

TODAY and
TOMORROW

Britain's Bleeding Tactics

DAY by day, the British are intensifying their inhuman loot and plunder of India's wealth and resources. Even in peace time, Britain was bleeding India white. By paying colossal sums to British officials and by maintaining a huge British army at India's expense for their own Imperialistic purposes and by other means of exploitation, Britain was keeping India in the lowest depths of soul-killing poverty. The present war which Britain is fighting for her own selfish purposes has further enormously added to the already staggering burden on India.

A few months ago, Sir Jeremy Raisman, the so-called Finance Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, disclosed in the Central Assembly that India's so-called Defence expenditure during the last three financial years totalled over 1,100 crores of rupees. Within the same period India accumulated sterling balances in Britain amounting to 1,200 crores of rupees. Bankrupt Britain is not going to repay even a single pie of this colossal debt to India. Thus under these two items—Defence Expenditure and Sterling Balances alone—the British have looted well over 2,300 crores of rupees within three years.

Even this is only a part of the total loot. In the name of industrialisation, huge sums of money are drained from India for purchasing worn-out and dilapidated plants and machinery from Britain and America. Moreover, practically all the newly-started war industries in India are financed and controlled by British capitalists and industrial magnates. Indian industries are deliberately stifled and strangulated. No major industry was permitted to be started by Indians and with Indian capital, labour and control.

It is well known that even the Scindia Steam Navigation Co.'s proposal to start a ship-building industry in India was turned down most unsympathetically. Sir M. Visvesvarayya's scheme for the manufacture of automobiles in India was also similarly killed. Very recently, when the Birla Brothers mooted the question of starting an automobile industry in India, the notorious Nuffield Organisation of Britain intervened in the matter and successfully dissuaded the British authorities from giving any encouragement to the scheme.

To-day, as Britain is sinking deeper and deeper into economic and financial bankruptcy because of her mounting war expenditure, her inhuman exploitation of India's wealth and resources is becoming more and more hideous. This will stop only when India throws off the British yoke and achieves her political and economic emancipation.

UNITY

FAITH

SACRIFICE

AZAD HIND

161 & 163, Cecil St., Syonan.

ENGLISH EDITION

tel. Nos. 5491 & 3492 Ext. 7

Organ of the Indian Independence League Headquarters.

Vol. 2.—No. 35..

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 2605, SYOWA 20

7 Cents

Bitter War Rages In Northern Area Of Manila City

Nippon Employ Vigorously
Bleeding Warfare On
Foe Invasion Forces

A Nippon Base at the Philippine Front, Feb. 9 (Domei)—As bitter, bloody fighting rages in the northern sector of Manila where the positions of the opposing forces remain relatively unchanged, war bulletins are pouring in from various fighting areas on the entire Luzon battle-front confirming the success of Nippon bleeding warfare being conducted against the American invasion forces.

In the Clark Field area in Central Luzon where Nippon forces firmly hold the heights west of Bamban, preventing the enemy from using the cluster of airfields in this sector, Imperial ground units are estimated to have inflicted more than 7,000 casualties on the Americans. Nearly 3,300 abandoned American dead have been counted in this fighting area alone.

It has been disclosed that Nippon special naval landing parties are extending the closest co-operation to Nippon army forces in bleeding the enemy white.

Imperial artillery bombardment and close-range charging attacks it has been ascertained have destroyed or set ablaze 31 United States tanks, and two armoured cars, and blasted 35 trucks, five field guns, two trenchmortars as well as a large number of machineguns, rifles, and automatic rifles. Naval landing parties in this area shot down 18 enemy planes, including two Martin Marauders, 11 F6F's, and three P-47's.

On the Eastern Luzon front in the Munoz sector, a Nippon tank force charging enemy tank-supported infantry units, destroyed three American M4 tanks, blasted two armoured cars, and killed over 150 enemy troops.

No great changes occurred on the Northern Luzon front fringing Lingayen Gulf where Nippon storming units, clashing heavily into American personnel and war materials are taking heavy toll of invasion forces and are firmly defending the approaches to Bagulo.

Gerbrandy Asked To Form New Dutch Govt.

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—The Refugee Dutch Government in London has resigned as the result of differences arising among its Cabinet members as well as the need for completely reorganizing the government in the light of the actual situation prevailing in Holland, which only is partially "liberated," according to a London dispatch.

Professor Gerbrandy tentatively has accepted Queen Wilhelmina's mandate to form a new Government, it added.

BRITAIN COMMITS MOST ATROCIOUS CRIME ON INDIA'S WOMANHOOD

Employment Of Women Labour In
Coal Mines Vehemently Attacked

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—While feigning anxiety over the continued employment of women labour in Indian coal mines, British Secretary of State for India, Leopold S. Amery, in a statement in the House of Commons, today, gave no assurance that the Indian Government intends swiftly to put an end to the deplorable practice of employing women underground, which is condemned by the International Labour Office, according to a Reuter's dispatch from London.

Amery, on the contrary, intimated that the exploitation of Indian women labour would continue, in view of the fact that the coal shortage in India is "one of the most serious limiting factors in India's whole war effort." Amery's statement signified that Britain considers the sacrifice of the lives of Indian women but a minor factor in its determination to uphold British imperialism.

The British Secretary of State

for India answered vaguely to the question by Labourite Reginald Sorensen, who asked how many women were now employed in the mines, what were the present rates of payment and whether steps could not be taken to bring such employment to an end.

He said he was asking the Government of India for up-to-date figures of the number of women employed in mining and claimed that Indian women were receiving the same pay as men. As to possible future steps regarding this issue, Amery simply stated that the Indian Government was considering the problem and he "expected" to be informed of its conclusions.

Amery admitted that the rates of pay were "low."

He strongly deprecated the use of the word "slavery" when he was asked by Labourite John McGovern whether there was any intention to "abolish this abominable form of industrial slavery," claiming that the work was "voluntary"

Leopold Amery Heckled On Detention Order Of Government Of India

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—Although warned in a previous session of Parliament that he would be called upon to make a reply on the subject, British Secretary of State for India, Leopold S. Amery, today stated in the House of Commons that he still had no information when he was asked by Labourite Reginald Sorensen as to how many members of Indian legislative assemblies were now subject to village or house restrictions and therefore not able to attend their respective assemblies, according to a London dispatch.

Sorensen further questioned Amery as to whether he fully appreciated the fact that the internment of such public leaders meant debarring them from exercising their civic functions. Amery resented Sorensen's inference, replying, "They

Government Of India Severely Reprimanded For Utter Irregularities

The British authorities in India were severely reprimanded in the Central Assembly when it opened its budget session in New Delhi on Thursday. All elected members of the Legislature comprising the Congress, Muslim League and other parties offered united opposition to the authorities.

The proceedings revealed grave irregularities in Government expenditure for the year 1942-43 particularly on war publicity and other matters. Sir Jeremy Raisman, the so-called Finance Member of the Government of India, tried his best to justify these irregularities by stating that discrepancies in accounts and wastage of public funds are inevitable during periods of great emergency.

debar themselves by their action."

Nippon Relentless Drive Continues In China

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—The Chungking High Command today disclosed that the Nipponese forces which smashed into Nanyung, strategic American airbase in Northern Kwangtung Province to the east of the Canton-Hankow railway, are continuing their drive north towards Taii, rich South China wolfram centre, according to a Chungking dispatch.

Saburo Kuru Retires From Active Service

Tokyo, February 8 (Domei)—Ambassador Saburo Kuru, one of the nation's veteran diplomats, who as special envoy to the United States untiringly assisted Ambassador Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura in the Nipponese-American conversations in 1941, has retired from active service in the Foreign Office, it was revealed today.

Nippon Defences Intact, Declares U.S. War Chief

Stimson Sounds Note Of
Caution To Americans
About Nippon Might

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—War Secretary Henry Stimson at today's press conference sounded a note of caution about results of current air attacks on Nipponese war economy, a Washington dispatch said. Stimson was quoted as saying "Although we have been doing damage to the war industry on Nipponese home islands, Nippon's productiveness has not yet been fundamentally weakened. Undoubtedly it has reserves and other resources, while the military defences of the Nipponese homeland are intact."

Stimson also warned that "a good deal of fighting" still lies ahead in the Philippines. He revealed that American combat casualties since the beginning of the war have reached 764,584. The Army's losses were stated at 676,796, and the Navy's at 87,788. Stimson said Army casualties represented a compilation of individual names received in Washington through Jan. 28 and reflected battle developments at the end of December and the beginning of January. Army casualties were made up of 130,266 killed, 396,176 wounded, 91,476 missing and 58,878 prisoners.

Lisbon, Feb. 9 (Domei)—Assistant Secretary of State Dean Acheson told the House Foreign Affairs Committee today that war planning must be made on the assumption that hostilities will "go on indefinitely both in Europe and in the Far East." A Washington dispatch said. Appearing before the Committee, Acheson said, "rosy predictions" regarding the war situation "can only lead us to error." Acheson notified in support of the administration's request for extension of lend-lease.

Another Washington dispatch said that War Production Board Chairman Krug meanwhile told the Senate Military Committee that "under existing conditions war production is already suffering badly from lack of labour. Without legislation we can be quite certain that as each week passes more and more war production will be lost for lack of sufficient workers."

Anti-Br. Terrorism In Palestine Intensified

Lisbon, February 8 (Domei)—Indicating that anti-British terrorist activities in Palestine have increased in intensity rather than lessened, a Reuter's dispatch from Jerusalem reported that 600 persons were interrogated and 49 detained for further questioning and identification when the Palestinian police and military yesterday carried out a large-scale hunt for terrorists on the boundaries of Jaffa and Tel Aviv.

U.S. Press On War Path Against Soviet Union

Lisbon, February 8 (Domei)—Influential American journals are strongly criticizing the Soviet Union in connection with reports from Rome this week that American and British correspondents have been denied access to the Balkan countries, with papers also playing up the statement on the issue made by American Under-Secretary of State Joseph C. Grew, according to a New York dispatch.

Grew is reported to have declared at his press conference that he vigorously supported the right of American correspondents to enter the "liberated" countries of the Balkans in order to "report what is going on there." The "New York Times" and the "Washington Star" both have strongly endorsed Grew's utterance.

The "Washington Star" declared, "The unwillingness of the Soviet Government to permit American and British newspaper correspondents to enter the Balkan countries gives rise to a very natural suspicion that the Russians are engaged in political activities there which they prefer to keep from Western eyes."

Both of the journals stated that the policy of exclusion and restriction of American and anti-Axis correspondents from Yugoslavia, Albania, Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary is something that the American people cannot tolerate.

Germans Will Overcome Soviet Menace-Goebbels

Berlin, February 8 (Domei)—Propaganda Minister Dr. Josef Goebbels in the latest edition of the weekly "Das Reich" in an article under the heading "People on Defence", declares the Germans are confident they will overcome the Russian menace to the world.

Pointing out that several times in the history of 2,000 years Europe and the Reich were in similar danger but each time the German Reich was victorious as dominant power of the continent, Goebbels declares, "We are on the defence. We work and fight and suffer, but we also believe that we will overcome the danger to the world from the east. When and how will depend on gradually starting military counter-measures."

Goebbels further declared, "Hordes from the Steppes will be checked when the danger has reached its climax and has become evident to everybody. Until then it is a question of keeping a cool head. We must be firm on our feet even if bleeding from a thousand wounds and scratches and even if the body of our people is tortured. We do not submit to war but war must submit to us."

Selangor Lottery Tickets Sale From Tomorrow

Kuala Lumpur, Feb. 10 (Domei)—The local government will issue the first batch of lottery tickets totalling \$300,000 which will be put on sale from Kigensetsu, February 11.

Each ticket is \$2.00 and the winner of the first prize will receive \$50,000. An aggregate of 16,581 persons including the eighth and the last prize of \$2.00 will receive cash prizes.

The drawing will be held on March 15.

Russians Thrown Back In Violent Counter-Attacks

Berlin, Feb. 8 (Domei)—The German High Command communique said fierce fighting is going on in the central sector of the Oder front. Frontline dispatches said the Soviets are holding four bridgeheads on the western bank of the Oder in this sector, namely, two minor ones situated near Fuerstenberg, another one south of Frankfurt and the other south of Kuestrin. All of them are not yet sufficiently deep to be used as platforms for largescale operation movements. Soviet tanks thus far have not been brought to these bridgeheads across the Oder and at present there are only infantry formations on the western bank.

Near Steinau, Glogau and Odereck, north of Breslau, the Soviets were thrown back in several sectors by German counter-attacks. In south Pomerania in the area of Pyritz and Arnswalde, German troops brought to a standstill the attacking Soviets and liberated in powerful thrusts several localities which had been lost previously. The German garrisons of Schneidemuehl and Posen withstood repeated enemy attacks, the Fuehrer's Headquarters communique said.

The Soviets launched violent attacks against German positions on the Nogat and Elbing. Formations of the Luftwaffe and naval forces effectively supported the German garrison of Elbing.

In grim fighting in East Prussia the Soviets yesterday lost 52 tanks and 72 guns.

On the Western Front enemy assault preparations before the German Roer front continued. Enemy shock troops which felt their way forward were annihilated. After the Americans had gained a local dent north of the Urft valley dam the situation was restored by counter-attacking German grenadiers.

Attacks by the United States Third Army on the German-Luxembourg frontier got stuck in concentrated German fire. North-west of Eckternach the Germans threw back to the southern bank of the river an enemy fighting group. Near Remichon on the Moselle violent fighting is going on. In the Saarbruecken bridgehead between Forbach and Saarge-muend the Germans regained

British-Soviet Dispute Worsens At Conference

Stockholm, Feb. 9 (Domei)—The crisis caused by the British-Soviet controversy at the "world trade conference" is considered serious by observers, according to the correspondent of the "Morgontidningen" who says the possibility of the Congress being broken up arose from the Soviet demand to invite Italy and East European states to the conference and to vote according to the number of members.

The latter procedure would give the Soviet Union a majority of 27 million members out of a total of 50 million, the correspondent said. American and French representatives will influence the outcome of the difference and it seems they will

Enemy's Inhuman Warfare Method On Burma Front

Rangoon, Feb. 7 (Domei)—In a desperate effort to end the war quickly the enemy is resorting to all inhuman and unbelievable methods of warfare, wantonly attacking and bombing religious edifices and harmless citizens in Upper Burma, declared Bandoola U Sein, Minister of Religious Affairs and National Welfare, who has just returned from an extensive tour of Northern Burma, including the Mandalay area, at a press interview held this afternoon.

He added enemy troops are most disorderly and wild and molest men, women and children. All able-bodied men and youths between 16 and 40, are being carried away while aged men and women are being made to do work at the point of the bayonet. Village headmen and Burmese supply contractors to the Nippon army were without exception put to the sword. Priests are being persecuted because they will not use their influence to help the infiltrating enemy.

Despite all these barbaric acts, U Sein added, the morale of the people in the Upper Burma region is stronger than ever with every incoming report of the atrocities committed by the enemy in the battle area. He further added most areas in Northern Burma are totally unaffected by the war situation while shops and restaurants are operating in full swing and trade between Upper and Lower Burma proceeding smoothly, thus showing full confidence in the Nippon army to deal with the situation.

Co-operation between the Nippon forces and the local home guard has been strengthened. In this connection the Religious Minister revealed that a number of parachutists were captured by Mahabama home guard units who are playing a great part in the defence of Burma as well as bolstering the people's fighting spirit. In conclusion, U Sein stated the entire populace in the upper regions of Burma today is more determined to smash the Anglo-Americans' design to re-enslave Burma.

the initiative after grim fighting.

American terror bombers yesterday attacked Vienna. German air defence units downed 33 Anglo-American planes during the raids yesterday on the Reich territory.

Lack Of Skilled Labour In America Admitted

Lisbon, February 8 (Domei)—Top-ranking American naval leaders are strongly urging the American Senate Military Affairs Committee to approve the latest war manpower mobilization legislation, which has already been adopted by the House of Representatives, pointing out in a memorandum submitted to members of Congress that American naval construction is already as long as nine months behind schedule owing to the lack of skilled employees, according to a Washington dispatch today.

support Soviet demands, the correspondent of the "Dagens Nyheter" said.

Stark Starvation Facing Europe's 'Liberated' Areas

Lisbon, February 8 (Domei)—British Deputy Prime Minister Clement Attlee admitted in the House of Commons today that limitations of shipping space, port capacity and internal transportation have prevented the anti-Axis powers from meeting their pledges of food-stuff to the so-called "liberated" peoples of Europe, according to a Reuter's message from London.

He said that the Anglo-American powers have not been able to maintain a fixed food level or to reach the full standards aimed at in all cases but claimed that they were making special efforts to effect such improvements as were possible under present conditions.

When Attlee declined to publish a report on information received from British representatives on the subject of malnutrition in France, Belgium and Italy, Earl Winterton, Conservative, declared:

"In view of the fact that independent evidence completely contradicts what Mr. Attlee has said and the fact that millions of people are on the verge of starvation and in worse stages than under the German occupation, surely he cannot refuse information."

In the course of questioning, Attlee denied reports that leave trains were interfering with supplies of commodities, terming them groundless.

Aneurin Bevan, Labourite, asked if Attlee was aware that very large quantities of food-stuffs have been stolen in France and Belgium largely as a consequence of the appalling conditions of the civilian population. Bevan also said that conflict between the military and civil authorities in France and Belgium was causing British prestige to fall and was interfering with the war effort.

H. Morrison Reveals Br. Air Raid Casualties

Lisbon, Feb. 8 (Domei)—British Home Secretary Herbert Morrison revealed in the House of Commons today that 136,646 persons have been killed, wounded or missing as the result of German air raids and rocket-bomb fire from the outbreak of the war to September 30, last year, according to a London dispatch.

In the course of the same period, 190,000 dwellings have been destroyed, Morrison said. He revealed that the casualties included 57,468 killed, missing or believed killed and 79,178 injured and detained in hospital.

Greek Government-Eam Talks Hits New Snag

Lisbon, February 8 (Domei)—The negotiations between Greek Government and "EAM" delegates for the final solution of the Greek political crisis, which got under way after an initial hitch concerning the composition of respective delegations, has hit a snag owing to "technical difficulties," according to a Reuter's dispatch from Athens today.

The delegations are understood to have come to a difference over the

Owners Asked To Make More Vehicle Trenches

Motor vehicle owners in Syonan are called upon by the Chief of the Air Defence (Police Department) to see to the proper dispersal of their vehicles during an air raid and to construct more trenches for them.

At a Tokubetu-si Press Conference yesterday it was pointed out by the Keibo-ka Cho that the present number of trenches were insufficient and that the recent air defence practices had shown that the dispersal of vehicles had not been carried out quite satisfactorily.

Motor vehicle owners are asked to observe the following points:

(1) Cars with special signs like the Police and the Hoko Kai are allowed to move about as usual during emergency period.

(2) In the event of an emergency alarm being sounded without the precautionary alarm all private vehicles should disperse within 20 minutes of the issuance of the alarm.

(3) If the interval between the precautionary and the emergency alert is less than 20 minutes then the dispersal of vehicles should be completed within 20 minutes from the time of the sounding of the precautionary alert.

(4) Car owners should instruct their drivers that, even after the "all clear" signal after the emergency period has been given, no cars should immediately proceed to the busy parts of the town area.

(5) More trenches for vehicles should be constructed as the number at present is inadequate. Construction should be carried out before the 20th of this month. These instructions apply to private as well as officially owned cars and the owners will be held responsible if adequate shelters are not provided.

(6) Trenches for ordinary cars should be constructed in the outlying areas of the town preferably near their garages while trenches for cars with special signs should be constructed in the town area where the cars are generally parked.

(7) If owners experience any difficulty in constructing trenches for their vehicles as regards sites they could make use of their garages by erecting protecting walls to their garages.

(8) Vehicles should be camouflaged as a means of protection.

An inspection of the shelters will be made by the Keibo-ka Cho and the officers of the Traffic Department before the end of February 20 and those who have not complied with the foregoing instructions will be deprived the use of their vehicles.

"Zanshi Ki Rani" Proves A Good Seller

The booklet "Zanshi Ki Rani", the dramatized version of the first war of Indian Independence depicting the heroic exploits of the Rani of Jhansi, is having a wide sale in the various important centres of Malai and English are being purchased by all sections of the Indian community.

The playlet was written by Lt. Purushottam N. Oak of the Azad Hind Fauj and judging from the hearty reception it is having with the Indian public its popularity cannot be gainsaid.

All proceeds from the sale of the booklet go to Netaji Fund and a further sum of \$1,271.20 was received by the I.L.L. Headquarters in Syonan on the 6th instant.

practical methods of carrying out disarmament, while the vital question regarding the exchange of hostages appears to be still unsettled.