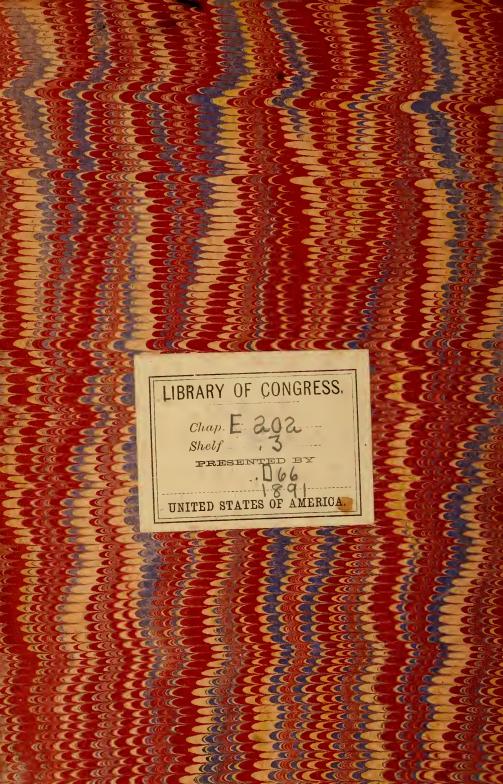
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THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION,

Please return acknowledgment.

Sons of The American Revolution

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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CONSTITUTION, BY-LAWS AND LIST OF MEMBERS





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society.

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

OF THE

District of Columbia Society

Sons

OF THE

AMERICAN REVOLUTION

WITH

LIST OF CHARTER MEMBERS

1891

Libertas et Patria

PRINTED FOR THE SOCIETY BY GEDNEY & ROBERTS, IN THE ONE HUNDRED and fourteenth year of the INDEPENDENCE of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

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OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY

1891.

president

GEN. A. W. GREELY, U.S.A.

Vice presidents

Honorary

Admiral J. L. WORDEN, U.S.N. HON. JOHN SHERMAN. ADMIRAL JAMES E. JOUETT, U.S.N. HON. JOHN W. DOUGLASS. GEN. E. D. TOWNSEND, U.S.A. GEN. JAMES J. DANA, U.S.A.

GEN. M. C. MEIGS, U.S.A. GEN. O. B. WILLCOX, U.S.A.

Active

GEN. MARCUS J. WRIGHT, GEN. H. V. BOYNTON, COL. MARSHALL McDONALD.

Secretaries

A. HOWARD CLARK, National Museum.

ARNOLD BURGES JOHNSON, Light House Board.

Treasurer

WILLIAM VAN ZANDT COX, National Museum.

Registrar

G. BROWN GOODE, Smithsonian Institution.

Historian

FRANCIS O. ST. CLAIR, M.D. Department of State.

30ard of Management

1891

GEN. A. W. GREELY, U.S.A., President, GEN. H. V. BOYNTON, of Ohio. COL. JOHN BELL BROWNLOW, of Tennessee. GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, U.S.A., of Kentucky. GEN. FRANKLIN G. BUTTERFIELD, of Vermont, PROF. W. D. CABELL, of Virginia. A. HOWARD CLARK, of Massachusetts. WILLIAM A. DECAINDRY, of Georgia. CAPT. R. C. DUBOIS, U.S.A., of Pennsylvania. HENRY WISE GARNETT, of Virginia. GEORGE BROWN GOODE, of Connecticut. ARNOLD BURGES JOHNSON, of Massachusetts. COL. MARSHALL MCDONALD, of Virginia. CAPT. WILLIAM MORRIS MEREDITH, of Illinois. COL. M. M. PARKER, of Vermont. COL. FELIX A. REEVE, of Tennessee. FRANCIS O. ST. CLAIR, M.D., of Maryland. RICHARD H. SPENCER, of Maryland. PROF. ROBERT E. C. STEARNS, of California. GEN. MARCUS J. WRIGHT, of Tennessee. WILLIAM C. WINLOCK, of Massachusetts.



Sons of the American Revolution.

THE CITIZENS of the United States are responsible for the greatest trust ever confided to a political society. If justice, good faith, honor, gratitude and all the other qualities which ennoble the character of a nation and fulfil the ends of government be the fruits of our establishments, the cause of Liberty will acquire a dignity and lustre which it has never yet enjoyed; and an example will be set which cannot but have the most favorable influence on the rights of Mankind. JAMES MADISON, 1783.

THE SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION enables the man of the North and the man of the South to stand on the same platform. We shall have an electric current of fraternal interest reaching from the St. Lawrence to the Rio Grande.

Admiral Porter, 1890.



HE SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION is purely patriotic in its purposes. Through its agency representative men of all parties and from every section, the descendants of the patriots who

achieved independence for our Nation, are brought together in sympathetic and friendly association for the promotion of objects specifically named in its Constitution, as follows:—

(1) To perpetuate the memory and the spirit of the men who achieved American Independence, by the encouragement of historical research in relation to the Revolution and the publication of its results, the preservation of documents and relics and of the records of the individual services of Revolutionary soldiers and patriots, and the promotion of celebrations of all patriotic anniversaries.

(2) To carry out the injunction of Washington in his farewell address to the American people :--" To promote, as an object of

VIII SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge,"—thus developing an enlightened public opinion and affording to young and old such advantages as shall develop in them the largest capacity for performing the duties of American citizens.

(3) To cherish, maintain, and extend the institutions of American freedom, to foster true patriotism and love of country, and to aid in securing for mankind all the blessings of liberty.

The Society is National in its scope and is governed in matters of general importance by a board of officers elected at its annual convention. It is made up of the following State Societies, in every respect co-equal in rank:—

LIST OF SOCIETIES.

JANUARY, 1891.

Name.	President.
NATIONAL SOCIETY, .	Dr. William Seward Webb, of Ver- mont, President General.
California,	Col. A. S. Hubbard.
New Jersey,	Hon. John Whitehead.
Connecticut,	Jonathan Trumbull.
Vermont,	Hon. Redfield Proctor.
	Hon. J. P. Richardson.
	Hon. Charles H. Saunders.
	Gen. Bradley T. Johnson.
Оню,	H. V. Axline.
KENTUCKY,	Hon. H. W. Bruce.
Tennessee.	Rev. D. C. Kelley, D.D.
MINNESOTA.	Hon. Albert Edgerton.
Arkansas	Col. Samuel W. Williams.
WISCONSIN.	Don J. Whittemore. Hon. William E. Niblack. Hon. H. B. Ledyard.
INDIANA.	Hon, William E. Niblack.
MICHIGAN,	Hon. H. B. Ledyard.
Delaware,	Hon, Thomas F. Bayard.
WEST VIRGINIA,	Hon. John J. Jacob.
RHODE ISLAND,	John Nicholas Brown.
Illinois,	Judge Henry M. Shepard.
New York,	Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,	Admiral David D. Porter.
Nebraska,	Champion S. Chase.
Alabama,	Capt. Joseph Forney Johnston.
Louisiana,	
Virginia,	Hon. William Wirt Henry.

The C: fornia Society, which stands at the head of the list, is (with the exception of the SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI,

founded May 13, 1783, and the AMERICAN REVOLUTION SOCIETY, or SEVENTY-SIX ASSOCIATION, composed of officers and soldiers, founded in the South in 1784, which existed for many years, but long ago became extinct) the first patriotic organization ever founded in America, with membership based upon service in the cause of American Independence. It came into existence on the Fourth of July, 1876, when citizens of San Francisco, about forty in number, descendants of the patriots of the Revolution, having marched together in the great procession which was the most striking feature of California's celebration of the Centennial Anniversary of Independence, met to organize the Society of SONS OF REVOLUTIONARY SIRES.* The objects of the society then founded were defined in a circular letter, sent out in August, in the following terms:

"To unite the descendants of Revolutionary patriots and perpetuate the memory of those who took part in the American Revolution, and maintained the independence of the United States of America; to organize auxiliaries, co-equal branches and representative bodies, at such time and place as the directors may determine."

The desire of the founders of the new society to extend its work beyond the boundaries of California met with much encouragement. Honorary membership was accepted by Ex-Presidents Grant and Hayes and other public men throughout the country, and before the close of 1876, Vice Presidents had been appointed in Maine, Massachusetts, New York, Illinois, lowa and the District of Columbia,† with authority to found branch societies, and these efforts were continuous up to 1883. It is not certain that any such branches were ever formed, but

^{*}On June 29th (1876) the following request was published in the news columns of the "Alta": "The descendants of the Revolutionary patriots are requested to meet at the headquarters of the Grand Marshal, at No. 212 Kearney street, at 8 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of making arrangements to participate in the celebration." In response to the call between forty and fifty citizens assembled. General N. M. Winn presided, and Dr. E. L. Willard was chosen secretary. All present signed the roll. After the parade the organization marched to the Palace Hotel and partook of refreshments. It was at this meeting that they formally organized under the title of "Sons of Revolutionary Sires" (July 4th, 1876). Ten days later the new organization adopted a constitution and by-laws, and has since been a permanent society in this city.

From the "Alta California," May 5th, 1889.

 $[\]dagger$ Mr. N. T. E. Chandler, of the U. S. Patent Office, Vice President for the District of Columbia, died in 1889, and the papers relating to the history of his work cannot be f fid.

the California Society maintained a continuous existence until 1889, when it changed its name in order to participate in the organization of the NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, and is still one of the strong organizations in the federation.

In 1876 Mr. John Austin Stevens, of New York, proposed the organization of a society, to be called "Sons of the Revo-LUTION," and to be composed of descendants of officers and soldiers of the Revolutionary Army. No meetings appear to have been held under this plan. The New York society of the Sons of the Revolution was formally established December 31, 1883. In 1888 some of its members founded a similar society in Philadelphia, and in March and April, 1889, similar organizations were formed in thirteen other States. Through some unfortunate misunderstanding the society in New York failed to participate in the movement now begun for the establishment of a National organization, although it was the desire of the other States that New York should take the lead. The technical difficulty seems to have been the unwillingness of the other States to recognize the supposed claim of the New York society to be the central and sole source of authority.

On the Anniversary day, April 30, 1889, upon the invitation of the New Jersey Society, delegates from fourteen States met in the historic "Long Room" of Fraunces's Tavern, in New York, the apartment in which Washington took leave of his Generals at the close of the Revolution, and formed an organization of National scope under the name of THE SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, and under the Constitution then adopted the several State societies already mentioned have become federated.

The District of Columbia Society, SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, was organized April 11, 1890, by Mr. William O. McDowell, of New Jersey, at that time Vice President General of the National Society. Its career, though short, has been prosperous, and it is already one of the largest and strongest of the associations of descendants of the patriots of the Revolution.

In 1890 the New York Society abandoned its plan of auxiliary branches, and joined with that in Pennsylvania to form a general or National Society, under the name of SONS OF THE

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REVOLUTION. This action removed all tangible obstacles to the union of all the State societies in one National organization. The question of priority of organization is not one of the highest importance, for all will concede that the present widespread interest is largely the outgrowth of the part which the SONS OF THE REVOLUTION in New York have taken in the movement which began in 1876 in both San Francisco and New York, which took tangible form in San Francisco in 1876 and in New York in 1883, and which culminated in 1889 in a general organization of State societies throughout the whole Union.

Prior to the organization of the Society of the SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION in Washington City, a society of the SONS OF THE REVOLUTION was in existence. This was organized April 3, 1890, under the Presidency of the Hon. John Lee Carroll, and with a very distinguished membership. On April 3, 1890, this society subscribed to the Constitution of the SONS OF THE REVOLUTION, prepared by the Representatives of the New York and Pennsylvania Societies.

The National Society of the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION was organized in Washington City, October 11, 1890, and has already a large membership, which is extending over the entire country. Its objects are identical with those of the two other societies already referred to, though its organi zation and eligibility requirements are somewhat different.

Serious work has already been begun by all the societies. Members of the old New York Society did noble service in providing for the completion of the pedestal of the Bartholdi Statue of Liberty, in New York Harbor; and it was to its members that the Centennial Celebration of 1889 owed its origin, and largely its success. It also aided materially in the erection of a monument to Nathan Hale. The State societies are planning for the systematic celebration of local events of historic interest; Massachusetts has celebrated the anniversary of "Lexington," and New Jersey those of "Red Bank," "Trenton" and "Springfield," and Tennessee that of "King's Mountain." Our National Society has asked the interest of the Congress to prevent the desecration of the National flag by its use for advertising purposes, and is endeavoring to encourage the playing of National airs by all

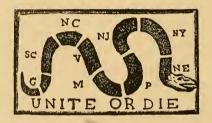
SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

bands on National anniversaries. All the societies are urging the more general display of the National flag. The California Society and our own set the example of a patriotic gathering on July 4, 1890; an example afterwards strengthened by the issue of an official circular from the National Society.

Much still remains to be done in the way of patriotic endeavor. The localities of historic events and the birthplaces and graves of Revolutionary heroes are to be identified and marked by suitable monuments. Revolutionary documents and records, especially the unpublished rolls of the soldiers, and the stories of individual service are to be brought to light, indexed and printed. The Pennsylvania Society, SONS OF THE REVOLUTION, has begun serious work in the preservation of historical documents. The Michigan Society, S. A. R., passed a resolution April 24, 1890, urging the publication of the records of the Army of the Revolution, and Col. Hubbard, the President of the California Society, wrote to the President of the National Society, February 18, 1890, as follows:—

"I hope that some method will be formulated whereby the United States Government will undertake to gather, compile and publish, from its archives, and the archives of the thirteen original States, the record of every officer, soldier and sailor who participated in the war of 1776, and that the work thus published will be recognized as the American Domesday Book. The National Society of Sons of the American Revolution should be more than an auxiliary in the production of such a work."

A wholesome and intelligent interest in the principles and acts of the Revolution may well be encouraged throughout the country. It is believed that whenever any question of real importance is to be considered, unanimity of sentiment and harmony of action will always be found among the various organizations of the descendants of the patriots of 1776.



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CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

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There are three stages in the history of the North American Revolution—the first of which may be considered as beginning with the order of the British Council for enforcing the acts of trade in 1760, and as having reached its crisis at the meeting of the first Congress fourteen years after, at Philadelphia. It was a struggle for the preservation and recovery of the rights and liberties of the British Cotonies. It terminated in a civil war, the character and object of which were changed by the Declaration of Independence.

The second stage is that of the War of Independence, usually so-called—but it began fifteen months before the Declaration, and was itself the immediate cause and not the effect of that event. It closed by the preliminary Treaty of Peace concluded at Paris, on the 30th of November, 1782.

The third is the formation of the Anglo-American People and Nation of North America. This event was completed by the meeting of the first Congress of the United States, under their present Constitution, on the Fourth of March, 1780.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, 1836.

There is nothing more common than to confound the terms of AMERICAN REVOLUTION with those of THE LATE AMERICAN WAR. The American War is over, but this is far from being the case with the American Revolution. On the contrary, nothing but the first act of the great drama is closed. It remains yet to establish and perfect our new forms of government, and to prepare the principles, morals and manners of our citizens for these forms of government, after they are established and brought to perfection.

BENJAMIN RUSH, 1787.



CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

NAME.



HE name of this Society shall be THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

ARTICLE II.

OBJECTS.

The objects of the Society shall be:

To perpetuate the memory and the spirit of the men who Historical achieved American Independence, by the encouragement of historical research in relation to the Revolution and the publication of its results, the preservation of documents and relics and of the records of the individual services of Revolutionary soldiers and patriots, and the promotion of celebrations of all patriotic anniversaries.

To carry out the injunction of Washington in his farewell Promotion of National address to the American people:--"To promote, as an object of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge,"-thus developing an enlightened public opinion and affording to young and old such advantages as shall develop in them the largest capacity for performing the duties of American citizens.

Research and Celebrations

Institutions.

CONSTITUTION.

Promotion of Patriotism.

To cherish, maintain, and extend the institutions of American freedom, to foster true patriotism and love of country, and to aid in securing for mankind all the blessings of liberty.

ARTICLE III.

MEMBERSHIP.

Eligibility.

I. Any man is eligible for membership who is of the age of twenty-one years, and who is descended from an ancestor who, with unfailing loyalty, rendered material aid to the cause of American Independence as a soldier or a seaman. or a civil officer in one of the several Colonies or States or of the United Colonies or States, or as a recognized patriot, provided that the applicant shall be acceptable to the Society.

Ancestry Records of II. For the purpose of perfecting the records of Revolutionary patriots and their descendants, any woman of Revolutionary ancestry may file with the Registrar a record, in duplicate, of her ancestors' services and of her line of descent, one copy of which shall be deposited among the archives of the National Society.

Honorary Members.

Women.

Members of the National Society.

III. Any person may be eligible for honorary membership, subject to the limitations as to age and descent established in the case of active members.

IV. All members of the National Society are our comrades and brothers, and when within the borders of our jurisdiction will be welcome to our meetings and to assist in our celebrations and work.

ARTICLE IV.

OFFICERS AND MANAGERS.

Officers and Managers.

I. The officers of the Society shall be a President, one or more Vice Presidents, two Secretaries, a Treasurer, a Registrar, an Assistant Registrar, an Historian, and such others as may be deemed necessary, who shall be elected by a vote of the majority of the members present at the annual meeting of the Society, and who shall hold office for one year, or until their successors shall be elected, and who, with thirteen other members, shall constitute the Board of Management.

II. Delegates to the Congress of the Society shall be elected Delegates to the Congress. The congress of the Constitution of the General Society.

III. An Executive Committee of five, of which the President Executive Common of the Society shall be the chairman, which may be elected by the Board of Management from their number, shall, in the interim between the meetings of the Board, transact such business as shall be delegated to it by the Board of Management.

ARTICLE V.

FEES AND DUES.

I. The initiation fee, including dues for the first year, shall be five (\$5) dollars; the annual dues three (\$3) dollars; or the payment at one time of fifty (\$50) dollars shall constitute a life member, with exemption from payment of dues thereafter.

II. The annual dues shall be payable on the first day of April in each year.

III. A member who shall remain in arrears for dues for three months after notice of his indebtedness has been sent him, may be dropped from the rolls by the Board of Management.

IV. The initiation fees and all payments for dues and life memberships shall be used by the Board of Management for the purpose of paying the dues of twenty-five cents for each active member, to the National Society, of publishing such documents as they may deem advisable, of paying the running expenses, and for such special purposes as may be ordered by a vote of two-thirds of the Board of Management.

ARTICLE VI.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

I. The Annual Meeting for election of officers and transaction Annual Meeting. of business shall be held at noon on the twenty-second day of February, the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, in every year, except when that date shall fall on Sunday, in which case the meeting shall be held on the following day.

Executive

Committee.

Amount.

Time of Payment.

Arrearages.

Application of Funds.

CONSTITUTION.

XVIII

Special Meetings.

II. Special meetings may be called by the President or Board of Management at any time for business purposes or for the purpose of celebrating events of the Revolution or other patriotic events, or devising means for the prosecution of patriotic work. The President shall call a special meeting whenever requested in writing so to do by five or more members.

III. General business may be transacted at any special meeting.

IV. Thirteen members shall constitute a quorum at all meetings, except that three members shall be a quorum of the Executive Committee.

Election of Officers. V. All nominations for officers shall be made from the floor and not by committee, and all elections to office shall be by ballot. The persons receiving the majority of all the votes cast shall be declared elected, and shall hold office for the ensuing term and until their successors shall be elected.

ARTICLE VII.

AMENDMENTS.

Proposal of Amendments. Amendments to this Constitution may be offered at any meeting of the Society, but shall not be acted on until the next meeting. A copy of every proposed amendment shall be sent to each member, with a notice of the meeting at which the same is to be acted on, at least one week prior to said meeting.

A vote of two-thirds of those present shall be necessary to the adoption of any amendment.

Action on Amendments.



BY-LAWS.

SECTION I.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS.

MEMBERS shall be elected as follows: Candidates may send their applications together with documents and other proofs of qualification for membership,* to the Secretary; and, upon a favorable report from the Board of Management, and upon payment of the initiation fee, shall become members of the Society.

Election to Membership.

SECTION II.

THE PRESIDENT.

The President, or in his absence the Vice President, or in his absence a Chairman, *pro tempore*, shall preside at all meetings of the Society and Board of Management, and have a casting vote. He shall exercise the usual functions of a presiding officer, and shall enforce a strict observance of the Constitution and By-Laws and of the regulations and rules of the Society.

Presiding Officer.

^{*}It is required that all applications shall be made upon the standard form of Application for Membership issued by authority of the Executive Committee, N. S., S. A. R., which provides for:

^{1.} A statement of the services of the ancestor of the applicant in aid of the establishment of American Independence.

^{2.} A detailed statement of the intermediate generations of his pedigree, with full names of maternal and paternal ancestors in each generation, and, if possible, dates and places of birth and death, and places of residence.

^{3.} A recommendation of the candidate by a member of the Society.

^{4.} An affidavit by the applicant in support of the statements contained in his application. The affidavit has not as yet been required by this Society.

SECTION III.

THE SECRETARY.

General Duties.

Records.

The Secretary shall conduct the general correspondence of the Society and such other matters as may be directed by the Society. He shall have charge of the seal, certificate of incorporation, by-laws and records of the Society, and, together with the presiding officer, shall certify all acts of the Society.

He shall keep fair and accurate records of all the proceedings and orders of the Society; and shall give notice to the several officers of all votes, orders, resolves, and proceedings of the Society affecting them or appertaining to their respective duties.

He shall notify all members of their election, and shall, under the direction of the President or Vice President, give due notice of the time and place of all meetings of the Society, and attend the same.

SECTION IV.

THE TREASURER.

The Treasurer shall collect and keep the funds and securities of the Society; they shall be deposited in some bank or saving institute in this District, to the credit of THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, and shall be drawn thence on the check of the Treasurer, for the purposes of the Society only. Out of these funds he shall pay such sums only as may be ordered by the Society, or by the Board of Management.

He shall keep a true account of his receipts and payments, and, at each annual meeting, render the same to the Society, when a committee shall be appointed to audit his accounts.

If, from the annual report of the Treasurer, there shall appear to be a balance against the Treasurer, no appropriation of money shall be made for any object but the necessary current expenses of the Society until such balance shall be paid.

Notices of Elections and Meetings.

Disposition of Funds.

Accounts and Audits.

Balances.

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SECTION V.

THE REGISTRAR.

The Registrar shall keep a roll of members, and in his hands shall be lodged all the proofs of membership-qualification, and all the historical and genealogical papers, manuscript or other, of which the Society may become possessed; and, under the direction of the Board of Management, shall keep copies of such similar documents as the owners thereof may not be willing to leave permanently in the keeping of the Society. He shall verify all statements of the revolutionary services of ancestors that may be made in the applications for membership, and make report to the Board of Managers.

The Registrar shall, if practicable, be some person connected with the Smithsonian Institution.

SECTION VI.

THE HISTORIAN.

The historian shall keep the records of the historical and commemorative meetings of the Society, and shall supervise the preparation and printing of all its historical publications, other than those of the membership rolls.

He shall submit at each annual meeting a list of the members who may have died during the year, accompanied by biographical memoirs.

SECTION VII.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

The Board of Management shall consist of at least twentyone members, namely, the President, Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Treasurer, Registrar, and Historian, *ex-officio*, and thirteen others, elected as provided by the Constitution.

They shall judge of the qualifications of the candidates for admission to the Society, and elect the same. They shall have

Membership Roll.

Historical Documents

Historical Records.

Necrology.

Duties

officers who personally fought with and for the Colonies were Chevaliers of the Order. It is intended as a recognition of them and their services, and as a compliment to their country and their descendants that we propose, in some part, the adoption of the form of the historic Cross of St. Louis.

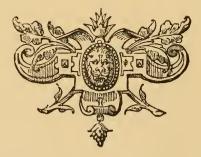
"The medallion in gold, which forms the center of the cross on its obverse side, and bears the bust in profile of Washington, appears too appropriate to demand explanation or argument. The legend surrounding it in letters of gold on a ribbon of blue enamel, *'Libertas et Patria*,' appears at once in keeping with the general design and in harmony with the principles and purposes of the order.

"The reverse side of the cross is like the obverse, except that the reverse bears on the gold medallion the figure of a "Minute-Man," a type of those old Continental Soldiers who

> Left their ploughshares in the mould, Their flocks and herds without a fold,

and rushed to the defense of liberty and country at the first sound of the gun, the echo of which was heard around the world,—one of the heroes and martyrs of Valley Forge.

"The decoration is to be suspended from the left breast or collar by a blue ribbon with white edges. Blue and white were the colors of the uniform of Washington's staff."



XXIV



THE OBJECTS OF THE SOCIETY.

[From the address by Rev. JOHN McDowell LEAVITT, D.D., LL.D.]

"The Society of the Sons of the American Revolution rests on a wider basis than military rank and service. Pen and voice may be as useful to liberty as the sword. By essay and oration Henry, Adams and Jefferson accomplished as much for their country as Gates or Green or Putnam by the most brilliant exploits of battle. Washington as commander was no more a patriot and benefactor than Washington as president. Nor must the heroes of the ranks be overlooked. Descendants of the sailor, soldier and civilian are recognized by our society; membership is based on true patriotic service, however and wherever rendered, during the war of the Revolution.

"Two paths open to our society:

"It may live in and for the past, it may collect and treasure relics, trace ancestors and extol the heroic era of our nation. Many naturally look behind rather than before for the golden age of our humanity; and let us not discourage those inclined to venerable fashions.

"But we have a nobler mission than devotion to the antique and æsthetic. As our society grows out of the past of our country, so it may become a potent element in the future.

"Our country has been exempt from the peculiar trials of other lands. Humanity began with us anew." The Atlantic is the barrier between us and the past; hence on our soil liberty had an unimpeded growth. New obstacles gave new strength. Colonial struggles made our American manhood. The Revolution was our evolution. Nor has growth stopped; we are a century in advance of our ancestors. Our prisons are better; our schools are better; our colleges are better. Steam and electricity have enlarged our views even more than our means of intercommunication.

"Where then was the glory of our fathers? Rich patriots imperiled wealth and life for liberty. Poor citizens, through rags and blood and hunger and defeat, stood by the cause until victory was won. States quarreled and delayed their quotas. Congress was sometimes divided and uncertain; cabals and ambitions and dishonesties were not wanting: but always there were men faithful to their leaders and their country. Valor and virtue triumphed. Hard experience made successful both revolution and constitution. Greece, Rome and England instructed our fathers; but American needs and trials were their best teachers. Measured by truest tests their patriotic wisdom has never been excelled. Out of bitter and paltry contests emerged a structure of liberty to endure forever. Amid cramping and belittling influences our constitution was shaped into a comprehensive instrument adapted to social needs, political requirements and territorial magnitudes of which its framers could have had no conception. For all time and all the world it stands their immortal monument.

"Let our society study the work of our fathers as it is—it wants no glamour of a golden mist. When fancy converts our Revolutionary sires into ideals we lose interest. Men, not statues, stir living thoughts. History to be profitable must be honest. Whatever the frailties of others in peace and war, Washington without stain or cloud stands forth in solitary glory.

"Nor should the Sons of the American Revolution forget that from the beginning they had a mingled blood. New England was moulded by the British Puritans. The Dutch controlled New York. Quakers and Germans settled Pennsylvania. English Catholics largely shaped Maryland. Swedes prevailed in Delaware. Virginia boasted cavalier and churchman. The Scotch and Scotch-Irish immigrated extensively into New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia and the Carolinas. Florida was long the home of the Spaniard. In Louisiana, French and Creoles were numerous. Huguenots leavened our whole republic. Our manhood grew from mixed national-

XXVI

ities. Side by side their representatives fought in the Revolution, and side by side evolved the constitution. To hide these facts is to be ashamed of ourselves. Origin creates our sympathy for humanity, hence in Americans these promises of universal liberty. We do not fear that immigrant nations will cloud or exhaust our sun. Rather we believe that they will diffuse the light until it circles the world. As statesmen we may wisely provide against an overwhelming flood of paupers, criminals and adventurers; but as citizens and christians, we will welcome opportunities of moulding to republicanism and religion those who will be heralds of truth and apostles of the millennium.

"And this leads to the noblest work of our society. We might specify much to be accomplished by gathering materials for history and souvenirs of the Revolution, by studying men, manners and measures, and by devising the best methods of perpetuating the memories of our ancestors and celebrating their achievements. These, however, will naturally be considered in their time. But one noble field of usefulness should be extended to our view.

"But why confine ourselves to a single country? On our own continent we have fifty republics. Let us form with them leagues of fellowship. Our hearts should embrace selfgovernment throughout the world. The American instinct for freedom is irrepressible; it cannot be restricted by bonds of nationalities. Humanity is its object. We only express and exercise a national impulse when we cultivate fraternity with men everywhere, who, by justice and intelligence, strive to elevate the people from sovereignty and help forward for earth a day of light and love and liberty."

AMERICAN PATRIOTISM.

[From the Address of the HONORABLE CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, President of the New York Society, at the Hartford Convention of the Sons of the American Revolution, 1891.]

"No people have ever founded a State which has become a great nation, have ever preserved and enlarged their liberty, unless they had largely developed the qualities of imagination and of sentiment. They must deify the heroes to whose valor and statesmanship they owe their origin. They must picture in the eye of the mind the battlefields upon which their forefathers fought and conquered. They must see the clash of contending armies, hear the roar of the mighty hosts and the din of battle, and be enthused on patriotic occasions with the fire and the spirit which animated the men who created them as a power in the earth.

"This republic has advanced or stood still just in proportion as its people have revered the men of the revolution and practiced the principles of the Declaration of Independence and of Washington's farewell address.

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"We have need to cultivate stalwart and robust Americanism. We do not want an Americanism which is boastful and puffed up, but one of the objects of this association is to cultivate that knowledge of a glorious origin, an unequaled century, a land developed in one hundred years beyond any example in recorded time and yet in its infancy, a nation to-day one of the most powerful upon earth, an educational system which disseminates at the public expense universal education, a patriotism which is equal to all the requirements of troublous periods and peaceful times, which, when thoroughly appreciated and understood, will enable us to contemplate the past, knowing the present and defining the future, and say to our children, 'The proudest title on earth is to be an American citizen.'"

NATIONAL NUMBER
CHARLES ABERT,
Col. Silvanus Thayer Abert, 1835
REV. DANIEL DULANY ADDISON, 2089
Rev. Thomas Grafton Addison, D.D., 2101
WILLIAM EDWARDS ANNIN, 2041
Major George Augustus Armes, 1871
Amory Austin, 1851
FRANK LLOYD AVERILL, 2083
DR. ELROY MCKENDREE AVERY, 2000
Elbert Hall Baker, 2056
DR. FRANK BAKER, 2039
DUDLEY BALDWIN, 1901
WILLIAM DICKSON BALDWIN, 2067
EBENEZER BURGESS BALL,
CAPT. GEORGE WASHINGTON BALL, 1902
Joseph Josiah Gilbert Ball, 1895
Commander Albert Smith Barker, U.S.N., 2032
WILLIAM HAMILTON BAYLY, 2010
Hon. George T. Beck, 1957
PAUL BECKWITH, 1843
DR. MARCUS BENJAMIN, 2058
PAY-INSPECTOR LUTHER GUITEAU BILLINGS, U.S.N., - 2026
FREDERICK RIPLEY BLOUNT, 2007
Henry Fitch Blount, 1983
Hon. Charles Addison Boutelle, M.C., 1958
DR. JAMES THACHER BOUTELLE, 1934
Col. John Bryan Bowman, 1852

XL SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS BOYNTON,	NATION	AL NU	MBER 1925
CHARLES HUDSON BOYNTON,	-	-	1926
GEN. HENRY VAN NESS BOYNTON,	-		1825
Dr. John Ely Brackett,	-	-	1876
GEORGE LOTHROP BRADLEY,	-		1853
HON. WALTER LAWRENCE BRAGG,	-	-	1854
Hon. CLIFTON RHODES BRECKINRIDGE, M.C., -	-		1942
GEN. JOSEPH CABELL BRECKINRIDGE, U.S.A.,	-	-	1855
JUDGE SAMUEL MILLER BRECKINRIDGE,*	-		2094
HON. WILLIAM CAMPBELL PRESTON BRECKINRIDGE,	М.С.,	-	1807
Hon. Alexander Thompson Britton,	-		198 2
NEWTON MAY BROOKS,	-	-	2002
ALEXANDER BROWN,	-		2046
Col. John Bell Brownlow,	-	-	1903
ROBERDEAU BUCHANAN,	-		1826
GEN. FRANKLIN GEORGE BUTTERFIELD, -	-	-	1936
LIEUT. BERNARD ABERT BYRNE, U.S.A.,	-		2085
LIEUT. CHARLES BYRNE, U.S.A.,	-	-	1971
PROF. WILLIAM DANIEL CABELL,	-		1816
Albert Carhart,	-	-	2055
GEN. EDWARD CLEMENT CARRINGTON,	-		2008
PEYTON RODES CARRINGTON,	-	-	1986
CAPT. ALFRED BALL CARTER,	-		1909
HIRAM GUERNSEY CHANDLER,	-	-	2024
John Pascal Charlton,	-		2035
COMMANDER COLBY MITCHEL CHESTER, U.S.N.,	-	-	2018
Rev. John Chester, D.D.,	-		2031
PROF. JOHN WHITE CHICKERING,	-	-	1856
REV. THOMAS SPENCER CHILDS, D.D.,	-		2019
ALLEN CULLING CLARK,	-	-	1922
ALONZO HOWARD CLARK,	-		1846
Appleton Prentiss Clark,	-	-	1920
Appleton Prentiss Clark, Jr.,	-		1921
* Descend			

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* Deceased.

	IONA	L NUMBER
GEORGE LAFAVETTE CLARK,		- 1857
DR. DANIEL B. CLARKE,	-	1881
FRANK WIGGLESWORTH CLARKE,		- 1842
LIEUT. POWHATAN HENRY CLARKE, U.S.A., -	-	1976
COL. ISAAC EDWARDS CLARKE,		- 1972
REV. SAMUEL DAVIS CLAYTON,	-	2054
WILLIAM MCKENDREE CLAYTON,		- 2080
DR. HORACE COLEMAN,	-	1859
BENJAMIN AZARIAH COLONNA,		- 1858
CHARLES WILLIAM COOMES,	-	1888
CAPT. CALVIN DUVALL COWLES, U.S.A.,		- 1953
WILLIAM VAN ZANDT COX,	-	1815
CAPT. ROBERT CRAIG, U.S.A.,		- 1823
HENRY LYON CRANE,	-	1896
REV. JOHN NEWTON CULBERTSON,		- 2011
GEN. JAMES JACKSON DANA, U.S.A.,	-	1860
Richard Dana,		- 2074
WILLIAM WEAVER DANENHOWER,	-	2105
SENATOR JOHN WARWICK DANIEL,		- 2030
Theodore Davenport,	-	2006
THEODORE DAVENPORT, JR.,		- 2009
MILLS DEAN,	-	1938
MEDICAL DIRECTOR RICHARD CRAIN DEAN, U.S.N.,		- 2107
WILLIAM AUGUSTIN DECAINDRY,		- 1975
Hon. Josiah Dent,	-	1918
COMMANDER FRANCIS WILLIAM DICKENS, U.S.N., -		- 2073
GEORGE DOOLITTLE,	-	2012
REV. JAMES OWEN DORSEY,		- 2090
Hon. John Watkinson Douglass,	-	1924
JAMES TAVLOR DUBOIS,		- 1892
CAPT. RICHARD CATLIN DUBOIS, U.S.A.,	-	1862
JAMES FRANCIS DUHAMEL,		- 1890
ROBERT EDWARD EARLL,	-	1861

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		NAT	IONAI	L NUMI	BER
PROF. JOHN ROBIE EASTMAN, U.S.N., -	-		-	I	836
Dr. Otis Judd Eddy,		-		- I	887
HON. MATTHEW GAULT EMERY,	-		-	I	845
HON. CHARLES JAMES FAULKNER (U. S. SENATE)	,	-	-	- I	939
GRANVILLE FERNALD,	-		-	I	910
GEN. CHARLES WILLIAM FIELD,		-		- 2	079
DEVIN FINCKEL,	-		-	2	049
CHARLES WILLIS FISHER,		-		- 2	064
Edmund Flagg,*	-		-	I	894
SURGEON JAMES MILTON FLINT, U.S.N., -		-		- 1	837
Abial Abbott Forbush,	-		-	2	:076
HON. WILLIAM PIERCE FRYE (U. S. SENATE),		-		- I	832
Dr. Edward Miner Gallaudet,	-		-	I	847
HENRY WISE GARNETT,		-		- I	932
Hon. John Rowzee Garrison,	-		-	I	864
COL. HORATIO GATES GIBSON, U.S.A.,		-		- I	817
WILSON LINDSLEY GILL,	-		-	I	956
COL. GEORGE WASHINGTON GIST,		-		- I	1989
DR. GEORGE BROWN GOODE,	-		-	I	1960
RICHARD URQUHART GOODE,		-		- 1	1891
PROF. JOSEPH CLAVBAUGH GORDON, -	-		-	I	1818
Morton Gordon,		-		- 1	1959
John Requa Graham,	-		-	I	1850
JOHN ALLEN GRAVES,		-		- 1	1998
GEN. ADOLPHUS WASHINGTON GREELV, U.S.A.,	-		-	I	1914
Andrew Jordan Green,		-		- 2	2072
BERNARD RICHARDSON GREEN,	-		-	:	1824
MAJ. CHARLES RAVENSCROFT GREENLEAF, U.S.A	,	-		- 2	2014
CHARLES PARKE GRICE,	-		-	:	20.1.1
FRANCIS GRICE,				- :	2045
FRANCIS ELLIOTT GRICE,	-		-	:	1961
HON. CHARLES HENRY GROSVENOR, M.C., -		-		- :	1923
GEN. PETER VALENTINE HAGNER, U.S.A.,			-	1	1849

* Deceased.

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SAMUEL KELLOGG HALL, 2112
Eminel Potter Halsted, 2025
JOHN JACOB HALSTEAD, 1820
RUSSELL, BENJAMIN HARRISON, 2020
ALEXANDER RICHMOND HART, 1875
FREDERICK LOVIAD HARVEY, 1865
DR. THOMAS EDWARDS HATCH, 1866
John Beers Hawes, 2017
LEWIS SYDENHAM HAYDEN, 2110
Hon. John Steele Henderson, M.C., 1952
HON. WILLIAM WIRT HENRY, 1840
VERY REV. AUGUSTINE FRANCIS HEWIT, D.D., 2057
COL. EDWARD MILES HEYL, U.S.A., 2081
Romun Hitchcock, 1839
DR. WALTER JAMES HOFFMAN, 1905
HENRY PETER RENOUF HOLT, 2104
REV. ARNOLD HARRIS HORD, 1885
WILLIAM EDWARD HORTON, 2016
Col. Addison Augustus Hosmer, 2102
Walter Hough, 1967
JAMES ROSS HOWARD, 1930
WILLIAM WHEELER HUBBELL, 1884
CAPT. ALFRED EPHER HUNT, 1985
HENRY MORRIS HUSBAND, 1878
JOHN L. HUSBAND, 1933
STEPHEN ALONZO JACKSON, 1995
JEFFERSON HENRY JENNINGS, 1941
Arnold Burges Johnson, 1897
GEN. BRADLEY TYLER JOHNSON 1970
JAMES BOWEN JOHNSON, 1908
CAPT. JOHN BURGES JOHNSON, U.S.A., 1899
JEROME FLETCHER JOHNSON, 2053
GEN. JOSEPH EGGLESTON JOHNSTON,* 1963
*Deceased,

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REV. JAMES GIBSON JOHNSON, D.D.,	NATIO	ONAL N	umber 1898
Dr. Joseph Taber Johnson,		-	1996
LORENZO M JOHNSON,	-	-	1900
WILLARD DRAKE JOHNSON,			2 068
Hon. Thomas Goode Jones,	-		1993
REAR-ADMIRAL JAMES EDWARD JOUETT, U.S.N., -			1991
Orange Judd,	-	-	1S27
SAMUEL PRESCOTT KELLER,			200 I
LIEUT. LYMAN WALTER VERE KENNON, U.S.A.,	-	-	1882
DAVID KIMBALL,		-	1987
REAR-ADMIRAL LEWIS ASHFIELD KIMBERLY, U.S.N	ī.,	-	2088
Ephraim Douglass King,		-	1867
HARRY KING,	-	-	1821
FRANK HALL KNOWLTON,		-	1904
GEORGE WILLIAM KNOX,	-	1	2077
WILLIAM SALSBURY KNOX,		-	2078
REV. SAMUEL KRAMER,	-	-	1916
Hon. Edward Samuel Lacey,			2063
DR. DANIEL SMITH LAMB,	-	-	1977
PROF. SAMUEL PIERPONT LANGLEY,			1804
PHILIP FILLMORE LARNER,	-	-	2062
DR. WILLIAM LEE,		-	1808
HON. WILLIAM HENRY FITZHUGH LEE, M.C.,	-	-	1917
AUGUSTUS PERRY LEIDY,		-	2022
Col. Charles McKnight Leoser,	-	-	1990
FRANCIS ELLINGTON LEUPP,		-	1978
CHARLES BOYNTON LOCKWOOD,	-	-	1927
HON. GEORGE BAILEY LORING,		-	2103
John Parker Lothrop,	-	-	1877
COL. MARSHALL MCDONALD,			1811
CAPT. THOMAS MOWER MCDOUGALL, U.S.A., -		-	2069
WILLIAM OSBORN MCDOWELL,		-	2013
Hon. John V. McDuffie, M.C.,	-	-	2070

						NAT	LION	AL	NUMBER
HENRY BENJAMIN MCKEAN, -	-		-		-		-		2036
DR. LOUIS MACKALL,		-				-		-	1911
CYRUS CULBERTSON MACLAY,	-		-		-		-		1994
ANDREW BUZZELL MAGOUN, -		-		-		-		-	2023
HON. CHARLES HARLEY MANSUR,	М.С	··· ,	-		-		-		1863
ROBERT HARTLEY MARCELLUS, -		-		-		-		-	2086
CHARLES WELLS MARSH, -	-		-		-		-		2038
PROF. OTIS TUFTON MASON, -		-		-		-		-	1968
WILLIAM LYMAN MASON, -	-		-		-		-		1880
JAMES MAYNARD		-		-		-		-	2029
GEN. MONTGOMERY CUNNINGHAM	ME	GS,	U.	S.A.	,		-		1803
WILLIAM LUFF MEREDITH, -		-		-		-		~	2108
CAPT. WILLIAM MORTON MEREDIT	сн,		-		-		-		2003
ALEXANDER PORTER MORSE, -		-		-		-		-	1907
MAJ. HOWARD MORTON, -	-		-		-		-		1955
HON. LEVI PARSONS MORTON, -		-		-		-		-	1884
Edward Augustus Moseley,	-		-		-		-		1841
ZEBINA MOSES,				-		-		-	2059
ROBERT BRENT MOSHER, -	-		-		-		-		1919
SAMUEL ECCLESTON MULLAN, -		-		-		-		-	1954
HENRY BENSON MUNN, -			-		-		-		2106
JACOB JACKSON NOAH,	·	-		-		-		-	1868
Galen Griffin Norton, -	~				-		-		1937
HERBERT GOUVERNEUR OGDEN,				-		-		-	202 I
COL. MYRON MELVIN PARKER,,	-		-		-		-		1912
HENRY HOVEY PARMENTER, -		-		-				-	1869
FRANCIS HENRY PARSONS, -	-		-		-		-		1988
DR. ALBERT CHARLES PEALE, -		-		~		_		-	1984
PETER FRANCISCO PESCUD, -	-		_		_		1		2092
JESSE DAVID BRIGHT PETERS, -		-		-		-		-	1813
COL. JOHN LEWIS PEYTON, -	-		_		-		-		2048
REAR-ADMIRAL THOMAS STOWELL	Рнв	LPS	, τ	J.S.1	Ň.,	_		_	1966
CALVIN TILDEN PHILLIPS	-		_		_		_		2075

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HENRY BLACKMAN PLUMB,	NA'	TIONAL NU	2043
ADMIRAL DAVID DIXON PORTER,*	-	-	1801
CHARLES PORTERFIELD,		-	2082
HON. PHILIP SIDNEY POST, M.C.,	_	-	2033
PHILIP SIDNEY POST, JR.,	-	-	2034
LIEUTCOL. WM. M. POSTLETHWAITE, U.S.A.,	-	-	2111
Hon. CHARLES DEBRILLE POSTON,	-	-	1915
DR. DANIEL WEBSTER PRENTISS,	-	-	1973
HON. REDFIELD PROCTOR,	-	-	1992
WILLIAM ANDERSON RABORG,		-	2109
Hon. Estes George Rathbone,	-	-	1810
COL. FELIX ALEXANDER REEVE,	-	-	180 9
PHILIP KEY REILY,	-	-	1929
William Jones Rhees,	-	-	1814
OWEN RILEY,	-	-	1946
DR. HENRY ALFRED ROBBINS,	-	-	1889
Samuel Augustine Robinson,	-	-	1906
Col. J. Sumner Rogers,	-	-	2065
WILLIAM EDGAR ROGERS,	-	-	2099
HON. GEORGE CARR ROUND,	-	-	2093
Addison Gross Sargent,	-	-	2047
William George Sargent,	-	-	2087
HENRY CLAY SAVLES,	-	-	2015
CAPT. CLINTON BROOKS SEARS, U.S.A., -	-	-	1829
COL. FRANKLIN AUSTIN SEELY,	-	-	1962
WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON SHEETS,	-	-	1893
WILLIAM CARLYSLE SHELLEY,	-	-	1931
Senator John Sherman,	-	-	1805
Hon. George Howell Shields,	-	-	2037
Howard Sill,	-	-	2028
WILLIAM REYNOLDS SINGLETON,	-	-	2100
HENRY MARTYN SKILLMAN, JR.,	-	-	2004
THOMAS T SKILLMAN,	-	-	2005

* Deceased.

No.

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NATIONAL NUMBER FRANK BIRGE SMITH, 2052
JONATHAN LEAVITT SMITH, 1848
ROBERT ATWATER SMITH, 2066
Merwin-Marie Snell, 1979
RICHARD HENRY SPENCER,
Dr. Joshua Otis Stanton,* 1940
DR. FRANCIS OSMOND ST. CLAIR, 1870
DR. ROBERT EDWARD CARTER STEARNS, 1969
ARMAT STODDART, 2050
JUSTICE WILLIAM STRONG, 1964
WILSON BUDD STRONG, 1872
MILO COLBURN SUMMERS, 2095
Alfred Bissell Talcott, 1928
FRED. ELMER TASKER, 1974
GEN. GEORGE THOM, U.S.A.,* 1999
PROF. GILBERT THOMPSON, 1913
WASHINGTON NELSON TOLER, 2027
GEN. EDWARD DAVIS TOWNSEND, U. S. A., 1828
RICHARD SHUBRICK TRAPIER, 2071
FREDERICK WILLIAM TRUE, 1822
ROWAN BOONE TULEY, 2095
SENATOR ZEBULON B. VANCE, 1965
MED. INSP. WILLIAM KNICKERBOCKER VAN REYPEN, U.S.N. 2042
Hon. Edward Carrington Venable, M.C., 1830
DALLAS BACHE WAINWRIGHT 1873
GEN. DUNCAN STEPHEN WALKER, 1833
HON. JOSEPH HENRY WALKER, M. C., 1997
ROBERT JOHN WALKER, 1979
LAWRENCE WASHINGTON, 1983
Col. Thornton Augustin Washington, 1935
JOHN ELFRETH WATKINS, 1831
ANDREW BAKER WEBE, 1949
MARTIN VANBUREN WEBB, 1947
* Deceased

* Deceased.

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SAMUEL DILLARD WEBE, 19	3er 948
WILLIAM HOLCOME WEESTER, 20	584
WILLIAM PRATT WETHERELL, 21	113
ASHTON STOODLEY HALL WHITE, 18	374
DR. GUY FAIRFAX WHITING, 19	943
JOHN BREWER WIGHT, IG	944
LLOYD BUCHANAN WIGHT, 20	160
OTIS CALEB WIGHT, 20	060
DR. AHAB GEORGE WILKINSON, 20	596
ERNEST WILKINSON, IG	951
GEORGE L. WILKINSON, 20	297
CHARLES MCALLISTER WILLCOX, 20	040
GEN. ORLANDO BOLIVAR WILLCOX, U. S. A., 19	981
ORLANDO BLODGETT WILLCOX, 20	291
WILLIAM CRAWFORD WINLOCK, IS	844
REV. CLARENCE E. WOODMAN, 20	551
DR. FRANCIS JOSEPH WOODMAN, 18	88 6
REAR-ADMIRAL JOHN LORIMER WORDEN, U.S.N., 18	802
Hon. John Vines Wright, 18	883
GEN. MARCUS JOSEPH WRIGHT, 18	306
Col. Levi Parker Wright, 19	950



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