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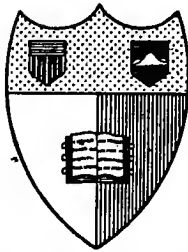


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# MILITARY HISTORY

—OF—

WAYNE COUNTY, N. Y.

The County in the Civil War.

BY LEWIS H. CLARK

PUBLISHERS :  
LEWIS H. CLARK, HULETT & GAYLORD,  
RODUS, N. Y.

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1883.





## DEDICATION.

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THIS  
VOLUME IS  
RESPECTFULLY DEDI-  
CATED TO THE SURVIVING  
SOLDIERS OF THE COUNTY OF WAYNE,  
AND TO THE FAMILIES OF THOSE WHO PER-  
ISHED IN WAR, OR WHO HAVE GONE DOWN TO HONOR-  
ED GRAVES IN THE SUCCEEDING YEARS OF PEACE. THEIR HEROIC  
SACRIFICES CONSTITUTE THE PRICELESS INHERITANCE  
OF THEIR CHILDREN, AND THE RECORD OF  
THEIR ACHIEVEMENTS WILL FORM ONE  
OF THE BRIGHTEST PAGES IN  
THE ANNALS OF THE  
COUNTY THROUGH  
ALL COMING  
TIME.





# PREFACE.

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In the month of December, 1880, the author of the present work was at Newburgh finishing the history of Orange county, upon which he had been engaged for several months, in company with Mr. E. M. Ruttenber, a gentleman of eminent qualifications. Urging him to write a chapter upon the part which the county had taken in the civil war, he replied: "*A chapter!!* Impossible! If the publishers will issue a *volume*, entitled 'Orange County in the Civil War,' I shall be glad to write it."

The suggestive remark led to the preparation of the work now submitted to the people of this county. To write Wayne county in the civil war was the original thought. The thought grew as it was studied. It seemed proper to give to such a work an introduction which should allude to previous military events in the history of the county.

As soon as the materials were examined they proved to be of too much importance to be compressed within the limits of a simple introduction; and hence what was intended to be an introductory chapter became an introductory part of nine chapters. This enlargement of the plan rendered the title as originally designed slightly inapplicable, the work having expanded to a general military history of the county.

It was evident, too, that any such historical work would be increased in value by including a notice of the civil organization of the county, with a list of officers, from the beginning to the present time. Hence the first chapter of the first part took its present form. It is believed that it

now comprises within a few pages, easy of reference, clearer and more complete information upon the organization of the county and of the several towns than is found in any book heretofore published.

In chapters two, three, four and six of part first, several matters are treated of which are not exclusively military, but they are either closely connected with military matters or a discussion of them seemed necessary to explain actual military affairs.

The preparation of this volume has required extensive research and careful investigation. An examination of its contents will show the magnitude of the undertaking. In attempting to publish a book which contains names by the thousand, and so large a number of dates, it is too much to hope that perfect accuracy has been secured. It is scarcely possible that every name will be found correctly written or every date correctly given. It has been the steady aim of the author, however, to reduce the ordinary errors found in names and dates to the smallest possible percentage.

Neither labor nor expense has been spared to accomplish this end. To perfect the soldiers' lists by towns several sources of information have been sought.

1st. All the names found in the imperfect lists of the Wayne County History of 1876 were taken.

2d. The eight large volumes containing the muster-in rolls of the State were searched for additional names.

3d. The marshals' reports of 1865, prepared in taking the census (bound up and deposited in the County Clerk's office), were carefully read.

4th. The muster-out rolls, on file in the Adjutant-General's office at Albany, were thoroughly studied.

5th. Newspaper lists of enlisted men, or of the killed and wounded, were used to perfect the records.

6th. General inquiry has been made from every available source.

7th. Subscribers to the book have been afforded an opportunity of writing out their own records upon blanks furnished to them, and these blanks have been freely distributed, whether soldiers subscribed or not.

Equal care has been given to all other portions of the book.

The author is very sure that he has had in the preparation of this volume a deep, personal interest, amounting almost to actual enthusiasm, as he has studied the patriotic services of the soldiers of Wayne. He is equally conscious that he has devoted to the work a great amount of steady and persistent labor, with the sincere design of making the best possible book upon the subject. He therefore confidently submits the finished work to the charitable, reasonable judgment of the public.

Acknowledgments are due to the editors of all the newspapers published in the county for the hearty words of encouragement they have at all times given to the work, and for the courtesies and liberality which they have shown in publishing numerous and repeated requests for information upon various points as well as articles of greater length, explanatory of the designs.

Books consulted have been Turner's History of Phelps' and Gorham's Purchase, Charlevoix Works, Champlain's Journals, Adjutant-Generals' reports, Colonel Kreutzer's valuable history of the Ninety-Eighth, Hall's "Cayuga in the Field," McIntosh's Wayne County History, Judd's History of the Thirty-Third, French's State Gazetteer, Supervisors' proceedings, Military Register of 1823, Lossing's Field Book of 1812, History of the War of 1812—published in 1816, and others "too numerous to mention."

Thanks are hereby returned to Rev. Dr. Hawley and Col. John S. Clark, of Auburn; to George Conover, of Geneva,

and to Hon. Diedrich Willers, of Seneca county, for assistance rendered, suggestions made and material furnished.

Within the county various correspondents are entitled to thanks for prompt response to letters of inquiry and for valuable data furnished. To all who have afforded any aid whatever our acknowledgments are hereby tendered.

The courtesy of various public officers in furnishing access to records, and of publishers in allowing free use of their files is worthy of thanks.

Special credit for material furnished will appear in the various chapters.

L. H. C.

# PART FIRST.

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## CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTORY—FORMATION OF THE COUNTY—COUNTY OFFICERS AND THE  
BAR OF WAYNE COUNTY, 1823—OFFICERS TO THE PRESENT TIME—  
TOWNS—FIRST MEETINGS—SUPERVISORS DOWN TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THE earliest county organization extended over Western New York was that of Albany. This was one of the original twelve counties into which the province of New York was divided by an act of the Colonial Legislature, passed November 1, 1683.

Albany was then described as comprising "the manor of Rensselaerwyck, Schenectady, and all the villages, neighborhoods and Christian plantations on the east side of Hudson's river, from Roeloffe Jansen's creek, and on the west side from Sawyer's creek to the outermost end of Saraghtoga."

This description can scarcely be said to include the territory of Western New York, which was then an unknown land. It limited Albany county north and south, but left its western boundary indefinite. Subsequent statutes, however, made Albany county to include the whole territory of the province westward; but no exercise of county authority under the name of Albany could have taken place upon the soil of Wayne. The next county organization in order was that of Montgomery (first called Tryon), which was formed from Albany, March 12, 1772, just before the opening of the Revolutionary war.

All of Western New York was virtually included in Montgomery county for seventeen years.

At the close of that period it had become necessary that actual civil authority should be exercised over this section of country.

The purchase by Phelps & Gorham in 1787 led to immediate settlement, and Ontario county was formed from Montgomery, January 27, 1789.

Canandaigua became the county seat. A part of the territory now included in Wayne county was included in Ontario for thirty-four years, and the early settlement of western Wayne took place under that organization. The eastern part of Wayne county must be traced through a different line. Ontario county had been taken from Montgomery in 1789, bounded east by the "old pre-emption line." Herkimer county was next formed from Montgomery, February 16, 1791, extending westward to the same pre-emption line. From Herkimer, Onondaga county was formed, March 5, 1794. Cayuga county was formed from Onondaga, March 8, 1799, and finally Seneca was organized out of the territory of Cayuga, March 29, 1804. This brings the record down to the formation of Wayne county, which took place April 11, 1823. The present territory of Wayne lying east of the "new pre-emption line" was taken from Seneca, comprising Huron, Wolcott,\* Rose, Butler, Galen and Savannah.

The territory lying west of that line was taken from Ontario County, Sodus, Williamson, Ontario, Marion, Walworth, Lyons, Arcadia and Macedon.

#### ABSTRACT OF THE ACT ERECTING THE COUNTY.

AN ACT to erect a new county from parts of the counties of Ontario and Seneca, by the name of Wayne, and for other purposes. Passed April 11, 1823:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, that all that part of the counties of Ontario and Seneca hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, the towns of Wolcott and Galen, in

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\*It appears that Wolcott was for a time a part of the County of Cayuga. Chapter 94, Laws of 1812, is as follows:

"AN ACT to annex the Town of Wolcott, in the County of Seneca, to the County of Cayuga.

PASSED June 6, 1812.

"Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly:

"That all that tract of land included within the boundaries of the Town of Wolcott, in the County of Seneca, be annexed to, and from and after the passage of this act shall form a part of the County of Cayuga."

By Chapter 189, Laws of 1817, the town was again made a part of Seneca County.



the county of Seneca, and the towns of Lyons, Sodus, Williamson, Ontario, Palmyra and Macedon, and all that part of the town of Phelps which lies north of an east and west line to be run from the southwest corner of the town of Galen, in the county of Seneca, to the east line of the town of Manchester, in the county of Ontario, together with such part of the territory of said counties as is included between the southern shore of Lake Ontario and the boundary between the United States and Upper Canada on the north, the easterly line of the town of Wolcott continued to the said boundary line on the east, and the westerly line of the town of Ontario continued to the said boundary line on the west, shall constitute a distinct county, to be known by the name of Wayne.

By section second Wm. D. Ford, of Jefferson county, Samuel Strong, of Tioga county, and Oliver P. Ashley, of Greene county, were appointed a commission to determine the proper site of the court house and jail.

By section three, courts were provided for.

By section four the first term of the Court of Common Pleas for the new county was required to be holden in the Presbyterian church at Lyons.

By section five, authority was given Wayne county to confine prisoners in the jail of Ontario county.

By section six the county was declared to be entitled to two members of Assembly.

\* \* \* \* \*

By section nine, Nathaniel Kellogg, William Patrick and Simeon Griswold were appointed commissioners to erect jail and court house.

By section ten the first meeting of the supervisors was directed to be held at the house of Henry L. Woolsey, in Lyons, first Tuesday of October, 1823.

The election for county officers was held May 6, 1823. The Board of Canvassers, which received the returns and made the determination of the result, consisted of Enoch Morse, of Sodus; Russell Whipple, of Williamson; Ezekiel Price, of Lyons; Elisha Benjamin, of Wolcott; Frederick Smith, of Palmyra; Harry S. Moore, of Ontario; William P. Capron, of Macedon, and John Lewis, of Galen.

Thomas Armstrong was elected Sheriff; Israel J. Richardson, Clerk, and Russell Whipple, Coroner. They took the oath of office May 13, 1823. John S. Tallmadge also qualified as Surrogate on the same day, and that may be considered the day of organization.

The first court was held on the fourth Tuesday of May, 1823. Judge John S. Tallmadge presided, assisted by Enoch Morse and William Sisson. William H. Adams was District Attorney, and the lawyers practicing here were the following gentlemen, as shown by their signatures to the anti-dueling oath (a curiosity, by the way, still on file in the office of the county clerk): William H. Adams, Frederick Smith, Orville L. Holley, Wm. J. Hough, John Fleming, Jr., Graham H. Chapin, Hugh Jameson, William Wells, E. M. Coe, Charles F. Smith, T. P. Baldwin, L. B. Mizner, Nathan Parke, David Hudson, Jesse Clark, Jarred Willson, L. W. Ruggles, Mark H. Sibley, Alexander R. Tiffany, John Benton, Hiram K. Jerome, Rodney Church, George W. Scott, Joseph Skinner, Samuel Dickinson. All of these, except the last five, qualified on the opening of the court, May 23, 1823—the five a few months later.

Judge John S. Tallmadge had been sworn in as Judge, May 7th, before Judge Luther F. Stevens, of Seneca county, and was therefore qualified to administer the oath of office to the County Clerk elect.\*

The records at Albany show the following appointments for the new county of Wayne. We add, also, a few of the more important officers through subsequent years down to the Constitution of 1846:

April 18, 1823, Governor and Senate appointed:

William Sisson, David Arne, Jonathan Boyington, Judges of the County Courts of the county of Wayne.

Ambrose Hall, also nominated by the Governor for Judge, was not confirmed.

Subsequently, John S. Tallmadge was nominated in the place of Hall and confirmed.

April 18, 1823, John S. Tallmadge was confirmed as Surrogate.

April 19, 1825, Jacob W. Hallett was confirmed as first Judge of the county of Wayne.

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\* Hugh Jameson was appointed Deputy County Clerk, May 30, 1823, and was active in organizing the business of the office. He was deputy for many years, and his work appears in all the earlier books.

Reuben H. Foster was appointed Deputy Sheriff June 21, 1823, and Sanford Sisson, August 4, 1823.

January 11, 1826, the Senate confirmed Frederick Smith to be Surrogate of Wayne county, vice Tallmadge, deceased.

March 10, 1826, the Senate confirmed Graham H. Chapin to be Surrogate of Wayne county.

March 23, 1825, the Senate confirmed the appointment of Truman Heminway and Henry Yersington to be auctioneers of the county of Wayne.

April 9, 1824, the Senate confirmed the appointment of George Culver to be Inspector of beef and pork for the county of Wayne.

February 21, 1824, the Senate confirmed the appointment of Martin W. Wilcox to be Inspector of distilled spirits for the county of Wayne.

March 23, 1827, the Senate confirmed the appointment of Alexander R. Tiffany to be First Judge of the Courts of Wayne county.

January 29, 1830, the appointment of William Sisson First Judge was confirmed by the Senate.

February 5, 1830, Thomas P. Baldwin, of Palmyra, and Daniel Eddy, of Marion, were appointed Judges.

April 20, 1832, Russell Whipple was appointed Judge.

April 26, 1833, David Arne, Jr., of Wolcott, was appointed Judge.

January 12, 1830, Graham H. Chapin was appointed Surrogate.

April 16, 1827, Hiram K. Jerome was appointed Master in Chancery.

February 11, 1834, Lyman Sherwood was confirmed by the Senate as Surrogate.

February 3, 1835, William Sisson was appointed First Judge.

March 13, 1835, Theodore Partridge was appointed Judge.

January 7, 1837, Daniel Poppino and Marvin Rich were appointed Judges vice Whipple and Barber.

March 18, 1838, Lyman Sherwood appointed Judge.

March 18, 1838, David Arne, Jr., Judge.

January 29, 1840, the Senate confirmed the appointment of Hiram K. Jerome, of Palmyra, as First Judge, in place of William Sisson, whose term was to expire February 6, 1840.

James C. Smith was confirmed as Surrogate April 10, 1843, in place of Lyman Sherwood.

April 12, 1843, Oliver H. Palmer was confirmed as First Judge, in place of Jerome, resigned.

May 12, 1846, William H. Adams, of Galen, was appointed First Judge, vice Palmer, resigned.

The County Judges elected by the people under the Constitution of 1846 have been as follows: George H. Middleton, elected fall of 1847; Leander S. Ketchum, 1851; Lyman Sherwood, 1859; George W. Cowles, 1863; Luther M. Norton, 1869; George W. Cowles, 1873; Thaddeus W. Collins, 1879, and now in office.

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## CIVIL LIST.

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### SHERIFFS.

- May 6, 1823—Thomas Armstrong.  
 Nov. 1825—Reuben H. Foster.  
 1828—Cullen Foster.  
 1831—Calvin D. Palmeter.  
 1834—Truman Heminway,  
 1837—Hiram Mann.  
 1840—Simon V. W. Stout.  
 1843—John Borradaile.  
 1846—George W. Barnard.  
 1849—Chester A. Ward.  
 1852—George W. Paddock.  
 1855—William P. Nottingham.  
 1858—Adrastus Snedaker.  
 1861—John P. Bennett.  
 1864—Bartlett R. Rogers.  
 1867—John P. Bennett.  
 1870—John N. Brownell.  
 1873—Richard P. Groat.  
 1876—Thomas M. Clark.  
 1879—William J. Glen.  
 1882—Vernon R. Howell.

### COUNTY CLERKS.

- May 6, 1823—Israel J. Richardson.  
 Nov. 1825—John Barber, Jr.  
 1828—John Barber, Jr.

- Nov. 1831—John L. Cuyler. (Resigned after serving two years.)  
 1833—Cullen Foster.  
 1836—Cullen Foster.  
 1839—James Hawley.  
 1842—Daniel Chapman.  
 1845—Alexander B. Williams.  
 1848—Alexander B. Williams.  
 1851—Saxon B. Gavitt.  
 1854—Saxon B. Gavitt.  
 1857—Lyman Lyon.  
 1860—Lyman Lyon.  
 1863—Clark Mason.  
 1866—Thaddeus W. Collins.  
 1869—Albert F. Redfield.  
 1872—Alfred H. Gates.  
 1875—Volney H. Sweeting.  
 1878—Abel J. Bixby.  
 1881—John McGonigal.

## DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

- May, 13, 1823—William H. Adams.  
 Sept. 23, 1823—William H. Adams.  
 Sept. 26, 1829—Graham H. Chapin.  
 Sept. 29, 1830—William H. Adams.  
 Feb. 1, 1831—John M. Holley.  
 Jan. 31, 1835—Theron R. Strong.  
 Feb. 26, 1839—Charles W. Lawton.  
 Oct. 5, 1842—John M. Holly.  
 Sept. 26, 1845—George H. Middleton.  
 May 26, 1845—Lyman Sherwood.  
 June — 1847—Coles Bashford.  
 Oct. 6, 1850—George Olmsted. (In place of Bashford, resigned.)  
 Nov. — 1850—Stephen K. Williams,  
 1853—Joseph Welling.  
 1856—Jared F. Harrison. (Served only 2 years.)  
 1858—Jacob B. Decker.  
 1861—William F. Aldrich.  
 1864—George W. Williams, Jr.  
 1867—John H. Camp.  
 1870—Charles H. Roys.  
 1873—Murganzy Hopkins.  
 1876—Marvin J. Greenwood.  
 1879—John Vandenburgh.  
 1882—Jefferson W. Hoag.

## COUNTY TREASURERS.

- Oct. — 1823—Samuel Hecox was appointed by the Board of Supervisors, and served, by successive reappointments, for nineteen years, until November 13, 1841. Under that date Seth Smith was chosen and served one year.
- Nov. 19, 1842—Joseph M. Demmon.
- Nov. 18, 1845—Joseph M. Demmon. (After the Constitution of 1846, County Treasurers were elected by the people, as follows:)
- Nov. 1848—Bartlett R. Rogers.  
 1851—Philander P. Bradish.  
 1857—John Adams.  
 1860—John Adams.  
 1862—Smith A. Dewey.  
 1865—Smith A. Dewey.  
 1868—Smith A. Dewey.  
 1871—William R. Stults.  
 1874—William R. Stults.  
 1877—William R. Stults. (Resigned Jan. 2, 1879.)
- Jan. 3, 1879—Elijah P. Taylor. (Appointed by Board of Supervisors.)
- Nov. 1879—Andrew F. Sheldon.  
 1882—Andrew F. Sheldon.

Assemblymen\* prior to 1823, for the counties from which Wayne was formed:—

Ontario—Isaac I. Chapin, 1792-'3; Thomas Morris, 1794, 1795, 1796; Lemuel Chipman, Charles Williamson, 1798.

Ontario with Steuben, 1799—Amos Hall, Charles Williamson.

Cayuga, 1800—Silas Halsey.

Ontario with Steuben, 1800—Nathaniel Norton, Charles Williamson.

Cayuga, 1802—Solomon Buell.

Ontario with Steuben, 1802—Daniel Chapin, Peter B. Porter.

Cayuga, 1803—Salmon Buell, Silas Halsey, Thomas Hewett.

Ontario with Genesee, 1803—Thaddeus Chapin, Augustus Porter, Polydore B. Wisner.

Cayuga, 1804—Silas Halsey, Thomas Hewitt, Amos Rathbun.

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\* Of course not many of these men resided in what is now Wayne County. All are given here for convenience of reference by those studying the history of this section.

Ontario with Genesee, 1804—Amos Hall, Polydore B. Wisner, Nathaniel W. Howell.

Seneca, 1805—John Sayre.

Ontario with Genesee, 1805—Amos Hall, Daniel W. Lewis, Alexander Rea.

Seneca, 1806—Cornelius Humphrey.

Ontario with Genesee, 1806—Daniel W. Lewis, Ezra Patterson, Alexander Rea.

Seneca, 1807—Cornelius Humphrey.

Ontario, with Genesee and Allegany, 1807—Alexander Rea, Philetus Swift, Asahel Warner.

Seneca, 1808—John Sayre.

Ontario, with Genesee and Allegany—Amos Hall,\* William Rumsey, Philetus Swift, Asahel Warner, Jr.

Seneca, 1809—James McCall.

Ontario, 1809—Micah Brooks, Samuel Lawrence, Richard Laech, Hugh McNair, William Rogers.

Seneca, 1810—Oliver Comstock.

Ontario, 1810—Valentine Brother, Israel Chapin, Daniel Dorsey, William Markham, Gideon Pitts.

Seneca,\*1811—Robert S. Rose.

Ontario, 1811—Septimus Evans, Reuben Hart, Hugh McNair, Stephen Phelps, Asahel Warner.

Seneca, 1812—Oliver Comstock.

Ontario, 1812—Nathaniel Allen, Valentine Brother, David Sutherland, Joshua Van Fleet, Ezra Waite.

Seneca, 1813—James McCall.

Ontario, 1813—Abraham Dox, Gilbert Howell, Hugh McNair, David Sutherland, Asahel Warner.

Seneca, 1814—James McCall.

Ontario, 1814—Hugh McNair, Stephen Phelps, David Sutherland, Joshua Van Fleet, Asahel Warner.

Seneca, 1815—David Woodcock.

Ontario, 1815—Peter Allen, John Price, James Roseburgh, Ira Selby, David Sutherland.

Seneca, 1816—Nicholas Halsey, Jacob D. Larzelere, William Thompson.

Ontario, 1816—Peter Allen, Israel Chapin, Jonathan Child, Henry Fellows, Myron Holley, Alexander Kelsey, Thomas Lee, Roger Sprague.

Seneca, 1817—Archer Green, Jacob D. Larzelere, William Thompson.

Ontario, 1817—Peter Allen, Jonathan Child, Byram Green, Caleb Hopkins, Joshua Lee, James Roseburgh, Nathan Whitney.

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\* Returned as elected ; resigned in favor of Rumsey.

Seneca, 1818—Myndert M. Dox,\* John Sutton, William Thompson.

Ontario, 1818—Phineas P. Bates, Nathaniel Case, Samuel Lawrence, James Roseburgh, Ira Selby, John VanVossen, Ezra Waite.

Seneca, 1819—William Thompson, Annanias Wells.

Ontario, 1819—William Billinghamurst, Byram Green, Eli Hill, William McCartney, Elijah Spencer, John A. Stevens, Asahel Warner.

Seneca, 1820—Thomas Armstrong, Robert S. Rose.

Ontario, 1820—Valentine Brother, Byram Green, John Price, John C. Spencer, Elisha B. Strong, John VanVossen, Matthew Warner.

Seneca, 1821—Robert S. Rose, William Thompson.

Ontario, 1821—Claudius V. Boughton, William Cornwell, Oliver Culver, Truman Hart, Myron Holley, John C. Spencer, William H. Spencer.

Seneca, 1822—James Dickson, John Maynard.

Ontario, 1822—Birdseye Brooks, Byram Green, Isaac Marsh, Aaron Remer, David White.

Seneca, 1823—Jonas Seeley, Annanias Wells.

Ontario, 1823—Birdseye Brooks, Richard Hogarth, Jacob Leach, Aaron Remer, Ira Selby, Philetus Swift.

#### MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY FOR WAYNE COUNTY.

1824—James Dickson, Russell Whipple.

'25—Wm. H. Adams, Enoch Morse.

'26—Ambrose Hall, John L. Kip.

'27—Thomas Armstrong, Jonathan Boynton.

'28—Thomas Armstrong, Luther Fillmore.

'29—Thomas Armstrong, Jonathan Boynton.

'30—Luther Chapin, Seth Eddy.

'31—Annanias Wells, Seth Eddy.

'32—James Humeston, Ambrose Salisbury.

'33—James Humeston, Ambrose Salisbury.

'34—James P. Bartle, Russell Whipple.

'35—Elisha Benjamin, Wm. D. Wylie.

'36—Reuben H. Foster, Robert Alsop.

'37—David Arne, Jr., Pomeroy Tucker.

'38—John M. Holley, Esbon Blackmar.

'39—Thomas Armstrong, Ambrose Salisbury.

'40—Horace Morley, Durfee Osband.

'41—John M. Holley, Esbon Blackmar.

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\* Died, in Buffalo, on the 8th of Sept., 1830, Myndert M. Dox, Esq., late Collector of the Port of Buffalo, and during the last war a Captain in the U. S. army. He was a gallant officer and won the esteem of his associates.



- 1842—James M. Wilson, Theron R. Strong.  
 '43—Philip Sours, Frederick U. Sheffield.  
 '44—Austin Roe, Isaac R. Sanford.  
 '45—John J. Dickson, Alanson M. Knapp.  
 '46—James T. Wisner, Elias Durfee.  
 '47—Israel R. Southard, Samuel Moore.  
 '48—Eliada Pettit, John Lapham.  
 '49—Isaac Bottum, Theron G. Yeomans.  
 '50—James M. Wilson, Elihu Durfee.  
 '51—Edward W. Bottum, Theron G. Yeomans.  
 '52—William Dutton, Theron G. Yeomans.  
 '53—Benjamin H. Streeter, Loami Whitcomb.  
 '54—Willis G. Wade, John P. Bennett.  
 '55—James T. Wisner, John P. Bennett.  
 '56—Harlow Hyde, Thomas Barnes.  
 '57—Thomas Johnson, Joseph Peacock.  
 '58—Edward W. Sentell, Charles Estes.  
 '59—Henry K. Graves, John A. Laing.  
 '60—James M. Servis, Abel J. Bixby.  
 '61—Jabez S. L'Amoreaux, Joseph W. Corning.  
 '62—Eron N. Thomas, Abram Pryne.  
 '63—Thaddeus W. Collins, Lemuel Durfee.  
 '64—Thaddeus W. Collins, Lemuel Durfee.  
 '65—Thaddeus W. Collins, William H. Rogers.  
 '66—John Vandenburgh, William H. Rogers.  
 '67—John Vandenburgh, Ornon Archer.  
 '68—DeWitt Parshall, Elijah M. K. Glenn.  
 '69—Merritt Thornton, Amasa Hall.  
 '70—Anson S. Wood, Amasa Hall.  
 '71—Anson S. Wood, Henry R. Durfee.  
 '72—Edward B. Wells, Lucien T. Yeomans.  
 '73—Edward B. Wells, Lucien T. Yeomans.  
 '74—Emory W. Gurnee, Henry M. Clark.  
 '75—Wm. H. Clark, Allen S. Russell.  
 '76—Emory W. Gurnee, Allen S. Russell.  
 '77—Jackson Valentine, Jeremiah Thistlewaite.  
 '78—Jackson Valentine, James H. Miller.  
 '79—John A. Munson, Jefferson Sherman.  
 '80—Alfred P. Crafts, Jefferson Sherman.  
 '81—Rowland Robinson, Addison Gates.  
 '82—Oscar Weed, Wm. E. Greenwood.  
 '83—Oscar Weed, Leman Hotchkiss.

## SENATORS FROM WAYNE COUNTY.

- 1823, '24—Byram Green.  
 '30, '31—Thomas Armstrong.  
 '32, '33—Thomas Armstrong.

- 1834, '35—Thomas Armstrong.  
 '36, '37—Thomas Armstrong.  
 '43, '44—Lyman Sherwood.  
 '54, '55—William Clark.  
 '56, '57—Samuel C. Cuyler.  
 '58, '59—Alexander B. Williams.  
 '60, '61—Alexander B. Williams.  
 '64, '65—Stephen K. Williams.  
 '66, '67—Stephen K. Williams.  
 '68, '69—Stephen K. Williams.

## SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE.

- 1868, '69—John H. Kemper.  
 '76, '77—John W. Corning.  
 '80, '81—John W. Corning.  
 '82, '83—John W. Corning.

## DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE.

- 1840, '41—Philip M. De Zeng.

## SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

- 1867—John H. Kemper.

## COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

Under the act of April 17, 1843, this office was created.  
 It was abolished March 13, 1847.

The appointments for Wayne \* county were:

- Nov. 11, 1841—Philo D. Green.  
 Nov. 18, 1843—Samuel Cole.  
 Nov. 26, 1846—James Redfield.

## PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

- 1824—Solomon St. John.  
 '28—John Beal.  
 '36—Alanson M. Knapp.  
 '40—Charles Bradish.  
 '44—Jonathan Boynton.  
 '48—Joseph W. Gates.  
 '60—William Van Marter.  
 '72—John H. Camp.  
 '76—George W. Knowles.

## SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Appointed 1856—M. F. Sweeting, Albert S. Todd.

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\* Appointed by the Board of Supervisors.

Elected	1857—M. F. Sweeting, Albert S. Todd.
"	'60—Thomas Robinson, Myron W. Reed. [man.
"	'63—Alonzo M. Winchester,* Jefferson Sher-
"	'66—John McGonigal, Ethel M. Allen.
"	'69—John McGonigal, Ethel M. Allen.
"	'72—Joseph H. L. Roe, Felix J. Griffin.
"	'75—Sidney G. Cooke, Wm. T. Goodenough.
"	'78—Sidney G. Gooke, Wm. T. Goodenough.
"	'81—E. C. Delano, Daniel VonCruyningham.

## CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

1801—From Cayuga county then including Eastern Wayne, Silas Halsey.

From Ontario then including Western Wayne, Moses Atwater.

1821—From Seneca county, Robert S. Rose, Jonas Seely.

From Ontario county, Micah Brooks, John Price, David Sutherland, Philetus Swift, Joshua VanFleet.

1846—From Wayne county, Ornon Archer, Horatio N. Taft.

1867—Ornon Archer, Leander S. Ketchum.

1872—Constitutional Commissioner, Van Rensselaer Richmond.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

1839, '40—Theron R. Strong,

'43, '44—Byram Green.

'47, '48—John M. Holley.†

Esbon Blackmar, (vice Holley.)

'59, '61—Martin Butterfield.

'69, '71—George W. Cowles.

'77, '83—John H. Camp.

## STATE OFFICERS.

From the territory now comprised in the county of Wayne.

## CANAL COMMISSIONER.

Myron Holley, appointed April 17, 1817.

## CANAL APPRAISERS.

George W. Cuyler, appointed April 18, 1843, declined; Ambrose Salisbury, appointed May 11, 1843, served three years.

\* Supervisors awarded certificate of election to Thomas Robinson, but the courts subsequently declared Mr. Winchester elected.

† Died in Florida, March 8, 1848, at Jacksonville.

## JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Nov. 4, 1851—Theron R. Strong.

## STATE ENGINEER.

Nov. 3, 1857—Van Rensselaer Richmond.  
 Nov. '59—Van Rensselaer Richmond.  
 Nov. 5, '67—Van Rensselaer Richmond.  
 Nov. '69—Van Rensselaer Richmond.

## SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR.

February 3, 1830—Lyman Dunning.\*  
 February 3, '30—Isaac Durfee.  
 February 3, '30—Cyrus Smith.  
 November 30, '31—Reuben H. Foster.  
 November 16, '32—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 16, '32—Lyman Dunning.  
 November 13, '33—Lyman Dunning.  
 November 13, '33—Reuben H. Foster.  
 November 14, '34—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 14, '34—Lyman Dunning.  
 November 14, '34—Reuben H. Foster.  
 November 11, '35—Calvin D. Palmeter.  
 November 11, '35—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 11, '35—Lyman Dunning.  
 November 15, '36—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 15, '36—James Edwards.  
 November 15, '36—Calvin D. Palmeter.  
 November 14, '37—Calvin D. Palmeter.  
 November 14, '37—James Edwards.  
 November 14, '37—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 13, '38—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 13, '38—Calvin D. Palmeter.  
 November 13, '38—James Edwards.  
 November 12, '39—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 12, '39—James Edwards.  
 November 12, '39—Reuben H. Foster.  
 November 12, '40—Jonathan Boynton.  
 November 12, '40—James Edwards.  
 November 12, '40—Reuben H. Foster.  
 November 13, '41—George Boynton.  
 November 13, '41—Gardner Warren.  
 November 13, '41—Philander Mitchell.  
 November 19, '42—James Edwards.  
 November 19, '42—Martin Lazalier.  
 November 19, '42—Truman Heminway.

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\* Appointed by the Board of Supervisors.

- November 22, 1843—James Edwards.  
 November 22, '43—Martin Lazalier.  
 November 22, '43—Truman Heminway.  
 November 21, '44—James Edwards.  
 November 21, '44—Martin Lazalier.  
 November 21, '44—Truman Heminway.\*

## SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR.

- 1845—Abram Parsons.  
 '46—Wm. D. Wylie.  
 '47—John Dratt.†  
 '48—Abijah Moore, Maltby Clark, James Miller, Jr.  
 '49—Nelson D. Young.  
 '50—Duncan Wilson.  
 '51—Maltby Clark.  
 '52—Wm. D. Wylie.  
 '53—Israel J. Clapp.  
 '54—Wm. Mockridge.  
 '55—Maltby Clark.  
 '56—Philander Mitchell.  
 '57—William Mockridge.  
 '58—Clark Phillips.  
 '59—Philander Mitchell.  
 '60—Isaac Z. Hodges.  
 '61—John S. Roe.  
 '62—Clark Phillips.  
 '63—Isaac Z. Hodges.  
 '64—John S. Roe.  
 '65—Durfee Wilcox.  
 '66—Isaac Z. Hodges.  
 '67—John S. Roe.  
 '68—Durfee Wilcox.  
 '69—John Everett.  
 '70—Morgan Cookingham.  
 '71—Durfee Wilcox.  
 '72—John G. Mead.  
 '73—Morgan Cookingham.  
 '74—Durfee Wilcox.  
 '75—John G. Mead.  
 '76—James B. Wiley.

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\* By Chapter 815, Laws of 1845, one Superintendent of the Poor was directed to be elected by the people at the general election, and his term of office commenced on the third Monday of November.

† By Chapter 498, Laws of 1847, three Superintendents of the Poor were directed to be elected at the general election of 1848, to be classified for one, two and three years, and thereafter one was to be elected annually, to hold office three years.

- 1877—Dwight Flint.  
 '78—John G. Mead.  
 '79—James B. Wiley.  
 '80—Dwight Flint.  
 '81—William W. Burbank.  
 '82—James B. Wiley.

## CORONERS.

Elected May 6, 1823—Russell Whipple, Sanford Sisson, Andrew G. Low, Wm. P. Capron.

November, 1825—Russell Whipple, George Smith, Wm. Terry, Garry Burnham.

November, 1828—Calvin D. Palmeter, James Edwards, Ira White, James Dickson.

1831—Joseph Williams, James Dickson, Ira White, Harlow Hyde.

1832—Theodore Partridge, Philip Grandin, Abraham Knapp.

1833—John Condit.

'34—Joseph Williams.

'35—Wm. W. Willets.

'36—John J. Dickson, Abel Wyman, James Satterlee.

'37—Samuel C. Cuyler, Maltby Clark.

'38—Theodore Partridge.

'39—Thomas I. Romeyn, Joseph A. Phelps.

'40—Maltby Clark.

'41—Theodore Partridge.

'42—George E. Dill, Peter Thatcher.

'43—Bruce Everson.

'44—Daniel F. Luce.

'45—Caleb A. Carpenter, Oren Gaylord, Edward Beach.

'47—John N. Harder.

'48—John F. Packard, Thomas Wickham, Duncan Wilson.

'50—Daniel Jemison.

'51—Samuel Miller, Jesse Owen, Daniel Grandin.

'52—Harlow Hyde.

'53—Wm. Culliford.

'54—James W. Pennington, Daniel Grandin.

'55—Nathan P. Colvin.

'56—Daniel Conger.

'57—Daniel Grandin, Fenner Palmer.

'58—Henry D. Whitbeck.

'59—Henry C. Rice.

'60—Russell Allyn, Fenner Palmer.

'61—Joseph F. Case.

'62—Henry C. Rice.

- 1863—Russell Allyn, Henry R. Taber.  
 '64—Samuel Weed.  
 '65—David R. Hamilton.  
 '66—Henry M. Griffin, George G. Jessup.  
 '67—Samuel Weed.  
 '68—David R. Hamilton.  
 '69—Abraham J. Barhite, George G. Jessup.  
 '70—Samuel Weed.  
 '71—A. F. Gillette.  
 '72—Charles H. Kelly.  
 '73—Alfred P. Crafts, Alexander G. Austin.  
 '74—A. F. Gillette.  
 '75—Charles H. Kelly.  
 '76—Alfred P. Crafts, John D. Briggs.  
 '77—George P. Livingston.  
 '78—Charles H. Kelly.  
 '79—Eben W. Newbury, John D. Briggs.  
 '80—George P. Livingston.  
 '81—John Pitkin.  
 '82—Eben W. Newbury, John D. Briggs.

## JUSTICES OF SESSIONS.

- '49—John J. Dickson, Clark Mason.  
 '50—Harlow Hyde, Nathan Bostwick.  
 '51—William A. Fuller, Manlius W. Gage.  
 '52—Isaac E. Beecher, William A. Fuller.  
 '53—Theodore Dickinson, William A. Fuller.  
 '54—Chauncey B. Collins, Reuben T. Conklin.  
 '55—Harvey Miller, Marvin Rich.  
 '56—Harvey Miller, Ira S. Beal.  
 '57—Isaac Z. Hodges, Theodore Dickinson.  
 '58—Joseph F. Case, Theodore Dickinson.  
 '59—Luther M. Norton, Simon V. W. Stout.  
 '60—Aldice P. Warren, Merritt Purdy.  
 '61—George E. Dill, Simon V. W. Stout.  
 '62—Merritt Purdy, Simon V. W. Stout.  
 '63—Simon V. W. Stout, George E. Dill.  
 '64—Henry R. Tabor, Alonzo W. Casey.  
 '65—Henry R. Tabor, Alonzo W. Casey.  
 '66—Joseph F. Case, George E. Dill.  
 '67—Joseph F. Case, George E. Dill.  
 '68—Joseph Peacock, Reuben T. Conklin.  
 '69—Canfield C. Teall, John L. Hedden.  
 '70—Alonzo W. Casey, Thomas Johnson.  
 '71—Richard T. Ellison, Alonzo W. Casey.  
 '72—John L. Hedden, Eben W. Newbury.

- 1873—John D. Bennett, Edgar W. Kelly.  
 '74—John D. Bennett, Edgar W. Kelly.  
 '75—John D. Bennett, Alanson Church.  
 '76—John D. Bennett, Alonzo W. Casey.  
 '77—Henry R. Tabor, Alonzo W. Casey.  
 '78—Jacob T. Van Buskirk, Alanson Church.  
 '79—Richard T. Ellison, Alanson Church.  
 '80—Fred A. Peacock, Alanson Church.  
 '81—Charles O. Peterson, Samuel A. Jones.  
 '82—Charles O. Peterson, Samuel A. Jones.

#### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The first meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Wayne County, was held at Henry L. Woolsey's hotel, in the village of Lyons, on the first Tuesday of October, 1823. The Supervisors present were Eli Frisbie, of Galen; Robert W. Ashley, of Lyons; Abraham Spear, of Macedon; Luther Fillmore, of Ontario; William Rogers, Jr., of Palmyra; Arad Tallcott, of Wolcott; Russell Whipple, of Williamson.

Luther Fillmore, of Ontario, was chosen chairman, and Robert W. Ashley, clerk *pro tem*. Alexander R. Tiffany was afterwards chosen permanent clerk. Samuel Hecox was elected Treasurer of the county. His bond was required to be made in the sum of \$20,000, and the sureties were Cyrus Hecox, Jacob Leach and Stephen M. Palmer, all of Lyons. The Board approved the bonds and sureties of the committee who had charge of the erection of the public buildings of the county. Ebenezer Smith, of Lyons, was allowed seventy-six dollars and sixty-two cents damages on account of a road laid out through his improved land, and two dollars and twenty-five cents costs. The same sum was voted to Joseph Luce, of Lyons, for a like purpose.

Peter Brinkerhoff, of Wolcott, on account of similar damages, was allowed eighteen dollars, and Thomas Armstrong, two hundred and forty dollars; Peter Eddy, of Williamson, ten dollars, and David Eddy, eleven dollars; Levi Ward, of Macedon, fifteen dollars and eighty-three cents; Zina L. Buck, twenty-two dollars and fifty cents, and Reuben Starks, seventeen dollars and fifty cents, to be assessed on Palmyra and Macedon; also to be assessed on the same towns, damages to Darius Comstock, Otis Comstock and Asa B. Smith, two hundred and five dollars and seven cents.



Five thousand dollars were appropriated for contingent purposes, including twenty-five hundred to build court house and jail. A State tax of one mill on the dollar, was ordered to be raised.

The town of Wolcott was assessed sixty-five dollars and sixty-eight cents, to be paid to Kitchel Bell, Peter Pratt and Hastings Curtiss, for services as a commission to lay out a road, it is presumed, or to appraise damages. It was voted that five per cent. be added to all sums required to be collected. In accordance with a law passed by the Legislature directing a road to be laid out in the town of Wolcott, five mills was assessed on each dollar of the valuation of farms adjoining said road.

Bills were audited in favor of Samuel Strong, Oliver P. Ashley, William D. Ford, Henry L. Woolsey, William H. Adams, John Barber, Seth Eddy, Nell Alexander, Thomas Wickham, Daniel Grandin, John R. Taintor, Alexander B. Roys, Samuel Hecox, Samuel Soverhill, George B. Brinkerhoff, David Arne, Jr., Jacob M. Gilbert, George Smith, John M. Gillespie, Henry Parks, James Reeves, Oliver Clark, Stephen J. Hazard, John Lewis, Zadock Huggins, Andrew Cornwell, George Crane, Isaac Durfee, Nathaniel Kellogg, Simeon Griswold, William Patrick, Marvin Rich, Abraham Spear, Alexander R. Tiffany, Israel J. Richardson, John S. Tallmadge, Joel Blakeman, David Hanchett, A. Dorsey, Jonathan Boynton, Annanias Wells, Stephen Ferguson, Reuben H. Foster, James Dickson, Thomas Armstrong, Newell Taft, William Voorhies, Abner Brown, and Sanford Sisson.

The real estate of each town was stated as follows; Galen, \$385,531; Lyons, \$518,709; Macedon, \$289,571; Ontario, \$270,227; Palmyra, \$358,654; Sodus, \$261,273; Williamson, \$297,232; Wolcott, \$389,136.

The personal estate was given at the following figures: Galen, \$7,499; Lyons, \$21,224; Macedon, \$19,973; Ontario, \$2,750; Palmyra, \$49,306; Sodus, \$3,377; Williamson, \$11,989; Wolcott, \$2,997.

At that time Lyons included what is now Arcadia. Wolcott included Huron, Rose and Butler; Galen included

Savannah; Williamson included Marion; and Ontario included Walworth.

#### CHAIRMEN OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The presiding officers of the Board have been as follows: Luther Fillmore, 1823-'24; Russell Whipple, 1825; James P. Bartle, 1826; Russell Whipple, 1827-'28; Thomas Armstrong, 1829-'30-'31; Luther Fillmore, 1832; Thomas Armstrong, 1833; Russell Whipple, 1834; James P. Bartle, 1835; Daniel Poppino, 1836; Ambrose Salisbury, 1837; James P. Bartle, 1838; John Adams, 1839-'40; Joseph Patterson, 1841; Byram Green, 1842; Alanson M. Knapp, 1843; Thomas Armstrong, 1844; Philander Mitchell, 1845; John Dradt, 1846; John McLouth, 1847; Philander Mitchell, 1848-'49; Thomas Armstrong, 1850-'51; William D. Wylie, 1852; Eron N. Thomas, 1853; Israel R. Southard, 1854; James D. Ford, 1855; Philander Mitchell, 1856; Elias Durfee, 1857; A. P. Crandall, 1858; Elias Durfee, 1859; James M. Servis, 1860-'61; Elon St. John, 1862; Jackson Valentine, 1863; Benjamin J. Hance, 1864-'65; A. J. Bixby, 1866; Jackson Valentine, 1867-'68; William R. Stults, 1869-'70; Benjamin J. Hance, 1871-'72-'73-'74; John E. Hough, 1875-'76-'77; Alanson Church, 1878; Rowland Robinson, 1879; John P. Bennett, 1880-'81-'82.

#### CLERKS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Alexander R. Tiffany, 1823 to 1831; George W. Scott, 1832-'33; Pomeroy Tucker, 1834-'35, and resigned during session of 1836; Thomas Lakey, 1836 to 1840; George W. Scott, 1841; Robert W. Ashley, 1842 to 1845; Charles A. Hart, 1846; Nathaniel Merrill, 1847, 1848, 1849; John Boylan, 1850 to 1853; C. P. Hopkins, 1854; R. K. Andrews, 1855; J. F. Harrison, 1856; John A. Boyd, 1857, 1858, 1859; E. Willard Sherman, 1860 to 1870; Charles P. Patterson, 1871 to 1882 (twelve years), and the present incumbent of the office.

#### TOWN ORGANIZATION.

Before giving the record of town organizations, it is interesting to notice that the old town of Canandaigua included all the territory of the nine western towns of Wayne county.

To show the few names from Wayne county in those earliest years, we insert the town officers of Canandaigua in full for five years, 1791 to 1795 inclusive.\*

(From Canandaigua Town Records.)

TOWN OFFICERS OF 1791.

*Supervisor*—Israel Chapin.

*Town Clerk*—James D. Fish.

*Assessors*—John Call, Enos Boughton, Seth Reed, Nathan Comstock, James Austin, Arnold Potter, Nathaniel Norton.

*Collectors*—Phinehus Bates, John Coddling.

*Overseers of the Poor*—Israel Chapin, Nathaniel Gorham.

*Commissioners of Highways*—Othniel Taylor, Joseph Smith, Benjamin Wells.

*Constables*—Nathaniel Sanborn, Jared Boughton, Phineas Pierce.

*Overseers of Highways and Fence Viewers*—James Latta, Joshua Whitney, John Swift, Daniel Gates, Jabez French, Gamaliel Wilder, Abner Barlow, Isaac Hathaway, Hezekiah Boughton, Eber Norton, William Gooding, John D. Robinson.

CANANDAIGUA, 1792.—TOWN OFFICERS.

*Supervisor*—Israel Chapin.

*Town Clerk*—James D. Fisk.

*Assessors*—Judah Colt, David White, Ezra Patterson, Enos Boughton, Nathaniel Norton, Levi Parrish, Elijah Wilder.

*Collectors*—Phinehas Bates, Noah Porter, Solomon Warner, Jonathan Edwards, Eber Norton, Elias Gilbert, Aaron Rice.

*Overseers of the Poor*—Moses Atwater, Israel Chapin.

*Commissioners of Highways*—Othniel Taylor, John Swift, Eber Norton.

*Constables*—Jarvis Rose, John Russell, Asa Ransom, Seymour Boughton, Benjamin Keyes, Jonathan Lee, Elizur Hills.

*Overseers of Highways and Fence Viewers*—Orange Brace, Luke Phelps, Hugh Jameson, Israel Chapin, Jr., Job Durfee, Bennett Gates, Nathan Aldrich, Thomas Sisson, Phineahas Stevens, Sanford Williams.

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\* A similar record has been sought for Eastern Wayne, through town records of Junius, or "Washington," but has not been secured in time for this chapter. If found, it will appear in the Appendix.

*Overseers of Highways*—John D. Robinson, Jonathan Oakes, James Rice, Jabez Morehouse, John Keyes, Nathaniel Norton, William Gooding, William Watkins, Elias Gilbert, Ephraim Wilder.

*Pound Master*—Moses Barlow.

*Inspectors of Lumber*—Othniel Taylor, Jerome Loomis, Phinehas Bates, Joseph Kilburn, David Gilbert, Elam Crane, Israel Chapman, Jr.

*Scaler of Weights and Measures*—Samuel Gardner.

*Scaler of Leather*—Daniel Shaw.

CANANDAIGUA, 1793.—TOWN OFFICERS.

*Supervisor*—Israel Chapin.

*Town Clerk*—Samuel Gardner.

*Assessors*—Moses Atwater, David White, David Sutherland, Enos Boughton, Nathaniel Norton, Levi Parrish, Elijah Wilder.

*Commissioners of Highways*—Othniel Taylor, Ephraim Wilder, John Adams.

*Constables*—Orange Brace, Thomas Rogers, Francis Briggs, Seymour Boughton, Benjamin Keyes, Joel Watkins, Elizur Hills.

*Pound Masters*—Abner Barlow, Abraham Lane, John Russell, James Gooding.

*Collectors*—Phinehas Bates, Noah Porter, Jared Boughton, John D. Robinson, Israel Beach, Elias Gilbert, Eliezur Hills.

*Overseers of the Poor*—Abner Barlow, Israel Chapin, Jr.

*Overseers of the Highways*—Timothy Dunham, David Sutherland, Charles Adams, Isaac Watkins, Bebus McKinney, James Austin, John Codding, Israel Beach, William Markham, Eber Norton, Joseph Brace, Levi Haycock, Daniel Shaw, Rufus Case, Moses Gunn, Samuel Day, Sr., Nathan Aldridge, Urius Gumenstalk, William Rogers, Philetus Swift.

CANANDAIGUA, 1794.—TOWN OFFICERS.

*Supervisor*—Israel Chapin.

*Town Clerk*—James D. Fish.

*Assessors*—Israel Chapin, Jr., William Rogers, Arnold Potter, Jared Boughton, Eber Norton, Jabez Metcalf, John Codding.

*Collectors*—Jonathan Barlow, Jonathan Warner, Otis Comstock, William Burnet, Benjamin Wilson, Benjamin Tibbetts, Theophilus Allen.

*Overseers of the Poor*—Martin Dudley, Phineas Bates.

*Commissioners of Highways*—Othniel Taylor, William Gooding, Jared Boughton.

*Constables*—Gideon Dudley, Timothy Smith, Pardon Durfee, Reuben Parish, Seymour Boughton, Jr., Allen Sage, Faunce Coddling, Elisha Grauger, Benjamin Brown.

*Overseers of Highways*—Francis Briggs, Jabez French, James Lewis, Ephraim Cleaveland, Jr.

*Overseers of Highways and Fence Viewers*—Robert Wiley, David Wilder, Nathaniel Fisher, Israel Beach, Erod Hopkins, Joel Steele, Seymour Boughton, Samuel Bunklebank, John Clark, Seth Holcomb, Nathan Waldon, Joab Gillet, Jonathan Smith, Joseph Bradish, Cyrus Parker, John Crandall, David H. Foster, William Burnet, Robert Whitaker, Seth Sprague, Joseph Sanders.

*Pound Masters*—Abner Barlow, Abram Lane, James Gooding, William Jackways.

CANANDAIGUA, 1795.—TOWN OFFICERS.

*Supervisor*—Israel Chapin.

*Town Clerk*—John Wickham.

*Assessors*—Phineas Bates, William Rogers, Arnold Potter, Jared Boughton, Daniel Chapin, Jabez Metcalf, John Coddling.

*Collectors*—Thaddeus Remington, Jonathan Warner, Jonathan Smith, William Adams, Levi Parrish, George Coddling, Jr., Pierce Granger.

*Commissioners of Highways*—Benjamin Wells, Asher Saxton, Daniel Brainerd.

*Constables*—Dirck Speer, Stephen Bates, Samuel Ballard, Reuben Parrish, Jabez Morehouse, Jr., John Keyes, James Gooding, David Herman, Robert Perry.

*Pound Masters*—Thaddeus Remington, Francis Briggs, James Gooding, Reuben Town, Nathan Watkins.

*Poor Masters*—William Clark, Martin Dudley.

*Overseers of Highways*—George Bates, Rouse Perry, Michael Pierce, Jabez Metcalf, John Johnson, Nathan Allen, James Gooding, Gideon King, Elijah Rose, Jonathan Adams, Elisha Brace, Jonathan Barlow.

*Overseers of Highways and Fence Viewers*—Gideon Dudley, Hugh Jameson, Elijah Hamlon, Matthew Sweet, John Dillons, Abiather Powers, Bennett Bates, Jacob Gannet, John Russell, Humphrey Sherman, Pierce Granger, William Wyckoff, William Durston, Abraham Lane, Rufus Case, Elam Crane, Joel Howe, John Sutherland, Philander Saxton.

## TOWNS OF WAYNE COUNTY.

SODUS was formed by an order of Court, January, 1789. It included the present territory of six other towns, viz.: Williamson, Ontario, Marion and Walworth, taken off under the name of Williamson February 20, 1802; Lyons and Arcadia taken off, as Lyons, March 1, 1811.

The town derives its name from the Bay, and the latter was known to the early French explorers as Oscœnodus; probably changed in common usage to Sodus. The first recorded town meeting was held April 2, 1799, at the house of Evert Van Wickle, a mile or more west of what is now Lyons village, on the Lyman farm, so-called.

The first town meeting after Lyons was taken off, and Sodus reduced to nearly its present dimensions, was held in 1811, at the house of Daniel Arms, then standing in what is now an old orchard near the present residence of Edward Messenger, at Wallington.

*Supervisors*—Azariah Willis, elected in the spring of 1799;\* Timothy Smith, 1800, '01; John Perrine, 1802, '03; Daniel Dorsey, 1804, '05, '06; Gilbert Howell, 1807, '08, '09, '10; Nathaniel Merrills, 1811, '12, '13; Enoch Morse, 1814 to 1824, eleven years; Jonathan L. Powell, 1825, '26; Byram Green, 1827; William Danforth, 1828 to 1832, five years; James Edwards, 1833, '34; Robert A. Paddock, 1835, '36, '37; William Edwards, 1838, '39; Byram Green, 1840; Charles W. Rees, 1841; Byram Green, 1842; Alanson M. Knapp, 1843, '44; Alexander B. Williams, 1845; Jerry C. Rogers, 1846; Thomas Wickham, 1847; Jedediah Allen, 1848; Andrus A. Whitbeck, 1849; Alanson M. Knapp, 1850; Jerry C. Rogers, 1851, '52; Alanson M. Knapp, 1853; Aldice P. Warren, 1854; Noadiah M. Hill, 1855; David Poucher, 1856, '57, '58; Merritt Thornton, 1859, '60, '61; Levi Gurnee, 1862; Durfee Wilcox, 1863, '64; George W. Tillotson, 1865;

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\* The full list of town officers chosen at the first meeting, 1799, were: Azariah Willis, Supervisor; Joseph Taylor, Town Clerk; Norman Mary, Samuel Caldwell, Charles Cameron, Assessors; Moses Gill, Evert Van Wickle, Timothy Smith, Commissioners of Highways; David Sweezey, Joseph Wood, Constables; David Sweezey, Collector; John Van Wickle, Sen., Fence Viewer; William White, Reuben Adams, Poormasters; Daniel Russell, Henry Lovewell, William White, Pathmasters.

Lewis Bates, 1866, '67; George W. Tillotson, 1868, '69, 70, '71; Lewis Bates, 1872, '73, '74; David Poucher, 1875; Charles D. Gaylord, 1876; Rowland Robinson, 1877 to 1880, four years; Lewis H. Clark, 1881, '82, '83.

PALMYRA was formed by an order of Court January, 1789. Macedon was taken off in 1823. Palmyra was first known as Swift-Town, and then Tolland; but neither was satisfactory to the people, and at a meeting held January 4, 1796, they agreed upon the name Palmyra. It is said to have been suggested by Daniel Sawyer, brother of Mrs. John Swift, who was reading ancient history and had become interested in Palmyra of old. The first town meeting recorded was held the first Tuesday in April, 1796, "at the house of Gideon Durfee." This was on the place now owned by the heirs of Captain Ira Lakey, deceased, about half a mile east of the railroad station at Palmyra.

*Supervisors*—John Swift, elected in 1796;\* Jonah Howell, 1797, 98; John Swift, 1799, 1800, '01, '02; Nathan Comstock, 1803; John Swift, 1804, '05, '06; William Rogers, 1807, '08; Pardon Durfee, 1809 to 1814, six years; David White, 1815 to 1820, six years; James White, 1821, '22; William Rogers, 1823; Stephen Sherman, 1824; Frederick Smith, 1825; Stephen Sherman, 1826; Frederick Smith, 1827, '28; Ambrose Salisbury, 1829, '30, '31; Frederick Smith, 1832, '33, '34; Ambrose Salisbury, 1835, '36, '37; George W. Cuyler, 1838, '39; James Hubbell, 1840, '41; Ambrose Salisbury, 1842; Samuel Cole, 1843; Samuel E. Hudson, 1844; Pomeroy Tucker, 1845; William Beals, 1846; Augustus Elmen-dorf, 1847, '48; Thomas W. Gurney, 1849; Augustus Elmen-dorf, 1850; Pomeroy Tucker, 1851, 52; Abraham I. Carl, 1853; Philip Palmer, 1854; Charles E. Thurber, 1855; A. P.

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\* The full list of town officers chosen in Palmyra at the first meeting, 1796, were: John Swift, Supervisor; Jonathan Edwards, Town Clerk; Jonathan Warner, Festus Goldsmith, Humphrey Sherman, Assessors; William Porter, Collector; Noah Porter, Thomas Goldsmith, Overseers of the Poor; Jared Comstock, Reuben Town, William Rogers, Commissioners of Highways; Joseph Bradish, James Reeves, Constables; James Reeves, John Hurlburt, Joel Foster, Festus Goldsmith, Edward Durfee, Luther Sanford, David Warner, Benjamin Wood, Abner Hill, Cyrus Parker, Henry Wilbur, Thomas Hamilton, Henry Lovewell, Norman Mary, Nathan Harris, Jacob Gannett, Pathmasters.

Crandall, 1856, '57, '58; William H. Bowman, 1859; William B. Crandall, 1860; Henry S. Flower, 1861 to 1865, five years; Charles J. Ferrin, 1866; Charles D. Johnson, 1867, '68, '69, '70; William Foster, 1871; Henry P. Knowles, 1872, '73; Robert Johnson, 1874; George Harrison, 1875 to 1879, five years; Henry M. Clark, 1880, '81; Nelson Reeves, 1882, 83.

WILLIAMSON was formed from Sodus, February 20, 1802, and named for Charles Williamson, the first land agent of the Pultney estate. Ontario, including Walworth, was taken off in 1807, and Marion, in 1825.

The first town meeting of Williamson, was held in March, 1803, at the house of Timothy Smith, at Marion Corners. The site is not certainly determined. It is believed to have been at what is known at the "Upper Corners." The present place of Frank W. Langley, was a tavern, sixty or seventy years ago, and may have been the place of the town meeting in 1807.

*Supervisors*—Luke Phelps, 1803 to 1808, six years; Jacob W. Hallett, 1809, '10, '11; Stephen H. Caldwell, 1812 to 1816, five years; David Eddy, 1817, '18, '19, '20; Russell Whipple, 1821 '22; Freeman Hart, 1823; Russell Whipple, 1824 to 1831, eight years; Abel Brockway, 1832; Russell Whipple, 1833, '34; Daniel Poppino, 1835, '36; John Borradaile, 1837, '38; William Johnson, 1839, '40; Jedediah Allen, 1841, '42; William Johnson, 1843, '44; Daniel Grandin, 1845; John Cottrell, 1846, '47, '48; William I. Stoutenberg, 1849; Hiram Gallup, 1850; Hayden W. Curtis, 1851 '52; John S. Todd, 1853; Asahel Todd, 1854; Elias Cady, 1855; William H. Rogers, 1856, '57, '58, '59; Benjamin Hance, 1860 to 1874, fifteen years; Washington H. Throop, 1875, '76, '77, '78; John P. Bennett, 1879, '80, '81, '82, '83.

WOLCOTT was formed from Junius, Seneca county, March 24, 1807, though the town was not organized under the law, until 1810. Butler, Rose and Huron were taken off in 1826. The Wolcott records were destroyed by fire about fifteen years ago; but it is understood that the first town meeting was held the first Tuesday of April, 1810, in the grist-mill then owned by Jonathan Melvin. The site has been occu-



pied by a grist-mill to the present time, and is now the property of the Rumsey estate.

*Supervisors*—Osgood Church, 1810, '11, '12, '13;\* Adonijah Church, 1814, '15, '16, '17; G. L. Nicholas, 1818, (succeeded the same year by Thomas Armstrong); Jesse Mathews, 1819; Geo. B. Brinkerhoff, 1820; Norman Sheldon, 1821, '22; Arad Tallcott, 1823; Norman Sheldon, 1824, '25; David Arne, Jr., 1826, '27, '28; Daniel Roe, Jr., 1829 to '34, six years; Abel Lyon, 1835; David Arne, Jr., 1836; Abel Lyon, 1837, '38, '39; James M. Wilson, 1840, '41; William O. Wood, 1842, '43, '44; Aaron H. Boylan, 1845; James M. Wilson, 1846; William O. Wood, 1847, '48-'49; James M. Wilson, 1850; E. L. Leavenworth, 1851; James M. Wilson, 1852, '53; E. L. Leavenworth, 1854; W. J. Preston, 1855; John Boylan, 1856; Andrews Preston, 1857; James M. Wilson, 1858, '59; Thaddeus W. Collins, 1860; Amos Nash, 1861; William O. Wood, 1862, '63, '64, '65; Edwin H. Draper, 1866 to 1870, five years; James W. Snyder, 1871; Edwin H. Draper, 1872 to 1877, six years; Marion Conklin, 1878, '79, '80, '81; Myron Wood, 1882, '83.

ONTARIO was formed from Williamson under the name of "Freetown" March 27, 1807; afterwards taking the name of the Lake which bounds it on the North. Walworth was taken off in 1829. The town records were destroyed some years ago and the place where the first town meeting was held is not easily ascertained.

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\*Osgood Church was a local agent for the sale of lands on the Williamson Patent. This patent was granted in compensation for the loss of lands in the Gore. His account-book of contracts is still extant, and in possession of Hiram Church, of Wolcott. It is a very important record, opening with the account of Abraham Bunce, under date of June 16, 1808, and shows the names of one hundred and seventeen early settlers, in the present towns of Wolcott, Butler, Rose and Huron. Osgood Church settled in Wolcott, in the spring of 1808. He was from New Marlboro, Mass. Mr. Church executed this sale of lands under the general agency of Frederick Wolcott, on behalf of Charles Williamson, and his successor, Robert Troup. It is the opinion of Hiram Church, that his father suggested the name of Wolcott for this town, in honor of his principal.

The five years, 1812 to 1816, are somewhat conjectural. Hiram Church is of the opinion that his father served four years, and that Adonijah Church succeeded next.

*Supervisors*—The names of the Supervisors prior to 1823 have not been secured for the same reason and because the records of the Ontario County Board of Supervisors are also missing for the early years.

Luther Fillmore, 1823 to 1828, six years; Joseph Patterson, 1829; Henry L. Gilbert, 1830; Joseph Patterson 1831, '32; John Stolp, 2nd, 1833, '34; Joseph Patterson, 1835, '36; Joseph W. Gates, 1837, '38, '39; William A. Fuller, 1840; Joseph Patterson, 1841, '42; Ira Hill, 1843; Billings P. Babcock, 1844; Joseph W. Gates, 1845, '46, '47; Elihu Durfee, 1848; Benjamin Mack, 1849, '50; D. Whitcomb, 1851; Ira Hill, 1852; Joseph Patterson, 1853; Ezra Duel, 1854; Abel J. Bixby, 1855; Benjamin Mack, 1856; Abel J. Bixby, 1857; Ezra Duel, 1858; Stephen N. Maine, 1859; Joseph W. Gates, 1860; Theophilus Williams, 1861, '62, '63; Abel J. Bixby, 1864, '65, '66; John C. Houck, 1867, '68; Abel J. Eixby, 1869; Rensselaer Palmer, 1870; Abel J. Bixby, 1871; Joseph Middleton, 1872; Francis A. Hill, 1873, '74; E. Munsell Davis, 1875; Byron W. Gates, 1876; Stephen N. Maine, 1877, '78, '79, '80, '81, 82; F. A. Hill, 1883.

LYONS was formed from Sodus, March 1, 1811, taking the name of the village which is said to have been given to the place by Capt. Williamson from some fancied resemblance in situation to the city of that name in France. Arcadia was taken off in 1825. The town records for the early years are missing, and the Supervisors' records of Ontario county are lost; therefore the early supervisors cannot be given prior to 1823.\*

*Supervisors*—Robert W. Ashley 1823; James P. Bartle, 1824; Oliver Allen, 1825, '26; Robert W. Ashley, 1827, '28, '29, '30; Abel Lyman, 1831; Eli Johnson, 1832, '33; John M. Holley, 1834, '35, '36, '37; Nelson Peck, 1838; John Adams, 1839, '40; John Layton, 1841; Aaron Remsen, 1842; Cullen Foster, 1843; Thomson Harrington, 1844, '45; John Layton, 1846, '47, '48, '49; Cullen Foster, 1859; Aaron Remsen, 1851; Jas. Rogers, 1852; W. W. Sanford, 1853; Bartlett R. Rogers, 1854; Dewitt W. Parshall, 1855; Miles S. Leach, 1856; John

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\* The place of the first town meeting was the Cronise farm a few miles west of Lyons village.

Adams, 1857; Caleb Rice, 1858; Bartlett R. Rogers, 1859, '60, '61; Miles S. Leach, 1862, '63, '64, '65, '66, '67, '68; Nelson R. Mirick, 1870, '71, '72, '73, '74; Wm. VanMarter, 1875, '76, '77; George W. Cramer, 1878, '79; Leman Hotchkiss, 1880, '81, '82; M. H. Dillenbeck, 1883.

GALEN was formed from Junius, Seneca county, February 14, 1812. The town was a part of the military lands, and the towns upon those lands received classical names. Galen was so named in view of the fact that several surgeons of the Revolutionary army drew lands in that town and the name of the famous physician and surgeon of the second century was an appropriate selection from the noted men of antiquity. The place of the first town meeting is not ascertained, as the early records are destroyed.\*

*Supervisors*—Jonathan Melvin, 1812; James Dickson, 1813, '14, '15; Loammi Beadle, 1816, '17; Annanias Wells, 1818; Benjamin Langdon, 1819; Annanias Wells, 1820; James Dickson, 1821; Annanias Wells, 1822; Eli Frisbie, 1823, '24; Annanias Wells, 1825 to 1830, six years; James Humiston, 1831; Annanias Wells, 1832, '33, '34, '35; Hiram Smith, 1836; Annanias Wells, 1837; Hiram P. Jones, 1838, '39; Ananias Wells, 1840; Aaron V. Waterbury, 1841, '42; Israel R. Southard, 1843, '44, '45, '46; Aaron V. Waterbury, 1847; Samuel S. Briggs, 1848; Isaac Miller, 1849; Wm. C. Ely, 1850; B. H. Streeter, 1851; Zina Hooker, 1852, '53; Israel R. Southard, 1854, '55, '56, '57, '58, '59; Byron Ford, 1860; Albert F. Redfield, 1861, '62, '63; Porter G. Denison, 1864, '65, '66; Mathew Mackie, 1867; Stephen D. Streeter, 1868, '69; Edward B. Wells, 1870, '71; Mathew Mackie, 1872; Emory W. Gurnee, 1873; E. W. Sherman, 1874, '75; Thomas P. Thorn, 1876; Elijah P. Taylor, Jr., 1877, '78; Adrastus Snedaker, 1879; Albert F. Redfield, 1880, '81; Marvin S. Roe, 1882; George G. Roe, 1883.

MACEDON was formed from Palmyra, January 29, 1823. No special reason for the name has been discovered in our

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\*Subsequent enquiry has shown that the first town meeting of Galen was held at the house of Jonathan Melvin, which stood on the site of the present residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Gordon.

enquiries.\* The first town meeting was held February 11, 1823, at the house of Lydia Porter. It stood about a mile and a half west of Macedon village, and was destroyed by fire in the summer of 1881. It was for many years kept as a tavern, being on the old Rochester road traveled by stage coaches.

*Supervisors*—Abram Spear, 1823, '24, '25; Charles Bradish, 1826; Abraham Spear, 1827, '28; George Crane, 1829, '30, '31; Abraham Spear, 1832, '33; John Lapham, 1834; Charles Bradish, 1835; Isaac, Durfee, 1836, '37; Charles Bradish, 1838, '39, '40; Thomas Barnes, 1841, '42, '43; Alexander C. Purdy, 1844, '45; John Lapham, 1846, '47; Abiel D. Gage, 1848; Samuel Everètt, 1849; Nathan Lapham, 1850; Evert Bogardus, 1851, '52; A. P. Crandall, 1853, '54; George C. Everett, 1855; Purdy M. Willets, 1856; Lemuel Durfee, 1857; Joab S. Biddlecome, 1858, '59, '60; Thomas W. Mead, 1861, '62, '63; Robert H. Jones, 1864, '65; Marvin A. Eddy, 1866; Walter W. Brace, 1867; H. H. Hoag, 1868, '69; Lyman Bickford, 1870, '71, '72; Wallace W. Mumford, 1873; Lyman Bickford, 1874; Wallace W. Mumford, 1875; Jeremiah Thistlewaite, 1876; Charles B. Herendeen, 1877, '78, '79; Hiram C. Durfee, 1880, '81; Daniel S. Shourds, 1882; Geo. W. Kirkpatrick, 1883.

SAVANNAH was formed from Galen, November 24, 1824. The name was suggested by the swamps and low grounds which characterized the town, particularly at an early day.† The first town meeting was held at the "Crusoe House," April 5, 1825. The place was then owned by Elias Converse, and was a favorite stopping place in the early times. The house is still standing on the road north of the village of Savannah, though the noise and revelry of early times long since ceased in its old-fashioned rooms. It is now owned by J. B. Laird.

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\*Dr. Plunkett Richardson was active at Albany, in securing the legislation necessary to organize the town, and undoubtedly suggested the name.

†H. H. Wheeler writes:—With a morass nearly two miles wide on the east, and one mile wide on the west, the two spanned on the north by a swamp extending up to South Butler, and including Crusoe Lake and Turtle Pond, it is not strange that the town should have been called "Savannah."

*Supervisors*—Russell Palmer, elected in 1825, '26; David Cushman, 1827, '28; Russell Palmer, 1829; Jonathan Beadle, 1830; Russell Palmer, 1831; Luther Chapin, 1832, '33; Harvey Cooley, 1834, '35; Charles A. Rose, 1836; Chauncey Ives, 1837,\* '38, '39, '40, '41; Winans S. Winnegar, 1842; Nelson Payne, 1843, '44; Sylvanus D. Thompson, 1845; Nelson Payne, 1846; Chauncey T. Ives, 1847, '48; Nelson Payne, 1849; Benajah Abrams, 1850; Charles D. Hadden, 1851, '52; Ebenezer Fitch, 1853; Franklin Knapp, 1854; Benajah Abrams, 1855; James M. Servis, 1856 to 1861, six years; Richard W. Evans, 1862, '63; William G. Soule, 1864, '65; William R. Stultz, 1866 to 1871, six years; Charles Wood, 1872, '73, '74; John A. Munson, 1874 to 1878, five years; Ammon S. Farnum, 1879, '80, '81, '82, '83.

ARCADIA was formed from Lyons, Feb. 15, 1825. Considerable enquiry has failed to ascertain what led to the choice of the name, or who suggested it. The first town meeting was held at the house of William Popple, in the village of Newark, April 5, 1825. This was on the corner now occupied by M. M. Kenyon, druggist, and was the second public house in Newark.

*Supervisors*—James P. Bartle elected in 1825, '26, '27; Geo. W. Scott, 1828; John L. Cuyler, 1829, '30; Joseph A. Miller, 1831, '32; Edmund B. Bell, 1833; Esbon Blackmar, 1834; James P. Bartle, 1835; James Miller, Jr., 1836, '37; James P. Bartle, 1838; Silas Pierson, 1839; Vincent G. Barney, 1840; Joseph A. Miller, 1841; Ezra Pratt, 1842; Abraham Fairchild, 1843; Perry G. Price, 1844; George H. Middleton, 1845; George C. Mills, 1846; George W. Scott, 1847; Geo. Howland, 1848; James S. Crosby, 1849; Clark Mason, 1850; Ezra Pratt, 1851; Esbon Blackmar, 1852; James D. Ford, 1853; Albert F. Cressy, 1854; James D. Ford, 1855 to 1859, five years; Elon St. John, 1860, '61, '62; Artemas W. Hyde, 1863, '64, '65; Elon St. John, 1866; Henry Cronise, Jr., 1867; George H. Price, 1868; Charles C. Chadwick, 1869; Oliver Crothers, 1870; Chester W. Stewart, 1871, '72; Jacob P. Lusk, 1873; E. K. Burnham, 1874; James H. Miller, 1875, '76;

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\* In 1837 there was a tie for Supervisor, and Chauncey Ives appears to have been appointed by the Town Board.

George H. Price, 1877, '78, '79; James Jones, 1880; J. Dupha Reeves, 1881, '82; E. K. Burnham, 1883.

MARION was formed from Williamson, under the name of "Winchester" April 18, 1825. The name was changed to Marion April 15, 1826, and this was given in honor of General Marion, of the Revolutionary army.

The first town meeting was held April 4, 1826, at the house of Daniel Wilcox, now the village hotel kept by George M. Sweezey.

*Supervisors*—Seth Eddy elected in 1826; Jesse Mason, 1827; Isaac R. Sanford, 1828; Elias Durfee, 1829 to 1833, five years; Wm. R. Sanford, 1834; Elias Durfee, 1835; Marvin Rich, 1836; Elias Durfee, 1837, '38; Seth Eddy, 1839, '40; Ornon Archer, 1841 to 1845, five years; Peter Boyce, 1846, '47; Nelson D. Young, 1848, '49; Oscar Howell,\* 1850; Elias Durfee, 1851, Nelson D. Young, 1852-'53; Isaac A. Clark, 1854; Elias Durfee, 1855 to 1859, five years; Pardon Durfee, 1860, '61; Ira Lakey, 1862, '63; Orville Lewis, 1864, '65; Nelson D. Young, 1866, '67, '68, '69; Dwight Smith, 1870, '71 '72; Charles Tremain, 1873; Dwight Smith, 1874-'75; Nelson D. Young, 1876, '77, '78; Henry R. Tabor, 1879; Chester F. Sweezey, 1880, '81, '82; Henry R. Tabor, 1883.

ROSE was formed from Wolcott February 5, 1827, and named in honor of Robert L. Rose of Geneva. The first town meeting was held the first Tuesday in April, at the house of Charles Thomas, which occupied the site of the subsequent residence of Hon. Eron N. Thomas, now the residence of F. H. Closs.

*Supervisors*—Peter Valentine, elected in 1826, '27, '28, '29; Philander Mitchell, 1830, '31, '32; Dorman Munsell, 1833; Thaddeus Collins, 1834; Ira Mirick, 1835; Peter Valentine, 1836, '37, '38, '39; Dorman Munsell, 1840, '41; Peter Valentine, 1842; Eron N. Thomas, 1843; Philander Mitchell, 1844, '45; Elizur Flint, 1846; Hiram Mirick, 1847; Philander Mitchell, 1848, '49, '50; Eron N. Thomas, 1851; Solomon Allen, 1852; Eron N. Thomas, 1853; Thaddeus Collins, 1854; Jackson Valentine, 1855; Philander Mitchell, 1856; Harvey

\* Died in office.

Closs, 1857, '58; Jackson Valentine, 1859 to '69, eleven years; James M. Horne, 1870, '71; Charles S. Wright, 1872, '73; Jackson Valentine, 1874, '75; J. S. Sheffield, 1876; Wm. J. Glen, 1877; S. Wesley Gage, 1878; Wm. J. Glen, 1879; Wm. H. Griswold, 1880, '81; George Catchpole, 1882, '83.

HURON was formed from Wolcott, under the name of "Port Bay," February 25, 1826. The name was changed to Huron March 17, 1834.\*

The first town meeting was held at the house of Josiah Upson, April 4, 1826, the well-known Upson residence from that time to the present, and still the place of the Huron postoffice.

*Supervisors*—Norman L. Sheldon, 1826 to 1830, five years; Elisha Benjamin, 1831, '32; Jedediah Wilder, 1833; Harlow Hyde, 1834, '35; Philip Sours, 1836 to 1840, five years; Harlow Hyde, 1841, '42; Ebenezer Jones, 1843, '44; Jedediah Wilder, 1845, '46, '47; Edward W. Bottum, 1848; James T. Wisner, 1849; John F. Curtis, 1850; Ralph Sheldon, 1851; Reuben Sours, 1852, '53; James T. Wisner, 1854; Elisha Cady, 1855; Roswell E. Reed, 1856; John F. Curtis, 1857; Reuben Sours, 1858; Elisha Cady, 1859, '60; Rufus B. Sours, 1861 to 1867, seven years; Samuel Gardner, 1868; Oscar Weed, 1869; Samuel Gardner, 1870; Oscar Weed, 1871, '72; Reuben Sours, 1873, '74; Dwight B. Flint, 1875, '76; William W. Gatchell, 1877; Alanson Church, 1878; William W. Gatchell, 1879; Elisha Cady, 1880; Robert A. Catchpole, 1881, '82; Roswell Reed, 1883.

BUTLER was formed from Wolcott February 26, 1826. It was named in honor of Gen. Butler and was suggested by a committee consisting of Ezekiel Scott, Eli Wheeler and William Moulton.†

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\*Of the change of name, Harlow Hyde writes: "There being a bay in Wolcott named Port Bay, it had a tendency to mislead persons enquiring for one or the other of the places. I well remember the Rev. William Clark calling at my house, asking me to sign a petition to be presented to the Legislature to have the town named Huron. Huron was deemed a desirable name, because all the letters would stand on the line."

†Of the name Hon. H. H. Wheeler writes: "I remember hearing the matter discussed at the time, by my father (Eli Wheeler) with old Mr. Ezekiel Scott, and with Esq. Prentice Palmer and Maj. Wm. Moulton. Whether he or one of

The first town meeting was held April 4, 1826, at the house of Jacob S. Viele, now occupied by Lucius S. Viele.

*Supervisors*—Thomas Armstrong, 1826 to 1833, eight years; Uriah G. Beach, 1834, '35, '36; Austin Roe, 1837; Thos. Armstrong, 1838; Austin Roe, 1839; John Dradt, Jr., 1840, '41; Nathaniel W. Tompkins, 1842, '43; Thomas Armstrong, 1844, '45; John Dradt, 1846; Horatio N. Wood, 1847; Franklin Knapp, 1848; John Dradt, 1849; Thomas Armstrong, 1850, '51; H. K. Graves, 1852, '53; John Dradt, 1854; Charles Mead, 1855; H. K. Graves, 1856; Horatio N. Wood, 1857; C. D. Hadden, 1858, Abram Gibbs, 1859; John E. Hough, 1860, '61, '62; Gibson S. Center, 1863; Benham S. Wood, 1864; Henry K. Graves, 1865; Anson S. Wood, 1866; Andrew Spencer, 1867, '68, '69; Joel Laberteaux, 1870, '71, '72, '73; John E. Hough, 1874, '75, '76, '77, '78; William Wood, 1879, '80; Eugene M. Walker, 1881, '82; Joseph H. L. Roe, 1883.

WALWORTH was formed from Ontario April 20, 1829, and named in honor of Chancellor Reuben H. Walworth.

The first town meeting was held at the house of George Smith, on the 6th day of April, 1830. This was the old "tavern" that stood on the site of the present beautiful Temperance House, erected by the liberality and largely sustained by the public spirit of Hon. T. G. Yeomans, and known as the "Pacific."

*Supervisors*—Luther Fillmore, 1830, '31, '32, '33; William D. Wylie, 1834; Artemas Mathewson, 1835, '36, '37, '38; John McLouth, 1839; Artemas Mathewson, 1840; John McLouth, 1841; William D. Wylie, 1842; Joseph Peacock, 1843; William D. Wylie, 1844, '45; George Boynton, 1846; John McLouth, 1847; William D. Wylie, 1848; Theron G. Yeomans, 1849, '50; William D. Wylie, 1851, '52, '53; Joseph Peacock, 1854, '55, '56; Eliab Yeomans, 1857, '58; H. H. Hoag, 1859,

the others first suggested the name I do not remember (if I ever knew). I think Maj. Moulton had a fancy for the name, in honor of Gen. Wm. Butler, of the Revolution, who did such signal service in South Carolina, under Lee, Lincoln and Greene, &c. At the same time Mr. Wheeler queried as to the danger possibly, of perpetuating the name of the notorious Tory and Indian leader, Col. John Butler. But this I well remember, that they all cordially agreed as to the propriety of adopting the name."



'60; Elihu Durfee, 1861; Henry W. Downing, 1862; John Everett, 1863, '64; Erastus F. Maine, 1865; William W. Edgerton, 1866, '67, '68; Philetus Miller, 1869, '70, '71; Ormond O. Mason, 1872; William E. Greenwood, 1873; Jerome R. Peacock, 1874; Frederick W. Moore, 1875; William W. Edgerton, 1876, '77; Jay White, 1878, '79; Jemain Andrew, 1880, '81, '82, '83.



## CHAPTER II.

FRENCH VOYAGEURS TOUCHING AT POINTS ALONG THE NORTHERN BORDER —  
CHAMPLAIN — HENNEPIN — DE NONVILLE'S ENCAMPMENT AT PULTNEYVILLE  
JULY 9TH, 1687 — APPLEBOOM, THE EARLY NAME OF THAT PLACE.

THOUGH the settlement of this county only dates back to 1789, yet its northern border, and perhaps other portions, had been included in French explorations a hundred and fifty years earlier. A few dates of general historical interest will make clear the chain of early discovery.

In 1535, Jaques Cartier sailed up the St. Lawrence River as far as the present site of Montreal, then occupied by an Indian village. There is no evidence that he penetrated farther west. He made another voyage from France a few years later, but does not appear to have penetrated farther westward than Montreal. A long period intervened before France made any further effort at exploration or colonization.

Champlain was the next enterprising voyageur who came to the St. Lawrence upon the work of discovery. He first sailed for the New World March 15, 1603. Sailing up the St. Lawrence, and passing Montreal, they anchored at the foot of the falls. This was the extent of his westward route. He returned to France, after an absence of six months and fifteen days.

On Champlain's second voyage, he sailed from France April 7, 1604. This expedition was devoted to an exploration of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and the founding of a colony on the Island De Monts, in the River St. Croix. He also explored the Southern shore of Maine, named the well-known Island Mount Desert, went as far south as Martha's Vineyard, and spent about three years before returning to France.

Champlain sailed from France a third time, April 13, 1608. He left his vessel in the harbor of Tadoussac, St. Lawrence

Bay, and having built a barque of twelve or fourteen tons burden, he sailed up the St. Lawrence again. This time he founded Quebec, and passed the succeeding winter there. June 18, 1609, he left Quebec on a tour of exploration. Arriving at the mouth of the outlet of what has since been known as Lake Champlain, he ascended the river and entered the lake. July 30th, he assisted his friends, the Hurons, in a battle against the Iroquois—a battle that was fought somewhere on the ground between Lake George and Lake Champlain, or in that vicinity.

Champlain and his men were therefore the first white men who made an entry upon the soil of the State of New York. Sir Henry Hudson sailed into New York Bay September 3d, of that year, and traced the Hudson River to Half-moon Point (six miles above Albany), reaching that place September 22; 1609. Champlain was therefore the earliest, by about forty days; but he made no further exploration westward at that time.

Champlain sailed from France on his fourth voyage the next year, arriving at Tadoussac April 26, 1610, and at Quebec soon after. He remained there a few months and returned to France.

His fifth voyage was especially for the purpose of assisting the colony at Quebec, and was made in 1611, leaving France March 1st.

His sixth voyage resulted in further explorations, but northward in Canada. He left France March 6, 1613, reached Quebec May 7th, came up to Montreal soon after, explored the Ottawa River some distance into the interior, and returned to France in August.

In Champlain's seventh voyage he sailed from France April 24, 1615, and at this time there came with him four Jesuit Missionaries. Champlain now penetrated westward through Canada as far as Lake Huron, returned to the Bay of Quinte on the north side of Lake Ontario, then across the lake and joined the Hurons in an expedition against a strong fort of the Iroquois. This fort was in the vicinity of Oneida Lake. The French and Hurons were repulsed. Champlain at this time must have landed on the south

shore of Lake Ontario, at Oswego, or some point further east. The progress of discovery was therefore brought very near to our own section of country at this early date, 1615, five years before the Pilgrim fathers landed at Plymouth.

Champlain came again to Quebec in 1620, and remained four years, and while no direct account has been found showing that he then explored the southern shore of Lake Ontario, yet it is very probable that either Champlain or other French voyageurs made the first discovery of Sodus Bay and other points on this side about that date.

As thus shown, the earliest expeditions turned westward from Frontenac (now Kingston), on the north side of the lake and bearing away from the lake, penetrated as far as Lake Huron. Indeed, the general account of historical writers shows that the first white men reached Niagara Falls while journeying eastward from points previously reached on Lake Huron. They were two Jesuit missionaries, Brebeauf and Chaumont, and the date of the visit to the Falls was November 2, 1640.

There is, however, some evidence that Recollet Father Dallion, a Catholic missionary, was in Western New York as early as 1626, and this gives quite a basis for the theory above given, that Sodus Bay was discovered before that date.\*

Between Jaques Cartier's first voyage up the St. Lawrence and the advent of La Salle in 1678, there is a period

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\* Shea's History of Catholic Missions, page 170 :

"In October, 1626, Father de la Roche Dallion left the Jesuits at Toanche, and set out to explore the country of the Attiwandaronk, or Neutrals. This tribe lay on both sides of the Niagara River, at peace with both Hurons and Iroquois, and like them, of the same stock and language.

"He was at first well received, and being adopted by Soharissen, the chief of the whole nation took up his residence among them at Ounontisaston, near the Seneca border, but was soon after robbed and brutally beaten by a lawless party. By the advice of Father Brebeauf, he then abandoned the Neutrals and returned to the Huron country, after an absence of several months."

The mention of the "Seneca border" at this early date, and the fact that Champlain had been at Oswego or near there in 1615, renders it extremely probable that Father Dallion knew something of the south shore of Lake Ontario, and that in a stay of several months, he must have also known something of Western New York.

of nearly one hundred and fifty years. French expeditions were frequent, certainly after 1600, and it is not probable that so magnificent a body of water as Lake Ontario remained unexplored. The operations of the Catholic missionaries among the Onondagas, Cayugas and Senecas, must have often brought those devoted men as far west as the present territory of Wayne county. It is very probable that they sometimes reached the scene of their labors, by coming from Montreal up, or along the St. Lawrence, and then by the southern shore of Lake Ontario to Sodus Bay, and over the old Indian trail via Crusoe Lake. Oswego, Sodus Bay, Pultneyville and Irondequoit were points of frequent visits by French traders, and undoubtedly by French missionaries, more than two hundred years ago.

The following paragraph from Turner's History of the Pultney estate, gives one of the many intimations of this fact that are scattered through the early annals of French exploration. It occurs in an account of the voyages of Count Frontenac, from whom Fort Frontenac (now Kingston) took its name :

“ With an Italian named Tonti, Father Hennepin, a number of mechanics and mariners, naval stores, and goods for the Indian trade, the Count arrived at Frontenac in the fall of 1678 ; and soon after a wooden canoe of ten tons, the first craft of European architecture that ever entered the Niagara River, bore a part of his company to the site of Fort Niagara. La Salle, followed soon after with a sail vessel, in which he had a stock of provisions, and materials for ship building ; *crossed the lake, coasted along its southern shore, entered the mouth of the Genesee River or the Irondequoit Bay*, and visited some of the villages of the Senecas to reconcile them to his enterprise ; and on his way from the Genesee to the Niagara River, encountered a gale and lost his vessel, saving but a part of his cargo.

“ Arrived at Niagara, he erected some rude defences, established a post, and at Lewiston erected a trading station with palisades. Late in January the business of ship building was commenced at the mouth of Cayuga creek, six miles above the Falls of Niagara.

“ In mid-winter, the necessity occurring, the intrepid adventurer, on foot made the journey to Frontenac, around the head of the Lake, returning on the ice along the northern shore, with a dog and sledge for the transportation of his baggage.”

For further illustration of the importance of these points in very early times, we refer to the accounts of DeNonville's expedition against the Senecas, which terminated in a decisive battle at or near what is now Victor, Ontario county, N. Y.

The force was organized on the north side of the Lake, at Kingston, (Frontenac) or some other strong hold of the French in that direction, and consisted of regular French troops and friendly Indians. At Fort Niagara and further west a similar force was gathered which moved eastward, and met DeNonville's army, at Irondequoit Bay. Thence the march was overland southward to the scene of the battle.

The accounts show that DeNonville crossed the lake from "Cataracony" to La Famine Bay, the latter of which is below Oswego. From there to Irondequoit Bay, the main army *had coasted by slow stages, encamping on shore when night overtook them.* They arrived at Irondequoit Bay, July 10, 1687. The narrative says:

"Their last and most considerable halt was upon the present site of Pultneyville, Wayne county, N. Y. From this period that became a prominent stopping place for French batteauxmen, and after them for the English lake coasters. The species of apple tree which the French introduced in this region, was growing there, and there was the remains of an old log building, when white settlement commenced. The place was known as Appleboom, before its present name was conferred."

It probably has no connection with early French exploration, but we mention the fact that a few years ago Andrew Erasmussen, of Pultneyville, while hoeing corn in a field on the west side of the road, just north of Williamson Corners, found a Spanish milled silver dollar, dated 1726. It was thoroughly crusted with dirt, and needed to be washed and cleaned before it could be read. The name Appleboom owes its origin to the fact that an apple tree, supposed to have been set out, or the seed planted by early French voyageurs, stood upon the extreme point of the bank west of the creek, at Pultneyville. It was partially undermined, and a long limb projected from it over the water, in about the oblique position the "boom" on a vessel occupies. It became

a land mark, and gave name to this point. Captain Horatio Throop, and his brother Washington Throop, concur in this explanation as the one they heard in their boyhood, from old navigators, though the tree had even then disappeared.

At Pultneyville, in possession of Henry M. Griffin, is a French axe, of peculiar pattern. It was brought there by Thomas Fish, deceased. It was one of a small quantity, said to be fifteen or twenty, found about 1814, on the banks of the creek west of the present vinegar factory. They were taken from under a rotten hemlock log.

Sodus Bay was of much greater note, in early times, than would be indicated by the brief mention which we can make in a work limited to one line of historical research. It was the Bay of the Goigouens, the Bay of the Cayugas; an Indian trail, (and probably it was the route of early traders and missionaries,) led from the bay up the stream that flows in from the south; then by a short carrying place at some point, a stream was reached that flows into Crusoe Lake; then through Crusoe outlet to the Seneca river, and up the Seneca to Cayuga lake. Probably also there was another route by a short carrying place from the head waters of the stream that flows into the bay, across to some creek flowing into the Clyde river.

From a biographical sketch of M. Picquet, "King's Missionary and Prefect Apostolic to Canada," it appears that in June, 1751, "he made a voyage around Lake Ontario, in a King's canoe." In returning from Niagara, along the south shore of the lake, he made close observations with reference to maintaining the future power of France along this line. The narrative says:

"He desired greatly that Choeguen (Oswego,) were destroyed, and the English prevented re-building it; and in order that we should be absolutely masters of the south side of Lake Ontario, he proposed erecting a fort near there, at the Bay of the Cayugas, (Sodus Bay,) which would make a very good harbor, and furnish a very fine anchorage. No place is better adapted for a fort."

If there had previously been a Fort at Sodus Bay it might have been expected that M. Picquet in the above suggestion would have spoken of *rebuilding* or repairing instead

of establishing one. Still there is evidence that there had been a Fort at that place at some earlier date. In a correspondence between this French Governor of Canada and the English Governor of New York, the former under date of July 20, 1727, says:

“ You cannot be ignorant of the possession during a very considerable time which the King, my master, has of all the Lands of Canada, of which those of the Lake Ontario and the adjacent lands make a part, and in which he has built forts, and made other settlements in different places, as are those of Denonville, at the entrance of the River of Niagara, that of Frontenac, another called LaFamine, that which is called the Fort-des-Sables, *another at the Bay of the Cayugas*, at Oswego, &c., &c., without any opposition, they having been one and all of them possessed by the French, who alone having had a right and have had possession of carrying on the trade there.”

We give the following additional extracts from ancient documents containing allusions to Sodus Bay :

*From Colonial History of New York, Vol. 3, pp. 433, 434.*

Examination of Adandidaghko, an Indian prisoner sent from Albany to New York, 1687, Sept. the first.

\* \* \* \* \* “ A few days after (he had disposed of his peltry), the French came and gave him and all the Indians in the Christian’s Castle, each thirty bullets and a double handful of powder, and bad them appeare att a French Gents house, neare Mont Royall; the Christian Indians being about one hundred and twenty or thirty strong ; in the meane time the French and other Nations of Indians all appeared att Mont Royall, and the second day after that the Gov<sup>r</sup> himselve: the number of the French being two’ thousand and of all the Indians one thousand. The army went all by water” — in boats and canoes, three days from Mont Royall to Kadraghkie — thence to an island — thence to Cadranganhie where “ about nine the clock the next morning they saw ten Onnandages at Asanhage.\* the Gov<sup>r</sup> gave orders not to meddle with them, upon which the Onnondagas gave a greate shout and went their way, and the army went a long the shore side to a *passage that goes to the Cayouges*: the day following they saw a brigantine att anker, &c., &c.”

The expression “ along the shore side to a passage that goes to the Cayouges,” undoubtedly refers to Sodus Bay

\* Probably Gainhouagué or Salmon river, Oswego Co.



and to the ancient Indian trail, from there *via* Crusoe Lake and the Seneca river to the Canton of the Cayuga Indians.

The following letter was written at the "Bay of the Cayugas," or Sodus Bay :

*From Colonial History of New York. Vol. 9, p. 838.*

*M. de Joncaire to M. de la Fresniere.*

Copy of a letter from Sieur de Joncaire to Sieur de la Fresniere, the King's Commandant at Fort Frontenac,\* dated Bay of the Cayugas, 14 June, 1709.

SIR,—Affairs are in such confusion here, that I do not consider my soldiers safe. I send them to you to await me at your fort, because, should things take a bad turn for us, I can escape alone more readily than if I have them with me. It is not necessary, however, to alarm Canada yet, as there is no need to despair. I shall be with you in twenty or twenty-five days at farthest, and if I exceed that time, please send my canoe to Montreal. Letters for the General will be found in my portfolio, which my wife will take care to deliver to him. If, however, you think proper to forward them sooner, St. Louis will hand them to you. But I beg of you that my soldiers may not be the bearers of them, calculating with certainty to find them with you when I arrive, unless I exceed 25 days. The Rev. Father de Lamberville† has placed us in a terrible state of embarrassment by his flight. Yesterday I was leaving for Montreal in the best possible spirits. Now I am not certain if I shall ever see you again. I am sir, and dear friend,

Your most humble and most obedient servant,

[Signed,] DE JONCAIRE.

The memorandum next given shows that Sodus Bay was "a convenient rendezvous for all the tribes" of the Iroquois. This opens up to the imagination a brilliant picture of council fires on the shores of the Bay, and the dusky representatives of the great Confederacy gathered around them in grave debate :

*From Vol. 9 Colonial History, p. 951.*

(Letter of 10th June, 1725.)

M. Bégon, who is at Quebec, states that he has sent carpenters, blacksmiths and other mechanics, to build the two

\* Now Kingston.

† The date of this letter, 1709, indicates that Rev. Father de Lamberville labored in the territory of the Cayugas, or Senecas, later than is stated in Shea's History. The table in Shea's appendix places the death of the younger Lamberville as "after 1705." The above letter implies that he was still laboring as a missionary, in 1709.

Barks: the timber, has been cut, barked and sawed during the winter.

That M. de Longueuil has written to him from Fort Frontenac, the ninth of May, that no trading post had as yet been established at Choueguen,\* and that all the Iroquois Chiefs when assembled at Seneca, had concluded, in their Council to forbid that establishment, and that they had sent a belt to the English, which has prevented the carrying out of that project.

He has also stated that he was about to set out for the bay of the Cayugas, where we would meet all the Iroquois; that being the most convenient rendezvous for all the tribes."

The following extract of three years later date shows that the French did not succeed in preventing the English from establishing a post at Choueguen [Oswego,] for the question now discussed was the propriety of establishing a French fort at Sodus Bay to checkmate the English:

*From Vol. 9, Colonial History, pages 1011.*

"Abstracts of Messrs. de Beauharnois and d'Aigremont's dispatches and orders thereupon.

English establishment at Choueguen, on the shore of Lake Ontario.

1st October, 1728. Messrs. de Beauharnois and d'Aigremont observe that they will adopt the best measures to render the post of Choueguen useless to the trade of the English, that, to effect that, orders have been issued obliging the canoes of the French Voyageurs on their way down from the upper country, to pass along the north shore of Lake Ontario, which orders will be strictly enforced, and such measures pursued as will tend to the same end.

They propose forming a new establishment in the bay of the Cayugas, 8x9 leagues west of the river Choueguen, by means whereof the English post would decline so that it would be abandoned. To defray this expense, they demand a grant of 38047 li.

It is to be apprehended that the English will form this establishment, and if they be not anticipated, France may possibly lose the south part of the Lake.

The matter was discussed by the home government and a discussion against establishing a fort seems to have been reached as shown in the following memorandum:

Decision of the Minister submitted to the King, by whom it is approved.

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\* Oswego.

It appears proper to stay the measures which have been adopted to render the post at Choueguen useless to the English.

As for the proposed establishment at the bay of the Cayugas, it does not appear very necessary, for independent of its cost, which would be greater than is proposed, it would occasion an annual expense besides; it would even be difficult to establish it on account of the opposition and jealousy of the Iroquois, which would be fomented by the English. Even were it attended with success, there is no doubt but the English would immediately set up another post alongside of it.

This decision was not satisfactory, however, to those who originally proposed the fort as appears from this subsequent opinion:

*From Vol. 9, Colonial History, page 1013.*

Messrs. de Beauharnois and d'Aigremont in a special despatch repeat their opinion of the importance of founding a post at the bay of the Cayugas, to offset the English post on the Choueguen river.

We give yet another extract, partially describing Sodus Bay, and alluding to the project of a trading post or fort:

*From Vol. 9, Colonial History, p. 1012.*

This memoir (of Sieur de Chaussegros) contains reasons for its constructions (of posts) at La Galette, or at Lake Ontario; he represents that some 8 or 9 English (leagues?) west of the river Choueguen is a large bay called the Cayugas, situate in a beautiful country, which he visited in 1726, and found, on sounding, that large ships could anchor and be quite safe there; that the harbor is like that of Louisburg, with this difference only, that Louisburg is oval, whilst the bay of the Cayugas is almost circular, having at its head a large river, which leads to the village or country of the Cayugas. The entrance to this bay, which is narrower than that of Louisburg, is formed by two landsplits; they are appropriately called the Peninsulas, and inclose this bay." The post was not approved of.

We thus have at least a glimpse of those early times, "two hundred years ago," showing that Sodus, Pultneyville, and probably other points along the northern border of Wayne county, were the camping grounds of armies, and the resting places of voyagers, traders and missionaries.

Amid these scenes of the long forgotten past, there is ample room for the imagination to weave many a romance, and people once again the beautiful shores of the bay, and the fair coasts of Appleboom, with the stalwart forms of daring explorers and priests clad in the robes of the Catholic church.

The first Christian worship on these then wild shores was undoubtedly in accordance with the forms prescribed by the Catholic ritual; and masses were said and vespers sung in rude chapels beside these silvery waters.



## CHAPTER III.

### INDIAN OCCUPATION OF WAYNE COUNTY — SUPPOSED SITE OF FORTS — INDIAN RELICS.

AT the time of the early settlement, there seem to have been few or no Indians living with any degree of permanency upon the present territory of Wayne county. The traditions of the old people still living, as well as many published reminiscences, all mention the presence of Indians, but they were evidently migratory parties, hunting for a few weeks, or raising patches of corn, going and coming irregularly.

When Lemuel Spear settled a mile above Palmyra village, in February, 1790, the flats near him had been cultivated somewhat by Indians the year before. The accounts of other early families, speak of trafficking with the Indians, of bartering for venison, and for other products of the forest. In the winters, for a few years following the arrival of early settlers, the Indians camped upon the flats above Palmyra. They are described as having been peaceable, good neighbors; engaged in hunting and trapping, occasionally getting a beaver and selling their furs to traders.

Of this same period, Stephen Durfee, as given in Turner's History of the Pultney estate, said:

"The Indians were hunting, trapping and camping in our neighborhood, in all the earliest years. The flats of the Ganargwa and the adjoining uplands, were favorite hunting grounds."

Judge Daniel Dorsey, who arrived at Lyons, in 1801, engaged largely in trade. His goods were brought from Baltimore. A large proportion of his early trade was with the Indians, who used to encamp along the banks of the Outlet and at Sodus. There were often as many as thirty Indian huts along where William street, of Lyons village, now crosses the canal,

## INDIAN ATTACK.

In the winter of 1788-'89, John Swift and Colonel John Jenkins purchased Township 12, R. 2, now Palmyra, and commenced the survey of it into farm lots, in March. Jenkins being a practical surveyor, built a camp on the bank of Ganargwa creek, about two miles below the present village of Palmyra.\* His assistants were his nephew, Alpheus Harris, Solomon Earle, Daniel Ransom and Mr. Baker. One morning, about two o'clock, the party being asleep in their bunks, their fire giving light enough to show their several positions, a party of four Tuscarora Indians and a squaw stealthily approached, and the Indians, putting their guns through the open spaces in the logs, selected their victims and fired. Baker was killed. Earle was lying upon his back, with his hand upon his breast. A ball passed through his hand, scathed his breast, mutilated his nose, and lodged under the frontal sinus between his eyes.

Jenkins and Ransom escaped unhurt and made a vigorous resistance; Jenkins attacking the murderers with his surveyors' staff and Ransom with an axe, they drove them off, capturing two of their rifles and a tomahawk.

In the morning they buried their dead companion †—carried Earle to John Decker Robinson's, near Vienna, and gave the alarm. The Indians were pursued and two captured on the Chemung river. They were tried by a lynch court or committee, condemned to death and executed. The execution was a barbarous affair, worthy of a new country, lacking civil government. The condemned were taken into the woods, blindfolded, and a man appointed to execute each with a tomahawk. The first man succeeded at a single blow; the other failed. The athletic Indian parried the blow, and ran only to be pounded to death by a posse of pursuers, with stones and pine knots. ‡

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\* The camp was on the farm now owned by Nelson Reeves, near a spring of water, north of the railroad.

† This grave was known in the early years, but in later times has been obliterated. It was not far from the Spring of Water.

‡ This account of the punishment of Baker's murderers, is from Turner's History. Other traditions state that after the arrest, the prisoners were being taken to Whitestown jail, but proving troublesome, and attempting to escape, were put to death on the way.

The man Earle recovered from his wounds, and was for many years, a ferryman at the Seneca outlet. One of the Indians that escaped, lived in after years upon the Genesee river. He died of small-pox in 1812. He carried through life a scar upon his face, where he was struck by the surveyors' staff.

This is the only story of Indian attack upon early settlers in Wayne county, which has come down to the present time. There were various alarms and many fears of what might happen, especially about the years 1793 and 1794, when Indian wars at the west created general uneasiness, and British claims to the soil and jurisdiction along the southern shore of Lake Ontario, had not yet been abandoned.

Early settlers of Sodus found wandering Indians there in the same manner as those of Palmyra and Lyons, but none claiming to occupy or possess a right to the soil.

Mrs. Richards, who settled about 1795, on what is now the William Vosburg farm, stated to the writer that Indians often staid at her house; that they were always peaceable and well disposed; that she was never afraid of them.

James Sergeant, who was born in Sodus, in 1804, says that in his childhood, there were many Indians coming and going. At one time there was quite a large camp of them near where the brick meeting-house now stands.

This is doubtless a fair statement of the case, with reference to the entire county. No resident Indians were here after the advent of the white men, in 1789, but many transient hunting or trading parties were coming and going, for ten or fifteen years; all quiet and friendly.

There was, however, an occasional attempt to steal the property of the white settlers. It is related in East Palmyra, that the Indians on one occasion, seized a calf belonging to Humphrey Sherman. They carried it to a canoe in the Ganargwa, but the calf, bawling lustily, Sherman pursued, plunged into the creek, grasped the canoe, compelled the Indians to yield up their booty, and took his calf home in triumph.

About one mile east of the village of Lyons, there is a small stream which empties its waters into the Clyde river.

Along the eastern bank of this brook, the Seneca Indians had been accustomed to build their little wigwams in the fall of each year, and remain during the hunting and fishing season, which generally ended about the last of March. The low swamp lands and high hills east of Lyons, afforded fine hunting grounds for the Indians, where the bear, wolf, deer and fox were taken in large numbers, their skins affording a fine profit. Fish, particularly salmon, were found in great numbers in the river, or "outlet" as it was called, and afforded fine amusement for the women and children.

In the fall of 1799, there was a large encampment of the tribe stretching far up the brook; among them a very old Indian and his squaw. The Indian was tall and straight, and when animated would seem to forget his age and move about with the elasticity of youth. On his left arm he wore a wide brass band, which covered a fearful scar. He had the reputation of having been a great warrior. He had received the title, and was known by his tribe as Captain Johnnie Jack. Rev. John Cole, (father of Samuel J. Cole,) had bought the land upon which this encampment stood, and formed a friendly acquaintance with Captain Jack. Many winter evenings were passed in hearing Captain Jack relate his adventures. (See Wayne County History, page 97.)

The tract of country now included in Wayne county was a part of the territory of the Six Nations. In the ancient division between the tribe of Cayugas and the tribe of Senecas, the boundary is said to have been "a line running due south from the head of Sodus Bay." This corresponds very nearly to the Pre-emption Line, which afterwards constituted the Eastern boundary of the Massachusetts claim, and also the Eastern boundary of Phelps & Gorham's purchase. The meridian of Washington also passes through Sodus Bay, and is thus not far from the same ancient boundary between these noted tribes of Indians. The Six Nations were induced by British influence to take the side of England in the War of the Revolution. It thus became a military necessity for the Continental army to punish and largely to destroy this powerful combination of Indian tribes. Sullivan's expedition, in 1779, was sent upon this special errand, and the work was thoroughly exe-



cut. Humbled, reduced in numbers and scattered, they found themselves upon the losing side at the close of the Revolution. Subsequently they disposed of their lands to the State of New York, or to the purchasers under the Massachusetts claims.

The territory of Wayne county east of the Pre-emption Line was a part of the inheritance of the Cayugas. West of that line it belonged to the Senecas.

It is the theory of writers who have given much study to Indian history, that the mouth of the Oswego river formed a lake port for the Onondagas; Sodus Bay for the Cayugas, and Irondequoit Bay for the Senecas. The fact that there were but few Indians in this section of country in 1789, is easily accounted for by the scattering and destruction of the tribes in the Sullivan expedition ten years before. Their power was broken, their numbers were diminished, and many had scattered into other parts of the country remote from the incoming tide of emigration. The Cayugas ceded their lands to the State of New York by the treaty of Albany, February 25, 1789. This included Eastern Wayne.

The territory of the Seneca Indians was within the Massachusetts claim. It may be necessary to explain that this claim arose out of the original defective or incorrect language of the ancient charters.

The Kings of England and France were either poor geographers or very careless in their grants of territory in the New World. In the year 1620, the King of Great Britain granted to the Plymouth Company a tract called New England, several degrees of latitude in width, *and extending from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific*. Charles I., in 1663, granted to the Duke of York and Albany, the province of New York, including the present State of New Jersey. This tract was bounded by what is now substantially the east line of the State of New York, *extending westward indefinitely*, and from the Atlantic ocean northward to Canada. Of course these two descriptions overlapped each other, and were impossible of application. The conflicting questions growing out of these facts were settled by commissioners of New York and Massachusetts, who met at Hartford

December 16, 1786. The jurisdiction or right of government over all the territory which is now the State of New York, was granted to New York. The title to the soil or the pre-emption right to purchase such title from the Indians was granted to Massachusetts, for all the territory of New York west of a meridian line drawn northward from the 82d mile stone in the north line of Pennsylvania. This line as first surveyed constitutes what is now known as the "Old Pre-emption Line." It strikes Lake Ontario at Preston's Mills, in Sodus. A dispute as to the correctness of the survey led to the location of a second line known as the "New Pre-emption Line." This terminates just east of Briscoe's Cove, Sodus Bay, and is the present Eastern boundary of the towns of Sodus and Lyons.

This shows that the purchase from the Senecas of their lands was of necessity, made by the State of Massachusetts or its grantees, and not by the State of New York. The council for securing the cession met at Buffalo Creek, July 4, 1788. The tract finally ceded by the Indians was bounded east by the Pre-emption Line, and west by a line "beginning in the Northern line of Pennsylvania, due south of the corner or point of land made by the confluence of the Genesee river with the Canaseraga creek; thence north on said meridian line to said point; thence northwardly along the waters of the Genesee river to a point two miles north of Canawagus village; thence due west twelve miles; thence running northwardly to Lake Ontario by a line twelve miles from the Genesee river."

This tract was the Phelps & Gorham Purchase, or, as subsequently known, "the Pultney Estate." This purchase, from the Seneca Indians, included that part of Wayne county lying west of the Eastern boundary of Sodus.

The formal extinguishing of the Indian title to Wayne county is thus traced: East of the Pre-emption Line, ceded by the Cayugas February 25, 1789; west of the Pre-emption Line, ceded by the Senecas at the Council that met July 4, 1788.

Indian occupation at the commencement of settlement in Wayne county was therefore only temporary, transient as

has already been shown. They had sold their right to the soil and were gradually disappearing from the forests of their fathers, and from the ancient hunting grounds of their race.

A more precise statement as to the boundary between the Senecas and the Cayugas is furnished in the following memorandum, by George Conover, of Geneva, who is a very diligent student of pioneer history, and to whom the author is indebted for many facts and suggestions upon this and similar questions.

As soon as the treaty was concluded, in September, 1788, with the Oneidas and Onondagas, the Commissioners of Indian affairs directed Rev. Samuel Kirkland to proceed to the Indian country, to induce the Cayugas to attend a council, (Hough's Indian Treaties, p. 251.) His instructions were in writing, and the following extract is taken :

“As a small part of the lands of the Senecas is supposed to lie East of the Line of cession to Massachusetts, it is the wish of the Commissioners, that the chiefs of the tribes connected with the Cayugas, may be informed of the nature of our settlement with the Oneidas and Onondagas, and that a sufficient number of the chiefs of such Tribes to transact this business, should attend with the Cayuga chiefs; but as the latter object is small, we cannot be justified in putting the State to any considerable expense to procure the attendance of the Senecas.”

The old pre-emption line had at this time been run, and went through the very center of the Old Castle, or Kanasaga.

Reed and Ryckman procured an attendance of Cayugas, and the treaty of cession was held with them at Albany, February, 1789, and included a reservation to “a white person,” (Joseph Paerdre,) “married to a daughter of a Cayuga, named Thaneswas,” of three hundred and twenty acres, at Kashong creek, seven miles south of Geneva. This Thaneswas was a Seneca, instead of a Cayuga, and was one of the speakers for the Cayugas.—(See Hough's Treaties.)

The western bounds of the cession was the old pre-emption line.

February 2, 1790, Rev. Mr. Kirkland presented the following paper to the Board—(Hough's Treaties, page 356) :

KANADASEGEA, 10th December, 1789.

BROTHER GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK ATTEND :

I have received your message by the mouth of our friend, the Minister. In your speech you wished to know of us Senecas, if we have any further demands upon you for the lands about Newtown,\* on the Teyasgea,† or if our nation have any ancient claim to any lands east of the line of Cession, made by New York to Massachusetts, to which line Mr. Phelps lately purchased of our Nation, and on condition it should be made to appear that our Nation have any just claim to any lands east of the aforesaid line, the Governor is disposed, in behalf of the People of New York, to make them a just compensation, for he would not have the Senecas, nor any Indians wronged out of one foot of their lands.

BROTHER GOVERNOR :—

This you desire to know. I thank you, Brother, for the just and good mind you manifest towards Indians. Brother possess your mind in peace; our Indians are all on the hunt, only one chief left at home with me, but I can give you full satisfaction on the subject of your speech. We formerly claimed a small tract of land about Newtown, on the Teyasgea, and the Cayugas, by ancient Tradition, claimed a tract towards lake Ontario, west of the line of Mr. Phelps's purchase. We Senecas, with the Cayugas, taking this matter into consideration, at our council held on Buffalo creek, last spring, mutually and unanimously agreed that Mr. Phelps's East line should be the boundary line betwixt us. We Senecas relinquished all claims to any lands east of said line, and the Cayugas relinquished all their former pretensions to any lands west of said line. Therefore, we have no demands upon the people of New York for any lands east of the line run by Mr. Phelps. We, nevertheless, expect you will make the Cayugas a reasonable compensation, which in your wisdom and righteousness you will determine. We wish prosperity to your government,

Brother Governor, this is all I have to say; farewell.

KALONDOWDNEA, alias Big Tree.

SAGOYADYASTHA.

Translated and wrote by Samuel Kirkland, Missionary, and to the justness of the transaction he can make oath, if required.

In presence of

SETH REED,

JOEL PRESCOTT.

\* Five miles below present Elmira.

† Tioga.

The foregoing makes it absolutely certain that the whole of Great Sodus Bay, originally belonged to the Cayugas. The Moravian Missionaries, Bishop Cammerhoff, and Rev. David Zeisbeyn, journeyed through here in 1750. At the N. E. corner of Seneca lake, they found a Cayuga village, called Nuguiaze. This shows that the east shore of Seneca lake belonged to the Cayugas. Seneca lake, itself, doubtless belonged to the Senecas, although there may be some question even, about that, but from the fact that the Senecas owned about Newtown, on the Tioga, the lake was undoubtedly the Senecas.

If we extend the investigation of Indian occupancy backward into the centuries preceding the time, when lands were ceded and settlements made, we enter upon a dim uncertain era, in which there is but little that can be determined. Wayne county belonged to the Senecas and Cayugas. So much is known. The five nations occupied these lands in central New York, at the time the French made their earliest discoveries along the St. Lawrence. The Indian accounts of themselves showed that at some date before the period of French discovery, the Iroquois had lived along the St. Lawrence, and had been gradually driven southward by the Indians of Canada, until they had located all along the center of what now constitutes the State of New York. When first known to the whites, they consisted, commencing at the east, of the Mohawks, the Oneidas, the Onondagas, the Cayugas, and the Senecas.

About 1690, after various wars with southern Indians, they incorporated into their league, the Tuscaroras, and became known as "the six nations."

So far as Wayne county has been critically examined for proofs of Indian villages; for remains of Indian encampments; for Indian battle fields, or Indian burial places, very little has been discovered,

But few relics of Indian times have been found around Sodus Bay. Occasionally arrowheads, such as may be found in almost any part of the country, are picked up here. Mr. William Gatchel, of Huron, states that his father once found an Indian mortar near the Bay. It may account for

the scarcity of relics around the Bay, to notice that the Indians did not locate their principal villages along great bodies of water. Their homes were more easily defended if located farther into the country.

On the farm of Captain N. F. Strickland, Walworth, there is a place comprising two or three acres, over which many arrowheads have been found; sufficient to indicate, perhaps, a village, or at least the site of a temporary encampment.

On the Moore farm, west of Walworth Corners, there is a mound having something of a peculiar appearance, as if out of place on the low ground. It has sometimes been supposed to be an Indian mound; but perhaps the idea has little foundation. Hon. H. H. Wheeler, furnishes the following item:

“As late as 1815, there existed an old Indian hut, built in the style of our primitive log houses, but of small timbers, not more than six inches thick, perhaps. It stood at a place then known as the “Old Indian Camp,” on the south side of the (then) “old Block House Road,” half a mile west of Wheeler’s Corners, my present residence. When, or by whom it was built or occupied, I never learned. Probably it was a sort of a rendezvous for a band of Indians hunting in this neighborhood, at some not very remote period.”

On the farm now owned by Walter L. Cone, in the town of Ontario, many arrows have been found. They occur on a small rise of ground comprising an acre or more, situated on the north side of the Ridge road, and not far from it.

On the farm of James D. Wood, Savannah, four miles northeast of Savannah village, and a mile and a half from the Seneca river, an old well was discovered several feet below the surface; the existence of which no one knew anything about at or subsequent to the first settlement.

On the same farm was found, (not an Indian relic,) an ancient toad. The animal was dug out several feet below the surface, having been embedded in hard red clay. Apparently it had been excluded for ages from light and air. After being thrown out, it exhibited signs of life.

Just south of the line of Wayne county, considerable many relics have been gathered. In the historical rooms at Waterloo, there are several curiosities presented by Mrs.

Henrietta Barnes, of Junius—a stone hammer, stone pipe, and a horn ladle.

By William G. Phillips, of Junius, a number of arrow-heads ; also similar relics by Myron Coleman.

On the farm of L. H. Clark, three and a half miles east of Pultneyville, have been picked up arrow-heads, a stone hatchet and a pestle.

Dr. Benjamin Wilson, of Wolcott, has quite a handsome collection of Indian relics, gathered from various places in Wolcott and vicinity.

De Lancy Stowe, of Clyde, is also making a collection of Indian curiosities.

C. B. Collins, now of Clyde, relates a discovery that may have some bearing on ancient matters in this section.

About forty-five years ago, he plowed up a fragment of a cannon on the old Collins farm in Rose. The place was in the present village of Rose Valley, in the field on the left of the road to Wolcott and near the curve. The piece was eighteen or twenty inches long, having a bore of some two inches in diameter. The plow caught in a basswood stump, perhaps a foot and a half in diameter, and as the stump was turned out the iron piece was rolled out from beneath it. There was no lettering or other marks upon it. It was thickly coated with rust, and had every appearance of having been there for a long series of years. Unfortunately the piece was not preserved.

Not more than a quarter of a mile northwest of the spot where the cannon was found, and on the farm of Thaddeus Collins, Jr., there was found about sixty years ago, an axe of peculiar shape, wide bit and light head, something like the so-called French axes found at Pultneyville.

There was also discovered an ancient piece of pottery not more than fifty rods west from the cannon. The pottery crumbled to pieces so much that no fragments of it could be preserved, nor could it be easily described.

Along the ridge of land just west, considerable many arrow-heads were picked up in the early years.

These remains indicate the location of an Indian village, or perhaps a French trading post of the early times. As the

Indian trail from Sodus Bay to Cayuga passed up the creek (which is now a mere rivulet running through the south part of the village of Rose), and so to Crusoe Lake, the site of this supposed trading post would be in a fertile valley only half a mile or so from the trail.

That a line of Indian posts, forts, or villages, existed in Sodus west of the village is extremely probable. There is, at this point, a range of hills rising abruptly from the Ridge Road on the north, with plateaus of considerable extent on the summits, and long, gentle slopes to the south.

The highest point is on the farm of Perry McCarty, and there the Government Coast Survey erected a temporary observatory a few years ago, the summit being determined by the officers to be 350 feet above the level of Lake Ontario. A few rods east of this point numerous Indian relics have been picked up from a space of half an acre or more—mostly arrow-heads, but one or more stone hatchets have also been found and also a flint knife eight or ten inches long, evidently used for skinning animals.

On another hill, half a mile southwest, on the present farm of Lawson Arms, is also a place of one or more acres upon which arrows have been found in considerable numbers, one man stating that he has himself probably picked up two dozen or more.\*

Still west of this, on the well-known Paddock farm, similar relics have been found on the hill west of the barn.

To stand on these hills and note the distant views that can be obtained from them, to glance at the hills themselves, at their relation to each other and to the surrounding country, will show even to unmilitary eyes how strong and advantageous would be the positions indicated above.

Even when dense forests covered all the low grounds, there would be visible from these points, and particularly from the one selected by the government officers, a wide extent of the lake sweeping around almost to a semi-circle. The entrance to Sodus Bay, the "Bay of the Cayugas," would be distinctly visible. Southeast the view is extensive, it being said for years that in a clear day glimpses of build-

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\* Watson W. Wood.



ings in Auburn can be obtained. South and southwest there is a rolling, picturesque country, comprising views of great beauty and extent. Upon no points in all Northern Wayne could armies or villages have been so well posted for safety, for defense or for observation as upon this chain of hills.

As one stands on these breezy heights and looks out to-day upon fields rich with ripening harvests, upon farms revealing the skillful hand of civilized industry, upon homes and villages, upon schools and churches, it requires a strong effort of the imagination to reach back into the dim ages of the past and see these hills covered with wigwams, with camps and fortifications. Up these steep heights invading armies may have pressed in desperate assault, while all along the brow of the hills behind the rude fortifications of the forest stood the defenders of camp and home. On these hills council fires doubtless burned, and around them was heard the rough eloquence of the Indian orator, or the wily appeals of the French trader. From these heights the signal blaze may have easily flashed intelligence to distant points, to the Cayugas beyond the lake, bearing their name, to the Sencas at Old Castle, at Canandaigua, Victor, and even to yet more distant points. The movements of De Nonville's army, coasting the southern shore of the lake, might have thus been *telegraphed* to the Indians at Canandaigua, and the warriors brought together ready to meet the French commander before he could march overland from Irondequoit, the point where his army disembarked.

In short, whether we test the probability of Indian occupation upon these hills by the actual relics found, by the strong natural advantages for defense, by the extensive outlook to be obtained from their summits, by their convenience as signal points between the lake and distant places to the south, we shall easily decide that here dwelt the plumed and painted warriors, and here were located camps and villages in the long, dim ages of the past:

#### FORT HILL, SAVANNAH.

This well known site of ancient Indian remains lies about a mile southeast of the village. It is a beautiful eminence,

and rises abruptly upon the east from the low grounds of the Seneca river. The north declivity of the hill is also quite steep, and this formation extends a short distance along the west side rendering the northern portion of the hill a distinct, bold elevation.

From the summit extending southward there is a series of gentle slopes descending to nearly the level of the low grounds on the east; towards the southwest the descent is quite steep, but does not reach so low a point as upon the other portions of the outline; and here it is somewhat connected to other hills lying upon the west. From the summit there is an extensive outlook, commanding the low lands of the Seneca, and the river itself for several miles above and below. Northward a distant view is obtained comprising small elevations of inconsiderable height and a wide extent of lower uplands. Directly west appears a range of hills not quite as high as Fort Hill; and beyond this range lies the valley and adjacent marshes of the Clyde river.

Fort Hill is upon the tract of country known in Savannah as "The Island," and not far from its southern boundary. The Seneca river forms what may be approximately termed the eastern boundary; Crusoe Lake and its outlet that falls into the Seneca the northern boundary; the Clyde river as it flowed to the Seneca before its channel was changed by the canal, the southern boundary; while the western boundary consists of the Clyde river there flowing southward, and Marsh creek flowing northward into Crusoe Lake. To close the tract and make it an island there is a marsh covered with water a large portion of the time, lying between Marsh creek and the Clyde river. This marsh cannot of course differ much from the level of both the creek and the river, and must have to some extent the features of a bifurcated river, flowing in different directions at different times.

The whole "Island" was evidently a favorite resort of the Cayuga Indians; very likely a place of residence and thickly populated. The splendid opportunities for fishing and hunting in this region of forest and streams; its bound-

aries to some extent a natural line of defence, and its central location between Sodus Bay on the north, and the Cayuga Lake region upon the south, must have given it decided advantages, and made it a desirable place of encampment or of permanent settlement.

Fort Hill was undoubtedly strongly fortified and made capable of protracted defence. The fort occupied the highest part of the summit at the northern end. It has been cleared of the ancient forest and been subjected to the leveling process of cultivation. The plow and the harrow have done their work of destruction upon the ancient lines, but the outline of the breastwork can still be fairly traced. The ground was about sixteen rods in its greatest length and eight rods in width, thus comprising from a half to three-quarters of an acre. The general figure is somewhat pear shaped, with the narrow end at the north. A portion of the way the breastwork is still quite distinct. Well informed persons who saw it only a few years ago before it was cleared and plowed, describe the breastwork, the ditch and the gateway, as quite prominent. From the south end of the fort down the slopes already mentioned, and dividing them into parallel ridges, is a slight ravine which might have formed a covered and protected pathway for friends to enter the fort even though it was hotly attacked, east, north and west.

Old people living at Savannah, say that the early forest was thick and heavy upon this ground and that large trees had grown from the breastworks.

It does not appear that any very great amount of relics has been gathered either from the grounds of the fort or from the vicinity. Arrowheads have been found as they are occasionally through all this country. Mrs. May, widow of the elder Dr. May, states that when she was a little girl, sixty years ago or more, she was often on Fort Hill; that there were stumps of posts along the embankment; that pieces of guns were picked up in those days and bits of pottery. There does not appear to be any collections of these relics remaining in the vicinity.

In digging gravel for the Central Railroad, there were some Indian graves opened and the bones removed, along the

line of the hill forty rods or more north of the track and a mile north of Fort Hill.

It does not appear that any crosses have been picked up on Fort Hill or in the vicinity. So that it is not entirely clear that Fort Hill is the site of the Jesuit mission St. René as has been supposed by recent investigations of ancient records. Judged by the distances given in a pamphlet edited by Rev. Dr. Hawley, of Auburn, and published by the Cayuga Historical Society, St. René or the village Onontare could hardly have been so far north. They should be looked for perhaps in the vicinity of Montezuma rather than Savannah.\*

On the Ramsdell farm, northeast of Savannah village, near the Seneca river, and just off of the Island is an Indian burying ground.

The story of the Catholic missions is one of romantic interest, though it cannot be given in this volume. The Jesuit fathers having established themselves at Onondaga in 1653, deputies from the Cayugas and Senecas, even then sought to have missionaries sent to them. Two or three years elapsed however, before this was done. Shea's history says:

"When the faith had thus acquired a footing at Onondaga, the band of apostolic men spread themselves among the Cantons. In the latter part of August, 1656, Fathers Chaumont and Menard set out to answer the invitations of the Cayugas and Seneca. The former leaving Menard at Cayuga, proceeded to the populous villages of the Senecas.

"After a paragraph descriptive of the work among the Senecas, the narrative goes on, meanwhile Menard was now rapidly acquiring the Cayuga dialect under the instructions of an excellent family in whose cabin he was often a guest. His mission was advancing; his chapel was crowded with catechumens; but he baptized few adults and seldom but in case of danger. After a stay of two months he was re-called to the Onondagas."

An outbreak of hostilities compelled a termination of these missions. The French colony at Onondaga silently departed about midnight, March 20, 1658, and succeeded in reaching Montreal.

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\*The fact, however, that distances anciently stated do not appear to agree with our more accurate measurements should not be considered as disproving the location of St. René at Fort Hill. Onontare is believed to have occupied several different locations, and it is very certain that Fort Hill was one.

The mission at Onondaga, was re-established August 12, 1660, by the arrival of LeMoyne, at Onondaga, where he was welcomed by deputies from the Onondagas, the Cayugas and the Senecas.

Various interruptions, however occurred, in extending the work. In October, 1667, Father-de-Carheil left Onondaga for the west, arrived at the Castle of the Cayugas on the 6th of November, and found them devouring with sacrilegious rites a Conestogue girl to propitiate their god. Yet they received the missionary kindly and at once raised a chapel which Father-de-Carheil dedicated to St. Joseph, patron of the Jesuit missions and of Northern America.

The historian, Shea, is very brief in relation to this work among the Cayugas, nor is there a sufficient fullness of description to enable modern students to locate accurately the scenes of these missionary labors. Rev. Dr. Hawley, of Auburn, has supplemented these narratives by a translation of the actual "Relations of the Jesuits." The general theory is that there were three Cayuga stations. One in the vicinity of what is now Union Springs, Cayuga county; a second near the foot of Cayuga lake, not far from the Railroad bridge, and a third farther North at Fort Hill, Savannah. There may have been other points where mission work was done to some extent.

Bishop McQuade, in an address at the laying of the corner stone of the Catholic church in Clyde, in 1869, advanced the theory that there was a Jesuit mission near Clyde, established about 1661.\* Local tradition as to Indian occupancy added to the statements of the Bishop, points to the Watson farm as the site of an Indian village, and the possible Catholic chapel. No crucifixes have ever been picked up in the vicinity so far as is known, so that that species of evidence is wanting.

The Watson farm was, however, undoubtedly the site of

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\* Bishop McQuade, as reported in the *Clyde Times*, only said: "Two hundred years ago, on the borders of Cayuga Lake, stood a church, another house of God, erected by missionaries for the conversion of the Indian tribes; that was the house of God, too, although built of the bark of trees and Mentezuma reeds. It was the house of God because in it the sacrifice of Christ was offered." Those who heard him on the occasion referred to, understood him to allude to the vicinity of Clyde much more than this newspaper report indicates.

a large Indian village, whether it was visited by Catholic missionaries or not. It lies a little south of Clyde, or southwest. There was originally a forest of magnificent growth largely free of underbrush. A spring yielding an abundant supply of water added to the attractions of the place. It is but a short distance from the Clyde river, a stream so convenient as an Indian highway through the forests, and it is just far enough from Lake Ontario to make it a place of safety; the Indians preferring to locate their towns in the interior, rather than along large bodies of water. Near by, too, is a hill of considerable elevation, from which a watch could be kept over the surrounding country—northward toward Sodus Bay, eastward towards Seneca river and Cayuga lake, and southwest to Old Castle and Canandaigua. The indications of Indian encampment were very marked and clear over all the large, nearly level area, not far from the present barn. Relics have been found there from the first settlement of the country; and besides, there were numerous deep, black spots of earth, evidently the remains of fire-places. And so the evidence accumulates, that here was a village or encampment of considerable size; that it was doubtless a town permanently occupied and the home of a large body of Indians.\*

In the recent excavations for the West Shore Railroad on the Andrew Mead hill, not far from Clyde, a valuable curiosity was secured, and is now in the possession of Mr. Morley. It is an ancient stone pipe, the bowl square, about one and a half inches long, with a stem a little longer than that. It seems to be lettered, in one word—ATIX; though it is not very clear just what the inscription is.

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\* Similar evidences of an Indian encampment were also very clear upon the farm formerly owned by Adrastus Snedaker, a half a mile more east of the Watson farm.



## CHAPTER IV.

### CONQUEST OF WESTERN NEW YORK BY THE ENGLISH IN 1759—ENCAMPMENT OF THE ARMY UPON THE SOIL OF WAYNE COUNTY.

FROM the advent of Jaques Cartier upon the St. Lawrence in 1535, down to the "Old French War" of 1756-'60, the chain of the Great Lakes, their shores and the adjacent country remained either nominally or actually under the dominion of France. Two and a quarter centuries had passed away. England and France, rivals in the old world and the new, had repeatedly contended for the prize of Colonial Empire. The long struggle was now to end. The white lily of France and the red cross of St. George were once more waving over hostile squadrons disputing the title to a country rich in its natural scenery, rich in its treasures of lake and river, forest and field, but richer still in its future destiny as the seat of civilized nations.

The British opened the campaign of 1759, with three distinct objects in view, viz.: the capture of the three strongholds of French power—Niagara, Montreal and Quebec.

The attack upon the first of these is the only one that is intimately connected with the history of Western New York, and involves to some extent the pioneer history of Wayne county.

The force destined for Niagara rendezvoused at Schenectady early in May. It consisted of two British regiments, a detachment of Royal Artillery, a battalion of Royal Americans, two battalions of New York Provincials, and a large force of Indian Allies under the command of Sir William Johnson. The Indians were mostly Mohawks, Oneidas and Onondagas; the remainder being Cayugas and Senecas, with a few from such western nations as had been partly won over to the British interests. Brigadier-General Prideaux was the Commander-in-Chief; next in rank was Sir William Johnson, who, previous to this, had been regularly commissioned in the British army.

The force moved from Schenectady on the 20th of May, 1759, came up the Mohawk, and by the usual water route reached Oswego, where it remained for over five weeks, completing the preparation of Batteaux for navigating Lake Ontario.

On the first of July, the whole force were embarked, and coasting along the shore of the lake. Their destination was Fort Niagara, a strong fortress, the seat of French dominion, over a widely extended region; the key to the primitive commerce of the western lakes; its battlements in solitary grandeur frowning defiance to any force that would be likely to reach it through difficult avenues, in its far-off location in the wilderness. Never in all the modern periods, have the waters of Ontario borne upon their bosom a more formidable armament. In addition to a large force, requiring abundant stores and camp equipage, there was the heavy artillery, and all the requisites that British military skill had deemed necessary for the reduction of a strong fortress, by regular approaches; such as the plan of attack contemplated.

How mingled and various were the different races, and of how different habits and characters, were the men of this expedition! There was the proud titled Briton, who had seen more of the refinements and luxuries of courts, than of the hardships of camps in the wilderness; there were veteran officers and soldiers, who had fought in European wars, inured to the camp and of the field; and there were the sons of the wealthy and influential colonists in New York, and along the Hudson river counties, who had sought commissions in the army, and were going out in their first campaign. There were provincials, men and boys, transferred from the stores, the counting-houses, and the mechanic shops of New York and the rural districts of Westchester, Richmond, Kings, Queens, Suffolk, Dutchess, Ulster, Orange, Albany, and the lower valley of the Mohawk bound for the camp, for the drill, and for a march that seemed then further extended, and more difficult than one over the mountains to Oregon, would at the present time. Lastly there were the warriors of the Iroquois, fully imbued with their ancient war spirit, decked out with feath-



ers, chains and hoops, the spoils of the forest chase, and with new paint, broad-cloth blankets and silver ornaments, the gifts of the King.

The armament coasted along the southern shore of the lake. The first night they encamped at Sodus, invited there by the beautiful bay, in which their water-craft could be made secure from winds and waves, as their frail structure demanded.

Their other halting place for the night, were at Irondequoit, Braddock's bay and Johnson's creek. Arrived at the mouth of the Eighteen Mile Creek, (where is now the village of Olcott,) within eighteen miles of Fort Niagara, a halt was made to enable reconnoitering parties to go out and determine whether the French had made a sortie from the Fort in anticipation of their arrival.

On the 7th of July, the British moved forward and the siege of Niagara commenced. The fort was bravely defended, but the French commander was compelled to surrender on the 24th, and Western New York passed from the dominion of France to that of England.

During the remainder of that year and in the next campaign of 1760, the other strong-holds were captured and French supremacy was terminated all along the line of the St. Lawrence and the Lakes.



## CHAPTER V.

NOTICES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS IN WAYNE COUNTY — THEIR MILITARY SERVICE — SETTLEMENT — AGE — DEATH — BURIAL PLACE — MILITARY LANDS OF EASTERN WAYNE.

THE only connection which Wayne county can be said to have with the War of the Revolution arises from the fact that there was among the early settlers a considerable number of soldiers who had been engaged in that struggle for Independence.

It was several years subsequent to the peace of 1783, that the first white men located within the limits of this county.

The adoption of the Constitution and the inauguration of General Washington as the first President, were the national events that were really coeval with the settlement of Wayne county, as the Stansells and Featherlys made an opening at Lyons in that year.

In these days of growing respect for the memory of the soldiers of the Republic in whatever war they may have fought, it is interesting to gather into permanent form the names of these pioneers who came to establish homes upon the soil which had been secured by their valor, and to live thereafter in peace under a government founded by their efforts.

We have first the following official list of pensioners as they were recorded upon the books of the government in 1835. To these the dates of death and place of burial have been added so far as they can now be obtained. The age given refers to the year 1835 :

*James Adams*—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$30, commenced April 11, 1833; aged seventy-four; died December 8, 1833.

*James Adams*—Private, New Jersey Militia, annual pension, \$30, commenced August 7, 1833; aged seventy-three.

*George Austin*—Private, Rhode Island Continental Troops, annual pension, \$26.66, commenced March 4, 1831; seventy-eight years of age.

- George Babcock*, Arcadia—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy. It is understood in his family that he also served in the war of 1812, at Sodus Point and elsewhere.
- Thaddeus Bancroft*, Sodus—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$20, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-nine. Lived in the east part of the town; was a public man of considerable prominence, and a Justice of the Peace for many years.
- Joel Bishop*, Rose—Private, Connecticut Continental Troops, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four. [See additional notes below.]
- Phineas Bill*, Palmyra—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$70, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty. He was born in Groton, Connecticut, removed to Palmyra in 1818; died January 25, 1839, and was buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Benjamin Billings*, Macedon—Ensign, Connecticut Militia. Was with the army at Cambridge and in the battles of New York and White Plains. Annual pension, \$160, commenced March 4, 1831. He was born in Preston, Connecticut, September 23, 1753, and died in Macedon, January 13, 1838; he was buried in Palmyra Cemetery. He was in the battle of Saratoga, and was present at the surrender of Burgoyne; served about three years.
- Samuel Black*—Private, Massachusetts Militia, annual pension, \$30.88, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy.
- Moses Blakely*, East Williamson—Private, Connecticut Continental Troops, annual pension, \$96, commenced April 30, 1818. Dropped from the roll under the act of May 1, 1820; pensioned again under the act of June 7, 1832, annual pension, \$60; aged seventy-five.
- Joseph Carey*, Walworth—Private, Massachusetts Continental Troops, in service seven years, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; age not given; died in Ontario, at the house of Isaac Carey. His grave is in the Patterson burial place, Ontario.
- Wessel Cornue*, Arcadia—Private New Jersey Militia, annual pension, \$31.07, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-nine.
- Isaac Curtiss*, Williamson—Private, Massachusetts Continental Troops, annual pension, \$46.66, commenced March 4, 1831; died February 10, 1849, at the age of ninety-four years and six months, and was buried in the Williamson cemetery.

*David Cowen*—Private, Rhode Island Militia, annual pension, \$63.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy.

*David Dalrymple*, Walworth—Private, Massachusetts Continental Troops, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-eight. He came from Coleraine, Massachusetts, resided in Walworth about ten years, but removed to Jefferson county and died there in 1859. Benjamin Billings reports him to have moved to Michigan, and to have previously resided in Macedon.

*Beebe Denison*, Sodus—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$20, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-three. He died at an advanced age in East Palmyra, and was buried in the cemetery at that place.

*Benjamin Deuel*, Savannah—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$43.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-nine.

*Samuel Dunn*—Private, Massachusetts Militia, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty.

*Josiah Dunning*, Sodus—Private and Sergeant, New Hampshire Militia, annual pension, \$41.66, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-nine.\*

*Beerri Foot*, Galen—Private, Connecticut Continental Troops, annual pension, \$21.43, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-one. He died May 1, 1841, at Lock Berlin, and was buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.

*David Glidden*, Lyons—Private and Sergeant, New Hampshire Militia, annual pension, \$61.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four.

*Valentine Hahn*, Williamson—Private, Pennsylvania Militia, annual pension, \$70, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four.

*Job Harrison*, Williamson—Private, New Jersey Militia, annual pension, \$56.66, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-eight; died February 19, 1833, and was buried in the cemetery at Pultneyville.

*Velina Hoisington*—Private, Vermont Militia, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-one.

*Shevah Houghton*, Arcadia—Private and Lieutenant, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$113.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-six.

*Darius Howard*, Huron—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$30, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-seven.

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\* From the *Wayne Sentinel*: "Died, in Sodus, on the 27th of February, 1842, Mr. Josiah Dunning, a soldier of the Revolution, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. He was formerly from Vermont."

- Joseph Jackson*, Walworth—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-seven. He is indistinctly remembered as residing in Walworth about 1835, but it is not ascertained where he died, and it is supposed he removed from the town.
- Solomon Leonard*, Marion—Private, Connecticut Continental Troops, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four.
- Solomon Lombard*—Private and Sergeant, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$55, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty-one.
- Michael Lusk*, Arcadia—Private, New York Continental Militia, annual pension, \$30, commenced May 4, 1831; aged sixty-four.
- Daniel Matthewson*, Walworth—Ensign and Lieutenant Rhode Island Militia, annual pension \$63.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty-three; died September 8, 1832, and is buried in the Baker cemetery.
- James McDonald*—Private, New York Continental Militia—annual pension \$40.26, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four.
- Simeon Merrill*, Butler—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$30, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-three.
- John Myers*—Private, New Jersey Militia—annual pension \$50, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four; died in Michigan. He was the grandfather of John W. Myers, now residing at Sodus village.
- Noles Negus*, Marion—Private, Rhode Island Continental Troops, annual pension \$96, commenced April 13, 1818, dropped from the roll under act of May 1, 1820; pensioned again March 4, 1831, \$80 a year; aged seventy-five. Buried in the Negus family cemetery in the orchard on the farm now owned by Wm. Vandusen.
- Seba Norton*, Sodus—Private, New York Militia, annual pension \$80, commenced March 4, 1831, aged seventy-three. [See notice under the head, Sodus.]
- Roger Olmstead*, Butler—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension \$26.66, commenced March 4, 1831, aged sixty-nine.
- Jacob Patrick*, Lyons—Private, New York Militia, annual pension \$56.66, commenced March 4, 1831; aged sixty-nine.

*Noah Palmer*, born in Tiverton, Rhode Island, Aug. 25, 1759, settled in Macedon in 1810, Private and Corporal, Rhode Island Militia, annual pension \$84.90, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four; died March 6, 1875, and is buried in the Palmyra cemetery.\*

*Jonathan Pendell*, Sodus—Private, New York Continental Troops, annual pension \$55.09, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty-four. He resided east of South Sodus, in a log-house on the right of the road before reaching the Robinson hill. He was born in 1749, and died at South Sodus in 1839, aged about ninety years.

*Christopher Pope*, Galen—Private Massachusetts Militia, annual pension \$80, commenced March 4, 1831, aged seventy-nine. Buried at Ferguson's Corners.†

*William Rice*, Marion—Private Massachusetts Militia, annual pension \$30.00; commenced March 4, 1851; aged sixty-eight. He was the father of Josiah Rice, of Sodus, and is buried in the Corey cemetery, west part of the town of Marion.

*Joseph Roby*, Macedon—Captain Massachusetts Militia, annual pension \$160, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty. He was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, Feb. 22, 1753. Settled for a time in Macedon, but removed to Brockport, where he died April 13, 1836. He was at one time a merchant in Boston, Mass., and helped throw the tea overboard in the harbor.

*Elijah Root*—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension \$66.66; commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-six.

*Israel Sabin*, Wolcott—Private, Connecticut Militia, annual pension, \$23.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-nine.

*Ezekiel Scott*, Butler—Private, Connecticut Continental troops, annual pension \$96, commenced May 6, 1818. Dropped from rolls under act of May 1, 1820. Pensioned again commencing March 4, 1831, \$80; age not given

*Matthias Shear*—Private, New York Militia, annual pension, \$30.66, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-five.

*Gabriel Smith*—Private in Infantry and Cavalry Connecticut Continental Troops, annual pension, \$90, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-two.

*Nathan Smith*, Lyons—Sergeant, Vermont Militia, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-two.

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\* Noah Palmer served in the Revolution five years, and was a deacon in the Baptist church 40 years.

† Another informant says "buried in Spier's cemetery, Lyons.

*Ebenczer Still*, Walworth—Private, Massachusetts Continental Troops, annual pension, \$96, commencing April 4, 1818. Dropped from the rolls under act of May 1, 1820; pensioned again May 4, 1831, \$80. He died February 8, 1848, and was buried at West Walworth; age not given.

*Jonas Stevens*—Private, Massachusetts State Troops, annual pension, \$80, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-eight.

*Alexander Stewart*, Williamson—Private and Corporal, Massachusetts Continental Troops, annual pension, \$49.33, commenced March 4, 1831; aged eighty-three; died May 26, 1833.\*

*Charles Sweet*—Private, Rhode Island Militia, annual pension, \$22.31, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-four.

*Garner Wait*—Father of Mrs. Rufus Sweezy, formerly of Marion, was a soldier of the Revolution. He died in Walworth, and is buried in the cemetery at that place.

*Seth Watkins*, Galen—Private, Massachusetts Militia, annual pension, \$94.92, commenced March 4, 1831; aged seventy-eight.

In 1840, the Marshals taking the United States Census, made what appears to have been a careful enumeration of the pensioners then living; and the following names appear. Twelve of them are the same as in the list of 1835. The others had either moved into the county or had established their claims subsequent to 1835. The ages refer to the summer of 1840, when the Marshals collected the data:

ARCADIA.

Wessel Cornue, 76; Shevah Houghton, 85; Thomas Treat, 77; George Babcock, 77.

BUTLER.

Simeon Merrill, 80; Roger Olmsted, 76; Reuben Barnes, 84; Ezekiel Scott, 81; Josiah Munson, 75; Ebenezer Pierce, 78.

\* From the *Wayne Sentinel*:

“Died in Williamson on the 26th of May, 1833, Alexander Stewart, a soldier of the Revolution, aged 83 years. Mr. Stewart was born in the Parish of Whitehorn, County of Wighton, Scotland, and emigrated to this country in the year 1774—having imbibed the spirit of independence which animated our country, he in the following year joined the patriot band who fought for and secured its independence, with whom he served and suffered at various times, until their object was attained. He sustained during a long life an unblemished character and commanded the respect and esteem of all who knew him.”

## GALEN.

Beeri Foot, 78; Benjamin McClary, 79; John Selfridge, 82, died in November, 1849, and is buried in the Evans Cemetery, Savannah; Timothy McIntosh, 80; Gilbert Hooker, 82, died May 9, 1849, buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.

## HURON.

Charles Kent, 78; Darius Howard, 75; Abram Van Size, 77; Paul Sherman, 81, probably buried in the northeast part of the town, near Port Bay; Gad Hall, 81; Bulkley Johnson, 83.

## LYONS.

Josiah Dunning, 86; Jacob Patrick, 76; Nathan Smith, 79; Elijah Whiting, 82; David Glidden, 81; Benjamin Avery, 82.

## MARION.

Obadiah Archer, 79; Solomon Leonard, 81, reported to have died in January, 1862, and buried in Marion, but this would make him 103 years old, so there is probably a mistake somewhere.

## ONTARIO.

John Mack, 82, died June 14, 1852, buried at Wawarsink, Ulster county; John Speller, 74, died September 3, 1847; Willard Church, 82.

## PALMYRA.

William Jackways, 81, died July 28, 1848, in his 90th year, buried in Palmyra; Daniel Wood, 83; Durfee Hicks, 83, died February 12, 1844, and was buried on the Benjamin Cole farm in Palmyra; James G. Smith, 86.

## ROSE.

John Featherly, 80, died about the year 1843, in the town of Galen, and was buried in the York Settlement Cemetery,\* no tombstone; Emanuel Winfield, 79.

## SAVANNAH.

Moses Lent, 78, died in 1846, and was probably buried in the town of Tyre, Seneca county; Jabez Carter, 80, (W. F. Baggerly writes that Mr. Carter probably lived in the town of Butler;) Francis Needham, 73, died in 1843, and was buried in the town of Butler, on the farm of Hiram Abrams; Benjamin Denel, 73,—he resided on Great Lot No. 39, a noted tract in the history of the town; he removed from there and old settlers do not know what became of him.

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\* He, with Nicholas Stansell, made the first settlement in the county, at Lyons in 1789.



## SODUS.

James Green, 82; Elizabeth Fitzhugh,\* 74; Jonathan Clemmons, 85; John Norris, 86; Philip Demarest, 79.

## WALWORTH.

Joseph Carey, 83.

## WILLIAMSON.

James Calhoun, 77; Isaac Curtiss, 86; Marshal Barmore, 84; Valentine Hahn, 80.

## WOLCOTT.

Jacob Ward, 84; Jerusha Pease, 80.

The following additional notices have been secured in which a few repetitions occur, but generally giving additional facts. They are in many cases meagre and unsatisfactory, but they are the best which could be obtained from the relatives and descendants of the heroes of that struggle. Public invitations were repeatedly given through the press of the county asking that all items known concerning soldiers of the Revolution who settled here, be furnished for use in this volume. Every response to those invitations has been carefully collected, and the facts inserted in their proper place. The editor has also given much additional labor to personal enquiries upon this point. The record is doubtless incomplete; yet it affords much valuable information upon the services and burial places of these honored men. Their names are here preserved in permanent form, and the Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic will hereafter have the opportunity in their annual decoration services of casting upon their graves floral tributes, emblematic of the love of a grateful people:

## ARCADIA:

*Peter Shirts*, of Claverack, Columbia county, was in the Revolutionary army for several years. His wife's maiden name was Houser. Her father Frederick Houser, gave to his children 640 acres of land, east of what is now Newark village, near the well known Price grist-mill. Peter Shirts settled upon the share falling to his wife about 1800. It is the tradition of the family that he was a captain. He is entered, however, as a private in the list recorded at Albany, of those who received land. He belonged to the second company in the first regiment of the State of New York, in the service of the Continental Congress for three years or during the war.

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\* Widow of Captain Peregrine Fitzhugh, mentioned below.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in Newark, on the 20th of February, 1842, Mr. John McCarn, a soldier of the Revolution, aged eighty years.

Died in Arcadia, on the 17th of March, 1844, Ebenezer Smith, a soldier of the Revolution, aged eighty-six years.

*Benjamin Lewis.*—He was born in Hartford, Conn., and had four brothers also in the War of the Revolution, his youngest brother Reuben, being a drummer. He went into the service at the age of sixteen as a bearer of despatches, afterwards enlisted in a company of dragoons, served for several years. He is understood to have been in several general engagements, among them Bunker Hill, Monmouth, Brandywine and Germantown. He was wounded three times and twice taken prisoner; the last time while out in a scouting party of six. Before their captors could disarm them, Lewis shot one man from his horse, knocked another down and escaped back to his regiment. He received a ball in his leg which he carried through life. He lived a portion of his subsequent life in Dryden, Tompkins county, and came to Newark about 1832. He died December 1, 1838, at the age of eighty-two, and is buried in Newark cemetery. He received a pension for some years before his death. Mrs. Lucinda Suthers and Mrs. Patterson are surviving children. The late Mrs. William Spears, of Sodus, was another daughter.

*Nicholas Stansell* suffered in the Indian wars connected with the Revolution, and is buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.

*Silas Payne*, an early settler at Hydesville, was a Revolutionary soldier.

*Benjamin Luce*, born in Morris county, New Jersey, February 5, 1761; enlisted in 1777, and served until the close of the war; was in the battles of Monmouth and Stony Point. He moved to Palmyra, in 1796; to Arcadia, in 1805, one mile north of Newark village, where he died the next year, February 12, 1806. He left ten children, one of whom, D. F. Luce, now aged eighty-one, of Marion, is still living, and furnishes these facts. The widow survived until 1839. William Luce, another son, is still living at Palmyra, with his son George, ninety years of age. Robert Luce, another son, is still living at Ottawa, Kansas, ninety-five, (May, 1883.)\*

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\* Robert Luce was in the war of 1812. Captured September 17, 1814, and held at Halifax four months. Taken at Fort Erie. A son of Robert Luce, Robert M., was in the war of 1861-'5, a member of a Wisconsin regiment.

*Amos Jenks* was a Revolutionary soldier, and is buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.

*Gershom Salmon* was a soldier of the Revolution; born in Reading, Fairfield county, Connecticut, September 26, 1753. He lived for some time in this town, with his son-in-law, Joseph Crandall, but passed the closing years of his life in East Bloomfield, with his sons, where he died May 11, 1843, aged seventy-eight years, seven months and sixteen days.

#### BUTLER.

*Abner Bivins*, father of Edward Bivins, was a Revolutionary soldier. He served some years as a justice of the peace. The Bivins came in 1815.

*Silas Winans* lived on the C. M. Foster place. He was a Revolutionary soldier; occupied land granted to him for services.

*Roswell Fox*, grandfather of A. J. Fox, was in the Revolutionary war. He was born and lived in Connecticut until about 1800, when he moved west and settled in Oneida county, where he remained until 1810, when he removed to Wayne county. He settled on what is now known as the Post farm, in the town of Butler, and died in 1812, at about the age of sixty years. His wife lived to the age of ninety-six years. There were born to them three sons and seven daughters, of which David Fox, was the youngest, born 1798. He came from Connecticut when two years old; came into Wayne county in 1810, and has lived in this section nearly ever since. He is now nearly eighty-four years old, and in very good health, having seen a great many changes in the seventy-two years that he has lived in this county. When he came into this section, there were but two houses in Syracuse.

*Ebenezer Pierce* was a Revolutionary soldier. He was wounded in the thigh with a bayonet. He settled in Lyons, afterwards lived in Butler, where he died about 1850, and was buried in Lyons Cemetery. He received a pension during the late years of his life.

*Major Daniel Fowler*, Buried in Miller's Cemetery, was a Revolutionary soldier; no dates have been obtained with reference to him.

The following letter forms an excellent preface to several notes furnished by its writer, which we give below:

SOUTH BUTLER, N. Y., February 26, 1883,

LEWIS H. CLARK, Esq., Sodus:

*My Dear Sir*—My recollection of the Revolutionary soldiers who were early settlers in this neighborhood is

quite distinct, but I was never possessed of the *facts* and *dates* of their muster and service, items most desirable, as I understand, for your history.

My father came into this country in 1808, and although but a lad of thirteen years at the close of the Revolution, he was intimately acquainted with many (a few years older) who saw service, the theme of which never ceased to be a matter of conversation in their subsequent social interviews. His house, a mile north of my present residence, became a sort of rendezvous for early settlers in this neighborhood, among whom were several of these old soldiers—two or three perhaps, having preceded him—in their location and settlement of their Bounty lands; this town, as you are aware, being included in the "Military Tract."

Possibly, the accompanying sketches may be of service to you in finding the missing links which must frequently be felt in your war history.

"Such as I have give I unto thee," and remain, truly,

H. H. WHEELER.

"*Captain*" *Peter Mills*, the pioneer settler in this town, who "drew" his bounty land, and lived where Lucius H. Viele now lives, (near the center of the town), I have always understood was a Captain in the Revolutionary war; though I have no knowledge of the fact, nor of the man. He buried his wife, making the earliest grave in the town, prior to 1810, and left the country himself, before my time. Daniel Mills, his son, resided some time later, on the hill, now the northerly part of the farm which I occupy, and is among the earliest residents within my recollection. Captain Mills is believed to have settled here as early as the year 1803.

*Paul Wellman* was a soldier in the Revolution, and settled about half a mile north of my present residence, as early as 1803 or 1805. I remember him as an intimate friend and near neighbor of my father during my earlier years, and remember the time he obtained his pension and some of the circumstances attending it, as early, perhaps, as 1817 or 1820. But I never heard him say much about his military service, and don't know the fields he may have been in, nor the commander which he served.

*Silas Winans* and *Seth Crow*, the one living a mile and the other two miles east of South Butler, in early times, I think, were Revolutionary soldiers, but, though I remember the men, I do not remember any particulars of their service.

"Major" *William Moulton* who drew, and for many years lived upon, his six hundred acre lot of bounty land, since known as "Moulton Hill," near the center of this town, I think stands on the muster roll as "Captain," though in our neighborhood he was always called "Major." He was one of the familiar, social callers and diners at my father's house during my youth; a man of courtly manners, of some ability and education, and a great Democratic politician.

*Ezekiel Scott* came into this town in 1813, succeeding *Seth Crow*, and subsequently residing, till his death, in 1848, where his grandson, *Abram C. Scott*, now resides. He was a Revolutionary soldier, and served six years. He used to refer incidentally to his fatigue and services in the line, especially to the operations in and about Stillwater, which terminated in *Burgoyne's* surrender. I remember his saying, at the time the old soldiers were applying for their pensions (under the general pension act), that he was well enough off, and could live without a pension; and yet I think in subsequent years he did apply and obtain his pension. He died September 13, 1848, and was buried in the *Hubbard Cemetery*.

*Titus Lockwood* lived about two miles west of here, where *Frank Cobb* now lives; came into the woods there somewhere from 1817 to 1820. He had but one leg (besides a wooden one), but whether the loss occurred in the service or not, I have no recollection of hearing. Of war reminiscences, he liked to talk of the "Battle of White Plains," in which he took an active part.

*Joel Bishop*, who came into this county in 1812, and lived many years where his grandson, *Chauncey E. Bishop*, now resides, two miles north of *Rose Valley*; was a Revolutionary soldier; was a prisoner, confined in the same building (the old *Stone Prison*) with the renowned *Ethan Allen*, in the city of *New York*; and, I think, was detailed for special service as "Orderly," or servant for that renowned hero, certain distinctive privileges, according to rank, being granted to officers. He used to relate the mad pranks of *Allen*, putting his head out of the window (in his upper story room), jeering the red coats and telling them *Burgoyne* would have to surrender and they all be driven out of the city, etc.

*Lott Stewart*, of "Stewart's Corners," and "*Captain*" (John?) *Harmon*, half a mile east of there, just over the town line of Butler, were "Revolutioners;" but they both left the country (removed to Cattaraugus county) as early, perhaps, as 1825—certainly prior to 1830—and although I well remember the men, I have no recollection of ever hearing much of their service—nothing of their enrollment or commands.

## GALEN.

Spencer Clark, of Angell's Corners, sends the following names of Revolutionary soldiers in that vicinity :

*Abiather Stephenson*, fought at Bunker Hill, and at the battle of Brandywine, served through the war, and drew a pension for some years before his death.

*Simon Burlingame* and *Jacob Coffin*, were also Revolutionary soldiers who settled near Angell's Corners.

Sylvester H. Clark, of Clyde, furnishes the following names :

*William Van Millier*, a Revolutionary soldier, who died in Galen, April, 1851, and was buried in the "White school house cemetery," two miles north of Clyde.

*Timothy McIntosh*, a Revolutionary soldier, is supposed by Adrastus Snedaker to have been buried on the old Briggs farm northeast part of Galen, in what has been called the Caywood cemetery.

In connection with Galen, it should be mentioned that there has long been a tradition that in Sullivan's expedition, the army or a portion of it went through this town. The general route of Sullivan's march was south of here a few miles on the line of Waterloo. Yet there is of course a possibility that scouting parties were thrown out northward.

This tradition and the story of abandoned cannon are given by "G. P. L." in the following newspaper article :

*From the Lyons Republican of April 3, 1879.*

"The tradition is that General Sullivan in his invasion of the territory of the Six Nations in 1779, swept everything before him clear to the shore of Lake Ontario; that on his return he passed through the gap near where the first toll gate formerly stood on the plank road to Rose, then westward around the north end of the hill on the Peter Gordon farm, striking the river at Bruin's cove just west of Clyde,

where he sunk and abandoned the cannon in question. When Mr. Aaron Griswold first came to this town in 1813, about thirty-four years after the invasion, the story of an abandoned cannon was common talk. A man named King claimed to know the *exact* location; asserted that he had dived down and not only seen it but put his hand in the muzzle. No attempt was made to recover it at this time, but somewhere about the year 1840, a search was made for it. Mr. Aaron Griswold and Beriah Redfield in company with the Mr. King who claimed to know exactly where it was, went up the river and spent some time in searching for the old cannon but failed to find it."

The tradition itself has thus come down to the present time through sources entirely reliable, but whether the tradition is "founded on fact" will probably never be settled; the stream has changed its course somewhat, and search would doubtless be a failure.

Sylvester H. Clark also furnished to the *Rochester Express* the following notice of this interesting tradition which gives a different ownership to the supposed cannon :

#### FACTS IN RELATION TO THE CANNON IN THE CLYDE—1878.

##### *Correspondence of the Evening Express.*

CLYDE, May 27.—Considerable has been written of late hereabouts in relation to a cannon—(six pounder) that was once sunk in the Clyde river—a little west of this village, by Butler's Rangers from Pennsylvania on their retreat before the victorious Sullivan in September, 1779. We have endeavored to discover the truth of the story and have partially succeeded in so doing.

Butler, it appears, was a friend of the celebrated Indian warrior, Joseph Brandt, one of the six nations, the six nations being then composed of the Mohawks, Senecas, Cayugas, Oneidas, Onondagas and Tuscaroras, none of whom were on friendly terms with the white population of this section. When Butler's Rangers found that the indomitable chieftain, Sullivan, was in hot pursuit and very close upon them, it became necessary to and they did sink a cannon beneath the swift rolling waters of the Clyde. Of this fact, we have the testimony of men who settled in this region at an early day and from whom several persons now residing here have derived information relative thereto. John King, who was a business man in Clyde many years ago and whose father was a genuine pioneer, said, "that in his boyhood it was cur-

rently reported among the trappers that a cannon had been sunk a little west of Clyde by Butler's men, and that raftsmen, in passing through the stream, had touched it with their poles." Mac De Golger, another old settler and once a raftsman, who had been dead many years, used to say "that he had seen Butler's cannon." It is therefore a historic fact that there is now a cannon buried, not necessarily beneath the waters of the Clyde River, for the stream may have changed its course since then, but very near and possibly on the shore of it. The uncertainty of its exact location, however, will forever preclude any attempt to secure the prize."

As remarked above, it is scarcely possible now to verify either the fact that such abandoned cannon are there or settle the question who abandoned them.

#### THE BLOCK HOUSE OF CLYDE.

This has been a subject of discussion for many years. The settlement at Clyde was known for a time as "Block House." Roads are described in the early town records of all this section, by their relation to, and their connection with the "Block House road." Many speculations have been indulged in as to the date of its erection, and the purposes for which it was built, or for which it was subsequently used.

It was not standing within the recollections of any persons now living. In 1805, Captain Luther Redfield, with his brother-in-law, Mr. Dryer, visited this locality. They ascended Dickson hill, the one in the rear of the present residence of Mr. E. B. Wells, and then climbed a tree to take in the outlook. From there they were able to catch a glimpse of the waters of Lake Ontario, with a broad view of unbroken forests. Descending the hill to the river, they made a raft of floodwood, and came over to the site of the Block House. It had been burned, but there were still left the charred ends of the logs at the corners—a few remains that entirely disappeared not long after. This account Mr. Adrastus Snedaker received direct from Captain Luther Redfield himself. Other information is derived from Mr. John King. The latter was the son of a pioneer who located, probably about 1790, at the point of the hill, a mile or more south or south-east of Lock Bertin. John King, in his boyhood, rambled up and down this valley with old trappers, and was himself



an expert hunter. He became familiar with their stories and their descriptions of the Block House. It stood on the north bank of the Clyde river, and east of the mouth of Vanderbilt creek. The latter now a mere ditch through the village, enters the river beneath the bridge, a few rods east of the New York Central Freight Depot. The ground on which the Block House stood was a rounded elevation, sufficient to place it above the reach of high water. It was removed in the building of the railroad; and it is yet a matter of regret at Clyde that this old historical landmark was lost by the grading at that time.

The usual tradition of past years with reference to the Block House, is expressed in the following paragraph from a newspaper article by S. H. Clark :

“Local historians have differed as to the origin, date of erection and history of the old Block House that once decorated the locality of the present village of Clyde, but the most direct, we think, authentic account comes through Adrastus Snedaker, an old and esteemed resident of Clyde, who gained his information from John King, a pioneer long since dead, who in turn secured his knowledge of the events narrated by the trappers that in olden time passed up and down the Clyde river. These trappers place the date of the erection of the building in 1756, during the French and Indian war, and say that it was originally a fort, where the inhabitants congregated for protection from the Indians. The building was two stories high, the upper projecting over the lower at the sides and ends. In the floor of the upper story—near the sides and ends—were port-holes, through which a volley might reach the enemy, should they undertake to fire the shanty. During the Revolutionary war the building was used as a depot for the storage of goods smuggled to and from Canada. We have no record of its destruction. Every vestige of it, however, had disappeared in 1805.”

Subsequently, the following account appeared in one of “Macauly’s” letters to the *Rochester Democrat and Chronicle*, which dates the erection subsequent to the Revolution :

“Having revived Fulton’s first business voyage up the Hudson, I will add as a suitable accompaniment a sketch of the first boat on Lake Ontario. In 1789, John Fellows, a Massachusetts Yankee, started from Schenectady for Canada on a trading expedition. He reached the present site of

Clyde, where he built a small log cabin in which to store his goods, while he was engaged in 'bushing out' a sled road to Sodus bay. His boat, which he had brought with him, was hauled to the bay by an ox team, and in this he crossed to Canada and returned, having had good success. On his return he landed at Irondequoit. The boat was afterward bought by Judge Porter, who used it while cruising along the shore of the lake, being then surveying the Phelps and Gorham purchase. This boat, which was not honored with a name, is said on good authority, to have been the first white man's craft ever launched upon that lake, which is now so abundant in its magnificent and useful shipping."

Macauly's authority was probably Ketchum's history quoted in the following letter from James Reeves:

EAST PALMYRA, June 23, 1883.

LEWIS H. CLARK, Esq.:

*Dear Sir*—Much has been said about the old Block House at Clyde, that was built east of the Clyde depot on the north side of the river. William Ketchum, in his "History of Buffalo and the Six Nations," makes the following statement, Ketchum's History, vol. 2, page 194 and 5:

"He says the first American craft that I knew of as navigating Lake Ontario was a Schenectady batteaux, fitted out for a trading expedition to Canada in 1789, by John Feller, of Sheffield, Massachusetts—its cargo mostly tobacco and tea. On arriving at the Oswego river, he ascertained that he would not be permitted to pass the British posts at Oswego—and he manifested no little ingenuity and enterprise in overcoming the difficulty. He took his boat up the outlet of Canandaigua lake to what is now called Clyde, where he built a small log house (long known as the Block House) to store his goods until he cleared out a sled road to Sodus Bay, where he transported boat and goods, and pursued his voyage, and with the aid of some secret friends disposed of his cargo to great advantage. He brought his boat back to Irondequoit creek and sold it to a man by the name of Lusk."

Feller met Phelps at the Indian treaty, and he became a land speculator in Western New York. He went from Irondequoit direct to Canandaigua.

The history of that log hut as I heard it from the early settlers, varies but little from Ketchum's, it was about 12 by 18, without chimney, with split logs for a floor; it was used for many years by trappers, hunter and boatmen, as a camping place. I have heard its history from a dozen different pioneers. Peeled basswood logs in the woods would not have lasted from the French war.

JAMES REEVES.

This takes away something of the romance from the old traditional story. This account dates the building of the Block House only back to 1789, the year the Stanselis and Featherlys were making the first settlement of the county, at Lyons. If it was gone in 1805, it only stood fifteen or sixteen years. Yet, in this view even the Block House of Clyde, must remain an item of great interest in the early history. According to this account it belonged to that period subsequent to the Revolution, and prior to the Jay treaty, when as yet the British had not surrendered the forts at Oswego or Niagara, and when Indian alarms still rendered it a very wise precaution to have an actual fort for protection.

The tradition at Clyde, coming direct from John King, is very strong in favor of an older building than Ketchum's History describes. Mr. Redfield, Mr. Snedaker and others are very positive in their recollections of the description given them by men who had seen it. Had it been so recent a structure (only five or six years old at the time of John King's rambles), it could hardly have been handed down as so old a building. Without being able to settle the question, the author ventures to suggest that if John Fellows *repaired and occupied a log house already erected instead of building one*, the several accounts would be virtually harmonized.

It is hardly possible for a historical writer to canvass a county in search of facts without hearing at least one story of money-digging; and here it is for Wayne County, as told in a recent newspaper article:

"A. S. Field and David Tuttle, of Clyde, two of the oldest pioneers of that village, relate a historical episode connected with the noted Block House of Revolutionary fame, that once graced that locality. It appears that in 1820, or thereabouts, a rumor was circulated in Clyde, then a small settlement, that before the destruction of the Block House, a large sum of money had been secreted either beneath or in close proximity to the building. Several of the then prominent citizens of Clyde, wishing to improve the state of their finances, resolved to dig for the hidden treasure, and selecting the midnight hour for such labor, they commenced operations. Night after night had thus passed, when in the midst of the enthusiastic prosecution of the enterprise, an ugly looking

object appeared to them, dressed in white, and of a seeming unearthly origin. Then came an exemplification of bravery, as one of the party rushed up to the apparition with an uplifted axe, and exclaimed: 'Be ye man or devil, I'm after you!' The ghost (if such he was) made one bound and sought safer quarters in some underbrush near by, after which time he was no more seen. Many people believed that the whole party were more or less frightened, inasmuch as the money-digging mania ceased from that hour."

#### HURON.

*Roswell Green* was a Revolutionary soldier, settled in Huron, and lived to the extraordinary age of one hundred and six years. He died May 30, 1862, and is buried in the Huron Cemetery.\*

*Isaac Richardson, Sr.*, was a soldier of the Revolution. He died September 3, 1818, and is buried in the Huron Cemetery.

*Buckley Johnson* was a Captain in the Revolutionary war, and resided in Huron with his son-in-law, Benjamin Parker. Buried in Huron Cemetery.†

*Gad Hall* is recorded on the books of Keeslar Post, as a Revolutionary soldier, and they annually decorate his grave in Huron Cemetery. We have no other record.

*Isaac Richardson*, born in Connecticut in March, 1752; a soldier of the Revolution; moved from Springfield, Mass., to Cherry Valley, Otsego county, after the war; died in Huron, and buried in Huron Cemetery. He had a family of thirteen children, only one of whom now survives, Mrs. Horace Demmon, of Huron, aged eighty years.

#### LYONS.

*Daniel Dorsey*, the early pioneer at Lyons in 1801, was from Maryland, and had held a Captain's commission in the Maryland line during the war of the Revolution. We have no further information as to his military services. He died in 1823, at the age of sixty-five.

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\*In a letter to the *Democratic Press*, under date of October 22, 1860, George W. Paddock, having visited Roswell Green, then living in Huron, at the age of one hundred and four years and six months, wrote:

"When I expressed my surprise at finding one so advanced in age, he said he was not so old as his grandmother was who lived to be one hundred and twenty, and he feared he would have to sit here as long. He lives with his grandchildren. I think that he is comfortably provided for."

†Levi Paddock, of Clyde, writes of him: "He used to have a place on the platform at Fourth-of-July celebrations, from 1840 to 1850. He was much respected by his townsmen. I took lessons of him in military drill."

*Benjamin Avery*, born in 1758, in Connecticut, enlisted in Continental army; served in the Canada expedition under Montgomery; defended the military stores of Danbury; was in action at Fort Mifflin; wintered at Valley Forge; served three years under General Wayne; was in the battles of Monmouth and Stony Point; was with the picked troops assigned to Gen. Lafayette; first enlistment for two years; second enlistment "for the war," and served through; paid off in Continental money, worth two and a sixpence to the pound; settled in Lyons in 1824, and died in 1843.

*Abraham Romeyn* was a Revolutionary soldier, and is buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.

*Eli Hecox* was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, and is buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.

*Evert VanWickle* was a soldier of the Revolution. He was prominent in the early settlement of Lyons, and held various public offices.

*Amos Gilbert* was born in the town of Brookfield, Mass., in the year 1757. He was a soldier of the Revolutionary war, being stationed at West Point during the last three years of the war. He was present at the surrender of Cornwallis. After the war, at general trainings in Montgomery county, he used to be ordered out in front of the regiment to act as fogleman, (Webster defines a fogleman—"A soldier especially expert and well drilled, who takes his place in front of a military company as an example or model to the others in their exercises.") He moved to Lyons, N. Y., in the year 1806. He had six sons, John, David, Solomon, Amos, Jacob and William. John, David and Solomon were members of Capt. Hull's company, who went into the army in the war of 1812, and Solomon died while in the service near Buffalo, and was buried near the fort. Amos Gilbert resided in Lyons almost continuously from 1806 until 1831, when he removed to the town of Sodus, where he died and was buried in 1832. His widow survived him six or eight years, and died in the town of Collins, Erie county, N. Y.

*Elijah Whiting*, a Revolutionary soldier is buried at Lyons South Cemetery—(Grandfather of Elijah Ennis, of Palmyra.) Was in General Washington's army in New York. Died about 1853, aged about ninety-eight.

#### THE FIRST SETTLERS OF WAYNE COUNTY.

We give the following extended notice of Nicholas Stansell, whose name appears in the Arcadia list:

Nicholas Stansell was born September 11, 1755, in Springfield, Massachusetts. In early childhood his father moved to the Mohawk valley, and there raised a large family among the stirring scenes that made the history of that section so full of interest. The powerful confederacy of Indians known as the six nations, had long controlled central New York.

While they were carrying their arms west and south successfully, the white man was slowly advancing from the east. The Indians irritated and stung to the last degree would often turn and fall upon the white settlements with swift and sudden vengeance. Few families were called to witness more of these terrible scenes than the Stansells. They were a large, muscular race of men, the dread of the Indians, who sought every opportunity to destroy them. On one occasion, they had kept safely within the enclosures of a fort for a long time. Harvest was drawing near. The old man said to his five sons, one day: "Although it may be at the risk of our lives, we must try and secure our hay." The sons obeyed his orders and worked until near the close of the day. Nicholas was taken ill and was the first to retire. Looking back he saw an Indian crouching along half bent, with a rifle in his hand. He immediately shouted the alarm, when all commenced to run. Instantly they received a shower of bullets, followed by a terrific whoop, and the chase began. Two brothers escaped and reached the fort. One was shot and fell dead while crossing the fence; one was captured and taken off, and Nicholas escaped by concealing himself among some high weeds. When the news reached the fort a posse of soldiers was sent to their relief. The prisoner was recaptured, but not until he had been badly mutilated by marking his ears.

Sullivan's expedition of 1779, put an end to this state of things. The days of peace had come, but the Mohawk valley did not satisfy the ambition of Nicholas Stansell. He determined to go to the Genesee Country, as all Western New York was then called. In the spring of 1789, Nicholas Stansell and John Featherly built a boat on the Mohawk river, took their families on board, (twelve persons in all,) and started up stream. They took the usual route, as indeed

there was no other possible ; up the Mohawk ; over the carrying place to Wood's creek, and down that stream ; through Oneida Lake and down its outlet to Three River Point ; up the Seneca to the mouth of Clyde river ; up the Clyde to Lyons. It was a long and difficult route, and they were often delayed by the necessity of cutting their way through log-rifts. They located themselves on the present Dunn farm, their log-house being erected on the site of the present residence. THEY WERE THE PIONEERS — THE FOUNDERS OF WAYNE COUNTY. There is no record of any settler who located earlier than they did. At first they had no neighbors nearer than Phelps—and not many there. In a year or so, they may have counted John Swift, of Palmyra, a neighbor ; and in another year the Long Island Colony of East Palmyra.

In 1797, Mr. Stansell relinquished his claim to this land, moved further south and settled on what is now the Jefferson Sparks' farm. There he built the first framed barn ever raised in Lyons. In 1812, he conveyed this land to Abram Clark, and moved six miles west into what afterwards became the town of Arcadia. He died December 11, 1819, greatly beloved and respected. He and his family were early identified with the Methodist church in Lyons, and his name appears at its first organization as one of the first trustees. He is buried in Newark Cemetery

His children were Betsey, born September 2, 1779 ; John, March 29, 1781 ; William, October 19, 1782 ; Nicholas, September 26, 1784 ; Henry, May 15, 1786 ; Isaac, November 21, 1787 ; Mary, September 9, 1789 ; Samuel, December 28, 1795 ; George, February 13, 1800 ; and Margaret, June 6, 1803.

George, the youngest son, lived until the present year. He died February 10, 1883, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Crandall, and was buried on the 13th, his eighty-third birthday. The following is an extract from a memorandum written by himself in 1880 :

"I was born in the town of Lyons and lived there till 1811. Then my father moved to what is now called East Newark. Then we went to chopping and clearing up another farm. The first year we cleared ten acres and sowed it to wheat ; the next year not quite so much. We

had to build two log-houses. It was all a wilderness then where the two villages now stand, except one house, called the Jay house. In 1814, we put up a mill-dam and a saw-mill on what in those days was called Trout Run. In 1814, my oldest brother and a brother-in-law enlisted into the army for a year and went to Black Rock. My brother died before his time was out; the other man returned. On the first day of November, 1819, I was married, and on the 11th of December, my father died and left me to paddle my own canoë, and I paddled it forty-five years with my companion, and brought up a family of ten children, five sons and five daughters."

Of the original family of brothers, William was a mill-wright, and settled at Lockville, and died there. John died in the army in 1814. Henry and Isaac settled in Michigan. Nicholas, Jr., was killed by accident, while skidding or hauling logs.

Mr. John Featherly, mentioned as settling with Mr. Stansell, in later years moved to Rose, and obtained a pension as already noticed.

#### MARION.

*Obadiah Archer*, (grandfather of Hon. Ornon Archer,\*) was born in Hebron, Conn., February 15, 1760; served two or three years in the Revolutionary war; married, in 1785, Elizabeth Fitch, of Lebanon, Conn., and settled in Granville, Washington county; removed to Marion in 1835; died April 8, 1852, and is buried in the Marion Cemetery. The widow lived to be exactly of the same age. She was four months his senior, and died four months earlier to a day.

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\* The author of this volume was a student at Walworth Academy in the fall of 1846, and during the following winter. A lyceum called into debate the best talent of the village and vicinity. The "Abolitionists" pressed the "Whigs" hard on the inconsistency of supporting the Mexican war, and yet denouncing its origin. Rev. Mr. Fox, a sharp logician, denounced the "right-or-wrong" theory, one night, with especial vehemence. In reply, Ornon Archer, among other things, said in a low yet clear voice that thrilled the audience:

"I was taught to love my country at the knees of a venerable grandsire who told me stories of the Revolution, in which he was a soldier. The lessons then acquired linger with me still, and whenever the flag of my country is in danger, it shall ever have my unwavering support, no matter how that danger arose."



*Nathan Rundell*, of Marion, now only forty-eight years of age, is a son of a Revolutionary soldier, Samuel Rundell, of Fairfield, Conn., who died in Columbia in 1850, aged eighty-four. Nathan Rundell is probably the youngest man now living in the county who can claim to be the son of a Revolutionary soldier.

## MACEDON.

*Benjamin Smith* was a Revolutionary soldier; came from New Jersey and resided in Macedon several years. He removed to Michigan about 1835, and died at the great age of *one hundred and fourteen years*.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in Macedon, March 24, 1837, Paul Sheffield, aged seventy-five years, a Revolutionary soldier, formerly of Groton, Conn.

## ONTARIO.

*John Mack* was an early settler in Ontario, grandfather of J. B. Mack. He served in the war of the Revolution. He came to Ontario from Cayuga county. He died June 14, 1852, at the age of ninety-six years, and was buried in Ontario Cemetery. He was a native of Wawarsing, Ulster county, and removed to Cayuga county about 1790; afterwards, in 1824, to Ontario, and resided with his son, Benjamin Mack, on the farm now occupied by J. B. Mack.

*William Huston* was born in Sterling, Connecticut, December 29, 1756. He joined the Continental army, December 29, 1776, before Boston, and served nine months, for which in his old age he drew a pension of \$96 a year. He also belonged to the State militia for three years. His wife was Elizabeth Campbell, of Sterling, with whom he lived nearly seventy years. In 1828, he settled in Ontario, a mile and a half south of Lake Side. He moved to Henrietta, Monroe county, in 1832, and died November 11, 1849, aged ninety-two. His wife died sixteen months later, aged ninety-four.

*Willard Church*, (already mentioned,) was about seventy years of age at the time of his death. He was buried in the Willard Davis cemetery. When captured, as elsewhere related, and required to pilot the British fleet to Pultneyville, it is related that he was very resolute and spunky. He told the British officers that we were building a gun-boat at Sackett's Harbor, that would knock the British vessels into splinters. When set shore and ordered not to fight against the British, he told them "he would fight as soon as he could get a gun."

## PALMYRA.

*Lemuel Spear, Sr.*, was a Revolutionary soldier from Cum-  
mington, Mass. With his family he reached Palmyra,  
in February, 1790, and settled a mile above Palmyra  
village, where he had bought land of Isaac Hathaway,  
at twenty cents an acre.

In Palmyra cemetery are the following inscriptions :

“In memory of Amos Miner, died November 11, 1836,  
aged 84 years. He was a brave soldier of the Revolution.  
He was at the Battle of Bunker Hill, also at the surrender  
of Burgoyne. He was always at his post, and was one of  
those brave souls that could not be conquered.”

“William Jackway died July 28, 1848, in his 90th year.  
Nancy, his wife, died July 11, 1849, in her 81st year. They  
participated in Revolutionary scenes and trials.”

“In memory of Capt. John Hurlburt, born in Groton,  
Conn., Feb. 21, 1760, died Jan. 10, 1815. He was a patriot of  
1776, and was engaged at Trenton and Princeton.”

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

“In this village yesterday morning (July 21, 1831,) died  
the venerable Peleg Holmes, an early settler in this vicinity  
aged seventy-six years. Mr. Holmes was a volunteer in the  
Revolutionary struggle.”

“Died at Palmyra village Aug. 1, 1832, Mr. Noadiah Hub-  
bard, a Revolutionary pensioner, aged eighty-two.”

In the list prepared for the annual use of Garfield Post  
G. A. R. in the ceremonies of decoration there are given  
the following additional names as those of Revolutionary  
soldiers: Moses Powers, John Lillie.

*Lemuel Durfee* was born at Tiverton, R. I., April 18, 1759.  
He was the second of a family of twelve children, of  
whom ten settled near Palmyra. He served three  
years in the Revolutionary War, after which he settled  
in Cambridge, Washington county, from which place he  
removed to the vicinity of Palmyra, in 1798, and located  
on a farm about two miles north of Palmyra village,  
where he continued to reside until his death, August  
8, 1829. He was buried in the family burial place on the  
farm now owned by his grandson Henry R. Durfee.  
He had a family of eleven children, of whom one, Par-  
don Durfee, was a captain in the War of 1812.

*Jeremiah Perry*, of East Palmyra was a Revolutionary soldier  
and is buried in the cemetery at East Palmyra.

*From the Palmyra Whig.*

At the residence of his son in this village on Saturday, Dec. 1, 1838, Deacon Samuel Handy, aged eighty-two years. He was a soldier of the Revolution, having enlisted for the war; at the close of which and after having served his country faithfully seven years he was discharged.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died at his residence in Manchester, Ontario county, on the 17th of January, 1842, Benjamin Throop, Esq., in the eighty-eighth year of his age. He was born in Lebanon, Ct., where he was married in the month of May preceding the declaration of independence, to Rachel Brown. He subsequently took part in the Revolutionary struggle.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in this town Feb. 8, 1842, Shevah Houghton, a Revolutionary pensioner, in the eighty-eighth year of his age.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in Palmyra, August 4, 1843, Mr. Israel Parshall, a soldier of the Revolution, aged eighty years.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in Westford, Otsego county, on the 18th of Dec. 1843, James Brumfield, (father of James I. and Andrew D. Brumfield, of Palmyra,) aged ninety-four years, a soldier in the Revolutionary War.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in the town of Shelby, Orleans county, Dec. 18, 1839, Samuel R. Thompson, formerly a resident of Wayne county, in the ninetieth year of his age. Mr. T. was a soldier of the Revolution and remained until his death a true patriot and worthy citizen.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in this village on the 15th of September, 1841, Mr. Joseph McMichael, aged eighty-six years. He was a true patriot, having learned his earliest lessons of republicanism and love of country from General Washington, with whom he served as a waiter in the Revolution. He was subsequently in the employ of Gen. Arnold, was with him before the battle of Saratoga, until the consummation of his treason having rejected a proffered bribe to desert with him to the British fleet.

General Swift should also be mentioned as a Revolutionary soldier. His record is given at length in another chapter.

Samuel Clark,\* of Long Island, and also a settler at Wyoming, had served through two campaigns in the old French war of 1756-'60. In the Wyoming valley a hasty flight was made on horseback, to avoid the Indian massacre. Lest in the escape the little ones should be thrown off one side or the other, Susan (afterwards Mrs. Luther Sandford,) was tied to her brother, Oliver; Hannah, (afterwards Mrs. Gabriel Rogers,) was tied to her brother, Benjamin. The family came to East Palmyra in 1803 or 1804. Samuel Clark was drowned in the Canal soon after its opening, at Newark. He was then a strong, vigorous old man of eighty-six. He was buried on the Oliver Clark farm in East Palmyra.

Jedediah Foster, father of the pioneer Joel Foster, was also a soldier of 1756-'60. He died in East Palmyra at the age of ninety-six, about 1832 or 1833. He was buried in East Palmyra Cemetery.

James Reeves, who died May 19, 1838, aged seventy-seven years, had served in the Revolutionary war on board a vessel bearing letters of Marque. He was born at Southampton, Long Island, October 13, 1762. His father was Dr. Stephen Reeves. The maiden name of his mother was Mary Howell. Long Island, or a large part of it, was under the control of the British during several years of the Revolutionary war. A letter written about that time says:

"The people are as a torch on fire at both ends. The Connecticut Whigs carry off their stock and produce, and the British punish them for letting them go."

He served on the ocean against the enemy, as shown in the following extracts from a diary kept by him:

"I felt myself a man and a good navigator, and with my

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\*The colony that settled East Palmyra has a history that ought to be written before the children of the pioneers have passed away. The personal history of the Colonists—their adventures on Long Island and at Wyoming; their long voyage to Palmyra; their settlement in the Ganargua valley and the social and religious institutions which they founded, would constitute chapters of intense interest. James Reeves, of East Palmyra, is in possession of the original memorandum of purchase. It bears the signatures of William Hopkins, Elias Reeves, Joel Foster, Abraham Foster, Luther Sanford.

father's consent, I left home. My elder brother, Stephen, was in the battle of Long Island, and at that time a soldier. I left Long Island in a small open boat in the fall of 1782, in the evening, in company with James Sawyer, two years my senior, for New London, Conn., thirty miles across the Sound, taking the North Star for a guide."

He gave the British fleet at the north of Fisher's Island, the slip, though they fired a few distant shots at the little boat.

"We arrived the day after Arnold left with his fleet. The ruins of the city of New London were still smoking."

He shortly reached Nantucket and shipped on a privateer, the brig Digby, at seven dollars a month, and a small share of the prize money. The vessel carried six guns, nine pound calibre, a good supply of small arms, a crew of forty-six men, and a cargo of salt beef, corn, beans, etc. Their destination was the port of Havana, Cuba.

"Eight days out, we discovered a vessel on our larboard side bearing down upon us under British colors; from Bermuda, carrying nine guns, and having the wind in her favor. She gained rapidly upon us and fired a shot across our bow. We hove to, got in readiness, and answered her with a broadside. The battle continued over an hour, when they hoisted sail and drew off. We did the same; our loss four men killed and nine wounded."

Soon after they were in the friendly port of Havana, unloading the vessel, making repairs and getting ready for sea, protected by the Moro Castle.

England being then at war with Spain, Havana was blockaded by a fleet consisting of one fifty gun ship, one frigate, twenty guns, and two sloops of war. The fleet lay on and off, convoying merchant vessels from the Bermuda Islands, and sending their prizes which they captured.

"In July our repairs were completed. On the 18th, we sailed in a north-east direction, to get into the track of the Bermuda fleet, which convoyed heavy loaded merchant vessels that often fell behind and might thus be captured by a privateer. We followed in the wake of the fleet four days, when one of the frigates dropped astern and we did the same. We considered our situation critical and hazardous. Night coming on, we changed our course more to the south in hopes of making a prize of an East India ship, but found none. We then took a westerly course toward the con-

inent. When about twenty miles from shore, we were hotly chased by a British armed vessel. Our Captain said; 'Boys, she carries too heavy metal for us, head for the shore; she will require more depth of water than we.' Our vessel grounded, (the order being given to put the helm hard a starboard); we secured a level position. The British vessel also grounded and careened over. The action lasted twenty minutes, we firing at the side of their vessel, they firing over our heads and into our sails. When the British colors came down, their Captain hailed us, asking for our boat. The reply was, 'use your own boat.' They answered that their boat was shot away, and they were in a sinking condition. We manned a boat and sent it to them. Our shot had riddled the side of their vessel.

"Her crew consisted of ninety men and fifty-two American prisoners. Our men took command. In the middle of the night, I was landed on the beach in charge of the money, twenty small leather bags, containing 8,900 Spanish milled dollars; one man was with me. In the morning a company of militia came, led by the noise of the action. We were at Cape Hatteras. The British prisoners were taken to Northampton Jail, the Americans were released.

"In a day or two a severe storm broke both vessels to pieces. This was in November, 1783. Here ended a cruise of thirteen months. If not so brilliant as some, it was attended with constant danger. At twenty-one years of age, I possessed a roving spirit of adventure, a love for the sea and an eagerness to redress the wrongs of my country. From the time I left Long Island until I was wrecked on the coast of Virginia, there was continual danger of losing my life or of being captured."

James Reeves died in East Palmyra, and was buried on the old Reeves homestead.

#### ROSE.

*Thaddeus Collins* went into the American army during the Revolutionary war, at the age of sixteen, from Long Meadow, Mass., or Brimfield, and served three years. He afterwards settled in Rose Valley. In the War of 1812, he, with others, went to Sodus Point to assist in the defence of that place. He died at Rose, September 4, 1828, aged sixty-six years. Mr. Collins was an early resident of Phelps, having probably settled there about 1798, and came to Rose in 1812 or '13.

*Ezekiel Pratt* was a Revolutionary soldier of this town.

*Joel Bishop.*—He was born in Connecticut, October 2, 1759; enlisted in the Revolutionary army at the age of seventeen, and served nearly seven years. He was taken prisoner and confined in New York City several months, where he suffered severely, being so nearly starved to death that he ate scraps of leather, pieces of old shoes. He was in several battles, and in one of them seven bullets passed through his clothing; in another, a charge of buckshot went through his cap, cutting off a portion of his hair close as if shaved with a razor. In 1784, he married Phœbe Avery, and in the winter of 1811-12, settled just south of the present village of North Rose. His grandson, Chauncey E. Bishop, now lives in a new house on the identical site of the original log house. In 1837, he removed to Havana, Huron county, Ohio, where he died April 17, 1839. His family consisted of four sons and nine daughters, all of whom grew to adult age, married and raised families. The mother of Hon. Jackson Valentine was one of the daughters. Another of his daughters taught the first school in Rose. He was five feet nine inches in height, and weighed one hundred and fifty-two pounds. He was a man of high honor, great activity, energy, personal courage and benevolence.\*

*John Sherman.*—Private in the Revolutionary army. His widow, Chloe Sherman, drew a pension of \$48 a year, commencing March 4, 1848. Widow had resided in Rose thirty-eight years in 1849. John Sherman died November 28, 1832, aged seventy-eight years.

*John Rose,* who died in the town of Rose, July 3, 1863, at the advanced age of one hundred and three years, was not (as some have supposed) one of the pioneers of Wayne county, nor was he related to the family from which the town of Rose took its name. He was, however, a Revolutionary soldier, and had been for more than eighty years a professed Christian. He retained his faculties unimpaired to the close of his long life.

#### SAVANNAH.

*Richard Damewood,* of Savannah, was a soldier of the Revolution, and died at Montezuma.

*Samuel Thompson,* was a soldier of the Revolution, and died in Savannah.

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\* H. H. Wheeler furnishes another notice of Mr. Bishop. (See Butler.)

## SODUS.

*Obadiah Johnson* was a Revolutionary soldier. He was born in New Marlboro, and had twelve children, of whom William, deceased a few years since in the eastern part of Sodus, was the youngest, born in 1799. Mrs. Phœbe Johnson, widow of William, and still living at an advanced age, states that Obadiah Johnson came to Sodus at the time local history reports his son, Mark Johnson, to have settled at "Johnson's Corners." He is buried somewhere on the old Johnson farm, possibly in the dilapidated burial place at the Whitbeck school-house. Of his Revolutionary service, we have but little account. It is current tradition in the family that he was in the battles of Monmouth and Brandywine. He was in the battle at Sodus Point on the night of June 12, 1813, and died not long after that.

*Joshua Danford* came from New Hampshire in early life to Rensselaer county, near Troy. He was a soldier in the War of the Revolution, and received his pay in Continental currency, which was so nearly worthless that a hundred dollars would scarcely buy a pair of boots. He settled in Sodus in the spring of 1810, on the place afterwards known for many years as the Danford farm. He died February 22, 1815, and is buried in the Bushnell burying-ground.

*Joseph Green* was twenty-one years old when the Revolutionary war broke out. He was one of the forty men who marched to the Plymouth County Court House and compelled the Royal Court to disperse. He served through the war, was in several prominent battles, and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis. Joseph Green settled in East Windsor, Mass., afterwards moved to Williamstown to educate his children. He passed his last years in Sodus with his son, Hon. Byram Green, and died June 12, 1835, aged eighty-one. He was buried in the old village cemetery. Though entitled to a pension under the law of 1830-'31, he declined to apply. He was a Captain in the army, and served under General Stark.

*John Norris* enlisted in the Revolutionary army on the day that he became twenty-one, in the year 1776. He served through the war; was present at the battle of Monmouth. He died January 31, 1846, aged ninety-one years, lacking three days, and his grave is in Sodus Rural Cemetery.



*Lemuel Higgins*, father of Mrs. Byram Green, was also a Revolutionary soldier during the latter years of the war, and was a prisoner for some months. He died November 2, 1824, aged fifty-nine, and was buried in the old village cemetery.

*Elder Seba Norton*, the pioneer Baptist minister, was a soldier of the Revolution. He settled in Sodus about 1803. He was married in 1778, when a little over eighteen. When he decided to join the army, his wife and mother and sisters caught a black sheep and a white one, and sheared some wool from both. They sat up all night, carded, spun and knit for him two long pairs of stockings, in time for him to start at noon the next day. He was present at Valley Forge, in the noted winter encampment, when men marked their way over the frozen ground with blood from their bare feet. In 1812, the old soldiers of Sodus and vicinity formed a company known as Silver Grays. At their meeting to elect their officers, Elder Norton was chosen Captain. Mr. Nichols, of Williamson, though a Major in the Revolution, when chosen Corporal, stepped out briskly, saying, "I consider it an honor to serve under Captain Norton." Captain Norton was at the Point at the battle in 1813, and having command at first, divided the men into squads of ten each, placed them in different ambuscades, pointing out the way to retreat if assailed. When Captain Hall took command, he changed the plan and formed them in one company, marching abreast in a single line. August 9, 1835, Elder Norton died, and was buried in the Brick Church Cemetery.

*Simeon Kent*, who came from Long Island to East Palmyra in early times, was a soldier of the Revolution. Owing to the loss of necessary papers he failed to secure a pension; but he was in the Continental army during nearly the whole of the war. In 1812 he was called out and served at Sodus Point and probably at Pultneyville. His family have often heard Mr. Kent in his old age talk over with Andries Onderdonk their adventures together at Sodus Point and up the lake shore to Pultneyville. Mr. Kent was the father of Mrs. Stephen Hopkins, of Sodus, and died at their house on the Shaker tract at the age of eighty-nine, and was buried in the Rural Cemetery at Sodus village.

*Asa Hewitt*, (grandfather of Spencer Hewitt,) was in the Revolutionary army as a musician blowing a fife for five years. He died in Sodus and is buried in the Bushnell burial ground.

*Jonathan Clemons* (great grandfather of Fred. W. Clemons, of the Palmyra *Courier*,) was born in Rutland, Worcester county, Massachusetts, in 1754. Died in Sodus, April 18, 1841, aged eighty-seven years. He was the son of Edward Clemons, who was also a soldier of the Revolution. Jonathan Clemons, the year before his death, walked to Geneva and back to Sodus upon a visit to his relatives in the former place. His discharge, signed by General Washington, is in possession of Fred. W. Clemons. The latter also has the commission given to his grandfather, John Temple Clemons, February 17, 1820, by Governor DeWitt Clinton as First Lieutenant in a company of the Eighteenth New York Artillery.

*Colonel Peregrine Fitzhugh*.—He entered the Revolutionary army as Lieutenant of the Third Regiment of Dragoons of the Virginia Continental line, and was soon after promoted to Captain. Two years prior to the close of the war he was appointed Aid-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief, General Washington, and served in that capacity until the declaration of peace. Colonel Fitzhugh was from a distinguished family. His father held a commission in the British army, and rather than fight against the colonies resigned his place. Colonel Peregrine Fitzhugh settled at Hagerstown, Maryland, at the close of the war. He came to Geneva in 1799, and resided there three years, improving the lands purchased some time before at Sodus Point. He removed to the Point in 1803, his homestead being on the beautiful and commanding height opposite the Point to the south, now occupied by William E. Sill. He died in the midst of his enterprises October 23, 1810, and his grave is in the old burial ground on the banks of the lake. His widow, who was a daughter of Samuel Lloyd Chew, of Ann Arundel, Maryland, survived him forty-four years and died at the age of eighty-nine, June 4, 1854. Colonel Fitzhugh, holding an intimate personal relation with General Washington, had among his papers several autograph letters from him and many important memoranda. It is a matter of regret that these were lost, together with other papers of Colonel Fitzhugh, his commissions, his swords and his uniform by the fire which destroyed the dwelling of Mrs. Fitzhugh at Sodus Point in the year 1846.

*Philip Demarest*, was a Revolutionary soldier. He lived on the place now owned by Richard Milner. He died April 18, 1845, aged eighty-four years; and was buried in the old grave yard at Sodus village.

*Robert McCollum* was a soldier of the Revolution, and was buried in the Brick church cemetery.

*Amos Gilbert* was the father of the Deacon John Gilbert whose death at the advanced age of ninety-three, occurred at Lyons last year (1882.) Amos Gilbert was a Revolutionary soldier as stated by those who knew him well after his settlement in Sodus. He was buried in the Brick church cemetery, though the site of the grave is not now determined. (See a notice by his grandson, Dr. Gilbert, under head of Lyons.)

*Matthew Clark*, who settled near the present site of the brick meeting-house, was a Revolutionary soldier. Mrs. Phœbe Johnson states that she has often heard Mr. Clark talk over his revolutionary exploits with William Johnson, Amos Gilbert and others. Matthew Clark is buried in the Brick church burial ground, but the place can hardly be identified. He was in Sodus as early as 1803, for a letter was advertised for him that year at the Canandaigua post-office. He was one of the founders of the Presbyterian church of Lyons, and subsequently of Sodus.

*Samuel Blair* was a Revolutionary soldier. He probably belonged to the Massachusetts line in the Continental army. He came to Sodus at an early day and was for many years a well known citizen of the eastern part of the town. He died in 1828, and is buried in the Brick church cemetery.\*

The Rev. William Stone died in Sodus, March 20, 1840, aged nearly eighty-one years. He was a native of Guilford, Conn., great-great-grand son of Gov. William Leete, of Colonial days, and his father a great grand-son of Rev. Samuel Stone, founder of Hartford. He served as a private in the Revolutionary war, and in the battles of Brandywine, Monmouth and others. At Brandywine, he stood near General Nash when that fire-eater fell. He was a thorough Greek and Hebrew scholar, and had such a fondness for books that the late Gen. Wilcox, of Killingworth, Conn., says he always would remember him, as he carried the works of Josephus in his knapsack. Entering the Congregational ministry, he was stationed at Claremont, N. H. From the east he per-

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\* Adrastus Snedaker, of Clyde, has a Revolutionary relic in his possession, viz : a chain used by his grandfather, Samuel Blair, before, during and after the Revolutionary war. The age of this chain must be very nearly if not quite one hundred years.

formed a voluntary mission through all the original States, save Rhode Island, into Florida, spending one-and-a-half years in the two Carolinas. Whilst South, he encountered several thrilling adventures. At one time chased by robbers, at another by panthers. Returning north he preached in New Paltz, Ulster county, N. Y., then at Jericho, (now Bainbridge.) Afterwards was settled in Burlington, Otsego county, a fellow laborer of his kinsman, the Rev. Daniel Nash. In 1807, he moved to Redfield, (now Oswego county,) and preaching there several years, returned to Burlington, and in 1817, removed to the town of Junius, Seneca county, and from thence to Sodus, in 1818. In that and the following year, he was in the employ of the Albany Missionary Society, in the Western counties of New York, bordering upon Pennsylvania, and by the Young Men's Missionary Society of New York, in 1820-'21. Suffering from an accident from the falling of a tree, he was unable to continue his ministerial labors during the last eighteen years of his life. Says a writer who knew him well: "During all the changes of his location, and the other vicissitudes of his life, there are two objects he never forgot,—His God, and the Classics."

Down till within a few months of his death, he daily studied the scriptures in the originals. His body lies sleeping in the old village cemetery at Sodus, in the joyful hope of a glorious resurrection.

#### WALWORTH.

*John Barber* is mentioned as a Revolutionary soldier. He was born in Pelham, Mass., came to Walworth in 1804; removed to Lyons, his son John Barber Jr., being then County Clerk. John Barber, Sen., died June 24, 1840, at Adrian, Michigan, and is buried in Lyons. He was in several hard fought battles, and was taken prisoner at White Plains.

#### WILLIAMSON.

*Andrew Stewart* served in Continental army while living in Massachusetts, settled in Williamson; died in 1818, aged ninety-two; buried in Pultneyville cemetery.

*From the Wayne Sentinel.*

Died in Williamson on Monday, May 18, 1828, Mr. Azariah Chappell, a soldier of the Revolution, aged seventy-six; and near the same time his wife, Jerusha, died, aged seventy-one.

*Adam Tinklepaugh*, who settled in Williamson, near the present place of Reuben Nash, in 1810, was a soldier of the Revolution. He was at Pultneyville in the war of 1812. He died about the year 1829, and is buried in the Williamson cemetery.

## WOLCOTT.

Chester Dutton of Concordia, Kansas, sends the following memorandum:

"*Lambert Woodruff*, son of Capt. John and Hannah (Lambert) Woodruff, was born in Connecticut in that part of the town of Waterbury which is now Watertown, in 1763. While yet a mere boy, he was with Washington in the winter encampment of Valley Forge. His father, Capt. John Woodruff, was at the same time in command of a company on the Hudson, and his three older brothers were also in the service and meanwhile the Captain's wife, with her youngest boy and a hired man, was gathering the corn, at home, out of the snow. Capt. John Woodruff was great-grand-father to my Brother, William, and myself, and also to both of our wives. Probably few men of military age went through that seven years of war without some taste of service. Three great-grand-fathers of William and myself were Captains in command, viz: Thomas Dutton, John Woodruff and Stephen Matthews, all of Watertown. Our other great-grand-father, David Punderson of New Haven was dead, but his son-in-law, Capt. Joseph Mansfield, raised and commanded a company. Our grand-fathers, Thomas Dutton and Phineas Matthews, served at the age of sixteen, in their fathers' companies. Previous to the war of 1812, Lambert Woodruff settled in Wolcott. His deeds bear date March 9th, 1811. The purchase, however, had been made several years before. I do not lay my hand on the contract, just at present, but about 1807, Uncle Lambert distributed these lots among his sons and daughters, reserving to himself lot 380, upon which he erected the buildings which were occupied by my family until our removal west. He died there in the summer of 1843, and was buried in the "Old Burying Ground" on the west side of the creek, below the mills."

*Jonathan Melvin*, who resided in Wolcott for a time and built the first mill was a soldier of the Revolutionary war. He removed back to Phelps and died at the residence of his son on Melvin Hill.

*Thomas Hale*, a soldier of the Revolution came to Huron in 1812 and settled on what is known as the old Benjamin farm. Buried in Huron cemetery.

*John David Arne* was a soldier of the Revolution. His history is a romantic one. He was a German, a native of the province of Hesse Cassel. As a boy of sixteen he was induced to enlist by a cousin older than he, an officer in the Hessian Contingent furnished to King George for service against the Colonies. In this country he became interested in the cause of the Colonies and finally deserted and joined the Union Army. But little is known of his service. He passed his last years with his son, Dr. David Arne, of Wolcott, and is buried in the Butler Cemetery.

## MILITARY LANDS.

This name is applied in common usage to the tracts of land given to officers and men who served in the Revolutionary army from the State of New York.

The Continental Congress, under date of September 16, 1776, resolved to raise eighty-eight Battalions of troops, and of these four were assigned as the quota of the Province of New York. A bounty of twenty dollars was offered in cash and also a bounty in land, as follows :

To a Colonel,	500	acres.
“ Lieutenant-Colonel,	450	“
“ Major,	400	“
“ Captain,	300	“
“ Lieutenant,	200	“
“ Ensign,	150	“
“ Non-commissioned officer and soldier, each,	100	“

After the close of the war, and under date of March 27, 1788, the Legislature of the State of New York assumed the fulfillment of this promise of Congress, and added to the bounty to be granted as follows :

To a Major-General,	5,500	acres.
“ Brigadier-General,	4,250	“
“ Colonel,	2,500	“
“ Lieutenant-Colonel,	2,250	“
“ Major,	2,000	“
“ Captain,	1,500	“
“ Regimental Surgeon,	1,500	“
“ Chaplain,	2,000	“
Every Subaltern and Sur- geon's mate,	1,000	“
Non-Commissioned officers and privates, each,	500	“

The Legislature provided that for this purpose townships should be laid out to be divided into one hundred lots of six hundred acres each. One half of each lot drawn by a soldier was to be improved at the rate of five acres for every hundred within a term of five years, if such lots are sold by the original grantee; or within ten years if retained by him.

These townships were to be located upon the territory reserved by the act of the Legislature passed July 25, 1782.

It was several years before the plan was fully executed and various acts of the Legislature became necessary to locate the lands, authorize a balloting and guard the same from unauthorized claimants.

The Commissioners of the Land Office were vested with the requisite authority for the distribution of the lands, and under date of April 22, 1789, they passed a resolution directing the Surveyor-General to lay out twenty-five townships. This was done during that year, and at a meeting of the Land Commissioners held in New York, July 3, 1790, a report of the survey was made. Classical names were given to these townships, which have since become the names of organized towns. They were as follows:

No. 1—Lysander,	No. 14—Tully,
“ 2—Hannibal,	“ 15—Fabius,
“ 3—Cato,	“ 16—Ovid,
“ 4—Brutus,	“ 17—Milton,
“ 5—Camillus,	“ 18—Locke,
“ 6—Cicero	“ 19—Homer,
“ 7—Manlius,	“ 20—Solon,
“ 8—Aurelius,	“ 21—Hector,
“ 9—Marcellus,	“ 22—Ulysses,
“ 10—Pompey,	“ 23—Dryden,
“ 11—Romulus,	“ 24—Virgil,
“ 12—Scipio,	“ 25—Cincinnatus.
“ 13—Sempronius,	

The Board proceeded to determine what persons were entitled to share in this bounty, and appointed Lewis A. Scott and Robert Harper, to draw the tickets from the respective boxes. It was found that some of the lands thus drawn were the same as had already been granted to Massachusetts, or to Phelps and Gorham, holding title from that State. The military lands were all east of the Pre-emption line that

bounded the Massachusetts tract, but in compensating Messrs. Phelps and Gorham, or their successors, for lands lost by the error of the first Pre-emption line, they had received several grants upon these same military lands further east. To avoid this conflict, the Land Commissioners directed the Surveyor-General to lay out three more townships. It was also necessary to supply claimants who had not proved their claims at the first drawing. These three were: No. 26, Junius; No. 27, Galen; No. 28, Sterling.

The report in relation to Junius was adopted by the Land Board, January 29, 1791; in relation to Galen, August 10, 1792; in relation to number 28, September 11, 1794, and the name Sterling voted January 16, 1795.

The Continental offer to a private which the State assumed, was one hundred acres, and that of the State five hundred acres—total, six hundred. In some cases an assignment of the Continental bounty to the one drawing, had not been obtained, and the claimant received only five hundred acres.

In preparation for the drawing, the Board had employed Michael Connelly to make a complete roster of the soldiers from New York; a very interesting document preserved in the office of the Secretary of State, and printed copies of which were made in 1825.

Many soldiers whose bounty land was given by these acts, had died in the service or after the close of the war prior to the distribution of the land. The patents in such cases were delivered to their heirs, or to attorneys or assignees.

Township number 27 was set apart especially for surgeons, hospital stewards and others connected with the medical staff of the army; hence the name of Galen was exceedingly appropriate.

The balloting for the township of Galen resulted as follows:

Acres.	Lot No.	
600	1	John Coventry, Hospital mate.
300	2	Stephen McCrea, Physician and Surgeon.
600	3	John Young, Surgeon's mate.
500	4	Thomas Lyon, Lieutenant.
600	5	Isaac Ledyard, Physician and Surgeon.



Acres.	Lot No.	
600	6	to William Pitt Smith, Surgeon's mate.
500	"	7 " Capt. Edward Lounsbury.
500	"	8 " Daniel McLean.
600	"	9 " John Cochran, Director of Hospital.
500	"	10 " Samuel Woodruff, Surgeon's mate.
600	"	11 " Samuel Stringer, Director-General.
600	"	12 " " " " "
500	"	13 " Cornelius Oknoyata, Lieut. Independent.
600	"	14 " Isaac Ledyard, Physician and Surgeon.
"	"	15 " John Winn, (unpatented)
600	"	16 " Dirck VanIngen, Physician and Surgeon.
500	"	17 " Perius Demmick,
600	"	18 " Stephen McCrea, Physician and Surgeon.
500	"	19 " John Smedis, Surgeon's mate.
"	"	20 " Samuel Stringer, Director-General.
500	"	21 " Matthew Potan, Ensign.
600	"	22 " Henry Moore, Surgeon's mate.
500	"	23 " Samuel Woodruff, Surgeons' mate.
600	"	24 " Dirck VanIngen, Physician and Surgeon.
600	"	25 " John Ball, Lieut.
600	"	26 " Samuel Stringer, Director-General.
500	"	27 " Thomas Lyon, Lieutenant.
600	"	28 " Joseph Young, Physician and Surgeon.
500	"	29 " John Rice.
600	"	30 " John Cochran, Director-General.
500	"	31 " John Smedis, Surgeon's mate.
600	"	32 " Isaac Ledyard, Physician and Surgeon.
600	"	33 " Reserved for Literature.
500	"	34 " Peter Blossom.
600	"	35 " Isaac Ledyard, Physician and Surgeon.
500	"	36 " William Saxbury.
600	"	37 " Joseph Young, Physician and Surgeon.
50	"	38 " Samuel Stringer, Director General.
500	"	39 " James Joyce.
600	"	40 " Samuel Stringer, Director-General.
600	"	41 " " " " "
600	"	42 " John VanDyck, Lieutenant.
600	"	43 " John Coventry, Hospital mate.
500	"	44 " Samuel Woodruff, Surgeon's mate.
600	"	45 " Reserved for Gospel and schools.
600	"	46 " Stephen McCrea, Physician and Surgeon.
600	"	47 " " " " "
600	"	48 " William Pitt Smith, Surgeon's mate.
600	"	49 " John Cochran, Director-General.
600	"	50 " Reserved for Gospel and schools.
500	"	51 " Matthew Potan, Ensign.
600	"	52 " Stephen Saddore.



In the cases where a claimant received a Patent for less than six hundred acres, as above shown, there were left undivided portions of lots, the title to which remained in the State of New York until subsequently sold.

The Patents for the above lands were delivered as follows, according to the record in the office of the Secretary of State :

- For John Coventry, 1200 acres to himself.
- “ Stephen McCrea, 2700 acres to himself.
- “ John Young, 1500 acres to Joseph Young.
- “ Thomas Lyon, 1000 acres to Gen. John Williams for L. Lyon.
- “ Isaac Ledyard, 2400 acres to himself.
- “ Wm. Pitt Smith, 1800 acres to himself.
- “ Capt. Edward Lounsberry, 1500 acres to Michael Connolly for said Lounsberry.
- “ Daniel McLean, 500 acres to John McLean.
- “ John Cochran, 5100 acres to himself.
- “ Samuel Woodruff 1500 acres to John M. Watson.
- “ Samuel Stringer, 3650 acres to Hugh Boyd.
- “ Cornelius Oknoyata, 1000 acres to Michael Connolly for C. A. D. VanSlyck.
- “ John Winn, 600 acres, unpatented.
- “ Dirck VanIngen, 2250 acres to himself.
- “ Perius Demmick, 500 acres to Benjamin Pelton administrator.
- “ John Smedis, 1500 acres to Archibald Currie.
- “ Matthew Potan, 1000 acres to himself.
- “ Henry Moore, 1800 acres to James H. Kipp.
- “ John Ball, 1200 acres to Flamen Ball.
- “ Joseph Young, 2250 acres to himself.
- “ John Rice, 500 acres to Simon Veeder.
- “ Peter Blossom, 509 acres to Daniel Pelton.
- “ William Saxbury, 500 acres to Michael Connolly.
- “ James Joyce, 500 acres to Thomas Nickerson, administrator.
- “ John VanDyck, 1200 acres to himself.
- “ Stephen Saddore, 500 acres to Josiah Masters.
- “ John VanHuysen, 500 acres to Peter Christie for Hermanus VanHuysen.
- “ William Copeland, 600 acres to Michael Connolly.
- “ Michael Bason, 500 acres to Andrew Billings.
- “ Abraham Lambert, 600 acres to Wm. J. Vredenburgh.
- “ Micaiah Sherwood, 500 acres to Elijah Hunter administrator.

- For Charles McKnight, 1500 acres to his widow.  
 " Malachi Treat, 1500 acres to Anthony Lamb.  
 " Nathaniel Jarvis, 500 acres to his widow.  
 " Nicholas Plugh, 500 acres to John Dill, Atty. for Teunis Dill, administrator.  
 " Christian House, 600 acres to Michael Connolly.  
 " Thaddeus Smith, 500 acres to Daniel Delavan.  
 " Jacob House, 600 acres to Michael Connolly.  
 " John Chase, 600 acres to Zephanich Platt's order.

Of these men only a small number actually came to this section and settled here.

Hugh Boyd received the Patents for lands drawn by Samuel Stringer ; 3,650 acres on Lots No. 11, 12, 20, 26, 38, 40, 41 and 100. He is understood to have settled here.

John Van Dyck received the Patents for the lands which he drew, consisting of Lots 83 and 42, on which he is thought to have settled.

William J. Fredenburgh is also thought to have settled on the land for which he received the Patent originally granted to Abraham Lambert, Lot No. 73, and to have been about the first settler north of the creek in the present town of Savannah.

The name Stephen Saddore was undoubtedly the family name still existing in this section. Hon. H. H. Wheeler mentions Peter Mills and William Moulton as having drawn bounty lands.

The military township of Sterling was also located partly within the present county of Wayne. Its western boundary was a north and south line passing half a mile or more east of the present village of Wolcott ; therefore all the territory east of that line in the towns of Wolcott and Butler belonged to the millitary township of Sterling.

For convenience of reference to those living upon that tract and along the border of Cayuga county, we give the drawing of the entire township, including, of course, considerable territory east of Wayne county.

In the case of this township, we give only the drawing—and do not add a list of those to whom the Patents were delivered—partly because quite a portion of the township lies beyond the line of Wayne county, and partly from the

fact that the connection between the drawing and the delivery of deeds seems to be more obscure and not as easily traced as in the case of Galen.

A copy of the balloting book is kept in the County Clerk's office at Lyons, and therefore easily accessible :

TOWNSHIP OF STERLING—*Drawing.*

	Acres.	
No. 1	600	Christian Tappenwine.
No. 2	450	Samuel Cooley.
	150	Elizabeth Hamilton, Southeast corner.
No. 3	450	Gershom Corwin.
	$81\frac{4}{10}$	Samuel Cooley.
	$68\frac{6}{10}$	Joseph Eadle.
No. 4	500	John Olmstead.
	$51\frac{6.8}{100}$	Joseph Eadle.
No. 5	200	Heirs of Jacobus Van Orsdell, West side.
	400	Thomas Macdonough, East side.
No. 6	600	Jacob V. Egberts, Captain.
No. 7	500	John Wood.
	100	Thomas Mumford, Southeast corner.
No. 8	500	Lewis Dubois.
	100	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
No. 9	200	Samuel Brown, West side.
No. 10	595	Thomas Mumford.
No. 11	500	Lewis Dubois, Colonel.
	100	Thomas Mumford, Southeast corner.
No. 12	600	John Cooper.
No. 13	500	James Duggan.
	100	James M'Call, Southeast corner.
No. 14	500	Lewis Dubois, Colonel.
	100	Thomas Mumford.
No. 15	450	Thomas Hattes, etc.
	150	Mary Southwick, (heirs of J. Wool,) South-east corner.
No. 16	200	John Pettit, West side.
	200	Eli Lyon, middle.
	200	William Hollett, East side.
No. 17	606	Reserved for Gospel, &c.
No. 18	500	Henry TenEyck, Captain.
	100	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
No. 19	500	James Bynders.
	100	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
No. 20	500	Charity Wright and Anthony Barton.
	100	Elizabeth Hamilton, South part.
No. 21	600	John Harper.

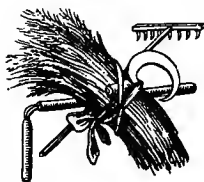
	Acres.	
No. 22	600	David Hill and S. Sayre, as (trustees of E. Hill.)
No. 23	200	John Winn, North side.
	200	Archibald McKinley, middle.
	200	Heirs of Henry Dubois, East side.
No. 24	200	John White and others, (heirs of Samuel White,) West side.
	200	Phineas Weed, middle.
	200	James Wasson, South side.
No. 25	600	Elizabeth Hamilton.
No. 26	600	Adam Coppernoll.
No. 27	500	Janet McFarland and others.
	100	John Cooper, Northwest corner.
No. 28	450	Samuel Crawford.
No. 29	500	Lewis Dubois, Colonel
No. 30	200	Stephen Alling, West side.
	200	Edward Conkling, middle.
	200	Daniel Reed, East side.
No. 31	500	David Bates.
	100	Giles Wolcott, Southeast corner.
No. 32	600	Appropriated for roads (sold to T. and J. White.)
No. 33	500	William Feagan.
No. 34	600	C. M'Veah and N. Conner, (heirs of J. Gilchrist.)
No. 35	500	Christian Hartwick.
	$43\frac{3}{10}$	John Dusingberre.
	$22\frac{78}{100}$	John W. Sawyer.
No. 36	200	Elizabeth Miller and Mary Dear, (heirs of Abm. Rickon) Square Northwest corner.
	276	John M'Fadden, (assignee of John Cooper) East side.
No. 37	500	William Moulton, Captain.
	100	Elenora Feick, Southeast corner.
No. 38	600	Elias Willard, Surgeon's Mate.
No. 39	500	Ichabod Coe.
No. 40	500	John Welch.
	$87\frac{1}{2}$	Henry Brewster, } Southeast corner.
	$12\frac{1}{2}$	Giles Woolcott, }
No. 41	200	Thomas Hughēs, West side.
	200	Heirs of Thomas Filer, middle.
	200	Heirs of Samuel Shirts, East side.
No. 42	600	Giles Woolcott.
No. 43	200	William Kincaid, West side.
	200	James Dunlap, middle.
	200	Henry Brewster, South side.
No. 44	500	John Dusenbury.

	Aeres.	
No. 44	100	Jacob Sammons, Southeast corner.
No. 45	500	John Wood.
	100	Jacob Sammons, Southeast corner.
No. 46	500	David Bates.
	100	C. J. Rumsey and G. F. Rumsey, (assignees of J. Dole) Southeast corner.
No. 47	500	Amos Hutchings' heirs.
	100	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
No. 48	200	Matthias DeCamp, West side.
	400	Heirs of Henry Dubois, East side.
No. 49	600	John McLean.
No. 50	200	Elizabeth Flagler, West side.
	12½	Giles Woolcott, Northeast corner.
	100	Heirs of Andries Longyear, Sub. 2.
	200	John Longyear, Sub. 3.
No. 51	200	Robert Gillespie's heirs, West side.
	200	John and Samuel Garrison, middle.
	200	Josiah Goldsmith, East side.
No. 52	600	Jacob V. Egberts, Captain.
No. 53	200	Nathan Smith, West side.
	200	William Thompson, middle.
	200	James Ivory, East side.
No. 54	500	Cornelius Ackerson.
	100	James Bradley, Southeast corner.
No. 55	500	Israel Reeve.
	22	Cornelius Ackerson.
No. 56	200	Philip Ketch, West side.
	200	Agnes Youmans, middle.
No. 57	450	John Pope.
	97	Jacob L. Lazelere, Square Southeast corner.
No. 58	500	Lewis Dubois, Colonel.
No. 59	500	Peter and James Miller.
No. 60	200	Peter Boise, West side.
	200	John G. Wilson, middle.
	200	Magdalen Rynms and John Springsteen, East side.
No. 61	500	Henry Ten Eyck, Captain.
	100	Simeon Knight, Southeast corner.
No. 62	600	Appropriated for roads
No. 63	200	John Smith, West side.
	300	William Waddle, and others, middle.
	200	Jacob Crafts, East side.
No. 64	600	Elizabeth Hamilton.
No. 65	200	John Hammond, West side.
	200	David Lambert, middle.
	200	Archibald Burgess, East side.
No. 66	200	James Scholifild's heirs, West side.

	Acres.	
No. 66	200	James Rose, middle.
	200	Phebe Luddington, East side.
No. 67	500	James Blake.
	100	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
No. 68	250	Moses Dean, West side.
	200	James Downs, heirs, East of Dean.
No. 69	500	Peter Mills.
	100	J. Wools, heirs, Southeast corner
No. 70	500	Thomas Wilson.
No. 71	200	Richard Satterlee's heirs, West side.
	200	Francis Van Tine's heirs, middle.
	100	David Carswell, Southeast corner,
No. 72	500	Jane Ann Mancius.
	100	Samuel Sherwood, Southeast corner.
No. 73	600	Mary Southwick and others, (heirs of J. Wool.)
No. 74	500	William Lighthall.
	50	Thomas Macdonough.
	50	Sold for survey.
No. 75	500	William Lighthall.
No. 76	50	Sold for survey, Southeast corner.
	280	Samuel Sherwood, East side.
	70 <sup>+</sup> <sub>10</sub>	Cyrus Baldwin, Northwest corner.
No. 77	500	John Wood, Captain.
	100	Francis Cole.
No. 78		Reserved Lot.
	50	Sold for survey, Southwest corner.
	100	Michael Francisco, Southeast corner.
No. 79	200	Jonathan Weed's heirs, West side.
	50	Sold for survey, Northeast corner.
No. 80	50	Sold for survey, Northwest corner.
No. 81	500	William Dugban.
	100	Jesse Adams, Southeast corner.
No. 82	500	William Moulton, Captain.
	100	Jesse Adams, Southeast corner.
No. 83	500	Henry TenEyck, Captain.
No. 84	200	John Bishop's heirs, West side.
	200	William Whitehead's heirs, middle.
	150	Elizabeth Hamilton, East side,
	50	Sold for survey, Southwest corner.
No. 85	600	Jacob V. Egberts, Captain.
No. 86	50	Sold for survey, Southwest corner.
	150	Philip Cole's heirs, West side.
	200	Robert Van Tine, middle.
	100	James Bradley, East of Van Tine.
	50	Philip Cole's heirs, Southeast corner.
No. 87	500	Elizabeth Hamilton.



	Acres.	
No. 87	50	Sold for survey, Northeast corner.
No. 88		Literature Lot.
	50	Sold for survey, Northwest corner.
No. 89	500	Thomas T. Jackson, Lieutenant.
	50	Sold for Survey, Southwest corner.
No. 90	500	Peter Mills.
	100	Thomas Mumford, Southeast corner.
No. 91	500	Thomas T. Jackson.
No. 92	500	Reuben Smith.
	50	Thomas Macdonough, Southeast corner.
	50	Sold for survey.
No. 93	450	Benjamin Chatsey.
	100	Elizabeth Hamilton, Southeast corner.
	50	Sold for survey, Southwest corner.
No. 94	300	John M'Kinstry, West side.
	200	David Hodges, East of M'Kinstry.
	50	Sold for survey, Southeast corner.
No. 95	500	James Newell.
No. 96	200	John Thompson's heirs, West side.
	200	Benjamin Gillett, middle.
	50	Sold for survey, Northeast corner.
	$48\frac{63}{100}$	Benoni and Billings Burch, Southeast cor.
No. 97		Reserved Lot.
	50	Sold for survey, Northwest corner.
No. 98	300	James Thorne and others, (heirs of Daniel Thorne,) West side.
	200	Henry Impson, East of Thorne.
	50	Silas Winans, Northeast corner.
	50	Sold for survey, Southeast corner.
No. 99	400	Silas Winans.
	150	T. Mumford, Southeast corner.
	50	Sold for survey, southwest corner.
No. 100	500	Peter Mills.
	50	Sold for survey, Southwest corner.
	$36\frac{2}{3}$	T. Mumford.



## CHAPTER VI.

BRITISH INVASION OF WAYNE COUNTY IN 1794—GOVERNOR SIMCOE HAUGHTY AND THREATENING—HIS MESSENGER RECEIVED BY CAPTAIN WILLIAMSON AT SODUS POINT—DEMAND THAT SETTLEMENT STOP ON THIS TERRITORY—WILLIAMSON'S BOLD REPLY—GENERAL WASHINGTON'S LETTER RELATING TO THIS AFFAIR.

THE "Invasion of the Genesee County" is the decidedly warlike name given by previous writers, and particularly by Turner, in his History of the Pultney Estate to certain transactions which occurred in the year 1794, at Sodus Point. Actual fighting in the Revolutionary war closed with the battle of Yorktown in the fall of 1781, though it was not until the spring of 1783, that the treaty of peace was proclaimed and the Independence of the United Colonies acknowledged. Many sources of irritation existed for several years subsequent to that date,

Great Britain and the United States, each complained that the other had violated the stipulations contained in the treaty. Great Britain was accused of having carried away negroes at the close of the war, of having retained in her possession certain military posts which interfered with the Americans in securing their share of the fur trade, and of inciting the Indians to make incursions upon the border settlements. The United States were accused of preventing loyalists from regaining possession of their estates, and British subjects from recovering debts contracted before the beginning of hostilities.

Western New York was within the field of this disturbance. The British Government had held this territory from the time it was wrested from France, in 1760, to the close of the Revolution, about twenty-four years. It seems scarcely possible now to understand that they continued to put forward a claim to it for *ten years longer*.

That the British were allowed to hold the important forts of Oswego and Niagara, for ten years following the date of

the treaty by which they had agreed to surrender them, can only be explained on the ground that this now fair and beautiful country was almost an unknown land. It was only when the first pioneers began to make their way into this wilderness, in 1788-'89, that the jealousy of the British authorities in Canada, began to develop into overt acts. The treaties between the State of New York and Massachusetts; the purchase of the Genesee country by Philips and Gorham, and their associates; the sale of the territory west of the Genesee river, to the Holland Land Company; the sale of the territory between Seneca lake and the Genesee river, bounded north by Lake Ontario, and south by Pennsylvania, constituting afterwards the Pultney Estate; all followed in rapid succession. The appointment of Captain Williamson as agent for the sale of these lands; his arrival here with a large force of surveyors and workmen; his energetic movements at Bath, at Geneva, at Lyons, and at Sodus, occurring during the period 1790 to 1794, were all critically observed by the Governor of Canada. He saw that thorough and systematic plans for the settlement of these lands were being executed. The American authorities at this time had considerable reason to suspect that a British and Indian alliance was being perfected, having in view the actual repossession of all of Western New York, and threatening with fire and slaughter the families of the scattered settlers. All these dangers were finally terminated by the Jay Treaty, negotiated with the English Government in 1794. This treaty contained several provisions that were violently opposed by many Americans, both in Congress and out. President Washington was, himself, severely blamed for favoring it. The treaty was not ratified by the American Government, until 1796, and there was only a majority of three in Congress, in favor of the appropriation, necessary to carry it into effect.

The forts were surrendered and a substantial peace followed favorable to settlement until the difficulties occurred prior to the opening of the war of 1812. It was during that troublous period that the so-called "Invasion of the Genesee county occurred." The following account is from the papers left by Thomas Morris, and is found in the "History of the Pultney Estate :"

“Gov. Simcoe had, from his first assuming the government of Upper Canada, evinced the greatest jealousy of the progress of the settlement of our western country; he was even said to have threatened to send Captain Williamson to England in irons, if he ever ventured to come into Canada. In 1794, Captain Williamson had commenced a settlement at Sodus Bay.

“In the month of August of that year, Lieutenant Sheaffe, of the British army, (now Major-General Sir Roger Hale Sheaffe, who during the last war, commanded at the battle of Queenstown, after the death of Gen. Brock,) was sent by Governor Simcoe, with a protest to be delivered to Captain Williamson, protesting against the prosecution of the settlement of Sodus, and all other American settlements beyond the old French line, during the unexecution of the treaty that terminated the Revolutionary War. Finding there only an agent of Mr. Williamson’s (a Mr. Moffat,) Lieutenant Sheaffe informed him of the nature of his mission, and requested him to make it known to Captain Williamson, and to inform him that he would return in ten days, when he hoped to meet Captain Williamson there. Mr. Moffat came to me at Canandaigua to acquaint me with what had taken place, and induce me to accompany him to Bath to confer with Captain Williamson in relation to this very extraordinary protest. I accordingly went to Bath, and it was agreed between Captain Williamson and myself, that we would both meet Lieutenant Sheaffe at Sodus, at the time he had appointed to be there. Accordingly, on the day named by Lieut. Sheaffe, we were at Sodus; and shortly after our arrival there, we perceived on the lake, a boat rowed by about a dozen British soldiers, who after landing their officer, were directed by him to pull off some distance in the bay, and remain there until he made a signal to return for him.

“Capt. Williamson, in consequence of the threats imputed to Gov. Simcoe, in relation to himself, did not think proper to expose himself unnecessarily to any act of violence, if any such should have been meditated against him. He therefore requested me to receive Lieut. Sheaffe on the beach, and to accompany him to the log cabin where Capt. Williamson was, with a brace of loaded pistols on his table.

“The ordering his men to remain at a distance from the shore, shows that the precaution that had been taken, though proper at the time, was unnecessary, and that no resort to force was intended.

“The meeting between the Lieutenant and Mr. Williamson, was friendly; they had known each other before; and

while in the same service, had marched through some part of England together. The Lieutenant handed to Capt. Williamson the protest, and was desired by the Captain to inform Gov. Simcoe that he would pay no attention to it, but prosecute his settlement, the same as if no such paper had been delivered to him; that if any attempt should be made forcibly to prevent him from doing so, that attempt would be repelled by force. Lieut. Sheaffe having, during the interview between them, made some allusion to Capt. Williamson having once held a commissison in the British army, he replied, that while in the service of the Crown, he had faithfully performed his duty; that having since renounced his allegiance to that Crown, and become a citizen of the United States, his adopted country, having both the ability and inclination, would protect him in his rights and the possession of his property.

"I asked Lieut. Sheaffe if he would be so good as to explain what was meant by the old French line, where it ran, and what portion of our country we were forbidden in Gov. Simcoe's protest, to occupy. He replied, that he was merely the bearer of the paper; that by the orders of his superior officer, he had handed it to Capt. Williamson; that no explanation had been given to him of its purport, nor was he authorized to give any. After about half an hour, I accompanied him to the beach, where he had landed; and on a signal having been made by him, his boat returned for him, and he departed.

"This is what my father, in his letter of the 10th of September, 1794, alludes to, and terms a treaty, and for which he hopes that Simcoe will get a rap over the knuckles from his master. So many years have elapsed since the complaints made both by the British and our own Government, were adjusted by negotiation that an explanation is necessary as to what Governor Simcoe meant when he spoke of the inexecution of the treaty that terminated our Revolutionary struggle. The complaint on the part of Great Britain, was, that certain laws in several States by which British subjects were prevented from recovering debts due to them prior to the Revolution, had not been repealed,—as by the treaty they ought to have been;—and also that British property had been confiscated since the period limited in the treaty for such confiscations, and no compensation had been made to the injured parties.

"On our part, the complaint was, that after the cessation of hostilities, negroes and other property were carried away by the British army, contrary to stipulations entered into by the preliminary treaty of peace. The British retained pos-

session of the posts on our borders, and within our bounds until an amicable settlement of these difficulties, and which settlement, I think, took place in 1796."

The conversation which passed between Mr. Williamson and Lieut. Sheaffe, as recorded by Mr. Williamson, is as follows:

Lieut. Sheaffe.—"I am commissioned by Governor Simcoe to deliver the papers, and require an answer."

Mr. Williamson.—"I am a citizen of the United States and under their authority and protection, I possess these lands, I know no right that his Brittanic Majesty, or Governor Simcoe, has to interfere, or molest me. The only allegiance I owe to any power on earth, is to the United States; and so far as being intimidated by threats from people I have no connection with, I shall proceed with my improvements, and nothing but superior force shall make me abandon the place. Is the protest of Gov. Simcoe intended to apply to Sodus exclusively?"

Lieut. Sheaffe.—"By no means! It is to embrace all the Indian lands purchased since the peace of 1783."

Mr. Williamson.—"And what are Gov. Simcoe's intentions, supposing the protest is disregarded?"

Lieut. Sheaffe.—"I am merely the official bearer of the papers; but I have a further message to deliver from Gov. Simcoe; which is that he reprobates your conduct exceedingly for endeavoring to obtain flour from Upper Canada; and that should he permit it, it would be acknowledging the right of the United States to these Indian Lands."

"The news of this hostile demonstration on the part of one, seeming to act by authority from the British Government was soon spread through all the settlement of the Genesee country.

"At no period since the settlement commenced, had the conduct of the Indians so much favored the worst apprehensions. Harmar and St. Clair had in turn been defeated and repulsed by the Western Indians, and the issue that Wayne had made with them was pending; his defeat being not improbable, in view of the formidable enemy with which he had to contend. Evidences of British aid to the Western Indians, against General Wayne, was furnished by returning adventurers from the West, and every traveler that came through the wilderness from Niagara, confirmed the worst suspicions of all that was going on at that focus of British machinations, against the peace of the defenceless border settlers.

"It was, also, ominous of danger, that the Senecas, in their immediate neighborhood, had, it may almost be said,

armed and moved off in considerable numbers, to become confederates against General Wayne, bearing upon their persons the blankets, broadcloths, calicos and war decorations served to them from the King's store-house at Niagara, by the hands of Colonel John Butler, whose very name was a terror, for it was mingled with the chiefest horrors and the darkest deeds of the border wars of the Revolution.

"If Wayne should be defeated, it was but natural to suppose that the Senecas who had gone West and made themselves confederates against him, would bring back with them, upon their war-path, allies from the Western tribes to renew the bloody scenes that had been enacted upon the banks of the Mokawk and the Susquehannah.

"Such being the cotemporary state of things, it is not strange that the landing of even a boat-load of British troops upon the soil of the Genesee country, though their errand was but to bring a threatening protest, appeared to be a circumstance of no trifling magnitude. It must also be taken into account how feeble in numbers, how exposed, and how weak in all things necessary to a successful defence were the then new settlements of the Genesee country. All this, clear from a brief retrospect of the commencement and progress of settlement, and added to what this will show, should be the consideration that the settlers came into the wilderness unprepared for war. They came relying upon a treaty of peace. Wearied with war and all its harrassing effects, they had more than figuratively beaten their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks. They had come to subdue the wilderness, and not to subdue their fellow-men.

"The rumors of war came to the sparse settlements, and the solitary log-cabins, dotted down in the wilderness, like the decrees of fate, to be added to all the sufferings and endurances of pioneer life.

"But a few weeks previous to all this, there had been, as if by concert, a far more than usual emigration of New York Indians to Canada. They went from most of the Six Nations, in detached parties, and a very large proportion of the Onondagas had emigrated in a body. The demeanor of the Senecas had undergone a marked change. By some unseen but suspected influence, they had become morose and quarrelsome. A far more than usual number of outrages were committed upon the new settlers; in fact, the principal ones that are now remembered happened about this period. These facts were not without their influence in converting the circumstances of the landing of an armed force at Sodus Bay into a preliminary measure, the sequel of which might

prove the breaking out of a general war, having for its object the recovery of the soil of the Genesee country by the Indians, and the bringing of it again under British dominion.

"It will surprise those who are not familiar with early events in the Genesee country, when they are told that as late as 1794, eight years after settlement had been commenced, there was but little intercourse or communication with Albany and New York. Philadelphia and Baltimore, and especially the latter, had far more intimate relations with all this region. To the papers of those cities, the settlers in these backwoods looked for news, and in them events transpiring here, were generally recorded.

"On the first of September, the affair at Sodus was announced in the *Maryland Gazette*, in a letter from Philadelphia, accompanied by the intelligence that an express had arrived at the then seat of government, with despatches for the War Office. Immediately after the departure of Lieut. Sheaffe, Mr. Williamson, with the co-operation of other prominent citizens, adopted the most energetic measures, as well for the purpose of preparing for the contingency, which he had good reasons for supposing would occur, as to give assurances of safety and protection to the inhabitants. He not only sent an express rider to the seat of government, as indicated by the correspondent of the *Maryland Gazette*, but he also despatched one to Albany. He forwarded by the messengers, letters to Edmund Randolph, Secretary of State, to Gen. Knox, Secretary of War, and to Gov. George Clinton.

"In these letters he detailed all that had transpired, suggested some measures of protection, and gave assurances that the mandate of Gov. Simcoe would be disregarded.'

In the letter to General Knox, he says:

"It is pretty well ascertained that for some time past, quantities of military stores and ammunition have been forwarded to Oswego. This makes me think it not improbable that Lieut. Sheaffe will take a forcible possession of Sodus on his return. I shall, however, without relaxing, go on with my business there, until drove off by a superior force. It is needless for me to trouble you with any comments on this unparalleled piece of insolence, and gross insult to the government of the United States."

Mr. Williamson seems to have been prompt and active in meeting the emergency which appeared to have arisen. He not only notified the officials of the United States Government and of the State of New York, but also wrote a letter to Sir William Pulteney, in which he says:



“ I shall make no further comment on this business, than to observe, that though short of actual hostilities, it completes the unequalled insolent conduct of Mr. Simcoe towards this government. Mr. Simcoe's personal of myself and you, I treat with the scorn it deserves, but I beg leave to give you a sketch of his political conduct. On his first arrival in this country, by deep laid schemes he has prevented every possibility of an accommodation between this country and the hostile Indians, and this summer, by his intrigues, he has drawn several tribes of friendly Indians from the territory of the United States to the British side of the lines, and left nothing undone to induce the Six Nations, our neighbors, to take up the hatchet the moment he gives the word. You must be acquainted with his marching a body of armed troops, and erecting a Fort at the Rapids of the Miami, seventy miles within the territory of the United States, but this being an extensive wilderness, seemed of less importance.

“ Not content with this, he has now interfered with our settlements, in a manner so unlike the dignity of a great nation that it must astonish you. If it is the intention of the British ministry, by low and underhanded schemes, to keep alive a harrassing war against helpless women and children, or by murders on this frontier, to add to the list of murders already committed by the influence of their servants here, and to treat this government with the most unwarrantable insolence and contempt, I allow that Mr. Simcoe is the most industrious and faithful servant the British government ever had. But if it is the intention to cultivate a friendly intercourse with this country, it can never take place while such is the conduct of their Governor here. For my own part, I think it would be doing the government of Great Britain a most essential service, should their intentions towards the country be friendly, to show their ministry the conduct of Gov. Simcoe; and I write this letter that you may show it to Mr. Dundas, or Mr. Pitt, if you think proper. Their knowledge of me, I am convinced, will give it sufficient weight. If these transactions are in consequence of orders from Great Britain, and their views are hostile, there is nothing further to be said.”

“ All this state of doubt, suspicion and fear was, however, to be ended and that promptly. While these things were progressing, and only four days after the affair at Sodus, in fact, before Gov. Simcoe would have had time to execute his threats, the great measure of deliverance for the Genesee country and the few scattered border settlers of the west, had been consummated. “ Mad Anthony,” had met the confederated

bands of the hostile Indians of the west, and almost under the very walls of a fortress held by their British allies, achieved a signal victory. Those upon whom Gov. Simcoe was relying for aid, (for it is evident that he looked to a descent of the western Indians upon the Genesee country in case the war was renewed,) were humbled and suing for peace. This alone would have averted his worst intentions, and added to this, was the consideration that Mr. Jay had sailed for London on the 12th of May, clothed with ample powers from the government to arrange all matters of dispute. "As early as the 3d of July, preceding the visit of Lieutenant Sheaffe, to Sodus, a representation had been made to the War Department, of the exposed condition of the new settlers in the Genesee country, the danger of Indian disturbances promoted by British agents at Niagara, and the necessity of some means of defence. To which, Gen. Knox, the Secretary of War, had replied in substance, that some official use had been made of the communication, by the Secretary of War, in his correspondence with the British minister, that a conference was to be held with the Six Nations at Canandaigua, in September, for the purpose of conciliating, and establishing finally a peace with them if possible. In reply to an application for arms, the Secretary says, that an order had been issued in favor of the Governor of New York, for one thousand muskets, cartridge boxes, and bayonets.

The following copy of a letter from President Washington to Mr. Jay, our then minister in London, possesses much of a general historical interest, and will aid the reader in a full understanding of the questions then at issue, so far as this local region was concerned :

" AUGUST 30, 1794.

" As you will receive letters from the Secretary of State's office, giving an official account of the public occurrences as they have arisen and advanced, it is unnecessary for me to retouch any of them ; and yet, I cannot restrain myself from making some observations on the most recent of them, the communication of which was received this morning only. I mean the protest of the Governor of Upper Canada, delivered by Lieutenant Sheaffe, against our occupying lands far from any of the posts, which, long ago, they ought to have surrendered, and far within the known, and until now, the acknowledged limits of the United States.

" On this irregular and high-handed proceeding of Mr. Simcoe, which is no longer masked, I would rather hear what the ministry of Great Britain will say, than pronounce

my own sentiments thereon. But can that government, or will it attempt, after this official act of one of their governors, to hold out ideas of friendly intentions towards the United States, and suffer such conduct to pass with impunity?

“ This may be considered as the most open and daring act of the British agents in America, though it is not the most hostile and cruel; for there does not remain a doubt in the mind of any well-informed person in this country, not shut against conviction, that all the difficulties we encounter with the Indians, their hostilities, the murders of helpless women and children, along our frontiers, result from the conduct of agents of Great Britain in this country. In vain is it then for its administration in Britain, to disavow having given orders which will warrant such conduct, whilst their agents go unpunished; while we have a thousand corroborating circumstances, and indeed as many evidences, some of which cannot be brought forward, to prove that they are seducing from our alliances, and endeavoring to remove over the line, tribes that have hitherto been kept in peace and friendship with us at a heavy expense, and who have no causes of complaint, except pretended ones of their creating; whilst they keep in a state of irritation the tribes that are hostile to us, and are instigating those who know little of us, or we of them, to unite in the war against us; and whilst it is an undeniable fact, that they are furnishing the whole with arms, ammunition, clothing, and even provisions to carry on the war. I might go farther, and if they are not much belied, add, men also in disguise.

“ Can it be expected, I ask, so long as these things are known in the United States, or at least firmly believed, and suffered with impunity by Great Britain, that there ever will or can be any cordiality between the two countries? I answer—No! And I will undertake, without the gift of prophecy to predict, that it will be impossible to keep this country in a state of amity with Great Britain long, if these posts are not surrendered. A knowledge of these being my sentiments, would have but little weight, I am persuaded, with the British administration, or perhaps with the Nation, in effecting the measures, but both may rest satisfied, that if they want to be at peace with this country, and to enjoy the benefits of its trade, to give up the posts is the only road to it. Withholding them, and the consequences we feel at present continuing, war will be inevitable.”

This affair at Sodus Point must therefore be regarded as one of considerable historical importance. Indeed, as seen above, General Washington pronounced it “the most open

and daring act of the British agents in America, though not the most hostile and cruel." It was a very strong point urged upon the American minister, Mr. Jay, in the instructions given him with reference to the negotiating of a new treaty.

The affair at the Point occurred on the 16th of August, 1794. On the 20th, Mad Anthony Wayne won the great victory over the Indians at the battle of Miami, as noticed in the account already given. Whatever else may have led to the bestowal of his name upon this county at its organization twenty-eight years afterwards, it was at least a just tribute of respect to his memory for the distinguished services which at that critical time rendered nugatory Gov. Simcoe's protest and defeated the evident intentions of those who had perpetrated this "invasion of the Genesee Country" at Sodus Point.

It would be a matter of local interest to state the exact spot upon the beach where Thomas Morris received Lieut. Sheaffe, and the site of the log cabin, in which Capt. Williamson, seated with a brace of pistols before him, received the bearer of the hostile message. The published accounts of the event contain no information on these unimportant items. Before the erection of the piers the tract towards the Lake now filled in with sand was open water. Indeed residents of Sodus, still comparatively young, remember that it continued so for many years after the piers were built. The most natural landing place for a row boat coming from a vessel anchored without, with no piers in the way, would have been the northern side of "Sand Point," in the vicinity of Mr. Hopkins' present residence, or possibly nearer the main land, close up to the foot of the present main street of the village. Capt. Williamson had that year begun his improvements at Sodus Point. The "tavern house," built at a cost of \$5,000, upon the site of David Rogers' present residence, must have been in process of erection. The "Old Sodus Road" from Palmyra to the Point had been cut through that spring. The mill up the creek in the edge of the woods south of the present Lake Shore Mills, at Maxwell, was also doubtless either built or

work upon it commenced. The log cabin in which Capt. Williamson met Lieut. Sheaffe was doubtless one of the temporary buildings hastily erected that spring for the accommodation of laborers, agents and surveyors, and its site cannot now be pointed out.



## CHAPTER VII.

MILITIA, 1790 TO 1845.—PARADES—GENERAL TRAININGS—LIST OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, PREPARED FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES AT ALBANY.

WAYNE County having been formed in part from Ontario, and the latter dating back to January 27, 1789, it becomes necessary to notice military arrangements under the name of Ontario, in order to clearly trace the beginnings of those in Wayne. The earlier appointments of officers do not include the names of any men from the section of county which afterwards constituted Wayne county; yet the names of settlers upon this territory begin to appear at a very early date, as John Swift, in 1792; Joel Foster and David White, in 1793; Joseph Colt, Evert Van-Wickle and Azariah Willis, in 1798. The names found in several of the following pages may have all been beyond the boundaries of Wayne county; yet many of them were so near its borders, and many others were so intimately known to the early citizens of this county, that no apology is needed for giving them so fully.

To understand the appointments given under various county names, it must be remembered that the present territory of Wayne county was all a part of Montgomery county prior to January 27, 1789; that after that date it was in Ontario *and* Montgomery until February 16, 1791; that after that date it was in Ontario and *Herkimer*, until March 5, 1794; then from that date it was in Ontario and *Onondaga* until March 8, 1799; that then it was in Ontario and *Cayuga* until March 29, 1804; that next it was included in Ontario and *Seneca* until April 11, 1823. To trace militia appointments in the six eastern towns of Wayne county, we are obliged to examine under a variety of names for a period of thirty years or more.

The records of the Council of appointment preserved in the Secretary of State's office at Albany, furnish the authorities for the following notes:

Under date of April 7, 1790, the first military appointments seem to have been made for Ontario county, and are as follows :

*Major*—Isaiah Thompson.

*Captains*—John Wells, Ebenezer Lindley, Jr.

*Lieutenants*—Amos Hall, William Harris.

*Ensigns*—Alexander Ewing, Caleb Gardner.

It was the year before that the Stansells and Featherlys were making the first settlement at Lyons; the earliest in Wayne county.

March 8, 1791, it is recorded that "in Major Abraham Hardenburgh's Battalion, in General Volkert Veeder's Brigade, at Canadasega," the following appointments were made:

*Captain*—Elias Jackson.

*Lieutenant*—Peter Bortle, Jr.

*Ensign*—James Manning Reed; County of Ontario

March 12, 1792, at a meeting of the Council of appointment, held at the Government House in the city of New York, on Thursday, the 22d day of March, 1792, His Excellency, the Governor, having signified that it was necessary for the convenience of the inhabitants and the protection of the frontier settlements to form the militia of Ontario county into one regiment and two battalions, it was resolved that the following persons be, and they are hereby appointed:

Othniel Taylor, Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant of a regiment of Militia in the County of Ontario:

*First Major*—Benjamin Wells.

*Second Major*—Amos Hall.

*Captains*—Robert Tofts, Nathaniel Norton, John Swift, Israel Chapin, Jr., Arnold Potter, John Ganson, William Wadsworth, Nathan Perry, James Austin.

*Lieutenants*—Asa Burchard, Ebenezer Norton, Joseph Smith, Horatius Jones, Aaron Beach, Joseph Morgan, William Pelts.

*Ensigns*—Jasper Peck, Jr., Jared Boughton, Orange Bragg, James D. Fish, Alexander Ewing, James Culbertson, Cheney Hyde, Peregrine Gardner.

Elias Jackson, Major of a Battalion in Ontario county.

Phineas Pierce, 2d Major, " "

*Captains*—Peter Bortle, Thomas Prentiss, Sanford Williams, Oliver Humphrey.

*Lieutenants*—Joram Lanamis, Joseph Annin, James M. Reed, William Burnet.

*Ensigns*—Clark Jennings, Benajah Mallery, Solomon Warner, Charles Humphrey.

Samuel Lindley, Major of a Battalion in Ontario county.

Ezekiel Milford, 2d Major, “ “

*Captains*—John Seeley, Hezekiah Thurber, Solomon Bennett.

*Lieutenants*—John Wyman, Ichabod Patterson, John Stephens.

*Ensigns*—Eleazer Lindley, Jr., Frederick Cateing, Richard Crosby.

Thomas Morris, Captain of a Troop of Horse.

Nathaniel Gorham, Captain of a Company of Artillery.

It was noted that the above appointments were not to be construed so as to interfere in the appointment of a Brigadier-General, when a Brigade is found necessary to be formed in said county.

April 12, 1792, Moses Atwater was appointed Surgeon of Lieutenant-Colonel Othniel Taylor's regiment.

Stephen Hopkins, Surgeon in the Battalion of Militia whereof Samuel Lindley is a Major.

October 3, 1793, there were appointed in the county of Ontario, the following officers in Lieutenant-Colonel Othniel Taylor's Regiment:

*Adjutant*—James D. Fish.

*Paymaster*—John Clark.

*Quartermaster*—Matthew Marvin.

*Captain*—William Gooding.

*Ensign*—Theophilus Allen.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Jonathan Lee.

*Lieutenant*—Rouse Perry.

*Ensign*—Benjamin Clark.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Asahel Burchard.

*Lieutenant*—John Mynard.

*Ensign*—Asa Baker.

*Lieutenants*—Israel Stone, Jasper Peck Sears, Jared Boughton.

*Ensign*—Israel Beach.



## A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—David White.

*Lieutenants*—Joel Foster, Orange Brace.

*Ensigns*—Abiathar Powers, Ezra Platt.

Ezra Patterson, Captain of Artillery, vice Nathaniel Gorham, declined.

Abner Barlow, 1st Lieutenant of Artillery.

Samuel Colt, 2d Lieutenant of Artillery.

Samuel Gardner, 1st Lieutenant of the Troop of Horse.

Frederick Hosmer, 2d Lieutenant of the Troop of Horse.

John Johnston, Cornet of the Troop of Horse.

Also in the Battalion of Major Elias Jackson.

## A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Joseph Annin.

*Lieutenant*—Truman Spencer.

*Ensign*—Martin Spencer.

Solomon Warner, Lieutenant, vice James M. Reed, declined.

Nathan Whitney, Ensign, vice Solomon Warner, promoted.

— Aikens, Lieutenant, vice Joseph Annin, promoted.

*Adjutant*—Jabez B. Dexter.

*Surgeon*—Deodatus Allen.

*Quartermaster*—Benjamin Barter.

*Paymaster*—Alexander Birnie.

October 7, 1793, in Major Elias Jackson's Battalion, Marseny Wheaton, Ensign.

April 8, 1795, His Excellency, the Governor, having signified his intention to form the Militia of Ontario and Onondaga into a Brigade, Othniel Taylor was appointed Brigadier-General in command of said Brigade.

April 2, 1796, on the report and recommendation of the Adjutant-General, His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief, has thought proper to divide the Regiment commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Benjamin Wells, in the Brigade of General Taylor, comprehending the counties of Ontario, Onondaga and Steuben into two regiments; the first of the said regiments to be bounded by No. 8 to 13 in the second range of Phelps & Gorham's purchase, and from No. 7 to No. 13 in the third range, and from No. 7 to No. 13 in the fourth range of said purchase; of this regiment Lieutenant-Colonel Wells together with all such of the officers as reside within the said bounds are to retain their respective commands.

*Resolved*, That John Swift be and he is hereby appointed First Major of the said regiment, vice Amos Hall, who is proposed to be made Lieutenant-Colonel commandant of the other of the said regiments; and that John Clark be Paymaster, Peter Porter, Adjutant, Luther Cole, Quartermaster and Moses Atwater, Surgeon of the said regiment.

The other of the said regiments is to be bounded by No. 7 to No. 12 in the fifth range, and from No. 7 to No. 10 in the sixth range, and from No. 7 to No. 13 in the seventh range of said purchase.

*Resolved*, That the following officers be, and they are hereby appointed for the said last mentioned regiment, to-wit:

*Lieutenant-Colonel-Commandant*—Amos Hall.

*First Major*—William Wadsworth.

*Second Major*—Nathan Perry.

*Adjutant*—Jasper Marvin.

*Quartermaster*—Friend Hall.

*Paymaster*—Stephen Benton.

*Surgeon*—Samuel Chapin.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Joel Brace.

*Resolved*, That the following officers be, and they are hereby appointed in the Battalion of Militia in the said County of Ontario, whereof Elias Jackson is Major-Commandant, to-wit:

*Captain*—James Hill.

*Lieutenant*—John Plimton.

*Ensign*—Hezekiah Townsend.

That in the Battalion of Militia in said General Taylor's Brigade, whereof Samuel Lindsley is Major-Commandant, the following officers be, and they are hereby appointed, viz:

*Captain*—John Stephens.

*Lieutenant*—Richard Crosby.

*Ensign*—Elias Stephens.

*Captain of a New Company*—Charles Williamson.

That Frederick Hosmer be First Lieutenant of Captain Thomas Morris' Troop of Horse in said Brigade; John Johnson, Second Lieutenant, and Jasper Parish, Cornet.

*Resolved*, April 5, 1796, that Joshua Wyckoff be First Lieutenant, Thaddeus Wood, Second Lieutenant and Coleman Keeler, Cornet of Captain Walter D. Nicoll's Troop of Horse in the Brigade of Militia comprehending the counties of Ontario, Onondaga and Steuben, whereof Othniel Taylor, Esquire, is Brigadier General.

April 9, 1796, John Cooper was appointed inspector of the Brigade commanded by General Othniel Taylor.

March 23, 1797, the following officers were appointed in the regiment commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Benjamin Wells:

*Second Major*—Jonathan Lee.

*Captains*—Jared Boughton, Noah Porter, Joel Foster, Ezra Platt, Rouse Perry and Benjamin Clark.

*Lieutenants*—Joseph Brace, Joseph Bradish, Frederick Miller, Theophilus Allen, Jabez French, Peabody Kinney and Israel Beach.

It was also resolved that in Lieutenant-Colonel Hall's Regiment in the county of Ontario the following officers be appointed:

*Captains*—William Lemmon, Horatio Jones, William Pitt, John Beach, Jasper P. Sears and Ezra Patterson.

*Lieutenants*—Philo Mills, Phineas Bates, Elijah Parker, William Markum, Elijah Morgan, Peregrine Gardner and Simon Stone.

Asa Baxter, Captain of Light Infantry.

William Harris, Lieutenant of Light Infantry.

March 28, 1798, a battalion of Militia was formed at Geneva. Elias Jackson appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant of said Battalion and Phineas Pierce, First Major.

Other officers appointed in the county of Ontario:

*Captain*—Elijah Morgan.

*Lieutenant*—John Jones.

*Paymaster*—David Benton.

*Ensigns*—Jonathan Gould, Joseph W. Lawrence, Samuel Sterling and Philo Mills.

Resignation of Capt. William Gooden, in Col. Benjamin Wells' regiment, was accepted; also resignation of Othniel Taylor, Brigadier-General.

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED.

*Brigadier-General*—Benjamin Wells.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—John Swift.

*First Major*—Jonathan Lee.

March 28, 1798, George D. Cooper, Lieutenant Commandant of a new troop of Horse formed in the Brigade of Militia, comprehended in the Counties of Ontario and Steuben.

April 5, 1798, John Johnson was appointed First Lieutenant of Capt. Thomas Morris' Troop of Horse in Ontario county.

August 27, 1798, officers appointed :

*Captain*—Peter B. Porter.

*Lieutenant*—Joseph Colt.

*Ensign*—Asahel Sprague; of a company of light infantry.

*Captain*—Frederick Miller.

*Lieutenant*—Elijah Murray.

*Ensign*—Joseph Hill; of a new company.

*Captains*—Joseph Brace, Theophilus Allen, Asher Saxton.

*Lieutenants*—Aaron Flint, Daniel Sawyer.

*Ensigns*—Abner Hill, Justin Goldsmith, William Clark, Jr.

— *Adjutant*—Luther Cole.

*Quartermaster*—Dudley Saltonstall.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Stephen Aldridge.

In Elias Jackson's regiment, the following appointments were made under the same date:

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—John Cowdry.

*First Major*—Oliver Humphrey.

*Second Major*—Sanford Williams.

*Surgeon*—John Henry.

*Captains*—William Burnet, Solomon Warner, Truman Spencer, John Plimpton, Samuel Colt, Philetus Swift, William Smith, Evert Van Wickle.

*Lieutenants*—Jacob W. Hallet, Charles Humphrey, Nathan Whitney, Martin Spencer, Hezekiah Townsend, Solomon Gardner, Eleazer Hawkes, Azariah Willis.

*Ensigns*—Charles Cameron, John Griffin.

April 8, 1799, the resignation was accepted of Israel Beach, Lieutenant in Col. Swift's regiment.

April 6, 1800, Vincent Matthews was appointed Major of the second squadron, comprehending the cavalry in the counties of Ontario, Steuben, Tioga, Onondaga and Cayuga.

Peter B. Porter, Inspector of the Brigade comprehending the Militia of Ontario and Steuben of which Benjamin Wells was Brigadier-General.

Eber Norton, Second Major of the regiment in the county of Ontario commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel, John Swift.

April 18, 1800, two new companies were formed in Cayuga with the following officers:

*Captain*—Silas Bowker and Hugh Graham.

*Lieutenants*—Francis Hollister and Henry McLallen.

*Ensigns*—Seth Rice and Jesse Herriman.

Amos Hall was appointed Brigadier-General.

In the regiment previously commanded by Amos Hall, Esq., the following officers were appointed:

*Lieutenants*—Jonathan Gould and Philo Wells.

*Ensigns*—Paul Davidson, John Wance and Josiah Waters.

*Quartermaster*—Asahel Warner.

Four new companies were formed in said regiment and officers appointed as follows:

*Captains* — Cornelius Treat, Joseph Hewitt and Enos Bigelow.

*Lieutenants*—Pierce Chamberlain, Seymour Boughton and Daniel Davis.

*Ensign* — John Green, Ezra Norton, Jesse Beach and Stephen Atchison.

In the Troop of Horse in the county of Ontario the following appointments were made:

*Captain*—John Johnson.

*First Lieutenant*—Jasper Parish.

*Second Lieutenant*—Seymour Boughton.

*Cornet*—Daniel Gates, Jr.

November 11, 1800, William Wadsworth was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of a regiment of Militia in the County of Ontario.

January 22, 1801, a new regiment was formed in the County of Cayuga for the territory lying west of Cayuga Lake and the Seneca river, and the following officers appointed:

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Wilhelmus Mynderse.

*First Major*—Benjamin Dey.

*Second Major*—William Himrod.

*Adjutant*—James Van Horne.

*Quartermaster*—Andrew McKnight.

*Paymaster*—Phineas Tuttle.

A Troop of Horse was formed in the northern part of Cayuga county, and Israel Smith was appointed Captain in command: another Troop in the southern part, with Jonathan Brownell, Captain.

January 26, 1801, in Lieut.-Col. John Tillottson's regiment of Cayuga County Militia, the following appointments were made:

*First Major*—Henry Hewitt.

*Second Major*—Nathaniel Walker.

*Captains*—Ebenezer Witter, William Bradley.

*Lieutenants*—Samuel Adams, Matthew Tillottson, Phineas Rice, of Riflemen, Israel Buell, Henry Ludlow, Jr., George Robinson, Seth Rice.

*Ensigns*—Jedediah Morgan, William Coltrin, Sylvanus Rice, Nathan Cook, Hezekiah Avery, Richard Francis, John Smith, Joseph Cone.

February 10, 1802, the Militia of the County of Ontario were divided into six regiments, as follows:

One under Lieut.-Colonel Wadsworth, in the towns of Charleston, Hartford, Geneseo, Sparta, Northampton, and the west part of Pittstown; one under command of Lieut.-Colonel Swift, in the towns of Palmyra, Sodus, and the north part of Phelps; one lately under command of Lieut.-Colonel Cowdry, in the town of Seneca, the north part of Jerusalem, and the south part of Phelps; one in the towns of Canandaigua, Easton and Farmington; one in the towns of Bloomfield and Northfield; and one in the towns of Augusta, Middletown, Bristol, the south part of Jerusalem, and the east part of Pittstown.

Our further work from Ontario records is to trace the second regiment mentioned above, under command of Lieut.-Colonel Swift, which comprised the present towns of Lyons, Sodus, Arcadia, Palmyra, Marion, Williamson, Macedon, Walworth and Ontario.

In Lieutenant-Colonel Swift's regiment, the following appointments were made February 10, 1802:

*First-Major*—Philetus Swift.

*Second Major*—Parley Phillips.

*Surgeon*—Gain Robinson.

*Adjutant*—Isaac Deane.

*Quartermaster*—Fatus Goldsmith.

*Paymaster*—Isaac Kelly.

*Captains*—Humphrey Sherman, John Hurlburt, John Durfee, Amos Stout, Moses Sill, Elisha Swift, Eleazer Hawkes.

*Lieutenants*—James Galloway, William Patten, Edward Durfee, Gilbert Howell, Theodore Bannister, David Woodard, Abner Hill.

*Ensign*—Charles Bradish, Calvin Bradish, George Culver, Simon VanWickle, Cephas Hawkes, Augustus Dickinson, Samuel Caldwell.

March 24, 1802, in the Cayuga county regiment west of Seneca river and Cayuga lake, the following appointments were made:

*First Major*—William Himrod.

*Second Major*—Oliver Halsey.

*Paymaster*—Hugh W. Dobbin.

*Captains*—John Gray, Daniel Sayre.

*Lieutenants*—Ralph Swartwout, Stephen Bishop, Jonas Seeley, Samuel Easton.

*Ensigns*—John Simson, Silas Beers, Henry Beers.

Friday, April 3, 1803, Samuel Dongan was appointed Brigadier-Inspector of the Brigade of Militia in the county of Ontario, and also to serve as Brigade-Major.

March 2, 1804, in the Cayuga county regiment west of Seneca river and Cayuga lake, the following appointments were made :

*Captains*—David Dey, Jonas Seeley.

*Lieutenant*—Silas Beers.

*First Major*—James McKnight.

*Second Major*—Daniel Sayre.

*Ensigns*—Samuel McMath, John Flemming.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—John Whitney.

*Lieutenant*—Richard G. Moore.

*Ensign*—Ephraim Kinney.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Gideon Stout.

*Lieutenant*—Stephen Sherwood

*Ensign*—Peter Huff, Jr.

*Captains*—Josiah Crane, James Sweet.

*Lieutenants*—Joshua Reynold, David Southwick, Lambert VanAlstyne, Casper Yost.

*Ensigns*—Anson Bacon, Jacob Chamberlain, John Phelps.

*Adjutant*—Hugh W. Dobbin.

*Paymaster*—Nathaniel I. Potter.

March 20, 1804, in Lieutenant-Colonel Swift's regiment, north part of the county of Ontario, the following appointments were made :

*Quartermaster*—James Robinson.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Asel Ensworth.

*Captains*—James Galloway, Gilbert Howell, Asahel Osborn.

*Lieutenants*—Charles Bradish, George Culver, Abraham Pratt, Bennett Farr, John McMaster.

*Ensigns*—David White, Peter Harris, Gideon Durfee, Moses Blakely, Jr., Rufus Olds, John Granger.

## OF A RIFLE COMPANY.

*Captain*—Adam Miller.

*Lieutenant*—Elijah Granger.

*Ensign*—Tunis Burden.

April 5, 1805, the name of Seneca county appears; and the record gives the following appointments:

John Tillottson, Brigadier-General of the Militia of the counties of Cayuga and Seneca, in Lieutenant-Colonel William Mynder's Regiment.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Daniel Sayre.

*First Major*—Samuel Baer.

*Second Major*—Jesse Southwick.

*Captains*—Joshua Reynolds, Hugh W. Dobbin, Lambert Van Alstyne.

*Lieutenants*—Robert McClung, Samuel McMath, John Waldron, Jacob Chamberlain.

*Ensigns*—James Pratt, Josiah Jacobus, John B. Parkhurst.

## OF A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Zebedee Stout.

*Lieutenant*—Simon Vreeland.

April 10, 1805, it is recorded that His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief, thought proper to form all that part of General Amos Hall's Brigade, comprehending all that part of the County of Ontario lying east of the Fourth Range of townships (as surveyed by Phelps & Gorham), excepting so much of Number 7 and 8 in the Third Range, as now forms a part of the Western Battalion of the late Colonel Lee's regiment into a new brigade.

The following appointments were made: John Swift, Brigadier-General; Samuel Dongan, Brigade-Inspector and Brigade-Major; and in General Swift's regiment, from which he was thus promoted, were the following:

*Lieutenant-Colonel-Commanding*—Philetus Swift.\*

*First Major*—Parley Phillips.

*Second Major*—Amos Stout.

*Captains*—Samuel H. Caldwell, John McMasters.

*Ensign*—Peter Perrine.

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\* From the Wayne *Sentinel*: "Died in Phelps, Ontario county, July 24, 1828, General Philetus Swift, a Revolutionary patriot, who has held civil offices; an esteemed citizen and an honorable public servant." Philetus Swift was a State Senator in 1811 and 1812; also in 1813, 1814 and 1815; again in 1817 and 1818.



March 19, 1806, the following appointments were made:

Seneca County, in the regiment commanded by William Himrod:

*Ensigns*—Tunis Swick, Levi Trowbridge, Nathan Ingerson and John Gottrey.

*Lieutenant*—John Colton.

In the regiment commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel Sayre:

*Second Major*—Jonas Seeley.

*Captain*—John Fleming.

*Lieutenants*—George Wilkin and James Whitney.

*Ensigns*—John Bainbridge, William Stout, Jesse Decker and James Platt.

*Adjutant*—Russell Pratt, Jr.

#### OF A COMPANY OF RIFLEMEN.

*Captain*—William Ireland.

*Lieutenant*—John Alexander.

March 19, 1806, Michael C. Snell of Seneca county was appointed Second Lieutenant in the First Battalion of the Sixth regiment of Artillery in the State. Also in the Second Squadron of the Fifth Division of Cavalry the following officers in Seneca county were appointed:

*First Lieutenant*—John Arnold.

*Second Lieutenant*—Henry Montgomery.

*Cornet*—Joshua Tuthill.

In General John Swift's Brigade the following appointment was made:

*Brigade Inspector*—Myron Holley.

And in Colonel Philetus Swift's Regiment of said Brigade:

*Captains*—Calvin Bradish, John Newhall and William Patten.

*Lieutenants*—Noah Turner, David Woodward and Peter Perrine.

*Ensigns*—Ephraim Green and Joel Beekland.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Asahel Ainsworth,

*Quartermaster*—Matthew Halliday.

Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment was divided at this time and a new regiment formed with the following officers:

*Lieutenant-Colonel-Commanding*—Parley Phillips.

*First Major*—Jacob W. Hallet.

*Second Major*—Joseph Colt.

*Adjutant*—William Rogers, Jr.

April 6, 1807, the militia of the County of Seneca, except that part of the county lying east of the inlet of Cayuga Lake, were formed into a Brigade, and Williams Mynders appointed Brigadier-General; Charles Thompson, Brigade Inspector.

In Lieutenant-Colonel Swift's regiment, Ontario county, under the same date, the following appointments were made:

*Second Major*—Eleazer Hawkes.

*Captains*—Theodore Bannister, Elihu Granger, James M. Van Dusen.

*Lieutenants*—John Granger, Michael J. Miller, John Peacock, Jacob Lusk, John Van Auken.

*Ensigns*—Enoch Morse, John Hickey, Lemuel Bannister, Jr.

In Lieutenant-Colonel Parley Phillips regiment:

*Captains*—Edward Durfee, Luke Holbrook.

*Lieutenants*—Jonathan Boyington, Peter Harris.

*Ensigns*—Samuel Soverhill, Pardon Wilcox, Gilbert Hinckley.

#### OF A RIFLE COMPANY.

*Captain*—William Howe Cuyler.

*Lieutenant*—Ebenezer Spear.

*Ensign*—Noah Fuller.

*Quartermaster*—John Russell.

*Paymaster*—Levi Ward.

In Lieut-Colonel Daniel Sayre's regiment of the county of Seneca, there were the following appointments under this date:

*Second Majors*—James Sweet, Lewis Birdsall.

*Captains*—Casper Yost, Robert McClung, Samuel Blair.

*Lieutenants*—John Phelps, Frederick Kieslar, Henry Gardner.

*Ensigns*—Samuel Boardman, Michael Hiles, Henry Depew.

#### OF A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—David Southwick.

*Lieutenant*—Seth Barnes.

*Ensign*—Luther Redfield,

April 4, 1808—Cavalry, 5th Division, 2d Squadron, county of Ontario, in Captain Pierson's Troop.

*First Lieutenant*—Edward Waters.

*Second Lieutenant*—Elkanah Whitney.

*Cornet*—Jehiel Kelsey.

## IN CAPTAIN GATE'S TROOP.

*First Lieutenant*—Robert Whitaker.  
*Second Lieutenant*—James G. Johnson.  
*Cornet*—Jonathan M. Beach.

## CAVALRY IN SENECA COUNTY.

*Captain*—John Arnold.  
*First Lieutenant*—Henry Montgomery.  
*Second Lieutenant*—Joshua Tuthill.  
*Cornet*—Fletcher Matthews.

June 15, 1808, in General John Swift's brigade, and Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment of said brigade :

*First Major*—Amos Stout.  
*Captain*—John Brown.  
*Lieutenant*—Jenks Pullen, Nathan How.

*Ensigns*—Jacob Cost, Eleazer Penny, Jacob Westfall, James Beard, Andrew Dorsey.

*Surgeon*—James Carter.

June 15, 1808.—In General Mynderse's brigade, county of Seneca ; Colonel David Sayre's regiment :

*First Major*—James Sweet.  
*Second Major*—David Dey.  
*Ensign*—Nicholas Squire.  
*Ensign of Riflemen*—Joseph S. Barnard.

June 15, 1808, in Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Graham's regiment :

*Lieutenant*—Zachariah P. Smeede  
*Ensign*—James Smith.

## A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—David Porter.  
*Lieutenant*—Samuel C. Terry  
*Ensign*—John Campbell.

## A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Jonathan Owens.  
*Lieutenant*—Levi Eggleston.  
*Ensign*—John Smith.

## A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—William Harlow.  
*Lieutenant*—John Mack.  
*Ensign*—Joseph Goodwin.  
*Adjutant*—James Colegrove.  
*Quartermaster*—William Lamport.  
*Paymaster*—Alvin Chase.

November 11, 1808, in Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment, John Peacock was appointed Captain, with rank to date from April 6, 1807.

February 4, 1809, in the 2nd Squadron, 5th Division of Cavalry, county of Ontario :

NEW TROOP.

*Captain*—Nathaniel Allen.  
*First Lieutenant*—Ephraim Cleveland.  
*Cornet*—Ira Wilder.

NEW TROOP.

*Captain*—William Wilcox.  
*First Lieutenant*—Asa Lilly.  
*Second Lieutenant*.—James White.  
*Cornet*—Henry Jessup.

March 6, 1809, in General Mynderse's Brigade, county of Seneca, and Colonel David Sayre's regiment :

*Quartermaster*—Severus Swift.  
*Paymaster*—Charles Woodruff.  
*Surgeon*—Joseph T. Pitney.

*Second Major*—Hugh W. Dobbin.

*Captains*—Simeon Bacon, Samuel McMath.

*Lieutenants*—Martin Kendig, John Phelps, Josiah Jacobus, Luther Redfield.

*Ensigns*—Asa Bacon, Jr., John Gamber, Benjamin Moses, Sumner Chapman.

In Lieut.-Colonel Hugh Graham's regiment, same Brigade, county of Seneca :

*Adjutant*—Herman Camp.  
*Quartermaster*—Josiah B. Chapman.  
*Surgeon*—Louis Halsey.

*Captain*—Levi Eggleston.

*Lieutenants*—Richard Ely, John Smith, John Martin.

*Ensigns*—Peter Hager 2nd, Nathaniel Ayers, Amos Cuykendall, William Christie.

March 14, 1809, in Lieut.-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment, county of Ontario :

*Captain*—Daniel Woodward.

*Lieutenants*—Joel Buckland, Enoch Morse.

*Ensigns*—Thomas Davis, Jeremiah Harrington.

In the regiment lately commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Parley Phillips :

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Gilbert Howell.

*First Major*—James Galloway.

*Second Major*—Calvin Bradish.

*Captains*—David White, of Light Infantry; Joseph Todd, Gilbert Hinkley, John Holcomb, Noah Turner; Noah Fuller, of Riflemen; George Culver.

*Lieutenants*—David Hooker, Thomas Young, Stephen Douglass, Daniel Poppino, Samuel Jennings; Stephen Chase, of Riflemen; Ephraim Green, Samuel Soverhill.

*Ensigns*—Thomas Rogers, 2nd; Bartlett Robinson, of Light Infantry; Zadock Huggins, Jr., Hezekiah Robbins, Jonathan M. Adams, William Harwood, Oliver Clark.

*Chaplain*—Eleazer Fairbanks.

In General John Swift's Brigade :

*Brigade Quartermaster*—Joseph Colburn

March 21, 1809, in the county of Ontario, a new artillery company was formed.

*Captain*—Reuben Hart.

*First Lieutenant*—John A. Stewart.

*Second Lieutenant*—Jonathan Woodbury.

May 31, 1809, in the county of Ontario, in Lieut.-Colonel Asher Saxton's regiment :

*Second Major*—Asahel Warner.

*Captain*—Manasseh Leach.

*Lieutenant*—Ebenezer Leach.

*Ensign*—Reuben Moses.

March 12, 1810, in the county of Ontario, in General John Swift's Brigade, a new Battalion of Riflemen was organized :

*First Major*—William Howe Cuyler.

*Second Major*—Elihu Granger.

*Adjutant*—Samuel A. Clesson.

*Quartermaster*—Samuel Ledyard.

*Surgeon*—William White.

February 11, 1811, County of Ontario, a new company of artillery was authorized :

*Captain*—James Rees.

*First Lieutenant*—Ralph T. Wood.

*Second Lieutenant*—Joseph W. Rees.

February 11, 1811, in Major Wm. H. Cuyler's Battalion of Riflemen :

*Second Major*—Joseph Hall.

*Captain*—Salma Stanley.

*First Lieutenant*—Frederick Vandemark.

*Second Lieutenant*—William Gray.

February 11, 1811, in Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment :

*Second Major*—Wells Whitmore.

*Captains*—Thomas Davis, John Holcomb, Seth Swan.

*Lieutenants*—John Snedaker, Jr., Jesse Warner, Jr.

*Ensigns*—Samuel Hildreth, Ebenezer M. Pease, John Taylor, Jesse Warner.

*Paymaster*—Lemuel Bannister, Jr.

*Surgeon*—Nathaniel Wilson, Jr.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Dan R. Hovey.

*Ensign*—Joshua Palmer.

February 11, 1811, in Lieutenant-Colonel Gilbert Howell's regiment :

*Captains*—Otis Turner, William Rogers, Ephraim Green.

*Lieutenants*—Barzillai Harvey, William Harwood.

*Adjutant*—Thomas Rogers.

*Ensigns*—Joseph Terry, Artemas Ward, Joseph Luce, Jacob White.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Joseph Mallery.

April 10, 1811, County of Seneca, in Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Graham's regiment :

*Second Major*—Aranthus Everts.

*Captains*—Richard Ely, Samuel Terry, William Humphrey, John Smith.

*Lieutenants*—John Randall, James Smith, John Campbell, James Miller, Luther Doolittle, Elias Smith.

*Ensigns*—Isaiah Smith, Hezekiah Russell, John Spence, Joshua L. Covert,

*Adjutant*—Nathan Cole.

April 10, 1811, county of Seneca, in Lieutenant-Colonel James Sweet's regiment.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Hugh W. Dobbin.

*First Major*—Lambert VanAlstyne.

*Captain*—John Phelps.

*Lieutenant*—Samuel Boardman.

*Ensign*—Jesse B. Boardman.

April 10, 1811, County of Ontario, in Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment :

*Captain Light Infantry*—Elias Hull.

*Lieutenant Light Artillery*—David Perrine.

*Ensigns*—Joseph Brown, Orrin Crittenden.

*Lieutenant*—Jesse Warner, Jr.

Jan. 30, 1812, Elihu Granger was appointed Major Commanding a Battalion of Riflemen in Ontario county.

Feb. 4, 1812, County of Seneca, in Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh W. Dobbin's Regiment.

*Second Major*—David Southwick.

*Captain*—Luther Redfield.

*Lieutenants*—Abraham Knapp, Jacob Doremus, William Bruce.

*Ensigns*—Benjamin Nelson, James Fleming, Simon Chapman, William Ireland, Jr., William B. Dixon.

#### OF A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain* —Henry Parker.

*Lieutenant*—Thomas W. Rosefelt.

*Ensign*—Elias Grow.

*Chaplain*—Rev. John Stewart.

Feb. 29, 1812, County of Ontario, in Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment.

*Second Major*—Theodore Bannister.

*Captain*—Michael Mussulman.

*Lieutenant*—Stephen Dunwell.

*Ensign*—Samuel Howe.

#### LIGHT INFANTRY.

*Lieutenant*—David W. Perrine.

*Ensign*—Wm. C. Guest.

In Lieutenant-Colonel Gilbert Howell's Regiment.

*First Major*—Edward Durfee.

*Second Major*—Joseph Todd.

*Captains*—Aaron Durfee, Barzillai Harvey.

*Lieutenant*—Stephen Spear.

*Second Lieutenants*—Pardon Durfee, Truman Phelps, Enos Palmer.

*Ensigns*—Reuben Adams, Jr., Joseph Richardson, James S. Stoddard.

February 29, 1812, a new battalion was authorized to be formed from Colonel Howell's regiment, and officers were appointed as follows:

*Major-Commanding*—William Rogers, Jr.

*Adjutant*—Russel Whipple.

*Quartermaster*—Daniel Hart.

*Paymaster*—Samuel Throop.\*

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\* Samuel Throop's name appears as early as June 12, 1805; commissioned Ensign.

*Surgeon*—Joseph Mallery.

*Captains*—Daniel Poppino,\* Ebenezer Inglesby.

*Lieutenants*—Joel Calhoun, Peter Thatcher.

*Ensigns*—Joseph Shaft, Jonathan Post.

February 29, 1812, William Burnet was appointed Brigadier-General, in place of John Swift, resigned.

May 12, 1812, in Lieut.-Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment, numbered the Seventy-first:

*Adjutant*—Lemuel Bannister, Jr.

*Paymaster*—Jesse Mason.

*Quartermaster*—Asahel Bannister,

May 23, 1812, County of Ontario, in the Eleventh Regiment of Infantry, of which Thaddeus Remington, was Lieut.-Colonel, John Dwight was appointed Lieutenant.

In the Seventy-first Regiment, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Philetus Swift, Gardner Wells was appointed Surgeon's Mate.

May 23, 1812, County of Ontario, in the Battalion of Riflemen, commanded by Elihu Granger:

*Captains*—Jacob Westfall, Enoch Morse.

*Lieutenants*—Harman Granger, Thomas Burnet, Peter Westfall, Noble Granger.

May 23, 1812, in the Seventh Regiment, Third Brigade of Artillery:

*Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding*—Walter Grieve, Ontario.

*First Major*—Samuel Adams, Seneca.

*Adjutant*—Joseph H. Rees, Ontario.

*Quartermaster*—William Lilly, Ontario.

*Paymaster*—William Powell, Ontario.

*Chaplain*—Jedediah Chapman, Ontario.

*Captain*—John Clark, Seneca.

*First Lieutenant*—Elijah Drake, Seneca.

*Second Lieutenant*—Zadock Weeks, Seneca.

May 23, 1812, in the Twelfth Regiment of Cavalry, First Brigade, County of Ontario:

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Seymour Boughton.

*First Major*—Benjamin Parsons.

*Second Major*—David Scott.

*Adjutant*—Tyrannus Collins.

*Quartermaster*—Peter Bowen.

*Paymaster*—Edmund A. Trowbridge.

*Surgeon*—Thomas Beach.

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\* Daniel Poppino, died July 4, 1841, aged sixty-four years



*Captain*—Edward Watson.  
*First Lieutenant*—Elkanah Whitney.  
*Second Lieutenant*—Jehial Kelsey.  
*Cornet*—Perez Brown.

In the Tenth Regiment of Cavalry, First Squadron, County of Ontario, a new company :

*Captain*—Solomon Kingsley.  
*First Lieutenant*—Joseph Wilder.  
*Second Lieutenant*—Joseph Farnum.  
*Cornet*—Erastus Crosby.

August 11, 1812, County of Seneca, in the Seventh Regiment of Artillery.

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—John Townsend, Jr.  
*First Lieutenant*—Ira Clark.  
*Second Lieutenant*—Solomon Parker.

In Major Elihu Granger's Battalion of Riflemen, County of Ontario.

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Nathan Parke.  
*Lieutenant*—Jared Wilson.  
*Ensign*—George H. Boughton.

November 9, 1812, County of Seneca, in the One Hundred and Second Regiment of Infantry :

*Captains*—Milton Fuller, Caleb Melvin.  
*Lieutenants*—Asaph Spencer, Timothy Axtell.  
*Ensigns*—Noah Starr, William Avery.

March 2, 1814, Seventh Regiment of Artillery, County of Ontario :

*Adjutant*—William Lilly.  
*Quartermaster*—Anthony Dey.  
*Chaplain*—Thomas White.  
*Captains*—George Goundry, John R. Harris,  
*First Lieutenants*—William Griffing, Jr., William Hooper.  
*Second Lieutenants*—David Hall, James Sylandt.

March 2, 1814, County of Ontario, in the Thirty-ninth Regiment, Gilbert Howell, Lieutenant-Colonel commanding :

*Captains*—Samuel Soverhill, James Stoddard, Thomas Rogers, Jr.  
*Lieutenants*—Joseph Luce, Stephen Sherman, Isaac Durfee.  
*Ensigns*—Silas Pierson, Archer Galloway, Amaziah Rawson, William Reed, Marcus Swift, Calvin Perrin, Ammon Fuller.

*Lieut. of Light Infantry*—John H. Crandall.

*Adjutant*—Calvin Perrin.

*Quartermaster*—Solomon Tice.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Seymour Scovell.

*Chaplain*—Jeremiah Irons.

County of Ontario, in the Seventy-first Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Philetus Swift, commanding:

*First Major*—Theodore Bannister.

*Second Major*—John Brown.

*Captains*—Jenks Pullen, Nathan Howe, John VanAuken.

*Lieutenants*—John Taylor, Jr., Jacob Cost, John Albaugh.

*Ensigns*—John Hawley, Peter Cook, Andrew Dorsey.

March 2, 1814, County of Seneca, Thirty-eighth Brigade of Infantry. Hugh Graham, Brigadier-General.

In the One Hundred and Second Regiment of Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh W. Dobbin, commanding:

*Lieutenant*—Benjamin Nelson.

*Ensign*—Silas Mills.

#### NEW COMPANY OF LIGHT INFANTRY.

*Captain*—Adonijah Church.

*Lieutenant*—John Hyde.

*Ensign*—Norman Sheldon.

Feb. 3, 1815, His Excellency the commander-in-chief, having reported to the council that during the recess he had conferred upon Peter B. Porter the brevet rank of Major-General in the Militia of this State in approbation of his gallantry and services rendered as a Brigadier-General in the battles of Chippewa and Bridgewater, and also having reported the distinguished conduct of the said Peter B. Porter in the several encounters which took place with the enemy at Erie, it is therefore unanimously

*Resolved*, That the said brevet be confirmed, and that the said Peter B. Porter be and he is hereby appointed a Major-General in the Militia of the State of New York.

April 6, 1815, County of Ontario, in the Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry.

Theodore Bannister, Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Philetus Swift, resigned.

*First Major*—John Brown.

*Second Major*—Seth Swan.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Caleb Bannister.

*Captain*—John Shekells.

*Lieutenants*—Everett Baggerly, William Moore, Abraham Simmons.

*Ensigns*—John Hildreth, Jr., Ambrose Salisbury, George Bradford, Jacob M. Shekells.

In the Thirty-ninth Regiment, Gilbert Howell, Lieutenant-Colonel commanding :

*Second Major*—David White.

*Surgeon*—James White.

*Chaplain*—Jeremiah Irons,

*Captains*—Joseph Luce, Enos Palmer.

*Captain of Light Infantry*—John H. Crandall,

*Lieutenants*—Silas Pierson, Amaziah Rawson, Jacob White.

*Ensigns*—James Hinckley, Timothy Rawson, Silas Wilcox.

County of Ontario, in the Rifle Battalion lately commanded by Elihu Granger :

*Major Commanding*—Joseph Hall,

*Adjutant*—Jared Willson.

*Surgeon*—Richard Taylor.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Henry A. Finney.

*Captain*—Peter Westfall.

*First Lieutenant*—Leman Hotchkiss.

*Second Lieutenant*—Nicholas Spoor.

County of Seneca, in the 102d Regiment, (H. W. Dobbin, Lieutenant-Colonel) :

*Quartermaster*—Charles Woodruff.

*Paymaster*—Simon Chapman.

*Surgeon*—George Elliot.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Roderick Roys.

*Lieutenants*—Joseph Morris, Jacob Bachman, James H. Johnson, Lodowick Dobbin, James VanRiper.

*Ensigns*—Stephen Alman, Timothy Ludlum, Garret Arnold, William Bull, John Selfridge, Jr., Seth Bacon, James Rorason, Joseph Wade.

*Captains*—Asa Bacon, Jr., John Alexander.

April 6, 1815, in the Tenth Regiment of Cavalry, in the Counties of Seneca and Ontario :

*Captains*—Aaron Remer, Asa Lilly.

*First Lieutenants*—Ezekiel Roberts, Henry Jessup, Daniel Starkweather.

*Second Lieutenants*—Henry Kelsey, Asa R. Swift, Henry Tabor.

*Cornets*—George Rask, James Huggins, David I. Thomas.

March 22, 1816, County of Ontario, in the Seventh Regiment of Artillery, a new company :

*Captain*—David McNeil.

*First Lieutenant*—Dwight Partridge.

*Second Lieutenant*—Hervey A. Phinney.

In the Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry :

*First Major*—Elias Hull.

*Second Major*—Elias Cost.

*Captain*—James Beard, Wm. Morse, Abraham Simmons.

*Lieutenants*—Ebenezer M. Pease, Ambrose Salisbury.

*Ensigns*—Wm. C. Perrine, Elisha Peck.

March 22, 1816, in the Thirty-ninth Regiment :

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—David White, vice Gilbert Howell.

*First Major*—Thomas Rogers, 2d.

*Second Major*—James S. Stoddard.

*Quartermaster*—Silas Wilcox.

*Surgeon's Mate*—William Peckham.

*Captains*—Stephen Spear, Solomon Tice ; Emmons Fuller.  
Light Infantry ; Isaac Durfee, Truman Phelps.

*Lieutenants*—William Reid, William Wilcox, Seymour Scovill, Reuben Adams ; Joshua S. Terry, Light Infantry.

*Ensigns*—Nathaniel H. Beckwith, Robert R. Blackman, Uriah Brown, Seth Eddy, Alpheus Harwood, Russel M. Rush.

In Major William Rogers' Battalion of Infantry :

*Second Major*—John Holcomb. ✓

*Captain*—Dan. R. Hovey.

*Lieutenant*—Thomas Wheeler.

*Ensign*—Thomas Johnson.

*Quartermaster*—Samuel Throop.

*Paymaster*—Gardiner Calhoun.

March 22, 1816, in Major Joseph Hall's Battalion of Riflemen :

*Second Major*—Salma Stanley.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Harvey A. Finney.

*First Lieutenant*—Noble Granger.

*Second Lieutenant*—Jesse Beard.

#### A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Oliver Granger.

*First Lieutenant*—Daniel Failing.

*Second Lieutenant*—Isaac Soverhill.

County of Seneca, in the One Hundred and Second Regiment :

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Lambert Van Alstyne.

*First Major*—David Southwick.

*Second Major*—Samuel Blain.

*Chaplain*—ShIPLEY Wells.

*Captains*—George Reading, Jacob Doremus, Samuel Boardman, Asahel Gillett, Jr.

*Lieutenants*—John Kishler, James Fleming, William Bull, Avery Marsh, James Hallett, Joseph Wade.

*Ensigns*—Alexander McConnell, William D. Easton, Archibald Parker, James McGee, Ransom Ward, Peter Aldrich.

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Ananias Wells.

*Lieutenant*—Beriah Wright.

*Ensign*—Valentine Crager.

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Giles Fitch.

*Lieutenant*—Asahel Foster.

*Ensign*—John Melvin.

*Captain*—John Selfridge, Jr.

*Lieutenants*—Sanford Sisson; James Rorison,\* of Riflemen.

*Ensigns*—Moses Clark; Abraham Closson, of Riflemen.

In a new Battalion to consist of the companies of Captains Fuller, Fitch, Gillett and Selfridge :

*Major Commanding*—John Furlong.

*Adjutant*—Charles Richards.

*Surgeon*—James Dickson.

July 8, 1816, in the Seventh Regiment of Artillery, County of Ontario :

*Captain*—Asahel Morse.

*First Lieutenant*—Levi B. Woodward.

In the Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry :

*Lieutenants*—Harwood Bannister, Elisha Peck.

*Ensigns*—Benjamin F. Sheldon, Darius Peck.

March 4, 1817, in the Seventy-first Regiment :

*Adjutant*—Asahel Bannister.

*Surgeon*—Caleb Bannister.

*Quartermaster*—Ezra Jewell.

*Paymaster*—Dean Swift.

*Captains*—Stephen Dunwell, Jr., John Gilbert, John Albaugh.

*Lieutenants*—Samuel Howe, Henry Seymour, Isaac Andrews, Andrew Dorsey.

*Ensigns*—Archibald Gould, Upton Dorsey, David Hanchett, Jonathan S. Butler.

In the Thirty-ninth Regiment :

*Adjutant*—Seymour Scovill.

*Lieutenant*—Lyman Bates.

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\* Sheriff of Seneca County.

*Ensigns*—Alpheus Harwood, Oliver Durfee, Elisha W. Cobb.

Seventh Regiment of Artillery, County of Ontario :

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—William Prentice.

*First Lieutenant*—Samuel Boots.

*Second Lieutenant*—John DeForest.

March 4, 1817, County of Ontario, in Major Joseph Hall's Rifle Battalion :

*Lieutenants*—Levi Ostrander, Nicholas Spoor, Jesse Beard.

*Ensigns*—Benjamin Westfall, John M. Granger.

County of Seneca, in the 102d Regiment :

*Captains*—Benjamin Nelson, Aura Nash, William Bull, Alexander McConnell.

*Lieutenants*—Silas Mills, James Magee, Archibald Parker, James Hicks, Garret Arnold.

*Ensigns*—Eleazer P. Mather, Ansel Sherman, William Stoffeldt, Lewis Chamberlain, Samuel Dey.

In Major John Furlong's Battalion of Infantry :

*Paymaster*—Ransom Ward.

*Quartermaster*—Uriah Wade.

*Captain*—Joseph Wade.

*Lieutenant*—Peter Aldrich.

*Ensigns*—Chauncey Bishop, David Gates.

March 4, 1817, in the Twelfth Regiment of Cavalry, County of Ontario :

*Captain*—Ansel Abbey.

*First Lieutenant*—William Frost.

*Second Lieutenant*—Hiram Terry.

*Cornet*—Solomon Frost.

April 24, 1818, in the Thirty-Ninth Regiment of Infantry :

*Quartermaster*—Nathaniel H. Beckwith.

*Paymaster*—Alpheus Harwood.

*Chaplain*—Jesse Townsend.

*Captains*—Joshua S. Terry, Oliver Durfee, Elisha W. Cobb.

*Lieutenants*—Zurial Brown, Wm. C. Robinson, Jacob G. Crane.

*Ensigns*—Stephen Reeves, 2nd, Samuel Sawyer, George Boyington, Frederick U. Sheffield, Orrin White, John Sweezey.

April 24, 1818, in the Seventy-First Regiment :

*Quartermaster*—Upton Dorsey.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Jeremiah B. Pierce.

*Captains*—Jacob Cost, Samuel Howe.

*Lieutenants*—Wm. E. Perrine, Archibald Gold, Jonathan S. Butler.

*Ensigns*—Wm. H. Price, Thomas E. Dorsey, Chauncey R. Johnson, Otho Beal, Alfred Hobbs, Samuel Rossiter.

In the Battalion lately commanded by Major William Rogers, Jr.:

*Major*—Daniel Poppino.

*Second Major*—Ebenezer Inglesby.

*Captains*—Russell Whipple, Peter Thatcher, Thomas Wheeler.

*Lieutenants*—Gardner Calhoun, Daniel Inman, Thomas Johnson.

*Ensigns*—Amos White, Charles Sabins, Wm. P. Irwin.

*Adjutant*—Alfred I. Deming.

*Quartermaster*—Russell Cole.

*Paymaster*—Holly St. John, Jr.

*Surgeon*—Josiah Bennett.

April 24, 1818, in Major Hall's Battalion of Riflemen, County of Ontario:

*Major Commanding*—Salma Stanley.

*Second Major*—Peter Westfall.

*Adjutant*—Castle Sutherland.

*Quartermaster*—Horace D. Williams.

*Paymaster*—George H. Green.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Cephas A. Parks.

*Captains*—Levi Ostrander, Jesse Beard.

*First Lieutenants*—Benjamin Westfall, John M. Granger, Ami Whitney.

*Second Lieutenants*—Joel Chapinan, John R. Rozell, Luther Whitney.

In the County of Seneca, One Hundred and Second Regiment:

*Colonel*—Samuel Blain.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Samuel McMath.

*Major*—Jacob Chamberlain.

*Adjutant*—James Fleming.

*Quartermaster*—Samuel Dey.

*Paymaster*—Dexter Swift.

*Surgeon*—Roderick Royce.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Archelaus Gates.

*Captains*—Simon Chapman, Timothy Ludlum, James Hicks, James Magee.

*Lieutenants*—John C. Gates, Seth Baron, James McKnight, Lewis Chamberlain, Eleazer P. Mather, Gideon Burch.

*Ensigns*—Stephen Allen, John Burton, William W. Dobbin, Daniel Schotts, Chester Dryer, Silas Barton.

In Major Furlong's Battalion, County of Seneca :

*Captain*—David Gates.

*Lieutenant*—Warham Sheldon.

*Ensign*—William Mudge.

A NEW COMPANY.

*Captain*—Obadiah Adams.

*Lieutenant*—William Plank.

*Ensigns*—Jedediah Wilder, Asaph Spencer.

County of Ontario, Seventh Regiment of Artillery :

*Captain*—William Shattick.

*First Lieutenant*—Samuel Miller.

*Second Lieutenant*—James P. Bartle.

County of Ontario, in a new Battalion of Riflemen in the Thirty-ninth Brigade :

*Major Commanding*—William Bacon.

*Captain*—James Cowles.

*Lieutenant*—Chauncey Goodrich.

*Ensigns*—Timothy Lyon.

County of Ontario, in the Twelfth Regiment of Cavalry :

*Captain*—William Frost.

*First Lieutenant*—Hiram Terry.

*Second Lieutenant*—Solomon Frost.

*Cornets*—Erasmus T. Cummings, Edward Sawyer.

March 27, 1819, in a new regimental organization in the County of Seneca, consisting of Major John Furlong's Battalion and part of the One Hundred and Second Regiment, and to be denominated the One Hundred and Eighty-sixth :

*Colonel*—John Furlong.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—John Selfridge.

*Major*—Annanias Wells.

*Captains*—Sanford Sisson, Valentine Crager, Jerry G. Blasdell.

*Lieutenants*—Moses Clark, Benjamin Hall, Abram Crager, Chauncey Bishop, John Woodruff, Joseph Spencer.

*Ensigns*—George Thompson, James Covel, Orrin Moore, Adonijah H. Fairchild, Ethan W. Allen.

Seneca County in the Thirty-eighth Brigade of Infantry :

*Quartermaster*—John D. Coe.

*Paymaster*—Pierre Barker.

*Judge Advocate*—Argill Gibbs.

Seneca County in the Twenty-first Division of Infantry, Samuel Birdsall, Judge Advocate.



In the One Hundred and Eighty-sixth Regiment of Infantry :

OF RIFLEMEN.

*Captain*—William Graham.

*First Lieutenant*—Matthias D. Coons.

*Second Lieutenant*—Richard Trowbridge.

*Ensign*—Thomas H. Woodward.

March 27, 1819, in the Twenty-fourth Brigade of Infantry, County of Ontario :

*Brigadier-General*—Samuel Colt.

*Judge Advocate*—David Hudson.

*Quartermaster*—Leman Hotchkiss.

In the Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry :

*Colonel*—Elias Hull.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Elias Cost.

*Major*—Jenks Pullen.

*Paymaster*—Wm. D. Norton.

*Chaplain*—Francis Pomeroy.

*Captains*—Isaac Andrews, Wm. E. Perrine, Harwood Ban-  
nister.

*Lieutenant*—David Hanchett.

*Ensigns*—James Foster, Wm. H. Price, Abner A. Wells.

*Captain Light Infantry*—Henry Seymour.

*Lieutenants*—Joseph M. Demmon, Benjamin Sheldon.

*Ensign*—Lawrence Stiles.

In the Thirty-ninth Regiment of Infantry :

*Adjutant*—Nathaniel H. Beckwith.

*Quartermaster*—Frederick U. Sheffield.

*Paymaster*—Oren White.

*Ensigns*—Edward S. Townsend, Collins Turner.

In the Battalion of Riflemen, commanded by Major Salma  
Stanley :

*Captain*—Ami Whitney.

*Lieutenant*—Luther Whitney.

July 8, 1819, Walter Grieve was appointed Brigadier-  
General.

February 17, 1820, in the Seventy-first Regiment :

*Lieutenant Light Infantry*—Samuel Rossiter.

*Captains*—Alfred Hobbs, Samuel Wright, Elisha Peck,  
Andrew Dorsey.

*Lieutenants*—James C. Hows, Wm. H. Price, Abner A.  
Wells, Jacob Moore, Rice Warner, Thomas E. Dorsey.

*Ensigns*—Joseph Griffith, Jr., Jeduthan Humphrey, Will-  
iam Stiles, Daniel Hall, Israel Gates, Robert B. Sutton.

In the Thirty-ninth Infantry :

*Captain of Light Infantry*—Zurial Brown.

*Lieutenant of Light Infantry*—Stephen Reeves, Wm. P. Capron, William Parker.

*Ensigns of Light Infantry*—Arnold Brown, Andrew G. Low, Ira Hills.

OF RIFLEMEN.

*Captain*—Leicester Robbins.

*Lieutenant*—Silas Barton.

*Ensign*—Levi Leach.

In Major Daniel Poppino's Battalion of Infantry :

*Captains*—Alfred J. Deming, Charles Sabins.

*Lieutenants*—Wm. P. Irwin, Amos White, Stephen Sabins.

*Ensigns*—James Calhoun, Jr., Joel Doolittle, Lorenzo Church.

*Adjutant*—Russel Cole.

*Quartermaster*—Joseph Eddy.

*Paymaster*—Israel Arms.

In Stanley's Battalion of Riflemen, Ontario County :

*Inspector*—Claudius Boughton.

*Paymaster*—William Gooding.

*Assistant Hospital Surgeon*—Federal Vandenburg.

February 17, 1820, Ontario County, Twenty-fourth Brigade, David White, was appointed Brigadier-General.

March 17, 1821, in the One Hundred and Second Regiment, County of Seneca :

*Colonel*—Samuel McMath.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Jacob Chamberlain.

*Major*—Lodowick Dobbin.

*Adjutant*—Thomas Van Alstyne.

*Quartermaster*—John P. Dey.

*Paymaster*—Cephas Sheckel.

*Surgeon*—Caleb Loring.

*Captains*—William W. Dobbin, John H. Kinyon.

*Lieutenants*—Aaron Riggs, Sandford Bennett, Philander Kane.

*Ensigns*—Richard Thornton, Harry Teal, John Fatsinger.

In the One Hundred and Eighty-sixth Regiment, county of Seneca :

*Colonel*—John Selfridge.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Charles Richards.

*Major*—Obadiah Adams.

*Adjutant*—Ransom Ward.

*Paymaster*—Reuben Smith.

*Surgeon's Mate*—David Arne.

*Captains*—Chauncey Bishop, Asaph Spencer, Warham Sheldon.

*Lieutenants*—Orrin Moore, Ethan W. Allen.

*Ensigns*—Moses F. Collins, Morris Crow.

In the One Hundred and Second Regiment :

*Captain of Light Infantry*—Benjamin Maltby.

*Lieutenant of Light Infantry*—Caleb Fairchild.

*Ensign of Light Infantry*—Daniel Mosher.

March 17, 1821, in the Seventy-first Regiment :

*Captain*—Jeduthan Humphrey.

*Lieutenants*—Justus Swift, Otho Beal, Moses B. Whitmore, Loren Stiles.

*Ensigns*—Joseph Hull, Elias W. Frisbie, Eli Dickinson, Fairman White.

*Quartermaster*—Robert B. Sutton.

March 17, 1821, in the Thirty-ninth Regiment of Infantry, County of Ontario :

*Colonel*—Thomas Rogers, 2nd.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—James S. Stoddard.

*Major*—Enos Palmer.

*Captains*—Amariah Rawson, Archer Galloway, Alexander R. Galloway, William Wilcox, Nathaniel H. Beckwith.

*Lieutenants*—George Boyington, Andrew G. Low, George Beckwith, Ambrose Salisbury, William R. Sanford, Stephen McDonald, Halsey B. Scovill.

*Ensigns*—William D. Wylie, Maltby Clark, Durfee Chase, Horace Hill, Luther Reeves.

*Adjutant*—Frederick U. Sheffield.

*Quartermaster*—Orrin White.

*Paymaster*—Stephen Reeves.

In Major Peter Westfall's Battalion of Riflemen :

*Captain*—James Spooner.

*First Lieutenants*—Zalmon A. Disbrow, George Van-Auken.

*Second Lieutenant*—Samuel C. Coddington.

*Adjutant*—Horace D. Williams.

*Quartermaster*—Benjamin Hartwell.

March 16, 1822, in the Thirty-ninth Regiment:

*Lieutenant*—James H. Center.

*Ensigns*—Lebbeus Hammond, David W. Crassey, Asa Skinner, Jason R. Coates.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Alexander McIntyre.

In Major Daniel Poppino's Battalion :

*Second Major*—Alfred J. Demming.

In Peter Westfall's Battalion of Riflemen, County of Ontario:

*Major Commanding*—Bowen Whiting.

*Adjutant*—Marvin Minor.

*Surgeon's Mate*—Elias W. Frisbie.

*Captains*—Isaac Soverhill, Zalmon A. Disbrow.

*First Lieutenants*—Joshua Chase, Chester Wait.

*Second Lieutenants*—Cornelius Scott, Richard S. Cuyler.

In the Seventy-first Regiment:

*Colonel*—Elias Cost.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Jenks Pullen.

*Major*—Samuel Howe.

*Quartermaster*—William Stiles.

*Captain*—Zetus T. Swift.

*Lieutenant*—Trumbull Granger.

*Ensigns*—Morrison Swift, Farnham White.

March 16, 1822, in the Twenty-fourth Brigade, County of Ontario, Thomas Rogers was appointed Brigadier-General.

The last meeting of the old Council of Appointment was held September 16, 1822; that body having been abolished by the Constitution of 1821. The records of militia appointments for the next eight years do not appear to be in the office of the Secretary of State, nor in the office of the Adjutant-General. General Stonehouse, of the latter department, states that there are no records of appointments there prior to 1831—the commencement of the list which we give below.

The interruption in the militia records at Albany is partially supplied in this county, by the following names taken from the rolls of officers as sworn in, now on file in the County Clerk's office:

MILITIA APPOINTMENTS AS SHOWN BY THE OFFICIAL ROLL IN  
THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK.

THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

September 29, 1823—James P. Woodard, Colonel, Palmyra.  
Nathaniel H. Beckwith, Lieutenant-Colonel, Palmyra.  
Stephen McDonald, Robert W. Smith, Captains, Palmyra.

October 1, 1823—George N. Williams, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

October 3, 1823—William Wilcox, Second Major, Palmyra.

October 4, 1823—Orin Lovell, Ensign, Macedon. Horace Hill, Captain, Macedon. William D. Wylie, Captain, Ontario. Isaac Cottrell, Lieutenant, Ontario. Sepharad Baker, Ensign, Ontario.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

August 16, 1828—Elias R. Cook, Major, Sodus. Thomas Judson, Quartermaster, Sodus.

August 25, 1828—John I. Poppino, Paymaster, Sodus.

January 6, 1829—Graham H. Chapin, Division Inspector, Twenty-second Division, Lyons.

January 7, 1829—Samuel Howard, First Lieutenant, Nineteenth Artillery, Lyons.

## APPOINTMENTS FROM THE RECORDS OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, ALBANY.

1831—William H. Adams, Brigadier-General, Twenty-fourth Brigade, Lyons.

January 11, 1831—William P. Irwin, Colonel, Two Hundred and Forty-Second Regiment, Sodus.

August 22, 1831—Charles H. Tindall, Captain, Seventy-first Infantry.

March 26, 1833—Charles W. Westfall, Adjutant, Seventy-first Infantry.

October 15, 1834—Darius Gleason, Lieutenant, Seventy-first Infantry, Lyons.

June 13, 1835—Samuel S. Holmes, Ensign.

July 16, 1835—E. B. Price, Major, Second Riflemen.

August 25, 1835—James Rogers, Paymaster, Seventy-first. 1841—John N. Dewitt, Ensign, Seventy-first.

## FROM THE RECORDS OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

February 12, 1831—Lovell Hurd, Captain, Palmyra. Nahum Warner, First Lieutenant, Macedon. Ellery Hicks, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

February 26, 1831—Ambrose Salisbury, Colonel, Palmyra. Durfee Chase, Lieutenant-Colonel, Palmyra. Leman Sanford, Major, Palmyra.

## FIFTH REGIMENT, HORSE ARTILLERY.

February 2, 1831—Theodore Partridge, Colonel, Newark. Artemas Doane, Lieut.-Colonel, Newark. Samuel T. Horton, Major, Palmyra.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

October 1, 1830—John A. McIntyre, Captain, Sodus. John A. Failing, Lieutenant, Sodus. George W. Paddock, Ensign, Sodus.

November 6, 1830—Jonathan Warner, Ensign, Sodus.

March 1, 1831—Lyndon A. Knapp, Captain, Sodus. Michael Tinklepaugh, Lieutenant, Sodus. Solomon W. Van Auken, Ensign, Sodus.

May 30, 1831—John P. West, Captain, Williamson. Joseph Stolp, Ensign, Williamson.

May 31, 1831—Garret Gurnee, Captain, Sodus. Jonathan Warner, Lieutenant, Sodus. Wells Fields, Ensign, Sodus.

September 25, 1830—Alanson Pratt, Surgeon, Williamson. Stephen Fairbanks, Adjutant, Sodus. Alexander B. Williams, Paymaster, Sodus.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

September 27, 1830—Charles H. Tindall, Captain, Galen. David Barrick, Lieutenant, Galen. Embury Ferguson, Ensign, Galen.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

June 29, 1831—Norton Eddy, Captain, Marion. Asahel Clark, Lieutenant, Marion. Elias Braman, Ensign, Marion.

July 2, 1831—Thomas I. Spaulding, Captain, Arcadia. Timothy Baker, Lieutenant, Arcadia. George W. Scott, Ensign, Arcadia.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

July 9, 1831—Benjamin Atwater, First Lieutenant, Williamson. Henry R. Phelps, Second Lieutenant, Williamson.

July 23, 1831—James D. Ford, Captain, Arcadia. Daniel T. Hughes, Second Lieutenant, Arcadia.

July 26, 1831—Esbon Blackmar, Quartermaster, Arcadia. Clark Robinson, Paymaster, Palmyra.

August 13, 1831—Aaron H. Boylan, Captain, Lyons. Matthew Snider, First Lieutenant, Lyons. John Gilbert, Cornet, Lyons.

## NINETEENTH ARTILLERY.

August 6, 1831—Ashley G. Danielson, First Lieutenant, Newark. Jacob Keller, Second Lieutenant, Newark.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

May 21, 1831—Amos Robinson, Captain, Palmyra. John Hurlburt, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

August 3, 1831—Elias Brayman, Lieutenant, Marion. Wm. L. Hall, Ensign, Marion.

## ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

December 31, 1831—John Condit, Colonel, Clyde. John Center, Lieutenant-Colonel, Butler.

March 17, 1832—Harmon Bevere, Captain, Butler. Ethan B. Kellogg, Lieutenant.

March 24, 1832—George E. Dill, Ensign, Wolcott.

April 7, 1832—Richard Wood, Captain, Galen. Otho D. Beadle, Lieutenant, Galen. William Perkins, Jr., Ensign, Galen. William S. Mallory, Ensign, Galen.

December 1, 1832—Jabez S. Lamoreaux, Major, Clyde.

February 2, 1833—Otho D. Beadle, Captain, Galen. Eleazer R. Bruin, Lieutenant, Galen.

February 16, 1833—George E. Dill, Captain, Wolcott. Isaac M. Hoppin, Ensign, Wolcott.

February 23, 1833—John H. Baldwin, Lieutenant, Huron. Joshua J. Perry, Ensign, Huron.

July 13, 1833—Chauncey B. Collins, Adjutant, Rose. Niel F. Butterfield, Quartermaster, Wolcott. Luther S. Field, Paymaster, Galen. John Center, Colonel, Butler. Jabez S. Lamoreaux, Lieutenant-Colonel, Clyde. Harvey Gray, Major, Rose.

July 20, 1833—Ira Merrick, Captain, Rose. Henry Graham, Lieutenant, Rose.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

September 24, 1831—James T. Wisner, Captain, Huron. Nathan Pierce, First Lieutenant, Wolcott. Joseph B. Roe, Second Lieutenant, Butler. Lucius M. Moore, Cornet, Butler.

January 10, 1832—Esbon Blackmar, Adjutant, Arcadia. Horatio N. Loomis, Surgeon, Palmyra. George E. Pomerooy, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

January 13, 1832—Edmond B. Bill, Inspector, Second Brigade Riflemen, Arcadia.

August 2, 1832—Daniel T. Hughes, Captain, Newark. Liberty N. Shaw, First Lieutenant, Arcadia.

August 18, 1832—Samuel T. Horton, Colonel, Palmyra. Lovell Hard, Major, Palmyra. Henry R. Phelps, First Lieutenant, Williamson. George A. Eadus, Second Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles Redfield, Cornet.

August 28, 1832—Nahum Warner, Captain, Macedon. Eleary Hicks, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. Gardner Archer, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra. James Jenner, Cornet, Palmyra.

September 7, 1833—Edmund T. Aldrich, Captain, Newark. Reuben B. Fairchild, First Lieutenant, Newark. John W. Codman, Cornet, Arcadia.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

- September 10, 1831—James McElwain, Ensign, Lyons.  
 September 10, 1831—Rensselaer Merchant, Captain, Lyons.  
 Levi Lane, Lieutenant, Lyons. Benjamin Carll, Jr., Ensign, Lyons.  
 July 5, 1832—James McElwain, Lieutenant, Lyons.  
 Simon V. W. Stout, Ensign, Lyons.  
 April 14, 1832—Henry C. Murphy, Lieutenant, Lyons.  
 Leonard C. Newkirk, Ensign, Lyons.  
 September 25, 1830—Henry Murphy, Ensign, Lyons.  
 November 3, 1832—Robert Holley, Captain, Lyons.  
 November 10, 1832—Bartlett R. Rogers, Lieut.-Colonel, Lyons. David Adams, Major, Lyons.  
 November 24, 1832—James McElwain, Captain, Lyons.  
 Simon V. W. Stout, Lieutenant, Lyons. Ephraim J. Whiting, Ensign, Lyons.  
 January 17, 1833—George W. Towar, Quartermaster, Lyons.  
 February 9, 1833—Levi Lane, Captain, Lyons. Luther Lane, Lieutenant, Lyons.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

- May 21, 1832—Lyman Reeves, Captain, Palmyra. Dennis Clark, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Jacob P. Bryant, Ensign, Arcadia.  
 June 26, 1832—Christopher E. Thayer, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Welcome Ackley, Ensign, Palmyra.  
 June 13, 1832—Durfee Osband, Captain, Macedon. Levi Camburn, Jr., Lieutenant, Macedon. Lemuel Durfee, Ensign, Macedon. Aminadab Coon, Ensign, Palmyra.  
 August 18, 1832—Bailey Durfee, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Samuel S. Barker, Ensign, Palmyra.  
 September 10, 1832—Erasmus D. Robinson, Adjutant, Palmyra. Samuel T. Horton, Paymaster.  
 July 13, 1833—Welcome Ackley, Captain, Palmyra. Jehial Todd, Ensign, Palmyra.  
 July 23, 1833—Charles McNiell, Lieutenant, Arcadia. Edmund T. Aldrich, Ensign, Arcadia.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

- September 12, 1829—John Colburn, Captain, Rose. Tunis Woodruff, Ensign, Rose.  
 September 4, 1830—Smith Bartlett, Lieutenant, Lyons.  
 July 1, 1831—Collins Wells, Ensign, Sodus.  
 September 16, 1831—Seth Wood, Captain, Macedon. George Steele, Lieutenant, Macedon. Hamilton Smith, Ensign, Walworth.



## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

May 10, 1831—John W. Sherman, Captain, Palmyra. Merritt Sherman, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Lyman H. Tiffany, Ensign, Palmyra.

February 7, 1832—John Mills, Ensign, Rose.

March 24, 1832—Joseph W. Gates, Lieutenant, Ontario. David Leighton, Ensign, Ontario.

July 8, 1832—Clark Bartlett, Captain, Lyons. John O. Vorse, Lieutenant, Lyons.

July 14, 1832—Lawrence R. Stansell, Lieutenant, Arcadia. Austin Jessup, Ensign.

August 5, 1832—Joseph W. Gates, Captain, Ontario. David Leighton, Lieutenant, Williamson. Moses B. Russell, Ensign, Williamson.

August 10, 1832—Enoch Granger, Colonel, Sodus. Thomas Judson, Lieutenant-Colonel, East Ridge. James Stansborough, Major, Arcadia.

August 10, 1832—Charles Mason, Adjutant, Clyde. Charles Volney Dyer, Quartermaster, Newark. Lawrence Palmer, Paymaster, Lyons. David C. Higgins, Surgeon, Williamson. Wm. M. Smith, Surgeon's Mate, Clyde.

August 18, 1832—Ira Stansborough, Captain, Arcadia.

September 3, 1832—Henry Price, Ensign, Walworth.

July 6, 1833—David Leighton, Captain, Marion. Joseph Fisk, Lieutenant, Marion.

July 11, 1833—John Mills, Captain, Savannah. Russell Cobb, Ensign, Savannah.

July 19, 1833—Charles Volney Dyer, Adjutant, Newark. George W. Tillottson, Quartermaster, Sodus. Albert P. Bannister, Paymaster, Lockville.

August 3, 1833—James S. Crosby, Paymaster, Lockville.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

William Johnson, Lieutenant-Colonel, Williamson. Hiram Mann, Surgeon, Sodus. Job G. Littlefield, Surgeon's Mate, Ontario. Martin Miner, Chaplain, Sodus. George W. Paddock, Lieutenant, Sodus. Josiah D. Dunning, Lieutenant, Sodus. Abram Onderdonk, Ensign, Sodus.

January 5, 1833—Hosea Gage, Captain, Ontario. Mark N. Speller, Lieutenant, Ontario. Jonathan Gage, Ensign, Ontario.

January 12, 1833—William Johnson, Colonel, Williamson. Cephas Moody, Lieut.-Colonel, Williamson. Levi Smith, Major, Huron.

January 26, 1833—Joseph I. Sebring, Captain, Huron. Asa T. Wilder, Lieutenant, Huron. James Sebring, Ensign, Huron.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

January 24, 1833—Hiram Gallup, Captain, Williamson.

April 5, 1834—Josiah D. Dunning, Captain, Sodus. Wells Field, Lieutenant, Sodus. Thomas Gardner, Ensign, Sodus.

April 19, 1834—Edward Sears, Captain, Wolcott.

## SIXTH RIFLEMEN.

August 18, 1832—William Knickerbocker, Lieutenant, Ontario.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

August 6, 1833—James P. Horton, Quartermaster, Palmyra. George W. Anderson, Paymaster, Palmyra.

August 15, 1833—Bailey Durfee, Captain, Palmyra. Morgan T. Ingersoll, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

August 18, 1833—George S. Bancroft, Captain, Walworth. Joseph Peacock, Lieutenant, Walworth. Ira Bailey, Ensign, Walworth.

September 4, 1833—Albert Thompson, Surgeon, Arcadia. Horace N. Teall, Surgeon's Mate, Arcadia.

September 7, 1833—Jacob Howell, Ensign, Lyons.

February 15, 1834—Hazard W. Rogers, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

May 9, 1834—Durfee Chase, Colonel, Palmyra. Leman Sanford, Lieutenant-Colonel, Marion. Lyman Reeves, Major, Palmyra. James P. Horton, Adjutant, Palmyra.

May 10, 1834—Samuel B. Randall, Paymaster, Palmyra. George W. Anderson, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

May 31, 1834—Stephen P. Seymour, Ensign, Palmyra.

July 7, 1834—Charles McNeil, Captain, Newark. Lewis J. Benton, Lieutenant, Newark. Almerin Dunwell, Ensign, Lockville.

June 28, 1834—Daniel G. Finch, Captain, Palmyra. Jehial Todd, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Wm. G. Gardner, Ensign, Palmyra.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

August 31, 1833—Clark Bartlett, Major, Lyons. John O. Vorse, Captain, Lyons. James Rice, Lieutenant, Lyons. Ephraim B. Price, Ensign, Lyons.

September 28, 1833—Clark Bartlett, Lieutenant-Colonel, Lyons. Merritt Sherman, Captain, Palmyra. Alonzo Sibley, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

January 10, 1834—Adam Tinklepaugh, Major, Sodus.

August 21, 1833, Albert G. Bannister, Quartermaster, Arcadia. James M. Jameson, Paymaster, Lyons.

September 20, 1833—Joseph Kilpatrick, Chaplain, Arcadia.

## ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

February 8, 1834—Eleazer Bruin, Captain, Clyde. Spencer Clark, Lieutenant, Galen.

May 12, 1834—George Doolittle, Ensign, Butler

July 12, 1834—Ira Merrick, Colonel, Rose.

July 19, 1834—John O. Fitch, Ensign, Wolcott.

July 21, 1834—Ethan B. Kellogg, Captain, Butler. George Doolittle, Lieutenant, Butler. Ammon Daniels, Ensign, Butler.

July 11, 1855—John H. Baldwin, Captain, Huron. Roswell P. P. Johnson, Lieutenant, Huron.

July 25, 1885—James Smith, Captain, Wolcott. Charles W. Reed, Lieutenant, Wolcott. Merritt Woodruff, Ensign, Wolcott.

July 28, 1835—George Seelye, Quartermaster, Rose. James M. Willson, Surgeon, Huron. Martin Lazalier, Paymaster, Wolcott.

August 15, 1835—Zachariah Graham, Lieut.-Colonel, Huron. Garry Burnham, First Major, Savannah:

August 20, 1836—Harry Abbott, Ensign, Huron.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

August 22, 1833—Joseph B. Roe, Captain, Butler. Lucius M. Moore, Second Lieutenant, Galen. Thomas J. Whiting, Ensign, Galen.

May 25, 1833—James Jenner, Captain, Palmyra. George Hathaway, Cornet, Palmyra.

May 10, 1834—John Whittese, Cornet, Arcadia.

June 14, 1834—Jeremiah Nottingham, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. George Hopkins, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra. Nelson Lapham, Cornet, Palmyra.

July 25, 1835—James Jenner, Colonel, Palmyra.

July 30, 1835—Ezra W. Acer, Paymaster, Palmyra.

August 8, 1835—Peter Van Allen, Cornet, Palmyra.

August 22, 1835—Eli D. Carey, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra.

September 1, 1835—Jacob I. Delamater, Surgeon's Mate, Palmyra.

September 1, 1835—Adam H. Henion, Adjutant, Palmyra. Ezra R. Curtiss, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

September 15, 1835—Jeremiah Nottingham, Captain, Palmyra. Joseph F. Lippincott, First Lieutenant, Palmyra.

February 27, 1836—Lucius M. Moore, Captain, Butler. Lewis H. Lounsbury, First Lieutenant, Rose. Russell F. Cleveland, Second Lieutenant, Wolcott. George W. Merrick, Cornet, Rose.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

March 15, 1836—Joseph Riggs, Captain, Lyons. Ebenezer R. Hoag, First Lieutenant, Galen. Andrew Everhart, Second Lieutenant, Lyons.

July 16, 1836—Eli B. Carey, Captain, Williamson. George W. Miller, Second Lieutenant, Williamson.

## ELEVENTH RIFLEMEN

October 23, 1833—Philander Brooks, Ensign, Savannah.

## NINETEENTH ARTILLERY.

June 27, 1833—W. Lusk, First Lieutenant, Newark.

July 30, 1835—John Daggett, Major, Newark.

August 5, 1835—Heman Bostwick, Captain, Arcadia. Walter L. Smith, First Lieutenant, Arcadia.

## FIFTH ARTILLERY.

June 15, 1833—Henry R. Phelps, Captain, Williamson. Charles Redfield, First Lieutenant, Sodus. Cyrus Van Winkle, Cornet, Williamson.

August 13, 1833—George E. Pomeroy, Adjutant, Newark. Clark Robinson, Quartermaster, Palmyra. Joseph R. Mace, Chaplain, Palmyra.

June 6, 1834—Joseph Peacock, Captain, Walworth. Horace M. Straight, Lieutenant, Walworth. Nicholas Peacock, Ensign, Walworth.

June 24, 1834—Wm. F. Bradish, Captain, Macedon. Cephas Foster, Ensign, Palmyra.

Lovell Hurd, Colonel, Palmyra. Esbon Blackmar, Lieutenant-Colonel, Newark. Elias Matthews, Major, Palmyra.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

July 19, 1834—Cephas Foster, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Edmund Chase, Ensign, Manchester. Samuel B. Randall, Quartermaster, Arcadia. Enoch C. Cosart, Paymaster, Palmyra.

November 8, 1834—William L. Hall, Captain, Marion. David Hosmer, Lieutenant, Marion.

March 11, 1835—Jacob Howell, Captain, Palmyra. Myron Spalding, Lieutenant, Palmyra. James Reeves, Ensign, Palmyra.

May 28, 1836—Uriah Mallory, Ensign, Macedon.

June 23, 1836—William H. Hecox, Paymaster, Lyons.

July 23, 1836—George I. Jessup, Captain, Palmyra. Festus A. Goldsmith, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Henry Fenton, Ensign, Palmyra.

August 6, 1836—David Glossender, Lieutenant, Palmyra. William Foster, Ensign, Palmyra.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

April 15, 1834—Collins Wells, Captain, Sodus. William Pullen, Ensign, Sodus.

May 17, 1834—Russell Cobb, Lieutenant, Savannah. Wm. Powers, Ensign, Galen.

July 14, 1834—Adam Tinklepaugh, Colonel, Sodus. Charles V. Dyer, Major, Newark.

September 6, 1834—Moses B. Russell, Lieutenant, Williamson. Wm. Bradley, Ensign, Williamson.

September 6, 1834—James Price, Captain, Lyons. Milton Curtis, Lieutenant, Lyons. Samuel S. Holmes, Ensign, Lyons.

April 15, 1834—Collins Wells, Captain, Sodus. William Pullen, Ensign, Sodus.

May 22, 1835—Moses R. Russell, Captain, Marion. William Bradley, Lieutenant, Williamson. Israel Leighton, Ensign, Marion.

July 25, 1835—Milton Curtiss, Captain, Lyons. James M. Thornton, Lieutenant, Lyons.

Wells Field, Captain, Sodus. Thomas Gardner, Lieutenant, Sodus. Absalom Taylor, Ensign, Sodus. Alexander B. Williams, Adjutant, Sodus. Artemas Ward, Captain, Macedon. William Clapp, Lieutenant, Macedon. Jacob Sumner, Ensign, Macedon. Edmund Chase, Lieutenant, Palmyra. John A. Fisk, Ensign, Palmyra. David Glossender, Ensign, Palmyra.

August 15, 1835—Jesse H. Green, Ensign, Sodus. Oliver C. Brown, Captain, Sodus.

June 13, 1835—George Van Lone, Captain, Ontario. Henry M. Sabin, Lieutenant, Ontario. William Norton, Ensign, Ontario.

August 1, 1835—William Clark, Adjutant, Sodus.

August 18, 1835—Richard H. Lawrence, Quartermaster, Sodus.

August 1, 1836—Jabez Proseus, Paymaster, Sodus.

June 10, 1837—Stephen J. Thorn, Captain, Newark. Nelson Burleigh, Lieutenant, Newark. Harrison VanAuken, Ensign, Newark.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

July 7, 1834—Lewis Carlisle, Surgeon's Mate.

August 23, 1834—David Gleason, Lieutenant, Lyons.

August 11, 1835—Lucas Hubbell, Chaplain, Lyons. James Rogers, Paymaster.

August 24, 1855—David Barrick, Captain, Galen. Embury Ferguson, Lieutenant, Galen. Ira Ford, Ensign, Galen.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

Sept. 4, 1835—William Akenhead, Lieutenant, Lyons.

April 23, 1836—Benjamin Carl, Jr., Captain, Lyons. Enoch Carl, Lieutenant, Arcadia. David Holdridge, Ensign, Lyons.

July 2, 1836—Ira Ford, Lieutenant, Galen. George B. Ferguson, Ensign, Galen.

July 2, 1836—Simon V. W. Stout, Captain, Lyons. Lucas W. Larue, Lieutenant, Lyons. John Layton, Ensign, Lyons.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

April 13, 1837—Jeremiah Nottingham, Lieut.-Colonel, Port Gibson.

August 25, 1836—Nelson Lapham, Quartermaster, Palmyra. Lewis Riggs, Cornet, Lyons.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

April 5, 1834—Joeiah D. Dunning, Captain, Sodus. Wells Field, Lieutenant, Sodus. Thomas Gardner, Ensign, Sodus.

August 23, 1834—Lewis Nichols, Lieutenant, Williamson. Henry L. Fish, Ensign, Sodus. Sidney Wright, Surgeon's Mate, Williamson.

January 17, 1835—Joseph Stolp, Captain, Williamson. Ezekiel Lewis, Lieutenant, Williamson. Benjamin Nichols, Ensign, Williamson. Andrew Weaver, Captain, Sodus.

March 7, 1835—Cephas Moody, Colonel, Williamson. John Cottrell, Lieutenant-Colonel, Williamson. George W. Paddock, Major, Sodus.

March 21, 1835—Joseph Granger, Jr., Ensign, Williamson. Daniel Poppino, Quartermaster, Williamson. Jerry C. Rogers, Paymaster, Sodus. Requa H. Lee, Chaplain, Sodus.

April 4, 1835—Abraham Onderdonk, Captain, Sodus. Enos Coleman, Lieutenant, Sodus. Harry Osborn, Ensign, Sodus.

March 19, 1835—Stillman Fuller, Captain, Ontario. Cyrus Thatcher, Lieutenant, Ontario. Enos Hopkins, Ensign, Ontario.

April 16, 1836—Cyrus Thatcher, Captain, Ontario. Enos Hopkins, Lieutenant, Ontario. Joseph Middleton, Ensign.

June 7, 1836—Joseph C. Young, Lieutenant, Sodus. Clark W. Knapp, Ensign, Sodus. Augustus A. Phelps, Quartermaster, Williamson.

July 17, 1836—James K. Richardson, Captain, Sodus. Levi McCarty, Ensign, Sodus.

October 8, 1836—Charles D. Gilbert, Lieutenant, Williamson.

October 28, 1836—Edward W. Sentell, Paymaster, Sodus. William Green, Surgeon's Mate, Sodus.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

June 21, 1837—John Cottrell, Colonel, Williamson. Alexander B. Williams, Lieut.-Colonel, Sodus. James K. Richardson, Major, Sodus. William Green, Surgeon, Sodus.

July 19, 1837—Thomas Gardner, Captain, Sodus. George F. Myers, Lieutenant, Sodus. Joseph A. Phelps, Adjutant, Williamson. Edward W. Sentell,\* Quartermaster, Sodus. Charles P. Moody, Paymaster, Williamson. William Usher, Surgeon's Mate, Sodus.

## SECOND BRIGADE RIFLEMEN.

July 4, 1835—Elijah P. Hudson, Aid, Newark. George C. Mills, Paymaster, Newark.

August 1, 1836—William Hunter, Hospital Surgeon, Newark.

June 30, 1837—Edmund B. Bill, Brigadier-General, Newark.

## ELEVENTH RIFLEMEN.

June 14, 1836—Darrow Lay, Lieutenant, Savannah. Isaiah M. Tripp, Ensign, Savannah.

## ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

August 30, 1836—Sidney Watkins, Captain, Clyde. John W. Schermerhorn, Lieutenant, Clyde. James Humiston, Ensign, Clyde.

August 19, 1836—Harvey Closs, Ensign, Rose.

August 3, 1836—Martin Lazalier, Quartermaster, Wolcott. Jesse O. Wisner, Paymaster, Rose.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

August 23, 1836—Samuel Cole, Captain, Lyons. John V. Shaver, Ensign, Lyons.

September 8, 1836—Henry Murphy, Captain, Lyons. Leonard Newkirk, Lieutenant, Lyons.

June 13, 1837—James Rogers, Quartermaster, Lyons. George W. Perrine, Surgeon's Mate, Lyons.

July 14, 1837—Thomas J. Nind, Ensign, Lyons.

## SECOND DIVISION OF RIFLEMEN.

May 9, 1837—Vincent I. Barney, Major-General, Newark.

August 10, 1837—Wm. H. Sisson, Paymaster, Lyons.

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\*Edward W. Sentell was subsequently appointed Captain of an artillery company by Governor Wm. L. Marcy, with rank from October 9, 1837, Lieut.-Colonel of the Two Hundred and Forty-second Infantry, May 28, 1842, by Governor Wm. H. Seward; Colonel, June 22, 1844, by Governor Wm. C. Bouck. He tendered his resignation July 11, 1845. It was accepted by Brigadier-General George Wagener, August 9, 1845.

## TWENTY-SECOND DIVISION OF INFANTRY.

March 15, 1837—William H. Hecox, Quartermaster, Lyons.

June 27, 1837—William M. Myers, Aid-de-Camp, Palmyra.

## TWENTY-FOURTH BRIGADE OF INFANTRY.

November 30, 1836—William H. Hecox, Quartermaster, Lyons.

April 17, 1837—George G. Jessup, Judge-Advocate, Palmyra. Mason D. Foster, Hospital Surgeon, Manchester. Samuel B. Randall, Quartermaster, Palmyra. Lester O. Godard, Paymaster, Macedon. Nelson Drake, Aid-de-Camp, Palmyra.

May 9, 1837—William J. Gardner, Inspector, Palmyra.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

January 21, 1837—Lewis I. Benton, Captain, Arcadia. George W. Middleton, Lieutenant, Newark.

April 13, 1837—Leman Sandford, Colonel, Marion. Lyman Reeves,\* Lieutenant-Colonel, Palmyra. Bailey Durfee, Major, Palmyra.

June 13, 1837—Henry Jessup, Jr., Quartermaster, Walworth. Edwin P. Godard, Paymaster, Palmyra.

July 8, 1837—Festus A. Goldsmith, Captain, Palmyra. Wm. S. Frary, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Richard Ford, Ensign, Palmyra.

July 29, 1837—Enoch C. Cosart, Adjutant, Palmyra.

August 2, 1837—Uriah Mallory, Captain, Macedon. Peter S. Thurston, Lieutenant, Macedon. Walter O. Wakeman, Ensign, Macedon.

August 16, 1837—Lorenzo Parker, Paymaster, Palmyra. Lucius Clark, Surgeon's Mate, Marion.

January 20, 1838—William S. Frary, Captain, Palmyra. Richard Ford, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Nelson Sherman, Ensign, Palmyra.

March 3, 1838—John Whitbeck, Lieutenant, Newark.

March 20, 1838—James Rogers, Adjutant, Lyons.

June 9, 1838—James Reeves, Captain, Palmyra. Silas H. Culver, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Volney Brown, Ensign, Arcadia.

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\*Lieutenant-Colonel Lyman Reeves was subsequently promoted Colonel, November 2, 1839, and in September, 1841, Brigadier-General. His staff consisted of Oliver H. Palmer, Judge Advocate; James Peddie, Brigade Surgeon; John Partridge, Paymaster; Henry J. Foster, Quartermaster; George Harrison, Aid-de-Camp; Samuel B. Randall, Brigade Major. General Reeve's predecessors as Brigadier-Generals for a few years before, were General Leman Sanford, General Durfee Chase, and General John A. Granger. His successor was General George Wagoner, of Penn Yan.



## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

July 14, 1838—Almon Green, Captain, Macedon.

April 27, 1839—John D. McComb, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

August 20, 1839—Frederick D. Rogers, Quartermaster, Macedon.

July 20, 1839—Simon Miller, Lieutenant, Marion. Willis Clark, Captain, Marion.

Sept. 7, 1839—William Wilcox, Ensign, Marion.

July 27, 1839—Darius Davenport, Lieutenant, Macedon. Marvin Thurston, Ensign, Macedon.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

July 1, 1837—Peter Van Allen, Second Lieutenant, Arcadia. Franklin Lakey, Cornet, Palmyra.

July 22, 1837—Russell F. Cleveland, Captain, Wolcott. George W. Merrick, Second Lieutenant, Rose. Nathan W. Thomas, Cornet, Rose.

August 19, 1837—George W. Miller, First Lieutenant, Williamson. William L. Miller, Second Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles Tucker, Cornet, Marion.

August 23, 1837—Gilbert Howell, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. Nicholas Milliman, Second Lieutenant, Macedon.

July 22, 1837—Russell F. Cleveland, Captain, Wolcott. George W. Merrick, Second Lieutenant, Rose. Nathan W. Thomas, Cornet

August 19, 1837—George W. Miller, First Lieutenant, Williamson. William L. Miller, Second Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles Tucker, Cornet, Marion.

August 23, 1837—Gilbert Howell, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. Nicholas Milliman, Second Lieutenant, Macedon.

June 30, 1838—Lewis Riggs, Captain, Lyons. Edward Near, First Lieutenant, Galen. Samuel P. Lake, Second Lieutenant, Galen. Zina Hooker, Cornet, Galen.

July 4, 1838—George W. Merrick, Captain, Rose. Nathaniel W. Thomas, First Lieutenant, Rose. Daniel Brinkerhoff, Second Lieutenant, Wolcott. Philo B. Sheldon, Cornet, Huron.

July 14, 1838—George W. Miller, Captain, Williamson. William S. Miller, First Lieutenant, Sodus. Horace C. Maynard, Second Lieutenant, Williamson.

June 23, 1838—Joseph Riggs, Lieutenant-Colonel, Lyons. Eli S. Cary, Major, Clyde.

June 30 1838—Jacob J. Delamater, Surgeon, Palmyra. Charles A. Thompson, Surgeon's Mate, Palmyra.

September 2, 1838—Peter Van Allen, First Lieutenant, Arcadia. John Hagerman, Second Lieutenant, Arcadia. Simeon Cronise, Cornet, Arcadia.

## TWENTY-FOURTH BRIGADE.

August 11, 1837—Edwin P. Godard, Hospital Surgeon, Palmyra.

## NINETEENTH ARTILLERY.

April 1, 1837—Heman Bostwick, Major, Newark.

July 6, 1837—Walter L. Smith, Captain, Arcadia.

July 25, 1839—David M. Keeler, Captain, Newark. Allen Robinson, First Lieutenant, Arcadia.

## ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

August 5, 1837—Henry Abbott, Captain, Huron. Enos Andrews, Lieutenant, Huron. Levi Paddock, Ensign, Huron.

September 12, 1837—Garry Burnham, Lieutenant-Colonel, Savannah. George Seelye, Major, Rose.

September 21, 1837—Garry Burnham, Lieutenant-Colonel, Savannah. George Seelye, Major, Rose.

August 19, 1838—Charles W. Reed, Captain, Wolcott. Wm. H. Sabin, Lieutenant, Wolcott.

July 21, 1838—David P. Caston, Captain, Wolcott. Daniel Dowd, Lieutenant, Huron.

August 27, 1839—Henry N. Spencer, Lieutenant, Wolcott. Otis Reed, Ensign, Wolcott.

Sept. 7, 1839—Garry Burnham, Colonel, Savannah. George Seelye, Lieutenant-Colonel, Rose. Charles W. Reed, Major, Wolcott.

July 27, 1839—John North, Captain, Savannah. Stephen Tallman, Lieutenant, Savannah. Daniel E. Campbell, Ensign, Savannah.

August 29, 1839—Jesse O. Wisner, Adjutant, Huron. Edward Cox, Surgeon's Mate, Butler. John C. White, Paymaster, Wolcott.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

July 21, 1837—Alonzo M. Winchester, Lieutenant, Sodus.

December 18, 1837—Charles P. Moody,\* Quartermaster, Williamson. Edward L. Phelps, Paymaster, Williamson.

December 30, 1837—George Convers, Lieutenant, Sodus.

January 13, 1838—James Case, Ensign, Sodus.

August 18, 1838—Calvin Cross, Ensign, Williamson.

December 12, 1838—Alonzo M. Winchester, Captain, Sodus. James Case, Lieutenant, Sodus. John G. Kelley, Ensign, Sodus.

\* Commissions held by Charles Moody show that he was appointed Paymaster of the Two Hundred and Forty-second Regiment, by Governor Wm. L. Marcy, July 19, 1837; Quartermaster, December 18, 1837, and Lieutenant Colonel, October 15, 1845, by Governor Silas Wright.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

January 5, 1839—William Garlock, Captain, Rose. John D. T. Phelps, Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles G. Shaanon, Ensign, Huron.

July 12, 1839—George F. Myers, Captain, Sodus. Levi McCarty, Lieutenant, Sodus.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

September 7, 1836—Samuel S. Holmes, Lieutenant, Lyons. Stephen Marshall, Ensign, Lyons.

September 11, 1837—William Bradley, Captain, Williamson. Israel Leighton, Lieutenant, Marion. Charles Cady, Ensign, Sodus.

September 11, 1837—William Bradley, Captain, Williamson. Israel Leighton, Lieutenant, Marion. Charles Cady, Ensign, Sodus.

January 3, 1838—Richard H. Lawrence, Major, Sodus.

January 8, 1838—Samuel S. Holmes, Captain, Lyons. Stephen Marshall, Lieutenant. John Thornton, Ensign.

June 13, 1838—Jabez Proseus, Quartermaster, Sodus. Abner Burlingame, Paymaster, Sodus. Jesse Green, Lieutenant, Sodus. Asa Wright, Ensign, Sodus.

August 21, 1838—Collins Wells, Colonel, Sodus.

August 25, 1838—Jesse H. Green, Captain, Sodus. Asa Wright, Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles Collins, Ensign, Sodus. Ambrose Lockwood, Ensign, Galen.

June 30, 1838—Harvey Hyde, Captain, Arcadia.

September 6, 1838—Richard H. Lawrence, Lieutenant-Colonel, Clyde. Abner Burlingame, Major, Sodus. Jeremiah White, Paymaster, Sodus.

December 29, 1838—Charles J. Collins, Lieutenant, Sodus. Cornelius Buys, Ensign, Sodus.

Dec. 29, 1839—Charles J. Collins, Lieutenant, Sodus. Cornelius Buys, Ensign, Sodus.

May 1, 1839—Jeremiah White, Adjutant, Sodus. Asa Wright, Quartermaster, Sodus. Seth Tillotson, Paymaster, Sodus.

Jan. 1, 1839—Israel Leighton, Captain, Marion. Bethuel B. Courter, Lieutenant, Ontario.

June 1, 1839—Nelson Bailey, Captain, Arcadia. Harrison Van Auken, Lieutenant, Arcadia. Stephen Shirts, Ensign, Arcadia.

June 28, 1839—Henry M. Sabin, Captain, Ontario. William Norton, Jr., Lieutenant, Ontario. Lester Jennings, Ensign, Ontario.

August 24, 1839—Stephen G. Leach, Captain, Lyons. John Thornton, Lieut., Lyons. Anson G. Leach, Ensign, Lyons.

## SIXTEENTH RIFLEMEN.

August 18, 1839—William Powers, Captain, Sodus.

July 18, 1839—Harrison VanAuken, Captain, Arcadia.  
Stephen Shirts, Lieutenant, Arcadia. Alonzo Kipp, Ensign,  
Arcadia.

July 11, 1840—Ovid Allen, Lieutenant, Rose.

September 4, 1840—Seth M. Howell, Captain, East Palmyra. Homer Parker, Lieutenant, East Palmyra. James Thompson, Ensign, Manchester.

September 1, 1840—George B. Crandall, Paymaster, Arcadia.

June 9, 1841—Jacob M. Johnson, Captain, Sodus.

May 22, 1841—Obed Allen, Captain, Clyde. Ambrose Lockwood, Lieutenant, Butler. John Aurand, Ensign, Galen.

March 11, 1843—Ira Perry, Captain, Palmyra.

August 20, 1842—Stephen Shirts, Captain, Arcadia.  
Alonzo Kipp, Lieutenant, Arcadia. John N. Stansell, Ensign,  
Arcadia.

September 4, 1843—Abel Fish, Lieutenant, Galen.

July 13, 1844—John N. Stansell, Captain, Arcadia. Samuel A. Dunwell, Ensign, Arcadia.

## SIXTH RIFLEMEN.

August 19, 1837—Hawley Peck, Lieutenant, Galen.

June 8, 1839—Hawley Peck, Captain, Galen.

July 3, 1840—Sidney Wheat, Lieutenant, Sodus. Charles Joslyn, Ensign, Sodus.

## ELEVENTH RIFLEMEN.

August 12, 1837—John Allen, Lieutenant, Galen.

## SECOND DIVISION OF RIFLEMEN.

July 4, 1837—James S. Crosby, Quartermaster, Newark.

August 9, 1838—Ezra Jewell, Hospital Surgeon, Lyons.

May 3, 1839—Edward B. Bill, Major-General, Newark.

July 30, 1839—William H. Sisson, Inspector, Lyons. Lathrop S. Bristol, Hospital Surgeon, Newark. Henry L. Chadwick, Quartermaster, Newark. Horace H. Morse, Aide-de-Camp, Newark. Richard V. Groat, Aide-de-Camp, Newark.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

June 23, 1838—George Probasco, Ensign, Arcadia.

August 30, 1838—Simon V. Stout, Major, Lyons.

September 22, 1838—Lucas W. Larue, Captain, Lyons.  
John Layton, Lieutenant, Lyons. John Penoyer, Ensign,  
Lyons.

## SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

July 28, 1838—George Carr, Jr., Lieutenant, Lyons. Israel H. Lovejoy, Ensign, Lyons. Simon V. W. Stout, Lieutenant-Colonel, Lyons.

January 5, 1839—Joel H. Prescott, Major, Arcadia.

January 19, 1839—Ira Ford, Captain, Galen. George B. Ferguson, Lieutenant, Galen. Manley Hanchett, Ensign, Galen.

October 28, 1838—Samuel T. W. Sanford, Surgeon, Lyons.

January 13, 1838—Enoch Carl, Captain, Arcadia. David G. Holdridge, Lieutenant, Lyons. Samuel Carl, Ensign, Arcadia.

January 19, 1839—Ira Ford, Captain, Galen. George B. Ferguson, Lieutenant, Galen. Manly Hanchett, Ensign, Galen.

Sept. 9, 1839—David F. Cole, Adjutant, Lyons.

June 3, 1840—Leonard Newkirk, Captain, Lyons. John Westfall, Lieutenant, Lyons.

August 8, 1840—John Layton, Captain, Lyons. John Penoyer, Lieutenant, Lyons. John N. Dewitt, Ensign, Lyons.

August 7, 1841—Thomas Bourne, Captain, Lyons. William Soggs, Ensign, Lyons.

November 1, 1841—Sylvanus Bailey, Lieutenant, Lyons.

February 11, 1842—Henry Teachout, Quartermaster; Lyons. Miles N. Rogers, Assistant Surgeon, Lyons.

March 11, 1842—William J. Nott, Captain, Lyons. Albert Smith, Ensign, Lyons. Samuel Carl, Lieutenant, Arcadia.

June 22, 1842—Jefferson Sparks, Quartermaster, Phelps.

August 11, 1842—Jeremiah E. Niles, Ensign (Artillery), Newark.

April 28, 1843—Albert Smith, Lieutenant, Lyons. Cornelius T. Cuer, Ensign, Lyons.

May 10, 1843—Timothy S. Brink, Lieutenant, Galen. Orrin Beadle, Ensign, Galen.

December 30, 1843—Elias Cost, Captain, Galen.

July 22, 1843—John N. Dewitt, First Lieutenant, Lyons. John Vanderbilt, Second Lieutenant, Lyons. William Burnett, Ensign, Lyons.

July 15, 1843—John L. Scott, Captain, Arcadia. Jeremiah E. Niles, Lieutenant, Phelps. George Garlock, Ensign, Arcadia.

May 31, 1845—John Vanderbilt, Captain, Lyons. William Burnet, Lieutenant, Lyons.

March 11, 1845—Cornelius T. Cuer, Captain, Lyons. Elisha Barton, Ensign, Lyons.

## SEVENTH INFANTRY.

December 17, 1840—William J. Nott, Lieutenant, Lyons.

## FIFTH HORSE ARTILLERY.

August 1, 1839—Allen W. Horton, Paymaster, Palmyra.

Sept. 22, 1839—Ansel A. Cornwell, Cornet, Pultneyville.

May 23, 1840—Henry H. Tabor, Captain, Palmyra. Gilbert Howell, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. Franklin Lakey, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra. Daniel Wells, Cornet, Manchester.

June 1, 1840—Abram Hagerman, Adjutant, Palmyra. Charles H. Thompson, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

May 2, 1840—Nathan W. Thomas, Captain, Rose. David Brinkerhoff, First Lieutenant, Wolcott. Samuel DeWitt, Second Lieutenant, Wolcott. David I. Lester, Cornet, Wolcott.

October 1, 1840—Henry I. Mesick, Surgeon's Mate, Newark. James P. VanDusen, Surgeon, Newark.

## NINETEENTH ARTILLERY.

May 5, 1840—Allen Robinson, Captain, Arcadia. John L. Lott, First Lieutenant, Newark.

## TWENTY-SECOND DIVISION OF INFANTRY.

January 8, 1838—William H. Hecox, Judge Advocate, Lyons. William M. Myers, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

## TWENTY-FOURTH BRIGADE OF INFANTRY.

August 17, 1839—Lyman Sanford, Brigadier-General, Marion.

Sept. 17, 1839—Samuel W. Wilson, Hospital Surgeon, Palmyra.

July 13, 1838—Samuel B. Randall, Brigade Inspector, Palmyra.

July 30, 1838—Nathan Hall, Paymaster, Palmyra. Lester O. Godard, Quartermaster, Macedon.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

Nov. 2, 1839—Lyman Reeves, Colonel.

February 1, 1840—Thomas F. Wilbur, Captain, Walworth. Nathan Palmer, Jr., Lieutenant, Walworth. Anson F. Boynton, Ensign, Walworth. Silas H. Culver, Captain, Arcadia. Volney Brown, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Luther Sanford, 2d, Ensign, Palmyra.

April 16, 1840—John A. Whitbeck, Captain, Fairville. Caleb A. Robinson, Lieutenant, Fairville. James H. Roys, Ensign, Fairville.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

May 2, 1840—William Foster, Captain, Palmyra. Erastus Hazen, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

July 8, 1840—Roland S. Lewis, Surgeon, Arcadia. Frederick D. Rogers, Adjutant, Macedon. Pliny C. Hudson, Quartermaster, Palmyra. Thomas Burbank, Surgeon's Mate, Palmyra.

August 15, 1840—George C. Hogeboom, Lieutenant, Marion.

August 25, 1840—John D. McComb, Captain, Palmyra. Asa T. Chase, Lieutenant, Manchester. John C. Russell, Ensign, Palmyra.

August 26, 1840—Ira H. Eddy, Ensign, Macedon.

October 3, 1840—Henry Post, Captain, Port Gibson. William P. Johnson, Lieutenant, Palmyra. William R. Johnson, Ensign, Palmyra.

June 10, 1841—Nathan Palmer, Jr., Captain, Walworth. Anson F. Boynton, Lieutenant, Walworth. Ormond O. Mason, Ensign, Walworth.

July 12, 1841—Chauncey Cummings, Captain, Palmyra. Asa T. Chase, First Lieutenant, Palmyra. John C. Russell, Second Lieutenant, Palmyra.

January 19, 1842—Abel T. Blackmar, Captain, Newark. Demosthenes Smith, Ensign, Newark.

January 22, 1842—George C. Hogeboom, Captain, Lyons. William Vandusen, Lieutenant, Marion. David M. Eddy, Ensign, Marion.

May 26, 1842—George Cook, Captain, Macedon. Ezekiel Barnhardt, Lieutenant, Macedon.

June 6, 1842—John R. Cummings, Quartermaster, Palmyra. Isaac Hudson, Paymaster, Palmyra. Benjamin Throop, Assistant Surgeon, Palmyra.

June 25, 1842—Luther Sanford, Jr., Captain, East Palmyra. Marshall Sherman, Lieutenant, East Palmyra. Elisha W. Hudson, Ensign East Palmyra.

June 25, 1842—Erastus Hazen, Captain, Palmyra. Hiram M. Higby, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

August 29, 1842—Samuel S. Barker, Quartermaster, Palmyra.

July 5, 1843—Anson F. Boynton, Captain, Walworth. Ormond O. Mason, Lieutenant, Walworth. James M. Upton, Ensign, Walworth.

July 15, 1843—William VanDuzen, Captain, Marion. Alfred W. Skinner, Lieutenant, Marion. Charles Reed, Ensign, Marion.

July 15, 1843—Demosthenes Smith, Captain, Arcadia. Erastus Dickinson, Ensign, Arcadia.

## THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

June 28, 1843—Isaac G. Hudson, Quartermaster, Palmyra.  
Jeremiah Hilmer, Paymaster, Newark.

August 12, 1843—Hiram Schult, Lieutenant, Palmyra.

September 1, 1843—Jacob P. Stupplebean, Ensign, Palmyra.

April 20, 1844—Marshall B. Sherwin, Captain, Palmyra.  
Elisha N. Hudson, Lieutenant, Palmyra. Allen T. Goldsmith, Ensign, Palmyra.

## ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

August 22, 1840—Henry Van Auken, Captain, Savannah.

June 12, 1841—Cornelius Jeffers, Lieutenant, Rose. Riley Abiner, Ensign, Rose.

September 6, 1841—Thomas Johnson, Lieutenant, Butler.  
Abram Gibbs, Ensign, Butler.

December 4, 1841—Daniel Van Auken, Lieutenant, Savannah.

June 6, 1842—Ashbel Burnham, Paymaster, Savannah.

July 23, 1842—Edward Sears, Captain, Wolcott.

September 3, 1842—Oliver Stratton, Captain, Clyde. Alexander Harper, Lieutenant, Clyde. William Becker, Ensign, Clyde. Royal Matthews, Captain, Butler. Clark Westcott, Lieutenant, Butler. Allen Armstrong, Ensign, Butler.

September 5, 1842—Oliver Locke, Captain, Rose. Theodore McWharf, Ensign, Rose. John J. Dickson, Surgeon, Rose.

May 12, 1843—George P. Smith, Adjutant, Clyde.

March 3, 1845—David Howe, Lieutenant, Savannah.

## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

June 3, 1840—Joseph Middleton, Captain, Ontario. Samuel W. Hodges, Ensign, Ontario.

June 20, 1840—Remington Kinyon, Lieutenant, Williamson. Barnabas B. Adams, Ensign, Williamson.

July 18, 1840—Samuel W. Hodges, Lieutenant, Ontario. John Millet, Ensign, Ontario.

July 22, 1840—Seth H. Tillottson, Adjutant, Sodus. Andrew Holling, Paymaster, Williamson.

August 8, 1840—Egbert Brant, First Lieutenant, Sodus.

February 6, 1841—Uriah Lamoree, Lieutenant, Alton. Alfred Collier, Ensign, Alton.

June 22, 1841—Sanford P. Moody, Adjutant, Williamson. Andrew Holling, Quartermaster, Williamson. William Fowler, Paymaster, Alton. Levi McCarty, Captain, Sodus. Absalom Taylor, Lieutenant, Sodus. William H. Nichols, Ensign, Sodus.



## TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

July 3, 1841—Allan D. Chappell, Captain, Williamson.

September 4, 1841—Stephen Miller, Ensign, Sodus.

September 4, 1841—Joseph C. Young, Captain, Sodus.

Eli H. Hopkins, Lieutenant, Sodus.

May 21, 1842—William Tillotson, Captain, Sodus. George L. Tinklepaugh, Lieutenant, Sodus.

June 18, 1842—William Fowler, Adjutant, Sodus. Aldice P. Warren, Paymaster, Sodus.

July 16, 1842—John M. Dilling, Captain, Sodus. Adam Tinklepaugh, 2d, Lieutenant, Sodus.

September 2, 1843—David Bloomer, Ensign, South Sodus.

April 20, 1844—Daniel Bloomer, Captain, Sodus. Myron Alden, Ensign, Sodus.

September 2, 1843—Abijah White, Lieutenant, Williamson.

Aug. 17, 1844—Orville Chittenden, Ensign, Sodus.

September 3, 1844—Seymour Covell, Lieutenant, Huron.

August 20, 1845—John Hise, Adjutant, Sodus Point. B. B. Emerson, Surgeon, Williamson. Jacob Vinother, Captain, Williamson. Egbert Brant, Quartermaster, Sodus.

Subsequent to the general mustering-out of all the old Militia organizations, about 1845-'46, there were practically no military bodies in existence in Wayne county for a few years.

For a time Wayne county was known on the books at Albany, as belonging to the Fifty-Sixth Regiment of the Twenty-Sixth Brigade, Seventh Division, and there is the following record of officers :

William H. Sisson, Colonel, rank dating July 8, 1853 ; John Knowles, Jr., Major, rank dating September 10, 1853 ; Wm. W. Wormwood, Captain, rank dating August 31, 1854 ; Nelson R. Merrick, First Lieutenant, rank dating August 31, 1854 ; Charles E. Marshall, Second Lieutenant, rank dating August 31, 1854 ; Luther Sanford, Lieutenant-Colonel, rank dating July 14, 1854.

The Lyons Light Guard, and also Company E, of the Fifty-Fourth Regiment at Palmyra, will be mentioned elsewhere in connection with the opening of the civil war.

We have little space to dwell upon the old-fashioned general trainings. They were a grand attraction in the earlier days, and large crowds were always on hand.

The refreshment stands were noted for *gingerbread*. It seems to have been abolished with the trainings themselves; nobody appears to make any such gingerbread at the present time. The writer recalls the last general training in northern Wayne, held at Sodus village, in the fall of 1845. It was an unique affair—the *corps-du-esprit* was all gone. Nevertheless, the line was formed, and “we” trained in a field where Mr. Shaver’s present residence stands, or a little farther north.

Some of the officers were in uniform, others not. Towards night the line marched back to main street, and was drawn up for dismissal. Lieutenant-Colonel Charles P. Moody, in “glittering uniform,” mounted upon his “gaily caparisoned” steed, thanked them for their “gentlemanly conduct and soldier-like appearance upon the field of parade.” Thus ended the old militia system.

We give the annual notice of the year 1844.

By a copy of Brigade orders, dated July 8, 1844, the following drills and general trainings were ordered for this county :

The officers, commissioned and non-commissioned, with the musicians of the Two Hundred and Forty-Second Regiment, were required to meet under command of Colonel E. W. Sentell, at Williamson Corners, at the house of Mr. Nichols, on Monday and Tuesday, the 19th and 20th days of August next.

Those of the Thirty-Ninth Regiment, commanded by Colonel Nathan Palmer, at Palmyra, on Monday and Tuesday, August 26th and 27th.

General trainings were ordered as follows :

Of the Seventy-First Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin Warner, at the house of John Borradaile, in Lyons, on Tuesday, September 17th.

Of the Two Hundred and Forty-Second, Colonel Edward W. Sentell, at Sodus, on Wednesday, September 18th.

Of the Thirty-Ninth, Colonel Nathan Palmer, Jr., at Palmyra, on Thursday, September 19th.

## CHAPTER VIII.

WAR OF 1812-'15—THE BRITISH FLEET AT SODUS POINT—BOMBARDMENT OF PULTNEYVILLE—AFFIDAVITS OF EARLY CITIZENS—EYE-WITNESSES OF THESE EVENTS—LISTS OF SOLDIERS FROM THIS COUNTY—VOLUNTEERS—MILITIA COMPANIES.

AT the opening of the "last war with England," the settlement of western New York generally, and of the territory now constituting Wayne county, had progressed to a considerable extent. The assessment-roll of Sodus, for 1811, the year before the war, contained about one hundred and fifty resident tax-payers, and the town had then been reduced to its present dimensions, except that it included the narrow strip on the west, which was subsequently set off to Williamson.

The population was, therefore, nearly one-sixth of that at the present time; and that was doubtless about the average for the other towns of the county, as compared with the present time.\*

Militia regiments existed in this section of the State, as is fully shown in the previous chapter devoted especially to those organizations. The Seventy-first regiment of infantry was commanded by Colonel Philetus Swift. The Thirty-ninth was under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Gilbert Howell. Major William Rogers commanded a battalion, and the companies of which it was composed were enrolled principally in Marion, Williamson, Ontario and Sodus.

There were also militia organizations in the county of Seneca, which included what is now the territory of the six eastern towns of Wayne county. The officers of these various organizations are very fully given in the previous chapter.

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\*In the Ontario *Messenger*, of 1814, we find the following memorandum: "Population of Sodus, 965; of Williamson, 1,560; Palmyra, 2,995; Ontario, 1,391; Lyons, 2,102.

The causes which led to the war can only be given a brief mention in this local work. In consequence of the protracted wars between England and France the commerce of the United States suffered severely. France declared the English ports in a state of blockade, and thus rendered liable to capture every American vessel attempting to enter those ports or sailing *for* them. England declared French ports in a state of blockade and thus rendered equally liable to capture every American vessel destined to those ports. Between these two sets of hostile orders American commerce was destroyed. These orders constituted what is known among writers upon international law as a "paper blockade." A true blockade must be maintained by an adequate naval force stationed in front of or cruising near the blockaded harbor. Yet this blockade by "orders" was made so effectual against American merchant vessels that English cruisers had actually seized and condemned *nine hundred American vessels* during the ten years preceding the declaration of war. Bonaparte repealed this French decree, but Great Britain even then refused to rescind her orders though her government had previously expressed a willingness to do so whenever France should repeal her decree.

But England also claimed the right to stop any American vessel on the ocean, and send an armed force aboard under pretense of searching for deserters from her service. This power if it rightfully existed at all towards the vessels of a neutral nation during a state of war, was yet one so arbitrary and oppressive that no free people could patiently submit to it. This power was exercised in so haughty and insolent a manner that the grievances were greatly aggravated. Not satisfied with seizing actual deserters, which they seldom found, Americans were often forcibly taken from the decks of their own vessels and impressed into the British service. If this was a state of peace, certainly war could not be much worse. Meanwhile the Indian wars in Ohio and the West were believed to be promoted by British influence. Settlers were ruthlessly murdered and the horrors that accompany a savage war rendered desolate many homes and settlements. Even before war was declared the insolence of British

demands was met in a becoming spirit by at least one American vessel. Hale's history relates the incident.

Commodore Rogers sailing in the frigate *President*, met in the evening a vessel on the coast of Virginia. He hailed but instead of receiving an answer he was hailed in return, and a shot struck the mainmast of the *President*. The fire was instantly returned by the Commodore and continued for a few minutes, when finding that his antagonist was of inferior force, and that her guns were almost silenced, he desisted.

On hailing again, the British Commander had found his voice and replied that his ship was the British sloop of war "Little Belt," of eighteen guns; that thirty-two of her men were killed or wounded and the ship greatly disabled. In the darkness the British Commander had mistaken a frigate for an unarmed merchant vessel.

In view of all these grievances, for which no redress could be obtained, there seemed to be no remedy but war; and Congress passed an act "declaring war to exist between the United States and Great Britain" on the 17th day of June, 1812. On the 19th the *President* issued a Proclamation formally declaring war against Great Britain.

That this state of war would seriously affect Western New York and all the country bordering the Great Lakes was evident from the first. These counties were in an exposed condition. To defend the smaller places there were no fortifications, and few or no troops from the regular army could be spared to occupy such points.

Lake Ontario was largely surrounded then as now by British territory. At various ports the British had conveniences for fitting out war vessels and safe harbors to which in case of pursuit they could retreat and be protected under the guns of strong forts. England with her system of standing armies had veteran troops with which to garrison these forts, while the United States were compelled to rely largely upon the militia or upon volunteers. In the summer of 1812 the British had a naval force upon Lake Ontario consisting of six vessels and mounting more than a hundred guns. Commodore Chauncey, in the fall of that year, equipped a small fleet in opposition. He had six vessels mounting *only*

*thirty guns*, a force hardly fit to dispute the supremacy of the Lake with the British Commander. Yet Chauncey attacked the English squadron near Kingston early in November, damaged them considerably, captured one schooner and took it into Sackett's Harbor. He afterwards captured another British vessel, having on board \$12,000 of specie and General Brocks private baggage.

It may be well to notice here that the war of 1812 was not an unexpected outbreak. The following orders show that there was an anticipation of hostilities as early as 1809:

#### THE ALARM OF 1809.

“STATE OF NEW YORK—GENERAL ORDERS. }  
HEADQUARTERS, ALBANY, 17th of April, 1809. }

“In pursuance of orders from the President of the United States, bearing date on the Second day of November last and in conformity with general orders of the 15th day of the same month and year, such companies of the militia of the State as have volunteered their services under the act of Congress passed the 24th day of February 1809, entitled ‘An act authorizing the President of the United States to accept the service of a number of volunteer companies not exceeding 30,000 men,’ are hereby organized into one Brigade to be commanded by Brigadier-General Dering, and will consist of one regiment of Infantry; one regiment of Riflemen, one battalion of Artillery, and one squadron of Cavalry, to be officered in the following manner:

Among the appointments made there were the following:

Peter B. Porter of the County of Ontario, Lieutenant-Colonel in command of the regiment of Infantry.

One of the companies of Infantry was in the County of Cayuga, John Knittles, Captain; Israel Ozman, Lieutenant and Isaac Ozmon, Ensign.

One of the companies in the regiment of Riflemen was in the County of Cayuga. Abraham Bloom, Captain. Luther Gere, Lieutenant and Arnold Rogers, Ensign.

Another of the companies in the regiment of Riflemen was in the County of Seneca. William Ireland, Captain. John Alexander Lieutenant and Joseph S. Barnard, Ensign.

In the Battalion of Artillery, Tompkins C. Delevan of the County of Seneca, was appointed Surgeon.

"The officers hereby appointed are to hold themselves in readiness to take the field.

"The Commander-in-Chief avails himself of this opportunity to repeat to the officers, non-commissioned officers and privates of the corps hereby organized, an assurance of his high estimation of their laudable and patriotic tender of services, and his entire confidence that by their discipline, intelligence and bravery, they will support the reputation and honor of the State of New York.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

DANIEL D. TOMPKINS.

"WM. PAULDING, Adjutant General."

#### ACTUAL WAR 1812-1815.

From a periodical published during the struggle in New York entitled "The War," the following items are taken as showing the general state of matters upon Lake Ontario soon after the declaration of war.

Under date of July 11, 1812, we find the following:

"The British have taken a vessel on Lake Ontario laden with produce owned by Mr. Abraham Dox of Geneva.

"They have also captured another vessel on Lake Erie belonging principally to Mr. Peter H. Colt, who was on board.

"A PRIZE.—The Ontario, a fine new schooner was taken by Captain Tarrar, Deputy Collector, and brought into the port of St. Vincent last week."

The Governor of Canada, under date of June 20, two days after the declaration of war, issued a proclamation warning all American citizens to depart from Canada within 14 days.

Under date of July 5, 1812, we find the following:

"At Ogdensburgh, eleven batteaux with arms and ammunition belonging to the British were captured on the St. Lawrence by the inhabitants of the contiguous country."

Under date of July 25, 1812:

"The British naval force on Lake Ontario is said to consist of the Royal George, carrying 22 guns, Earl of Moira carrying 16 guns, Prince Regent carrying 14 guns, and Duke of Gloucester carrying 8 guns and several smaller vessels."

At this time Congress had resolved to call out one hundred thousand men, and the quota of the State of New York was thirteen thousand.

Under date of August 8, 1812, there are the following paragraphs:

“ A few days since the inhabitants of Geneva, collected by subscription, about one hundred and thirty dollars, for the purchase of camp equipage for a company of volunteers, which had been raised in that village, and marched to the lines under command of Captain A. Dox.

“ The County of Onondaga filled its quota, without a draft, and two companies of riflemen, under Captains Kellogg and Briston, marched to Oswego.”

July 19, 1812—The British attacked Sacketts Harbor; their Lake Ontario fleet being before that port in force. The place was defended by the troops stationed there, and by the surrounding people, who turned out to the number of three thousand. The British were repulsed.

Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment was on the frontier, at Lewiston, during the fall of 1812.

The battle of Queenstown occurred October 13, 1812.

Under date of November 29, 1812, we find the following:

“ There was launched at Sackett's Harbor, an American ship of war, to be called the Madison, and having the following dimensions: 112 feet keel, 33½ feet beam, 11½ feet hold; 580 tons burden, and intended to mount twenty-four guns.”

In January, 1813, the British were engaged in building two ships of war at Kingston. They had drawn three hundred carpenters from the lower province to work upon them.

February 23, 1813, the British captured Ogdensburgh.

April 28, 1813, Commodore Chauncey, with the American squadron effected a brilliant achievement in the capture of Little York, Canada.

May 8, 1813, Sir Jamas Lucas Yeo reached Montreal with four hundred and fifty able bodied seamen, to take command of the British fleet on Lake Ontario.

The military movements for the defence of the lake and frontier, commenced early in April, 1812, although the declaration of war did not occur until the 19th of June. We give a few orders from the records in the Adjutant-General's office.

April 2, 1812, in an order calling out troops for defence of Oswego and Niagara, there is found the following paragraph:

“ Major General Hall will forthwith detach from the Seventh Division of Infantry under his command, six hun-



dred men, including officers, and will organize them into eight companies, and assign captains and subalterns to command the companies.

"The detachment from his Division will be directed to rendezvous in such parcels and at such places as he shall designate and will from thence proceed to the Post of Niagara.

"Lt.-Col. Philetus Swift will take command of the detachment from the seventh Division."

April 21, 1812, in conformity with orders from the President of the United States 13,500 of the militia of this State were detached from the several Brigades and directed to hold themselves in readiness for the field.

April 28, 1812, orders were issued directing the detachments provided by the order of April 2d, to march immediately to the defence of Oswego and Niagara.

June 23, 1812, separate orders were issued to all the Brigades of militia in the State officially announcing the declaration of war made on the 19th.

The following order of the same date indicates the movements of militia in this section of the State:

"STATE OF NEW YORK—GENERAL ORDERS. }  
HEADQUARTERS, ALBANY, June 23, 1812. }

"*To Major-General Amos Hall:*

"You will please to order out immediately and send on in small detachments as can be accommodated on the road the troops detached from Ontario, Genesee and Niagara as part of the 13,500 men.

"\* \* \* Every officer and every citizen who values the safety of his fellow citizens on the frontier and the dignity and honor of his country, will exert himself to the utmost to inspire mutual confidence to obviate as much as possible the difficulties incident to the assemblage of military detachments and by every possible act of kindness to assist and expedite the movements of the brave men who turn out in behalf of their country. General Wadsworth is ordered into service and will take the command for the present of the detachment already out and the troops which may be ordered into service on the Niagara frontier."

Under date of July 2, 1812, there is another communication to General Amos Hall, in which the Commander-in-Chief informs him that a supply of arms, ammunition and equipments had already been forwarded to Canandaigua. He adds:

“I hope you will exert yourself for the protection of the  
 “frontier, and amongst other things supply some arms and  
 “ammunition to the people south of Buffalo in Chautauqua  
 “and Cattaraugus. *We shall have our hands full*, but I calcu-  
 “late on the energy and bravery of the officers and soldiers  
 “of the western counties for efficient protection of the fron-  
 “tier until regular troops can approach the lines.”

The following acceptance of a volunteer force organized  
 in the town of Williamson, is an interesting item of history :

“STATE OF NEW YORK—GENERAL ORDERS. }  
 HEADQUARTERS, ALBANY, September 7, 1812. }

“Whereas a number of persons inhabitants of the town of  
 Williamson and County of Ontario, being exempted from  
 militia duty, have associated together and formed a company  
 pursuant to the 35th section of the act of the Legislature of  
 the State of New York organizing the militia thereof, and  
 have subscribed a roll pledging themselves to bear arms and  
 take the field to defend the frontier of the County of Ontario ;  
 Now, therefore, the Commander-in-Chief in pursuance of the  
 authority vested in him by the said act does hereby organize  
 the said association as a company of infantry, and commis-  
 sions and brevets Abraham Gallup to be the Captain, James  
 Calhoun to be the Lieutenant, and Nell Alexander to be the  
 Ensign of said company.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,  
 Signed, WM. S. WILKIN, Aide-de-Camp.”

In the year 1813, one order appears calling out a detach-  
 ment of militia from this section.

The detachment was to be divided into two regiments  
 and two Lieutenant-Colonels assigned to each. To the sec-  
 ond of these regiments there were appointed Lieutenant-  
 Colonel Philetus Swift and Lieutenant-Colonel Caleb  
 Hopkins.

At the conclusion of peace the following official announce-  
 ment was made :

“STATE OF NEW YORK—GENERAL ORDERS. }  
 HEADQUARTERS, ALBANY, February 22, 1815. }

“The Commander-in-chief announces with the most heart-  
 felt satisfaction to the militia of the State of New York,  
 the ratification of a treaty of peace between the United  
 States and Great Britain. In congratulating them on this  
 auspicious event he cannot withhold an expression of his  
 praise and gratitude for the promptitude and fidelity with  
 which they have on all occasions obeyed those various calls

of service in defense of the State which its safety compelled him to make. While he applauds their soldier-like deportment in arms and the fortitude which they have evinced under the sufferings and privations of war, he cannot but hope that the accomplishment of an honorable peace, the smiles of an approving conscience and the gratitude of a virtuous and patriotic people will be regarded by them as an ample reward for their many sacrifices. The Commander-in-chief is especially charged by the President of the United States to convey to the militia of this state his thanks for the patriotism, zeal and perseverance so eminently displayed by them in defence of the rights of their country.

By order of the Commander-in-chief,  
SOLOMON VAN RENSSELAER, Adj.-General."

The design of this volume limits us without further discussion of general matters to a narration of the events which occurred in Wayne County and to an enumeration of the men who served in that war.

We have first, a brief general statement from the newspapers already quoted, under date of June 29, 1813 :

" The naval force of the enemy on Lake Ontario are cruising from Niagara down the American side of the lake for the purpose it would seem of sweeping the coast in which they have been but too successful.

" On Saturday, the 12th instant, near Eighteen Mile Creek, they captured two schooners and several boats with valuable cargoes bound from Oswego to Niagara.

" On Tuesday, the 15th instant, they landed some men at the village of Charlotte, entered the store houses and took off between 400 and 500 barrels of flour, pork, etc., together with a large boat laden with 1200 bushels of corn destined for our troops at Fort Niagara.

" From there they proceeded to Sodus; not finding any plunder, they set fire to several buildings near the water and retired."

*From the Ontario Messenger of June 29, 1813.*

#### SODUS BURNED.

" On Saturday afternoon, 19th inst., five sail of the enemy's naval force on Lake Ontario appeared off Sodus Bay. In the morning of the same day the enemy not appearing, Col. Swift's regiment of militia which had formerly assembled for the protection of the place, was dismissed and left Sodus after having removed all the public property to a place of security.

On the alarm being given about forty men, under Capt. E. Hull, collected with a determination to make all the resistance in their power should the enemy attempt to land.

“Under cover of the ensuing night one hundred men from the enemy’s shipping effected a landing undiscovered and proceeded towards the village where they were met by the force under Captain Hull and fired upon. The fire was immediately returned by the enemy and our men retreated, but were not pursued far before the enemy returned to their boats and re-embarked. In this affair we had one killed and three wounded. The enemy’s loss was three killed and seven wounded. Early the ensuing morning a number of British soldiers again landed, and without opposition took and destroyed about 230 barrels of flour, a few barrels of pork and whiskey, all private property—then proceeded to plunder the village of everything valuable and set fire to the houses, which were soon consumed.

“Having thus wantonly done all the mischief in their power, they evacuated the place.

“The principal sufferers are Messrs. Edus, Merrill, Wickham and Nicholas.”

The above news is said to be furnished by a gentleman who arrived at Sodus Point soon after the enemy left the place.

To the men of the present day who have known of Gettysburgh, Cold Harbor, Pittsburgh Landing, and the other battles of the late civil war, especially to the soldiers who served in those engagements, the events of 1813 at Sodus Point, and 1814 at Pultneyville, may seem trivial and scarcely worthy of notice; yet the bravery and fidelity of men must be judged by the circumstances of the case. When the citizens of Sodus and neighboring towns, with no military training, with none of the confidence that inspires disciplined forces, hurried to Sodus Point on the afternoon of June 19, 1813, and in the thick darkness of the rainy night, marched against an unknown force landing from a well equipped fleet, perhaps it required as much firmness, as much stern fidelity to duty as may have nerved veteran soldiers in the battles of far greater magnitude.

From the outbreak of the war, the frontier villages had suffered a sense of insecurity. Especially after a British fleet had been equipped upon the lake, the danger was im-

minent. Government stores were kept to some extent at Sodus Point and Pultneyville, as well as at Charlotte, Brad-docks Bay, and other places along the lake. It was the policy of the British officers to hover along the coast, and if they found a place undefended, secure the stores, either by negotiation or force.

A state of war also gave military excuse for the pillage and destruction of such villages, if the invading forces chose to avail themselves of the opportunity.

Sodus Point had been guarded by a few of the neighboring militia companies, for several days at a time during the months preceding the battle. In June, or July, 1812, according to the affidavit of Asel Latimer and Isaac Featherly, in possession of the writer, a British vessel was seen upon the lake, apparently having designs upon the village. Captain Holcomb's Company was called out, and remained at the Point under command of Lieutenant Nathaniel Merrill, for two or three days.

Subsequently, during the summer and fall of that year, the same company was ordered out, and staid there one or two days at each alarm.

In the spring of 1813, a considerable force was stationed from time to time, at the Point, in anticipation of an attack.

On the 15th of June, it was reported that the British had landed at Genesee river, and would undoubtedly attack Sodus. Portions of Colonel Philetus Swift's regiment, and of Major William Roger's battalion, were immediately ordered there for defence, and remained until Saturday morning, when no enemy appearing, the companies were dismissed. A guard was retained under command of Lieutenant Merrill, to watch the military stores, which had been removed to the woods west of the village.

That same day the British vessels came in sight, and in the afternoon it became evident that an attack upon the village was about to occur. One or two men on horseback were sent out to call back, if possible, the companies which were going home, and rally the citizens generally. One of them rode to Sodus village, and west along the Ridge, shouting: "Turn out!" "Turn out!"

West of Sodus village, Paddock, Dunning, Danforth and others were just getting home from a "raising" on Morse hill, but tired as they were, they hastened to Sodus Point with such guns as they could hastily seize.

The other messenger rode southward, following the retiring soldiers.

In the vicinity of South Sodus, the settlers were at a "logging bee," and some of them are said to have gone direct to the Point, without going home for supper. Of this horseman, John P. Terry, now of Portsmouth, Ohio, in a letter given below, says:

"I recollect perfectly well seeing him pass our house riding fast, blowing a horn, and shouting 'The British are landing!'"

The men that gathered at Sodus Point, in answer to this call, were some of them members of Captain Holcomb's company, others of Captain Hull's, and others still belonged to no organization whatever.

The alarm called back some of the militia who were on their way home after their discharge in the morning, but many of the men were simply citizens, with no pretensions to military training. At the Point they had no organization. At first Rev. Seba Norton, who had seen service in the war of the Revolution, was looked to as leader and Captain.

A little later Captain Elias Hull reached the Point, and the command was yielded to him.

The area of cleared land at the Point was not then very large. A thick, dense growth of trees and brush extended up to and covered most of the public square; its eastern edge running somewhat diagonally from the present site of the Methodist church to the northwest. This was almost impassable save by the single road, north to the lighthouse of the present day, thence west along the Lake bank, bearing south and reaching the line of the present road near the farm residence of B. B. Seaman. There was also a footpath which led off southwest from the place now occupied by the Methodist church. The night was very dark. It had been cloudy during the day and was raining a little in the evening. It was impossible to see a yard in advance.

The line was formed as regularly as it was possible to do near the woods. It was agreed to march over the rise of

ground towards the water, and if the enemy were met in superior force to deliver their fire and then retreat; nor was it expected that the company would maintain its line in that event. It was to be "each for himself." The movement thus decided upon was executed at or near midnight. Marching up the street past the Mansion House they reached the high ground along by Wickham's store and the Johnson House of the present time. They found that the British had landed and were advancing. This was known by the noise and by a few lanterns the enemy were carrying. The dim light showed a force supposed to be 300 or more, marching in order up the slope from the waters' edge. Amasa Johnson from the American line shot down one of the lights. Instantly was heard the command of the British officer, FIRE! And a volley immediately followed. In many of the traditional accounts the shots are said to have passed over the heads of the American line. This may be true, but from the nature of the case the shot probably struck the ground in front and below them principally. Asher Warner and Charles Terry were mortally wounded and an affidavit of the late James Edwards, who was a very competent witness, states that several others were also struck. Among these were Captain Nathaniel Merrill, Mr. Eldridge, a hired man in the employ of Ammi Ellsworth, and also Mr. Knight. The flash of the British guns had revealed their position with considerable distinctness and the Americans with well directed aim poured a deadly fire into the enemy's ranks. It has been generally stated that two or more were killed in the British line and several wounded.

The information upon this point is not very certain yet it is entirely probable and consistent with the known facts. The "battle" was over. In the confusion that followed, the two forces were very near each other or mingled as the British carried off three prisoners, Christopher Britton, father of the late John Britton, of Alton, and Harry Skinner and also a colored man by the name of Gilbert Saulter. Both parties retreated and both for very good reasons. The British could have no idea of the force in their front, and in the darkness of midnight it would have been the

height of folly to advance. They hastily took to their boats. The Americans knew their own weakness and had very good proof that a force much superior to them in numbers and discipline had landed. The Americans scattered, some to the woods, others to their homes. George Palmer says that he with others came up to the Pollock place on the old Geneva road and staid there till morning.\*

There were some amusing incidents. Charles Eldridge from the bushes shouted, "I am killed!" "I am killed!" An examination showed that a bullet had cut a piece of skin and flesh from his throat and the blood began to flow freely after a lively run. George Palmer says that while he was making good time for the rear he passed the gruff old revolutionary Baptist minister, Seba Norton. The latter says, "Go on. Don't wait for me. I won't run." Major Farr and Lieutenant Merrill each thought the other an enemy and played an extraordinary series of dodges. The former got entangled and lost in the woods and did not find his way out till morning.

The next morning the British opened a slight cannonade and then landed a small force. They seized the stores in the warehouses and then set all the buildings on fire except one. The tavern of Nathaniel Merrill, the store of Captain Wickham and its contents; his dwelling-house; the Fitzhugh house; the house of Wm. Edus; two warehouses and several other buildings were totally destroyed.

The house saved was one that had been recently erected by Barakins and Hoylarts. It was the Mansion House of later years and was destroyed by fire in 1881. The tall solid chimneys of 1811 are still standing, marking the site of the

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\* Mrs. Uriah Seymour still living was then seven years of age. With her mother Mrs. Johnson, (who afterwards became Mrs. Thomas Boyd) she went that afternoon to Mrs. Pollocks. In the evening there were no men there; she slept on the floor and heard nothing of the sounds of war. In the morning, however, she distinctly remembers the house and yard were filled with men and with beds, bedding and other household goods hastily brought away from the Point. They had one prisoner who was handcuffed. She remembers that the women of the Wickham family were at Mrs. Pollocks, and thinks those of the Merrill family were at the house of Abner Arms. She remembers soldiers from the South passing there Sunday and Monday on the way to the Point. Some put their horses into the pasture there and went on afoot. Many stopped for water or for something to eat.



old historic building. Asher Warner was picked up by the British mortally wounded and carried into this house and there he died. It is said that the British placed a pitcher of water near him and that the officers twice extinguished a fire kindled by the men to destroy the building.

With reference to Charles Terry, who was also wounded and died a few weeks later, we give the following extract of a letter from John P. Terry, a son of the deceased, then a boy of seven years.

The letter is under date of Sept. 7, 1882, and is excellent authority for the circumstances related, as all the particulars were sure to be talked over for years in a family where the husband and father had thus lost his life. He says:

“ Soon after the war of 1812 had been declared the British fitted out separate some four or more brigs and armed and manned them fully.

“ They coasted near the southern shore of Lake Ontario. Their object was, when an opportunity presented itself, to slip into any port and burn the town and destroy property. The able bodied men near where my father lived (seven miles south of the Point) formed themselves into a company called minute men and they were to go at a minute's warning to the assistance of the people of the Point. As near as I can recollect this company was formed in 1812. In the spring of 1813 the British hove in sight of the Point. A courier was dispatched on a fast horse south to Lyons to give the alarm. I recollect perfectly well seeing him pass our house, riding fast, blowing a horn and shouting that the British were landing.

“ My father told Horace to harness up the horse, took his gun jumped into the wagon and drove towards the Point. He said he must help Capt. Merrill save his produce which he had stored up in his warehouse, as I have heard he did. By that time the British had landed in their small boats. My father in the meantime had taken his gun and joined his company. The British fired a few volleys and retreated to their boats.

“ A man by the name of Warner was killed and my father was shot. The ball entered his vest pocket and came out at the edge of his vest lining. He was carried into a tavern and soon after was put into his wagon and brought home. I remember distinctly that it was raining very hard and that my mother as soon as she heard that he was on the way started on foot through the rain and mud to meet

“him. I also recollect that the bed was saturated with blood. Several doctors attended him and all were led to think he would get well. But at the expiration of two weeks he got out of bed and walked to the door. He caught cold and two weeks thereafter he died. His name was Charles. His age I do not know but think it was about 48. I forgot to mention that the Americans returned the fire and several British were killed.”

A letter from Jonathan Warner of Mineral Ridge, Ohio, furnishes many items of interest in relation to the affair at Sodus Point:

“MINERAL RIDGE, OHIO, January 1, 1883.

“L. H. CLARK, ESQ. :

“*Dear Sir*—I was five years old at the death of my father. He was killed at the battle of Sodus Point. The particulars I have were from Isaac Davidson and others who were in the battle. A large draft had been made upon the able bodied men in Sodus to go to Lewiston, so that there was scarcely more than forty heads of families left in the town. When the news came which flew through the country like wild fire almost every man seized his gun, left home and went down to Sodus Point. The British fleet was then in full view. The first work was to remove all provisions and movable goods to a ravine or gulley west of the Point. After the battle nearly all of our men retreated to the edge of this gulley where they remained as a picket line guarding this property. The British burning the town were in full view of this little guard and fearing there might be a large body of troops in the woods they left much earlier no doubt than they otherwise would. At the outset of the affair after removing the property the Americans chose as Captain Elias Hull of Lyons. Knowing the British would land that night they prepared to meet them on the road about half way between where the pier now is and Thomas Wickham's store, where at that time there was a little gulley and two small hills on both sides where our men stationed themselves. When the British had marched nearly down the first hill and quite near to our men who were ready and waiting, the word fire was given. The Americans all fired into the British ranks and then retreated up the little hill in the rear of them. Many have told me they distinctly heard groanings in the British line after their fire.

“To drown this the British band commenced to play, with drum and fife. The fire of the British, 300 to 500 strong, immediately followed, but being deceived in the ground nearly all shot under. A man by the name of Terry was wounded,

and Nathaniel Merrill, who lived at the Point, was shot through the hand. My father was shot through the body. The British tramped over him and afterwards picked him up and put him in the large house once occupied by Mr. Wood as a hotel. The British burned every house on the Point but this one. Father lived from twenty to twenty-four hours. They set fire to the building two or three times, but the commanding officer had the fire put out, not willing to burn a man alive, and thus the building was saved.

"The British fleet left late that afternoon. Father died with a pitcher of water in his hand given him by the British. The floor of this room was literally covered with blood, and being soft wood it soaked in so deep that it could not be planed out. My father wallowed as it were in his own gore. The blood from his hands and fingers was to be seen on the sides of the room where he had tried to get up and steady himself but had fallen back in his weakness.

"At this time my mother had been dead three years. My two sisters were brought up in other families, one by Immer Crittenden of Old Castle, Geneva, and the other by John Taylor of Phelps. My father was living with his second wife, and myself and brother Daniel were at home. We lived on the Geneva road, about a half mile north of Elder Norton's brick meeting house.

"My brother Daniel, was twelve years old. Hearing that my father was killed and that the fleet was gone, he harnessed a horse to a lumber wagon, reaching the Point between sundown and dark. Isaac Davidson and another man whose name I do not remember, helped him take my father's body from the room and place it in the wagon on some straw. That mere boy took the body home alone, in the darkness and through the woods. My step-mother taking me with her had gone to the house of relatives two or three miles away. The old log house was shut up and deserted. Daniel had to go nearly a mile for help. He got John Peeler, then a boy about his own age, and those two boys alone at midnight carried the body from the wagon into the house. At 9 or 10 o'clock the next day neighbors came in and the body was properly prepared for burial. My father's clothes were very bloody, and when taken off were put into a kettle of water at the door to soak. It is one of the distinct recollections of my childhood that my brother Daniel lifted the pantaloons out of the water and showed me the bullet hole which was through the waistband; the ball having passed through the middle of his body. The particulars I have given were related to me by Judge Green and his aged father; by Elder Norton and his son Daniel H.

Norton; by Isaac Davidson, Daniel Arms, Jonathan L. Powell, Nicholas Pullen, Dr. Lummis, Captain Wickham, Timothy Axtell, and a great many others of the most reliable men of that day in Sodus.

"There was a bedstead corded up in the room where my father was carried at the Point. He was laid on that, but afterwards, in his agony, rolled off on to the floor. It appears that he was very thirsty, and called for water continually. Some kind hearted British officer no doubt heard the cry, and not only commanded to put out the fire, but to take him the pitcher of water also. This pitcher was clenched in his hand when he died, and was found by Isaac Davidson, the first man who ventured down from the picket line to the house, after the British had left.

"About a week after the battle of Sodus Point, our troops returned from Lewiston down the Ridge, went to Sodus Point, and then to Geneva. I had an uncle among them by the name of Gastin. He took me home with him. I rode in the feed-box at the hind end of the baggage-wagon, and he fed me from his knapsack.

"My father was poor. I had no shoes and very little of anything to wear. My uncle was also poor, but he had a kind heart, and did what he could for me; yet my lot there and at Waterloo, for four or five years, was a hard one until Uncle Charles Fields, of Sodus, took me home with him.

Yours sincerely, JONATHAN WARNER."

This account differs slightly in some unimportant particulars from that already given, but sustains it in its leading features. Warner must have been shot Saturday night, about 12 o'clock, and died the next afternoon. In the burning and general plunder, the British did not leave until some time Sunday afternoon, as it is probable Isaac Davidson and others would go to the house very soon after the British had actually left, and Mr. Warner shows that his father was already dead, having lived some twenty hours after he was shot. It was Sunday evening when the boy, Daniel Warner, drove home with the body.

Asher Warner was buried in the Brick Church Cemetery, and his grave is marked by a monument erected in after years, by Jonathan Warner, and bearing the following inscription:

"In memory of Asher Warner, who fell in the battle of Sodus, June 12, 1813, while fighting in defence of his country."

The date on this stone and other modern accounts, make this attack to have occurred June 12, 1813; and that date has been regarded as the correct one for many years past. But the weight of authority is strongly in favor of the 19th. The extracts from the newspapers already given, written only ten days after the events, are not easily set aside. Besides the numerous affidavits made in support of Mr. Wickham's claim for damages, and *sworn to in* 1816, all give the date as the 19th.

Extracts from these affidavits are given at the close of this chapter.

It is not possible to make a perfect list of those persons who were present at the Point in the battle. In several affidavits made in late years with reference to pension claims, the whole number is stated at about sixty.

It seems to be very well determined that the following persons were in the line on that dark night :

Elder Seba Norton.	Daniel Arms.
George Palmer.	James Edwards.
Daniel Norton.	Wm. P. Irwin.
Timothy Axtell.	Obadiah Johnson.
Freeman Axtell.	Nicholas Pullen.
John Axtell.	Jonathan Clemens.
Charles Terry.	William Danforth.
Horace G. Terry.	Asel Latimer.
Asher Warner.	John Mansfield.
Thomas Boyd.	John Fellows.
Frederick Boyd.	John McNutt.
Elias Hull.	Mr. Aldrich.
Byram Green.	Ammi Ellsworth.
Samuel Green.	Aberdeen Blanchard.
Andries Onderdonk,	John Beach.
Lyman Dunning.	Serenno Edwards.
Robert A. Paddock.	David Brayton.
William Pitcher,	Thomas Wheeler.
Amasa Johnson.	Nathaniel Merrill.
Amos Johnson.	Asher Doolittle.
Luke Johnson.	John Reed.
7 John Holcomb	Cornelius Chips.
Gardner Warren.	Alanson M. Knapp.
Jenks Pullen.	Chauncey Bishop.
Mr. Knight.	Mr. Eldridge.*

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\* Mr. Eldridge afterwards went into the service on the lines and was killed at Queenstown—as stated by Levi Ellsworth.

Jacob Van Wickle.  
 Alanson Cory.  
 Cooper Barclay.  
 Isaac Davidson.  
 Major Farr.  
 Christopher Britton.

Hiram Payne.  
 David Barclay.  
 Moses Austin.  
 William Young.  
 Stephen Bushnell.  
 Harry Skinner.

Citizens of the Point whose property was in danger were doubtless in the skirmish that night. Captain Wickham prior to his settlement here had been in the U. S. Navy. At the time of the destruction of the village he was in New York buying goods. As there were many who reached the Point the next day, their descendants in hearing the matter talked over may have supposed some to have been there the night before who were not. The name of Isaac Davidson is in the above list. He was then the miller at Dr. Lummis' grist-mill, now Preston's—and in the early evening as he once told the editor of this volume, he was locked into the mill by another man who was leaving and supposed that all were gone; that he got out and went to the Point in time for the exchange of shots at midnight, is probable enough to sustain the statement made in various affidavits with reference to his claim to a pension and that of others.

The destruction of the village Sunday morning was witnessed by various Americans, who were powerless to interfere. Timothy Axtell once related to the writer that he saw the landing, the capture of the flour and the burning of the place from what is now known as Margaretta Point, or somewhere along the shore of the Bay on the South.

The enemy were evidently in a hurry, not even then in daylight knowing what force might suddenly attack them from the woods. The flour was partly on the second floor of the warehouse. They rolled it out without lowering it, and barrels that broke were left. They secured but little. The most of the supplies, pork, flour and whiskey had been carried back into the woods, on the low ground between the present site of the Episcopal church and Lummis Hall. Daniel Arms had been very active in removing these supplies and though the various lists of names do not include him as being at the Point that night yet there is no doubt but that he was there.

The British put on shore the prisoners taken, Farr, Britton and Saulter, not caring to retain them.

The family of Col. Fitzhugh (he himself having died in 1810) passed the night in great suspense. Living on the hill overlooking the bay a mile south, they had buried or otherwise secreted all their plate or other valuables. They hung bed-quilts over all the windows to prevent any ray of light finding its way out. The widow, the children and the servants had no sleep that night. The next morning they saw the smoke of the burning village darkening the sky, and it was only when the sails of the British fleet were seen disappearing in the distance that they experienced a sense of relief and concluded that their home was not to be a target for English cannon.

Timothy Axtell, when the alarm was given, went to a neighbors to borrow a gun. The man being absent from home the wife refused to lend the weapon. It lay on hooks over the door, whereupon Axtell took it without further ceremony. Afterwards the man sued Axtell before a justice of the peace at Canandaigua, and obtained  $6\frac{1}{4}$  cents damages.

Lossing, in his "Field Book of the War of 1812," gives the following account of this affair. It is not entirely correct, as will be seen below, but as an extract from a work which occupies a prominent place in many public libraries, it is worthy of notice.

Speaking of the operations of the British fleet upon Lake Ontario, he says:

"Sailing eastward they appeared off Sodus Bay on Friday, the 18th of June, and on the following evening a party of about one hundred, fully armed, landed at Sodus Point (now in Wayne county) for the purpose of destroying the American stores known to be deposited there. These had been removed to a place of concealment a little back of the village. The enemy were exasperated on finding the store-houses empty, and threatened to destroy the village if the place of concealment of their contents should not be revealed. The women and children fled in alarm. A negro, compelled by threats, gave the enemy the desired information; and they were marching in the direction of the stores when they were confronted [at a bridge over a ravine] by forty men under command of Capt. [Turner] of Lyons. A sharp skirmish occurred in which each party lost

“two men. Both parties fell back, and the foiled British, as they returned to their vessels, burned the public store-houses, five dwellings and the old Williamson Hotel. They laid waste property valued at about \$25,000. From Sodus the British squadron continued its course eastward and appeared off Oswego with a wish to enter the harbor and seize or destroy stores there, but Sir James, who was a cautious commander, did not venture in, and on the morning of the 21st the squadron turned westward and for several days lay off the Niagara River.”

Lossing adds this note :

“Capt. Luther Redfield, of Clyde, Wayne county, in a letter to the author, written in February, 1860, when the old soldier was about 86 years of age, says :

“In a log house a few rods north of the present Presbyterian church, in the village of Junius, public worship was being held on Sunday, [June 13,\*] following the attack. The attack was the Saturday evening before. As the afternoon service was about to commence a horseman came dashing up at full speed with the news of the British invasion.

“Luther Redfield was a Captain in the regiment of Colonel Philetus Swift. There were also several non-commissioned officers in the church.

“These were sent to arouse the military of the neighborhood, and by 5 o'clock Captain Redfield was on the march with about one hundred men. They halted most of the night a few miles north of Lyons, but resumed their march by moonlight, towards morning. They arrived at Sodus a little after sunrise, on Monday morning. The British were gone from the village, but the fleet was still in sight.

“The company remained about a week at Sodus Point, and were then discharged.”

The account given by Lossing, mingles the events of Saturday evening and Sunday morning in a confused way ; and the story of the interview with a negro, about the concealment of the stores, has no support in local tradition.

The author of this volume, born in Sodus, has conversed with a score or more of those who were in the engagement at the Point, and never heard such an incident mentioned, *until* recently.

An affidavit found elsewhere, gives probably the true story as to the information given by the negro.

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\* Should be 20th.



The following is probably a correct statement of the hostile forces on Lake Ontario in the fall of 1813:

## AMERICAN SQUADRON.

Corvette ship, General Pike,	carrying	28	guns.
Ship Madison,	“	24	“
Brig Oneida,	“	18	“
Schooner Sylph,	“	10	“
“ Governor Tompkins,	“	4	“
“ Conquest,	“	2	“
“ Ontario,	“	2	“
“ Pert,	“	1	“
“ Lady of the Lake,	“	1	“
		<hr/>	
		90	

## BRITISH SQUADRON.

Ship General Wolfe,	carrying	27	guns.
“ Royal George,	“	24	“
Brig Earl Moira,	“	18	“
A new Brig,	“	18	“
Schooner Prince Regent,	“	16	“
“ Sir Sidney Smith,	“	18	“
“ Growler, captured from the Americans,	“	3	“
“ John, captured from the Americans,	“	2	“
		<hr/>	
		126	

There was an alarm in relation to Sodus Point, in May, 1814, as appears by the following :

*From the Ontario Messenger of May 10, 1814.*

Oswego having been taken by the British, the *Messenger* says :

“ In addition to the above, we learn that Col. Swift's regiment of militia marched, on Sunday last, (May 8,) for the protection of Sodus, and an express left here on Sunday evening, to give timely notice of the approach of the enemy at the Genesee river.”

## ATTACK UPON PULTNEYVILLE.

In a history of the war between the United States and Great Britain, which went through three editions in the next year after the close of the war we find the following paragraph :

“On the 15th of May, 1814, the enemy landed several hundred men at Pultneyville, (which is on the margin of Lake Ontario,) and took possession of 100 barrels damaged flour, which were in a store close by the lake. General Swift, on hearing of the advance of the enemy, reached Pultneyville with about 130 volunteers and militia; but deeming the force too small to oppose a numerous enemy, within range of the guns of his fleet, he did not dispute the possession of the damaged flour; but finding the enemy proceeding to other depredations, he commenced a fire on him from an adjacent wood, which wounded several and compelled him to re-embark, when a cannonade commenced from the fleet on the town, without doing material injury. A large quantity of flour was deposited about a mile from the town, which the enemy chose to forego the plunder of, rather than trust himself in the woods with General Swift and his riflemen.”

The above paragraph was doubtless condensed from the following article that was published in the *Ontario Messenger* of Canandaigua, about two weeks after the event. This appears from the similarity of the language used :

“On Saturday morning (15th ult.,) the British squadron was discovered making towards Pultneyville, and information was sent to General Swift, who repaired thither in the course of the succeeding night with 130 volunteers and militia.

“On Sunday a flag was sent on shore demanding a peaceable surrender of all public property and threatening an immediate destruction of the village (which is on the margin of the Lake) in case of refusal. General Swift returned for answer that he should oppose any attempt to land by all the means in his power.

“Soon after the return of this flag General Swift was induced by the pressing solicitations and entreaties of the inhabitants of the town to permit one of the citizens to go to the enemy with a flag of truce and offer up the surrender of the property contained in a storehouse at the water's edge, consisting of about 100 barrels of flour considerably damaged, on condition that the commanding officers would stipulate not to take any other nor molest the inhabitants.

“Before the return of this flag the enemy sent their boats with several hundred men on shore, who took possession of the flour in the store and were proceeding to further depredations.

“General Swift, whose force was too inferior to justify an open attack (and which if attempted must have exposed

his men to the guns of the whole fleet) commenced a fire upon them from an adjacent wood, which wounded several and became so harrassing as to induce them to re-embark, when they commenced a cannonade from the fleet upon the town, which was continued for some time but with no other injury than a few shot-holes through the houses. Three hundred barrels of good flour had been removed back from the storehouse a few days before leaving the damaged flour, which was the only booty the enemy obtained. The 300 barrels were carried back of the town, of which the enemy were appraised by some prisoners they had taken. But they chose to forego the plunder of it rather than risk themselves in the wood with General Swift and his riflemen."

From memoranda among the papers of the late William Rogers it appears that his battalion was called out several times to guard the stores at Pultneyville. One order calling the men out was issued July 8, 1813, and another one December 21, 1813. On each occasion the battalion was under arms two or three days.

When the news was received that the British fleet was hovering along the Southern shore of Lake Ontario early in May, 1814,—a small force of militia were sent to Pultneyville for the defense of the place.

Probably Major Rogers' Battalion was called out as it had been on the two occasions mentioned above. The published account quoted also shows that a special alarm was given on Saturday morning which called General Swift to the place with additional men. They arrived Saturday night. The next morning the lake and land were covered with a thick fog. General Swift paraded his militia in the principal street on the morning of Sunday, and was giving them something of a drill when the fog lifted and disclosed the British fleet anchored in front of the village. The Americans might have been cut to pieces by a broadside from the British guns but the fleet had been in the fog as well as the village, and the surprise was doubtless mutual. The militia finished their drill by a movement not laid down in the manual of arms.

In other words "they took to the woods;" though that may not be the military phrase appropriate to the situation. The steps that followed next are not very clearly set-

tled in local tradition but negotiations took place. Samuel Ledyard drew up a written stipulation surrendering this government property in the warehouse.\*

The order of procedure is supposed to have been as follows: The British sent a boat ashore under a flag of truce bringing a written demand for the surrender of the place. Russell Whipple, Andrew Cornwall and Samuel Ledyard, responded with a white handkerchief on a stick and received the officers. The British boat returned to the fleet. Gen. Swift indignantly refused to sign any agreement for surrendering the public property, and proposed to make the best defense possible—but finally did sign the paper drawn up by Samuel Ledyard or authorized it. Under a flag of truce a boat was then sent out to the fleet in which Samuel Ledyard, Russell Whipple and probably Edward Phelps carried the stipulation of surrender. It was accepted. This is not quite the statement of the newspaper account, but the difference is of little or no importance. The capitulation stipulated that the flour in the Ledyard warehouse should be delivered up without resistance. This warehouse was the west one of the two that stood until a few years ago in the rear of the present Reynold's store. The store of Mr. Ledyard in 1814 was about on the site of the present dwelling-house which stands just north of the Post-office building. At that time there was a fence on the north side of the street enclosing a yard around the warehouse. It is generally claimed that the stipulation made with the enemy required them to not only respect private property and refrain from any injury to the inhabitants but to remain upon the grounds around the warehouse while taking the flour. The agreement was completed and the British landed and engaged in taking the flour.†

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\* T. Scott Ledyard states that he has always understood that his father drew up the article of capitulation on the top of his hat while going out in the boat. If so he must have had General Swift's authority to sign it for him or had his signature in blank. At this distance of time there are of course many of these minor points that can neither be accurately determined nor reconciled with each other.

† The British though they afterwards scattered and committed depredations, yet in landing drew up in order before the warehouse and asked for the American officers in command to formally deliver to them the flour. No one appearing, either with the permission of the citizens who had made the negotiations or without it, they began to load the flour into their boats.

The American militia was divided into two companies. One under command of Major Wm. Rogers was posted under the bank along by Craggs present grist-mill. This company moved during the skirmish to the east and halted in what is now Washington Throop's seven-acre-field. The other company was commanded by General Swift and were stationed in the ravine that crosses Jay street south of the present residence of Mrs. Owen.

The British officers and soldiers soon exceeded the limits assigned to them in the agreement. They were in the street and in the bar-room of the Whipple tavern. One or more went as far as Mr. Williams' house, who lived about on the site of the present Methodist church. Others went to the house of Andrew Cornwall, the building that stood west of the Union church down to 1880. There they forced an entrance, thrust a bayonet through the door, and damaged milk and other supplies. Believing these movements to be a violation of the agreement, General Swift may have ordered the militia to fire, but it is generally agreed that the first shot was unauthorized.\* James Seeley came out of the woods near the

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\* It is a long disputed and perhaps a never-to-be-settled question whether there was a breach of the stipulations of surrender by the British or not. The newspaper account given above states that the British attacked the place before the pending negotiations were completed. That before the return of the boat with the American flag they landed several hundred men and commenced taking the stores; if so, that would be a violation of the flag of truce, and justified the firing upon them by the Americans. This newspaper account was written within two weeks after the event, and if the unknown writer was an impartial witness, having no object in coloring the facts, it would be testimony far outweighing tradition. Still local tradition is so strong and it has been so universally stated for the last fifty years, that a stipulation was signed and that the British commenced taking the flour in pursuance thereof, that we are obliged to accept that view. There are men now living at Pultneyville who remember back to within a very few years of the events, and sons of men who made the negotiations. A stipulation must have been signed. There is and has been, universal agreement at Pultneyville upon that fact. The *wording* of the stipulation is somewhat in doubt. If the British were limited to the warehouse yard and they "got over the fence," they violated the agreement and that justified the Americans' fire upon them. If they were not confined to the exact yard, and yet commenced depredations upon private property, that justified the American's fire. If they did not, then the Americans violated the agreement by firing upon the British. Yet both the newspaper account and local tradition agree that in one or the other of the two ways mentioned the British did violate the terms of the surrender and the Americans were justified in firing upon them.

house of Mrs Owen, and seeing "a red coat" near the well of the Whipple tavern, (a well now covered by a portion of the house,) deliberately fired at him.\* The shot passed through his arm. There was instant commotion. The British soldiers, who are said to have landed from their Batteaux with unloaded guns, loaded forthwith. There was a scattering of both sides. In the scuffle the British seized as prisoners, Richard White, bartender; Prescott Fairbanks, Mr. Ledyard's clerk, and Russell Cole. The latter jumped away in front of Ledyard's store, dashed around it to the creek and swam over to the other side. While all this was occurring, Mr. Brockway stepped out from the woods and fired upon a Batteaux that carried a swivel gun and was lying near the shore, opposite the foot of Jay street. The swivel gun returned the fire promptly, and the second or third time it was prematurely discharged, and severely wounded one or more British soldiers. Not many minutes elapsed before the enemy, having loaded and regained their boats, commenced a scattering musketry fire, paying their particular respects to the bushes into which Russell Cole had escaped. An old ashery on that side of the creek bore marks of bullets for some years.

A British soldier up stairs in the tavern, who, (as tradition states it) was attempting to break open a chest containing the Masonic paraphernalia, lost his life by the fire of his own men. Shot in the back while kneeling at the chest, he was dead when the retreat was ordered. Either with or without orders the Americans returned the musketry fire to some extent. Simultaneously with the opening of the firing on land a cannonade was begun from the vessels of the fleet; at first with elevated range throwing balls in a few instances a mile south. Then when they supposed they had stopped recruits from coming in they fired some distance to the west

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\* Mr. Ansel Cornwall, whose father was walking with the officer at the time the latter was wounded, states that they were a little further west, near Mr. Cragg's present house. There had been some firing in the woods just before, and to the officer's question what that meant, Mr. Cornwall had replied that he presumed the boys were shooting pigeons. As the officer was struck, he said: "I think the boys mean to have some fun," and turning to Mr. Cornwall or others he added: "Take care of yourselves, there may be some sharp work," or some remark of that kind.

and some distance to the east. After that the range upon each extreme was brought nearer and nearer together as if driving the American force to the centre, through which they afterwards fired steadily. This is the description of the cannonade given to the writer by Robert A. Paddock and Lyman Dunning of Sodus, many years ago. The affair ended as abruptly as it commenced. Whether on account of news suddenly signaled to the fleet from a distance, or for some other cause, an order from the fleet recalled the boats in great haste. The British soldiers hurriedly carried their dead comrade down the stairs of the tavern, striking his head it is said on the steps, pushed off to the fleet; and the latter immediately making sail disappeared in the distance.

The prisoners White and Fairbanks were taken away and sent to Halifax. It was some months before they were released. Richard White survived, until a recent date, in Williamson. Fairbanks was the son of Rev. Eleazer Fairbanks the early Presbyterian minister of Palmyra who settled at what is still known as Fairbanks' Point east of Pultneyville. He went to Halifax and secured the release of his son. The health of the latter was injured by the exposure and he died not long after the war. He left one son, Rufus Fairbanks, and a son of the latter bearing the same name as his grandfather, resides at Williamson. The widow of Prescott Fairbanks, the prisoner, afterwards became the wife of Colonel Cottrell of Williamson.

Russell Cole was a blacksmith by trade and also a gunsmith; an ingenious mechanic and withal something of a hunter. He could make a rifle and use it. He married a daughter of Deacon Abraham Pepper.

About six miles above Pultneyville the British had landed, seized Noah Fuller and Captain Church and compelled them to act as pilots in approaching Pultneyville. The families left the village mostly at the discovery that the fleet was before the place. Samuel Throop took his wife and children to the Hatch place, the house still standing on the old Shipley homestead just north of Isaac Shipley's brick dwelling-house. Several cannon balls fell in the field opposite and they moved on, to the house of Thomas Fish.

Mrs. Andrew Cornwall and others went up to the Decroif place and from there to the Albright house a mile west.\*

Balls have been ploughed up in the vicinity of the house now belonging to Dr. A. P. Sheldon, then the place of Jacob W. Hallet. It was a prominent object from the lake and a good target for cannon practice. The gunners were not very successful, however, in their aim, as the house was not struck. There was a hole made by a cannon ball in the old Selby house which now stands on the west corner at the foot of Jay street. It remained there many years and only disappeared when the building was repaired. Balls have also been found at various places in and around the village; on the present place of Ansel Cornwall and on the present farm of Evelyn Cornwall.

The *Enterprise* built at Pultneyville, was employed in the government service. Loaded with flour and pork for Fort Niagara it was chased by a British cruiser. The crew ran the *Enterprise* into Eighteen Mile Creek, scuttled her and carried the sails away into the woods. The British boats captured and refitted the craft for use in their service.

Samuel Ledyard owned a trading sloop † during the war. It was chartered by the government at one time and a load of supplies taken to Sackett's Harbor. The late Abraham Pepper of Pultneyville was one of the crew on that trip.

The families living at Pultneyville, or near there, at the

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\* Russell Cole who had escaped through the creek joined them having on his drenched clothes. While they were going along, a clearing brought the party in sight of the fleet and a volley of grape shot was fired after them doing no damage however.

† We suppose that it is of this vessel that the late Milton Fairbanks used to tell an amusing incident. While on a trading expedition with only one old rusty musket on board in the way of arms, they saw at no great distance a boat full of men which the crew believed to be British. As an attempt at defence they loaded the old musket to the muzzle filling it up with slugs, nails, etc. Balancing it across a box they determined to give the enemy one gun at least. Cautiously touching it off with a coal of fire the effect was astonishing—the noise was like the report of a cannon. The old musket "kicking" rebounded into the lake and has never been seen since. The men in the boat expecting to be sunk by the next shot, hoisted a white handkerchief and pulled in to surrender. The boat load *had* consisted of six Yankee prisoners under a British guard, but a few hours before the Yankees had overpowered the guard and the latter were now the prisoners.



time of the attack, are shown in the following names upon the road warrants of 1814, for Districts No. 21 and No. 31 :

George D. Phelps, Oliver Phelps, William Holling, John Abell, William Alcock, Jacob W. Hallett, Samuel Ledyard, Rufus P. Fairbanks, William L. Grandin, Samuel Throop, Jared C. Selby, James Calhoun, Jr., Milton Fairbanks, of No. 21.

Nathaniel Babbitt, Elijah Stocking, Abraham Pepper, Abraham Pepper, Jr., John De Kroift, Andrew Cornwall, William Waters,\*of No. 31.

There may, however, have been others who were not assessed for road work, by reason of not being on the assessment roll of the town.

Alvah Fuller, Esq., now a resident of Aurora, Ill., sends the following :

“My grandfather, Thomas Fuller of North Adams, Mass., was one of the early volunteers in the Revolutionary war. He died at the house of his daughter, Berthy Wood, in Macedon, Wayne Co., N. Y., in 1816. My father, Noah Fuller, was captain of an Independent Rifle Company, during the war of 1812, in Ontario, Wayne County, N. Y. He was taken prisoner while residing on his farm, in Ontario, six miles west of Pultneyville, on the lake shore. It was a pleasant day in the summer of 1814, when the British war vessel *King George*, came sailing down the shore opposite my father's farm, threw out her anchors and sent one of her gun boats with twelve red coats on shore. My mother and children took my father's uniform, sword and rifle, went out the back door to the woods and hid them in a heap of brush, while my father and Captain Church, an old Revolutionary soldier, walked down to the beach to meet the red coats, who informed them that the captain wanted to see them on board the *King George*. They ordered them to go with them, and when aboard set sail and carried them down the lake to Pultneyville, where the United States Government had certain military stores, guarded by a few militia, who refused to let the British land until they had fired several cannon balls through the old two story “Whipples's” public house, which made the glass and splinters fly. Under the rules of war they could not hold Captains Fuller and Church as prisoners and they were set free and after a walk of four miles, brought them home quite late. After this, Captain Fuller and his company were called into active service, crossing into Canada at Lewiston, where they remained until the close of the war, when the most disgraceful peace, as

Captain Fuller always said, was consented to by our government. This was the time to have conquered Canada, but we still have it to do. My oldest son, Joseph Allen Fuller, settled at Emporia, Kansas, and in 1857 was deputy sheriff of Lyons county. When the Rebellion broke out, he was requested to assist Colonel Mitchell in raising a regiment. Joseph A. Fuller was First Lieutenant of the company raised at Emporia. Their first battle was at Wilson's Creek, Missouri, where General Lyons fell. Colonel Mitchell was shot in the shoulder, and Lieutenant Fuller received a ball in his side. He was afterward shot in the head, taken from the field, surviving until he reached his home, when he expired, having given his young life for the country he loved."

At the time of the Pultneyville affair there was a saw-mill North of the main street and West of the creek; the dam being where the street now crosses near the residence of Harvey Auchampach. There was also a grist-mill about on the site of the present Pallister warehouse, either then built or soon after.

When the militia were stationed at Pultneyville during the war they used for their headquarters the barn of Samuel Throop, which then stood on the North side of the street East of the present Reynolds house.

The British left Pultneyville in such a hurry that the crew of one of the Batteaux lying at the warehouse cut the rope that fastened the boat instead of unloosing it. The part cut off was used by the Throops for several years, upon the windlass of their well.

#### WAYNE COUNTY MEN WHO SERVED IN THE WAR OF 1812.

We have first the official record of the claimants to whom awards were made under Chapter 176 of the Laws of 1859.

Index of awards on claims of the soldiers of the war of 1812 as audited and allowed by the Adjutant and Inspector-Generals pursuant to Chapter 176 of the Laws of 1859.\*

Daniel J. Abbott,	Lyons,	\$80 00
Francis B. Ackler,	Sodus,	50 00
James Andrew,	Walworth,	55 00

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\* "The Adjutant and Commissary-Generals were appointed a commission to determine the sums due for the contingent expenses of the militia in the War of 1812," and the money awarded was to be paid by the State "as soon as the money shall have been received from the government of the United States."

Oliver Atwell,	Marion,	\$ 71 00
Benjamin Austin,	Ontario,	16 00
Moses Austin,	Lyons,	65 00
Mattolus Avery,	Macedon,	55 00
Matholtus Avery,	Macedon,	55 00
Elijah Baker,	Walworth,	15 00
George Baker, Jr.	Sodus,	11 50
Zachariah Baker,	Wayne County,	11 50
David Barclay,	Lyons,	55 00
Simeon J. Barrett,	Rose, still living.	51 00
Silas Barton,	Walworth,	21 00
Sylvanius Bassett,	Savannah, (by adm'r,)	59 00
Sylvenus Bassett,	Savannah, (by widow,)	58 00
John Bell,	Wayne County, (by widow,)	55 00
George Benton,	Lyons,	55 00
Gilbert R. Berry,	Arcadia,	58 50
William Birdsall,	Wayne County,	54 00
John Blanchard,	Wolcott,	88 00
Benj. D. Bloomer,	Lyons, (by widow,)	50 00
John Boucher,	Sodus,	60 00
George Boynton,	Walworth, (by admin'x,)	41 00
James Bradshaw,	Sodus,	33 00
Isaac Bramer,	Butler,	28 00
Peter Brant,	Sodus,	50 00
Andrew D. Bromfield,	Arcadia,	8 00
Peter Brower,	Sodus,	55 00
Ansel Bruce,	Wolcott,	13 50
Garry Burnham,	Savannah,	21 00
Simeon Burnett,	Arcadia,	30 00
Daniel Chapman,	Palmyra,	110 00
Stephen R. Chapman,	Wolcott,	9 00
Abner Chase,	Walworth,	23 00
Joseph Church,	Williamson,	22 00
Israel J. Clapp,	Butler,	58 00
Jacob Clapper,	Rose,	12 00
Jacob Clapper,	Rose, (by widow,)	65 00
Isaac Clark,	Wayne Co., (by widow,)	55 00
Newton Clark,	Arcadia, (by admin.,)	65 00
Phineas C. Clark,	Wayne Co.,	58 00
Richard S. Clute,	Arcadia,	80 00
William B. Coggsball,	Marion,	43 00
David Cole,	Lyons, (by admin.,)	53 00
Samuel G. Cole,	Wolcott,	61 00
Jason Collier,	Sodus, (by admin.,)	55 00
Nathan P. Colvin,	Galen,	29 00
John D. Connors,	Ontario,	30 00
James Covell,	Rose,	55 00

Joseph G. Crandall,	Arcadia,	\$ 50 00
Samuel Crandall,	Ontario, (by admin.,)	55 00
John Creager,	Lyons,	55 00
Zephaniah F. Culver,	Arcadia,	73 00
Seth Curtis,	Marion,	56 00
Joseph Darby,	Wayne Co., (by widow,)	30 00
John Davenport,	Butler,	60 50
Beebe Denison,	Sodus,	80 00
Beebe Denison,	Sodus,	58 00
John W. Denton,	Lyons,	55 00
Jesse Devoe,	Wolcott,	38 00
Theodore Dickinson,	Arcadia,	85 50
Isaac Dickson,	Arcadia, (by widow,)	23 00
John Dixon,	Wayne Co.,	22 00
Daniel Doan,	Galen,	53 00
Daniel Dodge,	Wolcott,	41 50
Thomas E. Dorsey,	Lyons,	50 00
Nathan Drake,	Arcadia, drummer,	65 00
Azel Eaton,	Macedon, (by admin.,)	65 00
Ethan Enos,	Williamson,	110 00
Daniel Failing,	Lyons,	58 50
Thomas Fish,	Williamson,	58 50
Benjamin Ford,	Galen, (by widow,)	55 00
Eleazer Fuller,	Lyons,	55 00
John Furlong,	Galen,	50 00
Henry Gale,	Lyons,	50 00
John Gardner,	Wolcott, (by widow,)	22 00
Samuel Garlick,	Galen,	53 00
Dyer Gay,	Galen,	29 00
Oren Gaylord,	Sodus,	22 00
John Goodsell,	Lyons,	51 00
Daniel Gould,	Walworth, (by admin.,)	24 00
Benjamin Grandy,	Wolcott,	58 00
Joseph Grandy,	Walworth, (by admin.,)	50 00
James Grant,	Butler,	58 00
Calvin Griffin,	Arcadia,	53 00
George Grimes,	Walworth,	110 00
Wm. Griswold,	Rose, (by widow,)	58 00
Jacob P. Grout,	Newark,	58 00
James F. Gurnee,	Huron,	58 50
Abner Hand,	Galen (by widow,)	13 00
John Harmon,	Arcadia,	58 50
James Harper,	Galen,	85 00
Gideon Harrington,	Macedon,	55 00
John S. Harrington,	Butler,	22 00
Lyman Hatch,	Lyons,	27 00
Isaac Herrington,	Arcadia, (by widow,)	55 00

William Hewlett,	Lyons,	\$ 12 50
Samuel Hill,	Arcadia, (by widow,)	75 00
Isaac Hodges,	Ontario,	34 00
Darius C. Hollinbeck.	Arcadia,	53 00
Riley Holley,	Sodus,	28 50
Samuel Hunn,	Rose,	55 00
Thomas Hopkins,	Sodus,	23 00
Richard Hultz,	Lyons, (by widow,)	55 00
Nathan Jeffers,	Rose, (by widow,)	60 00
John Kerby, Jr.,	Wayne Co.,	58 00
Christopher King,	Lyons,	58 00
Elias Knapp,	Walworth,	45 00
Daniel Knapp,	Wayne Co.,	22 00
Charles Knox,	Huron,	55 00
Peter Labertaux,	Butler,	41 50
John Lamareaux,	Butler,	55 00
James LaRue,	Lyons,	50 00
Isaac Lawrence,	Sodus,	55 00
Peter Lloyd,	Arcadia,	70 00
Joseph Lockwood,	Huron,	51 00
Ira Lathrop,	Rose,	55 00
James Lovejoy,	Arcadia,	58 00
Samuel Lucas,	Arcadia,	52 00
Jacob P. Lusk,	Arcadia,	24 00
Robert H. McArthur,	Wolcott, (by admin.,)	100 00
John McCarty,*	Sodus, (by widow,)	38 00
John McConnelly,	Huron,	90 00
John McConnelly,	Wayne Co.,	61 00
Thomas McDowell,	Wayne Co.,	75 00
John McMindes,	Sodus,	75 00
Henry Mack,	Wolcott,	58 00
Henry Madan,	Wolcott,	57 00
Dennis Magden,	Huron,	70 00
William Marble.	Arcadia,	70 00
Richard Martin,	Palmyra,	55 00
Benjamin Mason,	Marion,	60 00
Isaac Masten,	Galen,	19 00
Jonathan Mason,	Walworth,	57 00
Beekman Mead,	Lyons,	58 00
Jacob J. Merrick,	Arcadia, (by widow,)	58 00
John W. Messenger,	Sodus,	55 00
Jeduthan Moffat,	Sodus,	55 00
Horace Morley,	Sodus,	90 00
Samuel Negus,	Marion,	39 00
James Norcutt,	Walworth, (by widow,)	55 00
Job B. Norris,	Sodus,	60 00

\* He died May 12, 1881.

Daniel H. Norton,	Sodus, (by widow,)	\$ 55 00
Lyman Olmsted,	Arcadia,	60 00
Benjamin Osborn,	Galen, (by widow,)	55 00
Shadrack Osborn,	Palmyra,	58 00
Nathan Osborn,	Galen, (by widow,)	75 00
George Palmer,	Sodus,	55 00
Henry Parks,	Arcadia,	95 00
Reuben Parks,	Marion,	58 50
John Patrick,	Arcadia,	53 00
Daniel Patterson,	Wolcott,	57 00
Simeon Phelps,	Wolcott, (admin't'x.,)	58 00
Nehemiah Phillips,	Sodus,	50 00
Simeon Pitcher,	Sodus,	88 00
John Pratt,	Williamson,	38 50
Stephen Pray,	Butler,	50 00
Andrew Preston,	Wayne Co.,	62 50
George Proper,	Wayne Co.,	58 00
Nicholas Pullen,	Sodus, (by admin't'x.,)	80 00
John Purdy,	Butler,	47 00
Willard Randall,	Sodus,	73 00
George Randolph,	Walworth,	44 00
John G. Rarick,	Sodus, (by widow,)	55 00
John Rhea,	Lyons, (by widow,)	54 00
Ethan Roberts,	Lyons,	50 00
Daniel Roe,	Wolcott,	47 00
Daniel R. Rozell,	Lyons,	65 00
Ambrose Salisbury,	Palmyra,	83 00
Gamaliel Sampson,	Butler,	55 00
John Sebring,	Wayne Co.,	55 00
Moses Seeley,	Sodus,	61 00
Abraham Sherman,	Lyons,	50 00
Henry J. Sherman,	Ontario,	63 00
Sebastian Shibley,	Lyons, (by executors,)	55 00
Cornelius Simmons,	Marion,	50 00
Jeremiah Smith,	Arcadia, (by widow,)	55 00
John Smith,	Lyons,	50 00
John J. Smith,	Arcadia,	50 00
John Snook,	Savannah,	38 00
Richard H. Speed,	Arcadia,	54 00
Simon Sprague,	Butler,	14 00
Stephen Sprague,	Savannah, (by widow,)	20 00
Isaac N. Springer,	Palmyra,	22 00
David Sprong,	Sodus,	22 00
James Stevenson,	Williamson,	55 00
William Stewart,	Williamson,	55 00
Samuel Strickland,	Walworth,	31 00
Isaac Stephen,	Lyons, (by widow,)	80 00

William Taylor,	Sodus, (by widow,)	\$ 61 00
Ezra Thomas,	Williamson,	85 00
Samuel T. Thurston,	Macedon,	55 00
Asahel Tickner,	Galen,	63 00
Simeon Torrey,	Sodus, (by admin.,)	55 00
Moses Tucker,	Arcadia,	55 00
Ephraim Turner,	Macedon,	60 00
Anthony M. Tyler,	Arcadia,	55 00
Abijah Upham,	Butler,	58 00
Abraham J. Van Alstyne,	Wayne Co.,	58 00
Michael Vanderhoof,	Savannah,	58 00
Martin Van Dyke,	Savannah,	55 00
Peter Van Etten,	Sodus,	17 00
John M. Van Fleet,	Wolcott,	58 00
Philip Van Nortwich,	Savannah, (by widow,*)	55 00
Joshua Van Wagenen,	Arcadia,	52 00
Lewis Velie,	Rose,	19 00
Charles H. Viel,	Wayne Co.,	58 00
Jacob P. Vosburgh,	Arcadia,	50 00
Nathaniel Wadley,	Galen,	58 00
John O. Wadsworth,	Wayne Co.,	22 00
Gardner O. Wadsworth,	Walworth, (by admin.,)	55 00
Solomon Walker,	Sodus,	55 00
George J. Walrath,	Lyons,	55 00
John B. Warner,	Arcadia,	84 00
John, J. Watters,	Sodus,	55 00
Henry Weaver,	Sodus,	55 00
John H. Weaver,	Sodus,	50 00
Richard West,	Sodus, (by executors,)	13 00
Thomas West,	Butler,	25 00
James Western,	Walworth,	50 00
Nathan Weaver,	Sodus, (by admin.,)	75 00
Earl Wilcox,	Marion,	43 25
James Williams,	Lyons, (by admin.,)	50 00
Abner Wood,	Sodus,	17 00
John Woodard,	Rose,	20 00
William Woolsen,	Arcadia,	70 00
John Wormwood,	Huron,	19 50

The following names in addition to the above are furnished from Theodore Dickinson's agency, Newark, for whom awards were procured. It is not clear why they are not on the printed list at Albany :

Russell Alford,	Henry S. Nash,
Wasson Briggs,	Nathan Noyes,

\* Widow still living, (May, 1883.)

Ira Case,	Preston R. Parker, Arcadia,*
William W. Crawford,	Richard Ryan, Savannah,†
Adam A. Flint,	Benjamin Rynders,
Peter P. Fotts,	Jacob Showerman, Arcadia,
Ezra Grenell,	Israel Springer, Marion,
Frederick L. Harter,	Thomas Stafford, Arcadia,
Alison Hayward,	Robert Smith,
Daniel Harding,	William Tinney, Arcadia,
Henry Krake,	Azel Throop,
Levi C. Lyon,	C. P. Tibbits,
James H. Meags,	John Watts,
Jotham Marshall,	Clark Warren.
Josiah McDowell,	

Mr. A. F. Redfield, of Clyde, also furnishes a copy of the muster roll of the company commanded by his father belonging to the Seventy-First Infantry, which was called out on Sunday, June 13, 1813, as already mentioned:

*Captain*—Luther Redfield.

*Sergeants*—Abraham Stocker, Daniel Dryer, Samuel Crager, James Bartle.

*Corporals*—Joseph H. Brown, Benjamin Allen, Chester Dryer.

*Privates*—Benjamin Avery, Seth Barnes, William Blanchard, Lemuel Baker, Harlow Burt, Michael Beadle, Harry W. Bartle, Nathaniel Betts, Pardon Brownell, Henry Boyce, John Boyce, John Bradley, Loami Beadle, Lemuel Cobb, Cyrenus Campbell, David Crager, Valentine Crager, Philip Crager, Hatfield Cooper, Sumner Chapman, Esquire Davenport, Horace Done, Charles Forbes, Elisha Fitch, Gilbert Gordon, John Gordon, Craig Gordon, John Gillespie, Thomas Howe, Thomas Hill Jr., Ezra Hall, Thomas Harris, Almond Hill, James High, Joseph Harvey, James Hammond, David Jones, Charles Keys, Joseph Keys, Nicholas King, Jr., Ebenezer H. Moore, John Maynard, Samuel Mills, Eli Nelson, Alanson Pierce, Jesse Pierce, Elisha Reynolds, Lemuel Roberts, Timothy Y. Rich, Jabez Reynolds, Anthony Rouse, Benjamin Reynolds, William B. Reynolds, James Ray, Isaac Stocker, David Smith, Nathan Smith, Lemuel S. Southwick, Lemuel Southwick, James Stephenson, Warren Smith, Michael Finnerly, John D. Torrington, Joshua Vandervost, James M. Watson, George Watson, David Wheeler, Philander Woodworth, Hubbard West, Timothy Wood.

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\* Widow draws a pension.

† Living, (May, 1888.)



This company was formed or authorized to be formed April 6, 1807. The first appointments were David Southwick, Captain; Seth Barnes, Lieutenant; Luther Redfield, Ensign. The company belonged to the 102d Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Sayres commanding, of the County of Seneca.

Luther Redfield was appointed Lieutenant March 6, 1809, and Captain February 4, 1812. Under the same date David Southwick was appointed Second Major of the Regiment.

The commissioned officers appointed from time to time in this regiment comprise the names of many early citizens in the Eastern part of Wayne, then Seneca County. In a new company formed March 2, 1814, Adonijah Church was appointed Captain, John Hyde, Lieutenant, and Norman Sheldon, Ensign, as shown in chapter seven.\*

We are indebted to William Van Marter, Esq., of Lyons, for the following muster rolls of companies in this vicinity as they existed in 1813 and 1814. As the regiments to which they belonged were ordered out on various occasions and participated to some extent in the engagements at Sodus Point and Pultneyville as well as upon the frontier at Buffalo and elsewhere, the men as a whole may properly be called "soldiers of 1812;" though this will not be true of every individual name upon the rolls. Some were represented by substitutes; others were discharged from actual service in the field by reason of ill health. Drafts were also made from these ranks or volunteers called for, and this relieved the remainder from service at times.

Nevertheless the rolls are an interesting memorial of those times and show largely the men who went, or stood their chances in a draft.

## ROLLS OF THE SEVENTY-FIRST INFANTRY AS THEY EXISTED IN JUNE, 1813.

### CAPTAIN HULL'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Elias Hull.

*Ensign*—William E. Guest.

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\* The above list includes the names from Junius and perhaps other territory South of the line of Wayne County. At a later date this company seems to have been attached to the 71st Infantry according to the collection of papers in the hands of William Van Marter, Esq., of Lyons.

*Sergeants and Corporals*—John Gilbert, David Rundale, James Larue, Henry Perrine, Vini Pease.

*Drummer*—Nathaniel Brown.

*Privates*—John Butler, Jonathan Butler, Arthur Murphy, Lot Hammond, George Featherly, William E. Perrin, Henry Slocum, Charles Morgan, William Riggs, Peter Quick, Henry Vandercook, William Adams, Aaron Gibbs, Cooper Barclay, John Alford, Fred Featherly, Anderson Johnson, Henry Beard, Cornelius Vandercook, Isaac Mason, Richard Walling, Job Smith, Joseph Beard, Jacob M. Gilbert, Newton Clark, Jeremiah Brown, Moses Austin, Garret Van Sickle, Joseph Ellis, Charles Terry James Walling, Joseph Rue, Morris Pope, Gideon Drake, John Bullard, Simeon Knight, Silas Dart, Isaac Austin, Samuel B. Barber, Aaron D. Laning, Henry Pope, Gideon Van Gordon, William Rossiter, Samuel Gault, Richard Beard, John Mitchell, Elijah Lemmon, James Seton, Jacob Sebring.

CAPTAIN PERRINE'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Peter Perrine,

*Lieutenant*—James Beard.

*Ensign*—Ebenezer M. Bean.

*Sergeant*—Joseph Cole.

*Corporals*—Benjamin McMasters, Richard Jacobs.

*Fifer*—George Alexander.

*Drummer*—Timothy Rutenber.

*Privates*—Moses Hurlburt, Robert Hammell, James Quick, James Coats, Sidney Stout, Richard Pelham, Jacob Drake, John Austin, Lawrence Hersenger, William Walling, Cornelius Cuykendall, Benjamin Wager, Phineas C. Riggs, John Riggs, John Cuykendall, Israel Churchill, Samuel T. Rossiter.

LIEUTENANT WESTFALL'S COMPANY.

*Lieutenant*—Peter Westfall.

*Sergeants*—Oliver Granger, James McCarthy, John Scott, Peter Van Etten.

*Privates*—John S. Shehan, William C. Shehan, Simon Westfall, Reuben Brink, Abraham Westbrook, John McCarty, James Langdon, Ebenezer D. Redfield, David Miller, Henry Crothers, Lot Israel, William Haynes, Abraham McCarty, Moses Dewitt, Ephraim Rosecrans, John Huffman, John Van Sickle, George Westfall, Benjamin Ennis, James Devine.

CAPTAIN COST'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Elias Cost.

*Lieutenant*—James Wooden.

*Ensign*—Abraham Simmons.

*Sergeants*—Asa Palmer, Jacob M. Shekle, John Humphrey.

*Corporals*—Aaron Crittenden, George W. Glover, Robert Crouse, Elijah Russell.

*Privates*—Joseph Annan, David Barrett, Joshua Brainard, Harwood Bannister, Fred Burnett, Mahlon Cooper, William Clark, Moses Condit, Caleb Case, Samuel A. Denniston, James Dewitt, Henry Furhoun, John Furdig, Cephas Field, Samuel Grant, Hugh Humphrey, George Lov, Charles Mattoon, Robert Woodin, Nathaniel Smith, William Hibbard, Charles Humphrey, James Myers, Edward D. McDowell, John Nicholson, James Nicholson, James Pullen, John S. Parks, Abel Ridner, Stephen Russell, John Shekel, Stephen Smith, Benjamin F. Sheldon, Charles Skuse, Calvin Stevenson, Jr., Benjamin Wooden, Aaron Young, Stephen Young, John Crawson.

#### CAPTAIN MUSSULMAN'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Michael Mussulman.

*Lieutenant*—Stephen Dunwell.

*Ensign*—Samuel Howe.

*Sergeants*—James Burnet, Joseph Daniels, Jeduthan Humphrey, Solomon Walker.

*Corporals*—David Eldred, George Field, David Burroughs, John B. Warner.

*Privates*—John Allyn, George Boyle, John Bruce, Moses Burgess, James Crothers, Joel Chapman, James Cuykendall, Stephen Dusingberry, Daniel D. Durham, Isaac Delameter, Elijah Edmonston, Jonathan Follett, Archibald Gould, Charles Goodrich, Casmore Gordon, Silas Greenman, Cephas Hawks, Stephen Hall, David Harman, Martin Hyler, Stephen Headley, Frederick Houser, John Horton, John Hall, Thomas James, Levi Knapp, Levi Kimball, Andrew Lown, John Lewis, Thomas Langdon, Joseph Lown, William Stott, Marquis D. Morrison, Samuel Moore, Christopher Myer, Nathaniel Marble, Ashabel Palmeter, James Patterson, Benjamin Pease, Valentine Pease, Maletiah Pease, Thomas Rea, Luther Root, Harry H. Robinson, James Rosecrans, Dean Swift, Benjamin Sweeney, Elijah Tooley, Arthur Van Dyke, Lodewyck Van Auken, John S. Wiggins, Freeborn Wilcox, Samuel Whiting, Martin Woodard, James Westbrook.

#### CAPTAIN WHITMORE'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Seth Whitmore.

*Lieutenant*—Daniel Caldwell.

*Sergeants*—Joseph Brundage, Isaac W. Fulton, Jedediah Wilder.

*Corporals*—Caleb I. Jones, Christopher Payne, William Gates.

*Drummers*—Sylvester Rice, James Stevens.

*Privates*—Joseph Caldwell, Stephen Paine, Asa Paine, Ebenezer Eaton, Windom Paine, Enos Rice, John Berry, Morris Crittenden, Charles Parsons, John Easty, William Higgins, Abraham Burckholder, John Freeman, Jacob Freeman, Selah Bacon, John M. Cobb, George Ringer, Solomon Ringer, James Lane, William Hartwell, Levi Chapman, Isaac Adams, Richard Squier, Elutia Ray, John Shriner, Nathan Hawley, Cheney Whitney, Horace Crittenden, Abisha Gleason, Benjamin Gleason, Hollis Ivey, Selah Belding, Lucius Warner.

CAPTAIN BOGERT'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—James Bogert.

*Lieutenant*—Joseph Williams.

*Ensign*—Israel Hall.

*Sergeants*—David Field, Platt B. Fairchild, Stephen Brize.

*Corporals*—Cephas Shekel, Lansing Z. Mizner.

*Privates*—Caleb Fairchild, Samuel Miller, Arthur N. Dezeng, John Sloane, Jacob Lanzebae, Thomas Champlin, William Mapes, Robert Pratt, Silas Leonard, Henry Bush, William Price, Amos Aldrich, Charles Downing, William Latter, Jeremiah B. Brown, John Green, Jeremiah Hull, John Alverson, Samuel Roberts, Ashbel Cooper, Henry Hampshire, Jabez Johnson, Samuel Davis, Alexander Stocker, William Cooley, Anson Brocket, Joseph Covey, Norman Steel, John Ellison, David Green, Anson Corey, Peter Carr, Bostwick Noble, Henry Moore, John Dobbins, Joseph Hennip, John Boyd, Horace Garritt, Jonathan Springsted, Thomas Hatch, Reuben Thomas, Wm. T. Frazer, Henry White, Nathan Dascom.

CAPTAIN DAVIS' COMPANY.

*Captain*—Thomas Davis.

*Lieutenant*—John Shekel.

*Ensign*—Samuel Hildreth.

*Sergeants*—Hezekiah Baggerly, Alpheus Baggerly, John Wood.

*Corporals*—Samuel Griffith, George Grimes, Nathaniel House.

*Privates*—John Wilson, Henry Rathbun, Asa Jones, Patrick Brooks, Calvin Taylor, John Hanna, Peter Baggerly, Colton Crittenden, Henry Cronise, Robert B. Ferguson, John B. Palmer, Alpheus Hobbs, David McNeal, Lewis Woodward, Hector Seager.

## CAPTAIN HINE'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—John Hine.

*Sergeants*—John R. Barnes, Isaac Thompsou, Calvin Whedon.

*Privates*—Obed Albert, John Armstrong, Henry Armstrong, Robert Boggs, Nathan C. Brace, Moses Black, Jesse Chapman, George Coward, Robert Crozier, Hiram Campbell, Ward Campbell, Charles Campbell, John Dixon, Moses Ellsworth, Joseph Fulton, Daniel Fowle, William Glann, Levi Glann, John Hall, Lyman Hitchcock, Jonathan Hitchcock, Benjamin Hashed, Robert Hine, Ripley Lombard, Sherman Lee, Samuel Mapes, Jesse McMichael, Benjamin Moody, Zechariah Odell, John Presler, Jr., Ebenezer Perkins, Abraham Phillips, Charles Rash, Joseph Robson, John Robson, Sr., John Robson, Jr., Gowan Robson, Elisha Reynolds, David Ray, Wright Reading, Isaac Reynolds, David Squier, Joshua Smith, William Scofield, Jesse Smith, Peter Schuyler, George Travis, Adam Turnbull, James Thompson, Nathaniel Thompson, John Thompson, Robert Watson, Joshua Witler, James Coax, William Brown, Nathaniel Lombard, Japhet Minard, Jonathan Squier, Andrew Sutherland, Hezekiah Ferguson.

## CAPTAIN WOODWORTH'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Abner Woodworth.

*Lieutenant*—Asa Cole.

*Ensign*—Benjamin Havens.

*Sergeants*—Charles Gillett, Samuel Brown, Joseph Ketchum.

*Corporals*—Seth Hull, Robert Crawford.

*Drummers*—Matthew Cole, David Hilton.

*Fifers*—Elisha Pierce, Henry Anderson.

*Privates*—Nathaniel Avery, Isaac Beaver, John Brooks, Peleg Briggs, Solomon Couch, Caleb Clark, Smith M. Cole, Caleb Carpenter, Aaron Carpenter, Jehiel C. Griswold, Ebenezer Green, Ezra Gleason, Samuel G. Gage, Nehemiah Higbie, James Hovey, Amasa Johnson, John Jones, Henry Kefer, William Murdock, Henry C. Pettit, William Pettit, William Proctor, Peter Rump, Philip Ritchie, John Ritchie, Schofield Seeley, David Squiers, Henry Simmons, James Smith, William Springsted, Lyman Tubbs, George Wilhelm, Riley Woodworth, Alfred Wilson, Silas Youngs, John Pembroke.

## CAPTAIN SMITH'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Leonard Smith.

*Lieutenant*—William McPherson.

*Ensign*—Robert Dixon.

*Sergeants*—Stephen Chase, Richard Alverson.

*Drummer*—Graves.

*Privates*—Allen Chase, Godfrey Sweet, Peter Kufan, Teben Wickwine, Timothy Maynard, Michael Autre, Guite Knickerbocker, George W. Buckley, Elice Pratt, Freeman Rice, Deane Squier, George Wood, Robert Minton, Silas Parrish, Stephen Whitman, Jenks Phillips, Elisha Luden, David Fulton, Silas Southwick, William Fiero, Michael Isenhour, John Hadley, Jacob Read, Levi Bell, Clark Gardner, George Gardner, Josiah Smith.

#### CAPTAIN VAN AUKER'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—John Van Auker.

*Ensign*—John Albergh.

*Sergeants*—Andrew Dorsey, Thomas E. Dorsey, Daniel Dunn, Jose B. Roberts.

*Corporals*—William Taylor, Daniel Failing.

*Privates*—Upton Dorsey, George Huffman, Samuel Dunn, Jr., William Hornbeck, Thomas Brown, Jacob Rubport, John Featherly, John Acker, William Baker, Jed Bradley, Benjamin Brinks, Isaac Clark, Daniel Clark, Jonathan Clark, James Colburn, Elisha Chase, Casper Canard, Daniel Cole, Josiah Coudright, James Drake, John Drake, William Davis, Noah Davis, Reuben Drake, James Dunn, Thomas H. Down, George H. Featherly, John Farling, John Gilbert, Benjamin Hartman, Adam Larren, Peter Lord, Andrew Lound, Henry Murphy, James Otto, Hugh Owens, Gilbert Parrish, Israel Parrish, Reuben Piner, Henry Pitcher, William Pitcher, Wm. Perrine, Aquila Parrish, Abraham Quackenbush, John Rhea, Andrew Roy, Jacob Shower, Henry Smith, Andrew Shower, Thomas Story, Minor Trowbridge, Richard W. Tisbury, Robert Tompkins, James Anken, Jr., Samuel Whiting, Joseph Varden, Davis Young, Benjamin Timmerman.

#### CAPTAIN REES'S ARTILLERY COMPANY.

*Captain*—James Rees,

*Lieutenant*—George Goundry.

*Sergeants*—William Griffin, Chester Barker, George Benton, John T. Clemens.

*Corporals*—Jas. Carlton, Peter Lowe, Townsend Valentine.

*Fifer*—Alva Dickinson,

*Drummer*—Ira Dickinson.

*Privates*—George Allen, James Barnes, Rowell Baker, James Bucklee, Thomas Barnes, Jonas E. Frear, Henry Frederick, David S. Hall, Henry Brizie, Guy Jackson, Daniel Knapp, Rensselaer Keating, James N. Oakley, Diogenes McKinzy, Caleb Phillips sen., William Rain, David Wood, Isaac Mullender, Anthony Hannip.

ROLLS OF COMPANIES IN THE THIRTY-NINTH  
INFANTRY, AS THEY WERE IN THE SUMMER  
OF 1813.

CAPTAIN HINKLEY'S COMPANY.

*Captain*—Gilbert Hinkley.

*Lieutenant*—Enos Palmer.

*Sergeants*—Levi Salisbury, Amariah Rawson, James Hinkley, George Boyington.

*Corporals*—George Randolph, Peris St. John, John Dalrymple, Samuel Strickland.

*Privates*—Aaron Mayfield, Abner Rawson, Ashael Harmon, Amos Twitchell, Bradley Clark, Beebe Dennison, Charles Hinkley, David Salisbury, Daniel Evins, Daniel Lyons, Elihu Leach, Grindell Rawson, Isaac Dauley, Jonathan Miller, John Randolph, James H. Sentor, Joseph Tinkham, Leonard Blackmore, Lilybridge Gardner, Moses Padley, Moses Sutton, Nehemiah Colvin, Nathan Bailey, Oliver Smith, Obed Aldrich, Simeon Stebbins, Stephen Chase, Wm. Freeland, Wm. J. Totten, Ephraim Slade, Wm. Harris, Zubinor Butler, James Stimpson, Nathan Palmer, Samuel Millett, Wm. Deitz, Jabez Hanks, Christian Barnhart, David Dalrymple, Leonard Tazewell, Wm. Graves, Conrad Gordon, Alvin St. John, Andrew Millett, George Matthewson, John Cutler, Henry Dundwell.

CAPTAIN CULVER'S COMPANY, THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY IN  
THE YEAR 1813.

*Captain*—George Culver.

*Lieutenant*—Samuel Soverhill.

*Ensign*—Joseph Luce.

*Sergeants*—Gideon Sherman, Paul Culver, Thomas Stafford, Stephen Sherman.

*Corporals*—John Parshall, Archer Galloway, George H. Hopkins, John Kimball.

*Musicians*—Gideon Sherman, Drummer, Israel Parshall, Fifer, Sherman Bristol, Fifer.

*Privates*—Perus Arundel, John Sherman, Jr., Cornelius Scott, Wm. Turney, Thomas D. Wright, Joseph Foskett, Israel Parshall, Jr., Daniel Beckwith, Horace Tinney, Simeon Bryant, Martin Easterly, Wm. Luce, John W. Scott, James Corwin, Peter Sawerman, Adonijah Fairchild, Robert Adams, Alexander Sherman, Billy Franklin, Durfee Sherman, Job Sherman, John Hopkins, Silas Reeves, Wm. Tinney, Lemuel Sherman, George Beckwith, Israel Stansell, Joseph Tibbets, Henry Parks, Wm. Stansell, Gabriel Soper,

Vincent Soper, Lewis Joseph, Peter Robinson, Israel Owings, Elisha Avery, George Vanosterine, John Cook, Luther Sanford, Oliver Clark, Alexander Rowley, Henry Lambert, Jonas Miller, Phineas Culver, Hunting Paine, Simon Burnet.

Of Captain Culver's company we have another roll call which appears to have been for the year before, June and July, 1812. The membership differs so much that we give both rolls. After the opening of the war the company was apparently re-organized members being discharged and others enlisted.

*Captain*—George Culver.

*Lieutenant*—Pardon Durfee.

*Ensign*—James Stoddard.

*Sergeants*—Gideon Sherman, Seth Eddy, Wm. Wilcox, Caleb Thompson.

*Corporals*—Azel Throop, David Tiffany, Caleb Thayer, John Parshall.

*Musicians*—George Durfee, Samuel Springer.

*Privates*—Charles Parker, Joseph Terrell, Albert Thayer, Benjamin Culver, Truman Cobb, Charles Foster, Hudson Merritt, George Boyd, Gadias Stafford, Russell M. Rush, George Prosser, Smith Wilson, Abner Rawson, Amos Mills, Stephen Palmer, Nicholas Fisher, Shaw Segus, Emanuel Brockway, Benjamin Mace, Benjamin Shaw, Zebulen B. Stout, Samuel Grinnell, Aaron Leak, John Grinnell, Alexander McIntyre, Seth R. Cook, Isaac Beach, Nicholas Baker, Jonah Hopkins, Daniel Hamlin, Silas Paine, Harvey Foster, Horace Tinney, Henry Lambright, Caleb B. Tibbets, John Barber, James Burnet, Peter Parker, Rufus Reeves, Dennis Cory, Thomas Glover, Joseph Chamberlain, Thomas Baker, Obadiah Westcott, Zuriel Brown, Amos Mills, Cyrenus Blackman, David Fish, David Salisbury, Samuel Strickland, John Huggins, George Tucker, Charles Findley, Samuel Watson, William Harding, Nathan Terry, Parshal Terry, Humphrey Booth, Daniel Twaddell, Amariah Rawson, Gardner Hicks, George Mathewson, William B. Cogswell, Oliver Hicks, Dyer Webster, Amos B. Phelps, Nathan Sumner, Simeon Houghton, Theodore Phelps, Thomas Franklin, Wilson Osband, Noah Austin, Daniel Gould, William Potter, Peleg Corey, Samuel Ball, Nathan Corwin, Lilybridge Gardner, Alexander McCreery, Ebenezer Franklin, Abraham Kellogg, Lemuel Sherman, Eden Reeves, John Shores, Isaac Williams, George Boynton. Aaron Merrifield, Simeon Stebbins, George Randolph, Silas Gardner, Philetus Blackman, Henry Sage, Solomon Harris.



The officers of this company were on duty at one time about eighteen days; most of the men twelve days, a part only four days.

CAPTAIN HARVEY'S COMPANY, THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

*Captain*—Barzillai Harvey.

*Lieutenant*—Stephen Spear.

*Sergeants*—William Reed, Zuriel Brown.

*Corporal*—Caleb Marsh.

*Drummer*—Stephen Jenks.

*Privates*—Charles Cook, Christopher F. Keel, David Comstock, Marquis D. Rush, Royal D. Bradish, Ira Green, Isaac Peters, Israel Robbins, Paul Ferris, Jacob Spear, Lemuel Spear, Stephen Ducalon, Levi Howard.

MAJOR WILLIAM ROGERS' BATTALION.

Captain Gallup's company was composed as follows in the year 1813-'14:

*Captain*—Abraham Gallup.

*Lieutenant*—James Calhoun.

*Ensign*—Nell Alexander.

*Sergeants*—Joseph Ball, Rufus Moody, Enos Sanford, Justin Eddy.

*Corporal*—Abraham Peer.

*Privates*—Walter Watrous, Micajah Hardin, Timothy Smith, Thomas Foster, Ebenezer Seymour, Elisha Wood, Timothy Bennett, Thomas Powers, David Ross, Matthew Martin, Israel Corwin, Thomas Clark, Samuel Seeley, Azel Eaton, Job Harrison, David Upton, Ichabod Bartholomew, Isaac Howell, Daniel Webster, Enoch Tuttle, Asel Seymour, Alexander White, John Kohite, Joseph Johnson, David Murray.

CAPTAIN HOLCOMB'S COMPANY AS ITS ROLLS EXISTED FROM  
JANUARY 16, 1813, TO JUNE 24, 1813, AND TO  
DECEMBER 25, 1813.

*Captain*—John Holcomb. ✓

*Lieutenant*—Dan R. Hovey.

*Sergeants*—William Danforth, Jack Walker, Samuel Green, Thomas Wheeler.

*Corporals*—Thomas Johnson, Herman Blakely, William P. Irwin, Jonathan Clemens.

*Fifer*—Joel Doolittle.

*Drummer*—Asher Doolittle.

*Privates*—Samuel L. Morse, David Brayton, Reuben N. ✓  
Holcomb, Ira R. Paddock, William L. Brayton, John

McNutt, Mars Blair, David Welch, George Palmer, Josiah Dunning, Oliver Wright, Nathaniel Kellogg, Kitchell Bell, Isaac Andrews, William Orton, John Shannon, Robert A. Paddock, Haswell Castle, Alexander Morrow, Charles Terry, George Niyait, Saul Sherman, Daniel H. Norton, Adam Thompson, Aberdeen Blanchard, Ichabod Welch, Benjamin Sweet, Harry Skinner, George Chapin, Syham Hammond, Benjamin Blanchard, James Esdel, John Blanchard, David C. Higgins, William Stewart, Nathan Sherman, Evans Griffith, Abner Ames, Elijah Gillis.

CAPTAIN DANIEL POPPINO'S COMPANY AS IT STOOD UPON  
THE ROLLS IN JUNE, 1813.

*Captain*—Daniel Poppino.

*Lieutenant*—James Calhoun.

*Ensign*—Peter Shaft.

*Sergeants*—Amos White, Matthew Lord, Tunis Jerolerman.

*Corporals*—William Green, Benjamin Sumner, James Calhoun.

*Drummers*—Jesse Cooper, Timothy Smith.

*Fifer*—William Ingle.

*Privates*—Alpheus Curtiss, Amasa Gibbs, Samuel Bennett, Joseph Seeley, Nathan T. Tift, Isaac Carr, Martin Cutler, James F. Bennett, Stephen Paddock, John Lambert, Isaac Miller, John Payne, Matthew Ferguson, Ebenezer Moore, Rowland Willard, Royal Willard, Samuel Watrous, Samuel Gilbert, James Webster, Willis Fish, William L. Grandin, Resolved Fish, Thomas Fish, David Fish, Rufus P. Fairbanks, George D. Phelps, William Phelps, Linus Pratt, Reuben Nash, Peter Cooper, Dyer Selby, Justus Fuller, Andrew Cornwall, Richard White.

CAPTAIN EBENEZER INGOLDSBY'S COMPANY AS IT WAS EN-  
ROLLED IN THE EARLY PART OF THE YEAR 1813.

*Captain*—Ebenezer Ingoldsby.

*Lieutenant*—Peter Thatcher.

*Sergeants*—Daniel Inman, Jeremiah Post.

*Corporals*—Amasa Thayer, William Inman, Arnold Blackmore.

*Fifer*—Uriel Mitchell.

*Privates*—Willard Church, Ezekiel Olcott, Dennison Ocloby, Chub Sabin, Alfred Tour, Elijah Ingoldsby, James Grant, Thomas McKiner, Lyman Lornice, James Lavins, John Edmunds, Lyman Austin, Oren Austin, James Davison, Harmon Hardly, Anthony Lasure, Michael Lasure, Rensselaer Norton, Thomas Smith, John Haynes, Samuel Millett, Samuel Russell, Daniel Deits.

## CAPTAIN PULLEN'S COMPANY IN COLONEL HOPKINS' REGIMENT FROM AUGUST 25 TO NOVEMBER 8, 1814.

*Captains*—Jenks Pullen, John Hine.

*Lieutenants*—Arenoe Babe, Calvin Whedon.

*Ensigns*—Edward Howard, Joshua Case.

*Sergeants*—Samuel Philo, Samuel Gillis, John Drake, Jesse Beard, Stephen Wilson, Henry Catlin, John Woodhull, Robert Crawford, John Maxon, wounded, John Brockway.

*Corporals*—Abner Ray, Peter Failing, Daniel Higgins, George Marlin, Cyrenus Blodgett, Timothy Johnson, Elias Pratt, killed, Jesse Owen, George Claflin, Enoch Nobles, wounded, William Blodgett.

*Musicians*—James Dunn, Asahel P. Hurd, Nathaniel Brown, Samuel French, Robert Stimpson.

*Privates*—Asahel Jones, Lemuel Allen, Richard Beard, James Bird, Miles Burnel, Jesse Barkley, John G. Briggs, Truman Bates, Samuel Brown, Isaac Combs, Ephraim Coss, John Cooper, Henry Castle, Jacob Clapper, John Cary, John D. Dickersou, Enoch Eddy, Rufus Eldridge, Horace Enos, H. Francisco, John Fuller Silas Freeman, David Gale, Pardon Green, Jacob Magee, Calvin Hartwell,\* Aaron Howard, James Lewis, Clark Gardner, Simeon Crandall, Robert Hine, Isaac Lawrence, Joseph Ireton, Isaac Hall, Joseph Hull, Comfort Hawley, Nathan Hull, Seth Hull, Samuel Lee, Joseph Lewis, Samuel Lewis, William Lewis, David McNeil, Miles Mullin, Darius Peck, William Perrine, Henry Teer, John Petit, Abram Phillips, Henry Rhoades, Jared Smith, Cyrus West.

## CAPTAIN SWAN'S COMPANY FROM JANUARY, 1814, TO APRIL, 1814.

*Captain*—Seth Swan.

*Lieutenants*—James Beard, Dennis Stewart.

*Ensigns*—John Albaugh, John Taylor.

*Sergeants*—Joseph Cole, Daniel Dunn, Vini Pease, Adolphus Baggerly, Benjamin Johnson.

*Corporals*—David Randall, Phineas B. Austin, Martin Van Dyke, Tiffany Brockway, Elijah Russell.

*Drummer*—Nathaniel Brown.

*Fifers*—Isaac Townsend, Jabez F. Joslyn.

*Privates*—Arthur Hamilton, Andrew Roy, Abraham Vandine, Arthur Murphy, Aaron Gibbs, Alfred Hobbs, Abraham Skurts, Benoni Humphrey, Benjamin Mason, Allen Sheldon, Benjamin Thomas, Calvin Traver, Daniel R. Russell, David Davis, Dependent Sprague, Elihu Allen, Elijah Gibbs, Frederick Avery, Lewis Moore, Gilbert Parish, Galusha

\* Taken Prisoner.

Herrington, George Sergeant, Gavitt Cole, George Palmer, Gideon Moore, Gilbert Baker, Henry Johnson, Henry Morrison, John Robertson, John Jones, John Featherly, Joshua Reeves, Jacob McGee, John B. Warner, John Lewis, James Rockaway, Jonathan R. Parshall, Joseph Corey, Jonathan Follet, Jabez F. Joslyn, John Hutchinson, James Calhoun, Joel Willard, James Kelloch, John Wilson, Richard Manchester, Richard White, Rouse Cord, Robert Vandusen, Stephen Young, Simeon Pitcher, Samuel B. Barber, Joseph Cooper, John Windangle, John Gifford, Jacob Gilbert, Isaac Vandusen, Joseph Allen, Christian Traver, Minard Robertson, Martin Woodard, Samuel Bartlett, Samuel Tooley, Samuel Thatcher, Theodore Bailey, Truman Mason, Thomas Brown, Nathan Drake, Noel Rice, Oram Gates, Peter Falin, Philip Lusk, Peter Aetheser, Richard Sebring, Richard Beard, Roswell Alford, Thomas Fish, Walter Crouch, Welcome Mitchell, William Downing, Thomas Story, Azel Ingoldsby.

LIEUTENANT LILLY'S COMPANY OF CAVALRY.

*First Lieutenant*—Asa Lilly.

*Second Lieutenant*—Henry Jessup.

*Cornet*—Asa R. Swift.

*Sergeants*—James R. Huggins, Isaac S. Holmes, Russell Ensworth.

*Corporals*—Jabez Blackman, Isaac Hall.

*Privates*—Zimri Atwater, Robert R. Blackman, James Benson, James Bryant, Isaac Brockway, Hugh Clark, Abner Carr, Dorastus Cole, John Cutler, Parshall Terry, Wm. Terry, Willis Fisk, John Hays, Wm. F. Hussey, John Milligan, Gabriel Rogers, Samuel Rossiter, John Randolph, John T. Sickles, Nathan R. Tift.

Roll of a company of Guards called out from June 25 to July 12, 1813.

*Captain*—Daniel Poppino.

*Corporal*—William Green.

*Privates*—Zebiner Crane, [Cram], Samuel Waters, Jeduthan Moffat, Noah Austin, John Sherman, William Terry, Ira Green, Royal Bradish, Tunis Girdman, Joseph Crappen, Martin Cutter, James T. Burnett, Arnold Blackman, James Levins, Thomas Stoddard, Nathan Thayer.

Such additional names as have been obtained are given below under the name of the towns in which they resided.

## ARCADIA.

Stephen Baldwin, Simeon Freer, I. W. Pitts, Nathan Taylor, Frederick U. Sheffield, Samuel Soverhill, Isaac Soverhill, A. H. Fairchild, Caleb Finch, Charles C. Chadwick, William W. Wolfrom, are all mentioned as soldiers of 1812. Their graves are in Willow Avenue Cemetery, and are annually decorated by Post G. A. R.

*Colonel Archer Hays*, a soldier of 1812, buried in Arcadia Cemetery.

*William Wolson*, a soldier of 1812, buried in Arcadia Cemetery.

*Joseph Luce*, a brother in the family mentioned in chapter five, part first, was in the War of 1812, from Arcadia and died in 1842 in Pennsylvania and is buried at Harbor Creek in that State.

*Aaron S. Gordenier*, of Arcadia, (then being in Columbia County) was drafted a few days before the close of the War of 1812 and procured a substitute—but neither saw actual service—peace being declared soon after. He died in Arcadia, March, 1866. His wife was Cathaline Van Ness, a well known family name of Columbia County. Her father, John Van Ness, and eight brothers, are all said to have been in the revolutionary army and all to have held some official station.

*Jacob P. Groat*, (father of ex-Sheriff Groat,) served in the War of 1812. His discharge is in the possession of his son James F. Groat, who served in the civil war as mentioned elsewhere

*John Patrick*, (then of Albany,) served in the War of 1812, on Harlem Heights, near New York. Settled in Wayne county, town of Arcadia. He died about 1867, and was buried in East Palmyra Cemetery.

*Adam Flint*, of Newark, was in the War of 1812—served at Sackett's Harbor.

*Amos Jenks*, grandfather of Mrs. Pinkham Crommett, was in the War of 1812, and was buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.

*Nathan Drake*, formerly of New Jersey, afterwards Arcadia, served in the War of 1812. He was buried in East Palmyra.

## BUTLER.

*Abijah Upham* was a soldier of 1812, died in 1881.

*James Grant*, a soldier of 1812, buried in Miller's Cemetery.

*Archibald Kassan*, a soldier of 1812, buried at Butler's Cemetery.

*Captain Ben. Seeley*, a soldier of 1812, buried at Lovejoy's Cemetery.

At Westbury Cemetery, there are buried the following soldiers of 1812, as recorded upon the decoration list of Keeslar, Post G. A. R.: Reuben Jenkins, Simeon Sprague, Lansing Hyde, Daniel Patterson, Benjamin West, Cornelius Leversee.

Samuel Lytle now living at the age of eighty-eight in Butler, was a soldier of 1812, then a resident of Argyle, Washington Co. He settled in Butler about thirty years ago.

## GALEN.

*Moses Clark*, (father of Spencer Clark) who settled at Angell's Corners, in 1808, was a teamster in the War of 1812.

Spencer Clark also sends in the names of others who served from that neighborhood: William Pettis, Levi Mead, Richard Brown, Alexander Selfridge, Elias Austin, Reuben Smith.

*John B. Condit*, buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.

The Post G. A. R., decorated his grave as a soldier of 1812. He died February 18, 1864.

The following soldiers of 1812 are buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde: Christopher King, Linus Ely—a surgeon, Nathaniel Wadley, Gilbert Hooker,\* Nehemiah G. Smith, Luther Redfield, Gilbert Spaulding, James M. Watson, C. P. Howard, Isaac Snedaker, then of Pennsylvania,

In the old cemetery, Clyde, Asahel Ticknor, Aaron Velie, Abner Hand, Colonel VanRensselaer De Golger, Peter N. Smith. Mr. Moon, well known in Clyde, was a soldier of 1812.

*Christopher King* was a soldier of 1812. He died in November 1880, and is said to have had twenty-nine children.

*Wm. Graham* was a soldier of 1812. His widow received a pension.

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\* A soldier of the Revolution.

## HURON.

*Philip Sours*, then of Columbia County, was drafted, went to New York and served in the regiment of Colonel Van Vleck with the rank of Ensign. He afterwards became Captain in the militia, settled in Wayne County, was a prominent citizen, often chosen to positions of public trust. He died January 9, 1868, nearly eighty years of age and is buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Asahel Dowd*, who settled in Huron fifty years ago or more, served at Boston in the War of 1812. He died January 25, 1855, over eighty years of age and was buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Henry Davis* came to Huron from New Jersey. Had served in the War of 1812 before coming to Huron. He died January 18, 1873, aged 76, and is buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Lewis Cox* came from Rockland County, N. Y. He died July 26, 1871, aged seventy-four and is buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Stoddard S. Green*, served three years in the War of 1812. Died in Huron in 1842.

*Isaac Richardson, Jr.*, born in Springfield Mass., April 23, 1785, was a soldier in the War of 1812. Died May 30, 1860, in Huron and is buried in the Huron Cemetery.

*Jedediah Wilder*, buried in Leavenworth Cemetery, Wolcott, was a soldier of 1812, died August 8, 1867.

*Daniel Demmon*, who died February 20, 1855, was a soldier of 1812 and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*James F. Gurnee*, died August 16, 1863, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Solomon Smith*, who died January 1, 1869, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Elias Y. Munson*, who died June 23, 1861, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Edward J. Smith*, who died July 17, 1876, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*John McConnelly*, who died February 22, 1869, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Allen Rice, Sen.*, who died May 10, 1852, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Ebenezer Jones*, who died November 14, 1874, was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*John Bell* was a soldier of 1812, and buried in Huron Cemetery.

*Jacob Hickey* was a soldier of 1812, and is understood by his family to have been at Sodus Point on the night of the skirmish. He died September 8, 1869.

*Ebenezer Jones*, born in Springfield, Mass., May 12, 1799, removed to Steuben County, N. Y., in 1809, enlisted in the War of 1812 near the close, and served a short time at Oswego and Sackett's Harbor. After the war he settled in Huron. Built the first grist-mill in the north part of the town. Held various public offices and died November 17, 1874. Two daughters survive, Mrs. Alan-son Church and Mrs. Alexander Skutt.

*Philip Richardson*, born in Springfield, Mass., October 16, 1794, moved to Cherry Valley in 1803. Served for a time in the War of 1812, and was present in the engagement at Oswego. He died in Huron July 18, 1833.

*Parley Richardson*, born in Springfield, Mass., February, 1789. Enlisted at the beginning of the War of 1812. Was in the battle of Lake Erie under Commodore Elliott; was in possession of a carving knife, a relic of the captured squadron. He died in Ohio in 1834. The three, Isaac, Philip and Parley, were brothers and sons of Isaac Richardson, the revolutionary soldier mentioned elsewhere.

#### LYONS.

The following names not previously given are found in the list published annually by the *Lyons Republican*, preparatory to memorial day :

George Bassett, Calvin D. Palmeter, Chauncey Halliday, D. R. Rozelle, Hezekiah Roberts, John Delavan, Henry Lake, May, James Satterlee, buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.

Joseph P. Goseline, George Sparks, Thomas E. Dorsey, Ananias Langdon, Gen. William H. Adams, Joseph Cole, buried in South Cemetery.

John Gilbert, (the oldest son of Amos Gilbert, a soldier of the Revolutionary war) was born in the town of Salem,



Washington County, N. Y., December 30, 1789. He moved to the town of Lyons with his father in 1806, and in 1810 moved to the village of Lyons, where he resided until his death. In 1812 he joined a company of volunteers under command of Captain Elias Hull, and was in service on the Niagara frontier one year, acting in the capacity of Second Sergeant. On his return from the war he was elected First Sergeant, and served two years as such, when he was made Captain of his company. In 1813 he rode through the woods on horseback to warn out the militia when the British invaded Sodus Point. He died on the 22d of July, 1882, in his ninety-third year, and is buried in Lyons. His widow and six children survive him.

Benjamin Ennis, of Lyons, was a soldier of 1812.

Cornelius Chipp, under Captain Hull at Sodus Point, also served one year in the Twenty-Ninth Infantry.

#### MARION.

*Reuben Smith* came from Elizabeth, St. Lawrence County, to Marion, died in this town and is buried in Marion Cemetery.

*Solomon Leonard*, a native of Vermont, served in the War of 1812—afterwards settled in Marion, and is buried in Marion Cemetery.\*

*Reuben Adams, Jr.*, died November 5, 1850, and is buried in Marion Cemetery.

*Jacob G. Crane* volunteered in 1813. Died in Marion, March 30, 1870, aged seventy-five years.

*Weston Briggs*, born in Dartmouth, Bristol County, Mass., died aged seventy-seven years, December 30, 1859. Buried in Marion Cemetery.

*Thomas Cory*, born in Rhode Island, died May 5, 1838, aged seventy-nine. Buried in East Palmyra.

*William Cory*, born in Rhode Island; a soldier of the revolution; died in 1798, aged eighty-four.

*Thomas Congdon*, served in the War of 1812, about seven months, in Washington County. Removed to Marion, died in 1874, and is buried in the Marion Cemetery.

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\* Probably a son of the Revolutionary soldier.

*Amos T. Phelps*, brother of E. T. Phelps, served in the War of 1812, died in the service and was buried by his comrades.

*Silas Barton*, a soldier of 1812. Died February 18, 1861, aged seventy-two years and five months. Buried in the cemetery at Hall's Settlement.

*Paul Phelps*, died June 9, 1863, aged seventy-seven years.

*Pardon Durfee* was in the service in the War of 1812.

*Joshua Terry* went to Pultneyville at the time of the assault on that place. Died Nov. 1841, in Michigan, aged fifty-six years.

#### MACEDON.

*Isaac Barnhardt* served under Captain Swift, of Palmyra, died March, 1857, buried in Palmyra Cemetery.

*Dr. William Plunkett Richardson* of Macedon, was in the War of 1812, and served as Assistant Surgeon.

#### ONTARIO.

*Jacob Decker* was a soldier in 1812, from Owasco, Cayuga County; was sent to guard Sackett's Harbor. His captain's name was Daniel Coffee. Mr. Decker died in Ontario, December 12, 1847, and was buried in the Dickinson burial ground. Mr. Decker was born in Minisink, Orange County, N. Y., August 11, 1792.

*Andrew Graham* served in the War of 1812, in the company of Captain W. Jackson, from the town of Perinton. He afterwards resided in Macedon, and about the year 1845 removed to Ontario. He died November 2, 1868, aged eighty-two, in Adrian, Michigan. Mr. Graham was born in Cheshire, Massachusetts, and was one of the pioneer settlers of Perinton, coming there about the year 1804.

*James Woodworth*, born in Hillsdale, Massachusetts, April 3, 1794, enlisted in 1814 under Captain J. Rockwell, Massachusetts militia, died in Ontario, December 30, 1848, buried on the farm of his son.

*Samuel Brewer*, born in Columbia County, town of Claverack, June 28, 1789, moved to Webster, and afterwards to Ontario, still living, at the age of ninety-four, (June 28, 1883). He was a private in the War of 1812, under Captain G. H. Strickers, of Columbia County.

## ONTARIO.

*Lester Robins*, born June 11, 1793. Died January 6, 1854.  
Buried in Finley Cemetery, Walworth.

*Isaac Bramer*, served forty days. Died April, 1868, aged  
seventy-three. Buried in Newark Cemetery.

*John Speller*, served on picket duty ; died in 1862.

## PALMYRA.

*Ambrose Salisbury* was a soldier of 1812. He was an Orderly Sergeant in the rifle company of Captain Selma Stanley, of the Thirty-First regiment. He served a six months term. In June, 1813, he again went out as a substitute for his uncle, John Salisbury. He was then a member of Captain Anson Remer's company of dragoons from Geneva. He crossed into Canada and traversed the country in search of the enemy with whom he had several sharp skirmishes. His subsequent services in numerous civil offices were varied and important. He died July 21, 1864.

*John Swift*.—Palmyra, in the War of 1812, suffered the loss of one of her leading citizens, one who had been the pioneer settler—General John Swift. He was a native of Litchfield, Connecticut. He took an active part in the Revolutionary War, held a commission and was at the battle of Wyoming. He settled in Palmyra in the summer of 1789, as has been usually stated. Turner's History of the Pultney estate records Webb Harwood, however, as the actual pioneer, and that John Swift, though he was the purchaser; with Colonel Jenkins, of the entire township No. 12, did not locate until the next year, 1790. He was prominent in the militia for several years prior to the War of 1812, as already seen in a previous chapter. April 10, 1805, a new Brigade having been formed in the northern part of the County of Ontario, John Swift received the appointment of Brigadier-General, and his brother, Philetus Swift, succeeded to the command, as Lieutenant-Colonel, of the Seventy-First Regiment. John Swift resigned his command of the Brigade just before the breaking out of the war,

February 29, 1812, but was afterwards appointed a Brigadier-General of volunteers, and in this capacity he served upon the Niagara frontier. In reconnoitering the enemy's works at Fort George, he captured a picket guard, and while in the act of receiving their arms, one of the prisoners shot him through the breast; an attack from a superior British force followed. The wounded General rallied his men and commenced a successful engagement, when he fell, exhausted by his wound. Never, says a writer at that time, was the country called upon to lament the loss of a firmer patriot or a braver man. The Legislature voted a sword to his oldest male heir, Asa R. Swift, of Palmyra, who was drowned in Sodus Bay, in 1820 or 1821. The sword afterwards fell to Henry C. Swift, of Phelps, a son of Asa R. General John Swift is buried in the old cemetery in Palmyra village. The stone at his grave bears the following inscription:

“Sacred to the memory of General JOHN SWIFT, who was killed by the enemy of his country, July 12, 1814, near Newark, in Upper Canada, aged 52 years, 25 days.”

Palmyra owes a more generous care to the grave, and to the memory of General Swift. His burial place is a “rude, neglected spot where the forefathers of the hamlet sleep.” The ground itself can scarcely be reached except by an expert climber in search of old names and dates. There the flowers and shrubbery, long since planted by loving hands, have run wild with nature's luxuriance. It is right to lavish wealth and labor upon the new cemeteries of modern times, but why forget the graves of the pioneers? Why shall not Palmyra village protect this crumbling hill from further desecration, clear out the brush, smooth down the sod, and let a memorial shaft rise from this crowning summit to General Swift, the early settler, the founder of the town, the first chosen supervisor, the brave general who gave his life in the prime of manhood, to his country's service.

*William Howe Cuyler.*—One of the costliest sacrifices which Western New York laid upon the altar of the country in the War of 1812, was the death of Major William Howe Cuyler, of Palmyra. In 1810, a battalion of riflemen had been organized under the authority of an order dated March 12, and attached to the Brigade of militia then commanded by Brigadier-General John Swift. Major Cuyler was appointed to the command of the battalion. Upon the breaking out of the war he was early upon the frontier and was appointed aid upon the staff of Major-General Hall. Stationed at Buffalo, he was the active co-operator with the navy agent, Lieutenant Elliott, in the preparations for the gallant exploit of capturing the British vessels from under the walls of Fort Erie, on the 8th of October, 1812. The expedition was successful, and the *Adams* and the *Caledonia* were on the American side, but one of them was grounded before it was secured, and a sharp fire was opened by the British from Fort Erie. Major Cuyler, anxious for the fate of men attempting so dangerous an enterprise, had been up all night making such preparations as he judged necessary for the reception of the wounded. Just at daylight he rode upon the beach towards Black Rock, and was instantly killed by a grape shot which passed through his body breaking the spine. He was buried near the spot where he fell, but after the war his remains were removed to Palmyra. The following verses appeared in *The War*, published in New York a week or two after his death:

TO THE MEMORY OF MAJOR CUYLER.

Born in the reach of splendor, pomp and power,  
 He spurned at honors unattained by worth,  
 And fostering freedom, in a glorious hour,  
 Preferred her cause to all the pride of birth.

In freedom's virtuous cause alert he rose,  
 In freedom's virtuous cause undaunted bled ;  
 He died for freedom mid a host of foes,  
 And found on Erie's beach an honored bed.

But where, O ! where the hallowed sod,  
 Beneath whose verd the hero's ashes sleep !  
 Is this the cold, neglected moldering clod,  
 Or that the grave at which I ought to weep !

Why rises not some massy pillar high,  
 To grace a name that fought for freedom's prize !  
 Or why at least some rudely etched stone nigh,  
 To show the spot where matchless valor lies ?

Yet soldier, thy illustrious name is known,  
 Thy fame supported and thy worth confessed,  
 That peerless virtue which in danger shone,  
 Is shining still where thou art laid in rest.

And though no monumental script is seen,  
 Thy deeds to publish and thy worth proclaim,  
 Each son of freedom passing near this green,  
 Shall hail brave Cuyler and revere his name.

D. B. V.

The slab above his remains in Palmyra Cemetery bears the following fac-simile inscription :

SACRED

To the memory of  
 Major William Howe Cuyler,  
 Who was killed at Black Rock,  
 By a shot from the enemy,  
 On the night of the 9th of October, 1812,  
 While humanely administering

To the relief

Of the wounded soldiers.

Who intrepidly crossed to the British shore  
 And brought over the Adam Frigate,  
 That had been surrendered by,  
 General Hull,  
 And the Caledonian Ship belonging  
 To the enemy.

He was in the 30th year of his age,  
 And son of the late

Henry Cuyler Esq., of Greenbush,  
 In this State.

In life he was beloved,

In death lamented.

As a Soldier, Patriot, Friend,  
 Husband and Father,  
 He shone conspicuously.

We add also the following obituary notice from the *Ontario Messenger*, October 27, 1812 :

OBITUARY.

“The death of Major Cuyler is justly regarded by all who knew him as a subject of deep regret. He was among the first settlers of our county, and we shall long cherish his remembrance. As a land agent he contributed very much

to the extent, respectability and comfort of our northern settlements. He had a quickness of sympathy with those who were in affliction and an ardor of benevolence that was unusual even among the good. Familiar with the best society from his childhood, his manners were polished and amiable.

“There are few who are so capable of receiving and communicating social enjoyment as he was; and none more ready with his purse, his heart, his hand to engage in any undertaking for the public benefit. He has left a wife and three children whose loss God only can repair.

“They will have the comfort of numerous friends to join them in their sorrows, and may the Spirit of grace give them all the consolation of religion. Major Cuyler was a man whom nature had qualified peculiarly for military life. His bodily frame was large, well proportioned and uncommonly vigorous, and it was animated by a soul disinterested, arduous, and of the most inflexible resolution. Though a respectable member of the bar, he was also a farmer. More accustomed to active than sedentary exertions, he had acquired a compactness and elasticity of muscle which enabled him to undergo the most toilsome labor without fatigue. Some years since he raised a rifle company, which stimulated by his example and assistance, were immediately uniformed, armed and equipped. No body of men could long be under his command without becoming exceedingly attached to him. He was cheerful, liberal, humane.

“Possessing a commanding presence and great ambition to make his company distinguished, they were soon in a respectable state of discipline. With this company, when the first law of Congress was passed authorizing the President to accept of the services of volunteers, he offered himself to the government. Soon after he was promoted to the command of a battalion of Riflemen. In war the services of such men as Major Cuyler are essential to success. He had been appointed by Major General Hall one of his aids, and when war was declared by our government he was called to the field.

“He believed the war to be unnecessary but as a soldier he was bound to obey the order of his superior, and as a patriot he was ever ready to repel invasion.

“On the 21st of July he left us regretting his absence but confident that whoever might be his companions, he would not fail to be conspicuous. He had no sooner reached the frontier than he began to gain the good will of the troops. His intelligence, his zeal, his activity, his charity, soon gave him a high place in the affections of both officers and soldiers.

“ But it was not his lot to display the efficiency of his arm, or the collectiveness of his mind in the rage of conflict. His was the eye, and his the action, and his the language, that would have inspired the inexperienced and irresolute with courage to follow him in the thickest of dangers; and had he lived he might have been fated to restore the battle in some desperate day when a band of heroes, fatigued with repeated victories, were yielding to superior numbers. But alas he was cut off in the commencement of his course.

“ Patriotism mourns his fate. The heart of private friendship is inconsolable for his loss; and his associates in the field will never visit his grave without shedding tears of sorrow at the recollection of his virtues.”

*John Jagger* served five months in the War of 1812—15. Still living in East Palmyra at the age of eighty-eight, (1883.)

The following additional names of soldiers of 1812, are from the decoration list of Garfield Post:

Isaac Gardner, Durfee Chase, Stephen Spear, Samuel Acker, William Rogers, Russell Stoddard, Hiram Payne, James Turner, David Jackway, Jared C. Selby, Stephen Porter, Nathaniel Beckwith, George Beckwith, Ezra Coon, Henry Jessup, Amos Risley, Peleg Palmer, John Sherman, Charles Wright, Christopher Hyde, Captain Tice, Thomas Rogers, Alexander McIntyre, Samuel Lillie, Isaac Ryckman, Cornelius Westervelt, Thomas Lakey, Munson Seeley, Silas Tabor, Josiah Drake, all in Palmyra Cemetery, and John McDuffie, in the old burial ground.

*Captain Asa Lillie* shared in the War of 1812.

*George Culver* was captain in 1812, from East Palmyra.

*William Kellogg*, fife major in 1812, was from Palmyra.

*Mr. Stoutenberg* of Palmyra, was a soldier of 1812.

*Joshua Terry* (son of Parshall Terry, of Wyoming notoriety) was at Pultneyville, in the skirmish, and his name also appears in the militia rolls of that period. He and Stephen Reeves, son of James Reeves, the pioneer, scoured up their old guns and started “pell mell” for Pultneyville on the first alarm.

*Captain Pardon Durfee* was in the War of 1812.

*Joel Willard* should also be included in the war list of 1812.

*Captain Solomon Tice* was a soldier of 1812.



## ROSE.

*Captain Chauncey Bishop*.—At the time of the Sodus Point affair he was at work in the field on the Bishop homestead, when Mr. Knapp (who lived near the Bay Bridge where B. and R. H. Catchpole now live) came riding by with the alarm that the British were coming to destroy the military stores. In a few minutes he was on his way musket in hand. He helped remove the stores and was in the skirmish in the evening. He afterwards became prominent in the militia, attaining the rank of Captain. His commissions preserved in the family bear the autograph of De Witt Clinton. He died August 5, 1880, on the same farm where he settled with his father (Joel Bishop) in 1811. Like many other pioneers he came from Charleston, Massachusetts, to Rose, on foot, leaving home with a brother-in-law in February, 1811. Each "took up" a piece of land, built a log house, and chopped off a piece preparatory to removing their families the coming winter. The father and son (Joel and Chauncey) were both Baptists in religion and federalists in politics.

*James Covell*, soldier of 1812, died April 15, 1872, aged eighty-two years, ten months and ten days.

*Eliezier Flint* was a soldier in the War of 1812, and is now receiving a pension of \$8 per month. He was drafted and served as a Corporal in the company of Captain Collins. The draft was at New London, Conn., and he served seventy days.

*Nathan Jeffers* was a soldier of the War of 1812. His widow, Mrs. Sally Jeffers is still living and draws a pension of \$8 per month.

*Samuel Hunn* served in the War of 1812, and during the last years of his life received a pension of \$8 per month.

*Jacob Winchell* served in the War of 1812, and drew a pension during the last years of his life.

*Simeon J. Barrett* was a private in Captain D. Knapp's Company, War of 1812. Pension commenced February 14, 1871, and he is still living in town. He was drafted from the militia about August 1st, 1814, and served on Harlem Heights several months.

*Philander Mitchell* was a Corporal in Captain Saxon Langworthy's Company, Vermont militia. His widow now living draws a pension of \$8 a month.

*Peter Valentine*, then living in Washington County, was called out, but the battle of Plattsburgh being over, he with others was discharged.

## SAVANNAH.

*Aaron Hall*, soldier of 1812. His widow drew a pension, and died at the age of ninety-two in 1882.

*John Pennell*, soldier of 1812, died January 7, 1883, aged eighty-eight.

## SODUS.

*Byram Green* was at the Point on the night of the battle. To him the author is indebted for much information as he related it years ago.

*Samuel Green*, a brother of Byram Green was also at the Point that night.

*Valentine Hewitt*, a brother of Orson Hewitt was a soldier of 1812, and was wounded at Niagara; came back to Sodus before his wound was dressed.

Mr. Levi Ellsworth gives the names of the following as soldiers of 1812, killed at Queenstown:

*Daniel McNutt* who went as a substitute for Daniel Norton.

*Ezra Blanchard* and Roswell Blakely, the latter a son of Moses Blakely, the first settler of East Williamson.

*Solomon G. Smedley*, residing with Mr. Charles D. Lent (then of Vergennes, Vt.,) served in the War of 1812, a short time. Lucius Smedley, a son residing in Chicago, entered the service in war of 1861-5.

*Othniel Taylor*, born in Buckland, Massachusetts; removed to Phelps about 1800, and to Sodus about 1820; was in the battle of Sodus Point. Buried in Brick Church Cemetery.

*Edward Taylor*, born in Deerfield, Massachusetts, March 1, 1793; came with his father to Phelps, in 1801; removed to Sodus in 1819; was at the battle at Sodus Point. Died September 27, 1854; buried in Brick Church Cemetery.

*John Watters* was a resident of Columbia County; served three months at New York City, during the War of 1812, died at Joy, March 30, 1878, aged eighty-eight years and four months; buried in Joy Cemetery.

*William Young*, then living near South Sodus, belonged to a militia company or to a special company of minute men; he was on duty at Sodus Point several times, and is understood to have been present in the skirmish.

*George Palmer* went as a substitute in the place of Thomas Boyd, who was drafted; the draft was made at Sodus Village; the militia was drawn up in a line; a hat was passed containing blanks and numbers; those who drew numbers were obliged to serve or furnish a substitute.

*Nicholas Pullen* was in the cavalry under Colonel Cost of Phelps; he had come with his father from his native place, Guilford, Vermont, in 1788, being then nine years old; he was one of a family of fourteen children; his father settled at what is now Oak's Corners. Nicholas Pullen was at Sodus Point the night of the skirmish and was also out "on the lines" for several months; he came to Sodus in 1817; died in 1843, and is buried in the Brick Church Cemetery.

*Dr. Nathaniel Kellogg* was the son of the pioneer, Nathaniel Kellogg, and was a Justice of the Peace for many years at Sodus Centre; it is understood that he was at Sodus Point on the night of the skirmish.

*Joseph Williams* was born in New York City. He came to Western New York at an early day and settled at Old Castle, Geneva. He was in the army during a part of the War of 1812, and was stationed at Black Rock. When the report that a treaty of peace was signed reached the fort, he was one of a party sent across the Niagara River with a flag of truce to carry the news to the enemy. Their boat drifted into the rapids and narrowly escaped being carried over the falls. Soon after the close of the war he came to Sodus and settled where his son, Andrew C. Williams now resides, where he spent the remainder of his life. He died January 9th, 1859, in his seventy-fifth year.

*John Poucher*\* was drafted in 1814, then living in Columbia County, and served his time. Died in 1883, aged eighty-eight. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery, Newark.

*John M. Granger* was active in the militia in 1812, and was stationed at the Point, prior to the skirmish. It is not certain that he was in the engagement. Buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.

*Beebe Dennison, Sen.*, was taken prisoner at Lundy's Lane, sent to Halifax and detained until the close of the war. He is also mentioned in chapter V., as a revolutionary soldier.

*Job B. Norris*, served about four months on the lines at Niagara and vicinity. He was one of a party of volunteers from Palmyra. It is understood by the family that they were called out before the declaration of war in anticipation of the coming troubles. He died April 27, 1866, at the age of seventy four, and is buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.

*Christopher Britton* was one of the prisoners taken at the Point. He was set on shore the next day. His homestead was the well known farm of later years belonging to his son John Britton, at Alton. Mrs. John Britton writes of him as follows:

“ Christopher Britton left England because of the laws; and soon as he got here he became a true American. When he heard the place was taken he took down his gun and started upon the run and went there and fired in amongst them. They took him prisoner, and took him out on their fleet and kept him over night, and let him go. His wife said it was because he was a Freemason. They asked him while there what freak it was that made him fire into them, and he said, ‘ I wanted to get one good shot at you.’ ”

*Thomas Boyd*, father of John A. and Reuben Boyd, was drafted and secured the services of George Palmer as a substitute, paying him forty dollars. Mr. Boyd was at Sodus Point in the battle of June 19, 1813. He is buried in the Bushnell burial place.

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\* The old gentleman always wrote his name according to the old spelling *Boucher*.

*Frederick Boyd*, a brother of Thomas Boyd, was at Sodus Point, in the battle of June 19, 1813, and is buried near Salmon Creek, where he settled.

*Harry Skinner* was one of the prisoners taken at the Point. He successfully deceived the British officers palming himself "off as drunk or idiotic until the Commander ordered the d—d fool put on shore."

*William Pitcher* lived at Oak's Corners at the time of the outbreak of the war. Was at Sodus Point the night of the skirmish as related by his widow who is still living, (1882.) He died January 13, 1883, and is buried in Brick Church Cemetery, aged seventy-seven years.

*Henry Francisco* died near Whitehall, N. Y., September 16, 1820, at the age of *one hundred and thirty-four years and six months*. The year before his death Prof. Silliman, of Yale College, visited him and became satisfied that this statement of age was correct, and a small pamphlet was printed with the Professor's account. The Editor of the *Salem Gazette* speaking of Francisco's visit to that village said: "He excited universal interest. His health is good; his hair is firm on his head; he walked to the court-house and came about thirty-one miles to attend Court, and yet he is according to his own oath and sufficient testimony besides to induce implicit belief, one hundred and thirty-four years of age. He was a soldier in the English service and beat the drum at the coronation of Queen Anne. He served many years under the great Duke of Marlborough; he was at the battles of Blenheim and Ramillies,—battles whose very names excite the liveliest emotions of the human heart. What a world this man hath seen. He has survived the three long reigns of the house of Brunswick and bids fair to outlive the fourth. The Duke of Marlborough under whom he so long served, died in old age and Francisco has survived him a whole century." His son, Joseph Francisco, served about three years in the War of 1812, then residing in Washington County. He afterwards removed to Wayne County and died about the year 1845. A son of Joseph, John Francisco, also served about two years in the War of 1812.

*Samuel Philo* was a soldier of 1812, and his son *George Philo*, of Wallington, is in possession of an interesting certificate, of which the following is a copy :

HONOR TO THE BRAVE.

“ This certifies that Sergeant Samuel Philo, Captain Jenks Pullen’s company, and Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkins’ regiment of detached militia, being one of those who generously and bravely volunteered their services and crossed the Lake to Fort Erie in September last, for the relief of the American garrison, then closely invested by a superior force, and having faithfully performed his term of service, is most honorably discharged.

ARINOE BEEBE,

Lieutenant Commanding.

“Batavia, November 8, 1814.”

Samuel Philo then resided on the Robinson Hill farm, east of South Sodus. His wife, a woman of great energy and character, actually cleared a field in his absence, planted corn and was harvesting the crop when he returned after his discharge.

From the records of Dwight Post, G. A. R., made for the purpose of decoration, we have the following additional names of soldiers of 1812 :

Leonard Smith, Abner Wood, died June 24, 1869; David Sprong, died December 19, 1872; John McCarty, died May 12, 1831; Thomas Marten, Flavel Kingsley, buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery; Samuel Morse, David Foster, Andries Onderdonk, William N. Lummis, Benjamin D. Gardner, Craig Gordon, buried in old Cemetery, Mill Street; Amos Case, buried in the Episcopal Church Yard; Rudolphus Field, Jacob Garlock, Ezekiel Tiffany, buried in Bushnell’s burial place; Frederick Wickham, buried at Sodus Point; James Stevenson, Seth Wallace, buried in Wallace family lot; Ellery Potter, buried in South Sodus Cemetery; Simeon Pitcher, Samuel Blair, William Walling, Ezra Knapp, William Taylor, John Knapp, John W. Messenger, Solomon Walker, Richard Messenger, Elijah Lemon, Peter Bryant, Adam Flint, buried in the Brick Church Cemetery.

## WALWORTH.

*George Hoyt* lived in Marion, at the time of the war; enlisted and served through. Afterwards settled in Walworth where he died November 15, 1846, and was buried in the North Walworth Cemetery.

*James Andrew*, born August 25, 1795, served three months in the war of 1812, and died July 4, 1877, aged eighty-two and buried at Walworth Cemetery.

## WILLIAMSON.

*Daniel Grandin*, served on picket duty; died November 25, 1862; buried in Pultneyville Cemetery.

*Andrew Cornwall*, served on picket duty; died November 25, 1862; buried in Pultneyville Cemetery.

*Samuel Ledyard*, was in the action at Pultneyville, and before that was clerk to the officers who went out in boats to negotiate with the enemy.

*Joseph Church*, served twenty-eight days; died June 8, 1881, aged eighty-seven; buried in Pultneyville Cemetery.

*Hubbard Clark*, then residing on the Widow Pallestes farm, was at Pultneyville, in the skirmish.

It is not exactly a Wayne county item, but it is of interest to mention that the father of Andrew Erasmussen, of Pultneyville, was a soldier of 1812, and stationed at Nine Mile Creek. His mother is said to have been the only woman in Sackett's Harbor, at the time the British attack was repulsed, July 19, 1812. His grandfather, an old Danish Sea Captain, lost his life in the same war, on Lake Ontario, while acting as a pilot for a United States government vessel.

*William Rogers*, who resided where his son William Rogers, Jr., now resides, was a prominent citizen and took an active part in the militia organizations of 1800 to 1815. He was commissioned Sergeant Major, by Lieutenant-Colonel John Swift, May 8, 1802; Junior Adjutant of Lieutenant-Colonel Peasley Phillips' Regiment, April 9, 1806; Captain in the same regiment May 23, 1811; and Major Commandant of a Battalion, March 17, 1811. These commissions are now in possession of his son, residing at the old homestead; the Adjutant's command is signed by Governor Morgan Lewis; the subsequent ones by Governor Daniel D. Tompkins.

*A. White.*—A memorandum by Major Rogers says :

“ A White, was Sergeant in Captain Poppino’s company, attached to my battalion of New York militia during the War of 1812. He was called into service at Sodus, and served five days ; in December, 1813, at Pultneyville, and where he served six days, and was engaged in the battle we had with the British fleet at that time and place.”

*Lucas A. Tuttle*, was in the engagement at Pultneyville.

*Joseph Seeley*, served as a soldier of 1812.

*Ethel Maynard*, was a soldier of 1812, then of Washington county, N. Y. He settled in Williamson, about 1815 to 1818 ; his heirs in after years drew a land warrant for 160 acres, in consequence of his service ; he died in 1837 or '38, and is buried in the Cemetery at Williamson.

#### WOLCOTT.

*William Welch*, volunteer in the War of 1812. Died in Wolcott June, 1848. Buried in Huron Cemetery. Wife still living (September 1882) and receives a pension.

*Ransom Loveless* served in the War of 1812. He was appointed Lieutenant in the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Infantry by Governor Tompkins. Died August 1, 1867. Buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.

*Murray Watterman*, a soldier of 1812, is buried in Leavenworth Cemetery. He died February 22, 1875.

*Olver Ladue*, a soldier of 1812. Died September 6, 1878, and is buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.

*S. G. Cole*, a soldier of 1812. Buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.

*Benjamin Grandy*, a soldier of 1812. Died October 1874. Buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.

*Roger Olmstead*, a soldier of 1812. Died November 9, 1840. Buried in Wolcott Old Cemetery.

*Elisha Plank*, a soldier of 1812. Died September 25, 1852. Buried in Wolcott Old Cemetery.

*John Blanchard* enlisted for three or six months, and after his discharge went as a substitute for three or six months more. He was at Lewiston when Fort Erie was blown up. He died May 22, 1875, and was a little over seventy-eight years old. He was buried at North Wolcott. He was in Captain Knapp’s company.



*Lemuel Soule* and *William Waters* are also mentioned as soldiers on the records of Keeslar Post, for decoration, and buried in Wolcott Old Cemetery. We have no other facts about them.

Miss Marion McArthur sends the following names: Robert McArthur, Mr. Stanley, Marshall Lee, and Michael Logan as soldiers of 1812.

*Henry Shaft*, a soldier of 1812, buried in North Wolcott Cemetery.

*Jesse Devoe* a soldier of 1812, buried in North Wolcott Cemetery.

#### OFFICIAL ACTION IN SODUS.

At a special town meeting held at the house of Daniel Arms in Sodus, on the 1st day of September 1814, the following persons were chosen, viz.: Ephraim Coon, Esq., to preside; John Fellows and William N. Lummis, Clerks.

The following resolutions were adopted :

"*Resolved*, That they deem it inexpedient to send delegates to the General Convention to be held at Canandaigua the 15th of September; this town being much exposed to the enemy it is deemed best to provide ourselves for the defense of the frontier.

"*Resolved*, That we make immediate preparation for defense.

"*Resolved*, That William N. Lummis, William Wickham, John Fellows, Thomas Wafer and Asher Doolittle be a Committee of safety for the town of Sodus.

"*Resolved*, That a notice signed by a majority of the committee giving notice of the approach of the enemy be deemed sufficient to justify said office.\*

"*Resolved*, That the Committee of Safety offer a subscription paper to the good people of the town of Sodus for the purpose of obtaining funds for the defense of said town, and that such subscription shall be demanded only in case of the enemy's obtaining command of Lake Ontario."

From one of the letters of T. T. R., entitled "Lyons in the Olden Time,"† we have the following :

#### A PAGE IN THE MILITARY HISTORY OF LYONS.

"Commencing in the year 1808, (as far back as we have

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\*The last word in doubt, but supposed to mean "official act" or "exercise of official duty."

†A valuable series which appeared through several years of the Lyons *Republican*.

any data,) there was a militia company in Lyons, the officers which were as follows: William Patten, Captain; Peter Perrine, Lieutenant; James Bound, Ensign; William Duncan, Sergeant. It was one of the companies composing the Seventy-First Regiment of New York Infantry, commanded by Colonel Philetus Swift of Phelps, and they had company training the first Monday in June and September, and general training later in the fall at such time and place as the commanding officer of the Brigade directed. At the breaking out of the war a company of uniformed infantry was raised and went into service on the Niagara frontier. It was commanded by Elias Hull, as Captain; David Perrine, Lieutenant; William C. Guest, Ensign; and your venerable townsman John Gilbert, and two of his brothers, were in the ranks. Deacon Gilbert, is I believe, the only survivor left among you. Another, Lewis Woodward, is still living and resides in the village of Clinton. This was not all. The old men of that day revived their military spirit, formed themselves into a company known as the 'Silver Greys,' and met at stated times for military duty. The officers were Daniel Dorsey, Captain; E. Price, Lieutenant; Henry Towar, Ensign. The military spirit that had diffused itself through the community extended to the boys, and a juvenile company was formed, whereof Edward Jones, was Captain; William Price, Lieutenant; David Barclay, Ensign. Your correspondent was one of the privates. This company met on Saturday afternoons, once in two weeks, for exercise. T. T. R."

Extracts from an affidavit of John Failing made in pension cases February, 1868:

"Deponent is now seventy-six years old, and resides in Jordan, N. Y. Before the war and long thereafter resided in Lyons, Wayne County. \* \* During the war deponent belonged to the militia, and was a member first of Captain Van Anker's company, and then of Captain John Peacock's company. \* \* John Peacock lived in Lyons and was a member, with his company, of Colonel Swift's Regiment. \* \*

"On or about the 15th day of September, 1813, orders were issued to the members of the company by Colonel Swift to go into service on the western frontier at Buffalo; the companies to assemble at Irondequoit, at the mouth of the Genesee river. \* \* Said company assembled on the Pre-emption about two miles south of Lyons, marched to Canandaigua, where there was an arsenal and where we drew our arms; thence to Irondequoit, where we were mustered into the service of the United States. \* \*

Remained there two days and were discharged, having served in all five or six days. \* \* \*

"In December, 1814, about the 12th or 14th, deponent was drafted out in Captain Peacock's company, with many others, to go to Buffalo. Deponent hired James Corwin to go as his substitute, and he served as such with Sergeant Thomas E. Dorsey under Captains Perrine and Burnell.

\* \* \* In a very few days, about December 20th, the whole regiment of Colonel Swift entered service again and marched to Canandaigua, thence to the Genesee River as far as where Rochester now stands. \* \* \* and then served one or two days again, and we were discharged and marched home because word was brought that the British had crossed back into Canada after the burning of Buffalo.

\* \* \* All of the said companies were in the service both of these times. \* \* \* The way I fix the time of our service the last time in December, 1813, is this: I have always recollected that we got back home the night before Christmas, and from another fact that I went on Christmas day to the wedding of Peter Van Etten, who married a sister of Simon Pitcher." \* \* \*

We make the following extracts from various affidavits laid before Congress in support of the claim of William Wickham \* to compensation for the destruction of his house, store, goods and furniture; a claim which being presented first in 1816, had successive hearings for more than thirty years, but was never allowed:

"Henry Lum, of Geneva, describes Mr. Wickham's house as follows: It was a two-story house, and well finished, and about fifty-two feet by thirty-six, with an entry through, and a large convenient kitchen back of and adjoining the same; the whole well finished, and the windows in general well hung, with Venetian blinds. Deponent further saith that he has had much experience in building, and from his knowledge of the art of building, and of the style and manner of building, and finishing the house of the said Wickham, he

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\* Mr. Wickham based his claims principally upon the ground that his house was a public building, having the postoffice in it; that it was occupied by United States troops, and that it was destroyed for this reason, and that private houses were burned because the public property of the government was stored at the Point, and the British offered to refrain from all destruction of private property if the public property was given up. The hearing upon Mr. Wickham's claim is a good specimen of Dickens "Circumlocution office," the first papers having been presented to Congress in 1816, and the last in 1846-47. Mr. Wickham's losses were very heavy; dwelling house, new and well furnished, store and goods, and a warehouse at the waters edge were all totally destroyed.

verily believes the house, kitchen and wood house aforesaid were at the time they were destroyed by the enemy, reasonably and fairly worth six thousand dollars.

“Dated November 20, 1816.”

“William Burnet, Brigadier-General of the twenty-fourth Brigade of New York militia, deposes that on or about the 16th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, intelligence was received that the British had landed at Genesee river, and were coming to Sodus, where was deposited large quantities of provisions, and stores destined for the American army, then in service against Canada; that thereupon he ordered into the service of the United States, the regiment of militia, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Philitus Swift and part of a battalion of riflemen, and directed them to repair to Sodus for the protection of the public property, and the militia so ordered out did assemble under the command of the deponent at Sodus, and by their exertions removed a very considerable part of the said provisions to a place of safety. \* \* \* \* \* Deponent further says that on the morning of the 19th of June, in the same year, the enemy not then appearing, the greater part of the militia so ordered out were dismissed, and only a guard retained for the property so removed; that on the night of the day aforesaid, the British fleet put into Sodus Bay, landed a party of men, took and carried away or destroyed the provisions, remaining in the storehouse of Nathaniel Merrill and in several other buildings.

“Dated November 18, 1816.”

“Asahel Bannister, deposed that in the attack made by the British in the late war, on the village of Sodus, he acted as Quartermaster in Colonel Swift's regiment of militia, and was bearer of a flag of truce to the enemy, and was met by a flag from them; that the officers who bore the British flag proposed to deponent to spare the village and not to burn or destroy private property upon condition that the public stores and provisions which had been removed were given up to them; that deponent replied he was not authorized to make any such stipulation, but would report the same to his officers, and in three or four hours would return them an answer; hoping and believing that by that time sufficient militia would assemble to defend the property aforesaid; that he did thereupon return to his officers and made report of what had passed, and at the expiration of the appointed time again bore a flag to the enemy and informed them that the property would not be given up. And deponent further saith that in the course of the conversation held with the

British officers, he distinctly stated to this deponent that their intention was only to obtain the public provisions; and if they were given up to them peaceably, they would engage not to come to Sodus again during this war unless it should again be made a place of deposit for public stores or become a military post.

“ And deponent further saith that for want of camp equipage and barracks the soldiers were compelled to and did actually make use of the said Wickham’s kitchen and furniture for that purpose.

“ And deponent further saith that on the first landing of the enemy a smart conflict ensued between the British and a party of militia a short distance from the house of the said William Wickham in which several of the enemy were killed and wounded.

“ Dated November 16, 1816.”

These affidavits enlarge upon the deposit of public stores being the reason for the destruction of the place, because it was desirable to prove that Mr. Wickham’s house and the houses of others were burned in an attempt to save the public property of the United States and therefore the owners had a just claim for compensation.

But we quote from these documents simply to throw light upon the events which occurred in connection with the battle.

“ Daniel Dorsey deposed that during the late war he commanded a company of exempt militia attached to Colonel Philetus Swift’s regiment; and that on or about the 16th of June 1813, an alarm was spread that the enemy had landed at Genesee River and was coming to Sodus. \* \* \* \* That General Wm. Burnet ordered out a part of his Brigade into the service of the United States for the defense of the village of Sodus and of the public property, and that in consequence of said order, deponent marched with his company to Sodus, and this deponent further saith that there were no tents or other camp equipage for the accommodation of the troops and that for want thereof the troops were quartered in the houses and barns of the citizens, and that he expressly ordered a part of his company to take possession of the barn of William Wickham and to occupy the same for barracks and that they did use the same; and for want of camp kettles and proper articles for cooking and baking, the kitchens and kettles of the citizens were used for that purpose, and he well remembers that the soldiers of his company did cook in the kitchen of William

Wickham. \* \* \* That on the night of the 19th of June in the same year, the British landed at Sodus, captured some of the provisions which had not been removed and burned the store-house in which they were stored and several private dwellings.

“Dated November 10, 1816.”

“George Chapin further describes the Wickham house in his affidavit as a two-story house fifty-two feet long and thirty-six feet wide; with four rooms on the lower floor and an entry of ten feet wide; and in all respects neatly and expensively finished; with cherry doors and twenty-nine windows of which twenty-five had Venetian blinds, painted, well hung, with fastenings, etc., etc.; and that there was a kitchen back of and adjoining said house thirty-two feet long and thirty wide, in all respects well finished, with chambers overhead and a woodhouse back of the kitchen fifty-two feet long and sixteen feet wide, with a convenient wash-room at one end.

“Dated November 13, 1816.”

Jesse Brown, in a long affidavit, detailing principally the occupying of Mr. Wickham's house and other private houses by the soldiers, adds the following statement not mentioned by others:

“That a black man by the name of Gilbert, an inhabitant of Sodus, was taken prisoner by the enemy, and the said Gilbert afterwards informed him that the enemy did, by threatening him with instant death, compel him to point out to them the houses in which soldiers had been quartered and where arms or ammunition had been deposited.

“Dated October 31, 1816.”

“Dorothy Hodgman, a member of the Wickham family, makes affidavit to the furniture in the house, from which it appears that the young merchant had established himself and family in decidedly comfortable quarters. The list includes one mahogany bedstead, forty dollars; two common bedsteads, twenty dollars; one mahogany dining table, thirty dollars; three small cherry tables, seventeen dollars; one looking-glass thirty dollars; one tea set (India China) twenty-six dollars; one book-case, glass doors, fifty dollars; and a large inventory besides of articles ‘too numerous to mention.’

“Dated November 13, 1816.”

James Edwards, of Sodus, in a long affidavit stating events bearing particularly on the Wickham claim testifies to the following general matters:

“That he was at Sodus Point on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th days of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen as a guard to protect public property and that he was on guard on the 19th of June, 1813, at the time the enemy landed a force on Sodus Point. \* \* \*

That he was present in the battle that took place, which, as deponent believes, was at about 12 o'clock on the night of the 19th of June, 1813, and that he left the Point about three o'clock that night and went about a mile west to join the main body where the wounded had been removed.

“Deponent further says that at the time he left the Point on the morning of the 20th of June, 1813, the enemy had done no other damage than to destroy the remaining part of the public property left in the storehouse; the residue having been removed the day before to a place about seventy-five rods west of said Wickham's house. Deponent returned to the Point in the morning a short time after they had set fire to the buildings.

“Dated July 17, 1846.”

“Asel Latimer in a similar affidavit says: That he was on guard on the 19th of June, 1813, the day the enemy landed a force on Sodus Point; that at that time William Wickham was absent and had been gone about two weeks to New York on business and did not return until about July 1st: that in the afternoon of the 19th, by direction of Captain Nathaniel Merrill in command of the guard left by General Burnett, Mrs. Wickham left the house and some of the guard were quartered therein. \* \* \*

Deponent further says that on the night of the 19th of June or morning of the 20th, the enemy landed at Sodus Point and that he saw them set fire to and burn the storehouse and public property that had not been removed, and that they then came up into the village and burned the said William Wickham's dwelling-house together with the Post Office and other buildings attached thereto. \* \* \* Deponent further states that on the 18th and 19th a part of the public property was removed from the storehouse about seventy-five rods west of the said Wickham's house to the upper end of the village in the woods. \* \* \*

That on the afternoon of the same day that the buildings were burned in the morning that the enemy sent a flag of truce on shore saying if the militia would give up the remainder of the public stores they would not destroy any more private stores. General Burnett, commander of the American forces, replied that they must take it by the point of the sword or the strength of powder; that the British then retreated to their vessels.

“Dated July 17, 1846.”

"Eliza C. Hoylarts testified, that Gilbert Saulter said to her that he was on board the enemy's ship at the time they sent the soldiers on shore and that he distinctly heard the commanding officer, Sir James Yeo, order the officer in charge of the expedition to be sure and burn the Post Office.

"Dated July 17, 1846."

"William P. Irwin made an affidavit in support of the Wickham claim, and stated among other things, that he was called out as a private in Captain John Holcomb's company, to defend Sodus Point, and the public property deposited in the storehouse at Sodus Point, on the 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th days of June, 1813. \* \* \* That the flag of truce sent in by the enemy was after the buildings were set on fire. \* \* \* That on the night of the said 19th of June, 1813, a guard was set to guard the public property west of said Wickham's house, and also a guard stationed from said Wickham's house south-east to the warehouse.

"Dated July 17, 1846."

Asel Latimer, in a similar affidavit said :

"On the morning of the conflagration I saw the British gun boats in Sodus Bay, and at about 7 o'clock A. M. I saw a small boat leave one of the gun boats with five or six men on board; they landed and proceeded into the village and set fire to the houses, to wit: Captain William Wickham's house and store, Nathaniel Merrill's tavern house, Captain William Edus' dwelling house, and two storehouses on the margin of the Bay. While the houses were in flames, they fired a gun into each, gave three cheers and hurrahed for North America."





## CHAPTER IX.

MISCELLANEOUS—CANADIAN REBELLION—WAYNE COUNTY MEN IN IT—MEXICAN WAR—SOLDIERS FROM WAYNE COUNTY, OR SETTLED HERE SINCE—WAYNE COUNTY MEN IN REGULAR ARMY OR IN INDIAN WARS.

THE close connection geographically, between the United States and Canada has always been the source of agitation along the border during a state of war. The struggles between the French and English for the possession of Canada, during nearly two centuries, exemplify this statement. In both the Revolutionary War and the War of 1812, the conquest of Canada by the United States was an object of much debate and of several bloody and unsuccessful attempts. In the Canadian Rebellion, so-called of 1837-'38, there was much excitement in the State of New York, especially in the counties bordering upon the Lakes.

The Wayne county newspapers of those years were full of news from the frontier, and it is undeniable that there was a deep feeling of sympathy with the Canadian patriots, and quite an ardent disposition to actually volunteer in their service. It was the duty of the United States, under treaties to preserve the neutrality of the border, and this was faithfully done. No parties of British were, however, permitted to follow the fleeing "patriots" upon American soil. Had they attempted it they would have been instantly repelled with all the force at the command of General Scott, as shown below. The *Wayne Sentinel*, of January 18, 1838, is particularly interesting, as that was the date when affairs at Navy Island came to a crisis. Copies of the *Newark Standard*, for that year are full of Canadian news, and it is no secret that the editor, Daniel M. Keeler, strongly sympathized with the "patriots."

The orders in the Adjutant-General's office bearing upon these troubles are as follows :

GENERAL ORDERS, } January 12, 1838.  
 No. 1. }

Brigadier-General Burt of the Forty-Seventh Brigade of Infantry will forthwith report to the Commander-in-Chief the number of the militia now under his command and in the service of the State, called out to protect its territory from invasion.

Signed, W. L. MARCY,  
 Commander-in-Chief.

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 No. 2. }

A similar order to Brigadier-General Randall of the Eighth Brigade of Artillery.

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 No. 3. }

A similar order of the same date to Brigadier-General Jackson, of the Fifth Brigade of Infantry.

STATE OF NEW YORK, HEADQUARTERS. }  
 BUFFALO, January 12, 1838, 11 o'clock P. M. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 No. 4. }

Brigadier-General Randall will immediately order out the whole force under his command and march to Black Rock, with the utmost expedition, with his ordnance, arms, ammunition, &c., prepared for service, and there wait for further orders from the Commander-in-Chief.

ALLEN McDONALD,  
 Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 No. 5. }

A similar order of the same date to Brigadier-General Burt omitting the word ordnance.

STATE OF NEW YORK, HEADQUARTERS. }  
 BUFFALO, January 12, 1838, 11 o'clock P. M. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 No. 6. }

Understanding that the forces on Navy Island are moving from their station with a view to cross from the territory of the State of New York into Canada, you will if this be so, follow in their rear and render all the service in your power to prevent an expedition from our territory across the Niagara river into Canada. The troops at this place are ordered out to prevent the movement.

Signed, ALLEN McDONALD,  
 Adjutant-General.

Order No. 7, directed Brigadier-General Jackson not to attack or fire upon any persons landing from Navy Island on the soil of this State.

Similar orders, 8 and 9, were given to General Burt and General Randall.

STATE OF NEW YORK, HEADQUARTERS. }  
 BUFFALO, January 15, 1838, 2 o'clock A. M. }

GENERAL ORDER, }  
 NO. 10. }

The Commander-in-Chief has received information which renders it necessary and he hereby directs that Brigadier-General Jackson rendezvous without delay at Fort Schlosser with all the force under his command at Niagara Falls and vicinity, except those on Grand Island, and that the said force be held in compact order for immediate service.

Should any persons flee to our soil for refuge and be pursued by a belligerent party, such pursuing party must not be permitted to come upon our territory, but must be requested by Brigadier-General Jackson or the officer in command of our forces, to halt and retire; and if this request or remonstrance be not instantly complied with, the officer in command of our forces, to prevent or correct any such violation of our soil, must apply all his strength to drive back the wrong doer as in the case of open war.

\* \* \* \* \*

Order No. 11 called on General David Burt, Seventh Brigade, for 350 troops, to serve three months unless sooner discharged.

Orders 12 and 13 were similar addressed to General Nelson Randall, Eighth Brigade for 450, and General John Jackson Fifth Brigade for 350.

HEADQUARTERS, BUFFALO, }  
 January 16, 1838. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }  
 NO. 14. }

The Commander-in-Chief, hereby directs Brigadier-General David Burt to detail a sufficient force to search Grand Island and the vicinity on the main shore and elsewhere within the bounds of the command for cannons, muskets, etc., the property of the people of the State of New York.

General Burt is particularly instructed to seize upon all cannon and carriages and implements for the same in whose hands soever they may be found, etc., etc. \* \* \*

ALLEN McDONALD,  
 Adjutant-General.

STATE OF NEW YORK, HEADQUARTERS. }  
 ALBANY, February 28, 1838. }

GENERAL ORDERS:

In pursuance of the requisition of Brevet-Major General Scott, of the United States army, of the 19th day of February instant, under instructions from the President of the United States, to the Commander-in-Chief of the militia, of the State of New York, requesting him to call into service and place under the command of General Scott, such militia force as he may require for the defence of the Niagara frontier, of the said State, and the preservation of neutrality between the United States and Great Britain, Brigadier-General Burt, commanding the forty-seventh Brigade of Infantry, of the militia of the said State, is hereby directed to furnish and place under command of Major-General Scott, of the United States army from his said Brigade, such force as shall be designated by Lieutenant-Colonel Worth, of the United States army, to be mustered into the service of the United States for three months unless sooner discharged. \* \* \*

ALLEN McDONALD,  
 Adjutant-General.

Several men from different parts of the County went to "Navy Island" in the "Patriot war." Three went from Pultneyville or that vicinity. Mr. Beebe was one of them. He had been at Pultneyville a few months residing with an Indian Doctor of the name of Fuller. Mr. Seeley was another volunteer and there was a third man whose name is not now recalled at Pultneyville. Washington Throop states that he remembers seeing them take the stage at noon on Wednesday. They reached the Island on Friday and within an hour Beebe was struck by a spent cannon ball, or a ball ricochetting. He was instantly killed. It is the recollection of Charles J. Allen that three men volunteered from the east part of Sodus: John Baird, Thomas Nelson, Nathan Berry. Baird was killed.

Dr. William Green, then of Sodus, afterwards of Marion, tendered his services in the following letter.

SODUS, January 14th, 1838.

TO COLONEL FLETCHER or MAJOR MCLEOD, Messrs:

Having an opportunity to send you a line, I pen it in a hurry. I say I wish to come to you; wherever you are, I am ready to serve you as a surgeon. I bring the certificates

you spoke of. If my services are not required as a surgeon, write me what encouragement you will give, if I bring on men. God bless you! My heart is with you.

N. B.—I mentioned to you that there were men here to whom it was necessary, to offer encouragement, but who would start with it. Be as particular as your time will allow. Yours, heart and hands,

WILLIAM GREEN, M. D.

The following was the answer received :

BUFFALO, January 18, 1838.

DEAR SIR—I am directed by the Commander-in-Chief, of the patriot service of the Republic of Upper Canada, to say that he has accepted of your proffer as surgeon. You are therefore hereby requested to répair to headquarters immediately, and report yourself to the Adjutant-General office.

Certified, D. McLEOD, Adj't. Gen'l.  
R. W. ASHLEY, Jr., Col. and Aid G.

At Newark there was considerable excitement; a large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the old Methodist church (now Washington Hall) in aid of the "Patriot" cause.

David M. Keeler was then publishing the Newark *Standard*. The number for November 24, 1838, is full of news from the "seat of war." It is the recollection of some at Newark that Mr. Keeler himself volunteered, and that several others went with him. The three now mentioned positively as having gone, were Horace Dennison, Dwight Dickinson and Peter T. Barney.

The "patriots" took with them a cannon belonging to the then artillery company of Newark. The "taking" is said to have been tacitly allowed by those in charge; at least, they took no steps to stop it. The cannon was afterwards returned.\*

Hon. E. W. Sentell, of Sodus, was at that time Captain of an artillery company. In the midst of the excitement, as shown in the orders given above, he was directed to order out his company. This was done at Sodus village. The

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\*Fletcher Williams, of Newark, writes: "David M. Keeler, editor of our village paper, raised a company and went to Navy Island. They took the cannon, a brass six-pounder, belonging to the company of State artillery at this place. The company safely returned, and the cannon was also recovered."

company paraded during the day. Teams were engaged to draw the cannon. It was supposed they would be called to march immediately for Niagara.

They were dismissed at night, with orders to hold themselves in instant readiness to march, but they were not again assembled for that purpose.

Jesse H. Green, at that time in command of a company in the sixteenth regiment of riflemen, also called out his men pursuant to orders, drilled them and dismissed them with instructions to be prepared to march at any hour.

John Sherman, from Palmyra, was in the Canadian rebellion, aiding the patriots. He was visiting an uncle when enlisted. He died in Palmyra, in 1862.

Mr. Laroque, of French ancestry, was born in Canada East, and served in the brief struggle of the "Patriots" against England, in 1838-'39. He died in Rose, July, 1859. His family evidently inherited something of the martial qualities of the olden times of French History. Three sons, aged only 18, 16, and 15, went into the Union army, in 1861-'65, as shown in another place, and a fourth, William H. Laroque, being only seventeen years of age, joined General Custer's command in 1870, and shared the fate of that lamented leader. Only the Indians know his place of burial.

An important acquisition to the patriot forces was the adherence of Mr. Robert W. Ashley, of Lyons. There are now in possession of his family a portion of the actual archives or records of the Patriot forces and Patriot government of the "State of Upper Canada." Mr. Ashley had intense enthusiasm upon the subject, and was not content to remain simply a sympathizing spectator. He enlisted and became Adjutant-General of the Patriot forces.

In January, 1838, it appears from the papers, that Mr. Ashley was then acting as aid to Donald McLeod, then Adjutant-General, having the rank of Colonel. Sometime in March he became Acting Adjutant-General, and later Adjutant-General; the correspondence showing that he was connected with the service four months or more. We can only give a brief analysis of the contents of the papers and a few facts culled from them.

In January, 1838, there are orders designating mess mates like the following:

“ Henry A. Nard, Joseph Shangler, Wm. VanValkenburgh and Wm. L. Pierce, are to be included in one mess.

R. W. ASHLEY, JR.”

“ A NOTICE.—Thomas Jefferson, Peter P. Pulver, Abraham Crannell, start Thursday evening for the frontier, January 4, 1837 [8].”

Election of officers at Conneaut, Ohio, January 29, 1838. H. C. Seward, Colonel; Samuel C. Bacon, Lieutenant-Colonel; Lester Hoadley, Major.

Memorandum of forces, January 24, 1838, then at North East, Pennsylvania, First Regiment “Patriot Forces.” Present, nine Captains, eighteen Lieutenants, fifteen Sergeants, and one-hundred and eighty-one rank and file.

Correspondence is dated variously at Conneaut, North East, Erie, Sandusky, Westfield, Fredonia, in those parts of Pennsylvania, New York and Ohio, near to Lake Erie.

There is a series of orders, one to ten, making appointments ordering movements, &c.

In February, 1838, there are numerous bills receipted, a few general orders continued, and some correspondence. The list of donations “for the purpose of aiding the Patriots of Canada,” is somewhat amusing. In Peru, Huron county, Ohio, the list shows twenty or more donations headed by Rodney Sanford, one dollar, Mrs. Sally Ann Sanford, (two pairs of socks) one dollar. Other subscriptions ranging from two dollars down to twenty-five cents. Not very heavy sums for the exchequer of the Republic of Upper Canada.

There is a shipping bill for \$150 worth of pork, flour, crackers, peas, coffee, tobacco, hams and shoulders shipped by E. S. Dodd & Company, of Toledo, Ohio, to “Brigadier-General Donald McLeod, commanding Patriot Forces on the Northern Frontier” at Monroe, Michigan.

In March there is a report from Brigadier McLeod to Adjutant-General Ashley of two engagements, one on Fighting Island and the other at Belle Island. McLeod says:

“ I had a very narrow escape. My cap was raked in the fore part by a grape shot. \* \* My love and respects

to my wife. Read this to her and say to her that I have not yet filled a coward's grave."

There is also the account of a public meeting at Buffalo in aid of "the cause," March 28, 1838.

In April, Mr. Ashley seems, from the correspondence, to have been somewhat secluded at Newark, in this county, avoiding difficulty with United States Marshals on account of his part in their operations against Canada.

The correspondence shows that he received letters from the Patriot officers at Rochester and elsewhere, and answered them from Newark. Under date of April 14, 1838, Mr. Ashley, in a letter to A. K. McKenzie, says:

"By an arrangement made between General McLeod and myself at Rochester, I came to this place to await his return from the east. Since my arrival here, I have been compelled to keep myself hid from the eyes of the public on account of the marshals of the United States who, acting under the action of the District Attorney, are very watchful and eager to make an arrest, no matter how, or by what means. To show you that such is the case, I will refer you to one act of the high officials and those acting under them. Colonel Ambrose Salisbury, of Palmyra, Wayne County, who was twice a member of Assembly and now a Justice of the Peace and Supervisor, was arrested and held to bail merely for carrying a load of patriots to Navy Island, and defraying their expenses out of his own pockets."

In May his letters show that Mr. Ashley was again on the frontier at Lockport and elsewhere.

The design of this chapter and our limited space prevents the giving further items from this collection of official papers. The whole are of great interest, but they relate mostly to matters beyond the bounds of Wayne County.

The following paragraph from *Appleton's Encyclopedia* gives, though not very clearly, the general cause of the Canadian Rebellion and also shows how that rebellion led to the granting two years later of rights claimed, though the rebellion itself was sternly suppressed by force of arms. This is a very common result of such insurrections. They are positively suppressed but the relief is soon after granted by the victorious government:

"Disputes regarding the interpretation of the constitutional act arose. One party contended that Canada was in



possession of a transcript of the British Constitution, and that the advisers of the governors in matters of State should be responsible to the Commons House of Assembly. The other party denied the necessity of any accord between the executive council and the legislative assembly.

"The attempt to make the local government responsible to the popular branch of the legislature was not successful till 1841, the year after an imperial act had been passed to unite the provinces under one administration and one legislature. The definite establishment of a responsible government in 1841 was effected by a series of resolutions passed by the legislative assembly, in which the other chamber was not invited to concur. In this simple manner was consummated a revolution which bears some analogy to that of 1688 in England. But in 1841 victory was already achieved for the principle of constitutional government before its formal declaration by the resolutions of the popular branch. The antecedent struggle between oligarchy and the constitutional principle had been long, fierce and sanguinary. It was marked by open insurrection in 1837 and 1838. The popular complaints which preceded that outbreak were numerous, but they are all referable to the single circumstance of an irresponsible administration. In the rebellion which had Louis Joseph Papineau for chief in Lower Canada and William Lyon Mackenzie in Upper Canada, a considerable number of lives were lost; after the failure of the enterprise, some executions took place, many who had been implicated in the movement fled for protection to the United States and several were banished to the Island of Bermuda.

"There were some serious engagements between the troops or militia and the insurgents. For some weeks the Upper Canada insurgents had possession of Navy Island, situated in the Niagara river, just above the falls. In 1849 a general amnesty was passed."

#### WAR WITH MEXICO.

The Mexican War of 1846, required no very large array of volunteers. It was not a popular war at the North. Its magnificent results in giving to the United States a vast acquisition of territory with all of its treasures of mineral wealth, with a development of commercial interests, vast and imperial along the Pacific coast, could not be foreseen. At the North it was thought that the struggle was a miserable contest growing out of the acquisition of Texas to constitute another slave state.

The keenest prophetic eye could not penetrate the future and see that within twenty-five years from the declaration of war against Mexico, the words master and slave were to disappear from the laws of the United States themselves; and that instead of securing new territory to slavery, this Mexican War was to open up vast fields where the brain and muscle of free labor should achieve the mightiest results known to civilization.

The Mexican War despite its unpopularity in many quarters at its outbreak has nevertheless an important place in our national history. National pride will not forget the bravery then displayed; the old bravery of the Anglo-Saxon blood that has never failed on the battle fields of centuries. It shone conspicuous at Buena Vista, Contreras, Chapultepec and Cherususco.

Only a few soldiers have been found in Wayne County, who served in the Mexican or Indian Wars. We give the following:

*Hiram Corey*, of Huron, was in the Seminole War in Florida, and in the Mexican War of 1846-8. He was wounded at Palo Alto, afterwards run over by a piece of artillery, breaking his leg and arm.

*Alpheus P. Cornell* was a soldier of the Mexican War—a member of Company 1., Captain C. S. Stevenson, 5th N. S. Infantry.

*Stephen B. Hutchinson*, of Wolcott, was a soldier in the Seminole War and in the Mexican War. He received a pension.

*Mr. Jeffers*, of Rose, now living at the west, was in the Mexican War.

*Wm. Jordan*, from Clyde, served in the war with Mexico.

*George F. Mussulman*, afterwards of Marion, was in the Mexican War and in the War of the Rebellion.

*Wm. W. Wylie*, of Rose, served in the Mexican War, and also in the War of the Rebellion.

*Josiah J. White*, whose name appears hereafter in connection with Company B, of the thirty-third Infantry, in the Civil War, was in the Mexican War from the spring of 1846 to the fall of 1847. He was a private in the army, but was employed largely as an interpreter,

*Dr. G. P. Livingston*, now of Clyde, served in the war with Mexico. He went out as Hospital Steward on the Bomb Brig *Vesuvius*. This was one of the four bomb brigs fitted out expressly for the bombardment of Vera Cruz. The other three being named the *Aetna*, *Stromboli*, and the *Hecla*. He was present at the Bombardment and surrender of Vera Cruz. The *Vesuvius* lay within two and a quarter miles of the castle, and the guns being capable of carrying shells four miles, very accurate and successful work was done. He was also at the capture of Alvarado, the city of Tuspan, nine miles up the Tuspanon river and the city of Tobasco, seven miles up the Tobasco river, both the last being strongly fortified and finally carried by assault. After the capture of Tobasco, the *Vesuvius* was sent to Laguna, as a guard-ship. The yellow fever breaking out soon after arriving there, a hospital was established on shore. The surgeon, P. Benson Delaney, of Philadelphia, was the first victim of the disease. Dr. Livingston was then appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, which post he held until the close of the war, when he was discharged from the service. He then received an appointment as Assistant Surgeon on the steamer *Legare*, of the United States Coast Survey; serving for one season. Dr. Livingston had a personal combat at Tuspan, with a Mexican, who drew his revolver on him; fortunately it missed fire, the Doctor threw himself upon his opponent, wrenched away the revolver and made him prisoner. Dr. Livingston has the revolver as a memento of that struggle.

*Valentine Way*, of Rose, also served in the Mexican War and was killed.

The names of a few others appear in the general civil war lists given by towns.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

*From the Newark Union, June 2, 1883.*

DEATH OF JOHN RHEIN—A VETERAN OF THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO.

“Very few, certainly no more in our vicinity, of the participants in the memorable historical event of seventy years

ago, enacted on the field of Waterloo, which resulted in the complete overthrow of Napoleon Bonaparte, the French Emperor, have been privileged to continue their existence until the present day.

"The death of John Rhein, in this village, in the eighty-ninth year of his age, during the night of Saturday last, (May 27,) closes the life of a genial, pleasant old gentleman, whose delight it was, during the last years of his life, to recount to our citizens many incidents of his experience during his three and a half years' service as a drummer boy under Napoleon, and especially some of the scenes in the final act in the life-drama of that greatest of generals in modern times.

"Mr. Rhein was born in the town of Neustadt, Kurhessen county, one of the German provinces, not far from the banks of the Rhine, on March 5th, 1795. He joined Napoleon's army during the spring of 1814, as a drummer boy, when he was a trifle over nineteen years of age, and a few months over twenty years old at the time of the battle of Waterloo, June 18th, 1815. He continued in the service until September 12, 1817, at which time his discharge is dated. Among his old papers we found a letter of recommendation, written by his old regimental commander, commending him highly as being a good soldier, and as being faithful and earnest in the performance of his duties.

"March 19th, 1819, he was apprenticed to a harness maker of his native village to learn the trade, which he followed until the last few years of his life. In 1832 he was married to Mary M. Snyder, and soon after, with his wife, came to this country. He first settled at Sand Lake, afterwards moving into the town of Sodus in this county. The last five years of his life were spent with J. L. Snyder, his step-grandson, at whose home on the corner of Miller and Norton streets his death occurred. The funeral services were held on Tuesday, May 29th, at 11 o'clock, at the German church, of which he was an honored member, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Lehn, his pastor, followed with remarks by Rev. A. J. Kenyon, of the Methodist church of this village. His remains were interred in Willow Avenue Cemetery."

#### DEATH OF AN OLD SOLDIER.

"Frederick Rorabach, a German, died at his home in the town of Sodus (at Sodus Centre), in this county, one day last week, at the advanced age of seventy-eight years. Deceased was a soldier under Napoleon during the latter portion of his campaign, commencing with the battle of Austerlitz and ending with the defeat at Waterloo. It was

interesting to hear the old man, in his broken English, recount the scenes of those terrific engagements—his excitement sometimes getting the mastery over him, as he dwelt upon them, so that he could scarcely articulate a word. His affection for Napoleon, and the tenderness with which he always spoke of his beloved commander, were truly remarkable.

“Deceased was a farmer by occupation. He came to this country about fourteen years ago. He was an industrious, active man to the last; indeed, he had been carrying in wood only a few minutes before he died, when, sinking into a chair, he expired without a struggle or a groan.”—*March 18, 1869.*

#### AN OLD SOLDIER GONE.

“Edward Quaif, of Manchester, died on the 23d ult., at the advanced age of eighty-two years. He was in early life a soldier of the Peninsula war, and served at the battles of Salamanca, Saragossa, Badajos and Cindad Roderigo, and was one of nineteen left out of a Regiment of more than 1,000. In his advanced years he was remarkable for his physical strength and vigor; at eighty years of age he could perform as much labor, and with as little bodily discomfort, as the most of farm hands.”—*February 5, 1869.*

Dr. Henry Perrine, of Palmyra, removed to Florida at the time of the Seminole war. He was killed in the massacre at Indian Key, August 7, 1840. Dr. Perrine was born in Brooklyn in 1797, and was therefore only forty-three years old at the time of his death.

Edward Quaif, of the town of Manchester, near Palmyra, died January 23d, 1864, aged eighty-three. In early life he was a soldier of the Peninsula war. After the defeat of Sir John Moore at Corunna, Arthur Wellesley was ordered to Spain with reinforcements. At this time there was sent out the King's Household Guards, a body that seldom or never left the kingdom. Mr. Quaif served in this body *sixteen* years, and went with it to Spain on this expedition, where he was engaged in several bloody battles and desperate sieges.

Dr. Alexander McIntyre, of Palmyra, was an assistant surgeon in the War of 1812, and served upon the lines at Niagara. He was present and near to General John Swift, when the latter was killed. Dr. McIntyre was born in

Cummington, Massachusetts, in 1792. In 1800 he came to Palmyra to reside with his uncle, Dr. Gain Robinson. When sixteen years old he engaged as clerk in Newark at the mouth of the Niagara river. Besides his clerkship he taught music and made excursions for trade among the Indians. His success was such that at the age of nineteen he was able to purchase a farm at Youngstown, upon which he settled his parents. His father was captured in a British raid and died a prisoner of war at Quebec in November, 1815. Dr. McIntyre completed his studies with his uncle and was a well known physician of extensive practice at Palmyra down to the time of his death in July, 1859. Upon the Robinson side of Dr. McIntyre's ancestry, there were many noted as soldiers in England; and in this country three served in the Revolutionary war, one being killed in battle at Burgoyne's defeat, and two dying in the army, of disease.



# PART SECOND.

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## CHAPTER I.

OPENING OF THE CIVIL WAR—PROCLAMATION CALLING FOR 75,000 MEN RECEIVED IN WAYNE COUNTY—SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE—EDITORIALS OF APRIL 1861—PUBLIC MEETINGS—RESOLUTIONS—SPEECHES—FLAGS WAV-ING—PATRIOTIC SENTIMENTS FROM THE PULPIT, THE PRESS, THE PLAT-FORM AND THE STREET.

FORTY-SIX years had passed away since the proclama- tion of peace in 1815. During all that period the people of Wayne County had had no occasion to be aroused by the scenes or the sounds of war.

Here and there a citizen of the county had joined the regular army and been engaged in various Indian wars, but they were so few as to attract little or no attention. The Mexican war had been fought and a victory won; yet only a few persons actually residing in Wayne County at the time were engaged in that struggle. The contest of the Canadian patriots in 1838, and the intervention of Americans in their behalf, created for a time, apprehensions of war with England.

The dispute with England in 1842 over the northeast boundary line of Maine was easily settled by diplomacy. A similar struggle with reference to the northwest boundary occurred in 1846, and "Fifty-Four Forty or Fight," was for a time the rallying cry of the newspapers; but this difficulty was also settled by negotiation. The United States gave up what is now British Columbia, and the danger passed away. It is true that within that period there had been *political* revolutions; startling events had taken place; exciting subjects had been under discussion; but the bloody hand of war had not touched our soil, nor had its hoarse voice summoned our

people to the field and actual strife. There had been a national growth not surpassed and seldom equaled in all the history of the ages.

New states had been settled and admitted to the Union. California and the adjoining Mexican provinces had been secured by the treaty which terminated the war with Mexico.

The discovery of gold had given a sudden impulse to the march of emigration and its resistless columns had scaled the mountain peaks, traversed the valleys, and made the wilderness to blossom as the rose and the desert to become a fruitful field. The United States had increased in national power, in material wealth, in educational facilities, and in all the elements of civilization. Great benevolent and religious organizations were actively at work caring for the poor and the destitute; and sending the Gospel to the waste places of our own land and to the dark fields of barbarism on other continents.

That war would have any important part in the future history of this continent was a forgotten idea. Moral, religious and educational influences were thought to be the only weapons that would hereafter be used along the lines of national progress.

A National Peace Society existed with a publication house and other machinery for disseminating its principles. At its grand anniversary meeting, there was heralded forth its work of universal brotherhood. Swords were surely to be beaten into plowshares and spears into pruning hooks. Hon. Charles Sumner one of their most eloquent orators uttered the epigrammatic sentence:

*"No revolution is worth the shedding of a single drop of human blood."*

These higher agencies were to supersede the work of armies, and wars were to cease. It was a golden dream of the philanthropist; only a dream. The day of universal peace had not even dawned.

Besides, there was an impression that martial qualities had died out from the race; that if moral ideas did not prevent war, yet cowardice would; that men would not fight, dare not fight as their fathers had in the olden times.



The two sections of the Union that finally engaged in the deadliest war of the ages, fearfully misunderstood each other at this period. The discussions upon the subject of slavery had been for years growing in intensity. Commencing with the issuing of the "Rights of Man" in 1832, those discussions had invaded every department of national life. Churches had divided and even dissolved under the agitations evoked and the passions aroused, yet who thought of war in the future? Political parties had crumbled. Political revolutions had occurred. Statesmen had risen and statesmen had fallen on the waves of popular commotion. Yet who dreamed of armies and of battles? The halls of Congress had echoed to the eloquence of a hundred orators presenting one side or the other of the subjects in dispute, or proposing a compromise between them. Yet who really believed that civil war was to be the outcome of all this? Personal combats even had occurred without really creating an impression that there was danger of actual war. Charles Sumner had been brutally beaten at his desk. Northern Representatives carried revolvers to their seats. Potter, the long armed Representative from Wisconsin, accepted the challenge of Roger Pryor and named bowie knives as the weapons to be used. Burlingame, from Massachusetts, of unerring aim, accepted the challenge of Brooks, of South Carolina, and named the Clifton House, Niagara Falls, as the place, and rifles as the arms. Yet no one seemed to see how short the step was from the era of personal combat to the era of war. At the North men said, let Congress limit, restrict, and abolish slavery; let them do what they will and the South will only bluster, not fight. They are loaded down with slavery; the moment they organize to fight the North, the slaves will rise and no Southerner will dare leave his home to the horrors of a slave insurrection. The South said of the North: they are a sordid, trading race; they care more for the almighty dollar than for the best country the sun ever shone upon; threaten their trade and they will not fight; they are "greasy mechanics" and "mudsills" with neither courage nor patriotism. And so with this terribly mistaken opinion of each other the sec-

tions drifted on and on to the inevitable conflict. The North at least asleep, the North, at least, all unconscious of the dread struggle just before them.

True, there had been warning voices, but they were unheeded. Daniel Webster in his place in the United States Senate in 1832, when the tariff, not slavery was South Carolina's pretext for nullification and dissolution, had uttered these words—words that will live as long as language shall be spoken or books shall exist in the libraries of the remotest ages :

“When my eyes shall be turned to behold for the last time the sun in heaven, may I not see him shining on the broken and dishonored fragments of a once glorious union: on states dissevered, discordant, belligerent; on a land rent with civil feuds or drenched, it may be, in fraternal blood.”

Did the curtain of the future lift for him at that instant, that he might look down the brief vista of thirty years and see his son Colonel Fletcher Webster bleeding and dying on the battle field of Bull Run, August 29, 1862?

At last the very edge of the perilous plunge from peace to war was reached. Events had marched with marvellous rapidity. The result of the election of November 6, 1860, pronouncing Abraham Lincoln the chosen President of the United States was known throughout the country November 7th.

On the same day the Legislature of South Carolina issued a call for a convention to meet December 17th. That Convention met on the day named and on the 24th of the same month adopted an ordinance of secession and Governor Francis Pickens immediately issued a proclamation announcing that South Carolina was a *free and independent State!* The State forces within a day or two seized the Custom House, Post Office, and the Arsenal in Charleston, and Forts Pinckney and Moultrie in the harbor; Major Anderson withdrawing his small force to Fort Sumter.

On the 9th of January, 1861, Mississippi passed an ordinance of secession; on the 10th, Florida; on the 11th, Alabama; on the 12th Georgia; on the 26th Louisiana and on the 1st of February, Texas. Each State seizing at the same time the arsenal and the government buildings within its limits except Fort Pickens in Florida.

February 9th a Convention to effect peace by compromise met at Washington whose elaborate discussions and carefully drawn propositions proved wholly ineffectual. To return to an earlier date: December 14th, General Cass resigned his place in the cabinet because President Buchanan refused to re-enforce the Forts in Charleston Harbor. Various other resignations followed and Joseph Holt became Secretary of War. December 29th, Commissioners from South Carolina came to Washington to demand the surrender of all the Forts within the limits of that State. They were not received by the President and the latter permitted his Cabinet, a majority of which was now loyal, to attempt the provisioning of Fort Sumter. The steamer *Star of the West* left New York January 6, with supplies for Major Anderson. On the 9th in attempting to enter Charleston Harbor she was fired upon by the rebels and compelled to desist. Mr. Thomas of Maryland having left the Cabinet because of the attempt to re-enforce Fort Sumter, General John A. Dix was appointed Secretary of the Treasury, where he wrote the famous order to Lieutenant Caldwell of a Revenue Cutter:

*"If any man attempts to haul down the American flag shoot him on the spot."*

Nothing further was attempted by the outgoing administration. The Legislatures of New York, Ohio and Massachusetts offered military aid but no steps were taken to accept it.

March 4, 1861, Abraham Lincoln was inaugurated President. It was an hour of solemn responsibility. Holding that no State had any right of its own motion to secede from the Union, and that therefore all ordinances of secession were void and all acts under them treason, he said:

"I therefore consider that in view of the Constitution and the laws *the Union is unbroken* and to the extent of my ability I shall take care as the Constitution itself expressly enjoins upon me that the laws of the Union *be faithfully executed in all the States.*"

Prior to this on the 4th of February, a convention of delegates from the seceded states had met at Montgomery, Alabama, and on the 8th, adopted a preliminary constitution,

forming a government to be known "as the Confederate States of America." A permanent constitution was adopted March 17th, but the convention elected Jefferson Davis, President, and Alexander H. Stephens, Vice-President, February 9th. Mr. Stephens was sworn in February 10th, and Jefferson Davis February 18th, and a few days later the cabinet was appointed.

It thus appears that when President Lincoln entered upon the duties of his office he stood face to face with a new and hostile government already formed on southern soil—that to all intents and purposes a state of war had existed since the seizure of the arsenal and other buildings at Charleston, December 17th to 20th. Events were not to be delayed at the inauguration of Mr. Lincoln. Within a week Commissioners from the confederate government came to Washington bearing propositions for negotiation. Mr. Seward, Secretary of State, replied on the 15th that he could not in any way admit that "the so-called Confederate States constitute a foreign power with whom diplomatic relations ought to be established;" and both he and the President declined all official intercourse with the Commissioners.

At a meeting of the Cabinet March 21, it was decided that a fleet should be sent to re-enforce Fort Sumter. A hastily equipped squadron sailed from New York and other Northern ports April 6th and 7th. This fact was known to the Confederate authorities. General Beauregard in command at Charleston received orders from the Confederate Secretary of War to demand the immediate surrender of Fort Sumter. The demand was made upon the 11th and refused by Major Anderson.

On the 12th, the bombardment commenced. The eyes of loyal people were upon the flag that waved above Fort Sumter, a symbol of national sovereignty, and their hearts were with Major Anderson and his heroic band beleaguered within the walls of the old historic fort. The rebels were 10,000 strong; they were entrenched in batteries which they had been allowed to build during all the winter; they were well armed with guns and ammunition, which traitors in the Cabinet and elsewhere had allowed them to steal from

the arsenals of the government. There was of course but one result possible. The Union fleet had failed to enter the harbor which it reached on the 12th. Major Anderson was obliged to surrender.

This narrative of events has seemed necessary in order to properly understand the reception of the news in Wayne county and the action of her citizens in response. We add several other dates at this point for completeness of statement before limiting our work to its local objects. Seven states had seceded as shown above and formed the Confederate government. What "the border states" would do became a question of great moment to both the parties in the struggle then opening. The attack upon Fort Sumter was largely prompted by the desire of the Confederate Government to force the border states to action.

Roger A. Pryor, who some years before had ran in terror from Potter's bowie knife, said in Charleston the evening before the attack on Fort Sumter, "Strike a blow and the moment blood is shed, Virginia will make common cause with her sisters of the south." It was the same sentiment which Mr. Gilchrist uttered when he said, "Sprinkle blood in the faces of the people of Alabama, or they will be back in the Union in ten days."

The Virginia Convention voted eighty-nine to forty-five not to secede. This was on the 4th day of April. On the 17th, by treasonable methods at a secret session, the ordinance was forced through, eighty-eight to fifty-five. Arkansas seceded May 6th, and Tennessee the same day. North Carolina did not secede until May 20th. The South were elated with the victory won at Charleston. The Governor of that State said:

"We have humbled the flag of the United States. We have defeated their twenty millions. We have brought down in humility the flag that has triumphed for seventy years. To-day, on this 13th of April, 1861, it has been humbled, and humbled before the glorious little State of South Carolina."

At Montgomery the Secretary of War, Mr. Walker, said:

"No man can tell where the war this day commenced will end, but I will prophesy that the flag which now flaunts the

breeze here will float over the dome of the Capitol at Washington before the first of May. Let them try Southern chivalry and test the extent of Southern resources and it may float eventually over Faneuil Hall itself."

Such was the exultation of the South. It remains to state the other side. The surrender of Fort Sumter woke the North to action as one man. The news telegraphed to all parts of the nation thrilled the loyal masses of the East and the West. Men with daily newspapers waving in their hands met their neighbors on the streets shouting "*They have fired on Fort Sumter.*" "*Fort Sumter has Surrendered.*" Shame, grief and indignation struggled for expression. Business was suspended. Men could not continue their avocations. They thronged telegraph offices, studied newspaper bulletins, gathered in groups at street corners to talk over with flashing eyes and clenched fists the disgraceful news.

In the midst of this excitement and simultaneously with the news of the surrender came the proclamation of Abraham Lincoln. It was like the blast of a trumpet thrilling a continent from ocean to ocean. It was the war cry of an imperiled government. And men read more than its careful measured words. They read between its lines all the black story of treason that made the call necessary. They read, the trampled flag, the insulting shouts of the traitors and as they read they sternly resolved that the Union should live and that the flag should again wave over the men who had defied the sacred symbol of a nation's sovereignty.

#### THE PROCLAMATION.

"WHEREAS, The laws of the United States have been for some time past and are now opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed, in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals by law. Now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, in virtue of the power in me vested by the Constitution and the laws, have thought fit to

call forth and hereby do call forth the militia of the several States of the Union to the aggregate number of 75,000, in order to suppress said combinations and to cause the laws to be duly executed. The details for this object will be immediately communicated to the State authorities through the War department.

“ I appeal to all loyal citizens to favor, facilitate and aid this attempt to maintain the honor, the integrity and the existence of our National Union and the perpetuity of popular government, and to redress wrongs already long enough endured. I deem it proper to say that the first service assigned to the forces called forth, will probably be to repossess the forts, places and property which have been seized from the Union; and in every event the utmost care will be observed consistently with the objects aforesaid, to avoid any devastation, any destruction of, or interference with property, or any disturbance of peaceful citizens in any part of the country.

“ And I hereby command the persons composing the combinations aforesaid to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes within twenty days from this date.

“ Deeming that the present condition of public affairs presents an extraordinary occasion, I do hereby, in virtue of the power in me vested by the Constitution, convene both houses of Congress. Senators and Representatives are, therefore, summoned to assemble at their respective chambers at twelve o'clock, noon, on Monday, the fourth day of July next, then and there to consider and determine such measures as in their wisdom the public interest and safety may seem to demand.”

Such was the call to arms that thrilled the people of Wayne and ended the long years of peace. True, it was not a call to defend their own lake frontier as in the days of their fathers, a half century before. They had no occasion

to expect a hostile fleet in Sodus Bay. There was no danger that hostile armies would march over their own fields, or that their own villages and houses would be burned by an invading foe.

But though evidently secure in person and in property from actual attack, the danger to the country stirred all hearts to their profoundest depths. It was easily seen that if rebellion was allowed to triumph, there was no guaranty of peace even to the remote counties of the North. One successful revolt against the flag might unsettle everything upon this continent for a thousand generations.

The title to every man's home is valid only because a stable government can protect it. Destroy the government and the title is gone. No commercial paper is good for anything except as there is a government able to enforce its collection. Destroy the government and all contracts are void. Destroy the government and business must return to the barter of barbarism.

The bombardment of Fort Sumter having begun on the morning of the 12th (Friday); the surrender being agreed to on the afternoon of the 13th; the evacuation of the fort being made on the 14th; the proclamation was issued on the 15th. The current of news reaching Wayne County was somewhat interrupted by the occurring of Sunday, so that to a large part of our citizens the startling events first became known on Monday. The demand, the attack, the surrender, and the proclamation reached most of the towns together, or at least in quick succession.

That Monday will never be forgotten by many who even yet recall where they were standing when the news reached them.

In Lyons, the proclamation being telegraphed during the night or in the early morning, was on a bulletin board before the office of the Lyons *Republican*, when citizens came down to their business; and this was also the case with the other large towns having quick telegraph communication. Before sunset the proclamation was known in all parts of the county.

The response was prompt and patriotic here as elsewhere. It would not be true to say that there were no discordant



voices, but they were so few and unimportant as to be lost in the general uprising tide of patriotic emotion. From this standpoint of time, "twenty years away," we seem to recall only the grand outburst of indignation which marked the reception of the intelligence. The flag, with its colors of red, white and blue, became at once a sacred symbol of a people's love. It flashed out from the quickly erected staff on the grounds of the wealthy, and from the gatepost of the poor. It waved over places of business. Its folds were flung out from the domes of public buildings, from court houses, from academies, and from churches. The flag was the fashionable thing in jewelry; its colors were called for in dress goods; and wall paper for dwellings was soon stamped with the same national symbol.

The newspapers then published in the county reflected the popular sentiment, and uttered it with no uncertain sound.

*From the Wayne Democratic Press of April 17, 1861.*

#### THE WAR BEGUN.

"Our paper to-day contains the telegraphic account of the attack upon Fort Sumter by the Southern Rebels, and of its unconditional surrender. The American Union is dissolved—broken in twain by internal dissensions. Although but little if any blood has been spilled, a war has been inaugurated between the North and the South, which may last a score of years. We now stand as two nations—a North, embracing all the North, and a South embracing, we fear, all the South. The estrangement has been consummated by those who supposed that the way to deal with a sovereign people who asked only a redress of their wrongs, was by force instead of concession.

"Thousands of the people of the North have been misled and betrayed by those in whom they put their trust, and thousands more are gloating over the consummation of their cherished plan of severing the Union and forming from the ruins two Confederacies—one slave, the other free.

"But the war is already begun, and it is the duty of our people to rally in support of the Government."

*From the Clyde Times of April 17, 1861.*

"The war news which reached here on Saturday last, and which was published in our second edition of that day, excited our community to a high pitch; and still more was the anxiety for news increased when it considered that Sunday

would intervene before they could obtain further details. Monday morning, however, brought the anxiously looked for news; and when the surrender of Fort Sumter was announced, every countenance darkened as though the black cloud of despair had settled upon their minds. Soon the people began to rally; vengeance took a lodging in almost every breast, and oaths long and loud against the Southern Rebels were freely uttered.

“Those now swore who never swore before,  
And those who often swore now swore the more.”

“Every hand in our office was immediately put into requisition, and by eleven o'clock extras containing the particulars of the fray were being scattered over the country as fast as a double team could carry them, and before night every house within a circuit of twenty miles was appraised of the news that civil war had commenced.

“In the spreading of the news our assistant was enabled to see the manner in which it was received; and he reports that every heart seemed to beat with enthusiasm when the President's Proclamation was read, and all declared their intention to stand by the Administration and the glorious flag of freedom as long as the stripes held together or a star was visible on its azure field. Set down the yeomanry of Eastern Wayne as supporters of the Union, despite political proclivities.”

*From the Lyons Republican of April 19, 1861.*

#### THE WAR HAS ACTUALLY BEGUN.

“The dreadful realities of civil war stare us in the face. It is our fortune to-day to record the first act of open aggression of the Southern traitors upon the government of the United States. The first blow has been struck by the rebels. There is neither excuse nor palliation for their conduct. It is wanton and malicious, and evidences a spirit on the part of those who directed it which must be subdued though it costs thousands of lives and millions of dollars to accomplish that object. The present is a momentous crisis in the affairs of the Republic. It is the turning point of our history. If in the struggle which has commenced treason is to triumph over the rights which are ours under the Constitution and the Union, we may bid farewell to the peace and prosperity which were purchased by the blood of our fathers and irretrievable ruin will ensue. This is no time for hesitation. Those who love the Union and who desire its perpetuation must look the danger squarely in the face and prepare to meet it. Those who love our common country, and who would see the Republic survive the perils that menace

it, must aid by every means in their power, by their voices, by their money, by their lives, if necessary, in sustaining the majesty of the laws. The traitors have resorted to force and they must be met by a repelling power sufficient to crush them.

“None but traitors will sympathize with treason—and to look calmly or indifferently upon this struggle is to act the part of a traitor. The true man will take his stand by the Government and live or die, sink or swim, survive or perish, unite his fortunes with those of the Constitution and the Union.

“It is no time to talk of party allegiance. No matter what may have been our former differences. No matter which of us may have been most in fault. We are now to determine a question with which party has nothing to do. Every party feeling should be buried in the soundness of the cause. The welfare of the country first—party afterwards!”

*From the Clyde Times, April 20, 1861.*

#### THE CIVIL WAR.

“The great excitement incident upon the news of Anderson’s surrender daily increases. Martial enthusiasm and Union sentiment continued in the ascendant, and “the war” is the only topic of the day. Probably never was a call for troops so eagerly responded to, and certainly never were so many anxious and striving to obtain acceptance of their services in this hour of the country’s danger.

“So very promptly has the response been made in this State that New York city alone will be ready to furnish the whole quota demanded of the State.

“Recruiting offices are opened all over the country, and companies and regiments are fast filling to the war complement, giving emphatic evidence of the patriotism prevalent in the country.

“We have devoted considerable space to paragraphs denoting the feeling in different sections of the country; and likewise under its special head will be found the feeling at the South.

“In our own village and vicinity, the patriotic feeling is everywhere apparent, and the determination to stand by the Union is unanimous.”

*From the Palmyra Courier of April 19, 1861.*

#### THE RUBICON PASSED.

“The intelligence of the surrender of Fort Sumter will produce a mingled sensation of surprise, indignation, and

mortification among all loyal citizens ; but, at the same time, it will impress all to whom the honor of their country is dear, with the imperative necessity of sustaining the Federal Government in its effort to repel the fierce and aggressive assaults of the Revolutionists, and to vindicate authority.

“ It is now fearfully apparent that too much leniency has been shown to the conspirators, and that pity for their weakness and an intense feeling of aversion to a resort to arms, have been carried to a point which has endangered the best interests of the nation. Months have passed by, during which the traitors have been doing everything in their power to prepare for vigorous and determined war, while we have exhausted all our energies in vain efforts to preserve peace. Since a contest has become inevitable, it is time that the whole American people should be thoroughly aroused to the necessity of complete preparation for it, and though the first battle has been won by our antagonists, it has not been fought in vain. It has exhibited in vivid colors their unscrupulousness, their vindictiveness, their inhumanity, their audacity, their utter disregard for all memories and associations, which should be dear to every citizen of our country, and taught us in a manner which none can misunderstand, that we must prepare at once to deal with them as envenomed and implacable enemies.

“ Sad as this necessity may be, and dilatory as we have been in appreciating it, it is now a stern reality which it would be egregious folly and weakness to ignore. Though slow to anger, and exceedingly anxious to conciliate, we cannot longer idly await the assaults of those who are resolutely bent upon the total destruction of our government, and who do not scruple to inflict upon us every injury in their power.

“ It will be seen that the President has issued a proclamation which will show the whole land at a glance how the case now stands. The very forbearance which has so long prevented a resort to the resolute measures that are now manifestly unavoidable will only increase the unanimity of feeling in favor of sustaining them.

“ Accustomed and attached as we are to peace, since war has become inevitable the enthusiastic thousands who will array themselves upon the side of their country have the proud satisfaction of knowing, that since the world began, no nobler cause was defended by an army than that which aims at the preservation of our Confederacy and the chastisement of those who are endeavoring to destroy it and who have added every imaginable insult to the deadly injuries they have inflicted upon the peace, prosperity and fair fame of our nation.

“Henceforth each man high and low must take his position as a patriot or a traitor, as a foe or a friend of his country, as a supporter of the flag of the stars and stripes or of the rebel banner. All doubts and hesitations must be thrown to the winds and with the history of the past spread before us, we must choose between maintaining the noble fabric that was reared by our wise and brave ancestors under which we have enjoyed so much liberty and happiness, and openly joining the rash, reckless, despotic, cruel and villainous band of conspirators who have formed a deep-laid and desperate plot for its destruction.

“The contest which is impending will doubtless be attended with many horrors, but all the facts show that it has been forced upon us as a last resort and war is not the worst of evils.

“Since the startling events of the last five months have been succeeded by a brutal bombardment of a fort erected at vast expense for the defense of Charleston harbor which would have been peaceably evacuated if the rebels had not insisted upon the utter humiliation of the government, and since the Secretary of War of the Southern Confederacy has threatened to capture Washington and even to invade the Northern States, while a formal declaration of hostilities is about to be made by the Confederate Congress, we should be wanting in every element of manhood, be perpetually disgraced in the eyes of the world and lose all self-respect if we did not arouse to determined action to reassert the outraged dignity of the Nation.”

The *Columbian*, a few numbers of which were published at Sodus, by Leighton & Woodworth, in the spring of 1861, had the following editorial in its second issue:

#### OUR NATION'S PERIL.

“For the first time in our national history is the existence of the government seriously in danger. In truth this may be called the dark day of our free institutions. Every one is asking what is to be the end of this southern rebellion. To our peace loving citizens this formidable conspiracy wears an appalling aspect. War is ever a terrible calamity, and a fratricidal one like ours is full of horrors.

“But there are evils worse than war, and they are marching swiftly onward, and, unless speedily arrested, will destroy our nationality, and with it our cherished institutions. Ours is a mighty nation, a glorious republic, and from this dark hour of her peril she will yet emerge stronger and purer and more glorious. The largest liberty of conscience, of

speech and of action has been so long guaranteed by our government and enjoyed by a hardy race of freeman, that any real or threatened infringement of those privileges is regarded as a sacrilege so enormous, a tyranny so oppressive that every true man will sacrifice fortune and life if necessary to redress the wrong. For this reason the treachery of our great officials, the attack by the cowardly traitors of South Carolina upon a noble band of patriots at Sumter, rung from the heart of every lover of his country such a cry for vengeance as shook the North from the Granite Hills of New England to the shores of the far Pacific. And the boast of the traitors that they would possess themselves of the federal capital and dictate to a nation of freemen what they shall do and say and think, rekindled the old fires of patriotism and fanned them into a mighty flame. To-day the world is witnessing in the North one of the sublimest scenes ever enacted upon earth; hundreds of thousands of peace loving citizens, rushing almost unbidden to arms in defence of their government.

“The watch fires of liberty are burning brightly from every hill-top, a beacon-light to our triumphant armies. Our noble sons and brothers who have gone to the scene of conflict will do valiant service and shed new lustre upon their ancestral names. Woe to the traitors who shall meet these mighty champions of our nation's liberty.”

Philo Leighton, of the above paper, signalized his own devotion to these eloquent truths by three months later entering the service, in which he lost his life.

#### UTTERANCES FROM THE PULPIT.

The pulpit responded to the call in words solemn with the sanctions of Holy writ and stirring as those uttered by the warrior poet of old who wrote “Blessed be the Lord, my strength which teacheth my hands to war and my fingers to fight.”

At that time the Presbyterian ministers preaching in the county were: T. R. H. Shumway, Newark; R. E. Willson, Clyde; Wm. N. McHarg, Lyons; Wm. Young, Rose; L. M. Shepherd, Huron; D. Chichester, Wolcott; H. Eaton, Palmyra; A. H. Lilly, East Palmyra; Chester Holcomb, Joy; Armon Spencer, Williamson; Abram Blakely, Sodus; L. Manly, Ontario; J. C. Smith, Red Creek.

It is believed that all or nearly all of them alluded to the subject, Sunday, April 21st, urging in strong terms the

duty of sustaining the government against the attack of the rebels.

Extracts are given below from several of their discourses. The Rev. Chester Holcomb afterwards had four sons in the army, and Rev. Abram Blakely two; the latter both lost their lives. Mr. Blakely in writing back from Kansas to some one who addressed him a letter of sympathy, replied in words of high Christian patriotism. Of his utterances in Sodus and Wolcott which had been thought decidedly strong and had been somewhat criticized, he said :

*"With both my sons in their graves I have no word to recall; I take back nothing."*

The Methodist ministers were: Andrew Sutherland, Newark; Daniel D. Buck, Lyons; John N. Brown, Clyde; R. Harrington, Fairville; George H. Dubois, Sodus; Joseph Ashworth, South Sodus; K. P. Jervis, Palmyra; Porter McKinstry, Walworth; Henry T. Giles, Macedon; William Potter, Pultneyville; Wesley Cochrane, East Palmyra; B. Allen, Red Creek; L. B. Wells, Rose; G. H. Salisbury, Wolcott; Charles Baldwin, Butler; S. E. Brown, Savannah. The Methodist habit of extemporizing is not favorable to the preservation of discourses in print or in manuscript.

Several paragraphs are, however, given below. Three of the ministers entered the service: D. D. Buck became chaplain of the 27th Infantry; John N. Brown, chaplain of the 111th; and William Potter sought service in the ranks, and became Captain of Co. A, 160th Infantry. The utterances of others were strongly patriotic and many of them were favorite speakers at the war meetings that nightly met in all parts of the county.

The Baptist ministers then laboring in the county were the following: Arcadia, J. B. Vrooman; Butler and Savannah, R. S. Dean; Clyde, M. Hayden; Lyons, William Putnam; Macedon, L. Hall; Marion, T. J. Williams; Ontario, G. A. Simonson; Palmyra, W. Mudge; Red Creek, A. P. Draper; Rose, J. Halliday; 1 Sodus, William H. Stegar; 1 Walworth, E. F. Maine; 2 Walworth, L. C. Bates; Williamson, William McCarthy; Wolcott, P. Irving; Ontario, Truman Gregory.

The Baptist Association that spring met at the old Brick Church in Sodus, on Tuesday, April 28th, comprising nearly all the pastors in Wayne County. A report of the meeting says:

“One main feature of the meeting last Tuesday was the full, outspoken, earnest spirit of patriotism which found utterance in all the proceedings of the meeting. Our country and our government at this fearful crisis were on every tongue; and in prayers, sermons and addresses the theme was dwelt upon in a most characteristic and decided manner. The mind and heart of every minister especially was full to overflowing with the most ardent loyalty, and the unanimous cry was:

“‘Sustain the Government. Stand for Liberty. Down with the Rebellion.’”

“The spirit of our denominational fathers like Roger Williams and many others who suffered and fought for freedom in the first struggles of our country is by no means extinct in the Baptist ministers of the present day. They are all ready for their duty whatever it may be.”

Rev. William Putnam became especially active, as will appear in subsequent chapters; and Truman Gregory also entered the service.

The Episcopal clergy then officiating in the county were as follows: At St. John's Church, Clyde, the Rev. A. E. Bishop; at Grace Church, Lyons, Rev. Sidney Wilbur; at St. Marks, Newark, Rev. Jno. H. Rowling; at Zions, Palmyra, Rev. George C. Gillespie; at St. John's, Sodus, Rev. J. E. Battin.

Extracts from several discourses of the Episcopal clergy appear below. Rev. Mr. Batten of Sodus shared on several occasions with the other pastors of Sodus in public services, the most noted being the imposing funeral ceremonies of Lieutenants Granger and Proseus, when the sermon was preached by Rev. James Ireland.

Ministers of other churches were also prompt and positive in their statements of duty and their vigorous appeals for heroic sacrifices to save the Union. Rev. Mr. Short, of the Congregational Church, Marion; Rev. Amasa Stanton, of the Christian Church, Marion; Rev. Mr. Burghdorf, of the Christian Church, Newark; Rev. Abram Pryne of the Union Congregation, Williamson; Rev. Mr. Linebacker, of



the Free Will Baptist Church, Walworth; Rev. Mr. Cooke, of the Protestant Methodist Church, Wolcott; Rev. Mr. Randolph of the Universalist Church, Newark; the Pastor of the Disciple Church, South Butler, and others—Catholic as well as Protestant—are all remembered for their earnest words of encouragement. Mr. Cooke had two sons in the service. One who suffered the horrors of Andersonville and barely escaped with his life, (the late School Commissioner, Sidney G. Cooke), and the other, Dr. Edward H. Cooke, now a practicing physician settled at Rose.

The unfortunate difficulty that arose in Lyons over the action of Rev. Sidney Wilbur, upon which it is unnecessary to enlarge, forms it is believed the only exception to the unbroken record of all the ministers of all denominations in favor of a prompt resort to arms for the defense of the government; and in patriotic love and loyalty to the flag that had guaranteed religious liberty upon this continent.

We give the following extracts from such discourses as we have been able to find. They must be considered as *samples* rather than anything like a complete presentation:

Rev. W. Mudge, of Palmyra, April 21st, 1861, said:

“The dreadful uncertainty of the future is the painful anxiety of the present; and nothing is more painful than suspense. The interest felt is the gauge by which the pain is meted out for its uncertain pending. And what can be more important and interesting this side of Heaven and the Cross than ones own country. Few, indeed, are the words that hang with greater pride upon the lips of utterance than these, ‘My country!!’ It includes our friends and relatives; our liberties, property, rights and holy religion; in short, it includes our earthly all. And when such an interest is threatened, when a foe dare enter such precincts, patriotism in spite of rule will well up in every true heart.

“The sacred desk in its elevating mission may justly lift its voice and fan the flame; arouse the arm to strike, if need be, the foe of our common country.

\* \* \* \* \*

“The Rebel force of the South may withstand long our arms, they may vie well in shell and shot, they may slay yet thousands of our sturdy sons and send the wail of mourning into a thousand pleasant homes; but in defense of blood-bought institutions with a spirit of recognition of the Giver and fervent prayer to Him for our Country’s perpe-

tuity, and for His own glory, success will yet stamp its broad seal upon the flag of our noble country—long to wave proudly before the breezes of a propitious Heaven; and each stripe and star in the wane of yet unreached centuries shall glow brighter in the sure ethereal atmosphere of universal freedom.

“May God speed the day. May God save our nation.”

Extracts from a sermon preached by Rev. Horace Eaton to volunteers at Palmyra, N. Y., June 1st, 1861 :

“Romans 11:22.—‘Behold, therefore, the goodness and severity of God.’

“In giving a correct view of a landscape, the two pictures of a stereoscope must be blended, not separated. The true character of God is seen in the union of mercy and justice. A God all mercy is a God unjust. A God all justice is a God unmerciful. ‘Behold, therefore, the goodness and severity of God.’ The same elements blend in the true man. Mercy is tender of individual welfare, justice is jealous of right and the public safety. Some look so exclusively at divine goodness as to recoil at divine severity against wrong. This effeminate good nature may sprinkle rose water upon a bed of flowers in June, but it shrinks away before the sleet and blasts of winter. The times of peril that try men’s souls, the present moment of our country’s fate, call for firmer stuff. The vile egg of secession, so long hatching, has now broken out into a viper. Sumter has fallen. Our flag has gone down and the rebel flag has gone up in its place. Union soldiers, hastening at the call of the President to the defense of the Capital and the archives of the Nation, have found the bridges burnt, telegraphic wires cut, they themselves insulted, stoned, butchered in the streets of Baltimore. A hundred and thirty thousand treasonable bayonets bristled at the life of the Republic before a single soldier was summoned to defend it. The rebels began the war; they mean war to the knife; they are terribly in earnest. The momentous question of the hour is, what can we do to arrest this blow against the supreme authority of the land? The enemy have thrown down the gauntlet. All peaceful negotiations have failed. There is no alternative. We must accept the arbitrament of arms. ‘To arms, to arms,’ is their cry.

“But he is twice armed who has his quarrel just. We fight to save a government wrought out by successive generations of martyrs, baptised in the blood of Revolutionary heroes. We fight for the fame of Washington, Bunker Hill, Mt. Vernon. We fight for the star-spangled banner that fans the spirit of freedom, wherever unfurled. We fight not for revenge nor conquest, but to sustain the best government

in the world. We need harbor no hatred against those wicked men that would break up this Union. Washington dropped tears as he signed the death warrant of the guilty, thus illustrating the doctrine of the text, 'Behold, therefore, the goodness and severity of God.' We have a single object, We would save the country. We cannot draw a line of separation between the Lakes and the Gulf. We cannot divide the Mississippi. We cannot divide the living child. The Nation's life is worth more than any individual life, and did not age forbid I would be with you on the tented field and in the deadly strife."

*From the Clyde Times, April 24, 1861.*

#### THE WAR AND THE PULPIT.

On Sunday, the officiating ministers in most of the churches of Clyde, made patriotic reference to the present state of national affairs.

In the morning, Mr. Brown, at the Methodist church, infused into his prayer considerable well-timed patriotism and prayed to the God of Battles for success to the Administration cause.

Rev. Mr. Bishop, at the Episcopal church, gave a very impressive sermon from the text "This know also, that in the last days perilous times shall come." He said:

"Civil war has broken upon us. The cloud that but lifted its head above the horizon has now reached the zenith and the heavens are being rapidly shut out by portentous war-clouds. A Nation is distracted by internal dissensions. The maddening influences of war are now being nourished by dainty morsels. The black arcanâ of lies and deception has been opened to arouse the masses. Men, like mere machines, have easily submitted to the dictates of the ambitious. Fanaticism with its hydra head has been freely poisoning the moral atmosphere of all sections of the country and the Great Being who sits on high will punish the whole Nation for its sins. Let us not look abroad at the shortcomings of others, but at our own. Let us pluck the beam out of our own eye and then shall we see clearly the faults of our brothers.

"What is our duty as Christians in the present difficulty? I can see no other way warranted by the teaching of Holy Writ than to maintain and honor the powers that be as ordained of God, and we have no wrongs to redress. However much we may sympathize with others, the Apostle informs us distinctly and clearly that we are to honor the civil

authority. Civil governments are manifestly in accordance with Divine Will, and he who turns his hand to defeat their enactment in a lawful manner does wrong, more particularly if he take force for that purpose and cause blood to be shed, then he is certainly guilty of a very great crime."

Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Presbyterian Church said :

"But when a government is a good one ; one that ought to stand ; as good perhaps as the people may be qualified to appreciate and sustain ; then the sword may be legitimately, righteously, and I may say mercifully employed to sustain it against all assailants. God appoints such a government to protect the lives and secure the welfare of the people. Whoever makes a hostile assault upon it strikes a blow at the lives and happiness of multitudes ; he commits one of the greatest crimes and the penalty which human governments inflict for that crime has a Divine sanction.

"It is a crime that seems more especially to forbid all thoughts of mercy towards the criminal. Mercy to one such criminal may be cruelty to a thousand loyal citizens ; and destruction upon a few traitors may be mercy to a whole nation. By striking at the life of the government one becomes a murderer as it were by wholesale.

"The life of a government may be worth more than the lives of ten thousand individuals, and *they who abet or encourage by word or deed the perpetration of such a crime participate in its criminality. They forfeit the rights and privileges of citizens* and justice looks down upon them as *outlaws*. They act as enemies of both God and man.

\* \* \* \* \*

"War on the part of those who fight to sustain a civil government which answers the purpose of such government, is righteous war ; and those who fight against them fight against God.

"For a hearty and manly observance of these principles we shall be held responsible by the verdict of the Christian world ; in the judgment of posterity and what is incomparably more at the great day of final reckoning.

"All that is true and noble and right ; all that citizens and government need or ought to do, is consistent with Christianity ; and Christianity shines with peculiar lustre when in the hour of peril—in times that try men's souls it takes the form of patriotism as in the case of the immortal Washington."

Rev. Mr. McHarg, of Lyons, delivered an able and patriotic discourse Sunday morning, April 28th.

Text : "So when all Israel saw that the King hearkened not unto them, the people answered the King saying : what portion have we in David ? neither have we inheritance in the sons of Jesse. To your tents, O Israel—now see to thine own house David. So Israel departed to their tents."

Drawing the inference that the secessionists of the South would suffer the same destruction as their brethren of older time, he was firm in expressing his devotion to the Union and in standing for the right. He did not believe in the new doctrine that slavery was a divine institution. He believed treason and armed rebellion should be put down with firmness ; that treason *at home should be dealt with*.

Rev. D. D. Buck, of Lyons, made distinct and forcible utterances to the perilous crises and to the duty of the whole people to arouse for the defense of the government. The following passages are, however, from a discourse of much note delivered Sunday evening some months later on the steps of the Court House in Lyons. It was at a memorial service in honor of one or more dead soldiers of Company B, Twenty-seventh Infantry. The discourse was repeated at various points and afterwards published and circulated extensively. Dr. Buck's theme was :

"The civil ruler as God's minister ; or the duty of the government to suppress and punish treason and the duty of the people to assist in doing so."

We can only give a few of his propositions drawn out in a logical form :

1st. Civil government is God's established method of administering justice among men.

2nd. Duly appointed rulers are God's selected ministers to attend continually upon this very thing.

3rd. An important part of their official duty as God's ministers, is to be revengers, to execute wrath upon him that doeth evil.

4th. Providence puts a sword in the ruler's hand for that very purpose.

5th. There are these two characters in the Commonwealth : he that doeth good and he that doeth evil.

6th. The government should be so adapted and administered as to meet the proprieties of these two cases : a terror to evil doers ; a praise to them that do well.

7th. The principal methods of government are these two : the law for those who submit to the law ; the sword for them that resist the law.

8th. As it is the province and duty of the ruler to govern with the law whenever that is sufficient, so it is his province and duty to make use of the sword whenever the sword becomes necessary.

9th. Whosoever resisteth the power thus providentially appointed, resisteth the ordinance of God, and they that resist incur the sentence of damnation.

His next series of propositions applies these principles:

1st. We had a government providentially called into existence and established on as wise and as good a basis as any government in the world.

2nd. It was without parallel in the successful accomplishment of all the legitimate purposes of civil government.

3rd. It was emphatically a government for the good of the people.

4th. No people were ever less burdened, no people ever more benefited by the usual operation of the government.

5th. Our rulers at the beginning of this war by the rebels, were duly elected and were as much entitled to their seats as George Washington himself was.

6th. Least of all had the South any just ground of complaint; they had always shared an undue proportion of all the offices, the emoluments and the honors of all departments of the government.

On the point, whether the Government acted hastily, he said:

“We waited until all hope or possibility of compromise was gone, completely gone. \* \*”

“We waited until disloyalty and treason were bold and confident, determined and insolent. \* \*”

“We waited until perjured traitors, honored by our offices and enriched by our treasures, swarmed through every part of the Government. \* \*”

“We waited until all the South echoed to the tramp of hostile forces; until every city was a camp for treasonable military instruction; until all the manufactories of wood, and iron and leather, were busy day and night, with preparations for insurrectional war. \* \*”

“We waited until an unarmed Government vessel, bearing the national banner, and carrying rations to a starving garrison of loyal troops was fired upon and driven back by shot and shell. \* \*”

“It clearly follows from these scripture teachings thus logically deduced, that to sustain the Government in the war to put down and punish treason, and thereby save itself from destruction, is helping to do a solemn religious duty.

To jeopardize, to sacrifice, to suffer and to die in the service of God's civil minister, when he is doing his proper official work, is suffering, and doing, and dying in the service of God."

#### SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE—ENTHUSIASM FOR THE FLAG.

Before the surrender was announced, or the call to arms had been written, demonstrations of love for the grand old national emblem, the stars and stripes, began to be manifested, and when the crisis came, that love was made evident in every village and hamlet in the county.

*From the Democratic Press of April 24th.*

#### THE STARS AND STRIPES.

"On Saturday evening last, a National flag was placed upon the dome of the Court House, amid the cheering of a large crowd which had assembled to witness it. On Monday morning, mine host, Payne, of the Exchange Hotel, unfurled to the breeze, our National emblem. At the railroad depot, from an elevated staff, is another, placed there by Gray Foster, the baggage-man.

Smelt, of the Lyons Hotel, raised the stars and stripes from his hotel on Monday. Among all classes, of whatever political sentiment, the love of our good old National flag is all-pervading. 'Long may it wave.'"

*From the Republican of April 26th.*

#### THE GOOD OLD FLAG.

"Amid the cheers of hundreds of citizens, the stars and stripes were placed on the dome of the Court House on Saturday evening last. For this act of patriotism, our citizens are under obligations to the individuals who contributed their time, their labor, and their money to the object. The example was a good one, and has been very generally followed.

"Every hotel, and nearly every block of buildings, displays the National emblem, and the good old flag waves gracefully from numerous citizens' dwellings.

"There is but one sentiment here—that is honor and love for the star spangled banner. 'Long may it wave.'

"LATER.—We regret to be compelled to add to the above paragraph, the intelligence that the high wind of Wednesday, snapped the flag-staff upon the Court House, and carried away the flag, but it is consoling to reflect that the

damage was not occasioned by a *south* wind. The flag was recovered and a new and more substantial staff will very soon be founded."

Perhaps the earliest action looking to actual service, was that of the Lyons Light Guard. The proclamation having been read in Lyons, on Monday morning the 15th, on the evening of that same day, the Company took formal action, as shown in the following account from the Lyons *Republican* :

"Monday night, April 15, the Lyons Light Guard, one of the companies belonging to the Fifty-fourth Regiment, held a meeting at the Armory. Captain Welling received from all but two or three a hearty expression of willingness to accompany the regiment in the event of its being called out. Those declining plead ill health or inability to sustain the fatigues of an active campaign. The Light Guard immediately commenced a daily drill for perfection in the manual of arms."

The Guard had been organized early in the year 1858. Its officers were then as follows :

*Captain*—Joseph Welling.  
*First Lieutenant*—Edward E. Taft.  
*Second Lieutenant*—Nelson R. Mirick.  
*First Sergeant*—Henry R. White.  
*Second Sergeant*—Wm. B. Rudd.  
*Third Sergeant*—Heman M. Lillie.  
*Fourth Sergeant*—Wells Sprague.  
*First Corporal*—George Carver.  
*Second Corporal*—Samuel Brunck.  
*Third Corporal*—Edward C. French.  
*Fourth Corporal*—Wm. H. Rogers.

It has been difficult to prepare a list of the Guard as it was enrolled in the spring of 1861. The muster roll, if found, will be given in the appendix. The names of the following members are given upon the recollections of Colonel Welling and others :

Alexander D. Adams, Melvin W. Goodrich, Charles L. Lyon, Anson S. Wood, Hiram Layton, S. S. Herrick, A. H. Tower, H. H. Tower, David Elphick, Wm. C. Belden, Sebastian D. Holmes, Daniel L. Norton, Charles H. Roys, J. V. D. Westfall, J. N. Arnold, Henry Graham, Wm. Starks, Lucius Kingsley, Hiram Rogers, Clark Bartlett, Jr., W. W. Wheeler, Wm. Agett, ——— Jewell, Robert Smith.



It is said that twenty-nine members of the Lyons Light Guard became officers in volunteer regiments during the war.

Corporal E. C. French was then living at Alton. When the stage came in towards night a note was brought to him from Captain Welling, asking his attendance at the Armory that evening. Looking across the street he saw the tobacco wagon of Mr. Yates, the well-known agent, just driving off for Lyons. Securing a ride, Mr. French entered the Armory while the roll was being called.

At Marion a large flag was hung out as "a symbol of strength," and protection to its friends, and of dismay and death to traitors. A large public meeting was held in the Collegiate Institute.

At Macedon Centre, on Monday the 22d, the students and teachers of the Academy came out in a body, seventy-five strong, and gave three cheers for the flag, and three for Messrs. Kennedy and Daggett, two enlisted students.

The issue of the Lyons *Republican*, the 26th of April, has numerous notices of the enrollment of volunteers, the formation of companies, the choice of officers, etc., etc.

Hundreds of patriotic incidents occurred in all parts of the county which were not recorded in any form whatever. We can only quote such as can be found in authentic form. In Clyde, Lyons and Palmyra, files of newspapers are preserved from which may be gathered to some extent the spirit of the people. In Newark no files of the *Courier* for the war period seem to be preserved. The writer has not been able, either by diligent enquiry or public advertisement, to find any. If the early work at Newark attending the enrollment of Company I, of the Seventeenth, is only briefly given, it must be attributed to that fact.

Accounts of meetings in Ontario are not found in the files of newspapers to which the author has had access; nor to any great extent of several other towns, but the people were ablaze with enthusiasm equally with those more fully reported.

Besides these impromptu flag raisings and editorial utterances there were large meetings of citizens held in all parts of the county.

*From the Palmyra Courier, April 19.*

PALMYRA AROUSED.

“Thursday evening, April 18, 1861, a large and enthusiastic meeting was held in Williamson’s Hall, which was participated in by nearly all our citizens irrespective of party. George W. Cuyler Esq., was called to the chair, and in a few brief, well-timed remarks, stated the object of the meeting, after which stirring addresses were made by Messrs. Archer, Peddie, Hutchins, Southwick, Aldrich, Holmes, McLouth, O’Dwyer and others. But one sentiment prevailed—that *the Union and the Constitution must be preserved at all hazards—that treason must at any cost be suppressed wherever its head was reared!*

“It was a demonstration of which the people of Palmyra have reason to be proud. It showed that here as well as elsewhere a spirit of devotion to the stars and stripes, and to the Union of which the glorious old flag is an emblem, exists, strong enough to override all party prejudice.

“The State had acted promptly. On Monday, the very day of the proclamation, the Legislature passed an act authorizing the Governor to accept the services of 30,000 volunteers, and appropriating \$3,000,000 of money for their equipment. At the meeting above mentioned George W. Cuyler, in taking the chair, said:

“‘I return you my thanks for the honor conferred in calling me to preside over so large an assemblage of my fellow citizens representing all parties coming together for a common object. We have come together for a no less momentous reason than that our country is in danger. War is upon us. The Government is invaded. The stars and stripes are assaulted. The question we are to answer is, shall the Government be sustained? Let all party differences be buried and let us stand as one man to sustain the Government which has sustained us. I am struck with the closing invocation of the notice, ‘God save the Union.’ To the supreme disposer of events, national as well as individual, must we look for succor and aid in this hour of our country’s emergency.’

“Hon. Martin Butterfield, John A. Holmes, J. D. Rogers, A. G. Myrick, S. B. Jordan, Wm. H. Southwick, Wm. F. Aldrich, C. J. Ferris, C. P. Nottingham, Pomeroy Tucker, D. S. Aldrich, General D. Chase, were named as Vice-Presidents; Charles McLouth, C. C. Finley, James G. O’Dwyer, Secretaries.

“Pomeroy Tucker, as chairman of a committee, presented the following resolutions, drawn in his old time vigorous style:

*Resolved*, That we are sworn to support the Constitution and to stand by the Union.

*Resolved*, That as American citizens we ignore all dividing political questions in connection with the defense of our country's flag when imperilled by assault whether from foreign aggression or domestic rebellion.

*Resolved*, That the Government must be maintained; that it shall have our hearts and hands for that object; and that we claim the right to look to the administration for the preservation of its integrity.

*Resolved*, That we would express our approval of the rigorous measures inaugurated by the States and National Government, for the enforcement of the laws against the menaces of treason and civil war.

Speeches were made by Ornon Archer, James Peddie, C. M. Hutchins, William H. Southwick, Charles McLouth, Pomeroy Tucker, and James G. O'Dwyer.

"The latter said in substance:

"I had a country once—I left it for a better. I found a better. Under the stars and stripes I have lived for nine years. I have done well here. I love this country. It is the freest and best on earth. And now in this hour of *our* country's calamity, I offer all that I am, all that I have, for the national defense.

"Let every man stand up to trample on treason. Let every heel be placed on the neck of a traitor. The stars and stripes forever.'"

#### MARION.

Tuesday evening, April 23d, an immense meeting was held in Marion, filling the spacious hall of the Academy to overflowing. The staunch patriotic town was alive with enthusiasm.

Captain Baker was made chairman. Mr. Archer, from Palmyra; Lieutenant J. J. White, from Captain Corning's Company; Revs. Messrs. Williams, Short, and Stanton, of Marion; Mudge, of Palmyra, all spoke; their remarks being received with ringing cheers. Mr. Clark, of Marion, also spoke effectively.

Captain Lakey, amid deafening applause, took the stand, and in his Quaker-like style, expressed his patriotism, by stating that he was willing to either fish or cut bait, but as all could not fish nor fight, he proposed to give two dollars apiece to each of fifty volunteers.

Twelve volunteers signed a muster-roll on the spot, and a subscription was made for support of the families of volunteers.

#### LYONS.

Tuesday, April 23d, a large meeting of the citizens of Lyons, was held at the Court House, to take into consideration measures proper to be adopted in this crisis.

General William H. Adams was called to preside, and opened the meeting with a stirring address that evoked a tumult of hearty applause.

The Vice-Presidents were: H. Graham, Jr., Caleb Rice, H. G. Dickerson, James Rogers, Judge Sisson, Newell Taft, D. R. Rozell, Lyman Sherwood, M. Brownson, Cullen Foster, D. W. Parshall, J. Welling, W. H. Swan, S. B. Gavitt, S. W. Bottum, J. Knowles, Jr., William Clark, A. B. Williams, P. R. Westfall, John Hano, W. F. Ashley, Zebulon Moore, S. H. Klinck, W. D. Perrine, A. Remsen, N. R. Mirick, G. W. Ceramer, Henry Graham, Thompson Harrington, James Bashford, J. M. Pickett, D. H. David, Amos Harrington, M. S. Leach.

Secretaries—Lyman Lyon, W. T. Tinsley, D. L. Norton, A. J. Mirick.

The Committee on Resolutions were: E. P. Taft, C. L. Lyon, R. W. Ashley, G. H. Arnold, William VanCamp.

The meeting was addressed by Hon. William J. Bacon, of Utica; J. D. Husbands, Esq., of Rochester, and J. P. Faurot, Esq., of Canandaigua.

The principal resolution was as follows:

*“Resolved, That for the sake of the common defense and general welfare of our country, and in obedience to the call that the Government may rightfully make upon all its loyal citizens, we will rally to its support with all the moral and material forces at our command; that although we deplore violence, and shrink instinctively from civil war; yet, if come it must, as the measure of our civil duty, and without stopping to discuss the past or forebode the future, we are for our country and its legally organized Government, first, last and forever.”*

At this meeting of April 23d, 1861, a committee was appointed to raise funds in aid of the families of volunteers, consisting of B. VanAlstine, Ensign Bennett, Saxon B. Gavitt.

The following subscriptions were received:

C. Rice & Co., A. Remsen, L. Lyon, A. Snedaker, P. R. Westfall, C. Croul, D. W. Parshall, Wm. Sisson, Newell Taft, D. Chapman, Thompson Harrington, Saxon B. Gavitt, \$100 each; W. D. P. Perrine, L. Sherwood, Wm. Van Marter, John Hano, Wm. Clark, R. H. Murdock, \$50 each: John Butler, Ensign Bennett, John Munn, H. Graham, Jr., W. H. Adams, Wm. Smelt, George Ennis, J. T. Mackenzie, G. R. Rudd & Son, Daniel Jemison, H. W. Putney, \$25 each; E. W. Bottum, W. T. Tinsley, B. Van Alstine, E. C. Cosart, J. McKeoun, Jesse Smith, Strong & Guild, \$20 each; E. B. Price, J. McCall, S. J. Cole, Nelson Peck, O. K. Klinck, S. D. Van Wickle, J. B. Pierce, J. Wesley, L. A. Rogers, Luke Agett, J. Greene, \$10 each; Isidor Rosenfeld, L. R. Bennett, George Carver, George Hartnagle, N. D. Southard, Rohrbacher & Co., R. W. Ashley, A. M. Medberry & Co., A. Hays, Job Travis, \$5 each; E. B. Reynolds, W. R. Rooke, each \$2.

Subsequently there was added James McElwain, \$10; John D. Westfall, David Griffith, each \$25; D. McDonald, John Adams, each \$20, and various smaller sums, carrying the total to the amount of \$2,213.50.

Contributions continued to be received and there were subsequently reported Jacob Mitchell, \$20; Rev. W. N. McHarg, \$25, making the total \$2,258.50.

Further subscriptions are not reported in the newspapers, but it is understood that others were made and considerably increased this aggregate.

#### SOUTH BUTLER.

At South Butler a meeting was held in the Disciple Church. Speeches were made by Messrs. Wood and Arnold, of Lyons; Wheeler, Parsons and others, of Butler.

#### CLYDE.

On Wednesday evening, April 24th, an enthusiastic meeting was held at Perkins' Hall, Clyde.

J. E. Tremper was called to the chair and J. E. Paine appointed Secretary: Isaac Miller, Aaron Griswold and C. D. Lawton, Vice-Presidents.

A United States Flag was brought into the room and received with three cheers. Wells' cornet band played "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic pieces.

C. D. Lawton said: "The American spirit was one given to swelling and bursting for expansion; but however it might expand, it would never be destroyed. The seceders had rebelled against our Government, formed an independent one for themselves, raised armies, taken forts, vessels and arms, and now are threatening to march upon the Capital. Now is the time to do something; something to save the Union, and to do that we must now fight."

G. W. Cowles said: "To arms, men of Clyde, and stand up manly for the defense of your country. There is nothing discouraging to us in what the rebels have done, nor in the success which has attended their nefarious designs. Though they have succeeded at first, we shall by and by see rolling down the Valley of the Mississippi from the great West and the Atlantic shores a vast army of men who will wipe out treachery from the face of our country and place our Government on a more solid foundation than it has yet rested upon. We must succeed, on account of the justice of our cause; on account of the vast numbers we can call to arms; on account of the liberal and almost illimitable supplies of money. We must succeed, for we place our trust in the God of Battles, who never yet deserted a holy cause."

Mr. Crane said: "It was a time when it was necessary to know how suspicious persons stood; time when it should be demanded of them whether they were for or against the Union. If he was called forward for that purpose he would say emphatically that he was for the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws, and was ready, if need be, to stand by and seal the vow with his blood."

Rev. Mr. Brown said: "I feel more like acting than speaking. I am a minister of the gospel, a messenger of peace; but now that my country is in peril I lift up my voice for war. I have never belonged to any party; my party is the people; my home the country. If I had ever been unfortunate enough to belong to any party, I would now say, perish party, perish platforms, perish everything but the Union. Save us that intact, and take all else."

Mr. Baker said: "I call upon Galen to support the flag. This rebellion is not one of sudden growth, but has been nourished for years, and will you now suffer it to be consummated. Shall the South be a foreign nation to us? Shall Washington's grave and Jefferson's remains be trampled upon by rebels? We must keep an open road to the Capital, and Wayne County must do her whole duty."

A paper was then brought forward for enrollment of volunteers.

PALMYRA.

A second meeting was held at Palmyra, Thursday evening, April 25, 1861. It was a gathering of citizens worthy of the cause.

Wm. H. Bowman presided, assisted by Wm. H. Southwick; H. S. Flower, Secretary. The following resolution was adopted:

*Resolved*, That a committee be appointed by the chair to solicit and receive subscriptions and donations to a volunteer fund to be disbursed by said committee in pro rata sums as may be required from time to time for the benefit of families of volunteers from the town of Palmyra, who shall be called under their enlistment into the service of the country for the defense of the constitution and the laws."

E. M. Anderson, A. P. Crandall, H. S. Flower, A. G. Myrick, Wm. H. Southwick, C. J. Ferris and G. W. Cuyler were appointed such committee, the latter being named as Treasurer.

The following communication was read:

*To the Chairman of the Public Meeting in Williamson's Hall:*

"SIR:—The following transcript of proceedings will fully explain the purpose of the "widow's mite" herewith respectfully offered:

"PALMYRA LODGE, NO. 248, F. A. M., April 25, 1861.

"WHEREAS, Volunteers for the defense of our country's constitution and the vindication of its flag against the assaults of treason are patriotically enrolling their names in this village; and whereas it is compatible with the principles of our order as it is in accordance with the promptings of our hearts, to share the sacrifices of our fellow men in sustaining the Government which protects and blesses us; therefore,

*Resolved*, That the entire balance of moneys in the treasury of this Lodge (\$301.24) is hereby donated and appropriated for the benefit of the families of volunteers who shall be called into the service of the Government.

*Resolved*, That said moneys shall be disbursed in conjunction with any general fund that may be raised here for the same object, and in sums that shall be pro rata with the disbursements of the said general fund.

THOMAS L. ROOT, W. M.

"E. CUMMINGS, Secretary."

The following note was also read :

“PALMYRA, April 24, 1861.

“*To the Chairman of the Relief Meeting :*

“DEAR SIR:—I was informed, just as I was about to leave in the cars, that a meeting of our citizens is to be held to-morrow evening, to raise a fund for the support of the families of those residing here who may enlist in the defense of our Government.

“As I shall not return in time to be present on that occasion, I take this opportunity to say that I heartily approve of the object of the meeting, and am willing to contribute my mite to sustain our glorious Union and to defend our Government from Southern aggression, believing that I shall be fully repaid for the slight pecuniary sacrifice, in an approving conscience and the approbation of the community.

“You may put me down for \$500.

Yours truly, CARLTON H. ROGERS.”

The subscription as drawn was signed on the spot :

Carlton H. Rogers, \$500 Palmyra Lodge, F. A. M. \$301.24; Bowman & Walker, S. M. Anderson, \$200 each; Elijah Ennis, William P. Nottingham, W. F. Aldrich, C. W. Bennett, J. G. Philips, Cullen H. Rogers, Pomeroy Tucker, S. B. McIntyre, J. Allen, jr, A. P. Crandall, John Williamson, \$100 each; Root & Howe, A. G. Merrick, C. McLouth, W. H. Southwick, John Strong, J. G. O'Dwyer, Myron Turner, Joseph J. Rogers, S. B. Jordan, James Peddie, \$50 each; Alonzo Langdon, John Hibbard, J. W. Hersey, A. F. Talcott, A. B. Clemens, C. J. Ferrin, John Gillett, jr John Sanders, S. W. Sawyer, G. P. Littles, Walter Lapham, S. P. Seymour, Willard Henderson & Son, W. C. Winters, Ira Holmes, Morgan Robinson, James Walker, John Jordan, M. L. Bingham, each \$25; C. T. Stroud, \$15; Rev. W. Mudge, John A. Holmes, R. H. Sherman, William Shannon, Lyman Pierce, Anson Hillimire, William Winter, E. W. Cummings, John Minkler, Philip Keele, Albert Lamson, James Hibbard, Samuel Palmer, each \$10; Jacob Zeigler, John Whitwell, E. D. Kellogg, Collins Clark, Henry Van Dyne, A. N. Stedman, each \$5. Total, \$3,301.24.

The following resolution was adopted :

“*Resolved,* That this Committee be requested to give every inhabitant of the town of Palmyra an opportunity to subscribe to this fund.”



Eloquent and patriotic speeches were made by S. B. McIntyre Esq., Rev. Mr. Mudge, James Peddie and Captain Corning.

The meeting adjourned with three cheers for the Union ; three cheers for General Scott, and three for Captain Corning and his gallant company.

Subsequently the subscriptions were increased to nearly \$6,000. Birdsell & Sanford, \$200; Mrs. M. A. Woodward, Hendee Parshall, I. Foster & Co., A. Sherman, William H. Cuyler, Maltby Clark, A. S. Carle, Avery S. Durfee, William McArthur, \$100 each; Aldrich, Reeves & Co. \$75; F. Williams, William H. Farnham, William Walton, Mrs. E. E. Lillie, E. Heminway, A. Pratt, Bela Morgan, H. D. Jenner, L. M. Chase, J. P. H. Deming, Isaac Gifford, \$50 each; George H. Townsend, C. Sheely, \$30 each; Thomas Knight, E. S. Averill, Silas Taber, C. B. Bingham, William Doran, Tyler & Birdsell, Tucker & Chase, E. Elmendorf, C. D. Johnson, Caleb Avery, George G. Jessup, William Foster, A. W. Salisbury, L. D. Nims, L. L. Seaman, David Holmes, A. Rice, H. M. Johnson, Butler Newton, C. Drake, Pliny T. Sexton, Sherman & Bronson, James Davis, each \$25; F. W. Huxley, William W. Tripp, A. Rannie, J. W. Tibbets, each \$20; William Ryan, \$15; James Carr, S. B. Smith, William F. Moore, J. Pitkin, J. F. Eggleston, W. Sherman, H. J. Post, William D. Beadle, E. M. Chope, each \$10; L. Besley, J. S. Williamson, J. Shabley, James Hulbert, F. Deyoe, W. Stevens, C. L. Vandusen, G. F. Goodell, John Heath, each \$5. Total \$5,891.24.

Subsequently further subscriptions were made. J. C. Lovett, Luther Sandford, \$200 each; Martin Butterfield, \$100; Fay H. Purdy, Hiram Foster, William Chapman, B. M. Stuplebeen, \$50 each; Henry J. Feller, Jacob Norris, James Reeves, William R. Johnson, Richard J. Storms, A. Rannie, \$25 each; C. A. Hodges, \$10; Carlton Lakey, \$5. Carrying the total up to \$6,836.24.

#### NEWARK.

At Newark an adjourned Union meeting was numerously attended by the citizens of Newark and vicinity without distinction of party, convened at Washington Hall on the 27th

of April. James P. Bartle, chairman of the former meeting was called to preside, assisted by J. A. Miller and F. U. Sheffield as Vice-Presidents; H. R. Piersons and Clark Phillips as Secretaries. After the meeting was opened with some patriotic remarks by the President, a noble and soul stirring song was sung by the Newark Glee Club when the committee that was appointed at the previous meeting for the purpose of immediately raising and equipping one or more Volunteer Companies in the town for the service of the State, reported that some forty-five names had been placed upon the roll and some seven more were added at this meeting making a company of fifty-two.

It would have made the heart of every true patriot rejoice to have heard the shouts which came from the people as those true and noble hearted young men came forward and placed their names beside their brethren thus dedicating not only their time, their honor, but their lives to the defense of their country and her flag.

The committee reported that they felt confident that before the close of another meeting the ranks of the company would be filled.

The Finance committee reported that a subscription of \$4,200 had been generously subscribed and that many friends were ready to double their subscriptions if necessary.

At another meeting May 4th, the committee reported that the roll had reached nearly one hundred names. A newspaper report said:

"The company have chosen for their Captain, Andrew Wilson, Esq., of Newark, who lays aside the honors which cluster around the profession of the law and rallies to the defense of his country and the honor of its flag. \* \* \*

This company includes many of the noble hearted and patriotic young men of the town of Sodus. Rev. Mr. Dubois, the Methodist Pastor of Sodus, addressed the meeting, stirring the audience to their utmost depths, closing amid tremendous applause. Messrs Sutherland and Shumway spoke, as did Clark Mason and Mr. Tenbrook."

The Finance committee reported \$4,300 raised in Arcadia, and \$600 in Sodus.

MARION.

Another large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the Institute, Monday, May 6th, principally to plan for the sup-

port of the families of volunteers. Isaac A. Clark presided; Ira Lakey and D. F. Luce were Vice-Presidents, and Henry R. Tabor, Secretary. Committee on Resolutions consisted of Rev. Amasa Stanton, Rev. H. N. Short, and Hon. John A. Laing. The resolutions adopted were the following:

"WHEREAS, Our National Government is menaced by traitors in arms, and our National ensign has been insulted; therefore,

*Resolved*, That as loyal citizens, it is our imperative duty to render efficient service, either by enrolling ourselves subject to the call of the legal constitutional Government under which we have enjoyed such unparalleled prosperity, or by aiding those who volunteer.

*Resolved*, That we make a vigorous effort to raise a company of minute-men in this town.

*Resolved*, That we raise a war fund of at least \$3,000, to sustain the families of each volunteers, or to reward the valor of those who have no families, and are honorably discharged from the service.

*Resolved*, That the town of Marion pledges her citizens to pay a tax levied from the last assessment roll of said town, of five dollars per month to each volunteer in said town, who shall be called into the United States service during the time he shall be absent from home, and engaged in such service, and honorably discharged from the same.

*Resolved*, That a committee of three be appointed whose duty it shall be to assess upon each taxpayer of this town, the amount necessary to raise \$3,000 for the purpose of supporting the families of those who have volunteered, or may volunteer in the company now raising in this town."

The committee were Ira Lakey, Amasa Stanton, and Pardon Durfee.

#### WILLIAMSON.

This town was aroused at the call of the President.

Monday evening, April 29th, a large meeting was held at Williamson Corners.

Hon. Samuel C. Cuyler, was President, and T. Scott Ledyard, Secretary. The ladies were present in large numbers, casting a salutary influence over the meeting, and stimulating to action the sterner sex in this hour of peril.

A Committee on Resolutions was appointed: Abram Pryne, Charles G. Richards, John P. Bennett, Alfred Allen, Franklin P. Rogers. Addresses were made by Messrs. Cuyler, Pryne, and Stanton, of Marion.

It is presumed that the following resolutions adopted, were drawn by the vigorous pen of Hon. Abram Pryne :

“ *Resolved*, That the war which has been forced upon the Government of the United States, is a war of rebellious anarchy against constitutional law and public order—of revolutionary barbarism against progressive civilization ; the war of an aristocracy, based upon human slavery against constitutional freedom and the right of the people of the nation to govern the nation ; a war of traitorous robbers who have stolen the property of the nation from its rightful custodians, the government of the nation, from its real owners, the whole people. As such we accept the issue forced upon us, and renewing our allegiance to the Constitution, and the administrators of that trust, we pledge ourselves to defend them with all the strength of mind and arm, which God has conferred upon us.

“ *Resolved*, That the time is now upon us, when we should subordinate all party ties, creeds and platforms to the united support of the Constitution of the United States, and the men that are constitutionally elected by the people to carry out the great principles of our Government and laws.

“ *Resolved*, That whatever are the causes of the rebellious and mob-like attacks upon the Constitution and the glorious flag of our Union, we are bound to be united as one man in the support and protection of our Constitution, and to ward off the disgraceful blow that is now aimed at our cherished flag, and defend it from traitorous hands.

“ *Resolved*, That in the present crisis of national affairs, an energetic and vigorous policy is alike dictated by interest, honor and benevolence ; and as a means of saving blood and treasure and cutting short the work of suppressing rebellion and securing the reign of justice and order, we believe that the whole vast resources of the Government should be instantly and vigorously employed in conquering a peace, and that temporizing and treating with rebels in arms, is a waste of precious time and strength, which ought to be employed in scattering their armies and repossessing our forts and arsenals.

“ *Resolved*, That the right of the Government to choose its own military way to the Capital is unquestionable and ought to be maintained at all hazards ; and if northern patriots on their way to Washington are again attacked by the traitorous mobs of Baltimore while marching through that city, we hope that instead of being ordered around it they will, if necessary, proceed *over its ruins* to their destination.

“ *Resolved*, That we recommend the speedy calling of a military convention for the County of Wayne with a view

to raising and drilling a full regiment composed of citizens of the county, in order to be prepared to tender its services to the Government whenever it shall be called into the field; and we suggest the propriety of calling preliminary meetings in every town of the county, preparatory to said convention, and in order to make it practically efficient."

A committee to solicit volunteers was appointed, consisting of John P. Bennett, S. C. Cuyler, Franklin P. Rogers.

A newspaper letter from Williamson in the *Palmyra Courier* at this period says:

"Through the energy of our young men inspired by their patriotism, a new liberty-pole was obtained and erected on Tuesday, April 23d. A large concourse of citizens, of all parties, gathered around to participate in the pole raising and sending up the stars and stripes. Thirty guns were fired in honor of the Constitution, the Union, the Flag and Major Anderson. Remarks were made by Charles G. Richards, E. M. Allen and John N. Reeves."

Rev. Abram Pryne preached on Sunday, the 21st, on the subject of war, to a crowded house. His subject was the general principles involved, and the right and duty of every man to sustain the Constitution, the Union and the Flag.

Sunday, the 28th, at Pultneyville, Rev. Mr. Potter, of the Methodist church, preached a soul-stirring patriotic discourse; holding up the Constitution and the Union as our only salvation in the present contest. Mr. Potter said he was willing to take his Bible under his arm and fight seven days in the week for his country.

At the close of the sermon the flag was hoisted and guns fired. Another meeting at Clyde occurred on the evening of May 10th.

Rev. Mr. Bishop was called to the chair. P. Mark DeZeng having been unanimously chosen Captain of the volunteer company forming in the village, was called to the platform and received with tremendous cheering.

He returned thanks for the honor done him, and begged them to remember that henceforth they were all Americans fighting for a glorious cause, and knew no other nationality than that of citizens of the United States.

Dr. A. T. Hendrick, of Clyde, offered his services free to families of volunteers during their absence; also Dr. Goedecke, of Lyons, as seen in the following note:

LYONS, May 8th, 1861.

"MR. VAN CAMP—Dear Sir:—I offer my services as a physician to the families of volunteers during their absence in the service of our Country.

"My office is on Church street, opposite the German Lutheran Church.  
G. GOEDECKE."

At Clyde, Saturday afternoon, May 25, a beautiful flag was hoisted upon the public school building. The Trustees were present, Seth Smith as President and the other two, Aaron Griswold and E. B. Kellogg, Vice-Presidents; Wm. Daly, Secretary. Rev. Wm. Brown offered prayers; the soldiers sang "The Red, White and Blue." Mr. J. L. Crane, Prof. Bradley, Rev. Mr. Brown and Rev. Mr. Bishop spoke and the children sang the "Star Spangled Banner."

Dr. Van Slyck, of Red Creek, offered his services to families of volunteers free of charge.

Other physicians, not now remembered, made these same generous offers.

#### WALWORTH.

*From the Palmyra Courier of May 10, 1861.*

"The highly respectable but somewhat staid town of Walworth is fully imbued with the spirit of the day. A correspondent sends us a few particulars concerning a pole raising, from which we quote:

"The people of Walworth have been very quiet since the rebellion broke out, until yesterday (May 1st), when they gave vent to their feelings by raising a pole and throwing to the breeze the time-honored flag of our country. There was quite a goodly number present, and the raising was soon accomplished. The most intense Union feeling prevailed throughout. The cannon was brought forth and charged for the first time to speak for her country, and most nobly did she utter the patriotic sentiments of the people."

Tuesday evening, May 7, a meeting was held at Fowler's Hall, Sodus. The room was filled to overflowing. Captain Wilson, of Newark, spoke; also B. C. Rude, L. H. Clark, and Rev. M. Dubois. The meeting adjourned to Friday evening at the Presbyterian Church, where Rev. Mr. Heywood, of Newark, addressed the excited throng. As volunteers came forward to sign the roll, they were greeted with the greatest enthusiasm. Twenty-five to thirty Sodus boys had

already joined the Arcadia Company. Of this meeting the correspondent of the Rochester *Democrat* said :

“ Old Sodus is moving ; just waking up to the stirring fact that our Nation's flag has been dishonored, and that her capital is jeopardized. A new and beautiful pole has been erected in the centre of our beautiful village, and a large and splendid flag, made by the hands of the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and his lady, has been flung to the breeze, and as our village stands on high ground, it can be seen from a distance on every side. On Tuesday evening, May 7th, at short notice and at the close of a rainy day, a large concourse of patriotic citizens met in the large ball room of Fowler's Hotel, where a Union meeting was organized, and after speeches from Rev. George Dubois, Professor L. H. Clark, and a gentleman from Newark, thirteen enlisted to fill out the Newark company.

“ Another rousing meeting was held on Friday night.”

We have thus given something of the patriotic response which rolled up like the sound of many waters from all parts of the county. But the items given—the editorials, the sermons, the meetings, the flag raisings, are only specimen selections. The whole was never recorded, nor can it ever be gathered up in full, even though a volume should be written upon each town.



## CHAPTER II.

EARLY ENLISTMENTS—FORMATION OF COMPANIES—DRILLING FOR SERVICE—  
MEN ENROLLING WITH NO BOUNTIES—LEAVING HOME AND BUSINESS—  
COMPANY B, OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH—COMPANY C, OF THE THIRTY-  
THIRD—COMPANY D, OF THE SIXTY-SEVENTH—ENLISTMENTS IN THE  
THIRTEENTH AND THE NINETEENTH.

THE enthusiasm of the first response to the proclamation described in the previous chapter, did not die out and leave no practical result. As already indicated, there were immediate movements towards tendering men and means for the defense of the Government. The proclamation having been received on Monday, the 15th, before that week closed numerous consultations were held, steps taken to enroll men, and enlistment papers actually signed. The whole people knew at once that speeches and resolutions and unfurling of flags would not accomplish the work. Positive action was needed. It may have yet been a popular impression that there would be but little actual fighting, still men knew that in enlisting they were going to danger, and very likely to death. At this stage of the proceedings too, the impulse afterwards given by large bounties did not exist. Whatever may have occurred in the subsequent years of the war to give a mercenary character to the raising of men, there was nothing of it in the opening months of the contest. Whatever may have happened afterwards in the way of enormous bounties, or purchased substitutes, or corrupt contracts, none of these things marred the grand picture of an uprising people in May, 1861. Whatever of iniquity and cold blooded selfishness may have afterwards risen to the surface amid the commotions of protracted war, it will forever remain true that the opening weeks of the struggle presented one of the clearest specimens of unselfish devotion to the country that the world has ever witnessed.

No men of the Revolution ever dropped their tools of trade, or their implements of agriculture and seized the



weapons of war more promptly than did the men of 1861. For any story of ancient patriotic sacrifice we have its modern counterpart. Men bade adieu to home and family as quickly, as firmly, in 1861 as in 1775. In hundreds of families throughout the county of Wayne there are treasured reminiscences of some fair morning of those bright spring months of 1861, when a manly form stepped out from their home circle and joined his comrades on the march. There were smiles and tears; there were brave mothers, sisters and wives choking down the tide of grief that their sons, brothers, and husbands might not be weakened in their purpose to join the armies of the Union. There are pictures that have never been painted on canvass, pictures that will never emblazon the galleries of art. They are simply traced on the memory of the living who gave their best treasures to the service of their country.

A little group may be seen standing on the steps of the old home, or beside the door-yard gate; the hour of parting has come; the young soldier receives his father's blessing, his mother's last tender words, his sister's clinging caress: one moment the picture is perfect; the next the figures vanish, the soldier is on the march, and his family are at their usual round of labor; but that moment has photographed this scene on their hearts where it remains in its original freshness of tint, and clearness of outline through all the years of their future lives.

#### COMPANY B, TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

At Lyons, there was a prompt movement to form a company. The organization of the Lyons Light Guard, three years before, had embodied a group of men of soldierly character, embracing representatives of the leading families of Lyons. The careful drill, which had been their pastime, now fitted them to plan and act for the real duties of actual war. It has already been noticed that they had met on the very day of the proclamation, and (with only two or three exceptions due to ill-health) had declared their readiness to march, if the Fifty-fourth Regiment of Militia, to which their company belonged, should be called out. For some days it was expected that this would be done. Frequent interviews

were held by Captain Welling, and by the Captain of Company E, of Palmyra, with the commanding officers of the regiment at Rochester. The Lyons Light Guard exercised themselves in daily drill. When, however, it was known that the Fifty-fourth would not be ordered out, then the active spirits at Lyons began to organize a volunteer company. Perhaps they did not even wait for any decision. Events moved rapidly, and many plans were under discussion at the same time. It is sometimes difficult to determine twenty years afterwards exactly on what day enlistment rolls were opened. Printed muster rolls often give some later date—date perhaps of company organizations, or the date when mustered in, instead of the actual day when the soldier wrote his name. The general date upon the rolls of Company B, Twenty-seventh Infantry, is May 2d, but from an item in the Lyons *Republican*, it appears that the roll for the formation of the Lyons Volunteer Company was opened in the office of Joseph Welling, at noon on Monday, April 22d; that it was sufficiently signed for Captain Adams to take it to Albany with him on Tuesday afternoon, that the company was accepted on Wednesday by the Governor; that Captain Adams brought the roll back with him on Thursday morning; that it was again opened at Captain Welling's office, and within a short time the ranks were filled to the maximum number—a pretty fair week's work.

The company mustered for inspection on Wednesday, May 1st, under Captain Joseph Welling, who had been appointed by the Governor, inspector of all volunteer companies in Wayne County.

Practically, the company was raised in one week, drilled somewhat and mustered for inspection the second week, and left about the middle of the third week for Elmira.

Sunday morning, May 5, 1861, Captain Adams' company attended the Methodist church. Long before the time of service the house was filled, every sitting or standing place being occupied except the space reserved for the volunteers. The church was decorated with flags and a fine one floated from the tower without. While the bell was ringing

for service the company was marched from the armory preceded by martial music. As they entered the church the organ pealed forth the inspiring strains of the national anthem producing a fine effect. The Rev. Mr. Buck delivered a grand discourse. The choir and congregation sang "My Country 'Tis of Thee" and the immense audience dispersed to the sound of national airs from the organ.

In the evening they attended the Presbyterian church where a similar ovation awaited them. Rev. Mr. McHarg being ill, Rev. Mr. Putnam of the Baptist church delivered a very able sermon from the text "Render unto Cæsar the things which be Cæsars." Rev. Mr. Buck followed in a few well-timed and patriotic remarks; so soul-stirring as to evoke loud and enthusiastic applause.

Monday, May 10th, 1861, Captain Adams' company left Lyons. Of this the Lyons *Republican* said:

"The entire population of Lyons and the surrounding country seemed to be in the streets on Monday to see the Lyons volunteers off. It was a day long to be remembered in the history of our village. \* \* \* \* \* As the procession approached the depot the rush thither was tremendous and considerable difficulty was experienced in forcing a passage through the crowd. When this was accomplished and something like order had been restored the volunteers were addressed by Wm. VanMarter, J. D. Husbands, Rev. Mr. Buck and Rev. Mr. Brown. Rev. Mr. Buck presented to Corporal Saul a Masonic Emblem (a silver trowel) the gift of Messrs Cosart and Van Alstyn; and Mr. Husbands to Lieut. White, a revolver from Dr. Gilbert."

*From the Democratic Press.*

#### DEPARTURE OF THE LYONS VOLUNTEERS.

"Monday last will be long remembered by our citizens, on account of the departure of Captain Adams' Company of Volunteers, for Elmira. They were escorted from the Armory to the depot at half past one o'clock. The procession was arranged in the following order:

1. Wells' Cornet Band of Clyde.
2. Eagle Fire Co. No. 1, Lyons.
3. Eagle Fire Co. Hose No. 1, Lyons.
4. Cataract Fire Co. No. 1, Clyde. (all Germans.)
5. Niagara Fire Co. No. 2, "
6. Rescue Fire Co. No. 3, Lyons.
7. Rescue Fire Co. Hose No. 3, Lyons.

8. Hook and Ladder Co. No. 3, Lyons.
9. German Mechanics Association.
10. Martial Music—(Alton and Lyons Band.)
11. Lyons Light Guard.
12. Clergy.
13. Lyons Volunteers.
14. Citizens.

“During the march to the depot, a National Salute was fired. At the depot a vast assemblage had gathered. Wm. VanMarter, J. D. Husbands and Rev. D. D. Buck delivered eloquent and appropriate addresses. At 3:55 the Volunteers got on board the train, amid enthusiastic cheering.”

Company B, of the 27th, was reported in the newspapers as consisting of the following officers and men when it left Lyons :

*Captain*—Alexander D. Adams.

*First Lieutenant*—Henry R. White.

*Ensign*—William H. Swan.

*Orderly Sergeant*—M. W. Goodrich.

*Second Sergeant*—Robert S. Holmes.

*Third Sergeant*—Crosby Hopkins.

*Fourth Sergeant*—Charles Sherman.

*Corporals*—William Rooker, Charles L. Gaul, William C. Belden, Hiram W. Layton.

*Privates*—John Lemmon, Franklin Hecox, M. B. Zimmerman, Martin V. Sweet, James W. Snedaker, Sylvester C. Hill, John D. McVicar, Wm. Shattuck, Thomas H. Tipling, Wilhelm Zwilling, H. M. Lillie, Joseph Seavey, William H. King, Wm. Rooker, Edward Allee, R. D. Lawrence, J. C. Sampson, A. M. VanAmburgh, Charles Althen, James Ellison, Hiram W. Layton, Henry Rooker, L. D. Lusk, Charles W. Soverhill, Samuel S. Plass, Adolph Martin, William Dibby, Louis Adams, Edward P. Foster, William H. McIntyre, Louis C. Strickland, J. W. Griswold, Robert H. Disbrow, Thomas S. Betts, Spencer C. Weaver, Rowland B. Andrews, Joseph Mills, Cornelius W. Murphy, John Fosniere, Richard D. Pudney, Jacob Rodenbach, George M. Belden, M. B. VanInwagen, William H. Stacey, Andrew Cassidy, Lafayette Sherman, Myron Dwinnelle, John C. Eames, Nelson H. Huff, Clark C. Ellis, Morton A. Leach, Charles H. Moore, Otto Miller, James M. Dickerson, Gibson Dunn, Ezra Dibble, Edwin Leach, William Vosburgh, John E. Casey, Henry W. Brown, Robert Durkee, John Knoblock, George Lehner, Morris Johnson, V. H. Sweeting, Cornelius Lovell, George C. Rooker, George H. Walrath, H. C. Edwards, Theodore Klump, Almeron Crannell, William Roehrig, Charles Odell, Chauncey Blinn, Joseph A. Braden.

The Lyons company was the first to leave the county, in consequence of the rapid work after recruiting actually commenced; and because the acceptance of the company was promptly made by the Governor and its destination decided.

There were, perhaps, enlistments in other parts of the county earlier than at Lyons, in consequence of the expectation at first that the Lyons Light Guard would go as a body, and volunteering was not commenced. It is not settled, however, what Wayne County man first signed a volunteer enlistment roll after the receipt of the President's call of April 15th.

The resolution of the Lyons Light Guard, Monday evening, though expressive of a readiness to go with the regiment, was not an enlistment of volunteers.

#### PRESENTATION OF A SWORD TO CAPTAIN A. D. ADAMS.

This took place at Elmira, May 26, 1861. Mr. Tinsley, of the Lyons *Republican*, in presenting the beautiful sword, purchased by citizens of Lyons, said:

“CAPTAIN ADAMS:—It becomes my pleasant duty to present to you to-day, this sword—a duty which I perform on behalf of citizens of Lyons, who, appreciating your merits as a soldier, and as a man, have desired to make to you some tangible acknowledgment of their esteem. Accept the gift, sir, and if it should be your lot to be called into the field to shed the traitorous blood of those who would destroy the Union, cemented by the patriotic blood of their father's fathers, may this weapon in your hands do its duty in a cause just and noble. And wherever the God of battles may lead you, may the God of hosts protect you, and send you back to your boyhood's home, when the sunlight of peace is once more shed abroad over our beloved land, with this sword as an emblem and type of your manly honor—unsullied by any foul stain, but brightened and glorified with the lustre of active execution, of brave and patriotic deeds.”

Captain Adams replied:

“MR. TINSLEY:—To you, and through you to the citizens of Lyons, I return my sincere thanks for this beautiful present. I accept the gift, and rest assured, sir, it shall never be used unworthily by me. It is a matter of regret that so many are now compelled to draw the sword in defense of the Constitution and the laws, and to hold as ours, that

which is ours by right. Return, sir, to the citizens of Lyons, and say that the gift they have sent me, shall be brought back by me unstained, except by traitorous blood shed in honorable conflict, or lying upon the body of one who has not proved himself an unworthy soldier."

#### COMPANY I, OF THE SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY.

At Newark, the work of enlisting was actively commenced. Company I, of the Seventeenth Infantry, was raised principally in the towns of Arcadia and Sodus. The news of the surrender of Fort Sumter, and the proclamation of President Lincoln, calling for seventy-five thousand men, were read in our streets on the 15th and 16th of April.

Within three days, Andrew Wilson and Isaac Lusk, were moving for the formation of a company at Newark, and a day or two later, Augustus Proseus, Allen Vandebogert, Allen Hiserote, and others from Sodus, were hastening to Newark, and enrolling their names in defense of an imperiled government. Men abandoned their offices; students dropped their books; hired men summarily left the farmers to whom they were engaged for the season, and commenced drilling, pursuant to the manual of arms. If an employer threatened loss of pay for work done by a man who broke his contract for the summer, to go into the army, the indignant "boys" were well nigh ready to give him a taste of war without going South.

This company spent but a brief time at Newark. The departure took place on Monday, May 13th. An immense throng from Sodus and Arcadia gathered at the Newark depot to see the "boys off for the war." The same tender scenes characterized the parting as at other points on similar occasions. Various brief addresses were made. The friends crowded up close for a final farewell. Brave men stepped on board the train while women equally brave, nobly repressed the rising tide of emotion and bade the soldiers adieu with praiseworthy cheerfulness.

The *Democratic Press* said of Company I, under date of May 15, 1861 :

#### NEWARK VOLUNTEERS.

"Captain Wilson's Company of Volunteers passed through this place at 11:50 on Monday, A. M., *en route* for New York.

Notwithstanding a heavy rain storm prevailed at the time, a large crowd of our citizens assembled at the depot, and cheer after cheer was given for the brave soldiers who went forth to battle for our country."

We regret that many interesting incidents concerning Company I, its organization, its drill at Newark, its departure and the designation of its officers can now be recalled only with difficulty. No copies of the Newark *Courier* for that eventful period have been found though diligent enquiry has been made and a request through the newspapers has utterly failed to produce any copies for the use of the author.

The accounts in the previous chapter have shown that there was great enthusiasm at Newark. That large sums of money were raised and effective work promptly done. The people lavished upon Company I, their money, their affections, their patriotism. Nothing was too good for "the boys" while they remained in Newark. Their drills were watched with interest, their comfort was cared for, their wants supplied and the whole community followed them to the cars with kind wishes, with abundant blessings, with sad yet hopeful adieus.

The soldiers left with firm, brave hearts. They were not all to return. Some were to perish on the field of battle, others to die by disease, yet they went boldly forth to render such services as the Union might require.

Company I, of the Seventeenth, as it left Newark, consisted of the following officers and men :

*Captain*—Andrew Wilson.

*Lieutenant*—Isaac M. Lusk.

*Ensign*—Augustus W. Proseus.

*First Sergeant*—Lycurgus D. Lusk.

*Second Sergeant*—Allen Vandebogert.

*Third Sergeant*—Andrew J. Piersons.

*Fourth Sergeant*—Philip Shuster.

*First Corporal*—Charles Soverhill.

*Second Corporal*—George Westfall.

*Third Corporal*—Isaac Irish.

*First Musician*—Morton A. Leach.

*Second Musician*—John Brevoort.

*Privates*—Artemas Ayers, Willard Buck, Aaron Bush, John Boheim, Michael Burns, David S. Bardo, Harvey W.

Benson, Hugh W. Cochrane, John Clark, Jacob Cunningham, Paris Cornue, James Cull, Richard Conners, George Cooke, Almon I. Downing, Harrison Downing, Harrison E. Downing, Francis G. Dolph, Calvin Doane, William Donnelly, Allen Dunn, Jacob Everts, Robert Fulton, John Flora, James W. A. Granger, Charles Howland, Gustavus Henderbesch, Jacob Hickey, Alfred Hawkins, Allen F. Hise-rote, John Irwin, Albert Irish, Garrett Jenks, John Johnson, John R. Keeffe, Horace Lake, Patrick Larkin, Charles Miller, Joseph Manchester, Richard Mills, James McLean, Charles McCann, Ambrose McCuen, James Murphy, Patrick McGrath, John Mahen, John Nierpass, Abner Novess, Charles Nebriskie, Thomas Pickett, Andrew W. Perkins, Samuel Plass, George M. Parkhurst, Ralph Rogers, Peter Rausentorf, Levi G. Sweet, Edward Smith, Charles Stout-enker, Cyrus Taylor, Aaron Van Inwagen, Emmet Whitmore, Andrew J. White, Alfred Westfall, John Wolf, John Irwin, James Conway.

#### COMPANY B, OF THE THIRTY-THIRD INFANTRY.

At Palmyra, Joseph Corning led off in the work of enlisting men for the service. His company became Company B, of the Thirty-third Regiment of Infantry. Mr. Corning was a member of the Legislature, and remained with that body in session for a few days following the proclamation. He shared in the legislative action that was taken and was prompt and foremost in every movement that was made to tender men and money on the part of this State. But, fully conscious of the impending crisis, he clearly saw that something more than legislation was needed. The raising of an army was a work that required men of rank and responsibility to devote their personal services. Before he arrived in Palmyra the raising of men had been under discussion. It was expected that Company E, of the Fifty-fourth militia would be called to march with that regiment and preparations were made to move at once.

H. J. Draime and Josiah J. White were active at this time. The former had had considerable military experience which proved a valuable aid in this crisis. Various plans were under discussion. The people were enthusiastic. Meetings were held, money was being pledged. The people were ripe for a positive organization. The hour was auspicious.



cious for a leader of men to be named—a man who would command confidence.

Mr. Corning returned home from Albany on Friday evening, April 26. He was met at the depot by a large number of citizens of all parties and escorted to the Palmyra hotel, where being loudly called upon he made a few patriotic remarks stating that he had returned home for the purpose of raising a volunteer company and leading them to the defense of the country, and calling upon all patriotic men to rally to his standard.

The next morning he converted his law office into a recruiting station, and issued a handbill calling for volunteers. The call was responded to with much enthusiasm. Day by day the roll of recruits grew longer, and in ten days the company was enrolled to its maximum. But little delay took place. Regiments were being hurried to the scene of conflict. The call was loud and urgent. Captain Corning and his brave men were impatient of delay.

On Wednesday evening, May 15th, a farewell meeting took place in honor of Captain Corning's company of volunteers, and their intended departure the next day.

The assembly gathered in the Presbyterian Church, and that spacious edifice was packed with people above and below. Around the pulpit and the galleries large flags were beautifully festooned.

The band was stationed on one side of the organ, and a large choir was in attendance. Pews on the main aisle were reserved for the volunteers, who came marching in with the steady tread and the marked good order that evinced the progress already made in drilling. The officers in charge of the meeting were: George W. Cuyler, President; William F. Aldrich and Thomas Birdsall, Vice-Presidents; and Charles McLouth, Secretary.

The "Star Spangled Banner" was read by Rev. Mr. Gillespie, and sung by the choir. Rev. Horace Eaton led in prayer, offering a fervent invocation for the divine blessing to go with and rest upon the volunteers; and to give them courage, energy, firmness, patience, fortitude, and to prepare them for whatever the future held in store for them.

The band rendered "Hail Columbia," thrilling the vast audience with its patriotic strains.

Rev. Mr. Mudge said, in closing a brief address :

"Volunteers! there is much to urge you forward. The end you seek is a noble one. It will enroll your names on the page of honor.

"If you conduct yourselves faithfully it will place them higher on the scroll of fame. We shall cherish your names and be proud of your success. We expect noble things of you.

"We who stay at home will remember you when you are away. We will remember your families, and assure you that they shall be cared for.

"Go forth to the conflict. We bid you God speed. You contend in a righteous cause. You go to save your country; to defend our Constitution; to protect our flag. We know that you need no other incentive. We know that this is sufficient. Go! May the God of Battles go with you."

Of Rev. Mr. Gillespie's remarks, we cull the following sentences :

"There is one bright spot in the dark picture that our country now presents. It is the unity of feeling at the North. Here are men of all political affinities, those who are connected with the South by business or social ties, those who have not been wont to mingle together. We have come together to assure our fellow citizens of our sympathy, and to send them forth with our God speed. This unity is a bright spot. It is the great defense of our country.

\* \* \* \* \*

"I have endeavored to look at this subject as a Christian man. I pray for peace, and I shall greatly rejoice if you return without battle, more than if your ranks are broken and your banner dyed, and your officers tell us how nobly you fell. This interferes not with sending the hosts to battle. When we stand by the flag, we should stand by the New Testament. You go in a good cause, because you go in support of the constitution and the laws. You go to protect union—avoid disunion.

\* \* \* \* \*

"When Franklin was lost amid the snow and ice of the North, England sent for him. So it is our duty to send for the Union men of the South. You sent a short time ago to starving Kansas of your substance; now it is your duty to send to the Union men of the South who are starving for political liberty, of your own living, active men. Go forth as Christian soldiers. Remember that you go from Christian

lands, from the voice of pastors, from Sabbath bells. May the Lord of hosts be with you—the God of Jacob your refuge.”

Rev. Mr. Eaton said :

“I have heard the drum and fife since I was a boy, but not with the feeling of solemnity as now. I have looked all my life on that flag, but it never appeared to me so noble as now ; its stars, so like those that once sang together, and its stripes so like the breaking of the morning. I have regarded war with dread ; but if I understand the Gospel or the sacrifice of Calvary, it is founded on government. Government is an institution of God as really as the church. Hence I love this country because I see the hand of God in it. It comes to me sacred from the graves of our ancestors. It comes to me from the future freighted with the hopes of all the nations of the earth. Can it be that this Government is now to be destroyed? How vandal-like the hand that assails it. What shall we do? I know of no other way than that which the great apostle preached. The invincible logic of Paul defends us. The Government must be sustained, even if by the sword. Volunteers, you do not go forth as mercenaries, but as an army of the Constitution and the Union. You differ from those who fight for destruction. You fight for law ; you will obey law. You fight for truth ; you will give an example of truth.

“It is only to-night we hear of the desecration of Washington’s grave. How it thrills our souls. Volunteers, go plant the American flag on that grave and on Sumter. Yes, let it wave again from the top of Sumter. Go, regard your constitutions, your health, your virtue, your testaments. God go with you.”

James Peddie made an effective and eloquent address. He paid a high compliment to the officers and the men.

On motion of H. S. Flower, the chair appointed Messrs. Flower, Nottingham, Holmes, Southwick and Anderson a committee to arrange for escorting the volunteers at their departure the next day.

A testament was then distributed to each man, the gift of the Bible society.

Captain Corning was then called out and spoke briefly, thanking the citizens for their kindness, attention, and liberality to his company. He expressed his pride in the men enrolled. They included not only Americans, but there were men from Switzerland, Prussia, Germany, France,

England, Ireland—now Americans all. Colonel Corning's remarks were eloquent and spirited beyond himself, and a tender undercurrent of sadness lent a peculiar pathos to his words. As he stood before that audience, ready to lead the men of his company to the field of strife, to battle and to death, he received an ovation that might well be graven on his memory with an impress as enduring as life.

The tumultuous cheers that swelled up from that audience and rung through the old village church, told him that the heart of Palmyra beat towards him and his men with enthusiastic admiration.

Never before was there such a meeting in Palmyra. A century may elapse without another that equals it.

#### THE DEPARTURE.

The great meeting of Wednesday night was a fitting prelude to the scenes of Thursday.

The whole population seemed to unite in such testimonials of pride and grateful affection as could not fail to gladden the otherwise heavy hearts of the brave and gallant fellows who bade adieu to their homes and friends, and went forth to become the soldiers of the country, the defenders of the stars and stripes, the upholders and guarantors of the glorious Union and its Government.

Never before were the streets of Palmyra so gay and pageant-like. Flags by the hundreds were waving from roofs and windows, while the National colors floated proudly across the principal street. The procession was formed as follows:

1. Band.
2. Citizens' Corps.
3. Firemen.
4. Volunteers.
5. Clergy, Committees, Speaker.
6. President of the village and Board of Trustees.
7. Citizens generally.

The procession formed on Main street, the right resting on Cuyler street. The church bells were rung and cannon fired during the moving of the procession. It was about three o'clock P. M. Main street was a sight to be remembered. The march was one long ovation; the cortege itself

was almost lost in the thronging tide of people that moved with it, and filled the entire street. Cheers and shouts mingled in a continuous roar, joining with the music of the bands. Handkerchiefs were waved from windows by hundreds of fair hands.

Nothing in the spectacle was so moving or so vividly indicated the nature of the occasion as the sight of women marching by the side of the ranks. It told the whole story of the coming separation, of love and tender affection.

The Palmyra *Courier*, from which the account is condensed, said :

“ We cannot undertake any description of the scene that took place at the depot between the arrival of the Volunteers and the coming of the cars that were to bear them away. Let us be spared the recital of what made every heart ache among those present. There were more tears than women shed. Many a brave fellow, whose heart will grow strong in the face of danger, was choked with the uprising emotion, and looked, through tear-dimmed eyes, the good-bye his lips could not utter.”

Captain Corning's Company, as it left Palmyra, was as follows :

*Captain*—J. W. Corning.

*Lieutenant*—J. J. White.

*Ensign*—H. J. Draime.

*First Sergeant*—David Servoss.

*Second Sergeant*—Samuel F. Dennis.

*Third Sergeant*—Gilbert Everson.

*Fourth Sergeant*—S. Clinton Palmer.

*First Corporal*—A. J. Bennett.

*Second Corporal*—John P. Jarvis.

*Third Corporal*—Wm. Souars.

*Fourth Corporal*—Royal E. Dake.

*Privates*—E. B. Parks, Jacob Sherman, Lewis Mosier, John Lennin, Morris J. Bullis, Chas. S. Stanley, Horace R. Howard, Thomas Paul, James H. Kellogg, S. C. Harris, C. F. Eisen-trager, Richard Turner, George W. Gardner, John Clemens, Major Kellogg, Sanford McCall, S. B. Clevenger, Wm. Brookings, Richard Miller, E. C. Tyler, Henry M. Heath, George C. Wacksmith, Thomas Hanley, Robert Armstrong, John Ottman, Wm. Price, John Quinn, Benjamin Mephram, Frank Smith, Reuben T. Halstead, Thomas Johnson, Charles Gere, Joseph Jackson, Anson Rose, Edgar G. Parks, Lewis C. Becker, Silas Hill, John Birdsall, Peregrine Sanford,

Henry Crane, John Johnson, Samuel Linehart, Griffin Stickles, Munson G. Hill, Albert H. Henderson, H. G. Stafford, John Huxley, C. J. Plum, Mason Lee, Wm. Kellogg, John H. Smith, N. B. Risley, John Allis, Benjamin Tusten, Elijah Brown, Lewis Knowles, John Little, Alfred Howell, James Coleman, John Carriff, David Hart, Stephen Patten, Gottlieb Albreze, Alexander Struchen, Valentine Natt, John Gratton, John Gramer, Michael Coonan, George Turner, John Held, Washington Everett, Elijah G. Demelt, H. H. Kelly.

COMPANY D, SIXTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

At Clyde steps were early taken to form a company. P. Mark DeZeng was active in promoting enlistments.

*From the Clyde Times of April 20, 1861.*

"We understand that Mr. P. Mark DeZeng, of this place, started for Albany to secure a commission in the volunteer army. It is rumored also that he intends to organize a company of calvary in this village.

"We understand a recruiting office is to be opened in this village on Monday next. Doubtless there are many who will join; and we learn that some few have started for Rochester and Syracuse, to join the volunteers there."

Men were enrolled promptly here as elsewhere, but some delay occurred in completing the organization, and in determining to what regiment it should be attached.

The organization finally became Company D, of the Sixty-seventh Infantry. The local name of the regiment was "The First Long Island."

The Company held a meeting, May 10th, for the election of officers. Mr. DeZeng, in calling the meeting to order, announced that Rev. Mr. Bishop had expressed his intention of entering the service as chaplain. The election of officers resulted as follows: P. Mark DeZeng, Captain; William H. West, First-Lieutenant; W. A. Snyder, Ensign; William Deady, Orderly Sergeant; L. C. Winans, First Sergeant; J. C. Baker, Second Sergeant; M. McIntyre, Third Sergeant; H. Goodchild, First Corporal; ——— Toal, Second Corporal; ——— Welch, Third Corporal; Thomas Drown, Fourth Corporal.

Captain DeZeng was called out amid tremendous cheering, and returned thanks for the honor done him, and begged

them to remember that henceforth they were all Americans, fighting for a glorious cause, and knew no other nationality than that of citizens of the United States,

Rev. Mr. Brown also spoke :

“ He had been afraid that the patriotic spirits of Galen were to be scattered among foreign companies, and that those who were left at home, would have no common centre upon which to place their hopes in the coming contest. He was thankful that this meeting had relieved those fears. \* \* \* \* \* He would say with the father who sent a son to the war, ‘ If you turn back, go straight by my house.’ If you turn your back upon the cause upon which you have entered, go straight by Clyde; do not stop here; go straight by. \* \* \* \* \* If you meet Jeff. Davis, or any one of the band of traitors, give them my compliments, and present them *from the cannon’s mouth.*”

Wednesday, July 12th, 1861, the departure of the Clyde volunteers took place. There was a general gathering in Clyde from all the surrounding towns. The volunteers were received by a grand procession, comprising Wells’ Cornet Band, the Cataract Fire Company, Niagara Fire Company, Hose Boys Number 1, and a large concourse of citizens.

Hopkin’s Martial Band, and the Lyons Light Guard, reached Clyde by a boat, and shared in the ceremonies. Assembled in the park, with the volunteers in the center, Rev. Mr. Wilson offered prayer. Colonel S. S. Briggs, made the Company a present of three hundred dollars, and Captain DeZeng announced that they would take the name of the Briggs Guards. Money to purchase a pair of epauletts was presented to Captain DeZeng, by the ladies of Clyde. A revolver was presented to Lieutenant W. H. West.

While waiting for the train at the depot, the school children sang the Star Spangled Banner.

A sermon was delivered on the previous Sunday afternoon, in the Episcopal church by Rev. A. E. Bishop, to the Clyde volunteers. His concluding paragraph was the following :

“ Let no event of the campaign be without its lesson. The war of the artillery upon the battle field is not near as grand as the rolling of the thunder, the artillery of heaven; the angered strife of man is not near as fearful as the anger and the strivings of the living God. The secret of a truly brave

man is the consciousness of truth and justice on his side; and if these be the principles, then the Lord also is on your side, and who shall battle against you with any hope of success? When around the camp fire at night, you raise your eyes aloft and behold the starry host in the vault of heaven, remember that God is there and is looking upon you. When on the distant outpost, and enemies are around seeking your destruction, O, remember that you are in God's hand, and he careth for the sons of men. Are you prepared for this. You are to strive for your country in its support, and indirectly for your own firesides. Conduct yourself so that God will be on your side. Obey your superiors as having lawful authority over you. If you go upon the battle field, and victory crowns your efforts, return to it with timely relief for friend and foe, and soothe the dying hour of each, knowing no difference between them, and this shall mark you as good Samaritans. May Heaven preserve you and restore you again to your homes. We wish you God speed."

The Clyde company as it went to the front, consisted of the following officers and men. Captain DeZeng had been promoted Major immediately upon the organization of the regiment, and was, therefore, no longer connected with the company. A number of the men were from other counties:

*Captain*—Benjamin W. Goodman.

*First Lieutenant*—Wm. H. West.

*Second Lieutenant*—Wm. A. Jones.

*Orderly Sergeant*—W. N. Deady.

*Second Sergeant*—Lewis J. Winans.

*Third Sergeant*—Thomas Gibbs.

*Fourth Sergeant*—Charles Baker.

*Fifth Sergeant*—Alexander R. Norton.

*Corporals*—Henry Goodchild, Thomas Drown, Henry Jones, Wm. Hilton, John Winans, Thomas Ashdown, Moses Warren, Adin Forncrook.

*Musicians*—Edwin Goodchild, Homer J. Church.

*Privates*—Charles Ashley, Thomas Armstrong, Lorenzo Buck, Henry Butts, Philo Boynton, Judson C. Boynton, John A. Bowles, Patrick Berry, John Bowman, Thomas J. Brown, James Bray, Thomas Brower, Jared Chaddock, John D. Cookingham, Eugene Crawford, John D. Congdon, Thomas Connelly, Nathaniel Davis, Samuel G. Densmore, Charles H. Ellis, Francis Ettinger, Samuel Fry, Orrin Fry, Peter Fox, Wm. Fosmire, Thomas Goodman, George Goodman, Alonzo Green, William Green, Horace W. Hamlin, Edgar Hendricks, Chester Hydley, Orlando T. Hatch,



Wm. Irwin, James Jenner, Orrin Jones, Patrick H. Kinney, Philip King, Sylvester Kane, James W. Lounsbury, John W. Leonard, William Leroy, John Mooney, John McKillis, John McClary, Michael Manger, James Mack, Edwin Moran, Nelson McDougall, Thomas Mackie, Thomas Oper, Henry O'Brien, George Pool, James Pollock, Augustus Ross, James Rowley, Christian Rentel, James Rigney, Daniel Schaub, Harrison Sherman, Emerson Smith, George Seifert, George Snyder, John Smith, Milton B. Smith, Conrad Selser, William Strickland, Robert Tripp, George Tempest, George Van Alstyne, Abram J. Van Wort, Albert Vanderbilt, Jasper Wadsworth, George Waldruff, Timothy Way, Charles Way, Charles Weochkee, Jacob Wayland, Charles H. Wright, Newell Yeuro.

Of the departure of this company, S. H. Clarke wrote in the *Rochester Democrat and American* :

THE CLYDE VOLUNTEERS LAST SABBATH AT "HOME" AND DEPARTURE FOR THE "SCENE OF BATTLE."

CLYDE, Wayne Co., N. Y., June 11th, 1861.

"Messrs. Editors :

"Rev. J. N. Brown, of this place, preached a sermon on Sunday morning last for the especial benefit of the volunteers. The Methodist pulpit was decorated with three American flags—one of which stood on each side of the desk; the other was thrown over it. The 'Star Spangled Banner' was suspended above the orchestra and another of these National emblems was proudly floating aloft outside the edifice. The volunteers (eighty in number) occupied the seats near the pulpit, on the right and left, in the middle aisle, and appeared to enjoy the delivery of as beautiful and patriotic a discourse as we ever heard in that or any other place of worship in this village. The text was a very appropriate one, viz: 'Quit you like men, be strong'—2 Cor., 16:13. And every sentence which followed it, met with a cordial response from every cordial heart. Benches for the accommodation of the audience, which was very large, were placed in the aisles—all of which were immediately filled. The music was lively, soul-stirring, excellent. The volunteers in the afternoon attended the Episcopal Church; and listened to a few appropriate remarks from the pastor, Rev. Mr. Bishop. Tuesday noon (to-day) this company left in the cars for New York. About three thousand people assembled at the depot to see them off, including a fine military company from Lyons, and a host of ladies. Before marching to the depot the company and citizens halted on the park,

where an appropriate prayer, for the success of our army, was offered by the Rev. Robert E. Wilson, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, etc. Good music by the band followed both here and the depot. At 12 o'clock the cars arrived, farewells were then exchanged, and off went the volunteers to serve their country on the battlefield."

#### VETERANS OF 1812.

The old men gave signal proof of their readiness to do anything that might properly be undertaken by them, as is shown in the following order and subsequent action :

#### REGIMENTAL ORDERS—VETERANS OF 1812.

" LYONS, May 10, 1861.

" The undersigned, Commandant of the Survivors of the Seventy-first Regiment of Veterans of the War of 1812, residing in the County of Wayne, pursuant to Brigade orders, made upon the recommendation of the General-in-Chief, hereby orders that a meeting of the Veterans of the War of 1812, residing in the County of Wayne, be held at the LYONS Hotel, in Lyons Village, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of May, instant, to organize into Companies; which Companies shall be officered according to the laws of this State, and to volunteer to hold themselves ready for any emergency.

" And it is earnestly recommended that all exempts, residing in Wayne County, between the ages of forty-five and seventy years, be present, or send suitable representatives.

" It is not expected that the services of the Veterans or exempt Militia shall be required upon active duty out of the State; but we can, by organization and due preparation, render important service to our Country in the crisis, as a Home Guard, and thus give a practical direction to our patriotism.

" Veterans of the War of 1812! and all who are exempt from Military duty, turn out and manifest your devotion to your Country and its Institutions.

THOMAS E. DORSEY, Colonel."

*From the Democratic Press of May 15, 1861.*

#### HOME GUARD.

" We last week mentioned that a company of citizens, by law exempt from Military service in the U. S. ranks, was in process of enrollment in our village, to constitute a Home Guard. From an examination of the roll, we find that the signers tender their services 'to his Excellency, the Com-

mander-in-Chief of the State of New York,' and designate not only company officers, but also Regimental officers. By the way would not the acceptance of this company by the Commander-in-Chief, place them under his control—and would it not be in his power to order them to any point he might designate? The officers designated are as follows :

*Colonel*—Wm. H. Adams.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Daniel Chapman.

*Major*—Lyman Sherwood.

*Captain*—Wm. Sisson.

*First-Lieutenant*—Wm. Clark.

*Ensign*—Newel Taft.

“Below we give the names as they appeared by the roll on Monday evening :

“A. Remsen, B. R. Streety, John Adams, Wm. Clark, Geo. R. Rudd, Wm. H. Adams, M. S. Leach, Jos. M. Demmon, E. W. Bottom, W. D. Perrine, Hugh Jameson, A. Snedaker, D. Watrous, W. Akenhead, Wm. F. Ashley, Jos. McCall, Jer'h Allee, Nelson Peck, Wm. Sisson, George Croul, John Butler, James McElwain, Ezra A. Caswell, Beekman Mead, Seth Smith, O. Bennett, Wm. Reynolds, John Layton, Dennis McDonald, Hophni Alford, Jas. Runyan, Amos Harrington, Geo. S. Walrath, D. Chapman.”

*From the Lyons Republican of May 24th.*

#### THE VETERANS OUT.

“We have scarcely seen a more truly stirring sight this year than that presented in our village on Wednesday afternoon when the sound of drum and fife announced the coming of a noble band of old soldiers of 1812, all residents of this county.

“Up William street they came with the old-fashioned Union cockades on their hats and marching with much of the spirit that animated them fifty years ago. Some of them bent with years, others erect as cedars but all with the gray hair and furrowed brows of age. The veteran drummer wielded the drumsticks with a briskness that would have done honor to more youthful fingers, and the old guard stepped promptly on to their place of meeting in Prices' Hall.

“Thos. E. Dorsey was the presiding officer, and General Wm. H. Adams, Secretary.

“Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Buck. Resolutions were offered by General Wm. H. Adams and unanimously adopted.

“The old soldiers of 1812 and others exempt by reason of age met at Newark on Saturday, June 1st. Thomas E. Dorsey, President; F. U. Sheffield, Secretary.

“It was resolved to raise a company of men between the ages of forty-five and seventy.

“James P. Bartlett, F. U. Sheffield and Clark Mason were appointed a committee.

“Verses written by Miss Frances Sheffield were read :

#### SOLDIERS OF 1812.

“We stood by Columbia in days that are past,  
When the thunder of Britain was heard on her shore,  
And we will defend her just rights to the last,  
For such was the oath to our country we swore.

“If foes from without or foes from within,  
If nursed at our side or in nations apart,  
Shall trample upon her in battle's fierce din,  
Impartial our swords from their scabbards shall start.

“We have laid down our arms in the shade of the olive,  
We hoped nevermore their service to need,  
But our latest as first strength our country shall have,  
Nor aught be a sacrifice so she succeed.”

#### VARIOUS ITEMS.

A meeting of the citizens of Huron was held in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening, May 1st, 1861.

At Red Creek a meeting was held May 4th. The Methodist Church was crowded.

D. H. Armstrong was called to the chair and Rev. Abel Lyon appointed Secretary.

Rev. Wesley Mason offered prayer, and Wm. G. Brown made an address; the Chairman and J. B. Decker, Esq., also spoke effectively.

A choir under Prof. Parker, sang patriotic music and Cartwrights' Band also outdone themselves in martial strains. A call was made for volunteers and six young men of excellent character presented themselves as such, while mothers and sisters standing by seemed to make the willing sacrifice even amid falling tears.

Saturday, May 25th, there was a pole raising on Eddy Ridge, Marion. It was a beautiful afternoon and evening. A splendid flag was thrown to the breeze, which had been procured by the efforts of Miss Emma Short, Miss Sarah Smith and others.

Some attempts were made at this time to organize volunteer companies, under the general laws of 1854, to be ready

for emergencies. These subsequently gave way to other organizations. At Williamson and Pultneyville, fifty names of men were enrolled. At Marion there was a similar organization, of which John Burrud was chosen Captain, Avery S. Durfee, First Lieutenant, and Henry Allen, Ensign.

Under date of June 12th, Captain Corning wrote a letter of thanks to citizens of Macedon for a timely contribution of money for the benefit of his company. The letter is addressed to Messrs. Purdy M. Willits, D. Servoss, and others.

East Palmyra was the scene of considerable excitement. A splendid liberty pole erected, at the outbreak of the war, was cut down. The outrage was not sufficient to daunt the people of this locality, another was erected, and this in turn was also destroyed, but was again replaced and this time was allowed to stand.

Saturday, June 8th, there was a flag raising at the White school house, Galen. Editor Joseph A. Paine, of Clyde, was Chairman, Elijah Smith, Secretary. Rev. Mr. St John offered prayer. The school children sang patriotic pieces, Rev. Mr. Brown, Rev. Mr. Halliday and Judge Cowles made brief addresses.

June 22d, there was a flag raising at Shepherd's Corners, with speeches by Messrs. Cowles and Baker, of Clyde.

The four companies comprised the majority of the Wayne county volunteers, at this opening stage of the contest.

In the western part of the county, however, there were quite a number of volunteers who joined the old Thirteenth at Rochester.

This will appear in the lists by towns subsequently given in this volume.

In the eastern part of the county, also, there were a number of men who joined the Nineteenth, which was principally a Cayuga county regiment. This will also appear in the lists of the towns from which they went.

The Nineteenth, not long after its organization, was changed to the Third Artillery. As such, it had a long and honorable career. Its history is quite fully written in "Hall's Cayuga in the Field."

## THE THIRTEENTH.

As stated above, a few men from the western part of the county, joined the Thirteenth Infantry. This regiment was formed at Rochester, in the enthusiasm of the first response to the call of the President.

Its ranks were rapidly filled and it was mustered into service May 14, 1861.

Its first officers were: Isaac F. Quinby, Colonel; Carl Stephan, Lieutenant-Colonel; Oliver L. Terry, Major; Charles J. Powers, Adjutant; Montgomery Rochester, Quartermaster; Dana Little, Surgeon; George W. Avery, Assistant Surgeon; John D. Barnes, Chaplain.

The nearness of Wayne county to Rochester, rendered the western towns fair recruiting ground for officers from that city. No very great number were obtained here, but the town lists will give the names of a few who, like many other patriotic sons of old Wayne, hurried into the first and most convenient companies that were formed. In fact, scores of men from this county during all the war, were steadily enrolling themselves in regiments from other sections. Little regard was paid at first, to official honors or to local pride. The safety of the country was the controlling question, and not whether this town or that had filled its quota.

It was some months later before there were any figures made as to how many any town ought to furnish.

## THE NINETEENTH INFANTRY.\*

This regiment was better known as the Third Artillery, to which it was changed a few months after its organization, and before it had been engaged in actual battle. As it received, either at the outset or not long afterwards, quite a number of recruits from this county, a brief mention is at least appropriate. It is all the more important to notice it because of the very early attention given by some of its organizers to the important crisis pressing upon the nation in the winter of 1860-61. In December, 1860, Benjamin F. Hall, of Auburn, editor of a daily Republican newspaper, the *Union*, an intimate friend of Governor Seward, went of his own

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\* For the substance of this account we are indebted to the work entitled "Cayuga in the Field."

accord before the Supervisors of the county then in session, and invited them to anticipate the expected conflict by taking some action that would secure military preparations. *It is believed that this was the first of the kind in the State.* In January following, Solomon Giles, Esq., a lawyer of Weedsport and Captain Terrence J. Kennedy, of Auburn, a paint merchant by occupation and an artillery officer of long standing in the militia, tendered their services to the Governor of the State for raising troops. No affirmative action was taken in these cases; the necessity of it was doubted. The suggestion of it by Mr. Hall, was even ridiculed by the people. A memorable Saturday in April, 1861, awoke the people of the North from their long dream of peace.

On Monday, April 15th, President Lincoln proclaimed the rebellion and called the country to arms.

Captain Kennedy had not waited until that hour. His offer in January had been declined, but as an intelligent student of public affairs, he watched the development of the treasonable designs during the winter with kindling interest. He could not rest. He resolved to act, though he had no official sanction. On the 12th day of March, *a month before the attack on Fort Sumter*, he began the formation of an artillery company in Auburn, to be held in readiness for service in case of an outbreak in the South. An enlistment paper was prepared in these words:

*"We, the undersigned, hereby pledge our words of honor to associate together for the purpose of forming a light artillery company to serve as long as the war shall last."*

This document was a historical one and, if still in existence, should be prized as a memorial of that eventful period—a paper worthy to be enshrined in public archives or handed down to the succeeding generations of Captain Kennedy's family. It was signed first by Kennedy and next by John Polson. In the course of twenty days five men had signed the roll.

After the capture of Fort Sumter an office was opened in the armory. *By April 17th, Kennedy had 130 men.* He heard that the Governor could only accept infantry. Then he disbanded his company and began over again. Forty of his artillery company immediately re-enlisted with him as

infantry. *By the 22d of April* he again had a full company, and so reported to Albany. Some delay in the preparation of formal papers made his company rank second from Cayuga county, but to Captain Kennedy must be awarded the credit of remarkable foresight and a clearer appreciation of the coming events than is recorded of any other man in the entire State. His name must have been the earliest in the State to be actually appended to an enlistment paper. The formation of the regiment was a rapid affair. Little effort was required to obtain men, and even less expense. No bounties were offered. Very little personal solicitation was resorted to.

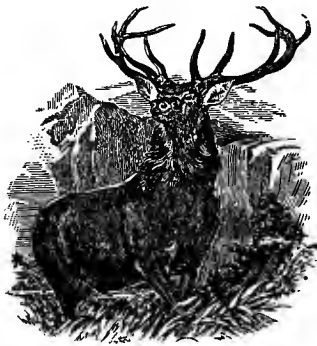
Captain John T. Baker's company, designated "A," was mustered in, April 24, 1861, by Brigadier-General Jesse Segoine, of the State Militia. Captain Kennedy's "B" on the same day. Captain James E. Ashcroft, of Seneca Falls, offered Company "C." He had been for sometime previous at the head of an independent Zouave organization, and in November, 1860, had tendered the services of his company to the Governor, to go to the field, in case of war. It was not accepted. His company of volunteers, rapidly raised, partly from the Zouaves, was mustered in April 26th. Owen Gavigan raised a company *in one day*—a memorable Sunday, April 21st—*sixty-five men* went directly from the Catholic church after mass and signed the roll at the Armory. It became Company D. Theodore H. Schenck, a young lawyer of Auburn, raised a Company, E, in five days. Nelson T. Stephens, Esq., of Moravia, organized Company F. It was mustered in May 6th. Captain Charles H. Stewart, of Auburn, offered Company G, and it was sworn in on the 6th. Captain Solomon Giles, of Weedsport, (who had tendered his services to the Governor, January 20th) now offered a full organization, and it became Company H, sworn in May 7th. The same day Company I, under Captain John H. Ammon, was mustered in. On the 10th, Company K, from Union Springs, under Captain James R. Angel, completed the regiment.

This notice of the Nineteenth has been somewhat extended, on account of its great interest, though the field of its work



was beyond the lines of Wayne county. But if we glance through the town rolls we find that the Nineteenth had eight or ten members from Wolcott, about fifteen from Huron, four from Butler, twelve from Rose, three or four from Sodus and quite a number from other parts of the county. A very handsome contingent was thus furnished from Wayne to this earliest Cayuga regiment, though Wayne County is scarcely mentioned in any Auburn accounts of the formation of this regiment.

By the middle of the summer these early movements were complete. The four companies had gone to the front. Many had also enlisted in other regiments, until probably about six hundred men at this time had left Wayne County. It seemed to be a large number, but it was only the vanguard of a much larger force that was ere long to be summoned from the county. From all the towns, from villages and hamlets, from every district and neighborhood, men were yet to follow by scores and hundreds these first heroic volunteers.



## CHAPTER III.

PROGRESS OF THE MOVEMENT — SUMMER AND FALL OF 1861 — ENLISTMENTS IN THE FORTY-FOURTH, SEVENTY-FIFTH, NINETIETH, NINETY-SIXTH, EIGHTH CAVALRY, TENTH CAVALRY, THIRD ARTILLERY, &C., &C. — MOVEMENT FOR AN ENTIRE REGIMENT — OF THE NINETY-EIGHTH — ORGANIZATION CAMP RATHBONE — S. B. GAVITT, COMMANDER — COL. DUTTON.

THERE was a pause in the work of enlistment. The four companies already described had gone from this county. Company B, of the Thirty-third, with its headquarters, while organizing, at Palmyra; Company I, of the Seventeenth, at Newark; Company B, of the Twenty-seventh, at Lyons; and Company D, of the Sixty-seventh, at Clyde.

The opening scenes of the war; the slaughter at Big Bethel, and the death of Colonel Ellsworth at Alexandria, were already inscribed on the early pages of the bloody record. And then quickly followed the disastrous battle of Bull Run. It became necessary to provide for a permanent army. The theory that the war might end in ninety days was already sadly dissipated. Fallen heroes had already been brought home for burial, but the work must go on, and brave men were ready.

Regiments were formed to serve three years. Preparations were made on a large scale for the protracted war now seen to be upon our hands. Congress met in special session July 4th. It was a memorable session. Immense supplies were voted. More power was given the National Government than had ever before been deemed necessary. The civil rulers were commanded by the Nation as well as by the Bible, not to "bear the sword in vain."

### FORTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

The tragic death of young Ellsworth at Alexandria suggested a rallying cry for the formation of a regiment to be known as the "Ellsworth Avengers," and to be composed of picked men of good height and first-class physical quali-

ties—compeers of the lamented Ellsworth in age, character and patriotism. The men were sought for in all parts of the State. The County of Wayne furnished a respectable number of young men answering well the qualities desired.

*From the Democratic Press of Wednesday, September 25, 1861.*

“William R. Bourne, who has been recruiting for the Ellsworth Regiment, left on Monday last for the east with fifteen as fine looking and intelligent volunteers as can be found in the army. Large crowds assembled at the hotel and at the depot to see them off, but no demonstrations were made.”

The after record of these men and of the whole regiment was an honorable one.

The local or popular name of this regiment was “*The Ellsworth Avengers*,” though its official designation was the Forty-fourth Infantry.

September 17, 1861, at a patriotic meeting held at Red Creek, at the close of an address by J. N. Knapp, an invitation to enlist was followed by silence and hesitation. Just then Mrs. Chesebro, of Red Creek, a widow lady rose and said :

“I have an only son ; he has just joined Captain Savery’s company. I thank God for the gift of a son who has the courage and manliness to volunteer in the defense of his country.”

The effect of this speech was immense. In a few moments seven hardy recruits were added to the list. At the departure of these men, the *Clyde Times* of September 25th, 1861, said :

“Huron and Rose, seem to be sending forth their sons in goodly numbers to help uphold the National Government. On Monday last nine young men, who had been recruited by Corporal W. W. Jones, of the Ellsworth Regiment, for that crack corps, left the depot at this place on the noon train for Albany. Seven of them were from Huron and two from Rose. They came into town in the morning with a four horse team and a flag flying, in good spirits. They are a fine lot of men and belong to the yeomanry of Wayne. One among them, Mr. Milton, is an old printer, and a good machinist and will most probably handle Uncle Sam’s ‘Shooting stick’ as well as the printers.

“The names of the young men are William W. Upson, Henry Riggs, Milton Derby, Charles Weeks, Sidney Dowd, Edwin Merrill, George W. Dowd, of Huron ; H. D. Barnes, Sidney Colvin, of Rose.”

At Port Byron and Weedsport they were joined by more men, and at Jordan Corporal W. W. Jones joined the company with a squad of men. At Savannah there had also stepped on board as recruits: Charles L. Barrell, William Moshier, A. W. Burnham. In addition we find in the *Democratic Press* the following list of men who started with M. R. Bourne.

Sodus, James B. Case, Philo W. Leighton, John Booth, William H. Sentell, S. A. Cook, H. H. Butts, Edward B. Boss, Bethuel R. Winters.

Walworth, L. L. Farnham.

Butler, George Green.

Ontario, C. S. T. Stamford.

Lyons, W. R. Bourne, Thurston Foster.

Wolcott, George Groat, Robert Douglass.

#### SEVENTY-FIFTH INFANTRY.

At this time there was a large addition to a Cayuga county regiment, secured in the eastern part of Wayne county. The northern towns of Cayuga and the eastern towns of Wayne county were close neighbors and in the progress of the war many men enlisted from the one county in the companies being raised in the other. Elbridge G. Miles, of Auburn, a relative of George B. Curtis, of Huron, came over to see what might be done in Wayne county. Mr. Curtis had been in Michigan when the war broke out. He was a member of the Jackson Greys, an independent military company. On the afternoon of Sunday, April 14, while the news of the surrender of Fort Sumter was ringing over the land, and the call of the President was not yet dated, the company held a meeting and by a unanimous resolution tendered their service to Governor Austin Blair, residing in Jackson. They were subsequently accepted and served for three months. After their discharge Mr. Curtis had returned to Huron. He now accepted the proposition of Mr. Miles and went to work for the Seventy-fifth. Enlisting in Company H, he received promotion and had the rank of Captain at the time of his discharge.

It is of so much interest to eastern Wayne that we add an account of the organization of the Seventy-fifth though

we thereby give quite a paragraph of Cayuga county history. For the substance of this account we are indebted to "Hall's Cayuga in the field." In some cases the language of that volume is used without deeming it necessary to repeat this general acknowledgment.

The disastrous battle of Bull Run was fought on the 21st of July, 1861. On the 25th, in response to the President's demand, Governor Morgan issued a proclamation calling for 25,000 volunteers. Though one regiment had gone from old Cayuga, it was immediately resolved to raise and send another from the same locality. There was some delay in the work. Over a month passed before active steps were taken for the enlistment of men and the organization of a battalion. Yet during that interval, the subject was widely discussed in public by leading citizens and deeply but more silently pondered at the firesides. On the 2nd of September, John A. Dodge, at that time Lieutenant-Colonel of the Forty-ninth New York State Militia, met with a number of the leading citizens of the County of Cayuga to devise methods for rapid enlistment, and for the formation of an entire regiment instead of simply a battalion as at one time intended.

Authority was duly obtained from Albany, and recruiting commenced September 7th. Clinton D. McDougall reported a company filled to the minimum in three days. Two days after, September 12th, Truman K. Fuller and William H. Cray offered two more companies. Recruiting parties went all over Cayuga county and into Seneca county, and crossed the border into Wayne.

Charles C. Dwight and Luther Goodrich soon reported two more companies. Henry B. Fitch enrolled a company largely of Seneca county men, John E. Savery and John Choate contributed two more commands. Lansing Porter receiving thirty recruits raised by Kellogg Beach, soon offered the ninth company.

The volume from which we are quoting makes no mention of Wayne county in describing the organization of this command. By an examination of the town lists in this work it will be seen that Huron furnished about twenty-five men, George B. Curtis, John N. Knight and their associates; Wol-

cott forty or more, Stephen E. Bullock, Edward H. Cooke and a strong band of comrades ; Butler twenty-five or thirty, Volney Sweeting, Samuel Armstrong and others, representatives of the leading families in town ; Savannah fifteen or more, Charles E. Knapp, Cornelius Lovell and a good list of comrades. There were also a few from other towns.

The regiment went into camp in the suburbs of Auburn, October 14th, and their post was given the name of "Camp Cayuga." They were taught the manual of arms by Colonel Dodge, whose long connection with the State militia and his familiarity with the tactics eminently qualified him for the work. Robert B. Merritt, who had had three years experience at West Point, was promoted to the Lieutenant-Colonelcy of the regiment. The field and staff officers complete were John A. Dodge, Colonel ; Robert B. Merritt, Lieutenant-Colonel ; Willoughby Babcock, Major ; Edward B. Lansing, Adjutant ; Lewis E. Carpenter, Quartermaster ; Michael D. Benedict, Surgeon ; Cyrus Powers, Assistant Surgeon ; Thomas B. Hudson, Chaplain.

The six weeks at Camp Cayuga were characterized by constant drill, dress parades, attended by the fair and fashion of the city ; an occasional parade through the streets of Auburn ; visits, delicacies, and presents from friends ; the presentation of a stand of colors from the ladies of Auburn ; a final muster into the service of the United States ; and a pleasant Thanksgiving day.

On Saturday, the 30th of November, the regiment, 854 strong, left Auburn for the front, wherever that might be, taking with them the tearful "God speed" of many dear and loving ones at home. The Seventy-fifth was not only splendidly officered but it was made up of excellent material ; men who had not hastily enlisted for a holiday parade ; men who went out with no expectation that the struggle would end in ninety days, as was thought six months before. They went as the intelligent, patriotic citizens of these counties, as men who had read and thought, who knew the peril of the country and the danger to themselves personally. Knowing all this, and expecting a long and bloody struggle, they nobly, bravely left all the endearments of home at the sacred call of duty.

## NINETIETH INFANTRY.

Among the other regiments which received additions from Wayne county in the fall of 1861, was the ninetieth. This regiment was organized at New York city. The companies generally of which it was composed were raised in the counties of New York, Kings and Queens; but company D had a large number of men from Clyde and a few from other towns of the county. The regiment was mustered into the service of the United States from September to December, 1861. The account of this regiment given in a subsequent chapter and the individual records of the men from Wayne will give much information in relation to the whole. The men went out by fives or tens, or even singly. Their departure was unnoticed by public demonstrations or by meetings and processions. They were, however, important additions to a regiment that was destined to a brave career, enduring not only battle but pestilence—not only the dangers of the field but the horrors of the hospital.

## NINETY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

In the fall of 1861, while Wayne county men were enlisting in various regiments, there were a few who became members of the Ninety-sixth Infantry. The regiment was organized at Plattsburgh, N. Y., to serve three years. The companies of which it was composed were raised mostly in the counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Warren and Washington. They were mustered into the service of the United States from February, 1862, to March 7th, 1862. On the expiration of its term of service the veterans and recruits were continued under the same organization until February 6, 1866. Its service as a whole was therefore about four years. It was always in fighting order and nearly all the time was on the line of actual fighting. The Adjutant General's report names thirty-one battles in which the Ninety-sixth was engaged.

## EIGHTH CAVALRY.

This organization was formed in the fall of 1861, and was largely recruited in Wayne county. The experience of six months of war had shown conclusively that no immediate triumph was possible. Enlistments for the Eighth cavalry

were made with much enthusiasm. Citizens were active in promoting the success of the organization. Recruits were obtained in nearly all the western towns of the county. The men from Sodus left for Newark escorted by a long procession of teams loaded with the friends of the volunteers. Flags were waving, bouquets of flowers were tendered by the ladies and the whole population waved their farewell from house and street. Similar scenes characterized other towns.

Of Captain Dickinson's company we find the following account in the *Rochester Union* of September 21, 1861 :

"Last evening a fine cavalry company consisting of sixty-four men arrived here from Wayne County to go into the depot which Messrs. Crooks and Marshall have opened under the auspices of the State at the Fair Grounds. The company fell into line after leaving the cars and marched to the United States rendezvous on State street, where Captain Marshall promptly mustered them into the service of the United States. The corps then proceeded to the American Hotel and elected officers as follows: Captain, J. W. Dickinson, of Newark; First Lieutenant, John W. Brown, of Sodus; Second Lieutenant, Fred W. Clemons, of Palmyra. There was some honorable strife in regard to the election of officers which chiefly turned on the office of First Lieutenant. J. N. Miller, of Palmyra, was thrice elected and declined to serve; but the company insisted that they could not dispense with his services. He however insisted that he must be excused and urged the election of his friend, Mr. Brown, who was entirely acceptable.

"This is as fine a body of men as we have seen in the campaign.

"They were recruited by Captain Dickinson chiefly in Newark, Palmyra, Sodus and Phelps.

"They came here sixty-four strong, and the remainder to make the maximum seventy-five will shortly follow."

#### TENTH CAVALRY.

In the fall of 1861, as has already appeared, various regiments formed elsewhere, made Wayne county their recruiting ground. A little later the proposition to form an entire regiment took shape and was pushed for a time with considerable hope of success. But in the summer and early fall men went "here and there and all over." Among these outside organizations which drew upon the patriotism



of the sons of Wayne county was the Tenth Cavalry. This regiment was organized at Elmira to serve three years.

The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of Chemung, Chenango, Cortland, Erie, Fulton, Onondaga and Steuben. On the expiration of its term of service, the original members, except veterans and recruits, were mustered out and the regiment composed of the veterans and the recruits retained in service until June 17, 1865, when it was consolidated with the Twenty-fourth Cavalry and the consolidated force was designated as the First Provisional Cavalry and this organization was mustered out July 19, 1865.

The regiment was known as the Porter Guard. It had an active, honorable career. The report of the Adjutant-General of 1868, which purports to give a summary statement of all the regiments organized by New York during the war, reports the Tenth Cavalry as having been engaged in twenty battles: Leesburg, Brandy Station, Middleburgh, Gettysburgh, Shepardstown, Sulphur Springs, Auburn Mine Run, Todd's Tavern, Fortifications of Richmond, Hawes Shop, Cold Harbor, Trevillian Station, St. Mary's Church, Malvern Hill, Charles City Cross Roads, Ream's Station, Vaughn Road, Boydton Road, and Bellefield.

It does not appear what led Wayne County men into this regiment except some acquaintance by parties organizing it with men in this county.

Martin H. Blynn, of Rose, who was promoted Major of the regiment doubtless had much influence in securing men from this section of the county. John H. Kemper, of Newark, who became Captain and was also very early promoted Major also exerted a home influence in favor of the Tenth Cavalry.

#### THE NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

This organization originated in Wayne county, with the purpose of forming an entire regiment within our limits. Though this design was not successful, and though a majority of the regiment was finally taken from another section of the State, yet it was known for some time locally as the Wayne County Regiment. The idea was perhaps first broach-

ed in the *Democratic Press*, immediately upon the outbreak of the war.\*

*From the Democratic Press, April 24, 1861.*

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!

"The times of peril awaken the patriotism of our people. The all-pervading sentiment is 'Our Union and our Constitution.' Companies are being formed all over the land and our citizens respond to their country's calls with an alacrity never witnessed since the days of the Revolution. A volunteer company is now being enrolled in this place, which, we doubt not will receive the required number of names before we go to press. Those desirous of serving will find the roll at Captain Welling's office.

"Wayne county ought to form a regiment within her own bounds. Let the people of each town take the matter in hand. In the small towns, perhaps it might be necessary for two to join together in forming a company. The canal towns can form one in each and have men to spare. We hope our people will move in this matter. There is no time to lose."

The company then being enrolled, however, became Company B, of the Twenty-seventh. The one at Newark was attached to the Seventeenth as Company I. The Palmyra company joined the Thirty-third as Company B. The early volunteers at Clyde largely joined the Sixty-seventh. The men from other towns joined with these or drifted into other organizations, a few here and a few there.

But after the defeat at Bull Run, when it began to be seen that many men must yet enter the armies of the Union, the idea of an entire regiment from Wayne again began to be entertained, and later in the year it took definite shape.

In the *Democratic Press* of October 20, 1861, we find the following article:

#### MILITARY RENDEZVOUS OF LYONS.

"The formation of a Regiment in Wayne county, and the establishment of a military rendezvous at this place are both settled points. The work of recruiting is progressing finely, and already nearly half of the companies are formed. Rev. William Putnam, of the Baptist Church, is now zealously engaged in the formation of a company.

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\* One of the resolutions at the meeting in Williamson of April 29, proposed to raise and equip a full regiment.

"The barracks, we understand, will be built upon the Fair Grounds—a very desirable location, provided Clyde river remains loyal, and does not get up an 'invasion.' Floral Hall is already being fitted up for the accommodation of the first companies ordered into barracks.

"Since writing the above we have conversed with one of the committee appointed to complete arrangements for the proposed regiment. He informs us that beds and blankets for 100 men would be sent from Albany forthwith, and ere this are received. The residue will be sent forward as fast as they may be needed.

"Captain Kreutzer's company, on Monday last, numbered seventy men, and we presume it is full to-day.

"Captain Seagrist commenced enrolling on Saturday, and obtained about twenty the first day. He is a German and proposes filling up his company with his own countryman.

"Several other skeleton companies are formed, the officers of whom we have not been able to ascertain, nor the number of men enrolled.

"Thus it will be seen, that old Wayne, after furnishing four full companies during the summer besides a large number of recruits for foreign regiments, will now place an entire new regiment in the field, and that too in a shorter space of time than is usually consumed in forming a single company. She is ready to respond to the call of our country for men.

"As we have stated elsewhere, we trust no man will be found enlisting in any other regiment before the Wayne County Regiment is full."

The first definite movement was begun at a meeting held at Price Hall, Lyons, Wednesday, October 23d. Rev. Wm. Putnam was Chairman and Dr. David, Secretary. Remarks were made by Mr. Putnam, Wm. Clark, Esq., J. T. Mackenzie and D. H. Devoe. Committees were appointed as follows: Palmyra, S. B. Smith, Wm. H. Southwick; Arcadia, S. K. Williams, S. M. Bloomer; Lyons, H. G. Dickinson, Wm. Clark, M. Brownson; Galen, Seth Smith, J. Tremper; Savannah, R. W. Evans, James M. Servis; Wolcott, B. S. Booth, E. N. Plank; Sodus, Merritt Thornton, W. T. Gaylord; Huron, Wm. Dutton, A. P. Crafts, Elias Cady; Williamson, Captain Wakely, Dr. A. G. Austin, John M. Reynolds; Butler, Andrew Spencer, John E. Hough; Macedon, Thomas Mead, Wm. Lawrence; Marion, Pardon Durfee, Israel McOmer; Ontario, A. W. Casey, W. E. Greenwood; Rose, Wm. H. H. Valentine, Eron N. Thomas.

A central committee was also appointed to have general charge of the enterprise consisting of Saxon B. Gavitt, James P. Bartle, Cullen Foster, E. W. Bottom, W. H. Southwick, Isaac Miller.

The enlistments for the Ninety-eighth commenced about the 1st of November.

Captain Kreutzer with Lieutenants Rogers and Norton, was principally at work in Lyons.

Captain Wm. Putnam, assisted by John L. Cole and P. H. Pope, also had his headquarters at Lyons.

Captain Charles R. Birdsall, whose headquarters were mostly at Palmyra. He was assisted in the work by Warren Sherman, of Lyons, and Eugene Elmendorf, of Palmyra.

Captain Wm. Bell, of Montezuma, also engaged in forming a company assisted by Lieutenant K. T. Hurlburt, of Lyons. They had a recruiting office at Savannah.

Captain Henry Segrist, of Lyons, undertook to form a German company. He was joined in the work by Jacob Wismer of Palmyra and T. C. Zimmerman of Newark.

Wm. W. Agett, of Lyons, also contemplated raising a company.

Mr. Frank Morley, of Sodus Point, also commenced a movement for a company, to consist largely of lake sailors and of farmers in that vicinity.

Rev. Allen G. Russell, principal of Marion Collegiate Institute, Captain of the Marion Home Guards, had been drilling during the summer and now gave aid to the work.

The Lyons *Republican* of November 8th, 1861, contains the following:

#### THE WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT.

“Since our last issue, the work of raising the Wayne County Regiment has satisfactorily progressed. Floral Hall has been fitted for the accommodation of several companies, and Captain Kreutzer’s company and a portion of Captain Wakely’s company are now in the barracks. Captain W. was under obligations to go to Staten Island with his recruits before the organization of the regiment here was commenced, but after a brief sojourn there, concluded that it would be wise to enrol his men where they would be welcomed—at home. Captain W. served in the Mexican War, and will prove a valuable acquisition to us.

“Floral Hall is found to be ample for the accommodation of the Regiment, by building berths in and beneath the galleries, leaving free the central space; and it is pronounced by those from other depots to be just the thing. Any degree of warmth and ventilation that is desired, can be had. The kitchen arrangements in the rear will soon be completed, leaving a parade ground in front.

“Colonel Dutton is in town, but will be absent on business of his own all or most of next week; after which time he will enter formally upon his duties as commandant. Colonel D. has visited several regimental depots, and inspected their internal and external arrangements for the accommodation of troops; and he is of opinion that for comfort, convenience and commodiousness, the Lyons depot is in advance of anything of the kind he has seen.

“The work of recruiting goes on briskly. We are without the number of men already raised for each company, but are informed that the officers are entirely satisfied with the result of their labors. We shall before long publish a complete list of the names of members of each company.

“We learn that a company is being raised in Galen by Messrs. J. Tremper and J. T. Van Buskirk; and one in Rose by Mr. W. H. Valentine.”

Prof. William Kreutzer, Principal of the Union School at Lyons entered into the movement with energy and issued the following address:

#### AN APPEAL TO ARMS.

“Citizens of Wayne, we must fight! I repeat it, we must fight! The heritage of our fathers, our country, calls to arms! The sacred principles of the Declaration of Independence and the rights pledged by the Constitution are denied, disregarded and desecrated. Our countrymen can no longer in security, enjoy ‘life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness;’ and our beloved Capital is beleaguered by the banded hosts of traitorous plunderers. How long shall the blush for this foul disgrace tinge the cheeks of the children of Revolutionary fathers? Shall history ever have to say that the glorious boon of Union and Liberty, given us by the herbes of Bunker Hill and Saratoga, was snatched from our nerveless and degenerate grasp by the hireling arms of the office seekers and politicians of a disaffected and sectional minority?”

“We propose to do what we can to avert so great a calamity. We should lose no time, let us rally and march. The enemy is already in the field, why stand we here idle? Every gale that sweeps from the South to the North brings

to our ears the clash of resounding arms! What hope have we longer? If we return, all to whom human rights are dear will welcome us with extended arms. If we die, Providence will never give us a better chance to fall in a more glorious cause.

“How sleep the brave who sink to rest  
With all their country’s wishes blest ;  
When Spring with dewy fingers cold,  
Returns to deck their hallowed mould ?

“ It is sweet to die for our country ; and those who have fallen for the rights of man, glorious beyond the common lot of mortals, how does posterity sing their praises and delight to hear their names.

“ Wayne County is in the field for an entire regiment. Our company has the inside track. It is the first in the field, and will therefore be entitled to the post of honor. We invite our friends to share with us a soldier’s toils, and painful self-denials, and a soldier’s battle joys.

W. KREUTZER.”

Captain Kreutzer had previously been engaged in raising a rifle company, and had enrolled thirty or forty men. He now turned his efforts with vigor towards forming the Wayne County Regiment.

Saxon B. Gavitt was at this time a man of all work. Now at Lyons, now at Albany, here, there, and everywhere. Pending the actual organization he was a time in command of Camp Rathbone, though he wore no military titles. In looking after camp equipage, in providing supplies, in urging forward enlistments, in securing action by State officials, in cutting red tape generally, and bringing plans to completion he displayed practical talent of the highest order, and rendered patriotic services of great value. He was ably assisted by others, who were like him only civilians. If this volume is devoted to recording the deeds of military men principally, yet there will appear in various places the untiring work of citizens, who gave time, money and labor to providing for the comfort and support of those who volunteered ; who wielded all their personal and official influence to push the work of forming regiments, and raising the necessary funds.

Under date of December 20th, 1861, it appears that six companies for the Ninety-eighth were in process of organization.

*Company A*—Captain Kreutzer, had ninety men.

*Company B*—Captain Wakely, had sixty men.

*Company C*—Captain Birdsall, had forty-five men.

*Company D*—Captain Williams, had fifty men.

*Company E*—Captain Danforth, had thirty-two men.

*Company F*—Captain Clark, had thirty-two men.

Captain Danforth was from Geneva, Captain Williams from Canandaigua, Captain Clark from Rochester.

#### OFFICIAL ACTION BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

It was not possible for a national contest of such magnitude to proceed without invoking the attention of the county authorities. It was very soon evident that heavy financial liabilities must be assumed beyond the power of individual patriotism or individual benevolence. Official action would doubtless have been taken earlier than it was, had it not been that Boards of Supervisors found themselves utterly without legal authority for any such emergency. Indeed many steps were taken on the faith of the future authority which it was assumed the Legislature would certainly grant as soon as there was opportunity for that body to convene, and the subject be considered. But even then the full requirements of the times were not seen and the Legislature itself did not make all necessary provisions at any one session. Legislation proceeded only so fast as the necessity clearly appeared. A review of these separate and special acts is not necessary to the purposes of this local work, and we turn at once to the action of the Board of Supervisors and the county authorities.

At the annual meeting in November, 1861, on motion of Supervisor Bartlett R. Rogers, of Lyons, the following resolution was adopted:

“WHEREAS, By the report of the County Treasurer of this county it appears that there are in his hands moneys collected from the inhabitants of this county denominated Military Funds amounting to the sum of \$2,140.30; and, whereas, the unsettled state of the county requires the offer of additional inducements to recruit its military force; and, whereas, there is now a regimental organization in this county in progress, in the success of which the members of this board desire to express their warmest sympathy; and, whereas,

this board is not empowered to levy any tax for the purpose above expressed ; therefore,

“ *Resolved*, That the members of the Legislature from this county and the Senator from the Wayne and Cayuga district, be requested to procure the passage of a law appropriating \$2,140.30, or such sum as may be remaining in the hands of the Treasurer of this county, denominated Military Fund, to be paid by the Treasurer equally as bounty moneys, on the certificate of the paymaster of said regiment, countersigned by the commandant thereof to all persons who shall hereafter enlist, be accepted and mustered into said regiment of New York volunteers when said regiment shall be proven to be full and complete, by the certificate of such commanding officer; and that the clerk of this Board transmit copies of this resolution to the Senator and Members of Assembly aforesaid.”

We add a few items occurring near the close of the year.

*From the Clyde Times of December 11, 1861.*

“ We have forwarded diagrams of mittens and instructions for making them to Mrs. E. N. Plank, of Wolcott, and Mrs. Dr. Sweeting, of South Butler, who we presume will be pleased to show them to the friends of the soldiers.”

In September several recruits went forward for the Hancock Guards as follows :

H. C. Hoffman, J. F. Secum, Champion Wentworth, Augustus M. Perry, of Clyde.

S. Teetor, J. H. Teetor, S. C. Dey, G. W. Argyle, of Port Glasgow.

C. W. Perkins, of Alton.

C. Stone, South Sodus.

The spirit of the religious bodies is well shown by the following resolutions of the Baptist Association at its annual meeting September, 1861 :

“ WHEREAS, The Baptist denomination has in its entire history been characterized by the spirit and form of Democracy, and in its recognition of God in human government, and that the powers of government are ordained of Him by turning the minds of men to act in the elective franchise in choosing men to rule who have the fear of God before them : And, whereas, Providence has to do with national as well as individual sins, and is the great regulating agency of all existence ; therefore,



*“Resolved,* That while we most deeply feel the chastening rod of civil war upon us, casting its dark shadow upon the most sacred interests of our beloved country, yet in it we can see the hand of God, and will trust it may purify us as a Nation.

*“Resolved,* That we deem the present conflict of our Nation as just in trying to maintain the best Government ever bequeathed to our people, and do most heartily sympathize with it in its present trials.

*“Resolved,* That we deem it our duty to aid and abet in every possible way, movements wisely set in motion by the powers that be to break the power of the Rebellion and give to political offenders their just civil retribution.

*“Resolved,* That we deem all compromise with rebels and traitors against our Government as opposed to the wish of Heaven, as indicated by Providence and that nothing but their complete subjection to the Government our fathers established will meet the demands.”

A Soldiers' Aid Society was organized at Macedon in the fall of 1861 and did a flourishing business.

Captain A. Wakely, of Williamson, was in the Mexican War and thus brought to the work of organizing the Ninety-eighth valuable practical experience.

In September, 1861, at Marion, there was an interesting incident, in the purchase of a horse for James Bromfield, who joined an artillery regiment at Utica. Over two hundred dollars was raised. Judson N. Pond, J. A. Laing, Captain Lakey, Charles Van Ostrand, with many others, were active in this movement.

Tuesday evening, September 10, Captain Andrew Wilson from Company I, of the Seventeenth, addressed a meeting at Marion. Several enlistments took place on the spot. George D. Prentice, N. W. Haynes, Milo B. Kellogg, George H. Durfee.

Company E, of the Fifty-fourth militia, at Palmyra, during the summer and fall of 1861, took great pains in its drills and parades, and maintained that military spirit which, at a later stage of the war, led a large number of its members to join the volunteer forces for active duty in the field.

Tuesday, September 3d, the ladies of Palmyra gave a complimentary banquet to Company E, at Floral Hall. The Macedon band joined in the festivities.

*From the Palmyra Courier of September 20, 1861.*

OFF FOR THE WAR.

"For the past week Mr. Frederick W. Clemons, of this village, has been obtaining recruits for Captain Dickinson's Company of Cavalry, now forming at Newark.

"Quite a number of the finest young men of the village have been enrolled, and yesterday they left for Rochester, where they will remain some three or four weeks under instruction. This gallant company will probably be attached to Colonel Crook's Regiment.

"Mr. F. W. Clemons has been very active in obtaining recruits, and we are gratified to learn that he will undoubtedly receive a Lieutenant's commission. The following are the recruits:

"F. W. Clemons, J. Emerson Reeves, George W. Clark, W. H. Moore, George H. Randall, George A. Culver, Charles W. Bennett, A. Butts, Samuel P. Thompson, Jacob Zeigler, Edwin Henderson, Thomas Welch, Lyman H. Essex, Samuel Favor, George Hurgate.

"At Marion the inhabitants turned out en masse to see the volunteers of September 10, 1861, with four others, off for the field.

"The stand of colors belonging to the Collegiate Institute was borne by Allen Russell and E. A. Percy, for the gentlemen, and Miss F. A. Wheadon and E. M. Allen, for the ladies.

"The procession was led by Dr. House. John A. Laing spoke. Rev. Amasa Stanton presented each with a testament.

"Mr. E. M. Allen presented a flag on behalf of the students. Mr. James Galloway, on behalf of seven citizens, presented Milo Kellogg a revolver. Other enlistments followed in a day or two: Mr. Raymer and Herman Bradley."

In September, Mr. John W. Corning, commenced to actively recruit for his father's company—Company B, Thirty-third Infantry. He had scarcely reached the line of early manhood, and threw into this work all his youthful energy and enthusiasm.

The recruits left for Rochester, September 21st, and for Washington, September 25th: John W. Corning, Munson G. Hill, James Van Dyne, James Vosburgh, Lewis Camp, George Goodell, Barney McGuire, Charles W. Bennett, Samuel F. Dennis, John Shear, Hubbard Moss, William Percy, John Murphy.

## CHAPTER IV.

1862—DEPARTURE OF THE NINETY-EIGHTH—ENLISTMENT IN THE ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH—NEWS OF DEFEAT—SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE—SENATORIAL WAR COMMITTEE NAMED BY GOVERNOR MORGAN MEET AT PORT BYRON—WAYNE COUNTY COMMITTEE—ACTION OF THE SUPERVISORS—FORMATION OF THE ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY—THE NINTH ARTILLERY—THE ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY, &C., &C.

THE year opened with the Ninety-eighth Infantry in camp at Lyons. The work of organization had been earnestly urged forward and at one time, as already shown, six or seven companies were likely to be filled to the maximum. Many of these plans however failed. The people had not yet risen to the full necessities of the times as they did nine months later after the great defeat before Richmond. There was not yet the clear apprehension of the magnitude of the contest which a year later was evident to all. Besides other plans were all this time calling the attention of men elsewhere. Three companies, however, were enrolled. The others that were projected did not complete their organization as rapidly as they hoped and a consolidation with some other regiment similarly situated became necessary. Negotiations were opened with a Franklin County Regiment but a union was not immediately consummated.

It had been definitely decided early in January, 1862, that the Lyons Regiment should remain here until six companies should complete their organization and fill up their ranks. Colonel Duttons efforts to secure this called out a complimentary supper from the officers, an account of which is here given from the newspapers of the day:

### COMPLIMENTARY SUPPER TO COLONEL DUTTON.

“On Monday last, the officers of the Wayne County Regiment, learning that Colonel Dutton had been successful in procuring permission from the authorities to remain in camp at Lyons until six companies are filled, (instead of

consolidating at once with a foreign regiment), and desiring to give evidence of their esteem of the Colonel as an officer and as a man, called a meeting and passed resolutions that the companies turn out on parade and meet him at the depot, and that a complimentary supper be given at Graham's hotel that evening, by the officers. Lieutenants Chapman, Cutter and Rudd were appointed a committee to make arrangements for the supper, and Lieutenants Norton, L. A. Rogers and W. H. Rogers, a Committee to draft resolutions.

"The supper was served at half-past eight o'clock. After the discussion of the choice viands with which the tables were loaded, the Committee presented the following address and resolutions :

*" To Colonel Wm. Dutton :*

"SIR—At a meeting of the Officers of your command, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted :

"WHEREAS, Colonel Wm. Dutton, after untiring efforts, has completed arrangements whereby those who have been designated as officers of the different organizations now composing his command, are enabled to retain their respective positions, thus relieving the entire command from the general depression which had settled down upon them at the thought of being separated from his command ; therefore,

*" Resolved,* That the officers of Colonel Dutton's command regard it their duty, and do hereby express their most sincere thanks to their commander for the untiring services he has rendered them.

*" Resolved,* That in consideration of the many services rendered us by our commander, he is entitled to our highest regard and esteem.

*" Resolved,* That it is the sincere wish of all the officers connected with this command, and of the different organizations, that whenever we shall be called to the field of battle, or whatever position we may be placed in, that we retain our present commander.

D. L. NORTON, )  
L. A. ROGERS, ) Committee.  
W. H. ROGERS, )

"Colonel Dutton replied briefly and appropriately in acknowledgment of the compliment paid him, and sat down amid the cheers of the company. Regular and volunteer toasts were then presented, to which replies were made by one and another as they were called upon. The party broke up at a comparatively early hour."

Under date of January 17, 1862, we find the following mention of "Camp Rathbone," the war-like description by which the now peaceful Lyons Fair Ground was then known:

#### CAMP RATHBONE.

"The camp is visited every day by scores of people from the country who have friends there, who are desirous of learning from actual observation how the soldiers are treated and how they live. We believe that the universal conclusion is that a better ordered camp cannot be found anywhere; that the men are comfortably housed, well fed and warmly clothed; in short, that they are afforded all the comforts and liberty compatible with camp life and the thorough discipline which is at all times maintained.

"The men have been boarded, for two or three weeks past, in the building on McCall's Tile Factory lot, to which suitable and sufficient additions have been made. Mr. McCall superintends the Subsistence Department, and is the acting partner of the contracting firm, (Messrs. S. B. Gavitt, E. W. Bottum and Jos. McCall.) It is sufficient praise to say that under his management of this department, everybody is satisfied. The provisions are at all times well cooked and promptly served, and in abundance and variety sufficient to satisfy any reasonable person. The cooking is done by steam."

The *Syracuse Journal* says that "Mr. F. H. Palmeter, who is acting Quartermaster, fulfills the duties of the post with fidelity and in a manner to win the approval of the military authorities." Everybody who knows how faithfully Quartermaster Palmeter discharges his duties, will heartily endorse the *Journal's* compliment. The *Journal* says of Colonel Dutton:

"He is one of the best of officers. His military education qualifies him for the position, and his vigilance and gentlemanly bearing secure to him the warm attachment and respect of his men."

A Regimental Prayer-Meeting is held in the barracks on Friday evening of each week. All of the men attend these meetings, and considerable interest in the exercises is manifested. Clergymen and others from the village are cordially invited to attend these meetings.

The general health of the camp is good, there being but few men in the hospital, and none of these dangerously ill.

The proposed consolidation was only temporarily delayed Charles Durkee, of Franklin county, whose efforts had entitled his friends to expect for him a commission as Colonel, patriotically consented to take the second place, this leaving to Colonel Dutton the command of the united organizations. The newspapers announced the consolidation as follows :

*From the Democratic Press of January 31, 1862.*

WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT—CONSOLIDATION.

“After all the Wayne Connty Regiment is doomed to lose its identity. A consolidation has been effected with the Franklin County Regiment, which largely outnumberers ours, and of course is entitled to its due share of field officers. The Franklin County Regiment, according to the Adjutant-General's report, numbered 611 men on the last day of December, and the Wayne County Regiment at the time of the consolidation, about 400.

“The Regiment is now duly formed and is numbered the Ninety-eighth, and officered as follows, the officers having been mustered into the U. S. service :

*Colonel*—William Dutton, of Wayne.

*Lieutenant-Colonel*—Charles Durkee, of Franklin.

*Major*—Albon Mann,

*Adjutant*—Hobbs.

*Quartermaster*—George H. Clarke, Rochester.

*Quartermaster's Sergeant*—W. Hunt Rogers, of Wayne.

*Surgeon*—William G. David, of Wayne.

“It became necessary to consolidate the *six* already formed organizations here, into *three*. This no doubt has done or will do great injustice to some of the officers, who have devoted their time and money to the raising of recruits, and who will now have to go into the ranks or accept of something but little better. In addition to this, the formation of three companies here will leave about one hundred men in the hands of recruiting officers unattached. Since the consolidation, there has been an uncommon sight of caucussing and fixing up among the line officers.

“The arrangement, as perfected, is probably the best that could be devised, and we believe gives general satisfaction, although it leaves some three or four unprovided for, who have spent much time and money in the cause.

“Colonel Dutton is entitled to much credit for the skillful manner in which he has arranged the organization of the regiment—he having only about one-third of the men composing the regiment.

“The regiment will leave here as soon as the preliminaries can be arranged. It is the desire of Colonel Dutton that the men be paid off here, and that the regiment at once proceed to the place ordered without making any stop on the way.

“The three companies furnished by the Wayne County Regiment for the Ninety-eighth are officered as follows:

*Captain*—William Kreutzer.

*First Lieutenant*—D. L. Norton,

*Second Lieutenant*—L. A. Rogers.

*Captain*—A. Wakelee.

*First Lieutenant*—William H. Adams,

*Second Lieutenant*—E. M. Allen.

*Captain*—C. R. Birdsall,

*First Lieutenant*—George N. Williams,

*Second Lieutenant*—D. H. Chapman.

“Doubtless, positions will be provided for some of the officers who have been thrown out by the consolidation. The force here, after detaching Captain Danforth and his men, numbers 350 men, (full enough for three Companies,) and the Franklin Regiment is set down at 670. It is said, however, that Mr. Knowles has permission to withdraw the men recruited by him, if he chooses, and unite them with an incomplete company elsewhere.”

The *Rochester Democrat* in an article upon the consolidation of the Wayne and Franklin County Regiments, says of Colonel Dutton:

“He is a man of energy, and has been tireless in his devotion to the interests of his regiment, having expended much effort and considerable money recruiting it. The Colonel is every inch a soldier, and is well qualified for the position. He graduated at West Point in the same class with Major General McClellan. After leaving West Point, Colonel Dutton served for some time in the army on the frontier, in the capacity of Lieutenant, until his health failed, when he resigned. After engaging in business at one or two points, he finally settled down on a farm in the town of Huron, Wayne county, where he remained in the quiet pursuits of agriculture until his country again needed his services. With alacrity he leaves the plow to resume the sword, and now, at the head of a regiment of over one thousand men, is ready to take the field where duty calls him. All honor to Colonel William Dutton, and success to his regiment.”

These remarks were only a just tribute to the worth and the energy of Colonel Dutton. The projectors of a Wayne

county regiment had instinctively turned to him at the outset of the enterprise, as a man pre-eminently qualified for the work to be undertaken.

The Ninety-eighth left Lyons, February 21st, and arrived at Albany the same evening. While in the city a flag was presented to the regiment, purchased by the ladies' of Malone. The members from Franklin made the speech of presentation. By a singular coincidence the Assemblyman from Franklin County and Mr. Thomas from eastern Wayne had drawn seats beside each other in the old Chamber and both labored earnestly to promote the welfare of the Ninety-eighth. The young ladies of Lyons procured and sent to the Ninety-eighth a beautiful flag in March, 1862.

#### THE ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH INFANTRY.

About seventy men thrown out by the consolidation of the Wayne and Franklin regiments left Lyons February 17th, 1862, for Leroy. They joined a regiment then forming under command of Col. Fuller. The men going from Lyons constituted the nucleus of the two companies under command of Captain Danforth and Lieutenant Knowles.

The One Hundred and Fifth was organized at Rochester\* and Leroy to serve three years. The companies of which it was composed were raised generally in the counties of Cattaraugus, Genesee, Munroe and Niagara, with this contingent from Wayne. It was mustered into the service of the United States in March, 1862. It was consolidated with the Ninety-fourth Infantry in March, 1863.

It was entitled to inscribe upon its banners the battles of Cedar Mountain, Rappahonock Station, Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburgh.

This record too is doubtless meagre, as the rigid rules of the Adjutant-General's office place to the credit of individual regiments only the more important engagements, leaving a large number of battles or skirmishes in which the regiment may have borne a subordinate part not mentioned.

The consolidated regiment was mustered out July 18th, 1865. As to the Ninety-fourth's battles noticed in the Adju-

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\* March 29th, 1862, a sword, sash and belt were presented to Lieutenant Knowles through Lieutenant H. D. Bennett, donated by H. G. Dickerson and twenty-seven others.



tant General's report after the consolidation were: Gettsburgh; Mine Run, Tolopotomy; Bethesda Church; Petersburgh; Weldon Railroad.

In the spring of 1862, many incidents occurred. In several towns noted funeral services in honor of the remains of dead heroes brought home for burial, took place, arousing public sympathy and stirring the patriotic emotions of the people.

The funeral of Charles H. Perigo was attended in Palmyra Sunday afternoon, April 27, 1862. He was from Palmyra,—in Missouri when the war broke out,—and joined the Sixth Infantry of that State. He was wounded by a Minie ball at Newburn, and died in hospital at Providence, Rhode Island. This first military funeral in Palmyra was a solemn and imposing spectacle. The burial service was read and prayer offered by Rev. Horace Eaton.

*From the Clyde Times of January 22, 1862.*

“The body of Thomas Cain, a private in the First Long Island Regiment, and formerly a resident of this village, was received at the depot yesterday.”

The following is somewhat amusing, in view of the subsequent events, and shows how vain at times is all human prophecy:

*From the Clyde Times of May 10, 1862.*

“THE WAR IS NOW SO NEAR ITS CLOSE that it is safe and may be profitable to point out some of the lessons it has taught the American people.”

The editorial doubtless became useful three years later.

The *Clyde Times* of June 14, 1862, contains a long description of the funeral obsequies of Henry Goodchild.

Thirteen young men, Henry's most intimate friends, claimed the privilege of honoring the memory of their departed friend by bearing him from the depot to the house of Mr. Seth Smith, with the honors due to one whom they highly esteemed and who had fought and died for his country's cause. These were James Smith, John Tremper, L. Bedell, George Jones, A. Starkweather, J. B. Roberts, John Watterson, D. Platner, D. L. Stow, B. F. Clark, A. Vandenberg, E. Palmer and J. A. Pain.

A very large crowd of citizens was assembled at the depot, and as the train bearing the body neared the station a rush was made for the west end, so that the first glimpse might be obtained of the coffin.

The crowd generously made way for Eddy Goodchild, who came from a passenger car to follow the body. The coffin was received by the bearers just named and carried off the platform, when the beautiful merino national flag of the High School was thrown over it and a beautiful wreath of flowers made by Mrs. Hamilton placed upon it.

At the house of Mr. Smith the coffin was placed upon a table and farther honored by a small crucifix of flowers presented by Mrs. S. S. Morley.

The flag on the Town Hall was hung at half mast and remained in that position until after the funeral on Wednesday.

The services were held in the Episcopal Church, the windows of which were opened so that the large audience outside as well as those in could hear the services. The bells of all the churches were tolled simultaneously in honor of the dead.

The group of mourners included Eddy Goodchild, and Miss Goodchild, O. Vincent and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Smith, Mrs. Berry, widow of Corporal Berry, who was killed in the same action.

Rev. Mr. Luson of the Episcopal Church, preached the sermon, from which we give a single paragraph :

“ We can be thankful that his dying hours were solaced by the presence of a brother ; yes, we can rejoice that before he departed hence he received the welcome news that the flag under which he had fought waved in triumph over the battle field ; but oh ! at such a time as this when traitors are endeavoring to take from us all that we venerate, all that we hold most dear, all for which our fathers poured out their blood, we can ill spare a soldier of such dauntless courage. It is only an army filled with the daring fortitude and intrepidity of the departed that could have done what has been done to rescue the Union from the chaos into which it has been thrown. It was only such an army that could have fought the battles of Donelson, Henry, Pittsburgh, Hanover and Fair Oaks. It was only men of such mould that would dare attempt the taking of the Crescent City. But all these

—the remembrance of how many brave fellows have died in their country's cause—makes us the more exclaim, how are the mighty fallen, how are the mighty fallen.”

After the sermon the Masonic ritual was pronounced by Mr. A. Griswold and the procession moved to the cemetery in the following order :

1. Hearse.
2. Mourners.
3. Clergy.
4. Masonic Fraternity.
5. Choir of St. John's Church.
6. Citizens generally.

At the grave a dirge was sung by the choir ; dust was dropped upon the coffin by Mr. Joseph Watson ; the scroll was deposited by Mr. J. H. Jones ; the Masonic apron was thrown into the grave by Mr. Griswold.

The *Times* closed the account as follows :

“ Thus passed the sad rites of burial of one who had gone from our midst one year ago that day in full health, hope and vigor to fight the battles which are to retain for us our liberties and freedom of action. A large crowd witnessed the departure of the Briggs Guards, June 11th, 1861 ; and many a sob of sorrow was heard as they left. But large as was that crowd, it was nothing compared to that which on the 11th of June, 1862, assembled to consign to the tomb the body of one of those who had a year before so hopefully gone forth to do battle for the right.”

We add the following items characteristic of the times :

January 22, 1862, it was rumored that Captain Throop, of Pultneyville, had been invited to prepare models, drafts and plans, to be used, if need be, in the construction of vessels of war for naval service on Lake Ontario.

*From the Lyons Republican of January 24, 1862.*

“ Hon. Eron N. Thomas noticed a bill in the Assembly for the erection of a Fort at Pultneyville.

“ A banner was given to the Ninety-eighth, six feet by six inches, fringed with silk resembling gold.

“ Lieutenant Swan, under date of March 19, 1862, acknowledges the receipt of a beautiful national flag, from the ladies of Lyons, by Company B, Twenty-seventh Infantry.

“ Lorenzo Allen, Second Indiana Cavalry, from Newark, was killed May 31, 1862, in a skirmish, just after the battle of Corinth.

“ The funeral of Corporal Adin Forncrook was held at Clyde, Sunday, August 17. Sermon by Rev. Mr. Brown.”

We now reach the period when the resources and the patriotism, of the county were to be tested to their utmost. The series of movements bearing upon Richmond had failed. The seven days' battles were passing into history with all their undying valor, their unsurpassed bravery and their imperishable record of heroic sacrifice. Even before they were finished the President had issued the call of July 1st, 1862, summoning 300,000 volunteers.

The news of the battle of Malvern Hill and the proclamation for volunteers went through all the land together.

The extent of the general defeat was not really appreciated by the people for days or even weeks. Each battle by itself had been so near a victory (as reported), and that of Malvern Hill ending with a decided rout of the rebels, that the failure of the general campaign was not apparent at once. The proclamation of the President told the real story in unmistakable terms.

Everybody knew that reverses had come which made the issue of the war doubtful unless there was an immediate movement to reinforce the armies of the Union; and that no ordinary process of recruiting here and there a few men to fill up depleted regiments would answer; the army must be doubled. Where companies had been formed in 1861, regiments must now be raised. The Governor of New York responded promptly to the call of the President and a general plan was adopted at Albany to organize new regiments by Senatorial Districts.

A committee of leading citizens were hastily invited by the Governor to meet at Port Byron on Saturday, July 12th, 1862.\* The object was to plan the work of recruiting for this Senatorial district, composed then of Cayuga and Wayne.

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\* Hon. E. B. Morgan, of Cayuga, as the representative of the Governor, came over to Lyons and arranged for the Port Byron meeting.

The persons invited met, and a few other citizens with them. Only two were there from the northern part of Wayne county. Erastus N. Granger, of Sodus, who soon after gave himself actively to the work of recruiting, accidentally learned of the proposed meeting the day before. Taking a single friend with him he went to Port Byron. On the way he disclosed his own determination to enlist.

Hon. W. C. Beardsley, Cayuga, was chosen Chairman; N. T. Stephens, of Cayuga and Stephen K. Williams of Wayne, Secretaries.

There was a good attendance of citizens from both counties in addition to those summoned by the Governor, and they were invited to participate in the proceedings of the meeting.

A committee upon resolutions was appointed, Messrs. W. H. Adams and L. S. Ketchum, of Wayne, being members thereof. They reported resolutions approving the action of the State and National authorities in calling for 300,000 additional troops, pledging the efforts of Wayne and Cayuga counties to raise a new regiment, and requesting an immediate session of the Boards of Supervisors of the two counties to consult with the committee in regard to the necessary measures to be taken to promote the speedy enlistment of the force required from this district.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

On motion, General Jesse Segoine, was appointed to call meetings for recruiting. This was informally designating him to lead the movement to form a regiment, intending that he should become the commanding officer. The honor and responsibility had first been tendered to Captain Joseph Welling, of Lyons, and declined.

A War Committee for Wayne county was then constituted consisting of the following citizens:

J. E. Walker, Palmyra; Saxon B. Gavitt, Lyons; Eron N. Thomas, Rose; George W. Cuyler, Palmyra; Willis T. Gaylord, Sodus; Stephen K. Williams, Arcadia; George W. Cowles, Galen; Pomeroy Tucker, W. P. Nottingham, Palmyra; Wm. H. Adams, Joseph Welling, Lyons; Leander S. Ketchum, J. S. Lamoreaux, C. D. Lawton, J. N.

Brown, Galen ; Ira Lakey, Marion ; Pardon Durfee, Lyons ; L. L. Rose. Arcadia ; J. T. Van Buskirk, Galen.

Of these a Finance Committee was appointed : Stephen K. Williams, Saxon B. Gavitt, Eron N. Thomas.

This committee was to provide and disburse funds, forward enlistments and effect an organization of the regiment.

The gentlemen present pledged themselves to the finance committee to be responsible for the amount of \$2,000 for immediate use in case such expenses were not provided for, by the Board of Supervisors or by the Legislature.

The gentlemen appointed upon all these committees are entitled to permanent historical record as eminent citizens of the county who led in all the necessary work of organization. They were the men to influence public opinion ; the men to raise funds and honestly disburse them ; the men whose opinions carried weight with them upon all public questions. The work was thus inaugurated. The committee consisted of men accustomed to act promptly in whatever they might undertake. They immediately gave to the work an energy that knew no abatement, a determination that never faltered, devoting time, money, labor and personal service to enlistment and organization.

Among their earliest duties was that of designating men to open enlistment rolls in the various towns of the county. Upon the recommendation of this committee the Governor of the State issued papers authorizing the raising of recruits by the following persons most of whose names will be recognized as the subsequent officers of the companies raised : H. S. Moor, S. D. Holmes, Lyons ; N. E. Granger, Sodus ; S. B. Smith, S. B. McIntyre, A. P. Seeley, Palmyra ; Isaac M. Lusk, E. W. Hays, A. D. Soverhill, Arcadia ; John S. Coe, J. E. Tremper, J. T. Van Buskirk, Lawrence Young, Galen ; R. M. Campbell, Butler ; P. Shear, Rose.

Meanwhile the Board of Supervisors had promptly met on the 16th of July, when the following proceedings were had :

#### SPECIAL MEETING OF 1862.

“ At a special meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wayne, held at the Court House on the 16th day

of July, 1862, Theophilus Williams, of Ontario, was chosen chairman pro tem. Supervisor John E. Hough, of Butler, offered the following resolutions, which were adopted :

*“Resolved,* That this Board recommend to the Governor that the Legislature be convened without delay.

*“Resolved,* That in the opinion of this Board a law should be passed by the Legislature, authorizing the levying of a State tax sufficient to pay to each volunteer under the new demand for troops, a bounty of fifty dollars.

*“Resolved,* That the Treasurer of this county be empowered and directed to borrow, immediately, a sum not to exceed \$28,200, to be appropriated under the direction and supervision of the commandant of the regiment to be raised in this Senatorial District, and of S. B. Gavitt, S. K. Williams, and E. N. Thomas, the Military Finance Committee of Wayne county, for the payment of the sum of fifty dollars as bounty to each volunteer from Wayne county, as he shall be mustered into the service of the United States, and for the payment of a sum not to exceed ten dollars, as expenses of enlisting each volunteer, and said sum, or so much thereof only as is needful shall be borrowed to pay said expenses and the bounty of volunteers who may enlist between this time and the action of the Legislature of this State upon the subject of bounties to volunteers at the next session thereof.

*“Resolved,* That the Senator from this District, and the Members of Assembly from this county be requested to use their best efforts for securing the assumption by the State of the debt contracted by this county in borrowing moneys for payment of bounties to volunteers.”

The excitement following the action of the Committees and of the Board, and the public enthusiasm aroused, cannot be adequately described by any formal statistics showing men enrolled or money pledged. The scenes of April, 1861, were more than repeated. There was a deeper and more intense feeling. Public sentiment rose to the height of the occasion. The resources of the people seemed to expand to meet the demand made upon them. The danger was far more clearly understood than in 1861. Great defeats had been sustained. All hopes of an early peace had vanished. The war must go on. To relax efforts was to surrender. Armies must be filled ; new regiments must be sent forward, or those already in the field would be lost. Men had gone by hundreds from the county ; they must now go by thousands.

Those appointed to enlist men acted promptly. Indeed, they scarcely waited for the authority of the Governor. By the time that the newspapers of July 25th were announcing their appointment, *three hundred or four hundred men had already signed the rolls*. All this was taking place at the busiest season of the year for this community. Farmers left their harvests to be reaped by other hands; mechanics abandoned their workshops; merchants their trade, and professional men their offices. There was a rallying all over the county. Men who had scarcely ever thought of giving personal service, now signed the rolls. The recruiting agents traversed every part of the county. Immense meetings were held to promote the patriotic cause. Not half of them were reported in the newspapers, and only the records of a few can now be gathered up.

For every story of enthusiasm from the records of 1776, there was a counterpart in 1862. For every heroic sacrifice in the Revolution, there was a similar act in the Civil War. Even the classic record of the Spartan mother who said to her son, "*Return with this shield or upon it,*" was repeated in numerous households through all the County of Wayne.

A war meeting was held at Palmyra, Monday, July 14th. George W. Cuyler presided; F. Williams, Secretary. Charles McLouth, Hon. Ornon Archer, James Peddie, Esq., made stirring and eloquent speeches.

At Savannah, Monday evening, July 21st, 1862, there was a war meeting. Rev. J. N. Brown, of Clyde, addressed the audience, and five volunteers were obtained on the spot.

At Red Creek, a large and enthusiastic meeting was addressed by Rev. Mr. Ives, Captain Thomas, Dr. Armstrong, and James Snyder.

At Sodus village, a meeting was held on Monday evening, July 28th. Hon. T. M. Pomeroy spoke, and eight volunteers signed the rolls.

In the midst of this rapid work under date of August 8th, 1862, the President sent forth another call asking for 300,000 more, to serve one year, making 600,000 in all. This new call added to the excitement already kindled. The number which each town should raise was carefully figured out.



Everybody knew a draft would certainly follow if this quota was not filled. In the hard work that followed the question of *one year men* was mainly disregarded, and men went on enlisting for three years to a great extent.

Palmyra was wide awake in the exigencies of July, 1862. The following notice appeared :

CALL FOR REINFORCEMENTS.

“Volunteers wanted for the Wayne and Cayuga Regiment; ninety dollars in advance; State bounty in advance, \$50; U. S. bounty in advance, \$25; one month's pay in advance, \$13; premium on enrollment, \$2; and in addition \$75, the residue of U. S. bounty at the close of the war, and undoubtedly a land warrant or its equivalent.

“Patriotic Men of Wayne County! Enlist for the Government. The call of your country for more men is imperative and must be responded to now. Do not wait for a draft. Let every able bodied man volunteer to suppress the rebellion and close the war. The undersigned officers of Company E, Fifty-fourth Regiment National Guard, at the request of a number of members have determined to fill up a company of 101 men to be attached to the Cayuga and Wayne Regiment now forming, and would call upon their fellow citizens for volunteers. Recruiting office at Rogers Building, Palmyra.

S. B. SMITH, Capt.

A. P. SEELEY, 1st Lieut.

S. B. MCINTYRE, 2d Lieut.”

On Monday evening, July 21st, 1862, a public meeting was held at Palmyra. J. A. Holmes presided. Remarks were made by Messrs Archer, Peddie, Hutchins, Mudge, Flower, Dr. Allen, and the chairman. Several names were enrolled.

The work of enrollment was thus auspiciously begun: Similar meetings were held all over western Wayne; and indeed throughout the county. •

In Marion, Macedon, Walworth, Ontario and Williamson, large audiences assembled. Besides the speakers from Palmyra mentioned above, others participated: Hon. Abram Pryne, Capt. Lakey, C. McLouth and Pomeroy Tucker.

Lieut. S. B. McIntyre also addressed numerous meetings. As in every other case, the soldiers about to go, the officer who said, “come boys,” had more power over audiences than the mere speaker, however eloquent and patriotic he

might be. Mr. McIntyre gave himself to the work with indefatigable zeal, and his stirring words brought many young men to stand with him in the ranks and march to the field of strife.

The promptness of the work done is shown eloquently even by mere dates :

“AUBURN, July 28, 1862.

“*To James E. Walker of Military Committee:*

“Present my compliments to Captain Smith, and salute him as Captain of Co. A. All honor to Wayne.

J. N. KNAPP, Adjutant.”

An immense gathering of the citizens of Clyde and vicinity was held to promote volunteering, on Wednesday, July 30th, 1862. C. D. Lawton, Esq., on motion of Judge Ketchum, was called to the chair. Joseph A. Pain and Wm. Dady were named as Secretaries. Messrs. Murphy, Potts and McDougall, returned soldiers, were invited to seats upon the platform. Col. Jesse Segoine spoke, but the meeting was not as successful as was hoped.

It was not long before completed companies began to leave for their rendezvous, at Auburn.

It was on Monday, the 21st, at three o'clock, P. M., that Captain Smith, at Palmyra, had opened his muster roll, and on the ensuing Saturday he telegraphed to Auburn that his organization was complete, and more than the minimum number of men enrolled. At nine o'clock, A. M. of Monday, the 28th, the maximum number was reached, and Letter A, secured. Three weeks before things had looked doubtful, but under the energetic action of Messrs. Walker and Tucker, of the War Committee, and the stirring appeals of the officers, the company was enrolled in a single week.

Every night meetings had been held in Palmyra, Marion, Macedon, Walworth, and Ontario. Prominent citizens entered heartily into the work; the volunteers were from all classes. Captain Smith left a mercantile trade, pleasant and profitable; Lieutenant McIntyre a full, active and promising legal practice; Lieutenant Seeley went from a lucrative mechanical occupation; E. A. Percy from a position in the Union School, to which he had just been appointed, and so through all the heroic list; farmers left their farms;

mechanics their workshops ; merchants their desks ; printers their cases ; lawyers their law ; and students their books.

*From the Auburn Advertiser.*

“ Captain Seneca B. Smith’s Company, from Palmyra, Wayne County, arrived from the West last night. They were mustered in, ninety-eight strong, this morning, and marched from the armory to the barracks.

“ Our citizens had the opportunity of seeing in this company, one of the finest companies in the service.”

*From the Clyde Commercial.*

“ Old Wayne has furnished the first full company for the Regiment, and will most probably furnish the second. Captain Smith, of the Palmyra company, commenced recruiting, and a week from that time, the maximum number of men had been enrolled, and the company was designated as ‘ Company A.’ Although we would much have liked to have seen our Clyde Company ‘ Company A,’ we cheerfully give Palmyra all the credit it deserves for the promptitude with which the company was raised. All honor to Palmyra and the gallant sons thus enrolled. We hope to be Company B, and there is every prospect that we shall. The Palmyra company left that place for the headquarters at Auburn, on Thursday.

“ About fifty of the Clyde company left here on the noon train, Wednesday, for Auburn. Others went next morning and at noon. The men are comfortably established at their quarters at the barracks.”

At Clyde, Captain John S. Coe, and his associates, Tremper, Burdock and Young, had been actively at work. There was but little difference in time between the completion of the Palmyra company and that of Galen. The latter became Company B, in the rapidly forming Regiment.

Clyde had completed the work of enrollment for this company, by a grand war meeting in the park. S. S. Briggs was chairman. Rev. Mr. Gage, of Canandaigua, and J. D. Husbands, Esq., of Rochester, were the speakers.

Captain S. D. Holmes and Lieutenant Moore, of Lyons, pushed the work of enlistment with untiring energy.

In Sodus, their associate, Erastus Granger, worked night and day. Having a large farm covered with abundant crops, he paused neither for labor upon it, nor regrets at

leaving it. Everything connected with home work was instantly abandoned, his brother taking charge of the same while he traversed Sodus and Williamson, pressing on the work with unflagging zeal.

This company attained the position of D.

Captain Isaac M. Lusk, of Newark, assisted by his active Lieutenants, also pushed the work with enthusiasm and vigor. A large number of his men were from Sodus. Lieutenant Granger was traveling over the town for men, but others were found to assist in organizing still another company. Captain Lusk's company became E, of the One Hundred and Eleventh. He had received a number of men from Marion, under the active leadership of John E. Laing, who became Second Lieutenant.

Only a mere mention can be made of the meetings, the presentation of swords, the gifts of various friends to departing officers, and the innumerable patriotic incidents everywhere occurring.

At Marion, under date of July 29th, a writer said:

"Already more than thirty of the sons of Marion have enlisted in response to the President's late call for troops. On Friday evening of last week, July 25th, we assembled in the chapel of the institute to witness the impressive ceremony of swearing in fifteen young men into the service of their country. On motion of E. A. Percy, Orville Lewis was made chairman, and A. S. Russell, Secretary. A patriotic song was sung by three volunteers—Glover Eldridge, James West and George Kenyon. Those sworn in at this time by Henry R. Tabor, were E. A. Percy, Glover Eldridge, George Kenyon, James West, Judson Hicks, Harrison Knapp, Thomas Geer, Ezra Brightman, Lawrence Turner, Gideon Durfee, Morris Welch, Elisha Allen, William J. Holling, Edward Kent, William Patterson."

The town of Marion was the first to fill up her quota of volunteers and even excelled the mark. Very much of the success was due to the noble and patriotic manner in which the supervisor, Capt. Ira Lakey, devoted himself to the work. But where all did so much and did so well, it is difficult to specify. Hundreds of worthy deeds, of noble self sacrifice must forever remain unrecorded. There were heroes all unnamed in public and private life.

At West Walworth, July 30th, a large meeting was addressed by Messrs. McLouth, Peddie, McIntyre and Tucker; Harvey Miller, Esq., presiding. Resolutions were adopted, and a goodly number of brave men enrolled their names. The meeting lasted till midnight and closed with three cheers for the recruits of the evening, three for Capt. Smith's company and three for the flag.

The departure of Captain Smith's Company A, of the One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry, though not as marked an occasion as when the first company went out from Palmyra the year before, yet was an event that will not soon be forgotten by those who shared in it. They went across to Shortsville and there took the cars for Auburn. James Peddie, Esq., made an address to the volunteers, to which Captain Smith replied in fitting terms. Lieutenant S. B. McIntyre being called out, said in concluding his remarks:

"This is probably the last time you will see us all together as a company. Disease and battle may thin our ranks, and some of us may not return to take you again by the hand, and I wish here to impress upon you, nay implore, that you will remember us not in silent inactive sympathy merely, but if need be in taking care of the dear ones we leave behind. We go to defend your homes; see to it that our hearth stones are kept free from neglect and poverty. And again, may I not ask you for our sake and for the sake of our common cause, that you will urge forward reinforcements by every effort of your voice and pen and hand. If in offering ourselves to our country we are worthy of your commendation, let us not remain unsupported by the necessary additional forces. It is for our country's sake rather than our own, that we make this appeal. For ourselves we fear not death if it be our lot in the righteous cause we have espoused. 'It is sweet to die for one's country.'

"Die we may, and die we must,  
But oh, where can dust to dust  
Be consigned so well  
As when the rock shall raise its head,  
On the martyr'd patriot's bed,  
Of his deeds to tell."

At Marion, a beautiful sword, sash and belt were presented to Lieut. John E. Laing, of Company E, One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry. The presentation address was delivered by James S. Galloway, and an appropriate response made by the Lieutenant.

The One Hundred and Eleventh had not even yet moved out by companies from the towns of Wayne county to their rendezvous at Auburn, before movements were on foot to organize another regiment, and by August 20th the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth was filled to the number of 1,300 men. Almost at the same time also the organization of the One Hundred and Sixtieth was undertaken. In aid of this there was a large gathering at Palmyra on Friday evening, August 15th. The meeting was assembled in front of the Palmyra Hotel, and is thought to have been the largest gathering witnessed in the county during the war. It was called to order by Pomeroy Tucker of the war committee, and on his motion Ornon Archer was called to the chair.

C. S. Macomber of Buffalo addressed the meeting; also Hon. Benjamin Nott of Albany. Captain Hoxie of the Macedon company, and Mr. Wheelock, who was leaving a position in Macedon Academy to enter the service, also spoke, as did Major James Peddie. A number of men signed the roll that evening.

The movements to organize the One Hundred and Eleventh were only commenced as intimated above when it was determined to move for a second Regiment from Wayne and Cayuga counties. The enlistments for this began only a week or ten days later than for the One Hundred and Eleventh, and the work was going on simultaneously for both.

James Snyder and others of Red Creek, assisted by James Hyde, of Huron, rapidly recruited a company, which eventually became A, of the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth.

Saturday evening, August 2d, 1862, at Wolcott, there was an enthusiastic meeting, large delegations came in from Butler, Huron and Red Creek, with music and banners. No house was large enough for the audience, and the speaking by T. R. Collins and Mr. Underhill was in the open air. But as in other places, it was the short, pithy speeches of Snyder, Hyde and Campbell, men who were going, that carried the meeting by storm.

Twenty-seven men volunteered on the spot.

Contributions for war purposes were frequent at this time, but we find little record of them.

A newspaper item mentions the following at Sodus Point :  
"B. R. Lummis, \$25.00; Captain Hunter, \$25.00; John Bates, \$25.00; Thomas Wickham, \$25.00; Wm. Edwards, \$25.00."

#### WAR MEETING AT RED CREEK.

August 6th, 1862, a large assemblage in front of the hotel listened to an address from Hon. T. M. Pomeroy; probably 1,500 to 2,000 were present. Mr. Abel Lyon, was chairman. Captain Snyder took the stand and made an impassioned appeal to men to join the Union army. He possessed an advantage over any other man speaking, for he could say and say eloquently, "come boys," not "go."

His muster roll was signed on the spot by *forty good men and true*. Over \$5,000 was subscribed to augment the bounty fund, ladies tendering large donations in a liberal manner. It was a day that never will be forgotten by any who were present on that occasion. Captain Snyder lifted the whole people to a high plane of patriotism by his grand appeal. He alluded in beautiful language to the scenes and incidents of his native village. He was greeted with rounds of applause.

The scene at that hour was beyond description. The enthusiasm of the people manifested itself in repeated and spontaneous cheers. From the window of the hotel waved the old flag in the evening breeze, while the light of the moon threw over the scene its mild radiance, falling on the old man gray with years and the young child by his side. For three hours the ladies stood listening to the speakers without manifesting any fatigue, and as each brave boy wrote his name on the muster roll, they waved their hats and joined the men in the cheers.

Horace Linwood in writing up the meeting shows the enthusiasm of the hour in his own style and language :

"Through the untiring exertions of Captain Snyder, this company of one hundred and sixty men has been raised. He has labored night and day for the last two weeks in recruiting this company, assisted by Lieutenants Hyde and Campbell. Over eighty of the volunteers were from this

town, and if every part of the State showed as much patriotism as this little town, the President would soon have at his disposal a force to subdue all the rebels of the South. Wolcott henceforth will take her place on the historical page of her country. She stands pre-eminent among her sister towns in Wayne, as Old Mad Anthony Wayne stood pre-eminent at the Battle of Stony Point, among the generals of the Revolution. Patriotic sons of Wolcott and Wayne, you are fighting over again the battle of freedom as your ancestors fought in 1776, and should you fall in the struggle, rest assured you will live in the memory of your descendants, and monuments will arise to your memory written over with your deeds of glory which will be an example for future generations to follow.

“When the future history of these troublous times shall be written, the name of James Snyder will adorn the historical page as a bright example of disinterested patriotism.

“Long live the brave volunteers who go forth to battle for liberty against slavery, and may the bright example of Wolcott be followed by the whole State, then

“Treason would die and the traitors would fly  
To the mountains to starve and die.”

Tuesday, August 5th, 1862, twenty-two recruits left for Auburn from the town of Rose in a body.

They were preceded by the Rose Valley band and followed by a long procession of their townsmen. Their names were:

Theodore Lampson, W. H. Sherman, Ezra R. Sherman, J. Francisco, Fernando Miner, W. G. McCoy, J. E. Sherman, Jacob Lyman, Leonard Lerock, Edmund A. Austin, A. Legg, Wm. H. Bennett, Alexander Ready, Nathan B. Hand, H. McMullen, J. W. Streeter, D. L. Fuller, Nicholas Fitzgerald, W. H. Sherman, A. VanValkenburgh, W. Desmond, J. J. Ingersoll.

Scenes like these were taking place daily, almost hourly through all the county.

The ladies of Huron and Wolcott raised thirty-five dollars to purchase sword, sash and belt for Lieutenant James Hyde.

Captain Hyde's letter replying to the gifts from the ladies of Huron and Wolcott:

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 17, 1862.

“Within one hour of marching orders, the heroic and patriotic ladies of Huron and Wolcott, will please accept my



very grateful acknowledgments of their testimonial of regard as well as trust in my capacity to discharge the duties imposed on me by the position I have the honor to occupy in the company of which I am a member, as manifested by your liberal contributions towards the sword and revolver I have the honor to bear in this hour of our country's peril. Permit me to assure you that, trusting to an overruling Providence to guide me in the discharge of duty, I trust they shall not be dishonored.

"In the habiliments of your favor I go forth to the defense of our glorious constitution which protects your rights and your virtue as well as our common country. Your patriotism and kindness will ever live in the heart of

Yours, truly, JAMES B. HYDE."

Truman Gregory and Charles P. Patterson, of Ontario, Chauncey Fish of Williamson, and others in that section of the county, took the first steps for a company which became "B," of the new organization.

Perhaps the earliest step may be stated as occurring July 30th, at the house of Mr. Patterson, when after a conversation between himself and Truman Gregory, an enlistment paper was drawn up and signed.

This company was filled mostly in the three towns, Walworth, Ontario, Williamson; though considerable aid was given to the enterprise in Sodus, through the earnest work of L. B. Rice.

Of the numerous consultations, of the hurried movements night and day, but little can now be gathered up and recorded. Stories of the rapid patriotic work are current in a hundred homes, and form a wealth of tender family history, too private and sacred for the pen of the historian.

Anson S. Wood, Esq., of Lyons, and Charles L. Lyon, of the same place, led a vigorous movement for a company. The men were recruited mostly in the towns of Sodus and Lyons, and formed a strong organization. It was a rapid work; it was well done.

The company was prompt in reporting at Auburn, and became entitled to letter "D" in the One Hundred and Thirtieth Infantry.

One familiar with all the work of organizing Company G, writes as follows :

“ Company A, of the regiment, had been recruited chiefly from the towns of Butler, Huron and Wolcott, and had one of the commissioned officers from each of these towns. When Company A was completed, there was a surplus of ten or twelve men. These men were anxious to go into the service. The proposition was suggested of raising another company from the three towns, and a war meeting appointed, at the village of Wolcott, to confer upon and discuss the practicability of so bold an effort. At this meeting, held in the Presbyterian session room, the attendance consisted of a few citizens who were zealous in promoting enlistments, the supernumerary men, and a few spectators. It was a small gathering, but the chief actors had business on their minds. There was an understanding that each town should furnish one of the commissioned officers of the company.

“ There was present a man from each town who was willing to command the said company, to be raised. But much deference was paid to the wishes of the men already enlisted. They suggested, and carried by a vote, the proposition that the required number of men should be first enlisted, and to their choice should be submitted the determination as to which should be Captain, or First Lieutenant, or Second Lieutenant. But three were found who assented to this proposition, and they assumed the duty of enlisting. At a meeting three days afterward, two of the three who had been designated as the commissioned officers of the company, withdrew from the effort. Yet the enterprise was not abandoned. War meetings were held in the evenings, but most of those who were ready to come forward on such occasions, had already been enrolled, and personal visits had to be resorted to. There were yet men whose individual inclinations were to go, but by the ties of family and friends, were restrained. This was the formidable barricade that had to be stormed.

“ In a certain family there are, perhaps, but three members left. A gray headed father, a silver haired mother, and a son, sixteen or eighteen years of age, the youngest of several, one or two of whom have gone forth into the world,

and become heads of families of their own, and one or two have already gone to the war. The son is patriotic, and the spirit of adventure is, perhaps, not wanting in his make-up. To resolve to be a soldier, in these times of doubt and foreboding in regard to the nation's future, is to resolve to be a man. He longs to act the manly part; he chafes to be a soldier. The feelings of that father and that dear mother, are all that restrain him. But this to him, unaided, is an insurmountable obstacle. To a visit of the recruiting officer at the house, to supplement his persuasion, he is not averse. But the recruiting officer would go further to avoid that house, than to avoid the anathemas of the Pope, only for the faith that he has, that the nation being in danger, the patriotic blood in the veins of those old people boils hot. He goes. In tears the assent is given; the roll is signed in solemn silence. A charge to the officer, implying a consignment of the son to his care, is given in faith and hope, and received in the same spirit, and the business is ended. The feelings of that officer for that soldier are always near akin to parental.

“By those engaged in enlisting, frequent visits to Auburn were necessary. The citizens of that city seemed astonished at the way Wayne county boys turned out for the war. On the streets, when a company of recruits from Wayne were passing, a bystander was heard to query: ‘I wonder what the women of Wayne county think, to see all the men going to the war.’

“On returning home, this was narrated at a war meeting, for what it was worth, with the answer: ‘The women of Wayne are noble, patriotic women, and do not, to son, brother, or lover, say stay.’

“By persistent labor, by day and by night, in two weeks the required number of men was assured.

“William Wood, of Butler, was commissioned Captain; William Hawley, of Wolcott, First Lieutenant; Seymour Woodward, of Rose, Second Lieutenant.”

Preliminary to their departure, they assembled on Sunday evening, August 17th, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, of Red Creek. An impressive sermon was delivered by the pastor, Rev. G. Wood, and there was also an address by Rev. James Smith, of the Presbyterian Church.

Monday morning, the 18th, dawned—an eventful day—which will long be remembered in Red Creek, for the going forth of as noble a band of men as ever took oath to fight the battles of their country.

To Major William Wood there is due the thanks of a grateful people for his patriotic, his unwearied efforts, to organize the company. If the formation of the first company was a grand success, what shall be said of the energy and the ability of Mr. Wood and his associates who, upon the same field from which more than a hundred volunteers had just been enrolled, filled the ranks of another company.

Mr. Wood attended the first meeting, above mentioned, as a spectator, having come to the village that evening with no other object than to have a horse shod. Some arrangements expected to be made, failing, Mr. Wood was asked whether he would be one of the three to enlist the company. He consented, and three days afterward the principal work devolved upon him, in consequence of the withdrawal of others from the effort. He became Captain by universal consent.

John L. Crane, of Galen, recruited a company that became H, of the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth.

Numerous meetings were held during the progress of the work. Leading citizens of Clyde contributed freely of their means, to forward the work of enlistment. The enterprise was pushed with energy, and in a few days the company was ready to proceed to Auburn. To this company, other towns, particularly Rose and Savannah, furnished quite a goodly number of men.

The rushing tide of volunteers was not yet stayed. The One Hundred and Eleventh and One Hundred and Thirty-eighth had completed their organizations, their ranks were full, but the quotas of several towns were not yet filled. Volunteers were still offering their services to the country, and there seemed to be a fair opportunity to form still another regiment within this Senatorial District.

Captain C. C. Dwight, of the Seventy-fifth was tendered the position of Colonel, and came home to actively promote the enterprise. His rank was dated September 6th, 1862.

Wm. H. Sentell, also returned to assist in recruiting with the offer of a Major's commission. That was soon after bestowed upon him. He had done good service in the old Forty-fourth, being one of that band of young men who left Sodus for Albany early in September, 1861. Having been promoted for bravery on the field, he had shared in all the terrible fights of the Peninsular campaign. Amid the carnage of Malvern Hill, when all the commissioned officers of his company were killed or wounded, he took command and led his men into that closing charge which swept the rebel hosts back from the Union lines, saved the day and saved the army of the Potomac. He now brought to the work of organizing the new regiment the experience of a veteran and a determination that inspired others to do and dare in defense of their country.

Other Wayne county men, who assisted in this organization and received appointments as staff officers were Professor John B. VanPetten, of Red Creek, who became Lieutenant-Colonel, Dr. David H. Armstrong of Red Creek, who became Assistant Surgeon, and Rev. William Putnam of Lyons, who became Chaplain. Four companies were speedily raised.

Henry P. Underhill, of Macedon, recruited for one company and he became Captain. He secured his men largely in Macedon and the adjoining towns. His company had a good strong foundation, from the fact that he had already enlisted nearly fifty men towards the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Regiment, and when that was pronounced full he had these ready towards the One Hundred and Sixtieth. His company was designated "B." Rev. William Potter, of Pultneyville, now supplemented his former sermons and speeches of a warlike character by offering his personal services to the cause of the country. He went actively into the work of enlisting, and in Williamson and Arcadia, with some help from other towns, he soon had a company ready for moving to Auburn. It became company "A." For Captain Potter's company a large amount of labor was energetically performed in Newark. At that time the war committee of Arcadia consisted of Stephen K. Williams,

William T. Barney and P. W. Kenyon. They executed the trust confided to them with great energy and with scrupulous accuracy. A complete report of their work in raising money to aid the organization of Captain William Potter's company is before the writer. It is fully written out in items and accounts for every dollar received.

The subscribers were Christian Walters, \$100; Henry L. Fairchild, \$50; Stephen K. Williams, John S. Cronise, J. Moreau Smith, Ezra L. Chadwick, Thomas Barrier, Rufus Reed, Orrin Blackmar, R. H. & L. Pulver, Fletcher Williams, John M. Mills, Rose & Kemper, R. Price, Loyal Rhodes, P. W. Kenyon, E. T. Grant, John V. Robinson, Joseph A. Miller, Mead Allerton, Jacob P. Lusk, C. A. Stebbins, E. M. Hyde, G. H. Piersons, Henry I. Piersons, Jacob Nicholoy, Hiram Filkins, Orrin Barker, Edwards & VanOstrom, William C. Piersons, A. W. Hyde, Elon St. John, Hiram Knoph, B. D. Foster, E. P. Soverhill, J. H. Soverhill, William Flemming, James H. Reeves, William H. Conine, M. A. Soverhill, Marvin See, Henry Cronise, Samuel Cronise, George E. Sheldon, John T. Leggett, James Pollock, Phillip H. Cramer, Philip Schaub, Abram Forshay, George VanHooser, Mrs. Nelson P. Row, Madison Stever, Gideon G. Austin, Perry G. Price, Benjamin Bailey, Thomas J. Lyman, C. S. Vandecar, Henry Rider, Stephen Vaughn, Emery & Keller, Joel Eggleston, Daniel Smith, E. H. Richmond, George H. Price, Oliver Morley, Otis Reed, Peter A. Whitbeck, Henry Vail, N. S. Osborn, Crandall & Hollenbeck, Jacob Vanderbilt, Isaac N. Clark, Smith & See, Ebenezer Austin, Myron H. Briggs, William H. Lee, William Thomas, L. D. Smith, George Waters, Pierson H. Jeremiah, C. M. Whiting, Hiram Welcher, Ezra Pratt, J. P. Welcher, Edwin Lee & Brothers, Jacob P. Vosburgh, Isaac Soverhill, J. G. & G. F. Harmon, J. G. Harmon, Sen., Homer Sweezey, James Phillips, Clark Phillips, E. T. Aldrich, A. G. Percy, Charles Chadwick, George Daniel, Robinson & Sleight, and Horace Blackmar, each \$25. Richard White, David S. Fox, William Fish, each \$15. William H. Holmes, Justus B. Soverhill, Albert Cady, E. P. Howell, Lanson Fisk, Edwin Robinson, George Howland, T. F.

Horton, Martin VanAuken, each \$12.50. John Lee, Samuel R. Tracy, Mrs. A. O. Lamoreaux, Albert A. Parks, John Waters, Edwin Blackmar, John Harris, Col. A. Hays, each \$10, and numerous smaller sums, carrying the total up to \$2,940.50.

This money was given in sums of \$25 each to ninety-six volunteers, \$2,400; \$20 was paid in special bounties; \$16.50 was used for expenses, and the balance in notes and cash \$504, was paid over to the Ladies' Aid Society.

At Lyons a strong movement in aid of the third Wayne and Cayuga regiment was made by Bartlett R. Rogers and others. Mr. Rogers had formerly worn military honors in the old times of general trainings, rising to the rank of Colonel. He now became at once an example and an inspiration to younger men. The work of enrolling went briskly forward. Public meetings were held, and the streets of Lyons that had already been noisy with the drum and fife, beating for recruits for the One Hundred and Eleventh, and the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth, were again echoing to martial sounds. The company was duly organized with Bartlett R. Rogers as Captain, and was designated "C."

John B. Burrud, of Marion, and Edward H. Sentell (a brother of the Major,) and Myron H. Shirts, of Sodus, led in the movement for a company that was soon duly organized. It became "D" of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Infantry. A sword was presented to Captain Burrud, by his friends in Marion, in October, 1862. The speech of presentation was made by Rev. Amasa Stanton. The gallant Captain made an appropriate reply and said in closing :

"I tender my thanks to those who have aided us in recruiting this company, hoping that their confidence in us may never be betrayed. We go to represent you on the field of deadly strife. May your cheeks never mantle with a blush when we make our report from that field. May the Great Ruler of the Universe guide and protect our armies; give them power to crush this unholy rebellion and when the mantle of peace is again spread over this beloved land, permit us to return to our dear homes and friends. I bid you adieu, and hasten where duty calls with an imperative voice."

The Palmyra *Courier* of August 29th, 1862, bristles with "last appeals" to fill quotas and avoid the draft.

On Saturday previous, a recruiting tent had been pitched in the middle of the street in front of the Palmyra Hotel. On Monday, Captain Underhill sent fifty men to Auburn from Palmyra and Macedon, expecting them to have a place in the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth. They were too late, however, and as orders to raise a *third* regiment in Wayne and Cayuga had been received, Captain Underhill's company was mustered in as Company A, of what was afterwards numbered the One Hundred and Sixtieth. For several days all places of business was closed at 3 P. M., or at 6 P. M., and the whole people gave themselves up to the work of swelling the popular enthusiasm and filling the ranks. The *Courier* says:

"Marion—noble town—has raised thirty-five men since last Friday, considerable more than her quota. Ontario has raised her full quota. Williamson and Walworth will have their respective quotas before to-morrow night. Macedon has been behind, but is now coming forward nobly. Arcadia is out of the woods or nearly so, we are informed. The eastern part of the county has, if such a thing were possible, done even better than the western. Galen, Rose, Sodus, Butler and Savannah, have raised their full quota, and the other towns we are assured will bring up before to-morrow night.

"Captain Underhill is desirous of filling his company before Saturday night, and all who intend to go voluntarily should at once come forward and sign the muster roll.

"Come forward 'brave' young men. Don't wait for the draft, but enroll your names at once, and receive the generous bounties offered by your fellow citizens.

"Three cheers for Marion. Marion has more than filled her quota. Lieutenant John B. Burrud left yesterday morning for Auburn with thirty-five men."

*From the Courier of September 5.*

"Well done Palmyra. Palmyra's quota under both calls of the President for 600,000 men was filled before midnight on Saturday last."

The Board of Supervisors held another meeting in August, and the following is a record of the proceedings:



## SPECIAL SESSION OF SUPERVISORS.

August 23d, 1862, at a special meeting of the Board held at the Court House, to consider the best means of hastening enlistments, so that a draft in this county may be avoided. Mr. St. John, of Arcadia, presided. The Supervisors were all present. The following resolutions were adopted:

*“Resolved,* That the County Treasurer pay as expenses for procuring such recruits as have enlisted to fill the quota from this county under the calls for 600,000 men, all necessary expenses not to exceed ten dollars for each recruit.

*“Resolved,* That the resolution passed by this Board at its last meeting, authorizing the giving of a bounty of fifty dollars to each volunteer from this county, be and the same is hereby rescinded, the offer of the Governor having superseded their action.”

A committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Hough, Leach and Hance, on resolutions, who reported the following which was adopted:

*“Resolved,* That this Board hereby authorize the Treasurer of Wayne county to borrow on the credit of the county, a sum of money sufficient to pay to each man who shall enlist and be mustered into the service of the United States, one hundred dollars as an additional bounty, until the quota of this county of the 600,000 troops now called for is filled—the bounty to be paid to such men as have enlisted or shall enlist at any time between the 23d day of August and the 1st day of September, 1862, (and in the towns of Palmyra, Arcadia, Macedon, Marion and Williamson, persons also who have enlisted during the two days previous to the 23d day of August, to wit, on the 21st or 22d day of August,) or until a draft is commenced, said sums to be assessed upon such towns in this county as are deficient in their respective quotas, in proportion to their respective deficiencies.

*“Resolved,* That we ask the Legislature to pass a law levying a tax upon the people of this county in such a manner that each town shall be taxed in proportion to the sum necessary to be raised to pay the one hundred dollars bounty, to as many men as each town may lack to make out its quota under the call for 600,000 men by the President, and that the bounty money be paid by the County Treasurer to the order of the Supervisors of each town respectively.

*“Resolved,* That each Supervisor report at the earliest possible day, (certainly before Wednesday next) to the County Treasurer, the number of men necessary to be recruited in

his town to fill out the quota of his town, under the two calls of the President and the amount of money which should in his opinion be necessarily expended for volunteers and recruiting purposes in his town."

#### ANNUAL SESSION OF 1862.

For the purpose of examining the vouchers for bounty moneys previously paid out under the resolution of August 23d, 1862, a committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Hough, Lakey and Flower.

The Military Finance Committee of the county appointed by the Military Committee of the Twenty-Fifth Senatorial District were authorized by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors, passed at a special meeting held in the month of July, 1862, "to audit and draw upon the County Treasurer for expenses growing out of volunteer enlistments in said county, under the two calls of the President, an amount not to exceed ten dollars for each recruit."

Under this resolution each member of the Committee, S. B. Gavitt, S. K. Williams and Eron N. Thomas, reported at the annual session of 1862, their expenditures. Mr. Gavitt reported the sum of \$931.85, of which the United States would refund for transportation \$137.87, leaving a county charge of \$793.98.

Mr. Williams reported \$1070.00, of which \$39.60 was for transportation, leaving a county charge of 1030.40.

Mr. Thomas reported the sum of \$1,393.76.

Total expenditures, \$3,210.14.

#### THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE SUBMITTED A REPORT.

*"To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Wayne County :*

"Your Committee to whom was referred the report of the War Finance Committee, and the examination of their vouchers and the vouchers of the Supervisors of the several towns for moneys paid out for the purpose of facilitating enlistments, would report that they have examined the vouchers of the Finance Committee, and find that they agree in all respects with their report to this Board, and that they have examined the vouchers of the several Supervisors, and find that they agree in all respects with their reports.

"The adjustment made is in compliance with the resolution passed by your Honorable Body.

"Your Committee would recommend that one half of the amount of bonds due March 15, 1863, with the whole amount of interest due at that time be assessed upon the several towns.

"Your Committee would also recommend the adoption of the following resolutions :

"*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of this county be authorized to borrow the sum of 10,650.00, upon the credit of the county, chargeable to the several towns having bonds becoming due, being the balance necessary to be raised and due March 15th, 1863, on terms not to exceed the rate of seven per cent. per annum.

"*Resolved*, That the Members of Assembly from this county and the Senator from this district be requested to use their best efforts for the speedy passage of a law legalizing all the acts of the Board of Supervisors, of Wayne county, in relation to the borrowing and raising of moneys for bounty and recruiting purposes, and that the Clerk of this Board serve a copy of this resolution upon said Members of Assembly and Senator.

"All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. E. HOUGH,	} <i>Special</i>
H. S. FLOWER,	
IRA LAKEY,	

*Committee."*

At this time, and as a supplement to the above proceedings, the following resolution was adopted :

"WHEREAS, There was a bounty offered by this county chargeable to the several towns using the same, for the purpose of stimulating the enlistment of volunteers, and by the exertions of the citizens in a number of the towns with the aid of the liberal bounty, those towns have succeeded in raising more men than their respective quotas ; and, whereas, there appears to be four towns in the county that have failed to furnish their respective quotas, but still derive their full benefit of exemption from draft, because of the surplus of volunteers in the other towns ; therefore, be it

"*Resolved*, That these four towns be assessed for their due proportion of bounty moneys paid out by the County Treasurer, in accordance with a resolution passed by this Board August 23d, 1862."

In pursuance of this resolution, there was assessed upon Huron, \$1,000 ; upon Sodus, \$800 ; upon Walworth, \$1,100 ; upon Williamson, \$100. And this \$3,000 was credited as follows in the adjustment : Arcadia, that had furnished an excess of thirteen volunteers over their own quota, \$1083.33 ; Butler, that had furnished an excess of five volunteers,

\$416.67; Lyons, with an excess of seven volunteers, \$583.32; Macedon, with an excess of one volunteer, \$83.35; Palmyra, with an excess of ten volunteers, \$833.33.

After making the adjustment required by this resolution, the total chargeable to each of the following towns was as follows, calculated to March 15, 1863: Arcadia, \$4,788.48; Butler, \$1,808.46; Huron, \$1,344.70; Lyons, \$2,813.48; Macedon, \$1,743.38; Marion, \$1,604.16; Palmyra, \$3,027.96; Sodus, \$2,993.13; Walworth, \$725.76; Williamson, \$1,990.14. Total, \$22,909.65.

In the same manner the amount of bonds to fall due March 15, 1864, with one year's interest, was calculated as follows, giving a total nearly equal to the above, pursuant to the resolution, to divide the whole sum into two equal annual payments: Arcadia, \$4,556.14; Butler, \$1,489.09; Huron, \$1,337.50; Lyons, \$3,004.92; Macedon, \$2,095.41; Marion, \$1,337.50; Palmyra, \$2,978.19; Sodus, \$2,461.00; Walworth, \$1,444.50; Williamson, \$1,979.50. Total, \$22,684.02.

The quota required from Wayne county under the calls of 1862, is shown in the following table, as also the number of recruits actually raised by November 15th:

	Quota.	Raised.
Arcadia.....	164	178
Butler.....	72	76
Galen.....	166	189
Huron.....	60	51
Lyons.....	156	173
Macedon.....	78	76
Marion.....	62	62
Ontario.....	70	75
Palmyra.....	134	143
Rose.....	66	97
Savannah.....	60	69
Sodus.....	146	140
Walworth.....	66	54
Williamson.....	82	75
Wolcott.....	94	120
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,476	1,581
		1,476

Surplus of the county..... 105

## CHAPTER V.

1863—RETURN OF THE EARLIER COMPANIES—THE DRAFT—THE PEOPLE UNDAUNTED—SORELY TESTED BUT FIRM—LISTS OF DRAFTED MEN—ENLISTMENTS FOR SECOND MOUNTED RIFLES—TWENTY-SECOND CAVALRY—OFFICIAL ACTION, &C., &C.

THE immense efforts of the preceding year to enlist men and organize regiments, the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth, the One Hundred and Eleventh and the One Hundred and Sixtieth left little to be done in the earlier months of 1863, towards direct enlistments. From time to time recruits were obtained for existing regiments, but no general and concerted movement characterized the winter and spring of this year. The work of Aid Societies went on. Vast supplies were needed, and Wayne county did its full share in all this noble and patriotic work. There was required at this time the greatest possible exercise of faith and courage. The strain of a continued war with possibly a doubtful result was beginning to tell upon those whose hopes for early victory had so often been bitterly disappointed. Union Leagues were formed during this spring and summer. There were only a few which left any records that the historian can now gather up. They were not designed for any particular department of work, or for any special line of support to the National Government. They were rather intended to develop and strengthen public sentiment in a general way for the defense of the national cause.

### UNION LEAGUE IN SODUS.

A meeting was held at Lawrence's Hotel, in Sodus, on Saturday evening, May 3d, at which was organized a Union League, for the town,—a branch of the National League—and the following officers were selected: E. W. Sentell, President; David Rogers, Vice-President; E. A. Green, Treasurer; C. D. Gaylord, Secretary; L. A. Clark, L. M. Gaylord, J. W. Brown, Central Committee; J. A. Boyd,

C. C. Teall, W. M. Woodworth, Committee to Draft Constitution and By-Laws.

Patriotic remarks were made by Colonel E. W. Sentell, L. H. Clark, Esq., and others. The meeting adjourned to meet on Saturday evening next, at the same place.

April 10th, 1863, a Union League was formed at Marion. Ira Lakey, Esq., President; C. Tremain, Esq., Vice-President; Seth C. Dean, Secretary; Albert O. Wilcox, Treasurer; Amasa Stanton, Stephen Trumbull, I. M. Galloway, Joel Norton and D. F. Lewis, Executive Committee.

Similar organizations were formed in other towns.

In these "times that tried men's souls," the pulpit gave no uncertain sound; patriotic self-sacrifice was weekly taught as the highest duty of the citizen towards God and towards man.

The Lyons Presbytery took formal action, as follows, at their meeting, April 15th, 1863:

"WHEREAS, Our people are, at this moment, standing in the midst of all the anxieties, forebodings and perils incident to the wicked and bloody assault made by an unscrupulous pro-slavery rebellion, against one of the best of human governments; and

"WHEREAS, Our reliance for the triumph of the Government in its attempts to maintain its just authority within all our borders, and for the suppression of the rebellion, must be in the care, blessing and guidance of Almighty God; and

"WHEREAS, The President of the United States has appointed the 30th day of this month to be observed as a day for fasting, humiliation and prayer, when our people shall meet all over the land, to draw near unto God, our Saviour, with a broken, believing and hopeful heart, seeking His mercy for our people, in the triumph of truth and righteousness over falsehood and wrong; therefore,

"Resolved, That it be recommended to all the churches within our limits, to make early arrangements for the proper observance of the day appointed."

The Presbytery appointed the following Commissioners to the General Assembly: Rev. A. Blakely, of Wolcott; Lay Commissioner, Columbus Croul, of Lyons.

The author of the article below was Mrs. B. C. Ketchum, formerly Miss E. S. Clark, of Sodus. She was one of the two Graduates who first received the Diploma of Sodus

Academy, July 1st, 1859; and is still remembered there as one of a circle of able writers whose productions were often heard with pleasure in Lyceum exercises, and at the Academic exhibitions. Mrs. Ketchum's brother, Edwin Clark, was a soldier under Grant, in the Western campaigns, and her husband was in the army of the Potomac. It is said she wrote this article just after seeing "men" on the way to Pultneyville to take the boat for *Canada*!! To a friend who remarked, about this time, "I cannot see through," she replied instantly, "I can *believe* through."

*From the Lyons Republican of May 27, 1863.*

"THOUGH THE NIGHT IS DARK, THE DAY SURELY COMETH."

"There has been, perhaps, no darker time since the Rebellion first broke out, than the present. The diabolical plots of traitors at home have never been more glaring. The seeming incompetency of some of our own leaders has never been more apparent. Rebeldom has never seemed less inclined to surrender. Providence has never seemed farther off. In fact, everything, perhaps, has never looked more unpropitious for our success, and we been called upon to work by *faith* more fully than now.

"But because these things are so, shall we give up to despair? Shall we let that patriotism which burned in our hearts, and was manifested by our words and deeds when the war-cloud was not half as black and threatening as now, die out before that which should only increase it? God forbid! At this critical period of our Nation's history, should we show an imbecile spirit of devotion to our country? Should we, because we have near and dear friends sacrificing their lives seemingly to no real purpose, become indifferent to the progress of affairs, and utter such a sentiment as this—"I care not which side conquers, if our loved ones will only come home, and the war cease!" Oh! shortsighted mortals! Oh! weak affection! When we ought to gird ourselves for deeper disappointment, and invoke strength for severer contests, should we prove ourselves *base cowards*?

"There are those in our army to-day, who would gladly lay down their arms and come home—those, too, over whose patriotism and noble devotion to their country, we shouted with joy, and with whom we sent our 'God speed.' How true was that patriotism? How fervent was that devotion?

"Don't let any one call himself a true patriot, unless he will do all in his power, under any circumstances whatever,

for his country's good. There are many among us who call themselves patriots, and true lovers of their country, who are yet helping to lengthen the time between now and a glorious victory, by their indifference—by their 'don't care which side conquers.' Are not such, traitors at heart? Ought not such a sentiment to be rebuked?

"It is not *open* rebeldom alone with which we have to contend now. There is an unseen current retarding our progress, and wearying us with its unseen influence. Oh! men and women of the North, shall we slumber now? Shall we faint? Shall we urge our brave soldier-boys home? Shall we do anything to prevent others from going? Shall we commit any act which may make future generations hate us, or blush over puny ancestors of the nineteenth century—puny in soul as well as body? If not, let us arise to greater action; let us redouble our patriotism; let us throw off all feelings of despair and discouragement, and go to work with renewed energy. 'For though the night is dark, the day surely cometh.'

"SODUS, March, 1863.

C. S. E."

There were hundreds of the women of Wayne who felt as she wrote. Men may have studied the situation from a practical standpoint, and feared the worst. *They* estimated the probabilities, and balanced the chances upon a comparison of battalions and the weight of cannon; but the wives, the sisters, the mothers, with their instinctive *faith* shining even through their tears, believed that though the night was dark, surely the day was coming.

Here was another daughter of Wayne whose pen traced her faith in the following stirring lines:

#### OUR WAYNE VOLUNTEERS.

AIR:—"Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

- "They went in defense of the Union,  
 When traitorous Southerners came  
 And sought, with dark acts of rebellion,  
 To bring our dear country to shame.  
 These patriots braved every danger,  
 They shed both their blood and their tears;  
 Let us cherish the memory ever  
 Of our gallant, our brave Volunteers.
- "They've gone, and our prayers shall attend them,  
 Our hearts throb with sympathy true;  
 May God in his mercy defend them,  
 As they fight 'neath the Red, White and Blue!  
 But accursed for all time among nations,  
 And greeted with scoffings and jeers,  
 Be the foes who would sever the Union—  
 The foes of our brave Volunteers.



- “ Their guns in the sunlight are gleaming—  
 But fairer and brighter above,  
 That glorious banner is streaming—  
 The Stars and Stripes that we love.  
 They stand by our good Constitution,  
 And say to us, ‘ quiet your fears,’  
 Let the rebel who cries ‘ Dissolution ’  
 Beware of the brave Volunteers ! ”
- “ The Southrons, with haughty defiance,  
 Command us to bow at their feet ;  
 But gone in their boasted reliance  
 When our soldiers in battle they meet.  
 We shall conquer them sooner or later,  
 In spite of their taunts and their sneers ;  
 And we trust every black-hearted traitor  
 To the arms of our brave Volunteers.
- “ Preserve them from death and disaster,  
 Thou Ruler of land and of sea !  
 We commend, O, our Heavenly Master,  
 Our soldiers and sailors to Thee !  
 And also, we pray for the mothers,  
 Who, quelling their doubts and their fears,  
 Have sent from their fair Northern homestead  
 A son with the brave Volunteers.
- “ May their camps be defended from danger,  
 Their hearts be protected from sin ;  
 May dishonor to them be a stranger,  
 And hope hold her empire within.  
 And when strife and contention are ended,  
 And the sweet star of peace reappears,  
 The thanks of our country, defended,  
 We'll give to the brave Volunteers.”

WOLCOTT, March 25, 1863.

“ LU-LIGHT-ET-EGO.”

The return of the companies that had left the county in the spring of 1861 was a marked feature of May and June, 1863. They received a right royal welcome as they marched home with depleted ranks, torn banners and war worn men.

The following account is taken from the columns of the *Lyons Republican* for May 22d, 1863 :

WELCOME TO THE BRAVE—RETURN OF COMPANY B, TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S. VOLS.

“ Wednesday was one of the most memorable days in the history of Lyons and the county. The remnant of the gallant band of patriots who left amid prayers and tears, two years ago, to purchase with the heart's blood of many of them, the restoration of our glorious Union, returned to us the sunburnt braves of many a hard-fought field, to receive our heartfelt blessings and thanks.

“ The time in which to make the preparations was so brief that fears were entertained for the success of the reception.

That the event proved them to be groundless, the crowd who witnessed the ceremonies will unanimously agree.

"At an early hour in the morning the signs of active preparation were everywhere to be seen. Banners were flung to the breeze from scores of flag-staffs, and our citizens were busily engaged in decorating their stores and residences along the proposed line of march, while the streets were fast filling with people from every direction.

"Shortly after twelve o'clock the six-pounder stationed on the Fair Grounds announced the Company in sight. The 'boys' dismounted from the wagons in which they had been conveyed from Geneva by a few of our liberal citizens, and were marched to their place in the procession, which was formed just north of the railroad track, and moved in the following order:

"Lyons Union Cornet Band.

"Martial Music.

"Chairman of Committee of Arrangements, Orator and Chaplain.

"The Clergy.

"The President and Board of Trustees of the Village.

"The Committee of Arrangements.

"The Recruiting officers and Soldiers of Company B, led by Colonel A. D. Adams, including Officers and Soldiers formerly of Company B and Honorably Discharged.

"Members of other military organizations.

"Eagle Fire Company, No. 1.

"Rescue Fire Company, No. 3.

"Hook and Ladder Company.

"Young American Zouaves.

"Citizens in carriages and on foot.

"When the procession started, the artillerists began firing a National Salute, the Brass and Martial Bands played National Airs alternately, and the church bells poured forth a merry peal. All along the line of march, our townfolks, and especially the ladies, exerted themselves to the utmost to show their appreciation of this gallant Company, whose patriotism, coolness, and courage have been demonstrated beyond question on many a 'well fought field.' No words can convey an adequate impression of the tumult of joy that swept through the bosoms of both the welcomers and the welcomed.

"The procession moved across the River Bridge to Water street, (passing beneath a tastefully-trimmed arch which had been placed over the east end of the bridge by the ladies—a beautiful ornament, and one which elicited a number of compliments;) up Water street to Broad street; up Broad

street to Jackson street; down Jackson street to Phelps street; down Phelps street to Canal street; up Canal street to William street; down William street to Water street; down Water street to the Fair Grounds.

“All along the route every available space in the street, doors, windows and yards, was crowded with people endeavoring to express, in every conceivable manner, their joy at the return of the Company. Cheers that had a taste of tears, and silent gestures of welcome greeted the troops at every point. The eye met everywhere banners, and flags and colored festoons. Probably so large a concourse of people seldom before assembled upon any occasion in this village, nor was there ever such enthusiasm, patriotism and gratitude offered, or more worthily bestowed, than on Wednesday.

“The bronzed heroes marched steadily, and although each one no doubt yearned to embrace beloved ones whose eyes they met at nearly every turn, no swerving or faltering was discernable. If anything could have added to the general gratification, it was the splendid soldierly appearance of every member of the Company, and of their Colonel. They looked wearied and travel-stained, yet erect and strong and stern. The old battle flag was borne proudly, and all eyes looked gratitude and pride as they turned towards its tattered and bullet-torn folds.

“Colonel Adams rode the horse which has accompanied him in every battle since his promotion to the command of the Twenty-seventh.

“The enthusiasm inspired by the presence of this remnant of a Company once more than a hundred strong, was modified by the recollection of the absent dead, who had given their lives for their country; and tears were mingled with the plaudits which followed the march of the surviving heroes.

“The most affecting scene of all was that when the procession passed the residence of Mr. James McElwain—the father of the brave boy who died from wounds received at the battle of Gaines’ Mills. Here the Company unfixed bayonets, paying the marching salute, and passed in Company front at shouldered arms. Many a hardy soldier endeavored in vain to repress the tears which *would* come into his eyes as he thought of the poor boy who fills a soldier’s grave in Virginia, and heaved a heartfelt sigh to the memory of their former comrade in arms.

“Arrived at Floral Hall, in the Fair Grounds, the procession halted, and half an hour was allowed the Company to exchange greetings with the hosts of friends who came

flocking around them. Meantime the Officers of the Corporation, the Clergy, the Committee of Arrangements, the Orator of the Day, (Rev. Mr. Montgomery,) and the Chaplain of the Day, (Rev. Mr. Stacey,) appeared on the balcony, and the assemblage being called to order, the Chaplain offered a fervent prayer for the continued well-being of the returned members of the Company, after which Rev. Mr. Montgomery delivered the Address of Welcome—an address, by the way, which called forth the warmest expressions of approbation—as follows:

“*Officers and Soldiers* In behalf of your old friends and neighbors, I bid you a cordial welcome home again. In their behalf, I congratulate you that in the good providence of God, you have returned safely from the perils of the camp and battle-field, to the peaceful walks and duties of life. If ever soldiers deserved well of their countrymen, yours is a claim which your fellow-citizens are proud to acknowledge. And, on this day, it is our pleasant duty to tender you this public tribute to your services. It will ever be remembered to your honor, that yours was the first company from this immediate vicinity to enlist in the grand army of the Union. Two years have elapsed since we bid you God speed in the glorious work you had undertaken. And an honorable discharge now awaits you, as patriot soldiers, who have dared everything and endured everything, in the glorious defense of our country's unity. For those two years we have watched your course with the deepest interest. And now that it is completed, we can only look back upon it with feelings of perfect satisfaction. We welcome you home, then, as trusty champions of a most sacred cause—a cause that may well demand our services till the right—our country's right—is fully and uncompromisingly vindicated. It is true, that as yet, peace does not reward your toil. It is true, that your country smiles her gracious approval upon you, even through her tears. It is true that even now, with the shouts of welcome ringing in your ears, there mingle the notes of sterner conflict still before us, to which you may again be called. But you have done your duty well. The work you enlisted for has been well performed. And when your country gathers the laurel for her victorious sons, you will not be overlooked.

“But with those laurels must be twined the grateful memory of the departed—of those brave comrades who went forth with you to battle, and who perished in the fight. In looking over your ranks we miss the well-known forms of those young spirits, whose opening manhood has been offered on their country's altar. Their sweet remem-

brance hallows with a sad solemnity to-day's rejoicings. Doubtless there are those around us here, whose hearts have been wrung by the desolation brought upon them by this fearful war. Let such have our truest sympathy, and let them be well assured, that their dead are held in honored recollection. We cannot soon forget the names of Allee, of Dunn, of Gaul, of Holmes, of McElwain, of Metzker, of Seavy, of Mills, of Keesler, of Morey, of Andrews, of Brink, of Hennegan, and of Strickland.

"*They have died* for their country—but *we* still *live*. Let us see to it, soldiers, that we live as patriots. The voice of our brothers' blood crieth to us from the ground to quit us like men, and be strong in this crisis of our Nation's history. We are wrestling with the mighty demon of Rebellion that tears and rends us sore, and no *gentle* exorcisms will cast it out. But, if true to ourselves, we shall, with the blessing and help of Almighty God, drive out forever this disquieting spirit. This state of conflict—of seeming overthrow and discomfiture—may be only a step in the development of our political progress. Whatever we may lose in this fiery trial, we shall gain self-denial, self-sacrifice, and the bold daring of patriotism and soldiership. What we want, what we are struggling for, is a restored Nationality—one whole and undivided Union—with a strong, common, constitutional life—a national unity. And what we are struggling for, we are sure to obtain by the blessing of Heaven, if we are in earnest, and if, joining hand to hand, we bear, cheerfully and uncomplainingly, the burdens and exactions of the war.

"What are the rewards of industry, the gains of commerce, the success of trade, and even the life and blood of our men to the glorious work of restoring peace and union to our beloved country?

"Officers and Soldiers: It is because you have had a share in this great work, that we welcome you to-day. It is because you have been fighting to defend us in our property and homes, that we thus tender you a most grateful welcome. Happy families are waiting to receive you—happy hearts are waiting to embrace you. Prize them as among earth's best treasures; and in the duties and felicities of those happy homes, see to it that you show yourselves Christian men and Christian patriots.

"The procession then entered the hall and sat down to the refreshment tables, which had been laid for nearly four hundred persons, and after grace by Rev. Mr. Thomsen, half an hour more was spent in the enjoyment of the collation. 'The boys' sat at the tables with their parents, wives and friends, and ate with a will; while the merry jest, hearty

laugh and glowing countenance, demonstrated the fact that they were pleased with and highly enjoyed *that* portion of their reception quite as well as any other. The tables were beautifully ornamented with bouquets of flowers, and the hall tastefully trimmed with evergreens—the handi-work, need we say, of our patriotic ladies? In the centre of the ‘soldiers’ table’ was an urn, upon which was a flag, with the motto ‘To the memory of the Brave;’ and just overhead was a handsome banner bearing the words ‘Welcome Home!’

“After the collation, (which was very agreeably interrupted by the appearance of a suspicious-looking basket,—an ‘original package’ evidently,—a present to the Colonel from Caleb Rice, Esq.,—and the distribution of the contents of said ‘package,’ several patriotic pieces were sung by a Quartette under the direction of Prof. Tillotson, which were enthusiastically cheered by the assemblage. A beautiful piece—called ‘A Song,’ but worthy of a better title—composed for the occasion by Mrs. Anna R. Halliday, of this village, and dedicated to the Twenty-seventh, was among the number. It was sung in the good old tune of the Star-Spangled Banner. We publish the words of this piece below :

#### A SONG.

AIR :—“*Star-Spangled Banner.*”

- “ Let shouts of rejoicing burst forth on the air,  
 And each soul sing a hymn to the God of Creation,  
 Let the Stars and the Stripes that so proudly we bear,  
 Wave o’er the brave heroes, who fought for their Nation.  
 Through battle’s red flame, have they won a proud name,  
 And ages unborn will yet herald their fame,  
 While the emblem of glory the Laurel shall wave,  
 Triumphantly wreathing the brow of the brave.
- “ When the war-cry for freemen was heard through the land,  
 Like the Sires of our Country, they nobly defended  
 The Altar of Liberty, blest be that band  
 Whose conflicts and dangers, we trust are now ended,  
 Whose firesides were won by our great Washington,  
 Let praises be given for the work they have done.  
 And the emblem of glory the Laurel shall wave,  
 Triumphantly wreathing the brow of the brave.
- “ May the wailing of sorrow that comes from afar  
 On the wings of the breeze, for the loved ones who, sleeping,  
 Repose ‘neath the beams of yon bright Southern star,  
 Be hushed for a time, and sad eyes cease their weeping.  
 Let happy hearts blend, in a joy that ne’er ends,  
 For the Soldier’s return to his home and his friends,  
 Though the Cypress its branches may mournfully wave,  
 With the Laurel that droops o’er some far Southern grave.”

“ Rev. Mr. Brown then offered thanks in a Dismissory Prayer, which was followed by the Benediction, by Rev. Mr. Montgomery, after which the crowd dispersed, the soldiers seeking their respective homes; and thus ended the reception.

“ So terminated the proceedings of an occasion more magnificent in its outward features, and grander in its moral aspect, than Lyons ever saw in all her previous history. We have but feebly depicted it; the thousand incidents which contributed to its sublime effect, and wrought the intense emotion connected with it, could not be caught, and cannot be preserved, as we wish they might be, for history.

“ The Twenty-seventh Regiment, in which Company B has an honorable place, has been in most of the important battles fought on the soil of the State of Virginia, and has acquitted itself, as all know, with credit to the members thereof, and to the respective towns in which its companies were recruited. Many who left Elmira with the Regiment, have found a soldiers' grave, and many are home maimed for life. A fitting reception of the survivors of our own company was not only proper, but imperative, and we are pleased to know that all who witnessed the ceremonies of Wednesday, unite in pronouncing them at once appropriate and imposing.”

Company B, of the Thirty-third, returned to Palmyra and was received as shown in the following account from the *Courier*, of that village :

#### THE RETURN OF COMPANY B, THIRTY-THIRD INFANTRY.

At last two years of service for this company were finished. They had been full of toil and strife, full of privation and hardship.

Palmyra had sent them forth with loyal wishes, with hopes strong and bright. She had bid them stand for the defense of the Union, bid them fight for home and country. Upon them were invoked the richest blessings of heaven, and during all these months Palmyra had never blushed for her sons upon the battle-field. They were now coming home, and it was meet that Palmyra should welcome them with glad acclaims, with an ovation worthy of their heroic services and worthy of the national cause for which they had fought.

The regiment reached Elmira Sunday noon, May 17th, 1863. Company B left that city on Wednesday morning,

and reached Rochester to connect with the train due at Palmyra at 11:26 A. M.

Long before that hour the people from the surrounding towns began to pour into the village. At half past ten the procession composed of the Fire Department, the village government, the Palmyra band, the citizens of Palmyra and of neighboring towns formed, under the marshalship of Major J. A. Holmes and his assistants, Chase and Ferrin. It marched to the depot to receive the company. The crowd there was immense, reaching as high as two thousand, but the most perfect decorum prevailed, and the orders of the marshal were strictly obeyed. The train was promptly on time, and as it neared the depot the enthusiasm of the crowd became intense. All order and arrangement were for the moment set aside and a general rush made by the crowd to grasp by the hand the returned volunteers. This confusion, however, was very brief, and the procession was at once formed and marched to the Fair Grounds, in the following order :

1. Police.
2. President and members of the village Board.
3. Committee of arrangements.
4. Clergy and Speaker.
5. Palmyra Band.
6. Company B.
7. Disabled volunteers and soldiers of 1812 and the Mexican War in carriages.
8. Fire Department in uniform.
9. Masonic Order.
10. Citizens.

All along the route the utmost enthusiasm was apparent. The streets were lined by an eager multitude of citizens, and the dwellings presented a gay and animated appearance. Arriving at the Fair Grounds the procession proceeded to the rear of the building, where the company was drawn up in line and welcomed home in a few appropriate remarks by John Gilbert, Esq. He said :

“*Soldiers of Company B, of the Immortal Thirty-third*—It is one of the proudest duties of an enlightened and patriotic people to welcome to the paths of peace those who periled their lives in the defense of a common country. The same spirit of exalted patriotism that arouses communities from



the securities of peace to meet and grapple with alarming national exigencies, at the same time dictates to them the important and welcome duty of meeting these illustrious persons upon the very threshold of the social enclosure. Rome, whose invincible armies penetrated to the very heart of the then civilized world, spreading desolation over a wondering continent, always welcomed her returning sons with the voice of eloquence and the soul of song. But we ask for no precedent to establish the entire propriety of our humble endeavors to-day; it requires no allusions to the past, no anticipations of the future to prompt the citizens of Palmyra to pour out the gratitude of hearts quickened to a lively sensibility by the recollections of a campaign that has desolated, alas, many a heart, and many a hearth-stone.

“Contending manfully within sight of the spot hallowed by the dust of Washington, around you have surged the billows of the most unnatural strife that ever called forth the passions of men. Still you have been calm amid dangers, unflinching and determined in the very face of death, and true to the last. No higher or brighter laurels shall crown the brows of any of the six hundred thousand that to-day with bristling bayonets frown down upon the enemies of our country, than you have won. But what words are necessary to welcome to the hearts and arms of this community the defenders of her dignity upon the battle field? What voice can tell the deeds of heroism that for two years—the most eventful of American history—have given us security at home, while danger and death have been their companions abroad? No, it is the consciousness of duties performed in obedience to the dictates of a lofty patriotism that brings to you the truest welcome; and I may say here, that it is through the daring, the endurance, aye and the blood too, of just such men as these that we may hope for a future national existence; all that patriotism can dictate, or human energy perform, life, treasure, the hopes of youth and the fears of age, are centered in those grim ranks, though shattered and broken, that to-day stand the guardians of the welfare of a mighty people; ranks that should cr to shoulder with yourselves have calmly brushed death aside on many a bloody field. The sacred recollections that cling to the fields of Antietam, Fair Oaks, Yorktown, and Fredericksburgh, fields where to-day bleach the whitened bones of many of your former comrades, must grow fresh and beautiful with age, and even as to-day we point to the hallowed dust of our revolutionary defenders, will future generations turn and venerate the urns in which repose the ashes of the heroes who saved us in this our second peril.

“Citizens of Palmyra. Give us then but the simple expressions of your surcharged hearts, to welcome back to the places that once knew them, the remnant of that heroic band that has for two years been the object of more than parental solicitude. And here while the mild influences of spring are decking the earth with the annual evidences of returning life and freshness, while nature is all that is inviting and beautiful around us, do we offer to you, volunteers, the welcome of honest, earnest and grateful hearts.”

The reporter did not catch and fasten for the use of the future historian, the response of Colonel Corning. He spoke with honorable pride of the gallant services of his command, recounted some of the achievements that had rendered their career memorable, and alluded in tender, pathetic words, to those who had fallen in the strife.

Captain Draime, the bronzed veteran, was called for, and made a patriotic speech. He set forth, in plain terms, the extent and the horrors of this unholy rebellion, and declared his intention to organize another company and again enter the service in defense of the Constitution.

Lieutenant John J. Carter was also presented to the assemblage, and elicited hearty applause by his scholarly and appropriate remarks.

The tables spread for the returning soldiers, extended through the entire length of the hall, and were loaded with all the delicacies that the most thoughtful hand could provide. As the doors were thrown open, the beauty and loveliness of Palmyra were in waiting to receive the brave boys. Fair hands assisted them to places around the sumptuous board, and with assiduous attention, saw every want supplied. From the moment the day of arrival had been announced, the ladies had been untiring in their efforts to make the welcome home a success. Long will the brave boys of Company B hold in kindly remembrance the gallant ladies of Palmyra. Amid all this rejoicing, there was an undertone of sadness which pervaded every heart, as they compared the full ranks of the company that marched so proudly forth, two years ago, with the thinned ranks that now returned. How many homes had been made desolate, how many hearts crushed by the loss of some loved one. Bennett, Gardner, Knowles and Deyoe had perished on the battle field, and ten others had died of disease.

The following letter, though written some months later, may appropriately appear in this connection :

“ WASHINGTON, D. C., November 20th, 1863.

“ *Miss Nottingham and Ladies of Palmyra :*

“ I intended to have returned this flag in person to the ladies of Palmyra, but a severe illness and my entering the service on my recovery prevented my doing so. I thank them in behalf of the boys of Company B, not for the flag alone but for the many comforts received from time to time, prepared by their fair hands, which gave us patience to endure the hardships of camp life and courage in the deadly conflict, knowing and feeling that the noble ladies of Palmyra were ready and anxious with heart and hand to contribute to our comforts.

“ I am not a speech maker—for your sakes I wish I was. But accept a thousand thanks in behalf of officers and men of Company B. Whenever you gaze on this flag, though not as bright and beautiful as when its folds first kissed the breeze beneath your father’s trees, may it ever give you pride and pleasure to know that it was never stained with rebel blood, nor polluted with a traitor’s touch.

“ Again thanking you, and hoping that when this cruel war is over, we may meet again.

I am yours respectfully, H. J. DRAIME,  
Late Captain Company B, Thirty-third Regiment.”

The files of the Newark *Courier* not having been found for examination, the following brief notice of the return of Company I, of the Seventeenth, is taken from the correspondence of the Lyons *Republican*.

#### RECEPTION OF COMPANY I, SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT.

“ This gallant Company, the first that went from this town two years ago, returned home on Wednesday, June 10th, 1863. The two Fire Companies, Hook and Ladder Company, the Cornet Band, and hundreds of citizens met them at the depot, and escorted them to the village of Newark, where they were addressed in a patriotic reception speech, by Professor Steele, then the Principal of the Union School in Newark, but formerly a Captain of a volunteer company from Oswego county, and who was wounded in the battle of Seven Pines. The following is the address :

“ *Officers and Men of Company I :*—To me is assigned the pleasing task of addressing you in behalf of your assembled neighbors, friends and kindred. We bid you a hearty welcome home ; home from the toils and dangers of camp ; home to the quiet and rest of your peaceful firesides.

“During the years of your absence from your homes, there have been vacant seats at the table, vacant chairs at the hearth-stone, vacant positions in society. The rushing tide of life has not closed in upon the places you once occupied. They have been kept sacred for the defenders of our country. We hail your return to your former associations and friends.

“You went out from us fresh from the plow, the desk and the bench. You return to us war-scarred veterans. Your valor and patriotism have been tried in the dreadful shock of battle, and have not been found wanting. The record you have made is honorable to yourselves and to us. Newark is proud of such heroic sons. We have followed your military career with admiration. We have seen you, in imagination, standing amid the fierce hurricane of battle, heedless of the leaden storm, jealously guarding the honor of your flag, and like a wall of iron receiving the fiercest attacks of the foe. This baptism of fire, while it has sanctified your patriotism and attested your valor, has filled our hearts with joy and pride. We welcome your return beneath the folds of that glorious old flag you have so gallantly defended. Long may it wave over what we may now, more emphatically than ever before, believe to be

“*The home of the brave and land of the free.*”

“But our joy at your return is mingled with grief. As we look over your thinned ranks, the proof of your loyalty and devotion, we miss many familiar forms. The place of your gallant leader is vacant. He whom to-day we would delight to honor, has fallen. He died a soldier’s death, with his face to the foe. Captain Wilson, the agreeable companion, the sympathizing friend, the brave soldier, the accomplished officer, the hero, the patriot, is no more, save in our reverent memory of his virtues and valor. We to-day would cast the green wreath of our sincerest sympathy and condolence upon the new made graves of your honored dead. They moulder in soil all unworthy of the dust of freedom’s sons. How vain are words to express our debt of gratitude to those who have given their lives in defense of our dearest rights—our homes, our altars and our sires!

“How sleep the brave, who sink to rest,  
By all their country’s honors blest!  
When Spring, with dewy finger cold,  
Returns to deck their hallowed mould,  
She there shall dress a sweeter sod  
Than Fancy’s feet have ever trod.  
By fairy hands their kneel is rung;  
By forms unseen their dirge is sung;  
There Honor comes, a pilgrim gay,  
To bless the turf that wraps their clay,  
And Freedom shall awhile repair,  
To dwell a weeping hermit, there

“ May that God whose battles they fought, impress upon our minds the immortal principles for which they suffered, bled and died.

“ By our words of cheer and welcome we would in some measure, heal the wounds that war has made. We sympathize with your sorrows, lament your dead, honor your patriotism, respect your bravery, rejoice at your escape from the thousand perils of camp and field, and will aid you in keeping ever green the memory of the immortal ‘Seventeenth.’ In the sincerity and heartiness of our reception, forget, we pray you, the hardships of the soldier’s life—the lonely picket, the damp bivouac, the forced march, the headlong charge, the dull monotony of camp,—and remember only that, crowned with the brave man’s laurels, you are home at last, among friends beneath the ‘dear old flag’ of our Union.”

The Company responded in a very touching and interesting speech, made by the Rev. Mr. Shumway, and a Poem, by Miss F. H. Sheffield, was read; and after partaking of some refreshments, provided by General Barney, a general congratulation and warm shaking of hands ensued, and then all dispersed to their homes.

Their noble Captain, Andrew Wilson, fell at the second battle of Bull-Run, and his grave is among his friends in the eastern part of this State.

#### THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURGH.

At this time mingled joy and sorrow were carried into every town of the county by the news of the victory of Gettysburgh. It was true the rebels had been defeated. They had made a bold push for success by invading the North. To make our own soil the theatre of this contest seems to have been a favorite theory of the Confederate leaders. Accordingly they had dashed into the rich valleys of Pennsylvania; levied forced contributions upon York, Carlisle, and other towns; fed their starving men from the abundant granaries, and for a few days apparently moved on “conquering and to conquer.” Their cavalry swept up to within three miles of Harrisburgh, the capital of the State. The specie in the banks of that city was removed to Philadelphia; other valuables were also carried there, and men in many cases sent their families to a place of greater

safety. But the brave army of the Potomac was soon following upon their track. A battle was a necessity for both armies. General Lee was obliged to hazard all this brilliant scheme of invasion upon the result of a decisive blow.

It was a supreme hour to him and to his cause, no less than to General Meade and to the Union. To win a battle then and there—to annihilate the Union army—was to open to General Lee the gates of Philadelphia, with far-reaching and incalculable results. General Lee was compelled to halt his advancing forces and offer battle to General Meade.

To the *Union* army a battle was a necessity. If the victorious-career of the rebel forces was not checked then and there, no man could predict the events of the future. Had General Lee won a decisive victory at Gettysburgh, and then attempted a further movement northward, doubtless there would have been an immediate rallying of such immense forces of militia or of volunteers, that his progress would still have been checked, but the moral effect of a Confederate victory at Gettysburgh would have been disastrous in the extreme. Foreign nations might gladly have seized the opportunity to recognize the rebel government and given them material aid.

General Lee, turning slightly back from his advance, had the choice of the battle ground. He selected the heights northwest of Gettysburgh; and his army of 90,000 met in the first day's fight only a portion of the Union army—15,000, or possibly, 20,000 strong. As the sun went down over hill and valley, it shone upon the Union forces broken, scattered, retreating through the streets of Gettysburgh, and only safe when they had climbed the heights upon the southeast. That night the body of the Union army came up, and during the next two days there was fought the most decisive battle recorded in history subsequent to that of Waterloo. It was a Union victory, but won at a fearful sacrifice. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the news little by little came trembling along the wires, penetrating in fragments every part of the county. On Saturday letters began to reach the friends of the soldiers. The people gathered around the post-offices, and many a tender

scene occurred as letters were read telling the story of wounding and death. The writer can only recall the one that came under his own notice at the office in Sodus village.

• • Ten men from the town perished at Gettysburgh. The store of Edwin A. Green, postmaster, was filled that evening with an eager but almost silent multitude. The mail was distributed; daily papers were read to the people with the latest dispatches, and the latest lists of the killed and wounded. Scarcely a voice but that of the reader broke the silence. Then one or more private letters were read by those who had received them. Miss Augusta Granger, sister of Lieutenant N. E. Granger, had driven to the office in company with Miss Mason, who was in her employ. Opening a letter from Mrs. Dr. Vosburgh, she read in a low, sad, but firm voice, the account of her brother's death, with other pathetic incidents. In the hushed silence that followed, she closed her letter, and with scarcely a word, entered with her friend the carriage to return to her home.

The Sunday following was one of deep solemnity. Everywhere in tender words the pastors of the churches commended the bereaved ones to the tender mercies of the Heavenly Father; even while in earnest words of patriotic prayer, they asked that brave men might arise to fill the places of the fallen, and carry on the struggle until victory should crown the Union arms.

In several towns, arrangements were immediately made to send relief to the wounded. Fathers went to look after their sons in the hospitals, or to bring back their bodies for burial.

Palmyra held a meeting Sunday afternoon, raised a handsome sum of money and sent Lieutenant-Colonel Corning and Russell Tibbitts, to render such aid as might be possible on the field. George G. Jessup, John Williamson and George R. Kent, also left for Washington on Monday, to look after friends who had been wounded.

#### THE DRAFT OF 1863.

This carried consternation to the hearts of the people. The first outburst of enthusiasm for the old flag had been succeeded by something of a reaction. The brilliant hopes

in the early summer of 1861, that the contest might end in ninety days had been rudely scattered.

It was seen that a long and weary contest was upon our hands; that the resistance of the South was firm, persistent, unyielding. A large number of men had already gone from this county. Death had reaped his bloody harvest, and many a family were in mourning over sons slain upon the battlefield, or perished by sickness and exposure in the distant States of the Confederacy. In the spring of 1863 the national cause was still dear to the hearts of the people, but there was no halo of glory to arouse enthusiasm. The romance was gone. The people were face to face with the stern reality of actual war; a war that was no holiday affair, but one that was bloody, destructive and uncertain. Defeat, disaster, humiliation had fallen upon our arms, and the old flag, though upborne by loyal hands, had nevertheless trailed in the dust, as the grasp of the dying color bearer weakened upon the staff. It would have been more than human had there been no discouragement, no fearful forebodings of the future. There were those, however, whose faith in final success could never be shaken. The events of the summer too, should have inspired renewed confidence. The wave of rebel invasion had been rolled back from the heights of Gettysburgh. Vicksburgh had surrendered, and other decisive victories had been won, but the full effect of these could not then be seen by the people at large. The resources of the Southern Confederacy had proved unexpectedly great, and its ability to supply its often depleted armies was well nigh marvelous. There was also the ever present danger of foreign interference, or at least of difficult diplomatic complications.

With this state of feeling came the draft which was made at Auburn for this Congressional District, commencing July 23d, 1863. This draft was made pursuant to the first of the Conscription laws, passed by Congress after the opening of the war. Many opportunities for exemption existed under this law. The support of parents or children, brothers already in the service, and numerous physical disqualifications, some of a light and trivial character, offered



facilities for escaping military service that did not exist after this statute was repealed, and did not apply to drafts made nearer the close of the war. In addition, the law allowed a drafted man to pay \$300 and secure exemption, though he might be physically sound. As a consequence, this draft resulted in adding but very few men to the armies. To make allowance for these exemptions, the government ordered fifty per cent. added to the actual quota.

The following article from the *Lyons Republican* of July 24, 1863, gives the quotas of the several towns, and other items of explanation :

THE DRAFT.

“The Draft in the Twenty-fourth Congressional District commenced at Auburn yesterday. The quota of Cayuga county was to be first drawn. The quotas of the several towns in Wayne county (with the fifty per cent. added) are as follows :

Ontario.....	68
Williamson.....	60
Marion.....	52
Walworth.....	55
Macedon.....	87
Palmyra.....	103
Arcadia.....	140
Lyons.....	94
Sodus.....	142
Huron.....	46
Rose.....	49
Galen.....	137
Wolcott.....	75
Butler.....	63
Savannah.....	57

Total..... 1228

“The several quotas will be drawn in the above order. All the proceedings connected with the Draft will be conducted in the most public manner. The names of those drafted and of those exempted will be published. Cayuga county will be drawn first. Wayne county will not be reached probably before to-morrow.

“By a recent order of the Provost Marshal General, towns which have furnished an excess of their previous quotas are to be credited with such excess, on the certificate of the Governor that the excesses really exist. The quotas

to be drawn, as above, will, however, *be drawn*, all the same; *and afterward* the excess will be deducted from the number drafted, and a corresponding number *drawn from the drafted men.*"

Preparatory to the Draft of 1863, an enrollment was made by the following officers:

Arcadia—Joel Soverhill.  
 Butler—Samuel Miller.  
 Galeñ—Charles H. Reed.  
 Huron—Correll Upson.  
 Lyons—A. M. Wheeler.  
 Macedon—C. P. Hulbert.  
 Marion—Amasa Stanton.  
 Ontario—Alexander Sands.  
 Palmyra—G. N. Williams.  
 Rose—G. W. Ellinwood.  
 Savannah—B. Q. Servis.  
 Sodus—George S. Putnam.  
 Walworth—F. M. Sanford.  
 Williamson—L. S. Cuyler.  
 Wolcott—Charles Blakely.

The following were the results in part of the drawing for the several towns,—the names being drawn from those of the first class not exceeding thirty-five years of age:

It has been found difficult to give the complete results of the Draft. The newspapers at that time reported the status of men very well for a week or two, and then dropped the matter without clearing up the lists. Names are also badly spelled in the newspaper lists from which we copy.

#### ARCADIA.

Enrolled in First Class 476. Quota Drafted 140.

Charles Sebring,	John S. Wallace,
Silas B. Hollenbeck,	David B. Culver,
John A. Westfall,	George F. Palmer,
Jerome See,	Aaron E. Van Inwagen,
William Daniels,	Calvin Mitchell,
Lewis See,	William Whitmore,
Leonard Fray,	Eliab P. Grant,
Charles Hatsook,	Stephen A. Pyatt,
John Nierpas,	George F. Palmer,
John Stever,	Luman S. Youngs,
Martin Devall,	Albert Bond,
George M. Filkins,	Charles T. Cronise,

Norman Brusie,  
Orrin C. Lee,  
Jefferson W. Hoag,  
Ezra Petty,  
Philander Vail,  
George F. Shumway,  
George H. Peer,  
George W. Eddy,  
George W. Garlock,  
Roger Benton,  
Isaac Vanderhoof,  
Lewis Pettey,  
Winslow D. Heath,  
John N. Akin,  
James Gumare,  
Pat McLaughlin,  
Paul Benoveries,  
Owen Kahar,  
Theodore Tillotson,  
Rush Haskins,  
Almon Shumway,  
Henry Kanthner,  
R. J. York,  
Benjamin C. Woolson,  
Barton L. Husted,  
A. M. Dillenbeck,  
James Dennis,  
John Chapman,  
Charles J. Brown,  
James H. Whitbeck,  
John A. Pulver,  
William Palmer,  
John Colwell,  
Henry Percy,  
James W. Gifford,  
Michael Lyons,  
W. H. Rogers,  
William Call,  
Isaac J. Austin,  
George H. Pierson,  
James Van Ostrand,  
Ambrose Pulver,  
Homer J. Upson,  
Julius N. Lisk,  
George Smallage,  
Peter Welch,  
Fred Barkley,

John H. Whitbeck,  
W. B. Prince,  
D. N. Harmon,  
Thomas Gray,  
Marshall Power,  
Daniel Ridley,  
Pat Mecon,  
Ed Lee,  
Charles Fritz,  
A. Rush,  
A. P. Richmond,  
Francis H. Spoor,  
G. Greenwood,  
A. Penoyar,  
Kerlew Blyth,  
Isaac Tack,  
Fred Hinkle,  
George Clark,  
Herman Ernst,  
John L. Hyde,  
Lorenzo J. Carey,  
Aaron V. Robinson,  
Erastus L. Huntley,  
James E. Drake,  
Lewis H. Palmer,  
Daniel Lyons,  
William Hollenbeck,  
Levi A. Lovlin,  
Esbon D. Snyder,  
Jonas Borst,  
Aaron F. Williams,  
William Chapman,  
Henry Rary,  
William Clark,  
Elias Truax,  
George Balzell,  
Barney Cooney,  
William W. Lair,  
William H. Hickey,  
Nathan Griffin,  
Alvin Shaver,  
James H. Ryder,  
Lewis J. Bryant,  
Phineas G. Lewis,  
Justus Shuman,  
Chester Phillips,  
John Fay,

George S. Town,  
 George H. Clouse,  
 Andrew Traver,  
 Foster Hickson,  
 Marvin Filkins,  
 James S. Horton,  
 William Ellsworth,  
 William H. Cunningham,  
 Nelson Miller,  
 James Cook,  
 William Derry,

Richard White,  
 Samuel Cronise,  
 Gideon Muir,  
 James E. Reynolds,  
 David Dayton,  
 Nathan Taylor,  
 James W. Adams,  
 Joseph Prince,  
 Daniel P. Smith,  
 Allen Vanderhoof,  
 Charles S. Shuman.

Upon report and examination of these men, the following results were obtained :

*Discharged by reason of Physical Disqualifications.*—L. H. Palmer, J. W. Gifford, S. A. Pyatt, James Dennis, Jerome Lee, George W. Garlock, J. A. Lisk, J. Van Ostrand, B. C. Woodson, George Clark, W. Hollenbeck, Henry Rosa, A. O. Robinson, J. W. Adams, Gideon Muir, William Deny, O. C. Lee, A. Penoyer, Ira Greenwood, L. J. Bryant, George F. Shumway, Lewis Lee, J. W. Hoag, J. S. Steever, J. P. Pulver, Charles J. Brown, John Chapman, George F. Palmer, Charles Hatsook, William Chapman D. B. Culver, J. A. Pulver, F. Barclay, Martin Devail, E. T. Grant, Jr., Wm. Daniels, J. S. Wallace, L. A. Loveland, N. Miller, John Sticker, R. J. York, Norman Brasee, J. Colwell, L. Pettey, George S. Town, W. D. Heath, E. L. Huntley, C. Phillips, Albert Rush, Lorenzo J. Carey, Charles Sebring, George F. Palmer, Homer J. Upson, Henry Rosa.

*Two Brothers in Service.*—James Cook.

*Alienage or Non-Residence.*—William Whitmore, M. Bauer, Paul Bonaveris, John N. Aker, Owen Kahar, P. Welch, Fred. Hinkle, George H. Clouse, Isaac Tack, H. Ernst, William Clark, D. Lyons, Michael Lyons, William Clark, Marsells Power, James E. Reynolds.

*In Service, March 3, 1863.*—A. I. Van Inwagen, William Hickey.

*Over Age.*—N. W. Taylor, Theodore Tillotson, John Fay, N. W. Griffin, James Borst, Thomas Gay.

*Support of Parents or Children.*—George Baltzel, James Gumare, F. Hickson, William H. Cunningham, A. Bond, James S. Horton, F. H. Spoor, M. W. Lane, Charles Fritz, A. P. Rickman, J. H. Whitbeck, E. Traux, M. W. Laine, William Ellsworth, A. P. Rykeman.

*Furnished Substitute.*—A. Mundy, Jr., C. Mitchell, Leonard Fray.

*Sick and Unable to Report at Auburn.*—John Nierpas, A. F. Williams.

*Accepted and Discharged on Payment of Three Hundred Dollars.*—A. M. Dillenbeck, James H. Rider, M. Filkins, William H. Rogers, Samuel Cronise, A. Shumway, I. Vanderhoff, P. McLaughlin, W. Cull, Edwin Lee, George H. Pierson, L. Haskins, George Smalladge, Philander Vail, J. Austin, D. W. Herman, Henry Percy, J. H. Whitbeck, P. G. Lewis, David Ridley, K. Blyth, Andrew Traver, D. P. Smith, Lewis E. Pettey, Charles F. Sherman, George M. Eddy, G. M. Filkins, E. D. Snyder, J. R. Westfall, George H. Price, Henry Kanthner, J. S. Wallace, S. V. Hollenbeck, Richard White, J. Showerman, Luman S. Young, B. L. Husted, James E. Drake, Charles T. Cronise, A. Shaver, J. L. Hyde, Roger Benton, Ambrose Pulver, Henry Percy.

*Result not Ascertained in Collecting data for this Chapter.*—William Palmer, Joseph Prince, Barney Cooney, William B. Prince, Pat Mecon, David Dayton, A. P. Richmond, Aaron F. Williams, Barney Ony.

## BUTLER.

Enrolled in First Class 221. Quota Drafted 63.

David Green,	Willis S. Roe,
Castor Lampman,	Martin Saxton,
Samuel B. Way,	Harris Mead,
Allen Southwick,	Joseph H. Roe,
Henry Davis,	Grove T. Moore,
James Richardson,	Stephen Bray, Jr.,
Thaddeus Williams,	Nelson E. Post,
E. Childs Lowell,	Henry H. Ferris,
Nathan Robinson,	Wandell G. Center,
Joshua A. Lowell,	Calvin Smith,
Civilian Hubbard,	Jerome Phelps,
William Graham,	Elisha Taylor,
Leonard Rider,	Martin H. Wendover,
Jerome Hibbard,	Cornelius Lawson,
James R. Wisner,	Benjamin Bishop,
Harlow Cole,	Nelson Stage,
Gibson S. Center,	Wilhelmus Tillou,
Smith Carkner,	Thomas C. Armstrong,
Henry Benjamin,	Darwin Twist,
John S. Abbott,	Benjamin F. Pierson,
Eben Toles,	Clarendon T. Grandin,
Barney Murray,	Clinton B. Dowd,
E. Emmett Maynard,	John Sprague,
Jasper Bacon,	Alex C. Clapp,
Peter Thurber,	Cornelius Vosburg,
Reuben Ward,	George O. Armstrong,

Granville D. Walker,  
Daniel Olmsted,  
Crandall Loveless,  
Warren Southwick,  
Johannes Hasbrouck,  
William Poole, Jr.,

William Little,  
George M. Hadden,  
Daniel H. Wadsworth,  
Elmore Van Auken,  
Patrick Cox.

Upon reporting at Auburn, and submitting to the examination the following results appeared :

*Accepted and Paid \$300.*—Geo. O. Armstrong, J. Sprague, M. H. Winchester, D. B. Olmsted, R. Ward, D. Twist, C. Lamson, G. M. Hadden, H. H. Ferris, W. Lytle, P. G. Thurber, D. H. Wadsworth, J. Bacon, J. Hibbard, W. S. Roe, J. S. Abbott, N. Stage, E. P. Vanauken, E. A. Maynard, J. Phelps, W. G. Center, Warren Southwick, H. Mead, T. C. Armstrong, A. C. Clapp, J. A. Lovell, Gibson S. Center, Jr.

*Discharged for Physical Disqualifications.*—E. W. Toles, T. Williams, C. T. Grandin, E. Dunham, D. Green, J. Hasbrouck, S. B. Way, P. Cox, H. Cole, E. Taylor, C. Loveless, N. T. Post, W. Graham, C. Vosburgh, W. Poole, Jr., J. H. Roe, G. T. Moore, W. Tillou, Benjamin Bishop, L. Rider, Smith Carkner, C. Hubbard, B. F. Pierson.

*Alien.*—James Richardson.

*Support of Parents.*—H. Davis.

*Over-Age.*—M. Saxton, S. Pray, Jr., J. R. Wisner.

*In Service March 3d, 1863.*—A. Southwick.

*Furnished a Substitute.*—G. D. Walker.

*Result not Ascertained in Arranging for this Chapter.*—E. Childs Lowell, Nathan Robinson, Henry Benjamin, Barney Murray, Calvin Smith, Cornelius Lawson, Thomas C. Armstrong, Clinton B. Dowd, Alex. C. Clapp.

#### GALEN.

Enrolled in First Class 455. Quota Drafted 137.

George Prey,  
Elmer C. Hovey,  
Philip Gaster,  
Henry S. Bockoven,  
John P. Fisk,  
Alvin Williams,  
Francis M. Nichols,  
Luther M. Powers,  
Eli Knapp,  
George Closs,  
James E. Drake,  
Thomas Andrews,  
Lyman Roy,

John Lamb,  
David Hawks,  
Annanias Wells,  
Henry Morey,  
Joseph W. Livermore,  
David Beadle,  
Dennis McSweeny,  
John Thomas,  
Russell Johnson,  
John Brayton,  
William Watson,  
Martin Casey,  
Ray Littlefield,

Patrick Kelley,  
 William H. Miller,  
 Thomas A. Waldruff,  
 Mordecai Vanderbilt,  
 Stanton Waldruff,  
 John J. Ladue,  
 Barney Madden,  
 Edward Ryan,  
 Calvin Tindall,  
 James Aden,  
 George Goss,  
 Luther Weed,  
 Mitchell Gorman,  
 James Closs,  
 Michael Toohey,  
 George Gregg,  
 John Lane,  
 Michael Height,  
 Alfred Waterbury,  
 William H. Peckham,  
 Robert Harper,  
 Thomas Arzberger,  
 John Conner,  
 Patrick Crane  
 Lawrence Young,  
 John Hawley,  
 Morris Powers,  
 Mitchell Kennedy,  
 Chris Bramer,  
 Frank Blake,  
 Edwin Cady,  
 Gerlas Badgo,  
 William Birdsell,  
 William Creagan,  
 William Gregor,  
 Dyer Merritt,  
 William McIntyre,  
 Morris Clavy,  
 Myron Ringer,  
 John Willoughby,  
 Lester Barton,  
 Nelson A. Skinner,  
 Henry Ernst,  
 Wilson Horton,  
 Hial Kenyon,  
 Andrew Harrington,  
 William McCord,

William Lynch,  
 Henry Townsend,  
 John Morritley,  
 Joseph Menanson,  
 George Fish,  
 Mont. W. Mead,  
 Hiram Converse,  
 Darwin Edwards,  
 Charles Evans,  
 William Fisher,  
 James Lamoreaux,  
 John B. Roberts,  
 David Benjamin,  
 Arch Crawford,  
 Milton Wright,  
 Reuben Waldruff,  
 Albert Shepherd,  
 Dennis C. Wright,  
 John C. Waterson,  
 Merritt Bennett,  
 Edward Vanderveer,  
 Chris Schoonmaker,  
 John F. Sheldon,  
 Gilbert C. Thompson,  
 William Thomas,  
 Michael Sullivan,  
 William Bowles,  
 Henry Steerell,  
 Nathaniel Benales,  
 Edmund Brown,  
 Mont. Leader,  
 Chris. Goetzman,  
 Everell Bradley,  
 Levant Bedell,  
 Thomas Davis,  
 Salmon Hardy,  
 George Stell,  
 Edwin D. Lampson,  
 James Brown,  
 E. Willard Sherman,  
 Fred. K. Breemer,  
 Fred. K. Rowser,  
 Oliver Weed,  
 James Lee,  
 Henry K. Reynolds,  
 George Beard,  
 Michael Kelley,

Robert Croucher,  
Oscar Merritt,  
Charles Lower,  
Calvin Sampson,  
Edward F. Rider,  
Z. Birch,  
William Armitage,  
Edward Crouse,  
Joseph Hollenbeck,

Michael Crowney,  
Fred. K. Jones,  
Charles Goetzman,  
Alex. Brown,  
Charles Gildersleeve,  
Michael Moran,  
Edward Rolfe,  
Edward Burrill.

Upon examination the following were the results :

*Accepted for Service and Discharged on Payment of Commutation, Three Hundred Dollars.*—W. H. Fisher, William Bowles, A. Crawford, R. Johnson, E. Cady, A. Waterbury, H. S. Bockoven, E. Vanderveer, L. Bedell, D. Edwards, N. A. Skinner, J. Thomas, E. Rolf, M. Wright, George A. Beard, W. McIntyre, A. Pulver, John Conner, M. Vanderbilt, S. E. Waldruff, William Creager, Charles Bramer, Lyman Roy, Oscar Merritt, Henry K. Reynolds, E. C. Hovey, William Watson, Reuben Waldruff, William Gregor, Edward Brown, Alexander Brown.

*Went into the Service.*—James E. Drake, Fred. K. Bramer, John Brayton, Fred. K. Rowser, John J. Ladue, Oliver Weed, Mr. Olmsted, George Goss, James Lee, George Gregg, Charles Gildersleeve, Michael Moran, Lawrence Young, Frank Blake, Andrew Harrington, John B. Roberts, Henry Townsend, John Morritley, John F. Sheldon, Joseph Menanson, Charles Evans, William Thomas, Everell Bradley, Salmon Hardy, James Brown.

*Discharged by Reason of Physical Disability.*—James Closs, Henry Morey, D. Hawks, M. Casey, David E. Beadle, Chris. Schoonmaker, Francis M. Nichols, Alvin Williams, E. Willard Lherman, Calvin G. Tindall, Michael Toohey, James Lamoreaux, George Closs, Michael Height, Henry Stuver, Gilbert C. Thompson, Hiram Converse, Montgomery Mead, Luther Weed, Willis Horton, Merritt Burnett, Ziba Burch, George Steel, Robert Croucher, Joseph Hollenbeck, Dennis C. Wright, Fred Redder, Philip Gester, T. Davis, Lester Burton, Henry Ernst, H. Sterrell, E. F. Wider, E. Knapp, George Fish, A. Shepherd, Fred Jones.

*Over Age.*—William Armitage, Edward Burrell, Calvin C. Sampson, Chris. Geotzman, Silivy Hardy, M. Cleary, D. McSweeny, C. Brown, Albert Harper, Morris Powers, Pat. Crogan, Michael Kelly.

*Under Age.*—John P. Fisk, William H. Miller, Myron Ringer.

*Alienage.*—Thomes Andrews, Patrick Kelly, James Aden, Thomas Arzberger, William Mead, E. Ryon, George Frey,



William Mode, Joseph Menanson, M. Leader, Fred Bramer, Michael Kelly, Charles Lower, M. Crawley, George LaPrue, Charles Brumer.

*Furnished Substitute.*—Thomas J. Waldruff, J. B. Roberts, Hial Kenyon, Charles Goetzman, W. H. Peckham, John Hawley, E. Crouse E. D. Lampson, E. C. Hovey.

*In Service March 3, 1864.*—David Benjamin, Nathan Sanders.

*Support of Parents or Children.*—D. Badgrove, Joseph W. Livermore, John Lamb, Annanias Wells, J. C. Watterson, Wray S. Littlefield, William A. Birdsall, John Willoughby.

*Result not Ascertained in Collecting Information for this Work.*—Barney Madden, Dyer Merritt, Mitchell Gorman, William Lynch, John Lane, Nathaniel Benales, Robert Harper Merritt Leader, Patrick Crane, Charles Lower, Michael Lulliver, Z. Birch, Michael Croney.

## HURON.

Enrolled in First Class 169. Quota Drafted 46.

Robert A. Catchpole,	Israel Morey,
Elisha Blauvelt,	Charles D. Harper,
Andrew Sheldon,	Eugene Seymour,
Smith Seber,	Dexter Taylor,
Almond Beels,	William Stone,
William Terbush,	James Davenport,
John Miles,	Correll H. Upson,
William Burnett,	William Robinson,
Thomas Miles,	Charles Brewster,
Talman L. Jones,	Robert Russell,
George Slater,	Joseph Norris,
Alonzo Ward,	Orson Dowd,
Abram Featherly,	William Sherman,
Leman Andrews,	Henry Terbush,
Reuben Plumb,	Joseph Thorp,
Ogden VanSicklen,	Ambrose Slaight,
Martin Darling,	Judson Jones,
Frank Noy,	Henry Heister,
Charles Davenport,	Egbert DeLong,
David H. Andrus,	Gilbert A. Chapin,
George P. York,	William Munger,
William H. Fowler,	Barney Terbush,
James Burns,	Alfred Wilson.

Upon report at Auburn for examination the following results appeared :

*Accepted for Service and Commuted by Paying Three Hundred Dollars.*—Charles Davenport, Charles Brewster, E. A. Catch-

pole, W. H. Fowler, D. Andrews, William Terbush, Jr., O. VanSickler, T. L. Jones, Dexter Taylor, Joseph Thorp, Andrew Sheldon, Egbert DeLong.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—E. Blauvelt, John D. Miller, Henry Terbush, L. A. Androus, William Burnett, Smith Seber, William Stone, Judson Jones, C. H. Upson, G. A. Slaght, A. Beales, W. Robinson, Joseph H. Norris, George P. York.

*Allienage and Non-Residence.*—A. Featherly, Orson Dowd, Israel Morey, F. Noy, Henry Heisler.

*Support of Parents.*—Gilbert Chapin, William Deady, C. D. Harper, R. F. Plumb, B. Terbush, James Davenport, Thomas Miles, William Munger, Jr.

*Over Age.*—William Sherman.

*Went into Service.*—Eugene Seymour, Martin Darling.

*Result not Ascertained in Collecting Data for this Work.*—George Slater, Alonzo Ward, James Burns, Robert Russell, Alfred Wilson.

#### LYONS.

Enrolled in First Class 346. Quota Drafted 94.

Henry Raper,	Alfred Fellers,
James Weller,	Jeremiah Green,
John Siler,	George Gucker,
Samuel Jones,	Phillip Eyer,
Chris Rooker,	William Jeffrey,
John Whitley,	Augustus A. Jones,
Stephen N. Pound,	John Comp,
Harland P. Wilson,	Samuel Twamley,
Josiah Bruno, Jr.,	George W. Barnum,
Alfred W. Burnett,	Ebenezer Dean,
Edward Boss,	Thomas S. Betts,
Charles Barrick,	William E. Tompkinson,
Webster Fenger,	Thomas Welch,
John Fitzgerald,	Rodney Lane,
Patrick Kellehr,	Henry Benton,
Daniel Rodenbach,	James Driscoll,
William Eyer,	Zach P. Dennler,
Charles W. Smith,	John H. Camp,
Edward Chappel,	Fred Troutman,
Michael Felock,	Eli B. Johnson,
Oliver Horn,	John D. McVicar,
Addison W. Gates,	George Snyder,
Alfred Lawson,	Robert Smith,
James Dunn,	James W. Vanderberg,
William Cuddeback,	John Bachaler,
E. M. Roy,	James Wallace,
Ira Neal,	Peter Cline,

James A. McMullin,	George Yackel,
Thomas M. Llewellyn,	George Abert,
John Lusk,	William H. Penoyer,
Calvin S. Palmeter,	George W. Knowles,
George P. Price,	Spencer Barton,
John Nellis,	Edmund P. Pulver,
John Snitzel,	Charles H. Dickerson,
Ira J. Whitney,	Lewis Duvall,
Henry VanEtten,	Fred Boehmler,
Jacob Oswaldt,	John Krugman,
Edward Gilbert,	Henry Frazer,
Foster Barclay,	Phillip Benning,
Sidney Patten,	Henry Crimm,
Thomas A. Little,	Michael Conley,
Isaac Hartman,	George Armitage,
Fred Hartnagle,	Riley P. Merchant,
William F. Male,	George Norley,
Charles W. Hinman,	John T. Smith,
Louis Frey,	Samuel Buell,
Daniel Barton,	Charles Allen.

Upon examination at Auburn the following result appeared :

*Accepted for Service and Commuted by the Payment of Three Hundred Dollars.*—William H. Penoyer, John A. Camp, Samuel Jones, Levi Devall, Augustus Jones, James Dunn, Edward Gilbert, Rodney D. Lane, Josiah Bruno, Jr., Daniel Rodenback, Henry Van Etten, Jacob Oswaldt, Fred Troutman, George Yackel, John Silver, Robert Smith, Phillip Benning, Daniel Barton, Stephen N. Tound, Jerémiah Green, Charles H. Dickerson, George Snyder, James Weller, Fred Hartnagle, George Albert, R. M. Benton, Spencer Barton, George W. Knowles, Christopher Rooker, William Eyer, Philip Eyer, Harland P. Wilson.

*Discharged for Physical Disqualifications.*—Thos. A. Little, William T. Cuddeback, Charles W. Smith, Edward W. Boss, Charles W. Hinman, Isaac Hartman, John Lusk, Z. P. Dennler, Samuel Twomley, Ebenezer Dean, Eli B. Johnson, Ira I. Whitney, Alfred Lamson, Ira Neal, Foster Barclay, Thomas S. Betts, Alfred E. Burnett, Calvin S. Palmeter, Charles S. Barrick, Addison W. Gates, James W. Vandenberg, Thomas M. Llewellyn, George P. Price, Samuel Buell, Henry R. Frazer, Louis Frey, James A. McMullen, Riley P. Merchant.

Discharged for other reasons :

*Over Age.*—Peter Cline, Alfred Fellers, George W. Barnum, George Norley.

*Under Age.*—Henry Benton.

*Alienage or Non-Residence.*—Edward Chappell, John Bachelor, Patrick Kellehr, John Fitzgerald, William E. Tompkinson.

*Support of Parents.*—Henry Grimm, Jr., Henry Raper, James Driscoll, John Krugman, Fred Boehmler, George Gucker, Michael Feiock, Edmund P. Pulver.

*In Service, March 3, 1863.* John D. McVickar, John T. Smith, John H. Snitzel.

*Furnished Substitute.*—Oliver Horn, William F. Male.

*Deceased.*—James Wallace.

*Result not Ascertained.*—John Whitley, Webster Fenger, Alfred Lawson, E. M. Roy, Ira Neal, William Jeffrey, John Comp, Thomas Welch, Zach. P. Dennler, John Nellis, Sidney Patten, Michael Conley, George Armitage, Charles Allen.

#### MACEDON.

Enrolled in First Class 307. Quota drafted 187.

Alonzo Hill,	William Walker,
Edward D. Gage,	Ira L. Purdy,
Nelson Hill,	William Knapp,
John N. Briggs,	Erwin Davenport,
Augustus J. Jolly,	William B. Lish,
James E. Wilkinson,	Edwin Lawler,
Frank Foley,	John Crellen,
Nathan Phillips,	Alfred Delong,
Benjamin C. Thrasher,	James Jeffres,
William Cahlett,	David Lake,
Barney Glancy,	Richard Meade,
John Wiles,	William P. Lapham,
George W. DeLong,	William Greene,
Thomas Kane,	John Bills,
Patrick Creton,	Thomas J. Bradley,
Isaac Cramer, Jr.,	Barney Burns,
Peter Graton, Jr.,	Myron Barnhart,
Orland D. Davis,	Albert Dechard,
Job. Reeves,	Byron Ford,
Wade H. Black,	Joseph Bird,
Marshall C. Lapham,	John Bird,
Harry Rose,	Lyman Anthony,
August Seigrest,	Henry Linden,
Peter B. Briggs,	Michael Ryan,
Barney Corniff,	Timothy Maxwell,
John Rifenburg,	Anthony Flagler,
Thomas Cook,	Lambert Wigglesworth,
Albert Pierce,	Luther Wigglesworth,
Charles P. Hurlbut,	Luther Warring,

William Hall,	Berryman Shourds,
Henry Spain,	Carlton Weeks,
George Danfit,	John Ryan,
James FitzPatrick,	Alonzo Bram,
Garrett Dennis,	John Link,
Henry Greene,	William T. Hall,
Spencer Ford,	Mich. Noonng.
William Dunsmore, Jr.,	Henry Williams,
Timothy Foggerty,	Henry Smith,
Peter Lawler,	Anthony White,
Cyrus Packard,	Patrick Dewkins,
Robert Dalany,	Jefferson Sherman,
Cornelius Lyon,	Samuel Norman,
Brazilla Kiff,	Michael Griffin,
Thomas J. Bussey,	Alvin Jones.

Upon examination at Auburn the following was the classification that resulted :

*Accepted for Service and Paid Commutation Three Hundred Dollars.*—Isaac Cramer, Jr., Joseph Bird, William T. Hall, J. W. Briggs, P. B. Briggs, B. J. Shourds, George Delong, M. Barnhart, Nelson Hill, Albert Pearce, Thomas J. Bussey, Irwin Davenport, Charles Hurlbut, C. Lyon, E. D. Gage, J. G. Wilkinson, S. A. Bram, W. P. Lapham, C. Packard, William Knapp, Spencer Ford, John E. Bills, Arthur Flagler, O. D. Davis, William Green, Henry Green.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—M. C. Lapham, Ira I. Purdy, G. Denise, A. Dechard, William Dunmore, Jr., John Link, Samuel Norman, A. Delong, W. H. Black, William B. Lisk, Jefferson Sherman.

*Support of Parents.*—John Bird, James Fitzpatrick, Alonzo Hill, Peter Lawler, N. Phillips, T. L. Cook, B. Glancy, T. Maxwell, B. C. Thrasher, John Rifenburgh.

*Over Age or Under Age.*—Timothy Foggerty, H. Williams, Patrick Durkin, H. Smith, A. Jones, Michael Noonng, William Walker, H. Rose, A. J. Jolley, C. Weeks, B. Corniff, Pat Dunkin.

*Alienage or Non-Residence.*—William Corlett, Thomas Kane, John Ryan, R. Delany, George Danfit, Henry Spain, Byron Ford, B. H. Kipp, L. Waring, H. Linden.

*In Service March 3d.*—R. T. Mead, Simeon Anthony.

*Furnished Substitute.*—Frank Foley.

*Enlisted.*—John Ryan, James Jeffrey, L. Wigglesworth, Augustus Seigrest.

*Result not Ascertained in Collecting Information for this Book.*—William Hall, James Foley, David Lake, Peter Graton, Jr., John Wiles, John Grillen, Edwin Lawler, Michael

Griffen, Michael Ryan, Job Reeves, Thomas J. Bradley,  
Anthony White, Barney Burns.

## MARION.

Enrolled in First Class 187, Quota Drafted 52.

Abram Johnson,	William A. Peckham,
Joseph Savoy,	Orrin R. Atwell,
Justus B. Crane,	Patrick Kaley,
Jeremiah Clark, Jr.,	Harvey Rice,
Joseph Hunt,	William C. Negus,
Abner Noviss,	George H. Durfee,
Albert B. Short,	Joseph Sanford,
Clark S. Mason,	John E. Eisentrager,
William J. Holling,	Esbon B. Pratt,
Henry C. Lay,	Harrison W. Potter,
William Croucher,	David C. Dean,
Winfield S. Smith,	Alfred Brown,
Adrian Sayles,	Charles H. Snyder,
David C. Pulver,	Oliver R. Atwell,
Jacob Morrison,	Fred. L. VanOstrand,
Furman A. Hover,	William H. Tripp,
Cornelius Cortville,	Oliver Hill,
James N. Adams,	Parley Hill,
Seth B. Dean,	Thomas W. Clark,
Thomas K. Youngs,	Lawson Steele,
Isaac Johnson,	John Wolfe,
Jacob VanLeary,	John Bedford,
Peter McKulsan,	John H. Schuyler,
Jeremiah M. Huntington,	Nathan Rundell,
James Leonard,	Seth C. Harkness,
Lewis Arnold,	Jacob S. Crane.

These names were disposed of as follows:

*Accepted for Service and Commuted on Payment of Three Hundred Dollars.*—J. Hunt, H. C. Lay, William C. Negus, Oliver Hill, O. R. Atwell, S. B. Dean, F. L. Van Ostrand, Joseph Sanford, Lewis Arnold, E. B. Pratt, Parley Hill, James M. Adams, John H. Schuyler, William H. Peckham.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—D. C. Pulver, S. E. Harkness, F. A. Hover, H. W. Potter, C. S. Mason, J. S. Crane, Peter McGibson, Joseph Savoy, C. Cartville, J. B. Clark, Jr., J. M. Huntington, J. E. Eisentrager, W. F. Smith, D. D. Dean, H. Hendricks, J. B. Crane, A. Saylor, William H. Tripp, Isaac Johnson, Charles H. Snyder, Thomas M. Clark, John Wolfe.

*Alienage.*—A. Johnson, J. Morrison.

*Substitute.*—William Croucher.

*Support of Parents.*—J. VanLeary, John Bedford.

*In Service March 3d.*—A. Noviss, William Holling.

*Went into the Service.*—Albert B. Short.

*Result not Ascertained.*—Joseph Hunt, Thomas K. Young, James Leonard, Patrick Kaley, Harvey Rice, George H. Durfee, Joseph Sanford, Alfred Brown, Oliver Hill, Lawson Steele, Nathan Rundell.

ONTARIO.

Enrolled in First Class 244. Quota Drafted 68.

George Bean,	Henry O. Hopkins,
George Starr,	John M. Palmer,
Agillus J. Hopkins,	Beriah Green,
Isaac Lackner,	John Gaston,
William Donohue,	John Wood,
Daniel Decker,	Eph Lockman,
Eleazer A. King,	George Millen,
Chris Graham,	James M. Gaston,
Abram Artlip,	Edson Clark,
George H. Brown,	Silas Lawton,
Benjamin Green,	Charles J. Grant,
Simon Lackner,	Andrew J. Rood,
James Dodswell,	George W. Bostwick,
George P. Davis,	Norman Teetor,
James A. Barnhart,	John Allen,
Stephen Deitz,	Henry Kopft,
Benjamin R. Mack,	Samuel Gurnee,
Stephen B. Lamphier,	P. Lackner,
Alonzo H. Bigsby,	Joseph H. Sherburne,
Henry M. Goodwin,	D. Spencer,
Fred. Himoss,	James Eaton,
George Granger,	George W. Rood,
Charles Stacy,	Raymond A. Woodham,
Adam Johnson,	Nick Jobse,
Jacob Bean,	John B. Mack,
Barton Quimby,	Fred. Chipman,
Toswing Lawrence,	Frank Hooper,
John Parsow,	Henry Goff,
James Clark,	George H. Preston,
Richard Ridley,	Calvin Allen,
William Kirk,	John W. Robinson,
Chauncey N. Smith,	Joseph Lefroist,
Abel J. Bixby,	Lawrence Kelley,
James Laboo,	Burton H. Hopkins.

The above names drawn were finally classified as follows :

*Accepted for Service and Commuted at Three Hundred Dollars.*—Stephen Diets, George H. Preston, John B. Mack,

John A. Sherbourne, James Clarke, Beriah Green, George P. Davis, B. J. Hopkins, C. C. Graham, Henry Gough, C. N. Smith, John Gaston, N. Teotor, Edson Clark, Benjamin R. Mack, James A. Barnhart, Henry O. Hopkins.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—A. J. Bixby, A. J. Hopkins, D. Spencer, L. Kelley, B. Quimby, George Starr, George Bean, R. A. Woodham, S. Gurnee, G. W. Rood, George Granger, G. H. Millen, Charles Stacey, George H. Brown, Jacob Bean, A. H. Bixby, Calvin Allen, James Lafrois, J. J. Allen, Benjamin Green, H. P. Hopkins, Adam Johnson.

*Over Age and Under Age.*—James Dodsworth, A. J. Rood, H. McGavanin, James Eaton, Fred. Chipman.

*Support of Parents.*—James M. Gaston, S. Lackner, E. A. King, Eph Lockman, Abram Artlip, Charles Grant.

*Aliens.*—Richard Ridley, Fred. Heenis, James Laboo, William Kirk, L. W. ictor.

*Furnished Substitute.*—N. Jobse, F. Hooper, John W. Robinson.

*Died before reporting.*—Daniel Decker.

*Went into Service.*—Isaac Lackner, died ; Stephen B. Lamphier, died ; George Granger, John Wood, never returned ; Peter Lackner, died ; George W. Bostwick.

*Result not Ascertained.*—Toswing Lawrence, John Parsons, Silas Lawton, Henry Koppt.

A peculiar instance occurred in this draft. William Donohue had previously enlisted twice and been rejected for physical disability. Under the draft the examining physician declared him sound and held him for service.

#### PALMYRA.

Enrolled in First Class 353. Quota Drafted 103.

Henry N. Johnson,	Jacob Verbrugge,
Gen. H. Townsend,	John Conklin,
George Cornell,	Thomas Johnson,
Hall Purdy,	James Burrigin,
Charles C. Yagger,	Edward Stark,
Martin Long,	John Semmer,
Philo Wilcox,	George Soper,
John Mundy,	James McManigal,
William Fay,	Fred Ciemens,
Richard Ames,	John Shilling,
Percy S. Clark,	Myron H. Avery,
William Hagar,	John P. Vail,
George Bunting,	Samuel Frost,
H. Kirkland White,	Michael Golden,



Thomas N. Hicks,	Robert B. Phettiplace,
John McConvill,	Isaac Ballard,
James McLoy,	Matthew Malone,
John McIntyre,	Addison Rice,
Henry Concklin,	John Brene,
Thomas Chapman,	L. J. G. Burchard,
John Sickles,	George Williams,
Fred Beck,	Jack Dristol,
Henry Taylor,	Phil. Quigley,
Joseph C. Parker,	C. W. Williamson,
George Behan,	Myron P. White,
Joseph S. Williamson,	Thomas Cornell,
John Arthur,	Patrick McGraw,
William E. Morton,	Lucius Green,
Rens Acker,	Embury Moore,
Adelbert Lard,	A. J. Walton,
George French,	Van S. Crandall,
Alonzo R. Sherman,	George N. Wilcox,
William P. Jenner,	John Alice,
James H. Johnson,	Gilbert H. Reeves,
Wesson B. Mosier,	Joseph Johnson,
Evander Aldrich,	George N. Williams, Jr.
William M. Smith,	Simon Forsyth,
Benjamin R. Moore,	James S. Monton,
Julius C. Hitchcock,	William W. Myrick,
Abraham Van Schafflen,	Eugene Hazen,
Henry Burr,	Peter Warner,
Jeremiah Fisher,	Chancey Hyde,
Henry Lougley,	John C. Gamwell,
John Dean,	Baldwin Jagger,
Elisha Kellogg,	William Harris,
John Monogue,	William Jeffrey,
Peter Van Ryan,	Fred Wellman,
William H. Sherman,	Peter C. Howell,
Abraham Wagonmaker,	Smith Sanford,
John Hay,	John Franks,
Peter E. Nier,	Abram Campbell.
Michael Kelley,	

The following were the results of the examination :

*Held for Service and Discharged on Payment of Three Hundred Dollars Commutation.*—John P. Vail, Henry M. Johnson, William W. Myrick, Hall Purdy, Rensselaer Acker, John Conklin, Peter Warner, Abram Wagonmaker, George Cornell, Gilbert H. Reeves, Alfred J. Walton, James S. Monton, Abram Campbell, Philo D. Wilcox, John Arthur, Thomas Chapman, Myron H. Avery, George H. Townsend, Wesson B.

Mosher, A. Rice, George N. Wilcox, A. R. Sherman, Thos. Cornell, A. J. Walton, Chauncey F. Hyde, Peter C. Howell, George Behan, William P. Jenner.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—Tracy S. Clark, Eugene Hazen, Benjamin Moore, Joseph Williamson, Richard Ames Jeremiah Fisher, John McConville, Samuel Frost, John Allis, Embury C. Moore, George N. Williams, Jr., Charles C. Jagger, F. W. Clemons, Jacob Verbrugge, George Soper, Isaac Ballard, John Shilling, George C. Williams, Joseph C. Parker, Henry Burr, Peter E. Near, William Jeffrey, William Faly, Matthew Malone, George French, William H. Sherman, Thomas Hicks, C. W. Williamson.

*Over and Under Age.*—Lucius Green, Joseph Johnson, Jack Driscoll, William Harris, James Berigin, John Sickles. William Hazen.

*Alienage.*—Julius C. Hichcock, Fred Wellman, John Semmer, John Landy, Michael Kelly.

*Support of Relatives.*—Elisha Kellogg, Henry Conklin, John Hay, J. H. Nicol.

*In Service or Honorably Discharged.*—George Bunting, Philip Quigley.

*Furnished a Substitute.*—William E. Morton.

*Entered Service.*—Thomas Johnson, Adelbert Laird, Evander Aldrich.

*Result not Ascertained.*—Martin Long, H. Kirkland White, Edward Stark, James McManigal, James McLoy, John McIntyre, Fred. Beck, Henry Taylor, George French, William M. Smith, Abram VanSchaffelin, Henry Longley, John Dean, John Monogue, Peter Van Ryan, Robert B. Phettiplace, Myron P. White, Pat McGraw, Van S. Crandall, Simon Forsyth, John C. Camwell, Baldwin Jagger, Smith Sanford, John Franks.

#### ROSE.

Enrolled in First Class 175. Quota Drafted 49.

Lemon Ellsworth,  
John B. Ingersoll,  
George Howland,  
Eson Young,  
William Feeck,  
George Dickson,  
Walter Winchell,  
Charles J. Mirick,  
Charles Corell,  
Albert Graham,  
John C. Robinson,  
Roswell Marsh,  
Thomas Harwell,

P. Jerome Thomas,  
Leander Mirick,  
David Cisco,  
Charles H. Billing,  
James B. Aldrich,  
Thomas W. Powell,  
John L. Phillips,  
William C. Waldron,  
James Cullen,  
Judson C. Boynton,  
John Wicks,  
George Catchpole,  
William N. Deady,

John Barrett,  
 Jackson Andrews,  
 Charles Lyman,  
 John Gage,  
 Charles Deady,  
 Nelson Ferguson,  
 Daniel Foster,  
 William Peto,  
 William Tungate,  
 Lewis Frey,  
 James J. Dodd,  
 Samuel Lyman,

Edward Stickle,  
 James Barnes,  
 Luman Barrett,  
 John Ray,  
 George Rheim,  
 Daniel Olds,  
 Fernando Miner,  
 John Weeks,  
 Philander Mitchell, Jr.,  
 Eugene Town,  
 Benjamin Jeffers.

Upon report at Auburn and examination, the following results appeared :

*Accepted and Commuted on Payment of Three Hundred Dollars.*—Charles Lyman, Lewis Fry, George Dickson, Charles J. Mirick, E. Young, E. Town, P. J. Thomas, J. Cullen, David Cisco, Samuel Lyman, James Barnes.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—John L. Phillips, W. Winchell, L. Ellsworth, P. Mitchell, jr., John Ray, F. Miner, William Peto, William Feeck, George Catchpole, Charles Deady, Daniel Olds, J. C. Boynton, E. Stickle, James Dodds, George Behm, George Howland, Benjamin Jeffers, John A. Gage, William Tungate, Charles Corell, James B. Aldrich, A. G. Graham, N. Ferguson, C. H. Billings, John B. Ingersoll, D. M. Foster, John Barrett.

*Alienage.*—John Weeks, Thomas Harll.

*Substitute.*—John C. Robinson.

*Over Age.*—L. L. Burritt.

*Brothers in Service.*—Roswell Marsh.

*Support of Parents or Children.*—Thomas W. Powell, J. Andrews, William Deady.

*Not Accounted for in Newspaper Reports.*—Leander Merick, William C. Waldron.

#### SAVANNAH.

Enrolled in First Class 207. Quota Drafted 57.

Hiram Lamb,  
 Patrick Conners,  
 Chauncey O. Miller,  
 Elijah Greenfield,  
 Peter Blaisdell,  
 William Hamlin,  
 David Burroughs,  
 Henry Zulauf,  
 Sanford Down,  
 Patrick Mahar,

John Hogan,  
 Charles Taylor,  
 Sidney Blakeman,  
 David Forchee,  
 Reuben S. Conant,  
 Fidelus Searle,  
 Harvey Blaisdell,  
 Orbal Yoran,  
 Oliver M. May,  
 Combasas Wilson,

Edward Newell,  
Hollister Hamilton,  
Richard S. Crandall,  
Theodore P. Ingersoll,  
Charles Searle,  
Robert Watts,  
Jason Cleveland,  
Nathaniel Dibble,  
Charles Carver,  
Andrus Vorce,  
Edmund Priest,  
John T. Crandall,  
William Grosfend,  
Matthew Ford,  
Michael Moratti,  
John Santy,  
George Merritt,  
Abram Caywood,  
Erastus Dunham,

Charles Wright,  
Jerome Mackey,  
John Berge,  
Delos Betts,  
John Petteys,  
Cornelius Driscoll,  
William Taylor,  
Charles H. Lockwood,  
Owen Foster,  
Henry E. Seaman,  
Theodore Dakarst,  
Horace Wadsworth,  
John Donohue,  
Peter Baggerly,  
James O. Gridley,  
William Penney,  
Harlow C. Bishop,  
Daniel Adams.

Upon examination the following classification resulted :

*Accepted for Service and Commuted on Payment of Three Hundred Dollars.*—John T. Crandall, Orba Yoran, H. Wadsworth, P. Baggerly, William Penny, H. F. Seamans, John T. Crandall, A. Goran, H. Wadsworth, P. Baggerly, Andrus Vorce, Owen Foster, R. S. Crandall, A. Caywood, John Pettys, F. Searles, W. H. Hamlin.

*Discharged for Physical Disqualifications.*—H. Hamilton, C. Wilson, Charles Wright, Peter Blaisdell, C. Taylor, H. Lamb, J. Priest, D. Betts, W. Taylor, H. Blaisdell, H. Zulouf, J. Mackey, Charles Searles, J. Hogan, N. A. Grosfend, J. Cleveland, Calvin H. Bishop, Oliver M. May.

*Support of Parents.*—D. Adams, O. V. Miller, T. P. Ingersoll.

*Over Age.*—James O. Gridley, P. Conners, Pat Mahar, D. Forshee.

*Alienage.*—M. Marrote, M. Ford.

*Non-Resident.*—R. H. Conant.

*Under Age.*—Robert H. Watts.

*Furnished Substitute.*—John Berger.

*Went into the Service.*—Elijah Greenfield.

*Result not Ascertained.*—David Burroughs, Sanford Down, Sidney Blakeman, Edward Newell, Nathaniel Dibble, Chas. Carver, John Santy, George Merritt, Erastus Dunham, Cornelius Driscoll, Charles H. Lockwood, Theodore Dakharst, John Donohue.

## SODUS..

Enrolled in First Class 442. Quota Drafted 142.

John D. Proseus,	Richard Lawley,
James Van Tyle,	Walter Teeter,
Henry M. Andrews,	Isaac Clark,
Warren Fields,	William Degan,
John Steegar,	Henry C. Hallett,
George Toor,	Harrison Turner,
Robert H. Poucher,	Addison G. Welch,
Aaron Sager,	Amos Foster,
P. A. Pilshaw,	William Horner,
Martin Lamb,	Abram Van Dume,
William Mason,	Richard S. Borradeile,
Joseph Turner.	Joseph Turnley,
Henry Pulver,	Myron Van Inwagen,
Henry Troop,	Charles H. Cooper,
Henry Buys,	George H. Cox,
Pennington Ferguson,	Harvey E. Potter,
Daniel Clum,	James R. Riesbau,
Elisha Thornton,	James B. Case,
Edward Edwards,	Jabez Parsons,
Theodore B. Trowbridge,	James Melburn,
John S. Johnson,	Marshall J. Ladue,
George Wilson,	James R. Gaffield,
Isaac Cliquenoii,	Thomas D. Harrison,
Morris Mason,	John Torr,
William H. Riggs,	Sylvester A. Cook,
Emery W. Gurnee,	Peter Mulley,
Charles H. Case,	Francis T. Pulver,
John C. Richardson,	Stephen Axtell,
Cornelius Whitbeck,	Elisha Smedley,
William S. Granger,	John I. Morley,
James L. Sport,	Samuel B. Green,
John McIntyrc,	Elisha H. Jewell,
Andrew Miller,	Jacob Messenger,
James Oldfield,	Daniel Van Hute,
Samuel Brundage,	William W. Welch
Benjamin Felker,	William T. Dorsey,
Laurin H. Allen,	Cortez Simons,
Anthony Faulis,	Thomas Toor,
William A. Cuer,	Lewis H. Sergeant,
Thomas B. Storm,	Jacob Pulver,
Elijah Gregor,	Abram V. Gibbs,
Walter Messenger,	Lamson S. Pitcher,
Martin H. Morley,	Richard Toor,
George W. Carpenter,	Porter P. Butts,

Charles Sheldon,	George Messenger,
Henry G. Pratt,	John Clark,
Ebenezer Powell,	Samuel I. Taylor,
Thomas Derry,	Myron H. Peeler,
Lorin Steever,	Luman Smith,
Charles Z. Case,	John Sergeant,
Horace W. Taylor,	Ely Snyder,
Charles C. Weeks,	Daniel Bly,
Elisha C. Munson,	John Burt,
A. Eggleston,	Victor Clum,
Eli Darling,	Benjamin A. Hopkins,
John Hartman,	George A. Frudy,
Charles R. Sprong,	Andrew J. Wilson,
Martin Marinus,	Aaron Closs,
William A. Wheadon,	Refine B. Poucher,
Albert Lake,	Phillip H. Hoot,
Abram Olibrand,	George W. Stratton,
John White,	Joseph Doveil,
Charles T. Morley,	John M. Prosens,
George Garlock,	Anthony Bogart,
Spencer Case,	Willard Wackman.
Alexander B. Williams,	Jacob Cole,
Nathan B. Sergeant,	Sancho Harris,
James Chandler,	Paul D. Baldwin,
Thomas Turner,	Charles Thompson,
Wallace Teeter,	Curtis Wheeples,
George Farringer,	Robert Pulver,

Upon report at Auburn and examination the following classification resulted :

*Held for Service and Commuted by Paying Three Hundred Dollars.*—John D. Proseus, Warren Fields, George Toor, Joseph Turner, Henry Pulver, T. B. Trowbridge, George Wilson, E. W. Gurnee, J. C. Richardson, W. S. Granger, J. McIntyre, Isaac Clark, Wm. Homer, R. Borradaile, M. P. Van Inwagen, J. H. Fox, H. P. Potter, C. Whitbeck, Francis Pulver, C. Simmons, Thomas Toor, Abram B. Gibbs, L. L. Pitcher, Richard Toor, C. Powell, A. B. Williams, Thomas Turner, George Messenger, John Clark, M. H. Peeler, Luman Smith, John Sergeant, Daniel Bley, P. D. Baldwin, Isaac Cliquenois, John Prosens, Willard Wackman, Robert Pulver, Charles H. Case, A. J. Wilson, Martin Lamb, Daniel Klumpp, Elisha Thornton, George W. Carpenter, H. C. Hallett, S. B. Green, E. Smedley, Walter Teeter, A. J. Wilson, N. P. Sergeant, H. W. Taylor, M. Lamb, A. Ingersoll, P. Felshaw, John Sergeant, Jacob Messenger, Lewis H. Sergeant.

*Went into the Service.*—Stephen Axtell, H. D. Merritt.

*Discharged for Physical Disqualifications.*—Charles T. Morley, John Toor, James B. Case, T. J. Taylor, Charles Thompson, John Stegar, Henry Troop, E. Edwards, L. H. Adams, T. B. Storm, W. Messenger, William A. Wheadon, W. W. Welch, J. White, George H. Cox, Albert Lake, George Garlock, Eli Snyder, John Burt, B. A. Hopkins, R. B. Poucher, George Stratton, A. Foster, A. Van Dusen, Jabez Parsons, James Melborne, S. H. Cook, Charles R. Sprong, J. J. Morley, P. P. Butts, Horace W. Taylor, John Cole, John Sticker, William A. Riggs, Jacob Taylor, J. H. Holland, M. Ladue, George Frudy, A. B. Williams, Charles H. Case, James Oldfield, Jacob Pulver, John Cole.

*Support of Parents or Children.*—Wallace Teeter, Henry Buys, S. Brundage, D. Van Hute, James Van Tuyl, E. H. Jewell.

*Over Age.\**—Benjamin Felker, James R. Brisbane, William Degan, Curtis Wheples, Robert H. Poucher,† Nathan B. Sergeant.

*Alienage or Non-Residence.*—Anthony Falis, R. Lawley, Victor Clum, Thomas Derry, Charles C. Weeks, Charles Z. Case, Martin Marinus.

*Furnished Substitute.*—Joseph Tunley, M. H. Morley, Elisha Munson.

*In Service or Enlisted at this Time.*—James A. Chandler, A. Bogart, A. Olibrand, Eli Darling, William T. Dorsey.

*Result not Ascertained.*—Henry M. Andrews, Aaron Sager, Pennington Ferguson, John A. Johnson, Morris Mason, James L. Short, Andrew Miller, William A. Cuer, Elijah Gregor, Harrison Turner, Addison G. Welch, Abram Van Dame, Charles H. Cooper, James R. Gaffield, Thomas D. Harrison, Peter Mullie, Charles Sheldon, Henry G. Pratt, Lorin Stever, A. Eggleston, John Hartman, Spencer Case, George Farringer, Samuel J. Taylor, Aaron Closs, Joseph Doviell, Jacob Cole, Sancho Harris.

#### WALWORTH.

Enrolled in First Class 198. Quota Drafted 55.

Charles Fosdick,  
Andrew J. Conrow,

William Rudkin,  
Thomas Clark,

\* It should be noticed that "over age" means over 35, as that was the limit of the first class from which the draft was made.

† Robert H. Poucher took affidavits from home that he was over 35, but Gen. Knapp, the Provost Marshall, demanded a presentation of original records, so Mr. Poucher packed the large old Family Bible into a satchel and produced the veritable entry of his birth. The officials were satisfied.

Jacob S. Bills,  
 George B. Bancroft,  
 Volney Hunt,  
 Alexander Newbury,  
 Palmer B. Stout,  
 Patrick McGreal,  
 John H. Osburn,  
 Alfred Denn,  
 Charles H. Jennings,  
 John Smith,  
 Nathan L. Lusk,  
 John T. Watson,  
 Hiram S. Mathewson,  
 Peter McNally,  
 Byron L. Hoag,  
 Almon L. Waterman,  
 William S. Hodges,  
 George W. Clark,  
 Henry R. Whitlock,  
 Jerome Lawrence,  
 George N. Warren,  
 Edward Cain,  
 Samuel Lockwood,  
 Thaddeus O. Fellows,  
 Theron E. Underhill,  
 Artemus T. White,

Thomas T. Birdsall,  
 Edwin Powell,  
 Benjamin Brown,  
 Lewis Gardner,  
 Rens Clemons,  
 Marcus L. Wiser,  
 Myron W. Reed,  
 Conrad Stumpt,  
 Collins Heron,  
 William Evert,  
 Eleazer P. Buckley,  
 John P. Stebbins,  
 David Courter,  
 George B. Mathewson,  
 John McLouth,  
 Daniel Miller,  
 James S. Wilson,  
 Theron J. Finley,  
 William J. Robinson,  
 Magnus Leupobs,  
 John Potter,  
 Otto Paulus,  
 Morrison H. Stephens,  
 Robert Williams,  
 James H. Winslow.

Upon report at Auburn this list was disposed of as follows :

*Accepted for Service and Commuted by paying Three Hundred Dollars.*—J. Lawrence, T. Clark, E. Powell, Conrad Stumpt, E. B. Buckley, A. Waterman, M. W. Reed, A. J. Conrow, R. Clemons, N. T. Lusk, M. L. Hoag, Thomas T. Birdsall, Charles Fosdick, William Rankin, Samuel Lockwood, M. L. Wiser, George N. Warren, George B. Mathewson, John Smith, M. Leupobs, T. J. Finley, William J. Robinson, A. E. Denn, Daniel Miller, Lewis Gardner, James S. Wilson, Volney Hunt, P. McGreal.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—J. W. Winslow, P. B. Stout, A. J. Underhill, H. D. Mathewson, Henry R. Whitlock, John P. Stebbins, G. W. Clark, J. Potter, Jacob S. Bills, W. Everts, E. Aken, A. H. Newberry, Collin Heron, George E. Bancroft.

*Non-Residence.*—Morrison H. Stephens, A. Ford.

*Support of Parents.*—W. Hodge, B. Brown, Jr.

*Went into Service.*—A. T. White.

*Alienage.*—P. McNally, J. H. Osborn, Otto Paulus.



*Result not Ascertained.* — Charles H. Jennings, John T. Watson, Edward Cain, David Courter, John McLouth, Robert Williams, James H. Winslow, Thaddeus O. Fellows.

## WILLIAMSON.

Enrolled in First Class 213. Quota Drafted 60.

Lafayette White,	Abram Plaschart,
Albert Lockwood,	William Thomas,
William Pugsley,	Adrian Caton,
Isaac M. Fish,	John Goodman,
Jacob O. Ridgeway,	Martin Ham,
Charles Robinson,	Matt Falkner,
John Clicquinnoi,	Horace B. Nash,
Hiram Cogswell,	John O. Fleming,
George Tripp,	William Eaton,
William Fuller,	Ezek L. Cooper,
Howard Squier,	John Otier,
Stephen Bordon,	Melvin Fleming,
John M. Reynolds,	James W. Gordon,
David Milham,	Daniel Danforth,
George Gills,	Arnold Albright,
Stephen Drum,	Henry M. Heath,
John Karles,	Robert Malcomb,
William Colwell,	George W. White,
A. C. Clicquinnoi,	Peter DeLap,
Hiram J. White,	William P. Russell,
Harmon Fellers,	D. Tyler Dunning,
Amos White, Jr.	William H. Roys,
William Fleming,	Jona W. Folger,
Merwin Pallister,	John Miller,
Henry J. Miller,	Merritt Cogswell,
William R. Liddle,	George M. Cole,
William Kenyon,	Hiram A. Stephens,
John H. Powell,	James A. Stoutenburg,
Cornelius Collier,	David Verbridge,
Peter Buerman,	John H. Holland.

The above list resulted upon examination at Auburn, as follows:

• *Accepted for Service and Paid Three Hundred Dollars Commutation.*—William Thomas, William Eaton, J. A. Ridgeway, P. DeLass, John C. Fleming, J. Otier, H. J. Miller, George Gill.

*Paid Three Hundred Dollars.*—David Verbridge, J. W. Alger, H. Feller, H. B. Nash, John Cliquenoy, A. Cliquenoy, M. P. Pallister, R. J. Malcolm, Peter Buerman, W. Kenyon, M. Colwell, John C. Fleming, George Gill, John M. Reynolds, John Otier, Robert Malcolm, John W. Folger.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—John Miller, M. Coggs-  
well, J. H. Fish, H. Coggs-  
well, William Fuller, James W.  
Gordon, William R. Russell, H. Squire, John Carles, S.  
Borden, A. Platschart, E. L. Cooper, D. Danforth, D. Milham,  
Isaac M. Fish, Albert Lockwood, Charles Robinson, George  
Tripp, John H. Powell, Amos White, Jr., John H. Holland,  
Martin Ham, George M. Cole.

*Support of Parents or Children.*—William R. Liddle,  
Melvin H. Fleming, William Pugsley, D. T. Dunning,  
George W. White.

*Substitutes.*—A. Albright, Stephen Drum, James H.  
Stoutenburg.

*Over Age and Under Age.*—Lafayette White.

*Aliens.*—M. Faulkner, C. Collier.

*At Sea.*—William H. Roys.

*Went into Service.*—John Wood.

*Result not Ascertained.*—Hiram J. White, Adrian Caton,  
John Goodman, Henry M. Heath, Abram A. Stephens.

#### WOLCOTT.

Enrolled in First Class 263. Quota Drafted 75.

Noah Wood,	James Boyd,
Abijah W. Moore,	Henry Jacobs,
Loren Gray,	Adrian Easton,
Sylvester Sebring,	Patrick Ragan,
Alphonso F. Barr,	Philander Peer,
John W. Copeland,	William R. Hamilton,
James Covert,	Gilbert Fisher,
Richard Thompson,	Seth Ira Hole,
Lucien Dudley,	Edward C. Jones,
Henry Mitchell,	Erastus Burch,
William H. Worth,	David H. Fink,
Andrew Sebring,	Oscar Pitts,
Robert Raney,	Columbus Hageman,
Edgar Phelps,	Edward Frost,
Joseph W. Mills,	John Malone,
Samuel N. Millen,	Philip Turner,
Lewis Wells,	Andrew B. Medan,
William Roe,	Edward Baker,
George Snyder,	Avery Green,
Wesley Hall,	Daniel Murray,
Lay Fayette Sutfin,	Isaac J. Frost,
William J. Johnson,	Fred K. Flint,
Daniel Wadsworth,	Horace Hendrick,
Edward Shephard,	Nathan Chase,
Morris E. Selover,	Oliver Welden,
Andrew J. Creque,	John Cook,

Willson Edwards,  
George H. Douglass,  
John Labor,  
James H. Chapman,  
Jacob Van Alstine,  
Edward Rushloe,  
George P. Dykeman,  
Joseph Reynolds,  
James Hickok,  
Robert Douglass,  
Benjamin Waldron,  
Walter W. Paddock,

William Scott,  
William Johnson,  
Simeon Miller,  
George Roberts,  
Henry Whiton,  
William Eakins,  
Edward Johnson,  
Philo Edwards,  
Andrew Wilcox,  
Ira Drury,  
Cornelius W. Dewitt.

Upon examination the following results were reached :

*Accepted for Service and Paid Three Hundred Dollars Commutation.*—A. B. Wilcox, James H. Chapman, A. F. Burr, Wesley Hall, Andrew J. Creque, A. V. Easton, William D. Johnson, J. Reynolds, Edward C. Jones, G. P. Dykeman, James Covert, Lewis C. Wells, George Snyder.

*Discharged for Physical Disability.*—Joseph W. Mills, Henry Michael, L. H. Dudley, Ira Drury, William Aikens, John W. Copeland, Nathan Chase, J. Hale, James Hiscock, G. Fisher, William H. Worth, William R. Hamilton, Morris Selover, A. B. Medan, William Scott, Fred Flint, Henry Jacobs, C. Dewitt, William J. Johnson, Patrick Kegan, L. I. Sutphin, E. Johnson, Simeon Miller, George Roberts, Oliver Whedon, Edward Frost, Philip Turner, A. W. Moore, Noah Wood, Benjamin Waldron David O. Fink, William Roe, Erastus Beach, John Malone, Horace Hendrick, Henry Whiton.

*Support of Parents.*—Daniel Murray, Edgar Phelps, S. N. Mellen.

*Over Age or Under Age.*—J. Van Alstyne, Isaac P. Frost.

*Two Brothers in Service.*—R. Thompson.

*In Service March 3d.*—Loren O. Gray, George H. Douglass, Daniel Wadsworth, Edward Shephard, James Boyd, Philander Peer, Oscar Pitts, John Cook, John Labor, Robert Douglass, W. W. Paddock, Philo Edwards.

*Result not Obtained for this Chapter.*—Wilson Edwards, Edward Rushloe, Sylvester Sebring, Andrew Sebring, Robert Raney, Seth J. Hole, Columbus Hageman, Edward Baker, Avery Green.

Some attempt was made at this time to take official action by towns in aid of the drafted men. All that could legally be done was to aid the families of those who were obliged to go into the service.

At a meeting of the Town Board of Palmyra, held August 4th, 1863, the following resolutions were adopted :

*Resolved*, That we sympathize deeply with all those who have been drafted, and who are not able to pay the three hundred dollars required by law to exempt them, and whose circumstances are such that it will be a great trial to leave their families, who are dependent on them for support.

*Resolved*, That while we regret that we cannot see our way clear under the law passed May 17th, 1863 to levy a tax upon the towns for the purpose of paying three hundred dollars either to the drafted man who goes, or to the military authorities to procure a substitute. Yet we claim unlimited power under the law to raise money for the relief of the families of all drafted men from this town, and feeling it to be a pleasure as well as a duty, we pledge ourselves that the families of all drafted men who shall go into the service of the United States, shall be well taken care of, and the amount necessary to do it shall be taxed upon the town of Palmyra.

H. S. FLOWER, Supervisor.

MALTBY CLARK, }  
J. A. HOLMES, } Justices.  
M. C. FINLEY, }

J. A. CROOKSTON, Town Clerk.

The work of enlistment went steadily forward during the summer and fall of 1863. A few of those drafted in July, enlisted immediately before being required to report. Proof of this was a sufficient defense for non-appearance at Auburn. There were also some important movements towards the formation of new companies and regiments.

At Palmyra Captain Draine had said in his brief speech, at the reception of Company B, of the Thirty-third, that he designed to enter the service again. He made this statement good by his prompt movements in aid of the first Veteran Cavalry regiment which was organized in the summer and fall of 1863. His company was assigned to the position of I in the regiment. The company was raised very largely at Palmyra. Captain Draine was aided by Allen Vandebogert as First Lieutenant. He had enlisted from Sodus in April, 1861, and had been with Company I of the Seventeenth through its two years patriotic service. He brought to this new enterprise the skill and firmness of a veteran, though still young in years. Frank A. White, who became Second Lieutenant, was also a veteran.

The company as it left Palmyra in November, 1863, comprised the following names :

CAPTAIN DRAIME'S COMPANY, NOVEMBER, 1863.

Henry J. Draime, *Captain.*

Allen Vandebogert, *1st Lieutenant.*

Frank A. White, *2d Lieutenant.*

William Beck,	John Birdsall,
Henry Birdsall,	Clark Barron,
Howard Campbell,	Henry Crane,
Lewis Camp,	James M. Clapper,
Eli Darling,	Royal E. Duke,
James Doran,	Allen Duer,
John L. Edgar,	John Fetterer,
Richard H. Ford,	John Goodman,
George F. Goodell,	Edwin R. Goodell,
John Grattan,	John G. Hyslop,
Munson G. Hill,	George Hickey,
John Heid,	Albert Henderson,
Alfred Howell,	William Hunt,
John Huxley,	Henry M. Heath,
James H. Gwin,	James Jeffrey,
William Jeffrey,	James Johnson,
Thomas Johnson,	Robert J. Johnson,
Stephen Kilmer,	Milo C. Kellogg,
Meyer Kelly,	Morton A. Leach,
Elias Lockwood,	John Lennon,
James Leonard,	Orrin Langdon,
John Lambley,	John Murphy,
James McMorgan,	John Orr,
Otto Paulus,	John Possee,
George H. Randall,	John Ryan,
John M. Rouse,	James Stebbins,
Hiram A. Stevens,	Moses Severigen,
Paul Stickler,	Alvin Treat,
David Treat,	George Turner,
John A. Vowers,	James B. Vandyne,
George Van Winkle,	Albert M. Williams,
Andrew Welch,	(All of Palmyra.)

Other Towns.

William Bostwick,	Patrick Hogan,
John O. Parker,	John Vaney,
Mark M. Woolston,	Edgar Harris,
Nicholas Holec,	C. W. Lawrence,
Thomas Connor,	Stevens Porter,
George Eisvear,	Crosby Hopkins,

Aaron Rogers,  
 Martin F. Borland,  
 S. W. Luctivett,  
 John Cowan,  
 Alpheus Gorham,

Philip Koplear,  
 Patrick Muldoon,  
 George W. Kenny,  
 William Millman,  
 William L. Williams.

*Dead.*—James R. Marion.

#### TWENTY-SECOND CAVALRY.

It was in the fall of this year that the Twenty-second Cavalry was organized.

James C. Van Marter, of Lyons, was active in the work of enlisting for this organization, and he secured a large number of recruits in this county for Company H, of which he became Captain.

The Twenty-second was formed at Rochester, and its members were drawn from eleven or more counties. It was mustered into the service in February, 1864.

The staff officers were: Samuel J. Crooks, Colonel; Johnson B. Brown, Lieutenant-Colonel; Peter McLeman, Major; Joseph H. Suggett, Adjutant; George B. Brand, Quarter-Master; Anson K. Tower, Commissary; David B. VanSlyck, Surgeon; Patrick McShane, Assistant-Surgeon.

#### SECOND MOUNTED RIFLES.

Quite a number of men enlisted in this organization near the close of 1863. The regiment was organized at Buffalo, and its men were drawn principally from the counties of Erie, Niagara, Wyoming, Orleans, Allegany and Wayne.

Jacob Stever, of Arcadia, was active in the work of enlisting men for this regiment. The catalogues of soldiers hereafter given by towns will show the localities from which the men were obtained.

The regiment was mustered into the service variously from October, 1863, to February, 1864. It was mustered out of the service August 10, 1865.

The Adjutant-General's report of 1868, assigns to this regiment the honor of participating in the battles of Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Bethesda Church, Weldon Railroad, Pegram's Farm, Hatcher's Run, and Poplar Spring Church.

## THE NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY.

This regiment had been changed from infantry to artillery early in this year, and was authorized to fill up its ranks to a much higher standard than before. It was stationed in the defences of Washington, and it was supposed that it would be employed in the forts rather than in active field work. It presented many attractive features to those who were willing to enter the army, but who had an undoubted right to select that arm of the service which they preferred. Accordingly several hundred joined this regiment in the fall of 1863; so that in the final muster out rolls it showed more men from Wayne county than any other single regiment.

Enlistments in these various organizations were undoubtedly hastened by the urgent necessity of filling the quotas of the several towns required by a new call of October 17, 1863. Immense efforts were required as in the year before. Official action was taken. Large bounties were paid, and as a result the draft which was set down for January 5, 1864, never took place. The required 606 men were secured. The quota by towns and a general statement of the work being done appear in the following article from the *Lyons Republican* of December 18, 1863:

## THE QUOTA OF WAYNE COUNTY.

“ We present below a statement procured from the Provost-Marshal's Office, in Auburn, of the apportionment for the several towns in this county, under the recent call for troops. As we understand it, the apportionment is made upon the basis of the original enrollment of men in the first class. This apportionment, as stated below, is final, and will be adhered to in case of a draft:

Arcadia.....	68	Palmyra.....	50
Butler.....	31	Rose.....	25
Galen.....	66	Savannah.....	29
Huron.....	24	Sodus.....	69
Lyons.....	46	Walworth.....	28
Macedon.....	43	Williamson.....	30
Marion.....	26	Wolcott.....	37
Ontario.....	34		
Total.....	606		

“ We are gratified to be able to state that recruiting in this county is progressing satisfactorily, and that there is every

reason to believe that the quota will be raised before the 5th day of January. Some towns have already raised the required number, and in all, so far as we can hear, there is manifested a very commendable activity in the work of enlistments. Lyons has, it is estimated, already furnished more than thirty-five men.

“In every town are found men who had not heretofore thought of enlisting, who are now induced to do so by the princely Bounties offered by the General Government, the State and the County; and there is no doubt the work is stimulated in a good degree, by the almost certain increase by Congress of the pay of the soldiers. The threatened repeal of the \$300 commutation, which is now regarded as inevitable, is also an important consideration. In that event a poor man,—who could not purchase a substitute at the exorbitant rates at which they will be held,—being positively unable to send another in his place, would have no alternative; he must forego Bounties, leave his family in perhaps destitute or at best straitened circumstances, and shoulder his musket as a conscript. Now, if he enlists, and goes into the service voluntarily, he obtains in advance a large sum of money to leave with his family, and becomes entitled to all the present and prospective privileges and emoluments which are and will be afforded by the Federal Government.

“The work goes bravely on. Let every patriotic citizen lend his influence to the work in hand, and there is no doubt that the quota of this county will be filled by the fifth of January.”

The official action of the Board of Supervisors may appropriately close this chapter.

At the annual session of 1863, Mr. Center, of Butler, chairman of a special committee, his colleagues being Messrs. Evans, of Savannah, and Redfield of Galen, offered the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That the Board of Supervisors, of Wayne county, respectfully request his Excellency, Horatio Seymour, Governor of the State of New York, without delay to call an extra session of the Legislature, for the purpose of passing a law increasing the State bounty to be paid to each volunteer who shall enlist into the service of the United States, to \$300.00 or to adopt some means to raise recruits under the last call of the President, or to take the responsibility as Governor, of offering a bounty of \$300.00, pledging ourselves to sustain him in such action,



and believing that he will be so sustained by the people of this State.

Mr. Redfield offered the following additional resolution:

*Resolved*, That the Clerk of this Board be requested to furnish copies of the foregoing resolution to the Boards of Supervisors of other counties now in session, and desire their concurrence in the request of this Board.

The report of the Treasurer gives the amount of the Bounty Bonds falling due with interest added March 15th, 1864, as follows: Arcadia, \$4,823.27; Butler, \$1,548.30; Huron, \$1,380.25; Lyons, \$3,096.22; Macedon, \$2,157.39; Marion, \$1,390.00; Palmyra, \$3,079.07; Sodus, \$2,559.00; Walworth, \$1,467.25; Williamson, \$2,044.25. Total, \$23,546.00.

Under date of November 21st, 1863, the following resolution was adopted by the Board then in session:

*Resolved*, That the Chair appoint two members of this Board to act with the Chairman, and to serve as a committee to meet the Supervisors Committees of Seneca and Cayuga counties, at Seneca Falls, on Tuesday next.

The Committee as constituted therefore consisted of James M. Servis, R. W. Evans, H. S. Flower.

This session was continued by adjournment to November 26th and 27th, when a committee appointed as above made a verbal report, the substance of which does not appear in the published proceedings.

A special session of the Board of Supervisors was called and met December 1, 1863, at two o'clock P. M.

A committee to draft resolutions upon the subject of bounties was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Lakey, Flower and Evans.

The committee reported immediately as follows:

*Whereas*, The President of the United States has recently called for 300,000 volunteers, and at the same time given notice that unless the volunteers are furnished on or before the 5th day of January, next, a draft will be made; and whereas, by the recent order of the Provost-Marshal-General, telegraphed to the Chairman of this Board, that Wayne county will be credited with the Volunteers raised, if the men are reported and mustered as forming the quota of Wayne county without regard to other counties of the District.

*Resolved*, That the County of Wayne will pay the sum of \$300 to each and every person who may have volunteered since the 26th day of November, 1863, or who may hereafter volunteer into the service of the United States for the term of three years, or during the war, and be mustered into the service to the credit of Wayne county, until the whole quota (under the late call for 300,000 men) of the county be filled, or until the draft takes place.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of Wayne county be and is hereby authorized to issue the Bonds of the county from time to time, as the case may require, in sums of not less than \$100, nor more than \$1,000, with annual interest; said Bonds to be divided into five equal classes, payable in one, two, three, four and five years from and after the 15th day of February, 1864, for a sum not to exceed \$225,000; that the money received for said Bonds be paid into Treasury of said county and constitute the fund from which said volunteers shall be paid, and be paid out under the direction of this Board; and that no Bond shall be sold or disposed of by the Treasurer for less than its actual amount.

*Resolved*, That Miles S. Leach be, and he is hereby appointed the Committee of this Board to direct the payment of the above specified Bounties; and that said Committee shall not make any order or draft upon the Treasurer of this county for the purpose of paying to any volunteer said bounty, or any part thereof, until a certificate from the proper officer has been presented to him, showing that such volunteer has been accepted and mustered into the service of the United States as a volunteer, from the County of Wayne, and credited to said county as forming part of its quota under the present call of the President for 300,000 men.

*Resolved*, That in case towns that have not filled their quota before the draft takes place, shall be drafted from to make up such deficiency in their quotas, said towns shall only be required to pay in proportion to the volunteers raised in and credited to said town.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of this county shall not pay out any of the money hereby provided to be raised, except upon an order duly signed by said Miles S. Leach.

A motion to amend by making the bounty five hundred dollars instead of three hundred dollars, was lost by the following vote: Ayes — Messrs. Hyde, Redfield, Leach, Flower, Wood,—5. Naves—Messrs. Center, Mead, Lakey, Williams, Valentine, Evans, Wilcox, Everett, Hance,—9. Absent, Mr. Sours.

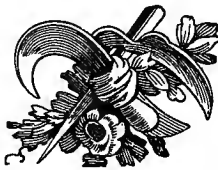
The resolutions were then unanimously adopted as reported.

At this time the Legislature had not authorized Boards of Supervisors to levy taxes for the payment of Bounties, and therefore the following resolution was adopted :

*Resolved*, That the Board of Supervisors of Wayne County request the Senator from this district, and the members of Assembly from this county to use their best efforts for the speedy passage of a law, legalizing the action of this Board and other Boards of Supervisors in this State in relation to County Bounties.

At the same meeting the resolutions in relation to bounties were directed to be published in all the papers of the county, the expense in each not to exceed the sum of five dollars.

The Treasurer was also required to give an additional Bond of Fifty Thousand Dollars in view of the large sums of money to be entrusted to his care under these resolutions, and the opinion of the Board was embodied in a resolution that the Treasurer ought to be allowed a reasonable compensation for the extraordinary labor and responsibility growing out of the recruiting service.



## CHAPTER VI.

1864. — CALLS FOR FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN RECEIVED — QUOTA OF WAYNE COUNTY — SUPERVISORS MEET — BOUNTIES OFFERED — EFFORTS TO AVOID A DRAFT — THE ERA OF SUBSTITUTES.

**D**URING the winter large detachments continued to be secured as recruits to the Ninth Heavy Artillery. Doubtless the supposition that it was to remain as Heavy Artillery in the forts that constituted the defences of Washington, may have tended to draw recruits. For more than a year there was a steady enlistment in the ranks of the Ninth.

The attention of the people had been concentrated upon filling the quotas required by the call of October, 1863. The movement was successful and the draft avoided.

The following article from the *Lyons Republican* of January 29th, 1864, shows very fully the result as well as the unremitting labor by which it was reached. It also gives credit richly due to the county officers who had been in charge of the matter. Doubtless the commendation therein expressed of the Provost Marshal and his assistants at Auburn, was also deserved. It remains true, however, that many cases of hardship had arisen in the execution of their difficult and unpleasant duties. Decisions were sometimes made that seemed harsh. Sick men who should have been exempted, were sometimes passed by the surgeons, and compelled to pay or go. It is believed that when injustice of this kind was done, it was due to "busybodies in other men's matters" at home, who filled the ears of the officers in charge, that men were feigning the sickness.

### THE QUOTA FILLED—BOUNTY BONDS.

"As we announced last week, the quota of the Twenty-Fourth Congressional District, under the recent call of the President, has been filled—the District being the first in the State to clear itself from the impending draft. And Wayne county, we believe, was the first of the three composing the

District, to furnish the number of men for which she was called upon.

“ This result has not been brought about without hard, earnest, unremitting labor. While one or two towns have been disgracefully laggard, others have taken hold of the work in the right spirit, and have not only cleared their own localities from danger of draft, but have performed a like service for their delinquent neighbors. The people have been thoroughly aroused; and although the well-remembered excitements of similar occasions in 1862 were wanting, there was no lack of deep and hearty interest in the work and in the cause. And the result is before us—as gratifying as it is almost unexpected.

“ A goodly portion of credit for the speedy filling of our county quota is due to the Supervisor’s Committee, Mr. M. S. Leach, and to Mr. Dewey, the County Treasurer. They have been prompt and efficient; and their promptness and efficiency have no doubt done much toward inspiring the confidence of hesitating recruits who had a doubt of the ability or disposition of the county to pay its offered Bounty. We have had occasion to know since about the 20th of December, something of the labor which the payment of the County Bounty to volunteers has imposed upon the Treasurer. Within a period of about fifteen days he paid out nearly \$135,000, in sums of \$600 to \$23,000 a day. This he did at all hours and in all places; and to enable him to do so, he was compelled to raise money, wherever he could do so, in sums of from \$50 to \$10,000. This, at times, was up-hill work, owing to the persistent efforts of a certain few to cry down the credit of the county, hoping thereby to impoverish the Treasury and check volunteering; but those efforts were of no avail, and latterly more money was offered than was needed, and to-day the County Bonds can hardly be purchased at par. Few men could have displayed more zeal than our County Treasurer has done, or have been more faithful and efficient.

“ We cannot close this article without at least a passing notice of the admirable manner in which their official duties under the recent call for men have been discharged by our worthy Provost-Marshal and his assistants. Under the new arrangement, the duties and labors of their positions have been increased and augmented, but the people are greatly relieved thereby, and have occasion for commendation as well as satisfaction. Captain Knapp has brought to his position the requisite ability, judgment and humanity, and his associates and assistants, Hon. James M. Servis and Dr. Davis, have proved themselves competent and efficient men.

Had the present system been adopted earlier or more fully, and all recruiting been done through the Marshal's office, we are not sure but it would have saved the Government some expense, the soldiers much perplexity if not suffering, and their friends anxiety and trouble."

Scarcely had the cause of anxious work been removed and the people begun to rest from their labors somewhat, when another call for 200,000 volunteers was made by the President of the United States. This required *four hundred and four* men from the county, and compelled immediate action by the people and by the authorities.

Accompanying this call was the notice that a draft would be made March 10th, unless the quota was filled by that date. The Supervisors took early action at a special meeting held Friday, February 6, 1864. They adopted the following resolutions:

*Whereas*, The President of the United States has recently called for 200,000 additional Volunteers, and at the same time given notice that unless the Volunteers are furnished on or before the 10th day of March, next, a draft will be made; and

*Whereas*, It appears that Wayne county will have to furnish for the late call, four hundred and four (404) men,

*Resolved*, That Wayne county will pay the sum of Three Hundred Dollars to each and every person who has enlisted or re-enlisted, or who may enlist or re-enlist or volunteer, since the 26th of November, 1863, for the term of three years or during the war—and who have not received a County Bounty—and be mustered into the service of the United States to the credit of the county, until the whole quota of the county is filled, or until the draft takes place.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of Wayne county be and is hereby authorized to issue the Bonds of the county from time to time, as the case may require, in sums of not less than One Hundred nor more than One Thousand Dollars, with annual interest; said Bonds to be divided into five equal classes, payable in one, two, three, four and five years from and after the 15th day of February, 1864, for a sum not to exceed One Hundred and Twenty-Three Thousand Dollars, in addition to Four Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars on hand, or so much thereof as may be needed; that the money received for said Bonds be paid into the Treasury of said county and constitute the fund from which said Volunteers and Veterans shall be paid, and be paid out under the direction of this Board. Said Bonds shall be signed by the

Treasurer, and the Chairman of this Board, and no Bond shall be sold or disposed of by the Treasurer for less than its actual amount.

*Resolved*, That Miles S. Leach be and is hereby appointed the Committee of this Board, to direct the payment of the above specified Bounties, and that the said Committee shall not make any order or draft on the Treasurer of this county for the purpose of paying to any Volunteer or Veteran said Bounty, or any part thereof, until a certificate from the proper muster-in officer has been presented to him showing that such Volunteer is credited on the quota of Wayne county.

*Resolved*, That in case towns that have not filled their quota when the draft takes place, shall be drafted from to make up such deficiency in their quotas, said towns shall only be required to pay in proportion to the Volunteers raised in and credited to said towns.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of this county shall not pay out any of the money hereby provided to be raised, except upon an order duly signed by said Miles S. Leach.

A resolution was adopted to forward copies of the above resolutions to our representatives in the Legislature.

The following resolutions were also passed :

*Whereas*, The Legislature of the State of New York, now in session, is expected to pass a law to increase the State Bounty ; therefore,

*Resolved*, That the increase of the present State Bounty be deducted from the county Bounty of \$300, offered by this Board at its present session ; and should the increased State Bounty amount to \$300, then the county Bounty offered by this Board, at its present session, of \$300, (to fill the quota of this county under the last call of the President of the United States for 200,000 men,) should and does hereby cease.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of Wayne county pay out of the Contingent Fund of the county all necessary expenditures of Miles S. Leach, in his business as the representative of this Board, in relation to county Bounty.

Mr. Valentine presented his resignation as Chairman of the Board, in the following communication, whereupon Mr Leach was elected Chairman of the Board :

*To the Board of Supervisors of Wayne County :*

GENTLEMEN—Whereas by a proposed enactment of the Legislature of this State it is required that the Chairman of the Board shall sign the Bonds issued by the county ; and whereas my place of residence is somewhat distant from the

Treasurer's Office, making it inconvenient for me as Chairman to sign said Bonds from time to time as it may be necessary; I therefore tender to your honorable body my resignation as Chairman, thanking you for the honor conferred upon me in my election, and the respect shown me by the Board as such presiding officer.

Lyons, February 6, 1864.

J. VALENTINE.

The Board adjourned *sine die* on Saturday.

The resignation of Mr. Valentine, although generally regretted by the Board, seemed to be a necessity; his residence being at a considerable distance from Lyons, rendering it very inconvenient if not impossible for him to sign the Bounty Bonds as they were issued. Mr. Valentine was a faithful officer, and presided with great acceptance to the Board.

The machinery of enlistment was again set in motion, and every attempt possible made to prevent the impending draft. The work was rapidly carried on and completed in about a month, as shown in the following newspaper article of March 11th:

"The quota under the two calls for 300,000 and 200,000 men, (or as it is understood the one call for 500,000,) for Wayne county, was 1,010 and this was divided among the several towns according to the number enrolled in the first class in each town. As fast as men were mustered at Auburn, they were credited to the towns from which they enlisted; and on the 31st day of January last, the Provost-Marshal's books were posted, and from the quota of each town was deducted the number of men it had furnished, leaving the number 'due' as we stated; (so that the number 'due before deducting the draft' *was not* the quota under the 500,000 call, but the quota *less the credits for enlistments.*) Then came Colonel Fry's order to deduct the avails of the draft in July, making still further reductions."

We republish the table, with some additions:

Quota of Wayne under the call for 500,000 men,	1,010
Deduct enlistments to Jan. 31, 1863.....	466

Balance due Jan. 31.....	544
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This balance of 544 was due from the several towns as shown below. Then came Colonel Fry's order for credits under the July draft—the number realized from the same, in commutations, substitutes, &c., to be deducted from existing dues—as shown in the table:



	Due before deducting draft.	Realized from draft.	Surplus.	Deficiency.
Arcadia.....	102	59	..	43
Butler.....	19	34	15	..
Galen.....	35	51	16	..
Huron.....	23	11	..	12
Lyons.....	48	39	..	9
Macedon.....	17	30	13	..
Marion.....	21	20	..	1
Ontario.....	31	28	..	3
Palmyra.....	46	39	..	7
Rose.....	17	9	..	8
Savannah.....	13	21	8	..
Sodus.....	82	63	..	19
Walworth.....	19	30	11	..
Williamson.....	51	23	..	28
Wolcott.....	20	22	2	..
	544	497	65	130

Deduct surplus..... 65

Total deficiency..... 65

This is the total deficiency of the county under the call for 500,000 men—or *under every call* to the present time.

And now for the credits since January 31st:

On Adjutant General's books (at Albany).....	106
Enlisted during month of February.....	106
Twenty-Second Cavalry.....	65
Mounted Rifles.....	49
Ninety-eighth (re-enlisted).....	33
Seventy-fifth (re-enlisted).....	40
Ninetieth (not known).....	—

Total (ascertained)..... 399

Deduct deficiency (see table)..... 65

Total excess to February 27..... 334

Since February 27th, it is believed that at least seventy men have enlisted, (we know of about forty;) and if so, the county is *already* clear of draft under the *forthcoming* call for 200,000 men. And the County Bounty has ceased.

In the *Lyons Republican* of March 25th, we find another statement, showing more fully the exact condition of affairs, and giving a specimen of the *debt and credit* account which

was carefully kept in those times, an account in which every man, woman and child in Wayne county was personally interested.

#### HOW WAYNE COUNTY STANDS.

“Through the kindness of Supervisor Leach, we are enabled to make an authoritative statement of the position of Wayne county in reference to all the calls for men made prior to this date. It will be seen that our county receives forty-nine men from the ‘credits at large’—it being our proportion of the 13,000 men deducted from the quota of the State, through the exertions of Governor Seymour. The account stands:

Our quota under the three calls, aggregating 700,000, is.....	1414
Our share of the credit at large.....	49
Our credit on the draft.....	479
Enlisted and credited before the County	
Bounty was offered.....	106
Recruits paid to date, March 23d, 1864...	772
	—1406

Leaving a deficiency of..... 8

“To offset against this deficiency we have to credit our county with the following recruits, yet to be paid:

In the Ninety-eighth Regiment.....	1
“ One Hundred and Forty-sixth.....	5
“ Eighth Cavalry.....	3
	—
Total.....	9
Deduct deficiency.....	8
	—

Leaving a total excess of..... 1

“We have also re-enlisted men *reported* as follows:

In Battery L, First New York Artillery.....	6
In Seventy-fifth Regiment.....	40
	—
Total.....	46
Add excess above.....	1
	—

Total excess.....47.

“It is reported that our quota may be changed somewhat, as we understand it will be made on the basis of the consolidation of the 1st and 2d class of enrolled men, whereas the former ones were based upon the 1st class. At any rate we have a surplus that will more than cover any contingency.

“The resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors at their late meeting authorizing the payment of bounties to fifty men has become inoperative in consequence of our share of the ‘credits at large.’ At the time of the adoption of the resolution it was supposed, and it has been so stated, that the deduction of the State quota would only affect the counties of New York and Kings, but subsequently it was apportioned *pro rata* among all the counties. In case we should have a similar ‘credit’ upon our quota under the present call, we shall then have a surplus of over eighty men!

“The question which remains then, to be decided, is Shall the forty-seven men who have received no County Bounty, be paid? For one, we answer Yes. Every one of these men, enlisted in good faith, and in good time, probably before the 1st of December, and the reason they were not paid is to be found in the delay occasioned by the negligence of the officers in transmitting the necessary papers to the Adjutant-General’s office, at Albany. No doubt there will be further calls for men during the season, as there is no very flattering prospect of the war being closed right away, and we advise the payment of the re-enlisted men of the Seventy-fifth.

In the early spring the citizens of the county had the pleasure of greeting a portion of the veterans who had been serving for more than two years in the Ninety-eighth Infantry.

The Wayne county (re-enlisted) portion of that Regiment—about one hundred men, portions of three Companies arrived at Lyons on Saturday evening, under command of Captain W. H. Rogers. The soldiers were met at the depot by a deputation of citizens, and escorted to the Court House, preceded by the Cornet Band. Here they were welcomed home in a neat address by Rev. Mr. Jervis, and were presented by Misses Cramer and Holley (on behalf of the ladies) with the banner which was gotten up for the Regiment nearly two years ago. Captain Rogers responding, and promising that the banner should never be disgraced. After this the soldiers were marched to Graham’s Hotel, where a plentiful entertainment awaited them,—the tables being loaded with good things contributed by the citizens,—the ladies acting as waiters, and anticipating their every want.

The men were furloughed until the first of April, when they re-entered the service for the period of three years, "unless sooner discharged." They were a sturdy, determined-looking set of men, and they, in the future (as they had in the past) earned an honorable record. The Regiment was filled up, and retained its former designation and organization. Lieutenant-Colonel Weed was promoted to the rank of Colonel.

And now the country had reached the opening of the great campaign of 1864. The movement commencing about the first of May was speedily followed by a series of battles bloody and terrible in their character. It was the inevitable necessity of the situation that compelled the occurrence of those battles and the destruction of life involved. War *means* destruction and death. The supreme question whether the Government should stand or fall could not be settled by negotiation, by compromise, nor by any easy mode of warfare. It was only hard, steady, persistent fighting that was to determine the result for which the world waited. Three years of war had completed its fearful record. General Grant summoned from his theatre of magnificent victories in the West, was now in absolute command of the armies of the Union, having his headquarters and his direct field of labor with the army of the Potomac. No speedy victory, however, awaited the intrepid leader or the brave men under his command.

The people knew but little of the great plan formed in the celebrated council of war that was held by Generals Grant and Sherman, at Cincinnati, at which only a small number of others were present. The plan contemplated the movement South and southeast, afterwards known as "Sherman's March to the Sea," and the direct movement southward from Washington toward the rebel strongholds at Petersburg and Richmond.

Neither did the people know in full the immense losses that occurred as those movements proceeded. They could read of each battle by itself, but how far it was a part of the general plan, and how costly the sacrifice by which it was fought, were not fully known till weeks and months afterwards.

With bated breaths, with heart-sickening fear, and yet with patriotic hope intermingled, the people read day after day, week after week, month after month, and wondered still when all this was to end, or how.

It was a campaign that was to be pushed "if it took all summer;" it was a campaign that must necessarily be fought out to its end, no matter how long a time should be required nor how great the losses incurred. The fate of the Republic was involved in that campaign. The Government was to live or die, as that campaign should be decided.

Ere long, however, the people learned by the action of the Government calling for additional forces that immense losses were being sustained.

Indeed these facts were touching the hearts and homes of every locality. The roll of the heroic dead lengthened, and the horrors of southern prisons began to be known during this year as never before.

The Ninth Heavy Artillery met its first great battle at Cold Harbor. Of this Major Taft wrote:

"Our line of battle was formed at about 2 P. M. After a heavy artillery duel in which the rebel batteries were nearly silenced, we were ordered to charge upon their breastworks, which was done in gallant style. We first charged across an open field under their fire; re-formed the line and from the top of a densely wooded hill charged through a swamp directly upon the rebel works.

"There was no stop, no hesitation. Every man went in with a will, and we drove directly through their works taking prisoners, probably to the number of eight hundred so far. The firing still continues, and we shall probably have an assault upon the works we now hold during the day. Our men are in good spirits and proud of our success. Our Division has been complimented in an order by General Meade, and we have received the thanks of our Brigade Commander, Colonel Smith.

"From the 600 or 700 men (six companies) of our Regiment engaged yesterday, we lost probably 100 killed and wounded. It is impossible at present to give anything like a correct list. I will endeavor to keep one as fast as I can ascertain names, and send them to you."

The call of the President for 200,000 men made in July, fell with something of a shock upon the people already

wearied with the labor of responding to the repeated calls of the year before.

The Supervisors promptly took action, even before the call was officially promulgated.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—SPECIAL MEETING.

At a Special Meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Wayne county, held at the Court House, in the village of Lyons, on Thursday, June 23d, 1864, the several towns were represented as follows, viz :

Arcadia—A. W. Hyde.  
 Butler—B. S. Wood.  
 Galen—P. G. Dennison.  
 Huron—R. B. Sours.  
 Lyons—M. S. Leach.  
 Macedon—Robert H. Jones.  
 Marion—Orville Lewis.  
 Ontario—A. J. Bixby.  
 Palmyra—H. S. Flower.  
 Rose—J. Valentine.  
 Savannah—William G. Soule.  
 Sodus—Durfee Wilcox.  
 Walworth—John Everett.  
 Williamson—B. J. Hance.  
 Wolcott—William O. Wood.

Members all present except Messrs. Flower and Hyde.

On motion of Mr. Hance, M. S. Leach was elected Chairman, *pro tem*.

On motion of Mr. Valentine,

*Resolved*, That the Chairman appoint a Committee of three, to draft Resolutions:

The Chair appointed as such Committee, Messrs. Valentine, Wood and Hance.

The Committee, after consultation, reported the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted :

WHEREAS, It is expected that the President is about to call for 200,000 more men ; and, whereas, it is expected that unless the men are furnished by voluntary enlistments, a Draft will be ordered for that purpose ; therefore,

*Resolved*, That Wayne county will pay the sum of \$300 to each and every person, who may, from and after the 23d day of June, 1864, volunteer into the service of the United States, for the term of three years or during the war, and

be mustered into the service, to the credit of Wayne county, until the whole quota of the county (under the expected call) is filled, or until the Draft takes place.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer of Wayne county be, and he is hereby authorized to issue the Bonds of the county, from time to time, as the case may require, in sums of not less than \$1,000, with annual interest; said Bonds to be divided into five equal classes, payable in one, two, three, four and five years, from and after the 15th day of February, 1864, for a sum not to exceed \$100,000 dollars; that the money received for said Bonds be paid into the Treasury of said county, and constitute the fund from which said volunteers shall be paid, and be paid out under the direction of this Board; and that no Bond shall be sold or disposed of by the Treasurer for less than its actual amount.

*Resolved*, That Miles S. Leach be, and he is hereby appointed the Committee of this Board, to direct the payment of the above specified Bounties, and that said Committee shall not make any order or draft upon the Treasurer of this county for the purpose of paying to any volunteer said Bounty, or any part thereof, until a certificate from the proper officer has been presented to him, showing that such volunteer has been accepted and mustered into the service of the United States as a volunteer from Wayne county, and credited to said county as forming part of its quota under the said call.

*Resolved*, That the Bonds shall be signed by the County Treasurer and the acting Chairman of this Board.

*Resolved*, that in case towns that have not filled their quota when the Draft takes place, shall be drafted from to make up such deficiency in their quotas, said towns shall only be required to pay in proportion to the volunteers raised in and accredited to said town.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer shall not pay out any of the moneys hereby provided to be raised, except upon an order duly signed by said Miles S. Leach.

*Resolved*, That volunteers so entering the service of the United States as aforesaid, shall be credited to the several sub-districts of said county in proportion to the number of men required from such sub-districts, *pro rata*.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer be, and he is hereby authorized to pay the Bounty of Three Hundred Dollars to such as have heretofore re-enlisted and have not received their Bounty in consequence of their enlistment papers not being received in time.

On motion of Mr. Everett,

*Resolved*, That the proceedings of this Board be published in all of the newspapers in the county, at a cost not to exceed three dollars to each.

On motion of Mr. Valentine,

*Resolved*, That the Board adjourn until the next Annual Meeting.

E. W. SHERMAN, Clerk.

Prior to the enlistments under the new call, there had been made a new enrollment of the men liable to bear arms; the enrolling officers for the several towns being as follows:

Savannah—Benjamin Q. Servis.

Butler—Samuel Miller.

Wolcott—George H. Brown.

Ontario—Alexander Sands.

Williamson—Ledyard S. Cuyler.

Marion—Amasa Stanton.

Walworth—Philip Lawrence.

Macedon—Charles P. Hurlburt.

Palmyra—George N. Williams, Jr.

Arcadia—Joel Soverhill.

Lyons—George Carver.

Sodus—George S. Putnam.

Huron—Correll H. Upson.

Rose—William W. Thomas.

Galen—Charles H. Reed.

At this time we note two or three personals:

#### RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

“Funeral services commemorative of the death of Sergeant Charles L. Cookingham, late of the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment, killed in one of the Wilderness battles,) will take place in the M. E. Church, in Lock Berlin, on Sunday next, at two o'clock, P. M. The services will be conducted by Rev. William Putnam, of Lyons.”

#### RETURNED TO LYONS.

“Mr. Judson Blakely, formerly of this village, returned to Lyons from Virginia on Wednesday, having been sixteen days on the road—the place of his residence in Virginia being in possession of the rebels. Mr. B. has been compelled to resort to all kinds of expedients to save himself from the rebel conscription, and as a last resort left his home, in company with others, for the North, leaving his family behind.”



## DEATH OF CAPTAIN GREGORY.

“We learn from the *Palmyra Courier* that this gallant officer died at his home in Ontario, on the 22d of June, from the effects of wounds received in one of the recent battles. Capt. G. was a clergyman, and for several years had officiated as pastor of the Baptist Church in Ontario. In the summer of '62 he threw aside his clerical robes, and entered the Army of the Union. Being wounded as stated above, he was conveyed to his home in Ontario, where he died, surrounded by kind friends who mourn his loss with unfeigned sorrow.”

The draft being expected and energetic efforts being made to fill the quotas, there arose a method of aid in this direction which had not before been attempted. Here and there a few persons of abundant means had hired substitutes, with the simple patriotic desire of being represented in the Union army. This principle was now extended. The Government offered to grant to any man liable to draft, a full discharge, provided he furnished an accepted substitute. This led to a large number of substitutes being offered by citizens in anticipation of draft. This relieved the citizen who furnished the substitute from danger of draft for three years; but the act had also a public character, for it diminished the quota of the town by one, and to that extent relieved everybody else from liability, at least to the present draft. If the citizens who furnished substitutes were equal in number to the quota of the town, then the quota was entirely filled. It seemed right then for the whole people to aid those who chose to be at the trouble of looking up substitutes. Hence arose the town meetings that were held all over the county. Bounties were voted in a liberal manner. These Bounties were paid by both town and county. They were available to men who enlisted, and to men who hired substitutes.

That some corrupt transactions arose in these proceedings was doubtless true. The temptation to make money out of men's necessities never yet failed to find shysters and brokers ready for the work. The price of substitutes was enormously advanced. Combinations were undoubtedly formed to coerce towns into voting larger sums than were really necessary. The high prices probably in hundreds of cases never came into the hands of the men who hired themselves out as substitutes. A large share of the price paid

staid in the brokers hands. The men bought in this wholesale way too, were of very little aid to the army. Hundreds of them proved to be bounty jumpers instead of soldiers—enlisting, running away, re-enlisting, again escaping, only to repeat the transaction if opportunity occurred.

The disgraceful transactions of the bounty period have seldom been equaled in the history of the nation. And yet through it all, it should be observed that the principles upon which the whole affair was based were correct. It was entirely honorable for an individual to put in a substitute if he could; it was entirely consistent to vote a tax to reimburse him, in whole or part, because by putting in a substitute he was thereby filling the quota of the town and relieving the whole people from draft. It is true that the individual procured exemption for himself three years, while for the people at large exemption was secured only from the pending draft. This was not wrong when the sums voted were kept within reasonable limits. Ordinarily the person putting in a substitute paid considerable cash in addition to the sum voted by the town. He was obliged to raise the whole at the time and wait some months or years for reimbursement. He was usually at considerable trouble, while the citizen only paying taxes was not. Besides it is not clear how any form of substitution could have really accomplished any better results to the men of a town liable to bear arms. Had the quota not been filled by those who put in substitutes, the whole people would have been subject to the pending draft as well as to future calls. If the substitutes had been hired in a body by the town, and placed to no one's individual credit, then there would have been universal liability to any future draft. There is no dishonor attaching to the individual citizens who paid their money to put in substitutes, even though the government or the substitutes were defrauded by some intermediate party. If, as is sometimes asserted, hundreds of *straw* men were furnished, men only on paper, *that* is no fault of the citizens who supposed the government was securing genuine men in return for the money paid. They had a right to suppose that the government was strong enough to guard against imposition.

The records of the Provost Marshal's office were gathered up and deposited at the National Capital at the close of the war. The government officials are wary in granting access even for historical purposes to any war records, for fear that fraudulent pension evidence may be manufactured. It is therefore scarcely possible to furnish a complete record of those who obtained substitutes. In a portion of the Town Clerk's offices the list can be found, in others it cannot. In some cases the lists were furnished to the newspapers. These explanations show why only a portion of the towns are given, and doubtless for these the lists are not in any manner complete.

The editor has written to every town for complete lists, but without success.

## PALMYRA.

The following citizens furnished substitutes :

Luther M. Chase,	Henry R. Durfee,
Alfred W. Sambury,	Marvin Hill,
Edward S. Averill,	William Ranier,
Isaac Gifford,	Miles B. Riggs,
Lewis A. Parsons,	L. W. Feller.
Avery S. Durfee,	

## ROSE.

The following citizens procured substitutes as appears by a minute in the office of the Town Clerk :

George Woodruff,	Merwin S. Roe,
Thomas Robinson,	William Desmond,
Peter Harmon,	Philander Mitchell,
Francis Osborn,	John H. Barnes,
A. M. Wilbur,	James C. Osborn,
M. T. Collier,	E. C. Ellinwood,
Jerry Barrett,	R. N. Jefferson,
J. Valentine,	William H. Dodds,
L. M. Snow,	G. L. Munsell.

## SAVANNAH.

In the Town Clerk's office we find quite a complete list :

O. R. Hanchett,	G. A. Farrand,
I. Tallman,	William H. Case,
George Spencer,	John H. Wood,
N. W. Morgan,	Obadiah Corncross,
Peter Anderson,	William Calkins,
Samuel Williams,	Henry Blass,
George Wilson,	Nathaniel Jones,

Richard W. Evans,  
M. B. Winegar,  
Charles Long,  
William R. Stultz,  
Daniel E. Campbell,  
Russell Wiang,

James Thornby,  
James Cunningham,  
George Van Collier,  
William Kendall,  
Oliver Palmerton.

## SODUS.

A partial memorandum in possession of Mr. Samuel B. Brundage supplies a few names of those who furnished substitutes :

Benjamin B. Seaman,  
Philip Hopp,  
Michael Tinklepaugh,  
Samuel A. Robinson,  
Marvin S. Granger,  
Augustus A. Foland,  
Elijah Mesick,  
Jacob Lefurgey,  
Theodore Robinson,  
Peter E. Vosburgh,  
John Cartman,

Robert A. Proseus,  
Spencer Dennis,  
John B. Goodsell,  
Evander M. Smith,  
Jerome Kelly,  
Harrison Cottrell,  
Hiram Knapp,  
James R. Knapp,  
Lewis H. Clark,  
Charles D. Gaylord.

## WILLIAMSON.

Ledyard S. Cuyler,  
George M. Nichols,  
James M. Hinolf,  
William H. Todd,  
John N. Brownell,  
Joseph Britton,  
John Britton,  
Lyman Milliman,  
Harvey Auchampach,

Aaron Brewer,  
John Adams,  
Charles Mason,  
Weston Pratt, (for his son),  
R. E. Wilbur,  
Albert Pallister,  
Aaron W. Pratt,  
Dr. Barton P. Peer,  
Richard Craggs, Jr.

It will be seen that these memoranda are especially meagre, for by this method of furnishing substitutes there was a large number of men furnished, so much so that with the volunteering which continued, and the enlistment of men abroad on behalf of the towns, the quotas were fully completed and the expected drafts were avoided. In the south-western portion of the county there was a movement to form a full company as shown in the following account :

*From the Palmyra Courier, August 6, 1864.*

“ On Saturday evening of last week an informal meeting of our citizens was held at Col. Corning’s office for the purpose of considering and devising some means by which our quota could be filled. Some fifty of our business men were

present, and by the unanimous expression, Col. Corning was urgently solicited to take the lead, procure a commission and raise a company of volunteers. After some hesitation, occasioned only by sacrifices already made and still further called for, Col. Corning consented, and with his usual promptitude and energy, started on Sunday evening for Albany to procure from Governor Seymour the proper commission and authorization papers. Monday morning at ten o'clock the editor of this paper received the following telegram :

ALBANY, August 15, 1864.

" *To E. S. Averill, Palmyra :*

" I have the order—Go ahead.

J. W. CORNING.

" A meeting was immediately called for Monday evening for the purpose of taking into consideration the subject of raising a special town bounty to such persons as may volunteer from and to the credit of this town. At the hour named the hall was filled to overflowing with the taxpayers of the town. On motion Henry S. Flower was made President. The call for the meeting was read and the object thereof stated by the President. After extended remarks from several gentlemen, and for the purpose of concentrating action, Mr. Ferrin proposed and offered for the consideration of the meeting the following resolution :

" *Resolved*, That we recommend the town officers of the Town of Palmyra to call immediately a special town meeting of the electors of the town of Palmyra to vote upon the question of raising a special Town Bounty of two hundred dollars additional to the County Bounty, to be paid to each of such persons as may volunteer and be accepted into the military or naval service of the United States, or be received as substitutes from and to the credit of the Town of Palmyra, unless the Board of Supervisors of the county shall in the meantime meet and increase the County Bounty.

" The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

" Colonel Corning, who had just reached home from Albany, came into the hall, when the assemblage rose and gave him three rousing cheers. The Colonel responded at some length, stating the result of his mission to Albany, and announcing his complete readiness and anxiety to receive recruits.

"On Tuesday morning Col. Corning pitched his tent in Main street in front of the Hotel and commenced the work of recruiting in earnest. Every citizen is wide awake to the necessity of filling our quota."

In 1863, the National Guard of the State of New York was organized in the Eastern part of the county. The intention was to organize a full regiment in each Assembly District. The ranks were filled by a draft. Officers were appointed and trainings took place at several points, at Lyons, Clyde and Sodus. In the Western District it does not appear that any regimental organization was effected. The Palmyra militia was called out and drilled at least once under Captain Mark Finley, but that is about the only item of their doings that we have found. For the Eastern Assembly District the following List of officers appears in the records at Albany:

NATIONAL GUARD.

The One Hundred and Seventh Regiment of the Twenty-fifth Brigade, Seventh Division was organized in Eastern Wayne in the summer of 1863.

Alexander D. Adams, *Colonel*, August 5th, 1863.

(	vacant,	)	<i>Lieutenant-Colonel</i> ,
(	"	)	<i>Major</i> .

*Company Officers.*

Chas. H. Dickinson, *Captain*, Lyons, Oct. 17th, 1864.

David Westfall, *1st Lieutenant*, " "

Wm. W. Agett, *2d* " " "

P. W. Tinklepaugh, *Captain*, Sodus, Sept. 5th, 1864.

Edw'd P. Rogers, *1st Lieut.*, " "

J. Cunningham, *2d* " " "

Tunis D. Tallman, *Captain*, Galen, Oct. 15th, 1864.

Alfred Parker, *1st Lieutenant*, " "

James M. Barnett, *2d* " " "

Stephen D. Price, *Captain*, Wolcott, Aug. 27th, 1864.

Alfred Parker, *1st Lieut.*, " "

F. S. Johnson, *2d* " " "

Edwin H. Draper, *Captain*, Wolcott, Sept. 10th, 1864.

John Boylan, *1st Lieut.*, " "

James Armstrong, *2d* " " "

Charles H. Murphy, *Captain*, Rose, Sept. 29th, 1864.

Benj. T. Sherman, *1st Lieut.*, " "

Orrin L. Wyckoff, *2d* " " "

Wm. H. Beadle, *Captain*, Savannah, Sept. 29th, 1864.  
 H. Hamilton, *1st Lieut.*, " " "  
 Willis Pierson, *2d* " " "  
 Joseph S. Wade, *Captain*, Butler, Oct. 29th, 1864.  
 Albert Davis, *1st Lieut.*, " " "  
 Henry Wood, *2d* " " "  
 R. Dewitt Munger, *Captain*, Sodus, Nov. 2d, 1864.  
 William Barton, *1st Lieut.*, " " "  
 Millard F. Boyd, *2d* " " "  
 Daniel Platner, *Captain*, Clyde, Nov. 3d, 1864.  
 Andrew D. McMillan, *1st Lieut.*, " " "  
 Emmett L. Jones, *2d* " " "

The organization continued in existence but a year or two, and for the last fifteen years Wayne county has been without any organized militia.

During the existence of this regimental organization, the Supervisors took some action in relation to it as appears below.

#### MILITIA ORGANIZATIONS—NATIONAL GUARD.

November 21st, 1864, Colonel A. D. Adams, of the One Hundred and Seventh Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., presented a communication requesting that the Military Fund now in the County Treasury, and standing to the credit of the Fifty-eighth Regiment, be passed to the credit of the militia organization in this county; fifty-eight being now the number of a Livingston County Regiment, and that the Board provide suitable armories for the use of the companies now organized.

This communication was referred to the committee of the whole, and afterwards to a special committee.

Subsequently on motion of Mr. Flower, it was voted that one-half of the above described Military Fund be placed to the credit of the One Hundred and Seventh Regiment of the National Guard, then being organized in the First Assembly District, and one-half to the regiment then being formed in the Second Assembly District.

An interesting affair in connection with the history of the Twenty-seventh took place December 2d, 1864. We can do no better than to give the newspaper account, which is full of the enthusiasm belonging to such a subject and such an occasion.

## FLAG PRESENTATION.

On Friday evening last, the flag of Company B, Twenty-seventh Regiment, which was deposited in the Court House soon after the return of the company, was formally presented to the County Authorities, to be preserved with its archives. The presentation address was made by John H. Camp, Esq., at the evening meeting of the Board of Supervisors, December 2d, 1864.

Mr. Camp first spoke briefly of the inauguration of the rebellion; of the spirit of loyalty and devotion to country that was awakened at the North when the telegram came that Fort Sumter had been fired upon; and then said:

“Animated by this spirit of patriotism, a number of men, residents of the town of Lyons, volunteered to do battle for their country, and formed themselves into a company that was afterwards known as Company B, of the Twenty-seventh Regiment of New York Volunteers. The ladies of this town, desiring to give these noble men some token, expressive of their appreciation of the valor and courage thus displayed by them, presented them with this flag,—that in the quiet of the camp would remind them of the love of the dear ones at home, and to which in the shock of battle, when danger threatened, they could look up, and feel that though far away, there were sympathizing hearts beating with anxiety for their safety—friends who would rejoice with them over victories gained, and mourn with them when they grieved that one of their number had been called to lay down his life upon his country’s altar. The flag was accepted by Company B, with the promise that never should it be dishonored. And nobly was that pledge kept. Through thirteen fiercely contested battles was it carried in triumph. Never was it lowered to an enemy; and no particle of Southern soil stains its folds. In all the battles of the peninsula campaign, was it honorably borne; and when, in the fight at Gaines’ Mill, the standard bearer of Company B, James Snedaker, was severely wounded and fainting from the loss of blood, as he was sinking to the ground, he passed it to his comrades, saying: ‘Boys, don’t let the flag go down.’ At the battle of Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorville, was seen this flag waving in the thickest of the fight.

“And now these noble men, who have with such credit to themselves and honor to their country fulfilled the trust delegated to them by the ladies of the town of Lyons, desire to present to the county of Wayne, through you, its represent-



atives, this flag, so honored from its connections, and which has become historic from its associations. Receive it, then, gentlemen. Let there be inscribed upon it the names of those battles where it so proudly waved. Preserve it as a sacred relic, testifying to the noble deeds of these gallant men who went forth to fight our battles, and to remind those who in after years will fill our places, of the darkest hour of our national existence, and of the alacrity with which these men sprang to arms at the country's call; and that they, after a glorious and victorious campaign, returned to be welcomed by a loving people, still bearing at the head of their column that same flag, with not a star erased, with not a stripe diminished."

Mr. Hance, Chairman of the Board, responded substantially as follows:

"SIR:—On behalf of this Board and of the County of Wayne, I thank you for the honor you have done us in the presentation of this war-worn flag; and through you I thank the gallant officers and soldiers who have so nobly upheld it on many a bloody field. We will preserve it as a memento of the patriotism and sacrifices of the noble sons of Wayne, who placed themselves between their loved homes and the desolations of war. We will honor and respect the survivors, sympathize with and assist the suffering, and hold in everlasting remembrance the memory of those who have so nobly given their lives for the salvation of the liberty and integrity of our beloved country."



## CHAPTER VII.

1865 — DRAFT IN THE SPRING — OFFICIAL ACTION — MEN DRAWN — SUBSTITUTES PROCURED — PROCLAMATION OF PEACE ENDS THE STRUGGLE.

THE months of 1864 had passed slowly away with mingled opinions among the people as to the probable course of future events.

Perhaps as dark a time as any in the whole history of the war was in the month of August, 1864. To those in command of the armies, or those high in the councils of the government, there may have been information that enabled them to read the future. The people could not. *They* may have known the internal weakness of the Confederacy. The *people* did not. *They* may have seen that the unwearied perseverance of the Union generals was having its due effect, and that the way was surely, even if slowly being prepared for a splendid victory. The *people* had no sufficient information to enable them to form any such conclusion.

In mid summer the people could only see that immediate results had not been achieved in the campaign that was inaugurated by the battle of the Wilderness, May 5. In August, Grant was seriously delayed, if not baffled, in his plans for the reduction of Richmond. Sherman was delayed before Atlanta. The calls of the Government for men were ringing in the ears of the nation. The fear of a coming draft pressed sorely upon a bewildered people. Grant and Sherman were silent, as great leaders must be. The days of August were full of prolonged, depressing fears.

It was impossible to keep down all doubts. Was this long campaign to be a failure? Was this immense sacrifice of life and treasure to avail only as a display of unsuccessful heroism?

The capture of Atlanta early in September was the turn of the tide. The brilliant achievements of Sherman and his brave army inspired renewed confidence. From this time

on to the end there was not quite the same doubt and forebodings that existed in the summer before.

During the fall the efforts to fill the quotas absorbed the public attention. The efforts had been successful; the year had however closed with another call of the President for 300,000 men, and as before the question of furnishing men was the one great question before the towns of Wayne. The Board of Supervisors met the emergency by prompt action as heretofore.

SPECIAL SESSION OF FEBRUARY 20, 1865.

Mr. Hance of Williamson, Chairman. E. W. Sherman, Clerk. Committee on Resolutions, Messrs. Valentine, Flower and Lewis. Resolutions adopted.

*Resolved*, That this Board hereby authorize the payment by the Treasurer of this county of a bounty of Three Hundred Dollars to each volunteer or person procuring a substitute under the call of the President for 300,000 men, dated December 19, 1864, Four Hundred Dollars for two years; and Six Hundred Dollars for three years, upon proper evidence being furnished of their having been mustered into the service of the United States to the credit of Wayne county under such call until the quota of said county is filled or the draft takes place.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer be also authorized to pay to each drafted person under said call who actually enters the Military or Naval service of the United States, the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty dollars.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer be also authorized to pay to the person procuring such volunteer or substitute mustered into the service of the United States to the credit of this county, the sum of one hundred dollars as hand money.

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer be hereby authorized to issue the bonds of the county in such sums as he shall see fit, sufficient to carry into effect the above resolutions; said bonds to be made payable at such periods of time as he shall deem best, in not less than two nor more than five years from February 15, 1865, with annual interest payable with principal at the office of the Treasurer; said bonds not to be disposed of at less than par value, nor to bear an interest of more than seven per cent.; said bonds to be signed by the Treasurer and Chairman of this Board.

*Resolved*, That in the opinion of this Board, all acts of town boards or of special town meetings which have voted town bounties, and have not yet incurred any obligations or

made any expenditure, are hereby made void by the State bounty act, passed February 10, 1865, except as to obligations already incurred or expenditures made. (See section 4, of said act.)

Mr. Hance, chairman, resigned, that Mr. Leach of Lyons, might be appointed, for the purpose of more conveniently signing bonds in connection with the Treasurer.

But it was next thing to an impossibility to fill this new call. The men that would now volunteer were few. The arms bearing population was seriously reduced by the large numbers that had previously gone from this county. The hiring of men abroad to fill quotas, as had been done in 1864, was no longer deemed available, at least in sufficient numbers. Considerable effort was made in these directions, but generally without success. It was difficult to find citizens who would now put in substitutes in anticipation of a draft, which had been done to such an extent in 1864. It became evident that a draft must take place. March 10 was first named as the limit for volunteering and for a draft to take place. Some extension of time was secured, but finally the drawing took place.

We give a list of the towns, with the names drawn, so far as they are now obtainable:

#### ARCADIA.

By diligent and persistent efforts the quota of the town was raised or nearly so. Extension of time was obtained and before that expired the rebellion had been crushed, and the general order suspending the draft terminated all further proceedings.

#### BUTLER.

Draft made March 24, 1865.

Jackson Bolster,  
Henry Phillips,  
Isaac Terpenney,  
Orvin Moore,  
Edwin L. Milliman,  
John Corner,  
Ambrose Leonard,  
Irwin W. Simmons,  
Lafayette Bloss,  
Edwin H. Adsit,

James Abrams,  
David B. Smith,  
Jason Underhill,  
Martin Calkins,  
Myron Phillips,  
Albert D. Holloway,  
Ira M. Olmsted,  
Stephen Harden,  
Smith Cartner,  
Edwin Mead,

John L. Doty,  
 Franklin Cook,  
 James Richardson,  
 Patrick Massy,  
 William Thompson,  
 Solomon Loveless,  
 Newton G. Moore,  
 George E. Rice,  
 Francis J. Henderson,  
 John Cook,  
 Cady Van Fleet,  
 Calvin Porter,  
 William Thurber,  
 Patrick Murphy,  
 George Soule,  
 Jesse Chatfield, Jr.,  
 David Taylor,  
 John H. Smith,  
 William Kellogg,  
 Judson Cleveland,  
 Joel Laberteaux,  
 Myron S. Crain,

George Westfall,  
 Stacy Tucker,  
 Russell Johnson,  
 John Upham,  
 Charles H. Graves,  
 John Ditton,  
 Thomas Walker,  
 Nicholas Powers,  
 James Davis,  
 Siles Palmer,  
 Robert C. Drown,  
 John McCourter,  
 Henry R. Paddock,  
 Sanford S. Baldwin,  
 Christopher Caywood,  
 John H. Westcott,  
 William Wolvin,  
 Peter Irwin,  
 Simon Olmsted,  
 Lafayette Bolton,  
 Jacob Burghdoff,  
 Chester Irish.

## GALEN.

Draft made March, 1865.

Levi Wheeler,  
 William Bockoven,  
 Alonzo Sweet,  
 Livingston Burgley,  
 William H. Garlock,  
 George B. Taylor,  
 George Barlow,  
 Truman Andrews,  
 Isaac Grosscup,  
 Christopher Dickinson,  
 Gilbert C. Thompson,  
 Lewis Studer,  
 Henry Gay,  
 Stacy M. Tucker,  
 Satalal Ruffman,  
 Enos Tibols,  
 Thomas Castile,  
 Lewis Worden,  
 James Reeves,  
 John Wright,  
 Charles Wright,  
 George Flynn,  
 Peter Roy,  
 David Kelly,

Harvey Garlock,  
 Robert Tillou,  
 Webster Finger,  
 Seth Bowen,  
 George Hoppel,  
 Joseph Lawrence,  
 George Pray,  
 C. A. Munn,  
 Levi Hand,  
 Simon Hasselback,  
 William Fowley,  
 George Race,  
 William Sherman,  
 James Van Alstine,  
 Avery Morgan,  
 Isaac Miller,  
 Nelson Smith,  
 Franklin Clark,  
 Myron Pettis,  
 John Hurley,  
 Samuel Ready,  
 Robert Irving,  
 Daniel Platner,  
 John Schedler,

Stephen Walkuff,  
 John L. Weeks,  
 George Hancock,  
 John McCartney,  
 C. L. Vosburgh,  
 George Weibert,  
 Mortimer Bunyan,  
 Michael Witt,  
 Oscar Burton,  
 Robert O'Conner,  
 Charles Desmond,  
 Annanias Wells,  
 John W. Robinson,  
 Myron Barlow,  
 Fletcher Armitage,  
 John Sly,  
 Jacob Darling,  
 William Hornes,  
 Webster Barnes,  
 Joseph A. Paine,  
 Harvey Nelson,  
 Samuel Willoughby,  
 Jerome Van Derbert,  
 David Cavinaugh,  
 Samuel Tear,  
 William Nivens,  
 James Angle,  
 Charles Tinklepaugh,  
 Herrick C. Stack,  
 Andrew G. Denison,  
 Henry Sterrell,

Charles Kelsey,  
 Eugene Hueston,  
 John O. Ryan,  
 Elijah Brown,  
 William Cashluman,  
 George Darrough,  
 Jesse Pettis,  
 William Hookway,  
 James W. Livermore,  
 William Mortinson,  
 Harry Shephard, Jr.,  
 Fred H. Breamer,  
 Albert Vincent,  
 Charles Orran,  
 Calvin Sampson,  
 Alexander Graham,  
 Joseph Braymer,  
 Michael Doman,  
 John Merrett,  
 Wells J. Stephens,  
 John Cummings,  
 James Goss,  
 Spencer Armitage,  
 Marvin Desmond,  
 William Slaughter,  
 Lansing J. Syron,  
 Edson M. Roffee,  
 Oren Smith,  
 Herman Grinnell,  
 Edward Barrett,  
 William E. Hurd.

## HURON.

Draft made in March, 1865.

George L. Smith,  
 Tenas Booth,  
 Stephen Cady,  
 John Terbush,  
 Alvin Morton,  
 Charles McQuean,  
 Thomas B. Story,  
 Henry Gillett,  
 Newton Webb,  
 Andrew Sheldon,  
 Timothy Smith,  
 James Russell,  
 Cornelius Quackenbush,  
 John Atkinson,  
 William Bennett,  
 Harlow Chapin,

Charles Taylor,  
 Henry Dowd,  
 Peter Woodruff,  
 Hiram Andrews,  
 Watkins Demmon,  
 William Whiting,  
 Nelson Lamb,  
 William Buckley,  
 Elmore Partridge,  
 Hiram Brink,  
 Charles H. Morgan,  
 Chester Luffman,  
 Peter Potter,  
 Smith R. Payne,  
 Alanson Church,  
 Henry Little,

Waner Olmstead,  
 Hayden Lamb,  
 Albert Featherly,  
 Valentine Roth,  
 Willard Shepherd,  
 Jerome McQuean,  
 Chester Luthman,  
 Tamich Suley,  
 Alvin Drury,  
 Israel Morey,  
 Nelson Phelps,  
 Loren Olmsted,  
 John Farren, Jr.  
 Eyron Langley,  
 George Shanes,  
 Byron Reed,

Egbert Delong,  
 Henry Wood,  
 John Goff,  
 John Quackenbush,  
 William Stone,  
 George M. Bissell,  
 John Douglass,  
 Isaac Stanley,  
 Benjamin S. York,  
 Jonn L. Church,  
 John Hughson,  
 Ira Phelps,  
 Harrison Luman,  
 Martin Darling,  
 Charles Terbush,  
 William Cornwell.

## LYONS.

Draft made March 27, 1865.

Ebenezer Dean,  
 Charles Shorter,  
 Jacob Stevens,  
 George A. Hurlburt,  
 Henry Barringer,  
 Benjamin Brink,  
 George Fisher, Jr.,  
 James Finch,  
 James Vauper,  
 Enoch A. Gridley,  
 Myron Snyder,  
 Farnham Rudder,  
 John Raemer,  
 Jacob Snyder,  
 William H. Westfall,  
 John Churchill,  
 William Cuddebock,  
 James B. Haines,  
 Daniel B. Westfall,  
 William Pash,  
 Harvey McBirney,  
 Henry Burgess,  
 Patrick Mahan,  
 Barney Jewell,  
 Charles Holloway,  
 Cornelius Brundage,  
 Benjamin Phillips,  
 Joseph Fishmer,  
 Wright Hardman,  
 Charles R. Birdsall,  
 Nicholas Guelph,

Lawrence R. Bennett,  
 Thomas Gallagher,  
 Daniel Grayson,  
 Thomas Cole,  
 Lafayette St. John,  
 William H. Follett,  
 Bristol Spier,  
 George Smalte,  
 Henry Kaiser,  
 George W. Jones,  
 John Wilbur,  
 William Kaiser,  
 Ira J. Whitney,  
 John Sebring,  
 Constantine Wording,  
 W. W. Montgomery,  
 L. W. Quail,  
 James Bielehedd,  
 Patrick Coleman,  
 George Chits,  
 Jacob Miller,  
 Daniel Kuetintin,  
 John Jones,  
 James York,  
 William H. Potter,  
 John Myers,  
 Chauncey Chambers,  
 John Kanuff,  
 Jesse Dean,  
 Patrick Foley,  
 Peter Cline,

William Richmond,  
 Albert Smith,  
 Charles Smith,  
 Frederick Miller,  
 George Lasher,  
 Frederick Bennett,  
 Nicholas Mishler,  
 Roger J. Patterson,  
 Gilbert Bain,  
 Jacob Shaw,  
 David Stanley,  
 Henry Nast,  
 Charles Hall,  
 Thomas B. Agett,  
 Michael Grady,  
 William Wilbur,  
 Stephen Porter,  
 William Glass,  
 David Dayton,  
 D. C. Ostrander,  
 Jacob Ackley,  
 Levi Thornton,  
 Sidney Beadle,  
 Abram F. Slaughter,  
 Jacob Garvey,  
 Edward Chase,  
 Theodore Ritter,

Adolphus Bishop,  
 Charles G. Hotchkiss,  
 William Calkins,  
 Michael Hoetzel,  
 Daniel Robinson,  
 Michael Blair,  
 Lewis Mirick,  
 George Stephens,  
 James Hopkins,  
 George Ranhart,  
 John Soyter,  
 Philip Yackel,  
 Leonard C. Cozzens,  
 George Hahn,  
 Charles Deitz,  
 Thomas Willey,  
 Robert Allee,  
 James Murphy,  
 Frederick Ernst,  
 Michael Clouse,  
 Lewis Frick,  
 Walter Bourne,  
 Benjamin Stickney,  
 Michael Yackel,  
 William Bash,  
 Horatio C. Brown,  
 Abraham Baker,

## MACEDON.

Draft made March 24, 1865.

John Chapman,  
 B. C. Clevinger,  
 Nicholas Harp,  
 Albert Briggs,  
 Daniel W. Bills,  
 Thomas C. Cook,  
 John Barman,  
 Daniel Shoaras,  
 Henry Kirby,  
 Patrick McCooman,  
 Luke Burns,  
 John C. Baker,  
 Thomas Graten,  
 John Morse,  
 John Canada,  
 Richard J. Parker,  
 Theron R. Ripley,  
 Lewis R. Pierce,  
 John Lent,  
 George L. Waring,

Sunderlin Howig,  
 Selvin Allis,  
 Wade H. Block,  
 Robert Delaney,  
 William Dent,  
 Charles H. Jennings,  
 John D. Blake,  
 Lorenzo D. Phelps,  
 Chauncey Reeves,  
 Moses Bullis,  
 Sheldon Anthony,  
 Wash L. Acker,  
 Charles Dean,  
 William Chappell,  
 William P. Anthony,  
 Robert Chapman,  
 Clark Freer,  
 Justice Brace,  
 William Dunnemore, Jr.  
 Hiram Reeves,



Daniel Chase,  
 Samuel H. Everett,  
 Austin Allen,  
 Jackson A. Sawyer,  
 George Gifford,  
 Hiram C. Durfee,  
 Solon Waterman,  
 Robert H. Robinson,

Philip H. Mink,  
 Joseph Hassin,  
 Alfred Cramer,  
 George H. Willets,  
 John Holt,  
 Edgar Sitzer,  
 William Shousey,  
 Edgar Jordan.

After the draft took place the people still continued their efforts; money was raised sufficient to fill the quota by foreign enlistments, and even if the war had continued the drafted men of this town would not have been obliged to report.

## MARION.

Marion filled the quota required in the Spring of 1865, and consequently no draft took place. Quite a number of men were secured in town, and with money raised foreign enlistments were procured.

## ONTARIO.

William Lofthouse,  
 Abraham B. Gurnee,  
 Horace E. Adams,  
 Edgar Woodworth,  
 Thomas Lofthouse,  
 Owen Woodhams,  
 Philip E. Mack,  
 James J. Truax,  
 Elias Smith,  
 Willis Goodenow,  
 Thomas J. Hurlburt,  
 Ralph P. Quimby,  
 Frederick Stickles,  
 John Wamosfelder,  
 Enos D. Willets,  
 Lucius Bishop,  
 Asaph Clemens,  
 Charles Goodenow,  
 Georçè Granger,  
 Luthur Hurly.  
 John Dickinson,  
 Calvin Shultz,  
 Elisha Chapman,  
 Andrew J. Duèl,  
 Walter Wain,  
 John W. Johnston,  
 Rainsford Webster,

William D. Burrows,  
 James Eaton,  
 Benjamin Grover,  
 Cornelius Cole,  
 William J. Blythe,  
 Charles W. Brown,  
 John Cavin,  
 Samuel Dean,  
 John Rye,  
 Demas Finch,  
 William Husted 2d,  
 George Earl,  
 Freeman Allen,  
 John D. Smith,  
 James Colberson,  
 William H. Gardner,  
 William N. Reid,  
 Stephen Sabin,  
 James MeVay,  
 Riley Esfletcher,  
 Stephen Patten,  
 George W. Rood,  
 Levi C. Williams,  
 Myron C. Calhoun,  
 James Lallie,  
 James Harris.  
 Cassius Billings,

James Sanders,  
David Sprague,  
Charles E. Husted,  
Jonathan J. Allen,  
John Moore,  
Joseph La Force,  
Arne Ford,  
Leonard Smith,

George D. Van Loon,  
Philetus Norton,  
Joseph Lofthouse,  
Charles H. Williams,  
Warner Smith,  
Pheron Quimby,  
Elisha W. Neverson,  
Charles Wisner.

## PALMYRA.

The quota of Palmyra was filled, or so nearly, that no draft occurred for this town. A delay of several days had been granted by the Provost Marshal, and before that expired General Lee had surrendered and the definite order suspending the draft put a sudden end to all further efforts.

## ROSE.

Draft made in March, 1865.

Isaac Maybee,  
Roswell Marsh,  
James Carroll,  
Caleb Closs,  
William J. Clume,  
Abram Wager,  
Lewis H. Sober,  
John Shares,  
Nelson Dundar,  
Harry Matthews,  
Cornelius Miller,  
George Rheim,  
William Babcock,  
Marvin Heart,  
John Drown,  
George Briggs,  
James M. Jewell,  
Eustes Henderson,  
Eugene Hickok,  
Daniel Soper,  
Calvin Cleveland,  
John Briggs,  
Henry Stiller,  
Isaac Warren,  
Stephen B. Kellogg,  
Charles H. Bishop,  
Newman Finch,  
Jackson Andrews,

Frederick Martin,  
Henry Decker,  
Elijah Osborn,  
Wesley Gage,  
James J. Dodds,  
Charles Chase,  
Frederick Kittern,  
Dorman Munsell,  
Myron J. Lamb,  
Byron Crandall,  
John Darling,  
Henry Goss,  
Flavius G. Collins,  
John D. O'Dell  
Adolphus Bishop,  
Edward Buckley,  
Charles J. Jefferds,  
Henry Rhineheart,  
John Browning,  
Henry Lagraman,  
Thomas W. Bowles,  
Frederick Rem,  
Philip Miller,  
William E. Guthrie,  
John Gage,  
George A. Smith,  
Daniel L. Mead,  
Luther Wilson.

## SAVANNAH.

The persistent efforts of the town officers were successful in filling the quota of the town, or so nearly, that extension of time was given. Lee surrendered and the whole rebellion was crushed in season to prevent any draft in the town of Savannah.

## SODUS.

Draft made March 15, 1865.

Halsey L. Steele,	George W. Peeler,
Aaron Lloyd,	Orsemus S. Johnson,
Melborn Austin,	William Dodd,
Newton Hopp,	Henry H. Peeler,
William A. Seeley,	William Mason,
George P. Steward,	James A. Rush,
Francis H. Granger,	Levi M. Gaylord,
Thomas Leadley,	George Teetor,
William A. Cuer,	Isaac Butts,
Andrew Miller,	John A. Sergeant,
Edwin P. Rogers,	Robert Jeffreys,
Stephen Parmenter,	Egbert Doviell,
Egbert Brant,	Glover Munson,
Michael Koon,	Edward Felker,
Edmund D. Bradshaw,	William Messenger,
Edwin Hope,	Frederick White,
Abram De Brine,	John Schaap,
Francis Reed,	Justus H. Pulver,
Alfred Hickey,	Jacob Hines,
Henry Pitcher,	Edwin McMullen,
Henry Sutliff,	Philip Appleman,
Stephen H. Johnson,	Charles H. Pitcher,
Solomon C. Featherly,	Melvin Odell,
John Pulver,	David Parsons,
Christopher Greenholdt,	Richard F. McKinney,
Philander Newell,	Hiram Knapp,
William Robinson,	Paul Cunningham,
Daniel Pulver,	John McIntyre,
John R. Proseus,	James R. Brisbin,
Hooper Rawley,	Thomas Goff,
Lyman W. Seymour,	Johnson McKinney,
Henry Helsel,	William Sammers,
Andrew F. Litchfield,	William C. Wickham,
Robert Barclay,	Matthew Gaffield,
John Van Valkenburgh,	Thomas Harper,
David P. Woolsey,	Thomas Northend,
Hawley Chase,	James Clark,
David Beal,	Myron H. Sergeant,
Beebe B. Dennison,	Peter Barclay, Jr.,
James Brower,	Philip Cramer,

Samuel Robinson,  
 Boyd Redner,  
 Oren Danford,  
 Lyman Rice,  
 Lewis Laubenheimer,  
 Charles O. Brundage,  
 George W. Latimer,  
 Erastus Phillips,  
 Bowman Reynolds,  
 Wallace Teetor,  
 William Powers,  
 William D. Collins,  
 William Barker,  
 Henry Whaling,  
 George H. Case,  
 Daniel Weaver,  
 George C. Bockoven,  
 Brennan McMullen,  
 Joseph B. Hanby,  
 John Burt.  
 Myron Brower,  
 William H. Mumford,  
 Isaac S. Stone.  
 Benjamin P. Green,

Ephram Pettys,  
 Albert T. Johnson,  
 Daniel Daken,  
 Henry Thompson,  
 Horace W. Taylor,  
 John Griffin,  
 John C. Drake,  
 Andrew S. Weaver,  
 Jeremiah D. Brayman,  
 Oscar D. West,  
 Nelson S. Reed,  
 Jesse S. Gulick,  
 Bigelow Pollock,  
 Holland Balch,  
 Alvin Morton  
 John Welch,  
 William R. Swailes,  
 Thomas B. France,  
 Daniel Van Hoot,  
 William Curler,  
 George Middleton,  
 George Snyder,  
 Philander T. Lyman,  
 Stephen D. Wilcox.

#### WALWORTH.

The money was raised by the people sufficient to furnish volunteers or secure foreign enlistment and the draft was thus avoided.

#### WILLIAMSON.

Williamson was greatly deficient for some weeks subsequent to the call and a draft seemed inevitable, but as the time drew near great efforts were made and men were secured to some extent. An extension of time was granted, doubtless through the influence of Hon. John P. Bennett, then serving as Deputy Provost Marshal. The quota was nearly filled when the general victory over the rebels became so complete that all proceedings were suspended under the call.

#### WOLCOTT.

Draft made March 21, 1865.

Morton W. Merrill,  
 Pierre Odell,  
 Amazia Reynolds,  
 H. W. Dewitt,  
 Cornelius Dewitt,  
 George Van Fleet,

Oren I. Hobbs,  
 Edward Colgrove,  
 John Van Hooser,  
 Ephraim Elmendorf,  
 Stephen H. Xelie,  
 Andrew P. Vandervort,

Jacob VanAlstyne,  
 Lewis Hoag,  
 Patrick Reagan,  
 Anthony O'Connor, Jr.,  
 Hugh Thorn,  
 Dewitt Riker,  
 Isaac J. Frost,  
 Borden S. Booth,  
 Amango Ford,  
 Marvin Mixer,  
 David Roberts,  
 John W. Olmstead,  
 David H. Foote,  
 Myron Chapin,  
 Robert Wright,  
 John Robertson,  
 Aaron B. Chapman,  
 Pomeroy Blaisdell,  
 George Marble,  
 George Galloway,  
 Andrew W. Dutton,  
 Hezekiah Easton,  
 Isaac Decker,  
 Jacob Hollenbeck,  
 Peter Lasher,  
 John Gillen,  
 David B. Sweet,  
 William Prockway,  
 James Pierce,  
 Silas S. Stage,  
 Levi W. Brinkerhoff,  
 Rufus S. Welch,  
 Abraham Depew,  
 Hudson R. Wood,  
 John Van Horn,  
 Amos Nash,  
 Josiah Ostrander,  
 Nelson Wells,  
 Jonathan N. Allen,  
 Isaac Otis,  
 George W. Stewart,  
 Calvin Johnson,  
 Llewellyn Smith,  
 Levi G. Hendrick,  
 Rodney W. Younglove,  
 George Ferguson,  
 John L. Phillips,  
 John Moore,  
 William Thomas,  
 William Page,  
 William I. Cuyler,

William Wright,  
 Alonzo Foster,  
 George Roberts,  
 Edward Gardner,  
 John Patterson,  
 Loren Gray,  
 Simeon Relyea,  
 Edward Knapp,  
 Myron Wood,  
 Henry Brinkerhoff,  
 Harlow Merrill,  
 George Delamater,  
 Nelson Lovejoy,  
 Elijah Medan,  
 Elbert Williams,  
 Philip Turner,  
 William Wheeler,  
 George Quereau,  
 Ephram Easterbrook,  
 Charles Sharp,  
 Michael Griffin,  
 Lewis Plank,  
 Edward Dudley,  
 William H. Wellington,  
 Elijah W. Moore,  
 John Parr,  
 Charles Neal,  
 William W. Warner,  
 Edgar Phelps,  
 Charles G. Delemater,  
 George Johnson,  
 Edward Reynolds,  
 Daniel Otis,  
 John Chase,  
 Squire Moore,  
 Daniel Wadsworth,  
 Daniel Flint,  
 Ezekiel Teachout,  
 Nathan T. Phillips,  
 Atlas Miller,  
 John F. Snyder,  
 Hugh Boylan,  
 James W. Parks,  
 Moses Smith,  
 William Toll,  
 Egbert F. Guild,  
 Jabez Carter,  
 Jacob Covert,  
 Noah Wood,  
 William Anderson.

The end now came so fast that as seen above, the draft was not only prevented in several of the towns from being made but in most of those that were drafted the men were discharged without being required to report at Auburn.

John P. Bennett had been appointed Deputy Provost Marshal and was in charge of the later arrangements. An order signed by him appears in the papers at that time directing the drafted men of Ontario to appear at the Palmyra Depot March 27th, for transportation to Auburn, and those from Sodus, the same day at Lyons, at 11:40 A. M.

Men from Huron and Wolcott also entered the service to some extent, under this draft. Unfortunately there was another era of procuring substitutes. Outrageous prices were paid in many instances, and some cases of peculiar hardship occurred.

The Supervisors made considerable efforts to aid the drafted men as appears from the following record :

SPECIAL MEETING APRIL 19, 1865.

Mr. M. S. Leach, of Lyons, in the Chair, and E. W. Sherman Clerk.

On motion of G. W. Tillottson, of Sodus, the following resolution was adopted :

*Resolved,* That the County of Wayne pay to each drafted man of said county who enters the service of the United States, himself or furnishes an acceptable substitute under the call of the President of the United States, December 19, 1864, the sum of one hundred dollars as hand money, but this resolution is not intended and shall not be so construed as to entitle any broker or individual other than the person drafted and entering the service or procuring a substitute to receive the same or any portion of said money.

THE END.

In the midst of drafting and volunteering ; in the midst of elaborate preparations to continue the contest there was suddenly heard the booming of guns announcing victory. The patience and endurance of the American people were at last to be rewarded with a sweeping and universal triumph—a triumph astonishing in its magnificent proportions even the loyal hearts which had never faltered nor doubted ; and absolutely stunning and bewildering the doubters, the

sceptics, the faint-hearted grumblers who had muttered through all these years that the North would never conquer the South. The flag insulted and trampled on at Sumter in 1861, was now vindicated by waving in all its ancient glorious splendor over that same fortress before the eyes of stricken humbled, subdued Charleston.

The armies of the Confederacy were scattered in confusion. The long dark dream of war, despair and death had passed, and in the morning light of peace there appeared the Union of old, now REGENERATED DISINTHRALLED BY THE IRRESISTIBLE GENIUS OF UNIVERSAL EMANCIPATION.

The crash was evident some days before it came.

*From the Lyons Republican, April 6, 1865.*

“The end approaches! The great rebellion is in its death agony! It must be more than mortal to survive the deadly blow it has received from our noble armies.

“The long night of darkness and death through which we have groped in blind agony is nearly over. The sun of a most glorious deliverance is about to burst in full splendor upon our beloved land. The God of Battles is with our armies. We know that He wills that our enemies shall perish as surely as though the angel of peace were already brooding its dove-like wings over the healed and happy nation. There may be more battles fought; there may be more blows struck; but they will simply be for the quick despatching of the already death-stricken and expiring confederacy. Thank God for the noble heroes who have wrought with His blessing upon their army this assured deliverance for us. To him ascribe the praise that he has given us such leaders as Grant and Sheridan and Sherman, and the noble men whom they have lead on to victory.”

Events followed each other in rapid succession during these last days of the war. The final battles were not yet written up for Northern readers before the surrender of the army of Northern Virginia made the rebel overthrow certain as the inexorable march of time. At this grand consummation of a campaign begun nearly a year before General Grant proved himself as modest as generous in the hour of triumph as he had been stern and relentless in the arduous duties of the camp and the stirring necessities of the battle field—giving to Lee's war worn veterans an honora-

ble parole, neither seeking to humiliate them by any display of victory nor pausing to ride through Richmond, of which he was conqueror and absolute master, he pressed on to complete the work before him. The joyful news penetrated every town, every village, every neighborhood in the County of Wayne.

We give the editorial announcements from two of the papers of the county.

*From the Palmyra Courier, April 14, 1865.*

LEE SURRENDERED—THE REBELLION ENDED.

“Praised be God the victory is ours! General Lee surrendered the army of Northern Virginia to Lieutenant-General Grant on Sunday last. Thus the prediction of the Lieutenant-General is fulfilled that he would destroy the garrison of Richmond. The labors and the losses of the year are fully and gloriously rewarded. The patience and valor of the Army of the Potomac have met with their adequate recompense.

“After Sheridan’s last victory on Thursday, General Grant addressed General Lee, admonishing him of the hopelessness of continuing a defense which must inevitably have but one end and solicited the surrender of the forces under his command. The demand was entertained by General Lee and after a preliminary correspondence for arranging the terms, Lee acceded to the proposal of the Union Commander. The terms embrace the surrender of all the officers and men in the Confederate army upon parole, not to serve against the United States until exchanged. The arms, artillery and public property are to be surrendered to the officers of General Grant. The officers and men will be allowed to return to their homes not to be disturbed by the United States authority so long as they observe their paroles and the laws in force where they may reside. During the pendency of these negotiations Sheridan and his gallant companions did not cease ‘pressing’ Lee to the acceptance of these liberal terms.

“Thus has the vitality of the Rebellion been extinguished. Its head cannot be raised again.

“Honor to the brave-hearted and iron-willed commander who has achieved this splendid and decisive victory, ‘fighting it out on this line.’

“Honor to the gallant knightly Sheridan who first broke the columns of the enemy and pursued them with fierce, unrelenting vigor. Honor to the brave, enduring soldiers



who have exhibited herculean energy and valor in achieving this decisive triumph over their stubborn foe."

The display of joy throughout the county cannot be written in detail; most of it never reached the newspapers in any form that can now be gathered up. We can only mention the reception of the news at one or two points as specimens of the enthusiasm everywhere shown.

#### THE NEWS OF THE SURRENDER OF LEE.

The *Palmyra Courier* said:

"Between four and five o'clock on Monday morning, April 10, 1865, the peaceful quiet of our village was broken by the booming of cannon. Hundreds of citizens rushed from their beds and hurried to the business part of the village where the joyful intelligence had just been received that General Lee had surrendered his army 30,000 strong to the heroic Lieutenant-General Grant. The first intimation of this great victory was received by the night operator at the depot at two o'clock A. M. He immediately informed Mr. Keeler of the Western Union line of the fact, and that gentleman at once repaired to his office and at five o'clock communicated the glad tidings to the fast gathering multitude in a bulletin which embraced the surrender and the correspondence leading thereto. The joy of our citizens on learning this glorious news beggars description. Cheer upon cheer was given for Grant, Sheridan and the grand old Army of the Potomac. Hats were thrown into the air, bells rung, cannon fired and the public joy expressed in a hundred ways. At seven o'clock people from the country began to flock into the village having heard the booming of cannon and the ringing of the bells. It was business hours, but it was soon evident no one was in a mood for work. Farmers had not come to town to make purchases; they were here to learn the news and rejoice with the rest. Even the scholars in the schools were so overflowing with Grant's great victory that school was dismissed and all the horns and drums in town were brought into requisition. When at ten o'clock the band appeared accompanied by a party of some forty gentlemen on horseback under the Captaincy of Lieutenant John W. Corning, it became apparent that the day was to be one of jubilee and good feeling. This impromptu procession paraded through the principal streets playing soul stirring and patriotic songs. Main street was densely thronged with people and flags were flying from roofs and windows. It was a day long to be remembered.

“In the evening nearly every business place was illuminated. The entire centre of the village was one mighty blaze of light. Every window on Main street was brilliantly illuminated. At each end of Main street great bonfires were kindled and general rejoicing pervaded the throngs of people gathered in the streets.”

*From the Lyons Republican, Thursday, April 13, 1865.*

#### OUR TRIUMPH.

“The country has been hurraing itself hoarse for a week past. The joy of the American people over the stupendous victories that have crowned our arms in the past few weeks, and which culminated with the tidings that on Monday thrilled the loyal heart, OF THE SURRENDER OF LEE'S WHOLE ARMY, is a thing which has had no parallel in this country since 1781, when the watchmen in the streets of Boston-town sent forth upon the dark and stormy night the cry that Cornwallis was taken, and the people knew the American Revolution had ended in triumph to the cause of freedom. Again has the tide of joy that glowed in the hearts of Americans at the announcement of victory, swelled into exultant, glorious life in the breasts of their descendants eighty-four years later; for the announcement of victory means now, what it meant then, *Peace*.

“Peace! Beautiful word! How gladly we welcome its sound, and feel that no longer is it the cry of longing vainly held; no longer is it the whisper of a dream, that waking could not be realized; no longer is it the name of an angelic something, far away in the distance! It is OURS, now—it is at hand; and with it comes no solitary shade of disgrace or reproach to the loyal people of the great United States! Through grand and brilliant victory,—through the dazzle of glory that sits upon the escutcheon of American arms, and will sit there through all time to come, Peace welcomes us.

“There may be—of course will be—more struggling with the fiend; for though in its death agonies, the serpent is not dead. With the sword of the champion of Liberty gleaming through its horrid vitals—with its head torn and mangled under the feet of a fiery conqueror—with its huge and terrible body bleeding at every pore, still the monster is not utterly dead. He will not be left now to recover, however. The power that has crushed him will ‘stab and stab till the last shudder of life be gone’—till his eyes close, and his gaunt length stiffens in icy stillness.

“With tear-blinded eyes our people now look back upon the glories of the great campaign, and take breath. As

when a man in imminent and deadly peril develops all the bravery of his soul, and with firm lip and dauntless eye meets his danger and struggles with it, and fights long and bravely till the end comes and the peril is over,—and then, reflecting on what he has passed through, grows faint with horror, and falls upon his knees and thanks God for his safety; just so the people of our country now look back upon the long, dark, terrible struggle of the past years, dating from the thrilling hour when the Old Flag was struck at Sumter, and now realize as they never before had done, the might and majesty of the contest, the momentousness of the issue at stake.

“The most terrible test that had ever been anticipated for this nation by its founders, has been met and conquered. Now, we may shout as we never shouted before. The long list of sneerers and aristocratic envy-mongers, who have predicted the everlasting downfall of our Republican ‘experiment’ the moment civil war should show its ragged teeth among us, are confounded and silenced forever. Such a civil war as the world never saw—such a civil war as would have been inevitable death to a monarchical form of government—has been crushed back to the hell from which it sprung, by the strong arm of the Republic. From this day forth we are the admired nation of the world. From this hour the glory of American genius and power burns with an added brilliancy, and as the sun to the lesser lights of heaven, so will be the prestige of the American nation for all time to come.

“We have passed through the darkness. How welcome now is the day! We thank God that it was our lot to live on this earth in the age when the American Rebellion arose, and to have witnessed the greatest triumph earth has known of the powers of light over the powers of darkness!

“Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord,  
He has loosed the fitful lightnings of his terrible swift sword,  
He is trampling out the vintage where the grapes of wrath are stored,  
His truth is marching on!”

From the same paper we have the following account :

#### THE NEWS IN LYONS.

“The news of the surrender of General Lee and his army, was received here soon after seven o'clock on Monday morning by the United States line, and was communicated to our citizens by means of a bulletin issued from the *Republican* office. There was little more work done that day; for who *could* work? The streets were crowded with people; every flag in town was hoisted; cannon were fired;

the bells were rung a score of times, or more; brass and martial bands paraded the streets; the stores and shops were closed; and everybody (nearly) was shaking his neighbor's hand and exchanging congratulations.

"In the evening a meeting largely attended was held at the Court House—addressed briefly and pithily by Rev. Messrs. Brown and Jervis, and Messrs. C. L. Lyon and J. H. Camp, and concluding with that grand old hymn, 'America,' in the singing of which the entire audience joined. Meantime a number of private residences were illuminated and decorated with flags and lanterns; and from one or two points fireworks were discharged. Afterwards the bells were rung again, a bonfire was lighted, and another salute fired; and thus, at about midnight, the jollification concluded."

#### DEATH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

The celebration of the victory and the joyous festivities of peace would have continued with exultant enthusiasm through days and weeks, had not the news of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln followed so close upon the triumph of the Union arms.

The tide of feeling was suddenly arrested; the display of joy gave way to grief

The flags yet waving as symbols of gladness, were soon draped with the emblems of mourning. Addresses of congratulation gave place to funeral orations.

Large meetings were held to express the tender emotions of the hour. The editorials of two papers are all that could be obtained to exhibit in this volume the public sentiment, while our limits forbid making any attempt to gather up extracts from sermons, addresses and orations.

*From the Palmyra Courier.*

#### OUR PRESIDENT IS DEAD.

"To-day we mourn as those without hope! Our President—our chief—is dead. The father of our Nation is no more. The assassin's deadly arm was all too sure, and as his murderous ball pierced its illustrious mark the most precious life of the Republic was snatched from earth to heaven. For a few hours his great soul lingered upon the confines of time, as if it fain would stay in the scenes of its noble and unselfish labors and glorious triumphs, and then passed away to eternal rest. He died in the midst of usefulness and in the fullness of the Nation's love and gratitude. Had he

been taken from us earlier we should have never known the magnitude and benevolence of those plans which he had formed to soften the asperity of conquest towards our enemies and bring them again in fraternal union with us, and by which he hoped to make us one people, not only in political relations, but in heart and sentiment. Himself incapable of vindictive feeling he had no vengeance to wreak under the plea of justice. He waged war against the Rebellion, for the Union, and the Union only, and the Rebellion put down he thought only how that Union could be most firmly conserved and established. It has been said, "Statesman he was not," yet he brought to the management of public affairs qualities far more valuable. Throughout an ordeal the most terrible to which any country can be subjected, he developed a quick perception of public sentiment, its tone and power—a practical wisdom in harmonizing contending interests and factions for the common good—an earnest patriotism and an untiring devotion to the cause of his country which made him greater than the greatest statesman.

"There has been no man at the head of public affairs during the past four years of bloody purification without whom the Republic could not have lived; but who can say that it would not have died but for Abraham Lincoln? Who does not feel that his unselfish patriotism and practical wisdom have done more to save the Nation than the ablest of our statesmen?"

"If some of the acts of his administration did not accord with the views, nor altogether meet the wishes of some of his friends, time vindicated the soundness of his judgment and the wisdom of his policy, until at this later day no dissenting voice is found to the national approval of his measures.

"He lived long enough to see the dawning of that blessed day of peace to which he had consecrated his public life—to know that his labors had not been in vain. He died for the same cause for which he had lived—the salvation and integrity of his country's government and laws, and closes fitly the train of heroes who have sealed their devotion to the same noble objects with their blood."

*From the Lyons Republican, April 20, 1873.*

#### THE NATION'S LOSS.

"PRESIDENT LINCOLN IS DEAD!"

"These words, in the simplicity of their solemn meaning, would be in themselves sufficient to thrill the hearts of the nation with grief. The simple fact that Abraham Lincoln,

the noblest, truest, best-hearted man who has occupied Washington, has gone down into the dark valley and left the place vacant that he had filled with such peculiar and signal ability, would be enough to cover this land as with a pall from its remotest loyal reach to its remotest reach again—filling the breasts of all good men and patriots with horror unspeakable.

“But our grief at the death of Abraham Lincoln is emphasized and strengthened in its intense bitterness, by the contrasting color of the bright days preceding the day of gloom. The land was full of joy and gladness from one end of its loyal length to the other. For many days the happiness of the people had been swelling in their hearts with steady increase under the announcement of victory on victory, of triumph on triumph, of glory covering glory, till the dazzle of the first seemed dim in the light of the last, as they merged in one thrilling whole that set the warm blood leaping to music in the nation’s veins, and lifted them up to heaven with joy. From every flagstaff all over the enraptured land, the star-spangled banner floated gaily, victoriously, to the breeze, and the sound of rejoicing was everywhere heard in the voices of the people, the ringing of bells and the booming of loud-voiced guns. On Friday last this was the picture our land presented; and that day the joy had reached culmination, for after the news of victory there came now the blessed tidings of peace. Recruiting was ordered to cease at once; the drafting-wheel was commanded to stand still; the announcement was made that the army was to be reduced, instead of augmented, and the throats of the people were need to be brazen in order to express in triumphant, gladsome shouts, the happiness that swelled every bosom, and nerved every heart with new life.

“Alas! the change! The morning sun of Saturday rose upon a horrible contrast. The news of the nation’s bereavement came upon these hearts all alive with joy and gladness, and crushed them back into a deeper, darker, more oppressive gloom than any which had surrounded them through all these years of bloody war. The flags were drawn to half-mast, where they drooped mournfully earthward; the sable trappings of woe were hung from window and house-top all over the land, in city and in country; badges of mourning found their places on men’s breasts and over women’s throbbing hearts; while on every face sat a shadow so dark, so solemn, so pitiful, that the idlest spectator from some far-off land would have felt his lip quiver with sympathy at this awful exhibition of mourning, were not his

heart of stone. Oh! never, *never*, since the earliest memory of the present generation of men was such a woe as ours, this dark and solemn day!

“Such awful grief on the heels of such flaming joy, were in itself enough to almost break the heart with sadness. But to this grief was added a blank, stupendous horror, that men could hardly realize in its first hour—it seemed to benumb and paralyze wherever the tidings fell. Dead! That were a grief too deep for tongue to tell; but *murdered!* Oh, it was a dreadful hour for every true American, when first he heard the news! Men read and read again, and murmured the horrid thing with white lips, and could not grasp it in its ghastly monstrousness. Even now, when days have intervened, the country has scarcely dared to draw its bated breath. It is as if something of the assassin’s blow had struck into the heart of every man and woman in the land. The poor wife of the President (God help her!) cried in her agony again and again ‘Oh, how can it be so!’ And the nation is still repeating the mournful cry,—God of the just, how can this be so!

“The attack upon Mr. Seward and his son would in itself have thrilled the nation to its core, had it occurred alone. But mark the strange truth—it added nothing to the horror we felt at the chief tragedy; could anything more strikingly demonstrate the paralysis of woe? An old man, the wisest and greatest statesman of the land, lying upon his bed of sickness, is sprung upon by a murderer who stabs with bloody dagger, and in the struggle the venerable and bleeding statesman rolls out upon the floor. His son is attacked and horribly beaten, perhaps unto death, and at the same time; and an attendant, too, is stabbed and nearly killed. Oh, horrible deed! Could fiction invent or fiend plan a more dreadful and impressive scene of blood? Could anything approach this crime in ghastly horror? Yes, one thing could; the fearful thing which overshadowed it—which so benumbed our hearts with utter grief, that there was no responsive chord left with sufficient sensibility to respond to the lesser horror.

“The clock of time seems to have been set back years and years. History presents no parallel to the atrocity of this act which stains the pages of to-day. Assassination has before occurred—but never the assassination of a pure, gentle-hearted, benign and kindly President, in the hour when he stretched out the olive-branch to a vanquished foe, and at a moment when he sat with a pleased smile upon his gentle face, surrounded by a brilliant throng of whom he was the hope, the pride and the defense.

“The ways of the Almighty are inscrutable. He knows his own wise purposes in this dark hour. In Him we trust, to bring light out of gloom, and to teach us that it is even true, ‘whom he loveth He chasteneth.’ He permitted Christ to be murdered—the Saviour of the World. Reverently and holy we add, He permitted Abraham Lincoln to be murdered—the Saviour of the Republic.”

From the same paper we take the following account :

#### THE SAD NEWS IN LYONS.

“The news of the assassination of President Lincoln and the murderous assault upon Secretary Seward, burst upon our people like a clap of thunder from a cloudless sky. The news spread like wildfire; men forsook their stores and their shops and gathered in knots upon the corners, discussing with bated breath the calamity; scores of people gathered in front of the *Republican* office, from which the later despatches were bulletined; and everywhere the greatest grief and excitement were manifested. Many were melted to tears, and the expression of grief at the tragic death of Abraham Lincoln was universal,—if indeed we except half-a-dozen vile wretches, of no political, moral or social standing, nor yet decency, who are reported to have expressed gratification at the event, and only regretted that it had not occurred months ago. Community has put its mark upon these scurvy knaves. They will not be forgotten. Thank God there are but few of them!

“A meeting of the Village Board was held, and appropriate resolution (published elsewhere) were passed. The church-bells that so recently rang out peals of victory, tolled mournfully during the noon-hour; nearly all of the business places were draped with black and the doors closed; many private dwellings put on the symbols of mourning, and the flags were draped and hoisted at half-mast. Never was there so general a demonstration of grief.

“During the entire day great anxiety was manifested as to the prospects of life or death of Secretary Seward and his son. Mr. Seward, our honored neighbor, the personal friend of very many of our citizens, the greatest of American statesmen of this day, was regarded by us all as the adviser of the lamented President during his entire administration; and his death at this time would be deemed next to that of the President, a calamity almost beyond reparation. We have reason to rejoice that there seems to be a probability of his restoration to his wonted activity.

“The churches, on Sunday, were scenes of solemnity and mourning such as have never been witnessed here. The



interiors were heavily draped with black—the red-white-and-blue, was also displayed, being festooned about the altars; and in one church a portrait of the murdered President was placed before the pulpit. The soft tones of the organs whispering subdued minor strains, or rising to the louder measures of the funeral march or dirge, the plaintive psalms and hymns, gave an aspect of the deepest mournfulness to these Sabbath services, which were in accordance with the real feelings of every heart. Grief was depicted on every countenance. All thoughts were directed to the great loss, and thence in prayer to Him whom men forget to acknowledge as their main support until earthly props are taken away. The texts of the discourses preached were expressions in which Christians of all ages have given utterance to emotions of grief, and the discourses themselves variously reviewed the details of the awful event, the character of the illustrious deceased, and the greatness of the common loss; expressing at the same time, the firmest confidence in the future of the country, and invoking the support of the people to the Executive, on whom the tremendous responsibility of giving shape to the events of that future, has so unexpectedly fallen. Sunday was indeed a solemn day in Lyons. No one remembers its like.

“It was resolved, at a late hour, that the religious services which were to have occurred to-day, should take place yesterday, at 12 o'clock, the hour of the funeral of the late President in Washington. They were held in the Presbyterian Church—the discourse being delivered by Rev. Mr. Jervis. There will, therefore, be no public services to-day.”



## CHAPTER VIII.

BRIEF ACCOUNTS OF REGIMENTS—SEVENTEENTH, TWENTY-SEVENTH, THIRTY-THIRD, FORTY-FOURTH, SEVENTY-FIFTH AND NINETIETH INFANTRY — EIGHTH CAVALRY.

IT must not be expected that extended histories of the regiments mentioned can be given in this book. In a single volume devoted to the local work in Wayne county, there can be no *elaborate* presentation of the actual operations of regiments through the war. Accounts of these must be sought in general histories of the war, in volumes devoted entirely to single regiments, or in the complete reports of commanding officers, as published in the ponderous volumes issued under the direction of Congress. All that can be attempted here is an *outline* of the work of each regiment from the time it was mustered into the service until it was mustered out. The mention of individuals is scarcely possible, except in the case of commanding officers. Indeed, companies are largely lost sight of in brief sketches which must treat of regiments as the units of an army.

Incidents, anecdotes, rare cases of individual heroism must generally be excluded from these accounts. Many such items are, however, found in other parts of this work, in the town catalogues of soldiers which constitute such an important feature of the book, in the accounts of organization at home, and in various marginal notes.

The books consulted in the preparation of this chapter are the Adjutant-General's Reports; Hall's Cayuga in the Field; Judd's History of the Thirty-third; sketches found in the Wayne County History of 1876, and various other authorities. This general acknowledgment must be accepted as giving full credit to the labors of others.

### THE SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY.

To the Seventeenth New York Volunteers belonged Company I of Newark, recruited in May, 1861. Andrew Wilson was Captain, and Isaac M. Lusk First Lieutenant. The com-

pany was organized with seventy-seven men, and left Newark for New York City, where they joined the Regiment, and were mustered into service for two years, and placed under command of Colonel Henry S. Lansing.

In common with hundreds following them, their primary destination was Washington. They marched through the city and went into camp at some distance from the capital. They engaged in erecting fortifications in anticipation of a rebel attack, consequent upon the disastrous termination of the battle at Bull Run, in which they had the good fortune not to be engaged.

In August, the regiment was detailed to drill as heavy artillery, at the guns of Fort Ellsworth, leaving Companies H, I and K for guard duty. As regarded health, cleanliness and discipline, the regiment compared favorably with any other.

October 1st, the line of march was taken past Bailey's Cross-Roads, and the men were treated to the experience of knapsack, canteen, haversack and arms. They were attached to Butterfield's brigade of Porter's division, and subjected to severe drilling. About the close of the month they were employed in picketing near the Church.

The command wintered at Hall's Hill, Virginia, and in the spring of 1862, moved to Fairfax; thence to Fortress Monroe, and finally to Yorktown. Their first engagement was at Hanover Court House. A part of the regiment was in the seven days fight, and later took a gallant part in the second Bull Run action. At the close of the battle but thirteen men responded to roll-call. The scattered men came in, and the number was doubled. Captain Wilson fell in this action. The regiment was engaged at Antietam, and again, December 12th, 1862, at Fredericksburg. Their time of service expired in the following summer.

The Adjutant-General's report of 1868, says:

"This regiment was organized at New York, to serve two years. The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of New York, Westchester, Rockland, Wayne, Wyoming and Chenango. It was mustered into the service of the United States, May 20th to 24th, 1861, and mustered out June 2d, 1863. The recruits who

enlisted for three years, were transferred to the Twelfth Regiment, New York volunteers."

The official report only gives the regiment the credit of being engaged in the battles of Hanover Court House, Groveton and Fredericksburg; but from the above sketch it will be seen that they shared in the seven days' battle with all their honors; that they went through the carnage of the second Battle of Bull Run, and performed gallantly in the battle of Antietam.

The regiment was very early in actual service, owing to being sent directly to Washington, instead of drilling for a time at Elmira. It escaped severe battles during its first year, because it was assigned to fortifications instead of engaging in field operations. The regiment had an excellent reputation in the army. Its members, like those of other organizations formed in May and April, 1861, went into the field without bounties. They obeyed the patriotic impulses of the hour without regard to any pecuniary reward. The men of Company I came home to secure the respect and gratitude of their fellow citizens—many of them re-enlisted. The Twenty-second Cavalry, the First Veteran Cavalry and the Second Mounted Rifles received many recruits from this source.

If this notice is briefer than those of other regiments which follow, it is because little has been found in official reports clearly designating the Seventeenth from others, because the correspondence of the Newark *Courier* has not been found accessible, and because no one in this section who belonged to the Seventeenth has been willing to attempt a sketch of its work.

It will doubtless be a matter of interest to the surviving members of Company I, to have ready for consultation the official roll of the commissioned officers in the entire regiment; although its names for the most part were from other counties than Wayne.

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

## ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

## SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Colonel: Henry S. Lansing..... } (Brev. Brig.-Gen. U. S. V.) }	June 19, '61	May 18, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Lieutenant Colonels: Thomas Ford Morris.....	June 19, '61	May 18, '61	Discharged June 25, '62.
Nelson B. Bartram.....	June 20, '62	May 10, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Majors: Charles A. Johnson.....	June 19, '61	May 18, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. 25th regt. N. Y. V. Oct. 4, '61.
Nelson B. Bartram.....	Nov. 2, '61	Oct. 24, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. June 20, '62.
William T. C. Grower.....	June 20, '62	May 10, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Adjutants: J. Brainard Taylor.....	July 4, '61	May 19, '61	Resigned Jan. 28, '62
George H. Reynolds.....	Feb. 12, '62	Jan. 30, '62	Resigned July 14, '62.
George S. Wilson.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 15, '62	Died Feb. 7, '63, of wounds received in action.
Waldo Sprague.....	May 9, '63	Feb. 15, '63	Mustered out with regt. June 12, '63.
Quartermaster: Gardner S. Hawes..... } (Bret. Major U. S. V.) }	July 4, '61	May 19, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Surgeon: James C. Stuart.....	July 4, '61	May 19, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Assistant Surgeons: Azariah B. Shipman.....	July 4, '61	May 19, '61	Promoted to Surgeon Twelfth regt. N. Y. V. Sept. 15, '61.
Highland A. Weed.....	Sept. 24, '61	Sept. 20, '61	Promoted to Surgeon Twenty-Fifth regt. Dec. 11, '61.
Lewis Tice.....	Feb. 27, '62	Dec. 12, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
J. Newton Goff.....	Aug. 27, '62	Aug. 12, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Chaplain: Thomas G. Carver.....	July 4, '61	June 4, '61	Not mustered.
Captains: Charles H. Smith.....	July 4, '61	April 23, '61	Discharged July 23, '62.
Isaac D. Blauvelt.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 23, '62	Killed in action at Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862.

## SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Raok.	Remarks.
Terrance J. Foley.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Nelson B. Bartram.....	July 4, '61	May 3, '61	Promoted to Major Nov. 2, '61.
Luther Caldwell.....	Nov. 2, '61	Oct. 25, '61	Discharged Aug. 14, '62.
(Brev. Major N. Y. V.) }			
Livingston Lansing.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 14, '62	Discharged Jan. 27, '63.
Waldo Sprague.....	Feb. 11, '63	Jan. 17, '63	Not mustered as Captain.
John W. Lyon.....	July 4, '61	May 4, '61	Resigned Nov. 9, '61.
Micah J. Kelly.....	Dec. 7, '61	Nov. 9, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Charles A. Johnson.....		April 26, '61	Promoted to Major June 19, '61.
William T. C. Grower.....	July 4, '61	May 20, '61	Promoted to Major June 20, '62.
John Burleigh.....	June 20, '62	May 10, '62	Discharged Feb. 14, '63.
(Brev. Col. U. S. V.) }			Resigned Feb. 22, '62.
Charles G. Stone.....	July 4, '61	May 3, '61	
W. Wallace Armstrong.....	Mar. 8, '62	Mar. 8, '62	Discharged Aug. 30, '62.
Franklin J. Davis.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Resigned Aug. 3, '61.
John Vickers.....	Aug. 27, '61	Aug. 3, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
James H. Demarest.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Killed in action at Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, '62.
Alvin M. Whaley.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
James Tyrell.....	July 4, '61	May 10, '61	Discharged Nov. 24, '61.
Joel O. Martin.....	Oct. 29, '61	Oct. 24, '61	Dismissed Feb. 23, '63.
Andrew Wilson.....	July 4, '61	May 10, '61	Died Sept. 18, '62, of wounds received in action.
Gideon H. Jenkins.....	July 4, '61	May 20, '61	Discharged Dec. 1, '61.
Charles Hilbert.....	Dec. 26, '61	Dec. 5, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Hiram Wilde.....	Dec. 31, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
First Lieutenants:			
George Reynolds.....	July 4, '61	May 20, '61	Promoted to Adj. Feb. 12, '62.
Terence J. Foley.....	Feb. 12, '62	Jan. 30, '62	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 22, '62.
Irving D. Smith.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
John Vickers.....	July 4, '61	May 3, '61	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 27, '61.
Charles Hilbert.....	Aug. 27, '61	Aug. 3, '61	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 25, '61.
Livingston Lansing.....	Dec. 26, '61	Dec. 5, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 22, '62.
Edwin H. Beardsley.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 14, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Thomas Leigh.....		May 4, '61	Not mustered.
Micah J. Kelly.....	July 4, '61	May 4, '61	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 7, '61.
Hiram Wilde.....	Dec. 7, '61	Nov. 9, '61	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 31, '62.
Benjamin Seaward.....	July 4, '61	Apr. 26, '61	Resigned Dec. 24, '61.
William A. Fitzhugh.....	Mar. 29, '62	Mar. 29, '62	Declined.
Frederick W. Bachus.....	May 10, '62	Apr. 29, '62	Died Aug. 10, '62, of disease, at Washington, D. C.
Harvey W. Benson.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 10, '62	Discharged June 20, '63.
George G. Soren.....	July 4, '61	May 3, '61	Resigned Dec. 17, '61.
Daniel Berrien, Jr.....	Dec. 26, '61	Dec. 11, '61	Resigned Sept. 9, '62.
Joseph Foulke.....	Dec. 12, '62	Dec. 10, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
R. Stuart Hart.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Died June 24, '61, of disease, at New York city.

## SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Isaac D. Blauvelt.....	Aug. 27, '61	Aug. 3, '61	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 30, '62.
James H. Christie.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 23, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Luther Caldwell.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 2, '63.
John Burleigh.....	Nov. 2, '61	Oct. 25, '61	Promoted to Capt. June 20, '52.
Robert L. Livingston.....	June 20, '62	May 10, '62	Resigned Nov. 30, '62.
Joseph W. Morey.....	Dec. 20, '62	Dec. 1, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Joël O. Martin.....	July 4, '61	May 10, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 29, '61.
Langford C. Mabie.....	Oct. 29, '61	Oct. 24, '61	Discharged July 14, '62.
Waldo Sprague.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 14, '62	Promoted to Adj. May 9, '63.
Isaac M. Lusk.....	July 4, '61	May 10, '61	Resigned Jan. 16, '62.
Charles E. Perry.....	Mar. 8, '62	Mar. 8, '62	Discharged Sept. 8, '62.
Harwood A. Dudley.....	July 4, '61	May 20, '61	Resigned Nov. 12, '61.
Alvin W. Whaley.....	Nov. 11, '61	Nov. 2, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 22, '62.
John P. Hollers.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Second Lieutenants:			
Romeyne Bogardus.....	July 4, '61	Apr. 23, '61	Resigned Aug. 8, '61.
Terence J. Foley.....	Aug. 27, '61	Aug. 8, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 12, '62.
Irving D. Smith.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 1, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 22, '62.
Lycurgus D. Lusk.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
James Taylor.....	.....	May 3, '61	Not mustered.
Charles Hilbert.....	July 4, '61	May 19, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 27, '61.
Daniel Burrin, Jr.....	Aug. 28, '61	Aug. 28, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 26, '61.
John P. Hollers.....	Mar. 4, '62	Dec. 11, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 22, '62.
Joseph W. Morey.....	Oct. 22, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 22, '62.
Charles Everdell.....	July 4, '61	May 4, '61	Resigned Nov. 9, '61.
Charles F. Ingalls.....	Dec. 7, '61	Nov. 9, '61	Dismissed Nov. 15, '62.
John G. Falkner.....	Dec. 20, '62	Aug. 30, '62	
John Burleigh.....	July 4, '61	Apr. 26, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 2, '61.
Orrin M. Fitch.....	Nov. 2, '61	Nov. 1, '61	Resigned Dec. 11, '61.
James Fox.....	Feb. 12, '62	Jan. 24, '62	Resigned July 11, '62.
Edwin A. Cowdry.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 15, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
John T. McCann.....	July 4, '61	May 3, '61	Resigned Aug. 5, '61.
David Drake.....	Aug. 28, '61	Aug. 28, '61	Resigned Dec. 12, '61.
Harvey W. Benson.....	Dec. 30, '61	Nov. 27, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 10, '62.
George Moore.....	Jan. 20, '63	Jan. 1, '63	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
William Mattocks.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Died of disease at Washington, D. C., July 31, '61.
Hiram Wilde.....	Aug. 28, '61	Aug. 28, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 11, '61.
Hubert H. Hall.....	Dec. 7, '61	Nov. 9, '61	Resigned Feb. 9, '62.
Charles H. Coffin.....	.....	Mar. 8, '62	Discharged June 4, '62.

## SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT.—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Albert Rathbone.....	June 24,'62	June 24,'62	Resigned Nov. 8, '62.
Langford C. Mable.....	July 4,'61	May 21,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 29, '61.
Robert L. Livingston.....	Nov. 11,'61	Oct. 24,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. June 20, '62.
Edwin H. Beardsley.....	Aug. 30,'62	May 10,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 26, '61.
Lucius H. Post.....	Dec. 30,'62	Dec. 29,'62	Not mustered.
Elias P. Pellett.....	July 4,'61	May 10,'61	Resigned Oct. 13, '61.
James H. Christie.....	Oct. 29,'61	Oct. 13,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 30, '62.
Arthur M. Sanford.....	Aug. 30,'62	July 23,'62	Dismissed Dec. 19, '62.
James W. A. Granger.....	.....	May 10,'61	Not mustered.
Augustus W. Proseus.....	July 4,'61	May 10,'61	Discharged Jan. 18, '62.
Waldo Sprague.....	Jan. 10,'62	Jan. 10,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 30, '62.
Cornelius Green.....	Aug. 30,'62	July 14,'62	Discharged Feb. 16, '63.
C. H. Pease.....	May 9,'63	Feb. 14,'63	Not mustered.
Alvin M. Whaley.....	July 4,'61	May 20,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 11, '61.
Livingston Lansing.....	Nov. 11,'61	Nov. 2,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 26, '61.
George S. Wilson.....	Jan. 8,'62	Dec. 5,'61	Promoted to Adjut. Aug. 30, '62.
James Reed.....	Aug. 30,'62	July 2,'62	Killed in action at Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, '62.
Thomas Beal.....	Oct. 22,'62	Aug. 3,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Martin Scully.....	Dec. 30,'62	Dec. 1,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
William H. Clarkson.....	Dec. 22,'62	Nov. 23,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.

## THE TWENTY-SEVENTH VOLUNTEERS.

The Twenty-seventh Infantry was organized at the Elmira rendezvous in May, 1861. The officers in command were Colonel H. W. Slocum, of Syracuse; Lieutenant-Colonel J. J. Chambers, of White Plains; and Major J. J. Bartlett, of Binghamton. May 10th, the company under command of Captain Alexander D. Adams, left Lyons, became a portion of the regiment, and was designated B. The regiment was mustered into the United States service May 29th, and proceeded via Harrisburgh and Baltimore to Washington. After a period of drill far too inadequate, the march towards Richmond was begun. The regiment took part in the action at Bull Run, where Colonel Slocum was severely wounded, and where, save the Fire Zouaves, the command lost the greatest number of men of any regiment engaged.



The Twenty-seventh left camp July 16th, and encamped at ten P. M., by the roadside. The next day the march was resumed, and night found the regiment at Fairfax. They did not participate in the action of July 18th, but on the 21st were fully tried, and behaved gallantly. March was begun early that day towards the battle-ground, and while yet at a distance the step was quickened by the strange sound of booming cannon, followed by the noise of musketry, indicating deadly encounter. The fatigue of that day was severe. The canteens were empty, and water was obtained only from stagnant ponds by the roadside. Entering the field at a double-quick, the men were much fatigued, yet, halting only to throw off knapsacks, they advanced with fixed bayonets. Before them, in the distance, moved a regiment bearing what seemed a national flag; approaching them in uncertainty, Adjutant Jenkins rode forward with havelock upon his sword-point, and was fired upon. The Twenty-seventh returned the fire sharply, and drove their enemy out of range. Adjutant Jenkins had a miraculous escape, being between the lines. Continuing to advance, the Eighth Georgia was encountered, and both fought for some time, when the latter fell back, but being reinforced, returned, and compelled the Twenty-seventh to seek the shelter of a hill. Colonel Slocum was ordered to take part in a general advance, and while leading his men, fell severely wounded, and was removed from the field. The regiment halted, and stood up under a sanguinary fire. Each loaded and fired at will, and rapidly the line diminished. A half-hour after the fall of Slocum, the color guard was reduced from nine to two,—W. H. Merrill and Sergeant Freeman. Retreat began, at first with a semblance of order, but soon degenerated into a route. Colonel Porter, commanding the division, mentioned the regiment as follows:

“Upon our first position, the Twenty-seventh was the first to rally, under command of Major Bartlett, and around it the other regiments engaged soon collected their scattered fragments. The battalion of regulars meantime took position, and held the enemy in check until our forces were somewhat rallied.”

The regiment returned to Washington, and August 14th moved into camp near Fort Ellsworth, below Alexandria,

on the south bank of the Potomac. The Colonel was then Joseph J. Bartlett, in place of Colonel Slocum, promoted. Later in the fall the regiment moved its camp to a site near Fairfax Seminary, where it spent the winter of 1861-'62; during which time the men were engaged in building Fort Lyon, doing picket duty and chopping wood from the Heights. In comfortable quarters, in huts with fire-places, the men passed the time in the routine of camp, drill, and picket. Spring came, and the army moved. March 10, 1862, the Twenty-seventh left its camp, and marching twelve miles, encamped near Fairfax, expecting to renew the march at four A. M. to Centerville. The retirement of the enemy caused a change of plan, and the road was taken to Alexandria. The regiment did not share in the battle of Fairfax Court House. April 18th the regiment embarked on the steamship *S. R. Spaulding*, moved down the river, came to anchor at Ship Point, disembarked, and lay in camp for some time. Taken up the York river, the Twenty-seventh was landed June 6th at West Point, the first of the division, and forming in line, found the enemy close at hand and the woods alive with cavalry. The men deployed as skirmishers, the enemy disappeared, and a picket-line was established. During the night several attacks were made, and prisoners from the Fifth Texas were captured. The morning brought the fleet with Sedgwick's advance. An occasional gun was fired, and a straggling fire commenced along the line. Regiments advanced to support the pickets; brigades formed in line of battle, and batteries hurried into position. General Slocum directed the movements of the division, and Colonel Bartlett was in command of the brigade. The musketry deepened into continuous crashes as the fall of distant trees, and Sedgwick's men, as they landed, doffed knapsacks and advanced into action. The gunboats took position to repel any attempt at flanking. Forward and backward the lines surged, till finally the fire slackened, and the enemy withdrew. The Twenty-seventh met with slight loss. Afterwards the regiment took up its line of march for Yorktown, where it remained until the battle of Williamsburgh. At the conclusion of the action the regiment marched three miles up the

York River, where it remained one day; thence toward Cumberland, where it remained two days. The advance was continued, until the regiment lay five miles beyond the White House, within eighteen miles of Richmond. Moving to Mechanicsville, the command there remained several days, when Casey's division was overpowered and driven with heavy loss till aid came and turned the tide. The regiment fell in, and, with its brigade, formed in line of battle, and then, under Lieutenant-Colonel Adams, filed down through the woods to the turnpike bridge, and halted in the presence of General Slocum, whom they greeted with three cheers. An attempt to draw the rebel fire failed, and the batteries shelled a train passing at a distance. The river rose suddenly as of a dam let loose. Remaining at Mechanicsville on picket duty, bridging, road-building and intrenching, the men stood exposed like veterans. While awaiting the order to advance upon Richmond, Jackson had moved upon the right, and, June 27th, firing, heavy and continuous, told where he was pressing upon our lines. Night arrived, and with it a report that the enemy had been driven towards Richmond. Morning came, and with it the thunder of cannon across the river, in close proximity to the camps. The tented ground occupied by Slocum's division was speedily covered by the blue lines of armed columns. There was a bridge crossing the Chickahominy at the highest point in our possession, communicating with our forces at Gaines' Mills, and Mechanicsville, further up. Here the division first marched, and a part of Newton's brigade passed over, but finding the enemy too strong, fell back and destroyed the bridge.

The action had now become general along the whole line. The incessant roar of artillery told that Porter and McCall were hard pressed, and needed help. Marching down the river to Woodbury's bridge, the division crossed, and by 3 P. M., had reached the higher ground opposite and taken position. They were just in time. The fight had begun at Gaines' Mills, a mile distant from the bridge, and our forces had been gradually driven back until they held only the heights above the bridge. This position must be held, as a

single narrow bridge precluded all hope of a tumultuous retreat. The day's heat was over, but clouds of dust nearly blinded the eyes as they came drifting from the fields beyond. As Slocum's men advanced on a double quick past lines of ambulances and streams of fugitives, it was cheering to see the division rushing unflinchingly to the rescue under shot and shell.

To the left, sheltered under the brow of a hill, the streaming pennons of Rusk's lancers were conspicuous, while reserve cavalry and artillery stretched from hill to hill. The scene was beautiful as a grand review, but the detonations of cannon discharges and the crashing volley of musketry with an unintermitting rushing sound dispelled the illusion. The brigade filed to the right over the hill, under a fierce fire from the enemy's guns, and took position in a ravine, supporting a battery of Maplesons on the ridge above. The men lay flat upon the ground. In the first line were the Sixteenth New York, and behind them the Ninety-sixth Pennsylvania, on the left were the Fifth Maine and the Twenty-seventh. Colonel Bartlett commanded the brigade, and Lieutenant-Colonel Adams the regiment. The cannonading became terrible, and the Napoleons maintained a constant discharge upon the advancing rebels. Once a caisson drawn by riderless horses came rushing down the road, followed by a volley of musketry. The time had come for action. The enemy were close upon the battery as a forest of bayonets arose and swept grandly over the hill. Colonel Bartlett waving his sword, exclaimed, "Forward—double-quick—charge!" and led in person. Adams, on foot, cheered on the men. As the astonished enemy fell back a rapid fire upon their retreating ranks piled the killed and wounded in heaps wherever they made a stand. There was a large house directly in front of the battery, and both sides fought for its possession, and here was the hottest contest. Here the tide of battle wavered to and fro for hours. The left wing of the regiment suffered severely from being exposed without cover to a cross-fire.

Gallantly and defiantly the colors of the regiment were flung to the breeze. James Snedaker stood by them to the

last. William H. McMahan, the other color-bearer, thrice rallied the regiment around him and led them on again,

Close to the colors stood Captain Wanzer and his band that fought like heroes, he coolly encouraging his men.

Company H, Captain Bodine, stood fast under fire, losing Lieutenant Williams and two Sergeants at the first charge. Lieutenant Brainard, of F, shook hands with a captured rebel Major during the hottest of the fight.

Company B suffered severe loss. The Lima boys, led on by their young captain, closed up their fast thinning ranks, and advanced again and again to the charge over their fallen comrades, fighting bravely to the last. Company K, contested each foot of ground, and the entire command won a meed of praise. Dim twilight gathered, and the sounds of battle gradually died away. The field about the house wore a terrible appearance. The scene beyond where the enemy lay beggared description. Crowds lay piled under tree and bush and on the open ground, while tossing arms and legs betokened an agony of pain. Horses without riders galloped about, lay in suffering, or stood patient over dead masters. The brigade had fought for life far in advance of the batteries, whose grape and canister went rushing overhead into the rebel ranks. A fresh brigade of the enemy advanced at dusk from the woods, and the battle-worn brigade withdrew in line of battle, their wounded begging to be taken along, but in vain. Richardson's division came pouring over the bridge with cheers, and relieved those who had borne the brunt of battle. At midnight orders came to retire silently across the river, and at two A. M. the old camp was reached, and the tired men lay down, but not to sleep,—there was too much of suspense. Company E, had lost one killed and ten wounded. Company B, of Lyons, had one killed and twenty-three wounded, and Company G of Lima, had one killed and eighteen wounded. Before daylight orders came to prepare coffee and be ready to leave at a moment's warning. Tents were struck, and troops were seen retiring, while wagon-trains were moving out. By ten A. M. our forces had all retired over the Chickahominy, leaving their dead and wounded to the enemy,

and Woodbury's bridge was blown up. The rebels meanwhile were crossing the river and swarming before the Union lines. Every preparation was made to repel and delay them. The brigades of Newton and Taylor were busily engaged in felling trees and making batteries, while Slocum's operated on the extreme right, marching and countermarching to deceive and intimidate the rebels. Tents were struck immediately after being pitched, knapsacks were left, and a movement made to the base of the hill. A shell hissed over, followed by others in exact range, and the companies hastened to recover their knapsacks. No reply was made, and at noon the brigade retired behind an abatis of trees. The afternoon wore away, and all was ominously quiet. The brigade went on picket, and all night long the crash of trees betokened fear of pursuit. At midnight an immense amount of stores were destroyed. A few of the men made a hasty cup of coffee, but most saw nothing of refreshments but hard crackers.

Franklin's corps was now on the extreme right. At three A. M. the pickets retired, and the movement towards the James had begun. Silently the regiments moved on, and behind them crashed the trees, blocking up the avenues of retreat. Daylight found the brigade at Savage Station, where the entire baggage-train was packed. A thousand wounded men lay scattered about, and during the brief halt, the officers of the Twenty-seventh took every one possible,—hired vehicles to carry them,—and one officer distributed the contents of his purse among those who had to be left. Here Heintzelman's troops were left, and the column, pushing on to White Oak swamp, crossed a corduroy bridge. The Twenty-seventh, in advance, was on picket, and passed a third restless night. Next morning Franklin's corps was left in the rear, Slocum's division being posted on the right and extreme rear to prevent the enemy from crossing the bridge. Batteries were posted and pickets thrown out, while the infantry lay concealed in the rear. The men had scattered, when a volley from the pickets sent the men double-quick to their regiments. The artillery took up the fight and continued it till night. All attempts to cross were

frustrated. Temporary lulls were followed by furious firing. The brigade received orders to cross the bridge and charge the enemy, but halted at the bank and retired to the shelter of the pines. The march was resumed at two A. M. to Malvern Hill, where the day was passed; thence to Harrison's Landing, where camp was made and quite a stay made. The regiment here did picket duty and labored on fortifications until the 16th of August. Here was a terrible experience contending with stagnant water, with miasma, with fevers, and all the dread array of diseases that kill more men in war than the bullets can. August 16th, the movement of the Army of the Potomac northward had begun. The first day across the Chickahominy, the second at Williamsburg, the third at Yorktown, the fourth at Warwick Court House, and the fifth at Newport News. Embarked on the *John Brooks*, they were taken to Fortress Munroe. Franklin's corps left Alexandria August 29th; next day passed through Fairfax and Centerville, and came upon the trains retreating from the Plains of Manassas. The brigade was called to check the tide of fugitives from McDowell's army. Cavalry and infantry combined could not check the general movement—it was the route of an army. Night brought the brigade on picket, and hour after hour the soldiers poured through the lines. September 1st, the regiment lay in camp at Centerville; but soon moved to Alexandria, crossed the long bridge to Washington September 6th, and then marched towards the field of Antietam; each night's bivouac finding them yet nearer the invader. At Crampton's Gap the enemy were found in possession, with infantry and artillery. The Twenty-seventh, deployed as skirmishers, led the division in the advance. The men sought cover till an open plain was reached at the foot of the mountain. A volley from the enemy was heartily returned. The men stood bravely to their work, and fired all their ammunition. A charge followed, and the gap was won. The regiment left the gap on the morning of the 17th, and took position on the Union right. The regiment supported batteries all day at Antietam, in the memorable cornfield, and were steadily under a heavy fire. The regiment lay in camp near Bakersville, for

a month following this battle. Early in October, Lieutenant-Colonel Adams was promoted Colonel, and Major Bodine was promoted Lieutenant-Colonel. Captain George G. Wanzer became Major. October 18th, the regiment was on the march by way of White Plains to Warrenton, where the army halted. The army had a change of commanders, and was again on the move. The field of Manassas was traversed, and camp made within six miles of the Potomac, near Aquia Landing. Settled in comfortable quarters, the winter passed away, and with Burnside exchanged for Hooker, the army crossed the Rapidan, and the Sixth Army Corps demonstrated before Fredericksburg. The Twenty-seventh broke camp April 28, 1863, and, marching all day, reached the Rappahannock about dark, at the point where, December 13th, they had made their previous crossing. Having reached the south side, the men busily entrenched when not called to picket, and so continued till May 3d. That day the heights of Fredericksburg were carried by Howe's division. The Twenty-seventh advanced through a ravine swept by a battery. Shot and shell flew lively overhead, and the men took shelter behind a slight rise of ground, lying flat upon their faces.

The skirmish line was warmly engaged, and the rebel sharpshooters inflicted a loss on the regiment of two killed and ten wounded. The well-packed knapsacks received many a bullet. As the enemy left the heights, the division retired, the Twenty-seventh being the rear guard, and, in consequence, the last to withdraw. The enemy followed slowly till just out of artillery range, when they halted. The line of march led through the city, the earthworks just taken, and, at the summit, the regiment found the corps had gone miles in advance. The march was hastened, but a wrong road taken. The brigade was passed, and, from a hill half a mile distant, the Twenty-seventh were spectators of the ensuing battle. The enemy had retreated in line of battle along a plank-road leading west, till reaching Bethel Church, but two or three miles from Fredericksburg, heavy reinforcements were received and a stand made. The brigade came into action and fought overpowering num-



bers. They suffered severely, but inflicted terrible losses on their assailants. The next day the enemy had formed a line parallel to the road and captured the heights. The Twenty-seventh had rejoined the brigade and was sent on picket, while the brigade, much reduced, was placed in support of the batteries, silently awaited the impending attack, which was made late in the day. Thrice the regiment, as skirmishers, checked the advance of battle lines, and not till the left was turned did they fall back. The Union position was now endangered, and Lee's army had arrived in masses. The line was formed in horse-shoe shape, the opening at the river enclosing the bridge. The Twenty-seventh was in the place of the toe-calk. About nine P. M., orders came to fall back. The enemy, discovering the movement, advanced with continuous yelling. Retiring a mile as skirmishers, the regiment fell into line, and just then received an order to double quick or be cut off. A rapid retreat was made to the river. At three the next morning the troops began to recross, and speedily the corps was transferred to the other bank. The loss to the regiment was three killed and thirteen wounded. The term of the regiment having expired, it was sent home, and mustered out on May 21st, 1863. In Company E, the old Captain had become Major, and Ensign E. P. Gould, had become Captain.

Congratulatory orders were issued to the Twenty-seventh, by Major-General Sedgwick, commanding the Sixth army corps; by General Brooks, of the division; and by J. J. Bartlett, the old Major, now commanding the brigade. Its Colonel had become a corps commander, and from the first Bull Run, when General Porter had called the organization the "gallant Twenty-seventh," down to the muster-out, the eight battles of the regiment had proved its valor and honored the State.

We give the following orders:—

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH ARMY CORPS, }  
May 13, 1863. }

*Special Order No. 920.*

5. The time of service of the Twenty-seventh New York Volunteers, having expired, they will proceed to Elmira, N.

Y., the place of enrollment, where they will be mustered out of service. Upon arrival there, their Arms, Equipments and public property will be turned in to the proper officers.

The Quartermaster's Department will furnish transportation from Falmouth.

The General Commanding the Corps; congratulates the officers and men of the Twenty-seventh New York Volunteers upon their honorable return to civil life. They have enjoyed the respect and confidence of their comrades and Commanders. They have illustrated their term of service by gallant deeds, and have won for themselves a reputation not surpassed in the Army of the Potomac, and have nobly earned the gratitude of the Republic.

By command of

MAJ. GEN. SEDGWICK.

(Signed) M. T. MCMAHON, A. A. G.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION SIXTH CORPS, }  
May 14, 1863. }

*Special Orders No. Fifty-five.*

3. In taking leave of the Twenty-seventh, New York Volunteers, the Brigadier-General Commanding the Division is happy to be able to bear witness to their soldierly qualifications, and general good conduct.

Their action in the late campaign on the South side of the Rappahannock will be a proud record for every officer and man to carry to his home. This record is said in a few words: "You did your duty, and did it to the satisfaction of your commanders."

By order of

BRIG. GEN. BROOKS.

(Signed) A. K. PARSONS, A. A. G.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND BRIGADE, FIRST DIVISION, }  
SIXTH ARMY CORPS, A. OF P., CAMP NEAR }  
WHITE OAK CHURCH, May 12th, 1863. }

*General Orders No. 46.*

The term of enlistment of the Twenty-seventh New York Volunteers having nearly expired, they are ordered to proceed to their rendezvous at Elmira, N Y., to be mustered out of the service of the United States, on the 21st day of May.

This order severs more connections than those which bound the regiment to the military service. Two years of honorable and distinguished service have made you soldiers. This will be your proudest title for years to come.

After the fall of your gallant and distinguished Colonel, I commanded you in the first battle of the Army of the

Potomac. I have led you through all its subsequent campaigns, and have participated with you in a dozen battles.

I now send you to the quiet haunts of peace, with the blood of the enemy upon your honored Old Flag scarce yet dry. In separating with you, I can only give you my assurances that the honor of the regiment has ever been my care.

Our connection has been one of love, cemented by your bravery and noble deeds, and in its severance, I believe the regret to be mutual. I have always relied on you in every emergency, and you have ever responded with true patriotism. You leave brave comrades behind you, stretched in death upon all our battle fields. You have with you the grateful feeling that you have avenged them. In the history of the Army of the Potomac, no prouder record will be inscribed than your own.

I hope yet to see the standard of your regiment once more raised. I hope again to command you. Till then, farewell, and may God in his infinite mercy bless each and all of you.

(Signed)

JOS. J. BARTLETT,  
Brig. Gen. Com.

(The Official Roster of the Twenty-seventh Infantry will be found upon the following page.)

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

## ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

## TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>Colonels :</b>			
Henry W. Slocum.....	June 20, '61	May 21, '61	Promoted to Brig.-Gen. of Volunteers Aug. 13, '61.
Joseph J. Bartlett.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 9, '61	Promoted to Brig.-Gen. of Volunteers Oct. 7, '62.
Alexander D. Adams.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Lieutenant-Colonels :</b>			
Joseph J. Chambers.....	June 20, '61	May 21, '61	Resigned Aug. 13, '61.
Alexander Duncan Adams..	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Promoted to Col. Nov. 10, '62.
Joseph H. Bodine..... } (Brev. Col. N. Y. V.) }	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Majors :</b>			
Joseph J. Bartlett.....	June 20, '61	May 21, '61	Promoted to Col. Sept. 19, '61.
Curtiss C. Gardiner.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Resigned July 24, '62.
Joseph H. Bodine.....	Aug. 28, '62	July 24, '62	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Nov. 10, '62.
George G. Wanzer.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Adjutants :</b>			
John P. Jenkins.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Discharged Oct. 16, '61.
Melville W. Goodrich.....	Feb. 24, '62	Dec. 1, '61	Dismissed Aug. 30, '62.
Charles E. Thompson.....	Oct. 16, '62	Aug. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Quartermasters :</b>			
James A. Hamilton.....	.....	May 21, '61	Resigned Oct. 7, '62.
James P. Kirby.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 7, '62	Cashiered Nov. 22, '62.
Texas Angell.....	Jan. 23, '62	Nov. 22, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Surgeon :</b>			
Norman S. Barnes.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Assistant Surgeons :</b>			
Barnett M. Morse.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Resigned July 19, '62.
William H. Stuart.....	Aug. 18, '62	Aug. 14, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
<b>Chaplains :</b>			
Daniel D. Buck.....	July 4, '61	May 22, '61	Resigned Feb. 26, '62.
John G. Webster.....	Oct. 16, '62	Oct. 15, '62	Resigned March 18, '63.
<b>Captains :</b>			
Joseph J. Chambers.....	.....	Apr. 30, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. June 20, '61.
William M. Bleakley.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Discharged Feb. 8, '62.

## TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Edwin D. Comstock.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 8, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Alexander D. Adams.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Sept. 19, '61.
Henry R. White.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Joseph J. Bartlett.....		May 2, '61	Promoted to Major May 21, '61.
Edward L. Lewis.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Resigned Aug. 2, '61.
Charles A. Wells..... (Brev. Major U. S. V.)	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Henry C. Rodgers.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Resigned July 20, '62.
Albert G. Northrup.....	Aug. 28, '62	July 20, '62	Resigned Nov. 27, '62.
Albert M. Tyler.....	Jan. 23, '63	Nov. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
George G. Wanzer.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Promoted to Major Nov. 10, '61.
E. P. Gould.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Peter Jay.....	July 4, '61	May 8, '61	Resigned Aug. 14, '62.
William H. H. Brainard...	Oct. 16, '62	Aug. 14, '62	Resigned Nov. 27, '62.
George H. Romon.....	Feb. 27, '63	Nov. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
James Perkins.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Resigned Nov. 7, '61.
Philo D. Phillips.....	Dec. 12, '61	Nov. 7, '61	Resigned April 24, '62.
H. Seymour Hall.....	June 14, '62	Apr. 24, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Charles E. Martin.....	July 4, '61	May 11, '61	Resigned Feb. 6, '62.
Joseph H. Bodine.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 6, '62	Promoted to Major Nov. 10, '62.
William H. Swan.....	Oct. 16, '62	July 24, '62	Resigned March 9, '63.
Sherman M. Seeley.....	May 9, '63	Mar. 9, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Curtiss C. Gardiner..... } (Brev. Lieut.-Col. U. V.) }	July 4, '61	May 13, '61	Resigned July 24, '62.
Samuel M. Harmon.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Resigned Sept. 26, '62.
Burton Freeman.....	Oct. 16, '62	Sept. 26, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Henry L. Archilles, Jr.....	July 4, '61	May 16, '61	Resigned June 6, '62.
Seymour Peirce.....	Nov. 10, '62	June 9, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
First Lieutenants:			
William M. Bleakley.....		Apr. 30, '61	Promoted to Capt. May 21, '61.
Henry Ford.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Resigned Aug. 1, '61.
Thomas W. Dick, Jr.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 2, '61	Discharged Jan. 30, '62.
Benjamin Rankin.....	Mar. 12, '62	Jan. 30, '62	Resigned July 30, '62.
Louis C. Bartlett.....	Apr. 28, '62	July 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Henry R. White.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 19, '61.
William H. Swan.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 16, '62.
William C. Belden.....	Oct. 16, '62	July 24, '62	Resigned Jan. 4, '63.
Crosby Hopkins.....	Jan. 23, '63	Jan. 4, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Edward L. Lewis.....		May 2, '61	Promoted to Capt. May 21, '61.
Charles A. Wells.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 19, '61.
George H. Hurd.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Discharged Feb. 23, '62.
James M. Watson.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 15, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.

## TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Henry C. Jackson.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Resigned Aug. 10, '61.
Edwin D. Comstock.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 7, '61	Promoted to Capt. Mar. 12, '62.
George A. Dickson.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 8, '62	Dismissed Oct. 11, '62.
William M. Nimbs.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 11, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 21, '63.
Charles S. Baker.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Discharged Feb. 26, '62.
Edward P. Gould.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 26, '62	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 10, '62.
George H. Robertson.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
William A. Sheldon.....	July 4, '61	May 8, '61	Resigned Aug. 1, '61.
Lafayette Cross.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 2, '61	Resigned Feb. 22, '62.
Andrew Patullo.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 22, '62	Resigned Jan. 18, '63.
John R. Briggs.....	Feb. 27, '63	Jan. 18, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Philo D. Phillips.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 12, '61.
Seymour Peirce.....	Dec. 12, '61	Nov. 7, '61	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 10, '62.
Charles Rock.....	Nov. 10, '62	June 9, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Joseph H. Bodine.....	July 4, '61	May 11, '61	Promoted to Capt. Mar. 12, '62.
Lewis H. Clussman.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 6, '62	Never reported for duty.
Sherman M. Seeley.....	June 14, '62	May 26, '62	Promoted to Capt. May 9, '63.
Edward C. Camp.....	May 9, '63	Mar. 9, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Samuel M. Harmon.....	July 4, '61	May 13, '61	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 19, '61.
Davis C. Hartshorn.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Resigned Feb. 6, '62.
Benton Freeman.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 6, '62	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 16, '62.
Texas Angel.....	Oct. 16, '62	Sept. 26, '62	Promoted to Quartermaster Jan. 23, '63.
Darwin Maltby.....	Jan. 23, '63	Nov. 22, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
William H. Coan.....	July 4, '61	May 16, '61	Died Sept. 11, '62, at Washington, D. C., of disease.
George H. Gaskell.....	Oct. 16, '62	Sept. 11, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Second Lieutenants:			
Henry Ford.....	.....	Apr. 30, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. May 21, '61.
Thomas W. Dick, Jr.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 19, '61.
James C. Craft.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 2, '61	Discharged Jan. 30, '62.
Nicholas Christman.....	Mar. 12, '62	Jan. 30, '62	Resigned Nov. 20, '62.
Alexander McKay.....	Jan. 23, '63	Nov. 20, '62	Not mustered.
William H. Swan.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 19, '61.
Charles L. Gaul.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Died Aug. 20, '62, at New York, of disease.
Crosby Hopkins.....	Oct. 16, '62	Aug. 20, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 23, '63.
Charles Sherman.....	Jan. 23, '63	Jan. 4, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Charles A. Wells.....	.....	May 2, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. May 21, '61.
John C. Fairchilds.....	May 9, '63	Mar. 20, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
George H. Hurd.....	July 4, '61	May 21, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 19, '61.

## TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank	Remarks.
James King.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Resigned March 8, '62.
John E. Ronk.....	June 14, '62	Mar. 8, '62	Resigned Nov. 13, '62.
Eri Watson.....	June 23, '63	Nov. 13, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Asa Park.....	July 4, '61	May 2, '61	Killed at Bull Run, Va., July 21, '61.
Albert G. Northrup.....	Sept. 19, '61	July 21, '61	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 28, '62.
Albert M. Tyler.....	Aug. 28, '62	July 20, '62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 23, '63.
Charles N. Elliot.....	Feb. 27, '63	Nov. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Edward P. Gould.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 12, '62.
Joseph Webster.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 26, '62	Died July 22, '62, of wounds received at Gaines' Mills, Va.
George H. Robertson.....	Oct. 16, '62	July 22, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 10, '62.
Clinton E. Hodgeman.....	Nov. 10, '62	Oct. 4, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '65.
Lafayette Cross.....	July 4, '61	May 8, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 19, '61.
Frank E. Northrup.....	Sept. 19, '61	Aug. 2, '61	Discharged Dec. 17, '61.
William H. H. Brainard.....	Mar. 12, '62	Dec. 14, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 16, '62.
George H. Romon.....	Oct. 16, '62	Aug. 14, '62	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 27, '63.
Frederick Randall.....	Feb. 27, '63	Nov. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
H. Seymour Hall.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Promoted to Capt. June 14, '62.
John R. Briggs.....	June 14, '62	Apr. 24, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 27, '63.
Edward H. Brady.....	Feb. 27, '63	Jan. 18, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Oscar H. Philips.....	July 4, '61	May 11, '61	Resigned Aug. 14, '61.
Edward Williams.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Resigned Nov. 28, '62.
Edward C. Camp.....	Jan. 23, '63	Nov. 28, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. May 9, '63.
Harvey R. Clarke.....	May 9, '63	Mar. 9, '63	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Charles D. Rice.....	July 4, '61	May 13, '61	Resigned Aug. 1, '61.
Benton Freeman.....	Sept. 19, '61	Sept. 1, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 12, '62.
Texas Angel.....	Mar. 12, '62	Feb. 6, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 16, '62.
Darwin Maltby.....	Oct. 16, '62	Sept. 26, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 23, '63.
Willis J. Kendall.....	Feb. 27, '63	Nov. 22, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Henry Hannington.....	July 4, '61	May 16, '61	Resigned Dec. 18, '61.
George L. Gaskell.....	Aug. 28, '61	July 10, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 16, '62.
William H. McMahon... } (Brev. Capt. N. Y. V.) }	Oct. 16, '61	Sept. 11, '62	Mustered out with regt. May 31, '63.
Henry Hannington.....	Mar. 12, '62	Dec. 18, '61	Resigned July 10, '62.

## THIRTY-THIRD INFANTRY.

The Thirty-third Regiment from the beginning, contained a company of Wayne county men, and later in its term of service the regiment was heavily recruited at Rochester. In September, 1862, two hundred and forty recruits joined the regiment. The regiment was mustered into the service of the United States, May 22, 1861. An election being held, the following officers were chosen: Colonel, Robert F. Taylor, of Rochester; Lieutenant-Colonel, Calvin Walker, of Geneva; Major, Robert J. Mann, of Seneca Falls; and Adjutant, Charles T. Sutton, of New York. The regiment was designated as the Thirty-third, and for a time was known as the Ontario Regiment. A fine flag was presented by the ladies of Canandaigua, and Colonel Taylor, on receiving it, gave promise that "it should never be dishonored or disgraced."

July 8th, after a troublesome stay at Elmira barracks, the regiment departed for Washington. The Thirty-third was brigaded September 15th, with the Seventy-ninth and Forty-ninth New York, and the Forty-seventh Pennsylvania, under command of Colonel Stevens. In the formation of divisions, the Thirty-third was under General Smith, promoted from Colonel. A reconnoissance in force was made, September 29th, upon Vienna; the enemy was found, and an artillery duel ensued. The division returned to camp without experiencing any loss. All winter the monotony was broken by routine of drill and an occasional brush with the enemy. With the opening of spring the Thirty-third were embarked upon transports and conveyed to Old Point Comfort. In April the army advanced upon Yorktown, and April 5th, the division was in front of Lee's Mills.

The Thirty-third was sent on picket and a company ordered to support sections of batteries. The loss in an artillery skirmish which succeeded was slight. The regiment was relieved after being under fire fifty-four hours. The lines drew close about Yorktown, and when a powerful battery was prepared to open, the evacuation of the place was discovered to have taken place. Smith's division at once began pursuit, and overtook the rear guard at Williamsburg.



Here was a heavy work named Fort Magruder, with a number of redoubts stretching across between the river. The National Army advanced on these works and Hooker's advance was firmly met and forced back. Hancock was sent to flank the rebel position and found the redoubts deserted. A redoubt was occupied by Lieutenant-Colonel Corning with H, D and F, of the Thirty-third, with the colors and their guard. The rest of the regiment was deployed as skirmishers, and advanced to the front and right. Near night a rebel force came up from Williamsburg and drove the force in confusion. The cry of "Ball's Bluff" was derisively uttered as the national line wavered. Colonel Taylor ordered a charge with part of the regiment, when the rebels were within seventy yards. Other regiments followed, and the rebels were routed. General McClellan personally complimented the regiment for its veteran bearing and timely charge. The advance was renewed until the White House on the Pamunkey was reached, and picketing was done near the enemy covering Richmond. May 21, the division was in position within eleven miles of the rebel capital. An encounter occurred at Mechanicsville, wherein a charge by Davidson's brigade routed the enemy in dismay. June 5, Smith's division moved forward from Gaines' farm, and the Thirty-third was halted a thousand yards from the rebel lines, and but six miles from Richmond. They remained here until June 28. The enemy had not been idle, and Jackson came upon the right with massed lines, and a heavy battle was fought. Its result was a retreat to the James river. The Thirty-third was left on picket during the retirement of the division,—a part on the line, the remainder in earthworks. A sharp shelling preceded a charge by the enemy. The pickets retired and disappeared behind the works, where all remained silent. Two Georgia regiments charged close upon the line, and were met by a volley which staggered their advance. Repeated volleys drove them with a loss of ninety-one killed, many wounded and prisoners. Davidson's brigade formed a portion of the rear guard on the memorable retreat, and the Thirty-third occupied at White Oak swamp, the extreme right,—the post of honor.

Unceasing duty was performed till the rebels were repulsed at Malvern Hill, and the army withdrew to rest at Harrison's Landing. The enemy determined to attack the army of McDowell, numbering Thirty-eight thousand men, before McClellan could come to the rescue. The old Potomac army began to move August 16, and eight days later halted at Alexandria, whence they had gone five months since.

Again the field of Bull Run was contested, and lost to us. Pope was relieved, and McClellan again led. The Thirty-third left knapsacks at Washington, and moved with the army to encounter Lee. September 17th, was fought the battle of Antietam. The Thirty-third began their march at daybreak, and steadily as they proceeded the roar of battle deepened and swelled in volume. They came upon the field as the national troops wavered and began to break. Franklin led two divisions upon the charge. The long lines swept forward with settled, determined tread and stern faces, and planted the National colors far in advance. It was the decisive charge of the day. Here fell fifty killed and wounded of the Thirty-third. September 19th, Smiths' division was ordered to join Couch, on the Potomac, to resist an attempted crossing of rebel cavalry. October 23d, the regiment went into camp near Bakersville. A lull in warfare followed, and the camp, the scenery, and an accession of numbers, gave encouragement, and, with rest, a real enjoyment. October 29th, the Thirty-third, with its brigade, marched to Berlin, where it was joined by Colonel Taylor, Lieutenant-Colonel Corning, and over two hundred recruits, many of them from Wayne county. November 3d, the pontoon bridge was crossed, and line of march taken through New Baltimore to Catlett's station. November 17th, Aquia creek was crossed, and Burnside, having relieved McClellan, essayed the capture of Fredericksburgh, on the Rappahannock. Regimental changes were now made. Old Company D, was transferred to Companies G and K, and the Rochester company, of Captain Henry J. Griffiths, his Lieutenants being Charles D. Rossiter, and William E. Roach, became known as Company D. The Thirty-third arrived before Fredericksburgh, December 11th. A tre-

mendous cannonade, unanswered, preceded the crossing of two regiments in boats, to drive out or capture rebel skirmishers. Four bridges were then laid, and by half-past seven next morning, the Thirty-third had crossed, and drawn up in line of battle with the division, stood expectant during the day, and lay on their arms the next night. The battle of Fredericksburgh dates December 13th, 1862,—memorable to every surviving veteran of that day. General history details the movements of armies; our record is of a regiment. Saturday morning the Thirty-third was posted in the front of these lines of battle, and for an hour supported Reynold's Monroe battery, which then moved to the left, and was replaced by the First Massachusetts battery. Towards night the rebels charged the skirmish line with three regiments, but were repulsed without loss, and the next day the command was relieved and marched to the river, and enjoyed a rest.

December 19th, the regiment marched to White Oak Church, and went into winter quarters. During the succeeding weeks numerous promotions were made, and the army had opportunity to recover from the depression of unsuccessful effort. Burnside essayed an advance January 20th, and scarcely had the army taken the road when a storm of rare severity began to rage, and foiled the effort. The old camp was re-occupied, and months went slowly by. Another change of commanders,—Burnside resigned, and Hooker assumed the command. During February, 1863, the Thirty-third was brigaded with the Forty-ninth and the One Hundred and Nineteenth Pennsylvania, under command of Colonel Taylor. The winter had passed, and at the close of April, the army corps were again moving towards the Rappahannock. Chancellorsville was fought, and Hooker was defeated, and compelled to recross the river. Co-operative in the movement, Sedgwick's Sixth corps lay at Falmouth, where, May 8th, a courier from Hooker brought orders to storm the heights of Fredericksburgh, and push on towards Chancellorsville.

The hills were held by a force commanded by General Barksdale, and were deemed impregnable. The Thirty-

third crossed the river below Fredericksburgh, during the night of May 4th, and picketed till daylight, when the entire corps had gone over and had occupied the city. Twenty-four regiments were selected to charge the heights; one among them was the Thirty-third. Artillery was freely used during the movements of preparation, and by 10 A. M., the order was given to advance. Mill's brigade led on the left, with the Thirty-third on the front line. Within fifteen minutes from the commencement of the charge, the national colors were planted on the rebel works. A battery enfiladed the captured works. As soon as possible the lines were formed, and with a cheer the regiment started on a run for the guns. Twenty minutes of deadly strife, and the hill-top was gained. A hurricane of cannister tore through the ranks, and seventy men were cut down, wounded or dead. A half-dozen standard bearers were shot in succession, when Sergeant Vandecar, rushing forward, raised the torn colors on his musket and went forward. As the woods were left, a shower of bullets whizzed through the lines from the rebel infantry, but on they go, up, over, and panting to rest. The rebel reserves formed, and opened a galling fire within a hundred yards. The regiment answered with a rapid fire, each man loading and firing at will and with a will. For forty minutes the hill was held unsupported. The Seventh Maine arrived, and, together, the two regiments drove the enemy out of reach of their fire. In the charge and later fight, Company D lost two killed and six wounded. During the afternoon the brigade moved to the right two or three miles, but the regiment was not engaged. The defeat of the main army left Lee free to concentrate on Sedgwick, and a bloody battle was fought during the day. During the night the rebels occupied the heights, and took post to imperil the national corps. With daylight, Mill's brigade was sent to drive off a force which threatened the line, and on the return, fortified its position. Masses of rebel troops were seen arriving. The men moved as though wearied, and extensive preparations were observed in all parts of the field for a decisive engagement. About 12 A. M., a rebel brigade advanced, and was met, repulsed, and, from a counter-

charge, we lost heavily. The national lines were drawn up in arc-like form, covering their bridges, and unable to move, stood awaiting night or the enemy. The latter came first. Towards evening their gray columns were seen in motion, and at 5 P. M., with a wild yell, the storm burst upon the Sixth corps. Neill's brigade bore the brunt of attack undismayed, and compelled a retreat. Re-forming his lines, Neill fell back to a new position, leaving behind a thousand men killed and wounded, to attest the stubborn and deadly nature of the battle. The retreat was accomplished, aided by the fire of the artillery. With night the re-crossing began, and at 8 A. M., the Thirty-third was on the northern bank. Two weeks had elapsed since five hundred and fifty men had marched in the ranks of the regiment to meet the enemy; but three hundred remained. The loss in Company D, was three killed, eleven wounded, and ten missing. May 12th the regiment was discharged and ordered to Elmira, New York, for muster-out. The recruits, numbering one hundred and sixty-three, were formed in one company, under Captain Gifford, and attached to the Forty-ninth New York, where they performed essential and honorable service in the succeeding great engagements of the war in the east.

The regiment on returning to New York met with a warm welcome. Saturday, May 23d, it arrived at Geneva and was tendered a magnificent welcome by the citizens of that place. As the little steamer containing the men hove in sight they were greeted with the thunder of artillery mingled with the chimes of the various church bells and on disembarking at the wharf were met by the village authorities and a large deputation of citizens.

The regiment marched to the Park where an address of welcome was delivered by the Hon. Charles J. Folger, which was fitly responded to by Colonel Taylor. The reception of Company B, at Palmyra, has already been given.

This regiment was organized at Elmira, N. Y., to serve for two years. The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of Livingston, Ontario, Seneca, Wayne and Yates. It was mustered into the service of the United

States May 22, 1861. Mustered out by reason of expiration of term of service June 2, 1863. The battles in which the Thirty-third was engaged were: Lee's Mills, Williamsburg, Mechanicsville, White Oak Swamp, Gaines' Mills, Savage Station, Malven, Grampton Gap, Antietam, Fredericksburgh, Marye's Heights and Salem Heights.

We add in this case the Adjutant-General's official statement.

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

### ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

#### THIRTY-THIRD REGIMENT.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Colonel:			
Robert F. Taylor .....	June 20,'61	May 22,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Lieutenant-Colonels:			
Calvin Walker.....	June 20,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Oct. 3, '61.
Joseph W. Corning.....	Nov. 11,'61	Oct. 3,'61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Majors:			
Robert J. Mann.....	June 20,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Jan. 4, '62.
John S. Platner .....	Feb. 24,'62	Jan. 24,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Adjutants:			
Charles T. Sutton .....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Oct. 16, '62.
John W. Corning.....	Nov. 17,'62	Oct. 17,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Quartermasters:			
Hiram L. Suydam.....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Sept. 14, '61.
Henry L. Alexander.....	Sept. 21,'61	Sept. 6,'61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Surgeons:			
T. Rush Spencer.....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Aug. 22, '61.
Sylvanus S. Mulford.....	Sept. 14,'61	Aug. 22,'61	Resigned Nov. 21, '62.
D'Estaing Dickerson.....	Dec. 10,'62	Nov. 14,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Assistant Surgeons:			
Sylvanus S. Mulford.....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Promoted to Surgeon, Sept. 14, '61.
D'Estaing Dickerson.....	Sept. 14,'61	Sept. 11,'61	Promoted to Surgeon Dec. 10, '62.
Duncan McLacklen.....	Dec. 26,'62	Dec. 18,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Richard Curran.....	Aug. 29,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2 '63.
Chaplains:			
George N. Cheeney.....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Jan. 22, '62.
August H. Lung.....	Jan. 10,'62	Jan. 2,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.

## THIRTY-THIRD REGIMENT—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Captains :			
George M. Guion. ....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. 148th N. Y. Vols. Sept. 28, '62.
Edwin J. Tyler .....	Oct. 17, '62	Oct. 1, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Joseph W. Corning. ....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Nov. 11, '61.
Josiah J. White .....	Dec. 2, '61	Oct. 3, '61	Resigned May 28, '64.
Henry J. Draime.....	May 22, '62	May 20, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
John F. Aikins.....	July 4, '61	Apr. 30, '61	Resigned July 28, '61.
Chester H. Cole.....	Aug. 9, '61	July 29, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
John R. Cutler.....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Discharged Feb. 5, '62.
Henry J. Gifford.....	Mar. 13, '62	Feb. 5, '62	Transferred to 49th N. Y. Vols. June 2, '63.
Wilson B. Warford. ....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
James M. McNair.....	July 4, '61	May 13, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Thaddeus Bodine. ....		Apr. 30, '61	Not mustered.
Theodore B. Hamilton.....	July 4, '61	May 22, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. 62d N. Y. V., Dec. 27, '62.
George A. Gale.....	Feb. 5, '63	Dec. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Calvin Walker.....		May 1, '61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. June 20, '61.
John S. Platner .....	July 4, '61	May 25, '61	Promoted to Major Feb. 24, '62.
Alexander H. Drake.....	Mar. 13, '62	June 24, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
James L. Letts.....	July 4, '61	May 14, '61	Resigned Dec. 31, '61.
Edward E. Root.....	Jan. 7, '62	Dec. 27, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Patrick McGraw.....	July 4, '61	May 18, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
First Lieutenants :			
Edwin J. Tyler.....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 17, '62.
Charles D. Rossiter.....	Oct. 17, '62	Oct. 13, '62	Died May 4, '64, of wounds received at Fredericksburgh.
Josiah J. White .....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 2, '61.
Henry J. Draime.....	Dec. 2, '61	Oct. 3, '61	Promoted to Capt. May 22, '62.
John W. Corning.....	May 22, '62	May 20, '62	Promoted to Adjt. Nov. 17, '62.
Lucius C. Mix.....	Nov. 17, '62	Oct. 17, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Chester H. Cole.....	July 4, '61	Apr. 30, '61	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 9, '61.
Robert H. Brett.....	Aug. 9, '61	July 29, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
S. Thorn Duell. ....	July 4, '61	May 7, '61	Resigned Aug. 12, '61.
Henry J. Gifford.....	Aug. 14, '61	Aug. 1, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 13, '63.
George W. Brown.....	Mar. 13, '62	Feb. 5, '62	Died May 21, '62, of wounds received in action at Williamsburg, Va.
Brice W. Bailey.....	June 24, '62	May 21, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Moses Church.....	July 4, '61	May 9, '61	Died June 28, '62, of wounds.

## THIRTY-THIRD REGIMENT—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
John Gummer.....	Aug 30,'62	June 28,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
George T. Hamilton.....	July 4,'61	May 13,'61	Resigned Feb. 6, '62.
Henry G. King.....	Feb. 26,'62	Feb. 6,'62	Resigned Dec. 27, '62.
Harry A. Hills.....	Feb. 5,'63	Dec. 27,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
David G. Caywood.....	.....	Apr. 30,'61	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Alexis E. Eustaphie.....	July 4,'61	May 22,'61	Resigned Oct. 15, '62.
George A. Gale.....	Nov. 17,'62	Oct. 16,'62	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 5, '63.
George W. Marshall.....	Feb. 5,'63	Dec. 27,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63
John S. Platner.....	.....	May 1,'61	Promoted to Capt. May 25, '61.
Alexander H. Drake.....	July 4,'61	May 25,'61	Promoted to Capt. March 13, '62.
Reuben C. Niles.....	Mar. 13,'62	Jan. 24,'62	Discharged Nov. 5, '62.
Otis Cole.....	Oct. 17,'62	Oct. 13,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Edward E. Root.....	July 4,'61	May 14,'61	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 7, '62.
William H. Long.....	Jan. 7,'62	Dec. 27,'61	Promoted to Capt. and A. A. G. Oct. 16, '62.
George Brennan.....	Feb. 2,'63	Dec. 5,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Bernard Byrne.....	July 4,'61	May 18,'61	Discharged June 26, '63.
Second Lieutenants :			
Price W. Bailey.....	July 4,'61	May 9,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. June 24, '62.
John J. Carter.....	June 24,'62	May 21,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Henry J. Draine.....	July 4,'61	May 9,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 21, '61.
John W. Corning.....	Dec. 2,'61	Nov. 30,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. May 22, '62.
George A. Gale.....	May 22,'62	May 20,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 17, '62.
George W. Marshall.....	Nov. 17,'62	Oct. 15,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 5, '63
Byron F. Crain.....	Feb. 5,'63	Dec. 27,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Andrew J. Schott.....	July 4,'61	Apr. 30,'61	Resigned July 29, '61.
Lucius C. Mix.....	Aug. 9,'61	July 29,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 17, '62.
James E. Stebbins.....	Feb. 5,'63	Oct. 17,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Samuel A. Barras.....	July 4,'61	May 7,'61	Resigned Jan. 6, '62.
George W. Brown.....	Feb. 12,'62	Jan. 27,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 13, '62.
Jefferson Bigelow.....	Mar. 13,'62	Feb. 6,'62	Resigned Oct. 16, '62.
Sylvester Porter.....	Nov. 17,'62	Oct. 16,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
John Gummer.....	July 4,'61	May 9,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 30, '62.
Walter H. Smith.....	Aug. 30,'62	June 28,'62	Discharged Mar. 27, '63.
Henry G. King.....	July 4,'61	May 13,'61	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 26, '62.



## THIRTY-THIRD REGIMENT—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Henry A. Hills .....	Feb. 26, '62	Feb. 6, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 5, '63.
John F. Winship.....	Feb. 5, '63	Dec. 27, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63
James M. Foster.....	.....	Apr. 30, '61	Not mustered.
Ira V Germain .....	July 4, '61	May 22, '61	
William E. Roach.....	Oct. 17, '62	Oct. 13, '62	Transferred to Forty-Ninth N. Y. Vols. June 2, '63.
Alexander H. Drake.....	.....	May 1, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. May 25, '61.
Reuben C. Niles.....	July 4, '61	May 25, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 13, '62.
J. Marshall Guion.....	Mar. 13, '62	Jan. 24, '62	Discharged Dec. 27, '62.
David G. Caywood.....	Mar. 31, '63	Dec. 27, '62	Mustered out July 2, '63.
William H. Long .....	July 4, '61	May 14, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 7, '62.
Charles Howe.....	Jan. 3, '62	Dec. 27, '61	Resigned Oct. 30, '62.
Thomas H. Sibbalds.....	Nov. 17, '62	Oct. 30, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.
Patrick R. Ryan.....	July 4, '61	May 18, '61	Resigned Aug. 6, '61.
Samuel Cary.....	Sept. 21, '61	Sept. 20, '61	Mustered out with regt. June 2, '63.

## FORTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

This regiment was better known as the "People's Ellsworth regiment." Its organization arose from a desire to honor the name of Colonel Elmer E. Ellsworth who had just fallen at Alexandria, Va., and in a certain sense to avenge his death. It was recruited, as it was designed to be, from nearly every county in the State.

The number of men who joined its ranks from Wayne county entitle the regiment to at least a brief notice in a volume devoted especially to Wayne.

The Forty-fourth New York Volunteers, called the People's Ellsworth Regiment, was to be composed of young men taken from every county in the State; selections being made of those having superior fitness for military service. The regiment was fairly represented from Wayne county, and the men did not disappoint expectation. The regiment was organized at Albany, from August 30 to October 29, 1861, and was mustered out of service October 11, 1864. The veterans and recruits were transferred to the One Hundred and Fortieth and the One Hundred and Forty-

sixth New York Volunteers. On the departure of the regiment for the seat of war, during October, a beautiful flag was presented to them at the hands of Mrs. Erastus Corning, and its preservation was a test of their devotion. When on July 3, 1863, the great battle of Gettysburgh turned the wavering balance on the Union side, the Forty-fourth fought hard to win victory, and the heavy list of casualties indicates perils boldly encountered. A brief record is all that we can give of their career. The well-known care taken during the first months of the war not to trespass upon private property even of a known enemy, and the guarding with strict orders of a rail fence and a patch of potatoes, were at variance with the ideas of soldiers, who could not see that property was more sacred than person, and regarded confiscation as right and commendable. Hence they viewed with approbation the dispatch of an expedition in charge of Quartermaster Mundy, upon the soil of Virginia, which gleaned from the plantations one hundred and thirty-two wagon-loads of corn, hay and oats. For a time the regiment lay in camp at Hall's Hill, Virginia, studious of discipline and in daily practice of the evolutions and art of war; perfecting that system which merges the individual in the mass and makes the force formidable. The quiet monotony of camp was broken on the evening of March 9, 1862, by the tidings of orders to prepare to march on the morrow. At 1 A. M., March 10th, the Army of the Potomac was on the move. The Forty-fourth marched out from their home-like camp, and advanced in the direction of Manassas by way of Fairfax and Centerville. The Ellsworths had the advance of the right of the grand army—the post of honor. Their course lay over fields of mud and through patches of timber, to Fairfax. Here they were joined by their Colonel, and with loud cheers, moved out upon the road to Centerville, which place they were first to enter. "An hour's rest and on to Manassas," was the order, and had it been carried out, a march of thirty-four miles would have signalized the first day's service. Manassas had been evacuated, and the movement was made too late. Counter-marching, a return was made to Fairfax, where the regiment

lay till the 15th when it proceeded to Alexandria, where it lay in camp till the 21st.

Porter's division in which was the Forty-fourth, was taken upon a fleet of twenty-four steamers, guarded by two gunboats and transported to Fortress Monroe. On the morning of March 24, the division disembarked, and marched within five miles of Big Bethel. A reconnoissance in force was made, with the Forty-fourth in advance. The men were deployed as they came in sight of the rebel position, and saw before them a line of rifle pits a mile and a half in extent, wherein were men in gray busily at work. The line advanced under cover of a close picket fence which was leveled, and at a double quick the regiment reached the ground, to find the rebels fled, with camp-fires burning. The forces under General Porter, on May 27, attacked the enemy at Hanover Court House, and after four hours hard fighting drove them from the field. The Forty-fourth left camp at two A. M., and marched some fifteen miles in a north-west direction, through a region of swamps,—mud to the knee, and rain falling constantly. Having arrived at a cross-roads four miles from the court-house, Allen's Fifth Massachusetts and Martin's Third Rhode Island batteries were put in position, and the Forty-fourth placed in support and in reserve. Meanwhile, Martindale's brigade and Berdan's Sharpshooters, pushing forward engaged sharply, and the enemy yielded in the front, swung round upon the rear, and prepared to profit by the situation. The Forty-fourth advanced to the support of a section of Allen's battery, as the presence of the rebels became known. Four companies, deployed to guard the left flank, were fired upon, while a North Carolina regiment was seen upon open ground advancing upon the Union Artillery. The skirmishers were gathered in at a double-quick, and the regiment drawn up to receive them. The enemy turned to the right-about and retired to the woods. Presently a hot fire was opened in front, and on the right, and the regiment retiring to the road, lay there for an hour and a half exposed to a severe cross-fire. The Ellsworths' and the Second Marine maintained a galling fire, and kept the enemy at bay. Wounded

and dying, the soldiers gave utterance to expressions of fealty to the flag, and manifested heroic devotion. The men became wearied, and the fire upon them redoubled in severity, when a few scattering shots, then a ripping volley, and finally a continuous crackling of musketry, told the glad story that the rebels were attacked by our returning troops, and speedily the action was at an end. Five hundred men went into action; nineteen were killed and sixty-five wounded, eight of whom died. The colors were pierced by forty-three balls, and the staff by one, making the number of the regiment. Not a man had left the ranks, and men when wounded continued to fire their muskets. Upon the ground occupied by the enemy lay two hundred killed and wounded men, as evidence of the accuracy of the Union riflemen. On June 7, the regiment had advanced to the eastern bank of the Chickahominy, and took their turn upon the picket line. Those familiar with the history of the regiment know that it bore the brunt of many a battle, and sustained its name with honor. They were discharged upon the expiration of their term of service, September 30, 1864. Out of one thousand of the best youth of the State who went out to support the Union cause three years before, but about one hundred were left to be mustered out. The few members from Wayne county bore an honorable part in the career of the Forty-fourth.

#### THE EIGHTH REGIMENT, NEW YORK CAVALRY.

The Eighth Regiment, New York Cavalry, was organized in the city of Rochester, in the fall of 1861, under Colonel Samuel J. Crooks, to serve for three years. Among the officers were, Lieutenant-Colonel Charles B. Babbitt, Majors William L. Maskell and William H. Benjamin; Regimental Adjutant, Albert L. Ford, and Chaplain John H. VanIngen. The regiment was ordered to Washington; went into winter quarters at Camp Selden, and engaged in drill and camp routine. The men had enlisted to serve as cavalry, but for nearly a year were not mounted. They were called upon to do duty as infantry, but so strongly opposed this measure, that they were required but once to bear muskets. This was to picket along the canal from Harper's Ferry to

Washington. Shortly after this they were furnished with Hall's carbine, an insufficient weapon, and sent in the spring to General Banks, in the valley of the Shenandoah. The regiment was posted along the Winchester & Potomac Railroad, upon guard duty, when, on the morning of May 24th, companies A, C, D, H and I were ordered to Winchester to relieve the Sixteenth Maine. Four companies went by rail, Company I being left behind, and reached Winchester at 3 P. M. Company A, was placed on picket. Reveille was blown at daybreak, and the line was formed at half-past six. The enemy came on with superior numbers, plying cannon and muskets, while our men surged indiscriminately to the rear. The Eighth moved forward at half-past seven, and beheld troops of all arms rushing by. Balls whistled past. Finally the rebels appeared at a block's distance, and the order was given to retire. A battery planted in their vacated position, gave the regiment its first experience in shelling. Lieutenant-Colonel Babbitt withdrew, the last force to leave Winchester, and as he came from the town the danger was most threatening. A battery opened at twenty rods distance, while the gray ranks were seen advancing upon the right as well as rear. A double-quick was taken for a distance, when a halt was caused from a disabled field-piece blocking the road. The men then broke ranks and scattered. A number were captured. Part took to the woods parallel to the road, and reached Bolivar Heights at midnight; others took to the Blue Ridge mountains, but found their way back. Colonel Crooks had resigned in February, and Benjamin F. Davis, a captain in the regular army, had been commissioned June 7th, to command the regiment. In July the Eighth was stationed at the Relay House, between Washington and Baltimore. The Colonel soon had his men equipped, mounted and well disciplined, and hardly recognizable as the straggling band that fled to Harper's Ferry before Jackson. Recruiting had been actively carried on at home, and by September 9th, full six hundred men had joined the regiment.

September 11th, the Eighth were surrounded by Jackson's force at Harper's Ferry. A demand to surrender was

made by Jackson upon Colonel Miles, and as it was seen that the place could not be held, Colonel Davis asked the privilege of making his escape with his regiment. He was refused permission. On the night of the 14th, he called his officers together and told them of his intention. At midnight he led them across the pontoon bridge, and as soon as the Maryland bank was reached, the column dashed on at a breakneck pace over the rocky roads of the Blue Ridge mountains, passing directly through the center of the army environing Harper's Ferry, and, in the darkness, regarded in the camp as rebel cavalry. At daylight they came upon Longstreet's ammunition train on its way to Antietam, captured it, and turned in the direction of Greencastle, where the regiment arrived about noon of the 15th, and found McClellan advancing towards Antietam. In the afternoon of the 17th, the regiment was engaged until night. The Eighth followed the retreating army, and harassed their rear. A few days' rest was taken at Hagerstown, Maryland, and October 1st the rebel army was pursued up the Shenandoah towards the Rappahannock. An encounter took place at Snicker's Gap, Virginia, wherein a loss of men and horses was sustained. After this, in rapid succession, came the engagements of Philimont, Union, Upperville, Barber's Cross-Roads, and Amosville. The last named was the final action of the year 1862, and took place November 7th. The weather was cold, the men were tentless. The regiment went into camp at Belle Plain, where supplies were furnished, tents and clothing drawn, and a rest enjoyed. Picket duty was performed along the Rappahannock until after the battle of Fredericksburgh, when the command was ordered to Stafford Court House, where winter quarters were built and occupied until April 13, 1863. During winter a regular routine of picket and patrol duty was performed. February 21st, three squadrons, including three new companies, came to Dumfries and camped four miles west of the place. The region was wild and sparsely settled, covered with a scrubby growth of pine, and infested with bushwhackers well acquainted with the ground. The cavalry picketed for a distance of six or eight miles, and foraged on the people.

March 2d, a foraging party was attacked, and two men captured. A more serious attack soon followed, involving a loss of sixteen men and twenty horses. Actions took place at Freeman's Ford, April 14th, and at Rapidan bridge, May 4th. A prominent part was taken at Chancellorsville, under Pleasanton, and heavy loss incurred.

June 8th, the regiment marched towards Beverly Ford, which was reached at midnight. At daybreak the Eighth, in advance of the division, and favored by a thick fog, dashed across the river. The foremost squadrons received a sharp volley from the rifle-pits. A ball struck Lieutenant Cutler, of Company B, killing him instantly. The pickets fled to the main camp, whose force was soon in position. The Eighth advanced in columns of fours for a quarter of a mile, when a fire was received from skirmishers in the woods on each side of the road, while down the road were seen a force of cavalry in line and a battery in position awaiting the order to open. The line could not be formed in that position and the regiment fell back to the rear of the Eighth Illinois and rallying reformed. While leading his men Colonel Davis was killed. A rebel soldier from behind a tree had fired two shots from a revolver without effect; the third was fatal. Adjutant Parsons wheeling his horse by a right cut cleft the soldier's head. The action continued till late at night. The regiment recrossed the river, having lost ten killed and eighteen wounded. Lee began his invasion of Pennsylvania, and close upon his columns came the division of cavalry which included the Eighth Regiment. They left Catlett Station June 14, and halted a night on the Bull Run field. Aldie was reached just as a fight between the First division and the command of Fitzhugh Lee ended. The Eighth picketed the ground, and then moved on to Middleburg. The enemy were found in force, and the Eighth were drawn up on the extreme right in support of a battery. The enemy suffered severe loss and were driven eight or ten miles. Aldie was left June 26, and next morning the Potomac was crossed at Edward's Ferry. The column passed through Middletown and camped June 29th, beyond South Mountain. Next morning the cav-

alry started for Emmetsburg, Maryland. Scarcely halting, they rode on towards Gettysburgh, through which they pushed rapidly.

The division halted near the seminary for an hour, while Companies H and M were sent on picket eight miles out. July 1st these cavalrymen fell back to within two or three miles of Gettysburgh and posted pickets on the various roads. The Eighth cavalry was the first to fire a gun in the battle of Gettysburgh. They fought partly on horseback and partly on foot, and charged the enemy boldly, to enable our infantry to form line of battle.

It is claimed that to their courage was owing at one time the safety of a corps of infantry. Buford's division containing the Eighth was ordered to dismount and fight on foot. The Second and Eleventh corps of infantry were being driven, when Buford received orders "to cover the retreat and expose flanks." He took position and there waited the onset. The veteran gray ranks came near and within easy range, received the rapid fire of Spencer's seven-shooters, and fell back. Successive advances met like repulse and the golden moments were wisely employed. Flanks were turned as the command was forced to fall back to Cemetery Hill.

July 3d, the cavalry marched to Westminster, as guard of supply trains. On the next day the route was pursued to and beyond Frederick, and on July 6th, the enemy's wagon-train was attacked near Williamsport, and their skirmishers were driven into the village. The enemy was engaged on the 9th at Boonsboro; the 10th at Funkstown, and on the 14th at Falling Waters. Companies H and M, captured a fine twelve pound Parrott gun, and turned it on the enemy. Recrossing the Potomac, a rapid ride was made to Chesters' Gap, where the enemy had arrived three hours previously and taken strong position. After a few days scouting and picketing, the division left on the 26th for Beverly Ford, and encamped within a mile of the river.

August 1st, the rebels were attacked on Brandy Plains, and on the 3d became the assailants. A fortnight passed and camp was removed to Bristoe Station, where a like period was passed.



September 13th, two squadrons of the Eighth accompanied Buford's division in an advance upon Culpepper. A detachment supported Battery D, Second New York, whose guns were kept up almost upon the line of skirmishers till the enemy turned at bay. A squadron of the Eighth, led by Lieutenant Compson, by order of General Buford, charged upon and captured a battery. The Hampton Legion swept down upon the victors and environed them for a brief space. A hand-to-hand fight of furious character ensued, and then through the enemy came the squadron at gallop, followed by a shower of balls. The division pushed on to Raccoon Ford, on the Rapidan, skirmishing with and driving the enemy. Engagements took place September 22d, at Jack Shop; October 10th, at Germania Ford; October 11th, at Stevensburg, and for a third time at Brandy Plains, October 13th. There were skirmishes at Oak Hill, October 15th; Belton Station, October 26th; Muddy Run, November 8th; and Locust Grove, November 27th. The regiment now went into winter quarters at Culpepper Court House, remaining there until the spring of 1864.

February 6th, 1864, Merrit's division was sent on a reconnoissance across the Rapidan at Barnett's Ford. The Eighth in advance, I and M dismounted, advanced as skirmishers. The enemy permitted an advance some distance, then emerging at a double-quick from the woods, drove the men back upon the support, who advanced to their assistance. The cavalry fell back out of range and was reinforced by the entire regiment. Several squadrons on foot advanced and drove the enemy to shelter: Returned next day to camp.

March 9th, two hundred men returned to Monroe on a furlough of thirty-five days, as reinlisted veterans. Three-fourths of the men who left Rochester were killed, wounded, captured, or absent without leave. Seven hundred recruits had been received, and of sixteen hundred men there were ready for duty in the field but six hundred. Thirty-three actions had been fought. Three hundred men had been killed or wounded. Among the killed were Colonel Davis, Captains B. F. Foote, H. C. Cutler, B. O. Efner, and C. D.

Follett, and Lieutenant Reeves and Smith, while Major Edmund M. Pope was held as a prisoner. General Buford having died, General Wilson was assigned to the Third Cavalry division. The division crossed the Rapidan at Germania Ford, May 4th, the Eighth in advance. The enemy were encountered next day, and the regiment narrowly escaped capture. The cavalry held the left from Chancellorsville to Fredericksburgh until the morning of the 9th, when General Sheridan set out on a raid towards Richmond. During the forenoon of May 11th, Stuart's and Lee's cavalry charged on the rear guard, composed of parts of the Third and Tenth New York Cavalry. The road lay through a forest, and the advance could render no aid. The enemy were checked by artillery, and finally driven off. Marching nearly all night, the outer defenses of Richmond were reached before daybreak, and several charges made to occupy the enemy while a bridge was being constructed across the Chickahominy. At two P. M. the column began to cross, and in three hours all was over. Sharp skirmishes occurred June 3d, at Hawes' Shop; 13th at White Oak Swamp; and 15th at Malvern Hill. The command then went to Petersburg and engaged in picket duty in the vicinity of Prince George Court House, until called to accompany General Wilson in a raid upon the railroads leading from Richmond. The Eighth was constantly harassed by the rebel cavalry, whom they met at Nottoway Court House, June 13d, Roanoke Station the 25th, and Stony Creek the 28th, on their return. The enemy had planted himself in a fortified position in heavy force across their way. Wilson fired signal guns, and threw up rockets for help from the troops around Petersburg. Aid was sent, but not in time. At night the command was surrounded, and at daylight the enemy closed in. A portion of the Eighth, under Major Moore and Compson, were flanked and cut off from the command. Resolved not to surrender, the detachment continued four days in a journey towards the Union lines. Stumbling upon a rebel camp, its occupants swarmed out, and attacked the hungry and toil-worn bands, capturing five officers and thirty-five men. The rest

escaped amid the underbrush and darkness. The band proceeded on, despairingly, with thought of southern prisons, when a mounted trooper rode up, and joyfully the party arrived once more in camp at City Point. Rested and recruited, the Eighth were present and under fire nearly all day. August 16th, in the action at Winchester, and engaged the cavalry of the enemy; at Kearneysville, August 25th; at Occoquan creek, September 19th; Front Royal, September 21st; Milford, September 23d; Fisher's Hill, September 30th; and Jones' Brook, October 8th. On the morning of October 19th, one month after the Winchester battle, the enemy rapidly and stealthily advanced, made a detour of the Union works, and at daylight attacked the Eighth and Nineteenth army corps. All efforts to form were futile; they had no time. The compact line bore down all opposition.

General Custer, commanding the Third division, attempted to check the retreat in vain, and, pushing on to the extreme left, formed a line of battle and delayed the enemy. General Sheridan arrived and restored order and confidence. The division formed on the right and took a prominent part.

Extract from a congratulatory order issued October 21st, 1864, by General Custer to his division:

"Transferred from the right flank to the extreme left, you materially and successfully assisted in defeating the enemy in his attempt to turn the flank of our army. Again ordered on the right flank, you attacked and defeated a division of the enemy's cavalry, driving him in confusion across Cedar Creek. Then, changing your front to the left at a gallop, you charged and turned the left flank of the enemy's line of battle, and pursued his broken and demoralized army a distance of five miles. Night alone put an end to your pursuit. Among the substantial fruits of this great victory, you can boast of having captured five battle-flags, a large number of prisoners, including Major-General Ramseur, and forty-five of the forty-eight pieces of artillery taken from the enemy that day, thus making fifty-one pieces of artillery which you have captured from the enemy within the short period of ten days. This is a record of which you may well be proud,—a record won and established by your gallantry and perseverance."

The regiment, which had gone into winter quarters near Winchester, was suddenly attacked, November 12th, by

Rosser's cavalry, who charged the pickets directly into camp. Within five minutes from the first shot, horses were saddled, mounted, and the line formed, and within another five minutes the enemy were met and held at bay, until other regiments arriving, the scales were again turned, and the enemy was driven to seek safety south of Cedar Creek. The regiment made a march up the valley during December; on the last day of 1864, they were again attacked at Lacy Springs, and a hand-to-hand fight ensued. More men were wounded in this action by sabre-stroke than at any other time in the term of service. The weather was very cold, and there was much suffering before camp was regained.

Early on the morning of February 27, 1865, the division marched southward from Winchester, passed through Staunton, then turning to the left moved upon Waynesboro, where, on March 2d, General Early was found with infantry behind breastworks. The Eighth being on the advance of Custer's command, was ordered to charge, together with the Twenty-second cavalry, upon this position. Major Compson, in command of the Eighth, placed a battalion of the Twenty-second on each wing, and his own regiment upon the road in the center. He then placed Sergeant Kehoe, with the regimental flag, presented by Rochester friends, by his side, and, saying "Sergeant, we'll lose the flag this time, or bring more flags back along with us!" gave the command to charge, and galloped furiously forward. Twice the rebel cannon were discharged, when over them rode the troops and captured the works. It was a slight loss, Sergeant Carr killed and twenty men wounded, compared to the magnificent results,—ten battle-flags, six guns and caissons, and thirteen hundred prisoners. It is said that Early narrowly escaped capture, his horse having been shot by Major Compson. Soon after this action Major Compson was detailed by General Sheridan as a bearer of dispatches to the Secretary of War, taking with him seventeen battle-flags, ten of which had been captured by the Eighth cavalry. The Eighth cavalry was ordered to Rumpuss Station, and fell in with Morgan's command of equal numbers, and routed them after a sharp fight. The property at the station

was destroyed, and the regiment proceeded to White House landing, and thence to Petersburg. Sheridan, followed by three corps of infantry, now set out for the right flank of the enemy at Petersburg. Colonel Wells, in command of the brigade to which the Eighth was attached, was ordered, April 1st, to charge upon works three miles west of Dinwiddie Court House. The Eighth, led by Major Bliss, routed the enemy and captured many prisoners, although at the loss of the color-bearer, and a large number of killed and wounded. Sheridan followed hard after the retiring army, engaging them at every opportunity, till April 8th, when a rapid detour was made from the left flank, and the advance gained at Appomattox Station. The line was held till the infantry closed around, when a flag of truce was received by the Eighth cavalry, which was on the skirmish line, at 4 P. M., April 9th, and the surrender of the army of Northern Virginia was soon consummated. The cavalry returned to Petersburg, and thence marched to Washington and took part in the grand review of May 22d. It arrived in Rochester, June 28th, under command of Colonel M. Pope. Of nine hundred and forty men who went away in 1861, one hundred and ninety came back. In the ranks came eight hundred and fifty men. The battle-flag bore the names of sixty-four actions. Among the slain were one colonel, eleven captains, two lieutenants, and one color-bearer. The organization was disbanded July 3d, and entered once more upon peaceful pursuits; the troops of the Shenandoah are merged among the citizens, as active and industrious in business as they had been brave and untiring upon the battle-field and midnight foray.

The principal battles and skirmishes in which the Eighth Cavalry took part are as follows :

Winchester, May 20, 1861 ; Harpers Ferry, September 10, 1862 ; Snickers Gap, October 29, 1862 ; Antietam, September 16, 1862 ; Philimont, November 1, 1862 ; Union, November 2, 1862 ; Upperville, November 3, 1862 ; Barber's Cross Roads, November 5, 1862 ; Amosville, November 7, 1862 ; Freeman's Ford, April 15, 1863 ; Rapidan Bridge, May 4, 1863 ; Beverly Ford, June 9, 1863 ; Middleburgh, June 21,

1863; Gettysburgh, July 1 to 3, 1863; Burrell's Ford, February 6, 1864; Craig Church, May 5, 1864; Yellow Tavern, May 11, 1864; Richmond defenses, February 12, 1864; Howe's Shop, June 3, 1864; White Oak Swamp, June 13, 1864; Malvern Hill, June 15, 1864; Notovay Court House, June 22, 1864; Roanoke Station, June 25, 1864; Stony Creek, June 28, 1864; Winchester, August 16, 1864; Summit Point, August 16, 1864; Hagertown, August 25, 1864; Opequan Creek, September 19, 1864; Front Royal, September 21, 1864; Milford, September 23, 1864; Toms Brook, October 19, 1864; Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864; Middle Road, November 11 and 12, 1864; Locust Spring, December 21, 1864; Waynesborough, March 3, 1865; Five Forks, April 1, 1865; Namergin Church, April 3, 1865; Sailors Creek, April 6, 1865; Appomattox Court House, April 8, 1865; Lee's Surrender, April 9, 1865.

#### SEVENTY-FIFTH INFANTRY.

The Seventy-fifth left Auburn on Saturday, the 30th of November. At Albany they were embarked on the Steamer Knickerbocker and reached the Battery at New York, December 1st. Being obliged to remain in quarters upon the boat for a time the regiment indulged in a little judicious exercise by a march through Broadway in the midst of throngs of admiring spectators. The city papers the next day contained many handsome compliments upon their fine appearance. On landing they were quartered for a day at the Park Barracks and then they were transferred by the little steamer *Hunchback* to Fort Columbus on Governor's Island. Here they remained only two days, while letters were written home, giving accounts of their progress thus far. On the 5th of December, 1861, the regiment was embarked on board the *Baltic*. About middle of the forenoon of December 6, they sailed bearing sealed orders which upon opening proved to be directions to garrison Fort Pickens, Florida. At the outbreak of the war this post had been saved to the Union by the faithfulness of Lieutenant Slemmer. Subsequently it had been garrisoned by a command under Colonel Harvey Brown. In July, Billy Wilson's Zouaves, officially known as the Sixth Infantry New York Vol-

unteers were also dispatched to Santa Rosa Island upon which Fort Pickens is situated. On the arrival of the Seventy-fifth, the debarkation was made with considerable difficulty, upon the south shore of the Island, any other approach being hazardous in consequence of the rebel possession of Fort McRae. The camp of the Seventy-fifth was named Camp Seward. It was laid out with much precision and from it, although it was now midwinter there was a fine view of the beautiful scenery of Florida with its wealth of fresh green foliage. Here, in about two weeks the regiment had its first experience in actual war. An artillery engagement took place in which Fort Pickens, McRae and Barrancas and all the batteries on both sides joined in a deafening roar. One of the first rebel discharges dropped a solid sphere of iron near the headquarters of the Seventy-fifth. Most of the time the Seventy-fifth was out of the range being ordered to move further up the island, and at night posted a strong picket line to guard against any surprise from General Bragg. This was a new experience to men not yet thirty days from Auburn.

In the following months there was a varied experience in steady maintaining of the drill until the Seventy-fifth became noted for its efficiency; and in being summoned to repel expected attacks which did not after all occur. The regiment suffered here from diseases incident to a change of climate, a half dozen cases or more terminating fatally. Many cases of defective sight or partial blindness arose by the reflection of the intense sunlight from the dazzling sand and sea. An intended expedition about the 7th of April, 1862, against Fort Pensacola offered the first chance of active service, but this was abandoned.

On the 9th of May, the rebels evacuated Fort Pensacola and burned all the buildings. The midnight fire was brilliant beyond description. The next day the Seventy-fifth struck tents, packed knapsacks, and at five o'clock P. M., five companies went aboard the *Harriet Lane* and crossed to the main land, encamping in a piece of woods near Barrancas Barracks. The next day the remainder followed, though Company I, was subsequently sent back to Fort Pickens for gar-

rison duty. For a time the headquarters of the Seventy-fifth was in the vicinity of Fort Barrancas. The city of Pensacola was about two miles distant. Companies A and B, were detailed to guard a bridge which it was supposed the rebels would try to burn. An alarm occurring, Captain McDougal, Lieutenant Tuller of Company B, and a private went out to reconnoitre, firing their revolvers into a clump of bushes; the Companies at the bridge were drawn up with leveled muskets and in the darkness came near firing upon the three; as it was, the sentinels which the three had passed sent a discharge after them wounding Captain McDougall and the private, both of them in the thigh. The march next morning was attended with great caution, with every preparation to meet an attack and yet with considerable parade and show. The band of the Seventy-fifth led the column as it entered the place. Assembling around the flag-staff one of a company of Marines present, climbed the staff, put a cord over the pulley and the stars and stripes were immediately ran up. The Seventy-fifth was marched to another square or plaza and became a guard for the most exposed part of the city.

At Pensacola the Seventy-fifth spent four months. It was not, however, the leisure and inactivity of a dull camp life. Many alarms occurred. The Seventy-fifth was often in readiness to march four minutes from the tap of the drum. At midnight on the 27th of May four companies of the Seventy-fifth under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Merritt shared in a reconnoissance eight miles to the north. A line of rebel pickets being met some firing was interchanged; several horses were captured and the object of the reconnoissance fully accomplished. A splendid patch of watermelons was also captured in this expedition, which proved a rare treat for hungry and thirsty soldiers.

Two companies of the Seventy-fifth under Major Babcock also were out that night, going by a steamer with General Meigs up the Escambia inlet. They found no rebels but did find rations of fish and pork frying which the rebels had left unceremoniously. Companies G, H and I, not long after were sent up an inlet on the steamer *Creole* to Hunt's Mills,



twenty-five miles. Eighty head of fine cattle were captured and large quantities of sweet potatoes, melons and other supplies.

About the last of August the Seventy-fifth was ordered to New Orleans. At this time the regiment received new accoutrements and rifles. They embarked on the *Ocean Queen* and sailed on the afternoon of September 1st. Towards evening of the next day the spires of New Orleans came in sight; the activity and the shipping of a large, busy, commercial city were seen; the bustle and din of traffic were heard and at 6 o'clock the steamer was moored at the wharf. On the morning of the 3<sup>d</sup> the regiment landed and marched some five miles through the city to the United States barracks in the northeastern suburb near the Ponchartrain Railroad.

A few days after the arrival of the main body of the Seventy-fifth Company K, which had been retained at Fort Pickens came on alone by the steamer *Honduras*. A month was spent in garrison duty here. New Orleans was at this time under the excellent rule of General Butler. Perfect order and cleanliness everywhere prevailed. September 28th the Seventy-fifth with the Twelfth and Thirteenth Connecticut, the Seventh Vermont, a few companies of Louisiana Cavalry the Sixth Massachusetts Artillery, and the First Maine Artillery were formed into "The Reserve Brigade." General Weitzel was appointed to the command of the Brigade.

October 1st the regiment returned to Greenville seven miles above New Orleans. The camp was named Camp Kearney. October 18th, a noted review occurred in New Orleans in which the Seventy-fifth appeared to excellent advantage. October 24th the Seventy-fifth embarked on the steamer *Laurel Hill* for the LaFourche expedition. October 25th they landed and encamped near Donaldsonville. The next morning they were in motion again marching down the eastern side of Bayou La Fourche. Three miles below Napoleonville the Rebel General Morton determined to resist their progress. In the skirmish that followed the Seventy-fifth was ordered to deploy at a double-

quick cover and hold the whole left front, a maneuver which was exceedingly difficult from the nature of the ground. After an hour's contest the rebels were flanked and put to flight. The objective point, Thibodeaux, was finally reached after several engagements. At this point war was carried on effectively by the seizure of immense quantities of property not only eatables but sugar and cotton which General Butler with commendable energy sold on account of the National Government which he was defending. December 16th General Butler arrived and the Seventy-fifth became a part of his command. The enterprise of seizing the steamer *John L. Cotton* was undertaken January 10th. The Seventy-fifth moved to Brashaer and shared in the battle of the Bayou Fourche. A lengthy account of this battle cannot be given in this article. It was the first battle in which the Seventy-fifth had done active and hard work.

That Weitzel should entrust to this regiment alone out of the whole brigade, the important movements of the day, was a great honor. The regiment moved back to Camp Stevens, near Donaldsonville. February 6th, the Seventy-fifth was ordered to Brashear to do garrison duty. Here they remained about two months. The Seventy-fifth then continued to share in all the active work of the Louisiana campaign. The next engagement of importance was that of Bisland. The Seventy-fifth occupied the center, and sustained the shock of the enemy's fearful cannonade at the opening of the battle. The losses in the two days' engagements, February 12 and 13, 1863, were slight, considering the gallantry of the regiment and the dangers to which they had been exposed. April 15th began the march to the distant point of Alexandria on the Red River. Many interesting incidents occurred which must be looked for in fuller histories of the regiment. Reaching Alexandria May 7th, on the afternoon of the 8th, Weitzel's brigade, which included the Seventy-fifth, was ordered to pursue. They went up the river twenty miles, but soon returned to Alexandria in consequence of orders which were issued preparatory to an attack upon Port Hudson. May 17th, Weitzel's command left Alexandria. By the 25th they had reached the vicinity

of Port Hudson, and at sunset encamped three miles west of Port Hudson church, two miles from the enemy's works and two from the river. In the battle of the 27th, Weitzel's brigade held a prominent part, made desperate charges, engaged the enemy at fearful hazards, and the Seventy-fifth was especially prompt. Weitzel reached such a portion that he felt able to charge the highest works and penetrate the very citadel of Port Hudson. The other portions of the army not being in action, General Grover declined to give Weitzel permission. Night at length put an end to this first bloody battle. During the night, the right of the army was nearer the rebel works than any other, and the Seventy-fifth held the most advanced position of all. The regiment had lost fifteen killed, eighty-six wounded and missing. The regiment moved back, being somewhat relieved by others, and settled to the siege of Port Hudson. During days and weeks the regiment lay under fire. Saturday night, June 13th, the Seventy-fifth and the Twelfth Connecticut headed a charge which proved ineffectual, though prodigies of valor were performed. It brought on another battle which lasted all the next day. The carnage was terrible, and the number of the dead was never known. The Seventy-fifth lost eleven killed and seventy-four wounded. With sadly depleted ranks the Seventy-fifth still obeyed the call of duty. Of the eighty-four days of seige the Seventy-fifth was there forty-five. The rebel General surrendered after the news reached him that General Grant had taken Vicksburgh. To the Seventy-fifth regiment, as a reward of its bravery, was assigned the post of honor, and it led the conquering army into the citadel.

The Seventy-fifth, though still in active campaign work shared in no other general engagement until the attack on Sabine Pass. It was an unfortunate affair, the steamer *Clifton* grounded, became a perfect target for the rebel batteries and was obliged to surrender. The Seventy-fifth lost six killed and eighty-six wounded. The expedition returned to Algiers. September 15th the Seventy-fifth broke camp at Algiers and took the cars to Brashear. During the next few weeks it was engaged in Provost duty and in

various movements before and after the battle of Vermillion River, in which it was not engaged. The regiment was now mounted, horses and equipments being levied from the surrounding rebels. Winter quarters were established at New Iberia. In January general reinlistment took place under an offer of \$700 bounty and a months furlough. The re-enlisted again became infantry, and the now veterans were placed in command of Lieutenant-Colonel Babcock. The re-mustered regiment came to New York January 19, 1864, then to Albany. The portion of the regiment left in Louisiana were attached to the Fourteenth Cavalry and shared in the noted Red River Expedition under General Banks; no further account of which can be given here.

In March, 1864, the furloughed volunteers with recruits formed the new Seventy-fifth, mustered in at Auburn, took a train for Albany, presented their tattered regimental colors to Governor Seymour. Monday, April 4th, found them at Washington about 400 strong under command of Colonel Merritt. They had expected to be mounted as Cavalry but were compelled to accept rifles as infantry. March 10th they were ordered South, and June 4th landed at Morganzia Bend, on the Mississippi. After performing various duties in Louisiana until July 13th, they sailed North again, to Fortress Monroe and up the the James to Bermuda Hundreds, where they became a part of the Army of the James. They remained here only a short time. July 31st they were at Washington in the vicinity of which they staid a few weeks. August 14th they were off for the Shenandoah Valley. At sunset, August 17th, they waded the Shenandoah and established their camp near Barryville ten and a half miles east of Winchester.

In the battle of Winchester the Seventy-fifth again bore a distinguished part; the charge of the Fourth Brigade (which included the Seventy-fifth) is highly complimented in the report of the battles. The Seventy-fifth lost sixteen killed, wounded fifty-one, prisoners fourteen. Again at Cedar Creek a month later the Seventy-fifth repeated its old brave record by the most determined persistent fighting. There were two killed, sixteen wounded, thirty-one missing.

In a few weeks the original terms of service expired and the Seventy-fifth was mustered out. The veterans were formed into the Seventy-fifth Battalion whose further history our limits will not permit us to follow. They continued in service through the campaign of 1865 and were not mustered out until long after the war closed, being paid off at Albany and leaving there for home September 23, 1865. The principal battles in which the Seventy-fifth was engaged are given by the Adjutant-General as Cotton, Bisland, Port Hudson. The above account shows that there were several others; and besides "Port Hudson," should be regarded as succession of battles for days and weeks together.

#### NINETIETH INFANTRY.\*

In the early fall of 1861, the elements that afterwards united in forming the Ninetieth Regiment, New York State Volunteers, began collecting themselves together. They first crystallized into two distinct organizations, one having its headquarters on Staten Island, and the other at East New York, on Long Island. In the latter part of November, the McClellan Rifles and McClellan Chasseurs were consolidated into one regiment, which became known as the Ninetieth. Joseph Morgan, of Brooklyn, a man somewhat known in the militia circles of that city, was Colonel of the new organization, and an Italian soldier, with a history, Tinelli by name, was Lieutenant-Colonel. The Major was a Spanish gentleman named d'Agreda, who remained with the regiment but a few months. There was one company lettered "D" that was composed almost entirely of Wayne county men. One Van Ness, who had been in business at Clyde for a few months before the war commenced, recruited the company, but unceremoniously deserted the men whom his promises and solicitations had induced to enlist, before they were mustered into the United States service. Justin Niles, a Frenchman, whom the men learned in the coming years to love and respect, thereupon became Captain of the company and remained in command until the latter part of 1863. About the middle of December, 1861, the regi-

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\*The author is under obligations to Charles Saxton, Esq., of Clyde, for this account of the Ninetieth.

ment left East New York, where it had been encamped for several weeks, and was taken to Governor's Island, in New York harbor. There, in the first days of January, 1862, it was mustered into the service of the general government. On the 5th day of January, a bitter cold day, it embarked on the large steamship *Illinois*, then numbering perhaps 700 men, and on the 13th inst., after a pleasant voyage, landed upon the coral built island of Key West, where the flowers were in bloom and the tropical fruits were ripening. This island upon which is a fine fort called Fort Taylor, being at the entrance of the Gulf of Mexico, was an important naval station. The Forty-seventh Pennsylvania and Ninety-first New York Regiments arrived there soon afterwards, and General Brannan assumed command of the Brigade.

The Ninetieth drilled here constantly for months, several times a day, until it was as thoroughly drilled and disciplined as a veteran battalion. In May (the Ninetieth then being the only regiment left upon the island) some of our companies, among which was Company D, went to Fort Jefferson upon the Dry Tortugas, the other two remaining at Key West. Typhoid fever early began its ravages, and before the spring was over, had numbered many among its victims, including Corporal Sylvester Tumor, and John Wager, of Huron; and John Graves, of Clyde: all estimable young men. But a far greater calamity soon cast its dark shadow over the regiment. The Ninetieth, before it had an opportunity to meet the enemy upon the field of battle, encountered a more terrible foe in the pestilence that walketh by night and wasteth by noon-day. In August the yellow fever laid its deadly grasp upon the northern soldiers. Men rose in the morning, and before the dawn of another day, were buried in the coral rock. In the course of a few weeks sixty men and six commissioned officers, about ten per cent. of the entire regiment had fallen before this awful scourge. The regiment was literally decimated. Among the Wayne county men who were slain by the breath of this pestilence, were James Powers, Isaac J. Boswell, Isaac A. Boswell, Philip Kirwagen, Henry Kirwagen, Julius Newhofer and George Angle.

In December, 1862, the Ninetieth was transferred to Beaufort, South Carolina, where it remained but a few weeks and then returned to Key West. It was not until May, 1863, that the inactivity of garrison life was exchanged for the stirring scenes of actual service in the tented field. During the month last mentioned the regiment bid *adieu* to the bright little island in which it had remained so many weary months, and went to Louisiana, where it immediately plunged into the perils and privations of actual campaigning. It participated in the siege of Port Hudson, bore an honorable part in the bloody charges that were made upon the defences of that stronghold, and was present when General Gardner and his six thousand men laid down their arms and surrendered themselves prisoners of war. Many brave men of the Ninetieth were killed and wounded during the progress of the siege. The first man in the regiment who fell by a rebel bullet was young Simeon Koets, of Pultneyville. He was in the breastworks and incautiously exposed himself to the aim of a sharpshooter "across the way." The ball passed through his heart and he was dead before his comrades could get to him. Koets was a fine young fellow and a good soldier.

Shortly after the surrender of Port Hudson the regiment took part in the battle of Cox's Plantation (near Donaldsonville). George Seager and Martin Wambsgans, Wayne county boys, were both wounded in this battle, though not seriously. They were both first rate soldiers and are still living, the former at Rose Valley and the latter at Syracuse. During the winter following the campaign of 1863, the regiment was stationed along the line of the New Orleans and Opelousas railroad. In February, 1864, most of the men re-enlisted for another three years. The spring campaign in Louisiana opened with the badly planned and executed Red River expedition, in which the Ninetieth participated. It resulted, as is well known, in nothing but defeat and disaster.

On the fifth day of July, 1864, the regiment embarked at New Orleans on a steamship and started for Washington, where it arrived about the twelfth instant. Then commenced those terrible and seemingly purposeless marches and counter-marches between Washington and the Shenandoah Val-

ley, in the hot July and August days. While these were in progress, those of the regiment who had re-enlisted were granted the furlough that had been promised them. The regiment went to New York city, where it remained thirty days. Those who had not re-enlisted were temporarily transferred to the Hundred and Sixtieth New York and took part in the battle of Opequan or Winchester, September 19th. The regiment returned to the Shenandoah Valley in time to take an honorable part in the bloody battle of Cedar Creek. The Ninetieth lost a number of men in that battle, including its Major, John C. Smart, a brave man, who was killed early in the day while in command of the regiment. George W. Yates, the first sergeant of Company D, who was respected by everybody as a gentleman and soldier, was badly wounded. He partially recovered from his wound, obtained a commission, and now fills an important position under Government in the Sub-Treasury at New York city. There was a deed done that day by Martin Wambsgans, a Wayne county boy who formerly lived at Clyde, that deserves honorable mention. The regiment was falling back in confusion. The color-bearer had been shot dead and his life blood was pouring out in crimson tide upon the old flag he had so bravely borne. Wambsgans, as soon as he saw young Foley fall, rushed forward amidst a storm of bullets, caught up the colors in his arms, for the staff was shattered in pieces, and waving it above his head as best he could, called upon his retreating comrades to rally. This spirited act turned the tide of retreat. The men recovered from their panic and reformed the line in the face of the enemy. This was the last battle in which the Ninetieth was engaged. It went into winter quarters at Newtown, not far from Winchester. As the army commanded by General Hancock commenced moving up the valley in the spring the news came of Appomattox and the glorious end of the war. The Ninetieth was sent to Georgia in July, 1865, where it remained until the following February, when it was sent to New York and mustered out of the service. When it returned it was reduced to a battalion of six companies.

The city of Brooklyn gave the Ninetieth a fine reception the day after their arrival, a full account of which was given



in the New York *Herald*, from which the following extract was taken :

"The returning volunteers numbered one hundred and eighty men all told. As they marched in the ranks they presented a very healthy appearance, but looked somewhat bronzed. Some had overcoats, others had not; some felt hats of different hues, and others caps of various shades, but they marched well and deported themselves as veteran soldiers always do. The following are the names of the officers of the regiment, reduced to a battalion by long service:

"Field and Staff: Lieut.-Colonel, N. Shaurman; Major, H. de la Paturellie; Adjutant, W. T. Wooley; Quartermaster, A. H. Ward; Surgeon, Arnold Stub; Assistant Surgeon, J. F. Patterson. Line: Company A., Captain E. A. Stoutenborough; Company B, Captain William H. Lamb, Second Lieutenant, W. M. Bartley; Company C, Captain F. T. Jones, First Lieutenant H. J. Merchant, Second Lieutenant, J. F. McNamara; Company D, First Lieutenant, J. Y. Blaney; Company E, Captain G. W. Smith, Second Lieutenant, J. H. Ferguson; Company F, Second Lieutenant, A. Edwards. Non-commissioned Staff: Sergeant-Major, Charles T. Saxton; Quartermaster Sergeant, R. H. McKay; Commissary Sergeant, Thomas Bennett; Hospital Steward, William H. Hopper."

The battles in which the Ninetieth was engaged are given by the Adjutant-General as Port Hudson, Opequan, Fisher's Hill, Cedar Creek. To these should be added at least Cox's Plantation, besides many other skirmishes. Port Hudson too was a long series of battles.



## CHAPTER IX.

HISTORY OF REGIMENTS CONTINUED — THE SIXTY-FIFTH, SIXTY-SEVENTH, NINETY-EIGHTH, ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH, ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH AND ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY — NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY TWENTY-SECOND CAVALRY — FIRST VETERAN CAVALRY—SECOND MOUNTED RIFLES.

### SIXTY-FIFTH INFANTRY.

THIS regiment would have had no connection with the history of Wayne county, were it not for the fact that the drafted men in the spring of 1865, were assigned mostly to this organization. The original formation of the regiment is given in the Adjutant-General's report of 1868, as follows:—

“This regiment was raised and organized in New York city, to serve three years. It was mustered into the United States service July 1st to October 31, 1861. On the expiration of its term of service, the original members (except veterans) were mustered out, and the regiment, composed of veterans and recruits, retained in service until July 17, 1865, when it was mustered out in accordance with orders from the War Department.”

The battles whose names the regiment was declared to be entitled to have carried upon the records, were:—Fair Oaks, Malvern Hill, Antietam, Fredericksburgh, Mary's Heights, Salem Heights, Gettysburgh, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Opequan, Cedar Creek. The drafted men of Sodus and Ontario were required to report at Auburn, March 27, 1865. On the 4th of April they obtained their uniform. For a few days the men were under drill; varying their time between drilling and *playing ball*. It was already the 14th of April before they were sent southward. The noise of the final victory of Grant over Lee, was in the air; it was evident the contest was over. They went from Auburn to Elmira, April 6th, and were quartered in Ward 18, Barracks No. 1. They were duly mustered in on the 10th, and drew the bounty due them on the 11th. Saturday, April 15th, they reached Jersey City,

crossed to the Battery barracks, New York, and from thence to Governor's Island. Sunday and Monday they had an opportunity to wander all over the Island and examine forts, cannon, pontoons, and all the enginery of war. At dusk, Monday evening, they sailed for City Point, Va. Tuesday they were on the ocean, and Wednesday morning reached Fortress Monroe. They sailed up the James river and came to City Point about 4 o'clock P. M. The next day they landed, took the cars at 7 o'clock for Burksville, passing Petersburg and having a chance to see the entrenchments and the dismantled fortifications. On Friday, the 21st, they reached Burksville; went to the camp on a hill in the rear of the village. There they were enrolled as members of the Sixty-fifth Regiment, Company 1, Second Brigade, First Division, Sixth Corps. They now started upon a march of six days at the rate of twenty-five to thirty miles a day. It was a weary affair to men unused to the hardships of war; with blistered feet and aching limbs, they reached Dansville April 27. They stayed there until May 2d, when they took the cars and were transported to Burke Junction. May 4th they encamped in Notaway county. Here they staid until the 17th engaged in drills, in dress parades, in a little foraging &c. On the 18th the regiment moved northward, passed through Richmond on the 24th, Fredericksburgh on the 30th, Fairfax Court House June 1, and went into camp near Washington on the 2d. This march was full of hardships like the long route they first traveled going south. The regiment shared in the Grand Review in Washington—a fearful hot day, when many soldiers were sun struck. The regiment remained in camp until July 17th, when they were mustered out of the United States service. On the afternoon of the 19th the Sixty-fifth picked up and went into Washington where they were cared for at the Soldiers' Rest. The 20th they reached Philadelphia, the 21st New York, and on the 22d encamped on Hart's Island. They signed their last pay-rolls on the 29th, and the Wayne county men reached Newark, July 30th.

For these dates and the order of these marches and encampments we are indebted to Justus H. Pulver, for the

use of an interesting diary kept by him during this brief war experience.

#### SIXTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

Certain records of this regiment which it was hoped to secure have not been obtained, Major Kemper, of Clyde, not having found papers which he supposed were in his possession. Its work is told and well told by the Adjutant General's brief statement. Twenty of the severest battles of the war are inscribed upon its banners as a memorial of its heroic conduct. The Adjutant-General says:

This regiment was raised and organized at Brooklyn, N. Y. It was mustered into the service of the United States, June 24, 1861, to serve three years. The original members (except veterans) whose term of service had expired, were mustered out July 4, 1864, and the veterans and recruits transferred to the Sixty-fifth New York Volunteers. The battles in which the Sixty-seventh was engaged were: Yorktown; Williamsburg; Seven Pines; Glendale; Turkey Bend; Malvern Hill; Chantilly; Antietam; South Mountain; Williamsport; Fredericksburgh; Salem Heights; Gettysburgh; Rappahannock Station; Locust Grove; Mine Run; Wilderness; Spottsylvania; Coal Harbor; Petersburg.

#### THE NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

Lieutenant Seymour S. Short, of this regiment, furnished to the newspapers of the county a valuable war correspondence during the entire career of this regiment. He was with the regiment from its organization to its final discharge. The following sketch of the movements of the regiment is from his pen. For further detailed accounts of the regiment, the reader is referred to the volume published by Colonel Kreutzer a few years since; a work wholly devoted to the Ninety-eighth, and which the members of that organization will find to be a valuable memorial of their brilliant career.

The Ninety-eighth Regiment, New York Volunteers, was organized in the winter of 1861-'62, under President Lincoln's call for 300,000 three years' men, and was formed by uniting seven companies, recruited in Franklin county, with three recruited in Wayne county. The three Wayne county companies had their camp of instruction at Lyons, and were originally officered as follows:

- Co. F*—Captain, William Kreutzer, Lyons.  
 “ First Lieutenant, D. L. Norton, Lyons.  
 “ Second Lieutenant, L. A. Rogers, Lyons.  
*Co. I*—Captain, Alfred Wakely, Williamson.  
 “ First Lieutenant, W. H. Adams, Canandaigua.  
 “ Second Lieutenant, Ethel M. Allen, Williamson.  
*Co. K*—Captain, George W. Birdsall, Lyons.  
 “ First Lieutenant, Geo. N. Williams, Canandaigua.  
 “ Second Lieutenant, Hoyt Chapman, Palmyra.

The Fair grounds at Lyons, were converted into a military camp, and Floral Hall was compelled to do duty as barracks for the soldiers. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the people of the surrounding country, and the “Boys in Blue” were the lions of the hour. But these halcyon days were of short duration. February 6th, 1861, the troops at Lyons were inspected, and mustered into the service for three years; and on the 15th, were ordered to Albany, where the consolidation of the regiment was practically effected. The aggregate strength of the regiment was nearly one thousand men, and the following named officers constituted the field and staff:

Colonel William Dutton, Wolcott.  
 Lieutenant-Colonel, Charles Durkee, Malone.  
 Major, Albon Mann, Malone.  
 Surgeon, William David, Lyons.  
 Assistant Surgeon, G. W. Balch, Malone.  
 Adjutant, E. H. Hobbs, Malone.  
 Quartermaster, George H. Clark, Rochester.  
 Chaplain, William C. Hubbard, Clyde.

The regiment went into barracks at Camp Rathbone, but remained only a few days before Colonel Dutton was ordered to report with his regiment at Washington. Before leaving Albany Governor Morgan presented the regiment with its State and National colors and upon reaching New York, arms were issued to the different company commanders for the men. These were the Austrian rifled musket, and the “boys” then began to look like soldiers in earnest. We reached Washington March 9th, and after partaking a repast of salt beef, bread and coffee we proceeded to Meridian Hill, near Columbia College and went into camp. During our first six weeks of army life at Lyons we had fared as well as most of us had at home; but after that, we

were let down by easy stages, until now we had reached the level of a soldier's life in the field. Here the Ninety-eighth, Ninety-third, Ninety-second and Eighty-first New York Regiments were organized into a brigade under command of Brigadier-General Palmer, and attached to Casey's Division of Key's Corps. On the 27th of March the regiment received four months pay and on the 28th left its camp and marched to Alexandria, Virginia, which place we reached at ten o'clock in the evening and slept on the cold flag-stones of the sidewalks until morning. On the following morning we went into camp in a piece of timber, a short distance from the city. We had received no tents as yet, and as the weather was cold and stormy we had an uncomfortable time for the next few days. On the 1st of April we again broke camp and marched to the wharf where we embarked for Fortress Monroe. There on the morning of the 2d we disembarked and took up the line of march for Yorktown. The Ninety-eighth participated in all the toils and dangers of that memorable siege, and when the enemy evacuated the works on the 4th of May, we were up and after them. On the 5th the battle of Williamsburg was fought by Hooker; and while Kearney's Division and Casey's Division were compelled by orders to stand all day within two miles of that bloody field without becoming engaged. On the morning of the 9th we were again on the road to Richmond, and continued alternately marching, resting and skirmishing with the enemy, until we reached Fair Oaks, four miles from Richmond, where the army commenced entrenching. Casey's Division occupied the extreme left of the line. At this time Colonel Dutton was attacked with malarial fever and taken to New York, where he died on July 4th. He was a good officer and had he lived would have risen to distinction in the army. On the 31st of May, the enemy massed a heavy force opposite our division, and at noon hurled them with terrific force upon Casey who held his ground until his batteries were taken and turned, and his rear was threatened by overwhelming numbers, when he fell back upon Couche's division, which in turn gave way, and the confederate advance was not checked until Sumner's corps stayed the

tide of battle, and night put an end to the conflict. In McClellan's report of the fight he says; "Casey's division gave way unaccountably." Had he been upon the battle field he never would have made such a random assertion. Really "Little Mac" had "scented the battle afar off," and kept at a safe distance.

The simple truth of the matter is that Casey's Division was crushed by overwhelming numbers. History tells us how the next day our boys "waxed" the Johnnies and would easily have taken Richmond had there been an aggressive policy. No further movement of the Army of the Potomac occurred until the 25th of June, when McClellan began his famous "change of base." During the seven days' fighting that followed Casey's Division was detailed to guard the wagon-train. After the battle of Malvern Hill the Army of the Potomac fell back to Harrison's Landing where we lay until August 4th, when the whole army was ordered North to check Lee's invasion. Casey's Division was, however, stationed at Yorktown to hold that point where we remained until the 25th of December. During our occupation of Yorktown Lieutenant-Colonel Durkee was promoted Colonel, Lieutenant F. F. Mead, Sixteenth New York Volunteers, was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel, Quartermaster Clark was elevated to the rank of Major and Sergeants Wm. H. Rogers and Wm. B. Rudd, of Lyons, were promoted Lieutenants. On the 25th of December, the Ninety-eighth embarked at Fortress Monroe and joined Foster's expedition to North Carolina. We encountered a terrific gale off Cape Hatteras, and the "boys" became acquainted with all the delightful sensations of sea-sickness. On the night of the 29th the old iron-clad *Monitor* that saved our honor and our navy in the spring of '62, foundered in the gale. On January 1st, we anchored at Morehead City, N. C., and went into camp at Carolina City where we remained until the 21st. While encamped at that place, private Charles J. Peterson, (a Sodus boy and a member of Co. F.,) died and was buried with military honors by his comrades. On the 21st of January, 1863, we again embarked, but on account of bad weather the expedition did not sail

until the 29th. Our destination was Port Royal Harbor, S. C., which we reached safely but did not disembark until February 10th, when we landed on St. Helena's Island and went into camp. There we remained drilling and fitting ourselves for active field service while the gunboat fleets were making their preparations to attack Charleston by water. Finally about April 1st everything was declared to be in readiness, and on the 5th the troops again embarked and proceeded to Edisto, (near Charleston Harbor) and awaited orders to land. In the meantime the gunboat fleet had made the attack upon the rebel forts but met a disastrous defeat, and the land attack was not made, and we returned to Beaufort Harbor. In a few days the Ninety-eighth was ordered to Newbern, N. C., to guard the railroad running from Newbern to Morehead. We were stationed by companies along the road and remained there during the summer of 1863, until October 1st, when we were ordered to Newport News, Va. In the meantime Lieutenant-Colonel Mead had been promoted Colonel, and Captain Kreutzer acted as Lieutenant-Colonel, Sergeants Wells, Booth, Harris, and Anjevine of Wayne county had received Lieutenant's commissions. Colonel Mead enforced the most rigid discipline and the regiment was now in splendid condition and ready for anything that might "turn up." About the middle of October the regiment was ordered to Peenzo, Princess Anna County, and established a camp near the North Landing River, where we fought guerillas and raided through the country after marauding bands of bush-whackers, until February, 1864, when we were relieved, and the whole regiment re-enlisted and went home on a veteran furlough. Returning to Yorktown in April, with large accessions to its strength, the Ninety-eighth was one of the best disciplined and equipped regiments in the Eighteenth Corps. The Eighteenth and Tenth Corps were placed under command of General Butler and called "the Army of the James," and when the Army of the Potomac under General Grant advanced, Butler's command ascended the James River in transports and landed at Bermuda Hundreds. On the 9th of May, the battle of Swift Creek was



fought in which the Ninety-eighth participated. On the 16th the sanguary battle of Drury's Bluff was fought. At this battle the Ninety-eighth was temporarily attached to Hickman's famous "fighting brigade." A dense fog enveloped the whole army, and the rebels taking advantage of this, attacked Hickman's right flank and captured Hickman, his staff, and four of his regiments, one after the other. When they reached the Ninety-eighth, Colonel Mead changed the front of his regiment to rear with the coolness and precision of a battalion drill, and the Ninety-eighth delivered volley after volley in the face of the astonished Johnnies, who were thrown into confusion by this unexpected resistance. General Smith now ordered the Ninety-eighth to fall back about half a mile, which it did in good order, and with the Ninth New Jersey, and Twenty-first Connecticut, formed a new line of battle. The enemy pursued and attacked us in this new position, but met with a bloody repulse, and after holding the line until nearly night, Butler withdrew his forces and fell back behind his entrenchments at Bermuda. On the 28th of May, the Eighteenth Corps was sent to re-enforce Grant, and joined the army of the Potomac at Cold Harbor on the 1st of June, where the Ninety-eighth participated in all the terrible charges and sorties of that bloody field. During our operations there the Ninety-eighth lost some of its best officers and enlisted men. Among the former were Colonel Mead and Captain L. A. Rogers, two as brave men as ever buckled on a sword. Among the latter were Sergeant Samuel Sherman, of South Sodus and Corporal Lee Lounsberry, of Marion. The entire loss of the Ninety-eighth in killed and wounded and prisoners in the battles of Drury's Bluff and Cold Harbor, amounted to two hundred and thirty men. The command of the regiment now developed upon Captain Kreutzer, he being the senior officer in the regiment.

On the 12th of June the Eighteenth Corps again embarked upon transports and ascended the James river, landing at Bermuda. On the night of the 14th, this corps crossed the Appomattox at Point of Rocks, and on the 15th, assaulted and carried the rebel works on the heights south of Peters-

burg. On the 16th, the Army of the Potomac also crossed the Appomattox, and after four days' fighting Grant abandoned the attempt to take Petersburg, and erected a strong line of works, connecting with the line built in May by General Butler, between the James and Appomattox rivers. The lines were in unpleasant proximity, and the "Johnnies" amused themselves by stealing slyly up and capturing our pickets during the darkness of night. On the morning of the 24th of June they made an attempt to capture the whole of the Ninety-eighth who were on the vidette line. They succeeded in capturing about thirty of the regiment, among them Sergeant Henry Lyon, of Marion, who came to the writer just before we parted for the night to take our positions in the "gopher holes" of the vidette line, and said, "Good-bye! I shall never see you again—*something* will happen to me to-night; I have felt it all day." Lyon was carried to Andersonville, and died in that horrid pen. The Ninety-eighth remained in the trenches of Petersburg, literally fighting night and day, until the 29th of August, when we re-crossed the Appomattox and occupied a position on the old line between the two rivers. While here Captain Kreutzer was promoted Colonel, Captain W. H. Rogers was promoted Major, and the writer received a First Lieutenant's commission. The regiment also received about two hundred new recruits while lying here. On the night of the 28th of September, the Eighteenth Corps crossed to the north side of the James river, and on the morning of the 29th, we assaulted and carried Fort Harrison on Chapin's Farm, capturing three hundred men and twenty-two guns. While marching in the night previous to the attack, Colonel Kreutzer was thrown from his horse and compelled to go back to camp, and the command of the regiment devolved upon Major Rogers. Early in the fight Major Rogers was slightly wounded, and Captain Lewis, of Malone, took the command and retained it through the battle. The Ninety-eighth lost in killed and wounded sixty-one men. Among the killed were Sergeant Pulver, of Sodus Centre, and privates Sahler and Nebore, of Lyons. We spent the night of the 29th and a portion of the following day in entrenching,

expecting of course that the enemy would attempt to retake the works. Nor were we disappointed. On the afternoon of the 30th the enemy commenced throwing shells from a battery of twelve pounders, and at four o'clock the first attempt was made, which was easily repulsed. Half an hour later came the second charge, with a much heavier force. Our men were ordered to hold their fire until the word was given, and not a musket was discharged until the first line were within fifteen rods of us, when the command "Fire!" was given. At the first volley the front line of the enemy was broken and destroyed, the second line wavered, but again came on, the third line dashing after them in splendid style. But flesh and blood could not stand the withering fire that was poured upon them by our boys, and those of the enemy who were not killed or wounded threw down their arms and came into our lines. No further attempt was made to retake the works. On the 27th of October the second battle of Fair Oaks was fought, in which the Ninety-eighth took part. On the 2d of November the regiment was sent North to guard the polls during election, and proceeded to Troy, N. Y., where it remained a week and then returned to its old quarters at Fort Harrison. It remained here during the winter of 1864-'65, doing picket duty until the morning of the 3d of April, 1865. On the night of the 2d, Richmond was evacuated, and at daylight on the morning of the 3d we left our camp, took the "double-quick" for Richmond, which we found in flames (fired by General Ewell), and for the next three days we had plenty to do in subduing the fire and bringing order out of chaos. The city was divided into three districts and Colonel Kreutzer was detailed as Provost Marshal over one district. We remained here until about the middle of May, when we were ordered to Danville, where a military district was formed, and Major W. H. Rogers assigned to duty as Commandant of the Post. Our duty here was to preserve order, and feed the destitute to whom nearly three thousand rations were issued weekly. We remained here until the 20th of August, when we were ordered to Richmond to be mustered out of service, which was done August 31, 1865. On the 1st of

September, the regiment embarked on the James river and bade farewell to the scenes of the past four years. There were only about four hundred men left of the one thousand eight hundred that had, since the first muster of the regiment, become members of the organization. It had been filled up twice by recruits, but a large number had been disabled by wounds and sickness, the bones of many more were bleaching on the different battle-fields, and many had died in the prison-pens of Andersonville, Ga., Richmond, Va., and Columbia, S. C. We arrived at Baltimore on the 2d, and boarded the cars for New York, which place we reached the following day, and proceeded by boat to Albany, where we received our final pay and discharge.

The disbanding of this gallant regiment was an event of such interest, recalling a history of such patriotic memories, that Colonel Kreutzer very appropriately "improved" the occasion by issuing the following address:

HEADQUARTERS NINETY-EIGHTH N. Y. S. V., }  
ALBANY, N. Y., September 15th, 1865. }

FELLOW SOLDIERS:—You are returning from a war which has shaken the commercial and industrial interest of the world. Your marches, toils and battles have been crowned with success. In all the rebellious States the Constitution and the laws are supreme.

Your friends and relatives in their quiet homes will rejoice to receive you, glorious survivors of so many dangers and victories, in the same degree that we are sad upon separation and the severing of ties which have united us in our country's darkest hour and grown stronger in battle and victory, in the overthrow and dispersion of our enemies and the final triumph of our cause.

The battles in which you have been engaged shall live forever in your country's annals. On the mountains, in the valleys, on the rivers, the plains, the lakes, and in the towns and cities, the narration of your sufferings, toils and victories, shall elicit in all coming time the warmest commendation of posterity.

How intense the happiness of that soldier who returns from this war safely to his home conscious of having left no duty unperformed. Joy brightens his cheeks and quickens his footsteps, and all who love their country, its benign and free institutions, extend their hands to receive him and lavish blessings upon him.

To those of our comrades who have died in the line of duty, no tribute can be too great, no honors too flattering. Though left cold and unburied on the battle-field, though blanched by the rains and winds of heaven, or though unmarked and unknown, they smoulder in the trenches around Petersburg and Richmond, our free and united country is their monument, and history shall wreath their names with everlasting laurels.

You, who have periled your lives for the integrity of the nation—you are citizens again. Your duties are still great and your responsibilities tremendous. The voices of your comrades, living and dead, call upon you to be socially and politically true in heart and head. Society needs everywhere brave, earnest and truthful men, and such men everywhere succeed.

This is an age of reform and its spirit is progressive. Cherish the good and combat the evil.

For the present your military career is ended. Go home and work, and vote, and pray.

W. KREUTZER,

*Colonel 98th N. Y. S. V.*

In the newspapers of October, 1865, we find the following article, embodying an interesting letter from Colonel Kreutzer:

THE BANNER OF THE NINETY-EIGHTH.

It will be remembered that when the Ninety-eighth Regiment (the re-enlisted portion) came home on furlough, in March, 1864, a handsome banner was presented to it at the Court House. The banner was prepared for the regiment two years before, and intended to be presented upon the occasion of their departure with Colonel Dutton in command; but the presentation was deferred for reasons not now remembered. The presentation was made by Misses Cramer and Holley, on behalf of the ladies of this village, and the banner was received by Major Rogers, on behalf of the regiment. Colonel Kreutzer now returns the banner to the ladies, with the following note:

HEADQUARTERS, NINETY-EIGHTH N. Y. VOLUNTEERS, }  
ALBANY, September 15, 1865. }

*To Misses Holley, Cramer, and others, ladies of Lyons:*

I have the honor to return to you, by the hands of Lieutenant-Colonel William H. Rogers, on behalf of the Ninety-eighth New York Volunteers, the banner which you prepared for us in 1862, when at the call of our President, we

set out to fight for the integrity of our country and its free institutions. We have flung it proudly to the breeze in front of the enemy's lines, and never suffered it to be disgraced or dishonored. We were happy to receive it, and bear it a pledge of your encouragement and support,—the sign of hope and triumph; and now, by the blessing of God, the enemies of our country having been vanquished, and the Constitution and the laws again established and made supreme, we, coming home from the war, return the beautiful gift to those who gave it. As in the tented field, this banner of our native State often reminded us of our distant homes, our former free and happy country, and the patriotic devotion of the noble women who gave it to us, so hereafter may it recall to the minds of those who shall gaze upon it, the scenes through which it has passed, the occasion upon which it was presented, and the fidelity, courage and patriotism of those who bore it in the battles around Petersburg and Richmond. I respectfully suggest for your favorable consideration, the propriety of depositing the banner with Colonel Lockwood I. Doty, Chief of the Bureau of Military Statistics at Albany.

I am very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. KREUTZER,

October 12, 1865. Colonel Ninety-eighth N. Y. Vols.

Colonel Kreutzer had the good fortune to win the approval of the best citizens of Richmond, during his official relations with them as Provost Marshal of the Second District. The Richmond *Commercial Bulletin* published the following handsome notice at the term of his retirement :

“This change will deprive us of the services of Lieutenant-Colonel Kreutzer, the efficient, honorable and courteous Provost Marshal, of the Second District; and we are sure that every citizen who has witnessed the impartial justice which he has dispensed to all who have claimed it at his hands, and the courtesy, firmness and ability which have characterized the discharge of the onerous, complicated and delicate duties of his position, will unite with us in regretting his departure, and we think we hazard nothing in saying that while he has made personal friends among us by the score, his foes could be summed up in ciphers, and that wherever he may go he will bear with him the best wishes of our best citizens.”

The annual report of the Adjutant-General for 1868 sums up the most important facts relating to every

regiment from this State; and records officially the battles which the regiment was entitled to have inscribed upon its banners.

Of the Ninety-eighth Regiment of Infantry, the report says:

“It was organized at Malone and at Lyons, to serve for three years. The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of Franklin and Wayne. It was mustered into the service of the United States from January 25th to February 8th, 1862. On the expiration of its term of service, the original members (except veterans) were mustered out and the regiment composed of veterans and recruits retained in service until August 31st, 1865 when it was mustered out in accordance with orders from the War Department.”

The report also gives the battles in which the regiment was engaged as those of Seven Pines; White Oak Swamp; Drury's Bluff; Gaines' Mills; Petersburg; Cold Harbor; Chapin's Farm and Fort Darling.

The official method of assigning honors to various regiments seems to be unnecessarily rigid. Doubtless the above list should comprise many more battles and skirmishes.

(The Official Roster of the Ninety-eighth Infantry will be found upon the following page.)

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

## ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

## NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>Colonels:</b>			
William Dutton.....	Jan. 23,'62	Jan. 23,'62	Died July 4, '62, at N. Y. city.
Charles Durkee.....	Aug. 19,'62	July 4,'62	Resigned Feb. 25, '63.
Frederick M. Wead.....	Mar. 4,'64	Feb. 25,'64	Killed in action at Cold Harbor, Va., June 3, '64.
William Kreutzér.....	Nov. 14,'64	June 3,'64	Not mustered as Col.
<b>Lieutenant-Colonels:</b>			
Charles Durkee.....	Jan. 10,'62	Jan. 10,'62	Promoted to Col. Aug. 19, '62.
Frederick M. Wead.....	Aug. 19,'62	July 9,'62	Promoted to Col. Mar. 4, '64.
William Kreutzer.....	July 20,'64	Feb. 25,'63	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
William H. Rogers.....	Sept. 11,'65	Apr. 3,'65	Not mustered as Lieut. Col.
<b>Majors:</b>			
Albon Mann.....	Feb. 22,'62	Dec. 20,'61	Resigned July 5, '62.
George H. Clark.....	Sept. 24,'62	June 5,'62	
William H. Rogers.....	Sept. 16,'64	June 4,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Albert C. Wells.....	Sept. 11,'65	Apr. 3,'65	Not mustered as Major.
<b>Adjutants:</b>			
Edward H. Hobbs.....	Feb. 22,'62	Dec. 18,'61	Discharged June 2, '62.
D. H. Stanton.....	Feb. 27,'63	Sept. 30,'62	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Nov. 18, '64. Brev.-Capt. N. Y. V.
<b>Quartermasters:</b>			
George H. Clarke.....	Feb. 22,'62	Jan. 27,'62	Promoted to Major Sept. 24, '62.
George P. Case.....	Jan. 8,'64	Oct. 1,'63	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 12, '64.
<b>Surgeons:</b>			
William G. David.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 25,'61	Resigned Sept. 22, '62.
John J. Van Rensselaer....	Oct. 3,'62	Sept. 26,'62	Discharged Feb. 7, '65.
James D. Benton.....	Feb. 25,'65	Feb. 22,'65	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
<b>Assistant Surgeons:</b>			
G. B. Balch.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 21,'61	Resigned Aug. 19, '62.
Charles W. Crary.....	Nov. 5,'62	Oct. 28,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Hiram Howland.....	May 24,'64	Mar. 23,'64	Resigned June 28, '65.
John W. Gray.....	Sept. 17,'62	Sept. 11,'62	Promoted to Surgeon of Sixty-fifth Infantry Nov. 25, '64.
<b>Chaplains:</b>			
William C. Hubbard.....	Feb. 22,'62	Feb. 5,'62	Resigned Oct. 7, '62.
Caleb S. Henry.....	Dec. 19,'63	Nov. 1,'63	Not mustered.
C. H. Richardson.....	Jan. 4,'65	Jan. 4,'65	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.



## NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Raok.	Remarks.
Captains :			
Edward J. Mannix.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 19,'61	Resigned Oct. 1, '62.
Samuel J. Austin.....	Nov. 24,'62	Oct. 1,'62	Discharged Nov. 10, '63.
Edmund J. Hildreth.....	Jan. 8,'64	June 2,'63	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Nov. 25, '64.
Dennis D. Mott.....	Dec. 20,'64	Nov. 27,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Benjamin Russell.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 23,'61	Resigned Sept. 29, '62.
John J. Wood.....	Feb. 27,'63	Sept. 30,'62	Resigned May 2, '63.
William H. Rogers.....	Dec. 4,'63	May 2,'63	Promoted to Major Sept. 16,'64.
George H. Booth.....	Nov. 30,'64	June 4,'64	Not mustered as Capt.
Fernando C. Beaman.....	Jan. 20,'65	Dec. 2,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Lucien D. Ellsworth.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 28,'61	Resigned June 24, '62.
Sylvester S. Willard.....	Sept 28,'62	June 24,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Alfred Atkins.....	Jan. 28,'64	Jan. 27,'63	Discharged Dec. 1, '64.
Lyman B. Sperry.....	Sept. 11,'65	Apr. 3,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
James Doty.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 24,'61	Resigned May 8, '62.
William H. Barney.....	Feb. 27,'63	May 8,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Lyman A. Rogers.....	Jan. 8,'64	June 2,'63	Died July 10, '64, of wounds received in action at Cold Harbor, Va.
Albert C. Wells.....	Sept. 30,'64	Aug. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Orlando F. Miller.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 26,'61	Discharged April 1, '63.
James H. Anderson.....	Feb. 5,'64	Feb. 4,'64	Discharged Sept. 17, '64.
J. K. R. Oakley.....	Oct. 31,'64	Sept. 17,'64	Not mustered as Capt. (Brev.-Major N. Y. V.)
William Kreutzer.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 28,'61	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. July 30, '64.
Horace D. Hickok.....	Aug. 12,'64	July 20,'64	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 6, '64.
Seymour S. Short.....	Sept. 11,'65	Apr. 3,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
P. B. Wolff.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 30,'61	Discharged Nov. 9, '62.
Frederick Lewis.....	Feb. 28,'63	Nov. 8,'62	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 10, '64.
Benton S. Powell.....	Sept. 11,'65	Apr. 3,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Charles W. Crary.....	Feb. 22,'62	Oct. 30,'61	Discharged Nov. 15, '62. Re-commissioned as Asst. Surg.
Seymour L. Andrus.....	Feb. 28,'63	Oct. 28,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Newton H. Davis.....	Jan. 8,'64	June 2,'63	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Nov. 23, '64.
Frank W. Angevine.....	Dec. 20,'64	Nov. 23,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Alfred Wakely.....	Feb. 22,'62	Nov. 13,'61	Resigned July 20, '62.
William H. Adams.....	Aug. 30,'62	July 30,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Hiram P. Gill.....	Mar. 5,'64	Mar. 4,'64	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Nov. 25, '64.
Alba S. Harris.....	Dec. 20,'64	Nov. 26,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Charles R. Birdsall.....	Feb. 22,'62	Nov. 28,'61	Resigned May 21, '62.
George N. Williams.....	Sept. 29,'62	May 22,'62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Ethel M. Allen.....	Jan. 8,'64	June 2,'63	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 1, '64.
Egbert M. Copps.....	Dec. 20,'64	Dec. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.

## NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
First Lieutenants:			
Samuel J. Austin.....	Feb. 22, '62	Oct. 19, '61	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 24, '62
Edmund J. Hildreth.....	Feb. 27, '63	Oct. 1, '62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 8, '64.
Horace D. Hickok.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 2, '63	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 12, '64.
Ferdinand C. Shaw.....	Aug. 12, '62	Aug. 10, '64	Discharged April 14, '65.
John J. Wood.....	Feb. 23, '62	Oct. 23, '61	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 27, '63.
Oscar P. Ames.....	Mar. 5, '64	Mar. 4, '64	Discharged Feb. 20, '64.
Seymour S. Short.....	Oct. 18, '64	Sept. 17, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
William Johnson.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Sylvester S. Willard.....	Feb. 22, '62	Nov. 23, '61	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 28, '62..
William H. Rogers.....	Sept. 28, '62	June 24, '62	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 4, '63.
George H. Booth.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 2, '63	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 19, '64.
Charles H. Westleigh.....	May 17, '65	Apr. 1, '65	Not mustered.
S. Washburn.....	Feb. 22, '62	Oct. 24, '61	Resigned Aug. 8, '62.
William H. Barney.....	Dec. 23, '63	Aug. 7, '62	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 27, '63.
Henry D. Doty.....	Feb. 27, '63	May 8, '62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Dennis D. Mott.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 2, '63	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 20, '64.
Patrick A. Mannix.....	Feb. 18, '65	Dec. 3, '64	Not mustered.
Seymour L. Andrus.....	Feb. 22, '62	Oct. 26, '61	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 28, '63.
Newton H. Davis.....	Feb. 28, '63	Oct. 28, '62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 8, '64.
Zeno C. Downing.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 3, '63	
George H. Benton.....	Nov. 30, '64	Oct. 14, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65. Brev. Capt.
Daniel L. Norton.....	Feb. 22, '62	Oct. 28, '61	Resigned Sept. 19, '62.
Lyman A. Rogers.....	Oct. 20, '62	Sept. 19, '62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 8, '64.
Frank W. Angevine.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 3, '63	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 20, '64
Benton S. Powell.....	Dec. 20, '64	Nov. 23, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Gustine W. Adams.....	Sept. 11, '62	Apr. 3, '65*	Not mustered.
Eleazar Mulholland.....	Feb. 22, '62	Oct. 30, '61	Discharged June 2, '63.
Hiram P. Gile.....	Jan. 8, '64	June 2, '63	Promoted to Capt. Mar. 5, '64.
J. K. R. Oakley.....	Mar. 5, '64	Mar. 4, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Clark B. Colwell.....	Oct. 31, '64	Sept. 17, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Amos S. Kimball.....	Feb. 22, '62	Nov. 13, '61	Promoted to Capt. and A. Q. M. Apr. 7, '64. (Brev.-Col. N. Y. V.)
Fernando C. Beaman.....	Sept. 30, '64	Aug. 5, '64	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 20, '65.
Charles H. McArthur.....	Jan. 20, '65	Dec. 2, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
William H. Adams.....	Feb. 22, '62	Nov. 30, '61	Promoted to Capt. Aug. 30, '62.
Ethel M. Allen.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 30, '62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 8, '64.
Dean H. Chapman.....	Oct. 10, '62	May 22, '62	Resigned Nov. 9, '62.
George P. Case.....	Feb. 28, '63	Nov. 8, '62	Mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 12, '64.
Egbert M. Copps.....	Jan. 8, '64	Oct. 1, '63	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 20, '64.
Edwin S. Smith.....	May 17, '65	Apr. 1, '65	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
Lyman B. Sperry.....	Nov. 30, '64	Nov. 18, '64	Mustered out with regt. Aug. 31, '65.
John McCullough.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.

\*So in Adjutant-General's Report.

## NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Second Lieutenants:			
George P. Lyman.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 14, '61	Died May 20, '62, at Fortress Monroe, Va.
Edmund I. Hildreth... ..	June 30, '62	May 30, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 27, '63.
Horace D. Hickok.....	Feb. 27, '63	Oct. 1, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 8, '64.
Jacob K. R. Oakley.....	Feb. 5, '64	Feb. 4, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 5, '64.
Peter Bar.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Daniel H. Stanton.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 21, '61	Promoted to Adj. Feb. 27, '63.
Hiram P. Gile.....	Feb. 27, '63	Sept. 30, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 8, '64.
Isaac Smith.....	Jan. 28, '64	Jan. 27, '64	Discharged Sept. 7, '64.
James G. Hardy.. ..	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Sindy W. Langdon.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 28, '61	Discharged Apr. 30, '62.
William H. Rogers.....	July 18, '62	Apr. 30, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 28, '62.
John M. Haskell.....	Sept. 28, '62	June 25, '62	Discharged Apr. 16, '63.
Frank Meyers.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
William H. Barney.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 9, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 23, '62.
Henry D. Doty.....	Dec. 23, '62	Aug. 7, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 27, '63.
Dennis D. Mott .....	Feb. 27, '63	May 8, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 8, '64.
Henry R. Thompson.. ..	Nov. 30, '64	Oct. 1, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 20, '64.
Eustatus Lalime.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Charles A. Powell.. ..	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 7, '61	Died May 13, '62, at Fortress Monroe, Va., of disease.
Newton H. Davis .....	May 26, '62	May 8, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 28, '63.
Albert B. Phelps.....	Feb. 28, '63	Oct. 28, '62	Killed in action at Drury's Bluff, Va., May 16, '64.
Seymour S. Short.....	Sept. 16, '64	Sept. 7, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 18, '64.
William Bowles.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Lyman A. Rogers.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 16, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 20, '62.
Albert C. Wells.....	Oct. 20, '62	Sept. 19, '62	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 30, '64.
Jeremiah M. H. Davis.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Edward I. Rice.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 17, '61	Discharged Jan. 13, '63.
Fernando C. Beaman.....	Feb. 28, '63	Jan. 13, '63	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 30, '64.
Alonzo D. Williams.. ..	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
David Storms.....	Feb. 22, '62	Dec. 9, '61	Died Apr. 20, '62, at Newport News, Va.
Archie Hallenbeck.....	May 26, '62	Apr. 30, '62	Discharged Apr. 16, '63.
Henry B. Holbrook.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.
Ethel M. Allen.....	Feb. 22, '62	Nov. 13, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 30, '62.
Whitney D. Russell.....	Aug. 30, '62	July 30, '62	Discharged June 2, '63.
Capius M. Ransom.....	Mar. 5, '64	Mar. 4, '64	Died July 14, '64, of wounds.
Alonzo A. Rhodes.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 1, '65	Not mustered.

## NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
D. Hoyt Chapman.....	Feb. 22, '62	Nov. 28, '61	Promoted to First Lieut. Oct. 10, '62.
William P. Rudd.....	Oct. 10, '62	May 22, '62	Discharged Oct. 22, '62.
George H. Booth.....	Dec. 30, '62	Oct. 22, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 8, '64.
Joseph A. Sneed.....	Feb. 5, '64	Feb. 4, '63	Discharged Jan. 3, '65.
George Milem.....	Sept. 11, '65	Apr. 3, '65	Not mustered.

Brevet commissions were also issued by the Governor to enlisted men of this regiment as follows: Sergeant-Major Thurston G. Foster was breveted Second Lieutenant, and Sergeant Jerome Allen also Second Lieutenant.

## ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH INFANTRY.

Quite a number of men from Wayne county, as already seen in a previous chapter, joined the One Hundred and Fifth Infantry.

This regiment was organized at Rochester and Le Roy, N. Y., to serve three years. The companies of which it is composed were raised in the counties of Cattaraugus, Genesee, Monroe and Niagara. It was mustered into the service of the United States in March, 1862, and consolidated with the Ninety-fourth New York Volunteers in March, 1863.

The battles in which the regiment was engaged were Cedar Mountain, Rappahannock Station, Thoroughfare Gap, Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburgh.

## ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

This regiment was raised in the counties of Wayne and Cayuga, in August, 1862, and was organized as the One Hundred and Eleventh New York Volunteers, to serve three years. The following were appointed on the field and staff of the regiment: Colonel, Jesse F. Segoine; Lieutenant-Colonel, C. D. McDougall; Major, Seneca B. Smith; Adjutant, J. N. Knapp; Quartermaster, James Trulan; Surgeon, William Vosburg; Assistant Surgeon, D. S. Hopkins, and Chaplain, J. N. Brown. Five companies—A, B, C, D and E—were from Wayne county. The regiment was presented be-

fore leaving Auburn with a splendid stand of colors,—the offering of ladies in that place. The command took the cars en-route for Harper's Ferry on August 21st. They numbered one thousand and forty-two men, and occupied twenty-two coaches. Arriving at their destination, they found cavalry on guard, pickets thrown out, and every indication of an expected attack.

September 13th, firing was heard from Maryland Heights, lasting two or three hours. About 2 P. M. signals were observed on London heights, and siege-guns opened on the position. The long roll beat two hours later, and the regiment formed line, and soon after marched to the Ferry, behind the breastworks, loaded the guns and stacked them. At 9 P. M. the men fell in and returned to camp. Early on Sunday morning line was formed, two days' rations were obtained, and the men awaited orders to march.

The enemy had formed his plan, and, quietly planting his batteries, opened at 1 P. M. with shell. Three batteries fired from the opposite heights and one from the Maryland heights. The One Hundred and Eleventh was ordered to the hill-side, in rear of the camp. At 3 P. M. a cannonade was opened on the position, and the regiment received a very baptism of balls and shells. As evening drew on, a short march was made to the base of a hill, in an open lot, where line of battle was formed, in expectation of an attack. Having moved to the right, some time later a body of rebel cavalry charged from the woods, and a panic ensued. Firing continued for some time, and order was again restored. As evidence that it was with reason the stampede occurred, a loss of ten killed and fifteen wounded was experienced. On the morning of the 15th, the enemy opened with shell in front, and the regiment lay under the fire unprotected. About 7 A. M. Colonel D'Utasse came and ordered the men to form in line on the hill, and stack arms, as flags of truce had been run up and surrender had been made. The men were paroled, and next day left the Ferry for Frederick, Maryland, and marched sixteen miles. The feelings of the men at their humiliation were beyond expression. The regiment marched to Annapolis, Maryland, took boat for Baltimore, and thence

by rail to Camp Douglass, Chicago. November 26th the regiment, having been exchanged, set out for Washington with eight hundred and six men. They had borne the taunts of the thoughtless, and the harsh life in a miserable camp for two months, and gladly returned to the field.

They arrived at the Capital, and December 1st, went into camp near the Long Bridge, but not to stay. A march was made on the 6th, to Fairfax seminary, and picket-duty done, when, returning to Alexandria, a camp was laid out and quite a sojourn enjoyed within it. A chain of forts was constructed around Washington. One of these, Fort Lyon, was partially built by the regiment. A handsome silk flag was presented to the One Hundred and Eleventh, by Governor Morgan. It was one of four presented to the first four regiments formed under the last call of the President. The winter passed away with occasional picketing, and with spring came reorganization, reviews, and orders to march. The spring found the One Hundred and Eleventh in the Third Brigade of Abercrombie's (formerly Casey's) division. On April 13, 1863, orders were given to march, but a delay ensued, and the close of the month found the regiment still at Centreville, to which it had moved from near Alexandria. Resignations and promotions were numerous. Captain Lusk, promoted major, was acting as lieutenant-colonel. Sergeants became lieutenants, and lieutenants captains. When after the battle of Chancellorsville, General Lee directed his columns northward, the One Hundred and Eleventh marched to Gettysburgh. Barksdale, leading his brigade, had routed the Union troops opposed, when the One Hundred and Eleventh regiment, with its brigade, was called to check his onset. They advanced with firmness, the remembrance of Harper's Ferry tingling their nerves, and when the enemy were met it was with a sublime courage which rose above danger and made the One Hundred and Eleventh irresistible. The ground was strewn thickly with dead and wounded, and in the face of batteries and musketry, the rebel line was repulsed. The brigade retired with half its number, and the regiment captured two pieces of artillery. Sharpshooters picked off officers, and Colonel C. D. Mc-

Dougall not only was wounded, but had two horses shot from under him. At 3 P. M., July 3d, the terrific cannonade from Lee's guns, precluding a grand charge, led to careful preparation for it. The long lines of the storming rebel divisions swept forward, but when they were within easy range, the Union troops, rising, poured in a tremendous volley. As the enemy broke and ran, the One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry, cheering, shouted forward, "Harper's Ferry cowards!" The old taunt was canceled. It had been unmerited, but it existed. Nobly at Gettysburgh it was forever erased. The Sergeant-major was killed. Lieutenant-Colonel Lusk was wounded in the arm. Both color-sergeants were shot, and only one hundred and fifty men were present for duty July 4th. But like unflinching heroes, they were *on duty*. The number *killed in the regiment was fifty-five*; wounded, *one hundred and sixty-five*; and eight to ten missing. The total casualties were not far from two hundred and forty. Surely, in the great decisive battle of the war, the One Hundred and Eleventh earned the meed of valor, and most freely gave evidence of soldierly devotion. September 24, 1863, the regiment was temporarily detached from the Third Brigade to support a battery doing picket duty near the Rapidan, on the advanced line. The men were in good health, and the number present for duty was one hundred and fifty-five, while two companies were left at Washington. Habit renders all things natural, and the men had become veterans.

The companies at Washington were B and C. They were detached, by order of General Halleck to do guard duty and scouting, for which purpose they were mounted. Barracks at Arlington Heights were built for their accommodation. The companies were under command of Captain R. C. Berry. October 14th, Warren's Second Corps met the enemy at Bristoe Station, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. A severe engagement ensued, lasting from 4 P. M. till dark. The enemy were defeated with heavy loss. The Third Brigade bore the brunt of the fight, capturing three guns and several hundred prisoners. Colonel McDougall set an example of gallantry which was ably seconded. At

Blackburn's Ford, the regiment was under fire October 15, 16, and 17. November 28, 29 and 30, it participated in the battles at Mine Run; and February 6, 1864, was in the action at Morton's Ford. In connection with the Third brigade, it was among the first to cross the river, fording it in the face of the enemy's fire, driving him into his intrenched position, and maintaining the fight until after dark.

Before the opening of the spring campaign of 1864, a thorough reorganization of the army took place. The old Third division was broken up, and divided with the First and Second divisions of the corps, and the whole of the Third brigade was attached to the First division. May 3d, the grand advance movement began; with it the One Hundred and Eleventh crossed the Rapidan early on the morning of the 4th. The following night it rested on the old Chancellorville battle ground. The next day it moved towards "Todd's Tavern," when, firing being heard in the direction of Germania Ford, it turned into the Wilderness, in the direction of the plank road. The regiment was connected with the First division of the Second corps, and with it joined the Fifth corps about 3 P. M., and formed on its left in line of battle. The battle immediately commenced in the front, and raged with unabated fury for three days and nights, with but little interruption. The One Hundred and Eleventh was in the fight at the beginning and continued to the close, the men acquitting themselves with such bravery as to call forth high compliments from both brigade and division commanders. No men ever fought better or manifested greater courage. On the first day they pressed the enemy back over a mile through a tangled thicket of brushwood almost impenetrable, and in the face of a murderous fire. The deadly and desperate character of the fight is shown by the number of the fallen. In those three battles the regiment lost *forty-four killed, one hundred and twenty-six wounded*, and twenty missing, an aggregate of *one hundred and ninety* out of three hundred and eighty-six effective men. Two commissioned officers, James W. Snedaker and H. G. Hill, were killed and five were wounded.

The battles of the Wilderness were followed by those of the Potomac River, May 10, 11 and 12; Spottsylvania,



May 13, 14 and 18; North Anna, May 23 and 24; Tolopotomy, May 31, and June 1. Then the One Hundred and Eleventh also went through the more or less severe battle-days of June, from the 3d to the 10th, inclusive. The regiment was only a unit in the scores of brave regiments. Their history was identical. The successive charges and counter-changes, the deadly picket-firing; the crash of cannon and the explosion of shells became to some extent the normal condition. A silence created uneasiness, as a presage of deadly work, and each day the roll-call became shorter and shorter. The survivors remained undaunted, and when the army, moving by the left, crossed the James, and engaged again before Petersburg, June 16, 17 and 18, the same valor was shown as when the long line swept forward into the earlier battles with defiant and resounding cheers. The expectation of rest found no realization; the war knew no relaxation. June 21st, the order came, "Fall in!" and almost mechanically the line was formed, and the men moved off, not knowing whether it was intended to charge a breastwork or guard a train. Strangely enough, expectation took the place of dread, and the marching orders were usually welcomed. The division marched towards the Jerusalem plank-road with the brigade, in that included the One Hundred and Eleventh in advance. A few hours elapsed, when Colonel McDougall received orders to deploy the brigade as skirmishers. Shortly after the enemy's line of skirmishers were encountered. The firing on both sides was heavy; but the enemy were driven about two miles through the woods, until a battery was approached, which opened with grape and canister. Colonel McDougall charged up to their line, leading on his men, and took prisoner a rebel Colonel and others. Colonel McDougall escaped unhurt, while his horse was shot under him. The loss in the brigade was about fifty men. It was not alone in battle that the soldiers' endurance was tried. The hot day, the thick dust, the thirst, the weary marching, were an ordeal which broke down nearly as many as were killed in battle. Leaving the front, the men were marched to and fro until about three A. M., of June 22d. A brief rest was

being taken when an advance in line was ordered. The division moved to the right, and in the afternoon charged through a wood with unguarded flanks. The enemy gathered rapidly upon both flanks and in the rear. "Fall back!" was ordered, and each broke for the rear on his own account. The division lost very heavily. The One Hundred and Eleventh did not lose many in killed and wounded. June 24th, the regiment numbered only ninety-four men present for duty. The list of casualties from May 5th, to June 20th, gave, of commissioned officers, four killed and eleven wounded; enlisted men, sixty-five killed, one hundred and ninety-one wounded; twenty-six missing, and twenty-three prisoners; the total loss being three hundred and twenty. The One Hundred and Eleventh was engaged at Deep Bottom, July 26, 27 and 28, and again at the same locality August 12, 13 and 14. It took a prominent part in the battle of Reams' Station, August 25, and October 27, 28, 29 and 30, it was in garrison, at Fort Hell, where it was constantly exposed to a terrific fire from the enemy. From August 20th, till November 1st, the regiment was more or less under fire during the entire period. March 25, 1865, the enemy attacked our lines in front, and the One Hundred and Eleventh were again called out to meet them on the battle-field. A brief engagement resulted in a handsome repulse of the Confederates. The conduct of the One Hundred and Eleventh was such as to call forth a congratulatory order from the General commanding the brigade.

March 29, 1865, the grand and final march of the Army of the Potomac commenced. The enemy was soon found in his entrenched position, and engaged March 30 and 31, at Gravelly Run, near Boydton road. During those days the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment captured a number of prisoners and a stand of colors from the enemy. They were the first to plant the stars and stripes upon the hostile batteries on the Clairborne road, during the morning of April 2d. On the afternoon of the same day the regiment assisted in storming the fortified position near Sutherland station, on the Southside railroad. It was not till a third desperate charge that the position was gained, and a large

number of prisoners captured. Lieutenant S. W. Belding, a good man and brave, was instantly killed in the first charge. Following this severe and decisive battle began the pursuit of the retreating foe, in which the regiment participated up to April 9, when Lee surrendered, and the men witnessed, with unaffected joy, the consummation of the great struggle.

The following summary of facts furnishes some data whereby the labors and heroism of the regiment may be somewhat illustrated. Since its organization the One Hundred and Eleventh journeyed in marching and otherwise, over four thousand miles; it endured sixty days of hard fighting on the battle-field, besides the numerous skirmishes in which it had been engaged; its loss in killed, wounded and missing, numbered *seven hundred and sixty-eight officers and men*, one hundred and forty-three of whom died upon the battle-field. Such is the historic record won by the regiment,—a record to which its officers and men may ever point with honest pride. It is true other regiments may have done as well, but few, if any, have excelled the One Hundred and Eleventh. Its record imperishable as the historic annals of the Republic, will forever form the proud inheritance of the counties of Wayne and Cayuga.

The Adjutant-Generals' report of 1868, says of this regiment:

“It was organized at Auburn, N. Y., to serve three years. The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of Cayuga and Wayne (Twenty-fifth Senate District). It was mustered into the service of the United States August 20, 1862. Mustered out of service June 3, 1865, in accordance with orders from the War Department. The recruits were transferred to the Fourth New York Artillery.”

The same report names the various battles in which the regiment was engaged as follows:

Gettysburgh, Bristow Station, Mine Run, Wilderness, Po River, Spottsylvania, North Anna, Tolopotomy, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Strawberry Plains, Deep Bottom, Ream's Station; but the above account shows that this list gives only a partial view of its actual fighting. A complete roster of the commissioned officers of this regiment will be con-

venient for reference, though as in other similar rosters, it repeats names found in the separate town lists elsewhere given, and includes officers beyond the limits of Wayne County.

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

### ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

#### ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>Colonels:</b>			
Jesse Segoine .....	Sept. 9, '62	Aug. 15, '62	Resigned Jan. 3, '63.
C. D. McDougall.....	Feb. 3, '63	Jan. 3, '63	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65. (Brev. Brig.-Gen. U. S. V.)
Lewis W. Husk.....	June 13, '65	Feb. 25, '65	Not mustered as Col.
<b>Lieutenant-Colonels:</b>			
Clinton D. McDougall.....	Sept. 9, '62	Aug. 15, '62	Promoted as Col. Feb. 3, '63.
Seneca B. Smith.....	Feb. 3, '63	Jan. 3, '63	Resigned Apr. 2, '63.
Isaac M. Lusk.....	May 18, '63	Apr. 2, '63	Resigned Apr. 2, '64.
Aaron P. Seeley.....	May 23, '64	Apr. 5, '64	Not mustered as Lieut.-Col.
Lewis W. Husk.....	Oct. 20, '64	Aug. 20, '64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65. (Brev. U. S. Col. U. S. V.)
Sidney Mead.....	June 13, '65	Feb. 25, '65	Not mustered as Lieut.-Col.
<b>Majors:</b>			
Seneca B. Smith.....	Sept. 9, '62	Aug. 15, '62	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Feb. 3, '63.
Isaac M. Lusk.....	Feb. 20, '63	Jan. 3, '62	Promoted as Lieut.-Col. May 18, '63.
James H. Hinman.....	May 18, '63	Apr. 2, '63	Discharged June 11, '64.
Lewis W. Husk .....	June 29, '64	May 24, '64	Promoted as Lieut.-Col. Oct. 20, '64.
Joseph W. Corning . . . . .	Oct. 10, '64	Sept. 29, '64	Discharged Feb. 3, '65.
Sidney Mead.....	Mar. 9, '65	Feb. 3, '65	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Reuben J. Meyers.....	June 13, '65	Feb. 25, '65	Not mustered as Major.
<b>Adjutants:</b>			
Henry H. Segoine.....	Sept. 9, '62	Aug. 15, '62	Resigned Jan. 13, '63.
James Haggerty.....	Jan. 28, '63	Jan. 28, '63	Resigned June 1, '63.
Adolphus B. Capron.....	Oct. 7, '63	June 1, '63	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Samuel B. McIntyre.....	May 23, '64	May 16, '64	Not mustered as Adjt.
<b>Quartermaster:</b>			
James Turlan.....	Sept. 9, '62	July 22, '62	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.

## ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Surgeon:			
William Vosburgh.....	Sept. 9,'62	July 25,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Assistant Surgeons:			
James D. Benton.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 7,'62	Promoted to Surgeon Ninety-eighth Inf. Mar. 9, '65.
Charles V. Dare.....	June 13,'65	Mar. 9,'65	Not mustered.
D. Stewart Hopkins.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 20,'62	Promoted to Surgeon Fourth Del. Vols. Feb. 6, '63.
Charles M. Frisbee.....	Apr. 15,'63	Apr. 15,'63	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Chaplain:			
John N. Brown.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Captains:			
Aaron P. Seeley.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Aug. 19 '64.
Marcus W. Murdock... ..	May 23,'64	Apr. 2,'64	Discharged Jan. 18, '65.
Philip J. Lape.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 9,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
John S. Coe.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Mar. 10, '63.
Robert C. Perry.....	May 18,'63	Mar. 6,'63	Trans. to V. R. C. Nov. 9, '64.
Edward A. Thomas.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Mar. 23, '63.
Ira Jones.....	Mar. 18,'63	Mar. 23,'63	Discharged Apr. 20, '64.
Jerome W. Latin.....	May 23,'64	Apr. 20,'64	Died July 15, '64, in hospital, New York.
David A. Taylor.....	Oct. 10,'64	Apr. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Sebastian D. Holmes.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Discharged June 27, '64.
Edwin H. Burnham.....	Oct. 10,'64	Aug. 22,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Benjamin W. Thompson...	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Major Thirty-second U. S. C. T. Mar. 9, '64.
John W. Lockwood.....	May 23,'64	May 16,'64	Died of wounds received in escaping from enemy.
Daniel G. Sterling.....	May 16,'65	Oct. 26,'64	Not mustered as Capt.
Isaac M. Lusk.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Major Feb. 20, '63.
John A. Laing.....	Feb. 20,'63	Jan. 3,'63	Discharged Jan. 16, '65.
Adolphus B. Capron... ..	May 23,'64	May 10,'64	Not mustered as Capt.
Henry C. Golden.....	June 17,'65	May 15,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Lewis W. Husk.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Major June 29, '64.
Lafayette Mumford.....	Oct. 10,'64	Aug. 16,'64	Discharged Apr. 2, '65.
Abner Seeley.....	May 31,'65	May 15,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Ezra H. Northrup.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Dec. 26, '62.
Frank Rich.....	Feb. 4,'63	Dec. 26,'62	
Reuben J. Meyers.....	Oct. 10,'64	Oct. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Roland R. Dennis.....	June 17,'65	Feb. 25,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Sidney Mead.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Major Mar. 9, '65.
Howard Servis.....	May 16,'65	Feb. 13,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Wager H. Remington.....	May 31,'65	May 15,'65	Not mustered as Capt.
Silas A. Tremain.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Jan. 7, '62.
George M. Smith.....	Jan. 28,'63	Jan. 3,'62	Discharged Nov. 30, '63.
Edgar J. Heuston.....	May 23,'64	Nov. 30,'63	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.

(Brev.-Major U. S. V.)

## ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>First Lieutenants:</b>			
Samuel B. McIntyre.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Discharged Jan. 25, '64.
Edwin Parshall. ....	May 23,'64	Jan. 25,'64	Killed in action before muster.
George W. Moore.....	Nov. 18,'64	Nov. 1,'64	Resigned May 19, '65.
George Parr.....	May 31,'65	May 18,'65	Not mustered.
Jacob T. Van Burckirk. ....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Nov. 26, '62.
Philip I. Lape.....	Jan. 7,'63	Nov. 26,'62	Promoted as Capt. Dec. 24, '64.
John C. Smith.....	May 16,'65	Nov. 9,'64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Ira Jones.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 18, '63.
Jerome M. Latin.....	May 18,'63	Mar. 23,'63	Promoted to Capt. May 23, '64.
Patrick H. Welch.....	May 23,'64	Apr. 20,'64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
John P. Fishback.....	Nov. 18,'64	Oct. 29,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65
Hazeltine L. Moore.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Nov. 9, '62.
Augustus W. Green.....	Nov. 24,'62	Nov. 10,'62	Discharged Sept. 7, '64.
Roland R. Dennis.....	Oct. 10,'64	Aug. 12,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Frederick M. Coffin.....	June 17,'65	Feb. 25,'65	Not mustered.
Robert C. Perry.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 18, '63.
John H. Drake.....	May 18,'63	Mar. 6,'63	Killed in action at Gettysburgh, Pa., July 3, '63.
John W. Lockwood.....	Oct. 7,'63	July 3,'63	Promoted to Capt. May 23, '64.
Warren L. Smith.....	May 23,'64	May 16,'64	Discharged Nov. 27, '64.
Andrew D. Soverhill.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Discharged Jan. 16, '63.
John A. Laing.....	Feb. 4,'63	Jan. 17,'63	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 20, '63.
Augustus W. Proseus.....	Feb. 20,'63	Jan. 3,'63	Killed in action at Gettysburgh, Pa., July 3, '63.
George Brown.....	May 23,'64	July 2,'63	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Daniel G. Sterling.....	Nov. 18,'64	Oct. 9,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
John I. Brinkerhoff, Jr....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Feb. 1, '64.
Howard Servis.....	May 23,'64	Feb. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Wager H. Remington.....	May 16,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Edward L. Parsons.....	June 17,'65	May 15,'65	Not mustered.
Frank Rich.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 4, '63.
Reuben J. Meyers.....	Feb. 4,'63	Dec. 26,'62	Promoted to Capt. Oct. 10, '64.
Charles A. Furman.....	Oct. 10,'64	Oct. 1,'64	Resigned Dec. 23, '64.
Levi White.....	May 16,'65	Dec. 24,'64	Not mustered.
Marcus W. Murdock.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 23, '64.
George Parker.....	Oct. 10,'64	Sept. 19,'64	Resigned Nov. 21, '64.
Henry C. Golden.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 24,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
George M. Smith.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 28, '63.
Adolphus B. Capron.....	Jan. 28,'63	Jan. 3,'63	Promoted to Adjt. Oct. 7, '63.
Edgar J. Hueston.....	Nov. 30,'63	June 1,'63	Promoted to Capt. May 23, '64.
Samuel C. Bradley.....	May 23,'64	Nov. 30,'63	Discharged May 8, '65.
Esek W. Hoff.....	May 16,'65	Mar. 8,'65	Not mustered as First Lieut.
George T. Hamilton.....	May 16,'65	Oct. 26,'64	Not mustered.
<b>Second Lieutenants:</b>			
Ezra A. Hibbard.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Feb. 13, '63
Horace G. Hill.....	Feb. 28,'63	Feb. 18,'63	Killed in action at Wilderness, Va., May 5, '64.
E. W. Hoff.....	May 23,'64	May 5,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.

## ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Ran't.	Remarks.
Henry C. Walker.....	May 16,'65	Mar. 8,'65	Not mustered.
John Tremper.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Mar. 2, '63.
Howard Servis.....	May 18,'63	Feb. 28,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. May 23, '64.
Daniel G. Sterling.....	May 23,'64	Feb. 17,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 18, '64.
John Neil.....	Nov. 18,'64	Oct. 9,'64	Not mustered.
Michael Quirk.....	Mar. 24,'65	Mar. 24,'65	Not mustered.
Theodore Lampson.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Resigned Nov. 7, '62.
Jerome M. Latin.....	Jan. 7,'63	Nov. 7,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. May 18, '63.
Patrick H. Welch.....	May 18,'63	Mar. 23,'63	Discharged Oct. 18, '64.
George W. Moore.....	May 23,'64	Apr. 20,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 18, '64.
Franklin Deuel.....	Nov. 18,'64	Nov. 1,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Rossman J. Parshall.....	June 17,'65	June 3,'65	Not mustered.
James Donohue.....	May 31,'65	May 18,'65	Not mustered.
Marcellus B. Mosher.....	June 13,'65	Apr. 2,'65	Not mustered.
Minard McDonald.....	May 16,'65	Dec. 9,'64	Not mustered.
Charles E. Patten.....	May 16,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Not mustered.
Erastus M. Granger.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Killed in action at Gettysburgh, Pa., July 3, '63.
James W. Snedaker.....	Feb. 27,'64	Feb. 26,'64	Killed in action at Wilderness, Va., May 5, '64.
Edward Vanderveer.....	May 23,'64	May 5,'64	Killed in action.
Alexander B. Williams.....	July 20,'64	July 16,'64	Deceased.
Stephen A. Pyatt.....	Oct. 10,'64	Aug. 20,'64	Discharged Feb. 15, '65.
John H. Drake.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. May 18, '63.
Warren L. Smith.....	May 18,'63	Mar. 6,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. May 23, '64.
Jerome L. Stewart.....	May 23,'64	May 16,'64	Killed in action —, '64.
Matthew M. Hunter.....	July 20,'64	June 16,'64	Mustered out.
Silas W. Belding.....	Oct. 10,'64	Sept. 19,'64	Killed in action near Sutherland Station, Va., Apr. 2, '65.
John A. Laing.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 4, '63.
Augustus W. Proseus.....	Feb. 4,'63	Jan. 17,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 20, '63.
George Brown.....	Feb. 20,'64	Jan. 3,'63	Resigned Oct. 9, '64.
Abner Seeley.....	Oct. 10,'64	Aug. 16,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Edgar J. Hueston.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '62.
C. H. Hitchcock.....	Nov. 30,'63	June 1,'63	Discharged Dec. 22, '64.
Wilbur F. Rice.....	May 16,'65	Dec. 23,'64	Not mustered.
Reuben J. Myers.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 4, '63.
Edgar M. Dudley.....	Feb. 4,'63	Dec. 26,'62	Discharged Dec. 9, '64.
Curtis C. Morgan.....	Dec. 31,'64	Dec. 31,'64	Declined.
Wager H. Remington.....	Mar. 24,'65	Dec. 9,'64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Arthur W. Marshall.....	Sept. 9,'62	Aug. 15,'62	Discharged Feb. 1, '64.

## ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
John C. Smith.....	Feb. 27, '64	Feb. 26, '64	Mustered out with regt. June 3, '65.
Edward W. Newman.....	May 16, '65	Nov. 9, '64	Not mustered.
Adolphus B. Capron.....	Sept. 9, '62	Aug. 15, '62	(Brev. First Lieut. N. Y. V.) Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 28, '63.
Samuel C. Bradley.....	Jan. 28, '63	Jan. 3, '63	Promoted to First Lieut. May 23, '64.
Andrew P. Camp.....	May 23, '64	Nov. 30, '63	Resigned May 19, '65.
Congdon H. Merriman.....	May 31, '65	May 18, '65	Not mustered.

THE ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH NEW YORK  
VOLUNTEERS.

This, the third regiment from Wayne and Cayuga, began to be formed about the last of August, 1862. The first company was in barracks by August 29th. It was raised in Palmyra, and known as B. Three other companies were raised in Wayne; A from Newark, C from Lyons, and D of Marion. It was numbered the One Hundred and Sixtieth, and was commanded by Colonel Dwight. November 18th the command left Auburn for New York, where, on the 21st, it was formally mustered into the United States service. Embarked upon the *Salvor* and two other vessels, the regiment formed part of General Banks expedition, and proceeded to Ship Island, near the mouth of the Mississippi. Many found themselves for the first time upon the ocean, and experienced the novel sensation of sea-sickness. They concluded not to eat much, and what was eaten did not take kindly to the stomach. These feelings soon subsided, and the voyage became delightful and free from monotony. Reaching Ship Island December 14th, the order was given to proceed to New Orleans.

January 7, 1863, the command was embarked upon a river boat and taken to Algiers, and thence by rail proceeded to Thibodeaux, fifty-five miles south-west of New Orleans. Here were the Seventy-fifth New York, the Eighth Vermont, the Twelfth Connecticut, and two batteries, forming Weitzel's brigade, to which the One Hundred and Sixtieth were attached. Orders to march were received January 11,



and the cars were taken to Brashear, distant thirty miles. Two days later the brigade, with four gunboats, started out to destroy a gunboat named the *Cotton*. The infantry were taken upon the boats and landed at Patterson, seven miles up the Bayou Teche, where they joined the cavalry and artillery, and formed a line of battle, with a front of three regiments, of which the One Hundred and Sixtieth was the centre. It was 4 P. M. when the advance began, with skirmishers thrown forward, and after a short march the men bivouacked. The line moved at 7 A. M. of the 14th, in the same order as the day previous, and by an hour and a half had proceeded three miles.

The gunboats opened fire. The rebel boat was anchored a half-mile above an obstruction built across the stream, and did not move. As the infantry came within a half-mile, the boat and a land battery just above her opened fire upon them with a variety of missiles, which did little damage. The regiment moved steadily and resolutely forward, winning unqualified praise from the General and his staff. The Seventy-fifth New York attacked the *Cotton*, and, driving her men from the guns, soon silenced them. She moved slowly up the river, and took shelter under the cover of the battery. An attempt to return was so warmly greeted that she was glad to retire, and the day's work was ended. The men lay on their guns ready for action.

About 5 A. M. a bright light appeared in the direction of the gunboat, repeated explosions followed, and the expedition was a success. The *Cotton* was destroyed; and the troops, returning some distance in order of battle, set out for their former position and went into camp.

The One Hundred and Sixtieth moved from Thibodeaux February 8th, after a sojourn there of nearly four weeks, and came to Brashear City, on Berwick Bay, Louisiana. Moving to Bayou Cocuf, the stay was ended by an order to return to Brashear, where a week was passed. April 9th, the bay was crossed, and a division comprising three brigades and seven batteries, with a body of cavalry, all under command of General Emory, set out towards Pattersonville. The One Hundred and Sixtieth led the van, and on the

night of the 10th encamped on the very spot where three months previously their first line had been formed in the expedition to destroy the gunboat.

Early on the following morning the march was resumed in line of battle and continued till the old battle-ground was reached, when the enemy were found entrenched on both sides of the bayou, in a line of earthworks extending on each side back into the swamps, with the captured gunboat *Diana* lying in the stream to assist them. An artillery fire began, and lasted nearly an hour, when the infantry fell back out of range and lay upon their arms.

• An occasional cannon shot broke the silence next morning till 8:30 A. M., when cannonading began in earnest, and the *Diana* was silenced and withdrawn. A lull of some hours' duration followed, then the front line was rapidly advanced toward the enemy's works, the One Hundred and Sixtieth being in the front on the right. Companies G and D were thrown forward as skirmishers to within twenty or thirty rods of the earthworks. A severe loss was avoided by the presence at intervals of every few rods of quite deep ditches. These answered well for rifle-pits. As a dash was made for the ditch in front the rebels would rise and run back to the next, a manœuvre repeated till further advance was checked. Over the men to and fro, the shells from the opposing batteries went on their deadly errand, hissing and bursting, for some three hours. At dark the men attempted to sleep, and with morning came the discovery that the enemy had retreated.

Another division, under General Grover, had gone around by Grand Lake to attack them in the rear and cut off a retreat, but a knowledge of roads gave them opportunity to escape without supper or breakfast. The troops pushed on through the breastworks, glanced at the ruin of the *Cotton* lying in the stream, passed the rebel camp, whose tents and huts were still standing, and finally arrived at Franklin. The One Hundred and Sixtieth met but slight loss in killed and wounded, and with the division resumed pursuit next day. By noon they passed through New Iberia, where the enemy burned eight river boats. Pursuit was continued to

Opelousas, where the One Hundred and Sixtieth was sent back to New Iberia, with seventy prisoners, and fifty wagons loaded with cotton, and ordered to bring back supplies for the army, which pushed on up the Red river, driving Taylor's command with ease. Within a few days the return was accomplished to Opelousas. Shortly after the regiment advanced with the brigade for Alexandria, which was reached in three days—a distance of eighty miles.

May 24th, the regiment, with Weitzel's brigade, reached Simmsport, on the Atchafalaya river, a few miles from its head, having marched there from Alexandria, where it was embarked on transports, and landed next morning. Bayou Sara, or St. Francisville, fourteen miles by land above Port Hudson was reached in advance of the brigade, just before night. Prior to this, Grover's division had arrived, and joined with Augur to surround the stronghold. On the 26th a march of two miles to a position in an open field between two woods took place. Line was formed near the edge of the one in front, on the other side of which a mile away, were the enemy's works. In the farther edge of the woods were the skirmishers, exchanging shots with the Union pickets, and endeavoring to keep them back. The land all about the town of Port Hudson is elevated considerably above the river and covered with patches of timber of some extent. This was especially the case in front of the centre and right of the line, where the ground was much broken by narrow gullies and deep ravines, whose features rendered the place naturally strong for military defense. Much had been done to strengthen the position. For some extent the lines of the enemy, reaching in crescent shape a distance of seven miles, were closely approached by the woods. From the centre of the curved line of works to the river was about two miles.

Early on the morning of the 27th, Weitzel's brigade advanced into the woods, on whose farther side the enemy was posted. The evening before, the right wing, composed of Companies A, C, D and I, under command of Major Sentell, was detailed as guard over two steamers in Thompson's creek, captured by Union cavalry. The rest of the

regiment, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Van Petten, marched with the brigade. A rough march, occupying about three-quarters of an hour, brought the line in collision with the enemy. The regiment and brigade advanced without shrinking, in the face of shells, grape, and musketry, and though suffering severely, constantly drove the rebels before them, out of the woods, through the clear space covered with felled timber, and over their works. The One Hundred and Sixtieth lay on the outside of the rebel works, the rebels on the other side, while any object moving received a volley. Batteries worked their way to the edge of the woods, and opened on the enemy, and before night-fall every gun in sight and reach, was either disabled by our artillery or kept silent by Union sharpshooters, who covered the ledges and filled the ravines fronting the breastworks. From behind log, tree, and stump, they fired upon everything that dared to show itself along the fortifications. The positions gained, except those close up against the breastworks, were held and strengthened. Works for artillery were constructed, heavy siege-guns planted, and an almost constant fire kept up night and day. The regular and somewhat monotonous operations of a siege went on from this time, varied by the occasional capture of prisoners, in which the right wing was quite successful, till the 10th of June, when, at 1 P. M., the Union pickets were advanced to the works, musketry and artillery joined in for an hour, when a storm coming on stopped the operations. At 4 P. M., June 14, mortars and cannon opened on the rebel centre, and a storming column, largely composed of Weitzel's brigade, and including the left wing of the One Hundred and Sixtieth, moved upon the works.

Unavoidable delays foiled the plan, though the men exhibited the greatest bravery, and in some instances mounted the breastworks and gained advanced positions, that were held. May 27, the regiment lost Winkle, of Company B, killed, and fifteen wounded. In the charge of June 14, Richard Jones was killed and thirty-five wounded. The slight wounds were occasioned by the rebels using buckshot. Three officers were wounded,—Lieutenant Kelly, Captain Moore, and Lieutenant Shaver, the acting Adjutant.

On the morning of July 7, the surrender of Vicksburg was announced, and the enemy were startled by the cheers which swept joyfully around their lines. At noon, gunboats and batteries opened with shotted guns a grand salute, while bands of music mingled their strains with the tremendous boom of the cannon. The next morning General Gardner sent in a flag of truce, and by 3 P. M. the surrender of Port Hudson was announced. On the morning of the 9th of July, Weitzel's brigade entered first from the centre, while others advanced from different points. A march of three-fourths of a mile brought the command to a high, level plain about a half-mile broad and extending to the river. The rebel army, about four thousand strong, was drawn up in line near the river bank, and as the men mingled, sociability and good feelings prevailed.

At evening the regiment embarked, and next day landed at Donaldsonville, at the head of Bayou La Fourche. New clothing was issued July 15, and the paymaster was much desired. August 1, the regiment removed to New Thibodeaux, and went into camp. A number of men were discharged, and went home. Many who had been in the hospital returned daily. Clothed, supplied with tents, and paid off, new life and energy prevailed, and duty was performed cheerfully, and rest was enjoyable. November 26, 1863, Surgeon David H. Armstrong, Chaplain Putnam and Captain VanDusen arrived in camp near New Iberia, from the North. Dr. Armstrong had been absent two months. For five months, unassisted, he had been Surgeon in charge. During his absence Dr. Fordyce had exclusive charge. The Chaplain was a favorite with the regiment, efficient and faithful. Foraging expeditions in small parties often encountered the enemy. A party of the One Hundred and Sixtieth, under the Quartermaster-Sergeant, while the regiment lay near Opelousa, went beyond the picket lines to forage for the command, and were captured. Thursday, January 7, 1864, the camp at New Iberia was abandoned, and the entire Nineteenth army corps set out on a march to Franklin. The One Hundred and Sixtieth was in advance, and occupied a large sugar-house for barracks during the night.

Lieutenant-Colonel Van Petten was detached for duty at New Orleans, and Major Sentell was in command. The men captured out foraging were exchanged and returned. Their experience regarding food and lodging was of the character so rigorous and so common in rebel prisons during the war.

In March Weitzel's old brigade was broken up, and the One Hundred and Sixtieth was brigaded with three Maine regiments and one Pennsylvania. The regiment set out for Alexandria upon the Red River Expedition, under command of Major Sentell. Colonel Dwight was at the time inspector-general of the corps. April 6, the One Hundred and Sixtieth left Natchitoches, in the rear of the Thirteenth army corps. They were in the Second brigade, First division; the brigade commanded by General McMullen, the division by General Emory. Pleasant Hill was reached March 7. On the morning of the 8th a march of ten miles was made, and camp for the night taken, but order came to go forward to assist the Thirteenth corps, which, endeavoring to sustain the cavalry, was itself borne backward by an overwhelming force of the enemy.

The One Hundred and Sixtieth, with its division, marched seven miles in one-and-a-half hours, and found the roads and woods filled with soldiers, officers, and servants crowding to the rear.

The situation was discouraging, but fixing bayonets, and forcing their way, through the confused and retreating mass of men and wagon trains, they pushed onward and drew up in line upon a rise of ground, the One Hundred and Sixtieth being on the left. While the position was being taken, General Banks, riding along the forming line, called upon the men to "remember Port Hudson and do their duty." He was received with loud cheers by the different regiments. Before preparations were completed, tremendous volleys of musketry, began on the right, and in a few moments the gray lines swept forward upon the front of the One Hundredth and Sixtieth. They were warmly received and gave ground. Again they advanced with like result; the regiment stood fast. Night came on, but fighting did

not cease till some time after dark. The men rested, arms in hand, till midnight, when ordered to fall back and join the forces in the rear. In the action Edward Taylor of A, was killed, and three men wounded. Late on the morning of the 9th, Pleasant Hill was reached, where they were temporarily relieved, and then formed as reserve in the rear and to the right of the Sixteenth corps, in which position they awaited the onset of the enemy, known to be approaching.

Skirmishing began about 2 P. M. A cavalry charge was attempted by the rebels upon two pieces of artillery in front of the line. A volley of musketry left but half a dozen of the rebels in their saddles. The enemy came on in confidence, and with great strength. They assailed the centre of the Union line with a fierceness which was irresistible, and the line gave way. The One Hundred and Sixtieth were called to meet the onset. Had they wavered, the field would have been lost. A telling fire was poured into the ranks; eight men fell dead, three times as many were wounded, but the men gave no ground. The One Hundred and Sixtieth regiment was not idle. A steady, telling fire checked the onset, gave others a chance to rally, and the enemy were not only driven from the field, but followed until night came on.

That night Lieutenant-Colonel Van Petten was called to headquarters and received in behalf of his regiment the thanks of Generals Banks, Emery and McMullen. It was said that the One Hundred and Sixtieth turned the tide of battle and saved the day, and Emory's official report was in language to that effect. The regiment buried its dead, of whom there were eight, including two captains, Wm. J. Van Dusen, of A, and C. R. Cotton, of G. There were twenty-seven wounded and fourteen missing. The Nineteenth corps was ordered North, and formed a part of Sheridan's army in the Shenandoah Valley. The troops were advanced and withdrawn up and down the valley, built works, and seemed to seek a battle with Early on advantageous ground, or to hold him from aiding Lee.

The fighting was principally with cavalry, but reconnoissances developed the enemy in strong force. The One Hun-

dred and Sixtieth, changing the swamps and bayous of Louisiana for the hills and mountains of Western Virginia, enjoyed good health and spirits.

September 19th, the battle of Winchester was fought, and the One Hundred and Sixtieth behaved with great gallantry.

Colonel Van Petten, wounded early in the fight, continued to keep the field. This battle was the most severe of any in which the command had participated.

In the first position taken by the regiment it fought for two-and-a-half hours, and then, being transferred to another part of the field, fought a half hour with its accustomed firmness and courage. The losses were about seventy, of whom twenty were killed and forty wounded. After the discomfiture of the rebels in the valley the regiment was ordered to Savannah, Georgia, and thence to Hawkinsville, from which place it was sent to Elmira.

The regiment did good service for the Union cause, and participated with honor, as indicated in very many of the important battles of the war. The men were mustered out and paid off in November, 1865. The One Hundred and Sixtieth numbered at this time about two hundred and forty men, came back under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel, H. B. Underhill.

The Adjutant-General's report of 1868, already often quoted, gives the following summary statement:

"The One Hundred and Sixtieth was organized at Auburn, New York, to serve for three years. The companies of which it was composed were raised in the counties of Cayuga, Seneca, Wayne, Ontario, Allegany, Erie and Wyoming. It was mustered into the service of the United States November 21, 1862. It was mustered out of service November 1, 1865, in accordance with orders from the War Department."

The same report gives the battles of the regiment as *Cotton*, *Bisland* and *Port Hudson*; a singular meagre and unsatisfactory statement.

Writing Judge Dwight on this point, he replies as follows:

SUPREME COURT CHAMBERS, }  
AUBURN, N. Y., June 11, 1883. }

LEWIS H. CLARK, ESQ.:

*My Dear Sir:*—The record you quote from the Adjutant-General's reports is certainly a very meagre and incomplete



statement. The One Hundred and Sixtieth Regiment bore a very honorable part to the following engagements, at least, of importance sufficient to be inscribed on their banners, viz: The *Catten* (not *Cotton*), Bisland, Port Hudson, Sabine Cross Roads, Pleasant Hill and Cane River, Louisiana, and Winchester, Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek in the battles of Virginia.

In the memorable campaign of the Shenandoah the One Hundred and Sixtieth was in the Second Brigade, First Division of the Nineteenth Corps, and is entitled to a full share of the credit won by that organization.

Truly, &c.,

CHARLES C. DWIGHT.

The following list of the engagements of the One Hundred and Sixtieth does still more complete justice to the magnificent record of valor justly belonging to the One Hundred and Sixtieth. It is taken from a published muster roll of Company C:

Gunboat *Cotten*, La.; Bayou Teche, La.; Fort Bisland, La.; Siege of Port Hudson, La., forty-eight days; Donaldsonville, La.; Sabine Pass, Texas; Carrion Crow Bayou, La.; Sabine Cross Roads, La.; Pleasant Hill, La.; Cane River, La.; Mansma Plains, —; Deep Bottom, Va.; Snicker's Ford, Va.; Winchester, Va.; Fisher's Hill, Va.; Cedar Creek, Va.

Regiment organized at Auburn, September 1, 1862.

Mustered into the United States service at New York, November 21, 1862.

#### NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY; FIRST ORGANIZED AS THE ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

This regiment was known as the Second Wayne and Cayuga, and was recruited in August, 1862, immediately following the departure of the One Hundred and Eleventh to the field. The field and staff officers at the time of the organization were: Colonel, Joseph Welling, of Wayne; Lieutenant-Colonel, Wm. H. Seward, of Cayuga; Major, Edward P. Taft, of Wayne; Surgeon, Theodore Dimon, Cayuga; Quartermaster, Henry E. Knowles, Wayne; Adjutant, William R. Wasson, Cayuga; First Assistant Surgeon, Samuel A. Sabin, Wayne; Second Assistant Surgeon, Byron Dewitt, Cayuga; Chaplain, Warham Mudge, Wayne; Sergeant-Major, Lyman Comstock, Cayuga. Six of the ten

companies were raised in the various towns of Wayne. They were designated as A, B, D, G, H, and K. The regiment left camp September 12, and proceeded by rail to Albany, and thence to New York. At that place cars were taken for Washington.

The following outline of the operations of the Ninth Artillery is written mostly by Lieutenant-Colonel Wm. Wood, of Butler, to whom the editor of this volume is under obligation for much other valuable assistance.

Arrived at Washington the regiment marched from the Baltimore Depot through the city across Long Bridge and to Arlington Heights; encamped for the night, were served with rations unfit for civilized dogs. Without any apparent knowledge that there is a limit to physical endurance the regiment was marched back across Long Bridge through the city and northward to the line of defences where they crossed the Baltimore Railroad to Fort Bunker Hill. Men were disabled in these marches who never recovered. Here the regiment remained a few days engaged in fatigue duty and drilling. Orders were received and then countermanded to march to Frederick, Maryland. Next the regiment moved to the left along the line of defences and established a camp which they called "Camp Nellie Seward" in honor of a daughter of the Lieutenant-Colonel. It was near Fort Kearney. After a few days a further remove was made to a position on the left beyond Tenleytown midway between Forts Reno and Sumner. At this place the regiment built Forts Bayard, Mansfield and Simmons. Here the men suffered severely from fever. The regiment being changed to Heavy Artillery they were assigned to garrison duty through the following winter and spring in Forts Gaines, Bayard, Simmons and Mansfield. Engaged drilling in infantry tactics, in light artillery as well as heavy, in fatigue duty and in strengthening the fortifications there was at all times enough to do. At this time the authorities seemed to be of the opinion that the Confederates might at almost any time take it into their heads to make a raid into Washington and make a tour of inspection through the public buildings without asking leave. Besides the duties above

described, there were multifarious reports to be made taking much time. The regiment was also required to appear for frequent inspection in full dress, leather stocks, white gloves and accoutrements shining like silver. It was apparently required to support in a special manner the dignity of the army of the United States, so that the President of the United States, the cabinet officers or possibly a foreign minister or two could visit them at any time and form an opinion of their own whether the capital was safe. These were the duties ample and onerous, if not dangerous, which this regiment was actively performing all the time that they were derisively termed the "band box regiment."

August 14, 1863, pursuant to orders the regiment marched to Washington, went on board a steamer and were transported to a point on the east bank of the Potomac, twelve miles below Washington. It was a point so unhealthy that it was currently known as the grave yard of Prince George county. Here this command built, with some assistance from engineers, a large, strong work known as Fort Foot. They mounted in it among others several heavy sea coast guns. When these were fired for practice, as they often were, the report shook the surrounding hills as the fever and ague shook the soldiers. The Second battalion located here consisted of companies C, D, E and G, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Seward and Major Taft. The other companies constituting the first battalion remained in the old position under command of Colonel Welling until March 26, 1864, when they moved to the right and occupied Forts Baker and others south of the east branch of the Potomac.

On the 6th of May, Companies E and C left Fort Foot and rejoined the First battalion which at this time was garrisoning forts west of the Potomac with headquarters at Fort Richardson opposite Washington. May 18th Companies G and D were transported to Alexandria and marched *via* Long Bridge, Fort Richardson and the chain of forts to Fort Ward; a specimen of military red-tape marching nine miles to gain three. This was nearly repeated a short time afterwards by a night's march from Fort Ward *via* Fort Richardson back to Alexandria.

Before daylight on the morning of the 18th of May the once more united Ninth Artillery commenced a southern movement. At Alexandria they were shipped on board transports and arrived at Belle Plain on the afternoon of the same day, thoroughly drenched with rain. Here hostile guns were heard. No transportation could be obtained. Extra stores had to be turned in. On the 19th, six days' rations of hard tack and coffee were issued. In the afternoon Companies C and D, under Major Snyder, took charge of supply trains for the front; Companies H, I and L having moved out on the same duty in the forenoon. May 21st the remainder of the regiment also marched forward, except Company G, which was directed to await the return of Lieutenant-Colonel Seward from Washington, whither he had gone on business.

At noon of the 22d, Lieutenant-Colonel Seward having returned, Company G, also in charge of a wagon train, marched for the front. During the day the company overtook the rest of the regiment and all arrived at Fredericksburg at 10 P. M., but continued marching until 2 A. M. of the 23d; then with only two hours rest the march was resumed and continued until 2 A. M. of the 24th, reaching Milford Bridge; passed Bowling Green on fire--troops very tired; some good men fell out. On the 25th the regiment crossed the North Anna and formed a line of battle confronting the rebels and becoming a part of the Army of the Potomac. The Ninth was cordially received but with rather a free use of such terms as "Washington Gunners," "white-gloved soldiers," "bandbox regiment," etc., etc. The route from Belle Plain to the North Anna was a well beaten track strewn with broken wagons and dead mules.

On the 26th, the regiment was assigned to the Second Brigade, Third Division, Sixth Army Corps; the brigade commanded by Colonel B. F. Smith of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Ohio; the division by Brigadier General Ricketts, and the corps by General Wright. Now commenced a rapid march for the Pamunkey River and thence to Cold Harbor, where the corps arrived June 1st. On the march there was some heavy skirmishing and the Ninth

took its full share as flankers and skirmishers. On the 31st of May one battalion had been detached from the Ninth, consisting of Companies G, I, L and F, under command of Major Snyder, and was joined to the artillery brigade of the Sixth corps under command of Colonel Tompkins. By this detail this battalion escaped the terrible engagements of the 1st and 3d of June. The other two battalions of the Ninth were in those battles and were entitled to a handsome share of the compliments tendered to the division for its unflinching bravery in the following note :

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

TO MAJOR GENERAL WRIGHT:

Please give my thanks to Brigadier-General Ricketts and his gallant command for the very handsome manner in which they have conducted themselves to-day. The success attained by them is of great importance and if followed up will materially advance our positions.

Respectfully yours,  
GEORGE G. MEADE,  
Major-General Commanding.

On the first of June at 6 P. M. a general assault was made upon the rebel entrenchments. The Second brigade carried the works and captured several hundred prisoners. They held the works and forced the enemy back. During the night repeated attacks of the rebels failed to recover the works and with great loss to them.

On the 2d the captured works were altered and strengthened. Skirmishing and artillery firing continued. On the morning of the 3d the brigade moved forward about two hundred yards and entrenched themselves under a heavy fire, using their bayonets, tin-cups and plates instead of spades and shovels. At night the enemy made a fierce attack, but were repulsed, losing heavily in the attempt.

The battalion under Major Snyder, during the twelve days' stay at Cold Harbor, were encamped in the rear of the rifle pits and batteries of the artillery brigade. They were engaged in fatigue duty during the day time and in cutting timbers for use in the night, building new batteries between the lines of the opposing armies, that the Union forces might be moved still nearer the enemy. To erect these works they went out after dark and returned before daylight. At this work dead bodies of soldiers slightly covered were often

uncovered—no very pleasant incidents. The rebels, aware of what was going on, fired frequently at the parties, but in the dark the shells generally were too high, and besides, by watching the flash of the guns the shells might generally be dodged by dropping behind the embankment the men had already formed. The separation of the regiment was at first supposed to be temporary. All esteemed Colonel Seward and preferred to remain under his direct command. The Third battalion were aware that they had not had the rough usage which the others had received on the 1st and 3d of June, but they were disposed to be quiet about it as long as they were obeying orders. They were not anxious to get into such affairs unless duty required it.

At about 10 P. M. of the 12th of June the regiment with the Sixth corps resumed the march to the left. On the 13th it crossed the Chickahominy and encamped. On the 14th they arrived near Wilcox Landing on the James river. On the 15th Major Snyder's battalion crossed the James on Pontoon bridges and encamped about half a mile from the river near Fort Powhatan. Here the fields were covered with army wagons in all directions and a stream of them moved by all day of the 16th. Men short of rations lived on boiled wheat and parched corn and found fault with the officers for putting guards over the houses and wells of secessionists thus compelling the soldiers to use swamp water. The two battalions with the Third division, Sixth corps, moved to Wilcox Landing on the 16th of June, embarked on transports and at one in the morning landed at the point of rocks near Bermuda Hundreds. On the 19th the two battalions with the division rejoined the Sixth corps now before Petersburg.

The Third battalion at 10 P. M. of the 16th acting as flankers for the artillery brigade marched towards Petersburg and encamped within a few miles of that place on the 17th. The regiment remained with the Sixth corps before Petersburg until the 21st, a part of the time in sight of the city. The two battalions were occupied in advancing, skirmishing and entrenching. The one battalion was occupied in supporting the artillery brigade and that was engaged in firing upon the rebel batteries, generally giving them two or three

shots for one, or in hurling shot and shell into the city. On the 21st the corps moved to the extreme left of the army, south of the city; a part of the Third brigade, Second division, relieving the cavalry then engaged with the enemy. On the 29th the corps marched to Reams' Station, took position and entrenched. A detail of six hundred men from the brigade aided on the 30th in tearing up the railroad. Here the cattle guard dug up wine and plenty of other luxuries in a garden; the family complaining that they have nothing else left; the soldiers have taken it all. It is difficult to hide good things from soldiers.

On the night of the 30th the return march was commenced in much haste and July 2nd the old position left on the 29th of June was reoccupied. At this time it was very dry and dusty; dust pervaded everything.

July 6th the two battalions with the division marched for City Point and were transported to Baltimore, arriving on the 8th. They were immediately sent forward to Monocacy and on the 9th the battle of Monocacy was fought. Skirmishing began at 9 A. M. A division was pitted against a corps and for hours held their ground. The Ninth was brought into action about 3 P. M., although it had been under a galling fire all day and some twenty men were killed or wounded. The enemy finally advanced his lines so as to flank the Union left, breaking in suddenly. The whole Union line wavered and then gave way. It was impossible to rally them.

The Ninth were in a wheatfield near a fence. Neither party saw the other until they were almost in collision, when a volley was received that cut like a flame. The right began to give way. Colonel Seward, wounded in the arm, was also injured by the fall of his horse upon him. Lieutenant-Colonel Taft, in attempting to rally the men, received a shot which disabled him, and soon after the rebel line swept by and over him. He, with others, was taken to Frederick; but the Union cavalry charging upon the guard, drove them out, and the prisoners were again in Union hands.

The Ninth fell back to the defenses of Washington, having lost heavily. Meanwhile the one battalion under Major

Snyder, left in their old position south of Petersburg, were engaged day and night building rifle pits to protect the extreme left of the army until the night of the 8th, when tents were struck and an immediate march was made to City Point. It took all night. Dust was ankle deep. Even after daylight one man was undistinguishable from another save by size and form. All were of one color, like the original man, covered with, if not made "of the dust of the earth." July 9th, shipped for Washington and reached there on the morning of the 10th, Sunday. They landed at the foot of Sixth street, proceeded to the Soldiers' Rest, had dinner, and then, in pursuance of orders, marched to Fort Reno.

These were days of excitement at Washington. The Union forces in Maryland had been defeated and the enemy were advancing on the capital. As the troops marched up the street the news spread, "the Heavy Artillery are coming," and men and women thronged the streets. There were no soldiers in the forts north of Washington in whose ability to handle the guns they had any confidence. Soldiers were not odious then. "Boys, we are glad to see you," was the serious, joyous salutation of the men. Women cried for joy at the sight of these dusty soldiers. Girls brought water, ice and milk. Pies and cookies were offered. Nothing was too good for the soldiers. The soldiers marched on. Their arrival was none too soon. The battalion was distributed to several of the forts, Reno, De Russey, Stevens, and some intermediate batteries. The first night there, they were aroused to man the guns. On the 11th detachments were at the guns all day; the rebels making a demonstration in front of the forts with cavalry, light artillery and infantry.

There was skirmishing in front of Forts De Russey and Stevens, which gave the rebels a few shots from the hundred-pounders. On the 12th the enemy was still in front and Forts De Russey and Stevens engaged them. Reno gives them four or five guns and there is a sharp skirmish in front of De Russey that lasts well into the night. On the morning of the 13th all is quiet. The rebels are gone and by the clouds of dust it is seen that they are marching to our left and towards the Potomac with our cavalry in pursuit.



After the battle of Monocacy the First and Second battalions of the Ninth, with the Third division, marched to near Baltimore, and subsequently joined the Sixth corps at Washington; halting at Tenleytown and exchanging greetings with their comrades of the Third battalion. The two battalions participated in the pursuit of Early's army, crossing the Potomac at Chain Bridge and being engaged in skirmishing at Snicker's Gap, Charlestown, Halltown, and Smithfield in August. September 3d they went into camp near Berrysville, being joined to Sheridan's army. On the 16th they left camp and on the 19th participated in the battle of Opequan, near Winchester. In this battle Lieutenants Fish and Colvin were wounded. A son of Lieutenant Fish was killed while standing but a few feet from his father. A writer upon this battle says the regiment went in with about two hundred and fifty men and lost nearly seventy.

The two battalions were next detailed as guard of the wagon train and did not share in the battle of Fisher's Hill on the 21st, but proceeded with the army of Sheridan up the valley as far as Harrisburg. The Third battalion left in the defences north of Washington had no fighting after the 13th of July. They drilled six hours a day and maintained a strong picket guard sufficiently extended to keep an officer with his orderly all night on horseback to make the rounds. To the captain, Sunday was no day of rest but rather an opportunity to work upon his property accounts with the government, his muster rolls, his pay rolls and his tabulated statements. To the men, Sunday was a time to attend to personal necessities for which no leisure was given during the week. On the 26th of July the battalion was ordered to report to General Wright commanding Sixth corps, marched at night and on the 27th was overtaken by an orderly near Rockville who brought orders directing us to return to the defences of Washington. The order was obeyed and the battalion resumed its old position. They remained there until September 23d occupying in the meantime Forts Mansfield, Simmons, Reno, Bunker Hill and Batteries Vermont and Kimble, invoicing and receipting for all the government property on taking command of these posts and repeating all the process on taking leave.

At 11 P. M., September 22, Captain Wm. Wood, then in command of the battalion at Fort Bunker Hill (Major Snyder being away on leave of absence) received orders to have his battalion at the depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at daylight on the morning of the 23d with three days' cooked rations in their haversacks. It was quick work but the order was complied with. The battalion was transported to Harper's Ferry and arrived there in the night; marched through Harper's Ferry and Bolivar and encamped near Bolivar Heights. Here the battalion was attached to a provisional brigade under command of Colonel Keim of the One Hundred and Second New York Volunteers; marched up the valley of the Shenandoah, guarding trains; and on the 3rd of October joined the other battalions near Harrisburg with four hundred and fifty-three men and eleven officers. On this march up the valley several incidents are worth noticing as they were recorded in a soldier's diary:

"Saturday, Oct. 1st.—All the barns passed and all in sight are in flames. The Cavalry are passing down the valley with instructions to burn all the forage and grain and drive off all the stock. They pass with large herds."

This was a thickly settled farming country and the destruction was simply immense. It was a specimen of the awful scourge of war. Viewed from a national standpoint it was doubtless a necessary movement by which the very territory from whence Richmond and the Confederate army had for three years and more been fed was now made a bare desert. The officers in immediate command differed very much in their judgment of the policy of wholesale destruction. Said one old German Colonel after others had expressed their views: "Vell, Chentlemen, it is my opinion unqualifiedly that it is a piece of unmitigated tom foolery."

Commanders had strict orders not to allow the men to wander from the line of march. Passing a farm house where a barn had just been reduced to smoking embers, an officer hearing a wordy wrangle and seeing some soldiers about the house a few rods away, rode up and ordered the soldiers back to the lines. Two or three women were outside the door in sharp dispute with the men. The soldiers near were handing out chickens from under the porch. As the officers

came up, the women hoping he was come to their relief, changed their demeanor from scornful denunciation to supplication. Amid their tears one said :

“The men are to blame for this war, but we (the women) have to suffer for it. Our barns and grains are in ashes—our cows are driven off. They are taking these chickens, and we have nothing left.”

The orders for destruction were imperative. Such is war! Again from the diary we have :

“We live well upon the products of the valley, mutton, honey, syrup, chickens, eggs, biscuit, etc. Much more leisure than when in the defences of Washington.”

The regiment united with Sheridan's army and commenced to march down the Valley. The diary again says :

“We see behind us the rising smoke of many burning buildings, set on fire as we recede.”

The army arrived at Strasburg on the 8th and 9th of October. On the 10th, the Sixth Corps were detailed from Sheridan's army and marched to near Front Royal. On the 12th, Major Snyder returned from his leave of absence and took the command, which he retained until the regiment was disbanded. On the 13th, the regiment started to march by the way of Ashby's gap to Alexandria and Petersburg. The order was countermanded and they marched back to camp. The enemy were advancing on Sheridan. At two o'clock, A. M., of the 14th, the Ninth Artillery started by a forced march to rejoin Sheridan's army, then at Cedar Creek, near Middletown. They arrived the same day, and formed in line of battle. The rebels could be seen at work, and were supposed to be fortifying. On the the 16th and 17th, the troops were under arms at daylight. The 18th was very quiet,—a calm presaging the storm. On the morning of the 19th, a little before daylight, the unusual stillness of the night previous, was broken by a fierce musketry firing on the left of the Army, occupied by the Eighth Corps. Men and officers sprang to their feet. A mounted staff officer rode into camp at a break-neck speed, shouting: “Put the regiment in line of battle, immediately!” In less time than the story can be told the men were under arms in line of battle. A movement to the left was commenced, where

the fight commenced the hottest ; but as the enemy were along the whole front, the division was ordered back to take care of the right. The battle of Cedar Creek has been told by hundreds of pens. Let us follow the fortunes of the Ninth Artillery on that eventful day.

The enemy are beaten back at the first attack, and make no progress on the right, until the Union left has been routed, and the Third Division, being flanked, is ordered to retreat. They retreat? They "bout face!" and engage the enemy. They advance, breasting a storm of bullets. The enemy have again gained the flank, and even appear on the rear, and have begun firing into the rear of this persistent force that refuses to break ranks or cease fighting. A retreat is ordered. They slowly obey the order. Once more they face about and fight. Retreats and advances are repeated in quick succession. At one moment General Wright, his hat off and his face bleeding, rides past the lines of the Ninth, and orders an advance to re-take a position the enemy had gained on a rise of ground. Instantly this advance is begun, when a staff officer from the left dashes in, exclaiming, "If you do not retreat every man of you will be gobbled up." He is told that General Wright ordered it. "Where is General Wright?"

The General, not out of sight, is pointed out. After him he madly rides, and again a retreat is ordered and commenced. It was in this work of the morning that Captain Anson S. Wood, acting as a staff officer, had his horse shot from under him. It was in the midst of this struggle that Captain Brinkerhoff, finding his men moving too slow to suit his excited feelings, elbowed his way through the lines to the front, and waving his sword, shouted, "If you won't go, come!"

The ground was thus hotly contested for about a mile and a half, and until about ten o'clock, when the enemy ceased their infantry attacks and concentrated a hot artillery fire upon the troops. General Sheridan arrived,—a march to the rear was made ; a position chosen, the army reformed, and temporary breast-works of logs and rails provided. In this position the enemy made another attack, driving in the

pickets, but were handsomely repulsed. General Sheridan now rides down the lines, inspiring the hurrahs of each command as he passes. Swinging his hat in response to the ringing cheers, he shouts, "We will give them dollar for dollar yet, and more too."

At about 3 o'clock, P. M., a general advance is ordered, and is commenced. The enemy meet it with determined bravery. The Ninth are in a wood. The silent bullets, cutting leaf and twig, make a steady patter like the summer rain, or glance from the trees with a whizzing sound, seldom forgotten by one who has been within hearing.

The contest is a hot one. Upon a false order of retreat some retire, but the majority press onward. The enemy give way. The Union men retreating perceive the mistake and are brought up. The line of pursuit is closed firm. The step of the rebel is hastened—but they make one stand to hold the victory of the morning now fast slipping from their grasp. They rally upon a hill sheltered by a friendly stone wall.

The division, which included the Ninth, charge up to another stone wall on the opposite side of the field and then for an hour perhaps, is a sharp musketry fight between the two lines. To force the rebels out from behind that wall is the question. An order was received to charge across the field and drive them out. This is dangerous business unaided. To aid the movement a few brave fellows creep along a wall across the end of the field connecting the two walls behind which lay the opposing forces. In this way they gain the enemy's flank. Then subjected to a fire from that direction and charged upon in front, the rebels fly in confusion. The Union forces gaining the crest of the hill, look down upon the plain to the right of Middletown, and there behold a scene of unparalleled confusion. It is a stampede. General Early's army that had recently invaded Maryland and threatened Washington, and that had broke upon the Union camp that morning in all the pride of conscious power, is now a disorganized rabble, scattered over the fields. Dead and wounded horses and men dot all the grounds over many bloody acres. The Union forces push

on in sharp pursuit as long as daylight permits. Troops that had preserved their organization while facing a storm of bullets with wounded comrades falling around them, now lose it amid their fierce pursuit of the demoralized, panic-stricken enemy.

Night sets in as the troops approach the old camp which they had so unceremoniously left in the morning. Further pursuit by infantry is useless. The colors of the Ninth Artillery, the "Washington bandbox regiment," are planted upon the breastworks at the right of the turnpike, and then Major William Wood collects about him nearly half of the regiment and halts them till morning. The other half, under Lieutenant-Colonel Snyder, pass the night at the old camp, a short distance off and just across Marsh Creek. Neither portion know the whereabouts of the other until morning.

The day was one that no soldier who shared its perils and escaped with his life will ever forget. General J. Warren Keifer, commanding the Third Division of the Sixth Corps, in his official report of the battle of Cedar Creek, says of the regiment:

"The Ninth New York Heavy Artillery, commanded by Major James W. Snyder, for their noble behavior deserve to be specially mentioned. The regiment had several hundred conscripts and recruits who had just entered the regiment."

In the same report he says:

"Lieutenant-Colonel James W. Snyder and Major Charles Burgess, of the Ninth New York Heavy Artillery, together with many others, were particularly efficient in the discharge of their duties. \* \* \* Captain Anson S. Wood carried orders, faithfully and gallantly, in the thickest of the battle. \* \* \* Captain Orson Howard and Lieutenants Orson B. Carpenter and John Oldswager were killed while valiantly discharging their duties."

An incident is given of considerable interest. In the morning, while the fight was the hottest and wounded men were frequently going to the rear by thousands, or if necessary being helped there by others, an officer seeing a man break from the ranks and start for the rear, and fearing some might go who ought not, tapped him on the shoulder and demanded of him, "Where are you going?" The man having a woeful countenance pointed to his head and said, "O,

I am hit, I am hit." A bullet had cut a hole in his hat from which his hair protruded. The officer, lifting his hat, said to him, "O, you are all right, it hasn't drawn blood," whereupon the soldier smiled and willingly returned to the ranks.

On the 21st a detail of five hundred men was called for to guard prisoners at Winchester. This was placed in command of Major Burgess of the Ninth Artillery.

The army remained at Cedar Creek till the 9th of November, when it moved down the valley near Kemstown and went into camp, the place being named Camp Russell. At Cedar Creek after the battle the regiment had been engaged in maintaining a strong picket line and in foraging, going from four to ten miles for hay and grain, to supply the place, it might be thought, of that which had been burned. We quote again from an officer's diary :

"November 1st. Was detailed and went foraging. Found hay about seven miles from camp. Spared about half a ton to an old man who plead for it. 'I ask it,' he said, 'for charity's sake.' The men of either one or the other had taken almost all he had."

At Camp Russell a defensible position was chosen and fortified and winter quarters constructed. The enemy made a feint attack on the 13th of November.

On the 21st the Sixth Corps was reviewed by General Sheridan. From the diary we again quote: "November 26th. Went foraging in command of two hundred and fifty men, having seven wagons. Ordered a safeguard placed over the house, from the barn belonging to which we were taking hay. For this guard the woman was so furiously grateful as to embarrass me. Guerrillas took seven men and a negro; took their clothes, their money, their watches and paroled them. These men captured had stolen away from my army and attempted a little foraging on their own account. The wagons being loaded and started for camp, the guard following, as the officer was passing her house the woman said some soldiers were in the cellar, having eluded the guard; that they were taking the potatoes, of which she had not more than three bushels. A little fellow in the cellar, in a comical tone, cried out, 'Major, there are more than thirty bushels down here.' The woman's veracity being called in

question, she desired the officer to go down and see for himself. The officer, being more interested in keeping his command together, avoiding bushwhackers and getting back safely to camp than in ascertaining whether she was a woman of truth and veracity, quickly bid her good morning." Another foraging incident is worth mentioning. Hay having been found, the wagons were being loaded, while a guard was placed at the house by request of the woman. As the officer sat on his horse watching the loading and looking out that there should be no unnecessary delay, the woman of the house came suddenly to him complaining that soldiers were carrying off some pickles from the smoke house, and, "O," said she, "what shall I do for my poo-ar children." The officer ordered the pickles put under guard for her relief, but she soon came in greater haste.

"O sir, soldiers are carrying off some things I had hid in the woods and O what shall I do for my poor-r children." Sure enough, coming across a field from the woods was a string of soldiers, one with a ham on his bayonet, others with haversacks filled with apples, others still with jars of apple butter or of honey under their arms. Right or wrong they were allowed to keep what they had got but were not permitted to go back for more.

At Camp Russell the regiment was posted upon the extreme right of the army. An officer of an Ohio regiment in the Second Brigade fond of milk, had gratified his taste for that luxury by keeping a cow. She had marched down the valley with the brigade. One day old Boss wandered while feeding, beyond the right of the line. A soldier contemplating less her milk producing qualities than her capacity for beef shot her and added fresh beef to the rations of himself and friends. The Ohio officer thenceforward drank his coffee without milk.

In constructing winter quarters a soldier needed something to hold up the bricks over his fireplace. Searching around a farmer's premises near by he discovered an iron bar which he carried off. The owner who had his eyes upon him contented himself with saying "I wonder what there is a soldier don't want." The diary says under date of Novem-



ber 28th. "On picket; make my headquarters at Mr. Chamberlain's who is nervous for fear the soldiers will tear down his barn for lumber."

On the morning of Dec. 3d, the regiment with the brigade marched to Stevenson's Depot beyond Winchester and were shipped by rail on coal and cattle cars to Washington, accommodations supposed to be good enough for soldiers and certainly preferable to marching if unfortunately they had not been lousy as the result of previous occupation. The only consolation (except scratching) was that it was *not much of a soldier who had never been lousy.*" Passed through Washington on the 4th and at noon went on board steamboats for City Point; arriving there at noon on the 5th at 6 P. M. of the same day took the cars for the front south of Petersburg. On the 7th the brigade relieved part of the Fifth Corps on the front lines, the right resting on the Welton railroad. On the 8th of December the Second Battalion now composed of companies A, C, L, H and K under Major Wm. Wood was detached and ordered to garrison Fort Wadsworth on the railroad. Duties as follows: Guard, picket and fatigue; also to have twenty-five men in the fort awake all night and the whole battalion to be under arms and in position at the guns from fifteen minutes past five o'clock in the morning until the sun was one-half hour high. On the 9th the balance of the regiment with a brigade went on a reconnoissance to Hatcher's Run; laid down for the night without covering to find themselves in the morning blanketed with snow and frozen sleet. Winter quarters were here constructed by the regiment, at the same time doing heavy guard and picket duty.

December 20th the men being very short of rations, the men of the Second Battalion made a raid *on the sutler* and cleaned him out. December 31st the rebels made a raid on the picket line killing two and capturing twenty of the regiment. February 9th the regiment with the brigade again moved and occupied a position on that part of the line which included Forts Fisher, Welch and Gregg and now constructed winter quarters for the third time. They also performed much garrison, guard and picket duty; one tenth of

the command being kept in the trenches and forts by day and by night. The camp and quarters were within easy musket range of the enemy's works, and in full view of his camps. At one point the pickets of the opposing forces were so near to each other as one hundred yards, and men from each side met between the lines while procuring fuel. Stories were told of their engaging in chopping bees upon the same tree. If one of our men wished to address one upon the other side he called out "Johnnie." If this address was the other way the name was "Yank." Newspapers were sometimes exchanged. Coffee, which the rebels lacked was bartered for tobacco of which they had plenty.

Until the 25th of March by a tacit understanding picket firing was seldom indulged in. Deserters from the enemy frequently came into our lines. On the 25th of March the Second Brigade was ordered to charge upon and capture the rebels entrenched picket line. Such troops were taken as could be spared from the main works.

The Second Battalion of the Ninth then encamped in the rear of the main line as a reserve was ordered to take part in the action. Major William Wood being absent on leave, Lieutenant-Colonel Snyder was ordered to the command. Of him the brigade commander in his report said: "He lead his men with great gallantry. Over two hundred prisoners were taken and coveted entrenchments were secured." The action over, our pickets began to be as unmindful exposing themselves as before. William Rand of Company G, getting upon the breast-work was shot and killed. This so enraged our men that no rebel was allowed to show his head above the breast-works without having a bullet sent through it, unless the aim failed. As spring advanced unusual activity was manifested on both sides. On the night of April 1st, as soon as it was dark enough to conceal operations from the enemy, the camps became an indescribable scene of activity. Tents are struck; baggage packed; wagons loaded, and the trains moved off rearward. The ground is cleared except of the inevitable rubbish. The different commands are formed in line and await further orders. Perhaps the soldiers had a moment to think of home and

friends and of what the morrow may bring forth. It is evident that it is no ordinary event which is about to transpire. As the night advances the roar of cannon and the tempest of musketry increases until the very ground trembles. At about midnight the troops slowly, cautiously and as noiselessly as possible moved out through their own line of defenses and leave them behind. The rebels seemed to be aware that something was going on and to be as suspicious and irascible as hornets whose nest has been disturbed. Some men were killed while moving out. Much difficulty was experienced from a deep swamp which had to be passed, but the assigned position was taken about 3 A. M. of April 2d and the brigade formed in three lines of battle, the Ninth Heavy Artillery occupying the second of the lines. The troops lie down and await the expected assault.

At 4 o'clock a boom of artillery from Fort Fisher is the signal, and the commands, "Up, men!" "Forward!" follow quickly. The enemy's picket line is driven in without firing a gun, and the whole command presses forward against the enemy's main works, from which blaze musketry and artillery. Grape shot are met bounding on the ground; their shells go too high; the abattis and ditch are passed and the parapet is mounted. At points hand-to-hand conflicts ensue; many of the confederates throw down their arms, surrender easily, and seem glad to be sent to the rear of the Union lines.

An entrance into their works being effected a two-gun battery first falls into Union hands. The next to the left is a four-gun battery, which bears with deadly effect upon the captors of the other. The voice of General Keifer is heard: "*Boys, we must take that Battery!*" The officer in immediate command repeats: "*Boys, General Kiefer says we must take that Battery.*" A charge upon the double-quick was made and the Union forces were in possession. Another four-gun battery was taken, and the Confederates, rallying, re-took and held it for a little time. General Keifer in his report of this action says:

"At this juncture, I directed Major William Wood and Brevet-Major S. B. Lamareaux, of the Ninth New York Artillery, to place in position a four-gun battery, captured

from the enemy, which they were prompt in doing, and fired with good effect."

They also brought up and put in position the two guns first captured. The retaken fort, after a duel of about one-half hour, in which the Union men worked the rebel guns against them, was re-captured and permanently held. In it was found a corporal with his head shot away, and several cannoniers killed or severely wounded. The whole division swept along the enemy's fortifications to the left as far as Hatcher's Run, capturing many prisoners and twelve pieces of artillery. From Hatcher's Run the troops were hastened back, passed the place where the first attack was made, and formed fronting Petersburg, and supporting the Ninth Army Corps. Here they bivouacked for the night. *Such was the work of Sunday, April 2d, 1865.*

General Keifer closes his report of this action with words of commendation for his officers and men, mentioning some of them by name. He says:

"It is due to Lieutenant-Colonel James W. Snyder, to Major William Wood and Major Anson S. Wood, to Brevet-Major S. B. Lamareaux, of the Ninth New York Heavy Artillery, that their brilliant services should be acknowledged here." \* \* \* \*

"So nearly at the same time were the colors of the One Hundred and Tenth Ohio, Ninth New York Artillery, Sixty-seventh Pennsylvania and Sixth Maryland planted upon the enemy's works, that each claimed the honor of being the first."

\* \* \* "Sergeant Judah Taylor, Company A, Ninth New York Artillery, is reported by his regimental commander as having captured a battle-flag."

The correspondent of the New York *Herald* in the issue of April 5th, 1865, says:

"At this time it may be as well to mention the name of another officer who distinguished himself for gallantry of action. This was Major William Wood, of the Ninth Regiment of New York Artillery, who led a charge which resulted in the capture of a rebel fort containing four guns."

On the morning of the 3d, the good news was received that Petersburg was evacuated. The march was then commenced towards Burkeville Junction, and in pursuit of the retreating enemy. The pursuit was continued on the 4th, 5th and 6th. Frequently when there was a halt some good

news of the success of the other portions of the army was read, when hats would be flung into the air, and cheers would respond to the welcome tidings. The spirit of the soldier was at flood tide now. On the night of the 5th a position was reached where it was thought the enemy would be likely to give battle, and the time, far into the night, was spent in entrenching. On the morning of the 6th, after a march of about three miles in the direction that the enemy had been concentrated, it was found that they had withdrawn and were moving still further to the left in an attempt to evade an engagement. The pursuit was resumed. At about three P. M. the enemy was overtaken and the battle of Sailor's Creek followed. The Second Brigade to which the Ninth Artillery belonged was in advance of the corps and immediately made a charge upon the enemy, whose policy now was to avoid a fight when he could, but he fought desperately when brought to bay. The charge was made over fields and fences, through woods and swamps, and against a severe fire from the enemy's musketry. Their artillery was also throwing grape and canister. At one time a halt was ordered, that the cavalry might charge. But the cavalry did not charge. The troops were then upon elevated ground, an open field in front sloping down to a bushy ravine, beyond which was another cleared field sloping upwards again where the enemy was re-forming his lines to make a stand. A cavalryman was heard to say, "It is murder to charge that line—see, they are waiting for us!"

*The infantry charged.* The enemy, after making an obstinate resistance, were routed and many prisoners taken.

In his official report of this fight, the Brigade Commander says :

"During the entire day's operations, Lieutenant-Colonel James W. Snyder showed great skill, judgment and bravery.

"Major William Wood while leading his battalion in a charge received a dangerous wound from a canister shot in the face.

"Majors Anson S. Wood, S. B. Lamareaux and Captains George W. Brinkerhoff, Henry J. Rhodes and Chauncey Fish, are among the many who did their duty nobly.

“Captain J. W. Johnson, Ninth New York Artillery, acting Aid-de-camp, serving upon Brigade staff, was particularly active, efficient and brave.”

The troops moved about two and one-half miles from the battle field following the remnant of Lee's retreating army and bivouacked for the night. At 10 P. M. of the 7th of April, they crossed the Appomattox river at Fairville, and encamped for the night. The pursuit continued until the 9th when General Lee's army, the pride of the confederacy surrendered. On the 11th the march was resumed, and on the 13th the Sixth Corps went into camp at Burkville. On the 23d a forced march was commenced towards Dansville in compliance with orders from Washington to push through as rapidly as possible and assist in the capture of General Joe Johnston's army. The force arrived at Dansville on the 27th and halted as General Johnston had surrendered to Sherman on the 26th. They remained at Dansville until the 16th of May, when they removed by rail to Richmond. On the 24th of May, the Ninth Artillery was received with the corps in Richmond and commenced the march for Washington; arrived after a tiresome march at Ball's cross-roads, four miles from Washington on the 3d of June. The regiment remained with the corps and participated in the grand review in the streets of Washington on the 8th of June. The other regiments of the brigade except the Ninth Artillery were mustered out. The Ninth was transferred to the defences of Washington. However willing the men had been to remain in these defences before they had been to the front, to stay there now was irksome and distasteful. They were tired of the fuss and feathers of war-like parades. The regiment garrisoned the forts north of Georgetown. Lieutenant-Colonel Snyder's headquarters were at Fort Reno; Major William Wood's Battalion was at the Batteries Vermont and Kimball. July 6th the Regiment was mustered out and had transportation to Syracuse, where on the 22d of the month they were paid off and disbanded. Some men of the Ninth who had longer to serve were transferred to the Second Artillery on the 27th of June, and served until the 29th of September.

The summary of casualties of the regiment while in active service at the front, and with the Second Brigade, Third

Division, Sixth Army Corps, shows a greater aggregate than that of any other regiment of the brigade. It was a larger regiment it is true, but the summary covers for the other regiments a much longer term. While in the brigade a little more than a year, there were *fourteen officers and two hundred and four men killed*; sixteen officers and five hundred and ninety enlisted men wounded; aggregate of killed and wounded, eight hundred and twenty-four. If it was true (which the men of this regiment do not admit) that they had an easy time in the defences of Washington, it may well be submitted whether they did not amply make up for it in their subsequent active career.

The report of the Adjutant-General for 1868 makes the following summary statement:

This regiment (originally the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth New York Volunteer Infantry) was organized at New York to serve for three years. It was mustered into the service as such Sept. 8, 1862. A new company was afterwards organized and attached to this regiment and the Twenty-second New York Independent Battery was transferred thereto in 1863 as companies L and M. The organization was raised in the counties of Cayuga and Wayne (Twenty-Fifth Senate district) except Company M which was raised in the county of Niagara. The regiment was consolidated into four companies and transferred to the Second Regiment New York Artillery as companies I, K, L and M, June 27, 1865. The officers rendered supernumerary were mustered out of service. The same report specifies the battles which the regiment was entitled to have inscribed upon its banners as: Cold Harbor; Petersburg; Monocacy; Opequan, and Cedar Creek; but as usual the rules by which official reports seem to be made, omit a large number of engagements and skirmishes in which the regiment shared.

The following complete official roster of all the commissioned officers is furnished as a matter of general information in a condensed form, although it repeats names appearing elsewhere in separate town lists and also includes others from Cayuga county and Niagara:

## OFFICIAL ROSTER.

## ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Colonels:			
Joseph Welling.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 27,'62	Resigned May 21, '64.
William H. Seward, Jr.....	May 31,'64	May 21,'64	Promoted to Brig.-Gen. Oct. 4, '64.
Edwin P. Taft.....	Sept. 15,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
J. W. Snyder.....	Dec. 27,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Not mustered as Col.
Lieutenant-Colonels:			
William H. Seward, Jr.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 22,'62	Promoted to Col. May 31, '64.
Edwin P. Taft.....	June 23,'64	May 21,'64	Promoted to Col. Sept. 15, '64.
James W. Snyder.....	Sept. 15,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65. (Rev.-Col. U. S. V.)
William Wood.....	Dec. 27,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Not mustered as Lieut.-Col.
Majors:			
Edwin P. Taft.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. June 23, '64.
Truman Gregory.....	June 10,'64	May 21,'64	Not mustered, deceased.
William Wood.....	June 28,'64	June 28,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation, June 27, '65. (Brev. Lieut.-Col. U. S. V.)
Anson S. Wood.....	Jan. 13,'65	Nov. 28,'64	Resigned May 16, '65. (Brev. Lieut.-Col. U. S. V.)
William R. Wasson.....	Dec. 31,'62	Dec. 30,'62	Discharged June 12, '63.
Charles Burgess.....	Jan. 11,'64	Jan. 8, '64	
Sullivan B. Lamoreaux.....	Feb. 28,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery, June 27, '65. (Brev. Lieut.-Col. U. S. V.)
James Snyder.....	Dec. 31,'62	Dec. 30,'62	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Sept. 15, '64.
Irwin Squyer.....	Nov. 19,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Discharged May 17, '65.
Adjutant:			
William R. Wasson.....	Sept. 10,'62	Sept. 3,'62	Promoted to Major Dec. 31, '62.
Quartermasters:			
Henry P. Knowles.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 19,'62	Promoted to C. S. Sept. 20, '64.
Lewis Barton.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Surgeons:			
Samuel A. Sabin.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 23,'62	Discharged Jan. 11, '65.
Dwight S. Chamberlain.....	Jan. 21,'65	Jan. 20,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.



## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>Assistant Surgeons:</b>			
Byron De Witt.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 28,'62	Resigned Aug. 19, '63.
Byron L. Flower.....	Sept. 11,'63	Sept. 7,'63	Died Oct. 24, '63, of disease.
John W. Brant.....	Nov. 20,'63	Nov. 12,'63	Discharged Dec. 15, '64.
Otto Schultze.....	Mar. 22,'65	Mar. 16,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
A. P. Crafts.....	.....	Sept. 25,'62	Not mustered, declined.
Dwight S. Chamberlain.....	Nov. 7,'62	Nov. 5,'62	Promoted to Surgeon Jan. 21, '65.
Edward Malone.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 18,'65	Not mustered.
<b>Chaplains:</b>			
Warham Mudge.....	Sept. 10,'62	Sept. 9,'62	Resigned Sept. 28, '64.
Stephen T. Devoe.....	Nov. 28,'64	Nov. 17,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
<b>Captains:</b>			
James W. Snyder.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 9,'62	Promoted to Major Dec. 31, '62.
James H. Hyde.....	Jan. 22,'63	Dec. 30,'62	Discharged Dec. 27, '64.
George W. Brinkerhoff.....	Feb. 18,'65	Dec. 27,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation. (Brev.-Maj. U. S. V.)
Truman Gregory.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Died June 23, '64, of wounds.
Sullivan B. Lamoreaux.....	June 23,'64	May 21,'64	Promoted to Major Feb. 28, '65.
Joseph W. Jewhurst.....	Feb. 28,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation, June 27, '65.
Loyal W. Alden.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Resigned Feb. 14, '63.
Harvey W. Follett.....	Feb. 17,'63	Feb. 10,'63	Discharged Sept. 14, '64.
Marshall B. Burke.....	Nov. 30,'64	Sept. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Charles L. Lyon.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 22,'62	Discharged Feb. 17, '64.
Nelson F. Strickland.....	May 16,'64	Feb. 16,'64	Discharged Nov. 28, '64.
Chauncey Fish.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65. (Brev.-Major U. S. V.)
Selah Cornwell.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'65	Died Nov. 1, '62, of disease.
Henry Roesselle.....	Nov. 29,'62	Nov. 28,'62	Promoted to Major Fifteenth N. Y. Cavalry Mar. 17, '64.
William Hawley.....	May 16,'64	Mar. 17,'62	Discharged Sept. 14, '64.
Orson Howard.....	Sept. 28,'64	Sept. 28,'64	Killed in action at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, '64.
John Tift.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Charles Burgess.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to Major Jan. 11, '64.
George W. Bacon.....	Jan. 16,'64	Jan. 8,'64	Discharged Aug. 18, '64.
Lewis D. Williams.....	Aug. 15,'64	Aug. 15,'64	Not mustered as Capt.
John F. Stewart.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
William Wood.....	Sept. 16,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to Major June 28, '64.
Daniel B. Harmon.....	Sept. 28,'64	June 28,'64	Discharged Nov. 16, '64.
Henry J. Rhodes.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65. (Brev.-Major U. S. V.)
John L. Crane.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 25,'62	Discharged Nov. 29, '64.
William J. Parish.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 29,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Hugh Hughes.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 25,'62	Resigned Nov. 12, '64.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Philip R. Freeoff.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 12,'64	Discharged May 15, '65.
Irvin Squyer.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 27,'62	Promoted to Major Nov. 19,'64.
Dennis E. Flynn.....	Nov. 30,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
John D. Human.....	Oct. 24,'62	Sept. 4,'62	Discharged Apr. 15, '63.
Anson S. Wood.....	May 21,'63	Apr. 14,'63	Promoted to Major Jan. 13, '65.
John S. McMaster.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 28,'64	Not mustered as Capt.
Frank A. Sinclair.....	Feb. 28,'64	Feb. 15,'64	Discharged Nov. 28, '64.
S. Augustus Howe.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
First Lieutenants:			
James H. Hyde.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 9,'62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 22, '63.
Rufus M. Campbell.....	Jan. 22,'63	Dec. 13,'62	Discharged Oct. 4, '64.
George W. Brinkerhoff.....	Nov. 19,'64	Oct. 25,'64	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 13, '65.
Benjamin F. Barnes.....	Feb. 18,'65	Dec. 27,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Jakeway R. Hoff.....	Mar. 24,'64	Mar. 1,'64	Discharged Oct. 3, '64.
Emmett Stafford.....	Nov. 19,'64	Oct. 3,'64	
Charles W. Hough.....	May 16,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Nelson F. Strickland.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 16,'64.
Asahel M. Abbey.....	May 16,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Discharged Sept. 28, '64.
Philip R. Freeoff.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Promoted to Capt. May 18, '65.
Samuel F. Harris.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Harvey Follett.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 17, '63.
Marshall B. Burke.....	Feb. 17,'63	Feb. 10,'63	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 30,'64.
William W. Sinclair.....	Nov. 30,'64	Sept. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
John W. Rice.....	Apr. 9,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Anson S. Wood.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 22,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 21, '63.
Samuel C. Redgrave.....	May 21,'63	Apr. 14,'63	Discharged Apr. 1, '64.
Charles D. Lent.....	May 16,'64	May 17,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Lewis D. Williams.....	Sept. 23,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Discharged Nov. 28, '64.
Orin B. Carpenter.....	Aug. 15,'64	Aug. 15,'64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
John F. Stewart.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Promoted to Col. Feb. 18, '65.
Robert Finley.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Seth F. Swift.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Discharged Feb. 23, '64.
George P. Rnapp.....	May 16,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Robert L. Daniells.....	June 17,'65	Mar. 28,'65	Not mustered as First Lieut.
William J. Parish.....	May 16,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 24, '64.
Almond Holcomb.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 29,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
George W. Bacon.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 16, '64.
Weston E. Allen.....	Jan. 28,'64	Jan. 8,'64	
Joseph S. Bixby.....	Feb. 18,'65	Dec. 17,'64	Not mustered.
Sullivan B. Lamoreaux.....	Aug. 10,'63	July 31,'63	Promoted to Capt. June 23, '64.
John B. Baker.....	Nov. 3,'64	Nov. 3,'64	Discharged Jan. 31, '65.
James D. Knapp.....	Feb. 28,'65	Feb. 17,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
William Hawley.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to Capt. May 16, '64.
James H. Ellis.....	May 16,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Died July 9, '64, of wounds.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
John Tift.....	July 9, '64	July 9, '64	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 30, '64.
Horace Babcock.....	Nov. 30, '64	Nov. 14, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Vincent E. Kenyon.....	Feb. 18, '65	Feb. 3, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Henry J. Rhodes.....	Nov. 30, '64	Nov. 14, '64	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 18, '65.
Josiah T. Crittenden.....	Feb. 18, '65	Nov. 12, '64	Discharged May 20, '65.
Tennis Vosburgh.....	Sept. 10, '62	Aug. 25, '65	Resigned Dec. 30, '62.
Daniel B. Harmon.....	Jan. 14, '63	Dec. 30, '62	Promoted Sept. 28, '64.
Sidney A. Colvin.....	Sept. 28, '64	Sept. 28, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Philip P. Tyndall.....	Dec. 24, '64	Nov. 28, '64	Discharged by reason of consolidation.
John S. McMaster.....	May 16, '64	Mar. 17, '64	Discharged Mar. 25, '65.
James A. Bowles.....	Feb. 18, '65	Nov. 28, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Orson Howard.....	Sept. 10, '62	Aug. 25, '62	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 28, '64.
George R. Watson.....	Sept. 28, '64	Sept. 28, '64	Resigned June 1, '65.
Lyman C. Comstock.....	Feb. 13, '64	Feb. 6, '64	Discharged June 14, '65.
Dennis E. Flynn.....	Sept. 10, '62	Aug. 27, '62	Promoted to Capt. Nov. 30, '64.
Reuben Burton.....	Nov. 30, '64	Sept. 15, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
George H. Pidge.....	Apr. 13, '64	Apr. 4, '64	Discharged Sept. 12, '64.
Philip Sturge.....	Nov. 19, '64	Sept. 12, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
John W. Fitzpatrick.....	Feb. 18, '65	Feb. 3, '65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Charles Cowell.....	Feb. 28, '65	Feb. 17, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Melancthon W. Brown....	Oct. 24, '62	Sept. 4, '62	Discharged Apr. 16, '63.
Robert C. Worthington.....	May 21, '63	Apr. 16, '63	Resigned Jan. 29, '64.
William E. Greenwood.....	Feb. 13, '64	Jan. 29, '64	Discharged Sept. 12, '64.
Chauncey Fish.....	Nov. 19, '64	Sept. 12, '64	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 24, '64.
William H. Forth.....	Dec. 24, '64	Nov. 28, '64	Not mustered as First Lieut.
Lendall H. Bigelow.....	Mar. 10, '65	Mar. 10, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
William D. W. Pringle.....	Oct. 27, '62	Sept. 4, '62	Discharged Oct. 28, '64.
Guy A. Brown.....	Nov. 28, '64	Oct. 28, '64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65. (Brev.-Capt. U. S. V.)
S. Augustus Howe.....	Dec. 10, '63	Dec. 6, '63	Promoted to Capt. Dec. 24, '64.
Benjamin J. Yard.....	Dec. 27, '64	Nov. 28, '64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Joseph W. Jewhurst.....	Feb. 23, '64	Feb. 15, '64	Promoted to Capt. Feb. 28, '65.
George W. Swift.....	Feb. 28, '65	Feb. 3, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Lewis Barton.....		Feb. 3, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Second Lieutenants:			
Rufus M. Campbell.....	Sept. 10, '62	Aug. 9, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 27, '63.
Jakeway R. Hoff.....	Feb. 12, '63	Dec. 30, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Mar. 24, '64.
Henry J. Rhoades.....	Mar. 24, '64	Mar. 1, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '64.
Vincent E. Kenyon.....	Nov. 30, '64	Nov. 14, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 18, '65.
Oscar E. Foote.....	Feb. 18, '65	Feb. 3, '65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
George W. Brinkerhoff.....	Mar. 24, '64	Mar. 1, '64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 19, '64.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
John W. Fitzpatrick.....	Nov. 19,'64	Nov. 25,'65	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 18, '65.
Francis J. Hoag.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged June 14, '65.
William E. Greenwood.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 13, '64.
Charles W. Hough.....	Mar. 30,'64	Feb. 15,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. May 16, '64.
Almond Holcomb.....	July 16,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 24, '64.
James A. Bowles.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 29,'64	Discharged Mar. 29, '65.
Gilbert Conklin.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 28,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Reuben Burton.....	Apr. '64	Apr. 5,'64	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
David H. Stone.....	Nov. 30,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Killed in action at Petersburg, Va., Jan. 14, '64.
George E. Clows.....	Jan. 21,'65	Jan. 20,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Marshall B. Burke.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 14,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 17, '63.
Lyman C. Comstock.....	Feb. 17,'63	Feb. 10,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 13, '64.
James H. Ellis.....	Mar. 30,'64	Feb. 15,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. May 16, '64.
Edward Nash.....	May 23,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Not mustered.
John M. Allen.....	May 17,'64	Mar. 24,'64	Discharged Mar. 6, '65.
Truman S. Harvey.....	Mar. 30,'65	Feb. 28,'65	Resigned June 14, '65.
Samuel C. Redgrave.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 22,'62	Discharged April 1, '64.
Orrin B. Carpenter.....	May 21,'63	Apr. 14,'63	Killed in action Oct. 19, '64.
John Oldswager.....	Sept. 28,'64	Aug. 15,'64	Killed in action Oct. 19, '64.
William E. Jaqueth.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Not mustered.
Samuel Lape.....	Feb. 17,'64	Feb. 17,'64	Dismissed Oct. 8, '64.
William J. Hitchcock.....	Nov. 30,'64	Sept. 12,'64	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
George Stoyell.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Died Jan. 21, '63, of disease.
John Tift.....	Jan. 29,'63	Jan. 21,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. July 9, '64.
William H. Forth.....	July 9,'64	July 9,'64	Discharged Feb. 19, '65.
Cyrus Acker.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Not mustered.
Horace B. Babcock.....	Feb. 29,'64	Feb. 25,'64	Discharged Dec. 21, '64.
Samuel F. Harris.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 18, '65.
David Becker.....	Feb. 18,'65	Nov. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Sullivan B. Lamoreaux.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Aug. 10, '63.
Weston E. Allen.....	Aug. 10,'63	July 31,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 28, '64.
Albert B. Norton.....	Jan. 28,'64	Jan. 8,'64	Discharged Mar. 12, '64.
Philip Sturge.....	Mar. 30,'64	Mar. 14,'64	Discharged Feb. 2, '65.
Michael McNulty.....	Nov. 19,'64	Sept. 12,'64	Discharged Mar. 6, '65.
Charles Robinson.....	Mar. 30,'65	Feb. 28,'65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Emmett Stafford.....	Aug. '63	Aug. 1,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 19, '64.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Robert L. Daniels.....	Dec. 30,'64	Dec. 30,'64	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Seymour Woodward.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 24,'62	Resigned Feb. 25, '64.
James W. Tift.....	Mar. 5,'64	Mar. 10,'64	Discharged Nov. 28, '64.
Ezra H. Calkins.....	Dec. 22,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Charles W. Squires.....	Feb. 28,'64	Feb. 15,'65	Discharged Jan. 4, '65.
George B. Voorhies.....	Jan. 17,'65	Jan. 4,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Daniel B. Harmon.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 25,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 14, '63.
Vincent Agnet.....	Feb. 11,'63	Dec. 30,'62	Not mustered, deceased.
Theodore D. Quick.....	Dec. 24,'64	Dec. 24,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Charles D. Lent.....	June 19,'63	June 10,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. May 16, '64.
Benson Conklin.....	May 17,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Discharged Dec. 24, '64.
Thomas J. Chaddock.....	Feb. 18,'65	Dec. 23,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Sidney T. Colvin.....	Jan. 25,'64	Jan. 25,'64	Discharged Dec. 19, '64.
John F. Stewart.....	Sept. 28,'64	Sept. 28,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '64.
Lewis Barton.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 30, '65.
John C. Elmendorf.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Philip R. Freeoff.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 25,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '64.
Robert Finley.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 18, '65.
H. Hill Wheeler, Jr.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.
Charles P. Patterson.....	Feb. 17,'64	Feb. 6,'64	Discharged Sept. 24, '64.
Philip P. Tindall.....	Nov. 19,'64	Sept. 15,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 24, '64.
Henry Rowland.....	Dec. 24,'64	Dec. 1,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65. (Brev.-Capt. N. Y. V.)
George Preston Knapp.....	Sept. 10,'62	Aug. 27,'62	Discharged Mar. 28, '65.
George E. Chappel.....	May 11,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Discharged Feb. 4, '65.
George W. Swift.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 4,'65	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 28, '65.
William H. McIntyre.....	Feb. 28,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Chauncey Fish.....	Mar. 16,'64	Feb. 6,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 19, '64.
Edmond Young.....	Nov. 19,'64	Sept. 12,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
Robert Worthington.....	Oct. 24,'62	Sept. 4,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. May 21, '63.
Asahel M. Abbey.....	May 21,'63	Apr. 16,'63	Promoted to First Lieut. May 16, '64.
George C. Monroe.....	May 23,'64	Mar. 17,'64	Not mustered.
John Robinson.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Transferred to Second N. Y. Artillery June 27, '65.

## NINTH HEAVY ARTILLERY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Edwin P. Clark.....	Oct. 11,'62	Sept. 4,'62	Discharged Sept. 4, '62.
William J. Parish.....	May 21,'63	Sept. 4,'62	Promoted to First Lieut. May 16, '64.
Stillwell J. Grandy.....	May 28,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Discharged Nov. 16, '64.
Henry C. Stern.....	Dec. 7,'64	Dec. 6,'64	Discharged Mar. 30, '65.
Stephen V. R. Cole.....	Feb. 17,'64	Feb. 17,'64	Discharged May 6, '64.
Benjamin J. Yard.....	May 16,'64	Apr. 4,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 24, '64.
Josiah T. Crittenden.....	Dec. 24,'64	Nov. 28,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Feb. 18, '65.
Benjamin F. Hoffman.....	Feb. 18,'65	Feb. 3,'65	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
William W. Sinclair.....	Feb. 23,'64	Feb. 15,'64	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '64.
Arthur W. Marshall.....	Nov. 30,'64	Nov. 14,'64	Discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.

## THE TWENTY-SECOND CAVALRY.

This was formed in the fall of 1863, and quite a number of veterans were enrolled in its ranks. Men who had served two years and been discharged early in the summer of 1863, displayed a patriotism highly commendable in being willing again to enter the service. The companies of which the Twenty-second was composed were raised in Monroe, Erie, Chautauqua, Livingston, Steuben, Onondaga, Orleans, Wayne, Chenango, Delaware and Otsego. James C. Van-Marter was the most active promoter of enlistments in Wayne Co., and he became captain of Company H, in the ranks of which our men were enrolled. The regiment rendezvoused at Rochester and completed its organization there. It was mustered into service February, 1864, and out August 1, 1865. Its record, though brief, is brilliant. Samuel J. Crooks was commissioned Colonel, May 4, 1864. June 13th the regiment was engaged across the Chickahominy for several hours as the advance of the brigade. Line was formed and the fire of the enemy promptly returned till his withdrawal. The loss was thirty killed and wounded. While upon a raid the Twenty-second was encamped at Ford's Station; its four squadrons were placed two on each side of the road, at an interval. The position had scarcely been

taken, when a body of the enemy charged upon the advance squadrons. When within easy carbine range, the men fired and checked the onset. When taking the road, they fell back to the rear of the other squadrons and showed the same front as previously. The enemy regarding themselves as victors, charged again, were roughly handled, and withdrew. The Twenty-second was brigaded with the Eighth and Fifteenth New York and Third Indiana, as the First Brigade, Third Cavalry Division. An order issued April 9, 1865, at Appomattox Court House, by General G. A. Custar, commanding, outlines the action of the Twenty-second, in common with their gallant comrades of the division:

“During the past six months, although in most instances confronted with superior numbers, you have captured from the enemy, in open battle, one hundred and eleven pieces of field artillery, sixty-five battle-flags, and upwards of ten thousand prisoners of war, including seven general officers. You have never lost a gun, never lost a color, and have never been defeated; and notwithstanding numerous engagements in which you have borne a prominent part, including those memorable battles of the Shenandoah, you have captured every piece of artillery which the enemy has dared to open upon you.

“And now speaking for myself alone, when the war is ended and the work of the historian begins, when those deeds of daring, which have rendered the name and fame of the Third Cavalry Division imperishable, are inscribed upon the bright pages of our country's history, I only ask that my name may be written as that of the commander of the Third Cavalry Division.”

#### FIRST REGIMENT VETERAN CAVALRY.

The time for which the two-years' men were to serve having expired in May and June 1863, they returned home; but many of them very soon after began to re-enlist forming regiments specially designated as “veteran.” Among these was the First Regiment of Veteran Cavalry in which quite a number of Wayne county men enlisted.

This regiment was organized at Geneva, New York, to serve three years, and was composed of men from Ontario, Seneca, Wayne, Monroe, Erie and Chemung. By the last of September, 1863, eight hundred men had rendezvoused at Camp Sherrill. Of these, about three hundred were of the

Seventeenth New York Cavalry consolidated with Taylor's Veterans, and with them about one hundred men recruited at Rochester for the Fourteenth Heavy Artillery, but transferred to this command. The regiment was mustered into the service of the United States from July 25 to November 19, 1863, and contained ten full companies and one thousand one hundred and forty men. The list of regimental officers gives the following: Robert Taylor, former colonel of the Thirty-third, colonel; John S. Platner, who was major in the Thirty-third, lieutenant-colonel; Charles A. Wells and James E. Williams, majors; DeEstaing, surgeon; Albert H. Nash, adjutant; and Henry W. Alexander, quartermaster. J. S. Platner was promoted colonel, and breveted brigadier-general for gallant and meritorious service, and remained with the regiment till it was mustered out.

The regiment was sent to Virginia, and rode over ground familiar to many of them as places to and from which they had marched during service as infantry. Their first encounter was with a band of Mosby's guerrillas, in the valley of the Shenandoah. A post held by about forty men from Companies L and M was surprised on the morning of July 10, 1864, by an attack from about one hundred and fifty of the guerrillas; a lively skirmish ensued; reinforcements speedily arrived, and the enemy was driven off. On the 8th of April the First Veteran Cavalry was transferred to the command of General Averill, and set out in the midst of a heavy storm for Martinsburg. Ten days later, three hundred picked men joined Averill's command for a raid through western Virginia. April 28th, the army of the Shenandoah advanced up the valley. May 9th, the First Veteran Cavalry reached Cedar creek, the scene of Bank's earlier discomfiture. The veterans advanced upon Woodstock, then held by the enemy, and drove them from the town. They pursued, and by the 13th had possession of Mount Jackson. A force led by John C. Breckenridge began to move down the valley, and General Sigel, who desired to prevent his junction with the commands of Imboden and Gilmore, made an effort to attack and rout the latter before the former could come up. The attempt was not



successful, and when, on May 15th, General Sigel deployed his columns, and posted his artillery at New Market, the combined forces of the enemy, embracing over eleven thousand veteran infantry, promptly accepted the gage of battle, and the engagement began with the usual cannonade and contest of the skirmish lines. The Union troops battled bravely, but were overpowered. All the infantry were placed in line, and the batteries were supported by the cavalry. Company K, of the First Veteran Cavalry, was divided. Half, under Captain Brett, were placed on the extreme left, in advance, and the rest on the extreme right of the line of battle. These positions were held during the day without loss. The rebel batteries, with accurate aim, made many a gap in the ranks of the infantry, but finally ceased their fire. The end was reached when the rebel infantry advanced in three magnificent lines of battle upon our position. Our infantry broke and fled disorderly, while the cavalry brought off the artillery, and covered the retreat.

Nearly a month elapsed before the regiment again encountered the enemy, but the campaign of 1864 was in active progress. The First Veteran Cavalry were in the immediate presence of the rebel forces which were engaged in guarding one of the most important lines of approach bearing upon Richmond. It was not possible for them to be idle during this great battle summer.

May 29th, while Captain Brett, with a party of eighty-five men, was escorting a train of sixteen wagons laden with medical stores for General Hunter's headquarters, he was assailed at Newtown by a body of one hundred and fifty of Gilmore's cavalry, who were carrying the day, when a force of infantry came up and turned the scale in our favor. In this action Captain Brett was killed while leading his men, and his body was sent home to Waterloo for interment. Retreating down the valley, Sigel was relieved by Hunter, who faced the men about and began a march up the Shenandoah. By the 3d of June the cavalry had advanced to Harrisonburg, where, after a two-hours' skirmish, the command of Imboden was driven out of the town to a fortified

position. The next morning Colonel Platner moved the regiment seven miles to the right, and attacked the enemy on his left flank, and drew his attention while our trains and troops, moving past his right, gained the road to Port Hudson and caused the evacuation of the position. Advancing on the morrow, the ground was disputed by Imboden, who gradually fell back to Mount Hope, where he was joined by General Jones, with infantry and artillery, from the army at Richmond. The Union line moved forward, and the artillery opened the battle of Mount Hope. After a severe artillery fire of a couple of hours, the Union infantry were advanced in three splendid lines upon the enemy who were posted in a long strip of woods upon a gentle rise. The contest was severe, and the probable result doubtful, when, with a cheer heard loud above the roar of cannon, our lines swept forward and gained the position. A lull prevailing, the enemy were seen massing for a grand charge upon our right to recover their lost ground. The cavalry were dismounted and thrown into the woods to strengthen the line of infantry, and soon, with that shrill, yelping cry, once heard, never forgotten, the gray ranks moved to the attack, but were turned back in confusion. A Union charge followed, the infantry moving down the centre, while the cavalry, with cheers and drawn sabres, galloped upon the flanks. The enemy gave way and began to retreat. The cavalry followed hard upon their rear guard, who threw a rain of leaden sleet in the faces of our men, and, then giving way, blended their numbers with those of the main body and hastened the retreat. The loss to the Veterans was twenty-three killed, forty-four wounded, and twenty-seven missing; total loss, ninety-four. Staunton was occupied, then the railroad was destroyed, and Crook's and Averill's commands joined Hunter. June 1st the First Veterans and the Twenty-eighth Ohio Infantry were sent across the mountains in charge of twelve hundred "gray-backs." A motley crowd of our men accompanied the force. The distance, one hundred and ten miles to Beverly, was made in four days; thence the journey lay some forty or fifty miles along the railroad. The prisoners were left in charge of the infan-

try at Webster Station, and the cavalry were taken by rail to Martinsburg. June 25th an immense wagon train loaded with supplies set out for Hunter's army under strong guard. In the advance of this train was the First Cavalry under Platner. Tidings came of trouble in front; Hunter was reported to have been unable to hold his position. The train halted. Soon the report was confirmed that the enemy was retreating, and the train returned. The Veterans were ordered to Smithfield, while Mosby raided upon the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and escaped pursuit. The whole Union line had fallen back by the 29th of June to within seven miles of Martinsburg, while the cavalry lay some distance in their front.

July 2nd the rebel advance opened suddenly on the pickets of the First Brigade. The men were soon in the saddle, and within two hours had driven the enemy three miles. About 10 A. M. a force of two thousand men had advanced upon the Veterans, who numbered about seven hundred. The latter fell back slowly, showing front when pressed, to Martinsburg, where they found that our forces had retreated. The cavalry then retired to a position on the east side of Maryland Heights. The enemy came on, and, capturing Bolivar Heights, occupied Harper's Ferry. Skirmishing with the rebels, the cavalry were kept active till July 9th, when all became quiet in Pleasant Valley. In October the regiment was in quarters at Camp Piatt, West Virginia, guarding the salt-works of Kanawha, and the remainder of their term is connected with the monotonous and more peaceful duties of the camp. On the 8th of January the regiment was in camp at Gravelly Bridge, at the head waters of the Kanawha river. Co. "K" had lost in 1864 by death, four; missing, one; discharged, two; and deserted, four; total, eleven; and had received eighteen recruits. April 8th, 1865, the First Veteran Cavalry were at Loup Creek, West Virginia, at Kanawha.

July 20, 1865, the regiment was mustered out of service. The men had shared in the perils of the war from its commencement early in 1861 to its close in 1865, excepting a brief interval before their re-enlistment as veterans. Three

of the flags belonging to the First Veteran Cavalry are deposited in the Bureau of Military Statistics at Albany.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY.

The following Official Roster of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Infantry was omitted on page 595 :

OFFICIAL ROSTER.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S REPORT, 1868.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY.

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
<b>Colonels :</b>			
Charles C. Dwight.....	Sept. 8,'62	Sept. 6,'62	Resigned May 25,'65.
Henry P. Underhill.....	May 31,'65	May 30,'65	Not mustered as Col.
<b>Lieutenant-Colonels :</b>			
John B. Van Petten.....	Oct. 27,'62	Oct. 27,'62	Promoted to Col. of 193d Inf. Apr. 10,'65.
Henry P. Underhill.....	Mar. 22,'65	Jan. 27,'65	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1,'65.
John B. Burrud.....	May 31,'65	May 30,'65	Not mustered as Lieut.-Col.
<b>Majors :</b>			
William H. Sentell.....	Oct. 27,'62	Oct. 27,'62	Discharged Sept. 14,'64.
Daniel L. Vaughan.....	May 31,'65	May 30,'65	Not mustered as Major.
<b>Adjutants :</b>			
Gorton W. Allen.....	Nov. 19,'62	Sept. 17,'62	Resigned June 11,'64.
Stephen G. Hopkins.....	July 13,'64	July 11,'64	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1,'65. (Brev.-Capt. N. Y. V.)
I. A. Knapp.....	.....	.....	Discharged Nov. 18,'62.
<b>Quartermasters :</b>			
Dighton H. Winans.....	Nov. 19,'62	Sept. 6,'62	Discharged July 3,'64.
H. C. Price.....	July 21,'64	July 6,'64	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1,'65.
<b>Surgeons :</b>			
Cyrus Power.....	Nov. 19,'62	Sept. 12,'62	Discharged Aug. 21,'64.
David H. Armstrong.....	Sept. 30,'64	Aug. 1,'64	Not mustered as Surgeon.
William W. Root.....	Sept. 22,'65	Mar. 23,'65	Not mustered.
<b>Assistant Surgeons :</b>			
David H. Armstrong.....	Nov. 19,'62	Sept. 27,'62	Promoted to Surgeon of 193d Inf. Apr. 14,'65.
George W. Reynolds.....	Nov. 19,'62	Sept. 24,'62	Discharged May 18,'63.
Benjamin A. Fordyce.....	July 8,'63	July 8,'63	Resigned Jan. 16,'65.
Philip Fitzsimmons.....	Mar. 6,'65	Mar. 6,'65	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1,'65.

## ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Chaplain:			
William Putnam.....	Oct. 7, '63	Nov. 21, '63	Resigned Mar. 10, '64.
Captains:			
William Potter.....	Nov. 19, '62	Aug. 29, '62	Resigned Apr. 1, '63.
Horace Silsby.....	May 18, '63	Mar. 30, '63	Not mustered as Capt.
William J. Van Dusen.....	Sept. 14, '63	Mar. 30, '63	Killed in action at Pleasant Hill, La., Apr. 9, '64.
James B. Vaughn.....	June 14, '64	Apr. 9, '64	Not mustered as Capt.
Henry P. Underhill.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Promoted to Lieut.-Col. Mar. 22, '65.
John W. Pritchard.....	June 30, '65	Jan. 27, '65	Not mustered as Capt.
Bartlett R. Rogers.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 6, '62	Discharged June 20, '63.
Robert B. Fnnis.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Discharged Oct. 24, '64.
Lorenzo L. Wheelock.....	May 31, '65	Sept. 24, '65	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
John B. Burrud.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Benjamin W. Royce.....	June 30, '65	May 30, '65	Not mustered.
Henry Moore.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 14, '62	Resigned June 20, '64.
James Kelly.....	Sept. 16, '64	June 21, '64	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Josiah P. Jewett.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 28, '62	Died May 10, '63, of wounds received in action.
Edwin Kirby.....	July 31, '63	July 1, '63	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Malcolm Wright.....	Nov. 19, '62	Oct. 9, '62	Resigned Feb. 4, '63.
Charles R. Cotter.....	Feb. 25, '63	Feb. 4, '63	Killed in action at Pleasant Hill, La., Apr. 9, '64.
Robert B. Seeley.....	June 14, '64	Apr. 9, '64	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Daniel L. Vaughan.....	Nov. 19, '62	Oct. 9, '62	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Michael Hewitt.....	May 31, '65	May 30, '65	Not mustered as Capt.
Allen S. Barr.....	Nov. 19, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Discharged May 3, '63.
S. N. Dexter.....	June 12, '63	May 4, '63	Killed in action near Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, '64.
Elon P. Spink.....	June 29, '65	June 21, '65	Not mustered as Capt.
Lewis P. Hunt.....	Nov. 19, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Resigned April 6, '63.
John H. Shaver.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Discharged Nov. 26, '63.
Irving McDowell.....	Jan. 23, '64	Nov. 25, '63	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
First Lieutenants:			
William J. Van Dusen.....	Nov. 19, '62	Aug. 29, '62	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 14, '63.
James B. Vaughan.....	Sept. 13, '64	Mar. 30, '63	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
J. Horton Miller.....	June 14, '64	Apr. 9, '64	Not mustered.
Lorenzo L. Wheelock.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Promoted to Capt. May 31, '65.
Spencer Stevens.....	June 29, '65	May 31, '65	Not mustered.
Robert B. Ennis.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 6, '62	Promoted to Capt. July 4, '63.
James V. D. Westfall.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Discharged Oct. 26, '64.
Lyman Manchester.....	June 29, '65	Jan. 21, '65	Not mustered.
Myron H. Shirts.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Resigned Aug. 23, '65.
James Groy.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 19, '62	Discharged Oct. 31, '63.
Nicholas McDonough.....	Dec. 10, '63	Oct. 31, '63	Died May 18, '64, of wounds received at Pleasant Hill, La.

## ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
John Jordan.....	July 8, '64	June 18, '64	Not mustered.
Gideon F. Morey.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 28, '62	Resigned Mar. 26, '63.
Edwin F. Kirby.....	June 12, '63	Mar. 26, '63	Promoted to Capt. July 31, '63.
Clark C. Edwards.....	Nov. 30, '63	July 1, '63	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Horace Silsby.....			Discharged June 16, '63.
Alvan S. Stillman.....	July 4, '63	Mar. 30, '63	Resigned Nov. 19, '64.
Orange S. Brown.....	Dec. 16, '62	Oct. '9, '62	
John Jones.....	June 14, '64	Mar. 17, '64	Not mustered.
Ira Almy.....	June 29, '65	June 21, '65	Not mustered.
S. N. Dexter.....	Nov. 19, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Promoted to Capt. July 31, '63.
Charles W. Maynard.....	June 12, '63	May 4, '63	Not mustered. Died May 18, '63
Edward H. Sentell.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	
George L. Eastabrook.....	June 29, '65	Apr. 5, '65	Not mustered.
George W. Merrill.....	Nov. 19, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Discharged June 16, '63.
Jacob McDowell.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Promoted to Capt. Jan. 23, '64.
Robert B. Seeley.....	Jan. 23, '64	Nov. 26, '63	Promoted to Capt. June 14, '64.
Elon P. Spink.....	June 14, '64	Apr. 9, '64	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
James T. Bardick.....	June 30, '65	June 21, '65	Not mustered.
Second Lieutenants:			
James B. Vaughan.....	Nov. 19, '62	Aug. 29, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Sept. 3, '63.
J. Norton Miller.....	Sept. 14, '63	Mar. 30, '63	Not mustered.
James G. Groat.....	June 30, '65	Feb. 1, '65	Not mustered.
James Kelly.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Promoted to Capt. Sept. 16, '64.
Orrin C. Lapham.....	June 30, '65	Feb. 1, '65	Not mustered.
James V. D. Westfall.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 6, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. July 4, '63.
William McMath.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Discharged Aug. 29, '64.
Edward H. Sentell.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 1, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. July 4, '63.
Henry Price.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Promoted to Quartermaster July 21, '64.
John W. Pritchard.....	May 31, '65	July 7, '65	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Washington Hathaway.....	June 30, '65	Jan. 27, '65	Not mustered.
Nicholas McDonough.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 14, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Dec. 10, '63.
John Jordan.....	Dec. 10, '63	Oct. 31, '63	Not mustered.
James H. Simpson.....	July 8, '64	June 18, '64	Not mustered. Died Dec. 13, '64.
Michael Davey.....	June 30, '65	June 31, '65	Not mustered.
Edwin Kirby.....	Nov. 19, '62	Sept. 28, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. June 12, '63.
Clark C. Edwards.....	June 12, '63	Mar. 26, '63	Promoted to First Lieut. Nov. 30, '63.
Ebenezer G. Howell.....	Nov. 30, '63	July 1, '63	Not mustered.
James A. Guest.....	June 30, '65	June 21, '65	Not mustered.
Alvan S. Stillman.....	Nov. 19, '62	Oct. 9, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. July 4, '63.
B. Frank Maxson.....	July 4, '63	Mar. 30, '63	Killed in action at Cedar Creek, Va., Sept. 19, '64.
Thomas Dawson.....	June 29, '65	June 21, '65	Not mustered.
Miles T. Jones.....	Nov. 19, '62	Oct. 9, '62	Resigned Dec. 31, '63.

## ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH INFANTRY—(Continued.)

NAME.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Charles Batner .....	June 14, '64	Dec. 5, '63	Not mustered.
Robert R. Seeley. ....	Nov. 10, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Promoted to First Lieut. Jan. 23, '64.
Benjamin W. Royce.....	Sept. 16, '64	July 1, '64	Not mustered.
Martin V. Bills.....	June 30, '65	May 30, '65	Not mustered.
John H. Shaver.....	Nov. 10, '62	Nov. 15, '62	Not mustered.
Michael Hewitt.....	July 4, '63	June 13, '63	Mustered out with regt. Nov. 1, '65.
Arthur B. Aikin.....	May 31, '65	May 30, '65	Not mustered.



## CHAPTER X.

AID SOCIETIES — BENEVOLENT WORK — RELIEF COMMITTEES — AMOUNTS CONTRIBUTED — WOMENS' WORK OF 1861-'65.

UNDER these suggestive topics there gathers a wealth of reminiscences which can in no wise be brought together in any orderly manner, nor with any approach to accuracy or completeness. That the War should stir the sympathies of the whole people: that its accumulating sorrows should awaken active efforts in the way of relief might have been expected. Human nature must have been created otherwise than it was, not to have been profoundly moved, and not to have aroused in vigorous and unceasing exertions. No sooner had the enlisted soldiers began to leave this county, than their wives, mothers and sisters commenced to move for the raising of supplies for their comfort. And when the earliest tidings from camp and battle, bore northward the trembling messages of sickness, wounds and deaths, their hearts, though bleeding with sorrow, were calmed by holy and sacred work that gave ceaseless activity to their hands. They were not left alone in this noble work. The soldiers were at once the children of all. They were everybody's "boys."

Patriotism never had a nobler exemplification than in these weary months of the war. The soldiers were the tender objects of a people's care. Women gave their loved ones to the field, and then gave themselves to a persistent work of relief. The first movements were spontaneous, unorganized; no one thought of making records for the future historian to gather up. Meetings took place to scrape lint, to sew, to knit; there was no president, no secretary. Letters of acknowledgment were received; but names, letters and records are alike scattered or lost.

The following accounts will, therefore, appear very unequal as to the material given for the respective towns. Those that were freely reported in the newspapers of these



times will of course be much more accurate and complete than others not so reported. Attempts have been made to secure accounts of this work in each town. The author entered into extensive correspondence with those supposed to know about these matters. In several cases this proved successful; in others it was a failure; in some instances no letters at all being received in reply. We can only give such facts and data as have been secured:

## ARCADIA.

The reason already given for lack of completeness in certain records about military matters, in the town of Arcadia, must once more be repeated. The failure to find files of the Newark *Courier*, for the period 1861-'65, prevents us from giving figures or names concerning the work of the women of Arcadia during the war. That their labors were abundant and valuable is well known. This was true of Fairville, Lockville, and all parts of the town. That they promptly seconded every movement made for the welfare of the soldiers is certain; that they met, raised money, made clothing, sewed, knit, put up fruit and packed boxes of supplies is a matter of public notoriety. In no respect were they behind their sister towns. From the hour when they gathered to see the "boys" of Company I off for the field in May, 1861, down to the welcome extended to the last returning heroes in the summer of 1865, they neither hesitated nor faltered in their work of love and patriotism. Their records may be lost, but the noble work they wrought is remembered with grateful hearts by the soldiers who received their benefactions, and the ladies still living who shared in the labors of that hour, may well recall them with honorable pride.

## BUTLER.

Several letters enquiring after the women's work of 1861-'62, in this town were written, but no report has been obtained. The geographical situation of the town probably caused its donations to be counted in part with those of Wolcott or South Butler, with those of the town of Savan-

nah. No records of an organized Aid Society have been secured, but it may be truthfully said that the women were no less patriotic than the men. The intimation in another place that patterns of mittens for soldiers were sent to Mrs. Dr. Sweeting, shows, that active work was taking place in Butler. As the naturalist builds up by analogy the entire form of an unknown specimen from a single discovered bone, so from one *written* incident *we* must picture in our minds the patriotic labors of the women of Butler in all their completeness. The meetings, the canvassing from house to house for supplies, the knitting, the sewing, the mittens, the socks, the fruit, the vegetables, the comforts sent to the army were all a reality, but their *cash* value cannot thus be "figured" out.

## GALEN.

The early work in Clyde may be seen from the scattered paragraphs found in the *Times*. We have also the following letter of acknowledgment from Albany, the original of which is in possession of Mr. S. S. Morley :

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW YORK, }  
 QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT. }  
 ALBANY, NOV. 1, 1861. }

LADIES:—I have the honor to acknowledge your communication of the 30th ult., containing receipt of New York Central railroad for three boxes\* containing articles to be forwarded to Washington for our sick and wounded soldiers in hospital. I take great pleasure in informing you that I have made arrangements to have them forwarded by express immediately on their arrival here, and hope for the sake of the afflicted that they will meet with no mishap on the way. I am directed by His Excellency, Governor Morgan, to acknowledge your kind act for and in behalf of the stricken ones and join with him in his high appreciation of the promptings of your hearts. CUYLER VAN VECHTEN,  
 Quartermaster-General.

To Mrs. S. S. Morley, Mrs. H. H. Stevens and others,  
 Clyde, Wayne Co., N. Y.

Of the general work of the women of Clyde we have the following letter from Mrs. H. H. Stevens, now of Wilmington, Delaware :

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\* The value of these boxes was estimated at \$300.

"I do not think we were an 'organized body,' though we held regular meetings weekly and special ones frequently. I think Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Smith and mother were recognized leaders though each was a law unto herself; the fundamental law of all being love and loyalty. You recall, doubtless, the meetings in the Presbyterian and Methodist churches; and the pleasant rivalry as each set forth the superlative merits of that particular make of sewing machine which her feet drove. I remember too that the lint prepared by our fingers received honorable mention for its excellence by some one to whom it was consigned. We had no treasurer; no account was kept of the value of our benefactions but they must have run up into the hundreds. \* \* \* Long after we ceased to work as a society mother\* used to knit (her stent being a sock an evening) and make carpet slippers for wounded feet. Did you know that she applied to be sent as nurse and was not accepted on account of age? The memorable Old Folks' concert was in aid of the same cause. Ice cream left over after an entertainment was sold by the ladies in a circus tent, the clown frequently advertising our wares and paying compliments to 'the fair ones.' The first company leaving Clyde were drawn up in line and each soldier received from one of two little maidens a flat ball, its edge glittering with pins. The same little fingers used to pull weeds and destroy bugs in the garden to put money in the treasury. I wish some record had been kept of our doings and offerings, but perhaps it is just as well—the sealed book will open some day."†

The Soldiers' Aid Society of Clyde was formed July, 1862; President—Mrs. Kingsbury; Vice-presidents—Mrs. Hiram P. Jones, Mrs. Dr. Hendricks; Secretary—Mrs. H. P. Whitbeck; Treasurer—Miss M. Wilson; Directresses—Mrs. D. Stoddard, Mrs. D. Hathaway, Mrs. Nathan Hovey, Miss Hannah Aurand, Mrs. P. Powers, Miss B. Ryerson, Mrs. S. Bostwick, Mrs. Dr. Weed; Disbursing Committee—Mrs. Hillman, Mrs. Frisbie, Mrs. Wilkinson.

The cash donations for the first year amounted to \$465.48. Of this they expended \$405.43, leaving cash on hand \$60.05. They had shipped goods to the amount of \$550.25, and they had on hand goods to the amount of \$75.36.

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\* Mrs. D. Hillman.

† The "two little maidens" of 1861 were Mrs. Stevens' daughters, Fannie and Jennie.

The officers for the second year were: President—Mrs. P. S. Hillman; Vice-presidents—Mrs. H. P. Jones, Mrs. A. T. Hendrick; Secretary—Mrs. H. H. Stevens; Treasurer—Miss J. Ely; Disbursing Committee—Mrs. Frisbie, Mrs. Stoddard, Mrs. M. Munn.

Prior to the organization of the Society and during the first year of the war there had been raised by the women of Galen about \$400. The Society gave a Festival at the Town Hall, Wednesday, Sept. 22, 1862. The receipts footed up \$94.

Such notices as the following were common:

#### THE SOLDIERS' AID SOCIETY

Will be held at the residence of Mrs. Hale, Clyde Hotel. A cordial invitation is extended to all. The Ladies' Aid Society will forward another box of comforts the coming week. Mrs. H. P. Jones will receive donations for the same until Saturday next. Contributions of fruits, canned and dried, and domestic wines, are especially solicited.

Mrs. H. H. STEVENS, Secretary.

Each winter, too, the ladies were in the habit of providing a Christmas dinner for such families of volunteers as needed aid. A notice was issued as follows:

"Citizens of Clyde and vicinity: Let us at least once a year remember the soldiers' widows and families, and provide for them a Christmas Dinner as a token of remembrance of their husbands and fathers, who manfully fought for us in the times of our country's peril."

A memorandum book in possession of Mrs. Snedaker shows that enough was usually raised to buy a turkey for each family, and leave \$3:00 cash besides.

The annexed report from Lock Berlin we give in full as a good example of the variety of things contributed all over the county.

#### CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE VOLUNTEERS.

The ladies of Lock Berlin are deserving of the highest praise for their industry, zeal and liberality in furnishing necessary articles to the Volunteers. Below we append a list of articles sent by them to the Twenty-seventh Regiment, October 25th, 1861:

48	Pillow Cases, 10c.....	\$4.80
13	Sheets.....	6.50
12	Blankets, 9s.....	12.00
15	Comfortables.....	22.50
10	Canton Flannel Shirts, 6s.....	7.50
40	Linen Towels, 5c.....	2.45
1	Woolen Wrapper, 8s.....	1.00
5	Factory Shirts, 4s.....	2.50
9	Pairs Canton Flannel Drawers.....	5.63
14	Pocket Handkerchiefs.....	.42
15	Pillows.....	7.50
12	Pairs Woolen Socks.....	4.50
3	Bottles Currant Wine, 3s.....	1.13
4	Bottles Canned Fruit.....	1.76
6½	Pounds Dried Fruit.....	1.17
4	Pounds Lint.....	1.50
1	Bed Tick.....	1.00
18	Pounds Bandages.....	5.00
1	Bottle Canned Pears.....	.38
Total.....		\$89.24

## HURON.

Mrs. A. Knight, of North Huron, writes for our work the following letter upon the womens' work in that town:

“When asked if I could remember anything about this work, I said to myself, can I ever forget? I sat down alone to see if I could recall the facts regarding the work of the women at that time; and memory carried me back to the morning when the news reached us, that the first gun had been fired from Fort Sumter, which was an open declaration of rebellion; and the events which followed passed before me in quick succession, like a swiftly moving panorama, and the scenes were so vividly and clearly depicted, that I for a moment forgot that they belonged to the dead things of the past, so like a present reality did they seem. A town society, of which there is no record, was organized in the summer of 1861, called the Soldiers' Aid Society, and Mrs. L. M. Shepard, wife of the pastor of the Presbyterian Church, was elected president. The Society met several times at the Town Hall, for the purpose of making various little articles, which it was hoped might add to the comfort and pleasure of our soldiers, when far from the conveniences of home. At each meeting there was a large attendance of loyal, true hearted women of all ages, and every one worked with an energy and cheerfulness worthy of the cause; even those whose hearts were saddened by the

absence of their own loved ones. For each soldier who went from this town, we made a house-wife, (we will suppose that everybody knows what that is,) which was furnished with scissors and thimble, needles, pins and thread, of different kinds and colors, and in one end was a little pocket, in which was placed the most precious of all the gifts of love, a small Testament. As I write, I can see the group of eager faces gathered around the table, upon which were spread the pieces of silks and ribbons, that each had given from their store, as they watched those who were the most skilled in arranging colors, as they laid this scrap and that together, to find which would blend the best, and be the most serviceable. We thought, at the time, that if our "Boys in blue" could have looked upon the earnest animated faces, and the willing fingers as they plied the needles so untiringly in their labor of love, that they would have received a new inspiration. Several ladies of the Society were appointed at different times, to pass through the town, and solicit contributions, from every family, of bandages, lint, dried fruits, jellies, sheets, comfortables, or any articles which could be sent to the hospitals, to benefit or cheer the sick and wounded. It gives us great pleasure that we can truthfully say, that with but few exceptions, these calls for aid were cheerfully responded to. And it was noticeable that all objections, or refusals to contribute, came from men, and the wives of several of them gave such articles as they were able to, without their husband's knowledge or consent. The boxes were sent to the hospitals at Washington, we think, though some things may have gone to other places. The women of Huron were loyal and true, and while they could not respond to the call of their country in person, they cheerfully consented to a greater sacrifice in giving their husbands and sons; many of whom never returned to gladden the waiting, anxious hearts, which still hold them in loving remembrance."

#### LYONS.

The work inaugurated and vigorously prosecuted by the ladies of this town was of great magnitude. They felt the responsibility of the times and nobly met it. As Lyons was the county seat, and the headquarters of very much of the military work in the county, the efforts of the ladies there had a corresponding importance. A regularly organized Society met at the Court House, once in two weeks, through most of the war period. Miss Martha L.

Ellis, was the Secretary during the greatest part of the Society's career. Circulars were issued over her signature, and letters of acknowledgment from abroad were addressed to her. June 11th, 1863, the following was the full list of officers. It probably includes the names of the most active ladies in the important work, though they evidently had numerous associates.

#### THE LADIES' SOLDIERS' RELIEF SOCIETY.

At a meeting of this Society, held June 11th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

*President*—Mrs. J. M. Holley.

*Vice-President*—Mrs. S. B. Gavitt.

*Treasurer*—Mrs. Thurston.

*Secretary*—Miss Martha L. Ellis.

*Directresses*—Mrs. Murdock, Mrs. Brownson, Mrs. Weller, Mrs. W. F. Ashley, Mrs. Mohrardt, Mrs. Hano, Mrs. Randall, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Belden, Mrs. A. Waterman, Mrs. S. D. Holmes.

It is difficult to give within the limits that can be used for that purpose anything like a complete statement of the work of this Society. We can only offer *samples*. We give one report in full as a specimen of the variety of articles included in these soldiers' supplies.

#### LADIES' SOLDIERS' RELIEF SOCIETY.

“The Ladies' Soldiers' Relief Society, of Lyons, have sent to the sick and wounded soldiers, during the past three months, ending September 19th, 1863: two barrels, four half-barrels, and two packages. To Mr. John S. Poler, for the benefit of the suffering soldiers in Virginia, Maryland, and at Gettysburgh: two packages and two half-barrels. To the Sanitary Commission in New York, two barrels and two half-barrels. These packages contain in all the following articles: Eight pairs cotton pillow-cases, two pairs linen pillow-cases, three cotton sheets, one cotton bed-sack, five feather pillows, one flannel blanket, four bed-quilts, twenty-seven pairs cotton socks, seven pairs woolen socks, five cotton vests, five linen vests, three linen coats, sixty-nine cotton shirts, two flannel wrappers, nineteen pairs cotton drawers, twelve pairs flannel drawers, two dressing gowns, three pairs slippers, three pairs linen pantaloons, one hundred and six towels, napkins and handkerchiefs, thirty rolls of bandages, three parcels of lint, twelve palm-leaf fans, seven arm-slings,

twelve rolls linen and cotton pieces, two half-barrels cucumber pickles, forty-one pounds dried apples, twenty-three pounds dried cherries, eight pounds dried black currants, six pounds dried raspberries, twelve pounds dried plums, twelve pounds dried peaches, two and a half bushels dried fruit, (comprising apples, gooseberries, cherries, currants, elderberries, peaches and plums,) two cans cherries dried in sugar, one can currants dried in sugar, one can black currants dried in sugar, one jar preserved peaches, five cans black currant jam, two cans raspberry jam, one can gooseberry jam, two cans fresh cherries, one can fresh currants, two cans fresh peaches, one bottle claret, one bottle black currant wine.

“ Letters have been received by the Secretary, informing the Society of the arrival of all the barrels, half-barrels and packages, at their respective destinations, and all in perfect order. The average attendance at the meetings of the Society has been sixteen.

MARTHA L. ELLIS, Secretary.”

In reply to a previous shipment, we find the following account of its reception and acknowledgment :

LADIES' SOLDIERS' AID SOCIETY.

Miss Ellis, Secretary of the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society in this village, has received the following acknowledgment from John S. Poler, in behalf of the Sanitary Commission, dated Washington, August 8th, 1863 :

“ MY DEAR MADAM :—Your letter of the 31st ult., was received in due time, and to-day the goods came to hand in good condition. They are very excellent, and the contents of the half-barrel were very timely. The hot weather makes it necessary to furnish the feverish, weak and pallid sufferers with many articles that are not found in the Hospital. It is most cheering to see how the sunken eye brightens at the approach of a stranger-friend, who sympathetically and kindly asks after their condition and proffers them some little act of kindness. There will be only a few, a *very few* of the many sad scenes of this most cruel war ever written. This is well. For *could* all that is seen and felt and suffered in one of these hospitals, for a single quarter, be written in full, no one would have the nerve to peruse the narrative. There have been but a few of the Gettysburgh wounded brought to this city. They are gathered into the General Hospital at Gettesburgh, and at Baltimore, Annapolis and Philadelphia ; and some have gone to New York.

Yours Truly,

JOHN S. POLER.”



About the time of the battle of Gettysburgh, we have the following newspaper articles :

THE LADIES' SOLDIERS' RELIEF SOCIETY.

To those who fear a portion of the articles sent to our sick and wounded soldiers are appropriated by officials, the ladies are pleased to say, they send their goods to John S. Poler, Washington, who they are convinced is faithful in distributing them, not to the care of Surgeons, Matrons, Stewards, &c., but to the patient himself, with the counsel of the Surgeon in charge. The following is a letter from him to the Secretary of the Society :

WASHINGTON, July 8th, 1863.

“MISS MARTHA L. ELLIS:—Five thousand sick and wounded were sent forward from Fredericksburg, when our army moved from there. These together with the goods sent to the battle-field at Gettysburgh and Williamsport have completely absorbed our stock, so that we have no socks, no drawers, but very few shirts, few towels, little dried fruit, less canned fruit or jelly. By this statement you can judge whether you can aid us by sending to us any of your goods. The terrible battle that is going on will cast into our midst thousands more to be visited and cared for. When one of your family is ill, all the family, all the house and a portion of the neighborhood are taxed to care for the *one* sufferer. What think you then is our task when we have in each hospital 100, 500, 1200, 3700, each sick and many wounded men in these hospitals to visit as they should be daily? But we shall do as best we can, and if your society feel willing to commit your contributions to our hands, we will try to so distribute the same that the largest number shall be helped by them. Our cause is now marching triumphantly to success, and I trust to a speedy termination of this cruel war.

Very truly yours, JOHN S. POLER.”

“The ladies will meet at the Court House every Thursday, at 2 P. M. They ask that the gentlemen will send to them the worn and old-fashioned summer clothing they have thrown aside, shirts, drawers, pantaloons, socks, &c., and they urgently solicit a large attendance of ladies with thimble and needle to work a couple of hours for the comfort of our afflicted friends. July 17th, 1863.”

In the fall of that same year, the ladies gave a festival, as seen below.

## LADIES' SOLDIERS' AID SOCIETY—FESTIVAL IN UNION HALL.

“ We take this occasion to remind our readers, once more, of the approaching Festival of the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, of this village, on Wednesday evening, of next week, the 30th instant. The Board of Education have very kindly consented to the occupation of Union Hall, on that occasion; and unless present indications very much deceive us, that spacious apartment will be crowded to its utmost capacity. This Festival, it is intended, shall be *the* affair of the season. The ‘exercises’ will be somewhat varied. There will be substantial for the hungry, and delicacies for the dainty. There will be Tableaux, and there will be Music: in short, there will be *everything* that will be expected, and very much that will not be. And we venture to guarantee that no person will leave the Hall dissatisfied with the evening's entertainment. The admission-cards are to be sold at fifty cents each. The proceeds of the Festival are of course to be applied toward the purchase of material for hospital stores. Donations of provisions, groceries, &c., are solicited from our citizens. Such donations should be delivered as early as Wednesday morning, at the Hall—or earlier, if possible. December 25th, 1863.”

Some one thought it necessary to issue a stirring appeal at one time as follows :

## OUR PATRIOTIC WOMEN.

“ MR. EDITOR:—Can you tell me where are our patriotic women? I can tell you where *some* of them are—a devoted few—every fortnight, at least, at the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Rooms, at the Court House. But where are the many others who might as well be there as not? Alas! I fear they have forgotten the brave men who lie on beds of suffering in the hospitals and in the camps, wearing their lives away, or slowly recovering from the effects of wounds received in the service of their country. Oh! good ladies, do you realize how much can be done, and how much *needs now* to be done for the comfort of those who are worn out by weariness, wounds and disease in the service to which we all urged them, and in which service we promised to cheer and sustain them? Many among us did well for a time, but have they done all they intended to do? Is it enough that we did well nine or twelve months ago? Did not our soldiers do well and suffer much then? And have they not done, and suffered, and died ever since? And do they not serve and suffer now,—aye, suffer and die because we do not care and provide for them as we easily can and

verily ought to do? It is a matter of painful record that very many of the deaths among the volunteers from this county during the war, have resulted from a lack of care and proper hospital supplies; and so it will continue to be, until there is among us much more of the patriotism that *does*, and much less of the patriotism that *only wishes* to do. Lady readers, have you such a thing as a Bible? Of course you have. Then please read the 15th and 16th verses of the second chapter of James. Our soldiers truly want good wishes and earnest prayers, but they also want shirts, drawers and socks, jellies, jam, wine, pickles, dried fruit, onions and everything which the sick and convalescing need anywhere. And now don't let us falter when so much is wanted. Come, ladies, young and old—come in and help us. Hands that can and *will work* are what are now wanted most. Go to the Society's Rooms on Thursday and work, or get your arms full, and take it home, and get your neighbors to help you make it up, that supplies may be sent on where they are so much needed. September 4th, 1863.

MARIENNE."

#### MARION.

From a memorandum furnished by Miss N. N. Henion, it appears that a Ladies' Aid Society was regularly organized soon after the commencement of the war. They met frequently at different places in the village and accomplished a great amount of work. The ladies brought out old linen and it was scraped into lint. Even the children were set at this work, and eagerly shared in the patriotic labor. Bandages were made in great quantities and forwarded for hospital use. They filled boxes with dried fruit and with necessary articles of clothing, such as the government did not supply, but which would be greatly to the comfort of the soldier. Money was raised to pay freight, and to assist soldiers' families at home. All worked so faithfully that it would be difficult now to mention names without doing injustice to others. Miss Henion adds:

"I have not been able to find the names of the officers of the Society nor the amounts raised. If you were to publish the names of all who were earnest workers, it would form a long list. I have not even found the name of the Secretary, so I suppose the names of members will have to remain in obscurity along with the thousands of unknown soldiers who fought as bravely as those whose names are before the public."

## MACEDON.

Mrs. Mary J. Durfee, writes as follows :

“The women of Macedon Center responded to the call of the Sanitary Commission. There was a society organized on the 5th of November, 1861. The place of meeting was the Academy Hall. The names of officers I am not able to recall, but we were all workers for a time. From an old memorandum I see that I was treasurer and one of the purchasing committee. When our first box was packed, it was done at Mrs. Odell's. It was prized at fifty dollars. Then we paid express charges on the same—ten dollars. This was the labor of a month. But it did not end here; we worked on. There were seven revolvers purchased for as many brave boys at an expense of fifty-six dollars. They were purchased by my husband for the committee. But the workers of that day are mostly gone. Mrs. Morsells took an active part in this work, but the family have moved away. The Center and the town raised money and placed tablets, with the names of the soldiers of this town inscribed on the same, at the entrance of the Cemetery grounds at Macedon.”

## ONTARIO.

During the year of 1861, there was a large amount of work accomplished by the women of Ontario. It was of a miscellaneous character. Little groups in various neighborhoods scraped lint, looked after the comfort of the departing soldiers, and ministered to their welfare in numerous ways. In 1862, there was a regular Society organized, of which Mrs. Alvira Hill, was President; Mrs. A. D. Sands, Vice-President; Mrs. O. F. Whitney, Secretary and Miss Harriet Hopkins, Treasurer. Of this, Mr. J. C. Houck writes:

“We are unable to find out the whole amount contributed or work done, but we have ascertained that ten barrels of supplies were sent to Company B, Ninth New York Heavy Artillery, at one time. More than 200 yards of flannel were made up into shirts and sent to the same company. Yarn was spun, and a large number of pairs of socks were knit and sent; ladies taking their knitting to war meetings, so as to improve the time during the speaking. Quite a number of bed quilts were made and sent. The ladies of the Soldiers' Aid Society, at their rooms in Rochester, said that the Society in Ontario did more work than any other section outside of the cities.”

The records of the Society are not preserved ; officers of subsequent years cannot be given in order. At one time Mrs. A. D. Sands was President and Treasurer, and Miss Frank Harris, Secretary. Mrs. A. D. Sands writes of this noble work :

“ Our Society met every two weeks, and with willing hands made, prepared and forwarded clothing and hospital stores to the Soldiers’ Hospitals. The ladies of this whole town took a lively interest in the work, and after doing so much as they did, regretted they could not do more. Many times when the Societies’ work was getting low, and many willing hands ready and anxious to do more, I have gone to the Aid Society, at Rochester, and obtained work and distributed to all who desired it. Many others spent nearly their whole time in collecting and forwarding supplies for our brave soldiers. The amount during the war was enormous. No demand was made on our Society but what was supplied, and our Society was frequently applauded from headquarters for its large and timely aid. I much regret I cannot give you the exact amounts. I shall ever feel proud of the aid rendered the soldiers by the ladies of this town in saving the best Government on earth. Our Society was continued in aid of the freedmen for about two years after the close of the war. And several hundred dollars in money, and much clothing was forwarded to aid in caring for and educating the freedmen of the South.”

#### PALMYRA.

Mrs. Eaton, wife of the late Rev. Dr. Eaton, furnishes the following excellent paper, constituting a worthy tribute to the women of Palmyra :

“ The women of Palmyra have no reason to be ashamed of their record during the war of the rebellion. They gave to the cause of their country those dearer to them than their own lives,—their husbands, brothers, sons. The wife who in 1861 penned the following lines, expressed the feelings of many a Palmyra woman :

“ Don’t stop a moment to think, John,  
Your country calls, then go ;  
Don’t think of me or the children, John,  
I’ll care for them, you know.

“ Leave the corn upon the stalks, John,  
Potatoes in the hill,  
And the pumpkins on the vine, John,  
I’ll gather them with a will.

“ So take your gun and go, John,  
Take your gun and go,—  
For Ruth can drive the oxen, John,  
And I can use the hoe.”

“Ingenuity, constancy in labor and toil for those who had left them for the front, were but lesser offerings of our women included in the greater. There was a taint of selfish ambition and vain-glory in the last words of the Spartan mother to her son as he left her for the war, ‘Return with your shield or upon it.’ Higher, purer, holier were the sentiments of our women, as with moistened eyes, but with serene and Heaven-lit countenances, they spoke the ‘God bless you,’ ‘God cover you in the day of battle.’ With amasing self-control they smothered at parting the bursting sob, the choking sigh, lest the dauntless purpose of the soldier should falter and lest an additional twinge of pain should pierce the already over-burdened hearts of those they loved. When the train that bore the men away had sped on and the curling smoke of the engine was all that could be seen, then came the strong crying and tears. And as weeks and months passed into years, only the Recording Angel can tell of ‘the fellowship of suffering’ cherished by our Palmyra women with those in camp and field.

“With what tremulous anxiety they watched the mail as it was distributed, and listened to the post-boys as they shouted the latest news from the army, while all they could catch would be the two horrible words, ‘Another battle!’ What nervous trepidation when there was a knock at the door, when a telegram was delivered, or when they saw men gathering silently in knots in the streets. When long intervals elapsed and no letters came, and ‘Libby,’ ‘Andersonville,’ ‘Salisbury’ were whispered, how did appetite fail as they sat down at the home-board only to think, ‘They that be slain with the sword are better than they that be slain with hunger, for these pine away, stricken through for want of the fruits of the field.’ It was hardest of all when the other boys came back to their own roof-tree, but their’s never, never came more. Experiences like these wet their pillows and held their eyes waking. They wrinkled the brow, blanched the hair, shrunk and faded the beautiful cheek. But in those perilous times that tried our women’s souls, there were vouchsafed to many of them a self-renunciation, a strength and fortitude beyond mere heroism. Their’s was the Christ-spirit. They knew, they felt that some how, in some way, the lives of their beloved ones were to prove ‘a ransom for many.’ At a meeting of our ladies in Union School Hall, one mother, Mrs. George Jessup, was seated with the rest, working for the soldiers. She had that morning bade farewell,—as it proved, a last farewell,—to her first-born son, a brave boy of seventeen summers. ‘I am glad Eddie feels like going,’ she quietly said; ‘I wish I

had other sons to give to my country and to the cause of freedom.' We regret that the records of our Soldiers' Relief Association have been lost so that we can not furnish the exact amounts contributed in dollars and cents, or the number and value of boxes sent.

"Company B, Thirty-third Regiment N. Y. Volunteers, left our town on the 16th of May, 1861. Our women supplied them with every thing they were unable to purchase, besides generously assisting their families. 'Nothing was so moving, nothing so vividly realized to our minds the nature of the occasion, as the sight of women marching by the side of the ranks. It told the whole story.' At the depot the ladies gave each man a nice lunch, a pin cushion, needle book, a pocket handkerchief, pair of socks, bandages and lint. From another source all received Testaments. Soon the women remembered they had no flag to unfurl to the breeze. They procured money, went to Rochester, selected the best silk, prepared one, and in front of the hotel at 7 P. M., June 4, 1861, they presented it to Captain Corning for his company. This banner, given by our women, 'that it might be displayed because of the truth,' came back in shreds, but it is reverently preserved by the Garfield Post. Company A, One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment, left us July 31st, 1862. 'It was made up from the best class of young men of which our town could boast. Wives, mothers and sisters were every where to be seen, holding a farewell conversation with their loved ones, and slipping into their hands some parting testimonial of affection.' While the great conflict lasted other companies were formed and recruits sent out, *for all of whom our Palmyra women labored thoughtfully, indefatigably and enthusiastically.* They did not grow weary in well-doing, but as the combat deepened, their benefactions increased. In the winter of 1862, the boys of Co. B were found barefoot. Their money had not been paid them. Mrs. Henry Draime ascertained the sizes worn by the men, purchased boots and forwarded them at once. It is thought that no Thanksgiving or Christmas day passed during the war that our ladies did not send either directly to our soldiers, or through the Sanitary or Christian Commissions, boxes freighted with comforts and luxuries. Our Society was organized anew July 25, 1862. Including extra boxes, some of great value, forwarded immediately after hearing of heavy engagements, it is believed we averaged from this date one box a month to the end of the war. The claims of fashionable society were in a measure ignored. The frivolous developed into the earnest and self-sacrificing. The almost universal feeling among our

women was, 'what can we spare, that our soldiers may have more.' Mites, concerts, fairs, entertainments of every kind centered upon the soldier. Needles were busy. We heard the men were suffering from the heat of the sun. In an incredible short space of time we had made and sent two hundred havelocks. Scores of comfortable dressing gowns were furnished the sick soldiers. Delicate women were not afraid of sun and shower, but raised garden vegetables, sought fruit in forest, field and nursery, dried, canned and packed it off, amounting in all to tons in weight. Interesting books and papers were not forgotten. When our dead were brought home, our women buried them with flowers and tears. When our living came back we greeted them with gratitude, and sumptuously fed them and their families.

"Our women *prayed for the soldiers*. For one entire year a daily morning prayer-meeting in their behalf was sustained and women were never wanting there. When President Lincoln appointed a fast, when the wail of the people was, 'Give us Joshuas for officers;' 'Send us victory,' the heads of women were bowed low in supplication. When the Emancipation Proclamation was issued, the quick instinct of women saw that Jehovah was now pledged for us, and that triumph was ahead. They retired to their secret chambers and kneeling by their beds gave glory to God. Our women solicited the money for the beautiful memorial tablets in our Town Hall. Let all who look at these remember Mrs. Marianne Woodward and Mrs. Dr. Marsh. It is not in our power to single out the names of the faithful and the true. The list would fill many pages. Our women did what they could. They did what they thought they couldn't. Their record is on high.

"From old Saint Paul till now,  
Of honorable women not a few  
Have left their golden ease to do  
The saintly work which Christ-like hearts pursue."

Of East Palmyra we have the following note from Mrs. Henry M. Clark:

"We met a part of the time from house to house. I remember that Mrs. Charles Curtis, was our President for some months, and a very active one too. Her daughter, Clarissa, performed the greatest feat in the knitting line, finishing a pair of socks, 'perfect immensities,' in eight hours and twenty minutes. Have you found any young lady who did better than that? The other day I found a little note book, used in those times, in which are the following items: April, 1864, Avails of Concerts, \$49.45. Amount



received since organization, \$174.37. These are all the figures I can find, so we shall be obliged to content ourselves with these in your new book. Would it not be interesting to see the number of boxes and barrels we sent off. I remember helping to fill one large barrel of pickles, and my sister made 14 bottles of rhubarb wine. Such things come to mind now, after almost twenty years have passed away.

## ROSE.

In the *Clyde Times* we find a single paragraph :

"Rose, June 6th, 1862. The women of this town sent a box to be forwarded with those of Clyde, worth probably \$75.00."

Mrs. A. W. Soule writes :

"I have obtained but little information. The Aid Society here had many members. I can now remember only the following names: Miss Ella Skeels and Della Holbrook, Vice-Presidents; Luella Webb, Libbie Nichols, Imogene Nichols, Corine Thomas, Agnes Thompson, Cora M. Thayer, Josephine Austin, Orra Dickson, Hattie Ellenwood, Mary Ellenwood, Lilly Harmon. There were many others. Several of the younger boys used to help scrape lint and assist in other ways."

Other items gathered in various ways show that Mrs. Charles Wright, Mrs. J. Valentine, Mrs. Soule, (who wrote the above) were active in promoting the work, and that they were cordially assisted by the ladies of nearly all the families of the town. A large amount of patriotic labor was accomplished, but the records of names, amounts and destination are not preserved.

## SAVANNAH.

Considerable enquiry has been made and several letters written asking for information as to the womens' work in Savannah, during the years 1861-'65. But little response has been obtained; and that only of a general character; neither names of officers, nor amounts contributed are given. It is well understood that as in other towns, so in Savannah, active exertions were made by the ladies to furnish supplies for hospitals, comforts for soldiers, and delicacies for Thanksgiving Dinners.

## SODUS.

A large amount of work was done in Sodus, but the items are difficult to gather up for a formal statement. The town

having so many different villages the work was not concentrated in any one place, nor was it managed by any one society. There were gatherings very early at Sodus village, to scrape lint, prepare hospital supplies, and share in all that patriotic work which was inaugurated in all parts of the county. No records of an organized society have been found, and statistics are not obtainable as to the amount of money raised or the value of articles contributed. The good work was steadily prosecuted through all the war, and the value of the donations must have reached into the *hundreds* beyond doubt.

In the *Lyons Republican*, of April 10th, 1863, we find the following paragraph which shows that there was a duly organized Aid Society at Sodus Centre :

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

" We give place to the following letter from the Secretary of the Ladies' Union Aid Society, Stewart's Hospital, Baltimore, acknowledging the receipt of a barrel of hospital stores sent in January by the Ladies' Aid Society in Sodus Centre. The last named Society has failed to get an answer until now; on account of which (a correspondent writes) that Society has with difficulty been kept alive by a few *whose heart was in the work*. The letter of acknowledgment is dated March 26th, 1863, and is as follows :

" *To the Secretary of the Ladies' Aid, Sodus Centre :*

" It is with sincere regret that we find, at this late date, that you have failed to receive our acknowledgments and thanks for the Hospital Stores so kindly sent us by the Ladies of Sodus Centre, and received January 8th, 1863. Why this should be, we cannot explain, since we have made every effort to be prompt in our acknowledgments of similar favors. I find upon our record-book such a barrel acknowledged by Mrs. Van Wagner, one of our Vice-Presidents; whether a similar acknowledgment was sent you, I cannot say, not being Secretary at that time, but, if omitted, it is an omission for which we now make our apologies most sincerely, and offer our grateful return of thanks, and assurance of the acceptability of your gift. Hoping this may reach you, and assuring you of our full appreciation of your generosity and kindness to our Association and the soldiers under our care, we remain yours,

Respectfully,  
April 10th, 1863.

MRS. JOHN T. GRAHAM,  
Corresponding Sec'y."

At Sodus Point, Mrs. Frances Wickham has fortunately preserved a memorandum book that is really worthy of being carefully saved as a patriotic *souvenir* of the times that tried the souls of all. An Aid Society was organized August 12th, 1862, at the residence of Mrs. Lyalls. Mrs. Frances Wickham, President; Miss A. M. Cook, Secretary and Mrs. David Rogers, Treasurer. Subsequently it appears that Mrs. Lyalls became President and Mrs. Smith Treasurer. A subscription paper was circulated soon after, and there appears upon it the name of almost every family residing at or near the Point. The subscriptions were mostly one dollar or less, but so general was the response that a considerable amount was raised. Mrs. Hunter gave twenty-five dollars. There are also acknowledged a large number of donations of supplies of all kinds, linen, pillows, curtains, towels, &c., dried fruit, vegetables, &c., &c. Several boxes were filled and sent forward, sufficient to require a freight charge of ten dollars. No estimate of the total value appears in the memorandum, but it could not have been less than \$150.00.

The work at South Sodus was largely mingled with that of the town of Lyons, and cannot very well be separated from it. The following paragraph shows that fact:

· PATRIOTIC BENEVOLENCE.

“The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the village and town of Lyons, and of the southern part of the town of Sodus, have filled and sent three large boxes to the Hospital at Washington, in response to the call of the Government upon the ‘loyal women of America.’ It seems almost invidious to discriminate when *all* have done so well; yet justice demands that it should be stated that the success of the movement (in the country) is due to Mrs. Ransley Merchant, who entered into the work with characteristic efficiency, and succeeded in obtaining a sufficient quantity of articles to fill two of the three boxes sent. The ‘blessing of those who are ready to perish’ will surely come upon the kind contributors, as well as the higher blessings of him, who said ‘Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my bretheren, ye have done it unto Me.’ November 8th, 1861.”

In the fall of 1864, a general movement was made all over the town to procure fruit, vegetables, chickens, turkeys and

eatables generally, suitable for a Thanksgiving dinner, or for hospital use. The work was thoroughly systematized. A committee was appointed in each school district, and four or five general points of collection were appointed. The circular making the arrangements, was issued by L. H. Clark. Major W. H. Sentell, superintended the packing and shipment in part. So far as known every member of the committee, more than sixty in number, responded nobly, and an amount of supplies valued at about \$400.00 left the town. At Alton, at Joy, at Centenary, and in all the other neighborhoods of the town excellent work was done through all the war.

#### WALWORTH.

During the first year of the war, very much assistance was given to the soldiers, by the women of this town, but not through an organized Society. As the struggle deepened in intensity, the work took more definite shape, as appears by the following memorandum furnished for this volume :

“ The ladies of Walworth and vicinity met August 13th, 1862, and organized the Walworth Soldiers' Aid Society. President, Mrs. A. Hicks; Vice-President, Mrs. L. Hanna; Treasurer, Mrs. T. G. Yeomans; Secretary, Mrs. F. Sanford. The members of this Society actuated by a desire to help sustain the Government in its struggle with open rebellion, seeing the magnitude of the work and its great necessity, with anxious hearts and willing hands, labored faithfully to alleviate as far as possible the inevitable suffering of the sick and wounded soldiers. In this good work the Society had the co-operation of the community as mutual interest in the cause bound all hearts together. Many barrels and boxes of clothing, bedding and hospital supplies, were forwarded through the agency of the U. S. Sanitary Commission. The money and value of materials contributed during the war amounted to four hundred and ninety-eight dollars, (\$498.) In the winter of 1866-'67, fifty dollars (\$50) were contributed for the support of a teacher among the Freedmen.”

#### WILLIAMSON.

At Williamson village, an Aid Society was duly formed, and met regularly for work in behalf of the soldiers. Usually the place of meeting was the basement of the Presby-

terian Church. The admission fee of members was one dollar. We have no record of the officers nor of the amounts raised, nor of the boxes sent, but the total during the war must have reached several hundred dollars. Of the work at Pultneyville, Mrs. J. W. Powers writes:

“The women of Pultneyville, united in a body without organizing a Society, and worked in this way. A responsible woman would call on a few other women and the magic word would go around that forthwith a box or barrel must be sent to our brave soldiers. It was sure to be done. I know of a goodly number sent in this way filled with anything we thought would be needed; such as white cotton shirts, drawers, stockings, carpet slippers, bundles of soft linen and cotton cloth, rolls and rolls of bandages, dried fruit, honey, and many other things. When money was called for it was sent on. At first we received and packed the goods at some private house in the village, but thinking it would be more convenient to meet where we could spread things and cut out work, we went into the old Methodist Church and worked there till cold weather. About this time a wish was expressed by Dr. A. F. Sheldon, surgeon in the hospital at Washington, to give the invalid soldiers a Thanksgiving dinner. As soon as it was known by the women of Pultneyville, they said it must be done, and it was. Three women started out and went two miles each way, and in less than a week we had turkeys, chickens, fried cakes, pies, cheese, fruit, &c., &c., enough to feed them all they wanted, on the way to Washington, where it arrived in good condition and on time.”

#### WOLCOTT.

We find this single item in the newspapers of 1864:

“The Soldiers Aid Society, of Wolcott, held a festival, about April 1st, 1864, and netted a result of \$75.00. The total remittances of that Society up to that date were reported to have been about \$600.00.”

This indicates what is well known that the ladies of Wolcott were actively at work during the whole contest, and raised liberal supplies for all forms of relief work. Considerable enquiry has failed to discover the records of the Society, and the names of officers and other items cannot be given.

At Red Creek, which is so far distant from Wolcott village, that separate societies are usually formed for any such

purpose, there was active work done from the opening of the war in 1861, to the close in 1865. It is remembered that there were frequent gatherings to sew, knit, scrape lint, and prepare supplies such as are mentioned in all the other towns. No Society records have been obtained. Prominent in these efforts were Mrs. Chesebro, Mrs. Edmond Legg, Mrs. Longyear, Mrs. Caldwell, Mrs. Stephen Viele, Mrs. Donovan, Mrs. Amasa Quivey, Mrs. Stephen Quivey, and many others. Indeed nearly all the families in that section of the town shared in this noble work. At one time a box of supplies was packed at Mrs. Donovans. At another time there were heavy donations of chickens, turkeys and other choice eatables to give to the soldiers a Christmas dinner.

Such are the items obtained for this chapter. They may be meagre and unsatisfactory, so far as showing official records and statements of amounts contributed; but they are rich in the wealth of patriotic love revealed; in the noble self-sacrifice exhibited; in the devotion manifested. The days of chivalry were more than repeated. While brave men were on the battle-field of the Republic defending a peoples' rights, their wives, mothers and sisters were toiling unceasingly for their comforts. Those whose loved ones were already enrolled among the dead heroes of the Republic went bravely on, working for others. No amount of personal sorrow could stay the toil of the hands or stop the busy brain from planning for the soldiers' welfare. Men died for their country whose graves bear the single word "unknown;" and so the heroic women who toiled in home or hospital service, are in a thousand cases unknown; but their record is on high; a nation reveres their memory, though their names are lost in the tide of receding years.



## CHAPTER XI.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC—POSTS ORGANIZED—OFFICERS—LISTS OF MEMBERS—VETERAN ASSOCIATION—DECORATION CEREMONIES—REUNIONS.

THE armies employed in the defence of the Union, melted away at the proclamation of peace. Their work was done and well done. The United States had "re-possessed all the forts and places" seized by the rebels at the opening of the contest; the flag once more floated in triumph over every foot of the territory belonging to the American Union. The hosts of rebels disappeared from the fields of a four years' struggle. The stars and bars were laid away to be cherished, perhaps in secret, but never again to be a symbol of government. The Union army dissolved peaceably at the orders of the Republic, which they had saved. They had shared together the perils of the field, the dangers of the camp and the death-laden air of the hospital. They had been bound together by a common danger, and had suffered together for a common cause. Out of these relations had grown a friendship strong and enduring; a friendship whose pulses would throb to the latest hour of their lives. And so in peace they resolved to perpetuate the patriotic memories of the war, and bind themselves together for mutual sympathy and mutual aid. Hence arose the Grand Army of the Republic. Its watch-words Loyalty, Fraternity, Charity, represent the best development of patriotic citizenship. They have assumed the noble work of preserving the memory of the heroic struggle in which the Union was saved, and of impressing upon the rising generation, that love of country which will be a strong defense of the Union in all coming time. As nature with each returning spring displays her wealth of flowers, the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic gather the choicest specimens, and tenderly strew them upon the graves of their comrades. Under their

example, respect for the dead and for the burial places where they sleep is steadily growing in the hearts of all the people. Year by year citizens gladly accepting the leadership of the Grand Army of the Republic, join in the ceremonies. Visits to rough and neglected burial places for these sacred purposes, have awakened a popular desire to have such burial places cleared of underbrush; the rubbish of years removed and nature given a chance to spread over the last resting place of the dead, the soft green turf which art may aid but can never imitate.

## DECORATION.

Go, deck the graves of your dead once more,  
 The heroes who died for you :  
 With incense sweet as the vernal shower,  
 And grateful fragrance of the May-day flower,  
 And love that distills like the dew.

Go solemnly stand on the peaceful dust,  
 Let the drum be muffled and soft,  
 For spirits unseen of a glorious host  
 May be mixing your throng—let your strains be lost  
 In the music they bring from aloft.

Go not with a pomp that is worldly and vain  
 And the noise of an idle throng,  
 But march to the time of a minor strain,  
 And with bated breath and low refrain.  
 As you bear your garlands along.

For a patriot's grave is a sacred shrine,  
 Where the weary found rest at last ;  
 The moment is full of a thought divine,  
 And immortal things with your wreaths entwine,—  
 But the martial eclat is past.

Go kneel on the consecrated ground,  
 And scatter the sod with flowers,  
 For a heart once brave rests under each mound,  
 Of a man that was loyal and faithful found,  
 To the Flag of his Country and ours.

Go stand with uncovered and reverent head  
 Till your patriot fire revives ;  
 And ponder the deeds of your soldier-dead,  
 Till the spirit that hallows their lowly bed  
 Shall entemple itself in your lives.

The garlands and flowers ye bring to-day,  
 Are a tribute to freedom's cause ;  
 A pledge to be loyal, forever and aye,  
 A solemn vow to defend, always,  
 The Country's fair colors and laws.

Yes, kneel on this sacred, charnel ground,  
 O'er the graves that enshrine your own :  
 And lay a fair wreath on the cherished mound,  
 With devotion as fair, living all the year round ;  
 Living still thro' the years that have flown.

A PARKE BURGESS.



## KEESLAR POST, G. A. R. NO. 55.

The organization of this Post was effected at a meeting of soldiers held in Wolcott, August 5th, 1875. Past Commander Page, of the G. W. Crocker Post, No. 44, of the City of Auburn, presided and instituted the organization, assisted by Comrades Stevens, Hughes and Ruston, of the same Post. The officers chosen to serve in Keesler, for the remainder of the year 1875 were:

George B. Curtis, Commander; James H. Hyde, Senior Vice Commander; Stephen E. Bullock, Junior Vice Commander; J. Madison Henslee, Adjutant; Anson S. Wood, Quartermaster; Daniel Conger, Chaplain; Eben Newberry, Surgeon; Thomas W. Johnson, Officer of the Day; J. Wesley Cole, Officer of the Guard; Robert E. Cole, Quartermaster Sergeant; H. F. Blackmore, Sergeant-Major.

*Officers of 1876*—George B. Curtis, C.; James H. Hyde, S. V. C.; John L. Phillips, J. V. C.; Thomas W. Johnson, Q. M.; Stephen E. Bullock, Chap.; Alfred P. Crafts, Surg.; Henry F. Blackmore, O. of D.; Griffin D. Green, O. of G.; J. Madison Henslee, Adjt.; Albert A. Carrier, S. M.; John Miller, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1877*—George B. Curtis, C.; James H. Hyde, S. V. C.; J. Wesley Cole, J. V. C.; Thomas W. Johnson, Q. M.; A. P. Crafts, Surg.; Griffin D. Green, O. of D.; James G. Cooke, O. of G.; E. W. Newberry, Adjt.; A. A. Carrier, S. M.; John L. Phillips, Q. M. S.; Stephen E. Bullock, Chap.; A. P. Crafts, Deleg. to State Encamp.; Willis Grant, Alternate.

*Officers of 1878*—James H. Hyde, C.; J. Wesley Cole, S. V. C.; D. H. Mann, J. V. C.; Hiram L. Munn, Q. M.; A. P. Crafts, Surg.; John Phillips, Chap.; Frank M. Nichols, O. of D.; Ambrose Leonard, O. of G.; John L. Phillips, Q. M. S.; H. F. Blackmore, Adjt.; J. Madison Henslee, S. M.; G. B. Curtis, Delg. to Dept. Encamp.; E. W. Newberry, Alternate.

*Officers of 1879*—Eben W. Newberry, C.; Allen H. Fitch, S. V. C.; C. B. Moore, J. V. C.; Hiram L. Munn, Q. M.; Rev. H. F. Snow, Chap.; A. P. Crafts, Surg.; Albert Walmsley, O. of G.; S. E. Bullock, Adjt.; Judson Dowd, S. M.; James G. Cooke, O. of D.; E. B. Kellogg, Q. M. S.; D. H. Mann, Delg. to Dept. Encamp.; A. P. Craft, Alternate.

*Officers of 1880*—Edwin W. Newberry, C.; S. E. Bullock, S. V. C.; J. G. Strait, J. V. C.; Hiram L. Munn, Q. M.; J. Madison Henslee, Adjt.; Wm. Rogers, Chap.; Ethen B.

Kellogg, O. of D.; Charles Uhlrich, O. of G.; James A. Merrill, S. M.; James G. Cooke, Q. M. S.; Dr. T. S. Fish, Surg.; G. B. Curtis, Delg. to State Encamp.; Anson S. Wood, Alternate.

*Officers of 1881*—D. H. Mann, C.; G. D. Green, S. V. C.; J. H. Dowd, J. V. C.; J. Wesley Cole, Adjt.; J. Madison Henslee, S. M.; H. L. Munn, Q. M.; John L. Phillips, Q. M. S.; T. S. Fish, Surg.; John Phillips, Chap.; George Sharp, O. of D.; Isaac Vanderpool, O. of G.; J. Madison Henslee, Stephen E. Bullock, Delg. to Dept. Encamp.; J. W. Cole, H. L. Munn, Alternate.

*Officers of 1882*—Mathew Gaffney, C.; James H. Hyde, S. V. C.; James A. Merrill, J. V. C.; W. A. Coventry, Chap.; Stephen E. Bullock, Q. M.; G. D. Green, O. of D.; Isaac Vanderpool, O. of G.; T. S. Fish, Surg.; E. B. Kellogg, S. M.; E. W. Newberry, Q. M. S.; Judson H. Dowd, Adjt.; William A. Coventry, C. B. Moore, Delgs. to Dept. Encamp.; N. W. Merrill, G. W. Green, Alternates.

*Officers of 1883*—W. H. Thomas, C.; James A. Merrill, S. V. C.; Frank Merrill, J. V. C.; S. E. Bullock, Q. M.; Willis Grant, Chap.; Isaac Vanderpool, O. of D.; Robert Wolvin, O. of G.; Eron J. Peck, Adjt.; J. Madison Henslee, S. M.; E. W. Newberry, Q. M. S.; T. S. Fish, Surg.; H. L. Munn, H. F. Blackmore, Delg. to Dept. Encamp.; J. G. Strait, J. L. Phillips, Alternate.

#### CHARTER MEMBERS ADMITTED AUG. 5, 1875.

Anson S. Wood, Brevet Lieut.-Col. 9th Art.	Cassius M. Clapp, 9th H. A. G.
J. Madison Henslee, Sergt. 36th Wis. I	James H. Hyde, Capt. 9th H. A. A.
G. B. Curtis, Capt. 75th Inf. H.	Albert A. Carrier, 9th H. A. G.
E. W. Newberry, Corp. 9th H. A. D	John Miller, 75th Inf. C.
Stephen E. Bullock, 75th Inf. F.	William H. Thomas, 111th Inf. F.
Henry F. Blackmore, Sergt. 75th Inf. C.	John Wesley Cole, Corp. 75th Inf. C.
Elijah Angus, 9th H. A. H.	Ensign L. Calkins, 9th H. A. A.
Lawson Porter, 9th H. A. H.	Robert E. Cole, 9th H. A. A.
Irving R. Seelye, 9th H. A. H.	Thos. W. Johnson, Capt. 10th Cav. E.

#### MEMBERS SUBSEQUENTLY ENROLLED.

John Phillips.	Myron Chapin, 65th Inf. I.
Sidney G. Cooke, Lieut. 147th Inf. E.	A. P. Crafts, Asst. Surgt. U. S. S.
G. D. Green, Sergt. 75th Inf. H.	James V. D. Westfall, 2d Lieut.
Hiram Silliman, Corp. 9th H. A. G.	160th Inf. C.
Michael Crosby, 2nd Art. L.	James G. Cooke, 75th Inf. F.
Albert Williams, 198th Inf.	Willis Grant, 9th H. A. G.
Storrs E. Booth, 75th Inf. F.	Allen W. Fitch, 9th H. A. A.
Malcolm Huntley, 75th Inf. F.	Mortimer Van Auken, 76th Inf. D.
Anson O. Knapp, 128th Inf. A.	Philo S. Cherry, 1st Maine Inf. G.
John B. Phillips, 96th Inf. E.	Frank Bates, 3d Art. F.
Calvin B. Tracey, 9th H. A. G.	Benjamin F. Drury, 111th Inf. K.
Samuel E. Bancroft, 9th H. A. A.	Stephen Wait, 9th H. A. H.
Asahel P. Colvin, 111th Inf. G.	Calvin B. Moore, 9th H. A. H.

- William A. Coventry, 21st Cav. C.  
 Ambrose Leonard, 27th Inf. B.  
 William Feeck, 111th Inf. F.  
 George W. McBride, 9th H. A. H.  
 George W. Pierce, 3d Art. E.  
 George W. Loveless, 144th Inf. A.  
 Ira Foster, 1st Min. Art. B.  
 Samuel Morrell, 3d Art. K.  
 Eron J. Peck, 9th H. A. H.  
 Burkhardt Hurter, 90th Inf. D.  
 George H. Fitch, 9th H. A. A.  
 Thomas J. Chaddock, 2d Lieut. 9th H. A. G.  
 Isaac Vanderpool, Corp. 9th H. A. H.  
 Ethan B. Kellogg, 9th H. A. H.  
 Edgar A. Rawson, 3d Art. G.  
 David H. Mann, Music., 192d Inf. D.  
 William C. Rose, 24th Inf. C.  
 Asa L. Richardson, 75th Inf. F.  
 Cornelius L. Groot, Asst. Surgeon 15th Engineers.  
 Albert Snyder, 75th Inf. H.  
 Philip Thomas, 9th H. A. A.  
 Charles D. Lent, 1st Lieut. 9th H. A. B.  
 David Hendrick, 9th H. A. H.  
 Lewis Feeck, 9th Ohio Inf. D.  
 Charles Uhrlick, Corp. 9th H. A. C.  
 Thomas Armstrong, 9th H. A. A.  
 William H. Snyder, Sergt. 9th H. A. K.  
 George Johnson, 65th Inf. A.  
 Edgar J. Merrill, 9th H. A. A.  
 Cyrus E. Fitch, Corp. 9th H. A. A.  
 Owen Foster, 21st Ohio Inf. K.  
 Charles G. Oaks, 5th Wisconsin E.  
 Roswell S. Tracy, 9th H. A. G.  
 Frank Hayne, 1st Reg. M. Cav. L.  
 Charles R. Hurst, 9th H. A. H.  
 Edwin McCumber, 27th Inf. B.  
 Frank J. Upson, Corp. 75th Inf. F.  
 Hiram L. Munn, Sergt. 9th H. A. D.  
 David T. Haywood, 75th Inf. B.  
 James J. Johnson, 126th Inf. I.  
 Frank Leroy, 81st Inf. B.  
 Jonathan Neal, 9th H. A. A.  
 Jabez Carter, 9th H. A. G.  
 Judson H. Dowd, Q. M. Sergt. 10th Cav. E.  
 George Adams, 111th Inf. C.  
 Merritt F. Fowler, 9th H. A. G.  
 Frank M. Nichols, 111th Inf. B.  
 Warren Drury, 75th Inf. H.  
 James Towleron, 9th H. A. G.  
 William Johnson, 3d Art. E.  
 O. P. Weeks, Sergt. 18th Kentucky Inf. G.  
 Beriah J. Worden, Sergt. 117th Inf. B.  
 Austin Miller, 2d Art. I.  
 Volney H. Sweeting, 2d Lieut. 75th Inf. E.  
 Albert Walmsley, 9th H. A. D.  
 Dewitt M. Weeks, 2d M. R. L.  
 Matthew Gaffney, Seaman, Nav. Ser.  
 Samuel M. Chesebro, 1st Lieut. 75th Inf. G.  
 George W. Brinkerhoof, Capt. 9th H. A. A.  
 Rev. H. L. Snow, 110th Inf. E.  
 John Cook, 9th Inf. E.  
 Wm. Rogers, 9th H. A. B.  
 James A. Merrill, 9th H. A. H.  
 Robert Wolvin, 9th H. A. G.  
 James H. Brewster, 9th H. A. E.  
 George Loveless, 9th H. A. G.  
 Charles T. White, 147th Inf. D.  
 Wm. Taylor, 185th Inf. C.  
 John E. Strait, 137th Inf. H.  
 Henry F. McIntyre, 160th Inf. C.  
 Samuel J. Snow, 9th H. A. A.  
 Nathaniel J. Field, 9th H. A. A.  
 Timothy S. Fish, 111th Inf. (recruit).  
 Frank M. Woodruff, 9th H. A. G.  
 Joseph B. Casterline, 9th H. A. A.  
 Richard Garrett, 9th H. A. H.  
 Wm. B. Sayre, 111th Inf. H.  
 David N. Hunter, 2d Provisional Cav.  
 Charles Howland, Serg't 3d Art. I.  
 Miles B. Dakins, 111th Inf. F.  
 John Depew, 9th H. A. G.  
 Wm. H. Rhinehart, 3d Art. I.  
 Alfred K. Gamer, Corp. 81st Inf. H.  
 Cyrus B. Longyear, 9th H. A. A.  
 John A. Reed, 75th Inf. G.  
 Wm. W. Upson, 44th Inf. Co. K.  
 James H. Marvin, Serg't 9th H. A. G.  
 George Sharp, 14th N. J. Mounted Rifles K.  
 Dexter D. Corey, Corp. 94th Inf. A.  
 Levi M. Rice, 50th Engineers, E.  
 Edwin Eggnor, 9th H. A. G.  
 William D. Potter, Corp. 54th Inf. C.  
 Wm. Wood, Lieut.-Colonel 9th H. A. D.  
 David D. Becker, 19th Inf. Co. I.  
 Joseph E. Lawrence, 8th Mass. Inf. K.  
 Francis L. Williams, 16th Art. E.  
 Orlando Shaver, 96th Inf. D.  
 T. E. Mason, 7th Mich. Inf. K.  
 Delavin R. Baldwin, 20th Cav. D.  
 Irving Scott, 9th H. A. G.  
 Charles H. Barker, 9th H. A. G.  
 Jacob Williams, 9th H. A. H.  
 James Vandeborgh, 9th H. A. A.  
 John McCowles, 4th Cav. G.  
 Melvin Streeter, 9th H. A. A.  
 N. W. Merrill, 96th Inf. D.  
 A. Henry Dudley, 9th H. A. A.  
 James E. Palmer, Corp. 3d Art. C.  
 Josiah Loveless, 75th Inf. H.  
 Franklin Hurd, 4th Art. C.  
 Charles Sharp, 96th Inf. F.  
 Atlas Miller, 65th Inf. I.  
 Benjamin Wilson, Ass't Surg. U. S. A.  
 Franklin Merrill, 75th Inf. G.

Hiram Meeker, 9th H. A. A.	H. B. Hallett, 9th H. A. H.
Jacob Crounse, 9th H. A., C.	Wm. T. Clark, 110th Regt. F.
James G. Wheeler, 75th Inf. B.	John Newland, 2d Art. M.
Maynard Terpenney, 9th H. A. H.	Rev. L. F. Congdon, 21st Cav. K.
Joseph Labuff, Corp. 160th Inf. B.	Aaron B. Chapman, 65th Inf. I.
John F. Snyder, 96th Inf. C.	Andrew Michel, 8th Cav. G.
Daniel A. Snyder, 110th Inf. C.	Birney Briggs, 3d Art. E.
Eleazer Duval, 160th Inf. C.	Eugene F. Seymour, 146th Inf. G.
H. P. Lewis, 2d Art. B.	Hiram Taylor, 9th H. A. H.
W. H. Merrill, 9th H. A. A.	James Boyd, 2d H. A. L.

The Post owns forty stand of arms. They have a hall rented for a series of years, and well furnished. Since their organization they have each year conducted decoration ceremonies. May 30th, 1875, there was an address to surviving soldiers, by Colonel Anson S. Wood, and a Memorial Oration, by J. W. Hoag, Esq. In 1876, the oration was delivered by General John B. Murray, of Seneca Falls. In 1877, Hon. John M. Davy, of Rochester, pronounced the Annual Address. In 1878, the proceedings were more of an informal character, and brief addresses were given at the cemetery, by Revs. W. L. Page, R. H. Clark, and Matthew Gaffney. In 1879, Rev. William L. Page, delivered the Annual Address. In 1880, the proceedings were again varied, there being several short addresses by Revs. Cooper, Rice and Mills, and by Captain James H. Hyde. In 1881, a similar course was taken, remarks being made by Revs. Mills, Cooper, Dodd, and Devoe, and by E. M. Walker, Esq. In 1882, the Post called back to the platform one of their earlier orators, J. W. Hoag, Esq. Revs. Messrs. Congdon and Rice, also made brief remarks. In 1883, a general programme was prepared, which was commenced as our informant states, by singing from the Sunday-schools, and "closed by the rain driving all to a place of shelter, and dispersing the crowd."

Keeslar Post decorates *thirty graves* at Wolcott; *thirty-six* in Huron; *fourteen* in North Wolcott; *one* in the Roe Cemetery; *two* in Fitch Cemetery; *three* in Miller's Cemetery; *seven* at Butler Centre; *three* in Hubbard's Cemetery; *four* in Lovejoys, and *fourteen* at Westbury.

#### VOSBURGH POST, NEWARK.

Vosburgh Post, No. 99, was organized July 5th, 1879. In the movement to establish the Post, Colonel J. P. Foster, then Rector of the Episcopal Church, in Newark, Captain

E. K. Burnham, James E. Briggs, James Jones, of the Newark *Union*, and others, took an active part. Colonel Schooley, of Rochester, presided at the organization, assisted by members from Gordon Granger Post, of Phelps. The Post was named in honor of Dr. William B. Vosburgh, late Surgeon of the One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry. The first officers were:

C. A. Burt, C.; E. K. Burnham, S. V. C.; L. L. Rose, J. V. C.; Rev. J. P. Foster, Chap. and acting Q. M.; James Jones, Adjt.; Charles Burchard, O. of D.; E. B. S. Landon, O. of G.; F. M. Scott, I. G.; George Wright, O. G.

*Officers of 1880*—C. A. Burt, C.; E. A. Burnham, S. V. C.; L. L. Rose, J. V. C.; Lafayette Congdon, Chap.; J. P. Foster, Q. M.; James Jones, Adjt.; W. G. Burnham, Surg.; S. A. Pyatt, O. of D.; E. B. S. Landon, O. of G.; L. W. Plass,\* S. M.; F. M. Scott, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1881*—E. K. Burnham, C.; S. B. VanDuser, S. V. C.; Alfred Westfall, J. V. C.; Horace Crosby, Q. M.; William L. Sternberg, Adjt.; J. J. Cornwell, Surg.; J. P. Foster, Chap.; George Wright, O. of D.; Nathaniel Cook, O. of G.; Robert Randall, S. M.; E. B. S. Landon, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1882*—E. K. Burnham, C.; James Jones, S. V. C.; John Van Dusen, J. V. C.; Horace Crosby, Q. M.; J. J. Cornwell, Adjt.; S. D. Burrows, Surg.; George H. Mills, O. of D.; Victor Leroux, O. of G.; Robert Randall, S. M.; S. S. Richards, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1883*—James Jones, C.; (died January 9, 1883), S. B. Van Duser, (to fill vacancy); John H. Van Dusen, S. V. C.; S. S. Burroughs, J. V. C.; Howard Burt, Chap.; Horace Crosby, Q. M.; Robert F. Randall, Adjt.; Conrad Weh, Surgeon, George H. Mills, O. of D.; Victor Leroux, O. of G.; David Lown, S. M.; S. S. Richards, Q. M. S.

The following were charter members of Vosburgh Post:

J. P. Foster, Col. 5th Cav.	W. G. Burnham, Serg't 111th Inf. D.
James L. Briggs, Capt. 94th Inf. H.	James Jones, Com. Serg't 160th Inf.
Oren E. Doty, 1st U. S. S. I.	E. B. S. Landon, 111th Inf. G.
Almon Baldwin.	H. J. Crosby, Corp. 5th Eng. C.
Charles Burchard, 35th Ind. Inf. F.	George Wright, 1st Serg't 6th U. S.
Patrick Dening.	C. T.
A. H. Vanderbilt, Corp. 9th H. A. D.	L. H. Carll, 1st Lieut. 8th Cav. M.
Thomas J. Jenkins, Serg't 111th Inf. E.	E. K. Burnham, Capt. 111th Inf. D.

#### MEMBERS RECEIVED SINCE THE ORGANIZATION.

C. A. Burt, Lieut.-Col. 159th Inf.	L. L. Rose, Paymaster U. S. A.
Finley M. Scott, 1st H. A., C. T., A.	William Dickinson, Corp. 2d M. R. F.
Henry A. Shults, 9th H. A. G.	Philip Bartholomew, 160th Inf. A.

\*Resigned and William L. Sternberg, appointed to fill the vacancy.

- J. H. Van Dusen, Serg't 160th Inf. A.  
 Howard Burt, 4th Cav. K.  
 W. S. Doake, musician 160th Inf. A.  
 S. D. Burroughs, Serg't 160th Inf. A.  
 S. A. Pyatt, Lieut. 111th Inf. E.  
 Edwin Booth, Serg't 2d Vet. Cav. M.  
 S. B. Van Dusen, Bugler 2d M. R. F.  
 G. W. Phillips, 16th Mass. Inf. F.  
 James Cook, 111th Inf. E.  
 John Arnold, 160th Inf. D.  
 Halsey Nichols, 169th Inf. E.  
 Omer O. Stone, 20th Cav. E.  
 Gilbert Whitbeck, Corp. 151st Penn.  
   Inf. C.  
 Amos Baldwin, 50th Penn. Inf. D.  
 Andrew Palmer, Corp. 117th Inf. H.  
 M. W. Plass, 111th Inf. B.  
 Charles Rosch, 48th Inf. I.  
 Daniel Heitz, 1st Vet. Cav. E.  
 Conrad Kellerhouse, 9th H. A. G.  
 W. L. Willett, 147th Inf. H.  
 C. Hopkins, 2d Lieut. 1st Vet. Cav. I.  
 S. W. Braman, 111th Inf. E.  
 James A. Flint, Corp. 24th M. C. F.  
 Robert Hunter, 22d Cav. H.  
 William Heath, 160th Inf. A.  
 Wells Axtell, 7th Mich. Inf. F.  
 John Patterson, 160th Inf. A.  
 Lafayette Congdon, 22d Cav. K.  
 Henry C. Price, Regimental Q. M.  
   160th Inf.  
 John J. Cornwell, 111th Inf. D.  
 Augustus Donk, 111th Inf. A.  
 Robert F. Randall, 18th Ind. Battery.  
 Alfred Westfall, 1st Vet. Cav. E.  
 Andrew J. Mott, 2d M. R. F.  
 Alfred Bailey, 9th A. C. Vet. H.  
 James F. Groat, 160th Inf. A.  
 William F. Steenburg, 135th Inf. D.  
 William Hodgson, 111th Inf. E.  
 James M. Coons, 111th Inf. H.  
 Henry Eggleston, 33d Inf. C.  
 Eugene A. Harrington, 8th Cav. C.  
 George Cook, 160th Inf. A.  
 Nathaniel Cook, 160th Inf. A.  
 Philip Heitz, 2d M. R. F.  
 Darius Lake, 160th Inf. A.  
 Conrad Weh, 148th Inf. C.  
 John Quinn, 33d Inf. B.  
 Uriah Hutchins, 76th Inf. A.  
 George M. Smith, 2d M. R. F.  
 Charles P. Patterson, 9th H. A.  
 Ralf Rogers, 17th Inf.  
 Aaron Willis, U. S. Navy.  
 James Bradley, 29th N. J. Inf. I.  
 George Harvey, 4th H. A. A.  
 Thomas Sweeney, 111th Inf. A.  
 S. N. Keener, 160th Inf. A.  
 Leman Purchase, 111th Inf. E.  
 George H. Mills, 148th Inf. C.  
 Nathaniel Pierce, 1st Michigan L.  
   Art. E.  
 Jacob Stever, Serg't 2d M.R.\*F.  
 Victor Leroux, Serg't 160th Inf. B.  
 Joseph C. Armitage, Serg't 22d Cav. G.  
 Wm. H. Stacy, 111th Inf. E.  
 John H. Kemper, Major 10th Cav. K.  
 Wm H. Myers, 14th U S. Inf.\*H.  
 Frank H. Spoor, Corp. 2d M. R. F.  
 Henry Humeston, 16th Mich. Inf. G.  
 Frederic Stell, 9th H. A. D.  
 John Cohs, 160th Inf. A.  
 Edwin Richmond, 111th Inf. D.  
 George Clark, 94th Inf. I.  
 Sidney A. Day, 14th Inf. I.  
 Charles H. Bigelow, 160th Inf. A.  
 Mathew Wolf, 160th Inf. A.  
 John Gerdes, 160th Inf. A.  
 John Gallagher, 56th Inf. C.  
 Rufus Smith, 111th Inf. C.  
 John H. Martin, 160th Inf. C.  
 Calvin Pulver, 7th H. A. D.  
 S. S. Richards, 10th H. A. E.  
 William Jenkins, 8th Cav. C.  
 Frank L. Thompson, 8th Cav. D.  
 George Evans, Q. M. 2d M. R.  
 Frederick Parks, 111th Inf.  
 David Lown, 1st Conn. H. A. M.  
 William B. Curtin, 50th Eng. A.  
 Peter Merrick, 98th Inf. I.  
 Philetus M. Skuss, 111th Inf. C.  
 James S. Horton, 111th Inf. D.  
 Charles H. Sanford, 9th H. A. G.  
 Albert H. Bull, Serg't 9th H. A. A.  
 Henry C. Wood, Artificer 50th Eng. F.  
 William Lang, 24th Cav. C.  
 Daniel E. Haskell, 8th Cav. L.  
 Michael Weimer, 33d Inf. F.  
 Jeremiah Fisher, 33d Inf. H.  
 George Hoetzel, 9th H. A. B.  
 David Ganebol, 9th H. A. D.  
 Stephen Walters, 1st Vet. Cav. B.  
 Hansom J. Smith, 126th Inf. C.  
 Horace Hughson, 2d M. R. F.  
 Theodore Tillotson, 50th Eng. M.  
 C. C. Lusk, 111th Inf.  
 George W. Tindall, 27th Inf. B.  
 Thomas Christley, 21st Cav. D.  
 Charles Miller, 148th Inf. K.  
 William E. Greenwood, 1st Lieut. 9th  
   H. A. B.  
 George H. Garlock, Serg't 160th  
   Inf. A.  
 Oliver Van Norman, 111th Inf. A.  
 William J. Dibble, 33d Inf. A.  
 Adam Appleman, Corp. 22d Cav. F.  
 Washington Hathaway, Serg't 160th  
   Inf. D.  
 Henry A. Ganze, Serg't 160th Inf. D.  
 L. D. Coleman, 160th Inf. C.  
 Edgar P. Hicks, 1st Vet. Cav. E.  
 William Gleason, 24th Vet. Reserve, E.  
 Baron A. Mead, 111th Inf. E.  
 Warren H. Gillett, 3d Light Art. I.

Matthew Hildebrandt, 70th Inf. A.      Robert M. Galusha, 8th Cav. F.  
 Charles Van Ostrand, 9th H. A. A.      George M. Sweezey, 111th Inf. A.

The Post has taken much care to observe Decoration Day, with appropriate ceremonies. The oration in 1879, was delivered by Captain T. L. Brown; in 1880, by Colonel C. A. Burt; in 1881, by Rev. J. H. Moore; in 1882, by Rev. A. Parke Burgess, and in 1883, by Rev. E. H. Edson.

FLAG PRESENTATION AT NEWARK, JULY 4, 1881—SPEECH OF  
 HON. S. K. WILLIAMS.

*“Commander, Officers and Members of Vosburgh Post—Veterans of the Late War—We are Assembled to do you Honor:—* Twenty years ago this quiet village was startled from its slumbers by the report that rebels South had fired on the old flag; it became full of the expectation and preparation of war. The sound of martial music was heard in our streets. Our young men came forward and enlisted. We said, “God bless them,” and they went away. They went to encounter the hardships of war. They parted from home. They left the joys and peace of a father’s house. They left the tender ministrations of a mother. They left the family circle. They left brothers and sisters around the family altar. They left all the sweets and quiet of home. They plunged into the midst of the dire conflict of war. They went where hardship was the daily life. Tenderly nurtured, they slept on the ground through the searching rain, amid the cold of autumn nights. They went away into the smoke and roar of contending ranks. They looked to Heaven for their guide. They trusted to God. Away from their friends, entering into the very ante-chamber of another world, the field of battle, where it was but the step of a bullet’s swiftness into the unseen world which their comrades were daily entering, they learned willingly to obey their marching orders, whether they led them into the fire of the enemy or into that unseen world. They became familiar with death. He became their friend; their constant companion. They dreaded him not. He was so familiar that of him they had no fear. He was with them daily. In the Southern forests; amid swampy vapors; on the lonely picket-guard; in the advance of battle; amid the roar of contending armies; under the thick smoke of artillery; with the remorseless bullet; the miasmas of an unhealthy and pestiferous climate; the slow starvation of Southern prisons, more cruel than the elements, and less pitiful than cannon and shell and ball, death was their constant companion; pain, suffering, privation were their daily food.

"They returned no more. The homes that looked for them, and held wide their open doors for their entrance, received them no more. The friend, the lover, the father, the mother, the brother, who waited for them, and ever cast longing looks southward for their return, waited in vain. The telegraphic dispatch said, 'died in battle,' 'lost,' 'missing,' 'in hospital,' 'severely wounded.' Some returned. Some with only a part of their bodies—a leg, an arm, both legs, both arms, left behind, buried, or left to bleach on Southern soil.

"O, who shall recount the suffering, the heroism, the self-sacrifice, the bravery, the unfinished endurance, the noble self-devotion of those heroes, comrades. Language fails. Imagination fails. Words fail. The power of human expression is unequal to the task. None but an all-seeing eye could know; none but an eternal pen could record; none but an infinite imagination could conceive the suffering, the hardship endured. A few are returned to us. You, comrades, friends, neighbors, braves, are still with us. You are the remnants, the sole representatives of all the youth, and strength, and manhood, and high hopes that went out from among us. Can we honor you too much? Can we show our appreciation of your courage, your devotion, your giving yourselves to your country, for us, too much? Never!

"Well do I remember those scenes of enlistment, of nightly gatherings, of patriotic utterances. I recall with pride, and mention it with an honest and, I trust, pardonable satisfaction, that I was chairman of the War Committee during those years, and exercised my influence as to who should occupy the position of captain, of major, of colonel, of sergeant, and faithfully aided many a wish or plan of the boys. I recently found records showing large amounts raised by citizens of this town, and paid towards bounties; signed by myself, William T. Barney and P. W. Kenyon, the War Committee. You will pardon me in this; for by this reminiscence I seek only to stand with you—not so honored as you—but simply one of the attendants on your glorious band.

"That you may remain long with us, that your later days of life may be filled with comfort, with respect from others, with honor; that your names may be enrolled on the list of those whose names are written on high, and who shall finally listen to the roll-call and to the welcome of the Captain of our salvation, when you shall rejoin the friends gone before, is our hearty wish. It has fallen to me to be the one to present to you an emblem of our appreciation, a nicely embroidered, elegant specimen of the glorious old Flag. It



is not like those tattered ensigns that you brought home from the war. It is pierced with no enemy's bullet. It is not grim with the smoke of conflict. Its staff has not been shot asunder by a rebel ball. It is not stained with the blood of any hero, shed to protect it from falling into an enemy's possession. No young hand has loosened its grasp from it in death. No young eye, dimmed and filmy, has cast a last glance at its silken stars. It has not been rescued from the enemy. No such associations cluster around it. It is fair, bright, and pleasant to look upon. Its colors are brilliant. The blue is unfaded. The white is untarnished, like your records. The stars are all there, thanks to your bravery. They count thirty-eight. Some have been added since you fought to keep those on it, there. Live worthy of it. It is not entirely of earthly composition. Its stars are from heaven. Its azure is from the sky.

“ ‘Flag of the free heart's hope and home,  
By angel hands to valor given;  
Thy stars have lit the welkin dome,  
And all thy hues were born in heaven.’

“I wish I could recount the names of those whose lives have been lost in thy defence—those heroes who went out from among us never to return. I speak not now of the living. We can honor you while living among us, and recount your virtues when dead. But the look of the old flag, with these associations, brings up the shadowy land, unseen, eternal, more real, because eternal—the names of those who have gone down under thy folds—the glorious achievements of war—the heroes, the self-forgetfulness, the unselfish sacrifice.

“ ‘Peace to the slumberers ;  
They lie on the battle plain,  
With no shroud to cover them ;  
The dew and the rain  
Are all that weep over them.’

“You remember them. The noble, brave Captain Andrew Wilson, of the first company from this town—Company A, Seventeenth Regiment—a good fighter and in earnest; wounded in the swamps, in the battles of Virginia, in his sword-arm, and afterwards his left thigh broken by a ball, laying in the rain all Saturday night, and again all Sunday night beside the road in the enemy's lines; taken through the lines to Alexandria. He said to a friend weeping near him, before his brave spirit left his body, already mortifying by his wounds, that he did not regret that he gave his life:

“ ‘Weep not. I do not regret that I am about to die; that I have given my life in the service. I had rather be as I am than to be back in my office, and have had nothing to do with this war.’

"Bartlett Brown, killed at Gettysburgh. When ordered to take the place of a wounded comrade, on skirmish line in face of the enemy, bidding his comrades farewell, knowing the fate he was going to, had not been out 20 minutes when he was shot and killed, willing to surrender his life at his country's demand.

"James E. Brown, private, starved to death in Salisbury prison. He died a raving maniac.

"Lieutenant Richard Taylor, of the Eighth New York Cavalry, killed at Sheridan's raid, at Richmond.

"I mention these as types of others not less meritorious, only not mentioned because I have not the facts in regard to them. I cannot mention, for I have not the material, one in hundreds of those who thus gave their lives, of the boys who went from this town, all equally worthy of mention. I wish I could. I would commend to some historian of your Post, to preserve in written form the names and worthy achievements of each one of those of our citizens whose lives thus ceased. Their deeds are written all over the Southern soil. Their mouldering remains mark and hallow the march of our army and its victories.

"Ah, never shall the land forget  
How gushed the life-blood of her brave—  
Gushed, warm with the hope and courage yet,  
Upon the soil they sought to save."

"How sleep the brave, who sink to rest,  
By all their country's wishes blessed!  
When Spring, with dewy fingers cold,  
Returns to deck their hallowed mould,  
She then shall dress a sweeter sod  
Than Fancy's feet have ever trod.

By fairy hands their knell is rung;  
By forms unseen their dirge is sung;  
There Honor comes, a pilgrim gray,  
To bless the turf that wraps their clay;  
And Freedom shall awhile repair,  
To dwell a weeping hermit there!"

"The money contributed for this flag with great willingness, has been limited by the ladies soliciting to small amounts, so that many could participate. All have united; old ladies ninety years of age; children of dead soldiers, some giving their carefully saved pleasure money; soldiers' widows, whose memories are sad with the events that occurred under its folds; from the people of this village and town, and some from the neighboring town of Palmyra. Nearly two hundred individuals have united in this tribute of respect. You will remember that it is not given grudgingly, but freely, and you will retain it as the silent memorial offered by gratitude to the Saviors of our Country.

Let its motto, 'The love of country conquers,' remain in your breasts, and may you take from it a fresh inspiration of devotion to the land it floats over. Veterans (citizens,) comrades, friends! You have set us a worthy example for the preservation of Liberty, to be remembered for long years to come.

“ ‘ Freedom’s battle once begun,  
Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,  
Though baffled oft, is ever won.’ ”

“ Take, then, this flag, as a memorial of your past services. It is given by the grateful hearts of the ladies and citizens of Arcadia, and some from East Palmyra, to the brave defenders of the nation’s honor, the nation’s liberty, our property, our lives, our homes. Preserve it unsullied. The stars on it are undiminished. They are undimmed by national dishonor. You have kept them bright and untarnished.

“ ‘ Forever float that standard sheet !  
Where breathes the foe, but falls before us,  
With Freedom’s soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom’s banner streaming o’er us.’ ”

“ This is a day mingled with sadness and rejoicing combined, as one of the principal defenders of the Flag, President Garfield, lies stricken down by the assassin’s bullet. It is to be hoped that the President may recover. And I express here your and my sympathy, and anxious and earnest solicitude for him and his family, and the nation in its hour of distress.”

#### REPLY OF COMMANDER E. K. BURNHAM.

“ *Hon. S. K Williams* :—In behalf of William B. Vosburgh Post, allow me, through you, to return to the ladies and citizens our sincere thanks for this beautiful Flag you have presented us. We shall always cherish it with a true soldier’s devotion for the flag of his country. Yes, and even more, for while the old Stars and Stripes is always dear to us, in whatever form or material it may appear, this beautiful silk emblem has clustering about it that which will make it doubly precious to the members of Vosburgh Post.

“ We remember, when at the front enduring the hardships and privations of a soldier’s life, upon the march, the skirmish line, the field of battle, or with shattered limb or wasting constitution in hospital and prison pens, the good, loyal ladies all over the North, through the Ladies’ Sanitary Commission, and other organizations, were continually sending to us the thousand and one things that helped to make our lot more comfortable, our hardships more endurable, and the continuance of life in many a poor wounded soldier possible. In this good work they were ably seconded by

all loyal citizens, and but for the unanimity with which this was done, you would not to-day have the pleasure of presenting us the good old Stars and Stripes.

"If it required patriotic heroism and bravery for a soldier to leave his home and dear ones to face the cannon's mouth, and take his chances of meeting death upon the field of battle, O, how much more of true devotion to country was exhibited by the self-sacrificing and loyal mothers, wives, sisters and sweethearts, who, with a parting kiss and an aching heart, bid their loved one farewell; and through the succeeding months, and perhaps years, expecting to hear the last final message that the dear one had surrendered his life to the God who gave it. For the verification of this assertion I might refer to many noble and patriotic hearts within the hearing of my voice, who will bear me out in saying, that the suffering of death by them would have been as nothing compared with the anguish caused by the departure and terrible uncertainty of the fate of those they loved most dear who were among the 300,000 of our noble comrades who fell at the post of duty. It is not, then, on account of the intrinsic value alone of this Flag that we admire it; but because it assures us that the same loyal and patriotic impulses beat in the hearts of the people of to-day that actuated their every movement twenty years ago.

"We accept this as a token of your good will, and your desire that we may know that you have not forgotten the noble acts of heroism performed by us. And we receive it, not alone for Vosburgh Post, but also in behalf of our noble comrades who are now sleeping in the silent grave, and are not permitted to enjoy the occasion with us. We trust that this act on your part will excite us to a more faithful performance of our duties as citizens, and stimulate us to carry forward the great objects of the Grand Army, among which is the enrolling the names of our deceased comrades, and preserving a record of their noble deeds, that their memory may go down to posterity as patriots who died that their country might live. How fitting that on this occasion this Flag, the representative of a free people, should be given into the hands of one, once a slave, Finley M. Scott (colored) color bearer, who out of love for his country, and a desire to strike a blow for the freedom and liberty of his race, joined our ranks and, shoulder to shoulder in the bloody strife, marched against a common enemy. And he stands here the representative of a race whose shackles were sundered and chains broken, that this government might exist, and that the good old Flag might no longer represent a lie, but that it might be in truth and in fact, as it is to-day, the emblem

of a great, mighty and free people. Our comrade will be true to the trust imposed in him; he will see that not a single star upon the old Flag is obliterated or its folds trailed in the dust.

"In receiving it let me assure the donors that it shall ever be guarded with a jealous care, and if need be to preserve the unity of the Republic, or stay the assassin's hand, the members of the Grand Army will carry this Flag to the battle-field of another Bull Run, Antietam, Gettysburgh, Wilderness, or even up among the clouds of Lookout Mountain; and as one after another of our brave color-bearers shall be struck down, this Flag shall be caught up and carried forward, even though but one last representative of our noble order shall be left to plant it upon the giddy heights of the mountain-top, or carry it on its triumphal march to Appomattox. The unity and integrity of our country being maintained, it shall be delivered over to our sons with instructions to transmit it to succeeding generations, trusting and believing they will be faithful to the duty imposed upon them; and that the good old Stars and Stripes will be the National emblem of future generations unborn, when, within the boundaries of the Atlantic on the East, the Pacific on the West, the great chain of lakes on the North, and the Gulf of Mexico on the South, there shall be included 500,000,000 of free people.

"As the national ensign of such a powerful nation, this Flag will be looked upon with awe and veneration. Thrice and again we thank you for this token of your friendship and esteem. And this be our motto, 'In God is our trust,' and—

"The Star-spangled Banner in triumph shall wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

The money to purchase the flag had been raised by the active exertions of Mrs. J. P. Foster, and had been solicited in small sums, that as many as possible might share in the tribute of respect. The contributors were 166 in number, the sum raised, \$91.80; the cost of the flag, \$75.00; the expenses \$7.65, and the balance \$9.15, was given to the Benefit Fund of Vosburgh Post. All of which appears from the model report published by Mrs. Foster.

DWIGHT POST, NO. 109, G. A. R.

This Post was organized under a charter, bearing date August 6th, 1879. It was named in honor of Judge Charles C. Dwight, formerly Colonel of the One Hundred and

Sixtieth Regiment of Infantry. Judge Dwight acknowledged the compliment by a handsome donation, and by many subsequent courtesies to the Post and to its members. The Post was instituted August 21st, by Past Commander George B. Curtiss, assisted by other members of Keeslar Post, No. 55, of Wolcott.

The first officers chosen and installed for the remainder of the year 1879, were as follows:

W. H. Sentell, C.; M. J. Seymour, S. V. C.; S. W. Brundage, J. V. C.; David Knight, Q. M.; Thomas Killean, Jr., Surg.; R. W. Milner, Chap.; R. J. Parshall, Adjt.; J. Shaffer, O. of D.; B. M. Stuver, O. of G.; A. W. Brower, S. M.; Apollos Johnson, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1880*—W. H. Sentell, C.; M. J. Seymour, S. V. C.; S. W. Brundage, J. V. C.; David Knight, Q. M.; R. J. Parshall, Surg.; R. W. Milner, Chap.; W. J. Goldring, Adjt.; J. Shaffer, O. of D.; B. M. Stuver, O. of G.; E. Goodsell, S. M.; L. J. Banks, Q. M. S.; R. J. Parshall and Wm. H. Sentell, Reps. to State Encamp.

*Officers of 1881*—E. H. Sentell, C.; M. Gaffney, S. V. C.; R. W. Milner, J. V. C.; David Knight, Q. M.; Charles Mills, Surg.; M. F. Tripp, Chap.; M. J. Seymour, Adjt.; C. Snyder, O. of D.; B. M. Stuver, O. of G.; W. J. Goldring, S. M.; Eli Darling, Q. M. S.; R. J. Parshall and Edward H. Sentell, Reps. to State Encamp.

*Officers of 1882*—M. J. Seymour, C.; Charles Mills, S. V. C.; R. W. Milner, J. V. C.; David Knight, Q. M.; J. W. Lepper, Surg.; W. J. Goldring, Adjt.; W. J. Cheetham, Chap.; Isaac Leroy, O. of D.; T. M. Brown, O. of G.; W. H. Sentell, S. M.; C. Snyder, Q. M. S.; Edward H. Sentell and Morris J. Seymour, Reps. to State Encamp.

*Officers of 1883*—E. H. Sentell, C.; W. J. Cheetham, S. V. C.; B. G. Strong, J. V. C.; David Knight, Q. M.; J. W. Lepper, Surg.; ———\* Adjt.; Rev. W. H. Rogers, Chap.; Jeff. Shaffer, O. of G.; Apollos Johnson, O. of G.; B. M. Stuver, Q. M.; Edward H. Sentell and Richard W. Milner, Reps. to State Encamp.

The charter members of Dwight Post were:

David Knight, 8th Cav. D.	W. H. Sentell, Major, 160th Inf.
Morris J. Seymour, 160th Inf. D.	E. H. Sentell, 1st Lieut, 160th Inf. I.
Apollos Johnson, 111th Inf. D.	Jefferson Schaeffer, 52nd Inf. D.
Byron J. Stuver, 160th Inf. C.	Thomas Killean, Jr., 1st Lieut, 2nd U. S. C. T.
Eli Darling, 1st Vet. Cav. I.	R. J. Parshall, 2nd Lieut, 111th Inf. A.
R. W. Milner, Corp. 111th Inf. E.	S. W. Brundage, 9th H. A. D.
A. W. Brower, 9th H. A. G.	

\*No one accepted appointment for this year. David Knight, Charles Mills and others have acted as Adjutant.

The following members have been admitted since the organization :

Charles Larkins, 55th Ohio Inf. E.	John Smith, Corp. 160th Inf. D.
Charles Mills, 6th Vermont Inf. G.	M. F. Tripp, 9th H. A. A.
Joshua Lepper, 160th Inf. D.	Philip Rowe, 9th H. A. H..
Isaac Leroy, 9th H. A. D.	Robert Fulton, 17th Inf. I.
Chas. M. Sentell, Corp. 111th Inf. E.	Henry F. Andrews, 9th H. A. D.
Abraham Hildebrant, Corp. 160th Inf. D.	Wm. H. Mumford, Navy, Seaman.
Isaac Day, 160th Inf. D.	Jesse Gage, 9th H. A. B.
Wm. J. Cheetham, Corp. 97th Inf. E.	Benjamin Finch, 111th Inf. D.
William Goldring, Navy, Yeoman, Steamer <i>James Adger</i> .	George A. Carson, 98th Inf. F.
Erastus Goodsell, Corp. 111th Inf. D.	Levi G. Sweet, 17th Inf. I.
Wm. J. Henry, Sergt. 160th Inf. D.	Matthew Gaffney, Navy, Seaman, Gunboat <i>Tonomo</i> .
Horace Field, 111th Inf. D.	Francis M. Loomis, 9th H. A. B.
John Schaap, 96th Inf. A ; died Oct. 17, 1881.	Benjamin G. Strong, 111th Inf. E.
Seymour S. Short, Capt. 98th Inf. F.	C. C. Green, 111th Inf. D.
James G. Lewis, 160th Inf. D.	Edward Clay, Corp. 105th Inf. F.
Lewis D. Banks, 18th Cav. G.	Abner Novess, Sergt. 194th Inf. H.
John Cheetham, Corp. 97th Inf. E.	George J. Hutchinson, 140th Inf. C.
John H. Smith, 196th Inf. A.	Chas. W. Fillmore, Corp. 160th Inf. D.
Mathay Grootnart, 1st Mich. Inf. K.	Jas. Pearce, 1st Divisional Hospital.
Christopher Snyder, 111th Inf. E.	John H. Thompson, 111th Inf. C.
Andrew F. Sheldon, Surgeon, U. S. Volunteers, Brevet Lieut.-Col.	H. M. Fowler, Corp. 160th Inf. C.
Daniel Phillips, Sergt. 94th Inf. F.	Joseph B. Boyer, 3d Art. E.
Wm. H. Allen, Sergt. 105th Inf. F.	Henry Field, 160th Inf. D.
Christopher Greenholtz, 65th Inf. K.	Michael Coon, 65th Inf. K.
Jas. H. Sergeant, Sergt. 22nd Cav. H.	Edward M. Crego, Corp. 102nd Inf. H.
Wm. H. Sergeant, Corp. 22nd Cav. H.	Norman K. Hurd, 111th Inf. D.
Oscar Sergeant, 81st Inf. B.	A. C. Jewell, 111th Inf. D.
Cornelius Johnson, 111th Inf. E.	Alfred E. Pratt, 8th Cav. L.
Chas. H. Degan. 111th Inf. D.	Andrew J. White, 17th Inf. I.
Philander T. Lyman, Navy, Seaman, Monitor <i>Ozark</i> .	David S. Cortright, Sergt. 65th Inf. K.
Henry Rose, 111th Inf. E.	Chas. Cooper, Sergt. 8th U. S. C. T. B.
Justus H. Pulver, 65th Inf. I.	Wm. H. Rogers, Chaplain, 189th Inf.
Chas. A. Pulver, Corp. 111th Inf. D.	Thomas A. Vanduzer, 3d Art. G.
Chas. D. Lent, 1st Lieut. 9th Art. H.	Norton A. Spencer, 98 Inf. F.
Anthony Bogart, 111th Inf. D.	Frank Youngs, Corp. 126 Inf. D.
T. M. Brown, Musician, 3d Art. F.	W. T. Russell, Lieut. 98th Inf. I.
	Eugene Parkhill, 17th Inf. I.
	Reuben Rowland, 98th Inf. F.
	John J. Finch, 9th H. A. D.

Dwight Post has maintained an active and successful organization to the present time. It has provided for the ceremonies of decoration each year, a patriotic service that had not before been observed in the town. May 30th, 1880, the annual address was delivered by Lewis H. Clark; in 1881, by Colonel John Foster, then of Red Creek; in 1882, by Rev. J. P. Foster, of Sodus; in 1883, by Rev. Wm. H. Rogers, formerly Chaplain of the One Hundred and Eighty-ninth Infantry. Committees of citizens have freely assisted, gladly accepting the leadership of the Post in this patriotic work. Especially have the ladies from year to year been

profuse in their floral offerings to the memory of the heroic dead. The Post is accustomed to send a detail of its members to each of the cemeteries in the town, for the purpose of decoration, and then all have gathered in the afternoon, at the village rural cemetery, for the public services of the day. The influence of the Post has incited the people to a better care of the old burial places, and to a better designation of the actual graves of Revolutionary soldiers and those of the war of 1812.

POST COLONEL A. D. ADAMS, G. A. R. NO. 153, AT LYONS.

The arrangements to organize this Post, were made at a meeting held pursuant to a call in the village papers April 1st, 1880, at which Bartlett R. Rogers, was Chairman, and Lyman L. Dickerson, Secretary. A committee of three were appointed upon organization, George P. Price, Lyman L. Dickerson and Godfrey Czerney. It was also voted that the Post be named in honor of Colonel A. D. Adams. At a subsequent meeting held April 8th, at the engine house, C. Englehardt, Chairman, and L. L. Dickerson, Secretary, further arrangements were made, J. S. Roys and William Zwilling were added to the Committee. April 15th, 1880, the Post was duly instituted by Department Chaplain Comrade J. P. Foster, assisted by comrades from Vosburgh Post, Newark. The Post has maintained active work. It meets on Tuesday evening of each week, in a hall handsomely furnished. Decoration ceremonies are observed annually. The oration was delivered in 1880, by Rev. J. T. Brownell; in 1881, by Hon. T. W. Collins; in 1882, by Rev. H. B. Cassavant, and in 1883, by Captain E. M. Allen, of Portland, Michigan.

*Officers of 1880*—S. D. Holmes, C.; Conrad Englehardt, S. V. C.; Henry Vosteen, J. V. C.; Lyman L. Dickerson, Adjt.; James S. Roys, Q. M.; Norman A. Parish, Chap.; Thomas Noble, O. of D.; Dexter E. Buell, O. of G.; Thos. Owens, S. M.; Godfrey Czerney, Q. M. S.; S. D. Holmes, Deleg. to State Encamp.

*Officers of 1881*—Sebastian D. Holmes, C.; Thomas Noble, S. V. C.; George P. Price, J. V. C.; Lyman L. Dickerson, Adjt.; Andrew F. Sheldon, Surg.; Volney H. Sweeting, Chap.; James S. Roys, Q. M.; Thomas Owens, O. of D.;



George Rooker, O. of G. ; Robert Durkee, S. M. ; Godfrey Czerney, Q. M. S. ; S. D. Holmes, Delg. to State Encamp. ; Thomas Noble, Alternate.

*Officers of 1882*—Sebastian D. Holmes, C. ; Thomas Noble, S. V. C. ; George Rooker, J. V. C. ; L. L. Dickerson, Adj. ; Edward H. Cooke, Surg. ; Volney H. Sweeting, Chap. ; Godfrey Czerney, Q. M. ; Thomas Owens, O. of D. ; Homer C. Dunn, O. of G. ; Robert Durkee, S. M. ; Nelson P. Layton, Q. M. S. ; S. D. Holmes, George P. Price, Delegs. to State Encamp. ; Henry Vosteen, Alternate.

*Officers of 1883*—Daniel H. Mann, C. ; George P. Price, S. V. C. ; \* James S. Roys, J. V. C. ; Lyman L. Dickerson, Adj. ; Godfrey Czerney, Q. M. ; William H. McOmber, Chap. ; Andrew F. Sheldon, Surg. ; Andrew Allee, O. of D. ; Homer C. Dunn, O. of G. ; Robert M. Durkee, Q. M. S. ; Thomas Owens, S. M. ; D. H. Mann, Volney H. Sweeting, Delegs. to State Encamp. ; S. D. Holmes, Alternate.

The following constituted the charter members :

Lyman L. Dickerson, Sergt. 10th H. A. A.	George Allee, 160th Inf. C.
Vernon R. Howell, 9th H. A. D.	Norman A. Parish, Corp. 9th H. A. D.
Homer C. Dunn, 9th H. A. D.	A. K. Allee, 1st Vet. Cav. C.
Robert M. Durkee, 27th Inf. B.	Henry Vosteen, 1st L. A. B.
George P. Price, Corp. 4th Mich. F.	James S. Roys, 1st Sergt. 9th H. A. D.
Godfrey Zzerney, 27th Inf. B.	Daniel Ryckman, 9th H. A. E.
Thomas Noble, Corp. 45th Ohio K.	Edmund Youngs, 2d Lieut. 9th H. A. H.
Dexter E. Buell, 27th Inf. B.	C. Englehardt, Capt. 108th Inf. I.
S. L. Steever, 27th Michigan B.	S. D. Holmes, Captain, 111th Inf. D.
A. Crawford, 25th Inf. I.	Thomas M. Owens, Corp. 2d H. A. M.
Giles Gilkey, 9th H. A. D.	Wm. H. McOmber, 54th Inf. K.
Lewis H. Clark, 9th H. A. D.	

Members admitted since the date of institution :

Henry Alford, Sergt. 160th Inf. C.	D. S. Chamberlain, Surgeon, 9th H. A.
William Kreutzer, Colonel 98th Inf.	George Sitterly, 160th Inf. C.
Franklin Carr, 160th Inf. C.	Minor Wiggins, 13th H. A. I.
August Ohmans, 57th Inf. B.	John W. Hart, 9th H. A. D.
William C. Robinson, 160th Inf. C.	John Winters, 160th Inf. C.
William L. Lowe, 9th H. A. D.	Michael Abert, 160th Inf. C.
Robert Kackrits, 160th Inf. C.	Jacob Rodenbach, 27th Inf. B.
Frank Schmidt, 111th Inf. D.	H. H. Kelsey, Captain 185th Inf. D.
Valentine Natt, 33d Inf. D.	Henry Rooker, 27th Inf. B.
Frank E. Ireland, 8th Cav. C.	Charles Winters, 9th H. A. G.
Eli J. Sparks, 160th Inf. C.	William H. Tucker, 19th Inf.
George Rooker, 9th H. A. D.	Wm. H. Rogers, Lieut.-Col. 98th Inf.
A. F. Sheldon, Surgeon U. S. V.	William Thomas, 27th Inf. B.
Volney R. Sweeting, 2d Lieut. 75th Inf. E.	James Mahaney, 27th Inf. B.
M. A. Dwinnelle, 1st Vet. Cav.	George Painter, 9th H. A. B.
John H. Smith, 98th Inf. I.	Edward Ryan, 9th H. A. D.
William Zwilling, 9th H. A. D.	John H. Switzel, 9th H. A. D.
John Gantner, 9th H. A. D.	Edward H. Cooke, 75th Inf. E.
Nelson P. Layton, 2d Lieut. 10th Cav. E.	Carleton Watkins, 9th H. A. A.
	Murray M. Rogers, 160th Inf. C.
	Levi Vosburgh, Bl'k H. Cav. H.

\* Resigned February 22d, 1883, and Thomas M. Hilliard was elected and installed S. V. C.

A. W. Johnson, Sergeant 64th Inf. E.	Spencer Plants, 153d Inf. D.
Michael Dwyer, 160th Inf. C.	John Knoblock, 27th Inf. B.
Sidney G. Cooke, Lieut. 147th Inf. E.	David Westfall, 27th Inf. B.
George Hulbert, 105th Inf. F.	John H. Cosart, Corporal 4th Mich.
Thomas Hilliard, 9th H. A. D.	Cav. I.
Michael O'Brien, 160th Inf. C.	Henry O. Filer, hospital steward.
Jacob Miller, 9th H. A. D.	Peter H. Ford, Corp. 1st L. A. L.
John Denniston, 90th Inf. D.	William H. Rooker, Sergt. 27th Inf. B.
Martin Albert, 5th Ind. Battery.	Frank J. Rose, 111th Inf. D.
Abram Norman, 15th Inf. C.	Wilbur F. Hubbard, Hospital Steward.
D. H. Mann, Musician 192d Inf. D.	S. C. Redgrave, 1st Lieut. 9th H. A. D.
H. B. Cassavant, 11th Vermont V. C.	Wm. Desmond, Corp. 111th Inf. C.
John Foster, Lieut.-Col. 5th Vet.	John Albaugh, 9th H. A. D.
W. J. Kyle, 1st Lieut 25th O. Inf. G.	John Fortner, 160th Inf. C.
Henry Lake, 22d Cav. H.	George W. Risedolph, 50th Eng. B.
William Wall, 1st L. A. A.	

SNEDAKER POST, NO. 173, G. A. R., LOCATED AT CLYDE, N. Y.

This Post was organized July 23, 1880. The Instituting officer was Comrade James P. Foster, Chaplain, in Chief of the Department of New York, assisted by S. B. VanDuser, John Kemper, James S. Roys, A. H. Vanderbilt, Thomas J. Jenkins, Eugene Harrington, Thomas M. Owen, Charles Rosch, all of Vosburgh Post, Newark.

The officers of Snedaker Post, for the year of 1880, were then chosen, and duly installed :

Charles T. Saxton, C. ; John Tremper, S. V. C. ; H. P. Howard, J. V. C. ; John D. McVicker, Q. M. ; J. N. Arnold, Surg. ; Thomas W. Mockie, O. of D. ; W. D. Jones, O. of G. ; Christopher Dickinson, J. S. ; John V. Worden, O. S. ; J. N. Arnold, Adjt.

*Officers of 1881*—John Tremper, C. ; Henry W. Legg, S. V. C. ; H. P. Howard, J. V. C. ; J. D. McVicker, Q. M. ; J. N. Arnold, Surg. ; C. Dickinson, O. of D. ; A. J. Sloan, O. of G. ; L. P. Powers, Chap. ; M. D. Jones, Adjt.

*Officers of 1882*—John D. McVickar, C. ; Henry P. Howard, S. V. C. ; Elias E. David, J. V. C. ; J. T. VanBuskirk, Adjt. ; William D. Jones, Q. M. ; J. N. Arnold, Surg. ; Thomas Hamilton, Chap. ; Sanford Tucker, O. of D. ; James McQuay, O. of G. ; Frank W. Lutes, S. M. ; Philip I. Lape, Q. M. S.

*Officers of 1883*—John D. McVickar, C. ; Franklin W. Lutes, S. V. C. ; Wm. D. Jones, J. V. C. ; J. T. VanBuskirk, Adjt. ; J. N. Arnold, Q. M. ; Alfred J. Sloan, Surg. ; Thos. Hamilton, Chap. ; Sanford Tucker, O. of D. ; John V. Worden, O. of G. ; Clark Potts, S. M. ; Wm. M. Nichols, Q. M. S.

The Post have a spacious and convenient hall in the Fisher Building, well supplied with furniture and fixtures.

The Post meets on Friday evening. They have taken charge of the Annual Decoration Ceremonies since their organization. The Post is named in honor of ex-Sheriff Snedaker, whose two sons lost their lives in the service.

## CHARTER MEMBERS.

Chas. T. Saxton, Sergt. Maj. 90th Inf.	H. P. Howard, Brigade Mail Agent
Lendell P. Powers, Sergt. 9th H. A. H.	9th H. A. H.
John D. McVickar, Corp. 27th Inf. B.	William J. Harmon, 9th H. A. H.
Christopher Dickinson, 9th H. A. E.	Thomas W. Mackie, 67th Inf. D.
John V. Worden, 9th H. A. D.	William M. Nichols, 111th Inf. B.
Mortimer A. Leach, 1st Vol. Cav. I.	Jacob L. Lyman, 111th Inf. C.
J. N. Arnold, Surgeon 7th Art.	John Tremper, 3d Art. I.
Martin Wadley, 9th H. A. H.	George De Golyer, Naval Service,
William D. Jones, 111th Inf. B.	steamer <i>St. Louis</i> .
Alfred J. Sloan, 9th H. A. H.	James E. Benjamin, 111th Inf. B.

## MEMBERS SUBSEQUENTLY MUSTERED IN.

James Race, Corp. 9th H. A. H.	Harvey B. Snyder, 10th Cav. E.
Josiah W. Streeter, 2d Cav.	W. H. Weed, 193d Inf. C.
Calvin Winchell, Sergt. 9th H. A. G.	Franklin W. Lutes, Corp. 111th Inf. D.
Henry W. Legg, 80th Inf. E.	William A. Caton, 111th Inf. B.
William Bramer, 9th H. A. D.	Lucius Petteys, 9th H. A. H.
Andrew J. Dunham, Corp. 9th H. A. H.	Philip V. Lape, 111th Inf. B.
Henry Dixon, Sergt. 11th U. S. C. T. G.	Carlos Brown, 9th H. A. H.
Sanford Tucker, 75th Inf. F.	William Welch, 105th Inf. I.
William A. Snyder, Major 10th Cav.	Clark Potts, 9th H. A. K.
Jacob Sager, Musician, 9th H. A. H.	Francis M. Roberts, 24th V. R. C. F.
J. T. Van Buskirk, 1st Lient. 111th Inf. B.	Mathias Ramsberger, 9th H. A. G.
Samuel E. Lape, Corp. 111th Inf. B.	Charles Chamberlain, 9th H. A. H.
Elias B. David, 22d Cav.	Jared Chaddock, 67th Inf. D.
James McQuay, 81st Inf. D.	Avery H. Gillett, 9th H. A. H.
Samuel McCombs, 72d Inf. K.	George B. Hoffman, 20th Cav. M.
Charles H. Armitage, 90th Inf. D.	William O. Horton, 7th Vt. V. K.
Valentine Kline, 9th H. A. K.	John Brown, Corp. 9th H. A. H.
Leonard Collins, 9th H. A. H.	William M. Allen, 9th H. A. K.
John Kellar, 75th Inf. K.	William Marriott, 75th Inf. B.
Thomas Hamilton, Sergt. 149th Inf. G.	William Baldrich, 111th Inf. B.
Owen S. Langdon, 111th Inf. B.	George M. Wilson, 75th Inf. I.
Herman Ernst, 81st Inf. A.	Vencil A. Hoffman, Sergt. 90th Inf. D.
Alonzo Youngs, 3d Cal. Inf. I.	Chauncey Miller, 111th Inf. E.
	Charles T. Van Tassel, 19th Inf. C.

## GARFIELD POST, NO. 193, G. A. R.

This organization located at Palmyra, was instituted Jan. 15th, 1881. It was originally known as the John H. Starin Post, G. A. R. The Wayne County *Journal* writing of the organization said :

" Pursuant to an announcement which appeared in the Wayne County *Journal*, of last Thursday, a meeting of the ex-soldiers and sailors of the late war, was held at the Odd Fellows Assembly Rooms, in the Aldrich block, for the purpose of organizing a Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. The meeting was largely attended, and enthus-

iastically conducted. Rev. J. P. Foster, of Newark, Grand Chaplain of the Order, very kindly volunteered to be present and assist in the organization of the Post and the installation of its officers. The reverend gentleman himself, an old campaigner, late Colonel of Volunteers, was accompanied by several comrades of Vosburgh Post. The muster concluded with a very impressive and interesting initiation, after which the officers were elected and duly installed. The whole organization was harmonious and happy. Every body was pleased and the remarks indicated that the old slumbering military fire and enthusiasm needed but a spark to warm it into a bright flame."

The officers of the Post for the year 1881 were as follows:

John G. Webster, C.; Aaron P. Seeley, S. V. C.; Murganzy Hopkins, J. V. C.; Wm. J. Reid, O. of D.; Wm. W. Williamson, Q. M.; I. C. G. Crandall, Chap.; John Pitkin, Surg.; William S. Gilbert, O. of G.; George McGown, Adjt.; John Allis, S. M.; James B. Beckwith, Q. M. S.

Commander Webster, represented the Post in the Department Annual Encampment.

*Officers of 1882*—George McGown, C.; Aaron P. Seeley, S. V. C.; Albert S. Rogers, J. V. C.; Thaddeus Phillips, Q. M.; John Pitkin, Surg.; John G. Webster, Chap.; I. C. G. Crandall, O. of D.; Jacob Zeigler, O. of G.; Edward Jarvis, Adjt.; D. H. Heath, Q. M. S.; Wm. J. Reid, S. M.

A. P. Seeley, was chosen representative to the Depart. Annual Encamp., and S. B. McIntyre, Alternate.

*Officers of 1883*—Wm. J. Reid, C.; Albert S. Rogers, S. V. C.; Isaac G. C. Crandall, J. V. C.; Samuel B. McIntyre, Adjt.; Wm. A. Chapman, Q. M.; John Pitkin, Surg.; Rev. J. G. Webster, Chap.; James H. Johnson, O. of D.; D. Harvey Heath, O. of G.; John Pitkin, S. M.; David M. Heath, Q. M. S. S. B. McIntyre, was chosen Representative to the Depart. Annual Encamp., and H. G. Clark, Alternate.

#### CHARTER MEMBERS OF GARFIELD POST NO. 193, G. A. R.

John G. Webster, Chaplain 27th Inf.	John Allis, 1st Serg't 33d Inf. B.
Aaron P. Seeley, Capt. 11th Inf. A.	George McGown, Lieut. Col. U. S. A.
Murganzy Hopkins, Capt. 8th Cav. C.	Orin Landon, 1st Vet. Cav. I.
William I. Reid, Ass't Eng. U. S. N.	Robert Hesketh, 49th Inf.
ship <i>Madawaska</i> .	Edward Neinstein, 98th Inf. I.
Wm. W. Williamson, 111th Inf. F.	James H. Johnson, 1st Serg't 2d Pro.
J. C. G. Crandall, 98th Inf. K.	Cav. C.
John Pitkin, Ass't Surg. U. S. Army.	Isaac Heath, 160th Inf. C.
Wm. S. Gilbert, 50th Eng. D.	William Jeffrey, 1st Vet. Cav. I.
Edward K. Everts, 98th Inf. K.	Thomas Glossender, 33d Inf. B.
Jacob Zeigler, Serg't 8th Cav. C.	Edward Zimmerli, 111th Inf. G.
Hiram G. Clark, Corp. 111th Inf. A.	James A. Porter, 9th H. A. F.
James B. Beckwith, 13th Inf. I.	Clinton McDonald, 160th Inf. B.

Thomas Scally, 49th Inf. A.  
 S. G. Cornell, 177th Inf. H.  
 Milo C. Kellogg, 1st Vet. Cav. A.  
 John W. Corning, Adj't, 33d Inf.  
 N. B. Risley, 33d Inf. B.  
 Joshua Lawrence, 111th Inf. A.  
 Jacob Wisner, 111th Inf. A.  
 Harvey Tasket, Corp. 98th Inf. K.  
 Jesse S. P. Jackway, 1st Light Art. L.  
 Henry J. Draime, Capt. 1st Vet. Cav. I.  
 Fred W. Clemons, Brevet Lieut.-Col.  
 U. S. Volunteers.  
 Gilbert T. Everson, 33d Inf. B.  
 Henry A. Chase, 111th Inf. A.

John G. Hislop, 1st Vet. Cav. I.  
 Joseph P. Johnson, 1st Vet. Cav. I.  
 Henry P. Knowles, Capt. U. S. Vols.  
 C. S. Farnham, 12th Vet. Reserve  
 Corps, I.  
 O. D. Judd, Farrier, 12th Cav. B.  
 Horace P. Marsh, 54th Inf. B.  
 Josiah J. White, Capt. 33d Inf. B.  
 Samuel B. McIntyre, Capt. and Brevet  
 Major Commissary of Sub.  
 U. S. Army.  
 A. R. Billings, 124th Inf. I.  
 Thomas Possee, 8th Cav. F.

Members admitted subsequent to the organization:

George Brown, 2d Lieut. 111th Inf. E.  
 William Burr, 11th U. S. Inf. F.  
 Peter Barr, 1st Serg't 98th Inf. I.  
 Walter Cafflyn, 5th U. S. Cav. E.  
 Otis Humphrey, 8th Cav. C.  
 Charles Horn, 188th Inf. H.  
 William Sampson, 11th Inf. A.  
 Thaddeus Philip, Corp. 111th Inf. A.  
 Daniel H. Heath, Serg't 111th Inf. A.  
 John Lowe, 2d H. A. L.  
 George Wissick, Corp. 98th Inf. I.  
 Thomas Hall, 14th Vet. Reserve Corps,  
 A.  
 Charles T. Jennings, 1st Lieut. Q. M.  
 1st Cal. Cav.  
 Antone Steiger, 4th H. A. H.  
 Edson Phillips, 22d Cav. H.  
 John F. Colburn, 9th H. A. C.  
 Albert S. Rogers, 111th Inf. A.  
 Edward Jarvis, 33d Inf. B.  
 Nathan Hack, 49th Inf. I.  
 Robert Cunningham, 1st U. S. Cav. F.  
 Omri O. Fisher, 160th Inf. B.  
 Frank Boget, 20th U. S. C. T., B.  
 David W. Heath, 1st Serg't 160th  
 Inf. B.

Pliny P. Laird, 49th Inf. D.  
 Wm. A. Chapman, Corp. 111th Inf. A.  
 Elisha S. Lewis, Corp. 33d Inf. B.  
 Oscar L. Allen, 146th Inf. I.  
 Charles Geer, Corp. 33d Inf. B.  
 Wm. H. Fillmore, Corp. 8th Cav. C.  
 Thomas Geer, Serg't 111th Inf. A.  
 John N. Reeves, Capt. 8th Cav. C.  
 Charles W. Kipp, 98th Inf. F.  
 Stephen L. Bills, 9th H. A. C.  
 J. C. Servoss, Corp. 2d Art. I.  
 Owen Pugh, 50th Eng. L.  
 William J. Harp, 3d Art. D.  
 Wm. Mitchell, 9th H. A. C.  
 Wellington Smith, 9th H. A. A.  
 George W. Ennis, 111th Inf. A.  
 Daniel A. Pomeroy, 8th Penn. Cav. D.  
 Richard F. Deyo, 8th Cav. M.  
 Charles Odle, 20th Ill. Inf. C.  
 Cornell J. Dusenbury, Serg't 9th H. A.  
 A.  
 John W. Randall, 8th Cav. G.  
 David W. Courter, Corp. 76th Inf. G.  
 Wm. Lang, Corp. 24th Cav. L.  
 James Evans, 25th Battery.

Preamble and resolution adopted by the Post at Palmyra, September 20th, 1881, in relation to the change of its name, presented by S. B. McIntyre, Chairman of Committee:

"WHEREAS, The curtain of death has finally been drawn over the scene to which have been directed for many sad months the eyes, the hopes, the hearts, the sympathies of not only this nation but of the civilized world; and the dutiful son, the loving husband, the silver tongued orator, the true statesman and patriot, and the chivalric soldier, James A. Garfield, has gone to attend the *revelles* of a brighter world; now as a slight evidence of the esteem in which we held our comrade, and in which we now hold his noble life and example:

“*Resolved*, That the name of this Post be James A. Garfield Post, No. 193, G. A. R., and that the Adjutant be hereby directed to forthwith notify the proper authorities of our adoption of such name.”

This was approved September 22d, as appears in the following dispatch :

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF NEW YORK,  
GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC,  
ALBANY, September 22d, 1881. }

*Rev. John G. Webster, Commander, Post 193, G. A. R. Palmyra :*

DEAR SIR—The name of James A. Garfield, adopted by your Post is approved. I congratulate Post 193, in bearing the name of the illustrious and lamented Garfield.

Truly Yours, in F., C. & L.,  
WILLIAM BLASIE, G. A. R.

The Post observes with appropriate ceremonies, the Annual Decoration Day, May 30th. In 1881. the oration was delivered by S. B. McIntyre, Esq. ; in 1882, by Hon. T. W. Collins, and in 1883, by George Raines, Esq., of Rochester.

JOHN E. SHERMAN POST, G. A. R., NO. 401.

During the closing work upon this chapter, there has been organized a Post at Rose. The petitioners for a charter were as follows :

E. H. Cook, M. D., 75th Inf. F.	H. D. Horton, 7th Vet. Inf. K.
H. P. Howard, 9th H. A. H.	Ira T. Soule, 9th H. A. H.
E. T. Pimm, 9th H. A. H.	Wm. Hickok, 9th H. A. H.
R. C. Barless, 9th H. A. H.	David Gregory, 11th R. I. Col. H. A.
Harvey Snyder, 10th Cav. E.	I. R. Seeley, 9th H. A. H.
G. V. White, 100th Ohio Inf. D.	Jared Chaddock, 9th H. A. G.
Wm. Weed, 193d Inf. C.	Thomas King, 27th Inf. B.
S. Wait, 9th H. A. H.	Ira Soule, 9th H. A. H.
Ensign Dickson, 26th Ind. L. A.	Isaac Campbell, 34th N. Y. V., G. and 16th Art. F.

The organization was named the John E. Sherman Post, No. 401, G. A. R. It was mustered in September 28th, 1883, by W. W. Rorhbacker and S. E. Hough, of Rochester, assisted by Comrades Powers and Arnold, of Clyde.

The officers installed were as follows :

E. H. Cook, C. ; Ira T. Soule, S. V. C. ; E. T. Pimm, J. V. C. ; I. G. Campbell, Adj. ; R. C. Barless, Surg. ; H. D. Barnes, Chap. ; W. F. Hickok, Q. M. ; H. P. Howard, O. of D. ; Jared Chaddock, O. of G. ; Charles Sherman, S. M. ; E. L. Dickson, Q. M. S.

## MYRON M. FISH POST, G. A. R., NO. 406.

A similar movement was made in Ontario and Williamson, and the applicants for a charter were as follows :

N. L. Strickland, Capt. 9th H. A. B.	J. M. Warren, 9th H. A. H.
D. J. Stanford, Sergt. 9th H. A. B.	Egbert Niles, 9th H. A. B.
Eugene Sanders, Sergt. 9th H. A. B.	J. L. Utley, 1st Lieut. 1st Wis. H. A. H.
Lewis H. Gardner, 9th H. A. B.	H. S. Rice, Corp. 111th V. I. F.
C. D. Whitcomb, 9th H. A. B.	Lewis B. Allen, Sergt. 18th V. I. G.
Max Rouch, 9th H. A. B.	H. M. Foot, Capt. 10th Col'd Troops, I.
John Hall, 9th H. A. B.	A. H. Atwood, Drummer, 108th V. I. E.
Wm. Birdsall, 9th H. A. B.	Charles Prentiss, Sergt. 98th V. I. I.
F. B. Holton, 9th H. A. B.	S. C. Harris, 1st Sergt. 33d V. I. B.
O. Woodard, 9th H. A. B.	J. A. Stokes, Sergt. 22d Cav. H.
Charles Risley, 9th H. A. B.	J. J. Truax, 96th V. I. A.
John Watson, 9th H. A. B.	Alfred Esley, Corp. 8th Cav. C.
E. Woodworth, 9th H. A. B.	H. M. Lewis, 76th V. I. K.
J. W. Speller, 9th H. A. B.	H. A. T. Stewart, 5th Wis. V. I. E.
Jarvis S. Smith, 9th H. A. B.	Smith Pratt, 8th Cav. I.
Wm. Miller, 9th H. A. B.	Warren Hicks, 8th Ill. Cav. C.
A. Strickland, Corp. 9th H. A. B.	H. P. Brewer, Sergt. 3d Cav. C.
A. J. Atwood, Drummer, 9th H. A. B.	W. E. Greenwood, 2d Lieut. 9th H. A. B.
J. W. Brandt, Asst Surg. 9th H. A.	

The organization takes the name of the Myron M. Fish Post, No. 406, in honor of the son of Captain Chauncey Fish, who fell in the battle of Winchester, September 19th, 1864. The first officers chosen were the following :

J. A. Stokes, C. ; W. D. Russell, S. V. C. ; Wm. Birdsall, J. V. C. ; J. W. Brandt, Surg. ; D. J. Stanford, Chap. ; Henry A. Benton, Q. M. ; Eugene Parkill, O. of D. ; Lewis A. Gardner, O. of G. ; John L. Utley, Adj. ; James Speller, Q. M. S. ; Harrison Rice, S. M.

The Post was instituted October 11th, 1883, by Colonel Rorhbacker, of Rochester, assisted by Colonel James S. Graham, Colonel Joseph Welling, and Comrades from Lyons, Newark, Webster and Rochester. The officers were duly installed, and the Post held a meeting of its own, and agreed to hold regular meetings on alternate weeks at Ontario and Williamson. At this juncture the wives and daughters of the comrades sent up a "body guard" notifying the members of the new Post to fall in and march to the dining-room, where the spread served was such as only veterans know how to do full justice to. After the inner man had been regaled, the comrades and visitors marched back to the Post's rooms, where Colonel J. Welling, of this city, late commander of the Ninth New York Heavy Artillery,

made a few ringing remarks, and presented the Post, on behalf of Captain Chauncey Fish, in honor of whose son, Myron M. Fish, the Post was named, with a handsome flag. Colonel Welling then gave the history of the "Ninth Heavy" from its organization, speaking very highly of the deceased comrade whose name the Post will bear, as well as of the father and donor of the colors. The captain entered the army first, came home on a furlough and took his two sons back to the war with him. One of his sons, Myron M., was left dead on the field at Winchester. The Colonel was frequently interrupted during the speech with enthusiastic applause. Lieut. W. E. Greenwood responded, accepting the flag in behalf of the Post, and paid a high tribute to the father and sons, "especially the one whose bones were left to bleach on the fields of the Sunny South." Surgeon A. F. Sheldon, of A. D. Adams Post, No. 153; Post Commander, S. B. Vanduser, of Vosburgh Post No. 99, and Post Commander A. J. Pratt, of Thomas Fair Post 275, were in attendance with comrades from their respective Posts.

In this account of the Posts organized in the county, it may be proper to add that there were several others formed soon after the war, that were not continued. Of these in most cases the present organizations are the successors. In the earlier years of the Posts, they were subjected to considerable misapprehension. They were suspected of being political in their character. Under the straight forward manly action of the Posts, this prejudice has entirely worn away or nearly so, and they are now known to be what they have always really been, a simple organization, affording mutual aid, perpetuating patriotic ideas and seeking only to bind the whole people more strongly together in the ties of Union freedom and fraternity.

The flags that are placed upon the graves in May, form a picturesque decoration of the various burial grounds throughout the pleasant summer months, reminding all who pass those sacred places of the dead, that patriotism is not a forgotten sentiment, and that "republics are not ungrateful."



## THE FLAG AND THE FLOWERS.

Amid sweet flowers and waving grass,  
 Gemming each place where the dead repose,  
 Brighter than daisy, poppy or rose  
 I see bright visions where'er I pass.

No spot so small this is not seen  
 Where is grouped a bivouac of graves ;  
 As proudly and lovingly it waves  
 Above the low shelter-tents of green.

It need not be told 'tis ' The Old Flag' dear,  
 Treasured in hearts of loyal mould ;  
 While its radiance here our eyes behold,  
 We bless it anew with a grateful tear.

This seems to watch o'er our comrade's rest,  
 And Memory's voice will not be still,  
 As we think, of them, these graves that fill—  
 Many of the bravest, truest, best.

They followed where'er the bright stars led,  
 Its stripes were their bow-of-promise high  
 Spanning with hope, War's threatening sky ;—  
 It brought them to camp with the silent dead !

And yet was its promise true and bright,  
 For with their high duty bravely done  
 Death made them hero's everyone,  
 Martyrs and victors for Land and Right.

O, when this life's brief campaign is past  
 And I'm laid to sleep in death's still dream,  
 There where I rest let its radiance gleam,  
 And, comrades, there the bright flowers cast.

Deem not my dust will unconscious be  
 As you plant " Old Glory " o'er my breast,  
 It will taste its sweetness thro' all its rest,  
 While the hovering soul shall its nearness see.

There's no sight so blest in this world of ours  
 As when " The Old Flag " unfolds its bars,  
 Beaming benign from its eye-like stars,  
 O'er the brave sweet sleeping amid the flowers.

JAMES P. FOSTER.

Rectory Sodus Parishes, June 25, 1883.

THE WAYNE COUNTY VETERAN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS  
ASSOCIATION.

For several years the ex-soldiers of this county had shared in various Reunions in connection with other counties. After the organization of six Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, and after a new and stronger impulse had thus been given to recalling and perpetuating the memories and associations of the great battle years of the Republic, it was believed the soldiers of this county were strong

enough and enthusiastic enough to maintain an organization of their own;—looking to more general work under one head than could be conducted by the Posts themselves. The Veteran Association was therefore organized at Fair Haven, August, 1881, and held its first encampment at Lyons, in August, 1882. This first attempt proved how successful the enterprise might be made—and furnished the incentive to continue the work so auspiciously begun.

The encampment for 1883, was held at Margaretta Grove, Sodus Point, in August. The place, and the favorable weather, and the great interest felt in all the movements of the soldiers combined to bring together the largest assemblage of people ever gathered at Sodus Point, or probably in the county, the attendance being estimated at 10,000 to 12,000 on the third day. The exercises consisted of guard mounting, and other arrangements in imitation of an actual encampment of an army in time of war; sham battles; speeches by various soldiers and citizens, and reunions of particular regiments.

President Burnham, made a well timed address from which we cull a few extracts :

“ As President of the Association, I welcome you to this beautiful camping ground on the borders of Great Sodus Bay—a place beautiful in its scenery and surroundings, and historic by reason of the military events that transpired here over seventy years ago. Less than one mile from this spot, where you have made your camp and pitched your tents, in this lovely grove of the primeval forest the early settlers of Wayne county as militiamen first met the invading foe. And perchance in this retired nook those brave pioneers pitched their tents, cooked their coffee, and slept upon their arms, watching and waiting to do battle for their country—to protect it and their possessions.”

\* \* \* \* \*

“ While this is a day of great rejoicing among us who have gathered here, thoughts that come rushing upon us and memory of the brave comrades who lost their lives upon the bloody field of battle when marching shoulder to shoulder with us, and buried upon the battle-field or their bones left to bleach under a hot and scorching Southern sun, bring a tear of sorrow and affection to the eye of every veteran; and as he thinks of and remembers those dear comrades who sacrificed all, even life itself, to say nothing

of the heart-rending and anguish of the dear father, mother, sister, sweetheart and wife, who have suffered their loss these twenty years that our Government might be preserved, our love and esteem for their memory know no bounds, and a feeling of patriotism swells up in the bosom of every comrade, and because of the great sacrifice made by these men to preserve it, he loves his country more than ever."

\* \* \* \* \*

They gathered round no festive board  
 With wine-brimmed goblets clashing,  
 No regal pomp ; or courtly dress—  
 No diamonds richly flashing,  
 Beneath the folds of Freedom's flag.  
 Were men of humble station;  
 But who had earned the right to stand  
 The knighthood of the nation.

They boasted not their valiant deeds,  
 But simply told their stories  
 Of battle-field—of prison camp,  
 Not thinking of their glories.  
 But in the years so soon to come  
 Their sons will boast the station  
 Of having sires whose loyal blades  
 Drove treason from the nation.

Twine wreaths of laurel leafed with green,  
 O nation, in thy glory,  
 Bring strands from sacred Gettysburgh,  
 From Lookout Mountain hoary ;  
 From where the proud Mississippi rolls  
 By Vicksburgh to the ocean—  
 From where the Appomattox tree  
 Tells of their truc devotion.

And place the wreaths upon the brows  
 Baptized with battle glory ;  
 And on the tablets grand of Fame  
 Enscribe each soldier's story.  
 The world will proud exclaim the act  
 And ages pour oblation,  
 To those who fought for Freedom's land  
 And saved the world a nation.

\* \* \* \* \*

"The soldiers banded together are a power of strength, and Congress dare not turn a deaf ear to their appeals. If the soldiers who are indifferent to this organization were fully aware of the good work being done by it, they would apply for membership in its ranks, unless having obtained all the benefits of the good work done in the past by the Grand Army, in a pension drawn quarterly, they are so supremely selfish as not to be willing to assist others in obtaining what is their just due. But I cannot believe a faithful soldier who has shared with his comrades all the

cares and dangers of war, would now desert him. There are many soldiers who are deserving of pensions, but by reason of the death of witnesses and other causes are unable to establish their claims. The great hue and cry about fraudulent pensions is a myth. That there are some dishonest soldiers is a fact, and that some fraudulent pensions have been allowed is also true; but it is asserted on good authority that the fraudulent pensions are only one in every thousand granted, or one-tenth of one per cent. The money distributed in pensions has been a blessing to the commercial interests of the country. It has been put into circulation, and been placed where it has done the most good. I assert that every honest soldier who took his life in one hand and a musket in the other, and went into the field of strife to save the Government and protect the Capital of the country in the enjoyment of its blessings, that it might be still farther augmented, is entitled to a pension—and it is but a small remuneration for the risk taken. Our self-styled statesmen would be employing their time to a much better advantage if they would assist in giving every old veteran a pension, instead of wasting time in devising ways in which they may use up or steal the \$150,000,000 of surplus money in the treasury unexpended and unappropriated.

“Comrades, the people are with us. Their sympathy goes out toward us. The work done by soldiers was never appreciated more by any people under the sun than is the good work done by you; and the American people are anxious that you shall be amply rewarded. It is justly due that for the remainder of your days that you should each draw a pension. The masses of the people of the North are anxious that you should have it; and the Southern members in Congress have vied with the representatives of the North in seeing which should do the most for the soldier.

“To grant a pension to every soldier would be worth more than the cost, by way of educating the rising generation to the fact that the Government nobly rewards its defenders.”

The officers chosen at the organization August 12th, 1881, were as follows:

President, George B. Curtiss; Vice-Presidents, S. E. Bullock, E. H. Sentell, E. K. Burnham, John Tremper, S. D. Holmes, J. G. Webster; Secretary, James A. Merrill; Quartermaster, T. M. Brown; Surgeon, A. F. Sheldon; Chaplain, J. P. Foster; Executive Committee, E. W. Newberry, M. F. Seymour, S. B. VanDuser, V. H. Sweeting, George McGowen, J. N. Arnold.

Those chosen at the Encampment at Lyons, August 24th, 1882, were:

E. K. Burnham, President; S. D. Holmes, H. F. Blackmore, Chauncey Fish, John D. McVickar, George McGowen, Justus H. Pulver, Vice-Presidents; James A. Merrill, Secretary; T. M. Brown, Q. M.; E. H. Cooke, Surg.; Charles D. Lent, O. of D.; J. L. Phillips, O. of G.; J. P. Foster, Chap.; J. N. Arnold, Wm. H. Rogers, Charles Mills, James Jones, S. E. Bullock, A. P. Seeley, Executive Committee.

The officers chosen at the Encampment of 1883 were:

Hon. Charles T. Saxton, President; J. D. McVickar, S. B. VanDuser, Dr. A. F. Sheldon, M. J. Seymour, G. B. Curtiss, I. G. C. Crandall, Vice-Presidents; W. L. Sternberg, Sec'y; J. N. Arnold, Surg.; J. H. Hyde, O. of D.; Wm. J. Cheetham, O. of G.; Col. (Rev.) S. P. Foster, Chap.; C. D. Lent, Q. M.; R. J. Parshall, W. I. Reed, A. W. Johnson, J. T. VanBuskirk, J. E. Briggs, J. A. Merrill, Executive Com.

The membership as shown by the roster of the Encampment of 1883, comprised the following names:

#### ROSTER.

H. F. Blackmore, Sergt. 75th Inf. C.	Charles T. Saxton, Sergt.-Maj. 90th Inf.
S. M. Cheesebro, Captain 75th Inf. E.	H. Broeckhouse, 90th Inf. B.
Malcolm Huntley, 75th Inf. F.	V. A. Hoffman, Sergt. 90th Inf. D.
S. E. Bullock, 75th Inf. F.	J. B. Lethbridge, Corp. 90th Inf. D.
J. G. Cook, 75th Inf. F.	N. W. Merrill, 96th Inf. D.
E. H. Cook, 75th Inf. F.	J. L. Phillips, 96th Inf. E.
Arthur Brink, 75th Inf. G.	Ira Olmsted, 96th Inf. E.
Herman Thome, 75th Inf. G.	Charles Sharp, 96th Inf. F.
George B. Curtiss, Capt. 75th Inf. H.	Atlas Miller, 65th Inf. A.
John J. Rogers, Sergt. 75th Inf. H.	J. H. Pulver, Corp. 65th Inf. I.
Theodore Prindle, 75th Inf. H.	Christopher Greenholtz, 65th Inf. K.
Edward Pritchard, 75th Inf. H.	W. B. Curtis, Sergt. 50th Eng. B.
L. G. Sweet, 17th Inf. I.	Horace J. Crosby, Corp. 50th Eng. C.
Alfred Bailey, 17th Inf. I.	Owen Pugh, 50th Eng. L.
Garrett Jenks, 17th Inf. I.	William H. Sargeant, Corp. 22d Cav. H.
John W. Corning, Lieut.-Col. 33d Inf.	Robert Hunter, 22d Cav. H.
Benjamin Mephram, Corp. 33d Inf. B.	A. H. Avery, 22d Cav. H.
Jeremiah Fisher, 33d Inf. B.	Adam Appleman, Corp. 22d Cav. L.
John Quinn, 33d Inf. B.	R. J. Parshall, Lieut. 111th Inf. A.
Albert H. Henderson, 33d Inf. B.	D. H. Heath, Sergt. 111th Inf. A.
W. S. Gilbert, 33d Inf. B.	Thomas Geer, Sergt. 111th Inf. A.
Henry Eggleston, Corp. 33d Inf. H.	C. L. Tassell, 111th Inf. A.
Michael Wymer, 33d Inf. H.	Jacob Wismer, 111th Inf. A.
Thomas P. Hibbard, 33d Inf. I.	J. T. Van Buskirk, Lieut. 111th Inf. B.
W. H. Rooker, Sergt. 27th Inf. B.	E. Stevens, Sergt. 111th Inf. B.
Myron Dwinnell, 27th Inf. B.	Perry Gay, Sergt. 111th Inf. B.
James Mahaney, 27th Inf. B.	William A. Paton, 111th Inf. B.
R. M. Durkee, 27th Inf. B.	J. E. Benjamin, 111th Inf. B.
Godfrey Czerny, 27th Inf. B.	F. M. Nichols, 111th Inf. B.
S. C. Hill, 27th Inf. B.	George Harvey, 111th Inf. B.
George W. Tindall, 27th Inf. B.	M. W. Plass, 111th Inf. B.
J. D. McVickar, 27th Inf. B.	

- H. VanderMiller, 111th Inf. B.  
 O. S. Langdon, 111th Inf. B.  
 William Desmond, Corp. 111th Inf. C.  
 Philetus Skuse, 111th Inf. C.  
 Rufus Smith, 111th Inf. C.  
 Henry McMullen, 111th Inf. C.  
 S. D. Holmes, Captain, 111th Inf. D.  
 E. K. Burnham, Capt. 111th Inf. D.  
 C. A. Pulver, Ord. Sergt. 111th Inf. D.  
 C. M. Catlin, Sergt. 111th Inf. D.  
 F. W. Lutes, Corp. 111th Inf. D.  
 Benjamin Finch, 111th Inf. D.  
 A. Johnson, 111th Inf. D.  
 C. Johnson, 111th Inf. D.  
 Anthony Bogart, 111th Inf. D.  
 Erastus Goodsell, 111th Inf. D.  
 C. C. Green, 111th Inf. D.  
 Edmund Richmond, 111th Inf. D.  
 John J. Cornwell, 111th Inf. D.  
 William D. Jones, 111th Inf. D.  
 J. A. Laing, Captain 111th Inf. E.  
 S. A. Pyatt, Lieut. 111th Inf. E.  
 T. J. Jenkins, Ord. Sergt. 111th Inf. E.  
 J. H. Teats, Corp. 111th Inf. E.  
 C. M. Sentell, Corp. 111th Inf. E.  
 Henry Rose, 111th Inf. E.  
 C. Snyder, 111th Inf. E.  
 William Stacey, 111th Inf. E.  
 Wm. H. Thomas, Sergt. 111th Inf. F.  
 S. B. Payne, Corp. 111th Inf. F.  
 James Cook, 111th Inf. F.  
 C. F. Sweezy, 111th Inf. F.  
 E. B. S. Landon, 111th Inf. G.  
 William B. Sayer, 111th Inf. H.  
 Oliver Helmer, 111th Inf. I.  
 H. J. Walker, Ord. Sergt. 111th Inf. K.  
 Benjamin F. Drury, 111th Inf. K.  
 W. H. Sentell, Major 160th Inf.  
 S. D. Burroughs, Sergt. 160th Inf. A.  
 James Groat, Sergt. 160th Inf. A.  
 John H. Van Dusen, Sergt. 160th Inf. A.  
 William W. Heath, 160th Inf. A.  
 D. Lake, 160th Inf. A.  
 Matthew Wolf, 160th Inf. A.  
 Phillip Bartholomew, 160th Inf. A.  
 W. S. Drake, Musician 160th Inf. A.  
 Victor Leroux, Sergt. 160th Inf. B.  
 O. C. Lapham, Sergt. 160th Inf. B.  
 Joseph LaBuff, Corp. 160th Inf. B.  
 Isaac Heath, 160th Inf. B.  
 Clinton McDonald, 160th Inf. B.  
 Frank Carr, Corp. 160th Inf. C.  
 C. F. Van Valkenburgh, 160th Inf. C.  
 John H. Martin, 160th Inf. C.  
 E. I. Sparks, 160th Inf. C.  
 Michael Erbest, 160th Inf. C.  
 C. A. Smith, 160th Inf. C.  
 William C. Robinson, 160th Inf. C.  
 H. P. Benton, 160th Inf. C.  
 E. H. Sentell, Captain 160th Inf. D.  
 Wash. Hathaway, Ord. Sergt. 160th Inf. D.  
 B. F. Curtis, Sergt. 160th Inf. D.  
 M. J. Seymour, Sergt. 160th Inf. D.  
 Henry A. Ganze, Sergt. 160th Inf. D.  
 W. J. Henry, Sergt. 160th Inf. D.  
 Abram Hollebrant, Corp. 160th Inf. D.  
 Josh Lepper, 160th Inf. D.  
 J. G. Lewis, 160th Inf. D.  
 Isaac Day, 160th Inf. D.  
 Charles Howland, Sergt. 160th Inf. F.  
 Charles C. Nichols, Corp. 160th Inf. G.  
 Uriah Hutchings, 76th Inf. A.  
 D. W. Courter, Corp. 76th Inf. G.  
 J. P. Foster, Colonel 5th Cav.  
 William Sinsabaugh, 5th Cav. C.  
 J. H. Johnson, Ord. Serg. 15th Cav. C.  
 A. N. Warfield, Corp. 15th Cav. C.  
 H. P. Marsh, 54th Inf. B.  
 V. Stokoe, 54th Inf. L.  
 Daniel Phillips, Sergt. 94th Inf. F.  
 James E. Briggs, Captain, 94th Inf. H.  
 Frank Young, Corp. 126th Inf. I.  
 George Snook, Lieut. 126th Inf. H.  
 C. L. Bigelow, Sergt. 126th Inf. H.  
 W. F. Lemunyon, Corp. 126th Inf. H.  
 C. D. Stevens, 126th Inf. H.  
 Wm. M. Thompson, 147th Inf. B.  
 W. L. Willett, Corp. 147th Inf. H.  
 Joseph M. Coon, 3d L. A. Bat. A.  
 W. J. Harp, Corp. 3d L. A. Bat. D.  
 C. H. Smith, 3d L. A. Bat. D.  
 Wm. Johnson, 3d L. A. Bat. E.  
 Birney Briggs, 3d L. A. Bat. E.  
 Joseph B. Boyer, 3d L. A. Bat. E.  
 Samuel Morrell, 3d L. A. Bat. K.  
 J. A. Flint, Corp. 2nd M. R. F.  
 Wm. Dickinson, Corp. 2nd M. R. F.  
 R. M. Galusha, Corp. 2nd M. R. F.  
 S. B. VanDuser, Bugler, 2nd M. R. F.  
 George W. Smith, 2nd M. R. F.  
 Horace Huson, 2nd M. R. F.  
 Andrew J. Mott, 2nd M. R. F.  
 A. H. Huntley, 2nd M. R. M.  
 Alfred Westfall, Q. M. Sergeant, 1st Cav. E.  
 Stephen Walters, 1st Cav. G.  
 Andrew K. Allen, 1st Cav. G.  
 Eli Darling, 1st Cav. I.  
 D. Knight, 8th Cav. D.  
 Oliver Sutton, 8th Cav. E.  
 L. H. Carll, Lieut. 8th Cav. F.  
 D. E. Haskell, Sergt. 8th Cav. F.  
 Charles Rosch, 8th Cav. F.  
 Andrew Michael, 8th Cav. G.  
 Philander Cooper, Saddler, 8th Cav. I.  
 Martin Ebest, 8th Cav. K.  
 W. H. Rogers, Col. 98th Inf.  
 Jacob Crouse, 98th Inf. C.  
 S. S. Short, Capt. 98th Inf. F.  
 R. Rowland, 98th Inf. F.

- Norton Spencer, 98th Inf. F.  
 George Carson, 98th Inf. F.  
 John D. Bayless, 98th Inf. F.  
 W. D. Russell, Lieut. 98th Inf. I.  
 Isaac Crandall, 98th Inf. K.  
 Peter Wooley, 98th Inf. K.  
 William Wood, Major, 9th H. A.  
 J. W. Brandt, Surgeon, 9th H. A.  
 J. H. Hyde, Capt. 9th H. A. A.  
 C. S. Duzenbury, Sergt. 9th H. A. A.  
 N. J. Fields, Corp. 9th H. A. A.  
 C. Van Ostrand, 9th H. A. A.  
 A. H. Bull, 9th H. A. A.  
 Jonathan Neal, 9th H. A. A.  
 John Phillips, 9th H. A. A.  
 W. H. Merrill, 9th H. A. A.  
 N. V. Bigelow, 9th H. A. A.  
 Wm. Mitchell, 9th H. A. A.  
 Edgar A. Rawson, 8th H. A. A.  
 Philip Thomas, 9th H. A. A.  
 Henry Riggs, 9th H. A. A.  
 Melvin Streeter, 9th H. A. A.  
 Gilbert Brown, 9th H. A. A.  
 Albert Derby, 9th H. A. A.  
 Chauncey Fish, Capt. 9th H. A. B.  
 D. J. Stanford, Sergt. 9th H. A. B.  
 Wm. Birdsall, 9th H. A. B.  
 O. Woodward, 9th H. A. B.  
 J. W. Speller, 9th H. A. B.  
 J. Gage, 9th H. A. B.  
 D. P. Gamble, 9th H. A. B.  
 John Negus, 9th H. A. B.  
 Stephen Reeves, 9th H. A. B.  
 Jacob Hiller, 9th H. A. B.  
 Wm. Rogers, 9th H. A. B.  
 David Ryckman, 9th H. A. C.  
 S. L. Bills, 9th H. A. C.  
 W. Smith, 9th H. A. C.  
 Austin Miller, 9th H. A. C.  
 J. C. Royce, Ord. Sergt. 9th H. A. D.  
 H. L. Munn, Sergt. 9th H. A. D.  
 E. W. Newberry, Corp. 9th H. A. D.  
 A. W. Seager, Corp. 9th H. A. D.  
 A. H. Vanderbilt, Corp. 9th H. A. D.  
 George Hoeltzel, 9th H. A. D.  
 J. Carter, 9th H. A. D.  
 Byron Brown, 9th H. A. D.  
 Thomas Hiller, 9th H. A. D.  
 Jacob Miller, 9th H. A. D.  
 L. H. Dunbar, 9th H. A. D.  
 Fred. Stell, 9th H. A. D.  
 Nathan Bullock, 9th H. A. D.  
 Fred. Burkle, 9th H. A. D.  
 Isaac LeRoy, 9th H. A. D.  
 S. W. Brundage, 9th H. A. D.  
 Wm. Goldring, Navy.  
 G. M. Royce, 9th H. A. D.  
 Ezra Gilman, 9th H. A. D.  
 Wm. H. Arnold, 9th H. A. E.  
 Thomas Ridley, 9th H. A. F.  
 T. J. Shaddock, 2d Lieut. 9th H. A. G.  
 Wm. Horn, Serg't 9th H. A. G.  
 R. S. Tracy, Corp. 9th H. A. G.  
 C. B. Moore, 9th H. A. G.  
 C. B. Tracy, 9th H. A. G.  
 Robert Wolvin, 9th H. A. G.  
 James A. Merrell, 9th H. A. G.  
 Geo. W. McBride, 9th H. A. G.  
 George Loveless, 9th H. A. G.  
 Willis Grant, 9th H. A. G.  
 Homer Dunn, 9th H. A. G.  
 Theodore Medlong, 9th H. A. G.  
 Edward Bilhart, 9th H. A. G.  
 Cassius Clapp, 9th H. A. G.  
 Calvin Winchell, 9th H. A. G.  
 C. E. Wood, 9th H. A. G.  
 C. D. Lent, Capt. 9th H. A. H.  
 Charles Ullrich, Corp. 9th H. A. H.  
 Isaac Vanderpool, 9th H. A. H.  
 C. B. Longyear, 9th H. A. H.  
 Hiram Taylor, 9th H. A. H.  
 R. Garrett, 9th H. A. H.  
 E. Angerst, 9th H. A. H.  
 Charles Brown, 9th H. A. H.  
 C. Potts, 9th H. A. H.  
 E. J. Peck, 9th H. A. H.  
 C. S. Groesbeck, 9th H. A. H.  
 Maynard Terpenney, 9th H. A. H.  
 E. B. Kellogg, 9th H. A. H.  
 E. T. Pimm, 9th H. A. H.  
 Stephen Wait, 9th H. A. H.  
 Horace Hallett, 9th H. A. H.  
 Isaac M. Warren, 9th H. A. H.  
 W. T. Hickok, 9th H. A. H.  
 G. C. Platt, 9th H. A. I.  
 D. C. Green, 9th H. A. K.  
 John Sherman, 9th H. A. M.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

- T. W. Johnson, Major 10th Cav.  
 A. F. Sheldon, Surgeon U. S. V.  
 J. N. Arnold, Surgeon 7th Inf.  
 J. M. Henslee, Capt. 36th Wis. Inf. I.  
 B. J. Woodhull, Paymaster U. S. N.  
 Wm. L. Sternberg, Q. M. Sergt. 185th  
 Inf.  
 Charles Odle, Ord. Sergt. 20th Ill.  
 Inf. G.  
 Amos Baldwin, Ord. Sergt. 50th Inf.  
 H. J. Snow, Sergt. 110th Inf. E.  
 Levi L. Allen, Sergt. 18th Inf. G.  
 Edwin Booth, Sergt. 2d Cal. Cav. G.  
 E. J. Worden, Sergt. 117th Inf. B.  
 L. Dickinson, Sergt. 10th H. A. A.  
 George W. Wright, Sergt. 6th U. S.  
 Cav. I.  
 George P. Price, Corp. 4th Mich. Inf.  
 W. J. Cheetham, Corp. 197th Inf. E.  
 P. Ripley, 18th Ohio Inf. B.  
 J. V. Goodrich, 160th Inf. D.  
 Calvin Pulver, 7th Art. D.  
 Howard Burt, 1st M. R., K.

S. S. Richards, 10th Art. E.	F. Bogert, 20th Inf. B.
Charles Burchard, 25th Ind. Inf. F.	H. Vosteen, 1st L. A. Battery G.
Robert Randall, 18th Ind. Battery.	A. L. Jackson, 151st Inf. I.
William Rowe, 4th H. A. C.	J. P. Sahlman, 39th Inf. B.
Wells Axtell, 7th Mich. Inf. F.	B. Sharp, 122d Inf. H.
D. H. Mann, Musician 192d Inf.	E. Parkhill, 146th Inf. I.
Charles G. Oaks, 10th Wis. Inf. E.	John Newland, 2d H. A. M.
H. D. Barnes, 44th Inf. K.	Jared Chaddock, 67th Inf. D.
Charles Mills, 6th Vet. Cav. G.	Charles Frank, 15th Inf. K.
John Musson, 109th Inf. G.	M. Hildebrandt, 70th Inf. A.
Simon Curtis, 123d Inf. F.	P. P. Riggs, 33d Ill. Inf. A.
J. G. Straight, 37th Inf. H.	Albert McMullen, 493d Inf. A.
A. Wamsley, 2d H. A. M.	Hiram W. Weaver, 136th Inf. H.
E. F. Seymour, 146th Inf. G.	Aaron Benjamin, 16th Inf. H.
W. A. Coventry, 21st Cav. C.	William T. Clark, 110th Inf. F.
J. E. Lawrence, 8th Mass. Inf. K.	Matthew Gaffney, U. S. Navy.
Lewis Feeck, 14th Ohio Inf. B.	Aaron Willis, gunner's mate U. S. N.
G. A. Snook, 85th Inf.	George De Golyer, U. S. Navy.
David Lown, 1st Conn. Art. M.	P. Lyman, U. S. Navy.
Wilson Cooley, 2d Col. Cav. K.	Abram Davis, Sanitary Commission.
P. P. Laird, 49th Inf. K.	

#### RECEPTIONS.

Numerous celebrations and "welcomes home" occurred at the close of the war, but our limits are already exceeded too much to permit any attempt at a record of them. One hand-bill lying before us must serve as a "sample" of many others. It bears the joyous heading "WELCOME BRAVE BOYS, THRICE WELCOME;" and announces a reception by the Aid Societies of Ontario, to the returned soldiers of that town and vicinity, August 9th, 1865. It was held on the grounds of William Reed, on the Lake Shore. Williamson, Walworth and Webster, were especially invited to assist in welcoming the "NOBLE DEFENDERS OF OUR HONORED FLAG." Hon. J. W. Stebbins and J. D. Husband, of Rochester, were the Speakers. Joseph M. Gates, was President of the day, and Captain Hopkins, Marshal. The Committee of Arrangements, were F. A. Hill, E. A. Hatch, A. J. Bixby, O. F. Whitney, A. Sands. The whole was by order of the Ladies Aid Society; Mrs. A. Sands, President, and Miss F. C. Harris, Secretary.

#### MONUMENTS.

Very little of a public character has yet been done in this direction. Palmyra placed handsome tablets in the new Town Hall, bearing suitable inscriptions. Macedon has a tablet erected in the public cemetery.

Pultneyville ever prompt, ever patriotic, stands almost alone in having erected a memorial shaft, in honor of her



noble dead. Samuel C. Cuyler, whose eloquent voice is no longer heard in the pleasant village, where he dwelt, or along the shores of the Lake he loved so well, entered upon the sacred work early in 1865. He had many patriotic associates, but no one of them will feel an emotion of envy that his name alone appears in this notice as the peerless generous leader. They knew him well. They loved him well; and the monument is scarcely more a memorial of the soldiers, than of him who sleeps in the beautiful grounds not far away. The handsome shaft bearing full inscriptions of fourteen soldiers who perished in the war from the Northern District of Williamson, stands upon the heights crowning one of the loveliest burial places in all the country. To the North is the wide expanse of the Lake, smiling beneath the gentle zephyrs of summer, or hoarsely responding to the wild winds of winter. West and South are cultivated farms and delightful homes embowered in trees and shrubbery, within whose pleasant enclosures there are tender memories of the loved and lost, that have one by one been borne to this "Field of God" for their last long sleep. East is the quiet village, completing a picture of surpassing beauty. Within the burial place, around the soldiers' monument, are the gathered graves of the past and the present. Here are Phelps and Fairbanks and Tompkinson, evangelists of the earlier years; here are soldiers of the revolution, and soldiers of 1812, who stood for the defense of Pultneyville, on the memorable 15th of May, 1814; here are the sturdy pioneers who leveled the forests and made the wilderness blossom as the rose; and here are the treasures of childhood, youth and maturity, which have been garnered by the insatiate reaper death, a reaper whose harvests bend to the sickle through all the months of the year. Fittingly was the soldiers monument placed amid these historic associations. Its names carved in the imperishable marble will transmit to future generations a record of patriotism and of self-sacrifice unsurpassed in all the world's heroic ages.

OFFICERS OF THE POSTS G. A. R. FOR 1884.

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*Sodus.*—Chas. D. Lent, C. ; C. M. Sentell, S. V. C. ; R. W. Milner, J. V. C. ; Chas. Mills, Q. M. ; Rev. W. H. Rogers, Chap. ; J. Schaffer, O. of D. ; Philip Rowe, O. of G. ; E. H. Sentell, Delegate ; Ross J. Parshall, Alternate.

*Rose.*—E. T. Pimm, C. ; I. T. Soule, S. V. C. ; Wm. Weed, J. V. C. ; W. F. Hickok, Q. M. ; Dr. R. C. Barless, Surg. ; Harvey Barnes, Chap. ; H. P. Howard, O. of D. ; Dr. E. H. Cooke, Delegate.

*Wolcott.*—Jas. A. Merrill, C. ; Wm. Rogers, S. V. C. ; E. B. Kellogg, J. V. C. ; S. E. Bullock, Q. M. ; N. W. Merrill, Surg. ; Willis Grant, Chap. ; R. Wolvin, Sent. ; Albert Wamsley, O. of D. ; C. B. Tracey, O. of G. ; E. J. Peck, Adj't ; E. J. Peck and H. C. Munn, Delegates. J. H. Lord and E. W. Newberry, Alternates.

*Palmyra.*—Isaac C. G. Crandall, C. ; T. W. Philip, S. V. C. ; W. Smith, J. V. C. ; J. H. Johnson, Q. M. ; J. D. Pitkin, Surg. ; Rev. J. G. Webster, Chap. ; P. P. Laird, O. of D. ; Frank Boget, O. of G. ; A. P. Seely, Delegate ; T. W. Philip, Alternate.

*Lyons.*—D. H. Mann, C. ; W. J. Kyle, S. V. C. ; A. W. Johnson, J. V. C. ; Godfrey Czerny, Q. M. ; Dr. A. F. Sheldon, Surg. ; W. F. Hubbard, Chap. ; J. S. Roys, O. of D. ; Wm. H. Rogers, O. of G. ; David Westfall, Delegate ; Wm. Zwilling, Alternate.

*Clyde.*—J. D. McVicar, C. ; Clark Potts, S. V. C. ; J. W. Worden, J. V. C. ; A. J. Sloan, Surg. ; T. Hamilton, Chap. ; J. N. Arnold, Q. M. ; Wm. D. Jones, O. of D. ; Valentine Kline, O. of G.

*Newark.*—S. B. VanDuzer, C. ; John H. VanDusen, S. V. C. ; Howard Burt, J. V. C. ; Horace J. Crosby, Q. M. ; Conrad Weh, Surg. ; John J. Cornwell, Chap. ; Geo. H. Mills, O. of D. ; Victor LeRoux, O. of G. ; James G. Foster and Edwin K. Burnham, Delegates ; David Lown and W. Landon Willett, Alternates.

*Ontario and Williamson.*—J. A. Stokes, C. ; W. D. Russell, S. V. C. ; W. Birdsall, J. V. C. ; H. P. Benton, Q. M. ; Dr. J. W. Brandt, Surg. ; D. J. Stanford, Chap. ; Eugene Parkhill, O. of D. ; Charles Prentiss, O. of G. ; H. P. Brewer, S. of G.

# APPENDIX A.

## LIST OF SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF 1861-5—ARRANGED BY TOWNS.

### ARCADIA.

- John O. Ackerson. Enlisted Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged and promoted 2nd Lieut. in U. S. C. T., Aug. 29, 1863.
- James Aldrich. Enlisted Sept. 1864, 111th Inf., wounded ; discharged, 1865.
- William Aldrich. Musician, enlisted Sept. 2, 1864, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, 1865.
- Lewis D. Aldrich, (son of Joseph Aldrich), studied law—settled in St. Louis. Enlisted in 4th Wisconsin, and died of fever at Boston, May, 1862 ; disease contracted at Ship Island. Buried in Newark Cemetery.
- M. Armitage. Enlisted Sept. 1864, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, 1865.
- Artemas Ayers. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co I ; Re-enlisted Aug. 3, 1864, 14th Heavy Art. ; discharged in 1865.
- John H. Alston. Enlisted July 19, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corp. ; transferred to V. R. C. Dec. 28, 1863.
- Charles F. Ayers. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Gettysburgh, died from the effects Oct., 1863. Buried in Newark.
- Elbridge G. Austin. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1862. 111th Inf. Co. E.
- P. K. Armstrong. Sergeant, enlisted Aug. 20, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; disabled. Name remained on rolls until final discharge, June 4, 1865.
- Amasa S. Atwood. Musician, enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged July 26, 1864, for disability.
- Francis Bennett. Enlisted Nov. 13, 1863, 21st Cav. ; the 21st at the expiration of term was formed into a battalion of six companies ; discharged by companies at various dates in 1866.
- Alonzo M. Blynn. Enlisted Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- John A. Briggs. Enlisted Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Winchester, Va. ; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- Henry Bailey. Enlisted 1862, 133d Inf. Taken prisoner.
- F. Burroughs. Enlisted Aug., 1862 ; discharged 1865.
- D. Burleigh. Enlisted Dec., 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles ; promoted Corp. ; discharged in 1865.
- Charles Brewer. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- Byron Baxter. Enlisted Feb. 1864, 2nd Mounted Rifles ; discharged 1865.
- John Brier. Enlisted September 12, 1862, 160th Inf. ; discharged Nov. 1, 1865.
- Michael Burns. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I ; killed at second Battle of Bull Run and buried on the field.
- James E. Briggs. Captain in the 94th Inf. ; rank dating Nov. 1, 1861, commission March 20, 1862 ; resigned July 28, 1862. Settled in Newark after the war.

- S. W. Brayman. Enlisted Sept. 2, 1864, 111th Inf. Co. E; absent, sick at time of general discharge, June 4, 1865.
- S. W. Babbitt. Enlisted Oct. 1862, 100th Inf.; discharged 1865.
- E. K. Burnham. Enlisted Sept. 1862, 15th Vermont Inf.; discharged at expiration of service, Aug. 5, 1863; re-enlisted Aug. 22, 1864, 111th Inf. Co. C.; promoted Captain, commission dated Oct. 10, 1864; mustered out with regiment June 15, 1865. Was taken prisoner April 2, 1865, and held seven days.\*
- Anson Brinkerhoff. 96th Wisconsin regiment; killed in battle Sept. 20, 1863, at Chickamauga, and buried on the field.
- William Bowers. Enlisted August 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; died at New Orleans Jan. 14, 1863, of sickness; buried there.
- John Bracker. Enlisted Sept. 1864, 188th Inf.; died of sickness at Washington May 1865.
- Daniel Bullock. Enlisted Dec. 19, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F.; discharged with regiment August 10, 1865. Died since the war; buried in East Newark.
- George Betts. (Census of 1865.) Buried in East Newark cemetery.
- Edwin Booth. Sergeant; enlisted Sept. 25, 1861, 2nd Col. Cav., Co. M.; promoted 2nd Lieut.; wounded at Spanish Forks, Utah Territory, April 15, 1863; discharged for disability Feb. 1864.
- Charles H. Bigelow. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- Orra Bennett. Drummer; enlisted Oct. 1863, 14th Heavy Art.; discharged 1865.
- Charles Barrell. Enlisted Sept. 1861, 44th Inf.; discharged April 1863.
- Augustus Baker. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863, with regiment.
- Patrick Brown. Enlisted Nov. 23, 1863, 22nd Cav., Co. H; discharged with regiment, August 1, 1865.
- M. Bourell. Reported of Co. K, 98th Inf. and captured before Petersburg.
- William Boyall. Corporal; enlisted Aug. 26, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. Killed in battle at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, 1864, and buried on the field.
- Robert Boughton. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; died of fever at Brashear City, La., April 28, 1863.
- Jason Burchell. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- Silas D. Burroughs. Enlisted Aug. 26, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corp. Jan. 31, 1863, Serg. March 1, 1865; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.†
- Edgar B. Barhis. Enlisted Aug. 25, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; died at Newtown, Va., Oct. 20, 1864, of wounds received at Cedar Creek on the 19th.
- Philip Bartholomew. Enlisted Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- James E. Brown. Captain, enlisted Aug. 20, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, 1863.‡
- William F. Bristol. Second Lieut., enlisted Sept. 15, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; rank dating Oct. 17, and commission Dec. 11, 1861; discharged June 25, 1862. Died since the war. Buried in Newark Cemetery.
- Oliver J. Barry. Enlisted Oct. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, 1864.
- Charles H. Barry. Enlisted Oct. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; discharged May 26, 1862.

\* Captain Burnham, while a member of the Vermont regiment, belonged to the army of the Potomac, being stationed most of the time in the defenses at Washington. He was in the battle of Gettysburgh. After joining the 111th he participated in all the engagements before Petersburg, the regiment being one of the first to enter the fortifications, April 2, 1865. He was taken prisoner that day in a charge upon the South Side railroad. Was marched in the midst of the Confederate army until April 9th, when Lee surrendered. Lived those eight days upon corn in the ear, marching by day and laying upon the ground nights, without any covering or protection, and suffering from hunger.

† Mr. Burroughs was in the battles of Bisland, Port Hudson, Sabine Pass, Mansfield, Pleasant Hill, Cane River, Deep Bottom, Winchester, Cedar Creek, and others.

‡ Muster-out roll says: "Died in rebel prison."

- Edward Babcock. Enlisted Oct. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; regiment discharged June 27, 1865.
- Charles Bohn. Enlisted Oct., 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; transferred to Co I, Aug. 3, 1863; discharged with regiment June 27, 1865.
- Paul Bonaveries. Enlisted Dec. 19, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F.
- James Burley. (Reported in the service.)
- James M. Booth. Enlisted Aug. 22, 1862, 18th Battery; discharged Sept. 15, 1863.
- John Brevoort. Musician; enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Willard Burke. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Aaron Bush. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Millard Brink. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- John Boheim. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Charles Boehm. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863. Died since the war; buried in East Newark.
- David S. Bardo. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- David Booth. Soldier; pension list of 1883.
- Harvey W. Benson. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Philip Beiber. Enlisted Oct. 28, 1861, 76th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged from first term of service, Dec. 1864.
- Wm. Blake. Enlisted March 27, 1865, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 3, 1865.
- John H. Barry. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- H. T. Baker. Enlisted fall of 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. (No further information.)
- Edward Brownell. Enlisted Oct. 20, 1861, 98th Inf. Co. I. Killed in battle at Chapins Bluff, May 14, 1864, and buried on the field.
- S. W. Babbitt. Enlisted Oct. 1862, 100th Inf.; promoted 2nd Lieut. Jan. 28, 1863; discharged Jan. 14th, 1865.
- Bartlett Brown. Enlisted July 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E. Killed July 3, 1863, at Gettysburgh.
- Alonzo L. Chittenden. Enlisted Dec. 23, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, 1865.
- William H. Cox. Enlisted Aug. 7, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, 1865.
- Darius I. Cox. Enlisted Jan. 1862, 98th Inf.; Regiment discharged Aug. 31, 1865.
- William Cunningham. Enlisted Sept. 28, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged for disability Oct. 19, 1862.
- James H. Chittenden. Enlisted July 1862, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to Co. C, Oct. 29, 1864; discharged with regiment June 4, 1865.
- John Corwin. Enlisted Oct, 1861, 8th Cav, Co. C; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, 1864.
- John T. Cony. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- Josephus Cornue. Enlisted Jan. 1865, 11th Inf. Regular Army. Died since the war; buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- William Chaffe. Enlisted August 20, 1861, 86th Inf. Captured and died in Salisbury prison, Sept. 1864; buried there.
- Ambrose S. Culver. Enlisted Aug. 1864, 111th Inf. Co. A. Captured Oct. 30, 1864, with 86 others while on picket duty before Richmond; taken to Salisbury in cattle cars through a drenching rain, exposed to all the fiendish cruelties of southern torture. He died from starvation, Jan. 29, 1865, and was buried there; his body thrown into a trench without coffin, shroud, or even a memorial stake.

- Charles G. Crandall. Enlisted Sept. 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted in 146th Inf. Died Sept. 12, 1864, of sickness at Newark, N. Y., and buried there.
- Richard Connors. Enlisted April 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Nov. 13, 1863, 22nd Cav. Co. H. Killed at Winchester, in battle, Dec. 1864, and buried there.
- Edward M. Crego. Enlisted April 7, 1862, 78th Inf.; re-enlisted 102nd regiment; promoted Sergeant; discharged June 15, 1865.
- George Clark. Enlisted Nov. 24, 1861, 94th Inf. Co. A; wounded, lost left hand; discharged Dec. 5, 1862.
- Lorenzo D. Coleman. Enlisted Nov. 21, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- Charles T. Cronise. Enlisted Jan. 2, 1864, 22nd Cav.; discharged Feb. 5, 1865.
- Fred H. Curtiss. Enlisted Dec. 24, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, 1865.
- Patrick Cunningham. Enlisted 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness.
- John H. Cunningham. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1862, 118th Inf.; Aug. 13, 1863, promoted Captain of Co. D; Dec. 5, 1864, promoted Major; discharged July 12, 1865. Died since the war; buried at Fairville.
- Horace P. Culver. Enlisted Sept. 3, 1864, 111th Inf. Co. E. Died in Salisbury Prison, Jan. 30, 1865, and buried in Salisbury.
- James Cull. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corporal. Killed at the 2nd Battle of Bull Run, Aug. 31, 1862, and probably buried on the field.
- Wm. H. Coleman. Enlisted Nov. 21, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. C. Died of sickness Jan. 22, 1864, at Franklin, Louisiana, and buried there.
- Simeon Carl. Enlisted Aug. 7, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E. Killed in battle, June 1, 1864, at Pamunkey river, and probably buried there.
- James M. Coons. Enlisted July 31, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E. Wounded in the hand at Gettysburgh. Discharged Sept. 7, 1864; re-enlisted same date 21st Vet. Reserve Corps, Co. C; discharged June 6, 1865.
- Jeremiah Coons. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. Wounded in the foot; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- John Cohs. Enlisted Aug. 25, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- Josephus Cookingham. Enlisted Aug. 26, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Pleasant Hill; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.
- James Cook. Musician; Enlisted Aug. 1864, 111th Inf.; discharged 1865.
- George Cook. Enlisted May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.
- George Cook. Enlisted Aug. 29, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; wounded slightly, captured and escaped; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.
- Wm. E. Culver. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to V. R. C.
- Edmund Cobb. Enlisted\* Sept. 19, 1864, 111th Inf.; discharged 1865.
- Benjamin M. Carl. Sept. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Dec. 8, 1864, with the company.
- Malcolm H. Carl. Sept. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Dec. 8, 1864, with the company.
- Lindorf H. Carl. Sept. 15, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. F; promoted 2nd Lieut. rank dating July 20, 1864; re-enlisted, promoted 1st Lieut. May 1, 1865; discharged with regiment June 27, 1865; wounded at Barber's Cross Roads, Va., Sept. 5, 1862, and also at Winchester, Sept. 19, 1864.†
- John E. Carey. April 25, 1861, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant and re-enlisted Dec. 5, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, 1865.
- Paris Cornue. May, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Dec. 14, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; promoted Sergeant. Killed on picket duty June 27, 1864, at Petersburg.

\* Hereafter the word "enlisted" is omitted as unnecessary—the *first date* indicating entry into the service in every case.

† Three brothers. Another brother, Freeman A. Carl, settled in Minnesota, and was a soldier in some of the Indian wars on the Plains.

- John Corwin. Sept. 10, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. C.  
 Walter Cook. Dec. 28, 1863, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, 1865.  
 Cady H. Caldwell. Sergeant; Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. Died March 4, 1864, at New Orleans, La.  
 Erastus Cone. Musician; Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability Aug. 1, 1863. Died since the war and buried in Newark Cemetery.  
 William H. Caldwell. Wagoner; Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.  
 Hiram Crommett. Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; entered the regular army Nov. 1862. Died of sickness Nov. 16, 1863, at New York New England Hospital, and buried in Newark Willow Avenue Cemetery.  
 Almon Cain. Aug. 26, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 20, 1863, for disability. Died since the war; buried at East Newark.  
 Joseph H. Chambers. Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.  
 Nathaniel Cook. Aug. 28, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal Oct. 15, 1865; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.  
 Abram S. Cary. Aug. 25, 1865, 160th Inf. Co. A; appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1863. Died Sept. 30, 1863, at New Orleans.  
 Jesse Cary. Aug. 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. No further information.  
 Henry Conine. Aug. 20, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Corporal Feb. 7, 1864; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged with regiment June 4, 1865.  
 John Cripps. Aug. 7, 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E. Killed at Gettysburgh July 3, 1863.  
 Hugh W. Cochrane. May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, 1863.  
 Joseph H. Chambers. Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal Sept. 25, 1863; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, 1865.  
 John Clark. May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, 1863.  
 James Cull. May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, 1863.  
 Richard Connors. May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged with regiment; re-enlisted Nov. 12, 1863, 22nd Cav. Co. H. Killed in action at Winchester Sept. 19, 1864.  
 James Conway. May 10; '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.  
 John Cronnan. Dec. 2, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.  
 James Christee. (Reported in the service.)  
 Andrew Cassidy. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 27, '62; discharged May 21, '63. Died since the war; buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.  
 George Christman. '62, 111th.  
 Patrick Conlin. Nov. 3, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. Died April 27, '64, at New Orleans.  
 Theodore Corwin. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E. Died of sickness Feb. 10, '65, Annapolis, Md., and buried there.\*  
 Edwin P. Crum. Nov. '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; captured at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, '64. Died while a prisoner of war at Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 19, '65; buried there.  
 George Darling. Drummer; Sept. 1864, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to 4th Heavy Artillery; discharged 1865.  
 Henry Decker. Sept. 18, 1862, 140th Inf.; discharged June 3, 1865.  
 Charles Devall. 1862, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in 1865.  
 Eleazer Devall. Aug. 31, 1864, 160th Inf. Co. C. Absent, sick at date of general discharge, Nov. 1, 1865.  
 Charles H. Devall. Sept. 1, 1864, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 9, 1865.  
 Calvin Doane. May 10, 1861, 17th Inf. Co. I. Taken prisoner at 2nd Battle of Bull Run and held two months. Discharged June 1863.  
 Byron L. Doane. Aug. 22, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Winchester; promoted Corporal Aug. 1, 1865; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with regiment.

\* He was taken prisoner Oct. 10, 1864, before Petersburg, but escaped before reaching Richmond.

- Wesley S. Drake. Hospital steward ; Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A : discharged Oct. 25, 1863, for disability.
- Augustus Dunn, Aug. 1862, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged 1865.
- Rudolph Dunn. Aug. 1863, 14th Heavy Artillery ; regiment discharged Aug. 26, 1865.
- Christie Dunn. April 1, 1865, 22nd Cav. ; mustered out Aug. 1, 1865.
- P. H. Davenport. Aug. 27, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged from hospital Nov. 27, 1863.
- James M. Drum. Aug. 26, 1862, 160th Inf. Co. A. Died April 15, 1864, at New Orleans.
- John W. Dickinson. Captain ; rank dating Oct. 5, 1861, 8th Cav. Co. C ; commission Dec. 11, 1861 ; discharged Nov. 25, 1862. Died since the war.
- Horace Dearborn. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Almon J. Downing. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Harrison E. Downing. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Harrison Downing. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Francis G. Dolph. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Calvin Doane. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- William Donnelly. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Allen Dunn. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Alfred Denny. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, 1863.
- William Davis. Sept. 22, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; lost an arm at Brandy Station Sept., '63 ; discharged on account of wounds Oct. 14, '63.
- Thomas J. Damon. Dec., '63, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- William Dickson. Dec. 10, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; promoted Corporal ; wounded : lost right arm at explosion of mine before Petersburg July 30, '64 ; discharged Feb. 17, '65.
- Benson Drake. Aug. 14, '62, 9th Heavy Artillery, Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John E. Duncan. Corporal, Dec. 4, '63 ; 22d Cav., Co. H ; discharged, date and place not given on muster out roll.
- Myron W. Dusenberry. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf., Co. A ; promoted Corporal March 1, '65 ; wounded at Port Hudson ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Thomas J. Dingman. Dec. 28, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged for disability, date not given in the muster out roll.
- Rudolph Donk. Aug. 26, '63, 14th Art., Co. B ; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.
- James Doane. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- Hiram Dennison. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- Orrin E. Doty. Soldier as shown by pension list recently published.
- Patrick Denning. Soldier ; wounded ; pension list published 1883.
- Monroe Evans. 2d Lieut., rank dating Jan. 26, '64, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged May 15, '65.
- Frank H. Ellis. Bugler ; Dec. 19, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry Eggstein. April '61, 33d Inf. Co. H ; promoted Corporal ; taken prisoner at Williamsburgh, paroled and discharged ; discharged May, '63, as a paroled prisoner.
- Jesse Eggleston. April '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal ; discharged April '63.
- George W. Evans. Quartermaster ; Dec. 19, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Jacob Ederly. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Jacob Everts. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63. Died since the war ; buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- Charles Eckhoff. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64 ; discharged Nov. 1, '65. Same ball killed Samuel Westfall.
- Anson Eckhoff. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. Died of sickness at New Orleans, July 5, '63.



- Jacob Enderly. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. Died Dec. 6, '63, at Franklin, La.
- Alfred Eastley. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C: re-enlisted Vet. Volunteers; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- James Fowler. Fall of '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. No further information.
- Monroe Fish. Feb. 12, '64, 3d Cav.; died March 28, '64, of sickness in Arcadia and buried in Marion.
- John F. Failing. Hospital Steward, July '62, 9th Heavy Artillery regiment; discharged July 6, '65.
- John S. Flint. Feb. 3, '64, 16th United States Inf. Co. B, 2d battalion; died of typhoid fever June 7, '64, at Nashville, Tenn.
- Peter Frits. Feb. 16, '62, 98th Inf.; promoted Captain of sharpshooters; wounded in left shoulder; died since the war; buried at Fairville.
- Albert Frits. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I: taken prisoner; discharged June 2, '63.
- Samuel Frits. Aug. 14, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E: wounded at Gettysburgh; died of wounds July 18, '63 at Baltimore and buried there.
- Charles H. Freer. Bugler, Dec. 14, '63, 2d Mounted Rifle Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry Fuller. Aug. '62, Navy; ship *Mockman*; discharged '65.
- J. C. S. Fish. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E: discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- James A. Flint. Dec. 16, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles Co. F; promoted Corporal; mustered out Aug. 10, '65, with regiment.
- William H. Fisk. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C: discharged for disability Sept. 19, '63.
- Daniel B. Fisk. Sept. '64, 111th, Co. E: died a prisoner of war Jan. '65, at Salisbury, N. C., and buried there.
- James Furlush. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E: wounded at the Battle of the Wilderness; transferred to 4th Heavy Artillery June 3, '65.
- John Florey. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- George W. Failing. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C: discharged for disability, '62.
- George R. Failing. (Reported in the service.)
- Thomas Flannigan. Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F.
- Thomas Farrow. Sept. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E: wounded March 31, '65, lost a leg; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Silas B. French. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. died of sickness at Brashear City, La., May 6, '63.
- Hugh O. Failing. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A: promoted Hospital Steward June 17, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Myron C. Failing. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E: wounded at Reams Station in August, '64, and taken prisoner. He was paroled and remained in the Hospital at Annapolis until the close of the war.
- Myron H. Force. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E: died in hospital Sept. 20, '63.
- Jacob A. Force. Quartermaster Sergeant; Jan. 4, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged. (date and place not given on muster out roll.)
- D. M. Forbes. Aug. 20, '63, 111th Inf. Co. E; died of sickness June 22, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried there.
- John Gerdess. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A: promoted Corporal March 15, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Robert M. Galusha. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F: wounded; re-enlisted Jan. '64; Corporal 2nd Mounted Rifles; discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Robert S. Golden. Jan. 4, '64, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F: promoted 2nd Sergeant; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry C. Golden. Corporal; Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E: promoted 1st Lieut. Nov. 24, '64; discharged June 4, '65.
- David H. Golden. Dec. 25, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F: discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Hiram M. Galusha. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A: discharged for illness and reached home Feb. 11, '64. He died Nov. 1, '64, at home, and was buried in Newark, N. Y.

- Jacob Garvey. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John Griffin, Jr. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Patrick Griffin. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; re-enlisted same regiment ; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- James W. A. Granger. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Nathan W. Griffin. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- S. B. Gay. Fall of '61, 90th Inf. ; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Matthew Gates. May 10, '61, 17th Inf., Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- George H. Garlock. Corporal, Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Sergeant, March 20, '64 ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Daniel V. Gumare. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died Dec. 9, '63, at Franklin, La.
- Charles E. Garlock. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E, promoted Sergeant ; killed in the Battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried on the field.
- Dwight C. Garlock. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; lost a foot at Gettysburgh ; discharged Feb. 16, '64.
- John Gibbons. March 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at the Battle of the Wilderness ; discharged Feb. 27, '65.
- Thomas B. Goewy. Oct. 28, '61, 76th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged Dec. '64.
- James H. Griswold. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.
- William H. Grove. May, '62, 2d Cav. ; died of sickness Oct., '63 at Nashville, Tenn., and buried there.
- A. F. Galusha. (Reported in the service.)
- George Harvey. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged Dec. 20, '62.
- Daniel Heitz, Jr. June, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted '64, 1st Vet. Cav. ; discharged July 20, '65.
- Philip Heitz. Dec. 14, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Ezekiel Hinkley. Aug. '64, 111 Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Michael Hoover. Aug. '62, 160 Inf. Co. A ; wounded in the side at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Esbon E. Hill. Dec. 14, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; wounded in one arm ; promoted Corporal ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- James Horton. Musician ; Sept. '64, 111 Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment '65.
- John I. Horton. Aug. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died in Salisbury Prison, Dec. 31, '64, and buried there.
- Horace A. Hart. Aug. 25, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; captured and died of starvation and exposure in Salisbury Prison, Jan. 2, '65, and buried there.
- James Hagerman. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of sickness Feb. 15, '63, at Brashear City, La., and buried there.
- George Hackett. Sept. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; died Feb. 18, '62, of sickness at Washington, D. C., and buried there.
- William Hodgson. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Bristow Station ; captured and held fifteen months in a Southern prison ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65
- Simon D. Harmon. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.
- Alfred Holcomb. Sept. 7, '64, 18th Battery ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Eugene A. Harrington.\* Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; re-enlisted Veteran Volunteer ; discharged June 27, '65 with regiment.
- William H. Hickey. July 19, '63, 14th Heavy Art. Co. B ; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- William W. Heath. Aug. 19, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Howland. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.

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\* Endorsed on his discharge sixty-three general engagements.

- Darwin F. Harrington. Blacksmith; Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died at White Oak Church, Va., Feb. 2, '63.
- John Hoffman. Sept. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. K; died at City Point, Feb. 11, '65.
- Gustavus Henderbesch. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- John P. Hill. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. A.
- Jacob Hickey. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- George Hickey. Buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- Alfred Hawkins. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Albert R. Holcomb. Aug. 19, '62, 18th Battery; died Nov. 2, '64, at Baton Rouge.
- Eugene A. Harrington. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; discharged with company June 27, '65.
- Michael Hooker. Soldier; pension list '83.
- Daniel E. Haskell. Oct. 1, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; East Palmyra; wounded June 9, '63, at Beverly Ford; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- Frederick Hodges. Corporal; Dec. 7, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Wm. Hyde. 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; buried in East Newark.
- Horace Hughson. Corporal; December 14, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; slightly wounded before Petersburg; several weeks in hospital with typhoid fever; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Thomas H. Hollenbeck. Dec. 22, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F.
- Peter G. Hedden. Buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- Lawrence E. Hullings. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; died of sickness at New Orleans, May 22, '64, and buried there.
- Matthew Hillebrant. (Then of Albany Co.) Oct. 2, '61, 2nd Inf. Co. E; transferred May 14, '63, to 70th Inf.; wounded at Gettysburgh; captured in the Wilderness, held seven months at Andersonville and Florence; discharged from service April 3, '65.
- Joel H. Hudson. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died in Salisbury Prison, (time and place not given on muster-out roll.)
- Thomas D. Hawkins. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.
- Crosby Hopkins. Second Sergeant; April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted 2d Lieut. Aug. 20, '62; 1st Lieut. Jan. 4, '63; discharged May 21, '63.
- Edward Hickey. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to Invalid Corps Feb. 16, '64.
- Joseph Hannis. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- William Howard. June 15, '61, 34th Inf. Co. I; died of sickness Oct. 9, '62, at Manchester, N. Y., and buried there.
- Alonzo Hart. Saddler. Jan. 21, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H., saddler; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Henry Hummeston. Feb. 14, '63, 16th Michigan.
- Horace R. Howard. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Michael Huber. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Uriah Hutchings, (then of Dryden, Tompkins Co.) Oct. 19, '61, 75th Inf. Co. A; ruptured; discharged from service Oct. 22, '62, for disability.
- Theodore Irish. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Gideon P. Irish. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Frank A. Ireland. Sept. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted Veteran Volunteer; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- John Irwin. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- James Jones. Corp.; Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted Commissary Sergeant, Sept. 11, '63; discharged for disability Nov. 4, '64; died since the war Jan. 9, '83.
- Thomas Jenkins. Corp.; Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Sergeant; taken prisoner at Reams's Station; held at Libby, at Belle Isle and at Salisbury from Aug. 7, '64 to March '65; paroled; discharged Aug. 7, '65. Mr. Jenkins assisted in carrying forty dead prisoners to the dead house and preserved a list of names and dates.

- William Jenkins. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C : promoted Orderly Sergeant ; discharged for disability Oct. 2, '63.
- Joseph P. Johnson. Blacksmith : Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; discharged July 15, '63.
- George Ireland. Sept. '63, 14th Artillery : killed in battle at Cold Harbor, June, '64, and buried on the field.
- Stephen M. Keener. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; served as regimental carpenter ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Eshon B. Keller. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- William J. Krum. Dec. 9, '63, 2d Mounted Rifle Co. F ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged Aug. 10, '65 with regiment.
- John M. Krum. Nov. 23, '63, 2d Mounted Rifle Co. F : promoted Sergeant ; discharged Aug. 10, '65 with regiment.
- David C. Krum. Nov. 23, '63, 2d Mounted Rifle Co. F ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Delavan Keller. Sept. 10, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E : captured and died in Salisbury Prison, '65, and buried there.
- John H. Kemper. Major ; Dec. 12, '61, 10th Cav. ; resigned July 12, '63 ; re-enlisted ; Captain, June 8, '64 ; discharged Dec. 24, '65.
- Edwin P. Krum. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A : died Feb. 17, '65, a prisoner at Salisbury.
- Herman King. Oct. 15, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A : captured at Deep Bottom, July '64 ; held about five months ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Kenyon. Corporal ; Oct. 28, '61, 76th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged from first term of service Dec. '64.
- Henry P. Kenyon. Oct. 28, '61, 76th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged from first term of service Dec. '64.
- Martin Kilmer. Aug. 27, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E : wounded at the battle of the Wilderness ; transferred to 4th N. Y. Art. June 3, '65.
- Conrad Kellerhouse. 9th Heavy Art. wounded ; died since the war ; buried in East Newark.
- William Lamoreaux. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. ; promoted Corporal : discharged June 3, '65.
- Lycurgus D. Lusk. Orderly Sergeant. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; promoted 2nd Lieut. Aug. 30, '62 ; discharged June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted Dec. '63, in the 22nd Cav. : Captain, rank dating July 26, '64, mustered out with the regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Oscar Lape. 1860, U. S. 12th Regulars ; re-enlisted in 1864 same regiment ; died Jan. 17th, '65, in Libby Prison.
- Darius A. Lake. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A : discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Charles H. Lake. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; was taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Alfred Lillybridge. Jan. 5, '64, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged July 20, '65.
- Saybrook Lee. Feb. '64, 57th Massachusetts ; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May '64.
- E. B. S. Landon. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. G : discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Isaac M. Lusk, 1st Lieutenant. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; resigned Jan. 16, '62 ; re-enlisted as Captain in 111th Inf. Aug. 15, '62 ; promoted Major Feb. 20, '63 ; Lieutenant Colonel May 18, '63 ; wounded at Bristow Station Oct. 14, '63 ; resigned April 2, '64.
- Morris Lane. Dec. 16, '63, 2d Mounted Rifles Co. F ; killed before Petersburg June 17, '64.
- Thomas B. Lawson. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A : discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- George H. Lake. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of typhoid fever at Brashear City, La., April 24, '63.
- Chilion B. Lusk. Sept., '61, 8th Cav. ; promoted Quartermaster Sergeant ; re-enlisted '63 ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.

- Samuel Lake. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged at New Orleans for disability. (Date not given on muster-out roll.)
- Jacob Lasher. Sept. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Dennis A. Lake. Aug. 27, '62 160th Inf. Co. A ; no further information.
- Morton A. Leach, Musician. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co I ; promoted Drum Major ; discharged May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted 1st Veteran Cav July, '63 ; wounded May 15, '64 ; discharged Aug. 2, '65.
- Horace Lake. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Orson Loeccy. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Patrick Larkin. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- John Lake. Nov. 21, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; wagoner ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Thomas B. Lawson, Sergeant. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; promoted 2d Lieutenant June 21, '65 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Andrew J. Lowne. July 12, '63, 14th Artillery Co. B ; promoted Sergeant, Aug. 17, '65 ; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- George D. Manchester. March 1, '65, 193d Inf. ; discharged Aug. 29, '65.
- Nathan Masters. Oct. '61, 8th Cav. ; wounded, lost right leg ; discharged Oct. '64.
- George H. Matthews. Sept. 19, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; wounded at Cold Harbor ; discharged Dec. 8, '64, with company.
- Michael Mackey. Dec. 14, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; discharged '65.
- George Mundy. Aug. '61 ; navy ship *Albatross* ; promoted Sailing Master and Commander.
- William Mundy. (Reported in the service.)
- Augustus Manchester. Nov. 1, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; captured on the Wilson Raid and died in prison Aug, '64, at Richmond, Va. ; probably buried there.
- George H. Mills. Soldier ; wounded ; pension list of '83.
- J. Norton Miller. Orderly Sergeant ; Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. I ; promoted 2nd Lieut. March 30, 1863, also to 1st Lieut. April 9, '64 ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment
- John Murray. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; discharged with company Dec. 8, '64.
- D. D. Mills. Oct. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Charles Miller. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Nicholas Miller. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Joseph Manchester. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted Corporal Nov. 27, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Richard Mills. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Richard Milles. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged '63.
- James McLean. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Ambrose McLean. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Charles McCann. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- R. P. Miles. Aug. 6, '62, 11th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Ambrose McCuen. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Stewart Moore. Oct. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 28, '62, for disability.
- James Murphy. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Michael Mesick. Buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- Patrick McGrath. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Heman Miller. Buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- John Maher. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Thomas Maloy. Aug. 24, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died July 20, '64, at Bermuda Hundreds, Va.
- Thomas McDonald. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, '64, and died Nov. 2, '64, at Winchester, and buried there.
- Luther D. Morley. Sept. '64, Naval Service, ship *Ohio* ; transferred to ship *Patapsco* as Clerk ; killed Jan. '65, at Charleston Harbor ; buried at Newark ; vessel blown up by the explosion of a torpedo.

- Philip Menzer. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- George W. Morris. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Alpheus Mesick. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died of sickness March 25, '65, at Petersburg, and buried there.
- John J. Miller. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Henry Mesick. Aug. '62, 160th Inf.; died of wounds Sept. '64, at Winchester, Va., and buried there.
- Andrew J. Mott. Farrier. Dec. 16, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Theodore A. Morris. Sergeant; Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; subsequently taken prisoner and died at Andersonville.
- John Mullen. Dec. 25, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F.
- Philip Nearpass. May 18, '61, 4th Ohio; promoted 1st Sergeant; killed Aug. 20, '64, at Atlanta, Ga., and probably buried there.
- John Northrup. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; captured and died in Andersonville Prison Oct. '64, and buried there.
- Samuel Niles. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- Charles Nebraska. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Halsey J. Nichols. One Hundred and Eleventh Inf.; died since the war Aug. 27, '82, at Oswego, N. Y.
- Anton Niderer. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- Silas Ostrander. Aug., '62, 10th Cav.; wounded in thigh. (The 10th was consolidated with the 24th, June 17, '65; became 1st Provisional Cav.; discharged July 19, '65.) Died since the war, buried in East Newark.
- Myron Owens. Sept. 20, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; promoted Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant; re-enlisted Jan. '64; discharged and transferred to Non-Commissioned Staff, June 27, '65, with regiment.
- Bernard O'Donnell. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A.
- George W. Ostrander. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Bristow Station Oct. 14, '63; discharged April 19, '65.
- Ira S. Osgood. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Peter Orbenoff. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Harvey Olmstead. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- John Patterson. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Creighton L. Probasco. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Henry Price. Sept. 10, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut. June 13, '63; Quartermaster July 21, '64; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles Price. '62.
- Seth T. Probasco. Fall of '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Myron Probasco. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; died of starvation and disease contracted in Salisbury Prison.
- Nathaniel Payne. Sept. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded in the left hand; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Mandeville W. Plass. Dec. 14, '62, discharged March 10, '64; re-enlisted Aug. 14, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged June 10, '65.
- Peter Proseus. Sept. 20, '61, 1st Art.; wounded in the right leg; regiment discharged June 1, '65.
- John C. Palmer. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Byron Pollock. Jan. '65, Battery; re-enlisted 8th Art.; discharged.
- Milton Peer. Corporal; Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; promoted Sergeant Oct. 15, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Stephen A. Pyatt. April 25, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted Oct. 29, '64, in the 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted 2nd Lieut. Aug. 20, '64; discharged for disability Feb. 15, '65.

- John I. Penoyer. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged '65.
- Sylvester Parks. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Truman Pindar. Dec. '61, 76th Inf. ; discharged Dec. '64, expiration of term.
- Charles L. Patterson. Oct. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; discharged Oct. '64, expiration of service.
- Andrew J. Piersons. Sergeant. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Andrew W. Plass. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Calvin Pulver. (Then of Albany.) Feb. 17, '64, 7th Heavy Artillery Co. D ; discharged from Hart's Island on detached duty May 7, '65.
- Thomas Pickett. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Samuel S. Plass. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged with regiment May 27, '63 ; re-enlisted Dec. 2, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; Sergeant ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- George M. Parkhurst. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Jerome Percy. 90th Inf. ; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Edgar B. Parks. Corporal ; Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died at Newtown, Va., Oct. 24, '64, of wounds received in the battle of Cedar Creek.
- Edgar G. Parks. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Seth T. Probasco. Corporal ; Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A.
- Edwin D. Parker. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A.
- Amos Parker. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died Oct. 30, '62. (Time and place not given on muster-out roll.)
- Robert Pringle. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of typhoid fever at Thibodeaux, La., Jan. 27, '63.
- John W. Pyatt. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; shot through the wrist ; discharged Aug. 6, '62 ; died since the war at Rochester ; buried in Newark cemetery.
- Wm. H. Phelps. Died in the service April 1, '65.
- Denzy Patterson. (Reported in the service)
- Franklin Petteys. Feb. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness ; transferred to 4th Heavy Art. June 3, '65.
- Franklin N. Pettit. Aug. 18, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged for disability June 29, '63.
- George W. Phillips. Soldier ; wounded ; pension list of '83.
- John Quinn. April '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged April '63, disability.
- Peter Quackenbush. April 27, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died of disease Aug. 1, '64.
- John H. Russell. Soldier ; pension list of '83.
- Jackson Robinson. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; killed in action Nov. 11, '62.
- William Rush. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; re-enlisted Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- L. L. Rose. Feb. '63, Captain and Commissary ; breveted Major ; discharged '65 ; died since the war ; buried in East Newark.
- Newell J. Roberts. Aug. '63, 97th Inf. ; wounded twice ; discharged '65.
- Joseph Rush. Oct. '63, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Willard Ridley. Aug. 27, '62, 10th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- John J. Robinson. Oct. '63, 8th Cav. Co. C ; promoted Commissary Sergeant ; died at Harper's Ferry ; date not given on muster out roll.
- James Rhyked. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged '64, disability ; died since the war.
- James H. Robinson. Sept. 9, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; transferred to 146th ; taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness ; discharged March 12, '65.
- Richard Remsen. July, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; killed in battle Aug. 18, '64.
- E. V. Rugar. Orderly Sergeant ; July '61, 8th Cav. Co. G ; promoted 2nd Lieut. Feb. 2, '64 ; 1st Lieut. April 7, '64 ; Captain July 27, '64 ; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- R. T. Rogers. Sept. '63, 147th Inf. ; killed in the Wilderness.

- William Rogers. April '61; 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 27, 1863.
- George Rosch. Aug. 15, '63, 76th Inf. Co. I; wounded at the Wilderness, May '64; captured and died at Andersonville, fall of '64.
- George Richards. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; discharged Nov. '65, with regiment.
- Ralph Rogers. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Peter Rauserdorf. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Charles J. Rathbun. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- George L. Runyan. Oct. '61, 90th Inf.; died of sickness Sept. 7, '64, at Frederick, and buried in Newark.
- Zenas S. Roberts. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; died of disease at Baton Rouge, June 7, '63.
- Henry W. Roberts. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.
- Richard Richards. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf.; discharged May 9, '63, and died July '63, at home and buried in Newark.
- Anson Rose. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- John Rush. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died at Andersonville; time and place not given on muster out roll.
- John T. Rogers. Soldier; pension list of '83.
- James B. Rowe. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Edward K. Robinson. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died of fever at Harper's Ferry, July 1, '62.
- Marcus D. Reynolds. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; discharged for disabilities in '63.
- William Ruger. April '61, 27th Inf.; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Charles Rosch. Oct. 1, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; captured Nov. 2, '62, at Union, Va.; held at Libby Prison till Feb. 63; paroled; joined regiment in March at Stafford Court House; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- Joseph Randall. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F.
- John Remsen. July '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred to Regular Army; promoted Sergt; killed in battle Aug. 18, '64, at Weldon Railroad; buried there.
- William H. Rogers. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- James E. Reynolds. (Reported in the service.)
- James Rawley. Dec. 7, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- Daniel C. Rowland. (Reported in the service.)
- Charles Rush. (Reported in the service.) Died and buried in East Newark.
- Rowland T. Rogers. Sept. '63, 147th Inf; killed in battle May 10, '64, in the Wilderness and buried at Laurel Hill.
- S. S. Richards. (Formerly of Jefferson County, now of Newark.) Aug. 62, 10th Heavy Artillery Co. E; discharged June 23, '65, with regiment.
- Cornelius Soverhill. Sept. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged June 3, '65.
- Charles W. Soverhill. May 10, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63.
- James D. Smith. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Thomas Sweeney. Aug. 64, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded in the arm; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Edward H. Starkey. Blacksmith. Sept. 29, '61, 10th Cav.; discharged Sept. '64, at expiration of service.
- Charles H. Smith. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65. Slightly wounded twice.
- George W. Smith.\* Dec. 14, '63; 2d Mounted Rifle Co. F; discharged May 18, '65.
- Philip Shuster. Sergeant. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- P. J. Shick. July '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Thomas Sweeney. Soldier; pension list of '83.

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\* James D., Charles H. and George W. brothers.



- J. Dorman Steele. Captain ; Oct. 11, '61, 81st Inf. Co. K ; commission dated Feb. 19, '62 ; wounded ; resigned July 22, '62. Was Principal of Newark Union School for several years. and subsequently author of a series of school books.
- Wm. S. Shourds. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged '65.
- Wm. H. Stacy. Soldier ; pension list of '83.
- Frederick Stell. Aug. 12, '62, 9th Heavy Art. Co. A ; captured at Knox Junction ; held 9 months at Andersonville ; discharged Oct. 15, '65.
- James H. Stebbins. Aug. '63, 1st Vet. Cav. ; died of sickness June '64, in camp, and buried at Newark.
- Roderick Stewart. Sept. 12, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged June 15, '65.
- Rufus Smith. Aug. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged June 15, '65.
- Thomas Sigsby. Aug. 24, '63, 14th Heavy Art ; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.
- Henry Schaffner. Dec. 21, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Ira Sebring. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged Aug. 8, '63.
- Wm H. Stacy. May 10, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged and re-enlisted Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment June 3, '65
- George A. Shufelt. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged June 15, '65.
- Philetus Skeese. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged June 18, '65.
- Alfred Sebring. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died in Salisbury Prison, Jan. 22, '65, and buried there.
- Michael Schaub. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of sickness Sept. 4, '63, at Bayou Teche, and buried there.
- John Sanderville. Dec. 26, '64, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; killed at the battle of Petersburg Oct. 19, '64, and buried there.
- John St. John. Sept. 5, '64, 18th Battery ; died June 4, '65, of sickness on board the transport *Northern Light* ; buried at Fairville, N. Y.
- Warren D. Scofield. Drummer ; Aug. 64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Nelson Stewart. Corporal ; Dec. 11, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; discharged May 30, '65.
- John Switzel. Feb. '63, Michigan Cavalry ; discharged at close of war.
- Marvin Spoor. Aug. 62, 89th Inf. ; regiment discharged Aug. 3, '65.
- George L. Spoor. Aug. 22, '62, 160 Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corporal Oct. 26, '64 ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Mortimer E. Stebbins. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died Mar. 7, '64, at Franklin, La.
- Wm. H. Stebbins. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Clinton Spoor. Aug. 27, '62 ; 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of sickness at Thibodeaux, La., Aug. 3, '63.
- Peter Stacy. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Peter Sec. Aug. 20, '62, 111 Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- J. David Smallage. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Samuel Spoor. 89th Illinois, Co. A ; buried in East Newark.
- Joseph Stacy. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Wm. Segrist. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died at Andersonville ; time not given on muster out roll.
- Loren S. Sherwood. Sept. 18th, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Walter A. Sibbett. March 16, '65, 194th Inf. Co. A ; Corporal ; promoted Sergeant March 30, '65 ; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- Edward Smith. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- William Shumway. Dec. '62, 8th Cav. ; died a prisoner of war July '64, at Andersonville, and buried there.
- Jacob Sager. 90th Inf. ; discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Daniel W. Sanford. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; discharged Sept. '64 ; re-enlisted ; discharged June 27, '65 ; died after the war of disease contracted in the army Sept 15, '65 ; buried in Newark cemetery.
- John H. Scutt. Oct. 1, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; promoted Corporal and Commissary Sergeant ; discharged Dec. 8, '64.

- Finley M. Scott, (formerly of Tennessee, now of Newark, Wayne County.)  
Jan. 16, '64, 1st Colored Heavy Art. Co. A; discharged April '66. Moved  
to Lyons, Wayne Co., from Tennessee in '69.
- Andrew Soverhill. 1st Lieut.; Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; commission  
dated Sept. 9, '62; discharged Jan. 16, '63.
- Seymour Shonters. Oct. 28, '61, 76th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged from  
first term of service Dec. '64.
- Richard D. Spitzer. Oct. 28, '61, 76th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged Dec. '64.
- Gilbert H. Stout. Feb. '65, 194th Inf. Co. A; discharged May 3, '65.
- J. D. P. Scribner. Dec. 4, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment  
Aug. 1, '65.
- Jacob E. Stever. Com. Sergeant; Dec. 5, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; dis-  
charged May 13, '65.
- Francis H. Spoor. Corporal; Jan. 4, '64, 2nd Mounted Rifles, Co. F; dis-  
charged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- George W. Smith. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died of sickness March 5,  
'65, in Hospital at Annapolis, and buried there.
- Wm. L. Sternberg, (formerly of Syracuse, now of Newark.) Sept. 5, '64,  
185th Inf. Co. D; promoted Quartermaster-Sergeant soon after enlistment;  
discharged with the regiment May 29, '65.
- Lewis V. Tucker. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; transferred April 2, '64, to  
Vetern Reserve Corps.
- T. Tyler. Feb. 65, 194th Inf.; discharged May 3, '65, with regiment.
- Robert R. Todd. Dec. 16, '62, 96th Inf.; discharged March 3, '63; re-enlisted  
Dec. 9, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; sunstruck and discharged in '64.
- Edward B. Taylor. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; killed April 8, '64, in  
battle at Mansfield, and buried on the field.\*
- Cyrus B. Taylor. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred to Quartermaster  
Department; Brevet Lieut.; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Theodore Tillotson, Aug. 30, '64, 15th Engineers Co. M; discharged with  
regiment June 13, '65.
- Richard S. Taylor. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted 1st Lieutenant  
June 25, '63, and Captain, April 20, '64, but was not mustered being killed  
before Richmond May 12, '64, in battle; buried there.
- James H. Tubbs. Sept. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted Dec. 21, '63, 22d  
Cav. Co. H; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- George S. Town. Bugler; Oct. 6, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged for disa-  
bility Oct. 12, '62; re-enlisted Feb. 12, '64, 4th Artillery Co. H; discharged  
Sept. 26, '65, with regiment.
- Edgar G. Trask. Oct. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; captured on Wilson's raid,  
June 26, '64; discharged with company Dec. 8, '64.
- Farel Thomas. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Russel W. Tibbitts. Sept. 20, '61; 8th Cav. Co. F; discharged on account of  
sickness, July 31, '62.
- Edward Teal. Dec. 16, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F.
- Townsend Trask. Dec. 26, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F; discharged May  
23, '65.
- Robert Todd. Dec. 21, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- R. W. H. Taylor. Aug. '62, 17th Inf. Co. I; killed in battle Aug. '63, at  
second battle of Bull Run, and buried on the field.
- E. C. Tyler. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Wm. Trumbull. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- George W. Trumbull. Buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery.
- Frank L. Thompson. 8th Cav.; buried at Fairville.
- Watson Tyler. Dec. '62, 95th Penn., Co. I; transferred to 20th U. S. C. T.;  
wounded June 9, '63; discharged Oct. '65.
- Thomas Tanell. Soldier; pension list of '83.
- William Van Valkenburgh. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged with  
regiment Nov. 1, '65; died since the war; buried in Newark Cemetery.

\* Enlisted at the age of 16 years and 5 months. The 160th had marched seven miles. Reaching the front before their lines were fully formed they received terrible volleys of musketry, in which young Taylor fell.

- Aaron P. Vosburg. Sept. 2, '64, 18th Art. ; died of sickness at New Orleans, May 11, '65, and buried there
- Sylvester B. VanDuser. Musician ; Dec. 19, '63, 2nd Mounted Rifles Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry Van der Merlin. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged June 15, '65.
- Barney Vosburgh. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- William Vosburgh. May 10, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged May 21, '63.
- Edwin B. VanWormer. Oct. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; died at Harper's Ferry of fever May '62.
- Abraham VanWormer. Oct. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; discharged with company, June 27, '65.
- \* John H. Van Dusen. Sergeant ; Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Com. Sergt. Feb. '65 ; wounded and taken prisoner at Fort Bisland Oct. '63 ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Van Buren Vaughn. Corporal ; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; killed April 9, '64, at Pleasant Hill, La.
- William Van Gordes. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- William Van Gorchen. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; transferred to V. R. C. ; sick in hospital at time of general discharge Nov. 1, '65.
- Leonard F. Van Inwagen. Aug. 14, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Abram L. Van Valkenburgh. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Albert Van Norman. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Myron T. Van Inwagen. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged May 21, '63.
- Aaron Van Inwagen. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- William J. Vandusen. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; enrolled as 1st Lieut. ; promoted Capt. Nov. 1, '63 ; killed at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, '64.\*
- Dr. William B. Vosburgh. Surgeon of the 111th Inf. ; settled in Lyons as a Physician after the war ; died June 15, '70 ; buried in Willow Avenue Cemetery. †
- James Vaughn. Fall of '62 160th Inf. Co. A ; no further information.
- Oliver Van Norman. Soldier ; pension list of '83 ; wounded.
- James Whitbeck. Sept '64 ; discharged '65.
- Lewis Weaver. Dec. 10, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F ; died of sickness at City Point, Va., Sept. 6, '64.
- John R. Worthy. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment June 4, '62.
- Henry Wheeler. Fall of '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. (No further information.)
- John J. Whitbeck. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corporal Aug. 1, '65 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Frederick Warner. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged June 7, '65.
- Michael Wernier. May '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Obadiah J. Welch. Corporal ; Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; promoted sergeant ; wounded at Fair Oaks ; discharged June 8, '63, for disability
- Luther H. Whiting Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged for disability April 16, '64.
- Matthew Wolfe. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Cedar Creek, lost a leg, Oct. 19, '64 ; discharged July 10, '65, for disability.
- George W. Westfall. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; Corporal ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Co. E, fall of '63 ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Joshua Winne. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A.
- D. H. Winans. Fall of '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; (no further information.)
- Wm. Westlake. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died of sickness July 18, '64, at Fortress Monroe, and buried there.

\* He fell at the post of duty bravely leading his men in that charge of the 160th that saved the day.

† Dr. Vosburgh was greatly beloved by the men who received his kind ministrations. Mrs. Vosburgh shared in his labors, and it was her letters which often told to friends at home in tender sympathetic words the story of woundings, sickness or death

- Conrad Weh. Aug. 22, '62, 148th Inf. Co. C ; wounded at Deep Bottom Dec. 22, '64 ; discharged June 22, '62.
- Theodore Williams. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Isaac H. Wait. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; entered regular service ; wounded at Port Hudson.
- Ebenezer West. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; died Nov. 22, '63, at New Orleans.
- Wm. Whitmore. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63 ; buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- Emmet M. Whitmore. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged ; re-enlisted July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and died July 11 ; buried in Willow Avenue cemetery.
- George N. Wallace. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Daniel D. Willis. Oct. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; killed in battle at Chapins Bluff, May '64, and buried on the field.
- Charles F. Whiting. Teamster ; Dec. 15, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F ; discharged for disability ; (date not given on muster out roll.)
- Dewitt C. Wilcox. Sept. 20, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- Joseph Warner. Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F ; discharged July 30, '63.
- Homer Weaver. Dec. 13, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F ; discharged from hospital at Rochester a few weeks after the close of the war.
- Edward J. Waters. Dec. 19, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F ; discharged May 30, '65.
- George W. Wright. Dec. '63, 2d M. R. Co. F ; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Stephen Walters. Ang. 1, '63, 1st Cav. Co. E ; discharged July 30, '65.
- Andrew Wilson. Captain ; May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; commission dated July 4, '61 ; died Sept. 18, '62, of wounds received in action at second battle of Bull Run.
- Andrew J. White. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Alfred Westfall. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; discharged June 2, '63, with regiment ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Fall of '63 ; Sergeant ; wounded May 15, '64 at New Market, Va. ; promoted Q. M. Sergeant ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John Wolf. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; re-enlisted 111th Co. K, Feb. 3, '64 ; captured ; suffered in rebel hands and died at Annapolis, Md., March 18, '65.
- S. White. (Reported in the service.)
- Levi White. Sergeant ; Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. I ; wounded Oct. 1, '63 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Daniel D. Willis. Oct. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; regiment discharged from first term of service Dec. 8, '64.
- Henry S. Westfall. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corporal ; killed in battle Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester and buried on the field. He fell in the final charge that day and is said to have been the last man of his regiment killed in that action.
- William W. Wolfrom. Musician ; Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Baxter Wilcoxon. Sept. 14, '62, 148th Inf. ; promoted Corporal '63 ; Sergeant '64 ; regiment discharged June 22, '65.
- Wessell T. Whitbeck. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; died of wounds received July 3, '63, at battle of Gettysburgh.
- Austin Worthy. First Vet. Cav. ; buried at Marbletown.
- W. L. Willett. Oct. 63, 147th Inf. Co. H ; promoted Corporal ; taken prisoner ; held at Andersonville and Florence ten months ; paroled ; discharged May 24, '65, by general order discharging paroled prisoners.\*

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\*Mr. Willett was formerly of Livingston County, now of Newark and Postmaster at that place.

## BUTLER.

- George F. Angus. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal Feb. 11, '61; Sergeant Dec. 30, '64; 1st Sergeant March 12, '65; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.\*
- Elijah Angus. Sept. 12, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Thomas Armstrong. Dec. 31, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June '64; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65. Had previously served in the 67th Inf. enlisting July 26, '61.
- Gilbert F. Angus. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal Feb. 11, '64; Sergeant Dec. 30, '64; 1st Sergeant March 12, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.†
- John S. Abbott. 9th H. A.; buried at Westberry.
- Samuel Armstrong. March 19, '62, 75th Inf. Co. E; transferred to 75th Vet. Battalion Nov. 19, '64; discharged with battalion Aug. 31, '65.
- Albert V. Albright. Aug. 30, '64, unassigned recruit; discharged June 13, '65.
- Heory Benjamin. Aug. '64, 96th Inf.; discharged '65.
- George A. Bell. Feb. 28, '65, 193d Inf. Co. C; discharged May 3, '65.
- Robert C. Brown. April 11, '65, 96th Inf.; discharged '65.
- Wm. H. Bell. March 11, '64, 75th Inf.; discharged '65.
- Jasper Blackman. Sept. '62, 3d Art.; re-enlisted Aug. 9, '64, 9th H. A.; promoted 1st Lieut. Oct. 1, '64; transferred to 111th; discharged in '65.
- Barney Beebe. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Josiah Braymer. Corporal; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. I; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- David Bailey. Sept. 24, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted veteran volunteer 75th Battalion Co. E, Jan. '64; discharged with battalion Aug. 31, '65.
- Lorenzo S. Bassett. Nov. 22, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged from the first term Nov. 25, '64.
- Isaac Bassett. Oct. 10, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64.
- Joel J. Baker. Oct. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64.†
- William Beck. Captain in the 57th Inf. N. Y. V.; buried in the cemetery at Westberry.
- Jacob Bacon. 15th U. S. V. Inf. Co. K; buried in the cemetery at Westberry.
- M. Calkins. April, '65, 95th Inf.; regiment discharged July 16, '65.
- Ezra H. Calkins. Aug. 23, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corporal July 11, '64; 2d Lieut. Jan. 15, '65; died since the war; buried in Hubbard's Cemetery.
- Patrick Cunningham. 9th H. A. (No further information.)
- Warren Calkins. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; appointed Corporal Aug. 25; wounded in the face; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Calkins. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; wounded in the thigh; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Allen Calkins. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- Benjamin E. Conklin. Aug. 26, '64, 50th Engineers Co. H; discharged June 13, '65, with regiment.
- Myron Crane. March 23, '65, 96th Inf.; died Oct. 16, '65 at Fredericksburgh.
- Alpheus P. Cornell. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A.; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- William H. Cornell. March 13, '62, 27th Inf. Co. B; pension list of '83.
- Lafayette Crow. Jan. '64, 111th Inf.; killed Oct. 19, '64, at battle of Cedar Creek; buried in Butler.
- Rufus M. Campbell. 2d Lieut.; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 1st Lieut. Dec. 30, '62; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged Oct. 4, '64; died since the war April 22, '67.

\* † The two records seem to be the same. We leave them as found,—a letter of inquiry having received no reply.

† Muster-out rolls of the 75th at Albany are defective or missing. Dates of discharge are not easily found.

- Morris J. Crow. Jan. '64, 111th Inf. Co. G ; died Dec. 29, '64.  
 Gibson Conger. 9th H. A. ; buried at Butler's Centre.  
 Ensign L. Calkins. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Cassius M. Clapp. Aug. 31, '65, 9th H. A. Co. G ; mustered out with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Warren Conklin. Corporal ; Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Theodore Conklin. Aug. 29, '62, 3d Art. Co. K ; discharged June 9, '63 for disability  
 Egbert H. Cady. Aug. 6, '62, H. A. Co. A ; killed at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.  
 Benjamin F. Drury. 2d. Aug. 12, '64, 111th Inf. ; discharged June 3, '65.  
 Cornell J. Dusingberry. Aug. 5, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; appointed Corporal March 1, '65 ; Sergeant April 17, '65 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Charles Downs. Sergeant ; Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Theodore S. Dean. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; appointed Artificer April 17, '65 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 John H. Devoe. Drummer ; Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '62.  
 Jonathan Dean. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 John Dillon. Aug. 7, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.  
 John Dessen. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.\*  
 Oran Dean. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F ; regiment discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.  
 John Depew. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Andrew Douglass. Sept. '64, 15th Engineers, Co. M ; wounded Dec. '64 ; discharged June 13, '65, with regiment.  
 John Delong. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged '65.  
 James Elly. July 25, '64, 15th Inf. ; 15th Inf. became 15th Engineers ; regiment discharged July 2, '65.  
 Edwin Eggnor. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Abram Eggnor. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; promoted Corporal Oct. 4, '64 ; Sergeant May 31, '65 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Cyrus E. Fitch. July 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 George H. Fitch. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Merritt F. Fowler. Aug. 5, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Allen H. Fitch. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2nd N. Y. H. A. June 27, '65 ; died since the war ; buried in the Fitch Cemetery.  
 Irving L. Fitch. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; killed at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, '64 ; buried in Fitch Cemetery.  
 Cassius M. Foster. March 26, '64, 75th Inf. ; lost his life in the service.  
 George W. Fowler. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Oct. 10, '64, for disability ; died since the war Sept. 7, '82 ; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.  
 Lewis Foster. Sept. '62, 160th Inf. ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 Almon F. Feeck. Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.  
 Charles Furman. (Reported in the service.)  
 Ebenezer Fleming. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; promoted Corporal ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Robert C. Fillo. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; died at Washington, D. C., June 20, '65.  
 James W. Grant. Oct. 8, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H ; discharged ; re-enlisted Jan. '64, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65\*

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\* Perhaps name incorrect.

- Clark Grant. Oct. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; promoted Sergeant; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James W. Grant. '62, 75th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64 Vet. Vol. 75th Battalion Co. A; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.\*
- George Green. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Charles W. Green. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.
- Rush Green. (Clyde *Times*.) Fall of '63, 9th H. A.
- Isaac W. Grant. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corporal Dec. 6, '62; Sergeant Aug. 5, '63; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.\*
- Lewis Grandy, Sept. 2, '61, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to V. R. C. April 18, '64.
- William C. Grandy. Wagoner; Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged July 6, '65.
- Stillman J. Grandy. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; Sergeant; promoted 1st Sergeant Aug. 25, '62; 2d Lieut July 1, '64; discharged Fall of '64.
- Ambrose Holdridge, Aug. 26, '64, 50th Engineers; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Oscar Hoyt, Sept. 6, '64, 15th Inf.; the 15th Inf. became the 15th engineers; regiment discharged July 2, '65.
- Evelyn W. Hoyt. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; regiment discharged July 6, '65
- William Hanes. Sept. 5, '64, 15th Inf.; 15th Inf. became 15th Engineers; regiment discharged July 2, '65.
- Elbert G. Haywood. Aug. 25, '64, 50th Engineers Co. A; reported also on rolls of the 15th Engineers, and died at City Point, buried at South Butler, Nov. 18, '64.
- Franklin Huffman. Sergeant; Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted 2d Lieut. March 2, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Edwin M. Huffman. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Hale. Corporal; Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C. (No further information.)
- John H. Hyde. 75th N. Y. V. Inf. Co. H; Buried in the Westberry Cemetery.
- Elijah Ingraham. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- Jacob Ingraham. Dec. 28, '63, 39th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65. Discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Andrew Jackson. Aug. 29, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; settled in Shenandoah Valley after the war.
- Harvey E. Jones. Corporal; Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- William B. Kellogg. Sept. '62, 0th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- Ethan B. Kellogg. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged March 10, '64, for disability.
- John Knae. Sept. 30, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- Eugene Knapp. 9th H. A.; died at Tenleytown, Md., '64; buried at Butler Centre.
- Lasseus Lent. 3d Art.; buried at Butler Centre.
- Josiah Loveless. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; re-enlisted Veteran Volunteer Jan. 1, '64, 75th Bat. Co. A; sick in hospital at time of general discharge, Aug. 31, '65
- James Loveless. Jene '64, 75th Inf.; regiment discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- Hamilton Loveless. Drummer; March 12, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; died of sickness Dec. 29, '64; buried at Savannah.
- George Loveless. Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '62.

\* Possibly repetitions in part.

- John Lates. '61, 102nd Inf. Co. K ; discharged July 21, '65.
- Jacob Lutes. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Sylvester G. Lovell. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E ; regiment discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- Ambrose Leonard. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged April 5, '62, for disability ; re-enlisted ; promoted Sergeant April 6, '65, 96th Inf. Co. D ; discharged Feb. 16, '66 ; died Sept. 7, '82 ; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery, Wolcott.
- William H. Matthews. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; killed Oct. 19, '64, battle of Cedar Creek ; buried on the field. Remains subsequently brought to Leavenworth Cemetery.
- Calvin B. Morse. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Cary Marcellus. 9th H. A. Co. A ; died at Auburn before the regiment went South.
- Lewis Marcellus. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died at Dansville, Va., prisoner of war, Feb. 16, '65.
- William M. Marshall. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; killed before Petersburg April 2, '65, (at least not heard from after that date.)
- Uriah Marsh ; 9th H. A. ; buried at Butler Center.
- Patrick H. Murray. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A.
- Patrick McQuiggan. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; appointed Corporal April 12, '64 ; Sergeant March 1, '65 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Cornelius Marsh, Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged May '64, for disability.
- Dwight Mead, Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Henry F. McIntyre. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged Feb. 15, '64, for disability.
- John Murray. Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged June 10, '65
- James Mallison. Sept. 29, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Austin Miller. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C ; transferred to 2d Artillery June 27, '64, and discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- David Monroe. Sept. 29, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E ; re-enlisted V. V. 75th Battalion Co. E, Jan. '64 ; discharged with battalion Aug. 31, '65.
- William W. Miller. Nov. 15, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G. (No further information.)
- John F. Merrill. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G ; re-enlisted 75th Battalion Co. D, March 29, '64 ; battery discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Franklin Merrill. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G ; promoted corporal ; re-enlisted 75th battalion Co. D, March 29, '64 ; battalion discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- William McGonigal. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H ; regiment discharged at expiration of service Nov. 25, '64.
- George B. Moore. Dec. 30, '61, 102d Inf. Co. K ; discharged ; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Co. G ; killed at Cedar Creek.
- Jesse B. Nichols. Sept. 15, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died Nov. 8, '64 at United States Hospital, Baltimore, Md.
- John Newland. Soldier ; pension list of '88.
- George Overrocken. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Ira M. Olmsted. Drafted March 23 ; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. E ; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Forest R. Pierson. Drummer ; Sept. 1, '62 ; 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John P. Phillips. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged July 15, '65.
- Virgil J. Phillips. Aug. 24, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; wounded July 19, '64 ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65 ; died since the war, Feb. '78 ; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- Giles G. Palmer. April 11, '65, 96th Inf. ; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- George Perkins. Feb. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded June 22, '64 ; transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65 ; discharged '65.



- Chester B. Pritchard. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; promoted Sergeant; killed in the battle of Winchester Sept. 19, '64; buried on the field.
- Jefferson T. Perry. Aug. 23, '62, 4th H. A. Co. G; wounded at Cedar Creek, both legs broken; died of wounds at Baltimore Jan. 4, '65.
- Charles W. Perkins. July 13, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to 4th Art.; absent, wounded at date of general discharge; died in the service; buried at Butler Centre.
- John Pritchard. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Daniel R. Post. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Reg't Q. M. Serg't, Feb. 3, '64; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; died since the war; buried in the Roe Cemetery.
- John W. Pitcher. Sept. 24, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted 75th Battalion Co. E, Jan. 1, '64, discharged with Battalion Aug. 31, '65.
- Edward Pritchard. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; discharged for disability, Oct. 13, '62.\*
- Murray F. Porter. (Reported in the service.)
- Edward Rawson. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Robinson. April 5, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Willard Rand. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; killed on picket line in Virginia, March 21, '65.
- Charles Rawson. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; captured at Monocacy; four months a prisoner at Dansville; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edgar A. Rawson. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; had previously served in the 3d Art. Co. G; discharged with regiment June, '63; captured at Monocacy; seven months and eleven days at Dansville.
- Volney H. Sweating. May 1, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; not mustered in; Sept. 24, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted Vet. Volunteer, 75th Battalion, Co. E, March 10, '64; promoted 1st Sergeant; 2nd Lieutenant Dec. 20, '64, rank dating from Nov. 27, '64; resigned June 21, '65.
- Edward Shepard. July 2, '63, 97th Inf.; discharged July 18, '65.
- Warren Southwick. Aug. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- James Sherman Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corporal Oct. 4, '64; Sergeant May 31, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James M. Seaman. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; lost his life in the service.
- William P. Sherman. Aug. '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Nov. 29, '63, at Washington, D. C.; buried at Butler Center.
- Henry Sherman. Sept. 13, '64, 111th Co. C; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Alfred J. Sprague. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged March 6, '63, at Fort Summers, for disability.
- Lewis B. Sprague. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; died June 25, '63, at U. S. Gen. Hos. Washington, D. C.
- Hiram Silliman. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; appointed Corporal Aug. 25, '62; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; slightly wounded in the hand at Cedar Creek.
- Artemus S. Scott. Aug. 23, '61, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Feb. 11, '64, for disability; died since the war; buried at Hubbard's Cemetery.
- Lewis W. Smith. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to regimental staff May 30, '65, Q. M. Serg.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William P. Sherman. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Nov. 27, '63; (place not given on muster out roll.)
- Allen Southwick. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C; discharged March 27, '63, for disability.
- Benjamin Southwick. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C.
- Wilson Swayze. Soldier; pension list of '83.
- Horatio W. Smith. Saddler; Oct. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. B; regiment discharged June 27, '65.

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\* Three brothers, Chester, John, Edward.

- Frank Sprague. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged April 12, '64, for disability.
- Stephen Sedore. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Samuel W. Sedore. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John B. Sedore. Aug. '63, 111th Inf. ; detailed as brigade teamster April 25, '63 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Wilhelmus Tillou. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry Tompkins. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged March 12, '63, for disability ; re-enlisted 4th Art. Feb. 22, '64 ; absent sick at general discharge Sept. 26, '65.
- John Thompson. Sept. '62, 160th Inf. ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles H. Taylor. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged June 16, '64.
- James Towlerston. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to V. R. C. Jan. 29, '64.
- William Tones. March 21, '65, 193d ; discharged Jan. 18, '66.
- Herman Thome. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G ; ten months a prisoner : captured at Sabine Pass Sept. 8, '63 ; exchanged July 22, '64 ; discharged at Auburn, '64.\*
- Daniel Upham. Aug. 25, '64, 50th Engineers ; discharged June 13, '65, with regiment.
- Jason Underhill. Sept. 23, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; wounded near Petersburg April 2, '65 ; absent, sick at date of general discharge, July 6, '65.
- John Van Antwerp. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged July 6, '65 ; died soon after the war ; buried in Hubbard's Cemetery.
- Allen Velie. March 7, '64, 75th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Isaac Van Alstyne. 9th H. A. Co. A ; buried at Westberry.
- Cornelius Velie. (Then of Montezuma formerly of Butler, served a full term in the army).
- William Wood. Captain ; Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; promoted Major Sept. 16, '64 ; served as Major until close of the war ; promoted Lieutenant-Colonel, commissioned as such by Governor Seymour ; mustered out July 6, '65 ; wounded at Sailor's Creek, April 6, '65.†
- Thomas Walker. March 8, '65 ; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. G ; discharged for disability summer of '65 ; died since the war, May 1, '81 ; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- John W. Westcott. March, '65, 96th Inf. Co. G ; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Charles Wilkinson. 10th N. Y. V. Inf. Co. H ; buried at Westberry.
- George Wendover. Oct. '61, 75th Inf. ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Edmund H. Wilson. Oct. '63, 9th H. A.
- James Wendover.‡ Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged May 13, '65, for disability.
- James Wisner. Aug. 20, '64, 50th Engineers ; regiment discharged June 13, '65.‡
- William C. Wendover. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. ; Feb. 4, '64, transferred to V. R. Corps ; wounded at Cold Harbor or in that campaign.
- H. H. Wheeler, Jr. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; promoted 2nd Lieutenant Feb. 3, '65, and Feb. 24 assigned to Co. E, 9th H. A. ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.

\*Mr. Thome tells an amusing incident of getting ahead of the skirmish line one day and within bailing distance of a rebel battery. He ordered it to surrender ! His story, however, is not like that of a well finished novel. They replied, " Come and take it," but he thought discretion the better part of valor" and didn't do it.

† " H. S " said in the Lyons *Republican*. " Major Wm. Wood was severely but not dangerously wounded in the fight at Sailor's Creek on the 6th of April while pursuing the flying rebels after the heaviest fighting was over. Major Wood was one of the officers who came out with the regiment and has always remained at his post doing his duty as a brave man should. At Cedar Creek, Petersburg and Sailor's Creek no man fought harder or gained a better name."

‡ Name also on rolls of 15th Engineers.

- Elisha Watson. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 James W. Walker. Sept. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged April 17, '64,  
 for disability.  
 Israel S. Wilson. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died July 21, '64, at U. S.  
 Gov. Hospital, David's Island, New York Harbor.  
 Charles M. Warren. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H ; died at Frederick City,  
 Md., July 23, '64.  
 Henry Wiley. Sept. '62, 3d H. A. ; regiment discharged from June 22 to July  
 29, '65, by batteries.  
 Christopher Westfall. Sept. 5, '64, 9th Art. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

## GALEN.

- James Allen. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. ; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.  
 Wm. H. Allen. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; wounded at Cold Harbor ;  
 discharged May 13, '65.  
 John Anderson. '61, 17th Michigan Inf. ; re-enlisted 90th N. Y. Inf. ; wounded ;  
 lost right arm ; discharged Feb. 4, '64.  
 Albert M. Aurand. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment  
 June 3, '65.  
 J. N. Arnold. (Then of Albany, now of Clyde.) Enlisted a Company in  
 Orange county in the spring of '61 for the 3d Inf. ; the regiment being full  
 it was not accepted. In the spring of '62 he went out in a three months'  
 regiment as Sergeant-Major ; was appointed Ass't-Surgeon 7th Art. Albany  
 Co. ; commissioned as Surgeon ; not mustered ; discharged Aug. '65 ; set-  
 tled in Clyde in the spring of '69.  
 William Anderson. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. ; discharged for disability.  
 James Allen. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; died of wounds Aug. 4, '63, at  
 Fort Mansfield ; buried at Ferguson's Corners.  
 George Autenbring. July 30, '62, 8th H. A. Co. K ; killed in action Oct. 19,  
 '64, at Cedar Creek.  
 Charles Ashley. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 4, '64.  
 William Arnell. (Reported in the service.)  
 Francis Allinger. (Reported in the service.)  
 Thomas C. Armitage. 3d Corporal ; July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded  
 May 18, '64 ; discharged for disability March 9, '65. Died since the war at  
 Seneca Falls,  
 William Ashdown. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. C ; wounded at Harper's Ferry  
 Sept. '62 ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 James Ashdown. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded May 1, '64 ; de-  
 tached on pioneer corps Feb. 8, '65 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65 ;  
 captured at Reams Station.  
 Thomas Ashdown. Corporal ; July 12, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; no further infor-  
 mation.  
 George W. Angle. Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; died at Fort Jefferson, Dry  
 Tortugas, Fla., Sept. 26, '62 ; buried there.  
 Julius S. Allen. Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; re-enlisted as veteran volun-  
 teer Feb. 20, '64 ; discharged with regiment Feb. 9, '66.  
 John W. Allen. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to Co. G Feb. 1, '62 ;  
 became leader of the regimental band.  
 James E. Auld. Oct. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to Co. A Feb. 1, '62 ;  
 discharged Dec. 15, '64 ; at expiration of service.  
 Charles H. Armitage. Oct. 16, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged for disability  
 Fall '51 ; died since the war, '82 ; had been a clerk at Washington ; buried  
 in Maple Grove Cemetery.  
 James Adams. Jan. 16, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged by consoli-  
 dation with the 94th March '63.  
 Harry Aurand. Cavalry.  
 Peter B. Allen, Jr. Oct. 31, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to U. S. Artillery  
 1st regiment ; taken prisoner June '64, and sent to Andersonville.

- Eli Allen. Dec. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Henry Allen. June 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. F; transferred to 2nd Artillery June 27, '65; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- William Baldrige. Sept. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; disabled in foot; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Charles H. Barker. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; captured before Petersburg; held six weeks at Richmond; transferred June 27 to 2nd Art.; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John Brown, 2nd. Feb. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed May 6, '64, battle of the Wilderness.
- John Barkley. Feb. '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Samuel Bailey. Sept. 5, '64, 15th Engineers, Co. M; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Charles Barnes. Aug. 1, '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Carlos Brown. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged for disability Aug. 4, '65.
- John Brown. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Elon G. Balch. '61, 93d Penn.; re-enlisted 9th H. A.; died Oct. 20, '64, of wounds received at Cedar Creek, and buried there.
- Robert Buchanan. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; killed; color bearer at Petersburg, June 17, '64. Said to have had seventeen bullets in his clothes.
- William Bremer. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Burns. Jan. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- Fred Bremer. Aug. '63, 97th Inf.; a prisoner in Tennessee; discharged '65.
- Edward Bowman. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K; wounded June 4, '64; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- E. Bradley. Aug. '63. (No further information.)
- Francis Bowman.\* Oct. '63, 9th H. A.; promoted Corporal; discharged July 6, '65.
- James Bayard. April '61, 28th regiment; wounded; discharged '62 for disability.
- Reuben Burton. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted to 2nd Lieut. April 5, '64; 1st Lieut. Feb. '65; transferred to 2d Artillery June 27, '65.
- Dudley Boice. Sept. '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; wounded in the campaign of the Wilderness, '64; discharged July 6, '65. Died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- James Bice. Sept. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Peter Boice. Dec. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2d Artillery June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Henry Baker. (Reported in the service.)
- Isaac M. Birdsall. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Patrick Berry. June 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; re-enlisted as a private; commissioned as a Lieut. Feb. '64; killed in battle at Fair Oaks May 31, '62, and buried there.†
- James Bray. June '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; died Sept. 9, '64, of wounds at Annapolis, Md., and buried there; leg amputated.
- Lewis M. Brookless. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Isaac C. Baird. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William G. Bliton. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A.; discharged March 10, '63, for disability.

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\* There were five brothers of the Bowmans in the service.

† James Rigney wrote of him: "Patrick Berry was the first man in the regiment that was shot. He was hit on the left temple. The battle had just begun and the rebels were throwing shells so fast that the order was given to lie down. The man next to Berry said he was wounded. I looked up. He was in the same position I saw him before. He never moved after he was struck."

- William Brooks. Sharp-shooter ; Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Alex. Burton. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Stephen Barnes. Feb. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Thomas Barrett. Feb. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Henry Ball. Sept. 4, '62, 9th H. Co. K ; wounded at Cold Harbor, June 1, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles A. Baker. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 25, '63 ; not mustered ; discharged with regiment July 4, '64.
- Thomas Brewer. Feb. 6, '62, 105th Inf. Co I ; re-enlisted Feb. 6, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K ; discharged for disability April 18, '63.
- C. H. Brown. (Name found in previous list.)
- James E. Benjamin. Soldier ; (pension roll of '83.)
- Philo D. Boynton. July '61, 67th Co. D.
- Jacob Browning. May 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64.
- George Borie. (Name found in previous lists.)
- Abram E. Brundage. Sept. 13, '64, 50th Engineers, Co K ; discharged June 21, '65.
- Lorenzo Buck. \* July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- John M. Blodgett. (Name found in previous lists.)
- Harvey H. Bennett. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Judson C. Boynton. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 4, '65.
- Philip Bertram. (Name in previous lists.)
- James Boyd. (Name in previous lists.)
- James Black. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with the regiment.
- William G. Brown. 7th Corporal ; July 31, '61, 111th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65 ; son of Rev. John N. Brown, Chaplain of the regiment.
- Philip Becker. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded May 18, '64 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Charles Braze. Soldier ; pension list of '83.
- A. M. Barnes. 111th Inf. Co. G ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Henry Ball. 111th Inf. Co. G ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Ira Benedict. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability Feb. 4, '63, on the order of Dr. Wyman, of Pittsburgh.
- Myron Bell. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; no further information.
- Richard Bartlett. Oct. 12, '61, 53d Inf. Co. K.
- Storrs Booth. Nov. 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged for disability April 17, '64.
- James Bivins. Corporal ; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; Bugler ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Lewis Burdell. Sept. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to Signal Corps June 30, '64.
- William Barnes. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- William W. Barbarick. Sergeant ; Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged at Key West for disability, Feb. 26, '62.
- Isaac J. Boswell. Fall of '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; 1st Leader of the Regimental Band ; died Sept. 13, '62, at Key West of yellow fever.
- Orange W. Brooks. Drummer ; Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- Lewis M. Brooks. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Edward Barrett. Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; re-enlisted veteran volunteer Feb. 20, '64 ; discharged with regiment Feb. '66.
- Joseph Bayard. April '61, 28th Inf. ; lost left foot.
- James Bennett. Oct. 3, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.

- John Brook. Nov. 10, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged by consolidation with the 94th March '63.
- Elin Baltch. Dec. 21, '61, 9th H. A. Co. G; killed Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek.
- James P. Bowman. (Name in previous lists.)
- Eli Boyer. (Name in previous lists.)
- George Brown. '61; re-enlisted in '64.
- Martinez Bunyea. Sept. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Aug. 31, '64, at Washington.
- James L. Cookingham. Sergeant; Aug. '62, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John D. Cookingham. June '61; 67th Inf. Co. D; discharged with the regiment.
- Charles L. Cookingham. Sergeant; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted 1st Sergeant; wounded at Gettysburgh; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64; buried at Lock Berlin.
- James Cassidy. Dec. '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George H. Cooper. Nov. 13, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James R. Childs. (Name in previous lists.)
- Henry Champion. Sept. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d A. June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- John Clark. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. died of sickness Dec. 14, '64, near Petersburg and buried there.
- William H. Cray. Jan 1. '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '66.
- John Cain. Color Sergeant; Aug. 61, 100th Inf.; discharged with regiment Aug 28, '65. Died since the war; buried in the Catholic cemetery, Clyde.
- Martin Cowley. Aug. '62, 22d Penn.; discharged '65.
- Mike Costello. Musician; Sept. 9th '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65; died since the war; buried in Marengo Cemetery.
- Barringer Cooper. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Patrick Condon. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Stephen L. Cooper. July 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Chester A. Cooper. July 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Sergeant; transferred to 2nd Art. June 17. '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65; died since the war; buried at Clyde.
- Eugene Crawford. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; discharged; re-enlisted July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 18, '64; taken prisoner and held for a time at Lynchburgh; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Clarence L. Crawford. Dec. 4, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Congdon. June 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; killed at Battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64, and buried there.
- Sylvester Caine. June 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness at Washington, June '62, and buried at Clyde Catholic Cemetery.
- Myron H. Crawford. Sergeant; Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; killed in battle at Monocacy, June '62, and buried there.
- Homer J. Church. Musician; July '61. 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- P. Cunningham. 111th Inf. Co. B; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Daniel B. Calhoun. April 3, '63, 39th H. A. Co; B; discharged May 17, '64.
- James Clifford. (Name in previous lists.)
- Moses Casey. Jan. 12, '64, 16th Art. Co. L; discharged with regiment Aug. 21, '65.
- M. Canaly. (Name in previous lists.)
- Dwight O. Clark. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- James Clark. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Thomas Congdon. Was in service; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- John D. Congdon. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; discharged July 4, '64.
- Christopher Cooper. (Reported in service.)

- Wm. H. Cooper. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. ; discharged Feb, 17, '65, for disability.
- John S. Coe. Captain ; Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; resigned March 6, '63.
- Matthew Cromey. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded in both thighs at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64 ; retained his place on the rolls till final discharge of regiment, June 4, '65 ; died since the war ; buried in Catholic Cemetery, Clyde.\*
- Franklin D. Cooper. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; died May 19, '63, at his brother's in Clyde ; buried in the old cemetery, Clyde.
- Edwin Cox. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64 ; buried on the field.
- John Converse. 111th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Philip Clouse. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to V. R. Corps ; (date not given on the muster-out roll).
- John L. Crane. Captain ; Aug. '25, 62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged Nov. 29, '64 ; died in Wisconsin since the war.
- Charles Chamberlain. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Tunis Conklin. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; promoted Sergeant Sept 8, '62 ; 1st Sergeant March 10, '64 ; killed at the battle of Monocacy July 9, '64.
- Patrick Conner. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George H. Cooper. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; no further information.
- John Carter. Corporal ; July 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- Henry Champion. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; no further information.
- Thomas Caine. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; discharged in hospital June 21, '65.
- Daniel Crowell. Sept. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Daniel D. Calhoun. April 3, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B ; discharged May 17, '63.
- Warren Church. July 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; wounded July 9, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Albert Castleman. March 4, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K ; killed in action July 9, '64, at Monocacy.
- Michael Cairn. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. ; killed at Gettysburg July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- S. V. R. Cale. Sergeant ; Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; promoted 1st Lieut. ; discharged May 8, '64, for disability. Died since the war ; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- John Cormick. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; died at Clyde Sept. 5, '62.
- Leonard Collins. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; slightly wounded at Petersburg ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Albert F. Curtis. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal ; sick ; taken prisoner ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Edward Coueton. (Name in previous lists.)
- Joseph Collins. Oct. 2, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D ; wounded July 1, '64 ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Charles Case. On pension roll of '83.
- William Chapman. Oct. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged for disability at Staten Island Fall '61.
- Michael Coffee. Jan. 10, '62, 105th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged by consolidation with the 94th March '63.
- Patrick Congdon. March 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness ; transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65.
- John Desmond. Sept. 3, '64, 9th Art. Co. 11 ; discharged from Hospital June 20, '65.
- Timothy Desmond. (Name in previous lists.)
- James Dickenson. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Walter Deuel. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; (no further information.)

\* Matthew Cromey was an old British soldier ; held a medal for faithful service. Was in the siege of Lucknow and wounded at that time.

- John Deuel. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal; died Jan. 31, '64, of sickness, at Galen, and buried in Marengo Cemetery.
- George Dickson. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried in Clyde, Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Chris Dickenson. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged for disability.
- Michael Downs. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; died March 3, '65, of sickness, at Annapolis, Md.; and buried there.
- Robert H. Dishrow. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at Fredericksburgh.
- Philip M. DeZeng. Captain; April '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; promoted Major immediately after organization, June 24, '61; discharged Aug. 30, '62.\*
- Miles Duran. (Name in previous lists.)
- Abel Dickson. 9th H. A. Co. G; died April 29, '64.
- William Donnelly. (Name in previous lists.)
- Nathaniel Davis. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '65.
- Newton H. Davis. 1st Lieut.; Oct 28, '62, 98th Inf.; promoted Captain Jan. 8, '64; mustered out on expiration of service, Nov. 23, '64; wounded June 1, '64.
- Michael Daley. Aug. 27, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded Sept. 14, '62; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Edwin Degan. July 30, '62; 111th Inf. Co. B.
- Philip W. Douglass. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- John W. Dawson. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. H; died Nov. 5, '64, at Washington, D. C.; fell down suddenly in the street of gangrene from a wound supposed to have been healed.
- Rev. George Derby. Chaplain of the 9th Ohio Regiment; died near Vicksburgh Dec. 17, '62; formerly of Clyde.
- Edward Degolyer. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; died at Washington Jan. 5, '64, of sickness and buried in Mable Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- George De Golyer. Dec. 11, '61, naval service; sloop of war *St. Louis*; promoted ship Corporal '62; discharged Fall of '65.
- James Donohue. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; died April 16, '62, at home; buried in the Catholic cemetery, Clyde.
- Christopher Dickerson. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. E; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Dudley Dubois. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war.
- James Donovan. Dec. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 27, '65.
- John M. Dishrow. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died in the service; (time and place not given in the muster-out roll.)
- Simon C. Day. Sept. 4, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted veteran volunteer Feb. 20, '64; discharged with regiment Feb. 9, '66.
- John Denniston. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. B Feb. 1, '62; discharged Dec. 15, '64 at expiration of service.
- George A. Denniston. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. B Feb. 1, '62; discharged Dec. 15, '64, at expiration of service.
- Peter Dwyer. Nov. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Aug. 14, '62, at Key West; re-enlisted March 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 6, '63 for disability.
- James C. Donohue. Jan. 20, '61, 105th Inf. Co. H; regiment discharged by consolidation with 94th March '63.
- Robert Dean. Dec. 17, '63; 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged Oct. 24, '65.
- Marvin K. Demming. Dec. 15, '63; 9th H. A. Co. K; wounded; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Michael Doyle. Sept. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Joseph C. Dusingery. Aug. 13, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- George C. Dubois. Buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.

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\* See appendix for notice of DeZeng family.



- Martin Edgar. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness, and taken prisoner; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Joseph J. Everhart. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '62.
- Charles Everts. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; musician; transferred to Co. C Feb. 1, '62; discharged Dec. 15, '64, at expiration of service.
- David Elphick. Oct. 16, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. C Feb. 1, '62; discharged for disability; died since the war; buried in Lyons Cemetery.
- Benjamin H. Eldridge. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Jacob Eigler. Sept. '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Herman Ernst. Soldier; (pension list of '83.)
- Charles Fosmire. Nov. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. I; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles E. Fish. Jan. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged Dec. 26, '64, for disability from wounds received in action.
- Dennis E. Flynn. 1st Lieut.; Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; promoted Captain Nov. 30, '64; discharged June 28, '65; died since the war; buried in Catholic Cemetery, Clyde.
- James H. Farnum. Sept. 24, '61, 1st Art. Co. A; promoted Corporal '62; transferred to 8th Battery June 7, '62; headquarters army of the Potomac; regiment discharged June 28, '65.
- John L. Fowler. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 18, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Willard I. Frisbie. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp.; wounded in battle of the Wilderness; captured; died in Andersonville Prison, Aug. 7, '64, and buried there; starved to death.
- Joseph Francisco. Feb. 17, '63, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64, and buried there.
- William Filian. (Name in previous lists.)
- Jabez C. Farnsworth. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Adin Forncrook. Corporal; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Jacob C. Forncrook. Sept. 2, '64, 97th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles A. Furnham. Sergeant; Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65.
- Timothy Foley. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 20, '65.
- William Flanders. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- John Fitzsimmons. (Name in previous lists.)
- Luke Finn. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; died at Washington about May 23d or 24th, '65.
- George Fallon. Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- Jacob W. Featherly. Dec. 8, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability April 4, '62, at Key West.
- David Fowler. Dec. 8, '63, 111th Inf. Co. G; killed June 16, '64, before Petersburg.
- Albert L. Ford. Sept. 14, '61, 8th Cav.; 2nd Lieutenant; promoted Regiment Adjutant, rank dating Oct. 5, '62; promoted Captain Jan. 28, '63; discharged at expiration of service, Dec. 8, '64.
- J. V. Goodrich. (Then of DeKalb, St. Lawrence Co.); Aug. 12, '62, 106th Inf. Co. D; captured April 29, '63; paroled on the field; exchanged Sept. 1; discharged July 17, '65.
- Isaac Groeskoph. Jan. '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 111th Inf.; wounded before Petersburg; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- John Groeskoph. Jan. '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; not accepted; re-enlisted 86th Inf. Co. K; wounded before Petersburg; assigned to duty in hospital at Alexandria; discharged Aug. '65.
- Edwin Goodchild. Musician; July, '61, 67th Inf.; died in the service.
- Cortland K. Goodwin. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged April 25, '65.

- Henry Groeskoph. Jan. '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred soon after to 111th Inf. Co. E; captured at the Wilderness, and soon after escaped; transferred again to 4th Art. June 3; discharged Sept. 26, '65; sick several months in Lincoln Hospital and Campbell Hospital.
- Charles P. Gildersleeve. Dec. 31, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George H. Gildersleeve. Dec. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Walter Graham. Aug. 15, '64; 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Leonard Gotnot. Jan. 8, '64, 111th Inf.; killed June 16, '64, in battle, and buried on the field.
- Lewis J. Genthner. Oct. 1, '61; 9th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the face at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64; transferred to Co. F, Feb. 1, '62; discharged Nov. 27, '64, at expiration of service.
- Samuel Gay. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Cortland K. Goodyear. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged Jan. 4, '65, for disability.
- Franklin Gates. (Name in previous lists.)
- Patrick Garrity. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; wounded at Cold Harbor and died June 4, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried there.
- John W. Griswold. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- William Gorman. Oct. 5, '71, 8th Cav. Co. D; died a prisoner of war at Andersonville, July '64.
- Stephen Griswold. (Name in previous lists.)
- Alonzo Green. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Fair Oaks.
- Edward Gridley. Corporal; Aug. 22, '62) 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded at Cold Harbor June 1, '64; discharged for disability Feb. 11, '65
- Michael Gannon. Dec. 27, '63, 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged June 26, '65.
- Henry Goodchild. Corporal; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; mortally wounded May 31, '62; died and remains buried at Clyde, June 10, in Maple Grove Cemetery.\*
- Joseph O. Gentleman. Feb. 22, '65, 194th Inf. Co. C; mustered out with regiment May 3, '65.
- Thomas Golden. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65. Had previously served in the 105th Inf.
- Samuel B. Gay. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability at Staten Island fall of '61.
- Michael Gannon. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Truman Gillett. Oct. 14, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Vet. Vol., Feb. 20, '64.
- John Graves. Nov. 18, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died in the service at Key West, Florida, Aug. 26, '62, of typhoid fever.
- Charles Groesbeck. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles L. Gridley. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; promoted Company Sergeant Aug. 30, '65; second discharge Sept. 29, '65
- Truman Goit. March 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- William Hazard. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Mike Haley. March 27, '64, 111th Inf.; promoted Corporal; he was engaged in the battles of Cedar Creek, Pittsburgh and Sailors' Run; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Horace B. Hallett. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.

\* A. Forncrook wrote of him: "Henry Goodchild fought with desperation. He was wounded twice before he received his death wound. He was standing behind a tree firing when he was struck in the arm by a ball. He dug it out with his fingers and fought on. Soon his hand was shattered and he had to stop firing. He turned to leave the field, but seeing a stump behind which he could sit and load with one hand and fire across the stump, he made for it, and in that way was defending his country when a ball struck him in the head."

- Erastus T. Hill. Aug. 17, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; sick in hospital at date of general discharge, July 6, '65.
- Stephen G. Hanford. Dec. 26, '61, 105 Inf ; employed in Q. M. Dept. ; transferred to 94th Inf. ; regiment discharged July 18, '65.
- John W. Hanford. Sept. 6, '64, 94th Inf. ; discharged in '65.
- William Hammond. Oct. 6, '62, 90th Inf. Co. D ; re-enlisted Feb. 20, '64, in same regiment ; discharged Feb. 9, '66, with regiment ; drowned soon after discharge at Rome.
- Peter Hendricks. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George W. Howe. Dec. 25, '63, 50th Engineers ; discharged June 13, '65.
- Vencil A. Huffman. Sergeant ; Sept. 19, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged Jan. 20, '63, at Beaufort, S. C., for disability.
- Henry C. Huffman. Drummer ; Sept. 4, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged Dec. 15, '64, at expiration of service.
- Thomas Hawley. Sept. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; died at Washington, D. C., May 8, '64, of wounds, and buried there.
- Lewis Hammond. Sept. 6, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; died of sickness at Baton Rouge, July 24, '63, and buried there.
- Frank Hull. Sept. 9, '63, 7th Conn. ; promoted Lieut. ; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 4, '64, and buried at Clyde, Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Franklin Hall. June '61, 7th Conn. ; promoted 2nd Lieut. ; killed May 31, '64, at Bermuda Hundreds, and buried in Clyde ; shot with a six pound cannon ball.
- Edgar Hendricks. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; (no further information.)
- Orlando T. Hatch. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; (no further information.)
- William Hiller. Corporal ; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; slightly wounded at Fair Oaks.
- Horace W. Hamlin. Suly '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Charles Hubbert. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; (no further information.)
- Henry Harris. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- William Harrington. July '52, 111th Inf. Co. D ; died a prisoner of war ; (time and place not stated on muster out roll)
- Lafayette Humphrey. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Albert Harper. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; (no further information.)
- Lorenzo Harper. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; died Feb. 1, '62, at Centreville, Va., of small pox ; wounded at Harper's Ferry, Sept. 14, '62.
- Peter G. Hedden. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64, and buried on the field.
- Darius Haskell. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Thomas K. Hurlburt. Sergeant ; Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged May 10, '63, for disability.
- Henry Handley. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William Hall. Aug. 18, '62, 6th H. A. Co. H.
- George O. Horne. Aug. 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; wounded at Monocacy ; taken prisoner ; discharged for disability ; died after the war from effects of wounds.
- Andrew J. Hutchins. Corporal ; July 30, '62, 90th H. A. Co. K ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65 ; died since the war ; buried at Ferguson's Corners.
- Andrew Hutchins, Jr. (Name in previous lists.)
- Alfred Hutchins. Wagoner ; Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; discharged May 21, '63.
- Thomas Honley. 9th H. A. Co. K ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Arthur D. Hood. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George M. Hunt. Sept. 23, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- John F. Howard. Sept. 2, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.

- Nelson Hendricks. Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged.  
 Martin Howler. Aug. '62, 22nd Penn.  
 Rensselaer Hendricks. April 5, '61, 23d Illinois ; re-enlisted March 1, '64 ; promoted Sergeant April '65.  
 George S. Harwood. Oct. 9, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to Co. K Feb. 1, '62.  
 Norman B. Hyde. Feb. 16, '64, 9th H. A. Co. F ; discharged May 5, '65, for disability.  
 Daniel Haskell. Aug. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 Edwin Henderson. Sept. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 Charles Harwood. Nov. 27, '63, 9th H. A. Co. I ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 John H. Jones. Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf. ; promoted 1st Lieut. ; rank dating from March 17, '64 ; not mustered ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 B. Jones. Nov. '63, 14th R. I. ; discharged in '65.  
 Henry Jones. Corporal ; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.  
 David A. Jones. June '61, 1st Michigan Inf. ; killed at Bull Run, July 22, '61, and buried there.  
 William A. Jones. June 20, '61, 2nd Lieut. 67th Inf. Co. D ; discharged Dec. 15, '62.  
 David Jones. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged April 14, '62.  
 Orrin Jones. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 4, '64.  
 John Johnston. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; (no further information.)  
 William D. Jones. 4th Corporal ; July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded in battle of the Wilderness through the hip ; promoted Sergeant July '63 ; discharged from Slough Hospital, Alexandria, D. C., June 9, '65 ; the wound was a gun shot in the hip and left groin.\*  
 Celestus A. Jenkins. Aug. 21, '62, 7th H. A. Co. H ; appointed Corporal Sept. 5, '62 ; Sergeant Feb. 23, '64 ; wounded Sept. 19, '64, and died from the effects soon after ; served for a time in '61 in the 15th Inf.  
 Wm. Jordan. Corporal ; Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; died at New Orleans, in the Hospital, Aug. 6, '63.  
 Frank L. Johnson. Oct. 9, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; transferred to Co. H, Feb. 1, '62 ; died at Key West, Aug. 20, '62, of yellow fever.  
 E. S. Jenne. (Reported from Clyde in newspapers ; ) Corporal 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness.  
 John Kinder. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Valentine Kline. Sept. 6, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Alvah Ketchum. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Lafayette Knapp. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; lost a leg in the battle of the Wilderness, May '64 ; held his place on the roll until the final discharge of regiment June 4, '65 ; now in Treasury Dep't at Washington.  
 Ezra Knapp. April 10, '65, 96th Inf. ; discharged '65.  
 Abram Knight. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65 ; taken prisoner at Monocacy ; died since the war ; buried in the White School House Cemetery.  
 Thomas C. Knight. Nov. '63, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged May 14, '65, for disability ; taken prisoner at Monocacy.  
 Philip Kine. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.  
 John Kinsella. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged June 17, '65 ; wounded at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64.  
 Barnard Keifer. Sept. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K ; killed in action Sept. 19, '64.  
 Charles Kingsbury. Graduate of West Point ; became Brigadier-General ; was formerly of Clyde.  
 James D. Knapp. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; promoted Corporal Sept. 8, '62 ; Sergeant Feb. 23, '64 ; 1st Sergeant March 1, '65 ; 1st Lieut. March 7, '65 ; assigned to Co. C ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.

\* Wm. D. Jones has a bent medal which was driven into his wound by the ball. It bears the motto "Stand by the flag." Thirty pieces of bone were taken out of the wound.

- John Kane. Oct. 2, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged from 1st term of service Dec. 8, '64; died since the war.
- Henry Kirwagen. Oct. 7, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died in the service at Key West, Sept. 25, '62.
- Philip Kirwagen. Oct. 7, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. H, Feb. 1, '62; died of yellow fever at Key West, Aug. 21, '62.
- Thomas Kennedy. Oct. 9, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. A Feb. 1, '62; died at Baton Rouge, July 29, '63, from an accidental wound received while on duty at Port Hudson.
- George Knight. (Name in previous lists.)
- Michael Kennedy. March 15, '62, 105th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corporal in '63; consolidated with 94th in spring of '63; Sergeant of Co. H; captured on the Weldon R. R. Aug. 19, '64, and at Gettysburgh; paroled on the field; discharged March 15, '64, and re-enlisted; final discharge May 10, '65.
- Andrew J. King. Dec. 12, '63, 9th H. A.; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65. discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Bryant Lucas. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; killed in battle at Cold Harbor June 4, '64.
- John W. Lapham. March '65.
- Myron C. Lewis. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Hamilton Littlefield. (Reported in service but particulars not obtained.)
- James Lee. Aug. '63, 8th Cav. Co. D; also reported as belonging to Co. K 9th H. A. and wounded June 3, '64; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Owen S. Langdon. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Welden Railroad; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Philip I. Lape. Sergeant; Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted 1st Lieut. Nov. 26, '62; Capt. Dec. 24, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Cornelius Lape. March 14, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness May 5, '64, and died of wounds July 26, '64; buried at Clyde Maple Grove cemetery.
- Jairus Lape. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; killed in the battle of Monocacy July 9, '64, and buried there.
- John W. Leonard. July '61 67th Inf. Co. D.
- James Lamareaux. An unassigned recruit; held a place in Surgeon-General's office; buried in Maple Grove cemetery, Clyde.
- William Leroy. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Samuel E. Lape. Soldier; (pension list of '83.)
- James W. Lounsbury. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Orlando Laraway. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; supposed to have been drowned in Lake Erie.
- Jeremiah Ladu. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Bentham Lethbridge. Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. June 12, '63, for bravery at Port Hudson; wounded June 10; discharged for disability at New Orleans March 12, '64; re-enlisted 3d Art. Co. K, Sept. 15, '64; discharged June 30, '65.
- Franklin Lutes. 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged.
- Elias Lewis. Feb. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. F; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; second discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- George Ledger. Sept. 13, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- Irving McConnell. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James Mallison. Sept. 28, '61, 75th Inf.; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Charles E. Miles. Aug. '62 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Peter Miller. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; died Sept. 12, '64, of sickness at Berryville, Va., and buried in Marengo cemetery, Galen.
- Cordon Merrit. Aug. 3, '61, 3d Cav.; promoted Sergeant; 3d Cav. and 1st M. R., united as 4th Provisional Cav July 21, '65; discharged Nov. 29, '65.
- George C. McComb. Dec. 5, '63 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65-
- James Malsen. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf.; discharged Sept. '64.

- Jacob Myers. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred; discharged.  
 John Murphy. Sept. 2, '62, 5th Engineers; regiment discharged June 13, '65.  
 David Millis. April 17, '64, 25th Cav.; mustered out June 27, '65.  
 Michael Murray. Jan. 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Samuel McDougall. June 16, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 111th Inf.; captured and died in rebel prison, Dansville, and buried there.  
 Miles Mead. Sept. 5, '64, 50th Engineers; transferred to 15th, Oct. '64; regiment discharged July 2, '65.  
 Patrick Morgan. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; promoted Orderly Sergeant March '63; supposed died in the service; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 John Murphy. Sept. 9, '62, 50th Engineers; regiment discharged June 13, '65.  
 Michael McKnight. Sept. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war; buried in the Catholic cemetery, Clyde.  
 Robert McCoy. '63, 50th Engineers; regiment discharged July 13, '65.  
 Martin Murphy. (Name in previous lists.)  
 John Murphy 2d. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; re-enlisted; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Patrick Murphy, Jr. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63; re-enlisted; wounded; discharged in '65.  
 John Moriarty. March '64, 111th Inf.; killed in battle at Fredericksburgh May 17, '64, and buried there.  
 John Moriarty, 2d. Aug. 18, '63, 97th Inf.; killed in the Wilderness May 8, '64, and buried there.  
 Julius W. Morey. Oct. '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; died at New Orleans Sept. 9, '63.  
 John McCabe. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.  
 Thomas McCloskey. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.  
 Theodore D. Masten. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Charles C. Mills. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded June '64; transferred to V. R. C. Oct. 18, '64.  
 Cornelius Marsh. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 2, '64, for disability.  
 William H. Mulany. Dec. 24, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 15, '65, for disability.  
 Jacob Maier. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded June '64; transferred.  
 Jeremiah Mead. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; killed in the battle of Monocacy, July 9th, '64.  
 John McGinnis. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged July 6, '65.  
 Mike Moriarty. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Caleb M. Monroe. July 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; died of disease at Baltimore, Md., April 7, '65.  
 Patrick Murphy. 98th Inf.; wounded June 1, '64; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.  
 Nelson McDougall. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '65.  
 William T. McDougall. March 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 15, '65, for disability.  
 John McLary. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; severely wounded at Fair Oaks; regiment discharged July 4, '65.  
 James Mack. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64; wounded severely at Fair Oaks.  
 John Maloy. 67th Inf. Co. D; died since the war; buried in the Catholic Cemetery.  
 Delevan McCready. Dec. 21, '63, 1st Art. Co. A; discharged with Company June 28, '65.  
 John H. Mead. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.  
 William L. McBeth. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; supposed to have been drowned in Lake Erie.

- John E. Miller. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; discharged with Company June 27, '65.
- Henry Marsh. Sept. 25, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- James V. Mackie. Aug. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edward McMillan. Sept. 11th, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 1st U. S. Art. at Beaufort, S. C., Jan., '63.
- Wm. M. Milem. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability; (no further information).
- Thomas Morris. Oct. 10, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- John B. Miller. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Patrick Murray. Fifer; Jan. 16, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged by consolidation with 94th, March, '63; died since the war; buried in Catholic Cemetery, Clyde.
- Timothy McDermott. Jan., '63, 16th Art; discharged for disability.
- Ambrose Mallory. (Name in previous lists.)
- Julius Morey. Oct., '61, 75th Inf; died of sickness at New Orleans Sept. 9, '63, and buried there.
- John D. McVickar. April 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded in left hand at Gaines Mills; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment from service May 21, '63.\*
- Samuel N. McDougall. Dec. 31, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; killed in action at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- George B. Moore. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Edward McCarthy. Sept. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles A. Murray. Aug. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Joseph Menensen. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged from the service.
- Philander Mack. March 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; (no further information.)
- Joseph W. Moore. '61, 3d Art; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Thomas W. Mackie. May, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- D. C. McNeil. 159th Inf. Co. E; Sergeant; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Ferdinand Newman. 140th Inf. Co. G; no further information.
- Myron B. Nicholas. July 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27th, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- William M. Nichols. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; sick for several months and in hospital at the date of final discharge, June 4, '65.
- Francis M. Nichols. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Jan. 27, '64.
- Edward N. Newman. July 30th, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant Feb. 1, '65; discharged with regiment; died since the war; buried at Clyde.†
- George W. Newman. In the Cavairy service.
- Peter Nicholas. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; killed at Cold Harbor.
- Chapin Norcross. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Julius Newhofer. Musician; Oct. 7, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Co. I. Feb. 1, '62; died at Key West Aug. 24, '62, of yellow fever.
- Ludwig Nicoll. Soldier on pension roll of '83.
- Peter Nichols. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Thomas Oper. June 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted 9th Art; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried there.
- John O'Brien. Aug. 25, '63, 111th Inf; regiment discharged June 3, '65.

\*Mr. McVickar was in the battles of Bull Run. West Point, Seven days Peninsula Campaign, 2d Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredricksburg.

†Newman was transferred as 3d Lieut. to 22d or 23d Cav.

- Patrick O'Brien. Oct. 22, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; discharged with company June 27, '65.
- Lucius Owens. July 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to invalid corps Dec. 27, '64; killed on railroad since the war at Fairport; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Lorenzo Odell. Feb. '63, 9th H. A.; discharged '65.
- Timothy O'Connor. Aug. 28, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Michael Owens. May '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted; discharged May '64.
- Morris O'Donnell. Dec. 1, '63, 8th Cav. Co. D; discharged with company June 27, '65.
- Gilbert L. Osburn. Corporal; Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Francis Osterlip. Sept. 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; killed in Virginia June 3, '64.
- Marcus O'Brien. July 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- Martin Oliver. Jan. 1, '64, 16th Art. Co. B; discharged with regiment Aug. 21, '65.
- Benjamin F. Peck. Dec. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 2, '64. Went into the service at the age of fifteen years and six months.
- Linus Parsons. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; killed June 23, '64, on Wilson's Raid, Virginia; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Albert Pease. Aug. '63; (no other information.)
- Clark Potts. 1st Sergt.; Nov. 3, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged for disability May 31, '62; re-enlisted Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George H. Pidge. Sergeant; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H. Promoted 2nd Lieut. April 4, '64; discharged Sept. 12, '64.
- Augustus M. Perry. Sept. 7, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted veteran volunteer Feb. 20, '64.
- Clarence M. Perry. Oct. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Jan. 20, '63, at Beaufort, S. C.
- Charles W. Perry. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 1st Sergt. April '65; 2nd Lieut., transferred to 2nd Art., June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edwin Powers. (Formerly of Clyde;) Spring of '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- J. C. Peckham. 11th Cav. Co. I; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- George Pool. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; (no other particulars.)
- Lucius Petteys. Fall of '63 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Henry T. Peters. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the Wilderness May 6, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Lendell Powers. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal June 28, '63; Sergt. July 13, '63; discharged April 25, '65 for disability.
- Martin D. Pettys. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 15, '65
- Charles V. Pettys. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Allen B. Pritchard. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles W. Perkins. Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died at Key West, June 16, '62.
- James Phinney. Sept. 15, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Feb. 20, '64.
- Jerome Percy. Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged Dec. 15, '64, at expiration of service.
- James H. Powers. Nov. 18, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died in the service at Fort Jefferson, Fla., of yellow fever. Oct. 26, '62
- John Phalon. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; died Feb. 8, '65, in rebel prison; captured May 10, '64.
- Theodore Poorman. Sept. '63.
- Henry Parsons. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Frank M. Poucher. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Jan. 27, '65.



- William H. Powell. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. E; died Dec. 10, '64, of fever at Winchester, Va.
- Robert C. Perry. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf.; promoted 2nd Lieut.; Captain March 6, '63; transferred to V. R. C., Nov. 9, '64.
- Myron M. Parsons. Nov. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- Wm. Perry. Naval service.
- John S. Platner. Born at Clyde; removed to Geneva; became ass't. P. M.; enlisted spring of '61, 33d Inf.; private; soon after promoted 1st Lieut.; Jan. 24, '62, promoted Major; commanded the 33d at Savage's Station, White Oak Swamp and Malvern Hill; subsequently became Brigadier-General; died since the war, and is buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Colonel James Redfield. It will be learned with regret by the many friends of this gallant officer in this vicinity that he fell, while fighting at the head of his regiment, in the last battle of Allatoona Pass, Oct. 5, '64. At the outbreak of the Rebellion he was in the State Senate of Iowa, to which office he had been elected by an overwhelming majority; but impelled by his patriotic and chivalrous spirit, he threw all his energies into the contest. He was largely instrumental in raising the Thirty-ninth Iowa Regiment, which he has led through nearly all the hard campaigns of the Western army. He was severely wounded at the battle of Parker's Cross-roads, where his conduct won him the highest admiration of his fellow-officers. His last fight was at Allatoona Pass, Ga., where under the brave General Corse, French's division of Hood's army, was repulsed under great slaughter. Colonel Redfield was born in this village, March 27, 1824. He graduated at Yale College, in the class of 1846, afterwards studied law, and for some time was in the office of the Secretary of this State, and finally removed to Iowa about ten years since, where he has been extensively engaged in land operations. Of rare powers of speech, engaging manners, and cultivated tastes, which gave additional charm to his manly and soldierly character, his death will be deeply mourned by his friends, and will prove a loss to his adopted State. [Clyde (Wayne Co., N. Y.) *Times*.
- Matthias Ramsperger. Soldier; pension list of '83.
- James Rigney. 67th Inf. Co. D; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- James Rumbolt. 67th Inf. Co. D; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Asa Rich. Oct. 12, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted; died of wounds, April 11, '65, at New Orleans, and buried there.
- Frederick Rouser. Aug. '63, 97th Inf.; regiment discharged July 18, '65.
- William Richards. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged from 1st term of service Dec. 8, '64.
- Wm. Walter Rogers. March 5, '62, 105th Inf.; died of wounds Oct. 12, '62, at Antietam, and buried near the battle ground; afterwards brought to Marengo Cemetery, Galen.
- Aaron J. Reynolds. Fifer; Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died April 23, '64, of sickness, and buried at West Junius.
- James Ross. 9th H. A.
- James Race. Aug. 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal Oct. 12, '63; discharged May 6, '64.
- Eli Rogers. Oct. 8, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; discharged with company June 27, '65.
- George Reno. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Nathaniel G. Reynolds. July 25, '63, 97th Inf.; discharged July 18, '65.
- John Race. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Philip Ryan. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- John D. Reed. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; killed at Monocacy, July 9, '64.
- Hiram A. Reed. Sept. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged July 6, '65.
- Joseph Reed. Sept. 9, '62, 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Nathan B. Russell. Nov. 24, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Peter Reed. Aug. 29, '63, 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles A. Rooney. Sept. 30, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged for promotion Dec. 15, '64.

- George L. Runyon. Oct. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; musician, transferred to Co. F, Feb. 1, '62; died at Frederick City, Md., Sept. '64.
- William M. Risley. Dec. 16, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; transferred to V. R. C. Sept. 30, '64.
- James Ridgway. May, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Vespasian H. Rodman. Dec. 24, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to V. R. C. Feb. 24, '65.
- Gilbert Reynolds. July, '62, 111th, Co. B; died July 2, '64, at Hospital, D. C., of wounds received June 21, '64; buried in Savannah.
- William Riley. Feb. 22, '65, 2nd M. R. Co. K; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Samuel Sherman. Dec. '61, 81st Inf.
- James E. Smith. July 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John L. Stevens. Aug. '62 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '63.
- Moses B. Stevens. June 12, '63, 9th H. A. Co. F; transferred 2nd Art. June 27; '65.
- Paul Snyder. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged June 16, '65.
- Alonzo H. Swet. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- Joseph Stead. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; killed in battle Sept. '64.
- Peter Simons. Feb. 26, '64, 50th Engineers Co. K; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Joseph W. Seaman. 1st. Lieut.; Sept. 23, '62, 162nd Inf. Co. D; commission dated Dec. 3, '62; promoted Captain, to rank from April 1, '63; mustered out with regiment April '65.
- James M. Streeter. Farrier; Aug. 12, '61, 2nd Cav.; regiment mustered out June 5, '65.
- William Sloan. Nov. 18, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66; died soon after the war; buried at Clyde.
- Edward S. Sloan. Jan 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; died soon after the war.
- Lewis B. Smith. Nov. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; had previously served in the 67th Inf. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Nehemiah G. Smith. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged Aug. '63 for disability.
- David Sedore, Jr. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Sylvanus Stevens. Sergeant; July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded twice; discharged May 30, '65.\*
- Sylvester W. Speed. Dec. 15, '63, 148th Inf.; discharged, '65.
- William Simmons. Oct. '63 navy gunboat *T. B. Foster*; promoted Commissary Department; discharged '65.
- Alfred J. Sloan. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Frank Sickles. Feb. '64, 8th Art.; final muster out of regiment June 5, '66.
- Charles T. Saxton. Nov. 18, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal Dec. '61; Sergeant Nov. 1, '62; Sergeant Major Jan. 15, '65; re-enlisted Feb. 21, '64; was with the regiment from the time it left New York until its return Feb '66, four years and three months, except a brief furlough of a few days on account of sickness. He enlisted when but a little past 15, and after four years reached home, not then 20 years of age. He brought home valuable records of the members of the 90th, and has furnished dates of death and discharge for this work which were not to be obtained in the Adjutant-General's office, Albany.
- Charles Sickles. Oct. 17, '62, 51st Inf.; died at Harper's Ferry, Aug. '64, of sickness, and buried there.
- Jehial Stowell. Jan. 12, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65; wounded in the right arm.
- Erastus Salisbury. March 1, '65, Ohio Regiment; served to the close of the war.
- Jacob Scott. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

\*Had also served in the Mexican War, being a member of the Regular Army five years, Co. H 4th H. A.

- Edgar J. Sherman.\* Jan. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness and kept for a time at Lynchburgh; afterwards at Florence, and died there Nov. 25, '64.
- Michael Streetmather. Sept. '61, 31st Inf.; discharged '65.
- Albert I. Snedaker. Feb. 11, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; taken prisoner on the way from the battle ground of the Wilderness to Fredericksburgh. He stopped to assist a comrade who had fallen out sick, and was captured. This was on the 21st of May; he was taken to Andersonville, reaching there June 27; he died July 21st.†
- Michael Sullivan. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; killed May 8, '64, in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried there.
- Joseph Streetmather. Feb. 14, '65, 47th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 30, '65.
- Silas C. Strong. Feb. 18, '63, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed at the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried there.
- William A. Snieder. Second Lieut.; 67th Inf. Co. D; (no further particulars.)
- Lyman T. Snedaker. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '64; died since the war, April 7, '72; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- John Smith. May '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; killed at Fair Oaks, May 31, '62.
- H. Sherman. July. '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- George Smith. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; no further information.
- E. E. Smith. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Michael M. Sweet. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; no further information.
- William Strickland. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; wounded while on picket, shot through the body.
- John Schermerhorn. Jan. 11, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Conrad Silser. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- George Sumpter. May 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Daniel Schaub. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- L. E. Seaman. Buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Milton Smith. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; severely wounded at Fair Oaks; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Judson W. Stiles. 5th Corp.; Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; buried at Clyde; died since the war.
- John G. Smith. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Thomas Sullivan. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- William H. Steele. Nov. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; died Nov. 14, '64, a prisoner at Dansville.
- David H. Stickles. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- John A. Smith. Dec. 12, '61 1st Art. Co. L; wounded; leg amputated; died from the effects Aug. 28, '62.
- Jacob Sager. Aug. 20, 1862, musician, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Allen Smith. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Thomas Stead. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- H. B. Sweet. Drummer; July 19, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 20, '65.
- Robert M. Smith. Oct. 17, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged Oct. 24, '64, expiration of service.
- Alonzo H. Sweet. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.

\* First name given as John on muster-out roll.

† Albert I. Snedaker kept a diary. After his capture the entries were continued, but grew less as he grew weaker. The last record was under date of July 13, 1864, and consisted of just these words: "Going to the rebel hospital; God help me; Good by; Your only son; Bert." He gave the book to Corporal D. B. Hutchins saying, "If I do not live carry this to my mother." After the close of the war Mr. Hutchins fulfilled this last request of the dying soldier. He was buried at Andersonville. Five years afterwards his parents made the long journey to this saddest one of all the fields of death, and brought back to Clyde the remains of Albert, to rest beneath the green turf of the family lot in Maple Grove Cemetery.

- James W. Snedaker. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Gaines' Mills July 27, '62; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted in the 111th Inf. Co. D, in the Fall of '63; promoted 2d Lieut. Feb. 26, '64; killed at the battle of the Wilderness May 5, '64, and buried on the field; remains recovered and brought to Maple Grove cemetery, Clyde.\*
- John Sherman. July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at the Potomac River May 10, '64, and died at Andersonville Nov. 25, '64.
- John W. Sampson. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; taken prisoner in the Wilderness; exchanged; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John W. Snyder. Aug. 14, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged at Chicago Dec. '62.
- Wm. L. Stevens. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; absent sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65.
- Alfred Sebring. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; slightly wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; died a prisoner of war; time and place not given on muster-out roll.
- Frederick Stell. Aug. 19, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- James Smith. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65.
- George Strickland. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; died at Baltimore July 23, '64.
- Alfred Sweet. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- William H. Steele. Nov. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; died Nov. 14, '64, a prisoner at Dansville.
- Jacob Staffen. Corporal; Sept. 13, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged March 4, '65, at New York for disability.
- George Seager. Sept. 13, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Cox plantation, Louisiana, July 13, '63; re-enlisted V. V. Feb. 20, '64; discharged with regiment Feb. 9, '66.
- Theodore Schean. Corporal; Sept. 14, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged at Key West for disability, April 4, '62.
- John F. Secum. Sept. 4, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; discharged.
- Sidney Stickles. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged with Company June 27, '61.
- Charles Stone. Sept. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- Edward Sloan. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- John Schermerhorn. Jan. 11, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John Schoonmaker. Dec. 11, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 17, '65, 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Albert Sweet. Feb. 6, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged by consolidation with 94th, March '63.
- Wm. Sudem. (Name in previous lists.)
- John Thomas. Dec. '61; discharged Jan. '63; died since the war; buried at Clyde.
- Wm. N. Townsend. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness, and died in Andersonville Prison Nov. 20, '64; buried there.
- Robert Teeter. Aug. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Robert Traver. Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; wounded through left lung; discharged in '65.
- Henry Tripp. Aug. '62; died since the war.
- Patrick Tearney. Oct. 15, '63, 16th Art.; regiment discharged Aug. 21, '65.

\*Mrs. Walter Belden, of Lyons, and Mrs. Adrastus Snedaker raised the money for the beautiful silk flag which was presented to Co. B of the 27th. It was used as a battle flag and was carried by James Snedaker. The Rochester *Union* said of the Twenty-seventh at Gaines' Mills: "The colors of no regiment were flung to the battle breeze that day more defiantly than those of the Twenty-seventh or under a more galling fire. James Snedaker, one of the color bearers, received a wound in the leg but would not leave the colors until the fight was over, and he was forced to frona loss of blood. William H. McMahon, the other color bearer, thrice rallied the regiment around him and led them on again."

- Robert Tomlinson. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; wounded in arm and side at Gettysburgh; discharged in '64 on account of wounds.
- John Taylor. Aug., '62, 111th regiment; discharged June 3, '65.
- Henry Townsend. Drafted; served in the 147th Inf. Co. K.
- Francis Tool. Sergeant; no other particulars obtained.
- Robert H. Tripp, Oct. 22, '61; 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged from 1st term of service Dec. 8, '64.
- Robert Tripp. May, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- George Tempest. July, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.\*
- John Tremper. 2d Lieutenant; Aug. 15, '62; 111th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted in 3d Art.; resigned Feb. 28, '63; died since the war, June 9th, '83; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Edward Ten Eyck. August 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- William N. Ten Eyck. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Charles W. Thompson. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- Edward Turner. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Culver Tripp. July 30, '62; 9th H. A. Co. K.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles A. Turner. Sergeant; Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- Barney D. Ten Eyck. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged April 29, '63.
- Judith H. Taylor. Aug. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '63; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles Tracy. 9th H. A.; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- John Van Ness. Feb. 6, '64, 111th Inf. Co. C; wounded June 16, '64; transferred to 4th Art. June 4, '64; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Benjamin B. Van Amburgh. '61; re-enlisted Dec. '64.
- Abram M. Van Amburgh. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; accidentally injured; discharged Aug. 3, '62.
- Jacob T. Van Buskirk. 1st Lieutenant; July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; resigned Nov. 26, '62, upon surgeon's certificate of disability.
- John Van Alstine. May, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Cornelius Velie. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Nov. 16, '63.
- John J. Vosburgh. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Tunis Vosburgh. 1st Lieut.; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; resigned Dec. 30, '62.
- A. Vanderbilt. June '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Aaron Velie. March 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to V. R. C. May 14, '65; died since the war; buried in old cemetery.
- Andrew Vandenberg. Sept. 2, '64, 3d Art. Co. M; discharged with Company June 26, '65; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Edward Vandever. 111th Inf. Co. D; killed June 16, '64, near Petersburg; held at his death a commission as 2nd Lieut.; buried at Clyde, Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Wm. C. Welch. Aug. '62, 105th Inf.; wounded at Fredericksburgh; discharged Aug. '64, for disability; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.
- Geo. S. Whitman. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Martin Wadley. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded in hand; discharged May 29, '65.
- Chas. H. Williams. Sergeant; Sept. 10, '62, 24th Rhode Island H. A.; discharged '65.
- Samuel Wilson. Dec. '63, 9th Art; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Chas. E. Wood. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.

\*It was hoped to obtain of Major DeZeng, the muster-out roll of the 67th. He was not able to find it, and it is also missing from the collection at Albany.

- Abram L. Wood. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Ecker Wager. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged March '63.
- Charles Wright. Sept. '61, 90th Inf.; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted; discharged '65.
- Charles Wilson. April '63, 14th H. A.; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.
- Patrick Welch. Soldier; (pension list of '83.)
- John White. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; wounded in left shoulder at battle of the Wilderness; discharged for disability Dec. 13, '64, and died after a few years from effects of wound.
- Wm. Winans. May 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; wounded in the head; discharged May '64.
- Daniel Woodard. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A.; discharged Dec. '62, for disability.
- Jonathan G. Wiley. May 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for illness Oct. 1, '61; re-enlisted Dec. 16, '61, rank of Sergeant 105th Inf. Co. F; killed at Antietam, Sept. 17, '62, and buried in Marengo Cemetery, Galen. Shot while carrying a dead comrade from the field.
- John Welch. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; promoted Corporal; wounded at Drury's Bluff; discharged. Died since the war; buried in the Catholic Cemetery, Clyde.
- George F. Wood. Corporal; July 1, '61, 156th Inf.
- Arthur D. Wood. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp.; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Luther Weaver. July 30, '62, 126th Inf.; discharged in '64.
- Oliver Weed. Aug. 17, '61, 76th Inf.; discharged with regiment Dec. '64.
- William H. West. 1st Lieut.; June 20, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; died Aug. 27, '61, of sickness at Clyde, and buried there.
- William Whately. 9th H. A.
- Timothy Way. July 61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Charles Way. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- George Waldruft. July 61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Willard N. Wait. (Then of Syracuse,) was a soldier during the war.
- Charles H. Wright. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Wesley G. Waite. (Then of Syracuse,) was a soldier of the war of '61-5.
- Court L. Westcott. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B
- Daniel C. Westcott. 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the Wilderness May 6, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Sanford Westcott. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- William Wager. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William Woodard. 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Wiley. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65.
- William A. Waldron. Sept 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Elisha D. Wells. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- David Woodard. Musician; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Bernard Winne. Jan. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K.
- William Wall. Sept. 25, '61, 1st Art. Co. A; discharged for disability March 23, '63; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Dec. '63.
- Thomas Wall. Sept. 20, '61, 1st Art. Co. A; transferred to 7th Battery; Headquarters Army of the Potomac, June 7, '62; discharged with company June 28, '65.
- John W. Westfall. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; transferred to V. R. C. Jan. 13, '65.
- Ensign Wright. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; no further information.
- John Wood. Sept. 20, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Dewitt M. Wicks. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; no further information.
- John H. Wilcox. Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted 75th Battalion, Co. E. Jan. 1, '64; sick at date of general discharge. Aug. 31, '65.

- Charles Wright. Nov. 24, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Martin Wambsgans. Corporal ; Oct. 14, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at Cox plantation July 13, '63 ; re-enlisted Vet. Volunteers Feb. 20, '64 ; discharged with regiment Feb. 9, '66.
- Champion Wentworth. Sept. 4, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D. ; died at Fort Jefferson, Fla., Sept. 19, '62, of heart disease
- John Williams. Oct. 13, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.
- Theodore Whiting. Captain in 5th N. Y. Duryea's Zouaves ; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- Samuel G. White. Oct. 5, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged for disability at Staten Island, fall of '61.
- William H. Weed. March 10, '64, 193d ; promoted Corporal ; discharged Jan. 18, '66.
- Lewis J. Winans. 2nd Sergeant ; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- John Winans. Corporal ; July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- George Wilson. Was in the service ; disabled ; has a pension.
- Samuel B. Wilson. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A. ; discharged for disability.
- William West. June 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; Corporal, but appointed 1st Lieut. immediately after muster ; died of sickness at Clyde, July '62, and buried there.
- H. D. Whitbeck. Hospital Steward ; Oct. '61, 98th Inf. ; resigned May '62.
- Charles Whittlesey. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 17, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- William Walsh. Jan. 4, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I.
- Daniel Whalen. Jan. 4, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I.
- Mr. Wylie, (of Marengo.) 105th ; killed Sept. '62.
- Amos Wheeler. May 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. F ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- John W. Whitbeck. Sept. 12, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged May 13, '65.
- Patrick Welch. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Alfred J. Walton. Dec. 2, '65, 2nd M. R. Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry J. Winsley. Jan. 11, '64, 2nd M. R. Co. F.
- George R. Wilbur. Dec. 28, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry Young. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H
- Darwin D. Zeluff. Corporal ; July '30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; wounded near Petersburg June 16, '64 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '64.

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 HURON.

- Jacob W. Arnot. Nov. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F ; twice a prisoner, last time detained to four months beyond his term of service, or to about March 25, '65. Accidentally killed in Kansas since the war.
- Dallas Abbott. Feb. 22, '64, 3d Art. Co. G ; appointed bearer of dispatches ; discharge with company July 7, '65.
- William Anson, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Stephen Alpaugh. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F ; promoted Corporal ; re-enlisted 75th Battalion Co. E. Jan. 1, '64 ; discharged for disability Nov. 30, '64.
- Nathan Bullock. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William Burt. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; wounded four times ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Frederick Burkle. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; wounded ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Edward Booth. Aug. '64, 184th Inf. Co. — ; discharged in '65.

- Harvey D. Barnes. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corporal May '63; transferred to V. R. C.; discharged for disability May, '62.\*
- James Barnes. '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded June 3, '64; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Edwin Boughton. Sept. 10, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; re-enlisted; term of service expired July 6, '65.
- John H. Brink. Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corporal; shot through the nose; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Reuben Brink. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Thomas J. Barton. Aug. 5, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; a prisoner seven months at Dansville; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles W. Barton. Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; promoted Orderly Serg't; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64; reported as also Captain.
- Danford W. Barton. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corporal Serg't; a prisoner seven months at Libby Prison; discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry A. Bull. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Artillery June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George W. Blanchard. Dec. 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John W. Barton. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; died Feb. 22, '63 of disease at Washington, D. C., and buried in Huron cemetery.†
- Francis Beers. (A German from Baden, and from the German army); Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. 25, '64.
- George W. Brefford. Dec. 30, '61, 102d Inf. Co. K; discharged; re-enlisted July 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged May 1, '65 for disability.
- Philo D. Boyington. July '61, 67th Inf. Co. D.
- Judson C. Boyington. July 11, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; discharged Jan. 1, '63; joined the 65th, July 21, '63; severely wounded May 6, '64; discharged Aug. 19, '65. Another record seems to make him a member of the 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Wm. H. Burnett. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; captured Oct. 2, '63; exchanged Nov. 25, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- George Bissell. Reported in service.
- Wm. C. Brush. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Samuel E. Bancroft. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Storrs E. Booth. Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted Aug. 14, '64, 184th Inf.; regiment discharged June 29, '65.
- Wm. H. Barton. Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war, Dec. 20, '74; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- George Carson. Feb. 1, '62, 98th Inf. Co. H; discharged Jan. 1, '65, expiration of term.
- Alonzo Comstock. July '63, 97th Inf.; discharged in '65.
- Levi Cortwright. Feb. 10, '64, 3d L. A. Co. G; discharged with Company July 7, '65.
- Michael Crosby. Aug. 13, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; died since the war.
- Prime Courtright. Jan. 25, '63, 14th Rhode Island; discharged Feb. '64.
- James W. Chase. Sept. 2, '64; 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged; (time and place not given on muster-out roll.
- John L. Church. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded in hand; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Joseph R. Chapin. April 4, '64, naval service United States gunboat *Naiad*.
- Aden Campbell. April 20, '61, 2nd Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment May 26, '63.
- Loren Campbell. April 20, '61, 2nd Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment May 26, '63.

\*Mr. Barnes was in battles of Antietam, Gettysburgh, South Mountain, and Chancellorsville.

† Understood to be one of five brothers in the service.



- Charles C. Cady. July, '62, 108th Inf.; wounded in the arm; discharged '65.
- Ebenezer Cady. July 21, '62, 108th Inf; (had sought to enlist in the 44th, but was rejected as under size;) killed at Fredericksburgh Dec. 13, '62, and buried there.\*
- Joseph Cary. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Edwin D. Curtis. 75th Inf. Co. H; died in the hospital at New Orleans of chronic diarrhea. Went into the service at the age of fifteen. Sick in the hospital, his discharge had been obtained and was to have been delivered to him the same day he died.†
- Adam Correll. Feb. 10, '64, 3d A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 7, '65
- Frederick Cornell. Feb. 10, '64, 3d A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 7, '65.
- George B. Curtiss. Sergeant; Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; promoted 2nd Lieut., with rank from Sept. 19, '62; Captain Feb. 14, '63; discharged for disability Aug. 9, '63.
- Charles Cummings. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted 75th Battalion Co. E, Feb. 26, '64; battalion discharged Aug. 31, '65. Died in Michigan since the war of consumption contracted in the service.
- William Courtright. March 26, '65, 38th Inf. U. S. C. T. Co. A; discharged March 26, '66, at Brazos, Santiago, Texas.
- Thomas J. Chaddock. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 23, '64, and mustered in March 1, '65; discharged July 6, '65.
- Alfred P. Crafts. Surgeon; United States Army; served two years in hospitals at Washington and Alexandria. Settled in Wolcott after the war as a practicing physician. Elected a member of Assembly in '79. Died Dec. 18, '80. Buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- C. I. Drury. Aug. '62, 30th Indiana; died Dec. '63 at Nashville of measles and buried there.
- John S. Delong. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; died at Winchester Oct. 14, '64 of sickness and buried in Huron Cemetery.
- William F. Dutton. Colonel; commissioned Jan. 23, '62, 98th Inf. It was by his active efforts that the movement for a Wayne County Regiment was begun and prosecuted; as a graduate of West Point his military ability and his popularity made his name a rallying point. He died July 4, '62 of fever at New York city; remains buried at Wolcott, disease contracted in the Peninsula campaign.
- Edward E. Dudley. Drafted April 1, '65, 65th Inf; died June 7, '65 of disease at Washington, D. C. and buried on Arlington Heights.
- George Derby. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; died of wounds, Feb. 6, '64, at Pensacola, and buried at that place.
- Frank W. Davenport. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died Oct. 4, '63, of disease at Fort Foot, and buried in Huron.
- William E. Dowd. Captain in the 25th Michigan; died at Louisville, Kentucky, Feb. 17, '63.
- Caleb U. Davis. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Clinton B. Dowd. July '24, '63, 97th Inf.; fifty days a prisoner on Belle Island; discharged in '65.
- Spencer Doremus. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Sidney Dowd. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; killed in action June 27, '62.
- George W. Dowd. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Milton C. Derby. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; discharged and re-enlisted Jan. 20, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F.

\*Eben Cady was struck by a cannon ball in the neck and instantly killed. He was only seventeen years and six months of age. Before going into his last battle he wrote in his Testament. "This blessed book belongs to Eben J. Cady, of Co. C, One Hundred and Eighth Regiment, N. Y. S. Volunteers." This precious memento was secured by his cousin and saved for his parents. Like many other soldiers he had had a premonition that he should not survive this battle.

†George B. and Edwin D. were adopted sons of John F. Curtis.

- Seymour Dutton, (son of Col. Dutton.) April 1, '62, Sergeant 98th Inf. Co. F ; discharged July 30, '63, for disability.
- Albert Derby. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; wounded at Monocacy Junction ; discharged June 10, '65.
- Henry C. Drown. Jan. 3, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; discharged ; (time and place not given on muster-out roll.
- Darius Dunbar. Aug. 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Feb. 25, '64.
- Powell C. Dickinson Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F ; killed at the battle of Port Hudson, June 14, '63 ; buried there.
- Judson H. Dowd. Sept. 25, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E ; promoted Corporal Dec. 1, '61 ; Commissary-Sergeant Jan. '63 ; Quartermaster-Sergeant April '65 ; taken prisoner at South Anna River, May 11, '64 ; held at Andersonville ; paroled Nov. 20, '64 ; had re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Dec. 17, '63 ; discharged from service June 26, '65.
- Napoleon D. Drown. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E ; re-enlisted Dec. 18, '63 ; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness ; 10th and 24th united as 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65 ; discharged July 19, '65 ; died since the war Sept. 13, '75 ; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Johnson Dean. Sept. 1, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Thomas J. Drown. '61, 67th Inf. Co. D ; died Nov. 15, '62, in the service ; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Orson Ellsworth Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died Sept. 21, '64, of sickness, at Sand Hook, Va.
- Alpheus Earle. Sept. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Lewis R. Ellis. (On pension roll of '83.)
- George D. Fox. Sept. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Jacob W. Featherly.\* Feb. 20, '64, 3d Art. Co. G ; discharged with company, July 7, '65.
- Augustus Featherly. March 1, '64, 3d Art. Co. G ; discharged with company July 7, '65.
- Edward Featherly. Feb. '62, 3d Art. Co. G ; discharged Feb. '65.
- Nicholas Feeck. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Feb. 16, '65 ; died since the war.
- William Feeck. Reported in the service
- John W. Featherly. 3d Art ; regiment discharged July 7, '65.
- Lewis D. Feeck. Reported in the service.
- Jeremiah Fink. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Elijah B. Fish. Sergeant ; Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F.
- Alfred Graham. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; regiment discharged July 6, '65 ; died since the war, Dec. 31, '71 ; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Alexander Gibson. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged March 15, '64.
- George Green. 9th H. A ; died March 26, '64 ; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- W. F. Green. 67th Inf. Co. D ; died Feb. '63. (Clyde *Times*.)
- Matthew Gaffney. (Born in New York City, afterwards removed to Wayne county) ; enlisted Nov. '61 ; seaman U. S. Gunboat *Roebuck* ; discharged Oct. '62, at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, from U. S. Frigate *St. Lawrence* ; re-enlisted Oct. 1, '63, seaman, Gunboat *Sonoma* ; discharged Nov. 21, '64 ; re-enlisted seaman Gunboat *Cherokee* and served until the close of the war.
- Alexander Harper. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65 ; was in battle at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64, three days after reaching the front ; severely wounded and captured, afterward retaken by our forces same day.
- Albert Harper. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. ; discharged for disability Oct. '64.
- Hiram Hendricks. (On pension roll of '83 )
- Lewis Hicks. Sept. '62, 13th Inf. ; discharged for wounds in '63.
- Moses B. Huffman. 3d Art. ; died at Auburn.

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\* Father and three sons.

- Malcolm Huntley. Nov. 8, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; captured at Sabine Pass, Texas; held six months or more at Hempstead and other places; escaped; re-enlisted June 20, '64, same regiment and company; discharged June 20, '65\*
- James H. Hyde. 1st Lieut.; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Captain Jan. 22, '63, rank dating Dec. 30, '62; discharged Dec. 27, '64.
- John C. Hooper. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 3, '62, at Fredricksburgh; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Alfred Hicks. Nov. 2, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; the 10th was united with the 24th June 17, '65, and became the 1st Provisional; discharged July 19, '65.
- Daniel B. Hopkins. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; regiment discharge Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- Edward C. Jones. Jan. '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded in Wilderness; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65. Died since the war.
- William W. Jones. Sept. '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; promoted Lieut.; (resided in Ira, Cayuga County, when the war broke out;) died at New York city May 14, '62, of typhoid fever contracted in the service; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Edward Jarvis. (On pension roll of '83.)
- David C. Keeslar. 2d Sergt.; Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability April 12, '64; died at Petersburg April 2, '65, of wounds, and buried there.
- Simeon Keeslar. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A.; died at Washington, D. C., April 17, '65, of wounds received at Petersburg April 2, '65, and buried in Huron Cemetery.
- E. Alfred Keeslar. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died Dec. 15, '61, at Alexandria of disease and buried in Huron Cemetery.†
- John N. Knight. Commissary Sergeant; Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; promoted 1st Lieut. and Q. M. U. S. C. Inf.; died June 4, '64, at Morganzia, of sickness and buried in Huron.‡ (Red River expedition.)
- Wm. H. Lamb. Sept. 5, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Myron Lamb. 1st. Lieut.; Sept. 1, '62, 101st Illinois; promoted Captain and Staff Officer under General Sherman.
- Sidney Lake. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- Samuel W. Langley. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Michael Mead. Spring of '61, 11th Iowa Inf.; discharged Sept. '63.
- Hiram Meeker. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 26, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Levi McIntyre. June 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; disabled in one arm; transferred to V. R. C Feb. 17, '64.
- James Mitchell. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; wounded in hip; regiment discharged at expiration of service Nov. 25, '64.
- Edmund W. Merrill. Sergeant; Dec. 30, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; transferred; time and Company not given on muster-out roll.
- John Miller. March 6, '62, 75th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 28, '65.
- Edwin W. Merrill. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; discharged for disability May '62.
- James McClure. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Jesse North. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged Dec. '64, at Elmira, for disability.
- Eben W. Newberry. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corporal; prisoner seven and a half months at Dansville, Ky.; discharged '65.

\*When escaping from Shreveport, La., traveled on foot from Shreveport to Vicksburg. He was captured again at Cedar Creek; held at Libby and Salisbury six months.

†Three brothers lost their lives—Keeslar Post, Wolcott, named in their honor.

‡Mr. Knight was an Elder in the Presbyterian Church of Huron, and Superintendent of the Sunday-school.

- Milton Owen. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- J. Culford Otto. '61, Missouri Reg't: re-enlisted '62, 6th N. Y. Cav; detached as bearer of dispatches; killed July 11, '63, in Pennsylvania, and buried at Rose Valley.\*
- James S. Otto. Corporal; Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; captured and died of starvation in Andersonville prison, Aug. '64.
- Harlan Perkins. Nov. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64, 75th Battalion, Co. E; discharged June 28, '65.
- John Pommer. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; killed in battle June 14, '63 at Port Hudson; supposed buried there.
- Wallace M. Preston. Corporal; Dec. 30, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64 in battle, and buried there.
- Smith R. Paine. Aug. 31, '64, 111th Inf. Co. F; pro. Corporal; prisoner eight days; discharged June 3, '65, with regiment.
- George A. Parker. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war, May 13, '69; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- John Pettengill. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded in foot; discharged May 13, '65.
- Oscar Pitts. July 23, '63, 97th Inf. Co. G; discharged June 12, '65.
- Cassius M. Prindle. Sept. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, 75th Battalion, Co. F; drummer; discharged with company, Aug. 31, '65.
- T. M. Prindle. Aug. 16, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64; discharged June, '65 by special order, being on detached service.
- Benjamin P. Parker. Corporal; Oct. 9, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- Charles Perkins. Aug. '61, 90th Inf.; died June 15, '62, at Key West of sickness and buried there.
- Jerome Parks. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; wounded April 11, '63 at Fort Bieland; discharged '65.
- Harvey N. Plumb. Oct. '61, 10th Cav.; re-enlisted Dec. 17, '63, same regiment; promoted Sergeant; discharged with regiment June 17, '65.
- Martin V. Pettit. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Jeremiah Peck. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged July 6, '65.
- St. Clair Pomeroy. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted Oct. 24, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Daniel M. Paine. Aug. '64, 111th Inf.; wounded in hip April 2, '65; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- J. Lamont Russell. Naval service; wounded at Fort Fisher.
- James W. Raines. Pension list of '83.
- Arza L. Richardson. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; same regiment, 75th battalion, Co. E; discharged with battalion Aug. 31, '65.
- John Richardson. 3rd Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- James Richardson. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C.
- Austin Rowland. Sept. 26, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- Henry Riggs. July 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- William A. Smith. Nov. '61, 11th Connecticut; promoted Corp.; died Jan. 24, '62, of sickness at Hatteras Inlet and buried at Hatteras Island.
- Wesley K. Stubbs. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp. and Orderly Sergt.; died Dec. 24, '64, at Baltimore of wounds and buried at Huron.
- Joseph Seavey. April 26, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; killed in battle June 27, '62, at Gaines Mills, Va.; body left on the field.
- Smith W. Seeber. Sept. 1, '64, 3d Art.; died Nov. 4, '64, of disease at Martinsburgh, Va., and buried in Huron Cemetery.

\* Shot at a farmhouse when he was trying to obtain a fresh horse, while bearing dispatches to General Meade from Baltimore

- Edwin P. Sheldon. Commissioned as Ass't-Surgeon, 5th Kansas Cav., Jan. 1, '62; mustered in at Fort Leavenworth Jan. 6; regiment stationed at Fort Scott and in the spring went into the Missouri campaign. Surgeon Sheldon through overwork and exposure contracted pneumonia and died May 3, '62.
- Andrew F. Sheldon. Commissioned Ass't-Surgeon, 7th New York Cav., Oct. 16, '61, with rank of 1st-Lieutenant; promoted Ass't-Surgeon, U. S. Volunteers, rank of Captain, by President Lincoln, April '63; promoted surgeon of U. S. Volunteers, rank of Major, July 1, '64; breveted Lieutenant-Colonel by President Johnson for meritorious services Aug. 16, '65; mustered out of service Aug. 20, '65; was with 7th Cav. from Oct. '61 to April '62; then upon General Wadsworth's staff, serving in Medical Director's office, Washington, D. C.; afterward in charge of Campbell, U. S. General Hospital to the close of the war: practiced his profession since the war at Pultneyville and Lyons and now County Treasurer of Wayne County.
- Uriah H. Seymour. Feb. 19, '64, 3d Art. Co. G; discharged with company July 7, '65.
- Orlando Shaver. Reported in the service.
- Eugene F. Seymour. Drafted July 25, '63; assigned to 146th Inf. Co. G; wounded in the leg at Spottsylvania, and captured; held at Libby mostly until 26, '64; discharged May 30, '65, from St. Mary's Hospital Rochester.\*
- Irwin R. Seelye. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment; Now Postmaster at North Rose.
- Robert Sherman. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to V. R. C, April 18, '64; had previously served in the 98th Inf., been wounded and discharged, having enlisted Dec. '61.
- George W. Seager. Sept. 12, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; wounded July 13, '63, in Louisiana; re-enlisted Feb. '64; in battles of Cedar Creek, Port Hudson, and Red River expedition: discharged with regiment Feb. 9, '64.
- John T. Sherman. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Shane. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.
- George Seibert. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Josiah B. Seavey. Census of '65 reports him 7th Missouri April 26, '61, and transferred to V. R. C. Feb. '64; wounded three times; impaired sight; crippled for life at Vicksburgh; discharged in '65.
- Alvah H. Seavey. Sept. 2, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged June 1, '65.
- Carmi Scott. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June 1, '64; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- William R. Stubbs. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; second discharge Sep. 29, '65.
- Orange G. Stage. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Samuel L. Shannon. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Edward Smith. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Levi Seaman. Corporal; Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- Benson Sherman. Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64; expiration of service.
- Fred. E. Seeley. Reported in the service; no particulars.
- John Shane, Jr. June, '63; Naval Service; ship *Minnesota*.
- Theodore Shane. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Melvin Streeter. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William Taylor. Sept. 1, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- David Townsend, Jr. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharge, Sept. 29, '65

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\*The only drafted man of 1861 in Huron who went.

- Austin Torrey. Oct 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Oct. 1, '62.
- Calvin B. Tracy. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Roswell S. Tracy. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corporal; discharged July 6, '65 with regiment.
- James M. Teetor. Feb. 10, '64, 3d Art. Co. G; discharged with company July 7, '65.
- Philip Thomas. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged June 15, '65, from Hospital.
- Edward M. Tripp. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E. The 10th was consolidated June 27, '65, with the 24th, becoming the 1st Provisional Cav; discharged July 19, '65.
- Robert Traver. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged July 6, '65.
- Sylvester Teetor. Corporal; Sept. 4, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died in the service at Key West; date not given on the muster-out roll
- Myron Tindall. Aug. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Hiram Taylor. Reported in service; no particulars.
- Robert Tallhurst. Aug. 27, '64, 160th Inf. Co. B; (Substitute); discharged with the regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles Terbush. Reported in service; no particulars.
- Sylvester Upson. Was a physician; in the volunteer medical service in the hospitals at Alexandria and at Washington; died of rheumatism of the heart twenty-two days after his return Sept. 22, '65; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Frank J. Upson. Sept. 29, '62, 75th Inf., Co., F; promoted Corporal May 2, '65; discharged with regiment, Aug. 31, '65; transferred to 10th Cavalry in the fall of 64; was in Bank's expedition up the Red River; transferred to 75th Battalion, Co. E.; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65. He was only 16 years of age when he enlisted.
- Wm. W. Upson. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K.; promoted Corporal; discharged by reason of Ophthalmia; re-enlisted Sept. 2, '64, 75th Inf. Co. F.; sent with the 75th to Savannah, Ga., after its capture; appointed clerk in the Medical Director's office. Remained in that position until his discharge from the service, June 28, '65.
- Lewis Viele. Sept. 10, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Abner VanSicklen. Sept. '64, 3d Art. Co. G.; discharged June 22, '65.
- Thomas VanDusen. Feb. 24, '64, 3d Art. Co. G.; discharged with company July 7, '65.
- James Vanderbergh. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Carlton Watkins. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. F.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles Weed. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K.; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Charles B. Weeks. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Regiment Co. F.; wounded in hand; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64; expiration of service.
- Edward B. Whipple. Sept. 19, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F.; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64, in battle and buried there.
- John Foster Whiting. Jan 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; died July 21, '65; buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Stephen Wager. Oct. 15, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.; transferred to 1st U. S. Art. at Beaufort, S. C., Jan. 63.
- John Weaver. Oct. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I.; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Feb. 1, '64; discharged with regiment, Aug. 31, '65.
- Charles V. Wormwood. Corporal Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F.; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- George W. Willis. Sept. 25 '61, 74th Inf. Co. F.; regiment discharged November 25, '64, expiration of service.
- John P. Wager. Oct. 15, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.; died June 1, '62, of sickness at Key West, and buried there.
- Norman G. York. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; died Dec. 25, '64, while a prisoner of war at Dansville, Ky., and buried there.

## LYONS.

- Adam Appleman. Dec. 29, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; transferred; (date and Company not given on muster-out roll.
- Edward P. Allee. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Gaines' Mills June 27, '62, and died from the effects July 29, at Baltimore; remains brought to Lyons Rural Cemetery Dec. 5, '62.
- George A. Adams. Sept. '64, 111th Inf.; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Alexander D. Adams. Captain; April 22, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Lieut.-Colonel Sept. 19, '61; Colonel Oct. 14, '62; mustered out at expiration of service May 31, '63; died since the war, Oct. 28, '72; buried in the South Cemetery.
- George Allee. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Andrew K. Allee. July 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. G; discharged July 20, '65, with regiment.
- Jacob C. Andrews. Aug. '62, 8th Cav.; discharged June 27, '65.
- Willard T. Allen. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Jacob Allen. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John Albaugh. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Dec. 28, '65.
- John Albaugh, 2nd. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- James Albaugh. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Lewis Adams. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged; not mustered in.
- Charles Althen. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Philip Arbogast. Sept. '64, 8th H. A.; last of the regiment discharged June 5, '66.
- George Adams. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry Alford. Corporal; Aug. 30, '62, Co. C, 160th Inf.; promoted Sergeant July 1, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Lewis Arnoldt. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- Charles E. Adams. Lieut.-Col. of Bissell's Missouri Vol.; taken prisoner near Corinth while sketching for fortifications with Gen. Pope; subsequently killed in action, having been promoted Colonel; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Lewis Arnoldt. Sept. 3, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles Andrews. Dec. 29, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. F; transferred to Co. G, May 27, '65; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Michael Abert. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged '65.
- Michael Barnhart. Aug. '64, 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Augustus B. Bradley. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; died Nov. 1, '64, at Satterlee U. S. Gen. Hospital, Philadelphia.
- Wm. C. Belden. Corporal; April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; lost left arm at Crampton's Pass, Sept. 14, '62; promoted Sergeant; 1st Lieut. July 24, '62; resigned Jan. 4, '63; died subsequently and is buried in Lyons Cemetery.
- George M. Belden. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '61; Sergeant Dec. 1, '61; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- George S. Bennett. Surgeon; (no other particulars.)
- Thomas Bourne, Jr. Served in a New Jersey regiment; appointed to a position in the Surgeon-General's office early in the war; remained there; now in the Adj.-Gen's office, Washington.
- Samuel Bellinger. Dec. 14, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.

- Adolphus Bennett. March 11, '65, 194th Inf.; discharged May 3, '65.  
 Talman G. Baker. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Hudson T. Baker. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Thomas S. Betts. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Aug. 14, '61, and re-enlisted Dec. 21, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.  
 Henry W. Belden. Dec. 2, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.  
 James C. Bourne. May 1, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant Jan. 4, '63; discharged May 10, '63.  
 Jesse M. Buell. April '64, Navy, ship *Queen*.  
 George W. Bates. Oct. '64, 9th H. A.; discharged '65.  
 George Birdsall. Oct. '61, 98th Inf.; discharged Sept. '62, for disability.  
 David Berry. Aug. '61, 1st California; discharged '65.  
 Abram E. Brundage. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Henry W. Brown. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; severely wounded at Fredericksburgh May 3, '63; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Lewis Barton. Sergt.; Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted 2d Lieut. Nov. 14, '64; 1st Lieut. Feb. 3, '65; wounded several times; discharged June 27, '65.  
 Silas W. Belding. Sept. 19, '64, 111th Inf., with rank of 2d Lieut.; killed April 2, '65, near Sand Side Station, Va., and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Frederick Brown. Aug. '64, 111th Inf.; died in Salisbury Prison Dec. '64.  
 Chester Brink. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; captured and died in rebel prison July 2, '62, at Richmond, Va., and buried there.  
 Michael Burke. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Nathan P. Bullock. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Royal J. Bullock. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Dec. 29, '62; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Joseph Bourne. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 John Boyst. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Frederick Berkely. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 William Burt. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 William Brott. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; mustered out with regiment May 21, '63.  
 Edward W. Boss. Sept. '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; wounded May '62; discharged for disability Feb. 28, '63.  
 George G. Boss. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 George Boss. 2nd Lieut.; Sept. 8, '62, 136th Inf.; promoted 1st Lieut. March 7, '63; resigned March 11, '63, and not mustered as 1st Lieut.  
 Jacob Bowman. Dec. 7, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; not accepted for service.  
 Isaac Brewster. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed in action at Winchester.  
 Rowlins Brewer. Dec. '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.  
 William S. Boggs. Dec. '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.  
 James Burke. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 William Bovee. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability Oct. 25, '62.  
 William S. Bloomer. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64; killed at Cold Harbor, June 3, '64.  
 Isaac O. Brewster. 160th Inf. Co. C.; killed at Opequan Creek, Sept. 19, '64.  
 Robert J. Bowman. 8th Art.; last of regiment discharged June 5, '66.  
 George S. Blount. Illinois regiment; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 O. J. Brown. 8th Art.; last of regiment discharged June 5, '66.  
 Richard Bowerman. Aug. 3, '63, 14th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment Aug. 26, '65.



- Edward Boehmler. 3d Iowa; taken prisoner July 21, '64.  
 John Bailes. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability.  
 Byron Brown. Soldier; (pension roll of '83.)  
 James Barman. Oct. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 Charles R. Birdsall. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; commissioned Captain Nov. 28, '61; resigned May 22, '62.  
 John Brink. March 14, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with 94th March '63.  
 Morris Borden. (Name in previous lists.)  
 John Brown. Dec. 16, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; not accepted for service.  
 John Brown. July 12, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed May 6, '64, in battle of the Wilderness.  
 Joseph A. Braden. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.  
 David Benjamin. Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged May 21, '63, for disability.  
 George Buisch. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Co. O; discharged for wounds May 31, '65; died since the war and buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.  
 Jacob Breidenbocker. 9th H. A.; buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.  
 Dexter E. Buell. July 5, '61, 37th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Charles City cross roads; re-enlisted Sept. 17, '63, 14th H. A.; discharged with regiment June 3, '63.  
 Chauncey Blinn. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.  
 Wm. R. Bourne. Sept. 1st, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; wounded at Gettysburgh; promoted 2d lieutenant July 4, '62; 1st lieutenant Jan. 14, '63; captain Feb. 25, '63; discharged Oct. 9, '63; since the war been in the U. S. regular service; now 2nd Lieutenant and stationed at St. Paul, Minnesota.  
 Oren B. Carpenter. Orderly Serg't; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted 2nd Lieutenant April 14, '63 and 1st Lieutenant Aug. 15, '64; killed Oct. 10th, '64 in the battle of Cedar Creek and buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.  
 James N. Croul. Sergeant; April '62; 160th Inf. Co. C; detached on Telegraph Corps at New Orleans; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural cemetery.  
 Fred Coldmorning. Sept. '62; 160th Inf.; discharged and re-enlisted 4th Art. May 30, '64, Co. K; transferred to V. R. April 15, '65.  
 Theodore Crager. Oct. '64, 111th Inf.; discharged '65.  
 Archibald Crawford. 25th Inf.; promoted hospital steward.  
 Henry Clapp. Aug. 6, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged '65.  
 Michael Carsion. '64. 160th Inf.; discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 John E. Cavinder. May '61, 57th Inf. No further particulars.  
 Alvin T. Cavinder. Aug. '64; Naval service, ship *Quaker City*; discharged in '65; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Simeon Carle. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged June 3, '65.  
 Peter Croul. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.; wounded Sept. 16 '62 by shell at Harper's Ferry and taken prisoner with the regiment; discharged Feb. 15, '63.  
 R. S. Cole. Second Lieut. '62, 9th H. A. Co. K. No further particulars.  
 Patrick Canney. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.; died Dec. 7, '64.  
 James Canner. Dec. 13, '61, 194th Inf. Co. F.; taken prisoner at Gettysburgh, paroled on the field; discharged July 15, '65.  
 Lewis H. Clark, 2nd. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D.; wounded at Monocacy; discharged for disability Oct. '64; died in 1882; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Michael Costello. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C.; discharged in '65.  
 Charles A. Carpenter. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Conrad Callinhoun. 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.  
 William H. Coleman. 160th Inf. Co. C.; died at Franklin, La., June 22, '64.  
 George Chapman. 111th Inf.; discharged '65.  
 Courad Cramer. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.; died at Hilton Head, S. C., April 11, '63.

- George W. Copping. Oct. 19, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 18, '64, expiration of term.
- Nathan Case. Pension roll of '83.
- Henry Carr. Dec. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged for disabilities Jan. 20, '65.
- Franklin Carr. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted corporal '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Dwight S. Chamberlain. Entered service as Ass't-Surgeon 9th H. A. Nov. 5, '62; promoted surgeon Jan. 21, '65, discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
- Patrick Conley. Oct. '62, 160 Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Lorenzo Coleman. Oct. '62, 160 Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- George A. Carson. Feb. 1, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged at expiration of term Jan. 1, '65.
- David Crapo. Oct. '62, 169 Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Columbus C. Carr. Jan. 15, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I.
- John H. Cosart. June 8, '61, 28th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted Aug. 9, '62, 4th Michigan Cavalry, Co. I; taken prisoner Aug. '64; held six months at Andersonville, Florence and Richmond; discharged June 8, '65.
- Barney Carl. Nov. 28, '61, 105 Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with the 94th, March '63.
- Thomaa Connolly. July '61, 67th Inf.; re-enliated Dec. 18, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with 94th, March '63.
- Simon Carroll. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed May 6, '64; Battle of the Wilderness.
- James Conner. Dec. 10, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with the 94th March '63.
- Michael Caralow. Aug. 22, '64, 160th Inf. regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John Carver. Aug. 25, '62; 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted sergeant; discharged for disability from wounds June 22, '65; died since the war; buried in Lyonsa Rural Cemetery.
- Gottfried Czerny. At Rochester July 4, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded accidentally by a comrade; discharged May 30, '63 at Elmira.
- Henry Dunning. Dec 9, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F.; promoted Corporal; discharged '65.
- E Dawes. 9th H. A.; discharge J '65.
- Peter Dawes. 160th Inf.; discharged '65.
- George Dawes. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.; promoted Corporal; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged Feb. 20, '64.
- Joahua F. Diffy. Oct. 8, '61, 57th Infantry; promoted Assistant Surgeon; killed in the Wilderness May 5, '64, and buried there.
- Zachariah T. Deunler. Appointed Assistant Surgeon Aug. '63; promoted and transferred to Regular Army; discharged '65.
- James Durkee. Nov. 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.; discharged May 21, '63, with regiment; died since the war; buried in Lyonsa Rural Cemetery.
- Harrisou Dunn. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; transferred to Invalid Corps; discharged in '65.
- Samuel Darron. June, '61, 27th Inf.; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- John Dennison. Musician; Oct. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.; re-enliated 160th Inf.; discharged Dec. 10, '64.
- George A. Dennison. Musician; Nov. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D.; re-enliated 160th Inf.; discharged Dec. 10, '64.
- William N. Dennison. Aug. '64; Naval Service; discharged '65.
- Roderick D. Dwinell. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.; discharged with the regiment, May 21, '63; re-enliated Oct. '64. 111th Inf. Co. A., Sergeant; discharged June 3, '65.
- Warren C. Depew. Sept. 64, 111th Inf.; died since the war; buried in Lyonsa Rural Cemetery.
- Ira Depew. Jan. 15, '64, 22d Cavalry, Co. H.; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Edwin M. Demar. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. to the credit of Lyonsa. (*Clyde Times.*)

- John Dean. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; killed at Cold Harbor or in that campaign June 8, '64, and buried on the field.
- Edwin G. Davis. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. Desmond. '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.; wounded at Hatcher's Run March 26, '65; captured Sept. 15, '62, at Harper's Ferry; also Oct. '63, and held ten months at Richmond; discharged June 20, '65.
- E. P. Dunning. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Homer C. Dunn. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- E. K. Dailey. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Joseph M. Dean. 9th H. A. Co. D.; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Peter Dolinslaughter. Dec. 9, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted; consolidated with the 94th, March '63.
- James Deane. 111th Inf. Co. D; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Alfred Derry. Dec. 7, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F; discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Wm. Deitz. 160th Inf. Co. C; died in New Orleans.
- Shubael Durkee. April '61, 18th Inf. Co. I; discharged in '63; re-enlisted Nov. 30, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Charles C. Delevan. Nov. 28, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment August 1, '65.
- DeWitt C. Dobbs. Dec. 7, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H.
- Peter Demarest. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Herman R. Dunning. Jan. 29, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H; appointed 2nd Lieut.; discharged Aug. 9, '64.
- Lyman Dickerson. Enlisted at Watertown Aug. 6, '62' in the 10th Art. Co. A; promoted Corporal Sept. 11, '62; Sergeant Sept. 4, '63; discharged June 23, '65.
- Ira Depew. Jan. 15, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- William E. Dibble. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- Michael Davey. Corporal; Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Dunn. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died of disease Dec. 2, '61; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.\*
- Gibson Dunn. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded and taken prisoner June 27, '62; exchanged; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Robert M. Durkee. April 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- Myron H. Dwinnell. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted Oct. 27, '64, 1st N. Y. V. Cav. Co. G; discharged June 3, '65.
- Lewis Dreyer. Sixth Corporal; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged June 3, '63.
- Michael Dwyer. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- James Dwyer. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- George B. Dickinson. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- John Dickinson. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Stephen K. Dorman. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- John Dryer. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Philip Dahl. Nov. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 1, '63, for disability.
- Martin Dickerson. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died in New York on the way home of fever, July 20, '63; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- James Dickinson. Jan. 13, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F; consolidated with 94th March, '63.
- Ezra Dibbler. Dec. 10, 61, 105th Inf. Co. F; consolidated with 94th March, '63.

\* The gun which Mr. Dunn carried by one of the strange coincidences of life, was recently found among a quantity bought by Lyons Post G. A. R. It bears his name, evidently cut by his own hand.

- James M. Dickerson. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- William Deitz. Aug. 10, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; died of sickness April 15, '63 at New Orleans, and buried there.
- Wm. G. David. Surgeon ; Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf ; resigned Sept. 22, '62 ; died since the war ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- James K. Ditton. May 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Joseph S. Ensley. Corporal ; Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; promoted Orderly Sergeant Sept. 1, '63 ; killed Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek, and buried at Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- James H. Ellis. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; Sergeant ; promoted 2d Lieutenant Feb. 15, '64 ; 1st Lieutenant May 16, '64 ; killed July 9, '64, in battle at Monocacy, Md., and buried at Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Henry Englehardt. Apr. '65, 192d Inf. Co. H ; discharged with regiment Aug. 28, '65 ; re-enlisted in the regular army.
- John C. Eames. Apr. 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63 ; died since the war ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Wm. G. Enstee. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65 ; died since the war ; buried at Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Clark C. Ellis. Musician ; Apr. 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Sergeant-Major Aug. 30, '62 ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- James Ellison. Apr. 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '62 ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Edward K. Everta. Jan. 14, '62, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged for disability Oct. 27 '62.
- George Eastlick. Nov. 14, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F.
- Thomas Eastlick. Feb. 25, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F.
- Charles Eastlick. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- Henry C. Eichelberg. Bugler, Dec. 12, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Thomas J. Ennis. Spring of '61, 6th Iowa, see appendix B.
- Conrad Englehardt. 108th ; died since the war ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Wm. Ely. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- Michael Eichenlaub. Aug. 3, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; transferred Feb. 11, '64, to V. R. corps
- George Eichenlaub. Nov. 15, '62, Co. C ; promoted corporal Aug. '65 ; discharged Dec 14, '65.
- Joseph J. Everhard. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- H. C. Edwards. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged May 21, '63.
- John L. Ellis. Dec. 13, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; not accepted for service.
- Charles Ford. Fife Major ; Sept., '62, 160th Inf. ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- John Fingleton. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Nicholas B. Freeland. Sept. 12, '64, 111th Inf. ; discharged June 3, '65.
- William W. Freeland. '63, 9th H. A. ; discharged July 6, '65.
- Edward Fitzgerald. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged July 6, '65.
- John W. Filoon. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Philip F. Fuchs. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; promoted Com. Sergt. ; discharged July 6, '65. Killed by the cars at Lyons after the war ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Reuben Farrow. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- George Foster. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted '64, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- William Fauth. Blacksmith ; Nov. 27, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. D ; taken prisoner May 6, '64 ; absent, sick at general discharge Aug. 1, '65.
- James Fingleton. Jan. 5, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. D ; taken prisoner May 6, '64 ; absent, sick at general discharge Aug. 1, '65.

- John Fortner. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 7, '65.
- William Finch. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded in Campaign of the Wilderness; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 2, '64; died at Baltimore July 2, '64.
- Hiram E. Frazier. Dec. 19, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 2, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- J. P. Fishback. Corporal; Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant Major Sept. 1, '63; commissioned 1st Lieut. Co. H, Dec. 4, '63; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John S. Follet. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; he was captured just before the Harper's Ferry surrender; confined at Richmond; died Nov. 18, '62, of fever at home.
- J. Fletcher Failing. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; appointed Hospital Steward; discharged with the reiment July 6, '65.
- George Fricker. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64, and buried there.
- George French. Aug. '63, 3d L. A.; regiment discharged from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- John A. Frank. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to V. R. Corps, date not given on muster out roll.
- Patrick Fitzpatrick. Aug. 3, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred Oct. 29, '63, to V. R. Corps.
- Edward P. Foster. Apr. 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Aug. 10, '61; died in '63 and buried Aug. 7 in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Thurston Foster. Sept. '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; wounded spring of '62; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- John Farley. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Jasper Fresch. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died June 8, '63, at New York.
- Wm. Flynn. Dec. 26, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; slightly wounded before Petersburg May '64; transferred to Co. I, Feb. 9, '62; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Patrick Farrell. Dec. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 12, '64, expiration of term.
- Samuel Fossett. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Henry Fevick. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Jacob Ganthner. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged with regiment July, 6, '65.
- Giles Gilksy. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded Jan. 12, '64, accidentally; discharged Jan. 25, '65.
- John Gray. Dec. '63, 9th H. A.; transferred to 2nd Battery Reserve Corps.
- John W. Grady. (Reported in the newspapers) 98th Inf. Co. I; killed at or near Drury's Bluff, May 16, '64.
- Jonas Gurnee. Sept. 5, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Alfred Gilkey. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- John Gavret. April '61, 27th Inf.; re-enlisted 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- Morris Gordon. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Isaac Gordon. 7th H. A. Co. B; wounded June 1st, '64; discharged for disability.
- Charles L. Gaul. Corporal; April 25, '61; 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted sergeant; sergeant major; 2nd-lieutenant Sept. 1, '61; died of disease Aug. 20, '62.\*
- Columbus C. Green. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Feb. 1st, '63.

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\* The Rochester *Democrat* said of Lieut. Gaul: "During his career in the service Lieut. Gaul had the credit of being a faithful and gallant officer. He rose from a sick bed to participate in the six day's battle before Richmond and never flinched from danger. Capt. White having been wounded Lieut. Gaul succeeded at great personal risk in providing him with an ambulance and thus saved him from capture if not from death. Lieut. Gaul died in the Jews Hospital in New York on Wednesday, the 20th of August. His body was taken through Lyons to Rochester and buried on Friday, Aug. 22.

- Melville W. Goodrich. Orderly Sergeant; April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted lieutenant and adjutant; discharged Aug. 30, '62; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Charlea N. Green. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Isaac Green. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Joseph E. Gildinga. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to V. R. Corps, Jan. 15, '64.
- Frank Gantz. Nov. 14, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 2, '64; wounded and died, June 16, '64.
- Joseph Guest. Dec. 28, '63, 22nd Cav., Co. H; not accepted; re-enliated Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A., Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art., June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Wm. L. Garrett. May 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. H; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Charles Guenther. 9th H. A.; discharged '65.
- L. Guenther. 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged '65.
- Rudolph Guenther. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Harvey Geer, Jr. Aug. 18th, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- J. Q. Guenther. Sept 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- Lewis Griswold. Nov. 2, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service; died; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- James A. Guest. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Sergeant; wounded at Cedar Creek; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Joseph M. Goseline. Oct. 20, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged July 24, '62; died since the war; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Henry L. Grandy. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 1, '63, for disability.
- John N. Grandy. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Veteran Volunteers Jan. 2, '64; died Oct. 26, '64.
- Edward Gates. Jan. 10, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded before Petersburg May '64; discharged Jan. 9, '65.
- Adam Gramer. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corporal; discharged Jan. 16, '65, for disability.
- John Gardner. Jan. 8, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Jan. 13, '65, for disability.
- Oliver Gould. Jan. 9, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Sept. '62, for disability.
- Barney Glancy. Feb. 6, '62, 98th Inf. Co. K.
- Patrick Gallagher. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64.
- Daniel Gass. (No particulars.)
- David Golley. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- George C. Graves. Nov. 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Adjutant Gwinn, of the 50th Engineers, was a resident of Lyons in '57 and '58.
- Wm. C. Guest. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- George Hassey. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Dr. D. S. Hopkins. Ass't-Surgeon of the 111th Inf.; promoted Surgeon of the 4th Delaware; died July 19, '64.
- Andrew J. Hutchings. Sept. '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; taken prisoner; exchanged; discharged Aug. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Robert Hackrietz. 160th Inf.; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Jacob Hucstin. 102nd Inf.; mustered out, sick and died May 1, '65, at Lyons; buried at Clyde, N. Y.
- John Harris. Aug. 22, '64, Navy.
- Hugh Harvey. (No particulars.)
- Robert Hunter. Dec. 23, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Franklin Hecox. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '62; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted Dec. 19, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. D.
- David Harth. June '62, 75th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- August Hammer. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Cane River, Louisiana.

- Nelson R. Huff. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged; re-enlisted Dec. 31, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; wounded; discharged; date not given; Company records lost.
- Robert W. Hoy. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged May 16, '63, for disability.
- William Hill. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; Waggoner; discharged with regiment Nov. '65.
- Wm. Heart. Sept. '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- Thomas Hilliard. May 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Oct. '65.
- Richard Hocknell. Dec. '64, 9th H. A.; discharged '65.
- Sylvester C. Hill. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Crampton Gap, Sept. 14, '62; ruptured at Bull Run; discharged May 31, '63, by reason of expiration of service; re-enlisted Jan 5, '64, 2nd M. R. Co. F; discharged for disability from N. Y. General Hospital, Rochester, Oct. 22, '64.
- Uriah T. Hill. (Father of Sylvester C.) Enlisted early in 1861, in the 100th regiment, Co. A; captured at Drury's Bluff, May 6, '64, and died at Ander, sonville, Oct. 27, '64.
- John M. Holly. Sept. '64, Navy; ship *Vanderbilt*; discharged in '65.
- Kellogg T. Hulbert. '62, 9th H. A.; transferred to 4th Michigan Cavalry.
- George Helbert. Dec. 5, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged March 19, '65.
- George Hoetzel. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged June '65.
- Benjamin G. Houghton. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability '64.
- Darius Haskell. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged '65.
- James P. Hanna. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged '65.
- Michael E. Hard. 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged '65.
- George B. Hughson. Dec. 2, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Charles B. Hecox. Dec. 2, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Simon Haselback. Dec. '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Patrick Hill. 111th Inf.
- Frederick Hodge. Dec. 7, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- John R. Herman. 160th Inf. Co. C; died at Brashear, La.
- Melvin Hall. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. to the Credit of Lyons [Clyde Times].
- Jacob Hoffman. Nov. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted veteran volunteer Jan. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65
- Robert E. Holmes. Sergeant; April 22, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; transferred to 108th and promoted 2d Lieutenant Aug. 1, '62; killed at the battle of Antietam Sept. 17, '62; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.\*
- Sebastian D. Holmes. Captain; Aug 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh, right arm broken in two places; discharged June 27, '64. Co. D. was raised largely by the efforts of Mr. Holmes.
- D. B. Hutchins. Corporal; Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; taken prisoner and held for a time at Lynchburgh, and afterwards at Andersonville; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- George Hutchins. 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; regiment discharged June '65.
- Albert A. Hunt. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the wrist at Gettysburgh; discharged for disability, date not given on the muster out roll.
- Thomas Hunter. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; captured before Petersburg, held several months at Libby, Florence and Andersonville.

\*The Rochester *Union* said of Robert E. Holmes:—"He died a brave man. While gallantly waving his sword and cheering on his men in front of the Company he uttered the words:—"Come, boys, come on?" when a ball struck him about the middle of the right jaw, shattering it and his throat so badly that he lived but a short time, unconscious of his injuries"

- Benjamin Hartman. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to V. R. Corps Sept. 28, '64.
- Henry Halliday. Corporal; Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; wounded June, '64; promoted Sergeant May 30, '65; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Wm. Handy. Nov. 14, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Com.-Sergeant Jan. 10, '65; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Jacob Heintzman. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 18, '64, for disability.
- Thomas R. Hart. Nov. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 5, '62, for disability.
- John W. Hart. Oct. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged May 31, '65.
- George Hodges. Corporal; Nov. 8, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; transferred to Battery M, 5th U. S. Art. Feb. 19, '63.
- Daniel B. Hutchins. Nov. 17, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability in '62.
- George Hickey. Dec. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Sept. 11, '62, for disability.
- Earnest Haut. Died; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Franklin Hotchkins. Oct. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged for disability June 3, '63.
- Wm. Higby. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; killed in the charge of Fort Harrison Sept. 29, '64.
- George Hulbert. Dec. 5, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with 94th Inf. March '63.
- Thomas Hall. Dec. 3, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; (No other particulars.)
- August L. Hammer. Died April 27, '64, of wounds received April 23; a member of Co. C, 160th Inf.
- George B. Huron. Dec. 2, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H.
- Robert Hartman. 10th Cav.; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Veni Hoag. Jan. 5, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged '65.
- Robert Hoy. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; captured with regiment at Harper's Ferry; discharged for disability April 16, '63.
- E. R. Harrington, (of Lyons) Captain; June '61, 4th Kentucky Inf.; died at Atlanta, Sept. 28, '64; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Thomas Hooker. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died a prisoner of war; (time and place not given on muster-out roll.
- James Hill. Aug. 15, '63, 14th Art. Co. C; discharged Aug. 26, '65.
- Wm. J. Hanson. (No particulars.)
- E. H. Hartman. 2nd Michigan; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Henry Hoetzel. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Edward Hennegan. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died at Elmira Nov. 19, '62, and buried at Clyde.
- Eben L. Hill. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged Aug. 14, '61.
- John C. Hooper. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Dec. 1, '61; Sergeant Sept. 1, '62; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- John H. Heyney. 98th Inf. Co. K; died Aug. 13, '64, at Fortress Monroe, Va.
- Wm. Hastings. Fall of '63, 9th H. A., to the credit of Lyons. [Clyde Times.]
- Nelson R. Hinman. 160th Inf. Co. C; died at Brashear City, May '63.
- Wm. W. Ireland. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Ireland. (No particulars)
- Francis A. Ireland. Aug. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Sergeant April 1, '64; wounded Sept. 17, '62, at Antietam; re-enlisted Sept. 1, '63; discharged June 27, '65.
- Joseph F. Inslee. Sergeant; Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, '64.
- John T. Ives, 2nd. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Engineers; unassigned recruit; died Nov. 10, '64, at City Point, Va.
- Charles K. Jenree. July 6, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.



- Charles H. Jennings. 9th H. A. ; discharged '65.
- Morris Johnson. April, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged May 21, '63.
- John H. Jones. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged with regiment Nov 1, '65.
- A. W. Johnson. (Formerly of Ithaca, Tompkins Co., now of Lyons). May, '61, 64th Inf. Co. E ; promoted Sergeant fall of '62 ; wounded at Frederickburgh Dec. 13, '62 ; discharged Jan. '63, for disability, loss of left foot.
- Patrick Kirby. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '62.
- George Keys. Jan. 5, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- James Keys. Dec. 27, '63, 22nd Cav. ; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Henry P. Knowles. Quartermaster ; Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. ; promoted to C. S. Sept. 20, '64 ; (see Adjutant-General's Report, 1868) discharged June 27, '65.
- George Klump. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; wounded at Gaines' Mill June 27, '62 ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; wounded in the campaign of the Wilderness ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Theodore Klump. April 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability June 13, '62 ; re-enlisted 22d Cav.
- Jacob Keller. Dec 18, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. D ; injured in the service ; absent, sick at date of general discharge Aug. 1, '65.
- Francis M. Keester. July '62. 111th Inf. Co. I ; killed May 6, '64, battle of the Wilderness.
- Jacob Kelleo. 9th H. A. ; buried in Lyons Union Cemetery.
- John Knoblock. April 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; wounded June 27, '62, at Gaines' Mills ; discharged May 21, '63, with regiment.
- Michael Kearin. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63.
- Patrick Riley. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- Wm. Kreutzer. Entered service, Captain Co. K, 98th Inf. Oct. 28, '61 ; commission dated Feb. 22, '62 ; promoted Lieut.-Colonel Feb. 25, '63 ; commission dated July 20, '64 ; served as Ass't Adjutant-General of the department of the South from January to September, '63 ; promoted Colonel, with rank from June 3, '64 ; commission dated Nov. 14, '64 ; appointed by General Butler to have charge of the voting of sick soldiers in the hospitals of the department of Va. and N. C. Sept. 26, '64 ; same fall sent with the 98th to maintain order under General Butler during the election in New York ; April 4, '65, made Provost-Marshal of all that part of Richmond south of Sixteenth street, and held that position until mustered out of the service, Aug. 31, '65.
- Charles W. Kipp. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; discharged for disability Nov. 24, '62.
- Wm. H. King. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Wm. Knowles. 2nd Lieut. ; Nov. 13, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F ; transferred to 94th regiment March 17, '63 ; appointed 1st Lieut. ; not commissioned ; discharged March 19, '63.
- Conrad Kelleboore. Dec. 3, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; not accepted for service.
- John Kirwagen. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Robert Kackrietz. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Frederick Krum. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. ; captured and died a prisoner of war Dec. 25, '64, at Salisbury, and buried there.
- Charles Koester. Died since the war ; buried in Rural Cemetery.
- Joseph Leidinger. Sept. 2, '64, 50th Engineers Co. M ; discharged June 19, '65.
- Nelson P. Layton. Sergeant ; Nov. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E ; promoted 2d Lieut. Nov. 30, '62 ; discharged Aug. 25, '63.
- Wm. Low. Aug. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '67.

- Hiram W. Layton. Corporal ; May 1, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Sergt ; re-enlisted 10th Cav. March 8, '65, and promoted 2d Lieut ; wounded ; transferred to 1st Provisional Cavalry June 17, '65.
- John Layton, Jr. Corporal ; Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged for disability June 13, '65.
- Charles Lyon. Captain ; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; resigned Feb. 17, '64
- Robert Litzel. Sept. '63, 22d Cav ; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Charles A. Lake. July '63, 9th H. A ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Abram Lake. Nov. 26, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged Oct. '62.
- Henry Lake, Jr. Dec. 21, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; discharged, date not given, company records lost on the way from Washington to Harper's Ferry.
- Edwin W. Leach. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability Nov. 21, '62 ; re-enlisted drummer Sept. 13, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged for disability June 1, '65.
- George Livingston. Sept. '64, 111th Inf ; discharged '65.
- John R. Lake. Aug. 6, '63, 9th H. Co. A ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65, discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Ephraim M. Lake. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; wounded in the hand ; re-enlisted ; discharged in '65.
- Wm. Lake. Jan. 16, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F ; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Sept. '63 ; discharged in '65 ; died ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Daniel Leahy. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; promoted Corporal ; wounded at Cedar Creek, and died of wounds Nov. 17, '64, at Winchester ; buried at Clyde, N.Y.
- Raymond D. Lawrence. April 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- George Lehner. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '61 ; re-enlisted 22d Cav. Nov. 27, '63 ; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Frederick Lapes. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; died Oct. 13, '62.
- James H. Larue. Corporal ; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; discharged Jan. 19, '64, for disability.
- Daniel W. Lamson. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at Gettysburgh, also at Battle of the Wilderness ; taken prisoner and held for a time at Lynchburgh ; discharged June 3, '63.
- Lawrence Lynch. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Charles W. Latimer. Fall of '63, 9th H. A ; discharged '65.
- Samuel A. Lawless. Jan. 15, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H.
- Wayne M. Lester. Regiment discharged June 3, '63.
- Alfred Langdon. Dec. '63, 2d M. R. Co. F ; discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- James Landon. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- Charles L. Leach. Jan. 2, '64, 2d M. R. Co. F ; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Edwin Leach. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged in '65.
- John D. Leonardson. Fifer ; Dec. 14, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; re-enlisted Vet. Volunteers Jan., '64 ; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Leo W. Lounsberry. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; killed at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- Ephraim Loah. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- Frederick Lutten. 160th Inf. Co. C ; killed at Opequan Creek, Sept. 19, '64.
- George Long. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; transferred to Co. C 98th Inf. March 1, '62, as drummer ; (name not found on muster-out roll of Co. C.)
- Charles Lycker. Dec. 14, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64 ; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Henry Junor Lake. Dec. 21, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; discharged ; (muster-out roll says " Company records lost.")
- Franklin C. Larose. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; discharged May 23, '65.
- Joseph Loois. Aug. 4, '64, 3d Cav. ; regiment consolidated with 1st M. R. July 21, '65.
- H. M. Lillie. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.

- Major Levanway, of Dixon, Ill., left Lyons in '53 or 4; enlisted in a western regiment and was killed at Pittsburgh Landing.
- Cornelius Lovell. April, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Franklin Lutes. March 5, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; captured at Reams' Station, held about two months; transferred to 4th H. A.; discharged Aug. 65.\*
- Jacob Metzger. Nov. 26, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Gaines' Mills; killed at Malvern Hill, June 27, '62, and buried there.
- Frederick Myers. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- George Morey. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died April 3, '62.
- Lewis Merrick. 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- William McMath. Sergeant; Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted 2nd Lieut. June 13, '63; discharged Aug. 29, '64.
- John Mills. Sept. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Joseph Mills. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died Dec. 13, '61, at Brigade Hospital, Va.
- Charles L. McCumber, Jr. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal Aug. 3, '64; Sergeant Nov. 25, '63; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Eugene S. McCumber. Nov. '62, 13th H. A. Co. H; discharged Aug. 26, '65; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- William Mansfield. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corporal Oct. 20, '64; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Edward D. McElwain. Aug. 22, '64, Navy, ship *Manisett*; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- A. S. Mallory. Sept. '64, Navy; discharged '65.
- Jacob Miller. Sept. 6, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded April 6, '65, at Sailors Creek; discharged July 6, '65.
- Hiram L. Munn. Corporal; Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; captured at Monocacy; held till Sept. 25, at Dansville and Libby; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- D. H. Mann. March 20, '65, 192nd Inf. Co. D; musician; discharged with regiment Aug. 28, '65.
- William McDonald. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Lyman S. Manchester. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Color-Sergeant; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John H. Martin. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Jonas Morris. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- James Mahoney. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; severely wounded at Gaines' Mills, June 27, '62; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; was taken prisoner at Savage Station, June 20, '62; kept for a time at Richmond.
- Wm. A. McElwain. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died of wounds July 2, '62, at Gaines' Mills, Va., and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery. Edward Allee and McElwain are said to have been wounded by the same ball.
- George Matthes. Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corporal; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- William H. Moors. 9th H. A. regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Dennis McNamara. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Adolph Martens. May 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Otto Miller. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Dec. 29, '62; re-enlisted Aug. 25, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- H. S. Moor. 1st Lieutenant; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; resigned Nov. 10, '62.
- Michael Metzger. (No particulars.)
- Frederick Metzger. Dec. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

\* Mr. Lutes wears a medal of honor granted by Congress as a reward of merit for the capture of a stand of colors and one of the color guard of the 41st Alabama, March 30, 1865, near Five Fo r

- Peter McCall. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died of sickness May '63, in Brashear City, La., and buried there.
- Jacob Munson. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- Thomas Murphy. Dec. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged Dec. 2, '62, for disability.
- Orson Marsh. Corporal; Dec. 6, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment consolidated with 94th Inf. March '63.
- John Murphy. Jan 3, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment united with 94th March '63.
- Patrick Mulrooney. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Port Hudson May 27, '63.
- Joseph Morgan. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Frederick Myers. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Edwin McOmber. Nov. 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Ambros S. Mallory. Sept. '64, Naval Service.
- James P. McElwain. 123d Ohio; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- J. Horton Miller. 160th Inf; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Charles Manters. '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; wounded at Cold Harbor June '64; discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles H. Moore. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Henry F. McIntyre. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability '64.
- Charles Miller. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Charles Narkow. Aug. '62, 160th Inf; discharged Aug. '64.
- Frederick Narkow. Oct. 16, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; captured and died in Salisbury prison Jan. 28, '65, and buried there.
- Daniel L. Norton. 1st Lieutenant; Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; resigned Sept. 19, '62.
- John Neighbor. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64; killed at Chapin's Farm, Va. Sept. 29, '64.
- Charles Nolte. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged April 9, '62, for disability.
- Frederick Noskow. Nov. 26, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 27, '62, for disability.
- Charles Noskow. Nov. 26, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded; discharged for disability, date not given on muster out roll.
- William Newson. Mass. Regt; died in the service; buried in Rural Cemetery.
- L. Nicoll. 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; regiment discharged June 6, '65.
- John G. Omens. Nov. '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64; promoted Sergeant; twice wounded; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Frederick J. Osburn. Oct. 10, '63, 2nd H. A.; died Oct. 4, '64, of sickness at Newbern, N. C., and buried there.
- August Ohmann. Musician; Sept. '61, 57th Inf.; transferred to Invalid Corps; discharged in '65.
- Irving Overholt. Sept. '64, 3d Art.; regiment mustered out by batteries from June 22d to 29th, '65.
- Charles H. Odell. April 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- John Ost. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged '65.
- Michael Oaklief. 111th Inf. Co. D; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Thomas Owens. Feb. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corporal April 6, '65; transferred July 25, '65, to 2nd H. A. Co. M; discharged Oct. 25, '65.
- Oster G. Osterhout. Aug. 27, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; killed at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- Michael O'Brien. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Charles A. Phillips, 111th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 3, '65.

- Wm. F. Petteys. 165th Inf. Co. C ; discharged Nov. 29, '65.
- Richard D. Pudney. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; wounded May '62 ; discharged May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted May, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment
- Martin Pflug. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; discharged for disability ; died since the war, in '81, at Sacramento, California, and buried there.
- Jacob Pflug. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Nathan F. Payne. Feb. 28, '64 ; discharged '65.
- Eugene D. Perrine. Sergeant ; Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C ; died at Lyons Dec. 24, '62, of sickness, and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery. (See Appendix B.)
- Thomas Payne. 160th Inf. ; regiment discharged Nov. '65.
- Norman A. Parish. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; promoted Corporal March 4, '64 ; wounded at Winchester Sept. 19, '64 ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Nelson Porter. Aug. '64, 9th H. A. ; died of wounds May 2, '65, at City Point, Va., and buried there.
- Stephen Peer. Dec. 19, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H.
- Alvin S. Petrie. 160th Inf. Co. C ; killed in action at Winchester.
- Ezra Prouty. (On pension roll of '83.)
- Henry H. Penoyer. Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E ; the 10th and 24th were united June 17, '65, as 1st Provisional Cav., and discharged July 19, '65.
- John L. Perkins. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged '65.
- Charles A. Phillips. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged '65.
- Henry Porter. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; killed June 6, '64, at Cold Harbor, and buried there.
- Charles A. Puffer. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Rev. Wm. Putnam. Fall of '62, 160th, Captain Rogers' Company, as a private ; appointed Chaplain ; commission dated Oct. 7, '63 ; resigned March 10, '64.
- Alonzo Patney. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; promoted Corporal ; killed May 16, '64, at Drury's Bluff.
- Sir Lyman Perrin. Nov. 29, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; taken prisoner at Turkey Bend, Va., July '62 ; escaped ; discharged for disability Oct. 14, '62.
- Wm. H. Perrin. Dec. 17, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; killed June 3, '64, at Cold Harbor.
- Byron Peer. Jan. 13, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F.
- Samuel Peer. Jan. 17, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F ; regiment united with 94th March '63.
- Henry Potter. Nov. 29, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- John Paylor. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corporal Jan. '63 ; taken prisoner Sept. 15, '62, at Harper's Ferry ; discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Alvin S. Petrie. 160th Inf. Co. C ; killed at Copequan Creek, Sept. 19, '64.
- Patrick F. Patrick. Aug. 3, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged June 4, '65.
- Parker. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Rev. C. H. Platt. Chaplain ; June 3, '61, 28th Inf. ; resigned Sept. 13, '62 ; died since the war ; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- George Painter. March 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; wounded Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek, in the right arm ; discharged May 17, '65.
- Samuel S. Plass. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '65.
- Theodore Quick. Nov. '63, 9th H. A. ; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 24, '64 ; discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
- Charles Quick. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. ; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- James Quinn. 160th Inf. Co. C ; wounded Oct. 19, '64 ; discharged '65.
- William Robinson. Oct. '63, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. C. Robinson. Oct. '64, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 27, '65.
- Gideon Robinson. April, '61, 27th Inf. ; discharged May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted 160th Inf. '64.
- Hiram C. Rogers. Went out with the 160th as Sutler.

- Jacob Rodenbach. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; disabled in hand and arm June 27, '62, and discharged for disability Oct. 28, '62; taken prisoner at Savage Station June 30, '62, and held at Richmond thirty-four days.
- Samuel C. Redgrave. 2nd Lieut.; Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted 1st Lieut. April 14, '63; resigned April 1, '64.
- Douglass Remsen. Sept. '64; Navy; ship *Vanderbilt*; discharged '65; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Bartlett R. Rogers. Captain; Sept. 3, '62; 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 20, '63; afterwards served as Sheriff of Wayne county; died since the war, June 10, '80; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- John C. Rogers. Corporal; Sept. 5, '62; 160th Inf. Co. C; transferred May 4, '64, to V. R. Corps.
- Lyman A. Rogers. 2nd Lieut.; Oct. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted 1st Lieut. Oct. 20, '62; Captain Jan. 8, '64; died July 10, '64, of wounds received in battle of Cold Harbor, and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Luther S. Rogers. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; killed in the Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Barney Ridder. Oct. '62, 57th Inf.; died Sept. 14, '64, of sickness, and buried at Washington.
- Thomas Reynolds. Feb. 28, '65, 22nd Cav.; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- B. W. Roys. May, '61, 2nd Michigan Regiment; re-enlisted 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- J. Sidney Roys. Wagoner; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corporal May, '64; Sergeant Dec. '64; 1st Sergeant Feb. '65; discharged July 6, '65.
- Patrick Ryan. Oct. 5, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Daniel W. Roys. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; captured and held in prison at Dansville; died after release Feb. 11, '65, from effects of starvation, and buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Nathan Richmond. Aug. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Hosmer Richmond. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- George Richmond. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died Oct. 21, '63, at Alexandria, Va.
- Charles E. Rogers. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died of typhoid fever Feb. 26, '63, at New Orleans, and buried there.
- William Roehrig. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- George C. Rooker. April 26, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '63; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Henry Rooker. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William H. Rooker. Corporal; April 22, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant June 1, '62; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; injured by explosion of a shell at Fredricksburg.
- Merritt Reniff. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- John Rooker. Corporal; Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Wm. H. Rogers. Oct. '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted 2d Lieut. April 30, '62, commission dating July 18, '62; 1st Lieut. June 24, '62, commission dated Sept. 28, '62; Captain May 2, '63, commission dating Dec. 4, '63; Major June 4, '64, commission dating Sept. 16, '64; Lieut.-Col. April 3, '65, commissioned Sept. 11, '65; not mustered as Lieut.-Col; discharged with the regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Edward E. Ryan. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Reynolds. (Pension roll of '83.)
- John Reynolds. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Billings Reynolds. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.

- David Richardson. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Co. D.
- Benjamin Rich. Dec. 21, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H.
- John Rich. Sept. 27, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged '65.
- Isaac Reynolds. Dec. 7, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- James Ross. 9th Art; discharged July 6, '65.
- James Rice. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. F; captured with regiment at Harper's Ferry; discharged Nov. '65.
- G. H. Randall. Sept. 8, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Edwin Richmond. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; captured Oct. 30 on picket line before Petersburg; held about five months at Salisbury and Libby; discharged June 24, '65.
- George M. Risedolph. Aug. 8, '61, 50th Engineers Co. B; discharged June 29, '65.
- Charles Reynolds. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Aug. '62.
- Michael Reinwall. Dec. 13, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; not accepted for service.
- John W. Rice. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A.; appointed 1st Lieutenant, rank dating April 9, '64; discharged June 27, '65.
- John Rich. Aug. 6, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John Rooker. Buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- William Richards. (No particulars obtained.)
- Michael Rankert. Aug. 29, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability June 1, '65.
- Myron Ringer. Feb. 11, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Dec. 19, '64, and died not long after; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Alonzo Ringer. Feb. 11, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, '64; absent, by reason of sickness at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- George Root. Oct. '61, 75th Inf.; discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- Gustavus Ritter. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63.
- John Rinker. July '62, 108th Inf.; killed July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh, and buried there.
- Charles H. Roys. Aug. 13, '62; appointed Captain of Co. G, 117th Inf.; promoted Adjutant Dec. 4, '64; the regiment was mustered out June 8, '65. Mr. Roys had just graduated at Hamilton College, and immediately went to enlisting men in Oneida Co. and organizing the Company. He was breveted Captain April 20, '66, U. S. V. for gallant conduct at Fort Fisher; Major U. S. V. June 20, '66.\*
- B. Rudd. Oct. '61, 98th Inf.; promoted 2nd Lieut. May 22, '62; discharged Oct. 22, '62.
- James H. Rudd. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; mustered out of U. S. service July 6, '65, at Fort Slocum, and July 21, from State service, at Syracuse.
- Philip Strohm. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Opequan Creek, Sept. 19, '64.
- Byron Stuver. Aug. 16, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged May 14, '65, for disability.
- Eli Sparks. Aug. 16, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability May 30, '65.
- Melvin B. Sterrett. Aug. '63; discharged '65.
- Job Sherman. 9th H. A. discharged July 6, '65.
- John Sherwood. July 17, '63, 76th Inf.; transferred to 147th; regiment discharged June 7, '65.
- William W. Sharp. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died Oct. 6, '62, of sickness at Chicago, Parole Camp Douglass, and buried at Lyons South Cemetery.
- Thomas H. Supple. Dec. 2, '63, 13th H. A.; transferred to U. S. Art.

\* Mr. Roys has a sword presented to him by Major-General Terry, Jan. 15, 1865—a sword captured from the rebels in the action at Fort Fisher. He was retained by the War Department as a mustering out officer, with headquarters at Raleigh, N. C., until October, 1865.

- Jacob Sebring. Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; transferred to V. R. C. June 17, '64.
- William B. Soggs. Dec. 31, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Warren T. Sherman. Sergeant; Nov. '62, 160th Inf; promoted Sergt.-Major; discharged '63 for disability.
- Frank Smith. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability, date not given on muster-out roll.
- George Starks. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability June 9, '65.
- George Satterlee. Aug. 25, '64, 160 Inf. Co. C; discharged June 1, '65, for disability.
- Phillip Sailor. Aug. '61, 98th Co F; killed at Chapen's Farm Sept. 29, '64.
- Henry Segrist. Dec. '61. (No further particulars.)
- James A. Smith. Trumpeter; Dec. 9, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; died in the service, date and place not given on muster-out roll, company records lost.
- George H. Smith. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Jan. 7, '63.
- George N. Smith. Dec. 14, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H.
- Robert Sillinan. Fall '63, 9th H. A. to the Credit of Lyons [*Clyde Times*].
- Charles H. Smith. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Frederick Studer. Dec. 22, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H.
- Jacob Searing. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Wm. H. Stone. Jan. 4, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged, date not given on muster-out roll, company records lost on the way from Washington to Harper's Ferry.
- Wm. Smith. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; severely wounded at Gaines' Mills, June 27, '62; died since the war.
- Wm. H. Swan. 2d Lieutenant; April 25, '61, 27th Inf; Co. B; promoted 1st Lieut. Sept. 1, '62; Captain of Co. H. July 24, '63; resigned March 17, '63; died since the war; buried in Lyons Cemetery.
- Manly T. Stacey. Corporal; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; killed by accident Dec. 26, '63; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Ira Sebring. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability, date not given on muster-out roll.
- Wm. H. Stacey. April, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63
- W. W. Spinning. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Edgar H. Sherwood. Musician; Oct. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C.
- Frederick Sutter. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Cedar Creek.
- George Shean. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Shein. (No further information.)
- Wm. J. Shimer. July 25, '62, 111th Co. K; killed at Bristow's Station Oct. 14, '63.
- Caspar Spahr. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Spahr. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John T. Smith. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; re-enlisted Dec. 25, '63, 22d Cav; died since the war.
- O. M. Shepherd. 9th Art; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William Shattuck. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '61; Sergt. afterwards; mustered out with regiment May 21, '63.
- Timothy Sullivan. (No particulars.)
- John Schart. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- George Sebring. Oct. 31, '61, 98th Inf. Co. H; re-enlisted Dec. 31, '63, Vet. Vol; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Peter Schart. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Aug. 25, '62, for disability.
- Roderick Stewart. (Pension roll of '83.)



- Enos Schart. Oct. '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64 ; discharged May 15, '65.
- Joseph C. Sampson. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '62 ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Samuel C. Sherman. Oct. '61, 98th Co. F ; Vet. Vol. ; killed June 2, '64, at Cold Harbor.
- Philip Strohm. 160th Inf. Co. C ; killed at Winchester.
- Charles H. Sherman. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged May 21, '63, with regiment ; re-enlisted Aug. 13, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Leonard Snyder. Corporal ; Nov. 11, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; discharged Dec. 7, '64, for disability.
- Benjamin B. Sutphin. Farrier ; Dec. 25, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Caleb D. Sherman. Feb. 8, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F ; died at Fortress Monroe Aug. 12, '64.
- Henry Smith. Nov. 19, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; discharged Nov. 19, '64 ; died since the war ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- John Sherwood. Feb. 17, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F.
- Frank Schmidt. July 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; discharged March, '65.
- Henry Shelton. Feb. 17, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F.
- John Stetzel. 160th Inf. Co. C ; discharged July 21, '65.
- George L. Sharpe. (Then of Newark, New Jersey) ; April 6, '65 ; (fourteen years of age) ; 14th New Jersey Inf. Co. K ; discharged June 5, '65.
- John P. Shaver. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corporal ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Alfred Sebring. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; died a prisoner of war ; (time and place not on official muster-out roll.)
- Martin V. Sweet. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Philip Sailer. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; killed at Chapin Farm Sept. 29, '64.
- Henry Segrist. Nov. 4, '61, 1st N. Y. Engineers ; discharged Feb. 4, '64.
- Charles Shoeman. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; (name not found on muster-out roll.)
- George Schaub. 2nd Michigan Cav. ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Norton A. Spencer. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; discharged Nov. 28, '64, at expiration of term.
- John H. Switzel. Nov. 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B, discharged with regiment May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted 9th H. A. ; transferred to 2nd Art. Co. D ; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- George Spooner. Oct. 31, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; discharged Dec. 1, '64, expiration of term.
- Robert Sitphel. Sept. '63, 22nd Cav. ; a prisoner for some months ; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- John Silves. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- Augustus Swanderman. Nov. 15, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K.
- Plantz Spencer. (On pension roll of '83.)
- D. W. Sutherland. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; wounded May 11, '64, absent, sick at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- John T. Smith. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63 ; re-enlisted ; killed near Atlanta, July 21, '64.
- John Seller. 160th Inf. Co. C ; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Orange C. Stage. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. D ; regiment discharged May 21, '63.
- Edwin B. Smith. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Fred Stebbins. '63, 9th H. A. ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Amos Tallhurst. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- James N. Taft. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged with the regiment July 27, '65 ; died since the war, and buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.

- Edward P. Taft. Major; rank dating Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A.; promoted Lieut.-Colonel June 23, '64; Colonel Sept. 15, '64; discharged by reason of consolidation, June 27, '65; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Mark H. Thornton. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; absent, sick at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- George M. Frontman. May '61, 27th Inf.; discharged May 21, '63.
- Joseph Trumbull. Dec. 31, '63, 22nd Cav.; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Edwin Taylor. 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corporal; discharged in '65.
- Myron P. Tindall. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- Samuel Thorn. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; not mustered in.
- George Tucker. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Opequan, Sept. 19 '64.
- Wm. Thorn. Saddler; Nov. 27, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. D; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Thomas H. Tipling. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with the regiment May 21, '63.
- Larned Throop. Nov. 2, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted; discharged Aug. 31, '66.
- Calvin Taylor. Jan. 4, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- John Taylor. Jan. 4, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged Aug. 1, '65, with regiment
- Joseph B. Turnbull. Dec. 30, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- William Thomes. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- John Tipling. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; absent, sick at final discharge of regiment, Nov. 1, '65.
- Daniel A. Tindall. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- David S. Taylor. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- John Toohy. Jan. 22, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I; severely wounded before Petersburg, May '64; transferred to V. R. Corps Feb. 7, '64.
- Jeremiah Toohy. Corporal; Jan. 2, '64, 98th Inf. Co. K; missing at battle of Drury's Bluff.
- Enoch H. Tubbs. Feb. 7, '62, 105th Inf. Co. C.
- Dexter Trask. Dec. 29, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Benjamin O. Tindall. (No particulars.)
- George Tallas. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf.; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Henry W. Townson. (No particulars.)
- Uriah Utter. July 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- A. J. Vermilyea. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65.
- Geo. B. Voorhies. Sergeant; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted to 2d Lieut. Jan. 4, '65; discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65.
- Daniel Van Vorst. Sept. 8, '64, 142d Inf. Co. F; wounded at Fair Oaks; absent in hospital at general discharge June 7, '65.
- Charles Van Marter. Aug. 64, 3d Cav; and 1st Mounted Rifles united as 4th Provisional Cav. July 21, '65; discharged Nov. 29, '65.
- Byron Veer. 94th Inf; discharged '65.
- James Vaughn. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 27, '62, and discharged for disability Sept. 13, '62; re-enlisted Sept. 15, '63, F. V. R. C; died since the war; buried at Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Dewitt C. Van Slyke. Surgeon; rank dating June 3, '61, 35th Inf; mustered out with regiment June 5, '63; promoted Surgeon in Chief of Gen. Paul's Brigade, First Div; discharged July, '64.
- Jas. G. Van Marter. Captain: Dec. '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; rank dating Jan. 29, '64; discharged July 26, '64
- Abram Van Valkenburgh. 160th Inf. Co. C; died at Baton Rouge.
- Abram H. Vanderbilt. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corp. May 17, '64; assigned to Color guard; wounded at Cold Harbor June 1, '64; said to have been the first one reported to Col. Seward as wounded in regiment, lower jaw badly fractured; discharged Feb. 31, '65, at Lincoln General Hospital, D. C., by reason of disability from the wound.

- Jonathan W. Vickery. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. Vosburgh. Sept. 6, '62, 160 Inf. Co. C; killed at Opequan Creek, Va., Sept. 19, '64.
- Henry Vosteen. Oct. 1, '64, 1st L. A. Bat. G. 2d Corps, Army of the Potomac; discharged June 17, '65.
- Frederick Vasco. 160th Inf. Co. C; died Jan. 29, '65, at Salisbury Prison.
- H. D. Vosburgh. Asst. Surgeon; Jan. 16, '63, 8th Cav; discharged Jan. 11, '64; died since the war, March 25, '81; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.\*
- Wm. Vosburgh. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged April 29, '62.
- Wm. H. Vosburgh. 160th Inf. Co. C; killed in action at Winchester.
- Henry R. White. 1st Lieut.; May 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Captain Sept. 1, '62; severely wounded at Gaines' Mills, June 27, '62; mustered out with regiment May 21, '63.
- Alexander B. Williams. Appointed Paymaster Sept. '61, with the rank of Major; discharged the duties of his office through the war; settled in Chicago after the war, where he died.
- Joseph Welling. Colonel; 9th H. A.; appointed July, '62; rank dating Aug. 27, '62; commission Sept. 10, '62; resigned May 21, '64, upon Surgeon's certificate of disability.
- Geo. H. Warren. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; killed at the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- Geo. H. Walrath. April 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; captured at Fredericksburgh; discharged May 21, '63; died since the war; buried in Lyons South Cemetery.
- John Winters. Sept. '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged in '65.
- Philip Wakeman. Aug. 16, '64, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 30, '65, for disability.
- Charles Winters. Dec. '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; in service one year.
- Geo. Westmiller. Sept. '64, 111th Inf.; died in Andersonville Prison, Dec. '64.
- Lewis D. Williams. 2nd Corporal; Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Seneca Williams. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged July 12, '62.
- John Wallace. (No particulars)
- Wm. W. Waters. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged Feb. 23, '64, for disability.
- Michael Welch. '61, Mass. Regiment.
- Wm. Warner. Dec. 19, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. D; discharged Aug. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Thomas Walton. Dec. '62, 86th Inf.; taken prisoner; discharged Dec. '65.
- David Welch. Sept. '64, 65th Inf.; discharged July 17, '65.
- Wm. T. Welch. Sept. '64, 3d Art.; discharged June 17, '65.
- Jacob E. Whitbeck. Blacksmith; Dec. 9, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- David Westfall. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted a signal officer; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- A. B. Wheeler. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded June 16, '64; died of wounds July 23, '64, in Hospital, and buried at Lyons South Cemetery.
- Benjamin Wright. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- James Waddell. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died at Camp Douglass, Chicago, Oct. 23, '62; buried at Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Lewis Warren. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Charles Weden. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the arm at Gettysburgh, and subsequently killed in the same battle.

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\*Dr. Vosburg received so severe an injury at Gettysburgh (his spine being injured) that he never was able to rejoin his regiment, for when not confined to his bed or couch he walked with two crutches under his arm for a year or more, but still he was able to do hospital duty, and was immediately, on being discharged, transferred to Columbia College Hospital, Washington, where he remained until the last of March, 1865, at which time he settled in Henrietta, Monroe Co., and in 1870 removed to Lyons, where he died in March, 1881, having been here 10 years and 8 months, being 49 years old.

- James M. Watson. (No particulars.)  
 Lewis Whitney. 14th Art; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.  
 Charles S. Warn. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Orderly-Sergt; promoted Lieut in U. S. C. T.  
 David Woodard. Musician; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Elisha D. Wells. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 George W. Williams, Jr. July 5, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63, and re-enlisted Sergt. Nov. 30, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; transferred, date and company not given on muster-out roll.  
 Ernst Winters. Dec. 15, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; not accepted for service.  
 Isaac Whitney. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Ernst Whitney. Fall of '63 to the Credit of Lyons 9th H. A. [*Clyde Times.*]  
 Wm. Woobey. '63, 29th Conn. Colored; discharged '65.  
 Porter Woobey. '63, 29th Conn. Colored; discharged '65; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Philip Weaver. Oct. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.  
 Homer Weaver. Dec. 4, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.  
 Thomas D. Wakely. Sergeant; Oct. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Q. M. Sergt. Feb. 28, '63; discharged Nov. 18, '64.  
 George H. Whitbeck. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged May 16, '62, for disability; re-enlisted Aug. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to Co. A, March 19, '64; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 George Walters. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Cold Harbor, or in that campaign, June 1, '64; discharged Dec. 14, '64, at expiration of term; died since the war; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 John Wilson. Dec. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 12, '62, for disability.  
 Benjamin Wilson. (Pension roll of '83)  
 George Wissick. Nov. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded June, '64; promoted Corporal June 1, '65; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.  
 George H. Warren. Sergeant; Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed in action May 5, '64.  
 Minor Wiggins. (Pension roll of '83.)  
 Alonzo B. Wheeler. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; died of wounds, July 23, '64.  
 Benjamin White. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 J. P. Walker. 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 Alexander B. Williams, 2nd. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Bristow Station, Oct. 14, '63; died a prisoner of war, Sept. 17, '64, at Charleston, S. C., and buried there.  
 Charles Weeden. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed July 2, '63, at Gettysburgh.  
 DeWitt M. Weeks. Dec. 17, '63, 2nd M. R. Co. F; discharged May 30, '65, for disability.  
 Darius H. Welch. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 George Westmiller. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. died of sickness Dec. 26, '64, a prisoner of war at Andersonville, and buried there.  
 Conrad Wolmer. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 Francis R. Wood. Battery G, 1st U. S. A.; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.  
 E. W. Walton. Once an employe in the office of the *Democratic Press*, residing elsewhere when the war broke out, enlisted in the 49th; died near Washington, Feb. '62.  
 Myron H. Whitney. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.

- Martin V. Westfall. Nov. 27, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Anson S. Wood. Commissioned Sept. 10, '62, 1st Lieut. 9th H. A. Co. D, rank dating from Aug. 22, '62; promoted Captain May 21, '63, rank dating April 14, '63; promoted Major Jan. 13, '65, rank dating from Nov. 28, '64; breveted Lieut.-Col. U. S. V. for gallant and meritorious services before Petersburg, Va.; served several months as Judge Advocate of 3d Div. 6th Corps; resigned June 1, '65, at the close of the war.
- Thomas York. 3d Sergeant; Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Philip Yagel. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Jacob Young. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corp. May 30, '65; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Edmund Young. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Lieut. and transferred to Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65; buried in Lyons Rural Cemetery.
- Robert Zitfull. Nov. 19, '63, 22d Cav. Co. D; absent sick at date of general discharge, Aug., '65.
- August Zimmerman. Nov. 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- Wilhelm Zwilling. May 10, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- M. B. Zimmerman. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged May 21, '63.

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 MACEDON.

- Charles Allyn. (No particulars.)
- Charles Adams. Feb. 29, '64, 4th H. A; transferred to the 111th Inf. Co. A; Lost at Spottsylvania May 14, '64, supposed killed while on picket duty after the battle.
- Jacob Armstrong. Sergeant; July 26, '62, 12th Inf. Co. D; promoted 2d Lieut. Dec. 19, '63; 1st Lieut. Feb. 28, '65; discharged July 12, '65.
- Alonzo H. Asay. Sept. 30, '62, Mack's Bat; promoted gunner; wounded in right arm Sept. 19, '64, near Winchester; discharged Sept. 12, '65.
- Simon Anthony. 111th Co. A; regiment discharged June 4, '65.
- Addison J. Bennett. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Orderly Sergt.; killed June 28, '62, in battle before Richmond; burial place unknown.
- George S. Bradley. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; re-enlisted veteran volunteer Jan. 2, '64; captured June 24, '64, and died at Andersonville prison Oct. '64; buried at Andersonville.
- Allyn R. Billings. Aug. 25, '64, 124th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 16, '65.
- Jabez A. Blyth. Dec. 21, '68, 9th H. A. Co. B; appointed Captain Feb. 13, '64; discharged for disability June 21, '65.
- William Blake. Sept. '62, 33d Missouri; promoted Captain; discharged '65.
- Charles R. Blake. Sept. 6, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George P. Blake. Nov. '61; re-enlisted Feb. 14, '64, 1st L. A.; promoted Sergt.; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged '65.
- Homer D. Blake. Aug. 13, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Henry N. Burr. Feb. 18, '62; hospital steward; discharged in '65.
- Schuyler B. Bills. March 17, '64; no further information.
- Stephen L. Bills. Jan. 13, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Emory Beal. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Aug. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Seth Beal. Oct. '64, 9th H. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Albert H. Briggs. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability Oct. 26, '62.
- John Barnard. Aug. 7, '62, 1117th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability May 31, '63.
- Ebenezer Bennett. Dec. '64; naval ship *Wyalusing*; discharged in '65.

- Seth Blackman. Dec. 25, '63, 4th Battery, (Howard's); served five years in the regular army.
- Wm. K. Brown. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died at Alexandria, Va., Feb. 12, '63.
- Lewis Blackman. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability Oct. 25, '62.
- Wm. H. Bement. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed in action May 31, '65.
- Alonzo F. Bradley. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Frederick Burhey. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed before Petersburg June 16, '64.
- Mason J. Brant. Feb. 22, '65, 22nd Cav.; discharged Aug. 9, '65, at Winchester, Va.
- William Brookins. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- George Brookins. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- James H. Bump. July 29, '62; 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63.
- John Benger. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died at New Orleans Oct. 6, '63.
- Job W. Behart. 160th Inf. Co. B; died at New Orleans.
- Churchill Bradley. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- Andrew Bressale. Feb. 23, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- Charles Biddlecome. Aug. '62, 28th Inf.; re-enlisted 141st Inf. discharged '65.
- Benjamin F. Barnhart. April 7, '65, under Capt. Force, of Walworth; discharged April 27, '65; died since the war, March 25, '76, and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Henry Barnhart. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Franklin N. Cooper. Jan. 1, '62, 78th Inf. Co. D; discharged April, '65.
- James Cassady. May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. F; wounded in the hand; discharged May 13, '63, with regiment.
- John Copping. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; in the Harper's Ferry surrender; transferred to V. R. C., June 1, '64; discharged June 26, '65.
- Samuel B. Clevenger. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted Jan. 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; taken prisoner; exchanged; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Isaac Chaplain. Sept. 12, '64, 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles Carpenter. '62; Reynolds' Brigade; re-enlisted 1st Inf.; killed at Fredericksburgh May 2, '63, and buried at Macedon.
- Reuben H. Crosby. Aug. 26, '61, 85th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at Plymouth, N. C., April 22, '64; kept at Andersonville eight months, and died Jan. 4, '65, at Annapolis, Md.; buried at Perinton, N. Y. (Census of '65, says "The d—d rebels starved him to death.")
- William H. Coray. Feb. 11, '65; no further information.
- John Cowan. Dec. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Thomas Carney. Captain; Nov. '62; promoted; discharged '65.
- Robert Carr. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.
- Lucius Coon. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- James Coleman. Aug. 21, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability, July 24, '63, also said to have been a member of the 33d.
- John Colligan. 9th H. A. Co. K; Sept. 12, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '64.
- David W. Courtes. Pension roll of '83.
- James Corwin. Dec. 22, '63, 50th engineers, Co. K; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Emerson K. Chamberlain. Aug. 27, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged June 23, '65.
- Michael Dalton. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; captured at Richmond; kept a prisoner at Salisbury, and died Dec. 2, '64.
- Joseph Doofner. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*.]

- Thomas Dawson. Sept. '62, 160th Inf. ; promoted Sergeant-Major ; wounded at Port Hudson, May 27, '63 ; promoted 2d Lieutenant June 21, '65 ; not mustered as such ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Hubbard Dickinson. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Jerome Diver. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Job W. DeHart. Sept. 5, '62, 120th Inf. Co. B ; died Jan 27, '64 at New Orleans.
- David R. Doty. Sergeant ; Aug. 4, '63, 14th Art. Co. B ; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Lyman A. Essex. Sept. 14, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; re-enlisted March 21, '64 ; veteran volunteer same regiment ; discharged June 27, '65 with regiment.
- Jerome Freer. Dec. '63, 9th H. A ; discharged July 6, '65.
- Frank Foley. Sept. 8, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with the regiment June 4, '65.
- Loami Ford. March 16, '65, 65th Inf. ; discharged July 17, '65.
- Dennis Fitzpatrick. 17th Inf. Co. G ; killed in the Wilderness.
- Sylvester Forbes. Sept 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. E ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Josiah Francisco. April 2, '62, 11th H. A ; transferred to 4th H. A ; regiment discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Charles Fairfax. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; died Sept. 3, '64, at Andersonville, a prisoner of war.
- Thomas Fisher. Feb. 16, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- Peter Grattan. Nov. 7, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged for disability April, '62 ; re-enlisted Dec. 20, '64, 2nd Ohio Cav. ; discharged at the close of the war.
- Thomas Grattan. May '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; (no further information.)
- John Grattan. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Theodore B. Gould. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Barney Grattan. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Barney Glancy. Feb. 6, '63, 98th Inf. Co. K.
- Michael Griffin. Sept. 6, '64, 52nd Inf. ; wounded ; discharged '65.
- James E. Gould. Aug. '62, 25th Inf. Co. F ; killed at Spottsylvania Court House.
- Wm. A. Gildersleeve. Feb. 23, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- James Gibbs. Jan. 10, '65, 25th Cav. ; the 25th was mustered out June 27, '65.
- Addison Gates. Aug. '64, 28th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- William Gahn. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- John W. Gildersleeve. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Theodore A. Gould. May 22, '61, 28th Inf. Co. I ; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- George Groot. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- John Gilpil. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Daniel Hewitt. Sept. 22, '64, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability March 12, '62 ; re-enlisted ; died at Newbern, April 23, '65 ; buried at Newbern.
- James M. Harrington. Aug. 5, '64, 111th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 3, '63.
- Wilkinson Harrington. Sept. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability, Feb. 10, '64.
- William H. Hunt. Nov. 25, '61, 21st Inf. ; re-enlisted Aug. '63, 21st Inf. ; discharged in '65.
- John W. Hoag. Nov. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. E ; promoted 2nd Lieut. ; died Sept. 19, '62, of sickness, at Washington ; probably buried at Arlington Heights.
- Edward Hamlin. Aug. 9, '62, 126th Inf. Co. H ; promoted Corporal ; discharged '65.
- Frank Hooker. Oct. '64, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William F. Howe. Aug. 30, '62, 160 Inf., Co. B ; wounded before Port Hudson, May 27, '63 ; discharged with regiment, Nov. 1, '65.

- George W. Hoxie. In the company formed in Macedon to join the 160th; before completing the organization he accepted a captaincy elsewhere.—  
[*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Jefferson Hart. Feb. 28, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by companies from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- Charles Hannah. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- William Hay. Dec. 22, '63, 9th H. A., Co. C; died Sept. 30; '64 at Fort Simons, D. C.
- Edwin Hall. Aug. '62.—[*Palmyra Courier.*]
- George Hitchcock. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A., Co. C; transferred to 2nd Artillery June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edwin Harden. Aug. '62.—[*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Joseph Hermet. Aug. '62.—[*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Joseph C. Irving. July 5, '61, Iowa Cav.; discharged July '64.
- Benjamin Isler. Jan. 22, '64, 9th H. A., Co. C; transferred to 2nd Artillery, June 27, '64; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '69.
- Oliver M. Jonsa. Dec. 20, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; died Oct. '62, at Chancellorsville Va.
- Frank L. Johnson. Musician; Oct. 9, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness at Key West Aug. 20, '63, and buried there.
- Jamea N. Jenks. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64.
- Leroy Jones. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- William John. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Lewia Knowles. July 5, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed before Richmond June 28, '62, in battle, and burial place unknown.
- Thomas Kane. Feb. 10, '64, 1st Cav., (1st and 15th united June 17, '65, as 2nd Provisional Cav.); discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Patrick Kelly. May 6, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A.
- Edward E. Kent. July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal; transferred to Invalid Corps; appointed ward master in hospital; wounded in battle of Gettysburgh; discharged June 3, '65.
- William O. Kasson. Sept. '61; wounded by a ball through the left ear; discharged Sept. '64.
- Charles A. Kaalar. Feb. 26, '64, 27th Michigan; wounded in his right arm before Petersburg; discharged in '65.
- Darwin Keely. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Sheldon Keely. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- John Kandeas. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Keeves. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Thomas Lincoln. Aug. 18, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died of sickness March 10, '63; buried at Brasier City, La.
- Edward Lincoln. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability July 10, '63, and died at New Orleans July 27, '63; buried at New Orleans.
- I. B. Lapham. Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C; died at Alexandria of sickness June 17, '64, and buried at Farmington, N. Y.
- Reuben Lamb. Aug. 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Orin C. Lapham. Corporal; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. June 1, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John W. Lough. Jan. 13, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John F. Lawrence. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Feb. 28; '63; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Thomas W. Lathrop. Aug. '62; [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Victor Leroux. Aug. 15, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Feb. 28, '63; and Sergt. Sept. 1, '63; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- William Mitchell. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded at Monocacy, discharged from Baltimore Hospital June 16, '65, for disability



- Matthew Mills. Jan. 9, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C; killed at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- George Merryweather. May 28, '62, 11th U. S. Inf; discharged May '65.
- Lafayette Mumford. Captain; Aug. 16, '64, 111th Co. A; appointed Major of 194th Inf., April 22, '65; mustered out with regiment May 3, '65.
- William H. Mott. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed in action May 31, '64, at Tolopotomy; previously wounded at Gettysburgh.
- Edwin Mink. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I.
- Thomas McKeny. Aug. '62; [*Palmyra Courier*].
- John Moore. Jan. 8, '64; 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Chauncey Morey. Aug. 13, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B;
- Charles H. Mervine. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Jeremiah Mahar. Sergeant; Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged at New Orleans for disability in '63, date not given on muster-out roll.
- William Norman. Sept. 5, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 3, '64.
- John E. North. Aug. '62; [*Palmyra Courier*].
- John O'Brien. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*].
- John O'Keef. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles Odle. (Then of Kaukakee, Ill.) April 24, '61, went out as a militia, Company G; three months service; re-enlisted June 13, 20th Ill. Inf. Co. G; discharged; and re-enlisted March 4, '64, same regiment and company; promoted Orderly Sergeant, May, '65; discharged July 25, '65.
- George Pitcher. Aug. 15, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- George Peters. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed in the Wilderness May 6, '64.
- Edwin Peters. Oct. 20, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; died June 13, '64, of sickness, at Macedon, and buried there.
- Joseph B. Packard. Corporal; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died at New Orleans of sickness, Feb. 4, '63; buried at New Orleans.
- Abraham L. Packard. Died at New Orleans.
- Joseph R. Packard. Nov. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died June 14, '63.
- Thomas Paul. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Jan. 10, '64 of sickness, in Oneida county, and buried at Oriskany Cemetery.
- Frederick Potter. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; wounded before Hudson, May 27, '63, and died at Baton Rouge, June 27, '63.
- Daniel R. Post. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Quartermaster Sergeant, Feb. 3, '64; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John Phillips. Nov. 11, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Benjamin J. Peck. Jan. 16, '64, 16th Art. Co. L; discharged Sept. 21, '65.
- Harrison F. Peacock. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corporal; transferred to 2d H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Jesse Pimm. March 1, '64, 75th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- David Risenburgh. June '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63.
- Thomas Ramsley. Aug. 21, '62, 160th Inf.; transferred to 65th Inf.; re-enlisted 5th U. S. Cav. regular service.
- Bernard Ripson. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*].
- James S. Roy. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier*].
- Philetus Ripley, (then of Marietta, Ohio.) April 17, '61, 18th Inf. Ohio, Co. B; served four months and fifteen days; discharged; re-enlisted West Virginia Light Artillery, Co. B; discharged at Brandy Station, Va., re-enlisted same company; discharged July 22, '65.
- Benjamin E. Steele. Sept. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corporal; killed in battle March 28, '63, near Petersonville, La., and buried there.
- William Sours. Dec. 27, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; died July 14, '64, of wounds received at Monocacy.

- Albert Stagner. Orderly Sergeant; Aug. 20, '62, 126th Inf.; promoted; discharged in '64.
- Jay C. Servoss. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; promoted Corporal; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Theron Smith. May 25, '64, 140th Illinois; discharged for disability Aug. '64.
- Menzo Smith. Sept. 5, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- George Stebbins. Oct. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; discharged Oct. 2, '64.
- Edwin Stafford. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; transferred to V. R. C. Jan. 19, '65.
- Samuel F. Sabin. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Stephen P. Soden. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed July 2, '63, at Gettysburgh.
- Jeremiah Shoefelt. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.
- A. L. Smith. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Jason Spear. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Joel R. Sweet. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Wellington Smith. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; taken prisoner; exchanged; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- David Servoss. Sergeant; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63.
- William Scott. Aug. 24, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability, July 24, '65.
- Henry Trotter. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George M. Turner. Pension roll of '83.
- David A. Turner. Aug. 12, '62, 126th Inf. Co. H; regiment discharged in '65.
- William Todd. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; wounded; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Noah Turner. Aug. 31, '62, 148th Inf. Co. K; captured and died in prison, Oct. 14, '64, at Charleston; burial place unknown.
- Henry Thompson. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Fernando C. Thomas. Sept. 3, '64, 3rd Art. Co. E; discharged June 23, '65, with regiment.
- Henry P. Underhill. Sept. 1, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; commissioned captain rank dating Sept. 1, '62; promoted lieutenant-colonel with rank dating Jan. 27, '65; mustered out with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Abram P. Vanderbilt. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- William A. Veder. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Albert VanSickler. Sept. 5, '64, 3rd Art. Co. E; discharged June 23, '65.
- Asahel Warner. Feb. 1, '64, 89th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 3, '65.
- Charles West. Aug. 8, '64, 148th Inf.; regiment discharged June 22, '65.
- Lorenzo L. Wheelock. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; appointed 1st Lieut. Sept. 1, '62; promoted Captain May 31, '65; mustered out with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- George Whitbeck. Aug. 18, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry D. Whitbeck. (No particulars.)
- James B. Washburne. Aug. 27, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged Aug. 23, '64.
- John Whitbeck. Sept. 1, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Lewis B. White. Feb. 26, '64, 3d Cav.; promoted 2d Lieut. Oct. 12, '64; not mustered; discharged with regiment at expiration of service.
- Giles Warner. Aug. '62. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Albert G. Wigglesworth. Aug. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 3, '65; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Stephen C. Waterman. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; transferred to V. R. C. Co. C; Oct. 29, '64.
- Pelatah W. Warner. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the Wilderness—in hospital at time of general discharge June 3, '65.
- Peter Wakeman. Corporal. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. Feb. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Samuel Whittaker. Sept. 5, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Thaddeus Ward. Aug. 27, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged June 23, '65.
- William Young. (Pension roll of '83.)

## MARION.

- Oliver R. Atwell. July '63, Cav ; (no further information.)
- Lewis Arnold. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged May 5, '65 ; died since the war.
- Asa Allen. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; died of sickness Aug. 27, '64, at Cairo, Ill. ; buried in Marion Cemetery ; at the time of his death he was on his way home.
- Elisha P. Allen. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; surrendered at Harper's Ferry ; paroled : discharged ; wounded at Gettysburgh in the knee and afterwards killed in the same battle
- N. A. Adams. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; promoted to Corp. ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John Adams. July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded in leg at Gettysburgh ; died at Andersonville, Ga., a prisoner of war, date not given on muster-out roll.
- Reuben H. Adams. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corp. May 1, '64 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Wm. H. Arnold. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; transferred to V. R. Corps Dec. 28, '63 ; died since the war at Amboy, Ill.
- George Brown. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Gilbert Brown. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Wm. H. Brown. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; re-enlisted Oct. '64, 2d H. A. ; wounded at Petersburg ; died Oct. 12, '64, of disease, at Springfield, Mass., Soldiers' Rest, and buried at Gloversville.
- Charles Bigelow. March 20, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- John B. Burrud. Captain ; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; commanded the company through its whole service ; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment ; died at Marion April 28, '83 ; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- James E. Brayman. Aug. '64 ; Navy ; (no precise information.)
- Albert H. Bull. Dec. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; wounded at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, '64 ; discharged June 29, '65 ; enlisted in regular service Jan. 7, '67 ; served three years and discharged Jan. 7, '70.
- Wm. J. Bailey. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; slightly wounded June 29, '63, at Stony Creek ; discharged Dec. 8, '64, with company.
- Ezra J. Brightman. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; died May 29, '64, at Fredricksburgh. of wounds received May 17, at Spottsylvania.
- Charles Bement. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corporal Oct. 26, '64 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Wm. G. Burrud. July 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; promoted Corporal ; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '64, and buried on the field.
- Frank Baylard. 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Gillis Baylard. 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Peter Barr. Corporal ; Nov. 30, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; promoted Sergeant '63 ; discharged in '64, and re-enlisted in same Co. ; final discharge Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- William Burr. (On previous lists.) Died at Palmyra, and buried in Marion Cemetery ; (no further information.)
- Abel M. Brightman. Sept 10, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- William Croucher. July 22, '62, 98th Inf. (No further information.)
- David Contant. In '64, 111th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corporal ; died of starvation in rebel hands at Salisbury.
- John A. Case. Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; wounded at Fort Bisland ; promoted to Corporal ; discharged March 9, '64, for disability.
- Carlton R. Cooper. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged May 5, '65.
- Ralph D. Chapman. (*Pension list of '83.*)
- James B. Cooper. Assistant Surgeon ; Wisconsin regiment. (No further information.)
- Paul Cunningham. (Buried in Marion Cemetery.)

- J. Cunningham. (Buried in Marion Cemetery.)  
 John W. Copping. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal Jan. 31, '64; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 Brainard T. Curtiss. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Sept. 13, '63, from U. S. Hospital, New Orleans.  
 Isaac Croucher, Jr. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.  
 Barney R. Class. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded Jan. 2, '63, while on guard at Mibodeaux, La.; discharged for disability June 6, '63.  
 Lewis J. Class. Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf.; wounded in the hand; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 William B. Curtis. Aug. 3, '61, 50th Engineers Co. B; wounded Jan. 2, '64, at Cold Harbor, and June 8 at White Oak Station; discharged Dec. 16, '64.  
 Lyman A. Congdon. April 11, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; encamped at Elmira; discharged May 5, '65.  
 C. W. Copping. Buried in Marion Cemetery.  
 Adrian Contant. Aug. 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. Sept. 1, '62; wounded at Gettysburgh; taken prisoner at Belle Island and Andersonville Nov. '63; held fifteen months; discharged June 4, '65.  
 Noah Cressy. 1st musician 4th Michigan, Co. F; died June 17, '73; monument in Marion Cemetery.  
 Daniel N. Cray. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded; absent sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65.  
 Roswell Coy. Corp. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness Aug. 10, '63, at Baton Rouge, La., and buried there.  
 Charles H. Curtiss. Oct. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B. (No further information.)  
 Benjamin Corey. Nov. 15, '62, 104th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Oct. '63. Died since the war, Jan. 15, '81.  
 Allen Dunn. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred Nov. '61, to Battery D; wounded at Chancellorsville in '62; discharged May 2, '63, with regiment; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I. Sept. 12, '63; discharged July 20, '65.  
 Stephen Darman. Served in the war; (no further information.)  
 Gideon Durfee. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; absent sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65.  
 Wm. Davis. Sept. 22, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; wounded at Culpepper, Va., Aug. 1, '63; lost an arm; discharged Oct. '63, for disability.  
 Horatio W. Dalton. Oct. 21, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.  
 Albert E. Deuel. May 1, '63, 9th H. A.; promoted Corporal Dec. 20, '64; wounded in right lung; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Leroy P. Deuel. Dec. 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corp. March 15, '65; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Alonzo G. Dailey. Dec. 3, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged Dec. 3, '63; re-enlisted Jan. 2, '64, and finally discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.  
 Peter Debott. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; killed May 5, '64, battle of the Wilderness.  
 E. James Everett. Oct. 2, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged with regiment Dec. 8, '64.  
 Washington Everett. May 5, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. June 20, '61; wounded in second battle of Fredricksburg; discharged May 3, '63; died since the war, Jan. 3, '75, and buried in Williamson Ridge Chapel Cemetery.  
 W. G. Eldridge. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged March 4, '63.  
 Joseph Eaves. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Edward Farnsworth. May 2, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Sergt. and Ord.-Sergt.; wounded at 2d battle Bull Run Aug. 8, '62, and died at Washington, Ebenezer Hospital Aug. 25, '62; buried in Marion Cemetery; first man that died from wounds received in action from Marion.\*

\*Sergt. Farnsworth, of Marion, died of wounds received at Centreville. His body was embalmed and sent home for burial. The funeral was held on Sunday, Oct. 5, at Marion. Co. E. 54th Regiment of Militia, under command of Lieut. John W. Corning, acted as escort.

- William Farnsworth. Sept. 15, '61, 27th Inf. Co. K; died Aug. 14, '64, at Cairo, Ill., of sickness, and buried there.
- R. E. Ferguson. Navy; discharged in '65.
- James Farnsworth. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; (no further information.)
- Henry D. Field. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Pleasant Hill, La.; discharged Oct. 7, '64, for disability.
- John W. Farnsworth. Dec. 24, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Henry Farnsworth. (Entered the service. \*)
- John H. Fillmore. May '61, Ill. Regt. 55th Inf; promoted to 1st Lieut.
- Wm. R. Fillmore. Sept. 19, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted to Corp. April 2, '63; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry Sept. 22, '64, and held three months; discharged from service Dec 8, '64, with company.
- Lorenzo J. French. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles P. Fletcher. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. Jan. 31, '64; killed at Opequan Creek, Va., Sept. 19, '64.
- L. Monroe Fisk. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; came home from Auburn on leave of absence, and died before being mustered; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Charles W. Fillmore. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. May 20, '64; injured May 16, '64, at Markville Plains, La.; discharged from U. S. service Nov. 1, '65, at Savannah, Ga.; from State service at Elmira Nov. 14, '65.
- Samuel Farnsworth. April 11, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged at Elmira May 5, '65.
- John C. Field. Sept. 16, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted 146th Inf; promoted Corp; died Sept. 29, '64, at Savannah, Ga., of sickness, as a prisoner of war; buried there.
- Wm. T. Goodwin. Feb. 14, '63, 111th Inf; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Frederick A. Goodwin. Sept. 1, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John Geer. Nov. 24, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. Nov. 24, '62; discharged Dec. 26, '64, with regiment.
- Charles Geer. May 9, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted to Corp. March 20, '63; wounded May 4, '63, at Fredricksburgh, and taken prisoner, held three weeks; discharged from service June 2, '63, with regiment; re-enlisted March 4, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.
- Henry A. Ganze. Aug. 12, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. Feb. 22, '63, and 3d Sergt. Aug. 22, '63; wounded Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek, and taken prisoner, and escaped the following night; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Thomas Geer. July 22, '62; 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corp. '63, and Sergt. '64; captured at Harper's Ferry; paroled; exchanged; discharged June 16, '65. †
- Oliver P. Henion. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted to Corporal; wounded April 9, '64, at Pleasant Hill, La.; captured and died of wounds while a prisoner, May 7, '64; buried at Pleasant Hill. (He was shot while climbing a bluff to make a charge.)
- Frank D. Hill. Aug. '62; 111th Inf. Co. A; died in Marion, Dec. 28, '63, of sickness acquired in service.
- Henry N. Howard. 69th Inf.; died Oct. '64, of sickness near Petersburg, and buried there.
- Wm. J. Hill. July 2, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died Feb. 12, '63, at Marine Hospital, New Orleans, of diphtheria, and buried there.
- Gideon Howell. Oct. '61, 50th Engineers; promoted to Sergeant; regiment discharged June 13, '65.
- Washington Hathaway. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; Sergeant Aug. 4, '63; 1st Sergeant May 1, '64; 2nd Lieutenant Jan. 27, '65; not mustered; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.

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\*Six of the Farnsworths were in the service, making a patriotic record.

†Three brothers, John, Charles, Thomas.

- Isaac R. Hathaway. Jan. 3, '63, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; killed in Ontario since the war, Jan. 23, '75; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Jonn D. Hunt. (Then of Marshall, Mich.) Sept. 11, '62, in the 1st Regiment of Michigan Engineers, Co. A; died in General Field Hospital, at Murfreesboro, Tenn., July 14, '63. His Captain wrote to Mrs. Hunt, "He was a man of excellent habits and a good soldier."
- Wm. Jay Holling. July 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; prisoner at Harpers' Ferry; discharged for disability; died since the war, April 30, '78, at Howell, Mich.; monument in Marion Cemetery.
- Alonzo D. Hill. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred June 27, '65, to 2nd Art.; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Vernon R. Howell. Feb. 15, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Monocacy Junction; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Arthur Hards. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 2d U. S. Battery Nov. 28, '62; shot while preparing for a march in the Shenandoah Valley May '64, and buried there.
- Wm. R. Harris. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Joseph Huton. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Oct. 12, '64; buried at Gainsboro, Va.; memorial record in Marion Cemetery.
- Irving P. Jaques. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Sergeant; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63.
- Harrison H. Knapp. Corporal; July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Sergeant Dec. 23, '62; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry; discharged from service Feb. 27, '65.
- Benjamin L. Knapp. July '63, 111th Inf. Co. A; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Milo B. Kellogg.\* Sept. 9, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Sergeant; a prisoner ten months; discharged in '65.
- Norton P. Kellogg. Corporal; Sept. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted to 1st Lieut.; a prisoner ten days; slightly wounded; discharged in '65.
- Lewis T. Kellogg. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, '64, and at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, '64; captured at Pleasant Hill, and held two and a half months; discharged June 28, '65.
- Geo. Kinyon. Corporal; July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted 1st Sergt.; wounded June 16, '64, and killed at Petersburg, Aug. '64, and buried on the field; shot while preparing a meal.
- Friend Kenion. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; transferred March 14, '64, to Veteran Reserve Corps, at New Orleans; was over sixty when enlisted; got a new set of teeth so they would take him; discharged in '65; died in '83, March 27, aged eighty-four.
- Wm. Lounsberry. 98th Inf. Co. K; killed at Cold Harbor, June 1, '64.
- Lee Lounsberry. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corporal '63; killed at Cold Harbor, June 1, '64; shot in the eye while looking over the breastworks at the enemy, and buried on the field.
- Wm. H. Lyon. 1st Sergeant; Sept. 29, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Orderly Sergeant; wounded in battle, April 9, '64, at Pleasant Hill, La., and died Sept. 29, '64; buried there; monument in Marion Cemetery.
- Henry Lyon. Corporal; Sept. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; transferred to Co. C, and promoted Sergeant Jan. 1, '64, on re-enlistment; taken prisoner June 24, '64; died in rebel prison at Savannah.
- Jefferson Luce. Corporal; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Sergeant July 15, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John H. Loafer. Jan. 2, '63, 98th Inf. Co. I; died since the war, 1867, and buried in Marion Cemetery.
- John A. Laing. 2nd Lieut.; Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted 1st Lieut. Feb. 4, '63; Captain, Feb. 20, '63; wounded five times, and severely at second battle of Bull Run; discharged Jan. 16, '65.

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\* Three Kellogg Brothers.

- Daniel F. Lovejoy. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- William Emerson Lovejoy. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to Invalid Corps Nov. 28, '63.
- David Lown. Jan. 8, '64, 1st H. A. Co. M., (Connecticut regiment,) discharged Sept. 25, '65. (Formerly of Norwich, Conn., came to Marion after the war.)
- Frank Labuff. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded Sept. 19, '64, near Opequan Creek, Va.; muster-out roll shows him to have been discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Joseph Labuff. Aug. 15, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal July 1, '65; captured in Red River campaign, held six months and fourteen days at Tyler, Texas; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Siméon H. Lay. April 11, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged at Elmira May 5, '65
- William Lang. Dec. 12, '63, Co. L 24th N. Y. Cav.; wounded June 24 in right shoulder at Cold Harbor; in hospital thirteen months, and then transferred to dismounted camp at City Point; discharged Aug. 4, '65.
- Edwin McBowen. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; discharged '65.
- George F. Musselman. Jan. '64 9th H. A.; discharged '65. (Had been a Mexican soldier)
- Henry Markel. Nov. 8, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded May 31, '62, at Fair Oaks; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Gilbert Mott. Dec. 16, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- Israel McOmber. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. and Sergt.; died Feb. 26, '63, of sickness at Hilton Head, S. C., and buried there. Monument in Marion Cemetery.
- Amos McOmber. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died at home Dec. 28, '63, while on a furlough; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Charles H. Munson. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed before Petersburg April 2, '65, and buried on the field.
- William H. Miller. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died of dysentery Sept. 4, '62, and buried at Harper's Ferry. First man who died in the regiment.\*
- Richard Mills. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65, at Elmira; had previously been in the service, but we have no further information.
- Edwin McKown. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Aug. '65; died since the war, Aug. 25, '75, in Ontario, and buried in Ontario Cemetery.
- Isaac Morrison. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Abner J. Novess. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged April 6, '63; re-enlisted March 26, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 6, '65.
- Wm. H. Norton. Oct. 24, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; died May 11, '62, of disease, at Newport, Va., and buried there.
- Joseph A. Newton. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to Co. F. Oct. 29, '64; promoted Corp; wounded by the fragment of a shell at Gettysburgh July 3, '63; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment; died since the war at Girard, Mich.; record in Marion Cemetery.
- P. Newton. Reported by the newspapers as killed June '64, and a member of the 98th Inf. Co. F; (facts not known in Marion.)
- Esbon B. Pratt. Aug. '63, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged June 3, '65.
- Reuben B. Parks. Sept. 3, '64, 111th Inf; discharged June 3, '65.
- Edgar G. Parks. Sept. 3, '64, 111th Inf; discharged '65.
- Charles C. Potter. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded; discharged for disability Oct. 19, '64.
- E. A. Percy. Sergeant; July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; regimental clerk at Col. Segoine's headquarters.
- Wm. Patterson. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A.
- Amos Parker. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died of typhoid fever Oct. 30, '62, at Parole Camp, Chicago; buried in North Chili Cemetery, N. Y. †

\* He was buried by Chester F. Sweezy, Edwin Parrshall, and two others, who were left to bury him after the regiment was ordered to move. In the hurry the intended military honors had to be omitted, and the dirt was thrown upon the body with boards torn from the fence for lack of shovels.

† He was expected home by the evening stage, but instead thereof came the news of his death.

- Charles P. Prentiss. Dec. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. May 21, '64; wounded June 3, '64; at Cold Harbor; discharged to re-enlist Jan. 1, '46, same company and regiment; final discharge Aug. 31, '65.
- Myron M. Prentiss. (Formerly of Marion) Cattaraugus Co. Oct. '61, 37th Inf. Co. H; promoted Sergt. and 2d Lieut.; died of sickness at New York City July, '63; buried in the Hospital Cemetery.
- James Quigley. '62, 160th Inf; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John T. Rogers. Corporal; Oct. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; promoted Sergt. Nov. '61; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. in '63; appointed bearer of despatches at headquarters of 19th Army Corps under Gen. Emory; was wounded at Port Hudson, La.; at Cedar Creek saw Gen. Sheridan ride in "from twenty miles away" on his foaming steed; discharged at Winchester Jan. 5, '65.
- Harlan P. Reeves. Oct. '61, 98th Inf.; promoted 2nd Lieut.; re-enlisted April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 3, '65.
- Edwin M. Russell. Nov. '63, 3d Cav.; promoted Sergeant, 3d Cav. and 1st M. R.; united as 4th Provisional Cav. July 21, '65; discharged Nov. 29, '65.
- Avery P. Russell. Major, 2nd Kansas Vol.; wounded at Prairie Grove, Ark., Dec. 7, '62, and died on the 12th; buried in Marion Cemetery.\*
- Whitney D. Russell. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Orderly Sergeant April 1, '62, and 2nd Lieut. July 20, '62; discharged June 2, '63; re-enlisted Feb. 15, '64, 194th Inf.; discharged May 10, '65. Mr. Russell, on being commanded by a rebel Major to surrender, broke and run; the rebels followed; Russell knowing the ground better than they did, led them into the Union lines, making 300 of them prisoners.
- Charles F. Radder. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; killed April 9, '64, at Pleasant Hill, La., and buried there; monument in Marion Cemetery.
- James Ratliff. March 11, '65, 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 17, '65.
- Stephen Reeves. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted artificer; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Prescott T. Russell. (Son of the late Judah Russell, of Marion,) residing at the West, was a member of Captain Norton's company 2nd Missouri Cavalry. He was murdered by Quantrell's guerilla band in May '64. The circumstances were brutal, atrocious, treacherous to the last degree.
- Joseph C. Reeves. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Sergt.; wounded; re-enlisted as a veteran volunteer; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- William Ratliff. March '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged at Elmira May 5, '65.
- Emery E. Raynor. Sept. 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; wounded at second battle of Bull Run Aug. 30, '62; discharged Nov. 20, '62; re-enlisted Dec. 5, '63, 14th H. A. Co. B; killed July 8, '64 at Petersburg and buried on the field; shot while preparing dinner.
- Charles I. Rathbun. Sergt.; Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Charles W. Roberts. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Dec. 8, '64, with company.
- William H. Rowley. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died at Thibodeaux, La., Jan. 28, '63.
- Allen S. Russell. United States Regular service; appointed Assistant Surgeon by Surgeon-General Barnes and in charge for a time of a hospital, Washington, D. C.
- George W. Smith. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Frank Savoy. Dec. 30, '63, 98th Inf. Co. I; killed.
- Albert B. Short. Drafted Sept. 20, '63; assigned to 97th Inf.; discharged July 18, '65.†

\* Major Russell was a native of Marion, but residing at Leavenworth, Kansas, when the war broke out, he enlisted in the first company of volunteers, and was chosen its Commander. In the battle of Springfield, when Gen. Lyon was killed, more than twenty balls passed through the clothes of Major Russell. In the battle of Prairie Grove he fell in the hottest of the fight, shot through the body. General order No. 98, issued by the Lieut.-Col. paid a high tribute to the worth and the bravery of Major Russell.

† Mr. Short was offered assistance to commute; the necessary sum of \$300 being tendered him, but he declined the offer and went into the army.



- Chester B. Smith. Nov. 14, '64, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged for disability Jan. '65.
- Peter See July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged '65; died of sickness in Marion since the war, Aug. 30, '68; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Ephraim Smith. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- George N. Sherman. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Frank Savoy. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George Starks. Aug. 30, '64, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged June 9, '65.
- Lewis H. Spooner. June 16, '61, regular army 3d Inf.; wounded at Gettysburgh; re-enlisted; discharged June '65.
- George W. Spooner. Oct. 31, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 1, '64, expiration of service.
- Byron J. Skinner. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. I; transferred Aug. '65, to 2nd Art; taken prisoner Sept. 19, '64; discharged Aug. 10, '65, died since the war, March 2, '75, and buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Alonzo H. Simmons. Nov. '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability and died May 13, '62; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- John H. Soper. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; died since the war; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- John H. Smith. Feb. 20, '65, 194th Inf. Co. A; discharged May 5, '65.
- Charles Surner. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability.
- Lawrence Surner. July 20, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged from service in '62; re-enlisted July '62 111th Inf. Co. A; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- George M. Swezey. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability Oct. 17, '62, from Camp Douglass, Chicago.
- Chester F. Swezey. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability Oct. 9, '63, from Elmira.
- Truman See. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Nov. 24, '63.
- Adrian Sanderville. Dec. 30, '63, 160th Inf. Co. D; killed at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, '64, and buried on the field.
- Thomas Stiggins. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; transferred to V. R. Corps Aug. 15, '64; appointed hospital steward.
- J. A. Smith Buried in Marion Cemetery.
- George W. Smith. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- Isaac N. Swallow. 89th Inf; killed at Charleston Aug. 25, '63; buried at Marion.
- Samuel E. Skinner. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded at Fair Oaks May 31, '62; discharged Feb. 4, '65, expiration of term.
- James A. Smith. Dec. 19, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; died of typhoid fever at Dand's Island, New York harbor, July 10, '62, and buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Charles H. Sanford. Dec. 22, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred May '64 to 2d Art. Co. M; wounded at Cedar Creek; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles W. Trumbull. Dec. 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 20, '65; died since the war; buried in Palmyra.
- James E. Taylor. Aug. 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died of sickness at Alexandria, Va., and buried there.
- James B. Vaughn 2d Lieutenant; July 2, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died since the war, in Florida.
- Van Buren Vaughn. Corporal; July 2, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; killed at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, '64.
- Charles Van Ostrand. Dec. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded at Cold Harbor June 1, '64; transferred to 2d Art. Co. L. June 27, '65; mustered out Sept. 29, '65.

- Adrian Vanhee. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. ; killed July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh, and buried there.
- Myron S. Wilcox. Aug. 14, '64, 104th Inf. Co. G ; died at Petersburg of disease April 2, '65 ; buried there. Died in three days after he was taken sick.
- Alfred T. White. Sept. 5, '64, 1st Art. Co. M ; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- Alvin White. Aug. 26, '62, 1st Art. Co. M ; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- Alonzo D. Williams. Sept. 17, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; promoted Sergt. Jan. '63 ; 2nd Lieut. April 3, '65 ; transferred to Co. C, Jan. 5, '63, having re-enlisted Jan. 2, '63 ; wounded three times ; discharged Sept. 16, '65. Died since the war, Feb. '83.
- Francis A. Williams. Drafted March 15, '65, and assigned to 65th Inf. ; discharged Aug. 17, '65.
- James West. Sergt. ; July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged for disability Feb. 12, '63.
- Charles R. Wood. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged May 5, '65.
- Albert A. West. Nov. 20, '62, 8th Massachusetts Inf. Co. H ; discharged Aug. 1, '63.
- George Wood. April 6, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; discharged May 5, '65.
- John N. Young. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; discharged for disability June 14, '65.

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- Alonzo H. Allen. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Horace F. Adams. Drafted March 16, '65, assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I ; discharged July 17, '65.
- Reynolds C. Atwood. May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. D ; discharged Aug. 29, '62 ; served afterward in the 108th Co. E ; promoted 2nd Sergt. ; taken prisoner at the Wilderness ; at Andersonville seven months ; wounded at Antietam ; also in the Wilderness ; discharged at the close of the war.
- Alvah J. Atwood. Musician ; July 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; transferred to V. R. C., June 22, '64, and discharged after eighteen months' service in that corps. Mr. Atwood had three sons in the army as seen in this record.
- Joseph S. Atwood. Orderly Sergeant ; Sept. 22, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G ; re-enlisted Nov. 13, '63 ; promoted 2nd Lieut. April 1, '64 ; captured on the Wilson raid ; shot by Guerillas after surrender or died a prisoner of war.
- Alvah Atwood. Drummer ; July 10, '62, 108th Inf. Co. E ; wounded at Fredricksburgh ; discharged at the close of the war.
- Silas W. Adams. Aug. 12, '61, 21st Michigan ; died of sickness Feb. 4, '63, at Bowling Green, Ky., and buried there.
- Ira J. Allen. Dec. 11, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; transferred ; time and company not given on the muster-out roll.
- Lewis B. Allen. Dec. 10, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H ; promoted Corporal Dec. 27, '64 ; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Alvin D. Andrews. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; mortally wounded at Winchester Sept. 19, '64, and died on the 21st ; buried in Ontario, Furnaceville Cemetery.
- John W. Bailey. Feb. 29, '64, 108th Inf. ; killed at Petersburg, June 19, '64, and buried there.
- John T. Burke. Captain ; July 10, '61, 20th Kentucky ; killed in battle, Jan. 2, '63 at Murfreesboro, Tenn., and buried there.
- Sherman A. Bigsby. Sept. 3, '64, 111th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- George A. Beard. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; wounded at Cedar Creek, Oct. 18, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John W. Brandt. Nov. 12, '63, 9th H. A. ; appointed assistant-surgeon ; discharged Dec. 16 '64.\*

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\* Sargeon Brandt was in active service among the wounded at the battles of Cold Harbor ; before Petersburg ; along the Weldon Railroad ; at Monocacy ; at Cedar Creek and in the general operations of the Shenandoah valley.

- Charles M. Booth. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. A; promoted sergeant; discharged June 27, '65.
- Jacob B. Brown. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; died Dec. 15, '64, of sickness while on a furlough at home; buried in Walworth.
- William Birdsall. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; detailed for service at Sixth Corps headquarters, Dec. 14, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65, at Washington and at Syracuse July 21, '65; now postmaster at Ontario.
- Edwin A. Bishop. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted sergeant; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- LaFayette Bettys. Dec. 12, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles S. Bailey. July 30, '62, 108th Inf. Co. F; promoted corporal; discharged in '65.
- Henry P. Brewer. Aug. 3, '61, 3rd Cav.; promoted corporal; discharged on expiration of service, Aug. '64.
- Nelson T. Brown. Aug. 30 '64, 111th Inf.; discharged June 3, '65.
- Mason J. Brandt. Feb. 24, '62, 22nd Cav.; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- George L. Burke. Nov. 10, '62, Battery K; re-enlisted Aug. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cav., promoted sergeant; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- James T. Burke. Dec. 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles Burdock. Sept. '61, Reynolds Battery; discharged with Battery.
- Charles Brown. March 10, '65; 5th regiment; regiment discharged May 14, '63.
- James W. Brick. Dec. 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles J. Brock. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded in the hip at Cold Harbor June 11, '64; promoted corporal Oct. 11, '63, sergeant April 1, '64; discharged May 31, '65.
- Benjamin Birdley. Dec. '61, 12th Inf.; regiment discharged May 17, '63.
- Evert Bastian. Oct. 15, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted corporal Oct. 20, '62, sergeant June 15, '64; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 2, '64; wounded at Fair Oaks; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Henry H. Brown. Oct. 21, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability; date not given on muster out roll.
- George W. Bostwick. Name found in another town.
- Stephen N. Cary. Sept. 15, '61, Navy; promoted Master's Mate; killed by accident April 22, '64, on Potomac River, and buried at Washington.
- George M. Church. Dec. 3, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; died March 21, '64, of typhoid pneumonia; buried in the Billings Cemetery, Webster.
- Philander N. Cooper. Aug. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Nov. 15, '63; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- Robert Carr. Dec. 19, '62, 160th Inf.
- Orin Carey. April 8, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. Co. I, June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Thomas J. Copping. Dec. 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. R; promoted Corporal; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Andrew Carey. Sept. 15, '61; discharged in '65.
- David Courter. July 24, '63, 76th Inf.; promoted Corporal; discharged in '65.
- Asa Clemons. Drafted March 16, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- George Courtright. Dec. 20, '63, 14th Colored Troops, of Rhode Island.
- James Collison. Drafted March 16, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 7, '65.
- Anthony Coomans. July 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Monocacy; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Ralph D. Chapman. Nov. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; accidentally injured, and discharged for disability Oct. 23, '64.
- Washington Chapman. Dec. 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; died July 12, '64, on his way to New York city; buried in Ontario Cemetery.
- James E. Clark. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.

- Augustus Cladle. '61, 108th Inf.  
 Allen B. Davis. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Jerome B. Diver. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; detailed at headquarters, office of the Judge-Advocate-General; now at Washington, as a clerk in Paymaster's Dept.
- Frank H. Diver. Aug. 15, '63, 96th Inf.; transferred to 9th H. A. Nov. 1, '64, transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George R. Duel. Enlisted to credit of Ontario fall of '63. [*Clyde Times.*]
- John H. Dunlap. Dec. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; absent, sick in hospital at date of general discharge, July 6, '65.
- Wm. Donahue. Oct. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged Nov. '62, for disability; died since the war, Aug. '72.
- Daniel Dunn. Jan. 9, '64, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged by general order No. 77.
- Joseph Derwin. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Emery Eaton. Oct. 19, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. '64.
- Joel H. Eaton. Aug. 24, '61, 49th Inf. Co. E; discharged Oct. 18, '64; died since the war, April 29, '82; buried in Hall Centre Cemetery.
- James E. Eaton. Drafted March 16, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- Frank Epley. Jan. 4, '64, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged Aug. 26, '65, with regiment.
- Charles M. Easton. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; transferred to Co. F, Oct. 29, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Benedict Eastly. '61, 108th Inf.; regiment discharged May 28, '65.
- Benjamin Esley. Aug. 15, '62, 140th Inf. Co. G; taken prisoner at Welden Railroad; starved to death by the rebels in Salisbury Prison, winter of '64-'5; buried there.
- Alfred Esley. (Pension list of '83.)
- Amos Farrar. Aug. 27, '62, 49th Inf.; promoted corporal; (had previously served in the 33rd Inf.); discharged with regiment Oct. 10, '64.
- Joshua Franklin. Corporal; Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted corporal Aug. 14, '62; discharged for disability April 19, '63.
- Addinger Foote. Feb. 27, '65, 140th Inf.; discharged in Feb. '65.
- Benjamin Franklin. Bugler; May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded June 4, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Harvey M. Foote. Sergeant; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted 1st Lieutenant U. S. C. T. Nov. 5, '63, afterwards to Captain; discharged June, '66.
- Nelson A. Fenner. Dec. 3, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Patrick Finn. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Byron W. Gates. May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. G; promoted Sergeant; discharged '64.
- Lyman Gregory. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment at Washington, D. C., July 6, '65 and at Syracuse July 21st.
- Truman Gregory. Captain; Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor; died in Ontario June 23, '64 of wounds received in battle; buried in Ontario.
- Ezra Gilno. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded April 10, '64 at Fort Mahon, Md., and also at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19th, '64; discharged with regiment at Washington, July 6, '65; and at Syracuse, N. Y. on the 21st.
- Jesse Gage. July 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor, June 3, '64; discharged Aug. 12, '65.
- Alfred Gates. Sept. 28, '64, 8th Cav. Co. B; detailed for service in the munster-ont department, at Frederick City, Maryland; spring of '65; discharged June, '65.
- Wm. E. Greenwood. 2nd Lieut.; Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; severely wounded at Cold Harbor; promoted to 1st Lieut. Jan. 29, '64; discharged Sept. 12, '64.

- Jerome Gardner. Dec. 5, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Isaac Granger. 111th Inf.; wounded at Gettysburgh.
- David G. Griffin. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged March 29, '64, for disability.
- George Granger. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 17, '65.
- Lewis Gardner. Dec. 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Horace G. Hill. April 17, '61, 13th Inf. Co. D; discharged Aug. 29, '61, as a minor; re-enlisted July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; Sergeant; promoted 2nd Lieut. Feb. 18, '63; killed in the Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried on the field; afterward brought home for burial in Patterson Cemetery.\*
- Calvin O. Hibbard. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor, June 1, '64, and died June 5th, on board steamer; buried at Yorktown.
- A. H. Harris. Sergeant; Sept. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted 1st Lieut. rank dating June 1, '63, and Captain Nov. 26, '64; wounded at Drury's Bluff; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Edgar P. Harris. Aug. 6, '63, 1st. Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergeant Jan. 1, '65; discharged July 2, '65.
- Henry H. Harris. July 20, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergeant; discharged July 20, '65.
- Charles Harris. May '64, 22nd Cav.; promoted Corporal; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Solon C. Harris.† May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Warren Hicks. Sept. 1, '61, 8th Cavalry; transferred to Invalid Corps; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. '64.
- John Hill. Serg't, Dec. 31, '63, 14th Rhode Island; discharged in '65.
- John C. Hoxie. Wagoner; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; promoted Corporal, Nov. 16, '62; transferred to Signal Corps May 15, '64.
- Cassius C. Hopkins. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; promoted Corporal April 1, '64; transferred to Navy, May 20, '64.
- Charles M. Hustin. Drafted April 10, '65, assigned to 65th Inf., Co. I; discharged at Hall's Hill with Company July 17, '65; died since the war.
- James Harris. Drafted April 10, '65; assigned to 65th Inf., Co. I; discharged July 17, '65, at Hall's Hill, Va., with Company.
- Murganzy Hopkins. Oct. 21, '61, 8th Cav., Co. K; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 26, '62; 1st Lieut. May 20, '63; Captain June 25, '63; Brevet Major; wounded by a pistol shot in the right arm at Barber's Cross Roads; discharged Dec. 4, '65.
- Frank B. Holton. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A.; Co. B; wounded June 3, '64, Cold Harbor; Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment, and at Syracuse, July 21.
- Thomas Hooker. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf., Co. D; died a prisoner Aug. 27, '64, at Atlanta, Ga.; buried at Webster, N. Y.
- Edson J. Harkness. Corporal, Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; and Captain in U. S. C. T., Sept. 22, '63.
- Jacob Hiller. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged July 6, '65, with the regiment.
- Alfred Hotchkins. Wagoner; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A., Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Almiron P. Horton. Sept. 23, '61, 98th Inf., Co. I; mustered out Dec. 7, '64, expiration of term.
- Stephen Jones. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment at Washington, and at Syracuse July 21st.

\* Abner Hill, his brother, went to Fredericksburgh in a day or two but found it impossible to reach the battle field. Returning a year later the body was recovered, it having been carefully buried and the place well marked. Lieut. Hill's company was suddenly attacked by a heavy force in the rear. Just as he had spoken to Capt. Seelye and was waving his sword to urge on his company, he was instantly killed by a ball passing through his chin and neck. His sword and scabbard were also recovered in a hospital at Washington, by a fortunate but almost unexplainable circumstance.

† Five brothers.

- Marshall H. King. Aug. 22, '63, 8th Cav.; died May 11, '65, at Lincoln U. S. Hospital of wounds; buried in Ontario.
- Matthew King. Sept. 15, '61, 8th Cav., Co B; promoted Sergeant; re-enlisted, '64; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- John H. King. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged July 6, '65.
- Anthony Koopman. Aug., '62. (*Palmyra Courier*.)
- Andrew King. 9th H. A., Co. K; wounded June 1, '64; discharged '65.
- Peter Laknor. Drafted; mustered in 97th Inf. Co. F, July 24, '63; wounded June '64, at White Oak Swamp; discharged with regiment July 18, '65.
- Peter Laknor, Jr. Sept. '61, 8th Cav.; discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Isaac Lackner. July 25, '62, 97th Inf. Co. F; killed May 6, '63, at the battle of the Wilderness and buried on the field.
- William Lofthouse. Drafted March '65; assigned to 65th Inf.; discharged July 17, '65.
- Elias Lockwood. Entered service navy ship *Carondelet*.
- Francis W. Ladd. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; died July '64, of sickness at City Point, Va., and buried there.
- Israel M. Lane. Dec. 16, '63, 2d M. R.; killed at Petersburg June 17, '64, and buried there.
- Stephen B. Lamphere. Aug. 8, '63, 97th Inf.; taken prisoner; supposed died in prison.
- Abram Louck. Oct. 26, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged June 27, '65.
- William H. Mott. May '61, 2d Missouri; promoted 1st Lieut.; died since the war.
- Andrew McGurkin, Jr. Aug. 4, '62, 108th Inf. Co. K; killed at Antietam Sept. 17, '62, and buried on the field.
- Daniel McCarty. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Nov. 12, '64, for disability.
- David S. Mack. Sergt.; Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 7th Inf. U. S. C. T., and appointed 1st Lieut.
- Cassius Millett. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf.; discharged July '65; killed since the war in Nebraska, March '83.
- Samuel R. Mack. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with the regiment, and at Syracuse, July 21.
- Joseph S. Merrick. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; discharged Jan. 31, '64, for disability.
- Miles Mead. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Eng., Co. M; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Charles F. Manchester. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged April 8, '65, for disability.
- Terry McGoodwin. Nov. 14, '61, 8th Cav.; promoted Lieutenant; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Lyman K. Morris. Sept. 28, '61, 85th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner and died Sept. 20, '64, at Andersonville and buried there.
- Hiram McKee. July '64, 8th Cav. Co. B; promoted Sergeant Nov. '64; wounded and taken prisoner at Cedar Creek; escaped the next night by climbing down the river bank and swimming across; discharged June '65.
- Egbert Niles. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Richard Niles. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Elisha Nivison. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 29, '65.
- John Negus. Feb. 25, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; taken prisoner at Monocacy July 9, '64, and held eight months; discharged June 29, '65.
- William Pye. Feb. 28, '64, 4th H. A. Co. H; a prisoner from August 25, '64, to Oct. 17, '64; died of sickness and starvation, Oct. 18, '64, at Annapolis, buried in Ontario.
- John M. Palmer. Sept. 2, '63, 97th Inf.; killed in the Wilderness, May 6, '64; buried on the field.
- Frank Peek. April '61, 98th Inf.; re-enlisted Vet. Vol.; discharged Aug. 3, '65.

- Edward Parnell. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; died July 13, '63, of wounds received at Gettysburgh; buried in Ontario Cemetery.
- William S. Page. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Gettysburgh, and also at Washington, May 31, '64, at Strawberry Plain, and died Aug. 3, '64, of wounds received in battle; buried on Arlington Heights.\*
- Alexander Payne. Dec 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B ; wounded Sept. 19, and died at Winchester Sept. 20, '64 ; buried two miles from Winchester.
- Oscar Palmer. Sept. 27, '64, 8th Cav.; discharged June 27, '65.
- Charles W. Pease. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B ; promoted 2nd Lieut. U. S. C. T., Oct., '63 ; transferred to Signal Corps May 1, '64 ; promoted 1st Lieut. Ebenezer Page. Corp.; Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B ; promoted Serg't, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Pearson. Aug., '62, 9th H. A., Co. B ; promoted Corporal ; died June 23, '64, of wounds at U. S. Hospital, Philadelphia.
- Almon J. Pratt. Serg't, Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B, and 1st Lieut. U. S. C. T., Nov. 14, '63.
- Jonathan S. Pratt. Aug., '61, 8th Cav.; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry ; paroled and exchanged ; discharged Nov., '63.
- George Painter. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B ; discharged May 17, '65, from McClellan Hospital, Philadelphia.
- Albert Paxon. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav., Co. B ; regiment discharged from 1st term Dec. 8, '64.
- Frank Pesso. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav., Co. G ; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Charles P. Patterson. July 30, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B ; appointed Colonel's clerk in October, serving until January, '63, when he was sent on recruiting service by order of the Secretary of War ; had previously been offered, after a brigade competitive examination, a clerkship in War Department, but declined ; returned from recruiting Jan. '64 ; commissioned 2d Lieut. Feb. 17, '64, of Co. F ; in March promoted Adjutant of First Battalion and appointed to the command of Fort Wagner, D. C., guarding the approach to the national capital ; went into the campaign of the Wilderness May 20, '64 ; wounded at Cold Harbor, June 1 ; discharged Sept. 8, '64. Since the war appointed Clerk of Wayne County Board of Supervisors, Nov., '71, and still in that office after a service of twelve years.
- A. Quinby. Sept., '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- James Russell. Sept. 4, '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John F. Rice. May 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B ; killed at Winchester, Sept. 20, '64, and buried there.
- John Ridgway. Dec. 23, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; taken prisoner and died of starvation in Andersonville, Aug. 25, '64 ; buried there.
- Andrew J. Raymor. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; discharged for promotion as 2nd Lieut. in the U. S. C. T. Dec. 15, '63.
- Charles M. Risley. March 29, '64, 9th H. A. Co.\*B ; discharged Oct. '65.
- Max Rouch. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; transferred to V. R. C. June 24, '65.
- Alfred Robins. Aug. 21, '64, 14th Battery ; Battery transferred to 1st Art. Sept. 7, '63 ; discharged June 28, '65 ; re-enlisted U. S. Regular Army.
- John L. Reed. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; promoted Corporal ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- James T. Reed. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; (no further information.)
- George H. Richmond. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65, and at Syracuse the 21st.
- James Ruffle. Naval service.
- John Ruffle. Aug. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; died of sickness at Fort Gaines, July 13, '63 ; buried at Tenelleytown ; first man who died of Co. B.
- Walter L. Rifenburgh. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B ; promoted Corporal ; wounded at Cedar Creek ; absent at general muster out ; discharged from Hospital.

\* Mr. Page died under circumstances of severe suffering. His attending physician saying to him that there was consolation in the thought that the suffering was for his country, he said, " Yes, I suffer very much, but I am willing to be torn piecemeal, joint by joint, while living for my country and for liberty."

- Alonzo G. Robb. Corporal; Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. B; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Benjamin Ridley. Dec. 25, '61, 12th Inf.; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted July 2, '64; regiment united with 5th Vet. Vol. June 2, '64.
- Harrison S. Rice. Jan. 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal Nov. '64; transferred Oct. '64, to Co. F; wounded June 16, '64, at Petersburg in left shoulder; also April 2, '65, south side of Weldon R. R. in left leg; discharged July 5, '65, at Philadelphia.
- Walter S. Smith. Musician; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; discharged July 6, '65.
- Jarvis L. Smith. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A., Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; second discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Hollister Smith. Sept. 25, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged at expiration of service.
- James W. Speller. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Adolph Segrist. Oct. 25, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; discharged at expiration of service, Nov. '64.
- Elias Smith. Drafted; mustered in March 16, '65, 96th Inf.; discharged Aug. 18, '65.
- John G. Scott. 25th Wisconsin; went out as Captain; died in Mound City, Ill., April 13, '63; buried in Ontario.
- David Sprague. Drafted; mustered in March 15, '65, 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Alfred Shorter. March 10, '64, 26th Inf. U. S. C. T.
- Morris M. Smith. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; promoted Corporal; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- H. H. Smith. July '61, 3d Cav.; promoted; discharged on expiration of service Aug. '64.
- Richard Speller. Enlisted in a Michigan regiment while on a visit to that State; died of sickness Aug. '64, in Alabama and buried there.
- Harvey Stanford. Sept. 8, '64, 8th Cav.; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- Daniel J. Stanford. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Sergt. Jan. 19, '64; wounded at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; discharged from hospital July 31, '65.
- Charles Stanford. Sept. 24, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corp. Jan. 1, '62; discharged Oct. 11, '64, with company.
- James Sage. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; died Oct. 19, '64, of wounds received at Cedar Creek; buried at Newtown, Va.
- Winfield S. Sanders, Sept. 17, '61, 33d Inf., Co. B; discharged June, '63, with regiment.
- Calvin Shult. March 16, '65, 193d Inf.; discharged Jan. 18, '66.
- Emmett W. Sharp. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war.
- Joseph Sage. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; discharged April 28, '65, for disability.
- Oliver Sutton. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged at end of first term Dec. 8, '64; re-enlisted Vet. Vol.; discharged June 27, '65.
- Jonathan A. Stokes. Serg't Dec. 9, '63, 22d Cav., Co. H; discharged May 15, '65.
- Henry Skinner. Sept. 16, '63, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- George E. Sanders. March 26, '64, 4th Art.; regiment discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Uriah Stokes. Sept. 9, '64, 22d Cav.; discharged—records of company lost.
- James J. Truax. Drafted March 15, '65, 96th Inf., Co. A; promoted Serg't; discharged Feb. 16, '66.
- James H. Thatcher. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; promoted Serg't and 1st Serg't; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Eugene A. Terwilliger. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A., Co. B; wounded; promoted Corp.; discharged with regiment July 6, '66.
- Daniel Q. Taylor. July 23, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; regiment discharged June 3, '65; re-enlisted in the U. S. Regular Service.



- Sylvester D. Taylor. March 28, '64, 9th H. A., Co. B; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Riley L. Thatcher. Drafted and mustered in March 16, '65, 96th Inf.; died Aug., '65; buried in Ontario Cemetery.
- Edwin L. Travis. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A., Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Jacob Vail. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Melvin Van Lone. Oct. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged to re-enlist Dec. 1, '63; discharged June 27, '65.
- Samuel Vandy. May 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor and at Winchester; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 12, '65.
- Abial Vandy. Dec. 3, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Alois Vetty. Aug. '62, 108th Inf. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Orlando Woodard. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Artillery June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edwin Warren. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Alonzo Wall. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Seymour W. Wooster. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; died Sept. 21, '64, of wounds received at Winchester, and buried there.
- William E. Wooster. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed June 3, '64, at Cold Harbor, and buried there.
- Walter T. Woodhams. Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. B; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; killed in battle Aug. 25, '64, in Virginia, and buried in Ontario. Had just re-enlisted at the time of his death.
- Owen Woodhams. Drafted March 15, '65, 96th Inf.; discharged Feb. 6, '66.
- Jerome Warren. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged from hospital at Rochester.
- Charles H. Warren. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. E; re-enlisted Dec. 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; appointed mail agent; transferred to 2d H. A. June 27, '65; discharged from Howard Hospital, Washington, July 5, '65.
- A. F. Wilson. Aug. 4, '62, 108th Inf. Co. K; lost one eye in the service; discharged '64.
- Henry Woodhams. Dec. 17, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Philo Wilcox. Sept. 10, '64, 1st Battery; discharged June 21, '65.
- John W. Watson. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Levi Williams. Drafted and mustered in March 16, '65, 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Feb. 16, '66.
- Charles Williams. Sept. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; promoted; discharged June 27, '65.
- Enos D. Willett. Drafted and mustered in March 16, '65, 96th Inf.; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- James T. Wiley. Sept. 8, '64, 111th Inf.; discharged '65.
- Charles Wiley. Sept. 14, '62, 75th Inf.; wounded in left arm; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- Homer Weaver. Dec. 23, '63, 2d M. R.; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- Edgar W. Woodworth. Corp.; Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Feb. 5, '64, for disability.
- Lewis D. Wolven. Jan. 4, '64, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Nicholas Worth. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles D. Whitcomb. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged for disability Jan. 15, '64.
- John Wilson. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Jacob Webber. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Wall. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergeant; discharged Sept. '64, at expiration of service.

- Milton Wooster. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John Wood. July 24, '63, 97th Inf. Co. D; taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64; sent to Andersonville and starved to death by the rebels Sept. 3, '64; buried there.
- Robert Warren. '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65. [*Clyde Times.*]

The following additional names are upon a list for Ontario furnished by Mr. Abner Hill during the proof-reading of these pages. It is believed that all, or nearly all of them, are in some of the other lists:

Thomas Doddswell, Anthony Coöman, Alex. Payne, Wm. Thompson, Silas Gage, Elon Russell, Joseph Atwood, James Conley, Charles Snook, Melvin Snook, Daniel Russell, George W. Bostwick, George Slater, Elias Potter, George Sabin, Wm. Perrin, James H. Perrin, Wm. Hobden, Richard Dillingham, Alonzo Robb, Stephen Carey.

#### PALMYRA.

- Samuel Adams. Aug. 28, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded near Fredericksburgh, and died from the effects at Palmyra, Dec. 29, '63; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Joseph S. Adams. Sept. 22, '61, 15th U. S. Regular Inf.; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; discharged in '63, for disability.
- John Allis. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Orderly Sergeant for gallant conduct; discharged Nov. 30, '62, for disability.
- Valentine Albright. Sept. 23, '61, 13th Inf. Co. G; discharged with regiment May 14, '63.
- Charles L. Anderson. Q. M. Sergeant; Sept. 20, '61, 1st Light Art. Co. L; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 1, '61, 1st Lieut. April 4, '63; discharged Oct. 29, '64.
- Gottlieb Albreze. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with the regiment June 2, '63.
- Robert Armstrong. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; (no further particulars.)
- Evander Aldrich. July 26, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; discharged Jan. 31, '63, for disability.
- John Adams. July 24, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; died at Andersonville, a prisoner of war; time not given in muster-out roll.
- W. Anderson. 9th Art., Co. H; wounded June, '64; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. Anderson. Aug. 7, '63, 1st Vet. Cav., Co. I; regiment mustered out July 20, '65.
- W. H. Arnold. Aug., '62, 111th Inf., Co. A.; transferred to V. R. C. March 25, '64.
- Judson H. Arnold. Sept. 28, '61, 1st Art., Co. L.; promoted Corp.; discharged June 18, '62, for disability.
- James W. Angus. Dec. 1, '61, 1st Art., Co. L.; re-enlisted Dec. 28, '63; a prisoner of war three three months at Andersonville; discharged with regiment June 17, '65.
- George Adelbert. May, '64, 97th Inf.; killed at the battle of Five Forks, first day; buried on the field.
- James A. Anderson. Aug., '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; discharged '65.
- Chester Acker. 9th Ill. Cav.; killed by guerillas near Memphis. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Oscar L. Allen. (Member of Garfield Post); wounded in the right arm.
- James B. Beckwith. April 28, '61, 13th Inf., Co. K; discharged Feb. 16, '63, for disability.
- Peter Barr. Corp.; Nov. 30, '61, 98th Inf., Co. I; re-enlisted Feb. 26, '64; promoted Serg't for gallant conduct on the field; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.

- Frank Boget. Aug. 11, '64, 111th Regt., Co. B; transferred to 20th U. S. C. T., Co. B; discharged Aug. 11, '65.
- G. A. Beal. May, '61, Cav.; re-enlisted.
- Wesley Barron. Musician; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf., Co. B.; a prisoner two months; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Charles Barron. Sept. '63, 1st Vet. Cav.; discharged '65.
- Wm. Barry. Sept. 17, '64, Naval service; Steward; ship *Lehigh*.
- Joseph Benedict. Aug. 27, '62, 148th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment June 22, '65.
- George Buntling. Sept. 5, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability March 1, '63.
- Albert Butts. Sept. 16, '61; 8th Cav. Co. C; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Oren Barrow. Drafted; mustered in Aug. 31, '63, 64th regiment; discharged with regiment July 14, '65.
- James W. Bromfield. Sept. '61, Bates' Battery; Orderly Sergeant; killed April 2, '65, at Petersburg.
- William H. Brown. Drummer; July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Nov. 12, '64, on a boat after discharge from a rebel prison, and buried at Morris Island.
- James Bromfield. Corporal; Aug. 28, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died at Baton Rouge, July 23, '63, of sickness, and buried there.
- James A. Besley. March 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Nov. 6, '64, at Andersonville.
- Henry Barnhart. Sergeant; Jan. 12, '62, 11th Mich.; died in Andersonville, Aug. 19, '64.
- Geo. Bogart. Nov. 15, '63, 14th Inf. Rhode Island; died at New Orleans, July 7, '64, of sickness.
- Wm. Beck. Sept. 16, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Sept. 28, '63, Co. I.
- William Burr. Member of Garfield Post; died Oct. 15, '61.
- Francis Barker. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to Regimental Band June 1, '61; served as Com. Serg't to June 2, '63.
- Lewis Baker. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with Co. June 2, '63.
- Morris J. Bullis. May 22, '61.
- Addison J. Bennett. Corporal; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed in battle June 28, '62.
- Charles W. Bennett. Sept. 21, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with Co. June 2, '63.
- James W. Bump. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; (Manchester;) killed at Gettysburgh. [Palmyra *Courier*, Aug. 8, '62.]
- John Birdsall. 3d Corporal; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt.; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st V. Cav. Aug. 2, '63, Co. I; Com. Sergt.; promoted 1st Sergt. April 17, '65; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Henry Birdsall. Sept. 21, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Clark Barron. Sept. 4, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Jacob Baker. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Oct. 25, '63.
- Martin Burkhardt. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- A. H. Boardman. Corporal; Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died of typhoid fever at New Orleans, Feb. 20, '63.
- Nathaniel Black. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- George Brown. July 6, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; promoted 2nd Lieut.; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- John W. Bortle. Dec. 15, '63, 50th Engineers, Co. G; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Charles T. Bowman. (No particulars obtained.)
- Thomas Brown. June 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.

- James Blakeslee. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.  
 Michael Burns. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability at New Orleans.  
 Patrick Bushel. Feb. 14, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.  
 Edward Brownell. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; killed May 14, '64, at Drury's Bluff.  
 Frank Bogert. (Pension roll of '83.)  
 Alexander Blakely. Nov. 24, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; sick in hospital at final discharge of regiment, Aug. 31, '55.  
 John Brown. Nov. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K.  
 Elijah Brown. May 22, '61.  
 Tabor Burrows. Nov. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; wounded July 30, '64, at Petersburg; discharged at Rochester April 25, '65.  
 Charles R. Birdsall. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; promoted Captain Nov. 28, '61; resigned May 22, '62.  
 Silas L. Benton. Reported by Palmyra *Courier* as formerly of East Palmyra, and killed in battle.  
 Willis Bailord. Captain Lush's Company, Newark. [Palmyra *Courier*.]  
 Isaac Bailord. Captain Lush's Company, Newark. [Palmyra *Courier*.]  
 John H. Brooks. July 17, '63, 15th Cav. Co. C; discharged Aug. 9, '65.  
 William Brooks, 2nd. Feb. 4, '64, 4th Art. Co. H; sick at general discharge, Sept. 26, '65.  
 Charles F. Biddlecome. July 30, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.  
 A. H. Bademan. Corporal; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died Feb. 20, '63, at New Orleans.  
 John Burns. Aug. 26, '63, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 Albert Berdan. Dec. 9, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.  
 George Brown. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Corporal, Sergeant, 2nd Lieutenant, Jan. 3, '63; 1st Lieutenant July 2, '63; and Captain April 25, '65; wounded at Spottsylvania, May 14, '64; discharged Oct. 8, '64, for disability; re-enlisted April 25, '65, in the 194th.  
 Adolphus Bennett. March '65, 194th Inf.; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.  
 James W. Bromfield. Sept. '61; Orderly Sergeant in Bates' Battery; re-enlisted Sept. 12, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed April 2, '65, at Petersburg, and buried on the field.  
 Asher W. Bishop. Fall of '62, 148th Inf. Co. K; taken prisoner Oct. '64; sent to Libby Prison; transferred Nov. 1st to Salisbury, where he died Feb. 2, '65.  
 James K. Bishop. Sept. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Feb. 7, '65, at 2nd Corps Hospital, Va.; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.  
 John Burger. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died at Brashear City, Oct. 15, '63.  
 Winfield S. Chase. Sergeant; Aug. 1, '61, 1st L. Art. Co. L; transferred to Vet. Reserve Corps; promoted 1st Lieut.  
 Fred W. Clemons. 2nd Lieut.; Sept. 9, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; he was the only commissioned officer of the company most of the time during the year '62; appointed Captain and Commissary of Subsistence Aug. 3, '63, by Pres. Lincoln, and served in East Tennessee as Chief Commissary of the Cavalry Corps under General Shackelford, Gen. Sturgis and Gen. Stoneman during the fall, winter and spring of '63-'64; was with Gen. Burnside's army, besieged at Knoxville in November '63; served further under Gen. Stoneman until the disastrous raid upon Macon, Georgia; assigned June, '64, as Chief of Subsistence to the 2nd Division, 23d Army Corps, Gen. Schofield in command; was promoted Chief Commissary of 23d Army Corps in the winter of '64 and '65; in March, '65, breveted Major and Lieut.-Col. "for faithful service in the Subsistence Department and for gallant and meritorious services during the war;" mustered out Dec. 6, '65.  
 Henry F. Culver. July 26, '62, 1st M. R. Co. H; captured June 5, '64, at West Point, Va.; a prisoner eleven months at Andersonville and other Southern prison pens; exchanged; discharged in June, '65.

- Wm. E. Culver. Captain Lush's Company, Newark. [*Palmyra Courier.*]  
 Geo. A. Culver. Corporal ; Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; promoted Sergeant-Major ; term expired Dec. 8, '64.
- Lorenzo Clark. March 13, '64, 16th Inf. Regular Army ; discharged '65.
- Andrew Cowan. April '61, Ind. Battery ; promoted 1st Lieut. Nov. 16, '61 ; Captain Jan. 23, '62 ; breveted Major and Lieut.-Col. U. S. V. ; discharged June 23, '65.
- Robert Cunningham. Jan 1, '63, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Gardner Chase. Aug. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded and in hospital after April 2, '65, till discharged June 4, '65.
- D. Hoyt. 2nd Lieut. ; Oct. 15, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; promoted 1st Lieut. May 22, '62 ; resigned Nov. 9, '62 ; acted as Brigade Commissary during May, '62.
- John S. Cray. Nov. 8, '61, 3d Michigan Battery ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Joseph W. Corning. Captain ; April 27, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; promoted Lieut.-Col. Nov. 11, '61 ; mustered out with regiment June 2, '63 ; appointed Colonel of 194th, May 3d, '65.
- John W. Corning. 2nd Lieut. ; Nov. 30, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; promoted 1st Lieut. May 20, '62 ; Adjutant Oct. 17, '62 ; mustered out with regiment June 2, '63.
- Wm. R. Carey. March 8, '65, 194th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corporal March 30, '65 ; discharged May 3, '65, with regiment.
- Henry A. Chase. Aug. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- C. L. Clapp. Sept. '62, 12th Inf.
- John G. Campbell. Oct. 1, '61, 1st L. Art. Co. L ; promoted Corporal ; Sergeant ; discharged Oct. 24, '64 ; re-enlisted March 20, '65 ; discharged June 17, '65 ; died since the war ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Howard Campbell. Aug. 27, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; promoted Corporal ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Wm. Cray. Jan. 1, '64, 22nd Cav. ; promoted Corporal ; discharged Aug. '65.
- Thomas Cunningham. Nov. 19, '63, 9th H. A. ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Howard Chase. Oct. 26, '62, 8th Cav. Co. C ; died at Washington, March 8, '63, of sickness.
- Alfred Coffin. Aug. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; killed at Richmond, Va., March 31, '65, and buried there.
- Lewis Camp. Sept. 21, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I, Aug. 4, '63.
- John Clement. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; wounded May, '63 ; promoted Corporal Dec. 1, '62 ; discharged with company June 2, '63.
- Henry Crane. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal Feb. 17, '62, and Sergeant Dec. '62 ; discharged June 2, '63, with regiment ; re-enlisted Aug. 18, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged July 20, '65, with regiment.
- John Corcoran. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 17, '62, for disability, and died Oct. 2, '62, at home.
- Michael Coonan. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; appointed Corporal ; died March 19, '63, at White Oak Church, Va.
- James M. Clapper. Sept. 3, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65 ; died since the war ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Lawrence Corcoran. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; wounded before Port Hudson, May 27, '63, and died from his wounds, in Hospital, at Baton Rouge, June 3, '63.
- Henry Crandall. (No particulars.)
- Wm. Chapman. In Reynolds' Battery
- John Ceider. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; wounded before Port Hudson ; discharged for wounds Nov. 20, '63 ; died since the war, March 30, '81 ; buried in East Palmyra.
- Walter Coffin. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.
- John Coppin. 111th Inf. Co. A. [*Palmyra Courier*, Aug. 8, '62.]
- George H. Culver. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; discharged for disability, '62.
- Wm. H. Cummings. Feb. 17, '64, 76th Inf. Co. G ; transferred to 147th Dec. 31, '64.

- Solomon Crowell. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability June 15, '63.
- George A. Clark. 8th Cav.; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Wm. Cox. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- James J. Chittenden. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh, and also in the Wilderness; transferred to V. R. C. Co. C; Oct. 29, '64.
- Hiram H. G. Clark. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal; wounded at Gettysburgh; right leg amputated; discharged for disability Nov. 11, '63.
- Solomon Crowell, Jr. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; captured with regiment at Harper's Ferry; discharged for disability June 2, '63.
- Joseph Crouse. July 27, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A.
- Wm. Campbell. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James Conley. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- W. S. Carrier. Aug. '63, 1st Vet. Cav.; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- George H. Clark. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died of disease at Belle Plains, Va., Jan. 10, '63.
- William Cole. Aug. 6, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- John A. Case. Aug. 25, '63, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability March 9, '64.
- Edward Coom. Sept. 3, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; transferred to V. R. C. June 30, '64.
- B. H. Crandall. Oct. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I.
- S. G. Cornell. Member of Garfield Post; wounded in the left hand.
- Isaac C. G. Crandall. Corporal; Nov. 6, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; disabled by typhoid fever in April, '62; served in hospitals at Yorktown, Va., and at Newbern, N. C.; returned to regiment Jan. '64; discharged Dec. 13, '64. He was in the engagements of Swift's Creek, Drury's Bluff, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Chapin's Farm and Fair Oaks.
- Wm. I. Chapman. Sept. 28, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.
- George McClary. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed July 2, '63, at Gettysburgh.
- Charles E. Carpenter. Oct. 1, '61, 1st. Art. Co. L; killed at Fredericksburgh, May 2, '63.
- Charles Cox. Dec. 31, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.
- Sidney Colvin. (No particulars obtained.)
- Lawrence Cochrane. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- E. Clark. Aug. '62, 111th Inf.; promoted Sergeant; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John Caniff. May 22, '61; discharged June 2, '63.
- Jackson Chase. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged March 28, '65, for disability; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Ambrose Culver. Sept. 5, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Jan. 29, '65, at Andersonville.
- Joseph C. Deming, Corporal; July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Bristow Station, Oct. 14, '63, and died from the effects Oct. 19, '63, at Alexandria, Va., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.\*
- Amos Drum. Sept. 1, '63, 14th Rhode Island; promoted Corporal; died Oct. 26, '64, of sickness, at New Orleans, and buried there.

\* The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Horace Eaton, from the text "Joseph is not." We quote: "Joseph was the first of his Company to fall. A minnie ball entered the inside of his thigh near the large artery, piercing almost through the limb." Demiog himself wrote the day before he died: "I was wounded Oct. 14th, at half past three o'clock. As soon as the firing ceased a little I was carried off the field to an ambulance and rode all night to Centreville. There Dr. Voshurgh cut out the ball. Then I was taken to Fairfax Station, where I took the cars to Alexandria Hospital, where I arrived at about 11 o'clock at night, Oct. 15th. I have suffered almost everything. I do not know what I should have done had not my old friend, Pelatiah Warner, been with me." His father, Dr. Demiog, hastened to his son's bed-side, and for a time the prospects of recovery seemed bright, but he died from secondary hemorrhage, Oct. 19th.

- David C. Day. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Jacob Danforth. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Jan. 2, '64, for disability.
- Ezekiel Dailey. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A.; discharged in '64.
- Royal E. Dake. Corporal; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. July 21, '63, Co. I.
- William Dillon. July 5, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63.
- Samuel F. Dennis. Sept. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- William B. Drake. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Sept. 16, '62; died Friday, April 10, '63; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Mason Davis. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. E; Musician; transferred to V. R. C. Jan. 3, '65.
- James Doran. Aug. 26, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Henry J. Draime. 2nd Lieut.; May 9, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted 1st Lieut. Oct. 3, '61; Captain May 20, '62; mustered out June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Nov. 20, '63; Captain; ruptured by being thrown from a horse June 26, '64; mustered out July 20, '65. Captain Draime raised his company of Cavalry at his own expense and by his active, personal exertions. He was detailed for several months from Sept. '64, as a member of the General Court-Marshall, held at Springfield, Illinois. Captain Draime had already seen military service and was prepared to render effective aid at the outbreak of the civil war. He enlisted in the regular army at Cleveland in April, '39, 2nd Art. Co. F; was promoted Corporal and Sergeant; discharged at Fort Hamilton April 18, '44 \*
- C. H. Davis. Aug. '62, 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Albert E. Deuel. May 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Philip Dusenberry. In a Rochester Company. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Henry Donk. Oct. 9, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; re-enlisted; killed Oct. '64, near Winchester.
- John Downs. (No particulars.)
- Henry W. Downs. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. H; wounded Oct. '63; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Michael Downs. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Fred Dietzel. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; wounded and died at Baton Rouge, La., July 29, '63.
- Elias Dailey. Aug. 14, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Thomas Dadswell. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; detached several months on hospital service; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Augustus Donk. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Bristow Station, Oct. 14, '63; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Joel M. Dean. July 11, '63, 15th Cav. Co. C; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Orison Davis. July 27, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I.
- Waterman Davis. Drum-Major; 160th Inf.; died at Baton Rouge.
- George Dennis. Dec. 3, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; leg broken accidentally at Lyons; discharged April, '62; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Parson M. Decroyft. Oct. 4, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Bradford I. Dean. Feb. 17, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the Wilderness; transferred to Co. F, Oct. 29, '64; assigned to Brig. Com. Dep't Feb. 10, '65 transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65.

\* Near the close of the battle at Fredericksburgh Heights. Captain Draime of the 33d came suddenly upon a company of rebels in a ravine. The 33d fired a volley and the rebels throwing down every thing started on a run. Captain Draime motioned his company to follow in pursuit. Only Corporal Clemons of Walworth, and private McGwinn understood or obeyed the order. Captain Draime riding up, revolver in hand, supported by the two men, demanded an instant surrender. He was obeyed and thus led in triumph to the Unton camp Col. Luce, of the 18th Mississippi, one Captain, four Lieutenants and thirty-eight privates. It was a brilliant achievement.

- George H. Durfee. Corporal ; July 13, '63, 14th Art. Co. B ; regiment mustered out Aug. 26, '65.
- Isaac Darron. Feb. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded in the Wilderness ; transferred to Co. G, Oct. 29, '64 ; to 4th Art. June 4, '65.
- John Doe. Feb. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded in the Wilderness ; transferred to Co. A, Oct. 29, '64.
- Andrew Dunn. 1st N. Y. Art. Battery M ; died March 27, '65 ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Francis Deyo. Aug. '62, 33d Inf. Co. B ; killed at Fredericksburgh, May 4, '63. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Sidney S. Darling. Fall of '64, Naval service, [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Gilbert F. Everson. Sergeant ; May 3, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability Jan. 23, '62.
- Calvin C. Everson. Feb. 13, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; Sergeant ; discharged in June, '65, at Elmira.
- Jacob Eigler. Sept. '61, 8th Cav. ; re-enlisted ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Jacob Edick. Gun shot wounds ; both thighs ; (see pension roll of '83.)
- G. W. Ennis. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded June 22, '64 ; transferred to Co. G, V. R. C. Oct. 29, '64.
- John Erhart. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Michael Ehert. Nov. 28, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Michael Ebert. Aug. 26, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B ; wounded at Fredericksburgh ; transferred May 13, '63, to the 49th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Joseph Edgar. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; transferred to non-Com. Staff, June 1, '61 ; discharged June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Jan. 5, '64 ; Bugler ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John L. Edgar. Aug. 24, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; killed May 15, '64, at New Market, Va.
- James Evans. (Name in previous lists.)
- Edward K. Everts. Jan. 14, '62, 98th Inf. Co. K ; injured in a rifle pit before Yorktown, April 23, '62, and discharged for disability Oct. 22, '62
- Richard H. Ford. Sept. 11, '63, 1st. Vet. Cav. Co. I ; injured at Richmond ; discharged July 2, '65.
- Andrew R. Foster. Aug. 15, '64, 20th U. S. C. T. ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Jeremiah Fisher. May 16, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability Feb. 3, '63.
- Peter H. Ford. Nov. 1, '61, 1st Art. Co. L ; promoted Corporal March, '62 ; discharged for disability Feb. 3, '63.
- Harvey Foskett. Corporal ; Dec. 31, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged at Newport News, April '62, for disability.
- Emanuel Fisher. July 22, '63, 20th Penn. Cav.
- Charles Ford. Sept. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John W. Feller. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John Fettener. Aug. 31, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John Finnegan. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John Finnegan. Dec. 15, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; wounded at Drury's Bluff ; discharged Dec. 17, '64.
- Orin Fisher. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. I ; transferred to Co. B, Jan. 1, '62, and to V. R. C. June 22, '64.
- George H. Fitch. (Pension list of '83.)
- Charles L. Farnham. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K ; discharged Sept. 26, '64 ; re-enlisted Spring of '65, but not mustered in.
- John Fahy. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded at Harper's Ferry, Sept. '62 ; discharged for disability Feb. 5, '63.
- Albert W. Feller. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; transferred to 26th Veteran Reserve Corps in the fall of '64 ; discharged July 2, '65.



- W. H. Fry. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John Favor. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65 ; died since the war ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Spencer C. Ford. July 28, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I.
- Peter Fellers. Nov. 7, '61 ; 98th Inf. Co. K.
- Patrick Foley. Aug. 1, '63, 14th Art. Co. L ; regiment mustered out Aug. 26, '65.
- Myron Fish. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- William G. Ferguson. Dec. 20, '61, 90th Inf. Co. H ; discharged Aug. 4, '62, at Key West, Florida ; re-enlisted in the 168th, Co. H ; appointed Corporal ; served with the 11th Corps, Army of the Potomac, and under Gen. Hooker in the West.\*
- William Graham. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John G. Granger. Dec. 6, '61, 1st L. A. ; discharged Dec. 13, '64.
- Charles H. Gregory. Dec. 9, '61 ; 1st L. A. Co. L ; re-enlisted ; regiment discharged July 27, '65.
- William S. Gilbert. May 9, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 13, '63 ; re-enlisted Oct. 17, '63, in 50th Engineers Co. D ; promoted Corporal March, '64 ; Sergeant Aug. '64 ; discharged June, '65.
- David P. Gamble. Dec. 16, '63 ; 9th H. A. Co. B ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- John Gramer. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 2, '63.
- Thomas A. Graham. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '63 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- John Gamvill. Aug. 30, '64, Navy, ship *Vanderbilt* ; discharged '65.
- Edward R. Goodell. Aug. 21, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; promoted Corporal June 6, '65 ; discharged July 20, '65, with the regiment.
- James A. Gordon. Corp. ; July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; promoted ; wounded at Gettysburgh ; transferred to I. C. ; discharged in '65.
- Michael Gordon. Aug. 1, '63, 111th Inf. Co. A ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Harvey Goldsmith. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; killed in the Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried on the field.
- Thomas Glossender. Aug. 28, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B ; wounded at Fredericksburgh May 3, '62 ; discharged for disability Dec. 12, '63.
- George F. Goodell. Sept. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability May 23, '62 ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I, Sept. 1, '63 ; discharged with the regiment July 20, '65.
- Thomas Gloucester (member of Garfield Post). Wounded at Chancellorsville.
- William Gilbert. Feb. 10, '64, 4th Art., Co. H ; discharged Sept. 26, '65, with regiment.
- H. V. Gilberds. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf., Co. I ; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Isaac H. Granger. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A ; wounded in the ankle at Gettysburgh ; discharged for disability Oct. 26, '64.
- Edwin R. Goodell. July 21, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A.
- Thomas P. Grinnell. Corp. ; Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf., Co. C.
- John Goodman. July 22, '63, 1st Vet. Cav., Co. I.
- Michael Griffin. (Pension list of '83.)
- Charles Gardner. Jan. 11, '62, 98th Inf., Co. I ; died May, '62, at Baltimore Cross Roads.
- George W. Gardner. May 9, '61, 33d Inf., Co. B ; killed in action June 28, '62.
- James F. Groat. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf., Co. A ; promoted Serg't soon after ; Mr. Groat was in every battle of his regiment—never was off duty during its three years and three months ; discharged Nov. 16, '65.
- John Gilbert. In the Union army from Victor, Ontario county (son of Major Gilbert, of Palmyra) ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.

\* Every male member of Mr. Ferguson's family were in the service. His brother, James H., was a private in Co. H of the 13th Militia, going out April 15th, '61 ; afterwards a Sergeant in the 90th, and promoted Lieutenant February 9th, '64 ; served until February, '66 ; another brother, Robert Q., was a private in Co. E, 33d Ohio, and died a prisoner at Rome, Georgia, Sept. 9th, '64. The father, Henry Ferguson, was a member of a citizens' company formed to suppress New York riots in July, '63, his boys all being at the front.

- Edwin Gibbs, formerly of Palmyra, enlisted in Missouri; killed while out scouting.
- George G. Holmes. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh and in the Wilderness; died of wounds Dec. 20, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- John Howard. July 5, '61, 33d Inf., Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; joined the 49th; wounded at Petersburg Feb. 20, '65, and died March 3, '65.
- William H. Hibbard. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf., Co. B; died June 28, '63, of sickness at Baton Rouge, La., and buried there.
- Ashley A. Hibbard. Dec. 31, '61, 1st L. A., Co. L; discharged at expiration of service, Dec. 29, '64.
- Charles Horn. (Pension roll of '83.)
- John Huxley. May 22, '61, 33d Inf., Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav., Aug. 6, '63.
- Ezra A. Hibbard. 2d Lieut.; Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; resigned Feb. 13, '63.
- David W. Heath. 1st Serg't; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf., Co. B; promoted Orderly Serg't Jan., '63; wounded at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; discharged for disability April 26, '65.\*
- Daniel H. Heath. Serg't; July 3, '62, 111th Inf., Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.†
- Thomas Hall. Dec. 3, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; transferred to 14th Vet. Reserve Corps.
- Edwin D. Henderson. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- William G. Hyslop. Corp.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Oct. 26, '64; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Albert H. Henderson. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Aug. 25, '63, Co. I; lost right arm; discharged in '65.
- Myron Hyslop. Oct. 15, '61, 102d Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Feb. 6, '64; discharged with regiment July 21, '65.
- James Higgins. Sept. 1, '61, 1st L. A.; promoted Corporal and Q. M. Serg't. for gallant conduct; discharged June 17, '65.
- Michael Hickey. Feb. 8, '64, 1st L. A. Co. L; discharged with company June 17, '65.
- Reuben G. Halsted. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Dec. 26, '62.
- Isaac Hubbard. Sept. 13, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Jacob Hickey. Nov. 21, '63, 2nd Vet. Cav.
- Chandler Harrison. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness at New Orleans, Jan. 25, '64.
- Hudson Hampson. Aug. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; died at Salisbury, Jan. '65.
- Daniel E. Haskell. Oct. 1, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; wounded at Beverly Ford; promoted Corporal and Sergeant; after Beverly Ford fight sent on detached service; discharged Dec. 8, '64, on expiration of service.
- William Heath. Fall of '64, Naval service. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Otis Humphrey. Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav., Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; discharged June 27, '65.
- Robert Hasketh. Aug. 1, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to 49th, May 13, '63; discharged same year for disability.
- James G. Hopkinson. March 14, '65, 194th Inf.
- Isaac I. Hubbard. Sept. 16, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; absent, sick at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- Thomas Hanley. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.

\*Mr. Heath was in the engagements at Cotton Bisland, Sabine Corps, Pleasant Hill, Port Hudson, Deep Bottom, Winchester, and Cedar Creek.

†Mr. Heath was in the battle of Gettysburgh, detailed for service in provissn trains. Disabled by inflammatory rheumatism. Detailed for some months looking up deserters.

- Thomas P. Hibbard. July 2, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded at Fredericksburgh, May '63; discharged July 10, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Nov. 16, '63.\*
- William Harse. Aug. 22, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; June 2, '63, transferred to the 49th; wounded and taken prisoner at Fredericksburgh; died in the service.
- Marcellus Hazen. Aug. 28, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; June 2, '63, transferred to the 49th.
- Jacob Hermer. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died in rebel prison.
- Henry M. Heath. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged Jan. 1, '63; re-enlisted 1st V. Cav. Co. I. Aug. 29, '63; captured at Sharpsburg July '64, and died at Salisbury prison.
- John Held. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Aug. 22, '63, Co. I.
- David Hart. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Jan. 3, '62, at Camp Gtiffin, Va.
- Silas Hill. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- William B. Hill. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- Charles W. Hill. March 21, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Munson G. Hill. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Sept. 9, '63, Co. I.
- Daniel Hewitt. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability March 12, '62.
- John Hoffman. Sept. 2, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; June 2, '63, transferred to 49th Inf.; wounded and taken prisoner at Fredericksburgh.
- Alfred Howell. May 22, '63, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I, Aug. 8, '63.
- George Hickey. Aug. 4, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; sick in hospital at the discharge of the regiment July 20, '65.
- William Hunt. Sept. 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with company July 20, '65.
- George Hurgate. Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died Feb. 1, '62, of disease at Washington.
- Edwin Henderson. 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged from 1st term Dec. 8, '64.
- John Hergot. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corp.; died at Andersonville March 17, '64.
- William Haver. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Clark Heath. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died near New Orleans, La., March 2, '63, of disease, and buried there.
- Charles Heath. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Isaac Heath. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I; transferred to Co. B, Jan. 1, '63; discharged Nov. '65, with the regiment.†
- Edwin Huxley. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- T. V. Hawkins. Captain Lusk's Newark' Co. [Palmyra *Courier*.]
- John Howe. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; died March 3, '65.
- Judson A. Hicks. Corp.; July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Color Sergt.; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, while carrying the national colors; buried on the field; memorial stone in Marion Cemetery.
- William H. Hart. Sergt.; Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; lost a leg at Gettysburgh; discharged for disability March 12, '64.
- George Hollinbeck. Nov. '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; died April 29, '62.
- John G. Hyslop. Aug. 31, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted bugler; discharged with regiment July 20, '65; detailed for provost duty at New Market.

\* In the battles of Williamsburgh, Yorktown, Mechanicsville, Savage Station, White Oak Swamp, Harrison's Landing, 2nd Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburgh and South Mountain.

† In the battles of Winchester, [Biswell, Port Hudson, Fort Jackson, Newtown, Newmarket, Sabine Cross Roads and others.

- John Hawley. Aug. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; wagoner; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- George Hollinbeck. Aug. 22, '62, 98th Inf. Co. A; died of sickness at Fair Oakes, Va., Spring of '63, and buried there.
- James Hibbard. Corp.: Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.
- James Hopkins. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- George Hollinbeck. Nov. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K: died at Lee's Mills, Va., April 29, '62.
- Reuben T. Halsted. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged Dec. 26, '62, for disability.
- John Howe. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K.
- James Hartney. Dec. 9, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.
- Alfred Howell. May 15, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded at Antietam; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Oct. 20, '64, and discharged July 19, '65.
- Nathan W. Haynes. Aug. 11, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged by general order No. 77.
- William Heath. '63 U. S. Navy; discharged in '64; died since the war, Sept. 28, '78; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Benjamin Hetchman. July 2, '62, 111th Inf; transferred to Invalid Corps Nov. 3, '62; re-enlisted 6th Vet. R. Corps.
- Augustus Hibbard. Dec. 31, '61, 1st L. A. Co. L; discharged by expiration of service Dec. 29, '64.
- Daniel H. Heath. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; appointed Sergt.; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- William L. Ingraham. Aug. 30, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to 49th Inf. May 13, '63.
- James H. Irwin. Aug. 3, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Henry Jeffery. Sept. 25, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; captured and died in Salisbury prison Jan. 26, '65; buried at Salisbury.\*
- Edwin L. Jessup. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died July 23, '63, of wounds received at Gettysburg; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.†
- George Johnson. June 15, '61, 13th Pennsylvania; killed at Fredericksburgh June 15, '62, and buried there.
- Joseph Edward Jarvis. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded; discharged with regiment.
- John M. Jarvis. Aug. 19, '62, 127th Inf. Co. I; promoted 2d Lieut. Jan. 1, '64; 1st Lieut. March 21, '64; discharged June 13, '65.
- Daniel E. Jagger. Aged 16; Dec. 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; died June 18, '64, at David's Island, New-York; buried in East Palmyra; died of wounds received at Cold Harbor June 7, '64; shot while picking up a fallen comrade.

\* The funeral services of Henry Jeffrey, Asher W. Bishop, and George Hampshirc, all of whom died at Salisbury, were held at Palmyra, June 18, '65. The sermon was by Rev. Horace Eaton, from the text: "There the prisoners rest together; they hear not the voice of the oppressor." The sermon contains a most appalling description of the sufferings in the prison hells of the Confederacy. It is scarcely possible to cull from human records through all the ages anything equal to it. The speaker said: "I shudder to think of Salisbury; I shrink to come within that dead line or tread on that area scalded by so many tears and haunted by the death cries of so many starving heroes." Again: "The return of our soldiers yesterday clothed with victory revealed thoughts and feelings too deep to be fathomed. There was a *heart* in it, something beyond the cold etiquette of fashion. Smiles and tears struggled together. Smiles to receive so many again alive and well; tears that so many are not among the living. One mother could say 'of the four sons I sent to the war three fill soldiers' graves.' Another mother rejoicing over the return of one mourned that two would no more come back to her. Another could say, 'One is taken and another left, and like the ancient patriarch, many could exclaim, Joseph is not.'"

† The funeral sermon was preached by his Pastor, Rev. Horace Eaton, July 29, '63. Text: "Consider that it is expedient for us that one man die; should die for the people and that the whole nation perish not." We quote: "On the 15th of July his father found him lying on a stretcher four miles from Gettysburgh. He was joyfully surprised at his coming. He was wounded in two places—in the hip and just below the knee. The ball in the hip could not be extracted. The other one was and sent home; nineteen days after his wound an abscess was found on his right shoulder blade, proceeding, it is supposed from some severe bruise. Up to the 24th hopes and fears alternated. On that fatal morning he awoke, apparently refreshed by sleep, relished the food prepared for him, but at 9 o'clock the cold sweat began to gather upon his face. Stupor ensued, pain subsided, and he breathed his last at 10:30 that morning."

- George Johnson. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.  
 Charles W. Jackson. April 26, '61, naval service, ship *Wabash*; discharged April, '63.  
 Horatio J. Jones. Aug. 28, '64; naval service, ship *Mahopac*; fireman; discharged in '65.  
 Joseph P. Johnson. Blacksmith; Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. F; discharged June 5, '62; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; sight impaired by army service; discharged July '65.  
 James Johnson. A member of Co. K, 98th Inf. and wounded before Petersburg.  
 Emery Johnson. Oct. 1, '62, 5th Inf. Regular Army.  
 John Johnson. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63, with company; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.  
 William Jeffery. Blacksmith; July 20, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted brigade blacksmith April 12, '65; discharged July 20, '65.  
 James Jeffery. Farrier; July 23, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.  
 Robert I. Johnson. Sept. 3, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted Corp.; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.  
 Hiram M. Joslyn. Aug. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.  
 Levi B. Jackway. Sept. 8, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 15, '65.  
 Samuel Johnson. Aug. 23, '64, 10th U. S. C. T.  
 Albert H. Jarvis. Captain; rank dating Oct. 29, '61, 10th Cav.; commission dated Jan. 17, '62; resigned May 7, '62.  
 Edward Jarvis. Oct. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded near Fredericksburgh; discharged with company June 2, '63.  
 John B. Jarvis. Corp.; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded May '63.  
 Miles Jacklin. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Jan. 4, '63.  
 Mason Jones. In an Auburn company. [Palmyra *Courier*.]  
 George W. Joslyn. Aug. 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Jan. 15, '64, at Douglas Hospital, Washington, D. C.  
 Levi Johnson. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred Feb. 6, '64, to V. R. C.  
 O. D. Judd. (Member of Garfield Post); wounded in the service.  
 Oliver Jones. Reynold's Battery; died in hospital at Washington. [Palmyra *Courier*.]  
 Robert Johnson. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Sept. 7, '64, at Andersonville  
 James H. Johnson. Sergeant; July 11, '63, 15th Cav. Co. C; had previously served in 3d Ohio Cav. enlisting Nov. 10, '61.  
 Thomas Johnson. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with the company June 2, '63; re-enlisted Sept. 21, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with the company July 20, '65.  
 Joseph E. Johnson. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I.  
 Jesse S. Jackway. Dec. 6, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged by expiration of service, Dec. 13, '64; died since the war and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.\*  
 Joseph Johnson. Blacksmith; Nov. 28, '61, 8th Cav.; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65; in the battles of Antietam and in several raids.  
 Hiram L. Joslyn. Aug. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.  
 Samuel Jamieson. Jan. 3, '63, 9th Cav.; the 9th was mustered out July 17, '65.  
 A. T. Jagger. July '62, 111th Inf.; re-enlisted Aug. '64, 10th V. R. C.; promoted Sergeant.  
 Joseph Jackson. May 9, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; mustered out with the company June 2, '63.  
 John Johnson. Aug. 16, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died May 12, '65, at City Point, Va., of wounds received April 2.

\* The Jackway family are represented in the revolutionary roll; the roll of 1812 and of 1861-5.

- James Johnson. 1st Vet. Cav.; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- George Johnson. Aug. 28, '60, 160th Inf. Co. B; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64.
- Benjamin C. Ketchum. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred June 1, '64, to V. R. C.
- James Kelley. 2d Lieutenant; Sept. 1, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Captain June 21, '64; wounded at Port Hudson, La.; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Daniel Kuppel. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Milo C. Kellogg. Dec. 31, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged June 13, '62; re-enlisted Sept. 4, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; in the battles of Winchester, New Market and Cedar Creek.
- Hiram H. Kelly. May 16, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Oct. 14, '62, of sickness acquired in service at Palmyra, N. Y., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Erastus Kellogg. Fifer; May 1, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Dec. 25, '63, of sickness at a hospital near the Rappahannock in Virginia, and buried there.
- Wm. Kellogg. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died June 23, '61, of sickness at Elmira, N. Y.; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- James H. Kellogg. Drummer; May 1, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died May 6, '62, of disease at Georgetown, Va., and buried at Washington, D. C.\*
- Magor Kelly. Sept. 20, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Alvin Kimball.
- Stephen Kilmer. Aug. 12, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Lewis Knowles. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed June 28, '62.
- Wm. H. Knox. Aug. '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Feb. 3, '63.
- Jeremiah Kelley. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability May 18, '65.
- Daniel Kern. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; transferred Feb. 11, '64, to V. R. C.
- Joseph Krouse. July 27, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A.
- Sheldon Kelly. Musician; Aug. 22, 160th Inf. Co. D; died Aug. 27, '64, at Sandy Hook, Md.
- George Kenyon. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed June 23, '64.
- James Kennedy. Sept. 30, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged at expiration of service, Dec. 13, '64.
- James Kiggins. Oct. 4, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; wounded at Gettysburgh; re-enlisted Dec. 28, '63; promoted Q. M. S.; discharged with regiment June 17, '65.
- Thomas Kelly. Aug. 25, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to 49th May 13, '63; wounded.
- John Krammar. May 9th, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded Dec. 13, '62; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- James E. Kleves. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted as 2nd Lieut. '63; died of wounds received at Beverly Ford, June 9, '63.
- George Laird. Aug. 11, '63, 97th Inf.; killed March 31, '65.
- John W. Logan. Feb 13, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 3, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Logan. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Elisha S. Lewis. Aug. 24, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal; transferred to 49th Inf. May 13, '63; wounded at Chancellorville; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- James Logan. Hospital Steward; Oct. 7, '61, 9th Michigan; re-enlisted Dec. 14, '63, 11th Cav.; promoted Q. M. Sergeant; discharged '65.
- John Lawler. Jan. 6, '62, 98th Inf.; transferred to Invalid Corps; discharged in '65.
- Christopher B. Lusk. Aug. 30, '62, 4th H. A; regiment discharged Sept. 26, '65.

\* The funeral sermon of the three brothers Kellogg was preached by Rev. Horace Eaton, Jan. 18, '63, to a very large concourse of people. Mr. Eaton held funeral services in memorial of *twenty-five* Union soldiers during the progress of the war.

- Pliny P. Laird. Aug. 12, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; transferred to 49th Inf. Co. K, May 20, '63 ; wounded at Fredericksburgh and in battle of the Wilderness, also at Charleston, West Va., and at Rappahannock Station ; captured at Fredericksburgh, June 28, '63 ; ten days a prisoner at Libby ; discharged July 19, '65.\*
- Joshua Lawrence. Sept. 8, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Mason Lee. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; wounded at Chancellorsville and captured May 4, '63 ; a prisoner eleven days ; discharged June 2, '63, with regiment.
- John Lennon. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I, July 30, '63 ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John Little. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged June 2, '63.
- F. Labuff. Captain Lusk's Company, Newark. [Palmyra Courier.]
- Samuel Linehart. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; died Oct. 15, '62, of disease, at Hagerstown, Maryland.
- Elias Lockwood. Sept. 3, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- James Leonard. July 22, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Orin Langdon. Sept. 11, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John Lambley. Sept. 19, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; supposed died in the service ; left at Harrisburgh sick, June 5, '64.
- Jacob Lentz. Corporal ; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Samuel Lynn. Sept. 3, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; transferred to V. R. C. April 30, '64.
- Charles Lookup. Corporal ; Nov. 7, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; died at Yorktown, May 11, '62.
- J. S. Love. Reported as a member of Co. K, 9th H. A., and wounded June 5, '64.
- James A. Love. Nov. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Oren Lockwood. (In previous lists.)
- Embury C. Moore. Sept. 11, '64, 111th Inf. ; discharged June 3, '65.
- William McDonald. Nov. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged for injuries Dec. 2, '62 ; died since the war ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Seth Murphy. Musician ; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Chief Musician of regiment Jan. 1, '65 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Johiel McOmber. Sept. 19, '62, 26th Battery ; discharged with Battery Sept. 12, '65.
- Clinton McDonald. Sept. 5, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; wounded before Port Hudson, June 9, '63 ; discharged Nov. '63, for disability.
- Wm. H. Moore. Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; promoted Sergeant ; re-enlisted in same regiment ; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- George McGown. Enlisted at Philadelphia, June, '58, Regular Army, 2nd Inf. Co. C ; served through the war of the Rebellion ; promoted 2nd Lieut. 7th Inf. Nov. 29, '61 ; 1st Lieut. July 4, '63 ; Captain Sept. '64 ; brevet Major and Lieut.-Colonel ; retired from active service March, '65 ; continued on duty until Feb. '70 ; settled in Palmyra at that time, where he has since resided.
- Samuel B. McIntyre. 2nd Lieut. ; July '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; mustered in as 1st Lieut. Aug. 15, '62, U. S. service. While at home sick Jan. '64, a commission as Captain was sent him, which he declined ; was then tendered commission as Adjutant and accepted. An expected vacancy not occurring he was not mustered in ; subsequently he was promoted Commissary of Subsistence, with rank of Captain, dating Oct. 9, '64 ; mustered out of service Aug. 9, '65.

\* Mr. Laird was in the engagements at Fredericksburgh, Chancellorsville, Wilderness, Spotsylvania Court House, Fort Stevens, Charleston, W. Va., and 2nd Bull Run.

- John Muddell. Aug. 15, '61, 13th Inf.; wounded.  
 Joseph W. Moore. Sept. 1, '64, 2nd Art.; regiment discharged from June 22 to June 29, '65.  
 John Mumford. Oct. 11, '61, 145th Ill.; killed at Petersburg March 30, '65, and buried there.  
 John H. Minkle. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Feb. 28, '63; killed in battle May 27, '63, at Port Hudson, La., and buried there.  
 Hubbard Moss. Dec. 1, '63, 33d Inf. Co. B; died of wounds Aug. 5, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried there.  
 Thomas Mitchell. Oct. 8, '61, 6th Cav.; promoted Sergt.; died May 6, '62, of sickness at Perrysville, Md.  
 Benjamin Mepham. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp.; wounded May '63; discharged June 2, '63.  
 Sanford McCall. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt.; wounded May '63; discharged for disability Dec. 1, '62.  
 Barney McGuire. Sept. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63.  
 Albert Mead. Oct. 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Feb. 17, '62, at Camp Griffin, Va.  
 Lewis Mosier. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63.  
 John Murphy. Sept. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp.; discharged June 2, '63; re-enlisted in 1st. Vet. Cav. Co. I, July 30, '63.  
 James McMayun. July 30, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64.  
 Thomas Mack. Fall of '64, naval service. [*Palmyra Courier.*]  
 Charles McGraw. Aug. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Archibald G. McAfee. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Gettysburgh July 2, '63.  
 Philip Menzer. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 Homer E. Mitchell. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.  
 James Mee. Aug. 21, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.  
 Davis Mason. Musician. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. E; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 Alfred P. Miller. Sergeant; July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Orderly in '63; in the Harper's Ferry surrender; wounded at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63, and died in Gettysburgh Hospital, Aug. 20, '63; buried in Port Gibson Cemetery, Manchester, N. Y.  
 Wm. H. Moore. Jan. 2, '62, 98th Inf. Co. K.  
 John McCoy. 98th Inf. Co. K.  
 Wm. G. Merrill. Dec. 30, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.  
 Ambrose S. McCuen. Dec. 23, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; appointed Sergeant Nov. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.  
 Oliver L. McDonald. Dec. 2, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; wounded; discharged by expiration of service Dec. 13, '64.  
 Edwin W. Mix. Aug. 11, '63, 14th Art. Co. L; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.  
 George Mesick. Jan. 29, '62, 98th Inf.; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted Jan. '63; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.  
 Seth Murphy. Drummer; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Drum-Major Jan. 7, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.  
 Wm. H. Moore. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav.; promoted Corporal; Sergeant; wounded, lost his right foot; discharged for disability.  
 Alfred T. Miller. Sergeant; July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh July 2, '63; died Aug. 20, '63.  
 R. Mills. Naval service.  
 Martin V. B. Moore. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Harper's Ferry Sept. '62.  
 Thomas McHallogat. Aug. 29, '64, naval service, ship *Quaker City*.  
 J. McDonald. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 2, '63.  
 James R. Marion. Aug. 24, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; died at Camp Sherrill, Geneva, Aug. 29, '63.



- Edward Ninestien. Dec. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded at Cold Harbor June 2, '64; discharged Dec. 13, '64.
- Charles E. Nelson. Jan. 13, '63, 16th H. A.; transferred to 1st M. R.; discharged Jan. '65.
- William H. Nelson. Oct. 1, '61, 1st L. A. Co. L; discharged by expiration of service Oct. 24, '64.
- Edward Nelson. Aug. 17, '64, naval service, ship *Quaker City*; discharged in '65.
- Leonard Near. April 19, '61; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted Sept. 7, '64; prisoner four weeks at Belle Island, Va.
- Valentine Natt. Sept. 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; had previously served a full term in Co. B 33d Inf. from May 22, '61, to June 2, '63.
- John Nugent. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. I.
- Wm. P. Nottingham. Sergeant; Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged Dec. 5, '63, for disability.
- Wm. Noland. Nov. 1, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged Oct. 27, '62, for disability.
- Patrick Neil. Oct. 2, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged July 25, '64, for disability.
- James R. Norton.
- Anton Niderer. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- George W. Olivitt. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to Invalid Corps Nov. 1, '62.
- George Olivitt. Dec. 16, '61, 1st L. A. Co. L; discharged Dec. 23, '64; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- William W. Olivitt. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded; detached some months on pioneer service; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- George Omans. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; detached on pioneer service for some months; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John Orr. Sept. 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; appointed Corporal; discharged with the company, July 20, '65.
- John Ottman. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died Sept. 26, '62.
- John G. Omans. Dec. 4, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; wounded before Petersburg; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Jonathan Ousten. Dec. 16, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; died March 7, '63, at Baltimore, Md.
- Manly Osborne. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Dennis O'Keeffe. Fall of '64, Naval Service. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Edwin Parshall. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted 1st Lieut. Jan. 25, '64; commissioned May 23, '64; died July 14, '64, of wounds received in battle June 27th, and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.\*
- Theodore Phillips. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died of sickness Nov. 28, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Henry Palmer. Aug. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Rossman Parshall, Jr. Ord. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted 2d Lieut. June 3, '65, but not mustered; wounded; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.

\* Of Lieutenant Edwin Parshall, the *Rochester Express* said:—"We are pained by the intelligence that Lieutenant Edwin Parshall, commanding Co. A, 111th Regiment, died yesterday at his father's residence near Palmyra. Lieutenant Parshall went out with his regiment, has participated in all the duties and actions in which it has been engaged, and was wounded in the recent flank movement of Hancock's Corps across the Welden Railroad in the rear of Petersburg. He returned home hopeful that he might recover; but the stern command to march into the undiscovered country had been given, and the young warrior with bright laurels on his brow obeys the summons. Another young life has been given for the country. Where is the gallant youth who is ready to step into his place and imitate his noble example?"

To this question of the writer, Rossman Parshall, scarcely eighteen years of age, a brother of the deceased, nobly responded. The date of his enlistment above, shows that within a month after his brother's heroic death, he had gone to "step into the place" of the dead. Leaving a home already shadowed with this great sorrow, leaving a grave behind upon which the heaped up earth was still fresh, he sought the field of honor and did good service to the end.

- Joseph Pettit. July 11, '63, 15th Cav. Co. C; 15th consolidated with 6th, June 17, '65; became 2nd Provisional Cav.; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- John Possee. July 5, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Aug. 21, '63, Co. I; discharged '65.
- Thomas Possee. Blacksmith; Aug. 26, '62, 8th Cav. Co. F; he was in nearly all the battles of the regiment; discharged June 6, '65.
- Andrew C. Pinkney. Aug. 15, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '63; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Edson Phillips. Dec. 29, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Ethan Phillips. Jan. 15, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; died in the service; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- James R. Potter. Dec. 2, '63, "Scott's Nine Hundred," 11th Cav.; discharged Sept. 30, '65.
- Clinton S. Palmer. Sergt.; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Erastus B. Parks. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63.
- Thomas Paul. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Dec. 26, '62.
- Stephen Pelton. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- Thomas Piersall. Aug. '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- William Price. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- John Phillips. Soldier of '61-5; died since the war March 2, '77; buried in East Palmyra.
- Otto Polus. Sept. 17, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; killed May 15, '64.
- John Parsons. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Sept. 1, '63; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; died since the war April 27, '79, at Illion, N. Y., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- John W. Pritchard. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted 2d Lieut. June 9, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- S. H. Pritchard. (Reported in newspapers 111th Co. D;) wounded June '64.
- Reuben Pritchard. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Peter Pinkney. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; transferred to V. R. C. Feb. 15, '64.
- Amos Parker. Captain Lusk's company, Newark. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Edwin A. Parks. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died May 1, '63, at Alexandria, Va.
- M. Palmer. 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded May '64.
- James M. Palmer. Corp.; Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Theron C. Phillips. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; died of typhoid fever at Brashear City, La., Feb. 23, '63.
- John Prier. Nov. 7, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged April '62, for disability.
- Peter Pinckney. Nov. 7, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged for disability April 29, '62; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Nathan B. Perry. Dec. 18, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged April 29, '62, for disability.
- Thaddeus Phillips. Aug. 15, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corp. Oct. 15, '64; discharged May '65.
- Elisha Perkins. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged for disability Oct. 14, '64.
- Samuel Pierce. May 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Ruben Pollard. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Charles Perigo. 5th Rhode Island; a Palmyra boy; wounded at Newbern, N. C., March 14, '62; died from effects; buried in Palmyra Cemetery; first man to be buried in Palmyra Cemetery from the war.
- Captain Pomeroy. We regret to learn that Captain Pomeroy, of the 1st Michigan Regiment, son of Enos Pomeroy of this village, was killed in the late battle before Washington. [*Palmyra Courier.*]

- John Pitkin. Vol. Surgeon U. S. A.; March '64, and served until expiration of time Dec. 15, '64.
- John Quinn. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with company June 2, '63.
- Wm. C. Robinson. April 24, '61, 9th Inf. Co. B; died of wounds Sept. 15, '62, at Keyville, Md., and buried there.\*
- Isaac Robinson. Aug. 25, '62; 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, '64.
- Francis E. Rowley. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; detached as a pioneer April 4, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Emerson Reeves. Sergeant; Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted 2nd Lieut. Nov. 26, '62; died June 12, '63, of wounds received at Beverly Ford, and buried in East Palmyra.
- William H. Rowley. Sept. '63, 160th Inf.; died of sickness at Thibodeaux, La., Jan. 28, '63, and buried there.
- Joseph W. Ray. Sept. 10, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Wm. I. Reid. (Member of Garfield Post) Wounded at Grand Gulf, Miss.
- Nathaniel B. Risley. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; wounded near Fredericksburgh; discharged with company June 2, '63.
- Albert S. Rogers. Sept. 10, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65. He was in the engagements at Petersburg, Weldon R. R., Appomattox and Hatcher's Run.
- Wilbur F. Rice. 1st Sergeant; Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 23, '64; not mustered; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Billings Reynolds. July '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- John F. Rice. May 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed in action Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester.
- George H. Randall. Aug. 4, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; had previously served in 8th Cav. Co. C, enlisting Sept. 10, '61, and discharged for disability Aug. 12, '62; final discharge July 20, '65.
- John Regan. Sept. 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- John M. Rouse. Sept. 9, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; killed at New Market, Va., May 15, '64.
- James E. Reeves. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- J. F. Robinson. Captain Lusk's company, Newark. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- T. J. Reed. Captain Lusk's company, Newark. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- Thomas Ryan. June 27, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James T. Reed. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; captured with regiment at Harper's Ferry; discharged on account of sickness Feb. '63.
- John W. Randall. (Member of Garfield Post;) wounded before Petersburg.
- Michael Reardon. July 21, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Albert Ryckman. Aug. 13, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; killed at Petersburg April 2, '65, and buried there; reported in another place as died of fever at Baton Rouge July 9, '63.
- Charles A. Rooney. Sept. 30, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; company discharged June 17, '65.
- Marvin Risley. Dec. 16, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; company discharged June 17, '65; died since the war; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Marcus Rouse. Aug. 1, '63, 14th Art. Co. L; regiment discharged Aug. 26, '65.
- William Ramish. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- James M. Sherman. Aug. 23, '64, navy; served as clerk.
- James M. Sampson. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corporal; a prisoner two months; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.

\* He was in the thickest of the fight at Sharpsburgh, and was struck by a ball which hit the button on his cap, driving the button into his head. He then, it appears, crawled nearly two miles from the scene of the carnage, trying to reach a hospital. He was found in an unconscious state and lingered six days.

- William M. Smith. Sept. 15, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- William Sampson. Aug. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; sick at Baltimore some months; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; was a graduate of Naval Academy in '57.\*
- George Sanford. March '64, 111th Inf. Co. A: regiment discharged June 3, '65
- Henry A. Sanford. June 16, '61, 3d Cav.; 3d Cav. and 1st M. R. united as 4th Prov. Cav. July 21, '65; discharged Nov. 29, '65.
- Charles Spear. Sept. 9, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Arthur Strain. Sept. 3, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; detached at headquarters for clerical service some months; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Martin Smith. Bagler; Oct. 25, '61, 1st L. A.; discharged Oct. '64, for disability.
- Thomas Seeley. Aug. 31, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to 49th Inf. May 13, '63; wounded; discharged in '64.
- Robert Smith. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; wounded at Fair Oaks; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Aaron P. Seeley entered service Aug. '62; commissioned Captain Aug. 19, '62, 111th N. Y. Inf. Co. A; severely wounded while in command of his regiment in the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia, April 5, '64; promoted to Lieut.-Col. from that date for meritorious conduct; discharged Aug. 19, '64, for disability arising from wounds received in action; participated in the prominent battles of the Army of the Potomac until discharged; appointed Quartermaster of the 194th N. Y. Inf. April 18, '65, and mustered out with his regiment at the close of the war, May 3, '65.
- Eugene H. Smith. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corp.; discharged Oct. 27, '62; re-enlisted in '63; not accepted by reason of physical disqualifications.
- Hiram Shaw. Sept. 17, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; died Jan. 3, '62, of sickness at Hollis Hill, Va.; buried at Palmyra.
- William Stafford. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Corp.; killed March 31, '65, at Hatcher's Run, Va., and buried there.
- Byron Stickles. Corp.; July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; taken prisoner and kept for a time at Lynchburgh; died March 3, '65, of sickness at Petersburg, Va., and buried there.
- George Sedgwick. Aug. 1, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; died June 1, '63, of sickness at Washington, D. C., and buried there.
- Winfield S. Saunders. Oct. 19, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- John Shear. Sept. 21, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Charles S. Stanley. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Feb. 14, '63.
- Jacob Sherman. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; died March 22, '62.
- John H. Smith. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Frank Smith. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Griffin Stickles. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Dec. 1, '62; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Robert Stickles. Aug. 30, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; transferred to 49th Inf. May 13, '63.
- Horatio G. Stafford. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability June 16, '62; re-enlisted July 13, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; 2nd discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James Stebbins. Aug. 11, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; died in hospital Oct. 12, '64.
- Hiran A. Stevens. July 27, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- William Souars. Corp.; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. Feb. 17, '62; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.

\* Lieutenant Sampson of the Navy, from Palmyra, was the executive officer on board the *Monitor*, which was blown up off Charleston Harbor, January, 1865. He with two or three others escaped, while seventy found a watery grave. [From the Palmyra Courier.]

- Paul Stickles. Sept. 2, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I.
- William Sours. Aug. 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; promoted; company discharged July 20, '65.
- Spencer Stevens. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. A. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- William A. Stafford. July 13, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Sidney Stickles. Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted as Vet. Vol.; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- William H. Stever. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Dec. 18, '62, at Fairfax Court House, Va.
- Youngs A. Sherman. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged for disability Feb. 11, '64.
- Henry V. Smith. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged for disability; (date not given on muster-out roll.)
- Ezra Shaw. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B.
- James Shaw. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E. [*Palmyra Courier*]
- Byron Stickles. Corp.; July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Dec. 13, '64, on board hospital steamer *George Leary*.
- Simeon Sinsabaugh. Sergt.; Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 3, '65.
- Sidney Stickles. Oct. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- Lewis Sevoy. July 14, '63, 15th Cav. Co. C; 15th consolidated with the 6th June 17, '65; became 2d Provisional Cav.; discharged Aug. 19, '65.
- Moses Sovereign. 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- John Seemley. Aug. 25, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Daniel Sterling. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A. [*Palmyra Courier*.]
- Elisha S. Servis. Aug. 29, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Feb. '63; wounded at the battle of Fredericksburgh May 3, '63; discharged for disability April 4, '64.
- William Shea. Corp.; Dec. 10, '61, 105th Inf. Co. I.
- John H. Smith. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged June 2, '63, with regiment.
- Robert M. Smith. Bugler; Oct. 7, '61, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged Oct. 24, '64.
- John A. Smith. Dec. 16, '61, 1st Art. Co. L.
- John Smith. Reynold's Battery; killed at Gaines Mills.
- James H. Soden. Aug. 4, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; date not given on muster-out roll.
- Peregrine Sanford. May 22, '61.
- John Simmons. Aug. 15, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; died in the service.
- Jay W. Smith. Name on previous lists.
- Francis J. Smith. Sept. 1, '61, 8th Cav.; Regt. discharged from 1st term Dec. 8, '64.
- George Sampson. March 1, '64, 111th Inf.; transferred to 4th Art. May 9, '65; promoted corporal; regiment discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Adam Segar. (name on former lists.)
- Thomas Scally. (Member of Garfield Post); wounded at Petersburg.
- Isaac Sanford. (Name on previous lists.)
- Wm. B. Smith. (Name on previous lists.)
- Abner Seeley. 2d Lieut.; Aug. 17, '64, 111th Inf., Co. A; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65; discharged Sept. 26, '65; died since the war, March 15, '75; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Charles A. Todd. July 30, '62, 111 Inf. Co. A; captured in the campaign of the Wilderness, and died Nov. 15, '64, in rebel prison at Florence, S. C.; buried there.
- James Torr. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged April, '62; re-enlisted Aug. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cavalry; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- M. Tinney. Sept. 9, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; died April 1, '65, of disease acquired in Salisbury prison, and buried in East Palmyra. (Census of 1865.)
- Philip Thaddeus. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted corporal; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.

- John Tavor. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- George Turner. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Aug. 5, '63, Co. I ; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- Richard Turner. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; promoted Corporal Oct. 1, '62 ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Benjamin Tusten. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability March 12, '62.
- Alvin R. Treat. Aug. 13, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; regiment discharged July 20, '65.
- David Treat. Aug. 1, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Henry A. Tibbets. July 8th, '63, 9th H. A. Co. C ; transferred to 2nd Artillery June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- W. W. Trowbridge. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Harvey Taskett. Corporal ; Dec. 21, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged April '62, for disability.
- Wm. H. Tracy. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded seriously in the forehead at Gettysburgh ; subsequently was at St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, and died March 20, '65, while away on a furlough.\*
- Joseph G. Townsend. Col. Hathaway's Regiment, Corning ; buried in Palmyra Cemetery. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Wm. H. Tilden. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; killed July 2, '63, at Gettysburgh.
- J. K. Tripp. Jan. '64, Engineer Corps.
- James E. Taylor. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; died Jan. 23, '63, at Alexandria, Va.
- Lewis V. Tucker. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Edward C. Tyler. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- James H. Tice. Served as Assistant Paymaster under Major A. B. Williams.
- Silas Van Norman. Sept. 20, '63, 7th Cav. ; died at Washington March 7, '64, of sickness, and buried at East Bloomfield, N. Y.
- James B. Van Dyne. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment, June 2, '63 ; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I, Aug. 25, '63 ; Corporal ; died March 26, '64, of sickness, at Annapolis, Md., and buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- George Van Winkle. Aug. 29, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I ; discharged July 20, '65.
- Charles H. Van Dyne. Sept. 5, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Harlow C. Vedder. April 23, '61, 13th Inf. Co. H ; transferred to Co. D, Oct. 31, '62 ; discharged May 14, '63, with regiment.
- Jason Vanderwerken. July 5, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- Wm. S. Vedder. Sept. 3, '62, 33d Inf. Co. B ; transferred to 49th Inf. May 13, '63 ; discharged June 27, '65.
- James Vosburgh. Sept. 18, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment June 2, '63.
- John A. Vowers. Aug. 25, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I.
- Peter Van Dyne. Aug. 13, '64 ; naval service, ship *Wyandotte*.
- Oliver Van Norman. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; wounded June 16, '64 ; transferred to 4th N. Y. Art. June 3, '65 ; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Isaac C. Withers. Fifer ; Aug. 17, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged for disability Dec. '62.
- Alfred Walton. Oct. 1, '63, 2d M. R. ; discharged 65.
- Oscar F. Wright. Corp. ; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B ; promoted Serg't July 1, '65 ; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Stephen Winters. Aug. 17, '64 ; navy, steamer *Home* ; discharged in '65.

\* Albert H. Tracy, of Port Gibson, became a member of the 126th Infantry at Geneva. He was severely wounded in the defence of Maryland Heights, September 13th. He died in the afternoon from exhaustion, consequent upon loss of blood. He breathed his last peacefully in the arms of a friend and former classmate. [*Palmyra Courier, January 30, 1863.*]

- George W. Wissick. Nov. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. Jan. 15, '64; wounded June 2, '64, at Cold Harbor and June 12, before Richmond; discharged from first service Jan. 1, '64; re-enlisted Jan. 2, '64, same company; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Stephen S. Ward. Aug. 22, '64; naval service, ship *Mohican*; discharged '65.
- Isaac M. Warren. Aug. 29, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Josiah J. White. 1st Lieut.; April 20, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Captain Dec. 2, '61; resigned May 28, '63, on account of disability.
- H. C. Wood. Jan. 28, '64, 50th Engineers Co. L; discharged with company June 13, '65.
- J. B. Walker. '61; discharged for disability.
- Marvin Williams. Three years in the service.
- George Wilbur. Feb. 4, '64, 2d M. R.; discharged '65.
- Richard R. Wright. Sergt.; Sept. 16, '61, 5th Vermont; wounded; discharged Sept. '64.
- William W. Williamson. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; transferred to Co. F; detailed last year on provision train; discharged from service with regiment June 4, '65.
- Jacob Wismer. Sept. 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Garry West. Sept. 12, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Andrew Welch. Sept. 8, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; killed June 5, '64.
- Albert M. Williams. Oct. 22, '64, 23d Ohio; discharged Sept. 18, '65.
- George C. Wexmouth. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav.; discharged July 20, '65.
- Stephen Whaley. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; killed at Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, '64.
- George Warner. 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- P. Welch. 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged from 1st term Dec. 8, '64.
- Charles W. Williamson. (In previous lists.)
- Elbridge G. West. Fall of '64 artillery service. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Charles West. Feb. 26, '64, 4th Art. Co. H; absent sick at general discharge Sept. 26, '65.
- Thomas Welch. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Aug. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- James Walsh. March 13, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May '65.
- George Wheeler. Canandaigua company. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Daniel Willis. Nov. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; killed in battle at Fort Harrison Sept. 30, '64.
- Henry J. Winsley. Jan. 1, '64, 2d M. R. Co. F; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- George R. Wilbur. Dec. 28, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; regiment discharged Aug. 10, '65.
- James G. Webb. Aug. 11, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; promoted Q. M. Sergt. July 6, '65; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- James M. Wilson. Aug. 1, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; appointed Sergt.; died of putrid erysipelas Dec. '64, and buried in Port Gibson Cemetery.
- Lorenzo Warriner. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf.; prisoner at Richmond six weeks.
- Will P. Wakeman. Corp.; Sept. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. March '63; discharged Nov. '65; in the battles of Alexandria, Fort Donelson, Bayou, La., Fourche, Thebodeaux, Port Hudson, Sabine Cross Roads, Pleasant Hill, Petersburg.
- Orlin A. Wright. Sept. 4, '61, 76th Inf. Co. C; discharged Nov. 8, '64.
- James E. Walker. Appointed Paymaster by War Department Dec. '62.
- Frederick Warner. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Thomas Walton. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Henry Walker. Buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Elijah F. Yan. Dec. 28, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; absent sick at date of general discharge Aug. 1, '65.
- Edward S. Zimmerli. Sept. 8, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 15, '65.

- Jacob Zeigler. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Sergt. Aug. '62; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged March 24, '64, at Culpepper, Va.; re-enlisted March 24, '64, Sergt.; promoted 1st Sergt.; discharged June 27, '65; Mr. Zeigler's record shows him to have been in forty-two battles or skirmishes, commencing with Winchester May 20, '62, and ending with Lee's surrender.
- Robert Zeigler. Sept. 11, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Sergt. June 1, '63; wounded July 1, '63; re-enlisted same regiment; promoted for gallant conduct; discharged June 25, '65.

## ROSE.

- Charles H. Alexander. Aug. 22, '62, 15th Penn. Cav.; served to the close of the war.
- Charles H. Austin. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A.; died of typhoid fever Nov. 2, '64, at Newbern, N. C.; buried there.
- Edmund G. Austin. Corp.; June 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; promoted Serg't; killed in the Wilderness May 5, '64; buried on the field.
- Rowland B. Andrews. April 25, '61, 27th Inf., Co. B; wounded June 27, '62, at Gaines Mills, and died July 2, '62, at Savage Station; buried there.
- George W. Augh. Sept. 7, '61, 9th Inf. Co. D; died Sept. 25, '62, of disease at Tortugas Island; buried there.
- Lathrop Angle. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Joseph Andrews. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Albaugh. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Benjamin D. Brewster. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.; discharged June 28, '65.
- Edward L. Babcock. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the Wilderness May 18, '64; promoted Corp. Feb. 1, '65; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Newton S. Blood. Sept. 7, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- Frances Bulyea. May 10, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63.
- Romaine C. Barless. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A., Co. H; served as hospital steward after Sept. 23, '64; discharged May 29, '65.
- Birney Briggs. Aug. 25, '64, 3d L. Art. Co. E; discharged June 29, '65, at Syracuse.
- Chauncey E. Bishop. Sept. 4, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- James E. Benjamin. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the Wilderness; taken prisoner June 15, '62; paroled shortly after; subsequently exchanged; discharged June 4, '65. Was in the battle of Gettysburgh, the Wilderness and Hatcher's Run.
- Abram T. Barnes. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; wounded at Petersburg April 6, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James Brunney. Aug. 31, '64, 3d Art.; died since the war; buried in Lovejoy's Cemetery.
- John Brunney. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged Dec. 4, '63, for disability.
- Wm. A. Birdsall. Feb. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the Wilderness; discharged Oct. 22, '64, for disability.
- Wm. H. Bovee. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A.; died since the war; buried in Rose Cemetery.
- Heman Bovee. Dec. '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, and attached to the 94th Inf.; discharged July 18, '65; was in the battles of 2nd Bull Run, Gettysburgh, Antietam, South Mountain, Fredericksburgh, Chancellorsville, Petersburg and Cold Harbor.
- Ed. H. Bovee. July 17, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Invalid Corps; wounded at Gettysburgh.



- Martin H. Blynn. July, '62, 10th Cav.; promoted 2nd Lieut. with rank from June 25, '63; Captain July 12, '63, and Major Oct. 19, '64; discharged June 17, '65, by reason of the consolidation with the 24th.
- George S. Bovee. Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, same regiment, Vet. Vol.; discharged March 29, '65.
- John A. Bowles. June 20, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted; discharged '65.
- James A. Bowles. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted 2nd Lieut. Nov. 29, '64; and also 1st Lieut. but not mustered in; discharged March 29, '65.
- James W. Burns. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corp.; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged '65.
- George E. Burns. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A.; discharged July 6, '65.
- George Bennett. July, '62, 111th Inf.; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged in '64.
- Wallace Blackmar. Sept. '61; died of typhoid fever, while in service, and buried at Rose.
- Peter W. Bradburn. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A.; unassigned recruit; died Feb. 6, '65, of disease, at Frederick City, Md., and buried there.
- Isaac O. Brewster. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corporal; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64, and buried there.
- Frederick I. Bowles. Feb. 28, '64, 111th Inf.; died at Mt. Pleasant Hospital, June 17, '64.
- Wm. H. Burnett. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; taken prisoner Oct. 2, '63; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Jonadab Bowles. June 8, '61, 67th Inf.; re-enlisted 2nd Art.; taken prisoner at Fredericksburgh, May, '63.
- Byron Brown. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded in Shenandoah Valley, July 9, '64; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- Leonard Collins. Oct. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Morris Conklin. Dec. 24, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; died since the war.
- John Crandall. April 13, '65, 46th Penn.
- Jeremiah Cristler. May 4, '61, 33d Inf. Co. K; wounded at Yorktown in '62; discharged June 2, '63; re-enlisted Sept. 5, '64, 15th Art. Co. M; discharged June 13, '65.
- Wm. Chatterson. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 31, '63; re-enlisted in 3d Wisconsin regiment, Co. E; discharged '65.
- Nicholas Carroll. Aug. 3, '61, 12th Ill.; re-enlisted same regiment as a veteran Jan. 1, '64, and discharged Oct. 6, '64.
- Jonathan Colburn resided in Illinois when the war broke out; enlisted in Co. E, Illinois 17th Inf.; served three months; re-enlisted and was killed at Fort Donelson.
- Jared Chaddock. May 10, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; injured May, '62, being run over by a team of mules connected with a supply train; discharged June 20, '64, at New York, expiration of service.
- Michael Coomta. 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Conroe. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 6, '64, and died from the effects at Fredericksburgh May 26.
- James C. Church. Oct. 8, '62, 8th Mich. Co. B; wagoner; transferred Sept. 7, '63, to Invalid Corps; discharged for disability March, '64.
- Sidney T. Colvin. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; re-enlisted 2d Serg't, Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted 2d Lieut. Jan. 25, '64; discharged Dec. 19, '64.
- Seward W. Carrier was in the service; died at Baltimore of typhoid fever Aug. 21, '62.
- Isaac G. Campbell. Pension roll of '83; gunshot wound right foot.
- Lucius H. Dudley. Sept. '62, 9th H. A.; promoted Corp.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Andrew H. Dunham. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded at Cedar Creek in '62; promoted Corp. '64; detailed as teamster; discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. N. Deady. Serg't; June 20, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D. Discharged 1862.
- Francis B. Deming. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

- Ensign L. Dickson. Corp.; Sept. 18, '62, 26th Ind. Battery; discharged with battery Sept. 12, '65.
- John Dooley. Died in service.
- Abram Doremus. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Daniel Darling. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Hiram Dunn. Aug. '61, 98th Inf.; discharged for disability '63.
- Jerome Dougan. Aug. 29, '64, from Seneca, Ontario county, 148th Inf. Co. I; served in regimental band; discharged June 23, '65.
- Jay R. Dickinson. Aug. 3, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- Spencer Devereaux. Dec. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G.; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- George Dorsey (formerly of Oswego county), now of Rose. Oct. 3, '66, Regular Army, 8th Inf. Co. D; served three years; discharged Oct. 3, '69; stationed in South Carolina and North Carolina.
- Levi H. Dunbar. Corp.; Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; taken prisoner at Monocacy.
- Albert Denel. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged for disability.
- Frank Drury. Aug. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. K; discharged June 4, '65.
- Stephen J. Delamater. Sept. 25, '62, 25th Inf.; re-enlisted Sept. 13, '64, in 91st Inf.; 91st discharged July 3, '65.
- Peter Darling. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Abel Dixon, Jr. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; died of sickness April 29, '64, at Washington, D. C.; buried in Huron.
- Merrill Delemater. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.
- George E. Ellinwood. Sept. 5, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Wm. J. Feeck. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Christian Finck. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf. Co. F; wounded in left hand before Richmond, April 6, '65; discharged June 6, '65.
- William H. Fosmire. June 20, '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Philip Fox. Feb. 4, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged March 29, '63, for disability.
- David L. Fuller. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; killed at Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried there.
- Nicholas Fitzgerald. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; died a prisoner of war.
- Francis H. Fink. Dec. '63, 9th H. A.; slightly wounded; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Fosmire. April '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Aug. 1, '62; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; re-enlisted; drowned since the war.
- Alonzo Feeck. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.; died at Dansville, Va., a prisoner of war.
- Harvey J. Ferris. Sept. 1, '64, 3d Art. Co. K; regiment discharged June 22 to 29, '65.
- Benjamin Finch. July 27, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged April 21, '64.
- Richard Garrett, Jr. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged for disability March 10, '63.
- Avery H. Gillett. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 15, '65, from Lincoln Hospital.
- Charles Gillett. Sergeant; Sept. 9, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Feb. 20, '64; taken prisoner and held three months; detached as a sharp shooter at Port Hudson; discharged Feb. 9, '66; died in Rose since the war, Aug. '66; buried at Rose.
- Wm. B. Gillett. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Wm. D. Genung. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; died May 13, '64, at Fredericksburgh, of wounds received at the Wilderness; buried at Fredericksburgh.
- Daniel Goewy. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

- David G. Gregor. Nov. '63, 14th Rhode Island Artillery ; discharged July '65.
- Porter Geldersleeve. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Orin Howes. Aug. 16, '61, 44th Inf. ; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Martin Hollinbeck. July '62, 9th H. A. Co. H. He was a minor ; went to New York against the wishes of his parents. Efforts were made to bring him back, but they were unsuccessful, and he has not been heard of since.
- Daniel B. Harmon. 2nd Lieut. ; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; promoted to 1st Lieut. Jan. 14, '63 ; Captain June 28, '64 ; discharged Nov. 16, '64.
- Peter Hiltz. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged July 13, '63, for disability.
- J. H. Holbrook. March, '64, 111th Inf. ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Alexander Harper. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Nathan B. Hand. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C ; re-enlisted 9th Art. Jan. 1, '64 ; discharged May 15, '65 ; disabled by wounds received at Cold Harbor.
- Wm. F. Hickok. Musician ; Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; promoted Corporal ; lost an eye ; transferred to 7th Vet. Reserve Corps. Co. C, in '64 ; discharged June 28, '65, general order No. 116 ; also served as Company Clerk and regimental Bugler in the Reserve Corps.
- Burkhart Hurter. Sept. 25, '61, 90th Inf. ; re-enlisted Aug. '64 ; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Wm. Horne. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; promoted Q. M. Serg't ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Horne. Aug. '64, 188th Inf. Co. H ; wounded in left foot ; discharged from hospital July 21, '65.
- John W. Horne (formerly of Rose, then of Ontario county). 148th ; killed in action in Virginia ; a great slaughter ; nearly every man in the company killed or wounded.
- Henry P. Howard. Corp. ; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; promoted Serg't ; appointed Brigade Mail Agent Dec. 21, '64 ; wounded by accident Oct. 23, '64, being ridden upon by an officer ; discharged July 14, '65.
- Charles R. Hurst. April 19, '61, 3d Art. ; re-enlisted June 4, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged Dec. 5, '64, for disability.
- Enos Hudson. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Melvin Hall. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Wm. H. Hurd. Aug. 18, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B ; discharged March 13, '63, for disability.
- Norman R. Hurd. Aug. 15, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D ; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Geo. L. Hurd. Aug. '64, 3d Art. ; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- John Howard. Sept. '63, 111 Inf. ; captured Oct. 30, '64, near Petersburg and died March 4, '65, on the road from Salisbury after discharge.
- Wm. J. Harmon. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; wounded in the campaign of the Wilderness ; discharged May 23, '65.
- Alfred B. Harmon. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William O. Horton, Palmyra. April 25, '61, 7th Vermont Inf. ; wounded in right hand and in one foot ; discharged Feb. 20, '64 ; re-enlisted immediately same company ; discharged finally July 20, '65.
- Richard I. Hollenbeck. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H ; wounded June '64 ; discharged May 23, '65.
- Thomas A. Hart. Nov. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K ; discharged Dec. 5, '62, for disability.
- Samuel C. Hunn. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf. ; wounded in the service ; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John J. Ingersoll. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged July 8, '63, for disability ; died since the war in Pennsylvania ; was nearly if not quite sixty when enlisted.

- David Johnson. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Van Rensselaer Jenner. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Dec. 17, '63.
- John J. Jenner. '61, 67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Robert Johnson. Sept. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; 10th and 24th united as 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- A. S. Jackson. 84th Penn. Co. I; wounded at the battle of Bull Run.
- James Jenner. '67th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged July 4, '64.
- Rufus H. Kimpland. Sept. 7, '61, 98th Inf.; re-enlisted Feb. '64, Vet. Vol., same regiment; promoted Corporal; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Charles E. Knox. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Michael Kneceley. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Frederick Kattermer. (Name on previous lists.)
- Thomas King. Nov. 26, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded at Gaines' Mills June 27, '62; discharged Jan. 1, '63, for disability.\*
- Henry Knapp. Fall of '62, 22d Cav. Co. H; taken prisoner at Columbia, Va., Fall of '63; held three months; discharged April, '65.
- Charles A. Lee. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; detached service in Medical Director's Office, D. C.; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Theodore Lampson. 2d Lieut.; Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf.; discharged Nov. 7, '62, for disability.
- Thomas Lambert, Jr. Oct. 25, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged in '63; re-enlisted April 6, '64, in 98th; wounded at Fair Oaks and taken prisoner; sent to Libby eight weeks; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Jeremy Lethbridge. Oct. 7, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Sept. 15, '64, 3d L. A.; promoted Corporal; wounded; regiment discharged Feb. 9, '66.
- Joseph Laroque. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; re-enlisted Dec '63, 10th Cav.; 10 and 24th united as 1st Prov. June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- Charles Laroque. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; re-enlisted Dec. '63, same regiment; 10th and 24th united as 1st Prov. Cav. June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- Leonard Laroque. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.†
- Austin A. Legg. July 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; died of typhoid fever Oct. 2, '62, at Chicago, and buried there.
- Wellington Lake. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; killed at Wilderness May 5, '64, and buried on the field.
- Samuel W. Lape. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Sergt.; 2d Lieut. Feb. 17, '64; discharged Oct. 8, '64.
- Jacob L. Lyman. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness in hand, wrist, neck and shoulder; discharged March 6, '65, having been in the Invalid Corps for some months.
- Hamilton Loveless. March 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed in action at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- Mr. Leuck. Regular service.
- George Milem. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; promoted Corporal June 1, '64; Sergt. Dec. 1, '64; 1st Lieut. (not mustered) with rank from April 1, '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Christopher Milon. Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Jan. 24, '64, 75th Battalion Co. B; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Uriah Marsh. Aug. 23, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry Marsh. Sept. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corporal; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

\*One of four brothers—see Ontario.

†Leonard Laroque afterward joined the Regular Army and served under General Canby in the Moccasin war. After five years of service he was discharged and settled in Michigan.

- Daniel Mariquot. Sept. '62, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65; died since the war,
- Horace M. Morey. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- James McWharf. Sept. 1, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Theodore McWharf. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged Sept. 22, '63, Philo Miner. Jan. 18, '64, 111th Inf. Co. C; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65; now a minister of Free Methodist Church
- Cornelius Miller. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged at end of five months; re-enlisted; wounded June '64; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Cornelius W. Murphy. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 2, '63; died since the war; buried in Rose Cemetery.
- William G. McCoy. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; died of disease Aug. 29, '63, at Mount Pleasant Hospital, D. C., and buried at Rose Valley.
- Daniel McGinnis. Bugler; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; died July 31, '63, of disease at Washington, D. C.; buried at Georgetown.
- George Morey. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; died April '62, at Alexandria and buried there.
- Edmund W. Morey. Sept. '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded June 1, and killed June 3, '64, at Cold Harbor.
- Pease Miller. '64, 9th H. A.; died, time and place unknown.
- Henry McMullen. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.
- John Mabb. Aug. 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65,
- Charles McMillen. Oct. '63, 9th H. A.; discharged with regiment.
- John McGrier. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- H. S. Miner, 98th Inf.; wounded June 1, '64; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- James McMullen. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; 2d discharge Sept. 26, '65.
- Charles G. Oaks, Jr. Sept. 15, '64, 5th Wis. Co. E.; discharged June 20, '65.
- L. Odell. (Name on previous lists.)
- Jeremiah Parker. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Lewis Purchase. Sept. 2, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged with Battery, June 23, '65.
- George A. Pitcher. Aug. 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George Patterson. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; promoted Sergeant; re-enlisted Feb. 25, '64; the 10th and 24th united as 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65, and discharged July 19, '65.
- Peter Paine. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 3, '65, with regiment.
- Harvey Perkins. Aug. 15, '64, 61st Inf. Co. E; discharged with regiment July 14, '65.
- George Phillips. Oct. 19, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; promoted Corporal; discharge Oct. '64, at expiration of service.
- Franklin M. Proseus. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A.; died Dec. 9, '64, of disease, at City Point, Va., and buried at Sodus Center.
- James H. Phillips. May, '61, 2nd Mich.; died of consumption June 5, '62, at Rose, and buried there.
- John L. Perkins. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; taken prisoner and died in prison Aug. 18, '64, at Dansville.
- Charles Perkins. Jan. 3, '64, 111th Inf.; wounded in left arm; died of sickness, July 13, '64, at Butler, Wayne Co., and buried there.
- Stephen Phillips. Sept. '61, 10th Cav.; a prisoner of war at Richmond; died after discharge, Dec. 14, '64, at Rose, and buried there.
- John Pettengill. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Samuel Ready (Name on previous lists.)
- Charles Rice. (No particulars.)
- Alexander Ready. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged March 10, '63, for disability.

- Sylvanus Ridgway. Aug. 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded three times; discharged with the regiment, June 4, '65.
- John A. Reed. Nov. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; killed at Bull Run, April 20, '62, and buried there.
- Andrew Rinehart. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64, and buried there.
- John Rupert. Soldier; grave decorated annually in Rose Cemetery.
- Benjamin Seager. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corporal; Sergeant Nov. '63; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- Ira Soule. Musician; Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; detailed to serve in regiment band; discharged July 1, '65.
- James Sood. Oct. '63, 9th H. A.; died Nov. '64, of disease at Walworth, Wayne county, and buried there.
- Ira T. Soule. Drummer; Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Conrad Selcor. 67th Inf.
- Harvey H. Snyder. Corp.; Oct. 13, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; wounded by a sabre stroke at Realton Station and also at Brandy Station; promoted Serg't; taken prisoner at Brandy Station, but soon after escaped; discharged Dec. 7, '63; re-enlisted Dec. 18, '63; discharged July 19, '65.
- Leonard A. Smith. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Sidney L. Smith. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A.; promoted to Orderly Serg't; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Alfred Seelye. Aug. 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded slightly at Cedar Creek; discharged July, '65, with regiment.
- J. Judson Seelye. Corp.; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 30, '63.
- Griffin Silvers. Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; 10th and 24th united as 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- Wm. H. Stewart. Sept. '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- David Starkey. Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; 10th and 24th united as 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- Theo. Shannon. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged May 24, '65.
- Edward Starkey. Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; discharged July 19, '65, the 10th and 24th having been united June 17, '65, as the 1st Provisional.
- John Silvers. Oct. '61, 10th Cav.; the 10th and 24th were united as the 1st Provisional Cav. June 17, '65, and discharged July 19, '65.
- J. R. Seeley. Sept. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged July 11, '65; sick in hospital several months.
- George Seager. Pension roll of '83.
- Robert Sherman. Dec. '61, 98th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Fair Oaks; discharged in '62; re-enlisted 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to a New Jersey regiment.
- Asher W. Segar. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Corporal; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Smith. Aug. 29, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; taken prisoner at Manassas Junction and held nine months; discharged in '62.
- Josiah Streeter. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Andrew Stickles. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- Robert Stickles. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles Sherman. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergeant soon after enlistment, and to 2nd Lieut. Jan. 4, '63; discharged May 21, '63. He was the first man that enlisted from the town of Rose. After the war he served for three years as clerk in the War Dep't; then for several years in the New York Custom House.
- John E. Sherman. July 26, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; killed at Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried on the field.
- W. Harrison Sherman. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.

- Ezra A. Sherman. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry; sent to Camp Douglass, at Chicago; exchanged the following spring; again captured Oct. 3, '63, and died in prison, March '64, at Richmond, Va.
- Wm. H. Sherman. Aug. 16, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.
- W. H. Snyder. (Reported in newspapers of the 9th Art.) wounded June 1, '64.
- Wm. A. Snyder. 2d Lieut.; Oct. 14, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; wounded three times; promoted 1st Lieut. Nov. 30, '62; Captain, May 5, '63; and Major Dec. 1, '64; transferred to 1st Provisional June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- Henry Tompkins. Feb. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged from Carver Hospital, District of Columbia, fall of '65.
- Joseph Talton. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Mortimer F. Tripp. Feb. 22, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged April 1, '64.
- George W. Tindall. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged May 21, '63.
- Philip P. Tindall. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H, promoted 2nd Lieut. Sept. 15, '64; 1st Lieut. Nov. 28, '64; discharged June 27, '65.
- Fernando C. Thomas. Sept. 3, '64, 3d Art.; had previously served in the 1st California, enlisting Sept. 6, '61; 3d Art. discharged by Batteries, from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Eben W. Toles. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 25, '65.
- Philip Turner. Buried in the Ellenwood Cemetery.
- Charles Ullrich. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp. and gunner after the battle of Monocacy; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.\*
- Uriah B. Utter. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Adam Vandenburg. 2d Lieut.; Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; promoted to Major; discharged '65.
- John W. Vandenhurgh. Dec. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded at Monocacy, July 9, '64; discharged March 5, '65; reported murdered since the war.
- John Van Antwerp. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted regimental blacksmith; died April 17, '65, of consumption, at Rose and buried at Butler.
- Abraham H. Van Valkenburgh. Aug. '62, 160th Inf.; died of typhoid fever Aug. 22, '63, at Baton Rouge.
- James S. Van Vorst. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.; promoted Corp.; eight months a prisoner at Dansville; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- James L. Van Wort. Corp.; Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. H.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Daniel C. Westcott. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded twice in the Wilderness; lost right arm at Petersburg; absent, wounded at time of general discharge June 4, '65.
- Stephen M. Wait. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded at the battle of Cedar Creek, Sept. 19, '64; sent to Philadelphia and remained in the hospital; discharged May 18, '65.
- Albert Walmsley. Jan. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry Walmsley. Jan. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- DeWitt M. Weeks. Dec. 17, '63, 2d M. R. Co. F; captured and imprisoned at Libby prison sixty-eight days; discharged May 26, '65.
- Alonzo West. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles M. Wooley. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John V. Worden. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Calvin R. Winchell. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Sergt.; transferred to 11th V. R. Co. in April, '64, and appointed Ward Master; discharged March 19, '65, at Point Lookout.
- William Wager. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged '65.
- Seymour Woodard. 2d Lieut.; Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A.; resigned Feb. 25, '64.
- Spencer C Weaver. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted Dec. '63; promoted Corporal and Sergt.; slightly wounded; discharged Oct. '62.

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\*Mr. Ullrich was captured at Monocacy; escaped soon after; caught up with his regiment at nine o'clock at night barefooted, and was promoted for bravery.

- David Way. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; taken prisoner at Monocacy July 9, '63; died June 18, '64, while a prisoner at Dansville, Ky.
- Charles Westbrook. 9th H. A. Co. D; died in the service.
- Alexander Williams. Oct. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; the 10th and 24th united June 17, '65 as 1st Provisional, and were discharged July 19, '65.
- Chester Weaver. 8th Cav.; regiment discharged first time Dec. 8, '64.
- William Waldron. Sept. 1, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.
- Gilbert White. July 22, '62, 100th Ohio Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; detailed to serve as clerk in Major-General's office, Aug. 5, '62; discharged June '65.\*
- Marcus Wakefield. July '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed in the Battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64.
- Thomas Williams. Soldier; grave decorated annually in Rose Cemetery.
- Fortesco Wilson. Buried in the Collins Cemetery.
- Edward Youngs. Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted 2d Lieut. Jan. 11 '65; rank dating Nov. 19, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Young. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '63.

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SAVANNAH.

- William Adams. Jan. 3, '64, 3d Art.; died July 30, '64, of sickness, at Newbern, N. C., and buried there.
- Edwin D. Abrams. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Jesse V. Albright. Aug. 30, '64, 50th Engineers; discharged June 30, '65.
- Charles H. Allen. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; re-enlisted Sept. 8, '63; wounded; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Louis Adams. Aug. 15, '62, 3d Art.; discharged June 30, '65.
- Alfred Ayers. 16th Art.; regiment mustered out Aug. 21, '65.
- Justus Beadle. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded at the battle of Gettysburgh, also in the Wilderness; discharged June 9, '65.
- Henry Butts. Jan. 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. K; wounded May, '64; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Garry Burnham. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Engineers, Co. L; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Thomas Burke. Dec. '63, 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Joseph A. Bixby. Sergeant; Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; captured and died Nov. 19, '64, in Dansville Prison; buried there.
- Henry A. Burke. March 6, '63, 111th Inf. Co. B; died May 6, '64, of wounds received in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried on the field.
- Jerome Bixby. Aug. 22, '61, 1st Mich. Cav.; discharged Aug. 22, '64.
- Justin Beadle. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; came home on a furlough Sept. 23, '64; died Jan. 8, '65, at Savannah, and buried there.
- Geo. E. Beadle. Nov. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted 126th Inf. Aug. 15, '62; taken prisoner Sept. 15, '62; discharged Dec. 26, '62; died at Savannah, Oct. 24, '63, and buried at Tyre.
- Royal P. Betts. Jan. '64, 9th Art. killed July 9, '64, at Monocacy.
- James E. Besemer. Sept. 23, '61, 75th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- John Besemer. '63, 147th Inf.; died in the service, having been taken prisoner.
- Peter Baggerly. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; wounded transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles L. Barrell. Sept. 23d, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Ashbel W. Burnham. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corporal Feb. 1, '65; discharged for disability, June 6, '65.
- James Bivins. Corporal; Aug. 18, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

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\*Mr. White enlisted at Defiance, Defiance County, Ohio. After the war studied medicine.



- John Bruce. March '65, 75th Inf. Co. E; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Joseph O. Beadle. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65. [*Clyde Times*. Wm. Blaisdell. Feb. 24, '64, 9th Art. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Daniel D. Bruzee. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. K; discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- Henry Beauchamp. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Henry A. Baker. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed in the Wilderness, May 6, '64.
- Asa Beadle.\* Aug. 11, '62, 109th Inf.; discharged Jan 19, '63.
- Henry Bohn. 16th Art.; regiment discharged Aug. 21, '65.
- Samuel J. Clark. Aug. 12, '62; 126th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Gettysburg and died July 17, '63.
- Egbert H. Cady. Aug. 9, '62; 9th Art. Co. A; killed at Cold Harbor, June 1, '64, and buried there.
- Edwin G. Coy. Aug. 21, '62; 9th H. A. Co. E; killed at Wilderness, May 6, '64 and buried there.
- Marcus D. Court. Sept. 16, '61; 75th Inf. Co. B; eight months a prisoner in Texas; discharged with regiment, Nov. 25, '64.
- Gilbert Conklin. Aug. 15, '62; 9th Art. Co. C; promoted 2nd lieutenant Feb. 18, '65; discharged June 27, '65.
- Zebulon A. Cornell. Aug. 10, '62; 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted sergeant; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- Warren Cornell. Feb. '63; 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- William A. Caton. July 20, '62; 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability May 18, '63.
- James Carver. March 19, '60; 4th U. S. Cav. Co. E; promoted sergeant; re-enlisted July 1, '64.
- Charles R. Carver. July 25, '63; 76th Inf. Co. E; wounded in the Wilderness, May 5, '64; transferred to 147th; discharged July 20, '65.
- Theodore Cain. Aug. 8, '62; 9th H. A. Co. H; re-enlisted navy ship *Pinola*; discharged '65.
- William A. Colvin. 111th Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Minor Henry Crawford. Oct. 4, '61; 75th Inf. Co. C; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- William H. Carncross. Aug. 12, '62; 9th H. A. Co. H.
- George Conroe. No particulars.
- Israel Consol. '62; 9th H. A. Co. H; no other particulars.
- Edwin Davenport. Sergt.; Aug. 21, '62, 10th Art.; regiment mustered out June 23, '65.
- Dorus Dunbar. Aug. '62, 9th Art. Co. G; discharged Feb. 25, '64.
- Norman Davenport. Aug. 20, '64, 9th H. A.; wounded, discharged Feb. '65, for disability.
- Philip Darling. 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry DeWitt. No particulars of service.
- Henry H. Farris. April, '61.
- John Foster. Jan. 30, '64, 9th Art. Co. A; three months a prisoner; discharged June 9, '65.
- Wm. Flattery. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; died since the war, '82.
- Andrew A. Foster. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged Feb. 10, '63, for disability; died since the war.
- O'Connell Ferris. '62, 9th Art. Co. A.
- John W. Gibson. Aug. 15, '62, 19th Inf.; promoted Corp.; became 3d Art.; regiment discharged from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- Perry Gay. July 23, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; enrolled Corp.; promoted Serg't Feb. 1, '65; injured at Aquetuck creek, near Alexandria, Va.; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Amos Green. No particulars.

\* Five brothers.

- Charles Graham. March 9, '65, 193d Inf. Co. G; regiment discharged Jan. 19, '66.
- Alonzo Greenfield. Dec. 8, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Truman Greenfield. March 18, '62, 75th Inf. Co. K; wounded in the battle of Fort Hudson; discharged Feb. '64.
- Elijah Greenfield. Drafted July, '63, 147th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 20, '65.
- Joseph Gravel. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded three times; sent to Philadelphia hospital; discharged May 26, '65.
- Patrick Garry, Jr. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Eng. Co. M; regiment discharged June 13, '65.
- Andrew J. Holdridge. Sept. 22, '64, navy ship *Amphroditus*; sent to naval hospital Pensacola; discharged July 5, '65.\*
- David Hollenbeck. Aug. 14, '62, 8th Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- Almon Hopkins. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 15, '65.
- Daniel H. Holdridge. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; drowned near Fort Sumner, Md., June 17, '64.
- Charles A. Hamilton. April 22, '63, 76th Inf.; Assistant Surgeon; transferred to 147th Jan. 28, '65, and to the 91st Inf. June 7, '65; mustered out with regiment July 3, '65.
- Martin B. Holdridge. Jan. 1, '62, 50th Engineers Co. K; re-enlisted March 18, '64; promoted Sergt.; mustered out June 13, '65, with regiment.
- Charles Hubbert. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65.
- Marvin Hopkins. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; killed at Fort Hudson June 14, '63.
- Aaron G. Hall. Dec. 14, '64, 134th Inf.; promoted Corp.; discharged '65.
- Oliver M. Helmer. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 18, '64; discharged May 28, 1865.
- Thomas S. Holley. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B.
- Aaron F. Hall. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp.; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- William E. Hurd. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged March 13, '63, for disability.
- Andrew S. Hall. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; captured at Monocacy; held about nine months; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Franklin Hoffman. Sergt.; Aug. 20, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted 2d Lieut. Feb. 3, '65; discharged June 27, '65.
- Henry Harris. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 5, '65.
- William Hopkins. Nov. '61, 75th Inf. Co. D; died at Fort Pickens Jan. 10, '62.
- Erastus Harris. Regiment discharged by companies from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- George W. Ingersoll. April 29, '61, 19th Inf. Co. E; died Oct. 26, '62, of sickness at Portsmouth Hospital.
- John T. Ives. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Engineers Co. L; died Nov. 10, '64, at City Point of sickness; buried at South Butler.
- Gilbert S. Ingersoll. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged for loss of voice May 25, '65.
- Hiram M. Johnson. Dec. 21, '63, 9th Art. Co. A; promoted Sergt.; discharged Jan. 9, '65, for disability.
- Lawrence Johnson. Dec. 29, '63, 9th Art. Co. A; discharged for promotion in U. S. Art.
- Leroy S. Jones. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged Dec. '62, for disability.
- Enos S. Jenny. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the foot; discharged from hospital, Washington.

\*The *Amphroditus* was wrecked a few days later on Cape Lookout; afterward served on the frigate *Potomac* and others; on the *Park*, a dispatch boat for Farragut's expedition. At the close on the *North Carolina*.

- William B. Jones. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 3, '64; absent sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65.
- Charles E. Knapp. March 11, '62, 75th Inf.; re-enlisted March, '64, 75th Battalion; promoted Corp.; battalion discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Martin Kilmer. Feb. 28, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded in the Wilderness; transferred to 4th Art. June 3, '65; discharged May 31, '65; killed on the railroad since the war.
- Lafayette Kimball. Aug. 31, '64, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment June 4, '65; died in Michigan since the war.
- John Lawler. March, '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Edwin Lawrence. Jan. 2, '62, 50th Eng.; re-enlisted Feb. '64; promoted Lieut.; regiment discharged June 13, '65.
- Hiram Lawrence. Dec. 24, '61, 50th Eng. Co. K; discharged June 13, '65.
- Robert Lusk. Nov. 22, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; killed in battle July 30, '64, at Port Hudson and buried there.
- Wm. H. Long. Sept. 25, '61, 8th Cav. Co. E; killed in Wilson's raid June 23, '64; burial place unknown.
- Jeremiah Ladue. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Cornelius Lovell. Oct '61, 75th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, at expiration of service.
- William Manrow. Sept. 14, '64, 28th Mich.; promoted Corp.; served to the close of the war.
- Luman J. Myers. March 9, '65, 193d Inf. Co. G; discharged with regiment Jan. 18, '66.
- Chauncey Miller. March 15, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded in the Wilderness; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65, Co. H; discharged June 28, '65.
- Ira Matteson. Feb. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65; discharged Aug. 5, '65.
- Calvin W. Mead. Aug. 29, '62, 50th Eng. Co. K; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- William Moshier. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; regiment discharged Oct. 11, '64.
- Lawrence McCue. Feb. 3, '64, 16th Art. Co. K; wounded Oct. 13, '64; discharged June 15, '65.
- Michael Murray. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Calvin Matthews. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- D. H. McCrady.\* 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Francis A. Mills. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 17, '65.
- Alonzo Mackey. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 9, '65.
- Casper Mandie. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; killed June 11, '64, on picket line, near Cold Harbor.
- Jerome Mackey. (Was in the service.)
- Woolsey Magee. (Pension list of '83.)
- William Marnott. March, '62, 75th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 21, '65.
- Wm. T. Noyes. Fall of '61, 81st Inf. Co. K; (no further information.)
- Millard Olmstead. Feb. 1, '64; discharged '65.
- Marion Olmstead. Feb. 1, '64; discharged '65.
- Simeon Olmstead. April, '64; discharged '65.
- Oliver T. Parmington. Nov. '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Aug. '64, 11th Cav.; regiment discharged Sept. 30, '65.
- Horace A. Parmington. Feb. 20, '62, 11th Cav. Co. K; re-enlisted March 28, '64, same regiment; served to the close of the war.
- Elisha Perkins. Feb. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; lost right eye; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Charles Potter. Jan. 5, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged April, '64; drowned since the war, '82.

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\* One of three brothers in the service.

- Daniel Phelps. July 31, '62, 171th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment.
- Freeman Pettys. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; regiment discharged July 6, '64.
- Edgar Palmer. Dec 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H.; discharged June 9, '65.
- Stephen Pennell. Sept. '61, Cav.
- Lucius Pettys. Jan. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 11, '65.
- Franklin Pettys. Feb. 29, '64, 4th Art. Co. H; absent, sick at general discharge, Sept. 26, '65.
- John Pennell. (Pension roll of '83.)
- George B. Quackenbush. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; slightly wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged with the regiment June 4, '65.
- Eugene Quackenbush. Sept '61, 3d Cav. Co. A; discharged with regiment; died since the war.
- Joseph F. Reamer. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Franklin E. Roberts. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner; confined at Libby.
- James Ramboe. In the service; wounded.
- James F. Russell. Sept. '63, 1st Art. Co. E; regiment discharged
- Alexander Robbins. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Artificer March 22, '63; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John H. Russell. Nov. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64; buried on the field.
- Chas. A. Remington. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; died Jan. 26, '63, of sickness at Alexandria; buried at South Butler.
- Gilbert H. Reynolds. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 22, '64; died July 2, '64, at Washington, D. C. and buried at South Butler.
- George H. Remington. Orderly Serg't; July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded May 5, '64, battle of the Wilderness; discharged May 23, '65.
- Martin Remington. Sept. '61, Cav.
- Edgar Remington. Serg't; July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; absent, from wounds, at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- Wager H. Remington. 5th Serg't; Aug. 4, '62; 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted 2nd Lieut. Dec. 9, '64; 1st Lieut. Feb. 3, '65; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; mustered out June 3, '65.
- William A. Reamer. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; died at Andersonville of starvation and exposure, June 18, '64.
- John A. Reamer. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Sanford Robbins. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2nd Art. June 17, '65; discharged June 22, '65.
- E. B. Reynolds. 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Jay Rider. 75th Inf.; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Hiram A. Reed. Sept. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; killed in the service.
- Joseph E. Scott. May 7, '62, 75th Inf. Co. C; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Henry Switzer. July 28, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C; discharged July 17, '65.
- Fidelus Searle. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. H. Co. A; wounded at Monocacy; discharged June 20, '65; died since the war from effects of wounds.
- Edson Saxton. Aug. 25, '64, 15th Eng. Co. M; wounded; discharged June 13, '65, with regiment.
- Stephen Sedore. Aug. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '66.
- Judson W. Stiles. Corp.; Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; died since the war; buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Clyde.
- David Sprague. May 16, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Edgar Smith. Feb. 6, '64, 75th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Howard Servis. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; transferred to Co. G. Oct. 16, '64; promoted 2d Lieut., 1st Lieut. and in actual command; absent sick at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.
- Thomas Tobin. Nov. 15, '64, 4th Arkansas; discharged Feb. '65.
- William Taylor. Sept. 5, '64, 185th Inf. Co. C; discharged at close of the war.

- Herman Thome. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; taken prisoner Sept. '63; held ten months, part of the time Camp Grose, Texas, and part at Louisiana, Shreveport, and at Tyler, Texas; exchanged July 22, '64; discharged at expiration of service Nov. 25, '64.
- George W. Taylor. Aug. 4, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 16, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Wm. Taylor. Sept. 5, '64, 185th Inf. Co. C; discharged with the regiment.
- Robert Taylor. Nov. 18, '61, 75th Inf. Co. B; died at Andersonville, a prisoner of war.
- Reuben Taylor. Jan. 2, '64, 9th Art. Co. G; died in the service of sickness, time and place unknown.
- Franklin M. Torrey. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; went home sick from Chicago; died Aug. 11th, '64, at Savannah, Wayne county, Ga. soon after discharge; buried at Savannah.
- Erastus Thornton. Wagoner; Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to V. R. Corps Jan. 22, '64.
- Josiah K. Townsend. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. E; regiment mustered out Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- Ralph Van Dyck. Jan. 30, '64, 50th Eng. Co. K; discharged with regiment June 13, '65; died since the war of injury received in the service.
- David Vorce. Feb. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2d Artillery June 27, '65; discharged Oct. 14, '65.
- George Vorce. March 9, '65, 193d Inf. Co. G; promoted Corp. Oct. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Jan. 18, '66.
- Charles Webner. March 3, '64, 111th Inf. Co. B; lost a leg at Cold Harbor; discharged July 12, '65.
- Philander Wright. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; wounded June '64; discharged May 30, '65.
- James B. Wiley. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt. March 1, '63; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; captured but escaped; discharged Aug. 20, '65.
- Charles E. Westcott. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Engineers; promoted Artificer; discharged June 30, '65.
- David Wormoth. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 22, '65; died since the war.
- Daniel Wormoth. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 25, '65.
- William Wormoth. March 9, '65, 193d Inf. Co. G; promoted Corp. Oct. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Jan. 18, '66.
- Amos Westcott. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B; wounded June 16, '64; discharged May 13, '65; died since the war.
- Albert A. Winegar. March 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. F; died June 20, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried there.
- Charles Wares. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65, died since the war.
- Charles H. Woolsey. In the service.
- Harrison West. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Peter Wheeler. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A.; died Nov. 20, '67, at Washington, of wounds; buried there.
- Melvin Williams. March 1, '64, 75th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Horace Williams. Feb. 29, '64, 75th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Ashley A. Yeomans. Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.

## SODUS.

- Charles J. Allen, Jr. Oct. 20, '62, 156th Inf. Co. I; died March 19, '65, in Georgia; buried in Hospital grounds, Savannah.
- Cornelius C. Allen. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability May 1, '63.
- Eli H. Allen. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died Sept. 23, '62, at Harper's Ferry, and buried there.
- Levi F. Allen. Corporal; Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; died Sept. 12, '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried at South Sodus.
- Sylvester Allen. Aug. 15, '62, 103d Ohio; discharged July 20, '65.
- William H. Allen. Dec. 21, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; promoted Sergeant; discharged Feb. 6, '63.
- John Almakinder. Aug. 14, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh and in the Wilderness; captured and died Sept. 25, '64, at Andersonville.
- Henry F. Andrews. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged May 7, '64; transferred to Naval service and promoted.
- R. Watson Andrews. Sergeant; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted 1st Sergeant Jan. 31, '64, and Sergeant Major May 1, '64; wounded at Cedar Creek; leg amputated and died Oct. 22, '64, at Newtown, Va.; remains brought to Sodus Cemetery for burial, after the war.
- Stephen Axtell. Drafted July 24, '63, assigned to 76th Inf. Co. F; transferred to 147th; promoted Sergeant; captured in the Wilderness; held several months at Andersonville and Florence; discharged '65.
- Henry F. Auckers. Jan. 14, '64, 111th Inf. re-enlisted in Naval service.
- James J. Allen. Aug. 26, '62, 5th Ohio Battery, Light Art.; promoted Corporal Feb. 20, '64; Sergeant Nov. 13, '64; Quartermaster Sergeant May 6, '65; mustered out June 22, '65, at Little Rock, Ark.\*
- Cyrus P. Bailey. Sept. 10, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died Oct. 10, '63, of typhoid fever, at New Orleans, and buried there
- George F. Baker. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died near Centreville, Va., Feb. 20, '63, and buried in the Centenary burial ground, Sodus.
- Holland Balch. Drafted March 15, '65, assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- John Balch. Aug. 19, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Daniel Bayless, Jr. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, 98th; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- John B. Bayless. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded twice, leg and hand; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, Vet. Vol.; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Wm. G. Beckwith. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- George Bedle, Jr. Sept. 7, '64, 18th Battery; discharged July 20, '65, with Battery.
- Alfred J. Bell. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Aug. 1, '65.
- Charles L. Bell. Dec. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged May 25, '65.
- John K. Billings. Dec. 31, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded in the face and knee; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '63; discharged July 11, '65.
- A. H. Birdsall. Sept. 21, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged with regiment July 20, '65.
- Lewis D. Banks. May '61, 35th Inf. Co. H; re-enlisted in the 18th Cav.; discharged Sept. '67, having served over six years.
- George W. Birdsall. Oct. 1, '64, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged July 20, '65, with regiment.
- Wm. Blake. March 27, '65, 194th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 3, '65.
- Earl Blanchard. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; captured and died of starvation at Andersonville Feb. 23, '65.
- Richard A. Blanchard. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.

\* Mr. Allen shared in all the movements of Grant's Western Campaign in Tennessee and at the siege of Vicksburgh; thirty-three days at the front before that city; was in the charge of Col. Pugh's Brigade on the rebel fortifications at Jackson, Mississippi; afterwards at Little Rock and other places in Arkansas.

- George Brown. Buried in Alton Cemetery.
- William S. Bloomer. Oct. 22, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded June '64; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- John Booth. Corp.; Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; wounded in battles before Richmond in '62, and died at Philadelphia in hospital Nov. '62; remains buried there.
- George W. Bowman. Corp.; Dec. 23, '63, 9th H. A.; discharged Oct. 10, '65.
- George Box. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; captured Dec. 2, '63; died May 22, '64, at Andersonville and buried there.
- Joseph B. Boyer. Aug. 8, '62, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged June 30, '65.
- Joseph H. Boyer. Dec. 22, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- George Boyer. Aug. 28, '66, Regular Army, 7th Cav. Troop L, under Captain Michael Sheridan; mustered in Sept. 10, '66, served in Colorado on the Plains, at Fort Morgan and at Fort Reynolds, 25 miles below Pueblo; discharged Oct. 28, '68, in consequence of reduction of the army.
- Putnam Bradshaw. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Sept. 24, '62, for disability; died in '63 and buried in Sodus.
- Aaron Brower. Aug. 31, '64, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Aldice W. Brower. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged July 6, '65.
- James Brower. March 3, '62, 93d Inf. Co. F; discharged March 25, '65, at expiration of service.
- John W. Brown. Sept. 9, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; commissioned 1st Lieut. Dec. 11, '61; died Dec. 6, '62.
- Samuel W. Brundage. Sept. 8, '64; 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- James N. Budd. Feb. 28, '63, 3d Art.; promoted from Orderly to Major; discharged July 20, '65; died since the war; buried at South Sodus.
- Phillip E. Budd. Oct. 20, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted in 3d Art. March '64; transferred to 4th H. A.; promoted from Orderly to Colonel; discharged July 20, '65.
- Chauncey Burgess. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died June 10, '62, at White House, Va.
- Ransom Burgess. Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged May 8, '63, for disability.
- Edwin Burnap. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged May 7, '63, for disability.
- Henry H. Butts. Corp.; Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; died April, '62, of typhoid fever at Yorktown, Va.; buried at Yorktown.
- Porter P. Butts. Corp.; April 15, '61, three-months regiment, 33d Penn.; the company was the Logan Guards of Lewiston; discharged July 21, '61.\*
- John Blooe. Feb. 13, '64, 22d Cav. Co. M; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- Albert Bradshaw. Feb. 14, '65, 16th U. S. Inf.
- Wesley Bennett. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; discharged Oct. 31, '63.
- John Blankenburgh. April 1, '63, 26th Inf. Co. C; discharged March '65.
- T. M. Brown (formerly of Sterling). April 18, '61, 19th Inf. Co. B; musician; re-enlisted 3d Art. Feb. 15, '64; discharged June 20, '65.
- Geo. J. Carothers. Dec. 26, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H.; transferred to Battery G, U. S. Art.; wounded in left arm; discharged May 1, '65.

\* The Logan Guards were a part of the Pennsylvania troops that hurried to the defence of Washington at the President's call of April 15, 1861. They reached Harrisburgh at eight o'clock on the morning of the 17th and Baltimore at half-past three in the afternoon. The march of two miles through the mob which two days later attacked the Massachusetts 6th was an event as fearful as it was unexpected. The regulars which were in the advance filed off for Fort Henry, and after that the Logan Guards led the column to the depot for Washington. Escaping from the howling mob in safety, they reached Washington at half-past seven o'clock in the evening and were quartered in the House of Representatives. The rebel plan to seize the capital of the nation was foiled and these Pennsylvania troops were the advance guard of that grand army which afterward moved southward for the defence of the Union. Mr. Butts passed the night at the seat of Senator Pomeroy, an old abolition friend of his father, Lyman Butts. The next morning President Lincoln and Wm. H. Seward came to the capitol and personally welcomed the boys, shaking the hand of each one.

- Robert Carothers. Sept. 3, '64, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Geo. W. Carpenter. Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Sept. 29, '62, for disability; drafted in 1863 and paid \$300.
- Charles Case. Dec. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Petersburg; re-enlisted Jan. 2, '64, 98th Vet. Volunteers; discharged July 6, '65.
- James B. Case. Corp.; Sept. 13, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; discharged Nov. 23, '62.
- Joseph H. Case. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died June 28, '63, of disease at New Orleans and buried near that city.
- Nathan Case. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged May 28, '63, for disability.
- John S. Cary. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; killed Sept. '64, at Snicker's Gap, Va., supposed to have been basely shot after having surrendered; buried there.
- Charles M. Catlin. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. and Sergt.; also promoted Com. Sergt. March 1, '65; captured at Ream's Station on Welden Railroad, and held at Libby Prison thirty-one days; discharged June 16, '65.
- Holly Chase. March 15, '65, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Marshall Chase. July 30, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; discharged June 12, '64.
- James A. Chandler. Sergt.; Oct. 21, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 8, '63, fo. disability; died since the war.
- John Cheetham. Corp.; Dec. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; re-enlisted 97th Inf. Aug. 21, '63, Co. E., promoted Corp.; discharged July 18, '65, with regiment.
- Benjamin Clark. Dec. 28, '63, 9th Art. Co. E; killed June 18, '64, at Petersburg and buried there.
- Joseph B. Clark. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A.; discharged Sept. 10, '65.
- Merrick Clark. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65; died subsequent to the war at Vincennes, Ind., from consumption induced by suffering in Libby Prison.
- Edwin H. Clay. Corp.; Nov. 14, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; regiment discharged by consolidation with 94th March '63.
- Charles Cleveland. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Charles H. Cleveland. Oct. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Corp.
- Edward Clay. Nov. 14, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corp.; discharged June 16, '62.
- Isaac N. Cleveland. Aug. 20, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. Aug. 1, '65; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; died since the war; buried in Bushnell Cemetery.
- James B. Cleveland. Dec. 2, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; re-enlisted Jan. 2, '64, 98th Inf.; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- William J. Cheetham. Corp.; July 24, '63, 97th Inf. Co. E; discharged July 18, '65, with regiment.
- Cornelius Coake. Feb. 24, '62, 105th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 17, '62.
- Aaron Closs. Drafted; mustered in July 24, '63, 76th Inf.; transferred to 147th Dec. 31, '64; discharged June '65.
- George Cook. Steward; May 7, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; died Jan. 15, '63, at Kallerao Hospital, Washington, D. C., and buried in the Soldiers' Acre.
- Myron Collins. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Sergt. June 30, '64; discharged with regiment June 3, '65.
- Stephen Collier. Jan. 9, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Jan. 26, '63, for disability.
- William Collier. Drafted March 15, '65, and attached to the 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 17, '65, and died at home a few days afterward; buried at East Williamson.
- Sylvester A. Cook. Sept. 22, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; wounded in the left arm, spring of '62, discharged July 17, '62, for disability.
- David Contant. March 9, '63, 44th Inf. Co. K; captured and died Jan. 26, '65, at Salisbury Prison.
- Michael Coon. Drafed March 15, '65, assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.



- Charles H. Cooper. Sergeant; July 14, '63, 8th U. S. Col. Inf.; discharged Nov. 10, '65.
- Albert J. Cornscock. Jan. 18, '64, 22nd Cav. Co H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- John J. Cornwell. Musician; Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged Aug. 14, '65.
- Alfred S. Courtright. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- David S. Courtright. Sept. 4, '61, 14th Art.; re-enlisted April 3, '65; promoted Sergeant; discharged July 7, '65.
- John B. Courtright. Feb. 28, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; re-enlisted April 3, '65; promoted to Corporal; discharged July 17, '65.
- Marcus A. Coventry. Aug. 15, 9th Art. Co. D.
- Arthur A. Crum. April 14, '64, 9th H. A. Co. F; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Wm. A. Cuer. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 17, '65.
- Ransom Cummings. Jan. 19, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Edward M. Orego. March 24, '62, 102nd Inf. Co. K; discharged June 2, '65.
- Jacob Cunningham. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; wounded in the shoulder; discharged Dec. 25, '62; died since the war.
- Bela Curtiss. Dec. 11, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; died Dec. 13, '64, of starvation, while a prisoner at Salisbury.
- Almeron H. Crannell. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corp. Aug. 1, '62. discharged with regiment May 21, '63; a prisoner five months; re-enlisted in naval service.
- Edward Crannell. Oct. 17, '61, 75th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- John Carn. Aug. 20, '61, 6th Mich.; Corp.; promoted Serg't; died July, '63, at New Orleans and buried there.
- Philip Closs. Aug. 14, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to Invalid Corps, 24th; wounded in the hand.
- George A. Carson. Feb. 1, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Jan. 31, '65.
- Eli Darling. April 25, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability Jan. 16, '63; re-enlisted July 2, '63, 1st Vet. Cav. Co. I; discharged July 20, '65; again enlisted in the regular army Oct. 10, '66; promoted Corp. Jan. 2, '67; discharged Oct. 10, '69.
- Alonzo Dailey. Dec. 3, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '64.
- Arthur Darling. Aug. '63, 76th Inf. Co. B; died of brain fever at Culpepper, Va. and buried near there.
- Edwin G. Davis. Aug. 9, '63, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Isaac Day. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Daniel Dackers. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- Joseph Day. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.
- Marcus Dean. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died Jan. 24, '63, of erysipelas at Carrollton, La. and buried there.
- John Dearlove. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed in action May 10, '64.
- John DeBurke. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- Alexander Decker. Aug. '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability in '63 and died Oct. '64, at home.
- Wm. Deckers. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Charles H. Degan. Jan. 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the Wilderness, lost an arm; transferred; discharged Jan. 20, '65.
- Beebe Dennison. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; died June 14, '65, at Mount Pleasant Hospital, Washington, D. C.; remains buried in Joy Cemetery, Sodus.

- Henry A. DeKay. May, '61, Ill. Regt.; discharged July, '64.  
 Elbridge G. Delano. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Oct. 10, '65.  
 John Devaloo. Dec. 4, '61, 98th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted in same regiment Jan. 1, '64, Vet. Vol.; died Aug. 6, '64, of disease, at Fortress Monroe, and buried there.  
 Peter Devos. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; mortally wounded July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh, and died soon after; buried in the National Cemetery.  
 Lester Dickson. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C.  
 James G. Dingman. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.  
 Azen B. Dingman. Aug. 16, '62, 28th Wisconsin Inf. Co. C; (then residing in Wisconsin,) discharged Sept. 23, '65; now residing in Sodus.  
 John Ditton. July 26, '62, 1st Cav.; discharged Nov. 1, '64.  
 William T. Dorsey. July 24, '63, 8th Colored Inf.; died Dec. 23, '63, of disease, and remains buried at Philadelphia.  
 Joseph Doviell. '61, Illinois regiment.  
 Wm. H. Drew. Feb. 13, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. M; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.  
 James R. Doyle. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; killed by accident Aug. 3, '63, at Thibodeaux, La.  
 Peter Dubois. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.  
 William H. Duggleby. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.  
 Levi H. Dunbar. Aug. 15, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.  
 Joshua Dippy. 59th Inf.; regiment discharged June 30, '65.  
 Daniel Dunlap. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged Dec. 14, '63, for disability.  
 Francis M. Eaton. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.  
 James Esmond. 111th Inf. regiment discharged June 3, '63.  
 John Espenmiller. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability, July 18, '64; died Aug. 24, '64, in Sodus, of sickness contracted in the service; buried at Joy.  
 Charles W. Fillmore. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 James P. Foster. Captain; 5th Cavalry, Co. M; Commission dated Dec. 4, '61; rank Oct. 31, '61; resigned Aug. 28, '62, by permission of the Secretary of War, to accept appointment as Major in the 128th N. Y. Inf.; rank dated Aug. 29, '62, and commission Sept. 10; promoted Lieut.-Colonel June 19, '63; rank dated June 22; and Colonel Dec. 18, '63; commission dated Jan. 22, '64; honorably discharged upon his own application, by order of President Lincoln, Nov. 28, '64, for the purpose of being detailed to assist Gen. W. W. Wright in building military railroads in the front of Sherman's army, mostly in the Carolinas; this service ended with the close of the war. (See appendix B.)  
 William P. Floyd. Buried in Brick Church Cemetery; Dwight Post, G. A. R. have recorded him as a soldier of the Union, and annually decorate his grave.  
 Milton M. Failing. Sept. 9, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.  
 Anthony Falus. Dec. 26, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; killed July 9, '64, battle of Monocacy and buried at Frederick City.  
 Robert N. Faulkner. Sept. 10, '62, 8th Cav. Co. C; killed July 9, 1863, battle of Snicker's Gap; buried there.  
 Samuel Faulkner. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; died Oct. 20, '64, of wounds received in the battle of Cedar Creek; buried there.  
 James Ferguson. Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died of disease Nov. 8, '62, at York, Va.; remains buried at South Sodus.  
 Horace Field. Jan. 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged June 22, '65.  
 Morris Field. Jan. 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; severely wounded at Petersburg, June 16, '64, and died June 27, '64, at City Point, Va.; remains buried there.

- John W. Filoon. Aug. 14, '61, 9th Art. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John W. Ferguson. Feb. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; died May 5, '64, of wounds received in the battle of the Wilderness, May 4; buried at South Sodus.
- Farrington Ferguson. Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. F; discharged May, '64.
- John T. Finch. Aug. 22, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; re-enlisted in naval service.
- David Fish. Aug. 13, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- James A. Flint. Serg't; Dec. '63, 2nd Rifles, Co. F; discharged with regiment Aug. 10, '65.
- John Flora. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Abram Flyer. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh and buried on the battle field.
- Aldice W. Fowler. Jan. 5, '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged Sept. 16, '65.
- George W. Fowler. Corp.; Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged for disability July, '63; re-enlisted 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Hiram M. Fowler. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corp.; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John A. France. Serg't; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.; wounded near New Orleans April 13, '63; transferrrd to V. R. Corps Dec. 10, '63; discharged July 19, '65.
- Thomas B. France. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 17, '65.
- George M. Francisco. Sept. 10, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded; promoted Sergeant; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Jeremiah K. Francisco. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.
- Byron T. Francisco. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.\*
- Samuel Francisco. 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 4, '65.
- Joseph Francisco. Jan. 2, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed in action May 5, '64.
- Thomas Franklin. Jan. 31, '65, 193d Inf.; regiment discharged Jan. 16, '66.
- Robert Fulton. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged May 2, '63; re-enlisted Feb. 24, '64, 4th H. A.; discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- M. C. Fleming. Jan. 11, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Oct. 10, '64.
- John W. Fowler. (No further information.)
- John A. Frank. July 30, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; transferred to V. R. C. by general order 38.
- Henry Field. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Oct. 7, '64.
- Matthew Gaffield. Drafted; March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 17, '65.
- Jacob G. Garlock. Sept. 5, '64, navy; discharged Sept. 4, '65; died since the war; buried in Bushnell's ground.
- Joseph Gates. July 29, '62, 111th Inf., Co. D.
- Joseph H. Gates. Corp. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Orderly Sergt.; discharged for disability, from wounds. May 31, '65.
- George Gatesman. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; killed in the battle of the Wilderness May 6, '64, and buried on the field.
- Francis A. Glover. Nov. 13, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F; promoted Sergt.; re-enlisted 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded May 18, '64; discharged May 18, '65; died at Alton, '82; buried in Alton Cemetery.
- William Goldring. Feb. 12, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; transferred to the navy May '64; served as yeoman on steamer *James Adger*; discharged April 27, '66.
- Allen Goodsell. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; disabled by overmarching, while a prisoner, and injured by starvation; discharged Dec. 29, '62; died since the war; buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.

\*Byron Francisco, of Company D, 111th Inf. came home on Tuesday. He was taken prisoner by the rebels last Fall, and confined in one of the Richmond prisons, but for the past two months he has been an inmate of the camp for paroled prisoners at Annapolis, Md. His condition while a prisoner, though not at all enviable, was better than that of nine-tenths of the poor fellows who fall into rebel hands; but he tells some pretty hard stories of life in a rebel prison. The Union Cornet Band gave Francisco a serenade on Tuesday evening, playing a number of patriotic and appropriate airs. [Lyons *Republican* June 17, 1864.]

- Erastus Goodsell. Aug. 7, '62, 107th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal; transferred to Invalid Corps Jan. '65; discharged July 1, '65.
- Erastus N. Granger. 2nd Lieut.; Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63; buried on the field, but remains removed soon after to Sodus Cemetery.
- Gordon Granger. Captain in Regular Army; Major-General of Volunteers; promoted Col. in Regular Army; born at Joy; died since the war. He was a graduate of West Point, appointed thereto by the efforts of Hon. Byram Green.
- Augustus W. Green. Sergeant; Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; promoted 1st Lieut. Nov. 10, '62; wounded in the hand at the battle of the Wilderness; was in command of the Company; discharged Sept. 7, '64.
- Frederick R. Green. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; transferred to V. R. Corps, at New Orleans, June 15, '64.
- Christopher Greenholdt. Drafted March 15, '65, and assigned to 66th Inf. Co. K; discharged July 29, '65.
- Samuel B. Gurnee. Dec. 29, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Thomas Godkina. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded by Guirrellas on the Mississippi and died Aug. 9, '64, from the effects of wounds, at Baton Rouge and buried there.
- John B. Green. Aug. 6, '62, 21st Battery; discharged for disability Nov. 21, '63.
- James Gregg. Chaplain, 7th U. S. C. T.; promoted a Brigade Chaplain; (census of '65.)
- Jamea C. Granger. Sept. 15, '66, 111th Inf.; discharged at close of the war.
- Matthias Grootemaat. Sept. 1, '61, 1st Michigan Engineers Co. K; taken prisoner at Winchester, Tenn., May 3, '62; held five and a half months; exchanged Oct. '62; discharged Jan. 28, '63, for disability.
- Charles J. Hanby. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged Nov. 22, '62; killed subsequent to the war by the kick of a horse; buried in Centenary burial ground.
- Joseph G. Hanby. Drafted March 15, '65, assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 17, '65.
- Robert W. Harris. May 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged May 13, '65.
- William Hawkins. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; died Oct. 20, '64, at Cedar Creek, of wounds received in that battle and buried there.
- Derrick F. Hamlinck. Nov. 5, '61, 4th Art.; promoted to 2d Lieut. June 12, '62; 1st Lieut. May 23, '63; Captain, June 17, '64; Major Feb. 3, '65; mustered out Sept. 26, '65; breveted Colonel U. S. V.
- Alfred Hayward. Dec. 26, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; appointed Corp.; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- August Heck. Corp.; Dec. 4, '61, Ohio Cav.; discharged Dec. 4, '64.
- Wm. Heck. Aug. 18, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Wm. J. Henry. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal July 16, '63; Sergeant May 1, '64; discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Abraham Hildebrandt. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '63; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Allen F. Hiserote. April 25, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted to Corporal; discharged June 2, '63.
- James A. Hodges. Dec. 28, '63, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged June 10, '65.
- Wm. Henry Hodges. Aug. 15, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Harmon W. Holcomb. Nov. 20, '61, 6th Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergeant; 6th Cav. and 14th Cav. united June 17, '65, as 2nd Provisional Cav.; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Henry M. Holcomb. Nov. 20, '61, 6th Cav. Co. I; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Matthias Hopp. Drafted March 15, '65; attached to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 17, '65.
- John C. Hopkins. Oct. 8, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- Orrin R. Hoxie. July 31, '62, 121st Inf. Co. D; transferred to Signal Corps and promoted Sergeant; discharged June 24, '65.

- Benjamin J. Hughson. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf.; discharged for disability and died at home, Alton, Feb. 22, '64; buried there.
- Geo. L. Hurd. Aug. 22, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged Sept. 12, '65.
- Norman R. Hurd. Aug. 15, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment, June 4, '65.
- Wm. H. Hurd. Aug. 18, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Orson Hopkins. Corporal; Nov. 8, '61, 98th Inf.; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64.  
— Hout. Buried in Alton Cemetery; (no other information nor the first name given.
- George J. Hutchinson. Nov. 18, '63, 148th Inf. Co. C; discharged Aug. 2, '65.
- Albert Irish. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Isaac H. Irish. May 13, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; died June 13, '61, at New York City, of disease; the first death in the service from Sodus; the remains were brought to Joy for burial, and a large audience gathered to this first solemn service.
- Garret Jenks. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged Jan. '62.
- George Jennings. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Aug. 23, '64, for disability; died since the war; buried at Jay.
- Abram C. Jewell. Aug. 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged May 27, '65.
- Charles Jewell. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died Oct. '63, of disease at New Orleans and buried there.
- Ebenezer Jewell. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died of disease Jan. 19, '53, at New Orleans and buried there.
- Cornelius Johnson. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability—date not given on muster-out roll.
- John Johnson. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; a man really beyond the legal age, eager to enlist; died of disease Dec. 21, '62, at Washington, D. C. and buried a little south of Alexandria.
- John Johnson, 2d. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged Feb. 6, '63, and died soon after.
- Mark P. Johnson. Aug. 15, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; transferred to 24th Vet. Reserve Corps; discharged June 25, '65.
- Apollos J. Johnson. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness in leg, thigh and shoulder; discharged Dec. 6, '64, for disability.
- Stephen H. Johnson. Drafted March 16, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 15, '65; died since the war; buried in Bushnell's burial ground.
- Bernard Kernan. June 27, '63, 4th H. A. Co. M; wounded in the battle of the South Side Railroad, April '65; discharged June 27, '65, from Douglass Hospital.
- Charles King. Buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.
- Van Rensselaer King. Buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.
- John R. Keefe. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I.
- John Keckison. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died Jan. 7, '64, in a fit on the march between Franklin and New Iberia, La.; buried there.
- Thomas Kilmer. Nov. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corp. 93d Inf.; discharged May '65; died since the war.
- Benjamin Kitchen. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Hiram M. Knapp. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D.
- Charles B. Kimpland. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died Aug. 21, '63, of disease at Frederick City, Md., and buried there.
- Matthew Kitchen. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf.
- Hiram W. Knapp. '62, 170th Inf.; re-enlisted in 22d Cav. June '63; discharged June 12, '65.
- Thomas Killean, Jr. May 13, '61, 12th Inf. Co. D; promoted 1st Lieut.; discharged Feb. 24, '65.
- Lyndon L. Knapp. Oct. 30, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; killed by a rebel picket June '62.
- Henry W. Knight. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died of wounds at Harper's Ferry Sept. 14, '62, and buried on Bolivar Heights under an oak tree.

- Daniel Kohl. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died June 16, '62, at White House, Va.
- David Knight. Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. D; wounded at Snicker's Gap in arm Nov. 2, '62; discharged July 14, '63.
- George Kellogg. Physician; reported in census of '65 as being in the service; now of Chicago, Ill.
- John Kane. Aug. '61, 26th Inf. Co. K; discharged May 28, '63; re-enlisted June 29, '63, 3d Art. Co. C; discharged July 28, '65; re-enlisted in the Regular Service 16th U. S. Inf. Jan. 29, '66, C. C. of the 3d Battalion, (regiment afterwards, known as the 25th;) mustered out Jan. 29, '69; re-enlisted Jan. '72, 5th U. S. Art.; served ten years; mustered out at Fort Hamilton, New York Harbor, Jan. 30, '82. Taken prisoner in '62 on the march from Thoroughfare Gap to second battle of Bull Run; escaped the same night; wounded in the cheek by a poisoned arrow at the battle of the Lava Beds in the Modoc war.
- James G. Lewis. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, '64; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- David Lackner. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in August, '63; killed May 5, '64, in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried there.
- Peter Lackner. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Wm. Lada. Sept. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged for disability Nov. '62; re-enlisted in 111th Inf. Jan. 1, '64; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- James Larkins. Nov. 18, '61, 55th Ohio Inf. Co. E; discharged Dec. 27, '64.
- Samuel W. Lape. Sergeant; Aug. 15, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; promoted to 2nd Lieut. Feb. 17, '64; discharged Oct. 8, '64.
- Orrin Larkins. Sept. 25, '61, 8th Cav. Co. B; discharged at expiration of service; re-enlisted Mar. 14, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Andrew J. Leighton. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed May 5, '64, in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried there.
- Lewis B. Leighton. Sept. 8, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65. died since the war at Hawkeye, Iowa, Jan. 3, '81; buried at Bethel, Fayette County, Iowa.
- Philo W. Leighton. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corp.; discharged May 12, '62; ill of consumption and died Aug. 25, '62, in Sodas; buried in Williamson.
- Elias S. Lemmon. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died since the war; buried in Brick Church Cemetery.
- David Leighton. Joined the 98th Inf. as Sergt. of Captain Kreutzer's company, and spent some time in camp at Lyons, but was not mustered in by reason of disability.
- John Lemmon. Western regiment.
- John W. Lemmon. Reported in the newspapers 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June '64.
- Francis D. Leonard. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. and Sergt.; transferred to U. S. Regulars; promoted to Lieut. Col. 12th U. S. Inf.
- William B. Leonard. May 29, '63, 4th Art.; promoted Corp. and Sergt.; taken prisoner at Resm's Station; discharged May 3, '65.
- Joshua W. Lepper. Wagoner; Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Isaac Leroy. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded at Cold Harbor June 3, '64, and at Monocacy July 9, '64; re-enlisted in 98th Inf.; discharged July 6, '64.
- Orison Lester. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Corp. Feb. 1, '64; Sergt. Oct. '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Hiram Lewis. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John Lemmon. April 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 21, '63; died since the war.
- Charles S. Little. Drafted; mustered into 76th Inf. Co. F, July 25, '63; transferred to 147th Inf. Dec. 31, '64; discharged in '65.
- Benjamin Lowly. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability by general order; date not given on muster-out roll.

- Philander T. Lyman. March 15, '65, naval service, gun-boat *Ozark*; discharged April 6, '68.
- William Lyons. Sept. 22, '62, 140th Inf. Co. K; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John W. Lund. Wagoner. Sept. 19, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; killed June 6, '63 at battle of Beverly Ford; buried in Centenary burial ground.\*
- Orriu Lester. Dec. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted; discharged Sept. 15, '65.
- Charles D. Lent. Sergt. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted to 2d Lieut. June 10, '63, and 1st Lieut. May 16, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Milo D. Lyman. Nov. 27, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Daniel W. Lampson. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; captured May 10, '64; a prisoner four months; died of sickness resulting from imprisonment near Charleston, S. C., Sept. 10, '64. Buried in South Sodus burial place.
- David May. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; taken prisoner and fate unknown; supposed to have perished at Andersonville.
- Peter May. Pension list of '83.
- William Mallory. 1st Corp.; Aug. 19, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Orderly Sergeant; disabled by sickness; discharged Oct. 14, '63, and died in Dec. at camp convalescent; buried in Sodus Cemetery.
- Frederick S. Mangold. Sept. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Nathan C. May. Dec. '62, 1st Sharp Shooters; also reported to have served in the navy, (census of '65); discharged June 8, '65.
- Peter Mayark. Nov. 16, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Dec. 23, '64.
- Michael H. McLane. Corp.; July 22, '62, 108th Inf.; killed May 3, '63, in battle at Chancellorsville and buried there.
- James McLean. May 9, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Daniel McMullen. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; died Aug. 26, '64, at David's Island, New York Harbor, having been wounded in the Wilderness.
- Henry McMullen. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C.
- David McDowell. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- James McMullen. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Charles McDowell. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- William A. McMullen. Jan. 31, '65, 193d Inf.; regiment discharged Jan. 18, '66.
- William McViel. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died in the service.
- Harvey D. Merritt. Corp.; drafted Aug. 23, '63, assigned to 76th Inf. Co. F.; captured in the Wilderness and died Sept. 7, '64, at Andersonville Prison and buried there.
- Lorenzo W. Miller. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- William J. Mills. Sept. 29, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Isaac Meeker. Sept. 3, '64, 3d Art. Co. E; discharged with company June 23, '65.
- Richard W. Milner. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded Oct. 16, '63, at Bristow Station; promoted Corp.; discharged Feb. 21, '65.
- Rufus F. Monroe. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.
- P. Miller. Sept. 13, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K; died at City Point, Va., Feb. 9, '65.
- Israel Morgan. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Hiran R. Moses. Hospital Steward; July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; employed as Assistant Surgeon; absent, sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65; discharged July 28, '65.
- Harrison E. Mull. Aug. 15, '62, 113th Illinois; afterwards served in the navy; discharged June '65.

\*It is said that Lieut. Emerson Reeves, of Palmyra, lost his life in a brave attempt to recover the body of John Lund.

- William H. Mumford. April 7, '65, naval service seaman ; steamer *Red Rover* ; discharged July 22, '65.
- Charles Mills. Oct. 15, '61, 6th Vermont Inf. Co. G ; slightly wounded at Fredericksburgh ; discharged Oct. 28, '64. Mr. Mills holds a special certificate of honorable service, signed by Gov. Stewart, of Vermont, a document worthy of being preserved as a family heir-loom to transmit to future generations.
- Charles H. Munson, Dec. 21, '63, 9th Art. Co. K, transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; 2nd discharge Sept. 29, '65.
- Jacob Munson. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; fate unknown, but supposed to have died in the service.
- Charles G. Myers. March 24, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H ; died May 13, '65, of disease at Elmira and brought home for burial in Brick Church Cemetery.
- David Myers. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C ; re-enlisted same regiment ; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- Peter Merrick. Nov. 6, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I ; discharged Dec. 23, '64, expiration of term.
- Wm. Newport. Jan. 1, '63, 29th Conn. ; discharged Oct. 28, '65.
- John Nierpas. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; re-enlisted ; discharged June 26, '63, for disability, and died after returning home, Jan. 3, '64 ; buried in Arcadia.
- Alexander B. Norton. Corp. ; May 10, '61, 67th Inf. ; promoted Sergeant ; discharged June 20, '64.
- James R. Norton. Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Moses Neal. Buried in Swales' family lot.
- Charles Olish. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65, with regiment.
- Truman Ostrander. Buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.
- Daniel Perce (then of Oswego, now of Sodus). 184th Inf. Co. B ; discharged at close of the war.
- Nehemiah Phillips. Blacksmith ; Jan. 13, '64, 24th Cav. Co. I ; died April 24, '64, at Camp Stoneman, Va.
- John W. Palmer. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D ; died July 7, '63, of disease, in Louisiana, and buried near Baton Rouge.
- Edward L. Parsons. Corporal ; July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E ; promoted 1st Lieut. May 15, '65 ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- James Pearce. Aug. 17, '63, 64th Inf. Co. I ; discharged Dec. 29, '63.
- Ira Penoyar. Sergeant ; Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D ; promoted 2nd Lieut. ; died July 8, '63, of wounds received at Gettysburgh ; buried in the National Cemetery.
- Andrew Perkins. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I ; fate unknown, but supposed to have perished in the service.
- Charles Peterson. Nov. 17, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F ; died Jan. 10, '63, in North Carolina ; buried at Carolina City.
- Daniel Phillips. Dec. 16, '61, 105th Inf. Co. F ; regiment consolidated with 94th after battle of Fredericksburgh ; re-enlisted same regiment, Co. F ; promoted Sergeant Sept. '63 ; slightly wounded several times ; discharged Sept. 19, '65.\*
- Erastus Phillips. Oct. 14, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D ; discharged for disability, after serving nearly two years ; drafted March 15, '65 ; assigned to 65th regiment and died May 17, '65, at City Point, of cold and exposure.
- Orville Pierce. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- John A. Pierce. Dec. 18, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H ; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- Peter Plattenburgh. Dec. 30, '63, 111th Inf. Co. D ; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May '64, and buried on the battle field.

\*A half brother of Mr Phillips, L. H. Danford, formerly of Sodus, then living in Michigan, enlisted 7th Inf. Co. I, served through the war.



- Philip T. Polhamus. Aug. 20, '64, 23d Michigan regiment; discharged July 19, '65.
- Wm. H. Polhamus. Aug. 6, '61, 2nd Ohio Cav.; promoted Sergeant; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64; prisoner three months; wounded slightly four times; discharged June '65.
- Bigelow Pollock. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 81st Inf. Co. B; discharged Sept. 10, '65; died at home, Oct. 13, '65.
- John G. Pollock. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded by accidental discharge of his gun; discharged for disability, July 2, '63.
- Wm. H. Pollock. Feb. 10, '62, 3d Art. Co. E; re-enlisted 3d Art.; discharged July 21, '65.
- Wm. H. Porter. Aug. 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; killed at Cold Harbor, June 6, '64, by sharp shooters, and buried there.
- James A. Potter. Sept. 3, '64, 1st U. S. Col. Inf.; died April 9, '65, of sickness, at Warsaw Station, Va., and buried in Sodus Cemetery.
- Emory L. Pratt. Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died March 10, '63, of typhoid fever, at Centreville, Va., buried in Centenary burial place.
- Thomas Preston. Sergeant; Sept. '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; died at Fort Reno, Va., July, '64, of disease acquired in the service, and buried at Sodus village Episcopal church yard.
- Wm. H. Preston. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; died June 6, '64, at Cold Harbor; brought home for burial.
- Augustus W. Proseus. 2d Lieut.; April 27, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted as private 111th Inf. and promoted 2d Lieut. Jan. 17, '63; 1st Lieut. Feb. 20, '63; killed at Gettysburgh July 2, '63, acting as Capt.; buried on the field, but remains soon after brought to Sodus Cemetery.
- Edgar Proseus. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; leg amputated and he died soon after.
- Eugene Proseus. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged with the regiment May, '63.
- Charles A. Pulver. Sergt.; July 18, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged Dec. 18, '62, for disability.
- Jacob Pulver. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged May 30, '65.
- Justus H. Pulver. Drafted March 15, '65, assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. May 1, '65; discharged July 17, '65.
- Frank M. Proseus. Buried in Brick Church Cemetery.
- Wandell Pulver. Corp.; Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Sergt.; killed at Fort Harrison Sept. 29, '64, just as the assaulting column was entering the fort; buried there.
- Nelson S. Reed. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged Aug. 27, '65.
- John Rosenbelt. July 31, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B. (Reported from Sodus, census of '65.)
- Orrin D. Reed. Aug. 29, '61, 13th Illinois; promoted Sergt.; injured in the back; re-enlisted March, '64, 148th; taken prisoner Oct. 24, '64; discharged July 26, '65.
- Wm. D. Reed. Aug. 29, '62, 148th Inf. Co. K; wounded in both legs; discharged July 25, '65.
- Silas Reynolds. Musician; Sept. 3, '64, 9th Art. Co. D; discharged June 30, '65.
- Judson E. Rice. Sergt.; Sept. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged; re-enlisted; promoted Capt. 1st U. S. col. troops; mortally wounded Oct. 27, '64, in the advance of the right wing on Richmond; Orderly endeavored to remove him; Rice said, "Leave me. Save yourselves. I am mortally wounded." He is known to have been taken prisoner and perished.
- Lewis B. Rice. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to U. S. col. troops, promoted 2d Lieut. July 8, '63; afterwards 1st Lieut. and discharged Nov. 28, '64.
- Myron H. Rice. Dec. 29, '63, 2d M. Rifles, Co. F; discharged Aug. 10, '64; died at home Aug. 6, '73, of disease contracted in the service; buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.

- Barney J. Riggs. Sept. 20, '61, 4th Illinois Cav.; transferred to 6th Tennessee; promoted Captain; died March 7, '65, in Sodus of disease contracted in the service.
- Levi T. Riggs. Corp.; Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; captured at Monocacy July 9, '64, and held some months as a prisoner in Dansville, Ky.; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.\*
- Homer A. Richmond. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Charles W. Rose. May 20, '61, naval service; rated as Captain of the fore top; served on U. S. ship *North Carolina*; then on gun-boat *Gem of the Seas*; discharged Sept. '62; also served thirty days in 74th regiment of militia at Buffalo.
- Frederick Rose. Jan. 5, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at the battle of the Wilderness; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Henry Rose. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh; sent to hospital at Fort Schuyler, New York, and discharged from there Jan. 24, '64, for disability.
- Philander Rose. Feb. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Philip H. Rowe. Dec. 5, '63, 9th H. A. Co. H; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Reuben Rowland. Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Oct. 8, '62.
- James W. Ruston. Sept. 11, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; captured and died a prisoner at Andersonville Jan. '65; (name appears on muster-out roll as discharged with regiment June 27, '65.)
- Solomon Rouff. Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded by accidental discharge of his gun Jan. 13, '63, and twice afterward in the head; promoted Corp. Aug. 1, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- George Richmond. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; mortally wounded July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh; died soon after and was buried in the National Cemetery.
- Prine Riggs. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '61, 33d Illinois; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, in same company; Sergeant; discharged Nov. 24, '65; (injured in a railroad disaster during service.)
- Billings Reynolds. Buried at Brick Church Cemetery.
- George Reynolds. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged for disability in '63.
- John Reynolds. Aug. '62, 9th H. A.; promoted Corp.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William H. Rogers. Chaplain of the 189th Inf. Oct. 8, '64; mustered out June 1, '65. (Pastor of the Methodist Church, Sodus village, in '83 and '84.)
- Josiah Salter. July 17, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted 129th Indiana; died July 16, '64, at Knoxville, Tenn., and buried there.
- David Sedore. Dec. 25, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Oct. 9, '65.
- Wm. H. Sentell. Sergeant; Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; appointed Corporal; discharged for promotion; re-enlisted 160th Inf. and appointed Major Oct. 27, '62; resigned Sept. 14, '64.†

\*Three brothers, Barney, Levi, Prine.

†On the resignation of Major Wm. H. Sentell, resolutions of respect were passed by his fellow officers. These were lost; which explains the reason of the following action taking place at a later date. At a meeting February 24, 1865, at Headquarters, Camp Babcock, Va., Captain Underhill in the Chair, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, At a meeting of the officers of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Regiment, held on the evening of September 15, 1864, certain resolutions expressive of their feelings at the resignation of Major Wm. H. Sentell, were presented and adopted; and whereas said resolutions during the hurry and confusion of the brilliant campaign, in the Valley under General Sheridan, were lost or destroyed, and whereas we esteem it our duty, though at so late a day, still to make some expression of our sentiments in regard to the resignation of Major Sentell, therefore

*Resolved*, That in Major Sentell we recognize a true gentleman, always urbane and genial; a soldier like Bayard *Sans peur et sans reproche*, a friend after one's own heart, sympathizing and true

*Resolved*, That we deeply regret the loss of his services in the cause of Union and Liberty, and especially the loss of his manly, straight forward discipline in the regiment.

*Resolved*, That we tender to Major Sentell our kindest wishes for health, wealth and happiness, wishing him "A beautiful sail o'er life's broad sea, undisturbed by storm or breakers roar."

STEPHEN G. HOPKINS, 1st Lt., Sec'y.

H. P. UNDERHILL, Chairman,

- Milton Seeley. Jan. 9, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; Corporal; discharged June 8, '63; re-enlisted 9th Art. Co. D; discharged Sept. 1, '65.
- Charles M. Sentell. July 22, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Corporal; struck by a piece of shell at Gettysburgh; discharged June 16, '65.
- Edward H. Sentell. 2nd Lieut.; Sept. 6, '62, '160th Inf. Co. D; promoted 1st Lieut. of Co. I, Aug. 28, '63, rank from July 4; severely wounded at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; discharged April 5, '65, for disability.
- Robert Scott. Sergeant; Aug. 31, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.
- James H. Sergeant. Dec. 21, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; appointed Sergeant; discharged Aug. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Oscar F. Sergeant. Drafted April 12, '65; assigned to 81st Inf. Co. B; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Wm H. Sergeant. Dec. 21, '63, 22nd Cav. Co. H; appointed Corporal; discharged Aug. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Morrill D. Seymour. Oct. 14, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted wagon master; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- Morris J. Seymour. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corporal Sept. 1, '63; Sergeant Aug. 1, '65; wounded at Opequan Sept. 19, '64; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Walter J. Shaver. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted 52nd Inf.; discharged Nov. 18, '65.
- John P. Shaw. Aug. 22, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Sergeant; discharged '64; since died in Sodus, '82.
- Wm. J. Shaver. Oct. 7, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- Henry Smith. Sept. 9, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Schaaap. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged Feb. 16, '66; died since the war, Oct. 17, '81; buried in Marion Cemetery.
- Lafayette Sherman. April 30, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B.
- Samuel C. Sherman. Sergeant; Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, Vet. Vol.; wounded and died June 2, '64, at Cold Harbor.
- Myron H. Shirts. 1st Lieut.; Sept. 1, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; resigned Aug. 23, '65.
- Seymour S. Short. Sergeant; Oct. 24, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted 2nd Lieut. Sept. 7, '64; 1st Lieut. Sept. 17, '64; wounded before Richmond; author of numerous letters from the army; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Thomas Sigsby. Aug. 24, '63, 14th Art. Co. B; discharged Aug. 26, '65, with regiment.
- Allen C. Smith. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Francis D. Smith. April, '61, 14th Art. Co. D, re-enlisted Aug. 4, '63, same regiment; discharged May 23, '63.
- Albert J. Snyder. Aug. 15, '62, 9th Art. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John L. Snyder. Corporal; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged May 27, '64.
- Christopher Snyder. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged June 4, '65.
- Leonard Snyder. Corporal; Nov. 11, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 6, '64; died soon after and buried at Joy.
- George Spade. Corporal; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Martin A. Spencer. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Fair Oaks; discharged Nov. 27, '64.
- Charles H. Steegar. Oct. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died June 10, '62, at Baltimore; buried there.
- Alexander H. Steele. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died May 16, '63, near Alexandria, La.; buried there.
- Lewis C. Strickland. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; killed July 2, '62, at Gaines' Mills, Va., and buried there.
- Benjamin G. Strong. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; discharged June 4, '65.

- Charles Sumner. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability April 18, '64.
- David W. Sutherland. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Petersburg; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Charles M. Snyder. July 18, '64, 4th Illinois Cav.
- Benjamin B. Sutphin. Farrier; Jan '64, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Benjamin C. Seager. Corp.; Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted Sergt.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. H. Sutphin. Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 18, '64.
- John H. Smith. Feb. 7, '65, 194th Inf. Co. A; discharged April 3, '65.
- Levi G. Sweet. May 3, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; wounded four times at 2d battle of Bull Run; discharged Oct. 31, '62, for disability.
- John Smith. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; promoted Corp. March 17, '65; discharged Nov. 1, '65, with regiment.
- Stephen Shirts. Navy.
- Henry B. Taylor. Dec. 29, '63, 111th Inf.; promoted Sergt.; wounded June, '64; discharged Aug. '65.
- Wm. H. Taylor. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Corp.; died at Annapolis Dec. 24, 1864, having been a prisoner at Andersonville, captured on Wilson's raid, June 26, '64; buried in Brick Church Cemetery, Sodus.
- Hiram Thompson. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 12, '65; died since the war; buried at South Sodus.
- Robert Thompson. Illinois regiment.
- Samuel P. Thompson. Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Corp.; captured at Stony Creek, Va. June 29, '64; sent to Salisbury, Columbia, Andersonville, Charleston and Florence; discharged with regiment June 27, '65.
- Seward Thornton. Sergt.; Oct. 18, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died Jan. '62, of typhoid fever at Sodus; buried at South Sodus.
- James A. Tinney. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged July 6, '65.
- Austin Torrey. Oct. 29, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Oct. 1, '62.
- George Trice. Oct. 28, '62; fate unknown; supposed to have died in the service.
- Elisha F. Tripp. Corp.; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; appointed color-bearer Jan. 4, '63; killed while carrying the flag April 9, '64, at Pleasant Hill and buried on the battle field; a monument to his memory in Marion Cemetery.
- George Turner. 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Stephen Townsend. Feb. 13, '64, 111th Inf. Co. D; reported from Sodus in accounts of the battle of the Wilderness; transferred to 4th H. A. June 3, '65.
- Jay Tryon. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; captured by Moseley and not heard of afterwards.
- John H. Thompson. March 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 19, '65.
- T. W. Terry (a son of John P. Terry, formerly of Sodus,) was in the service and died in Tennessee, '64.
- Myron Van Auken. Dec. '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; died April 2, '62, in Columbia Hospital.
- Allen Vandebogert. Sergeant; May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted and promoted 1st Lieutenant in 1st Vet. Cav. Sept. 18, '63; Captain Oct. 21, '64; discharged July 20, '65.
- Isaac Vandermiller. Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; drowned Feb. 9, '63, at Berwick Bay and buried there.
- Henry Vandermerlin. Aug. 11, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh July 3, '63; discharged June 2, '65.
- Aloozo Van Inwagen. Sept. 25, '64, 111th Inf.
- Solomon Van Etten. Dec. 4, '63, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the knee at the battle of the Wilderness; discharged June 22, '65.
- John Van Lara. July 20, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged from service Nov. 22, '64.
- Thomaa T. Vauduser. Feb. 22, '64, 3d Art.; discharged Sept. 4, '65.
- John Van Blankenburgh. April 11, '65; 65th Inf.; regiment discharged July 17, '65.

- Littleton Van Inwagen. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; reported from Sodus, census of '65.
- Henry H. Walker. April 25, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; wounded before Richmond, and died Aug. 3, '62, at Douglass Hospital, Washington, D. C.; buried in Brick Church Cemetery, Sodus.
- Joseph P. Walker. Dec. 30, '63, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged; died Nov. 21, '65, in Sodus; buried in Brick Church Cemetery.
- Alonzo Wallace. July 25, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and buried upon the field.
- George W. Wallace. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; severely wounded at Gettysburgh July 3, '63; leg amputated; died July 31, '63; buried in Sodus in the Wallace-family lot.
- Wm. C. Wamosfelder. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; wounded Oct. 19, '64, at the battle of Cedar Creek; discharged June 7, '65.
- David Way. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John H. Weaver. Jan. 15, '63, 111th Inf. Co. C; killed May 6, '64, at the battle of the Wilderness; buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.
- Philip Weber. Sergt.; Sept. 16, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged Dec. 8, '64.
- Joseph Weet. Sept. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; wounded June '62; discharged Aug. 12, '62.
- Stephen Weaver. '62, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Abram Weaver. (Son of Harry Weaver, formerly of Sodus;) 88th Illinois Inf.; instantly killed at the battle of Murfreesboro.
- Morris Welch. July 12, '62, 111th Inf. Co. H; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Albert C. Wells. Corp.; Nov. 11, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted 2d Lieut. Sept. 19, '62; Captain Aug. 1, '64; wounded at the battle of Seven Pines; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Manly J. Westbrook. Sept. 14, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; died Dec. 18, '64, of typhoid fever, at Winchester, Va.; buried there.
- Martin V. Westbrook. July 16, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh and buried on the field.
- Jacob Wheat. Oct. 12, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Isaac Woodruff. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George H. Whitbeck. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Orderly Sergt.
- Jonas Whiting. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; died June '62, in the Chicka hominy Swamp; burial place on the Peninsula.
- Stephen D. Wilcox. Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Jan. 31, '62, for disability.
- Charles Williams. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. D; discharged Feb. 20, '65, for disability; died since the war; buried in Sodus Rural Cemetery.
- Lewis D. Williams. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. D; promoted 1st Lieut. April 4, '64; discharged Nov. 28, '64.
- Peter Williamson. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- John T. Wilson. Nov. 28, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 12, '62, for disability.
- Bethuel R. Winters. Sergt.; Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; discharged Sept. '64.
- David Walton. Pension list of '83.
- William C. Wickham. April 2, '65, naval service; promoted Quartermaster; discharged from the United States monitors *Onieta* and *Catawba* Aug. 6, '65; died since the war; buried in the family lot at Sodus Point.
- Martin G. Wood. Corp.; Aug. 30, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability July 2, '63.
- Charles Wooley. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged June 6, '65.
- Peter Wooley. Dec. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. K; wounded June '64; re-enlisted; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- Joseph W. Wooley. '61, naval service; re-enlisted.
- David Woolsey. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged with company Feb. 6, '66.

- Henry Whaling. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged with company Feb. 6, '66.
- George H. Washburn. Dec. 21, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; transferred date and company not given on muster-out rolls.
- Henry Wood. Feb. 13, '64, 22d Cav. Co. M; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- John Whiting. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; died at Syracuse about the time of discharge, July 22, '65, and buried in Huron Cemetery.
- Enoch P. Welch. Aug. 26, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Winchester Sept. 19, '64; discharged at Savannah, Ga., Nov. 1, '65; he was present and fighting in thirteen battles.
- Watts. An unknown soldier; buried at South Sodus and grave annually decorated
- William York. Corp.; Aug. 19, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; captured and sent to Andersonville; exchanged and died March 12, '65, of weakness and emaciation at Wilmington, N. C.; buried there; he was wounded at Gettysburgh.
- Robert Zoller. Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded at the battle of Seven Pines; two balls in the leg; discharged Nov. 18, '64.

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#### WALWORTH.

- Stephen A. Ashley. Feb. 29, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; taken prisoner or killed before Richmond May 14, '64. (Name also on rolls of 4th Art. same date.)
- Richard Atkinson. Oct. 19, '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; wounded at Fair Oaks; discharged March 29, '63.
- Hugh Atkinson. Jan. 31, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F.
- Samuel Army, Jr. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Arnold. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; died Feb. '83; buried in Palmyra Cemetery.
- Levi L. Allen. Sergt.; May 17, '61, 18th Battery; company discharged July 20, '65.
- James Alborn. Sept. '63, 2d Tenn. (No further information.)
- John Adams. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A. (*Palmyra Courier*.)
- George C. Bancroft. Dec. '61, 59th Inf. Co. K; discharged June, '62.
- Oscar H. Bronson. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged from service with the regiment; killed by accident since the war, May 13, '68, and buried in the Gould Cemetery, Walworth.
- Fritz Bopp. Sept. '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; re-enlisted March, '64, 22d Cav.; died in rebel prison.
- John Beecher. Aug. 30, '62, 160 Inf. Co. B; died of fever in New Orleans, March 16, '63.
- Rensselaer Brown. Aug. 29, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corp.; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- John Brockman. Sept. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- John Bailey. July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Gettysburg; transferred to Co. C, Oct. 29, '64; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- John F. Bilby. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. E; died Aug. 12, '65, at Hicks' Hospital, Baltimore; buried in Walworth Cemetery.
- C. B. Bilby. April 14, '65, 22d Cav.; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- Frank Bancroft. April 12, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- Alfred Bancroft. Sept. 14, '63, 1st Vet. Cav.; promoted 2d Lieut. Oct. 21, '64; mustered out with regiment July 20, '65.
- James Blyth. Nov. '61; *3d Miss. Inf. Confederate Army*; he was from Niagara county, N. Y.; and had resided in Mississippi for fifteen years; now resides in Walworth ('82).
- George W. Copping. Oct. '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; discharged Nov. 18, '64, expiration of term; re-enlisted March 25, '65, 144th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.

- Cary Copping. Dec. 29, '63, 11th Cav. Co. E; 11th was consolidated in a battalion of four companies at expiration of term; battalion mustered out Sept. 30, '65.
- John Clemens. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted in 8th Cav. Sept. '64; died in rebel prison.
- Edward S. Cook. April 14, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.
- Lorenzo D. Clark. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; (not accepted for service.)
- Oscar L. Clemens. June 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died of fever, Nov. 28, '64, at Walworth, and buried there.
- Oscar Curtis. Wagoner; Sept. 5, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Micajah Carr. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged March 25, '64.
- Patrick H. Coney. March 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; appointed Orderly by General McDougall a few days later; transferred to Co. H, under Lieut. Reuben J. Myers; appointed Regimental Musician, and afterwards Regimental Orderly, which last position he retained during the great Grant campaign of '64-'65; wounded at the battle of Peach Orchard, June 16, '64; sent to hospitals at City Point and at Washington, D. C.; Aug. 1st granted a sixty days absence; suffered a severe illness at home; returned to the regiment Oct. 1, '64; Oct. 29th granted a furlough of fifteen days to attend his mother's funeral; on returning (too much disabled for active service) he was appointed Orderly and Musician at Regimental headquarters; served as such until Lee's surrender; transferred with others whose time had not expired to the 4th Art., he served until Oct. 5, '65, when he received a final discharge; after the war became a student in Walworth Academy; graduated therefrom in March, '67, settled in Leavenworth, Kansas; removed to Topeka in the spring of '80, and entered into a general publishing business, including the editing and publication of a paper devoted to the soldiers' interest, known as the *Reunion Banner*. He was born March 17, '48, and was not sixteen years old at the time of his enlistment.
- Edward F. Clum. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Chauncey Clum. April, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed at Antietam, Sept. 17, '62, and buried there.
- Wm. Cosgrove. May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. H; killed at Antietam, Sept. 17, '62; supposed to have been buried there as unknown.
- Charles Clough. Dec. 29, '63, 4th Art.; regiment discharged Sept. 26, '65.
- Edwin Case. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Winchester; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Ralph D. Chapman. Dec. 10, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Oct. 19, '64, for disability.
- Marcus Clackner. Sept. 14, '63, 147th Inf.; regiment discharged June 7, '65.
- John T. Claque. May '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted 1st Vet. Cav.; promoted 2d Lieut. Nov. 7, '63; 1st Lieut. Dec. 31, '64; mustered out with regiment July 20, '65.
- Frank Conrad. Aug. 30, '62, 140th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- James Carney. April 24, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 3, '65.
- F. J. Church. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Church. No particulars.
- John De Boe. Feb. 3, '64, 22d Cav. Co. K; transferred to Co. H March 25, '64; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- Richard E. Dillingham. Sept. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; discharged; re-enlisted Dec. 5, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H, Corp.; appointed Sergt. Nov. 1, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- William H. Dickey. Sept. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- John H. Dunlap. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B.
- Philetus De Mooney. Feb. 24, '64, 4th Art.; discharged Feb. 22, '65.
- Theodore Dean. Sept. 6, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Oran A. Dean. Nov. 26, '61, 75th Inf.; transferred to V. R. C.
- Thomas Dodswell. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; on detached service at 2d Corps Hospital at date of general discharge, June 4, '65.

- Alfred Eastley. Oct. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted same regiment; discharged June 27, '65.
- James Essex. March 25, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 3, '65.
- John Ehde. Jan. 13, '64, 22nd Cav. Co. F; discharged Aug. 1, '65, at Winchester, Va.
- Aaron P. Essex. March 25, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.
- Jonas Eastley. Aug. 20, '62, 140th Inf. Co. G; promoted Sergt. '64; wounded twice May 5, '64, in the battle of the Wilderness; discharged June 3, '65, with regiment.
- Reuben Elmer. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged April 8, '65; died since the war, May 7, '71, and buried in Walworth Cemetery.
- Francis M. Elmer. Aug. 7, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles F. Eisentrager. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at Savage Station, Va., and held at Libby Prison about six weeks; discharged June '63, at Geneva, N. Y.
- Charles Elliot. Sept. 15, '61, 1st California Inf. Co. F; promoted Corporal spring of '62, and Sergeant Oct. '62; wounded Aug. 13, '62, at Fort Craig, New Mexico; discharged Sept. 15, '64, at Galveston, Texas; re-enlisted May 4, '65, 3d Inf. Co. D; discharged Sept. '65.
- Nelson A. Fitts. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; sent on detached service Aug. 8, '64; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- John Freer. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Lewis Farnham. Sept. 23, '61, 44th Inf. Co. K; transferred to Co. A Feb. 1, '64; discharged Sept. 26, '64; re-enlisted Spring of '65; not mustered in.
- Jacob A. Force. Sergt. May 1, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted Jan. 4, '64, 22d Cav.; wounded in the spine; re-enlisted April 24, '65, 194th; appointed 1st Lieut. April 25, '65; discharged with regiment May 5, '65.
- Richard Furner.\* May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B.
- Albert A Fitzgerald. Sept. 14, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; appointed Corporal; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Andrew J. Fosdick. Dec. 29, '63, 4th Art. Co. M; discharged Jan. 22, '65.
- Howard Fisher. Sept. 14, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Lewis Frost. Oct. '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65. [*Clyde Times.*]
- Finley Finkle. Pension roll of '83.
- George Gardner. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed before Richmond June 28, '62.
- John Gill. Feb. 25, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 3, '65.
- Amos Gould. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Geo. W. Gilbert. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corp. Oct. 11, '63; wounded at Cold Harbor; discharged Feb. 15, '65, for disability.
- Orlan D. Gould. Sept. 28, '65, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Thomas Golden. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- John Guilfoyle. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. B. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- David Gregor. Dec. '63, 14th Art.; transferred to 11th U. S. colored troops. This family becomes a noted one in the history of Walworth by their record of military service—furnishing six volunteers.
- Wm. W. Gregor. July, '64, 31st Inf. (No further information.)
- Elijah Gregor. July 24, '63, 8th Cav.; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Samuel Gregor. Dec. '63, 14th Art.; transferred to 11th U. S. colored troops.
- Abram Gregor. Sept. 9, '64. (No further information.)
- Bradley Gregor. July 24, '63, 8th U. S. colored troops; killed at Jacksonville, Florida, Feb. 20, '64, and buried there.
- Boughton Hill. Dec. 21, '61, 59th Inf. Co. K; promoted Corp.; killed at Fredricksburgh Dec. 13, '63; buried in Walworth, Free Will Baptist Cemetery.

\*Perhaps Fenner.



- Hiram C. Hoag. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Frank L. Hoag. Fall of '61, 98th Inf. Co. F; (no further information.)
- John W. Hoag. Nov. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; died at Harper's Ferry of fever Sept. '63, and buried there.
- William N. Howe. Aug. 6, '62, 108th Inf. Co. A; killed at Antietam Sept. 17, '62, and buried two days after the battle near where he fell, wrapped in a soldier's blanket.
- Myron H. Hoyt. Drummer; May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; promoted Sergt.; wounded July 3-4, '63, at Gettysburgh; re-enlisted Spring of '64, 22d Cav. Co. B; captured in the Wilderness and died of starvation at Andersonville Aug. 12, '64; buried in Walworth Cemetery.
- John Ham. Oct. '62, 98th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Alson H. Huntley. Jan. 4, '64, at St. Paul, Minn., 2d Cav. Co. M; served in frontier duty, northwest division; discharged at Fort Snelling Dec. 4, '65.
- J. Murray Hoag. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted 2d Lieut. 4th U. S. C. T. Sept. 2, '63; 1st Lieut. Sept. 24, '64; Captain Nov. 19, '64; Brevet Lieut. Col. U. S. V. March 13, '65; 1st Lieut. 44th U. S. Inf. July 28, '66; Brevet Captain U. S. Army March 2, '67; retired with last rank named, Dec. 15, '70.\*
- Francis J. Hoag. Aug. 11, '62, 9th Art. Co. B; promoted Corporal Nov. 16, '63; Sergeant Jan. 19, '64; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, '65; 2nd Lieut. Feb. 3, '65; discharged June 14, '65
- William J. Higgins. Aug. 29, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; taken prisoner in Va., June 8, '63, and held thirty days; discharged Dec. 30, '63.
- William W. Hodge. Dec. '63, 9th H. A. Co. B.
- John Hall. Aug. 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Thomas Hayley. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- George Hayward. Aug. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Oscar Harris. Aug. '61, 29th Inf.; wounded in the thigh; regiment discharged June 20, '63.
- Charles Hammond. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged from first term Dec. 8, '64.
- George Hampshire. Aug. 24, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; captured, and died Dec. 31, '64, at Salisbury Prison, from exposure and starvation; buried there; funeral sermon by Rev. Horace Eaton, June 18, '65.
- Charles Jennings. July 24, '63, 147th Inf. Co. K; wounded at Gettysburgh; captured at the battle of the Wilderness, May, '64.
- George R. Jones. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Harper's Ferry Sept. '62; transferred to Vet. Reserve Corps, March 15, '64.
- Joseph R. Jones, Jr. July 24, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; taken prisoner with the regiment at Harper's Ferry, Sept. '62; exchanged Dec. '62; wounded at Gettysburgh; transferred to Vet. Reserve Corps, Sept. 1, '63.
- Charles H. Knapp. March, '63, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed July 3, '63, at Gettysburgh and buried on the field. Another report states as follows: "Supposed to have died in rebel prison of exposure and starvation."
- John Kennedy. May 14, '61, 13th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted 108th Inf. Aug. 13, '63; promoted Capt. Oct. 17, '63; mustered out with regiment May 28, '65.
- Michael Kennedy. March '62; 105th Inf.; a prisoner at Andersonville seven months.
- Wm. H. King. Sept. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- George Kidney. No particulars.
- Lewis Knowles. '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; killed before Richmond, June 28, '63.

\*Captain Hoag was with his command and in every engagement until Sept. 29, '64. In the memorable charge upon New Market Heights, Va., he lost an arm but gained a Captain's commission as the reward of his valor.

The *Army and Navy Journal*, Oct. 29, '64 said: "First Lieut. J. Murray Hoag, 4th U. S. C. T., although on the sick list and suffering from the effects of fever, insisted on leading his company until he fell wounded in two places, at the enemy's inner line of abatis. He is promoted Captain."

- J. M. Lattin. 2d Lieut.; Nov. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted 1st Lieut. March 23, '63; wounded June 21, '64; promoted Capt. April 20, '64; died July 15, '64, in hospital at New York.
- Michael Lavin. Sept. 27, '64, 11th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Sidney Lovell. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Francis M. Loomis. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B.; discharged for disability June 7, '65.
- Anson Lamb.\* Feb. '65.
- Ansel Lamb. Feb. '65, 107th Inf.; regiment discharged June 5, '65.
- M. Lewis. Aug. 21, '62, 18th Battery; Battery discharged June 20, '65.
- Charles Love. Aug. '63, 126th Inf. Co. A; was wounded Dec. '64, in Virginia; died after the close of the war at Jackson, Michigan, and buried there.
- Charles A. Miller. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; died of fever, Aug. 2, '64, at Howard Hospital, Washington, D. C.; buried on Arlington Heights.
- Samuel Myers. Aug. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed at Winchester, Sept. 19, '64; buried there.
- Wm. H. Miller. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged Jan. 25, '65, for disability.
- Byron Mosier. March 25, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment May 5, '65.
- James O. Mason. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded June, '64; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Frederick Myers. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Joseph Maher. Sept. '64, 11th Inf.; the 11th Inf. was mustered out of service June 2, '62.
- John Macomber. Dec. 10, '61, 4th Art. Co. M; re-enlisted Jan. 26, '64; absent, sick at date of general discharge, Sept. 26, '65.
- George McCleary. July 21, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Gettysburgh, July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Michael McGreal. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; transferred to regular service.
- Wm. J. Mills. Sept. 28, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C.
- Ira Moore. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Josiah E. Nash. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Monocacy, July 9, '64, and died from the effects Aug. 7, '64, in Virginia; buried there.
- Wm. H. O'Flynn. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Thomas D. O'Flynn. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd H. A. June 26, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edgar Oatman. (Pension list of '83.)
- Jerome R. Peacock. Dec. 21, '61, 59th Inf. Co. K; promoted Sergt. Aug. 1, '64; transferred April '64, 6th Regiment Vet. R. C. Co. I; discharged Jan. 11, '65.
- Oscar H. Peacock. Musician; Aug. 22, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Oscar F. Peacock. Aug. 29, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged May 17, '65, from McClellan Hospital, Philadelphia.
- John Piersons. July 31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corp. May '63; wounded at Cold Harbor, and died from the effects June 20, '64, at Philadelphia; buried there, Soldiers' Cemetery.
- Edwin B. Perrin. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James E. Parker. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; appointed 1st Lieut. U. S. C. H. A. 12th Inf. July 23, '63.
- William B. Phelps. March 27, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; died May 3, '65
- James N. Patterson. Aug. '31, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor June 1, '64; discharged Jan. 28, '65, for disability.

\* Not much information. One of the two, Anson or Ansel, is said to have lost his life in the service.

- William M. Parker. Aug. 25, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged May 17, '65.
- Elias Potter. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cedar Creek; discharged from service; died of disease contracted in the army April 6, '67, and buried in Lake View Cemetery, Pultneyville.
- Joseph O. Phillips. April 24, '65, 194th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 5, '65.
- Robert D. Falen. Oct. '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65. [Clyde *Times*.]
- Nathan R. Reed. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corporal '63, and Sergeant '63; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Nicholas Rosenbower. Feb. 25, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Eugene O. Rogers. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Sergeant in '63; absent, sick in hospital at the time of the muster out, July 6, '65; discharged from Hospital.
- John E. Rapp. Dec. 20, '61, 59th Inf. Co. K; wounded Sept. 17, '62, at Antietam; shot through the right lung; taken prisoner same battle; held till Dec. 1, '62; discharged for disability, Dec. 11, '62, at Philadelphia.
- John Richards.\* Dec. '61, 59th Inf. Co. K.
- Elon Russell. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Artillery June 27, '66.
- Jeremiah Ryan. March, '65, 22nd Cav.; regiment mustered out Aug. 1, '65.
- John Peter Reinvelt. July, '62, 108th Inf.; discharged May 28, '65.
- John Sebolt. Aug. '64, 120th Inf.; transferred to 73d.
- Alexander Strugen. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with the regiment June 2, '63.
- William Stumpf. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; died June 4, '64, of wounds received at Cold Harbor; buried at White House Landing.
- Stephen Sabin. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded at Antietam; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Alfred N. Sovo. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.†
- Albert L. Smith. Sergt.; Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; detailed as clerk in War Department Nov. 19, '64.
- Myron F. Strang. Oct. '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergt. '62; wounded Aug. '62, before Richmond and died from the effects Sept. '62; buried on the field.
- Samuel W. Thompson. Dec. 5, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; appointed Corp.; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.
- D. Sherman Stickland. July 28, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; killed at Gettysburgh July 2, '63, and buried on the field.
- Nelson F. Strickland. 1st Lieut.; Aug. 7, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Captain; rank dating Feb. 16, '64; discharged Nov. 28, '64, for disability.
- Andrew Steegar. Feb. 29, '64, 4th Art. Co. H; discharged with company Sept. 26, '65.
- Morrison Stevens. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. E. [Palmyra *Courier*.]
- James Short. Sept. '64, 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- George Starr. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B. [Palmyra *Courier*.]
- Hiram A. Stevens. Oct. '63, 1st Cav.; 1st Cav. and 15th Cav. united June 17, '65, as 2d Provisional Cav.; discharged Aug. 8, '66.

\* Name on muster-out roll Thomas K. Richards; enlisted Jan. 15, '64; discharged from hospital in '65.

†At the battle of Monocacy, Co. B was under command of Lieut. Chauncy Fish. A staff officer rode up to Colonel Seward and asked for a reliable company to guard the wagon bridge, to hold it against the assault of the enemy, or to burn it if necessary. Col. Seward turning said: "Lieut. Fish will march his company down to that bridge and hold it at all hazards." The bridge was a double tracked frame structure roofed. The Pioneers early tore up the plank of one track, split them into kindling wood and stacked it around the central partition ready to set on fire if the order should be given. Meanwhile Company B held the ground under a severe fire, though protected somewhat by the nature of the ground, being in a slight ravine. One or more men of Lieut. Fish's Company went to a wheat field near, brought three sheaves and cutting a hole in the roof near the end of the bridge, thrust the sheaves in among the timbers below the opening. When the order to burn the bridge was given, and before the Pioneers could obey it, *Alfred N. Sovo* sprang out of Company B, "skinned" his way up a plank and set the straw on fire. Instantly the flames burst forth and ran along the roof with great rapidity.

- Hiram Sherman. Sept. '64, 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 O. Spencer Stevens. Sergt.; Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. B; promoted 1st Sergt. June 1, '65; discharged Nov. 1, 1865, with the regiment.  
 Thomas A. Strickland. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 W. R. Strong. No further particulars.  
 M. J. Stubbs. Aug. 29, '62, 111th Inf.; transferred to V. R. C.  
 Anson Staiger. Feb. '15, '64, 4th Art. Co. H; discharged Oct. '65.  
 John Sabin. Sept. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 George G. Sabin. Sept. 8, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Joseph E. Sova. Aug. 28, '62, 8th Cav.; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 William 'andy. Aug. '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; a prisoner some months at Andersonville; regiment discharged June 4, '65.  
 James Sova. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A.; died of disease at Fredericksburgh, Dec. 10, '64.  
 Charles Thomas. Aug. 7, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64, and buried there.  
 Wellington Thompson. Corp. Dec. 5, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 1, '65.  
 George Tiffany. June '61, 15th Massachusetts; re-enlisted and transferred to V. R. C.; promoted; severely wounded at Ball's Bluff.  
 George W. Tallman. Dec. 15, '63, 22d Cav. Co. H; discharged with regiment Aug. 1, '65.  
 Wallace Tuttle. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B. [*Palmyra Courier.*]  
 Nathan Uptegrove. Sept. 26, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G.  
 David Van DerCarr. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; re-enlisted Aug. 30, '64, 2d Cav. and commissioned Captain, with rank dating from Oct. 6, '64; discharged Feb. 23, '65.  
 Abel R. Wyman. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corp. Aug. 14, '63; wounded at Petersburg June 22, '64; died from effects of the wounds at Washington, July 10, '64; buried in Walworth—Baker Cemetery.  
 William M. Wyman. Dec. 29, 1863, 9th H. A. Co. B; died of disease March 28, '65, at Washington, D. C.; buried in Walworth—Baker Cemetery.  
 Artemus T. White. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged April 3, '63, for disability.  
 Loren M. Whitney. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B. [*Palmyra Courier.*]  
 John Jay White. Dec. 14, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Petersburg; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 William Wylie. Oct. 26, '61, 8th Cav. Co. I; promoted Sergt.; discharged Feb. 21, '63, for disability, and died two years after the war; buried at West Walworth.  
 Byron O. Witter. Feb. 10, '62, 98th Inf. Co. F; promoted Sergt; discharged Feb. 10, '65, expiration of term.  
 Henry Whitman. Oct. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to V. R. C. Jan. 25, '65.  
 Squire Wiser. Sept. 26, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 Joel C. White. Oct. 5, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 Stephen Warren. Aug. '64, 64th N. Y.; regiment discharged July 14, '65.  
 Wm. Wesley. Oct. 20, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; regiment discharged June 27, '65.  
 Joseph Watson. Jan. 26, '64, 1st Art. Co. L; discharged with regiment June 17, '65.  
 Thomas F. Ward. Sept. 12, '64, 160th Inf. Co. H; discharged May 15, '65.  
 John Whitman. Dec. 21, '63, 9th Art. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.  
 Patrick Welch. Feb. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.  
 Philip Ward. Sept. '62, 140th Inf. Co. H; promoted Corp. '63; wounded in the Wilderness; died since the war, effects of wounds, June 15, '80; buried in Rochester Catholic Cemetery, State street.  
 George C. Wacksmuth. Sept. 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; appointed Corp.; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.  
 Philip Wakeman. Aug. 16, '64, 160th Inf. Co. B; discharged June 1, '65.  
 Henry Whither. Pension roll of 1833.

## WILLIAMSON.

- Milton H. Atwater. Sept. '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted; discharged Sept. '64.
- Ethel M. Allen. Oct. 15, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted 2nd Lieut.; rank dating from Nov. 13, '61; 1st Lieut. July 30, '62, and Captain June 2, '63; wounded at Fort Harrison, Sept. 29, '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Hiram W. Adams. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died March 16, '63, of disease, at Brashear City, La., and buried there.
- Peter Allen. Nov. 1, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 1st U. S. Artillery at Beaufort, S. C., Jan. '63.
- Isaac Bruno. Feb. 23, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A\*; wounded in the right hand at the battle of the Wilderness; discharged June 27, '65; died since that war, April 13, '77, and buried at East Williamson.
- Wm. Bush. Aug. '62, 111th Inf.; transferred; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Almond E. Bradley. Sept. '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63, with regiment.
- Geo. R. Bullock. Sept. '62, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred to 37th N. Y. and afterwards to 7th Michigan; promoted Sergeant.
- Augustus B. Bradley. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Winchester, Oct. 19, '64; died Nov. 17, '64, of typhoid fever, at Satterlee Hospital, Philadelphia, and buried in private Cemetery, Marion.
- Dayton D. Bartholomew. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Geo. W. Bostwick. Drafted; mustered in July 24, '63, 97th Inf. Co. D; discharged July 18, '65.
- J. Benson Bostwick. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corp. Aug. 14, '62; promoted to 1st Lieut. and assigned to U. S. C. T. Nov. 14, '63.
- Francis T. Babbitt. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; mustered out with regiment July 6, '65, at Washington and discharged July 21, '65, at Syracuse.
- Harmonus Brockhuizen. Sept. '61, 90th Inf. Co. B; wounded; discharged for disability.
- Geo. H. Benton. Corp.; Sept. 30, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded by the fragment of a shell; promoted 1st Lieut. Oct. 14, '64; breveted Capt. N. Y. S. V.; re-enlisted; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Henry P. Benton. Aug. '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; not accepted for service by United States examining officer, New York; enlisted again Aug. 19, '64, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 5, '65.
- David S. Benton.† Sept. '63, 76th Inf. Co. B; taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness; held five months at Andersonville; taken to Florence and is supposed to have died there in the spring of '65 and to have been buried there.
- Anthony Bogart. Aug. 9, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; discharged May 29, '63.
- B. C. Brewster. Capt. Rogers' company. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Peter Brill. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. H; died of consumption at Washington, D. C., July 7, '64, and buried at Williamson.
- Peter Bayns. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Herman J. Bradley. Sept. 13, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Amasa E. Cady. Sept. '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- Herbert J. Cady. Aug. 30, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- Orrin Carpenter. March '64, 111th Inf. Co. G; transferred to 4th H. A. Co. A June 3, '65.
- Grosvenor E. Chapman. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; mustered out with regiment July 6, '65, at Washington, D. C., and discharged July 21, '65, at Syracuse, N. Y.
- Elisha S. Chapman.‡ Sept. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps.

\* Also name found on roll of 4th Artillery.

† The third of three brothers.

‡ Father and two sons.

- William Chapman. Sept. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged with company Dec. 8, '64.
- Cornelius Cuvelier. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died Feb. 27, '65, at Stephenson Depot, Va., of sickness; buried near Winchester, Va.
- W. H. Coleman. Aug. 27, '62, 160 Inf. Co. C; died at Franklin, La., Jan. 22, '64.
- Lorenzo D. Coleman. Sept. 2, '62. 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Patrick Connelly. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- T. L. Carpenter. (No further information.)
- Walter H. Douglass. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Nov. '63; promoted Corp.; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- Joseph W. Douglass. Aug. 10, '62, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Corp. and Sergt.; taken prisoner Nov. 12, '64; held four months at Salisbury; paroled; exchanged; discharged with company Dec. 8, '64. Killed by a horse thief whom he had just surprised, Sept. 14, '71, at Douglass Kan.
- Edwin R. Dailey. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died May 31, '64, at New Orleans; buried there in Monument Cemetery, Camp Chalmette.
- Samuel B. Decou. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry; paroled; exchanged; killed at Gettysburg July 3, '63, and buried on the field.
- Elijah Dumelt. Musician. May 22, '61, 33d Inf. Co. B; discharged with regiment May 23, '63; re-enlisted 8th Cav. Co. C; died Dec. 13, '64, at Washington, D. C., of disease; buried in Marion Cemetery.\*
- Jacob Danforth. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Jan. 2, '64; died since the war at Palmyra, and buried at Pultneville.
- Joseph Dowinna. Aug. 6, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; transferred to 129th Inf.
- John Dwyre. Aug. 1, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D.
- Elijah Dewell. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died Jan. 20, '62, of disease, at Washington.
- Samuel E. Decou. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed at Gettysburgh.
- Loren Denny. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corporal; discharged July 6, '65, at Washington, with regiment, and July 22, at Syracuse.
- Jacob Donnivan. Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Michael Dwyre. Captain Rogers' Company; Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- James Dwyre. Captain Rogers' Company; Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- John Dunning. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; killed July 2, '63, at Gettysburgh; buried in the National Cemetery at that place.
- Asa Eming. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; died in the service.
- Edmund Fries. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; promoted Corporal; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment; died since the war Jan. 5, '75; buried in Furnaceville Cemetery.
- John H. Fillmore. Sergeant; July 12, '61, 1st Illinois Cav.; re-enlisted 55th Illinois Inf. Oct. 31, '61; promoted to Lieut.
- John J. Fish. March 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; (son of Chauncey Fish); discharged from Carver Hospital, D. C., June, '65; died since the war, Sept. 7, '73; buried in Lake View Cemetery, Pultneville.
- Gilbert Fries. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; killed Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek, and buried on the field.
- Myron M. Fish. March 31, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; (son of Chauncey Fish); killed Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester, Va., and buried near there; monument in Lake View Cemetery, Pultneville.
- Harry Fields. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded April, '64, losing right arm at Pleasant Hill, La.; also taken prisoner there and held three months; discharged for disability Oct. 7, '64.
- Devalencourt Fish. Sept. 15, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted in Sept. '64, Vet. Vol. 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged with Co. Dec. 8, '64.

\*Elijah Dumelt had apparently recovered from the measles and had requested to be discharged from the hospital that he might return to camp when he was suddenly attacked by acute bronchitis and died in twelve hours, Dec. 13, '61. A series of resolutions was passed by his company and sent to his parents.

- Chauncey Fish. 1st Sergeant; Aug. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; mustered in Aug. 14, '62; wounded Sept. 19, '64, at Winchester, and also at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; promoted 2nd Lieutenant, rank dating Feb. 6, '64, commission March 16, '64; 1st Lieutenant, rank dating Sept. 12, '64, commission Nov. 19, '64; Captain, rank dating Nov. 28, '64, commission Dec. 24, '64; discharged by reason of consolidation June 27, '65; received also a commission as Brevet Major.\*
- Robert Farrol. Captain Rogers' Co.; Aug. '62. [*Palmyra Courier.*]
- Selby S. Fish. April, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Sergeant; discharged from service April 28, '64; wounded in the riot at New Orleans, soon after the war; bullet in left lung; died in Williamson, July 8, '71, and buried at Ridge Chapel Cemetery.
- John C. Fields. Aug. 15, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corporal; re-enlisted Feb. 16, '64, 146th Inf. Co. I; killed May 5, '64, in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried on the field.
- Charles W. Fillmore. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Carlton B. Fish. Oct. '61, 6th Cav. Co. I; 6th and 15th united June 17, '65, as 2nd Provisional Cavalry; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Christopher Farr. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D.
- W. H. Failing. Sept. 9, '62, 8th Cav. Co. C; discharged with Co. June 27, '65.
- George Forster. Dec. 30, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Jan. 15, '65, expiration of term.
- Timothy S. Fish. Aug. 31, '64; discharged Nov. 19, '64, upon surgeon's certificate of disability.†
- Wm. E. Gibbs. March, '65, 8th Cav.; promoted Corp.; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- George H. Gardner. July, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, '64, and buried on the field.
- Isaac G. Gardner. Sergt.; Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; re-enlisted April, '64; promoted 2d Lieut. and transferred to U. S. C. T.
- Geo. Graves. Sergt.; Feb. 28, '64, 21st Cav. Co. C; promoted Corp. June 5, '65; wounded June 5, '64, at Piedmont, West Virginia, and captured; held a prisoner seven months at Andersonville and Florence; discharged June 21, '66, at Denver, Colorado.
- John Graves. Oct. '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; died since the war from injuries by being thrown from his wagon on the bridge near Wm. Sergeant's in Sodus.
- Daniel T. Grandin. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; taken prisoner and kept at Lynchburgh for a time, removed to Andersonville and died June 28, '64, of starvation and exposure.
- Jacob Giberson. Sergt.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded near New Orleans by accidental discharge of his gun, April 13, '63; discharged for disability Aug. 3, '63.
- John Granger. Nov. 21, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness Aug. 22, '63, at Barrack's Hospital, New Orleans, and buried there; was recovering; had a scuffle with some rebel prisoners which caused a relapse.
- Seymour Green. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.

\* Captain Fish had two sons in the army—one of them, Myron, in his own company. In the battle at Winchester the son fell, shot through the head. The father but a few feet distant could render no aid, nor even stop. There was no pause in the movement. The line swept on. In the evening the body was recovered. Young Fish with two others, Charles Thomas and Samuel Myer, were buried in the same grave on the south side of a tree near the orchard on the Dingle farm at Winchester. At the battle of Monocacy, Capt. Fish held the approach to the bridge that was subsequently burned. His company maintained the position under a galling fire, and for some time after the rebels had crossed below and outflanked the Union forces. The line of battle was broken and a general rout seemed inevitable. At this juncture an officer rode up, and, without much reference to military language, shouted "Get out of here as quick as God will let you." Captain Fish with great skill and presence of mind, led Company B safely from the dangerous position and with but slight loss.

Since the war Captain Fish has been honored with official appointments, holding the position of Inspector of Customs at Pultneyville three years, and Deputy Collector of Customs four years. Captain Fish was born Jan. 22, 1823, his father, Thomas Fish, was a soldier in 1812, serving at Pultneyville and on the lines at Niagara. Captain Fish received at Fort Mehan a present from his comrades, consisting of a sword, sash and belt, costing \$125. It is a handsome affair and must remain a family heir-loom of great value.

† Mr. Fish lacked ten days of being *fifteen years old* and his weight was only ninety pounds. Barely passing muster at first, he was afterwards rejected under circular 67, relating to age, weight, etc.

- Silas G. Gage. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; captured at Spottsylvania; a prisoner eight months; discharged and re-enlisted regular army and served three years.
- Zeno T. Griffin. Aug. 22, '62, 122d Inf. Co. E; (had previously joined the 98th but was rejected as under age;) wounded at Petersburg April 2, '65; discharged June 26, '65, at Washington, D. C.
- Isaac Green. Aug. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Henry Gloyd. Aug. '62 [Palmyra *Courier*.]
- Charles E. Hooker. Aug. '61, 8th Iowa; discharged Aug. '64.
- Stephen E. Hurtubise. Dec. 26, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Leonard Hamlin. March '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Henry M. Heath. Aug. 5, '62, 9th H. A.; transferred to 1st Vermont Cav.; taken prisoner; confined at Florence and died in prison Nov. '64; buried there.
- Samuel E. Hance. Sept. 21, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability April 19, '62; re-enlisted Feb. '64, 3d Cav.; killed instantly in action at Reams' Station June 29, '64, himself and horse blown to pieces by the explosion of a shell; remains left on the field.
- John Hance. Feb. 22, '64, 3d Cav. Co. K; died Sept. 19, '64, of disease at Cavalry Corps Hospital, City Point, Va., and buried there.\*
- Edward S. Holcomb. Aug. 15, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; in the Harper's Ferry surrender; transferred to V. R. C.; died March 23, '63, of disease at Washington, D. C.; buried at Arlington Heights and removed to Williamson Cemetery.
- Jacob Hiller. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cold Harbor, June 3, '64; mustered out July 6, '65, with regiment at Washington, and discharged at Syracuse, July 22, '65.
- Alasco W. Higgins. Dec. 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded at Gettysburgh, July 2, '63, and died Aug. 1, '63; buried in the National Cemetery, at that place.
- Jacob Hubertson. Captain Potter's Company; Aug. '62. [Palmyra *Courier*.]
- Jake Hessenger. 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- Jacob Harmonett. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf.; died a prisoner of war.
- N. R. Hinman. 111th Inf.; died of fever, at Brashear, May 6, '63; (Reported in papers as 160th, Co. C.)
- Hollis Johnson. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to Ambulance train; was in the Harper's Ferry surrender; called to reinforce the ranks in tearing up the Weldon railroad; he was killed Aug. 25, '64, and buried on the field.
- George H. Knapp. March 25, '64, 9th H. A.; captured and died in prison Sept. 25, '64, at Richmond; buried there.
- Chas. Kink. 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Pat. Kelly. Aug. 27, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Jacob King. Pension roll of '83.
- Simeon Koetz. Oct. 24, '61, 90th Inf. Co. D; died June 4, '63, at Fort Hudson, being shot while on picket; buried there.
- Charles King. Aug. 23, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65; killed since the war by accident at East Williamson.
- Van Rensselaer B. King. Oct. 25, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Aug. 6, '65.
- Charles King (as reported by canvasser.) July 25, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged July 2, '64; died since the war, '76, in Sodus. (Perhaps a repetition.)
- Jas. Landreth. Jan. '62, 98th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Anthony Lackner. (No particulars.)
- Reuben Macy. Sept. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Horace G. Myrick. Feb. '65, 8th Cav.; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Loren Merchen. Aug. '64, 111th Inf.; regiment discharged June 3, '65.

\* John Hance lost his horse in the battle of Reams' Station and was obliged to leave the mangled body of his brother, who had fallen in the fight, upon the field. The company was surrounded by rebels, and while cutting their way out a shell struck in front of Samuel's saddle and himself and horse were blown to pieces.



- Norman Meeker. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; discharged Feb. 1, '63; died since the war, July 19, '81; buried in Ontario Furnaceville Cemetery.
- Carlisle Mount. Sept. 1, '64, 111th Inf.; died in the service, South. His mother going for the body lost her life by the same fever; his father also took the fever at home and died, and also Mrs. Dorastus Seeley.
- Lyman Manchester. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; appointed Sergt. Jan. 1, '63; also Color Sergt.; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- Isaac Mullie. Aug. 5, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded April 2, '65; absent sick at general discharge, June 4, '65.
- Richard E. Mount. Nov. 12, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; died Oct. 12, '62, of sickness at Yorktown, Va. and buried there.
- Thomas Morgan. Oct. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded June, '64; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Peter Myrick. Nov. 16, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Dec. 23, '64, expiration of term.
- Edward Mitchell. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles Manchester. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged April 8, '65.
- John Negus. March 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; a prisoner at Dansville nine months, having been taken at Monocacy Junction July 9, '64, discharged '65.
- Harvey N. Nichols. Sergt.; Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; transferred to Invalid Corps, Aug. 1, '63.
- Andrew J. Nye. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E.
- James S. Pratt. Sept. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment Nov. 1, '65.
- James D. Prentiss. Dec. 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d H. A. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles W. Prentiss. Dec. 9, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; wounded June '64; re-enlisted Feb. '64; promoted Corp. March 30, '64; discharged Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- George Prentiss. Sept. '62, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred to 37th New York, and afterward re-enlisted 7th Michigan; discharged '65.
- John S. Pease. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; captured with the regiment at Harper's Ferry; discharged Jan. 1, '63, for disability.
- Eugene Parkhill. Sept. 12, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; transferred to 146th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted same regiment; was captured at 2d battle of Bull Run and held ten days; and again at Weldon Railroad and held six and a half months at Salisbury; discharged Aug. 5, '65.
- Alfred E. Pratt. March '64, 8th Cav.; transferred to Co. L May '65; discharged Aug. 30, '65.
- William B. Pierce. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; in the Harper's Ferry surrender; sent to Parole Camp, Chicago, and died of disease at City Hospital, Chicago, Nov. '62; buried there in Douglass Cemetery.
- Robert F. Parkhill. Sept. 1, '61, 17th Inf.; re-enlisted Aug. 17, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; wounded at Cedar Creek, and died from the effects at Rochester, Nov. 12, '64; buried in Pultneyville Cemetery.
- Francis E. Peck. Sept. 24, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corp. '63; Sergt. '64; discharged Jan. '63; re-enlisted same date; final discharge Aug. 31, '65, with regiment.
- William Pound. Sept. 23, '61, 97th Penn. Inf. Co. C; wounded in right leg by a shell at Green Plains, May 20, '64; served three months as private and then as musician; discharged Sept. 22, '64.
- William Potter. Aug. 29, '62, 160th Inf. Co. A; Captain, commission dated Nov. 19, '62; resigned April 1, '63.
- Darius F. Russell. Sept. 11, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; promoted Corporal; transferred to 146th, May '63; discharged Sept. 11, '64.
- Wm. P. Reeves. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Sergt.; re-enlisted same regiment and company, Vet. Vol.; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- Hiram A. Reeves. (Of Beloit, Wisconsin, formerly of Williamson.) Enlisted for the one hundred day service; taken sick and died in Williamson, April '62; buried in Williamson Cemetery.

- John N. Reeves. Sept. 13, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; re-enlisted Feb. '64, same regiment; promoted Captain Feb. 11, '65; discharged June 27, '65.
- Robert A. Rawling. Sept. 12, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; re-enlisted in the 146th Inf. Aug. 22, '62, captured May 5, '64, and held nine months at Libby, Florence and Andersonville; died Jan. 9, '65, at Annapolis, of disease; buried in Williamson.
- Levi K. Roys. Sept. 2, '62, 111th Inf. Co. A; died Feb. 6, '65, of disease, at City Point, Va., and buried there.
- Charles F. Reeves. Corp.; Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died of disease, Dec. 28, '63, at Franklin, La; buried there.
- G. M. Roys. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Daniel Russell. Aug. 27, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment June 4, '65.
- W. F. Reuse. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; discharged with regiment, Nov. 1, '65.
- Edmund Stevens. Aug. '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged; under age; afterwards re-enlisted same regiment and company; taken prisoner on Weldon railroad; discharged with regiment, June 4, '65.
- Chester F. Short. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; wounded June, '64; discharged with the regiment June 4, '65.
- Simeon Sweet. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; wounded in the leg; discharged for disability June 19, '65.
- Oliver Sutton. Sept. 18, '61, 8th Cav. Co. G; re-enlisted April, '64; discharged June 27, '65.
- Charles Smith. Sept. 22, '64, 8th Cav.; regiment discharged June 27, '65.
- Abner Sealey. 2nd Lieutenant; Aug. 16, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; promoted Captain May 15, '65; not mustered; discharged June 3, '65, with regiment.
- Robert F. Shipley. Oct. 3, '62, 4th H. A.; transferred to 140th Inf. Co. A; transferred to 54th Inf.; promoted Sergeant; regiment discharged in '65.
- Robert N. Shipley. Sept. 17, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; captured June 26, '64, Wilson's Raid; held at Libby, Charleston and Florence a prisoner for some months; promoted Com. Serg't; discharged June 27, '65, with regiment.
- David Shepherd. Dec. 27, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '64.
- Fred Sutter. Aug. 3, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.
- John Short. Aug. 25, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; wounded at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64; absent, sick at general discharge Nov. 1, '65.
- Eugene Sanders. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B, promoted Corporal July, '64; Sergeant Jan. '65; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Frank Savony. Name in previous lists.
- Lewis Savony. Name in previous lists.
- William Sinsabaugh. Musician; March 26, '62, 5th N. Y. Volunteers; discharged June 26, '62.
- Henry A. Tibbits. July 8, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- John H. Teats. Aug. 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; promoted Corp. and served as musician; discharged June 4, '65, with regiment.
- John H. Thompson. March 7, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in right leg May 5, '64, at the battle of the Wilderness; taken prisoner and held ten days; discharged June 19, '65.
- Tremhill. 111th Inf. (No other information.)
- Charles L. Tassel. March 4, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded in the shoulder near Petersburg; discharged Feb. 25, '65, for disability.
- Joseph H. Truax. Aug. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to Co. K; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles L. Truax. Aug. 13, '62, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to Co. K; killed May 6, '64, battle of the Wilderness and buried on the field.
- Jacob Übrassen. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; died of sickness May 15, '63, at Brashear City, Louisiana, and buried there.
- Jacob Verboom. May, '64, 6th Cav.; 6th Cav. and 15th united June 17, '65, as 2d Provisional Cav.; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Wm. H. Vosburgh. Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; killed at Opequan Creek, Va. Sept. 19, '64.

- W. H. Vuke. Sept. '61, 17th Inf.; regiment discharged June 2, '63.
- Myron H. Van Winkle. Aug 20, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; died July 29, '63, of wounds received at the battle of Gettysburgh, and buried in the National Cemetery at that place, section A, No. 75.
- Abram Van Valkenburgh. Aug. 28, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; died at Baton Rouge Aug. 21, '63.
- E. F. Van Inwagen. 9th H. A. (*Palmyra Courier*.)
- D. Lafayette White. Feb. 26, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A; wounded May 18, '64; discharged July 5, '65.
- Duwayne L. White. Feb. 26, '64, 8th Cav.; transferred to 111th Inf. Co. A; discharged from hospital July 5, '65. (Perhaps a repetition.)
- Andrew J. White. May 10, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; discharged June 2, '63.
- Myron P. White. Fifer. Dec. 10, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability; drafted in '63 and assigned to 146th Inf. Co. I; discharged July 18, '65.
- Henry A. White. Aug. 22, '62, 160th Inf. Co. D; a prisoner at Andersonville for some months; discharged June 20, '65, and died in Aug. of that year at home and buried in Williamson Cemetery.
- Alvin White. Aug. 20, '62, 1st L. A.; discharged June 23, '65.
- Alfred Wakely. Captain; commissioned Nov. 13, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; resigned July 20, '62.
- Benjamin E. Wheeler. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; taken prisoner and died in Andersonville Aug. 4, '64, and buried there.
- Robert Warren. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Byron J. Woodhull. Feb. 1, '64, navy, steamer *Ceres*; paymaster; he was in the battle with the rebel ram *Albemarle* May 5, '64, and in the battle of Plymouth, N. C.; discharged Feb. 25, '65.
- Peter Williamson. Nov. 16, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged June '62, for disability.
- Philip Weber. Sept. 10, '61, 8th Cav. Co. C; promoted Com. Sergt.; discharged at the expiration of term Dec. 8, '64.
- Marcus White. July 29, '62, 111th Inf. Co. D; wounded at Gettysburgh; leg amputated; discharged for disability; date not given on muster-out roll.
- Orrin Wakely. Sergt.; Nov. 23, '61, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged Oct. 25, '62.
- Frank Weaver. Aug. 7, '62, 117th Inf.; discharged with regiment June 8, '65.
- William H. Wake. Sept. 18, '61, 17th Inf. Co. I; died of sickness in hospital at Alexandria, Va., and buried there.

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 WOLCOTT.

- Wm. E. Able. Dec. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; died in hospital at Washington, D. C., July 11, '64, and buried there.
- Wm. H. Abrams. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; died in Washington, D. C., at United States General Hospital, Jan. 13, '63; had been a prisoner fourteen months.
- Wm. Abbey. Dec. 24, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Wm. H. Arne. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June 1, '64; promoted Corporal March 1, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Josiah Ackerman. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed Corporal April 17, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Ackerman. April 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June, '64; discharged for disability, March 9, '65.
- Hamilton M. Arne. Dec. 21, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Fitch M. Arne. Aug. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Wm Anderson. Drafted April, '65; assigned to 65th Inf.; discharged July 17, '65, with regiment.

- Dr. D. H. Armstrong. Appointed Asst. Surgeon in the 160th Inf. Sept. 17, '62; served with the regiment until the spring of '65, when he was appointed, April 14, Surgeon of the 193d Inf.; discharged Jan. 18, '66.\*
- George Edgar Baker. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, expiration of service.
- David H. Becker. Sept. 1, '62, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- David D. Becker. April, '61, 19th Inf.; re-enlisted Sept. '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted 2nd Lieut.; discharged June 14, '65.
- Charles A. Blakely. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability Feb. 8, '63; died after discharge of consumption at Lawrence, Kansas, in '64.
- John R. Blakely. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed Musician Sept. 8, '62; killed at Cold Harbor June 1, '64.
- George W. Brinkerhoff. Sergeant; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut. March 1, '64; 1st Lieut. Nov. 19, '64; Captain Feb. 18, '65; Brevet Major U. S. V.; wounded in the campaign of the Wilderness; discharged June 27, '65.
- Jerome A. Burch. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war, Sept. 8, '72; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- John A. Becker. Feb. 8, '62, 3d Art.; died May 12, '63, at Red Creek, N. Y., soon after discharge; buried at Red Creek.
- John H. Burr. Corporal; Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; killed by accident at Port Hudson, May 27, '63, and buried there.
- Albert W. Bancroft. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged May 5, '65, for disability.
- Harvey L. Brown. Sept. 15, '64, 3d Art.; re-enlisted 9th Art.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Nicholas V. Bigelow. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; wounded at Monocacy; Bugler the last eighteen months.
- Wm. H. Balu. Oct. 16, '62, 160th Inf.; killed March 30, '63, on the gunboat *Diana*; buried on the banks of Red river.
- William Barber. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.
- George D. Barber. Corporal; July 21, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged Jan. 20, '63, for disability.
- Charles A. Brown. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; appointed Sergeant Aug. 25, '62; 1st Sergeant March 9, '63; discharged for promotion July 26, '63.
- Frederick H. Bailey. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Feb. 13, '64, for disability.
- Harrison Barnett. July 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corporal; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65.
- Lafayette Brewster. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd N. Y. H. A. April 18, '64.
- Jeremiah Bassett. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. K; not accepted for service.
- Henry F. Blackmore. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, at the expiration of service.
- Stephen E. Bullock. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Henry Brace. Jan. 4, '64, 16th Art. Co. L; discharged Aug. 21, '65, with regiment.
- Arthur Brink. Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.

\* "The undersigned, officers of the Regular and Volunteer Service of the United States, passengers on board the steamboat *Champion*, Mississippi river, desiring to make some acknowledgment of the skill and attention of Assistant Surgeon D. H. Armstrong, One Hundred Sixtieth Regiment, N. Y. Volunteers, take this means to express their gratitude and admiration of the faithfulness with which he (himself an invalid) has ministered to their bodily infirmities, and to other sick passengers on this steamer, and regret that it is not possible for them at this time to make a more tangible evidence of their appreciation. They will ever treasure his memory as one of the few who go about doing good; and the solicitude he has exhibited for their comfort, and his thoughtfulness and generosity in purchasing such medicines as they needed, from his private purse, accidentally known to them, will not be forgotten. He has their hearty thanks and their earnest wish that he may soon enjoy a more extended field of usefulness in the army."

Signed by forty-five Colonels, Lieut. Colonels, Majors, Captains and Lieutenants."

- Charles Billhart. Fall of '63, 9th H. A.; (no further information.)
- William A. Barnhart. Sept. 30, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; died May 27, '64, of wounds received at Port Hudson, and buried there.
- Byron Bowman. Oct. 5, '61, 10th Cav.; promoted Corp. '62; wounded; a prisoner some months; the 10th and 24th were united June 17, '65, as the 1st Provisional Cav.; discharged July 19, '65.
- Walter B. Bowman. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. K; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles H. Bowman, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Isaac Bolster. March 1, '62, 3d Art.; re-enlisted Feb. '64; regiment discharged by batteries from June 23 to July 29, '65.
- George D. Barber. Jn y 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability Jan. 20, '63.
- Alfred H. Boylan. No particulars obtained.
- James Brewster. 9th H. A.
- George Becker. 111th Inf.
- Wm. P. Brockway. 65th Inf. Co. I; died since the war, Feb. 9, '73; buried in Leaveuworth Cemetery.
- James Boyd. Dec. 11, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred June 27, '65, to 2nd Artillery; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Robert Brundage. April, '65, 21st Inf.; discharged May 21, '63.
- Charles S. Benedict. Dec. 13, '63, 9th H. A.; transferred to 16th Art.; regiment discharged Aug. 21, '65.
- Charles W. Blanchard. Dec. 18, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged May 26, '65, for disability.
- Elijah Bowen. May 6, '61, 19th Inf.; transferred to 3d Art.; regiment mustered out by batteries from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- Benjamin Bowen. Feb. 8, '62, 3d Art.; promoted Sergeant; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- W. S. Carrier. 10th Vet. Cav. Co. E; died in hospital, Baltimore; buried in Lovejoy's Cemetery.
- Augustus F. Caldicut. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; died at Wolcott since the war.
- Madison Clifton. Oct. 6, '62, 3d Art. Co. K; discharged with company June 30, '65.
- George W. Carr. Fall of '61, 75th Inf.; died Feb. 23, '64.
- William Cook. Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. I; died at Washington, D. C., '64, and buried there.
- Myron Crane. 96th Inf. Co. G; died in Fredericksburgh Hospital Oct. 21, '65; buried in Wolcott Cemetery.
- John Wesley Cole. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64;
- James G. Cooke. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Edward H. Cooke. Oct. 3, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Jan. 1, '64, 75th Battalion Co. E; discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Samuel M. Chesebro. 1st Sergt.; Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; promoted 2d Lieut. June 16, '62; resigned July 25, '63; re-enlisted in '64; promoted 2d Lieut. May 9, '64; 1st Lieut. Sept. 16, '64; wounded and taken prisoner at Winchester; recaptured same day, Sept. 19, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- George W. Carr. Sept. 30, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64. (A repetition.)
- Benson Conkling. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut. Sept. 1, '64; discharged Dec. 23, '64.
- Curtis S. Courtright. Sergeant; Aug. 8, '62, 111th Inf.; killed May 18, '64, at battle of Spottsylvania, and buried there.
- Chester Courtright. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp.; wounded in left arm; discharged June 26, '65.
- Peter J. Carris. Fall of '63, 9th H. A.; (no further information.)
- Myron H. Crawford. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Sergeant Oct. 1, '63; died Aug. 23, '64, at U. S. Gen. Hos. Frederick, Md.

- Robert W. Cole. Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Joseph B. Casterline. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; promoted Corporal April 12, '64 ; Sergeant Nov. 1, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Wm. W. Carter. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; appointed Corporal July 1, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Jabez I. Carter, Jr. Aug. 15, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Feb. 11, '64, for disability.
- Wm. A. Coventry. Wagoner ; July 9, '63, 21st Cav. Co. C ; on detached service twelve months ; served through the war ; discharged with regiment June, '65.
- Albert Carrier. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Eugene Culliford. Jan. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Daniel Conger. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B ; transferred to V. R. C. April 29, '65.
- Aaron B. Chapman. Drafted April, '65, 65th Inf. ; discharged July 17, '65.
- John Cooke. No particulars.
- Asa L. Curtis. Sept. 3, '64, 111th Inf. Co. A ; discharged with regiment June 4, '65 ; died since the war at Camden, New Jersey, Feb. 23, '83.
- John Chase. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. (No further information.)
- Thomas Conway. Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Cortland Chapman. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Chatterdon. Sept. '64, 96th Inf. ; regiment discharged Feb. 6, '66.
- Delos W. Creor. Sept. 3, '64, 3d Art. Co. M ; discharged with company June 26, '65.
- Levi Cooper. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged June 14, '65.
- Norman G. Cooper. May 1, '61, 24th Inf. Co. E ; promoted 2d Lieut. Aug. 29, '62 ; wounded in right arm at Groveton, Va., Aug. 26, '62 ; taken prisoner ; exchanged ; discharged at expiration of term of service ; now of Sturgis, Michigan.
- J. W. Congdon. Porter Guards ; accidentally killed on the cars ; struck by Rock Creek bridge near Gettysburgh, Pa. (Dem. Press, Jan. 30, '62.)
- Milton Dempsey. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65 ; died at Wolcott after the war, Nov. 21, '74 ; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- Charles G. Delamater. Corp. ; Aug. 29, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Feb. 11, '64, for disability, and died not long after ; buried at North Wolcott.
- Silas Doolittle. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H ; re-enlisted Jan. '64 ; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Elisha W. Drury. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Benjamin Dutcher. Sept. 21, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64 ; died since the war ; buried at North Wolcott.
- F. D. Dudley (now of Wolcott). '63, 16th H. A. Co. L ; discharged in June, '65.
- Newton Devinney. Corp. ; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged April 6, '65, for disability.
- Charles Stuart Dunning. Sept. 18, '61, 75th Inf. ; transferred to 14th Cav. ; promoted Color Sergt. ; died April 21, '64, at Mansfield, Louisiana, of wounds received in battle.
- Wm. Dare. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; promoted Corp. Sept. 5, '62 ; died at Fort Reno, Nov. 30, '62 ; buried at Westbury.
- Stephen T. Devoe. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; promoted Sergeant ; promoted Chaplain of the regiment, Dec. 16, '64 ; mustered out with regiment July 6, '65.
- Michael Dorsey. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged Feb. 6, '64, for disability.
- Philip W. Douglass. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. B ; transferred to 4th N. Y. Art. June 3, '65 ; discharged Sept. 26, '65.

- George Douglass. Aug. '63, 97th Inf. ; regiment discharged July 18, '65.
- D. Charles Duncan. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Coleman W. Doolittle. 16th Art. ; promoted Corporal ; regiment discharged Aug. 12, '65.
- Henry A. Dudley. Dec. 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A ; in Texas when the war broke out ; compelled to serve in rebel army ; taken prisoner at Kansas Post ; brought to Camp Douglass, Chicago ; exchanged ; came home ; after recovery from a severe sickness enlisted in Union service ; disabled by a wound at Cold Harbor ; discharged for disability Nov. 21, '64.
- Edwin H. Draper. Surgeon ; March 9, '65, 21st Cav. ; mustered out in '66.
- Andrew Dutton. Corporal ; drafted April 21, '65, 65th N. Y. ; discharged June 23, '65.
- Robert Douglass. Aug. '63, 97th Inf. ; regiment discharged July 18, '65.
- John Earll. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G ; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- John E. Elmer. July 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65
- John C. Elmendorf. 1st Sergt. ; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; 2d Lieut. March 2, '65 ; wounded in the campaign of the Wilderness ; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- Seward Enny. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65 ; died since the war, '83.
- Albert Elmer. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; killed at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, '64.
- David Earle. Aug. 24, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Isaac Earle. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles A. Easton. Corporal Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged for disability, April 17, '64.
- Daniel Earle. Aug. 16, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- Stephen Earle. (No particulars obtained.)
- Wilson Edwards. Aug. '63, 68th Inf. ; died since the war ; drowned in the canal.
- Levi Emerick. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. C ; died at Dansville, Nov. 20, '64, a prisoner of war.
- Charles Easton. Aug. '61, 75th Inf. ; re-enlisted Jan. '64, 75th Battalion ; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- George Emery. April 8, '62, 115th Inf. Co. A ; promoted Corporal Nov. 15, '63 ; surrendered with the regiment, at Harper's Ferry ; five months on parole ; discharged May 29, '65.
- Samuel Faulkner. Dec. 29, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; killed Oct. 19, '64, at battle of Cedar Creek.
- James P. Foster. 9th H. A. ; (no further particulars.)
- Edmund P. Foster. May 21, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B ; discharged for disability, Aug. 10, '61 ; died at Lyons, N. Y., '63, of sickness acquired in the service ; hurried at Lyons.
- George W. Fowler. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; (also reported in 111th Co. D.) discharged Oct. 10, '64 ; died at Wolcott, after the war.
- Henry C. Frost. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died at Fort Reno, Jan. 18, '63.
- Oscar J. Frost. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; appointed Corporal April 12, '61 ; Sergeant Sept. 1, '64 ; 1st Sergeant April 17, '65 ; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.
- Ira Foster. (Pension roll of '83.)
- James H. Finout. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Nov. 13, '64, for disability ; died since the war ; buried at North Wolcott.
- Alonzo P. Foster. March '65, 65th Inf. ; discharged July 17, '65.
- James Furbush. Feb. '64, 111th Inf. ; transferred to 8th Art. ; 8th discharged June 5, '66.
- Gilbert Fisher. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Hiram E. Fraker. 98th Inf. ; 98th discharged Aug. 31, '65.

- Lewis M. Foster. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. E; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Loren Ferbush. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Nathaniel J. Field. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 29, '65, from hospital.
- Judson Fink. 9th H. A.; died since the war; buried at North Wolcott.
- Joseph Freer. Fall of '63, 9th H. A.; no further information.
- George S. Groat. Sept. 6, '61, 44th Inf. Co. Co. B; killed at Fair Oaks July 1, '63; burial place unknown.
- Gergeannah Gage. (No particulars obtained.)
- Wm. H. Gibbs. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to V. R. C.; date not given on muster-out roll.
- Alfred L. Graham. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed Corporal April 12, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Silas G. Gage. Feb. 18, '62, 111th Inf. Co. E; a prisoner at Lynchburgh; paroled; exchanged; absent, sick at date of general discharge June 4, '65.
- Barton Gage. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged Aug. 25, '64, for disability.
- William Gage. May 22, '61, 19th Inf.; regiment changed to 3d Art., Jan. 31, '62; 3d discharged from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- John C. Gage. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.
- Henry Gardner. April 18, '61, 26th Inf. Co. G; discharged July, '62; re-enlisted 4th Art. Co. M, Jan. '64.
- George M. Gardner. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.
- Willis Grant. Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Feb. 10, '65, for disability.
- Ezen T. Guild. Aug. 6, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged Nov. 24, '64, for disability.
- Egbert F. Guild. No particulars.
- Alfred R. Garner. Sept. 18, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted Feb. 23, '64; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Loren O. Gray. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged March 20, '63.
- Austin A. Griswold. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Jan. 27, '65, on the field, Va.
- Wm. Hawley. 1st Lieut.; Sept. 10, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Capt. May 16, '64; wounded in the right arm; discharged Sept. 14, '64.
- John T. Hynes. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; died since the war, Aug. 8, '67, at Westbury, Cayuga Co. N. Y.; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery, Wolcott.
- Malcolm Huntley. Nov. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Eben L. Hill. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; discharged for disability Aug. 14, '61; re-enlisted Sept. 10, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; discharged for disability Dec. 20, '61; re-enlisted Feb. 7, '62, 98th Inf. Co. I; discharged for disability Sept. 7, '62.
- Charles E. Hill. Sept. 8, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Ward Harvey. Sept. 1, '61, 61st Inf.; regiment discharged July 14, '65.
- James A. Haven. Fall of '63, 9th H. A. (No further information.)
- Jakway R. Hoff. 1st Sergt.; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 2d Lieut. June 7, '63; 1st Lieut. March 30, '64; assigned to Co. E, 9th Art.
- Wm. D. Hoffman. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Helon Hazard. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Hunt. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William Henry. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Evelyn Hoyt. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Aden W. Hoyt. Pension roll of '83.
- Enos Hinman. Dec. 15, '63, 9th H. A.; wounded; regiment discharged July 6, '65; died since the war.



- Charles A. Hersey. July 31, '62, 111th Inf. Co. C; died April 2, '65, at Petersburg, of wounds received in battle; buried at Petersburg.
- Levi G. Hendrick. No particulars obtained.
- Truman S. Harvey. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Corp. June 29, '63; Sergt. April 12, '64; 1st Sergt. March 1, '65; 2d Lieut. April 14, '65; discharged June 14, '65.
- Charles A. Hussey. Dec. 30, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Erastus L. Hill. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- Wilbur F. Hubbard. Musician; 9th H. A.
- David A. Hendricks. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 13, '65.
- Ennis Humphrey. Jan. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged Jan. 15, '65, for disability.
- Mark Harmon. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 27, '65.
- Harrison Harrett. June 23, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Charles Howland. April 25, '61, 19th Inf. Co. I; discharged May '62, for disability.
- Burkhard Hurter. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Stephen B. Hutchinson. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Horace S. Johnson. Dec. 28, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; died at Frederick City Hospital, Aug. 18, '64.
- Charles H. Jones. Sept. 20, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; re-enlisted March 12, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Wm. R. Jewell. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- James Johnson. 126th Inf. Co. I; died since the war, March 4, '81; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- Thomas W. Johnson. Sept. 9, '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; promoted Sergeant; 1st Lieut. Dec. 22, '62, and Captain Feb. 17, '64; sixteen months a prisoner; transferred to 1st Provisional Cavalry June 17, '65; discharged July 19, '65.
- George Johnson. Drafted April '65; assigned to 65th Inf.; regiment discharged July 17, '65.
- James W. Johnson. Sept. '61, 10th Cav. Co. E; the 10th united with the 24th June 17, '65, as 1st Provisional Cavalry; discharged July 19, '65.
- Augustus B. Karr. April 2, '63, 9th H. A. Co. I; died Feb. 18, '64, at Wolcott of sickness acquired in the service, and buried in North Wolcott.
- George W. Karr. Sept. 30, '61, 75th Inf. Co. H; died after returning from New Orleans Feb. 23, '64, at New York and buried at North Wolcott.
- Andrew J. King. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. 75th Battalion; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64; buried on the field.
- Daniel C. Knapp. Corp.; Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; taken prisoner; died at home from the effects of starvation April 4, '65; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery, Wolcott.
- Julius Alexander Knapp. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; re-enlisted Vet. Vol. Jan. 1, '64, 75th Battalion Co. E; discharged June 24, '65.
- Edward Kelly. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Andrew Knapp. Corp.; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed Corp. Sept. 5, '62; died at Red Creek No. 14, '62.
- John J. King. Dec. 16, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged June 9, '65.
- Alonzo Koon. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George D. King. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; absent sick after May 18, '64; not present at final discharge July 6, '65.
- Luzerne Kile. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corp.; died Aug. 18, '63, at Fort Mansfield, of sickness; buried at North Wolcott.
- Lexon Kent. Sept. '61, 75th Inf.; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64; died since the war.
- Simon F. Kimball. (No particulars obtained.)

- E. B. Kellogg. Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. C; discharged March 5, '65.  
 John Leroy, Jr. Aug. 9, '61, 9th H. A. Co. A.; died at Washington March 14, '64.  
 Cyrns B. Longyear. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; appointed Artificer Jan. 1, '65; promoted Assistant Orderly Sergeant, also Regimental Armorer; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Wm. H. Lakey. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 Luther Lower. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.  
 Loren O. LeGuy. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged May 20, '63.  
 Benjamin Lee. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Feb. 16, '64.  
 Peter Lash. April, '65, 65th Inf.; regiment discharged July 17, '65.  
 Dan E. Lindsley. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Elname Lane. (No particulars obtained.)  
 Warbam Mudge. Chaplain; 138th Inf. 9th H. A.; commissioned Sept. 10, '62; resigned Sept. 26, '64.  
 Atlas Miller. Drafted March 15, '65; assigned to 65th Inf. Co. I; discharged June, '65, from Mt. Pleasant Hospital.  
 Olin McArthur. Sergt.; Aug. 11, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Aug. 25, '63, for disability; died at Wolcott in '75.  
 Wallace Merrill. Jan. 10, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A.; killed at Monocacy, July 9, '64.  
 Adam Michael. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; promoted Corp.; captured and died in Salisbury prison, Dec. '64; burial place unknown.  
 Edward Miller. Oct. '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; killed at Sabine Pass.  
 Andrew Michael. Sept. 29, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.  
 Justin W. Morey. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; reported dead in census of '65.  
 Henry McOmber. Sept. 12, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D.  
 Wm. J. Mead. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; appointed Corp. April 12, '64; died Feb. 8, '65, at Dansville, Ky., of sickness while a prisoner of war, and buried there.  
 Wm. Moffat. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; appointed Artificer April 17, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 John Mack. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Allen T. Morley. Aug. 5, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged Feb. 25, '63, for disability.  
 Wm. Moore. Nov. 14, '62, 160th Inf.; regiment discharged Nov. 1, '65.  
 Edward P. Merrill. July 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged with regiment July 6, '62; died since the war from the effects of wounds, Aug. 27, '67; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.  
 John D. Myers. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 John McElvany. Aug. 26, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged Sept. 28, '63, for disability.  
 Edgar J. Merrill. Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; discharged March 1, '65.  
 Elias Mitchell. Aug. 6, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; transferred to V. R. C.; date not given on muster-out roll.  
 David McDougall. Aug. 4, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A.; appointed Musician April 8, '62; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 William Milliman. March 16, '61, 75th Inf.; re-enlisted Aug. '64; Corporal; 75th Battalion; battalion discharged Aug. 31, '65.  
 Samuel D. Miller. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.  
 James H. Marvin. Sept. 1, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.  
 Enos Milliman. March 16, '64, 75th Inf.; crippled by disease acquired in the service; regiment discharged Nov. 25, '64, from first term.  
 Charles H. Miller. Aug. 14, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.  
 George McKeon. Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.  
 John McIntyre. Oct. 10, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged June 9, '65.

- Jerome Millington. Summer of '61, 12th Inf.; regiment mustered out May 17, '63.
- Wm. Henry McIntyre. May 2, '61, 27th Inf. Co. B; promoted Corporal Jan. 4, '63; injured in the fight at Gaines' Mills, resulting in loss of hearing; discharged with regiment May 31, '63; re-enlisted Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged March 7, '65, to receive promotion; promoted 2nd Lieut.; rank dating Feb. 3, '65; discharged by reason of consolidation, June 27, '65.\*
- Patrick McQuiggen. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed Corporal April 12, '64; Sergeant March 1, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John H. Merrill. Musician; Aug. 28, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- James A. Merrill. Jan. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Sept. 26, '64, for disability.
- George W. McBride. Aug. 26, '64, 9th Art. Co. H; discharged May 23, '65, for disability.
- Norton W. Merrill. Drafted March 19, '65; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. D; discharged with the regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Wm. H. Merrill. Sept. 3, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability June 5, '65.
- Franklin Merrill. 75th Inf.
- John Miller. Aug. '62, 75th Inf.; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Clark I. McIntyre. Aug. '62, 111th Inf.; wounded; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Horton G. Miller. April, '61, 19th Inf.; re-enlisted April, '64, 75th Inf.
- Henry F. McIntyre. Pension roll of '83.
- Edwin Nash. Corporal; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut. April 4, '64; captured at Cold Harbor June 1, '64, and died at Andersonville Prison Oct. '64.
- Jonathan Neal. Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; wounded July 9, '64, at Monocacy; discharged May 15, '65, for disability.
- Charles F. Norris. Aug. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Silas K. Norris. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Stephen A. Niseler. Jan. '62, 98th Inf.; Wagon Master for two years; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Franklin M. Nichols. Pension roll of '83.
- Patrick O'Connor. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; wounded June 4, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65; died since the war.
- Josiah Ostrander. April, '65
- Walter Paddock. '61, 6th Ohio Co. A; died after discharge Sept. 8, '63, and buried at Wolcott.
- William R. Patrick. Sept. 25, '62, 152d Inf.; 1st Lieut.; wounded slightly; resigned Jan. 30, '63.
- Charles Perkins. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- David D. Peterson. Sept. '64, 3d Art., (fourteen years old;) discharged Fall of '65.
- Ely Peck. Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A.; died Feb. 4, '64, at Alexandria, Va., of sickness, and buried at North Wolcott.
- Lawson Porter. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; appointed wagoner Nov. 1, '64; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Ira Perkins. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; died '64, at Washington, D. C., and buried there
- Benjamin Perkins. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Jamea W. Pierce. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.

\* Mr McIntyre understands that himself and E P Foster were the first to enlist from the village of Wolcott after the call to arms. He says, "We had only patriotism and eight dollars a month before us then." They were allowed a furlough home before the regiment left Elmira, and two weeks from the time they then left Wolcott they were engaged in the battle of Bull Run.

- Elanson Painter. Nov. '63, 9th H. A.; killed Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek and buried there.
- Theodore Plank. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Eron J. Peck. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- John L. Phillips. Drafted March 1, '65; assigned to 96th Inf. Co. E; discharged from service Feb. 16, '66.
- Franklin N. Plank. Dec. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- James W. Parks. Drafted April '65, 65th Inf.; discharged July 7, '65.
- J. W. Peck. (Reported in the newspapers died in Andersonville June 19, '64, of the 22d Cav. Co. F.)
- Philander Peer. (No particulars obtained.)
- William I. Pierce. Sept. 8, '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Charles W. Perry. Sergt.; Dec. 27, '63, 2d Inf. Co. I; promoted 2d Lieut. Dec. 30, '64; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Enos T. Pimm. Mechanic; Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Artificer Dec. 21, '64; detailed Dec. '64, for service at 3d Division headquarters, under General Seymour; discharged July 6, '65, with regiment.\*
- Jefferson T. Perry. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; died Jan. 4, '65, at Baltimore, Md.
- Thomas I. Farmer. Dec. 7, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Eugene Rose. Aug. '64, 184th Inf. Co. C; discharged June 29, '65.
- John L. Russell. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Henry J. Rhoades. Sergeant; July 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted 2nd Lieut.; rank dating March 1, '64; 1st Lieut. March 24, '64; Captain Nov. 12, '64; breveted Major U. S. V.; discharged by reason of consolidation, June 27, '65.
- Thomas Reely. Sept. 3, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- John W. Robinson. Sept. 2, '64, 3d Art. Co. M; discharged with company June 26, '65.
- Henry C. Rice. March, '65, 96th Inf.; regiment discharged Feb. 6, '66.
- David Ryckman. Sept. '61, 29th Ohio; discharged for disability in '63; re-enlisted Sept. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. E; discharged June 12, '65.
- Wm. Rogers. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Henry Richards. March, '64, 3d Art.; regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to June 29, '65.
- Henry Richardson. Sept. 1, '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Milton Roberts. (No particulars.)
- Albert G. Ring. Sept. 16, '61, 75th Inf.; promoted Sergt.; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Wm. H. Reinhart. May 22, '61, 19th Inf.; re-enlisted Sept. 3, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Silas Reynolds. Sept. 3, '64, 15th Eng. Co. M.; discharged with regiment June 13, '65.
- Samuel A. Sabin. Surgeon; Sept. 9, '62, 9th H. A.; discharged by special order, Jan. 11, '65; died in Martinsburg Hospital, Virginia.
- Edward Scott. April, '64, 111th Inf.; died June 12, '64, of wounds received in the battle of the Wilderness, and buried at North Wolcott.
- James W. Snyder. Capt.; Aug. 8, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; promoted Major Jan. 19, '63; Lieut. Col. Nov. 28, '64; Brevet Col. U. S. A.; mustered out with regiment July 6, '65.
- John Henry Smith. Corp.; Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. B; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Albert W. Smith. Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. B; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.

\* Mr. Pimm was a contractor, employing several builders. When he determined to enlist a large number of his men went with him. Eighteen were together in Auburn the same day, offering their services.

- Charles G. Sharp. Drafted March 20, '65, assigned to 96th Inf. Co. F; discharged Dec. 30, '65, for disability.
- Darwin Schermerhorn. Oct. 4, '61, 75th Inf. Co. C; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- James Smith. Corp.; Sept. 25, 65th Inf. Co. G; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- David H. Shafer. Sept. 20, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Philip E. Sipperly. Dec. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Harrison Sebring. Nov. 14, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Samuel Snow. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- David Shafer. Sept. 8, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D.
- Samuel Struble. Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Abram Shaffer. Sept. 18, '61, 81st Inf. Co. H; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- H. C. Smith. Dec. 16, '61, 102d Inf. Co. K.
- Frederick Smucker. Sergt.; Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Milton Shaft. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Silas S. Stage. April 4, '65, 96th Inf.
- Jacob C. Sours. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; killed at Winchester Sept. 19, '64.
- Samuel Stuard. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Mortimer F. Smith. July 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged March 15, '64, for promotion in 20th U. S. C. T.
- Andrew L. Stinard. July 27, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged for disability April 6, '64.
- Amos Smith. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William W. Sayre. Aug. 7, '62, 111th Inf. Co. H; wounded at Gettysburgh and at Bristow Station; transferred to 24th regiment V. R. C. Co. D March '64; discharged June 27, '65, at Washington.
- John F. Stewart. Corp.; Aug. 25, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Jacob Stahlnecker. (No particulars obtained.)
- Irving Scott. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged Feb. 9, '64, for disability.
- Darius Smith. Dec. 31, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Martin L. Sweet. April, '64, 75th Inf.; re-enlisted 75th Bat. Co. E, Vet. Vol. March 28, '64; discharged with regiment Aug. 31, '65.
- Elisha Smith. Sept. '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Homer H. Storey. May 17, '61, 24th Inf. Co. A; discharged with regiment May 23, '63.
- Edwin G. Shaw. April 1, '61, 24th Inf.; re-enlisted June, '63, 15th Cav.; 15th consolidated with 6th Cav. June 17, '65; discharged Aug. 9, '65.
- Edward J. Smith. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65; died since the war; buried at North Wolcott.
- Philip E. Sipperly. Dec. 9, '63, 9th H. A. Co. B; transferred to 2nd Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Wm. Smith. Jan. '64, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Geo. W. Stewart. April, '65, 96th Inf.; regiment discharged Feb. 6, '66.
- John F. Snyder. Drafted April, '65, 96th Inf.; discharged Feb. 6, '66.
- Robert Silliman. Oct. 19, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Joseph Scott. No particulars obtained.

- John H. Scott. June 20, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Edward B. Sprague. No particulars obtained.
- Ira Skutt. 10th Cav. Co. H; died since the war, May 25, '81; buried in Leavenworth Cemetery.
- C. Springstead. 11th Inf. Co. D; wounded slightly at the battle of the Wilderness; regiment discharged June 3, '65.
- Hiram Taylor. Aug. 30, '65, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged with the regiment July 6, '65.
- William Turngate. Sept. 18, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged 31, '65.
- James Timent. Aug. '62, 9th H. A.; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Calvin H. Terwilliger. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; promoted Corp. Jan. 16, '65; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Frederick Turner. Sept. 22, '64, 3d Art. regiment discharged by batteries from June 22 to July 29, '65.
- Peter Thompson. March, '62, 75th Inf.; transferred to Louisiana Colored.
- Robert Turner. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- William W. Thompson. Aug. 29, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G; discharged May 24, '65.
- Charles Taylor. No particulars.
- Wm. H. Thomas. Sergt.; Aug. 8, '62, 11th Inf. Co. F; discharged June 26, '65.
- Bennett Taylor. Jan. 4, '64, 3d Art.; died Oct. 18, '64, at Newbern, N. C. of sickness and buried there.
- Maynard Terpenney. Syracuse, Jan. 4, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H; discharged May 31, '65, from hospital.
- Jason Underhill. Pension roll of '83.
- Peter Van Arsdale. March 15, '64, 11th Inf.; killed in the Wilderness May '64, and buried on the field.\*
- Edward Van Sickles. Sept. 25, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; ankle dislocated in the service; term expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Allen Velie. Oct. 7, '61, 75th Inf. Co. G; re-enlisted V. V.; discharged Aug. 31, '65; died since the war; buried at North Wolcott.
- Mortimer Vannanka. July 21, '63, 76th Inf.; wounded in right shoulder; regiment discharged Dec. '64.
- William Van Petten. Sept. 10, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Isaac Van Alstine. April 25, '61, 19th Inf.; re-enlisted Aug. 4, '63, 9th H. A. Co. A; transferred to V. R. C. June 30, '64.
- Henry Vanderwerken. Oct. 10, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; discharged Dec. 20, '61; (over age.)
- Louis Velie. Sept. 19, '64, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged in '65.
- John Van Horn. Wagoner; Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; discharged March 29, '63, for disability.
- Theodore Vought. April 5, '65, 96th Inf. Co. H; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Isaac Vanderpoel. (Then of Cayuga County) Aug. 12, '62, 9th H. A. Co. H; promoted Corp.; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Benjamin N. Waldron. April 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. B; died Jan. 17, '65, of sickness, in Hospital, York, Pennsylvania; buried at South Butler.
- James V. D. Westfall. 2nd Lieut.; Sept. 6, '62, 160th Inf. Co. C; promoted 1st Lieut. July 4, '63; discharged Oct. 26, '64.
- William Wheeler. Drafted; mustered in March 21, '65, 96th Inf. Co. A; discharged with company, Feb. 6, '66; died in Wolcott, since the war.
- Wm. R. Wood. Oct. 1, '61, 75th Inf. Co. F; term of service expired Nov. 25, '64.
- Samuel Wiseman. Sept. 20, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Riley S. Watson. Oct. 1, '61, 81st Inf. Co. D; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65; died since the war.
- Benjamin F. Wellington. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A; died July 21, '64, at David's Island, New York Harpor, of sickness, and buried at Cypress Hill Cemetery, Long Island.

\* Also on the rolls of 4th Art. Feb. 29, '64.

- John F. Whiting. Aug. 2, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; appointed Corporal Sept. 12, '64 ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- William Walton. (Pension roll of '83.)
- Ira Wood. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; died July 28, '64, at U. S. Gen. Hos. David's Island, New York Harbor.
- Newton V. Whitlock. Aug. 9, '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- George Wiggins. Dec. 4, '63, 16th Art. Co. L ; discharged with regiment Aug. 21, '65.
- P. M. Wiggins. Corporal ; 9th H. A. Co. A ; wounded June, '64 ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Wm. H. Wiggins. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment, July 6, '65.
- Charles White. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; died Nov. 1, '62, of sickness at Washington and buried at Wolcott.
- John White. No particulars obtained.
- Frank M. Woodruff. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; regiment discharged July 6, '65.
- Henry Wirmer. Corp. ; Ocs, 2, '61, 81st Inf ; Co. D ; regiment discharged Aug. 31, '65.
- Robert Woolvin. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged Dec. 11, '64, for disability.
- Jacob N. Williams. Sept. 2, '64, 9th H. A. Co. H ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Abram Woolvin. Aug. 19, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Charles Wiggim. July 22, '63, 9th H. A. Co. G ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65.
- Henry M. Waldron. Sept. 3, '62, 9th H. A. Co. G ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Benjamin Wilson. Appointed Assistant Surgeon in '63 and served to the close of the war—one year in Mount Pleasant Hospital and one year in Campbell Hospital, from which mustered out at the close of war.
- Daniel Wadsworth. Drafted ; mustered in March 21, '65, 96th Inf. Co. B ; discharged with regiment Feb. 6, '66.
- Oscar Wildes. Jan. 5, '64, 9th H. A. Co. F ; transferred to 2d Art. June 27, '65 ; discharged Sept. 29, '65.
- Frederick Wetherby. (Son of Dr. Wetherby of Red Creek ; ) at Bethel ; went into the service and died of sickness.
- Mortimer H. Waldron. Aug. '62, 9th H. A. Co. A ; discharged with regiment July 6, '65.
- Frank Youngs. July 31, '62, 126th Inf. Co. D ; promoted Corp. Nov. 18, '63 ; taken prisoner at Harper's Ferry ; paroled ; exchanged ; discharged at close of the war.





# APPENDIX B.

NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS, 1861 TO 1865—OBITUARY NOTICES,  
&C., &C.

Under this head we group many extracts of a miscellaneous character, that can hardly find a place in any other chapter or in any better form. In several cases the name of the newspaper has been lost from the slip, and this must account for the omission of credit.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

It may interest those who have grown to mature years since the time of the war, to read the following specimens of advertisements with which the columns of the papers bristled in those days. Such notices would appear rather extraordinary at the present time :

(Dec. 4, 1861.)

THE BEST CHANCE.

WAYNE CO. REGIMENT!

LT. WM. H. SWAN,

OF THE LYONS COMPANY of the 27th Regiment of N. Y. Volunteers, now at Alexandria, has consented to raise a Company for the

WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT.

The well known reputation of Lieut. SWAN, in the Camp and Field, will ensure men joining his Company all the care and drill a soldier could wish.

PAY FROM \$13 TO \$25 PER MONTH.

\$100 Bounty, and in all probability 160 acres of Land.

Enlistment Rolls may be found at Capt. Jos. Welling's Office, H. S. Moor's Store, and D. H. Devoe's Law Office.

WM. KNOWLES, Recruiting Officer.

Lyons, Nov. 9, 1861.

nov27

## NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS.

**\$100 BOUNTY!**  
**VOLUNTEERS WANTED**  
 FOR THE  
**WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT.**

**A**BLE bodied men between 18 and 45  
 years of age.

Pay and rations commence from the  
 time of enrollment, and will range from  
 \$14 to \$25 per Month.

With a bounty of

**\$100 AT THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.**

Headquarters at Rudd's Bookstore,  
 Center Building, Lyons.

WM. B. RUDD,  
 Recruiting Officer.

nov27

**C. R. BIRDSALL'S COMPANY.**

**25 MORE MEN WANTED**

FOR THE

**WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT.**

**A** FEW good men wanted for the Com-  
 pany now in camp.

Pay and rations to commence as soon as  
 men are enrolled.

Apply Immediately.

CAPT. C. R. BIRDSALL.

nov27

**WANTED!**

FOR THE

**WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT,**

**50 ABLE BODIED MEN,**

To complete a Company quartered at  
 Lyons, Wayne County, N. Y.

Pay from \$13 to \$25 per month,  
 with a

**BOUNTY OF \$100.**

Term of enlistment, Three Years, or during  
 the War.

Recruiting Office, 15 Buffalo Street, Roch-  
 ester,

Or Palmyra, Wayne Co., N. Y.

GILBERT BUDD, Capt.,

H. E. WHITTLESEY, 1st Lieut.

nov27

HURRAH FOR THE  
 WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT!  
 RALLY FOR THE UNION,  
 RECRUITS WANTED!  
 A RARE CHANCE  
 FOR YOUNG MEN TO ENLIST IN A COMPANY  
 Now being recruited for the Wayne  
 County Regiment by  
 REV. WILLIAM PUTNAM, OF LYONS.  
 Pay from \$14 to \$25 per Month,  
 \$100 Bounty at the close of the War, with  
 a prospect of 160 acres of land.  
 CAPT. WM. PUTNAM,  
 Commanding.  
 nov27

VOLUNTEERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,  
 FOR THE  
 WAYNE COUNTY REGIMENT,  
 To complete Company B, Capt. WAKE-  
 LEY, commanding, now in quarters at Camp  
 Rathbone, Lyons. Recruits are furnished  
 with  
 UNIFORMS AND RATIONS FROM DAY OF EN-  
 LISTMENT.  
 Pay will begin as soon as the Roll is signed.  
 The Captain having seen service in the  
 Mexican War, is an extra inducement to  
 those who wish to serve their country; be-  
 sides, the Regiment is composed of Wayne  
 county men.  
 Apply at Lyons to  
 Capt. A. WAKELEY,  
 Lieut. E. M. ALLEN,  
 Lieut. W. H. ROGERS.  
 Lyons, Nov, 26, 1861. 288nov27.

PERSONALS.

The style of "Personals" in the newspaper columns differed very much from those of the present time. Battles and rumors of battles; names of the wounded and the killed; promotions and transfers; furloughed men at home, and their return; these and similar items formed a large share of that department of newspaper literature. The following are fair but only average specimens:

PERSONAL.—Dr. A. P. Crafts, of Huron, (Assistant Surgeon in the Ascension Hospital, in Washington,) came home on a visit, a fortnight

ago. The Doctor has fully recovered from the illness which came so near being fatal, a few months since, and is looking well and hearty.

Major E. P. Taft, of the Ninth Artillery, is at home. He has a furlough of thirty days. The Major is not in the best of health, although much better than he was a fortnight ago.

Orderly Sergeant Carpenter, of the same Regiment, is recruiting for the Ninth, in our village—headquarters at the Carpenter House, on Water street. January 30, 1863.

PROMOTED AGAIN.—Dr. D. W. C. Van Slyck, of Lyons, has been assigned to duty as Medical Director of Patrick's Brigade, and all other forces under the command of Gen. Patrick, the Provost Marshal General of the Army of the Potomac—a position equivalent to Medical Director of a Corps. He is stationed at Acquia Creek, Va.

PRESENTATIONS.—Lieutenant L. A. Rogers has been presented with an elegant Revolver, by the Franklin county officers of the Ninety-eighth, as a token of their appreciation of his valuable services in arranging the recruiting expenses for the visit of Captain Marshall. "Lum" will never put that weapon to dishonorable use.

Lieutenant Norton has been presented by friends in Sodus with an elegant sword and belt. The presentation was made by G. W. Tillotson, Esq., in behalf of the donors, in an appropriate and spirited speech, to which Lieutenant Norton responded. November, 1861.

PROMOTED.—Captain William Kreutzer, of the Ninety-eighth Regiment, (now at Carolina City, N. C.) has received the appointment of Assistant Adjutant General on General Davis' Staff. This promotes Lieutenant L. A. Rogers to the Captaincy of Company F. Both of these gentlemen are efficient officers, and deserving of promotion.

Charles Peterson, (from Sodus,) in the same Regiment, died recently, a victim it is said to the neglect of a drunken Surgeon. Feb. 6, 1863.

CASUALTIES IN COMPANY B.—We have as yet reports of only the following casualties in Company B. Twenty-seventh Regiment:

Sergeant John C. Hooper, of Port Glasgow, wounded (not stated how severely.)

Henry W. Brown, of Sodus—fracture of hip joint. May 8, 1863.

MILITARY COMPANY.—The *Dem. Press* says that a Military Company has been organized in Sodus with the following officers:

Captain—P. W. Tinklepaugh.

First Lieutenant—Edward P. Rogers.

Second Lieutenant—William Irish.

The company numbers thirty-seven men. 1864.

APPOINTED PAYMASTER—Mr. James K. Walker, of Palmyra, has been made Paymaster in the U. S. Army. The Palmyra *Courier* says truly that Mr. Walker is an *active* man in whatever position he is placed, and his appointment at the hands of Mr. Lincoln, is but a simple recognition of valuable services. We understand that he will enter upon the duties of his office immediately.

MILITARY COMPANY IN WOLCOTT.—A Military Company has been organized in Wolcott, with about sixty members. The following officers have been commissioned:

Captain—E. H. Draper.

First Lieutenant—John Boylan.

Second Lieutenant—James Armstrong. Sept. 18, 1863.

VOLUNTEERS FROM NEWARK.—Captain J. W. Durston left Newark on Thursday last with a company of Cavalry, destined for the rendezvous at Rochester.

Captain Wilson left Newark on Tuesday of last week, with thirty-three more men for his company. September 25, 1861.

FLYING ARTILLERY.—P. Mark DeZeng, opened a Recruiting office in Clyde last Monday, for the purpose of organizing a Company of Flying Artillery. May 1, 1861.

PROMOTION OF CAPTAIN ADAMS.—Our readers will be gratified to learn that at an election of Field Officers for the Twenty-seventh Regiment, held on Thursday last, Captain Alexander D. Adams, of Lyons, was elected Lieutenant-Colonel. This honor is justly conferred. Captain Adams has proved himself a skillful leader, a courageous soldier and a true man; and while we all regret that he must now relinquish the immediate charge of Company B, we rejoice that his qualifications for the important position of Lieutenant-Colonel have been recognized by his brother officers. Colonel Adams will honor his new position.

Company B will now, we believe, be commanded by Lieutenant White, who probably assumes the Captaincy. He is every way qualified for the position. Other promotions will of course follow, a list of which we hope our correspondents will send us.

The Colonelcy of the Regiment now devolves upon (late) Major Bartlett, and the Brigade is under the command of General Slocum. September 13, 1861.

PRESENTATION.—Colonel Dutton has been presented with an elegant sword, belt and sash—the gift of our liberal fellow-townsmen, Mr. Saxon B. Gavitt. Upon the blade of the sword are engraved the words: "Colonel William Dutton, Ninety-eighth Regiment N. Y. S. V., from his friend Saxon B. Gavitt." The presentation was made without ceremony, but the gift is, we are confident, none the less appreciated. It is a munificent present to a worthy champion of a noble cause. 1862.

PERSONAL.—Major Thomas J. Ennis, of the Sixth Iowa Regiment, (formerly a resident of Lyons,) has been spending a few days at his old home. Major Ennis enlisted as a private, and has in less than two years risen to his present position. The Sixth Iowa forms a portion of General Grant's command, and participated in the siege and capture of Vicksburg.

Sergeant Doty, of the Fourteenth Heavy Artillery, (Colonel E. G. Marshall,) has opened a recruiting office in Lyons. He offers \$552 bounty to veterans, and \$177 to raw recruits. Sergeant Doty's headquarters are at the *Republican* office.

Dr. George S. Bennett, of this village, having served out his term of enlistment as Medical Cadet in the Regular Army, has been promoted to the position of Acting Assistant Surgeon, with the rank of First Lieutenant. Dr. Bennett has been stationed at the Fairfax Seminary Hospital, Alexandria.

Captain H. R. White has gone to Washington. The Captain will probably be assigned a position in the Invalid Corps. August 21, 1863.

NAMES OF PRISONERS.—Our friend "D. S.," of Savannah, has furnished us with the names of the prisoners taken during the recent attack on the camp of the One Hundred and Eleventh, at Lewinsville. He writes: "I received them one day too late for publication in your last issue. My informant could not furnish me with the names of the cavalrymen killed and taken prisoners. The casualties in Company C were as follows: W. H. Sherman, slightly wounded. Taken prisoners—Corporal C. Bodley, private H. Fisher, A. Butts, E. A. Sherman, of Rose; N. Fitzgerald, of Rose; H. McConnell, E. Hall, J. Corwin, W. H. Bennett, of Huron, and William Desmond, of Rose.

PERSONAL.—Major E. P. Taft, of the Ninth Artillery, came home to Lyons last week, on sick leave. His health has been exceedingly poor, but he is now recovering his wonted vigor.

Captain C. H. Lyon, of the same regiment, came home on Saturday, and will remain in town until next week.

Captain Charles H. Roys, late of the One Hundred and Seventeenth Regiment, is in town, having resigned. He expects, however, soon to resume his former position. Captain Roys's regiment is at Morris Island, under General Gilmore. Oct. 23, 1863.

Dr. D. H. Armstrong, Major Sentell, D. K. Elmendorf, Dr. G. S. Bennett, Captain W. R. Bourne, and others, have our thanks for late Southern newspapers; and to G. W. Wheeler, Esq., we are indebted for files of the Sacramento *Daily Bee*.

Captain R. B. Ennis, of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Regiment, writes home that he is in a hospital near Pleasant Hill, La., a prisoner of war, well used and well cared for. He states that his wound is not dangerous, and that he is doing well.

The Clyde *Times* correspondent with the Ninth Artillery, mentions the death on the 22d of April of Aaron J. Reynolds, of Company D, formerly of Marengo, aged 20 years and 6 months; also, April 29th, of Abel Dickson, of Company G, aged 25 years.

John D. McVicar, formerly a printer in this office, for two years a member of the Twenty-seventh Regiment, and recently of the Ninth Artillery, (having re-enlisted in February,) has been honorably discharged from the service. Reason, physical disability. May 13, 1864.

RETURNED.—Mr. Harvey Warren returned to our village a few days since, bringing with him the body of his son Sergeant G. H. Warren, (which he had succeeded in finding,) who was killed in 1864. The body was placed in the vault.

Sheriff Rogers has also returned, having disinterred the body of Lieutenant S. W. Belding, which was expected to come by express yesterday. Sheriff Rogers was unable positively to identify the body of his son Luther, however, although he ascertained pretty nearly where he was buried. A body was disinterred which there was some reason to believe was his, but decomposition had proceeded so far that recognition was impossible. Nov. 2, 1865.

Captain R. B. Ennis, of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Regiment, is in town. He brings a good report of his regiment—one of the best in the service.

Dr. A. P. Sheldon, who has been connected with the Medical Department at Washington since the war commenced, has relinquished his official position and come home to Wayne County. Dr. Sheldon was "a friend indeed" to such Wayne County "boys" as were laid up in Washington hospitals. He saw them comfortably quartered and carefully attended; wrote to their friends for them, and lent them money to pay their fare. In short, he cared for them as he would for his own brother; and he is reaping his reward in the remembrance of the good he was every day doing. "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these, ye did it unto Me." Sept. 4, 1865.

## WAR CORRESPONDENCE.

War correspondence was rich in incidents of army life, in vivid pictures of battles, in pathetic incidents of the field, and in those accounts of the wounded, the dying and the dead, which form such sad, tender chapters in private family history. There are tear-stained packages of old letters, carefully preserved, in many a household. They are too numerous and too voluminous to ever find their way into published volumes. Take the following, which, though they were printed, were really private letters. Results of battles to the Wayne County men often first reached us in letters like these. We give one of the hasty letters from the battle-field of Gettysburgh, by A. B. Williams of the One Hundred and Eleventh:

BATTLE-FIELD OF GETTYSBURG, July 4, 1863.—\* \* \* Thursday we laid where the shells came in at a great rate. We were called in to see if the "Band-box Ferry Cowards" would stand to the rack. Our regiment took two pieces of Artillery, and drove the rebels. They shelled us from two places.

Mike Kearin and D. W. Lamson, of Company D, were thrown into the air by a shell. Lamson will live; Kearin will die.

I was in the front rank. W. M. White, of Williamson, was on my left, and John A. Frank, of Sodus, was on my right. Both were wounded—Frank badly.

Thomas Hooker, of Lyons, was wounded, but not badly.

A. C. Jewell, of Sodus, I am afraid is dead.

Charles Wedin, of Lyons, is missing.

Two men were thrown in the air in front of M. T. Stacey, of Lyons. Stacey's face was a little scratched.

The slaughter was terrible. We were at one time in a trap. General Hancock ordered us to fall back, which we did in good order. Sharpshooters picked off our officers. Our Colonel had two horses shot from under him, and was wounded in the left arm.

Colonel Willard, of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth New York, acting Brigadier-General, was killed.

Our Adjutant (Capron) was wounded, and has since died.

Lieutenant A. W. Proseus, of Sodus, (Company E) was killed.

At roll-call, Company D had twelve men missing.

Yesterday we went skirmishing. I shot fifty "pills" at the rebels. We lost no men there. Other companies lost several.

At three p. m. yesterday (Friday), the rebels poured shell and canister into us. Two regiments of our brigade lay behind a wall, and the shells would take off the poor fellows' feet and heads. It was awful; Harper's Ferry was nothing to it. We lay five deep. I thought my time had come. We expected to be whipped. The rebels were formed in eight lines of battle as far to the right and left as we could see. We made ready for them, getting on a knoll so as to work well.

When our line rose all at once and fired, they broke and ran—we cheering, and crying "Harper's Ferry Cowards!" We caught a good many of their balls. The slaughter in our ranks was terrible.

Captain Holmes was wounded in his right arm—broken in two pieces, above and below the elbow, by a ball. We fear it will have to be amputated.

Lieutenant N. E. Granger, of Sodus, was shot in the right breast. I helped to take him off after the fight, and stayed with him until he died, just after dusk. We buried him this morning, July 4th.

Albert Hunt, of Lyons, was wounded in the right wrist—not badly, I am told.

Orderly-Sergeant Charles Cookingham, of Lock Berlin, had his right thumb shot off.

(—Just as I wrote the above, a ball passed within half an inch of my elbow. The sharpshooters have been at work all day. One man killed by them a moment ago. I may come next.)

Yesterday, Henry Vandermerlin, of Sodus, was wounded.

William York, of Sodus, was wounded slightly.

Sergeant Ira Penoyar, of Sodus, was wounded badly in the head.

—— Bennet, of Sodus, is reported dead.

Abraham Flyer, of Sodus, is killed.

George Daws, of Lyons, is wounded slightly in the head.

M. T. Stacy, of Lyons, had his back scratched with a flying stick. He is all right now and with the Chaplain at the hospital.

Gus. Ridder, of Lyons, lost a leg; since died.

Martin Pflug, of Lyons, is slightly wounded.

John Almakinders, of Sodus, slightly wounded.

James Carl, (Cornell?) slightly wounded.

Robert Tomlinson, of Galen, slightly wounded.

Wich Eichenlaub, of Lyons, wounded—don't know how badly.

Corporal James Larue, of Lyons, is wounded badly, but yet alive.

J. Dunning, of Williamson, is badly wounded.

The above are all in Company D.

The Colonel said he wiped out the disgrace of Harper's Ferry. After the fight we had but 150 men fit for duty, and they are on duty. The ground is covered with dead.

Lieutenant J. B. Drake, of Company F, (brother of Mrs. Caleb Rice, of Lyons,) is killed. He was from Weedsport.

Francisco, Stevens, Clouse, Smith, Hutchins, Gildings, Fishback, Paylor, Rogers, Richmond, Larose and Constant, of Company D, are all right.



Out of forty-five men in Company D that went in the fight, we have only eleven fit for duty. We have taken three or four stands of colors.

Our Sergeant Major was killed.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lusk was wounded in the arm.

Captain Seeley is now in command of the regiment.

Both of our Color Sergeants were shot. The second one (of Company A) is dead.

SUNDAY, July 5.

It rained all night and is still raining. There is no firing. We think the rebels have "dug out and gone." The ground is covered with dead rebels.

Yours,

ALECK.

Also the following letter from Ed. Allee about the battle of Bull Run :

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 24.

DEAR BROTHER : You have, of course, heard of the fight we had at Manassas Gap. We started at 2 o'clock Saturday night, and marched onto the battle field on double quick time, and fought nine hours, when we had to retreat. This is supposed to be the hardest battle ever fought on this continent.

They did whip us shamefully, but they will never do it again. They would not have done it this time had it not been for the General. He was ordered not to make the attack until Monday, when we would have more men, but he thought he could win it alone and get the nomination for the Presidency. He is now under arrest, and I hope he will have every vote against him.

But we had to retreat, and a great retreat it was. We had to march back to Washington, not daring to stop to rest. A great many of our men fell out of the ranks and lay by the road side, and some of our company. Several of the missing have come in to-day. We did not lose a man on the battle field, but some of our boys were wounded. I had one narrow escape myself ; the first ball that was fired after we went on the ground, came as straight as a line toward me. I stood behind Thomas Hilliard. He saw the ball and jumped out of the way and it passed between me and my nearest neighbor. This was a cannon ball fired before we had thought of doing anything.

When we were on our way back we were so tired we could hardly put one foot before the other. We had been ever since the morning before without anything but one pint of soup to eat. We had nothing all day on the field, as we were obliged to throw away everything. We had to go eight miles through the woods. There were wagons loaded with wounded, and thousands of men and horses. We were all mixed up together. I had seen but two of our company since I left the battle field. As we were descending a hill the rebels fired on us. Cannon balls fell among us, killing and wounding. Then every man divested himself of whatever would retard his flight, and ran for his life. The first I knew I went into the river, where I lost my gun. I got out as soon as convenient, and seized a cavalry horse, as I had seen many do, and jumped on his back and went to camp in a hurry. After a few moments' rest we formed into line and marched to this city. We were told the rebels were chasing us up. You can't imagine how we looked.

Some twelve or fifteen thousand men, horses and wagons, some wounded and almost dead, walking as fast as they could to save their lives. We would not have left the field as we did if we had had ammunition. I lost my gun, but I was smart enough to find another full as good, if not better. During the fight, we suffered terribly for water. I would have given anything for a drink. Our men actually drank water that you would not wash your feet in. I drank water out from mud-puddles where hogs had been lying.

Well, they "cleaned us out," this time, but they will never do it again. I am not afraid to fight them now, face to face. We reached the city a hard looking set—every man besmeared with mud from head to foot. We were all lame and tired, and glad enough to get back. We reached the city during a heavy rain storm, notwithstanding which we were welcomed on every hand by thousands.

Colonel Slocum was wounded very soon after we reached the field, by a musket ball which fractured his thigh bone. The first blood spilled in our company was by the accidental shooting off of Thomas Betts's thumb, which he did himself while climbing over a fence.

The next battle will thin out the Southerners. General Scott will show them a thing or two. He will drive them into the Atlantic. Ellsworth's regiment did fight like tigers. They are the boys.

Affectionately, yours,

ED.

Captain Snyder's account of the Battle of Cedar Creek, written the day after the fight :

HEADQUARTERS NINTH NEW YORK ARTILLERY, }  
NEAR MIDDLETON, VA., October 20, 1864. }

*Editors Clyde Times :*

The Army of the Shenandoah has had another battle ; victorious as ever. Yesterday morning opened by a sudden attack upon the left of our lines, accompanied by the Eight and Nineteenth Corps ; it amounted to a complete surprise. The enemy were in their camps and a line of battle was formed before the men were out of their tents. The corps retreated leaving everything in the hands of the enemy. Their artillery horses and caissons were abandoned and nothing was left for the Sixth Corps to do but to form a line perpendicular to the line we occupied in the morning, facing the rear. Our brigade was on the right. The Nineteenth and Eighth Corps came through our lines pell-mell ; nothing could stop them. The rebels pressed on up to our lines, but a well-directed fire checked them. They advanced, the left of our corps fell back and we were left to hold the whole rebel lines, and finally our brigade gave way and left our regiment to face the enemy alone. At this time General Wright rode up to me and ordered me to advance to the crest of a hill some thirty yards in front. The order was given, the men advanced with enthusiasm, and delivered a well-directed fire ; the enemy's fire was severe. At this time the dead and wounded covered the ground. Still we stood our ground until the order was given to fall back, then we retreated in good order and formed a line with the balance of the brigade. The division and brigade commanders rode up and complimented us, saying : " You have saved the

Sixth Army Corps." We gradually fell back some three miles from the front line. In the meantime the Nineteenth Corps and the Eighteenth Corps, what was left of them, had formed on our-right, and then the whole line was ordered to advance, which we did in good order. We advanced about a mile when we met the rebels posted behind a stone wall. For an hour at this point the battle raged, artillery and musketry, but we gradually closed in and around them, and they were forced to retreat. It finally became a perfect rout. We followed them about two miles. Their officers tried to rally them but there was no stop. Then the cavalry charged in among them and they scattered and took to the mountains. We recaptured all the guns taken in the morning, some twenty pieces, by the Nineteenth and the Eighth Corps, and also thirty pieces of the enemy; some 4,000 or 5,000 prisoners, ambulances and wagons without number. I counted this morning forty-eight pieces of artillery packed at Sheridan's headquarters, and the report is that there are fourteen pieces yet to come. Some of the guns were new and just received from Richmond. Early escaped with only two pieces. Five hundred of my regiment have gone to Winchester to guard the prisoners,

The horses and men behaved splendidly. I had two horses shot under me and my coat was riddled with bullets. We lost some fifty killed and one hundred and fifty wounded. Enclosed you will find a list as nearly correct as possible. We are encamped on the same ground we occupied before the fight.

J. W. S.

## OBITUARY NOTICES.

THE LATE LIEUTENANT N. E. GRANGER.\*—Lieutenant N. E. Granger, who perished on the battle-field of Gettysburgh, died in the prime of early manhood. At the age of 26 he has laid down his life, as a noble sacrifice on the altar of his country; but his name and those of the other heroes associated with him, will live, not only in the memories of friends, but on the brightest page of our nation's history. Let it be our pleasant, though mournful duty, to testify to his many virtues.

He stood high in the esteem of his intimate acquaintances, as well as in the general regard of community. To superior natural abilities he had added the power of a thorough education, and he wielded both with an energy that knew no obstacle and recognized no defeat. He had already participated largely in public affairs, and had he lived would have borne an honorable part in controlling the destiny of our social, political, educational and religious institutions. From such a prospect of public usefulness, from the pleasures and enjoyments of a home recently left by honored parents, from the society of friends to whom he was tenderly attached, and who knew his worth, he turned away to brave the hardships and share the dangers of a soldier's life.

No rash enthusiasm, no ambitious designs, led him to the field. He had considered the subject well. Business arrangements alone prevented him from joining the earlier companies that were formed; and when the result of the seven days' battles before Richmond broke slowly over us, and the President's call for 600,000 volunteers rung out through the

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\* By Lewis H. Clark in the *Lyons Republican* of July 24, 1863.

land, he felt that *the hour had come*. Clearly appreciating the magnitude of the crisis, he saw before us a long and fearful contest, and knew that many more must suffer and die. Perhaps the first in town to learn of the appointment by the authorities of a District War Committee, himself and a single friend were the only representatives of Northern Wayne at Port Byron, on the 12th of July, 1862. Ten days from that time he received authority to recruit, immediately left his fields that were white unto the harvest, and entered upon the higher and holier work to which he had deliberately devoted his energies. How faithfully he labored—how steadily, energetically and successfully—the long array of names upon his enlistment-roll fully testify. It is well known that no one in Sodus could have done more, few, or none, as much.

His after history is the history of the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment, from its organization at Auburn down to its glorious share in the decisive victory at Gettysburgh.

\* \* \* \* \*

But he is gone. He died as heroes die. With an unexpired leave of absence in his hands, he said to those who would have urged him to remain in Washington, "My Regiment is on the march for the battlefield, I shall join it." He hurried to the scene of conflict, and there met his fate with lofty patriotism—with an exalted Christian hope. In a letter to his friends at home, written the day before the battle, he says: "You may be anxious to know my feelings. I have made up my mind to be prepared for any event. I trust in God, and in Him I place my hope, knowing that He doeth all things well. Good-bye!" After he was carried from the field, bleeding and dying, to those who asked what message he had for his friends at home, he said: "TELL THEM I DIE FOR MY COUNTRY."

Thus perished the Citizen-Soldier—the Patriot-Hero. No nobler death ever terminated an earthly career. Falling in the hour of victory, breathing out his life as the last rays of the setting sun faded from the field of battle, and buried with other noble martyrs on the morning of our Nation's Anniversary, his name is encircled with the most precious memories and is the richest inheritance that sorrowing friends can transmit to future generations.

THE LATE LIEUTENANT A. W. PROSEUS.\*—Another name has been added to the list of martyrs to the cause of American Liberty. Another Citizen-Soldier has crowned his manhood with the glory of a patriot's death. To the long catalogue of noble men who have fallen in the defense of their country's sacred rights, must be added the name of Lieutenant A. W. Proseus, of Sodus.

In the morning of life, while all its fruits were golden, in manhood's dawning years, he left the comforts, the hallowed associations, and the sweets of a cherished and happy home, and has sacrificed his life upon his country's altar. He was killed in the battle of Gettysburgh on the morning of the 2d of July, aged twenty-eight years; and with others, schoolmates, cherished friends,—noble soldiers all,—received

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\* By Dr. William Woodworth, of Sodus, in Lyons *Republican* of August 7 1863.

temporary burial on the morning of the glorious Fourth. While we drop a tear over his honored death, let us pay a tribute of respect to his memory.

Probably no person in his native town had more friends or fewer enemies. Those who knew him best, esteemed him most. Educated, gentlemanly, courteous, his highest earthly ambition was to be a good citizen, an affectionate brother, a dutiful son. His letters to his most cherished friends, written since his enlistment, breathe the spirit of the Christian. To his associates he was a congenial companion, an earnest, truthful friend.

He entered the military service of the United States as a matter of conscientious duty. His patriotism was undoubted—his heroism he has proved on the battle-field with his life. At the first call of the President for seventy-five thousand volunteers, he promptly responded by enlisting in the Seventeenth Regiment New York Volunteers, in which he unexpectedly received a commission as Second Lieutenant. After seven months' service he resigned his commission and came home. When the President called for "six hundred thousand more," he again enrolled his name among those noble ones who gallantly gave all for their country. He enlisted in the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment New York Volunteers. When the companies were organized, he was appointed Orderly-Sergeant in Company E, and served in that capacity until January, 1863, when he was promoted to a Second Lieutenancy. In April following he was again promoted, receiving his commission as First Lieutenant. From the time the regiment was attached to the Second Army Corps, until his death, he acted as Captain of the company. Harper's Ferry, Camp Douglas, Centerville, the long march to Pennsylvania, and the bloody field of Gettysburgh, fully attest his sterling qualities as a soldier. Let the wife of a superior officer in the One Hundred and Eleventh speak his praise. In a letter to a friend she says:

"His friends have the proud satisfaction of knowing that he was all he should be; and his death attests his courage as a soldier. It will always be with me so satisfactory to remember that I had the privilege of seeing and knowing him in camp. It was remarked by his superior officers that Lieutenant Proseus was never known to shirk his duties. He was a true, good soldier, and served his country with a determination of spirit, and an honesty of purpose, worthy of all praise. His men will mourn for him, I know, as they would for a brother, for they loved and respected him. They trusted him and never found him wanting, but always true to his manhood."

When the booming cannon announced the opening of the drama of the 2d of July, he arose from a sick couch, scarcely able to walk, and placing himself at the head of his company, gallantly led them into action. While cheering his men on to victory, and just as he said, "**STAND FIRM, DON'T YIELD AN INCH,**" the deadly missile laid him low in death.

Thus passed away a noble youth. Thus has gone one of whom very many will feel proud to say, "he was my friend,—I knew him well." His name, untarnished, imperishable, belongs not alone to his friends; it is his country's sacred inheritance.

**FUNERAL OF LIEUTENANTS PROSEUS AND GRANGER.**—The bodies of Lieutenants A. W. Proseus and N. E. Granger, of Sodus, were interred in the cemetery at Sodus village on Sunday last. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Ireland. The services were held in the open air, and it is estimated that nearly fifteen hundred persons were present. The funeral procession was nearly a mile in length.

*From Democratic Press, December 11, 1861.*

**DEATH OF A VOLUNTEER.**—William S. Thornton, Orderly Sergeant of Company A, Wayne County Regiment, and son of Merrit Thornton, Esq., of Sodus, died at the residence of his father, on Wednesday last, of typhoid fever. The deceased is spoken of by those acquainted with him as a young man of ability, and possessing in more than an usual degree the friendship and esteem of the community in which he resided.

Mr. Thornton was twenty-two years of age. His funeral took place on Friday last—Captain Kreutzer's Company attending, and paying their last respects to a respected and efficient officer.

It is not out of place, perhaps, here to say, that though surrounded by friends and the endearments of home, he cheerfully and resolutely enlisted, not as one who fights for glory only, not as those who draw their swords with tiger zeal to make a race of slaves, but as one who, seeing our States disserved and belligerent, feels that his country needs his service. He made no excuses, no delays, for he asked "no omen but his country's cause." The young men who came with him lament him, and all lament him; for he was candid, intelligent, and reliable.

We subjoin the following preamble and resolutions adopted by the fellow soldiers of the deceased :

*Whereas*, It has pleased Almighty God in His allwise and inscrutable providence, to take from our ranks our friend and fellow soldier, W. Seward Thornton, and

*Whereas*, Though we know not why his sword was thus ungirt before set of sun, and he assigned to die, all overspent with disease and anguish, not in glorious battle slain, still believing that He doeth all things well,

*Resolved*, That we bow in meekness and resignation to His divine will, thus expressed, and extend our heartfelt sympathy and condolence to his parents, relatives and many friends, and ask to mingle our tears with theirs.

*Resolved*, That during the short time he was with us, we think we could trace in his character the lineaments of a noble mind; and while his parents are bereaved of a promising and worthy son, we have lost a competent officer and kind companion in arms.

*Resolved*, That these resolutions be published in the papers of the village of Lyons, and that a copy of them be given to his sorrow-stricken friends.

**DEATH OF COLONEL B. B. ROGERS.**—Another of the old residents of Lyons has gone to his long home. Bartlett R. Rogers, one of our foremost and most honored citizens, breathed his last on Thursday evening. He had been in his usual good health until a few weeks

since, when symptoms of a grave character made their appearance; and though these appeared for a time to yield to the influences of medicine and nursing, he grew steadily worse after Sunday of last week, and died on the evening of the 10th instant, at the age of nearly seventy-three years.

Mr. Rogers was a son of Gabriel Rogers, of South Hampton, L. I., (one of the earlier settlers of Wayne county,) and was born in Palmyra, on the 30th of June, 1807. He came to Lyons at the age of five years, where he resided until the time of his death. He learned the trade of a tanner from his father, and began business for himself on the west side of Butternut street. In 1847 he abandoned the old tannery, and formed a partnership with Henry Teachout, who was already in business on Montezuma street, the partnership continuing until about 1851, when he retired to his farm a short distance north of this village (now H. C. Rogers'.) While a tanner, he was also engaged as a contractor on the canals and as a lumber dealer. He was married in 1829 to Belinda, second daughter of Deacon Leach, and went to live in the brick house (now George Sisson's) on Butternut street. Here there were born to him nine children, of whom four are living, his daughter, Mrs. Charles Bostwick, and his sons Hiran, William and John C. Beside these there survive him thirteen grandchildren, all living in Lyons. Two of his sons perished in the service of their country, viz: Captain Lyman A., who died in 1864 from wounds received at the battle of Cold Harbor, and Luther, who was killed the same year in the Wilderness battle.

During Mr. Rogers' long and useful life he was repeatedly called to positions of honor and trust by his fellow citizens. For three terms he held the office of Supervisor; he was County Treasurer from 1849 to 1852; he was Sheriff from 1865 to 1868; and he was the Supervisor of his town at the time of his death. The duties of all these offices, and of other less prominent ones, he discharged with rare fidelity and diligence. In his younger days he developed very decided military tastes, and joining the old Seventy-first Regiment, New York State Militia, he rose rapidly from one position to another, until he became its Colonel—whence the title by which he was familiarly known among his friends. In August, 1862, though exempt by age from military duty, he could not resist the call of his country; and assisting in raising a company of volunteers, he was chosen its Captain and accompanied it (as a part of the 160th Regiment New York Volunteers) to the South, where it took part in some of the most important battles of the campaign. He remained with his regiment until January, 1864, when he was compelled by broken health to resign and come home. Here he resumed the occupation of a farmer, though residing in the village. His wife dying in 1864, he was married in 1873 to Mrs. Elizabeth A. Jewell, of this village, who survives him. His religious associations were with the Presbyterian church, of which he had been a prominent member for forty-seven years, and of which he was for forty-one years an Elder.

For nearly seventy years the deceased had lived in Lyons; and during all this time he had borne the character of an honest, patriotic,

upright citizen, a consistent christian, a kind neighbor, and a devoted, self-sacrificing husband and father—a man, in short, against whom no word of detraction has been or could be uttered. He was a man of untiring industry, of affable disposition, and of sound judgment. His friendships were warm and sincere, and his antipathies (if he had any) were softened by his natural kindness of heart. A marked characteristic of his nature was the undeviating desire always to do right—whatever might be the consequence to himself. With his life we are all familiar; in his death we have all lost a friend.

**DEATH OF MANLY T. STACEY.**—We have the intelligence of the death of Corporal Manly T. Stacey, of the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment. He died on Saturday last, at Brandy Station, Va. He was a son of Rev. Thomas Stacey, formerly of this village, but now of Clifton Springs.

Rev. Mr. Stacey writes to one of our citizens that he has despatched a messenger for the body of his son, and expects him to return on Saturday. It is intended to inter the body in the cemetery in this village, and should it arrive in season, (notice of which will be given hereafter) the funeral will take place next Sunday afternoon at the Methodist church.

Young Stacey's death will be mourned by all who knew him. He was a dutiful son, a kind brother, and a faithful soldier. His comrades-in-arms have always spoken of him in the most affectionate terms. He enjoyed the confidence, in a high degree, of his superior officers; and had his life been spared he would doubtless have attained a high position—if not in military rank, then in the more peaceful walks of civil life. But this was not to be; and poor Stacy, though not permitted to pour out his life-blood upon the battle-field, yet adds another to the long list of victims to the accursed slaveholders' rebellion.

**PARTICULARS OF STACEY'S DEATH.**—Since the preceding paragraphs were put in type we learn from a letter (from Capt. Holmes to Mrs. Holmes) the circumstances attending the death of young Stacey. Capt. Holmes writes: "I have to tell you of one of the most sorrowful things that ever happened in our regiment. Only a few moments since, Sergeant Catlin, Stacey, and others, were in my quarters, chatting together, when Catlin picked up Lieut. Green's pistol, (which he did not know was loaded,) and went to snapping it. There happened to be two loads in it, and one of them went off—the ball hitting Stacey in the corner of his left eye, killing him almost instantly. He breathed for about half an hour, but was entirely unconscious. \* \* I could have seen any or all of my boys killed in battle, without having anything like the feeling which I now have, to think that one should be killed by carelessness. \* \* \* It will be a sad blow to Mr. and Mrs. Stacey, who seemed to almost idolize their son. \* \* \* We shall send the body to Brandy Station and have it embalmed before sending it home. We have telegraphed Mr. Stacey that Manly was dead, but did not say anything about the circumstances." Jan. 1st, 1864.

**DEATH OF LIEUT. WILLIAM C. BELDEN.**—Our citizens were pained by the announcement of the death of Lieut. William C. Belden on Sun-



day last, although they had been in almost daily expectation of the event for several weeks. Lieut. Belden was highly esteemed for his many good qualities, and his death will long be mourned by a large circle of relatives and sympathizing friends.

Lieut. Belden, at the early age of 19 enlisted in the first company which left Lyons, under Capt. A. D. Adams, Twenty-seventh Regiment, as a private. He participated in all the battles in which the Army of the Potomac was engaged from the first Bull Run to South Mountain, including the ever memorable campaign of Gen. McClellan on the Peninsula. He rose step by step in rank, and for his signal bravery at South Mountain, where he lost an arm, he was commissioned a Lieutenant. After the loss of his arm he had frequent attacks of hemorrhage of the lungs, and reluctantly left the service, his disease of the lungs, after many weary and anxious months, carrying him away. He died as he had lived, respected and beloved by all who knew him. His wife and parents have the sympathy of hundreds in their bereavement. Feb. 8, 1861.

CAPT. L. A. ROGERS.—The sad intelligence of the death of Capt. Lyman A. Rogers, of this village, late in command of Company D, Ninety-eighth Regiment, New York Volunteers, reached us on Thursday last, but at too late an hour for its mention in these columns. Capt. Rogers was the third son of Capt. Bartlett R. Rogers, for many years a resident of Lyons, and was born and educated and grew up to manhood in our midst. We say no more than is strictly true when we assert that he had not an enemy in the world. Of excellent business qualifications, irreproachable in character and exemplary in habits, honorable and generous perhaps to a fault, he was well calculated to win friends and to keep them. He was a dutiful son, an affectionate brother, and a true friend. In the death of such a man, at the early age of twenty-six, his family, society, and the service have sustained a loss that is irreparable.

Capt. Rogers was one of three, in the Fall of 1861, to recruit and organize the first company of the Ninety-eighth. For this purpose he resigned a lucrative and congenial position in the office of the County Clerk, a position which he had for two years filled with acceptance to his employer and credit to himself. His earnest labor by day and night to fill the ranks of his company will not soon be forgotten. He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant; and it is enough to say of his devotion to his newly-adopted profession and his earnest endeavors to discharge every known duty, however laborious, that he enjoyed in the highest degree the confidence of that excellent disciplinarian, the lamented Col. Dutton. During the time the regiment remained on the Peninsula Capt. Rogers was ever active in his endeavors to promote its usefulness and to render it a credit to the service and to the State from which it came. He was assigned to the Captaincy of Company D, and remained in command of that company until he received the wound which caused his death. With the majority of the regiment he returned to his home in March last, and forthwith re-entered the service for a three years' term, resuming the command of the same company. Capt. Rogers was wounded on the 2d day of June last in the Cold Harbor battle. He was leading his company to a charge, when a minie ball struck his left

leg just above the knee, bringing him instantly to the ground. For several hours he lay upon the field, and although he suffered but little actual pain he was extremely weakened from exposure and loss of blood. He was finally taken up and carried to a field-hospital, and being placed under the influence of chloroform, his limb was amputated just above the injured portion of the same. He was then conveyed by easy stages to the Armory Square Hospital in Washington, and placed under the care of Dr. Van Slyck of this village. Here he had every possible attention; and after a few days he was cheered by the arrival of his brother William, who remained with him until the last. He had no lack of sympathizing friends. Every day brought to his bedside a group of his old Lyons acquaintances—among whom we may mention Major A. B. Williams, William Van Marter, Esq., Capt. W. R. Bourne, Dr. A. P. Sheldon, William Smelt, Esq., Dr. George S. Bennett, Mrs. Wakelee, and a score of others—who vied with each other in their endeavors to lighten his burden and to alleviate his suffering; and throughout his weary illness we are told by one who saw him breathe his last, that he never murmured, never complained. For a week or two the physicians were confident of his recovery. His wound was healing rapidly, and the day had been named when he might venture a journey home. But an internal disorder, consequent probably upon his enfeebled condition, made its appearance, and in two days thereafter he was no more. He died on the evening of Sunday, the 10th of July, as calmly and peacefully as if sinking into slumber.

He was not afraid to die. When informed by his physician that he had not many hours to live, he smiled and said: "If I die I die of an honorable wound. I die for my country." And it is a sweet remembrance of him, that during the last weeks of his life he was cheered and sustained by the hope that he was not unprepared to meet his God. In a letter to his father, dated June 26th—the last one he ever wrote—he says: "I trust that the prayers that have been offered up for me have been heard. I try to pray myself. My ideas upon the subject of religion have changed a good deal. I hope that in the event of my getting well, and mingling in the gay scenes of the world, these thoughts may not be dissipated, and I become as thoughtless as before. I hope you will continue to pray for me, that if in God's mercy I am to be restored to health I may be soon with you again; but if in the dispensation of Providence I am not to recover, pray that I may join the sainted ones gone before."

The body of Capt. Rogers arrived here on Monday, and was attended to the place of burial by scores of our citizens. A funeral discourse is to be preached by Rev. Mr. Putnam, of Lyons, in the Presbyterian Church, on Sunday afternoon next, at 5½ o'clock.

Thus has passed away a young man of more than ordinary promise—a patriot who gave his life for his country—a dear friend who, though dead, will ever live in our recollections. Pleasant will ever be his memory. And when the history of the present war is written its pages may record the death of men of loftier rank and of wider reputation; but the name of no man who united in his person to a more remarkable degree the attributes of a patriot, a hero and a martyr, can be there recorded, than that of Capt. Lyman A. Rogers.

CORP. L. S. ROGERS.—We have deferred the announcement of the death of this young man—another son of Capt. B. R. Rogers, and lately a member of the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment; hoping that it might yet prove that he is alive; but we hoped against hope. He perished, undoubtedly, in the Wilderness battle of the 5th of May. Luther was emphatically a good boy. His officers and comrades speak of him in the highest terms. His age was twenty years.

DEATH OF EUGENE D. PERRINE.—We record the death of Mr. Eugene D. Perrine; and we do so with feelings of the deepest regret. After an illness of several weeks from typhoid fever, he breathed his last at the close of Christmas Day, and within three months of being twenty-one years of age. Among our young men, no one was better known, or more universally a favorite. Kind, generous and constant, he was just the one to be a friend, and to win friends. For one so young, he had already developed singular talent and proficiency as a business man. When duty called him to arms in his country's service, he enlisted with a brave heart in the cause, and was promoted to the rank of Sergeant in Company C of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Regiment. He gave himself and his time to the work of recruiting with remarkable energy. What he did in this matter he did with all his might. But it was not his privilege to fight his country's battles. The exposure and fatigue of camp-life at Auburn laid the foundation of the fatal disease, and the youthful soldier died peacefully among the loved ones at home.

Mr. Perrine was a member of Grace Church, in this village. On the Sunday before his company left for Auburn he partook for the last time with his father's family of the Holy Communion. A soldier's life is ennobled by a Christian profession. The faith and confidence of the Christian make him a hero indeed.

To his young friends his decease must come home with a solemn warning. "In the midst of life," with all its hopes and duties, with its bright dreams of happiness, "we are in death." If life thus disappoints us, and is thus uncertain, what can satisfy us but the better portion of the Christian's hope in Heaven? We cannot close without offering to the afflicted family the assurance of our most sincere sympathy. Jan. 2, 1863.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, HEADQUARTERS 160TH REG., N. Y. V., }  
CAMP STEVENS, TRIBEDEAUX, LA., Jan. 15, 1863. }

At a meeting of the officers and privates of Company C, 160th Regiment New York Volunteers, called on learning of the death of one of their number, Sergeant Eugene D. Perrine, of Lyons, N. Y., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That it is with the deepest regret and sorrow that we hear of the death of our friend, fellow soldier and officer.

*Resolved*, That as such, and especially by those who had longest and most intimately known him, he was highly esteemed in all his relations to us, in social, camp and military life, winning the love and confidence of the entire company and of all the regiment who had an opportunity of becoming acquainted with him.

*Resolved*, That we fully sympathize with the family and social circle at home, of which the deceased was so worthy a member, and in their loss we feel a loss, and in their affliction we feel afflicted.

*Resolved*, That we request the publication of these resolutions in the Lyons papers, and that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

Sergt. BENJAMIN W. ROYS, President.

Sergt. WILLIAM McMATH, Secretary.

DEATH OF CAPT. SCOTT.—By letters received from S. S. Morill, Hospital Chaplain at Mound City, Ill., and from Capt. Syms, of Company F, same regiment, we learn that Capt. J. G. Scott, of Company E, 25th Wisconsin Volunteers, died in hospital at that place on the evening of Wednesday, the 13th instant. His disease was intermittent fever. The day before he died Capt. Scott directed a letter to Isaac Hodges, Esq., of this village, requesting him to get Dr. Cronie to go down and take him home, as he was fearful he should not recover while he remained in hospital. This letter, and the two announcing his death came to hand by the same mail. When the Twenty-fifth started out from Paducah southward, both the Captain and Lieut. Smelker accompanied it a short distance in an ambulance, but being unable to proceed further, were sent back, one to Mound City and the other to Cairo.

The death of Capt. Scott will be universally regretted by a large circle of friends in this neighborhood, who knew him intimately. He was a young man of sterling abilities, and of a character above reproach. Possessed of a fine education and tireless industry, his promise of success in his chosen profession of the law was up to the time of entering the army most flattering. He came to this village and established himself as a practitioner in March, 1862; the following August he entered the army, and during this brief sojourn he had acquired the esteem and confidence of all.

Capt. Scott leaves no relation; he was alone in the world. No father, mother, sister or brother, to drop a tear over his remains. The only tie resembling that of kindred, which appears to have bound him to earth, was his affection for a gentleman residing at Ontario, New York—Alexander Sands—to whom, it seems, he was indebted for friendly aid during his early struggles for an education. To him he directed all his earthly effects to be sent, and his kindness he appears to have cherished to the last, in grateful remembrance.

The Captain's remains were interred at Mound City, on Thursday, the 14th. *Platteville Witness*, 21st April.

The intelligence conveyed to us in the above notice will be read with painful interest by a large number of our readers. Capt. Scott was well and favorably known in Wayne county, having removed to Platteville in 1861. Years ago the deceased came to Ontario, a poor, friendless youth. Alexander Sands, Esq., of that village, becoming pleased with the boy's bright, manly bearing, took him into his family and brought him up to manhood, giving him every advantage that money and love could bestow; and that this kindness and fatherly care was cherished and remembered until the very latest moment of the brave young soldier's life, is sufficient reward for the kind benefactor.

Through the influence of Mr. Sands, the deceased was taken into the office of Messrs. Ketchum & Cowles, of Clyde, and in 1860 he was admitted to the bar. In 1861 he removed to Platteville, Wis., where he soon entered upon an extensive practice. In August he enlisted as a private, and went to work recruiting men, and in five days succeeded in raising an entire company, and was then elected captain, and followed his regiment—the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin—through all of its various fortunes up to within a few days of his death.

Immediately upon the news of his death reaching here, Mr. Sands left for Mound City, and had the body disinterred and brought to Ontario for burial. The funeral services occurred on May 17th. He was buried with military honors, and a larger concourse of people never before assembled in this county than on this occasion.

DEATH OF A FORMER RESIDENT.—Rev. Aaron Van Nostrand, formerly rector of St. John's (Episcopal) Church in Clyde, died at Painesville, Ohio, on the 27th of February last, aged thirty-two years. He died from disease contracted while acting as Chaplain of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Regiment, in Tennessee. He had been rector of St. James' Church in Painesville for the three years previous to last fall, when he was induced to accept the chaplaincy of the regiment mentioned above. He remained in camp until January, when he returned home in feeble health; but he or none of his friends anticipated but that he would soon regain his health and return to the regiment where he had so many warm friends who were urging his return. The funeral discourse was pronounced by Rev. W. A. Fiske, Rector of Grace Church, Cleveland, (formerly of Lyons.) The remains of the deceased were forwarded to Jamaica, Long Island, where his parents reside, for interment. March 13, 1863.

DEATH OF EDDIE FOSTER.—Eddie Foster, whose death was announced in last week's *Republican*, was the youngest child of the late Reuben P. Foster. He enlisted under Col. (then Captain) Alexander D. Adams, in May, 1861, and was with the regiment until after the Bull Run battle, when he was discharged on account of physical disability. Since that time his health has failed gradually but too surely, until at last he fell a victim to that terrible scourge, consumption.

Eddie was emphatically a good boy—affectionate, considerate, generous. The announcement of his death, though not unexpected, has saddened many a heart and moistened many an eye. Truly might it be said of him:

“None knew him but to love him—  
None named him but to praise.”

His remains were received at the railroad depot—where they were brought from Batavia, where he died—by the resident members of Company B, Twenty-seventh Regiment, his former comrades, and in their charge conveyed to the cemetery in this village. August 14, 1863.

IN MEMORIAM.—Lieut. James W. Snedaker, who was killed during the present Virginia campaign, was the eldest son of the late Sheriff of Wayne county. In a good situation at home, and with no inducement to enter the service except to aid in defending the rights of his country,

he enlisted on the first call of the President for 75,000 men, as a private, and served two years in the Twenty-seventh N. Y. Volunteers. He volunteered to carry the colors of his regiment at the first battle of Bull Run, and was left on the field for dead, having been rendered insensible from the concussion of a cannon ball and reported killed.

While his friends were mourning his death, a letter was received from him, declaring that he would not return home until the disgrace of Bull Run was washed out in rebel blood. At the very first engagement on the Peninsula, (where he was again acting as volunteer color-bearer,) and in the first fire, he received a flesh wound in the thigh, from a rifle-ball, which passed entirely through the leg. Resting the flag upon his arm, he bound up the wound with his pocket-handkerchief, and continued with the regiment, carrying the colors during the whole engagement, which lasted about three hours, the blood from his wound filling his boot so that it ran over at the top, and (as one of his comrades states,) his foot leaving a print of blood at every step.

At the termination of the action, when the rebels were put to flight, and just as the regiment was ordered to fall back, young Snedaker handed the flag to a friend next to him, saying, "Take this flag—I am going to faint." As he sank back upon the ground, this friend leaned over to assist, and he observing the the flag lowering, cried out, "Hold up the flag! Don't let it go down now!" And thrusting the fore-finger of each hand into the hole on each side of his thigh, to stop the flow of blood, he was carried off the field insensible.

He recovered and returned to the regiment, and remained with his comrades until they were discharged. He was in eleven severe battles but escaped harm, except as before stated.

He re-enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Eleventh, after just five months residence at home, during which time he had become engaged in a profitable business. He was detailed to assist in obtaining recruits to fill up the regiment, and Col. MacDougal tendered him a captain's commission, which he declined, accepting, however, a second lieutenancy.

He resided at Clyde, and the town is indebted to his re-enlistment and his efforts to get others to join him, in a very great measure, for the readiness with which her quota for all the calls were more than filled. His Colonel and companions all unite in giving him credit for the utmost coolness and bravery. He was killed by a rifle-ball through the head, at night of the second day's fighting. His body fell into the hands of the enemy, and was ruthlessly stripped and left on the field. *Lyons Republican*, July 8, 1864.

*From the Lyons Republican.*

DEATH OF MAJOR ENNIS.—There was a painful rumor in our village on Wednesday to the effect that Major Thomas J. Ennis, of the Sixth Iowa Regiment, was killed in a recent engagement near Atlanta.

This was confirmed, we grieve to say, by a despatch received yesterday morning announcing that the body of Major E. had been sent on to his friends here. No braver or better officer than Major Ennis has ever entered the service. Enlisting as a private he won his way to

high honors by his gallant behavior on the field and his irreproachable conduct in camp. Beloved and honored by his command, esteemed and trusted by his superiors in rank and respected by all who knew him, the tidings of his death will sadden many a heart and bring tears to many an eye.

Few sacrifices more costly than such a life as his have been laid upon our country's altar.

*From the Troy Daily Whig.*

MAJOR T. J. ENNIS.—We have just been apprised of the death on the field, of Major, T. J. Ennis, Acting Colonel of the Sixth Iowa regiment. The regiment belonged to the Fifteenth Corps and was engaged in the recent fierce battles before Atlanta. Major Ennis received a mortal wound in the action of the 27th, and expired on the following day. For so young a man his military career was of the most striking character.

He enlisted as a private from Iowa immediately after leaving college and participated in all the battles of the west under Grant and Sherman from Pittsburgh Landing and Vicksburgh to the recent one in which he heroically yielded up his young life to his country. Not a scratch had he received until the time of the severe battle of Lookout Mountain last November; there he was severely wounded in his limb and compelled to return home for a time to recruit, and it was during that furlough that he visited his friends in this city, when we had the pleasure of meeting him ourselves.

As tidings came that Sherman was getting ready to move he grew impatient and hurried back to the field against the protestations of friends; he could not wait for his wound to heal when he knew that his regiment was marching. He was as brave as the bravest yet as modest as a girl, and one could see that a volume of character was shut up in his unpretending demeanor.

To have risen in a little more than two years from the ranks to the command of his regiment is evidence of high merit which few young men who enter the army at nineteen are fortunate enough to furnish.

Major Ennis was endeared to a circle of friends whose love for him was devotion.

They saw in him the brightest promise for the future, and fondly hoped he would have been spared to crown all those promises with the full performance of which he was capable. They as well as himself offer a rich gift to our common country in surrendering the life whose thread has been severed on the sharp edge of battle. He was born in Lyons in this State, and will be buried there to-morrow. With a heart swelling with grief may his college chums repeat those touching lines:

“Green be the turf above thee,  
Friend of my better days;  
None knew thee but to love thee,  
None named thee but to praise.”

## MISCELLANEOUS.

*From the Lyons Republican, June 12, 1863.*

LINES SUGGESTED BY THE DEATH OF HENRY H. BUTTS, AND RESPECTFULLY  
DEDICATED TO THE BEREAVED FAMILY.

He fell not when the battle's din resounded far and wide,  
When his brave comrades marched to win the victory—or died;  
When serried columns, file on file, with flashing steel and bated breath,  
Fought nobly for the good old flag, or bravely died the death:  
But who shall say his sacrifice was not as good and great  
As that of those who 'mid the strife have met a soldier's fate?  
Did he not give up earthly hopes,—home, friends, and life beside,  
Unto the service of the land for which, at last he died?  
Some “flash their souls out with the guns, and take their heav'n at once,” but he  
Fought fiercely with a fell disease, nor gained the victory;—  
For in the hospital where pain and gloom and suffering brood,  
He breathed his last,—and yielded back his brave young soul to God!  
O, not in vain the sacrifice is made! The glorious shout  
Of a free nation yet shall ring the joy and triumph out,  
And when ye hear it, mourning friends, be comforted, for he  
Fell battling for the cause of Right,—for Law and Liberty! D. E. CADWELL.

*From the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.*

DECORATION DAY—REMEMBERING THE HEROES.

It was finished; the work of our busy hands,  
For the loved and loyal band  
Of heroes, who offered their life, their all,  
For our struggling native land.

All day we had toiled, with willing hearts,  
But the tribute seemed so slight,  
And we thought of the gift they had left to us,  
In a land of freedom and light.

Heavy the hearts in many a home,  
As the evening shadows fall,  
For the dearest treasure it ever held,  
Was given at our country's call.

And to-morrow, a mother's eye will dim,  
And the widow's sigh ascend,  
While the orphan's prayer is offered up,  
To the mourner's truest friend.

And over the graves of the martyred dead,  
And beneath the living's feet,  
We scatter the flowers and strew the wreaths  
We to-day have rendered meet.

Better than all the garlands wrought,  
Than all the anthems sung,  
Better than all that can be said  
By the most gifted tongue,

Will be the tender thoughts we bring,  
Of those we see no more,  
And the kindly greeting each shall give,  
To the heroes of days of yore.

Silently over it all we muse,  
And marvel what words can tell,  
The praise that is due the noble hearts,  
That suffered, and conquered or fell.

ORRA L. STODDARD, Pultneyville



**SAD CALAMITY AT THE BARRACKS.**—On Saturday last, as the companies were in ranks in the barracks, preparatory to bringing in their bedding (which was out airing,) and while Capt. Kreutzer's company was coming in and replacing their bedding in the bunks, one of the men climbed up to his bunk, one of the highest tier on the north side of the building, and was arranging his bed, when the board of which he had hold broke loose and he fell backward to the lower floor, a distance of eighteen feet, striking on the head of John Snyder; one of Capt. Birdsall's men, breaking his neck and killing him almost instantly. Snyder was standing in his place in the ranks of his company, just formed in front of the gallery and parallel to it, waiting their turn to go out for their bedding.

Deceased was a resident of Rochester, and leaves a family, to whom his remains were sent. Dr. David was in the barracks at the time the accident occurred, and at once went to the aid of Snyder, but in vain; life was extinct within five minutes.

The incident, so sudden and unexpected, produced a solemn impression upon the soldiers and spectators who gathered round the dying man. February 21, 1862.

**ON FURLOUGH.**—Sergt. James B. Wiley, of Savannah, a member of Co. B, One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment, has arrived home from "the front," on a furlough of forty-five days. He was wounded in one of the battles of the Wilderness, and fell into the hands of the enemy. A few days after he was captured he was sent by his captors to a spring near the camp for a pail of water. Thinking it a favorable opportunity, he concluded to take his chance of escape, and risk those of receiving a rebel bullet. So he quietly set down his pail, and bade adieu to his newly-formed grayback acquaintances. He succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the pickets, but had not gone far when he was "gobbled up" by a band of guerrillas. They robbed him of a gold watch, all his money, his coat, and everything of value about his person. Apparently well satisfied with their plunder, and as their victim was wounded, they let him go, and once more he started on his way, reaching our lines after a three days' weary tramp. His wound not dressed, his stomach a vacuum, and his clothing scanty, his physical endurance had nearly given out when he reached the goal for which he risked his life. He traveled all the way home minus a coat; but he brought good accounts of the gallant conduct of "our boys" in the One Hundred and Eleventh, and says those who are unhurt are in no ways daunted by the severe losses in the regiment. June 10, 1864.

**THE DUTTON MONUMENT,** to be placed over the remains of Col. William Dutton, is completed, and will very soon be placed in the family burial lot in the Leavenworth Cemetery in Wolcott. This monument has been furnished by Mr. E. B. Wells, of Clyde, and it may for a few days longer be seen at his shop. As a specimen of appropriate and tasty design, elaborate execution and good workmanship, it must rank among the first productions of the kind in this section of the State.

The monument is of handsomely clouded American marble, and is composed of four pieces, or five if we include the limestone base. It is a trifle over fourteen feet in height. On the front of the base is the

word "Dutton," in raised letters. On the fourth section, or spire, is a beautifully carved American eagle, his wings outspread, grasping with his talons a bundle of spears and an olive branch—emblems of war and of peace—and supporting the national ensign, while in his beak he carries the motto, "Union and Liberty." Just below, on the die, or third section, is an elaborately chiseled shield, surrounded by an olive wreath—upon the upper portion of the shield the insignia of Colonel Dutton's rank, and on the lower portion his name in raised letters—"William Dutton, Col. 98th, Reg. N. Y. S. V." Below this is a sword, crossing a scabbard; and then the following inscription, very artistically arranged and delicately chiselled, as follows: "Born in Watertown, Conn., Jan. 14, 1823. Graduated at West Point, June, 1846. A Member of the Legislature of the State of New York, 1852. Appointed Colonel 98th Regt. N. Y. S. V., Jan. 22, 1862. Commanded Third Brigade, Casey's Division, until April 20, 1862. In the Reconnoissance of Savage Station, May 24, 1862. Died in Service, July 4, 1862." On the opposite side we read: "Erected by the Members of his Regiment, 1863." And on the right: "Integer vitæ, scelerisque purus."

The expense of the monument is about \$500, which is made up by the subscriptions of members of the Ninety-eighth Regiment. January 29, 1864.

*From the Lyons Republican.*

#### PROPOSITION FOR A COUNTY MONUMENT.

HONOR THE DEAD.—Our villagers and others in the county have, on repeated occasions, welcomed home in a becoming manner the brave volunteers who went forth at the call of the President, upon the completion of their term of service. Cannon have been fired, flags hung out, speeches made, and tables spread with choicest viands, that our brave soldiers might realize that, although absent, they had not been forgotten, and that right gladly did we welcome them back to their homes and firesides. This was well. They had done patriots' work, and many of them had shown the spirit of heroes. Their praises are on every tongue, and generations to come will rehearse their deeds. The welcome we give to them is hardly necessary to their fame; it serves rather as a measure of the spirit and patriotism of those who have remained at home. A true people will honor abundantly those who imperil their lives for free institutions and the nation's integrity.

But the ranks of the returning regiments were not full. Of those who went forth with these returning soldiers, full of life and hope, not a few sealed their patriotism with their blood. They were not here to march with their comrades beneath the arch of welcome. Yet no one will forget them. To the living we may show in glowing faces the gratitude and approbation cherished for them. To the dead we owe no less, even more. While we welcome the living, is the fitting time to honor the memory of their fallen companions.

A county monument, to bear the name of every soldier from the county who has fallen or may fall in this war for the Union, would be a fitting recognition of departed valor, and an incentive to noble deeds on the part of others. The proposition to erect such a one is not new.

Abler pens than our own have already discussed its feasibility in these columns. It needs only a starting, and a little after-management. Every citizen of Wayne county, who deserves to be called by such a name, would deem it a privilege to contribute to the fund necessary for its erection. It might cost ten thousand dollars. It would speak forever of patriotism and the estimate in which it is held. It would be a perpetual incentive to young men to imitate the deeds so signally honored.

And now is the time to inaugurate the movement. In the eclat of the welcome,—while we have among us so many veterans about to re-enter the service of their country, and before the recollection of their welcome-home has worn away,—let us remember the departed. Lists prepared for the purpose and left at public places could not fail to be extensively signed, and the subscription once started would soon reach a handsome aggregate. While we welcome the living, let us honor the dead among the soldiers of the Republic. March 25, 1864.

Here is another item referring to the monument. Is the fifty dollars yet on interest ?

**THE WELCOME-HOME.**—The Welcome-Home Festival, at Towar's Hall, last Thursday evening, was numerously attended by returned soldiers and others, and passed off quite satisfactorily. Colonel Underhill presented the flag to Sergeant Manchester, in a neat little speech which quite charmed the auditors, and made the bluff old soldier blush like a girl; while Major Roys responded for the Sergeant in a few eloquent and telling words. Then came the supper—an abundant and excellent one, thanks to the ladies!—and then an old-fashioned dance, in which nearly all joined—young and old, native and foreign born, high and low,—and *such* sport was never seen before.

The net profits of the festival were about fifty dollars, which goes to the Monument Fund. January 4, 1866.

**RESIGNATION AND APPOINTMENT.**—Mr. William Edwards, of Sodus Point, has resigned the Collectorship of that port, after holding the office for about four years, discharging its duties, as we are assured and have reason to know, with fidelity and acceptability, and his son, Major Charles G. Edwards, has been appointed in his place.

Major Edwards is well known to most of our readers in his native town, as a business man and a soldier. At the first call of the President, he enlisted as a private—refusing to accept an office, although urged so to do by many of his friends—and was engaged in the first battle of the war at Rich Mountain. He was severely wounded in the battle of Perryville; but recovering, he distinguished himself at Chica-mauga and Mission Ridge, and was with Sherman in his glorious march “down to the sea.” He rose from the ranks step by step, until he reached the position of Major, being afterward brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel by the President for gallantry and good conduct. Such men as he has proved himself *deserve* such official favors as the government has at its disposal, and we are glad to hear of Major Edwards' appointment to the position mentioned above, as a partial recognition of his services in behalf of the restoration of peace and the suppression of the rebellion. December 14, 1865.

THE DE ZENG FAMILY in this country descends from Frederick Augustus, Baron de Zeng, who was born in Dresden, the capital of Saxony, in 1756. He received a military education and was commissioned February 11, 1774, as "Lieutenant of the Guard" in the service of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel. He was in actual service in the campaign of Moravia and Bohemia soon after his appointment. May 19th, 1776, he received the appointment of "Gentleman of the Chamber" to his Serene Highness, Frederick of Hesse Cassel. During the few years succeeding he made the acquaintance of the Baron de Steuben; an acquaintance renewed many years afterwards in America.

Baron de Zeng was a Captain in the regiment of the "Hereditary Prince." This was one of the regiments ordered to America to assist the British army pursuant to the convention entered into by the British government with the Prince of Hesse Cassel, the Duke of Brunswick, and other German Princes.

The Baron himself did not, however, come to America till quite late in the war, at the close of 1780 or beginning of 1781. When the war closed he made this country his future home. His resignation from the German army was accepted November 8, 1783. The next year he was married in Trinity Church, New York, to Miss Mary Lawrence, daughter of Caleb Lawrence, of Flushing, Long Island. The Baron settled at Red Hook, Dutchess county, and purchased an estate there. In connection with Chancellor Livingston, he became joint owner of a large tract of land in Ulster county. He was naturalized November 3, 1789, dropped his hereditary title, and after that wrote his name simply Frederick A. de Zeng. He was commissioned by Governor Clinton in 1792, as Major in the militia in the mountain towns of Ulster, "westerly of the towns of Woodstock, Hurley, Marbletown and Rochester;" an appointment that did not savor very much of his early Baronial honors, but which gave to him the title by which he was afterwards known. His subsequent career was an active one. Between 1790 and 1800 he made extensive personal explorations of this State from Albany to the Genesee River. He was several times appointed by his friend, Governor Clinton, a commissioner to negotiate important matters with the Indians.

Major de Zeng was one of the earliest promoters of internal improvements in this State. He was connected with General Schuyler in the "Western Inland Lock Navigation Company." In the prosecution of this enterprise he resided for a time at Little Falls. Here the Baron Steuben paid him a visit, and a son born at that time, March 16, 1793, received the name of William Steuben—a compliment which so delighted the batchelor Steuben that he remembered his name-sake with a gift of a thousand acres of land.

In 1796, Major de Zeng and others established a manufactory of window glass near Albany. This occupied his attention for many years. In 1822, Major de Zeng suggested the enterprise which resulted in the formation of the "Seneca Lock Navigation Company." He was active in the earlier explorations which, at a later day, led to the construction of Chemung Canal. He resided for many years at Kingston, Ulster county, and subsequently at Bainbridge, Chenango county, where he built and owned the bridge over the Susquehanna.

The son, William S. de Zeng, of Geneva, owning large tracts of land in this vicinity, the Major became interested in Clyde. In 1817, the Legislature granted a charter authorizing the construction of a dam across the Clyde river. The dam was built pursuant to that charter, and Major de Zeng erected the first grist-mill at Clyde. It stood on the south side of the river, just above the present lower bridge. The remains of the dam are still to be seen when the water is low. William S. de Zeng built the glass works at Clyde, and was prominent in all the early business of the place. Major de Zeng closed his long and active life at Clyde, dying at the residence of his son-in-law, William S. Stow, April 26, 1838. His remains are buried in Maple Grove Cemetery.

His children were: 1st, George Scriba, who died at Grand Gulf, Miss., in 1829; 2d, Richard Lawrence, who settled at Oswego, and was prominent in real estate operations; 3d, Philip Mark, who spent most of his life at Clyde, and died March 15, 1862; 4th, William Steuben, who settled at Geneva, and died August 16, 1882; 5th, Arthur Noble, who died in Ohio in 1829; 6th, Ernestine Jeannette Frederika Augusta, who married James H. Houghtaling; she died at Oswego; 7th, Maria Augusta, who married William Stow, Esq., of Clyde; she died December 25, 1873; 8th, Amelia Clarissa, who married Addison C. Griswold; she died in Syracuse, September 30, 1881.

Major Philip Mark de Zeng, of the Sixty-seventh New York Volunteer Infantry, war of 1861-'65, is a son of the Philip Mark above mentioned.

We give from Judd's History of the Thirty-third, the following notices of Colonel Joseph W. Corning, Captain Henry J. Draime, Major John S. Platner, and Adjutant John W. Corning:

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL JOSEPH W. CORNING was born in Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, November 4, 1813, and when eleven years of age removed with his parents to Rochester. The father losing all of his property through an extensive conflagration, the son was thrown upon his own resources, and resorted to various employments for a livelihood.

In 1829 he joined a military organization and devoted much time to the manual. During a part of the years 1833 and 1834 he resided in Waterloo, and there he was elected Captain of a Company of Fusileers.

In the Spring of 1834 he proceeded to Jefferson county and spent two years in teaching and agricultural pursuits. Here also he was chosen Captain of a Military Company. In the Spring of 1837 he started on a traveling tour, and spent several months among the western wilds, meeting with numerous adventures.

Returning to New York in December, he settled in Ontario, Wayne county, and engaged in agricultural pursuits. In 1847 he removed to Palmyra, and embarked in mercantile business. May, 1850, he sailed for California, and after spending three years in mining operations, returned to Palmyra. He then commenced the study of law, was admitted to the bar in March, 1855, and continued the practice of his profession until the war broke out. He was chosen Justice of the Peace, Police Magistrate, President of the village, and filled other posi-

tions of trust. In the Fall of 1860 he was elected by a heavy majority to represent his district in the State Legislature.

He took a prominent part in the various Legislative proceedings of the session, and when the South rebelled urged the enforcement of the most stringent measures for their subjection. On the adjournment of the Legislature he returned home, and the next day commenced recruiting a Company for the war. He was promoted from Captain to Lieutenant-Colonel of the Thirty-third in November, 1861, and was with the regiment in all of its encounters with the enemy, being frequently complimented by his superior officers for gallantry and courage.

CAPTAIN HENRY J. DRAIME was born in the city of Sedan, France, and coming to America with his parents settled in Canton, Ohio. March 27, 1839, he enlisted in the Fifth Regular Artillery, was soon promoted to a non-commissioned office, and remained in the service five years. During that time he was stationed at Detroit, Chicago, Buffalo, Sackett's Harbor, Fort Columbus, Fort Adams, etc. He fired the minute guns at Sackett's Harbor on the death of President Harrison, and was ordered to Rhode Island with his Battery to assist in suppressing the insurrection known as the Dorrite war. After leaving the army he was engaged in various engineering operations at Rochester, Fredonia, and other places. He was residing in Palmyra when the war broke out. He enlisted as a private in Company B, of the Thirty-third; was immediately elected Second Lieutenant, and promoted to First Lieutenant and Captain.

MAJOR JOHN S. PLATNER was born at Clyde, March 23, 1837. During the month of April, 1857, he proceeded to Geneva and became assistant postmaster. On the following June he entered the dry goods house of S. S. Cobb, as an accountant, and in the Spring of 1859 became a partner.

When the Geneva Company was organized he enlisted as a private, his name being second on the roll. He was unanimously chosen First Lieutenant. On the promotion of Captain Walker to the Lieutenant-Colonelcy of the regiment, Captain Platner was appointed to succeed him. January 24, 1862, he was appointed Major of the Thirty-third, which position he filled with much distinction until the close of the two years service, participating in all the battles and skirmishes of the regiment and having two horses killed in action. He commanded the Thirty-third during the engagements at Savage Station, White Oak Swamp, and Malvern Hill, bringing it safely through all the toils and dangers of the retreat from before Richmond.

ADJUTANT JOHN W. CORNING was born in the town of Ontario, September 8, 1841. At the age of six years he came with his parents to Palmyra, where he attended school and engaged in teaching until the fall of 1861. During the month of October he was active in recruiting men for Company B, of the Thirty-third. Barely twenty years of age, he received a commission as Second Lieutenant, and in May following was promoted First Lieutenant.

He had charge of his Company during the months of July and August, 1862, and acquitted himself with much credit at the battle of Golden's Farm and during the seven day's retreat. Returning to

Palmyra after the army reached Harrison's Landing, he was prostrated with a severe fit of sickness. Recovering he rejoined his regiment and was appointed Adjutant.

COLONEL JAMES P. FOSTER.—The brief notice in the list for Sodus gives simply his official military record. His services in 1861 began much earlier than December. As an only son he was associated with his father in an extensive mercantile and manufacturing business in the city of Hudson.

After the defeat at Bull Run, public sentiment began to look to young Foster for military service. His father nobly said: "Go, my son; I will manage to get along with the business. Go and show those Southern hot-bloods that all of us won't run." Captain Foster immediately gave himself to energetic and persistent work. Going to Catskill, in his native county of Greene, he soon enrolled a Company of one hundred young men that became Troop M, in the Fifth Cavalry. When the great defeat before Richmond rendered necessary the immense enlistments of 1862, Captain Foster came home and aided with voice, and labor, and means, to organize the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth, of which he became Major. In its after career it was his fortune to bear a distinguished part. In the battle at Fisher's Hill Colonel Foster led the skirmish line with the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth, capturing the enemy's out-works and holding them alone for several hours.

At this time General Philip Sheridan approaching the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth said: "Who is in command?" Being told he rode up to Colonel Foster, personally thanked him, and added in his brusque style, "*Damnation, Colonel, you are not afraid.*"

General C. Grover also said in his report:

"To shorten and strengthen our lines it became necessary to drive in the enemy's skirmishes and occupy their works. This was handsomely done by the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth, Colonel J. P. Foster commanding, under a vigorous fire of musketry and most terrific shelling."

On the retreat through the Shenandoah Valley he directed Colonel Foster to pass through the enemy's lines and communicate with the rear guard at Sharpsburgh and Front Royal, which had been cut off by the enemy. Having executed the duty his small command returning captured a train of seventy baggage wagons for which Colonel Foster received the thanks of General Hatch.

Again after Banks had reoccupied the Valley Colonel Foster went through the enemy's lines as bearer of dispatches to General McDowell.

While in the Department of the Gulf Colonel Foster was sent as bearer of dispatches to the commanding military officers and to Admiral Farragut, of the navy at New Orleans. Embarked on the steamer *John Warner*, convoyed by two gunboats, an attempt to run by the rebel batteries cost the destruction of both the gunboats and the transports. The crews escaped to the shore. Colonel Foster, severely wounded by a shell, yet made, with the others, a march of nearly fifty miles.

After the war Colonel Foster engaged for a few months in trade, purchasing cotton and naval supplies at Wilmington, N. C. There, on the

22d of February, 1866, (aided by J. H. Neff, a Union man, who had spent some months in prison for his refusal to swear allegiance to the Confederate government) he raised a Union flag over the Custom House, the first that had floated to the breeze after the war closed from any public building in Wilmington. About that time he was appointed Collector of the Port of Wilmington as a reward for his distinguished services.

Subsequently Colonel Foster entered the ministry of the Episcopal Church having been ordained February 24, 1870. At the present time, 1883, he is Rector of the three churches in Sodus, St. John's, Sodus Village; St. Luke's, Sodus Centre, and Christ Church, Sodus Point.

#### NINETIETH INFANTRY.

William G. Ferguson, of East Palmyra, writing of the Ninetieth, makes the following summary statement :

The Ninetieth New York Volunteer Infantry was mustered into the United States service November 27, 1861, at East New York. Re-enlisted as Veterans at Bayou Boeuf, La., February 20, 1864; served in States of Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana and in the Red River Campaign, and under General Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley. Was mustered out at Savannah, Ga., February 9, 1866. Major J. C. Smart was killed at Cedar Creek October 19, 1864, before going into battle. It lost many officers and men in the summer of 1862, by yellow fever at Key West. Took part as a regiment in the following engagements: Franklin, La., May 25, 1863; Port Hudson, La., June 10 to 14, 1863; Cox's Plantation, La., July 13, 1863; Donaldsonville, La., June 28, 1863; Pleasant Valley, La., April 7, 1864; Pleasant Hill, La., April 8, 1864; Cane River, La., April 27, 1864; Avoyelles Prairie, La., May 13, 1864; Mansura, La., May 14, 1864; Yellow Bayou, La., May 15, 1864; Winchester, Va., September 19, 1864; Fisher's Hill, Va., September 22, 1864; Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864.

A PROPHECY.—In the fall of 1860, during the excited presidential canvass, Judge Byram Green, took a deep interest in public matters, as he had been wont to do through all his life. His residence at the west end of Sodus village, gave him a fine view of the long torch light processions that paraded through the streets so often during the closing weeks of the campaign. "Wide Awakes" and "Little Giants," representing respectively Lincoln and Douglass vied with each other in nightly marches and brilliant illuminations. Perhaps Judge Green had reached that age of which the poet wrote when he said:

" 'Tis the sunset of life gives me mystical lore,  
And coming events cast their shadows before."

One evening as he stood at the window watching the columns wheeling in front of his residence and the serried lines of torches blazing brightly, he said to Dr. W. M. Woodworth, who was with him, "EVERY TORCH WILL GROW INTO A MUSKET."



*From the Rochester Express.*

ANOTHER GALLANT SOLDIER GONE—HORACE G. HILL.

ONTARIO, June 18th, 1864.

*Editors Express:*—I have just returned from the funeral services of my friend and acquaintance, Lieutenant Horace G. Hill, who lost his life on the 5th of May, during the first days' fight in the Wilderness. He was instantly killed while bravely and gallantly urging his men on to the strife. It is but just, that I should endeavor to pay this feeble testimonial to the virtues of the patriotic and noble dead. His memory will ever be cherished with all that was dear and lovely in his character, by a large circle of friends. Lieutenant Hill was one whom to know was to love and respect; a young man of fine abilities, of sterling integrity, of unbounded loyalty and patriotism, counting his life as nothing when called to protect the flag of his country. He was born in Ontario, Wayne County, N. Y., April 27th, 1841, being at the time of his death 23 years of age. How sad that his young and hopeful life must be given as a sacrifice to this unholy and wicked rebellion. At the breaking out of the war, Lieutenant Hill was one of the very first to offer his services to the Government, his first enlistment being in the old Thirteenth, and participating with that regiment in the battle of Bull Run.\* He was afterwards discharged, and subsequently enlisted as First Sergeant, Co. A, One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment N. Y. V. Infantry. He was promoted Second Lieutenant, December, 1863; not long after First Lieutenant; and on the first day of May, 1864, he was promoted Captain, but did not live to receive his commission. Lieutenant Hill was almost idolized by the men under his command. He had gained that respect, not only by being an ever true and faithful soldier, but also by kindly caring for his men. His heart swelled with proud emotions at the thought of his country's glory, and he was ever ready to defend the stars and stripes from the insults of traitors. Though comparatively unknown his name may well stand side by side with Ellsworth, Lyon, Wadsworth, Sedgwick, and a host of others; heroes whose names generations yet unborn shall love to read and revere. He fell as a hero falls. Amid the carnage of battle he yielded up his life, a noble sacrifice, for "God and home, and native land," and that God in whom he trusted will surely reward him. The funeral services were largely attended and were of the most impressive character. The discourse, by Rev. S. D. Merrick, of Webster, was an eloquent soul-stirring appeal, full of sound patriotism and loyalty. He paid a just tribute to the memory of the noble souls slain on the field of battle in subduing the rebellion. How bravely have they defended the cause which called them from their homes, and from all the associations of loving friends.

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\* By reference to a dairy kept by F. A. Hill, it is ascertained that Lieutenant H. G. Hill went to Rochester and enlisted on *Wednesday, April 17th, 1861*. As remarked in another place, it is not settled what Wayne County man first signed an enlistment roll after the call of April 15th, but there are few, if any, names earlier than Mr. Hill's.

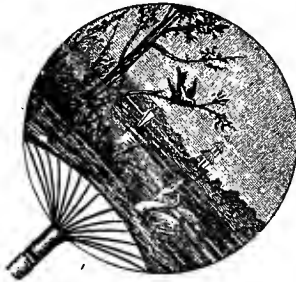
REV. HORACE EATON, D. D.—On pages 300 and 333, of this volume there are given eloquent extracts from two sermons preached by this distinguished divine, this beloved pastor. In the Palmyra list of soldiers, (Appendix A) there are also given several marginal notes with reference to his funeral services in memory of the brave soldiers who perished in the defence of the Union. He had taken much interest in this volume and kindly rendered assistance in its preparation. He has not lived to read its pages. Within a few weeks he has passed to his eternal rest. The memory of his life and labors remain as a blessed benediction to the people of Palmyra. None of the years of his residence among them were more fruitful than those of 1861-'65. His patriotism was of a sterling, rugged type, but blended with tenderness and love. In all those heroic years he stood manfully for law and liberty, for truth and loyalty. We add a paragraph from an address pronounced at Marion, Oct. 28, 1883, by Rev. W. W. Runyan.

“Yea, verily, his was a fine courage. Underneath the lamb-like gentleness of the man there throbbed a lion heart. The heroic and chivalric were cardinal elements in his make-up.

“But, though Dr. Eaton was a man with positive convictions and a marked individuality, he was not a man of one idea or a solitary hobby—mentally warped, or intellectually deformed. No. He was symmetry itself embodied. He was cognizant of many relations to society and the world. His sympathies were wide, and his sensibilities, keen. He projected feelers and feeders in all directions. His nature was many-sided, as the Germans say, and it was receptive on all sides. In the words of Lord Bacon, Reading had made him a full man; Writing, an exact man; and Speaking, a ready man. Permit me to add that travel and observation had made him a cosmopolitan, a citizen of the globe, in his range of thought. He loved science, poetry and art. He loved to trace the hand of God in current history. He loved little children. Behold, how he loved them! He loved the birds, the lilies, the mountains, the deep, deep sea, and, next to the cross of Christ, the Flag of his native land. Yet he wandered amid the tombs of Westminster Abbey, that pantheon of Protestantism; he stood beneath the dome of St. Peters, the foremost temple of Catholicism; he descended into the Catacombs and groped among the hiding places of the early church; he climbed the Acropolis of Athens and mused amid the ruins of Parthenon, that bright consummate flower of heathen architecture; and his large receptive nature took in all these with the intelligent recognition and liberal appreciation befitting a universal scholar and a lover of mankind.

“Best of all, he stood on the Hill Calvary, that focal center of prophecy and history alike, and there he threw the arms of a loving, humble faith around the cross of Christ. To lift up that cross before the eyes of dying men was the holy purpose and the best achievement of his useful life. He turned many to righteousness and doubtless he will shine as a star forever and ever.

“It is among the precious treasures of my future, that I have known this good man, and may remember him as a counselor and friend. To me it was like sunrise to meet him on the street—like the smile of a benignant Providence to see his face and share his converse in the privacy of his library, which he playfully called his “den.” But none of us can monopolize him. All good citizens can claim a share in Dr. Eaton; for he was a friend of all. No denominational barriers can bound his fame. No sectarian channel can confine the rolling river of his influence, for ecclesiastical bars could not limit his charity, his services, his benefactions, or his friendships. Doubtless his name and his work will survive the flood of years, for the memory of the just is blest.”



Literature of the kind gathered in this appendix is abundant throughout all the county. Only a few specimens more easily obtained than others, and for various reasons somewhat noted and prominent have been given.

During all the years of that eventful period, 1861-5, the newspapers were full of incidents; personal sketches appeared; the busy pens of letter writers were at work; hundreds of speakers were saying their best things, and poets were breathing out their flowing numbers. The labor of the author upon this volume is finished. Its intended limits were long since exceeded.

In a few brief years Wayne County will have reached the Centennial of its first settlement. A hundred years of county history!! It has been our work to trace the military events of the county and show something of the toil and sacrifice incurred by her heroic sons. No such volume would have been possible had there not been a *people worthy of it*—a people whose deeds have ennobled the name of the county and furnished ample and substantial material for the pen of the historian.

The years of war have passed away—perhaps never to return. That the arts of peace may flourish; that prosperous labor and successful trade may accumulate wealth; that education and religion may adorn the future are aspirations worthy of a brave people whose blood has been freely shed to defend all the interests of civilization.

But the history of the past recorded here leaves no doubt that should the dread alarm of war again be heard on our borders, men will be found ready to do and die as in the years that are gone.

# APPENDIX C.

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MONEY RAISED BY THE COUNTY FOR WAR PURPOSES—BY THE  
TOWNS—NUMBER OF SOLDIERS FURNISHED—STATIS-  
TICS OF REGIMENTS FROM THE STATE OF  
NEW YORK AND NUMBER OF SOL-  
DIERS IN THE WAR FROM  
NEW YORK.

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To find the totals of both men and money furnished during the four years of war, is only approximately possible. So far as bounties were voted and appropriations made by county or by town authority, the sums can be stated; but if we examine into the voluntary contributions made to promote enlistments at the outbreak of the war, or during the year 1862; if we attempt to give the money value of supplies furnished through ladies' aid societies; if we attempt to state the amount paid for substitutes by individuals over and above the amounts returned in town or county bonds, we enter upon a field of investigation where for most part only estimates can be given. The amount paid for exemption under the draft of 1863 might be more accurately determined; but every three hundred dollars paid for exemption represents a soldier legally required from the county, so that care would be necessary not to duplicate the statements, and count the draft of 1863 both as men and money. With these explanations we shall proceed to give various statements as to the entire amount of money which the war of the rebellion cost the county of Wayne in one form or another. First we will examine the Supervisor's reports for official statements.

[No. 1.]

The first official expenditure by the county occurred in the summer and fall of 1862. As already shown, the Military Finance Committee, Saxon B. Gavitt, Eron N. Thomas and Stephen K. Williams, presented bills which were audited to the amount of \$3,210.14.

[No. 2.]

Under date of November 21, 1864, the County Treasurer, Smith A. Dewey, presented the following report :

“Amount of bonds issued by the Treasurer of Wayne county for Bounty papers from December 15, 1863, to November 1, 1864, inclusive, and the amounts maturing February 15, 1865, and on each succeeding February 15, up to and including February 15, 1875 :

County Bonds due Feb 15, 1865, .....	\$218,800.00
“ “ “ “ 1866, .....	211,400.00
“ “ “ “ 1867, .....	160,000.00
“ “ “ “ 1868, .....	100,400.00
“ “ “ “ 1869, .....	84,000.00
“ “ “ “ 1870, .....	25,700.00
“ “ “ “ 1871, .....	10,800.00
“ “ “ “ 1872, .....	3,900.00
“ “ “ “ 1873, .....	1,300.00
“ “ “ “ 1874, .....	6,100.00
“ “ “ “ 1875, .....	2,000.00

---

\$824,400.00

Of this sum there has been loaned  
to town of Palmyra, due Feb.

1865, .....	\$3,300.00
To town of Williamson, .....	8,100.00
To town of Marion, .....	4,000.00

---

\$15,400.00

Amount to be paid by County .....

\$809,000.00

The interest account on the above, would amount at seven per cent. to the following sums :

Feb. 1st, 1865, .....	\$36,116.00
“ 1866, .....	42,392.00
“ 1867, .....	27,594.00
“ 1868, .....	16,394.00
“ 1869, .....	9,366.00
“ 1870, .....	3,486.00
“ 1871, .....	1,687.00
“ 1872, .....	931.00
“ 1873, .....	658.00
“ 1874, .....	567.00
“ 1875, .....	140.00

---

\$139,331.00

This will include a small amount of interest on short bonds loaned to the towns as above mentioned, but so small that it is unnecessary to deduct it in considering the general result.

## [No. 3.]

There were also issued pursuant to the authority of the Supervisors, from February 15, 1865, to April 25, 1865, inclusive, bonds to the amount of \$175,600.

Interest was paid on these :

February 15, 1866.....	\$11,103.54
“ “ 1867.....	11,473.00
“ “ 1868.....	819.00

Total.....\$23,395.54

## [No. 4.]

Summary of war expenses paid by the county :

First issue of bonds given above.....	\$ 809,000.00
Interest account.....	139,331.00
Second issue of bonds.....	175,600.00
Interest account.....	23,395.54
Expenses of recruiting, 1862.....	3,210.14

Total.....\$1,150,536.68

## [No. 5.]

Taxes for war purposes paid by the towns of the county as shown up the annual schedules of taxes in the Supervisor's Proceedings :

## ARCADIA.

1862.....	\$ 3,334.37
1863.....	5,442.27
1864.....	7,770.66
1865.....	6,658.00
1866.....	5,800.00

\$29,005.24

## BUTLER.

1862.....	\$ 962.63
1863.....	1,548.30
1864.....	13,206.66
1865.....	302.51

\$16,020.10

## GALEN.

1864.....	\$ 1,000.00*
1865.....	17,000.00
1866.....	16,000.00

\$34,000 00

\* Relief of Soldiers' families.

## MONEY RAISED FOR WAR PURPOSES.

## HURON.

1862.....	\$ 719.70
1863.....	1,381.25
1864.....	4,330.00
1865.....	6,653.00
1866.....	6,701.00
	<hr/>
	\$19,784.95

## LYONS.

1862.....	\$ 1,509.31
1863.....	4,296.22
1864.....	22,260.00
1865.....	19,857.00
	<hr/>
	\$47,922.53

## MACEDON.

1862.....	\$ 939.22
1863.....	2,157.39
1864.....	8,747.62
1865.....	7,293.54
	<hr/>
	\$19,137.77

## MARION.

1862.....	\$ 854.16
1863.....	1,390.00
1864.....	2,262.51
	<hr/>
	\$ 4,506.67

## ONTARIO.

1863.....	300.00
1864.....	\$ 200.00
	<hr/>
	\$ 500.00*

## PALMYRA.

1862.....	\$ 2,334.67
1863.....	4,222.27
1864.....	6,266.76
1865.....	572.85
1866.....	1,100.00
	<hr/>
	\$14,496.55

\* The town expended this sum upon the relief of soldiers' families, and not for bounties. It is very creditable to the energy and patriotism of the people of Ontario that they filled their quotas without resorting to the heavy taxation that other towns felt obliged to impose. The voluntary subscriptions were large, and were sufficient with the County Bounty to meet every emergency.



MONEY RAISED FOR WAR PURPOSES.

ROSE.

1863.....	\$ 100.00*
1864.....	2,451.04
1865.....	6,038.50
1866.....	5,617.50
	<u>\$14,207.04</u>

SAVANNAH.

1863.....	\$ 100.00*
1864.....	4,725.00
	<u>\$4,825.00</u>

SODUS.

1862.....	\$ 1,593.13
1863.....	2,867.75
1864.....	15,868.96
1865.....	16,101.30
1866.....	16,076.75
	<u>\$52,507.89</u>

WALWORTH.

1862.....	\$ 400.76
1863.....	1,467.25
	<u>\$1,868.01†</u>

WILLIAMSON.

1862.....	\$ 1,065.14
1863.....	2,044.25
1864.....	8,326.59
	<u>\$11,435.98</u>

WOLCOTT.

1864.....	\$36,502.00
1865.....	1,210.67
1866.....	1,368.19
	<u>\$39,080.86</u>

[No. 6.]

VOLUNTEER SUBSCRIPTIONS AT THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR, 1861.—  
 In a few towns there were definitely reported in the newspapers of that year. But in most of them we have only estimates, some of them scarcely more than an uncertain "guess." Letters of enquiry addressed to prominent men of each town have failed to bring out the facts. We state the estimates as follows:

\* Support of soldiers' families.

† It appears that private effort was sufficient to fill the quotas of 1864, in Walworth aided only by the Bounty which the County paid.

Arcadia.....	\$4,200.00	reported.
Butler.....	500.00	estimated.
Galen.....	3,000.00	estimated.
Huron.....	400.00	estimated.
Lyons.....	2,258.50	reported.
Macedon....	600.00	estimated.
Marion.....	3,000.00	voted at a public meeting.
Ontario.....	600.00	estimated.*
Palmyra.....	6,836.24	reported.
Rose.....	300.00	estimated.
Savannah....	400.00	estimated.
Sodus.....	600.00	reported.
Walworth.....	500.00	reported in part. †
Williamson....	500.00	estimated.
Wolcott.....	700.00	estimated.

Total.....\$24,394.74

[No. 7.]

VOLUNTEER SUBSCRIPTIONS IN 1862.—These were of considerable amount. The county had offered to issue bonds and loan them to such towns as desired them. This did not, however, preclude private subscriptions. Later in the war official appropriations superseded almost wholly private liberality, but this latter was continued through 1862. As before only a part of the facts appear in the newspapers of that year. In most of the towns named below the amounts are only estimated; judging somewhat from the known work in other towns, comparison by population, the amounts raised the year before, &c., &c. :

Arcadia....	\$2,940.50	original report of committee.
Butler.....	500.00	estimated.
Galen.....	3,000.00	estimated.
Huron.....	300.00	estimated.
Lyons.....	2,500.00	estimated.
Macedon...	700.00	estimated.
Marion....	1,000.00	estimated.
Ontario....	800.00	estimated.
Palmyra....	4,000.00	estimated.
Rose.....	1,300.00	reported by Hon. Jackson Valentine.
Savannah...	500.00	estimated.
Sodus.....	800.00	estimated in part.
Walworth...	500.00	estimated.
Williamson .	600.00	estimated.
Wolcott... .	7,000.00 †	

Total....\$26,240.50

\* This sum might fairly be stated at \$1,200, as we learn from Supervisor F. A. Hill just as these tables are going through the press.

† Hon. T. G. Yeomans gave two dollars a month additional pay to the first volunteers from Walworth, seven in number. This for two years amounted to \$336.

‡ \$5,000 reported signed on the spot at the Red Creek meeting.

## [No. 8.]

VALUE OF SUPPLIES RAISED BY LADIES' AID SOCIETIES.—There is no way of obtaining anything definite upon this branch of the subject; nothing but an *estimate* can be made, and that only of a vague and unsatisfactory character. There was a wealth of love, devotion, and self-sacrifice in the work which is beyond the compass of any arithmetic. If we had the exact figures they would tell but a fraction of the truth. The following is only a general approximation based upon a few newspaper items and upon letters from several towns already given:

Arcadia.....	\$1,800
Butler.....	500
Galen.....	2,000
Huron.....	500
Lyons.....	1,850
Macedon.....	500
Marion.....	500
Ontario.....	600
Palmyra.....	2,000
Rose.....	500
Savannah.....	500
Sodus.....	600
Walworth*.....	548
Williamson.....	700
Wolcott.....	1,000
Total.....	\$14,098

## [No. 9.]

Aggregate for both the county and the towns:

County, (No. 4).....	\$1,150,536.68
Towns, (No. 5) schedules of taxes.....	309,297.05
Towns, 1861, (No. 6).....	24,394.74
Towns, 1862, (No. 7).....	26,240.50
Towns' Aid Societies, (No. 8).....	14,098.00
Total.....	\$1,524,566.97

This statement does not include money paid in 1863 by individuals as commutation at \$300 each; nor sums paid by individuals in 1864 for substitutes over and above what was reimbursed to them in town and county bonds; nor moneys raised to avoid draft in the Spring of 1865, or for procuring substitutes under that draft. The record, though not complete, will, however, tell its own story to all future ages, of the patriotism of the County of Wayne in the great battle-storm of the Republic. The figures, though silent, are eloquent. Wayne County expended in the defense of the Union A MILLION AND A HALF OF MONEY.

## [No. 10.]

As to the total number of men who went from this county into the armies of the Union during the war of 1861-5, we will here give simply

\* Reported exactly by Mrs. T. G. Yeomans.

the summary of the town list found in Appendix A. These include quite a number of soldiers now residing in the county who were not here during the war, and who enlisted from other places. Some names are also undoubtedly repeated as it has been found extremely difficult to determine in all cases whether similar names belonged to the same or to different persons. The number which may be in excess from both these sources will probably only be a fair offset to Wayne County names not obtained, because with all the labor given to these catalogues it is not presumed that they are absolutely complete:

Arcadia .....	589
Butler .....	193
Galen .....	682
Huron .....	208
Lyons .....	758
Macedon .....	207
Marion .....	201
Ontario .....	224
Palmyra .....	675
Rose .....	256
Savannah .....	190
Sodus .....	482
Walworth .....	205
Williamson .....	184
Wolcott .....	383

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5,437

Allowing for names repeated and for sons of Wayne County who enlisted elsewhere but are counted in these lists, and for soldiers settled here since the war—many of whom are also mentioned—it is safe to say that in round numbers WAYNE COUNTY FURNISHED FIVE THOUSAND SOLDIERS FOR THE DEFENCE OF THE UNION.

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LIST OF THE VOLUNTEER REGIMENTS FROM THE STATE OF NEW YORK,  
WITH THEIR SPECIAL NAMES, PLACES OF ORGANIZATION, DATES OF  
MUSTER-IN AND MUSTER-OUT:—

TWO YEARS' REGIMENTS INFANTRY.

1. National Guard, organized at New York, mustered in May 7, 1861; mustered out May 7, 1863.
2. Troy Regiment, organized at Troy, mustered in May 14, 1861; mustered out May 14, 1863.
3. Albany Regiment, organized at Albany, mustered in May 14, 1861; mustered out May 14, 1863; re-organized, mustered out finally August 28, 1865.

4. First Scotts Life Guards, New York,\* May 9, 1861; May 9, 1863.
5. Duryea's Zouaves, New York, May 9, 1861; May 9, 1863; reorganized, August 21, 1865.
6. Billy Wilson's Zouaves, New York, May 25, 1861; May 25, 1863.
7. Steuben Regiment, New York, April 23, 1861; April 25, 1863; reorganized, August 4, 1865.
8. First German Rifles, New York, April 23, 1861; April 25, 1863.
9. Hawkin's Zouaves, New York, May 4, 1861; May 4, 1863.
10. McChesney's Zouaves, New York, May 2, 1861; April 30, 1863; reorganized; June 30, 1865.
11. First Fire Zouaves, New York, May 7, 1861; disbanded.
12. Independence Guard, Brooklyn and Syracuse, May 13, 1861; May 13, 1863; consolidated with Fifth Volunteers.
13. Rochester Regiment, Rochester, May 14, 1861; May 1, 1863.
14. Oneida Volunteers, Utica, May 17, 1861; May 17, 1863.
15. New York Sappers and Miners, New York, June 25, 1861; June 17, 1863; reorganized June 13, 1865.
16. First Northern Regiment, St. Lawrence, Clinton and Essex counties, May 15, 1861; May 5, 1863.
17. Westchester Chasseurs, Westchester county, May 24, 1861; May 22, 1863; reorganized; July 13, 1865.
18. New York State Rifles, Albany, May 17, 1861; May 28, 1863.
19. First Cayuga Regiment, Cayuga county, May 22, 1861; May 22, 1863; reorganized as Third Artillery.
20. United Turner Rifles, New York, May 9, 1861; May 8, 1863.
21. Buffalo Regiment, Buffalo, May 20, 1861; May 20, 1863.
22. Second Troy Regiment, Washington, Warren and Essex counties, June 6, 1861; June 6, 1863.
23. Southern Tier Regiment, Chemung county, May 16, 1861; May 16, 1863.
24. Oswego, May 17, 1861; May 17, 1863.
25. Union Rangers, New York, June 14, 1861; June 26, 1863.
26. Oneida county, May 21, 1861; May 7, 1863.
27. Elmira, May 21, 1861; May 21, 1863.
28. Niagara county, May 22, 1861; May 22, 1863.
29. Astor Regiment, New York City, June 6, 1861; June 6, 1863.
30. Saratoga, Albany and Rensselaer, June 1, 1861; June 1, 1863.
31. Montezuma Battalion, New York City, June 13, 1861; May 27, 1863.
32. First California Regiment, New York City, May 31, 1861; May 31, 1863.
33. Ontario Regiment, Ontario and Seneca counties, May 22, 1861; May 22, 1863.
34. Herkimer Regiment, Herkimer county, June 15, 1861, June 15, 1863.
35. Jefferson county, June 11, 1861; June 11, 1863.
36. Washington Volunteers, New York City, July 4, 1861; July 4, 1863.

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\* Words "organized," "mustered in and "mustered out," omitted here after; as there will be no difficulty to the reader in understanding the order and meaning of the dates.

37. Irish Rifles, New York City, June 7, 1861; June 7, 1863.  
 38. Second Scott Life Guards, New York City, June 8, 1861; June 3, 1863.

## THREE YEARS' REGIMENTS—INFANTRY.

39. Garibaldi Guard, New York city, May 28, 1861; July 1, 1865.  
 40. Mozart Regiment, New York city, June 27, 1861; June 27, 1865.  
 41. DeKalf Regiment, New York city, June 6, 1861; December 9, 1865.  
 42. Tammany Regiment, New York city, June 28, 1861; July 13, 1864.  
 43. At Albany, September 26, 1861; June 16, 1865.  
 44. Peoples' Ellsworth, Albany, October 20, 1861; October 11, 1864.  
 45. Fifth German Rifles, New York city, October 21, 1861; consolidated with the Fifty-eighth.  
 47. Fremont Regiment, New York city, September 16, 1861; July 28, 1865.  
 47. Washington Grays, New York city, September 14, 1861; Aug. 30, 1865.  
 48. First Continental Guard, New York city, September 16, 1861; September 1, 1865.  
 49. Buffalo Regiment, Buffalo, November 25, 1861; June 27, 1865.  
 50. Stewart's Engineers, Elmira, September 18, 1861; June 14, 1865.  
 51. Shephard's Rifles, New York city, October 18, 1861; July 25, 1865.  
 52. Sigel Rifles, New York city, November 5, 1861; July 1, 1865.  
 53. De Epineuil Zouaves, New York city, October 28, 1861; disbanded.  
 54. Barney Block Rifles, New York city, October 16, 1861; muster out not given.  
 55. Gardes Lafayette, New York city, August 28, 1861; consolidated with the Thirty-eighth. December 23, 1862.  
 56. Tenth Legion, Orange and Sullivan counties, November 1, 1861; October 17, 1865.  
 57. National Guard Rifles, New York city, November 14, 1861 consolidated with the Sixty-first.  
 58. Polish Legion, New York city, November 7, 1861; October 1, 1865.  
 59. United States Van Guard, New York city, October 23, 1861; June 30, 1865.  
 60. Ogdensburgh Regiment, St. Lawrence county, October 30, 1861; July 17, 1865.  
 61. Clinton Guard, New York city, November 9, 1861; July 14, 1865.  
 62. Anderson Zouaves, New York city, October —, 1861; July 14, 1865.  
 63. Third Irish Regiment, New York city, October 28, 1861; July 14, 1865.  
 64. Cattaraugus Regiment, Cattaraugus county, December 10, 1861; July 14, 1865.

65. United States Chasseurs, New York city, June 11, 1861; July 17, 1865.
66. Governor's Guard, New York city, November 4, 1861; August 30, 1865.
67. Long Island Volunteers, Brooklyn, June 24, 1861; consolidated with the Sixty-fifth. July 4, 1864.
68. Cameron Rifles, New York city, August 31, 1861; November 30, 1865.
69. First Regiment Irish Brigade, New York city, November 17, 1861; June 30, 1865.
70. First Regiment Excelsior Brigade, New York city, June 20, 1861.
71. Second Regiment Excelsior Brigade, New York city, July 18, 1861.
72. Third Regiment Excelsior Brigade, New York city, November 1, 1861.
73. Fourth Regiment Excelsior Brigade, New York city, October 8, 1861; June 29, 1865.
74. Fifth Regiment Excelsior Brigade, New York city, October 15, 1861; consolidated with Fortieth. June 26, 1864.
75. Auburn Regiment, Cayuga county, November 26, 1861; Aug. 31, 1865.
76. Cortland Regiment, Cortland and Livingston counties, November 20, 1861; consolidated with One hundred and Forty-seventh, December, 1864.
77. Bemis Heights Regiment, Saratoga county, November 23, 1861; June 27, 1865.
78. Cameo Highlanders, New York city, consolidated with the One Hundred and Second; June 29, 1864.
79. Seventieth Highlanders, New York city, May 28, 1861; July 14, 1865.
80. Twentieth Militia, Ulster county, October 25, 1861.
81. Oswego Regiment, Oswego county, December 20, 1861; Aug. 31, 1865.
82. Second Militia, New York city, June 1, 1861; consolidated with the Fifty-ninth; June 25, 1864.
83. Ninth Militia, New York city, September 11, 1861; consolidated with the Ninety-seventh.
84. Fourteenth Militia, Brooklyn, May 23, 1861; consolidated with the Fifth.
85. Allegany county, December 3, 1861; June 27, 1865.
86. Steuben Rangers, Steuben county, November 23, 1861; June 27, 1865.
87. Thirteenth Militia, Brooklyn, November 30, 1861; disbanded.
88. Fifth Regiment Irish Brigade, New York city, December 15, 1861; June 30, 1865.
89. Dickinson Guard, Broom and Tioga, December 1, 1861; August 3, 1865.
90. McClellan Chasseurs, New York city, December 26, 1861; February 9, 1866.

91. Albany, December 20, 1861; July 3, 1865.
92. Second St. Lawrence, St. Lawrence and Franklin counties, December 31, 1861; consolidated with the Ninety-sixth.
93. Morgan Rifles, Washington and Warren counties, February 5, 1862; June 27, 1865.
94. Sackett's Harbor Regiment, Jefferson county, March 10, 1862.
95. Warren Rifles, New York city, December 20, 1861; July 18, 1865.
96. McComb Regiment, Clinton and Warren counties, March 5, 1862.
97. Boonville Regiment, Oneida county, Feb. 7; 1862; July 18, 1865.
98. Wayne and Franklin counties, January 23, 1862; August 31, 1865.
99. Coast Guard, New York city, May to Aug. 1861; July 15, 1865.
100. Second Regiment Eagle Brigade, Buffalo, January 10, 1862; August 28, 1865.
101. Onondaga and Delaware counties, March 7, 1862; consolidated with the Thirty-seventh; December 24, 1862.
102. VanBuren Light Infantry, New York city, March 17, 1865, in part; July 21, 1865, in part.
103. Seward Infantry, New York city, February 20, 1862; December 7, 1865.
104. Livingston county, February 26, 1862; July 17, 1865.
105. Genesee and Monroe counties, March 26, 1862; consolidated with the Ninety-fourth; March, 1863.
106. Ogdensburg, August 27, 1862; June 22, 1865.
107. Elmira, August 13, 1862; June 5, 1865.
108. Rochester, August 16, 1862; May 28, 1865.
109. Binghamton, August 28, 1862; June 4, 1865.
110. Oswego, August 25, 1862; Aug. 28, 1865.
111. Auburn, August 20, 1862, June 4, 1865.
112. Jamestown, September 11, 1862; June 13, 1865.
113. Albany, August 18, 1862. Became Seventh Artillery Dec. 19, 1862.
114. Norwich, September 3, 1862; June 8, 1865.
115. Fonda, August 27, 1862; June 27, 1865.
116. Buffalo, September 5, 1862; June 8, 1865.
117. Rome, August 20, 1862; June 8, 1865.
118. Plattsburgh, September 11, 1862; June 13, 1865.
119. New York city, September 4, 1862; June 7, 1865.
120. Kingston, August 22, 1862; June 3, 1865.
121. Mohawk, August 23, 1862; June 25, 1865.
122. Syracuse, August 28, 1862; June 23, 1865.
123. Salem, September 4, 1862; June 9, 1865.
124. Goshen, September 5, 1862; June 3, 1865.
125. Troy, Aug. 27, 1862; June 5, 1865.
126. Geneva, Aug. 23, 1862; June 3, 1865.
127. National Volunteers, Staten Island, Sept. 8, 1862; consolidated with the 54th.



128. Hudson, Sept. 4, 1862 ; July 12, 1865.  
 129. Lockport, Aug. 22, 1862 ; changed to Eighth Artillery.  
 130. Portage, Sept. 3, 1862 ; changed to Nineteenth Cavalry, and afterwards First Dragoons.  
 131. First Regiment, Metropolitan Guard, Riker's Island, Sept. 6, 1862 ; July 26, 1865.  
 132. Second Regiment, 'Empire Brigade, East New York, Oct. 4, 1862 ; June 29, 1865.  
 133. Second Regiment, Metropolitan Guard, Riker's Island ; Sept. 24, 1862.  
 134. Schoharie, Sept. 22, 1862 ; June 10, 1865.  
 135. Yonkers, Sept. 2, 1862 ; changed to Sixth Artillery, Oct. 1862.  
 136. Portage, Sept. 26, 1862 ; June 13, 1865.  
 137. Binghamton, Sept. 25, 1862 ; June 9, 1865.  
 138. Auburn, Sept. 9, 1862 ; changed to Ninth Artillery, Jan. 1863.  
 139. Brooklyn, Sept. 9, 1862 ; June 19, 1865.  
 140. Rochester, Sept. 13, 1862 ; June 3, 1865.  
 141. Elmira, Sept. 10, 1862 ; June 8, 1865.  
 142. Ogdensburgh, Sept. 29, 1863 ; June 7, 1865.  
 143. Monticello, Oct. 8, 1862 ; July 20, 1865.  
 144. Delhi, Sept. 27, 1862 ; June 25, 1865.  
 145. Stanton Legion, Staten Island, Sept. 11, 1862 ; disbanded.  
 146. Rome, Oct. 10, 1862 ; July 16, 1865.  
 147. Oswego, Sept. 23, 1862 ; June 7, 1865.  
 148. Geneva, Sept. 14, 1862 ; June 22, 1865.  
 149. Syracuse, Sept. 18, 1862 ; June 12, 1865.  
 150. Hudson, Oct. 11, 1862 ; June 8, 1865.  
 151. Lockport, Oct. 22, 1862 ; June 26, 1865.  
 152. Mohawk, Oct. 13, 1862 ; July 30, 1865.  
 153. Fonda, Oct. 18, 1862 ; October 2, 1865.  
 154. Jamestown, Sept. 26, 1862 ; June 11, 1865.  
 155. New York city, Nov. 18, 1862 ; July 15, 1865.  
 156. Kingston, Nov. 17, 1862 ; Oct 23, 1865.  
 157. Hamilton, Sept. 19, 1862 ; July 10, 1865.  
 158. First Regiment, Empire Brigade, East New York, Nov. 1862 ; June 30, 1865.  
 159. Brooklyn and Hudson, Nov. 1, 1862 ; Oct. 12, 1865.  
 160. Auburn, Nov. 21, 1862 ; Nov. 1, 1865.  
 161. Elmira, Nov. 6, 1862 ; Sept. 20, 1865.  
 162. Third Regiment, Metropolitan Guard, New York city, Oct. 18, 1862 ; Oct. 12, 1865.  
 163. Third Regiment, Empire Brigade, New York city, Oct. 10, 1862 ; consolidated with the Seventy-third.  
 164. Buffalo, Nov. 19, 1862 ; July 15, 1865.  
 165. New York, Nov. 29, 1862 ; Sept. 1, 1865.  
 166. No organization completed.  
 167. No organization completed.  
 168. Nineteenth Militia, Newburgh ; Jan. 23, 1863.  
 169. Troy, Oct. 14, 1862 ; July 19, 1865.  
 170. New York City, Oct. 7, 1862 ; July 15, 1865.

171. New York City; no organization completed.
172. Yonkers; no organization completed.
173. New York City, Nov. 10, 1862; Oct. 18, 1865.
174. New York City, Dec. 2, 1862; consolidated with 162d.
175. New York City, Dec. 27, 1862; Nov. 27, 1865.
176. New York City; Dec. 22, 1862; April 27, 1866.
177. (Nine months,) Albany, Nov. 21, 1862; Sept. 1864.
178. New York, Oct. 17, 1863; April 20, 1866.
179. Sept. 5, 1864; June 8, 1865.
180. Commenced but consolidated with 179th.
181. No organization completed.
182. Sixty-ninth Militia, New York city, Nov. 17, 1862; July 15, 1865.
183. No organization completed.
184. Oswego, Sept. 16, 1864; June 29, 1865.
185. Syracuse, Sept. 29, 1864; May 30, 1865.
186. Sackett's Harbor, Sept. 26, 1864; June 2, 1865.
187. Buffalo; Oct. 12, 1864; July 1, 1865.
188. Rochester; Sept. 26, 1864; July 1, 1865.
189. Elmira, Sept. 26, 1864; June 1, 1865.
190. New York City, April 7, 1865, (one company;) May 3, 1865.
191. New York City, March 30 and April 28, 1865, (two companies;) May 3, 1865.
192. Albany, April, 1865; Aug. 28, 1865.
193. Auburn, April, 1865; Jan. 18, 1866.
194. Elmira, April, 1865; May 3, 1865.

## CAVALRY.

1. Lincoln Cavalry, New York City, Aug. 26, 1861; June 2, 1865.
2. Black Horse Cavalry, Troy, Nov. 6, 1861; March 31, 1862.
3. New York City, Oct. 28, 1861, 1 Fourth Provisional.
4. Dickel's Mounted Rifles, New York City; Feb. 27, 1865.
5. First Ira Harris Guard, New York City, Oct. 31, 1861; July 19, 1865.
6. Second Ira Harris Guard, New York City, Dec. 19, 1861; Second Provisional.
7. Harris Light Cavalry, New York City, Aug. 30, 1861; changed to Second.
8. Rochester, Nov. 24, 1861; June 29, 1865.
9. Chautauqua, Nov. 30, 1861; July 17, 1865.
10. Porter Guard, Elmira, Dec. 23, 1861; became First Provisional.
11. Scott's Nine Hundred, New York City June 1862; Sept. 30, 1865.
12. Third Ira Harris Guard, New York City, Dec. 14, 1863; July 19, 1865.
13. New York City, March 28, 1864; Third Provisional.
14. Metropolitan Cavalry; New York City, Nov. 1862 to July 1863; United with the Eighteenth.
15. Syracuse, Jan. 20, 1864; Second Provisional; June 17, 1865.
16. Sprague Light Cavalry, Plattsburgh, Oct. 23, 1863, Third Provisional.

17. Consolidated with First Veteran Cavalry.
18. Corning Light Cavalry, New York City; Feb. 24, 1864.
19. Portage; became First Dragoons.
20. McClellan Cavalry, Sackett's Harbor, Sept. 1863; July 31, 1865.
21. Griswold Light Cavalry, Troy, Aug. 1863 to Jan. 1864.
22. Rochester, March 1864; Aug. 1, 1865.
23. Mix Cavalry, New York City; only two companies.
24. Auburn, Jan. 27, 1864; First Provisional.
25. Sickles Cavalry, Hancock, April to Oct. 1864; June 27, 1865.
26. Frontier Defense, Feb. 1865; July 1865.
  1. Veteran, Geneva, Oct. 1863; July 20, 1865.
  2. Veteran, Saratoga Springs, Aug. to Dec. 1863; Nov. 8, 1865.
  1. Mounted Rifles, New York, Nov. 15, 1861; First Provisional.
  2. Mounted Rifles, Lockport, Feb. 29, 1864; Aug. 10, 1865.
  1. Dragoons, Portage, Sept 3, 1862; June 30, 1865.
    1. Provisional, composed of 10th, 24th, and 1st M. R.; mustered out July 19, 1865.
    2. Provisional, composed of 6th and 15th; mustered out Aug. 9, 1865.
    3. Provisional, composed of 13th and 16th; mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.
    4. Provisional, composed of the 3d Cavalry and 1st M. R.; mustered out Nov. 29, 1865.
- Oneida Cavalry; mustered out June 13, 1865.

## ARTILLERY.

1. Morgan Light, Elmira, Nov. 12, 1861; June 1865.
  2. Utica, Oct. 15, 1861; Sept. 29, 1865.
  3. Seward Artillery, Auburn, (19th Infantry;) July 15, 1865.
  4. New York City, Jan. 31, 1862; Sept. 26, 1865.
  5. Jackson Light, New York City, (not given;) July 19, 1865.
  6. Yonkers, Sept. 2, 1862; Aug. 24, 1865.
  7. Albany, Aug. 18, 1862; June 16 to Aug. 1, 1865.
  8. Lockport, Aug. 22, 1862; June 14, 1865.
  9. Auburn, Sept. 9, 1862; July 6, 1865.
  10. Black River, Watertown, Sept. 1864; June 23, 1865.
  11. Rochester, June 21, 1863; united with 4th.
  12. New York City; no organization completed.
  13. New York City, March 1864; June 28, 1865.
  14. Rochester, Aug. to Dec. 1864; Aug. 26, 1865.
  15. New York City, Aug. to Dec. 1864; Aug. 22, 1865.
  16. Albany, Jan. 18, 1864; Aug. 21, 1865.
- First Battalion, formed of 29th, 30th, 31st and 32d Independent Batteries, Sept. 20, 1861.
- Second Battalion, formed of the 14th and 15th Independent Batteries; Dec. 9, 1861.

## INDEPENDENT BATTERIES.

1. Auburn, Nov. 16, 1861; June 25, 1865.
2. New York, Dec. 19, 1861; disbanded.
3. New York City, March 21, 1861; June 24, 1864.

4. New York City, Oct. 25, 1861.
5. New York City, Nov. 9, 1861; July 6, 1865.
6. New York City, Dec. 7, 1861; July 8, 1865.
7. Newburgh, Nov. 26, 1861; July 22, 1865.
8. Newburgh, Oct. 30, 1861; June 30, 1865.
9. New York City, June 6, 1861; transferred to the Seventh Artillery.
10. Dec. 17, 1861; transferred to the Sixth Battery.
11. Albany, Jan. 16, 1862; June 14, 1865.
12. Troy and Albany, (not given); June 14, 1865.
13. New York City, Oct. 1861; July 12, 1865.
14. New York City, December 9, 1861.
15. New York City, Dec. 5, 1861.
16. Binghamton, Dec. 10, 1861; July 6, 1865.
17. Orleans County, Aug. 26, 1862; June 12, 1865.
18. Rochester, Sept. 13, 1862; July 20, 1865.
19. Lockport, Oct. 27, 1862; June 13, 1865.
20. New York City, Jan. 22, 1863; July 31, 1865.
21. Oswego, Dec. 12, 1862; September 8, 1865.
22. Lockport, Oct. 28, 1862; transferred to Ninth Artillery.
- 23 and 24. Rocket Battalion, Albany, Dec. 7, 1861; July 14, 1865.
25. Orleans County, Dec. 12, 1862; Aug. 1, 1865.
26. Rochester, Feb. 25, 1863; Sept. 1865.
27. Buffalo, Dec. 17, 1862; June 22, 1865.
28. New York City, Dec. 27, 1862; July 31, 1865.
29. Consolidated with Thirty-second Battery.
30. Mustered out June 22, 1865.
31. No record of organization in Adjutant-General's Report.
32. Mustered out July 12, 1865.
33. Buffalo, Sept. 4, 1863; June 25, 1865.
34. Flatbush, L. I.; mustered out June 21, 1865.
1. Engineers; Serrells; New York, Oct. 11, 1861; June 30, 1865.
1. U. S. S. Shooters, Berdans, New York; discharged June and July, 1865.
- Independent Co. No. 35, Lockport, April 13, 1865; May 5, 1865.
20. U. S. C. T., New York, Feb. 8, 1864; Oct. 7, 1865.
26. U. S. C. T., New York, Feb. 27, 1864.
31. U. S. C. T., New York, May, 1864; Nov. 7, 1865.

[No. 12.]

TROOPS FURNISHED BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK IN THE CIVIL WAR  
OF 1861-5.

Under the call of April 15, 1861, for 75,000 men there was required of New York 13,280; the State actually furnished 13,966.

Under the act of Congress, passed in July 1861, authorizing the raising of 500,000 men, the quota of New York was 109,053; the number furnished was 120,231, or over 11,000 excess.

Under the call of July 2, 1863, for 300,000 men the quota of New York was 59,705, and this number was furnished.

Under the call of August 4, 1862, for 300,000 nine-months men the quota was 59,705 as before, but the State continued to enlist men for three years and raised on this call 19,199. The raising of 1781 nine months men made this quota about good.

Under the call of Oct. 17, 1863, and February 1, 1864, the quota of the State was 81,993, and there was actually furnished 75,751.

Under the call of March 14, 1864, for 200,000 men, the quota of the State was 32,794, and the number furnished was 44,435.

Under the calls of July 1864, for 500,000 men, the quota was 77,539, and the number furnished was 83,843.

Under the call of December 19, 1864, for 300,000 men, the quota was 45,812, and the number furnished was 32,965.

Militia for one hundred days' service were also furnished to the number of 5,640.

Militia were also sent forward for periods less than one hundred days not otherwise credited, to the number of 5,987.

These numbers brought together make a grand total of 473,503.

But the report of the Adjutant-General, from which these figures are taken, appears to omit the call that compelled the draft of 1863.

To the above number then it is evident a considerable addition should be made of soldiers either furnished or required, and commutation paid for, carrying the *contribution of New York to the armies of the Union up to five hundred thousand men.*



# ADDENDA---ERRATA.

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- Page 19—Members of Assembly :  
1884—Ammon S. Farnum, Silas S. Pierson.
- Page 20—Senators :  
1884-85—Thomas Robinson.
- Page 24—Superintendents of the Poor :  
1883—Charles A. Covell.
- Page 25—Coroners :  
1883—George P. Livingston.
- Page 26—Justices of Sessions :  
1883—Enos D. Willits, John B. Mack.
- Page 28—Chairman of Board of Supervisors :  
1883—John P. Bennett.
- Page 28—Clerk of Board of Supervisors :  
1883—Charles P. Patterson.
- Page 34—It appears Freeman Hart was not Supervisor until 1824 ;  
Russell Whipple was chosen in 1823, again in 1825, &c.
- Page 80—Noah Palmer's death occurred March 13, 1838.
- Page 88—"Van Millier" should probably be "Vermilyea."
- Page 105—It is understood that John Dickson should be added to  
the Revolutionary Soldiers of Rose.
- Page 108—Jonathan Clemons was buried in Bushnell's yard.
- Page 215—"Damaged" should be "demanded."
- Page 251—John Patrick should probably be added to the Revolu-  
tionary Soldiers.
- Page 251—"Eliezier" should be "Eliezur."
- Page 276—M. Carroll, of Huron, is reported as a soldier of the Revo-  
lution.
- Page 279—A slight repetition occurs in the notice of Edward Quaif.
- Page 306—"Edward E. Taft" should be "Edward P. Taft," "J. N.  
Arnold" should be "George H. Arnold."
- Page 310—"George W. Ceramer" should be "George W. Cramer."
- Page 313—"Ferris" should be "Ferrin."
- Page 65—As these last items are being written there comes the notice  
of a very important discovery, as follows :

ADDENDA—ERRATA.

**HUMAN SKELETONS DISCOVERED IN MACEDON.**—An interesting discovery has just been made of pre-historic remains upon the farm of the late James Kent and that of William H. Kent, in the town of Macedon. The West Shore Railroad Company purchased some time since about twenty acres of gravel for use in grading their road. They built side tracks to this ground, and opened the gravel-bed about the 1st of November. Two steam-shovels were set at work, and have been running night and day. On Friday, the 30th of November, 1883, the shovels began to throw up HUMAN SKELETONS. Some were broken in pieces, but other specimens were carefully observed before they were taken out. It was well determined that they were the remains of bodies originally buried in a sitting posture, facing toward the south. They were not in formal line, but scattered somewhat promiscuously. From a space not exceeding four square rods there were taken by count FOURTEEN SKELETONS. The smaller bones, on being exposed to the air, crumbled, but the larger ones are well preserved. Mr. William H. Kent has five skulls and a number of other bones, which will be carefully preserved for future examination by scientific men. The skulls were not more than two or three feet below the surface. This is undoubtedly the most interesting archæological discovery ever made in this county or in this section of the State. There are no special indications of Indian occupation—no arrow-heads nor any similar relics have been found in connection with these skeletons, nor had any unusual number of such remains ever been found in that vicinity. It is the opinion of medical men who have already examined the skulls to some extent, that THEY ARE NOT THOSE OF THE INDIAN RACE. At the present writing no opinion can be safely given as to the race to which these skeletons belonged; nor at what date in the ages of the past they were entombed in this bed of gravel. Over this ancient resting-place of the dead the implements of cultivation have for years been passing, revealing no trace of the remains below. It has been reserved for the steam-shovel of the latest railroad enterprise pushing its way up this beautiful valley, to uncover this repository of the dead. Who shall say with what rites they were buried, or at what time in the dim ages of the past?

“The hills,  
 “Rock ribbed and ancient as the sun,—the vales  
 “Stretching in pensive quietness between;  
 “The venerable woods—rivers that move  
 “In majesty, and the complaining brooks  
 “That make the meadows green; and, poured round all,  
 “Old Ocean’s gray and melancholy waste,—  
 “Are but the solemn decorations all  
 “Of the great tomb of man. The golden sun,  
 “The planets, all the infinite host of heaven,  
 “Are shining on the sad abodes of death,  
 “Through the still lapse of ages. All that tread  
 “The globe are but a handful to the tribes  
 “That slumber in its bosom.”

Page 551—“Charles Saxton” should be “Charles T. Saxton.” “Niles” should be “Nilis.”

Page 552—“Sylvester Tulor” should be “Sylvester Teetor.” “Newhofer” should be “Newhafer.”

## ADDENDA—ERRATA.

Page 651—Under date of Dec. 4, 1883, we have from Mrs. J. F. Case, through Mrs. S. E. Stultz, the following note :

“I have taken not a little pains to learn what the ladies of Savannah did for the soldiers and who were the leaders in that enterprise. I find that they had what was known as the Soldiers' Aid and Sewing Society, which was held mostly at the Presbyterian Church, with socials at houses of those who felt interested.

“Mary Soule, Mary Edwards, Msry Besdle, Emily Jerks and Emma Dunn were the committee to go through the town and solicit donations.”

Page 692—The amended law of 1883, in relation to the burial of indigent deceased soldiers, removes the matter wholly from the control of officers having charge of the poor, and provides that soldiers shall not be buried in a cemetery appropriated to paupers, nor in the part of a cemetery so appropriated. The county must pay the expense not exceeding thirty-five dollars, and also furnish a gravestone at an expense not exceeding fifteen dollars. The Board of Supervisors have appointed a soldier in each town with full authority to execute the law.

### APPENDIX A.

Page 2—E. K. Burnham was a member of Co. D, 111th, instead of C.

Page 55—Dexter E. Buell's regiment was the 27th, not the 37th. His name should have been “starred” with the remark: “He is the author of an excellent sketch of Co. B, 27th Inf., published in pamphlet form a few years since.”

### APPENDIX B.

Page 33—“Dairy” should be “Diary.”





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