said River should be further deepened and widened for the Purpose of ' draining additional Lands in the said District or its Vicinity: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for One or more of the Proprietors of additional Lands to be drained in the said District, having first obtained the Consent in Writing of One Half of the Proprietors or more in extent of the Lands so proposed to be drained, to undertake the Execution of the Works necessary for further deepening and widening the said River, and to make and complete the same out of his or their own proper Funds, according to and in conformity with Plans, Sections, and Specifications

Bills of Lading.

tions approved of by the said Commissioners; and when such Works shall have been executed and completed to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make an Award charging upon the Lands of the Proprietors within such District appearing to the said Commissioners to be benefited by such additional Works the Amount of the Expenses incurred in respect of such additional Works, such Sum by any such Award to be charged upon and paid out of the several Lands of the Proprietors so benefited by such additional Works, . in such Proportion as may appear to the said Commissioners just, and in the same Manner, and with the same Priority, Rights, and Powers for the Recovery thereof, as in the said Acts, or any of them, are given for the Recovery of any Sum charged under the Final Award of the said Commissioners in any District: Provided always, that the total Amount of the Expenses to be charged in respect of such additional Works shall not exceed the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XVII. The several Acts mentioned in this Act shall be con- Acts to be construed together as One Act; and the several Words and Expres- strued as One sions to which an extended Signification is given in the said Acts, Act. or any of them, shall have the like Signification as this Act; and (save where such Construction would be inconsistent with the Context) the Expression "the Commissioners," where used in this Act, shall mean the Commissioners of Public Works in *Ireland*.

64. 11.

CAP. CXI.

An Act to amend the Law relating to Bills of Lading. [14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS by the Custom of Merchants a Bill of Lading of Goods being transferable by Endorsement the Property ' in the Goods may thereby pass to the Endorsce, but neverthe-'less all Rights in respect of the Contract contained in the Bill of Lading continue in the original Shipper or Owner, and it is ' expedient that such Rights should pass with the Property: And ' whereas it frequently happens that the Goods in respect of which ' Bills of Lading purport to be signed have not been laden on ' board, and it is proper that such Bills of Lading in the Hands of a bona fide Holder for Value should not be questioned by the ' Master or other Person signing the same on the Ground of the Goods not having been laden as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Every Consignee of Goods named in a Bill of Lading, and Rights under every Endorsee of a Bill of Lading to whom the Property in the Bills of Lading Goods therein mentioned shall pass, upon or by reason of such Consignment or Endorsement, shall have transferred to and vested in him all Rights of Suit, and be subject to the same Liabilities in respect of such Goods as if the Contract contained in the Bill

of Lading had been made with himself.

to vest in Consignee or En-

II. Nothing

Bills of Lading.

Inverness Bridge.

Not to affect Right of Stoppage in transitu or Claims for Freight.

Bill of Lading in Hands of Consignee, &c. conclusive Evidence of Shipment as against Master, &c.

Proviso.

II. Nothing herein contained shall prejudice or affect any Right of Stoppage in transitu, or any Right to claim Freight against the original Shipper or Owner, or any Liability of the Consignee or Endorsee by reason or in consequence of his being such Consignee or Endorsee, or of his Receipt of the Goods by reason or in consequence of such Consignment or Endorsement.

III. Every Bill of Lading in the Hands of a Consignee or Endorsee for valuable Consideration representing Goods to have been shipped on board a Vessel shall be conclusive Evidence of such Shipment as against the Master or other Person signing the same, notwithstanding that such Goods or some Part thereof may not have been so shipped, unless such Holder of the Bill of Lading shall have had actual Notice at the Time of receiving the same that the Goods had not been in fact laden on board: Provided, that the Master or other Person so signing may exonerate himself in respect of such Misrepresentation by showing that it was caused without any Default on his Part, and wholly by the Fraud of the Shipper, or of the Holder, or some Person under whom the Holder claims.

CAP. CXII.

An Act to continue an Act of the Eleventh Year of Her present Majesty, for the better Prevention of Crime and Outrage in certain Parts of *Ireland*. [14th August 1855.]

[11 & 12 Vict. c. 2. continued until 1st July 1856.]

t. c. 2. continued until 1st July 1856.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her present Majesty, for rebuilding the Bridge over the River Ness at Inverness.

[14th August 1855.]

14 & 15 Vict. c. 66.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her ' Majesty, Chapter Sixty-six, " for rebuilding the Bridge over "the River Ness at the Town of Inverness, and improving the " Approaches thereto, and for amending the Acts relating to "Highland Roads and Bridges," after Provision for the Application of a Sum of Seven thousand seven hundred Pounds ' towards the Expense of erecting the said Bridge, it was enacted, that it should be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's ' Treasury to advance by way of Loan to the Commissioners of ' Highland Roads and Bridges, for the Purposes of the said Act 'any further Sum not exceeding Ten thousand seven hundred ' Pounds out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund, ' to be repaid, with Interest, in manner therein-after provided, ' and that there should, upon the Advance by the said Commis-' sioners of the Treasury of all or any Part of the said Loan of 'Ten thousand seven hundred Pounds, be appropriated to the Repayment of the Sum advanced and Interest thereof such Parts of the Sums allotted to the Counties of Inverness, Ross, Suther-· land.

Inverness Bridge.

' land, and Caithness, out of an annual Grant of Five thousand ' Pounds, in the said Act mentioned, as would produce an annual ' Payment at the Rate of Six Pounds Ten Shillings for every One ' hundred Pounds of the Sum so advanced, and so in proportion ' for any lesser Amount, and such annual Payment should be ' made for the Term of Twenty-two Years, to be computed from the Sixth Day of April or Tenth Day of October which should ' first happen after such Advance, and further Provisions are ' therein contained concerning such annual Payment, and for the ' Deduction thereof from the Sums allotted to the said Counties, and to provide for the Deficiency to arise by such Deductions: ' And whereas the Expense of erecting the said Bridge having exceeded the estimated Amount thereof it is expedient that ' further Public Assistance should be afforded towards defraying such Expense upon the Conditions herein-after expressed: Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Any Monies to be provided by Parliament for that Purpose Application of shall be applied by the said Commissioners of Highland Roads Monies proand Bridges, under the Direction of the Commissioners of Her vided by Par-Majesty's Treasury, towards defraying the Expense of erecting the said new Bridge by the said Act authorized to be made and

maintained.

II. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury au-Treasury to advance by way of Loan to the said Commissioners thorized to adof Highland Roads and Bridges, towards defraying the Expense vance 3,000l by of erecting the said Bridge, any further Sum not exceeding Three thousand Pounds, out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and such Sum shall be repaid, with Interest, in the Manner herein-

after provided.

III. Upon the Advance of the said Commissioners of the Trea- Sums advanced sury of all or any Part of the said Loan of Three thousand Pounds, under this Act there shall be appropriated to Repayment of the Sum advanced, with Interest, and Interest thereof, such Parts of the Sums allotted as in the from the County said Act mentioned to the said Counties of Inverness, Ross, Allotments. Sutherland, and Caithness, out of the said annual Grant of Five thousand Pounds, as will produce an annual Payment at the Rate of Six Pounds Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds of the Sum so advanced, and so in proportion for any lesser Amount, such annual Payment to be made for the Term of Twenty-two Years; and all the Provisions of the said Act of the Fourteenth 14 & 15 Vict. and Fifteenth Years of Her Majesty with reference to the said c. 66. as to Sum of Ten thousand seven hundred Pounds, and the Charges of former Loan the annual Payments in respect thereof, and the Deduction of extended to Loan to be adsuch annual Payments from the Sums allotted to the said Coun-vanced under ties, and for supplying the Deficiency to arise by such Deduc- this Act. tions, shall be extended and shall be applicable to the said Sum of Three thousand Pounds to be advanced by way of Loan under this Act, and the Charges of the annual Payments in respect thereof,

way of Loan.

Inverness Bridge.

Public Houses (Ireland).

thereof, and the Deduction of such annual Payments from the Sums allotted to the said Counties, and for supplying the Deficiency to arise from such last-mentioned Deductions.

C A P. CXIV.

An Act for the Transfer of Licences of Public Houses in Ireland. [14th August 1855.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the Transfer in certain Cases of Licences of Inns, Alehouses, and Vic-' tualling Houses in Ireland:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

same, as follows:

Justices at Petty Sessions empowered to transfer Licences on the Death or Removal of the Parties licensed.

I. Upon the Death of any Person duly licensed to carry on the Business of a Licensed Victualler, and to sell Exciseable Liquors by Retail, to be consumed on the Premises, in Ireland, or upon the Removal of any such Person from the House or Premises at which he is authorized by any such Licence to carry on such Business as aforesaid in *Ireland*, or the Sale of or Assignment of his Interest therein by Operation of Law or otherwise, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the District within which any such licensed House or Premises shall be situated, assembled at Petty Sessions, or the Justices in any Liberty, City, Town, or Place within which any such licensed House or Premises shall be situated, assembled at Petty Sessions, at any Time when no Quarter Sessions shall be holden for any such County, Riding, Division, Liberty, City, Town, or Place, (if they shall think proper so to do, after examining upon Oath all necessary Parties,) to transfer, by Endorsement thereon, any and every such Licence as aforesaid then in force, to any Person, not disqualified by Law, to whom it shall be proposed at the Time of such Application to transfer any such Licence, to use, exercise, and carry on the Business of a Licensed Victualler at the same House and on the same Premises, and there to sell such Exciseable Liquors as might theretofore have been lawfully sold and retailed therein; and thereupon it shall be lawful for such Person so to use, exercise, and carry on the said Business at such House and Premises, until the Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be holden for the same County, Riding, Division, Liberty, City, Town, or Place next after the Expiration of One Calendar Month from the Time of such Transfer, and no longer.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to empower any Justices at Petty Sessions to make any such Transfer as aforesaid, within any of the Divisions assigned or to be assigned to any of the Police Courts already established or to be established within the District of Dublin Metropolis, but that any such Application as is herein-before authorized to be made at Petty Sessions shall, when the licensed House and Premises shall be situated within any of the said Divisions of the Police District of Dublin Metropolis, be made to One of the Police Digitized by Google Magistrates

tice at Petty Sessions to make any Transfer within the District of the Dublin Metropolis.

Nothing to empower any Jus-

Public Houses (Ireland).

Magistrates sitting at any of the said Courts, and such Magistrate shall, in his Discretion, make any such Transfer as aforesaid, in the Manner and for the Time herein-before mentioned: Provided also, that any Person who shall be authorized under the Provisions of this Act to continue to carry on the Business of a Licensed Victualler shall, after the obtaining such Authority, and so long as the same shall continue in force, be subject to all the Powers. Regulations, Proceedings, Penalties, and Provisions declared by or contained in any Act or Acts in force touching the Regulation, Government, or Control of Licensed Keepers of Inns. Alehouses. and Victualling Houses, in like Manner as if the same had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and that all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by any such Act or Acts shall be applied as directed by the same respectively.

C A P. CXV.

An Act to continue and amend the Public Health Act (1854).[14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS by the Act of the Session holden in the Seven- 17 & 18 Vict. teenth and Eighteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter c. 95. ' Ninety-five, " to make better Provision for the Administration " of the Laws relating to the Public Health," a Board was con-' stituted, to be called "The General Board of Health," and it was thereby provided that the said Board should be continued for One Year next after the Day of the passing of that Act, and ' thenceforth until the End of the then next Session of Parlia-' ment, and by the said Act the said Board were authorized to ' appoint a Secretary and Assistant Secretary, and such Clerks ' and Officers of the Board, and also so many Superintending 'Inspectors under such Board, as the Commissioners of Her ' Majesty's Treasury might think fit, every Person so appointed ' to be removable at the Pleasure of the said Board: And whereas it is expedient that the said Board should be continued, and ' should have Power to appoint a Medical Council and a Medical ' Officer:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

I. On the passing of this Act so much of the said Act as limits General Board the Duration of the Board of Health shall be repealed, and the continued for said Board shall be continued for One Year next after the Day of One Year, &c. the passing of this Act, and thenceforth until the End of the then

next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

II. The said Board may appoint a Medical Council, consisting Board may apof such Number of Persons as the said Board, with the Consent point, with of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, may deem expedient, and may appoint a Medical Officer, and may assign to such Council and Medical Officer such Duties as the Roand may think Council and Medical Officer such Duties as the Board may think and Medical fit; they may remove any Member of such Council, or such Officer. Officer, and appoint another Person in his Stead; and they may

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Public Health Act (1854) Continuance and Amendment.

diminish, or, with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, increase the Number of such Council.

Treasury to fix Salaries.

III. There shall be paid to the Members of the said Medical Council and to the said Medical Officer such Fees or Salaries as may from Time to Time be appointed by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury; and in the Case of such Medical Officer there may be allowed, in addition to his Salary, such reasonable travelling and other Expenses as may be incurred by him in the Performance of the Duties of his Office.

Salaries, &c.

IV. All Fees and Salaries payable under this Act, and all how to be paid. incidental Expenses of the said General Board, shall be paid out of such Monies as shall be provided by Parliament.

Short Title.

V. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The General Board of Health Continuance Act, 1855."

C A P. CXVI.

An Act for the better Prevention of Diseases.

[14th August 1855.]

11 & 12 Vict. c. 123. 12 & 13 Vict. c. 111.

WHEREAS the Provisions of "The Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Act, 1848," amended by "The Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Amendment Act, 1849," in so far as the same relate to the Prevention or Mitiga-' tion of epidemic, endemic, or contagious Diseases, are defective, and it is expedient to substitute other Provisions more effectual ' in that Behalf:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Short Title.

I. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as the "Diseases Prevention Act, 1855."

As to Execution of Act.

II. The Local Authority for executing this Act shall be the Local Authority acting in execution of any General Act in force for the Time being for the Removal of Nuisances.

Expenses of Act.

III. The Expenses incurred in execution of this Act shall be borne out of the Rates or Funds administered by such Local Authority, under the Provisions and for the Purposes of any such General Act as is referred to in the preceding Section.

Power of Entry.

IV. The Local Authority and their Officers shall have Power of Entry for the Purposes of this Act, and for executing or superintending the Execution of the Regulations and Directions of the General Board issued under this Act.

Power to Privy Council to issue Orders that Provisions herein contained for Prevention of Discases may be put in force.

V. Whenever any Part of England appears to be threatened with or is affected by any formidable epidemic, endemic, or contagious Disease, the Lords and others of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, or any Three or more of them, (the Lord President of the Council or One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State being One,) may, by Order or Orders to be by them from Time to Time made, direct that the Provisions herein contained for the Prevention of Diseases be put in force in England,

Diseases Prevention.

England, or in such Parts thereof as in such Order or Orders respectively may be expressed, and may from Time to Time, as to all or any of the Parts to which any such Order or Orders extend, and in like Manner, revoke or renew any such Order; and, subject to Revocation and Renewal as aforesaid, every such Order shall be in force for Six Calendar Months, or for such shorter Period as in such Order shall be expressed; and every such Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council, or of any Members thereof, as aforesaid, shall be certified under the Hand of the Clerk in Ordinary of Her Majesty's Privy Council, and shall be published in the London Gazette; and such Publication shall be conclusive Evidence of such Order, to all Intents and Purposes.

VI. From Time to Time after the issuing of any such Order Power to Geneas aforesaid, and whilst the same continues in force, the General ral Board of Board of Health may issue Directions and Regulations, as the said Health to issue

Board think fit-

For the speedy Interment of the Dead:

For House to House Visitation:

For the dispensing of Medicines, guarding against the Spread of Disease, and affording to Persons afflicted by or threatened with such epidemic, endemic, or contagious Diseases such medical Aid and such Accommodation as may be required:

And from Time to Time, in like Manner, may revoke, renew, and Local Extent alter any such Directions and Regulations as to the said Board and Duration of appears expedient, to extend to all Parts in which the Provisions Regulations of of this Act for the Prevention of Disease shall for the Time being be put in force under such Orders as aforesaid, unless such Directions and Regulations be expressly confined to some of such Parts, and then to such Parts as therein are specified; and (subject to the Power of Revocation and Alteration herein contained) such Directions and Regulations shall continue in force so long as the said Provisions of this Act shall, under such Order, be applicable to the same Parts.

VII. Every such Direction and Regulation as aforesaid, when Publication of issued, shall be published in the London Gazette, and the Gazette such Regula-in which such Direction or Regulation was published shall be tions. conclusive Evidence of the Direction or Regulation so published,

to all Intents and Purposes.

VIII. The Local Authority shall superintend and see to the Local Autho-Execution of such Directions and Regulations, and shall appoint rity to see to Exand pay such Medical or other Officers or Persons, and do and ecution of Reguprovide all such Acts, Matters, and Things, as may be necessary for mitigating such Disease, or for superintending or aiding in the Execution of such Directions and Regulations, or for executing the same, as the Case may require.

IX. The Local Authority may from Time to Time direct any and may direct Prosecutions or legal Proceedings for or in respect of the wilful Prosecutions.

Violation or Neglect of any such Direction and Regulation.

X. Every Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council, and every Orders of Coun-Direction and Regulation of the General Board of Health, under cil, &c. to be this Act, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, forth- laid before Parliament. with upon the issuing thereof, if Parliament be then sitting, and

18 & 19 Vict.

Regulations to carry out such Provisions.

General Board.

lations, &c.;

Diseases Prevention.

if not then within Fourteen Days next after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

Order in Council may extend to Parts and Arms of the Sea. XI. Orders in Council issued in pursuance of this Act for putting in force the Provisions for the Prevention of Disease in the said Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts contained, in *Great Britain*, may extend to Parts and Arms of the Sea lying within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty; and the Board of Health for *England* may issue under this Act Directions and Regulations for cleansing, purifying, ventilating, and disinfecting, and providing medical Aid and Accommodation, and preventing Disease in Ships and Vessels, as well upon Arms and Parts of the Sea aforesaid as upon Inland Waters.

Medical Officer of Unions and others entitled to Costs of attending Sick on board Vessels, when required by Orders of General Board of Health.

XII. Whenever, in compliance with any Regulation of the General Board of Health, which they may be empowered to make under this Act, any Medical Officer appointed under and by virtue of the Laws for the Time being for the Relief of the Poor shall perform any Medical Service on board of any Vessel, such Medical Officer shall be entitled to charge extra for any such Service, at the general Rate of his Allowance for his Services for the Union or Place for which he is appointed, and such Charges shall be payable by the Captain of the Vessel, on behalf of the Owners, together with any reasonable Expenses for the Treatment of the Sick; and if such Services shall be rendered by any Medical Practitioner who is not a Union or Parish Officer, he shall be entitled to Charges for any Service rendered on board, with extra Remuneration on account of Distance, at the same Rate as those which he is in the habit of receiving from private Patients of the Class of those attended and treated on Shipboard, to be paid as aforesaid; and in case of Dispute in respect of such Charges, such Dispute may, where the Charges do not exceed Twenty Pounds, be determined summarily, at the Place where the Dispute arises, as in case of Seamen's Wages not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Provisions of the Law in that Behalf for the Time being in force; and any Justice before whom Complaint is made shall determine summarily as to the Amount which is reasonable, according to the accustomed Rate of Charge within the Place for Attendance on Patients of the like Class or Condition as those in respect of whom the Charge is made.

Authentication of Directions and Regulations of General Board of Health. XIII. The Directions and Regulations of the General Board of Health under this Enactment shall be under the Seal of the said Board, and the Hand of the President or Two or more Members thereof; and any Copy of such Regulations purporting to bear such Seal and Signature, whether the said Signature and Seal be respectively impressed and written, or printed only, shall be Evidence in all Proceedings in which such Regulations may come in question.

Penalty for obstructing Execution of Act.

XIV. Whoever wilfully obstructs any Person acting under the Authority or employed in the Execution of this Act, and whosever wilfully violates any Direction or Regulation issued by the General Board of Health as aforesaid, shall be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, to be appropriated in or towards the defraying the Expenses of executing this Act.

XV. The

Diseases Prevention.

Ordnance Board.

XV. The Provisions of any General Act in force for the Re- Certain existing moval of Nuisances, with regard to the Service of Notices, the Provisions to Proof of Orders or Resolutious of the Local Authority, and the Act. Recovery of Penalties, shall extend and apply to this Act.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act for transferring to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State the Powers and Estates vested in the Principal Officers of the Ordnance. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS by various Acts of Parliament, and particularly by an Act of the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifth 5 & 6 Vict. and Sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter c. 94. ' Ninety-four, and by another Act of the Session of Parliament holden in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign 17 & 18 Vict. of Her present Majesty, Chapter Sixty-seven, various Powers c. 67. ' and Authorities were given to or vested in and exerciseable by

' the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, and by the ' said Acts, and by or under divers Conveyances, Surrenders, 'Assignments, and Leases, or by some other Means, divers ' Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, and Property purchased, taken, ' used, and occupied for the Ordnance and Barrack Services ' throughout the United Kingdom before and at the Time of the ' Revocation by Her Majesty next herein-after mentioned, were ' vested in the said Principal Officers: And whereas Her Majesty ' hath thought fit to revoke the Letters Patent of some of the said ' Principal Officers, and by other Letters Patent to transfer to One ' of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State the Administra-' tion of the Department the Duties of which were previously 'executed by the said Principal Officers of Her Majesty's 'Ordnance: And whereas it is expedient that the said several ' Powers and Authorities, and the said Lands, Hereditaments, ' Estates, and Property, and all Title, Estate, and Interest therein ' respectively, should be also transferred from the said Principal 'Officers, and vested in One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries ' of State:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. All the Powers, Authorities, Rights, and Privileges whatso- Powers, &c. ever, which by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, vested in Prinor of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or of any other Law, cipal Officers of Custom, or Usage whatsoever have been or were at any Time transferred to vested in or exercised or exerciseable by the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Her Majesty's Ordnance, or any of them, shall from henceforth Secretary of continue in full Force, and shall be and the same are hereby State for War. declared to be transferred to and vested in and exerciseable by Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Time being to whom Her Majesty shall think fit to intrust the Seals of the War Department, and such last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State shall be entitled to the same Exemption from personal Responsibility as the said Principal Officers were entitled to.

II. All

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Ordnance Board.

All Lands, &c. vested in such Officers vested in the said Secretary of State.

II. All Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, and Property whatsoever which by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or of any Conveyance, Surrender, Lease, or other Assurance, or of any Law, Custom, or Usage whatsoever, before and at the Time of the Revocation by Her Majesty herein-before mentioned were vested in the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, on behalf of Her Majesty, or which have been at any Time before the passing of this Act held, used, or occupied, or purchased, vested, or taken, by or in the Name of or by any Person or Persons in trust for Her Majesty, for the Use and Service of the said Department or for the Defence and Security of the Realm, and which have not been sold, aliened, or parted with, shall from henceforth be and the same are hereby declared to be transferred to and vested in the last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being, on behalf of Her said Majesty; and when and so often as the said last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State, and any succeeding Principal Secretary of State to whom Her Majesty shall have intrusted the Seals of the War Department, shall cease to hold such Office, the said several Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, and Property, and all Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, and Property which hereafter shall be purchased or otherwise acquired by any such last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being, on behalf of Her said Majesty, shall by virtue of this Act be absolutely divested out of such Secretary of State so ceasing to hold such Office as aforesaid, and shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vested in his Successor in the said Office, immediately upon his receiving the Seals of the said Department, absolutely; and the said Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, and Property hereby vested and hereafter to be vested in the said last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State and his Successors shall, as to such of them as were or shall have been purchased, or are or shall be held for an Estate of Inheritance in Fee Simple, be so vested in such last mentioned Principal Secretary of State and his Successors in the same Manner as if the Fee Simple thereof had been originally conveyed to such Principal Secretary of State as a Corporation Sole and his Successors; and as to all Lands, Hereditaments, and Property purchased or held for any less Estate than an Estate of Inheritance in Fee Simple, as if the same Lands, Hereditaments, and Property had been originally conveyed, surrendered, demised, or otherwise assured to such Principal Secretary of State as a Corporation Sole, and his Successors, for all the existing Estates or Interests therein respectively, and so from Time to Time; nevertheless, with respect to all Lands or Hereditaments of Copyhold or Customary Tenure, the same shall, for the Purpose mentioned in the Eighth Section of the first-mentioned Act, (videlicet, the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Ninety-four,) remain vested in or be surrendered to some Person to be approved of or named by the last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being as Tenant thereof.

5 & 6 Vict. c. 94. s. 8.

Ordnance Board

III. All Contracts, Covenants, and Agreements heretofore made Contracts, &c. or entered into by any Person or Persons whomsoever with the said Principal Officers of the Ordnance, or any Person or Persons on their Behalf, as to or concerning any Lands, Hereditaments, the Public Ser-Estates, and Property vested in or agreed to be purchased by the vice to be ensaid Principal Officers, or in anywise relating to the Public Ser- forced by such vice, shall be deemed and taken to have been made or entered into with such Principal Secretary of State as last aforesaid, and shall be executed and enforced by him in like Manner as if he had originally been Party thereto instead of the said Principal Officers of the Ordnance; and all Proceedings whatsoever which have been or might or may have been commenced, taken, or done in the Names of the said Principal Officers, on behalf of Her Majesty, shall and may hereafter be commenced, continued, taken, and done in the Name of such Principal Secretary of State as aforesaid, in like Manner (in the Case of Proceedings already commenced, taken, or done,) as if he had originally been Party thereto. instead of the said Principal Officers of the Ordnance.

IV. All Powers by the Tenth and Eighteenth Sections of the Powers given said first-mentioned Act given to Bodies Politic or Corporate, Feoffees or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, of 5 & 6 Vict. Tenants for Life and Tenants in Tail, Husbands, Guardians, c. 94 to Bodies Trustees, Committees, Curators, and Attornies, respectively therein Corporate, &c. mentioned, to contract and agree for the absolute Sale or Exchange to sell, to be of any Messuages, Buildings, Castles, Forts, Lines, or other Forti- exercised by fications, Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and for the Sale of any Reversion, and the Grant of any Lease, and to convey, surrender, demise, or grant the same accordingly, shall continue in full Force, and hereafter may or shall be exercised or exerciseable, and be acted under or take effect, in favour or at the Instance of the last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being, on behalf of Her said Majesty, and for the Public Service, in the same Manner and as effectually as the said Powers are in and by such recited Acts given or created or made exerciseable in favour or at the Instance of the said Principal Officers for the Time being on behalf of Her said Majesty, or for the Public Service, and all Enactments, Directions, and Provisions in the said recited Acts contained shall continue in full Force, and may or shall at all Times hereafter be by the last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being acted on and take effect, and shall enure or take effect in favour of, and may be enforced by, such last-mentioned Principal Secretary and his Successors, on behalf of Her Majesty, and for the Public Service.

V. In every Contract, Conveyance, Surrender, Lease, or other Such Secretary Assurance of any Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, or Property, with, of State to be unto, or by the last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the Time being, and in every other Deed or Instrument relating to any &c. as "Her Lands, Hereditaments, Estates, or Property, or in anywise to the Majesty's Prin-Public Service, to which the last-mentioned Principal Secretary cipal Secretary of State for the Time being shall be or shall be intended to be a of State for the Party, it shall be sufficient to call or describe him by the Style or Title of "Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the War

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made by the Principal Officers relating to

by 10th and such Secretary

described in Conveyances,

Depart-

Ordnance Board.

Sale of Beer, &c.

Department," without naming him; and every such Contract, Conveyance, Surrender, Lease, Assurance, Deed, or Instrument may be executed by such last-mentioned Principal Secretary of State, or by any other of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Time being, by signing his Name thereto, and if the Instrument so executed be in the Form of a Deed by setting or affixing a Seal thereto and delivering the same as his Deed; and whenever any Contract, Conveyance, Surrender, Lease, Assurance, Deed, or Instrument shall be executed by any other Principal Secretary of State than the Principal Secretary of State for the War Department the Principal Secretary of State so executing the same shall for that Time and on that Occasion, and for the Purposes thereof, be deemed to be the Principal Secretary of State for the War Department.

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to repeal the Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty for further regulating the Sale of Beer and other Liquors on the Lord's Day, and to substitute other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[14th August 1855.]

' HEREAS the Act now in force for further regulating the Sale of fermented and distilled Liquors on the Lord's Day has been found to be attended with Inconvenience to the Public: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. That the Act of Parliament passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for further regulating the Sale of Beer and other Liquers

on the Lord's Day, be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. It shall not be lawful for any Licensed Victualler, or Person licensed to sell Beer by Retail, to be drunk on the Premises, or not to be drunk on the Premises, or any Person licensed or authorized to sell any fermented or distilled Liquors, or any Person who by reason of the Freedom of the Mystery or Craft of Vintners of the City of London, or of any Right or Privilege, shall claim to be entitled to sell Wine by Retail, to be drunk or consumed on the Premises, in any Part of England or Wales, to open or keep open his House for the Sale of or to sell Beer, Wine, Spirits, or any other fermented or distilled Liquor between the Hours of Three and Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, nor after Eleven o'Clock in the Afternoon on Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or Good Friday, or any Day appointed for a Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or before Four o'Clock in the Morning of the Day following such Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or such Days of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, except to a Traveller or to a Lodger therein.

III. No Person shall open any House or Place of public Resort for the Sale of fermented or distilled Liquors, or sell therein such Liquors, in any Part of *England* or *Wales*, between Three and

17 & 18 Vict. c. 79. repealed.

Licensed Victuallers prohibited from opening Houses for Sale of Beer, &c. during certain Hours of Sunday, &c.

Houses of public Resort prohibited being onened for Sales

Five

Sale of Beer, &c.

Passengers Act Amendment.

Five o'Clock in the Afternoon or after Eleven o'Clock in the of Liquors dur-Afternoon on Sunday, or on Christmas Day or Good Friday, or ing certain any Day appointed for a Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or before Four o'Clock in the Morning of the Day following such Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or such other Days appointed as aforesaid, except to Travellers.

Hours on Sundays, &c.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Constable at any Time to enter Power to Coninto any House or Place of public Resort in England or Wales for stables to enter the Sale of Beer, Wine, Spirits, or other fermented or distilled Liquor or Liquors; and every Person who shall refuse to admit or shall not admit such Constable into such House or Place shall be deemed guilty of an Offence against this Act.

V. Every Person who shall offend against this Act shall be Penalty for Ofliable, upon a summary Conviction for the same before any Justice fences against of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, Liberty, City, this Act. Borough, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence, and every separate Sale shall be deemed a separate Offence.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to amend the Law relating to the Carriage of Passengers by Sea. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Passengers Act, 15 & 16 Vict. 1852:"' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Ex- c. 44. cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Prefatory

Clauses.

I. On the First Day of October next, when this Act shall commence and come into force, "The Passengers Act, 1852," shall be Commencerepealed; except so far as the said Act repeals any former Act or ment of this Enactment; and except as to existing Passage Brokers Licences, which shall continue in force as mentioned in Section Sixty-eight of this Act, and except as to any Ship which shall have cleared out from any Colonial Port under the said Act, and before this Act shall have come into operation in such Colony; and except so Liabilities, far as may be necessary for supporting or continuing any Proceed- s. 68. of this ing heretofore taken or hereafter to be taken upon any Bond given under the said Act, or upon any other Civil Process; and except as to the Recovery and Application of any Penalty for any Offence cil dated 16th committed against the said Act before the Commencement of this Oct. 1852. Act: and except also as to an Order in Council made by Her Majesty, with the Advice of Her Privy Council, on the Sixteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, in pursuance of the Powers given by the Fifty-fifth Section of the said Act, which said Order in Council shall remain in force until altered or revoked by any Order in Council to be made under the Provisions of this Act.

Act, and Repeal of former Act, 15 & 16 Vict. c. 44., except as to existing Act, and except as to an Order in Coun-

II. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament, or in any Short Title of Instrument, Document, or Proceeding, it shall be sufficient to use Act; and in the Expression "The Passengers Act, 1855;" and in any Process legal Proceedings Sections for enforcing the Remedies or Penalties given or imposed by this may be referred L14

Act, to by Num'--

Prefatory Clauses.

Definition of Terms used in this Act. Act, it shall be sufficient, without specifying more particularly the Cause of Complaint or Offence, to refer by Number, according to the Copies of the Act printed by the Queen's Printer, to the Section or Sections under which the Proceeding is taken.

III. For the Purposes of this Act, the following Words and Expressions, whenever they occur, shall respectively have the following Significations, if not inconsistent with the Context or Subject Matter; (that is to say,) Words of one Number or Gender shall import both Numbers and all Genders respectively; the Expression "Her Majesty" shall include Her Heirs and Successors; the Expression "Consular Officer" shall signify and include Her Majesty's Consul General, Consul, and Vice Consul; the Expression "United Kingdom" shall signify Great Britain and Ireland, and the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, Scilly, and Man; the Expression " North America" shall signify and include the Bermudas, and all Ports and Places on the Eastern Coast of the Continent of North America, or in the Islands adjacent or near thereto, or in the Gulf of Mexico North of the Tropic of Cancer; the Expression " West Indies" shall signify the West India Islands, the Bahamas, British Guiana, and Honduras; the Expression "Governor" shall signify the Person who for the Time being shall be lawfully administering the Government of any British Colony in which he may be acting; the Expression "Statute Adult" shall signify any Person of the Age of Twelve Years or upwards, or Two Persons between the Ages of One and Twelve Years; the Expression "Passage" shall include all Passages except Cabin Passages; the Expression "Passengers" shall include all Passengers except Cabin Passengers, and except Labourers under Indenture to the Hudson's Bay Company, and their Families, conveyed in Ships the Property of or chartered by the said Company, and no Persons shall be deemed Cabin Passengers unless the Space allotted to their exclusive Use shall be in the Proportion of at least Thirty-six clear Superficial Feet to each Statute Adult, nor unless they shall be messed throughout the Voyage at the same Table with the Master or First Officer of the Ship, nor unless the Fare contracted to be paid by them respectively shall be in the Proportion of at least Thirty Shillings for every Week of the Length of the Voyage as computed under the Provisions of this Act for Sailing Vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom to any Place South of the Equator, and of Twenty Shillings for such Vessels proceeding to any Place North of the Equator, nor unless they shall have been furnished with a duly signed Contract Ticket according to the Form in Schedule (K.) of this Act; the Expression "Upper Passenger Deck" shall signify and include the Deck immediately beneath the Upper Deck, or the Poop or Round House and Deck House when the Number of Passengers and Cabin Passengers carried in such Poop, Round House, or Deck House shall exceed One Third of the total Number of Passengers which such Ship can lawfully carry on the Deck next below; the Expression "Lower Passenger Deck," the Deck next beneath the Upper Passenger Deck, not being an Orlop Deck; the Expression "Ship," ahall

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Passengers Act Amendment.

shall signify any Description of Sea-going Vessel, whether British or Foreign; the Expression "Passenger Ship" shall signify every Description of such Ship carrying upon any Voyage to which the Provisions of this Act shall extend more than Thirty Passengers, or a greater Number of Passengers than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Fifty Tons of the registered Tonnage of such Ship if propelled by Sails, or of One Statute Adult to every Twenty-five Tons if propelled by Steam; the Expression "Master" shall signify the Person who shall be borne on the Ship's Articles as Master, or who, other than a Pilot, shall for the Time being be in charge or command of any such Ship or "Passenger Ship;" and the Expression "Emigrant Runner" shall signify every Person other than a licensed Passage Broker or his bond fide salaried Clerk, who within any Port or Place of Shipping, or within Five Miles of the outer Boundaries thereof, for Hire or Reward, or the Expectation thereof, shall directly or indirectly conduct, solicit, influence, or recommend any intending Emigrant to or on behalf of any Passage Broker, Owner, Charterer, or Master of a Ship, Lodging House or Tavern or Shop Keeper, Money Changer or other Dealer or Chapman, for any Purpose connected with the Preparations or Arrangements for a Passage, or shall give or pretend to give to such intending Emigrant any Information or Assistance in any way relating to Emigration.

IV. This Act shall extend to every "Passenger Ship" pro- Towhat Vessels ceeding on any Voyage from the United Kingdom to any Place and Voyages out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterranean Sea, and this Act exon every Colonial Voyage as herein-after described, and, in the Particulars mentioned or referred to in Sections One hundred, One hundred and one, and One hundred and two, to every Ship bringing Passengers into the United Kingdom from any Place out of Europe and not being within the Mediterranean Sea; but shall not extend to any of Her Majesty's Ships of War, nor to any Ships in the Service of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, nor to any Ship of War or Transport in the Service of the East India Company, nor to any Steam Vessel regularly employed in the Conveyance of the Public Mails under an existing Contract with the Government of the State or Colony to which such Steam Vessel may belong, provided the Master thereof shall, on Demand, produce to the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance or Port of Departure a Certificate of Exemption, in the Form given in Schedule (A.) hereto annexed, under the Hand of the Postmaster General of the United Kingdom, or of some Person deputed by him for the Purpose, or in the Case of a Colony, under the Hand of the Governor thereof, or in the Case of a Foreign State, under the Hand of the Postmaster General or other competent Government Officer whose Signature shall be authenticated by the Signature of a British Consular Officer in such Foreign State.

V. Such Certificate of Exemption shall be issuable at the Dis- Penalty on cretion of the Officer authorized to grant the same as herein-before fraudulently mentioned, and shall remain in force for the Period specified therein, unless sooner revoked, or unless the Vessel for which it fraudulent Cer-

shall tificates.

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shall have been issued shall sooner cease to be employed in carrying the Public Mails; and if any Person shall make or attempt to make any fraudulent Use of any such Certificate, or shall forge, counterfeit, alter, or erase the whole or any Part thereof, or shall use or attempt to use any spurious or fraudulent Certificate, the Person so offending, and every Person aiding and abetting in such Offence, shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five hundred Pounds Sterling, and the Vessel for which the Exemption is claimed shall not be cleared out until all the Requirements of this Act have been complied with.

Commissioners of Emigration to carry this Act into execution.

VI. 'And whereas by a Warrant under Her Majesty's Sign ' Manual, bearing Date on the Twenty-seventh Day of November ' One thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, Her Majesty was pleased to appoint certain Persons therein named under the Style of "The Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners," ' to be, during Her Majesty's Pleasure, Commissioners in the ' United Kingdom for the Sale of the Waste Lands of the Crown of Her Majesty's Colonies, and for superintending the Emigra-' tion of the poorer Classes of Her Majesty's Subjects to such ' Colonies: And whereas it is expedient that such Commissioners ' should be empowered to carry this Act into execution:' Be it therefore enacted, That the said Commissioners, and their Successors for the Time being, shall and they are hereby empowered to carry this Act into execution; and that for all legal and other Purposes it shall be sufficient to describe such Commissioners by the Style of "The Emigration Commissioners."

Emigration Commissioners may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary, &c.

VII. The said Emigration Commissioners for the Time being may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary, or of any One of such Commissioners for the Time being, and legal or equitable Proceedings taken by or against the said Commissioners in the Name of any One of them or of their Secretary shall not abate nor be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Secretary or Commissioner, but the Secretary for the Time being, or any One of such Commissioners, shall always be deemed to be the Plaintiff or Defendant (as the Case may be) in any such Proceedings: Provided always, that the said Commissioners and their Sccretary, and the Emigration Officers herein-after mentioned respectively, shall in no Case be personally liable, nor shall the private Estate and Effects of any of them be liable, for the Payment of any Monies or Costs or otherwise in respect of any Contract made or hereafter to be made by them or any of them, or in respect of any legal or equitable Proceedings taken against them or any of them, or for any Act, Deed, or Matter done or executed by them or any of them in their or his official Capacity and on the Public Service.

Commissioners. &c. exempt from Liability.

VIII. In the United Kingdom the said Commissioners acting Emigration under the Sanction of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and in Her Majesty's Possessions abroad the respective Governors thereof, may from Time to Time appoint, and the said Commissioners and Governors may at pleasure from Time to Time remove, such Emigration Officers and Assistant Emigration Officers as they may respectively think necessary, for the Purpose of carry-

Officers to act under Commissioners, &c., but existing Appointments to continue until revoked.

ing

ing this Act into execution, under the Direction of the said Commissioners or Governors, as the Case may be: Provided nevertheless, that all existing Appointments of Emigration Officers or Immigration Agents and of their Assistants, as well in the United Kingdom as in Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, shall continue in force under this Act until duly revoked.

IX. All Powers, Functions, and Duties to be exercised or per- Duties of Emiformed by any such Emigration Officer may be exercised and gration Officer performed respectively by his Assistant, or, at any Port where there shall be no such Emigration Officer or Assistant, or in their Assistant &c. Absence, by the Chief Officer of Customs for the Time being at

such Port.

X. The Master of every Ship, whether a "Passenger Ship" or Facilities to be otherwise, fitting or intended for the Carriage of Passengers, or given to the which shall carry Passengers upon any Voyage to which this Act proper Officers extends, shall afford to such Emigration Officer as aforesaid at for the Inspection of the Insp any Port or Place in Her Majesty's Dominions, and in the Case fitting for Pasof British Ships, to Her Majesty's Consular Officer at any Foreign sengers. Port or Place at which such Ship shall be or arrive, every Facility for inspecting such Ship, and for communicating with the Passengers, and for ascertaining that the Provisions of this Act, so far as the same may be applicable to such Ships, have been duly complied with; the Master of any Ship who shall omit or fail to Penalty on comply with any of the Requirements of this Section shall be Master failing liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

XI. No Ship fitted or intended for the Carriage of Passengers as a "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea until the Master thereof shall have obtained from the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance a Certificate of Clearance under his Hand that all the Requirements of this Act, so far as the same can be complied with, before the Departure of such Ship, have been duly complied with, and that such Ship is, in his Opinion, seaworthy, in safe Trim, and in all respects fit for her intended Voyage, and that her Passengers and Crew are in a fit State to proceed, nor until the Master shall have joined in executing such Bond to the Crown as required by the Sixty-third Section of this Act: Provided, that if such Emigration Officer shall refuse to grant such Certificate, and the Owner or Charterer of such Ship shall appeal in Writing to the Emigration Commissioners, such Commissioners shall appoint any Two other Emigration Officers, or any Two competent Persons, at the Expense of the Appellant, to examine into the Matter, and if the Persons so appointed shall grant a Certificate under their joint Hands to the Purport herein-before required, such Certificate shall be held to be of the same Effect as if granted by the Emigration Officer of the Port of Clearance.

XII. If any "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Forfeiture of Sea without the Master's having first obtained such Certificate of Ship if Master Clearance, or without his having joined in executing such Bond, proceeds to Sea without Certifias by this Act is required, or if such Ship after having sailed shall cate of Clearput into any Port or Place in the United Kingdom is put into any Port or Place in the United Kingdom in a damaged ance, &c. State, and shall put to Sea again without the Master having first obtained such Certificate of Clearance as required by Section

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to comply, &c.

Arrangements for the Ship.

No Passenger Ship to clear without Certificate from Emigration Officer, nor until Bond be given to the Crown,

Arrangements for the Ship.

Such Ship to be dealt with as if seized under Laws relating to Customs.

Where Passengers may be carried.

Fifty of this Act, such Ship shall be forfeited to the Use of Her Majesty, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs, if found, within Two Years from the Commission of the Offence, in any Port or Place in Her Majesty's Dominions; and such Ship shall thereupon be dealt with in the same Manner as if she had been seized as forfeited under any of the Laws relating to the Customs for an Offence incurring Forfeiture under those Laws.

XIII. No Ship shall carry Passengers or Cabin Passengers on more than Two Decks; provided, that Cabin Passengers in a Proportion not exceeding One Cabin Passenger for every One hundred Tons of the Ship's registered Tonnage, or sick Persons placed in a Hospital, as herein-after provided, may be carried in a Poop or Deck House, notwithstanding that Passengers are carried on Two other Decks, and if Passengers are carried under the Poop or in any Round House or Deck House, such Poop, Round House, or Deck House shall be properly built and secured to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance: For any Breach of this Enactment the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five hundred Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds Sterling.

Rule for deterof Passengers to be carried. Tonnage Check.

Space Check.

XIV. For determining the Number of Passengers to be carried mining Number in any "Passenger Ship" the following Rules shall be observed:

> (1.) No Ship propelled by Sails only shall carry a greater Number of Persons (including every Individual on board) than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Two Tons of her registered Tonnage:

(2.) No Ship shall carry under the Poop, or in the Round House or Deck House, or on the "Upper Passenger Deck," a greater Number of Passengers than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Fifteen clear Superficial Feet of Deck allotted to their Use:

(3.) No Ship shall carry on her Lower Passenger Deck a greater Number of Passengers than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Eighteen clear Superficial Feet of Deck allotted to their Use: Provided nevertheless, that if the Height between such Lower Passenger Deck and the Deck immediately above it shall be less than Seven Feet, or if the Apertures (exclusive of Side Scuttles) through which Light and Air shall be admitted together to the Lower Passenger Deck shall be less in Size than in the Proportion of Three Square Feet to every One hundred Superficial Feet of the Lower Passenger Deck, no greater Number of Passengers shall be carried on such Deck than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Twentyfive clear Superficial Feet thereof:

(4.) No Ship, whatever be her Tonnage or superficial Space of "Passenger Decks," shall carry a greater Number of Passengers on the whole than in the Proportion of One Statute Adult to every Five Superficial Feet, clear for Exercise, on the upper Deck or Poop, or (if secured and fitted on the Top with a Railing or Guard to the Satisfaction

faction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance) on any Round House or Deck House:

Arrangements for the Ship.

(5.) In the Measurement of the Passenger Decks, Poop, Round House, or Deck House, the Space for the Hospital and that occupied by such Portion of the personal Luggage of the Passengers as the Emigration Officer may permit to be carried there shall be included:

If there shall be on board of any Ship at or after the Time of Penalty. Clearance a greater Number, either of Persons or Passengers (except by Births at Sea), than in the Proportions respectively herein-before mentioned, the Master of such Ship shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling for each Passenger or Person constituting such Excess.

XV. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act contained Nothing to exshall extend to repeal or vary an Act passed in the Session of tend to repeal Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four, intituled An Act to amend the Pussengers Act, 1852, so far as relates to the Passages of Natives of Asia or Africa, and also Passages between the Island of Ceylon and certain Parts of the East Indies.

16 & 17 Vict.

XVI. The Master of every Ship, whether a "Passenger Ship" or otherwise, carrying Passengers on any Voyage to which this Lists to be de-Act extends, shall, before demanding a Clearance for such Ship, sign Two Lists, made out according to the Form contained in Schedule (B.) hereto annexed, correctly setting forth in the Manner therein directed the Name and other Particulars of the Ship, and of every Passenger on board thereof; and the said Lists, when countersigned by the Emigration Officer, where there is One at the Port, shall be delivered by the Master to the Officer of the Customs from whom a Clearance of the said Ship shall be demanded, and such Officer shall thereupon also countersign and return to the said Master One of such Lists, herein-after called "The Master's List;" and the said Master shall note in Writing on such last-mentioned List, and on any additional Lists to be made out as next herein-after provided, the Date and supposed Cause of Death of any Passenger who may die, and the Date of Birth, and Sex of any Child who may be born on the Voyage, and shall exhibit such last-mentioned List, with any Additions which may from Time to Time be made thereto, as herein-after directed, to the Chief Officer of Customs at any Port or Place in Her Majesty's Possessions, or to Her Majesty's Consular Officer at any Foreign Port at which the said Passengers or any of them shall be landed, and shall deposit the same with such Chief Officer of Customs or such Consular Officer, as the Case may be, at the final Port or Place of Discharge, and such Officer of Customs or Consular Officer shall thereupon forthwith transmit the Particulars respecting any Passenger who may die, or of any Child who may be born on the Voyage to the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England, who shall file the same, and enter a Copy thereof under his Hand, in the "Marine Register Book," which Entry shall be dealt with and be of the same Value as Evidence

Passengers livered in Duplicate by the Master before Clearance.

Arrangements for the Ship.

6 & 7 W. 4. c. 86.

Lists of Passengers embarked after Clearance to be delivered by Master.

Penalty on Noncompli-

Penalty on Persons found on board Ships without Consent of Owners,

All Passenger Ships to be surveyed before clearing out,

Evidence as any other Entry made in such Book under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England: In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section on the Part of the Master, or if such Lists shall be wilfully false, the Master shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XVII. If at any Time after such Lists shall have been signed and delivered as aforesaid any additional Passenger shall be taken on board, in every such Case the Master shall, according to the Form aforesaid, add to "The Master's List" the Names and other Particulars of every such additional Passenger, and shall also sign a separate List, made out according to the Form aforesaid, containing the Names and other Particulars of every such additional Passenger, and such last-mentioned List, when countersigned by the Emigration Officer, where there is One at the Port, shall, together with "The Master's List" to which such Addition shall have been made, be delivered to the Chief Officer of Customs as aforesaid, and thereupon such Officer shall countersign "The Master's List," and shall return the same to the said Master, and shall retain the separate List, and so on in like Manner whenever any additional Passenger or Passengers may be taken on board; or if no Officer of Customs shall be stationed at the Port or Place where such additional Passenger or Passengers may be taken on board, the said Lists shall be delivered to the Officer of Customs at the next Port or Place at which such Vessel shall touch or arrive and where any such Officer shall be stationed, to be dealt with as herein-before mentioned: Provided, that when any additional Passengers shall be taken on board the Master shall obtain a fresh Certificate from the Emigration Officer of the Port that all the Requirements of this Act have been duly complied with before the Ship shall proceed to Sea: In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of such Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XVIII. If any Person shall be found on board any Passenger Ship with Intent to obtain a Passage therein without the Consent of the Owner, Charterer, or Master thereof, such Person and every Person aiding and abetting him in such fraudulent Intent, shall respectively be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, and in default of Payment to Imprisonment, with or without Hard Labour, for a Period not exceeding Three Calendar Months; and such Person so found on board may be taken before any Justice of the Peace, without Warrant, and such Justice may summarily hear the Case, and on Proof of the Offence convict

such Offender as aforesaid.

XIX. No "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea unless she shall have been surveyed, under the Direction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, but at the Expense of the Owner or Charterer thereof, by Two or more competent Surveyors

Surveyors to be appointed by the said Emigration Commissioners Arrangements for each Port at which there may be an Emigration Officer, and for the Ship. for other Ports by the Commissioners of Customs, nor unless it shall be reported by such Surveyors that such "Passenger Ship" is in their Opinion seaworthy, and fit for her intended Voyage. The Survey shall be made before any Part of the Cargo is taken on board, except so much as may be necessary for ballasting the Ship; and such Portion of Cargo if laden on board shall be shifted, if required by the Emigration Officer or Surveyors, so as to expose to view successively every Part of the Frame of the Ship. In Penalty on case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Sec- Noncomplition, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship, or any of them, ance. shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling: Provided Power to Ownalways, that in case any "Passenger Ship" shall be reported by ere to appeal always, that in case any rassenger supported by any such Surveyors not to be seaworthy, or not fit for her said against Surveyors Report intended Voyage, the Owner or Charterer, if he shall think fit, of Ships not may require, by Writing under his Hand, the Emigration Officer, being seaor in his Absence the Chief Officer of Customs, to appoint Three worthy. other competent Surveyors, of whom Two at least shall be Shipwrights, to survey the said Ship, at the Expense of the said Owner or Charterer; and the said Officer shall thereupon appoint such Surveyors, who shall survey the said Ship, and if they shall, by an unanimous Report under their Hands (but not otherwise), declare the said Ship to be seaworthy, and fit for her intended Voyage, the said Ship shall then, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed seaworthy for such Voyage.

XX. In every "Passenger Ship" the Beams supporting the As to the Con-"Passenger Decks" shall form Part of the permanent Structure struction of of the Ship: They shall be of adequate Strength, in the Judg- Beams and ment of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, and shall be firmly secured to the Ship to his Satisfaction. The "Passenger Decks" shall be at least One Inch and a Half in Thickness, and shall be laid and firmly fastened upon the Beams continuously from Side to Side of the Compartment in which the Passengers are berthed. The Height between that Part of any Deck on which Passengers are carried and the Deck immediately above it shall not be less than Six Feet. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XXI. There shall not be more than Two Tiers of Berths on Arrangement any One Deck in any "Passenger Ship," and the Interval between and Size of the Floor of the Berths and the Deck immediately beneath them Berths. shall not be less than Six Inches, nor the Interval between each Tier of Berths and between the uppermost Tier and the Deck above it less than Two Feet Six Inches: The Berths shall be securely constructed, and of Dimensions not less than Six Feet in Length and Eighteen Inches in Width for each Statute Adult, and shall be sufficient in Number for the proper Accommodation of all the Passengers contained in the Lists of Passengers herein-

Arrangements for the Ship.

before required to be delivered by the Master of the Ship. No Part of any Berth shall be placed within Nine Inches of any Watercloset erected in the Between-Decks. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

Single Men to be berthed in a separate Compartment.

XXII. In every "Passenger Ship" all the Male Passengers of the Age of Fourteen Years and upwards who shall not occupy Berths with their Wives shall, to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, be berthed in the fore Part of the Ship, in a Compartment divided off from the Space appropriated to the other Passengers by a substantial and well-secured Bulk-head, without Opening into, or Communication with, any adjoining Passenger Berth, or in separate Rooms if the Ship be fitted with enclosed Berths: Not more than One Passenger, unless Husband and Wife, or Females or Children under Twelve Years of Age, shall be placed in or occupy the same Berth. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

As to Numbers and Sexes in One Berth.

Penalty.

Berths not to. be removed till Passengers landed.

Space to be allotted as an Hospital.

Penalty.

Regulation as to Construction of Privies.

XXIII. No Berths in a "Passenger Ship" occupied by Passengers during the Voyage shall be taken down until Forty-eight Hours after the Arrival of such Ship at the Port of final Discharge, unless all the Passengers shall have voluntarily quitted the Ship before the Expiration of that Time. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of such Ship shall be liable for each Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XXIV. In every "Passenger Ship" there shall be a sufficient Space properly divided off to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, to be used exclusively as a Hospital or Hospitals for the Passengers: This Space shall be under the Poop, or in the Round House, or in any Deck House which shall be properly built and secured to the Satisfaction of such Emigration Officer, or on the Upper Passenger Deck, and not elsewhere, and shall in no Case be less than Eighteen clear Superficial Feet for every Fifty Passengers which the Ship shall carry. Such Hospitals shall be fitted with Bed-places, and supplied with proper Beds, Bedding, and Utensils, to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, and throughout the Voyage kept so fitted and supplied. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XXV. No "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea unless fitted, to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, with at least Two Privies, and with Two additional Privies on Deck, for every One hundred Passengers on board, and in Ships carrying as many as Fifty Female Passengers, with at least Two Waterclosets under the Poop, or elsewhere on the Upper

Upper Deck, to the Satisfaction of such Emigration Officer, for the exclusive Use of the Women and young Children; all of which Privies and Waterclosets shall be firmly constructed and maintained in a serviceable and cleanly Condition throughout the Voyage, and shall not be taken down until the Expiration of Forty-eight Hours after the Arrival of the Ship at the Port of final Discharge, unless all the Passengers sooner quit the Ship; provided that such Privies shall be placed in equal Numbers on each Side of the Ship, and need not in any Case exceed Twelve in Number. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master shall be liable to a Penalty for each Offence not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

Arrangements for the Ship.

XXVI. No "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to As to Light and Sea without such Provision for affording Light and Air to the Ventilation. Passenger Decks as the Circumstances of the Case may, in the Judgment of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance. require; nor if there are as many as One hundred Passengers on board, without having an adequate and proper ventilating Apparatus, to be approved by such Emigration Officer and fitted to his Satisfaction; the Passengers shall, moreover, have the free and unimpeded Use of the whole of each Hatchway situated over the Space appropriated to their Use, and over each such Hatchway there shall be erected such a Boobyhatch or other substantial Covering as shall, in the Opinion of such Emigration Officer, afford the greatest Amount of Light and Air, and of Protection from Wet, as the Case will admit. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Penalty on Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of Noncomplithe Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds. XXVII. Every "Passenger Ship" shall carry throughout the Regulations as

Voyage a Number of Boats according to the following Scale; (that to the carrying of Boats:

Two Boats for every Ship of less than Two hundred Tons:

Three Boats for every Ship of Two hundred and less than Four hundred Tons :

Four Boats for every Ship of Four hundred and less than Six hundred Tons:

Five Boats for every Ship of Six hundred and less than Ten hundred Tons:

Six Boats for every Ship of Ten hundred and less than Fifteen hundred Tons:

Seven Boats for every Ship of Fifteen hundred Tons and upwards: Provided that no "Passenger Ship" shall be required to carry a greater Number of Boats than are sufficient in the Judgment of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance to carry all the Persons on board of such Ship.

One of such Boats shall in all Cases be a Long Boat, and One shall of Life Boats; be a properly fitted Life Boat, which shall be carried in such a Manner as to be, in the Opinion of the Emigration Officer, most available for immediate Service: Each of such Boats shall be of a suitable Size and Description, to be approved by the Emigration Officer 18 & 19 Vict.

Arrangements for the Ship.

and of Life Buoys, Anchors, and Fire Engines, &c.

Regulations as to carrying an efficient Crew. Officer at the Port of Clearance, and shall be seaworthy, and properly supplied with all Requisites, and kept clear at all Times for immediate Use at Sea: There shall likewise be on board each "Passenger Ship" if proceeding to any Place to the Southward of the Equator at least Two Chronometers, and if to any Place to the Northward of the Equator at least One Chronometer, and on board of all "Passenger Ships" at least Three Steering and One Azimuth Compass, Four properly fitted Life Buoys, kept ready at all Times for immediate Use, and some adequate Means, to be approved by the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, of making Signals by Night and in Fogs; also a Fire Engine, in proper working Order, and of such Description and Power and either with or without such other Apparatus for extinguishing Fire as such Officer may approve; and not less than Three Bower Anchors of such Weight, and with Cables of such Length, Size, and Material, as in the Judgment of such Emigration Officer shall be sufficient for the Size of the Ship. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XXVIII. Every "Passenger Ship" shall be manned with an efficient Crew for her intended Voyage, to the Satisfaction of the Emigration Officer from whom a Clearance of such Ship may be demanded, and the Strength of the Crew shall not be diminished, nor any of the Men changed when once passed by such Emigration Officer, without his Consent in Writing, or that of the Shipping Master of the Port of Clearance, as required by the Laws then in force regulating the shipping of Seamen on board Merchant Vessels. Where the Consent of the Shipping Master is obtained, it shall, within Twenty-four Hours thereafter, be lodged with such Emigration Officer. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds: Provided, that if the Emigration Officer shall consider the Crew inefficient, and the Owner or Charterer of the Ship shall thereupon appeal in Writing to the said Emigration Commissioners, such Commissioners shall, at the Expense of the Appellant, appoint Two other Emigration Officers or Two competent Persons to examine into the Matter, and the unanimous Opinion of the Persons so appointed, expressed under their Hands, shall be conclusive on the Point.

Certain Articles prohibited as Cargo and Ballast. XXIX. No "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea if there shall be on board as Cargo, Horses, Cattle, Gunpowder, Vitriol, Lucifer Matches, Guano, or Green Hides, nor if there shall be on board any other Article or Number of Articles, whether as Cargo or Ballast, which by reason of the Nature or Quantity or Mode of Stowage thereof shall, either singly or collectively, be deemed by the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance likely to endanger the Health or Lives of the Passengers or the Safety of the Ship: No Part of the Cargo, or of the Passengers Luggage, or of the Provisions, Water, or Stores, whether for the Use of the Passengers or of the Crew, shall be

Stowage of Cargo, Stores, Luggage

carried on the Upper Deck or on the "Passenger Decks," unless to be approved in the Opinion of such Emigration Officer it shall be so placed by Emigration as not to impede Light or Ventilation, nor interfere with the Comfort of the Passengers; nor unless the same be stowed and secured to the Satisfaction of such Emigration Officer, and the Space occupied thereby, or rendered, in the Opinion of such Officer, unavailable for the Accommodation of the Passengers, shall (unless occupied by Passengers Luggage) be deducted in calculating the Space by which, under the Provisions of this Act, the Number of Passengers is regulated. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Three hundred Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XXX. For the Purposes of this Act, the Length of the Voyage Computation of for a "Passenger Ship" proceeding from the United Kingdom to Voyages. the under-mentioned Places respectively shall be determined by the following Scale; (that is to say,)

To North America (except the West Coast thereof):-	If the Ship be pro- pelled by Sails slone, or by Steam Power not sufficient, with- out the Aid of Sails, to propel the Ship after the Rate of Five Statute Miles an Hour.	If the Ship be pro- pelled either wholly or in aid of Sails by SteamEngines of not less Power than suf- ficient, without the Aid of Sails, to pro- pel the Ship after the Rate of Five Statute Miles an Hour.
For Ships clearing out between the Sixteenth	Days.	Days.
Day of January and the Fourteenth Day	.70	40
of October, both Days inclusive	. ,,,	
For Ships clearing out between the Fifteenth		
day of October and the Seventeenth Day	80	45
of January, both Days inclusive		
To the West Indies, and any Part of the East		
Coast of Central or South America North of	70	40
the Equator		
To any Part of the East Coast of South America		
lying between the Equator and the Twenty- >	84	50
fifth Degree of South Latitude		
To the West Coast of Africa North of the Equator	84	50
To the Coast of Africa South of the Equator,		
or to the Falkland Islands, or to any Part of (105	65
the East Coast of South America Southward	100	00
of the Twenty-fifth Degree of South Latitude		Ì
To the Mauritius, and to the Western Coast of	126	75
America South of the Equator		
To Ceylon	140	85
To Western Australia	120	85
To any other of the Australian Colonies -	140	90
To New Zealand and to the Western Coast	1.50	00
of America between the Equator and the	150	90
Fortieth Degree of North Latitude)	1	
To the Western Coast of America North of the	100	96
Fortieth Degree of North Latitude, and the	182	30
Islands adjacent thereto	<u> </u>	

Arrangements for the Ship.

For the like Purposes, the said Emigration Commissioners, acting by and under the Authority of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, from Time to Time, by any Notice in Writing issued under the Hands of any Two of such Commissioners, and published in the London Gazette, may nevertheless declare what shall be deemed to be the Length of Voyage from the United Kingdom to any of the said herein-before mentioned Places, or to any other Port or Place whatsoever, and may fix such different Lengths of Voyage as they may think reasonable for such different Descriptions of Vessels as aforesaid.

Before Clearance, Provisions and Water to be surveyed.

XXXI. Before any "Passenger Ship" shall be cleared out, the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance shall survey or cause to be surveyed by some competent Person the Provisions and Water by this Act required to be placed on board for the Consumption of the Passengers, and shall satisfy himself that the same are of a good and wholesome Quality, and in a sweet and good Condition, and are in Quantities sufficient to secure throughout the Voyage the Issues herein-after prescribed: In addition to the Allowance of pure Water for the Use of each Passenger there shall be shipped for cooking Purposes an additional Supply of pure Water after the Rate of at least Ten Gallons for every Day of the prescribed Length of Voyage for every One hundred Statute Adults on board; and also for the Use of the Crew and all other Persons on board an ample Supply of wholesome Provisions and pure Water, which shall not be inferior in Quality to the Supply of the same Articles provided for the Consumption of the Passengers: All such Water, Provisions, and Stores shall be provided and properly stowed away in accordance with the Requirements of the Twenty-ninth Section of this Act, by and at the Expense of the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship; and if a Clearance be obtained for any "Passenger Ship" which shall not be then stored with the requisite Quantities of such Water, Provisions, and Stores as are required by this Act, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Three hundred Pounds Sterling.

Provisions for the Crew not to be inferior to those for the Passengers, s. 29.

Penalty.

Power to Emigration Officer to reject and mark bad Provisions, and direct the same to be landed, &c.

XXXII. If such Emigration Officer shall consider that any of the Provisions or Stores or Water are not of a good and wholesome Quality, or are not in a sweet and good Condition, it shall be lawful for him to reject and mark the same, or the Packages or Vessels in which they are contained, and to direct the same to be landed or emptied; and if such rejected Provisions or Stores or Water shall not thereupon be forthwith landed or emptied, or if, after being landed, the same or any Part thereof shall be reshipped in such Ship, the Owner, Charterer, or Master thereof, or any of them, or if reshipped in any other "Passenger Ship," the Parson causing the same to be reshipped, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds Sterling.

Water Tanks or Casks to be approved by Emigration Officer. XXXIII. In every "Passenger Ship" the Water to be laden on board, as herein-before required, shall be carried in Tanks or in Casks to be approved by the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance. When Casks are used, they shall be sweet and tight, of sufficient Strength, and if of Wood, properly charred inside,

and shall not be capable severally of containing more than Three hundred Gallons each: The Staves of the Water Casks shall not be made of Fir, Pine, or soft Wood. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or any of them, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Arrangements for the Ship.

XXXIV. If any "Passenger Ship" shall be intended to call at Provision for any intermediate Port or Place during the Voyage, for the Pur- touching at pose of taking in Water, and if an Engagement to that Effect intermediate shall be inverted in the Bond montioned in the Sixty third Section Ports to fill up shall be inserted in the Bond mentioned in the Sixty-third Section Water. of this Act, then it shall be sufficient to place on board at the Port s. 63. of Clearance such Supply of Water as may be requisite, according to the Rate herein-after mentioned, for the Voyage of the said Ship to such intermediate Port or Place, subject to the following Conditions; (that is to say,)

First, That the Emigration Officer signify his Approval in Writing of the Arrangement, to be carried amongst the Papers of the Ship, and exhibited to the Chief Officer of Customs, or to Her Majesty's Consular Officer, as the Case may be, at such intermediate Port or Place, and to be delivered to the Chief Officer of Customs, or to Her Majesty's Consular Officer, as the Case may be, on the Arrival of the said Ship at the final Port or Place of Discharge:

Secondly, That if the Length of either Portion of the Voyage, whether to such intermediate Port or Place, or from such intermediate Port or Place to the final Port or Place of Discharge, be not prescribed in or under the Provisions of this Act, the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance shall in every such Case declare the same in Writing, to be carried amongst the Papers of the Ship:

Thirdly, That the Ship shall have on board at the Time a Clearance is demanded Tanks or Water Casks, of the Description

herein-before mentioned, sufficient for stowing the Quantity of Water required for the longest of such Portions of the

Voyage as aforesaid.

XXXV. The Master of every "Passenger Ship" shall, during Dietary Scales the Voyage, including the Time of Detention at any Place before of Provisions. the Termination thereof, issue to each Passenger, or where the Passengers are divided into Messes, to the Head Man for the Time being of each Mess on behalf and for the Use of all the Members thereof, an Allowance of pure Water and sweet and wholesome Provisions, of good Quality, according to the following Dietary Scale; (that is to say,) if the Length of the Voyage, computed as herein-before mentioned, shall not exceed Eighty-four Days for Ships propelled by Sails only, or Fifty Days for Ships propelled by Steam, or Steam in aid of Sails, then according to the Dietary Scale marked "A.;" but if the Length of the Voyage, computed as aforesaid, shall exceed Eighty-four Days for Ships propelled by Sails only, or Fifty Days for Ships propelled by Steam, or Steam in aid of Sails, then according to the Dietary Scale marked "B."

Arrangements for the Ship.

WATER.

Three Quarts of Water daily to each Statute Adult, exclusive of the Quantity herein-before specified as necessary for cooking the Articles herein-after required to be issued in a cooked State.

Provisions.—Weekly, per Statute Adult.

				SCALE A. For Voyages not exceeding 84 Days for sailing Vessels, or 50 Days for Steamers.			SCALE B. For Voyages exceeding 84 Days for salling Vessels, or 50 Days for Steamers.	
				lbs.	02	.	lbs.	OZ.
Bread or I	Biscuit, ty to N	not inf Javy Bi	ferior }	3	8		3	8
Wheaten 1	Flour	-	_	1	0)	2	0
Oatmeal	-	-	-	1	. 8		1	0
Rice -	•	-	-	1	8		0	8
Peas -	-	•	- 1	1	8		1	8
Potatoes	-	-	-	2	0		2	0
Beef -	-	-	-	1	4		1	4
Pork -	•	-	-	1	0		1	0
Tea -	-	-	-	0	2		0	2
Sugar	-	-	-	1	0		1	0
Salt -	-	-	-	0	2		0	2
Mustard	-	-	-	0	1		0	1
Black or White Pepper, ground			0	1		0	1	
Vinegar	-	•	-	One Gill.		One Gill.		
Lime Juice	e -	• .	-	-	-	-	0	6
Preserved	Meat	-	-	-	•	-	1	0
Suet -	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	0	6
Raisins	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	8
Butter	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4

SUBSTITUTIONS.

Substitutions at the following Rates may, at the Option of the Master of any "Passenger Ship," be made in the above Dietary Scales, that is to say:

- for 1 lb. of Salt Pork or Beef. 1 lb. of preserved Meat 1 lb. of Flour or of Bread or Bis- (17lb. of Oatmeal or 1 lb. of cuit, or 1 lb. of Beef or of Pork for Rice or 1 lb. of Peas. - for { lab. of Oatmeal, or vice

1 lb. of Rice

1 lb. of preserved Potatoes 1 lb. of Potatoes. - for 10 oz. of Currants - for 8 oz. of Raisins.

31 oz. of Cocos or of Coffee, roasted

and ground -- for **S** lb. of Treacle -- for 1 lb. of Sugar.

1 gill of mixed Pickles -- for I gill of Vinegar. Provided, that the substituted Articles be set forth in the Contract Tickets of the Passengers. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship

Penalty on Noncompliance.

shall be liable for each Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty

Pounds Sterling.

XXXVI. The Messes into which the Passengers in any Passenger Ship may be divided shall not consist of more than Ten Size of Messes. Statute Adults in each Mess, and Members of the same Family, whereof One at least is a Male Adult, shall be allowed to form a separate Mess. The Provisions according to the above Scale shall be issued, such of them as require to be cooked, in a properly cooked State, daily before Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, to the Head Person for the Time being of each Mess on behalf and for the Use of the Members thereof. The first of such Issues shall be made before Two o'Clock in the Afternoon of the Day of Embarkation to or for such Passengers as shall be then on board. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

XXXVII. The said Emigration Commissioners for the Time Power to Emibeing, acting under the Authority of One of Her Majesty's Princi- gration Compal Secretaries of State, may from Time to Time, by any Notice missioners to for that Purpose, issued under the Hands of any Two of such ternative Die-Commissioners, and published in the London Gazette, authorize tary Scale. the Issue of Provisions in any "Passenger Ship" according to such other Dietary Scale (besides that herein-before prescribed) as shall in their Opinion contain in the whole an equivalent Amount of wholesome Nutriment; and after the Publication of such Notice it shall be lawful for the Master of any "Passenger Ship" to issue Provisions to his Passengers either according to the Scale by this Act prescribed, or according to the Scale authorized by the said Commissioners, whichever may have been set forth in the Contract Tickets of the Passengers : Provided always, Power to Comthat the said Commissioners acting under such Authority and by missioners to such Notice as aforesaid may revoke or alter any such Dietary Scale. Scale authorized by them, as Occasion may require.

XXXVIII. Every "Passenger Ship" carrying as many as One As to Passenhundred Passengers shall have on board a scafaring Person, who gers Stewards. shall be rated in the Ship's Articles as Passengers Steward, and who shall be approved by the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, and who shall be employed in messing and serving out the Provisions to the Passengers, and in assisting to maintain Cleanliness, Order, and good Discipline among the Passengers, and who shall not assist in any way in navigating or working the Ship. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Penalty on Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable Noncomplito a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds ance. Sterling

XXXIX. Every "Passenger Ship" carrying as many as One As to Passenhundred Passengers shall also have on board a seafaring Man, or ger Cooks and if carrying more than Three hundred "Statute Adults," Two cooking Appaseafaring Men, to be rated and approved as in the Case of Passengers Stewards, who shall be employed in cooking the Food of the Passengers: A convenient Place for cooking shall also be set apart on Deck; and a sufficient cooking Apparatus, properly

Arrangements for the Ship.

Provisions to be issued daily, and Articles which require cooking to be

alter Dietary

Arrangements for the Ship.

Penalty on Noncompliance.

In what Cases Interpreters to

be carried.

Penalty.

In what Cases a Medical Man must be carried.

covered in and arranged, shall be provided, to the Satisfaction of the said Emigration Officer, together with a proper Supply of Fuel adequate, in his Opinion, for the intended Voyage. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XL. In every Foreign "Passenger Ship" in which as many as One Half of the Passengers shall be British Subjects, unless the Master and Officers or not less than Three of them shall understand and speak intelligibly the English Language, there shall be carried, where the Number of Passengers does not exceed Two hundred and fifty, One Person, and where it exceeds Two hundred and fifty, Two Persons, who understand and speak intelligibly the Language spoken by the Master and Crew and also the English Language, and such Persons shall act as Interpreters, and be employed exclusively in Attendance on the Passengers, and not in the working of the Ship; and no such Ship shall clear out or proceed to Sea without having such Interpreter or Interpreters on board; and the Master of any such Foreign Ship clearing out or proceeding to Sea without having such Interpreter or Interpreters on board as aforesaid shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XLI. Every "Passenger Ship" shall in the following Cases carry a duly qualified Medical Practitioner, who shall be rated on the Ship's Articles:

First, when the Duration of the intended Voyage, as hereinbefore computed, exceeds Eighty Days in the Case of Ships propelled by Sails, and Forty-five Days in the Case of Ships propelled by Steam, and the Number of Passengers on hoard exceeds Fifty:

Second, whenever the Number of Persons on board (including Cabin Passengers, Officers, and Crew,) exceeds Three hundred:

Penalty.

In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds Sterling.

Qualification of Medical Man.

XLII. No Medical Practitioner shall be considered to be duly qualified for the Purposes of this Act unless authorized by Law to practise in some Part of Her Majesty's Dominions, or, in the Case of a Foreign Ship, in the Country to which such Ship may belong, as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, nor unless his Name shall have been notified to the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, and shall not be objected to by him, nor unless he shall be provided with proper Surgical Instruments to the Satisfaction of such Officer: Provided nevertheless, that where the Majority of the Passengers in any "Passenger Ship," or as many as Three hundred, are Foreigners, any Medical Practitioner who may be approved by such Emigration Officer may be carried therein. In case any Person shall proceed or attempt to proceed

"oalty.

as Medical Practitioner in any "Passenger Ship" without being duly qualified as aforesaid, or contrary to any of the Requirements of this Section, such Person and all Persons aiding or abetting therein shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds Sterling.

Arrangements for the Ship.

XLIII. The Owner or Charterer of every "Passenger Ship" Medicines and shall provide for the Use of the Passengers a Supply of Medicines, Medical Comforts, Instruments, and other Things proper and necessary for Diseases and Accidents incident to Sea Voyages, and for the Medical Treatment of the Passengers during the Voyage, including an adequate Supply of disinfecting Fluid or Agent, together with printed or written Directions for the Use of the same respectively; and such Medicines, Medical Comforts, Instruments, and other Things shall, in the Judgment of the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, be good in Quality, and sufficient in Quantity, for the probable Exigencies of the intended Voyage, and shall be properly packed and placed under the Charge of the Medical Practitioner, when there is one on board, to be used at his Discretion. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Re- Penalty. quirements of this Section, the Master of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

Medical Com-

XLIV. No "Passenger Ship," except as herein-after provided, Medical Inspecshall clear out or proceed to Sea until some Medical Practitioner, tion of Passento be appointed by the Emigration Officer at the Port of Clearance, shall have inspected such Medicines, Medical Comforts, and other Articles as are required to be supplied by the last preceding Section, and also all the Passengers and Crew about to proceed in the Ship, and shall have certified to the said Emigration Officer that the said Ship contains a sufficient Supply of Medicines, Medical Comforts, disinfecting Fluid or Agent, Instruments, and other Things requisite for the Medical Treatment of the Passengers during the intended Voyage, nor until such Medical Practitioner shall have certified and the said Emigration Officer shall be satisfied that none of the Passengers or Crew appear, by reason of any bodily or mental Disease, unfit to proceed, or likely to endanger the Health or Safety of the other Persons about to proceed in such Vessel. Such Medical Inspection of the Passengers shall take place either on board the Vessel, or, at the Discretion of the said Emigration Officer, at such convenient Place on shore before Embarkation as he may appoint; and the Master, Owner, or Charterer of the Ship shall pay to such Emigration Officer a Sum at the Rate of Twenty Shillings for every Hundred Persons so examined: Provided also, that in case the Emigration Officer on any particular Occasion shall be unable to obtain the Attendance of a Medical Practitioner, it shall be lawful for the Master of any such Ship to clear out and proceed to Sea, on receiving from the said Emigration Officer written Permission for the Purpose. In case Penalty. any "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea without having complied with all the Requirements of this Section, the

Master of such Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty

gers and Medicines, &c.

Arrangements for the Ship.

Relanding of

Passengers on

fying Ships.

not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

XLV. If the Emigration Officer at any Port shall be satisfied that any Person on board or about to proceed in any "Passenger Ship" is by reason of Sickness unfit to proceed, or is for that account of Sickor for any other Reason likely to endanger the Health or Safety of ness or for purithe other Persons on board, the said Emigration Officer shall prohibit the Embarkation of such Person, or if embarked shall require him to be relanded; and if such Emigration Officer shall be satisfied that it is necessary, for the Purification of the Ship or otherwise, that all or any of the Passengers or Persons on board should be relanded, the said Emigration Officer may require the Master of the Ship to reland all such Passengers or Persons, and the Master shall thereupon reland such Passengers or Persons, with so much of their Effects, and with such Members of their Families as cannot in the Judgment of such Emigration Officer be properly separated from them; and in case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master, Owner, or Charterer of the Ship shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Two hundred Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds; and any Pas-

Penalty.

Passengers Rights.

As to Return of Passage Money to Passengers relanded on account of Sickness, &c.

Subsistence Money to be gers relanded. s. 45.

paid to Passen-

Return of Passage Money and Compensation to Passengers where Passages not provided for them according to Contract.

after the giving of such Prohibition or Direction. XLVI. Any Passenger so relanded on account of the Sickness of himself or of any Member of his Family who may not be reembarked and finally sail in such Ship, or any Emigration Officer on his Behalf, shall be entitled to recover, by summary Process, the whole of the Monies which may have been paid by or on account of such Passenger for his Passage, and that of the Members of his Family so relanded, from the Party to whom the same may have been paid, or from the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or any of them, at the Option of such Passenger or

senger or Person embarking after such Prohibition, or refusing or neglecting to leave the Ship when so directed to be relanded, shall be liable to be summarily removed, and to a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Day which he shall remain on board

Emigration Officer.

XLVII. The Master of any "Passenger Ship," from which the whole or any Part of the Passengers shall be relanded on account of any of the Reasons mentioned in Section XLV. shall pay to each Passenger so relanded (or if he shall be lodged and maintained in any Hulk or Establishment under the Superintendence of the said Emigration Commissioners, then to the Emigration Officer at the Port,) Subsistence Money at the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence a Day for each Statute Adult until he shall be re-embarked or decline or neglect to proceed, or until his Passage Money, if recoverable under the Forty-sixth Section of this Act, be returned to him.

XLVIII. If any Person by whom or on whose Behalf any Contract shall have been made for a Passage in any Ship proceeding on any Voyage to which this Act extends, shall be at the Place of Embarkation before Six o'Clock in the Afternoon of the Day of Embarkation appointed in such Contract, and shall, if required, pay the stipulated Passage Money, or the unpaid Balance thereof,

thereof, and if from any Cause whatever, other than his own Refusal, Neglect, or Default, or the Prohibition of an Emigration Officer, as herein-before mentioned, or the Requirements of any Order in Council, such Passenger shall not be received on board before that Hour, or if from any such Cause as aforesaid any Passenger who shall have been received on board shall not either obtain a Passage in such Ship to the Port at which he may have contracted to land, or, together with all the immediate Members of his Family who may be included in such Contract, obtain a Passage to the same Port in some other equally eligible Ship, to sail within Ten Days from the Expiration of the said Day of Embarkation, and in the meantime be paid Subsistence Money from the Time and at the Rate herein-after mentioned, such Passenger, or any Emigration Officer on his Behalf, shall be entitled to recover either from the Party to whom or on whose Account the same may have been paid, or (in case such Contract shall have been made with the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or with any Person acting on behalf or by the Authority of any of them respectively,) from such Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or any of them, at the Option of such Passenger or Emigration Officer, all Monies which shall have been paid by or on account of such Passengers for such Passage, and also such further Sum, not exceeding Ten Pounds in respect of each such Passage, as shall, in the Opinion of the Justices of the Peace who shall adjudicate on the Complaint, be a reasonable Compensation for the Loss or Inconvenience occasioned to such Passenger by the Loss of such Passage.

XLIX. If any Ship, whether a "Passenger Ship" or other- Subsistence in wise, shall not actually put to Sea, and proceed on her intended case of Deten-Voyage before Three o'Clock in the Afternoon of the Day next tion. after the said Day of Embarkation, the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or his or their Agent, or any of them, at the Option of such Passenger or Emigration Officer, shall pay to every Passenger entitled to a Passage (or if such Passenger shall be lodged and maintained in any Establishment under the Superintendence of the said Emigration Commissioners, then to the Emigration Officer at the Port of Embarkation,) Subsistence Money after the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence for each Statute Adult in respect of each Day of Delay for the first Ten Days, and afterwards Three Shillings a Day for each Statute Adult, until the final Departure of such Ship on such Voyage, and the same may be recovered in manner herein-after mentioned; provided that if the Passengers be maintained on board in the same Manner as if the Voyage had commenced, no such Subsistence Money shall be payable for the first Two Days next after the said Day of Embarkation, nor if they shall be maintained shall such Subsistence Money be payable if the ship be unavoidably detained by Wind or Weather, or by any Cause not attributable in the Opinion of the Emigration Officer to the Act or Default of

the Owner, Charterer, or Master.

L. If any "Passenger Ship" shall, after Clearance, be detained Ships putting back to replenin Port for more than Seven Days, or shall put into or touch at ish Provision

Passengers Rights.

any &c.

Passengers Righte.

any Port or Place in the United Kingdom, she shall not put to Sea again until there shall have been laden on board, at the Expense of the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, such further Supply of pure Water, wholesome Provisions of the requisite Kinds and Qualities, and Medical Comforts and Stores, as may be necessary to make up the full Quantities of those Articles herein-before required to be laden on board for the intended Voyage, nor until any Damage she may have sustained shall have been effectually repaired, nor until the Master of the said Ship shall have obtained from the Emigration Officer or his Assistant, or, where there is no such Officer, or in his Absence, from the Officer of Customs at such Port or Place, a Certificate to the same Effect as the Certificate herein-before required to enable the Ship to be cleared out; and in case of any Default herein the said Master shall be liable, on Conviction, as hereinafter mentioned, to a Penalty not exceeding One hundred Pounds nor less than Fifty Pounds Sterling: And if the Master of any "Passenger Ship" so putting into or touching at any Port or Place as aforesaid shall not within Twelve Hours thereafter report, in Writing, his Arrival, and the Cause of his putting back, and the Condition of his Ship, and of her Stores and Provisions, to the Emigration Officer, or, as the Case may be, to the Officer of Customs at the Port, and shall not produce to such Officer the Official or "Master's List" of Passengers, such Master shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Two Pounds Sterling.

Penalty for Default.

Ships putting back to be reported to Emigration Officer.

Penalty for Neglect.

In case of Wreck or Damage Passengers to be provided with a Passage by some other Vessel, and maintained in the meantime.

LI. If any "Passenger Ship" shall put into any Port or Place in the United Kingdom in a damaged State, and the Master, Charterer, or Owner shall not give a written Undertaking that the said Ship shall be made sound and seaworthy, and shall within Six Weeks from the Day of her so putting into such Port or Place again proceed with her Passengers on her intended Voyage, and if the said Ship shall not accordingly be made seaworthy and proceed on her intended Voyage within that Period, or if any such Ship shall after the Commencement of her Voyage be wrecked, sunk, or otherwise destroyed, or shall from any Cause whatsoever not land her Passengers at the Place where they may have respectively contracted to land, the Owner, Charterer, or Master thereof shall provide the Passengers with a Passage in some other eligible Ship to sail within Six Weeks to the Port or Place at which they respectively may have originally contracted to land, and shall in the meantime, if the Passengers be not lodged and maintained on board in the same Manner as if the Ship were at Sea, pay to such Passengers (or if such Passengers shall be lodged or maintained in any Hulk or Establishment under the Superintendence of the said Emigration Commissioners, then to the Emigration Officer at such Fort or Place,) Subaistence Money after the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence Sterling for each Statute Adult in respect of each Day of Delay until such Passengers are duly forwarded to their Destination; and if Default shall be made in any of the Requirements of this Section such Passengers respectively, or any Emigration Officer on their Behalf,

In default, Passage Money to be returned.

Behalf, shall be entitled to recover, by summary Process, as herein-after mentioned, all Monies which shall have been paid by or on account of such Passengers, or any of them, for such Passage, from the Party to whom or on whose Account the same may have been paid, or from the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Ship, or any of them, at the Option of such Passenger or Emigration Officer: Provided that the said Emigration Officer may, if he Power to reshall think it necessary, direct that the Passengers shall be remove Passengers. moved from such "Passenger Ship" at the Expense of the gers from Ship; Master thereof; and if after such Direction any Passenger shall Penalty on refuse to leave such Ship, he shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings or to Imprisonment not exceeding One Calendar Month.

LII. If the Passengers or Cabin Passengers of any "Passenger Secretary of Ship" shall be taken off from any such "Passenger Ship" or shall be picked up at Sea from any Boat, Raft, or otherwise, it shall be lawful, if the Port or Place to which they shall be sengers at Sea. conveyed shall be in the United Kingdom, for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or if in any of Her Majesty's Colonial Possessions, for the Governor of such Colony, or for any Person authorized by him for the Purpose, or if in any Foreign Country, for Her Majesty's Consular Officer, at such Port or Place therein, to defray all or any Part of the Expenses thereby incurred.

LIII. If any Passenger or Cabin Passenger of any "Passenger Governors or Ship " shall, without any Neglect or Default of his own, find Consuls may himself within any Colonial or Foreign Port or Place other than send on Passenthat at which he may have contracted to land, it shall be lawful for the Governor of such Colony, or for any Person authorized fail to do so. by him for the Purpose, or for Her Majesty's Consular Officer at such Foreign Port or Place, as the Case may be, to forward such Passenger to his intended Destination, unless the Master of such Ship shall, within Forty-eight Hours of the Arrival of such Passenger, give to the Governor or Consular Officer, as the Case may be, a written Undertaking to forward or carry on within Six Weeks thereafter such Passenger or Cabin Passenger to his original Destination, and unless such Master shall accordingly forward or carry him on within that Period.

LIV. All Expenses incurred under the last Two preceding Expenses in-Sections or either of them, by or by the Authority of such curred under Secretary of State, Governor, Consular Officer, as aforesaid, in-the Two precluding the Cost of maintaining the Passengers until forwarded ceding Sections to their Destination, and of all necessary Bedding, Provisions, and Debt. Stores, shall become a Debt to Her Majesty and Her Successors from the Owner, Charterer, and Master of such Ship, and shall be recoverable from them, or from any One or more of them, at the Suit and for the Use of Her Majesty, in like Manner as in the Case of other Crown Debts; and a Certificate purporting to be under the Hand of any such Secretary of State, Governor. or Consular Officer, (as the Case may be,) stating the total Amount of such Expenses, shall, in any Suit or other Proceeding for the Recovery of such Debt, be received in Evidence without Proof of

Passengers Rights.

Passengers refusing.

State, &c. may pay Expenses of taking off Pas-

gers if the Master of the Ship

${\it Passengers}\,\, {\it Act}\,\, {\it Amendment}.$

Passengers Rights.

the Handwriting or of the official Character of such Sccretary of State, Governor, or Consular Officer, and shall be deemed sufficient Evidence of the Amount of such Expenses, and that the same were duly incurred: Provided nevertheless, that in no Case shall any larger Sum be recovered on account of such Expenses than a Sum equal to twice the total Amount of Passage Money received by the Owner, Charterer, or Master of such Passenger Ship, or any of them, from or on account of the whole Number of Passengers and Cabin Passengers who may have embarked in such Ship; which total Amount of Passage Money shall be proved by the Defendant, if he will have the Advantage of this Limitation of the Debt; but if any such Passengers are forwarded or conveyed to their intended Destination under the Provisions of the last preceding Section, they shall not be entitled to the Return of their Passage Money, or to any Compensation for Loss of Passage under the Provisions of this Act.

When Passengers not entitled to Return of PassageMoney.

> LV. No Policy of Assurance effected in respect of any Passages, or of any Passage or Compensation Monies, by any Person by this Act made liable, in the Events aforesaid, to provide such Passages or to pay such Monies, or in respect of any other Risk under this Act, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason of the Nature of the Risk or Interest sought to be covered by such Policy of Assurance.

Insurance of Passage Money not void on account of Nature of Risk.

> LVI. If any Passenger in any Ship, whether a "Passenger Ship" or otherwise, shall be landed at any Port or Place other than the Port or Place at which he may have contracted to land, unless with his previous Consent, or unless such Landing shall be rendered necessary by Perils of the Sea, or other unavoidable Accident, the Master shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds Sterling.

Penalty on wrongfully landing Passengers.

> LVII. Every Passenger in a "Passenger Ship" shall be entitled for at least Forty-eight Hours next after his Arrival at the End of his Voyage, to sleep in the Ship, and to be provided for and maintained on board thereof, in the same Manner as during the Voyage, unless within that Period the Ship shall quit such Port or Place in the further Prosecution of her Voyage. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Master shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling.

Passengers to be maintained for 48 Hours after Arrival.

LVIII. Nothing herein contained shall take away or abridge Right of Action any Right of Action which may accrue to any Passenger in any Ship, or to any other Person, in respect of the Breach or Nonperformance of any Contract made or entered into between or on behalf of any such Passenger or other Person, and the Master, Charterer, or Owner of any such Ship, or his or their Agent, or

Penalty.

any Passage Broker.

Passengers preserved.

> LIX. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order in Council, to prescribe such Rules and Regulations as to Her Majesty may seem fit, for the following Purposes; (that is to say,)

Miscellaneous.

1st. For preserving Order, promoting Health, and securing Cleanliness and Ventilation on board of "Passenger Ships' proceeding from the United Kingdom to any Port or Place in Her Majesty's Possessions abroad.

Her Majesty may, by Orders in Council, prescribe Rules for Purposes herein described.

2d. For

2d. For permitting the Use on board of "Passenger Ships" of Miscellaneous. an Apparatus for distilling Water, and for defining in such Case the Quantity of fresh Water to be carried in Tanks

or Casks for the Passengers.

3d. For prohibiting Emigration from any Port or Ports at any Time when Choleraic or any Epidemic Disease may be generally prevalent in the United Kingdom or any Part thereof, or for reducing the Number of Passengers allowed to be carried in "Passenger Ships" generally, or from any particular Ports under the Provisions of this Act.

4th. For requiring duly qualified Medical Practitioners to be carried in "Passenger Ships," in Cases where they would not be required to be carried under the Provisions of this

Act.

Any such Order in Council may from Time to Time in like Manner Gazette and be altered, amended, and revoked, as Occasion may require. Copy of such Order in Council contained in the London Gazette, or purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer, shall through- Evidence, &c. out Her Majesty's Dominions be received in all legal Proceedings as good and sufficient Evidence of the making and Contents of any such Order in Council.

LX. In every such "Passenger Ship" the Medical Practitioner Surgeon or on board, aided by the Master thereof, or, in the Absence of such Medical Practitioner, the Master of such Ship, is hereby empowered to exact Obedience to all Rules and Regulations which may be prescribed by any such Order in Council to be observed on board Passenger S'tips as aforesaid; and any Person on board who shall Refusal. neglect or refuse to obey any such Rule or Regulation, or who shall obstruct the Medical Practitioner or Master of such Ship in the Execution of any Duty imposed upon him by any such Rule or Regulation, or who shall offend against any of the Provisions of this Act, or who shall be guilty of riotous or insubordinate Conduct, shall be liable for each Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling, and, in addition thereto, to be confined in the Common Gaol for any Period not exceeding One Month, at the Discretion of the Justices who shall adjudicate on the Complaint.

LXI. The said Emigration Commissioners shall from Time to Emigration Time prepare such Abstracts as they may think proper of the whole Commissioners or any Part of this Act, and of any such Order in Council as aforesaid; and Four Copies of such Abstracts, together with a Copy of this Act, shall, on Demand, be supplied by the Principal Officer of Council. Customs at the Port of Clearance to the Master of every "Passenger Ship" proceeding from the United Kingdom to any Port or Place in Her Majesty's Possessions abroad; and such Master Such Abstract shall, on Request made to him, produce a Copy of this Act to any Passenger on board, for his Perusal, and, further, shall post, previous to the Embarkation of the Passengers, and shall keep posted so long as any Passenger shall be entitled to remain in the Ship, in at least Two conspicuous Places between the Decks on which Passengers may be carried, Copies of such Abstracts; and such Penalty for Master shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings Neglect;

Copies printed by Queen's

Master to exact Obedience to Rules and Regulations. Penalty on

to prepare an Abstract of Act and Orders in

to be posted up in each Ship.

Sterling

Miscellaneous.

Sale of Spirits prohibited. Penalty.

Bond to be given by Mas-ters of British and Foreign Passenger Ships.

Counterpart of Bond to be certified, and sent to the Colony to which Ship bound, and to be received in Evidence without further Proof of Execution.

Owner responsible in respect of Default if no Agreement to the contrary.

> Passaye Brokers.

No Person to act as a Passage

Sterling for every Day during any Part of which by his Act or Default such Abstracts shall fail to be so posted; and any Person and for defacing displacing or defacing such Abstracts so posted shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings Sterling.

LXII. If in any "Passenger Ship" any Person shall during the Voyage, directly or indirectly, sell or cause to be sold any Spirits or Strong Waters to any Passenger, he shall be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less

than Five Pounds Sterling.

LXIII. Before any "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea, the Master, together with the Owner or Charterer of the Ship, or, in the event of the Absence of such Owner or Charterer, or if the Master be the Owner or Charterer, One other good and sufficient Person, to be approved by the Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Clearance, shall enter into a joint and several Bond, in the sum of Two thousand Pounds, to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, according to the Form contained in Sche-Such Bond shall not be liable to dule (C.) hereto annexed. Stamp Duty, and shall be executed in Duplicate.

LXIV. It shall be the Duty of the Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Clearance of any "Passenger Ship" bound to any of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, to certify on One Part of such Bond that it has been duly executed by the said Master of such Ship and the other Obligor, and to forward the same by Post to the Colonial Secretary of the Colony to which such "Passenger Ship" may be bound; and such Certificate shall, in any Colonial Court of Judicature in which the Bond may be put in suit, be deemed conclusive Evidence of the due Execution of the Bond by the said Master and the other Obligor; and it shall not be necessary to prove the Handwriting of the Officer of Customs who may have signed such Certificate, nor that he was at the Time of signing it Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Clearance; provided that no such Bond shall be put in suit in any of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Arrival therein of the said Ship, nor in the United Kingdom after the Expiration of Twelve Calendar Months next after the Return of the said Ship and of the said Master to the United Kingdom.

LXV. In the Absence of any Agreement to the contrary, the Owner shall be the Party ultimately responsible, as between himself and the other Persons hereby made liable in respect of any Default in complying with the Requirements of this Act; and that if any such last-mentioned Person shall pay any Monies hereby made payable to or on behalf of any such Passengers as aforesaid, the Person so paying the same shall be entitled, in the Absence of any such Agreement as aforesaid, to sue for and recover from the Owner the Amount so paid, together with Costs of Suit.

LXVI. No Person whatever shall directly or indirectly act as a Passage Broker in respect of Passages from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterronean Sea, or shall sell or let, or agree to sell or let, or be in any wise

wise concerned in the Sale or Letting of Passages in any Ship, Broker without whether a "Passenger Ship" or otherwise, proceeding from the a Licence. United Kingdom to any such Place as aforesaid, unless such Person, with Two good and sufficient Sureties to be approved by the Emigration Officer at the Port nearest to the Place of Business of such Person, shall have previously entered into a joint and several Bond, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, according to the Form contained in Schedule (D.) hereto annexed, which Bond shall be renewed on each Occasion of obtaining such Licence as hereinafter mentioned, and shall be in Duplicate, without Stamps, and One Part thereof shall be deposited at the Office in London of the said Emigration Commissioners, and the other Part thereof with the Emigration Officer at the Port nearest to the Place of Business of such Person; nor unless such Person shall have obtained a Licence, as herein-after mentioned, to let or sell Passages, nor unless such Licence shall then be in force; and if any Person shall offend in any Particular against this Enactment, every Person so offending shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds, to be sued for and recovered as herein-after mentioned: Provided, that such Bond shall not be required of any Person who shall be One of the Sworn Brokers of the City of *London:* Provided also, that Emigration there shall be excepted from the Operation of this Section the Commissioners said Emigration Commissioners, and any Persons contracting with and Agents them, or acting under their Authority, and also any Person acting as the Agent of any Passage Broker in pursuance of an Appointment made in the Form prescribed by Schedule (I.) hereto annexed, signed by such Passage Broker, and countersigned by such Emigration Officer as aforesaid: Provided further, that the Passage Bro-Acts and Defaults of any Person acting under the Authority or as kers to be re-Agent of any Passage Broker shall, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed to be also the Acts and Defaults of such Passage Broker: Provided also, that nothing herein-before contained shall be held or construed to prevent the said Emigration Officer from accepting the Bond of a Guarantee Society, such Bond and such Guarantee Society as shall have been approved by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in lieu of the Bond of Two good and sufficient Securities as aforesaid.

LXVII. Any Person wishing to obtain a Licence to act as a How Passage Passage Broker in respect of Passages from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being in the Mediterranean Sea, shall make Application for the same to the Justices at the Petty Sessions held for the District or Place in which such Person shall have his Place of Business; and such Justices are hereby authorized (if they shall think fit) to grant a Licence for that Purpose, according to the Form in the Schedule (E.) hereunto annexed, which Licence shall continue in force until the Thirtyfirst Day of December in the Year in which such Licence shall be granted, and for Thirty-one Days afterwards, unless sooner forfeited, as herein mentioned; and upon granting such Licence Justices to give the Justices shall cause a Notice thereof according to the Form Notice of Li-

this Section.

sponsible for their Agents.

Brokers Licences may be ob-

cence granted.

18 & 19 Vict. Nn

Passage Brokers.

Notice to be given of intended Application for Licences.

Justices may order Licences to be forfeited, &c.

As to Application for Licences in Scotland.

Existing Licences to continue in force until 1st Feb. 1856.

Employment of Agents by Passage Brokers.

Agents to produce their Appointments on Demand.

Penalty for fraudulently inducing others to engage Passages.

Contract Tickets for Cabin and other Passenin Schedule (F.) hereto annexed to be transmitted forthwith by the Post to the said Emigration Commissioners at their Office in London: Provided always, that no such Licence shall be granted unless the Party applying for the same shall show to the Satisfaction of the Justices that he has given such Bond to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, as herein-before required, and has deposited One Part thereof at the Office in London of the said Commissioners, or is a Sworn Broker of the City of London, and has in either Case given Notice to the said Commissioners Fourteen clear Days at least before such Application of his Intention to apply for the same, which Notice shall be transmitted by the Post to the Office in London of the said Commissioners, and shall be according to the Form contained in the Schedule (G.) hereto annexed: Provided also, that any Justices of the Peace who shall adjudicate on any Offence against this Act, or on any Breach or Nonperformance of any of the Requirements thereof, are hereby authorized, if they shall think fit, and the Offender is a Passage Broker, to order his Licence to be forfeited, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited accordingly; and the said Justices making such Order shall forthwith cause Notice of such Forfeiture, in the Form contained in the Schedule (H.) hereunto annexed, to be transmitted by the Post to the said Commissioners at their Office in London: In Scotland, where any Person wishing to obtain such Licence shall make Application for the same to the Sheriff or Steward or Sheriff Substitute or Steward Substitute, in place of to such Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, the Forms given in the said Schedules (D.), (E.), (F.), (G.), and (H.) respectively, shall still be adhered to, with such Alterations as may be necessary.

LXVIII. Every Passenger Broker's Licence in force at the Commencement of this Act shall, unless adjudged to be forfeited, continue in force until the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, but no longer; and all Acts done under such Licence while in force shall be as valid as if done

under any Licence granted under this Act.

LXIX. No Passage Broker shall employ as an Agent in his Business of Passage Broker any Person not holding from him the Appointment of Agent as herein-before mentioned; and every Person holding such Appointment shall produce the same, on the Demand of any Emigration Officer, or of any Person treating for a Passage under this Act: For any Breach or Violation of this Enactment in any Particular, the Offender shall be liable for each Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds.

LXX. If any Person shall by false Representation as to the Size of a Ship, or otherwise, or by any false Pretence or Fraud whatsoever, induce any Person to engage a Passage in any Ship, the Person so offending shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds Sterling.

LXXI. Every Person whatever, except the said Emigration Commissioners and Persons acting for them and under their direct Authority, who shall receive Money from any Person for or in

Pussage

Brokers.

Passengers Act Amendment.

respect of a Passage in any Ship, or of a Cabin Passage in any "Passenger Ship" proceeding from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterranean Sea, shall give to the Person paying such Money a Contract Ticket, signed by the Owner, Charterer, or Master of the Ship or "Passenger Ship" (as the Case may be) in which the Passage is to be provided, or by some Person in their or his Name, and on their or his Behalf: Such Contract Ticket shall be made out in plain and legible Characters on a printed Form, which in the Case of Cabin Passengers shall be according to the Form contained in Schedule (K.) hereto annexed, and in the Case of all other Passengers in the Form contained in Schedule (L.) hereto annexed, or according to such other Form as in either Case may from Time to Time be prescribed by the said Emigration Commissioners in any Notice issued under their Hands, or the Hands of any Two of them, and published in the London Gazette: And any Directions contained on the Face of such Form of Contract Ticket shall be obeyed in the same Manner as if herein set forth. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, or of any of the Directions on such Form of Contract Ticket not inconsistent with this Act, the Person so offending shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds Sterling: Provided always, that such Contract Tickets shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty.

LXXII. Any Person who shall alter or cause to be altered, Penalty for inafter it is once issued, or shall induce any Person to part with, render useless, or destroy any such Contract Ticket, during the Continuance of the Contract which it is intended to evidence Ticket. (except in the Case of Cabin Passengers who may have consented thereto), shall be liable in each Case to a Penalty not exceeding

Twenty Pounds Sterling. LXXIII. Any Question which may arise respecting the Breach or Nonperformance of any of the Stipulations in any such Contract Ticket, may, at the Option of any Passenger, or Cabin Passenger interested therein, be heard and determined in a summary Way by the Justices of the Peace, Magistrates, Sheriffs, or other Officers herein-after authorized to adjudicate on Offences and Complaints under the Act, who are hereby authorized to try such Questions, and if they shall find that a Breach of Contract has been committed, to award to the Complainant such Damages and Costs as they may think fit, not exceeding in any Case the Amount of the Passage Money specified in such Contract Ticket and Twenty Pounds; and if such Damages and Costs be not at once paid, Payment thereof shall thereupon be enforced, in the same Manner and by the same Processes as the Payment of Subsistence Money, or the Return of Passage Money, may be enforced under this Act; provided that if any Passenger shall have obtained Compensation or Redress, under any of the other Provisions of this Act, he shall not be entitled to sue under this Section for Damages for the same Matter or Cause of Complaint.

LXXIV. If any Cabin or other Passenger shall, on Demand of Cabin Passenany Emigration Officer, refuse or omit to produce his Contract gers and on N n 2 Ticket, Masters, &c.

ducing any one to part with

Summary Remedy for Breach of Contract.

omitting to produce Contract Tickets. C. 119.

Ticket, or if any Owner, Charterer, or Master of a Ship, shall on like Demand refuse or omit to produce to any Emigration Officer in the United Kingdom the Counterpart of any Contract Ticket issued by them, or on their Behalf, for the Inspection of such Emigration Officer, and for the Purposes of this Act, every Person so offending against the Requirements of this Section shall for each Offence be liable summarily to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty on Persons acting as Runners without Licence and Badge, &c.

LXXV. Any Person who shall act as an "Emigrant Runner" without having previously been licensed and registered as herein-after mentioned, or who while so acting shall omit to wear conspicuously on his Breast such Badge as herein-after mentioned, or who shall employ as an "Emigrant Runner" any Person not duly licensed and registered, shall for each Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings.

Mode of licensing and registering Runners.

LXXVI. The Justices of the Peace at any Petty Sessions held for the District or Place within which any Person wishing to act as an "Emigrant Runner" is to carry on his Business, may upon the Recommendation in Writing of an Emigration Officer or of the Chief Constable or other Head Officer of Police of such District or Place (but not otherwise) grant, if they shall think fit, to such Person wishing to act as Runner a Licence for that Purpose according to the Form in Schedule (M.) hereto annexed, and such Runner shall within Forty-eight Hours thereafter (under a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings for any Default) lodge such Licence with the nearest Emigration Officer, who shall register the Name and Abode of such Runner in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, and shall number each Name registered in arithmetical Progression, and shall supply to such Runner, on his paying a Sum not exceeding Seven Shillings for the same, a Badge of such Formand Description as shall be approved by the said Emigration Commissioners.

Emigrant Runner's Licence to be renewed annually. LXXVII. Every such "Emigrant Runner's" Licence shall continue in force until the Thirty-first Day of December in the Year in which it shall be granted, unless sooner revoked by any Justice of the Peace, for any Offence against this Act or for any other Misconduct committed by the Holder of such Licence. In case of any renewed Licence it shall be sufficient for the Emigration Officer to note the Fact, and the Date of the Renewal, in his Registry Book against the original Entry therein of the Name of the Runner holding such renewed Licence.

Penalty on Runner for certain Acts of Misconduct. LXXVIII. If any "Emigrant Runner" shall refuse or fail to produce, on Demand, his Badge for Inspection, or to permit any Person to take the Number thereof, or if he shall fail within Forty-eight Hours to give to the Emigration Officer of the Port or Place within which he is licensed to act, Notice in Writing of any Change in his Place of Abode, in order that his new Abode may be registered, or of the Loss of his Badge, or if he shall mutilate or deface his Badge, or wear the same while unlicensed, or wear any other than the one delivered to him by such Emigration Officer as aforesaid, or permit any other Person to use

his Badge, he shall for each such Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings and to the Forfeiture of his Licence, if the convicting Justices or Magistrate shall so determine; and Penalty for any Person retaining or using any "Emigrant Runner's" Badge using Badges not issued to him under the Provisions of this Act, or counterfeit- not lawfully ing or forging any such Badge, shall for each such Offence be liable issued. to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

LXXIX. Such Emigration Officer as last aforesaid may, if he How fresh thinks fit, on Payment to him of the Sum of Five Shillings, deliver Badges may be a new Badge to any licensed "Emigrant Runner" who shall obtained if old satisfy such Officer that he has lost his original Badge, or who shall deliver up the same in a mutilated or defaced State.

LXXX. No "Emigrant Runner" shall be entitled to recover Runners notenfrom any Passage Broker any Fee, Commission, or Reward for titled to Comor in consideration of any Service connected with Emigration, mission from any Passage with the service of such any Passage unless he shall be acting under the written Authority of such Broker unless Passage Broker, nor, under a Penalty for each Offence not exceed- acting with his ing Five Pounds, shall take or demand from any Person about to Authority, &c. emigrate any Fee or Reward for the procuring of his Passage, or in any way relating thereto.

LXXXI. Every Passage Broker shall exhibit and keep con- List of Runners stantly exhibited in some conspicuous Place in his Office or Place to be exhibited of Business a correct List, in plain and legible Characters, containing the Names and Addresses in full of every Person for the tion Officers. Time being holding such Authority to act as his Agent or as an Emigrant Runner for him as aforesaid, and shall on or before the Fifth Day, or if that Day be a Sunday, on or before the Fourth Day, in every Month, transmit a true Copy of such List, duly signed by him, to the Emigration Officer stationed nearest to the Place of Business of such licensed Passage Broker, and shall report to such Emigration Officer every Discharge or fresh Engagement of an Agent or of an "Emigrant Runner" within Twenty-four Hours of the same taking place. In case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section, the Person so offending shall be liable for each Offence to Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Two Pounds.

LXXXII. It shall be lawful for the Trustees or other Persons Trustees of charged with the Management of any Docks or Basins in any Port Docks may pass within the United Kingdom from which "Passenger Ships" are Byelaws for despatched, to make, and from Time to Time to alter, amend, or Landing and repeal, such Rules and Byelaws as may be necessary for prescribing Embarkation of the Docks, Basins, or other Places at which Persons arriving by intending Emi-Sea at such Ports for the Purpose of emigrating, or actually grants, and for emigrating therefrom, shall be landed and embarked, and the Mode of their Landing and Embarkation, and for licensing Porters grant Porters. to carry their Luggage, and otherwise to attend upon them, and for the Storing and safe Custody of their Luggage, and for admitting Persons to and excluding Persons from Access to such Docks or Basins, and for attaching a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for the Breach of any of such Rules or Byelaws, such Penalty to be sued for and recovered as other Penalties are by this Act directed to be recovered, except that instead of an Emigration Officer, such

Passage Brokers.

Trustees

Nn 8

Act,

Passengers Act Amendment.

Passage Brokers.

Byelaws to be approved by Secretary of State, &c.

Penalty for falsifying Documents to obtain Passages from Emigration Commissioners, and for Personation.

Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall sue for and recover the same: And it shall further be lawful for such Trustees, by their Officers or Servants, or by any Police Officer, to arrest and detain any Person charged with the Breach of any such Rule or Byelaw until brought before any Justice of the Peace, who is hereby authorized to adjudicate on the Offence in a summary Way: Provided that no such Rules or Byelaws shall take effect until they shall have been approved by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and published by his Authority in the London Gazette, which Publication shall for all Purposes be deemed conclusive Evidence of such Rules and Byelaws, and of the Approval thereof by such Secretary of State.

LXXXIII. 'And whereas the said Emigration Commissioners ' and Persons acting under their Authority issue from Time to Time certain Forms of Application and other Papers for the Use of Persons desirous of emigrating by their Assistance: And ' whereas it is expedient to afford additional Security against the ' Falsification or Misuse of such Forms and Papers, and of any ' Certificate of Marriage or of Birth or Baptism, or other Docu-' ment or Statement adduced in support of any Application to ' the said Commissioners for such Assistance: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person shall falsely represent himself to be or falsely assume to act as the Agent of the said Commissioners, or shall sell any such Form of Application, Paper, or Embarkation Order, or shall wilfully make any false Representation in any such Form of Application, Paper, Certificate, or Document as aforesaid, or shall forge or fraudulently alter any Signature or Statement contained therein respectively, or shall personate any Person named therein respectively, or shall aid or in any way abet any Person in any such false Representation, Forgery, Alteration, or Personation, the Person so offending shall be liable for each such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Two Pounds Sterling.

Procedure for Penalties, &c.

By whom Penalties are to be recovered.

LXXXIV. All Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for in the United Kingdom by any Emigration Officer or his Assistant, or by any Person authorized thereto by the said Emigration Commissioners under the Hands of any Two of them, or by any Collector or Comptroller of Her Majesty's Customs, or by any other Officer of Her Majesty's Customs authorized thereto in Writing by the Commissioners of Her Majestv's Customs, and in any of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad by any Government Emigration Officer or Agent, or by any such Collector or Comptroller of Customs, or other Officer of Customs so authorized as aforesaid, or by any Officer authorized to sue for Penalties and Forseitures under this Act by Writing under the Hand and Scal of the Governor of any such Possession; and the said Emigration Commissioners, and the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs, and every such Governor, are hereby respectively empowered to grant such Authority as aforesaid: And all Sums of Money made recoverable by this Act as Return of Passage Money, Subsistence Money, Damages, or Compensation may be sued for and recovered by and for the Use of any Passenger entitled thereto under this

By whom Passage Money, &c. may be recovered.

Act, or by any such Officer as aforesaid, for and on behalf and to the Use of any such Passenger or any Number of such Passengers respectively, and in any Case either by One or several Informations or Complaints.

Procedure for Penalties, &c.

under this Act.

LXXXV. All Penalties imposed and all Sums of Money made Tribunal for recoverable under this Act, by way of Passage Money, Subsistence adjudicating on Money Compensation or Damages for the Breach of any Stipu-Offences and Money, Compensation, or Damages for the Breach of any Stipulation in any Contract Ticket, shall and may be sued for and recovered before any Two or more Justices of the Peace acting in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions or Possessions in which the Offence shall have been committed, or the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, or in which the Offender or Party complained against shall happen to be, or acting in any County or Borough, or Place adjacent to any navigable River or Inlet of the Sea, on which such Offence shall have been committed or Cause of Complaint have arisen; and upon Information or Complaint made before any One Justice of the Peace acting as aforesaid, he shall issue a Summons, according to the Form in the Schedule (N.) hereto annexed, requiring the Party offending or complained against to appear at a Time and Place to be named therein; and every such Summons shall be served on the Party offending or complained against, or shall be left at his last known Place of Abode or of Business, or on board any Ship to which he may belong; and if such Party shall not appear accordingly, then (upon Proof of the due Service of the Summons by delivering the Summons or a Copy thereof to the Party, or at his last known Place of Abode or of Business, or on board any Ship to which he may belong, to the Person in charge of any such Ship,) any Two of such Justices so acting as aforesaid may either hear and determine the Case in the Absence of the Party, or either of them may issue his Warrant for apprehending and bringing such Party before them or any Two Justices so acting as aforesaid; or the Justice before whom the Charge shall be made, if he shall have Reason to suspect, from Information upon Oath, that the Party is likely to abscond, may issue such Warrant in the first instance, without any previous Summons; and either upon the Appearance of the Party offending or complained against, or in his Absence as aforesaid, any Two of such Justices so acting as aforesaid may hear and determine the Case, either with or without any written Information or Complaint; and upon Proof of the Offence, or of the Complainant's Claim, (as the Case may be,) either by Confession of the Party offending or complained against, or upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses (and the Justices are hereby authorized to summon and swear any Witnesses who may be deemed necessary), it shall be lawful for such Justices so acting as aforesaid, to convict the Offender, or to adjudicate upon the Complaint, (such Conviction or Adjudication to be drawn up according to One of the Forms of Conviction or Adjudication contained in Schedule (O.) hereto annexed, or as near thereto as the Circumstances of the Case will admit,) and upon every such Conviction, to order the Offender to pay such Penalty as they may think proper, not exceeding the Penalties herein-before

imposed

Nn 4

Procedure for Penalties, &c.

Proviso where no Forms of proceeding are prescribed by this Act.

Police and Stipendiary Magistrate, and in Scotland Sheriff, &c. to have same Powers as Justices of the Peace.

No Objection to be allowed, nor Convictions to be quashed for Want of Form.

imposed, and upon every such Adjudication to order the Party complained against to pay to the Party suing for the same the Sum of Money or Damages sued for, or so much thereof as such Justices shall think the Complainant justly entitled to, together with, in every Case, the Costs of the Proceedings; and if the Monies and Costs mentioned in such Conviction or Adjudication be not paid immediately, or within the Time limited in the Order, it shall be lawful for any Two of such Justices so acting as aforesaid, by Warrant, (and although the written Order of Conviction or Adjudication, or any Minute thereof, may not have been served,) to cause the Party offending to be committed to Gaol, there to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, according to the Discretion of such Justices, for any Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Monies and Costs be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided always, that in all Proceedings taken under this Act for which no Form is herein expressly provided, it shall be lawful to use Forms similar, as nearly as Circumstances will admit, to those contained in the Schedule to an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Forty-three.

LXXXVI. Every Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, and in Scotland every Sheriff or Steward and Sheriff Substitute or Steward Substitute of a County or Stewartry within his own County or Stewartry, shall have such and the like Powers, Privileges, and Functions, and be entitled to exercise such and the like Jurisdiction under this Act, as any Justice or Two Justices, or Justices at Petty Sessions, have, or is or are entitled to exercise under the Provisions of this Act; and all Acts, Matters, and Things competent to be done under the Provisions of this Act by or before any Justice or Two Justices of the Peace, or Justices at Petty Sessions, or otherwise, may be done by and before any Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, and in Scotland by and before any Sheriff or Steward, or Sheriff Substitute or Steward Substitute within

his own County or Stewartry.

LXXXVII. No Objection shall be taken or allowed to any Complaint, Information, Summons, or Warrant under this Act, for any alleged Defect therein, either in Substance or in Form, or for any Variance between such Complaint or Information and the Evidence adduced on the Hearing thereof; but if any Variance shall appear to the Justice or Justices present and acting at such Hearing to be such that the Party so summoned and appearing has been thereby deceived or misled, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, upon such Terms as he or they shall think fit, to adjourn the Hearing of the Case to some future Day, and in the meantime to commit the Defendant to such safe Custody as the said Justice or Justices may think fit, or to discharge him upon his Recognizance, with or without Sureties, to appear at such Time and Place as may be appointed: No Conviction, Order, Adjudication, or other Proceeding under or in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form.

LXXXVIII. All Penalties imposed by this Act shall, when recovered, and notwithstanding any Local Act of Parliament to

Application of Penalties.

the contrary, be paid to the Emigration Officer or Officer of Customs at whose Suit the same shall have been recovered, for the Use of Her Majesty and Her Successors, and if recovered in the Colonies shall be paid over by the Party receiving the same into the Colonial Treasury, and shall form Part of the general Revenue of the Colony, and if recovered in the United Kingdom shall be paid over to the said Emigration Commissioners if the Party at whose Suit the same shall have been recovered be an Emigration Officer or his Assistant, and to Her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs if the Party at whose Suit the same shall have been recovered be an Officer of Customs, to be by such Emigration Commissioners and Commissioners of Customs respectively duly accounted for; and all such Penalties as may be recovered in the United Kingdom shall be appropriated to such Purposes and in such Manner as the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may from Time to Time direct and appoint: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Justices may Peace who shall impose any such Penalty at the same Time to award Compendirect, if they shall think fit, that a Part, not exceeding One Moiety sation out of thereof, be applied to compensate any Passenger for any Wrong or Damage which he may have sustained by the Act or Default in respect of which such Penalty or Forfeiture shall have been imposed.

Procedure for Penalties, &c.

LXXXIX. If in any Suit, Action, Prosecution, or other legal Burden of Proceeding under this Act any Question shall arise whether any Proof to be on Ship was or was not exempted from the Provisions of this Act or Persons claimany of them, the Burden of proving that such Ship was so exempted ing Exemption shall lie on the Party claiming the Benefit of the Exemption, and failing such Proof it shall for any such Purpose as aforesaid be taken and adjudged that the Ship did come within the Provisions of this Act; and it shall not be necessary, in any Information, Proof of Nega-Complaint, or other Process or Proceeding, to negative any Exemptives. tion, Proviso, or Condition contained in any Section of this Act on which such Information, Complaint, or other Process or Proceeding shall be framed, neither shall it be necessary for the Complainant to prove the Negative, but the Defendant may prove the Affirmative thereof, if he will have Advantage of the same.

XC. If in any Proceeding before any Justice or Justices of the Proof of a Peace under this Act, or upon any Action, Suit, or other Proceed- Party being an ing whatsoever, against any Person, for anything done either contrary to of in pursuance of this Act, a Question should arise whether any Person is an Emigration Officer or Assistant Emigration Officer, or an Officer of Customs, vivá voce Evidence may be given of such Fact by the Officer himself, and shall be deemed legal and sufficient Evidence.

XCI. Any Passenger suing under this Act for any Sum of Passengers Money made recoverable by this Act as Passage Money, Subsist- suing not inence Money, or Compensation, or Damages, shall not be deemed an competent Witincompetent Witness in any Proceeding for the Recovery thereof, notwithstanding the same, if recovered, shall be applicable to his own Use and Benefit.

Procedure for Penalties, &c.

Tender of Amends.

Limitation of Actions against Officers executing the Act.

Defendant may plead the General Issue, &c.

Costs.

Limitation of legal Proceedings generally.

> Colonial Voyages.

Colonial Voyages defined.

XCII. No Plaintiff shall recover in any Action against any Emigration Officer, his Assistant, Government Emigration Agent, or Officer of Customs, or other Person, for anything done in pursuance of this Act, if Tender of sufficient Amends shall have been made before such Action brought, or if, after Action brought, a sufficient Sum of Money shall have been paid into Court, by or on behalf of the Defendant.

XCIII. No Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Emigration Officer, his Assistant, Government Emigration Agent, Officer of Customs, or other Person, for anything done in pursuance of or under the Authority of this Act, until Ten clear Days Notice in Writing, specifying distinctly the Cause of Action, has been given to the Officer, Agent, or Person as aforesaid against whom such Action or Suit is intended to be brought, nor after Three Calendar Months next after the Act committed and mentioned in such Notice for which such Action or Suit shall be so brought; and every such Action shall be brought, laid, and tried where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not in any other Place; and the Defendant in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and any special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial which shall be had thereupon; and if the Matter or Thing shall appear to have been done under or by virtue of this Act, or if it shall appear that such Action or Suit was brought before Ten clear Days Notice thereof given as aforesaid, or if any Action or Suit shall not be commenced within the Time hereinbefore limited, or shall be brought or laid in any other Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant therein; and if a Verdict shall be found for such Defendant, or if the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of such Action, or if upon any Demurrer in such Action, Judgment shall be given for the Defendant thereon, then and in any of the Cases aforesaid, such Defendant shall recover full Costs of Suit as between Solicitor and Client, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant may have for his Costs in any other Case by Law. XCIV. Where no Time is expressly limited within which any

Complaint or Information is to be made or laid for any Breach or Nonperformance of any of the Requirements of this Act, the Complaint shall be made or the Information laid within Twelve Calendar Months from the Time when the Matter of such Complaint or Information respectively arose, or in case the Master of any Ship is the Offender or Party complained against, within Twelve Calendar Months next after his Return to the Country in

which the Matter of Complaint or Information arose.

XCV. 'And whereas it is expedient to provide in certain Cases ' for the Carriage of Passengers by Sea from Her Majesty's Pos-' sessions abroad :' Be it therefore enacted as follows: For the Purposes of this Act the Term "Colonial Voyage" shall signify any Voyage from any Place within any of such Possessions (except the Territories under the Government of the East India Company and the Island of Hong Kong) to any Place whatever, where the Distance between such Places shall exceed Four hundred

dred Miles, or the Duration of the Voyage, to be prescribed as herein-after mentioned, shall exceed Three Days.

XCVI. This Act shall apply, so far as the same is applicable, to all Ships carrying Passengers on any such "Colonial Voyage," except as to such Parts of the Act as relate to the following Matters; (that is to say,)

1. To Passage Brokers and their Licences:

2. To Passengers Contract Tickets:

3. To Emigrant Runners:

4. To the giving Bond to Her Majesty:

5. To the keeping on board a Copy of this Act:

6. To Orders in Council regulating Emigration from the United Kingdom, or prescribing Rules for promoting Health, Cleanliness, Order, and Ventilation:

Provided that if the prescribed Duration of any "Colonial Voyage" be less than Three Weeks, then, in addition to the Matters lastly herein-before excepted, the Provisions of this Act shall not extend or apply, so far as they relate to the following Subjects; (namely,)

The Construction or Thickness of the Decks:

The Berths and Berthing: The Height between Decks:

Privies:

Hospitals:

Light and Ventilation:

Manning:

Passengers Stewards:

Passengers Cooks and Cooking Apparatus:

The Surgeon, and Medicine Chest:

The Maintenance of Passengers for Forty-eight Hours after

Provided also, that in the Case of such "Colonial Voyages" whereof the prescribed Duration is less than Three Weeks, the Requirements of this Act respecting the Issue of Provisions shall not, except as to the Issue of Water, be applicable to any Passenger who may have contracted to furnish his own Provisions.

XCVII. It shall be lawful for the Governor of each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, by any Proclamation to be by him from Time to Time issued for that Purpose (which shall take effect from the issuing thereof), to declare what shall be deemed, for the Purposes of this Act, to be the Length of the Voyage of any Ship carrying Passengers from such Possession to any other prescribe Scale Place whatsoever, and to prescribe such Scale of Diet for the Use of the Passengers during the Voyage as he shall think proper, and also to declare what Medicines, Medical Comforts, Medical Instruments, and other Matters shall be deemed necessary for the Medical Treatment of the Passengers during such "Colonial Voyage;" and the Provisions and Requirements of every such Proclamation shall be enforced in all Her Majesty's Dominions as if they were incorporated in this Act, and in like Manner as the Copies of Pro-Provisions of this Act may be enforced; and a Copy of any such clamations to be Proclamation, purporting to be under the Hand of the Governor received as

Colonial Voyages.

This Act to apply to all Colonial Voyages, except as relates to Matters herein ! named.

If any Colonial Voyage be less than Three Weeks, this Act not to apply to Subjects herein named.

Governor of Colonies may, by Proclamation, declare Length of Voyage, and of Diet, Medicines, and Medical Comforts.

of Evidence.

Colonial Voyages. C. 119.

of the Colony wherein the same may have been issued, and under the public Seal of such Colony, shall in any Part of Her Majesty's Dominions wherein the same shall be produced, be received as good and sufficient Evidence of the due issuing, and of the Contents of such Proclamation, unless it shall be proved that such Copy is not genuine.

Provision for Survey of Ships in the Colonies, and for appointing Surgeons thereto.

XCVIII. It shall be lawful for the Governors of any such Possessions respectively to authorize such Person or Persons as they may think fit to make the like Survey and Examination of "Passenger Ships" sailing from such Possessions respectively as is herein-before required to be made by Two or more competent Surveyors in respect of "Passenger Ships" sailing from the United Kingdom, and also to authorize in such Cases, as to such Governors may seem proper, any competent Person to act as Medical Practitioner on board any "Passenger Ship" proceeding on a "Colonial Voyage."

Power to Governor General of India in Council, by any Act to be passed for that Purpose, to adopt this Act for India, and to make Rules respecting Food, Passengers, Surgeons, &c.

XCIX. This Act shall not apply to any of the Territories or Places under the Government of the East India Company: It shall, however, be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council, from Time to Time, by any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose, to declare that this Act or any Part thereof, shall apply to the Carriage of Passengers upon any Voyage from any Ports or Places within such Territories, to be specified in such Act or Acts, to any other Places whatsoever, to be also specified in such Act or Acts; and also in like Manner to authorize the Substitution, as respects such Voyages, of other Articles of Food and Provisions for those herein-before enumerated; and to declare the Rule of Computation by which the Length of any such Voyage shall be estimated; and to determine the Persons or Officers who, in such Territories, shall be entitled to exercise or perform the Powers, Functions, or Duties herein-before given to or imposed upon the Emigration Officers and Officers of Customs in the United Kingdom; and to authorize the Employment, on board any Ship, of a Medical Practitioner duly qualified by Law to practise as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary within such Territories; and to declare for the Purposes of this Act the Space. necessary for Passengers, and the Age at which Two Children shall be considered equal to One Statute Adult, in Ships that may clear out from any Port or Place within such Territories; and also to declare in what Manner, and before what Authorities, and by what Form of Proceedings, the Penaltics imposed, and the Sums of Money made recoverable by this Act shall be sued for and recovered within such Territories, and to what Uses such Penalties shall be applied: And on the passing of such Indian Act or Acts, and whilst the same shall remain in force, all such Parts of this Act as shall be adopted therein, shall apply to and extend to the Carriage of Passengers upon such Voyages as in the said Indian Act or Acts shall be specified; the Provisions of such Indian Act shall be enforced in all Her Majesty's Possessions in like Manner as the Provisions of this Act may be enforced: Every such Indian Act shall be subject to Disallowance and Repeal, and shall in the same Manner be transmitted to England,

and to declare in what Manner Penalties, &c. may be sued for and recovered.

Indian Act may be enforced in like Manner as this Act.

England, to be laid before both Houses of Parliament, as in the Case of any other Law made by the Governor General in Council.

C. The Master of every Ship bringing Passengers into the United Kingdom from any Place out of Europe, and not within the Mediterranean Sea, shall, within Twenty-four Hours after Arrival, deliver to the Emigration Officer or his Assistant, or in their Absence to the Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Arrival, a correct List, signed by such Master, and specifying the gration Officer. Names, Ages, and Callings of all the Passengers embarked, and also the Port or Ports at which they respectively may have embarked, and showing which, if any of them, may have died, with the supposed Cause of Death, or been born on the Voyage; and if any Master shall fail so to deliver such List, or if the same shall be wilfully false, he shall, on Conviction, as herein-before mentioned, be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds. Penalty. Such Emigration or Customs Officer shall, upon receipt of such List, transmit the Particulars respecting any Passenger named Returns of therein who may have died, with the supposed Cause of Death, or Births and been born on the Voyage to the Registrar General of Births Deaths at Sea been born on the Voyage, to the Registrar General of Births, beams at Sea to be made to Deaths, and Marriages, who shall file the same, and enter a Copy the Registrar thereof under his Hand in the "Marine Register Book," which General. Entry shall be dealt with and be of the same Value as Evidence as any other Entry made in such Book under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An 6&7 W.4.c.86. Act for registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England.

CI. If any Ship bringing Passengers into the United Kingdom Penalty for from any Place out of Europe shall have on board a greater having on board Number of Passengers or Persons than in the Proportions respec- a greater Numtively prescribed in the Fourteenth Section of this Act for Ships than prescribed carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom, the Master of by Section 14, such Ship shall be liable, on such Conviction as herein-before mentioned, to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds for each such Person or Statute Adult constituting any such Excess.

CII. The Master of every Passenger Ship bringing Passengers Provisions and into the United Kingdom from any Place out of Europe shall Water to be make to each Statute Adult during the Voyage, including the issued to Pas-Time of Detention, if any, at any Pert or Place before the Termiinto the United nation thereof, Issues of pure Water and of good and wholesome Kingdom, &c. Provisions in a sweet Condition, in Quantities not less in Amount 8. 35. than is prescribed in the Thirty-fifth Section of this Act for Passengers proceeding from the United Kingdom; and in case of Noncompliance with any of the Requirements of this Section the Master of such Ship shall, on such Conviction as herein-before mentioned, be liable for each Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Penalty. Fifty Pounds.

CIII. The Schedules to this Act shall be deemed to be Part of Schedules to be this Act, and all the Directions therein contained shall be duly Part of the Act. followed and enforced, under a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds on the Person failing to obey the same respectively.

Voyages to the United Kingdom.

List of Passengers to be de-livered by the Master of the Ship to the Emi-

ber of Persons

SCHE-

SCHEDULES to which the foregoing Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Form of Certificate exempting a Mail Steamer from the Provisions of the British Passengers Act, 1855.

N.B.—This Certificate must be produced, on Demand, to the Emigration Officer or his Assistant, or if there be no such Officer to the Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Clearance or Port of Departure, by the Master of any Steam Vessel claiming Exemption from the Passengers Act, otherwise the Exemption will not be allowed.

a) Omit this Word if inappliof a Foreign Vessel. (b) Insert here the Name of the State.

This is to certify that the Steam Vessel Tons, registered (a) Tonnage, belonging to the Port of is duly authorized to carry Mails under a Contract with the cable in the Case Government of (b) between (b) , and is therefore exempt from the Operaand (b) tions of the "Passengers Act, 1855," from the Date hereof to 18 the Day of

Given under my Hand at

Day of 18 Postmaster-General of the United Kingdom or his Deputy (or Governor or Postmaster-General, &c. (Signature) of the Colony or name Foreign State], as the

, this

Case may be).

British Consul's Certificate in the Case of a Foreign Steam Vessel.

The above Signature is to the best of my Belief the Signature here insert the of Title of the Officer signing the preceding Certificate, the Officer duly authorized by the Government of grant the same.

	Her Britannic Majesty's Con				
(Signature)	sul General, Consul, or Vice-Consul of				
•	(as the Case may be).				

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Date				185	•							toms at			

N.B.—Lines should be ruled in the same Form for any Additions to the List after the Ship first clears out; and similar Certificates be subjoined to such Additions, according to the Requirements of the Act.

SC

C. 119.

A.D.1855.

Secretary

Passengers Act Amendment.

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM of BOND to be given by the MASTER and by the OWNER or CHARTERER of a "Passenger Ship."

 Insert here the Christian and Surnames in full, with Occupations and Addresses of each of the Two Obligors.

Know all Men by these Presents, that we,* are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Defender of the Faith, in the Sum of Two thousand Pounds of good and lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid to our said Heirs and Successors; to which Payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and every of us, jointly and severally, for and in the whole, our Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Sealed with our Seals. Dated this Presents. One thousand eight hundred and fifty Day of

WHEREAS by the "Passengers Act, 1855," it is amongst other things enacted, that before any "Passenger Ship" shall clear out or proceed to Sea, the Master together with the Owner or Charterer of the Ship, or in the Absence of such Owner or Charterer, or if the Master be the Owner or Charterer, One other good and sufficient Person, to be approved by the Chief Officer of Customs at the Port of Clearance, shall enter into a Bond to Majesty. Successors, in the Sum of Two thousand Pounds:

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the Ship whereof the above bounden

Master, bound to is in all respects seaworthy, * [and if the said Ship shall call at the Port of within Brackets and there is to be inserted shall be shipped on board at such Port pure Water for the Use of the Passengers, sufficient in Quantity to afford an Allowance of Ship is to call at Three Quarts daily to each Statute Adult for the Period of an intermediate Days on the Voyage from such Port to the final

Port or Place of Discharge of such Vessel,] and if (notwithstanding any Penalty by the said Act imposed, and whether the same may have been sued for and recovered or not,) all and every the Requirements of the said Passengers Act, 1855, (except such of them as relate exclusively to Passage Brokers and Runners) and of the Emigration Commissioners acting in the Manner prescribed by the said Act, and of any Order passed by Her Majesty in Council relating to "Passenger Ships" and now in force, shall in all respects be well and truly performed † [and if the Master for the Time being of the said Ship shall submit himself, in like Manner as a British Subject being the Master of a British Passenger Ship, to the Jurisdiction of the Tribunals in Majesty's Possessions abroad, empowered by the said Act to

adjudicate on Offences committed against the said Act,] and if

moreover all Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures which the Master

of such Ship may be adjudged to pay for or in respect of the Breach or Nonfulfilment of any of such Requirements as aforesaid shall be well and truly paid, and if all Expenses incurred by the

† This Clause to be inserted only in the Case of a Foreign Passenger Shipproceeding to any of the British Colonies.

The Clause

only when the

Port to take in

Water as provided by s. 34.

of the Act.

Secretary of State or any Governor or British Consular Officer in the Case of a under the Provisions of this Act shall also be well and truly paid, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above bounden and in the Presence of I

I hereby certify, that the above Bond was duly signed, sealed, and delivered according to the Law of Great Britain by the said Master of the said Ship and by

the said (other Obligor)].

Chief Officer of Customs for of Customs and (Signature)____ - 1 the Port of

(Date) 185

Foreign Passenger Ship proceeding to any of the British Colonies. ! Insert Names and Addresses in full of the Witnesses. § Certificate to be signed by theChief Officer forwarded with the Bond to the Colony, according to a. 64. of the Act.

 Insert Christian and Sur-

SCHEDULE (D.)

FORM of Passage Broker's Annual Bond, with Two Sureties. to be approved by the Emigration Officer at the nearest Port.

Know all Men by these Presents, That we, A.B.* of C.D. of, &c. and E.F. of, &c. are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign by names in full, the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain tions and Ad-Defender of the Faith, in the Sum dress of each of and Ireland of One thousand Pounds of good and lawful Money of Great the Parties. Britain, to be paid to our said Heirs and Successors; to which Payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and every of us, jointly and severally, for and in the whole, our Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Presents. Sealed with our Seals. Dated this

One thousand eight hundred and fifty

WHEREAS by the "Passengers Act, 1855," it is amongst other things enacted, that no Person whatever, save as therein excepted, shall directly or indirectly act as a Passage Broker in respect of Passages from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterranean Sea, or shall sell or let, or agree to sell or let, or be in anywise concerned in the Sale or Letting of Passages in any Ship, whether a "Passenger Ship" or otherwise, proceeding from the United Kingdom to any such Place as aforesaid, unless such Person, with Two good and sufficient Sureties, to be approved by the Emigration Officer at the Port nearest the Place of Business of such Person, shall have previously entered into a joint and several Bond to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds: And whereas the said C.D. and E.F. have been duly approved by the proper Emigration Officer as Sureties for the said A.B.:

18 & 19 Viot.

Now

Names and

full of the

Witnesses.

Passengers Act Amendment.

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the abovebounden A.B., and every Agent whom he may employ in his Business of a Passage Broker, shall well and truly observe and comply with all the Requirements of the said recited Act, so far as the same relate to Passage Brokers, and further shall well and truly pay all Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, and also all Sums of Money, by way of Subsistence Money, or of Return of Passage Money and Compensation, to any Passenger, or on his Account, together with all Costs which the above-bounden A.B., or any of his Agents as aforesaid, may at any Time be adjudged to pay under or by virtue of any of the Provisions of the said recited Act, then and in such Case this Obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full Force.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-bounden A.B., C.D., and E.F., in the Presence of *

 Insert the Addresses in N.B.—This Bond is to be executed in Duplicate, in the Presence of and to be attested by an Emigration Officer or his Assistant, or an Officer of Customs, or a Magistrate, or a Notary Public. One Part is to be deposited with the Emigration Commissioners in London, and the other Part with the Emigration Officer at the

Port nearest to the Place of Business of the Broker. Each Member of a Firm or Partnership who acts as a Passage Broker must give a separate Bond with Two Sureties.

The Bond is exempt from Stamp Duty, but must be renewed annually with Licence.

SCHEDULE (E.)

FORM of PASSAGE BROKER'S LICENCE.*

† The Christian and Surnames in full, with the Address and Trade or Occupation of the Party applying for the Licence, must be correctly inserted. If a Member of a Firm, the Christian and Surnames of all the Members must be given.

A.B.† of having shown in the to the Satisfaction of me (or us) the undersigned, that he hath given Bond to Majesty, as by the "Passengers Act, 1855," required, and also given Fourteen Days previous Notice to the Emigration Commissioners of his Intention to make Application for a Licence to carry on the Business of a Passage Broker in respect of Passages from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterranean Sea, I (or we), the undersigned, having had no sufficient Cause shown to me (or us), and seeing no valid Reason why the said A.B. should not receive such Licence, do hereby license and authorize the said A.B. to carry on the Business of a Passage Broker as aforesaid until the End of the present Year, and Thirty-one Days afterwards, unless this Licence shall be somer

determined

^{*} N.B. Each Member of a Firm or Partnership who acts as a Passage Broket must have a separate Licence.

Passengers Act Amendment,	•
determined by Forfeiture for Misconduct on the Part of the said A.B. as in the "Passengers Act, 1855," is provided.	-
Given under my Hand and Seal (or our respective Hands and Seals), this Day of 185 at	i
Signature(L.S.) Signature(L.S.) Signature(L.S.) Justices of the Peace, Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, or Shoriff, or Steward, or Sheriff or Steward, Substitute, as the Case may be.	•
SCHEDULE (F.)	
FORM of NOTICE to be given to the Emigration Commissioners by Justices granting a Licence.	
Gentlemen, This is to give you Notice, That we (or I), the undersigned, did on the Day of 185 license A.B. of * to carry on the Business of a Passage Broker under the Provisions of the "Passengers Act, 1855."	• Insert the Christian and Surnames in full, with the
Signatures Place Date	Address and Occupation of the Party.
To the Emigration Commissioners, } London.	
SCHEDULE (G.)	
FORM of NOTICE to be given to the Emigration Commissioners by any Applicant for a Passage Broker's Licence.	
scotland to the Sheriff or Steward of as the Case may be,) for a Licence to carry on the Business of a Passage Broker under the Provisions of "The Passengers Act, 1855."	Names and Sur- name in full, with the Ad- dress and Trade or Occupation of the Party applying for a
Signature	† The Plan

Party giving the Notice has his Place of Business.

which the

To the Emigration Commissioners, London.

Date

SCHEDULE (H.)

FORM of NOTICE to be given by the Justices to the Emigration Commissioners of Forfeiture of a Passage Broker's Licence.

*The Christian and Surnames in full, with the Address and Trade or Occupation of the Party, to be here inserted. † Here state generally the Reason of For-

feiture.

Thus is	to give you Not	tice, That th	e Licence gran	ited on the
	Day of	185	to A.B.* of	
in	to act as a	Passage Brol	ker, was on the	
Day of	now las	t past duly	leclared by me	(or us) the
undersigne	d Justices of the	Peace in Pe	tty Sessions as	sembled, to
be forfeite	d. †		•	
	•			

Signatures

To the Emigration Commissioners, London.

Gentlemen

Place and Date_____185

SCHEDULE (I.)

DIRECTIONS.

FORM of APPOINTMENT of Passage Broker's Agent.

Insert in the proper Places the Christian and Surnames in full, with the correct Addresses and Designations of the Constituent and Agent respectively.

I, A. B., of, &c. (or as the Case may be) One of the Partners and on behalf of the Firm of, &c. (name all the Partners and the Style of the Firm) carrying on the Business of at , do hereby nominate and appoint you, C.D. of, &c., to act as my Agent and on my Behalf in the Sale or Letting of Passages and otherwise in the Business of a Passage Broker, according to the Provisions of "The Passengers Act, 1855."

Signature in full_	
Place and Date_	185
Counter Signature	Emigration [Officer at the Port of

Directions, COUNTERPART OF CABIN PASSENGER'S CONTRACT TICKET.

This Counterpart is to be produced by the Owner, Charleser, or Master of the Silip to the Enigration Officer at the Peres of Embarkation (or if no sets Officer, to the Officer of Customs.). For your one appointed by thin to receive it, under a Fenalty for Default not exceeding £10.

form Part of, and must appear on, each

These

1. A Contract Tichet in this Form must be given to every Cabin Pas-senger engaging a Passage in a "Passage in a "Passage in United Kingdom to any Place out of Surope, and not being within the Mediter-mans as a under a Fenally not exceeding the Shale, the Mediter-2. Unless the Passangers are to have a free Table, the Victualling Scale

for the Voyage must be appended to the Contract Helet.

2. All the Blanks must be coverenty and heibby filled in, and the Tricket

2. All the Blanks must be coverenty and heibby filled in, and the Tricket

2. All the Blanks be by signed with the Christian Names and Surname and Ad
dress in all of the Perty isouth on same.

4. The Day of the Monta on which the Ship is to sail must be inserted 5. When once issued, this Ticket must not be withdrawn from the Passenger, nor any Alteration or Erasure made in it, unless with his in Words and not in Figures only.

185 Tons Register, to sail from, on the

In consideration of the Sum of £ 1 hereby agree with the Person named in the Margin hereof that such Person shall be provided with. Chas. Cabin Passage in the above-named Ship, to sail: Cubical for the Port of the Sum of & with not less than rom the Port of Children 12 Years and under.

Freet of Luggage for each Person, and that such Person shall be victualled as during the Voyage, and the Time of Detention at any Place before its Termination; and I further engage to land the Person aforesaid, with Luggage, at the last-mentioned Port, free of any Charge beyond the Passage Money aforesaid; and I hereby acknowledge to have received the Sum of &

> 2 Years. Adults

rull Payment of such Passage Money. Signature in full Place and Date in full ?.

signed by a Broker or Agent, state on whose 11

Total No.

to be paid at Deposit £. Balance £ Total £

N.B .- This Contract Ticket is exempt from Stamp Duty.

CABIN PASSENGER'S CONTRACT TICKET.

renorm Sate, under a Pensity not exceeding \$200,
\$2, Unless the Passengers gre to have a free Table, the Victualling Scale
for the Voyage must be appended up the Contrast Ticket.

3. All the Blanks must be correctly and legibly filled in, and the Ticket
must be legibly grized with the Christian Names and Surramo and
4. The Day of the Month on which the Same.

4. The Day of the Month on which the Ship is to sail must be inserted
in Words and not in Figures only. A Contract Ticket in this Form must be given to every Cabin Pas-senger engaging a Passagie in a "Passagier Bilp" from the United Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Meditor. and the "Notices to

must appear on, Part of. Contract Teket. Passengers "

form

5. When once issued, this Tieket must not be withdrawn from the Passenger, nor any Alteration or Erasure made in it, unless

for

185

Tons Register, to sail from

Day of

the

in with not less than Cubical Feet of Luggage for each Person, and that such Person, and that such Persons shall be victualled as In consideration of the Sum of & Margin I hereby agree with the Person named in the Margin hereof that such Person shall be provided with Class Cabin Passage in the above-named Ship, to sail for the Port of the Port of No. of Persons.

Adults above

Names.

Place before its Termination; and I further engage to during the Voyage, and the Time of Detention at any at the last-mentioned Port, free of any Charge beyond f. I hereby acknow. in [part] Payment of such Passage Money. ledge to have received the Sum of land the Person aforesaid, with Children 12 Years and under.

Place and Date Signature in full

If signed, by a Broker or Agent, state on whose

Total £

to be paid at

Deposit £ Balance £

Total No.

C. 119.

 If Cabin Passengers, through no Default of their own, fail to obtain a Passage in the Ship, and on the Day named in this Contract Ticket, they may obtain Redress for Breach of Contract NOTICE TO CABIN PASSENGERS.

by summary Process under the 75st Section of the "Vesselegars Asia, Biob."
2, Cabin Passengers anust produce, on Demand, their Contract Flecks to the Government Empiration Officer under a Featly not exceeding \$\frac{1}{2}\$ii. This Ticket should therefore be preserved and kept in readiness to be produced on beard the Bin.

N.B.—This Contract Ticket is exempt from Stamp Duty. by summary Process under the 73d Section of the " Passengers Act, 1855."

SC

8 O o

Names.

No. of Persons.

the Ticket.

* Insert

Number

of Souls and of C Statute Adults re-spectively.

Passengers Act Amendment.

COTTODITT to AT A

	BUILD.	
Ship	P	assenger's Contract Ticket.
Counterpart of Pas- senger's Contract Ticket.	These Directions	s, 1. A Contract Ticket in this Form must be given to
This Part of the Contract Ticket is to be separated from	and the "Notices to Passengers" below form Part of, and must appear on, each	 Kingdom to any Place out of Europe, and not being within the Mediterranean Sea.
the other, and to be delivered by the Passenger to the Emigration Officer at the	Contract Ticket.	in the Body of the Ticket. 3. All the Blanks must be correctly filled in, and the Ticket must be legibly signed with the Christian Name.
gration Officer at the Port of Embarkation (or if no such Officer, to the Officer of		and Surname and Address in full of the Party issuing the same. 4. The Day of the Month on which the Passengers at
Customs), or to any one appointed by him to receive it, under a Penalty not exceed-		to embark must be inserted in Words and not in Figures. 5. When once issued this Ticket must not be withdraw from the Passenger, nor any Alteration, Addition, of Erasure made in it.
ing £10. CONTRACT TICKET.	Ship	Of Tana Pariety to
I engage that the	take in Passengers a	of Tom Register, to on the
Persons mentioned below shall be pro-	3 200	I amount that the Danier and the same at the
vided with a Steerage Passage to	Equal	a suggest max the revision named in the margin hereof shall be provided with a Secrage Passage to, and shall be landed at, the Port of in the Ship with not less than Ten Cubic Feet for Leaguage for each Statute Adult, and shall be victualled during the Votes and the Times of Detentions.
and be landed at the		with not less than Ten Cubic Feet for Luggage for each
in the Ship	Statute Adults.	Statute Adult, and shall be victualled during the Voyage and the Time of Detention at any Place before its Termi
of Tons with not less than Ten	3	nation, according to the subjoined Seals, for the Sum of
Cuble Feet for Luggage for each	3	£including Government Dues before Embarks tion, and Head Money, if any, at the Place of Landing, and
Statute Adult, and	5	every other Charge, except Freight for Russes of Luggest
shall be victualled during the whole	3	beyond the Quantity above specified, and I hereby acknowledge to have received the Sum of &
Voyage according to	5	in {full part} Payment.
the Dietary Scale prescribed by Law.	2	
The Ship to receive	5	The following Quantities, at least, of Water and Provises (to be issued daily,) will be supplied by the Mrs r of the Ship, as required by Law; viz., to each Statute Adult Chart of West Adult.
Day of 185	2	Ship, as required by Law; viz., to each Statute Adult 3 Quarts of Water daily, exclusive of what is necessary for
Passage Money, in- cluding Government	3	COUNTIE THE ATOMES PERMITED BY THE PROSESSES ACT IS DE
Dues, if any, and all	5	issued in a cooked State; and a Weekly Allowance of Provisions according to the following Scale:—
Charges of Landing,	3 1	[Here insert the Victualling Scale intended to be used
	5	on the Voyage. This must be either the Scale pre- scribed in the 35th Section of the Passengers Act, 1835.
NAMES. Ages.	5	or that Scale modified by the Introduction of Articles authorized by the Act, to be substituted for Oatmeal, Rice, and Potatoes.]
		[N.B.—If Mess Utensils and Bedding are to be provided by the Ship, the Stipulation must be inserted here.]
	3	Signature in full Place and Date
		[If signed by a Broker of Agent, state on whose Behalf.]
	Deposit Balance	£
Souls, equal to	Total	£ to be part at
Adults.)	
To be signed in full by the	>	NOTICES TO PASSENGUES.

- If Passengers, through no Default of their own, are not received on board on the Day named in their Contract Tickets, or fail to obtain a Passage in the Ship, they should apply to the Government Emigration Officer at the Port, who will assist them in obtaining Redress under the Passengers Ast.
- Passengers should carefully keep this Part of their Contract Ticket till after the End of the Voyage.
 - N.B .- This Contract Ticket is exempt from Stamp Duty.

SCHEDULE (M.)

FORM of EMIGRANT RUNNER'S Annual Licence.

having made (1) The Chris-A. B. (*) of in the Application in Writing to us, the undersigned Justices of the Peace tian and Surassembled in Petty Sessions, for the (b) of to grant to him a Licence to enable him to be registered as an Emigrant Runner in and for (b) , and the said [A.B.] having also been recommended as a proper Person to receive such Licence by an Emigration Officer, or by the Chief must be here Constable [or other Head Officer of Police, as the Case may be] [the District, Town, or Place in which the said A.B. is to carry on his Business]: We, the under-mentioned Jus- (') City. Town, tices, having no sufficient Cause shown to us, and seeing of ourselves no valid Reason why the said A.B. should not receive such Licence, do hereby grant to him this Licence for the Purposes to carry on his aforesaid, subject nevertheless to be revoked for Misconduct on Business. the Part of the said A.B., as in the "Passengers Act, 1855," is

names in full, with the Address of the Party applying for the Licence, correctly inserted. or District in which the Emigrant Runner is

provided.	
SCHEDULE (N.)	
FORM of SUMMONS for a DEFENDANT OF a WITNESS.	
A.B. Complainant. C.D. Defendant. without fail on the Day of instant (or next) at Deforming or County, or City, or o'Clock in the noon Borough, or Police District of (as Magistrate or Justices of the Peace then the Case may be). Magistrate or Justices of the Peace then the Case may be). It to answer the Complaint of (an Emigration Officer, or Assistant Emigration Officer, or Officer of Customs, or (in the Colonies a Government Emigration or Immigration Agent, as the Case may be,) for a Breach of the Section (or Sections, as the Case may be,) of the Passengers Act, 1855, [2] Tor to give Evidence in the Complaint of A.B. against C.D. for Breach of the Passengers Act, 1855. Justice of the Peace, or Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, or Sheriff, or Steward, or Sheriff, Substitute, or Steward, or Sheriff, Substitute, or Steward Substitute, as the Case may be. Dated this Day of One thousand eight	w fe m
To	
SCHEDULE (O.)	
Form of Conviction and Onder of Adjudication under the Passengers Act, 1855, when the Defendant appears.	
A.B. Complainant. C.D. Defendant. Bus it remembered, That on the Day of instant, personally came C.D. of personally came before	

) Insert this hen the Dendant is sumoned.

) Insert this case a Witess is sumioned.

(1) State whether Emigration Officer, or Officer of Customs, or Go-vernment Emigration Agent, or Passenger of the Ship as the Case may (*) Here describe briefly and in ge-neral Terms the Requirement (or Requirements) of the Act which has not been fulfilled. (2) Name the Witness, or Witnesses if more than One. (4) Omit these Words where there is no Conviction, but only an Order of Adjudication. (*) Insert this in Cases where Compensation is awarded.

(*) Name the Passenger or Pas-sengers by or on whose Behalf the Compensation is awarded. (7) Insert this where the Offender is a Pass

Broker, and his Licence is declared forfeited. (8) Insert this where Compensa tion out of the Penalty is awarded to any aggrioved Passenger.

(°) Name the Pasgers,

before me (or us, as the Case may be,) or City, to answer the Com-County, or Borough, or Police Displaint of A.B. (1) for a Breach of the trict, or Stewartry of Section (or Sections, as (as the Case may be). the Case may be,) of the Passengers Act, 1855, in that, &c. (2) or (as the Case may be), for a Breach of the Contract contained in a certain Contract Ticket, dated , and issued by

for a Passage to in the Ship Whereupon I (or we) did proceed to examine into the Complaint so made against the said C.D., and the same having been (admitted to be true by the said C.D., or as the Case may be,) fully proved to my (or our) Satisfaction by the Testimony on Oath of E.F. (3) a credible Witness (or Witnesses), I (or we) (4) do convict him the said C.D. of the Offence (or Offences) aforesaid; and I (or we) do adjudge and order that he shall pay to the said A.B. as such (Emigration Officer, or Government Emigration Agent, or Officer of Customs, or Passenger of the Ship

as the Case may be,) the Sum of I. by way of Penalty (or by way of Subsistence Money, or of Return of Passage Money, or as Damages for Breach of such Contract as aforesaid, as the Case may be,) $\lfloor (5)$ and shall also pay to the said A.B. the further as Compensation for the Loss and Inconvenience occasioned to (6) by the Loss of Passage in the

Ship

(7) And I (or we) do also adjudge and order that the Licence granted to the said C.D. to act as a Passage Broker be forfeited. (8) And I (or we) do hereby also adjudge and order that the

L being a Part not exceeding One Moiety of the Sum of said Penalty of l., be applied to compensate (9) for the Wrong or Damage which he (she or they) has (or have)

sustained in this Matter.

And I (or we) do further adjudge and order, that the said C.D.shall forthwith pay to the said A.B. the further Sum of for the Costs and Charges by him the said A.B. incurred in the senger or Passen. Prosecution of this Matter.

Given under my Hand and Seal (or our Hands and Seal), One thousand Day of eight hundred and

Justice of the Peace, Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, or Sheriff, or Steward, or Sheriff Signature or Stewards Substitute, us the Case may be, for

(10) State County or District, &c. as the Case may be.

FORM of CONVICTION and ORDER of ADJUDICATION where the DEFENDANT does not appear.

A.B. Complainant. C.D. Defendant.

BE it remembered, That C.D. being duly summoned to answer the Complaint of

County, or City, or Borough, or Police District, or Stewar- J try of , as the Case may be.

A.B. (1) for a Breach of the Section (or Sections) of the Passengers Act, 1855, in that, &c. (2) or (as the Case may be), for a Breach of the Contract contained Passenger of the in a certain Contract Ticket, dated as the Case may

and issued by for a Passage to in the Ship did (*) Describe not appear before me (or us), pursuant to the said Summons. heral Terms the Nevertheless, I (or we) did proceed to examine into the Complaint Requirements of so preferred against the said C.D., and the same having been duly the Act which has not been fulfilled. proved to my (or our) Satisfaction by the Testimony on Oath of E.F. (3) a credible Witness (or Witnesses), I (or we) do, &c. (pro- (*) Name the ceed as in preceding Form of Conviction according to the Circum- nesses. stances of the Case).

(1) State whether Emigration Offi-cer, or Officer of Customs, or Government Emi-Describe

C A P. CXX.

An Act for the better Local Management of the Metropolis. [14th August 1855.]

W HEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made 25-726 for the better Local Management of the Metropolis in respect of the Sewerage and Drainage, and the paving, cleansing, lighting, and Improvements thereof. Rolling in the control of the Sewerage and Drainage, and the paving, cleansing, lighting, and Improvements thereof. Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Election of Vestries and Auditors in Parishes in Schedules (A.) and (B.)

I. The Act of the Session holden in the First and Second Years 1 & 2 W. 4. of King William the Fourth, Chapter Sixty, "For the better c. 60. repealed "Regulation of Vestries, and for the Appointment of Auditors of sofar as regards

"Accounts in cortain Parishes of Frederid and Wiles" shall be Parishes in "Accounts in certain Parishes of England and Wales," shall be Schedules (A.) repealed, from and after the passing of this Act, so far as regards and (B.) any Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act: Provided always, that the Vestry and Auditors already elected for any such Parish under the said Act shall continue to be such Vestry and Auditors until the First Election of Vestrymen and Auditors for such Parish under this Act has taken place, but no longer; and the Provisions of the said Act of King William the Fourth shall continue applicable to every such Vestry and to their Proceedings, and the Books in which the same are entered, and to such Auditors and their Proceedings accordingly.

II. The Vestry in every Parish mentioned in either of the Vestries in Pa-Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act shall consist of a certain rishes named in Number of Persons qualified and elected as herein provided; either of the (that is to say,) Eighteen Vestrymen for every Parish in which and (B.) to conthe Number of rated Householders shall not exceed One thousand; sist of not less and Six additional Vestrymen, that is, Twenty-four Vestrymen than 18 or more for every Parish in which the Number of rated Householders than 120 Per-

shall sons qualifier

and elected as after provided.

Metropolis Local Management.

shall exceed One thousand; and Twelve additional Vestrymen, that is, Thirty-six Vestrymen, for every Parish in which the Number of rated Householders shall exceed Two thousand; and so on at the Proportion of Twelve additional Vestrymen for every Thousand rated Householders: Provided always, that in no Case the Number of Vestrymen shall exceed One hundred and twenty: Provided also, that the Incumbent and Churchwardens of each such Parish shall constitute a Part of the Vestry, and shall vote therein, in addition to the elected Vestrymen: Provided also, that every District Rector now constituting in any such Parish a Part of the Vestry thereof shall continue to constitute a Part of the Vestry thereof under this Act: Provided also, that where in any Parish the whole Number of Persons qualified to be Vestrymen shall not amount to Eighteen, the Vestry thereof shall consist of so many Persons as are so qualified, anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Such Parishes 2,000 rated Householders to be divided into Wards.

III. Each of the said Parishes which at the Time of the passing with more than of this Act contains more than Two thousand rated Householders shall be divided into Wards; and it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons as may be appointed for this Purpose as herein provided to determine and set out, on or before the Tenth Day of October next, the Number, Extent, Limits, and Boundary Lines of such Wards, but so nevertheless that no Ward shall contain less than Five hundred rated Householders, and that the whole Number of Wards in any Parish shall not exceed Eight; and the Person or Persons setting out such Wards in any Parish shall apportion among the several Wards the Number of Vestrymen to be elected for such Parish, and shall, in assigning the Number of Vestrymen to each Ward, have regard, as far as in his or their Judgment it is practicable, as well to the Number of Persons rated to the Relief of the Poor in each Ward as to the aggregate Amount of the Sums at which all such Persons are rated; and the Number of Vestrymen assigned to each Ward shall be a Number divisible by Three; and a Copy of the Particulars of such Division and Apportionment shall be forthwith transmitted to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and also to the Vestry Clerk of the Parish to which such Division and Apportionment relate; and if Her Majesty, by the Advice of Her Privy Council, approve of such Division and Apportionment, the Particulars thereof shall be published in the London Gazette; and the Parish shall, after such Publication, be deemed to be divided into such Wards so determined and set out, and such Division shall continue and be in force until the same be altered as herein provided; and the Number of Vestrymen assigned to each Ward shall be the Number to be elected for such Ward until altered as aforesaid: Provided always, that if Her Majesty, by Advice of Her Privy Council, do not approve such Division and Apportionment, such Publication as aforesaid shall nevertheless be made, and such Division and Apportionment be in force for the Purpose of any Election under the Provisions of this Act, until such Time as Her Majesty, by Advice of Her Privy Council, upon further Information and Report from any such Person

Person or Persons, definitively approve the Division of such Parish into Wards, and of the Number of Vestrymen assigned to each Ward in manner herein-before mentioned: Provided also, that where any Parish is already divided into Wards under any Local Act such Parish shall be deemed to be divided into such Wards for the Purposes of this Act, without any Division of such Parish into Wards being made as herein-before provided, but the Number of Vestrymen to be elected for such Parish shall be apportioned as aforesaid among the Wards of such Parish by such Person or Persons as may be appointed for that Purpose as herein provided.

IV. One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State shall, Power to Secreas soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, tary of State to appoint not more than Four fit Persons, the Names of such Per- appoint Persons sons to be published in the London Gazette, to set out the Wards wards, and apinto which the said Parishes are by this Act directed to be di- portion Number vided, and to apportion the Number of Vestrymen to be elected of Vestrymen for such Parishes respectively among such Wards, and also to be elected. apportion the Number of Vestrymen to be elected for any Parish already divided into Wards as aforesaid among such Wards; and any One or more of such Persons may be appointed to act as aforesaid separately from any other or others of them as such Secretary of State may see fit; and such Secretary of State shall, in case Circumstances appear to him so to require, appoint any other fit Person or Persons in the Place of or in addition to any such Person or Persons originally appointed under this Provision; and every Person appointed to set out such Wards shall be paid at a Rate not exceeding the Sum of Five Guineas for every Day that he is employed by virtue of such Appointment, and the Amount payable to him in respect of such Employment in each Parish shall be determined and certified by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Amount so certified shall be paid out of the Poor Rates of the Parish.

V. When at any Time, upon any Account taken of the Popu- If relative lation by the Authority of Parliament, the relative Numbers of Population of the inhabited Houses in the several Wards of any Parish divided Wards vary in into Wards as aforesaid are found to have varied from those shown by the last previous Census, it shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Vestrymen may Board of Works, upon the Application of the Vestry or any Rate- be altered. payers of such Parish, to alter the Number of Vestrymen assigned to such Wards or any of them, but so that the Number of Vestrymen assigned to each Ward shall be a Number divisible by Three.

VI. The Vestry elected under this Act in any Parish shall con- Qualification of sist of Persons rated or assessed to the Relief of the Poor upon a Vestrymen. Rental of not less than Forty Pounds per Annum; and no Person shall be capable of acting or being elected as One of such Vestry for any Parish unless he be the Occupier of a House, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in such Parish, and be rated or assessed as aforesaid upon such Rental as aforesaid within such Parish: Provided always, that in any Parish in which the Number of Poor Rate Assessments at Forty Pounds or upwards does not exceed One Sixth of the whole Number of such Assessments it shall not be necessary, in order to qualify a Person to be a Vestryman,

future Census, Numbers of

C. 120.

Metropolis Local Management.

Vestryman, that the Amount of Rental upon which he is rated or assessed as aforesaid exceed Twenty-five Pounds: Provided also, that the joint Occupation of any such Premises as aforesaid, and a joint Rating in respect thereof, shall be sufficient to qualify each joint Occupier in case the Amount of Rental on which all such Occupiers are jointly rated will, when divided by the Number of Occupiers, give for each such Occupier a Sum not less than the Amount herein-before required.

As to the First Election of Vestrymen under this Act.

VII. The First Election of Vestrymen under this Act in every Parish shall be holden in the Month of November next after the passing of this Act, and between the Fifth and Twenty-first Days of that Month, and the Day on which such Election shall commence shall be appointed by the Churchwardens of the Parish, and Twenty-one Days previously to the Day of Election Notice of such Election shall be given in manner herein-after directed concerning Notice of Election of Vestrymen and Auditors, and the next such Election shall take place on such Day in the Month of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven as the Vestry shall appoint, and every subsequent Election shall take place annually in the Month of May in every Year as the Vestry appoint.

The full Number of Vestrymen to be chosen at First Election, and existing Vestries superseded.

VIII. At the First such Election of Vestrymen as aforesaid for any Parish, the full Number of Elective Vestrymen of which such Vestry is to consist as herein-before mentioned shall be elected, and such Vestrymen, with such other Persons as herein-before mentioned, shall forthwith be deemed to constitute the Vestry of such Parish, and shall supersede any existing Vestry therein, and exercise the Powers and Privileges held by such existing Vestry, save as in this Act otherwise provided; and the Authority of such Vestry may be pleaded before any Justice or Justices of the Peace or in any Court of Law in regard to all Parochial Property or Monies due, or Holdings or Contracts, or other Documents of the like Nature, under the Control or in the Keeping of such existing Vestry; and all Parish Officers or Boards shall account to them in like Manner as they are by Law liable to account to such existing Vestry.

As to the Term of Office of Vestrymen elected at First Election, and as to future Elections.

IX. One Third of the Vestrymen first elected under this Act in any Parish, or, where such Parish is divided into Wards under this Act, in each Ward of such Parish, shall go out of Office at the Time appointed for the Election of Vestrymen in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, One other Third of them at the Time appointed for such Election in the Year Onc thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and the remaining Third at the Time appointed for such Election in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine; and the Vestry shall, at some Meeting before the Time of the Election in One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, determine by Lot which of the Members first elected shall constitute the One Third to go out of Office in the Years One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven and One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight respectively; and all Members from Time to Time elected at the annual Elections after the First Election shall go out of Office at the Time appointed for the

annual Election in the Third following Year, except such Members as are elected to supply Vacancies occasioned otherwise than by Effluxion of Time; and such last-mentioned Members shall go out of Office at the respective Times when the Terms of Office of the Members in whose Places they are respectively elected would have expired by Effluxion of Time.

X. At every Election of Vestrymen under this Act, except the Vacancies to be First, for any Parish or any Ward of any Parish, the Parishioners filled up at anof such Parish entitled to vote in such Election shall elect as many nual Elections. Vestrymen as there are Vacancies in the Vestry, or among the Vestrymen elected for such Ward, whether such Vacancies be occasioned by the Expiration of the Term of Office, or by Death or otherwise.

XI. For every Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) Appointment of and (B.) to this Act there shall be elected such Number as herein. Auditors of after mentioned of the Ratepayers of the Parish who have sig- Accounts for nified in Writing their Assent to serve to be Auditors of Accounts, which Auditors shall be so elected at the same Times and in the and (B.) same Manner as Members of the Vestry; and the Number of Ratepayers so to be elected Auditors in any Parish not divided into Wards under this Act shall be Five, and the Number of Ratepayers so to be elected Auditors in any Parish which is divided into Wards shall be the same as the Number of Wards, One Auditor being elected in each Ward: Provided always, that where the Number of Wards into which any Parish is divided exceeds Five, the Vestry of such Parish shall, at their First Meeting after the Election of Auditors as aforesaid, in any Year, elect by Ballot from among such Auditors Five of them, and the Five Persons so elected by Ballot shall be the Auditors for such Parish exclusively of any other Person or Persons who may have been elected an Auditor or Auditors for such Parish under the Provisions herein contained; and a List of the Five Persons so elected by the Vestry shall be forthwith published by the Churchwardens in the Parish as herein provided: Provided also, that no Person shall be eligible to fill the Office of Auditor of Accounts who is not qualified to fill the Office of Vestryman for the Parish; but no Person shall be eligible to fill the Office of Auditor who is a Member of the Vestry; and if any Person be chosen to be both a Member of the Vestry and Auditor of Accounts he shall be incapable of acting as a Vestryman.

Parishes in Schedules (A.)

XII. The Auditors first elected under this Act in any Parish As to the Term as aforesaid shall go out of Office at the Time appointed for the of Office of Election of Vestrymen and Auditors in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and the Auditors then elected and to be thereafter elected shall go out of Office at the Election of Vestrymen and Auditors in the Year next following their Election.

XIII. The Churchwardens of every Parish mentioned in either Notice of of the said Schedules (A.) and (B.), which is not divided into Elections. Wards, shall, on some Sunday at least Twenty-one Days previously to the Day of annual Election of Vestrymen, cause to be published in such Parish as herein provided a Notice according to the following Form:

'Parish

' Parish of [here insert Name of Parish].

'The Parishioners duly qualified according to the Provisions' of the Act of the Session holden in the Eighteenth and Nine'teenth Years of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An
'Act" [here insert the Title of the Act], are hereby required to
'meet at on the Day of con'formably to the Provisions of the said Act, and then and there
'to consider of and elect fit and proper Persons to be Vestrymen
'and Auditors of Accounts of the Parish of for the
'ensuing Year [the Words "for the ensuing Year" to be omitted
'in the Notice of the First Election]; that is to say,

Members of the Vestry,

And the Churchwardens of every such Parish as aforesaid which is divided into Wards shall at the Time aforesaid cause to be pub-

lished as herein provided, in each Ward of the Parish, a Notice according to the following Form:

'Parish of , Ward of [inserting 'the Parish and Ward].

'The Parishioners duly qualified according to the Provisions ' of the Act of Parliament of the Session holden in the Eighteenth ' and Nineteenth Years of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled " An Act" [here insert the Title of this Act], are hereby required ' to meet at on the Day of ' conformably to the Provisions of the said Act, and then and ' there to consider of and elect fit and proper Persons ' to be Vestrymen and an Auditor of Accounts of the Parish ' of for the Ward of for the ensuing 'Year [the Words "for the ensuing Year" to be omitted in the ' Notice of the First Election].'

Churchwardens to appoint Persons to preside at Ward Elections.

Rate Collectors to assist at the Elections.

Form of Proceeding at Elections.

XIV. Where any Parish is divided into Wards, the Church-wardens, Three clear Days at least before the Day of Election, shall appoint in Writing under their Hands a Person to preside at such Election as aforesaid in each of the said Wards, except any Ward in which One of the Churchwardens shall preside, and notify such Appointment to the Vestry Clerk of the Parish.

XV. The Rate Collectors, or Persons appointed by them, shall attend the Churchwardens and Persons presiding at Elections under this Act, and Inspectors of Votes, to assist in ascertaining that the Persons presenting themselves to vote are Parishioners rated to the Relief of the Poor in the Parish, or the respective Wards thereof, and duly qualified to vote at the Election.

XVI. On the Day of Election of Vestrymen and Auditors in any Parish under this Act the Parishioners then rated to the Relief of the Poor in the Parish, or, where the Parish is divided into Wards under this Act, in the Ward thereof for which the Election is holden, and who are desirous of voting, shall meet at the Place appointed for such Election, and shall then and there nominate Two Ratepayers of the Parish, or (if the Parish be divided into Wards) of the Ward for which the Election is holden,

as fit and proper Persons to be Inspectors of Votes; and the Churchwardens, or, in the Case of a Ward Election, such One of the Churchwardens as is present thereat, or, where One of the Churchwardens is not present, the Person appointed by them to preside thereat, shall, immediately after such Nomination as aforesaid by the Parishioners, nominate Two other such Ratepayers to be such Inspectors; and after such Nominations the said Parishioners shall elect such Persons duly qualified as may be there proposed for the Offices of Vestrymen and Auditors or Auditor; and the Chairman at such Meeting shall declare the Names of the Parishioners who have been elected by a Majority of Votes at such Meeting: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall be entitled to join or vote in any such Election for any Parish, or any Ward of any Parish, or be deemed a Ratepayer thereof, or be entitled to do any Act as such under this Act, unless he have been rated in such Parish to the Relief of the Poor for One Year next before the Election, and have paid all Parochial Rates, Taxes, and Assessments due from him at the Time of so voting or acting, except such as have been made or become due within Six Months immediately preceding such voting or acting.

XVII. Provided always, That any Five Ratepayers may then Power to deand there, in Writing or otherwise, demand a Poll, which shall mand a Poll, be taken by Ballot on the Day next following, and shall commence which shall be at Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and close at such Hour as taken by Ballot. herein-after mentioned; that is to say, at Six of the Clock in the Afternoon in the Case of any Election to be holden in November One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at Eight of the Clock in the Afternoon in all other Cases; each Ratepayer depositing as herein-after provided Two folded Papers, One of which Papers shall contain the Names of the Persons for whom such Parishioner may vote as fit and proper to be Members of the Vestry, and the other shall contain the Names or Name of the Persons or Person for whom such Parishioner may vote as fit and proper to be Auditors or Auditor of Accounts; and each Ratepayer shall have One Vote and no more for the Members of the Vestry, and One Vote and no more for the Auditors or Auditor of Accounts to be chosen in the said Parish or Ward.

XVIII. The Persons voting shall deposit such folded Papers in Duty of In-Two separate Sets of Balloting Glasses or Boxes, one Set for spectors of Voting Papers for Members of Vestry, and another Set for the Votes. Voting Papers for Auditors or an Auditor; and the said Balloting Glasses or Boxes shall be closed at the Time herein-before fixed for the closing of the Poll; and the Inspectors for the Parish or Ward (as the Case may be) shall forthwith meet together, and proceed to examine the said Votes, and if necessary shall continue the Examination by Adjournments from Day to Day, not exceeding Two Days (Sunday excepted), until they have decided upon the Persons duly qualified according to the Provisions of this Act who may have been chosen to fill the aforesaid Offices.

XIX. In case an Equality of Votes appear to the aforesaid Provision for Inspectors to be given for any Two or more Parsons to fill either Case of Equa-of lity of Votes.

of the said Offices, the Inspectors shall decide by Lot upon the Person to be chosen.

If in the Interval between Elections the Vestry of any Parish be reduced below Two Thirds, the Vacancies to be filled up as herein named.

XX. If in the Interval between any Election under this Act of Vestrymen in any Parish and the Time at which the next Election would in the Absence of this Enactment have taken place the Number of such Vestrymen be reduced below Two Thirds of the full Number, so many Vestrymen as may be requisite for filling up such Number shall be forthwith elected in like Manner as in the Case of the annual Election of such Vestrymen, and the Provisions of this Act shall be applicable in the Case of such Election accordingly, save that the Notice of Election shall be varied from the Form prescribed by this Act so far as may be necessary, and where such Parish is divided into Wards under this Act each Ward shall supply the Vacancies among the Members elected for the same; and every Vestryman elected under this Enactment shall go out of Office at the Time when the Term of Office of the Person in whose Place he is elected would have expired by Effluxion of Time.

Penalty for forging or falsifying any Voting Paper or obstructing the Election.

XXI. If any Person knowingly personate and falsely assume to vote in the Name of any Parishioner entitled to vote in any Election under this Act, or forge or in any way falsify any Name or Writing in any Paper purporting to contain the Vote or Votes of any Parishioner voting in any such Election, or by any Contrivance attempt to obstruct or prevent the Purposes of any such Election, the Person so offending shall, upon Conviction before any Two or more Justices of the Peace having Jurisdiction in the Parish, be liable to a Penalty of not less than Ten and not more than Fifty Pounds, and in default of Payment thereof shall be imprisoned for a Term not exceeding Six nor less than Three Months.

A List of Persons elected Vestrymen and Auditors to be published. XXII. The Inspectors shall, immediately after they have decided upon whom the aforesaid Elections have fallen, deliver to the Churchwardens, or to One of them, or other the Person presiding at the Election, a List of the Persons chosen by the Parishioners to act as Vestrymen and Auditors, or an Auditor of Accounts; and the said List, or a Copy thereof, shall be published in the Parish as herein provided.

Penalty on Inspector for making incorrect Return. XXIII. If any Inspector wilfully make or cause to be made an incorrect Return of the said Votes, every such Offender shall, upon Information laid by any Person before Two or more Justices of the Peace having Jurisdiction in the Parish, and upon Conviction for such Offence, be liable to a Penalty of not less than Twenty-five Pounds and not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Vestries to provide Places for holding Elections, and pay Expenses of taking Poll, &c.

XXIV. The Vestry of every Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act shall provide such Places as may be requisite for holding Elections of Vestrymen and Auditors under this Act, and taking the Poll thereat; and the Expenses of providing such Places, of publishing Notices, of taking the Poll, and of making the Return at Elections of Vestrymen and Auditors, shall be paid out of the Poor Rates of the Parish by Order of the Vestry: Provided always, that the Places requiring to be provided for the First Election under this Act of Vestrymen and Auditors in any Parish shall be provided by the Churchwardens, and the Expenses

Expenses of providing the same shall be paid out of the Poor Rates, upon their Order.

XXV. The Provisions herein-before contained shall, so far as As to Parishes concerns any Parish in either of the said Schedules (A.) and (B.) having no in which there are no Churchwardens, be construed as referring wardens. to the Overseers of the Poor instead of the Churchwardens.

XXVI. Every Notice and List herein-before required to be How Notices published in any Parish or Ward of any Parish shall be so pub- and Lists to be lished by being fixed in some public and conspicuous Situation, published. on the Outside of the outer Door or outer Wall near the Door of every Church and Public Chapel in such Parish or Ward, including Places of Public Worship which do not belong to the Established Church, and if there be no such Building as aforesaid, then in some public and conspicuous Situation within such Parish or Ward.

XXVII. If any Churchwarden, Overseer, Rate Collector, or Non-compliother Parish Officer refuse or neglect to call any Meeting, or give ance with Act any Notice, or do any other Act required of him under the Pro- a Misdemeanor. visions of this Act, he shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

XXVIII. All Powers or Duties to be performed by the Vestry Quorum of of any Parish under this Act may be exercised and performed Vestries. respectively by the major Part of such Vestry assembled at any Meeting, there being not less than Five Vestrymen present at a Meeting of a Vestry which consists of not more than Eighteen elected Vestrymen, and not being less than Seven Vestrymen present at a Meeting of a Vestry which consists of Twenty-four elected Vestrymen and no more, and not being less than Nine Vestrymen present at a Meeting of a Vestry which consists of Thirty-six elected Vestrymen or upwards; and at every such Meeting all Questions shall be decided by the Votes of the Majority of the Vestrymen present, and the Vestry may act notwithstanding any Vacancies therein.

XXIX. In any Case in which the Vestry-room of any such Meetings not Parish as aforesaid is not sufficiently large and commodious for to be holden in any Vestry Meeting, such Meeting shall be held elsewhere within the said Parish, but not in the Church or Chapel thereof.

the Church.

XXX. At every Meeting of any Vestry under this Act, in the Meeting to elect Absence of the Persons authorized by Law or Custom to take the a Chairman. Chair, the Members present shall elect a Chairman for the Occasion before proceeding to other Business, and the Chairman, in case of an Equality of Votes on any Question, shall have a Second or Casting Vote.

Formation of Parishes into Districts, and Constitution of District Roards.

XXXI. For the Purposes of this Act the several Parishes men- Parishes in tioned in the Second Column of Schedule (B.) to this Act shall be united, and form the respective Districts mentioned in conjunction therewith and named in the First Column of the same Schedule; and District and there shall be a Board of Works for each such District, com- Boards conposed of the Members elected as herein-after mentioned for the stituted. Parishes forming such District.

Schedule (B.) to be united, and form Districts,

18 & 19 Vict.

XXXII. The

Vestries to elect Members of District Boards,

XXXII. The Vestry constituted by this Act in every Parish in any such District shall on the Twenty-eighth Day of November in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five elect the Number of Persons mentioned in the Third Column of the said Schedule (B.) in conjunction with such Parish to be a Member or Members of the Board of Works for such District.

If relative Numbers of inhabited Houses in any District vary on any future Census, Numbers of Members may be altered.

XXXIII. When at any Time hereafter, upon any Account taken of the Population by the Authority of Parliament, the relative Numbers of the inhabited Houses in the several Parishes forming any such District are found to have varied from those shown by the last previous Census, it shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works constituted by this Act, upon the Application of the Vestry or any Ratepayers of any such Parish, to alter the Number of the Members of the Board of Works for such District to be elected for all or any of the Parishes therein; but so that the Number of Members to be elected for any such Parish, if exceeding Three, shall be a Number divisible by Three.

As to the Term of Office of Members of District Boards elected at First Election, and as to future Elections.

XXXIV. One Third of the Members of any such Board first elected for any Parish for which Three or more such Members are by this Act appointed to be elected shall go out of Office at the Time herein-after appointed for the Election of Members of such Board in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, One other Third of them at the Time appointed for such Election in One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and the remaining Third at the Time appointed for such Election in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine; and the Vestry shall at the Time of the First Election under this Act of such Members determine by Lot which of the Members first elected shall constitute the One Third to go out of Office in the Years One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven and One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight respectively; and all Members elected to supply Vacancies occasioned by Members going out of Office at the Expiration of their Term of Office shall go out of Office at the Election of Members of such Board in the Third following Year.

Elections to be held annually for supplying Vacancies. XXXV. The Vestry of every such Parish shall on the First Wednesday in the Month of June in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and in every subsequent Year, elect so many Vestrymen of such Parish to be Members of the Board for the District in which such Parish is comprised, as may be necessary for supplying the Vacancies among the Members of such Board, elected for such Parish, occasioned by Expiration of the Term of Office of the Members going out of Office at the Time of such Election.

Provision as to Parishes not electing as many as Three Members of a District Board. XXXVI. The Members of any such Board first elected for Parishes for which less than Three Members are by this Act appointed to be elected shall go out of Office on the said First Wednesday in June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and Members subsequently elected for such Parishes to supply Vacancies occasioned by Members going out of Office at the Expiration of their Term of Office shall go out of Office on the First Wednesday in June in the Third Year following their Election; and the Vestries of such Parishes shall on the said First Wednesday

in June in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and in every Third following Year, elect Members in the Place of

the Members then going out of Office.

XXXVII. When any Member of any District Board dies, Provision as to resigns, or ceases to be such Member, otherwise than by the Ex- casual Vacanpiration of his Term of Office, the Vestry of the Parish for which cies. he was elected shall with all convenient Speed elect a Person to be a Member of such Board in his Place; and every Member of any such Board elected to supply any such Vacancy shall go out of Office when the Term of Office of the Member in whose Place he is elected would have expired by Effluxion of Time.

XXXVIII. All Powers and Duties vested in the Board of Works Powers of Disfor any District may be exercised or performed at any Meeting of trict Boards to such Board holden under this Act, there being not less than Seven Members of the Board present; and at every such Meeting all Questions shall be decided by the Votes of the Majority of the Members present; and the Board may act notwithstanding any Vacancies therein, and notwithstanding any Omission to elect any Member or Members of such Board, in pursuance of this Act.

XXXIX. The First Meeting of the Board of Works for any Ordinary Meet-District shall be holden on the Wednesday in the Week next ings of District following the Election of such Board, at Ten o'Clock in the Fore- Boards. noon, at the Place at which the Vestry of the Parish in such District first named in Schedule (B.) to this Act usually meet; and every subsequent Ordinary Meeting shall be holden on and at such Day, Time, and Place as the Board may from Time to Time appoint in this Behalf, subject, nevertheless, to the Provision herein-after contained, appointing the Day on which Meetings shall be holden for the First Election of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

XL. A Special Meeting of any such Board may be convened by Special Meetany Five Members of the Board, or by the Clerk of the Board, ings of District upon the Requisition in Writing of Five Members of the Board, Boards. by a Notice to the several Members thereof Forty-eight Hours at least before the Time of meeting, such Notice to be signed by the Members or Clerk convening the Meeting, and to specify the

Object thereof.

XLL Every such Board shall at every Meeting of such Board, Chairman to be before proceeding to Business, elect a Chairman of such Meeting, elected at Meetand such Chairman, in case of an Equality of Votes on any ing of Board. Question, shall have a Second or Casting Vote.

Incorporation of Vestries and District Boards.

XLH. The Board to be constituted as aforesaid for every such District Boards District shall be a Body Corporate by the Name of "The Board and Vestries of District," and the Vestry of Parishes in Schedule (A.) of Works for the every Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act shall be a incorporated. Body Corporate by the Name of "The Vestry of the Parish in the County of ," and every such Board and Vestry shall by such Name respectively have perpetual Succession and a Common Scal, and shall sue and be sued, and have Power and Authority (without any Licence in Mortmain) to take, purchase, and hold Land for the Purposes of this Act.

Metropolitan Board of Works constituted and incorporated.

Constitution and Incorporation of Metropolitan Board of Works.

XLIII. A Board, to be called "The Metropolitan Board of Works," shall be constituted as herein-after mentioned, and such Board shall by such Name be a Body Corporate, and have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal, and sue and be sued, and have Power and Authority (without any Licence in Mortmain) to take, purchase, and hold Land for the Purposes of this Act-

Three Members Board to be elected for the City.

XLIV. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of of Metropolitan London, in Common Council assembled, shall on the Twelfth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five elect Three Persons to be Members of the said Metropolitan Board, and shall, when any Member of such Board elected by the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons dies, resigns, or otherwise ceases to be such Member, elect some Person in his Place.

Vestries of single Parishes and District Boards to elect Members of the Metropolitan Board.

XLV. The Vestry of each of the Parishes mentioned in the First Part of the said Schedule (A.) shall, at a Meeting of such Vestry to be holden on the Twelfth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, elect Two Persons to be Members of the said Metropolitan Board of Works; and the Vestry of each of the Parishes mentioned in the Second Part of the said Schedule (A.) except the Parish of Rotherhithe, and the Board of Works for each of the Districts mentioned in the First Part of the said Schedule (B.), shall, at a Meeting of such Vestry and Board respectively to be holden on the last-mentioned Day, elect One Person to be a Member of the said Metropolitan Board; and every such Vestry and Board shall, when any Member of such Metropolitan Board, elected by such Vestry or Board, dies, resigns, or otherwise ceases to be such Member, elect a Person to be a Member of the said Metropolitan Board in the Place of the Member so dying, resigning, or otherwise ceasing to be such Member.

Boards for Districts of Plumstead and Lewisham united for electing a Member of Metropolitan Board.

XLVI. The districts of *Plumstead* and *Lewisham*, mentioned in the Second Part of the said Schedule (B.) shall be united for the Purpose of electing from Time to Time a Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works; and the Boards of Works for such Districts shall, at a joint Meeting of such Boards, to be holden on the said Twelfth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fiftyfive, at the Place of Meeting of the Board of Works for the District of Plumstead, elect a Person to be a Member of the said Metropolitan Board; and when any Member of such Board elected by the Boards of Works for the said united Districts dies, resigns, or otherwise ceases to be such Member, such Boards of Works shall, at a joint Meeting of such Boards to be holden at the Place aforesaid, elect some Person in his Stead; and such Meeting shall be convened as follows; that is to say, the Clerk of the Board of Works for the District of Plumstead shall communicate with the Clerk of the Board of Works for the District of Lewisham, and arrange with him the Time of such Meeting of the Boards of Works for such Districts; and when such Arrangement has been made, Notice of the Time, Place, and Object of such Meeting shall be given by such Clerks respectively in manner required for Notices of Special Meetings of the Boards for such Districts; and

and every Election to be made as aforesaid by the said Boards shall be determined by the Votes of the Majority of the Members thereof present at the Meeting; and every such Meeting shall, before proceeding to the Election, choose a Chairman, who shall preside thereat, and shall, in case of an Equality of Votes for Two

or more Persons, have a Second or Casting Vote.

XLVII. The Parishes of Rotherhithe, Saint John Horsleydown, The Parish of Saint Olave, and Saint Thomas Southwark shall be united for the Rotherhithe Purpose of electing from Time to Time a Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works; and the Vestries of such several Parishes shall, at a joint Meeting of such Vestries to be holden on the said Twelfth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fiftyfive, at the Place of Meeting of the Vestry of the Parish of Saint Board of Olave, elect a Person to be a Member of the said Metropolitan Board; and when any Member of the said Board elected by such Vestries dies, resigns, or otherwise ceases to be such Member, such Vestries shall, at a joint Meeting of such Vestries to be holden at the Place aforesaid, elect some Person in his Stead; and such Meeting shall be convened as follows; that is to say, the Vestry Clerk of the Parish of Saint Olave shall communicate with the Vestry Clerks of the said other Parishes, and arrange with them the Time of such Meeting; and when such Arrangement has been made, Notice of the Time, Place, and Object of such Meeting shall be given by the respective Vestry Clerks of all the said Parishes in manner required for Notices of Vestry Meetings; and every Election to be made as aforesaid by the said Vestries jointly shall be determined by the Votes of the Majority of the Members thereof present at the Meeting; and every such Meeting shall, before proceeding to the Election, choose a Chairman, who shall preside thereat, and shall, in case of an Equality of Votes for Two or more Persons, have a Second or Casting Vote.

XLVIII. One Third of the Members first elected as aforesaid As to the Term of the Metropolitan Board of Works shall go out of Office on the of Office of Second Wednesday in June One thousand eight hundred and fiftyseven, One other Third of them on the Second Wednesday in June Board elected One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and the remaining at First Elec-Third on the Second Wednesday in June One thousand eight hun-tion, and as to dred and fifty-nine; and such first elected Members shall deter- future Elecmine by Lot among themselves which of them shall constitute the tions. One Third to go out of Office in the Years One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven and One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight respectively; and all Members of the said Board elected to supply any Vacancy occasioned by any Member's going out of Office by the Expiration of his Term of Office shall go out of Office on the Second Wednesday in June in the Third Year next following the Year of his Election; and every Member of the said Board elected to supply any other Vacancy shall go out of Office when the Term of Office of the Member in whose Place he is elected would have expired by Effluxion of Time.

XLIX. The Members first elected of the Metropolitan Board Elected Memof Works shall meet at such Time and Place as One of Her bers of Metro-Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State shall by Notice in the politan Board to elect a Char

and District of St. Olave united for electing a Member of the Metropolitan Works.

Members of

man, with Salary not less than 1,500l. nor more than 2,000%

London Gazette appoint in this Behalf, and shall at such Meeting, or some Meeting to be holden by Adjournment thereof (which it shall be competent for the Members present to appoint), elect a Chairman of the said Board, and shall also decide upon the Amount of Salary to be paid to such Chairman, such Salary not to be less than One thousand five hundred Pounds and not to exceed Two thousand Pounds per Annum; and such Members, before proceeding at any such Meeting to such Election, or to determine the Amount of such Salary, shall choose from among the Members present a Chairman of such Meeting, and such Election of the future Chairman of the Board shall be determined by the Votes of the Majority of the Members present, and in case of an Equality of Votes the Chairman of the Meeting shall have a Second or Casting Vote; and any Person may be elected as aforesaid, whether he be or be not a Member of the said Board; and such Chairman shall be subject to be removed by a Resolution agreed to by Two Thirds of the Members present at any Meeting specially convened for considering the Question of such Removal; and in case any elected Member of the said Metropolitan Board be appointed Chairman thereof, he shall thenceforth be a Member thereof by virtue only of his Office of Chairman, and his Place as an elected Member shall become vacant, and another shall be elected in his Stead.

As to Appoint. ment of Chairman on any Vacancy.

L. Upon every Vacancy in the Office of Chairman of the said Metropolitan Board a new Chairman shall be appointed, and his Salary fixed, in manner herein-before mentioned, save that the Appointment of such Chairman may be made at any such Meeting as may be provided in this Behalf by the Regulations for the Time being of the said Metropolitan Board.

Powers of Metropolitan Board to be exercised at Meetings, not less than Nine Members being present.

LI. All Powers and Duties vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works may be exercised and performed at any Meeting of such Board at which not less than Nine Members of the Board are present; and at every such Meeting all Questions shall be determined by the Votes of the Majority of the Members present; and such Board may act notwithstanding any Vacancies therein, and notwithstanding any Omission to elect any Member or Members of such Board in pursuance of this Act, but such Board shall not be deemed to be constituted until the First Election of a Chairman of such Board under this Act.

Meetings of the Metropolitan Board.

LII. The First Meeting of the said Metropolitan Board shall be holden at such Time and Place as the Chairman may appoint, of which Notice in Writing, signed by such Chairman, shall be given to each elected Member of the said Board Two clear Days at the least before the Time of such Meeting; and the said Board may meet at such Times and Places as they may from Time to Time appoint; and a Special Meeting of the said Board may be convened by the Chairman of the said Board, or by the Clerk thereof, upon the Requisition in Writing of the Chairman or any Five Members of the Board, by a Notice to the several Members thereof Two clear Days at the least before the Time of meeting, such Notice to be signed by the Chairman or Clerk convening the Meeting, and to specify the Object thereof. LIII. The

LIII. The Chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works for Chairman to the Time being elected under this Act shall preside at every Meeting of such Board at which he is present; and in case of a Vacancy in the Office of such Chairman, or in his Absence, some other Member of such Board shall be chosen to preside thereat; and in case there be an equal Number of Votes upon any Question, the Chairman presiding at the Meeting shall have a Second or Casting Vote.

preside at Meetings. In case of Vacancy, &c.

tions of Members of Metro-

politan Board.

and (B.), and of

Provisions concerning Constitution, Procedure, and Officers of Metropolitan and District Boards and Vestries.

LIV. In case any Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works, Disqualificaor of any District Board of Works, or of any Vestry for any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act, or any Auditor of the Accounts of any such Board or Vestry, be declared of District bankrupt, or apply to take the Benefit of or become subject to any Boards, of Ves-Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, or compound with his tries of Parishes Creditors, or accept or hold any Office under the Board or Vestry in Schedule(A.) of which he is a Member, or of whose Accounts he is Auditor, other than, in the Case of any such Auditor, his Office of Auditor, or in any Manner be concerned or interested in any Contract or Work made with or executed for such Board or Vestry, in every such Case such Person shall cease to be such Member or Auditor as aforesaid: Provided always, that no Person being a Shareholder of any Joint Stock Company shall be disabled from continuing or acting as a Member of any such Board or Vestry by reason of any Contract between such Company and such Board or Vestry, or of any Work executed by such Company; but no such Member shall vote upon any Question in which such Company is interested; and any Person who acts as a Member of any such Board or Vestry, or as Auditor of the Accounts thereof, after ceasing to be such Member or Auditor as aforesaid, or who, being a Shareholder in any Joint Stock Company, votes upon any Question in which such Company is interested, and any Person who acts as a Member of any such Vestry as aforesaid without being qualified by Rating and Occupation as required by this Act, shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty of Fifty Pounds, which may be recovered by any Person who may sue for the same in any of the Superior Courts of Law, with full Costs of Suit: Provided also, that all Acts and Proceedings of any Person ceasing to be such Member or Auditor, or disabled from acting as aforesaid, shall, if done previously to the Recovery of such Penalty, be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

District Boards, and of Vestries of Parishes in

LV. Any Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of Members of Meany Vestry elected for any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) tropolitan and or (B.) to this Act, or of the Board of Works for any District, may at any Time resign his Office, such Resignation of any Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works to be notified in Schedule(A.)or Writing signed by such Member to the Chairman of such Board, (B.), may resign. and such Resignation of any Vestryman or Member of any such District Board to be notified in Writing signed by such Vestry-

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man or Member to the Churchwardens of the Parish for which he was elected.

LVI. Any Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of any District Board of Works, or of any such Vestry, going out of Office, shall, if qualified, be capable of immediate Re-election.

LVII. No Resolution or other Act of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of the Board of Works for any District, or of any such Vestry, shall be revoked or altered at any subsequent Meeting, unless such subsequent Meeting be specially convened for the Purpose, nor unless such Revocation or Alteration be determined upon by a Majority consisting of Two Thirds of the Members of the Board, or of the Vestrymen present at such subsequent Meeting, if the Number of Members or Vestrymen present at such subsequent Meeting be not greater by One Fifth than the Number present when such Resolution was made or such Act was done, but if the Number of Members or Vestrymen present at such subsequent Meeting be greater by One Fifth than the Number present at such former Meeting, then such Revocation or Alteration may be determined upon by a mere Majority.

LVIII. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works, and the Board of Works for any District, and any such Vestry respectively, to appoint a Committee or Committees for any Purposes which, in the Discretion of the Board or Vestry, would be better regulated and managed by means of such Committee, and at any Meeting to continue, alter, or discontinue such Committee: Provided always, that the Acts of every such Committee shall be submitted to the general Body of the Board or Vestry appointing

such Committee for their Approval.

LIX. Every Committee so appointed may meet from Time to Time, and may adjourn from Place to Place, as they may think proper, for carrying into effect the Purposes of their Appointment; but no Business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Committee unless Three Members of the Committee are present.

LX. Entries of all Proceedings of the Metropolitan Board of Works and every such District Board, and of any such Vestry, with the Names of the Members who attend each Meeting, shall be made in Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose, under the Direction of the Board or Vestry, and shall be signed by the Members present, or any Two of them; and all Entries purporting to be so signed shall be received as Evidence, without Proof of any Meeting of the Board or Vestry having been duly convened or held, or of the Presence at any such Meeting of the Persons named in any such Entry as being present thereat, or of such Persons being Members of the Board or Vestry, or of the Signature of any Person by whom any such Entry purports to be signed, all which Matters shall be presumed until the contrary be proved; and every such Board and Vestry shall provide and keep Books in which shall be entered true and regular Accounts of all Sums of Money received and paid by them or under their Authority, and of all Liabilities incurred by them, and of the several Purposes for which such Sums of Money are received and paid

Retiring Members may be re-elected.

No Resolution of Metropolitan or any District Board, &c. to be revoked at a subsequent Meeting, unless under certain Circumstances.

Committees may be appointed.

Powers of Committees.

Minutes of Proceedings of Metropolitan and District Boards and of Vestries to be entered.

and such Liabilities incurred, and Copies of all Contracts entered into by any such Board or Vestry.

LXI. All such Books shall at all reasonable Times be open to All Books to be the Examination of every Member of the Board and Vestry re- open to Inspec. spectively to which such Books belong, and of every Owner of tion. Property, Churchwarden, Overseer, and Ratepayer within the Metropolis, as regards Books of the said Metropolitan Board, and of every Owner of Property, Churchwarden, Overseer, and Ratepayer within any District or Parish, as regards Books belonging to the District Board or Vestry thereof (as the Case may be), and of every Creditor on the Rates raised under this Act by any such Board or Vestry respectively, without Fee or Reward, and they respectively may take Copies of or Extracts from such Books or any Part thereof, without paying for the same; and in case the Members of the Board or Vestry, or any of them, or any of the Officers or Servants of the Board or Vestry having the Custody of the said Books, being thereunto reasonably requested, refuse to permit or do not permit any such Owner of Property, Churchwarden, Overseer, Ratepayer, or Creditor to examine the same, or take any Copies or Extracts, every such Member, Officer, or Servant so offending shall for every such Offence, upon a summary Conviction thereof before Two Justices, forfeit any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

LXII. The Metropolitan Board of Works, and (subject to the Provisions herein contained) the Board of Works for every District under this Act, and the Vestry of every Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, shall respectively appoint or employ, or continue for the Purposes of this Act, and may remove at pleasure, such Clerks, Treasurers, and Surveyors, and such other Officers and Servants as may be necessary, and may allow to such Clerks, Treasurers, Surveyors, Officers, and Servants respectively such Salaries and Wages as the Board or Vestry may think fit.

LXIII. No Person holding the Office of Treasurer under the Metropolitan Board, or any District Board or any such Vestry, nor his Partner, nor any Person in the Service or Employ of them or either of them, shall hold, be eligible to, or in any Manner assist or officiate in the Office of Clerk; and neither the Person holding the Office of Clerk, nor his Partner, nor any Person in the Service or Employ of them or either of them, shall hold, be eligible to, or in any Manner assist or officiate in the Office of Treasurer; and every Person offending in any of the Cases specified in this Provision shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which may be recovered by any Person, with full Costs of Suit, by Action in any of the Superior Courts of Law.

LXIV. No Officer or Servant of the Metropolitan Board, or of Penalty on any District Board or any such Vestry, shall be in anywise con- Officers, &c. cerned or interested in any Contract or Work made with or executed for such Board or Vestry; and if any such Officer or Servant be so concerned or interested, or, under colour of his Fees. Office or Employment, exact, take, or accept any Fee or Reward whatsoever, other than his proper Salary, Wages, and Allowances, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any

Power to Metropolitan Board, District Boards, and Vestries to appoint Officers.

Clerk and Treasurer not to be the same

being interested in Contracts, or exacting

lawful

Metropolis Local Management.

Office or Employment under such Board or Vestry, and shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, which may be recovered by any Person, with full Costs of Suit, by Action in any of the Superior Courts of Law; provided that no Person, being a Shareholder of any Joint Stock Company, shall be prevented from being employed as an Officer or Servant by reason of any Contract between such Company and such Board or Vestry, or of any Work executed by such Company.

LXV. Before any Officer or Servant as aforesaid enters upon

any Office or Employment under this Act, by reason whereof he

will or may be intrusted with the Custody or Control of Money,

Officers, &c. intrusted with Money to give Security for duly accounting for the same.

If Officer fail to render Account, &c. Justices may commit Offender to Prison.

the Board or Vestry shall require and take from him such Secority for the faithful Execution of such Office or Employment, and for duly accounting for all Monies which may be intrusted to him by reason thereof, as they may think sufficient; and every such Officer and Servant, as well during his Continuance in Office or Employment as upon his Resignation, Dismissal, or ceasing to hold his Office or Employment, shall respectively, when and in such Manner as shall be required by the Board or Vestry, make out and deliver a true and perfect Account, in Writing signed by him, of all Monies received by him for the Purposes of this Act, and stating how, and to whom, and for what Purpose such Monies have been disposed of, and shall together with such Account deliver the Vouchers or Receipts for all Payments made by him, and pay over to the Treasurer or such Person as the Board or Vestry may appoint all Monies owing by him; and if any such Officer or Servant fail to render such Account, or to produce and deliver up such of the said Vouchers and Receipts as may be in his Possession or Power, or to pay over any such Monies as aforesaid, or if, for the Space of Five Days after being thereunto required, he fail to deliver up to the Board or Vestry, or to such Person as they may appoint, all Books, Papers, Writings, Property, Effects, Matters, and Things in his Possession or Power belonging to the Board or Vestry, then and in every such Case & Justice shall, on Complaint being made to him in that Behalf, summon the Party charged to appear and answer the Complaint before Two Justices, at a Time and Place to be specified in the Summons; and upon the Appearance of the Party charged, or upon Proof that the Summons was personally served upon him of left at his last known Place of Abode in England, and if it appear to the last-mentioned Justices that he has failed to render any such Account, or to produce and deliver up any such Vouchers or Receipts, or any such Books, Papers, Writings, Property, Effects, Matters, or Things as aforesaid, and that he still fails or refuses so to do, it shall be lawful for them, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit the Offender to Gaol, there to remain, without Bail, until he shall have rendered such Account, and produced and delivered up all such Vouchers, Receipts, Books, Papers, Writings, Property, Effects, Matters, and Things in respect of which the Charge was made; and if it appears that the Party charged has failed to pay over any such Monies as aforesaid, and that he still fails or refuses so to do, it shall be

Power to levy by Distress.

lawful for the last-mentioned Justices, by a like Warrant, to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of his Goods and Chattels, and in default of any sufficient Distress to commit him to Gaol, there to remain, without Bail, for a Period not exceeding Three Months, unless such Monies be sooner paid: Provided always, that if the Complainant, by Deposition on Oath, show to the Satisfaction of any Justice that there is probable Cause for believing that the Party charged intends to abscond, it shall be lawful for such Justice, without previous Summons, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to cause him to be forthwith apprehended; and in such Case the said Party shall, within Twentyfour Hours after Apprehension, be brought before the same or some other Justice, who may order that he be discharged from Custody, if such Justice think that there is no sufficient Ground for Detention, or that he be further detained until he be brought before Two Justices at a Time and Place to be named in the Order, unless Bail to the Satisfaction of the Justice be given for the Appearance of the Party before such Two Justices: Provided also, that no such Proceeding shall be construed to relieve or discharge any Surety of the Offender from any Liability whatsoever.

LXVI. The Metropolitan Board of Works and every such Dis- Metropolitan trict Board and Vestry respectively shall provide and maintain and District such Offices within their respective District or Parish as may be necessary for the Purposes of this Act, and shall take care that their Clerk, or some Person duly authorized by them in that Behalf, attends at their Office daily (Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and Days appointed for any General Fast or Thanksgiving, alone excepted), for the Purpose of receiving Notices and transacting the ordinary Business of the Board or Vestry under

this Act.

Duties and Powers of Vestries and District Boards.

LXVII. Where in the Provisions herein-after contained any Meaning of Expression is used referring to the Vestry of a Parish, such Ex- "Vestry" in pression shall be construed as referring only to the Vestry of a following Pro-Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, unless such Con-

struction be repugnant to the Context.

LXVIII. Upon the Commencement of this Act all Sewers vested Sewers (except in the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers which are situate in Main Sewers) any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act (except such Sewers as are mentioned in Schedule (D.) to this Act), with the Walls, Defences, Banks, Outlets, Sluices, Flaps, Penstocks, Gullies, Grates, Works, and Things thereunto appertaining, and the Materials thereof, with all Rights of Way and Passage used and enjoyed by such Commissioners over or to such Sewers, Works, and Things, and all other Rights concerning or incident to such Sewers, Works, and Things, shall become vested in the Vestry of such Parish; and all Sewers vested in the said Metropolitan Commissioners which are situate within any District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, except as before excepted, with all such Works and Things as aforesaid appertaining thereto, and all Rights of Way and Passage used and enjoyed by such Commissioners over

Boards and Vestries to provide proper Offices, &c.

vested in Vestries and District Boards.

or to such Sewers, Works, and Things, and all other Rights concerning or incident to such Sewers, Works, and Things, shall become vested in the Board of Works for such District; and all Sewers made and to be made within any such Parish or District, except Sewers and Works vested or to be vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works, as herein-after mentioned, shall be vested in such Vestry and Board respectively.

Vestries and District Boards to repair, &c. all Sewers vested in them, and from Time to Time to construct new ones, &c.

LXIX. The Vestry of every Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, and the Board of Works for every District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, shall (subject to the Powers by this Act vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works) from Time to Time repair and maintain the Sewers under this Act vested in them, or such of them as shall not be discontinued, closed up, or destroyed under the Powers herein contained, and shall cause to be made, repaired, and maintained such Sewers and Works, or such Diversions or Alterations of Sewers and Works, as may be necessary for effectually draining their Parish or District, and shall cause all Banks, Wharves, Docks, or Defences abutting on or adjoining any River, Stream, Canal, Pond, or Watercourse in such Parish or District to be raised, strengthened, or altered or repaired, where it may be necessary so to do, for effectually draining, or protecting from Floods or Inundation such Parish or District; and it shall be lawful for any such Vestry or District Board to carry any such Sewers or Works through, across, or under any Turnpike Road, or any Street or Place laid out as or intended for a Street, or through or under any Cellar or Vault which may be under the Pavement or Carriageway of any Street, and into, through, or under any Lands whatsoever, making Compensation for any Damage done thereby as herein-after provided; and it shall be lawful for any such Vestry or District Board from Time to Time to enlarge, contract, raise, lower, arch over, or otherwise improve or alter all or any of the Sewers, Watercourses, and Works which shall be from Time to Time vested in them or subject to their Order and Control, and to discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem to have become unnecessary: Provided always, that no new Sewer shall be made without the previous Approval of the Metropolitan Board of Works: Provided also, that the Discontinuance, Closing up, Destruction, or Alteration of any Sewer as aforesaid shall be so done as not to create a Nuisance; and if by reason thereof any Person shall be deprived of the lawful Use of any covered Sewer, it shall be the Duty of the Vestry or District Board to provide some other Sewer or a Drain as effectual for his Use as the Sewer of which he is so deprived: Provided also, that where the Vestry or District Board alter any Sewer, or provide a new Sewer in substitution for a Sewer discontinued, closed up, or destroyed, they may contract or otherwise alter the private Drains communicating with the Sewer so altered, or with the Sewer so discontinued, closed up, or destroyed, or may close up or destroy such private Drains, and provide new Drains in lieu thereof, as the Circumstances of the Sewerage may appear to them to require, but so that in every Case the altered or substituted Drain shall be as effectual for

for the Use of the Person entitled thereto as the Drain previously

LXX. Wherever any Party is, by Prescription, by reason of Tenure, or otherwise, liable by Law to maintain or do any Repairs tries and Dis-Sewers, Banks, Watercourses, or Works in any such Parish or District which the Vestry or District Board judge it necessary to alter or improve, it shall be lawful for them to make such Alterations or Improvements therein as they think proper, and to divide the Expense of such Alterations or Improvements between the Party liable to such Maintenance or Repairs and the Parish, District, or Persons who would have been wholly liable to the Expense of such Alterations or Improvements if no Party had been liable as aforesaid, so as to throw on the Party liable to such Maintenance or Repairs such Part of the Expense of Alterations or Improvements as may be equal to what would be incurred for such Maintenance or Repairs, and to throw on the Parish, District, or Persons aforesaid the Residue of such Expense, and to settle and adjust such Proportions either by some general Regulation or by Order in each particular Case, as they may think proper: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall exempt from Liability to do any Works, or to pay the whole Cost thereof, any Person who, by Prescription, by reason of Tenure, or otherwise by Law, is so liable.

LXXI. Every District Board and Vestry shall, by providing Gullyholes, &c. proper Traps or other Coverings, or by Ventilation, or by such to be trapped. other Ways and Means as shall be practicable for that Purpose, prevent the Effluvia of Sewers from exhaling through Gullyholes, Gratings, or other Openings of Sewers in any of the Streets or other Places within their District or Parish.

LXXII. Every Vestry and District Board shall cause the Sewers vested in them to be constructed, covered, and kept so as not to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied, and for the Purpose of clearing, cleansing, and emptying the same they may construct and place, either above or under Ground, such Reservoirs, Sluices, Engines, and other Works as may be necessary.

LXXIII. If any House or Building, whether built before or after the Commencement of this Act, situate within any such Parish or District, be found not to be drained by a sufficient Drain communicating with some Sewer, and emptying itself into the same, to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or Board of such Parish or District, and if a Sewer of sufficient Size be within One hundred Feet of any Part of such House or Building, on a lower Level into the Comthan such House or Building, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board, at their Discretion, by Notice in Writing, to require the Owner of such House or Building forthwith, or within such reasonable Time as may be appointed by the Vestry or Board, to construct and make from such House or Building into any such Sewer a covered Drain, and such Branches thereto, of such Materials, of such Size, at such Level, and with such Fall as shall be adequate for the Drainage of such House or Building, and its several Floors or Stories, and also of its Areas, Waterclosets,

Power to Vestrict Boards to do Works of Improvement in Sewers, &c., the Expense of which to be divided between the Party liable and the Parish or District.

Le affect

Vestries and District Boards to cause Sewers to be cleansed,

Vestry or District Board in certain Cases may compel Owners, &c. of Houses to construct Drains mon Sewer.

Privies.

Privies, and Offices, (if any,) and for conveying the Soil, Drainage, and Wash therefrom into the said Sewer, and to provide fit and proper paved or impermeable sloped Surfaces for conveying Surface Water thereto, and fit and proper Sinks, and fit and proper syphoned or otherwise trapped Inlets and Outlets for hindering Stench therefrom, and fit and proper Water Supply and Water supplying Pipes, Cisterns, and Apparatus for scouring the same, and for causing the same to convey away the Soil, and fit and proper Sand Traps, expanding Inlets, and other Apparatus for hindering the Entry of improper Substances therein, and all other such fit and proper Works and Arrangements as may appear to the Vestry or Board, or to their Officers, requisite to secure the safe and proper working of the said Drain, and to prevent the same from obstructing or otherwise injuring or impeding the Action of the Sewer to which it leads: and it shall be lawful for the said Vestry or Board to cause the said Works to be inspected while in progress, and from Time to Time during their Execution to order such reasonable Alterations therein, Additions thereto, and Abandonment of Part or Parts thereof, as may to the Vestry or Board or their Officers appear, on the fuller Knowledge afforded by the opening of the Ground, requisite to secure the complete and perfect working of such Works; and if the Owner of such House or Building neglect or refuse, during Twenty-eight Days after the said Notice has been delivered to such Owner, or left at such House or Building, to begin to construct such Drain and other Works aforesaid, or any of them, or thereafter fail to carry them on and complete them with all reasonable Despatch, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board to cause the same to be constructed and made, and to recover the Expenses to be incurred thereby from such Owner in the Manner herein-after provided.

Penalty on Owner, &c. for Neglect.

Provision for combined Drainage of Blocks of Houses.

No House to be built without

Drains constructed to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or District Board.

LXXIV. If it appear to the Vestry or Board of any Parish or District that a Group or Block of contiguous Houses, or of adjacent detached or semi-detached Houses, may be drained and improved more economically or advantageously in combination than separately, and a Sewer of sufficient Size already exist or be about to be constructed within One hundred Feet of any Part of such Group or Block of Houses, whether contiguous, detached, or semidetached, it shall be lawful for such Board or Vestry to order that such Group or Block of Houses be drained and improved, as

herein-before provided, by a combined Operation.

LXXV. It shall not be lawful to erect any House or other Building in any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, or in any District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, or to rebuild any House or Building within any such Parish or District which has been pulled down to or below the Floor commonly called the Ground Floor, or to occupy any House or Building so newly built or rebuilt, unless a Drain and such Branches thereto and other connected Works and Apparatus and Water Supply as herein-before mentioned be constructed and provided to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Vestry of such Parish or Board of Works for such District, of such Materials, of such Size, at such Level, and with such Fall as they may direct, so that the same shall

be available for the Drainage of the lowest Floor of such House or Building, and of its several Floors or Stories, and also of its Areas, Waterclosets, Privies, and Offices (if any), which Drain shall lead from such House or Building, or the intended Site of such House or Building, to such Sewer, already made or intended to be constructed near thereto, as the Vestry or Board shall direct and appoint, or if there be no such Sewer existing or intended to be constructed within One hundred Feet of any Part of the intended Site of such House or Building, then to such covered Cesspool or other Place, not being under any Dwelling House, as the Vestry or Board shall direct; and whenever any House or Building is rebuilt as aforesaid, the Level of the lowest Floor of such House or Building shall be raised sufficiently to allow of the Construction of such a Drain and such Branches thereto and other Works and Apparatus as are herein-before required, and for that Purpose the Levels shall be taken and determined under the Direction of the Vestry or District Board.

LXXVL Before beginning to lay or dig out the Foundation of Notice of Buildany new House or Building within any such Parish or District, or ings to be given to rebuild any House or Building therein, and also before making to the Vestry or any Drain for the Purpose of draining directly or indirectly into before comany Sewer under the Jurisdiction of the Vestry or Board of or for mencing the any such Parish or District, Seven Days Notice in Writing shall same. be given to the Vestry or Board by the Person intending to build or rebuild such House or Building or to make such Drain; and every such Foundation shall be laid at such Level as will permit the Drainage of such House or Building in compliance with this Act, and as the Vestry or Board shall order, and every such Drain shall be made in such Direction, Manner, and Form, and of such Materials and Workmanship, and with such Branches thereto and other connected Works and Apparatus and Water Supply as herein-before mentioned, and as the Vestry or Board shall order, and the making of every such Drain shall be under the Survey and Control of the Vestry or Board; and the Vestry or District Board shall make their Order in relation to the Matters aforesaid, and cause the same to be notified to the Person from whom such Notice was received within Seven Days after the Receipt of such Notice, and in default of such Notice, or if such House, Building, or Drain, or Branches thereto or other connected Works and Apparatus and Water Supply, be begun, erected, made, or provided in any respect contrary to any Order of the Vestry or Board made and notified as aforesaid, or the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board to cause such House or Building to be demolished or altered, and to cause such Drain or Branches thereto and other connected Works and Apparatus and Water Supply to be relaid, amended, or re-made, or, in the event of Omission, added, as the Case may require, and to recover the Expenses thereof from the Owner thereof in the Manner hereinafter provided.

LXXVII. It shall be lawful for any Person, at his own Ex- Power to pense, to make or branch any Drain into any of the Sewers vested branch Drains in the Metropolitan Board of Works or any Vestry or District into Sewers

Board constructed by

Metropolitan Board or any Vestry or District Board under certain Regulations.

Penalty.

Power to Metropolitan Board, &c. to branch private Drains into Sewers, at the Expense of the Party to whom they belong.

Vestry or District Board may agree to make House Drains at the Expense of Owners or Occupiers.

Vestry or Disorder a Contribution towards Construction of Sewers in certain Cases.

Board under this Act, or authorized to be made by them under this Act, such Drain being of such a Size, and of such Conditions. and branched to such Sewer, in such a Manner and Form of Communication in all respects as the Vestry or Board shall direct or appoint; and in case any Person make or branch any Drain into any of the said Sewers so vested in the Vestry or Board, or authorized to be made by them under this Act, of a larger Size, or of different Conditions, or in a different Manner and Form of Communication than shall be directed or appointed by the Vestry or Board, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

LXXVIII. Whenever it is necessary to open any Part of the Pavement or any Street or public Place, for the Purpose of making or branching any private Drain into any of the Sewers or Drains vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works, or any Vestry or District Board under this Act, or authorized to be made by them under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board, in case they think fit so to do, to make so much and such Part of such private Drain, and also to construct so much and such Part of the Work necessary for branching the same into the public Sewers as shall be under or in any Street, and to recover the Expenses incurred thereby from the Owner of the House, Building, or Ground to which such private Drain belongs, in the Manner herein-after provided.

LXXIX. It shall be lawful for any such Vestry or Board to contract and agree with the Owners or Occupiers of any Houses, Buildings, or Ground that any Drains required to be made, altered. or enlarged by such Owners shall be constructed, made, altered, and enlarged by the Vestry or Board; and the Cost Price of making, altering, or enlarging such Drains, as certified by the Surveyor of the Vestry or Board, shall be repaid by the Owner or Occupier so agreeing to the Vestry or Board, and in default of Payment the same may be recovered in the Manner herein-after provided.

LXXX. Where any Sewer in any of the Parishes mentioned in trict Board may either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, into which any Drain shall be made or branched, has been built since the Third Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and before the Commencement of this Act, at the Expense of any Person or Body other than any Commissioners of Sewers, the Vestry or District Board in whom such Sewer is vested may order such Sum as they may deem just, to be paid and contributed by the Owner of the House to which such Drain belongs towards the Expense of the Construction of such Sewer, which Sum shall, on the Receipt thereof by such Vestry or Board, be paid over to the Person or Body aforesaid, and such Vestry or Board may, if they see fit, order and accept Payment of such Sum, with Interest after a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds for the Hundred by the Year, by Instalments within any Period not exceeding Twenty Years.

LXXXI. After the Commencement of this Act it shall not be lawful newly to erect any House, or to rebuild any House pulled down to the Extent aforesaid, within any Parish mentioned in Schedule

erecting or rehailding Houses ut proper

Penalty on

Schedule (A.) to this Act, or any District mentioned in Schedule Waterclosets, (B.) to this Act, without a sufficient Watercloset or Privy and &c. Ashpit furnished with proper Doors and Coverings, and also furnished as regards the Watercloset with suitable Water Supply and Water Supply Apparatus, and with suitable trapped Soilpan and other suitable Works and Arrangements, so far as may be necessary to ensure the efficient Operation thereof; and whosoever shall offend against this Enactment shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and if at any Time it appear to the Power to Vect-Vestry or District Board of such Parish or District that any try, &c. to re-House in any such Parish or District, whether built before or quire Owners. after the Commencement of this Act, is without a sufficient sufficient watercloset or Privy and Ashpit furnished with proper Doors Waterclosets, and Coverings, and with other Apparatus and Works as afore- &c. said, the Vestry or District Board shall, in case the same can be provided without disturbing any Building, give Notice in Writing to the Owner or Occupier of such House, requiring him forthwith, or within such reasonable Time as shall be specified in such Notice, to provide a sufficient Watercloset or Privy and Ashpit so furnished as aforesaid, or either of them, as the Case may require; If Owners fail, and if such Notice be not complied with, it shall be lawful for the Vestry, &c. to Vestry or District Board to cause to be constructed a sufficient cause the Work Watercloset or Privy and Ashpit, or either of them, or do such their Expense. other Works as the Case may require, and to recover the Expenses incurred by them in so doing from the Owner of such House in manner herein-after provided: Provided always, that where a Watercloset or Privy has been and is used in common by the Inmates of Two or more Houses, or if in the Opinion of the Vestry or District Board a Watercloset or Privy may be so used, they need not require the same to be provided for each House.

LXXXII. It shall be lawful for any such Vestry or Board, or Power for Vesfor their Surveyor or Inspector, or such other Person as they tries and Disappoint, to inspect any Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or trick Boards to Water Supply Apparatus, or Sinks, Traps, Syphons, Pipes, or authorize Inother Works or Apparatus connected therewith, within the Parish Drains, Privies, or District of such Vestry or Board, and for that Purpose, at all and Cesspools. reasonable Times in the Daytime, after Twenty-four Hours Notice in Writing has been given to the Occupier of the Premises to which such Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or Water Supply Apparatus, or other connected Works or Apparatus as aforesaid, is attached, or left upon the Premises, or in case of Emergency without Notice, to enter, by themselves or their Surveyor or Inspector and Workmen, upon any Premises, and cause the Ground to be opened in any Place they think fit, doing as little Damage as may be.

spection of

LXXXIII. In case any Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or Penalty on Per-Water Supply, or Water Supply Apparatus, or other connected sons improperly Works or Apparatus, herein-before mentioned, be found, on Inspection, not to have been made or provided according to the Directions or Regulations of the Vestry or District Board, or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, or in case any Person, without 18 & 19 Vict. Qq

altering Drains.

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without the Consent of the Vestry or District Board, construct, rebuild, or unstop any Sewer, Drain, Watercloset, Privy, or Cesspool, which may have been ordered by them not to be made, or to be demolished or stopped up, or in case any Person discontinue any Water Supply, or destroy any connected Works or Apparatus as aforesaid, or in case any Person, without the Consent of the Vestry or District Board, break into any Sewer vested in such Vestry or Board, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Person so making any Sewer, Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or other Works or Apparatus as aforesaid, contrary to the Directions or Regulations of the Vestry or Board, or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, or, without such Consent as aforesaid, constructing, rebuilding, or unstopping any Sewer, Drain, Watercloset, Privy, or Cesspool which may have been ordered to be demolished or stopped up, or discontinuing any Water Supply or destroying any connected Works or Apparatus as aforesaid, or breaking into any such Sewer as aforesaid, do not, within Fourteen Days after Notice in Writing by the Vestry or Board, cause such Sewer, Drain, Watercloset, Privy, or Cesspool to be altered or reinstated in conformity with the Directions of the Vestry or Board, or, as the Case may be, to be demolished or stopped up, or such Water Supply to be renewed, or such connected Works or Apparatus to be restored, then and in every such Case the Vestry or Board may cause the Work to be done, and the Expenses thereof shall be paid by the Person who has so offended.

Where no Default found Expenses to be paid by Vestry or Board.

LXXXIV. If such Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or Water Supply, or Water Supply Apparatus, or other connected Works and Apparatus, be found, on Inspection as aforesaid, to be made to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or Board, and in proper Order and Condition, they shall cause the same to be reinstated and made good as soon as may be, and the Expenses of Examination, reinstating, and making good such Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or other Works or Apparatus as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by the Vestry or Board, and full Compensation shall be made by them for all Damages or Injuries done or occasioned by the Examination of any such Drain, Watercloset, Privy, Cesspool, or other Works or Apparatus as aforesaid.

Vestry or District Board to cause Drains, &c. to be put into proper Condition, &c. where necessary.

LXXXV. If, upon such Inspection as aforesaid, any Drain, Watercloset, Privy, or Cesspool appear to be in bad Order and Condition, or to require cleansing, Alteration, or Amendment, or to be filled up, the Vestry or Board shall cause Notice in Writing to be given to the Owner or Occupier of the Premises upon or in respect of which the Inspection was made, requiring him forthwith, or within such reasonable Time as shall be specified in such Notice, to do the necessary Works; and if such Notice be more complied with by the Person to whom it is given, the Vestry or Board may, if they think fit, execute such Works, and the Expenses incurred by them in so doing shall be paid to them by the Owner or Occupier of the Premises.

Vestry and
District Board
cause offen-

LXXXVI. Every Vestry and District Board shall drain, cleanse, cover, or fill up, or cause to be drained, cleansed, covered, or filled

up.

up, all Ponds, Pools, open Ditches, Sewers, Drains, and Places sive Ditches, containing or used for the Collection of any Drainage, Filth, be cleansed or Water, Matter, or Thing of an offensive Nature, or likely to be covered. prejudicial to Health, which may be situate in their Parish or District; and they shall cause written Notice to be given to the Person causing any such Nuisance, or to the Owner or Occupier of any Premises whereon the same exists, requiring him, within a Time to be specified in such Notice, to drain, cleanse, cover, or fill up such Pond. Pool. Ditch, Sewer, Drain, or Place, or to construct a proper Sewer or Drain for the Discharge of such Filth, Water, Matter, or Thing, or to do such other Works as the Case may require; and if the Person to whom such Notice is given fail to comply therewith, the Vestry or Board shall execute such Works as may be necessary for the Abatement of such Nuisance, and may recover the Expenses thereby incurred from the Owner of the Premises in manner herein-after mentioned Provided siways, that it shall be lawful for such Vestry or Board, where they think it reasonable, to defray all or any Portion of such Expenses, as Expenses of Sewerage are to be defrayed under this Act: Provided also, that where any Work by any Vestry or Wlere District Board done or required to be done in pursuance of the interfere with Provisions of this Act interferes with or prejudicially affects any ang ancient manient Mill, or any Right connected therewith, or other Right pensation to be to the Use of Water, full Compensation shall be made to all made, or Rights Persons sustaining Damage thereby, in manner herein-after pro- therein purvided, or it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board, if they think chased. fit, to contract for the Purchase of such Mill, or any such Right connected therewith, or other Right to the Use of Water; and the Provisions of this Act with respect to the Purchases by the Vestry or Board herein-after authorized shall be applicable to every such Purchase as aforesaid.

LXXXVII. It shall be lawful for any Vestry or District Board, Power to Veswhere they think fit, to cause the Ditches at the Sides of or across tries and Dispublic Roads and Byeways and public Footways to be filled up, trict Boards to and to substitute Pipe or other Drains alongside or across such by the Side of Roads and Ways, with appropriate Shoots and Means of convey- Roads, and subing Water from such Roads and Ways thereinto, and from Time stitute Pipes. to Time to repair and amend the same; and the Surface of Land gained by filling up such Ditches may, if the Vestry or Board so think fit and direct, be thrown into such Roads and Ways, and be repairable as Part thereof, and be under the Control of the Surveyors of the Highways, or other Person in charge of such Roads, Byeways, or Footways.

LXXXVIII. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Power to Ves-Board to provide and maintain Urinals, Waterclosets, Privies, and tries and Dislike Conveniences, in Situations where they deem such Accommo- trict Boards to dation to be required, and to supply the same with Water, and to Conveniences. defray the Expense thereof, and any Damage occasioned to any Person by the Erection thereof, and the Expense of keeping the same in good Order, as Expenses of Sewerage are to be defrayed under this Act.

Vestries and District Boards may transfer their Powers as to Sewerage to the Metropolitan Board of Works.

LXXXIX. If any Vestry or District Board desire to transfer to the Metropolitan Board of Works the Powers and Duties vested in such Vestry or District Board in relation to Sewerage and Drainage, and a Resolution for so transferring such Powers and Duties be passed by a Majority at a Meeting of such Vestry or District Board, specially convened for the Purpose of considering the Question of such Transfer, of which not less than Fourteen Days Notice shall have been given, and at which there shall be present not less than Two Thirds of the whole Number of such Vestry or Board, then such Powers and Duties, and all Sewers and Property vested in such Vestry or Board under this Act, for the Purposes of or in connexion with such Powers and Duties, shall, at the Expiration of One Month after Notice from such Vestry or Board shall have been given under their Seal to the said Metropolitan Board of such Resolution having been passed as aforesaid, become vested in the said Metropolitan Board, and the Provisions of this Act for defraying Expenses incurred by such Board in the Execution of this Act shall extend to Expenses incurred by them in the Execution of the Powers and Duties so transferred to them.

All Powers relating to paving, &c. to be vested in Vestries and in District Boards.

XC. All the Duties, Powers, and Authorities for or in relation to the paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, or improving of any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, or any Part of such Parish, now vested in any Commissioners, or in any Body other than the Vestry of such Parish, or in any Officer of any Commissioners or other Body, and all other Duties, Powers, and Authorities in anywise relating to the Regulation, Government, or Concerns of any such Parish or Part, or of the Inhabitants thereof, (except such Duties, Powers, and Authorities as relate to the Affairs of the Church, or the Management or Relief of the Poor, or the Administration of any Money or other Property applicable to the Relief of the Poor, so far as such Duties, Powers, and Authorities relate thereto,) now vested under any Local Act of Parliament in any Commissioners, or in any Body other than the Vestry of such Parish, or in any such Officer, shall cease to be so vested, and shall, save as herein otherwise provided, become vested in and be performed and exercised by the Vestry of such Parish under this Act; and all the Duties, Powers, and Authorities for or in relation to the paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, or improving of any Parish included in any District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, or any Part of such Parish, now vested in any Commissioners, Vestry, or other Body, or in any Officer of any Commissioners or other Body, and all other Duties, Powers, and Authorities in anywise relating to the Regulation, Government, or Concerns of any such Parish, or Part, or of the Inhabitants thereof (except such Duties, Powers, and Authorities as relate to the Affairs of the Church, or the Management or Relief of the Poor, or the Administration of any Money or other Property applicable to the Relief of the Poor, so far as such Duties Powers, and Authorities relate thereto), now vested under any Local Act of Parliament in any Commissioners, Vestry, or other Body, or in any such Officer, shall cease to be so vested, and shall,

save as herein otherwise provided, become vested in and be performed and exercised by the Board of Works for such District; and the Provisions of every such Act of Parliament as aforesaid shall be applicable to the Vestry of every Parish mentioned in the said Schedule (A.) and to every such District Board accordingly, and the Offices of all Commissioners and Persons whose Powers are determined by this Act shall cease and be determined, and there shall be no new Appointment or Election to any such Office.

XCI. Provided always, That, save as regards the Appointment Saving as to of Auditors, nothing in this Act shall divest the Vestry of any Baths and Parish, or any Commissioners or Burial Board appointed by any Washhouses, Vestry, of any Powers or Property vested in them respectively under the Provisions of the Act of the Session holden in the kets, and Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-four, or Charitable any Act amending the same, or under the Provisions of the Act Trusts Acts. of the Session holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-five, or any Act amending the same, or in anywise affect the Provisions of any of the said Acts; and nothing in this Act shall extend to or affect any Rights, Privileges, Powers, or Authorities vested in any Persons in reference to any Market, or any Powers or Rights for or in relation to the Administration of any Charitable Trusts, save that any Powers or Rights in relation to any such Trusts vested or which would have become vested in the existing Vestry of any Parish shall be vested in the Vestry of such Parish as constituted by this Act.

XCII. Provided also, That all Expenses of paving, lighting, Expenses in watering, cleansing, or improving any Parish or any Part of any curred under Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, and all other Expenses in relation to the Regulation, Government, or public Concerns of any such Parish or Part, or of the deemed Ex-Inhabitants thereof, except only Expenses incurred in relation to penses incurred the Affairs of the Church, or for the Management or Relief of the under this Act. Poor, and other Expenses by Law payable out of any Poor Rate, which are not herein provided for, shall be deemed Expenses incurred in the Execution of this Act, and shall be defrayed accord-

ingly.

XCIII. All Property, Matters, and Things whatsoever vested As to the in such Commissioners or other Body, or in any such Officer as Transfer of aforesaid, under any such Act, in connexion with any such Duties Property. or Powers as aforesaid, hereby transferred to the Vestry of any Parish or the Board of Works for any District, shall upon the Commencement of this Act be vested in such Vestry or Board; and where any such Property, Matters, or Things are vested in any such Commissioners or Body, or Officer, acting for Parts extending beyond such Parish or District, the Metropolitan Board of Works shall by their Order declare in what Vestry or District Board they shall be vested, and may, if they see fit, apportion the same between the Vestries and District Boards within whose respective Districts and Parishes such Parts may be situate, and the same shall be vested accordingly; and any Money in the Possession of any such Commissioners or other Body, or any such Officer,

existing Powers relating to pav-

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which becomes vested in any such Vestry or Board under this Enactment, and the Income of any other such Property, until sold or disposed of, shall be applicable, as nearly as may be, for the like Purposes as if this Act had not been passed.

Existing Contracts, &c. to remain valid.

XCIV. Provided always, That all Contracts, Agreements, Bonds, Covenants, or Securities made or entered into with or in favour of or by such Commissioners or Body, or any Person in their Behalf, or any such Officer as aforesaid, before the Commencement of this Act, shall remain as valid and effectual and be proceeded on and enforced as if this Act had not been passed; and no Action, Suit, Prosecution, or Proceeding commenced or carried on by or against such Commissioners or Body, or any of them respectively, shall abate or be discontinued, or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect as if this Act had not been passed; and all Monies coming to such Commissioners or Body, under any such Contract, Agreement, Bond, Covenant, Security, Action, Suit, or Proceeding, and which would have been applicable by them, if this Act had not been passed, for the Purposes of any of the Duties or Powers hereby transferred to any Vestry or District Board, shall be paid over to such Vestry or Board, or as they may direct, and be applied for the like Purposes; and all Monies and Liabilities which such Commissioners or Body, or Officer, would have been liable to pay or discharge, under any such Contract, Agreement, Bond, Covenant, Security, Action, Suit, or Proceeding, out of any Rates to be levied under any such Powers as aforesaid, if this Act had not been passed, and all Costs, Damages, and Expenses which such Commissioners or Body, or any of them respectively, might, if this Act had not been passed, have legally defrayed out of any such Rates, shall be paid out of Rates to be levied by such Vestry or Board as herein-after provided.

XCV. Where, under the Provisions of any Local Act in relation to the paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, or improving of any Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, or any Part of any such Parish, any Election or Appointment of any Commissioners or Persons whose Powers are determined by this Act is appointed to take place at any Time between the Time of the passing of this Act and the Time appointed for the Commencement thereof, the Commissioners or Persons now acting under such Local Act shall remain in Office, and perform and exercise all the Duties, Powers, and Authorities of such Act, until the Commencement of this Act, anything in such Local Act

to the contrary notwithstanding.

Powers and Duties of Surveyors of Highways, and Property vested in them, transferred to Vestries and District Boards.

Existing Commissioners, &c.

Acts continued

in Office until

Commence-

ment of this Act.

under Local

XCVI. Every Vestry and District Board shall, within their Parish or District (exclusively of any other Persons whatsoever), execute the Office of and be Surveyor of Highways, and have all such Powers, Authorities, and Dutics, and be subject to all such Liabilities, as any Surveyor of Highways in England is now or may hereafter be invested with or liable to by virtue of his Office, under the Laws for the Time being in force, so far as such Powers, Authorities, Duties, and Liabilities are not inconsistent with this Act; but all Expenses which under any such Law ought to be defrayed by Highway Rates shall be defrayed by means of the

Rates to be raised under this Act, and all Monies which would be applicable in aid of such Highway Rates shall be applied in aid of the said Rates to be raised under this Act, and no such Vestry or Board shall be subject to any Provisious concerning the Accounts of Surveyors of Highways, or requiring any Returns to be made to any Special Sessions; and all Streets being Highways, and the Pavements, Stones, and other Materials thereof, and all other Things provided for the Purposes thereof by any Surveyor of Highways, or by any Person serving the Office of Surveyor of Highways, or by any Vestry or District Board under this Act. shall vest in and be under the Management and Control of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such Highways are situate.

XCVII. Provided always, That all Rates made previously to Provision as to the Commencement of this Act for defraying the Expenses of Rates already executing any Duties, Powers, and Authorities hereby transferred to any Vestry or District Board, and all Highway Rates made previously to such Commencement, or so much of such respective dule (A.) Rates as may not have been levied and paid, shall be levied and collected as if this Act had not been passed, and, subject to the Payment or Retainer thereout of any Sum or Expenses lawfully payable out of such respective Rates, shall, where such Rates are levied in a Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, be accounted for and paid over to the Vestry of such Parish, and shall, where levied in any other Parish, be accounted for and paid over to the Board of Works for the District in which such Parish is comprised, and shall in every Case be applied in aid of the Rates to be raised for the like Purposes under this Act in the particular Parish or Part in which the said Rates so made previously to the Commencement of this Act are levied.

XCVIII. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Board Vestry or Disfrom Time to Time to cause all or any of the Streets within their trict Board to Parish or District, or any Part thereof respectively, to be paved or repaired when and as often and in such Form and Manner and with such Materials as such Vestry or Board think fit, and to cause the Ground or Soil thereof to be raised or lowered, and the Course of the Channels running in, into, or through the same to be turned or altered, in such Manner as they think proper, and to alter the Position of any Mains or Pipes in or under such Street, such Alteration to be made subject to the Approval of the Engineer of the Company to which such Mains or Pipes belong.

XCIX. Provided always, That whenever the Freehold of any Owners posses-Court, Passage, or public Place, not being a Thoroughfare, is sing Freehold vested in the Owner of any adjoining House, the paving of such of Courts, &c. Court, Passage, or public Place shall be done by such Owner, if deemed expedient or necessary by the Vestry or District

C. The Owner of any such Court, Passage, or public Place, Owner of not being a Thoroughfare, shall, if required by the Vestry or Courts to drain District Board of the Parish or District in which the same is them, and keep situate, to the Satisfaction of such Vestry or District Board, suffi- &c. in repair. ciently pave, cover the Surface of, or repair the same, and lay, at

made in Parishes mentioned in Sche-

cause Streets to be paved.

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a proper Level, through, over, under, or along such Part thereof as such Vestry or Board may require, a Drain, Channel, or Gutter, and keep such Pavement or Covering, and Drain, Channel, or Gutter, in good Repair, to the Satisfaction of such Vestry or Board; and if any such Owner of any Court, Passage, or public Place, not being a Thoroughfare, do not sufficiently pave or cover the same as aforesaid, or do not lay down therein such Drain, Channel, or Gutter, or do not repair the same respectively, to the Satisfaction of such Vestry or Board, within Fourteen Days after Notice in Writing requiring him so to do, has been given to him by such Vestry or Board, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Vaults and Cellars under Streets not to be made without the Consent of the Vestry or Board.

CI. No Vault, Arch, or Cellar shall be made under any Street without the Consent of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which the same is situate; and all such Vaults, Arches, and Cellars hereafter to be made within any Parish or District mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act shall be substantially made, and so as not to interfere or communicate with any Drain or Sewer under the Control of any Vestry or District Board, or of the Metropolitan Board of Works, without their Consents respectively first obtained; and if any Vault, Arch, or Cellar be made contrary to this Provision, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board, or for the Metropolitan Board of Works, to fill up or alter the same, and the Expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the Owner of such Vault, Arch, or Cellar.

Vaults, &c. be repaired by Owners or Occupiers.

CII. All Vaults, Arches, and Cellars made either before or after under Streets to the Commencement of this Act under any Street in any Parish or District mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, and all Openings into the same in any such Street, shall be repaired and kept in proper ()rder by the Owners or Occupiers of the Houses or Buildings to which the same respectively belong; and in case any such Vault, Arch, or Cellar be at any Time out of repair, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board of such Parish or District to cause the same to be repaired and put into good Order, and to recover the Expenses thereof from such Owner in the Manner herein-after provided.

Provisions as to the Occupation of underground Rooms as Dwellings.

CIII. Any Room of a House, the Surface of the Floor of which Room is more than Three Feet below the Surface of the Footway of the adjoining Street, and any Cellar, where such Room or Cellar is or has been occupied separately as a Dwelling at or before the Time of the passing of this Act, may continue to be so let or occupied if it possess the following Requisites; that is to say,

If there be an Area not less than Three Feet wide, in every Part from Six Inches below the Floor of such Room or Cellar to the Surface or Level of the Ground adjoining to the Front Back, or external Side thereof, and extending the full Length

of such Side;

If such Area, to the Extent of at least Five Feet long and Two Feet Six Inches wide, be in front of the Window of such Room or Cellar, and be open or covered only with open Iron Gratings:

If there be in every such Room or Cellar an open Fireplace,

with proper Flue therefrom;

If there be a Window Opening of at least Nine Superficial Feet in Area, which Window Opening must be fitted with a Frame filled in with glazed Sashes, of which at the least Four and a Half Superficial Feet must be made to open for Ventilation:

And no such Room nor any Cellar not so let or occupied as aforesaid at or before the Time of the passing of this Act shall be so let or occupied unless it possess the following Requisites: that is to say,

Unless the same be in every Part thereof at least Seven Feet in Height, measured from the Floor to the Ceiling thereof;

Unless the same be at least One Foot of its Height above the Surface of the Footway of the Street adjoining or nearest to the same:

Unless there be outside of and adjoining the same Room or Cellar, and extending along the entire Frontage thereof and upwards, from Six Inches below the Level of the Floor thereof up to the Surface of the said Footway, an open Area at least Three Feet wide in every Part;

Unless the same be effectually drained and secured against the

Rise of Effluvia from any Sewer or Drain;

Unless there be appurtenant to such Room or Cellar the Use of a Watercloset or Privy and an Ashpit furnished with proper Doors and Coverings kept and provided according to the Provisions of this Act:

Unless the same have a Fireplace with a proper Chimney or

Unless the same have an external glazed Window of at least Nine Superficial Feet in Area clear of the Frame, and made to open in such Manner as is approved by the Surveyor of

the Metropolitan Board of Works:

Provided always, that in any Area adjoining a Room or Cellar there may be placed Steps necessary for Access to such Room or Cellar, and over or across any such Area there may be Steps necessary for Access to any Building above the Room or Cellar to which such Area adjoins, if the Steps in such respective Cases be so placed as not to be over or across any such external Window:

And whosoever lets, occupies, or continues to let, or knowingly suffers to be occupied, any Room or Cellar contrary to this Act, shall be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Shillings for every Day during which the same continues to be so let or occupied; and every Room or Cellar in which any Person passes the Night shall be deemed to be occupied as a Dwelling within the Meaning of this Act; and every District Surveyor acting under the Act of the Session holden in the Seventh and Eighth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four, or under any Act repealing or amending the same, shall, without any Fee or Reward, report periodically, and otherwise, as the said Metropolitan Board may order, to such Board, all Cases in which Rooms or Cellars are occupied contrary to this Enactment in the District

District of such Surveyor, and also to the respective Vestries and District Boards, all such Cases occurring within such Parts of his District as may be within their respective Parishes and Districts; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to disable other Persons from enforcing this Enactment, and taking Proceedings for Penaltics thereunder.

Power to District Surveyors to enter underground Rooms and Cellars. If Admission refused, Justice may issue an Order.

CIV. For the Purpose of enforcing the Enactment lastly hereinbefore contained, it shall be lawful for any such District Surveyor, or for any other Person, having reasonable Grounds for believing that any Room or Cellar is occupied contrary to such Enactment, to demand Admission to inspect the same at any Time between Nine o'Clock in the Morning and Six o'Clock in the Evening; and if Admission be not granted, any Justice having Jurisdiction in the Place where such Room or Cellar is situate may, on Oath before him, of Belief that such Room or Cellar is occupied contrary to the said Enactment, by Order under his Hand, authorize such District Surveyor or other Person to enter into and inspect such Room or Cellar between the Hours aforesaid.

Provisions for paving new Streets.

CV. In case the Owners of the Houses forming the greater Part of any new Street laid out or made, or hereafter to be laid out or made, which is not paved to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such Street is situate, be desirous of having the same paved, as herein-siter mentioned, or if such Vestry or Board deem it necessary or expedient that the same should be so paved, then and in either of such Cases, such Vestry or Board shall well and sufficiently pave the same, either throughout the whole Breadth of the Carriageway and Footpaths thereof, or any Part of such Breadth, and from Time to Time keep such Pavement in good and sufficient Repair; and the Owners of the Houses forming such Street shall, on Demand, pay to such Vestry or Board the Amount of the estimated Expenses of providing and laying such Pavement (such Amount to be determined by the Surveyor, for the Time being, of the Vestry or Board); and in case such estimated Expenses exceed the actual Expenses of such paving, then the Difference between such estimated Expenses and such actual Expenses shall be repaid by the said Vestry or Board to the Owners of Houses by whom the said Sum of Money has been paid; and in case the said estimated Expenses be less than the actual Expenses of such paving then the Owners of the said Houses shall, on Demand, pay to the said Vestry or Board such further Sum of Money as, together with the Sum already paid, amounts to such actual Expenses.

Notice of Intention to repair any Street, not being a Highway.

Proviso.

CVI. The Vestry or District Board of any Parish or District may, if they think fit, by Notice in Writing put up in any Parish of any Street in their Parish or District, not being a Highway declare their Intention of repairing the same under this Act, and thereupon the same shall be from Time to Time repaired by their under the Authority of this Act: Provided always, that no Streshall be repaired as last aforesaid, unless such Notice in Writing be also given to all Persons interested in such Street, or if within One Month after Notice in Writing has been put up or given as last aforesaid, any Person interested in such Street, or the Person representing

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representing, or entitled to represent any Person interested as aforesaid, by Notice in Writing to the Vestry or Board, object thereto.

CVIL Nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to Act not to extend to authorize the taking down or removing any Bar, Gate, authorize the Rail, or other Fence fixed for preventing any Thoroughfare into Thoroughfare or from any Square, Street, or Way, without the Consent of the without Con-Proprietor of the Estate or Property upon which such Bar, Gate, sent. Rail, or other Fence, Square, Street, or Way shall be situate.

CVIII. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Board Vestries and from Time to Time to place any Posts, Fences, and Rails on the District Boards Sides of any Footways or Carriageways in their Parish or District, may place Fences, &c. to for the Purposes of Safety, and to prevent any Carriage or Cattle Footways. from going on the same, and also to place any Posts or other Erections in any Carriageways so as to make the Crossings thereof less dangerous for Foot Passengers, and also from Time to Time to repair and renew any such Posts, Rails, or Fences, or to remove the same, or any other Obstruction or Encroachment on any Carriageway or Footway.

the Control and Management of the Vestry or District Board of panies to Vesany Parish or District, for the Purpose of making and laying trict Boards down any Main of Pipes or for any other Purpose whatsoever, when Paveexcept in Cases of Emergency arising from Defects in Pipes or ment, &c. is other Works, without having previously given Three clear Days required to be Notice in Writing to such Vestry or District Board, stating in taken up. such Notice the Name of the Street and the particular Part thereof in which such Pavement, Surface, or Soil is intended to be broken LEP or opened, the Day on which the Work is proposed to be comrmenced, and the Time within which it will be completed; and in a ny such Case of Emergency as aforesaid such Company or Person s hall, within Twelve Hours after they or he begin to break up or pen such Pavement, Surface, or Soil as aforesaid, give such Notice as aforesaid to the said Vestry or District Board; and no such Pavenment, Soil, or Surface shall be broken up or opened for the Purp se of laying down any new Main of Pipes for the Conveyance of Water during any Part of the Months of December, January, and February, without the Consent of the said Vestry or District Board; and no Gaslight Company shall at any Time break up or open any such Pavement, Surface, or Soil for the Purpose of laying down any new Mains of Pipes, without the Consent in Writing of the said Vestry or District Board; and every Company or Person offending against this Enactment shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and shall,

within Twenty-four Hours after Notice in Writing from the Vestry

or District Board, cause such Mains of Pipes to be taken up and removed, and the Pavement, Surface, or Soil to be reinstated and put into its former State: Provided always, that any Gaslight Com-

pany may break up or open any such Pavement, Surface, or Soil,

for the Purpose of laying down and attaching to Mains and Pipes already existing, any new Service Pipes, on giving to the said

CIX. No Company or Person shall break up or open the Pave- Notice to be ment, Surface, or Soil of any Street, the Paving whereof is under given by Com-

Vestry

Vestry or District Board, Three Days at the least before so doing, Notice of their Intention to break up or open such Pavement, Surface, or Soil for such Purpose.

Streets not to be broken up, except under the Superintendence of Vestry or Board.

Streets broken up to be reinstated without Delay.

Penalty on Persons taking up Pavements neglecting to reinstate them. and to place Lights during the Nighttime to prevent Accidents.

Vestry or District Board to direct Pavements injured by Water or Gas Pipes to be repaired by Company.

Penalty for Neglect.

CX. Whenever it is necessary, from any Cause whatever, for any Company or Person to break up or open the Pavement, Surface, or Soil of any Street, such Street, and the Pavement, Surface, and Soil thereof, shall be broken up and opened under the Superintendence of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which the same is situate, and in such Manner, and as regards Gas Companies, at such Time, as they shall direct; and such Company or Person shall with all convenient Speed complete the Work on account of which the same is broken up or opened, and fill in the Ground, and make good the Pavement or Surface or Soil so broken up or opened, and carry away the Rubbish occasioned thereby, and shall, in the meantime, cause the Place where such Pavement or Surface or Soil is so broken up or opened, to be fenced and guarded, and shall set up and maintain upon or against the Part of the Pavement, Surface, or Soil so broken up or opened a sufficient Light during every Night that such Pavement or Surface or Soil is continued open or broken up.

CXI. If any Company or Person authorized to break up or open any of the Pavement or Surface of any Street, for the Purpose of laying, altering, or repairing any Gas, Water, or other Pipe, or other lawful Cause, do not, with due Diligence, cause the Ground to be filled in, and the Pavement to be reinstated, and the Surface to be made good, in a proper and substantial Manner, or do not, in the meantime, fence and guard the same, and affix and maintain Lights during the Night, near to the Places where any Ground is open, so as to prevent any Accident, every such Company or other Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and also a further Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for every Day during which such Offence continues; and no such Pavement shall be considered to have been reinstated in a proper and substantial Manner by any such Company or other Person, unless the same have been reinstated with the same or similar Materials of the like Quality and Thickness, and cemented and bound together in the same or in an equally substantial Manner, as those of which it was composed, in such Manner as is satisfactory to the Vestry or Board.

CXIL In case any Part of the Pavement of any Street be sunk, broken, injured, or damaged, by reason of the breaking, bursting, or Want of Repair of any Pipe belonging to any Water, Gas, or other Company, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such Pavement is situate, if they deem it expedient so to do, to cause Notice to be given to the Company to whom such Pipe is supposed to belong forthwith well and sufficiently to repair and make good such Pavement; and if the Company to whom such Notice is given do not, within Forty-eight Hours next after such Notice, take up such Pavement, and well and sufficiently repair and amend such Pipe, and cause the Ground to be well and sufficiently filled in and rammed down, and the said Pavement to be relaid and repaired,

repaired, to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or District Board, then such Company so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit

and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

CXIII. Provided always, That in case it be discovered, after Company openany Pavement in any Street has been taken up by any Company, and the Ground opened, that the Pipe beneath the Surface of such Pavement required to be repaired and amended, does not belong discovere belong to to the Company to whom such Notice has been given as afore- another Comsaid, but to some other Company, then such first-mentioned Company, to give pany, to whom such Notice has been so given as aforesaid, shall, Notice to such within Forty-eight Hours after such Discovery, cause a Copy of Company, and such Notice to be in like Manner given to the Company to whom bursed Expensuch Pipe belongs, and require them to obey, conform to, and ses. comply with the original Notice, instead of the Company to whom such original Notice was given as aforesaid; and such other Company to whom such last-mentioned Notice is given as aforesaid, shall reimburse and pay, on Demand, to the first-mentioned Company, the reasonable Costs and Charges incurred in and about the taking up of the Pavement and opening the Ground; and the said last-mentioned Company shall obey, conform to, and comply with the said original Notice, and execute and perform the Work mentioned therein, in such and the same Manner, and within such and the same Time, in all respects, as if the said original Notice had been given to such last-mentioned Company, and they shall be liable to, and shall incur the same Penalties and Forfeitures, on Neglect so to do, as they would have incurred and been liable to if the said original Notice had been given to them in manner before directed with respect to such first-mentioned Company; and if the Company by whom such Pavement has been first taken up, and who have opened the Ground, neglect to give the Notice hereby required to the Company to whom such Pipe actually belongs, such Company so neglecting shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

CXIV. Provided also, That whenever the permanent Surface Power to Vesor Soil of any Street is broken up or opened, it shall be lawful try or District for the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in state Pavement, which the same is situate, in case they think it expedient so to do, and charge the to fill in the Ground, and to make good the Pavement or Surface Expenses to the or Soil so broken up or opened, and to carry away the Rubbish Parties. occasioned thereby, instead of permitting such Work to be done by the Company or Person by whom such Surface or Soil is broken up or opened; and the Expenses of filling in such Ground, and of making good the Pavement or Soil so broken up or opened, shall be repaid, on Demand, to the Vestry or Board by such Com-

pany or Person.

CXV. It shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board of Power for Vesany Parish or District to contract and agree, for any Term of try or District Years or otherwise, with the several Companies or Persons tract for reauthorized to take up any of the Pavements or other formed Surstoring Paveface of any of the Streets within such Parish or District, for the ments. filling in, paving, and restoring of such Parts of the said Streets as may be from Time to Time required to be taken up for the Purpose

ing the Ground to repair a Pipe discovered to

Purpose of laying, altering, or repairing any Pipes or other like Purpose.

As to the watering of Streets.

CXVI. Every Vestry and District Board shall have full Power and Authority to cause all or any of the Streets in their Parish or District to be watered as often as they think fit, and also to cause any Wells to be dug and sunk in such public Places as they think proper, and also to erect and fix any Pumps in any public Places, for the gratuitous Supply of Water to the Inhabitants of the Parish or District.

Vestry or District Board to cause Footways to be cleansed.

CXVII. Every Vestry and District Board shall cause any Footway within their Parish or District to be scraped, swept, or cleansed in such Manner and at such Times as they think fit; but this Enactment shall not relieve any Occupier of any House or Building or any Company whatsoever from any Liability to scrape, sweep, or cleanse, or cause to be scraped, swept, or cleansed, any Part of any such Footway, or from any Penalty for Neglect so to do.

Vestries and District Boards may appoint and pay Crossing Sweepers.

CXVIII. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Board to appoint and pay, or for Two or more Vestries and District Boards to unite, when necessary, in appointing and paying, suitable Persons to cleanse and sweep, and to keep properly cleansed and swept daily, Crossings for Passengers over the Streets and public Thoroughfares within their respective Jurisdictions, and in such Situations as the said Vestries or District Boards may from Time to Time fix and determine, which Persons so appointed shall be distinguished by their Dress or some distinctive Mark as Public Servants.

Owners, &c. to remove future Projections, on Notice from Vestry or District Board.

CXIX. If any Porch, Shed, projecting Window, Step, Cellar Door or Window, or Steps leading into any Cellar or otherwise, Lamp, Lamp Post, Lamp Iron, Sign, Sign Post, Sign Iron, Showboard, Window Shutter, Wall, Gate, Fence, or Opening, or any other Projection or Obstruction placed or made against or in front of any House or Building after the Commencement of this Act, shall be an Annoyance, in consequence of the same projecting into or being made in or endangering or rendering less commodious the Passage along any Street in their Parish or District, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board to give Notice in Writing to the Owner or Occupier of such House or Building to remove such Projection or Obstruction, or to alter the same, in such Manner as the Vestry or Board think fit; and such Owner or Occupier shall within Fourteen Days after the Service of such Notice upon him remove such Projection or Obstruction, or alter the same in the Manner directed by the Vestry or Board; and if the Owner or Occupier of any such House or Building neglect or refuse, within Fourteen Days after such Notice, to remove such Projection or Obstruction, or to alter the same, in the Manner directed by the Vestry or Board, he shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and a further Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for every Day, during which such Projection or Obstruction continues, after the Expiration of such Fourteen Days from the Time when he may be convicted of any Offence contrary to the Provisions hereof.

Penalty for Neglect.

CXX. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Board, Vestry or Disif any Projection or Obstruction which has been placed or made trict Board may against or in front of any House or Building in any such Street, before the Commencement of this Act, shall be an Annoyance as aforesaid, to cause the same to be removed or altered as they pensation for think fit: Provided always, that the Vestry or Board shall give the same. Notice in Writing of such intended Removal or Alteration to the Owner or Occupier against or in front of whose House or Building such Projection or Obstruction shall be, Seven Days before such Removal or Alteration shall be commenced, and shall make reasonable Compensation to every Person who shall incur any Loss or Damage by such Removal, excepting in Cases where the Obstruction or Projection may now be removable under any Act, in which Case no Compensation shall be made.

CXXI. Every Person who shall build or begin to build, or to Hoards to be take down or begin to take down, any House, Building, or Wall, erected during or alter or repair, or begin to alter or repair, the outward Part of Repairs. any House, Building, or Wall, shall, in all Cases in which the Footway is thereby obstructed or rendered inconvenient, cause to be put up a proper and sufficient Hoard or Fence, with a convenient Platform and Handrail, if there be Room enough for the same, to serve as a Footway for Passengers outside of such Hoard or Fence, and shall continue such Hoard or Fence, in such Cases as aforesaid, with such Platform and Handrail, standing and in good Condition, to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such House, Building, or Wall is situate, during such Time as may be necessary for the Public Safety or Convenience, and shall, in all Cases in which the same is necessary to prevent Accidents, cause such Hoard or Fence to be well lighted during the Night; and every such Person who Penalty on fails to put up such Hoard or Fence and such Platform, with not erecting such Handrail as aforesaid, or who does not, whilst the said Hoards. Hoard or Fence is standing, keep the same well lighted during the Night, shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and a further Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Day during the Continuance of such Default.

CXXII. It shall not be lawful for any Person to erect or set No Hoard to be up in any Street any Hoard or Fence or Scaffold for any Purpose erected without whatever, or any Posts, Bars, Rails, Boards, or other Things by way of Inclosure, for the Purpose of making Mortar, or of depositing Bricks, Lime, Rubbish, or other Materials, without a Licence in Writing first had and obtained from the Clerk or Surveyor of the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such Street is situate; and every such Licence shall state the Place where, and the Purpose for which, such Hoard or Fence, Scaffold or Inclosure, is to be set up or made, and the Size thereof, and the Time for which it is to be permitted

to continue.

CXXIII. If any Person erect or set up in any Street any Hoard If Hoard be or Fence or Scaffold for any Purpose whatever, or any Posts, erected or Bars, Rails, Boards, or other Things by way of Inclosure, for the Purpose of making Mortar, or of depositing Bricks, Lime, Rub-

remove existing Projections, and make Com-

Licence from Vestry or District Board.

Materials be deposited in any Manner other-

bish,

wise than to the Satisfaction of the Vestry or District Board, the same may be removed.

bish, or other Materials, without a Licence from the Vestry or District Board, or do any such Act as aforesaid in any other Manner than as permitted by such Licence, or continue the same beyond the Time stated in such Licence, or fail to keep any Hoard, Fence, Platform, or Handrail in good Repair, he shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and a further Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for every Day during the Continuance of such Offence; and it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board to cause such Hoard, Fence, Scaffold, or Inclosure to be pulled down, and the Materials thereof, and also all the Bricks, Mortar, Lime, or other Building Materials, or other Matters or Things contained within any such Inclosure, to be removed, and deposited in such Place as the Vestry or Board may think fit, and to be kept until the Charges of pulling down and removing the same be paid to the Vestry or Board; and in case the same be not claimed and the said Charges paid within the Space of Eight Days next after such Seizure thereof, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board to order the same to be sold, and by and out of the Proceeds of such Sale, to pay such Charges, rendering any Surplus to the Owner or other Person by Law entitled thereto; and in case the Proceeds of such Sale be insufficient to cover such Charges, and the Charges of selling and disposing of such Materials, Matters, and Things, the Deficiency shall be repaid by the Owner of such Materials, Matters, and Things to the Vestry or District Board, on Demand.

Providing against Accidents in laying out new Streets, &c.

CXXIV. Every Person laying out or opening any new Street, or building therein, shall, during the Operations necessary for forming such new Street, or for building therein, take all such Precautions for guarding against Injury to the Passengers along such Street, as may be directed by the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District within which such Operations are being carried on; and if any Person fail to comply with the Directions of such Vestry or District Board, within such Time as may be limited by them, such Vestry or District Board may do whatever may be necessary for carrying the same into effect, and the Expenses thereby incurred shall be repaid to such Vestry or District Board by the Person laying out or opening such new Street, or building therein, as aforesaid, and shall be recoverable by them from such Person in manner provided by this Act.

Vestries and District Boards to appoint Scavengers. CXXV. It shall be lawful for every Vestry and District Board, and they are hereby required to appoint and employ a sufficient Number of Persons, or to contract with any Company or Persons, for the sweeping and cleansing of the several Streets within their Parish or District, and for collecting and removing all Dirt, Ashes, Rubbish, Ice, Snow, and Filth, and for the cleansing out and emptying of Privies and Cesspools, Sewers and Drains, in or under Houses and Places within their Parish or District; and such Company or Persons are herein-after referred to as Scavengers; and such Scavengers, or their Servants, shall, on such Days and at such Hours and in such Manner as the Vestry or District Board shall from Time to Time appoint, sufficiently execute and perform all such Works and Duties as they respectively are employed or con-

tract to execute or perform; and if any such Company or Person fail in any respect properly to execute and perform such Works and Duties such Company or Person shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

CXXVI. Any Occupier of any House or Land or other Person Penalty for obwho refuses or does not permit any Soil, Dirt, Ashes, or Filth to structing Scabe taken away by the Scavengers appointed by, or contracting with any Vestry or Board as aforesaid, or who obstructs the said Scavengers in the Performance of their Duty, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

CXXVII. All Dirt, Dust, Nightsoil, Ashes, and Rubbish col- Refuse collected lected as aforesaid shall be the Property of such Vestry or Board, to be vested in and such Vestry or Board shall have full Power to sell and dispose Vestry or Disof the same for the Purposes of this Act as they shall think proper, and the Person purchasing the same shall have full Power to take, of the same. carry away, and dispose of the same for his own Use, and the Money arising from the Sale thereof shall be applied towards defraying the Expenses of the Execution of this Act, other than the Sewerage Expenses.

CXXVIII. In case any Scavenger be required by the Owner or Owners, &c. to Occupier of any House or Land to remove the Refuse of any pay for Re-Trade, Manufacture, or Business, or of any Building Materials, moval of Refuse of Owner or Occupier shall pay to the Scavenger a reasonable Sum for such Removal, such Sum, in case of Dispute, to be settled by Two Justices.

CXXÍX. If any Dispute or Difference of Opinion arise between Dispute as to the Owner or Occupier of any such House or Land, and the what is Refuse Scavengers required to remove such Refuse, as to what shall be of Trade, &c. considered as Refuse, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices, upon Application made to them by either of the Parties in difference, to determine whether the Subject Matter of Dispute is or is not Refuse of Trade, Manufacture, or Business, or of any Building Materials, and in every such Case the Decision of such Justices shall be final and conclusive.

CXXX. Every Vestry and District Board shall cause the several Vestries and Streets within their Parish or District to be well and sufficiently District Boards lighted, and for that Purpose shall maintain, or set up and main- to cause Streets tain, a sufficient Number of Lamps in every such Street, and shall cause the same to be lighted with Gas or otherwise, and to continue lighted at and during such Times as such Vestry or Board may think fit, necessary, or proper; and all public Lamps, and the Lamp Posts and Lamp Irons and Fittings thereof, to be provided by any Vestry or District Board, shall vest in such Vestry or Board.

CXXXI. Before any Licence for the Use of any Place within No Slaughter-Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to house to be this Act as a Slaughter-house, is granted by any Quarter Sessions of the Peace under the Provisions of the Act of the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter without Notice Sixty-One, (the Metropolitan Market Act, 1851,) One Month's to Vestry or previous Notice of the Intention to apply for such Licence shall be District Board.

vengers in Performance of their Duty.

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licensed under the 14th & 15th Vict. c. 61.

given to the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which such Place is situate, to the Intent that such Vestry or District Board, if they think fit, may show Cause against the Grant of such Licence.

Vestries and District Boards to appoint Medical Officers of Health.

CXXXII. Every Vestry and District Board shall from Time to Time appoint One or more legally qualified Medical Practitioner or Practitioners of Skill and Experience to inspect and report periodically upon the sanitary Condition of their Parish or District, to ascertain the Existence of Diseases, more especially Epidemics. increasing the Rate of Mortality, and to point out the Existence of any Nuisance or other local Causes which are likely to originate and maintain such Diseases, and injuriously affect the Health of the Inhabitants, and to take cognizance of the Fact of the Existence of any contagious or epidemic Diseases, and to point out the most efficacious Mode of checking or preventing the Spread of such Diseases, and also to point out the most efficient Modes for the Ventilation of Churches, Chapels, Schools, Lodging Houses, and other public Edifices within the Parish or District, and to perform any other Duties of a like Nature which may be required of him or them; and such Persons shall be called "Medical Officers of Health;" and it shall be lawful for the Vestry or Board to pay to every such Officer such Salary as they think fit, and also to remove any such Officer at the Pleasure of such Vestry or Board.

Appointment of Inspectors of Nuisances.

CXXXIII. Every Vestry and District Board shall nominate and appoint such Number of Persons to be Inspectors of Nuisance in their Parish or District, as the Vestry or Board may think fit; and the Inspectors of Nuisances shall superintend and enforce the due Execution of all Duties to be performed by the Scavengers employed or contracted with under this Act, and report to the Vestry or District Board the Existence of any Nuisances; and the Vestry or Board shall require every such Inspector to provide and keep a Book in which shall be entered all Complaints made by any Inhabitant of the Parish or District of any Infringement of the Provisions of this Act, or of any Byelaws made thereunder, or of Nuisances; and every such Inspector shall forthwith inquire into the Truth or otherwise of such Complaints, and report upon the same to the Vestry or Board at their next Meeting; and such Report, and the Order of the Vestry or Board thereon, shall be entered in a Book, which shall be kept at their Office, and shall be open, at all reasonable Times, to the Inspection of any Inhabitant of the Parish or District; and it shall be the Duty of such Inspector, subject to the Direction of the Vestry or Board, to make Complaints before any Justices, and take legal Proceedings for the Punishment of any Person for any Offence under this Act or any such Byelaws.

Vestries and District Boards to be the Local Authorities to execute the Nuissness Revoyal Acts. CXXXIV. Every Vestry and District Board under this Act shall execute, within their respective Parish or District, all the Duties and Powers exerciseable under the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Act, 1848, and the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Act, 1849, by any Commissioners or other Body, or any Officers having under any Act Powers of cleansing.

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Metropolis Local Management.

and shall be the Local Authority to execute any Act passed or to be passed in the present Session amending or repealing the said Acts or either of them.

Duties and Powers of Metropolitan Board of Works.

CXXXV. The Sewers mentioned in Schedule (D.) to this Act, Main Sewers being the Main Sewers now vested in the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London and in the Metropolitan Commissioners of Board of Sewers respectively, with the Walls, Defences, Banks, Outlets, Works, and Sluices, Flaps, Penstocks, Gullies, Grates, Works, and Things Power to such thereunto belonging, and the Materials thereof, with all Rights of Board to make Way and Passage used and enjoyed, by such Commissioners respectively, over and to such Sewers, Works, and Things, and all other Rights concerning or incident to such Sewers, Works, and Things, shall be vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works, and such Board shall make such Sewers and Works as they may think necessary for preventing all or any Part of the Sewage within the Metropolis from flowing or passing into the River Thames in or near the Metropolis, and shall cause such Sewers and Works to be completed on or before the Thirty-first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixty; and shall also make all such other Sewers and Works, and such Diversions or Alterations of any existing Sewers or Works vested in them under this Act, as they may from Time to Time think necessary for the effectual Sewerage and Drainage of the Metropolis, and shall discontinue, close up, or destroy such Sewers for the Time being vested in them under this Act, as they may deem unnecessary, and such Board shall from Time to Time repair and maintain the Sewers so vested in them, or such of them as may not be discontinued, closed up, or destroyed as aforesaid; and for the Purposes aforesaid, such Board shall have full Power and Authority to carry any such Sewers or Works through, across, or under any Turnpike Road, or any Street or Place laid. out as, or intended for a Street, as well beyond, as within the Limits of the Metropolis, or through or under any Cellar or Vault under the Carriageway or Pavement of any Street, and into, through, or under any Lands whatsoever within or beyond the said Limits, making Compensation for any Damage done thereby as herein-after provided, and all Sewers and Works from Time to Time made by the said Board shall vest in them; and the said Board shall cause the Sewers vested in them to be constructed, covered, and kept so as not to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied, and for the Purpose of clearing, cleansing, and emptying the same, they may construct and place, either above or under Ground, such Reservoirs, Sluices, Engines, and other Works as may be necessary, and may cause the Sewage and Refuse from such Sewers to be sold or disposed of as they may see fit, but so as not to create a Nuisance, and the Money arising thereby shall be applied towards defraying the Expenses of such Board.

CXXXVI. Before the Metropolitan Board of Works commence Plans, &c. for any Sewers and Works for preventing the Sewage from passing into the Thames as aforesaid, the Plan of the intended Sewers and

vested in the Metropolitan

intercepting Sewage to be submitted to

Works

Commissioners of Works.

Works for the Purpose aforesaid, together with an Estimate of the Cost of carrying the same into execution, shall be submitted by such Board to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and no such Plan shall be carried into effect until the same has been approved by such Commissioners.

Metropolitan Board may declare Sewers to be Main Sewers, and take under their Jurisdiction Sewerage Matters, &c. CXXXVII. In case it appear to the Metropolitan Board of Works that any Sewers in the Metropolis not herein-before vested in such Board ought to be considered Main Sewers, and to be under their Management, it shall be lawful for such Board, by an Order under their Seal, to declare the same to be Main Sewers, and thereupon the same shall vest in and be under the Management of the said Board; and it shall also be lawful for the said Board, by any such Order, to take under their Jurisdiction and Authority any other Matters in relation to Sewerage and to Drainage, with respect to which, Jurisdiction or Authority is by this Act vested in any Vestry or District Board.

Metropolitan
Board to make
Orders for
controlling
Vestries and
District Boards
in Construction
of Sewers, &c.

CXXXVIII. The Metropolitan Board of Works shall from Time to Time, in order to secure the efficient Maintenance of the main and general Sewerage of the Metropolis, make such General or Special Order as to them may seem proper, for the Guidance, Direction, and Control of the Vestries of Parishes and District Boards in the Levels, Construction, Alteration, and Maintenance and cleansing of Sewers in their respective Parishes or Districts, and for securing the proper Connexion and Intercommunication of the Sewers of the several Parishes and Districts, and their Communications with the Main Sewers vested in the said Metropolitan Board, and generally for the Guidance, Direction, and Control of Vestries and District Boards in the Exercise of their Powers and Duties in relation to Sewerage; and all such Orders shall be binding upon such Vestries and Boards.

Metropolitan
Board may direct Appointments to be
made for Two
Parishes or Districts jointly.

CXXXIX. The Metropolitan Board of Works, where it appears to them expedient that any Officer or Set of Officers, necessary for any of the Purposes of this Act, should act for a larger Area than is comprised in One Parish or District, or for Parts of different Parishes or Districts, may, with the Consent of the Vestries or Boards of such Parishes or Districts, direct that such Vestries or Boards shall unite in the Appointment and Removal of such Officer or Set of Officers; and the said Metropolitan Board shall in such Case direct the Mode in which the respective Bodies or Committees thereof shall act together for the Purposes of every such Appointment and Removal, and the Proportions in which the Salary or Salaries of such Officer or Officers shall be borne and paid by every such Parish and District respectively.

Or may place a Street in different Parishes under Management of One Vestry, or Part of a Parish under Management of Vestry of adjoining

CXL. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works, where it appears to them that any Street or Line of Street, being in more than One Parish or District, should be placed under the exclusive Management of One Vestry or District Board for the Purposes of paving, lighting, watering, and cleansing, or any of them, or for the Purposes of Sewerage and Drainage, or for all the Purposes of this Act, to order that the same shall be under the Management of such Vestry or Board accordingly; and it shall also be lawful for the said Metropolitan Board, where it appears

to them that any Part of any Parish or District is so detached or situate that it would be convenient for the Purposes of Sewerage or Drainage that the same should be placed under the Management of the Vestry or District Board of any adjoining Parish or District, to order that such Part shall, for such Purposes, be under

the Management of such Vestry or District Board.

CXLI. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works Metropolitan from Time to Time to cause to be painted or affixed on a con- Board to respicuous Part of some House or Building at or near each End, gulate naming Corner, or Entrance of every Street in the Metropolis the Name numbering of of such Street, and the Board may, where more than One Street Houses. in the Metropolis is called by the same Name, alter the Name of any or all such Streets, except One, to any other Name which to such Board may seem fit, and which may be approved by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and before any Name is given to any new Street, Notice of the intended Name shall be given to the said Board, and if there be any Street in the Metropolis called or about to be called by the same Name, the said Board may, by Notice in Writing, stating that there is already a Street in the Metropolis called or about to be called by the same Name, and describing the Locality thereof, given to the Person by whom Notice of such intended Name was given to them at any Time within Fourteen Days after Receipt of such last-mentioned Notice, object to such intended Name; and it shall not be lawful to set up any Name to any new Street in the Metropolis, until the Expiration of Fourteen Days after Notice thereof has been given as aforesaid to the said Board, or to set up any Name objected to as aforesaid; and the Owners or Occupiers of Houses and Buildings in the several Streets in the Mctropolis shall mark such Houses or Buildings with such Numbers or Names, for the Purpose of distinguishing the same, as the said Board may direct or approve, and shall renew the Numbers or Names of such Houses or Buildings as often as they are obliterated or defaced; and if any Occupier of any such House or Building neglect, for One Week after Notice from the said Board, to mark such House or Building with such Number or Name as the said Board may direct or approve, or to renew the Number or Name thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to a Penalty of not exceeding Forty Shillings, and the said Board may cause such Number or Name to be so marked or renewed, and recover the Expense thereof from the Owner of such House or Building in manner herein-after provided; and if any Person wilfully or maliciously destroy, pull down, obliterate, or deface the Name of any Street in the Metropolis, or the Name or Number of any House or Building in any such Street, or paint, affix, or set up any Name to any Street, or any Name or Number to any House or Building, contrary to this Enactment, he shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and it shall be lawful for the said Board to cause such Name or Number so painted, affixed, or set up contrary to their Directions to be obliterated or destroyed.

CXLII. The said Metropolitan Board shall keep a Register of kept of Alteraall Alterations made by them in the Names of Streets, and such tions in Names

Register of Streets

Rr 8

Register shall be kept in such Form as to show the Date of every such Alteration, and the Name of the Street previous to such Alteration as well as the new Name thereof.

Buildings not in be brought beyond Line of Street.

CXLIII. No Building shall, without the Consent in Writing of the Metropolitan Board of Works, be erected beyond the regular Line of Buildings in the Street in which the same is situate, in case the Distance of such Line of Buildings from the Highway do not exceed Thirty Feet, or within Thirty Feet of the Highway where the Distance of the Line of Buildings therefrom amounts to or exceeds Thirty Feet, notwithstanding there being Gardens or vacant Spaces between the Line of Buildings and the Highway; and in case any Building be erected contrary to this Enactment, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or District Board in whose Parish or District such Building is situate to cause the same to be demolished or set back (as the Case may require), and to recover the Expenses incurred by them from the Owner of the Premises in manner provided by this Act.

Power to Metropolitan Board to make Improvements.

CXLIV. The Metropolitan Board of Works shall have Power to make, widen, or improve any Streets, Roads, or Ways, for facilitating the Passage and Traffic between different Parts of the Metropolis, or to contribute and join with any Persons in any such Improvements as aforesaid, and to take, by Agreement or by Gift, any Land, Rights in Land, or Property, for the Purposes aforesaid (or otherwise) for the Improvement of the Metropolis, on such Terms and Conditions as they may think fit; and such Board, where it appears to them that further Powers are required for the Purpose of any Work for the Improvement of the Metropolis or public Benefit of the Inhabitants thereof, may make Applications to Parliament for that Purpose, and the Expenses of such Application may be defrayed as other Expenses of the said Board: Provided always, that before the Metropolitan Board of Works commence any such Works, the estimated Expense whereof shall exceed Fifty thousand Pounds, the Plan of such Works, together with an Estimate of the Cost of carrying the same into execution, shall be submitted by such Board to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and no such Plan shall be carried into effect until the same has been approved by such Commissioners; and no such Works shall be commenced in Cases where the estimated Expense thereof shall exceed the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, without the previous Sanction of Parliament.

Determination of Metropolitan Commission of Sewers.

Powers of Mcmissioners of Sewers to cease.

11 & 12 Vict. c. 112.

CXLV. From and after the Commencement of this Act, all tropolitan Com- Duties, Powers, and Authorities vested in the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers shall cease to be so vested; and in the meantime, and until such Commencement, the Metropolitan Commission of Sewers, and the Act of the Session holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twelve, and the Acts amending the same, shall continue in force.

CXLVI. No Action, Suit, Prosecution, or other Proceeding Actions. &c. whatsoever, commenced or carried on by or against the said Com- not to abate, missioners, shall abate or be discontinued or prejudicially affected but to continue by the Determination of the Powers of such Commissioners, but shall continue and take effect in favour of or against the Metro- Board of politan Board of Works in the same Manner in all respects as the Works. same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the said Commissioners if this Act had not been passed, and the Powers of the said Commissioners had continued in full Force; and all Decrees and Orders made, and all Fines, Amerciaments, and Penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the Commencement of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative Proceedings commenced previously to the Commencement of this Act shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed, the Metropolitan Board of Works being, in reference to the Matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted in the Place of the said Commissioners.

for or against Metropolitan

CXLVII. All Rates made by the said Commissioners previously Rates made by to the Commencement of this Act, or so much thereof as may not Metropolitan have been levied and paid, shall be levied by and paid to the Commissioners Metropolitan Board of Works, and such Board shall have the same Rights and Remedies in all respects in relation thereto, as would have been had and might have been exercised by the said Commissioners; but all such Rates respectively shall, so far as Circumstances admit, be applied to the same Purposes as the same would have been applicable to, in case the Powers of the said Commissioners had continued in force, and shall for the Purposes of such Application (where the Circumstances so require) be paid over by the Metropolitan Board of Works, or by their Order, to the Vestry or District Board having the Management of the Sewers in any Parish or District under this Act, or as such Vestry or Board may direct.

of Sewers to be recoverable under this Act.

CXLVIII. All Property, Matters, and Things whatsoever vested Property vested in the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, except such Sewers in Metropolitan as are hereby vested in any Vestry or District Board, and except Commissioners such Sewers as are not within the Limits of the Parishes and cept Sewers Places mentioned in the Schedules to this Act, shall be vested in transferred to the Metropolitan Board of Works; and all Persons who then owe Vestries and any Money to the said Commissioners of Sewers, or to any Person DistrictBoards) on behalf of such Commissioners, shall pay the same to the Metropolitan Board of Works, or as they may direct; and all Monies then due and owing by, or recoverable from the said Commissioners shall be paid by, or recoverable from the Metropolitan Board of Works; and all Contracts, Agreements, Bonds, Covenants, and Securities theretofore made or entered into with, or in favour of, or by the said Commissioners, and all Contracts, Agreements, Bonds, Covenants, and Securities made or entered with or in favour of, or by any former or other Commissioners, which, under the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her 11 & 12 Vict. Majesty, were to take effect in favour of, against, and with refer- c. 112. ence to the said Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, and are

transferred to the Metropolitan Board of Works.

now in force, shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as near as Circumstances admit, in favour of, by, against, and with reference to the Metropolitan Board of Works, as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced in favour of, by, against, and with reference to the said Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, if this Act had not been passed, and the Powers of such Commissioners had continued in full Force; and any Retiring Pension or Allowance granted under Section Twenty-seven of the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty shall continue payable on the like Terms by the said Metropolitan Board of Works.

Auxiliary Powers common to the Metropolitan Board of Works and to Vestries and District Boards.

Power to Boards and Vestries to enter into Contracts for carrying Act into execution.

Power to compound for Penalties in respect of Breach of Contracts

Power to Boards and Vestries to purchase Lands. &c. for the Act

CXLIX. The Metropolitan Board of Works, and every District Board and Vestry, may enter into all such Contracts as they may think necessary for carrying this Act into execution; and every such Contract for Works or Materials, whereof the Value or Amount exceeds Ten Pounds, shall be in Writing or Print, or partly in Writing and partly in Print, sealed with the Seal of the Board or Vestry; and every Contract so entered into, and duly executed by the other Parties thereto, shall be binding on the Board or Vestry and their Successors, and upon all other Parties thereto: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any such Board or Vestry to compound with any Contractor or other Person in respect of any Penalty incurred by reason of the Nonperformance of any Contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such Penalty be mentioned in any such Contract, or in any Bond, or otherwise, for such Sum of Money or other Recompence as to the Board or Vestry may seem proper.

CL. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works and every District Board and Vestry to purchase, or to take on Lease for such Term as they may think fit, any Land, or any Right or Easement in or over any Land which they may deem Purposes of this necessary or expedient for the Formation or Protection of any Works which they are authorized to execute under this Act, also any Offices and other Buildings, Yards, Stations, or Places for Deposit of Refuse, Materials, and Things, or any Land for the Erection and Formation of such Offices and other Buildings, Yards, Stations, or Places for Deposit; and also to contract for the Purchase, Removal, or Abatement of any Milldam, Pound, Weir, Bank, Wall, Lock, or other Obstruction to the Flow of Water, whereby Sewerage or Drainage is interrupted or impeded, and for the Purchase of any Land, or any Right or Easement in or over any Land, which it may be necessary or expedient to pur chase to prevent the Obstruction of Sewerage or Drainage; and also to purchase or take on Lease as aforesaid the whole or any Part of any Streams or Springs of Water, or any Rights therein, which it appears to them necessary to acquire and use for the Purposes of cleansing Sewers and Drains, and the other Purposes of this Act, or any Land which is deemed by them advisable to purchase or take on Lease for the Purpose of drawing or obtain-

ing Water from Springs, or by sinking of Wells, and for making and providing Reservoirs, Tanks, Aqueducts, Watercourses, and other Works, or for any other Purpose connected with the Works for obtaining such Supply of Water as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Metropolitan Board, or any District Board or Vestry, to use or permit to be used any such Works for the Purpose of carrying Water by Supply Pipes into any House or Factory for domestic, manufac-

turing, or commercial Purposes.

CLI. For the Purpose of enabling the said Metropolitan Board, Certain Proand every District Board and Vestry, to obtain any Land, or any visions of Right or Easement in or over any Land, which they respectively may require for the Purposes of this Act, "The Lands Clauses with this Act. Consolidation Act, 1845," except the Provisions of that Act with respect to the Recovery of Forfeitures, Penalties, and Costs, shall, subject to the Provisions herein contained, be incorporated with this Act; and the Provisions of the said Act so incorporated with this Act which would be applicable in the Case of a Purchase of any Land shall be applicable in the Case of the Purchase of a Right or Easement in or over any Land; and for the Purposes of this Act the Expression "the Promoters of the Undertaking," wherever used in the said Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, shall mean the Metropolitan Board, or the District Board or Vestry, acting under the Provisions of the said Act and this Act, as the Case may be.

CLII. Provided always, That the Provisions of the said Lands Lands not to be Clauses Consolidation Act "with respect to the Purchase and taken compultaking of Lands otherwise than by Agreement" shall not be in- sorily except by corporated with this Act, save for enabling the Metropolitan Board with Board of Works to take Land, or any Right or Easement in or Consent of over Land, for the Purpose of making any Sewers or Works for Secretary of preventing the Sewage or any Part of the Sewage within the State. Metropolis from passing into the Thames in or near the Metropolis, or otherwise for the Purpose of the Sewerage or Drainage of the Metropolis: Provided also, that no Land, or Right or Easement in or over Land, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be taken compulsorily by the said Board, without the previous Consent in Writing of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of

State.

CLIII. The Metropolitan Board of Works, before applying for Previous Notice the Consent of the Secretary of State for taking Land, or any to be given. Right or Easement in or over Land, compulsorily, as aforesaid, shall publish, once at the least in each of Four consecutive Weeks, in One of the daily Newspapers published in the Metropolis, an Advertisement describing the Nature of the Works in respect of which the Land, Right or Easement, is proposed to be taken, naming a Place where a Plan of the proposed Works is open for Inspection at all reasonable Hours, and stating the Quantity of Land, or the Particulars of the Right or Easement that they require for the Purpose of such Works, and shall serve a Notice on the Owners or reputed Owners, Lessees or reputed Lessees, and Occupiers of the Land intended to be taken, or of the Land, in or

Metropolitan

over which such Right or Easement is intended to be taken, such Service to be made Four Weeks previously to the Application to such Secretary of State, and such Notice shall state the Particulars of the Land, Right, or Easement so required, and that the Metropolitan Board are willing to treat for the Purchase thereof, and as to the Compensation to be made for the Damage that may be sustained by reason of the proposed Works.

Power to dispose of Lands or Property not wanted.

8 & 9 Vict. c. 18.

CLIV. The Metropolitan Board of Works, and any District Board or Vestry, may sell and dispose of any Land purchased by them under this Act, and any Property whatsoever vested in them under this Act, which, it may appear to them, may be properly sold or disposed of; and for completing and carrying any such Sale of any Land into effect, such Board may make and execute a Conveyance of the Land sold and disposed of as aforesaid unto the Purchaser, or as he shall direct, and such Conveyance shall be under the Seal of the said Board or Vestry; and the Word "grant" in such Conveyance shall have the same Operation as by the said Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, is given to the same Word in a Conveyance of Lands made by the Promoters of the Undertaking; and a Receipt under the Seal of the said Board or Vestry shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Purchaser of any such Land or any other such Property as aforesaid for the Purchase Money in such Receipt expressed to be received; and the Money arising from such Sale of any Land purchased under this Act, and (except as herein-after otherwise provided) of any such Property, shall be applied in aid of the Rate out of which the Expenses of the Purchase of such Land or providing such Property have been or are authorized to be defrayed under this Act; and the Money arising from the Sale of any Property vested in any such Board or Vestry under this Act, and which before becoming so vested, was vested in any Commissioners or other Body, or in any Officer of any Commissioners or other Body, or in any Surveyor of Highways, shall be applied in or towards the Discharge of any Debts or Liabilities, for the Discharge whereof, Rates are by this Act authorized to be raised in the Parish, or Part, to the Commissioners or other Body for the Management of the paving, lighting, or cleansing whereof such Property may have belonged before the Commencement of this Act, and, subject as aforesaid, shall be applied in aid of such Rate to be raised under this Act in such Parish or Part as to the Board or Vestry disposing of such Property may seem just; and any such Board or Vestry may let any Land purchased by or vested in them under this Act, and which for the Time being is not required for the Purposes thereof, in such Manner and on such Terms as

Owners of Land may on Sale reserve a Right of Preemption. such Board or Vestry may see fit.

CLV. Provided always, That where any Land, or any Right or Easement in or over Land is purchased by the said Metropolitan Board, or any District Board or Vestry, under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Owners of, or Parties entitled to sell or convey such Land, Right, or Easement to reserve upon the Sale thereof to such Board or Vestry, in and by the Conveyance, such Right of Pre-emption to the Person for the Time being entitled to the

Land

Land (if any) from which the Land so purchased was severed, or in or over which such Right or Easement is granted, as is provided by Sections 128, 129, and 130 of the said Lands Clauses 8&9 Vict. c. 18, Consolidation Act; but, except where such Right of Pre-emption sa. 128, 129, is so reserved, there shall be no such Right, notwithstanding the 130. Incorporation of the said Lands Clauses Consolidation Act with this Act.

CLVI. In case any Person having the Charge, Control, or Penalty for Possession of any Property, Matters, or Things vested in the withholding Metropolitan Board of Works, or the Vestry of any Parish, or any District Board, by or under this Act, neglect or refuse to give up the same, on Demand, to such Board or Vestry, or such or any Vestry Person as they respectively may order, every Person so offending or District shall, upon being convicted thereof before any Two Justices of Board. the Peace, for every such Offence forfeit and pay, over and above the Value of the Property not given up, such Sum not exceeding Five Pounds as the said Justices may think fit.

CLVII. The Metropolitan Board of Works, and any Vestry or Regulations as District Board, may, where necessary for the Purpose of execut- to breaking up ing any Work authorized by this Act, open and break up any Turnpike Turnpike Road, under and subject to the Restrictions and Provisions herein-after contained; that is to say, Seven Days previous Notice, with a full Description of any intended Works, shall be left at the Office of the Commissioners or Trustees of the Road; and, except by the Permission of the said Commissioners or Trustees, the Traffic of the Road shall not at One Time be stopped or hindered along more than Half of its Width, nor, if the Half left open be of less than the clear Width of Fourteen Feet, along more than One hundred Yards in Length; and no Alteration shall, except by such Permission as aforesaid, be made in the Inclination of any Part of the Road of more than One Foot in Sixty Feet; and all Work shall be done under the Superintendence of the Surveyor of the said Commissioners or Trustees; and the Party doing the Works shall cause all Openings in the Road to be effectually secured and fenced, and affix and maintain Lights during the Night near to the Place where the Ground is open, so as to prevent Accidents; and the said Commissioners or Trustees are hereby absolved from all Liability in respect of any Accident arising in consequence of such Works; and the Party doing the Works shall restore every Road so opened or broken up to its original State as to Surface and Materials, and, in order to meet the future Expenses consequent on the Subsidence of Materials newly filled in, shall pay to such Commissioners or Trustees, on Demand, such Sum as they shall require for such Purpose, not exceeding One Shilling for every Superficial Square Yard, and, so far as the Works affect the same, shall make good all Drainage, Daving of Water Channels, Kerbs of Footpaths, and other Matters and Things connected with the Maintenance of the Road; and in default the Surveyor of the said Commissioners or Trustees may cause the necessary Work to be done; and in all Cases of Expense incurred by any such Surveyor, on the Default of the Party doing

the Works, such Party shall pay such Expense to the Commissioners or Trustees, on Demand.

Provisions for defraying Expenses of Vestries and District Boards.

How Sums to be raised by Vestries and District Boards for defraying their Expenses.

3 & 4 W. 4.

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CLVIII. Every Vestry and District Board shall from Time to Time, by Order under their Seal, require the Overseers of their Parish, or of the several Parishes in their District, to levy, and to pay over to the Treasurer of such Vestry or Board, or into any Bank in such Order mentioned, and within the Time or Times thereby limited, the Sums which such Vestry or Board may require for defraying the Expenses of the Execution of this Act (and such Orders may be made wholly or in part in respect of Expenses already incurred or of Expenses to be thereafter incurred); and every such Vestry and Board shall distinguish in their Orders Sums required for defraying Expenses of constructing, altering, maintaining, and cleansing the Newers, or otherwise connected with Sewerage, and also, where the Act of the Session holden in the Third and Fourth Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter Ninety, or any other Act by virtue whereof Land is rated in respect of Expenses of Lighting at a less Amount in proportion to the annual Value thereof than Houses, or is wholly exempted from being rated in respect of such Expenses, is in force in any Parish, or any Part of any Parish, at the Time of the passing of this Act, distinguish, as regards such Parish, or Part, the Sums required for defraying Expenses of lighting their Parish or District, from Sums required for defraying other Expenses of executing this Act; but every such Vestry and Board may cause to be raised as Expenses connected with Scwerage such Portion of the Expenses incident to the Conduct of their Business in relation to Sewerage, in common with the Conduct of their other Business under this Act, as to such Vestry or Board may seem just; and the Overseers or Collectors, in the Receipts to be given for the Sums levied or collected by them, shall distinguish the Rate in the Pound required for Sewerage Expenses, and the

Vestries and Boards may exempt Parts not benefited by Expenditure

from Payment.

CLIX. Where it appears to any Vestry or District Board that all or any Part of the Expenses, for defraying which any Sum is by such Vestry or Board ordered to be levied as aforesaid, have or has been incurred for the special Benefit of any particular Part of their Parish or District, or otherwise have or has not been incurred for the equal Benefit of the whole of their Parish or District, such Vestry or Board may, by any such Order, direct the Sum or Sums necessary for defraying such Expenses, or any Part thereof, to be levied in such Part, or exempt any Part of such Parish or District from the Levy, or require a less Rate to be levied thereon, as the Circumstances of the Case may require; and any such Board may refrain, where any entire Parish ought in their Judgment to be so exempt, from issuing an Order for levying any Money thereon, notwithstanding they may issue an Order or Orders for levying Sums upon any other Parish or Parishes in their District.

Rate required for the other Expenses of this Act.

CLX. Where Part of any Parish is placed, for all or any of Provisions for the Purposes of this Act, under the Management of the Vestry Cases where or District Board of an adjoining Parish or District, the Sums is placed under which such Vestry or Board may require for defraying the Management of Expenses of executing this Act by such Vestry or Board in the Vestry or Board Part so placed under their Management, shall be from Time to of adjoining Time paid, upon their Orders, by the Vestry of the Parish whereof Parish or Dissuch Part is so placed under the Management of such other Vestry trict. or Board, or if such Parish is comprised in a District formed by this Act, then by the District Board of such District; and such Sums shall be raised by the Vestry or Board upon whom such Orders are made, in like Manner as if the Expenses, in respect whereof the same are required, had been incurred by them in executing this Act.

CLXI. The Overseers of the Poor of every Parish to whom Overseers to any such Order as aforesaid is issued shall levy the Amount men- collect the Rate tioned therein according to the Exigency thereof, and shall for in the same that Purpose make separate equal Pound Rates upon their Parish, Poor Rate. or the Part thereof upon which any Sum specified in such Order is required to be levied, in respect of each Sum thereby ordered to be levied; that is to say, a separate Rate in respect of each Sum ordered to be levied for defraying Expenses connected with Sewerage, to be called a Sewers Rate; a separate Rate in respect of each Sum ordered to be levied for defraying Expenses of lighting (where a separate Sum is ordered to be levied for defraying such Expenses), to be called a Lighting Rate; and a separate Rate in respect of each Sum ordered to be levied for defraying other Expenses of executing this Act, to be called a General Rate; and shall make such respective Rates of such Amount in the Pound on the annual Value of the Property rateable, as will, in their Judgment, having regard to all Circumstances, be sufficient to raise the Sums specified in such Order; and such Rates shall be levied on the Persons and in respect of the Property by Law rateable to the Relief of the Poor in the respective Parishes, and shall be assessed upon the net annual Value of such Property ascertained by the Rate for the Time being for the Relief of the Poor; and the said Overseers shall, for the Purpose of levying such Rates, proceed in the same Manner, and have the same Powers, Remedies, and Privileges, as for levying Money for the Relief of the Poor; and all such Rates shall be allowed in the same Manner, and be subject to all the same Provisions, in relation to Appeal, and to excusing Persons from Payment on account of Poverty and otherwise, as the Rate for the Relief of the Poor in the same Parish; and such Overseers shall pay to the Treasurer of the Vestry or Board, or otherwise, as in such Order directed, the Amount mentioned in the Order, within the Time or respective Times specified for that Purpose, and the Excess, if any, which may have been levied beyond such Amount, which Excess shall be placed to the Credit of the Parish or Part in which the same has been levied; and the said Overseers shall, at the Time of making any such Payment, deliver with the Money a Note in Writing signed by them, specifying the Amount so paid, which

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Note shall be kept as a Voucher for the Receipt of that particular Amount; and the Receipt of the Treasurer of the Vestry or Board, or of any proper Officer or Person of or belonging to any Bank into which such Money is so paid, specifying the Amount paid to him by the Overseers, shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Overseers for such Amount.

Public Buildings and void Spaces now rateable (except Churches and Burial Grounds) to continue rateable.

CLXII. Provided always, That all such Hospitals, public Schools, and other public Buildings, dead Walls, and void Spaces of Ground as are now by Law rateable to any Rate for the Costs and Charges of paving, or repairing the Pavements within any parochial or other District, either separately or jointly with any other Object or Objects, (except only Places of Religious Worship, and Burial Grounds, or Places which have been used for Burial Grounds, and are not used for any other Purpose,) shall be rateable under this Act to the like Extent, and for the like Objects or Purposes as they may now be rated, and the Rates to be made in respect of such Objects or Purposes shall be payable by the Persons now liable to pay the same, and be recoverable in like Manner, as any Rate to which such Buildings and Spaces of Ground are now rateable as aforesaid in respect of the like Objects or Purposes.

Land to be rated to Sewers Rate at One Fourth its annual Value.

CLXIII. Provided also, That any Sewers Rate raised under this Act shall, as regards all Land used as Arable, Meadow, or Pasture Ground only, or as Woodland, Orchard, Market Garden, Hop, Herb, Flower, Fruit, or Nursery Ground, be assessed and levied in the Proportion of One Fourth Part only of the net annual Value of such Land.

Existing Exemptions in respect of Sewers Rate to be allowed.

CLXIV. Provided also, That where any Property was at the Time of the issuing of the First Commission under the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twelve, entitled to Exemption from or to any Reduction or Allowance in respect of the Sewers Rate, such Exemption, Reduction, or Allowance shall be observed and allowed in levying any Sewers Rate under this Act.

Existing Exemptions of Land from Lighting Rates to be allowed. 3 & 4 W. 4. c. 90.

CLXV. Provided also, That in every Parish or Part of a Parish in which, at the Time of the passing of this Act, the Act of the Session holden in the Third and Fourth Years of King William the Fourth, Chapter Ninety, is in force, the Owners and Occupiers of Houses, Buildings, and Property, other than Land, shall be rated to every Lighting Rate made under this Act at a Rate in the Pound Three Times greater than that at which the Owners and Occupiers of Land shall be rated in such Lighting Rate; and in every Parish or Part of a Parish in which, under any other Act, Land is now rated, in respect of Expenses of lighting, at a less Amount, in proportion to the annual Value thereof, than Houses, or is now wholly exempted from being rated in respect of such Expenses, such Land shall continue to be rated to every Lighting Rate made under this Act, at such less Amount, or, where such Land is now wholly exempted as aforesaid, shall be wholly exempted from such Rate.

CLXVI. In case the Amount ordered, by any such Order as aforesaid, to be paid by the Overseers of any Parish, be not paid

Overseers, on Nonpayment of 'ie Rate, shall

in manner directed by such Order, and within the Time therein be distrained specified for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, upon the Complaint by the Vestry or Board, or by any Person authorized by them for this Purpose, to issue his Warrant for levying the Amount, or so much thereof as may be in arrear, by Distress and Sale of the Goods of all or any of the said Overseers; and in case the Goods of all the Overseers be not sufficient Arrears may be to pay the same, the Arrears thereof shall be added to the Amount levied on the of the next Levy which shall be directed to be made in such Parish for the Purposes of this Act, and shall be collected by the like Methods.

Parish.

Provision for Cases where the Vestry of any Parish in Schedule (A.) make the Poor

CLXVII. Where the Vestry of any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act make the Rate for the Relief of the Poor in such Parish, such Vestry shall from Time to Time raise and levy the Sums required for defraying their Expenses of executing this Act, in like Manner as Overseers are required to do with respect to the Sums for which Orders are made upon them by any Vestry under this Act, and shall, in raising such Sums, act upon the like Principles, and have the like Discretion as any Vestry making Orders upon Overseers under this Act; and where any Parishes maintain their Poor in common by a common Rate, the Orders for levying any Money by this Act directed to be made on the Overseers of such Parishes, shall be made on the Overseers by Law authorized to levy such Rate thereon, and such Sums shall be levied by such Overseers, in manner provided by this Act, as if such Parishes were One Parish.

> Special Persons pointed to levy Rates in certain

CLXVIII. Any Vestry or District Board may, in case of any Default or Neglect of any Overseers to pay the Amount required may be apby any such Order as aforesaid, within the Time and in the Manner directed by such Order, and the said Metropolitan Board may, in case of any Default or Neglect of any Vestry or District Board to pay the Amount required by any Precept of the said Metropolitan Board, within such Time, and in such Manner as may be therein mentioned, appoint Persons to levy any Money, required by such Vestry or Board for the Purposes of this Act, in any Parish or District; and such Persons shall proceed in the same Manner, and have the same Powers, Remedies, and Privileges, and be subject to the same Regulations and Penalties, with reference to the levying of such Money, as any Overseers would have had, or been subject to, with reference to levying any such Money in pursuance of an Order of the Vestry or District Board, or, where the same might be levied by the Vestry under this Act, as such Vestry would have had, or been subject to, with reference to levying the same.

CLXIX. As between Landlord and Tenant, every Tenant, whether his Tenancy have commenced before or after the passing of this Act, and who, if this Act had not been passed, would have been entitled to deduct against or to be repaid by his Landlord any Sum paid by such Tenant on account of the Sewers Rate, shall in like Manner be entitled to deduct against or to be repaid by his Landlord any Sewers Rate levied on him under this Act.

Provision for Deduction by Tenants of Sewers Rate.

Sums to be assessed upon the City and other Parts of the Metropolis by Metropolitan Board for defraying Ex-

penses.

Power to Metropolitan Board, or any One authorized by them, to inspect Rates made for County or Part of County within the Metropolis.

Payment to be obtained from the City and from Parishes by Precepts to the Chamberlain of the City and to Vestries and District Boards.

Provisions for defraying Expenses of Metropolitan Board. CLXX. The Metropolitan Board of Works shall from Time to Time ascertain, and assess upon the City of London and the other Parts of the Metropolis the Sums which, in their Judgment, ought to be charged upon the said City, and such other Parts respectively, for defraying the Expenses of the said Board in the Execution of this Act, having regard to the annual Value of the Property in the several Parts of the Metropolis, and having regard, in the Case of Expenditure on Works of Drainage, to the Benefit derived from such Expenditure by the several Parts of the Metropolis affected thereby; and any such Sum may be so assessed wholly or in part in respect of Expenses already incurred or of Expenses to be thereafter incurred; and for the Purposes of such Assessment, the annual Value of the Property in such several Parts shall be estimated according to the Estimate or Basis on which the County Rate is assessed, or, where there is no such County Rate, according to a like Estimate.

CLXXI. The Clerk of the said Metropolitan Board, or any Person authorized by the said Board in this Behalf, may from Time to Time inspect any Rate made or to be made for any County, any Part of which is within the Metropolis; and any Basis or Standard for the County Rate of any such County, and any Returns concerning all or any of the Parishes and Places, whether parochial or extra-parochial, in the Metropolis, delivered, or to be delivered in pursuance of any Act relating to County Rates, and any Rate made by the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London, and any Valuation on which the same is made; and may take Copies or Extracts from any such Rates, Basis or Standard, Returns or Valuation, without Payment of any Fee or Reward; and if any Person having the Custody of any such Rate, Basis or Standard, Return or Valuation, wilfully neglect or refuse to permit any such Clerk or Person, authorized as aforesaid, to inspect the same, or to take Copies or Extracts of or from the same, at all reasonable Times, he shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CLXXII. For obtaining Payment of the Sums so assessed upon the City of London and the Parishes mentioned in Schedules (A) and (B.) to this Act, the said Board shall issue Precepts under their Seal, requiring Payment thereof to their Treasurer, or into any Bank therein mentioned, within such Time as may be therein limited, and every such Precept for any Sum assessed upon the City of London shall be directed to the Chamberlain of the said City; and every such Precept for any Sum assessed upon any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act shall be directed to the Vestry thereof; and every such Precept for any Sum assessed upon any District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, or any Parish comprised therein, shall be directed to the Board of Works for such District; and where any such Sum is assessed upon any Part of any Parish or District, the said Metropolitan Board shall specify in their Precept the Part of such Parish or District upon which such Sum is assessed.

CLXXIIL The

CLXXIII. The Chamberlain of the City of London shall, out Payment of of any Monies in the Chamber of the said City, pay to the Trea- Sums assessed surer of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or otherwise as they upon the City. may direct, the Sums required by their Precepts, within such Time as may be therein mentioned; and all Payments so made by the said Chamberlain shall be charged by him against, and reimbursed to him out of any Rates which the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London are authorized to direct to be made under any Act relating to the Sewerage of the said City; and such Commissioners shall have full Power to raise every such Sum by any such Rate which they may be authorized to direct to be made as aforesaid, or by any Addition thereto.

CLXXIV. All Sums which any Vestry or District Board may Payment by be required to pay by such Precepts as aforesaid, shall be paid by Vestries, &c. of such Vestry and Board respectively within such Time as may be Sums assessed therein mentioned and shall be reised in like Manner as if the therein mentioned, and shall be raised in like Manner as if the Board. same were required by the said Vestry or Board for defraying the Expenses of such Vestry or Board, in the Execution of their Powers and Duties under this Act, in relation to the Sewerage of their Parish or District.

CLXXV. The Sums which may be assessed from Time to Provision for Time upon any Place mentioned in Schedule (C.) to this Act, or assessing and such Part thereof as may not be comprised within any Parish, or levying Rates the City of London, shall be raised by means of a Rate to be in Places where there is no Poor made and levied as herein provided; that is to say, the said Me-Rate. tropolitan Board shall from Time to Time, by Warrant under their Seal, appoint a proper Person to be an Assessor, for the Purpose of assessing the full and fair annual Value of all Property in every such Place, or such Part thereof as aforesaid, which, if the same were not extra-parochial, would be liable to be rated to the Relief of the Poor, and rating the same to a Rate to be levied under this Act; and such Assessor shall, within Forty Days after Mode of making the Delivery to him of the Warrant of his Appointment, make, the Assessment. sign, and return to the said Board an Assessment for the Place named in such Warrant; and the Assessment shall be fairly written in a Book, and shall specify, in different Columns, the Names of the respective Inhabitants or Occupiers of all Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, the full and fair annual Value of the same, and the Amount of Rate charged on the Inhabitants or Occupiers thereof, and when the Premises are unoccupied, the full and fair annual Value thereof to let; and every Allowance to such Assessor shall be allowed for his Trouble and Expenses such Assessors. Remuneration as the said Board may think fit; and the same shall be paid out of the Amount of the Rate which shall be collected after such Assessment; and the said Rate to be levied as aforesaid shall, for the Purposes of the Provisions of this Act relating to Exemption from and Reduction or Allowance in respect of Sewers Rate, and relating to Deduction and Repayment of Sums paid on account of Sewers Rate, be deemed a Sewers Rate.

CLXXVI. Provided always, That the Places mentioned in Certain Places Schedule (C.) to this Act which are not now under rating for in Schedule (C.) Sewers shall not be liable to be rated under this Act, except to be rated only 18 & 19 Vict.

for intercepting Sewers.

for the Purpose of their contributing to the Expense of carrying into effect any Plan for preventing the Sewage of the Metropolis from flowing into the River *Thames* in or near the Metropolis, so far as such Places respectively shall be benefited.

When Assessment is made, Notice to be given, and all Persons assessed to have Liberty to inspect it, &c.

CLXXVII. When such Assessment has been allowed by the said Board, public Notice of such Assessment, and of the Place where the same may be inspected, shall be given by fixing such Notice on the Door of the Church or Chapel, or some other conspicuous Part of the Place to which such Assessment relates, upon the Sunday next or next but one after the same has been so allowed; and any Person in whose Custody such Assessment may be, shall permit every Inhabitant or Owner or Occupier of Property included in such Assessment to inspect the same, and to make any Extracts therefrom, without Payment of any Fee or Reward; and if such Person wilfully neglect or refuse to permit any such Inhabitant, Owner, or Occupier to inspect such Assessment or to make any Extract therefrom, he shall, on Conviction thereof before any Two Justices of the Peace, forfeit, for every such Offence, such Sum, not exceeding Five Pounds, as the Justices think meet.

Penalty for refusing Inspection.

CLXXVIII. The said Board shall, from Time to Time, nominate One or more Person or Persons for levying the Amount of Rate charged in every such Assessment, who shall proceed in the same Manner, and shall have the same Powers, Remedies, and Privileges, and be subject to the same Regulations and Penalties, with reference to the levying of such Rate, as if he or they were an Overseer or Overseers of the Poor in a Place rated to the Relief of the Poor; and shall pay over the Amount of such Rate to the Treasurer of the said Board or otherwise as the said Board may direct, or in default thereof, shall be proceeded against in

lection of the Rate charged in such Assessment.

As to the Col-

the same Manner as Overseers are by this Act to be proceeded against for Nonpayment.

Appeal against Assessment.

CLXXIX. Provided always, That if any Person, who has paid the Amount of Rate charged upon him by the Assessment made by an Assessor appointed under this Act, think himself aggrieved by such Assessment, on the Ground that such Assessment includes Property for which he is not rateable under this Act, or that it assesses his rateable Property beyond its full and fair annual Value, or that any Person is omitted out of such Assessment, or that the Property of any Person is assessed below its full and fair annual Value, the Person so aggrieved may appear to the next Court of General or Quarter Sessions for the County or Franchise in which the Cause of Appeal arises, not less than Twenty-one Days after public Notice of such Assessment has been given as herein: before mentioned; provided that the Person so intending to appeal shall give to the said Board a Notice in Writing of such Appeal, and of the Cause and Matter thereof, Ten clear Days at the least before such Sessions, and shall also, within Three Days after his Notice of Appeal, enter into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace of the County or Franchise, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal at the said Sessions, and to abide the Order of the Court thereupen, and to pay such Costs

as shall be by the Court awarded; and in case such Person appeal on the Ground that any Person is omitted out of the Assessment, or that the Property of any Person is assessed below its full and fair annual Value, the Party so appealing shall not only give such Notice of Appeal to the said Board, and enter into such Recognizance as aforesaid, but shall also give a like Notice of Appeal to the Person so interested in the event of such Appeal as aforesaid; and the Person so interested shall, if he desire it, be heard upon the Appeal; and the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions or some Adjournment thereof, upon due Proof of the Notice having been given, and of the Recognizance having been entered into as aforesaid, shall hear and determine the Matter of the Appeal in a summary Manner, and shall make such Order therein, with or without Costs to either Party, as the said Justices think proper; and in case the said Justices think the Appellant entitled to Relief, they shall order the Assessment to be amended in such Manner as may be necessary for giving him Relief, and shall also order any Money paid by him, which he was not liable to pay, to be returned to him; and in case he have appealed on the Ground that any Person is omitted out of the Assessment, the said Justices may order the Name of such Person to be inserted in the Assessment, and to be therein rated at such Amount as they deem just; and in case the Appellant have appealed on the Ground The Assessthat the Property of any Person is assessed below its full and fair ment may be annual Value, the said Justices may order the Amount at which amended to resuch Person is rated in the Assessment to be altered in such Manner as they deem just; and the proper Officer of the Court altering any shall in each of the Cases aforesaid forthwith amend the Assess- other Part of it. ment accordingly, but the Assessment shall not be quashed or altered with respect to any other Persons named therein; and the Determination of the Justices at any such Sessions or Adjournment shall be final and conclusive.

lieve the Appellant'without

Provisions for discharging existing Liabilities of Boards or Bodies having Powers of paving, &c., and of the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers.

CLXXX. All Debts and Liabilities legally charged upon or Provision for payable out of any Rates or Assessments authorized to be levied discharging exor made under any Act relating to the paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, or improving of any Parish in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, or any Part of any such Parish, shall relating to be charged upon the Rates (other than those to be raised for de-paving, &c. fraying Expenses of Sewerage, and (where separate Rates are made under this Act for defraying Expenses of lighting) Expenses of lighting,) to be raised under this Act in such Parish or Part, and the several District Boards and Vestries shall cause the Sums necessary for discharging such Debts and Liabilities to be raised in their respective Districts and Parishes accordingly; and such Boards and Vestries shall, once in every Year, set aside, out of the Rates charged under this Act with such Debts and Liabilities, such Sum as they think proper, not being less than such Percentage as herein-after mentioned; that is to say, Three Pounds

isting Liabilities under Local Acts

per Centum where the Amount of Principal Debt (exclusive of Annuities) does not exceed One Fourth of the rateable Value of the Property rateable for Payment thereof, and in other Cases, Two Pounds per Centum on the Amount of the Principal Debt (exclusive of Annuities), for the Purpose of paying off such Principal, except where the Interest only of such Debt is charged upon such Rates or Assessments as aforesaid, and except also where any such Debt was contracted under the Authority of a Local Act, and the Local Act did not require that the Principal of such Debt should be paid off within a limited Time; and the Sums so from Time to Time set aside, and all Monies applied in augmentation thereof, and the Proceeds thereof respectively, shall be applied and dealt with for the Purpose of paying off such Principal as aforesaid, in manner by this Act provided with respect to Sums set aside for the Purpose of providing a Fund for paying off Mortgages granted under this Act: Provided always. that where any Debts or Liabilities are charged on any Rates or Assessments not wholly levied or made in or upon any One Parish mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, or any One District mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, the Metropolitan Board of Works shall apportion such Debts and Liabilities between the respective Parishes and Districts, in or upon which such Rates or Assessments are authorized to be levied or made, and shall certify to the District Board and Vestry respectively of every such District and Parish, the Amount of the apportioned Part of such Debts and Liabilities to be discharged by Rates to be raised in such Parish or District, or any Part thereof, under this Act, and such apportioned Part shall be discharged accordingly: Provided also, that nothing in this Enactment shall affect the Right of any Creditor to require Payment of any such Debt as aforesaid within any less Time than is prescribed by this Enactment for the Pay. ment thereof.

Provision for Payment of Liabilities of Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers. 11 & 12 Vict. c. 112.

CLXXXI. Notwithstanding the Determination or Expiration of the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twelve, all Mortgages, Annuities, Securities, and other Debts and Liabilities which at or immediately before such Determination or Expiration may be a Charge on, or payable out of all or any of the Rates authorized to be levied thereunder, shall continue in full Force, and be a Charge on the Districts or Parts in which such Rates would have been authorized to be levied in case such Act had continued in force, and all Persons who may be entitled to any such Mortgages, Annuities, or Dehts shall have Priority in respect of all Monies advanced before the passing of this Act over any Monies advanced to the Metropolitan Board of Works under this Act, and shall have the like Priority among themselves as they are now entitled to under the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter (he hundred and twelve, or any Act continuing or amending the same; and the Sums from Time to Time becoming payable under, or required for Payment of the said Mortgages, Annuities, Securities Debts, and Liabilities, shall be raised by the Metropolitan Board of Works in such Districts or Parts, in like Manner as the Expenses

of such Board in the Execution of this Act; and in case any such District or Part be wholly or in part without the Limits of the Metropolis, as defined by this Act, the said Metropolitan Board shall from Time to Time issue Precepts under their Seal to the Overseers of the Parish or Parishes in which any Part without such Limits is comprised, requiring Payment to the Treasurer of the said Board or into any Bank in such Precepts respectively mentioned, within such respective Times as may be therein limited, of such Sums as it may be necessary to raise, in such Part, for the Purposes aforesaid; and the Provisions herein contained respecting the levying and Payment of Money by Overseers, in pursuance of any Order of a Vestry or District Board, shall be applicable, mutatis mutandis, to and for the levying and Payment of Money by Overseers in pursuance of any such Precept as aforesaid of the said Metropolitan Board; and the said Board shall once in every Year set aside such Sum as they think proper, not being less than Two Pounds per Centum on the Amount of all Principal Monies (exclusive of Annuities) becoming payable by them under this Enactment, for the Purpose of paying off all such Principal Monies; and the Sums so from Time to Time set aside, and all Monies applied in augmentation thereof, and the Proceeds thereof respectively, shall be applied and dealt with, for the Purpose of paying off such Principal Monies as aforesaid, in manner by this Act provided with respect to Sums set aside for the Purpose of providing a Fund for paying off Mortgages granted under this Act, and the Sums to be so set aside shall be raised by such Board in manner aforesaid.

CLXXXII. Where the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers Improvement have incurred any Expenses authorized by the said Act of the Rates may be Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred levied for Reand twelve, to be paid by an Improvement Rate, or as Charges for tain Expenses, Default, it shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works to &c. levy Improvement Rates or Charges for Default for the Recovery of the whole of such Expenses, or such Portion thereof as shall still remain due and unpaid, in the Manner directed by the said Act, and the said Board shall have all the Rights and Remedies for the Recovery thereof which are now vested in the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers in this Behalf.

General Powers to Metropolitan and District Boards and Vestries to borrow.

CLXXXIII. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board, and Power to every District Board and Vestry, for the Purposes of defraying any Expenses incurred or to be incurred by them in the Execution of this Act, to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Credit of all or any of the Monies or Rates authorized to be raised by them under this Act, any Sums of Money necessary for defraying any such Expenses; and for the Purpose of securing the Repayment of any Sums so borrowed, together with such Interest as aforesaid, such Board or Vestry may mortgage and assign over to the Persons by or on behalf of whom such Sums are advanced, the respective Monies or Rates upon the Credit of which such Sums are bor-

Boards and Vestries to borrow Money on Mortgage.

No Priority amongst Mortgagees. rowed; and the respective Mortgagees shall be entitled to a Proportion of the Monies or Rates comprised in their respective Mortgages, according to the Sums in such Mortgages mentioned to have been advanced; and each Mortgagee shall be entitled to be repaid the Sums so advanced, with Interest, without any Preference over any other Mortgagee or Mortgagees by reason of any Priority of Advance or the Date of his Mortgage: Provided always, that no Monies shall be so borrowed by any District Board or Vestry without the previous Sanction in Writing of the said Metropolitan Board.

Power to Commissioners acting under 14 & 15 Vict. c. 23. to make Advances.

CLXXXIV. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners acting in the Execution of an Act passed in the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Twenty-three, "to authorize for a further Period the Advance of Money" out of the Consolidated Fund to a limited Amount for carry-" ing on Public Works and Fisheries and Employment of the "Poor," and any Act or Acts for amending or continuing the same, to make Advances to any such Board or Vestry upon the Security of all or any of the Monies or Rates to be raised by them under this Act, and without requiring any further or other Security than a Mortgage of such Monies or Rates.

Form of Mortgage.

Register of

Mortgages.

CLXXXV. Every Mortgage authorized to be made under this Act shall be by Deed duly stamped, truly stating the Date, Consideration, and the Time of Payment, and shall be sealed with the Seal of the Board or Vestry, and may be made according to the Form (E.) contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or to the like Effect, or with such Variations or Additions in each Case as the Board or Vestry and the Party advancing the Money intended to be thereby secured may agree to; and there shall be kept, at the Office of the Board or Vestry, a Register of the Mortgages made by them, and within Fourteen Days after the Date of any Mortgage, an Entry shall be made in the Register of the Number and Date thereof, and of the Names and Descriptions of the Parties thereto, as stated in the Deed; and every such Register shall be open to public Inspection during Office Hours at the said Office, without Fee or Reward; and any Clerk or other Person having the Custody of the same, refusing to allow such Inspection, shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

Repayment of Money borrowed at a Time agreed upon.

CLXXXVI. The Board or Vestry making any such Mortgage may, if they think proper, fix a Time or Times for the Repayment of all or any Principal Monies borrowed under this Act, and the Payment of the Interest thereof respectively, and may provide for the Repayment of such Monies, with Interest, by Instalments or otherwise, as they may think fit; and in case the Board or Vestry fix the Time or Times of Repayment, they shall cause such Time or Times to be inserted in the Mortgage Deed; and at the Time or Times so fixed for Payment thereof, such Principal Monies and Interest respectively shall, on Demand, be paid to the Party entitled to receive the same accordingly; and if no other Place of Payment be inserted in the Mortgage Deed, the Principal and Interest shall be payable at the principal Office of the Board or Vestry, and, unless otherwise provided by any Mortgage, the

Interest of the Money borrowed thereupon shall be paid halfyearly; and if no Time be fixed in the Mortgage Deed for the Re- As to Repaypayment of the Money so borrowed, the Party entitled to receive ment of Money such Money may, at the Expiration or at any Time after the borrowed when Expiration of Twelve Months from the Date of such Deed, de-no Time has mand Payment of the Principal Money thereby secured, with all Arrears of Interest, upon giving Six Months previous Notice for that Purpose; and in the like Case the Board or Vestry may at any Time pay off the Money borrowed, on giving the like Notice; and every such Notice shall be in Writing or Print, or both, and, if given by a Mortgagee, shall be given in manner herein provided for Service of Notices on the Board or Vestry, and, if given by the Board or Vestry, shall be given either personally to such Mortgagee or left at his Residence, or if such Mortgagee or his Residence be unknown to them, or cannot be found after diligent Inquiry, such Notice shall be given by Advertisement in the London Gazette; and if the Board or Vestry have given Notice Interest to of their Intention to pay off any such Mortgage at a Time when cease on Expithe same may lawfully be paid off by them, then, at the Expiration of Notice ration of such Notice, all further Interest shall cease to be payable Mortgage Debt. thereon, unless, on Demand of Payment made pursuant to such Notice, or at any Time thereafter, the Board or Vestry fail to pay the Principal and Interest due at the Expiration of such Notice on such Mortgage.

CLXXXVII. It shall be lawful for the said Metropolitan Board, Power to borwith respect to any Security granted by the Metropolitan Com- row to pay off missioners of Sewers, or granted by such Board under this Act, existing Secuand for every District Board and Vestry, with respect to any Security for any existing Debt or Liability which such Board or Vestry are by this Act required to discharge, and any Security granted by such Board or Vestry under this Act, to raise and borrow the Monies necessary for paying off such Security, and to pay off the same; and the Monies borrowed for the Purpose of such Payment shall be secured and repaid in like Manner as if borrowed for defraying the Expenses of the Execution of this Act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the paying off of any Security otherwise

than in accordance with the Provisions thereof.

CLXXXVIII. If at the Expiration of Six Months from the Payment of Time when any Principal Money or Interest has become due upon Interest may be any Mortgage made under this Act, or under the said Act of the enforced by the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred Appointment and twelve, or any Act continuing or amending the same, and of a Receiver. after Demand in Writing, the same be not paid, the Mortgagee 11 & 12 Vict. may, without Prejudice to any other Mode of Recovery, apply for c. 112. the Appointment of a Receiver, to Two Justices, who are hereby empowered, after hearing the Parties, to appoint, in Writing under their Hands and Seals, some Person to collect and receive the whole or a competent Part of the Monies or Rates liable to the Payment of the Principal or Interest in respect of which the Application is made, until such Principal or Interest, or both, as the Case may be, together with the Costs of the Application and

been agreed

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the Costs of Collection, are fully paid; and upon such Appointment being made, all such Monies or Rates, or such competent Part thereof as aforesaid, shall be paid to the Person appointed, and when so paid, shall be so much Money received by or to the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and shall be rateably apportioned between or among them, but subject and without Prejudice to such Rights of Priority, if any, as shall then be subsisting between the Mortgagees or any of them: Provided always, that no Mortgagee shall be prejudiced, either directly or indirectly, by any Loss which may be occasioned by the Misapplication or Nonapplication of any Monies or Rates received by any Receiver appointed otherwise than upon the Application or with the express Consent of such Mortgagee, or by any Act, Deed, Neglect, or Default on the Part of such Receiver; but such Loss shall be wholly borne by the Mortgagee or Mortgagees upon whose Application, or with whose express Consent such Receiver was appointed: Provided also, that no such Application shall be entertained unless the Sum or Sums due and owing to the Applicant amount to One thousand Pounds, or unless a joint Application be made by Two or more Mortgagees to whom there may be due, after such Lapse of Time, and Demand, as last aforesaid, Monies collectively amounting to that Sum.

Transfer of Mortgages.

Register of Transfers.

CLXXXIX. Any Mortgagee or other Person entitled to any Mortgage under this Act may transfer his Estate and Interest therein to any other Person by Deed duly stamped, truly stating its Date, the Names and Descriptions of the Parties thereto, and the Consideration for the Transfer; and such Transfer may be according to the Form contained in the Schedule (F.) to this Act annexed, or to the like Effect; and there shall be kept at the Office of every Board and Vestry making any Mortgages under this Act, a Register of the Transfers of such Mortgages; and within Thirty Days after the Date of any such Deed of Transfer, if executed within the United Kingdom, or within Thirty Days after its Arrival in the United Kingdom, if executed elsewhere, the same shall be produced to the Člerk of the Board or Vestry making the Mortgage; and such Clerk shall, upon Payment of the Sum of Five Shillings, cause an Entry to be made in such Register of its Date, and of the Names and Description of the Parties thereto, as stated in the Transfer; and upon any Transfer being so registered, the Transferee, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall be entitled to the full Benefit of the original Mortgage, and the Principal and Interest secured thereby; and every such Transferee may, in like Manner, transfer his Estate and Interest in any such Mortgage; and no Person, except the Person to whom the same has been last transferred, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall be entitled to release or discharge any such Mortgage, or any Money secured thereby.

CXC. For the Purpose of providing a Fund for paying of Mortgages granted under this Act, the Board or Vestry granting such Mortgage shall, once in every Year, set aside, out of the Monies or Rates charged thereby, such Sum as they think proper, being not less than Two Pounds per Centum on the Amount of

Sinking Fund to be formed for paying off Mortgages.

the Principal Monies secured thereby; and the Sum so from Time to Time set aside, and all other Monies applied by the Board or Vestry in augmentation of the said Fund, shall be applied, in the Manner herein-after directed, in Payment, so far as the same will extend, of the Principal Money secured by such Mortgages, or the same shall be invested in the Public Funds, or on Government or Real Security, in the Name of the Board or Vestry; and the Dividends and Interest of the Monies so invested, when and as the same become due, shall from Time to Time be received and invested in like Manner, in order that the said Monies so set aside and invested may accumulate at Compound Interest; and when such accumulated Fund amounts to a Sum which, in the Opinion of the Board or Vestry, can be conveniently applied for that Purpose, the Stocks, Funds, or Securities whereon the same is invested shall be sold or otherwise converted into Money, and the Monies arising from any such Sale and Conversion shall be applied, in the Manner herein-after directed, in Payment, so far as the same will extend, of the said Principal Monies, and so from Time to Time until the whole of the said Principal Monies are discharged.

CXCI. When and as often as the Board or Vestry are enabled Mode of paying and think it expedient to pay off One or more of the said Mort- off Mortgages. gages, they shall cause the several Numbers of such Mortgages to be written upon distinct Slips of Paper of an equal Size, and all such Slips shall be rolled or folded up in a similar Form, and put in a Box, and the Clerk of the said Board or Vestry shall, at a Meeting of the Board or Vestry, draw separately out of the said Box One of the said Slips, and thereupon the Mortgage corresponding with the Number so drawn shall be paid off by the Board or Vestry; and, after every such Ballot, the Board or Vestry shall cause a Notice, signed by the Clerk, to be given to the Person entitled to the Money to be paid off, and such Notice shall express the Principal Sum proposed to be paid off, and that the same will be paid, together with the Interest due thereon, at a Place to be specified in such Notice, at the Expiration of Six Months from the Date of giving such Notice; and at the Expiration of such Period the Interest of the Principal Money to be paid off shall cease, unless such Principal Money and Interest be not paid, on Demand, pursuant to such Notice; but such Principal Money, and the Interest thereof to the End of the said Six Months, shall nevertheless be payable, on Demand.

Audit of Accounts.

CXCII. The Metropolitan Board of Works, every District Accounts of Board, and the Vestry of every Parish mentioned in either of Metropolitan the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, shall, in the Month of Board, District April in every Year, cause their Accounts to be balanced up to Vestries to be the Twenty-fifth Day of March next preceding, and shall cause balanced up to a full Statement and Account to be drawn out, of the Amount of the End of each all Contracts entered into, and of all Monies received and expended Year. by them, during the preceding Year, under the several distinct Heads of Receipt and Expenditure, and also of all Arrears of Rates and other Monies then owing to such respective Board or

Boards, and

Vestry,

Vestry, and of all Mortgages and other Debts and Liabilities then owing by such Board or Vestry: Provided always, that where by reason of the Time established by or under any Local Act for making and collecting Rates in any Parish, the Time hereby fixed for making up the Accounts is inconvenient, it shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works to order that the Time of making and collecting such Rates, and the Period for which any such Rate may be made, shall be altered, as to the said Board may appear convenient.

Appointment and Remuneration of Auditor of Accounts of Metropolitan Board, CXCIII. One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State shall, in the Month of April in every Year, by Order under his Hand, appoint some fit Person to be the Auditor of the Accounts of the said Metropolitan Board for the preceding Year; and every such Auditor shall be paid by such Board not exceeding Five Guineas for every Day he is fully employed on such Audit, and all Expenses he is put to in the auditing of such Accounts; provided always, that such Payment shall not exceed Fifty Guineas.

Auditors to be elected annually by the District Boards.

CXCIV. Every District Board shall, in the Month of April in every Year, elect by Ballot from among the Persons acting as Auditors for the Parishes in the District Three Persons, not being Members of such Board, to be Auditors for the current Year of the Accounts of such Board; and in case of the Death of any such Auditor, the Board by whom he was elected shall forthwith elect in a similar Manner some other such Person as aforesaid in his Place, and the Powers hereby given to the said Auditors may be exercised by any Two of them.

As to the Audit of Accounts.

CXCV. The Auditor of the Accounts of the said Metropolitan Board, and the Auditors of the Accounts of every District Board and every such Vestry as aforesaid, shall, in the Month of May, on such Day or Days as shall be fixed by him or them for the Audit of such respective Accounts, attend at the Office or principal Office of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of such District Board or Vestry, (as the Case may require,) for the Purpose of auditing their Accounts; and such respective Boards and every such Vestry shall, by their Clerks, Treasurers, and other Officers, produce and lay before such Auditor or Auditors, at every such Audit, their Accounts for the Year preceding, together with the Statement and Account herein-before mentioned, accompanied by proper Vouchers for the Support of the same, and submit to his or their Inspection all Books, Papers, Instruments, and Writings in their Custody or Control relating thereto; and such Auditor or Auditors, in the Presence of such of the Members of such respective Boards or Vestries, and of the Ratepayers and Creditors on the Rates as desire to attend, shall audit the Accounts herein-before mentioned, and may examine any of the Members of such respective Boards or Vestries or their Officers whom he or they shall deem accountable (and whom he and they is and are hereby empowered to summon, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, or under the Hand of any One of them, to appear before him or them for the Purpose of such Examination,) touching the said Accounts; and shall also hear any Complaint which any such Ratepayer or Creditor shall, at the Time of such Audit, make touching such Accounts;

Accounts; and such Auditor or Auditors shall have full Power to examine, audit, allow, and disallow the said Accounts and Items therein, and shall charge in such Accounts all Sums (if any) which ought to be accounted for, and are not brought into account; and if such Accounts be found correct, such Auditor or Auditors, or the major Part of them, shall sign the same in token of his or their Allowance thereof, and such Allowance shall be final and conclusive on all Parties.

CXCVI. The Auditor or Auditors of the Accounts of the Metro- Abstract of politan Board of Works, and of every District Board and Vestry, Accounts to be shall, after such Audit of Accounts as aforesaid, cause an Account made. in abstract to be prepared, showing the Receipt and Expenditure under this Act for the preceding Year, under the several distinct Heads of Receipt and Expenditure, with the Statement of the Allowance of the Auditor or Auditors, if he or they has or have allowed such Accounts, or of the Parts, if any, which he or they have disallowed of such Accounts, and also a summary Statement of all Contracts entered into by such Board or Vestry in such preceding Year, and of the Monies owing to and Debts and Liabilities owing by such Board or Vestry on the Twenty-fifth Day of March

next preceding.

CXCVII. In all Parishes mentioned in the Schedules (A.) and Accounts of (B.) to this Act, in which other Boards have Control over any other Parochial Part of the Parochial Expenditure, the Auditors of Accounts of Boards to be the Parish elected under this Act shall have the same Power of Auditors examining the Accounts and Officers of the said Boards as of exa-elected under mining the Accounts and Officers of the Vestry, and shall audit the this Act. Accounts of the said Boards in the same Manner as they audit the Accounts of the Vestry, and the Accounts of the said Boards shall not be subject to any other Audit: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall apply to Accounts which, if this Act had not been passed, would have been subject to the Audit of any Auditor already or hereafter appointed under the Authority of the Act of the Session holden in the Fourth and Fifth Years of 4&5 W.4.c. 76. King William the Fourth, Chapter Seventy-six, or any Act incorporated therewith.

Annual Reports.

CXCVIII. Every such Vestry as aforesaid and District Board Annual Reshall, in the Month of June in every Year, cause to be printed the ports by Vessaid Account in abstract and summary Statement for the preceding tries, &c. Year, relating to such Vestry or Board, and also make and cause to be printed therewith a Report of their Proceedings in the Execution of this Act, and of the Works commenced and completed respectively in the preceding Year by such Vestry or Board, and the Works remaining in progress at the Termination of such Year, and also of any Proceedings taken by them or under their Authority in the preceding Year, in pursuance of any Regulations of the General Board of Health for the Time being in force, or otherwise, for the Removal of Nuisances, or the Improvement of the sanitary Condition of their Parish or District; and to every such Report

Report there shall be appended a Copy of every Report made to such Vestry or Board during the preceding Year by the Officer or Officers of Health for their Parish or District; and every such Vestry and Board shall, in the said Month of June, send a Copy of every such Account in abstract, Statement, and Report, together with a printed List of the Names and Addresses of the Members of such Vestry and Board, and of their Officers, to the Metropolitan Board of Works; and every Vestry and District Board shall permit Inspection at their Office of a Copy of any such Account in abstract, Statement, and Report by any Ratepayer in their Parish or District, without Payment, at all reasonable Times, and shall also permit the like Inspection, by the Public generally, of such List of Officers; and Copies of such Account in abstract, Statement, and Report, and List of Officers, shall be delivered to any Person applying for the same, on Payment of such reasonable Sums, not exceeding Twopence for each such Copy, as may be fixed by such Vestry or Board in this Behalf.

Vestry to make out and publish yearly a List of Estates, Charities, and Bequests, &c. with the Application thereof.

CXCIX. Every such Vestry as aforesaid shall cause to be made out, once at least in every Year, a List of the several Free-hold, Copyhold, and Leasehold Estates, and of all Charitable Foundations and Bequests, if any, belonging to the Parish, and under the Control of the Vestry; the List to contain a true and detailed Account of the Place where such Estate or Charitable Foundation may be situate, or in what Mode and Security such Bequest may be invested, specifying also the yearly Rental of each, and the particular Appropriation thereof, together with the Names of the Persons partaking of their Benefit (except where such Benefit shall be allotted to the Poor of the Parish generally,) and to what Amount in each Case, and also stating the Name and Description of the Persons in whom such Estates are vested, and the Names and Description of the Trustees for each Charity; and such Lists shall be open for the Inspection of the Ratepayers, at the Office of the Vestry Clerk, at the same Time with the Accounts when audited according to the Provisions of this Act.

Annual Report of Metropolitan Board of Works.

CC. The Metropolitan Board of Works shall, in the Month of June in every Year, make a Report of their Proceedings in the Execution of this Act, and shall, in the said Month, send a Copy thereof, together with a Copy of the said Account in abstract and summary Statement for the preceding Year relating to such Board, to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, to the General Board of Health, to the Lord Mayor of the City of London, and to each of the Vestries and District Boards in the other Parts of the Metropolis.

Reports, &c. of Metropolitan Board to be laid before Parliament,

CCI. Every such Report, Account in abstract, and Statement to be sent to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as aforesaid, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within One Month after the Receipt thereof if Parliament be sitting, or if Parliament be not sitting, then within One Month after the next Meeting of Parliament.

Byelaws.

CCII. The Metropolitan Board of Works and every District Power to Board and Vestry respectively may, from Time to Time, make, alter, and repeal Byelaws for all or any of the Purposes following; (that is to say,) for regulating the Business and Proceedings at their Meetings, and of Committees appointed by them, the Appointment and Removal of their Officers and Servants, and the Duties, Conduct, and Remuneration of such Officers and Servants; and the said Metropolitan Board may also, from Time to Time, make, alter, and repeal Byelaws for regulating the Plans, Level, Width, Surface Inclination, and the Material of the Pavement and Roadway of new Streets and Roads, and the Plans and Level of Sites for building, and for regulating the Dimensions, Form, and Mode of Construction, and the keeping, cleansing, and repairing, of the Pipes, Drains, and other Means of communicating with Sewers, and the Traps and Apparatus connected therewith; for the emptying, cleansing, closing, and filling up of Cesspools and Privies; and for other Works of cleansing, and of removing and disposing of Refuse, and for regulating the Form of Appeal and Mode of proceeding thereon; and generally for carrying into effect the Purposes of this Act; and every such Board and Vestry Penalty for may thereby impose such reasonable Penalties as they think fit, Breach of Byenot exceeding Forty Shillings, for each Breach of such Byelaws; laws. and in case of a continuing Offence a further Penalty, not exceeding Twenty Shillings for each Day, after Notice of the Offence from the Board or Vestry: Provided always, that under Power to Jusevery such Byelaw, it shall be lawful for the Justices before whom tices to remit any Penalty imposed thereby is sought to be recovered, to order Penalties. the whole or Part only of such Penalty to be paid, or to remit the whole Penalty: Provided also, that no Byelaws shall be repugnant to the Laws of England, or to the Provisions of this Act; and that no Byelaw shall be of any Force or Effect unless and until the same be submitted to and confirmed at a subsequent Meeting of the Board or Vestry: Provided also, that no Penalty shall be imposed by any such Byelaw unless the same be approved by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

CCIII. All Byelaws made and confirmed as aforesaid in pur- Publication of suance of this Act, shall be printed, and hung up in the principal Byelaws. Office of the Board or Vestry, and be open to public Inspection without Payment, and Copies thereof shall be delivered to any Person applying for the same, on Payment of such Sum, not exceeding Twopence, as the Board or Vestry shall direct; and such Byelaws, when so published, shall be binding upon, and be observed by all Parties, and shall be sufficient to justify all Parties acting under the same; and the Production of a printed Copy of Evidence of such Byelaws, authenticated by the Scal of the Board or Vestry, Byelaws. shall be Evidence of the Existence, and of the due making, Confirmation, and Publication of such Byelaws, in all Prosecutions under the same, without adducing Proof of such Seal or of the

Fact of such Confirmation or Publication of such Byelaws. Provisions

Metropolitan Board of Works to make Byelaws.







C. 120.

Metropalis Local Management.

Provisions for Protection of Property and Works of Metropolitan and District Boards and Vestries, and preventing Obstruction in Execution of Works.

Buildings not to be made over Sewers without Consent.

CCIV. No Building shall be erected in, over, or under any Sewer vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works, or in any Vestry or District Board, without their Consent first obtained in Writing, and if any Building be erected contrary to this Provision, the Board or Vestry in whom such Sewer is vested may demolish the same, and the Expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the Person erecting such Building.

Penalty on Persons sweeping Dirt into Sewers.

CCV. No Scavenger or other Person shall sweep, rake, or place any Soil, Rubbish, or Filth, or any other Thing, into or in any Sewer or Drain, or over any Grate communicating with any Sewer or Drain, or into any Dock or Inlet communicating with the Mouth of any Sewer or Drain, or into which any Sewer or Drain may discharge its Contents, or into the River Thames contiguous thereto; and every Scavenger or other Person who shall so offend shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Penalty for ing, &c. Lamps or other Property of Vestries or District Boards, or of the Metropolitan Board.

CCVI. If any Person wilfully take away, break, throw down, or wilfully damage damage any Lamp set up for lighting any of the Streets in any Parish mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, or wilfully extinguish the Light within the same, or damage the Iron or other Furniture thereof, or wilfully damage any other Property vested in any Vestry or District Board, or any Property vested in the said Metropolitan Board, it shall be lawful for any Person who sees such Offence committed, to seize, as also for any other Person to assist in seizing, the Offender, and by Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant, to convey him, or to deliver him into the Custody of a Police Officer in order to be secured and conveyed, before some Justice; and if the Party accused be convicted of such Offence he shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, and shall also pay to such Vestry or Board the Amount of Damage done.

As to careless or accidental Damage to Lamps, &c.

CCVII. In case any Person carelessly or accidentally break, throw down, or damage any such Lamp, or the Iron or other Furniture thereof, or other such Property as aforesaid, he shall pay the Amount of Damage done.

Penalty on interrupting Workmen, &c. in Execution of Duties.

CCVIII. If any Person at any Time obstruct, hinder, or molest any Surveyor, Inspector, Collector, or other Officer, Workman, or Person whomsoever, employed by virtue of this Act, in the Performance or Execution of his Duty, every such Person so offending shall for the First Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings, for the Second Offence the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and for any subsequent Offence the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty upon Occupiers obstructing Execution of Works, or not disclosing T's Name.

CCIX. If the Occupier of any Premises prevent the Owner thereof from carrying into effect, with respect to such Premises, any of the Provisions of this Act, or any Order of any Vestry or District Board made in pursuance thereof, he shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day during the

Continuance of such Refusal or Neglect; and if the Occupier of any Premises, when requested by or on behalf of the Vestry or District Board to state the Name and Description of the Owner of the Premises occupied by him, refuse or wilfully omit to disclose or wilfully mis-state the same, it shall be lawful for any Justice to summon the Party to appear before him or some other Justice at a Time and Place to be appointed in such Summons: and if the Party so summoned neglect or refuse to attend at the Time and Place so appointed, or if he do not show good Cause for such Refusal, or if such wilful Omission or Mis-statement be proved, the Justice before whom the Party is so summoned may impose upon the Offender a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

CCX. All Savings and Provisions in Turnpike, Railway, Water- Savings and works, Improvement, and other Acts, saving and providing for the Rights, Powers, and Authorities of the Commissioners of Sewers for any of the Parts which shall be within the Metropolis as defined by this Act, shall, so far as the same are not incon sistent with the Provisions of this Act, continue and be in force in favour of and with reference to the Metropolitan Board of Works and the several District Boards of Works and Vestries having the Management of Sewers under this Act, and in favour of the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London, so far as such Savings and Provisions respectively are now applicable to them, or to any Officer or Person so continued by the said Board.

Provisions in Local Acts applicable to Commissioners of Sewers to apply to Metropolitan and District Boards,&c.

Appeals.

CCXI. Any Person who deems himself aggrieved by any Order Power to appeal of any Vestry or District Board in relation to the Level of any against Orders Building, or any Order or Act of any Vestry or District Board in and Acts of relation to the Construction, Repair, Alteration, stopping or filling up, or Demolition of any Building, Sewer, Drain, Watercloset, in relation to Privy, Ashpit, or Cesspool, may, within Seven Days after Notice Construction of of any such Order to the Occupier of the Premises affected thereby, Works. or after such Act, appeal to the Metropolitan Board of Works against the same; and all such Appeals shall stand referred to the Committee appointed by such Board for hearing Appeals as herein provided; and such Committee shall hear and determine all such Appeals, and may order any Costs of such Appeals to be paid to or by the Vestry or District Board by or to the Party appealing, and may, where they see fit, award any Compensation in respect of any Act done by any such Vestry or District Board in relation to the Matters aforesaid; provided that no such Compensation shall be awarded in respect of any such Act which may have been done under any of the Provisions of this Act on any Default to comply with any such Order as aforesaid, unless the Appeal be lodged within Seven Days after Notice of such Order has been given to the Occupier of the Premises to which the same relates.

CCXII. The Metropolitan Board of Works shall appoint a Metropolitan Committee for the Purpose of hearing all such Appeals as may Board to apbe made to the said Board as aforesaid, which Committee shall point a Comhave Power to hear and decide all such Appeals, and the Metro-ing Appeals. politan Board of Works shall from Time to Time fill up any Vacancy

Vestries and District Boards

mittee for hear-

Vacancy in such Committee, and the Chairman of the said Board shall, by virtue of his Office of Chairman, be a Member of the said Committee in addition to the Members appointed by the said Board, and shall preside at all Meetings of such Committee at which he is present; and in case of a Vacancy in the Office of such Chairman, or, in his Absence, some other Member of the Committee shall be chosen to preside, and all the Powers of such Committee may be exercised by any Three of them, and any Member of such Committee may at any Time resign his Office.

Retiring Allowances to Officers of Commissioners of Sewers, and Compensations to other Officers.

Power to grant Retiring Allowances to Persons employed under Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers.

11 & 12 Vict. c. 112. CCXIII. The Metropolitan Board of Works may, if they deem it just, order the Payment of Retiring Pensions or Allowances, of such Amounts and upon such Terms as they deem just, to any Officers or Persons who have been employed under the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, and who shall not continue to be employed by the Metropolitan Board of Works, or to any Officer or Person continued by the said Board, having regard in the Case of Persons who have been employed under any of the Commissions determined by the issuing of the First Commission under the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and twelve, to their Employment under any of such Commissions, as well as under the said Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, and to pay such Pensions or Allowances out of such Monies raised by the said Metropolitan Board under this Act as to them may seem meet.

Compensation to Officers of Paving Boards.

CCXIV. Every Officer to any Commissioners, Vestry, or other Body whose Powers in relation to paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, or improving, or otherwise in relation to the Regulation, Government, or public Concerns of any of the Parishes mentioned in either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, or any Part of any of such Parishes, are determined by this Act, and any paid Surveyor of Highways of any of such Parishes, shall be entitled within Six Months after the Commencement of this Act to make a Claim for Compensation in respect of any Loss of Emoluments arising from the passing of this Act, such Claim to be made to the Vestry of the Parish in case the Office of the Claimant existed in any Parish mentioned in the said Schedule (A.), and in other Cases to the District Board of the District in which the Office existed; and it shall be lawful for such Vestry or Board respectively to inquire, in such Manner as they think fit, what were the Nature and Tenure of the Office and the Period for which the same has been holden by the Claimant, and what were the lawful Emoluments in respect of which Compensation should be awarded; and the Vestry or District Board shall award a gross or yearly Sum, and, in the Case of a yearly Sum, for such Time as they think just upon consideration of the special Circumstances of each Case; but no such Award shall be final until confirmed by the Metropolitan Board of Works, and One Month before any such Award is taken into consideration by such Board, Notice of such Award shall be given to the Party in whose Favour the same is made, and such Board

Board shall take into consideration any Representations which may in the meantime be made to them by the Party in whose Favour the Award is made, and by the Vestry or District Board making the same, and such further Information or Representations in relation to the Matter of any such Award as the said Metropolitan Board may see fit to require or receive; and such Board may confirm such Award with or without any Alteration therein as to them may seem just; and any Person making any such Claim to Compensation whose Claim is rejected by any Vestry or District Board may, within One Month after Notice to him of the Rejection thereof, appeal against the Determination of such Vestry or District Board, to the Metropolitan Board of Works, and such Board shall consider all the Circumstances of the Case, and may, if it appear to them just, award Compensation to the Claimant in like Manner as the Vestry or District Board are herein empowered to do; and the Determination or Award of the said Metropolitan Board in reference to such Claim shall be final; and all Compensation awarded as aforesaid shall be paid out of the general Rates to be levied under this Act in the Parish or particular Part of any Parish to which the Office, in respect whereof the Compensation is awarded, related, so as to charge such Parish or particular Part therewith in exoneration of other Parishes and Parts: Provided always, that if any Person to whom a yearly Sum is awarded by way of Compensation as aforesaid, be appointed to any Office or Employment under the Vestry of any of the said Parishes, or under any District Board, or the Metropolitan Board of Works, or in the Public Service, the Payment of the Compensation so awarded shall be suspended so long as he continues to hold such Office or Employment, if the Emoluments thereof be equal to or greater than the Amount of the Emoluments of the Office formerly held by him, and in case the Emoluments of the Office or Employment to which he is appointed be not equal in Amount to those of his former Office, then no more of such Compensation shall be paid to him than will, with the Salary of his new Appointment, be equal to the Emoluments of his former Office.

Miscellaneous Clauses.

CCXV. Where, under the Authority of this Act, Two or more Where Two or Persons are or may be directed by any Vestry or District Board to more Persons do or join in doing any Act, or to pay or join in paying any Sum are to do any of Money, Costs, or Expenses, or where any Vestry or District Sum of Money, Board are authorized or think proper to permit Two or more Per- Vestry may sons to join together in doing any Act, or paying any Sum of apportion the / Money, Costs, or Expenses, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or same. District Board to apportion the Matter to be done, or the Sum of Money, Costs, or Expenses to be paid, between such Persons, in such Manner as the Vestry or Board consider just and reasonable.

CCXVI. In all Cases where any Vestry or District Board is Power to authorized to order any Costs, Charges, or Expenses to be paid by spread Repayprivate Parties, it shall be lawful for such Vestry or District Board ment of Exto order and accept Payment of such Costs, Charges, Expenses, Period not extogether with Interest thereon after a Rate not exceeding Five ceeding 20

18 & 19 Vict.

Pounds for the Hundred by the Year, by Instalments, within such Period, not exceeding Twenty Years in each Case, as they may determine, the Amount thereof to be recoverable in the same Manner as other Expenses are to be recovered under this Act.

CCXVII. It shall be lawful for any Vestry or District Board to require the Payment of any Costs or Expenses which the Owner of any Premises may be liable to pay under this Act, from any Person who then or at any Time thereafter occupies such Premises; and the Owner shall allow every such Occupier to deduct all Sums of Money which he so pays, or which are levied by Distress, out of the Rent from Time to Time becoming due in respect of the said Premises, as if the same had been actually paid to such Owner as Part of such Rent.

CCXVIII. Provided always, That no such Occupier shall be required to pay any further Sum than the Amount of Rent for the Time being due from him, or which, after such Demand of such Costs or Expenses from such Occupier, and after Notice not to pay his Landlord any Rent without first deducting the Amount of such Costs or Expenses, becomes payable by such Occupier, unless he refuse, on Application being made to him for that Purpose by or on behalf of the Vestry or District Board, truly to disclose the Amount of his Rent, and the Name and Address of the Person to whom such Rent is payable; but the Burden of Proof that the Sum demanded from any such Occupier is greater than the Rent due by him at the Time of such Notice, or which has since accrued, shall lie upon such Occupier.

CCXIX. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any Contract made or to be made between any Owner and Occupier of any House, Building, or other Property whereof it is or may be agreed that the Occupier shall pay and discharge all Rates, Dues, and Sums of Money payable in respect of such House, Building, or other Property, or to affect any Con-

tract whatsoever between Landlord and Tenant.

CCXX. Any Summons or Notice, or any Writ or other Process at Law or in Equity, or any other Matter or Thing whatso-ever, required to be served upon the Metropolitan Board of Works or any District Board or Vestry, may, unless herein otherwise provided, lawfully be served by delivering the same personally to the Clerk of such respective Board or Vestry, or by leaving the same at the principal Office of such Board or Vestry.

CCXXI. All Notices by this Act required to be given to the Owner or Occupier of any Land or Premises, or other Person, may be served personally on such Owner, Occupier, or Person, or left with some Inmate of his Place of Abode, and any Notice required to be given to any such Owner or Occupier may, if there be no Occupier, be affixed to some conspicuous Part of the Land or Premises, and it shall not be necessary in any Notice to any Owner or Occupier of any Land or Premises to name such Owner or Occupier: Provided always, that where there is no Occupier, and the Owner of any such Land or Premises, and his Place of Abode or that of his Agent is known to the Vestry or Board by or on behalf of whom such Notice is given, or any of their Officers, such

Occupiers to pay Expenses for which Owners are liable, and to be reimbursed out of Rent.

Occupier not to be required to pay more than the Amount of Rent owing by him.

Agreements between Landlord and Tenant not to be affected.

As to Service of Notices, &c. on Metropolitan and District Boards and

Vestries.

As to Service of Notices on Owners and Occupiers and other Persons.

Notice shall be served on such Owner personally, or left with some Inmate of his Place of Abode, or transmitted to such Owner through the Post Office, addressed to him at his Place of Abode or last known Place of Abode in the United Kingdom, or served on his Agent as aforesaid.

CCXXII. Every Notice, Demand, or like Document given by Authentication or on behalf of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or any Vestry of Documents. or District Board, under this Act, may be in Writing or Print, or partly in Writing and partly in Print, and shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by their Clerk or by the Officer by whom

the same is given.

CCXXIII. If any Person against whom the Metropolitan Board Proof of Debts of Works, or any District Board or Vestry, have any Claim or in Bankruptcy. Demand, become bankrupt, or take the Benefit of any Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, it shall be lawful for the Clerk or Collector, in all Proceedings under the Bankruptcy or Insolvency, to represent such Board or Vestry, and act in their Behalf in all respects as if such Claim or Demand were the Claim or Demand of the Clerk or Collector, and not of such Board or Vestry.

CCXXIV. If any Party have committed any Irregularity, Tender of Trespass, or other wrongful Proceeding in the Execution of this Amends. Act, or any Act incorporated therewith, or by virtue of any Power or Authority given by this Act or such other Act as aforesaid. and if before Action brought in respect thereof, such Party make Tender of sufficient Amends to the Party injured, such last-men-

tioned Party shall not recover in any such Action.

CCXXV. In every Case where the Amount of any Damage, Compensation, Costs, or Expenses is by this Act directed to be ascertained or Damage, and recovered in a summary Manner, or the Amount of any Damage, Costs, or Expenses is by this Act directed to be paid, and the Method of ascertaining the Amount or enforcing the Payment covered. thereof is not provided for, such Amount shall, in case of Dispute, be ascertained and determined by, and shall be recovered before Two Justices; and the Amount of any Compensation to be made under this Act by the said Metropolitan Board, or any Vestry or District Board, shall, unless herein otherwise provided, be settled, in case of Dispute, by, and shall be recovered before Two Justices, unless the Amount of Compensation claimed exceed Fifty Pounds, in which Case the Amount thereof shall be settled by Arbitration, according to the Provisions contained in the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, which are applicable where Questions of disputed Compensation are authorized or required to be settled by Arbitration.

CCXXVI. Where the Amount of any Compensation, or of any Method of pro-Damage, Costs, or Expenses, is to be determined by, or to be re- ceeding before covered before Two Justices, it shall be lawful for any Justice, upon the Application of either Party, to summon the other Party to appear before Two Justices, at a Time and Place to be named in such Summons; and upon the Appearance of such Parties, or, in the Absence of either of them, upon Proof of due Service of the Summons, it shall be lawful for such Two Justices to hear

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Expenses how to be ascertained and re-

Justices in Questions of Damages, &c.

and determine the Matter, and for that Purpose to examine such Parties, or any of them, and their Witnesses, on Oath, and make such Order, as well as to Costs as otherwise, as to them may seem just.

Penalties, &c. to be recovered as provided by 11 & 12 Vict. c. 43.

CCXXVII. Every Penalty or Forfeiture imposed by this Act, or by any Byelaw made in pursuance thereof, the Recovery of which is not otherwise provided for, may be recovered by summary Proceedings before any Justice in manner provided by the Act of the Session holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Forty-three, " to facilitate the Perform-" ance of the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions " within England and Wales with respect to summary Convic-" tions and Orders."

Damages to be made good in addition to Penalty.

CCXXVIII. If, through any Act, Neglect, or Default on account whereof any Person has incurred any Penalty imposed by this Act, any Damage to the Property of the said Metropolitan Board, or any Vestry or District Board, has been committed by such Person, he shall be liable to make good such Damage, as well as to pay such Penalty; and the Amount of such Damage, in case of Dispute, shall be determined by the Justices by whom the Party incurring such Penalty is convicted, and the Payment of the Amount of such Damage may be enforced in all respects as such Penalty.

Transient Offenders.

CCXXIX. It shall be lawful for any Officer or Servant of the said Metropolitan Board, or any Vestry or District Board, and for any Police Constable, and all Persons called by him to his Assistance, to seize and detain any Person who has committed any Offence against the Provisions of this Act, or any Byelaw made in pursuance thereof, and whose Name and Residence shall be unknown to such Officer or Servant or Police Constable, and convey him with all convenient Despatch before some Justice, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act; and such Justice shall proceed, with all convenient Despatch, to the hearing and determining of the Complaint against such Offender.

Proceedings not Want of Form.

CCXXX. No Act, Order, or Proceeding in pursuance of this to be quashed for Act, or in relation to the Execution thereof, shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form; nor shall the same be removed by Certiorari or otherwise into any of the Superior Courts, except as herein specially provided.

Parties allowed to appeal to Quarter Sessions, on giving Security.

CCXXXI. If any Person feel aggrieved by any Adjudication or Determination of any Justice or Justices with respect to any Penalty or Forfeiture under the Provisions of this Act, such Party may appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions; but no such Appeal shall be entertained unless it be made within Four Months next after the making such Determination or Adjudication, nor unless Ten Days Notice in Writing of such Appeal, stating the Nature and Grounds thereof, be given to the Party against whom the Appeal is brought, nor unless the Appellant forthwith, after such Notice, enter into Recognizances, with Two Sureties, before Two Justices, conditioned duly to prosecute such Appeal, and to abide the Order of the Court thereon.

CCXXXII. At

CCXXXII. At the General or Quarter Sessions for which such Court to make Notice is given the Court shall proceed to hear and determine the such Order as Appeal in a summary Way, or they may, if they think fit, adjourn it to the following Sessions; and upon the hearing of such Appeal the Court may, if they think fit, mitigate any Penalty or Forfeiture, or they may confirm or quash the Adjudication, and order any Money paid to the Appellant, or levied by Distress upon his Goods, to be returned to him, and may also order such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they may judge reasonable, and they may make such Order concerning the Costs, both of the Adjudication and of the Appeal, as they may think reasonable.

they think reasonable.

CCXXXIII. No Person shall be liable to the Payment of any Penalties to be Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act, or any Byelaw made by sued for within virtue thereof, for any Offence made cognizable before a Justice, unless the Complaint respecting such Offence have been made before such Justice within Three Months next after the Commission or Discovery of such Offence.

CCXXXIV. If the Application of any Penalty or Forfeiture be not otherwise provided for, One Half thereof shall go to the Informer, and the Remainder shall go to the Vestry or District Board of the Parish or District in which the Offence was committed, or if such Vestry or Board be the Informers, the whole of the Penalty recovered shall go to them; and all Sums which shall go to, or be recovered by any such Vestry or Board, on account of any such Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be paid to their Treasurer, or otherwise into such Bank, to their Account, as they may direct, and shall be applicable to the general Expenses of the Vestry or Board; provided that in every Case where any Vestry or Board are liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture, the whole of such Penalty

Application of Penalties.

Special Provisions and Savings.

or Forfeiture shall go to the Informer.

CCXXXV. Where the Vestries of any Parishes mentioned in Provision for either of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Act, now act jointly joint Action of or in union, or exercise any Powers or Privileges jointly or in union, or elect Guardians, Directors, Trustees, or other Persons whomsoever, whose Offices are not expressed to be determined Local Acts. by this Act for any joint Purposes, the Vestries of such Parishes elected under this Act may act jointly or in union, and shall have the like Powers and Privileges jointly or in union, and elect for such joint Purposes in like Manner and with the like Effect; and where in any of the said Parishes, any Guardians, Directors, Trustees, or other Persons whoseever whose Offices are not expressed to be determined by this Act, are now by Law elected out of the Vestry of any such Parish, such Guardians, Directors, Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid may be elected out of, or from the Vestrymen and Persons who under this Act are eligible as Vestrymen for the same Parish; and the Office of no such Guardian, Director, Trustee, or other Person shall be determined by reason of his ceasing to be a Vestryman in consequence of the passing of this Act; but every such Guardian, Director, Trustee,

Vestries, and Elections out of. Vestrics under

or other Person shall continue in Office until such Time as he would otherwise have ceased to hold his Office.

Agreement between the London and North-western Railway Company and certain Paving Commissioners confirmed.

CCXXXVI. 'And whereas by an Agreement, made on the ' Tenth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, between the London and North-western Railway Company of the one Part, and Five of the Commissioners acting under certain Acts of Parliament relating to the paving and improving of certain Streets in the Parish of Saint Pancras in the County of Middlesex of the other Part, it was agreed that the Commissioners acting under the said Acts should, in consideration of the Payment of the Sums of Three thousand Pounds and Five hundred Pounds to the said Commissioners by the said Company, put into good and complete State of Repair and Condition certain Roads therein particularly mentioned, and (except in the event therein mentioned of an Act not being obtained during the then next Session to authorize the Transfer to the said Commis-' sioners of the Management of the said Roads would maintain the said Roads at their own Charge and Expense: And whereas ' the said Sums have been paid to the said Commissioners, and it ' is expedient that the said Agreement should be confirmed, as ' herein-after mentioned :'

The said Agreement shall be confirmed so far as the same relates to the Repair and Maintenance of the said Roads; and the Maintenance thereof shall be vested in the Vestry of the said Parish of Saint Pancras in like Manner as if the said Commissioners had been by Act of Parliament liable to maintain and repair the said Roads at the Time of the Commencement of this Act; and the Sums paid to the said Commissioners as aforesaid, or such Part thereof as may not have been already applied for the Purpose of putting the said Roads into good and complete Repair, shall be paid over to the Vestry of the Parish of Saint Pancras, and be applied for the general Benefit of such Parish in aid of any Rates to be raised in such Parish to defray Expenses of paving, anything in this Act or in any Act relating to the said Company to the contrary notwithstanding.

Special Provision as to Powers of Commissioners. acting under 5 & 6 Vict. c. xlviii. as to paving Ely Place, &c.

CCXXXVII. This Act shall not divest the Commissioners under an Act of the Session holden in the Fifth and Sixth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Forty-eight (Local), "For paving, light-"ing, watching, cleansing, and improving Ely Place and Ely " Mews, Holborn, in the County of Middlesex," of any of the Powers or Property vested in them under that Act, nor shall any of the Provisions of this Act in relation to the paving, lighting, watering, and cleansing of Streets apply to the Parts within the Limits of the said Local Act, nor shall such Parts be assessed or rated under this Act for defraying any Expenses incurred by the District Board for the Holborn District in relation to paying, lighting, watering, and cleansing; but such Parts shall be subject to all the Provisions of this Act relating to Sewerage and House Drainage, and to be assessed or rated for Sewerage Expenses incurred by the said District Board, and for Expenses incurred by the Metropolitan Board of Works, and towards any Sums required to

be raised by such Board under this Act, in like Manner as other Parts within the said District.

CCXXXVIII. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained Special Provito the contrary, the Provisions of this Act shall extend and apply sion as to Pato the Parish of Woolwich only to the Extent and in manner rish of Woolwich.

herein-after mentioned; (that is to say,)

A Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works shall be from Time to Time elected by the Local Board of Health of Woolwich, at a Meeting of such Board, as by this Act directed with respect to the Vestry of each of the Parishes mentioned in the said Schedule (A.):

The said Metropolitan Board shall have and perform, within and in relation to the said Parish, all the Powers and Duties vested in them under this Act, in like Manner as within and in relation to other Parishes mentioned in the said Schedule (A.), save that the said Local Board shall be subject to all Orders of the said Metropolitan Board in relation to Sewerage and otherwise, and to all Precepts requiring Payment of Money, in all respects as the Vestries of other Parishes in the said Schedule (A.) are subject to the same, in lieu of the Vestry of the said Parish; and all Sums required to be paid by such Precepts shall be defrayed out of any Moneys carried to the District Fund Account, or by means of a General District Rate to be levied on the whole of the Parish of Woolwich, or such Part thereof as may be specified in the

Precept of the said Metropolitan Board.

CCXXXIX. Where any enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground Special Proviis vested in or under the Maintenance or Management of any Com- sions as to enmissioners or other Body, for the Use of the Inhabitants of any in Squares, &c. Square, Crescent, Circus, Street, or Place, surrounding or adjoining such Garden or Ground, and the Powers of such Commissioners or other Body do not extend beyond such Garden or Ground, and such Square, Crescent, Circus, Street, or Place, or any adjoining Street, Way, or Passage, so far as the same may abut upon any Part of any House, Shop, Building, or Tenement situate in or fronting any such Square, Crescent, Circus, Street, or Place, nothing in this Act shall divest such Commissioners or Body of any Property in such Garden or Ground, or in any Railing or Footway bounding the same, or of any Duties, Powers, or Authorities now or hereafter vested in any such Commissioners or other Body, for or in relation to the paving, watering, cleansing, improving, or regulating of such enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground, or in relation to the Railing or Footway bounding the same, or to levy Rates for defraying any Expenses incurred in the Execution of such Duties or Powers; and where the Maintenance or Management of any enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground is vested in any Commissioners or other Body, for the Use or Benefit of the Inhabitants of any Square, Crescent, Circus, Street, or Place surrounding or adjoining the same, who are liable to be assessed for the Maintenance thereof, and the Powers of such Commissioners or other Body extend beyond such enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground, and such Square, Crescent, Circus, Street, or Place, or such adjoining Street, Way, or Passage as Tt4

aforesaid, the Maintenance and Management of such enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground shall be vested in a Committee, consisting of not more than Nine nor fewer than Three of such Inhabitants, and such Committee shall be appointed annually in the First Week in *June* by such Inhabitants; and the Vestry or Board shall, from Time to Time, cause to be raised the Sums required by such Committee for defraying the Expenses of the Maintenance and Management of such enclosed Garden or ornamental Ground, or of such Part thereof as is situate within their Parish or District, by an Addition to the General Rate to be assessed on the Occupiers of the Houses or Buildings, the Occupiers whereof are now liable to be assessed for the same Purpose: Provided always, that where any such Rate which may now be levied for such Purpose is limited in Amount, the Rate to be levied under this Provision shall be subject to the like Limit.

Saving of Powers and Property of Commissioners under 14 & 15 Vict. c. 95.

CCXL. This Act shall not divest the Commissioners for carrying into execution "The Crown Estate Paving Act, 1851," and the subsisting Provisions of the Acts therein recited, or the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, of any of the Powers, Duties, Authorities, or Property vested in them respectively under the said Acts; and nothing in this Act shall extend to authorize or empower any Vestry or District Board to exercise any Power or Control whatsoever in respect of paving, maintaining, lighting, watering, cleansing, and regulating any Streets or Places in the Neighbourhood of the Houses of Parliament, delineated on a Plan marked E., referred to by "The Crown Estate Paving Act, 1851," or any Portion of the District now under the Management of the Commissioners for carrying into execution the said Crown Estate Paving Act, and the subsisting Provisions aforesaid, or to exercise any Power or Control whatsoever in or over any of the Gardens or Pleasure Grounds, the Management whereof is now, or may for the Time being be vested in such last-mentioned Commissioners; nor shall any such Street or Place, or any Portion of such District, as aforesaid, be assessed or rated under this Act, for defraying any Expenses incurred by any Vestry or District Board in relation to paving, lighting, watering, or cleansing, but such Streets, Places, and District shall be subject to all the Provisions of this Act relating to Sewerage and House Drainage, and to be assessed or rated for Sewerage Expenses incurred by any such Vestry or Board, and for Expenses incurred by the Metropolitan Board of Works, and towards any Sums required to be raised by such Board under this Act as by this Act provided.

Saving of the Rights of the Commissioners of Works. CCXLL Nothing in this Act shall divest the Commissioners for the Time being of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings of any Power or Property now or which for the Time being may be vested in them; and nothing in this Act shall extend to authorize or empower any Vestry or District Board to exercise any Power or Control whatsoever in or over any of the Royal or Public Parks, Gardens, or Pleasure Grounds, the Management whereof is now, or may be for the Time being vested in such Commissioners; and nothing in this Act shall abridge, alter, or affect

affect any Right, Power, Exemption, or Remedy of the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, or the said Commissioners, in, over, or in relation to the Possessions of the Crown or of the Public.

CCXLII. Nothing in this Act shall divest the Commissioners Saving Powers of Sewers of the City of London of any Powers or Property of City Comvested in them in relation to such Parts of any of the Parishes missioners of mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act as are within the City of London, nor shall such Parts be subject to be rated or assessed by any District Board, but shall be subject to all the Powers of the Metropolitan Board of Works as other Places in the City of London.

CCXLIII. Nothing in this Act shall extend to, or affect any of Saving Rights the Rights, Privileges, Powers, or Authorities vested in the Metro- of Metropolitan politan Sewage Manure Company by an Act of the Session holden Sewage Manure Company by an Act of the Session holden Company action the Ninth and Touth Years of How Majorty intituled An Act in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, intituled An Act ing under to incorporate a Company by the Name of the Metropolitan Sewage 9 & 10 Vict. Manure Company, or an Act of the Session then next following, c. cccxcviii.and intituled An Act for enabling the Metropolitan Sewage Manure 10 & 11 Vict. Company to alter the Line of their Works, and for other Purposes: c. cxxxviii. Provided always, that all Rights, Powers, and Authorities by either of the said Acts vested in the Commissioners of Sewers, for the Time being, for the City and Liberty of Westminster and Part of the County of Middlesex shall be vested in the Metropolitan Board of Works, and the Provisions of the said Acts shall be construed as applying to such Board in lieu of such Commissioners, but any Order or Act which might have been made or done by the said Commissioners at a Court of Sewers, may be made or done by the said Metropolitan Board at any Meeting of such Board.

CCXLIV. Nothing in this Act shall divest the Commissioners Saving Rights or Trustees of any Turnpike Road of any Powers or Property of Commisvested in them as such Commissioners or Trustees, save as herein tees of Turnexpressly provided with respect to Turnpike Roads; and save pike Roads. that the Footpaths of any such Road shall be under the Care and Management of the Vestries and District Boards of the Parishes or Districts in which the same are situate, in like Manner as other Footpaths in such Parishes and Districts: Provided always, that the Provisions of this Act transferring to Vestries and District Boards Powers and Property vested in any Commissioner or other Body in relation to the paving, lighting, watering, cleansing, and improving of their Parishes and Districts, and all other Provisions of this Act incident to or consequent upon such Transfer, shall apply to all Powers and Property vested in the Trustees of the Commercial Road, so far as regards any Streets or Highways other than such Road, and also so far as regards the Footpaths of such Road.

CCXLV. Nothing in this Act shall interfere with the Powers given by Law to the Commissioners of the Police of the Metropolis.

CCXLVI. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prejudice or affect any Question as to whether the Hamlet of Penge is or is not a Part of the Parish of Battersea.

Saving for Metropolitan Police Commissioners. Saving as to

Battersea and Penge.

CCXLVII. All

Repeal of Acts inconsistent with this Act.

In case of Conflict with the Provisions of this Act, Provisions of Local Acts may be varied by Order in Council, on Petition of Boards or Vestries.

CCXLVII. All Acts of Parliament in force in any Parish or Place to which this Act extends, or in any Part of such Parish or Place, shall, so far as the same are inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act, be repealed as regards such Parish or Place, or such Part thereof, notwithstanding any Provisions of this Act continuing and transferring respectively to Vestries of Parishes, and transferring to District Boards any Duties, Powers, or Authorities now vested in Vestries, Commissioners, or other Bodies.

CCXLVIII. Upon the Petition of the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of any District Board or Vestry, representing to Her Majesty in Council that by reason of the Provisions of any Local Act of Parliament relating to any District or Parish, or any Part thereof respectively, Difficulties have arisen in the Execution of this Act and of such Local Act, or either of them, and praying for a Suspension or Alteration of all or any of the Provisions of such Local Act, or for the Establishment of other Provisions in lieu thereof under this Enactment, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to suspend or alter all or any of the Provisions of such Local Act, and to make other Provisions in relation to the Matters thereof, as Her Majesty, with the Advice of Her Privy Council, may think necessary under the Circumstances of the Case; and every such Order in Council shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within One Month after the making thereof, if Parliament be then sitting, or, if Parliament be not sitting, then within One Month after the next Meeting of Parliament, and shall be published in the London Gazette: Provided always, that no such Order in Council shall remain in force beyond the Term of One Year from the making thereof.

Power to extend Act to adjoining Parishes.

Act may be extended by Order in Council to Parishes adjoining the Metropolis not having less than 750 Ratepayers.

CCXLIX. In case, and when, and so often as it is made to appear to Her Majesty in Council, upon the Representation of the Metropolitan Board of Works, that the Provisions of this Act should be extended to any Parish adjoining the Metropolis, and in which there are not less than Seven hundred and fifty Inhabitants rated to the Relief of the Poor, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, with the Advice of Her Privy Council, to order that the Provisions of this Act shall extend to such Parish, from and after a Day to be mentioned in this Behalf in the Order in Council, and that such Parish shall join with any Parish or Parishes or District in such Order named, in the Election, from Time to Time, of the Member or Members of the Metropolitan Board of Works by this Act directed to be elected for such Parish or Parishes or District; and to make such Provision as to the Mode in which every such joint Election shall take place, and otherwise in relation thereto, as to Her Majesty in Council may seem necessary and proper; and every such Order shall be published in the London Gazette; and from and after the Time mentioned in such Order for the Extension of the Provisions of this Act to any Parish s aforesaid, the Provisions of this Act shall extend to and be in force therein, in like Manner, so far as Circumstances will admit as such Provisions apply to any Parish mentioned in Schedule (A)

of this Act, subject, nevertheless, to the Provisions in such Order contained in relation to the Election, by such Parish jointly as aforesaid, of a Member or Members of the said Metropolitan Board: Provided always, that Notice of every such Representation, and of the Time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by Her Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette One Month at least before such Representation is so considered.

Interpretation and Commencement of Act.

CCL. In the Construction of this Act "the Metropolis" shall Interpretation be deemed to include the City of London, and the Parishes and of Terms. Places mentioned in the Schedules (A.), (B.), and (C.) to this Act; "the City of London" shall be deemed to include all Parts now within the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City of London; and the Word "Parish" shall include any Place mentioned in Schedule (A.) to this Act, and any Place or Combination of Places mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act, for which One or more Member or Members is or are to be elected to any District Board; the Expression "the Overseers of the Poor" shall include any Persons authorized to make and collect or cause to be collected the Rate for the Relief of the Poor in any Parish; any Expression referring to any Rate or Rates raised under this Act by the Metropolitan Board of Works, or any Vestry or District Board, shall mean the Sums and Rates authorized to be raised by the said Metropolitan Board, and the Sums authorized to be raised by any Vestry and District Board respectively; the Word "Owner" shall, except for the Purpose of the Provision of this Act requiring Notice to be served on Owners or reputed Owners of Land, before Application to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for his Consent to exercise Powers of taking Land, or any Right or Easement in or over Land, compulsorily, mean the Person for the Time being receiving the Rackrent of the Lands or Premises, in connexion with which the said Word is used, whether on his own Account, or as Agent or Trustee for any other Person, or who would so receive the same if such Lands or Premises were let at a Rackrent; the Word "Street" shall apply to and include any Highway (except the Carriageway of any Turnpike Road), and any Road, Bridge (not being a County Bridge), Lane, Footway, Square, Court, Alley, Passage, whether a Thoroughfare or not, and a Part of any such Highway, Road, Bridge, Lane, Footway, Square, Court, Alley, or Passage; the Word "Drain" shall mean and include any Drain of, and used for the Drainage of One Building only, or Premises within the same Curtilage, and made merely for the Purpose of communicating with a Cesspool or other like Receptacle for Drainage, or with a Sewer into which the Drainage of Two or more Buildings or Premises occupied by different Persons is conveyed, and shall also include any Drain for draining any Group or Block of Houses, by a combined Operation, under the Order of any Vestry or District Board; and the Word "Sewer" shall mean

and include Sewers and Drains of every Description, except Drains to which the Word "Drain," interpreted as aforesaid, applies; and the Word "Ashpit" shall include "Dustbin."

Commencement of Act. CCLI. This Act shall commence and come into operation, save as herein otherwise provided, on the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

SCHEDULE (A.)

PART L

Parishes each electing Two Members of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Saint Marylebone.
Saint Pancras.
Lambeth.
Saint George Hanover Square.
Islington, Saint Mary.
Shoreditch, Saint Leonard.

Saint Matthew Bethnal Green.

Paddington.

PART II.

Parishes each electing One Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Saint Mary Newington, Surrey. Camberwell. Saint James Westminster. Saint James and Saint John Clerkenwell to be considered as One Parish. Chelsea. Kensington, Saint Mary Abbot. Saint Luke Middlesex. Saint George the Martyr Southwark. Bermondsey. Saint George in the East. Saint Martin in the Fields. Hamlet of Mile End Old Town. Woolwich. Rotherhithe. Saint John Hampstead.

SCHEDULE (B.)

Parishes united into Districts for the Purposes of the Act.

PART I.

Districts each electing One Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Name-of District.	Parishes.	Number of Members to be elected to District Board
Whitechapel District -	Saint Mary Whitechapel -	- 27
William Composition of the Compo	Christchurch Spitalfields -	- 12
	Saint Botolph without Aldgate, in the	•
	County of Middlesex -	- 6
	Holy Trinity, Minories -	- 1
	Saint Katherine, Precinct of -	- 1
	Mile End New Town, Hamlet of	- 6
	Liberty of Norton Folgate -	- 3
	Old Artillery Ground	- 1
	Tower, District of	- 1
	Тотац	- 58
Westminster District -	Saint Margaret	- 30
	Saint John the Evangelist -	- 27
	Total	- 57
Greenwich District -	Saint Paul Deptford, including Hatchan	21
Greenwich Disarce	Saint Nicholas Deptford -	- 6
	Greenwich	- 30
	Total	- 57
Wandsworth District -	Clapham	- '18
Wands Words 212-100	Tooting Graveney	- 3
	Streatham	- 9
:	Saint Mary Battersea, excluding Peng	e 12
·	Wandsworth	- 9
	Putney, including Roehampton -	- 6
	TOTAL	- 57
Hackney District -	Hackney	- 51
	Saint Mary Stoke Newington -	- 6
	TOTAL	- 57
Saint Giles District -	Saint Giles in the Fields -	- 27
Saint Giles District -	Saint George Bloomsbury -	- 21
	Total •	48

	Metropolis Local Management.	
Name of District.	Parishes.	Number of Members to be elected to District Board.
Holborn District -	Saint Andrew Holborn above Bars -	24
	Saint George the Martyr	9
	Saint Sepulchre, in the County of Mid-	6
	Saffron Hill, Hatton Garden, Ely Rents,	6
	and Ely Place	9
	The Liberty of Glasshouse Yard -	ì
	Total	49
a. 130		••
Strand District -	Saint Anne Soho	18
	Saint Paul Covent Garden - Saint John the Baptist Savoy, or Pre-	9
	cinct of the Savoy	lı
	Saint Mary-le-Strand -	3
	Saint Clement Danes	15
	Liberty of the Rolls	3
	TOTAL	49
Fulham District -	Saint Peter and Saint Paul Hammersmith	24
	Fulham	15
	Total	39
Limehouse District -	Saint Anne Limehouse	15
	Saint John Wapping	3
·	Saint Paul Shadwell	6
	Ratcliffe, Hamlet of	12
	TOTAL	36
Poplar District	All Saints Poplar	24
2 32 10 11 11 11 11	Saint Mary Stratford-le-Bow	9
	Saint Leonard Bromley	15
	TOTAL	48
Saint Saviour's District		15
	Saint Saviour (including the Liberty of the Clink)	24
•	Total	39

PART II.

Districts united for electing One Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Name of District.	Parishes.					Number of Members to be elected to District Board.	
Plumstead District	Charlton ne	xt Woolw	rich	-	-	9	
1	Plumstead	-	-	•	-	12	
Į.	Eltham	-	-		-	6	
1	Lee -	•	-	-	-	9	
d united with	Kidbrooke	-	-	•	-	1	
		TOTAL	-	•	-	37	
Lewisham District -	Lewisham, i	ncluding	Sydeni	am Cha	pelry	24	
	Hamlet of H		-	•	-	`8	
•		TOTAL	-	-	-	27	

PART III.

Parish and District united for electing One Member of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

The Parish of Rother- hithe,				
united with				•
Saint Olave District	Saint Olave Saint Thomas Southwark Saint John Horsleydown	• •	- -	12 1 15
	Total -	•	-	28

SCHEDULE (C.)

The Close of the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter. The Charter House. Inner Temple. Middle Temple. Lincoln's Inn. Gray's Inn. Staple Inn. Furnival's Inn.

SCHEDULE (D.)

MAIN SEWERS OF THE METROPOLIS.

NORTH SIDE OF THE THAMES.

Stamford Brook (West Branch).

Commences at an Angle in the Boundary between the Parishes of Hammersmith and Acton, on the South of the Uxbridge and London Road, and tangent to a Footpath running South from East Acton Lane, extending thence in a South-easterly Direction to Paddenswick Green, when it joins the East Arm of the said Brook.

Stamford Brook (East Branch).

Commences at a Point on the Boundary between the Parishes of Hammersmith, Willesden, and Acton, about 100 Feet Northeast of the Old Oak Bridge over the North-western Railway, extending thence in a Southerly Direction to Paddenswick Green.

The united Streams of the above Two Branches discharge into Hammersmith Creek.

Brook Green Sewer.

Commences in Wood Lane, at the Keeper's Lodge, on the South Side of Wormwood Scrubs, and discharges into the River Thames by Two Outlets, viz., Bridge Road and Queen Street, on the East Side of Hammersmith Suspension Bridge.

A Branch from the above commences in New Road, at the North End of the Grove, and joins the Main Sewer at Broadway

Hammersmith.

Fulham Sewer.

Commences at a Sluice in the Moat surrounding the Bishop of London's Palace, on the West Side of the Junction of High Street, Fulham, with the Fulham Road, and discharges into the Thames under the Toll House of Fulham Bridge.

Eel Brook Sewer.

Commences at a Point in North End Road, about 80 Feet North-west of Walham Green Church, and discharges into Kensington Canal on the South-east Side of the Imperial Gasworks.

Counters Creek Sewer (Main Line).

Commences at a Point in the Harrow Road, about 200 Feet West of Kensal Green Cemetery Gate, and discharges into the Thames at the Outlet now forming on the South-west Side of Cremorne Gardens.

Counters Creek Sewer (West Branch).

Commences at a Culvert under the Grand Junction Canal, on the Boundary between the Parishes of Kensington and Hammersmith, at the South-west Corner of Kensal Green Cemetery, and joins the above Main Line in Latimer Road at its Junction with Bromley Road. Counters

Counters Creek Sewer (East Branch).

Drains the whole of Kensal New Town, situate in a detached Portion of the Parish of St. Luke Chelsea, and Part of the Parish of St. Mary Paddington, and passes under the Great Western Railway at a Bridge leading to Portobello Lane, on the South-east Side of the Western Gasworks, and joins the Main Sewer at a Point about a Quarter of a Mile North-west of Notting Barn Farm.

Counters Creek Sewer (Kensington Branch).

Commences in Victoria Grove at about 50 Feet to the North of Uxbridge Road, and joins the Main Line at the Junction of Pembroke and Warwick Roads.

Sewer to the Metropolitan Sewage Manure Works.

Commences at Knightsbridge at its Junction with the Ranelagh Sewer, and extends thence in a South-westerly Direction to the Works at Stanley Bridge.

Millman's Row Sewer.

Commences in Fulham Road, at about 780 Feet West, and at about 230 Feet East of the Junction of Park Walk with Fulham Road, and discharges into the River Thames opposite to Millman's Row.

Church Street Sewer.

Commences in Gloucester Road at its Junction with Canning Place, at about 750 Feet South of Hogmore Lane Gate, and discharges into the Thames on the South Side of Chelsea Old Church.

Queen Street Sewer.

Commences between Gloucester Road and Hyde Park Gate South, on the South of Kensington Road, and about 300 Feet South of Kensington Gate runs through Old Brompton, and discharges into the River Thames on the East Side of Chelsea Free Dock.

Smith Street Sewer.

Commences in the Kensington Road at a Point about 750 Feet West of Prince of Wales Gate, and extends thence by Rutland Gate, Rutland Street, and Fulham Road, on the West of Brompton Crescent, and along College and Markham Streets, and discharges into the Thames on the West Side of Chelsea Royal Hospital.

Ranelagh Sewer.

The Branch Sewers from Edgeware Road, Finchley Road, and Kilburn Vale unite at Kilburn Bridge, and for the Main Line, which, running in a Southerly Direction, discharges into the River Thames on the South-east Side of Chelsen Royal Hospital.

This Sewer has several Branches, the chief of which commences in Grove End Road, at about 900 Feet West of St. John's Wood Road, extending thence by Lisson Grove, New Road, Grand Junction Road, and Albion Street, to a Tumbling Bay, where it joins the Main Sewer in Uxbridge Road.

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King's

King's Scholars Pond Sewer.

Commences in the Finchley Road, at about 1500 Feet above Junction Road Toll Gate, and discharges into the River Thames at the Equitable Gasworks, about 700 Feet above Vauxhall Bridge.

King's Scholars Pond Sewer (Pall Mall Branch).

Commences at Waterloo Place, and joins the Main Line opposite the Entrance of Buckingham Palace.

Grosvenor Ditch.

Commences in Page Street, at about 150 Feet East of the Junction with Regent Street, Vauxhall Bridge Road, and discharges into the River Thames at the Northern Extremity of Millbank Road.

Horseferry Road Sewer.

Commences in Grey Coat Place, and discharges into the River Thames at the Horseferry Stairs.

Wood Street Sewer.

Commences in Grey Coat Place, and discharges into the River Thames in the Prolongation of Wood Street.

Victoria Street Sewer.

Commences at Shaftesbury Terrace, Pimlico, and discharges into the Thames at Percy Wharf.

Regent Street Sewer (Western Branch).

Commences in the outer Circle of the Regent's Park, at about 200 Feet North-west of Hanover Gate Entrance, and joins the Eastern Branch in the New Road, opposite to the Prolongation of Portland Place.

Regent Street Sewer (Eastern Branch).

Commences in Upper Albany Street, at about 200 Feet South of Collateral Cut Bridge over the Regent's Canal, and joins the Western Branch at the aforesaid Point in the New Road.

The Main Sewer proceeds thence along Regent Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Percy Wharf.

Northumberland Street Sewer (Western Branch).

Commences in Warren Street, on the North of Fitzrov Square, and proceeds in a Southerly Direction along Cleveland, Newman, Wardour, Princes, and Panton Streets, Haymarket, to Charing Cross, opposite the District Post Office.

Northumberland Street Sewer (Eastern Branch).

Commences in New Road, at about 170 Feet West of the Junction with Hampstead Road, and proceeds along Tottenham Court Road, High Street, Seven Dials, and St. Martin's Lane, to Charing Cross, when it joins the Western Branch.

The Main Line proceeds along Northumberland Street, and discharges into the Thames at Northumberland Wharf.

Savoy

Savoy Street Sewer.

Commences in Stanhope Street, Regent's Park Basin, at a Point at about 160 Feet North of the Junction with Edward Street, and proceeds along Robert, George, Gower, Charlotte, Bloomsbury, Endell, Bow, Wellington, and Savoy Streets, and discharges into the Thames at a Point about 100 Feet above Waterloo Bridge.

Norfolk Street Sewer.

Commences at the Junction of Drury Lane and Long Acre, and passes by the Olympic Theatre, and along Newcastle Street and Strand, and discharges into the River Thames opposite Norfolk Street.

Essex Street Sewer (Western Branch).

Commences in Russell Square, opposite Montague Place, and proceeds along Montague, Russell, and Museum Streets, Drury Lane, Great Wild Street, and Vere Street, to the Junction of the Eastern Branch at the Intersection of Sheffield and Gilbert Streets, Clare Market.

Essex Street Sewer (Eastern Branch).

Commences at the Corner of Tottenham Court Road, and proceeds along New Oxford Street, Newton Street, and Cross Lane, Parker and Great Queen Streets, West Side of Lincoln's Inn Fields, to the Junction with the Western Arm above described.

The Main Sewer proceeds thence along Gilbert Street, Clement's Lane, Pickett Street, and Essex Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Temple Pier.

Fleet Sewer.

Commences in High Street, Hampstead, at the Junction of High Street with Flask Walk, extending thence through South End Green, Gordon House Lane, Victoria Road, Great College Street, Old St. Pancras Road, Bagnigge Wells Road, West of Middlesex House of Correction, and by Farringdon Street to Blackfriars Bridge, where it discharges into the River Thames.

This Sewer has numerous Tributaries running into other Districts, the chief of which are Camden Road, Caledonian Road, Pentonville Hill, River Street, St. John's Road, Holborn Hill, and

Guildford Street.

Gospell Street Sewer.

Commences in Sydney Street, at the Junction of Sydney Grove, and discharges into the Thames at Walbrook.

London Bridge Sewer (City Road Branch).

Commences at Duncan Terrace, on the West Side of the New River, and joins the Main Line at the North End of Finsbury Payement.

Another Branch commences in Lonsdale Square, Islington, and, extending thence through Barnsbury Street, Richmond Grove, passes under the New River at New North Road Bridge, thence along Portland Place, King Street, under the Regent's Canal, by

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Sturt's Lock, Walbrook Street, and Critchill Place, where it joins another Branch at St. John's Church, Hoxton.

London Bridge Sewer (Balls Pond Branch).

Commences on the Boundary between St. Mary Islington and St. John Hackney, at Cock and Castle Lanc, Dalston, and passes by Balls Pond and Rosemary Branch Bridge to the Junction at St. John's Church, above described. The United Sewers then discharge into the River Thames at London Bridge.

London Bridge Sewer (Shoreditch Branch).

Commences in Queen's Road, at the Junction with Laurel Street, Dalston, and extending thence along Queen's Road, Great Cambridge Street, Hackney Road, Shorcditch, and Bishopsgate, joins the Main Line at King William's Statue.

Irongate Sewer.

Commences in the City, and proceeds along the South-west Side of Houndsditch, West Side of Minories, and by the Precincts of Old Tower Without, and discharges into the River Thames at Irongste Stairs, on the East of the Tower.

Nightingale Lane Sewer.

Commences in Union Street, Old Artillery Ground, and Booth Street, Spitalfields, and extends thence along Commercial, Leonard, Wells, and Parson Streets, and Nightingale Lane, and discharges into the Thames on the Western Side of the Entrance into Hermitage Basin.

Hermitage Street Sewer.

Commences in Redmead Lane, on the Boundary between the Parishes of St. John Wapping and St. George in the East, and extends thence along Great Hermitage Street, and discharges into the River Thames at about 50 Feet East of Union Stairs.

Old Gravel Lane Sewer.

Commences at the Boundary between the Parishes of St. George in the East and St. John Wapping, in Old Gravel Lane, and discharges into the River Thames at a Point about 110 Feet West of the Thames Tunnel.

Wapping Wall Sewer.

Commences in Green Bank, at the Junction of Upper Well Alley, and passes through King Street, and discharges into the River Thames at about 120 Feet on the North-east Side of New Crane Dock.

Shadwell Basin Sewer.

Commences on the North Side of the Eastern Dock, at the Termination of West Gardens, and extends thence between the Warehouses and New Gravel Lane, on the North Side of Shadwell Basin, and along Shadwell Dock Street, and discharges into the River Thames at the Eastern Pier of the Shadwell Entrance to the London Docks,

Pennington

Pennington Street Sewer.

Commences at the Boundary between the Parishes of St. George in the East and St. John Wapping, in St. George Street, and extends thence along Pennington Street, Old Gravel Lane, West Gardens, Cow Lane, Little Spring Street, Labour-in-Vain Street, and Lower Shadwell, and discharges into the River Thames at Shadwell Dock Stairs.

Ratcliffe Highway Sewer (Western Branch).

Commences at the Junction of Sherwood Place with Meed Street, at about 900 Feet South-east of Shoreditch Church, and extends along Turvile, Thomas, and High Streets, and White-chapel Road, to the Junction of New Road with Whitechapel Road.

Ratcliffe Highway Sewer (Eastern Branch).

Commences at the Junction of Hague Street with Bethnal Green Road, and extends along Hague Street, Wellington and Charles Streets, to the Junction of New Road with Whitechapel Road, above described.

Ratcliffe Highway Sewer (North-eastern Branch).

Commences from the Rear of Shoreditch Church, and proceeds along Old Castle Street, Virginia Row, Wellington Row, Old Bethnal Green Road, Cambridge Road, Cleveland Street, King Street, Jamaica Street, Havering Street, and Love Lane, to Ratcliffe Highway.

The Main Sewer proceeds along New Road, Cannon Street Road, St. George's Street, High Street, Shadwell, and Broad Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Ratcliff Cross

Stairs.

Limekiln Dock Sewer.

Commences at the Junction of Victoria Road with Bishop's Road on the South-western Side of Bonner's Hall Bridge, leading into Victoria Park, and extends along Victoria Road, East Side of Bethnal Green, Globe Road, White Horse Lane, and Rhodeswell Road, and passes under the Regent's Canal at Rhodeswell Wharf, thence along the Black Ditch, Upper North Street, and North Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Limekiln Dock.

Great Sluice and Drunken Dock Sluice.

These Sluices are situated on the Eastern Side of the Isle of Dogs, and drain the whole of that Part of the Isle South of the West India Dock Basin. They have Four inlet Sluices for Purposes of flushing.

Blackwall Sluice.

Commences at Batson's Inlet, near Limehouse Entrance to the West India Dock, and discharges into the Thames on the North Side of the Blackwall Entrance to the West India Dock.

Eastern Counties Railway Sewer.

Commences at Mile End Bridge, over the Regent's Canal in Bow Road, proceeds along Bow Road, Tredegar Square, and by the Railway, and discharges into the River Lea, where the Viaduct of the said Railway crosses that River.

Hackney Brook Sewer (Main Line).

Commences in the High Road opppsite to St. John's Church Upper Holloway, and extends thence in a South-east Direction along Holloway Road to a Point about 450 Feet South of Tollington Road, thence in an Easterly Direction by the North of Abney Park Cemetery, Hackney Downs, and Hackney Wick, and discharges into the River Lea, immediately to the North of Old Ford Wharf.

Hackney Brook Sewer (Wick Lane Branch).

Commences in Old Ford Road, on the East Side of Old Ford Bridge, crossing the Regent's Canal, and extends along Grove Road, Wick Lane, and joins the Main Sewer at Hackney Wick.

SOUTH SIDE OF THE THAMES.

Beverley Brook.

Commences on the Boundary between the Parishes of Putney and Wimbledon, at a Point about 1,800 Feet South of Beverley Bridge, on the Kingston Road, and discharges into the River Thames about Half a Mile above Putney Town.

Sewer between Parishes of Pulney and Wandsworth.

Commences on the Road from Kingston to Wandsworth, and discharges into the River Thames at a Point about 1,500 Feet below Fulham Bridge.

Wandle River.

Commences at a Point where the Parishes of Streatham and Tooting intersect the River, and discharges into the River Thames at the Town of Wandsworth.

Falcon Brook.

Commences at Tooting Common, and discharges into the River Thames at Battersea Creek.

Lord Spencer's Sewer.

Commences in the Town of Battersea, and extends in an Easterly Direction through Battersea Park, and discharges into the River Thames at about 400 Feet below Battersea New Bridge.

Heath Wall Sewer (Main Line).

Commences at the Falcon Brook at a Sluice about 300 Feet North of the South-western Railway, and extending along the South Margin of Battersea Fields, discharges into the Thames at Heath Wall Mill.

Heath Wall Sewer (Clapham Rise Branch).

Commences on the Boundary between the Parishes of Clapham and Lambeth at the Intersection of New Road with Clapham Rise, and extends along the East Side of Clifton Street, and joins the Main Sewer at a Point about 100 Feet North-east of New Road, Battersea Fields.

Effra Sewer.

Commences at the Boundary between the Parishes of St. Mary Lambeth and Croydon, in Westow Hill Road, immediately opposite to the Convent of "Our Lady," and discharges into the River Thames at Vauxhall Creek, on the South Side of the Phœnix Gasworks, and near to Vauxhall Bridge.

Effra Sewer (Upper Norwood Branch).

Commences in Westow Hill Road on the Boundary between the Parishes of Lambeth and Croydon, at about 200 Feet West of the Crystal Palace Hotel, and proceeds Northward along the Boundary between the Parishes of St. Mary Lambeth and St. Giles Camberwell, and joins the Main Sewer at a Point about 230 Feet West of Croxted Lane.

Duffield and Battle Bridge Sewers.

These Sewers drain the most densely inhabited Portions of the South Side. The Inlets for flushing Purposes are at Kennington, Vauxhall, Lambeth Church, and Stangate. The Outlets are by the following Sluices, viz., the Arnold and Dover Sluices, near Waterloo Bridge; Pudding Mill, near Blackfriars Bridge; the Boar's Head, Welch Troopers, Black Lion, and Bear Sluices, near Southwark Bridge; the Bridge Yard, Battle Bridge; and Green Bank, in St. Olave Southwark; Freeman's Lane, St. John Jerusalem; and Great St. John, in Horsleydown; and the Salisbury and Duffield Sluices, in Bermondsey.

Limekiln Sluice.

Drains the open Fields of Part of the Parish of Rotherhithe, and proceeds along Swan Lane, and discharges into the River Thames at about 300 Feet East of the Thames Tunnel.

Globe Stairs Sewer.

Drains the Northern Basin of the Commercial Dock Company, and extends along the Eastern Side of St. Paul's Church, Rother-hithe, and Part of Rotherhithe Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Globe Stairs.

Sewer at Durand's Wharf (Rotherhithe).

Commences to the South-east of Bull-Head Dock, Rotherhithe, and pursues an Easterly Course by Rotherhithe and Lower Queen Street, and discharges into the River Thames at a "10 Footway," opposite to Cow Lane.

Rotherhithe Pier Sewer.

Commences in Trinity Street, at a Point about 400 Feet South of Cow Lane, and proceeds along Trinity Street, and discharges into the River Thames at Rotherhithe Boat Pier.

U u 4 Earl

Earl Sewer (Main Line).

Commences in Cold Harbour Lane, at a Point about 1100 Feet North-east of its Junction with Loughborough Road, and proceeds along High Street, Camberwell, Camberwell Road, Boundary Lane, and Eastward along the Boundaries of several Parishes, and discharges into the River Thames on the Boundary between the Counties of Surrey and Kent, near to the Royal Dock Yard, Deptford.

Earl Sewer (Wyndham Road Branch).

Commences on the East Side of Kennington Park, and proceeds along New Row, and Southward on the East of Thomas Street, Eastward along Wyndham Road, and joins the Main Sewer at a Point about 100 Feet South of Southampton Street, Camberwell.

Earl Sewer (White Post Lane Brunch).

Commences in Victoria Road, at the Junction with Choumert Place and Cutthroat Lane, near Peckham Rye, and proceeds along Victoria Road, Hanover Street, Rye Lanc, High Street, Meetinghouse Lane, Halfway House Lane, and White Post Lane, and joins the Main Sewer at the Junction of the Parishes of Rotherhithe, St. Paul's Deptford, and St. Giles Camberwell.

Royal Dock Yard Sewer.

Commences on the East of Black Horse Bridge, and extends Eastward on the South Side of the Mast Pond, and discharges into the River Thames opposite to the Royal Victualling Yard.

Ravensbourne and Sydenham Sewer.

Commences at Bell Green, and extends along and by Catsford Hill Road, Lewisham, and Bromley Road, Silver Street, Loam Pit Vale, and Mill Lane, and discharges into Deptford Creek at Parish Wharf, near Kingsford Mill.

Ravensbourne and Lee Green Sewer.

Commences in the Eltham Road, about 300 Feet East of Lee Green, and proceeds along Lee Road, Lewisham Road, Bath Place, Egerton Road, and North Pole Lane, to a pumping Station, where it discharges into Deptford Creek, at a Point about 400 Feet North of the London and Greenwich Railway.

Horseferry Road (Greenwich).

Commences in Caroline Street and Roan Street, and proceeds along Union and Bridge Streets, and discharges into the River Thames at Horseferry.

SCHEDULE (E.)

Form of Mortgage of Rates.

Mortgage Number (Year of the By virtue of an Act passed in the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled [here insert the Title of this Act], the Metropolitan Board of Works, or the Board of Works

for

for the District of or the Vestry of the Parish of (as the Case may be), in consideration of the Sum of by *A.B.* of for the Purposes of the said Act, do grant and assign unto the said A.B., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, all [here describe the Monies or Rates to be mortgaged], to hold to the said A.B., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, from the Day of the Date hereof until the said Sum of with Interest at the Rate of per Centum per Annum for the same, shall be fully paid and satisfied; and it is hereby declared that the said Principal Sum shall be repaid on the Day of and that in the meantime the Interest thereof shall be paid on the Day of and the in every Year. Day of

In witness whereof the Metropolitan Board of Works, or the said District Board, or the said Vestry, (as the Case may be,) have hereunto set their Seal, this Day of One thousand eight hundred and

SCHEDULE (F.)

Form of Transfer of Mortgage.

I *A.B.* of in consideration of the Sum of Pounds paid to me by C.D. of do hereby transfer to the said C.D., his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, a certain Mortgage, Number , bearing Date the and made by the Metropolitan Board of Works, or of the Board of Works for the District of or the Vestry of the Parish of for securing the Sum of and Interest for, if such Transfer be by Indorsement on the Mortgage, insert, instead of the Words after "Assigns," the within Security], and all my Property, Right, and Interest in and to the Money thereby secured, and in and to the Monies thereby assigned. witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this One thousand eight hundred and Day of

A.B.(L.S.)

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts, 1848 and 1849.

[14th August 1855.] HEREAS the Provisions of "The Nuisances Removal and 11 & 12 Vict.

Diseases Provention Act 1848" amandal by "The State of the ases Prevention Act, 1848," amended by "The c. 123. Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Amendment Act, 12 & 1 c. 111.

' 1849," are defective, and it is expedient to repeal the said Acts ' as far as relates to England, and to substitute other Provisions

' more effectual in that Behalf:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

12 & 13 Vict.

L From

Recited Acts repealed as far as relates to England, &c.

Interpretation of certain Terms used in this Act.

I. From and after the passing of this Act, the said Acts are by this Section repealed, as far as relates to England: Provided always, that all Proceedings commenced or taken under the said Acts, and not yet completed, may be proceeded with under the said Acts, and all Contracts or Works undertaken by virtue of the said Acts shall continue and be as effectual as if the said Acts had not been repealed.

II. In this Act the following Words and Expressions have the Meanings by this Section herein-after assigned to them, unless such Meanings be repugnant to or inconsistent with the Context; (that is to say,) the Word "Place" includes any City, Borough, District under the Public Health Act, Parish, Township, or Hamlet, or Part of any such City, Borough, District, Town, Parish, Township, or Hamlet; the Word "Guardians" includes the Directors, Wardens, Overseers, Governors, or other like Officers having the Management of the Poor for any Parish or Place where the Matter or any Part of the Matter requiring the Cognizance of any such Officer arises; the Word "Borough," and the Expressions "Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses," "Council," and "Borough Fund," have respectively the same Meaning as in the Acts for the Regulation of Municipal Corporations, and shall also respectively mean, include, and apply to any Royal Borough, Royal Town, or other Town having a Warden, High Bailiff, Borough Reeve, or other Chief Officer, and Burgesses or Inhabitants, however designated, associated with him in the Government or Management thereof, or any Town or Place having a Governing Body therein, in the Nature of a Corporation or otherwise, and to the Chief Officers and Governing Bodies of such Boroughs, Towns, and Places, and to the Funds and Property under the Management of or at the Disposal of such Chief Officers and Governing Bodies; the Expression "Improvement Act" means an Act for regulating and managing the Police of, and for draining, cleansing, paving, lighting, watching, and improving a Place, and an Act for any of those Purposes; the Word "Owner" includes any Person receiving the Rents of the Property in respect of which that Word is used, from the Occupier of such Property on his own Account, or as Trustee or Agent for any other Person, or as Receiver or Sequestrator appointed by the Court of Chancery or under any Order thereof, or who would receive the same if such Property were let to a Tenant; the Word "Premises" extends to all Messuages, Lands, or Tenements, whether open or inclosed, whether built on or not, and whether public of private; the Word "Parish" includes every Township or Place separately maintaining its Poor, or separately maintaining its own Highways; the Expression "Quarter Sessions" means the Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for a County, Riding, or Division of a County, City, or Borough; the Word "Person," and Words applying to any Person or Individual, apply to and include Corporations, whether aggregate or sole; and the Expression "Two Justices" shall, in addition to its ordinary Signification, mean One Stipendiary or Police Magistrate acting in any Police Court for the District. PART

PART I.

And with respect to the Constitution of the Local Authority for the Execution of this Act, the Expenses of its Execution, the Description of Nuisances that may be dealt with under it, and the Powers of Entry for the Purposes of the Act, be it enacted thus: Nuisances, and

III. The following Bodies shall respectively be the Local Authority to execute this Act in the Districts hereunder stated in *England*:

In any Place within which the Public Health Act is or shall be

in force, the Local Board of Health:

In any other Place wherein a Council exists or shall exist, the herein stated. Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses by the Council, except in the City of London and the Liberties thereof, where the Local Authority shall be the Commissioners of Sewers for the Time being; and except in the City of Oxford and Borough of Cambridge, where the Local Authority shall be the Commissioners acting in execution of the Local Improvement Acts in force respectively in the said City and Borough:

In any Place in which there is no Local Board of Health or Council, and where there are or shall be Trustees or Commissioners under an Improvement Act, such Trustees or

Commissioners:

In any Place within which there is no such Local Board of Health nor Council, Body of Trustees, or Commissioners, and where there is or shall be a Board for the Repair of the

Highways of such Place, that Board:

In any Place where there is no such Local Board of Health, Council, Body of Trustees, or Commissioners, nor Highway Board, a Committee for carrying this Act into execution, by the Name of "The Nuisances Removal Committee," of which the Surveyor or Surveyors of Highways for the Time being of such Place shall be ex officio a Member or Members, may be annually chosen by the Vestry on the same Day as the Overseers or Surveyors of Highways, and the first of such Committees may be chosen at a Vestry to be specially held for that Purpose; and such Committee may consist of such Number of Members as the Vestry shall determine, not being more than Twelve, exclusive of such Surveyor or Surveyors, and of such Committee Three shall be a Quorum:

In any Place wherein there is no such Local Board of Health, Council, Body of Trustees or Commissioners, Highway Board or Committee appointed as aforesaid, and wherein there is or shall be a Board of Inspectors for Lighting and Watching under the Act 3 & 4 W. 4. c. 90., that Board with the Sur-

veyors of Highways:

In any Place in which there is no such Local Board of Health, Council, Body of Trustees, or Commissioners, nor Highway Board, nor Committee appointed as aforesaid, nor Board of Inspectors

PART J. Constitution of Local Authority, Expenses,Description of Powers of Entry.

The Local Authority to execute this Act in Places as

PART I. Constitution of Local Authority, Expenses, &c.

As to filling up

Vacancies.

Inspectors for Lighting and Watching, the Guardians and Overseers of the Poor and the Surveyors of the Highways in and for such Place.

IV. On any Vacancy in such Nuisances Removal Committee arising from Death, Change of Residence or otherwise, Notice shall be given by the Committee to the Churchwardens, who shall forthwith summon a Meeting of the Vestry, and fill up such Vacancy by Election; and until such Vacancy is filled up, the remaining Members of the Committee may act in all respects as if their Number was complete.

Power to Local Authority to appoint Com-

As to the Exe-

cution of this

Act in Extra-

parochial

Places.

mittees.

V. The Local Authority may appoint any Committee of their own Body to receive Notices, take Proceedings, and in all or certain specified respects execute this Act, whereof Two shall be a Quorum; and such Local Authority, or their Committee, may. in each particular Case, by Order in Writing under the Hand of the Chairman of such Body or Committee, empower any Officer or Person to make Complaints and take Proceedings on their Behalf.

VI. In Extra-parochial Places not comprised within the Jurisdiction of any of the Local Authorities aforesaid, and having a Population of not less than Two hundred Persons, the Local Authority for the Execution of this Act shall be a Nuisance Removal Committee, elected annually by the Householders within

the Extra-parochial Place:

The First Election of such Committee shall take place at a Meeting of such Householders summoned for that Purpose by the Churchwardens of the adjacent Place having the largest common Boundary with such Extra-parochial Place; and

Subsequent Elections shall be held annually on some Day in Easter Week at Meetings summoned by the Chairman of the

Local Authority for the Year preceding:

Extra-parochial Places not so comprised as aforesaid, and having a Population of less than Two hundred Persons, shall, for the Purpose of this Act, be attached to and form Part of the adjacent Place having the largest common Boundary with the Extra-parochial Place, and Notice of Vestry Meetings for the Election of a Local Authority under and for the Purposes of this Act shall be given in such Extra-parochial Places, and the Householders within such Places may attend such Vestry Meetings, and vote on such Elections.

As to defraying Expenses of executing this Act

VII. All Charges and Expenses incurred by the Local Authority in executing this Act, and not recovered, as by this Act provided, may be defrayed as follows; to wit,

Out of General District Rates, where the Local Authority is a Local Board of Health:

Out of the Borough Fund or Borough Rate, where the Local Authority is the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses by the Council, or if there be an Improvement Act for the Borough administered by the Council, then out of Rates levied thereunder applicable to the Purposes of such Improvement Act; or in the City of London and the Liberties thereof, any Rates

or Funds administered by the Commissioners of Sewers for the said City and Liberties;

Provided always, that in the City of Oxford and Borough of Cambridge such Expenses shall be deemed annual Charges and Expenses of cleansing the Streets of the said City and Borough respectively, and shall be so payable;

Out of the Rates levied for Purposes of Improvement under any Improvement Act, where the Local Authority is a Body

of Trustees or Commissioners acting in execution of the

Powers of such an Act;
Out of Highway Rates, or any Fund applicable in aid or in lieu thereof, where the Local Authority is a Highway Board, or a Nuisances Removal Committee;

Out of the Rates for Lighting and Watching, where the Local Authority is a Board of Inspectors appointed for Lighting

and Watching;

And if there be no such Rates or Funds, or if the Local Authority be the Guardians and Surveyors of Highways, then out of the Rates or Funds applicable to the Relief of the Poor of the Parish or Place wherein such Rates or Funds are collected or arise, if such Parish or Place be co-extensive with the District within which the Charges and Expenses are incurred, but if such Parish or Place be now or hereafter shall be partly comprised within and partly without the Limits of a Place where a Local Authority, other than a Highway Board, Nuisance Removal Committee, Inspectors of Watching and Lighting, and Surveyors or Guardians and Surveyors, exists or shall exist, all the Charges and Expenses incurred in the District comprising that Part of the Parish or Place which is excluded from such Limits shall be defrayed out of any Highway Rate or Rates, or any Funds applicable in lieu thereof, collected or raised within the Part so excluded; and if there be more than One Highway Rate collected within such District, the Local Authority shall settle the Proportion in which the respective Parties or Places liable thereto shall bear such Charges and Expenses; and if any Portion of such excluded Part be exempt from such Highway Rate or Rates, then all the Charges and Expenses incurred in the whole of such excluded Part shall be defrayed out of any District Police Rate or other Rate which may by the Act 12 & 13 Vict. Cap. 65. be raised and assessed upon such excluded Part:

And when the Local Authority has not Control of such Rates or Funds, the Officer or Person having the Custody or Control thereof shall pay over the Amount to the Local Authority, on the Order of Two Justices, directed to such Officer or Person; and on Neglect or Refusal to pay the Sum specified in such Order for Six Days after the Service thereof, the same may, by Warrant under the Hands of the same or any Two Justices, be levied by Distress and Sale of the

Goods

PART I. Constitution of Local Authority, Expenses, Description of Nuisances, and Powers of Entry.

What are deemed Nui-

this Act.

sances under

Goods and Chattels of the Officer or Person in default, and such Levy shall include the Costs of such Distress and Sale: In Extra-parochial Places having a Population of not less than Two hundred Persons, out of a Rate assessed by the Local Authority on all such Property in the Place as would be assessable to Highway Rate if such Rate were levied therein:

In Extra-parochial Places having a Population of less than Two hundred Persons, out of a similar Rate assessed by the Surveyor of Highways of the adjacent Place having the largest common Boundary with such Extra-parochial Place:

And the Local Authority in the First Case, and the Surveyor of Highways in the Second, may levy and collect the Sums so assessed, in the same Manner, and with the same Remedies in case of any Default in Payment thereof, and with the same Right of Appeal against the Amount of such Assessment reserved to the Person assessed, as are provided by the Law in force for the Time being with regard to Rates for the Repair of Highways.

VIII. The Word "Nuisances" under this Act shall include— Any Premises in such a State as to be a Nuisance or inju-

rious to Health:

Any Pool, Ditch, Gutter, Watercourse, Privy, Urinal, Cesspool, Drain, or Ashpit so foul as to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health:

Any Animal so kept as to be a Nuisance or injurious to

Health:

Any Accumulation or Deposit which is a Nuisance or in-

jurious to Health:

Provided always, that no such Accumulation or Deposit as shall be necessary for the effectual carrying on of any Business or Manufacture shall be punishable as a Nuisance under this Section, when it is proved to the Satisfaction of the Justices that the Accumulation or Deposit has not been kept longer than is necessary for the Purposes of such Business or Manufacture, and that the best available Means have been taken for protecting the

Public from Injury to Health thereby.

Power to Local Authority to appoint a Sanitary Inspector, and allow him a proper Salary.

IX. The Local Authority shall, for the Purposes of this Act, appoint or employ, or join with other Local Authorities in ap pointing or employing, a Sanitary Inspector or Inspectors, and may appoint a convenient Place for his or their Office, and may allow to every such Person, on account of his Employment, a proper Salary or Allowance; and where Local Authorities join in such Appointment or Employment they may apportion among themselves the Payment of such Salary or Allowance: Provided always, that where the Local Authority has already appointed an Officer who executes the Duties of such Inspector under any Improvement Act, it shall not be necessary to appoint any other Inspector under this Act, but the Inspector acting in execution of the Improvement Act shall have all the Powers, Authorities, and Privileges granted to any Inspector appointed under this Act X. Notice

X. Notice of Nuisance may be given to the Local Authority by Notice of Nuiany Person aggrieved thereby, or by any of the following Persons; sances to be the Sanitary Inspector or any paid Officer under the said Local given to Local Authority; Two or more Inhabitant Householders of the Parish to ground Proor Place to which the Notice relates; the Relieving Officer of the ceedings. Union or Parish; any Constable or any Officer of the Constabulary or Police Force of the District or Place; and in case the Premises be a Common Lodging House, any Person appointed for the Inspection of Common Lodging Houses; and the Local Authority may take Cognizance of any such Nuisance after Entry made as herein-after provided, or in conformity with any Improvement Act under which the Inspector has been appointed.

XI. The Local Authority shall have Power of Entry for Power of Entry the following Purposes of this Act, and under the following to Local Au-Conditions :—

1. To ground Proceedings.

Authority, &c.

thority or their Officer.

For this Purpose, when they or any of their Officers have reasonable Grounds for believing that a Nuisance exists on any private Premises, Demand may be made by them or their Officer, on any Person having Custody of the Premises, of Admission to inspect the same, at any Hour between Nine in the Morning and Six in the Evening; and if Admission be not granted, any Justice having Jurisdiction in the Place may, on Oath made before him of Belief in the Existence of the Nuisance, and after reasonable Notice of the intended Application to such Justice being given in Writing to the Party on whose Premises the Nuisance is believed to exist, by Order under his Hand, require the Person having the Custody of the Premises to admit the Local Authority or their Officer; and if no Person having Custody of the Premises can be discovered, any such Justice may and shall, on Oath made before him of Belief in the Existence of such Nuisance, and of the Fact that no Person having Custody of the Premises can be discovered, by Order under his Hand authorize the Local Authority or their Officers to enter the Premises between the Hours aforesaid.

2. To examine Premises where Nuisances exist, to ascertain the Course of Drains, and to execute or inspect Works ordered by Justices to be done under this Act.

For these Purposes, whenever, under the Provisions of this Act, a Nuisance has been ascertained to exist, or when an Order of Abatement or Prohibition under this Act has been made, or when it becomes necessary to ascertain the Course of a Drain, the Local Authority may enter on the Premises, by themselves or their Officers, between the Hours aforesaid, until the Nuisance shall have been abated, or the Course of the Drain shall have been ascertained, or the Works ordered to be done shall have been completed, as the Case may be.

3. To remove or abate a Nuisance in case of Noncompliance with or Infringement of the Order of Justices, or to inspect or examine any Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour, under the Powers and for the Purposes of this Act.

PART I.
Constitution of
Local Authority,
Ex penses, &c.

For this Purpose the Local Authority or their Officer my from Time to Time enter the Premises where the Nuisance exists or the Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour is found, at all reasonable Hours, or at all Hours during which Business is carried on on such Premises, without Notice.

PART II.

PART II.
With regard to
Removal
of Nuisances.

Proceedings by Local Authority before Justices in the Case of Nuisances likely to recur, &c.

If proved to Justices that Nuisance exists, &c., they shall issue Order for Abatement, &c.

Justices Order for Abatement.

With regard to the Removal of Nuisances, be it enacted thus: XII. In any Case where a Nuisance is so ascertained by the Local Authority to exist, or where the Nuisance in their Opinion did exist at the Time when the Notice was given, and, although the same may have been since removed or discontinued, is in their Opinion likely to recur, or to be repeated on the same Premises or any Part thereof, they shall cause Complaint thereof to be made before a Justice of the Peace; and such Justice shall thereupon issue a Summons requiring the Person by whose Act, Default, Permission, or Sufferance the Nuisance arises or continues, or if such Person cannot be found or ascertained, the Owner or Occupier of the Premises on which the Nuisance arises, to appear before any Two Justices, in Petty Sessions assembled, at their usual Place of Meeting, who shall proceed to inquire into the said Complaint; and if it be proved to their Satisfaction that the Nuisance exists, or did exist at the Time when the Notice was given, or, if removed or discontinued since the Notice was given, that it is likely to recur or to be repeated, the Justices shall make an Order in Writing under their Hands and Seals on such Person, Owner, or Occupier for the Abatement or Discontinuance and Prohibition of the Nuisance as herein-after mentioned, and shall also make an Order for the Payment of all Costs incurred up to the Time of hearing or making the Order for Abatement or Discontinuance or Prohibition of the Nuisance.

XIII. By their Order the Justices may require the Person on whom it is made, to provide sufficient Privy Accommodation, Means of Drainage or Ventilation, or to make safe and habitable. or to pave, cleanse, whitewash, disinfect, or purify the Premises which are a Nuisance or injurious to Health, or such Part thereof as the Justices may direct in their Order, or to drain, empty, cleanse, fill up, amend, or remove the injurious Pool, Dich, Gutter, Watercourse, Privy, Urinal, Cesspool, Drain, or Ashpit which is a Nuisance or injurious to Health, or to provide a Substitute for that complained of, or to carry away the Accumulation or Deposit which is a Nuisance or injurious to Health, or to provide for the cleanly and wholesome keeping of the Animal kept so as to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health, or if it be proved to the Justices to be impossible so to provide, then to remove the Animal, or any or all of these Things (according to the Nature of the Nuisance), or to do such other Works or Acts as are necessary to abate the Nuisance complained of, in such Manner and within such Time as in such Order shall be specified; and if the Justices are of opinion that such or the like Nuisance is likely to recur

Prohibitive Order against re Nui-

recur, the Justices may further prohibit the Recurrence of it, and direct the Works necessary to prevent such Recurrence, as the Case may in the Judgment of such Justices require; and if the Nuisance proved to exist be such as to render a House or Building. in the Judgment of the Justices, unfit for Human Habitation, they may prohibit the using thereof for that Purpose until it is rendered fit for that Purpose in the Judgment of the Justices, and on their being satisfied that it has been rendered fit for such Purpose. they may determine their previous Order by another declaring such House habitable, from the Date of which other Order such

House may be let or inhabited.

XIV. Any Person not obeying the said Order for Abatement Penalty for shall, if he fail to satisfy the Justices that he has used all due Contravention Diligence to carry out such Order, be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty of not more than Ten Shillings per Day during his Default; and any Person knowingly and wilfully acting contrary to the said Order of Prohibition shall be liable for every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Shillings per Day during such contrary Action; and the Local Authority may, under Local Authothe Powers of Entry given by this Act, enter the Premises to rity may enter which the Order relates, and remove or abate the Nuisance condemned or prohibited, and do whatever may be necessary in execution of such Order, and charge the Cost to the Person on whom the Order is made as herein-after provided.

nom the Order is made as herein-after provided.

Appeal against XV. Any such Order of Prohibition may be appealed against Order of Pro-

as provided in this Act.

XVI. When it shall appear to the Justices that the Execution Appeal against of structural Works is required for the Abatement of a Nuisance, Order of Abatethey may direct such Works to be carried out under the Direction ment when or with the Consent or Approval of any Public Board, Trustees, or Commissioners having Jurisdiction in the Place in respect of required. such Works; and if within Seven Days from the Date of the Order the Person on whom it is made shall have given Notice to the Local Authority of his Intention to appeal against it as provided in this Act, and shall have entered into Recognizances to try such Appeal as provided by this Act, and shall appeal accordingly, no Liability to Penalty shall arise, nor shall any Work be done nor Proceedings taken under such Order, until after the Determination of such Appeal, unless such Appeal cease to be prosecuted.

XVII. Whenever it appears to the Satisfaction of the Justices If Person that the Person by whose Act or Default the Nuisance arises, or cannot be found, the Owner or Occupier of the Premises, is not known or cannot Local Authobe found, then such Order may be addressed to and executed by Order at once. such Local Authority, and the Cost defrayed out of the Rates or

Funds applicable to the Execution of this Act.

XVIII. Any Matter or Thing removed by the Local Authority Manure, &c. to in pursuance of this Enactment may be sold by Public Auction, be sold. after not less than Five Days Notice by Posting Bills distributed in the Locality, unless in Cases where the Delay would be prejudicial to Health, when the Justices may direct the immediate 18 & 19 Vict.

of Order of Abstement, &c.

and remove or abate Nuisance.

hibition.

structural Works are

rity to execute

Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts

Removal, Destruction, or Sale of the Matter or Thing; and the Money arising from the Sale, retained by the Local Authority and applied in Payment of all Expenses incurred under this A with reference to such Nuisance, and the Surplus, if any, shall i paid, on Demand, by the Local Authority, to the Owner of such TI. egard to moves? sisances.

XIX. All reasonable Costs and Expenses from Time to Time incurred in making a Complaint, or giving Notice or in obtaining a Complaint, or giving Notice or in obtaining an Order of Luctions under this last on in comming the an Order of Justices under this Act, or in carrying the same in effect under this Act, shall be deemed to be Money Paid for t Use and at the Request of the Person on whom the Order is made or if the Order be made on the Local Authority, or if no Order be made, but the Nuisance be proved to have existed when Complaint was made or the Notice given, then of the Person whose Act or Default the Nuisance was caused; and in case Nuisances caused by the Act or Default of the Owner of the said Premises shall be and continue chargeable with such Co and Expenses, and also with the Amount of any Penalties incur under this Act, until the same be fully discharged, provided the such Costs and Expenses shall not exceed in the whole One Yea Rackrent of the Premises; and such Costs and Expenses a Penalties, together with the Charges of suing for the same, m be recovered in any County or Superior Court, or, if the Lo Authority think fit, before any Two Justices of the Peace; is the said Justices shall have Power to divide such costs, and Penalties between the Penalties Default the Nuisance Default the Nuisance arises, in such Manner as hey shall consider measurable and it is sider reasonable; and if it appear to them that a Complaint manner this Act is frivolous under this Act is frivolous or unfounded, they may order the P ment by the Local Authority or Person making the Complain the Costs incurred by the Person against whom the Compli-

or in consequence of any Order of Justices made in pursual this Act as aforesaid. is made, or any Part thereof. of this Act as aforesaid, any Justice of the Peace, upon the plication of the Local Authority, shall issue a Summons required the Person from whom they are due, to appear before Two tices at a Time and Place to be named therein; and upon to the Satisfaction of the Justices present, that any such Expenses or Penalties are so due, such Justices, unless the fit to excuse the Party summoned upon the Ground of or other special Circumstances, shall, by Order in Writing their Hands and Seals, order him to pay the Amount Local Authority at once, or by such Instalments as the ships fit together with the Change at the same and the ships fit together with the Change at the same at the ships fit together with the Change at the same at the sa think fit together with the Charges attending such A and the Proceedings thereon; and if the Amount of the and the Inches thereof, be not paid within Fourtent the same is due, the same may, by Warrant of the sites be levied by Distress and Sale. XXI. All Surveyors and District Surveyors may m

cleanse, and keep open all Ditches, Gutters, Drains

on whom det is made, CHEST OF

s and Ex-

rks to be d by Per-

Rate, if any.

Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts Consolidation and Amendment.

courses in and through any Lands or Grounds adjoining or lying cleanse Ditches. near to any Highway, upon paying the Owner or Occupier of &c., payingsuch Lands or Grounds, provided they are not Waste or Common, Owners, &c. for the Damages which he shall thereby sustain, to be settled and for Damages. paid in such Manner as the Damages for getting Materials in inclosed Lands or Grounds are directed to be settled and paid by the Law in force for the Time being with regard to Highways. XXII. Whenever any Ditch, Gutter, Drain, or Watercourse Power to Local

used or partly used for the Conveyance of any Water, Filth, Authority to Sewage, or other Matter from any House, Buildings, or Premises cover and imis a Nuisance within the Meaning of this Act, and cannot, in the prove open Opinion of the Local Authority be rendered innerways without Ditches, &c. Opinion of the Local Authority, be rendered innocuous, without the laying down of a Sewer, or of some other Structure along the same or Part thereof, or instead thereof, such Local Authority shall and they are hereby required to lay down such Sewer or other Structure, and to keep the same in good and serviceable Repair, and they are hereby declared to have the same Powers as to entering Lands for the Purposes thereof, and to be entitled to recover the same Penalties in case of Interference, as are contained in the Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Sections of the Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William the Fourth, intituled An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws 5 & 6 W. 4. c. 50. relating to Highways in England; and such Local Authority are sa. 67, 68. hereby authorized and empowered to assess every House, Building. or Premises then or at any Time thereafter using, for the Purposes aforesaid, the said Ditch, Gutter, Drain, Watercourse, Sewer, or other Structure, to such Payment, either immediate or annual, or distributed over a Term of Years, as they shall think just and reasonable, and, after Fourteen Days Notice at the least, left on the Premises so assessed, to levy and collect the Sum and Sums so assessed in the same Manner, and with the same Remedies in case of Default in Payment thereof, as Highway Rates are by the Law in force, for the Time being, leviable and collectable, and with the same Right and Power of Appeal against the Amount of such Assessment reserved to the Person or Persons so assessed, as by the Law for the Time being in force, shall be given against any Rate made for the Repair of the Highways; and the Provisions contained in this Section shall be deemed to be Part of the Law relating to Highways in England: Provided always, that where such Ditch, Gutter, Drain, or Watercourse shall, as to

XXIII. Any Person or Company engaged in the Manufacture Penalty for of Gas who shall at any Time cause or suffer to be brought or to causing Water flow into any Stream, Reservoir, or Aqueduct, Pond or Place for by Gas Wash-Water, or into any Drain communicating therewith, any Washing ings.

Parts thereof, be within the Jurisdiction of different Local Authorities, this Enactment shall apply to each Local Authority only as to so much of the Works hereby required, and the Expenses thereof, as is included within the respective Jurisdiction of that Authority: Provided also, that such Assessment shall in no Case exceed a Shilling in the Pound on the Assessment to the Highway

PART II.
With regard to
Removal
of Nuisances.

Penalty to be sued for in Superior Courts within Six Months.

Daily Penalty during the Cont invance of the Offence.

or other Substance produced in making or supplying Gas, or shall wilfully do any Act connected with the making or supplying of Gas whereby the Water in any such Stream, Reservoir, Aqueduct, Pond or Place for Water shall be fouled, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXIV. Such Penalty may be recovered, with full Costs of

XXIV. Such Penalty may be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, in any of the Superior Courts, by the Person into whose Water such Washing or other Substance shall be conveyed or shall flow, or whose Water shall be fouled by any such Act as aforesaid, or if there be no such Person, or in default of Proceedings by such Person, after Notice to him, from the Local Authority, of their Intention to proceed for such Penalty, by the Local Authority; but such Penalty shall not be recoverable unless it be sued for during the Continuance of the Offence, or within Six Months after it shall have ceased.

XXV. In addition to the said Penalty of Two hundred Pounds (and whether such Penalty shall have been recovered or not), the Person or Company so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds (to be recovered in the like Manner) for each Day during which such Washing or other Substance shall be brought or shall flow as aforesaid, or during which the Act by which such Water shall be fouled shall continue, after the Expiration of Twentyfour Hours from the Time when Notice of the Offence shall have been served on such Person or Company by the Local Authority, or the Person into whose Water such Washing or other Substance shall be brought or flow, or whose Water shall be fouled thereby, and such Penalty shall be paid to the Parties from whom such Notice shall proceed; and all Monies recovered by a Local Authority under this or the preceding Section shall, after Payment of any Damage caused by the Act for which the Penalty is imposed, be applied towards defraying the Expenses of executing this Act.

Penalty on Sale of unwholesome Meat, &c.

XXVI. The Sanitary Inspector may at all reasonable Times inspect and examine any Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour exposed for Sale, or in the course of, or on their Way to slaughtering, dressing, or Preparation for Sale or Use, or landed from any Ship or Vessel in any Port in England; and in case any such Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour appear to him to be unfit for such Food the same may be seized; and if it appear to a Justice that any such Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour is unfit for the Food of Man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for Sale or used for such Food; and the Person to whom such Carcase, Meat, Poultry, Game, Flesh, Fish, Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour belongs, or in whose Custody the same is found, shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds for every Carcase, Fish, or Piece of Meat, Flesh, or Fish, or any Poultry or Game, or for the Parcel of Fruit, Vegetables, Corn, Bread, or Flour so found. XXVII.

XXVII. If any Candle House, Melting House, Melting Place, As to Nuior Soaphouse, or any Slaughter-house, or any Building or Place sances arising for boiling Offal or Blood, or for boiling, burning, or crushing in Cases of noxious Trades, Business, or any Manufactory, Building, or Place used for any Trade, Businesses, Pro-Business, Process, or Manufacture causing Effluvia, be at any Time cesses, or Manu certified to the Local Authority by any Medical Officer, or any Two factures. legally qualified Medical Practitioners, to be a Nuisance or injurious to the Health of the Inhabitants of the Neighbourhood, the Local Authority shall direct Complaint to be made before any Justice, who may summon before any Two Justices in Petty Sessions assembled at their usual Place of Meeting, the Person by or in whose Behalf the Work so complained of is carried on, and such Justices shall inquire into such Complaint, and if it shall appear to such Justices that the Trade or Business carried on by the Person complained against is a Nuisance, or causes any Effluvia injurious to the Health of the Inhabitants of the Neighbourhood, and that such Person shall not have used the best practicable Means for abating such Nuisance or preventing or counteracting such Effluvia, the Person so offending (being the Owner or Occupier of the Premises, or being a Foreman or other Person employed by such Owner or Occupier,) shall, upon a summary Conviction for such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum of not more than Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, and upon a Second Conviction for such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, and for each subsequent Conviction a Sum double the Amount of the Penalty imposed for the last preceding Conviction, but the highest Amount of such Penalty shall not in any Case exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that the Justices may suspend their final Determination in any such Case, upon Condition that the Person so complained against shall undertake to adopt, within a reasonable Time, such Means as the said Justices shall judge to be practicable and order to be carried into effect for abating such Nuisance, or mitigating or preventing the injurious Effects of such Effluvia, or shall give Notice of Appeal in the Manner provided by this Act, and shall enter into Recognizances to try such Appeal, and shall appeal accordingly: Provided always, that the Provisions herein-before contained shall not extend or be applicable to any Place without the Limits of any City, Town, or populous District.

XXVIII. Provided also, That if, upon his Appearance before Reference to such Justices, the Party complained against object to have the Superior Court Matter determined by such Justices, and enter into Recognizances, at the Option of with sufficient Sureties, to be approved by the Justices, to abide the Event of any Proceedings at Law or in Equity that may be had against him on account of the Subject Matter of Complaint, the Local Authority shall thereupon abandon all Proceedings before the Justices, and shall forthwith take Proceedings at Law or in Equity in Her Majesty's Superior Courts for preventing or abating the Nuisance complained of.

XXIX. Whenever the Medical Officer of Health, if there be On Certificate One, or if none, whenever Two qualified Medical Practitioners, of Medical

the Party com-

plained against.

shall Officer that

House is overcrowded, Proceedings may be taken, &c. shall certify to the Local Authority that any House is so overcrowded as to be dangerous or prejudicial to the Health of the Inhabitants, and the Inhabitants shall consist of more than One Family, the Local Authority shall cause Proceedings to be taken before the Justices to abate such overcrowding, and the Justices shall thereupon make such Order as they may think fit, and the Person permitting such overcrowding shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Local Authority to order Costs of Prosecutions to be paid out of the Rates. exceeding Forty Shillings.

XXX. The Local Authority may, within the Area of their Jurisdiction, direct any Proceedings to be taken at Law or in Equity in Cases coming within the Purview of this Act, and may order Proceedings to be taken for the Recovery of any Penalties, and for the Punishment of any Persons offending against the Provisions of this Act, or in relation to Appeals under this Act, and may order the Expenses of all such Proceedings to be paid out of the Rates or Funds administered by them under this Act.

PART III.
As to Procedure under
this Act.

PART III.

And with regard to Procedure under this Act, be it enacted, That

Service of Notices, Summonses, and Orders. XXXI. Notices, Summonses, and Orders under this Act may be served by delivering the same to or at the Residence of the Persons to whom they are respectively addressed, and where addressed to the Owner or Occupier of Premises, they may also be served by delivering the same, or a true Copy thereof to some Person upon the Premises, or if there be no Person upon the Premises who can be so served, by fixing the same upon some conspicuous Part of the Premises, or if the Person shall reside at a Distance of more than Five Miles from the Office of the Inspector, then by a registered Letter through the Post.

Proof of Resolutions of Local Authority. XXXII. Copies of any Orders or Resolutions of the Local Authority or their Committee, purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such Body or Committee, shall, unless the contrary be shown, be received as Evidence thereof, without Proof of their meeting, or of the official Character or Signature of the Person signing the same.

As to Proceedings taken against several Persons for the same Offence.

XXXIII. Where Proceedings under this Act are to be taken against several Persons in respect of One Nuisance caused by the joint Act or Default of such Persons, it shall be lawful for the Local Authority to include such Persons in One Complaint, and for the Justices to include such Persons in One Summons, and any Order made in such a Case, may be made upon all or any Number of the Persons included in the Summons, and the Costs may be distributed as to the Justices may appear fair and reasonable.

One or more joint Owners or Occupiers may be proceeded against alone, XXXIV. In case of any Demand or Complaint under this Act to which Two or more Persons, being Owners or Occupiers of Premises, or partly the one, or partly the other, may be answerable jointly or in common or severally, it shall be sufficient to proceed against any one or more of them without proceeding against the others or other of them; but nothing herein contained shall prevent

vent the Parties so proceeded against from recovering Contribution in any Case in which they would now be entitled to Contribution

by Law.

XXXV. Whenever, in any Proceeding under this Act, whether Designation of written or otherwise, it shall become necessary to mention or refer "Owner" or to the Owner or Occupier of any Premises, it shall be sufficient to "Occupier." designate him as the "Owner" or "Occupier" of such Premises, without Name or further Description.

XXXVI. Whoever refuses to obey an Order of Justices under Penalty for this Act for Admission on Premises of the Local Authority or their obstructing Officers, or wilfully obstructs any Person acting under the Autho- Execution of rity or employed in the Execution of this Act, shall be liable for

every such Offence to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXXVII. If the Occupier of any Premises prevent the Owner Penalty on Octhereof from obeying or carrying into effect the Provisions of this Act, any Justice, to whom Application is made in this Behalf, shall by Order in Writing require such Occupier to desist from such Prevention, or to permit the Execution of the Works required to be executed, provided that such Works appear to such Justice to be necessary for the Purpose of obeying or carrying into effect the Provisions of this Act; and if within Twenty-four Hours after the Service of such Order the Occupier against whom it is made do not comply therewith, he shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day afterwards during the Continuance of such Non-compliance.

XXXVIII. Penalties imposed by this Act for Offences com- Penalties and mitted, and Sums of Money ordered to be paid under this Act may Expenses rebe recovered by Persons thereto competent in England according coverable under to the Provisions of the Act of the Florenth and Twelch Verson 11 & 12 Vict. to the Provisions of the Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the present Reign, Chapter Forty-three; and all Penalties recovered by the Local Authority under this Act shall be paid to them, to be by them applied in aid of their Expenses under this

Act.

XXXIX. No Order, nor any other Proceeding, Matter, or Thing Proceedings done or transacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, shall not to be be vacated, quashed, or set aside for Want of Form, nor shall any want of Form. Order, nor any other Proceeding, Matter, or Thing done or transacted in relation to the Execution of this Act, be removed or removable by Certiorari, or by any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of the Superior Courts; and Proceedings under this Act against several Persons included in One Complaint shall not abate by reason of the Death of any among the Persons so included, but all such Proceedings may be carried on as if the deceased Person had not been originally so included.

XL. Appeals under this Act shall be to the Court of Quarter Appeals under Sessions held next after the making of the Order appealed against; this Act to be but the Appellant shall not be heard in support of the Appeal to Quarter unless, within Fourteen Days after the making of the Order appealed against, he give to the Local Authority Notice in Writing stating his Intention to bring such Appeal, together with a Statement in Writing, of the Grounds of Appeal, and shall, within Two

 $X \times 4$

cupier obstructing Owner.

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PART III.

As to Procedure under
this Act.

Days of giving such Notice, enter into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace, with sufficient Securities, conditioned to try such Appeal at the said Court, and to abide the Order of, and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Court or any Adjournment thereof; and the said Court, upon hearing and finally determining the Matter of the Appeal, may, according to its Discretion, award such Costs to the Party appealing or appealed against as they shall think proper; and its Determination in or concerning the Premises shall be conclusive and binding on all Persons to all Intents or Purposes whatsoever: Provided always, that if there be not Time to give such Notice and enter into such Recognizance as aforesaid, then such Appeal may be made to, and such Notice, Statement, and Recognizance be given and entered into for, the next Sessions at which the Appeal can be heard; provided also, that on the Hearing of the Appeal, no Grounds of Appeal shall be gone into or entertained other than those set forth in such Statement as aforesaid; provided also, that in any Case of Appeal the Court of Quarter Sessions may, if they think fit, state the Facts specially for the Determination of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, in which Case it shall be lawful to remove the Proceedings, by Writ of Certiorari or otherwise, into the said Court of Queen's Bench.

Forms to be used as in Schedule.

As to Protection of Local Authority and its Officers.

Act not to impair Jurisdiction of Sewers Commissioners, or Common Law Remedies for Nuisance, or Jurisdiction of Local Authority as to the Nuisances referred to in this Act.

XLI. The Forms contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or any Forms to the like Effect, varied as Circumstances may require, may be used for Instruments under this Act, and shall be sufficient for the Purpose intended.

XLII. The Local Authority, and any Officer or Person acting under the Authority, and in execution or intended Execution of this Act, shall be entitled to such Protection and Privilege in Actions and Suits, and such Exemption from personal Liability, as are granted to Local Boards of Health and their Officers by the Law in force for the Time being.

XLIII. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the Provisions of any Local Act as to Matters included in this Act, nor to impair, abridge, or take away any Power, Jurisdiction, or Authority which may at any Time be vested in any Commissioners of Sewers or of Drainage, or to take away or interfere with any Course of Proceedings which might be resorted to or adopted by such Commissioners if this Act had not passed, nor to impair any Power of abating Nuisances at Common Law, nor any Jurisdiction in respect of Nuisances that may be possessed by any Authority under the Act intituled An Act to abate the Nuisances arising from the Smoke of Furnaces in the Metropolis, and from Steam Vessels above London Bridge, or the Common Lodging Houses Acts, the Act for the Regulation of Municipal Corporations, the Public Health Act, or any Improvement Act respectively, or any Acts incorporated with such Acts, and Authorities may respectively proceed for the Abatement of Nuisances, or in respect of any other Matter or Thing herein-before provided or referred to, either under the Acts mentioned in this Section or any other Act conferring Jurisdiction in respect of the Nuisances referred to in

this Act, or any Byelaws framed under any such Act, as they may think fit; and the Local Authorities constituted under and for the Purposes of the Common Lodging House Acts, 1851 and 1853, shall for the Purposes of those Acts have all the Powers of Local Authorities under this Act.

XLIV. Nothing herein contained shall enable any Local Autho- Act not to rity, Surveyor of Highways, or other Person, either with or without affect Navigaany Order of Justices, to injuriously affect the Navigation of any tion of Rivers River or Canal, or to divert or diminish any Supply of Water of or Canala. Right belonging to any such River or Canal; and the Provisions of this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to Mines of different Descriptions, so as to interfere with or obstruct the efficient working of the same, or to the smelting of Ores and Minerals, or to the manufacturing of the Produce of such Ores and Minerals.

XLV. No Power given by this Act shall be exercised in such Saving as to Manner as to injuriously affect the Supply, Quality, or Fall of Rights of Mill-Water contained in any Reservoir or Stream, or any Feeders of owners, &c. such Reservoir or Stream, belonging to or supplying any Waterwork established by Act of Parliament, or in Cases where any Company or Individual are entitled for their own Benefit to the Use of such Reservoir or Stream, or to the Supply of Water contained in such Feeders, without the Consent in Writing of the Company or Corporation in whom such Waterworks may be vested, or of the Parties so entitled to the Use of such Reservoirs, Streams, and Feeders, and also of the Owners thereof in Cases where the Owners and Parties so entitled are not the same Person.

XLVI. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament, and in Short Title. legal Instruments and other Proceedings, it shall be sufficient to use the Words "The Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855."

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

FORM (A.)

Order of Justices for Admission of Officer of Local Authority to inspect private Premises.

WHEREAS [describe the Local Authority] have by their Officer [naming him] made Application to me A.B., One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace having Jurisdiction in and for [describe the Place, and the said Officer has made Oath to me of his Belief that a Nuisance, within the Meaning of the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855, viz. [describe Nuisance], exists on private Premises at [describe Situation of Premises so as to identify them], within my Jurisdiction, and Demand of Admission to such Premises for the Inspection thereof has been duly made under the said Act, and refused:

Now, therefore, I the said A.B. do hereby require you to admit the said [name the Local Authority], [or the Officer of the said (Local

(Local Authority)], for the Purpose of inspecting the said Premises.

Dated this

Day of

8 . *A.R*.

FORM (B.)

Notice of Nuisance.

I [or We], the Person aggrieved by the Nuisance herein-after

To the Local Authority (describing it).

described [or the undersigned and described Inhabitant Householders, Sanitary Inspector, or other Officer (describing him)], do hereby give you Notice, That there exists in or upon the [Dwelling House, Yard, etc., as the Case may be], situate at [giving such Description as may be sufficient to identify the Premises], in the Parish of in your District, under the Nuisances Removal Act, 1855, the following Nuisance, videlicet, [describing the Nuisance, as the Case may be; for instance, a Dwelling House or Building a Nuisance or injurious to Health for Want of a Privy or Drain or sufficient Means of Ventilation, or so dilapidated or so filthy as to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health, or, for further instance, a Ditch or Drain so foul as to be a Nuisance

or injurious to Health, or an Accumulation of a Nuisance or injurious to Health, &c., or Swine so kept as to be a Nuisance or injurious to Health]; and that such Nuisance is caused by [naming the Person by whose Act or Default the Nuisance is caused, or by some Person unknown].

Dated this Day of in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and [Signed by Complainant under Section 10.]

FORM (C.)

Notice to Owner or Occupier of Entry for Examination.

To the Owner [or Occupier, as the Case may be,] of [describe the Premises] situate at [insert a Description sufficient widentify the Premises].

Take notice, That, under the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855, the [Local Authority, naming it,] in whose District under the said Act the above Premises are situate, have received a Notice from [name Complainant], stating that in or upon the said Premises [insert the Cause of Nuisance as set forth in the Notice].

And further take notice, That after the Expiration of Twenty-four Hours from the Service of this Notice the [Local Authority] will cause the said Premises to be entered and examined under the Provisions of the said Act, and if the Cause of Nuisance aforesaid be found still existing, or, though removed or discontinued, be likely to be repeated, a Summons will be issued requiring your Attendance to answer a Complaint which will be made to the Justices

Justices for enforcing the Removal of the same, and prohibiting a Repetition thereof, and for recovering the Costs and Penalties that may be incurred thereby.

Dated this Day of in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and .

A.B.,

The Officer appointed by the [Local Authority] to take Proceedings under the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855.

FORM (D.) Summons.

To the Owner or Occupier of [describe Premises] situate at [insert such a Description as may be sufficient to identify the Premises], or to A.B. of

You are required to appear before Two of County of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or or Borough of One of the Magistrates of the Police &c. or District of or as the Case may Courts of the Metropolis, or the Stipenbe] to wit. diary Magistrate] of the County [or other Jurisdiction of at the Petty Sessions [or Court] holden at on the Day of next. at the Hour of in the noon, to answer the Complaint this Day made to me by or by on behalf of I [naming the Local Authority, as the Case may be], that in or upon the Premises above mentioned [or in or upon certain Premises situate at No. in the Street in the Parish of or such other Description or Reference as may be sufficient to identify the Premises], in their District, under the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855, the following Nuisance exists [describing it, as the Case may be], and that the said Nuisance is caused by the Act or Default of the Occupier [or Owner] of the said Premises, or by you A.B. [or in case the Nuisance be discontinued, but likely to be repeated, say, there existed recently, to wit, on or about the Day of on the Premises, the following Nuisance [describe the Nuisance], and that the said Nuisance was caused [&c.], and although the same has since the said last-mentioned Day been removed or dis-

Given under the Hand of me, J.P., Esquire, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the [Jurisdiction] stated in the Margin, or One of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or Stipendiary Magistrate of Day of in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and

continued, there is reasonable Ground to consider that the same or the like Nuisance is likely to recur on the said Premises.

FORM (E.)

Order of Justices for Removal of Nuisances by Owner, &c.

To the Owner [or Occupier] of [describe the Premises] situate [give such Description as may be sufficient to identify the Premises], or to A.B. of or to [giving Name of the Local Authority], or to their Servants or Agents, and to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS on the Day of County of Complaint was made [or Borough, &c. of before Esquire, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in District of or as the Case may and for the County [or other Jurisdiction] be.] stated in the Margin, [or before the undersigned, One of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metroon behalf polis, or as the Case may be, by [or by of | [the Local Authority, naming it, as the Case may be], that in or upon certain Premises situate at in the District under the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855, of the Complainants above named, the following Nuisance then existed describing it; and that the said Nuisance was caused by the Act or Default of the Owner [or Occupier] of the said Premises [or was caused by A.B. \(\text{(If the Nuisance have been removed say, the} \) following Nuisance existed on or about [the Day the Nuisance was ascertained to exist, and that the said Nuisance was caused, &c., and although the same is now removed, the same or the like Nuisance is likely to recur on the same Premises.)

And whereas the Owner [or Occupier] within the Meaning of the said Nuisances Removal Act, 1855, [or the said A.B.,] hath this Day appeared before us Justices, being Two of Her Majesty's Justices in and for sitting in Petty Sessions at their usual Place of Meeting [or before me, the said Magistrate of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or as the Case may be], to answer the Matter of the said Complaint [Or in case the Party charged do not appear, say, And whereas it hath been this Day proved to our [or my] Satisfaction that a true Copy of a Summons requiring the Owner [or Occupier] of the said Premises [or the said A.B.] to appear this Day before us [or me] hath been duly served according to the said Act:]

Now upon Proof here had before us [or me] that the Nuisance so complained of doth exist on the said Premises, and that the same is caused by the Act or Default of the Owner [or Occupier] of the said Premises [or by the said A.B.,] we [or I], in pursuance of the said Act, do order the said Owner [or Occupier, or A.B.] within [specify the Time] from the Service of this Order or a true Copy thereof according to the said Act [here specify the Works to be done, as, for instance, to cleanse, whitewash, purify, and disinfect the said Dwelling House; or, for further instance, to construct a Privy or Drain, &c.; or, for further instance, to cleanse

or to cover or to fill up the said Cesspool, &c.], so that the same shall no longer be a Nuisance or injurious to Health as aforesaid.

[And if it appear to the Justices that the Nuisance is likely to recur on the Premises say [And we] [or I] being satisfied that, notwithstanding the said Cause or Causes of Nuisances may be removed under this Order, the same is or are likely to recur, do therefore prohibit the said Owner [or Occupier, or A.B.,] from [here insert the Matter of the Prohibition, as, for instance, from using the said House or Building for Human Habitation until the same, in our Judgment, is rendered fit for that Purpose.]

And if the above Order for Abatement be not complied with, [or if the above Order of Prohibition be infringed,] then we [or I] do authorize and require you the said [Local Authority, naming ii], from Time to Time to enter upon the said Premises, and to do all such Works, Matters, and Things as may be necessary for carrying this Order into full Execution according to the Act aforesaid.

In case the Nuisance were removed before Complaint, say, [Now, upon Proof here had before us that at or recently before the Time of making the said Complaint, to wit, on as aforesaid, the Cause of Nuisance complained of did exist on the said Premises, but that the same hath since been removed, yet, notwithstanding such Removal, we [or I] being satisfied that it is likely that the same or the like Nuisance will recur on the said Premises, do hereby prohibit, [Order of Prohibition]; and if this Order of Prohibition be infringed, then we [or 1] [Order on Local Authority to do Works].

Given under the Hands and Seals of us, Two of Her Majesty's

Justices of the Peace in and for [or
the Hand and Seal of me, One of the Magistrates of the
Police Courts of the Metropolis, or as the Case may
be], this Day of in
the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred
and

FORM (F.)

Order of Justices for Removal of Nuisance by Local Authority.

To the Town Council, &c., as the Case may be.

County, &c.

WHEREAS [recite Complaint of Nuisance as in last to wit.]

Form].

And whereas it hath been now proved to our [or my] Satisfaction that such Nuisance exists, but that no Owner or Occupier of the Premises, or Person causing the Nuisance, is known or can be found [as the Case may be]: Now we [or I], in pursuance of the said Act, do order the said [Local Authority, naming it,] forthwith to [here specify the Works to be done].

Given, &c.

FORM (G.)

Order to permit Execution of Works by Owners.

County of WHEREAS Complaint hath been made to me, or Borough of E.F., Esquire, One of Her Majesty's Juor Metropolitan Police tices of the Peace in and for the County District, or as the Case [or Borough, &c.] of may be, to wit. One of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or as the Case may be, or One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, as the Case may be, of the County of l, by A.B., Owner within the Meaning of the "Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855," of certain Premises, to wit, a Dwelling House [or Building, or as the Case may be], situate at [insert such a Description of the Premises as may be sufficient to identify them in the Parish of in the said County [or Borough, \$c.], that C.D., the Occupier of the said Premises, doth prevent the said A.B. from obeying and carrying into effect the Provisions of the said Act, in this, to wit, that he the said C.D. [here describe the Act of Prevention generally according to the Circumstances; for instance thus, doth refuse to quit the said House, the same having by the Order of Justices been declared unfit for Human Habitation, or doth prevent the said A.B. from cleansing or whitewashing or purifying the said Dwelling House, or erecting a Privy or Drain, or breaking an Aperture for Ventilation, or cleansing a Drain, Ditch, Gutter, Watercourse, Privy, Urinal, Cesspool, or Ashpit which is a Nuisance or injurious to Health]: And whereas the said C.D. has been summoned to answer the said Complaint, and has not shown sufficient Cause against the same, and it appears to me that [describe the Act or Works to be dose] is necessary for the Purpose of enabling the said A.B. to obey and carry into effect the Provisions of the said Act, I do hereby order that the said C.D. do permit the said A.B. [describe the Act or Works to be done in the Manner required by the said Act.

Day Given under my Hand and Seal, this in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and

E.F. (L.S.)

FORM (H.)

Summons for Nonpayment of Costs, Expenses, or Penalties. Sec. 20.

[describe the Person from whom the T_0 Costs, Expenses, and Penalties are due]. You are required to appear before Two of County of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, [or or Borough of One of the Magistrates of the Police or District of Courts of the Metropolis, or the Stipen. diary Magistrates] of the County [or other Jurisdiction] of at the Petty Sessions [or Court] holden at

next, at the Hour on the Day of

be

Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts Consolidation and Amendment,

of in the noon, to answer the Complaint this Day made to me by [or by on behalf of] [naming the Local Authority], that the Sum of Pounds, being Costs and Expenses incurred by you under and in relation to a certain Complaint touching [elescribe the Nuisance], and an Order of [describe the Person making the Order] duly made in pursuance of the Nuisances Removal Act for England, 1855, [if Penalties are due, add, and also the Sum of being the Amount of Penalties payable by you for Disobedience of the said Order,] remains unpaid and due from you.

Given under the Hand of me, J.P., Esquire, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the [Jurisdiction stated in the Margin] [or One of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or Stipendiary Magistrate of ____] the ______ Day of ______ in the Year of our Lord One thousand

eight hundred and

FORM (I.)

Order for Payment of Costs, Expenses, and Penalties. Sec. 20.

To [name the Person on whom the Order is made].

County, &c. WHEREAS Complaint has been made before us [or to wit.] me] for that [recite Cause of Complaint.]

And whereas the said [naming the Person against whom the Complaint is made] has this Day appeared before us the said Justices [or before me the said Magistrate of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or as the Case may be,] to answer this Matter of the said Complaint: [Or, in case the Party charged do not appear, say], And whereas it has been this Day satisfactorily proved to us

[or me] that a true Copy of the Summons requiring the said [naming Person charged] to appear before us [or me] this Day hath been duly served according to the said Act: Now, having heard the Matter of the said Complaint, we [or I] do adjudge the said [naming the Person charged] to pay forthwith [or by payable respectively on or before Instalments of] to the said [naming the Person or Local the Authority to whom the Costs adjudged are payable, the Sum for Costs in this Behalf, and to \[naming the of Person or Authority to whom the Expenses are payable] the Sum for Expenses in this Behalf, [if Penalties are due, add, and the Sum of for Penalties incurred in relation to the Premises, | together with the Sum of being the Charges attending the Application for this Order and Proceedings thereon; and if the said several Sums, amounting in the whole [or if any One of the said Instalments] be not paid to within Fourteen Days after the same is due as aforesaid, we [or I] hereby order that the same be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the said , and in default of sufficient Distress in that Behalf adjudge the said

be imprisoned in the Common Gaol [or House of Correction, as the Case may be,] at in the said County [or as the Case may be,] for the Space of such Time, not exceeding Three Calendar Months, as the Justices may think fit, unless the said several Sums [or Sum], and all Costs and Charges of the said Distress [and of the Commitment and carrying of the said to the said House of Correction or Common Gaol, or

as the Case may be,] shall be sooner paid.

Given under our [or my] Hands, this Day of in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and at in the [County, or as the Case may be,] aforesaid.

FORM (K.)

Warrant of Distress. Sec. 20.

To the Constable of and to all other Peace Officers in the said County [or as the Case may be.]

WHEREAS on last past Complaint was made before the undersigned, Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said County of [or as the Case may be] [or a Magistrate of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, or Stipendiary Magistrate, as the Case may be for that [&c. as in the Order]; and thereupon having considered the Matter of the said Complaint, we [or I] adjudged the said set out from Form K. the Adjudication of Payment, and the Order for Distress and for Impresonment in default of Distress]: And whereas he Time in and by the said Order appointed for the Payment of the said several Sums of hath elapsed, but the said hath not paid the same or any Part thereof within Fourteen Days after the Date fixed by the Order for such Payment, but therein hath made Default: These are therefore to command you in Her Majesty's Name forthwith to make Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the said A.B.; and if within the Space of Days after the making of such Distress the said last-mentioned Sums, together with the reasonable Charges of taking and keeping the said Distress, shall not be paid, that then you do sell the said Goods and Chattels so by you distrained, and do pay the Money arising from such Sale over to the Clerk of the Justices of the Peace for the Division of in the said [County, or as the Case may be], that he may pay and apply the same as by Law directed, and may render the Overplus, ; and if no such if any, on Demand, to the said Distress can be found, then that you certify the same unto me, to the end that such Proceedings may be had therein as to the Law doth appertain.

Given under our [or my] Hands and Seal, this

Day of in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and at in the [County] aforesaid.

(L.s.)

A.B.

C.D.

FORM

FORM (L.)

Return of Proceedings under Nuisances Removal Act, 1833, by the \lceil name the Local Authority at length].

From 25th March 1855 to 25th March 1856.

Date of Notice.	By whom given.	Nature of Nuisance.	Proceedings taken.	Remarks: — With any special Work done under the Acts, without any Notice.
16 April	The Inspector	Foul Drainage from House.	Owner put down good Drain, on Summons, with- out Justices Order.	Several Houses being in a like Position, the Highway Surveyor laid down a Sewer in the old Watercourse, and each House was charged a proportionate Sum for the same, of which the highest Sum was 10s.
18 April	Two Neighbours.	Offensive Cesspool.	Abated by Local Authority.	Renewed once; but Penalty re- covered, and no subsequent Renewal attempted.

Dated this 26th Day of March 1856. \[To be signed by the Chairman of the Local Authority.

CAP. CXXII.

An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Construction of Buildings in the Metropolis and its Neighbourhood.

[14th August 1855.]

THEREAS it is expedient that the Laws relating to Buildings in the Metropolis and its Neighbourhood should be * amended ! Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows; (that is to say,)

PRELIMINARY.

I. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The Metro- Short Title. politan Building Act, 1855."

II. This Act shall, except in Cases where it is otherwise Commenceexpressly provided, come into operation on the First Day of ment of Act. January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

III. In the Construction of this Act (if not inconsistent with Interpretation the Context) the following Terms shall have the respective Mean- of certain ings herein-after assigned to them; (that is to say,)

"The Treasury" shall mean the Commissioners of Her Majesty's

Treasury: "Public Building" shall mean every Building used as a Church, Chapel, or other Place of Public Worship; also every Building used for Purposes of public Instruction; also every Building used as a College, public Hall, Hospital, Theatre, public Concert 18 & 19 VICT.

Terms in this ' Act

Metropolitan Buildings.

Concert Room, public Ball Room, public Lecture Room, public Exhibition Room, or for any other public Purposes:

"External Wall" shall apply to every outer Wall or vertical

Enclosure of any Building not being a Party Wall:

"Party Wall" shall apply to every Wall used or built in order to be used as a Separation of any Building from any other Building, with a view to the same being occupied by different Persons:

"Cross Wall" shall apply to every Wall used or built in order to be used as a Separation of one Part of any Building from another Part of the same Building, such Building being

wholly in One Occupation:

"Party Structure" shall include Party Walls, and also Partitions, Arches, Floors, and other Structures separating Buildings, Stories or Rooms which belong to different Owners, or which are approached by distinct Staircases or separate Entrances from without:

The "Area" of every Building shall be deemed to be the Superficies of a horizontal Section of such Building made at the Point of its greatest Surface, including the External Walls and such Portion of the Party Walls as belong to the Building, but excluding any attached Building the Height of which does not exceed the Height of the Ground Story:

"The Base of the Wall" shall mean the Course immediately

above the Footings:

"Owner" shall apply to every Person in possession or receipt either of the whole or of any Part of the Rents or Profits of any Land or Tenement, or in the Occupation of such Land or Tenement other than as a Tenant from Year to Year or for any less Term, or as a Tenant at Will:

"Builder" shall apply to and include the Master Builder or other Person employed to execute or who actually executes

any Work upon any Building:

"District Surveyor" shall mean every such Surveyor who is appointed in pursuance of this Act, or whose Appointment is hereby confirmed, and shall include any Deputy or Assistant

Surveyor appointed under this Act:

In all Cases in which the Name of an Officer having local Jurisdiction in respect of his Office is referred to without Mention of the Locality to which the Jurisdiction extends, such Reference is to be understood to indicate the Officer having Jurisdiction in that Place within which is situate the Building or other Subject Matter or any Part thereof to which such Reference applies:

"Person" shall include "a Body Corporate."

LIMITS OF ACT.

IV. This Act shall extend to all Places within the Limits of the Metropolis as defined by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for the better local Management of the Metropolis, and to all other Places to which such last-mentioned Act may be extended, unless such Places are, in making such Extension

Act to extend to all Places within Limits defined by 18 & 19 Vict. c. 120.

Metropolitan Buildings (Part I. Building Regulations).

Extension, expressly excepted from the Operation of this Act; but nothing herein contained shall affect the Exercise of any Powers vested by any Act of Parliament in the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London for the Time being.

V. This Act shall be divided into Five Parts:

Division of

- (1.) The First Part relating to the Regulation and Super- Act. vision of Buildings:
- (2.) The Second Part relating to Dangerous Structures:(3.) The Third Part relating to Party Structures:

(4.) The Fourth Part relating to Miscellaneous Provisions:

(5.) The Fifth Part relating to the Repeal of former Acts, and to temporary Provisions.

PART I.

REGULATION AND SUPERVISION OF BUILDINGS.

VI. The following Buildings and Works shall be exempt from the Operation of the First Part of this Act:

Bridges, Piers, Jetties, Embankment Walls, Retaining Walls,

and Wharf or Quay Walls:

Her Majesty's Royal Palaces, and any Building in the Pos- Part I, of this session of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, or Act. employed for Her Majesty's Use or Service:

Common Gaols, Prisons, Houses of Correction, and Places of Confinement under the Inspection of the Inspectors of Prisons, and Bethlehem Hospital, and the House of Occupations adjoining:

The Mansion House, Guildhall, and Royal Exchange of the

City of London:

The Offices and Buildings of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* already erected, and which now form the Edifice called "The Bank of England," and any Offices and Buildings hereafter to be erected for the Use of the said Governor and Company, either on the Site of or in addition to and in connexion with the said Edifice:

The Buildings of the British Museum:

The Offices and Buildings of the Honourable East India Company already erected, and any Offices or Buildings hereafter to be erected, for the Use of the said Company, on the Site of or in addition to such existing Offices and Buildings:

Greenwich Hospital and the Buildings in the Parish of Greenwich vested in the Commissioners of Greenwich

Hospital for the Purposes of the said Hospital:

All County Lunatic Asylums, Sessions Houses, and other public Buildings belonging to or occupied by the Justices of the Peace of the County or City in which the same are situated:

The Erections and Buildings authorized by an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for the Purposes of a Market in Covent Garden:

Part L Regulation and Supervision of Buildings.

Buildings, &c. herein named exempt from Operation of

XI. When-

Metropolitan Buildings (Part I. Building Regulations).

PART L Regulation and Supervision of Buildings.

The Cattle Market, with its Appurtenances, erected in pursuance of the Metropolitan Cattle Market Act, 1851:

The Buildings belonging to any Canal, Dock, or Railway Company, and used for the Purposes of such Canal, Dock, or Railway, under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament:

All Buildings, not exceeding in Height Thirty Feet, as measured from the Footings of the Walls, and not exceeding in Extent One hundred and twenty-five thousand Cubic Feet, and not being Public Buildings, wholly in One Occupation, and distant at least Eight Feet from the nearest Street or Alley, whether public or private, and at the least Thirty Feet from the nearest Buildings and from the Ground

of any Adjoining Owner:

All Buildings not exceeding in Extent Two hundred and sixteen thousand Cubic Feet, and not being Public Buildings, and distant at least Thirty Feet from the nearest Street or Alley, whether public or private, and at the least Sixty Feet from the nearest Buildings and from the Ground of

an Adjoining Owner:

All Party Fence Walls and Greenhouses so far as regards the necessary Woodwork of the Sashes, Doors, and Frames: Openings made into Walls or Flues for the Purpose of inserting therein ventilating Valves of a superficial Extent not greater than Forty Square Inches, if such Valves are not nearer than Twelve Inches to any Timber or other combustible Material.

VII. With the Exemptions herein-before mentioned, this Act shall apply to all new Buildings; and whenever Mention is herein made of any Building, it shall, unless the contrary appears from the

Context, be deemed to imply a new Building.

VIII. A Building shall be deemed to be new whenever the enclosing Walls thereof have not been carried higher than the Footings previously to the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six: Any other Building shall be

deemed to be an old Building.

IX. Any Alteration, Addition, or other Work made or done for any Purpose, except that of necessary Repair not affecting the Construction of any External or Party Wall, in, to, or upon any old Building, or in, to, or upon any new Building after the Roof has been covered in, shall, to the Extent of such Alteration, Addition, or Work, be subject to the Regulations of this Act; and whenever Mention is herein-after made of any Alteration, Addition, or Work in, to, or upon any Building, it shall, unless the contrary appears from the Context, be deemed to imply an Alteration, Addition, or Work to which this Act applies.

Rebuilding old Buildings.

X. Whenever any old Building has been taken down to an Extent exceeding One Half of such Building, such Half to be measured in Cubic Feet, the rebuilding thereof shall be deemed to be the Erection of a new Building; and every Portion of such old Building that is not in conformity with the Regulations of this Act shall be forthwith taken down.

Act, except Exemptions before mentioned. Building, when deemed to be new.

Application of

Alterations of and Additions to old Buildings.

XI. Whenever any old Buildings are separated by Timber or Division of old other Partitions not in conformity with this Act, then, if such Par- Buildings sepatitions are removed to the Extent of One Half thereof, such Build- rated by irreguing shall as respects the Separation thereof be deemed to be new Buildings, and be forthwith divided from each other in the Manner directed by this Act.

WALLS.

XII. Walls shall be constructed of such Substances and of such Structure and Thickness and in such Manner as are mentioned in the First Schedule annexed hereto.

Thickness of Walls.

Recesses and

RECESSES AND OPENINGS.

XIII. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to Rules as to Recesses and Openings in Walls:

Openings. Recesses and Openings may be made in External Walls,

provided,

1. That the Backs of such Recesses are not of less Thickness than Eight and a Half Inches; and,

2. That the Area of such Recesses and Openings do not, taken together, exceed One Half of the whole Area of the Wall in which they are made:

Recesses may be made in Party Walls, provided that,

1. The Backs of such Recesses are not of less Thickness than

Thirteen Inches; and,

2. That every Recess so formed is arched over, and that the Area of such Recesses do not, taken altogether, exceed One Half of the whole Area of the Wall of the Story in which they are made; and,

3. That such Recesses do not come within One Foot of the

inner Face of the External Walls;

But no Opening shall be made in any Party Wall except in accord-

ance with the Rules of this Act:

The Word Area, as used in this Section, shall mean the Area of the vertical Face, or Elevation, of the Wall, Pier, or Recess to which it refers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

XIV. Loophole Frames may be fixed within One Inch and a As to Timber Half of the Face of any External Wall; but all other Woodwork in External fixed in any External Wall, except Bressummers and Story Posts Walls. under the same, and Frames of Doors and Windows of Shops on the Ground Story of any Building, shall be set back Four Inches at the least from the external Face of such Wall.

XV. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to Rules as to Bressummers and Timbers:

Bressummers.

1. Every Bressummer must have a Bearing in the Direction of its Length, of Four Inches at the least at each End, upon a sufficient Pier of Brick or Stone, or upon a Timber or Iron Story Post fixed on a solid Foundation, in addition to its Bearing upon any Party Wall; and the Ends of such Bressummer shall not be placed nearer to Y y 3

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the Centre Line of the Party Walls than Four and a Half Inches:

- 2. No Bond Timber or Wood Plate shall be built into any Party Wall, and the Ends of any Beam or Joist bearing on such Walls shall be at the least Four and a Half Inches distant from the Centre Line of the Party Walls:
- Every Bressummer bearing upon any Party Wall must be borne by a Templet or Corbel of Stone or Iron tailed through at least Half the Thickness of such Wall, and of the full Breadth of the Bressummer.

Height and Thickness of Parapets to External Walls.

XVI. If any Gutter, any Part of which is formed of combustible Materials, adjoins an External Wall, then such Wall must be carried up so as to form a Parapet One Foot at the least above the highest Part of such Gutter, and the Thickness of the Parapet so carried up must be at the least Eight and a Half Inches, reckoned from the Level of the under Side of the Gutter Plate.

Height of Party Walls above Roof.

XVII. Every Party Wall shall be carried up above the Roof Flat or Gutter of the highest Building adjoining thereto, to such Height as will give a Distance of Fifteen Inches measured at Right Angles to the Slope of the Roof, or Fifteen Inches above the highest Part of any Flat or Gutter, as the Case may be; and every Party Wall shall be carried up above any Turret, Dormer, Lantern Light, or other Erection of combustible Materials fixed upon the Roof or Flat of any Building within Four Feet from such Party Wall, and shall extend at the least Twelve Inches higher and wider on each Side than such Erection; and every Party Wall shall be carried up above any Part of any Roof opposite thereto, and within Four Feet from such Party Wall.

As to Chases in Party Walls.

XVIII. In a Party Wall no Chase shall be made wider than Fourteen Inches, nor more than Four and a Half Inches deep from the Face of the Wall, nor so as to leave less than Eight and a Half Inches in Thickness at the Back or opposite Side thereof, and no Chase may be made within a Distance of Seven Feet from any other Chase on the same Side of the Wall.

As to Construction of Roofs.

Rules as to

XIX. The Roofs of Buildings shall be constructed as follows; that is to say,

- 1. The Flat, Gutter, and Roof of every Building, and every Turret, Dormer, Lantern Light, Skylight, or other Erection placed on the Flat or Roof thereof, shall be externally covered with Slates, Tiles, Metal, or other incombustible Materials, except the Doors, Door Frames, Windows, and Window Frames of such Dormers, Turrets, Lantern Lights, Skylights, or other Erections:
- 2. The Plane of the Surface of the Roof of a Warehouse or other Building used either wholly or in part for Purposes of Trade or Manufacture shall not incline from the External or Party Walls upwards at a greater Angle than Forty-seven Degrees with the Horizon.

XX. The following Rules shall be observed as to Chimnies and

Chimnies and Flues:—

1. Chimnies built on Corbels of Brick, Stone, or other incombustible Materials may be introduced above the Level

of the Ceiling of the Ground Story if the Work so corbelled out does not project from the Wall more than the Thickness of the Wall, but all other Chimnies shall be built on solid Foundations, and with Footings similar to the Footings of the Wall against which they are built:

2. Chimnies and Flues having proper Doors of not less than Six Inches square may be constructed at any Angle, but in every other Chimney or Flue the Angles shall be constructed of an Obtuseness of not less than One hundred and thirty Degrees, and shall be properly rounded:

3. An Arch of Brick or Stone or a Bar of Wrought Iron must be built over the Opening of every Chimney to support the Breast thereof, and if the Breast projects more than Four and a Half Inches from the Face of the Wall, and the Jamb on either Side is of less Width than Seventeen and a Half Inches, the Abutments must be tied in by an Iron Bar or Bars turned up and down at the Ends, and built into the Jambs for at least Eight and a Half Inches on each Side:

4. The Inside of every Flue, and the Back or Outside, unless forming Part of the outer Face of an External Wall, must be rendered, pargeted, or lined with Fire-proof Piping:

5. The Jambs of every Chimney must at the least be Eight and a Half Inches wide on each Side of the Opening thereof:

6. The Breast of every Chimney, and the Front, Withe, Partition, and Back of every Flue, must at the least be Four Inches in Thickness:

7. The Back of every Chimney Opening, from the Hearth up to the Height of Twelve Inches above the Mantel, must at the least be Eight and a Half Inches thick if in a Party Wall, or Four and a Half Inches thick if not in a Party Wall:

8. The Thickness of the upper Side of every Flue, when its Course makes, with the Horizon, an Angle of less than Forty-five Degrees, must be at the least Eight and a Half Inches:

- 9. Every Chimney Shaft shall be carried up in Brick or Stone Work all round, at the least Four Inches thick, to a Height of not less than Three Feet above the Roof, Flat, or Gutter adjoining thereto, measured at the highest Point in the Line of Junction with such Roof, Flat, or Gutter:
- 10. The Brickwork or Stonework of any Chimney Shaft, excepting that of the Furnace of any Steam Engine, Brewery, Distillery, or Manufactory, shall not be built higher above the Roof, Flat, or Gutter adjoining thereto, measured from the highest Point in the Line of Junction with such Roof, Flat, or Gutter, than a Height equal to Six Times the least Width of such Chimney Shaft at the Level of such highest Point in the Line of Junction,
 Yy4
 unless

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unless such Chimney Shaft is built with and bonded wanother Chimney Shaft not in the same Line with the first, or otherwise rendered secure:

11. There shall be laid, level with the Floor of every Story, before the Opening of every Chimney, a Slab of Store, Slate, or other incombustible Substance, at the less Twelve Inches longer than the Width of such Opening, and at the least Eighteen Inches wide in front of the Breast thereof:

12. On every Floor, except the lowest Floor, such Slab shall be laid wholly upon Stone or Iron Bearers, or upon Brick Trimmers; but on the lowest Floor it may be bedded on

the solid Ground:

13. The Hearth or Slab of every Chimney shall be bedded wholly on Brick, Stone, or other incombustible Substance, and shall be solid for a Thickness of Seven Inches at the least beneath the upper Surface of such Hearth or Slab:

 No Flue shall be built against any Party Structure, unless a Withe is properly secured thereto, at the least Four

Inches in Thickness:

15. No Chimney Breast or Shaft built with or in any Party Wall shall be cut away unless the District Surveyor certifies that it can be done without injuriously affecting the Stability of any Building:

 No Chimney Shaft, Jamb, Breast, or Flue shall be cut into, except for the Purpose of Repair, or doing some

One or more of the following Things:

Of letting in or removing or altering Flues, Pipes, or Funnels for the Conveyance of Smoke, hot Air, or Steam, or of letting in, removing, or altering Smoke Jacks:

Of forming Openings for Soot Doors, such Openings to be fitted with a close Iron Door and Frame:

Of making Openings for the Insertion of ventilating Valves, subject to the following Restriction, That no Opening shall be made nearer than Twelve Inches to any Timber or combustible Substance:

17. No Timber or Woodwork shall be placed,

In any Wall or Chimney Breast nearer than Twelve Inches to the Inside of any Flue or Chimney Opening;

Under any Chimney Opening within Eighteen Inches from the upper Surface of the Hearth of such

Chimney Opening;

Within Two Inches from the Face of the Brickwork or Stonework about any Chimney or Flue, where the Substance of such Brickwork or Stonework is less than Eight and a Half Inches thick, unless the Face of such Brickwork or Stonework is rendered;

And no Wooden Plugs shall be driven nearer than Six Inches to the Inside of any Flue or Chimney Opening, nor any Iron

Iron Holdfast or other Iron Fastening nearer than Two Inches thereto.

XXI. The following Rules shall be observed as to close Fires, Rules as to and Pipes for conveying heated Vapour or Water; that is to say, close Fires and

- 1. The Floor under every Oven or Stove used for the Pur- Pipes for conpose of Trade or Manufacture, and the Floor around the veying Vapour, same for a Space of Eighteen Inches, shall be formed of Materials of an incombustible and non-conducting
- 2. No Pipe for conveying Smoke, heated Air, Steam, or hot Water shall be fixed against any Building on the Face next to any Street, Alley, Mews, or public Way:

3. No Pipe for conveying heated Air or Steam shall be fixed nearer than Six Inches to any combustible Materials:

4. No Pipe for conveying hot Water shall be placed nearer than Three Inches to any combustible Materials:

5. No Pipe for conveying Smoke or other Products of Combustion shall be fixed nearer than Nine Inches to any combustible Material:

And if any Person fails in complying with the Rules of this Section, he shall for each Offence incur a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

XXII. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to Rules as to Accesses and Stairs:

In every Public Building, and in every other Building con- Stairs in certaining more than One hundred and twenty-five thousand Cubic Feet, and used as a Dwelling House for separate Families, the Floors of the Lobbies, Corridors, Passages, and Landings, and also the Flights of Stairs, shall be of Stone or other Fire-proof Material, and carried by Supports of a Fire-proof Material.

XXIII. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to Rules as to habitable Rooms in any Building; that is to say,

1. Every habitable Room hereafter constructed in any Build-Rooms. ing, except Rooms in the Roof thereof, and Cellars and underground Rooms, shall be in every Part at the least Seven Feet in Height from the Floor to the Ceiling:

2. Every habitable Room hereafter constructed in the Roof of every Building shall be at the least Seven Feet in Height from the Floor to the Ceiling throughout not less than One Half the Area of such Room:

3. Cellars and underground Rooms shall be constructed in manner directed by the said Act for the better Local Management of the Metropolis:

And whosoever knowingly suffers any Room that is not constructed in conformity with this Section to be inhabited, shall, in addition to any other Liabilities he may be subject to under this Act, incur a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Shillings for every Day during which such Room is inhabited; and any Room in which any Person passes the Night shall be deemed to be inhabited within the Meaning of this Act. XXIV. Every

Accesses and tain Buildings.

habitable

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As to Party Arches over public Ways.

As to Arches under public Ways.

XXIV. Every Party Arch, and every Arch or Floor over any public Way, or any Passage leading to Premises in other Occupation, shall be formed of Brick, Stone, or other incombustible Materials: If an Arch of Brick or Stone is used, it shall, in Cases where its Span does not exceed Nine Feet, be of the Thickness of Four and a Half Inches at the least, but when its Span exceeds Nine Feet, be of the Thickness of Eight and a Half Inches at the least: If an Arch or Floor of Iron or other incombustible Material is used, it shall be constructed in such Manner as may be approved by the District Surveyor.

XXV. Every Arch under any public Way shall be formed of Brick, Stone, or other incombustible Materials: If an Arch of Brick or Stone is used, it shall, in Cases where its Span does not exceed Ten Feet, be of the Thickness of Eight and a Half Inches at the least; where its Span does not exceed Fifteen Feet, it shall be of the Thickness of Thirteen Inches at least; and where its Span exceed Fifteen Feet, it shall be of such Thickness as may be approved by the District Surveyor: If an Arch or other Construction of Iron or other incombustible Material is used, it shall be constructed in such Manner as may be approved by the District Surveyor.

Rules as to Projections. XXVI. The following Rules shall be observed as to Projections:

1. Every Coping, Cornice, Facia, Window Dressing, Portico, Balcony, Verandah, Balustrade, and architectural Projection or Decoration whatsoever, and also the Eaves or Cornices to any overhanging Roof, except the Cornices and Dressings to the Window Fronts of Shops, and except the Eaves and Cornices to detached and semidetached Dwelling Houses distant at least Fifteen Feet from any other Building, and from the Ground of any Adjoining Owner, shall, unless the Metropolitan Board otherwise permit, be of Brick, Tile, Stone, artificial Stone, Slate, Cement, or other Fire-proof Material:

2. In Streets or Alleys of a less Width than Thirty Feet, any Shop Front may project beyond the External Wall of the Building to which it belongs for Five Inches and no more, and any Cornice of any such Shop Front may project Thirteen Inches and no more; and in any Street or Alley of a Width greater than Thirty Feet, any Shop Front may project Ten Inches and no more, and the Cornice may project for Eighteen Inches from the Ex-

ternal Walls, but no more:

3. No Part of the Woodwork of any Shop Front shall be fixed nearer than Four and a Half Inches from the Line of Junction of any adjoining Premises, unless a Pier of Corbel of Stone, Brick, or other Fire-proof Material, Four and a Half Inches wide at the least, is built or fixed next to such adjoining Premises as high as such Woodwork is fixed, and projects an Inch at the least in front of the Face thereof:

4. The Roof, Flat, or Gutter of every Building, and every Balcony, Verandah, Shop Front, or other Projection, must

be so arranged and constructed, and so supplied with Gutters and Pipes, as to prevent the Water therefrom from dropping upon or running over any public Way:

5. Except in so far as is permitted by this Section in the Case of Shop Fronts, and with the Exception of Water Pipes and their Appurtenances, Copings, Cornices, Facias, Window Dressings, and other like architectural Decorations, no Projection from any Building shall extend beyond the general Line of Fronts in any Street, except with the Permission of the Metropolitan Board of Works herein-after mentioned.

XXVII. The following Rules shall be observed as to the Separation of Buildings, and Limitation of their Areas:

Separation of

1. Every Building shall be separated by External or Party

Walls from any adjoining Building:

2. Separate Sets of Chambers or Rooms tenanted by diferent Persons shall, if contained in a Building exceeding Three thousand six hundred Square Fect in Area, be deemed to be separate Buildings, and be divided accordingly, so far as they adjoin vertically by Party Walls, and so far as they adjoin horizontally by Party Arches or Fire-proof Floors:

3. If any Building in One Occupation is divided into Two or more Tenements, each having a separate entrance and Staircase, or a separate Entrance from without, every such Tenement shall be deemed to be a separate Building

for the Purposes of this Act:

4. Every Warehouse, or other Building used either wholly or in part for the Purposes of Trade or Manufacture, containing more than Two hundred and sixteen thousand Cubic Feet, shall be divided by Party Walls in such Manner that the Contents of each Division thereof shall not exceed the above-mentioned Number of Cubic Feet.

XXVIII. The following Rules shall be observed as to uniting Rules as to

Buildings:

1. No Buildings shall be united unless they are wholly in the

same Occupation:

2. No Buildings shall be united, if when so united, they will, considered as One Building only, be in contravention of

any of the Provisions of this Act:

3. No Opening shall be made in any Party Wall dividing Buildings, which, if taken together, would contain more than Two hundred and sixteen thousand Cubic Feet, except under the following Conditions:

Such Opening shall not exceed in Width Seven Feet

or in Height Eight Feet:

Such Opening shall have the Floor, Jambs, and Head formed of Brick, Stone, or Iron, and be closed by Two Wrought Iron Doors, each One Fourth of an Inch thick in the Panel, at a Distance from each other of the full Thickness of the Wall, fitted to rebated Frames, without Woodwork of any kind:

4. When

Rules as to the Separation of Buildings, and Limitation of their Areas.

Rules as to uniting Buildings.

PART. I.
Regulation and
Supervision of
Buildings.

As to Open Spaces near Dwelling Houses.

Construction of Public Buildings.

4. Whenever any Buildings which have been united, cease to be in the same Occupation, any Openings made in the Party Walls dividing the same shall be stopped up with Brick or Stone Work of the full Thickness of the Wall itself, and properly bonded therewith.

XXIX. Every Building used or intended to be used as a Dwelling House, unless all the Rooms can be lighted and ventilated from a Street or Alley adjoining, shall have in the Rear, or on the Side thereof, an open Space exclusively belonging thereto, of the Extent at least of One hundred Square Feet.

XXX. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, every Public Building, including the Walls, Roofs, Floors, Galleries, and Staircases, shall be constructed in such Manner as may be approved by the District Surveyor, or, in the event of Disagreement, may be determined by the Metropolitan Board; and, save in so far as respects the Rules of Construction, every Public Building shall throughout this Act, be deemed to be included in the Term Building, and be subject to all the Provisions of this Act, in the same Manner as if it were a Building erected for a Purpose other than a public Purpose.

DISTRICT SURVEYORS.

XXXI. With the Exemptions herein-before mentioned, every Building, and every Work done to, in, or upon any Building, shall be subject to the Supervision of the District Surveyor appointed to the District in which the Building is situate.

XXXII. The following Things may be done by the Metropolitan Board of Works, established by the said Act for the tetter Local Management of the Metropolis, by Order, at their

Discretion; that is to say,

1. They may alter the Limits of any District, or unite any
Two or more Districts together, and in any such Case
place such altered District under the Supervision of any
existing or of any future District Surveyor, with Power
from Time to Time to alter any District so made, and do

into effect the Power hereby given:

2. They may dismiss any existing District Surveyor, with the Consent of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; they may suspend any such Surveyor as last aforesaid; they may dismiss or suspend any future District Surveyor; and in case of any Suspension or during any Vacancy, they may appoint a temporary Substitute:

all such Matters and Things as are necessary for carrying

3. Whenever any Vacancy occurs in the Office of any existing or future District Surveyor, they may appoint

another qualified Person in his Place:

4. They may pay such Amount of Compensation as they think fit to any District Surveyor who may be deprived of his Office, in pursuance of the Power hereby given of altering the Limits of Districts:

Buildings to be supervised by District Sur-

veyors.

Power to Metropolitan
Board of Works
established
under
18 & 19 Vict.
c. 120.

But

But, subject to the Provisions herein contained, the several Places which at the Time when this Act comes into operation are constituted Districts under an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four, and intituled An Act for regulating the Construction and Use of Buildings in the Metropolis and its Neighbourhood, for the Purposes of that Act, shall continue to be Districts for the Purposes of this Act, and the several Persons who at the Time when this Act comes into operation are District Surveyors under the Provisions of the said Act shall continue to be District Surveyors under this Act.

XXXIII. The Institute of British Architects may from Time Examination to Time cause to be examined, by such Persons and in such by Institute Manner as they think fit, all Candidates presenting themselves for the Purpose of being examined as to their Competency to perform the Duties of District Surveyor, and shall grant Certificates of Competency to the Candidates found deserving of the same; and no Person who has not already filled the Office of District Surveyor, or has not already obtained a Certificate of Competency in pursuance of the said Act of the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four, shall be qualified to be appointed to that Office, unless he has received a Certificate of Competency from the said Institute of British Architects, or has been examined in such other Manner as the said Metropolitan Board may direct, and been found competent in such Examination.

XXXIV. Every District Surveyor shall have and maintain an District Sur-Office, at his own Expense, in such Part of his District as may be veyor to have approved by the Metropolitan Board of Works.

XXXV. If any District Surveyor is prevented by Illness, Infirmity, or any other unavoidable Circumstance from attending to veyor may apthe Duties of his Office, he may, with the Consent of the Metro- point Deputy, politan Board of Works, appoint some other Person as his Deputy to perform all his Duties for such Time as he may be prevented from executing them.

XXXVI. If at any Time it appears to the Metropolitan Board Assistant Surof Works that, on account of the Pressure of Business in any veyor may be District, or any other Account, the Surveyor of that District cannot discharge his Duties promptly and efficiently, then such Board may direct any other District Surveyor to assist the Surveyor of such District in the Performance of his Duties, or appoint some other Person to give such Assistance, and such Assistant Surveyor shall be entitled to receive all Fees payable in respect of the Services performed by him.

XXXVII. If any Building is executed, or any Work done to, District Surin, or upon any Building, by or under the Superintendence of veyor not to any District Surveyor acting professionally or on his own private act in case of Account, it shall not be lawful for such Surveyor to survey any his professional such Building for the Purpose of this Act, or to act as District Superinten-Surveyor in respect thereof, or in any Matter connected there- dence. with, but it shall be his Duty to give Notice thereof to the said Metropolitan Board, who shall then appoint some other District Surveyor to act in respect of such Matter.

Architects.

an Office.

District Surwith Consent.

appointed on Emergency.

NOTICES

PART I.
Regulation and
Supervision of
Buildings.

Notices to be given to District Surveyor by Builder. Notices to District Surveyors.

XXXVIII. Two Days before the following Acts or Event, that is to say,

Two Days before any Building, or any Work to, in, or upon any Building, is commenced, and also, if the Progress of any such Building or Work is after the Commencement thereof suspended for any Period exceeding Three Months, Two Days before such Building or Work is resumed, and also if during the Progress of any such Building or Work, the Builder employed thereon is changed, then Two Days before any new Builder enters upon the Continuance of such Building or Work,

It shall be the Duty of the Builder engaged in building or rebuilding such Building, or in executing such Work, or in continuing such Building or Work, to give to the District Surveyor Notice in Writing stating the Situation, Area, and Height, and intended Use of the Building or Buildings about to be commenced, or to, in, or upon which any Work is to be done, and the Number of such Buildings if more than One, and also the Particulars of any such proposed Work, and stating also his own Name and Address; but any Works to, in, or upon the same Building, that are in progress at the same Time, may be included in One Notice.

District Surveyor to cause Rules of this Act to be observed. XXXIX. Every District Surveyor shall, upon the Receipt of any such Notice as aforesaid, and also upon any Work, affected by the Rules of this Act, but in respect of which no Notice has been given, being observed by or made known to him, and also from Time to Time during the Progress of any Works affected by the Rules and Directions of this Act, as often as may be necessary for securing the due Observance of such Rules, survey any Building or Work hereby placed under their Supervision, and cause all the Rules of this Act to be duly observed.

Notice to be Evidence of intended Works.

XL. Every Notice given in pursuance of this Act shall be deemed, in any Question relative to any Building or Work, to be primâ facie Evidence as against such Builder, of the Nature of the Building or Work proposed to be built or done.

Penalty on Builders neglecting to give Notice, XLI. If any Builder neglects to give Notice in any of the Cases aforesaid, or executes any Works of which he is hereby required to give Notice before giving the same, or having given due Notice of any Works, executes the same before the Expiration of Two Days from the Time of giving such Notice, such Builder shall for every such Offence incur a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

District Surveyor may enter and inspect Buildings.

XLII. At all reasonable Times during the Progress of any Building or Work affected by this Act it shall be lawful for the District Surveyor to enter and inspect such Building or Work; and if any Person refuses to admit such Surveyor to inspect such Building or Work, or refuses or neglects to afford such Surveyor all reasonable Assistance in such Inspection, in every such Case

the Offender shall incur for each Offence a Penalty not ex- Penalty for ceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before a Justice of the Refusal. Peace.

XLIII. The District Surveyor may at all reasonable Times District Surenter any Premises, with the Exception of Buildings herein-veyor may before exempted by Name, for the Purpose of ascertaining enter Buildings whether any Buildings erected in such Premises are in such a Situation or possess such Characteristics as are herein-before Buildings. required in order to exempt them from the Operation of this Act, and he may do all such Things as are necessary for the above Purpose; and if any Person refuses to admit such Surveyor to enter such Premises, or to inspect any such Building, or neglects to afford to him all reasonable Assistance in such Inspection, in every such Case the Offender shall incur for each Offence a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

to ascertain as to exempted

XLIV. If, by reason of any Emergency, any Act or Work is re- In case of quired to be done immediately, or before Notice can be given as Emergency, aforesaid, then it shall be lawful to do the Act or Work so required to be done, upon Condition that before the Expiration of without Not Twenty-four Hours after such Act or Work has been begun, Notice thereof is given to the District Surveyor.

Works may be without Notice.

Proceedings by District Surveyors in case of Irregularity.

XLV. In the following Cases, that is to say,-

If in erecting any Building, or in doing any Work to, in, Notice by Disor upon any Building, anything is done contrary to any of the Rules of this Act, or anything required by this Act Inregularity. is omitted to be done; or

trict Surveyor

In Cases where due Notice has not been given,—

If the District Surveyor, on surveying or inspecting any Building or Work, finds that the same is so far advanced that he cannot ascertain whether anything has been done contrary to the Rules of this Act, or whether anything required by the Rules of this Act has been omitted to be done:

In every such Case the District Surveyor shall give to the Builder engaged in erecting such Building, or in doing such Work, Notice in Writing requiring such Builder, within Forty-eight Hours from the Date of such Notice, to cause anything done contrary to the Rules of this Act to be amended, or to do anything required to be done by this Act, but which has been omitted to be done, or to cause so much of any Building or Work as prevents such District Surveyor from ascertaining whether anything has been done or omitted to be done as aforesaid, to be to a sufficient Extent cut into, laid open, or pulled down.

XLVI. If the Builder, to whom such Notice is given, makes default in complying with the Requisition thereof within such Period of Forty-eight Hours, the District Surveyor may cause Complaint of such Noncompliance to be made before a Justice of the Peace, and such Justice shall thereupon issue a Summons remake Order to quiring

On Noncompliance with Notice, Justice to summon Builder, and

Metropolitan Buildings (Part I. Building Regulations). quiring the Builder so in default to appear before him; and if,

upon his Appearance, or in his Absence, upon due Proof of the

Service of such Summons, it appears to such Justice that the Requisitions made by such Notice or any of them are authorized

by this Act, he shall make an Order on such Builder commanding

him to comply with the Requisitions of such Notice, or any of

such Requisitions that may in his Opinion be authorized by this

PART I. Regulation and Supervision of Buildings.

comply with Requisition.

Penalty on Noncompliance with Order of Justice.

Act, within a Time to be named in such Order. XLVII. If such Order is not complied with, the Builder on whom it is made shall incur a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds a Day, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace. during every Day of the Continuance of such Noncompliance, and in addition thereto, the District Surveyor may, if he thinks fit, proceed, with a sufficient Number of Workmen, to enter upon the Premises, and do all such Things as may be necessary for enforcing the Requisitions of such Notice, and for bringing any Building or Work into conformity with the Rules of this Act, and all Expenses incurred by him in so doing, and in any such Proceedings as aforesaid, may be recovered from the Builder on whom such Order was made, in a summary Manner, before a Justice of the Peace, or may be recovered from the Owner of the Premises in the same Manner in which Expenses incurred by the Commissioners herein-after named in respect of dangerous Buildings, are herein-after directed to be recovered from any Owner;

Penalty on Workmen, &c. doing anything contrary to Rules of Act.

as is thereby given to the Commissioners. XLVIII. If any Workman, Labourer, Servant, or other Person employed in or about any Building, wilfully, and without the Privity or Consent of the Person causing such Work to be done, does anything in or about such Building contrary to the Rules of this Act, he shall, for each such Offence, incur a Penalty not exceeding Fifty Shillings.

and if the Owner cannot be found, or if, on Demand, he refuses or neglects to pay the aforesaid Expenses, the District Surveyor shall have the same Power of taking and selling the Building in respect of which the Order is made, and of applying the Proceeds,

FEES OF DISTRICT SURVEYORS.

Payments to District Surveyors in respect of Matters in First Part of Second Schedule.

XLIX. There shall be paid to the District Surveyors, in respect of the several Matters specified in the First Part of the Second Schedule hereto, the Fees therein specified, or such other Fees, not exceeding the Amounts therein specified, as may from Time to Time be directed by the Metropolitan Board of Works; but One Fee only shall be chargeable with respect to any such Works done in, to, or upon any Building as are in pursuance of the Provisions herein-before contained included in One Notice; and if in consequence of any Reduction being made by the said Metropolitan Board in the Amount of the said scheduled Fees, the Income of any existing District Surveyor is diminished, the Metropolitan Board shall grant to him Compensation in respect of such Diminution.

Appointment of

L. If any special Service is required to be performed by the ecial Fees for District Surveyor under the First Part of this Act, for which no

Fee is specified in the said Schedule, the Metropolitan Board of for Services not Works may order such Fee to be paid for such Service as they provided for. think fit, and the District Surveyor shall have the same remedy for recovering such special Fee as if the same were expressly named in the said Schedule.

LI. At the Expiration of the following Periods, that is to say, of One Month after the Roof of any Building surveyed by Surveyors enany District Surveyor under this Act has been covered

Periods when titled to Fees.

of Fourteen Days after the Completion of any such Work as is by this Act placed under the Supervision of the District Surveyor,

of Fourteen Days after any special Service in respect of

any Building has been performed,

the District Surveyor shall be entitled to receive the Amount of Fees due to him from the Builder employed in erecting such Building, or in doing such Work, or in doing any Matter in respect of which any special Service has been performed by the Surveyor, or from the Owner or Occupier of the Building so erected, or in respect of which such Work has been done or Service performed; and if any such Builder, Owner, or Occupier refuses to pay the same, such Fees may be recovered in a summary Manner before a Justice of the Peace, upon its being shown, to the Satisfaction of such Justice, that a proper Bill specifying the Amount of such Fees was delivered to such Builder, Owner, or Occupier, or sent to him, in a registered Letter, addressed to his last known Residence.

RETURNS BY DISTRICT SURVEYORS.

LIL Every District Surveyor shall, within Seven Days after District Surthe First Day of every Month, make a Return to the Metropolitan veyor to make Board of Works, in such Manner as they may appoint, of all turns to Metro-Notices and Complaints received by him relative to the Business politan Board of his District, and the Results thereof, and of all Matters brought of Works. by him before any Justice of the Peace, and of all the several Works supervised and special Services performed by him in the Exercise of his Office within the previous Month, and of all Fees charged or received in respect thereof; and specify in such Return the Description and Locality of every Building built, rebuilt, enlarged, or altered, or on which any Work has been done under his Supervision, with the particular Nature of every Work in respect of which any Fee has been charged or received.

LIII. Every such Return shall be signed by such Surveyor, Asto Certificate and shall be deemed to be a Certificate that all the Works enume- that Works are rated therein as completed, have been done in all respects agreeably to this Act, according to the best of his Knowledge and

Belief, and that they have been duly surveyed by him.

LIV. The Officer herein-after mentioned as the Superintending Architect to Architect of Metropolitan Buildings, or such other Officer as the audit Accounts Metropolitan Board of Works appoint, shall from Time to Time of Fees charged examine the said monthly Returns made by the District Sur-Surveyors, and veyors; and in case any Fees therein specified appear to such to report in 18 & 19 Vict.

Superintending by District Officer case of Excess.

PART I.
Regulation and
Supervision of
Buildings.

Officer to be unauthorized by this Act, or to exceed in Amount the Rates hereby made payable, or in case any such Account appears to be in any respect fraudulent or untrue, he shall make his Report in Writing to that Effect to the Metropolitan Board of Works, who shall thereupon take such Steps in the Matter as they deem expedient.

POWERS OF METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.

Metropolitan Board of Works to modify Rules.

LV. The Metropolitan Board of Works may, by Order, made with the Consent of Her Majesty in Council, alter, in such Manner as they may think fit, the Rules for the Regulation of the Thickness of Walls contained in the First Schedule hereto.

Buildings to which Rules of Act are inapplicable.

LVI. Whenever any Builder is desirous of erecting any Iron Building, or any other Building to which the Rules of this Act are inapplicable, he shall make an Application to the Metropolitan Board of Works, stating such Desire, and setting out a Plan of the proposed Building, with such Particulars as to the Construction thereof as may be required by the said Board; and the latter, if satisfied with such Plan and Particulars, shall signify their Approval of the same, and thereupon such Building may be constructed according to such Plan and Particulars; but it shall not be lawful for such Board to authorize any Warehouse or other Building, used either wholly or in part for the Purposes of Trade or Manufacture, to be erected, of greater Dimensions than Two hundred and sixteen thousand Cubic Feet, unless it is divided by larty Walls in manner herein-before required.

Power of Metropolitan Board to make General Rules. LVII. The said Metropolitan Board may, for the Purpose of regulating the Proceedings of such Applicants as aforesaid, from Time to Time issue such General Rules as to the Time and Manner of making such Applications, as to the Plans to be presented, as to the Expenses to be incurred, and as to any other Matter or Thing connected therewith, as they may think fit.

Approval of Board how signified.

LVIII. The Approval by the Metropolitan Board of Works of any Plans or Particulars, in pursuance of the foregoing Provisions, shall be signified by Writing under the Hand of the Superintending Architect of Metropolitan Buildings, and countersigned by the Chairman of such Board, or by any other Officer appointed by the Board.

Board to issue Forms of Notices. LIX. The said Metropolitan Board may from Time to Time prepare or sanction Forms of the various Notices required by this Act, and may from Time to Time make such Alterations therein as they deem requisite; and they shall cause every such Form to be sealed with the Seal of the Board, or marked with some other distinguishing Mark; and any Notice made in a Form sanctioned by the Board shall in all Proceedings be held sufficient in Law.

Expenses of Orders to be borne by Builders.

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LX. All Expenses incurred in and about the obtaining such Approval of the Metropolitan Board of Works as aforessid shall be paid by the Builder to the said Superintending Architect, or to such other Person as the said Board may appoint, and in default of Payment, may be recovered in a summary Manner.

LXI. A Copy of any Plans and Particulars, approved by the District Sur-Metropolitan Board of Works, shall be furnished to the Surveyor veyor to see within whose District the Building to which such Plans and Particulars relate is situate, and thereupon it shall be the Duty of into execution. such District Surveyor to ascertain that the same is built in accordance with the said Plans and Particulars.

Plans carried

LXII. The Metropolitan Board of Works may, for the Purpose Power to Meof aiding in the Execution of this Act, appoint some fit Person, to be called the "Superintending Architect of Metropolitan Buildings," together with such Number of Clerks as they think fit; Architect and such Architect and Clerks shall be removable by the said Metro- Clerks. politan Board, and shall perform such Duties as the said Board direct; but it shall not be lawful for any Superintending Architect to practise as an Architect, or to follow any other Occupation.

tropolitan Board to appoint Superintending

LXIII. If the Superintending Architect is prevented by Ill-Superintending ness, Infirmity, or any other unavoidable Circumstance from Architect may attending to the Duties of his Office, he may, with the Consent of the Metropolitan Board of Works, appoint some other Person as his Deputy to perform all his Duties for such Time as he may be temporarily prevented from executing them.

appoint Deputy, with Consent.

LXIV. There shall be paid to such Superintending Architect Salaries to and Clerks such Salaries as the said Metropolitan Board may Architect and from Time to Time direct from Time to Time direct.

EXPENSES.

LXV. The said Metropolitan Board may at any Time hereafter, Power of Meby Order, cause such fixed Salary as they may determine to be tropolitan Board paid to any District Surveyor by way of Remuneration instead of to pay Salaries. Fees, provided the Amount of such Remuneration be not less than the Amount of the Average of the Fees for the last Three Years; and thereupon such Surveyor shall pay all Fees received by him under this Act into the Hands of the said Superintending Architect.

LXVI. All Monies received by the Superintending Architect in pursuance of this Act shall be accounted for and paid by him into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Metropolitan Board, at such Time and in such Manner as the said Board may direct.

As to Monies re ceived by Superintending Architect.

LXVII. The said Metropolitan Board may at any Time here- Metropolitan after provide, either wholly or partially, for the Payment of Board may pay Salaries to the District Surveyors, or to any of them, out of the Rates, Rates leviable by such Board in pursuance of the said Act for the better local Management of the Metropolis, and may thereupon abolish or reduce any Fees hereby made payable to the District Surveyors.

Salaries out of

LXVIII. All Expenses of carrying into execution this Act, not Expenses, how hereby otherwise provided for, shall be deemed to be Expenses borne. incurred by the said Metropolitan Board in the Execution of the said Act for the better local Management of the Metropolis, and shall be raised and paid accordingly.

Metropolitan Buildings (Part II. Dangerous Structures).

PART IL Dangerous Structures,

PART II. DANGEROUS STRUCTURES.

Survey to be made of dangerous Structures, 8 Vict. c. 84. s. 40.

LXIX. Whenever it is made known to the Commissioners herein-after named that any Structure (including in such Expression any Building, Wall, or other Structure, and anything affixed to or projecting from any Building, Wall, or other Structure,) is in a dangerous State, such Commissioners shall require a Survey of such Structure to be made by the District Surveyor, or by some other competent Surveyor, and it shall also be the Duty of the District Surveyor to make known to the said Commissioners any Information he may receive with respect to any Structure being in such State as aforesaid.

Definition of "Commissioners." LXX. In Cases where any such Structure is situate within the City of London or the Liberties thereof, herein-after included under the Expression "the City of London," the Expression "the Commissioners" shall mean "the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London;" but when such Structure is situate elsewhere it shall mean "the Commissioners of Police of the Metropolis," or such One of them as may be authorized by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to act in the Matter of this Act.

Surveyor to give Certificate.

LXXI. Upon the Completion of his Survey the Surveyor employed shall certify to the said Commissioners his Opinion as to the State of any such Structure as aforesaid.

Proceedings to be taken in respect of Certificate. LXXII. If such Certificate is to the Effect that such Structure is not in a dangerous State, no further Proceedings shall be had in respect thereof, but if it is to the Effect that the same is in a dangerous State, the Commissioners shall cause the same to be shored up, or otherwise secured, and a proper Hoard or Fence to be put up for the Protection of Passengers, and shall cause Notice in Writing to be given to the Owner or Occupier of such Structure requiring him forthwith to take down, secure, or repair the same, as the Case requires.

On Noncomplisuce with Notice, Justice to summonOwner, &c. and make Order to comply with Requisition.

LXXIII. If the Owner or Occupier to whom Notice is given as last aforesaid, fails to comply, as speedily as the Nature of the Case permits, with the Requisition of such Notice, the said Commissioners may make Complaint thereof before a Justice of the Peace; and it shall be lawful for such Justice to order the Owner, or, on his Default, the Occupier, of any such Structure to take down, repair, or otherwise secure, to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor who made such Survey as aforesaid, or of such other Surveyor as the said Commissioners may appoint, such Structure, or such Part thereof as appears to him to be in a dangerous State, within a Time to be fixed by such Justice; and in case the same is not taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured within the Time, so limited, the said Commissioners may with all convenient Speed cause all or so much of such Structure as is in a dangerous Condition to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured, in such Manner as may be requisite; and all Expenses incurred by the said Commissioners in respect of any dangerous Structure, by virtue of the Second Part of this Act, shall be paid by the Owner

Metropolitan Buildings (Part II. Dangerous Structures).

of such Structure, but without Prejudice to his Right to recover the same from any Lessee or other Person liable to the Expenses

of Repairs.

LXXIV. If such Owner cannot be found, or if, on Demand, he If Owner canrefuses or neglects to pay the aforesaid Expenses, the said Com- not be found, missioners, after giving Three Months Notice of their Intention Commissioners to do so, by posting a printed or written Notice in a conspicuous ture, giving the Place on the Structure in respect of which or of Part of which Surplus to they have incurred Expense, or on the Land whereon it stands, Owner, &c. may sell such Structure, and they shall, after deducting from the Proceeds of such Sale the Amount of all Expenses incurred by them, restore the Surplus (if any) to the Owner.

LXXV. All Payments hereby directed to be made by or to the Payments by or Commissioners, shall, in the Cases of Payments in respect of any to the Commis-Structure situated within the City of London, be made by or to sioners, how the Chamberlain of the City out of or to the Consolidated Rate made. made by the Commissioners of Sewers, and in the Cases of Payments in respect of any Structure situate elsewhere within the Limits of this Act, be made by or to the Receiver of Metropolitan Police, in the same Manner in which Payments are made by or to such Chamberlain and Receiver respectively in the ordinary Course of their Business; but no Commissioner or other Officer shall be liable in respect of any Loss that may be sustained by any Person in consequence of the Exercise by the said Commissioners of the Powers hereby given them, unless such Loss happens through the wilful Default of such Commissioner or other Officer.

LXXVI. In Cases where any Surplus is hereby made payable Surplus how to to any Owner, if no Demand for the same is made by any Person be applied if no entitled thereto within One Year, then the same shall be paid into Demand made the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there to the Credit of the Owner (describing him so far as the Commissioners can), subject to the Control of the Court, and to be paid out to the Owner on his applying by Petition, and

proving his Title thereto.

LXXVII. There shall be paid to the District Surveyor, or to Fees to District such other Surveyor as aforesaid, in respect of his Services under Surveyor. the Second Part of this Act, such Fees, not exceeding the Amounts specified in the Second Part of the Second Schedule hereto, as may from Time to Time be directed by the said Metropolitan

LXXVIII. If any special Service is required to be performed Special Fees for by the District Surveyor, or by such other Surveyor as aforesaid, Services not under the Second Part of this Act, for which no Fee is specified provided for. in the said Schedule, the said Metropolitan Board may order such Fee to be paid for such Service as they think fit.

LXXIX. All Fees paid to the District Surveyor, or to such Fees to be other Surveyor as aforesaid, by virtue of the Second Part of this deemed Part of Act, shall be deemed to be Expenses incurred by the said Commissioners in the Matter of the dangerous Structure in respect of which such Fees are paid, and shall be recoverable by them from the Owner accordingly.

LXXX. In

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Metropolitan Buildings (Part II. Dangerous Structures).

PART II.

Dangerous
Structures.

Justice of Peace may cause Inmates to be removed from dangerous Structures.

Powers of Commissioners to appoint Officers.

LXXX. In Cases where a Structure has been certified by a District Surveyor, or such other Surveyor as aforesaid, to be dangerous to its Inmates, a Justice of the Peace may, if satisfied of the Correctness of such Certificate, upon the Application of the said Commissioners, by Order under his Handfdirect any Inmates of such Structure to be removed therefrom by a Constable or other Peace Officer, and if they have no other Abode, he may require them to be received into the Workhouse established for the Reception of the Poor of the Place in which such Structure is situate.

LXXXI. Subject to the Approval of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the said Commissioners may appoint such Persons at such Salaries, and make such Regulations, as they think fit for carrying into execution the Second Part of this Act; and all Expenses incurred by them not hereby otherwise provided for, shall, in the Case of Expenses incurred by the said Commissioners of Police, be deemed to be Expenses incurred by them in respect of the Police Force of which they are Commissioners, and be payable accordingly; and all Expenses incurred by the said Commissioners of Sewers shall be paid out of the said Consolidated Rate.

Part III.
Party
Structures.

PART III.

PARTY STRUCTURES.

PRELIMINARY.

· Definition of Building Owner and Adjoining Owner.

LXXXII. In the Construction of the following Provisions relating to Party Structures, such One of the Owners of the Premises separated by or adjoining to any Party Structure as is desirous of executing any Work in respect to such Party Structure shall be called the Building Owner, and the Owner of the other Premises shall be called the Adjoining Owner.

RIGHTS OF BUILDING AND ADJOINING OWNERS.

Rights of Building Owner.

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LXXXIII. The Building Owner shall have the following Rights in relation to Party Structures; that is to say,

(1.) A Right to make good or repair any Party Structure

that is defective or out of repair:

(2.) A Right to pull down and rebuild any Party Structure that is so far defective or out of repair as to make it necessary or desirable to pull down the same:

(3.) A Right to pull down any Timber or other Partition that divides any Buildings, and is not conformable with the Regulations of this Act, and to build instead a

Party Wall conformable thereto:

(4.) In the Case of Buildings having Rooms or Stories, the Property of different Owners intermixed, a Right to pull down such of the said Rooms or Stories or any Part thereof as are not built in conformity with this Act, and to rebuild the same in conformity with this Act:

(5.) In

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- (5.) In the Case of Buildings connected by Arches or Communications over public Ways or over Passages belonging to other Persons, a Right to pull down such of the said Buildings, Arches, or Communications, or any Part thereof, as are not built in conformity with this Act, and to rebuild the same in conformity with this Act:
- (6.) A Right to raise any Party Structure permitted by this Act to be raised, or any External Wall built against such Party Structure, upon Condition of making good all Damage occasioned thereby to the adjoining Premises or to the internal Finishings and Decorations thereof, and of carrying up to the requisite Height all Flues and Chimney Stacks belonging to the Adjoining Owner on or against such Party Structure or External Wall:
- (7.) A Right to pull down any Party Structure that is of insufficient Strength for any Building intended to be built, and to rebuild the same of sufficient Strength for the above Purpose, upon Condition of making good all Damage occasioned thereby to the adjoining Premises, or to the internal Finishings and Decorations thereof:
- (8.) A Right to cut into any Party Structure upon Condition of making good all Damage occasioned to the adjoining Premises by such Operation:
- (9.) A Right to cut away any Footing or any Chimney Breasts, Jambs, or Flues projecting from any Party Wall, in order to erect an External Wall against such Party Wall, or for any other Purpose, upon Condition of making good all Damage occasioned to the adjoining Premises by such Operation:
- (10.) A Right to cut away or take down such Parts of any Wall or Building of an Adjoining Owner as may be necessary in consequence of such Wall or Building overhanging the Ground of the Building Owner, in order to erect an upright Wall against the same, on Condition of making good any Damage sustained by the Wall or Building by reason of such cutting away or taking down:
- (11.) A Right to perform any other necessary Works incident to the Connexion of Party Structure with the Premises adjoining thereto:

But the above Rights shall be subject to this Qualification, that any Building which has been erected previously to the Time of this Act coming into operation shall be deemed to be conformable with the Provisions of this Act, if it is conformable with the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, Chapter Seventy-eight, or with 14 G. 3. c. 78. the Provisions of the said Act of the Eighth Year of Her present 8 Vict. c. 84. Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four.

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PART III.

Party

Structures.

Rights of Adjoining Owner.

LXXXIV. Whenever the Building Owner proposes to exercise any of the foregoing Rights with respect to Party Structures, the Adjoining Owner may require the Building Owner to build on any such Party Structure certain Chimney Jambs, Breasts, or Flues, or certain Piers or Recesses, or any other like Works for the Convenience of such Adjoining Owner; and it shall be the Duty of the Building Owner to comply with such Requisition in all Cases where the Execution of the required Works will not be injurious to the Building Owner, or cause to him unnecessary Inconvenience or unnecessary Delay in the Exercise of his Right; and any Difference that arises between any Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in respect of the Execution of such Works as aforesaid shall be determined in manner in which Differences between Building Owners and Adjoining Owners are herein-after directed to be determined.

Rules as to Exercise of Rights by Building and Adjoining Owners.

LXXXV. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to the Exercise by Building Owners and Adjoining Owners of their respective Rights:—

(1.) No Building Owner shall, except with the Consent of the Adjoining Owner, or in Cases where any Party Structure is dangerous, in which Cases the Provisions hereby made as to dangerous Structures shall apply, exercise any Right hereby given in respect of any Party Structure, unless he has given at the least Three Months previous Notice to the Adjoining Owner by delivering the same to him personally, or by sending it by Post in a registered Letter addressed to such Owner at his last known Place of Abode:

(2.) The Notice so given shall be in Writing or printed, and shall state the Nature of the proposed Work, and the Time at which such Work is proposed to be com-

menced:

(3.) No Building Owner shall exercise any Right hereby given to him in such Manner or at such Time as to cause unnecessary Inconvenience to the Adjoining Owner:

(4.) Upon the Receipt of such Notice the Adjoining Owner may require the Building Owner to build, or may himself build on any such Party Structure, any Works to the Construction of which he is herein-before men-

tioned to be entitled:

(5.) Any Requisition so made by an Adjoining Owner shall be in Writing or printed, and shall be delivered personally to the Building Owner within One Month after the Date of the Notice being given by him, or be sent by Post in a registered Letter addressed to him at his last known Place of Residence: It shall specify the Works required by the Adjoining Owner for his Convenience, and shall, if necessary, be accompanied with explanatory Plans and Drawings:

(6.) If either Owner does not, within Fourteen Days after the Delivery to him of any Notice or Requisition, express

Metropolitan Buildings (Part III. Party Structures).

express his Consent thereto, he shall be considered as having dissented therefrom, and thereupon a Difference shall be deemed to have arisen between the Building Owner and the Adjoining Owner:

- (7.) In all Cases not hereby specially provided for, where a Difference arises between a Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in respect of any Matter arising under this Act, unless both Parties concur in the Appointment of One Surveyor, they shall each appoint a Surveyor, and the Two Surveyors so appointed shall select a Third Surveyor, and such One Surveyor or Three Surveyors, or any Two of them, shall settle any Matter in Dispute between such Building and Adjoining Qwner, with Power by his or their Award to determine the Right to do, and the Time and Manner of doing any Work, and generally any other Matter arising out of or incidental to such Difference; but any Time so appointed for doing any Work shall not commence until after the Expiration of such Period of Three Months, as is herein-before mentioned:
- (8.) Any Award given by such One Surveyor, or by such Three Surveyors, or any Two of them, shall be conclusive, and shall not be questioned in any Court, with this Exception, that either of the Parties to the Difference may appeal therefrom to the County Court, within Fourteen Days from the Date of the Delivery of any such Award as aforesaid, and such County Court may, subject as herein-after mentioned, rescind or modify the Award so given in such Manner as it thinks just:

(9.) If either Party to the Difference makes default in appointing a Surveyor for Ten Days after Notice has been given to him by the other Party in manner aforesaid to make such Appointment, the Party giving the Notice may make the Appointment in the Place of the Party so making default:

(10.) The Costs incurred in obtaining any such Award as aforesaid shall be paid by such Party as such One Surveyor, or Three Surveyors, or any Two of them,

may determine:

(11.) If the Appellant from any such Award as aforesaid, on appearing before the County Court, declares his Unwillingness to have the Matter decided by such Court, and proves, to the Satisfaction of the Judge of such Court, that, in the event of the Matter being decided against him, he will be liable to pay a Sum, exclusive of Costs, exceeding Fifty Pounds; and gives Security, to be approved by such Judge, duly to prosecute his Appeal and to abide the Event thereof, all Proceedings in the County Court shall thereupon be stayed; and it shall be lawful for such Appellant to bring an Action in One of Her Majesty's Superior Courts.

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PART IIL Party Structures.

Courts of Law at Westminster against the other Party to the Difference; and the Plaintiff in such Action shall deliver to the Defendants an Issue or Issues whereby the Matters in difference between them may be tried; and the Form of such Issue or Issues, in case of Dispute, or in case of the Nonappearance of the Defendant, shall be settled by the Court in which the Action is brought; and such Action shall be prosecuted and Issue or Issues tried in the same Manner and subject to the same Incidents in and subject to which Actions are prosecuted and Issues tried in other Cases within the Jurisdiction of such Court, or as near thereto as Circumstances admit:

(12.) If the Parties to any such Action agree as to the Facts. a Special Case may be stated for the Opinion of any such Superior Court as aforesaid, and any Case so stated may be brought before the Court in like Manner and subject to the same Incidents in and subject to which other Special Cases are brought before such Court, or as near thereto as Circumstances admit; and any Costs that may have been incurred in the County Court by the Parties to such Action as is mentioned in this Section, shall be deemed to be Costs incurred in such Action, and be payable accordingly.

Power for BuildingOwner to make Entry on Premises to effect Works,

Penalty on Persons obstructing.

Security to be given by Building Owner, if required by Adjoining Owner.

Rules as to Expenses in respect of Party Structure.

LXXXVI. Whenever any Building Owner has become entitled, in pursuance of this Act, to execute any Work, it shall be lawful for him, his Servants, Agents, or Workmen, at all usual Times of working, to enter on any Premises, for the Purpose of executing and to execute such Work, removing any Furniture, or doing any other Thing that may be necessary, and if such Premises are closed he or they may, accompanied by a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, break open any Doors in order to such Entry; and any Owner or other Person that hinders or obstructs any Workman employed for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or wilfully damages or injures the said Work, shall incur for every such Offence, a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

LXXXVII. Any Adjoining Owner may, if he thinks fit, by Notice in Writing given by himself or his Agent, require the Building Owner, before commencing any Work which he may be authorized by this Act to execute, to give such Security as may be agreed upon, or, in case of Difference, may be settled by the Judge of the County Court, for the Payment of all such Costs and Compensation in respect of such Work as may be payable by such Building Owner.

LXXXVIII. The following Rules shall be observed as to Expenses in respect of any Party Structure; (that is to say,) As to Expenses to be borne jointly by the Building Owner and

Adjoining Owner:

(1.) If any Party Structure is defective or out of repair, the Expense of making good or repairing the same shall be borne by the Building Owner and Adjoining Owner

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in due Proportion, regard being had to the Use that each Owner makes of such Structure:

(2.) If any Party Structure is pulled down and rebuilt by reason of its being so far defective or out of repair as to make it necessary or desirable to pull down the same, the Expense of such pulling down and rebuilding shall be borne by the Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in due Proportion, regard being had to the Use that each Owner makes of such Structure:

(3.) If any Timber or other Partition dividing any Building is pulled down, in exercise of the Right herein-before vested in a Building Owner, and a Party Structure built instead thereof, the Expense of building such Party Structure, and also of building any additional Party Structures that may be required by reason of such Partition having been pulled down, shall be borne by the Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in due Proportion, regard being had to the Use that each Owner makes of such Party Structure, and to the Thickness required to the respective Buildings parted thereby:

(4.) If any Room or Stories, or any Part of Rooms or Stories, the Property of different Owners and intermixed in any Building, are pulled down in pursuance of the Right herein-before vested in any Building Owner, and rebuilt in conformity with this Act, the Expense of such pulling down and rebuilding shall be borne by the Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in due Proportion, regard being had to the Use that each Owner makes of such Rooms or Stories:

(5.) If any Arches or Communications, or any Parts thereof, are pulled down in pursuance of the Right hereinbefore vested in any Building Owner, and rebuilt in conformity with this Act, the Expense of such pulling down and rebuilding shall be borne by the Building Owner and Adjoining Owner in due Proportion, regard being had to the Use that each Owner makes of such Arches or Communications:

As to Expenses to be borne by Building Owner:

(6.) If any Party Structure or External Wall built against the same is raised in pursuance of the Power hereinbefore vested in any Building Owner, the Expense of raising the same, and of making good all such Damage, and of carrying up to the requisite Height all such Flues and Chimnies as are herein-before required to be made good and carried up, shall be borne by the Building Owner:

(7.) If any Party Structure which is of proper Materials and sound, or not so far defective or out of repair as to make it necessary or desirable to pull down the same, is pulled down and rebuilt by the Building Owner, the Expense of pulling down and rebuilding the same, and

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PART III. Party Structures. of making good all such Damage as is herein-before required to be made good, shall be borne by the Building Owner:

(8.) If any Party Structure is cut into by the Building Owner, the Expense of cutting into the same, and of making good any Damage herein-before required to be made good, shall be borne by such Building Owner:

(9.) If any Footing, Chimney Breast, Jambs, or Floor is cut away in pursuance of the Powers herein-before vested in any Building Owner, the Expense of such cutting away, and of making good any Damage herein-before required to be made good, shall be borne by the

Building Owner.

Account of Exto be delivered to Adjoining Owner within One Month.

LXXXIX. Within One Month after the Completion of any penses of Works Work which any Building Owner is by this Act authorized or required to execute, and the Expense of which is in whole or in part to be borne by an Adjoining Owner, such Building Owner shall deliver to the Adjoining Owner an Account in Writing of the Expense of the Work, specifying any Deduction to which such Adjoining Owner or other Person may be entitled in respect of old Materials, or in other respects; and every such Work as aforesaid shall be estimated and valued at fair average Rates and Prices, according to the Nature of the Work and the Locality, and the Market Price of Materials and Labour at the Time.

Adjoining Owner may appeal against Account.

XC. At any Time within One Month after the Delivery of such Account, the Adjoining Owner, if dissatisfied therewith, may declare his Dissatisfaction to the Party delivering the same, by Notice in Writing given by himself or his Agent, and specifying his Objections thereto; and upon such Notice having been given, a Difference shall be deemed to have arisen between the Parties. and such Difference shall be determined in manner herein-before provided for the Determination of Differences between Building and Adjoining Owners.

Building Owner may recover, if no Appeal made.

XCI. If within such Period of One Month as aforesaid the Party receiving such Account does not declare in manner aforesaid his Dissatisfaction therewith, he shall be deemed to have accepted the same, and shall pay the same, on Demand, to the Party delivering the Account, and if he fails to do so, the Amount so due may be recovered as a Debt.

Penalty on Delay of Payment by Adjoining Owner.

XCII. Where the Adjoining Owner is liable to contribute to the Expenses of building any Party Structure, until such Contribution is paid, the Building Owner at whose Expense the same was built shall stand possessed of the sole Property in such

As to Expenses incurred on Requisition of Adjoining Owner.

XCIII. Where any Building Owner has incurred any Expenses on the Requisition of an Adjoining Owner, the Adjoining Owner making such Requisition shall be liable for all such Expenses, and in default of Payment, the same may be recovered from him as a

Penalty on Building Owner 7 to exe-

XCIV. Where any Building Owner is, by the Third Part of this Act, liable to make good any Damage he may occasion to the Property of the Adjoining Owner by any Works authorised to be

executed

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executed by him, or to do any other Thing upon Condition of cute required doing which, his Right to execute such Works is hereby limited Works. to arise, and such Building Owner fails within a reasonable Time to make good such Damage or to do such Thing, he shall incur a Penalty, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace, not exceeding Twenty Pounds for each Day during which such Failure continues.

XCV. Where, in pursuance of this Act, any Consent is required Consent how to be given, any Notice to be served, or any other Thing to be given on behalf done by, on, or to any Owner under Disability, such Consent may der Disability. be given, such Notice may be served, and such Thing may be done by, on, or to the following Persons, on behalf of such Persons under Disability; that is to say,

By, on, or to a Husband, on behalf of his Wife:

By, on, or to a Trustee, on behalf of his Cestuique Trust:

By, on, or to a Guardian or Committee, on behalf of an Infant, Idiot, or Lunatic.

XCVI. Where any Consent is required to be given or any Consent how other Thing to be done by any Owner in pursuance of this Act. given on behalf if there is no Owner capable of giving such Consent or of doing of Persons to be found. such Thing, and no Person empowered by this Act to give such Consent or to do such Thing on behalf of such Owner, or if any Owner so capable, or any Person so empowered, cannot be found, the Judge of the County Court shall have Power to give such Consent, or do or cause to be done such Thing on behalf of such Owner, upon such Terms and subject to such Conditions as he may think fit, having regard alike to the Nature and Purpose of the Subject Matter in respect of which such Consent is to be given, and to the fair Claims of the Parties on whose Behalf such Consent is to be given; and such Judge shall have Power to dispense with the Service of any Notice which would otherwise be required to be served.

PART IV.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

XCVII. Where it is hereby declared that Expenses are to be borne by the Owner of any Premises (including in the Term Payment of "Owner" the Adjoining and Building Owner respectively), the following Rules shall be observed with respect to the Payment of such Expenses:

PART IV. Miscellaneous Provisions.

Expenses by

- (1.) The Owner immediately entitled in possession to such Premises, or the Occupier thereof, shall in the first instance pay such Expenses, with this Limitation, that no Occupier shall be liable to pay any Sum exceeding in Amount the Rent due, or that will thereafter accrue due from him, in respect of such Premises during the Period of his Occupancy:
- (2.) If there are more Owners than One, every Owner shall be liable to contribute to such Expenses in proportion to his Interest:
- (3.) If any Difference arises as to the Amount of Contribution, such Difference shall be decided by Arbitration,

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PART IV.
Miscellaneous
Provisions.

to be conducted in manner directed by the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845; and for that Purpose the Clauses of the said Act with respect to the Settlement of Disputes by Arbitration shall be incorporated with this Act:

(4.) If some of the Owners liable to Contribution cannot be found, the Deficiency so arising shall be divided

amongst the Parties that can be found:

- (5.) Any Occupier of Premises, who has paid any Expenses under this Act, may deduct the Amount so paid from any Rent payable by him to any Owner of the same Premises; and any Owner of Premises, who has paid more than his due Proportion of any Expenses, may deduct the Amount so overpaid from any Rent that may be payable by him to any other Owner of the same Premises:
- (6.) If Default is made by any Owner or Occupier in Payment of any Expenses hereby made payable by him in the first instance, or if Default is made by any Owner in Payment of any other Expenses or Monies due from him by way of Contribution, or otherwise, in pursuance of this Act, then in addition to any other Remedies hereby provided, such Expenses and Monies, if arising in respect of any Matter within the Provisions of the Third Part of this Act, may be recovered as a Debt in due Course of Law, but if arising in respect of any other Matter under this Act, may be recovered in a summary Manner.

Rules as to Service of Notices, Summonses, and Orders. XCVIII. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to the giving or Service of any Notice, Summons, or Order directed to be given or served under this Act in Cases not herein-before provided for:

(1.) A Notice, Summons, or Order may in all Cases be served

personally:

- (2.) A Notice, Summons, or Order may be served on any Builder by leaving the same, or sending it in a registered Letter addressed to him at his Place of Address, as stated by him to the District Surveyor, or by putting up such Notice, Summons, or Order on a conspicuous Part of the Building or Premises to which the same relates:
- (3.) A Notice, Summons, or Order may be served on the Owner or Occupier of any Premises, by leaving the same with the Occupier of such Premises, or with some Inmate of his Abode, or, if there is no Occupier, by putting up such Notice, Summons, or Order on a conspicuous Part of the Building or Premises to which the same relates; and it shall not be necessary to name the Owner or Occupier of such Premises; nevertheless, when the Owner of any such Premises and his Residence, or that of his Agent, are known to the Party by whom, or on whose Behalf, any Notice, Summons.

Metropolitan Buildings (Part IV. Miscellaneous).

or Order is intended to be served, it shall be the Duty of such Party to send every such Notice, Summons, or Order by the Post in a registered Letter addressed to the Residence or last known Residence of such Owner or of his Agent:

(4.) A Notice, Summons, or Order may be served on any District Surveyor by leaving the same at his Office.

XCIX. Whenever any Thing is hereby authorized to be done As to Things by a County Court, it may be done as follows; that is to say, if authorized to such Thing arises in respect of any Structure or other Subject Matter situate within the City of London, or the Liberties thereof, by the Sheriffs Court established by a Local Act passed in the claxic Eleventh Year of the Reign of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-one, intituled An Act for the more easy Recovery of Small Debts and Demands within the City of London or the Liberties thereof, and if such Thing arises in respect of any Structure, or other Subject Matter situate elsewhere, by the County Court having Jurisdiction within the District in which such Structure or other Subject Matter is situate.

be done by a County Court. 11 & 12 Vict.

C. In Cases where Jurisdiction is hereby given to a County Manner of Court, such Court may, from Time to Time, make such Order in determining respect of Matters so brought before it as it may think fit, with Differences. Power to settle the Time and Manner of executing any Work, or of doing any other Thing, and to put the Parties to the Case upon such Terms, as respects the Execution of the Work, as it thinks fit: It shall also have Power to award or refuse Costs according to Circumstances, and to settle the Amount thereof.

CI. Proceedings in any County Court, in respect of any Matter Form of Proarising under this Act, shall be conducted in the same Manner as ceedings in Proceedings are conducted in any Case within the ordinary Juris. County Court. diction of such Court, or as near thereto as Circumstances permit; and Orders made by the Judge of any such Court may be enforced by Execution, Committal, or otherwise, in a similar Manner to that in which the Orders of such Court are ordinarily enforced.

CIL. If either Party in any Case, over which Jurisdiction is Appeal from hereby given to a County Court, feels aggrieved with the Decision Decision of of such Court in respect of any Point of Law, or the Admission or County Court. Rejection of any Evidence, he may appeal therefrom in the same Manner, and upon the same Terms, in and upon which he might have appealed from the Decision of such Court in any Case within the ordinary Jurisdiction of such Court, or as near thereto as Circumstances permit; but no such Appeal shall be allowed, unless the Value of the Matter in difference between the Parties exceeds Fifty Pounds; and the Opinion of the Judge before whom the Case is tried as to such Value shall be conclusive.

CIII. All Penalties under this Act, and all Fces, Monies, Costs, Recovery of or Expenses by this Act directed to be recovered in a summary Penalties. Manner, may be recovered in manner directed by an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, Chapter Forty-three, intituled An Act to facilitate the Performance of the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions within England and Wales with respect to summary Convictions

Metropolitan Buildings (Part IV. Miscellaneous).

PART IV. Miscellaneous Provisions.

Convictions and Orders; and whenever any Thing is hereby authorized or required to be done by or before a Justice of the Peace it may be done as follows; that is to say, if such Thing arises in respect of any Building or Wall situate within the City of London, by or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said City, or by any Metropolitan Police Magistrate, and if such Thing arises in respect of any Building or Wall situate elsewhere within the Limits of this Act, by or before any Metropolitan Police Magistrate.

Application of ! Penalties.

CIV. Any Justice of the Peace, in any Case over which Jurisdiction is hereby given to him, may make such Order as to the Costs of any Proceedings of which he has cognizance, as he thinks iust: he may also direct the whole or any Part of any Penalty imposed by him under this Act, to be applied in or towards Payment of the Costs of the Proceedings; and, subject to such Direction, all Penalties shall be paid into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Metropolitan Board, to be applied in such Manner as the said Board thinks fit.

Provisions as to Limitation of Time when due Notice has not been given.

CV. In Cases where any Building has been erected, or Work done without due Notice being given to the District Surveyor, the District Surveyor may, at any Time within One Month after he has discovered that such Building has been erected or Work done. enter the Premises for the Purpose of seeing that the Regulations of this Act have been complied with, and the Time during which the District Surveyor may take any Proceeding, or do anything authorized or required by this Act to be done by him, in respect of such Building or Work, shall begin to run from the Date of his discovering that such Building has been erected or Work done.

Power to appeal to Superior Courts.

CVI. In every Case, except in respect of Fees of a District Surveyor, in which Jurisdiction is herein-before given to a Justice of the Peace, if either Party to any such Case is dissatisfied with the Determination of the Justice so convicting, in respect of any Point of Law, or of the Admission or Rejection of any Evidence, such Party may, upon giving Notice within Seven Days to the other Party of his Intention to appeal, appeal therefrom to any of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster; subject to this Restriction, that no such Appeal shall be made by any District Surveyor except with the Consent of the Justice before whom the Case is tried, and that no such Appeal shall be made by any other Party to the Case except upon giving such Security for Costs, and, if the Case requires it, in addition thereto, such Undertaking in respect of desisting, in the meantime, from any Works complained of, or in respect of any other Matter or Thing arising in the Case, as the Justice thinks fit.

Form of Appeal.

CVII. Any Appeal so made shall be in the Form of a Special Case, to be agreed on by both Parties, or, if the Parties cannot agree, to be settled by the Justice from whose Decision the Appeal is made; and such Case shall be transmitted by the Appellant to the Rule Department of the Master's Office in the Court in which the Appeal is to be brought, and be heard in manner provided by the Practice of such Court.

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CVIII. No Writ or Process shall be sued out against any Notice of District Surveyor or other Person for anything done or intended Action. to be done under the Provisions of this Act, until the Expiration of One Month next after Notice in Writing has been delivered to him, or left at his Office or usual Place of Abode, stating the Cause of Action, and the Name and Place of Abode of the intended Plaintiff, and of his Attorney or Agent in the Cause; and, upon the Trial of any such Action, the Plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into Evidence of any Cause of Action which is not stated in such last-mentioned Notice; and unless such Notice is proved, the Jury shall find for the Defendant; and every such Action shall be brought or commenced within Six Months next after the Accrual of the Cause of Action, and not afterwards; and shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Cause of Action occurred, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant shall be at liberty to plead the General Issue, and give this Act and all special Matter in Evidence thereunder.

PART V.

REPEAL OF FORMER ACTS. AND TEMPORARY PROVISIONS. REPEAL.

CIX. From and after the Commencement of this Act, the following Acts, that is to say, an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four, and intituled An Act for regulating the Construction and the Use of c. 84., except Buildings in the Metropolis and its Neighbourhood, with the 88.54.to 63.. and Exception of the Sections relating to dangerous and noxious Businesses, and numbered respectively Fifty-four, Fifty-five, Fifty-six, Fifty-seven, Fifty-eight, Fifty-nine, Sixty, Sixty-one, Sixty-two, and Sixty-three, and an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Five, and intituled An Act to amend an Act for regulating the Construction and Use of Buildings in the Metropolis and its Neighbourhood, are throughout the Limits of this Act and elsewhere hereby repealed, subject to the following Provisions; that is to say,

1. That such Repeal shall not affect any Proceedings authorized to be taken by the said Acts or either of them in respect of any Act, Omission, Penalty, Matter, or Thing, and pending before the Official Referees or any other Tribunal at the Time of the Commencement of this

Act:

2. That in Cases where any Act, Omission, or Thing has occurred previously to the Time of the Commencement of this Act, in respect of which, if this Act had not passed, Proceedings might have been taken under the said Acts, or either of them, then Proceedings in respect of such Act, Omission, or Thing may be had under this Act in manner following; that is to say, if the Matter in question is anything relating to the Rights of Building and Adjoining Owners in respect of Party Structures, 18 & 19 Vict. Proceedings.

PART V. Repeal of former Acts, and temporary Provisions.

Repeal of 8 & 9 Vict. 9 & 10 Vict. c. 5.

Metropolitan Buildings (Part V. Repeal—Temporary Provisions).

PART V.
Repeal of
former Acts,
and temporary
Provisions.

14 G. 3. c. 78. ss. 74. to 78., and 80. to 86., to continue in force.

As to Contracts made previously to passing of Act.

Rights not

As to from Buildings constructed before this Act comes into operation.

Compensation to Official Referees and Registrar. Proceedings may be had in the County Court, but if the Matter in question relates to the Recovery of any Penalty or to any other Thing, Proceedings may be had before any Justice of the Peace:

3. That so much of the Act of the Fourteenth Year of King George the Third, Chapter Seventy-eight, as was excepted from the Operation of the said Act of the Eighth Year of Her present Majesty, Chapter Eighty-four; (that is to say,) the Sections numbered respectively Seventy-four, Seventy-five, Seventy-six, Seventy-seven, Seventy-eight, Eighty, Eighty-one, Eighty-two, Eighty-three, Eighty-four, Eighty-five, and Eighty-six, shall continue in full Force.

CX. Any Contract made, previously to the passing of this Act, for the Erection of a new Building, shall be carried into effect in the same Manner as if this Act had been passed at the Time of the making thereof, and the necessary Deviations from the Terms of such Contract may be made accordingly; and if any Dispute arises in respect of any Loss sustained by any Party to such Contract by reason of such necessary Deviation, such Dispute shall be determined by the County Court; and whenever any Costs or Expenses have been paid by any Owner in pursuance of this Act, then as to any Structure held under any Lease or Agreement made previously to the Commencement of this Act it shall be lawful for such Owner to recover the same from the Persons hitherto liable by Law, or by such existing Lease or Contract, to maintain or repair the Structure in respect of which such Costs and Expenses have been incurred.

CXI. Nothing herein contained shall vary or affect the Rights or Liabilities as between Landlord and Tenant under any Contract between them.

CXII. In Cases where any Iron Building has been constructed, or is in the Progress of Construction, previously to the Time at which this Act comes into operation, and Doubts are entertained whether such Building is permitted by Law, any Person interested in such Building may make an Application to the Commissioners of Works and Buildings, to signify their Approval of such Building; and the Commissioners of Works and Buildings, upon being satisfied of the Stability of such Building, may approve of the same, and upon such Approval being given such Building shall be deemed to have been constructed in manner permitted by Law, and this Section shall come into operation immediately after the passing of this Act.

CXIII. The Official Referees and Registrar of Metropolitan Buildings may, within Six Months from the Time at which this Act comes into operation, apply to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for Compensation in respect of the Loss they have sustained by reason of the Abolition of their Offices; and the Commissioners shall take any such Application into consideration.

Metropolitan Buildings (Part V. Repeal-Temporary Provisions).

sideration, and award such Compensation, either by way of a gross Sum or annual Payment, as they think just, having regard to the Nature of the Office, the Time during which the Applicant has held the same, and generally to the special Circumstances of each Case; and any Compensation so given shall be paid out of Monies to be provided by Parliament; and such Compensation, when made by annual Payment, shall be subject to this Proviso, that if any such Official Referee or Registrar is at any Time thereafter appointed to any Public Office in respect of which he receives a Salary, the Payment of the Compensation awarded to him under this Act shall be suspended so long as he receives such Salary, if the Amount thereof is greater than such Compensation, or if not shall be diminished by the Amount of such Salary.

is employed in the Office of Metropolitan Buildings, may within Six Months from such Time apply to the Metropolitan Board of Buildings, Works for Employment, and such Board shall thereupon take such Application into consideration, and they shall either employ the Applicant at a Salary not less in Amount than that which he enjoyed when in the said Office of Metropolitan Buildings, or at a less Salary, awarding to him Compensation in respect of such Diminution of Salary, or they shall award to him such Compensation, if any, as they, or in the event of the Applicant feeling aggrieved with their Decision, as the Commissioners of the Treasury think just, having regard to the Nature of the Office, the Time during which it has been held by the Applicant, and generally to the special Circumstances of the Case; and any Expenses incurred by the said Board in carrying into effect this Section shall be deemed to be Expenses incurred in the Execution of the said Act for the better Local Management of the Metropolis, and be raised accordingly; nevertheless, if any such Clerk or Servant as

aforesaid at any Time thereafter is appointed to any Public Office, or to any Office under the said Metropolitan Board, in respect of which he receives a Salary, the Payment of the Compensation awarded to him under this Act shall be suspended so long as he receives such Salary, if the Amount thereof is greater than the Amount of such Compensation, or if not, shall be diminished by the Amount of such Salary; but, notwithstanding anything herein contained, the Metropolitan Board may, in the event of their employing any Person mentioned in this Section, dismiss him, with

CXIV. Any Person, except the said Official Referees and Compensation Registrar, who, at the Time when this Act comes into operation to Clerks in Office of Metropolitan

FIRST SCHEDULE.

the Consent of the Treasury.

PRELIMINARY.

1. Every Building shall be enclosed with Walls constructed of Structure of Brick, Stone, or other hard and incombustible Substances, and Buildings. the Foundations shall rest on solid Ground, or upon Concrete or upon other solid Substructure.

Construction of Walls of Bricks S tone, &c.

2. Every Wall constructed of Brick, Stone, or other similar Substances shall be properly bonded and solidly put together with Mortar or Cement, and no Part of such Wall shall overhang any Part underneath it, and all Return Walls shall be properly bonded together.

Extra Thick ness of certain Stone Walls.

3. The Thickness of every Stone Wall in which the Beds of the Masonry are not laid horizontally shall be One Third greater than the Thickness prescribed for Stone Walls in the Rules hereinafter contained.

Thickness of Walle.

4. The Thickness of every Wall as herein-after determined shall be the minimum Thickness.

Height of Story.

5. The Height of every topmost Story shall be measured from the Level of its Floor up to the under Side of the Tie of the Roof, or up to Half the vertical Height of the Rafters, when the Roof has no Tie; and the Height of every other Story shall be the clear Height of such Story exclusive of the Thickness of the Floor.

Height of External and Party Walls.

6. The Height of every External and Party Wall shall be measured from the Base of the Wall to the Level of the Top of the topmost Story.

Length of Walls.

7. Walls are deemed to be divided into distinct Lengths by Return Walls, and the Length of every Wall is measured from the Centre of one Return Wall to the Centre of another; provided that such Return Walls are External, Party, or Cross Walls of the Thickness herein-after required, and bonded into the Walls so deemed to be divided.

Footings of Walle.

8. The Projection of the Bottom of the Footing of every Wall, on each Side of the Wall, shall be at least equal to One Half of the Thickness of the Wall at its Base; and the Diminution of the Footing of every Wall shall be formed in regular Offsets, and the Height from the Bottom of such Footing to the Base of the Wall shall be at the least equal to One Half of the Thickness of the Wall at its Base.

PART I.

RULES FOR THE WALLS OF DWELLING HOUSES.

Thickness of ing Houses.

1. The External and Party Walls of Dwelling Houses shall be Walls of Dwelle made throughout the different Stories of the Thickness shown in the following Table, arranged according to the Heights and Lengus of the Walls, and calculated for Walls up to One hundred Feet in Height, and supposed to be built of Bricks not less than Eight and a Half Inches and not more than Nine and a Half Inches in Length, the Heights of the Stories being subject to the Condition hereinafter given.

Τ	II.	111.	IV.
Height up to 100 Feet.	Length up to 45 Fest.	Length up to 80 Feet.	Length unlimited.
	Two Stories, 21 § Inches. Three Stories, 17 § Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	Two Stories, 26 Inches. Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 30 Inches. Two Stories, 26 Inches. Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.
Height up to 90 Feet.	Length up to 45 Feet.	Length up to 70 Feet.	Length unlimited.
	Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 26 Inches. Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 30 Inches. Two Stories, 26 Inches. One Story, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.
Height up to 80 Feet.	Length up to 40 Feet.	Length up to 60 Feet.	Length unlimited.
	One Story, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Bemainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 26 Inches. Two Stories, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.
Height up to 70 Reet.	Length up to 40 Feet.	Length up to 55 Feet.	Length unlimited.
,	Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 26 Inches. Two Stories, 214 Inches. One Story, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.

	Length up to 30 Feet.	Length up to 50 Feet.	Length unimited.
	One Story, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.	One Story, 214 Inches. Two Stories, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.
Height up to 50 Feet.	Length up to 30 Feet.	Length up to 45 Feet.	Length unlimited.
	Wall below the Topmost Story, 13 Inches. Topmost Story, 84 Inches. Remainder, 84 Inches.	One Story, 17‡ Inches. Rest of Wall below Topmost Story, 13 Inches. Topmost Story, 8‡ Inches. Remainder, 8‡ Inches.	One Story, 214 Inches. One Story, 174 Inches. Remainder, 13 Inches.
Height up to 40 Feet.	Length up to 35 Feet.	Length unlimited.	
	Wall below Two Topmost Stories, 13 Inches. Two Topmost Stories, 8½ Inches. Remainder, 8½ Inches.	One Story, 174 Inches. Rest of Wall below Topmost Story, 13 Inches. Topmost Story, 84 Inches. Remainder, 84 Inches.	; 13 Inches.
Height up to 30 Feet.	Length up to 35 Feet.	Length unlimited.	·
	Wall below Two Topmost Stories, 13 Inches. Two Topmost Stories, 84 Inches. Remainder, 84 Inches.	Wall below Topmost Story, 13 Inches. Topmost Story, 84 Inches. Remainder, 84 Inches.	hes.
Height up to 25 Feet.	Length up to 30 Feet.	Length unlimited.	
	From Base to Top of Wall,	Wall below Topmost Story, 13 Inches. Topmost Story, 84 Inches. Remainder, 84 Inches.	bet.

3. In using the above Table the Height of the Wall is to be Explanation of reckoned on the First vertical Column on the Left Hand of the Tables. Table, and the Length of the Wall on the corresponding horizontal Column. The Thickness of the Wall in each Story is given in Inches, and begins with the Wall from the Base upwards.

4. If any External or Party Wall, measured from Centre to Qualification in Centre, is not more than Twenty-five Feet distant from any other case of certain External or Party Wall to which it is tied by the Beams of any Floor or Floors, other than the Ground Floor, or the Floor of any Story formed in the Roof, the Length of such Wall is not to be taken into consideration, and the Thickness of the Wall will be found in the Second vertical Column in the above Table.

5. If any Story exceeds in Height Sixteen Times the Thickness Condition in prescribed for the Walls of such Story in the above Table, the respect of Thickness of each External and Party Wall throughout such Story shall be increased to One Sixteenth Part of the Height of the Story; but any such additional Thickness may be confined to Piers properly distributed, of which the collective Widths amount to One Fourth Part of the Length of the Wall.

Stories exceeding a certain

6. No Story enclosed with Walls less than Thirteen Inches in Thickness shall be more than Ten Feet in Height.

Restriction in case of certain Stories.

7. The Thickness of any Wall of a Dwelling House, if built of Materials other than such Bricks as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be sufficient if made of the Thickness required by the above Tables, or of such less Thickness as may be approved by the Metropolitan Board, with this Exception, that in the Case of Walls built of Stone in which the Beds of the Masonry are not laid horizontally no Diminution shall be allowed in the Thickness required by the foregoing Rules for such last-mentioned Walls.

Thickness of Walls built of Materials other than Bricks as aforesaid.

8. All Buildings, excepting Public Buildings, and such Buildings as are herein-after defined to be Buildings of the Warehouse Class, shall, as respects the Thickness of their Walls, be subject to the Rules given for Dwelling Houses.

Rule as to Buildings not being Public

PART II.

RULES FOR THE WALLS OF BUILDINGS OF THE WAREHOUSE CLASS.

1. The Warehouse Class shall comprise all Warehouses, Manufactories, Breweries, and Distilleries.

Definition of Warehouse Class.

2. The External and Party Walls of Buildings of the Warehouse Thickness at Class shall at the Base be made of the Thickness shown in the Base. following Table, calculated for Walls up to One hundred Feet in Height, and supposed to be built of Bricks not less than Eight and a Half Inches and not more than Nine and a Half Inches in Length.

												3- (_
. 17.	Length unlimited.	Base, 34 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 34 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 30 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 214 Inches.	alimited.	Inches.		
Ħ	Length up to 70 Feet.	Base, 30 Inches.	Length up to 70 Feet.	Base, 30 Inches.	Length up to 60 Feet.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length up to 45 Feet.	Base, 214 Inches.	Length up to 50 Feet.	Base, 214 Inches.	Length up to 70 Feet.	Base, 214 Inches.	Length up to 60 Feet.	Base, 174 Inches.	Length unlimited.	Base, 174 Inches.	Length unlimited, Base, 13 Inches.	
Ħ	Length up to 55 Feet.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length up to 60 Feet.	Base, 26 Inches.	Length up to 45 Feet.	Base, 214 Inches.	Length up to 30 Feet.	Base, 174 Inches.	Length up to 35 Feet. "	Base, 174 Inches.	Length up to 40 Fect.	Base, 174 Inches.	Length up to 30 Feet.	Base, 13 Inches.	Length up to 45 Feet.	Base, 13 Inches.		
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Height up to 100 Feet.		Height up to 90 Feet.		Height up to 80 Feet.		Height up to 70 Feet.		Height up to 60 Feet.		Height up to 50 Feet.		Height up to 40 Feet.		Height up to 30 Feet.		Height up to 26 Feet.	

Metropolitan Buildings (Schedules).

4. The above Table is to be used in the same Manner as the Explanation of Table previously given for the Walls of Dwelling Houses, and is Table. subject to the same Qualifications and Conditions respecting Walls not more than Twenty-five Feet distant from each other.

5. The Thickness of the Walls of Buildings of the Warehouse Class at the Top, and for Sixteen Feet below the Top, shall be Thirteen Inches; and the intermediate Parts of the Wall between the Base and such Sixteen Feet below the Top shall be built solid throughout the Space between straight Lines drawn on each Side of the Wall, and joining the Thickness at the Base to the Thickness at Sixteen Feet below the Top, as above determined; nevertheless in Walls not exceeding Thirty Feet in Height the Walls of the Topmost Story may be Eight Inches and a Half thick.

Thickness at Top of Walls and through Intermediate

6. If in any Story of a Building of the Warehouse Class the Thickness of the Wall, as determined by the Rules hereinbefore given, is less than One Fourteenth Part of the Height of such Story, the Thickness of the Wall shall be increased to One Fourteenth Part of the Height of the Story; but any such additional Thickness may be confined to Piers properly distributed, of which the collective Widths amount to One Fourth Part of the Length of the Wall.

Condition in Stories exceeding a certain Height.

7. The Thickness of any Wall of a Building of the Warehouse Class, if built of Materials other than such Bricks as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be sufficient if made of the Thickness required by the above Tables, or of such less Thickness as may be approved by the Metropolitan Board, with this Exception, that in the Case of Walls built of Stone in which the Beds of the Masonry are not laid horizontally no Diminution shall be allowed in the Thickness required by the foregoing Rules for such last-mentioned Walls.

Thickness of Walls built of Materials other than such Bricks as afore-

MISCELLANEOUS.

1. The Thickness of a Cross Wall shall be Two Thirds of the Cross Walls. Thickness herein-before required for an External or Party Wall of the same Dimensions, and belonging to the same Class of Buildings, but never less than Eight and a Half Inches, and no Wall subdividing any Building shall be deemed to be a Cross Wall unless it is carried up to Two Thirds of the Height of the External or Party Walls, and unless the Recesses and Openings therein do not exceed One Half of the vertical Surface of the Wall in each Story.

2. The Thickness of every Stone Wall in which the Beds of Extra Thickthe Masonry are not laid horizontally shall be One Third greater ness of certain than the Thickness prescribed in the Rules aforesaid.

Stone Walls.

3. Buildings to which the preceding Rules are inapplicable require the special Sanction of the Metropolitan Board of Works.



Metropolitan Buildings (Schedules).

Militia Pay.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FEES PAYABLE TO DISTRICT SURVEYORS.

PART L

Fees for new Buildings.

For every Building not exceed	ling Fo	our hund	ired		
Square Feet in Area, and no				8.	d.
Stories in Height -	-	-	-	30	0
For every additional Story	-	-	-	5	0
For every additional Square of	100 F	eet or F	rac-		
tion of such Square -	-	٠.	-	2	6
But no Fee shall exceed '	Ten P	ounds.			
And for every Building not ex	ceedin	g Four l	nun-		
dred Square Feet in Area,	and of	One S	tory		
only in Height, the Fees sh			-	15	0
Fees for Additions	or Al	eratons.			
For every Addition or Altera	tion n	ade to	any		

Building after the Roof thereof has been covered in, the Fee shall be Half of the Fee charged in the Case of a new Building. For inspecting the Arches or Stone Floors over or under public Ways 10 0 For inspecting the Formation of Openings in Party Walls -10 0

PART IL

For inspecting dangerous Structures, by Direction of the Commissioners of Police or Sewers 20 0 N.B.—In this Schedule "Area" shall include the Area of any attached Building.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing, and contingent and other Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain and Ireland; to grant Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons, Surgeons Mates, and Serjeant Majors of the Militia; and to authorize the Employment of the Non-commissioned Officers.

[14th August 1855.]

X/HEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Clothing, and con-' tingent and other Expenses of the Regular Militia, and of the ' Miners of Cornwall and Devon, when disembodied, in Great ' Britain and Ireland, and for making in certain Cases Allowances of Retired Pay to Subaltern Officers and Surgeons Mates and ' Assistant Surgeons of the Regular Militia, and of the Miners of

' Devon

Devon and Cornwall, and Allowances to Adjutants, Paymasters, 'Surgeons, Quartermasters, and Serjeant Majors of the Regular

Militia who have been allowed to retire, and to Adjutants, Sur-' geons, and Quartermasters disabled after long Service: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. The Secretary-at-War for the Time being shall cause to be Secretary-atissued and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia War to issue of Great Britain and Ireland (when disembodied), in the Manner and for the several Uses herein-after mentioned; (that is to say,) for the Pay of the said Regular Militia at the daily Rates follow-

ing; (that is to say,)

For each Adjutant of Infantry, Eight Shillings, and of Artil- Rates of Pay.

lery, Nine Shillings:

For each Serjeant Major of Infantry, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling

and Tenpence, and of Artillery, Three Shillings:

For each Quartermaster Serjeant and Paymaster Serjeant (in Corps whose Establishment exceeds Four Companies) of Infantry, One Shilling and Eightpence, and of Artillery, Two Shillings and Sixpence; and to the Serjeant performing the Duty of both Quartermaster Serjeant and Paymaster Serjeant (in Corps consisting of Four Companies or less) of Infantry, One Shilling and Eightpence, and of Artillery, Two Shillings and Sixpence:

For each Serjeant of Infantry, One Shilling and Sixpence, and

of Artillery, Two Shillings and Twopence:

For each Drummer, Trumpeter, or Bugler above Sixteen Years of Age, One Shilling, and under Sixteen Years of Age, Tenpence:

Provided always, that when any Serjeant Major or Serjeant shall Pay when be absent on Furlough or Licence he shall during such Absence on Furlough. receive Sixpence per Diem less than the above-mentioned Rates respectively:

And also at Rates varying from Two Shillings to Sixpence per Contingent Annum for each Private Man for defraying the contingent Ex. Fund.

penses of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, when enrolled:

And the Secretary-at-War for the Time being shall give the Clothing. necessary Instructions for the Provision of Clothing for each Serjeant Major, Serjeant, and Drummer on the Disembodied Staff of the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland who shall be resident at Head Quarters, and the said Disembodied Staff shall be entitled to be clothed once in Two Years.

II. Except when employed as herein-after provided, every Adjutant, &c. to Adjutant and Non-commissioned Officer on the Staff of the reside where Regular Militia, when disembodied, shall reside in such Places as the Secretaryshall be sanctioned by the Secretary-at-War, and every such at-War shall Adjutant and Non-commissioned Officer shall forfeit his Pay for any Period during which he shall be absent, except when employed as herein-after provided, or when absent by Leave from

Pay of Regular Militia.

the Colonel or Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, which Leave shall not, except in case of certified Sickness, extend beyond Three Calendar Months in One Year, nor to a greater Proportion than One Third of the Non-commissioned Officers # the same Time.

Adjutants, &c. of Militia may be employed in their Counties.

III. Every Adjutant and Non-commissioned Officer of the Regular Militia, when disembodied, and not called out for Training or Exercise, shall be liable to be employed within the County to which the Regiment, Battalion, or Company of the said Militis Staff belongs, under the Officers appointed to pay and superintend the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, in such Manner as One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State may determine.

Adjutant to have Charge of Arms and Clothing, and to issue Money for contingent Expenses on Order signed by the Colonel.

IV. The Adjutant of each Regiment of Militia shall have the Charge and Care, of the Arms, Accoutrements, Great Coats, Clothing, Necessaries, and other Stores thereof, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant, and shall, out of the Allowance directed by this Act to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, from Time to Time issue and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms, and other usual contingent Expenses, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as aforesaid he shall, Three Times in the Year, make up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expenditure thereof, showing the Balance Balance to form remaining in his Hands, (which said Balance shall form a Stock Purse for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps,) and shall transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed, and signed; and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Adjutant for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

a Stock Purse.

V. In the occasional and unavoidable Absence of the Adjutant from the City, Town, or Place where the Disembodied Staff is quartered, or during any Vacancy in the Appointment of Adjutant, the Serjeants shall be under the Command of the Serjeant Major, or of some Serjeant who shall be appointed by the said Adjutant, with the Approbation of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer, to act as Serjeant Major during the Absence of such Adjutant; and the said Serjeant Major or acting Serjeant Major shall render the same Returns and perform such other Acts as are by Law required from the Adjutant.

In Absence of Adjutant, Serjeants to be under Command of Serjeant Major.

> VI. The Officers and Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of the Regular Militia shall, for the Period or Periods during which they shall be called out for the Purpose of Exercise or Training, be entitled to the following daily Rates of Pay and Allowances:

Militia when called out for Training or Exercise entitled to Pay.

•		1	Infantry.	Artillery.
		1	£ s. d. 1 2 6 0 15 11 0 14 1	£ s. d.
Colonel -	-		1 2 6	1 2 6
Lieutenant-Colonel	-		0 15 11	O 15 11
Major -	•		0 14 1	0 14 1

	l I	ıfant	ry.	A ı	rtille	ry.
Captain (including non-effective Al-	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.
lowance)	0	10	6	0	10	6
Lieutenant	0	6	6	0	6	6
Ensign	0	5	3	0	5	3
Adjutant, if acting also as Paymaster in Corps consisting of Four Companies and up- wards*		3		0	0	•
if acting also as Paymaster in Corps consisting of less than Four Companies* -		2	9	0	3 2	9
" if acting also as Paymaster and Quartermaster in Corps consisting of Four					-	
Companies and upwards ,, if acting also as Paymaster and Quartermaster in Corps consisting of less		7	0	0	7	0
than Four Companies -	0	4	6	0	4	6
Quartermaster (if not holding a Subal-	.	_			_	•
tern's Commission) -		6	6	0	6	6
" (if holding a Subaltern's						
Commission) -	· 0	3	6	0	3	6
Surgeon	0	11	4.	0	11	4
Assistant Surgeon	· 0	7	6	0	7	6
Serjeant Major*	. 0	0	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	6
Quartermaster Serjeant*	0	0	48	0	0	4
Paymaster Serjeant*	0	0	48	0	0	4
Serjeant (if on the Permanent Staff) -	0	0	0	0	0	4
" (if not on the Permanent Staff)	0	1	64	0	2	6
Corporal	0	1	21	0	1	41
Drummer, Bugler, or Trumpeter -	0	Õ	1	Ō	0	3
Private	. 0	1	0	0	1	2
Command Allowance to the Officer sctually in Command during Train- ing and Exercise, if the Pay of	.					
Colonel is not drawn	0	3	0	0	3	0
Beer Money to each Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private pre-		-			-	
sent at Training and Exercise -	0	0	1	0	0	1

These Rates of Pay, during Training and Exercise only, are in addition to the daily Rates of Disembodied Pay granted by Section 1.

VII. Volunteers may, with the Sanction of the Secretary-at-Volunteers War, when attached to Regiments of the Line to qualify them- attached to selves for the Permanent Staff, either as Serjeants or Drummers, Regiments of be allowed Pay whilst so under Instruction, but while they remain Mutiny Act. so attached, they will be under the Command of the Officer commanding the Regiment of the Line equally with the Soldiers of

Line subject to

that

that Regiment, and will be subject to the Provisions of the Mutiny Act.

Certain Officers unfit for Duty may be placed upon retired Allowance, upon making Declaration. VIII. It shall be lawful for the Secretary-at-War to place any Lieutenant, Ensign, and Surgeon's Mate of the Militia of Great Britain, or Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia of Ireland, when unfit for further Duty, upon a retired Allowance equal to and instead of the Allowance granted to him on the disembodying of the Militia at the Termination of the last War; and all such Subalterns, Surgeon's Mates, and Assistant Surgeons, to entitle them to the Receipt of such retired Allowance, shall make and subscribe the following Declaration; (videlicet,)

Form of Declaration.

do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I formerly served as a in the Militia; that I am not in Holy Orders; and that from the Day of to the Day of I did not hold or enjoy any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under Her Majesty, or in the Colonies or Possessions of Her Majesty beyond the Seas, or under any other Government, besides my Allowance of per Diem as a of the said Militia, except my Half Pay or Civil Pension as a

Certain Paymasters, &c. to be placed on retired Allowance instead of reduced Allowance.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Secretary-at-War to place any Paymaster, Surgeon, or Quartermaster, when unfit for further Duty, upon a retired Allowance equal to and instead of his reduced Allowance, which may have been granted in pursuance of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth; and all such Paymasters, Surgeons, or Quartermasters, to entitle them to the Receipt of such retired Allowance, shall make and subscribe the Declaration annexed to the foregoing Section of this Act.

Reduced Noncommissioned Officers, &c. not to receive Out-Pension while serving. X. 'And whereas certain Non-commissioned Officers and 'Drummers of the Militia of the United Kingdom of Great Britain 'and Ireland have, on the Reduction of the Establishment of the 'Disembodied Staff, been placed on the Out-Pension, although 'not unfit for further Service:' No Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer so placed on Pension shall be entitled to receive the said Pension for any Period during which he shall be receiving Pay in the Militia.

Persons on Half Pay, &c. empowered to receive Pay, &c. during Training. XI. Provided always, That any Person, being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of Her Majesty's Regular Forces or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, may receive the Pay and Allowances by this Act directed to be paid to the Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Surgeons Mates, and Assistant Surgeons, when assembled for annual Training; and the receiving any such Pay and Allowances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon, Surgeon's Mate, or Assistant Surgeon, shall not prevent such Person on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance: Provided also, that such Person shall, in the Declaration to be taken for

for the Receipt of the Half Pay or such Allowance, declare that he has received or is entitled to such Militia Pay and Allowances, and shall specify the Militia Rank which entitles him to the same.

XII. Provided always, That no Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non- Adjutants, &c. commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private Man in the Regular Non-commis-Militia, entitled to receive any Chelsea or Kilmainham Pension sioned Officers, or Allowance on account of Service in the Regular Army, shall to lose Right to forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and Chelses or receiving Pay in the Regular Militia; nor shall any Quartermaster, Kilmainham Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate, or Assistant Surgeon forfeit or Pensions, &c. lose his Right to receive any such Chelsea or Kilmainham Pension or Allowance by reason of his receiving the Allowance by this Act granted to him when disembodied.

XIII. There shall be granted for each Regiment of Regular Allowance to Militia, when disembodied, a Sum of Money after the Rate of be made for One Guines for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, Medicines. for the Expense of necessary Medicines for the sick Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, Fifers, and Private Men of such Regiment, during the Period or Periods of Assembly for Exercise or Training, and also an Allowance of Twopence per Week for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and their Families of each Regiment on the Disembodied Staff at Head Quarters, for the Expenses of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non-commissioned Officers and their Families while such Regiment is not called out for Training and Exercise.

XIV. In case any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia shall Reduced Adhave already ceased and determined, or been reduced in its Esta- jutants to reblishment, or shall cease and determine or be reduced in its ceive 4s per Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Day till 31st Four Shillings per Diem shall be paid to such Person as was or shall be actually serving as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps at the Time of Reduction, from the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, or from the Time such Regiment shall cease and determine or be reduced in its Establishment, (as the Case may be,) to the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, in like Manner and subject to the same Restrictions and Conditions as the Allowances granted by this Act to Adjutants who shall by Age or Infirmity be rendered unfit for further Service: Provided always, Right to Half that no such reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have Pay reserved. to Half Pay of the Navy, Army, Marines, or Provisional Battalion formed from the Militia, by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XV. 'And whereas certain Adjutants and Serjeant Majors are Adjutants and entitled to and have received certain Allowances in consequence Serjeant Majors of having been reduced under the Provisions of an Act passed in entitled to Alof having been reduced under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of King George lowance under the Third, which Allowances have been continued, and as to such c. 44.

'Adjutants augmented to Four Shillings per Diem:' All such Adjutants and Serjeant Majors shall be entitled to receive and shall receive such Allowance from the Thirty-first Day of July

One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five to the Thirty-first Day

under the said Act of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, and continued by any subsequent

XVI. Every reduced Adjutant entitled to any Allowance granted

of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

Reduced Adjutants may take such Allowance with any Pay or other Allowance under 39 & 40 G. S. c. 44, and 26 G. & c. 107.

Proviso.

Act or by this Act, may receive such Allowance, together with any Full Pay, Half Pay, or Allowance which was tenable together with such reduced Allowance, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the Laws relating to the Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England, or under the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the Time he shall hold any Military Office of Profit under Her Majesty, other than such as aforesaid, or under any other Government, or any Civil Office or Employment under Her Majesty, or any other Government, otherwise than according to the Provisions of this Act in relation to the Allowances granted to

Adjutants on account of Age or Infirmity.

Allowances to Adjutants, Sureons, and Quartermasters.

XVII. 'And whereas certain Allowances have been granted in ' pursuance of former Acts, to Adjutants, Surgeons, and Quarter-' masters of Regular Militia who have by Age or Infirmity been rendered unfit for further Service: Such Allowances shall be issued and paid, during the Continuance of this Act, in like Manner and subject to the same Restrictions as the Allowances granted by this Act to Adjutants who shall by Age or Infirmity be rendered unfit for further Service: Provided always, that no Person receiving such Allowance shall by reason thereof forfeit his Right to any

Half Pay to which he may be entitled.

Allowances granted to Ad. iutants on Completion of certain Periods of Service.

XVIII. The following Allowances shall be granted and paid, under the Restrictions and Limitations herein-after expressed, to Adjutants of the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland, on the Completion of the following Periods of Service in Her Majesty's Regular Forces and in the Militia, if unfit, either by Age or Infirmity, for the Performance of the Duties of their Commissions; (that is to say,)

To every Adjutant who shall have completed in the Service a

Period of, (videlicet,)

Fifteen Years, of which Five Years as an Adjutant of Militia an Allowance of Three Shillings per Diem:

Twenty Years, of which Seven Years as an Adjutant of Militia, an Allowance of Four Shillings per Diem:

Twenty-five Years, of which Ten Years as an Adjutant of Militia, an Allowance of Five Shillings per Diem:

Thirty Years, of which Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Militia, an Allowance of Six Shillings per Diem:

Provided, that such Adjutants shall retain any Right they may have to Half Pay or to Out-Pension, notwithstanding the Grant of such retired Allowance as aforesaid; and all such Allowances shall be granted upon the Production to the Secretary-at-War of

a Certificate of such Service and Disability; and upon the Order of the Secretary-at-War, founded upon such Certificate, the Paymaster General shall pay to such Adjutant the above Allowance: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Military Office or Employment of Profit under Her Majesty or any other Government; and that no Person who before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine held any Civil Place or Employment of Profit under the Crown, or in the Colonies or Possessions of Her Majesty beyond the Scas, or under any other Government, shall receive any Part of the said Allowance for any Time during which he held such Civil Place or Employment, except in the Cases in which the Emoluments of such Civil Place or Employment shall not exceed Three Times the Amount of the said Allowance, and unless in such excepted Cases the Royal Consent to the holding of such Civil Place or Employment shall have been signified through the Secretary-at-War; and that no Person appointed on or after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine to any Civil Place or Employment of Profit under Her Majesty, or in the Colonies or Possessions of Her Majesty beyond the Seas, or under any other Government, shall receive any Part of the said Allowance for any Time during which he shall hold such Civil Place or Employment.

XIX. 'And whereas certain Allowances have been granted to Restrictions as 'reduced Adjutants of the Local Militia:' The said Allowances shall to Allowances be issued and paid during the Continuance of this Act, under the to reduced Ad-Restrictions and in the Manner herein-after expressed: Provided Local Militia, always, that in the Cases in which any such Local Militia Adjutants have been permitted to receive the said Allowances whilst holding any Civil Offices under the Crown, to which Offices they had been appointed previously to the Twenty-eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, it shall be lawfulto continue the Payment of the said Allowances under the same Regulations and Restrictions as those under which the Permission was originally granted.

XX. Every Adjutant of Local Militia who shall claim under the A Declaration Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowance to be taken by shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle himself thereto, take and subscribe a Declaration before some One of
claiming the Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, or said Allow-Notary Public, or other Officer now by Law authorized to admi- ance. nister or receive such Declaration, or before some One of Her Majesty's Ministers, Secretaries of Embassy, of Legation, or Consuls abroad, in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

"A.B. do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I was serving as
Adjutant in the of Local Militia at the Reduc-Adjutant in the of Local Militia at the Reduc-

tion of the Staff of the said Militia in One thousand eight hun-' dred and twenty-nine; and that I was not in Holy Orders during

any Part of the Period for which I now claim to receive an ' Allowance, 18 & 19 Viot. 3 B

Allowance, that is to say, from the One thousand eight hundred and to the Day of One thousand eight hundred and

' and that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, during any Part of the said Period, any Place, Office,

or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under the Crown or any other Government, besides the Allowance of

Day now claimed, except my Half Pay as a [of the Army or Navy or Marines, or of a Provisional Battalion formed

' from the Militia, as the Case may be].'

Which Declaration, so taken and subscribed, shall be produced to the Paymaster General of Her Majesty's Forces by the Adjutant claiming the Allowance: Provided always, that any Adjutant receiving such Allowance, and being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or Navy, or Marines, shall, notwithstanding such Militia Allowance, be entitled to receive such Half Pay or Allowance.

Allowance to Clerks of General Meetings, &c. XXI. Where the Militia is raised by Ballot in Great Britain, Allowances shall be made and issued to the Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings of Lieutenancy and others mentioned in Schedule A. to this Act for their Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of the Laws relating to the Militia at the Rates mentioned in the same Schedule; and where the Militia is raised in the United Kingdom otherwise than by Ballot, Allowances shall be made and issued to the Clerks of General Meetings for their Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of such Laws at the Rates mentioned in the Schedule B. to this Act.

Manner of granting Allowances.

XXII. The said Allowances shall be granted as follows; (videlicet,) the Account shall be certified by the Lieutenant of the County, Stewartry, City, or Place, or by Two or more Deputy Lieutenants acting for such County, Stewartry, City, or Place, or by the Lord Warden of the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon, or by Two or more Deputy Wardens of the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon; and the Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings in Great Britain, and the Schoolmasters, Constables, and other Officers in Scotland, shall make a Declaration as to the Justness of the Accounts, in the following Terms respectively, before some Justice of the Peace; (videlicet,)

Clerks, &c. to make Declaration of the Justness of Accounts.

Declaration of a Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings.

do solemnly declare, That the preceding Account, so far as regards my Interest therein, is a just and true Account of Business performed by me for and in behalf of the Public Service, according to the Manner therein set forth; and the Sums claimed as disbursed were actually paid by me.'

Declaration of a Schoolmaster, Constable, or other Officer in Scotland.

do solemnly declare, That I am the Parochial Constable or other Officer of the District

' of in the Subdivision of ' the County of ; and that the preceding Account is a just and true Account of Business actually performed by ' myself for and in behalf of the Public Service according to the ' Manner therein set forth; and that I was employed on such Business the full Time therein stated; and that the Sums ' claimed as disbursed were actually paid by me.'

And the said Accounts shall be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War, who is hereby empowered to issue the Allowances according to the Rates specified in the respective Tables to this Act annexed, or such Sums as he shall think reasonable and proper.

XXIII. 'And whereas it is expedient that the Deputy Lieu- Deputy Lieutenants acting in any Subdivision of any County, Stewartry, tenants may ' City, or Place in Great Britain, and the Special Deputy Wardens require Attendacting in any Subdivision in the Stannaries of the Counties of Surgeon re-' Cornwall and Devon, should be assisted by the Advice of a siding near Surgeon in deciding upon the Appeals of Persons claiming to be Place of Meet-

exempt from compulsory Service in the Militia by reason of ing for Appeals. ' bodily Infirmity, and upon the Fitness for Service of the Persons presenting themselves for Enrolment:' It shall be lawful for any

Two Deputy Lieutenants and they are hereby empowered and required to summon, by Two Days previous Notice in Writing, any competent Surgeon residing at or nearest to the Place where any Meeting for Appeals or Enrolment shall be held to attend at such Meeting; and every such Surgeon shall, before he begins any such Examination, make the following Declaration, which Declaration any Deputy Lieutenant is hereby authorized to administer; (videlicet,)

do solemnly declare, That I will, to the best Declaration to of my Ability, faithfully and truly report as to the Fitness be made by for Service of the Man or Men about to be submitted to my Surgeon. ' Examination, and that I will not receive from any of them any • Fee or Reward whatever for any such Examination.

And every such Surgeon shall receive for each Day's Attendance Allowance to at such Meeting a Sum not less than Half a Guinea, nor exceed- Surgeon. ing Two Guineas, according to the Extent of the Duty performed: Provided always, that the Accounts and Vouchers upon which the said Allowances shall be recommended by the Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Subdivisions shall be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War, with the Accounts of the Lieutenancy Clerks, for Examination and Payment.

XXIV. All Sums of Money granted for the Pay, contingent As to Issue of and other Expenses, and for the Allowances to the Officers and Pay. &c. Men of the Regular and Local Militia, when disembodied, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary-at-War. by the Acceptance of Bills or otherwise, according to such Regulations as have been or shall be established on that Head.

XXV. All Bills, Drafts, and Orders drawn for Pay or Allow- Bills drawn for ances under this Act may be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and Pay, &c. may no such Bill, Draft, or Order shall be void by reason of being be unstamped. drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

3 B 2

XXVL No

No Fee to be taken.

XXVI. No Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

All Things relating to Counties shall extend to Ridings, &c.

XXVII. All Things in this Act contained relating to Counties, and to Regiments of Militia respectively, shall be construed to extend to all Ridings, Shires, Stewartries, Cities, and Places, and to all Battalions, Corps, and independent Companies respectively, and to the Corps of Miners of Cornwall and Devon.

Continuance of Act.

XXVIII. This Act shall take effect and continue in force from the Thirty-first Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five until the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE A.

Scale of Rates of Remuneration to the Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings of Lieutenancy in Great Britain, including the Clerks of the Tower Hamlets and the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon, and to Schoolmasters, Constables, and other Officers in Scotland, for carrying into execution the Acts relating to the Militia when the Militia are raised by Ballot.

ALLOWANCES TO THE CLERKS OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

MEETINGS.			
1. For Trouble in calling a General Meeting by Circular Letters or Advertisements (no sepa-	£	s.	d.
rate Charge being made for writing the Letters or framing the Advertisements) 2. For attending General Meetings at which the	0	7	6
Statutory Quorum of Lieutenancy shall be present, each For each Meeting which shall be necessarily	5	5	0
adjourned by the Clerk in consequence of the Absence of the Lord Lieutenant or Deputy			
Lieutenants- Which Allowances are to be in full for	1	. 11	6
engrossing Minutes, &c. 3. For filling up printed Precepts to the High or Chief Constable of each Subdivision, Hundred, Lathe, Rape, or Wapentake in England and Wales, including the Tower Hamlets, and the			
Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon, to return Lists, each For filling up printed Precepts to the School- masters, Chief Constables, or other Officers in	0	0	6
Scotland to return Lists, each 4. For writing the annual Advertisements for regulating, arranging, and fixing the First Subdivision Meeting of the Deputy Lieutenants	0	0	6
for receiving the Parochial Lists and hearing		_	_

Appeals'

5. For arranging Subdivision Lists and making	£	s.	d.
Abstracts thereof, Schedule (D.), for the Privy Council, the Secretary of State, and the			
Secretary of State, and the			
Secretary-at-War (the latter Copy to be annexed to the Clerk's Accounts as a Voucher);			
videlicet,			
In Counties furnishing a Quota of 200 Men			
or under in the original Number of the	2	2	0
In Counties furnishing from 201 to 400 Men	3	3	Ö
Ditto from 401 to 600 Men	4	4	ŏ
Ditto from 601 to 800 Men	.3	5	0
Ditto from 801 Men and	J	J	U
	6	6	Λ
upwards	6	6	0
6. For striking the Proportion of Men to serve			
for the several Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wa-			
pentakes, or other Divisions of a County in			
England and Wales, and for each respective			
Parish or other Division of a County or Stew-			
artry in Scotland, under the several Acts of			
Parliament relating to the Regular Militia,			
when necessary to be done:			
In Counties furnishing a Quota of 200 Men or under -	1	1	0
Ditto from 201 to 400 Men	2	2	0
Ditto from 401 to 600 Men	3	3	0
Ditto from 601 to 800 Men	4	4	0
Ditto from 801 Men and			
upwards	5	5	0
7. For Trouble in engrossing in a Book the Names			
of the Men contained in each Subdivision Re-			
turn of Enrolment, Schedule (E.):			
For engrossing 50 Names and under -	0	5	0
Ditto - 51 to 150 Names		10	0
Ditto - 151 to 250 Names	1	0	0
Ditto - 251 Names and upwards -	1	10	0
8. For drawing out fair Copy of the Lord Lieu-			
tenant's annual Return of the Militia for the			
County, containing the Number, Names, and			
Rank of the Officers, and the Number of the			
Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and			
Private Men:			
In Counties furnishing One Regiment, Bat-			
talion, or Corps	0	15	0
Ditto - Two Ditto	1	10	0
Ditto - Three Ditto	2	0	0
No separate Charge being made for Atten-			
dance upon the Lord Lieutenant or Deputy			
Lieutenants for his or their Signatures			
thereto.			
Note.—This Allowance is of course only			
chargeable by the General Clerks for			
3 B 3			
0 10 0			

1 0 0

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Ditto

Ditto

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C. 123.	18° & 19° VICTORIÆ.	A.D	.18:	55
	Militia Pay.			
	those Counties in Scotland which furnish the greatest Proportion of Mentowards the Formation of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps.	ı	s.	d.
where the M	Clerk of General Meetings in a County e the Number in the original Quota of filitia is under 300 Men	2	0	
Dit Dit			0	
Dit 10. For Copy To the Cou		5		0
und	ler	2		
	ounty furnishing from 201 to 400 Men		0	
Ditte Ditte		5	Ö	Ö
Ditte				
11. The acture publish Express an Accage, &ccwhose were not the Accage po	wards	6	0	0
	Training and Exercise.			
Subdiv fixed b tenants and exc 13. For mak Adjuta Return	ing up printed Notices to the Clerks of rision Meetings of the Time and Place by the Lord Lieutenant or Deputy Lieuter for assembling the Militia to be trained ercised, each Notice - cing out correct Abstracts from the nt's or other Commanding Officer's s, Schedule (F.), in the Form Schedule, for Her Majesty's Secretary of State	0	0	6
for the Englan	Home Department in Counties in d and Scotland furnishing a Quota s the Formation of an entire Regiment			

towards the Formation of an entire Regiment

In Counties in England, Wales, and Scotland furnishing One Regiment, Battalion,

Two

Three

or Battalion

or Corps -

Ditto

Ditto

ALLOWANCES TO CLERKS OF SUBDIVISION MEETINGS.

14. For Trouble in calling a Subdivision Meeting by Advertisement, no separate Charge being made for writing Letters or framing Advertisement

Or for calling a Meeting by Circular Letters to the Deputy Lieutenants, the Adjutant, or other Commanding Officer, (no Charge being made for the Draft,) for each Letter

15. For attending Subdivision Meetings, for each of the Three first or principal Meetings at which the Statutory Quorum of Lieutenancy shall be present; videlicet,

> For receiving Lists and hearing Appeals, For balloting,

For enrolling,

And for the Meeting held to apportion the Deficiencies among the Parishes, et cetera, when necessary to be done; and also for calling out the Quota or Apportionment of the Subdivision to be trained and exercised, which Allowance shall be in full for engrossing Minutes and making up Lists

And for each Meeting held by Adjournment to complete the Business of any or either of the Three first or principal Meetings above enumerated, which Allowance shall be in full for engrossing Minutes and making up Lists

And for each Meeting which shall have been summoned, but which is necessarily postponed by the Subdivision Clerk in consequence of the Absence of the Deputy Lieutenant

16. For filling up printed Precepts to the Chief or High Constables in England and Wales, including the Tower Hamlets and Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon, to give Notice of the Number of Men apportioned to serve for each Parish, and to issue out their Orders to the Petty Constables to serve Notices upon balloted Men, each Precept

And for filling up printed Precepts to the Schoolmasters, Chief Constables, or other Officers in Scotland, for the Performance of similar Duty, each Precept

17. For Trouble in amending the Returns of Persons liable to serve in the Regular Militia, by taking out the Names of all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and inserting the Names of any Persons that have been omitted

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18.	to be inserted, and in numbering the Returns, and making out the Tickets for the balloting, after the Rate of Two Pounds for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve, and so in proportion for a greater or smaller Number of Men £2 For making out the annual Abstracts of Lists, Schedule (C.), for the Use of the Clerk of General Meetings, where the original Quota or Apportionment of the Subdivision is—	pe	r 1,	
	50 Men and under	2	2	0
	Ditto from 51 to 150 Men	3	3	0
	Ditto from 151 to 250 Men	4	4	0
	Ditto from 251 Men and upwards -	5		0
19	For making out fair and true Copies of Lists of	•	Ĭ	
-0.	Men enrolled for each Subdivision of a County			
	in Great Britain, including the Tower Hamlets			
	and the Stenneries of Commell and Donor			
	and the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon,			
	for the Use of the Clerk of General Meetings,			
	Schedule (E.), and the Colonel or Commandant			
	of the Regiment of the County; (videlicet,)			^
		0		
	Ditto from 51 to 150 Names		10	
	Ditto from 151 to 250 Names	_	15	
	Ditto from 251 Names and upwards -	1	0	U
20.	For Stationery to the Clerk of a Subdivision			
	furnishing Men towards the Quota of a County			
	in the following Proportions; (videlicet,)			
	For a Subdivision furnishing 50 Men and			^
	under		10	_
	Ditto from 51 to 150 Men -		0	
	Ditto from 151 to 250 Men -		10	
	Ditto from 251 Men and upwards -	3	0	0
21.	For Correspondence, Copyings, et cetera, to the			
	Clerk of a Subdivision furnishing Men towards			
	the Quota of a County in the following Propor-			
	tions; (videlicet,)			
	For a Subdivision furnishing 50 Men and			_
	under	2	0	0
	Ditto from 51 to 150 Men -	3	0	0
	Ditto from 151 to 250 Men -		0	0
	Ditto from 251 Men and upwards -	5	0	0
22.	The actual Amount expended for printing and			
	publishing Advertisements, for Postage, Ex-			
	presses, and Messengers, to be allowed upon an			
	Account specifying each Article of Postage,		•	
	and specially certified by the Lieutenancy,			
	whose Certificate shall state that the same was			
	necessary and actually performed.			
	The Charge for printing and publishing			
	Advertisements is invariably to be sup-			
	ported by the Receipt of the Person to			
	whom paid.			
	•			

.D.1855. 18° & 19° VICTORIAE.	(j. 12	23.
Militia Pay.			_
23. For Trouble in apportioning and distributing to the Constables of the several Townships, Parishes, et cetera, within the Limits of the Subdivision, the various Forms of Schedules, et cetera:	£	s.	d.
For a Subdivision furnishing 50 Men and	^	_	^
under Ditto from 51 to 150 Men -		5 10	0
Ditto from 151 to 150 Men	-	15	0
Ditto from 251 Men and upwards -	1	0	ŏ
TRAINING AND EXERCISE.			
24. For filling up printed Precepts to the High or Chief Constable in each Subdivision of any County in England and Wales, including the Tower Hamlets and the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon, to issue out their Warrants to the Petty Constables, Tithingmen, or other Officers within their respective Hundreds to give Notice in Writing to the Men enrolled to attend the Training and Exercise of the Militia: For each Precept containing 50 Names and under Ditto from 51 to 150 Names Ditto from 151 to 250 Names	0	5 10 15	0 0 0
Ditto from 251 Names and upwards And for filling up printed Precepts to the Chief Constables, and to the Schoolmasters, Con- stables, or other Officers of the Parishes within the Subdivision of any County, Stewartry, City, or Place in Scotland, to give Notice in Writing to the Men enrolled to attend the Training and Exercise of the Militia:	1	0	0
For each Precept containing 10 Names and			
under	0	0	6
Ditto from 11 to 30 Names -	0	-	0
Ditto from 31 to 50 Names -	_	2	
Ditto from 51 to 70 Names - Ditto from 71 to 100 Names -	0	4 7	-
Ditto from 100 upwards	-	10	
25. For making out full and true Lists of the Names and Dates of Enrolment of all Persons enrolled within each Subdivision respectively, for the Use of the Commanding Officer and Adjutant of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of any County, Stewartry, City, or Place in Great Britain, previously to the Training and Exercise:	•		v
For a Roll containing 20 Names and under	O	2	0
Ditto from 21 to 50 Names -		5	_
Ditto from 51 to 150 Names -		10	
Ditto from 151 to 250 Names -	-	15	
Ditto from 251 and upwards -	1	. 0	0

paid.

Militia Pay.

	muua Fay.			
26.	For correcting the Books of Enrolment of the Subdivision so as to correspond accurately with the Extracts from the Adjutant's or other Commanding Officer's Return, Schedule (F.), of the State of the Classes of the Men forming the Quota or Apportionment serving in the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia of any County, Stewartry, City, or Place in Great Britain: For a Subdivision furnishing 50 Men and		s.	
	Ditto from 51 to 150 Men -	0	10	_
	Ditto from 151 to 250 Men -		15	
	Ditto from 251 and upwards -	1	0	0
ALLO	OWANCES TO SCHOOLMASTERS IN SC	оті	A	ND.
27.	For filling up and delivering Notices to House-			
	holders, for each Day consisting of Eight Hours	0	5	0
28.	For making out Lists, for each Folio consisting			
	of Sixty Lines	0	1	0
29.	For attending Meetings of Lieutenancy, each	_		^
90	Meeting For filling up and delivering Notices to balloted	U	10	0
30.	Men, per Day	0	5	0
31.	For Stationery, per Annum	ŏ	5	Ŏ
	LLOWANCES TO CONSTABLES IN SCOTI	ANT	`	
	For filling up and delivering Notices to House-		<i>)</i> .	
04.	holders, for each Day consisting of Eight Hours	• 0	4	0
33.	For making out Lists, for each Folio consisting	·	•	_
	of Sixty Lines	0	1	0
34.	For attending each Meeting of Lieutenancy, per			
	Day	0	4	0
35.	For filling up and delivering Notices to balloted and enrolled Men, per Day	0	4	Λ
36.	For Stationery, where the Lists are made out	U	4	U
00.	by the Constables, per Annum	0	5	0
CDEC	CIAL CONTINGENT ALLOWANCES ap	nliaa'	LI.	40
SI EC	the Clerks of General Subdivision Meetings of I respectively.	ieut≀	ena	to ncy
	When it is necessary to call the Person from a perform the Duty of a General or Subdivision Person shall have an Allowance for his travellin not exceeding Ninepence per Mile, and the Foundation Tolls and Ferry Money; but the Particula Expenses shall be specified in a Statement, as by the Lieutenancy, and transmitted in support Charge in the Clerk's annual Account. The Expense necessarily incurred for the Use of	Clerlig Ex Expenses of conditions of conditi	k, s per nses f s erti of	uch ses of uch fied the
	at the Place of Meeting to be allowed upon the	Prod	luct	ion
	of the Receipt of the Person to whom the sa	me r	nay	be

C. 123, 124.

Militia Pay.

Charitable Trusts (1855).

SCHEDULE B.

SCALE of RATES of REMUNERATION to the Clerks of General Meetings for any Duty they may be required to perform under the Acts relating to the Militia, or by Her Majesty's Secretary of State, or (in Ireland) by the Lord Lieutenant, in execution of the Provisions of such Acts when the Militia is raised otherwise than by Ballot.

CLERKS OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

Per Annum. For Trouble in executing the Duty required of £ s. d. them, including Copyings, Correspondence, and Stationery: In Counties where the Quota does not exceed 200 15 Where the Quota is Above 200, and not exceeding 400 20 0 Above 400, and not exceeding 500 25 And where the Quota exceeds 500, the following Additions for every 100, or fractional Part of 100: Above 500, and not exceeding 1,000 Above 1,000, and not exceeding 2,000 Above 2,000, and not exceeding 3,000 0 Above 3,000, and not exceeding 4,000 1 10 0 Above 4,000 For convening and attending any General Meeting summoned by the distinct Order of the Secretary of State, or (in Ireland) of the Lord Lieutenant

The actual Expense incurred in printing or advertising, and for Postage, may be charged.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act to amend the Charitable Trusts Act, 1853.

| 14th August 1855. |

THEREAS it is expedient to extend and amend the Charit- 16 & 17 Vict. able Trusts Act, 1853, as herein-after provided: Be it c. 137. therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. "The Charitable Trusts Act, 1853," herein-after called "the 16 & 17 Vict. principal Act," and this Act, shall be construed together as One c. 137. and this Act, and any Provisions of the principal Act inconsistent with Act to be conthis Act are hereby repealed.

II. So much of the principal Act (Section IV.) as provides that As to Salary after the Thirty-first Day of March One thousand eight hundred of One Comand fifty-seven an annual Salary shall be paid to One only of the Commissioners besides the Chief Commissioner is hereby repealed.

III. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty and Her Successors, Power to apunder the Royal Sign Manual, to appoint additional Inspectors (not point additional exceeding

strued together.

missioner.

Inspectors.

exceeding Three in Number) for the Purposes of this Act and the Charitable Trusts Act, 1853, and such additional Inspectors shall hold Office during Pleasure, and shall be possessed of the same Powers, Authorities, and Jurisdiction, and be entitled to the same Privileges and Emoluments, as the Inspectors appointed under the said former Act of One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

Acts of Board, how to be authenticated.

Entries in and Extracts from the Books of the Board, how to be authenticated. IV. Every Act of the Board may be sufficiently authenticated by the Seal of the Commissioners, and the Signature of their Secretary, or in his Absence of the Chief Clerk.

V. All Orders, Certificates, Schemes, and other Documents issued under the Seal of the Board shall be deemed and taken to be the Originals, and Copies thereof shall be entered in the Books of the Board, and all such Entries may be sufficiently certified by the Signature of the Secretary, or in his Absence of the Chief Clerk: Every Order, Certificate, Scheme, and other Document purporting to be sealed with the Seal of the Board, shall be received in Evidence without further Proof; and any Writing purporting to be a Copy extracted from the said Books, and to be certified as aforesaid, shall be received in Evidence in like Manner.

The Powers of the Commissioners and Inspectors to inquire into Charities extended.

VI. The Board, or any Commissioner or Inspector, such Inspector acting under the Authority of the Board, may require written Accounts, and Statements and Answers to Inquiries relating to any Charity, or the Property or Income thereof, to be rendered or made to them respectively by all or any of the following Persons; that is to say,

Trustees or Persons acting or concerned in the Administration of the Charity, its Property or Income, or in the Receipt or

Payment of any Monies thereof:

Agents of any such Trustees or Persons:

Depositaries of any Funds or Monies of the Charity:

Persons in the beneficial Receipt of any Funds thereof, or of any

Income or Stipend therefrom:

Persons having the Possession or Control of any Documents

concerning the Charity or any Property thereof:

And the Board, or the Commissioner or Inspector, may require the Persons rendering or making any such Account, Statement, or Answer to verify the same by Oath or otherwise, and may administer such Oath: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to give to the said Board or their Inspectors any Power of requiring from any Person holding or claiming to hold any Property whatsoever adversely to any Charity, or free or dicharged from any Charitable Trust or Charge, any Information, or the Production of any Deed or Document whatever, in relation to the Property so held or claimed adversely, or any Charitable Trust or Charge alleged to affect the same.

Power to require Trustees and others to attend and be examined.

VII. The Board, or any Commissioner or Inspector acting as aforesaid, may require all or any such Trustees and Persons as aforesaid to attend before them respectively at such Times and Places as may be reasonably appointed, for the Purpose of being examined in relation to the Charity, and to answer such Questions as may be proposed to them, and to produce upon such Examina-

tion, any Documents in their Custody or Power relating to the Charity or the Property thereof, and may examine upon Oath or otherwise all such Persons and all Persons voluntarily attending, and may administer such Oath: Provided always, that no Person shall be obliged to travel in obedience to any such Requisition more than Ten Miles from his Place of Abode.

VIII. All Requisitions made under the foregoing Authorities Orders &c. how shall be made respectively by the Order of the Board, or by Pre- to be made. cept, under the Hand of the Commissioner or Inspector making

the same.

IX. Any Person refusing or wilfully neglecting to comply with Persons not any such Requisition, or with any Order of the Board, made under complying with the Provisions of this Act, or the principal Act, or destroying or withholding any Document required to be produced or transmitted Contempt of by him, shall be taken to be guilty of a Contempt of the High Court of Chan-Court of Chancery, and shall be liable to be attached and com- cery. mitted by such Court, on summary Application by the Commissioners to the same Court or to any Judge thereof, and shall pay such Costs attending such Contempt as the said Court or Judge shall direct: Provided always, that the Court may at any Time discharge, on such Terms as it may deem just, any Person attached or committed on any such Application, or on any Application made under Section Fourteen of the principal Act.

X. Where any Parish or Ecclesiastical District entitled to the Power to ap-Benefit of a Charity, has or shall have been divided into separate portion Paro-Parishes or Ecclesiastical Districts, and no Apportionment of chial Charities Charities originally applicable to the Parish or District so divided, of Parishes. shall have been made by Parliament, or other competent Authority, the Board, in respect of all Charities, the gross annual Income whereof does not for the Time being exceed Thirty Pounds, may apportion the Benefit of the Charity between each new Parish or District, or any Portion thereof taken from the Parish or District originally entitled to the whole Benefit, and the Remainder of such last-mentioned Parish or District, in such Manner and such Proportions as, upon a Consideration of the Purposes of the Charity, the Population of each Parish or District, and other Circumstances. they may think fit, and may also apportion the principal Endowments between such Parishes or Districts, if it be thought fit, and may appoint separate Trustees of any Part of the Endowments.

XI. The Certificate of the Board, that according to their Evidence as to Judgment the gross yearly Income of any Charity does not, for Income of a the Time being, exceed Thirty Pounds, shall be sufficient Evidence Charity not of the Amount of such annual Income for the Purpose of deter-

mining the Jurisdiction under the foregoing Provision.

XII. Any Court or Judge having Jurisdiction to order the Official Trustees Transfer of Stock in the Public Funds, or Stock or Shares of any empowered to public Company, to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, shall call for Trans-have Power also to authorize such Trustees to call for a Transfer &c. of and to transfer such Stock or Shares, and may also order the Payment to the same Trustees of any Principal Monies of any Charity, under the same Circumstances in which the Transfer of Stock to them may now be ordered.

exceeding 30L

XIIL No

Notices to be given of certain Orders of the Board.

XIII. No Order for apportioning the Benefits of any Charity shall be made by the Board, until after such public Notices shall have been given of the Proposal to make the same, as the Board may consider expedient, for insuring Publicity in each Parish or District in which the Charity is or ought to be applied, or among all Persons interested therein, nor until after the Expiration of One Month from the Publication of such Notice; and every such Notice shall contain (so far as conveniently may be) sufficient Particulars of the proposed Order to show the Objects thereof, and shall prescribe a Time within which any Objections thereto may be stated or transmitted to the Board.

Proceedings upon the Receipt of Objections or Suggestions. XIV. All Objections which may be made to any proposed Order shall be considered by the Board, who may suspend the making thereof for further Inquiry, or may modify the same, as may be found expedient; and a Copy of every such Order when made, shall, in the Case of any local Charity, be deposited for the Space of One Month in some convenient Place within the Parish, or One of the Parishes, or the District in which the Charity is applicable, and also be open to Inspection at the Office of the Commissioners, and such Publicity shall be given thereto among all Persons interested in the Charity as the Board shall consider expedient; or if the Charity be not local, then a Copy of such Order shall be open to Inspection at the Office of the Commissioners, and public Notice thereof shall be given in such Manner as to the Board shall be given to him.

The Official Trustee of Charity Lands constituted. XV. The Secretary for the Time being of the Board shall be a Corporation Sole, by the Name of "The Official Trustee of Charity Lands," for taking and holding Charity Lands, and by that Name (instead of the Name of "Treasurer of Public Charities") shall have perpetual Succession; and all Land, or Estates or Interests in Land, now vested in the "Treasurer of Public Charities" by that Name shall become, upon the passing of this Act, and by virtue thereof, vested in like Manner and upon the same Trusts in "The Official Trustee of Charity Lands," and all Provisions of the principal Act which have reference to the Treasurer of Public Charities, shall operate as if the Name of the "Official Trustee of Charity Lands," had been used therein instead of the Name of "Treasurer of Public Charities."

Power to acting Trustees to grant Leases.

XVI. The acting Trustees of every Charity, or the Majority of them, provided that such Majority do not consist of less than Three Persons, shall have at Law, and in Equity, Power to grant all such Leases or Tenancies of Land belonging thereto, and vested in the Official Trustee of Charity Lands, as they would have Power to grant, in the due Administration of the Charity, if the same Land were legally vested in themselves; and all Covenants, Conditions, and Remedies contained in, or incident to any Lease or Tenancy so granted, shall be enforceable by and against the Trustees or Persons acting in the Administration of the Charity for the Time being, and their Alienees or Assigns, in like Manner as if such Lands had been legally vested in the Trustees granting such Lease or Tenancy at the Time of the Execution thereof, and had

had legally remained in or had devolved to such Trustees or Administrators for the Time being, their Alienees or Assigns, subject

to the same Lease or Tenancy.

XVII. The Lord Chancellor may, from Time to Time, by Appointments Writing under his Hand, appoint any Persons to be jointly with of Official Trusthe Secretary for the Time being of the said Board, the Official tees regulated. Trustees of Charitable Funds, and remove any such Trustees, and every such Appointment or Removal shall be published in the London Gazette.

XVIII. The present Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, and Such Trustees their Successors, to be so appointed, shall have perpetual Succes- to have perpesion by the Name of "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds," tual Succession, and may hold by that Name Stock in the Public Funds, and Stock and may hold; and Shares of any public Company, Securities, and Monies, which Name. shall respectively devolve to their Successors, the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds for the Time being, without Transfer or Assignment.

XIX. All Stock in the Public Funds vested in the joint Names Funds to vest of Henry Morgan Vane, Thomas Hare, and Walker Skirrow, in Official Trus-Esquires, the present Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, shall, tees for Time upon the passing of this Act, be transferred by the Governor and being. Company of the Bank of England from their Names to the Account of the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds.

XX. The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds shall, for the Official Trustees Purposes of their Trust, keep a Banking Account in their official to keep Bank-Name in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of ing Account. England, and the Secretary of the Board shall keep separate Accounts of the Monies held upon such Account, and belonging to each separate Charity.

XXI. All Orders for Payment of any Money, held upon such Mode of draw-Banking Account, shall be signed by One at least of the Official ing on the Trustees of Charitable Funds, not being the Secretary of the Banking Ac-Board, and also by the Secretary, and shall be countersigned by count. One of the Commissioners, or shall be otherwise signed or authenticated in such Manner as the Lord Chancellor shall from Time to Time by Order under his Hand direct; and such Orders shall be a sufficient Authority to the Bank paying the same for all such Payments.

XXII. Any Trustee or other Person may, on obtaining an Trustees may Order of the Board for the Purpose, transfer any Stock or pay any transfer Stock. Money to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds in trust for

any Charity.

XXIII. All Principal Monies belonging to any Charity directed As to Disposal to be paid to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds shall be of Principal paid to their Account at the Bank, and, subject to any Order of Monies paid to the Court or Judge or of the Board by which respectively the Payment shall have been authorized, shall be forthwith invested in the Public Funds in the Names of the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, for the Benefit of the Charity to which they shall belong.

XXIV. The Dividends arising from all Stock in the Public All Dividends Funds standing in the Name of the Official Trustees of Charitable and Interest

Funds due to Official

Trustees to be placed to their Banking Account.

Funds shall from Time to Time be received by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, under the Authority of this Act, for the Credit of the said Official Trustees, and shall be placed to their Banking Account accordingly; and all Dividends and Interest arising from any other Stock, Shares, or Securities standing in the Name of or held by the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds shall be paid only to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the Account of the same Trustees; and the said Trustees shall from Time to Time execute to the said Governor and Company all such Powers as shall be found necessary for enabling them to receive and give effectual Discharges for the last-mentioned Dividends and Interest.

For Regulation of Transfers and Payments to or by Official Trustees.

XXV. No Transfer of any Stock, Shares, or Securities shall be made to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, nor shall any Money, other than the Dividends or Interest of any such Stock, Shares, or Securities as aforesaid, be paid to their Account, except in pursuance of an Order of the Court of Chancery, or of some Judge thereof, or of a District Court of Bankruptcy, or County Court, or of the Board; and no Transfer of any such Stock, Shares, or Securities shall be made by the Official Trustees, except under the Order of such Court or Judge, or under the Order of the Board signed by Two Commissioners, or authenticated in such Manner as the Lord Chancellor from Time to Time by any Order under his Hand direct; and no Transfer to or by the Official Trustees shall be permitted by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England or any other Company contrary to this Provision.

Copies of certain Orders to be sent to Board. XXVI. Copies of all Orders made by any Court or Judge for any Transfer, Deposit, or Payment of Stock, Shares, Securities, or Monies to or by the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Board by the Parties obtaining such Orders.

Indemnity to the Bank and others. XXVII. Every Order made under the principal Act or this Act, requiring or authorizing the Transfer, Payment, or Deposit of any Stock, Shares, Securities, or Monies to or with the Trustees of any Charity or the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, or conferring a Right to call for or to make such Transfer, shall be a complete Indemnity to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England and all Companies and Persons for any Act done pursuant to such Order; and the said Governor and Company and other Companies and Persons shall be required to give effect or to conform to every such Order, and it shall not be necessary for them to inquire concerning the Propriety of such Order, or the Jurisdiction of the Court or Judge or the Board to make the same.

Dividends on Stock in Name of Official Trustees to be carried to Account free from Income Tax.

XXVIII. All Dividends arising from any Stock in the Public Funds standing in the Name of the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, and which shall be certified by the Board, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to be exempt from the Property or Income Tax, shall be paid or carried to the Banking Account of the Official Trustees without any Deduction of such Tax; and all Dividends arising from any Stock in the Public Funds

Funds standing in any other Names or Name, and which the Board shall certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to be subject only to Charitable Trusts, and to be exempt from such Tax, shall be paid without any Deduction thereof.

XXIX. It shall not be lawful for the Trustees or Persons acting Restrictions of in the Administration of any Charity to make or grant, otherwise Charges and than with the express Authority of Parliament, under any Act Leases of Chaalready passed, or which may hereafter be passed, or of a Court rity Estates. or Judge of competent Jurisdiction, or according to a Scheme legally established, or with the Approval of the Board, any Sale, Mortgage, or Charge of the Charity Estate, or any Lease thereof in reversion after more than Three Years of any existing Term, or for any Term of Life, or in consideration wholly or in part of any Fine, or for any Term of Years exceeding Twenty-one Years.

XXX. So much of Section Twenty-one of the principal Act as Sinking Fund requires a compulsory Provision to be inserted in every Mortgage to be provided for the Payment of the Principal Money borrowed by annual for paying off Instalments, and for the Redemption and Reconveyance of the Mortgages in mortgaged Estates within the Pariod of not more than Thints mortgaged Estates within the Period of not more than Thirty sion in Mort-Years, is hereby repealed; but the Board authorizing any Mort-gage Deeds. gage to be made of any Charity Estate shall make such Provisions, by the same or any other Order, as to them may seem necessary, for directing the Trustees or Persons administering the Charity to discharge the Principal Debt or any Part thereof by such yearly or other Instalments, within Thirty Years from the Date of the Security, as to the said Board may seem fit, or to form an Accumulation or Sinking Fund out of the Income of the Charity for discharging the Principal Debt, or any Portion thereof within the same Period, and shall give Directions as to the Investment and Accumulation of such Fund, and the Trustees for the Time being, or Persons administering the Charity, shall carry such Order into effect.

XXXI. The Twenty-third Section of the principal Act shall Extension of extend to authorize a Compromise or Adjustment of any Claim, Power of Board Demand, or Cause of Suit against any Charity, or the Trustees as to Comproor Administrators thereof, and the Order of the Board in relation thereto shall have the like Effect as in the Case of any Compromise or Adjustment for which Provision is made by the said Section.

XXXII. The Board may authorize the Application of any Board may au-Funds belonging to any Charity, in Payments for Equality of thorize Pay-Exchange or Partition, or in Payment of any Expenses incident ment for Equathereto, or may authorize the Trustees to raise any Money for lity of Exsuch Purposes, by Mortgage of any Land acquired on such Exchange or Partition, or belonging to the Charity.

XXXIII. Where there shall be Uncertainty as to the specific Power to ascer-Part of any Lands out of which any Rent, Annuity, or other tain Lands periodical Payment, not exceeding the yearly Sum of Ten Pounds, charged with charged upon some Part of the same Lands, for the Benefit of a Rents to Cha-Charity, shall be payable, it shall be lawful for the Board, upon the Application of the Trustees or Persons acting in the Administration of the Charity, and with the Consent of the Persons interested, 18 & 19 Vict.

interested, according to the aforesaid Definition of "Persons interested," in the same Lands, to determine by their Order the Land charged with such Rent, Annuity, or other periodical Payment, which shall thenceforth stand charged with such Rent, Annuity, or periodical Payment accordingly, to the Exoneration of the Residue of such Lands therefrom.

Expenses of Exchanges, &c. and determining Application of Charges.

XXXIV. The Expenses incident to the Application for, and procuring of any such Order of Exchange or Partition, or Order determining the Land charged with any Rent, Annuity, or periodical Payment, shall be paid by the Trustees or Administrators of the Charity, or by the other Parties to such Transactions, or by both, as the Board may direct.

Incorporated Charities and Trustees for Charities may re-invest in Land. XXXV. Any incorporated Charity, or the Trustees of any Charity, whether incorporated or not, may, with the Consent of the Board, invest Money arising from any Sale of Land belonging to the Charity, or received by way of Equality of Exchange or Partition, in the Purchase of Land, and may hold such Land, or any Land acquired by way of Exchange or Partition, for the Benefit of such Charity, without any Licence in Mortmain.

Order of Board for Investments to be carried into effect, and Cost to be raised.

XXXVI. All Orders of the Board for the Investment of Money coming to any Charity, or the Trustees thereof, on any Sale, Exchange, or Partition, shall be carried into effect by the Trustees or Persons administering the Charity; and all Monies which the Board shall order to be provided out of any Income or Property of a Charity, for the Payment of the Costs of any such Transaction, shall be provided or raised by the Trustees or Administrators of the Charity, and applied accordingly.

Board may direct Official Trustees to convey Lands, &c. XXXVII. It shall be lawful for the Board to authorize or order and direct the Official Trustee of Charity Lands, and the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds respectively, to convey Lands, and to assign, transfer, and pay over Stocks, Funds, Monies, and Securities, as the Board shall think expedient.

Leases, &c., to be valid notwithstanding disabling Acts. XXXVIII. All Leases, Sales, Exchanges, Partitions, and Transactions authorized by the Board under the principal Act, or this Act, shall be valid and effectual, notwithstanding the Act of the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, Chapter Ten, the Acts of the Fourteenth Year of the same Queen, Chapters Eleven and Fourteen, the Acts of the Eighteenth Year of the same Queen, Chapters Six and Eleven, the Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of the same Queen, Chapter Five, and the Act of the Twenty-first Year of the Reign of King James the First, Chapter One, or any disabling Act applicable to the Charity, the Estates whereof shall be the Subject of any such Transaction.

Board may approve Schemes for letting Property.

XXXIX. It shall be lawful for the Board to prepare, and under their Seal to approve of, any Scheme for the letting of the Property or any Part of the Property of any Charity; and all Leases granted by any Trustees or Persons acting in the Management of any Charity, pursuant to or in conformity with such Scheme, shall be valid.

Power to refer Bills of Costs in Charity XL. The Board may order the Bill of Costs or Charges claimed by any Attorney or Solicitor on account of Business conducted or transacted by him on behalf of any Charity, or the Trustees thereof,

to be examined and taxed by the Taxing Masters of the Court of Matters to Chancery, or by the proper Taxing Officers of any of the Superior Courts at Westminster, who shall proceed to examine and tax the same Bill accordingly; and if the same shall be reduced upon such Taxation by the Amount of One Sixth Part or more of the Amount thereof, the Costs of the Taxation shall be paid by such Attorney or Solicitor, but otherwise, out of the Funds of the Charity by the Trustees thereof; and the Board may, after being satisfied as to any Bill that it contains exorbitant Charges, order any such Bill to be so taxed, notwithstanding that the same may have been paid by the Trustees of the Charity, at any Period not more than Six Calendar Months previously to such Order; and any Amount taxed off any such paid Bill shall be a Debt due from the Attorney or Solicitor to the Trustees of the Charity, and shall be forthwith paid by him to such Trustees accordingly.

XLI. Section Twenty-seven of "The Charitable Trusts Act, Construction of 1853," shall be construed and operate as if the Words "and the Sect. 27. of "Trustees of the Charity shall be legally authorized to purchase 16 & 17 Vict. " and hold such Land" had been omitted therefrom; and incor- c. 137. porated Trustees of any Charity shall be competent to purchase and hold Lands, for the Purposes mentioned in the same Section,

without Licence in Mortmain.

XLII. Any Deed, Will, or Document relating to any Charity Deeds, &c. remay be enrolled by the Board in Books to be provided and kept lating to Chariby them for that Purpose at their Office, and a Copy of any such ties may be en-Deed, Will, or Document made from such Books, and certified Office, &c. under the Hand of the Secretary or One of the Commissioners, shall be received as Evidence of the Contents of the same Deed, Will, or Document.

XLIII. The Fifty-fifth and Fifty-ninth Sections of the principal Construction of Act shall be construed and operate as if the Words "The Office 85. 55. and 59. of the Board" had been inserted therein in the Place of the Words "the Office in London of the Registrar of County Courts Judgments."

XLIV. Section Sixty-one of "The Charitable Trusts Act, 1853," except so much thereof as enacts that the Trustees or Persons acting in the Administration of every Charity shall, in Books to be kept by them for that Purpose, regularly enter or cause to be entered full and true Accounts of all Money received and paid respectively on account of such Charity, shall be repealed annual Returns as to all Accounts which such Trustees or Administrators shall not have been bound to render before the passing of this Act; and the Trustees or Administrators of every Charity shall, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, prepare and make out, and transmit to the Board an Account of the Endowments then belonging to the Charity, showing, in the Case of Realty not in hand, the Manner in which the same is let or occupied, and in the Case of Personalty, the existing Investment or Employment thereof, and in what Names such Investments are made; and such Trustees or Administrators shall also, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March next after the Acquisition of any Endowment not included in the foregoing Account 3 C 2

of 16 & 17 Vict. c. 137.

Amendment of Sect. 61. of 16 & 17 Vict. c. 137. and other Provision made as to the of Accounts by Trustees of Charities.

Account, prepare and make out, in like Manner, and transmit to the Board, a similar Account of such last-mentioned Endowment, and in case of any Alienation, or Charge, or Transfer of any Real or Personal Estate of the Charity, shall on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March then next following, transmit to the Board an Account of such Alienation, Charge, or Transfer, and such Trustees or Administrators shall also, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March in every Year, or such other Day as may be fixed for that Purpose by the Board, or as may have been already fixed for rendering the Accounts thereof required by the principal Act, prepare and make out the following Accounts in relation thereto; (that is to say,)

(1.) An Account of the gross Income arising from the Endowment, or which ought to have arisen therefrom during the Year ending on the Thirty-first Day of December then last, or on such other Day as may have been

appointed for this Purpose by the Board:

(2.) An Account of all Balances in hand at the Commencement of the Year, and of all Monies received during the same Year on account of the Charity:

(3.) An Account for the same Period of all Payments:

(4.) An Account of all Monies owing to or from the Charity, so far as conveniently may be:

Which Accounts shall be certified under the Hand of One or more of the said Trustees or Administrators, and shall be audited by the Auditor of the Charity, if any; and the said Trustees or Administrators shall, within Fourteen Days after the Day appointed for making out such Accounts, deliver or transmit a Copy thereof to the Commissioners at their Office in London, and in the Case of Parochial Charities shall deliver another Copy thereof to the Churchwarden or Churchwardens of the Parish or Parishes with which the Objects of such Charities are identified, who shall present the same at the next General Meeting of the Vestry of such Parishes, and insert a Copy thereof in the Minutes of the Vestry Book; and every such Copy shall be open to the Inspection of all Persons at all seasonable Hours, subject to such Regulations as to the said Board may seem fit; and any Person may require a Copy of every such Account or of any Part thereof, on paying therefor after the Rate of Twopence for every Seventy-two Words or Figures.

Board may make Orders as to Delivery, &c.

Application of 16 & 17 Vict.

Acts not to apply to Roman Catholic Charities until 1st

1856.

c. 137. s. 64.

XLV. The Board may from Time to Time make such Orders as they may think fit, in relation to the Delivery or Transmission of the said Accounts, and the Forms of such Accounts, and such Orders shall be executed by all Trustees and Persons from whom the Accounts to which they may relate are required.

XLVI. The Sixty-fourth Section of the principal Act shall apply as well to Members of any Charity within the Operation of that Act, as to Members of any Charity exempted from the Operation thereof.

XLVII. Neither this Act nor the principal Act shall, until the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, extend, or be in any Manner applied to Charities or Institutions,

the

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the Funds or Income of which are applicable exclusively for the Benefit of Persons of the Roman Catholic Persuasion; and which are under the Superintendence and Control of Persons of that Persuasion; nor shall anything in this Act extend to any of the Cases which by the Sixty-second Section of the principal Act are excepted from the Operation thereof.

XLVIII. In the Construction of the principal Act and this As to the Term Act the Word "Charity" shall include every Institution in "Charity." England or Wales endowed for charitable Purposes, but shall not include any Charity or Institution expressly exempted from the Operation of the Act of 1853, and Words applying to any Person or Individual shall apply also to a Corporation, whether sole or aggregate.

XLIX. Nothing in this Act or in the principal Act contained Act not to exshall extend to the Colleges of Eton and Winchester, or either of tend to Eton or

L. This Act may be cited as "The Charitable Trusts Amend- Short Title. ment Act, 1855."

CAP. CXXV.

An Act to confirm Provisional Orders of the General Board of Health, applying the Public Health Act (1848) to the Districts of Middlesbrough, Windhill, Christchurch, Keighley, Tunstall, and Toxteth Park, and for Alteration of the Boundaries of the District of Romford.

[14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS the General Board of Health have, in pursuance of the Public Health Act, 1848, made, published, and 11 & 12 Vict. deposited, according to the Provisions of that Act, certain Pro- c. 63. 'visional Orders in the Schedule to this Act contained; and it is

expedient that the said Orders should be confirmed, and further ' Provisions made in relation thereto:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That-

I. The Provisional Orders of the General Board of Health Certain Provicontained in the Schedule hereunto annexed shall, from and after sional Orders of the passing of this Act, so far as the same are authorized by the gaid Public Health Act, he sheeled and he as hinding and of the said Public Health Act, be absolute, and be as binding and of the firmed. like Force and Effect, as if the Provisions of the same had been

expressly enacted in this Act.

II. Provided always, That the Rates leviable within the Borough Limitation of of Middlesbrough as constituted by the Provisional Order in the Rates to be Schedule to this Act, under the Public Health Act, 1848, whether for the Purposes of the said last-mentioned Act, or for the Pur-Middlesbrough. poses of so much of the Local Act in the said Order mentioned 11 & 12 Vict. or referred to as remains unrepealed by the said Provisional Order, c. 63. shall not exceed, in any One Year, the Sum of Four Shillings in the Pound upon the net annual Value of Property assessable thereto 3 C 3

within such Borough, except Property consisting of Land used as Arable, Meadow, or Pasture Groundonly; or as Woodland, Market Gardens, or Nursery Grounds, Land covered with Water, or used only as a Canal or Towing-path for the same, or as a Railway constructed under the Powers of any Act of Parliament for public Conveyance; and as to such excepted Property, the Rates so leviable shall not, in any One Year, exceed in the whole the Sum of Ninepence in the Pound upon the net annual Value of such excepted Property.

First Election of Local Board of Windhill;

of Local Board of Christchurch;

of Local Board of Keighley;

of Local Board of Tunstall.

Act incorporated with 11 & 12 Vict. c. 63. Short Title.

III. The First Election of the Local Board of Health for the District of Windhill, for the Purposes of the said Public Health Act, shall take place on the Twentieth Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

IV. The First Election of the Local Board of Health for the District of *Christchurch*, for the Purposes of the said Public Health Act, shall take place on the Twentieth Day of *September* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

V. The First Election of the Local Board of Health for the District of Keighley, for the Purposes of the said Public Health. Act, shall take place on the Twentieth Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

VI. The First Election of the Local Board of Health for the

District of *Tunstall*, for the Purposes of the said Public Health Act, shall take place on the Twentieth Day of *September* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

VII. This Act shall be deemed to be incorporated with the Public Health Act, and shall be as if this Act and the Public

Health Act were One Act.

VIII. In citing this Act in any other Act of Parliament, or in any Proceeding, Instrument, or Document whatsoever, it shall be sufficient to use the Words and Figures "The Public Health Supplemental Act, 1855."

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

MIDDLESBROUGH.

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act to the Borough of Middlesbrough, in the North Riding of the County of York.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Whereas, upon the petition of not less than one tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the Poor of and within the Borough of Middlesbrough, in the North Riding of the County of York, and within the boundaries of the said borough, as fixed for the purposes of an Act passed in the sixth year of the reign of King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to provide for the "regulation of Municipal Corporations in England and Wales," We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, directed William Ranger, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said Borough.

Borough, within and throughout the said boundaries, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said Borough, for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said Borough, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that Act.

And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice, stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act.

And whereas it appears upon such Report that there is a certain Local Act of Parliament in force within the said Borough, having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; (that is to say,) An Act passed in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for paving, "lighting, watching, cleansing, and otherwise improving the "Town of Middlesbrough, and the neighbourhood thereof, in the "North Riding of the County of York and for establishing a "market therein."

And whereas it appears to the said General Board of Health to be expedient that the said Public Health Act, except as hereinafter mentioned, should be applied to the said Borough; and that provision should be made with respect to the said Local Act of Parliament, and the partial repeal, alteration, extension, and further execution thereof; but the same cannot be done without the authority of Parliament.

Now therefore, in pursuance of the power vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, the said General Board of Health do, by this Provisional Order under my hand and seal of office, direct:—

That from and after the passing of any Act of Parliament con-

firming this Order,—

1. In the construction of this Order, the same meanings shall be assigned to certain expressions which are assigned to them by the section numbered 2 in the copies of "The Public Health Act, 1848," printed by Her Majesty's Printers, unless such meanings be repugnant to or inconsistent

sistent with the context or subject matter in which such expressions occur.

2. "The Public Health Act, 1848," and every part thereof relating to corporate districts, except the section numbered 95 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's printers, shall apply to the area comprised within the boundaries of the said Borough of Middlesbrough, as defined in the Charter of Incorporation of the said Borough.

3. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the said Borough shall be, by the Council of the said Borough, the Local Board of Health under the said Public Health Act.

4. Such parts of the said Local Act as are specified in the Schedule to this Order shall be repealed, except in so far as relates to anything done before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, and except in so far as the same repeal any other Act or Acts of Parliament.

5. The powers, authorities, and duties of the Commissioners for the time being acting in execution of the said Local Act shall cease; and such of them as are granted or imposed by the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall, so far as they are not repugnant to or inconsistent with the said Public Health Act, or this Order, or any byelaw which shall be lawfully made under the said Public Health Act, be transferred to the said Local Board of Health, and the officers and servants of the said Local Board, and shall be exercised as if they had been granted or imposed by the said Public Health Act, and for this purpose the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall be incorporated with the said Public Health Act as applied to the said Borough, and all places within the Limits of the said Borough shall be subject to the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act.

The said Local Board shall be the Commissioners for executing the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act.

7. All property and estate of the Commissioners acting in the execution of the said Local Act shall be transferred to the said Local Board of Health, and shall, as near as circumstances will permit, be held by the said Local Board of Health upon the same trusts, and for the same purposes, as by such Commissioners.

8. All debts, monies, and securities for money contracted or payable by such Commissioners, shall be satisfied by the said Local Board out of such parts of the said transferred property and estate as would have been chargeable therewith, if this Order had not been made; and shall be paid and satisfied by the said Local Board, as by such Commissioners.

9. Provided always, that if such property and estate be insufficient for that purpose, the deficiency shall be charged upon the rates leviable under the said Public Health Act, in the parts only which would have been chargeable with such deficiency if this Order had not been made.

10. Provided

- 10. Provided also, that if such property and estate be more than sufficient, the surplus shall be applied to the exclusive use of the same parts and to the same purposes as it would have been if this Order had not been made.
- 11. All expenses which shall be incurred by the said Local Board of Health under the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act, and which shall not be defrayed out of monies arising under such Local Acts, shall be deemed to be expenses incurred by such Board under the said Public Health Act, and shall be defrayed out of the rates under that Act (as the nature of the case may require); and the monies necessary to be raised for the purposes of such Local Act may be raised as under the said Public Health Act.
- 12. Provided always, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall not prejudicially affect anything done under that Act before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order; but notwithstanding this Order, and the Schedule thereto, all such things shall be as valid with reference to the said Local Board of Health, as if the same had been done with reference to that Board, and may be dealt with in the same manner, in all respects, as if they related to that Board, instead of such Commissioners.
- 13. Provided also, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall be without prejudice to any penalties incurred under the said Local Act, but all such penalties may be recovered by the said Local Board of Health according to the provisions of this Order.

Given under my Hand and under the Seal of the General Board of Health this Eighteenth day of July, in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.S.) (Signed) B. HALL.

Schedule to which this Order refers.

The parts of the said Local Act referred to in this Order to be repealed are as follows; (that is to say,)

The sections numbered respectively in the copies of the said Act printed by the Queen's printers 1 to 88, 111 to 114, 238 to 250, 252 to 281, all inclusive, and 283.

And so much of any unrepealed part of the said Act as fixes the amount of any penalty for any offence under the said Act, wherever the penalty for such offence shall have been fixed by the Public Health Act, 1848, or by any byelaw of the Local Board of Health, made under and by virtue of the said Public Health Act, at an amount other than that fixed by the said first-mentioned Act.

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WINDHILL

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act to the District of Windhill, in the County of York.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Whereas it having been ascertained from the last return for the time being made up by the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, that the annual number of deaths within the boundaries of the Township of Idle, in the West Riding of the County of York, has on the average of seven years exceeded the proportion of twenty-three to a thousand of the population of such Township, the General Board of Health directed William Ranger, one of their Superintending Inspectors, to visit the said Township, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said Township for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said Township, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also, as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing parochial or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices required by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by the said Act, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was so directed to inquire as aforesaid, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of the said

Act.

And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice, stating that, within the time directed by the said Act, written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as required by the said Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act.

And whereas it having appeared to the said General Board that the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the Act were not the same as those of the said township with respect to which the said inquiry had been made, the said Board caused the said William Ranger to visit the parts within the Boundaries proposed to be adopted for the purposes of

the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, after having given such notice as is required by the said Act, did hear all persons desirous of being heard before him on the subject of the said

Report,

Report, and did make further inquiry and report according to the directions of the said Board.

And whereas copies of such further Report, accompanied by a notice stating that, within the time directed by the said Act, written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said last-mentioned Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as required by the said Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed; and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act.

And whereas it appears to the said General Board to be expedient that the said Public Health Act, except as herein-after mentioned, should be applied to so much of the said township of Idle as is included within the boundaries described in the Schedule to this Order, and being the same within which the said inquiry and further inquiry have been made; but the same cannot

be done without the authority of Parliament.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the powers vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, We, the said General Board of Health, do, by this Provisional Order under my hand and seal of office, direct:—

That from and after the passing of any Act of Parliament con-

firming the present Order,-

 The Public Health Act, except the Section numbered 50 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's Printers, shall apply to so much of the said township of Idle as is described in the Schedule to this Order annexed, and the said district shall be called the district of Windhill.

The Local Board of Health for the said district shall consist of nine persons, and the entire number shall be elected for

the whole of the said district.

One third in number of the persons so elected shall go out of
office on the twenty-fifth day of March in each year subsequent to that of the first election of the said Local Board.

- 4. Every person shall, at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, be resident, as in the Public Health Act, 1848, is required, and be seised or possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than three hundred pounds, or shall be so resident and rated to the relief of the poor of some parish, township, or place of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than ten pounds.
- 5. At the first election of the said Local Board, Thomas Crabtree, of Windhill aforesaid, worsted spinner and manufacturer, shall have the powers and perform the duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting the said first election; and in case the said Thomas Crabtree, from illness or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to discharge such duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act,

then

then William Thomas, of Windhill aforesaid, cloth manufacturer, shall perform such of those duties as then remain to be expressed on performed

to be exercised or performed.

6. The fourteen days notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election, shall be given to the said Thomas Crabtree, at his manufactory, in Windhill aforesaid, or in case he shall refuse or be unable to receive the same, then to the said William Thomas, at his residence, within the aforesaid district.

Given under my Hand and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Thirty-first day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.S.)

(Signed) B. HALL.

Schedule to which this Order refers.

The following is the description of the boundary of the district of Windhill referred to in the above Order:

The boundary of the district of Windhill, in the township of Idle, in the county of York, commencing at the centre of the Bradford Brook, then runs along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 85, and belonging to Thomas Crabtree, Esq.; then across the towing-path of the Bradford and Shipley Canal, marked No. 81, and belonging to the Bradford Canal Company; then across the Bradford and Shipley Canal, and belonging to the Bradford Canal Company; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of a garden marked No. 73, and belonging to Mr. James Sugden; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 71, and belonging to John Whitley, Esq.; then across an occupation road up to and along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 62, and belonging to the trustees of Joseph Hobson; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 31, and belonging to Mr. Isaac Wilcock; then along a line of fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 61, and belonging to Mrs. Whitelock; then along the fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 60, and belonging to the Earl of Rosse; then across and along the eastern side of a highway to a point in the fence forming the western side of a field marked No. 346, and belonging to Mrs. Mary Rycroft; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of the last-named field marked No. 346, and belonging to the said Mrs. Mary Rycroft; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked 340, and belonging to John Whitley, Esq.; then along a fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 360, and belonging to Mr. William Hodgson; then along a line of fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 367, and belonging to C. H. Dawson, Esq.; then to a point opposite the northern side of a highway, and along a line of fence. forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 412, and belonging

belonging to Mr. John Clark; then along the northern side of a road to a line of fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 300, and belonging to Mr. Wright; then along a line of fence forming the northern boundary of a field marked No. 660, and belonging to the Rev. Mr. Edmonson; then along a line of fence forming the northern side of the fields marked Nos. 661 and 662, and belonging to C. H. Dawson, Esq.; then along a line of fence forming the southern sides of the fields marked Nos. 663 and 670, and belonging to C. H. Dawson, Esq.; then across a highway to a point opposite the southern side of a cross road; then along the northern side of a road to a corner of the fence forming the south and west sides of the fields marked Nos. 267 and 268, and belonging to the Earl of Rosse; then along a line forming the southern side of the Leeds and Bradford Railway, to a point in the centre of the Bradford Brook; then along the centre of the said brook to the first-named point. The figures herein-before cited in the description of the said boundary refer to those on the plan of Windhill prefixed to the second report on Idle made by Mr. Ranger to the General Board of Health, and dated 4th February 1854.

CHRISTCHURCH.

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act, 1848, to the District of Christchurch, in the County of Monmouth.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

WHEREAS in pursuance of the Public Health Act, 1848, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, upon the joint petition of not less than one tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the parish of Christchurch, in the County of Monmouth, (the number of the said petitioners exceeding thirty in the whole,) directed Thomas Webster Rammell, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said Parish, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said Parish for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said Parish, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also, as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing parochial or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices required by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by the said Act, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was so directed to inquire as aforesaid, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of the said Act.

And

date

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And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice stating that within the time directed by the said Act written statements might be forwarded to the said Board, with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as required by the said Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and no such statements have been received by the said Board.

And whereas it having appeared to the said General Board that the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act were not the same as those of the said Parish with respect to which the said inquiry had been made, the said Board caused Alfred Lamerte Dickens, another of the Superintending Inspectors appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the parts within the boundaries proposed to be adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said last herein-before named Superintending Inspector, after having given such notice as is required by the said Act, did hear all persons desirous of being heard before him on the subject of the said Report, and of the boundaries proposed to be adopted for the purposes of the said Act; and did make further inquiry, and report according to the directions of the said Board.

And whereas copies of such further Report, accompanied by a notice stating that within the time directed by the said Act written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as required by the said Act; and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and no such statements have been received by the said Board.

And whereas it appears to the said General Board to be expedient that the said Public Health Act, except as herein-after mentioned, should be applied to the Parish of Christchurch, that is to say, within the same boundaries as those within and with respect to which the said inquiry and further inquiry have been made; but the same cannot be done without the authority of Parliament.

Now therefore, in pursuance of the powers vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, the said General Board of Health do, by this Provisional Order, under my hand and official seal, order and direct, That from and after the day appointed for the first election of the Local Board of Health by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order,-

1. The Public Health Act, 1848, and every part thereof, except the Section numbered 50 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's Printers, shall apply to and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries set forth and described in the Schedule to this Order annexed, and shown by the red line on the map accompanying Mr. Rammell's printed Report to the General Board of Health, bearing

date the 5th April 1854, being the parts within which the said inquiry and further inquiry have been made, and that such area, places, and parts of places shall be and constitute a district, for the purposes of the said Public Health Act, called the Christchurch District.

2. That the Local Board of Health, to be elected under the said Public Health Act, shall consist of nine persons, to be

elected for the whole of the said District.

3. That one third in number of the said Local Board shall go out of office on the Thirty-first day of March in each year subsequent to that in which the first election of the said Local Board takes place.

Local Board takes place.

4. That every person shall, at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office, by virtue of such election, be resident, as in the Public Health Act, 1848, is required, and be seised and possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than seven hundred pounds, or shall be so resident and rated to the relief of the poor of the said parish, or of some township or place of which some part is within the said District, upon an annual value of

not less than twenty pounds.

5. That at the first election of the said Local Board, Thomas Morgan Llewellin, of Newport, shall have the powers and perform the duties vested in or imposed upon the chairman of the Local Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, in relation to any election by owners of property and ratepayers, and shall perform all other duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the said first election; and in case the said Thomas Morgan Llewellin, from illness or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to exercise or discharge such powers or duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then William Graham, Land Agent, of Maindee, shall exercise and perform such of the said powers and duties as then remain to be exercised or performed; and the said chairman may be elected a member of the said Local Board.

6. That the fourteen days notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election shall be given to the said Thomas Morgan Llewellin at Mr. William Graham's residence, Gore House, Maindee; or in case he shall refuse or be unable to receive the same, then to the said William Graham, at his residence, Gore

House aforesaid.

Given under my Hand and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Thirty-first day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.S.)

(Signed) B. HALL.

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Schedule to which this Order refers.

The boundary of the District of the Christchurch Local Board of Health, referred to in the preceding Order, commences at a point where the boundary of the district of the Newport Local Board of Health intersects the southern side of the Old Christchurch Road, thence proceeds easterly along the southern boundary of such Road until it reaches a fence dividing the properties of Messrs. Edward Locke and James Rennie; thence it continues in a south-westerly direction along that fence dividing the properties of James Rennic on the south-cast from the properties of Edward Locke, William Evans, Henry Farr, and William Graham, until it reaches the turnpike road leading from Newport to Chepstow; thence it turns in a north-westerly direction along the northern side of that road as far as a stream of water known as Eve's Well Stream. It then follows the course of that stream in a southerly direction, crossing the line of the South Wales Railway, until it reaches the northern angle of a field belonging to Sir Thomas Phillips, numbered in the tithe map 978. It then follows the northern boundary of Sir Thomas Phillips's land until it intersects the district of the Newport Local Board of Health, and continues in a northerly direction along the boundary of such District to the point first named.

KEIGHLEY.

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act, 1848, to the Town of Keighley, in the West Riding of the County of York.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

WHEREAS in pursuance of the Public Health Act, 1848, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, upon the joint petition of not less than one tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the Town of Keighley in the West Riding of the County of York, (the number of the said petitioners exceeding thirty in the whole,) directed William Ranger, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said Town, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage. drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said Town for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said Town, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also, as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing parochial or other local boundaries and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act:

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices required by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by the said Act, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several

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several matters with respect to which he was so directed to inquire as aforesaid, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice stating that, within the time directed by the said Act, written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as required by the said Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and no such statements have been received by the said Board.

And whereas it appears upon such Report that there is a certain Local Act in force within the said Town having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health; that is to say, an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, "regulating, and otherwise improving the town of Keighley, "within the Parish of Keighley, in the West Riding of the "County of York."

And whereas it appears to the said General Board to be expedient that the said Public Health Act, except as herein-after mentioned, should be applied to the said Town, and within the same boundaries as those within and with respect to which the said inquiry and further inquiries have been made, and that provision should be made in respect to the said Local Act of Parliament, and the repeal, alteration, extension, and future execution thereof; but the same cannot be done without the authority of Parliament.

Now therefore, in pursuance of the powers vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, We, the said General Board of Health, do, by this Provisional Order under the hand of the President and official seal, order and direct:—

- 1. That from and after the day appointed for the first election of the Local Board of Health by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, the Public Health Act shall apply to and be in force within and throughout the said Town, and that the said Town shall be and constitute a district, called the Keighley District, for the purposes of the said Public Health Act accordingly.
- That the Local Board of Health to be elected under the said Public Health Act shall consist of twenty-one persons.
- 3. That one third in number of the said Local Board shall go out of office on the day next after the expiration of a year from the day appointed by Parliament for the first election of the said Local Board, and thence annually.
- 4. That every person shall, at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, be resident, as in the Public Health Act, 1848, is required, and be rated to the relief of the poor of the town of Keighley, or of some township or place of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than ten pounds.

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- Metcalfe, ef Keighley, Solicitor, shall have the powers and perform the duties vested in or imposed upon the chairman of the Local Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, in relation to any election by owners of property and ratepayers, and shall perform all other duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the said first election; and in case the said Richard Metcalfe, from illness or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to exercise or discharge such powers or duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then that William Burr, of Keighley, Solicitor, shall exercise and perform such of the said powers and duties as then remain to be exercised or performed; and the said Chairman may be elected a member of the said Local Board.
- 6. That the fourteen days notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election shall be given to Richard Metcalfe aforesaid, at his residence, Keighley, or in case he shall refuse or be unable to receive the same, then to William Burr aforesaid, at his residence, Keighley.

7. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, such parts of the said Local Act as are specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed shall be repealed, except in so far as the same repeal any other Act or Acts of Parliament.

8. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, all the powers, authorities, and duties of the Commissioners for the time being constituted and appointed for putting the said Local Act into execution shall wholly cease and determine, and that those of their treasurers, clerks, assessors, collectors, receivers, surveyors, and other officers and persons shall cease and determine at such time as shall be appointed by the said Local Board by order under their hands and seal of office.

9. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, such of the said powers, authorities, and duties as are granted or imposed by so much of the said Local Act as shall not be repealed according to the provisions of this Order, and so far as the same are not repugnant to or inconsistent with the said Public Health Act, or this Order, or any Byelaw which shall be lawfully made under the said Public Health Act, shall be transferred to and be had and exercised by the said Local Board of Health, and by such of the committees, officers, and servants of the said Local Board as shall be appointed by such Board in that behalf under the said Public Health Act, or as shall continue in office under the said Local Board, and shall be had and exercised in the same manner as nearly as may be as if such powers, autho-

rities, privileges, and duties had been granted or imposed by the said Public Health Act.

10. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, the said Local Board shall be the Commissioners for executing such parts of the said Local Act as shall not be repealed accord-

ing to the Provisions of this Order.

11. That the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall be incorporated with the Public Health Act as applied to the said district, and the several clauses and provisions of the said Public Health Act may (whenever it may be practicable so to do) be applied to all or any cases, matters, and things which shall arise under such parts of the said Local Act as shall not be repealed according to this Order.

- 12. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, all lands, buildings, works, rates, tolls, duties, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, deeds, effects, contracts, papers, monies, and securities for money, and all other property and estate whatsoever belonging to or vested in the Commissioners acting in the execution of the said Local Act, shall be transferred to, vested in, belong to, and be recoverable by the said Local Board of Health, as fully as the same would or could have belonged to, been vested in, or recovered by such Commissioners, and shall, as near as circumstances will permit, be held by the said Local Board of Health upon the same trusts and for the same uses, intents, and purposes as the same were or would be held by such Commissioners.
- 13. That from and after the day fixed for the said first election by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, all bonds, mortgages, annuities, contracts, debts, monies, and securities for money, made, given, contracted, or payable by such Commissioners, shall be paid and satisfied by the said Local Board out of such parts of the said transferred property and estate as would or ought to have been charged or chargeable in respect of the same if this Order had not been made, and shall, as near as circumstances will permit, have the same priority, and be paid and satisfied within the same times, and be recovered from the said Local Board as the same might have been recovered from such Commissioners.
- 14. Provided always, that if such property and estate be insufficient for that purpose, the deficiency shall be charged upon and paid and satisfied by the said Local Board of Health out of the General District Rates, levied under the said Public Health Act, in the parts and places which would or ought to have been chargeable with such deficiency if this Order had not been made.

15. Provided also, that if such property and estate be more than sufficient, the surplus shall be applied to the exclusive use and benefit of the parts and places, and as nearly as may

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be to the same purposes, to which the same would or ought to have been applied if this Order had not been made.

- 16. That all charges and expenses which shall be incurred by the said Local Board of Health under such parts of the said Local Act as shall not be repealed according to the provisions of this Order, and which shall not be defrayed out of the tolls, duties, and revenue received or to be received by the said Local Board under such Local Act, shall be deemed to be expenses incurred by such Board under the said Public Health Act, and shall be defrayed out of the General or Special District Rates (as the nature of the case may require); and the monies necessary to be raised for the purposes of such Local Act may be borrowed, charged, secured, and recovered in the same manner as if such charges and expenses were actually incurred under the said Public Health Act.
- 17. Provided always, that, except as regards the repeal of such of the powers and provisions of the said Local Act as are mentioned i the Schedule to this Order, this Order shall take effect subject and without prejudice to that Act, and all estates, interests, rights, claims, demands, powers, duties, privileges, and authorities created, conferred, arising, and subsisting under or by virtue of that Act are, except as aforesaid, hereby absolutely saved.
- 18. Provided also, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall not annul, defeat, lessen, or otherwise prejudicially affect any rate, assessment, imposition, composition, charge, purchase, sale, conveyance, grant, demise, lease, mortgage, annuity, assignment, bond, contract, covenant, agreement, security, matter, or thing whatsoever before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order made. entered into, or done under or by virtue or in pursuance of that Act, or with reference to the purposes of the same; but notwithstanding this Order and the Schedule thereto, all such acts, deeds, matters, and things shall be as good, valid, and effectual to all intents and purposes whatsoever for, against, and with reference to the said Local Board of Health as if the same had been made, entered into, or done by, to, or with reference to that Board, instead of the Commissioners of the said Local Act, and may be proceeded on and enforced in the same manner in all respects as if that Board instead of such Commissioners had been party or privy to the same, and been named or referred to therein.
- 19. Provided also, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall be subject and without prejudice to any penalties incurred under that Act, at the time fixed for the said first election, by any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, but all such penalties may be enforced and recovered by

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the said Local Board of Health according to the provisions of this Order.

Given under my Hand, and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Second day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.S.) (Signed) B. HALL.

Schedule to which this Order refers.

The sections numbered respectively in the copies of the said Act printed by the King's Printers, 1, 3 to 19, 24 to 35, 55 to 60,

62 to 72, 81 to 96, all inclusive, 98 and 99.

And so much of any unrepealed part of the said Act as fixes the amount of any penalty for any offence under the said Act, wherever the penalty for such offence is fixed by the Public Health Act, or by any Byelaw of the Local Board of Health made under and by virtue of the Public Health Act, at an amount other than that fixed by the said Local Act.

TUNSTALL.

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act to the Township of Tunstall, in the County of Stafford.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

WHEREAS upon the petition of not less than one tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the Township of Tunstall, in the County of Stafford, We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, directed William Ranger, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said Township, within and throughout the said boundaries, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial-grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said Township for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said Township, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also, as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that

And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board 8 D 8

Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act.

And whereas it appears upon such Report that there is a certain Local Act of Parliament in force within the said Township having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; that is to say, an Act passed in the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for paving, light-" ing, watching, cleaning, and otherwise improving the Town "and neighbourhood of Tunstall, in the County of Stafford, and "for improving and regulating the market place and markets "therein."

And whereas it appears to the said General Board of Health to be expedient that the said Public Health Act should be applied to the said Township, and that provision should be made with respect to the said Local Act of Parliament, and the partial repeal, alteration, extension, and further execution thereof, but the same cannot be done without the authority of Parliament.

Now therefore, in pursuance of the power vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, the said General Board of Health do, by this Provisional Order under my hand and seal of office, direct:

. That from and after the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order,—

- 1. In the construction of this Order, the same meanings shall be assigned to certain expressions which are assigned to them by the section numbered 2 in the copies of "The Public Health Act, 1848," printed by Her Majesty's Printers, unless such meanings be repugnant to or inconsistent with the context or subject matter in which such expressions occur.
- 2. The Public Health Act, 1848, shall apply to and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries of the said Township of Tunstall, and that the said Township shall be and constitute a district for the purposes of the said Public Health Act accordingly.

8. That the Local Board of Health to be elected for the said
Township shall consist of twenty-four persons, and that
the entire number shall be elected for the whole of the said
district.

4. That one third in number of the said Local Board shall go out of office on the 25th day of March in each year subsequently to that in which the said first election takes place; but in case the day as appointed shall fall on a Sunday, or on a day appointed for a Public Fast or Thanksgiving, then that such one third shall go out of office on the day next following.

5. That

5. That every person shall, at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, be resident as in the Public Health Act, 1848, is required, and be seised and possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than five hundred pounds, or shall be so resident and rated to the relief of the poor of some parish, township, or place of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than fifteen pounds.

6. That, at the first election of the said Local Board, Enoch Wedgwood, Esquire, of Tunstall, shall have the powers and perform the duties vested in or imposed upon the Chairman of the Local Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, in relation to any election by owners of property and ratepayers, and shall perform all other duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the said first election; and in case the said Enoch Wedgwood, from illness or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to exercise or discharge such powers or duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then Anthony Shaw, Esquire, of Tunstall, shall exercise and perform such of the said powers and duties as then remain to be exercised or performed.

7. That the fourteen days notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election shall be given to the said Enoch Wedgwood, at his residence, Tunstall, or in case he shall refuse or be unable to receive the same, then to the said Anthony

Shaw, at his residence, Tunstall.

8. Such parts of the said Local Act as are specified in the Schedule to this Order shall be repealed, except in so far as relates to anything done before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, and except in so far as the same repeal any other Act or Acts of Parliament.

9. The powers, authorities, and duties of the Commissioners for the time being acting in execution of the said Local Act shall cease; and such of them as are granted or imposed by the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall, so far as they are not repugnant to or inconsistent with the said Public Health Act, or this Order, or any byelaw which shall be lawfully made under the said Public Health Act, be transferred to the said Local Board of Health, and the officers and servants of the said Local Board, and shall be exercised as if they had been granted or imposed by the said Public Health Act; and all matters arising under the said Local Act may be dealt with under the provisions of the said Public Health Act; and the provisions of that Act shall apply to all such matters, and for this purpose the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall be incorpo-

rated with the said Public Health Act as applied to the said Township.

10. All property and estate of the Commissioners acting in the execution of the said Local Act shall be transferred to the said Local Board of Health, and shall, as near as circumstances will permit, be held by the said Local Board of Health upon the same trusts and for the same purposes as by such Commissioners.

11. All debts, monies, and securities for money, contracted or payable by such Commissioners, shall be satisfied by the said Local Board out of such parts of the said transferred property and estate as would have been chargeable therewith if this Order had not been made, and shall be paid and satisfied by the said Local Board as by such Commis-

12. Provided always, that if such property and estate be insufficient for that purpose, the deficiency shall be charged upon the rates leviable under the said Public Health Act, in the parts only which would have been chargeable with such deficiency if this Order had not been made.

- 13. Provided also, that if such property and estate be more than sufficient, the surplus shall be applied to the exclusive use of the same parts and to the same purposes as it would have been if this Order had not been made.
- 14. All expenses which shall be incurred by the said Local Board of Health under the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act, and which shall not be defrayed out of monies arising under such Local Acts, shall be deemed to be expenses incurred by such Board under the said Public Health Act, and shall be defrayed out of the rates under that Act (as the nature of the case may require); and the purposes of the said Local Act shall be deemed to be purposes of the said Public Health Act as applied to the said Township; and the monies necessary to be raised for the purposes of such Local Act may be raised as under the said Public Health Act.
- 15. Provided always, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall not prejudicially affect anything done under that Act before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order; but, notwithstanding this Order, and the Schedule thereto, all such things shall be as valid with reference to the said Local Board of Health, as if the same had been done with reference to that Board, and may be dealt with in the same manner in all respects as if they related to that Board instead of such Commissioners.
- 16. Provided also, that this Order, and the repeal of the parts of the said Local Act mentioned in the Schedule thereto, shall be without prejudice to any penalties incurred under the said Local Act, but all such penalties may be recovered

by the said Local Board of Health according to the provisions of this Order.

Given under my Hand and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Thirtieth day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.s.)

(Signed)

B. HALL.

Schedule to which this Order refers.

The parts of the said Local Act referred to in this Order to be repealed are as follows; (that is to say,) so much of the section numbered 1 in the copies of that Act printed by the Queen's Printers as incorporates with that Act the Commissioners Clauses Act, 1847, and so much of the same section as incorporates the sections of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act, 1847, with respect to the officers to be appointed by the Commissioners, or under any General Town Improvement Act, and the sections with respect to plans of the district within the limits of the Special Act, and of the works to be executed under the powers of that and the Special Act; the sections with respect to making and maintaining the public sewers; and the sections with respect to the drainage of houses; and the sections with respect to the paving and maintaining of streets; and the sections with respect to laying out new streets; and the sections with respect to objections to the works to be constructed by or subject to the approval of the Commissioners; and the sections with respect to supplying buildings with fresh air, numbered 113, 114, and 115; and the sections with respect to lodging-houses; and the sections with respect to lighting the town or district; and the sections with respect to the supply of water; and the sections with respect to slaughter-houses; and the sections with respect to things to be done by the Commissioners by special order, numbered 134 and 135; and the sections with respect to the ensuring the execution of the works by that or the Special Act required to be done by the owners or occupiers of houses or lands; and the sections with respect to the rates by that Act to be made for sewers, drains, and private improvements; and the sections with respect to the manner of making rates authorized by that or the Special Act, except the section numbered 176; and the sections with respect to the appeal to be made against any rate; and the sections with respect to the recovery of rates; and the sections with respect to byelaws to be made under that or the Special Act; and the sections with respect to the recovery of damages not specially provided for, and of penalties, and to the determination of any other matter referred to justices; and the sections numbered respectively in the copies of the said Act printed by the Queen's Printers 4 to 9, 18, and 35 to 40, all inclusive.

And so much of any unrepealed part of the said Act as fixes the amount of any penalty for any offence under the said Act, wherever the penalty for such offence shall have been fixed by the Public Health

Health Act, 1848, or by any byelaw of the Local Board of Health made under and by virtue of the said Public Health Act, at an amount other than that fixed by the said first-mentioned Act.

TOXTETH PARK.

Provisional Order for the Application of the Public Health Act to the Extra-parochial Place of Toxteth Park, in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

WHEREAS upon the petition of not less than one tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the Extraparochial Place of Toxteth Park, in the County Palatine of Lancaster, and within the boundaries of the said place, as fixed for the purposes of an Act passed in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for better paving " and improving the Streets and Highways within the Extra-" parochial Place of Toxteth Park in the County Palatine of "Lancaster, and for the Sewerage of certain Parts of the said " Place," We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, directed William Ranger, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said Place, within and throughout the said boundaries, and to make public inquiry and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any Local Acts of Parliament in force within the said place for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said place, or having relation to the purposes of the said Act; also as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of the said Act:

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters in respect of which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that Act:

And whereas copies of the said Report, accompanied by a notice stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed; and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act:

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And whereas it appears upon such Report that there is a certain Local Act of Parliament in force within the said Place having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; (that is to say,) the Act herein-before recited of the fifth and sixth

years of the reign of Her present Majesty:

And whereas it appears to the said General Board of Health to be expedient that the said Public Health Act, except as hereinafter mentioned, should be applied to the said place, and that provision should be made with respect to the said Local Act of Parliament, and the partial repeal, alteration, extension, and further execution thereof; but the same cannot be done without the authority of Parliament:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the power vested in the said Board by the Public Health Act, 1848, the said General Board of Health do, by this Provisional Order under my Hand and Seal

of office, direct:-

That from and after the passing of any Act of Parliament con-

firming this Order,—

1. In the construction of this Order, the same meanings shall be assigned to certain expressions which are assigned to them by the section numbered 2 in the copies of "The Public Health Act, 1848," printed by Her Majesty's Printers, unless such meanings be repugnant to or inconsistent with the context or subject matter in which such

expressions occur.

2. "The Public Health Act, 1848," and every part thereof except the sections relating to the election, continuance in office, and qualification of Local Boards of Health, being the sections numbered in the copies of that Act printed by the Queen's Printers from 12 to 31, both inclusive, and the section numbered 50 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's Printers, shall apply to the said place within the boundaries defined in the Local Act aforesaid.

3. The Commissioners for the time being acting in execution of the said Local Act shall be the Local Board of Health under

the said Public Health Act.

4. Such parts of the said Local Act as are specified in the Schedule to this Order shall be repealed, except in so far as relates to anything done before the passing of any Act of Parliament confirming this Order, and except in so far as the same repeal any other Act or Acts of Parliament.

5. All matters arising under the said Local Act may be dealt with under the provisions of the said Public Health Act, and the provisions of that Act shall apply to all such matters; and for this purpose the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act shall be incorporated with the said Public Health Act as applied to the said place.

6. All expenses which shall be incurred by the said Commissioners under the unrepealed parts of the said Local Act, and which shall not be defrayed out of monies arising under such Local Act, shall be deemed to be expenses incurred by such Board under the said Public Health Act,

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B. HALL

Public Health (No. 2.)

and shall be defrayed out of the rates under that Act (as the nature of the case may require); and the purposes of the said Local Act shall be deemed to be purposes of the said Public Health Act as applied to the said place; and the monies necessary to be raised for the purposes of such Local Act may be raised as under the said Public Health Act.

Given under my Hand, and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Thirtieth day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(Signed) (L.S.)

Schedule to which this Order refers.

The parts of the said Local Act referred to in this Order to be

repealed are as follows; (that is to say,)

The sections numbered respectively in the copies of the said Act printed by the Queen's Printers 20 to 87 both inclusive, 99, 115 to 123, 129 to 131 both inclusive, 145 to 154, 158 to 160, 163 to 193, all inclusive, 196 and 197.

And so much of any unrepealed part of the said Act as fixes the amount of any penalty for any offence under the said Act, wherever the penalty for such offence shall have been fixed by the Public Health Act, 1848, or by any byelaw of the Local Board of Health, made under and by virtue of the said Public Health Act, at an amount other than that fixed by the said first-mentioned Act.

ROMFORD.

Provisional Order for altering the Boundaries of the District of Romford, in the County of Essex, as constituted for the Purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848.

GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

WHEREAS by a Provisional Order of the General Board of Health, bearing date the 16th day of June 1851, confirmed by "The Public Health Supplemental Act, 1851, (No. 2.)," (14 & 15 Vict. c. 98.), the Public Health Act, 1848, has been duly applied to the Parish of Romford, in the County of Essex.

And whereas it appears to the General Board of Health appointed for the purposes of the said Act that the boundaries of the said District, as determined by the said Order, should be altered and amended in the manner prescribed by the said Act.

And whereas the said General Board have, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Act, directed William Ranger, a Superintending Inspector appointed for the purposes of the said Act, to visit the said District, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the boundaries not being the boundaries of the said Parish so fixed as aforesaid, which might most advantageously be adopted for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Public Health Act, proceeded

proceeded upon the said further inquiry in the manner directed by the said Act, and hath reported in writing to the said General Board upon the said matter with respect to which he was directed to inquire.

And whereas copies of the Report on such further inquiry, accompanied by a notice stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said Report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed, and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited as required by that Act.

And whereas the alteration of the boundaries of the said District cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament.

Now therefore, in pursuance of the power vested in the said General Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, the said General Board of Health do, by this Provisional Order, under my Hand and Seal of office, order and direct as follows; that is to say:—

That from and after the passing of any Act of Parliament con-

firming this present Order—

- 1. The provisions of the Public Health Act of 1848, and every part thereof, except the Section numbered 50 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's Printers, shall apply to and be in force within and throughout the entire area comprised within the boundary of the town ward of Romford in the parish of Romford and county of Essex, shown by the strong black line on the plan prefixed to the said further Report made by Mr. Ranger to the General Board of Health, and bearing date the 29th day of April 1854; and the parts within the said boundary shall be and constitute a district for the purposes of the said Public Health Act accordingly, under the name of the "Romford District."
- 2. The present Local Board of Health for the time being for the district of Romford, as originally constituted by the herein-before recited Provisional Order, shall, from and after the passing of the Act of Parliament confirming this Order, be the Local Board of Health for the District constituted by this Order and the Act of Parliament confirming the same.
- 3. At every election of members of the said Local Board which shall take place after the passing of the Act of Parliament confirming this Order, the members to be elected shall be elected for the whole of the District constituted by this Order, and by the votes of owners of and ratepayers in respect of property situate within the said District; and any person residing in the said District, or within seven miles thereof, may be elected a member of the said Local Board; but the number and qualification of such members, and the day of such election, shall remain as fixed by the herein-before recited Provisional Order of the General Board

Criminal Justice.

Board of Health, dated 16th of June 1851, and confirmed by the aforesaid "Public Health Supplemental Act, 1851, (No. 2)."

Given under my Hand and under the Seal of the General Board of Health, this Thirtieth day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

(L.S.)

(Signed)

B. HALL.

CAP. CXXVI.

An Act for diminishing Expense and Delay in the Administration of Criminal Justice in certain Cases.

[14th August 1855.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Power to Justices at Petty Sessions to punish Persons charged with Larceny, &c. summarily.

I. Where any Person is charged before any Justices of the Peace assembled at such Petty Sessions as herein-after provided, with having committed Simple Larceny, and the Value of the whole of the Property alleged to have been stolen does not, in the Judgment of such Justices, exceed Five Shillings, or with having attempted to commit Larceny from the Person, or Simple Larceny, it shall be lawful for such Justices to hear and determine the Charge in a summary Way, and, if the Person charged shall confess the same, or if such Justices, after hearing the whole Case for the Prosecution and for the Defence, shall find the Charge to be proved, then it shall be lawful for such Justices to convict the Person charged, and commit him to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Period not exceeding Three Calendar Months, and if they find the Offence not proved they shall dismiss the Charge, and make out and deliver to the Person a charged Certificate under their Hands, stating the Fact of such Dismissal; and every such Conviction and Certificate respectively may be in the Forms (A.) and (B.) in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like Effect: Provided always, that if the Person charged do not consent to have the Case heard and determined by such Justices, or if it appear to such Justices that the Offence is one which, owing to a previous Conviction of the Person charged, is punishable by Law with Transportation or Penal Servitude, or if such Justices be of opinion that the Charge is, from any other Circumstances, fit to be made the Subject of Prosecution by Indictment, rather than to be disposed of summarily, such Justices shall, instead of summarily adjudicating thereon, deal with the Case in all respects as if this Act had not been passed: Provided also, that if upon the Hearing of the Charge, such Justices shall be of opinion that there are Circumstances in the Case which render it inexpedient to inflict any Punishment, they shall have Power to dismiss the Person charged, without proceeding to a Conviction. II. Where

If Parties accused do not consent, Justices to deal with Cases as if this Act had not passed.

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II. Where the Justices, before whom any Person is charged Justices to ask as aforesaid, propose to dispose of the Case summarily under the the Accused feregoing Provisions, One of such Justices, after the Examinawhether he contions of all the Witnesses for the Prosecution have been comCharge being pleted, and before calling upon the Person charged for any State-summarily ment which he may wish to make, shall state to such Person the determined. Substance of the Charge against him, and shall then say to him these Words, or Words to the like Effect: "Do you consent that " the Charge against you shall be tried by us, or do you desire "that it shall be sent for Trial by a Jury at the Sessions or " Assizes" (as the Case may be); and if the Person charged shall consent to the Charge being summarily tried and determined as aforesaid, then the Justices shall reduce the Charge into Writing, and read the same to such Person, and shall then ask him whether he is guilty or not of such Charge; and if such Person shall say that he is guilty, the Justices shall then proceed to pass such Sentence upon him as may by Law be passed, subject to the Provisions of this Act in respect to such Offence; but if the Person charged shall say that he is not guilty, the Justices shall then inquire of such Person whether he has any Defence to make to such Charge, and if he shall state that he has a Defence, the Justices shall hear such Defence, and then proceed to dispose of the Case summarily.

III. Where any Person is charged before any Justices at such Persons charged Petty Sessions as aforesaid with Simple Larceny (the Property alleged to have been stolen exceeding in Value Five Shillings), &c. may plead guilty before or stealing from the Person, or Larceny as a Clerk or Servant, Justices in and the Evidence, when the Case on the Part of the Prosecution Petty Sessions, has been completed, is, in the Opinion of such Justices, sufficient and be sento put the Person charged on his Trial for the Offence with which tenced forthhe is charged, such Justices, if the Case appear to them to be one which may properly be disposed of in a summary Way, and may be adequately punished by virtue of the Powers of this Act, shall reduce the Charge into Writing, and shall read it to the said Person, and shall then ask him whether he is guilty or not of the Charge; and if such Person shall say that he is guilty, such Justices shall thereupon cause a Plea of guilty to be entered upon the Proceedings, and shall convict him of such Offence, and commit him to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not exceeding Six Calendar Months; and every such Conviction may be in the Form (C.) in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like Effect: Provided always, that the said Justices, before they ask Justices to warn such Person whether he is guilty or not, shall explain to him that Accused that he he is not obliged to plead or answer before them at all, and that is not obliged to if he do not plead or answer before them, he will be committed plead. for Trial in the usual Course.

IV. In every Case of summary Proceeding under this Act the Persons accused Person accused shall be allowed to make his full Answer and may have Defence, and to have all Witnesses examined and cross-examined Counsel, &c. by Counsel or Attorney.

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Power to remand Persons charged to next Petty Sessions. 11 & 12 Vict. c. 42. s. 21. 14 & 15 Vict. c. 93. s. 14.

C. 126.

Forfeited Recognizances to be transmitted to Clerk of Peace.

V. Where any Person is charged before any Justice or Justices with any Offence mentioned in this Act, and, in the Opinion of such Justice or Justices, the Case may be proper to be disposed of by Justices in Petty Sessions under this Act, the Justice or Justices before whom such Person is so charged may, if he or they see fit, remand such Person for further Examination to the next Petty Sessions, in like Manner in all respects as a Justice or Justices are authorized to remand a Party accused under the Act passed in the Session holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Forty-two, Section Twenty-one, or under the Petty Sessions Act (Ireland), 1851, Section Fourteen.

VI. If any Person suffered to go at large, upon entering into such Recognizance as the Justice or Justices are authorized under the last-mentioned Act to take on the Remand of a Party accused, do not afterwards appear pursuant to such Recognizance, then the Justices before whom he ought to have appeared, shall certify (under the Hands of Two of them) on the Back of the Recognizance, to the Clerk of the Peace of the County or Place, the Fact of such Nonappearance, and such Recognizances shall be proceeded upon in like Manner as other Recognizances, and such Certificate shall be deemed sufficient prima facie Evidence of such Nonappearance.

Convictions and other Proceedings to be returned to Quarter Sessions.

VII. The Justices adjudicating under this Act shall transmit the Conviction, or a Duplicate of a Certificate of Dismissal, with the written Charge, the Depositions of the Witnesses for the Prosecution and for the Defence, and the Statement of the Accused, to the next Court of General or Quarter Sessions for the County or Place, there to be kept by the proper Officer among the Records of the Court; and a Copy of such Conviction, or of such Certificate of Dismissal, certified by the proper Officer of the Court, or proved to be a true Copy, shall be sufficient Evidence to prove a Conviction or Dismissal for the Offence mentioned therein, in any legal Proceeding whatever.

Justices may order Restitution of Property. VIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, by whom any Person is convicted under this Act, to order Restitution of the Property stolen, taken, or obtained by false Pretences, in those Cases in which the Court, before whom the Person convicted would have been tried but for this Act, may be by Law authorized to order Restitution.

Petty Sessions to be an open Court, &c. IX. Every Petty Sessions, for the Purposes of this Act, shall be an open Public Court, and shall be the Petty Sessions holden for a Petty Sessional Division; and a written or printed Notice of the Days and Hours for holding such Petty Sessions shall be posted or affixed by the Clerk to the Justices of Petty Sessions upon the Outside of some conspicuous Part of the Building or Place where the same are held.

11 & 12 Vict. c. 43. not to apply, &c. X. The Provisions of the Act of the Session holden in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Forty-three, shall not be construed as applying to any Proceeding under his Act.

XI. Every

Further

barred.

Proceedings

quashed for

No Conviction

Want of Form.

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XI. Every Conviction by Justices in Petty Sessions under this Effect of Act shall have the same effect as a Conviction upon Indictment Conviction. for the same Offence would have had, save that no Conviction under this Act shall be attended with any Forfeiture.

XIL Every Person who obtains a Certificate of Dismissal, or is convicted under this Act, shall be released from all further or other Criminal Proceedings for the same Cause.

XIII. No Conviction, Sentence, or Proceeding under this Act shall be quashed for Want of Form; and no Warrant of Commitment upon a Conviction shall be held void by reason of any Defect therein, if it be therein alleged that the Offender has been convicted, and there be a good and valid Conviction to sustain the same.

XIV. Where any Charge is summarily adjudicated upon under Justices may this Act, or an Offender is, under this Act, convicted by Justices order Payment of Expenses.

in Petty Sessions upon a Plea of "Guilty," it shall be lawful for the Justices by whom such Charge has been adjudicated upon, or Offender convicted, upon the Request of any Person who has preferred the Charge or appeared to prosecute or give Evidence against the Person charged, if such Justices think fit so to do, to grant a Certificate to such Person of the Amount of the Compensation which such Justices may deem reasonable for his Expenses, Trouble, and Loss of Time therein, subject nevertheless to the Regulations made or to be made as herein-after mentioned; and every such Certificate shall, when granted in England, have the Effect of an Order of Court for the Payment of the Expenses of a Prosecution made under the Act of the Seventh Year of 7 G. 4. c. 64. King George the Fourth, Chapter Sixty-four, and the Acts amending the same, and when granted in Ireland shall have the Effect of an Order of Court for the Payment of the Expenses of a Prosecution made under the Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of King George 55 G. 3. c. 91. the Third, Chapter Ninety-one, and the Acts amending the same; and the Amount mentioned in such Certificate shall be paid in like Manner as the Money mentioned in such Order of Court; and all Certificates to be granted under this Act shall be subject to the like Regulations made or to be made in relation thereto, as the Certificates mentioned in the said Act of the Seventh Year of King George the Fourth to be granted by examining Magistrates, are or may be subject to under the Act of the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty- 14 & 15 Vict. five: Provided also, that the Amount of the Fees payable to the c. 55. Clerks of the Magistrates in Petty Sessions, in respect of any Proceeding under this Act, and of the Fees payable to the Clerks of the Peace for filing the Depositions, Conviction, or Certificate of Dismissal aforesaid, and of all such Expenses of apprehending the Person charged, and detaining him in Custody, and of such other Expenses as are now by Law payable when incurred before a Commitment for Trial, may be added to the Certificate for Compensation aforesaid, and paid in the like Manner.

XV. In every City, Borough, Town, or Place in England where 9 & 10 Vict. any Petty Sessions shall be holden under this Act, the Town Hall, c. 95. Court House, or other public Building therein belonging to any Court House

18 & 19 Vict.

County.

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&c. of County, City, or Borough may be used for Petty Sessions held under this Act. County, City, Borough, Town, or Place, or any Court House in such City, Borough, Town, or Place provided by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, under the Act of the Session holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Ninety-five, may be used for the Purpose of holding such Petty Sessions, without any Charge for Rent or other Payment, save and except the reasonable and necessary Charges for lighting, warming, and cleaning, when such public Building is used for the Purpose of holding such Courts of Petty Sessions, and for all other Expenses necessarily incidental to the Use of the said Building for the Purposes of the said Courts: Provided always, that the necessary Arrangements shall be made so that the Sittings of the said Courts of Petty Sessions shall not interfere with the Business of the County, City, Borough, Town, or Place or other Business usually transacted in such Town Hall, Court House, or other public Building, or any Purpose for which any such Town Hall, Court House, or other public Building may be used by virtue of any Act of Parliament in that Behalf.

Any Metropolitan Police Magistrate or Stipendiary Magistrate may act alone.

XVI. Any One of the Magistrates appointed to act at any of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, and sitting at a Police Court within the Metropolitan Police District, or any Magistrate appointed to act at the Police Courts of the Dublin Metropolitan District, and sitting at a Police Court within the said District, or any Stipendiary Magistrate appointed for any City, Town, Liberty, Borough, or District, and sitting at a Police Court or other Place appointed in that Behalf, may, in the Case of Persons charged before such Magistrate, do alone all Acts by this Act authorized to be done by Justices of the Peace in Petty Sessions; and all the Provisions of this Act referring to Justices in Petty Sessions shall be read and construed as referring also to such Magistrate.

Nothing to affect Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82. and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 87. 14 & 15 Vict. c. 92.

XVII. Nothing in this Act shall affect the Provisions of the Act of the Session holden in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Eighty-two, "For the more speedy Trial and Punishment of Juvenile Offenders," or of the Act of the Session holden in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Thirty-seven, "For the further Extension of Summary Jurisdiction in Cases of Larceny," or of the Summary Jurisdiction (Ireland) Act, 1851; and this Act shall not extend to Persons punishable under the said Acts, so far as regards Offences for which such Persons may be punished thereunder.

As to Compenother Officers.

XVIII. 'And whereas the Fees and Emoluments of Clerks of sation to Clerks ' the Peace for Counties and Boroughs, and of other Officers of ' the Courts of Quarter Sessions, in Criminal Proceedings, may be ' seriously diminished by the Operation and Effect of this Act, and ' it is just and reasonable that full Compensation for any such Loss ' should be made in respect thereof to such Clerks of the Peace ' and other Officers appointed before the passing of this Act :' Be it enacted, That immediately after the passing of this Act, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall, upon the Application of any such Clerk of the Peace or other Officer, by such Means and in such Manner as they may think proper, inquire into and ascertain the annual Amount, to be computed upon an Average

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Average of Five Years immediately preceding the passing of this Act, or of such shorter Period as such Clerk of the Peace or other Officer shall have been in Office, of the Fees and Emoluments in Criminal Prosecutions received by such Clerk of the Peace or other Officer: and the said Commissioners shall, upon the like Application, also ascertain, in such Manner as they may think proper, the total Amount of Fees and Emoluments in Criminal Prosecutions received by such Clerk of the Peace or other Officer during any Year after the passing of this Act; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered, by Warrant under their Hands, to award to such Clerk of the Peace or other Officer the Deficiency, when and so often as the same shall occur, between the last-mentioned Amount, and the annual average Amount so ascertained as aforesaid, and the Sum so awarded shall be paid out of any Monies which may be provided by Parliament for that Purpose; provided, that in all Cases where any such Clerk of the Peace, by reason of his being paid by Salary, under an Order made by virtue of the Act of the Session holden in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Fifty-five, shall pay such 14 & 15 Vict. Fees and Emoluments as aforesaid to the Treasurer of the County c. 55. or Borough, for which he is Clerk of the Peace, in aid of the County or Borough Rate, as the Case may be, such Deficiency, when so ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid to the Treasurer of such County or Borough respectively.

XIX. 'And whereas by Section Nine of the Act of the Session 2 & 3 Vict. holden in the Second and Third Years of Her Majesty, Chapter c. 71. a. 9.
Seventy-one, Provision is made for Payment, out of the Monies
in the Hands of the Receiver of the Metropolitan Police District,
crease Salary of
the Hands of the Receiver of the Metropolitan Police District,
Chief Magisof such Salaries as Her Majesty shall direct, to the Magistrates trate to a Sum of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, the Salary to the Chief not exceeding ' Magistrate not being more than One thousand two hundred Pounds, 1,500L and to each of the other Magistrates not more than One thousand ' two hundred Pounds: And whereas after the passing of the said Act, the Salary of the Chief Magistrate was fixed at One thousand two hundred Pounds, and the Salaries of the other Police ' Magistrates at One thousand Pounds: And whereas the Duties of the said Chief and other Magistrates have increased, and are ' subject under this Act to be further increased: And whereas the ' Salaries of such other Magistrates have, in consequence of such 'Increase of Duty, been increased from One thousand Pounds to ' the Limit permitted by the said Act, and it is expedient to autho-' rize such Increase of the Salary of the said Chief Magistrate as ' herein-after mentioned:' The Salary to be paid out of the Monies aforesaid to the said Chief Magistrate shall be such yearly Sum, not exceeding One thousand five hundred Pounds, as Her Majesty may direct.

XX. 'And whereas by the Act of the Session holden in the Provisions of Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy- 15 & 16 Vict. three, certain Powers were granted and Provisions made for the c. 73. for Pay-

Payment to the several Clerks of Assize of annual Sums for in lieu of Fees

Salaries, and for the Expenses of their Office, in respect of their to Clerks of As-' Duties as Associates, in lieu of the Fees and Emoluments apper- size for their

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and

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Duties as Associates, extended to the whole Office of Clerk of Assize, &c.

taining to those Duties: And whereas it is expedient that the ' Principle of Payment by Salary in lieu of Fees should be further ' provided for, and that the Clerks of Assize should be so paid for ' the Performance of all their other Duties:' Be it therefore enacted, That all Fees and Emoluments heretofore payable to the Clerks of Assize for the Performance of their Duties as Clerks of the Crown shall be and they are hereby abolished; and all the Powers and Provisions made by the before-mentioned Act, except as is herein-after provided, for the Payment of Clerks of Assize by Salary in lieu of Fees, in respect of their Duties as Associates, shall be and the same are hereby extended and made applicable to the Payment of Clerks of Assize by Salary, and the Expenses of their Offices, in lieu of Fees and Emoluments, for the Performance of their Duties as Clerks of the Crown, and of all other Duties appertaining to the Office of Clerk of Assize: Provided always, that the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the Time being shall fix and determine the Amount of Salary to be allowed to any subordinate Officer now employed, or who shall hereafter be employed by any Clerk of Assize, and shall be empowered to order the Payment of such Salary to the said Officers in the first instance, and not through the Medium of the Clerk of Assize: Provided also, that the Salaries and Expenses of the Officers of the said Clerks of Assize for the whole of their Duties on the Criminal and Civil Sides of the Court, shall be paid out of any Monies which may be provided by Parliament for that Purpose. XXI. 'And whereas by Acts of the Twelfth and Fourteenth

So much of 12 Ric. 2. c. 10. and 14 Ric. 2. c. 12., &c. as directs Payment of Wages to Justices and their Clerks repealed.

'Years of King Richard the Second Payments are provided for Justices of the Peace and their Clerks in each County, as Wages by the Day for the Time of their Sessions, to be payable by the Sheriff, as therein mentioned, and in several Counties in England Sums are claimed from the Sheriffs and paid in respect of such statutory Wages, and it is expedient that such Payments should be discontinued: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the several Acts of the Twelfth Year of King Richard the Second, Chapter Ten, and of the Fourteenth Year of King Richard the Second, Chapter Twelve, or of any other Act now in force as directs or authorizes the Payment of Wages to Justices of the Peace and their Clerks for the Time of their Sessions, shall be repealed.

In Cases of Injuries to Property, Parties aggrieved may receive Compensation, &c.

XXII. 'And whereas it is expedient to amend the Law as to 'Witnesses in Cases of wilful or malicious Injuries to Property:' Be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Justice or Justices of the Peace have or shall hereafter have Power to order a Sum of Money to be forfeited and paid to the Party aggrieved, as Amends or Compensation for any Injury to Property, Real or Personal, the Right of such Party to receive the Money so ordered to be paid shall not be affected by such Party having been examined as a Witness in Proof of the Offence, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Interpretation of Terms.

XXIII. In the Interpretation of this Act "County" shall be construed to include Riding, Parts, Liberty, and Division of a County; "Borough" to include City, County of a City or Town,

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and Town Corporate; "Property" to include everything included under the Words "Chattel, Money, or valuable Security," as used in the Act of the Session holden in the Seventh and 7&8 G.4.c.29. Eighth Years of King George the Fourth, Chapter Twenty-nine; and in the Case of any "valuable Security" the Value of the Share, Interest, or Deposit to which the Security may relate, or of the Money due thereon or secured thereby, and remaining unsatisfied, or of the Goods or other valuable Thing mentioned in the Warrant or Order, shall be deemed to be the Value of such Security.

XXIV. This Act shall not extend to Scotland.

Extent of Act.

SCHEDULE.

FORM (A.)

Conviction.

BE it remembered, That on the Day to wit. In the said [County], A.B., being charged before us the undersigned of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said [County], and consenting to our deciding upon the Charge summarily, is convicted before us, for that [he the said A.B., &c., stating the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where committed]; and we adjudge the said A.B. for his said Offence to be imprisoned in the [House of Correction] at in the said [County], [and there kept to Hard Labour] for the Space of

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year first above mentioned, at in the [County] aforesaid.

J.S. (L.8.) H.M. (L.8.)

FORM (B.)

Certificate of Dismissal.

to wit. on the Day of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace certify, That Day of in the Year of our Lord at in the said [County] A.B.

being charged before us, and consenting to our deciding upon the Charge summarily, for that [he the said A.B., stating the Offence charged, and the Time and Place when and where alleged to be committed], we did, having summarily adjudicated thereon, dismiss the said Charge.

Given under our Hands and Scals, this Day of at in the [County] aforesaid.

J.S. (L.s.) H.M. (L.s.)

Criminal Justice.

Union of contiguous Benefices.

FORM (C.)

Conviction upon a Plea of Guilty.

BE it remembered, That on the Day in the Year of our Lord to wit. at in the said [County], A.B., being charged before us, the undersigned of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said [County], for that [he the said A.B., &c., stating the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where committed], and pleading Guilty to such Charge, he is thereupon convicted before us of the said Offence; and we adjudge the said A.B. for his said Offence to be imprisoned in the [House of Corin the said [County], [and there kept rection at to Hard Labour] for the Space of

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year first above mentioned, at in the [County]

aforesaid.

J.S. (L.S.) H.M. (L.S.)

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act to make better Provision for the Union of contiguous Benefices, and to facilitate the building and endowing of new Churches in spiritually destitute Districts.

[14th August 1855.]

1 & 2 Vict. c. 106. HEREAS an Act was passed in the Second Year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to abridge the holding of Benefices in Plurality, and to make better Provision for the Residence of the Clergy; and in such Act Provision is contained authorizing the Union, by Order of Her Majesty in Council, after such Inquiry and Notice, and with such Consent, and upon such Certificate as is therein mentioned, of Two or more Benefices, or One or more Benefice or Benefices, and One or more Spiritual Sinequre Rectory or Rectories, Vicarage or Vicarages, in the same Parish, or contiguous to each other, of which the aggregate Population should not exceed One thousand five hundred Persons, and the aggregate yearly Value should not exceed Five hundred Pounds: And whereas another Act was passed in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to amend the Law relating to the holding of Benefices in Plurality, by which Act the Provision herein-before referred to was extended so as to be applicable to and for the Union of

13 & 14 Vict. c. 98. exceed five hundred Pounds: And whereas another Act was passed in the Fourteenth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to amend the Law relating to the holding of Benefices in Plurality, by which Act the Provision herein-before referred to was extended so as to be applicable to and for the Union of Benefices, Sinecure Rectories, and Vicarages in the same Parishes or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate Population should not exceed One thousand five hundred Persons, notwithstanding the aggregate yearly Value should exceed Five hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to amend the said recited Acts, and further to extend the same, so as to make better Provision for the Union of contiguous Benefices in Cases where such Union may be advantageous to the Interests of Religion: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty,

Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament

assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. Under the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful Contiguous to unite Two or more Benefices or One or more Benefice or Bene- Benefices may fices and One or more Spiritual Sinecure Rectory or Rectories, Vicarage or Vicarages, contiguous to each other, without regard to aggregate Population or aggregate yearly Value, and without any Limitation as to the same, and that the Union of such Benefices shall and may be effected in the Manner herein-after provided.

be united without regard to aggregate Population, &c.

II. Whenever it shall be represented in Writing to the Bishop On Representaof the Diocese by the Inhabitants of any Two or more such tion of Inhabit-Parishes in Vestry assembled, or the major Part of them respectively, due Notice of the Representation proposed to be made having been given in the usual Manner, that the Benefices of the Parishes of which they are Inhabitants may, with Advantage be advantageto the Interests of Religion, be united, the Bishop of the Diocese ously united, to whom such Representation in Writing may be made shall inquire into the Circumstances of the Case; and if on such Inquiry it shall appear to such Bishop that such Union may usefully be made, and that the Patron or Patrons of the Benefices, Rectories, or Vicarages proposed to be united are consenting thereto, such Consent being signified in Writing under the Hands of such Patron or Patrons, or that the Patronage of any new Church or Churches proposed to be erected under this Act is to be vested in such Patron or Patrons as herein-after is provided, the said Bishop shall cause a Statement in Writing of the Facts, certified and signed by himself, to be submitted to Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new Churches, and the said Commissioners shall institute Inquiry, and, if they see fit, may propose a Scheme for the Union of such Benefices and for the other Purposes of this Act; and Her Majesty's said Commissioners shall and may for the Purposes of this Act, exercise such Powers and Privileges as they now exercise or claim to exercise for the Purchase of Sites, the Erection of new Churches, and other Objects within the Commission of the said Commissioners, to the full Extent as such Powers and Privileges are now exercised or claimed to be exercised by the said Commissioners.

ants of any Two or more Parishes that their Benefices might the Bishop shall inquire into the same.

III. Whenever it shall appear to the Commissioners for building Church Buildnew Churches, upon Inquiry into the Circumstances of the Case, that the total Revenue of any Benefices proposed to be united sioners may would be more than sufficient for the due Maintenance and Support of the Incumbent of the Benefice when united, and of such surplus Reve-Curate or Curates as may be needed for the same, and that the nues to poor whole or some specified Part or Parts of the Glebe Lands, Houses, Parishes. Tithes, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or other permanent Endowments in lieu of Tithes, belonging to the Benefice or Benefices proposed to be united, or any of them, might with Advantage to the Interests of Religion be made subject to a certain annual Rentcharge in perpetuity in favour of some other specified Benefice in the same Diocese, or be excepted out of such Union, and transferred

ing Commispropose Scheme for Transfer of

ferred and annexed to such other specified Benefice having no Provision or competent Provision belonging thereto, as an Endowment or a further Endowment for the same, the Church Building Commissioners, with the Consent of the Patron or Patrons of the Benefices proposed to be united, may entertain or propose a Scheme or Plan for such Rentcharge or Transfer and Annexation: Provided always, that the Consents of such Patrons shall be signified in Writing, and that in any Case where the Patronage of any such Benefice may be vested in any Individual not wholly entitled to dispose of the same, the Consent of the next Heir, being of full Age, to the Right of such Patronage, shall also be signified in Writing.

Scheme to be posted on Church Doors, &c.

Parties interested may show Cause against Scheme. If no sufficient Cause shown, Commissioners to certify to Queen in Council.

Proviso.

Protests against the Scheme may be considered by Judicial Committee.

IV. The Church Building Commissioners, so soon as they shall have prepared a Scheme for the Purpose of more effectively carrying out the proposed Union of Benefices, or a Scheme for the Transfer of Surplus Revenues, shall scal the same with their Seal, and shall cause to be affixed on or near to the principal outer Door of the Church or Churches of the Parishes proposed to be united, and in the usual Place of Notice in the said Parishes, a Copy or Copies of such Scheme, and shall deliver Copies of the same to the Bishop of the Diocese, and to the Patrons, Ministers, Churchwardens, Oversecrs, and Vestry Clerks of the Benefices proposed to be united, together with a Notice to any Person or Persons interested, that they or any of them may within Two Months show Cause to the said Commissioners against the proposed Union of Benefices, or the Transfer of surplus Revenues, or as to any Part or Parts of any Scheme relating thereto; and if within such Period of Two Months no Cause be shown, or if upon Consideration of any Objection, the Church Building Commissioners shall be of opinion that the Cause shown is not sufficient, the said Commissioners shall then certify the Statement and Certificate of the Bishop as aforesaid, together with their Scheme, to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue any Order or Orders for uniting such Benefices into One Benefice with Cure of Souls for Ecclesiastical Purposes, and for such other Purposes as are herein provided: Provided always, that if any Petition or Statement is lodged by way of Protest, or any Appeal is made against the Scheme or any Part thereof, as herein-after is provided, no such Order or Orders in Council shall be made or issued until such Petition or Statement has been duly considered, or the Parties to such Appeal have been duly heard.

V. It shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons interested, who may have been heard by the said Commissioners against the proposed Union of any Benefices, or against subjecting the Endowments or Revenues thereof, or any Part of them, to any Rentcharge or Transfer or Annexation, or against any Part or Parts of any Scheme certified by them to Her Majesty in Council, to appeal to Her Majesty in Council against such Scheme or any Part thereof, in the usual Manner, or such Person or Persons may, at their Option, state in Writing, by way of Protest, his, her, or their Objections to such Union or any Part or Parts thereof, and

the Commissioners shall annex such written Statement or Protest to their Certificate to the Queen in Council, and Her Majesty in Council may order and direct that such Objections shall be considered by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council; and the said Judicial Committee shall make Report to Her Majesty in Council thereupon, and may propose to Her Majesty in Council to affirm, vary, or dismiss the Scheme certified by the Commissioners, or to return the same to the said Commissioners for Alteration or Amendment; and Her Majesty in Council may affirm, vary, or dismiss the Scheme accordingly, or return the same to the

Commissioners to be reconsidered as to any Parts thereof.

VI. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council, by any Order Queen in Counor Orders affirming or approving any Scheme of the Commissioners, cil may make and directing a Union of any Parishes, or by any other Order or Orders, to direct that such or such Part of any Lands, Tithes, ing any Tenements, or Hereditaments, or other permanent Endowments of Scheme. the Benefices proposed to be united, shall be subject to such Rentcharge, or excepted out of such Benefice when united, and be transferred and annexed to such other specified Benefice, and upon the Order or Orders directing such Rentcharge or Transfer and Annexation coming into operation the Lands, Houses, Tithes, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or other permanent Endowments, so directed to be subject to such Rentcharge, or to be transferred and annexed, shall, without any further Deed, Transfer, or other Assurance, become and be for ever subject to such Rentcharge or annexed to such Benefice, as the Case may be, and shall be held and enjoyed by the Incumbent thereof for the Time being as the Endowment or a Part of the Endowment thereof, subject and without Prejudice nevertheless, to all Leases, Grants, Rents, Charges, and Incumbrances existing at the Time of such Rentcharge or Transfer and Annexation legally affecting the same, except so far as any such Apportionment as aforesaid may affect the same respectively; and all such Lands, Houses, Tithes, Tenements, and Hereditaments, or other permanent Endowments, when so transferred or annexed as aforesaid, shall belong to and the same and the Rents and Profits thereof shall be recoverable by the Incumbent of such Benefice for the Time being, in the same Manner and by the same Remedies as were applicable thereto before such Transfer and Annexation.

VII. The Order or Orders in Council affirming any Scheme, or Orders in directing any Union of Parishes, Rentcharge, Transfer, or An. Council to be nexation as aforesaid, shall, as soon as may be after the making gazetted and thereof by Her Meigety in Council be inserted and published in registered, and thereof by Her Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in to have Force the London Gazette, and shall be registered in the Registry of the of Law. Diocese, and the Registrar of the Diocese is hereby required to make such Registry; and such Order in Council, so soon as the same shall have been gazetted, shall have full Force and Effect of Law in all respects and as to all Things therein contained, any Law, Statute, Canon, Grant, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect the Rights and Interests of any of the Incumbents of Benefices united under the Provisions thereof

Orders affirming or approv-

who, at the Time of the making such Order in Council, were in possession respectively of such Benefices, without the Consent of

such Incumbent expressed in Writing.

Commissioners may propose Scheme for Erection of new Church or Parsonage, Removal of old Church or Parsonage, Sale of Site, &c., for Purposes of this Act.

VIII. If for the Purposes and Objects of this Act it shall be found necessary or desirable to provide for the Erection of any new Church or Parsonage House, for the pulling down or Removal of any existing Church or Parsonage House, in either of the Benefices proposed to be united, for the Sale of the Materials or Site of the same, for the Appropriation of any Plate or other Property held in trust by the Churchwardens of any Church to be pulled down, for the Disposal of any Organ in such Church, for the Appropriation or Re-appropriation of any Pews or Sittings in the Church of the united Benefice left standing, for the Transfer of any Lectureships, the Sale of any Parsonage Houses, with their Appurtenances, for Compensation to Parish Clerks or other Officers, for Arrangement with respect to Fees or Vestry-rooms, it shall and may be lawful for the Church Building Commissioners to make Proposals thereupon as Part of their Scheme, and such Proposals or any of them shall be subject to Objection and Protest as herein provided: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the Sale of any Plate heretofore used for the Purposes of the Holy Communion, but the same shall be transferred, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese, to the Church of the united Benefice, or if such Plate be not needed for such Church then to any other Church or Chapel or Churches or Chapels within the Diocese which the said Bishop may select.

No Burial Ground, &c. to be sold under this Act.

Vanits and Tablets.

Church and Vestry of Church left standing to be the Church and Vestry of united Parishes.

IX. Nothing in this Act contained shall be taken or construed to legalize the Sale or letting of any Burial Ground or Churchyard, or of the Site of any Church to be pulled down, if there shall have been any Interments or Deposits in any Grave or Vault under the Site of such Church; and if there shall be any Tablets or Monuments erected in such Church, such Tablets or Monuments, if not removed by the legal Representatives of the Parties to whom the same were erected, shall be carefully removed, at the Cost and Charge of the Parties removing the Church, and shall be fixed by them in some convenient Part of the Church thereafter to be constituted the Church of the united Parishes.

X. From and after the Union of any Two or more Benefices under this Act, the Church left standing and remaining within such united Benefice shall be the Church of the united Parishes. and all Meetings of Vestry for Ecclesiastical Purposes within such Parishes shall be Vestry Meetings of the Parishes united under this Act; and the Vestry-room of the Church left standing within such united Parishes shall be held to be the Vestry-room of the united Parishes for the Use of the Parishioners thereof, and also the Vestry-room for secular Purposes for the Parishioners of each of the Parishes forming the united Parish, and for the Care and Preservation of the Deeds, Muniments, and Records belonging to the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be taken or construed to interfere with any Privileges or Liberties whatsoever reserved to any Parishes in the City of ^ Car. 2. c. 11. London by an Act of the Twenty-second Year of His Majesty

King

King Charles the Second, commonly called the City of London Fire Act.

XI. 'And whereas by the Act of the Session holden in the 6&7 Vict. c. 77. ' Sixth and Seventh Years of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventyseven, it was enacted, that out of the Proceeds of any Lands, don may, under Tithes, Tenements, or other Hereditaments in the Principality of Wales, vested or to be vested in the Ecclesiastical Commis-' sioners for England by or under the Provisions of the said recited Acts or that Act, it should be lawful, by the Authority a Church in therein mentioned, to make Provision, in whole or in part, for London other-' the competent Maintenance of any Spiritual Person or Persons ' (being a Native or Natives of the Principality aforesaid) who pulled down. ' might be licensed by the Bishop of the Diocese for the Time being to officiate in any Church or Chapel within London or ' Westminster or the Suburbs thereof, duly consecrated for the Performance of Divine Service according to the Rites and Cere-'monies of the United Church of England and Ireland, in the Welsh Language, and such Bishop was thereby authorized to ' license any Spiritual Person or Persons accordingly:' It shall be lawful for the Bishop of London, if he sees fit, to appropriate for the Performance of Divine Service in the Welsh Language, so long as such Provision shall continue to be made by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England*, One of the Churches within his Diocese which might under this Act be pulled down: Provided always, that before such Appropriation sufficient Provision shall be made to the Satisfaction of the said Bishop for the Repairs, Maintenance, and Support of the Fabric of the Church, so long as such Church remains so appropriated.

Bishop of Lon certain Circumstances, appropriate for Service in Welsh wise to be

XII. 'And whereas Difficulties might arise in the Case of Bishop may' endowed Lectureships, when the Lectures have been customarily prepare a of Arthority of this Act.' To shall therefore he lowful for the Transference of Authority of this Act: It shall therefore be lawful for the Lectures from Bishop of any Diocese for the Time being to prepare from Time Churches to be to Time under his Hand and Seal a Scheme or Schemes for pulled down. transferring such Lectures to other Churches, to be preached 16 & 17 Vict. therein at such Times as to the said Bishop may appear conve- c. 137. nient; and such Scheme shall be submitted by the said Bishop to the Charity Commissioners under the "Charitable Trusts Act, 1853," and such Scheme, if approved of by them, or subject to such Alterations therein as may appear to the said Commissioners advisable, and as shall be approved of by the said Bishop, shall be valid for effecting the Purposes therein mentioned, and shall be registered in the Registry of the Diocese: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall give the Bishop any Power respecting the Appointment of a Lecturer without the Consent of the Incumbent of the Church in which such Lecturer is to officiate.

XIII. When any Church is pulled down, under the Provisions Commissioners of this Act, Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new may reappro-Churches, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese or priate Pews of

Chancellor standing in Churches left

766

Union of contiguous Benefices.

united Benefices.

Chancellor of the Diocese under his Hand and Seal, shall and they are hereby authorized to alter and readjust the Pews or Seats and the Appropriation thereof in the Church of the united Benefice left standing, so that not less than One Third of the Sittings in such Church shall be free and unappropriated, and the Remainder be placed at the Disposal of the Churchwardens, under the Control and Direction of the Bishop, of such Church, for the Use of the Parishioners of such united Benefice.

Sites of Churches to be pulled down to vest in Commissioners, in apply the Proceeds to certain Purposes.

XIV. After any Order in Council under this Act shall have obtained full Force of Law, the Fee Simple and Inheritance of the Site of any Church or Parsonage House by such Order in Council directed to be pulled down, and of the Building Materials trust to sell, and of such Church or Parsonage House, shall, without any further Transfer, Conveyance, or other Form of Law being had, observed, or required, belong to and be vested in Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new Churches, in trust to make Sale or dispose of such Sites and Materials or any Part thereof, where the same may be sold, under the Powers and for the Purposes of this Act, and in further trust to apply the Proceeds of such Sale or Sales from Time to Time to such of the same Purposes as in the said Order in Council may be indicated; and the said Commissioners, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese under his Hand and Scal, may make a valid Conveyance in Fee Simple to any Body or Person of the Site of any Church or Parsonage House pulled down under this Act, or by virtue of any Order in Council authorized hereby: Provided always, the said Commissioners shall give Two Calendar Months Notice in the London Gazette previous to the Sale or Disposal of such Site or any Part thereof, in order that thereby Facilities may be afforded for appropriating such Site to sanitary Purposes, public Improvements, or the Improvements of public Streets in the Vicinity; and if within Two Months from the Time such Notice shall have been inserted in the London Gazette the said Commissioners shall not receive an Offer which in their Judgment shall be satisfactory for the Purchase of such Land for the Purposes aforesaid, it shall be lawful for them to make Sale or to dispose of such Ground, at such Time and at such Prices and in such Manner as in their Discretion shall seem fit, and to apply the Proceeds of such Sale or Sales, from Time to Time, for or towards the Purposes herein-

Proviso.

such Sites.

Commissioners may make valid

Conveyances of

Commissioners to report.

before mentioned.

XV. The Church Building Commissioners shall make an annual Report to Parliament respecting their Proceedings in pursuance of this Act.

Extent of Act.

XVI. This Act shall extend only to that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales.

Continuance of Act

XVII. The Operation of this Act shall be limited to Five Years from the Date of the same receiving the Royal Assent.

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act further to amend the Laws concerning the Burial of the Dead in England. [14th August 1855.]

HEREAS an Act was passed in the Session of Parliament 15 & 16 Vict. holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Ma- c. 85.

' jesty (Chapter Eighty-five), "to amend the Laws concerning " the Burial of the Dead in the Metropolis;" and an Act was

passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Sixteenth and 16 & 17 Vict. Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty (Chapter One hundred and c. 134.

' thirty-four), "to amend the Laws concerning the Burial of the "Dead in England beyond the Limits of the Metropolis, and to

" amend the Act concerning the Burial of the Dead in the Me-

" tropolis;" and an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament (Chapter Eighty-seven), "to make further Provisions for 17 & 18 Vict.

" the Burial of the Dead in England beyond the Limits of the c. 87. " Metropolis:" And whereas it is expedient that further Provi-

sion should be made for the Burial of the Dead, and that the said Acts should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present

Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the Advice Orders in of Her Privy Council, from Time to Time to postpone the Time the recited appointed by any Order in Council for the Discontinuance of Acts may be Burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under varied by like any of the said recited Acts or this Act, (whether the Time Orders. thereby appointed for the Discontinuance of Burials thereunder or other Operation of such Order shall or shall not have arrived,) as to Her Majesty, with such Advice as aforesaid, may seem fit; and every Order of Her Majesty in Council made before the passing of this Act for varying any Order previously made under the said Acts or any of them shall be deemed valid and effectual in Law.

II. If any Person, after the Time mentioned in any Order in Penalty on Council under the said Acts or any of them, or this Act, for the ing contrary to Discontinuance of Burials, shall knowingly and wilfully bury any the Provisions Body or in anywise act or assist in the Burial of any Body in of Orders in any Church, Chapel, Churchyard, Burial Ground, or Place of Council. Burial or (as the Case may be) within the Limits in which Burials have by such Orders been ordered to be discontinued, in violation of the Provisions of any such Order, every Person so offending shall, upon summary Conviction before Two Justices of the Peace, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

III. The Churchwardens or other Persons to whom it belongs Churchwardens to convene Meetings of the Vestry of any Parish in which no for providing Burial Board has been appointed may, at any Time, at their Dis-Burial Grounds. cretion, without Requisition of Ratepayers for that Purpose, convene a Meeting of such Vestry for the Purpose of determining whether a Burial Ground shall be provided for the Parish; and

Council under

where

Where Order in Council has been made, &c. Churchwardens shall call a Meeting of Vestry.

where any Order in Council has been made before the passing of this Act for discontinuing Burials (wholly or subject to any Exception or Qualification) in any Burial Ground of any Parish for which no Burial Board has been appointed, or Notice has been given of the Intention of the Secretary of State to make a Representation to Her Majesty in Council that Burials should be discontinued (wholly or subject to any Exception or Qualification) in any Burial Ground of any Parish, the Churchwardens or other Persons to whom it belongs to convene Meetings of Vestry shall, with all convenient Speed after the passing of this Act, convene a Meeting of the Vestry for the Purpose aforesaid; and where at any Time hereafter Notice is given of the Intention of the Secretary of State to make a like Representation in relation to a Burial Ground of any Parish, such Churchwardens or other Persons as aforesaid shall forthwith convene a Meeting of the Vestry for the Purpose aforesaid; and all the Provisions of the said Acts as amended by this Act relating to and consequent upon Vestry Meetings convened upon such Requisition as provided by the first-recited Act shall be applicable to Vestry Meetings convened under this Enactment.

Vacancies in Burial Board to be filled up by Vestry within a Month.

IV. Every Vacancy in any Burial Board shall be filled up by the Vestry appointing the same within One Month after such Vacancy shall have happened, and immediately on the Occurrence thereof the same shall be notified by the Burial Board to the Churchwardens or other Persons to whom it belongs to convene Meetings of the Vestry; and in case any such Vestry shall neglect to fill up any such Vacancy, the Vacancy may be filled up by the Burial Board at any Meeting thereof; and every Person to be appointed to supply any such Vacancy shall be a Ratepayer of the Parish for which the Burial Board is appointed; and every such Board may act for any Purpose, notwithstanding any Vacancies therein.

Monthly Meetings of Boards repealed. V. So much of Section Thirteen of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty as requires that the Burial Board shall meet once at least in every Month shall be repealed.

Sanction of Vestry not required for Expenditure and other Acts of Burial Board in certain Cases,

VI. If the Vestry of any Parish shall refuse or neglect to authorize the Expenditure of such Sums as the Burial Board of such Parish shall have declared to be necessary for providing and laying out a Burial Ground, and building the necessary Chapel or Chapels therein, it shall be lawful for such Burial Board to represent such Refusal or Neglect to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and in case it shall appear to the Secretary of State, after Inquiry into the Circumstances of the Case, that the Burial Board are unable to provide such Burial Ground, or to proceed effectually in the Execution of their Duties, by reason of such Refusal or Neglect, it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State, by Warrant under his Hand, to authorize such Burial Board, without further Authority, Sanction, or Approval of or by such Vestry, to expend such Sums of Money for providing and laying out a Burial Ground, and building the necessary Chapel or Chapels thereon, and to borrow and charge such Money for all or any of such Purposes, and to enter into and make such Contracts and Purchases, and do auch

such other Acts as under the Sections Nineteen, Twenty, Twentysix, and Forty-two of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her Majesty might have been expended, borrowed, and charged, entered into, made, and done with the Authority, Approval, and Sanction of such Vestry, subject, nevertheless, to such Limitation of Amount or other Limitation or Restriction as such Secretary of State may by his Warrant prescribe; and all Acts done in pursuance of such Warrant shall be as valid and effectual as if the Authority, Approval, and Sanction of such Vestry had in every Case been obtained.

VII. All such Fees, Payments, and Sums as may be fixed, Fees, &c. to be settled, and received by any Burial Board under Section Thirty- subject to Apfour of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her proval of Secre-Majesty, shall be so fixed and settled subject to the Approval of tary of State. One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and no such Fees, Payments, or Sums shall be altered or varied without such

Approval.

VIII. It shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of Secretaries of State from Time to Time to appoint and authorize State may diany Person to inspect any Burial Ground or Cemetery, parochial or non-parochial, or Place for the Reception of Bodies, to ascertain the State and Condition thereof, and where Regulations in relation thereto have been made or may be made by the Secretary of State under the said Acts or any of them, to ascertain whether such Regulations have been observed and complied with; and if Penalty for any Person having the Care of any such Burial Ground or Ceme- obstructing tery or other Place shall obstruct any Person so authorized to Inspector or inspect the same, or if any Person having the Care of any Burial Ground or Place for the Reception of Bodies subject to such Regulations as aforesaid shall violate or neglect or fail to observe and comply with any such Regulation, or any Regulation imposed by this Act, every Person so offending shall upon summary Conviction thereof before Two Justices forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

IX. So much of the said Act of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Part of a 24. of Years of Her Majesty as enacts that "no Ground (not already used 15 & 16 Vict. " as or appropriated for a Cemetery) shall be appropriated as a c. 85. repealed. " Burial Ground or as an Addition to a Burial Ground under that " Act nearer than Two hundred Yards to any Dwelling House, "without the Consent in Writing of the Owner, Lessee, and " Occupier of such Dwelling House," shall be repealed; but no Burial Ground Ground not already used as or appropriated for a Cemetery shall not to be withbe used for Burials under the said Act or this Act, or either of in 100 Yards of Dwelling them, within the Distance of One hundred Yards from any Dwelling House. House, without such Consent as aforesaid.

X. If the Ratepayers assembled at any Vestry duly convened If Ratepayers under the Provisions of this Act shall, in pursuance of public resolve, Land Notice duly given in that Behalf, resolve unanimously that any for new Burial Ground to be provided for their Parish, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be held and used in like Manner and settled as old subject to the same Laws and Regulations in all respects as the Burial Ground. existing Burial Ground or Churchyard of the said Parish, the

rect Inspection

Land for such new Burial Ground may be conveyed and settled in accordance with such Resolution, anything in this or the said recited Acts notwithstanding, and in such Case it shall not be necessary to set apart to remain unconsecrated any Portion of the Land so conveyed and settled: Provided always, that if at any Time within Ten Years thereafter the Vestry, duly convened under the Provisions of this Act in pursuance of public Notice duly given in that Behalf, should determine that an unconsecrated Burial Ground should be also provided for such Parish, all the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act may be put in force and shall be applicable for providing such unconsecrated Burial Ground separately, in like Manner as they might have been put in force and been applicable for providing an ordinary Burial Ground for such Parish.

How Burial Grounds are to be provided for united Parishes.

XI. Where a Parish or Place has been united with any other Parish or Place, Parishes or Places, for all or any Ecclesiastical Purposes, or where Two or more Parishes or Places have heretofore had a Church or a Burial Ground for their joint Use, or where the Inhabitants of several Parishes or Places have been accustomed to meet in One Vestry for Purposes common to such several Parishes or Places, it shall be lawful for the Vestry or any Meeting in the Nature of a Vestry of such several Parishes or Places in any of the Cases aforesaid, and whether any One or more of such Parishes or Places do or do not separately maintain its own Poor, to appoint a Burial Board, and from Time to Time to supply Vacancies therein, and to exercise the same Powers of Authorization, Approval, and Sanction in relation to such Burial Board, and such other Powers as under the said Acts and this Act are vested in the Vestry of a Parish or Place separately maintaining its own Poor; and the Burial Board so appointed shall have all the Powers for providing a Burial Ground for the common Use of such several Parishes or Places, and for facilitating Interments, and otherwise, as if such several Parishes or Places had been a Parish separately maintaining its own Poor; and the Expenses of the Burial Board appointed under this Provision shall be borne by the several Parishes or Places for which such Board is appointed, and shall be apportioned among them by such Burial Board in proportion to the Value of the Property in such several Parishes or Places as rated to the Relief of the Poor; and the Sums required by the Burial Board in respect of the Portion of such Expenses to be borne by any such Parish or Place shall be paid out of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor in such Parish or Place, in like Manner as if such Burial Board had been appointed for such Parish or Place alone.

Burial Boards may be appointed for certain Townships, &c. which have had separate Burial Grounds.

XII. The Vestry or Meeting in the Nature of a Vestry of any Parish, Township, or other District not separately maintaining its own Poor, which has heretofore had a separate Burial Ground, may appoint a Burial Board, and from Time to Time supply Vacancies therein, and may exercise the same Powers of Authorization, Approval, and Sanction in relation to such Burial Board, and such other Powers as under the said Acts and this Act are vested in the Vestry of a Parish separately maintaining its own

Poor:

Rurials.

Poor; and the Burial Board so appointed shall have all the Powers for providing a Burial Ground and otherwise as if such Parish, Township, or other District had been a Parish separately maintaining its own Poor.

XIII. Where any District (whether a Parish or Township or Provision for other Subdivision) not separately maintaining its own Poor, but Expenses of forming Part of a Parish maintaining its own Poor, or of an Burial Boards Incorporation or other Union maintaining the Poor of the Places of Places not comprised therein, by means of a common Rate, shall have a Burial maintaining Board, or shall form Part of a Place or Union of Places not co- their own extensive with the Area rated for the Relief of the Poor, and Poor. having One Burial Board, it shall be lawful for such respective Burial Board to issue their Certificate to the Overseers of such Parish, or the Overseers or other Persons authorized to make and collect or cause to be collected such common Rate (as the Case may be), for Payment of the Sums required for the Expenses of such Burial Board, or, where such District not separately maintaining its own Poor forms Part only of the Area of the Burial Board, of the Sums required in respect of the Portion of such Expenses to be borne by such District, in like Manner as if such District had been a Parish separately maintaining its own Poor, and such Overseers or Persons authorized as aforesaid had been the Overseers thereof; and such Overseers or Persons shall pay such Sums as shall be required by such Certificate, according to the Directions of such Burial Board, and shall levy such Sums as may be required for such Payments to the Burial Board by an Addition to the Parish Rate or common Rate, so far as the same affects the District in respect of which such Payments are required, or by separate Rates to be made from Time to Time on such District; and for levying such Additions or separate Rates as aforesaid, such Overseers or other Persons shall have the Powers, Remedies, and Privileges, and proceed in the same Manner, as in the Case of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor; provided that any such Rates may (notwithstanding any Restriction in relation to the Parish Rate or common Rate) be made and levied at such Times as may be necessary to provide for the Payments aforesaid.

XIV. 'And whereas Doubts have arisen whether in all Cases in which any Burial Board shall build in any Burial Ground tobuild a Chapel provided by such Board a Chapel for the Burial Service accord- for Persons not ing to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, such Burial Board is not also bound by Law to build a Chapel or Chapels upon the unconsecrated Part of such Burial Ground for the Performance of Burial Service for Persons not being Members of the said Church: Be it enacted, That in any such Case as aforesaid, where it shall appear to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, upon the Representation of a Majority of the Vestry of any Parish, consisting of not less than Three Fourths of the Members of the same, that the building of a Chapel upon the unconsecrated Part of any such Burial Ground for the Use of Persons not being Members of the said Church is undesirable and unnecessary, it shall be lawful for the said Secre-

No Obligation Members of the Church of England when Secretary of State declares it unnecessary.

18 & 19 VICT.

Burials.

tary of State, if he shall think fit, to signify his Opinion to that Effect to the Burial Board of the Parish, and the said Burial Board shall thereupon be relieved from all Obligation to build the same: Provided always, that such Secretary of State shall not signify his Opinion as aforesaid unless it be shown to his Satisfaction that Notice of the Intention to propose to such Vestry to make such Representation was given in manner required by Law for Notices of Vestry Meetings, and of the special Purposes thereof.

When Assessment to local Rates not to be increased after Purchases.

XV. No Land already or to be hereafter purchased or acquired, under the Provisions of any of the Acts herein-before recited, for the Purpose of a Burial Ground (with or without any Building erected or to be erected thereon), shall while used for such Purposes be assessed to any County, Parochial, or other local Rates at a higher Value or more improved Rent than the Value or Rent at which the same was assessed at the Time of such Purchase or Acquisition.

c. 85.
16 & 17 Vict.
c. 134.
Separate Burial
Boards whose
Burial Grounds
adjoin may

contract with

each other for

specific Purposes.

15 & 16 Vict.

XVI. That in any Case where the Burial Boards appointed under the said recited Acts of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth and the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her Majesty, or either of them, for any Two Parishes, shall provide separate Burial Grounds for such Parishes respectively, and such Burial Grounds shall adjoin each other, it shall be lawful for the said Burial Boards to concur in building, either on One of the said Burisl Grounds or partly on One of such Grounds and partly on the other, such Chapels as are authorized to be built by the said Acts, and that such Chapels when erected shall be used in common by both of such Parishes, and be deemed and taken to be the Chapels of and belonging to each of such Burisl Grounds respectively, in such Manner, consistent with the Provisions of the said Acts or either of them, as the said Burisl Boards shall mutually agree upon; and that the said Burial Boards may agree as to the Proportions in which the Expenses of erecting such Chapel Accommodation shall be borne by each of the said Boards respectively; and the Proportion for each of such Parishes of such Expenses shall be chargeable upon and paid in the same Manner as the Costs of providing Burial Grounds under the said Acts; and where any Burial Board shall provide a Burial Ground, and cause Chapels to be built thereon, pursuant to the said recited Acts, it shall be lawful for such Burial Board, with the Sanction of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to contract with any other Burial Board whose Burial Ground shall adjoin the One on which such Chapels shall so have been built, for the Use of such Chapels, in such Manner and on such Terms as such respective Burial Boards shall mutually agree, and that during the Existence of any such Agreement such Chapels shall be deemed and taken to be the Chapels of and belonging to each of such Burial Grounds respectively.

Burial Board may let Land not required for Burials. XVII. It shall be lawful for any Burial Board, with the Sanction of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and subject to Regulations approved of by him, to let any Land purchased by and vested in them under this Act or any of the

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Burials.

Consolidated Fund (Appropriation).

Acts herein-before recited, and which has not been consecrated, and in which no Body has been at any Time interred, and which is not for the Time being required for the Purposes of a Burial Ground, in such Manner and on such Terms as such Board may see fit, but so nevertheless that Power shall be reserved to such Board to resume any such Land which may be required for the

Purposes aforesaid, upon giving Six Months Notice.

XVIII. In every Case in which any Order in Council has been Burial Board or shall hereafter be issued for the Discontinuance of Burials in to keep in any Churchyard or Burial Ground, the Burial Board or Church-Order closed wardens, as the Case may be, shall maintain such Churchyard or &c. Burial Ground of any Parish in decent Order, and also do the necessary Repair of the Walls and other Fences thereof, and the Costs and Expenses shall be repaid by the Overseers, upon the Certificate of the Burial Board or Churchwardens, as the Case may be, out of the Rate made for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish or Place in which such Churchyard or Burial Ground is situate, unless there shall be some other Fund legally chargeable with such Costs and Expenses.

XIX. Nothing in this Act contained shall in anywise abridge, Act not to lessen, or defeat any Power, Right, or Privilege of any Local abridge Powers Board of Health being the Burial Board of a Borough created of Local Boards or to exist under or by virtue of any Local Act of Parliament.

XX. Any Local Board of Health acting as or created a Board Local Boards under or by virtue of the Powers of any Local Act of Parliament of Health to exshall and may have and exercise all the Powers, Rights, and Privi-ercise Powers leges which by this Act or by the secondly recited Act are or can or may be had, enjoyed, or exercised by any Burial Board therein

XXI. The said Acts of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth, Sixteenth Acts to be conand Seventeenth, and Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her strued together. Majesty and this Act shall be read and construed together as One Act.

of Health, &c.

CAP. CXXIX.

- An Act to apply a Sum out of the Consolidated Fund and the Surplus of Ways and Means to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and to appropriate the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. [14th August 1855.]
 - § I. There shall be applied for the Service of the Year 1855 the Sum of £26,006,352. 12s. 9d. out of the Consolidated Fund.
 - II. The Treasury may cause £26,006,352. 12s. 9d. of Exchequer Bills to be made out in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1., 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 15., and 5 & 6 Vict. c. 66.
 - III. The Clauses, &c. in recited Acts extended to this Act.
 - IV. Interest on Exchequer Bills.

Cons	Consolidated Fund (Appropriation).							
§ V. Bank of England may advance £26,006,352.12s.9d. on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20.								
VI. Bills prepar	ed_l	y v	virtue of this Act to be delivered to the Bank,					
VII. Monies raise	d by	B	ills to be applied to the Services voted by the					
	Bille		ade chargeable upon the growing Produce of					
the Conso			Fund. oply for the Service of the Year 1855					
£5,599,1 1	2. 6	is. 8	d. Surplus of Ways and Means.					
			ays and Means to Services hereafter expressed. c. 5., 18 & 19 Vict. c. 6., 18 & 19 Vict. c. 8.,					
18 & 19 V								
XL There shall			ed,					
<i>£</i> 77,099	0	0	For Excess of Naval Expenditure beyond the Grants for 1853-4.					
1,938,104	0	0	For Excess of Naval Expenditure beyond the					
VII #10 270 012	D (. 1	Grants for 1854–5. For Navy Services; viz.					
			For Wages to 70,000 Sea-					
_,,			men and Marines -					
1,374,081	0 ()	For Victuals, &c. in the					
140,469	0 ()	Navy					
140,403	•		For Salaries, &c. of the Admiralty Office -					
<i>5</i> 0,000	0 () :	For the Royal Naval Coast					
51,676	0 () :	Volunteers For the Navy Scientific					
			Departments					
142,571	0 () :	For Naval Establishments at home					
26,919	0 ()	For Naval Establishments					
			abroad					
1,112,220	0 ()	For Wages of Artificers, &c. at home Tanaka Wanna Kana					
60,500	0 ()	For Wages of Artificers For the Learending					
			&c. abroad -					
			For Naval Stores, &c					
629,071	0 () .	For new Works in Naval Establishments -					
64,100	0 () :	For Medicines, &c.					
74,086	0 (For Naval Miscellaneous					
635,497	0 () :	Services For Naval Half Pay, &c.					
			For Military Pensions -					
			For Civil Pensions -					
6, 766,268	0 () :	For Transport Service,					
			Freight of Ships, &c., for					
			Army and Ordnance Ser-					
			vices, and for Expenses					
755.289	0 () 1	of Prisoners of War -					

755,289 0 0 For Packet Service

Consolidated .	Fund (Appropriation).
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	UNESC	mu	uea Funa (Appropriation).
§ XIIL £18,789,532	0	o	For Army Services; viz.
7,353,804	0	0	For Forces in United Kingdom and Stations abroad (except East Indies)
314,984	0	0	For General Staff Officers,
151,108	0	0	For Allowances to Officers, &c. of Public Military Departments -
17,795	0	0	For Royal Military College -
23,367	0	0	For Royal Military Asylum, &c.
88,000	0	0	For Volunteer Corps -
3,813,383	0	0	For Embodied Militia -
22,000	0	0	For Rewards for distinguished Military Services - From
64,000	0	0	For Pay of General Officers - 1st April 1855
55,000	0	0	For Full Pay for Retired 31st March 1856.
318,000	0	0	For Half Pay for Retired Officers
82,707	0	0	For Half Pay for Officers of disbanded Foreign Corps, &c
124,454	0	0	For Pensions to Widows -
	0	0	For Compassionate List, &c
3 1,787	0	0	For In-Pensioners of Chel- sea and Kilmainham Hospitals
1,188,589	0	0	For Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, &c
38,700	0	0	For Superannuations in Military Public Departments -
4,919,534	0	0	For Commissariat Depart- ment For the Year ending
42,120	0	0	For Half Pay of Commissariat Department - 31st March 1856.
109,200	0	0	For Disembodied Militia - To 31st March 1856.
XIV. 1,402,961	0	0	For Excess of Ordnance Expenditure beyond the Grants for 1854-5.
· XV. 8,644,142	0	0	For Ordnance Services, viz.
1,117,833	0	0	For Pay of Ordnance Mili-
1,406,888	0	0	tary Corps For the Year ending For Commissariat and Bar- rack Supplies, &c 3 F 3

	Consolidated Fund (Appropriation).							
,	£ 303,149	0	0	For Establishments at home and abroad -				
	443,378	0	0	For Wages, &c				
	3,558,980	Ö	Ö	For Ordnance Stores for For the Year ending				
	1 227 500	0	0					
	1,387,500	_		For Works and Repairs -				
	158,196	0	0	For Scientific Branch -				
	197,657	0	0					
C WWI	70,566	0	0	For Ordnance Office - J				
§ XVI.	17,183,000			To pay off Exchequer Bills of 1855.				
XVII.	3,000,000		0	For additional Expense in the War against Russia.				
XVIII	100,000		0					
XIX.	176,400	0	0	For Excess of Expenditure for Printing, &c. beyond the Grant for 1854-5.				
	8,000	0	0	For Excess of Expenses of Ministers at Foreign				
	•			Courts beyond the Grant for 1854-5.				
		C	lvi	L SERVICES.—Class 1.				
XX.	154,952	0	0	For Repairs of Royal Palaces, &c				
	69,544	0	0	For Repairs of Royal Parks, &c.				
	122,209	0	O	For New Houses of Par- liament				
	6,000	0	0	For Public Record Reposi-				
	122,841	0	0	For Holyhead Harbour -				
	234,000			For Harbours of Refuge -				
	375							
·	30,963		ŏ					
	5, 87 6	0	0	For Kingstown Harbour -				
	CIVIL S	ER	/ICR	8.—Class 2. 31st March 1856.				
XXI.	82,140	0	0	For Salaries, &c. of Houses of Parliament -				
	54,400	0	0	For the Treasury -				
	27,595	Ō	Ō	For the Home Department				
	83,849	Ō	Ŏ	For the Foreign Depart-				
	-,	-	-	ment				
	85,897	0	0	For Department of Colonies				
	75,733	0	0	For the Privy Council, Board of Trade, &c.				
	2,700	0	0	For Lord Privy Seal -				
	25,211	ŏ	ŏ	For Office of Paymaster				

General
For Department of Comptroller General of the
Exchequer

7,314 0 0

Co	nso	naa	tea Funa (Appropriation).
£21,595	0	0	For Office of Commis-
,		-	sioners of Works and
			Public Buildings -
21,862	0	0	For Office of Woods,
14 000	^	_	Forests, &c
14,098	0	. 0	For Public Records and
205,383	0	0	State Paper Office - For Administration of
200,400	٠,	U	Poor Laws
38,222	0	0	For the Mint
15,530		0	For Salaries, &c. of In-
			spectors of Factories,
		-	&c
5,156 .	0	0	For Civil Charges, &c.
0.401	^		Scotland -
6,431	0	0	For Officers, &c. of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland -
17,032	О	0	For Salaries of Chief
11,000	·	•	Secretary, &c. Ireland -
6,889	0	0	For Paymaster of Civil
• •			Services, Ireland -
22,789	Ο.	0	For Board of Public
	٠.	_	Works, Ireland -
46,421	0	0	For Department of Com-
			missioners for auditing Public Accounts
16,270	Ð	0	For Copyhold, &c. Com-
	U	•	mission
12,190	0	0	For Imprest Expenses of
· •			Copyhold, &c. Commis-
			sion
42,500	0	0	For General Register
			Office, England and
3,768	0	. ^	Wales For General Register
0,700	Ů.	· U	For General Register Office, Dublin -
5.715	0	0	For Department of Regis-
-,		_	trar General of Births,
		•	&c. Edinburgh -
14,986	0	0	For National Debt Office
3,260	0	0	For Public Works Loan
	_		Commission
1,570	0	0	For West India Islands Relief Commission -
820	0	0	For Lunacy Commission -
3,000	ŏ	0	For Office of Metropolitan
-,000	•	•	Buildings
984	0	θ	For General Superinten-
			dent of County Roads in
	_		South Wales
1,610	0	0	For Department of Friend-
<i>:</i>		•	ly Societies in England)

31st *March* 1856.

	Cor	rsol	idal	ted Fund (Appropriation).	
	£32,000	0	0	For Foreign and Secret	
	360,470	0	0	For Stationery, &c. for Public Departments -	
	Cı	VIL	SE	RVICES.— Class 3.	
§ XXII.	35,941	0	0	For Office of Solicitor to	
y AAII.	ŕ			the Treasury, including Prosecutions relating to Coin, &c.	
	250,000	0	0	For Prosecutions at Assizes and Quarter Sessions	
	1,100	0	0	For Crown Office, Chancery	
	2,050	0	0	For Crown Office, Queen's Bench -	
	15,900	0	0	For Expenses incurred by	
	•			Sheriffs, and Deficiency	
				of Fees in the Ex-	
	0.000	_	_	chequer	
	6,000	U	0	For Department of Re-	
				gistrar of the Admi-	
	8,415	0	0	For Insolvent Debtors	
	0,110	U	U	Court	
	13,850	0	0	For Treasurers of County	3
	23,254	0	0	Courts For Police Courts of the	
	101 010	Λ	^	Metropolis	
	101,218 4,226	0	0	For Metropolitan Police - For Queen's Prison -	
	3,342	ŏ	ŏ	For Lord Advocate and	
	0,0			Solicitor General, Scot-	
	7,755	0	0	For Criminal Prosecutions	
	.,	•	_	by Lord Advocate -	
	7,198	0	0	For Court of Justiciary, Scotland	
	1,593	0	0	For certain Officers in	
	·			the Exchequer in Scot-	
	57,000	0	0	For Criminal Prosecutions, &c. in Scotland	
•	11,530	0	0	For Procurators Fiscal in Scotland	
	4,818	0	0	For Sheriffs Clerks, Scot-	
	2,250	0	0	For Salaries of Law Officers in Scotland	
	11,166	0	0	For General Register House, Edinburgh	

To 31st March 1856.

			(
£1,119	0	0	For Department of Com- missary Clerk, Edin-
	•		humah
51,720	0	0	For Criminal Prosecu-
01,120	·	v	For Criminal Prosecutions, Ireland
1.294	0	0	For Court of Chancery,
1,234	v	v	Ireland
1,338	0	0	For Court of Queen's
1,000	v	U	Ponch Judged
1 911	0	0	Bench, Ireland -
1,311	U	U	For Court of Common
1 000	_	_	Pleas, Ireland
1,320	0	0	For Court of Exchequer,
	_	_	Ireland
200	0	0	For Clerk to Taxing Offi-
			cers for Law Courts,
			Ireland
5,232	0	0	For Registrars to Judges,
			Ireland
1,906	0	0	For Office for Registra-
•			tion of Judgments in
			Ireland
300	0	0	For Fees to Advocates,
	_	-	Court of Delegates, Ire-
			land
3,146	0	0	For Salaries, &c. of In-
0,110	Ū	•	solvent Debtors Court,
			Ireland
267	0	0	For Solony of Clark to
201	U	U	For Salary of Clerk to Court of Errors, Ire-
1,600	^	Δ	land
1,000	U	0	For Salaries of Police
01 000		_	Justices, Dublin -
- 31,000	U	0	For Metropolitan Police,
	_	_	Dublin
638,511	0	0	For Constabulary Force,
			_ Ireland
1,942	0	0	For Four Courts, Marshal-
			sea, Dublin
17,526	0	0	For Salaries, Court of Ses-
			sion, Scotland
18,770	0	0	For general Superinten-
-			dence of Prisons, &c
375,479	0	0	For Government Prisons,
			and Convict Establish-
			ments at home -
166,174	0	0	For Maintenance of Pri-
,			soners and Removal of
			Convicts
59,405	0	0	For Transportation of Con-
30,200	•	-	victs
297,621	0	0	For Convict Establish-
,,	•	•	ments in the Colonies
			THOMAS IN 140 CONTINUES -

To 31st *March* 1856.

	C	IVII	Sı	ERVICES.—Class 4.
§ XXIII.	£396,921	0	0	For Public Education in
	01 5 000	_	^	Great Britain -
	215,200	0	0	For Education in Ireland
	605	0	0	For Salary of Secretary to Commissioners of Education, Ireland
	79,364	0	0	For Department of Practical Art, Royal Dublin
		_	_	Society, &c
	3,858	0	0	For London University -
	7,952	0	0	Universities - 31st March 1856.
	2,366	0	0	For Queen's University, Ireland
	9,552	0	0	For Expenses, Queen's Colleges, Ireland
	647	0	0	For Royal Irish Academy
	300	0	0	For Royal Hibernian Academy
	2,600	0	0	For Royal Belfast Academical Institution, &c
	56,180	0	0	For Salaries and Expenses of British Museum
	4,000	0	0	For Purchases from Bernal Collection.
	27,520	ŏ	Ŏ	For new Buildings, &c. at British Museum
	500	0	0	For Royal Geographical Society
	6,409	0	0	For Magnetic Observa- tories, &c
	17,696	0	0	For National Gallery -
	C	IVII	Sı	ERVICES.—Class 5.
XXIV.	4,050	0	0 ·	For Civil Establishments of the Bermudas -
	7,397	0	0	For Ecclesiastical Establishment, British North
	7,010	0	0	American Provinces 31st March 1850. For Indian Department in Canada -
•	24,728	0	0	For Salaries of Gover- nors, &c. of West India Colonies, &c
	24,750	0	0	For Salaries, &c. of Sti- pendiary Justices in West India Colonies
	10,630	0	0	and the Mauritius - For Civil Establishments on the Western Coast of Africa -

Consolitation I and (Appropriation).								
_	£11,057	0	0	For St. Helena)				
			0					
	2,807 ,			For Falkland Islands				
	3,800	ŏ	ŏ	For Reitich Sottlement at \				
	0,000	•		Hong Kong - 31st March 1856.				
	16,720	0	0	For Colonial Land and				
				Emigration Board, &c.)				
	10,500	0	0	For Relief of Emigrants to Canada in 1847.				
	10,000	.0	0	For Support of captured				
		-	•	Negroes, &c				
	11,250	0	0	For Commissions for sup-				
				pressing the Slave				
	157 660	Λ	Λ	Trade				
	157,669	0	O	For the Consular Estab- lishments abroad				
	25,000	Λ	0	For Missions abroad 10				
	20,000	Ū	•	31st March 1856.				
		٠	- 0	There c				
	-		-	ERVICES.—Class 6.				
§ XXV.	138,609	0	0	For Superannuations, &c.				
	0.070	_	_	of Public Officers -				
	2,270	0	0	For Toulonese and Corsi-				
	0.000	^	^	can Emigrants, &c)				
	2,000	0	0	For National Vaccine Institution in 1855.				
	325	0	.0					
	4,200 4,371	ŏ	0.0					
	4,071	U	U	To pay Miscellaneous Allowances				
	2,985	0	0	For Treasurers of Public				
	,-			Infirmaries, Ireland -				
	1,295	0	0	For Foundling Hospital				
				Department, House of				
				Industry, Dublin -				
	. 11,790	0	0	For House of Industry,				
		_	_	Dublin				
	500	0	0	For Female Orphan House,				
	1,215	0	0	Dublin For Westmoreland Lock To				
	1,210	v	v	For Westmoreland Lock To Hospital, Dublin - 31st March 1856.				
	500	0	0	For Lying-in Hospital,				
		•	_	Dublin				
	795	0	0	For Dr. Steevens' Hospital,				
				Dublin				
	1,900	0	0	For House of Recovery,				
		_	_	&c. Dublin				
	250	0	θ	For Hospital for Incura-				
	90.050	^	^	bles, Dublin				
	38,953	0	0	For Protestant Dissenting				
	6 204	0	•	Ministers, Ireland -				
	6,384	U	0	For Charitable Allow- ances, &c. Ireland -				
			•	ancos, oc. 1750ana - j				

	Co	nsol	ida	ted Fund (Appropriation).
		Cı	VIL	Services.—Class 7.
§ XXVI.	£ 10,945	0	0	For General Board of Health -
	3,498	0	0	For Ecclesiastical Commissioners, England
	12,390	0	0	For Charity Commission for England and Wales
	1,053	0	0	For certain Professors at Cambridge -
	22,572	0	0	For Compensations, &c. payable under the Patent Law Amendment Act
	15,480	0	0	For Incumbered Estates Commission, Ireland -
	900	0	0	For Commission for Publication of Ancient Laws of Ireland
	9,000	0	0	For Pay of Process Servers, Ireland -
	2,270	0	0	For Office for Registration of Joint Stock Com- panies -
	69,115	0	0	For Pensions to Masters and Seamen, &c. under the Merchant Seamen's Fund Act
	25,500 25,000	0	0	For Battersea Park For Embankment, &c. between Battersea and Vauxhall Bridges, &c.
	10,700	0	0	For Lighthouses abroad - For the Yearending 31st March 1856.
	1,811	0	0	For Pay, &c. of Medical Men in West Indies
	10,300	0	0	For Collection of Agricul- tural Statistics
	2,000	0	0	For Annuity to Board of Manufacturers, Scot-land -
	14,000	0	0	For Board of Fisheries, To Scotland 31st March 1856.
	5,000	0	0	For Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges
	12,000	0	0	For Bounties on Slaves and Slave Vessels cap- tured -
	68,500	0	0	

	/600		eta 1 una 11ppropriation).
£17,850	0	0	For Revising Barristers in England and Wales
3,800	0	0	For Inspectors of Corn Returns, &c
3,600	0	0	For Expenses of Quaran,
5,752	0	0	tine Arrangements - For Consular Offices, Sea- men's Hospital, &c. at To
4,578	0	0	Constantinople 31st March 1856. For British Ambassador's Houses at Constanti-
			nople, &c
1,550	0	0	For Courts of Law, &c. at Douglas, Isle of Man -
9,000	0	0	For Preservation of Public Records -
40,000	0	0	For Erection of a new Foreign Office - For the Year ending
9,000	0	0	For Completion of Irish 31st March 1856.
52,500	0	0	For Mint for Medal Ser- To 31st March 1856.
68,131	0	0	For Amounts awarded to American Claimants under Convention of 3d February
F4 010	^	^	Hortha Yaaranding
54,218	0	0	For distressed Seamen 31st March 1856.
17,000	U	U	abroad
3,000	0	0	For Gallery of Arts in Dublin
9,927	0	0	For Expenses relating to Burials in and beyond the Metropolis - To 31st March 1856.
5,000	0	0	For Galleries of Art in For the Year ending Edinburgh - 31st March 1856.
40,000	0	0	For Public Works, Edu- cation, &c. in South Africa To 31st March 1856.
5,800	0	0	For Expense of Continuation of Pall Mall to the Green Park
3,000	0	0	For Bridge at Inverness -
11,000	Ŏ	0	For Purchase of Bucking-
3,718	0	0	For Contractor, &c. of Victoria and Albert 31st March 1856.
10,000	0	0	Bridges at Windsor - For Discoverers of North-
800	0	0	west Passage - For Monument to Sir John Franklin, &c

For the Year ending & XXVII. For Post Office, &c. 1,638,861 31st March 1856. 835,182 0 0 For Customs Department 483,238 0 0 For the Coast Guard, &c. 1,365,950 For Inland Revenue Department 62,720 0 0 For Revenue Police, Ireland, and "Seamew" Steamer

XXVIII. Supplies to be applied only for the Purposes aforesaid.

XXIX. Expenditure for Navy, Army, and Ordnance Services respectively to be confined to the separate Services for which granted.

Treasury may, on Application, alter the proportionate Amounts for such separate Services, provided the total Grant to each Department be not exceeded.

XXX. Rules to be observed in the Application of the Sum appropriated to Half Pay. Not to prevent the receiving of Half Pay under any Act relating to the General or Local Militia, &c. Paymaster General, by Permission of the Treasury, may issue Half Pay to Officers appointed to Civil Offices since July 1828. An Account of the Number of Officers so receiving Half Pay to be laid before Parliament annually.

XXXI. Treasury may authorize Military Officers in Civil Employments to receive Half Pay in certain Cases.

XXXII. Persons concerned in issuing, paying, and receiving Money for Payment of Half Pay, without the requisite Oaths, indemnified. 17 & 18 Vict. c. 121.

XXXIII. Half Pay allowed to Officers of the Manx Fencibles.

XXXIV. Half Pay Allowances to Chaplains of Regiments not holding Ecclesiastical Benefices derived from the Crown.

XXXV. Surplus of Sum by 17 & 18 Vict. c. 121. appropriated to Half Pay Officers to be disposed of as Her Majesty shall direct.

XXXVI. Widows, &c. claiming Pensions to make required Declaration.

XXXVII. Declarations to be made as specified in 5 & 6 W. 4. c. 62.

CAP. CXXX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Seven Millions by Exchequer Bills and Exchequer Bonds, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

[14th August 1855.]

School Grants, Security for Application.

C A P. CXXXI.

An Act to render more secure the Conditions upon which Money is advanced out of the Parliamentary Grant for the Purposes of Education. [14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that greater Security should be afforded for the due Application of Money advanced ' in certain Cases to the Trustees or Managers of Schools by the ' Lords Commissioners of the Treasury out of the Parliamentary 'Grant for the Promotion of Education in Great Britain:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows: Where any Grant hath Sale, &c. of been made or shall hereafter be made out of any Sums of Money Premises in reheretofore granted or hereafter to be granted by Parliament for spect of which the Purposes of Education in Great Britain, under the Advice of has been made any Committee of the Council on Education for the Time being, not to be valid to the Trustees, Managers, or other Persons applying on behalf of without Consent any School, with the Consent of the Trustees or Persons holding of Secretary of the legal Estate thereof, for or towards the Purchase of the Site State, &c. or the Erection, Enlargement, or Repair of the School, or the Residence of the Master or Mistress, or the furnishing such School or Residence, no Sale, Exchange, or Mortgage of the Premises in respect of which such Grant hath been or may hereafter be made in exercise of any Power contained in the Conveyance or other Deed relating thereto, or under any other legal Authority, shall be valid unless either the Consent of the Secretary of State for the Home Department for the Time being, in Writing under his Hand be given to the same, or the Amount of the Grant which shall have been made as aforesaid shall be repaid to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being; and whenever any Grant as aforesaid shall be hereafter made, a Memorandum, to be signed by One of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, shall be endorsed upon some One of the Title Deeds relating to the School, certifying to the Fact of the Grant having been made upon such Application, and for some such Purpose as aforesaid, and referring to this Act; and in any Case in which any Grant as aforesaid shall have been already made, so soon as such Memorandum shall have been endorsed and signed on any such Deed, all Bonds, Covenants, or other personal Obligations heretofore given or entered into to prevent the Exercise of any such Power of Sale, Exchange, or Mortgage, without such Consent as aforesaid, shall, so far as they relate to such Exercise, but no further, be annulled.

II. Nothing herein contained shall affect any Purchaser for a Purchasers not valuable Consideration without Notice, nor be deemed to apply to to be affected any School in respect of any such Grant heretofore made without without Notice. any such Bond, Covenant, or other personal Obligations or Conditions as to Sale, Exchange, or Mortgage having been entered into by the Trustees or Persons holding the legal Estate in such Schools and the Committee of Council on Education.

C A P. CXXXII.

An Act for facilitating the Erection of Dwelling Houses for the Labouring Classes. [14th August 1855.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient that Facilities should be afforded for the Erection of healthful and commodious Dwellings for the Labouring Classes: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Short Title.

I. This Act may for all Purposes be cited as "The Labourers Dwellings Act, 1855."

Constitution of Company.

Power to form Company.

II. Any Number of Persons not less than Six may, by subscribing Articles of Association or a Schedule thereto, form themselves into a Company for the Purposes herein-after mentioned: The Articles shall be in the Form set forth in the Schedule hereto, or as near thereto as Circumstances permit: There shall be set opposite to the Name of each Subscriber the Sum subscribed for by him in the Capital of the Company, and his Subscription shall be deemed to imply a Covenant on the Part of himself, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, to pay to the Company the Amount so subscribed for.

Registration of Articles.

IIÎ. The Articles shall be registered by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, who shall charge in respect of such Registration such Fees as may from Time to Time be directed by the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council appointed for the Consideration of Matters relating to Trade and Plantations, hereinafter called the Board of Trade; and upon such Registration being made, the Subscribers, together with such other Persons as may from Time to Time become Members of the Company, shall be a Body Corporate by the Name prescribed in the Articles of Association, having a perpetual Succession and a Common Seal; but no such Registration shall be made until it is proved to the Satisfaction of the said Registrar that Three Fourths of the proposed Capital has been subscribed for, and that Ten per Centum upon such Capital has been paid up.

Certificate of Incorporation.

IV. The said Registrar shall grant a Certificate stating the Date of the Incorporation of the Company, and such Certificate shall in all Cases be *primâ facie* Evidence of the Fact of such Incorporation.

8,&9 Vict. c.16. incorporated with this Act. V. The Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, shall be incorporated into and form Part of this Act, with the Exception of the Provisions relating to the Recovery of Damages, and to the Provision to be made for affording Access to the Special Act; and in the Construction of the said Companies Clauses Act the Articles of Association shall be deemed to be the Special Act, and the Date of the Incorporation of the Company, as certified in manner aforesaid, shall be deemed to be "the Time of the passing of the Special Act;" and whenever the Term "prescribed" is used in this

this or in the said incorporated Act, it shall mean "prescribed by the Articles of Association."

Rights and Obligations of Company.

VI. Every Company incorporated under this Act, and herein- Purpose of after referred to as "the Company," shall be established for the Company. Purpose of providing Dwellings for the Labouring Classes, with or without private Gardens, or with or without common Gardens or Places of common Recreation for the Use of the Inmates of such Dwellings, and for no other Purpose whatever; and for the above Purpose the Company shall have Power to accept Grants and Leases of and to purchase and hold Land, to erect thereon Dwellings for the Labouring Classes, and to let such Dwellings to Lodgers by the Week or Month, or to demise the same to Lessees for any Estate or Interest not greater than a Term of Twenty-one Years, upon such Terms of Remuneration as they think fit; subject to this Proviso, that the Company shall not be entitled to hold at any One Time more than Ten Acres of Land, except with the Licence of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade.

VII. The following Regulations shall be made respecting any Regulations as Dwellings provided by the Company; that is to say,

(1.) All such Dwellings shall, as respects Drainage, Ventilation, Supply of Water, and necessary Conveniences, be constructed and provided in such Manner as may be approved by the General Board of Health, and shall be maintained by the Company in good and sufficient

Repair: (2.) Any Person appointed by the General Board of Health may at all reasonable Times inspect any such Dwellings as aforesaid.

VIII. The following Matters and Things may be prescribed by Permissive the Articles of Association, and if so prescribed, but not other- Rights of the wise, shall be binding; that is to say,

(1.) That the Capital of the Company may, with the Approval of the Board of Trade, and subject to such Condition as they may impose, be increased by the Issue of a prescribed Number of Shares, and of a prescribed Amount:

(2.) That no Premium is to be taken in respect of any Lease granted by the Company:

(3.) That the Interest granted to any Lessee is not to exceed the prescribed Term, such Term being less than Twentyone Years:

(4.) That the Interest of a Lessee is not to be disposed of without the Consent of the Directors:

But no Power hereby given shall be exercised in such Manner as to prejudice any Right under any subsisting Lease or Contract for a Lease.

IX. In Cases where it is prescribed by the Articles of Asso- Power to mortciation that the Dwellings belonging to the Company are to be let gage given in only to Lodgers by the Week or Month and not for any greater certain Cases. Interval, the Company may, as soon as Half the subscribed

to Dwellings.

Company.

18 & 19 Vict.

3 G

Capital is paid up, borrow on the Security of their Property to the prescribed Amount, such Amount not to exceed One Third of such subscribed Capital; but no Mortgagee shall have Power to eject any Tenant before the Expiration of his Tenancy; and in no other Case shall the Company have Power to borrow Money.

Rules as to Demises by the Company. X. The following Rules shall be observed with respect to Demises and Letting made by the Company:

(1.) The Dwellings provided by the Company, with the private Gardens (if any) appurtenant thereto, shall be divided into such Parcels as may be conveniently held in distinct

Occupations:

(2.) The Parcels shall be numbered in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with the Figure One, each Parcel being

distinguished by a separate Number:

(3.) The Interests of the Lessees, other than monthly or weekly Tenants, in the Property of the Company, shall be deemed to be Shares in a Capital consisting of the Dwelling Houses of the Company, with their Appurtenances; and in all Cases where such Interests are not restricted to the original Lessee, the Transfer or Transmission of such Interests shall take place in manner in which the Transfer or Transmission of Shares takes place in pursuance of the said Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, or as near thereto as Circumstances admit; and the Clauses of such last-mentioned Act with respect to the Transfer or Transmission of Shares shall, with the necessary Alterations, be held to apply to the Transfer or Transmission of the Interests of any such Lessees as aforesaid.

Power to Company to pur-

chase Interests

of Lessees.

8 & 9 Vict. c. 16.

XI. The Company may purchase the Interest of any registered Lessee, and upon such Purchase being made such Interest shall be deemed to be extinguished, and the Company may demise the Premises so purchased in the same Manner as if no previous Lease thereof had ever before been made.

Penalty on Misappropriation of Funds.

XII. If any Funds of the Company are advanced to any Person by way of Loan, or are with a view of gaining Profit appropriated to any Purpose other than the Purpose for which the Company is hereby declared to be established, every Director of the Company shall, in addition to any other Liabilities he may be under to replace such Funds, be liable, at the Suit of any Shareholder or other Person, whether implicated or not in such Loan or Misappropriation, to pay to such Shareholder or other Person, to be applied by him to his own Use, in respect of each such Advance or Misappropriation, a Sum by way of Penalty not greater in Amount than the Sum so advanced or misappropriated, and not less than Half such Sum.

Penalty in case Dwellings are not sufficiently drained, &c. XII. If any Dwelling belonging to the Company is insufficiently drained or ventilated, or insufficiently supplied with Water or necessary Conveniences, or is in a bad State of Repair, the General Board of Health may, by Order left at any Office of the Company, or served on any Director of the Company, require the Company, within a reasonable Time, to be specified in such Order,

Order, sufficiently to drain, ventilate, and supply with Water and necessary Conveniences, or put in a good State of Repair, such Dwelling; and if default is made in compliance with the Requisitions of such Notice, the Company shall incur a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day during which such Default continues; and it shall be lawful for any Justices by whom such Penalty is imposed, if they think fit, to order the whole or any Part thereof to be laid out in executing the Works in respect of which the Penalty is incurred; and in addition to the above Remedy the said General Board may themselves do the Works required by such Notice, and recover from the Company in a summary Manner the Expenses of so doing the same; but any Order made by the General Board in pursuance of this Section may be appealed against, and, on Application by Motion, be set aside or otherwise modified by any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law at Westminster.

XIV. If any Person obstructs any Inspector of the General Penalty on Board of Health in the Inspection of any Dwelling belonging to obstructing the Company, he shall for each Offence incur a Penalty not Inspector. exceeding Five Pounds.

Miscellaneous.

XV. The Provisions of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, Provisions of 1845, with reference to the Purchase of Lands by Agreement, 8&9 Vict.c.18. shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall apply to the Pur-incorporated chase of Land by the Company in pursuance of this Act.

XVI. All Penalties imposed by this Act, or by any Byelaws Recovery of made in pursuance of this Act or of any Act incorporated here- Penalties. with, and all Sums of Money hereby directed to be recovered in a summary Manner, may be recovered in a summary Manner before Two Justices, as directed by an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, Chapter Forty three, intituled An Act to facilitate the 11 & 12 Vict. Performance of the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions c. 43. within England and Wales with respect to summary Convictions and Orders.

XVII. This Act shall not extend to Scotland.

Extent of Act.

SCHEDULE.

Articles of Association of the

Company.

- 1. The Name of the Company shall be the Company.
- Pounds Sect. 6. 2. The Capital of the Company shall be Pounds each. divided into Shares of
- 3. The First Ordinary Meeting of the Company shall be held Sect. 66. Days after the Date of the Incorporation of
- the Company. 4. The Number of Directors shall be ; but Sect. 82. the Company may reduce such Number to any Number not and may increase it to any less than Number not exceeding

5. The 3 G 2

Limited Liability.

Sect. 83.

*Insert Names of Directors.

5. The First Directors of the Company shall be the following Persons; that is to say,*

N.B.—The References in the Margin refer to the Sections of the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845.

C A P. CXXXIII.

An Act for limiting the Liability of Members of certain Joint Stock Companies. [14th August 1855.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient to enable Members of Joint Stock Companies to limit the Liability for the Debts and Engagements of such Companies to which they are now subject: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Mode of obtaining Limited
Liability by
future Companies under
8 Vict. c. 110.

I. Any Joint Stock Company to be formed under the Act of the Eighth Year of Her Majesty, Chapter One hundred and ten, (other than an Assurance Company,) with a Capital to be divided into Shares of a nominal Value not less than Ten Pounds each, may obtain a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability upon complying with the Conditions following, in addition to doing all other Matters and Things now required in order to obtain a Certificate of Complete Registration; that is to say,

(1.) The Promoters shall state on their Returns to the Office for Provisional Registration that such Company is pro-

posed to be formed with Limited Liability:

(2.) The Word "Limited" shall be the last Word of the Name

of the Company:

(3.) The Deed of Settlement shall contain a Statement to the Effect that the Company is formed with Limited Liability:

- (4.) The Deed of Settlement shall be executed by Shareholders, not less than Twenty-five in Number, holding Shares to the Amount in the aggregate of at least Three Fourths of the nominal Capital of the Company, and there shall have been paid up by each of such Shareholders on account of his Shares not less than Twenty Pounds per Centum:
- (5.) The Payment of the above Per-centage shall be acknowledged in or endorsed on the Deed of Settlement, and the Fact of the same having been bona fide so paid shall be verified by a Declaration of the Promoters, or any Two of them, made in pursuance of the Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter Sixty-two:

6 W. 4. c. 62.

And upon such Conditions being complied with, and such other Matters and Things done, the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies shall grant a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability to such Company.

Mode of obtaining Limited Liability by

II. Any Joint Stock Company, except as aforesaid, now or hereafter completely registered under the said Act of the Eighth

Year

Year of Her Majesty, may obtain a Certificate of Complete Regis- Companies now tration with Limited Liability, in manner and subject to the Con- or hereafter dition following; that is to say,

registered.

The Directors of such Company may, with the Consent of at least Three Fourths in Number and Value of its Shareholders who may be present, personally or by Proxy, at any General Meeting summoned for that Purpose, make such Alteration in the Name, nominal Value of Shares, and Deed of Settlement of the Company as may be necessary for enabling it to comply with the Conditions herein-before mentioned with respect to Joint Stock Companies seeking to obtain Certificates of Complete Registration with Limited Liability; and upon Compliance with such Conditions, the Registrar, after the Affairs of the Company shall at the Expense of the Company have been audited by some Person appointed by the Board of Trade, and on Certificate from the said Board that the complete Solvency thereof has been established on such Audit to its Satisfaction, shall grant to such Company, by its new Name, a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability, and thereupon all Privileges and Obligations hereby attached to Companies with Limited Liability, their Shareholders, Directors, and Officers, shall attach to the Company named in such Certificate, its Shareholders Directors, and Officers.

III. Any Joint Stock Company, except as aforesaid, constituted Mode of obtainunder any Private Act of Parliament, whereof it shall be proved ing Limited to the Satisfaction of the Board of Trade, after the Affairs of the Liability by Company shall, at the Expense of the Company, have been existing Comaudited by some Person appointed by the Board of Trade, that the tuted under Prisaid Company is perfectly solvent, and that not less than Twenty vate Acts of per Centum of Three Fourths of the nominal Capital of such Com- Parliament. pany has been paid up, may obtain a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability, in manner and subject to the Condition following; that is to say,

The Directors of such Company may, with the Consent of at least Three Fourths in Number and Value of its Shareholders who may be present, personally or by Proxy, at any General Meeting summoned for that Purpose, make such Alteration in the Name and nominal Value of Shares as may be necessary for enabling it to comply with the Condition in that Behalf herein-before mentioned with respect to Joint Stock Companies seeking to obtain Certificates of Complete Registration with Limited Liability; and upon Compliance with such Condition the Registrar, on Receipt of a Certificate of the Solvency of the Company, and of the Payment of Capital as before mentioned, shall grant to such Company, by its new Name, a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability; and thereupon all Privileges and Obligations hereby attached to Companies with Limited Liability, their Shareholders, Directors, and Officers, shall attach to the Company named in such Certificate, its Shareholders, Directors,

and Officers.

C. 133.

Limited Liability.

Regulations to be observed on Complete Registration with Limited Liability.

Penalties to be inflicted for Non-observance of such Regulations.

IV. Every Company that has obtained a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability shall paint or affix, and shall keep painted or affixed, its Name on the Outside of every Office or Place in which the Business of the Company is carried on, in a conspicuous Position, in Letters easily legible, and shall have its Name engraven in legible Characters on its Seal, and shall have its Name mentioned in legible Characters in all Notices, Advertisements, and other official Publications of such Company, and in all Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Cheques, Orders for Money, Bills of Parcels, Invoices, Receipts, Letters, and other Writings used in the Transaction of the Business of the Company.

V. If such Company do not paint or affix, and keep painted or affixed, its Name, in the Manner aforesaid, each of the Directors thereof shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for not so painting or affixing its Name, and for every Day during which such Name is not so kept painted or affixed; and if any Director or other Officer of the Company, or any Person on its Behalf, use any Seal purporting to be a Seal of the Company whereon its Name is not so engraven as aforesaid, or issue or authorize the Issue of any Notice, Advertisement, or other official Publication of such Company, or of any Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Cheque, Order for Money, Bill of Parcels, Invoice, Receipt, Letter, and other Writing used in the Transaction of the Business of the Company, wherein its Name is not mentioned in the Manner aforesaid, he shall be liable to a Penalty of Fifty Pounds, and shall further be personally liable to the Holder of any such Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Cheque, or Order for Money, for the Amount thereof, unless the same shall be duly paid by the Company.

Every Increase in the nominal Capital to be registered under a Penalty.

VI. No Increase to be made in the nominal Capital of any Company that has obtained a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability shall be advertised or otherwise treated as Part of the Capital of such Company, until it has been registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies; and no such Registration shall be made unless a Deed is produced to the Registrar, executed by Shareholders holding Shares of the nominal Value of not less than Ten Pounds to the Amount in the aggregate of at least Three Fourths of the proposed increased Capital of the Company, nor unless it is proved to the Registrar, by such Acknowledgment and Declaration as herein-after mentioned, that upon each of such Shares there has been paid up by the Holder thereof an Amount of not less than Twenty Pounds per Centum; and if any such Increase of Capital as aforesaid be advertised or otherwise treated as Part of the Capital of the Company before the same has been so registered, every Director of such Company shall incur a Penalty of Fifty Pounds; and the Payment of the above Per-centage shall be acknowledged in or endorsed on the Deed so produced, and the Fact of the same having been bona fide so paid shall be verified by a Declaration of the Directors, or any Two of them, made in pursuance of the said Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, Chapter Sixty-two.

VIL The Members of a Joint Stock Company which has so Members of obtained a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited certificated Liability, after such Certificate is granted, notwithstanding the Companies to Provisions contained in the said Act of the Eighth Year of Her Liability notpresent Majesty, shall not be liable, under any Judgment, Decree, withstanding or Order which shall be obtained against such Company, or for 8 Vict. c. 110. any Debt or Engagement of such Company, further or otherwise than is herein-after provided.

VIII. If any Execution, Sequestration, or other Process in the Effect of Exe-Nature of Execution, either at Law or in Equity, shall have been cution against issued against the Property or Effects of the Company, and if Company. there cannot be found sufficient whereon to levy or enforce such Execution, Sequestration, or other Process, then such Execution, Sequestration, or other Process may be issued against any of the Shareholders to the Extent of the Portions of their Shares respectively in the Capital of the Company not then paid up, but no Shareholder shall be liable to pay in satisfaction of any One or more such Execution, Sequestration, or other Process a greater Sum than shall be equal to the Portion of his Shares not paid up: Provided always, that no such Execution shall issue against any Shareholder except upon an Order of the Court, or of a Judge of the Court, in which the Action, Suit, or other Proceeding shall have been brought or instituted; and such Court or Judge may order Execution to issue accordingly, with the reasonable Costs of such Application, and Execution to be taxed by a Master of the said Court; and for the Purpose of ascertaining the Names of the Shareholders, and the Amount of Capital remaining to be paid upon their respective Shares, it shall be lawful for any Person entitled to any such Execution, at all reasonable Times, to inspect the Register of Shareholders without Fee.

IX. If the Directors of any such Company shall declare and If Dividends be pay any Dividend when the Company is known by them to be made and Corinsolvent, or any Dividend the Payment of which would to their poration insol-Knowledge render it insolvent, they shall be jointly and severally hiable for all the Debts of the Company then existing, and for all ing thereto that shall be thereafter contracted, so long as they shall respec- liable. tively continue in Office; provided that the Amount for which they shall all be so liable shall not exceed the Amount of such Dividend, and that if any of the Directors shall be absent at the Time of making the Dividend, or shall object thereto, and shall file their Objection in Writing with the Clerk of the Company, they

vent, each Director consent-

shall be exempted from the said Liability.

X, No Note or Obligation given by any Shareholder to the Notes of Share-Company whereof he is a Sharcholder, whether secured by any holders not re-Pleage or otherwise, shall be considered as Payment of any Money ceivable in Paydue from him on any Share held by him, and no Loan of Money ment of Calls; hall be made by any such Company to any Shareholder therein; Liability of each Officer consentand if any such Loan shall be made to a Shareholder, the Directors ing to a Loan to who shall make it, or who shall assent thereto, shall be jointly Shareholders. and severally liable to the Extent of such Loan, and Interest for all the Debts of the Company contracted before the Repayment of the Sum so lent.

Rights of Creditors of existing Companies preserved.

XI. Where any Company completely registered under the said Act of the Eighth Year of Her present Majesty, or any Company constituted under any Act of Parliament, shall obtain a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability, the Grant of such Certificate shall not prejudice or affect any Right which previously to the Grant of such Certificate has accrued to any Creditor or other Person against the Company in its Corporate Capacity, or against any Person then being or having been a Member of such Company, but every such Creditor or other Person shall be entitled to all such Remedies against the Company in its Corporate Capacity, and against every Person then being or having been a Member of such Company, as he would have been entitled to in case such Certificate had not been obtained.

Change in the pany under the Act not to affect the Rights of the Company

XII. No Alteration made by virtue of this Act in the Name of Name of a Com- any Company shall prejudice or affect any Right which previously to such Alteration has accrued to such Company as against any other Company or Person, or which has accrued to any other Company or Person as against such Company, but every such Comorother Parties, pany as against any other Company or Person, and every other Company or Person as against such Company and the Members thereof, shall be entitled to all such Remedies as they or he would have been entitled to if no such Alteration had been made; and no such Alteration shall abate or render defective any legal Proceeding pending at the Time when such Alteration is made.

Companies to be dissolved and wound up when Three Fourths of the Capital lost.

XIII. In the Case of any Company which has obtained a Certificate of Limited Liability, whenever, on taking the yearly Accounts of such Company, or by any Report of the Auditors thereof, it appears that Three Fourths of the subscribed Capital Stock of the Company has been lost, or has become unavailable in the Course of Trade, from the Insolvency of Shareholders, or from any other Cause, the Trading and Business of such Company shall forthwith cease, or shall be carried on for the sole Purpose of winding up its Affairs; and the Directors of such Company shall forthwith take proper Steps for the Dissolution of such Company, and for the winding up of its Affairs, either by Petition to the Court of Chancery, or by Exercise of the Powers of the Deed of Settlement, or by such other lawful Course as they may think most fit.

8 Vict. c. 110. s. 38. Auditors to be appointed, subject to Approval of Board of Trade.

XIV. In Cases where a Certificate of Registration with Limited Liability has been obtained, when One Auditor only shall have been appointed under the Thirty-eighth Section of the Act of the Eighth of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and ten, that single Auditor, and when Two or more such Auditors shall have been so appointed, then One of such Auditors, shall be subject to the Approval of the Board of Trade; and such Board in case the Auditor submitted to them for Approval shall for any Reason appear unfit or objectionable, shall appoint another in his Place.

Recovery of Penalties.

XV. Every pecuniary Penalty imposed in pursuance of this Act shall be deemed a Debt due to the Crown, and shall be recoverable accordingly.

Act to be taken as Part of

XVI. This Act shall, so far as is consistent with the Contents and Subject Matter thereof, be taken as Part of and construed

with the said Act of the Eighth Year of Her present Majesty, 7 & 8 Vict. Chapter One hundred and ten, and the Act of the Eleventh Year c. 110. and of Her Majesty, Chapter Seventy-eight; and all the Provisions of 11 & 12 Vict. the said Acts, save in so far as they are varied by this Act, shall c. 78. apply to Persons and Companies applying for or obtaining a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability.

XVII. The Provisions of the Act of the Eighth Year of Her Provisions of present Majesty, Chapter One hundred and eleven, and of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Act, 1848, and of the Joint and 12 & 18 Vict. Stock Companies Winding-up Amendment Act, 1849, shall apply to Persons and Companies obtaining a Certificate of Complete Registration with Limited Liability, subject only to such Variations as may be occasioned by the Provisions of this Act.

c. 108. to apply to this Act.

Act not to apply

XVIII. This Act shall not apply to Scotland.

to Scotland.

XIX. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The Limited Short Title. Liability Act, 1855."

C A P. CXXXIV.

An Act to make further Provision for the more speedy and efficient Despatch of Business in the High Court of Chancery, and to vest in the Lord Chancellor the Ground and Buildings of the said Court situate in Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, with Powers of leasing and Sale thereof. [14th August 1855.]

WHEREAS, for the Prevention of Delays and Inconveniences in the carrying on of such Portion of the Business of the ' High Court of Chancery as is transacted by the Master of the Rolls and the Vice Chancellors respectively sitting at Chambers, it is requisite that an Addition to the Number of Junior Clerks ' attached to the Courts of the said Judges respectively should be forthwith made, and a further like Addition may hereafter become necessary: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Junior Clerk to each Chief Clerk may be appointed.

I. It shall be lawful for the Master of the Rolls and every of the Additional Vice Chancellors to appoint forthwith after the passing of this Act One additional Junior Clerk to each of their respective Chief Clerks, and for the Master of the Rolls and the Vice Chancellors for the Time being respectively to fill up from Time to Time such Vacancies as may occur in the respective Offices of the Junior Clerks so appointed.

II. Such of the Provisions contained in the Sections num- Duties, &c. of bered respectively XIX., XX., XXII., XXIII., XXIV., XLIV., the Junior and XLV. of the Act, intituled An Act to abolish the Office of Clerks under Master in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, and to make Provision for the more speedy and efficient Despatch of Business in the said Court, passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, 15 & 16 Vict. (Chapter Eighty,) as relate to the Removal from Office, striking off the Rolls, Tenure of Office, Attendances, Duties, Prohibitions, Prosecutions,

c. 80. applicable in part to them.

Prosecutions, Penalties and Punishments, Salaries and Amoutics of and respecting the Junior Clerks by the same Act authorized to be appointed, are hereby extended and applied to and in the Case of the Junior Clerks to be appointed under this Act.

Lord Chancellor may increase Salaries of Chief Clerks. III. That notwithstanding anything in the Master in Chancery Abolition Act, of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Victoria, Chapter Eighty, to the contrary, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor, if he shall so think fit, upon the Certificate therein mentioned to order and direct the Salaries of the present Chief Clerks appointed thereunder to be increased to the full Amount authorized by the said Act, as from the Second Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

Salaries of Junior Clerks may be apportioned among them. IV. Notwithstanding anything in the said Act or this Act contained concerning the Salaries to be paid to the Junior Clerks respectively, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor to apportion from Time to Time the aggregate Amount of the Salaries which the Junior Clerks to any one Chief Clerk shall for the Time being be entitled collectively to receive, to and between the same Junior Clerks, in such Proportion and Manner as the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Judge to whose Court such Chief Clerk shall be attached, may think fit, but so nevertheless that the apportioned Part which shall be directed to be paid to any Person appointed to the Office of Junior Clerk before the passing of this Act shall not at any Time be of less Amount than the Salary to which he would have been at that Time entitled if this Act had not been passed.

'And whereas better Provision is required for the due Despatch of the Business now transacted in the Report Office of the Court of Chancery: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

Office of Master of Reports and Entries aboliahed from first Vacancy. V. The Office of Master of Reports and Entries shall be and the same is hereby abolished from the first Occurrence of a Vacancy therein after the passing of this Act, or from such other Period before the Occurrence of a Vacancy as the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls, may by Order direct.

Report Office to be thenceforth under Superintendence of Clerks of Records and Writs, the Entering Clerks to be under that of the Senior Registrar.

VI. From and after the Time when such Abolition shall take effect, the Business of the Report Office (except such Part thereof as is transacted by the Entering Clerks) shall be conducted and carried on under the Superintendence, Direction, and Control of the Clerks of Records and Writs, who shall thenceforth discharge all such Duties relative to the Report Office as may then belong to the Office of the Master of Reports and Entries, as far as the same may be from Time to Time necessary or proper to be discharged; and such Part of the Business of the Report Office as is transacted by the Entering Clerks shall be conducted and carried on by such Entering Clerks (who shall be thenceforth styled "The Entering Clerks to the Registrars") under the Superintendence, Direction, and Control of the Senior Registrar for the Time being, subject nevertheless, as to all and every Part of the Business now transacted in the Report Office, to such Rules and Regulations as the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and A asistance

Assistance of the Master of the Rolls, may from Time to Time

think fit by Order to make concerning the same.

VII. The Provision contained in the Section numbered XXIX, Repeal of Part of the Act, intituled An Act for the Relief of the Suitors of the of 15 & 16 Vict. High Court of Chancery, passed in the Session of Parliament c. 87.8, 29. holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty (Chapter Eighty-seven), directing that the Duties of the Clerk of Reports (whose Office was before by the same Act abolished) should be performed by such Person or Persons as the Lord Chancellor should appoint for that Purpose, and providing for his or their Salary or Salaries, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, without Prejudice, nevertheless, to any Appointment already made under the same Provision.

VIII. The Offices of the Two Clerks appointed under the last- Number, &c. of mentioned Provision to perform the Duties of the Clerk of Reports Clerks in Reshall be continued under this Act, and upon any Vacancy in port Office. either of those Offices it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor. to fill up the Vacancy; and if and when the Lord Chancellor. with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls, shall deem the Appointment of more than Two Persons to be requisite for the due Performance of the Duties of the Clerk of Reports or otherwise for the due Despatch of the Business of the Report Office, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor to appoint from Time to Time, in addition to such Two Clerks and their Successors as aforesaid, so many Clerks of and in the Report Office as Occasion may require and the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance last aforesaid, may direct, and from Time to Time to fill up all or any of the Vacancies which may occur in the Offices of the Clerks so appointed in addition as aforesaid.

IX. Nothing in this Act contained shall be taken to repeal or Provision realter, as far as regards James Thomas Fry, the present Master of specting other Reports and Entries, any of the Provisions contained in the Sections numbered respectively XXXIV., XXXV., and XXXVI. of the said Act " for the Relief of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery," relating to the countersigning by the Master of Reports and Entries of Notes or Cheques drawn by the Accountant General present Master. of the Court of Chancery upon the Bank of England, and the 15 & 16 Viet. Payment thereof by the same Bank, and directing that the Master of Reports and Entries should also perform all such other Duties (as well as the Duties in the same Act mentioned) as the Lord Chancellor should from Time to Time by any Order direct, and the same Provisions shall respectively continue in full Force as far as regards the said James Thomas Fry, and the Lord Chancellor is hereby required to continue the said James Thomas Fry as an Officer of the Court of Chancery for the Performance of the Duties herein-before mentioned, or such other Duties as aforesaid, after and notwithstanding that the Abolition of the said Office may have taken effect under this Act.

X. As long as the said James Thomas Fry shall continue to Provision for perform or shall be ready and willing to perform any Duty now Continuance of belonging to the Office of Master of Reports and Entries, or any Duty Present Master's Salary.

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Duties of the Master of Reports and Entries not repealed as to c. 87. ss. 34., 35.,

Duty which under the last-mentioned Provision he may be directed by the Lord Chancellor to perform, he shall continue to be entitled to receive the Salary attached to the Office of Master of Reports and Entries as if this Act had not been passed.

Additional
Salary to present Clerks of
Records and
Writs in certain
Cases.

XI. In case, upon the Abolition of the Office of the Master of Reports and Entries taking effect, any of the Persons now respectively holding the Offices of Clerks of Records and Writs shall be required under this Act to discharge the Duties of the Office of the Master of Reports and Entries, or any of them, and the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls, shall deem the Duties then devolving upon the said Persons to be too extensive in proportion to their present Salaries, they respectively may receive, in addition to their respective Salaries as Clerks of Records and Writs, such Salaries, not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred Pounds per Annum each, as the Lord Charcellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls. shall by Order direct; but such additional Salaries shall cease in the event of the Vacancy now existing being filled up by the Appointment of a Fourth Clerk of Records and Writs, or in the event of the said Persons now respectively holding the Offices of Clerks of Records and Writs being relieved from the Duties of the Office of Master of Reports and Entries.

Salaries of the Clerks in the Report Office. XII. The Two Clerks already appointed and the Clerks who may be hereafter appointed to perform the Duties of the Clerk of Reports or to act in the Report Office shall respectively be entitled under this Act to receive such Salaries as the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls, shall from Time to Time by Order direct, but so that the whole Amount payable for all such Salaries shall not in any One Year exceed the Sum which, if equally divided between or among all such Clerks for the Time being, would admit of a Salary of Two hundred and fifty Pounds for each of them.

Power to Lord Chancellor to grant Retiring Allowance to Alexander McKean.

XIII. 'And whereas Alexander McKean, One of the Two ' Persons already appointed by the Lord Chancellor under the ' Provision herein-before mentioned to perform the Duties of the 'Clerk of Reports, has been employed as a Clerk or as a Writer in the Report Office for a Period of Twenty-five Years in the whole, and had been employed previously thereto as a Writer attached to the Registrars Office of the Court of Chancery for a Period of Thirteen Years, and he is now of the Age of Sixtyseven Years, and is no longer capable of discharging efficiently ' the Duties which have been hitherto assigned to him in the ' Report Office: And whereas under the Circumstances aforesaid it is desirable that the Lord Chancellor should be empowered to ' order a suitable Retiring Allowance to be paid to the said Alex-' ander McKean on his ceasing to be employed in the Report 'Office:' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor by Order to direct that, from and after the said Alexander McKean ceasing to be employed in the Report Office, there shall be paid to him during his Life such Retiring Allowance, not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds per Annum.

Annum, as the Lord Chancellor shall think fit, upon such Terms and Conditions, if any, as the Lord Chancellor may in such Order think fit to annex thereto.

XIV. All Salaries given under this Act shall grow due and be How Salaries, payable in such Manner, at such Times, to such Parties, and out Compensations, of such Fund, as are in the Section numbered XLVIII. of the &c. to be paid. said Act "for the Relief of the Suitors of the High Court of 15 & 16 Vict. Chancery" mentioned respecting Salaries under that Act, and 50. such Retiring Allowance as may be ordered to be paid to the said Alexander McKean under this Act, shall grow due and be payable in such Manner, at such Times, to such Parties, and out of such Interest and Dividends as are in the Section numbered L. of the same Act mentioned respecting Retiring Allowances under that Act, subject nevertheless to the Payment of all such Salaries and other Sums of Money as are now payable out of such Fund, Interest, and Dividends respectively.

XV. If any Person shall wilfully take or make any false Oath, Persons taking Affirmation, or Declaration before any Solicitor authorized as in false Oaths bethe Act of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of fore Solicitors Her present Majesty, Chapter Seventy-eight, is mentioned, such appointed under this and recited Person shall be subject to all the Pains and Penalties of Perjury, Acts guilty of whether the same Oath, Affirmation, or Declaration shall or shall Perjury. not have been taken or made at a Place at which, under the Provisions of the said last-mentioned Act, the same Oath, Affirmation, or Declaration might lawfully be taken or made; but every Solicitor before whom any Oath, Affirmation, or Declaration shall be taken or made under the last-mentioned Act shall state truly in the Jurat or Attestation at what Place the same Oath, Affirmation, or Declaration has been taken or made.

XVI. 'And whereas by divers Acts of Parliament the Court of Business which 'Chancery is empowered to make Orders in respect of the Dispo- Court is emsition of Trust Funds, and other Matters under its Jurisdiction. powered to disupon Petition presented or Motion made in a summary Way, pose of ma summary Way, ' without Bill, but such Orders cannot be made in respect of the may be dis-' same Matters upon Application at Chambers:' Be it therefore posed of at enacted, That the Business to be disposed of by the Master of the Chambers. Rolls and the Vice Chancellors respectively while sitting at Chambers shall comprise such of the Matters in respect of which the Court of Chancery is so as aforesaid empowered to make Orders in a summary Way as the Lord Chancellor, with the Advice and Assistance of the Master of the Rolls and the Vice Chancellors or of any Two of them, may by any General Order direct. 'And whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of

the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third (Chapter ' Forty-two), intituled An Act to empower the High Court of 32 G. 3. c. 42. Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Suitors Money upon ' proper Securities, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expenses of the Office of the Accountant General, and for building Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and a Publick Office for the Suitors of the said Court, and

Offices for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunaticks, and for building Repositories for securing the Title Deeds of the Suitors

of the said Court and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunaticks, it was enacted (amongst ' other things) that out of the common and general Cash belonging to the Suitors of the Court of Chancery which then lay or should thereafter lie dead and unemployed in the Bank of Eng-' land, a Sum not exceeding Three hundred thousand Pounds should, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court to be made for that Purpose, be placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court on Government or Parlis-6 mentary Securities, and should be carried to an Account of 'Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the ' Suitors of the High Court of Chancery; and further, that out of the Interest and Dividends of the Securities so to be purchased ' as aforesaid there should be paid (amongst other Sums) such ' Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, as the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain or ' the Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being should by any Order or Orders of the Court of Chancery direct to be applied in purchasing Ground for and in building and completing the Offices and Repositories therein-after directed to be built and completed, and in paying the other Expenses relating to the ' Execution of the Act now in recital not otherwise provided for, ' and such further Sum and Sums of Money, either yearly or in gross, as should be necessary for (amongst other Purposes) keeping the same Offices and Repositories in repair and insured from ' Fire; and further, that under the Direction of the Lord High ' Chancellor of Great Britain or the Lord Keeper or Lords Com-' missioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain ' for the Time being, by any Order or Orders of the Court of 'Chancery to be made for that Purpose, proper and convenient ' Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery and their Clerks, and for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics and their ' Clerks, and safe and secure Repositories for the Deeds, Books, ' Papers, and Writings of and belonging to the Suitors of the ' said Court delivered or to be delivered to the Masters, and the ' Records, Proceedings, Deeds, Books, Papers, and Writings deli-' vered or to be delivered to or left in the Custody of the Secre-' taries of Bankrupts and Lunatics respectively, together with a ' Public Office for the Suitors of the said Court in the Stead or ' Place of the then present Public Office, should be built and ' made fit for the Reception of the said Masters and Secretaries, ' and the Transaction of their respective Business therein, and ' that for those Purposes a proper Piece of Ground should be pur-'chased, and such Houses or Buildings as might be upon such ' Ground, and that the Ground and Houses so to be purchased should be from Time to Time conveyed to and the same were ' thereby declared to be vested in His then Majesty, His Heirs ' and Successors, for the Purposes of the same Act; and further, ' that it should be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great ' Britain or the Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners for the ' Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being, fr-m

from Time to Time by any Order of the Court of Chancery, to apply such Sum or Sums of Money as should be necessary in keeping the said Offices and Repositories so to be built and completed as aforesaid in good and sufficient Repair, and in insuring the same from Damage by Fire; and in the Act now in recital was contained a Proviso, and it was thereby further enacted and declared, that if at any Time thereafter the whole or any Part of the Money thereby directed or authorized to be placed out as aforesaid should be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Suitors of the said Court of Chancery, then and in such 'Case the said Court might and should direct the same or any ' Part thereof to be called in, or the Securities in which the same ' should be placed to be disposed of, in order that the Suitors of ' the said Court might at all Times be paid their respective Demands out of the common and general Cash belonging to such Suitors: And whereas, under the Authority and for the Purposes of the same Act, and by means of the Monies thereby provided, a piece of Ground situate in Southampton Buildings, ' Chancery Lane, in the County of Middlesex, has been purchased, ' and a Building has been erected on Part thereof and kept in repair and insured, in which are or lately were placed the Offices of the Masters and the other Offices and Repositories in the same Act mentioned: And whereas by the first-mentioned Act 15 & 16 Vict. of Her present Majesty (in the Section numbered LI.) it was c. 80. s. 51. enacted as follows: "Such of the Masters Offices in South-" "ampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, as shall not be assigned "by the Lord Chancellor as Chambers for the Master of the "Rolls and Vice Chancellors respectively, or shall not be re-"quired for the Masters, shall be appropriated to any other "Purposes connected with the Court of Chancery as the Lord "Chancellor may from Time to Time direct, or the same may "be let as Chambers and the Rent thereof paid to the Suitors " Fund; and when all the Masters have resigned, died, or have " been released under this Act, the Offices may be sold by Order " of the Lord Chancellor, and the Proceeds of such Sale paid to "the Suitors Fund, in such Manner and to such particular "Account as the Lord Chancellor shall by any Order direct; " and it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor by any Order to "direct that the Premises so to be sold and the Fee Simple and "Inheritance thereof shall vest in the Purchaser or Purchasers. "of the same, his or their Heirs and Assigns, or as he or they " shall direct, and such Order shall have the Effect of vesting "the same accordingly, without any Conveyance or other Assu-"rance from Her Majesty in whom the same are now vested by "virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign " of King George the Third, Chapter Forty-two: And whereas fuller Powers than those given by the last-recited Enactment are ' requisite for enabling the Lord Chancellor to let, sell, or dispose of the Masters Offices therein mentioned, and it is desirable that ' the like Powers should extend not only over the said Masters Offices, but also over the whole of the Ground acquired under

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Despatch of Business, Court of Chancery.

' the said Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, and of ' the Building already erected on Part thereof, and such other

'Buildings as may be hereafter erected thereon: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

Repeal of s. 51. of 15 & 16 Vict. c. 80. The Ground

and Buildings vested in the Lord Chancellor in trust.

XVII. The last-recited Enactment is hereby repealed.

XVIII. The said Piece of Ground situate in Southampton Buildings aforesaid, and the Building now being thereon, with their and every of their Rights, Members, and Appurtenances, are hereby conveyed to and vested in the Right Honourable Robert Monsey Baron Cranworth, the now Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, to hold the same Premises to him and his Successors in that Office for ever, in as full and ample a Manner as the same are now vested in Her Majesty the Queen by force of the said Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, in trust, nevertheless, for the Purposes of the same Act, or such of the same Purposes as are now capable of taking effect, and are not inconsistent with the Purposes of this Act, and, subject thereto, for the Uses of the Court of Chancery and the Purposes of this Act.

Power of leasing.

XIX. It shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor from Time to Time to demise or let all or any Part of the said Piece of Ground, and with or without the same all or any Part of the Buildings for the Time being erected thereon, for such Consideration, to such Person or Persons, for such Period, subject to such Rent, Covenants, and Conditions, and in such Manner and Form as the Lord Chancellor shall from Time to Time think fit.

Power of Sale.

XX. It shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor from Time to Time to sell and absolutely dispose of all or any Part of the said Piece of Ground, and with or without the same all or any Part of the Buildings for the Time being erected thereon, upon such Terms and in such Manner as he shall think fit.

Power to vest the Ground. &c. in a Purchaser.

XXI. For effectuating any such Sale as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor by any Order to direct that the said Piece of Ground and the Buildings for the Time being erected thereon, or such Part thereof respectively as shall be comprised in the Sale, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, shall vest in the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, his or their Heirs and Assigns, or as he or they shall direct; and any such Order shall have the Effect of vesting the same accordingly, without any Conveyance or other Assurance whatsoever.

Application of the Rents, Purchase Monies, &c.

XXII. The Rents, Purchase Monies, and other Monies which shall be payable upon or in respect of any such Demise, Letting, or Sale as aforesaid shall be respectively paid by such Person, and in such Manner as the Lord Chancellor shall from Time to Time direct, into the Bank of England, with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to such Account or Accounts already opened or to be opened as the Lord Chancellor shall from Time to Time direct; and thereupon such Rents, Purchase Monies, and other Monics respectively shall become and be dealt with as Part of the respective Funds (if any) theretofore standing to such Account or Accounts as aforesaid, or be other-

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wise subject to the Order of the Lord Chancellor for the Benefit of the Suitors of the said Court, according to the said Provision contained in the said Act of His late Majesty King George the Third respecting the Money thereby directed or authorized to be placed out as aforesaid.

XXIII. In this Act the Expression "the Lord Chancellor" "The Lord shall be construed to mean the Lord High Chancellor of Great Chancellor." Britain for the Time being, and to include or be applicable to the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of the United Kingdom for the Time being.

LOCAL ACTS.

Cap. i.

A N Act to amend "The Pudesy Gas Act, 1845," and to enable the Company thereby incorporated to raise a further Sum of Money.

[26th April 1855.]

[Capital, £48,000, with Power to borrow £20,000, §§ 17 and 25.]

Cap. ii.

An Act for incorporating the Woolwich, Plumstead, and Charlton Consumers Gas Company. [26th April 1855.]

[Capital, £24,000, with Power to borrow £6,000, §§ 16 and 20. Saving Rights of Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, § 36.]

Cap. iii.

An Act to enable the *Cambridge* University and Town Waterworks Company to raise further Money. [26th *April* 1855.]

[Additional Capital, £7,500, with Power to borrow One Third of Capital created by this Act, §§ 2 and 10.]

Cap. iv.

An Act to enable the *Taunton* Gaslight and Coke Company to raise a further Sum of Money, and for other Purposes.

[26th April 1855.]

[Additional Capital, £14,000, with Power to borrow £2,600, §§ 2 and 10.]

Cap. v.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Wye at a Place called Hoarwithy Ferry, in the Parishes of Hentland and King's Caple in the County of Hereford, and for making convenient Approaches thereto. [26th April 1855.]

[Capital, £4,000, § 4. Power to borrow £2,000, § 7. Power to purchase "Hoarwithy Ferry," § 29. Penalty for crossing the River within 1,000 Yards of the Bridge, § 45. When Debt paid off and Shares cancelled, Powers of Act, under certain Circumstances, to cease, § 58.]

Cap. vi.

An Act to transfer to the Corporation of the Town of Brighton the Property, Powers, Privileges, and Liabilities of the Brighton Improvement Commissioners. [5th May 1855.]

[Cesser of Commissioners acting under 13 Vict. c.v. § 1. Appointment of Town Corporation as Commissioners for carrying into execution Provisions of 6 Geo. 4. c. clxxix. and 13 Vict. c.v. Transfer of Property to Commissioners, but without Prejudice to Corporate Powers, § 2.]

Cap. vii.

- An Act for granting further Powers to the Folkestone Waterworks 5th May 1855. Company.
- Power to contract for Purchase of additional Lands, § 3. Additional Capital, £6,000, § 4. Power to borrow £2,000, § 13.]

Cap. viii.

- An Act for more effectually lighting with Gas the Town of Stalybridge and the Neighbourhood thereof in the Counties of Chester and Lancaster and in the West Riding of the County of [5th *May* 1855.] York.
- [Capital, £20,000, § 14. Power to raise £30,000 by new Shares, § 21. Power to borrow £10,000, § 27. Power to re-borrow, § 28. Power to purchase Lands, § 32. Saving of Rights, § 39.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for supplying with Gas the Townships of Ossett-cum-Gawthorpe in the Parish of Dewsbury, and Horbury in the Parish of Wakefield, all in the West Riding of the County of York. [5th May 1855.]

[Capital, £12,000, Power to borrow £3,000, §§ 6 and 8.]

Cap. x.

An Act for enabling the Monmouthshire Railway and Canal Company to raise further Capital, and for other Purposes.

[5th May 1855.]

Power to raise £202,500 by new Shares, § 3. Power to borrow £67,500, § 12.]

Cap. xi.

- An Act for constructing a Railway from Bridport to Maiden Newton, on the Wilts, Somerset, and Weymouth Railway, in the County of Dorset. [5th May 1855.]
- [Capital, £65,000, Power to borrow £21,600, §§ 4 and 7. Rights of Great Western Railway Company, § 51.7

Cap. xii.

- An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of the Act relating to the Ratcliff Gaslight and Coke Company. [5th May 1855.]
- [Capital, £100,000, § 22. Power to borrow £20,000, § 25. Saving Rights of Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, § 40.]

Cap. xiii.

- An Act to enable the Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Company to raise additional Capital; and for other [5th May 1855.] Purposes.
- [Additional Capital, £150,000, Power to borrow £160,000, §§ 2 and 10.]

Cap. xiv.

An Act for merging the Sheffield Gas Consumers Company in the Sheffield United Gaslight Company, and for other Purposes. [5th May 1855.]

[Capital, £264,984, § 29. Power to borrow £80,000, § 48. Saving Rights of Corporation, Improvement Commissioners, Waterworks Company, and the Duke of Norfolk, §§ 107 to 109.]

Cap. xv.

An Act to authorize the Glossop Gas Company to raise Money, and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Power to raise £18,000 by new Shares, Power to borrow £7,000, §§ 2 and 10.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act to enable the South-eastern Railway Company to raise a further Sum of Money, and to create Preferential Stock, for the Purpose of paying off their Mortgage Debt. [25th May 1855.]

[Power to raise additional Capital, £500,000, by new Shares or borrowing, § 2. Amount borrowed not to exceed One Third of Capital, § 6.]

Cap. xvii.

An Act for making a Railway from the Midland Railway in the Parish of Cam in the County of Gloucester to the Town of Dursley. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £12,000, Power to borrow £4,000, §§ 5 and 10. Power to Earl Fitzhardinge to require Removal of Persons appointed to superintend Railway in his Estate, § 29.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act to enable the *Belfast and County Down* Railway Company to extend their Railway in the County of *Down*.

[25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £500,000, Power to borrow £166,666, §§ 15 and 20. Saving Rights of Commissioners of Donaghadee Harbour, § 28. Plans to be deposited with Admiralty, § 29. Works not to be constructed across River Quoile, or altered, without Consent of Admiralty, § 30. Admiralty may order local Survey at Expense of Company, § 31. Board of Trade may require a double Line of Rails to be laid down, § 35.]

Cap. xix.

An Act to grant further Powers to "The Colchester, Stour Valley, Sudbury, and Halstead Railway Company."

[25th May 1855.]

Cap. xx.

An Act to enable the *Heywood* Waterworks Company to extend their Undertaking, and to increase their Capital.

[25th May 1855.]

[Additional Capital, £22,000, § 20. Power to borrow, § 26. Power to Justices to repair Reservoirs and to direct the Water to be lowered in certain Cases, § 53. Power to Company to appeal, § 54. Working of Mines of James Dearden, Esg., § 58.

Protection of Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company, § 159. Saving Rights of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company, § 60.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for enabling the Grand Junction Waterworks Company to raise further Capital, and for other Purposes.

[25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £700,000, § 5. Power to raise £200,000 by new Shares, § 6. Power to borrow £150,000, § 16. Saving Rights of Bishop of London, § 23.

Cap. xxii.

An Act to re-incorporate *Price's Patent Candle Company*, and to extend its Powers. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £1,000,000, § 21. Power to borrow £100,000, § 26. Saving the Rights of Charles Humfrey under Indenture of 17th April 1844, § 44.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act to enable the South Wales Mineral Railway Company to grant a Lease of their Undertaking. [25th May 1855.]

[Railway Company empowered to lease their Undertaking to the Glyncorrug Coal Company, § 1. Leases not to affect Third Parties, § 4.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for enabling the Southwark and Vauxhall Water Company to raise additional Capital, and for other Purposes.

[25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £900,000, § 10. Power to raise £288,500 by new Shares, § 11; Part of which, viz., £150,000, may be borrowed, § 21.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act to empower the Vale of Neath Railway Company to raise further Money for the Purposes of their Undertaking.

[25th May 1855.]

[Additional Capital, £120,000, by new Shares, § 2. Power to borrow £40,000, § 11.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act to incorporate the Woolwich Equitable Gas Company, and to enable them to raise further Money; and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £48,000, § 18. Power to raise additional Capital, £30,190, § 22. Power to borrow £12,000, § 26.

Cap. xxvii.

An Act to enable the *Torquay* Market Company to raise a further Sum of Money, to sell or lease their Undertaking, and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Additional Capital, £3,000, § 24. Company to pay off £1,000 out of First Monies raised, § 30. Power to enlarge Market Place, § 33. Restriction as to Sale, § 35; of Fish, § 38. Slaughter-houses, §§ 39, 40, 44, and 46. Saving Rights of Lords of Manors, § 52; and of Board of Health, § 53.]

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Cap. xxviii.

An Act to extend the Great North of Scotland Railway from Huntly to Keith. [25th May 1855.]

[If Railway not completed and opened for public Traffic within Five Years, Dividends to be suspended, § 12.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act to enable the *Chesterfield* Waterworks and Gaslight Company to extend their Undertaking; and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Style of new Company, "The Chesterfield Waterworks and Gaslight Company," § 2. Capital, § 13. Power to create new Stock of £8,000, to bear a perpetual Dividend of Five per Cent., § 14. Power to raise new Capital, £20,000, § 15. Power to borrow £10,500, § 18. Compensation to the Duke of Devonshire, § 22. Completion of Works, § 23.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for making a Railway from the Town of Jedburgh to the Kelso Branch of the North British Railway at or near the Roxburgh Station, and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £35,000, § 5. Power to borrow £11,500, § 7. Junction with Kelso Branch, § 23. North British Railway not to be interfered with except by Consent, § 24. Certain Roads to be crossed on a Level, § 25. Conveyance of Feu Right of Part of Roxburgh Glebe, § 29. Arrangement with North British Railway, § § 43 to 47.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for constructing a Market House, Market Place, and other Buildings for public Accommodation at *Bangor* in the County of *Carnarvon*, and for the better Regulation and Maintenance of the Markets there, and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £7,000, § 7. Power to borrow £2,000, § 9. Works, § 16. Compensation to Bishop of Bangor, Owner of Tolls, § 19.]

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for more effectually supplying with Gas the Parish of Rotherham and certain Places adjacent thereto in the West Riding of the County of York. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, § 14. Additional Capital, £20,000, § 20. Saving of Rights, § 42. Company may sell their Undertaking to Local Board, § 43. South Yorkshire Railway and River Dun Company not prevented from executing Works, § 66; but not to interfere with Gas Company, § 67.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act for better enabling the Medical, Invalid, and General Life
Assurance Society to sue and be sued, and for other Purposes
with relation to the Society. [25th May 1855.]

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Birmingham Waterworks to construct new Waterworks; and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £420,000, § 18. Power to borrow £105,000, § 34. Power to divert Water; Reservoir not to be within Fifty Yards

of River Blythe; Deposit of Earth, &c. restricted; Saving of Mr. Dugdale's Rights, except as to Two Cottages, §§ 51 to 54. Aqueduct at Salford Bridge, § 55. No Interference with Birmingham Canal Navigations, §§ 56 to 59. Breaking up certain Turnpike Roads, § 60. No Interference with Culverts under Tame Valley Canal, § 62. Perry Barr Mill, &c. to be removed, § 63. No Buildings to be erected on Perry Hall Estate, § 64. Saving of Rights of Sir Thomas Gooch, Bart., § 68. Limits of Act for Water Supply, § 80.]

Cap. XXXV.

An Act for extending the Powers of the Plymouth and Stonehouse Gaslight and Coke Company; and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]

[Capital, £75,000, § 20. Power to borrow £20,000, § 37.]

Cap. xxxvi.

- An Act for paving, draining, cleansing, lighting, and otherwise improving the District of Saint Mark, Surbiton, in the Parish of Kingston-upon-Thames in the County of Surrey; and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. c. 18., 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16., and Parts of 10 & 11 Vict. cc. 34. and 89. incorporated with this Act, § 1. Provisions for protecting London and South-western Railway, §§ 28 to 32. Extension of Sect. 31. of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34., § 34. Extending Sect. 53. of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34., § 35. Provisions as to Turnpike Roads within District, §§ 39 to 44. Transferring to Commissioners Powers of Inspectors of Lighting under 3 & 4 Will. 4. c. 90. § 64.]

Cap. xxxvii.

- An Act to incorporate the Stourbridge Gas Company, and to enable them to light with Gas the Town of Stourbridge in Worcesterskire and other Places. [25th May 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18., and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £12,000, § 8. Power to borrow, § 16. Saving Rights of Commissioners under 6 Geo. 4. c. xix., § 29.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act to enable the East Indian Railway Company to issue and register Shares and Securities in India; and for other Purposes in relation to such Company. [25th May 1855.]

[Recital of 12 & 13 Vict. c. xciii., § 1.]

Cap. xxxix.

- An Act for authorizing the Sale of the *Uxbridge* Burgage Lands, and directing the Application of the Proceeds thereof, and for other Purposes. [25th May 1855.]
- [Recital of 51 Geo. 8. c. 66. Trustees to sell Trust Lands, § 3.

 Time and Mode of Sale, § 4. Application of Money by Trustees, § 7; by Local Board, § 10.]

Cap. xl.

An Act to enable the *Mudras* Railway Company. to issue and register Shares and Securities in *India*, and for other Purposes in relation to such Company. [15th June 1855.]

[Board of Directors may establish Offices in India for Issue and Registration of Shares, § 1; and appoint Persons to issue Shares, § 2.]

Cap. xli.

An Act to enable the Corporation of Newport in Monmouthshire to purchase the Interest of the Freemen in Newport Marshes, and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Newport Marshes vested absolutely in Corporation, § 2. Saving Rights of certain Freemen of the Borough, § 5. Annuity charged on Borough Fund, § 6. Corporation may borrow on Security of Borough Fund, § 12.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act to amend "The Lancaster Waterworks and Gas Act, 1852," and to raise an additional Sum of Money for the Purposes of the said Act; and for other Purposes.

[15th June 1855.]

[Local Board of Health to raise £20,000, § 1. Power to borrow to pay off Mortgages, § 7. Part of Sect. 18. of 15 & 16 Vict. c. lxvii. repealed as to Waterclosets, § 8. Sect. 19. of 15 & 16 Vict. c. lxvii. repealed, § 12. Power to Corporation, with Sanction of Treasurer, to lend Money to Local Board of Health, § 14. Saving Rights of R. Garnett, § 15; and of Crown and Duchy of Lancaster, § 16.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act to amend the Provisions and extend the Limits of the Act relating to the Over Darwen Gaslight Company.

[15th June 1855.]

[2 & 3 Vict. c. lxxx. repealed, § 1. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18., and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated with this Act, § 4. Capital, £60,000, § 15. Power to borrow £10,000, § 24.]

Cap. xliv.

An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the City of *Manchester* to make a new Street from *Manchester* across the River *Irwell* into *Salford*; and authorizing Arrangements with the Corporation of *Salford* in reference thereto; and for other Purposes.

[15th June 1855.]

[Council to execute Act, § 3. May make Contracts, &c. § § 5 and 6; and issue Notices, § 7. Power to make new Street according to deposited Plans, § 9. Errors corrected by Justices, § 10. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 13. Corporation not to take "New Botany Warehouse," § 14. Regulating Construction of Bridge over the Irwell, § § 15 and 16. Regulations respecting River Irwell, § § 17, and 19 to 21. Saving of Rights of Merry and Irwell Navigation, § 22. Respecting new Street, § § 24 to 26.]

Cap. xlv.

An Act to extend the Limits of the Borough of Kingston-upon-Thames, and to provide for the better paving, lighting, draining, and otherwise improving the said Borough; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Inhabitants of Borough, as extended, incorporated, § 5. Constitution of Council of Borough, § 9. Qualification of Burgesses and Division of Borough, § § 10 to 12. Proceedings as to Burgess Lists, § § 13 to 17. Burgess Roll, § 18. As to Election of Officers, § § 19 to 25. 13 Geo. 3. c. lxi. repealed, § 27. Property secured to Corporation, § 28. Continuing Liability of old Corporation and Trustees, § 35. Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. as to Contracts incorporated, § 39. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 41. Construction of Terms in 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34., § 66. Corporation may borrow £5,000 on Credit of Highway, Lighting, and General Improvement Rate, § 76. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 89. incorporated, § 80. Saving of Rights of Mayor, &c. as Lords of Manor, § 89.]

Cap. xlvi.

An Act for extending the Powers of The Plymouth Great Western Dock Company, and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Power to raise £96,000, § 2. Saving of Rights of Duchy of Cornwall, § 8.]

Cap. xlvii.

An Act to authorize the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of *Oldham* to construct additional Waterworks; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Parts of 6 Geo. 4. c. exci. and 16 & 17 Vict. c. xlii. repealed, § 3. Part of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 6. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 9. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 17. Part of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. applied to this Act, § 19. For the Protection of Property of John Shelton, § 38. Intended Road not to interfere with Supply of Water to Ogden Mill, § 43. Limitation of Higher Ogden Conduit, § 45. Sect. 58. of 16 & 17 Vict. c. xlii. repealed; but Corporation may grant gratuitous Supplies of Gas and Water for public Purposes, § 60. Power to borrow £140,000, § 61. Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. as to borrowing incorporated, § 62. Power to borrow on Mortgage of Borough Fund, § 66.]

Cap. xlviii.

An Act to confer further Powers on the Birmingham Gaslight and Coke Company. [15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 2. 59 Geo. 3. c. lxviii. repealed, § 5. Capital, £300,000, § 19. Power to raise Money by new Shares, § 24. Power to borrow £90,000, § 42. Saving General Rights of Corporation of Birmingham and Staffordshire Gas Company, and of Birmingham Canal Company, §§ 62 to 64.]

Cap. xlix.

An Act for repealing an Act called "The Hartlepool Gas and Waterworks Act, 1849," and granting other Powers in lieu thereof; and for enabling the Hartlepool Gas and Water Company to raise further Money, and for other Purposes; the Short Title of which is "The Hartlepool Gas and Waterworks Act, 1855." [15th June 1855.]

[12 & 13 Vict. c. xxv. repealed, § 1. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. cc. 15. and 16. incorporated, § 2. General Saving of Rights, § 16. Capital, £100,000, § 18. Power w raise £66,000 by new Shares, § 20. Power to borrow £25,000, **{** 28.7

Cap. 1.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Llynn Valley Railway Company; to enable them to construct a new Railway from Llangonoud to Bridgend, and to extend their present Line from Foce Toll House to Saint Bride's Minor, to abandon Parts of their existing and authorized Lines, to dissolve the Bridgend Railway Company, and to abandon their Railway; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[6 Geo. 4. c. civ., 10 Geo. 4. c. xxxviii., 3 & 4 Vict. c. lxx., 9 & 10 Vict. c. cecliii., 10 & 11 Vict. c. lxxix., 10 & 11 Vict. c. cexev., 14 & 15 Vict. c. exxv., 16 & 17 Vict. c. exlvi., 9 Geo. 4. c. xeii., and 8 & 9 Vict. c. exc. repealed, § 2. General Saving of Rights, § 3. Sect. 106. of 6 Geo. 4. c. civ. to remain in force, § 5. 8 § 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 20. Capital, £200,000, § 22. Power to raise additional Capital by new Shares, § 28. Power to borrow £66,600, § 34. Purt of old Railway preserved for Use of W. Coffin and others, § 54. Company to purchase Undertaking of Bridgend Railway Company, § 66. Arrangements with that Company, §§ 67 to 71. Locomotives not to be used in Newton Nottage without Consent, § 80. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. incorporated, § 92. Works connected with the Harbour not to be constructed without Authority of Commissioners of Woods, &c., and of the Admiralty, § 96. Provisions as to Rates and Dues for using the Harbour, and upon Goods, &c., §§ 99 to 104. Arrangements to be made with South Wales Railway Company for working the Lines, §§ 108 to 110. Saving of Rights of Companies, § 111 and 120. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 117.]

Cap. li.

An Act for further and more effectually repairing and maintaining the Bridge over the River Tweed at or near the Town of Kelso in the County of Roxburgh. [15th June 1855.]

[39 Geo. 3. c. liii. in part repealed, § 2. Police Commissioners of Kelso added as Trustees, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 33., § 3. Tolls to k let, and accumulate for Three Years, and then to cease, unless Surplus reduced, §§ 4 to 6.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to amend "The St. George's Harbour Act, 1853." [15th June 1855.]

[St. George's Harbour Act, 1853, not repealed, except as hereby altered, § 9.]

Cap. liii.

An Act to enable the *Ulster* Railway Company to make a Railway from *Armagh* to *Monaghan*, and to enlarge their Station at *Belfast*; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 51. incorporated, § 1. Rights of Ulster Canal Company saved, §§ 15 to 21. As to Tolls, §§ 22 and 23. Power to raise Capital of £150,000, § 25; by new ordinary Shares, § 26. Power to borrow £50,000, § 32.]

Cap. liv.

An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Londonderry to raise a further Sum of Money; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Power to raise Money on Security of Rates, § 2. Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. as to Mortgages incorporated, § 3. Power to re-borrow Sums that have been paid off, § 6.; and to borrow for Payment of Mortgages, § 7.]

Cap. lv.

An Act to incorporate "The Kilmarnock Gaslight Company," established to supply with Gas the Town of Kilmarnock, and the Parishes of Kilmarnock and Riccarton, and Places therein, all in the County of Ayr. [15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. co. 17. and 19., and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated,
 § 3. Objects and Purposes of Company,
 § 7. Capital, £30,000,
 § 16. Power to borrow £5,000,
 § 28.]

Cap. lvi.

An Act for consolidating into One Act and amending the Provisions of the several Acts relating to the Dundee and Perth and Aberdeen Railway Junction Company; and for enabling the Company to raise Money for the Payment of Debts; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 17., 19., and 33. incorporated, § 3. 8 & 9 Vict. c. clvii., 9 & 10 Vict. c. cexxviii., 10 & 11 Vict. c. lxxxix., 10 & 11 Vict. c. cvi., 11 & 12 Vict. c. lii., 11 & 12 Vict. c. cliv., and 13 & 14 Vict. c. xxxix. repealed, § 4. General Saving of Rights, § 16. Capital £650,000, § 24. Power to issue £120,000 Shares, § 35. Tolls, § 51. Regulations, § 57. Conveyance of Goods and Cattle, § 58; of Passengers, § 59.]

Cap. lvii.

An Act for making a Railway from the Great North of Scotland Railway to Turriff in the County of Aberdeen.

[15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Viet. cc. 16., 17., and 33. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £120,000, § 4. Power to borrow £40,000, § 7. Avoiding R. Leslie's Lands, § 24., and Mr. Duff's Park, § 25. As to Communications with Great North of Scotland Railway, §§ 36 to 40. Tolls, § 41. Conveyance of Passengers, § 45; of Goods § 46.]

Cap. lviii.

An Act to authorise certain Arrangements with respect to the Capital of the Swanzea Dock Company. [15th June 1855.] [Power to issue new Shares, § 6. Board of Trade may appoint an Auditor, § 11.]

Cap. lix.

An Act for extending the Time for the Completion of the Cornwall Railway and Works; and for making further Provisions as to the Share Capital of the Cornwall Railway Company; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

[Time extended for Completion of Works, § 3. Power for Surrender of Shares, § 6. New Shares may be issued in their Place, § 10. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. and 9 & 10 Vict. c. cccxxxv. to apply to new Shares, § 12. Amending Power to lease Railway, § 15.]

Cap. lx.

An Act to enable the Swansea Vale Railway Company to extend their Railway, and to maintain and work the same as a Passenger Railway, and for other Purposes connected therewith.

[15th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 1. Company incorporated, § 4. Saving of previous Rights, § 5. Capital, £147,000, § 13. Power to borrow £49,000, § 24. Tolls, §§ £2 to 50. Agreement with South Wales Company confirmed, § 51. New Cut, § 52. Works not to be without Leave of Admirally, § 55. Ballast and Svoil, § 60. Rights of Harbour Trusters saved, § 61. Saving of Rights of Duke of Beaufort, § 64. Communication with Swansea Canal, § 65.]

Cap. lxi.

- An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Leominster and Ledbury Turnpike Trust, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [15th June 1855.]
- [6 Geo. 4. c. xxvi. repealed, § 1. Monies and Property to vest in new Trustees, § 4. Debts of Trust, § 17. No more Money to be borrowed on Tolls, § 20. Mode of discharging Debt, § 21.]

Cap. lxii.

- An Act to enable the Salisbury and Yeovil Railway Company to make a Deviation in the Line of their Railway; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Deviation, §§ 3, 4. 5, and 7.]

Cap. lxiii.

- An Act to enlarge some of the Powers of the Acts relating to the Bristol and Exeter Railway Company; and to enable such Company to raise further Sums of Money, to acquire additional Lands, to lease the Somerset Central Railway, to hold additional Shares in the Exeter and Crediton Railway; and for other Purposes.

 [15th June 1855.]
- [Preference Capital, £2,000,000, § 4; subject to same Provisions as original Capital, § 12. Power to borrow £2,000,000 § 20. Somerset Central Railway may lease Undertaking to Bristol and Exeter Railway, § 25. Power to hold additional Shares in Exeter and Crediton Railway, § 30. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 33.]

Cap. lxiv.

- An Act to incorporate the Hyde Gas Company, and to grant more effectual Powers for supplying with Gas the several Townships of Hyde, Werneth, Bredbury, Romiley, Newton, and Godley in the County of Chester. [15th June 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £25,000, may be increased by £11,000, §§ 16 and 18. Purchase of Mr. Booth's Works, § 21. Payment of his Debts, § 23. Power to borrow \$9,000, § 28. Mr. Mottram's Rights saved under 1 Will. 4. c. liii., § 44. Protection of Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Railway, § 45.]

Cap. lxv.

- An Act for making a Railway from and out of the Great North of Scotland Railway in the Parish of Inverury to the Town of Old Meldrum, all in the County of Aberdeen; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 17., 19., and 33. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £22,000, § 4. Power to borrow £7,000, § 9. Power for Great North of Scotland Railway to subscribe, § 11; and appoint a Representative at Meetings of Company, § 12. Tolls, §§ 32 to 36. Passengers, &c. §§ 36 to 40. Junction with Great North of Scotland Railway, § 41. Inverury and Forgue Road, § 45. Rights of Great North of Scotland Railway Company saved, &c., §§ 46 to 49.]

Cap. lxvi.

- An Act for amending the several Acts relating to the Liverpool Corporation Waterworks, and for authorizing Deviations and the Construction of Works; and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]
- [Power to make Works, § 2. Protection of Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company, § 10.]

Cap. lxvii.

An Act for amending "The Commercial Roads Act, 1828," and "The Commercial Roads Continuation Act, 1849," and for other Purposes. [15th June 1855.]

Cap. lxviii.

- An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull to the Western Boundary of the Parish of Hessle in the East Riding of the County of York. [15th June 1855.]
- 6 Geo. 4. c. clii. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 10 to 16. As to Part of Road in Borough of Hull, § 23.]

Cap. lxix.

- An Act for making a Railway from the Oxford Branch of the Great Western Railway to Abingdon. [15th June 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £15,000, § 4. Power to borrow £5,000, § 8. Broad Gauge, § 19. Communications with Great Western Lines, § 20. Not to take their Lands without Consent, § 21. Saving their Rights, § 22. Power to lay down Narrow Gauge, § 23. Tolls, §§ 29 to 34. Luggage, § 35.1

Cap. lxx.

An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne in the County of Lancaster to purchase and maintain Waterworks; and for other Purposes.

[15th June 1855.]

[Power to Corporation to sell and Company to purchase, § 2. Waterworks maintained by Rates, § 25. Houses rented at £10 and under liable to Water Rates, § 26. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. incorporated (as to Mortgages), § 27. Power to borrow £50,000, § 28. Sinking Fund, § 29. Section 88 of 5 & 6 Will. 4. c. 1xi. repealed, § 36.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Nottingham and Loughborough Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [15th June 1855.]

[5 Geo. 4. c. xlvi. repealed, § 1. Power to take new Tolls, &c., §§ 10 to 17.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for establishing and maintaining an efficient System of Police for the Royal Burgh of Renfrew, for improving the said Burgh, and for other Purposes in relation thereto.

[15th June 1855.]

[Parts of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. and Parts of 13 & 14 Vict. c. 33. incorporated, § 5 and 6. Magistrates and Council to be Commissioners, and Magistrates to be Magistrates of Police, § 7; and may appoint Police Officers, § 11; and make Rules, § 12; and borrow £3,000 on Cash Account, § § 13 and 14. Town Council may advance Money, § 16. Auditors, § § 20 and 21. Accounts, § 21. Regulations for Dwelling Houses, &c., § 24 to 26. Slaughter-houses, § 27. Water, § § 29 and 30. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 31. Lighting, § § 32 to 39.]

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act to enable the Waterford and Limerick Railway Company to raise further Money; and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1855.]

[Power to raise £90,000 by new Shares, § 2. Power to borrow £30,000, § 11. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 14. Board of Trade may require Bridges instead of Crossings, § 23. Saving of Rights of Waterford and Kilkenny Canal, § 24.]

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Saint Helen's, and for other Purposes. [26th June 1855.]

[14 & 15 Vict. c. exxxii. repealed, § 7. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 18. Saint Helen's Improvement Commissioners incorporated, § 19. Division of Town into Wards, and Rules for Election thereto, § § 21 to 33. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 34. Commissioners may purchase Waterworks and Town Hall, § 35. Powers of Commissioners, § § 36 to 40. Purts of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34. incorporated, § 41. Drains, § 48. Paving, § 51. New Streets, § 52. Courts, § 59. Factours, § 60. Gutters, § 62. Vaults, § 63. Cesspools and Privise,

§§ 65 and 66. Urinals, § 84. Lodging Houses, § 85. Officer of Health, § 86. Nuisances, §§ 87 to 92. Manure to be sold, § 95. Knackers Yards, § 98. Bad Meat, §§ 99 and 100. 10 § 11 Vict. c. 84. (Consumption of Smoke) modified, § 101. Lighting Streets, &c., §§ 102 to 108. Town Police. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 89. incorporated, § 109. Inspectors of Weights and Measures, § 118. Town Crier, § 119. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 14. incorporated, § 120. Markets, §§ 121 to 131. Waterworks, §§ 132 to 149. Public Library, § 150. Rates, §§ 155 to 169. Power to borrow £30,000 on Water Rates, § 177; and £10,000 on other Rates, § 178. Saving Rights of Saint Helen's Canal and Railway and Waterworks and Gaslight Companies, § 193. Compensation to British Plate Glass Company, § 194.]

Cap. lxxv.

- An Act to alter and extend the Line of the Cromford and High Peak Railway, and to amend and consolidate the Provisions of the Acts relating thereto. [26th June 1855.]
- [Geo. 4. c.xxx. and 6 & 7 Vict. c. xviii. repealed, § 2. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 3. Power to raise £20,000 for Railway Works, § 23. Preference Shares, § 32, to be subject to 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16, § 34. Debeature Stock of Two Classes—its Creation and Allotment, § § 36 to 41. Power to raise £6,000, § 42. Crossing Manchester and Buxton Road, § 59. Company to keep Bridge in repair, § 60. Drains at Crossings, § 62. Tolls, § § 66 to 69. Luggage and Passengers, § § 70 to 73. Railway subject to Inspection by Board of Trade, pursuant to 5 & 6 Vict. c. 55., § 77. Saving Rights of Crown and Duchy of Lancaster, § 81.]

Cap. lxxvi.

- An Act for making a Railway from the Waterford and Limerick Railway at Killonan to Castleconnell, to be called "The Limerick and Castleconnell Railway;" and for other Purposes.

 [26th June 1855.]
- [8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 70. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £25,000, § 4. Power to borrow £8,000, § 7. Waterford and Limerick Railway may subscribe, § 22. Junction with Waterford and Limerick Railway, § 28. Saving Rights, &c. of Waterford and Limerick Railway, § § 31 and 32. Board of Trade may require Bridges at Crossings, § 35, and a double Line of Rails, § 37. Tolls, § § 43 to 51. Luggage, § 52. Waterford and Limerick and Limerick and Castleconnell Railways may make Traffic Arrangements, § § 53 to 59.]

Cap. lxxvii.

- An Act to extend the Limits of the Newcastle-under-Lyme Gaslight Company's Act for the Supply of Gas, and to authorize the raising of a further Sum of Money, and for other Purposes.

 [26th June 1855.]
- [59 Geo. 3. c. evii. repealed, § 1. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 3. Capital, £15,800, § 17. Power to increase Capital to £20,000, § 22. Power to borrow £4,000, § 29. Powers of Company as to Gasworks, §§ 42 to 49. General Saving of Rights, § 50.]

Cap lxxviii.

An Act to increase the borrowing Powers of the Limerick and Foynes Railway Company. [26th June 1855.]

[Power to borrow £43,000, § 3.]

Cap. lxxix.

- An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Maryport and Carlisle Railway; to authorize the Company to improve their existing Railway; to make new Branches, Stations,
 and other Additions to their Works; to raise further Monies;
 and for other Purposes. [26th June 1855.]
- [1 Vict. c. ci., 6 & 7 Vict. c. lxx., 7 Vict. c. xxxvi., and 14 & 15 Vict. c. lxxii. repealed, § 3. General Saving of Rights, § 6. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18. and 20. incorporated, § 20. Capital, old and new, £420,000, § 22. Additional Capital to be raised by new Shares, § 28. Power to borrow £135,000, § 36. Company not to construct Works below High-water Mark, § 49. Justices may appoint Special Constables, § 55. Tolls, §§ 56 to 62. Luggage, § 63.]

Cap. lxxx.

- An Act for better lighting with Gas the Town and Borough of Newport, and the Neighbourhood thereof, in the County of Monmouth. [26th June 1855.]
- [6 Vict. c. xxxi. repealed, § 1. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 3. Capital, £12,600, § 18. Power to raise £40,000 additional Capital by new Shares, § 21. Power to borrow £10,000, § 37.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for more effectually supplying with Gas the Town of Weston-super-Mare in the County of Somerset.

[26th June 1955.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 2. Capital, £8,000, § 11. Power to borrow £2,000, § 14. Saving of Rights, § 30.]

Cap. lxxxii.

- An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for repairing the Road from Alford to Boston, and from thence to Cowbridge in the Township of Frithville, in the County of Lincoln. [26th June 1855.]
- [8 Geo. 4. c. xvii. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 9 to 26. Power to continue the stopping of certain Roads (5 Geo. 3. c. 96.), § 12. Reservation of Rights, § 13. Inhabitants of Well, § 14. Burton's Corner, § 22.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act to repeal so much of the Act relating to the Wigan and Preston Roads as relates to the District of the said Roads North of Yarrow, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[26th June 1855.]

[3 Geo. 4. c. iii. repealed in part, § 3. Some Roads South of Yarrow vested, § 5. Tolls, §§ 11 to 21. Trustees not to take

Tolls North of River Darwen; Act not to repeal Provisions of Chorley Improvement Act, 1853, (16 & 17 Vict. c. clxxxi.), § 20. Gate at Hartwood Green to be removed, and another erected, § 21.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act to alter and amend "The Lands Improvement Company's Act, 1853." [26th June 1855.]

[16 & 17 Vict. c. cliv. to be incorporated, § 1; except Section 37, which is repealed, § 9. Power to borrow not exceeding One Third of the Capital for the Time being paid up, § 16.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in Witney to the Road on Swerford Heath, and the Road leading from the Road from Woodstock to Birmingham through Charlbury to the Road from Chipping Norton to Burford, all in the County of Oxford. [26th June 1855.]

[1 Geo. 4. c. lxxxii. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 7 to 15.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for making a Railway from Oswestry in the County of Salop to Welchpool and Newtown in the County of Montgomery. [26th June 1855.]

[8 § 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £50,000, § 4. Power to borrow £83,000, § 7. Owner for Time being of Powis Castle to appoint a Director, § 16. Board of Trade may require Bridges in lieu of Crossings, § 23. Plans, §c. relating to Crossings of River Severn to be deposited at Admiralty before Commencement of Works at Crossings, § 27. No Works to be commenced across any navigable Water without Consent of Admiralty, § 28. Communications with Great Western Railway, § 31. Saving Rights of Great Western Railway, § 34. Milbrook Bridge, § 35. Protection of Canal, § 36. Protection to Shropshire Union Railways and Canal Company, § 40. Saving their Rights, § 41. Company not to oppose Application for Act to make Railway from Shrewsbury to Welchpool, § 43. Tolls, §§ 45 to 52. Passengers Luggage, § 53.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for repairing, widening, and maintaining several Roads in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Devon* leading to and from the Borough of *Lyme Regis*, and from the Turnpike Road on *Raymond's Hill* to the Turnpike Road at the *Three Ashes* in the Parish of *Crewherne* in the County of *Somerset*. [26th *June* 1855.]

[1 & 2 Geo. 4. c. cviii. repealed, § 2. Roads to which Act is applicable: Lyme Regis Branch; Crewherne Branch, § 9. Tolls, §§ 10 to 25.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for making a Railway from the Town of *Dundalk* in the County of *Louth* to the Town of *Black Rock* in the said County.

[26th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 16., 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £12,000, § 4. Power to borrow £4,000, § 8. All Advertisements to be inserted in a County Louth Newspaper, § 14. Line of Railway, §§ 17 to 19. Not to interfere with Works of Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway, § 20. Interchange of Traffic, § 21. Saving of Rights of Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway, § 23. Tolls, §§ 28 to 37. Power to arrange with Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway Company, §§ 38 to 44.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for the better Supply of the City of Gloucester and the Neighbourhood thereof with Water; and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 6. Saving of Provisions of Public Health Act (11 & 12 Vict. c. 63.), § 8. Power for Local Board to make new Waterworks, and to take Lands for the Purpose, § 30, and Waters of Witcombe Brook and the Abbot's Wood Brook, § 34. But not from Abbot's Wood unless sufficient Water, § 35. Power to take Brockworth Mill and Pitt Mill, § 39. Works for Witcombe Farm, § 44. Saving Rights of Lady Cromie, § 45, and Witcombe Estate, §§ 46 to 51. Regulations for Supply of Water, §§ 63 to 72. Power to make Rates; Rules for Rating, §§ 74 to 79. Power to borrow £65,000 on Sale or Mortgage, with Consent of Treasury, §§ 80, 83, 84. Saving Rights of Corporation and Local Board, § 90.]

Cap. xc.

An Act for enabling the London and Blackwall Railway Company to widen certain Portions of their Railways, and for amending some of the Provisions of the Acts relating to such Railways.

[26th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 3. Compulsory Purchase of Lands, § 6. Compensation, § § 7 to 9. Provisions of 2 & 3 Vict. c. xcv. as to Pavements, &c. in London, extended to this Act, § 11. Certain Clauses of 8 & 9 Vict. c. cciii. to apply to Works under this Act, § 13. Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18., as to certain Parishes, to apply to Works under this Act, § 14. Crossing Streets in Parish of St. Anne, § 15. Saving Rights of Regent's Canal Company, § § 17 to 20. Metropolitan Sewers protected, § 21. Same Tolls as on London and Blackwall Railway, § 23. Power to raise £ 100,000 additional Capital, § 25. Power to borrow £33,000, § 28.]

Cap. xci.

An Act for enabling the Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Railway Company to make a Branch Railway to Lincoln, and for other Purposes. [26th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 3. Communications with Great Northern Railway, §§ 5 and 6. Its Rights saved,

§ 7. Power to cross Barnsley Branch over Doncaster and Saltersbrooke Turnpike Road, § 8. Board of Trade may require Bridge instead of Crossing, § 10. Tolls, § 14.]

Cap. xcii.

An Act for continuing the Term of the Nottingham and Newhaven Turnpike Road and Districts Act, and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1855.]

[32 Geo. 2. c. 38., 20 Geo. 3. c. 74., 40 Geo. 3. c. 45., and 3 Geo. 4. c. x. repealed, § 1. Certain Parts of old Road abandoned, &c., § 2. Road divided into Three Districts, § 4. Tolls, §§ 12 to 21. Toll Gates (9 Geo. 4. c. 77.), § 22. Road from the Cross Post on Wirskworth Moor to Steeple House to be repaired at joint Expense of Second and Third Districts, § 32. Fence to be maintained to guard the Precipice between Cross Post and Steeple House, § 33.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for extending the Powers of the Warrington Waterworks Company, and for other Purposes. [26th June 1855.]

[8 § 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 § 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 3. 9 § 10 Vict. c. exii. and 12 § 13 Vict. c. v. repealed, § 7. Capital, £45,000, § 19. Power to borrow £14,000, § 34. Reservoir and Works on Daresbury Brook to be constructed to the Approbation of Samuel Beckett Chadwick, whose Rights are reserved, §§ 46 and 49. Supply of Water for Daresbury Brook, §§ 47 and 48. Company to repair Damage to Warrington Bridge, § 53. Alteration of Works, &c. by Company to be subject to Approval of Duke of Bridgewater's Trustees, §§ 54 to 57. Power to maintain and regulate Supply of Water, §§ 61 to 78. Saving Rights of Corporation of Warrington, § 79.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act to amend the East Kent Railway Act, 1853.

[26th June 1855.]

[Sections 30 and 48 of 16 & 17 Vict. c. cxxxii. repealed, § 1. Application of Money deposited for Medway Bridge and Approaches, § 2. Saving Admiralty Rights, § 5.]

Cap. xcv.

An Act to authorize the Company of Proprietors of the Regent's Canal to purchase the Hertford Union Canal; and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1855.]

[Parts of 5 Geo. 4. c. xlvii. repealed, § 6.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to raise a further Sum of Money. [26th June 1855.]

[Power to raise £375,000 by Shares, § 2. Power to borrow £124,900, § 3. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 4. Power to issue Debenture Stock instead of borrowing, § 5.]

Cap. xcvii.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Glasgow and South-western Railway, and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1855.]

[Certain Acts repealed; viz., 9 & 10 Vict. cc. lxi., lxii., and ccexcii.; 10 & 11 Vict. cc. clxxxiv., clxxxv., ccxxxiv., clxxxvi., and cexxix.; 5 & 6 Will. 4. c. lxxxv.; 9 & 10 Vict. c. ccclxxii.; 10 & 11 Vict. cc. clxxxi., clxxxii., and clxxxiii.; and 16 & 17 Vict. c. xciv., § 3. Remaining Acts relating to the Glasgow, Paisley, Kilmarnock, and Ayr Railway repealed, except as to the Joint Line from Glasgow to Paisley, and the Line from Kilmarnock to Troon, § 4. Repeal of Provisions in certain Acts relating to the Kilmarnock and Troon Railway, § 5; and of Provisions in certain Acts relating to the Ayrshire and Bridge of Weir Railway, and Paisley, Barrhead, and Hurlet Railway, § 6.; and of Provisions in certain Acts relating to the Ayr and Dalmellington Railway, § 7.; and of Provisions in certain Acts relating to the Ardrossan Railway, § 8. Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 17., 19., and 33. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. to apply to this Act, § 9. Certain Documents, &c. to be deemed Documents, &c. of the Company, § 14. Maps, &c. to be open to Inspection, § 15. Capital, £3,500,000, § 17. Proprietors of Glasgow and South-western Railway (Ardrossan) Guaranteed Stock to have a Lien over the Ardrossan Railway, § 26. Power to borrow £1,166,666, § 42. Confirmation of the Acquisition by the Glasgow and South-western Railway Company of Shares in certain Railways herein named. Power to the Company to purchase further Shares in the Ayr and Dalmellington Railway Company, and in the Ayr and Maybole Junction Railway Company, § 65. Power to appoint a Director in Ayr and Maybole Company, § 68. Saving Agreements, § 74. Saving Rights of Paisley, Barrhead, and Hurlet Railway, § 75. Power of certain Acts relating to Railway from Kilmarnock to Troon vested in the Company, § 79. Undertaking of Company, § 80. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § 82. enlarge Tradeston Station, § 84. Providing for Obligations under Conveyance by William Baird and others to the Company, $\S 91$. Authorizing the Company to acquire by Agreement Land on Branches of Ardrossan Railway, § 93. Wharfs in connexion with Paisley and Renfrew how to be used, § 94. Clyde to make Byelaws, § 95. Works not to prejudice Improvements on Clyde, § 97. Tolls to be paid to Burgh of Renfrew, § 98. Saving Rights of Royal Burgh of Renfrew, § 100. Licence for Carriages on Railway from Paisley to Renfrew, § 101, and Rates leased, § 102. Power to work Ayr and Dalmellington Railway, § 103. Tolls, §§ 105 to 111. Rates and Duties on Wharves, § 113.]

Cap. xeviii.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the South Wales Railway Company, and to authorize the Construction of new Works, and Alterations of existing Works, and for other Purposes. [26th June 1855.]

[Certain Acts repealed; viz., 8 & 9 Vict. c. exc.; 9 & 10 Vict. c. cexxxix.; 10 & 11 Vict. c. cix.; 13 & 14 Vict. cc. vii. and xliv.; 14 & 15 Vict. cc. lxxiv. and lii.; 15 & 16 Vict. c. cxvii.; 16 & 17 Vict. cc. cex., cciv., and ccix.; and 17 & 18 Vict. c. clviii., § 2. Certain Sections of Acts hereby repealed, and set forth in Schedules A. and B., continued, § 3. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 5. Original Capital, £3,680,000. Power to create new Capital, £379,980, § 16. Power to borrow £1,226,600, § 17. Saving Rights of Preference Shareholders, Undertaking of Company, § 48. Alteration of Swansea Vale Railway not to be made in certain Manner without Consent of that Company, § 50. Limiting Lands to be taken for Bute Dock Branch, § 51. Requirements of Board of Trade, § 55. "Bute Trustees," § 63. Leases for Land for Bute Docks Branch, § 64. Rights and Powers of Bute Trustees, §§ 65 to 71. Company not to take certain Lands of Earl of Cawdor, § 72. gulating Construction of Viaduct across River Cleddau, § 73. Landing Place at Neyland Point, § 77. Powers of Deviation in Bush Estate, § 78. Not to interfere with Crown Land without Consent of Board of Ordnance, § 79. Not to abandon a certain Portion of Line from Pembroke Dock, § 80. 16 & 17 Vict. c. clxxiii.; Board of Trade may, on Application of Company, fix Point of Termination of Railway, § 84. Power to contract for Construction and Maintenance at the Neyland Pill Terminus of Accommodation for landing of Passengers, § 85. Power to stop Road No. 7. on Plans, § 86. Tolls, §§ 87 to 96. Powers for Company and Swansea Vale Railway Company to make Arrangements as to Use of Swansea Vale Railway, § 97. Great Western Railway Company to guarantee Interest, § 99. Powers of Great Western Railway Company, §§ 100 to 103. Power to lease and sell Railway, §§ 104 and 105. Works below Highwater Mark not to be executed without Consent of Admiralty, § 110. Saving Rights of Crown, § 114.]

Cap. xcix.

An Act to authorize Improvements in the Borough of Newcastleupon-Tyne. [26th June 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 5. Additional Works at Union Street, § 8. Power to levy a new Street Rate, § 13. Certain Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34. incorporated, § 14. Certain Parts of 16 & 17 Vict c. clxxxii. incorporated, § 15. Power to borrow £60,000, § 18. 8 & 9 Vict. c 20. incorporated, § 31. Property of North-eastern Railway not to be taken without Consent, § 32. Saving Rights of Tyne Improvement Commissioners, § 33. Certain Plans to be approved by Admiralty, § 34. Saving Rights of Crown, § 37.]

Cap. c.

An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Newton in Macker-field and Neighbourhood in the County of Lancaster.

[26th June 1855.]

[Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. cc. 16. and 34. incorporated, § 1. Certain Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict.

c. 15. incorporated, § 28. When Gasworks established, Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. to be incorporated, § 32. Certain Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 34. When Waterworks established, Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. to be incorporated, § 36. Certain Provisions of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 14. to be incorporated, § 57. Market Places and Tolls, §§ 58 and 59.]

Cap. ci.

An Act to enable the Cork and Youghal Railway Company to make a Branch Railway to Queenstown, and to make certain Deviation in and an Extension of their Line; and for other Purposes.

[2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20., and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 70. incorporated, § 1. Board of Trade may require Bridges in lieu of level Crossings, § 10. Section 14. of 17 & 18 Vict. c. ccvi. repealed, § 11. On 1st August 1860, £10,000 to be paid to the Cork Harbour Commissioners, and to be a Charge on the Undertaking, § 12. C'ertain Works not to be undertaken without Consent of Admiralty, §§ 15 to 24. Deposits in Court of Chancery to be forfeited to the Crown in a certain Event, § 27. Power to raise £50,000 by new Shares, § 28. Power to borrow £16,000, § 32. Certain Clauses of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16., as to borrowing, extended to this Act, § 33. Commissioners of Public Works may make Advances (14 & 15 Vict. c. 23.), § 38].

Cap. cii.

An Act to alter certain Portions of the Metropolitan Railway, and to amend the Provisions of the Act relating thereto.

[2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 3. Junctions with Great Northern Railway, § 10. Saving Rights of Commissioners of Sewers, § 11. Site of Smithfield Market not to be used, § 13. Saving Rights of the Corporation of London, § 15. Questions of disputed Compensation in London to be heard in the Lord Mayor's Court, § 16. Provision as to the Rights of the Crown, § 19.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act to amend and extend the Provisions of the Act relating to the Gomersal and Dewsbury Turnpike Roads, and to create a further Term therein; and for other Purposes. [2d July 1855.]

[7 Geo. 4. c. xciii. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 16 to 26. No Money to be laid out on Streets of Dewsbury, § 30. Burr Walls to be maintained on the Sides of the Road, § 31.]

Cap. civ.

An Act to repeal certain Acts relating to the Basingstoke, Stock-bridge, and Lobcomb Corner Turnpike Roads, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [2d July 1855.]

[29 Geo. 2. c. xlvi., 16 Geo. 3. c. lxvii., 37 Geo. 3. c. cl., and 58 Geo. 3. c. lxxiii., (Local and Personal,) repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 10 to 21.]

Cap. cv.

An Act to enable the Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway Company to construct Extension Railways; and for other Purposes.

[2d *July* 1855.]

C.cv-cx.

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 70. incorporated, § 3. Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 5. Power to create £90,000 new Shares, § 7. Power to borrow £30,000, § 20. Deferring Branch at Dundalk, § 28. For securing Construction of Railway to Monaghan, § 37. Tolls, §§ 38 to 42. Junction with other Railways, § 43. Power to use Station of Midland Great Western Company, § 46; and to Midland Great Western Company to use Stations of this Company, § 48. Board of Trade to settle Differences, § 49.]

Cap. cvi.

An Act to repeal the Acts relating to the Road from Lightpill to Birdlip, and make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[2d July 1855.]

[40 Geo. 3. c. xliii. and 1 Geo. 4. c. xx. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 9 to 17.

Cap. cvii.

An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Peterborough and Wellingborough Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [2d *July* 1855.]

[4 Geo. 4. c. viii. repealed, § 1. Tolls, §§ 10 to 21. Application of Monies on General Branch and Elton Branch, § 25.]

Cap. cviii.

An Act to repeal the Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Cainscross through Stroud over Rodborough and Minchinhampton Commons to the Town of Minchinhampton, with some Branches therefrom, all in the County of Gloucester, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [2d July 1855.]

[6 Geo. 4. c. xxiii. repealed, § 1. **Tolls**, §§ 10 to 19.7

Cap. cix.

An Act to repeal an Act for making and maintaining certain Roads from the Town of Stroud and several other Places therein mentioned, all in the County of Gloucester, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [2d July 1855.]

Tolls, §§ 9 to 19.] [54 Geo. 3. c. lxxx. repealed, § 2.

Cap. cx.

An Act to enable the Rhymney Railway Company to extend their Railway to the Taff Vale Railway, to construct Branch Railways, and for other Purposes. [2d *July* 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Power to raise £100,000 additional Capital, § 3. Power to borrow £30,000, § 5. Communication with Taff Vale Extension Line, § 9. Tolls, §§ 14 and 15. Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. to apply to Portion of Taff Vale Railway used by the Company, § 24. Money deposited under 9 & 10 Vict. c. 20. not to be repaid till Line opened, &c., § 38. Communication with Newport,

Abergavenny, and Hereford Railway, § 34. Saving their Rights, § 35. Communication with Taff Vale Railway, § 36. Saving their Rights, § 37. Saving Rights of South Wales Railway Company under Agreements with the Bute Trustees, § 40. Saving Rights of South Wales Railway Company under Agreement with Company, § 41. Power as to Bute Docks, § 42. Construction of Railway through the Lands of Charles Crofts Williams, Esq., § 48. Construction of Sidings by Charles Crofts Williams, Esq., § 49. Company not to interfere with Glamorganshire Canal, § 50. To erect a Bridge over it, § 51. To protect Canal from Drainage at Craig-yr-Alt, § 58.]

Cap. cxi.

An Act for continuing the Term and amending and extending the Provisions of the Act relating to the First District of the Bridport Turnpike Roads in the County of Dorset. [2d July 1855.]

[5 Geo. 4. c. xcvii. repealed, § 2. Tolls, § § 9 to 19.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for continuing the Term and amending and extending the Provisions of the Act relating to the *Bridport* and *Broadwinsor* Turnpike Roads. [2d July 1855.]

[9 & 10 Geo. 4. c. xix. repealed, § 2. Tolls, §§ 8 to 17. (9 Geo. 4. c. 77.)]

Cap. cxiii.

An Act for incorporating the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company; and for other Purposes connected therewith. [2d July 1855.]

[Company to continue regulated by Deed of Settlement, except as varied by any Agreement under the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act (7 & 8 Vict. c. 16.), § 4. Power to create new Shares, § 6. Regulations, § § 7 to 13.]

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for extending the Time for the Purchase of Lands and for the Completion of a Railway from *Chichester* to *Bognor*.

[2d July 1855.]

[Preamble recites 16 & 17 Vict. c. xli. (Bognor Railway Act).]

Cap. cxv.

An Act for incorporating the Scinde Railway Company, and for other Purposes connected therewith. [2d July 1855.]

[Company to continue regulated by Deed of Settlement, except as varied by any Agreement, or by 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16,—§ 5. Entering into Terms with East India Company, § 6. Power to create new Shares, § 7.]

Cap. exvi.

An Act to enable the North Yorkshire and Cleveland Railway Company to make a Branch from their Railway to the Middlesbrough and Guisbrough Railway, and also a Branch to Whorlton, and other Works; and to alter and amend the Act relating to the said Company; and for other Purposes. [2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § 8. Tolls of North Yorkshire and

Cleveland Railway Act, 1854, (17 & 18 Vict. c. cli.,) to be taken, § 10. Power to raise £40,000 additional Capital, § 11. Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. extended to this Act, § 13. Company not to interfere with Middlesbrough and Guisbrough Railway Works, § 19. Communications therewith, § 20. Tolls, § § 23 and 24. Power to North-eastern Railway Company to attend and vote at Meetings of the North Yorkshire and Cleveland Railway Company, § 26. Power to North-eastern Company to subscribe and hold Shares, § 35. Power to West Hartlepool Harbour and Railway Company to subscribe and hold Shares, § 36.]

Cap. cxvii.

An Act to change the Name of "The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society" to the Name of "The International Life Assurance Society;" and to enable the said Society to sue and be sued in the Name of the Chairman or Secretary or any One Director of the said Society; and to give additional Powers to the said Society.

[2d July 1855.]

[1 & 2 Vict. c. xcii. repealed, § 1.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act to authorize and empower the Magistrates and Council of the City of Glasgow to supply with Water the said City and Suburbs thereof, and Districts and Places adjacent; to purchase and acquire the Glasgow Waterworks, and the Gorbals Gravitation Waterworks; and to introduce an additional Supply of Water from Loch Katrine; and for other Purposes.

[2d July 1855.] [8 & 9 Vict. c. 19. incorporated, § 3. Certain Parts of 10 & 11 Vict. cc. 16. and 17. incorporated, §§ 4 and 5. Undertakings of Glasgow Water Company and the Gorbals Gravitation Water Company vested in Commissioners, § 11. Compensation to Companies, § 12. Payment to be made to Glasgow Water Company if Rate of Annuities not fixed, § 38. Extent to which Level of Loch Katrine and Loch Venacher may be raised or lowered, § 55. Works to prevent the Water of Loch Venacher being raised or lowered beyond prescribed Limits, § 56. Extent to which Water may be taken from Loch Katrine, § 57. Works to prevent Excess being taken, § 58. Regulating Supply to River Teith, §§ 59 and 60. Protection of Renfrewshire Roads, § 70. Works affecting Forth and Clyde Canal to be executed at Sight of the Engineer of the Company, § 72. Rights of Canal Company saved, Rights of Proprietors of Estates of Upper and Nether Pollok saved, § 77. Commissioners not to erect Houses on Lands of Invertrosachs, § 78. Compensation to Owners of certain Fishings, § 79. Saving Agreement between Gorbals Water Company and Burgh of Renfrew, and Provisions in Gorbals Company's Acts in reference thereto, § 80. Supply of Water regulated, §§ 83 to 108. Power to borrow £700,000, § 109.7

Cap. cxix.

An Act for maintaining and improving the Harbour of Ayr, and for the better Regulation and Management thereof. [2d July 1855.] [5 & 6 Will. 4. c. lxxix. repealed, § 2. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 11. Power to borrow £25,000, § 35. Power of Trustees

as to Harbour, § 40. Plans must be submitted to Admiralty, § 42. Pilots, §§ 46 to 48. Rutes, §§ 52 to 57. Trustees to expend £10,000 within Ten Years from Commencement of Act, § 59. Payment to Magistrates and Town Council of Ayr in respect of Anchorage Rates, § 60. Harbour Master, his Duties, § 74. Rights of Alexander Oswald, Esq., saved, § 78. Saving of Rights of the Crown, §§ 79 and 80; and of Rights and Jurisdiction of Admiralty, § 81. Reservation of Merchant Shipping Acts (1853 and 1854) as to Pilotage, Lighthouses, &c., § 82.]

Cap cxx.

An Act for making a Railway through Part of the Aberdare Valley in the County of Glamorgan, to join the Vale of Neath Railway.

[2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £12,000, § 4. Power to borrow £4,000, § 7. Company not to enter on Lands of Aberdare Railway Company without Consent of Taff Vale Railway Company, § 18. Junction with Vale of Neath Railway, § 22. Saving Rights of Vale of Neath Railway Company, § 26. Tolls, § § 27 to 34. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § § 38 to 40.]

Cap. exxi.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Birmingham Canal Navigations to make and maintain additional Canals and Works, and for other Purposes. [2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 2. Company to maintain the Dudley Canal Tunnel in working Order, § 16. Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. incorporated, § 18. Power to Owners of Mines, &c. and Company, with Consent, to make Branch Canals and Tramways, § 21. Power to raise additional Capital, £238,300., § 33. Certain Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 37. Guarantee of London and North-western Railway Company extended to Capital under this Act, § 38. No Shares to be raised under Birmingham Canal Act, § 54. (17 & 18 Vict. c. cxii.) without a certain Consent, § 40. Tolls, § § 41 to 65. Provision for Construction of Boats, § § 69 to 72. Regulations, § § 73 to 82. Not to interfere with Springs, &c. belonging to Lord Ward, § 90. Saving Rights of Stourbridge Canal Company, § 91. Saving Rights of Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Company, § 92.]

Cap. exxii.

An Act for making Railways from the South Devon Railway to Exmouth, and to the Basin of the Exeter Canal, to be called The Exeter and Exmouth Railway. [2d July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £70,000, § 3. Power to borrow £23,000, § 5. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § 21. Bridge over Exeter Canal, § 22. Crossing and Viaduct over Estuary of Exe, § § 23 and 24. Viaduct over Hiver Clyst, § 25. Consent of Admiralty necessary to Works, § § 28 to 33. Saving of Rights of Canal, § 34; and of Exeter Town Council, § 36. Tolls, § § 43 to 53. South Devon Railway, § 55. Bristol and Exeter Railway, § 56.]

Cap. exxiii.

An Act to consolidate the Capital Stock of the Electric Telegraph Company and of the International Telegraph Company, and to grant further Powers to the Electric Telegraph Com-[2d July 1855.]

[Electric Telegraph Company to exercise the Powers of the Two

Companies, § 8. Power to borrow £50,000, § 11.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act to enable the Great Northern Railway Company further to increase their Capital; and for other Purposes with relation to the same Company. [2d July 1855.]

[Power to raise additional Capital, § 1. Power to borrow £333,000, § 5. Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. as to borrowing extended to this Act, § 7. Conversion of Royston and Hitchin Rails, §§ 9 and 10. Re-issue of Witham Navigation Bonds (9 & 10 Vict. c. lxxi.), § 14. Agreement with Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway confirmed, § 15. Agreement with North-eastern Railway Company, dated 25th February 1850, confirmed, § 17. Vesting undivided Moiety of Line in Great Northern Railway Company, § 18. Provisions of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. as to Arbitration incorporated, Certain Powers to Great Northern Railway to enter into Agreements, § 21. Joint Committees with North-eastern Railway Company, § 22.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for incorporating the "Colonial Life Assurance Company;" for enabling the said Company to sue and to be sued, to take and hold Property; and for other Purposes relating to the said Company. [2d July 1855.]

[Company may lend Money on Security, § 27. Certain Clauses of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 17. incorporated in this Act, § 43.7

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for the Improvement, Maintenance, and Regulation of the Port of Hartlepool, for the Construction of a Harbour of Refuge there, and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

Saving Rights of Duke of Cleveland's Trustees and Dock Companies, § 6. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18., certain Parts of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 16., and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. incorporated, §§ 7 to 9. pool Pier and Port Act, 1851 (14 & 15 Vict. c. exvii.), repealed, § 12. Sects. 48 and 49, and Parts of Sects. 50, 51, 52, and 53, of 14 & 15 Vict. c. xvi. repealed, § 22. General Saving of Rights under such repealed Sections, § 23. Hartlepool Port and Harbour Commissioners, § 25. Docks, § 26. Commissioners, § § 27 Consent of Admiralty necessary to Works, § 68. 12 of 53 Geo. 3. c. xxxv., as to taking of Lands of Corporation and G. Pocock, Esq., continued, notwithstanding Repeal of Act, Power to make Works authorized by Act of 1851 (14 & 15 Vict. c. exvii.) continued, § 70. Duke of Cleveluni's Road to the Shore not to be interfered with, § 71. Consent of Admiralty to Works necessary, § 73. Saving of Property of Trustees of late William Sedgewick, Esq., § 80. Saving of Property of Trustees of Duke of Cleveland, §81. Power to make

Landing Places and establish Boats at Ferry, § 82. Harbour Master and other Officers, § 89. Ballast, § § 91 to 100. Ferry Tolls, § § 101 to 116. Duties on Vessels, § 117. Rent to be paid to Corporation, § 121. Power to borrow £835,000. Saving Rights of Crown, § 147. Saving Rights of Bishop of Durham and Duke of Cleveland's Trustees, § 148. Saving Rights of Trinity House, § 149; and of Corporation, § 150; and of Fishermen of Hartlepool, § 151; and of Dock Companies, § 152. Act not to prejudice Wet Docks in the Port, § 153.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for making a Railway from Ladybank on the Line of the Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee Railway, by Auchtermuchty and Strathmiglo, to Milnathort and Kinross. [16th July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16., 18., and 20. incorporated, § 1. Capital, £70,000, § 4. Power to borrow £23,000, § 9. Connexion with Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee Railway Company, § 21. Lands and Works not to be interfered with, except by Consent, § 22. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § 25. Tolls, §§ 30 to 37. Saving Rights of the Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee Railway Company, § 44.]

Cap. exxviii.

An Act to authorize the Sunderland Dock Company to make further Works; and to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the said Company; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

Certain Parts of 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. incorporated, § 2. Acts of 1846 (9 & 10 Vict. c. xiii.), 1849 (12 & 13 Vict. c. xxxi), and 1853 (16 & 17 Vict. c. 1xxvi.) repealed, § 4. Saving of Private Rights under repealed Acts, § 5. Capital, £450,000; Power to raise £112,500, §§ 24 and 25. Saving Rights of Mortgagees, &c., § 44. Works not to be without Consent of Admiralty, §§ 62 and 63. Obstruction in River Wear, § 68. As to Admission and Exit of Vessels to and from the Northern Basin of the Docks (11 Geo. 4. & 1 Will. 4. c. xlix.), § 73. Powers of Dock Master, § 74. Damage to Works of River Wear to be made good by Company, § 77. Saving Rights of Commissioners, § 85. Facilities to Proprietors of Railway from Seaham to Sunderland, § 87. Power to Commissioners of River Wear, acting under 11 Geo. 4. & 1 Will. 4. c. xlix., to take certain Rates, § 101. Penalty on Persons casting Ballast into River Wear, § 114. Extending Jurisdiction of 3 & 4 Vict. c. lxii. to the Dock, § 118. Company to pay Dues to Trinity House of Newcastle, and to exercise the Powers of that Corporation for the Recovery thereof, § 120. Saving Rights of the said Trinity House, § 121. Company to provide a suitable Site for a new Battery, § 122. Works not to encroach upon the Barrack Enclosure, § 123.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for regulating the Share Capital of the Manchester, Sheffield, and Liucolnshire Railway Company'; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Power to create £3. 5s. Preference Stock, § 2. Power to create new Shares for Redemption of £6. Preference Shares, § 15.]

Cap. cxxx.

An Act to enable the Stockport, Disley, and Whaley Bridge Railway Company to construct a Junction Line to the Cromford and High Peak Railway, and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1. Company to abide by Rules of Board of Trade, § § 8 and 11. Crossing Manchester and Buxton Road, § 13. Power for London and North-western Railway Company to subscribe, § 17. Cromford and High Peak Railway Company to contribute, § 18. Saving Rights of Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Railway Company, § 28.]

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act to enable the Carmarthen and Cardigan Railway Company to make a Deviation in their Line of Railway; and for other Purposes.

[16th July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 18. and 20. incorporated, § 1.]

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for the Improvement of the Town of Leek in the County of Stafford, for purchasing the Market Tolls, and for providing more commodious Markets and Cemeteries, and for better supplying the Inhabitants with Water; and for other Purposes.

[16th July 1855.]

[6 Geo. 4. c. 1xxi. repealed, § 7. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 9. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated, § 40. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 49. Power to supply Water, § 50. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 60. Power to supply Gas, § 61. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 65. incorporated, § 69. Power to make Cemetery, § 70. Market Tolls, § 81. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 14. incorporated, § 82. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34. incorporated, § 100. Sect. 31 of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34. extended to this Act, § 103. Sewers, § 104. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 89. incorporated, § 130. Power to borrow £40,000, § 133. Saving Rights of Lord of Manor of Leek, § 167; of Owners of Market Tolls, § 168.]

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act to enable the *Weymouth* Waterworks Company to increase and extend their Supply of Water, and to construct new Works, and for other Purposes. [16th *July* 1855.]

[37 Geo. 3. c. exxix. repealed, § 1. 8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 3. Capital, £40,000, § 19. Power to borrow £10,000, or to raise it by new Shares, §§ 23 and 24. Company shall, if required by Admiralty, remove the Pipe across the Bridge, and lay down one under the Bed of the Harbour, § 58.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for changing the Corporate Name of the Company of Proprietors of the *Grand Surrey* Canal; for consolidating their Acts; for authorizing them to make a new Entrance from the *Thames*, additional Docks and other Works, and to raise further Moneys; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. incorporated, § 5. Certain Clauses of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. incorporated, § 6. Certain Parts only of

10 & 11 Vict. c. 27. to apply to Canal, § 7. Certain Parts of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 17. incorporated, § 8. 41 Geo. 3. c. xxxi., 47 Geo. 3. Sess. 2. c. lxxx., 48 Geo. 3. c. xcix., and 51 Geo. 3. c. clxx. repealed, § 9. Sections of Acts in Schedule A. to remain in force, § 10. Capital, £351,100, § 22. Power to raise more Capital by new Shares, § 26. Power to borrow £150,000, § 41. Company to provide new Stairs instead of Surrey Canal Stairs, To widen Rotherhithe Street, § 76. For Protection of Kent Waterworks and Surrey Consumers Gas Companies, § 77. Works on Thames not to be constructed without Authority of the Commissioners of Woods, &c., the Admiralty, and the Lord Mayor, § 80. Saving Rights of Crown, § 83, and of Commercial Dock Company, § 84. Property of Messrs. Mangles, § 85. Docks to form Part of Port of London, § 89. Saving Rights of Lord Mayor as Conservator, § 92. Provision as to Mill Hole Lower Tier, § 93, and to other Collier Tiers in Thames, § 94. Power to vary Canal Rates from Time to Time, § 115. Saving Rights of Corporation of London, § 134. Rights of Corporation of London in respect of Metage and Porterage, § 135. Saving Rights of Commissioners acting under 23 Geo. 3. c. 31., and 57 Geo. 3. c. xxix., § 136. Saving Rights of Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, § 137, and of Watermen's *Company*, § 138.]

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for granting further Powers to the Torquay, Tor, and Saint Mary Church Gas Company. [16th July 1855.] [Company empowered to construct their Works upon Land called "Little Goosemore" in the Parish of Paignton, § 2.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act to repeal the Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Hedon* through *Preston* and *Bilton* to *Hull*, and other Roads in the County of *York*, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[16th July 1855.]

[18 Geo. 2. c. vi., 7 Geo. 3. c. lxxi., 33 Geo. 3. c. clvii., and 52 Geo. 3. c. xxi., repealed, § 1.]

Cap. exxxvii.

An Act for incorporating the "Gaslight Company of Sligo," and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. cc. 16. and 18. and 10 & 11 Vict. c. 15. incorporated, § 1. Limits of Act (2 & 3 Will. 4. c. 89.), § 6. Capital, £9,000, § 14. Power to borrow £2,000, § 16.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act to amend the Provisions of "The West Bromwich Improvement Act, 1854," with relation to the Prevention of Smoke. [16th July 1855.]

[Section 108 of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 34. as to Consumption of Smoke not to apply to Works herein mentioned, § 1. Power of Justices to remit Penalties in certain Cases, § 2.]

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act to vary the Mode of carrying the Staines, Wokingham, and Woking Railway across certain Roads, and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Certain Parts of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 20. incorporated, § 3. Consent of Board of Trade to Works, § 6. As to Reading Railway, § § 10 and 11.]

Cap. cxl.

An Act for incorporating "The Cape Town Railway and Dock Company," and for other Purposes connected therewith.

[16th *July* 1855.]

[8 & 9 Vict. c. 16. incorporated, § 3. Power to enter into Terms with the local Government of the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope, § 4. Capital, £600,000, § 5. Power to borrow £200,000, § 8.]

Cap. cxli.

An Act to amalgamate the Glasgow and Inchbelly Bridge and Possil and Balmore Turnpike Road Trusts, and to make Branch Roads; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[6 & 7 Vict. c. lxxx., 1 & 2 Vict. c. xlvii., and so much of 11 Geo. 4. c. cxxviii. as relates to Possil Road, repealed, § 1. Provisions of Public General Act 1 & 2 Will. 4. c. 43. applied to this Act, § 3. Regulating Crossing of Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway, and Saving of Rights, §§ 14 and 15. Present Tolls continued until First Term of Whitsunday after passing of Act, § 20. Maintenance of Road between Balmore and Inchbelly, and Exemption from Tolls, &c., § 23. Act to commence on Third Wednesday of the Month after passing, § 35.]

Cap. exlii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Charlestown of Aboyne, by Ballater, Crathie, and Castletown of Braemar, to Cairnwell Hill, with a Branch at Crathie, in the County of Aberdeen; and for other Purposes.

[16th July 1855.]

[Roads regulated, &c. under 39 & 40 Geo. 8. c. xlii., 48 Geo. 8. c. 80., and 59 Geo. 3. c. 135. to be managed, &c. by Trustees under this Act, § 3. Number of Tolls to be taken limited, § 21. Penalties on giving Tickets to other Persons, and for obstructing Toll Collectors, § § 24 and 25. Arrangements may be entered into with Proprietors of Balmoral, § 30. Act to commence on Fourth Wednesday after passiny, and to continue for Thirty-one Years, § 38.]

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for constructing and maintaining a Quay and other Works in the Borough of *Guteshead* in the County of *Durham*, and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Provisions as to levying of Rates, §§ 28 to 33. Power to borrow on Mortgage of Rates and on Borough Fund, §§ 42 and 43. Power to levy a Borough Rate, § 44. Saving of Rights, §§ 52 to 55. Act not exempt from Provisions of General Acts, § 56. Saving Rights of North-eastern Railway, Messrs. Haggie, and Local Board of Health, §§ 58 to 61.]

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Cap. cxliv.

An Act to enable the *Halifax* Gaslight and Coke Company to transfer their Undertaking and Powers to the *Halifax* Local Board of Health; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

Cap. cxlv.

An Act to amend an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, Chapter 100, to enable Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London to purchase certain Lands and Houses for building more convenient and requisite Head Quarters, Storehouses, and other proper Accommodation for the Royal London Militia, and to confer certain other Powers.

[16th July 1855.]

17 & 18 Vict. c. 105.

1 G. 4. c. 100.

THEREAS an Act was passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Militia in England and Wales: And whereas an Act was passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament Two several Acts passed in the Thirty-sixth and ' Thirty-ninth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the better ordering and further regulating of the Militia of the City of London: And whereas by the Thirty-fifth Section of the said last-recited Act Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London are authorized to continue to raise and levy as heretofore in every Year a certain Tax called the Trophy Tax: And whereas by the said firstrecited Act the Justices of the Peace, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, are authorized to borrow on Mortgage of the County Rate of the several Counties such Sum or Sums as shall be necessary for the Expenses of purchasing, building, enlarging, or altering the Place for keeping the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores belonging to any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, together with the Sums required for the Cost of Fuel and other necessary Expenses incidental to the Use and Maintenance of the Premises: And whereas by the Tenth Section of the said first-recited Act all and every the Powers, Authorities, and Directions in and by the said Act given to or vested in the Lords Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, and Treasurers of Counties, and the Justices of the Peace in their General or Quarter Sessions assembled, are extended to and include the Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London, and their Treasurer for the Time being, so far as the same may be applicable to the Militia of the said City: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Trophy Tax so authorized ' to be raised by the said Commissioners of Lieutenancy can be ' deemed to be a County Rate according to the Intent and Mean-' ing of the said first-recited Act, on which the said Commissioners ' should be entitled to raise any Sum or Sums on Mortgage for the 'Purposes aforesaid, and it is expedient that the said Doubts should be removed: And whereas the Place provided for the ' Purpose of keeping therein the Arms, Accourrements, Clothing, ' and other Stores belonging to the Royal London Militia has

become insecure and insufficient, and the Public Service requires ' the Site of the same to be changed, and that more convenient and ' requisite Head Quarters and Storehouses should be constructed, ' and other proper Accommodation should be procured and provided for the assembling, training, and mounting Guard of the ' said Royal London Militia, and it is expedient to vest in the said Commissioners further Powers for the Purchase and Use of ' Lands for the said several Purposes; but the same cannot be ' effected without the Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

I. That the said Trophy Tax shall, for the Purposes of the Trophy Tax to said recited Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her be deemed a present Majesty, be deemed and taken to be a County Rate, and County Rate, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieu- borrow on tenancy that now are and shall be hereafter constituted and ap- Mortgage of pointed for the City of London to borrow all or any Part of the the Trophy Money necessary for the aforesaid Purposes upon Mortgage of the Tax. said Trophy Tax to be raised in and for the City of London under and by virtue of the Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled An Act for ordering the Forces in the several Counties of this Kingdom, and of the Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, Chapter One hundred.

II. 'And whereas Plans showing the Lands and Buildings Powers to be ' which will be required by the said Commissioners, and also a exercised ac-Book of Reference containing the Names of the Owners, Lessees, cording to deand Occupiers, or reputed Owners, Lessees, and Occupiers, of Posited Plans. ' Lands or Buildings which will be required by the said Com-' missioners as aforesaid, have been deposited with the Clerk of ' the Peace for the County of Middlesex:' Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to enter upon, take, and use such of the said Lands and Buildings as shall be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid as are comprised in the Schedule hereto annexed.

III. The Words "the Artillery Company," where used in this Power for the Act, shall be held to mean the Society exercising Arms in the Artillery Com-Artillery Garden, London, commonly called or known by the pany to execute Leases, &c. Name of "the Artillery Company," and in all Contracts, Agreements, Leases, or other legal Instruments entered into or to be entered into by the said Society for the Purposes of this Act, it shall be sufficient to designate them by the Name of "the Artillery Company," and any such Contract, Agreement, Lease, or Instrument signed by the President or Vice President and Secretary for the Time being of the said Company shall be sufficient to bind the said Company.

IV. 'And whereas the said Artillery Company are the Lessees Power to grant under a Lease from the Corporation of London for a Term of Leases to the 'Years, which will expire in the Year One thousand eight hun- Commissioners 18 & 19 Vict.

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and the Artillery Company.

dred and sixty-three, of a Piece of Land or Ground used by them for the Exercise of Arms, together with certain Buildings connected therewith, in the Parish of Saint Luke Middleser, forming Part of the Ground commonly known as the Artillery Ground, under which Lesse certain Rights of User of the said Piece of Land or Ground at stated Periods are reserved to the Royal London Militia, or the Trained Bands of the City of London, for the Purpose of mustering, training, and exercising the said Militia; and it is essential for the Public Service that the said Piece of Land or Ground should continue to be appropriated to the Purposes for which the same is now and has heretofore been employed by the said Artillery Company and ' the said Royal London Militia: And whereas the said Piece of Land or Ground and Buildings so leased to the said Artillery ' Company forms Part of the Prebendal Estate of Halliwell and Finsbury in the Cathedral Church of Saint Paul London, whereof the Honourable and Right Reverend Hugh Bishop of ' Carlisle is the present Prebendary, and upon the Avoidance ' thereof by the said Hugh Bishop of Carlisle the said Prebendal 'Estate will become vested in the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and the same is subject to a Lease thereof granted to the Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London, which will expire in the Year One thousand eight hundred 'and sixty-seven: And whereas the said Hugh Bishop of Carlisle ' and the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners are willing to grant a new Lease for a Term of Ninety-nine Years of the said Piece of Land and Buildings from the Twenty-fourth of June One ' thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, in order that the said ' Piece of Land and Buildings may be occupied and used by and for the Purposes of the said Artillery Company, and of the said 'Royal London Militia: And whereas by certain Articles of ' Agreement, bearing Date the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and made between William White the Secretary of the said Artillery Company, for and on behalf of the said Company, and Henley Smith the Clerk and Treasurer of the said Commissioners of Lieutenancy, for and on behalf of the said Commissioners, it has been agreed that such ' new Lease as aforesaid of the said Piece of Land and Buildings shall be granted to the said Commissioners and their Successors, or to their Clerk and Treasurer for the Time being on their Behalf, and that thereupon an Under-lease of the said Land and ' Buildings, save and except a Portion of the said Piece of Land described in a Plan annexed to the said Agreement, shall be granted by the said Commissioners or their Successors, or by their Clerk and Treasurer for the Time being on their Behalf, ' to the said Artillery Company for the whole Term of the said new Lease, wanting Five Days, at the Rent and under the Conditions therein mentioned, and with the Reservation in favour of the said Royal London Militia or Trained Bands of the City of London of the same Right of User of the said Piece of 'Land as they now enjoy, and such other Rights as are in the ' said Agreement specified:' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Hugh Bishop of Carlisle and the said Eccle-

Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, according to their respective Interests, to grant to the said Commissioners of Lieutenancy and their Successors, or to their Clerk and Treasurer for the Time being on their Behalf, a Lease of the said Piece or Parcel of Land and Buildings for the Term of Ninety-nine Years, in manner herein-after provided, and the said Commissioners of Lieutenancy and their Successors, or their Clerk and Treasurer for the Time being on their Behalf, shall and they are hereby empowered to accept of such Lease, and to execute a Counterpart, thereof, and shall and they are hereby empowered, at or imme- Confirmation diately after the Execution thereof, to grant and execute to and of Agreement in favour of the said Artillery Company and their Successors, or Commissioners to Trustees on their Behalf, an Under-lease of the said Piece of of Lieutenancy Land and Buildings (save and except the Portion thereof excepted and the Artilby the said Agreement and specified in the Plan appended thereto) lery Company. for the said Term of Years, and at the Rent, and under the Conditions, and with and subject to the Reservation of Rights specified and contained in the Agreement herein-before referred to, which last-mentioned Agreement shall be held binding on the said Commissioners of Lieutenancy and on the said Artillery Company.

V. That the Compensation for and in respect of the Lands and Compensation Buildings which will be required by the said Commissioners as for Lands, &c. aforesaid shall, in case the Terms of Compensation have not been as directed by already or shall not hereafter be agreed upon between the Parties, 829 Vict. e. 18. be ascertained, assessed, and paid in the Manner directed by and in accordance with "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," as regards the taking and Purchase of Lands, Premises, and other Hereditaments.

VI. That, except as hereby is expressly enacted, nothing in Reservation of this Act shall extend to take away, diminish, alter, or prejudice Rights of City all or any of the Rights, Privileges, Powers, Exemptions, or dillery Com-Authorities vested in the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of nany, and Ex the City of London, the Artillery Company, the Lord Bishop of clesiastical Carlisle, and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England re- Commissioners. spectively; but all such Rights, Privileges, Powers, Exemptions, and Authorities shall and may henceforth and at all Times be used, exercised, and enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a Manner as if this Act had not been passed.

of London, Ar-

VII. That all the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of and at-Expenses of tending the obtaining and passing this Act shall be paid by the Act. said Commissioners of Lieutenancy out of the said Trophy Tax.

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The SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Act. The Parish of Saint Luke in the County of Middlesex.

Number on Plan.	Description of Property.	Owners or reputed Owners.	Lessees or reputed Lessees.	Occupiers.
П	Part of Artillery Ground and Entrance.	The Prebendary of the Prebend of Halliwell and Finsbury, and the Ecclesiatical Commissioners for England.	The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of London, and Thomas Mawdeley, Richard Hooper, James Kidston, John Bacon, William Moore, Thomas Lane the younger, William Row the younger, Charles Edward Cox, George Wood, John Jennings, John Furbor, William Comerford Clarkson, Thomas Preston the younger, Thomas Kemble, John Par Welsford, Thomas James Allen, Joseph Reid, James Liyon, Robert Steel the younger, Rowland Wimburn, Charles Lincoln, Charles Lincoln, Charles Lincoln, Garles Holah, and Robert Robson, Trustees of the Artillery Company.	Thomas Mawdsley, Richard Hooper, James Kidston, John Bacon, William Moore, Thomas Lane the younger, William Row the younger, Charles Edward Cox, George Wood, John Jennings, John Furbor, William Comerford Clarkson, Thomas Freston the younger, Thomas James Allen, Joseph Reid, James Lyon, Robert Skerl, the younger, Rowland Wimburn, Genries Lincoln, Charles Bessell, George Holsh, and Robert Robert Robert, Reseal, George Holsh, and Robert Robert, Reseal, George Holsh, and Robert Robert Robert, Robert Robert Robert, Robert Robert, Robert Robert, Robert Robert, Robert Robert Robert, Robert Robert Robert, Robert Robert Robert, Robert Robert, Robert Robert Robert Robert, Robert
a	Part of Artillery Ground	The same -	The same	The same.
8	and Shooning Gallery. House, Officer, and Yard	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London, Joseph Freeman, William Meyer-	Joseph Freeman, William Meyer-
4	House, Offices, and Yard	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London, John Lucas Allen.	John Lucas Allen.
25	House, Offices, and Yard	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London,	Alfred Purssell and William Towsey.
•	House, Offices, and Yard	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London,	Hillery John Bauerman.
~	House, Offices, and Yard	The same	The Mayor Country and Citizens of London,	Robert Rough.
s o	House, Offices, and Yard	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London,	John Corner.
•	House, Offices, and Yard The same	The same	The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London. Lettita Montague.	Letitia Montague.

Cap. cxlvi.

An Act for making a Railway from the London and North-western Railway at Dunstable in the County of Bedford to the Great Northern Railway at or near Welwyn in the County of Hertford, to be called the "Luton, Dunstable, and Welwyn Junction Railway;" and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital, £120,000, § 4. Power to borrow not exceeding £40,000, § 9. Provision as to Rights of the Crown, § 52.]

Cap. exlvii.

An Act to extend the Limits of the Borough of Folkestone; to enable the Corporation of the said Borough to construct a Market House; to make certain new Streets and other Improvements; and to pave, light, drain, and otherwise improve the said Borough; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Inhabitants of the Borough, as extended, incorporated, and present Commission of the Peace valid, §§ 4 and 6. Provisions as to Constitution of the Council, and as to Elections, §§ 7 to 24. 36 Geo. 3. c. xlix. repealed, § 30. Power to make new Streets, &c. § 43.]

Cap. exlviii.

An Act for insuring the due Proof of Gun Barrels in England, and for other Purposes.

[16th July 1855.] WHEREAS by Royal Charter, dated the Fourteenth Day of Charter, March One thousand six hundred and thirty-seven, the dated 14th Master, Wardens, and Society of the Mistery of Gunmakers of March 1637. ' the City of London (in this Act called the Gunmakers Company) were incorporated, with perpetual Succession, and with ' Powers of searching for and viewing and proving and marking 'all manner of Hand Guns whatsoever, great and small Daggs ' and Pistols, and every Part thereof, whether made in London or the Suburbs, or within Ten Miles thereof, or imported from 'Foreign Parts or otherwise brought thither for Sale, and a Scale for such Proof was thereby established, and a Stamp was thereby ' authorized to be used for such marking by that Company: And 'whereas the Gunmakers Company, in pursuance of the Provisions ' of their Charter, have established a Proof House near the City ' of London for such proving: And whereas in or before the Year 'One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Money was subscribed ' in Birmingham for the Erection and Establishment in that Town ' of a public Proof House for Fire-arms: And whereas by an Act of the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of King George the Third, Chapter One hundred and fifteen, intituled An Act to insure the 53 G. 3. c. 115. proper and careful manufacturing of Fire-arms in England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of such Fire-arms, the Guardians, Trustees, and Wardens of the Gun Barrel Proof ' House of the Town of Birmingham (in this Act called the Bir-

' mingham Company) were incorporated, with perpetual Succes-' sion, for the purpose of proving and marking Barrels of Fire-arms, ' and were empowered to erect and establish in Birmingham a proper Proof House, and to apply for that Purpose the Money so subscribed, and Provision was thereby made for the Repayment

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'thereof

thereof with Interest: And whereas by that Act Provision was ' made for the proving at the Birmingham Proof House of the Barrels of Fire-arms not proved at the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company or at some other public Proof House established 4 by Law, and for the marking of such Barrels as proved, and a Scale for such Proof was established, and a Stamp was autho-' rized to be used for such marking by the Birmingham Company, and Penalties were imposed in respect of the Sale of Barrels of Fire-arms not proved and marked as proved at the Proof House ' of the Gunmakers Company, the Birmingham Proof House, or ' some other public Proof House: And whereas the Birmingham 'Company in pursuance of that Act established a Proof House in ' Birmingham (in this Act called the Birmingham Proof House) for such proving: And whereas the Money so subscribed for the Purposes of the Birmingham Proof House, with the Interest thereon, was paid off: And whereas by an Act of the Fifty-fifth 'Year of the Reign of King George the Third, Chapter Fifty-nine, ' intituled An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, to insure the proper and careful manufacturing of Fire-arms in ' England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of ' such Fire-arms, further Provision was made for the proving, and ' marking as proved, by the Birmingham Company and the Gun-' makers Company (in this Act called the Two Companies) respectively of the Barrels of Fire-arms, and further Penalties were imposed for the Purpose of securing the due proving of such Barrels, and the Constitution of the Birmingham Company was ' altered: And whereas the recited Acts have been put in execu-' tion by the Birmingham Company, and they are now possessed of the Birmingham Proof House situate in Banbury Street in ' the Borough of Birmingham, which is vested in Trustees for them ' and is used for the Purposes of those Acts: And whereas the ' recited Acts have also been put in execution by the Gunmakers ' Company so far as they regarded that Company, and they have ever since the granting of their Charter been and are now possessed of a proper Proof House in Church Lane, Whitechapel, ' near the City of London, (in this Act called the Proof House of ' the Gunmakers Company,) which is used for the Purposes of ' those Acts and of their Charter: And whereas by reason of ' progressive Improvements in the Manufacture of Small Arms since the passing of the secondly-recited Act, some of the Pro-' visions of the recited Acts respectively are not applicable to 'every Description of Small Arm now in use, or are in other ' respects insufficient; and it is expedient that better Provision ' be made for insuring that Small Arms made in England be ' properly and carefully manufactured, and in order thereto that better Provision be made for the proving and marking as proved of all such Parts of Small Arms as for securing the safe User thereof ought to be proved, and that further Powers be conferred on the Two Companies respectively for insuring Compliance with ' the Requirements of this Act: And whereas it is expedient that the Scale of Proof required by the recited Acts be amended: And whereas it is expedient that all smooth bored single Barrels " be proved once only, and by definitive Proof, and only when in ' the State in that Behalf by this Act provided, and that all rifled

55 **G. S.** c. 59.

C. exlviii.

I. This Act may be cited for any Purpose as "The Gun Barrel Short Title.

Proof Act, 1855."

II. This Act shall commence and have Effect on and after the Commence-

Fourth Wednesday next after the passing thereof.

III. This Act shall not in any way interfere with the Power of Crown may es-Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, from Time to Time to tablish public establish public Proof Houses in such Places and under such Proof Houses. Regulations as to the Care and Management thereof as to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, may seem fit.

IV. In the Construction of this Act the following Words and Interpretation Expressions have the following Meanings, unless there be in the of Terms. Subject or Context something repugnant to or inconsistent with

such Construction; to wit,

"Official Members of the Birmingham Company" means the several Persons who by virtue of their respective Offices are from Time to Time Members of the Birmingham Company:

"Ordinary Members of the Birmingham Company" means the several Persons other than the official Members who from Time to Time are Members of the Birmingham Company:

"Small Arms" includes Small Arms of every Description, and whether of present Use or of future Invention, respectively adapted for the Discharge of Bullets, Shots, or other Projectiles, either by means of the Explosion, Ignition, or other Action of Gunpowder, Gun-cotton, fulminating Powder, or other Substance, whether of present Use or of future Invention or Application, or by means of the Expansion of Steam or Gas, or by any other Means not being merely mechanical Means, except Air Guns as at present manufactured:

"Barrel" includes every Barrel of every Small Arm and every Breech of every Small Arm and every Part of every Small Arm, which Part would in the User of the Small Arm contain all or any Part of the Charge of the Small Arm, and every Part of every Small Arm in, from, or through which Part, in the User of the Small Arm, all or any Part of the Charge thereof would be exploded or discharged:

"Barrel" also includes all Barrels welded, forged, or cast, finished or unfinished, or in any other progressive State of Manufacture, and any and every Part of a Barrel:

"Double Barrel" includes every Barrel constructed for every

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Small Arm consisting of Two or more Barrels:

ment of Act.

" Provisional

"Provisional Proof" means Proof of a Barrel liable in any subsequent Stage of Manufacture to be reduced in Strength before it forms Part of a Small Arm in a finished State:

"Definitive Proof" means Proof of a Barrel not liable in any subsequent Stage of Manufacture to be reduced in Strength before it forms Part of a Small Arm in a finished State:

"Proof" includes "provisional Proof" and "definitive Proof," and means, as the Case requires, "provisional Proof" or "definitive Proof."

"Stamp" includes every Stamp, Die, Punch, Tool, and other Instrument whatsoever, by means whereof any Mark can be made on any Metal whatsoever:

"Mark" includes every Mark and other Impression of and made with any Stamp or produced by any other Means

whatsoever on any Metal whatsoever:

The "Birmingham Gun Trade" means Master Gun Makers or Master Gun Barrel Makers carrying on Business in or within Ten Miles of the Borough of Birmingham rated to the Relief of the Poor of the Parish in which they shall carry on Business upon the annual Value of not less than Fifteen Pounds, and registered as by this Act provided:

The "Trade List" means the List of Candidates for Election as ordinary Members of the *Birmingham* Company nominated by the *Birmingham* Gun Trade as by this Act provided:

The several Weights by this Act prescribed are Avoirdupois

Weights.

V. The several Words and Expressions to which by the Acts incorporated with this Act Meanings are assigned have in this Act the same respective Meanings; and the several Words and Expressions to which by this Act Meanings are assigned, have in the Schedule to this Act annexed the same respective Meanings, unless in any such Case there be in the Subject or Context something repugnant to or inconsistent with such Construction.

VI. "The Commissioners Clauses Act, 1847," shall be incorporated with this Act, except the following Clauses thereof; that

is to say, the Clauses—

With respect to the Qualification of Commissioners:

With respect to the Election and Rotation of the Commissioners, where the Commissioners are to be elected by the Ratepayers or other like Class of Electors:

With respect to the Meetings and other Proceedings of the Commissioners and their Liabilities:

With respect to the Appointment and Accountability of the Officers of the Commissioners:

With respect to the Mortgages to be executed by the Commissioners:

With respect to the Accounts to be kept by the Commissioners:

With respect to the making of Byelaws:

With respect to the Notices to be given by Advertisement: And the Expression "the Commissioners" in that Act means, for the Purposes of this Act only, the *Birmingham* Company.

VII. "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," is incorporated with this Act, but not so as to authorize the purchasing of any Lands otherwise than by Agreement.

VIII. Pro-

to Words in incorporated Acts and this Act, &c.

Same Meanings

10 & 11 Vict. c. 16. incorporated.

8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. incorporated.

VIII. Provided always, That the Clauses and Provisions incor- 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. porated with this Act of "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, and 10&11Vict. 1845," and "The Commissioners Clauses Act, 1847," respectively, do not extend or apply to the Gunmakers Company or any of the Officers or Servants thereof.

IX. The recited Acts are by this Act repealed.

A.D.1855.

X. Provided always, That, notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, and except only as is by this Act otherwise expressly provided, everything before the Commencement of this Act done and suffered respectively under the recited Acts or either of them shall be as valid as if this Act were not passed; and such Repeal and this Act respectively shall accordingly be subject and without Prejudice to everything so done and suffered respectively, and to all Rights, Liabilities, Claims, and Demands, both present and future, which, if such Repeal had not happened and this Act were not passed, would be incident to or consequent on any and every thing so done and suffered respectively; and all such Rights, Liabilities, Claims, and Demands shall be enforceable and recoverable for or against the Birmingham Company in the same Manner and to the same Extent as they would have been enforceable against that Company in case this Act had not passed: Provided also, that the Generality of the preceding Provision shall not be affected by the Particularity of any of the other Provisions of this Act.

XI. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, the Scale Existing Scale of Proofs in the first-recited Act contained shall be the Scale of Proof to confor Proof according to this Act until the First Day of January tinue until 1st One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

XII. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, but sub- Birmingham ject to the Provisions of this Act, the Birmingham Company Company to shall be and continue incorporated by the Name of the Guar- continue dians of the Birmingham Proof House, and by that Name shall be incorporated. One Body Corporate, with perpetual Succession and a Common Seal.

XIII. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, the Birmingham Birmingham Company shall remain and be possessed of and en- Company to titled to the Birmingham Proof House, and all Works and Con- remain entitled veniences, Lands, Buildings, Estates, Monies, Property, Effects, Claims, and Demands whatsoever, of or to which they, or any Persons upon trust for them, shall, by virtue of the recited Acts or either of them, or otherwise howsoever, be, immediately before the Commencement of this Act, seised, possessed, or in any way entitled at Law or in Equity, or otherwise howsoever, with the Appurtenances, as if this Act were not passed, and may, according to the Provisions of this Act, maintain and use that Proof House and the Works and Conveniences thereof.

XIV. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, but Birmingham subject to the Provisions of this Act, the several Clauses and Company to Provisions whatsoever relating to the Birmingham Company contitude to Rights ained in any Act or Acts other than the recited Acts, and which under other shall immediately before the Commencement of this Act be in Acts. force, shall, on and after the Commencement and for the Purposes of this Act, continue and be in force accordingly; and that Company, by themselves, their Officers and Servants, may and shall accordingly

Recited Acts repealed. General Saving of Rights under recited Acts.

to their Pro-

XX. Not-

accordingly and for the Purposes of this Act, be entitled to, and have, exercise, enjoy, and be subject to, under or by virtue of those Clauses and Provisions respectively, all such Rights, Interests, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Obligations, and Liabilities whatsoever, as, in case this Act were not passed, that Company, by themselves, their Officers and Servants, under or by virtue of the same, might be entitled to, or might have, exercise, enjoy, and be subject to.

Contracts, Conveyances, &c. to remain in force. XV. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, all Contracts, Conveyances, Leases, Deeds, Appointments, Agreements, Mortgages, Bonds, Covenants, and Securities made or entered into before the Commencement of this Act, to, with, in favour of, or by, for, or on behalf of the Birmingham Company or any Person on their Behalf, shall be and remain as good, valid, and effectual, in favour of, against, and with reference to that Company, and may be proceeded on and enforced in like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were not passed.

Actions, &c.

XVI. Any Action, Suit, Prosecution, or other Proceeding whatsoever, commenced either by or against the *Birmingham* Company before the Commencement of this Act, shall not abate or be discontinued or prejudicially affected by this Act, but, on the contrary, shall continue and take effect, both in favour of and against that Company, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were not passed.

Debts due to and by Birmingham Company to be paid to and by them. XVII. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, all Perwho shall immediately before the Commencement of this Act owe any Sum of Money to the Birmingham Company, or to any Person on their Behalf, shall pay the same, with all the Interest (if any) due and payable or accruing for the same, to that Company; and all Debts and Monies which immediately before the Commencement of this Act are due or owing by or recoverable from that Company, or for the Payment of which that Company are or but for this Act would be liable, shall be paid, with all Interest (if any) due and payable or accruing for the same, by or be recoverable from that Company.

Byelaws, &c. to remain in force.

XVIII. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, all Byelaws, Ordinances, Rules, Resolutions, Orders, Notices, and Proceedings of the Birmingham Company and their Officers and Agents, made and taken before the Commencement of this Act, shall for the Purposes of this Act continue of full Force and Effect as if this Act were not passed, and such Byelaws may be enforced and all Penalties thereunder may be recovered accordingly: Provided always, that any Byelaw of the Birmingham Company made under the Authority and for any of the Purposes of the recited Acts or either of them, shall not, unless and except only so far as the same shall within Six Months after the Commencement of this Act be duly re-enacted, be of any Force after the Expiration of those Six Months.

Books to be Evidence. XIX. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, all Books, Certificates, Writings, and Documents by those Acts respectively directed or authorized to be kept or made, and which, if this Act were not passed, would be receivable in Evidence, shall be admitted as Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity and elsewhere accordingly.

XX. Notwithstanding the Repeal of the recited Acts, every Officers to Officer and Servant of the Birmingham Company appointed by continue. virtue of or acting under the Authority of those Acts or either of them, shall hold and enjoy his respective Office and Employment, with the Salary thereunto annexed, and be deemed an Officer and Servant of that Company, until he be removed by that Company from such Office and Employment, and he shall have the like Power and Authority for the Purposes of this Act, and be subject to the like Power of Removal, Rules, Regulations, Pains, and Penalties, in all respects whatsoever as if he were appointed by that Company under this Act.

XXI. On and after the Commencement of this Act the Lords Members of Lieutenant of the several Counties of Warwick, Worcester, and Birmingham Stafford, and the several Persons from Time to Time serving in Parliament for the several Divisions of those Counties respectively and for the Borough of Birmingham, and all acting Justices residing in or within Seven Miles from the Town of Birmingham. and the several other Persons who shall on the Commencement of this Act be Members of the Birmingham Company, and their Successors, to be from Time to Time elected, as by this Act provided, ordinary Members thereof, shall be the Members of the

Birmingham Company.

XXII. At every yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Company Yearly Election Three of the ordinary Members shall retire from that Company, of ordinary but they may attend and vote at such Meeting, and they shall be eligible for Re-election if duly nominated and qualified as by this ham Company. Act provided; the Order of Retirement of the Persons who upon the passing of this Act shall be the ordinary Members shall be determined by Ballot at their First Meeting, and the Order of Retirement of ordinary Members who shall be elected after the Time of the passing of this Act shall be determined by the Seniority of their Election; the Vacancies created by such Retirement, or by any other Means, shall be filled up at such yearly Meeting from the Trade List, but if no Trade List should have been given in, then the Vacancies shall be filled up by qualified Persons to be elected by the Birmingham Company: Provided always, that Two Thirds of the Persons elected from Time to Time shall be Members of the Birmingham Gun Trade: Provided also, that no Person shall be entitled to be elected or to continue an ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company unless he shall reside within the Borough of Birmingham or within Twenty Miles thereof, and unless he shall be seised or possessed of Real or Personal Estate, or both, to the Amount of One thousand Pounds, or be rated to the Relief of the Poor of the Parish in which he shall reside upon the annual Value of not less than Thirty Pounds.

XXIII. A Meeting of the Birmingham Gun Trade shall be Birmingham held in the Committee Room of the Town Hall, Birmingham, on Gun Trade to the Ninth Day of March in every Year, unless such a Day be a meet and nomi-Sunday or a Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, dates for Elec-and then on the next Day, not being one of such Days, at tion as ordinary Twelve o'Clock at Noon, for the Purpose of nominating Nine Members of the Candidates for Election as ordinary Members of the Birmingham Birmingham Company; and the Law Clerk of the Birmingham Company shall Company.

insert

insert a Notice of such Meeting in Two of the Newspapers published in Birmingham, not later than the First Day of March in every Year, and at such Meeting every Member of the Birming. ham Gun Trade may attend and vote, and the Persons present and voting at such Meeting shall, by written Lists, nominate Nine Persons qualified to act as ordinary Members of the Birmingham Company under the Provisions of this Act, of whom Six shall be Members of the Birmingham Gun Trade; at such Meeting the First Business shall be the Election of a Chairman; all Questions shall be decided by a Majority of Votes of the Members present and voting, the Chairman having a Second or Casting Vote in Cases of Equality of Votes, and the Meeting may adjourn; and it shall be the Duty of the Chairman to make and sign a Record of the Proceedings, to sign the Trade List, and to send such List to the Law Clerk of the Birmingham Company at the Birmingham Proof House within Two Days after the Meeting. and such Chairman shall also have the Custody of all Documents belonging to the Birmingham Gun Trade until their next yearly Meeting.

Provisions for Registry of the Birmingham Gun Trade.

XXIV. Every Person claiming to be a Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade shall, on or before the Twenty-ninth Day of September in every Year, deliver at the Birmingham Proof House a Claim in the Form in the Schedule (A. Part 1) to this Act annexed, together with the Sum of Twenty-one Shillings as a Registration Fee, and the Law Clerk shall, on or before the Thirtyfirst Day of October in every Year, make out a List of Claimants, and suspend it in the Board Room at the Birmingham Proof House, for the Inspection of all Persons interested therein; and on the First Monday in the Month of December in every Year, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, the Proof Master of the Birmingham Company, the Chairman of the last preceding yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Gun Trade, and an Assessor to be by them appointed, shall attend at the Board Room at the Birmingham Proof House to receive Objections to the Title of any Claimant, and any Claimant may object to the Title of any other Claimant in the Form in the Schedule (A. Part 2) to this Act annexed; and the Proof Master, Chairman, and Assessor, or any Two of them, shall then and there decide upon the Title of all Claimants, and retain or expunge the Name of any Claimant, and shall sign the List when settled; and thereupon the Law Clerk of the Birmingham Company shall enter the Names retained into a Book to be called "The Register of the Birmingham Gun Trade," and which Register shall at all reasonable Times be open to the Inspection of every Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade, and a Copy thereof shall be made and delivered to the Chairman of the last preceding yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Gun Trade.

No Bankrupts, &c. to be Members.

As to Qualification of Members of Birmingham Company or Yun Trade. XXV. An uncertificated Bankrupt or insolvent Debtor who has not obtained his Discharge or Final Order, or a Person not qualified as required by this Act, shall not be capable of being or continuing a Member of the *Birmingham* Company.

XXVI. If the Qualification of any Person as Member of the Birmingham Company or of the Birmingham Gun Trade with respect to Rating shall depend upon a Rating which shall be a joint Rating of himself and any other Person or Persons, then any such

Person

Person shall, subject to the Provisions herein contained, be eligible, provided such joint Rating, when divided by the Number of Persons rated, shall give to each a sufficient rateable yearly Value according to the Provisions herein contained.

XXVII. Any Person who, being a Member of the Birmingham Members not Company, at any Time accepts or continues to hold any Office or to be concerned Place of Profit under this Act other than the Office of Proof Master in Contracts. or Warden, or is concerned or participates in any Manner in any Contract or in the Profit thereof, or of any Work to be done under this Act, shall thenceforth cease to be a Member of the Birmingham Company, and if he be an ordinary Member thereof his Office

shall thereupon become vacant.

XXVIII. Provided always, That a Person, being a Shareholder Shareholders in or Member of any Joint Stock Company established by or under Act of Parliament, shall not be prevented from being or acting as a Member of the Birmingham Company by reason of any Contract entered into between the Birmingham Company and such established Company; but any such Member of the Birmingham Company, being a Member of such established Company, shall not vote on any Question relating to the Execution of this Act in which such established Company is interested.

Companies not disqualified.

XXIX. A Person shall not be incapable of acting in any way Membersnotinas a Justice in the Execution of this Act by reason of his being a capable of act-Member of either of the Two Companies.

ing as Justices.

XXX. A Person shall not be capable of acting as a Member of Declaration to the Birmingham Company, except in administering the following be made by Declaration, until he have made and signed, before One of the Members of the Birmingham Company, a Declaration to the Effect following:

Members before acting.

Land of [stating Residence] do solemnly declare, That I will faithfully and impartially according to the heat of my Skill and faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute all the Powers and Authorities reposed in me as a Member of the Company incorporated by the Name of "The Guardians of the Birmingham Proof House," by virtue of "The Gun Barrel Proof Act, 1855;" and also that I here set forth a Statement of the Possession of the Qualification required ' by this Act in the Terms thereof].'

XXXI. Any Person who falsely or corruptly makes and sub- False Declarascribes such Declaration, knowing the same to be untrue in any tion a Misdematerial Particular, or knowingly and wilfully acts contrary meanor.

thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

XXXII. Every Member of the Birmingham Company shall, at Declaration to the Meeting of that Company at which he first attends after the bemade at First Commencement of this Act as a Member of that Company, make Meeting. and subscribe such Declaration; and any Member of that Company, whether he himself have made such Declaration or not, may administer such Declaration.

XXXIII. Every Person who acts as a Member of the Bir- Penalty on mingham Company being incapacitated or not duly qualified to act, Membersacting or before he has made and subscribed such Declaration, or after not being quahaving become disqualified, shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by any Person, with full Costs of Suit, in any Court of competent Jurisdiction; and in every Action for such Penalty the Person sued shall prove that at

the Time of so acting he was qualified, and had made and subscribed such Declaration, or shall pay that Penalty and Costs without any other Evidence being required from the Plaintiff than that such Person acted in the Execution of this Act as a Member of the Birmingham Company.

Proceedings valid notwithstanding Disqualification. XXXIV. Provided always, That all Acts as a Member of the Birmingham Company of any Person incapacitated or not duly qualified, or not having made or subscribed such Declaration previously to the Recovery of such Penalty, shall be as valid as if such Person had been duly qualified.

Ordinary Members failing to act to cease to be Members.

XXXV. Every ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company who for Three Months after his Election fails to make and subscribe such Declaration, or who for Six Months in succession is absent from all Meetings, or who by Notice in Writing left at the Birmingham Proof House resigns his Appointment, shall cease to be a Member of that Company.

Vacancy on ordinary Members becoming official Members.

XXXVI. When any Person, being an ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company, becomes entitled to be an official Member thereof, his Office as ordinary Member shall thereupon become vacant; and with respect to his making and subscribing the Declaration by this Act required, he shall be deemed to have newly become a Member of the Birmingham Company.

Pifteen ordinary Members.

XXXVII. There shall from Time to Time be Fifteen ordinary Members of the *Birmingham* Company: Provided always, that the Powers of the *Birmingham* Company shall not be dependent on the Number of ordinary Members thereof from Time to Time amounting to Fifteen.

Election as ordinary Members of those ceasing to be official Members. XXXVIII. Every Person ceasing to be an official Member may, if qualified, be elected an ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company, and with respect to the Declaration to be made and subscribed by him, shall, on being so elected, be deemed to have newly become an ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company.

Election of ordinary Members to supply Vacancies. XXXIX. If any ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company die, or resign, or be disqualified, or cease from any other Cause to be an ordinary Member, the Birmingham Company, if they think fit, may, within One Month after the happening of such Vacancy, elect another Person from the Trade List given in at the last preceding yearly Meeting to be an ordinary Member in his Place; but every ordinary Member so elected shall continue in Office only until the then next yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Company, unless he shall be re-elected according to this Act.

Votes at Election of ordinary Members. XL. At every Election of an ordinary Member, every Member of the Birmingham Company present shall have One Vote for every Vacancy then to be filled up, and every such Election shall be decided by a simple Majority of the Votes of the Members of the Birmingham Company present and voting at the Meeting, and the Votes shall be given in Writing to the Chairman of the Meeting, who shall declare the Result.

Chairman to have Casting Vote, XLI. Whenever there is an Equality of Votes for Two or more Persons to be elected ordinary Members of the Birmingham Company, the Chairman of the Meeting at which the Election takes place shall have a Second or Casting Vote.

Adjournment on Wailure of

XLII. If from any Cause an Election of an ordinary Member of the Birmingham Company fail to take place on the Day appointed

for

for it, the Election shall stand adjourned until the same Day of the following Week, and so from Time to Time until the Election takes place.

XLIII. At the first yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Company Appointment after the passing of this Act, and at every subsequent yearly Meet- of Auditors. ing, Two Auditors shall be appointed, and the Persons so appointed shall not be Members of the Birmingham Company, and one of them shall be a practising Accountant, and the other shall be a Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade, and each Auditor shall be paid such a reasonable Fee as the Birmingham Company shall think fit.

XLIV. The Birmingham Company shall hold their First Meet- First Meeting ing at their Proof House on the Sixteenth Day of August One for Birmingthousand eight hundred and fifty-five, at the Hour of Eleven in the Forencon, and shall proceed to put this Act into execution, except as regards the Proof of Barrels according to Schedule B. to this Act annexed, and Notice of such Meeting shall be inserted by their Law Clerk in Two of the Newspapers published in Birming-

ham One Week at least previously to the Meeting.

shall, by the Majority of the Votes of the Members present and Chairman of voting, elect One of the ordinary Members of that Company to be Birmingham the Proof Master, and Two of the ordinary Members of that Company to be Wardens, until the next yearly Meeting of that Company, when and at every subsequent yearly Meeting that Company shall in like Manner elect a Proof Master and the like Number of Wardens for the ensuing Year; and if the Proof Master or either of the Wardens die, resign, or cease to be a Member of that Company, or otherwise become disqualified to act as such, that Company, at their Meeting next after the happening of such Vacancy, shall elect some other Person to fill up such Vacancy, and the Person so elected shall continue in Office so long only as the Person to

XLVI. At the First Meeting of the Birmingham Company, or Appointment at some Adjournment thereof, they shall, by the Majority of the of Officers. Votes of the Members present and voting, appoint a Treasurer, Law Clerk, Accounting Clerk, Assistant Proof Masters, and such other principal Officers and Servants as may be in their Discretion necessary for the Management of the Birmingham Proof House

whose Place he is elected would have been entitled to continue in Office, and the Proof Master for the Time being shall be the official

until their next yearly Meeting.

Chairman of that Company.

XLVII. If at any Meeting of the Birmingham Company their As to Election Chairman be not present, One of the Members present shall be of a temporary elected Chairman of such Meeting by the Majority of the Votes of Chairman. the Members present thereat: Provided always, that at every yearly Meeting of that Company the Chairman going out of Office at that Meeting shall, if present and willing to act, be the Chair-

man of that Meeting.

XLVIII. At every Meeting of the Birmingham Company every Voting at Question there considered shall be decided by a Majority of the Meetings. Members present and voting; and if there be an equal Division of Votes upon any Question, the Chairman of the Meeting shall have a Second or Casting Vote: Provided always, that if at any such Meeting there be an Equality of Votes in the Election of the Chairman,

ham Company.

XLV. At the First Meeting of the Birmingham Company they Election of

Chairman, it shall be decided by Lot which of the Members having an equal Number shall be the Chairman.

Quorum of Meetings.

XLIX. The Quorum for a Meeting of the Birmingham Company shall be Ten or more of the Members, and no Business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless the Quorum be present.

Yearly and other Meetings.

L. The Birmingham Company shall hold a yearly Meeting on the Sixteenth Day of March in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and on the Sixteenth Day of March in every subsequent Year, unless such Day be a Sunday or a Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and then on the next Day, not being One of such Days, at the Birmingham Proof House or some other convenient Place in the Borough of Birmingham, and shall also hold such other Meetings at such Places in Birmingham and at such Times as that Company from Time to Time appoint; and when any such Appointment is made the Wardens shall give or cause to be given Notice thereof.

Adjournment of Meetings if Quorum not present. LI. If at any Meeting of the Birmingham Company the Quorum be not present within Half an Hour after the appointed Time for the Commencement of the Meeting, the Members of that Company present, or the major Part of them, or the Member if only One present thereat, may adjourn the Meeting to another Day at the same or any other Place in Birmingham.

Adjourned Meetings. LII. Every Meeting of the Birmingham Company may be adjourned from Time to Time and from Place to Place, and no Business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the Business left unfinished at the Meeting from which the Adjournment took place.

Ordinary Business at Meetings of Birmingham Company. LIII. At any Meeting of the *Birmingham* Company not being a Special Meeting, any of the ordinary Business of that Company may be transacted, such ordinary Business including the appointing and removing of the inferior Officers of the Company, the inquiring into the Conduct of Persons employed by the Company to execute any Works or perform any Services, and into the State and Progress of such Works, and generally the giving from Time to Time of any Directions necessary for carrying into effect the Purposes of this Act.

Notice to be given of extraordinary Business; LIV. Where any Business other than ordinary Business is required or intended to be transacted at any Meeting of the Birmingham Company, the Wardens shall give Notice thereof, and no such extraordinary Business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless due Notice thereof be given at a former Meeting and by the Wardens.

except for Election of certain Officers.

LV. Provided always, That the Election of ordinary Members and the appointing of Proof Master and Wardens may take place at the yearly Meeting of the *Birmingham* Company without Notice thereof.

Revocation of Resolutions. LVI. A Resolution of any Meeting of the Birmingham Company shall not be revoked or altered at any subsequent Meeting unless Notice of the Intention to propose such Revocation or Alteration be given Seven Days at least before holding the Meeting, or unless such Revocation or Alteration be determined upon by at least Two Thirds of the Votes of the Members present at such subsequent Meeting, if the Number of the Members present thereat be not greater than the Number present when such Resolution

lution was come to, or by a Majority of the Votes of the Members present at such subsequent Meeting, if the Number present thereat be greater than the Number present at such former Meeting.

LVII. The Birmingham Company from Time to Time may Special Meethold Special Meetings, and any Three or more of the Members inga.

may require a Special Meeting to be held, but a Special Meeting shall not be held unless Two clear Days Notice thereof at the least

be given.

LVIII. Every Notice of a Meeting of the Birmingham Com- Notice of pany shall be in Writing or in Print, or partly in Writing and Meetings. partly in Print, and shall, such Time before the Meeting as that Company from Time to Time determine, be delivered or sent by Post or otherwise to the usual Place of Abode or Place of Business, if any, in or within Twenty Miles from the Town of Birmingham of every Member who has made or subscribed the Declaration by this Act required and who has not ceased to be a Member, and every such Notice shall specify the Time and Place of Meeting, and in case of a Special Meeting shall specify the Object thereof, and no Business shall be transacted at any Special Meeting except such as is stated in the Notice thereof.

LIX. The Birmingham Company at any Meeting, and as extra- Committees ordinary Business, may from Time to Time appoint Committees of Birmingham for any Purposes which in the Opinion of that Company would Company. be better regulated and managed by means of such Committee, and may fix the Quorum of any such Committee, and may con-

tinue, alter, or discontinue such Committee.

LX. Every Committee so appointed may meet from Time to Proceedings of Time and adjourn from Place to Place as they think proper for Committees. carrying into effect the Purposes of their Appointment, but no Business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Committee unless the Quorum, if any, fixed by the Company, and if no Quorum be fixed, Three Members be present, and at all Meetings of the Committee One of the Members present shall be appointed Chairman, and all Questions shall be determined by a Majority of the Votes of the Members present, and in every Case of an Equality of Votes the Chairman shall have a Second or Casting Vote.

LXI. All Proceedings of the Birmingham Company or of a Informalities Committee thereof, or of any Person acting as a Member of that nottoinvalidate Company, shall, notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that Proceedings. there was some Defect in the Election of any such Member or Person so acting, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such Person were duly appointed and

qualified to be a Member.

LXII. Entries of all the Proceedings of the Birmingham Com- Entry of Propany and every Committee appointed by that Company, with the ceedings of Bir-Names of the Members who attend every Meeting, shall be entered mingham Comin Books provided for the Purpose, under the Superintendence of Committees. that Company, and every such Entry shall be signed as soon as conveniently may be by the Chairman of the Meeting at which the Proceedings took place, or, him failing, by at least Three of the Members present thereat; and those Books shall at all reasonable Times be open to the Inspection of any of the Members of

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that Company, and they may take Copies of and Extracts from anch Books gratis.

Validity of such Entries.

LXIII. Every Entry so signed shall be received as Evidence in all Courts, and before all Judges, Justices, and others, without Proof of such Meeting having been duly convened or held, or of the Persons attending such Meeting having been or being Memhers of the Birmingham Company or of such Committee respectively, or of the Signature of such Chairman or Members or of the Fact of his having been Chairman or of their having been present at the Meeting, all of which Matters shall be presumed until the contrary be proved.

Fund for Restoration of Birmingham Proof House.

LXIV. The Birmingham Company may from Time to Time provide such a Fund, to be called "the Repair Fund," as in their Opinion will be sufficient to rebuild or restore the Birmingham Proof House and the Works and Conveniences thereof in the event of the same being destroyed or damaged by Fire, Explosion, or other Casualty, and to make good all Damage which that Company may be liable to compensate by reason of such Casualty, and may from Time to Time invest that Fund in some of the Public Funds or in Government Securities in the Name of the Guardians of the Birmingham Proof House, and when necessary convert the same or a Part thereof into Money, and apply the Proceeds thereof for the Purposes mentioned in this Provision.

Application of Money by Birmingham Company.

LXV. The Monies from Time to Time received under this Act by or for the Birmingham Company, as well for Proof of Barrels as for Registration Fees, shall be applied firstly, in Payment of the Costs, Charges, and Expenses incurred by that Company in and incident to the passing and obtaining of this Act; secondly, in maintaining, repairing, and improving the Birmingham Proof House, and proving and marking as proved the Barrels there tendered for Proof, including the Salaries of the Proof Master, Wardens, Assistant Proof Masters, Officers, and Servants, the reasonable Expenses of their ordinary Members, and other the incidental Expenses of that Company in the Execution of this Act; thirdly, when and so soon as that Company shall think fit, in providing and maintaining a Rifle Shooting Ground and all necessary Erections by this Act authorized; fourthly, the Surplus shall constitute the Repair Fund, and be invested in some of the Public Funds or in Government Securities in the Name of the Guardians of the Birmingham Proof House; and whenever it shall appear at any yearly Meeting of the Birmingham Company that the Surplus so invested shall amount to such a Sum over and above Five thousand Pounds as would be equal to One Halfpenny per Barrel on the Number of Barrels annually proved, upon an Average of the Three preceding Years, then the Charges for Proof for the Time being shall be reduced proportionably by that Company, and the Deficiency (if any) in the Receipts of that Company in any One Year occasioned by such Reduction shall be made good out of the Principal Money so invested, or the Interest thereof, until such Principal Monies shall be reduced to the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, and then such Charges for Proof shall er may be raised again to the Amount by this Act authorized, and so toties quoties as often as the said Principal Sum shall amount

to the Sum of Five thousand Pounds or be reduced to the Sum of Three thousand Pounds.

LXVI. The Birmingham Company from Time to Time may Power to grant make and pay to such of their Servants as from Time to Time Gratuities to may be worn out by Length of Service, or disabled or injured in Officers. the Execution of their Duties, and to the Wardens or other Officers who sustain Injury from any Explosion at the Birmingham Proof House, such Sums by way of Superannuation, Allowance, or Gratuity as that Company think fit; provided that such Sums shall not exceed the Amount of Five hundred Pounds in the aggregate in any One Year.

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LXVII. The Birmingham Company shall cause proper Accounts Accounts to be to be kept of all Receipts, Payments, and Liabilities on account of kept of Birthe Capital of that Company, and also of the Receipts, Income, and Profits arising therefrom, and they shall be called respectively "the Capital Account" and "the Revenue Account," and shall make up their Accounts to the Thirty-first Day of December inclusive in every Year, and submit them with all necessary Books and Papers to the Auditors during the Month of January next following; such Auditors shall examine the same, and report on the Accuracy thereof to that Company before the Thirteenth Day of February following; and a classified Statement of the Income and Expenditure during the past Year, and a Balance Sheet of the Assets and Liabilities of that Company, in a Form to be approved and signed by the Auditors, shall be printed, and a printed Copy of the same shall be sent by the Wardens of that Company through the Post Office to each Member of that Company and to each Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade.

LXVIII. The Accounts of the Birmingham Company so Settlement balanced and audited, with such Statement and Account, shall be of yearly presented to every yearly Meeting of that Company, and the Accounts shall be then finally examined and settled by the Meeting, and if found just and true, shall be allowed by that Company and certified accordingly under the Hand of the Chairman of the Meeting; and after such Accounts are audited, allowed, and signed as by this Act required, the same shall be final in regard to all Persons whomsoever.

LXIX. Any Clerk or other Person who, having the Custody Penalty on of any of the Books or Papers of the Birmingham Company does refusing Inspecnot on any reasonable Demand of any Member of that Company tion of Books. permit him to inspect any of the Books or Papers of that Company which he is by this Act authorized to inspect, or to take Copies of or Extracts from any such Books or Papers gratis, shall for every such Offence forfeit Five Pounds.

LXX. The Proof Master and Wardens of the Birmingham Duty and Company shall superintend all other the Officers and Servants Powers of of that Company in the Discharge of their Duties, and conduct the general Management of the Birmingham Proof House under the Byelaws for the Time being; and the Proof Master of that Company, with the Consent of the Wardens thereof, may from Time to Time appoint and at pleasure remove any Assistant Proof Master, inferior Officer, Workman, or Servant of that Company as he may think fit, and may determine their respective

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Proof Master and Wardens. Duties and Remuneration; and at every yearly Meeting of that Company the Wardens thereof shall present a Report upon the Transactions of that Company during the last preceding Year, and shall annex to their Report a tabular classified Statement of the Barrels sent to be proved at the Birmingham Proof House, the Number of Barrels proved and marked as proved, the Number of Barrels found faulty and the Character of the Faults thereof; and every Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade shall be entitled to a printed Copy of such tabular Statement on Application for the same at the Birmingham Proof House.

Declaration by Proof Master and Assistant Proof Masters. LXXI. A Person shall not be capable of acting as a Proof Master or an Assistant Proof Master of the Birmingham Company until he has made and signed before One of the Members of that Company a Declaration to the Effect following:

A.B. do solemnly declare, That I will, so long as I continue Proof Master [or Assistant Proof Master] of the Birmingham Proof House, well and faithfully behave myself in that Office, and prove all Barrels brought to me for that Purpose, according to the Regulations and with respect to and the Scale of Proof from Time to Time in force under "The Gun Barrel Proof Act, 1855;" and that I will not, during the Time that I continue such Proof Master [or Assistant Proof Master], take any Fee or Reward from any Person to prove or for having proved any Barrel otherwise than as that Act directs; and that I will execute that Office without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Malice, and to the best of my Skill and Ability.'

Penalty on acting contrary to Declaration.

Birmingham Company may maintain Proof House and provide Offices. LXXII. Any Person who makes and subscribes such Declaration, and afterwards knowingly and wilfully acts contrary thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

LXXIII. The Birmingham Company from Time to Time may provide and maintain their present Proof House or such other Proof House in Birmingham as they think fit, and such fit and convenient Public Offices in Birmingham for transacting the Business and holding the Meetings of that Company, and for the Use of their Officers, and for any other Purposes of this Act, as that Company think fit, and may also provide a Rifle Shooting Ground, and make all necessary Erections for the Protection of the Public and the Convenience of the Parties using it; such Shooting Ground shall be open to the Members of the Birmingham Gun Trade, and to such other Persons as that Company may from Time to Time decide to admit, subject to such Payments and Regulations as the Birmingham Company shall in their Byelaws require to be observed.

Power for Birmingham Company to purchase Lands, &c. LXXIV. The Birmingham Company may from Time to Time, but only by Agreement, purchase, take on Lease, and otherwise acquire and hold any Lands and Easements or Rights in or affecting Lands which they think requisite for any of the Purposes of this Act, and may purchase, take, and acquire the same on such Terms and Conditions as they think fit: Provided always, that the total Quantity of Land which that Company shall at any one Time hold, including the Lands now held by Trustees for that Company, shall not exceed Ten Acres.

LXXV. Forth-

LXXV. Forthwith after the Commencement of this Act the Transfer of Trustees for the Birmingham Company may and shall transfer to Lands to Birthat Company the Lands now vested in those Trustees upon trust mingham Company that Company, according to the Terms, Estate, and Interest Trustees. of those Trustees therein, and the Birmingham Company may accept such Transfer and hold those Lands accordingly.

LXXVI. Each of the Two Companies shall from Time to Time Each Company maintain a proper public Proof House, with all Things necessary to maintain a for proving Barrels thereat, with respect to the Gunmakers Company in or near London, and with respect to the Birmingham Company in or near Birmingham, and shall at all Times keep the same in proper Order and Condition for the proving of all such Barrels as are from Time to Time sent to such respective public Proof House for Proof thereat, and shall keep there a Set of Standard Plugs to determine the Size of Barrels brought to be proved.

public Proof House.

LXXVII. The Gunmakers Company from Time to Time may Regulations by make and establish such Rules and Regulations as appear to them Companies for necessary for receiving at their Proof House Barrels for Proof. ProvingBarrels. and for proving there and marking as proved the same, according to the Provisions of this Act, and for re-delivering the same when so proved and marked.

LXXVIII. The Birmingham Company may from Time to Time Byelaws to be make, enact, alter, and repeal Byelaws and Rules for regulating made by Birthe Management of their Proof House, the Use of the Rifle Shooting Ground by this Act authorized, the Attendance and pany. Remuneration of their Proof Master and Wardens, the Hours for receiving and delivering out Barrels sent to be proved, the Attendance and Duties of inferior Officers and Servants, and all other Matters under their Jurisdiction requiring stated Regulations, and attach reasonable pecuniary Penalties to the Breach of any such Byelaws, to be recoverable before a Justice of the Peace; but no Byelaws shall be made or altered except at a Special Meeting of the Birmingham Company; and all Byelaws shall be printed, and a Copy thereof shall be delivered without Charge to every Member of the Birmingham Company, and to each of its Officers and Servants, and also to every Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade who may apply for the same.

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LXXIX. No Byelaws made under the Authority of this Act Byelaws to be (except such as may relate solely to the Officers or Servants of allowed and apthe Birmingham Company) shall come into operation until the proved before same be allowed by the Recorder for the Time being of the Bo- operation. rough of Birmingham at some General or Quarter Sessions or adjourned Sessions of the Peace for that Borough, and approved under the Hand of One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and it shall be incumbent on the Recorder at Quarter Sessions, on the Request of the Birmingham Company, to examine into any Byelaws which may be tendered to him for that Purpose, and to allow or disallow the same, as to him may seem

LXXX. Provided always, That no such Byelaw shall be Notice of Alallowed in manner herein mentioned unless Notice of the Inten-lowance of 3 L 3

tion Byelaws to be given.

tion to apply for the Allowance of the same shall have been given in One or more Newspapers of the Borough of Birmingham One Month at least before the Hearing of such Application; and any Party aggrieved by any such Byelaw, on giving Notice of the Nature of his Objection to the Birmingham Company Ten Days before the Hearing of the Application for the Allowance thereof, may, by himself, his Counsel, Agent, or Attorney, be heard thereon, but not so as to allow more than One Person or Firm to be heard upon the same Matter of Objection.

Copy of proposed Byelaws to be open to Inspection.

LXXXI. For One Month at least before any such Application for Allowance of any Byelaw, a Copy of such proposed Byelaw shall be suspended in the Board Room of the Birmingham Proof House, and all Persons at all reasonable Times may inspect such Copy without Fee or Reward, and the Birmingham Company shall furnish every Person who shall apply for the same with a like Copy on Payment of Sixpence for every One hundred Words so copied.

Proof of Allowance of Byelaws.

LXXXII. The Production of a written or printed Copy of any Byelaw, allowed in manner aforesaid and authenticated by the Signatures of the Recorder and One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and a written or printed Copy of any Byelaw not requiring to be so allowed authenticated by the Common Seal of the Birmingham Company, shall be Evidence of the Existence and making and (where required) of the Allowance of such Byclaw in all Cases of Prosecution under the same, without Proof of the Appointment or Signature of such Recorder or Secretary of State or of the Common Seal of the Birmingham Company.

Attendance of Officers at Proof House.

LXXXIII. Each of the Two Companies respectively shall require their Proof Master or Assistant Proof Masters, or such of them and such other Officers and Persons as shall be requisite for the Business of the Company, to attend at their Office and Proof House respectively daily, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, and any Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving only excepted, for the Purpose of transacting the ordinary Business of the Company, and due Notice of the Situation of the Proof House and Office of the Company and of the Hours during which Attendance is given there respectively shall be published by the Company as they think fit, to the end that the same may be fully and generally known.

Duties of Proof makers Company.

LXXXIV. The Proof Master of the Gunmakers Company, or Master of Gun- such Officer of that Company as that Company from Time to Time appoint to act in that Behalf, shall be responsible for the Execution by himself or his Assistants of the several Duties with respect to the receiving, proving, marking as proved, and delivering Barrels, by this Act imposed on the Gunmakers Company.

Duties of Proof Master of Birmingham Company.

LXXXV. The Proof Master of the Birmingham Company shall be responsible for the Execution by himself or his Assistant Proof Masters of the several Duties with respect to the receiving. proving, marking as proved, and delivering of Barrels, by this Act imposed on the Birmingham Company.

Each Company to receive, prove, mark.

LXXXVI. Each of the Two Companies shall receive all Barrels brought to the Proof House of that Company in the proper State

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for Proof, and whether or not theretofore proved, and shall duly and deliver prove the same thereat according to the Scale in force under this Barrels brought Act, and shall duly mark such Barrels when proved, (if found of to them for Proof. Proof,) as duly proved according to such Scale; and upon Repayment of all Sums actually paid by that Company in respect of the Carriage of such Barrels and their Delivery at such Proof House, and their Redelivery when proved, and on Payment of the Charges for proving and marking as proved by this Act authorized, shall deliver the Barrels so proved and marked as proved to the Persons entitled to receive the same.

LXXXVII. After the Commencement of this Act a Barrel Barrels not to shall not be used in the making of any Small Arm unless the be made up un-Barrel have been duly proved at the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company, or at the Birmingham Proof House, or at some other public Proof House established by Law, and duly marked as proved.

LXXXVIII. After the Commencement of this Act a Small Small Arms not Arm shall not be sold or exchanged or exposed or kept for Sale to be sold or exor exported, unless the Barrel or Barrels thereof have been duly proved at the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company, the Birmingham Proof House, or some other public Proof House established by Law, and duly marked as proved.

ported unless proved, &c.

LXXXIX. Every double Barrel, provisionally proved according Barrels provito this Act, and at any Time thereafter reduced in Strength in sionally proved, any progressive Stage of the Manufacture thereof, shall for the &c. deemed un-Purposes of this Act be deemed an unproved Barrel, except for the Purpose of receiving and until it shall have received the definitive Proof.

XC. If any Barrel which shall be marked as proved under this If Mark does Act shall by any Process of Manufacture, or by any other Means not represent whatsoever other than the User and Wear and Tear thereof, be deemed ununduly reduced in Substance or Strength so as that the Mark proved. thereon does not duly represent the Proof which if then duly proved it would bear, every such Barrel shall for the Purposes of this Act be deemed an unproved Barrel.

XCI. Any Barrel marked as proved, if the Mark of such Proof Barrels defaced be at any Time removed or altered or so defaced as not to be dis- deemed untinguishable, shall for the Purposes of this Act be deemed an proved. unproved Barrel.

XCII. If any Barrel having been before or after the Com- Barrels with mencement of this Act marked as proved, have at any Time the Marks removed Mark of its having been so proved cut, severed, or removed deemed untherefrom in any Process of Manufacture or by any other Means whatsoever other than the User and Wear and Tear thereof, every such Barrel shall for the Purposes of this Act be deemed an unproved Barrel

XCIII. All Barrels from Time to Time brought to the Proof Barrels to be House of the Gunmakers Company, the Birmingham Proof House, marked accordor any other public Proof House established by Law for Proof, ing to Scale. shall be proved according to the Rules, Regulations, and Scale in that Behalf according to the Provisions of this Act in force.

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XCIV. Subject

A.D.1855.

Rules, Regulations, and Scale for Proof as in Schedule (B.)

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Alteration of Rules, Regulations, and Scale for Proof.

Charges for proving and marking Barrela

Extent of Act.

Act not to apply to certain Barrels.

Offences declared Misdemeanor.

XCIV. Subject to the Provisions of this Act, the Rules and Regulations and the Scale respectively specified in the Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed, shall respectively be the Rules and Regulations and the Scale respectively for the Proof according to this Act of all Barrels on and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

XCV. Provided always, That the Two Companies from Time to Time, should they deem the Proof as stated in Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed insufficient, or the Director of Small Arms, should the Two Companies under such Circumstances not make the Application, with the Approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for War, may repeal or alter all or any of the Rules and Regulations and all or any Part of the Scale respectively from Time to Time in force under this Act for the Proof of Small Arms or of any Classes of Small Arms, and may make, repeal, and alter any new Rules and Regulations and any new Scale in that Behalf: Provided also, that Notice of every such Repeal or Alteration, and of every such new Rule, Regulation, and Scale, shall be given by the Two Companies respectively by Advertisement in the London Gazette and in One of the London Daily Morning Newspapers and in Two or more of the Birmingham Newspapers respectively, and by such other public Notice as the Two Companies respectively think fit: Provided also, that any such Alteration of Scale shall not come into force until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Publication of the last of such Advertisements.

XCVL For all Barrels duly proved at the Proof Houses of the Two Companies respectively, each Company respectively may demand and take such Sums as it may from Time to Time appoint, not exceeding such Sums as are specified in the Schedule (C.) to this Act annexed.

XCVII. Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to compel the proving or marking as proved of any Military Barrel made for the Use of Her Majesty's Forces or for the Honourable East India Company.

XCVIII. Provided always, That this Act shall not apply to any Barrel adapted for the Discharge of a Ball of a greater Weight than One Pound, or to any Barrel of a Bore exceeding in every Part thereof the Diameter of One Inch and Three Quarters.

XCIX. Every Person committing any of the following Offences shall for every such Offence be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall at the Discretion of the Court be sentenced to Imprisonment, with or without Hard Labour, for not more than Three Years, to wit:

- 1. Every Person who forges or counterfeits any Stamp or any Part of any Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for the marking of any Barrel:
- 2. Every Person who sells or parts with the Possession of any such forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp knowing the same to be forged or counterfeit:
- 3. Every Person who knowingly marks any Barrel with any such forged or counterfeit Stamp, or with any Part of any such forged or counterfeit Stamp:

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- 4. Every Person who makes up any Barrel so marked, knowing the same to be so marked:
 - 5. Every Person who sells or parts with the Possession of any Barrel so marked, knowing the same to be so marked:
 - 6. Every Person who forges or counterfeits or by any Means whatever produces an Imitation upon any Barrel of any Mark or of any Part of any Mark of any Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for the marking of any Barrel:

Every Person who sells or parts with the Possession of any such Mark or Part of a Mark, knowing the same to be

forged or counterfeit or an Imitation:

8. Every Person who transposes or removes from any Barrel to any other Barrel any Mark or any Part of any Mark of any Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for marking any Barrel:

9. Every Person who shall have in his Possession or who shall part with the Possession of any Mark or any Part of any Mark so transposed or removed, knowing the same to be

transposed or removed:

10. Every Person without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof · shall lie on him, having in his Possession any such forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp, or any such forged or counterfeit Mark or Imitation of a Mark, or any such transposed or removed Mark, knowing the same respectively to be forged, counterfeit, imitated, marked, transposed, or removed:

11. Every Person who cuts or severs from any Barrel any Mark or any Part of any Mark of any Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for the stamping of any Barrel, with Intent that such Mark or such Part of a Mark be placed upon or joined or affixed

to any other Barrel:

12. Every Person who places upon or joins or affixes to any Barrel any such Mark or Part of a Mark so cut or severed:

13. Every Person who, with Intent to defraud, uses any genuine Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for the marking of any Barrel:

- 14. Every Person who forges or counterfeits, or by any Means produces an Imitation upon any Barrel of any Mark, or of any Part of any Mark, of any Stamp of a Foreign Country registered by the Two Companies pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.
- C. Every Person committing any of the following Offences Offences shall for every such Offence be subject to a Penalty as follows, to involving wit:

1. Every Person selling or exchanging, or exposing or keeping for Sale, or exporting or importing, or attempting to export or import from or to *England*, or having in his Possession without lawful Excuse, (the Proof whereof shall lie upon him,) any Barrel having thereupon any Mark of any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp already or here-

after provided or used by either of the Two Companies far marking any Barrel, or having thereupon any forged or counterfeit Mark or Imitation of a Mark of any Stamp or Part of a Stamp so provided or used, or having thereupon any Mark of any Stamp or Part of a Stamp so provided or used, such Mark having been transposed or removed thereto from any other Barrel, shall for every such Barrel so sold or exchanged, or exposed or kept for Sale, or exported or imported, or attempted to be exported or imported, or so in his Possession, forfeit not exceeding Twenty Pounds:

2. Every Person selling or exchanging or exposing or keeping for Sale, or exporting or attempting to export from England, any Small Arm, the Barrel or Barrels whereof are not under this Act duly proved and marked as proved, shall for every such Barrel forfeit not exceeding Twenty Pounds:

3. Every Person fraudulently erasing, obliterating, or defacing, or fraudulently causing to be erased, obliterated, or defaced from any Barrel, any Mark or any Part of any Mark of any Stamp already or hereafter provided or used by either of the Two Companies for the marking of Barrels, shall for every such Offence forfeit not exceeding Twenty Pounds:

4. Every Person delivering or sending or causing or procuring to be delivered or sent for Sale, or under pretence of Sale, or removing, consigning, or transmitting, or causing or procuring to be removed, consigned, or transmitted for Sale, or under pretence of Sale, any Small Arm, the Barrel or Barrels whereof are not duly proved at the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company, or the Birmingham Proof House, or some other public Proof House established by Law, and marked as proved, shall, for every Small Arm so delivered or sent, or caused or procured to be delivered or sent, or removed, consigned, or transmitted, or caused or procured to be removed, consigned, or transmitted, forfeit not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Punishments and Penalties not to be cumulative.

Recovery of Penalties. CI. Provided always, That the several Punishments and Penalties herein-before enacted shall not be cumulative in respect of One and the same Offence, but shall be applicable to any such Offence by way of Alternative only.

CII. All Penalties recoverable under this Act shall be recovered in a summary Way upon Information or Complaint before any Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Town, Liberty, or Place where the Offence has been committed or the Offender shall reside or be, or before any Metropolitan Police Magistrate or Stipendiary Magistrate having Jurisdiction within the same respectively; and such Proceedings shall and may be had before such Justices or Metropolitan Police Magistrate or Stipendiary Magistrate in manner and form directed by the Statute Eleven and Twelve Victoria, Chapter Forty-three, intituled An Act to facilitate the Performance of the Duties of Justices of the Peace out of Session within England and Wales with respect to summary Convictions

and Orders, and the Amount of the Forfeiture or Penalty for every such Offence shall be determined by such Justices or Metropolitan Police Magistrate or Stipendiary Magistrate, not exceeding the Sums herein-before mentioned, and shall be paid to the Use of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors.

CIII. If any Person convicted of any Offence punishable by Power of summary Conviction under this Act shall think himself or herself Appeal. aggrieved by the Judgment of the Justices or Metropolitan Police Magistrate or Stipendiary Mugistrate before whom he or she shall have been convicted, such Person shall have Liberty to appeal from every such Conviction to the next Court of General Sessions or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place where such Conviction took place, and the Justices in or at the said next Court of General Sessions or General Quarter Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of the said Appeal, which Decision shall be final.

CIV. Provided always, That if any Person having sold or ex- Exemption changed, or exposed or kept for Sale, or exported or imported, or from Penalty attempted to export or import, or had in his Possession, any Barrel offender made having thereupon any Mark of any such forged or counterfeit known to Com-Stamp or Part of a Stamp, or having thereupon any such forged panies. or counterfeit Mark or Imitation of a Mark, or having thereupon any such Mark so transposed or removed thereto, shall, within Three Days after Notice thereof given by either of the Two Companies to him or left for him at his usual or then last Place of Abode or Business in *England*, discover and make known to such One of the Two Companies the Name and Place of Abode of the Maker of such Barrel or of the Manufacturer or Dealer from whom such Person bought, had, or received the same, then every such Person so making such Discovery shall be exempted and discharged from the Penalty incurred by him by reason of his having so sold or exchanged, or exposed or kept for Sale, or exported or imported, or attempted to export or import, or had in his Possession such Barrel; nevertheless, this Provision shall not exempt any Person from the legal Consequences of uttering or of having had in his Possession any such Barrel, knowing the same to be marked with the forged or counterfeit Stamp, or knowing the Mark thereon to be forged, counterfeit, imitated, marked, transposed, or removed, if such Knowledge be, in any Criminal Proceeding against him for any such Offence, duly proved.

CV. Each of the Proof Masters of the Two Companies shall, Proof Masters upon Application in Writing to be made to him by the Consul of the Two General, Consul, or Vice-Consul of any Foreign State having a Companies to Consular Agency in *England*, accompanied by a Specification and of Foreign Drawing or Delineation of the several Marks, Signs, or Characters Proof Marks. used or employed for denoting or evidencing the Proof of Barrels of Small Arms at any lawful Proof House in any such Foreign State, authenticated by the Official Seal of such Consular Agent, enter in a Book, to be provided by him for that Purpose, (in this Act called "the Register of Foreign Proof Marks,") a Copy of every such Specification and Drawing or Delineation, and such Register

Register shall be open for public Inspection, without Charge, at all reasonable Times, at the Proof House of each of the Two Companies, and the Proof Masters of the Two Companies shall, by Advertisement to be inserted in the *London Gazette*, in One of the *London* Daily Morning Newspapers, and in One of the *Birmingham* Newspapers, from Time to Time give Notice of all Foreign Proof Marks so registered.

Barrels with Foreign Proof Marks to be exempted, except in case of being marked as of English Manufacture. CVI. Every Barrel of Foreign Manufacture, having duly and lawfully impressed thereon the due and proper Mark, Sign, or Character indicative of the due Proof thereof at any Foreign Proof House, the Marks whereof shall be entered in and shall correspond with the Register of Foreign Proof Marks, shall be exempted from the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that if any Barrel so exempted shall, on any Part thereof, or on any Part of any Small Arm into which it is made up, be stamped or marked with any Mark, Name, Sign, or Character indicating or purporting to indicate that such Barrel or Small Arm or any Part thereof is of English Manufacture, every such Barrel shall, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed an unproved Barrel of English Manufacture.

Certain Barrels having Foreign Marks deemed unproved.

CVII. Every Barrel imported into or found in *England* having any Mark, Sign, or Character, being or purporting to be the Mark, Sign, or Character of any Foreign Proof House, the Marks whereof are not entered in or do not correspond with the Register of Foreign Proof Marks, shall, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed an unproved Barrel of *English* Manufacture.

Foreign Barrels without Mark deemed unproved.

CVIII. Every Barrel of Foreign Manufacture imported into or found in *England* not bearing the Mark, Sign, or Character of any Foreign Proof House, shall, for the Purposes of this Act, be deemed an unproved Barrel of *English* Manufacture.

Party charged to prove Exemption of Foreign Barrels and Foreign Mark Book to be conclusive Evidence. CIX. Provided always, That in any Prosecution or Proceeding which may be instituted for Offences committed against the Provisions of this Act it shall not be necessary to prove that any Barrel is of English Manufacture, but that in every Case the Proof of Exemption from the Provisions of this Act shall lie with the Party charged with the Commission of any such Offence, and the Register of Foreign Proof Marks of either of the Two Companies shall be conclusive Evidence as to the Fact of Non-exemption, without Production of any original Document received from any Consular Agent, and without Proof of any other Fact in verification of such Register.

Property in forged Stamps, &c. vested in Company claiming the same.

CX. The Property in every forged or counterfeit Stamp, and in every Part of every forged or counterfeit Stamp, and in every Barrel having thereupon any Mark of any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp, and in every Barrel having thereupon any forged or counterfeit Mark or Imitation of a Mark, and in every Mark or Part of a Mark so transposed or removed, or cut or severed, and in every Barrel from which any Mark or Part of a Mark is removed, cut, or severed, and in every Barrel to which any such Mark or Part of a Mark is removed or transposed, is by this Act vested absolutely in such One of the Two Companies as first claims the same, the Proof in case of either of the Two Companies claiming the same that the other of the Two Com

panies

Warrant for

forged Stamps,

Seizure of

panies was the first Claimant thereof to lie on the Person against whom the Claim is made: Provided always, that any such vesting shall not exempt any Person from any Penalty or any legal Consequences under this Act.

CXI. Whenever either of the Two Companies hath reasonable Application to or proper Cause to suspect that any Person hath concealed or Justice for deposited in any Manufactory, House, Shop, or Place, or hath Possession of,-

First, any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp; or, Secondly, any Barrel having thereupon any Mark of any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Part of a Stamp; or,

Thirdly, any Barrel having thereupon any forged or counterfeit Mark or Imitation of a Mark; or,

Fourthly, any Mark or Part of a Mark so transposed or removed, or cut or severed; or,

Fifthly, any Barrel from which any Mark or Part of a Mark is removed, or cut, or severed; or,

Sixthly, any Barrel to which any Mark or Part of a Mark is removed or transposed; or,

Seventhly, any Barrel which, according to the Provisions of this Act, ought to be delivered at the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company, or the Birmingham Proof House, or some other public Proof House established by Law, to be proved thereat and marked as proved, but is not so deli-

Eighthly, any Barrel sold or exchanged or kept for Sale, or imported or attempted to be exported, contrary to any of the Provisions in that Behalf of this Act:

The Company may apply to a Justice for a Search Warrant under this Act; and any Justice having Jurisdiction where any such Offence is suspected to be committed, upon Information or Complaint made by or on behalf of either of the Two Companies of any such reasonable or probable Cause of Suspicion, and upon the Oath of One or more credible Person or Persons (which Oath such Justice may and shall administer) that the Deponent hath such Suspicion, and of the Causes of the same, shall, if satisfied with the Causes of Suspicion alleged, grant a Warrant under his Hand, directed to any One or more of the Officers of either of the Two Companies, together with any Constable or other Peace Officer named in such Warrant, authorizing and empowering such Officer and such Constable or other Peace Officer, with necessary and proper Assistance, to enter in the Daytime any such Manufactory, House, Shop, or Place, and to search the same, and to seize and carry away every such Stamp, Part, Mark, and Barrel respectively which shall there be found; and all Constables and other Peace Officers shall be aiding and assisting in the Execution of every such Warrant, and every such Stamp, Part, Mark, and Barrel so found, seized, and carried away may and shall be dealt with as by this Act provided.

CXII. Every Stamp and Mark lawfully seized and carried away Forged Stamps, under this Act shall be detained and be broken and destroyed by &c. to be de-the Company whose Officer seized and carried away the same, stroyed and

and sold for Bene-

fit of Com-

and the Materials thereof shall be sold, and the Proceeds of such Sale shall be received and retained by that Company for their own Use; and every Barrel so seized and carried away shall be proved by the Company whose Officer seized and carried away the same, and if not found of Proof shall be broken and destroyed, and if found of Proof shall be marked as proved; and the Metal so broken, or the Barrel so proved and marked as proved, shall be sold, and the Proceeds of such Sale shall be received and retained by that Company for their own Use: Provided always, that before any Stamp, Mark, or Barrel shall be dealt with as aforesaid it shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the Justice or Court before whom Proceedings shall be had in respect thereof that the same have been lawfully seized under this Act.

Penalties on Officers for Neglect of Duties. CXIII. Every Officer or other Person engaged in the Management of the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company or the Birmingham Proof House, acting contrary to or neglecting his Duty in any of the following Particulars, shall for every such Offence forfeit not exceeding Twenty Pounds; (to wit,)

1. Not receiving at the Proof House any Barrel duly brought

or sent thereto for Proof:

Not duly proving at the Proof House any Barrel duly brought or sent thereto for Proof:

3. Not duly marking as proved any Barrel duly proved at the Proof House, and duly found of Proof:

4. Not duly delivering to the Person entitled thereto any Barrel duly proved at the Proof House, and duly found of Proof:

5. Delivering from the Proof House any Barrel brought or sent thereto for Proof before it is duly proved:

6. Delivering from the Proof House any Barrel brought or sent thereto for Proof, and duly proved, without the proper Mark thereon of its having been duly proved:

7. Causing or permitting any of those Offences to be com-

mitted:

 Directly or indirectly counselling, aiding, assisting, or abetting the Commission of any of those Offences.

Penalty on Officers for Fraud. CXIV. Every Officer or Person employed in the Proof House of the Gunmakers Company or the Birmingham Proof House marking or causing or procuring or permitting or suffering to be marked any Barrel as duly proved which has not been duly proved, or marking or causing or procuring or permitting or suffering any Barrel to be marked as duly proved with a Mark indicating any other Proof than the Proof then duly made thereof, shall for every such Offence forfeit not exceeding Fifty Pounds, and being legally convicted of any such Offence shall thenceforth be incapable of holding any Office or Employment in or under the Gunmakers Company, or the Birmingham Company, or in any public Proof House established by Law; and if in Office or Employment in any such Proof House at the Time of such Conviction shall be forthwith dismissed from his Office or Employment therein.

Saving Rights of Gunmakers Company. CXV. Provided always, That, except as is by this Act expressly provided, this Act or anything therein shall not take away, lessen, alter, or prejudice any of the Estates, Franchises, Ordinances.

Ordinances, Rules, Regulations, Rights, Powers, or Privileges of the Gunmakers Company, and this Act or anything therein shall not in any Manner derogate from or affect the Charter of that Company.

CXVI. Provided always, That, except as regards the Provisions Act not to exof this Act with respect to Offences by this Act declared to be tend to Scotland Misdemeanors, or for which Penalties are by this Act imposed, or Ireland. and the Punishment of such Offences and the Recovery of such Penalties, this Act or anything therein shall not extend to Scotland or Ireland.

CXVII. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of and incident Expenses of to the obtaining and passing of this Act or otherwise in relation Act. thereto shall be paid by the Birmingham Company and by the Gunmakers Company out of the Monies received by each of those Companies for Proof under this Act, in the Proportions of Three Fourths by the Birmingham Company and One Fourth by the Gunmakers Company.

SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

SCHEDULE (A.)

PART L

I, A.B. [insert Designation] hereby claim to be registered as a Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade in respect of my Interest in the [here insert the Description and Situation of the Premises described by the Street, Number, Parish, or other Locality].

Dated

(Signed)

A.B.

To the Proof Master of the Birmingham Gun Barrel Proof House-

PART II.

I. A.B. [insert Designation] object to the Claim of C.D. to be admitted as a Member of the Birmingham Gun Trade on the following Grounds [here may be stated the Grounds, as that Property or Occupancy not of sufficient Value, that the Party is not or has ceased to be a Master Gunmaker or Master Gun Barrel Maker. carrying on Business in or within Ten Miles of the Borough of Birmingham, or a Proprietor, Tenant, or Occupant, or is personally disqualified as being a Minor, a fatuous Person, et cetera], and I require to be heard on the said Objection.

Dated

(Signed) A.B.

To the Proof Master of the Birmingham Gun Barrel Proof House.

SCHEDULE (B.)

RULES AND REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE PROOF OF SMALL ARMS.

Classification of Small Arms.

FIRST CLASS.—Comprising single-barrelled Military Arms of smooth Bore.

Second Class.—Comprising double-barrelled Military Arms of smooth Bore, and rifled Arms of every Description, whether of One or more Barrels, or constructed of plain or twisted Iron.

THIRD CLASS.—Comprising every Description of single-barrelled Birding and Fowling Pieces for firing small Shot; and also those known by the Names of Danish, Dutch, Carolina, and Spanish.

FOURTH CLASS. - Comprising every Description of doublebarrelled Birding and Fowling Pieces for firing small Shot.

FIFTH CLASS.—Comprising revolving and breech-loading Small Arms of every Description and System.

Rule of Proof.

The Gunpowder used for Proof shall be of equal Quality and Strength with that which is now used by the Honourable Board of Ordnance.

The Balls used for the Proof of Barrels of all Classes shall be of Lead, and spherical, and of the Size and Weight prescribed by the Scale for Proof.

Barrels for Arms of the Second Class and of the Fourth Class. and for breech-loading Arms of the Fifth Class, shall be proved provisionally and definitively, and Barrels for all other Arms shall be proved once definitively.

Conditions precedent to Proof.

Barrels for Arms of the First Class shall not be qualified for Proof until they shall be in a fit and proper State for setting up.

Barrels for Arms of the Third Class shall not be qualified for Proof until they shall be in a fit and proper State for setting up, with the proper Breeches in; and all Barrels lumped for percussioning shall be proved through the Nipple Hole, with the proper Pins or Plugs in.

Barrels for Arms of the Second and Fourth Classes:

For provisional Proof:—If of plain Metal, shall be bored and ground, having Plugs attached, with Touch-holes drilled in the Plugs, of a Diameter not exceeding One Sixteenth of an Inch. If any Touch-hole shall be enlarged, from any Cause whatever, to a Dimension exceeding in Diameter One Tenth of an Inch. the Barrel shall be disqualified for Proof. Notches in the Plugs instead of drilled Touch-holes shall disqualify for Proof. If of twisted Metal, they shall be fine-bored, and struck up, with proving Plugs

Plugs attached, and Touch-holes drilled as in the Case of plain Metal Barrels.

For definitive Proof:—The Barrels, whether of plain or twisted Metal, shall be in the finished State, ready for setting up, with the Breeches in the percussioned State, Break-offs fitted and Locks jointed; the Top and Bottom Ribs shall be rough struck up, Pipes, Loops, and Stoppers on. All Rifle Barrels must be rifled; the Top and Bottom Ribs of double Barrels shall be struck up, Pipes, Loops, and Stoppers on, the proper Breeches in, and the Thread of the Screws shall be sufficiently sound and full for Proof.

Barrels for revolving Arms of the Fifth Class shall have the Cylinders with the revolving Action attached and complete.

Barrels for breech-loading Arms of the Fifth Class shall be subject to provisional Proof, according to the Class to which they belong, and to definitive Proof when the breech-loading Action is attached and complete.

Marks of Proof.

The Marks applicable to the definitive Proof shall be the Proof and View Marks now used by the Two Companies respectively.

The Marks applicable to the provisional Proof for the Gunmakers Company shall be the Letters (G.P.) interlaced in a Cyphersurmounted by a Lion rampant, and for the Birmingham Company shall be the Letters (B.P.) interlaced in a Cypher surmounted by a Crown.

Mode of affixing Proof Marks.

On Arms of the First and Third Classes the definitive Proof Mark and View Mark shall be impressed at the Breech End of the Barrel, and if the Barrel be constructed with a Patent Breech the View Mark shall be also impressed upon the Breech.

On Arms of the Second, Fourth, and Fifth Classes, the provisional Proof Mark shall be impressed at the Breech End of the Barrel: the definitive Proof Mark and View Mark shall be impressed upon the Barrel above the provisional Proof Mark; and if the Barrel be constructed with a Patent Breech, or with revolving Cylinders or Chambers, the View Mark shall be also impressed upon the Breech, or upon each of the Cylinders or Chambers with which the Barrel is connected, as the Case may be.

On all Barrels the Gauge Size of the Barrel shall be struck,

both at the provisional and at the definitive Proof.

SCALE FOR PROOF.

The Scale following shows the Proportions of Gunpowder applicable under the foregoing Rules and Regulations to the Proof of the various Classes of Arms as distinguished by the Trade Numbers indicating the Calibre.

	Fourth Class.	Definitive Proof.	fe gate	7 2 1 1 0 g	44400	******
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			grains, 2406 1162 766 588 465	383 328 301 846 832	219 205 191 191	186 185 171 150 187
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			A 4 4 4 4 4	11	11111	1111
		Provisic	grains. 3650 1869 1225 941 744	612 525 481 394 372	350 350 328 306 306	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200
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CP	Second Class.		grains. 2406 1162 766 588	383 328 301 246 232	205 205 191 191	186 185 171 150 187
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			grains. 4812 2324 1531 1176 930	766 656 602 492 465	437 437 410 388 383	369 369 348 301 373
	First Class.	Definitive Proof.	ig 1 so se se	21 88 88 41	99911	124
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		1	grains. 4812 2324 1531 1176 930	766 656 602 492 465	437 437 410 383 383	369 369 342 301
Weight of Balls for Proof		Proof	grains. 6752 8342 2211 1649 1315	1090 931 812 720 646	586 535 493 457	399 374 352 334 316
Diamotor	neter Salls or		inches. 1.649 1.305 1.137 1.032	.853 .853 .815 .783	.731 .709 .690 .673	.642 .629 .617 .606
Diameter	Diameter Diam of Bore of 1 by free Calculation.		inches. 1.669 1.325 1.157 1.052	.919 .873 .835 .803	.751 .729 .710 .693	.662 .649 .637 .636
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N.B.—Berolving Arms of the Fifth Class shall be proved once only, and such Proof shall be by the Scale haid down for definitive Proof for the Fourth Class.

SCHEDULE (C.) PRICES FOR PROOF

Number of Gauge.	First and Second Classes.				Third Class.		Fourth Class.		Fifth Class.			
	Provisional Proof.	Definitive Proof.	Pistols,	Wall-pieces and Musketoons.	Twisted Bar- rels.	PlainBarrels.	Rough-bored Barrels.	Provisional Proof.	Definitive Proof.	Breech-load- ing Arms.	Revolving Carbines.	Revolving
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 22 1 22 23 4 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$\frac{d}{2} \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	# 2 2 2 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Of all Sizes, 44d. per Pair, plain Iron, Definitive Proof by Percussion, 54d. per Pair.	1s. 2d. each.	4.66000009999966666666666666666666666666	\$. 6 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8. 2 2 2 0 0 0 9 9 9 9 9 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$2 2 2 2 1 0 0 9 9 9 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Same Prices as provisional Proof of the same Class.	1s. 6d. each.	Not exceeding 6 Shots, 2s. 0d. each complete Arm; exceeding that Number, 2s. 6d. each complete Arm.	Not exceeding 6 Shots, 1s. 6d. each complete Pistol; exceeding that Number, 2s. 0d. each complete Pistol.

Tor every lesser Number of Barrels than Four, sent by the mselves, Ninepence each over and above the regular Charge according to Scale.

Cap. cxlix.

An Act for enabling the Stockton and Darlington Railway Company to make new Branches and other Works; to acquire additional Lands; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Interest, &c. on Shares created or Mortgages granted by Middlesbrough and Guisbrough Railway Company guaranteed, § 39. Saving Rights of Holders of existing Preference Shares in Stockton and Darlington Railway Company, § 40. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 46.]

Cap. cl.

- An Act for authorizing the making and maintaining of the West Somerset Mineral Railway, and the improving and regulating of the Harbour of Watchet in the County of Somerset; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]
- [Preamble recites 6 Ann, c. 8., 10 Ann, c. 14., 7 Geo. 1. c. 14., 10 Geo. 3. c. 24., and 49 Geo. 3. c. 1. Capital £50,000, § 6. Power to borrow £15,000, § 9. Provision for Protection of Rights under recited Acts, § 78. Saving Rights of the Crown, the Admiralty, Trinity House, and Lord of Manor of Watchet, &c., § § 88 to 91.]

Cap. cli.

- An Act for better supplying with Water the Town and Parish of Wolverhampton, the Suburbs thereof, and the Parishes and Places adjacent thereto. [16th July 1855.]
- [Incorporation of Company, § 7. Capital £100,000, § 8. Power to borrow £33,000, § 12. Provisions for Protection of the Great Western Railway Company, §§ 23 to 27. For Protection of the Birmingham Canal Navigations and Lord Wrottesley's Observatory, §§ 33 and 34.]

Cap. clii.

An Act to amend "The Bradford Corporation Waterworks Act, 1854." [16th July 1855.]

Cap. cliii.

- An Act for making a Railway from the Port Carlisle Railway in the Township of Drumburgh to or near to the Coat Lighthouse in Silloth Bay in the Parish of Holme Cultram in the County of Cumberland, and also a Dock and Jetty at Silloth Bay; and for making Arrangements with the Port Carlisle Dock and Railway Company; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]
- [Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capitals £165,000, § 4. Power to borrow £55,000, § 9. As to Agreements with Port Carlisle Dock and Railway Company, § 50 to 57. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 66.]

Cap. cliv.

An Act for maintaining the Yorkshire District of the Road from Keighley in the West Riding of the County of York to Kirkby-in-Kendal in the County of Westmoreland. [16th July 1855.]

[4 Geo. 4. c. xlix. repealed, and this Act to be put in force, § 1. Provisions as to Tolls, §§ 9 to 19. Act to commence on the Second Wednesday after passing, and to continue for Twenty-one Years, § 29.]

3 M 3

[23d *July* 1855.]

902

Cap. clv.

An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of *Liverpool* to acquire Lands; and for other Purposes. [16th July 1855.]

[Power to purchase Lands for Free Library and Museum, § 4. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 12.]

Cap. clvi.

An Act to renew the Term and continue the Powers of an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from Wadhurst to the Turnpike Road on Lamberhurst Down, both in the County of Sussex, and from the Turnpike Road on Pullen's Hill to West Farlieigh Street, both in the County of Kent. [16th July 1855.]

[9 Geo. 4. c. xvii. repealed, and this Act to be put in force, § 1. Provisions as to Tolls, §§ 8 to 15.]

Cap. clvii.

An Act for extending the Times granted to purchase Lands for the Part of the Waveney Valley Railway between Bungay and Beccles. [23d July 1855.]

Cap. clviii.

An Act to enable the *Edinburgh and Glasgow* Railway Company to enlarge their Station at *Queen Street*, *Glasgow*; to raise additional Capital; and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[Power to raise additional Capitals, £115,000 and £50,000, §§ 4 and 5. Power to borrow £30,000, § 11. Saving Rights of Railway Companies, § 16; of J. Macgregor, § 22.]

Cap. clix.

An Act for making and maintaining the Great Northern London Cemetery, and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[Company incorporated, § 4. Capital, £150,000, § 5. Power to borrow One Third of Capital, § 8. As to Arrangements with Great Northern Railway Company, §§ 24 and 26. Confirming Agreement with Saint George the Martyr, § 34. Saving of Rights of Great Northern Railway Company, § 42.]

Cap. clx.

An Act for better enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Wisbech to raise and secure Monies payable by them to the Nene Valley Drainage and Navigation Improvement Commissioners; and for other Purposes.

[Recited Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. cxliii. repealed, § 2. Extinction of Borrowing Powers under recited Acts, § 4. Power to borrow on Mortgage of Tolls and Harbour Dues, § § 5 to 7. Indemnification of Corporate Estates, &c., § 16. Saving of Rights, § § 27 to 30.]

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Cap. clxi.

- An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Bolton and Nightingale's Turnpike Road, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [23d **July** 1855.]
- [5 Geo. 4. c. cv. repealed, and this Act to take effect, § 1. Saving Rights of F. H. Standish, § 2. Provisions respecting Tolls, §§ 16 to 19. Act to commence on 1st November after passing, and continue for Twenty-one Years, § 27.

Cap. clxii.

- An Act to authorize the Construction of a Dock on the North Side of the River Thames, to be called "The Dagenham (Thames) Dock." [23d July 1855.]
- [Subscribers incorporated, § 4. Capital, .£90,000. Power to borrow £30,000, § 8. Docks to form Part of Port of London, § 18. Works on Shore of the Thames not to be executed without Consent of the Office of Woods, § 25. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 26. Provisions as to Rights of Corporation of London, §§ 27 to 29. Provisions as to Works to be constructed for Protection of Levels of Havering, &c., §§ 30 to 36. Provision as to the Property of the Marquess of Salisbury, § 37. Saving Rights of Watermen of the River Thames, **6 47.**7

Cap. clxiii.

An Act to amend "The London Necropolis and National Mausoleum Act, 1852," and for other Purposes.

[23d *July* 1855.]

Cap. clxiv.

- An Act to repeal an Act for making, widening, repairing, and maintaining certain Roads leading to and from the Town of Honiton in the County of Devon; and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [23d July 1855.]
- [3 Geo. 4. c. xcviii. repealed, and this Act to be put in force, § 1. Provisions respecting Tolls, §§ 10 to 20. Act to commence on November 1, 1855, and continue for Twenty-one Years, § 32.]

Cap. clxv.

An Act for making a Railway from the Leven Railway at the Town of Leven, to the Town of Kilconquhar in the County of Fife, to be called "The East of Fife Railway."

[23d *July* 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital £32,000, § 4. Power to borrow £10,600, § 9. For Protection of Leven Railway, § 24. As to Construction of Line through the Estate of Elie, § 37. Provisions as to Tolls, &c., §§ 44 to 52. Provisions as to Agreements with Edinburgh, Perth, and Dundee and Leven Railway Company, §§ 53 to 59. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 61.]

Cap. clxvi.

An Act to incorporate the Royal Medical Benevolent College, and [23d *July* 1855.] for other Purposes. 8 M 4

Cap. clxvii.

An Act to enable the Londonderry and Coleraine Railway Company to lease a Portion of their Undertaking; and for other Purposes.

[23d July 1855.]

Cap. clxviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Cavendish Bridge and Brassington Road, and for making a Branch Line of Road in connexion with the same, all in the County of Derby.

[7 & 8 Geo. 4. c. l. repealed, and this Act to be put in force, § l. Saving Rights of North Staffordshire Railway Company, § 21.

Saving Rights of North Staffordshire Railway Company, § 21.

As to Construction of Cattle Bridge over Navigation from the

Trent to the Mersey, §§ 22 and 23. Provisions as to Tolls,
§§ 25 to 37. Act to commence on the Third Wednesday after

passing, and to continue for Twenty-one Years, § 42.]

Cap. clxix.

- An Act for making Railways from the Farnborough Extension of the West London and Crystal Palace Railway to the North Kent Line of the South-eastern Railway, and to the London, Brighton, and South Coast Railway, with Branches therefrom; and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]
- [Subscribers incorporated, § 4. Capital £80,000, § 5. Power to borrow £25,000, § 9. As to Communications, &c. with West End of London and Crystal Palace Railway, § § 22 to 25. As to Communications, &c. with South-eastern Railway, § § 26 to 29. As to Construction of Works interfering with those of the Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, § 30. Provisions as to Tolls, § § 32 to 41. Power to enter into Agreements with certain Railway Companies, § § 42 to 49.]

Cap. clxx.

- An Act for extending the Limits of the Harbour of Barrow in the County Palatine of Lancaster; and to enable the Commissioners of the said Harbour to raise a further Sum of Money; and for other Purposes.

 [23d July 1855.]
- [Repeal of certain Sections of 11 & 12 Vict. c. xxxv., § 2. Power to borrow £30,000 above Amount authorized by recited Act, § 8. Saving Rights of the Furness Railway Company; of the Duke of Buccleuch, and Earl of Burlington, under 9 & 10 Vict. c. ccclxxxvi.; and of the Crown, §§ 13 to 15. Crown Land reclaimed not to be taken without Consent of Commissioners of Woods, &c., § 16. Saving Rights of Lords of Manors, § 23.]

Cap. clxxi.

- An Act for vesting the Undertakings of the Birkenhead Dock Company, and of the Trustees of the Birkenhead Docks in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Liverpool, and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]
- [Act to commence on the Third Wednesday after passing, § 3-Agreement set out in Schedule to this Act, confirmed, § 4-Existing Contracts with Messrs. Brassey and Co. annulled, § 6-

Undertakings of Trustees and of Company vested in Corporation, and to be One Undertaking, §§ 7, 8, and 16. Management of Birkenhead Docks vested in Liverpool Dock Committee, § 17. Provisions as to the Completion and Maintenance, &c. of Works, §§ 19 to 22. Corporation to be subject to all Liabilities of Trustees under Arrangements with Commissioners of Woods, § 23. Power to borrow £500,000, § 25. Corporation to transfer Undertaking to Trustees of Liverpool Docks, § 27. Provisions as to Bond-holders and Bonds, §§ 31 to 57. Saving Rights of Great Western Railway Company, Seacombe Mill Company, Messrs. J. Hustler, &c., and of the Crown, §§ 59 to 61 and 63. For Agreement referred to in Preamble to this Act, see Schedule.

Cap. clxxii.

An Act for improving the Postal and Passenger Communication between England and Ireland, and for authorizing Arrangements between certain Companies in England and Ireland in relation thereto; and for other Purposes. [23d *July* 1855.]

IN HEREAS an Act was passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of

' Her present Majesty, intituled An Act for making a Railway 7 & 8 Vict.

' from Chester to Holyhead, under the Authority of which Act c. lxv. and of the other Acts relating to the Chester and Holyhead

Railway the London and North-western Railway Company are ' Proprietors of a large Proportion of the Share Capital of the

' Chester and Holyhead Railway Company: And whereas by "The Chester and Holyhead Railway Act, 1848," the Chester 11 & 12 Vict.

' and Holyhead Railway Company were empowered, for the ' Purpose of establishing an efficient Communication between

' Holyhead and Dublin in connexion with their Railway, to purchase, build, construct, navigate, maintain, and work, and also

' to charter or hire, Steam Boats, or to subscribe or contribute towards the Funds of any Company or Persons having or

making or navigating Steam Boats: And whereas the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company has been for many Years esta-

' blished for the Purpose of carrying on Steam Communication between, amongst others, the Ports of Dublin (including Howth

' and Kingstown) and Holyhead: And whereas the Chester and Holyhead Railway terminates at and communicates with the

' Port of Holyhead, and the London and North-western Railway communicates at Chester with the Chester and Holyhead Railway:

And whereas it would greatly facilitate the Postal Service, and

also the convenient Transmission of Passengers between England and Ireland, if the aforesaid Companies were empowered to pro-

' vide larger and more powerful Steam Vessels for such Purpose,

or to secure Interest or other Remuneration to any Company or

Person providing the same between Holyhead and Kingstown or " Howth, and if Provision were made for the Division and Appor-

' tionment between the said Companies or some of them of the

Monies to be received for or in respect of such Traffic passing

as aforesaid between the Ports aforesaid, and for the Conduct and Regulation of such Traffic, and for the Transmission thereof

upon and along the Railways of the said Companies, and if the

' Companies were empowered to enter into Arrangements or

'Agree-

'Agreements with reference to all or any of the Purposes aforesaid; but such Objects cannot be effected without the 'Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows; (that is to say,)

Short Title.

I. In citing this Act for any Purpose it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "Improved Postal and Passenger Communication between *England* and *Ireland* Act, 1855."

Power to provide additional Steam Boats. II. It shall be lawful for the London and North-western and Chester and Holyhead Railway Companies and the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company, on such Terms as may from Time to Time be agreed upon, to purchase, or to hire and pay for, or to build and construct, navigate, use, and maintain, such additional Steam Boats for the Conveyance of Mails and Passengers between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth as they shall think fit, or otherwise it shall be lawful for those Railway Companies or either of them to contract and agree with the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company to provide from Time to Time such additional Steam Boats as aforesaid, and to secure Payment of such Rent or other Consideration as may from Time to Time be mutually agreed upon.

Power to charge Rates for Steam Boats.

III. It shall be lawful for the before-mentioned Companies and they are hereby authorized to charge for the Conveyance of Passengers and Parcels in the Steam Boats worked or employed by them between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth such reasonable Rates or Sums as they shall think proper, and which shall be sanctioned and approved of by the Committee of Privy Council for Trade, but not exceeding the Rates or Sums authorized to be taken by the Chester and Holyhead Railway Company for the Conveyance of Passengers upon their Railway for a Distance of Sixty Miles thereon: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for every First-class Passenger conveyed by such Boats, or partly by the Steam Boats and Railways of the Companies, to take with him, without extra Charge, his ordinary Luggage, not exceeding One hundred and twelve Pounds in Weight, and every Secondclass Passenger not exceeding One hundred Pounds in Weight, and every Third-class Passenger not exceeding Sixty Pounds in Weight.

For securing Equality of Treatment. IV. Such Steam Boat Rates or Sums shall be at all Times charged to all Persons equally and after the same Rate per Mile, in respect of all Passengers and Parcels conveyed in a like Vessel passing between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth under the like Circumstances; and no Reduction or Advance in any such Rate shall be made in favour of or against any Person using the said Steam Boats in consequence of such Person having travelled over the whole or any Part of the Chester and Holyhead Railway, or not having travelled upon any Part thereof.

V. All the Provisions and Regulations contained in the several Acts relating to the *Chester and Holyhead* Railway, or the several Acts incorporated therewith, with respect to the Collection, Receipt, and receiving of the Rates and Tolls authorized to be taken for the Conveyance of Passengers and Parcels upon the

Provision of certain Acts to apply to Rates authorised to be taken under Act.

Chester

Chester and Holyhead Railway, and for the Prevention of Fraud upon the Company in respect thereof, shall, so far as the same shall be approved of by the said Committee of Privy Council for Trade, and be applicable, extend to the Passengers conveyed in or upon such Steam Boats between the Ports or Harbours of Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth.

VI. It shall be lawful for the Companies and they are hereby Companies emauthorized from Time to Time to make Byelaws, Orders, and Re- powered to gulations in relation to Passengers and Parcels conveyed in or upon such Steam Boats between the Ports aforesaid, and as to the Embarkation and Disembarkation thereof respectively, and to enforce the Observance of the same by Penalties, in the same Manner as the Chester and Holyhead Railway Company are authorized with respect to Passengers and Parcels conveyed upon their Railway, such Byelaws, Orders, and Regulations being previously sanctioned and authenticated in the same Manner as is required by the general Law relating to Railways, and being further approved of by the said Committee of Privy Council for Trade; and such Byelaws, Orders, and Regulations, and all Penalties and Forfeitures in respect of the Breach thereof, shall be enforced and recovered in the same Manner as by Law is provided with respect to Offences committed upon the Railway; and all Offences committed on board of the said Steam Boats within Harbour shall be considered to be committed within the County of Anglesea or within the County of Dublin, according as such Harbour shall be situate in Wales or in Ireland respectively, and if committed out of Harbour shall be considered to be committed in either County, and cognizable by any Justice of either of such Counties.

VII. A List of the Charges from Time to Time appointed to Rates and Byebe taken for the Conveyance of Passengers and Parcels in the laws to be pub-Steam Boats of or employed by the Companies between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth, and the Substance of all such Byelaws, Orders, and Regulations as shall be made by the Companies in relation to such Passengers, shall be affixed, in manner provided by the General Acts relating to Railways, in the Stations of the Chester and Holyhead Railway Compnay at Chester and Holyhead respectively, and also in the Cabins appropriated to Passengers in the several Steam Vessels so used and employed by the Companies aforesaid.

VIII. The Provisions of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Vic- 17 & 18 Vict. toria, Chapter Thirty-one, shall, so far as the same are applicable, c. 31. to extend extend to the Steam Boats to be provided under the Provisions of under this Act. this Act, and to the Passengers and Parcels carried therein.

IX. The Powers hereby granted to purchase, hire, use, and own Certain Powers Steam Boats shall continue until the Thirty-first Day of December to continue till One thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

X. It shall be lawful for all the before-mentioned Companies Power to enter from Time to Time to make and carry into effect all Contracts and into Agreements with reference to the Objects aforesaid, and the ference to Con-Division and Apportionment between and amongst the aforesaid duct of Traffic Companies of the Tolls, Rates, or other Charges received in and other Purrespect of the Through Passenger and Parcel Traffic conveyed in poses. or by the aforesaid Steam Boats between Holyhead and Kings-

make Byelaws.

31st Dec. 1871.

town

town or Howth: Provided always, that, the true Intent and Object of this Act being to facilitate the Postal and Passenger Communication between England and Ireland, nothing herein contained shall be held to confer any Authority to apply the Powers granted by this Act, or the Funds to be appropriated thereunder, to any other Purposes than the Passenger, Postal, and Parcel Traffic passing between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth, including the Transmission of Horses, Carriages, or other necessary or usual Incidents of Passenger Communication, or to empower any of the aforesaid Companies to carry Cattle, Stores, Goods, or Merchandise by any of the Steam Boats hereby authorized to be purchased, hired, used, or owned, or to enable the London and North-western and Chester and Holyhead Railway Companies, or either of them, to enter into any Arrangement or Agreement with the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company for the Conveyance of Cattle, Stores, Goods, Merchandise, or any other Effects; provided, further, that nothing herein contained shall be held to affect any existing Powers of any of the aforesaid Companies.

Appointment of Committee.

XI. For the Purpose of more effectually carrying into effect all or any of the Purposes aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the aforesaid Companies to appoint a Board of Management or a Joint Committee, as shall be mutually agreed upon, and to delegate to such Board of Management or Committee all such Powers, Duties, and Authorities in reference to the Objects and Purposes of this Act as the said Companies shall think fit.

As to Appointment of Umpires. XII. For settling and determining all Disputes and Differences which may arise between them respecting the Fulfilment of any of the Objects and Purposes of any such Agreement or Arrangement, every such Dispute and Difference shall, when and as the same arises, be referred to Arbitration, in the Manner prescribed by Clauses CXXVIII. to Clause CXXXIV. of the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, which shall (mutatis mutandis) for that Purpose be deemed to be Part of this Act; provided, however, that in case the Dispute shall be between the Railway Companies and the City of Dublin Company, Two Arbitrators, and not Three, shall be appointed, One being appointed by the Two Railway Companies, and the other by the City of Dublin Company.

Power to remove Members of Joint Committee.

XIII. It shall be lawful for each of the said Companies from Time to Time to remove any Person appointed on behalf of such Company to be a Member of the said Board of Management or Committee, and to appoint another in his Stead, on giving Seven Days Notice in Writing of their Intention so to do to the said Board of Management or Committee.

For filling up Places of Members dying, &c.

XIV. If any Member of the said Board of Management or Committee shall die, or resign, or become disqualified or incompetent to act as a Member of the said Board of Management or Committee, the Company by whom he was appointed may appoint another Person to supply his Place.

Committee may make Rules for their own Guidance.

XV. The said Board of Management or Committee may from Time to Time make such Rules, Byelaws, and Regulations with reference to the Times and Places of their Meetings, and the Notices convening such Meetings, and the Appointment of their Chairman mittee shall think fit.

Chairman, and otherwise howsoever with reference to their Proceedings, as they shall think fit.

XVI. The Board of Management or Committee may from Time Committee to Time nominate and appoint and remove all such Secretaries, may appoint Treasurers, Clerks, and other Officers as they may from Time to Time think necessary for carrying out the several Objects and Purposes from Time to Time intrusted to them, and may pay to the Persons so from Time to Time appointed by them such Salaries

or other Emoluments as the said Board of Management or Com-

Officers.

XVII. It shall be lawful for any or either of the herein-before Power to apply mentioned Companies to appropriate to or towards all or any of the Objects and Purposes of this Act any Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds, which they respectively are authorized to raise by any Act or Acts, Deed or Deeds, or which shall have been raised by them under the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force with relation to such Companies respectively, and which may not be required for the Purposes to which they are by any such Act or Acts made specially applicable.

Corporate Funds to Purposes of this

XVIII. It shall be lawful for the aforesaid Companies from Power to make Time to Time to make and enter into and carry into effect any Agreements Agreements and Arrangements with Her Majesty's Postmaster with Her Ma-General, or with the Lords of the Admiralty, in reference to the jesty's Post-master Gene-Conveyance in their Steam Boats of Her Majesty's Mails or Post ral, &c. for Letter Bags between Holyhead and Kingstown or Howth: Pro- Conveyance of vided always, that, until an Agreement or Arrangement for the Mails, &c. Purposes herein-before in this Clause mentioned shall have been so made and entered into, none of the Powers by this Act granted shall be exercised by the said Companies, and that, unless such an Agreement or Arrangement shall have been made and entered into on or before the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixty, it shall not be lawful for the said Companies, in pursuance of this Act, to exercise any of the Powers granted thereby. and such Powers shall thereafter cease and have no Effect.

XIX. It shall not be lawful for the before-mentioned Railway Deposits for Companies respectively, out of any Money by any Act relating to future Bills not them respectively authorized to be raised for the Purposes of such Act, to pay or deposit any Sum of Money which by any Standing Order of either House of Parliament, now in force or hereafter to be in force, may be required to be deposited in respect to any Application to Parliament for the Purpose of obtaining an Act authorizing them respectively to construct any other Railway or to execute any other Work or Undertaking.

to be paid out of Companies Capital.

XX. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed Railways not to exempt the Undertakings of the before-mentioned Railway exempt from Companies respectively, or any of those Undertakings, from the Provisions of Provisions of any General Act relating to the Acts affecting the future General said Railway Companies respectively, or of any General Act relating to Railways, or to the better and more impartial Audit of the Accounts of Railway Companies, now in force or which may hereafter pass during this or any future Session of Parliament, or from any future Revision and Alteration, under the Authority of Parliament, of the maximum Rates of Fares and Charges,

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[23d *July* 1855.]

and of the Rates for small Parcels, authorized by those Acts respectively.

Expenses of

XXI. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of applying for, obtaining, and passing this Act, or preparatory or incident thereto, shall in the first instance be paid and discharged by the London and North-western and Chester and Holyhead Railway Companies and by the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company.

Cap. clxxiii.

An Act to repeal and consolidate the several Acts relating to the Furness Railway Company; to enable the said Company to raise a further Sum of Money; to give further Powers to the said Company; and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[6 & 7 Vict. c. cxlii., 7 & 8 Vict. c. xxii., 9 & 10 Vict. c. cclxxix, 10 & 11 Vict. c. vi., 11 & 12 Vict. c. cxxvi., 16 & 17 Vict. c. cl., 17 & 18 Vict. c. lxxvi. repealed, and Furness Railway Company dissolved, § 2. Re-incorporation of Company, § 3. Railways vested in new Company, § 6. Capital, £340,000 subject to Augmentation, and to be called "the original Capital," § 24. Provisions as to Sale of Lands belonging to the Duchy of Lancaster, §§ 34 to 37. Power to raise a further Sum of £120,000, § 38. Power to advance Money to the Barrow Harbour Commissioners, § 55. Provision as to the Purchase, &c. of Steam Vessels and the fixing of Tolls, §§ 57 to 68. Provisions as to Tolls and Tonnage, §§ 64 to 82. Saving Rights of the Crown, the Duchy of Lancaster, and of other Persons, §§ 96 and 97.]

Cap. clxxiv.

An Act to authorize the Trustees of the *Liverpool* Docks to construct new Works, and to raise a further Sum of Money; and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[Power to Trustees to construct additional Works, &c., § 4. Power to borrow £850,000, § 10. Jurisdiction of Justices extended over the Docks, § 34. Saving Jurisdiction of the Corporation, § 37. General Saving, § 40. Act to commence on the Second Thursday after passing, § 43.]

Cap. clxxv.

An Act for enabling the South Staffordshire Railway Company to make certain Branch Railways; for the Purchase of additional Lands at Wichnor and Dudley; and for other Purposes.

[Provision as to Erection of Bridge over the Birmingham and Wednesbury Turnpike Road, § 12. Bridges or Viaducts over or Tunnels under the Birmingham Canal how to be made, § 21. Preserving Powers and Rights of the Birmingham Canal Company, § 28. Provisions respecting Agreements with certain Railway Companies, §§ 33 to 36. Power to raise additional Capital, £127,000, by new Shares, and to borrow £40,000, §§ 38 and 41.]

Cap. clxxvi.

An Act for maintaining and improving the Road from Gateshead in the County of Durham to the Hexham Turnpike Road near Dilston Bar in the County of Northumberland, and other Roads connected therewith. [23d July 1855.]

[1 Geo. 4, c. xxx. repealed, and this Act to be put in force, § 1. Provisions as to Tolls, §§ 13 to 31. Act to commence on November next after passing, and to continue for Twenty-one Years, § 31.]

Cap. clxxvii,

An Act to enable the *Portsmouth* Railway Company to make an Alteration in the Line of their Railway; and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[Power to borrow £33,000, in addition to authorized Capital of £400,000, § 15.]

Cap. clxxviii.

An Act for the Improvement of the Borough of Shrewsbury in the County of Salop. [23d July 1855.]

[Act to commence on the 1st of September 1855, and to be carried into execution by Corporation, §§ 8 and 5. 1 § 2 Geo. 4. c. lviii. repealed, and Property vested in the Corporation, §§ 6 and 7. Corporation to be the Local Board of Health, § 25. Power to borrow Money to erect Slaughter-houses, for Purchase of Market, §c., §§ 88 and 92. Corporation may levy Highway Rate under 5 § 6 Will. 4. c. 50., § 99. Power to levy General Improvement Rate, §c., §§ 100 to 111. Power to borrow on Mortgage of Rates, and to pay off former Mortgages, §§ 112 to 114. Saving Rights of Shrewsbury Water and Gas Companies, §§ 120 to 122. Saving Rights of Corporation, § 124.]

Cap. clxxix.

An Act to correct an Oversight in "The Hereford Improvement Act, 1854." [30th July 1855.]

Cap. clxxx.

An Act to incorporate a Company for making a Railway from the Bishop Auchland Branch of the North-eastern Railway in the Township of Elvet to the Township of Brandon and Byshottles, all in the County of Durham, to be called "The Dearness Valley Railway;" and for other Purposes. [30th July 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital, £40,000, § 4. Power to borrow on Mortgage, § 8. Power of the Hon. H. Jane Cochrane, &c., not to be taken without Consent, § 19. Provisions as to Tolls, §§ 27 to 30. Provisions as to Traffic Arrangements, §§ 41 to 45. Rights of North-eastern Railway not to be affected, § 49.]

Cap. clxxxi.

An Act to enable the Oxford, Worcester, and Wolverhampton Railway Company to alter and improve certain of their Works, and to construct additional Works; and to authorize Arrangements with respect to the Stratford-upon-Avon Canal; and for other Purposes. [30th July 1855.]

[Power to make Branch Railways, § 4. Provision as to Lands of T. S. Hellier, § 6. Power to agree with Shareholders for a Rentcharge on the Canal, &c., §§ 20 to 26. Stourbridge Exten-

sion Canal to be charged with Amount of Purchase Money, § 27. For Protection of W. Matthews, Sir S. R. Glynne, and W. O. Forster, Esq., §§ 37 to 39. Provisions for Protection of the Birmingham Canal, §§ 50 to 57. Provisions as to the Chillington Company, §§ 58 to 63. Provisions as to Accommodation Bridge, &c. of W. H. Sparrow, §§ 64 to 73.]

Cap. clxxxii.

An Act for enabling the Somerset Central Railway Company to construct Railways to Wells and to Burnham, and a Pier at Burnham, and to raise additional Capital; and for other Pur-[30th July 1855.] poses.

Repeal of 15 & 16 Vict. c. lxiii., but notwithstanding Repeal, Sections in the Schedule to remain in force, §§ 5 and 9. Company to remain incorporated, and remain entitled to Property, &c., §§ 7 Capital, £140,000, § 20. Power to borrow £20,000, § 26. Power for Bristol and Exeter Railway Company to subscribe, §§ 31 to 33. Saving Rights of Commissioners of Sewers of County of Somerset and Corporation of Bridgewater, §§ 69 and 70.]

Cap. clxxxiii.

An Act for the making and maintaining of the Severn Valley Railway; and for other Purposes. [30th July 1855.]

[Repeal of 16 & 17 Vict. c.ccxxvii., but Company to continue incorporated, and remain entitled to Property, &c., §§ 5 to 8. Capital, £480,000, § 17. Power to borrow £160,000, § 22. Provisions as to Communications with Oxford, Worcester, and Wolverhampton Railway, §§ 49 to 52. With Shrewsbury and Hereford Railway, §§ 53 to 56. With Wellington and Severn Junction Railway, § 57. For Protection of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal, and Erection of Bridge, &c., §§ 58 to 68. For Protection of the Rivers Stour and Severn, §§ 69 to 72. Provisions as to Use of a Portion of Shrewsbury and Hereford Railway, §§ 77 to 81. Provisions as to Agreements for Traffic Arrangements, §§ 92 to 96. Saving Rights of other Railway Companies, § 98.]

Cap. clxxxiv.

An Act to facilitate the Erection of One or more Churches in the Parishes of Tormoham and Saint Mary Church, at or near the Town of Torquay, in the County of Devon; and for other Purposes. [30th *July* 1855.]

[Upon Grant of Endowment, by Sir L. V. Palk and Lawrence Palk, a new District for Spiritual Purposes to be created, and a Minister appointed, § 2. Bishop to license a temporary Place of Worship, § 4. Consecration of Church by the Name of Saint Mark's, and Creation of a new Parish by the Name of "the Parish of Torwood" instead of "the District of Torwood," § 6. Minister to become Perpetual Curate, § 7. Appointment of Churchwardens, § 9. As to Patronage, §§ 10 and 27. As to the Erection of a Second Church to be a Chapel of Ease to Saint Mark's, § 11. Provisions as to Sittings and Seat Rents, §§ 12 to 15. Power to apply Monies out of Seat Rents

for Repairs, § 16. Mortgage of Seat Rents, § 17. Discharge of Subscribers from Payment of Seat Rents, § 19. Application of Seat Rents, § 20. Appointment of Officers, § 21. Provisions as to Burials, §§ 22 to 24. Provisions of Church Building Acts extended to this Act, § 28.]

Cap. clxxxv.

An Act to repeal the Act of the Ninth Victoria, Chapter Thirtytwo, to reconstitute and extend the Police District therein mentioned under the Name of the Airdrie Rural Police District, and to erect and maintain a Hall, Court House, and Public Offices for the Airdrie District of Lanarkshire.

[30th July 1855.]

Cap. clxxxvi.

An Act to authorize the Transfer of the Undertaking of the Deptford Gaslight and Coke Company to the Surrey Consumers Gas Company, and to wind up the Affairs of the first-named Company; and for other Purposes. [30th July 1855.]

[Agreements between Deptford Gaslight and Coke Company and Surrey Consumers Gas Company confirmed, and Transfer of Works, §§ 1 to 3. Shares of Deptford deemed valid, § 23.]

Cap. clxxxvii.

An Act for enabling the *East Kent* Railway Company to extend their authorized Line of Railway by the Construction of a Railway from *Canterbury* to *Dover*, with Two Branches at *Dover*; to increase their Capital; and for other Purposes.

[30th July 1855.]

[Power to make Railway, § 4. Certain Works not to be constructed, &c. without Consent of Secretary of State for War, §§ 12 to 14. Certain Works not to be commenced until approved by the Admirulty, §§ 16 to 19. As to crossing the River Stour, § 20. Provisions as to Docks, &c. belonging to the Wardens of Dover, §§ 21 to 29. Saving Rights of Warden and Assistants of Dover Harbour, § 30. Capital increased £1,200,000, § 36. Power to borrow on Martgage £166,666 in addition to Sum authorized by 16 & 17 Vict. c. cxxxii., § 41. Saving Rights of South-eastern Railway Company, Commissioners of Sewers for Kent, and the Crown, §§ 49 to 51.]

Cap. clxxxviii.

An Act for amending the Acts relating to the London and Southwestern Railway Company; for regulating their Capital; and for other Purposes. [14th August 1855.]

[Acts recited in Preamble and this Act to be taken as One, § 2. Lands to be purchased of Dean and Chapter of Canterbury Six Months before commencing Works, § 7. Works on the Shore of the Thames not to be constructed without Consent, § 20. Works interfering with Sewers not to be done without Consent of Commissioners of Sewers, § 23. Provisions as to Capital, Shares, &c., §§ 26 to 51. Power to Company to borrow, inclusive of their present Mortgage Debt, £2,400,416, § 56. Company to promote a Bill in Session of 1856 for a Railway 18 & 19 Vict.

called "The Exeter Extension Railway," § 62. Provisions to be contained in the said Bill, § 63. Power to raise £1,000,000 for the said Railway, § 70. Saving Rights of Her Majesty and the Corporation of London, § 74.]

Cap. clxxxix.

An Act for the Conservancy and Improvement of Dundalk Harbour and Port, and for other Purposes. [14th August 1855.] [Act to commence on Third Tuesday after pussing, and recited Act repealed, § 1. Provisions as to Qualification and Election of Commissioners to carry Act into execution, §§ 9 to 32. Repeal of Act not to affect existing Rights, § 42. Provisions respecting the Quay of Dundalk Steam Packet Company, §§ 48 to 53. Provisions respecting Rates and Dues, §§ 64 to 76. Power to borrow on Credit of Tolls, Rates, &c., § 77. Number of Pilots to be appointed, and Rules for their Examination to be approved by Board of Trade, § 88. Provisions as to Regulation of Pilot Stations, providing of Boats, &c., §§ 90 to 98. Provisions as to the raising of Ballast, &c., §§ 103 to 116. Jetties not to be built, except by Commissioners, § 117. Saving Rights of the Earl of Roden, the Dock and Quay Owners, the Crown, and other Persons, §§ 135 to 138.]

Cap. exc.

An Act for making certain Railways to connect Glasgow, Dumbarton, and Helensburgh, in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton; and for making Provision for the Use and working of the said Railways. [14th August 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital, £240,000, § 4. Power to borrow £60,000, § 9. As to Junctions with Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Caledonian and Dumbartonshire Junction Railways, §§ 24 and 25. Provisions as to shutting up Streets and constructing Bridges and Sewers in Helensburgh, §§ 31 to 37. As to carrying Railway through Lands of Lord Blantyre, § 38. Forth and Clyde Canal, §§ 40 to 50. Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway Company to hold Shares, but not to be transferable, and may raise further Capital to the Extent of £80,000, &c., §§ 70 to 82.]

Cap. exci.

An Act for making a Railway from the Great Western Railway at Southall in the County of Middlesex to Brentford in the same County, with Docks at the last-mentioned Place; and for other Purposes.

[14th August 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital, £90,000, § 4. Not to interfere with Great Western Railway without Consent, §§ 23 and 24. Provisions as to building Bridge over London and South-western Railway, §§ 25 to 27. Not to interfere with the South-western Railway without Consent, §§ 28 to 30. As to crossing over the Metropolis Turnpike Road, §§ 31 to 38. Saving Rights of Grand Junction Canal Company, §§ 39 to 44. Power to construct Docks, § 45. Saving Rights of Commissioners of Woods, the Crown, Corporation of London, and Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, §§ 48 to 52. As to Agreements with other Hailway Companies, §§ 67 to 69.]

Cap. excii.

An Act for making a Railway and Pier to and at Stokes Bay in the County of Hants. [14th August 1855.]

[Subscribers incorporated, § 3. Capital, £24,000, § 4. Power to borrow £8,000, § 7. Saving Rights of South-western Railway Company, §§ 32 to 34. Saving Rights of the Crown, § 52.]

Cap. exciii.

An Act for extending the Times granted to the Westminster Improvement Commissioners by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847." "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," and "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," for the compulsory Purchase of Lands and the Completion of Works; and for altering the Corporate Name of "The Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes" to "The London and Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes;" and for other Purposes.

[14th August 1855.]

HEREAS the Westminster Improvement Commissioners were incorporated and continued as an Incorporation by the Local and Personal Acts Eighth and Ninth of Victoria. ' Chapter One hundred and seventy-eight, which Act has the 'Short Title "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," Tenth and Eleventh of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and thirty-one, which Act has the Short Title "The Westminster Improvement ' Act, 1847," Thirteenth and Fourteenth of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and two, which Act has the Short Title "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," and Sixteenth and Seventeenth Victoria, Chapter One hundred and seventy-six, which Act has the Short Title "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," for the Purposes of an Undertaking, the Objects of which were the Construction of a Street (now completed and opened to the ' Public, and called Victoria Street,) to form a Communication between the Neighbourhood of the Houses of Parliament and ' Buckingham Palace, and of a secondary Street, to form a Communication between Dean Street and the Horseferry Road, or otherwise, and of the Streets and Works prescribed or authorized by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," aforesaid, and the Improvement of the District in the Neighbourhood of the same Streets respectively, which Undertaking is prescribed or authorized, and the Powers and Privileges of the said Commissioners in relation thereto created, continued, extended, or modified, and Funds in aid of the Undertaking provided, by the said " Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," the said "Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," the Public General Acts Tenth and Eleventh of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and fifteen, Eleventh and Twelfth of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and twenty-four, and Thirteenth and Fourteenth of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and three, which last-mentioned Three Acts are Acts relating principally to the London Bridge Approaches Fund, and by the said "Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," and the said "West-* minster Improvement Act, 1853:" And whereas by "The West-' minster 3 N 2

'minster Improvement Act, 1853," aforesaid, after reciting, among other things, that the Improvements in the City of " Westminster, prescribed or authorized by "The Westminster 'Improvement Act, 1845," "The Westminster Improvement Act, ' 1847," and "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," had been ' in part carried into effect, (that is to say,) the Westminster Im-' provement Commissioners had, in such Manner as was required of them, constructed between the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, and Shaftesbury Terrace, and opened to the Public, the Street called Victoria Street, but although the Plans for the secondary Street mentioned in "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847, and "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," had been sub-' mitted, as in the same Acts respectively was required, unto Her 'Majesty's Commissioners of Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, ' Works, and Buildings, and unto the Churchwardens and Vestries of the united Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John the Evangelist, and had been approved of by the said Churchwardens and 'Vestries, the Certificate of Approval under the Hands of Two ' of Her Majesty's Commissioners, required by "The Westminster 'Improvement Act, 1847," had not been given; and the Security by the said " Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," directed to be by the Commissioners given or provided for the Construction of the said secondary Street according to the Plans thereof, to ' be approved of as aforesaid, had not then been given or pro-' vided by the Commissioners; and the Formation of the said secondary Street could not be completed until the Commissioners ' had obtained Possession of the Workhouse, and had purchased ' other Land required for the said secondary Street, and noticing that the Duties and Powers which, under the therein-before recited Acts, if the Act therein-after mentioned had not been ' passed, would have been performed and executed by the Com-' missioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, ' Works, and Buildings, were, under and by virtue of "The Public General Act," Fourteenth and Fifteenth Victoria, Chapter ' Forty-two, performed and exercised by the Commissioners of ' Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, it was by the Act ' now in recital, Section Thirteen, enacted, that the Powers of ' the Commissioners for the compulsory Purchase or taking of the ' Land authorized to be taken by that Act should not be exercised ' after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing of that Act; ' and it was by the same Act, Section Fifty-six, enacted, that, ' subject to such Security being given as therein-after provided, ' and save and except as to the Lands of the Governors of the ' Grey Coat Hospital, mentioned in the Schedule to "The West-'minster Improvement Act, 1847," the Period by "The West-'minster Improvement Act, 1845," granted for the compulsory ' Purchase and taking of Land comprised in the Schedule (C.) ' to the same Act, (which Period was extended by "The West-"minster Improvement Act, 1850,") and the Period by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," granted for the com-' pulsory Purchase and taking of Land comprised in the Sche-' dule (B.) to the same Act should be, and the same Periods were ' thereby respectively extended and enlarged until the Thirty-first ' Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and that

C. exciii.

the Powers of the said Commissioners for the compulsory Purchase or taking of such Land as aforesaid should continue in force and might be exercised until such last-mentioned Day and on tafterwards, but subject in every Case to the Provisions of the said Improvement Acts and that Act; and it was by the same Act, Section Fifty-seven, enacted, that, subject to such Security being given as therein-after mentioned, the Period by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," limited for the Completion of the herein-before mentioned secondary Street should be and the same thereby was revived and extended until the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and that the Security to be, pursuant to the same Act, or "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," given for the Completion of the said secondary Street should be accordingly a Security for the Completion thereof by the said Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and it was by the same Act, Section Fifty-eight, enacted, that the Security to the Extent of Five thousand Pounds to be by the Commissioners provided for the Completion of the said secondary Street should be a Security to be approved of, not only by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, but also by the Churchwardens and Vestries of the united Parishes of Saint " Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist, and that such Security should be given within Six Months after the passing of that Act, and in default thereof the Powers of the said Commissioners for the compulsory Purchase or taking of Land comprised in the Schedule (B.) to "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," and in the Schedule (A.) to that Act, should cease and determine: And whereas a Plan for the said secondary Street, (which Plan agrees in all respects with the Plan in the said "Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," mentioned to have been approved of by the Churchwardens and Vestries of the united Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist, except that the Space between Victoria Street and the said secondary Street is increased by about Twelve Feet in Width,) was, prior to the Security for the Completion of the said secondary Street being given, as herein-after mentioned, approved of by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and by the Churchwardens and Vestries of the united Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist: And whereas the Commissioners, within the Period prescribed by the said "Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," provided, to the Satisfaction of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, Security to the Extent of Five thousand Pounds for the Completion of the said secondary Street, such Security being provided by a Bond, dated the Third Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, under the Seal of the said Westminster Improvement Commissioners, in the penal Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, and by a Deposit of the Sum of Five thousand Pounds, in the Names of the Obligees and of another 'Trustee, at the London and County Bank, upon Trusts for securing the Performance of the Condition of the said Bond; but the said Churchwardens and Vestries contend that the 3 N 3 ' Security

Security given as aforesaid was not a Security according to the Intent and Meaning of "The Westminster Improvement Act, ' 1853," aforesaid: And whereas the Funds by the said Improve-'ment Acts, some or One of them, provided for the Construction of the said secondary Street, consist in part of Sums charged upon or payable out of the Rates of the said united Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist, and under the Circumstances the Commissioners have not been able to proceed in the Construction of the said secondary Street; and it is expedient that the Question as to the Security given by the 'Commissioners as aforesaid should be determined: And whereas it is expedient that the Periods limited to the said Commis-' sioners for the compulsory Purchase and taking of Lands, and for Completion of the said secondary Street, should be extended: 'And whereas "The Westminster Association for improving the ' Dwellings of the Working Classes" was incorporated by "The "Westminster Improvement Association Act, 1853," for providing, ' by the Alteration of existing Buildings or the Erection of new ' Buildings, commodious and healthy Lodgings and Dwellings for ' the poorer Classes, and for letting out the same to them as temporary Lodgings, or otherwise, in such Manner and under such Restrictions as should be found most conducive to the Objects of ' the Association; but the Operations of the Association are not ' confined to Westminster, and the Association is desirous that the ' corporate Name should be "The London and Westminster Asso-' ciation for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes:" 'And whereas the Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected without ' the Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows; (that is to say,)

Short Title.

I. That in citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament, and in legal Instruments, it shall be sufficient to use the Expression "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1855."

Interpretation of Terms.

II. That in this Act the following Expressions shall have the several Meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the Subject or Context repugnant to such Construction; (that is to say,)

The Word "Land" shall extend to Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments of any Tenure:

The Expression "the Commissioners" shall mean the Commissioners for the Time being acting by virtue of "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," and this Act:

The Expression "the Improvement Acts" shall mean "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1850," and "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853."

The Word "Sheriff," in "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," shall, with respect to this Act and the said Improvement Acts, mean the High Bailiff of Westminster, in all Cases where the High Bailiff discharges the Duties and Offices usually discharged by the Sheriff.

III. That the Security to the Extent of Five thousand Pounds, Security given so as aforesaid provided by the Commissioners for the Completion by the Commisof the said secondary Street, was and shall be taken to be a sioners declared Security according to the Intent and Meaning of "The Westminster to be according to the Intent of Improvement Act, 1853," and shall accordingly operate to all In
16 & 17 Vict. tents and Purposes whatsoever, in the same Way as if such Secu- c. clxxvi. rity had been approved of by the said Churchwardens and Vestries of the united Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the

Evangelist.

IV. The Period by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1845," Extension of granted for the compulsory Purchase and taking of the Land com- Time for comprised in the Schedule (C.) to the same Act, (which Period was pulsory Purextended by "The Westminster Improvement, Act, 1850," and chases in Schedule (C.) to "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853,") and the Period by 8 & 9 Vict.
"The Westminster Improvement Act, 1847," granted for the com- c. clxxviii. and pulsory Purchase and taking of the Land comprised in the Sche- in Schedule (B.) dule (B.) to the same Act, (which Period was extended by "The to 10 & 11 Vict. Westminster Improvement Act, 1853,") be and the same Periods c. exxxi. respectively hereby are extended and enlarged until the Thirtyfirst Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and that the Powers of the Commissioners for the compulsory Purchase and taking of such Land as aforesaid shall continue in force and may be exercised until such last-mentioned Period, but subject in every Case to the Provisions of the said Improvement Acts.

V. That the Period by "The Westminster Improvement Act, Extension of 1847," limited for the Completion of the said secondary Street, (which Period was revived and extended by the said "Westminster Improvement Act, 1853,") shall be extended and enlarged until the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fiftyseven; and that the Condition of the Bond given by the Commissioners for the Completion of the said secondary Street shall be deemed to be performed if the same Street be made and completed, in manner in the Condition of the same Bond mentioned, on or before the said Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and, subject to such Extension of Time, the said Bond shall remain in force, and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if the said Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven had been the Time in the Condition of the Bond named for the Completion of the said secondary Street; and the said deposited Sum of Five thousand Pounds shall remain and be a Security for the Performance of the Condition of the same Bond.

VI. That, except as to certain Houses in Palace Street, num- Extension of bered 28 to 31; both inclusive, in the said Schedule also mentioned, Time for the the Period limited to the Commissioners by "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," for the compulsory Purchase and taking of the Land comprised in the Schedule (A.) to the same Act, shall 16 & 17 Vict. be and the same hereby is extended and enlarged until the Thirty- a claxvi. first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and

Completion of the secondary

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that the Powers of the Commissioners for the compulsory Purchase and taking of such Land shall continue in force and may be exercised until the last-mentioned Day, but subject in every Case to the Provisions of the said Improvement Acts.

Extension of Parts of Parliament Square Gardens and Churchyard of St. Margaret.

VII. That the Period limited by "The Westminster Improve-Time for taking ment Act, 1853," Section Thirty-two, for Her Majesty's Commissioners of Works and Public Buildings giving their Consent to the Commissioners taking Parts of Parliament Square Gardens for the intended Continuation of Victoria Street, shall be and the same hereby is extended and enlarged until the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and the Powers of the Commissioners for taking Parts of Parliament Square Gardens, with such Consent as aforesaid, and also Part of the Churchyard or Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Margaret, shall continue in force and may be exercised until the last-mentioned Day, but subject in every respect to the Provisions of the said Improvement Acts.

Act not to affect Security for 30,000L vested in the Commissioners of Works, &c.

VIII. Provided always, That this Act or anything herein contained shall not affect or prejudice the Security given by the Commissioners, by an Indenture of Mortgage dated the Twentyfifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and Bond of even Date therein referred to, for the Repayment by the Commissioners, with Interest, as therein mentioned, of a Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds advanced to them by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings, pursuant to a Power contained in the Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth of Victoria, Chapter One hundred and three, and which, under or by virtue of "The Metropolitan Improvements (Repayment out of Consolidated Fund) Act, 1853," is now vested in the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings: Provided also, that this Act or anything herein contained shall not prejudice or affect any Right of Preference or Priority in Payment which any Person holding a Bond of the Commissioners, granted before the Date of the Indenture of Mortgage and Deed of Settlement, dated respectively the Twenty-sixth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and not having assented thereto, would have been entitled to if the said Indenture of Mortgage and Deed of Settlement had not been executed, or the said Westminster Improvement Act, 1853, confirming the same, or this Act, had not been passed.

Certain Houses released from 16 & 17 Vict. c. clxxvi.

IX. That the said Houses in Palace Street numbered 23 to 31, both inclusive, are hereby released from the Powers and Provisions of "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," and shall be considered as expunged from the Schedule (A.) to the said Act, and from the Plan therein referred to.

Act not to affect Agreement with Justices of Middlesex.

X. That nothing herein contained shall in any Manner whatsoever prejudice or affect certain Articles of Agreement, dated the Third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, with the Justices of Middlesex, in "The Westminster Improvement Act, 1853," mentioned or referred to, by the said last-mentioned Act ratified and confirmed.

Saving Rights of Governors of Grey Coat and St. Margaret's

XI. That neither the Extension or Enlargement herein-before granted of the Periods for the compulsory Purchase and taking of Lands, nor any other Clause, Matter, or Thing herein contained,

shall

shall in any Manner take away, alter, abridge, or interfere with Hospitals and the Interests, Rights, Authorities, and Powers of the Governors of the Trustees of the Grey Coat Hospital, the Governors of the Hospital of Saint the Rev. J. Palmer's Charity. Margaret, the Poor of Emanuel Hospital, and the Trustees of the Reverend James Palmer's Charity respectively, given to or vested in or exerciseable by them respectively, by or under the said Improvement Acts or any of them, or which they may have acquired, or which may be vested in or exerciseable by them, under or by virtue of any Contract, Agreement, or Arrangement heretofore entered into by them the said Governors, or the said Trustees, or their Treasurer, or any other Person on their Behalf, with the said Commissioners, or with the Chairman of the said Commissioners, or any other Person on their Behalf, or which has been adopted by the said Commissioners.

XII. That before the Commissioners shall take any Land under Commissioners the extended Powers for compulsory Purchase given by this Act not to take any they shall pay to the Churchwardens, Overseers of the Poor, and Lands until Vestrymen of the Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John the ments are made. Evangelist all Arrears in the Deficiency of Rates payable by the Commissioners, if any shall be then due, together with the Costs of any Suit or Proceedings for recovering the same, and the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds on account of Costs incurred by the said Churchwardens, Overseers of the Poor, and Vestrymen, relating to this Act.

XIII. That for the Purpose of further securing to the Church- Security to be wardens, Overseers of the Poor, and Vestrymen of the Parishes of given for the Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist the Payment of the Payment of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist the Payment of the Desiciencies in Rates which may hereafter become due from the Commissioners to the said Churchwardens, Overseers, and Vestrymen under the Provisions of the Improvement Acts, some or One of them, in respect of any Land hereafter to be taken under the said Improvement Acts or this Act, the Commissioners shall, previously to taking any such Land under the hereby extended Powers for compulsory Purchase, give or provide, to the Satisfaction of One of the Masters of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Westminster, Security to the Extent of Three thousand Pounds, for the Payment from Time to Time as they may become due of all such Deficiencies; and the Persons to whom such Security shall be given, the Survivors and Survivor of them, and the Executors and Administrators of such Survivor, shall and they and he are and is hereby required to enforce the Payment of the said Sum of Three thousand Pounds, or a sufficient Part thereof, from Time to Time, in any Court of Law or Equity, under the Direction of such Churchwardens, Overseers, and Vestrymen, in case such Deficiencies shall not be from Time to Time fully paid; provided, that if it shall at any Time be shown to the Satisfaction of One of the Masters of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Westminster that the Houses and other Buildings erected and standing on the Land taken by the Commissioners are of sufficient rateable Value. and become occupied and thereby rateable, and sufficient to provide for all Deficiencies in the said Rates payable by the said Commissioners, no such Security shall be required, and if any Security shall have been previously given the same shall be released and given up to the Commissioners.

XIV. That

Commissioners to purchase certain Lands in Notice, or Power to do so to cease.

XIV. That with respect to any Land of which no Part shall lie within Eighty Feet of the said intended secondary Street, and being on the South thereof, and not required for any other Improvement authorized by the said Improvement Acts, in case any Owner or Lessee thereof shall give Notice to the Commissioners, requiring them forthwith to purchase or release the same from the Powers and Provisions of the said Improvement Acts and this Act, then, unless the said Commissioners shall, within Six Months after receiving such Notice, enter into a valid Contract with such Owner or Lessee for the Purchase of his Interest in the said Land, or give to such Owner or Lessee a valid and binding Notice to treat and agree for his Interest in the said Land, the said Land, so far as respects the Interest of such Owner or Lessee, shall from and after the Expiration of the said Period of Six Months be released from the Powers and Provisions of the said Improvement Acts and this Act.

Change of the Corporate Name of the Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes.

XV. ' And whereas the Improvements which have of late been ' made and are still making in the City of Westminster have caused ' the Removal of many Houses inhabited by the Labouring Classes: And whereas certain Persons connected with such Improvements ' and others were desirous of providing improved Dwellings for such Labouring Classes, and accordingly applied for and obtained "The Westminster Improvement Association Act, 1853:" And ' whereas it is desirable that the Name of the Association incor-' porated by that Act should be changed:' Be it therefore enacted, That the Association heretofore called "The Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes," shall from the Date of the passing of this Act be called "The London and Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes:" Provided always, that the Association shall under the Name last aforesaid continue subject in all respects to the same Liabilities, and shall possess the same Privileges and Rights, and be governed by the same Rules and Regulations as those to which it would have been subject and would have possessed and would have been governed by in case this Act had not been passed; and all Contracts and Engagements entered into and subsisting between the Association and any Bodies Politic and Corporate, and any other Person or Persons whatsoever, prior to the passing of this Act, shall and may be proceeded with and enforced in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if at the Time of making such Contracts and Engagements the Association had been called "The London and Westminster Association for improving the Dwellings of the Working Classes," and the Provisions of "The Westminster Improvement Association Act, 1853," shall be applicable to the Association in the same Manner as if the Association had been thereby incorporated under the Name last aforesaid.

Expenses of Act.

XVI. That the Costs and Expenses of and attending the applying for, obtaining, and passing this Act shall be borne by the Westminster Improvement Commissioners; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, out of any Monies coming to their Hands by virtue of the said Improvement Acts, or any of them, to pay the Costs and Expenses aforesaid.

Cap. exciv.

An Act to change the corporate Name of the Derbyshire, Staffordshire, and Worcestershire Junction Railway Company, to repeal their Act and consolidate their Powers, to alter and define their Undertaking, to reduce their Capital; and for other Purposes. [14th August 1855.]

[10 & 11 Vict. c. cx. repealed, § 3. Company to continue incorporated under the Title "The Cannock Mineral Railway Company," § 4. General Saving of Rights, § 9. Capital, £ 160,000, § 17. Power to borrow £40,000, § 26. Provisions respecting Communications with South Staffordshire Railway, § § 46 to 49; with Trent Valley Railway, § § 50 and 51. Saving Rights of London and North-western Railway, § § 52 and 53. Not to deviate from Plan in passing through the Marquess of Anglesey's Land in-Rugeley, § 54. Provisions as to leasing or selling the Undertaking, § § 63 to 73.]

Cap. exev.

An Act for facilitating the Completion of the Westminster Improvements, and for the Incorporation of the Westminster Land Company for a limited Period for that Purpose.

[14th August 1855.]

[Incorporation of Company, § 3. Capital, exclusive of Bond Stock, £40,000, § 4. As to the Creation of a Capital Stock, to be called Bond Stock, §§ 8 to 12. Power to raise additional Capital (£200,000), by Creation of Preference Shares, § 25. Power to borrow, § 27. Nothing to affect Security for Payment of £30,000 and Interest to Commissioners of Woods, &c., § 33.]

Cap. exevi.

An Act for transferring Part of the Property and Powers of the Trustees of the River Lee; and for the Amendment of the Acts of the New River Company, the East London Waterworks Company, and the said Trustees; and for other Purposes.

[14th August 1855.]

- 'WHEREAS the following Acts have been passed; to wit, the Acts of the Thirteenth Year of Elizabeth, Chapter 18; of the Third Year of James the First, Chapter 18; of the Fourth Year of James the First, Chapter 12; of the Eleventh Year of George the Second, Chapter 14; of the 12th Year of
- George the Second, Chapter 32; of the Seventh Year of George the Third, Chapter 51; and of the Nineteenth Year of
- George the Third, Chapter 58; and the several Local or Local
- and Personal Acts of the Forty-fifth Year of George the Third, Chapter 69; of the Third Year of George the Fourth, Chap-
- ter 109; of the Session of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years
- of Her present Majesty, Chapter 109 (in this Act called "The
- 'Trustees Act of 1850"); of the Session of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter 160; and of
- the Session of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her
- ' present Majesty, Chapters 39 and 72: And whereas some of the
- recited Acts relate to the River Lee and the Navigation thereof,
- ' and to the Trustees of the River Lee (in this Act called the 'Trustees)

'Trustees) acting in execution of such Acts: And whereas some of the recited Acts relate to the Governor and Company of the ' New River brought from Chadwell and Amwell to London (in this Act called the New River Company): And whereas some of the recited Acts relate both to the Trustees and to the New ' River Company: And whereas several Acts were from Time to 'Time passed relating to the Company of Proprietors of the East London Waterworks: And whereas by the Act of the Session of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter 166, shortly called "The East London Waterworks 'Act, 1853," those Acts were repealed, but some of the Pro-'visions thereof were kept in force: And whereas "The East London Waterworks Act, 1853," relates to the Trustees and to the New River Company, as well as to the East London Waterworks Company, which by that Act were incorporated ' by way of Continuation of the Company of Proprietors of the East London Waterworks, and which Company so incorporated are in this Act called the East London Company: And whereas ' the New River Company and the East London Company (in ' this Act called the Two Companies) derive large Quantities of Water for the Purposes of their respective Waterworks from the River Lee, and are executing extensive and important ' Works for preventing the fouling of such Water, and are expending large Sums in that Behalf: And whereas the Trustees have, under the recited Act of the Session of the Thirteenth ' and Fourteenth Years of Her present Majesty, Chapter 109, Section 68, Power to supply Water in Bulk to Water Companies and others authorized to supply Water to the Metropolis: And whereas it is of great Importance to the Health of the Inhabitants of such Parts of the Metropolis as are supplied ' with Water by the Two Companies respectively that the Water supplied to them should be of good Quality, and by reason of the rapid Increase of Population and the more general Use of Water that Provision should be made for Supply of increased ' Quantities, and by "The Metropolis Water Act, 1852," Obli-' gations involving a large Outlay were to that end imposed on the Two Companies respectively: And whereas the New River 'Company contend that under the recited Act of the Twelfth 'Year of George the Second they have the Right to take from ' the River Lee so much Water as will pass through the Gauge ' in that Act defined, which Right is denied by the Trustees, and ' Proceedings at Law and in Equity between that Company and ' the Trustees with respect to the Right so claimed and denied ' have been instituted: And whereas the New River Company ' have consented to compromise their Claim by restricting the Quantity which, as against the Trustees and the East London 'Company respectively, they shall take from the River Lee through that Gauge, to Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet 'a Minute; and it is expedient that such Compromise should be established: And whereas it would conduce to the Advan-' tage of the Inhabitants of the Metropolis who derive their Water ' Supply from the Two Companies respectively if the Quantity of the Water of the River Lee to which the Trustees and the Two 'Companies respectively are to be hereafter entitled were de-' fined,

fined, and if the whole of the Water from Time to Time flowing into and down the River, except such Quantities thereof as are by this Act reserved to the Trustees for the Purposes of the Navigation, and such of the Powers of the Trustees with respect to such Water as in this Act expressed, were transferred to and ' vested in the Two Companies respectively, and if Provision were made for the Improvement of the Navigation of the River, and for the Repair of the River, and for husbanding the Water and preserving it from Pollution, and for enabling such further 'Improvements of the River and the Navigation to be from ' Time to Time made as may better enable the Two Companies respectively to comply with the Provisions of the "Metropolis Water Act, 1852:" And whereas the New River Company now ' pay to the Trustees for a Supply of Water the yearly Sum of One thousand eight hundred and fifty Pounds, and the East ' London Company now pay to the Trustees for a Supply of 'Water the yearly Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, and ' the last-named yearly Sum is liable to be increased, under the ' Provisions of the Trustees Act of 1850: And whereas the Two ' Companies respectively are willing, in return for such Transfer to them, to pay to the Trustees, as by this Act provided, in lieu of those yearly Sums of One thousand eight hundred and fifty ' Pounds and Two hundred and fifty Pounds respectively, and of any Sums by way of Increase thereof, the aggregate yearly Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds and the Principal Sum of Forty-two thousand Pounds, and the Trustees are ' willing to accept Payment thereof accordingly, and that such Transfer should be made accordingly; and it is expedient that the Provisions in that Behalf of this Act be made: And ' whereas the Objects aforesaid cannot be attained without the ' Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows; to wit,

I. This Act may be cited for any Purpose as "River Lee Water Short Title.

Act. 1855."

II. "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," is incorpo- Incorporation rated with this Act: Provided always, that such Incorporation of Lands shall not authorize the purchasing or taking, under this Act, of Clauses Act. any Lands, otherwise than by Agreement: Provided always, that this Act shall not prejudice any Power of the Trustees or of either of the Two Companies for purchasing or taking any Lands otherwise than by Agreement.

III. The several Words and Expressions to which by the Act Same Meanings incorporated with this Act Meanings are assigned have in this of Words in in-Act the same respective Meanings, unless there be in the Subject corporated Act or Context something repugnant to or inconsistent with such

Construction.

IV. On the passing of this Act the Liability of the New River Of Liability of Company to pay to the Trustees the yearly Sum of One thousand Companies to eight hundred and fifty Pounds, and the Liability of the East make Payments London Company to pay to the Trustees the yearly Sum of Two hundred

hundred and fifty Pounds, and to pay to the Trustees under the recited Acts or any of them, or any Contract or otherwise, any increased or other Sums, shall absolutely cease.

Payments to Trustees. C. exevi.

V. The Two Companies shall pay to the Trustees, as by this Act provided, the aggregate yearly Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds, and the New River Company shall pay to the Trustees, as by this Act provided, the gross Sum of Forty-two thousand Pounds: Provided always, that as between the Trustees on the one hand and the Two Companies on the other hand, that aggregate yearly Sum shall be paid to the Trustees, as to the yearly Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, Part thereof, only by the New River Company, and as to the yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds, Residue thereof, only by the East London Company: Provided also, that as between the Two Companies that aggregate yearly Sum shall be paid by them in such Proportions as from Time to Time they shall have mutually agreed on.

Payment of yearly Sum to Trustees.

VI. That aggregate yearly Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds shall be paid to the Trustees by equal quarterly Payments on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, the Twenty-fourth Day of June, the Twenty-fifth Day of September, and the Twenty-fourth Day of December in every Year; and the first of those quarterly Payments shall be deemed to have fallen due on the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

Remedies for and Liabilities of that yearly Sum. VII. The Trustees shall have the like Remedies against the Two Companies respectively for Payment of those yearly Sums of One thousand five hundred Pounds and Two thousand Pounds as immediately before the passing of this Act the Trustees had against them respectively for the Recovery of the yearly Sums of One thousand eight hundred and fifty Pounds and Two hundred and fifty Pounds respectively then payable by them to the Trustees: Provided always, that that aggregate yearly Sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds shall be subject and liable to the Payment of all Principal Sums and Interest secured by the Debentures of the Trustees, in like Manner as immediately before the passing of this Act those yearly Sums of One thousand eight hundred and fifty Pounds and Two hundred and fifty Pounds respectively were subject and liable, and shall accordingly be substituted for those yearly Sums.

Payment of gross Sum to Trustees.

VIII. That gross Sum of Forty-two thousand Pounds shall be paid by the New River Company to the Trustees, as to the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, Part thereof, within Seven Days after the passing of this Act, with Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum thereon from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and as to the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, Residue thereof, by Instalments, with Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum thereon from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, every such Instalment to be paid, with the Interest thereon, within Seven Days after the granting of the Certificate in that Behalf, as by this Act provided.

Water of Leevested in the Companies.

IX. Subject to the Provisions of this Act, all the Water from Time to Time flowing into or down the River Lee and the Navigation thereof, which the Trustees have now Power to sell under

the Trustees Act of 1850, except such Quantities thereof as are by this Act reserved to the Trustees for the Purposes of the Navigation, is by this Act transferred to and shall be absolutely vested in the Two Companies for ever: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be held to give to the Two Companies or either of them any Right to such Water which does not now belong to the Trustees, or which they have not now the Power to sell.

X. Provided always, That, except as regards the Interpretation of the said Act of the Twelfth Year of George the Second, Chapter 32, nothing in this Act shall take away, lessen, or prejudice any Claim for Compensation for Loss of Water or for Loss of Amount of Water Power to which the Owners and Occupiers of the Mills and Works upon the River Lee are or but for the passing of this Act would be respectively entitled, and any such Compensation in respect of Injury sustained by reason of the Acts of the Two Companies or either of them shall be made by and recovered against such Companies or Company respectively, or take away, lessen, prejudice, or alter any of the Rights, Powers, or Authorities of the Trustees with respect to the Head Levels or to any Water below the Compensation Reservoir and Old Ford Lock, whether flowing down or brought up by the Tide, and those Rights, Powers, and Authorities are by this Act reserved to the Trustees accordingly.

XI. Provided always, That there are by this Act reserved to Reservation to the Trustees, for the Purposes of the Navigation, to pass through the several present and future Locks on the Navigation, and at their Discretion, and not subject to any Control by the Two Companies or either of them, either with or without Barges, any Quantities of Water not exceeding the following daily Quantities; to wit, first, they may pass through the several Locks from the highest Point at which the Two Companies or either of them may hereafter take their Supply down to and including the then First Lock above Field's Weir (and which Part of the River is in this Act called the Upper Reach) any Quantities not exceeding in the whole in any One Day of Twenty-four Hours Five hundred and seventy-six thousand Cubic Feet (in this Act called the upper daily Quantity); secondly, they may pass through the several Locks from the then First Lock above Field's Weir exclusive down to and including Waltham Town Lock (and which Part of the River is in this Act called the Middle Reach) any Quantities not exceeding in the whole in any One Day of Twenty-four Hours Seven hundred and twenty thousand Cubic Feet (in this Act called the middle daily Quantity); and, thirdly, they may pass through the several Locks from Waltham Town Lock exclusive down to and including Old Ford Lock (and which Part of the River is in this Act called the Lower Reach) any Quantities not exceeding in the whole in any One Day of Twenty-four Hours Eight hundred and sixty-four thousand Cubic Feet (in this Act called the lower daily Quantity).

XII. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained, the Trustees to pre-Trustees of the River Lee shall maintain throughout the whole serve River Lee Length of the said Navigation the same Depth of Water as at of same Depth present, being in no Place less than Three Feet Nine Inches.

Millowners Rights generally, and Trustees Right to Water below Old Ford Lock, reserved.

Trustees of daily Quantitiesof Water.

as at present.

XIII. Pro-

Reservation to Trustees of Water below Tottenham Mill. XIII. Provided always, That the Trustees shall continue entitled for the Purposes of the Navigation to all such Water below Tottenham Mill as from Time to Time shall not be required by the Two Companies or either of them to be taken at their respective Pumping and Drawing Stations, and such Water is accordingly by this Act reserved to the Trustees: Provided also, that that reserved Water shall be used by the Trustees only for the fair and legitimate Purposes of the Navigation, and the other Purposes in that Behalf by this Act provided.

Mode of estimating Trustees Quantities of Water. XIV. In order to prevent Differences as to those Three daily Quantities respectively, they shall from Time to Time be measured and estimated by the Locksfull of Water from Time to Time used in the Navigation: Provided always, that if the Trustees or the Two Companies or either of them at any Time desire that any other accurate Mode for the Measurement of the Water be adopted, such Mode may be adopted accordingly; provided also, that if the Trustees and the Two Companies fail to agree on the Mode to be adopted the Difference shall be settled by Arbitration.

Estimate of a Lockfull of Water.

XV. For the Purpose of estimating those Three daily Quantities respectively the Cubical Contents of a Lockfull of Water shall be estimated as being so many Cubic Feet of Water as the Lock when filled contains between the Levels of the upper and lower Water on each Time of using the Lock, with the Addition thereto of the fairly estimated Quantity of Water escaping therefrom by any observed Leakage beyond Two Locksfull for each Twenty-four Hours.

Trustees to keep Account of Locksfull of Water used on Navigation.

XVI. So long as such Mode of estimating those Three daily Quantities respectively by Locksfull is in force, the Trustees shall keep an accurate Account of the several Locksfull of Water from Day to Day passed down through the Locks on the Navigation, and such Account shall be kept in a Book at all such Locks as are necessary, which Book shall be kept by the respective Lock-keeper of such Lock at his House on the Navigation; and the Locks at which such Books shall be kept shall, if not agreed on between the Trustees and the Two Companies, be settled by Arbitration.

Trustees to keep other Accounts, if Estimate by Locksfull abandoned.

XVII. If and whenever any other Mode of estimating those Quantities is in force, the Trustees shall keep accurate Accounts in proper Books accordingly; and the Plan on which such Accounts shall be kept shall, if not agreed on between the Trustees and the Two Companies, be settled by Arbitration.

Accounts to be open to Inspection.

XVIII. Every such Account Book from Time to Time kept by the Trustees, as by this Act provided, shall at all Times be open to the Inspection and Transcription of the Two Companies and of the Undertakers of the Stort Navigation respectively, and their respective Agents in that Behalf.

Use of Weirs, &c. for observing Quantities of Water.

XIX. The Trustees from Time to Time shall allow the Two Companies and each of them every reasonable Use of the Weirs and Works of the Trustees, for the Purpose of from Time to Time observing and recording the Quantity of Water in and flowing down the River respectively.

Reservation of existing Rights to take Water.

XX. Notwithstanding such Transfer and Vesting, and except only as is by this Act provided with respect to the Quantity of Water to be taken by the New River Company through the Gauge,

each

each of the Two Companies from Time to Time after the passing of this Act shall, as against the Claims to Compensation for Loss of Water or Water Power on the Part of the Owners and Occupiers of Mills and Works on the River Lee, be held to be entitled to take from the River Lee and the Navigation thereof all such Water as they are now or but for the passing of this Act would be entitled so to take, and all their respective Rights in that Behalf are accordingly by this Act reserved to them respectively.

XXI. Provided always, That after the passing of this Act the Limit of 2,500 said Act of the Twelfth Year of George the Second, Chapter 32, Cubic Feet a shall be read as authorizing the New River Company from Time to Time to take from the River Lee, through the Gauge specified River Comin that Act, or through any other Gauge to be substituted for it, pany. as herein-after mentioned, Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet

of Water a Minute, and no more.

XXII. After the passing of this Act the East London Company 2,500 Cubic from Time to Time may, subject to the Provisions hereof, take Feet a Minute from the River Lee Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet of of Water for the East Lon-Water per Minute at any Point or Points at which the said Com-don Company. pany under their said Acts are now authorized to take the same, or could before the passing of this Act have purchased of the Trustees, under the Trustees Act of 1850, the Right of taking such Water.

XXIII. After the passing of this Act each of the Two Com- Additional panies may, subject to the Provisions hereof, take, pari passu, any Water for each Quantity of Water beyond their respective Quantities of Two thousand five hundred Cubic Fect a Minute: Provided always, that neither of the Two Companies shall in any One Day take more than Five hundred Cubic Feet of Water a Minute beyond their respective Quantity of Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute, without having previously given to the other Company Two Days previous Notice in Writing of their Intention to take such Excess.

XXIV. Provided always, That the New River Company shall Level from not, except as next herein-after mentioned, without or for any which New longer Period than shall be expressed by the previous Consent in Writing of the East London Company, take any such Water with the Company of the East London Company, take any such Water with the Company of the East London Company take any such Water the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take and the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take any such Water to the East London Company take and the East Lon beyond the New River Company's Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute out of any Level of the River higher than the Level from which the East London Company are then taking their Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute.

XXV. Provided nevertheless, That if and whenever the New Permission of River Company shall be desirous of taking any Water beyond Board of Trade their Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute out of to New River company to the River higher than the Level from which the take additional East London Company are then taking their Two thousand five Water from hundred Cubic Feet a Minute (the same being a Level out of higher Level. which the New River Company under their said Acts are now authorized to take Water, or out of which the New River Company could before the passing of this Act have purchased of the Trustees under the Trustees Act, 1850, the Right of taking such Water), and the East London Company fail for Eight Days after being thereunto requested by the New River Company to consent to their taking such additional Water from any such higher Level, 18 & 19 Vict. 3 O then

then and in every such Case the New River Company may, after giving not less than Eight Days previous Notice in Writing of their Intention so to do to the East London Company, apply to the Board of Trade for their Consent to such proposed taking from such higher Level by the New River Company; and if the Board of Trade, on Inquiry, and after Notice for hearing the Two Companies thereon, be satisfied that the New River Company can take such additional Water from such higher Level without Detriment either in Quantity or Quality to the Supply of Water which the East London Company are from Time to Time entitled to take, or to the Navigation, then the Board of Trade may by Writing under the Hand of the Secretary of the Board state that they are so satisfied, and permit the New River Company to take such Quantity as the Board think fit of such additional Water from such higher Level.

Renewal and Withdrawal of Permission. XXVI. Provided also, That if the New River Company be at any Time desirous that any such Permission should be renewed, or if the East London Company be at any Time desirous that any such Permission should be withdrawn, then and in every such Case the same respective Company may, after not less than Eight Days previous Notice in Writing in that Behalf to the other Company, apply to the Board of Trade for such Renewal or Withdrawal, and the Board of Trade may accordingly, on Inquiry, and after Notice for hearing the Two Companies thereon, renew or withdraw the Permission by Writing under the Hand of the Secretary of that Board: Provided always, that no such original or renewed Permission by the Board of Trade shall, if objected to by the East London Company, be in force for more than One Year.

Companies not to draw Water below Head Level of the Navigation.

XXVII. The Two Companies or either of them shall not, without Consent of the Trustees, at any Time draw from the River so as to reduce the Water in any Pond of the Navigation below the present customary Head Level of that Pond, or, in case of any Alteration in the Navigation below such Head Level, as shall from Time to Time be declared by the Engineer of the Trustees, with the Concurrence of the Engineers of the Two Companies respectively, or, in case of Difference between them, by the Arbitrator, to be the Head Level of such Pond, and such Head Levels shall be so fixed as to allow the said Navigation the same Depth of Water as at present, and (except in case of great Draught, or in any Case in which the Owners or Occupiers of any Mill or Work on the said Navigation shall be entitled for occasional Purposes, or in which the Trustees shall find it necessary so to do, to draw down the Water below such Head Levels.) the same Water shall be maintained at the Heights of such Head Levels, and, notwithstanding anything in this Act contained, so much Water as is necessary for that Purpose shall be supplied from the said River Lee in priority over all other Rights of Water within the said River: Provided also, that in case it shall hereafter be found necessary, in order to maintain the Level of Water up to the said Head Levels, for the said Two Companies to allow more Water to pass down the said Navigation than the said Three several specified daily Quantities, a Deduction shall be made from the said annual Sums to be paid by the said Companies to the said

said Trustees under this Act of such an Amount as shall be equal to the Value of the extra Water so required, such Amount, in case of no special Agreement, to be estimated at the Rate of Threepence

per One thousand Gallons.

XXVIII. Each of the Two Companies may from Time to Companies may Time, at their own respective Expense, and for their own re- take Flood spective Use, take Water from the River when in a State of Water for Flood, for Storage thereof: Provided always, that when either of the Two Companies so take any Water for Storage they shall give Notice in Writing to the other Company, and the other Company may, pari passu, take Water for Storage.

Storage,

XXIX. Provided always, That with respect to taking Water Test of Flood for Storage the River shall not be considered to be in a State Water. of Flood when its Volume at Field's Weir in excess of the actual Draught therefrom for the Time being of the Two Companies is less than the Quantity in that Behalf agreed on between them, or, until such Agreement, as shall be settled by Arbitration: Provided always, that such Quantity in excess shall not be settled by Arbitration at less than Three thousand Cubic Feet a Minute or more than Four thousand Cubic Feet a Minute.

XXX. The several Rights of the Trustees and of the Two Priorities of Companies respectively with respect to the Water from Time to Rights to Time flowing into or down the River Lee and the Navigation Water.

thereof shall have the following Priorities; to wit,

First, the Right of the Trustees to the upper daily Quantity, the middle daily Quantity, and the lower daily Quantity respectively within the Limits of the Upper Reach, the Middle Reach, and the Lower Reach respectively, and such further Quantity, subject as aforesaid, as shall be necessary to maintain the Water of the Navigation on a Level with the Head Levels aforesaid:

Secondly, the Right of the New River Company to take Two

thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute:

Thirdly, the Right of the East London Company to take Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet a Minute:

Fourthly, the Right of each of the Two Companies to take, pari

passu, Five hundred Cubic Feet each a Minute:

Fifthly, the Right of each of the Two Companies, after such Notice in that Behalf as by this Act provided, to take, pari passu, any additional Quantity of Water:

Sixthly, the Right of the Trustees to surplus Water below

Tottenham Mill.

XXXI. The Two Companies from Time to Time, if they think Companies may fit, may, subject to the Provisions of this Act, furnish to the pump from Trustees all or any Part of the Quantities reserved to them, by Water reserved pumping Water, at the Expense of the Two Companies, from any to Trustees. one Pond of the Navigation to any other Pond thereof, so as they do not thereby reduce the Level of any such Pond below the customary Head Level from Time to Time thereof.

XXXII. The Trustees, from Time to Time, if they think fit, Trustees may and in exercise of any of their Powers under any of the recited pump from Acts, may make such Ponds and other Works as may in their Water reserved Judgment give to them the greatest Advantage in the User for the to them. Navigation of the Water reserved to them, and, if they think fit,

Pond to Pond

may Pump back any Part of the Water so reserved from any one Pond of the Navigation to any other Pond thereof, without being liable to allow to the Two Companies or either of them in respect of the Water which may be so pumped back by them any Deduction from the said annual Sums payable by them to the Trustees.

Trustees not to draw down certain Ponds or Levels below Head Marks; XXXIII. Except for the Purpose of using for the Purposes of the Navigation the Three daily Quantities respectively, the Trustees shall not, at any Place where the River Lee and the Navigation are on a common Level, at any Time draw down any Pond or Level below the then Headmarks of such Pond or Level, without in every Case giving Forty-eight Hours previous Notice if the Pond or Level be above the then First Lock above Field's Weir, to the Engineer of the New River Company, or if the Pond or Level be below that Lock, to the Engineer of the East London Company, or if the upper Pond at Field's Weir, then also to the Manager of the Undertakers of the River Stort.

without Consent of Engineer to be appointed to decide in case of Objection by Company.

XXXIV. If the New River Company, or, as the Case may be, the East London Company, object to any such drawing down, and give Notice in Writing thereof to the Trustees, they shall not so draw down the Pond or Level without the Approval in Writing of an Engineer appointed in that Behalf by the Parties in difference, or failing such Appointment within Seven Days after Application by the Trustees to the Company in question to concur in such Appointment, then not without the Approval in Writing of the Arbitrator.

Trustees may grant User for Steam Engines, &c. of Water reserved to them.

XXXV. The Trustees from Time to Time may grant to any Persons the Right to use, for the Purposes of Steam Engines or Manufactories on the Banks of the Navigation, any Part of the Water by this Act reserved to the Trustees: Provided always, that, except so far as the Water from Time to Time taken from the River Lee under any such Grant is, within Twenty-four Hours after the taking thereof, returned into the same Reach of the River Lee, the Quantity so from Time to Time taken shall be allowed for as Part of, as the Case may be, the daily Quantity of Five hundred and seventy-six thousand Cubic Feet, Seven hundred and twenty thousand Cubic Feet, or the daily Quantity of Eight hundred and sixty-four thousand Cubic Feet, or the further daily Quantity respectively reserved to the Trustees.

Transfer to Companies of certain Powers of Trustees. XXXVI. All the Powers and Authorities which by the recited Acts or any of them are now vested in, or which but for this Act might be exercised by the Trustees, with respect to the Water of the River Lee by this Act vested in the Two Companies, and with respect to the appropriating, economising, and Management of such Water, and with respect to the Water Power and Compensation for the Loss of Water Power to which the Owners and Occupiers of Mills and Works upon the River Lee are entitled, are by this Act transferred to and shall be vested in and may be exercised by the Two Companies, so far as the Exercise thereof may be requisite for securing to the Two Companies or either of them the full Benefit in their respective Behalf of this Act, but nevertheless so that the Trustees may also exercise the same, so far as may be requisite, for the Purposes of the Navigation.

Provisions of Acts to apply

XXXVII. The several Clauses and Provisions with respect to the Powers and Authorities so vested in the Two Companies respec-

tively

tively in favour of, relating to, or affecting the Trustees, or their to Companies Officers or Servants, or any of them, contained in the recited Acts accordingly. or any of them, or any other Acts or Act, and which immediately before the passing of this Act were in force, shall apply to the Two Companies respectively, and their respective Officers and Servants, and shall continue and be in full Force accordingly; and the Two Companies respectively, and their respective Officers and Servants, may and shall accordingly, and for the Purposes of this Act, but without Prejudice to the Purposes of the Navigation. be entitled to, and have, exercise, and enjoy, and be subject and conform to, all such Rights, Interests, Powers, Authorities, Indemnities, Privileges, Duties, Penalties, and Obligations whatsoever as if this Act were not passed the Trustees, their Officers and Servants, under or by virtue of the same, might be entitled to, or might have, exercise, or enjoy, or would be subject to.

XXXVIII. The Two Companies respectively, in exercise of Works for any of the Powers of the recited Acts relating to them, from Time economising to Time may, and the Trustees in exercise of any of the Powers of the recited Acts relating to them, if and when so required by the Two Companies respectively, shall, and in every Case at the Expense of the Two Companies respectively, make, for the Purpose of husbanding, economising, or storing Water, any such Modification of any of the now existing and future Works and Ponds of the Navigation as the Two Companies respectively from Time to Time think fit: Provided always, that no such Modification shall impede the Navigation or alter the Depth thereof, or interfere with the Improvement or Efficiency of the Lockage thereof; provided also, that the Plans for every such Modification shall be first submitted to the Engineer of the Trustees for his Approval thereof; provided also, that every Difference between the Trustees and the Two Companies or either of them, on such Plans, shall be settled by Arbitration.

XXXIX. If any Person employed on or using the Navigation Penalty for shall at any Time knowingly and wilfully waste or permit to be wasting Water. wasted any of the Water by this Act vested in the Two Companies or either of them, or reserved to the Trustees, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit not exceeding Forty Shillings; and every such Penalty shall be recovered by the Trustees or the Two Companies, or One of them, under the Provisions "with respect to the Recovery of Damages not specially provided for, and Penalties" of "The Railways Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845."

XL. The Trustees from Time to Time shall put and keep in Trustees to regood Repair and Condition all such Locks, Banks, and other Works pair Locks, &c. and Portions of the Navigation as it may from Time to Time be necessary to put and keep in good Repair and Condition for the Purpose of securing to the Two Companies respectively the full and proper Use and Enjoyment of the Water by this Act vested in them, and their Rights with respect to such Water, and more particularly such of the same Locks, Banks, Works, and Portions as shall be immediately below or parallel with the Place or Places where the Two Companies or either of them shall from Time to Time be drawing Water, except Ware Lock, or any Lock to be substituted instead thereof, which shall be repaired as heretofore

3 O 3

by

If Trustees fail to repair Locks, &c. Companies may do the Work, at the Expense of Trustees.

Trustees, at Request and Expense of Companies, to cleanse Channels, &c.

Specified Works to be executed by Trustees. by the New River Company, and the Trustees shall not waste or permit or suffer any Waste or Lenkage of any Water of the River.

XLI. At any Time after the Twenty-third Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, if and whenever the Trustees fail to put or keep in such Repair and Condition any of such Locks, Banks, Works, and Portions, or fail to prevent effectually, and to the Satisfaction of the Two Companies or either of them, all such Wastes and Leakage, the Two Companies or either of them, after Notice in Writing from their Clerk to the Clerk of the Trustees, left at the Office of the Trustees, and after the Expiration of Forty-eight Hours from the leaving of such Notice, may make and do all such Works and Things as shall be proper and sufficient for putting or keeping in such Repair and Condition such Locks, Banks, Works, and Portions respectively, and for effectually preventing such Waste or Leakage, and may deduct the Cost of the necessary Repairs in that Behalf from any Sums from Time to Time payable under this Act by the Two Companies or either of them to the Trustees, the Amount of such Cost to be, in case of Difference, settled by Arbitration.

XLII. The Trustees from Time to Time, at the Request and Expense of the Two Companies or either of them, shall exercise all or any of the Rights, Powers, or Authorities of the Trustees for the Purpose of cleansing, clearing, or repairing any of the Channels, Cuts, or Courses of the River, whether navigable or not: Provided always, that in the Cases by this Act expressly provided for of Repairs to be made by the Trustees at their own Expense, neither of the Two Companies, though requesting the Trustees to make such Repairs, shall be liable to the Expense thereof.

XLIII. Within Three Years after the passing of this Act the Trustees shall expend Thirty thousand Pounds, Part of the Fortytwo thousand Pounds to be paid to them by the New River Company, so far as the same will go, in executing, so far as the same are authorized under the recited Acts relating to the Trustees, and unless and except so far as the Trustees and the Two Companies otherwise agree, in the following Order, the following Works, and

in paying for the Land necessary for the same; to wit,

First, Old Ford Lock shall be replaced by a Pair of Locks with communicating Sluices, one of those Locks to be Ninety-six Feet long and Eighteen Feet Six Inches wide in clear Inside Measure, and the other of those Locks to be Ninety Feet long and Sixteen Feet wide in clear Inside Measure; the Hackney Cut between Old Ford Lock and Homerton Lock may be raised to the Level of Lee Bridge Cut; Homerton Lock may be removed, but before such Removal the Trustees shall provide a suitable Place between Homerton Lock and Lee Bridge for inserting Stop Planks, which shall be inserted there, and shall be so made and maintained by the Trustees as effectually to prevent all Escape of Water whenever they draw down the Water at or above Old Ford Lock, for its Repair or Alteration, or for any other Purpose:

Secondly, Stanstead Lock and Weir shall be removed; Field's Weir Level shall be carried back to near Amwell Marsh, where a new Lock shall be built of no greater Dimensions than Tottenham Lock; Hardmead Lock shall be rebuilt:

Thirdly,

Thirdly, Tottenham Lock may be raised to a Fall of Nine Feet Eight Inches, and the Banks thence to Stonebridge Lock may be proportionately raised; Edmonton Lock may be removed; the Level of Stonebridge Cut may be raised; Stonebridge Cut may be continued up to Picket's Lock, where a new Lock may be built suitable to the new Fall caused by those Alterations; and no such new Lock shall be built of less Width than Thirteen Feet Eight Inches.

XLIV. Those several Works to be executed by the Trustees Certificates of shall be executed to the Satisfaction of the Engineer of the Trus- Completion of tees; and whenever he shall give to the Trustees his Certificate those Works. that any Monies have been duly expended on any of those Works, or in paying for any Land necessary for the same, and until the whole of the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds to be, as by this Act provided, paid by the New River Company to the Trustees by Instalments, is so paid, the New River Company shall, within Seven Days after the Delivery to them of every such Certificate, pay to the Trustees the Amount so therein specified, with such

Interest thereon as by this Act provided.

XLV. The Two Companies or either of them, and the Trus- Providing by tees, from Time to Time may agree for the providing by the Two Companies of Companies or either of them for the Trustees of any Lands tees of some of requisite for the raising of the Banks of the Navigation on the those Works. Eastern and Western Sides of the Cut between Tottenhum Lock and Stonebridge Lock, and on the Eastern Side of the Cut between Homerton Lock and Old Ford Lock, and also of the Land on which Tottenham Lock and the new Cut respectively stand, except the Eastern Bank of the new Cut above and below Tottenham Lock; and every such Agreement may be on such Terms and Conditions as the Parties thereto think fit, and may and shall be carried into execution accordingly.

XLVI. The Two Companies shall henceforth manage and be Companies to responsible for the due Management of the France Weir, and manage the shall be entitled to the Interest and subject to the Liabilities of France Weir. the Trustees in and with respect to the adjacent Weirs and Cuts as expressed in a Deed relating thereto dated the Seventeenth

Day of March One thousand eight hundred and forty.

XLVII. The Two Companies respectively shall put and keep Companies to in good Repair and Condition all such Works belonging to them repair Works. respectively as it may from Time to Time be necessary to put and keep in good Repair and Condition for the Purpose of preventing Waste of Water.

XLVIII. Section Thirty of "The Trustees Act of 1850," pro- Provision as viding that the Trustees shall not make any Cut, Lock, Tide Gate, to Section 30. or other Alteration or Work of or in the Navigation of the River of Trustees Lee in any Place between the Old Ford Lock and Bromley Lock Act of 1850. until a Sewer and other Drains as therein described shall have been made for draining Property of the East London Waterworks, and of Messieurs Farnan and Sons, shall, upon the East London Company, under their Common Seal, and Messieurs Farnan and Sons, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, under their Hands, declaring their Consent to the Repeal of the same, become null and void.

Provision as to Section 39. of Trustees Act of 1850.

C. exevi.

XLIX. Notwithstanding the Provisions of Section Thirty-nine of "The Trustees Act of 1850," but without Prejudice to the Provisions of Section Forty of that Act, the Conveyance by the first-mentioned Section provided for to the Trustees of the Compensation Reservoir may, if the East London Company so think fit, be subject to any Exceptions and Reservations for them and all other Persons interested in the now existing Right and Passage of Drainage into and through the Compensation Reservoir, and in order to secure the Preservation thereof, of the Mouth of the Sluices, and also of any Part of the Barrier Bank which that Company may think necessary, but subject to the Obligation of their maintaining the Part so retained by them of that Bank.

As to Sect. 41. of 1850.

As to Pipes for East London Company.

Gates to be made across Copper Mill Tail

Water taken by Companies to be gauged.

For erecting a self-acting Gauge.

L. If the East London Company so require, the Trustees shall, of Trustees Act at their Request, release them from the Obligation imposed on them by Section Forty-one of "The Trustees Act of 1850."

> LI. Subject to the Provisions of Section Forty-three of "The Trustees Act of 1850," the East London Company may lay Pipes and Services and execute Works at any Point, not being within Five Furlangs of the Junction of the Stort with the River Lee, under or over the Navigation.

> LII. In case the Two Companies or either of them shall consider it necessary, the Trustees shall, at the Expense of the Two Companies or either of them, make and maintain such Gates, either with or against the Stream, or both, as may be required, across the Tail of the H'althamstow Copper Mill.

> LIII. The Quantities of Water from Time to Time taken by the Two Companies respectively from the River, and in the River at Field's Weir, shall respectively from Time to Time be taken, measured, observed, and registered by such Gauges and in such Manner as the Two Companies from Time to Time agree on, and all such Gauges shall be furnished with such Apparatus as shall be proper and sufficient for duly measuring and registering the respective Quantities of Water.

> LIV. And for the Purpose of limiting the Water to be taken by the New River Company to the said Quantity of Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet per Minute, the said New River Company shall, within Twelve Months from the passing of this Act, in lieu of the Gauge and Standards now required by the said Act of the Twelfth George the Second, construct, and shall from Time to Time maintain and keep in proper Repair and Condition, a Gauge which shall limit the Water so to be taken to a Quantity not exceeding Two thousand five hundred Cubic Feet per Minute, such Gauge to be constructed under the Inspection of and to the Satisfaction of an Engineer to be appointed for that Purpose by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the War Department; and the said Gauge shall at all Times be open to the Inspection of the Companies, of the Trustees of the River Lee, of the Owners and Occupiers of Mills, and of Her Majesty's Officers of Ordnance; and if and whenever the said Gauge shall be out of repair, inaccurate, or insufficient, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the War Department, giving not less than Ten Days Notice of his Intention in that Behalf to the New River Com-

pany

pany, together with a Plan and Specification of the Works required, may, in case such Want of Repair continues, do all such Works as shall be specified in such Notice, or, in case of Disputes, be settled by Arbitration as proper and sufficient for repairing the said Gauge, or making it accurate and sufficient; and the New River Company shall, on Demand, repay to the said Secretary of State the Expense of doing such Works and Things as aforesaid, and the same, if not so repaid, may be recovered from the New River Company by Information at the Suit of Her Majesty's Attorney General at the Court of Exchequer at Westminster.

LV. The New River Company shall deposit with the Clerks of New River the Peace for the Counties of Hertford, Essex, and Middlesex Company to deaccurate Drawings of the said Gauge, and such Drawings shall be sufficient Evidence in all Courts and for all Purposes of the Nature, Construction, and Operation of the said Gauge; and the said Drawings shall at all Times be open to the Inspection of the Companies, of the Trustees, of the Owners and Occupiers of Mills, and of Her Majesty's Officers of Ordnance.

LVI. Each of the Two Companies from Time to Time shall Examination afford to the other all proper and sufficient Facilities for inspect- of Gauges. ing, examining, and testing the Accuracy and Sufficiency of the several Gauges from Time to Time provided or in use by them respectively for any of the Purposes of this Act, and for measuring and registering, by means of such Gauges or otherwise, the Quantities of Water which from Time to Time are or ought to be measured by such Gauges respectively.

LVII. If and whenever any such Gauge belonging to either Repair of of the Two Companies is ascertained by the other Company to Gauges. be out of repair, inaccurate, or insufficient, that Company, giving not less than Eight Days Notice of their Intention in that Behalf to the Company to which the Gauge belongs, may, in case such Want of Repair continues, do all such Works and Things as shall be proper and sufficient for repairing such Gauge, or making it accurate or sufficient, and that Company shall, on Demand, repay to the Company doing such Works and Things the Expense thereof: Provided always, that if any Difference arise between the Two Companies as to any such Want of Repair, Inaccuracy, or Insufficiency, or as to any such Works or Things, the Difference shall be settled by Arbitration.

LVIII. Provided always, That if any Difference arise between Differences as the Two Companies respectively as to the Propriety or Sufficiency to Gauges to be of the Gauge specified in the recited Act of the Twelfth Year of settled by George the Second, or of any Alteration thereof, or of any Gauge substituted or proposed to be substituted for the same, or of any other Gauge from Time to Time provided by the Two Companies or either of them, for any of the Purposes of this Act, or as to the Mode in which the Quantities of Water taken by the Two Companies respectively from the River and in the River at Field's Weir shall be taken, measured, observed, or registered, or as to the Propriety or Sufficiency of any Gauge or other Means theretofore agreed or determined on for the Purpose of taking, measuring, observing, or registering the same, every such Difference shall be settled by Arbitration.

posit Drawings of Gauge.

Companies may purchase Interest of Trustees in Chingford Mill, &c. LIX. If the Two Companies or either of them so think fit, they may, within Two Years after the passing of this Act, purchase from the Trustees, who (being willing so to do) shall within such Two Years sell to them, the Interest of the Trustees in Chingford Mill and Charlton Mill, or either of them, and the Tolls and Property of the Trustees held therewith respectively: Provided always, that, unless the Two Companies or One of them and the Trustees otherwise agree, the Sum to be paid by the Two Companies or either of them for such Purpose shall be ascertained by Valuation according to the Provisions of "The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845."

Intercepting'
Drains, &c. for
Companies.

LX. Provided always, That the Rights, Interests, Powers, and Authorities of the Trustees shall be subject and without Prejudice to all such Powers and Authorities as the Two Companies or either of them from Time to Time have for the making of any intercepting Drains for excluding foul Waters from their respective Supplies of Water, and for the Discharge of such intercepting Drains into the Navigation, and for altering and removing from Time to Time their respective Supply Heads, the Mode of Entry and Mouth of such intercepting Drains being made to the Satisfaction of the Engineer for the Time being of the Trustees, or, in case of Dispute, an Umpire, as herein-after described.

Companies to indemnify Trustees from Claims for Compensation.

LXI. Except as by this Act otherwise provided, the Two Companies respectively shall indemnify the Trustees against all Claims by Millowners or others for Compensation on account of any Abstraction of Water by the Two Companies or either of them, or on account of the Exercise by the Two Companies or either of them of any of their Powers and Authorities under this Act.

Trustees not to claim Compensation from Companies for Abstraction of Water, &c. LXII. Provided always, That the Trustees shall not be entitled to claim against the Two Companies or either of them, with respect to any Weirs, Falls, Mills, or Fisheries, or any other Rights or Privileges now belonging to or enjoyed by the Trustees, any Compensation on account of any Abstraction of Water or any other incidental Damage or Injury from Time to Time occasioned by the Exercise by the Two Companies or either of them of any of their Powers and Authorities under this Act.

Agreements between Trustees and the Two Companies as to their Powers under Act.

LXIII. The Trustees on the one hand and the Two Companies on the other hand, and the New River Company on the one hand and the East London Company on the other hand, from Time to Time may enter into such Agreements as they respectively think fit for the Purpose of executing or carrying into effect any of their respective Powers and Authorities, and for vesting in or securing to them respectively their respective Rights and Interests under this Act; and every such Agreement may be on such Terms and Conditions as the Parties thereto think fit, and may and shall be carried into effect accordingly; provided that no such Agreement so to be made by the Trustees or the Companies shall in any Manner contravene the Provisions of this Act for the Maintenance of the said Navigation.

Exercise of Powers of Act by either Company alone.

LXIV. Provided always, That in every Case in which it shall be requisite for the Purposes of the Supply of Water by either of the Two Companies, or for the Preservation of the Quantity or Quality of the Water to be supplied by that Company, or otherwise

otherwise for the Protection of that Company, that any of the Powers or Authorities of this Act should be exercised by the Two Companies, and the other Company shall fail to concur in the Exercise thereof with the Company requiring the Exercise thereof, then, but subject and without Prejudice to the respective Rights of the Two Companies inter se, and notwithstanding the Pendency of any Arbitration with respect to any Difference thereon, but subject and without Prejudice to the Result of such Arbitration (if any), the Company requiring such Exercise may exercise with respect to the Matter in question the Powers and Authorities under this Act of the Two Companies.

LXV. If and whenever any Difference shall arise between the Differences' Trustees and the Two Companies or either of them with respect to the Exercise of any of the Powers or Authorities of this Act, or with respect to anything to be done, authorized, or suffered for any of the Purposes of this Act, or otherwise with respect to the Execution or Operation of this Act, every such Difference shall

be settled by Arbitration.

LXVI. The Provisions "with respect to the Settlement of Certain Clauses Disputes by Arbitration" of "The Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," are incorporated with this Act, and, subject to the Provisions of this Act, shall apply to all Arbitrations under this Aet.

LXVII. For the Purposes of Arbitration under this Act, the Trustees and the Two Companies shall, within One Month after the passing of this Act, and in the then next and every subsequent Month of December, appoint One Person, being a Civil Engineer, to be the single Arbitrator until the End of the Month of December next after the Month in which he is appointed: Provided always, that if the Trustees and the Two Companies differ with respect to the Person to be appointed the Arbitrator, then and in every such Case the Board of Trade, on the Application of the Trustees and the Two Companies or either of them, may appoint One competent and impartial Person, being a Civil Engineer, to be the single Arbitrator until the End of the Month of December next after the Month in which he is appointed.

LXVIII. Every Matter which according to this Act is to be Reference to settled by Arbitration shall, and every Difference between the Arbitration. Trustees and the Two Companies or any Two of them which the Parties in difference agree so to refer, may be referred to the single Arbitrator: Provided always, that if the single Arbitrator fail to make his final Award on any Matter referred to him within Three Months after it is so referred, then and in every such Case the Matter so referred, or the Part thereof on which he so fails to award, shall be determined by Arbitration, according to the Provisions "with respect to the Settlement of Disputes by Arbitration," of "The Companies Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845."

LXIX. In any Arbitration under this Act the Arbitrator or Arbitrators Arbitrators or Umpire from Time to Time may make several Awards, each as to Part of the Matter referred, instead of One Award as to the whole Matter; and every such Award on Part of a Matter shall, as to the Part thereof thereby duly awarded on, be a final and conclusive Award as if that Part were the whole Matter referred.

under Act to be settled by Arbitration.

of Companies Clauses Act incorporated.

Appointment of single Arbitrator.

may make several Awards instead of One.

Cost of Reference.

Not to exempt Companies from Metropolis Water Act. Certain Owners, &c. of Lands may take

Respecting the Rights of the Mayor, &c. of Hertford.

Water.

For Protection of the Regent's Canal Company. LXX. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of and incident to any Reference and Arbitration under this Act shall be duly ascertained and determined by the Arbitrator or Arbitrators or Umpire, and shall be borne by the Parties in difference or any of them, and if by more than One Party, in such Proportions as the Arbitrator or Arbitrators or Umpire shall award.

LXXI. Nothing in this Act shall exempt the Two Companies or either of them from the Provisions of "The Metropolis Water

Act, 1852."

LXXII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall prevent any Owner or Occupier of Land through which the Water flowing into or down the River Lee passes from taking and using such Water for any agricultural, domestic, or sanitary

Purposes within his own Household or Estate.

LXXIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice, diminish, or affect any of the Rights, Powers, or Authorities vested in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Hertford, particularly the Right of Water Power by which the Pumps of the Waterworks of the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses are worked; and the Right of the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses to take Water from the River Lee by means of the present or any future Waterworks within the said Borough shall be limited not to exceed daily One hundred thousand Gallons, the estimated Quantity at present taken, and such further Quantity beyond the One hundred thousand Gallons as shall be necessary to make up a Supply of Twenty-five Gallons per Head daily upon the Population of the said Borough for the Time being supplied with Water; and the said Borough shall mean the Municipal Borough.

LXXIV. For the Protection of the Company of Proprietors of the Regent's Canal (herein-after called the Canal Company),

- 1. Nothing in this Act contained shall take away, diminish, alter, prejudice, or affect any of the Rights, Privileges, Powers, or Authorities vested in the Canal Company, either under the several Acts passed for making and maintaining that Canal or the Limehouse Basin, or any other Acts relating thereto, or to which the Canal Company are entitled in respect of the Waters of the River Lee, under any Agreement between the Trustees and the Canal Company, and (except only as is by this Act provided with respect to the Quantity of Water to be taken by the New River Company through the Marble Gauge) the Waters of the River Lee, so far as they are by any such Agreement made liable to be applied for the Purposes or Benefit of the Canal Company, shall, notwithstanding anything in this Act contained, remain so liable:
- Nothing in this Act contained shall take away, diminish, alter, prejudice, or affect any of the Rights, Privileges, Powers, or Authorities vested in Sir George Duckett or his Assigns, under the Act for making and maintaining the Hertford Union Canal, or under any other Act relating thereto.

LXXV. Except so far as the same are by this Act specially altered, nothing in this Act shall prejudice or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Interests, Liberties, Privileges, or Franchises of

Saving the Rights of the Board of

Her

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the War Department, or prohibit, defeat, alter, or diminish any Power, Authority, Interest, or Jurisdiction which immediately before the passing of this Act that Secretary of State, as the Successor to the Master General and the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, did or might lawfully claim, use, or exercise.

LXXVI. Except so far as the same are by this Act specially Saving Rights altered, this Act or anything therein shall not take away, alter, abridge, lessen, or prejudicially affect any Property, Right, Remedy, Protection, Power, Authority, Privilege, Exemption, or Benefit vested in or now enjoyed or exercised by the Ware Local Board of Health, but, except as aforesaid, all such Property, Rights, Remedies, Protections, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Exemptions, or Benefit shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be available for the Benefit of the said Board, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were

LXXVII. Except so far as the same are by this Act specially Rights of Totaltered, this Act or anything therein shall not take away, alter, Board of abridge, lessen, or prejudically affect any Property, Right, Remedy, Health not to Protection, Power, Authority, Privilege, Exemption, or Benefit be affected. vested in or now enjoyed or exercised by the Tottenham Local Board of Health, but, except as aforesaid, all such Property, Rights, Remedies, Protections, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Exemptions, or Benefit shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be available for the Benefit of the said Board, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were not passed.

LXXVIII. Except so far as the same are by this Act specially Saving Rights altered, this Act or anything therein shall not take away, alter, of Undertakers abridge, lessen, or prejudicially affect any Property, Right, Remedy, Protection, Power, Authority, Privilege, Toll, Duty, Exemption, or Benefit vested in or now enjoyed or exercised by the Undertakers of the Stort Navigation, but, except as aforesaid, all such Property, Rights, Remedies, Protections, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Tolls, Duties, Exemptions, or Benefit shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be available for the Benefit of the Undertakers of the Stort Navigation, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were not passed.

LXXIX. Except so far as the same are by this Act specially Saving Rights altered, this Act or anything therein shall not take away, alter, of the Trustees abridge, lessen, or prejudicially affect any Property, Right, of the River Remedy, Protection, Power, Authority, Privilege, Toll, Duty, Exemption, or Benefit vested in or now enjoyed or exercised by the Trustees, but, except as aforesaid, all such Property, Rights, Remedies, Protections, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Tolls. Duties, Exemptions, or Benefit shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be available for the Benefit of the Trustees in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act were not passed.

LXXX. Except as regards the Interpretation of the said Act Rights of of the Twelfth Year of King George the Second, Chapter Thirty- Mayor, &c. of two, nothing in this Act shall affect the Claim for Compensation be affected, &c. and Right secured to the City Mills by the Lee Navigation Im-

Local Board.

tenham Local

of the Stort Navigation.

provement

provement Act, 1850, or shall extend to prejudice or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Interests, Liberties, Privileges, or Franchises of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, or to prohibit, defeat, alter, or diminish any Power, Authority, or Jurisdiction which at the Time of passing this Act the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or the said Lord Mayor for the Time being, as Conservator of the said River Thames, or otherwise, did or might lawfully claim, use, or exercise.

Working Power to be secured to Charlton Mill.

LXXXI. That for the Purpose of satisfying the Rights of James Poulter Manser under a Lease granted to him by the said Trustees, the New River Company shall at all Times during the Continuance of such Lease, unless the Company and the said James Poulter Manser or his Assigns shall otherwise agree, and subject to any existing Rights of the Trustees to draw down Water, and unless prevented by Frost or inevitable Accident, whenever, after the End of Six Months from the passing of this Act, the Water flowing down to Charlton Mill, by the River Lee, and applicable to the Use of the said Mill, shall be less than Four thousand Cubic Feet per Minute, provide, either by pumping Water into the Pond at the Head of the said Mill, or by the Application of Steam Power, such further Power at the said Mill as shall, together with the Water then flowing by the said River, or if there be more then as shall alone, be equal to the Power of Four thousand Cubic Feet per Minute at such Mill, such Steam Power to be supplied to the Satisfaction of Two Engineers, to be appointed, one by the said James Poulter Manser, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, and the other by the said New River Company, and an Umpire to be appointed by them; and in case of any Default by the Company in such Supply of Water or Power the said Company shall pay a Sum of Ten Pounds to the said James Poulter Manser, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, for each and every Day during which such Default shall continue after Twenty-four Hours Notice in Writing thereof, to be recovered in any Court of competent Jurisdiction.

Saving Rights of the Two Companies.

LXXXII. Provided always, That, except as is by this Act expressly provided, this Act or anything therein contained shall not take away, lessen, or prejudicially affect any of the Rights, Remedies, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Exemptions, and Benefits vested in or granted or reserved to or now enjoyed or exercised by the Two Companies or either of them, by or by virtue of any Royal Charter, Letters Patent, Act of Parliament, Prescription, Usage, or otherwise howsoever, but all such Rights, Remedies, Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Exemptions, and Benefits (except so far as the same are necessarily altered by this Act) shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be in addition (so far as may be) to those provided by this Act, and shall be available for the Benefit of the Two Companies respectively, in the same 'Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not passed.

Saving Rights LXXXIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall diminish, prejudice, take away, alter, suspend, or affect any Right, Power, Authority, Privilege, or Jurisdiction of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the

of the Admiralty.

Com-

Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid.

LXXXIV. All the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of and inci- Expenses of dent to the obtaining and passing of this Act shall be paid by the Act.

Two Companies, and except so far as they otherwise agree, in equal Shares.

Cap. exevii.

An Act to repeal, alter, and amend some of the Provisions of "The Royal Conical Flour Mill Company's Act, 1854;" to enable the Company to raise a further Sum of Money; and for other Purposes. [14th August 1855.]

Cap. exeviii.

- An Act for making a Railway from the Manor Street Terminus of the authorized Westminster Terminus Railway in the Parish of Clapham in the County of Surrey to Norwood in the Parish of St. Mary Lambeth in the same County, connecting the Westminster Terminus Railway with the West End of London and Crystal Palace Railway. [14th August 1855.]
- [Subscribers incorporated, § 4. Capital, £148,000, § 5. Power to borrow £49,000, § 10. Power to form Junctions with certain Railway Companies, § § 22 and 23. Saving Rights of Railway Companies, § 24. Power to certain Companies to subscribe, § 39. Provisions respecting the Surrey and Sussex Roads, § § 41 to 49. Saving Rights of Metropolitan Commissioners of Sewers, § 50.]

PRIVATE ACTS.

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N.B.—To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

"This Act shall not be a Public Act, but shall be printed by the several Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom. and a

"Copy thereof so printed by any of them shall be admitted as

" Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others."

Cap. 1.

A N Act for enabling Leases to be made of the Freehold Estates of the late Matthew Hill Esquire, and for other Purposes.

[15th June 1855.]

[Provisions respecting Appropriation of Lands for Building Purposes, §§ 6 to 23. General Saving of Rights, § 31.]

Cap. 2.

An Act to enable the Trustees under the Settlement executed on the Marriage of *Philip Rideout Hoffe* to effect a Sale to Sir *Richard Plumptre Glyn* Baronet, of certain Hereditaments situate at *Twyford* in the Parish of *Compton Abbas* and County of *Dorset*, and for other Purposes; and of which the Short Title is "Hoffe's Estate Act, 1855." [26th June 1855.]

[General Saving of Rights, § 11.]

Cap. 3.

An Act for authorizing the granting of Mining Leases of Estates subject to the Uses of the Will of Robert Bell Livesey Esquire, deceased, and for other Purposes. [23d July 1855.]

[Power to grant Mining Leases, § 3. General Saving of Rights. § 39.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for enabling Leases, Sales, Repairs, and Improvements to be made of the Estates of James Walthall Hammond Esquire, deceased, and for other Purposes, the Short Title of which is "Hammond's Estate Act, 1855." [23d July 1955.]

[Power to grant Building Leases, for Twenty-one Years, § 3. For 999 Years, § 4. Power to raise Money by Mortgage for Repairs or Improvements, § 14. General Saving of Hights, § 23.]

Cap. 5.

An Act to authorize Conveyances in Fee or Demises for long Terms of Years, under reserved Rents, of certain Parts of Estates, settled by the Will of the late Joseph Livesey Esquire, deceased.

[23d July 1855.]

General Saving of Rights, § 16.

Cap. 6.

An Act to enable George William Holmes Ross, of Cromarty, Esquire, to relieve the Estate of Cromarty from Burdens affecting the same, to charge the said Estate with certain Family Provisions and with certain Sums of Money expended in Improvements thereon. [23d July 1855.]

[General Saving of Rights, § 24.]

Cap. 7.

An Act for authorizing Mining and other Leases and Sales and Exchanges to be made of the Lands devised by the Will of George Bray deceased; and for other Purposes. [30th July 1855.]

[Power to grant Mining Leases, § 3. Power to grant Farming Leases, § 6. General Saving of Rights, § 40.]

Cap. 8.

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Sugar, to allow Sugar to be used Duty-free in distilling Spirits, in lieu of Allowances and Draw- backs on such Sugar - Cap. 94 Sultan; to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect a Convention made between Her Majesty, the Emperor of the French, and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan 99 Supplies; to apply 3,300,000l out of the Consolidated Fund to the Service of the Year ending 31st March 1855 5	ral Board of Health applying the Public Health Act, 1848, to the District of - Cap. 125 Trades, for granting to Her Majesty an increased Rate of Duty on Profits arising from - 20 Trinity College, Dublin, to abolish certain Payments charged on the Consolidated Fund in favour of the Provost and Fellows of, and of certain Professors in the said College - *82 Tunstall (Stafford), to confirm Provisional Order of the General Board of Health applying the Public Health Act, 1848, to the District of - 125 Turkish Loan; to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect a Convention made between Her Majesty, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan 99 Turnpike Acts, to continue certain - 98, *83 Turnpike Trusts, to confirm certain Provisional Orders made under 14 & 15 Vict. c. 38. to facilitate Arrangements for the Relief of - 102
Tea, to suspend the Decline of the Customs Duties on, from and after 5th April 1855 - 9 ———————————————————————————————————	Union Charges Act Continuance; to continue 17 & 18 Vict. c. 43. for charging the Maintenance of certain poor Persons in Unions in England and Wales upon the Common Fund - 47 Union of contiguous Benefices, to make better Provision for, 127 United States of America, to carry into effect a Treaty between Her Majesty and 3 ————————————————————————————————

Victoria (Colony of); to enable Here Majesty to assent to a Bill, as amended, of the Legislature of Victoria, to establish a Constitution in and for the Colony of Victoria - Cap. 55

Waste Lands of the Crown in Her Majesty's Australian Colonies; to repeal the Acts of Parliament now in force respecting the Disposal of such Waste Lands, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof - 56

Wedding Rings; for excepting Gold
Wedding Rings from the Operation of 17 & 18 Vict. c. 96.
relating to the Standard of
Gold and Silver Wares, and
from the Exemptions contained
in other Acts relating to Gold
Wares - - - 60

Weights and Measures, for legalizing and preserving the restored Standards of - - 72

West Indies Relief Loans Arrangement: to authorize the Com-

missioners of the Treasury to make Arrangements concerning certain Loans advanced by way of Relief to the Islands of Antigua, Nevis, and Montserrat - - Cap. 71

Windhill (York), to confirm Provisional Order of the General Board of Health applying the Public Health Act, 1848, to the District of - - 125

Woolmer Forest, to authorize the letting Part of - - 16 for disafforesting - - 46

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Youthful Offenders, to amend 17 & 18

Vict. c. 86. for the better Care
and Reformation of, and the
Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 74., to
render Reformatory and Industrial Schools more available
for the Benefit of Vagrant
Children - - 87

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