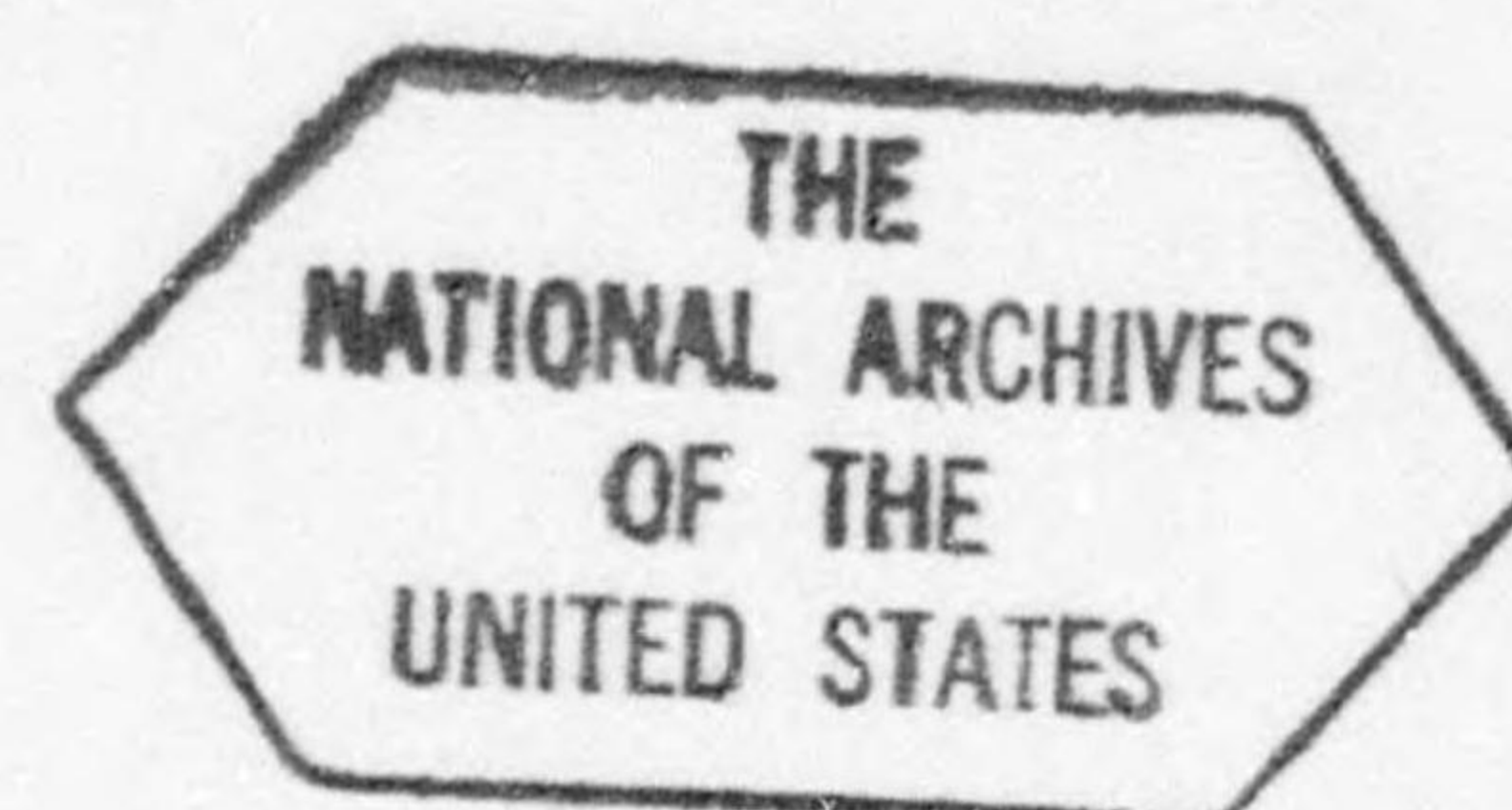


GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents



- (1) Box no. 2047
(2) Folder title/number: (29)
Imperial Household--Shugakuin Villa

(3) Date: 1946, 1949

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
322, 580.1	e, u

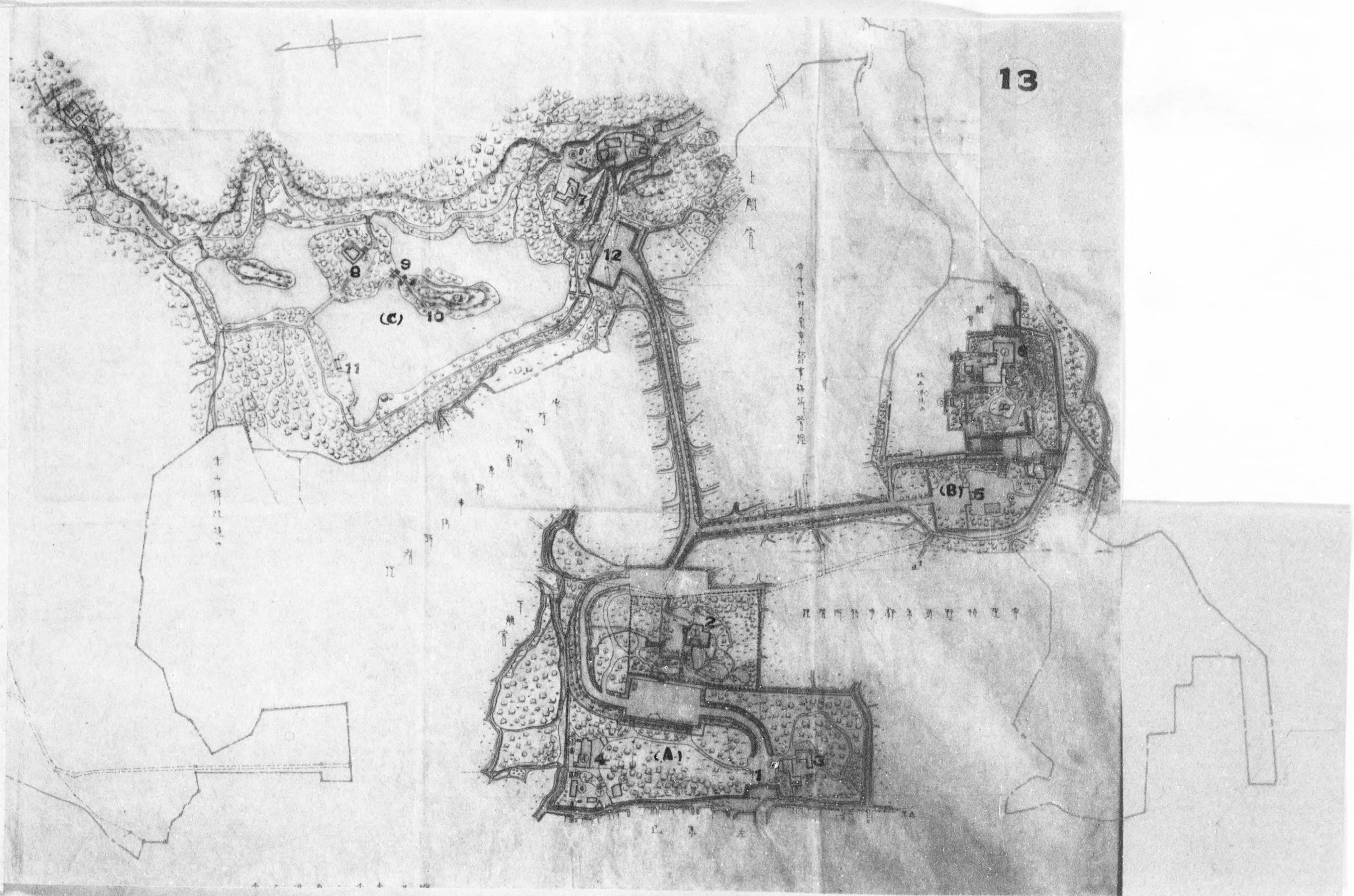
(5) Item description and comment:

(6) Reproduction: Yes No

(7) Film no. _____ Sheet no. _____

Plate No. 13.
Shugakuin Villa

- (A). Lower Villa.
1. Main gate.
 2. Jugetsukan. Zôrokuan.
 3. Visitors' waiting room.
 4. Official House.
- (B). Middle Villa.
5. Main gate.
 6. Drawing room. Rakushiken.
- (C). Upper Villa.
7. Rin-untei.
 8. Kyûsuitai
 9. Chitosebashi bridge.
 10. Okoshikake bench.
 11. Boat-shed.
 12. Main gate.



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(B) 5

(A)



SHUGAKUIN VILLA



SHUGAKUIN VILLA

HISTORY OF SHUGAKUIN DETACHED PALACE.

Shugakuin Detached Palace is said to have been planned between 1652 and 1654 and actually constructed for Hô-ô Gomizunoo (Hô-ô meant cloistered Emperor and was a title taken by some abdicated Emperors) in accordance with his wishes by Iyetsuna, 4th Shogun of the Tokugawa Dynasty. The plans and designs of the Palace are said to originate in the ideas of Hô-ô Gomizunoo and he frequently visited the Palace and Hô-ô Reigen also went there frequently after 1721.

After him, the palace had been left to ruin until 1822, when the Tokugawa Military Government began to make repairs to it in accordance with the wishes of the abdicated Emperor Kokaku. The repair work was taken charge of by Nobuatsu Naito, Agent in Kyoto of the Tokugawa, and was completed in 1824 and the abdicated Emperor frequently visited the place.

The Palace consists of three villas surrounded by pretty gardens. The Pavilions, Rin-un- tei, Kyusui-ken, Rakushi-ken, Zoroku-an, Jugetsukan, etc. in them and gardens around them are famous in the history of architecture and gardening in Japan. Besides these, there are framed calligraphy by Hô-ô Gomizunoo and Cypress sliding doors and wall pictures painted by the famous great Japanese painters such as Tanshin Kano, Eigaku Kano.

IMPERIAL HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY

ESTATE: **Shugakuin Villa**

LOCATION: **Sa Kyo-ku, Kyoto City**

<u>ORIGINAL ESTATE:</u>	<u>Land Area</u> <u>tsubo</u>	<u>1946 Value</u>	<u>1949 Value</u>	<u>Bldg Area</u> <u>tsubo</u>	<u>1946 Value</u>	<u>1949 Value</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
	172,653.00	¥947,525.		392.30	¥574,461.		

(Source: Imperial Household Office)

(84,245.00) - - - - -

Source: Japan-Manchukuo Year Book 1940

Present Use:

<u>Imperial House</u> <u>Use Property:</u>	140,371.00	¥877,149.	¥5,262,894.	392.30	¥574,461.	¥2,872,305.	
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Official Property:

Ministry of:

**Agriculture and
Forestry**

32,282.00 ¥ 70,376.

0

Rented to Tenants

TOTAL	172,653.00	¥947,525.		392.30	¥574,461.		
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IMPERIAL HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY

NAME OF PROPERTY Shugakuin Villa
POPULAR DESCRIPTION Sa Kyo-ku, Kyoto City
LEGAL DESCRIPTION

IMPERIAL OWNER
RELATION TO EMPEROR
PRESENT STATUS OF IMPERIAL OWNER

<u>PROPERTY</u>	<u>AREA</u>	<u>1946 VALUE</u>	<u>1949 VALUE</u>	<u>TRANSFERRED TO</u>	<u>CONSIDERATION</u>	<u>PRESENT USE</u>	<u>BY WHOM USED</u>	<u>AMOUNT OF INCOME</u>	<u>TO WHAT FUND</u>
Land	172,653.00	¥947,525.							
Bldg	392.30	¥574,461.							
<i>JM Yearbook</i>	<i>84,245.00</i>								

Land 140,371.00 ¥ 877,149. *¥5,262,894*
 Bldg. 392.30 ¥ 574,461. *¥2,872,305*
 Land 32,282.00 ¥ 70,376.
 Bldg. 0 0

Imperial House
 Use Property
~~Ministry of Finance~~ Article 88

Min of Agr & Forestry *Rented to tenants*