

Knight's Landing News.

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THE Knight's Landing News.

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Court of Sessions—Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge; 1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July, and 1st Monday in December.
Probate Court—Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge—2nd Monday in January; 2nd Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2nd Monday in July; 2nd Monday in September, and 4th in November.
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Probate Court—Hon. Phil. Keyser, Judge, 4th Monday in each month.
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North-east corner of Union Hotel.
Knight's Landing, March 9, 1861.

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POETRY.

Where They Rest.

In a little valley, hallowed
From the mountain's verdant crest,
Far above the ocean's level,
Far above the world's gay revel,
Just beneath the vaulted heaven,
Where its first pure breath is given,
There they rest.

In the Spring the wild bee murmurs
O'er the sod above them pressed;
And the humming bee is darting,
Passing, humming, sipping, starting,
Sipping nectar from the clover,
And the roses bending over—
There they rest.

There a little streamlet glideth,
Smiling on like something blest;
And the friends from the mountain,
Joining with that sweet-voiced fountain,
Sing a ceaseless song above them,
For all Nature seems to love them
In their rest.

Now the little "Pleasant Valley"
In a pure white robe is dressed;
And the winds, in solemn measures,
Chant their dirge and wondrous treasures,
Ermine robes and gems in keeping,
Winter casts above the sleeping,
Still they rest.

These are but the caskets, folded
In the valley's sheltering breast;
But by Faith, we see the shining
Of the crowns of peace, entwining
Spirit brows, all white and pearly,
Of the loved who left us early,
Seeking rest.

The Handsome Man.

Mr Ferdinand Fitzroy was one of those models of perfection of which a human father and mother can produce but a single example. Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy was therefore an only son. He was such an amusing favorite with both his parents that they resolved to ruin him; accordingly he was exceedingly spoiled, never annoyed by the sight of a book, and had as much plum cake as he could eat. Happy would it have been for Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy could he always have eaten plum cake and remained a child.

A most beautiful creature was Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy! Such eyes—such hair—such teeth—such a figure—such manners, too—and such an irresistible way of tying his neck cloth! When he was about sixteen, a crabbed old uncle represented to his parents the propriety of teaching Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy to read and write. Though not without some difficulty, he convinced them—for he was exceedingly rich, and riches in an uncle are wonderful arguments respecting the nature of a nephew whose parents have nothing to leave him. So our hero was sent to school. He was naturally a very sharp, clever boy; and he came on surprisingly in his learning. The schoolmaster's wife liked handsome children. "What a genius will Master Ferdinand Fitzroy be, if you take pains with him," said she to her husband.

"Pooh, my dear, it is no use to take pains with 'im."
"And why, love?"
"Because he is too handsome ever to be a scholar."

"And that is true enough, my dear," said the schoolmaster's wife.
So, because he was too handsome ever to be a scholar, Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy remained the fag of the fourth form. They took our hero from school.

"What profession shall he follow?" said his mother.
"My first cousin is the Lord Chancellor," said his father; "let him go to the bar." The Lord Chancellor dined there that day Mrs. Ferdinand Fitzroy was introduced to him. His lordship was a little rough-faced, beetle-browed, hard-featured man, who tho't beauty and idleness were the same thing—and a parchment skin the legitimate complexion for a lawyer.

"Send him to the bar," said he; "no, no, that will never do—send him into the army, he is much too handsome to become a lawyer."

"And that's true enough, my lord," said the mother. So they bought Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy a cornetcy in the — regiment of dragoons. Things are not learned by inspiration. Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy had never ridden at school, except when he was hoisted; he was, therefore, a very indifferent horseman; they sent him to the riding school, and everybody laughed at him.

"He is an ass!" said Cornet Horsephiz, who was very ugly. "A horrid puppy," said Lt. St. Squintem, who was still uglier. "If he does not ride better he will disgrace the regiment," said Captain Everdrill, who was a wonderful martinet. "I say, Mr. Bumpwell, (to the riding master) make that youngster ride less like a miller's sack."
"Pooh, sir, he will never ride better."
"And why will he not?"

"Bless you, Colonel, he is a great deal too handsome for a cavalry officer."
"True," said Cornet Horsephiz. "Very true," said Lt. St. Squintem. "We must cut him," said the Colonel. And Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy was accordingly cut.

Our hero was a youth of susceptibility—he quitted the — regiment and challenged the Colonel. The Colonel was killed. "What a terrible blackguard is Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy," said the Colonel's relations.
"Very true," said the world. The parents were in despair. They were not rich; but our hero was an only son, and they sponged hard upon the crabbed old uncle. "He is very clever," said they both, "and may do yet." So they borrowed some thousands from the uncle, and bought his beautiful nephew a seat in Parliament.

Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy was ambitious, and desirous of retrieving his character. He fagged like a dragon, conned pamphlets and reviews, and made notes on the English Constitution. He rose up to speak.

"What a handsome fellow," whispered one member.

"Ah, a coxcomb," said another.
"Never do for a speaker," said a third, very audibly. And the gentlemen on the opposite benches sneered and "hear-ed!" Discouraged by his reception, Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy grew a little embarrassed. "Told you so," said one of the neighbors.

"Fairly broke down," said another.
"Too fond of his hair to have anything in his head," said a third, who was considered a wit.

"Hear! hear!" cried the gentlemen on the opposite benches.

Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy sat down—he had not shone; but in justice, he had not failed. Many a first-rate speaker had begun worse, a country member had declared a phoenix of promise upon half his merit. "Your Adonises never make orators," said a chairman of a committee, with a face like a kangaroo's.

"Poor devil," said the civilest of the set, "he's a deuced deal too handsome for a speaker. By Jove, he is going to speak again! This will never do; we must cough him down." And Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy was accordingly coughed down.

Our hero was now seven or eight and twenty, handsomer than ever, and the adoration of all the young ladies at Almack's. "We have now nothing to leave you," said the parents, who had long since spent their fortunes, and now lived on the credit of having once enjoyed it. "You are the handsomest man in London; you must marry an heiress."

"I will," said Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy.
Miss Helen Convulvulus was a charming young lady, with a hair lip and six thousand a year. To Miss Helen Convulvulus then our hero paid his addresses. Heavens! what an uproar her relations made about the matter. "Easy to see his intentions," said one; "a handsome fortune hunter, who wants to make the best of his appearance."
"Handsome is that handsome does," said another.

"He was turned out of the army and murdered his Colonel!"

"He can admire none but himself," said a fourth.

"Make you perpetually jealous," said a fifth.

"Spend your fortune," said a sixth.

"And break your heart," said a seventh.

Miss Helen Convulvulus was prudent and wary. She saw a great deal of justice in what was said; and was sufficiently contented with liberty and six thousand a year not to be highly impatient for a husband; but our heroine had no aversion to a lover, especially so handsome a lover as was Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy. Accordingly she neither accepted nor discarded him, but kept him on hopes, and suffered him to get in debt with his tailor and his coachmaker on the strength of becoming Mr. Fitzroy Convulvulus. Time went on, and excuses and delays were easily found; however, our hero was sanguine and so were his parents. A breakfast at Chiswick and a fever carried off the latter, within one week of each other; but not till they had blessed Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy, and rejoiced that they had left him so well provided for. Now then our hero depended solely on the crabbed old uncle and Miss Helen Convulvulus; the former, though a baron and a satirist, was a banker and a man of business; he looked very distastefully at the Hyperian curls and white teeth of Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy. "If I make you my heir," said he, "I expect you will continue the bank."

"Certainly, sir," said the nephew.

"Humph!" grunted the uncle, "a pretty fellow for a banker."

Debtors grew pressing to Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy, and Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy grew pressing to Miss Helen Convulvulus.

"It is a dangerous thing," said she timidly, "to marry a man so admired—will you always be faithful?"

"By Heaven," cried her lover.

"Heigho," sighed Miss Helen Convulvulus, and Lord Rufus Permilion entering, the conversation changed. But the day for the marriage was fixed; and Mr. Fitzroy bought a new curlicue! By Apollo! how handsome he looked in it! A month before the wedding day the uncle died. Miss Helen Convulvulus was quite tender in her condolence; "cheer up, my Ferdinand," said she, "for your sake I have discarded Lord Rufus Permilion."

"Adorable condescension," cried our hero; "but Lord Rufus Permilion is only four feet two, and has hair like a peony."

"All men are not so handsome as Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy," was the reply.

Away goes our hero to be present at the opening of his uncle's will. "I leave," said the testator, (who, we have before said was a bit of a satirist), "my share of the bank, and the whole of my fortune, legacies excepted, to (here Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy wiped his beautiful eyes with a cambric handkerchief, exquisitely brode) my natural son, John Spriggs, an industrious, pains-taking youth, who will do credit to the bank. I did once intend to make my nephew, Ferdinand, my heir; but so curling a head can have no talent for accounts. I want my successor to be a man of business, not of beauty; and Mr. Ferdinand is a great deal too handsome for a banker; his good looks will no doubt win him an heiress in town. Meanwhile, I leave him, to buy a dressing-case, a thousand pounds."

"A thousand d'vils!" said Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy, banging out of the room. He flew to his mistress. She was not at home. "Lies," says the Italian proverb, "have short legs; but truths, if they are at all unpleasant, have t'ribble long ones!" The next day, Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy received a most obliging note of dismissal.

"I wish you every happiness," said Miss Helen Convulvulus, in conclusion, "but my friends are right; you are much too handsome for a husband." And the week after, Miss Helen Convulvulus became Lady Rufus Permilion.

"Alas, sir!" said the bailiff, a day or two after the dissolution of Parliament; he was jogging along with Mr. Ferdinand Fitzroy, in a hackney coach, bound to the bench. "Alas, sir, what a pity to take so handsome a gentleman to prison!"

An old maid who has her eyes sideways on matrimony, says the "curse of war is, that it will make so many widows, who will be so fierce to get married, and who know so well how to do it, that modest old maids will stand no chance at all."

A LOVE-SICK swain, in describing a kiss says "it is a draught which passes through the system like a bucket of water through a basket of eggs."

A Chapter in Human Nature.

At a point on this side of the mountains, in Pennsylvania, where occurred the transhipment of passengers from the West, was moored a canal boat, waiting for the arrival of the train before starting on their way "through" to the East. The captain of the boat—a tall, sun-browned, rough and sometimes profane man—stood by his craft, superintending the labors of his men when the cars came in, and a dozen minutes after, a party of half a dozen gentlemen came along and deliberately walked up to the captain and thus addressed him: "Sir, we go East, but our further progress to-day depends upon you. In the cars we have just left is a sick man, whose presence is disagreeable. We have been appointed a committee by the passengers to ask that you will deny this man a passage on your boat. If he goes, we remain. What say you?"

By this time the others had come from the cars. "Gentlemen," said the captain, "I have heard the passengers through your committee. Has the sick man any representative here? I wish to hear both sides of the question."

To this unexpected interrogatory there was no answer; when, without a moment's pause, the captain crossed to the car, and entering, beheld a poor, emaciated, worn out creature, whose life was nearly eaten up by the fell destroyer, consumption. The man's head was bowed in his hands, and he was weeping. The captain advanced and spoke kindly to him.

"Oh, sir!" said the trembling invalid, looking up, his face now lit with hope and expectation, "are you the captain, and will you take me? The passengers shun me and are so unkind. You see, sir, I am dying, but oh, if I can live to see my mother, I shall die happy. She lives at Burlington, sir, and my journey is more than half performed. I am a poor printer, and the only child of her in whose arms I would wish to die."

"You shall go," said the bluff captain, with an oath, "if I lose every passenger for the trip."

By this time the whole crowd of impatient passengers were grouped around the boat, with their baggage piled on the tow-path, and they themselves awaiting the decision of the captain before engaging their passage. A moment more and that decision was made known, as they beheld him coming from the cars with the sick man cradled in his strong arms. Pushing directly through the crowd with his dying burden, he ordered a mattress to be laid in the choicest part of the cabin, where he laid the invalid with all the care of a parent. Then scarcely deigning to cast a look at the astonished crowd alongside, he shouted loudly to his hands:

"Push off the boat!"

But a new feeling seemed to possess the astonished passengers—that of shame and contrition at their inhumanity. With one common impulse, each seized his own baggage and then walked immediately on board the boat.

In a short time another committee was sent to the captain, asking his presence in the cabin. He went, and from their midst there rose a white-haired man, who with the teardrops starting in his eyes, told that rough captain that he had taught them a lesson—that they felt humbled before him, and they asked his forgiveness. It was a touching scene. The fountain of true sympathy had broken up in the heart of nature, and the water welled up, choking the utterance of all present. In an instant a purse was made up for the sick man, with a "God speed" for his welfare.

JONES was traveling with his wife, and for a freak was so gallant in his behavior that Mrs. J. grew uneasy and remonstrated against his attentions as too marked for public observation.

"The d—l!" said Jones, "we're married, I suppose?"

"Yes," said the lady, "but, judging by your deportment, folks will think we ain't!"

"Well, what of it?" said Jones.

"Why, dot much, certainly, to you," said the careful dame, "for you are a man; but we women have our characters to take care of."

Jones was shocked into propriety for the rest of the journey.

In 1698, King William's Dutch Guard left England, and as they marched through London a spectator was heard to remark that Hans made a much better figure now that he had been living ten years on the fat of the land than we first came over.

"A pretty figure you would have made," said a Dutch soldier, "if we had not come."

"I HAVE millions of money," said a dashing young fellow to a girl about to run away with him, "but you might as well scrape up all the jewels and spare change you have got."

Good Humor.

Only move along in the world with your heart and hand open, and you will find scores of individuals whose smile will speak to that of yours, and whose hands will be eager to grasp your proffered welcome. I make these the conditions, because much depends upon the mood the man is in whether he perceive in another those qualities that are lacking in himself. Any one inclined to grumble at the disappointment and vexations of life, will soon discover that the society in which he moves is speedily inoculated by the contagion, and that they in turn are prone to aggravate his sullen mood by venting their hatred upon him as the cause of all their discontent.

I have frequently met with those, who on the spur of the moment, I had voted "the pleasantest people in the world," simply from the fact that I was in the best of humor with myself on the occasion, and therefore in the excess of my joy, was unable to be in any but the best of humor with others, and so from this personal experience I have argued that when we are disposed to find fault with others, the cause of the fault frequently lies within ourselves.

Good humor is not to be acquired without somewhat of self-sacrifice. There are asperities in our nature, possibly innate, that years of patient toil and watchfulness only, can smooth down. For instance, there are some mouths that seemingly were formed for nothing but pointing, as others, are apparently incapable of anything but distributing smiles and kisses. So that the former, in order to receive the cordial reception of the latter named, must be taught to soften down a line or two, and cut loose from all such tangling alliances. Friendships, by the by, are never so lasting as when embalm'd by the recollection of a sunny smile and a warm kiss.

Much of physical, as well as moral deformity is to be concealed by a steady vein of humor running through one's character. I have in my mind at this moment a friend who, while so badly crippled in one of his limbs as to almost entirely confine him within doors, is yet possessed of one of the most humorous temperaments I ever met with. To be sure, he has his sad moments, as he often confesses, yet still, at his business and in his family, he is the incarnation of good humor, and thus, in a measure, mitigates the knowledge of a deformity that otherwise would be painful to contemplate.

They are a clever set of fellows—these humorists—they who laugh and shout the loudest, and always lift a load from your heart every time you see their merry countenances. Good natured fellows, who "take the world as it comes," and go through life as though they had no other desire than that of keeping the world in good spirits. Giving the cold shoulder to Esculapius, and only looking in at the undertaker when, physically, they are unable to laugh longer.

The following is the verdict of a late negro inquest: "We de underscribed darkies, bein' a Crowner's Jury ob disgust to sit on de body ob de nigger Sambu, now dead and gone before us, hab ben a sittin on de said nigger aforesaid, did on the fustest day ob November cum to his def by fallin' from de ribber side, whar we spouse he froze to def."

"Is it very sickly here?" said a son of the Emerald Isle to another.

"Yes," replied his companion, "a great many have died this year who never died before."

THE girls of Northampton have been sending an old bachelor a bouquet of tansy and wormwood. The wretched individual says he don't care—it's sweeter than matrimony, any way.

An English admiral, being about to engage a Spanish vessel, thus addressed his men: "My good fellows, never let it be said that we, who live on prime beef and mutton, were beaten by those who have nothing to eat but oranges and lemons."

A TUTOR lecturing a young man for his irregular conduct, added with earnestness: "The report of your vices will bring your father's gray hairs in sorrow to the grave."

"I beg your pardon, sir," replied the incorrigible, "the old cuss wears a wig."

"WHY do you wink at me, sir?" asked a beautiful young lady angrily to a stranger, at a party an evening or two since.

"I beg your pardon, madam," replied the wit, "I winked as men do when looking at the sun—your splendor dazzled my eyes"

WHY are people who sit on free seats not likely to derive much benefit from going to church? Because they get good for nothing.

Declaration of Homestead.

Persons wishing to procure a correct legal form for making out a Declaration of Homestead, as required by the Act of the last Legislature, with the acknowledgment attached thereto, will find printed blanks, on application to the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS Office. By filling out these blanks themselves, parties will be subject to no other expense than the fee for acknowledgement and record.

H. J. BIDDLEMAN, Bookseller, Fourth street next to the Post Office, Sacramento, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions for the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS.

Justices Blanks.

Blank Affidavits, Undertakings, Writ of Attachment and Subpoenas, under the NEW LAW, for Sale at this Office.

Inconsistency.

We learn from reliable authority that the present District Attorney of Yolo has been handed the delinquent tax list for collection, and ordered to proceed by suit, according to law, to enforce the same; and we are also informed said Attorney has not given, as provided by law, any bonds for the faithful paying over of the moneys so collected. The section of the law reads thus:

"The District Attorney, before receiving the delinquent list, as provided in this section, shall enter into such additional bonds as may be required by the Board of Supervisors."

Now, we don't know the amount of the delinquent list, but assume it is not much short of \$20,000, including this and former years; and the District Attorney has only given an official bond of \$5,000. Now, we ask, what protection have the taxpayers in the event of the District Attorney refusing to pay over the large amounts he may collect? It does seem to us a very loose way to do business. We think if the Supervisors would pay more attention to their duties, and perform their work in accordance with the requirement of the law, instead of getting up petitions to destroy a county paper and prevent their acts from being made public, they would confer a benefit on the people they represent, and at the same time reflect greater credit on themselves for efficiency.

We don't mean to cast any reflection on the present District Attorney, believing him to be an honorable man, and shall continue to think so until the contrary is shown; but when the law places guards around our county moneys, it is the imperative duty of the Supervisors to see these guards properly established.

That Petition.

The following is a copy of the noted petition to enable the county officers to get the official printing done outside of the jurisdiction of this county. As this bill, however, has been indefinitely postponed by the Legislature, for the present we consider these agitators have been sufficiently rebuked. It is a noticeable fact, however, the petition but vaguely sets forth the real interest, which is more fully displayed in the bill introduced; but the good sense of the Legislature placed a quietus on this nefarious scheme:

AN ACT CONCERNING PUBLICATIONS. The People of the State of California represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Sec. 1. That in and for the county of Yolo, from and after the passage of this Act, all publications for which said county is properly chargeable, shall be made in such manner as the Board of Supervisors may direct.

To the Hon. O. B. Powers and I. N. Hoag: GENTLEMEN: The undersigned most respectfully ask your favor for the passage of an Act which shall substantially correspond with the enclosed.

(Signed), S. N. NORTON, Supervisor. E. GIDDINGS, County Clerk. GILES E. SILL, Supervisor. A. W. MORRIS, Supervisor. G. J. O'VERSHINER, Assessor. C. H. GRAY, Sheriff. G. A. FABRIGIUS, Sub-official.

ANNIVERSARY.—To-day is the anniversary of the birth of the Father of our Country, General George Washington. The season is ushered in by recent and decisive Union victories. We trust the day is approaching when our national troubles will cease, and we will again have our country as it was bequeathed to us by our illustrious sire whose birth we this day commemorate.

TURKEYS.—Yesterday the steamer Victor, Captain Foster, took from here 627 turkeys for Sacramento and San Francisco.

Legislature on Fences.

There appears to be a strong effort making to have a law passed abolishing all the fences in the State, or rather, to permit so-called farmers to raise grain without even the shadow of a fence to protect it from the depredations of stock. And no doubt the author and supporters of this measure consider they are conferring a great benefit on the farmers of the State, and especially on that portion of them whose farms were overflowed and the fencing washed off; but we, from experience, and having heard the views of many good farmers, come to a very different conclusion, and believe a law of this kind will be more burdensome on the genuine farmers themselves than any other class. For example: A farmer has a tract of land of one hundred and sixty acres; he desires to settle and live permanently, and benefit himself by his industry, and the State as a good citizen. To enable him to do this, he cultivates, say one hundred and sixty acres of land, he must of necessity, have some stock. Well, say he has four head of horses and six cows. The horses he needs to plow and cultivate his ground with, and also to haul off his crops to a market; and his cows—well, who ever saw a farmer without cows and milk and fresh butter? Now, to keep this stock, he has either to fence up a pasture or fence his grain land; and as a farmer with one hundred and sixty acres of land would not probably want to cultivate over one-half of it, what would be the difference between fencing in for his grain, or pasturage for his stock?

It is very evident no genuine farmer would be benefited by any such law as this proposed one; but on the contrary, would be seriously annoyed and injured. It would prove a premium for laziness, if not a direct bid for dishonesty. It would give unscrupulous persons the chance of looking out a small parcel of ground adjacent to the bona fide farmers, on which he would squat, spread his tent and commence to scratch up the top of the ground—throw over a little seed, just to fairly go through the motions of farming—then erect a good corral or pen, and sit down and patiently await the appearance of the farmer's milch cows or team horses, which, as soon as they step into this vilely cultivated tract, they are seized, penned up and advertised. And now comes the profits. It is no use for the owner of the stock to endeavor to prove his cattle were not on this land. He admits it, but objects to paying damages, as he cannot see that any has been done. But he must pay almost whatever is demanded by these sharpers; for the reason that every step he takes to litigate or arbitrate the case, is at his, the cattle owner's, expense. He must, of necessity, pay all the costs, because the law is against him; hence, to avoid this cost and loss of time, he pays an exorbitant price to settle up and get his stock; and then to prevent a recurrence of the evil, he has either to go and build a fence for his stock, or buy out this crop jobber; and, as a last resort, he pays as much to buy and send him out of the way, to annoy other farmers, as it would to have fenced in the commencement. It is a self-evident fact, that no man can be a good farmer without having stock. It is as great an inconsistency as a wagon without wheels, or a mechanic without tools. In fact, the milk, butter and cheese, and the teams, together with the increase of colts, are the main stays of a farm; and without, it is an absurdity, a visionary something which never entered into the head of a legitimate cultivator, and will never be made to work in this State. No, not if all the laws on the statute books reiterated the one sentence: "Farms without fences," yet it would never be done; and should the present Legislature pass such an Act, the very persons it is intended to benefit, and who, although they have never asked for this law, yet seem to think it is no harm, will be the most clamorous to have it abolished, when they find by experience what they are getting.

We learn from the Horsetown Argus that work has been commenced at the new town of Reading; and also that a storehouse will soon be erected and steamboats arrive and depart. We doubt whether the last event spoken of will ever take place, but we do not doubt that work has been commenced. We heard that one or two lucky owners of water lots in that place were engaged in hanging them out to dry last week, the flood having dampened them slightly. Red Bluff Beacon.

[Communicated.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18, 1862.

EDITOR NEWS:—I have just received your paper, and after reading your favorable notice of the county officers, I thought I could do no less than send an item for your paper. I copy from the record of the Board of Supervisors an order passed February 14, 1862:

"It is hereby ordered by the Board, that the township of Cache Creek be divided as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Sacramento river, where the section line between sections nineteen and thirty, in Township No. 11 north, of Range No. 3 east, intersects said river; running thence west to the southwest corner of section No. 25, in Township No. 11 north, of Range No. 2 east; thence south two miles to the township line between townships Nos. 10 and 11 north; thence west to the low hills, or the county line; thence northerly on the county line to the Sacramento river; thence down said line to the place of beginning. And that the north half of said township, so divided, be and the same is hereby organized into a township to be called and known as Grafton."

The following rates of taxes were levied for the ensuing year: State Tax, 62 cents on each \$100; General County Fund Tax, 45 cents; School Fund Tax, 15 cents; Road Fund Tax, 15 cents; Hospital Fund Tax, 15 cents. Total, \$1 52.

The Treasurer was directed by the Board to transfer the sum of \$1,711 33 (same being the surplus remaining in the Interest and Sinking Fund of 1855) to the credit of the General County Fund.

The Board meet again the 18th of March next.

As the county seat question is discussed occasionally in your paper, and as your correspondent, "Always on Hand," is much better posted on the vote of the county a few years ago than of late years, perhaps I would do well to give the vote of last election, that he can see how much better the people of the county would be accommodated at Knight's Landing than at Woodland, or rather, that they are as conveniently situated to Knight's Landing as they are to Woodland; and the beauty of it all is, they have to go by way of Knight's Landing to reach Woodland.

The total vote of Knight's Landing last Fall was 163; Wegand's, 140; Grand Island, 30; Yolo City, or Woodland, 265; Cacheville, 139; Cottonwood, 89; Canon, 76; Buckeye, 253; Corbit's, 72; Ludden's, 75.

I need go no further, I presume, to convince most everybody that Knight's Landing is very convenient to those living near by; and will close by saying that I inclose a copy of the petition you so much desire. Any little kindness I can do for you, I shall take great pleasure in doing. Truly yours,

ONE OF THE COUNTY OFFICERS.

Our correspondent's figures for the vote last Fall differs materially from ours. He also omitted to give the votes that are as near, or nearer, and a great deal more accessible to Knight's Landing than Woodland. So, for his benefit, we enumerate them: Washington, 301; Cacheville, 185; Wegand's, 185; Knight's Landing, 193; Grand Island, 33; Ristine's, 40; Fremont, 41; Powell's, 50; Osborne's, 45—total, 999.

FAVORS.—We are under obligations to Captain Foster, of the steamer Victor, O. B. Smith and Mr. Johnston, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messengers, for full files of papers during the week.

PUB. DOC'S.—We return thanks to Hon. T. N. Machin, of the Assembly, for public documents.

SCHOOL.—On Monday next, the school at this place will commence under the charge of Miss Masters. Parents who desire to avail themselves of the school, should send at the commencement of the session, that their children may get the benefit of the first instruction in the formation of the classes.

THE California Wool Grower's Association estimate that in consequence of the recent floods and inclement weather, six hundred thousand sheep have perished in this State, viz: One hundred full grown and five hundred thousand lambs.

HEAVY CALF.—A calf was born on the ranch of Mr. Nicholas Walsh, near the Calaveras, on Tuesday, weighing 135 pounds. This calf was by R. S. Bates' "Fourth Duke of Northumberland."

[Communicated.]

MR. EDITOR:—I desire again, through the columns of the NEWS, to make a few remarks upon the "question" of the removal of the county seat of Yolo. I do so, because my attention has been directed by your correspondent, "Always on Hand," to questions propounded by me in a previous communication to the NEWS—of which, he desires a solution. The difficult question he wishes solved is embodied in the following, in which I said: "Possessed of all the elements necessary to make a county prosperous and respected, why should Yolo thus lag like a ragged urchin, at the foot, whilst her sister counties now boast their splendid public buildings?" Your correspondent, "Always on Hand," attempted to answer it by directing my attention to the fact that other counties bordering on navigable streams had wisely established, permanently, their public buildings on such navigable waters; and he might have also added, that "they laid their foundations upon sand; and lo! the winds blew and the waters came, and the wise men were sore afraid." I have understood that the Court House in Yuba City, as well as some heavy buildings in Marysville, have been materially damaged by those navigable waters, "seemingly so much desired" by "Always on Hand," in connection with county towns. Whether buildings in Yuba City, Marysville, Sacramento City, or elsewhere, have been damaged by their too close proximity to navigable waters, I will leave for your readers to answer. It is sufficient for the present that I answer the question to which I have been directed. The "elements" above referred to as being necessary to make a county prosperous and respected, and of which I claim Yolo is possessed, are: A soil capable of producing, in abundance, all the fruits and grains indigenous to almost every climate and zone; a people intelligent, industrious, energetic and determined; a material wealth; "that out of the fund of our luxuries we might erect public buildings equal in splendor to any in the State;" our contiguity to market towns; a navigable stream for one hundred miles on our border. "All these are constituent parts of a whole," the elements which, if properly applied, would place us upon the high road to pr sperity, and secure to us that respect which is the inevitable consequence of a proper and sagacious course.

Now, Mr. Editor, claiming that Yolo is possessed of all these admirable elements, why lags she, then, in the lurch? The answer is plain: It is a lack of unity; it is that partisan spirit, that weighs so heavily in the scale, and to which we all may in part plead guilty. And yet, sir, this very spirit, or pride of place is to be commended. It is the moving impetus that builds up our different towns and cities—and without which, we would have neither country nor county towns. But this sticking to our favorite places will never give us a Court House, and in giving up mine (Cacheville) I am forced to look about for the next most available place; and, in my humble opinion, Woodland is that place; for the reason of its "centrality"—(not its "newness"—a fact against which nothing can be urged, and the lack of which is a great objection in any town, no matter what its other merits are. The commercial advantages of a county seat have very little to do with Courts and juries (except in the way of whisky and cigars;) neither has its attracting advantages for trade and travel, as is urged by your correspondent, "Always on Hand," in favor of Knight's Landing as the most suitable place for our county seat. If such were the case, we might with propriety urge the claims of San Francisco as the most suitable place for our State House. So with the State of New York, Louisiana, Missouri, and almost every State, as well as county, their public archives are located with an eye to centrality. I mean a geographical center, not a trading one.

Mr. "Always on Hand" has very kindly left the claims of Woodland for me and others to discuss; and whilst I endeavor briefly to do so, "be it understood" that it is not because "that I love Caesar less, but I love Rome more." Knight's Landing, Washington, and other places, may merit all that they desire, but the necessities of our county requires that we should have public buildings; and as but one place can possess them, our love, therefore, for Caesar must "knock under" for the good of Rome.

The availability of Woodland, as our seat of justice, certainly should com-

mend itself to the attention of those who desire to have it on this side of the tule. No other compromise, in my humble opinion, can get it from Washington. The people on the south side of the county, "in order to settle the question," can be prevailed upon to support Woodland, when even the trade and travel of Knight's Landing would fail to excite their sympathy, though the glitter of a public building were the reward. The centrality of Woodland—its close proximity to a railroad, in prospect—its institution of learning—its distance from "navigable waters" (for you know that California officials are not fond of mud and water)—these, and many other facts, point us to Woodland as the most unexceptionable place in connection with the permanent location of our county seat.

Now, Mr. Editor, as I have trespassed upon your space and time, I will say farewell until we meet at the Court House in Woodland, where I hope to have a fair shake with "Always on Hand." Yours, CENTER.

QUICK VOYAGE.—The San Francisco Call says the ship Swordfish made the voyage to that port from Hongkong in thirty-six days and a half—the quickest time on record save one—that of the Challenge. The last named vessel made the voyage in thirty-four days.

If a man cheats you once, blame him; if a second time, blame yourself.

In the end, all men find the devil's work the hardest they ever undertook.

MARRIED.

In Sacramento, Feb. 17th, by the Rev. Wm. H. Hill, John J. Bauer to Jane France, both of Washington, Yolo county.

BIRTHS.

At Knight's Landing, Feb. 18th, the wife of C. McGonick, of a daughter.

New Advertisements.

FARMS FOR SALE!

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, OFFER FOR sale, in tracts to suit purchasers, Sixteen Thousand acres of land, lying in Cache Creek Canon, Yolo county, being a part of the Rancho Canada De Capay.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month. Title perfect or no sale.

The above is of the most fertile and productive grain and grass lands in the State, and superior to any for the culture of the grape and other fruit. We have a vineyard of 35,000 vines, and orchard of about 3,000 fruit trees, which show to themselves the superiority of the locality for such purposes.

For further particulars, apply to KELLY, MOTT & CO., 148 J street, Sacramento, or on the Ranch of 122-1/2

ARNOLD & GILLIG.

H A S T I N G S,
S T S T O N,
H E U S T O N,
G O O,
THE CHEAPEST

CLOTHING HOUSE

On the Pacific Coast.

Black Dress Coats.....\$8 00
Heavy Business Suits.....\$12 00
Heavy Overcoats.....\$8 00
Good Heavy Pants.....\$2 50
All Wool Overshirts.....\$1 25

And all other Goods

PROPORTIONATELY LOW.

THE GENUINE

INDIAN TAN BUCK GLOVES,

Warranted not to rip or harden.

Manufactured by

HEUSTON, HASTINGS & CO.,

Corner Second and J streets,

n30-3m2p

Sacramento.

TAKE NOTICE!

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

AND—
POSTS,

Of all kinds, can be obtained at the

KNIGHT'S LANDING LUMBER YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED a Lumber Yard at the above place, is now prepared to sell all kinds of Posts and Lumber at the same price as furnished in Sacramento.

The facilities I have for furnishing Lumber at the prices, is accounted for by my having my own steamer and barges.

I would call the attention of those wanting Lumber or Posts, to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

CAPT. TRUEWORTHY,

n30-1f

Knight's Landing.

Eastern News of the Week.

Condensed from the *Union's* summary.

From Kentucky, we learn General Mitchell captured five locomotives at Bowling Green and dispersed the rebels.

From Tennessee.

Fort Donelson, on the Cumberland river, was captured by the Federal troops on the 17th instant. The surrender took place at daylight Sunday morning, unconditionally. We have Generals Buckner, Johnston and Bushrod, fifteen thousand prisoners and three thousand horses. Pillow and Floyd, with their brigades, stole away on steamers Saturday night, without letting Buckner know of their intentions.

General Smith led the charge on the lower end of the enemy's works, and was first inside the fortifications.

The prisoners are being sent to Cairo as fast as they can be loaded on steamers. The scene within the captured fort after the surrender showed how terrible the rebel garrison suffered. Everywhere there were lying fragments of shell and round shot, half buried in the earth, tents torn to pieces, and gun carriages broken. In the left redoubt, where General Smith's assault was made, dead bodies lay thickly, abundant evidence of the stern resistance and gallant attack being visible.

No officer of the army had an idea of Fort Donelson until they had examined it.

Four hundred commissioned officers were taken.

From Missouri.

St. Louis, Feb. 16th.—General Halleck has issued an order that all persons who are known to have been in arms against the United States, or have aided rebellion by word or deed, be arrested. Those accused of the destruction of railroads, burning of bridges, or firing into trains, will not be released on any terms, but will be held for trial before a Military Commission. Notoriously bad and dangerous men, though no specific charges of disloyalty can be proven, will be kept in custody. Prisoners not included in either of the above classes will be released on subscribing the usual oath, and giving good security for future conduct. The bond in no case is to be less than ten thousand dollars, varying according to the wealth and influence of the party. Persons engaged in recruiting for the rebel army are to be arrested and held prisoners of war. It is also ordered in all future elections that every voter be required to take the oath of allegiance. If officers at the polls receive votes of persons not taking the oath, they will be arrested and tried for a military offense, and the election will be declared null and void.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 14th.—Our army under command of General Curtis marched from Lebanon, February 11th, six miles from Springfield. On the 12th, a skirmish took place between our advance and a party of rebels. Nine of the latter were killed. At sunset on the same day, three hundred of the enemy attacked our pickets, but were repulsed with a loss of thirty. During the night a continuous firing was kept up by the pickets.

At three o'clock on the morning of February 13th, our army advanced in line of battle, and at daybreak the Fourth Iowa took full possession of the town. Price had left at two o'clock the same morning, leaving six hundred sick men and large quantities of forage, luggage and wagons behind him. He had 12,000 effective troops and fifty pieces of artillery. On the evening of February 13th, a battalion of our cavalry captured one hundred wagons of Price's train.

During the night firing by pickets was heard in the direction of the retreating forces. This morning our whole force followed the enemy.

It is reported Price was merely falling back to meet McIntosh, who was coming with reinforcements, and that on joining him he will turn and give us battle. The probabilities are, however, that he is in full retreat.

Later from Europe.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18th.—The Edinburgh has arrived from Liverpool, with dates to February 4th.

Consols are 92 1/2 @ 1/2. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions generally dull and easier.

The rebel steamer Nashville left Southampton February 3d, and passed the Tuscarora off Cowes, where the latter was anchored. The Tuscarora steamed up to start for a chase of the Nashville, but the frigate Shannon was alongside to prevent her departure for twenty-four hours.

LATEST.

PLACERVILLE, 19th.

St. Louis, 19th.—The Democrat has the following:

General Halleck telegraphed to McClellan to-day: We have captured Brigadier General Price, Colonel Dorsey, Colonel Cross and Captain Inge of Price's staff.

It is also reported that Clarksville and Columbus have been evacuated.

CANALING THE WILLAMETTE.—Capitalists in Oregon seriously contemplate the construction of a canal and series of locks around the Willamette Falls. The river steamers can thus run from Astoria, on the Columbia river, to Eugene City, on the Willamette, a distance of about three hundred and sixty miles.

GENERAL MERCHANDIZING.

KNIGHT'S LANDING
General Blacksmithing

JOBGING ESTABLISHMENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LOCATED himself permanently at Knight's Landing, is now prepared to do all kinds of House, Mill and mill-work bolt making. Heavy work of every description.

Reapers and Thrashers Repaired,

And all kinds of work of the above description done at moderate prices, with neatness and dispatch.

Horses shod on the shortest notice.
I. W. BROWNELL,
n7-tf Mill street, next to the Mill.

DRY GOODS.

DRESS GOODS

ALL NEW STYLES.

—AT—

O'CONNELL, RYAN & Co.'s

FALL DRESS GOODS,

Imported direct.

WE SELL LOW,

And always endeavor to keep the best Class

of Goods in our line.

Give us a Call.

83 J street, between 3d and 4th,

Sacramento.

A. LAMOTT,
HATTER.

SUCCESSOR TO

LAMOTT & COLLINS,

Corner 2d and J streets,

Sacramento,

Is the leader of Styles for the State, and has on hand

The Largest Assortment

—OF—

HATS AND CAPS

Of every description, to be found on the

Pacific Coast.

Is selling at 25 per cent. less than any other house.

Call on him and look at his Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Hats of all kinds made and repaired.
nov2-tf

FRUIT TREES.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS THE PRESENT season an extensive assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Shade Trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Greenhouse Plants, etc.

...ALSO...

200,000 Foreign Grape Vines.

The largest and finest selected stock FOR WINE AND TABLE USE IN THE STATE.

We are prepared to sell the above in large or small quantities, at greatly reduced prices from previous years, and lower than the same kinds are sold, as per Eastern catalogues. Also, the California Grape Vine, of two years growth.

NURSERY STOCK, CONSISTING OF

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Locust, American Elm, Maple, Linden, Mulberry, Poplar, Osage Orange, Weeping Willow, Catalpa, Laburnum, or Golden Chain, etc.

EVERGREEN TREES.

California Arbor Vitae or Cedar, Sugar Pine, Spruce, Firs, Deodar Cedar, Cypress, etc. Persons ordering particular varieties of Fruit Trees, will please mention whether they will allow us to substitute, in case we have not the particular varieties named—we will, however, in all cases, adhere to the orders, as far as possible—and when allowed to substitute varieties, will give kinds of the same class ordered, as early, Autumn, late or Winter Fruit.

Pure California White and Red Wines.

For sale by the Gallon or Case, CONTAINING NOTHING BUT THE PURE JUICE OF THE GRAPE.

GARDEN SEEDS.

A large and varied stock of Home Grown Garden and Field Seeds.

All of which are guaranteed to be of our own growing, and being the present season's crop, all are warranted to be fresh and genuine.

Catalogues of the above are now ready for mailing to all applicants, free of charge. All orders must be accompanied with the cash to receive attention.

Tree and Seed Depot, No. 40 J, between 2d and Third streets, Sacramento.
A. P. SMITH, Proprietor,
Pomological Gardens.
f15-3m



New Arrangement.

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The fast and splendid steamers

Chrysolopolis and Antelope

Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRANCISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento.

For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.

Until further notice, for

Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.

The fine steamer VICTOR, Captain FOSTER, leaves Sacramento every Wednesday and Saturday mornings—leaving Red Bluff every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

The VICTOR will leave Knight's Landing for Sacramento every Monday and Friday mornings.

A. REDINGTON, } Agents,
W. H. TAYLOR, }
S. W. RAVELEY, Agent,
Knight's Landing. oct5

NEW FIRM.

L. Greenbaum, } S. Rothfeld,
Late with Godchaux, } Late with A. Ham-
Bros. & Co. } burger.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INFORM OUR friends and the public in general, that we have opened

The Store, No. 137 J street,

(Formerly occupied by HENDERSON & CO.)

WITH A

COMPLETE NEW STOCK

—OF—

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

By strict attention to business, we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

Please give us a call.

GREENBAUM & ROTHFELD,

137 J street, between 4th and 5th,

d28-tf Sacramento.

BLACKSMITHING!

C. RABER,

Front street, Knight's Landing.

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL kinds of General Blacksmithing with neatness and dispatch, and at moderate prices. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY REPAIRED,
And HORSES SHOD on short notice.

Give me a call. j4-tf

LAURENT GADOTT,

Saddle and Harness Maker,

Opposite I. W. Brownell's Blacksmith Shop.

HAVING PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT Knight's Landing, is prepared to do all work in his line of business, and as cheap as it can be done in Sacramento city.

Farmers and others will find it to their advantage to give him a call. n7-tf

F. S. FREEMAN,

Woodland, Yolo County,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO, is now prepared to furnish all kinds of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, such as

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Ladies' and Children's and Gentlemen's Hats; Ladies' and Children's Dress Goods; Gentlemen's and Boy's

CLOTHING,

Shoes, Boots, Hats,

Gaiters and Slippers;

Together with a fine assortment of

Queensware, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware, Clocks, Whip-Stalks, Whips and Lashes.

And a full assortment of

GROCERIES.

Always on hand, and in receipt every week of new Goods of all kinds.

The subscriber wishes to inform the public that he can furnish any of the above articles as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Call and examine for yourselves.

d28-tf F. S. FREEMAN.

COAL OIL IS KING!

THE STREAM OF KEROSINE IS FLOWING steadily at the Fountain of J. B. OWENS & CO., 102 J st.

IF YOU WANT NON-EXPLOSIVE KEROSINE, call at J. B. OWENS & CO.

IF YOU WANT OIL THAT DOES NOT smoke, call at J. B. OWENS & CO.

IF YOU WANT A LAMP THAT WILL give satisfaction or the money returned, call at J. B. OWENS & CO.

LANTERNS, WICKS, CHIMNEYS, Lamps, every article in the Kerosene trade, at the only legitimate Kerosene Lamp and Oil store in California, Wholesale and Retail. Call and see

J. B. OWENS & CO.,
Sacramento.
n30-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, for the city and county of San Francisco, dated December 27th, 1861, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment rendered in said Court on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1861, in favor of Stephen H. Meeker and against Robert G. Arthur, for \$1,161 55 damages, with interest on \$594 30 at two per cent. per month, and on \$567 25 at ten per cent. per annum, from date of judgment till paid; together with \$25 00 costs, and all accruing costs—I have levied on the following property, to wit: Land situated in Yolo county, on the Sacramento river, commencing at a point known as the (at one time) northeast corner of the town of Washington, and now known as the Armstrong claim, and being his north line; thence south 28 degrees, west 188 perches, to a stake in the prairie, from which a large white oak tree bears north, 14 degrees west, and another large white oak tree on first line bears north, 28 degrees east; thence north 62 degrees, west 160 perches, to a stake in the chapparral, from which a white oak 14 inches in diameter, is distant 52 links, and marked "W," and another about 16 inches in diameter marked "I," bears south 47 deg. 15 min., east, distant 6 rods, 15 1/2 links; thence north 28 degrees, east 128 perches, to the margin of said Sacramento river to a stake marked T. Z., from which a large white oak marked Z bears north 51 deg. 10 min. east, and another also on the margin of said river marked V bears north 80 degrees west; thence following the meanders of said river to the place of beginning—containing 160 acres, with the improvements and appurtenances.

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1862, at 2 o'clock p. m., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said Robert G. Arthur, in and to the above described property, at the Court House door in the town of Washington, in Yolo county, at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.

C. H. GRAY, Sheriff.
jy25-4t By A. STOUTENBURG, Under Sheriff.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that I, Elizabeth Huber, wife of John W. Huber, of Yolo county, California, do hereby declare and make known that it is my intention to carry on business in my own name and on my own account, under the provisions of the Act of the Legislature of the State of California, passed April 12, 1852, entitled "An Act to authorize married women to transact business in their own name, as sole traders;" and I further declare the nature of said business will be that of farming, keeping cattle and raising stock and poultry, raising grain, hay, vegetables, and all farming produce, and transacting the business of ranching, farming and stock raising in all its branches; and from and after this date I will be individually responsible in my own name for all debts contracted by me on account of said business. I further declare the amount invested by me in said business does not exceed two thousand dollars.

Witness my hand at the county of Yolo, this 10th day of February, 1862.

ELIZABETH HUBER.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo, ss. On this 10th day of February, A. D. 1862, before me, Charles F. Reed, a Notary Public in and for said Yolo county, personally appeared Elizabeth Huber, wife of John W. Huber, personally known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the annexed instrument as party thereto, and acknowledged to me that she executed the same freely and voluntarily, and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned. And the said Elizabeth Huber, wife of the said John W. Huber, having been by me first made acquainted with the contents of said instrument, acknowledged to me on examination, apart from and without the hearing of her husband, that she executed the same freely and voluntarily, without fear or compulsion, or undue influence of her husband, and that she did not wish to retract the execution of the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year first above written.

[L. S.] CHARLES F. REED,
f15-3t Notary Public.

STOCK RANCHED!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS GOOD pasture for Stock, being well fenced, and good feed for the season. Charges reasonable.

—ALSO—

Stock fed hay and stabled, if required—having about twenty tons of good hay. I am prepared to give stock any attention required. Ranch about three miles from Knight's Landing, on the Cache Creek road.
jy18-tf GEORGE HETZEL.

LEVI HERMAN, C.

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

OFFICE—Up stairs, Front Room, Klay's Building, Fourth street, between J and K, SACRAMENTO CITY.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to securing title to claimants who have taken up Swamp and Overflowed or School Lands, before the Surveyor General or District Courts. State Locating Agent's Office on the same floor. d14-tf

COMMISSION AND PURCHASING

AGENT,

Knight's Landing.

ORDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF Merchandise and articles of every description, are solicited by the undersigned. All orders must be accompanied with the cash or good reference.

S. W. RAVELEY,
Commission and Purchasing Agent,
Knight's Landing.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the undersigned who wish to save expense will do well to come forward and settle immediately.

Those wishing to pay in Wheat or Barley must bring it in without further delay.

NO FURTHER CREDIT WILL BE GIVEN unless by special contract,

THOMAS & BROWNELL,
Knight's Landing, Sept. 11th, 1861.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISING.

THE UNION RESTORED!

AND THE Patriot's Heart Made Glad!

By the subscribers receiving from the cities of

San Francisco and Sacramento,

A very large, carefully selected and most varied assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

Ladies' Bonnets, Trimmed and Untrimmed.

Ladies' and Children's and Gentlemen's Hats. Ladies' and Children's Dress Goods. Gentlemen's and Boys'.

CLOTHING,
SHOES, BOOTS, HATS,

Gaiters and Slippers,

of all kinds, together with a fine assortment of

QUEEN'S-WARE,
HARD-WARE,
CROCKERY,
TIN-WARE,
CLOCKS.

WHIP STALKS,
WHIPS, AND
LASHES.

And a full assortment of

GROCERIES.

Our goods were bought when the stocks in San Francisco were very large and complete, and before the rise in prices; and we extend a cordial invitation to all to call and examine our goods and prices before buying elsewhere.

We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors, and to solicit a continuance of the same; and to call upon those knowing themselves indebted to us to make payment at once. "We must have money."

Grain and flour sacks made and kept on hand for sale. Country produce taken in exchange for goods, and money not refused.

J. & J. W. BALDWIN.

Knight's Landing, May 12, 1860.

jun1-tf

MONEY MUST COME.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

PERSONS indebted to the undersigned by Note or Book Account, are earnestly requested to make payment at once.

The highest market price

PAID IN CASH FOR

WHEAT

—

J. & J. W. BALDWIN.

Knight's Landing, Sept. 26, 1861.

nov9-tf

171,600

BRICK FOR SALE, LOW.

Apply to

J. & J. W. BALDWIN,

MERCHANTS,

Knight's Landing.

Nov. 7, 1861. nov9-tf

SACRAMENTO INUNDATION.

Although a sufferer by the Flood

—THE—

EUREKA CARRIAGE FAC-

TORY

IS STILL GOING ON.

—

I have got

Carriages, Buggies and Wagons

If you want anything in my line, I solicit your patronage. I have taken TWENTY PREMIUMS at your State Fairs.

Repairing done in the neatest manner.

H. M. BERNARD,
Corner Sixth and L streets,
Sacramento.

d28-tf

VAN WINKLE & DUNCAN,

DEALERS IN

IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL AND

BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

Fourth Street, between I and J,

Sacramento.

aug3-tf

CHARLES F. ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

TYPE, PRESSES, PRINTING MATERIAL,

INKS, CARD STOCK, &c.,

Nos. 111 and 113 Clay Street

Knight's Landing News.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

A DUTCH QUARREL.—In some part of Pennsylvania, two Dutchmen, who built and used in common a small bridge over a stream which ran through their farms, had a dispute concerning some repairs which it required, and one of them positively refused to bear any portion of the expense necessary to the purchase of a few planks. Finally, the aggrieved party went to a neighboring lawyer, and placing ten dollars in his hand, said: "I'll give you all dish moneys if you'll make Hans do justice mit de pridge."

"How much will it cost to repair it?" asked the lawyer. "No more ash five tollar," replied the Dutchman.

"Very well," said the lawyer, pocketing one of the notes and giving the other to his client, "take this and go and get the bridge repaired; it is the best course you can take."

"Yaas," said the Dutchman, slowly, "dat ish more petter ash to quarrel mit Hans;" but, as he went along, he shook his head frequently, as if unable, after all, to see quite clearly how he gained anything by "going to law."

But the bridge was repaired, and the Dutchman, wiser than many others with similar experience, never again invoked the aid of the law.

JONES, being a great lover of dogs, has a famous breeder, and the pups are in great demand among those who know and appreciate their quality. Jones has a great many friends, and whenever any of them visit him, his enthusiasm for dogs leads him to boast of the breed of his own. The result is, his friend makes him promise to save one of the pups for him when the next litter is produced. One day Mrs. Jones asked in a quiet way—

"Jones, how many pups will that wonderful dog have?"

"Three or four perhaps."

"Do you know how many of the next litter you have promised to your friends?"

"No."

"You have already promised thirty-five!"

"Well," replied Jones, reddening slightly, and speaking with considerable vehemence, "a man that won't promise a friend a pup is a mighty mean man."

A CORRESPONDENT writes: "Were you ever at a darkey campmeeting?" Well, they "holler" some. One old darkey of my acquaintance was reproved one day by his master for shouting so at his "private devotions." Pompy, with a very grave face, said: "I guess massa don't read de Scriptures wid much 'tention." "Ah! how's that?" said the master. "Why," said Pompy, with a knowing look, "don't de Scripture say, 'Hollered be Thy name?' The master gave in and Pompy had his hollering unmolested."

AN intelligent lady, whose little boy was beginning to swear, anxious to express to her child her horror of profanity, hit upon the plan of washing out his mouth with soap suds whenever he swore. It was an effectual cure. The boy understood his mother's sense of the corruption of an oath, which, with the taste of suds, produced the desired effect. The practice, if universally adopted, would raise the price of soap.

H. VAN EVERY,

144 J street, between 5th and 6th streets.

DEALER IN

STOVES, HARDWARE, KITCHEN FURNITURE.

ALSO

LARD AND BUTTER CANS.

Tin and Sheet Iron work made to order.

—AGENT FOR—

Stewart's Large Oven Air-tight

SUMMER AND WINTER

COOKING STOVE.

[n30-tf]

Plows! Plows! Plows!

J. B. BLANCHARD & CO.,

No. 176 J street,

NOW HAS ON HAND A FULL AND COMPLETE assortment of

Agricultural Implements,

And are selling **CHEAP FOR CASH.** Farmers in want of Plows, Harrows, or any style of Hardware, will do well to call and examine before buying elsewhere.

Don't forget the number—176 J street, between 6th and 7th.

n39-3m J. B. BLANCHARD & CO.

Plows! Plows!

TREADWELL & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in

HARDWARE,

Agricultural and Mining Implements, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Etc.

154 and 156 J street, (south side, near Sixth.)

n36-tf SACRAMENTO.

JOHN M. MILLIKIN.

T. J. MILLIKIN.

MILLIKIN BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IMPORTERS and dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors, etc.

No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th,

n30-tf SACRAMENTO.

LOCKWOOD & HENDRIE,

Corner J and 4th streets,



Sacramento,

LOCKWOOD & HENDRIE have established the reputation of selling

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

at lower prices than similar goods can be procured elsewhere.

All goods manufactured by themselves and

WARRANTED.

Particular attention paid to

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

Every variety and style can always be found

at **LOCKWOOD & HENDRIE'S,**

Cor. J. and 4th sts. Sacramento

and 624 Clay st., San Francisco.

mar23-tf.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

WANTED

1,000 DOLLARS IN COIN.

On account of hard times and money being scarce, arrangements have been made to sell

all kinds of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

HISTORIES,

STANDARD WORKS,

Poetical Works, Poems, Essays, Miscellaneous Works and Novels.

Blank Books,

Legal, Bill, Letter, Note, Drawing, Tissue and Writing Papers; Blank Cards, Blotting Paper, Black Sand, Gold Pens, Steel Pens, Pencils, Black and Red Inks.

Also—a fine stock of

PERFUMERY, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR,

NAIL AND TOOTH BRUSHES,

COMBS, &C., &C.

At San Francisco Prices.

Any of the above Articles can be obtained at

THE

KNIGHT'S LANDING

BOOK & STATIONERY STORE,

Opposite the Steamboat Landing.

REMEMBER THE CASH SYSTEM.

For all Intermediate Landings on the

Sacramento River.

The fine steamer **VISALIA,**

Captain **ZIMMERMAN;**

Will leave Sacramento for Knight's Landing, and all intermediate places twice a week.

Parties wishing to send GRAIN from any point on the Sacramento, will save money by shipping it with the above steamer. Apply to

S. W. RAVELEY,

Knights Landing.

nov2-tf

E. & C. CRUHLER.

COLUMBUS BREWERY,

Corner of C and 16th streets,

Sacramento.

LAGER of the **FINEST QUALITY** may be obtained in any quantity at this well known establishment and at the **DEPOT—**

Gruhler's Saloon,

Sixth street, between J and K streets.

Orders from the Country promptly attended to. nov9-tf

J. & P. CAROLAN,

Importers and Dealers in

SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER,

Safety Fuse, Shot and Bar Lead, Cordage, Rubber and Hemp Packing, Tackle

Blocks and Sheaves, Wheel-

barrows, etc., etc.

ALSO, A

General Assortment of Hardware.

Nos. 1 and 3 J street, corner of Front.

n30-tf SACRAMENTO.

H. H. BANCROFT & CO.,

609 Montgomery street,

San Francisco.

Have just received the following New

BOOKS.

Edevin of Diera, a Poem by Alex. Smith,

Recreations of a Country Parson,

Life in the South Pacific,

The House on the Moor,

Gipsy Prophecy, by Mrs Southworth,

Dr. Russell's Civil War in America,

Volume 24 Howard's U. S. Supreme Court

Reports,

Volume 33 Barbour's N. Y. Supreme Court

Reports,

Upton's Maratime Warfare and Prize Law,

Spots on the Sun,

Faraday's Chemistry of a Candle,

Halleck's International Law and Laws of War,

Belknap's Probate Law.

IN PRESS.

Hand-Book Almanac, and Year Book

of Facts, 1862.

CONTENTS:

I. Calculations, by Thomas Tennent,

II. On the Art of War, by H. W. Halleck,

III. Federal Officers on the Pacific,

IV. State and County Officers, Members of

the Legislature, Attorneys, &c., and

California, Oregon, Washington and

Nevada,

V. Election Returns.

ct19-tf

CHOICE

WINES AND BRANDIES.

FINE OLD PORT,

FINE OLD SHERRY,

FINE OLD BRANDIES.

We ask the attention of purchasers to our large and well selected stock, which will be sold at the very lowest market rates.

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

COGNAC.

50 EIGHTH (4) casks "Jules Duret," in double packages.

—ALSO—

200 eighth casks "Jules Duret," in single packages, for sale low, by

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

MARTEL BRANDY.

20 HHDS. of this celebrated brand, in bond, for sale by McWilliams & Co.

WINES.

CLARETS of the highest quality choice

Old Maderia, for sale by

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

CHAMPAGNE.

200 BASKETS "Piper & Co's," Heidsieck for sale by

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

OLD RYE WHISKEY.

Peach Brandy and **Apple Brandy,** for sale by

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

OLD TOM.

5 Puncheons "OLD TOM," of Booth's Brand, for sale at a low figure, by

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKEY.

JAMISON Sons' Dublin Malt Whisky,

Islay Malt Whisky,

Harvey's Highland Malt Whisky.

These are Pure and Old, and finer than any heretofore in this market.

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

RUM.

JAMAICA, St. Croix and New England.

McWilliams & Co.

CALIFORNIA WINE.

2,000 Gallons Los Angeles Wine, for sale low.

—ALSO—

100 cases Sansvain's

McWilliams & Co.

ALE AND PORTER.

Gask's Alsop's and Barclay's bottled

Ale and Porter.

McWilliams & Co.

COGNAC.

A Small Lot James Hennessy Cognac, very old and fine.

McWilliams & Co.,

46 and 48 K street.

Sacramento.

ny6-tf

H. WACHHORST.

F. DENVER.

WACHHORST & DENVER.

Manufacturers and Repairers of

CHRONOMETERS AND WATCHES

No. 59 J street,

Read's Block, between Second and Third sts.,

Opposite D. O. Mills & Co's Bank,

SACRAMENTO.

We are now prepared to make new

Pieces in Chronometers or Watches,

having the necessary and Workmen to

renew any part of a Chronometer or Watch,

equally as good as the original.

Watches manufactured & repaired

Always on Hand

A splendid Assortment of English and Swiss

Chronometers and Watches, expressly man-

ufactured for our House, at 2 1/2 per cent above

manufacturers prices, which we strictly war-

rant to keep time. Also, a very full assort-

ment of

DIAMONDS and JEWELRY,

In the most Minute Variety.

apl7-6m

ALPHONSE DENNERY & BRO'S.,

NEW CROCKERY STORE.

CHINA WARE,

WHITE GRANITE WARE,

CUT GLASS WARE,

PLATED WARE,

BRITANNIA WARE,

TABLE CUTLERY,

BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE,

MIRRORS, Etc.

No. 162 J street, between 6th and 7th,

aug31-tf Sacramento.

JAS. BOWSTEAD.

JACOB WELTY.

UNION IRON & BRASS FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP, Front street bet.

N and O, Sacramento.

Steam Engines and Boilers built to order;

Castings and Machinery, of every description,

Steamboat and Quartz Machinery constructed,

fitted up or repaired. All kinds of Building

Castings; Saw, Grist, Malt and Bark Mills;

Horse Power and Car Wheels. All orders

filled promptly, and at as low rates as any es-

tablishment here or in San Francisco.

Volume 24 Howard's U. S. Supreme Court

Reports,

Volume 33 Barbour's N. Y. Supreme Court

Reports,

Upton's Maratime Warfare and Prize Law,

Spots on the Sun,

HOTELS.

UNION HOTEL,

Front street, Knight's Landing.

W. G. SEELY respectfully announces to his numerous friends and the traveling public that he has opened the above beautiful and commodious Hotel in the town of Knight's Landing. He is always prepared to accommodate transient visitors and permanent boarders in the best manner.

The TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords, while

The LODGING DEPARTMENT is fitted up in the most comfortable style, everything being ENTIRELY NEW. There is also a **BAR,** which has in it a choice selection of the best **WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.**