COLLECTION

OF

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THE ACTS

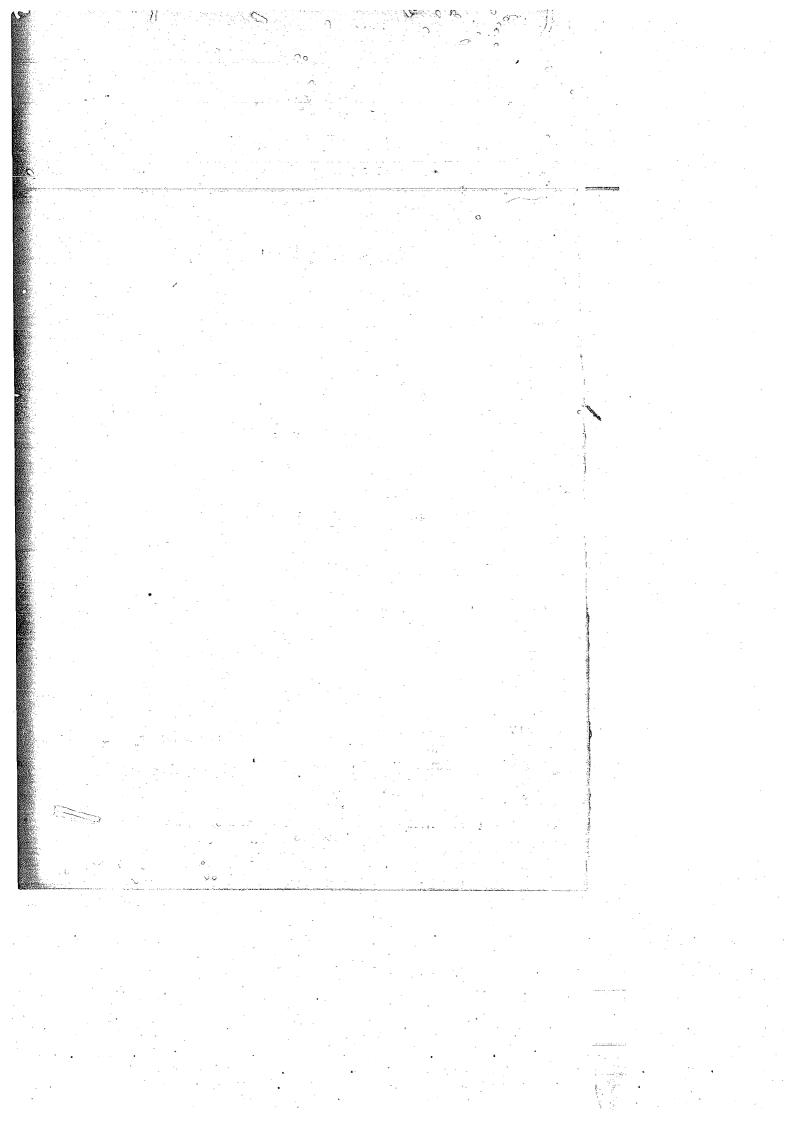
PASSED BY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL

IN THE YEAR

1921.

CALCUTTA SUP<u>ERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA</u> <u>1922</u>



TITLES OF ACTS

PASSED BY

THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE

IN THE YEAR 1921.

Ί.	An Act	to amend the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903.	
II.	>>	to determine the salary of the Deputy-President of the Legislative Assembly.	
I II.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.	~
IV.	, , ,	further to amend the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916.	
v.	"	to amend the Indigo Cess Act, 1918.	
VI.)3	further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, and the Super-tax Act, 1920, and to amend the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917.	
VII.	,,	to amend the law relating to the Calcutta University.	
VIII.	33	to declare the rights of Hindus to make transfers and be- quests in favour of unborn persons in the City of Madras.	
IX.	**	to validate certain indentures transferring properties for- merly held by certain Enemy Missions in Trustees, and for the incorporation of such Trustees and for other purposes.	
Х.		further to amend the Indian Marine Act, 1887.	
XI.	>>	further to amend the Indian Works of Defence Act, 1903.	
XII.	وو ا	further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.	
XIII.))	further to amend the Carriers Act, 1865, in order to em- power the Governor General in Council to make by notification additions to the Schedule to that Act, and to free a common carrier from liability under that Act for loss or damage, arising from the negligence of him-	
•		self or of any of his agents or servants, in respect of any property which, being of the value of over one hundred rupees and of the description contained in the Schedule to that Act, has not been declared in accord- ance with the provisions of section 3.	
XIV.	3	to provide for the levy of customs-duty on lac "exported from British India.	
XV.	"	further to amend the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.	
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· ·			

XVI. An Act further to amend the Indian Penal Code.
XVII. "further to amend the Cattle-trespass Act, 1871.
XVIII. "to facilitate the enforcement in British India of Maintenance Orders made in other parts of His Majesty'a Dominions and Protectorates and vice versa.
XIX. "further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

II

ACT No. I of 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 2nd March, 1921.)

An Act to amend the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903; It is hereby enacted as follows:---

1. This Act may be called the Indian Tea Cess Short title. (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. In section 3 of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903, Amendment for the words "one-quarter of a pie per pound" the of section 8, words "eight annas per hundred pounds" shall be 1903. substituted.

IX of 1903.

IX of 1903.

ACT No. II of 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act to determine the salary of the Deputy-President of the Legislative Assembly.

W HEREAS it is provided by sub-section (5) of section 63-O of the Government of India Act that the Deputy-President of the Legislative Assembly shall receive such salary as may be determined by Act of the Indian Legislature; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

Salary of Deputy-President.

Decision in case of doubt.

1. This Act may be called the Legislative Assembly (Deputy-President's Salary) Act, 1921.

2. There shall be paid to the Deputy-President of the Legislative Assembly, in respect of any period during which he is engaged on work connected with the business of the said Assembly, a salary calculated at the rate of one thousand rupees per mensem.

3. If any question arises whether during any period the Deputy-President was engaged on work connected with the business of the Legislative Assembly, the question shall be referred for decision to the President of the said Assembly, and his decision shall be final. 1921.]

of 1908.

t 1908.

Code of Civil Procedure (Amendment.)

3

ACT No. III of 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

W HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908; It is hereby enacted as follows:--

1. This Act may be called the Code of Civil Short title. Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. (1) In sub-section (3) of section 55 of the Amendment Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the words "will of section 55, be discharged" the words "may be discharged" shall be substituted.

(2) In sub-section (4) of the same section for the words "shall release" the words "may release" shall be substituted.

ACT No. IV of 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th Maron, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916.

W HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916; It is XI of 1916 hereby enacted as follows :---

1. This Act may be called the Import and Export of Goods (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. In sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Import XI of 1916 and Export of Goods Act, 1916, for the words "up to the 31st day of March, 1921", the words "up to the 31st day of March, 1922" shall be substituted.

3. The Import and Export of Goods (Amend-Alli of 15 ment) Act, 1920, is hereby repealed.

Short title.

Amendment of section 1, Act XI of 1916.

Repeal of Act XIII of 1920. 1921.]

Indigo Cess (Amendment.)

. 5

ACT No. V of 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act to amend the Indigo Cess Act, 1918.

of 1918. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indigo Cess Act, 1918; It is hereby enacted as follows:-

> 1. (1) This Act may be called the Indigo Cess short title (Amendment) Act, 1921.

(2) It shall come into force on the first day of April, 1921.

2. In sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Indigo Amendment Cess Act, 1918, for the words and figures "one rupee Act III of per maund of 82²/₇ pounds avoirdupois" the words ¹⁹¹⁸. "one rupee eight annas per hundredweight of one hundred and twelve pounds avoirdupois" shall be substituted.

[of 1918.

ACT VI

ACT NO. VI OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, and the Super-tax Act, 1920, and to amend the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Indian Post Office VIII of 1898. Act, 1898, the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, and VI of 1898. the Super-tax Act, 1920, and to amend the Freight XIII of 1916 XIII of 1020 (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917; XIII of 191 It is hereby enacted as follows :----

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Finance and duration. Act, 1921.

> (2) Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 shall remain in force only up to the 31st day of March, 1922.

Amondment of Act VIII of 1894.

Short title

2. (1) With effect from the first day of March, 1921, for the Second Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Schedule contained in the First Schedule VIII of 1894 to this Act shall be substituted.

(2) The enactments mentioned in the Second Schedule to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.

Amendment of Act VI of 1898.

3. With effect from the first day of April, 1921, for the First Schedule to the Indian Post Office Act. 1898, the Schedule contained in the Third Schedule to this Act shall be substituted.

4. With

Indian Finance.

4. With effect from the first day of April, 1921, Amendment of for the First Schedule to the Freight (Railway and Act XIII of 1917. XIII of 1917. Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917, the Schedule contained in the Fourth Schedule to this Act shall be substituted.

5. With effect from the first day of April, 1921, Amendment for the First and Second Schedules to the Indian of Act VII of VII of 1918. Income-tax Act, 1918, the Schedules contained in the Fifth Schedule to this Act shall be substituted.

6. With effect from the first day of April, 1921, Amendment of Act XIX of XIX of 1920. for the Schedule to the Super-tax Act, 1920, the 1920. Schedule contained in the Sixth Schedule to this Act shall be substituted.

SCHEDULE I.

Schedule to be substituted in the Indian Tariff

Act, 1894.

[See section 2 (1).] ·

"SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF.

PART I.

Articles which are free of duty.

Names of Articles, No. I.-Food, Drink and Tobacco-HOPS. Î SALT imported into British India and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, for use in any process of manufacture; also salt imported into the port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal 2 be concluded and into the satisfiest of the concentration of the satisfiest of the s (For the general duty on selt, see No. 36.) II.-Raw

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART I-contd.

Articles which are free of duty-contd.

Yez		and the second sec
No.	Names of Articles.	n •
* .e	II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—	
	HIDES AND SKINS, RAW.	
3	HIDES AND SHINS, row or solted.	
	METALLIC ORES.	
4	METALLIC ORES, all sorts.	· · · ·
	PRECIOUS STONES AND PEARLS.	
5	PRECIOUS STONES, unset and imported uncut, and PEABLS, unset and imported unpierced.	
	SEEDS.	
6	OIL-SEEDS imported into British India by sea from the territories of any Prince or Chief in India.	
	TEXTILE MATERIALS.	•
7	COTTON, NEW.	
8	Wool, raw.	
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
9	MANURES, all sorts, including animal bones and the following chemical manures: — Basic slag, nitrate of ammonia, nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, kainit salts, nitrate of lime, calcium cyanamide, mineral phosphates and mineral super- phosphates.	
10	PULP OF WOOD, BAGS and other paper-making materials.	·
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—	· · ·
	APPAREL.	
11	UNIFORMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use.	3

ARMS

or 1921.] Indian Finance.

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART I-contd.

Articles which are free of duty-contd.

No.	Names of Articles.	, ŝ
. <u> </u>		
•	ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES	
12	The following ABMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES :	
	(a) Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th or 10th item of No. 43, when they appertain to a firearm falling under the 1st or 3rd item and are fitted into the same case with such firearm.	-
	(b) Arms forming part of the regular equipment of a com- missioned or gazetted officer in His Majesty's Service entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval, Royal Air Force or police uniform.	
	(c) A revolver and an automatic pistol and ammunition for such revolver and pistol up to a maximum of 100 rounds per revolver or pistol, (i) when accompanying a commissioned officer of His Majesty's regular forces, or of the Indian Auxiliary Force or the Indian Territorial Force, or a gazetted	· · ·
· ·	police officer, or (<i>ii</i>) certified by the commandant of the corps to which ucb officer belongs, or, in the case of an officer not attached to any corps, by the officer commanding the station or district in which such officer is serving, or, in	
	 the case of a police officer, by an Inspector-General or Commissioner of Police, to be imported by the officer for the purpose of his equipment. (d) Swords for presentation as army or volunteer prizes. (e) Arms, amnunition and military stores imported with the sanction 	
	of the Government of India for the use of any portion of the	

(f) Morris tubes and patent ammunition imported by officers commanding British and Indian regiments or volunteer corps for the instruction of their men.

CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

13 ANTI-PLAGUE SEBUM.

14 QUININE and other alkaloids of cinchona.

HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS.

The following AGELCULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, elevators, seed-crushers, chaff-cutters, root-cutters, horse and bullock gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, seed-drills, hay-tedders, and rakes; also component parts of these implements, provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the implements for which they are imported, and that they cannot ordinarily be used for purposes unconnected with acriculture. 15 agriculture.

16. The

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART I-concld.

Articles which are free of duty-concild.

No.	Names of Articles.
	HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS-contd.
16	The following DAIBY APPLIANCES, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasternizing plant, milk agriting and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers, and butter workers; also component parts of these appliances, provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the appliances for which they are imported, and that they cannot ordinarily be used for other than dairy purposes.
17	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS and APPITANCES, imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling.
18	WATER-LIFTS, SUGAR-MILLS, OIL-PRESSES, and parts thereof, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power.
	MÉTALS.
1 9	CURRENT NICKEL, BRONZE, AND COPPER COIN of the Government of India.
20	GOLD AND SILVER BULLION and coin.
	PAPER.
21	TRADE CATALOGUES AND ADVERTISING CIRCULARS imported by packet, book, or parcel post.
	YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.
22	COTTON TWIST AND TAEN, and COTTON SEWING OB DARNING THERAD.
23	SECOND-HAND OR USED GUNNY BAGS made of jute.
	MISCELLANEOUS.
. 24	ART, the following works of :(1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including, the materials used, or to be used in their construction, whether worked or not.
25	Books printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts, and plans, proofs, music and manuscripts.
	IV Miscellaneous and unclassified
26	ANIMADS, Hving, all sorts.
27	SPECIMENS ILLUSTRATIVE OF NATURAL SOIENCE, and medals and antique come.
And the second	

I.-Food

OF 1921,] Indian Finance.

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SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART II.

Articles which are liable to duty at special rates.

No.	Names of Articles.	Unit or method of assessment.	Rate of duty.
	I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—		R A.
	FISH.		
28	FISH, SALTED, wet or dry	Indian maund of 823 lbs. avoir- dupois weight.	Such rate or rates of duty not exceeding twelve annas as the Governor
		\$ %	General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of Iudia, from time to time,
	LIQUORS.		prescribe.
29	ALE, Beer, Porter, Cider and other fermented liquors.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	Six annas and six pies.
80	SPIRIT, which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption.	Ad valorem .	71 per cent.
31	PERFUMED SPIRITS	Imperial gallon or . 6 quart bottles.	30 0
82	Liquiturs, Cordials, Mixtures and other preparations containing spirit-		
	(a) Entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested.	Ditto	25 O
	(5) ⁹ If tested	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles or the	and the duty to be increased or
		strength of London proof.	reduced in pro- portion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than bondon proof.
.83	All other sorts of SPIRIT	Ditto.	Ditto .

34. Wives

Indian Finance.

[ACT VI

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART II-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at special ratescontd.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
No.	Names of Articles.	Unit or method of assessment.	Rate of duty.
· .	LIQUORS-contd.		R А.
9 4 ·	WINES-		
	Champagne and all other sparkling wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	90
	All other sorts of wines not contain- ing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit:	Ditto	4 8
•	Provided that all sparkling and still wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to 'All other sorts of Spirit.'		
•	sug ∆ R.		
35	SUGAR, all sorts including molasses and saccharine produce of all sorts, but excluding confectionery (see No. 122).		15 per cent.
	OTHER FOOD AND DRINK.		
36	SALT, excluding salt exempted under No.	Indian meand of 827 lbs. avoir- dupois weight.	The rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable
			on salt manu- factured in the place where the import takes
	TOBACCO.		place.
		Pound	1 0
37			
88		. Ad valorem	75 per cent.
3	All other sorts of TOBACCO manu factured.	- Pound	
- + 142	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONT	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OF T	

II.-RAW

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART II-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at special rates-contd. Unit or method Names of Articles. Rate of duty. Nó. of assessment. R. ▲. II.—Raw materials and produce and articles onmanumainly factured COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL. **4**0 COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL Ton .0 8 OILS. PETROLEUM, including also naphtha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosine, paraffin oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, neat or any other bituminous sub-One anna and six Imperial gallon 41 pies.

additional duty of 6 annas per gallon under Act II of 1917 as amended by Act III of 1919.

rom percoleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous sub-stance, or from any products of petroleum, but excluding the classes of petroleum included in No. 42.

NOTE .- Motor spirit is liable to an

PETROLEUM which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermomet 42 Ad valorem degrees of Fahrenheit's thermomet-er, and is proved to the satis-faction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use exclusively for the batching of jute or other fibre, or for lubricating purifieses, and petroleum which has its flash-ing noint at or above one hundred and perform which has its hand ing point at or above one handred and fifty degrees of Fabrenheit's thermometer, and is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use exclusively as fuel or for some sanitary or hygienic purpose.

III.-Articles

71 per cent.

Indian Finance.

[ACT VI

SCHEDULE II-IMEORY TABLEF-contd.

PARE II-contid.

Articles which are liable to duty at special rates - contd.

Ņo	Names of Articles.	Unit or method of assessment.	Rate of	duts
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactur- ed.—			
	ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES,		, i , i , i	
43	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 12-	₫ ₽	R,	
	(1) Firearms other than pistols, including gas and air-guns and rifles.	Fach	15	
	(2) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	" • •	15	
	(3) Pistols, including automatic pistols and revolvers.	» · ·	15	
	(4) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	• • در	15	20 per
	(5) Main springs and magazine springs for firearms, includ- ing gas-guns and rifles.)) • •	5 Ce 2 W	nt. ad alorem, hich- ver is
• .	(6) Gun stocks and breech blocks			gher.
	(7) Revolver-cylinders, for each cartridge they will carry.		2	•
	(8) Actions (including skeleton and waster) breech bolts and their heads, cocking pieces, and locks for muzzle loading arms.	ب ور ا	1 J	•
	(9) Machines for making, loading, or closing cartridges for rifled arms.	Ad valorem .	20 per cent.	
	(10) Machines for capping cartrid- ges for rifled arms.	Ad valorem .	20 per cent.	
	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.			
44	Opinm and its alkaloids and their derivatives.	Seer of 80 tolas .		A. O

MISCELLANEOUS

or 1921.] Indian Finance.

-15

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART II-concld.

Articles which are liable to duty at special rates-concld.

No.	Names of Articles.	Unit or method of assessment.	Rate of d	l uty.
	MISCELLANEOUS.	*	.	<u> </u>
45	Matches-		₽	A.
	(1) In boxes containing not more than 100 matches.	Per gross of, boxes.	0 ,	12
•	(2) In boxes containing more than 100 matches.	For every 100 matches or frac- tion thereof. in each box, per gross of boxes.	1	12

PART III.

Articles which are liable to duty at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ad valorem.

Names of Articles. No. I.-Food, Drink and Tobacco-GRAIN, PULSE AND FLOUR. GRAIN AND PULSE, all sorts, including broken grains and pulse, but excluding flour (see No. 67). 46 FODDER, BRAN AND POLLARDS. 47 PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES. VINEGAR in casks. 48 II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured— METALLIC ORES AND SCRAP IRON OR STEEL FOR RE-MANUFACTURE. 49 IBON OR STEEL, old. WOOD AND TIMBER. 60 FIREWOOD.

III.—Articles

5.	Indian Finance. [ACT VI	·
	SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.	
<u> </u>	PART III—contd.	
rtic	eles which are liable to duty at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ad valorem—contd.	
No.	Names of Articles.	-
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—	•
	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.	
51	COPPERAS, green.	- -
	HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS:	
52	TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS, and parts thereof im- ported by or under the orders of a railway company.	
	MACHINERY.	
5 3'	MACHINERY, namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, in- cluding boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire engines, and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts.	
	MACHINERY (and component parts thereof), meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power not being manual or animal labour, or which, before being brought into use, require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; and including belting of all materials for driving machinery :	
-	Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery, and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose.	
	NoteThis entry includes machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal.	•
54	METALS-IRON AND STEEL. IRON, angle.	
	" bar, rod and channel, including channel for carriages.	· ,
	» pig.	
н Тал	" rice bowls.	
55	IRON OR STEEL, anchors and cables.	
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, screw piles, bridge work and other such descriptions of iron or steel, imported exclusively for building purposes; including also ridging, gut(ering and continuous roofing,	

IRON

Indian Finance.

17

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SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART III-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ad valorem—contd.

Na	Names of Articles.
	IRON OR STEEL, bolts and nuts, including hook-bolts and nuts for roofing.
	,, hoops and strips.
	", nails, rivets and washers, all sorts.
	", pipes and tubes and fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like."
	,, rails, chairs, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes), switches and crossings, other than those described in No. 58, also lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars.
	" sheets and plates, all sorts, excluding discs and circles which are dutiable under No. 96.
	" wire, including foncing wire, piano-wire and wire-rope, but excluding wire-nesting which is dutiable under No. 96.
56	STEEL, angle.
·	bar, rod, and channel, including channel for carriages.
•	" cast, including spring blistered and tub steel.
	" ingots, blooms, billets and slabs.
•	METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL.
57	LEAD sheets, for tea-chests.
	RAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING-STOCK.
~ 58	RAILWAY MATERIAL for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders, and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chairs, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake gear, couplings and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, engines, tenders, carriages, wagons, traversers, trollies, trucks, and component parts thereof; also the following articles when imported by, or under the orders of, a railway company, namely, cranes, water eranes, water tanks, and standards, wire and other materials for fencing :
· .	Provided that, for the purpose of this entry, 'railway' means a line of reilway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed ir a State in India and also such tramways as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, specifically include therein

Indian Finance.

[ACT VI

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF--contd.

PART III-concld.

Articles which are liable to duty at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ad valorem—concld.

No.	Names of Articles.
	BAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING STOCK-contd.
	Provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as compone parts of railway material as are indispensable for the working railways, and are, owing to their shape or to other special qualit not adapted for any other purpose.
	MISCELLANEOUS.
59 60	AEEOPLANES, aeroplane parts, aeroplane engines and aeroplane engines parts. PEINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL, namely, presses, type, in aluminium lithographic plates, brass rules, composing sticks, chass imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereo-blocks, roller mould roller frames and stocks, roller composition, standing screw and h presses, perforating machines, gold blocking presses, galley press proof presses, arming presses, copper plate printing presses, rulin machines, ruling pen making machines, lead and rule cutters, ty casting machines, type setting 'and casting machines, leads, wood and metal quoius, shooting sticks and galleys, stereotyping apparat
61	metal furniture, paper folding machines, and paging and numberi machines, but excluding paper (see No. 98). RAONS for the withering of tea leaf.
62	
62 63	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a
	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a
63	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bul PART IV.
63	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk PART IV. cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent.
63 Artic	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk PART IV. cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. <i>a</i> <i>valorem</i> . Names of Articles.
63 Artic	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk PART IV. cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. a valorem.
63 Artic	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk PART IV. cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. a valorem. Names of Articles. I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—
63 Artic No.	steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in section provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they a imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk PART IV. cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. A valorem. Names of Articles. I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco— FISH.
63 Artic No.	cles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. <i>valorem.</i> Names of Articles. I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco— FISH. FISH, excluding salted fish (see No. 28).

of 1921.] Indian Finance.

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SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART IV-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. ad valorem—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.
	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
66	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, all sorts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved.
67	GRAIN, PULSE AND FLOUR. FLOUR.
	PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES.
68	PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES AND GROOBERES, all sorts, exclud- ing vinegar in casks (see No. 48).
	SPICES.
69	SPICES, all sorts.
	TEA.
70	TEA.
71	OTHER FOOD AND DRINK. COFFEE.
72	All other sorts of Food and Drink not otherwise specified,
	II.—Raw materials and produce: and articles mainly unmanufactured—
	GUMS, RESINS AND LAC.
73	GUMS, RESINS AND LAC, all sorts.
74	OILS. All sorts of animal, essential, mineral, and vegetable non-essential oils, excluding petroleum as defined in Nos. 41 and 42.
	SEEDS.
75	SEEDS, all sorts, excluding oil-seeds imported into British India by sea- from the territories of any Prince or Chief in India (see No. 6).
	TALLOW, STEARINE AND WAX.
76	TALLOW AND STEABINE, including grease and animal fat, and wax lof all sorts not otherwise specified.
San an a	TEXTILE C 2

Indian Finance.

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SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART IV-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. ad valorem-contd.

ło.	Names of Articles.
	TEXTILE MATERIALS.
77	TEXTILE MATERIALS, the following :
	Silk waste, and raw silk, including cocoons, raw flax, hemp, jute and all other unmanufactured textile materials not other- wise specified.
	WOOD AND TIMBER.
78	WOOD AND TIMBEE, all sorts, not otherwise specified, including all sorts of ornamental wood.
79	MISCELLANEOUS. CANES AND BATTANS.
80	Coweles and shells.
81	IVORY, uumanufactured.
82	PERCIOUS STONES, unset and imported cut and FEARLS imported piercod (see No. 5).
83	All other raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured, not otherwise specified.
	III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—
	APPAREL.
84	APPAREL, including drapery, boots and shoes, and military and other nniforms and accoutrements, but excluding uniforms and accoutre- ments exempted from duty under No. 11 and gold and silvor thread (see Nos. 130 and 131), and articles made of silk (see No. 132).
	ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES.
85	EXPLOSIVES, namely, blasting gunpowder, blasting gelatine, blasting dynamite, blasting roburite, blasting tonite, and all other sorts, including detonators and blasting fuze.
	CARRIAGES AND CARTS.
86	CARBILAGES AND CARTS, including jurikshas, bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheelbarrows, and all other sorts of conveyances and component parts thereof not otherwise specified, and including motor vans if imported with all their parts assembled, and also including motor lorries and the following component parts of motor lorries, namely :chassis, solid tyres, wheels, bodies, axles and gear boxes (see No. 125).
9000000	CHEMICALS

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART IV- contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. ad valorem—contd.

No.•	Nonnes of Articles.
 · · · · ·	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.
87	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all sorts, not otherwise specified.
	CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS.
-88	CUTLERY, excluding electroplated cutlery (see No. 127).
89	HARDWARE, IRONMONGERT AND TOOLS, all sorts, not otherwise specified.
19 0	All other sorts of IMPTEMENTS, INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS ANE APPLIANCES and parts thereof, not otherwise specified.
е	DYES AND COLOURS.
:91	DYEING AND TANNING SUBSTANCES, all sorts, and paints and colours and painters' materials, all sorts.
	FURNITURE, CABINETWARE AND MANUFACTURES OF WOOD.
` 9 2	FURNITURE, CABINETWARE and all other manufactures of wood not otherwise specified.
1	GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE.
:93	GLASS AND GLASSWARE, lacquered ware, earthenware, china and porcelain; all sorts except glass bangles, beads and false pearly (see No. 129).
	HIDES AND SKINS AND LEATHER.
.94	HIDES AND SKINS DOT otherwise specified, LEATHER AND LEATHER MANUFACTURES, all sorts, not otherwise specified.
	MACHINERY.
9B	MACHINERY AND COMPONENT PARTS thereof, meaning machines or parts of machines to be worked by manual or animal labour.
	METALS-IRON AND STEEL.
.: 96	All sorts of IBON AND STEEL and manufactures' thereof, not otherwise specified.

METALS

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SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART IV-contd.

Articles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. ad valorem—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.
	METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STREL.
97	All sorts of METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STERL, and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified.
1 - 1 <u>1</u> 9 - 12	
	PAPER, PASTEBOARD AND STATIONERY.
98	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPER MACHE, PASTE- BOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARDBOARD, all sorts, and STATIONERY, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books,
	drawing and copy books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards, includ- ing cards in booklet form, including also wastepaper and old news- papers for packing, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising
	circulars imported by packet, book, or parcel post (see No. 21).
	YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.
99	YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS, that is to say :
	Cotton piecegoods, thread other than sewing or darning thread, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise specified.
• •	Flax, twist and yarn, and manufactures of flax;
	Haberdashery and millinery, excluding articles made of silk (see No. 132).
an a	Hemp manufactorss;
·	Hosiery, excluding articles made of silk (see No. 132).
• . • .	Jute, twist and yarn, and jute manufactures, excluding secondhand or used gunny bags (see No. 23).
	Silk yarn, noils and warps and silk thread;
	Woollen yaru, knitting wool, and other manufactures of wool includ- ing felt;
	All other sorts of yarns and textile fabrics, not otherwise specified.
	MISCELLANEOUS.
100	ART, works of, excluding those specified in No. 24.
101	BRUSHES AND BROOMS.
and a second	102. BUILDING
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• •	
and the second	

OF 1921.]

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART IV-concld.

Articles which are liable to duty at 11 per cent. ad valorem—concld.

No.	Names of Articles.
102	BUILDING AND ENGINBERING MATERIALS, including asphalt, bricks, cement, chalk and lime, clay pipes of earthenware, tiles, and all other sorts of building and engineering materials not otherwise specified.
103	CANDLES.
104	CORDAGE AND ROPE AND TWINE OF VEGETABLE FIBRE.
105	FURNITURE, TACKLE AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam sailing, rowing and other vessels.
106	MATS AND MATTING.
107	OILCARES.
108	OILCLOTH AND FLOOR CLOTH.
109	PAORING-ENGINE AND BOILER-all sorts, excluding packing forming component part of any article included in Nos. 53 and 58.
110	PERFOMERY.
111	PITCH, TAB AND DAMMEB.
112	POLISHES AND COMPOSITIONS.
113	RUBBER tyres and other manufactures of rubber, not otherwise specified (see No. 138).
114	SOAP.
115	STAROH AND FARINA.
116	STONE AND MARBLE, and articles made of stone and marble.
117	TOILET REQUISITES, not otherwise specified.
1 18	All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured, not otherwis specified.
	IVMiscellaneous and unclassified
119	COBAL.
120	UMBBELLAS, INCLUDING PARASOLS AND SUNSHADES, AND FITTING THEREFOR.
121	All other articles not otherwise specified, including articles imported b post.

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-contd.

PART V.

Articles which are liable to duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem.

		I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—
	122	CONFECTIONERY.
		II.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—
		ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES.
	123	GUNFOWDER FOR CANNONS, rifles, guns, pistols and sporting purposes.
	124	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 12 all articles other than those specified in entry No. 43 which are arms or parts of arms within the meaning of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (excluding springs used for air-gans which are dutiable as hardware under No. 89), all tools used for eleaning or putting together the same, all machines for making, loading, closing or capping cartridges for arms other that rifled arms and all other sorts of ammunition and military stores, and any articles which the Governor General in Council may, by not fication in the Gazette of India, declare to be ammunition or mili- tary stores for the purposes of this Act.
		CARRIAGES AND CARTS.
•	125	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles.
	125	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles.
		parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles. CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS.
	126	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles. CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS. CLOCKS AND WATCHES AND PARTS THEREOF.
•	126 127	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles. CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS. CLOCKS AND WATCHES AND FARTS THEREOF. ELECTEOPLATED WARE.
•	126 127 128	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles. CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS. CLOOKS AND WATCHES AND PARTS THEREOF. ELECTROPLATED WARE. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE. GLASS BANGLES and BEADS and false pearls. METALS.
•	126 127 128 129	parts and accessories thereof : provided that such parts or accessorie as are ordinarily also used for other purposes shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles. CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS, CLOCKS AND WATCHES AND PARTS THEREOF. ELECTEOFLATED WARE. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE. GLASS BANGLES and BEADS and false pearls. METALS. GOLD PLATE, gold thread and wire, and gold manufactures, all sorts.
•	126 127 128 129 130	CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS. CLOCKS AND WATCHES AND PARTS THEREOF. ELECTEOPLATED WARE. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE. GLASS BANGLES and BEADS and false pearls. METALS. GOLD PLATE, gold thread and wire, and gold manufactures, all sorts. SILVEB FLATE, silver thread and wire, and silver manufactures, all sorts. YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.

SCHEDULE II-IMPORT TARIFF-concld.

PART V-concld.

Articles which are liable to duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.
	MISCELLANEOUS.
133	CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS.
134	FIRE-WORKS.
185	IVORY, manufactured.
136	JEWELLEEY AND JEWELS.
137	PRINTS, engravings and pictures, including photographs and picture post- cards.
188	PNEUMATIC BUBBER TYRES AND TUBBS for motor cars, motor lorries, motor cycles, motor scooters, bicycles and tricycles.
139	SMOKERS' REQUISITES, excluding tobacco (Nos. 37 to 39) and matches (No. 45).
140	Tors, games, playing cards and requisites for games and sports."

SCHEDULE II.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

[See section 2 (2).]

1	2	3	4		
Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of Repeal.		
1894	VIII	The Indian Tariff Act, 1894.	Section 4.		
1916	IV	The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1916.	The word "Second" in section 4 and so much of Schedule I as contains a Schedule II to be insert ed in the Indian Tarif Act, 1894.		
1917	VI	The Indian Tariff (Amend- ment) Act, 1917.	Section 2.		
1920	VII	The Indian Tariff (Amend- ment) Act, 1920.	The whole.		

26

SCHEDULE III.

Schedule to be substituted in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.

(See section 3.)

"THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

INLAND POSTAGE RATES.

(See section 7.)

Letters.

For	a weight not exceeding one tola	Nine pies.
For	a weight exceeding one tola but not exceeding two and a half tolas.	One anna.
\mathbf{F} or	every two and a half tolas or fraction thereof exceeding two and a half tolas.	One anna.

Fostcards.

Single .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Quarter of an	anna
Reply .	÷	•			• ,	•	•	Half an anna.	,
			•	•					

Book, Pattern and Sample Packets.

For every five tolas or fraction thereof Half an anna.

Registered Newspapers.

*	For	a weight not	exceeding	eight tol	as •	• •	Quarter of an anna
	For a	a weight exce twenty tolas.	eding eigh	t tolas	and not	exceeding	Half an anna.
•		every twenty twenty tolas.		fraction	thereof	exceeding	Half an anna.
							· ·

Parcels.

For a weight not exceeding twenty tolas	• 1	•		Two annas.	
For a weight not exceeding forty tolas	•	•	•	Four annas.	7.
For every forty tolas or fraction thereof er tolas.	cceedin	g fo	rty	Four annas."	•

SCHEDULE IV.

SCHEDULE IV.

Schedule to be substituted in the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917.

(See section 4.)

"SCHEDULE I.

(See section 3.)

	2	3
Goods.	Unit or method of taxation.	Rate of tax.
All goods (including goods carried by coaching traffic) other than food grains and pulses, firewood and fodder.	Per rupee of net freight payable.	Two and a half annas in the case of goods carried by a railway; and one and a quarter anna in the case of goods carried by an inland steam-vessel."

SCHEDULE V.

Schedules to be substituted in the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

(See section 5.)

"SCHEDULE I.

RATES OF TAX.

(See section 14.)

I. When the taxable income is less than Rs. 2,000

11. When the taxable income is Rs. 2,000 or upwards and (i) the total income is less than Rs 5,000 .

(ii) the total income is Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 10,000."
(iii) the total income is Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 20,000.

(iv) the total income is Rs. 20,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 30,000.
(v) the total income is Rs. 80,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 40,000.

(vi) the total income is Rs. 40,000 or upwards

÷. 9 and the second Nil. Five pies in the

Rate.

Nine pies in the

rupee. One anna in the

rupee. One anua and

four pies in the rupee.

SCHEDULE II

rupee. Six pies in the rupee.

rupee. One anna and two pies in the

Indian Finance.

SCHEDULE II.

RATES OF REFUND.

(See section 37.)

	Amount.		· ·	Refund.
1,	Less than Rs. 2,000	•		One anna and four pies in the rupee.
2.	Rs. 2,000 or apwards, but less than Rs. 5,000	•	•	Eleven pies in the rupes.
8.	Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 10,000	٠	•	Ten pies in the rupee.
4.	Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 20,000	•	•.	Seven pies in the rapee.
5.	Rs. 20,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 80,000	•	•	Four pies in the rupee.
6.	Rs. 30,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 40,000	•	•	Two pies in the rupce."

SCHEDULE VI.

Schedule to be substituted in the Super-tax Act, 1920.

(See section 6.)

"SCHEDULE.

(See section 4.)

(1) in respect of the first lakh of rupees of taxable income-

(a) in the case of a Hindu undivided family-

(i) in respect of the first seventy-five thousand rupees of taxable income.

(ii) in respect of the next twenty-five thousand rupees of taxable income.

(b) In all other cases-

(i) in respect of the first fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.

(ii) in respect of the next fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.

(2) In respect of the first fifty thousand rupees of taxable income over one lakh of rupees.

- (3) In respect of the next fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.
- (4) In respect of the next fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.

(5) In respect of the next fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.

(6) In respect of the next fifty thousand rupees of taxable income.

(7) In respect of all taxable income over three and a half Four annas in the lakks of supees. rupee."

One anna in the rapee. One and a half annas in the rupee.

Nil.

Two annas in the rupee.

Two and a half annas in the rupee.

Three annas in the rupee. Three and a half

annas in the rupee.

ACT VI

Nil.

One anna in the rupee.

Rate.

ACT NO. VII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGELATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act to amend the law relating to the Calcutta University.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the Calcutta University; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta University Short title. Act, 1921.

2. In section 4 of the Calcutta University Act, Amendment 1857 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the of section 4, words "Governor General of India", the words 1857. "Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal" shall be substituted.

8. In sections 5, 7 and 15 of the said Act, for the Amendment words "Governor General of India in Council" in $\frac{15}{7}$ and 15, Act all places where they occur, the words "Local II of 1857. Government of Bengal" shall be substituted.

111 of 1904. 4. The sections of the Indian Universities Act, Repeal. 1904 which are specified in the first column of the Schedule, are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the second column thereof.

II of 1857.

Calcutta University.

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LACT VII

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 4.)

+ 1		
	1	2
	·,	
	Section.	Extent of repeal.
	2	In clause (b) of sub-section (2), the words "in relation to the University of Calcutta, the Governor General in Council, and in relation to the other Universities".
	4	Clause (b) of sub-section (1)—the whole—and in sub-section (3) the words "or in the case of the University of Calcutta, upon the Chancellor, Rector, Vice-Chancellor and Fellows in their corporate capacity".
	8	In sub-section (2) the words "in the Gazette of India or " and the words "as the case may be ".
	28	The wholo,
		ĸĸĸŢĊĸĬĸĬĸĊŢIJŦĸŢĸĸĸĊĸŦĸŢĸĹĊĊŢĬĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĸĊĸĬŢĸĸĊŎŎĸĸĬĸĬĊŢĬŔĸŎŎŎĊŎĬĬĬĸŎŎĸŎĬĬŎŎŎŎ
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ACT NO. VIII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act to declare the rights of Hindus to make transfers and bequests in favour of unborn persons in the City of Madras.

WHEREAS it is expedient to declare the rights of Hindus to make transfers and bequests in favour of unborn persons in the City of Madras; It is hereby enacted as follows :---

1. This Act may be called the Hindu Transfers Short title. and Bequests (City of Madras) Act, 1921.

2. (1) This Act shall apply to all transfers *inter* Application *vivos* and wills made by persons governed by the Hindu law who are domiciled within the limits of the Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction of the High Court of Madras.

(2) In the case of transfers *inter vivos* or wills executed before the date of this Act, the provisions of this Act shall apply to such of the dispositions thereby made as are intended to come into operation at a time which is subsequent to the 14th February, 1914:

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall affect *bona fide* transferees for valuable consideration in whom the right to any property has vested prior to the date of this Act.

Explanation:—Hindus governed by the Marumakkattayam or the Aliyasantana law shall be deemed to be persons governed by the Hindu Law for the purposes of this Act.

3. A

32 Hindu Transfers and Bequests (Oily [ACT VIII of Madras).

3. A transfer inter vivos or disposition by will

of any property shall not be invalid by reason only

that the transferee or legatee is an unborn person at

the date of the transfer or the death of the testator,

Transfers and bequests in favour of unborn persons.

Rule against perpetuity in regard to transfers.

as the case may be. 4. No transfer of property can operate to create an interest which is to take effect after the life-time of one or more persons living at the date of the transfer and the minority of some person who shall be in existence at the expiration of that period and to whom, if he attains full age, the interest created

Rule against perpetuity in regard to bequests. is to belong.

5. No bequest is valid whereby the vesting of the thing bequeathed may be delayed beyond the life-time of one or more persons living at the testator's decease, and the minority of some person who shall be in existence at the expiration of that period, and to whom, if he attains full age, the thing bequeathed is to belong. f 1916.

ACT NO. IX OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March, 1921.)

An Act to validate certain indentures transferring properties formerly held by certain Enemy Missions in Trustees, and for the incorporation of such Trustees and for other purposes.

TTHEREAS the Governor General in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 7 and 12 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1916, vested the properties both moveable and immoveable in British India of the Leipzic Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Madras and Burma, the Schleswig Holstein Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Madras, the Hermannsburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Madras, the Basel Mission, Madras, Bombay and Coorg, the Gossner Evangelical Lutheran Mission, United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, the German Evangelical Lutheran Mission Bihar and Orissa and American Lutheran Mission, Bihar and Orissa and Assam, and a religious association in Assam styled the Sisters of the Divine Saviour, in certain Custodians of Enemy Property, and by order directed the said Custodians to transfer the properties thereby respectively vested in them to Boards of Trustees on certain trusts which the said Custodians accordingly purported to do by the several indentures, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed; and

WHEREAS the properties comprised in the several indentures have by diverse mesne appointments become vested in the present Trustees of those indentures; and

> WHEREAS D

said

WHEREAS doubts have risen and may arise as to the validity of certain matters in connection with the above-mentioned transfers; and

WHEREAS it is expedient to terminate such doubts and to constitute the several bodies of Trustees bodies corporate in order that the intention of the said transfers may be fully carried out;

1. This Act may be called the Enemy Missions Act, 1921.

2. (1) Each body of persons whose names are set out in the fourth column of the Schedule, and the predecessors in office of those persons shall be deemed to have been validly appointed the trustees of the indenture or indentures, as the case may be, described in the Schedule opposite the names of the persons comprising that body, and each such body of persons, together with the successors in office of those persons, is hereby constituted a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal, and may sue and be sued by the corporate name given to it in the fifth column of the Schedule.

(2) For the purposes of the appointment of the successors of the persons named in the fourth column of the Schedule in their office as such trustees, the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, shall be II of J deemed to apply, and appointments of any trustees which are required to be made by the National Missionary Council of India shall be sufficiently made if made by writing under the hand of the Chairman of that body.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any

enactment or rule of law to the contrary, the indentures

described in the Schedule are hereby declared to have been validly made and the properties respectively transferred, or purporting to be transferred, thereby shall be deemed to have been duly transferred by the said indentures, and all acts or things heretofore done under the said indentures are hereby validated and confirmed, and every obligation imposed or purporting to be imposed on any person mentioned in any of the

Validation of indentures, etc.

Short title,

Incorporation

of Trustees.

··· []

Enemy Missions:

said indentures shall be binding in law on the person named therein whether such person is or is not a party to such indenture, and the Trustees referred to in sub-section (1) of section 2 shall have power, in conformity with the indentures of which they are respectively trustees, to transfer or otherwise deal with the pro-perties comparised in the properties comprised in those indentures.

THE SCHEDULE

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THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 2.)

Particulars of Indenture and present Trustees thereof.

	1.	2	3	4	5
•	Date.	Parties.	Short effect.	Name and description of the Trustees of each Indenture at the date of the passing of this Act.	Corporate name of the Trastees for the time being of each Indenture from the date of the passing of this Act.
	\$6th January 1920. Registered at Madras on 28th June 1920, being Serial No. 2086 of 1920 in Registration Book 1 of the office of the Registrar of Madras, Chingtoput.	referred to as the Custodian) of the	able or immoveable in the Madras Presidency and Coorg, formerly belonging to or held in Trust for the Basel Mission, the Leipzic	I.C.S., Secretary to the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), Madras. Paul Appaswami, Judge	The Mission Trust of South-

nemy Mi

•	•	1. 		
Slst March 1920. Regis- tered at Madras on 5th Angust 1920, being Serial No. 2197 of 1920 in Registration Book 1 of the Sacity	Harold Charles Barnes Mitchell, Custodian of Enemy Property. Bombay (therein referred to as the Custodian) of the first part and John Anderson Thorne, Arthur Davies, the Reverend William Mestor, the	Being a transfer by the Custodian to the Trustees on the Trusts therein mentioned of all property moveable or in movesble in the Bombay Presidency, formerly be- longing to or held in Trust for the f	Duncan Gordon MacNaugh- ton Leith, Secretary, German Missions' Com- mittee of the National Missionary Council.	• 1921.] •
the office of the Registrar of Madras, Chingleput.	However will am Messor, the Hon'ble Mr. Muthiah David Deva- doss and the Reverend Duncan Gordon MacNanghton Leith (therein referred to as the Trustees) of the second part.	Busel Mission.	Anthony Watson Brough of the London Mission, Erode, Madras.	•
13th October 1919. Regis- tered at Ghazipur on 23rd January 1920, being Serial No. 2 of 1920 in Regis- tration Book 1 of the office of the Registrar of Ghazipur.	 Sheikh Makbul Hosain, Custodian of Enemy Property, United Provinces (therein referred to as the Custodian) of the first part and the Hon'ble Mr. B. Foley, W. B. Heycock, the Reverend J. Z. Hodge, Professor S. C. Mukerji, the Reverend G. J. Dann 	Being a transfer by the Custodian to the Trustees on the Trusts therein mentioned of all property moveable or immoveable in the United Provinces, formerly belong- ing to or held in Trust for the Gossner Evangelical Lutheran	Frank Frederick Lyall, Commissioner of Chota Nagpur. John Tarlton Whitty, Deputy Commissioner of	Linemy Hiv
	(therein referred to as the Trustees) of the second part. Patrick William Murphy, Custodian of Enemy Property, Bihar and Orises (therein referred to as the	Mission. Being a transfer by the Custonian to the Trustees on the Trusts there- in mentioned of all property move-	Ranchi. Herbert Anderson, Secre- tary, National Missionary Council.	The Mission Trust of North- ern India.
Serial No. 4390 of 1919 in Registration Book 1 of the office of the Dis- trict Sub-Registrar, Ranchi.	Custodian) of the one part and Blan- chard Foley, William Bissil Heycock, the Reverend John Zimmerman Hodge, Professor S. C. Mukerň and the Reverend George James Dann (therein referred to as the Trustees)	able or immoveable in the Province of Bihar and Orissa, formerly belonging to or held in Trust for the German Evangelical Latheran Mission.	George James Dann, Mis- sionary, Patna. Satish Chandra Mukerji, Profeesor, Scrampore College.	
an ang sing sa 	of the other part.		P	C

		an a	
38	Enem	y Missions.	[ACT IX •
	Corporate name of the Trustees for the time being of each ludenture from the date of the passing of this Act.	The Mission True f North-	
doneld.	Name and description of the Trustees of each Indenture at the date of the passing of this Act.	Frank Frederick Lyall, Commissioner of Chota Nagpur. John Tarlton Whitty, Deputy Commissioner of Ranchi. Herbert Anderson, Secre- tary, National Missionary	Council. George James Dann, Mis- sionary, Fatna. Satiah Chandra Mukerji, Professor, Serampore College.
Particulars of Indenture and present Trustees thereof-concld.	Short effect.	Being a transfer by the Custodian to the Trustees on the Trusts therein mentioned of all property moveable or immoveable in Assam, formerly belonging to or held in Trust for the German Evangelical	
Particulars of Indenture a	Partites	Stephen Nairne Mackenzie, Custodian of Enemy Property, Assam (therein referred to as the Custodian) of the first part and the Hon'ble Mr. Blan- chard Foley, William Bisal Heyook,	the Arverent Holde, Professor S. C. Mukerji and the Reverend G. J. Dann (therein réferred to as the Trustees) of the second part.
	Date.	ctober 1919. Regis- t at Dibrugarh on Jenuary 1920, being al No. 42 of 1920, being al solution Book 1 of	the office of the Sub- Registrar, Dibrugarh.
		• Symbolic Parkets	

	₽.
OF 1921.] Enemy Missa	
The Burma Mis-	The Assam Ro- man Catholic M i s s i o n Trust.
John Cormack Mackenrie, Collector of Rangoon. Ernest Godfrey Pattle, District Magistrate of Rangoon. Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Baptist Mission Press, Baptist Mission Press, C. H. Riggs, Principal, Rangoon. C. H. Riggs, Principal, School, Rangoon.	The Yery Reverend Paul Lefebrre, Vice-Adminis- trator of the Prefecture Apostolic of Assam. John McSwiney, Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Assam. Rohert Eustace Witham, Rohert Eustace Witham, Assam. Assam.
Being a transfer by the Custodian to the Trustees on the Trusts therein mentioned of all property moveable or immoveable in Burma, formerly belonging to or held in Trust for the Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Being a transfer by the Custodian to the Trustees on the Trust therein mentioned of all property moreable or imnoreable in Assam, formerly belonging to or held in Trust for the religious association or corenated order called the Sisters of the Divine Saviour.
John Cormack Mackenzie, Custolian, of Enery Property, Burna (therein) referred to as the Custolian) of the first part and John Cormack Mac- kenzie, Herbert Hoddy Mackney, Frank Dennison Phinney, the Reverend Clarence Eugene Olmstead, the Reverend Clarence Eugene Olmstead, Remp (therein referred to as the Trustees) of the second part.	Gerald Courtenay Kerwood, Custodian E Bany Property, Assam (therein referred to as the Custodian) of the first part and the Very Reverend Paul Lefebvre, John McSwiney, Robert Euctace Witham (therein refer- red to as the Trustees) of the second part.
27th November 1919. Registered at Rangoon on 13th February 1920, being Serial No. 206 of 1920 in Registration Book I of the office of the Sub- Registrar, Rangoon.	3(th April 1920. Regis- tered at Dibrugarh on 23rd June 1920, being 2arial No. 453 of 1920 in Registration Book 1 of the office of the Sub- kegistrar, Dibrugarh.

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Indian Marine (Amendment.)

ACT X

ACT NO. X OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Marine Act, 1887.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Marine

(Amendment) Act, 1921.

W HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Marine Act, 1887; It is hereby enacted XIV of 188 as follows :--

Short title.

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Amendment of section 52 (1), Act XIV of 1687.

2. In the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 52 of the Indian Marine Act, 1887 (hereinafter referred XIV of 188 to as the said Act), for the words "by, or with the previous sanction of, the Governor General in Council," the words "by the Governor General in Council or by the Director of Marine" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 66 (2), Act XIV of 1887.

3. In sub-section (2) of section 66 of the said Act, the words "with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council" shall be omitted.

ACT NO. XI OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Works of Defence Act, 1903.

TTHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Works of Defence Act, 1903; It is **WII of 1903.** hereby enacted as follows :--

> 1. This Act may be called the Indian Works of short title. Defence (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. In section 2 of the Indian Works of Defence Amendment Act, 1903 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), Act VII of for clauses (c) and (d), the following clauses shall be 1908. substituted, namely :--

- "(c) the expression "District' means one of the Districts into which India is, for military purposes for the time being, divided; it includes a Brigade area which does not form part of any District, and any area which the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare to be a District for all or any of the purposes of this Act:
- (d) the expression 'General Officer Commanding the District' means the officer for the time being in command of the forces in a District."

3. In section 7 of the said Act-

(a) in sub-clauses (i) and (iv) of clause (a), in $\frac{\text{of section 7}}{\text{Act VII of}}$ the first proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 1903. (b), and in sub-clause (ii) of clause (b), for the words "General Officer Commanding the Division," the words "General Officer Commanding the District" shall be substituted; and

(b) in

Amendment

VII of 1903.

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Indian Works of Defence (Amend- [ACT XI ment).

42

(b) in the first proviso to sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) and in the second proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause (b), for the words "General Officer Commanding the Division, District or Brigade," the words "General Officer Commanding the District" shall be substituted.

Repeal 4. So much of the Schedule to the Amending v of 1909 (Army) Act, 1909, as relates to the said Act, is hereby repealed.

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X X 44. (A)

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43 OF 1921.] Negotiable Instruments (Amendment.)

ACT NO. XII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881; It is hereby XXVI of enacted as follows :---

> 1. This Act may be called the Negotiable Instru- Short title. ments (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. In sections 63 and 83 of the Negotiable Instru-Amendment ments Act, 1881 (hereinafter referred to as the said and 83, Act Act), for the word "twenty-four," the word "forty-XXVI of eight" shall be substituted.

3. In section 75A of the said Act for the words Amendment "for payment," the words "for acceptance or pay- Act XXVI ment" shall be substituted. of 1881.

XXVI of 1881.

1881.

Carriers (Amendment).

ACT XIII

ACT NO. XIII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Carriers Act, 1865, in order to empower the Governor General in Council to make by notification additions to the Schedule to that Act, and to free a common carrier from liability under that Act for loss or damage, arising from the negligence of himself or of any of his agents or servants, in respect of any property which, being of the value of over one hundred rupees and of the description contained in the Schedule to that Act, has not been declared in accordance with the provisions of section 3.

THEREAS it is expedient further to amend the

Carriers Act, 1865, in manner hereinafter 111 of 1865, appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:----

1. This Act may be called the Carriers (Amendment) Act, 1921.

Amendment of section 8, Act III of 1865.

Short title.

2. In section 8 of the Carriers Act, 1865 (hereinafter called the said Act),---

(1) the words "negligence or" shall be omitted. and

(2) after the words "agents or servants," the following words shall be added, namely :-"and

Carriers (Amendment).

. OF 1921.]

1 million in a state

"and shall also be liable to the owner for loss or damage to any such property, other than property to which the provisions of section 3 apply and in respect of which the declaration required by that section has not been made, where such loss or damage has arisen from the negligence of the carrier or any of his agents or servants."

3. After section 10 of the said Act, the following Insertion of section shall be added, namely :--

"11. The Governor General in Council may, by of 1865. notification in the Gazette of India, add to the list Governor of articles contained in the Schedule to this Act, and Council to the Schedule shall, on the issue of any such notifica- add to the tion, be deemed to have been amended accordingly."

new section 11 in Act III.

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ACT NO. XIV OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act to provide for the levy of customsduty on lac exported from British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the creation of a Fund to be expended for the promotion of the improvement of methods of cultivation and manufacture of lac in India;

AND WHEREAS for this purpose it is expedient to levy customs-duty on lac produced in India and exported from British India;

It is hereby enacted as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Lac Cess Act, 1921.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, except Aden.

Definitions.

Short title

and extent.

2. In this Act-

 (a) "The Lac Association" means the Indian Lac Association for Research, registered as a society on the twelfth day of September, 1921, under the provisions of the Societies Registration Act, 1860;

XXI of 1860

(b) "Collector" means, in reference to lac exported by sea, a Customs-collector as defined in clause (c) of section 3 of the vIII of 187 Sea Customs Act, 1878, and, in reference to lac passing out of British India by land, the Collector of the district;

(c) " lac"

of 1921.]

VIII of 1894.

(c) "lac" includes any form of manufactured or unmanufactured lac other than refuse lac:

(d) "lac cess" means the customs-duty imposed by section 3 of this Act and by section 5 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894.

3. On and from the 1st January, 1922, a customs- Imposition duty shall be levied and collected on all lac and of duty on exports of lac refuse lac produced in India and exported from any and refuse customs-port to any port beyond the limits of British lac. India or to Aden at the rate of 4 annas per maund in the case of lac, and 2 annas per maund in the case of refuse lac, or at such lower rate as the Governor General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Lac Association by notification in the Gazette of India, prescribe.

4. (1) At the close of each month, or as soon Application thereafter as may be convenient, the Collector shall of proceeds of inc cess. pay the proceeds of the lac cess, after deducting the expenses of collection (if any), to the Lac Association.

(2) The said proceeds and any other monies received by the Lac Association in this behalf shall be applied by the Association towards meeting the cost of such measures as the Association may consider it advisable to take for the promotion of improved methods of cultivation and manufacture of lac by means of scientific research, experimental cultivation and the dissemination of knowledge, or by such other means, as it may be expedient to employ, for testing the value of the results obtained by such research.

5. (1) The Lac Association shall keep accounts Keeping and of all monies received and expended under section 4. auditing of accounts.

(2) Such accounts shall be examined and audited annually by auditors appointed in this behalf by the Governor General in Council; and such auditors may disallow any item which has, in their opinion, been expended out of any money so received otherwise than as directed by or under this Act.

(3) I.

ACT XLV

(3) If any item is disallowed, an appeal shall lie to the Governor General in Council, whose decision . shall be final.

Power to make rules 48

6. (1) The Governor General in Council may, after previous publication, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may provide for—

(a) the levy and payment of the lac cess; and

(b) the form of accounts to be kept and the publication of an abstract of such accounts with the reports of the auditors thereon.

(3) All such rules shall be published in the Gazette of India.

Time during 7 which sections 2 to 6 are to until remain in P

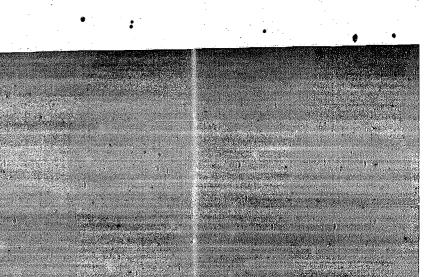
force.

7. Sections 2 to 6 shall remain in force only until the 31st day of December, 1926:

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Lac Association, and with the previous consent of the Indian Legislature, declare, by notification in the Gazette of India, that the said sections shall continue in force for any further period specified in such notification:

Provided also that, if at any time the Lac Association is dissolved, the said sections shall cease to be in force from the date of such dissolution.

Disposal of surplus proceeds of lac coss. 8. If any proceeds of the lac cess or any monies, so received as aforesaid, remain unexpended, when sections 2 to 6 cease to be in force, they shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, vest in His Majesty.



ACT NO. XV OF 1921:

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.

HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Post Office Act, 1898; It is hereby VI of 1898. enacted as follows :---

> 1. This Act may be called the Indian Post Office Short title. (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. In section 24 of the Indian Post Office Act, Amendment 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the of section 24, Act VI of third proviso shall be omitted. 1898.

3. After section 24 of the said Act, the following Insertion of a new section section shall be inserted, namely :--

VI of 1898. "24A. The Governor General in Council may, Power to deliver such of articles to by general or special order, empower any officer the Post Office, specified in such order to deliver any Customs postal article, received from beyond the limits of authority. British India and suspected to contain anything liable to duty, to such Customs authority as may be specified in the said order, and such Customs authority shall deal with such article in accordance with the pro-

VIII of 1878. visions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, or of any other . law for the time being in force."

4. In section 67 of the said Act, after the words Amendment "this Act," the words "or of any other Act for the Act VI of time being in force" shall be inserted.

VI of 1898.

Indian Penal Code (Amendment). [ACT.XVI

ACT NO. XVI OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 29th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Penal Code.

7 HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Penal Code; It is hereby enacted as XLV of 1 follows :-

1. This Act may be called the Indian Penal Code (Amendment) Act, 1921.

Amendment of sections 121 and 122. Indian Penal Code.

Short title.

Amendment of section 121A, Indian Penal Code.

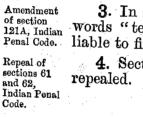
Repeal of sections 61

See. 1

2. In sections 121 and 122 of the Indian Penal XLV of 1 Code (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), for the words "and shall forfeit all his property," the words "and shall also be liable to fine" shall be substituted.

3. In section 121A of the said Code, after the words "ten years," the words "and shall also be liable to fine "shall be inserted.

4. Sections 61 and 62 of the said Code are hereby repealed.



ACT NO. XVII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 30th September, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Cattle-trespass Act, 1871.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Cattle-trespass Act, 1871; It is hereby enacted as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cattle-trespass Short title (Amendment) Act, 1921.

(2) This section shall come into force at once.

(3) The rest of the Act shall come into force in any Province or part thereof on such date as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint.

2. For section 12 of the Cattle-trespass Act, 1871, Substitution the following section shall be substituted, namely :- of new section for section

of new section for section 12, Act I of 1871. Fines for

"12. For every head of cattle impounded as afore-Fines for said, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine in accordance cattle imwith the scale for the time being prescribed by the Local Government in this behalf by notification in the official Gazette. Different scales may be prescribed for different local areas."

All fines so levied shall be sent to the Magistrate of the District through such officer as the Local Government may direct.

A list of the fines and of the rates of charge for feeding and watering cattle shall be posted in a conspicuous place on or near to every pound."

3. Section 5 of the Cattle-trespass Act (1871) Repeal. Amendment Act, 1891, is hereby repealed.

of 1871.

T of 1871.

1891.

Maintenance Orders Enforcement. [ACT XVIII

ACT NO. XVIII OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 5th October, 1921.)

An Act to facilitate the enforcement in British India of Maintenance Orders made in other parts of His Majesty's Dominions and Protectorates and *vice versa*.

WHEREAS it is expedient to facilitate the enforcement in British India of Maintenance Orders made in other parts of His Majesty's Dominions and Protectorates and *vice versâ*; It is hereby enacted as follows :--

Short title and extent. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including the Sonthal Parganas and British Baluchistan.

Definitions,

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,--

"Court of summary jurisdiction" means the Court of a Chief Presidency Magistrate or of a District Magistrate;

"dependants" means such persons as a person against whom a maintenance order is made is liable to maintain according to the law in force in the part of His Majesty's Dominions in which the maintenance order is made;

"maintenance order" means a decree or order, other than an order of affiliation, made by

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a Court in the exercise of civil or criminal jurisdiction for the periodical payment of sums of money towards the maintenance of the wife or other dependants of the person against whom the order is made;

"prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

- means "Proper authority" the authority appointed by or under the law of, a reciprocating territory to receive and transmit documents to which this Act applies; and
- "reciprocating territory" means any part of His Majesty's Dominions outside British India in respect of which this Act for the time being applies.

3. (1) If the Governor General in Council is Reciprocal satisfied that provisions have been made by the arrangements. Legislature of any part of His Majesty's Dominions for the enforcement within that part of maintenance orders made by Courts in British India, the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that this Act applies in respect of that part of His Majesty's Dominions and thereupon it shall apply accordingly.

(2) The Governor General in Council may, by like notification, declare that this Act applies in respect of any British protectorate, or in respect of any State in India, and where such a declaration has been made, this Act shall apply as if such protectorate or State were a reciprocating territory.

4. (1) Where a maintenance order has, whether Registration before or after the passing of this Act, been made in British against any person by any Court in any reciprocating maintenance territory, and a certified copy of the order has been orders made in other parts transmitted by the proper authority of that territory of His to the Governor General, the Governor General in Majesty's Council shall send a copy of the order to the prescribed officer of a Court in British India for registration, and, on receipt thereof, the order shall be registered in the prescribed manner.

(2) The

Maintenance Orders Enforcement. [ACT XVIII

(2) The Court in which an order is to be so regis. tered as aforesaid shall, if the Court by which the order was made was, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, a Court of superior jurisdiction, be a High Court, and, if the Court was not, in his opinion, a Court of superior jurisdiction, be a Court of summary jurisdiction.

Transmission of maintenance orders made in British India.

5. Where a Court in British India has, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, made a maintenance order against any person, and it is proved to that Court that the person against whom the order was made is resident in a reciprocating territory, the Court shall send to the Governor General in Council, for transmission to the proper authority of that territory, a certified copy of the order.

Power of Summary Courts to make provisional maintenance orders against persons resident in His Majesty's Dominious India.

6. (1) Where application is made to a Court of summary jurisdiction in British India for a maintenance order against any person, and it is proved that that person is resident in a reciprocating territory, the Court may, in the absence of that person, if after hearing the evidence it is satisfied of the justice of the application, make any such order as it might outside British have made if that person had wilfully neglected to attend the Court; but in such case the order shall be provisional only and shall have no effect unless and until confirmed by a competent Court in such territory.

> (2) The evidence of every witness who is examined on any such application shall be reduced to writing, and such deposition shall be read over to, and signed by, him.

(3) Where such an order is made, the Court shall send to the Governor General in Council, for transmission to the proper authority of the reciprocating territory in which the person against whom the order is made is alleged to reside, the depositions so taken and a certified copy of the order together with a statement of the grounds on which the making of the order might have been opposed if the person against whom the order is made had been duly served with



with a summons and had appeared at the hearing and such information as the Court possesses for facilitating the identification of that person and ascertaining his whereabouts.

(4) Where any such provisional order has come before a Court in a reciprocating territory for confirmation, and the order has by that Court been remitted to the Court of summary jurisdiction which made the order for the purpose of taking further evidence, that Court shall, after giving the prescribed notice, proceed to take the evidence in like manner and subject to the like conditions as the evidence in support of the original application.

(5) If it appears to the Court hearing such evidence that the order ought not to have been made, the Court may rescind the order, but in any other case the depositions shall be sent to the Governor General in Council and dealt with in like manner as the original depositions.

(6) The confirmation of an order made under this section shall not affect any power of a Court of summary jurisdiction to vary or rescind that order :

Provided that, on the making of a varying or rescinding order, the Court shall send a certified copy thereof to the Governor General in Council for transmission to the proper authority of the reciprocating territory in which the original order was confirmed, or to which it was sent for confirmation and that, in the case of an order varying the original order, the order shall not have any effect unless and until confirmed in like manner as the original order.

7. (1) Where a maintenance order has been made Power of by a Court in a reciprocating territory and the order mary jurisdicis provisional only, and has no effect unless and until tion to confirm confirmed by a Court of summary jurisdiction in order made British India, and a certified copy of the order, to- out of British gether with the depositions of the witnesses and a statement of the grounds on which the order might have been opposed, has been transmitted to the Governor General, and it appears to the Governor General in Council that the person against whom the

India.

order

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order has been made is resident in British India, the Governor General in Council may send the said documents to the prescribed officer of a Court of summary jurisdiction, with a requisition that a summons be issued calling upon the person to show cause why that order should not be confirmed, and, upon receipt of such documents and requisition, the Court shall issue such a summons and cause it to be served upon such person.

(2) A summons issued under sub-section (1) shall for all purposes be deemed to be a summons issued by the Court in the exercise of its original criminal jurisdiction.

(3) At the hearing it shall be open to the person to whom the summons was issued to raise any defence which he might have raised in the original proceedings had he been a party thereto, but no other defence, and the certificate from the Court which made the provisional order stating the grounds on which the making of the order might have been opposed if the person against whom the order was made had been a party to the proceedings shall be conclusive evidence that those grounds are grounds on which objection may be taken.

(4) If at the hearing the person served with the summons does not appear or, on appearing, fails to satisfy the Court that the order ought not to be confirmed, the Court may, notwithstanding any pecuniary limit imposed on its power by any law for the time being in force in British India, confirm the order either without modification or with such modifications as to the Court after hearing the evidence may seem just:

Provided that no sum shall be awarded as maintenance under this section, or shall be recoverable as such, at a rate exceeding that proposed in the provisional order.

(5) If the person to whom the summons was issued appears at the hearing and satisfies the Court that for the purpose of any defence it is necessary to remit the case to the Court which made the provisional order

for

OF 1921.] Maintenance Orders Enforcement. 57

for the taking of any further evidence, the Court may for that purpose send a certified copy of the record to the Governor General in Council for transmission to that Court through the proper authority of the reciprocating territory, and may adjourn the proceedings.

• (6) Where a provisional order has been confirmed under this section, it may be varied or rescinded in like manner as if it had originally been made by the confirming Court, and where on an application for rescission or variation the Court is satisfied that it is necessary to remit the case to the Court which made the provisional order for the purpose of taking any further evidence, the Court may for that purpose send a certified copy of the record to the Governor General in Council for transmission to that Court through the proper authority of the reciprocating territory, and may adjourn the proceedings.

8. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, where Enforcement an order has been registered under this Act in a High ance orders. Court, the order shall, from the date of such registration, be of the same force and effect, and all proceedings may be taken thereon as if it had been an order originally obtained in the High Court in the exercise of its civil jurisdiction, or in such Civil Court subordinate to that High Court as may be named by the High Court in this behalf, and that Court shall have power to enforce the order accordingly.

(2) A Court of summary jurisdiction in which an order has been registered under this Act or by which an order has been confirmed under this Act, and the officers of such Court, shall have such powers and perform such duties, for the purpose of enforcing the order, as may be prescribed.

9. A Court in registering or confirming an order Payment of for maintenance in accordance with the provisions of charges for this Act shall direct that the charges for the trans- of sums mission to the Court, from which the order has been awarded as received or in which the provisional order has been and other made, as the case may be, of the sum awarded as costs and charges, maintenance shall be borne by the person against

whom

58 Maintenance Orders Enforcement. [ACT XVIII

whom the order has been so made or confirmed, and shall be recovered from him in addition to the sum awarded as maintenance and in addition to, and in the same manner as, such other costs and charges as may be awarded or levied by the Court.

Proof of documents signed by officers of Court.

10. For the purposes of this Act, any document purporting to be signed by a judge or officer of a Court outside British India shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been so signed without proof of the signature of judicial or official character of the person appearing to have signed it, and the officer of a Court by whom a document is signed shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been the proper officer of the Court to sign the document.

Depositions to be evidence,

11. Depositions taken in a Court in any reciprocating territory may, for the purposes of this Act, be received in evidence in proceedings before Courts of summary jurisdiction under this Act.

12. The Governor Generel in Council may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the purposes of this Act, and in particular may make rules for the levy of the costs or charges for anything done under this Act and for all matters which are directed or permitted to be prescribed.

Rule-making power.

ACT NO. XIX OF 1921.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 5th October, 1921.)

An Act further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894; It is hereby enacted as follows:--

1. This Act may be called the Land Acquisition short title. (Amendment) Act, 1921.

2. Section 26 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 Amendment (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), shall be re- of section 26, numbered 26 (1), and to the said section the following 1894. sub-section shall be added, namely :---

"(2) Every such award shall be deemed to be a decree and the statement of the grounds of every such award a judgment within the meaning of section 2, clause (2), and section 2, clause (9), respectively, of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908."

3. For section 54 of the said Act, the following Substitution of new ection shall be substituted, namely :---

V of 1908.

V of 1908

"54. Subject to the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, applicable to appeals from original decrees, and notwithstanding any thing to the contrary in any enactment for the time being in force, an appeal shall only lie in any proceedings under this Act to the High Court from the award, or from any part of the award, of the Court and from any decree of the High Court passed on such appeal as aforesaid an appeal shall lie to His Majesty in Council subject to the provisions contained in section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and in Order XLV thereof."

I of 1894.

I of 1894.

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INDEX

TO THE

ACTS PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE IN THE YEAR 1921.

	- ¹ 2					• •			Act.	Section.
			-				·			
ACT II OF 1857 (CALOU	TTA UNI	VERSITY)—						VII	2
Section 4 amended Section 5 amended		•								3
Section 7 amended		• • •						·.	11	3
Section 15 amende					•	•			3)	3
AGT XLV OF 1860 (IN	DIAN PEN	AL COD	ė)—				•		XVI	4
Section 61 repeale		• •		•					37	4
Section 62 repeale		• •		•	•				.,	2
Section 121 amend		• • •		•.						3
Section 121-A. am	ended	• •		•	•	•				2
Section 122 amend	lea.	• •		• ·	•	• .	•		D .	
ACT III OF 1865 (CAR	RIERS)-				12	1.1	· .	1	** * * *	2
Section 8 amended		· • · •		•	•	•	•	•	XIII	13
Section 11 inserte		. .	, ·	•	•	•	•	•	· · • • •	0
					а,					
ACT I OF 1871 (CATTL	E-TRESPA	ss)							XVII	2
Section 12 substit	ated .		,	•	•	•	•	· •	21.124	The second
ACT XXVI OF 1881 (N	TEGOTIAB	LE INST	RUMI	ents))—			[
Section 63 amend	ed.			•	•	•	•	· · · · ·	XII	2
Section 75-A, ame	nded			•	•		• '	· •		- 3
Section 83 amende		•	•	• '	• *	•	•	• 1	"	2
ACT XIV OF 1887 (IN	στιν Μάτ								* . * * <u>.</u> .	
Section 52 amend	od		_				· •		X	2
Section 66 amend	lodi .	•				•	•	•	,,,	3
		•				·		1		
ACT I OF 1891 [CATT:	LE-TRESPA	SS AOT	(187	1) A1	abnd.	MENT_			XVII	3
Section 5 repealed	i	•.	•	•	•	•	•		ACT 11	J
ACT I OF 1894 (LAND	Acquisit									
Section 26 amend	ed .	•	•	•	•	• '	•	•	XIX	2
Section 54 substit		•	• .	•		•	•	•	"	3
ACT VIII OF 1894 (In	TAN TH	DTRR)			·				•••	
Section 4 repealed		uler,	· ·				•		VI	2 and Second
Section & repeated	••.	,	•	. •	• •					Sch.
Schedule II subst	itated	•	•	•	•	٠	•	. •	,,	2 and First Sch.
Act VI of 1898 (Ind)	IN POST	OFFICE)							
Schedule I subst	it at at	OFFICE	,					· ·	,,	9 and Third
Benedulo 1 subst	LULUUM.	• 2	•	•						Sch.
Section 24 amen	ded .				÷.	•	•	•	XV .	2
Section 24-A ins							•	•	,,,	3
Section 67 amen		•	•	•		•	•	•	دو	4
			D.=							l -
ACT VII OF 1903 (IN	DIAN WO	RKS OF .	D RER	мџв)					XI	2
Section 2 amende		•	•	•		-				3
Section 7 amend	ou .	.•	•	• .	•	•		•	· . "	

INDEX TO THE ACTS PASSED BY THE INDIAN

	Act.	Section.
ACT IX OF 1903 (TEA CESS) -		
Section 3 amonded	. I	2
	S. C. Martine	a da tanaya -
ACT VIII OF 1904 (INDIAN UNIVERSITIES)-		
Section 2 repealed in part	. VII	4 and Sch.
Section 4 repealed in part	,	- ·,
Section 5 repealed in part	• 55	"
Section 28 repealed	•),	••
	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ACT V OF 1908 (CIVIL PROCEDURE)-		
Section 55 amended	. III	2
		and a second second
ACT V OF 1909 [AMENDING (ARMY)] - So much of the Schedule as relates to Indian Works of Defend Act, 1903, repealed.	ce XI	4
		{
ACT IV OF 1916 [INDIAN TARIFF (AMENDMENT)]-		
The word "Second" in section 4 and so much of Schedule	I	1 - 1
as contains a Schedule II to be inserted in the Indian Tari	ff	
Act, 1894, repealed	VI VI	2 and Secor
		Sch.
ACT XI OF 1916 (IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS)-		
Section 1 amended	. IV	2
w The whole Cr. M.	. { · .	1
OT VI OF 1917 [INDIAN TARIFF (AMENDMENT)]		
Section 2 repealed	• V I	2 and Secor
		Sch.
	2 3 J 2	
ACT XIII OF 1917 [FREIGHT (RAILWAY AND INLAND STEAM-VESSE	sr)	
Tax]	1 1 1 <u></u>	
Schedule I substituted	· VI	4 and Four
		Sch.
AOT III OF 1918 (INDIGO CESS)-	- 1 - 1	
Section 2 amended	V V	2
A dm WIT on 1019 (Investor Indente man)		
ACT VII OF 1918 (INDIAN INCOME-TAX)	777	
Schedule 1 substituted	· VI	5 and Fif
Saladala TT ashalilari d		Sch.
Schedule II substituted	•	·) .
Ann WIL on 1090 Elmoust Dubun (Assessments)	151	
AGT VII OF 1920 [INDIAN TABIFF (AMENDMENT)]	777	0 -1 0-00
Repealed	· VI	2 and Secon
Acm VIII on 1000 Flathone Lyn Ewnone on Coord (Altry	-	Sch.
ACT XIII OF 1920 [IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS (AMEN	u-	
MENT)]	. IV	3
	•] • 1 •	0
AUT XIX OF 1920 (SUPER-TAX)	- L.,	· · · ·
Schedule substituted	. VI	6 and Siz
	• •	
Farmer		Sch.
ARMY- See Act V of 1909.	. 1	1
NCC TOP I OF ACCOUNT		ł
	1	
REQUESTS	* .	
ALCO TTINUE TRANSTOLD MAN TA-JUPPAN FRANS FRANS	1	
CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY ACT, 1921	. VII	11
See Act II of 1857.		
Act VIII of 1904.		ł
TTAL Last AN TAAT.		
		1 .
CARRIERS (AMENDMENT) AOT, 1921 . 7	. XIII	11
UNIVERSITY (AND ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD		
See Act 111 of 1865.		

ii

na pela tang mga tang sa pa

e en e

and the second second

5.4° 10 Sugar Sec.

LEGISLATURE IN THE YEAR 1921.

.1	111	

•						Act.	Section.
CATTLE-TRESPASS (AMENDMENT) See Act I of 1871.	Аст, 192	L	2	•	•	XVII	1
Act I of 1891. CESS							
See Indigo Cess, Lac Cess, T	ea Cess.						
CIVIL PROCEDURE- See Act.V of 1908.			•			• • • •	
CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE (AM See Act V of 1908.	endment)	Аст, 192	81 .	•		III	1
COURT OF SUMMARY JURISDIOT See Maintenance Orders En		Act, 1921	•				
DRFENCE, WORKS OF- See Act VII of 1903.				,			· · · ·
DEPUTY-PRESIDENT	(Deputy	Presiden	's Sal	ary)	Act,		
ENEMY MISSIONS ACT, 1921	• •	<i>.</i>	•	•		IX	1
Indentures, etc.— Validation of	• •	• •	i	· · ·	•	¢4	3
Trustees Incorporation of	• •	• •	· · ·		•		2 and Sch.
FINANCE- See Indian Finance Act, 19	21.	•					
FREIGHT (RAILWAY AND INLAN See Act XIII of 1917.	D STEAM-	vessel) I	AX AO	r	•		
HINDU TRANSFERS AND BROUE Application and extent	втя (Сіту	of Made	As) Aoi	r, 1921	1 .	VIII "	12
Rule against perpetuity-							
in regard to bequests in regard to transfers	• •	•	•	•	•		5 4
Unborn persons-			· · ·				
transfers and bequests in	n favour of	2	•	•	•	».	8
IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOOD See Import and Export of		nendment) Act, I	l 921.			
IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOOD See Act XI of 1916. Act XIII of 1920.	s (Amendi	aent) Ac	r, 1921	•	•	IV	1
INCOME-TAX- See Act VII of 1918.		÷	* .* •		•		
INDENTURES- See Enemy Missions Act, 1	1921.					· · · ·	
INDIAN FINANCE ACT, 1921 See Act VII of 1894. Act VI of 1898.	• •	•.	•••	. •	•	VI	1
Act VI of 1898. Act XIII of 1917. Act VII of 1918.	•	· ·			2 . ^{- 1}		

INDEX TO THE ACTS PASSED BY THE INDIAN .

	Act.	Section.
	XIV	1
NDIAN LAO CESS ACT, 1921		de la sur de la serie de la se
Accounts — Keeping and auditing of Duration of sections 2 to 6))))	577
Lac- defined · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	>> >>	2 •3
Lac Cess- Application of proceeds defined	>> >> >>	4 2 8 6
disposal of surplus proceeds Rules, power to make	» X	1
INDIAN MARINE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921	XVI	1
INDIAN PENAL CODE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921		
INDIAN POST OFFICE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1 921	xv	
INDIAN TABIEF- See Act VIII of 1894. Act IV of 1916. Act VI of 1917. Act VII of 1920.		1
INDIAN TEA CESS (AMUNDMENT) AOT, 1921	1	
INDIAN UNIVERSITIES- See Act VIII of 1904.	XI	1
INDIAN WORKS OF DEFENCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921 . See Act VII of 1903.		1
INDIGO CESS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921 . See Act III of 1918.		
LAO	e l	
LAO CESS- See Indian Lac Cess Act, 1921.	XI	ς 1
LAND ACQUISITION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921 . *. •. See Act I of 1894.		
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY — See Logislative Assembly (Deputy-President's Salary) Act, 19 President's decision as to period of Deputy-President's en gas ment in Assembly's work	•	[] 3
ment in Assembly (DEPUTY-PRESIDENT'S SALARY) ACT, 19: LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (DEPUTY-PRESIDENT'S SALARY)	21.	11 1
Deputy-President		" 2
MAINTENANCE ORDERS- • See Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921.		

LEGISLATURE IN THE YEAR 1921.

		·
MAINTENANCE ORDERS ENFORCEMENT ACT, 1921	XVIII	21.
Court of Summary Jurisdiction-		2
defined power to confirm maintenance orders power to make provisional maintenance orders	33 33 33	- 7 6
Governor General's rule-making power	, ,,	12
Maintenance Orders-		· · ·
defined	>>	2 8
enforcement of	37	9
provisional power to make	55 . 33'	6
registration in British India	39	4
Summary Court's power to confirm	. "	7
transmission to reciprocating territory	>> >>	5 10
Reciprocating Territory-		
admissibility as evidence of deposition recorded in a Court of .	,,	11
application of Act in	. ,,	3 2
definition of registration in British India of Maintenance Orders made in		4
transmission of maintenance orders to	27	5
MARINE		
NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS - See Negotiable Instruments (Amendment) Act, 1921.	-	
NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1921 See Act XXVI of 1881.	XII	1
PENAL CODE- See Act XLV of 1860.		1 .
PERPETUITY, BULK AGAINST- See Hindu Transfers and Bequests (City of Madras) Act, 1921.		
Post Office		
RAILWAY FEBIGHT TAX-		
See Act XIII of 1917.	·	l .
See Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921.		
RULE AGAINST PERPETUITY		·
STEAM-VESSEL FREIGHT TAX- See Act XIII of 1917.		
SUPER-TAX- See Act XIX of 1920.		
TARIFF	· · · ·	
See Act VIII of 1894. Act IV of 1916.		1
TEA GESS		
See Act IX of 1903.		
	1	1

\$.*.

de la

ð.,

vi INDEX TO ACTS PASSED BY INDIAN LEGISLATURE 1921.

Act. •	ection.
TRANSFERS AND BEQUESTS- See Hindu Transfers and Bequests (City of Madras) Act, 1921.	
TRUSTEES	•
UNBORN PERSONS (TRANSFERS AND BRQUESTS IN FAVOUR OF)- See Hindu Transfers and Bequests (City of Madras) Act, 1921.	a e
UNIVERSITY See Calcutta University.	an a
WORKS OF DEFENOR- See Act VII of 1903.	2014/08/2014/2014/06/2014/17

SGPI-S22-400 LD-10-8-22. 130