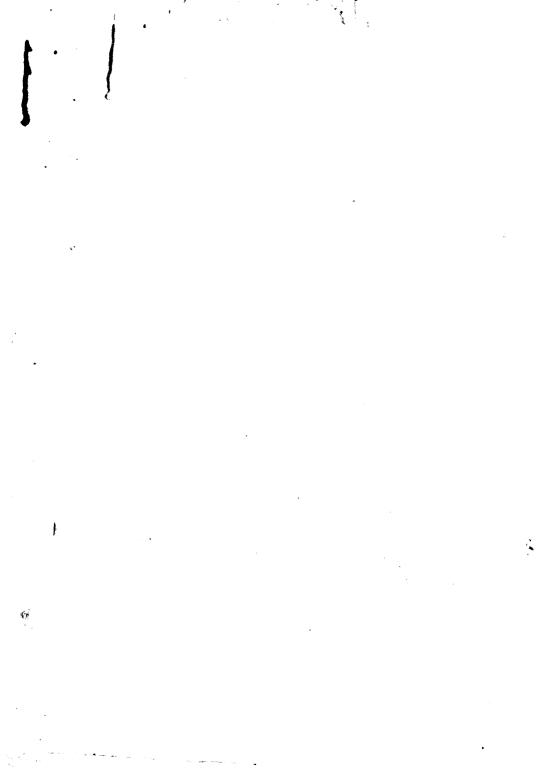


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William J. Ladney.

SIAMESE-ENGLISH

DICTIONARY

For the use of students in both languages

BY

E. B. MICHELL,

M.A., Barrister-at-Law, late Legal Adviser to His Siamese Majesty's Government.

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CENTER FOR SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

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TO

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY, CHULALONGKORN,

KING OF SIAM.

WHO

IN LEARNING, AS IN ALL OTHER RESPECTS, BY HIS EXAMPLE,

NO LESS THAN BY HIS ROYAL AUTHORITY, HAS CONSTANTLY ENDEAVOURED

TO PROMOTE THE ADVANCEMENT AND PROGRESS

of his People,

This Work

is, by Permission,

MOST RESPECTEULLY AND GRATEFULLY DEDICATED.

STORAGE IN SERSIA SEASIA 8-20-87

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สิบิกรมายน ภาษา ไทย

แปล เปน ภาษา อังกฤษ

มิคเตอร์ อิ๋ บิ๋ มิเชล

เนติบัณฑิตย์ เปรียนชั้น ม. อ.

เปน ผู้ เรียบ เรียง

กรุงเทพฯ รัตนโกส์ในทรศก ๑๑๐

พระบาท สมเด็จ พระ ปรมินทร์ มหาจุฬาลงกรณ์ พระจุลจอม เกล้า เจ้า อยู่ หัว

พระเจ้า แผน คิน สยาม

ผู้ทรงพระคุณ ธรรม มหา ประเสริฐ ทรง พระมหากรุณา อุปถัมภ์ บำรุง ศิลปาสาตร วิชาการ

ทั้ง อาณา ประชา ราชฎรให้ ใก้รุ่ม เย็น เป็น ศุข ค้วย

ทรงพระปฏิบัติ โดย ราชการ ธรรม •ริยา นุวัติ แล สังคหะวักถุ

ไก้ ทรงพระกรุณาโปรค เก้ลา ฯ พระราชทานพระบรมราชานุญาค

ใค้ ลงพิมพ์ หนังสือ เล่มนี้

ข้าพระ พุทธเ•้า

ขอ รับ พระราชทาน ฉลอง ยังให้ ฝ่า ลออง อุลิ พระบาท ควร มี ควร แล้วแท่ จะทรง พระ กรุณา โปรค

ขอ เคชะ

ถ้อยคำทั้งปวงใน หนังสือ คิกชันเนริ เล่มนี้ ข้าพเข้าได้ จัด เรียบ เรียง ตาม ตัว อักษรในภาษา ใทย เรียง กันไป โดย ลำดับ ตัว ก. ข. แต่ อักษร อ. นั้น ข้าพเจ้า เห็น ว่า ไม่ สมควร ที่ จะ ยก เข้า รวม กับ พยัญชน จิ๋ง ได้ จัด รวม เข้า ไว้ ให้ เปน ตัว ต้นใน หมู่ สระ

ในวิธิที่ฝึกสอนกัน ฝายไทย นั้น เรียก หัน อากาศ แลวิสัญชะนี้ว่า เปน วรรณยุต หรือ เครื่อง ประกอบ กับ อักษร แต่ใน หนังสือ เล่ม นี้ ข้าพเท้ จัด เข้า เปนสระทั้ง สอง อย่าง โดย เหตุ ว่า หัน อากาศ แล วิสัญชะนี้ ก็ มี สำเนียง ออก ดัง เชิ่นกับ สระ ตัว อื่นไม่ใช่ เปน เครื่อง หมาย เสียงให้ หนัก เบา ดัง เช่น ไม้ เอก ไม้ โท ในไต่คู้

อนึ่ง ฤฤๅฦา นั้นข้าพเจ้าจัดเรียบเรียงเข้ารวมกับพวกอักษรริ รี

ลิลิหาได้จัดเป็นสระต่างหากไม่

ประการ หนึ่ง ความ หมาย ที่ เปน ถ้อย คำ ภาษา อังกฤษ ตรง กับ คำ ไทยนั้น ก้าแห่งใกมีคุณ คัพท์ "a" ข้างน่าคำ อื่น แล้ว คำ นั้น หมาย ว่า เปน สิ่ง ของ หรือ ชะนิค ที่ ทำเภาะ เปน อยา่ง นนั้ ชะนโก เคียว เช่น กับ ไทย ว่า " มะอิ๊ก " ความ หมาย อังกฤษ ข้าพเข้าใส่ว่า " a tree" คือ เปน ต้น **ไม้จา**เภาะ อยา่ง นั้น ชะนิค เคียว แต่ แต่ แห่งใค ที่ คำ ไทย ว่า ค้น **จ**ะ เปน ค้นชะนิค หนึ่ง ชะนิคใค ก็ ใค้ เช่นนี้ ข้าพเจ้า ใส่ ความ หมาย อังกฤษไว้ แค่ เพียงว่า "tree" ไม่มิคุณ ศัพท์ข้างน่า เลย ทั้งคำว่า ปลา แล สรรพ ผัก พืชน์พรรณุ ค่าง ๆ ช้าพเข้า ก็ ใส่ ความ หมาย ภาษา อังกฤษ คัง

เช่นที่ ซึ่ แจง มา แล้ว นี้

ถ้าท่านผู้ซึ่งใช้หนังสือ เล่มนี้ ภบถ้อยคำ อังกฤษ แห่ง หนึ่ง แห่งใค ที่ใช้โดย ย่อ ข้าพเจ้าได้ อธิบาย คา แหล่า นี้ไว้ ใน บาน แผนก ที่ เปน ภาษา อังกฤษ ใน หนังสือ เล่ม นี้โดย พิศคาร กว้าง ขวาง แล้ว ขณะชิญ ทานพลึก อาน คุ ถ้า ทาน ผู้ ที่ อาน หนังสือ เล่ม นี้ แม้น ภบ แห่ง หนึ่ง แห่ง

ใก ผีกไป ก็ ขอให้ อะไภย เสีย เถิก แล ขอ เชิญ ท่าน แจ้ง ความ ให้ ผู้ เรียบ เรียง ทราบ เพื่อ จะได้ แก้ ใช ไว จะได้ ทำ เล่ม อื่น ใน ใบ นา่

PREFACE.

ahl

this Volume an attempt has been made, for the first time, to provide a cents with a cheap and handy dictionary, giving English equivalents for the Siamese words and expressions most commonly in use.

The only existing Dictionary in which such equivalents are given is the handsome work published by Bishop Pallegoix, in 1854. That book has long been out of print: and the few copies which are to be found are picked up rather as curiosities than otherwise at what may be called the fancy price of about seven guineas.

This fact would in itself be a sufficient excuse for publishing a smaller dictionary, the size and cost of which bring it within the reach of ordinary students. Other reasons are, however, not wanting to justify the present very humble effort. In the first place, the arrangement of Siamese words in the Bishop's book is neither Siamese nor European, but has been planned upon a very elaborate system, which can only be understood after considerable study. Thus, under the letter a are ranged all the words which begin with the 1st, 3rd, 16th, 17th, and 18th Siamese vowels. And under the letter s are placed indiscriminately all words beginning with the 11th 38th 39th, and 40th of the Siamese consonants. But on the other hand, the Siamese words beginning with ch are ranged partly in their natural place under ch, and partly at the end of the alphabet, under x. Much difficulty is consequently experienced by European, and still more by Siamese readers in finding words which they seek to trace, either by their sound, when spoken, or by their spelling, when written or printed.

It should be mentioned also, without any disrespect to Monseigneur allegoix (whose work must always remain as a noble monument of his arning and energy), that, both in the orthography and in the rendering of

many Siamese words, it leaves much to be desired. Scarcely a is therein made to give the etymology, or origin, of the longer words, are derived, in a vast number of instances, from Indian sources.

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The scope and arrangement of the present work are essentially different. The order of the words follows, as a rule, that of the Siamese alphabet without any reference to European modes of pronunciation, and thus resembles the order adopted in the Greek, Latin, and Sanscrit dictionaries which are most generally in use. The Latin and French equivalents which are given in the Bishop's book (and given with compicuous success) have not here been introduced; but on the other hand it has been thought worth while to add to words of foreign derivation a brief mention of the source from which they are derived.

It may be assumed that there are at least 14,000 words, exclusive of phrases, in the Siamese language, as now spoken. Of these the present dictionary contains about 8,000. It does not therefore pretend to be an exhaustive work. If such had been its aim or scope, its cost must have been far greater, and its size more voluminous. What the author has intended is to lay before the reader, and more especially before Siamese students, a compact volume containing the words required in ordinary conversation and for the reading of ordinary books. Many technical words, especially theological and mythological, have been designedly omitted; and others, which it would have been desirable to include, have no doubt escaped the notice of the author, in spite of all the assistance which could be obtained from Siamese scholars and teachers. The difficulties of obtaining correct information, even as to comparitively simple words, are almost incredible; and the author is profoundly conscious how unable he has been to cope satisfactorily with such obstacles. He regrets most heartily that the work did not fall into

abler hands, such, for instance, as his predecessor in office, Mr. Alabaster, and he craves a large measure of indulgence from readers on the ground, amongst many others, that while a demand for a dictionary of this kind was becoming more and more urgent every year, no other and more competent person seemed at all likely to undertake the work.

It has already been said that in the main the order is that of the Siamese alphabet: and in the case of all the true consonants, this is accurately correct. The reader is therefore requested to peruse the following list,—

middle)	₹—-t	(high)	\mathbb{W} — \mathbf{f}	(low)
high)	« C)	(low)	n—p	(low)
high)	ฅ J — t	(low)	и—m	(low)
low)	ณ-n	(low)	ย—ร	(low)
low)	ก — d	(middle)	î — r	(low)
low)	ฅt	(middle)	ล—1	(low)
low)	្t	(high)	3W	(low)
(middle)	nt.	(low)	ศs	(high)
(high)	1 — t	(low)	មs	(high)
low)	и—n	(low)	สร	(high)
low)	บ — b	(middle)	и h	(high)
low)	ป—p	(middle)	Wl	(low)
low)	ы —р	(high)	ðh	(middle)
\mathbf{low}) ×	ฝ -f	(high)	(dau,	see vowels)
middle)	₩ — p	(low)		,
	high) high) low) low) low) middle) high) low) low) low)	high)	high)	high)

A more detailed account of each consonant sound is given at the head of the list of words beginning with it.

As the aspirated form of the letter t does not exist in English, it seemed better to render the Siamese aspirated t by the unaspirated English t, in order to avoid any risk that the reader should pronounce the th as a soft sound.

The letter h, when used in combination with another consonant, performs the part merely of an accent. It has therefore been so treated in the arrangement of words; and such sounds as hmaw have been placed next to and inmediately after such sounds as maw.

A somewhat troublesome question arose as to \mathfrak{II} , rr, which, though a double consonant in form, in pronounced as a vowel, a'. But, after full reflection, it was thought best to leave it in its natural place among the consonants, where readers would be most likely to look for it.

Words beginning with \Im , pronounced s, have of course been placed under t, and not under any of the letters s. And the beginner, who is searching for letters by the aid of their sound only, should remember that in this case, as in the case of double r, above mentioned, and some others, he may not find his word where he would naturally expect it.

Another warning which it will be well to give to beginners is that the common people constantly pronounce the letter t as a k, and not unfrequently pronounce the k. as a t. A sufficiently absurd example of the former practice is to be found in the case of a word which is actually used as the name of a letter. This is the word trah, meaning a seal, which is commonly used as the name of the 20th consonant $(taw\ trah)$. The vulgar practice being to pronounce the word trah as krah, it thus happens that the very name of a common letter is habitually mispronounced.

Almost the whole enormous colony of Chinese living in Siam habitually pronounce the r as an l: and many persons who are of mixed descent, partly Siamese and partly Chinese, adopt from habit, or from the difficulty which they experience in pronouncing the r, a similar vulgarism. Others find a difficulty in pronouncing not only the r, but the l, and coolly omit the latter when a convenient opportunity occurs, talking, for example, of Bang-pa-soi, when the real word is Bang-pla-soi.

A great many Siamese letters suffer a degradation of sound when placed at the end of a word or syllable. For instance, the final r and l are both pronounced, almost universally, as n; and the same thing occurs with the curious letter law ballee.

On the other hand several letters, when found at the end of a word or syllable, become hardened into a stronger form, losing the soft sound which originally belonged to them. These include all the letters d, and all the forms of s and ch, which are developed by their position into the hard letter t or tt. So strong is the inclination to harden these final letters, that in acclimatising English words, such as office, and police, the Siamese usually pronounce them offitt, and politt. The letter b, occurring at the end a syllable, is, on a similar principle, hardened into p. The imported letter y (\mathfrak{A}) corresponding to the Pali ny, when occurring at the end of a word or syllable, is pronounced as n. These changes, however, are not of sufficient importance in altering the sound to give any trouble to the reader in finding any word.

The arrangement of the vowels demands a fuller explanation. They are given as in the following list.

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 $\mathfrak{I} = \text{short } au, \text{ short } o, \text{ or short } au$

 $\mathfrak{DD} = au$ and aw $\mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{d} = ah \text{ or } ar$ = short i or short ee= ee= short eu = long eu = short oo or short u= oo or long ul = long allD = aa or broad a $\log i = \log i \text{ or } ai$ lambda = long i or ai $\log o$ legiliar = ow or ouซ้ำ = short am or a'm $\mathfrak{d} = \mathsf{short} \ a \ \mathsf{with} \ \mathsf{stopped} \ \mathsf{breath}$ = very short a

Siamese scholars will at once observe that in the case of 0, the established sequence of letters has been departed from. This difficult letter has been deposed from its place as the last but one of the consonants, and placed at the head of the list of vowels. An excuse may be found for this slight change (1) in the fact that, strictly speaking, 0 has no consonant

sound at all: (2) that it very frequently represents the Sanscrit short a, which in that very scientific language is the first of the vowels: (3) that some Siamese Grammarians, while claiming a place for $\mathfrak A$ as a consonant, also allow it a place amongst the vowels, thus forcing upon it an ambiguity of character, which, if admitted in a dictionary, would lead to incalculable trouble and confusion.

There seems to be little doubt (though it has not been before observed) that I and I once represented the Greek soft and hard breathings 'and' But, as I has lost its original character and become solidified in practice into. a consonant, it seems reasonable to allow I to assume the place which practically belongs to it as a true vowel.

One of the chief uses of this curious letter is to serve as a mute prop for other vowels, which in the Siamese system appear unable to stand alone. If the author's theory as to breathings should be correct, the occurrence of D before each vowel which begins a word would be quite easily accounted for, as it would merely show that the initial vowel of the word has a soft breathing. Thus INIA and INIA would represent merely the English and French models of pronouncing "hotel."

Occasionally the mute $\mathbb D$ is used before a consonant, as before y, which of course has a sort of semi-vowel sound. In the few cases in which it so occurs the word has, for the reader's convenience, been placed both under $\mathbb D$ and $\mathbb U$.

The remainder of the simple vowels present little difficulty except in so far as their position is concerned. They are however, in this respect, somewhat peculiar, and in some cases partake rather of the character of accents than that of pure vowels. Thus the short and long *i* or *ee* and the short and long *eu* present the appearance of a crescent moon, with

they follow in pronunciation. The short and long u or oo are placed, as a Sanskrit, under the consonant. The short and long e English (ay and aa) are written before the consonant, as are the two forms of ai or i (mai meuan, and mai malai), and the long o or oh. The composite letter am is reckoned in Siamese as a vowel sound,—a practice which will remind classical scholars of the Latin rule of prosody, whereby the am occurring at the end of a word, is elided, or cut off, like a vowel, before a following vowel sound. This curious letter consists of a circle or sun, placed over the consonant which preceeds it in pronunciation, and a stick resembling long ah placed after that consonant. Finally the vowel ou, or ow, consists of two sticks or vowels, ay and ah, placed the one before, and the other after, the consonant or consonants which they follow in speaking. This vowel, when followed at the end of a word by the vowel changes its sound entirely, and is pronounced au with a catch or check of the breath.

The short a (ha'n arkart) has here been regarded as a true vowel, though Siamese Grammarians generally refuse it that title. This however necessitates no change in the order, as the letter (ha'n arkart) has been placed at the end of all the vowels.

The joint vowels or diphthongs have been arranged, in accordance with Siamese practice, in the following order.

เอิ	(long ee) comes next after			1	long ee
เอิ	(long eu)	<i>"</i>	"	4 1	long eu
	(ur)))	21	ļ	ay
เชิ	(er)	? 1),))	100	1 1

One of the longest diphthong sounds in Siamese, which has been rendered here by ow and owe, is formed by placing the consonant w after the long a, thus bringing into combination the two vowel sounds ah and oo. It will be observed that in this case w plays the part of a vowel; and it does so likewise when found at the beginning of a word before any short vowel sound, so that the combination wm will be pronounced ooa'm.

As regards the accents, property so called, but very few words can here be said. They include mai ayk as in in mai toh, as in in, and three others of very minor importance.

The effect of the first three of these accents is to raise or lower the tone given to the syllables affected; and a similar use is made of the letter \mathbb{N} h. Any attempt to explain these tones would involve a discussion of very great length, with a disquisition upon phonetic principles requiring an accurate and elaborate knowledge of musical science. Indeed the only way of explaining on paper the six or seven different tones which can be given to any given vowel or syllable would be to note them down according to a chromatic scale, like notes in a music score. Little or no attempt has therefore been made at the very hopeless task of explaining to readers the tones in any word: but occasionally where two or three words, differing only in accent, occur in juxtaposition, the English equivalent given to them has been varied as to indicate roughly what distinction is made between them by the Siamese. No one will, however, it is to be hoped, suppose for a moment that the correct pronunciation of the Siamese language, with its infinitely varied modulations, can be learned by perusal of a dictionary.

. In giving equivalents in English (which will be found in brackets, close after the Siamese words) the author has neither hoped nor attempted

to express accurately the sound of the Siamese letter or letters. All that could be achieved, or even attempted, in this respect with the type at his disposal, was to render in a rough and simple way an approximation to the sound of the native word. Those who require a more correct explanation of the vowel sounds, with all the necessary ornamentation of accents and marks, must consult a work far more elaborate and costly than this.

Generally speaking, the following sounds are attributed to the vowels used in the English equivalents.

a - as in English aorist = French é-as in Léon.

a' - as in English America.

aa - as in English Canaan, or as the a in sand, much lengthened out.

e - as in English end.

ce - as in English see.

i - as in English I.

ie - as in English lie.

i' - as in English in, or French inutile.

o - as in English on.

oh - as in English oh! = French-o-in oser.

u - as in English undone.

oo' - as in English foot.

oo - as in English fool.

eu' - as in French peu.

eu - as the œu in French cœur.

ah - as in English ah = French-â-as in âne.

ay - as in English may.

ai - as in English Cairo.

Whenever a letter at the end of a word is followed by e, the intention is that the sound of the last syllable should be lengthened. Thus pie is intended to have a longer sound than pi; and howe to have a longer sound than how. Whenever a vowel is followed by a hyphen, the sound of it is intended to be shortened as much as possible; and whenever a final consonant is doubled, it is intended that the syllable shull be strengthened and emphasised.

The articles, both definite and indefinite, have, as a rule, been suppressed. Thus "tree," means "a tree" and "universe," means the universe." When, however the indefinite article occurs, it is intended to mean "a kind of," so that "a tree" must not be understood to mean "any kind of tree" but "one particular kind of tree," and so also with birds, fish, flowers, and other generic expressions. In Siamese the several species included under one genus often keep the name of that genus side by side with their own specific name. Thus almost all fish are described by double names, of which the first term is plah, "fish," and the second is the specific name of the particular species. The same is the case with birds, which are called Nok Kra 'chok, Nok Chang Tong. etc., etc., and with a great many trees, and insects. In this dictionary the generic term has in these cases mostly been omitted; as it would have been absurd to arrange some hundreds of birds and fishes under the single headings of nok and plah, and would have been needlessly tedious to state in each case of a bird or fish that the word describing the species ought to be used together with the generic term nok or plah.

The funciful innovations which some busy-bodies are attempting to introduce into the Siamese language have here been rejected; and on the other hand most of the obsolete and archaic forms have been omitted. The

common word lill has, by the advice of the most reliable guides, and after due consideration, been printed without the "lekh paat" which is often added to it.

The only authority which has been quoted is the atmirable work of my predecessor, Mr. Henry Alabaster, whose "Wheel of the Law" contains a mine of copious and accurate information respecting the meaning of Siamese words, especially bearing upon religious or philosophical learning. Frequent references to this work will be found in all parts of the Dictionary; and the reader is strongly recommended to make use of these references whenever he is in doubt as to the exact meaning of any word which, owing to want of space, could not be discussed at length in these pages.

The excellent Pâli Dictionary of Professor Childers has been freely consulted; and I am indebted to Sir M. Monier-Williams, Boden Professor of Sanskrit in the University of Oxford, for his valuable advice in ascertaining the origin of the numerous words which have been incorporated into Siamese direct from the Sanskrit, without passing through the intermediate stage of Pali. I am inclined to think that this latter class of words is much more numerous than is usually supposed; but in allotting to the two classes of words their several origins, I have given the preference to Pali in all cases where it seemed at all probable that they had come to Siam from this source.

Before concluding this Preface I must express my gratitude to those friends, Siamese and European, who have assisted me with their advice and help, and more especially to Hluang Desah, of the Survey Department, with whom the first draft of the work was made out; to Nai Piah, who, by the permission of Phra Metah, revised that first draft; and to Nai Tuan, who, cooperated in the later work. From His Excelleney Phys

Bhaskarawongse, Minister of Agriculture, from Monsieur Charles Hardouin of the French Consulate, Mr. French and Mr. Beckett of the British Consulate, M. de Sa, of the Foreign Office, and Dr. Oscar Frankfurter, of the same Department, I have obtained very useful hints and valuable items of information.

As it may probably be found necessary, before very long, to publish an amended and enlarged Edition of this work, the author will be specially grateful to any reader who will have the kindness to point out to him any particulars in which the present Edition appears faulty or incomplete.

LIST OF ABREVIATIONS.

		F 4.1 44							
Engl. Eng. or E.	and the sale	English, or of English derivation.							
Fr.		French	"	,,					
Portug.		Portuguese	,,	,,					
Gr.		Greek	,,	. ,,					
Lat.		Latin	,,	• ••					
Cambod. or Cam	Mark the facility and	Cambodian.	,,	,,					
Malay.		Malayan	,,	,,					
Siam.		Siamese	,,	,,					
Laos.		Laosian	,,	19					
Sanek. or San.		Sanskrit	,,	,,					
P.		Pali	,,	,,					
Chin.	=.=	Chinese	,,	,,					
Javan.	21712	Javanese	,,	,,					
phon = onomatopæic, or derived from the sound of the thing described.									
Alab. or Al. = Alabaster's "Wheel of the Law" (Trübner & Co., 1871.)									
Obsol. == obsolete, or no longer in common use									
Prosod. = term used in prosody or scanning.									
Gramm. = grammatical term.									

Arithm. = arithmetical term.

Archit. = architectural term.

Myth. = mythological term.

Zodiac. = zodiacal term.

Astr. == astronomical term.

Imper. = Imperative.

Conj. = Conjunction.

Campos. = Composition.

= compare the word or passage last mentioned with that which Conf. follows.

Exclam. or excl. = exclamation.

Espec. or esp. == especially

Num. design. - word used to indicate the number of heads, pieces, specimens etc. of a class.

Vulg. = vulgarism, or according to the vulgar usage.

= refer to the word or place last mentioned. **q.** v.

etc. = and other words or things of the same kind.

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c

(kaw = English hard q or k-Guttural: a middle letter) (kaw) (1) then, also, consequently— ไท์ (intensitive) assuredly, it can _ ที่ 'either, or 1137 - and afterwards (2) (sign of the present tense) กก (kok) (1) to hold in the arms (2) กน (kon) buttocks — หมือ bottom of a reed or rush [50 — mat (3) — 7 (phon.) the clucking of a hen กกรม (ka'krom) weaver's comb กมกิก (ka'keuk) [phon.] to laugh กง (kong) curve, curved — รถ — จักร wheel - Wn water-wheel, paddlepropeller (of steamer), weaver's instrument - nn royal decrees In (kot) to push, to press, to compress 1107 — a fish un — a water-bird - IWas flamingo - I to oppress กกุบ กกุบ (ka'doo'p ka'dip) just able to move

nna (ka'too'ng) to poke, to strike with ็astick downwards — เล้า to beat the cadence in a boat กน (kon) (a word used in speaking about prununciation) - 1191 continuously ที่งนุน — ดู although, nevertheless กุ่น (kon) to reap, to mow, to cut, to weed a pot กบ (kop) (1) over-full (2) frog — ฉาก big frog - 17 little frog (3) place (4) anvil — η top of a house nk (kom) to bend, incline NING (kompa't) rest or foundation for a column or post กฎ (kot) [Pali] and กฎหมาย act, to กมลาศน์ (ka'ma'laht) [Pali] Brahma Nin (krok) mortar for pounding NN (ka'moo't) [Pali] a white lotus ng (kon) [Pali] arms - nen to embrace nī (kara) [Sansk.] act, action, to do (karakot) [Sansk.] กรกฎ (zodiac.)

(karakotahkom) [Sansk.] กรกฎาคม name of the fourth month (= July) กม (krong) cage ลูก-trellis-work nin (krot) water bottle with lid and spout กรท (krot) acid, acrid น้ำ — corrosi water, metallic acid AU - corrosive air กรม (kron) to snore กรในย (kra'nai) (with Un)the blueand-white kingfisher กรีย (krop) harpoon กรม (krom) [Pali] (1) troop, division, โกรวป (kruep) brittle, to break department, chief .- ANING title of a Royal Highness of the first grade - Wis title of a Celestial Highness — หลิวง title of a Royal Highness of the third Tu title of the fourth grade -- NNU title of the fifth grade-11 Depart-

1) IN (ka'n) [Pali] ears (ka'n) [l'ali] neck Wiz-neck of the King

provincial officer

ment of cavalry-47 D. of agricul-

ture - 21 D. of the Palace - 171

กรรภิศ (ka'nta't) [Pali] a well-bred horse กรรไพริ (see กันไพริ)

กรรม (ka'm) [Pali] action, work, sin misfortune, ทาม บุญ ทาม--be it as it may— \lambda 74 meditation, private devotion — UIIW moral precept, natural law - 2777 and - 2777 ecclesiastical vote or proceedings (but see Alab, 185)

(kruat) (1) rocket (2) small pebble

กริวม (kruam) noise of chewing or crunching

กาวย (kruwy) funnel

กุรกิ (kraw) to loiter about

(krawk) (1) dry, lean UN-กรอก water-bird which has a dry note nn-very small child born dead, still-born (2) [Cambod.] to put in ไก้—sausage

niel (kraung) to filter-nel to embroider or weave with gold thread กรัสน (kraun) to be eaten up by

กริกิป์ (kraup) (1) dried by fire (2) circruit, frame, side กริกิน (kraum) lightly, softly กริคิย์ (kroy) briny nin (krahk) (1) firmly, rapidly (2) a . noise fifly (krahng) to rasp, to grate (krahng) a big tree with red fruit (kraht) (1) to drive in (2) scattered 177 - furious anger กราน (krahn) (1) senile, of an old man (2) to disfigure กวาบ (krahp) (1) bulwarks (2) to prostrate oneself—a) to take leave, goodbye NIN (krahm) the grinding teeth. grinders กราย (krai) to swing the arms in walking กราว (krow) with กรา [Cambod.] a tortoise, a turtle

117 (kring) sound of a small bell

กวิ๋ง (kring) to suspect

กฤช (kritt) a Malay dagger กฤคากยุหาร (kridapp'inihahn) [Sansk,] meritorious acts done in a former state of existence ฎกกระ (krit) [Sansk.] with ชาวิร ceremony of the bath for a new king กริป (krip) [phon.] to cut with scissors nil (krim) a small fish กรุ่ม (krim) glad, cheerful กริว (kriu) a turtle กรัว (kriu) to get angry — กราก rage. fury กฤษ (kritt) with ประ common idiom as opposed to Sanskrit กฤษกาน (kritsadahn) [Sansk.] to make: it is done กฤษก (kritsadee) with พรีรู loins กร (kree) box กรีก (kreet) to draw a line with a knife -un to water, -ngny vain. nin (kreetah) to raise an army ក្រៅវិទ្យា (kreeyek) extent from the thumb to the forefinger เกรียง ไกร (kreeyang krai) superior, excelling

រោទ្ឋារូ (kreean) short; worn out เกรียว (kreeep) dry, dry-sounding Inful! (kreeam) over-done, scorched 1กรียว (kreeu) in crowds, tumultuous เกรียว (kreeu) to shout out กวิ่ง (kreung) to nail (kru) to cover up with leaves กรีร rough nin (kroo'k) noise of walking on boards กวิง (kroo'ng) capital—เก่า Ayuthia— ศรี the beautiful city—เทพ Bangkok NIM (karoo'na) [Pali] merciful, pitiful nama (karoo'nah) [Pali] pity, compassion กรม (kroo'n) a little กรีย (kroo'm) often กริย (kruwy) to mark by planting little sticks กรี (kroo) to run up in crowds ng (kroo) at early morning រ្យា (kray) to wander Ifiวง (krayng) to respect, to fear, _ ใจ กัววิ (kra'm) to be exposed to moderation, respect

្រាវ្ប (kreun) to call, to warn แกร (see พระแกร) Unin (kraak) [phone] noise of tearing cloth lings (kraang) (1) (of rice grain) full, entire (2) hard, firm lif (krai) powerful ไกร ลาศ (krailaht) [Pali] lower heaven ነፃነ —the hill on which this heaven is situated; artificial hill on which the top-knot-cutting of a Prince takes place ไกริษรี (kraison) [Sansk.] lion lnin (kroke) (1) deep valley (2) gurgling — NICATU to saw a plank into laths ไกรง (krohng) inside (as of a ship) โกริทิ (krote) to get angry lifu (krone) to fall off, to be stripped หา --- bald ไกริย (krowy) a fish ເຄີວີໃຊ້ (krau') (1) cuirass (2) brittle กรา (kra'm) with มร seed of a tree

กรา (kra'm) pulp (kra') tortoise shell n∩ - black กระ spots on over-ripe fruit กระกร กระกรม (kra'kree kra'krom) quick, hasty กระเกณท์ (kra'ken) (see กะ เกณฑ์) กรัวเกษ (kara'kett) (see การิเกิก) reed non - yellow sweet-smelling flower of reed natha (kra'kohng) (see ha) to keep up the price กระโกน (kra'kone) to call from afar กระจก (kra'chok) and — สอง lookingglass, mirror - 97 white of the eve สกิง — to look in a glass กระจน (kra'chon) small deer กระจัด (kra'chaw) chirping กระจาก (kra'chawk) sparrow — เทษ ostrich กระจาน (kra'chawm) walking in water (kra'choy) small—วิกิป a child, childish 172974 (kra'chahng) clear, limpid กระจาด (kra'chaht) a basket for ve-

getables or other eatables กระจาน (kra'ehahn) (see 174) (kra'charp) hedge sparrow, a. กระจาย small field bird กระจัก (kra'chit) กระจัดย and กระจังน small, minute กระจิป (kra'chip) (phon.) a small bird whose note is like "chip, chip" กระชิว (kra'chew) [Chin.] small การจก (kra'choo'k) sundry small things ការៈ។ (kra'choo'n) to touch lightly (kra'choo'p) oil bottle, small กระขย lamp กระจุด (kra'choot) a reed กระเจ็ง (kra'cheung) roaming, wander-กระแระ (kra'chaa') perfumes กระโจน (kra'chone) to jump 113: 111 (kra'chome) (1) to rush upon (2) a tent for vapour baths Wi - swaddling clothes, tent กระเจา (kra'chow) a kind of hemp การเจาร (kra'chaw) white spots on the eyeball

fi3:9: (kra'cha') bright niil (kra'cha'ng) carved or chased leaves

าาระจับ (kra'cha'p) a avater plant indented กระจับย์ (kra'cha'p pee) guitar * FIRI (kra'chong) a worm which eats

กระนาก (kra'chawk) (1) to gush out, (2) to indent, to notch (3) to move

from side to side

rica

กระวาย (kra'chawn) to be blown about, to rock

กระนก (kra'choo'k) ball of cotton (kra'choo't) to pull gently กระนิก กรยกัน (kra'choo'n) to push, to poke กระนย กระเนก (kra'chuy kra'chake) to squander; prodigal

กระนา (kra'choot) to splash, or be splashed, with mud

niinn (kra'chake) wearied

(kra'chate) a water-plant กระเนก eaten as salad

lame, limping

กระโทม (kra'chome) [with ผก]a plant การเการ (kra'chaw) to keep gushing or jumping out

กระสาน (kra'chawn) cullender แมลง - a cricket used in fishing

กระสาย (kra'choy) (1) handsome (of women) (2) dancing woman

กระชาก (kra'chahk) to drag off. to drag about

กระชานาศ (kraicharmart) gold produced in water

กระชาป (kra'chai) a sort of ginger กระชาง (kra'ching) parasol made of leaves Mu — a tree

กระท (kra'chee) a small fish

กระเทียง (kra'cheeang) oar ท — noose for attaching oars to the post or

peg serving as a rowlock กระเทียท (kra'cheeat) an amulet

กระชา (kra'choo'k) one sixteenth of a inclusior load

กระกุม (kra'choo'm) and กระกุม solid, firm, robust

กระโนกกระแนก (kra'choké kra'chaak) กระเทอ (kra'cherr) a measure of five tanans

าวรูแขง (kra'chaang) leaves sewn together for roofing

การแทร (kra'chaa'') to graze, to touch lightly

กรภิชา (kra'choke) to pounce upon, to pursue

กระเทิ (kra'chow) basket for washing rice or collecting anything

กระชะ (kra'cha') long basket

for keeping fish in water (2) to hang up as a scare-crow

กระชน (kra'ch'an) to push, to press

11379 113794 (kra,cha'p kra'cha'n) to walk with firm steps

na: II (kra'sip) [Sansk.] to whisper, to speak low

กระชุง (kra'soo'ng) liberal, prodigal าย าย (kra'senn) to penetrate or get in sideways

กระเทอ (kra'serr) stupid, silly

การเชร (kra'say') and การโช (kra'soh) weak language

กระเชีย (kra'seun) to wander aimlessly, to stray

NICHTS (kra'saa') to push

กระจัน (kra'tinn) [Pali] solemn procession หลูก — annual procession to the temples (in autumn) with offerings to the priests

กระเนร (kra'na') [Pali] gold

กระกา (kra'dok) higher on one side than the other

nrm (kra'dong) sciatica — nrmii boards of all kinds

กระกัง (kra'dong) hand-fan, open basket

กระกิวน (kra'dooan) to drive a wed go กระกิวม (kra'dooam) crawling

กระกอง (kra'dong) like the back of a

tortoise - 7 clitoris feminæ

กระกอ (kra'daw) pudenda viri

กระกอน (kra'dawn) to start back, rebound

กระกษา (kra'daum) a medicinal creeping plant

กระกา (kra'dark) to go back, to give up, abandon

niinn and (kra'dahng lahng) rough and rude, obstinate, incorrigible กระที่วัง (kra'dahng) hard กระที่วัน (kra'darn) plank, board — ชะนวน black board or slate for writing on

กระทาษ (kra'dart) [Portug.] paper กระทาษ (kra'dik) to palpitate, to move กระทิง (kra'dig) [phon.] little bell กระทิง (kra'dee) (1) to lift with a lever (2) a fish shaped like a leaf กระทิง (kra'dee) to tickle กระทิง (kra'deeat) (1) to carry on the hip or side (2) a little, rather

กระเทียก (kra'deuak) to put in little by little, to swallow with difficulty กระเทียง (kra'deuang) beam or fulcrum of a lever ลีย — the news spreads กระทัง (kra'doo'ng) waddling กระทัง (kra'doo'm) button วัง — button hole

bell hung on buffaloes' or other

animals' necks

กระกุมกิ (kra'doom'pee) [Pali] mean, low, common people

กระเทิก (kra'dook) bone
กระเทิน (kra'den) to leap up, rebound
กระเทิน (kra'dertt) to exceed in height
กระเทิน (kra'dayo) to drive about
กระเทิน (kra'dai) [colloq.] ladder —กิง
a creeping plant
กระเทิก (kra'doke) and กระโทก to

oscillate, skip; indecent movements

insting (kra'dohng) back-bone of a

fish in — mast

insting (kra'done) a tree of which the

bark is used as litter for elephants.

113 1919 (kra'dow) [Cambod.] hot

กระเค้า (kra'dow) and กระโคก indecent movements

nfilling (kra'daw) to make a noise with the mouth like the cackling of a hen

กระทัก (kra'da'k) infirm, weak

forms) a tree

กระทาก (kra'tok) กระทาก and กระ)ัทก [phon.] cackling of the hen after laying an egg กรมทริป (kra'troey) with หญ้า a burr, a prickly plant which sticks to the clothing

กระไทร (kra'trai) scissors ขา — jaws เหยียว — sparrow-hawk

กระที่วี (kra'tooa) a parrot

กระทั่ย ที่วิด (kra'toy teewit) a field bird

กระที่วับ (kra'tai) (1) hare, rabbit — บ้า hare — บ้าน tame rabbit (2) iron scraper in the shape of a hare for rasping cocoa-nut

กระทิก (kra'tik) (1) bottle, jug, a measure of about one pint — วิก small; little child (2) beating of the pulse

ារិះគ្រឿ៖ (kra'teuang) to get gradually better, convalescent

กระคา (kra'tco'k) to pull, to disturb with noises — กระคาก restless; to make known

กระทัน (kra'too n) to touch, to stir up

กระทั่งเร็ง (kra'tayng rayng) a gay woman who caresses children

กระเด็น (kra'tenn) a kingfisher (" haleyon omnicolor")

nfill (kra'taa) (1) a white squirrel; to run about like a squirrel (2) a small gong or cymbal

filling (kra'taang) emulation, zeal

กระโต้ (kra'to) a bird — ในรี parrot กระตัก (kra'ta'k) goad

กระดง (kra'ta'ng) urine

กรรคญญ (kra'ta'n yoo) [Pali] faithful, grateful

าวรถิก (kra'tot) to retire

ារារា (kra'tahng) water-jar, vase, pitcher

กระกิน (kra'tinn) (with คน) a tree having a sweet scented yellow flower กระโถน (kra'tone) spittoon

กริทุก (kra'tok) to fan, to winnow, to disentangle by pulling the end of a bow or loop — วิกa plant, a shrub

night (kra'tong) (1) thwarts, seats for oarsmen, (2) baskets and floats made of leaves, rafts made of the green trunks of banana trees etc.. on which are floated offerings to the river-angel and — the ceremony of floating or launching the illuminated rafts (in October and ln — a young cock November) รูโลว — a fish — นา small mound of earth bounding a paddy field -ANN argument, the fact of a matter — [M] a long thin fish [U] — to make a basket or tray by folding leaves or paper, etc.

วะทร์] (kra'top) to strike or jump

against, to attack indirectly

niinii (kra'sooang) laws, edicts, jurisprudence

กระทอ (kra'taw) a basket

กระหอก (kra'tawk) masturbari

การที่อนู (kra'tawn) (1) to jump, to rebound (2) a round fruit

กระทอม (kra'tawm) cottage, hut ดูมู
— a tree of which the leaves are
used for eating as an opiate

กระทั่งแกระแท้ม (kra'tawm kra'taam)
parsimony, economical

กระทา (kra'tah) (1) partridge (2) male

กระทาชาย (kra'tah chai) male; man

าวรูทุ่าน (kra'tahn) to tremble, to be shaken

กระทาย (kra'tai) (1) a basket (2) to clean rice, to witnow

กระที่ (kra'tee') cocoa-nut oil

กระที่ง (kra'ting) a long slippery fish without scales วัว — wild ox ทั้ง — a tree

กระเทยม (kra'teeam) garlic

กระที่ย (kra'teup) (1) to stamp with the foot (2) sensitive plant

กระที่สี (kra'teu) an edible root

กระทุง (kra'too'ng) pelican — ภิกูปแพ pelican when floating

ກີວະທັງ (kra'too'ng) to push, to poke, to strike downwards with a stick

— เสา to beat the cadence in a boat

กระทุม (kra'too'm) (1) a flowering tree

(2) to beat the water with the hands and feet

กระท์ (kra'too) pillars or columns of an enclosure; principal parts เป็น—principal thing

การเทย (kra'toy) neither male nor female, neuter

iif (kra'tayray) to wander about

กระแทก (kra'taak) to hit against

Nillnz (kra'taa) a small cart ...

กระเทาร (kra'taw) to be opened, split, to be peeled

กระทำ (kra'ta'm) to do, act

กระทธ (kra'ta') frying pan

กระทั่ง (kra'ta'ng) as far as — ที่ท india rubber plant

กระหนุก (kra'nok) (1) to tremble with fear (2) sculptures, decorations

กระหนาก (kra'nahk) a tree

กระหนาน (kra'nahn) a tree

กระหนาย (kra'nahp) to press together กระบาลิ (kra'bahn) [Cambod.] (1) head กระยุ (kra'nee) in this way, thus กิง although

กระแนะ (kra'naa) importunate กระใน (kra'nai) a bird

การในนี้ (kra'nohn) on the other side, there

(kra'na'm) repeatedly, per-กร**ะห**น้า sistently, much

กระหนัก (kra'na'k) certain, assuredly

กระบุน (kra'na'n) in that way, so กึ่ง although

กระบก (kra'bok) wild almond tree

กระบวน (kra'booan) manner, order, coquetry

กระบาย (kra'booi) cocoa-nut drinking vessel with a handle attached, la dle

กระบัติก (kra'bawk) piece of bamboo used as a drinking vessel - M7 cavity of the eye - RIN syringe

กระบอง (kra'bawng) long thick stick 121 — thick stick

กระบาก (kra'bark) a tree

กระบาย (kra'bai) open bamboo basket with four projecting corners

sacrifice offered to demons IWn - (a word of abuse) eat

กระย (kra'bee') decayed vegetable matter in pools

กระเง (kra'bing) and กระบวน (kra'booan) dissimulation

กระบุท (kra'bitt) (1) dissimulation (2) to tie with rattan, tie, fasten

กระโล (krabin) [Pali] (1) monkey (2) Kabin (town)

การปี (kra'bee) sword, sword-blade

กระเทยก (kra'beeat) (1) to tighten, condense, oppress (2) the fourth part of an inch

กรีรูเบียน (kra'beean) a tree of which the seed produces madness or intoxication

กระบัติ (kra'beu) [Cambod.] buffalo

กระเยอง (kra'beuang) tile, earthenware

กระบิง (kra'boo'ng) basket, bamboo basket round at the top and square at the bottom

กระบน (kra'boon) a forest tree bearing fruit like a pomegranate

กระบุน กระบาม (kra'boom kra'barm) rude, rough, badly brought up

กระบุง (kra'beng) to swell (kra'benn) tail or end of the panung 197 — ray or skate (a sea fish) - 40 flying fish ngallil (kra'baa) see liii figure (kra'baak) a tree of which the wood is used for making oars fifelily (kra'baang) to tighten with a rope, to tie, to wrap together Marille (kra'baa') (1) a block, a small riece (2) net of about a hundred fect long — 12 small กระโยฝ (kra'bome) [Cambod.] embrace กระเที (kra'ba'ng)(1) white lead, white paint (2) hurdles — ঝিটোন hurdles for catching fish (3) to cover; the guard of a sword NICLA (kra'ba't) to defraud กระปริก (kra'prip) fine (of rain) fifelify (kra'prong) bamboo network to protect fruit on a tree กระบากระแบ (kra'paw kra'paa) bruised, half broken, weak กระปักร (kra'pong) [Chin.] tin pail (kra'pee') essence of prawns

(used in curry)

กระบัยธ and กะบัยธ (ka'piya) กับบี่ยะ) กระปก (kra'poo'k) jug, pitcher, bottle กระไปก (kra'poke) scrotum ลก — testicles กระเป๋า (kra'pow) [Chin.] small tobacco pouch, pocket pouch strung round fight (kra'paw) point — IIMIII bezil of a ring 11354 (kra'pom) I (to a superior) กระโผลก (kra'ploke) to limp, to go lame กโซผูก (kra'peek) the fourth part of a ทยาย nizwn (kra'pok) to pick up กระพง(kra'pong) a sea fish — ไก่ hem about to lay Man - a bivalve shell กระพรานุ (kra'pruan) small bell กระฟร้าง (kra'prahng) confusedly nicwing (kra'praht) dirtily, carelesslv. slovenly กระพริย ตา (kra'prip tah) to wink กระพาน (kra'proo'n) mollusc กระเพรา (kra'prow) sweet basil กระพลิกง กระแพลง (kra'plong kra'-

plaang) to limp, hesitate; staggering.

nf; Wo (kra'paw) a tree NIWIN (kra'pahk) a fish (kra'parp na'm) a river กระพาย นา tortoise NICWA (kra'peu) to shake, to flap (the wings) (kra'peuam) splashing of กระเพอม water กวะพัง (kra'poong) cavity, hollow กระพม (kra'poo'm) (1) thicket, plantation (2) anything of a conical shape 117 - hands with the finger tips joined กระเพอ กระพก (kra'perr kra'pok) delirious from fever, careless กระเพิก (kra'perk) to destroy, root out กระเพิก (kra'pert) to expel, eject nfilm; (kra'paw) (1) stomach (2) a basket — [UU] bladder — 9 large gut - y jug NIW! (kra'pa'ng)' projection of rock or earth กระพงใหม (kra'pa'ng hohm) a tree NIWH (kra'pa'n) talisman to preserve

from wounds

กระพม (kra'phoom) to watch over — กระพาย greedily, excessively, abundantly กระมล (kra'mon) [Pali] heart, chest กระหมวก (kra'mooat) to bind round TINHPL (kra'mom) top, summit 9 3 - Prince, King: to raise - 24 (to Princes) กระเทท (kra'moo't) [Pali] lotus กระเบ็ดไว้ (kra'met wai) and กระเม็ด nillah to reserve for the future กระแหมย (kra'maap) to press in, to squeeze together, to compress กระมง (kra'ma'ng) perchance, perhaps กวิรูปกุง (kra'yong) to stagger กระยา (kra'yah) [Cambod.] food, rice — গ্র beggar — গ্রাপ cakes for the end of the 10th month กระโย่ (kra'yoh) falling การใหญ่ง (kra'yohng) to run quickly on tip-toe กระยา (kra'ya') (1) sweepings, offscourings (2) knife with crooked handle for cutting grass กระหยุค (kra'ya't) to set aside; little by little กระวิชิก (kra'rawk) squirrel

haste .

กระรัยง (kra'rong) กระแรง (kra'raang) กระสาการ (kra'lah kan) and กระสากรา and niii (kra'ring) imperfect, insignificant กระเรียน (kra'reean) a bird with a red neck กระวัง (kra'roo'ng) and กระรับ (kra'roo'p) to bungle กรรร (kra'rai) what? how? — เลีย (exclam. of surprise) it cannot be understood การรายน (kra'ra'boon) and การแร (see การูแร้) camphor กระระพฤกษ (kra'ra'proo'k) and การะ พฤกษ better กลปพฤกษ [Sansk.] a fabulous tree (bearing money, jewels etc. as fruit) (Alab. 216) an - limes enclosing money or tickets and thrown as largesses Mu - pole on which such limes are fixed before being thrown M7the morning star, Venus niii (kra'ra'ng) a shell fish กระวงคน (kra'ra'ng tanoo) Tringano NJ:JA (ka'ra't) [Engl,] carat กระสนุ กระสาน (kra'lon kra'lahn) in

กระกา (kra'lah) nut of the palm tree

(better ทิลาการ์) [Pali] judge กระหลาป่า (kra'lah bar) Batavia กระลาสี (kra'lah see) sailors กระลาไหม (kra'la'home) [Cambod.] Minister of War and of the Western provinces กระลิกาล (kra'li' kahlee) corrupt, dissolute กระกง (kra'ling) a small green parrot: แขก - black Indians กระหลับ (kra'lip) quickly กระสมพก (kra'loo'mpoo'k) (better MALW?) (1) mallet (2) a fish (3) a กระเลวราก (kra'laywarahk) better กูเพื Jege [Pali] dead body, corpse กระแหล่น (kra'lenn) nearly, almost กระได้ (kra'loh) small basket varnished over and coloured black กระไหลิก (kra'loke) (1) skull (2) a cup made of cocoa-nut กระหล้า (kra'la'm) cabbage กระด้าพร (kra'la'mpon) a river fish กระดาพก . (kra'la'mpa'k) a scented wood (used in medicine)

- กรรล้าภชก (kra'la'mpork) a conical pointed hat (for ceremonies)
- การสระบังหา (kra'la'pa'nghar) black coral
- ากรรดิรเม็ก (kra'la mett) secret
- การสมเม (kra'la'maa) a cake
- กระวน กระวาป (kra'won kra'wai) anxious, uneasy, bad health, distress, recklessness
- 113721 1131111 (kra'wauk kra'waak) distracted, inconsistent
- กระวาค กระวิค and กระวาค (kra'waht kra'witt and kra'woot) hastily
- กระวาน (kra'wahn) cardamum นุก a bird
- กรรวิชาที่ (kra'wichaht) and กรรวิ [Pali] wise, learned, philosopher
- กรีมีวิน (kra'wayn) and กรมวิน (ta'-wayn) (1) public exposure of criminals in chains (2) to explore กอง—police station
- กระเวีย กระวาย (kra'woey kra'wai) cries of pain
- กระไว้า กระวิชิท (kra'wow kra'wort) untrustworthy, deceitful
- กระเทวา (kra'wow) and กเทวา (doowow) a black bird which whistles and talks ลาย a bird with variegated plumage

- conical figuration (kra'wa't) to bind together, to reflect, to revolve
 - กรีรูษูปรี (kra'seean) and กรีรูษรี (kra'sirah) [Sansk.] milk
 - กระเยียน (kra'seean) (1) small piece, cutting, scrap (2) limit — อายศน์ limit of age within which no one can be slave
 - กระเษตร (kra'sett) [Sansk.] agriculture — กระเษตราธิยดี Minister of Agriculture
 - nf:[발] (kra'semm) and lnb의 (ka'semm) [Sansk.] joy, pleasure, to be free from enemies ₩72 chief judge
 - กระษัตร (kra'sa't) and กระษัตรา (kra'sa'trah) [Sansk.] King, royal
 - กระษัทร์ (kra'sa'tree) [Sansk,] woman
 - กวรสง (kra'song) a blackish fish
 - กรรสาย (kra'sooi) weaver's shuttle กระสอด (kra'sawt) [Maun] betel-nut
 - กรีรสิปป์ (kra'sawp) large flat bag made of rushes or cloth
 - กริสัก (kra'sah) heron
 - กระสาปน์ (kra'sahp') [Sansk.] coin โรง — mint
 - กระสาป (kra'sai) anything in which medicine is taken

กระสณ (kra'sinn) [Pali] means of mystic meditation, object of contemplation กระสิรา and กระพิรา (kra'sirah) [Sansk.] milk กระสุท (kra'seet) and กระสุท (kra'soot) to breathe through the nose กระสา (kra'seu) female magicians or demons who eat the bowels - IN will o' the wisp กระเสอก (kra'seuak) restless wandering in search of food กระสน (kra'soo'n) a bow for shooting balls an - balls for shooting from a bow กระเสด (kra'seyt) a fish กระเสีย (kra'senn) kinsman, kinship กระแส (kra'saa) (1) utterance, speech, flow, course, progress - 47 current (2) sweet sounding, harmonious กระสุร (kra'sa'ng) a plant eaten as salad กระสุลิย (kra'sa'n) [Sansk.] to miss, to feel pain at the absence of กาะหอง กาะแหง (kra'hong kra'haang)

(see J:MAI)

(obs.)

conceive

to

hatred

กระบท (kra'ert) sobbing

กระหายะณร (kra'hahpana) [Pali] (see-กระสาปนา tael; Hindu coin or weight กระที่ค (kra'hitt) ungrateful นก — a small bird กระท่ม (kra'heumm) thundering, threatening กระห์ค (kra'heu) groaning กระเทบ (kra'haym) swaggerer, brawler-กระแท (kra'haa) a small fish กระแหร (kra'haa') merry, smiling กระไท (kra'ho) a large fish like a dolphin กระหา (kra'ha'm) genitalia viri ลก testicles กระห์ง (kra'ha'ng) male demons which eat the bowels of the sick Afilly (kra'haam) hoarse, dry throated กระไฮก (kra'hoke) growl of an animal about to bite การออก การแอก (kra'ort kra'aat) sickly กระออง กระแบ้ง (kra'orng kra'aang) to slouch along กรายาน (kra'orm) water pot กระอาก and กระอก (kra'ark and kra'a'k) to vomit from surfeiting

กระกูป กระกูป (kra'oo'p kra'ip) to talk nonsense

กระบั้*and* กระบั๊ (kra'oo and kra'ee) complaining, inurmuring

กระแบบ (kra'aam) (see กระแบบ) to give a sign by coughing .

กระได้ (kra'ai) to turn sour, to ferment กระได้ (kra'a'k) to surfeit — กระได้ to stammer

nîn (kra'k) yellow-wood; jacca — 6

nil (kra'ng) adhering firmly

กริศ (kra't) to fasten together (with a pin, etc.) ไม่ — wooden pin

กรีน (kra'n) with กลับ a kind of banana ทุมัย — a large pot for drinking out of

for beating time at theatres — W31 fan-shaped arrangement of sticks used for beating on the hand

ที่ให้ (kra't) [Pali] to speak — วิ๊ to know, understand

กล (kon) [Pali] art, artifice — ยล antomaton — พาที conversation พ — stand for tapers, scented sticks, etc.

กลิทิ (klot) parasol with three tiers or storeys

กลน (klen) several, a let of things together

กลบ (klop) (1) to cover (with earth etc. to hide, (2) fish spear

กลบุคว (kenla'bcot) [Sansk.] children, the young

กิลิม (klom) round

กลิง (kloo'ang) pierced, hollow

กลังย์ (kloo'i) banana

กลี! (kloo'a) to dread; fear

กลิวี (klooa') to mix or swallow with water

กิลิทิก (kalahok) [Pali] liar, cheat, impostor

กลิบิก (klauk) (1) to burn (2) to rinse

(3) to turn, to roll — MUI to make faces (4) lane (5) to put in

กลิอิง (klawng) drum -- แขก Malay drum

กลอง (klaung) a small box, a pocket
with a narrow opening — โทร
cigar box

กลิซิง (klong) tube — สิซิง telescope — บทวี cigar holder, pipe

กลอน (klawn) (1) verses, poems (2) tongue of wood, latch, hasp, (3) rafter กลาน (klon) (1) swelling of the testicle (2) rotten กลาม (klom) (1) to lull to sleep by singing (2) half a grain (3) a quarter of an att (4) to make round กลิทย (kloi) (1) wild potato (2) am.iable าลา (klah) (1) rice for transplanting (2) bold — ทาร brave, able เหลิก - steel กลาก with 1 (kee klark) ringworm กลาง (klahng) middle คน — mediator, artitrator no - amongst 14 among สณ — centre - เก๋า - ใหม่ neither old nor new กลาย (klai) transformation ! - last year Un7 — a flat fish กลาว (klow) to say, relate, speak about Tay (kling) to roll, to be rolled up กิก — roller กลิง (kling) [phon.] sound of a handbell

กลิน (klin) smell

กลับ (klip) [phon.] to clip, to snip

13 (klee) (1) a box for betel-nut, etc. (2) racquet กลัย (kleep) leaf, petal — ท the outside of the ear เกลยกลุ่ยน (kleea'cklom) to allure. persuade, seduce, entice เกลียง (kleeang) trowel ারিধা (kleeang) level, smooth, clean เกลยก (kleeat) to abhor, to detest หนา - detestable เกลียว (kleeyo) string, to twist string — คัว apoplexy กลง (kleung) to turn (with a lathe) กลิน *(kleun) to swallow, drink, sip เกลิศ (kleua) salt ก - purgative salts เกลอก (kleuck) to roll — ว่า perhaps. perchance เกิดอน (kleuan) to be spread — นี to dissipate a tumour ানিল্যা (kleuan) chloasma, white spots (kloo'm) a packet (of tobacco. กลิม betel-leaves, thread, etc.) กลัม (kloo'mm) (1) to darken (2) in crowds - 10 and - nai troubled. sad, distracted

กลย with ๆวย (chai klooi) edge of a

cloth

Iกลัก (klett) (1) scales (of a fish) (2) to eat what is best, dainty

Iกลัก (kler) friend, comrade

Iเกลิ (klaa) and พระ — Palace windows

Iเกลิ (klaa) on purpose, mischievous

Iเกลิ (klaap) husk, skin of rice

Iเกลิ (klaap) husk, skin of rice

Iเกลิ (klaam) (1) to insert, to repair

(2) food eaten with wine

Iเกลิ (klaa) tuft of hair left on children's head

ใกล้ (klai) and — เคียง near ไกล (klai) far

ក្រាស់ (klone) (1) strirup (2) trunks of trees (3) to rough hew, to do unfinished (carpenter's) work

โกลัน (klohn) [Chin.] (with หวี) bald (head)

កោតា (klow) to smooth with a knife, to plane

Iกล้า (klow) hair, twisted hair เคียว — head, hair (of a royal pursonage) โปรก — pardon me — กระหมือม I (speaking to a Prince of lower rank than Krom Phra)

inan: (klau) a pierced bamboo used for making a noise by striking it

กล้า (kla'm) the eighth part of a fuang; one att มร — a wild pea having red fruit

าล้า (kla'm) (1) sediment (2) fat of pork
(3) to hem — กลาย to intrude,
advance — กลิน to swallow, to put
up with

กล้าพก (ka'la'mpa'k) a valuable scented medicinal wood

กลา (kla'k) small bamboo box

กลัง (kla'ng) bamboothrough which a dog's leash is passed as protection against his bite

กลิทิ (kla't) to fasten together, to pin up เข็ม — pin, clap, brooch ไม้— pin made of wood — กลิม anxious, anxiety

กลิ้น (kla'n) to distil น้ำ — distilled water, หม้อ — a pot for distilling

กลิน (kla'nn) to retain — ใจ to hold the breath

TAU (kla'p) back, to return — ANU to be changed — I to change one's mind — ANA inconstant, changeable, unreliable

nin (koo'at) (1) to turn round forci- link bly, to wind up, to twist (2) to polish - 111 carefully, vigorously, clever, skilful

กาน (koo'an) to torment, to trouble, to mix up [i] — to disturb

na with lift (taking kwar) a small cucumber

177 (kwah) (sign of the comparative) more, more than NIN-NIN too much — 75 until

nin (kwarng) stag

กวาร (kwahng) wide, width - ขวาง spacious, large — গু? length and breath 19 -- liberal

nan (kwaht) to brush, to sweep 입시 — broom

กวาน (kwarn) [Maun] home

(kwarn) capstan 1993 - to search, to find

1373 (kwow) a large tree rathes like a Bo-tree with small red flower used for dyeing

រាប្រាប្រ (kweean) (1) cheriot, car, cart bushels cartload)

(kwang) to swing (a thing) tooscillate, to move from side to side nan (kwa'k) to call by beckoning Ina (kwai), to swing slowly (of a thing attached by two cords or handles) U∩ — [phon.] water-hen

nin (kwa't) to waive or swing - lni to waive about - ling to brandish, to shake

na (kor) a tufted plant - iin rogue,. knave

กล (kaw) (1) to begin (2) to build (3) to kindle

กอ (kor) vain, boastful

nen (kawk) and usnen (1) a wild olive tree 1177 - village of wild olives, Bangkok (European name for the capital of Siam) (2) toblister the skin by applying heat, draw out

们 (kawng) heap, pile, colort, troop-니인 - 내가 - leader of a troop, band, or gang — The troops in ambush

(2) (a measure of eighty an or now (kawng) echo, to resound — ling vain, boastful

field (korn) before, first you livi ancertors Milling - wait a while บักเกียว์ — presently, after a while กิลุน (kaun) fragment, mass กลิป (kaup) (1) gifted with (2) to mix together (3) and — Ingl to draw up with the hand กอย (kawpee) [Engl.] copy สมก copy-book กอม (kaum) and กอม กอ dwarfish กอนรถ (kauma'law) Chinese varnish 11 (kah) crow — 17 a parasite plant - น้ำ (1) basin (2) water-crow, dun diver — ทีม น้ำ copper kettle — ลัก น้า siphon — กรบาท (an accent raising the sound, as ปฏิป — วินท์ the additional letter (in Pali words) which is not sounded

(kah) [Pali] to note, to mark in a book, on a board, etc.

bold, audacious, impudent

(kaw') (1) cawing of crows (2) [Annam.] a native of Hue or Saigon

กาก (kahk) lees, refuse, dregs อาย —

(a word of abuse) rascal — ว่าง

rough copy ทรูกั — mask

find (karkee) female crow (word of abuse to women)

กากะทิ้ง and กากะทิ้ง (karka'ting and karka'teung) wild tree with scented flowers

กากเมาท (karka'bart) [Pali] an accent like a crow's foot elevating the tone of the (middle) letters over which it is put

ান্য (karng) to stretch out, to hang up
— প্রায় cross থান — প্রায় dominican

ー [門] cross 以介一 [門具 dominican (a red bird)

nn (karng) fish bone

17 (kart) wicked, ferocious, cruel

กาญหนา and กาญจะนะ (karncha'nah). Palit gold

กาณชนฺทร์ (kahnbooree) [gold town] a
Town and Province

กาญปุ่งวิยญ (karnpoo'reean) [Sansk.]
a hall or building for preaching

กาด (kart) with ผู้กั turnip, mustard

tuce Ni - - turnip

กาน (karn) to cut branches, to lop กานพล (karnploo) clove บ กาน (karn) stalk, twig, middle fibre of a leaf

กานกา (karndah) sister, lady
กานน (karnon) [Pali] grove, wood
กาบ (karp) envelope, bark, sheath
— พยย shell ทกับ — a sea-shell
กาพย (kahp) [Sansk.] verses
กาบ (karma') [Pali] desire, concupis-

cence, cupidity (Alab, 235) มา – semen humanum นก – กวม s small bird

กาม (karm) claws (of a crab, etc.)

กามคณ (karma'koo'n) category of sensual pleasure

กามภาพ (karma'parp) [Pali] the world of pleasures

nilling (karma'rark) [Pali] (and several similar words) sensual pleasures

- กามา (karmah) [Pali] concupiscence, desire — โกก world of sensuality — วิจริ or — พรร (angels) of the sensual heavens (Alab. 185. 239)

กาเมศ (karmett) [Sansk.] cupidity, sensuality

กามร (karma') [Pali] cupidity, love of riches

กามะพฤกษ (see กระระพฤกษ and กัล ปพฤกษ)

กาย (kai) กายา กายร กาย and กาเย [Pali] body, multitude '

กาย (kai) to put a limb or limbs upon or over, to put upon, embrace เกิน — people meet one another — กอง to heap up; a great number กาเบนทร์ (kahyenn) [Pali] bodily senses

การ (kahn) [Pali] work, business

ราช — Kings service, H. M. S. ไก้ —

and เป็น — it succeeds, it is a good

business ที่ก — to be at work ให้ —

to give an account, draw up a report

ทับ — it is needed, necessary —

วิวาท — กุพ etc, wedding, funeral,

etc. ไม่ เรา — absurd, nonsense

การณี (kahra'nee) [Pali] cause, result การนีกา (kahra'ni'kar) a flowering tree การปร (kahra'boon) [Jav. and Pali]
camphor
การอน (kahron) a fish
การีย (kahriya') [Pali] to act, action
การียน (kahreean) a large bird with
a red head and a loud cry (see also

โกญจา) กาเทรียง (kahreeang) better เกรียง a Shan tribe which lived in the forest,

การแกก (kahra'ket) a reed with a strong scented flower กลก — flower thereof

Kareans

nnssian and nnsian (kahra'wake) bird of paradise, fabulous bird without legs (Alab. 309)

การันท์ (kahra'n) [Pali] (final letter not pronounced, as the ท in this word, and having the mark ทักเท

กาล (kahn) [Pali] (1) destruction, death, (2) gangrenous tumour กาลกรคา (kahla'ka'tah) Culcutta

กาหลง (kahlong) a tree with a small scented blossom and a large fruit

กาลยาทุว์ (kahla'bart) [Pali] aerolite, meteor (sign of evil omen)

กาลื่อน (karlorn) to lie, tell lies กาลึง (karling) parroquet

กาลไทย (karloo'tai) [Pali] depraved nature

กาไหล์ (kahlai) to cover (with gold silver or other metal)

กาละ (kahla') and กาเล (kahlay) [Pali] time, death

nnn (kahla'ng) (1) an Indian country (2) an actor who wears a crown like a King

กาว (kow) glue, gum

กัว (kow) to step, to walk แลน — to tack a boat

미탈 (kartt) [Sansk.] pile of fire-wood 미말 (karsonn) [Sansk.] buffalo

กาลทา (karla'hok) lime twigs for bird catching

กาสาวะพุท (karsarwa'pa't) [Pali] priest's yellow dress (Alab. 203)

กาหลิ (karhon) [Pali] noise of trumpets กาฬ (kahla') [Pali] black, wicked

— บกขี[Pali] and — บกษ [Sansk.] waning of the moon

กิง (king) branch, twig เรีย — large gilt and carved boat

nin (kingkar) chamelion

กงก็or กงกอ (kingkeu) a millipede กึ่งกก (kingko'k) better ก๊างกก a toad กา (kit) [Pali] work, action — ภิกา royal decrees, laws กน (kin) to eat, to drink — เข้า to take a meal, to dine, breakfast, sup - 17 to suspect - Man to lend at usury — เทลิอ to stuff, to gorge n? Is to sell at a profit \$7 - to work for a living 1117 (kina'ra' and kinoun) (and other similar words) [Pali] harpies 11, (kim) [Chin.] gold กิรินท์ (kirinn) [Pali] elephant กริยา (ki'ri'yah) [Pali] (1) action, conduct, morals — ทาย etc. condition of death, etc. (2) [Gram.] verb — วิเศษณ adverb กเลน (ki'lenn) a wood lizard กเลศ (ki'lett) [Pali] concupiscence, impurity (Alab. 212) 112 (kiu) (1) a saddle (2) narrower at the midder than at the ends; (in surveying) a depression between two hills 17 (kioo) (a term of raillery)

n (kee) [Sansk.] how much? how many? — η — $\eta \eta$ how often? - lys what o'clock? - yin got how much? how many? (kee) a quantity (of panungs, cloth, etc.) — TRET part of a weaver's loom ก with เมื่อ (meua kee) just now กอน a little while ago วี่ กิกรมีบ้อง (kee kra'beuang) [Chin.] a stool made of earthenware nn (keet) to prevent, hinder fill (keep) horny part of the hoof เกียกกาย (keeyek kai) to grope about เกียจ (keeyet) and ขี— idle เกียง (keeyeng) to disagree, quarrel เกียก (keeyet) flail เสา — upright post used in treading out rice - กัน to keep back the best เกียน (keean) and เกวียน (1) chariot, cart (2) cart-load (a measure of eighty an, or bushels) ក្រាម (keeap) [phon,] chirping of young chickens no - [Chin.] chopsticks เกียร์ที่ (keeat) [Sansk.] honour, dignity

connect — 所知 associate, relation — 记到 (1) to have business (2) to reap

Siamese cycle

Chill? (keeyo) (1) gold ornament for children's topknot (2) to entice, allure, seduce — 附面 unlawful amour 前一flowered cloth

(keuk) a light noise — 而 grand, splendid

splendid

A (keuka') stupid

(keung) the middle, the half — N

a noise

(keua') to help, assist, succour

— กล assistance บ้ ใก้อก (keuak) shoes — สง boot บ้ ใก้อบี (keuap) near the end, soon

fin (koo'k) noise (especially of certain animals)

fin (koo'koo') [Pali] royal insignia and emblems

የነበናያ (koo'kco'la') [Pali] one of the Buddhist hells

ົາ ທີ່ມີ (koo'ngkoo'm) [the circular mark, as over ທົ່າ]

กฎาย (koo'chai) [Chin.] leek าญ (koo'n) pig ปี — 12th year of the Siamese cycle กูญแจ (koo'nchaa) [Chin.] lock and key $\widehat{\Omega}\widehat{\Omega}$ - key \mathbb{N} - lock กณฑร (koo'nchon) [Pali] well-bred elephant กฎฐ์ง (koo't tang) [Pali] a leprosy fig (koo'dee) [Pali] priest's house, cell, hermitage กฏาคาร (koo'tahkarn) [Pali] a building with a peaked or pinnacled top กเมฑ์ (koo'n) [Pali] fire; to burn กณฑล (koo'ntonn) [Pali] earrings, head ornaments, part of a crown กเมที่ and กณ์ที่ (koo'ntee and koo'ntoh) water-pot, jug NA (koo't) [Laos.] to cut off; shortened, curtailed กุดัน (koo'da'n) a tree ลาย — painted or sculptured flowers (koo'p) (1) to creep, to crawl, (2) paper cap worn by gold-beaters - ทอง book with gold leaves หมาก

a game with five balls

health

กับ (koo'p) [Pali] to get worse nu (koo'm) to hold with the hand 1) (koo'm) a tree with edible leaves TUNN (koo'mpah) [Pali] cauldron, pot, pitcher ANA (koo'mpah) and ALIAS [Pali] crocodile, alligator กมภาพนก์ (koo'mpahpa'n) name of the eleventh month (= February) กมกนท (koo'mpa'n) [Pali] (and other forms) giants, angels (Alab.178) 1) (kooi') [Chin.] a term of raillery 1111 (koo'row) a large edible sea fish กลา (koo'lah) and กละ [Laos.] (1) infidels or foreigners (2) family, race (3) shore In - people of Malabar กิทภิป (koo'larp) rose กลาหล (koo'lah-hon) and กล tumult, disturbance ገስ (koo'lee) (1) packet of (about twenty two) panungs (2) [Chin.] coolie กลยิก (koo'lee-yoo'k) [Pali] tumult. sedition THIMA: (koo'laa') broad (boat) nfa (koo'son) [Sansk.] merit, virtue.

กาม and กสมา (koo'soo'mah) [Pali] flowers 1 (koo) I (to inferiors, or in disdain. or to equals in joking) - III or me, thou or thee: to speak to in the singular number in familiarity, disdain, or anger finand fi (koo) [phon.] cooing of the turtle-dove; to call from afar - 92 lau to call from afar and tell fi (koo) (1) to lend at usury — in to contract debts (2) to take up, raise up - ILIN to save a country 1 (koo) [Chin.] aunt $\bigcap \bigcap (koot) (1)$ a bird (2) a plant านขลา (koonklah) [Cambod.] young tiger ni (koop) howdah, seat on an elephant MAI - vaulted in (kay) too short, distorted lin ที่น - one-handed, lame impudently - 17 - 17 valueless. worthless

in fiv (kay ka'ng) staggering

100 (kake) against the rules, abnormal
-- 0:1170 vain, proud

ln¹ (keng) robber, burglar, rogue
— nn¹ feroci•us

this with a (ee keng) a small deer
this (keng) [Chin.] summer-house of
Chinese shape; roof of a boat or

carriage In — covered carriage

Innim (kayn) and no [Pali] to enrol, levy, engage workmen without pay

100 (kayt) a fruit tree

เกิด (kayt) [Pali] standard — มาลา woman's back hair

្រាប្រ (keyn keyn) to make a loud noise

1112 (ken) distant, far, deep

line (2) to smooth, to adze, to plane (2) to collect, to pick up,

— 17 to keep

inu (koy) (1) to be put high and dry
(2) ladder for mounting an elephant
— 기기 portice, verandah

ៅម៉ាះ (kayoo'ra') bracelet, armlet,

inif (kay ray) (1) useless, worthless, good for nothing (2) [Portug.] to be willing, desirous, desire

lกับ (kate) เกียา and เก็บ [Sansk.]
hair, head (Alab. 207) — กันที่ ceremony of cutting the top-knot

In計fi (kaysa'rah) and In計fi [Pali] pollen of flowers, scurf of the head Infi (kerr) disappointed, deceived

un (kaa) (1) you (2) to sculpture

Un (kaa) (1) ripe, old — ກິຄາ robust, vigorous (2) (sign of Dative) to

นก (kaa) to untie, undo, solve, correct, answer — ทีวี to excuse oneself, to make a pretext — บาป to confess, do penance — เผ็ก — แก๊น and — มีกิ to retaliate, revenge

lin (kaa) against — In for want of anything else

ାଧ୍ୟ (kaang) condiment, curry

und (kang) waterfall, cascade, rapids

- Liti to disagree, not to consent

— [n [Cambod.] mark used for a signature

IInv (kaang) (1) to wipe with a small stick (2) [Laos.] carelessly, inproperly IInu (kaan) hard tasteless part of fruits land (koke kake) thief, rogue

— 👣 axle of a wheel

แกน (kaan) heart of a tree

1171 (kaam) to mix

แก้ม (kaam) cheek

Ilfilifi (kaalaa) with 所以 yellow wood for dyeing things 知知 — to dye with this wood

は元 (kaao) beautiful, amiable, valuable
は元 (kaao) glass, crystal リハー parrot
デルー a hard box-tree — デハ pupil
of the eye — M inside of the ear
ー 元 rock crystal — リアル pre-

ling (kaa') (1) sheep (2) to carve filstatue (3) to pick out, take out

cious stones, personal ornaments

ling ling (kaa' koa') (noise of tapping or rapping)

ៅ្ស (kai) spring (of watch, etc.) — ។ ជម្រ trigger

ไก (kai) fowl, cock, hen — ก๊อ decoy cock — ฟ้า pheasant — บ๊า and — เกือง; wild fowl — วิลาศ guinea fowl — ขึ้น crowing of cocks

ไกกเกก (koke kake) thief, rogue โกกิลา (kohki'lah) [Pali] a small talking bird of a brown colour โกง (kohng) bent, curved, deceitful คิล — to plan fraud

lni (kohng) to bend, tighten, to raise
the price of — 知 finger-joints

โกญจนาท (kohncha'nart) [Pali] the noise made by a wild elephant โกญจา (kohnchar) [Pali] (1) the cry

fishing bird, a crane

โกญจา (kohnchar) [Pali] (1) the cry of the bird called กาเรียน (2) the bird itself

ໄດ້ຖື (kote) [Pali] costly, meriterious; ten millions

etc. the five seven or nine kinds of wood used for medicine, etc.

lกน (kone) [Pali] corner, angle ทีวี etc. triangle etc.

top-knot Ju — the 7th 14th 22nd and 29th days of the moon, when priests shave their heads

l្ការ៉ា (kope) to draw up or lift with both hands

โกมท (kohmoo't) โกเมค โกมล and กระมถ [Pali] white lotus โกเมน (kohmenn) blood-red garnet Infl (koee') to gather up, draw up, lift โกลา (kohlah) tumult — หล great tumult โกศล (kohsonn) [Pali] skilful, versed in, proficiency - artist. artisan, skilled workman ែាម (kote) [Pali] funeral urn l በይገ (kohsah) [Pali] treasure, money; (at the end of a name) a title of honour ไกษีน (kohsin) [Pali] angel; Indra ไกษม (kosoo'm) [Sansk.] and โกสม |Pali a yellow flower โกไสยพัตร (kohsaiya'pa't) silk cloth lini (ko:hok) to lie, to tell lies 1117 (kow) to scratch in (kow) old, ancient no - as before Iกา (kow) | Chin.] nine — สีย ninety — ichair — — iOu chair with a slanting back - - 1711 stuffed chair เกาทุณฑ์ (kowta'n) [Pali] war bow annows arrows

เกาลด (kowla't) [Chin.] chestnut ไการ (kaw) (1, island — ทมาก (betelnut island) Penang (2) to seize, to catch hold of, to arrest - 110: a bushy place fin (ka'm) to hold in the hand — nn a game with shells — inthe spoke of a wheel กัว (ka'm) blood colour กำกัง (ka'mkeung) nearly equidistant nini (ka'mkern) not equiditant; beyond; to intrude, to molest กากบ (ka'mka'p) to assist, to moderate, to take care of 1777 (ka'mchonn) to be spread in the air, to be rumoured about ning (ka'mcha't) to disperse, drive away Mu - a thorny creeping plant ก๊าซีบี (ka'ıncha'p) to direct, appoint, settle, order, arrange กาคน (ka'indon) nape of the neck nin (ka'mdow) (1) cold in the head, disease of the nose, nasal abcess (2) warmth (ka'mda't) flourishing, vigorous,

vigour

กำคาก (ka'mtark) with วัน the first day for ploughing กำหนุก (ka'mnot) to decree, decrees, laws, rules, to appoint (a time, a sum, etc.) กัวนูนู (ka'mnon) fee to musicians กา.หนัก (ka'mnert) to be born; birth. origin, character TIMEN (ka'mna't) joy, love กับนี้ (ka'mna'n) (1) mayor of a village (2) to offer (narng ka'mnonn) ก้านล with นาง ladies of the Palace กำไป (ka'mba'ng) to veil, to cover กำเปาะ (ka'mpaw) bezil of a ring กำบัน (ka'mpa'n) ship -ไฟ - เหลิก (1) iron boat (2) safe (for keeping valuables) กายน (ka'mpa'n) to close the hand กำพล (ka'mponn) see กัมพล a precious sort of cloth กำพรา (ka'mprah) orphan, abandoned, helpless

กำพวก (ka'mpooat) a sea fish

กำกนิที่วิ (ka'mpoocha't) [Sansk.] see กมพนิทร Royal parasol with seven tiers and fringe ก๊าภช (ka'mpoot) sec ก๊าพช Cambodian ก้ามหลุกษ (ka'mma'prook) (see also กระระพฤกษ and กลปพฤกษ์) a tree bearing gold and silver flowers etc. 11717 (ka'mmah) (a measure) from the elbow to the end of the closed fist กำมะกัน (ka'mma'ta'n) sulphur กามรนาท (ka'mma'nart) see กัมปนาท [Pali] to tremble, to be excited กามะหย (ka'mma'yee) velvet กาก amaranth (ka'mma'sitt) better niil ant [Pali] jurisdiction, subject to NIMM (ka'mma't) to strike with the closed hand ก๊ายาน (ka'myarn) gum-benjamin, incense — MUD benzine — W incense for funerals ก๊าย๊า (ka'mya'm) tall and formidable กำราญ (ka'mrarn) [Cambod.] mat, rug ก็มเพง (ka'mpeng) wall -- เพชร์ (wall กำราน (ka'mrarn) [Cambod.] to prosof diamonds) Kampeng-Phet (a city) trate one self with the elbows apart รำกุทราบ (ka'mrarp) to repress, threaten, blame

กิโรีป (ka'mreup) to get worse

กำไว (ka'mrai) gain, profit — เทา ตัว a hundred per cent profit

กาไล (ka'mlai) bracelets

กำลัง (ka'mla'ng) force, capacity, vigour

กำสุด (ka'msot) mourning, to weep, to sob

ก๊าสราญ (ka'msooan) to laugh, to rejoice

าำสาป (ka'msarp) to set, place, or fix, firmly

กร (ka') to plan, estimate — เกณะที่ to press for the King; service, to levy troops, to impress

n¢ (ka') [Pali] water

กรถา (ka'tah) [Pali] text

1511 notific (ka'paw ka'paa) bruised, half-broken, weak

กรูบียร better กับบีย [Pali] (1) science

(2) priest's steward

ารปก (ka'poo'k) jug, pitcher — หมัก inkstand

าะใหลก (ka'plake) to limp, to go lame

n:Wfi (ka'p'ot) and n:Wfi a pole to beat buffaloes and oxen

กรูฟราค (ka'praht) dirtily, slovenly, carelessly

กรพวิน (ka'proo'n) mollusc

ns — (kah) for all other words spelt with these initial letters see under ns —)

nn (ka'k) (1) to detain, to shut up, to enclose (2) noise of tapping

face for dice playing, etc.) square in

a street \tilde{n} — four cross roads, four lines drawn from the same point

ing — a shirt without sleeves

กัง with อท (oo'ta'ko'ng) [Pali] water — กัง loud noise — เกง trousers,

drawers — 917 to doubt

(ka'ng) monkey

(ka'ngkah) [Pali] to doubt, to suspect

กงวิด (ka'ngwon) business, affair of importance

ก็งวาฬ (ka'ngwahn) musical, melodious

กัสกาล (ka'ngsa'darn) [Pali] concert, symphony,; musical instruments

actors)

wind mill, twirligig (2) the eighteenth vowel, q. v. กรณะ (ka'cha') with พระ armpits (of the King) (ka'nchuka') [Pali] jacket, กณฑก sheath, skin of a snake, etc. าเปญา (ka'nyah) [Pali] unmarried lady, fine woman กับวาย (ka'nrahsee) [Pali] Virgo (Zodiac.) าเมชา (ka'ntah) [Pali] neck; name of the lettter ? กันท์ (ka'n) [Pali] numerical designation of sermons T.C. M (ka'n) [Pali] black nn (ka't) to bite - Wu to grind the teeth Un7 - fighting fish f'u (ka'n) to hinder, protect, defend TH (ka'n) together, mutually MPfrom one to another, successively ทั้งย — together — แก — mutually, reciprocally fig (ka'n) haft of knife or instrument (round which the handle is fitted) My (ka'n) to separate, interpose - 174 to hang a curtain (ka'ncheeak) false ears (of

กงหน (ka'ngha'n) (1) weathercock, กมชา (ka'nchah) a tree of which the blossom is smoked as an opiate กนที่วิ (ka'ndarn) [Pali] in want of. needy, wretched ก็นนกา (ka'nni'kah) a flowering tree กันไฟร์ (ka'npairee) [Siam. and Pali] to repel, defend กมียา (ka'nyah) with เรอ long barge for princes and nobles กินปายน (ka'nyahyonn) [Sansk.] name of the sixth month (= September) กินิทีย์ (ka'nya'n) a two-edged sword กับ (ka'p) (1) with, together, to, for -ng all together - 1917 condiment. dish (2) mouse trap ก็ปรับรู (ka'ppi'ya') [Pali] (1) clever learned, able, well-behaved; science (2) priest's steward กมียนาท (ka'mpa'nart) [Pali] to tremble, fear กมพล (ka'mpon) [Pali] a woollen cloth กันฟ นิทีวี (ka mpoccha't) [Sans.] royal parasol with seven tiers and fringes NHWI and INIWI (ka'mphoot) Cambodian กลับพฤกษ์ (ka'lpa'proo'k) [Sansk.] see: กระวะพฤกษ a fabulous tree กลยา (ka'lyah) [Pali] gracious, beau-

tiful; health

9

($kaw \ khong$: hard k or kh Guttural; a high letter) - IPI name of this letter 914 (kongchco) [Chin.] Confucius ¶የን (ka'chon) to be dispersed, spread In (ka'chee) [Cambod.] soft, tender, light green IN: (ka'na') [Pali] (!) time (2) soon (khot) to be rolled in spiral form. in coils, bent Ill (khon) (1) to transport, remove, move (2) hair, quill, feather - 97 eye-lash — 97 — eye-brow — 1102 wool, fleece — an the hair stands on end ปาก กา — ทาน quill pen My (khonn) thick (of liquids), compact Min (kha'nok) ornament of painting or sculpture ี่ ให้ (kha'nong) eye-brows TUP (kha'not) spiral tail "แป (ka'nop) (1) manner, custom, practice (2) a hundred bales of cloth This (ka'nom) cake — Ul [Fr.] bread

14 a common broth

TUDE (kba'naun) market MIU - Custom house "N7: - [Cambod.] King's cushion (ka'narng) to doubt, to hesitate, ๆนาง to be ashamed, shy ๆนาค (ka'naht) mode, model, form, size นกก - excessive (ka'nahn) (1) parallel, nearly 919174 parallel, one just in front of the other (2) mixture of remedies ๆหาบ (ka'nahp) to fasten up on both side,s to attack ગુપ્રુ (kha'nai) teeth of the female elephant ขนูจุรู (kha'ni'tta') and ขนูจุจุ [Pali] younger brother and sister ૌધા (kha'noo'n) jack-fruit ្សោរ្ត (kha'neng) (1) box of gunpowder (2) party of musicians ្រៅវេទ (kha'net) weary ្បោរ្យ (kha'noy) [Cambod.] pillow แขน (kha'naang) shoots of trees แขน (kha'neh) (1) to open or show the way (2) to ask for gifts, to keep on begging for things TUP (kha'na't) a plot of garden ground

임발 (khop) to devour — 씨일 to the teeth — 1인터 (of the teeth), obstructed, stuffed up

ឡា្សា (kha'bott) rebel, rebellion, mutiny In - high treason

1ๆปรากับใน (kha'bett kha'booan)

¶以 (khom) bitter

ning

পাম (khomm) to press down, to oppress

THIM (kha'mooat) to tie up in a small knot

ปมวน (kha'mooan) and กัว — an insect that eats dry fish

TKI (kha'mooa') dark, dirty, indistinct

THOS and THOM (kha'maung and kha'maum) top of the head

ปมนู (kha'mi'n) turmeric; a yellow root used as powder

นีมป์ (kha'mi'p) flatum ventris paullatim emittere

ขม ขมน (kha'mee kha'ma'n) active. nimble, adroit

ขมย (kha'moo'p) soft, flexible, yielding

1934 (kha'meng) to stretch, to tighten: tight

1911 (kha'mett) to collect, savings

grind 1911 (kha'men) to keep on quivering, as in winking the eyes

เป็นแ (kha'menn) to gaze at

1៕អ្ន (kha'men) Cambodian

INIII (kha'maap) swelling and subsiding of the belly

แขน่ว (kha'mayo) [ทั่วไป to puff (the belly)

lang (kha'mohng) smoke

িমান (kha'moht) will o' the wisp, ghost, phantom

IMA (kha'mow) [Cambod.] lamp black - W soot

This (kha'ma'm) to seize greedily, to eat in a vulgar way

ปมัง (kha'mang') with นาย and — ชน a forest sportsman, a clever archer, a good shot

This (kha'ma'p) temples, side of the forehead

THE (kha'yot) to leave one's seat, to shift one's place

ปียน (kha'yonh) to retire, abandon, leave off

ปีปฏิกิ (kha'yauk) (1) to wash a vessel by shaking (2) to swallow without chewing

ายกูน (kha'yaun) (1) nausea, to feel ไวยก (kha'yoke) to limp, lame sick (2) movement of trees shaken [] (kha'yohng) consanguinity, reby the wind

all (kha'yart) to be horrified, to fear, to abhor

別門門 (kha'yahp) moveable roof of a boat

૧૯૧૧ (kha'yai) to separate, to put apart

পুখুলু (kha'yip) to nod, to wink, to make signs - My to wink

ाध (kha'yee) to rub hard with the hand or hands

1919ខ្នាំ (kha'yeuan) to move or push about a little

ๆยก (kha'yoo'k) to move by fits and starts

메일 (kha'yoo'p) to press down, hold down

미입시 (kha'yoo'm) quickly, at once ที่มี (kha'yoo'm) (1) handful, to pick up in the hand, to grasp (2) a spider

lilling (kha'yeng) and lifting to stand or

walk on tip-toe

11711 (kha'yaang) (1) small fish with two spikes (2) to be disgusted, to leathe

lationship

l知 (kha'yow) to keep on shaking

ฟีย์) (kha'ya'm) to pound, to feel, to shampoo

ๆียี (kha'ya') sweepings, to sweep

পার্থান (kha'ya'k) to shut up what remains, to reserve

에일한 (kha'ya't) to put by, to keep

(kha'ya'n) shilled, clever, capable, diligent

વાદા! (kha'ya'p) to retire, to give place

পার (kha'ra' or khon) [Pali] (1) buffalo

(2) hard 3 - mountains

Nife (kha'n) [Sansk.] sword Wis King's sword

ITT (khrua) abbot, chief priest - 1791 King's mother-in-law

ขลาด (khlaht) [Cambod.] timid, bashful, shy

ฟิลิป (khlip) to clip, to bind; border. lace

MAN (khluck) [phon.] a noise (of bottles, utensils, etc.)

ฟลิย (khloo'i) flute

นก์ (khloo) a tree

l na (khlayng) a hard wood

lan (khlohk) to pound in a mortar

— IPAN blackguard

lan (khlohng) (1) crowd, troop, mob of men, elephants, etc. (2) great stench

โซเลน (khlohn) ladies of the Palace

lথানা (khlow) stupid, imbecile

ปฏิจั (khla'ng) [Cambod.] it has happened as I wished, I have done the (difficult) thing which I attempted

The shining black, dark and lustrous

TM (khooat) bottle — โหล glass jar with large stopper

MIH (khooan) to scratch

TOD (khooap) revolution of a period,

ๆวรู (khoo'i) bashfulness

¶วา (khah) right (hand) ซ้าย — right and left

Tin (khwahk) spikes to protect a camp or garden, road, or other place

Tin (khwahng) cross-wise; to obstruct, opposition

ขวาง (khwahng) to throw violently, to

hurl

fruit

ขวาน (khwahn) axe, hatchet หวั — wood-pecker

ขวาป (khwahp) noise of whipping ขวิทิ (khwit) (1) to attack with the horns (2) a fruit tree with round

IIII (khwaak) [phon.] a blucish river-bird

แขวง (khwaang) a district

ម្រោះម្ត (khwaan) to suspend, to hang

াগুরঃ (khwaa') to hollow out

ไขว่ and ไขว้ (khwai) to cross, to complicate, to be confused

ข้า (khooa') [Laos.] bridge

% (khooa') (1) stalk (2) to cook (meat).

ขาญ (khwa'n) (1) top of the head (2) angel living in the head — ทาย to be frightened (3) reparation, satisfaction ทำ — to indennify นินทา — to slander

পুরী (khwa'n) to cut to pieces

ግቦ and ግቦ (khaw) (1) to ask — ነገዝ to beg - Il Sir; Yes sir (phrase of assent used to a superior) 🧃 to ask a person's daughter in marriage (2) sickle, bill-hook, hook — งาว war-scythe — สับ hooked instrument used to goad elephants เหล็ก - untameable, incorrigible (khor) article, articulation, joint, point, knot, question, section, circumstance — มีอิ wrist — ทีม ankle — ลิป mystery, secret — ความ counts, articles, charges IN (khaung) (1) (sign of the genitive) of (2) thing, things, goods 1917 possessions, rickes [9] - owner. proprietor — กำนูนี gift — กลาง disputed property deposited in court to await the decesion of the dispute IN (khong) large bulging basket for carrying fish - IS MU to be mixed up with, to be in bad company 100 (khawt) (1) to scrape round with a knife, to pare (2) to tie unleft dry by the water - NNO to take

all the contents out of a pot

ไขอน (khawn) log Mey (khorn) three quarters 101 (khawp) margin, edge, lace, frame - Wy horizon - My white of the eye — In — ins and — mil to thank: thanks 1011 (khaum) Cambodian ปฏิยู (khoi) a tree whose bark is used for making paper Toll (khaura'p) (see II) Yes, Sir 1) (khah) (1) voice of one answering וֹץ - Yes, Sir (in answers by a woman to a superior) (2) thigh, haunch, leg of a pair of compasses, of a tripod, etc. — หป่าง apparatus raised on legs - Malna iawa handles of scissors, etc. 17 (khar) a root (used in making curry) ข้า (khah) I, me, (to an inferior) — เผา grandees - MAR: King's officers, Royal Commissioners - 177 and — ฟเจ้า I, me (speaking to an equal or superior) - 119 (an invocation addressed to God or the King) - WI: While I, me (speaking to the King or Queen or to a King's

son or daughter)

ግን (khark) to spit out
ግን (kharng) top, spinning top
ግን (khanng) part, side — ግዛ waxing
moon — ዘንዝ waning moon — ክዝ
from the beginning — ክ the King's
room ធንን — third of the vowels,
long a — ግ beside, alongside

And (khart) (1) entirely, altogether

IN A — (2) to be broken, torn,

separated — In to die — Mu to

suffer loss — In fixed price, unalterable

Thu (kharn) to answer — In to call the hours or watches of the night

Thu (khahn) and Ind [Cambod.] tiger

— year of the Tiger (third of the cycle)

171 (kharp) with M (1) a millipede

(2) bracelet 191 — gold embroidered coat worn by magnates

ATI (khahm) to fear TII (kharm) to cross, to pass over ATI or TII (khai) to sell — ปฏิกิ to sell by retail — หน้า to put to

shame ชื่อ — commerce กัว — totrade ผู้ — vendor
ว่าย or ว่าย (khaie) stake-nets กา —
meshes of a net - กรอง network
of flowers

የገລ (khahn) [Cambod.] tiger
ግንን (khow) white የነገ — timid, surprised

ช่าว (khowe) news, report — สาสน legation, embassy

ชิก (khik) laughter ชิง (khing) ginger

ขีนาสพ (khinahsop) [I'ali] a saint ขีปสัทโท (khippa'sa'toh) [Pali] to sneeze-ชี่ (khee) to mount, to ride

- kn mucus of the mose — nu shavings of wood — ni a kind of resin — ling leprous — n ear-

(khee) (1) dirt, dregs, sweeping, fæces-

wax — ที่ แค scurf — ก็มี rust — ที่กำัน slack (of metals), dregs

- non oxide of lead or tin

— แมลง วัน freckles — ปลา วาฬ

amber

ที่ (khee!) unequal เลิน กู้ — to play ใน (kheu'n) (1) up, going up, rising, at odd and even (2) addicted to vice — My avaricious — II ragged, worthless . In (kheet) to draw, to mark with lines 11 - IW match (for lighting) 199 (kheeya') to scatter, to throw ស្វេប (kheeang) chopping-block Wiland as II - a mode of wearing the scarf, as women_do เขียด (kheeat) a green frog 1994 (kheean) to write, to paint โขยวิ (kheean) see เฆยน បើមី (kheeyo) green, blue 🖺 — eyes inflamed with anger — คราม indigo, dark blue Wn - a large cucumber 1ขีว (kheeo) (1) running stream (2) to beil dewn (3) to torment, ill-treat (4) eye tooth ារះ (kheera') [Pali] milk (kheung) to stretch — N (1) proud (2) business-like — In to stretch the top strings of a kite udu — on to sleep with the body

stretched out and covered up

to get up u) — flood tide (2) to depend upon, to be in the power of পুন (kheu)(1) fetters (2) beam of a house าน (kheune) to compel, to restrain - lie to trim a boat - no on compulsion — ? to force oneself ขน (kheun) rather bitter િશ (kheua') a river fish માટ — mad apple 1905 (kheua'ng) rather big 1984 (kheua'n) quay, causeway - The Paklat (Province) 11 (khco'k) noise of coughing In (khco't) to dig, to hollow out The (kheo'n) (1) to feed (2) grandees ลก — Royal Judges — หลวง Kings - My u chief of an order inferior to — Mên Eiamese blackbird 1971 — title of a Royal Prince of the 4th class (3) (in chess) the Queen (khcon) (1) distressed, sad, irritated, vexed (2) not clear, not pure

(especially of liquids)

mine — หวก Hell สุ — deep; stimulating

୩୯ (kho'oi') a skin disease ନିମ—edible bamboo seeds

প্ৰ (khoo) to frighten with threats, imtimidate

ባበ (khoot) to scrape. rake

1910 (khake) to strike with the upper knuckles, having the big knuckles turned down, to rap

1পার (kheng) open-worked cylindrical bamboo basket

1পুণর (khaychon) [Pali] to go, to walk រុទ្ធិក្ស (khenn chai) poor, unfortunate মুন্দ (khett) (1) bale or packet of cotton, silk, etc. (2) to be corrected, amended; I will not do it again - Will teeth set on edge - Till to

submit through fear IIn - to take vengeance

เขตร์ (khet) see เขตร์

네티 (khen) (1) shield or buckler of hide (2) a dancer unni - a small singing bird

1914 (khenn) (1) to draw.(a boat) ashore (2) to oppress

The (khoo'm) ditch, abyss — no gold like (khen) to forge a second time — În to sharpen a knife — 1911 to grind the teeth

> เป็น (khem) needle — ปัก clasp — แม เหลิก magnetic needle ปลา - the smaller fighting fish

> ប្រើ្ស (khem) vehement, strong, much, very

โฟย (khoey) son-in-law ที่ล้าน - son of the brother-in-law W - elder brother-in-law un - younger brother-in-law

เขโฟ and เขฟัร (khaylah) [Pali] saliva เจ็น (khern) (1) a slope (2) unbecom-*ing, extravagant

แๆ (khaa) [Cambod.] moon แขก (khaak) (1) Asiatic stranger, not

being Chinese or Japanese (Alab. 30) —มลาย Malay — เท้า parrot - ly people of India who are not

black (2) visitors

แข็ง (khaang) hard, solid น่า - ice

- In to devote oneself to work

- 1139 strong

iling (khang) to contend, dispute, race

1191 (khaang) with un shin bone (khaan) arm, arm's length (measure) — กัวน — กุก one-armed โบร (khohng) with ทธย snail - MON stiffness of the arm 117% (khaan) (1) to urge, press, solicit (2) thick (of liquids), nearly solid - %7 to do unwillingly IIII (khaam) a reed 11 (khai?) (1) to unlock, to open (2) and— เนื้อ fat, tallow 1g (khai) egg, to lay eggs — ግገን white of egg — แทง yolk — ขาง eggs laid by flies in meat - Mn pearl - NH front of the hip bone ไว้ (khaie) fever, illness — ทับ intermittent fever — 🗓 jungle fever -สะท้าน fever with ague - หวัก cold in the head

ไปป (khi) [Pali] beyond อายคม์ and ภาย — very old age อสง countless 110 (khoke) to strike a hard blow with the upper knuckles, having the lower knuckles turned upwards

lys (khong) with ma a crocodile with horns IIII — a river in Siam โจเงี (khohng) high, tall โรเดิ (khote) shoal, shallow water ใจเม (khone) comedy, masked play ทวmask โขมพัตร (khohma'pa't) [Pali] fine linen 197 (khow?) (1) horns (2) and 5. mountain - IN volcano un - turtle dove — – $\sqrt[n]{y}$ dove with brown spots on the neck and breast ነፃነ (khow?) (3) he, they, him, them the others $-i\gamma$ it is said $i\sqrt[3]{i}$ - do not take any notice of him (or them) [9]) (khow!) knee เข้า (khow) rice - กล้อง rice halfcleaned - Mi rice soup, congy บิฟซ์ rice offered to priests at the New Year - Mon rice which has burst - 19201 rice with the husk, paddy - เทาะยว glutinous rice

- No rice sweetened with sugar

- สาร cleaned rice ขะโมย (kha'moi) thief, robber and dried - หมาก fermented rice - สุรูท cooked and dried rice - MANN rice cooked in a bamboo stick with cocoa-nut — INM Indian corn — A7 ล์ wheat — ละมาน darnel — พาง a rice which grows like wheat - IN new rice - IN riches, effects, chattels, personal property - 197 breakfast 14 - to dine. dinner, meal 197 (khow) in, to enter, to adhere to - IN) to go to the King or the Princes - In to repair a boat - 1911 to visit frequently 1917 IIW (khowfaa) [Fr.] coffee % (kha'm) (1) pretty (2) secret TISTA (kha'cha't) (1) to disperse (2) to dispute ขะนาน (kha'nahn) see ทะนาน ประเน็ก (kha'nett) bands of straw for tying up rice ขะนุค (kha'na't) see ๆนุค TIUN (kha'bot) see IIIN ปริเมนิ (kha menn) see เป็นป

ขะบาท (kha'yaht) sec ๆเบาท (kha'yik) quickly, ขะยืก nimbly, actively Tille (kha'yerr) to abduct, to take by force ประเยธ (kha'yaa') to bruise, to elbow 1; (kha'ng) (1) to put in prison, to shut up, to confine (2) (in compos.) full of ปัก (kha't) and - ขวาง and - ของ to resist, to obstruct, obstructed, prevented, hindered - 17 to bear or take (a thing) ill; angry, annoyed - III) obstruction in the bladder or entrails — สูน in want, poor – สมาธิ to sit cross-legged — - เพ็ก to sit cross-legged with the heels up ๆตียร and ๆตียร (kha'tiya') [Pali] royal; warrior; a Hindoo caste (Alab. 188) Pil (kha'n) (1) copper or brass basin - ล้าง หน้า washing basin - สากร a big basin (2) to twist, to turn (3) crowing of cocks (4) funnily, in a droll way านๆ (kha'ntee) [Pali] patience under opposition, moderation (Alab. 184

ใน ที่ ในกร and ในกิ (kha'ntah) [Pali] the bodily senses (Alab. 237) ใบ (kha'p) (1) to reject, drive out, drive on (2) to sing; song

9

- ্য (kaw khet; hard k or kh Guttural; a high letter) পোপার name of this letter
- 1 প্রাণী (khayt) and মাণায় bounds, confines, limits

n

- ก (kaw khit = English kh. Soft Guttural: a low letter) กิก name of this letter
- An (khok) with An a frog
- AT (khot) ครูชา and ครูเชนทร์ [Pali] elephant
- คิชยาล (khocha'barn) [Pali] elephantkeepers
- กิทีลีกิ (khocha'sarn) well-bred elephant
- ทิง (khong) firm, solid, permanent

- ስነየነ (khongkhah) [Pali] Ganges
- คุณิกา (kha'nikah) courtesan, bad woman
- กณิทศาสทวี (kha'nitsahsa'tra) [Pali] mathematics
- 们 (khot) to bend, winding, crooked
 们 to take boiling rice out of
 the pot
- পিশ (kha'ti') [Pali] hesitating, slow to begin
- กม (khon) man, person (of both sexes);

 (numerical designation of human beings, as) กิกาการ์ สัง two judges สิกา some persons ทาง inspired person พวง prisoner with iron collar and chains, (a term of contempt) worthless fellow ใช้ domestic servants
- กนกานกบ (khonla'taap) each on his own side
- Mil (khonn) to look after, examine, search ที่ป to spin ทุก to make cloth
- กินกิรีพ์ (khonta'p) [Pali] inferior angels
- คนูนา (kha'na'nah) [Pali] to reckon. compute, count, to spread out

pestle)

PN: (kha'na') [Pali] multitude, crowd, assembly, association (of priests) (khop) (1) torch, lantern (2) to associate with, to confederate with (khom) sharp-edged, sharp MIN (khrok) mortar (used with

ATU (khrop) entire, complete คำรัก (kha'n) คริรภา and คริรภา [Pali] womb, pregnancy

คริก (khruen) to think of with affection - not to remember with love, to sigh for

MINI (khruem) to be put upon or over Mil (khroca) (1) kitchen, hearth, home 17) — to migrate (2) band (of captives, slaves, etc.) NIIA - to carry off captives

กรหา (kha'ra'har) [Pali] to calumniate slander

คริกิก (khrok) (1) [phon.] noise of snoring (2) brood, litter ลิก — รี่ ๆ — son of a slave ที่นี้ 9 — a plant ครัวนู (khrarn) lazy, cowardly with burs (3) — IN to burn, burnt AJII (khrarp) cast skin or shell (of to death

MIN (khraung) to rule, govern, regulate

ครูคู่ (khraup) cover, lid, to cover — ครัว family ทับ — medicinal mallow

ๆรัฐม (khraum) superimposed — กัน one over the other 1: - yoke

മുറ്റ (khrah) time, times

Min (khrar) to carry off by force

fight (khark) to be broken off, to come apart

คราง (khrahng) to groan

ዮነንንያ (khrarng) thin

กราณ with นง (nong khrarn) lady,woman

ATA (khrart) rake, harrow Kin - a vegetable

คราฐ (khrart) [Sansk.] part คร eclipse in which more than half the disk is coverd IN - eclipse which half is covered total eclipse

snake, crab, etc.)

분 คราม (khrahm) (1) indigo র — เขียว dark blue (2) as - to make war

(3) — ATH abundantly

ทิราม (khrahm) to keep back through fear, to be rather afraid of ครรวาศ (kha'ra'waht) see พราวาศ

คิริย (khreep) fin

คราวาศ (kharahwaht) see นุรา

(kha'reuhar) [Sansk.] house. abode

กฤหาก (kha'reula'waht) [Pali] staying at home

คยหล่า (kha'reuha't) [Pali] layman fill (and fil) (khreung) middle, half

ครีม (khreum) shady, thick

ATO (khreu) well-fitting, just fitting, g just big enough

ាំដូ (khreun) (1) bird snare (2) overhanging, threatening to fall

. lিগী (khreua') creeping plants, bunch, heap IMEN - rough voice no

to expand (of fruit).

IPIN (khreuang) utensils, implements

- Ill arms - Ho tools - ly

tripe MIN - (of the King) to dress PAIII (khrie na'm) willow

一版犯 royal food

ዋና (kha'roo') [Pali] heavy; (in prosody) long syllables

Mi (khroo') bamboo basket smeared with varnish or grease and used for carrying water

AIT (khroo't) and AITI [Pali] fabulous snake-cating eagle, Garuda

คริย (khroo'i) fringe เลือ — overcoat worn by nobles on certain state occasions

(khrco) teacher, tutor W7: judicial councillor

91 (khroo!) moment, instant

ការិកា (khroot) to scratch, to scrape

IPN (khreng) distended, tight, severe, austere, reticent

UNT (khraa) bed, litter, palanquin

iini (khraang) water-pot with long handle

lleg (khraa') dwarfish, stunted

নিঃ (khrai) who? — গ whoever

โคร์ (khrie) to wish, to like

ମିନୀ (khrai) moss, mould (on a wall, etc.) dirt on the body

โครก (khroke) and ครูกก sncring

lags (khrong) model, pattern & - rib as k (khra'nn) to be rather afraid of. โกวง (khrohng) large, tall เลือ - tiger of the largest kind Inili (khrome) sound of falling down IMIN (khrow) whiskers ini) (khrow) beam or bar nailed or fixed horizontally เคราห์ (khrow) and เคราะห์ (khraw) [Sansk,] omen, luck (good or bad), mischance, calamity, misfortune Int - to avert a bad omen กรา (khra'm) continual, perpetual นาfoul water ครัว (khra'mm) (1) to inlay steel with gold (2) blackened, to blacken คระไล (khra'lai) to retire, go away ครั้ง (khra'ng) nest of a certain red insect used for producing gumlac from which lake is made; the colour of lake, sticklac, sealing wax ni (khrang!) times, occasions n how many times? - uu then MIN (khra't) and - IPN distended, full, fat; severe, austere

กรุ่น (khra'n) sufficient

to be feverish Pill (khran?) when, since, if กริกิ (khlaw) (1) to flow, run down, (2) to accompany; several together คลอก (khlauk) to burn คลิอง (khlaung) (1) sawn plank (2) canal, creek, water course กิลิปิง (khlong) nimbly, easily ARN (khlaung!) (1) to catch in a snare (2) rhyming คลิยิด (khlaut) to give birth to คลอน (khlaun) to be shaken, to be loose or loosened (of a tooth etc.), to stagger คลิยี (khloy) hanging behind, left be hind, to give way, to go down, lower, to give place คลา and ใกล — (khlai khlah) to go away คลา (khlar) a tree คลาง (khlarng) to be in doubt กลาก (khlart) to be separated, disjoined คลาน (khlarn) to creep, to bow, to

prostrate oneself

คลาย (khlai) to untwist, to unroll by degrees - 19 to take new courage, to be relieved คลาย (khlai) like, nearly resembling คลิงโคลง (khling khlong) [phon,] a black and white bird กล (khlee) bowl, ball เการ — to play at bowls or band balls or polo ฝรู — fine dust fin (khlee) to unroll, unfold, open ក្រាដ្ឋ (khleeya) to approach, to be near กิลิน (khleun) (1) sickness, nausea (2) เคลีย (khleuap) to varnish คลิก (khloo'k) to mix, to knead คลึง (khloo'ng) musty กิลิม (khloo'm) to cover กิลิม (khloo'mm) contracted, narrow ମିଶ୍ୱ (khloo'm!) dark, clondy, gloomy ነቦል? (khlett) (1) tricks (2) a sprain เกิดีน (khlenn) to caress เกิลัน (khlen) to squeeze ក្រាស់ (khleum) aberration of mind; to make a mistake

แกลง (khlaang) (1) to doubt, suspect (2) to turn (the foot etc.) sideways, to wobble (of a boat, etc.) แคลิน (khlaan) (1) to be in need of; needy (2) flexible, moveable ? to contemn, despise แคลิว (khlaao) easily โคลง (khlohng) (1) verses (2) unsteady, wobbling - Inal to overbalance โคลิง (khlong) open, extensive โคลิน (khlohn) mud াপিন্না (khlow) (1) to mix, to couple, to be together (2) to flatter คลา (khla'm) to touch, to feel คล้า (khla'm) abundantly คล้า (khlam!) rather dark สี — dull colour เป็นวิ – dull green ศลัม delirious, half-mad — IPAU to hem กละ (khla') to mix กิลิก (khla'k) [phon.] (1) noise of walking in mud (2) abundantly, tight, close together คลิก (khla'k) [Cambod.] to fall

MAN (khla'ng) treasure, property stored up or stowed away

กลง (khla'ng) delirious

กลับ (khla'p) to see through a fog; indistinctly

ny (khoo'a'ng) (1) shade of a true (2) screw — MIN corkscrew (3) to brandish, to twist a stick, etc. (4) a bracket joining two lines of writing

กวีป (khoo'a'p) (!) to spur on, to gallop — Ny to ride fast — My to superintend (2) to plait, to twist, to twine

இரி (khoo'i') genitalia viri ทิววิ (khoo'a'n) suitable, fit, proper เเคว้า คว้าง (khwaang khwarng) to whirl สม - worthy, deserving; sufficient-**1**y

คิวิวั (khwah) to reach for with the arm or hand

กวาก (khwark) too loose, too large የንጉ! (khwarng) to turn, to wheel round ነበጋ (khwai) implicated, entangled, MIII (khwarn) elephant leader

scoop out thoroughly

ความ (khwarm) law-suit, affair, reason, thing (word of materiality which being profixed to an abjective turns it into a substantive, as) — The truth Mis — to decide or settle a suit or dispute an parties to a law-suit MUA - Doctor of Laws, lawyer 17 - to come tothe knowledge of, succeed IN hasty, rash

ควาย (khwai) buffalo

ควาว (khwow) a tree

ควิ (khwee) a tree

UPA (khwaa) direction, diverging line. path, road, etc.

round

แควน (khwaan) district, division, section of country

ዜዋጋያ (khwaa') (1) bellowing of buffaloes (2) to scoop out a little

mixed up

Mวาน (khwarn) to extract a kernal, to ควิว (khwa'm) on one's face, upside down

All (khwa'k) to pick out with the hand, to tear out, extract, pick (ears, etc.) → Pi to fan, to ventilate ควิน (khwa'n) smoke ควัน (khwa'nn) to twist together FN; (kha'ha') [Pali] great ๆหวบค์ (kha'ha'bodi) better ค.หบัก [Pali] minister of high rank, householder (Alab. 188) คหฐ [Pali] and ครุหัย ฐ [Sansk.] (kha'ha't and kha'ruha't) layman Min (khauk) (1) enclosure, palisade, fence (2) to kend out of the straight line, bent back Mey (khaung) (1) affair (2) trap (for bir ds, fish, etc.) ABN (khaut) short, worn down, narrower, thinner คิริน (khaun) (1) to carry by means of a stick resting on the shoulder (2) to row or paddle one's own boat คิโน (khorn) (1) one of two sides — ขอด to revile (2) three-fourths คือน (khorn?) (1) to look cross-wise, to squint (2) hammer, lever 12 - mal-

let

MAL (khawm) dwarf คลุม (khorm) bent, curved, arched ില്ല് (khoie) to wait, wait for 育到 (khoi) by degrees, gradually, without haste n) (khah) (1) to stick, to adhere, to be stuck into (2) cangue - 1181 hermit's dress หลัง — roof หมา tall grass used for roofing คา (khar) price — คัว ransom, debt — ไก่ ransom — ทั้ง wages — เข้า rent - ATTHIBLE tax, fee, impost — Բլյ fork of a tree — 📆 span, distance of twelve niew 1 - slave ค้า (kha!) to trade — ๆาย trade, commerce WI - merchant III - shopkeeper au - merchandize คาง (khahng) chin คัน — a tree ปลา - 1201 an edible river fish - 91 , toad Ping (kharng) a black ape (eaten as a delicacy)

find (kharng!) (1) prop for plants (2) to remain, to be interrupted (3) to

keep from falling, prop up 184

debt not paid — ASTS the favourable moment is past — ATS bat 17 — dew

Find (khart) (1) to gird, envelope, cover

(2) to conjecture, to estimate by

guess work (3) to determine — [];

to determine upon revenge

คาถา (khahtah) [Pali] sacred forms

beam, shaft of a carriage

คำน (kharn) (1) parellel supports (such as sleepers, etc.) (2) to refuse, to reject

กาบ (kharp) (1) to hold in the mouth or beak (2) time, times — ที่เงื่ สูง — one, twice, etc.

กาพยุค and คพยุค (khahpa'yoo't and kha'pa'yoo'ti) [Sansk.] two thousand wah or fathoms; about one league

คาม (kharm) village, town

กาย (khai) (1) rough, irritating (2) to put out of the mouth

ค่าย (khai) camp, intrenchment, stockade การม (khahrom) chicanery, specious language

การา (khahrah) unfinished, imperfect รุ่ การการม (khahree khahrom) judicious speaker, eloquent, specious, plausible

Pliff (khahra'wa') [Pali] to respect, honour, obey, fear, to salute with honour

คาว (khowe) smell of raw fish คำว่ (khahwee) [Pali] cow คำไว ox,

ค่า สำ (khahseuk) enemies

คิกรู (khi'ka') better อิกรู [Sansk.] conduct, practice, observance (Alab-199, 205)

คุก (khitt) to think, imagine, contemplate — กึ่ง to think of an absent person — เป็น to charge (a price) — ว่า to think — ให้ to give advice

 $\bigcap_{\mathcal{U}}$ Chinese arithmetic tables

คนา (khinah) [Chin.] wide-mouthed basket with handle, used for provisions

คิน (khinnee) [Pali] fire

คิมทุนท์ (khimha'nn) [Pali] heat, hot season

คิรินท์ร์ (khirrinn) [Pali] mountains คิร์ (kheet) [Pali] (1) to play on a musical instrument (2) to sing

ទី២ and ក្នុង (kheep, kheem) pincers forceps, tongs

ครู (kheeree) [Pali] mountains

ក្ដីមុះ (kheeang) near, in front of, close to

ุลุ่ เคยก (kheeat) to get angry

with กรู a tree of which barges are made — กาก to tie round, tie up — กาย [Laos.] to clothe oneself

เกียน คัน (kheeam kha'n) to prostrate oneself in adoration

โคยม (kheeam) (1) a tree (2) to postpone a debt

โคยว (kheeyo) scythe, sickle

គ្រើមន្ត្រី (kheeo) to chew

คิก (kheuk) with impetuosity — คิก noise

าง (kheung) to get angry

คิน (kheun) night

คืน (kheun) to give back, restore, return, retract

fill (kheup) (1) a measure (the extent from the end of the thumb to the end of the middle finger; about 12 niews, or 10 inches, or half of a cubit) (2) to crawl like a leach

Fig (kheu) that is, such, such as

দেশী (kheuang) to offend, be offended, interfered with

Fig (khoo'k) to bend — Fig to threaten

(khoo'k) prison for persons accused or convicted of heinous crimes

คคร (khoo'kha') twisted, rude, rough ที่น -- a tree

คง (khoo'ng) [Laos.] to run ashore

្រា and ការា (khoo'nah) [Pali] gratitude, benefit, advantage, virtue (in addressing a person) Sir រុំ។—
(in addressing a WIII) Sir, Your

Excellency Wis — favour from God or the King Wil — benefactor

คณสับท์ (khoo'na'sa'p)[Pali]adjective

fifi (khoo't) (1) to bend down, turn down, double up (2) to go to sleep in a doubled up position

ทิกทะราก (khoo'tta'raht) a disease acusing blotches on the skin fig (khoo'n) witchcraft, enchantment fu (khoo'n) troubled, disturbed, muddv - lifil annoyed fiu (khoo'n!) accustomed, familiar, intimate የነገ የህ (khco'p kha'p) a sound (as of a horse trotting) (khoo'm) to go with, to keep close to a person — 17 to take care of ควบ — to be in charge of ผู้ gaoler fill (khoo'mm) round (shoulders) អ្នកa bird (khoom!) (1) to be equivalent to. to fulfil (2) to protect - in until **門**貝 (khoo'i) (1) a creeping plant (2) garrulous ស្បី (khoo'i') silly 們到 (khoo'i') to scatter, to dig na (khoo'roo) [Sansk.] (1) tutor (2)

planet Jupiter -- 37 33 Thursday

together

f (khoo) (1) ditch (2) to call from afar - Mu [phon.] cooing of doves ค์ (khoo) couple, pâir — ปี (1) odd and. even (2) equal - nus one voke (of oxen) (khoo?) to bend, curve, contract In - the accent & ការ (khoon) [Pali] to multiply Piff and Min (khoot) [Pali] ordure คิน (khoon) and ตัน — an edible garden plant คิทา (khoohah) [Pali] cavern. grotto, cave, den, archway IMU (khen) [Pali] with 1] ? to make offerings to priests ្គែរ (khem) salted, salt [পুগু (khoy) shrimps, small prawnsu) - pickled prawns (2) in the habit of, accustomed to - \$13 to. get bolder [M] (khayhah) [Pali] house, home

ነፍብድ (khu') clumsy, awkward

leaves and blossoms

በጽናገን (khoo'leekarn) [Pali] to mix ቢዋ (khaa) white acacia with edible

in (khaa) as far as, as long as, so long, of such a size

แกน (khaan) a (Laosian) wind instrument made of long reeds

liffil (khaan) to be sick at heart, indignation

내유민 (khaap) crowded, narrow, tight 내유민 (khaam) edge, margin

IIf (khaa') to untie, to extract — ÎU to take out and eat the inside of a fruit, etc.

ໄሰ (khai) dirt (on the skin, on plate, etc.) ነ በ (khai) to pull out

ি (khoh) [Pali] cow, ox

ไกก (khoke) small hill, knoll, mound ปลา — a scaly fish

(khohng) to bend a bow; arched

- In without order

ling (khohchon) [Pali] passage of the sun, to walk steadily

โกกม (khohdom) [Pali] Gautama Buddha (Alab. 2, 176)

Inn? (khoht) [Sansk.] (1) race, family, kindred (2) (word of abuse) to abuse a family

ใกครมร (khohta'ma') Gautama Buddha

โคน (khone) (1) beginning (of a tree, etc.) (2) (in chess) the Bishop

โคยาล (khohbahn) [Pali] keeper of ox en, cowherd

โคม (khome) lantern, lamp — กิชิย fire balloon — ทาก glass lamps hanging in a temple โคโรค (khohroke) [Pali] ox-gall

ীণ্যাপু (khohrat) Korat (Town and Province)

โคร้า (khohra'm) goat

ning, principle, appearance 以介一 a big river fish without scales— 以 a bird — 以以 owl 2 — villainous

IMITM (khowrcpp) [Sansk.] to salute, to pay respect

iຄາເ (khaw') to strike, knock, tap

elequence — In notice, preface

— นับ salut ation — เปรียบ parable, allegory — สอน Go ctive, teaching กักย — advice ประ — rosary กิกา a flower used for dyeing yellow — วาม threatening noise (2) ทิกา — [Laos.] gold

ຕົງ (kha'm) mouthful, piece (of betelnut, etc.)

(kha'm) night, by night (word of computation of time in the old Siamese Calendar, as) 如与fifth day of the waxing moon in the sixth month, etc., etc. 到—until night to protect

ที่หง (kha'mneung) to remember คำหบี (kha'mna'p) salutation ค่า — สาล law-costs

คากว่า (kha'mpee) [Pali] profound,
deep; sacred books, formulas —
พยากาณ์ fortune-telling books
คาวน (kha'mron) to make a noise
คาวพย (kha'mropp) [Pali] to respect,
fear, honour

ที่ไว้วม (kha'mrarm) threatening sounds; to use threats P: (kha') yes WB— (to a superior) yes

[177— (by women to an equal or. superior) yes

ครู (kha') [Chin,] basket

กร with เคอร (kheu' kha') inexperience, unskilfulness

ASHON (kha'naung) to become wild or savage

ครูนุง (kha'neung) to remember

AIM (kha'nay) to conjecture, guess, calculate

กรีแนน (kha'naan) (1) small (2) to mark, to make up an account

กรูย (kha'yee) to rub

กรีเบอ (kha'yer) itch

পিঃগ্রি (kha'yerr) to take by force, to abduct

ครแบร (kha'yaa') to pound in a mortar ครีโบ (kha'yo) see คโบ

กรวบ ครัวบ (kha'roo'p kha'rip) nimble, active, hurried, busy

กรทรบกิ (kha'ha'bodee) [Pali] better คทบกิ minister of high rank, father of a family (Alab. 188)

กักโฟานท์ (kha'ka'narn) [Pali] celestial

শ্রাণী (kha'ng khok) a toad คั่ง (kha'ng) obstructing — แค็น angry ทิจนะ (khà'cha') [Pali] (1) to go away (2) a shrub with several shoots And (kha't) (1) to copy (2) to raise with a lever, to force open - Ali to hold the rudder straight - 171 to steer a boat back into its course, to make a man alter his proceedings - In a shrub - nung a medicinal shrub ก็ที่คำน (kha't kharn) to contradict Fig (kha'n) (1) to itch, itching (2) wand, small stick, rod, handle — นา small mounds round a field 一 質问 violin-bow, fiddle-stick ที่น (kha'nn) to separate, division — บัน lN steps or rounds of a ladderfly (khan!) to squeeze out fill In (kha'ncha'ng) balance for weighing, scales กินัทวิง (kha'nsong) a tree คนที่ (kha'nta') and ลก

อีฟชา) [Pali] testicles

fune — กำรา perfumery
fume — กำรา perfumery
fullian (kha'nta'mahlah) [Pali]
scented flower
คันไฟง (kha'npohng) lever for drawing
water
คันได (kha'nlai) [Pali] to go, to walk
fill (kha'p) to crowd, closely fitting,
tight — ใรdistressed
fillians (kha'ppotonn) [Pali] state of
pregnancy

n

คุ (kaw ka'ntah = English kh. soft
Guttural: a low letter) — กรรฐ or
— กันฐา name of this letter
คอ (khaw) neck คัน — nape of the
neck ล้า — throat, bosom — พอก
goitre — หรับ กลวง glutton, gourmand ง — สอ snake with a red
neck

ม

- $(kaw \ rakhang = English \ kh \ or \ gh.$ Low-sounded soft Guttural: a low letter) - I: III name of this letter
- and (khrah) [Par house, domicile
- MEN (khawng) gong N musical instrument composed of cymbals arrange in a circle or part of a circle ein - to beat cymbals at night for 171 (ngooang) trunk (of elephants, mounting guard
- (khah) to kill
- หาฏ (khaht) [Pali] to kill บิต parricide NIM - matricide MINM the mark which signifies that a consonant at the end of a word is not to be pronounced ING - executioner
- ្រោះម្តា (khecan) to whip, fleg, scourge, ได้เห็นว (khchsa'nah) [Pali] sound, resounding, loudly

(ngaw [the "bent" letter, see 10] English ng. Guttural: a low letter) (ngok) to be nervous, to be agitated

- 41 (ngong) to be astounded, stupefied, to forget
- (ngot) to delay, interrupt 1711 pretty, beautiful
- งย (ngop) (1) round tablet น้ำทาล round cakes of sugar (2) cooked prawns or fish
- 311 (ngom) (1) besotted (2) to grope in the dark (as under water) — 1791 dim eyes
- etc.) In turkey no curved handle for hanging or lifting a pot-173 (ngooang) to be benumbed, stupe-
- 179 (ngooat) to be diminished, to evaporate
- 174 (ngooan) to cover, to hide

fied, sleepy

- งวน (ngooan) diligent, active, untiring. clever
- গুলি (ngoo'i) to forget, to be stupefied
- 17 (ngooa) ox, bullock 187 a fish
- 19 (ngaw) curved, hooked bent, to bend
 - 113 incapable, clumsy
- (ngaw) to humble oneself before a person, to try to conciliate

100 (ngauk) to sprout out, to bud 104 (ngarn) (1) business (especially of forth, to grow MICH (ngawk) white, white hair 171 (ngaung) slowly, late 137 III (ngaut ngaat) angry งอน (ngaun) crooked, cunning vou (ngonn) uncertain, infirm, overhanging, threatening to fall ที่ใช้แ (ngawn) crest, plume, crested গ্রিথ (ngaup) a hat made of palm leaves งอน (ngaum) and หาวม (ngomm) very ripe, very old 1211 (ngorm) hump-back ଏଥି (ngoie) bent, motionless, paralytic ทาย (ngoi?) benumbed, negligent ทำอย (ngoi) slowly, late 1) (ngah) (1) ivory (2) sesame (tree and oil) (3) point of a fish-trap 17 (ngar) to raise in (ngarng) to pull back, to pull away, to pull open Wn tradict fin - to lift with a lever

NIN (ngarng) tinkling of a bell

preparing or elaborating a wedding or fête) works, function, 1171 - 177 - manager of works. steward (2) (square measure) the fourth part of a 15

174 (ngahn) (1) very angry (2) much addicted to

งาป (ngarp) separated by an interval or space, to open partially, to yawn

IN (ngarm) pretty, beautiful

গাম (ngahm) fork গ্রা - forked, ambiguous

งาย (ngai) [Laos.] late in the morning งาย (ngai) easy, easily มัก — heedless. careless, reckless, inconsiderate

หงาย (ngai) leaning back, on one's back, upside down Ingu - moonlight

ทุงาว (ngow) [phon,] (1) noise of cats, caterwauling (2) a kite

າງິ່ງ (ngow) spear with a curved head my - the smooth silk cotton tree . Min (ngik) having the tips or edge bent back

Nin (ngit) sad Nin — sulky

Mil (ngim) mild, soft, silent, unobtrusive (1) (ngew) [Chin.] Chinese comedy 771 - the thorny silk cotton tree Il (ngeep) to sleep for a little while, to take a nap (ngeea) to lower; to consent; to fall asleep - N to lend an ear 1711 (ngeeang) barb, crook, hook, hooked thorn, prickles (of fishes) 19811 (ngeean) torpor caused by abstaining from opium; sensual pleasure INUI (ngeeap) silence. oblivion (ngeumm) [phon.] to murmur inwardly

Mil (ngeua) sweat, perspiration ing (ngeua) to raise for striking 11911 (ngeuak) fabulous creature, mermaid with fish's tail — 1 mermaid with snake's tail เทรกา (ngeuak) gums — ปลา gills of

fishes 1151 (ngeuaug) gaping, yawning, loitering, slow

NOT (ngeuat) (1) to stop, to delay (2) to raise for striking indu (ngeuan) knot — Nin loop 1991 (ngeuam) high, elevated - 17 and - in the grasp of, in the power of 14 (ngoo'n) to be angry. il and Mil (ngoo'p) to nod, sleepy, dozing - Mill nodding: to fall asleep — Ill to whisper 1111 (ngoo'm nga'm) to mumble, to speak indistinctly 11 (ngoo'm!) slightly bent રુધ (ngoo'i) giddy, foolish 1 (ngoo) snake — INABI boa constrictor, python — 100 adder — 101 a black venomous snake In (ngook) to totter, to stagger গা গান (ngoot ngart) angry, furious

NI MI (ngoo ngee) buzzing of flies, low

INIT (ngayk) to strike with the

sound of talking, etc.

INVI (ngeng) tinkling of a bell

ly (ngay) bent

knuckles

119 (ngoy) to look up, to admire; surprised 118: 1: (nger nga') silly, imbecile in (ngern) silver, money i - to borrow - 1173 false coin, counterfeit coin nu - capital - ng coined or stamped money, coin of the realm ung - creditor - un ingot of silver [Chinese measure] ill (ngaa) angle, corner NI — NI 104 deceitfully, crookedly, craftily JAN arrogant, affected NI - at the corner 113 (ngaang) (1) small branch root, small pimple (2) to threaten (of a dog, etc.) lift and lift (ngaan) to ask humbly UNII (ngaan) to totter, vacillating illiju (ngaan?) to raise the head or face (ngaam) (1) recess, inside angle, corner (2) half-shut (of a door, etc.) INIO NITO (ngao ngow) [phon.] mewing of a cat (ngoh) bent down, sloping (ngoh) stupid (as a person half

wake), ignorant

Nin (ngoke) [phon.] sound of a blow liv (ngohng) beyond measure, too much

(ngoling) curved, arched, arching, branching out

NNI (ngohng?) sound of a bell or cymbal

134 (ngohn) tottering, near ruin

Ingow) lustre, gleam, reflection, shadow, shade

Nill — grandsons, descendants

(ngow) angry

IN17 (ngow?) sad, stupefied

(2) rambootan, a tree with fruits having a hairy skin and inside like a hard egg

ining (ngaw) sound of a blow

(nga'm) to gather, closed up, tight

in (nga'mm) hastily, without stopping; sound of lapping up water

(nga'm!) jutting out, bent forwards

(nga'ng) (1) sound of a big bell (2) 1 (chong) (aux. verb of the Imperabenumbed, torpid % - a talisman protecting from blows, etc. by making the assailant powerless to strike

(nga'ng) a metal figure used by alchemists no - a short-tailed monkey

(nga't) to open up from underneath, to force np, to raise with a lever fu (nga'n) silent, unable to speak 111 - to shake, to oscillate, to be agitated, nervous

(nga'p) [phon.] to seize with the teeth — 13:9 to shut a door 311 — secretly

Nill (nga'p) quickly, hastily

1. (chaw chareun - English ch. Palatal: a middle letter) - 1971 name of this letter

10 (chok) [Laos.] to pick up quickly, to snatch up

tive) may it be, let it be - n1 do-(chot) (1) to mark, to note (2) toreach, to touch - 15 to record — To to sign — MUNU note; tonote down

ານ (chon) (1) poor (2) embarrassed, distressed (3) till, until - gu until the last, entirely (4) obstacle barring the way, block, barricade my (chop) to finish, end

11 (chomm) to dip, to be immersed, to sink

ๆมนู (cha'meun) a superior class of King's pages having the same rank as a Phra

ๆมุก (cha'mook) nose วิ— nostril າງ (chora') and — ຄື [Pali] to walk, go

1719 (chora'kay) crocodile, alligator nn - aloes fit - a flag like a c..

าวาวิก (cha'ra'cha'ra'n) [Pali] to take a walk, to go

จริๆ พระบงคล (cha'rot pra'na'ngka'n). [Pali] ceremony of the first ploughing of the year

974 (ching) true

ەد*ر*

จริต (cha'ritt) coquetry প্রিণা and প্রণান (cha'riyah) [Sansk.] conduct, practice vil to ha'roo'ng) glad, joyful เจริญ (cha'reun) [Cambed.] prosperous ารีย์ใง (cha'ra'yong) to do, to act าวิณ (cha'ra'n) [Pali] to go, road 13 (chooang) scent of sandal wood (chooang) to draw water no (chooat) an edible sea fish My (chooan) (1) Governor's house and grounds (2) very near १01 (chooap) to meet (choo'a') triangle of the roof, gablei) (choo'a') [Chin.] to turn up a card in playing 99 (chaw) [Cambod.] (1) dog (zodiac) (2) [Siam,] curtain for magic lantern (3) clamour, uproar 10 (chaw) to touch, to join, to apply (one thing to another) 12 (chaw!) (1) an aquatic plant (2) to babble 10 (chaw?) monkey

Th (chaw?) [Chin.] to sit 700 (chauk) cup - LINH water-lily າງີງ (chaung) [Cambod.] (1) proud, vain (2) to mark out boundaries (3) to agree (4) to tie, fasten (5) to bear a grudge (6) to put in chains — ทุกง haughty, conceited — เปรียง [Pali] ceremony of putting lights on the walls to keep off demons (7) [Maun] to burn, to disturb and (chaung) (1) complaisant, yielding (2) [Laos.] umbrella পুন্ত (chaung) to walk, to be ready for a thing, to aim at (with a gun, etc.) የግቦ (chort) to go to shore, to land, to moor 1 - port, harbour, landing ากนท (chaun hoo) earring Tel (chaun) slender, small จอป (chaup) a pick-axe, a hoe የሮህ (chaum) (1) the top. (2) title of the King's concubines የፎህ (chomm) (1) a fish (2) to commence. to begin የሚነ (chaum?) noise of walking in water የሮሀ (choie) dull, sad የይህ choi) (1) small, tiny, little (2) talkative

ក់ខ្លួប (choi?) sad, gloomy

ຖາ with ຟົກ (poot cliah) to talk, converse

לֹץ (char) (1) shepherd, leader (2) (a dignity) chief of the King's pages (3) a spoon made of cocoa-nut for taking boiled rice out of the pot

†) (chah?) Yes; Yes, Sir

n (chark) (1) from (2) a plant of which the leaves are used for roofs, attap

(charng) insipid, not clear — IN substitute, deputy, representative

ทั้ง (chahng) to hire ค่า — สิน — wages

nan, day labourer in hired boat, ferry-boat

ነገମ (chart) impudent, shameless

aucer — lau earthenware eatingvessel having a raised stand (2) to

write with a stylus or iron pencil

าใน (chahn) to shine

ๆวีป (charp) proud, arrogant

าวบัลย (charba'n) [Pali] trembling

17 (charm) to sneeze

የንዜንን (charma'choo'ree) [Pali] antelope

n — crest or tuft of white antelope 's hair used for ornamenting barges

ที่วีเวี (charmonn) [Pali] a royal fan

ทิน: (charma) [Pali] (and several

derivative words) the skin or hair of animals

ๆ ไม่รูวิ (charma'ra') and จานรูวิ bunches or tufts of hair, a fan of animal's hair

าาป (chaie) to distribute วัน — the day before a fête

(chahree) [Pali] to go, to do, to act

ทิวิที (chahreet) [Pali] ceremonies, usages

ทากา (chahreuk) to engrave

niif (chahrett) [Pali] one of the four royal pages of highest rank

ทุกระโม็ก (charla'mett) a flat sea fish

913 (chow) pulp (of cocoa-nut, etc.)

rand (chik) (1) to peck rand — cares and troubles (2) to tear off small pieces (3) a tree

is (ching) with la all woods except bamboo

(ching) (not used alone) — 10 110 (chirit) small, puny, little small lizard (on walls) - 920 fox - เทลน large lizard (on the ground) _ la kangaroo รั วงเหลน (ching len) see 🛉 จุกตร (chitta'ng) [Pali] (1) spirit, soul, thought (2) silently meditating ነበን (chitta'ra') [Sansk.] spirit, life, soul, intelligence, idea (Alab, 223) - 117% (in dates) the 5th month ในคา (chindah) [Pali] diamond านความณ (chindahma'nee) [Pali] (1) Siamese grammar (2) a precious stone, wishing-stone ขินตา (chintah) ขินตร and ขินตรนา [Pali] thought, to think ในทะกระวี (chinta'kra'wee) [Pali] poet 149:37 (chinta'rah) [Pali] clever, wise, prudent ในที่เทวิ (chinta'rah) [Javan.] young lady Ill (chip) to sip 14 (chim) (1) touching the top of the water (2) at the moment of, near M (chim) to insert, to dip M - Wu

toothpick

ស្តី (chiew) [Chin.] a Chinese intoxicating drink made with rice Vî (chiew) [Chin.] small. puny 🌂 (chiu') [Chin.] fan (chee) [Chin.] pudenda feminæ i (chee) to roast, to burn 34 - (linchee) (1) a round spotted fruit (2) a red colour (3) [Annam.] elder sister (chee!) (1) to tickle (2) ornament (chee?) very quick In (cheet) a small fish ମ ବିନ୍ଦୁ (cheet) very small, minute Til (cheep) to fold up, roll up (betel leaves, etc.) TI (cheem) to stop up holes จิวิธ (cheera') [Pali] a long time เจียก (cheeak) (1) to divide (2) a read with sweet flowers । পুরাল (cheeat) (1) ornaments of rank (2) to buy by retail ાગુણ (cheean) (1) soon (2) to cut off pieces (3) to surround, encircle

19811 1911 (cheeam) (1) carpet (2) to be 71 (choo'n) (1) monkey (2) projectmoderate, temperate 1783 (cheeyu) (1) to fry (2) to put with oil or grease (3) (a particle intensifying the word before it) 1993 (cheeyu) [Chin.] genitalia viri ৷প্রা (cheeyu) [Chin.] a Chinese pot 122 (cheewonn) [Pali] the three robes of a priest (panung vest and scarf) 73 (cheung) then (cheut) fresh (of water), insipid, tasteless (cheua) to mix, compound, dilute 176ध (cheua) easily (choo') to stuff or cram (one thing into another) full 1) (choo'k) (1) colic (2) to stop up

🚁 (3) top-knot

19 (choo'ng) = 19

dust, powder

(2) to prop up

ing navel ¶ u (choo'n!) to push לוֹן (choo'p) to suck gently 1 (choo'p) steam pipe — 1193 (1) a sea shell (2) to kiss gently in and in (choo'm) to dip, to immerse, to steep 위임 (chooi') prodigal, mischievous (choo'lla' cha'kra'pa't) ขล ของพรรต the King จล ศกราช (choo'lla' sa'ka'raht) [Pali] the old Siamese civil era งลางล (choo'lahchonn) disorder, confusion, defeat าละ (choo'lla') [Pali] small ¶Wη (choo'lah) [Pali] pin for the topknot (choo) a small woolly dog ? (chco'n) [Pali] to pound into dust; (choo) to rush suddenly (choo) a trap (for eels) (choo'ti') [Pali] birth, migration 94 (choong) to lead by the hand from one state to another (Al.189) 911 (choop) to kiss, sound of kissing (choo'n) (1) to penetrate, to go in 1711 (chek) [Chin.] Chinaman

(chet) [Chin.] seven - all seventy 117 (chan) to follow closely [17] (cheddee) [Pali] pointed pyramid, pagoda 1993 (chettra') and 1993 [Pali] mind, thought, spirit, life, idea (Alab. 236) IMMINITH the fifth month เจกรสก (chettra sik) [l'ali] mental, mental category, mode of expression (Alab. 237) (chayn) accustomed to, able to, expert, proficient াণ্ডা (chepp) sick, ill, hurt [Pali] to talk, converse Iኘሁበን (chaytsa'dah) [Sansk.] gold or-

verse

[THIR (chaytsa'dah) [Sansk.] gold ornament for the neck

[Th and [Th: (churr) to meet, to come together

[Th (chur) projecting lip

[Th (chur) confusedly

[Th (chur) confusedly

[Th (chur) cher) to come without being asked

[Th (chern) beyond, besides; to add

oil or unguents

119 (chaa) light red, very red (chaa) to open out, expand (of flowers, etc.) In a bird with a crest and a large tail Ilan (chaak) to distribute 1173 (chaang) to distribute, to arrange in order, to classify 1171 (chang) manifest, clear, open ความ to inform — มา ย่ง a formula used in the address on envelopes แจ๊ม (chaam) cheerful, bright แขว (chaao) long oar (Siamese style) N - the loop used for holding it in place 1197 (chaao) warbling, chattering, noise of talking 1193 (chaa) (1) touching, close together (2) a Laosian tribe ીં (chai) (1) heart, mind, character, nature, disposition - The benevolent ที่ — glad ๆ ก — angry ๆ คน — เทม — content, willing น้า — will นักย — displeased กก —

despair, desperate, to disappoint, to to die ทาย — to breathe เกา — ใส่ to attend, take care livy Tu to learn by heart — กว้างขวาง liberal. charitable — ្រើដូ presence of mind — เก็บวิกัน congenial, symnathetic [] — to understand (2) the middle, the central part of any thing as - 17 the middle of the palm of the hand, 200 grains of rice, the 64th part of a tanan — คุน hollow of the foot, middle of the sole

ไขากระเบน (chohng kra'benn) to form the tail of the panung

199 95 (chohng cha') performance on a drum with the fingers and flat of the hand

(chote) to go from one employment to another

โขทร์ or โขทนา (chote, chohta'nah) [Pali] to accuse, to rebuke, to dispute: - nu to report, to discuss มี — Plaintiff — ว่า problem

aghast, startled, frightened ਗ੍ਰਿੰਗ – [ਗਿਪ (chone) to jump or leap upon, a or towards dishearten fill — doubt: त्य — [] (chone) and [] (chohra') [Pali] thief, robber, burglar โจษัจวิวิ (chohtcha'n) (1) to communicate (2) to make a noise াণ্ (chow) a plant like hemp in (chow) to sit silent and still, to sit

on the watch un - a bird in -

a fish (chow!) a lord, a master: You (spoken to an inferior) — IND Governor of a Province — In proprietor — ฏาว bridegroom — สาว bride - 17 Yes, Sir (by women) _ ไก้ที่ cunning perfidious, unscrupulous — y creditor — n

เจ้า (chow?) sad and silent, melancholy lang (chaw) (1) to bore, to perforate (2)

landlord ขันทร์ - moon

to make a noise with the tongue or mouth

ເຖງະເຄາະ (chaw law) handsome, agreeable

ຳ (cha'm) (1) to identify (2) to imprison (3) to remember — ເປັນ necessary — ຈາງ to imprison — ນຳ to pawn, pledge, mortgage — ລາງ duplicate, to copy — ໃຊ້ to remember

งำ (cha'm) (1) quickly, with quick, strokes (2) fat (3) a babbler งำ กัศ (cha'm ka't) just enough, having none to spare

จำนง (cha'mnong) and จำนอง according to one's wish

ทั่วผูน (cha'mnon) beaten in a fight, vanquished

จานราจา (cha'mna'nchah) to converse จำนวน (cha'mnooan) quantity, account นาย — secretary

จ้าหน่าย (cha'mnai) and จำแหนก to distribute

ที่ให้ปรี (cha'mneean) [Sansk.] a long time past, long ago

*กันา (cha'mna'm) pawn, pledge, security, mortgage

หลาย (cha'mna'n) to converse, talk

ห้างใว (cha'mpah) (1) a tree with sweetsmelling yellow flowers (2) spring
of a lock

จำปาดร (cha'mparda') a delicate kind of jack-fruit

(cha'mpee) a tree with white

ข้าพวก (cha'mpooak) congregation, band, assemblage

ຈົງກູ່ (cha'mpoo) a tree

ข้าไฦๅ๕ (cha'mpaw) only, barely, just enough

ទំនាំ (cha'mreun) [Cambod.] (1) to persevere (2) to cut, dock, curtail (3) to thrive, prosper increase, advance; good morning អ្នក — favourable — ជារាម good health; good morning

จิ๋าวิธ (cha'mra') a part, a side

ข้าลอง (cha'mlaung) to trans cribe, to renew, to reprint

ข้าเลย (cha'mloey) culprit, defendant, litigant

ทุกคล (cha'mseen) [Siam. and Sansk.]
to fast, to observe the strict rules
of conduct

% (cha') (1) (aux. verb of the Future) will, shall (2) (aux. verb of the Infinitive) to

made like a crocodile, with strings
(cha'chaang) clear, manifest,
corrected

TEL (cha'ping) leaf of gold or other metal used to hide the nakedness of female children, lappet or plate placed over a lock, etc.

1:3: (cha'ie | [Pali] to shake about a little, trembling, vibrating

ระกรเม็ต (cha'la'mett) a flat sea fish ใช่ — turtle egg

ระกะหวัน (cha'la'wa'n) tumultuously, confusedly

(cha'k) to cleave, to split ju to

Ting (cha'k) [Sansk.] (1) wheel (2)

King, royal authority (so in compos.) — วาฬ and — พาฬ ends or

boundaries of the world — พาวที่

very mighty King

ากวิ (cha'kkree) [Pali] name of a throne in the Palace

(chaing) with 731 straight, true

— 994 the eighth part of a tanan

1111 (cha'ngkah) to take aim

างกุด (cha'ngkoot) stern; after part of a boat

NN (cha'ng nga'ng) stupefied, incapable

ทัศกาล (cha'ngtarn) low fellow, rascal ทัศวิก (cha'ngreet) a cricket

abominable unlucky, accursed,

วังโลง (cha'nglohng) long handled instrument with bamboo plaited bowl for baling big boats

ฟิฟัที (cha'ngwa') boundaries, intervals, bars, end of a rhyme, rhythm, cadence

ทั้งหนึ่ง (cha'ngwa't) parish, sub-district ทั้งหนึ่ง (cha'ngha'n) food of a priest แพ้ว

- whirlegig, scarecrow

ที่มีทาล (cha'ntahn) [Pali] very bad, lewd, wicked

יאר (cha't) (1) vehement, strong (2) to speak much (3) to prepare, adjust, arrange — ווין to get ready, fit up, regulate — ווין to provide — ווין to revise — און to search — ווין to supply — הון to manage a business בי בי שור בי שומים ב

bod

າກວາ (cha'ta'wah) | Sansk.] four ໄມ່ (the fourth accent, as over 197) and 1973 [Pali] better 19 four (cha'n) (1) a yellow shell (2) blossom of cocoa or betel-nut (3) snare, trap เดา แน - mechanical crane านที่คาม (cha'nta'karm) and ประ [Pali] inhabitants of the country near the frontier ในทูน (cha'n) [Pali] sandal wood ลิกnutmeg ามที่ปริ Chantaboon or Chantabooree (Town and Province) านทร์ (cha'n) งันทุรา and งันทุริ [San.] moon (Alab. 217) Ju - Monday ni - full moon - high and — วิปริวาตา colipse of the moon

ในที่นู (cha'nta'n) rafter

iu las (cha'nlohng) to sustain

ំងៃឱ្យ (cha'na'p) [Chin.] dried cakes

12 (cha'p) to catch, overtake __ 177

to seize, to grip — $\hat{\eta}$ î to begin —

in to fish - In to occupy 191-

intermittent fever — 1 guitar

าับเรียว (cha'p cheeyo) [Chin.] small earthenware kettle

Till and Till (cha'p-ping) leaf of gold or silver for children, lappet for covering a key-hole, etc., a board forming part of the aft portion of a boat

D

A (chaw chan = English ch. Palatal:

a high letter) — AB name of this letter

Rn (chok) (1) to steal (2) (of snakes) to bite

นกรรที่ (cha'ka'n) (1) adult [20 to 30 years old] (2) fierce, savage, cruel นิงน (cha'ngon) doubtful, irresolution
— ใป mistake

R기인 (cha'ngai) (1) to be surprised, astonished (2) distant, far off, far R가이 (cha'nooan) (1) a road reserved for the King and the Princesses (2) a tall tree with leaves used for medicine

นินาก (cha'nark) saw-fish ในน (cha'nai) how? what? TRUP (cha'note) title deed of a garden

WES — charge of forgery

มิบั: (cha'ba'p) copy, pattern, model (numerical designation of papers)

RN31 (cha'mooak) harpoon with three prongs, trident.

มมัน (cha'ma'n) stag

กระช้า (cha'ra a'm) shaded, cloudy

Rang (cha'looi) bent at both ends, arched, curved

กลัง (cha'looa) dull (of colours)

นลอเนลา (cha'law cha'low) elegant

Rang (cha'laung) (1) to celebrate, to dedicate (2) (a royal word prefixed to the name of several articles in common use) in — holiday, ceremony, solemnity

ANDL (cha'laum) a small sea vessel

Ann (cha'lark) [l'ali] a lottery ticket

n∩ — lime enclosing such a ticket

Ran (cha'larng) Junk Ceylon [an island in Western Siam]

กลาค (cha'lart) cunning, prudent, subtle, discreet

นิสาม (cha'larm) a shark

นิกิก (cha'leek) notched, indented เมิกิป (cha'leeang) a covered gallery, verandah

เนิลียว นิลาท (cha'leeo cha'lart) very prudent, very cunning, clever

นก (cha'loo) ox ! — second year of the Siamese cycle

រាស្សី (cha'loy) and — 🗓 to answer

IRA? (cha'lao) (1) rod or stick in the river to show where the channel is deep (2) sign or mark of sale (3) ticket used by doctors for their medicine jars

laan (cha'leum) to anoint, to celebrate, to make an illumination or other fête

ប្រេសិប (cha'laap) obliquely, slantingwise, zigzag

แนกม (cha'laam) admirable

โกลก (cha'loke) method, model; at a good time

ANI (chooey) to seize, to catch

กวาง (cha'warng) arithmetic

นว (cha'wee) [Pali] skin [of animat e and inanimate things]

เทวียง (cha'weeang) [Cambod.] to twist or turn to the left ቤተብ (chawsok) [Pali] 6th year of the Siamese cycle

RO (chaw) to steal, fraudulent — በዚ swindle

RO (cha'onn) mild, affabie

RO (cha'onn) green and shady

R ነብ (chark) with ሀብ a square rule,

a screen for dividing rooms ፲፱ —

unframed picture በብ — to steer a

นาง (charng) granaries, barns (a measure of 200 เกวียน or loads)

boat

ว่าง (chahng) [Chin.] sound of Chinese cymbals

นาน with น่า (nah charn) before the King

지입 (charp) (i) to seize, to pounce upon
(2) to fly (3) sweetened and fried (4)
cymbal — [유럽기 suddenly, rapidly

กาย (chai) [Pali] reflection, shadow, shade พระ — (1) looking glass (for royal persons) (2) photograph of a royal person

นายา (charyar) [l'ali] — นาย

in (chowe) to be spread about, to be rumoured, to babble, to gossip

n (chi') and n (chee) (exclam. of surprise, aversion, or anger)

Li (ching) cymbals

As (ching) maimed, lame

นึน with ที่ (ti' chin) slander

นีย (chip) escaped

นิยทาย (chip hai) to perish; ruinous; destruction

ลิม (chim) small child

ี้นี่ (chiew) (of wind) gentle, steady

chee) noise of frying

An (cheek) to tear, rip up, lacerate

นิก (cheet) to inject

মেটা (cheeang) oblique, diagonal, slanting

เลียก (cheeat) nearly touching แลน — to tack

เนียบ (cheeap) sharpened, pointed

្តើមា (cheeu') quickly, rapaciously, to seize rapidly

្រើប្រី (chooey) very steadily, very slowly

n (choo') (1) damaged, spoilt (2) a swelling, bloated

An (choo'k) to be sick; anguish

tiresome; noise of chains, clashing, jingling

An (choo't) to pull, to drag — An to drag away, carry off

24 (choo'n) sharp, keen, strong, pungent, angry

นี้น (choo'n) = การๆน to give a push, to shove

นับ (chooi') (1) easily, neatly, quickly
(2) quick easy movement of a saw
through wood (3) emanation (of
smells) — มาย (1) foppish, idle (2)
a dance

An (choot) to spout out; clyster

In (chay) oblique, leaning over

taln (chaykoh) [[Pali] skilful, expert, cunning, knavish, cheating

inf (chate) (a word used to drive away dogs) 17; — a vegetable

indifferent, aimless, besotted

เนิก ฉาย (chert chai) เนิก ฉิน and เนิก ฉัน neat, cleanly

112 (chaa chaa) noise of falling rain

1121 (chang) healthy

iin: (chaa') wet, muddy n — bleareyed l n — garrulous

RILA! (chong chayng) deceiver, liar

โลก (chote) stnpid, silly

โทย (chope) to seize (of falcons, etc.)

Ru (chome) handsome, pretty

trees) withering, drooping

្រោះ (chaw') to cut off

น้าแนร (cha'm chaa') (1) muddy (2) negligent

ก๊า (cha'm) pleasant, agreeable หวาน of an agreeable sweetness

นรู (cha') (1) (Interjection, contradicting or joking) นี้ — (Interjection of blame) — น้ำ chorus in a burlesque er comic play (2) to chip, to notch (3) [Pali] six

n: In (cha'ngoke) leaning the head over, looking over the edge

n:171167 (cha'serng sow) Petriew (town and province)

A: g (cha'nee) in this way, thus

A: HH (cha'na'n) in that way, so INFI

on that account

2: [1] (cha'ba'ng) a rhythm of verses 2: NEW (cha'moy) to turn the eyes a little to one side, to look askance นะ ลอ (cha'law) (I) to cherish, foster, bring up (2) to move or transport a house bodily by digging the ground and dragging at the walls นะ ลาน (chalam) to mow, to clear a ground, to level นะเลาะ (cha'law) to disagree, embroil; broil LTU: (cha'ta'ma') [Sansk.] sixth Ayı (cha't) [Sansk.] parasol with tiers เลวทว — white parasol over King's throne นิน (cha'n) (1) I, me (2) (of priests) to eat 7 - I, me (by women) MLTI - (to a Prince) I, me Rule (cha'ndai) how? what? นิ๊นท์ (cha'n) [l'ali] a metre of verses 190: - to be of the same mind นินทา (cha'ntah) [Pali] desire

U

I (chaw cheu or small ch. = English

ch. Sansk. and Pali j. Palatal: a low letter) — In name of this letter

In (chok) to fight with the fists
In (chong) [Chin.] to make tea

ชงโลง (chong lohng) a scoop for shovelling out water

ๆงๆ (chong) [Pali] (of the King) shin, lower part of the leg (from the knee to the ankle)

ขฏิล (cha'dinu) [Sansk.] hermit, ascetic with long hair

Tu (chon) (1) fighting of animals — In cock-fighting (2) [Pali] man, people

ๆนา (cha'nok) [Pali] father

ๆนูนี้ (cha'na'nee) [Pali] mother

ๆแบท (chona'bot) [Pali] inhabitant, countryman

ๆแม่ (chonn) age, life

ๆนา (cha'nah) [Pali] men

ๆใน (cha'noh) [Pali] man

ชนาริเบศร (cha'narti'bett) [Pali] King

ๆน์ท (cha'nitt) kind, species

Il (chom) to praise, admire, enjoy

ๆมก (cha'mott) civet cat — เขียง musk rat TNW (chompoo) [Pali] a large tree the having a small fruit in clusters [eugenia jambu]

TNW (chompoo) [Pali] continent, country — not continent inhabited by men (Alab. 13, 187)

ชมพนท and สมพนท (chompoonot) [Pali] pure gold

ๆมา (chompoo) small tree having a fruit like a pear

III (cha'rah) [Pali] decrepit, old

The (chon) and The (cha'lah) [Pali]

(and several similar words) water

— I — III and — IIII tears

The challaum bamboo basket with

the top end open which can be tied at the neck for keeping fruit, etc.

ชาวน (chalarn) to level

ឲ្យក្ស (cha'loy) booty, spoil, captives

131 (chuang) shining, bright

IN (chooat) (1) rat L — 1st year of the cycle (2) finding nothing, finding all gone, having nothing left to do, stopped short TH (chooan) to take with one, to persuade to a thing, to lead away ? ? :

— sick (of a King or Prince)

Tou (cha'wa'na') [Pali] quick, rapid, versatile, vivacity

Till (chooey) to come to the aid of, to help, to succour, defend, assist, take part with — โก๋เก๋ ransom — ให้ พัน rescue

ชาลา (cha'wa'lah) [Sansk.] lamp

ชวิลิท (cha'wa'litt) [Pali] shining, splendid

Min (cha'wah) better Min Java

ขากลา (cha'warlah) lamp with three branches or jets

II (chooa) [Hindoo] rat, mouse

ทั่ง (chooa) (1) bad, perverse, wicked
(2) all (3) a generation, period, revolution — น่า the future ใน — in the course of หญิง — กน — prosti-

€ ¶] (chooa) [Chin.] a Chinese box

tute

In (chor) bunch, cluster (of flowers) (2) to cheat



The (chong) orifice, hole, aperture, gap, The (chang) workman, artifficer: emopportunity \n - at a fit opportunity - Min hole in a door where the bolt can be got at and (chawng) to fasten up (hair) loosely; wig

THU (chorn) to drill ATS - a cocoanut milk receiver, a kind insect which live in paddy shell

ๆคนู (chorn) a commrn fresh water fish May (chaun) spoon, spoon-shaped net, to eateh fish - MAY a fish-eating bird, a spoon made of shell

May (chaup) suitable, proper, right, to like — P pleasing, to be agreeable - na it seems right, it should be so

1) (chah) [Chin.] tea 1 — tea leaf un — tea infusion

My (chah) torpor, numbress in the linbs, lethargy 17 - cunning, wise Ti (char) (1) a long while, to delay, too late - n slow, tardy (2) ru de,

rough, indecent

ployment, trade, vocation - 117: sculptor (and so of other trader and callings) — Will orator, babbler — ประกิษฐ inventor, impostor — สุรุก engraver

ๆไป (charng!) elephant — พลาย male elephant - Wy female elephant land herd of elephants

ๆกูป (charn) [Pali] and เๆปว — vigorous, strong

Tinn (chardok) [Pali] history (esp. of Buddha)

ขาค (chaht) vermilion

Tiff (chartree) [Sansk.] (1) invulnerable (2) Ligor theatre

ชาที (chaht'i') [Pali] race, origin, existence, to be born, native (Alab. 239)

Mill (charn) refuse of sugar cane, betelnut, etc. UEN - porch, platform attached to a house - 131 gaoler

TIM (charm) dish — 171 wide open dish - had dish with a lid to it

It (chaie) (1) edge, border, shore, INA (chiewhah) [Pali] tongue - I adulterous

ชายา (chahyah) [Pali] wife, fine woman

ชาวิ (charn) [Pali] adulterer, paramour

(chahn) and MIR? (chahlah) [Pali] flame

It (ching) to take suddenly, to snatch

ๆง ๆ) (ching chah) swing

ซึ่งใชย (ching chai) to fight

ที่ง (ching chaing) hatrod, to detest

In (chit) connected, fitting closely, well-fitting

Tn (chitt) [Pali] victorious, victory

My (chin) (1) to be familiar, to be accustomed to (2) tin

Mu (chin) [Pali] victor, to vanquish

- A a blue chemical substance

like alum

ี่ ๆแ (chin) piece, bit

ๆม (chim) to taste, to try

TIMM (chi'wongkon) [Pali] to die (of the last King)

lace (2) male, masculine in and in (chee) nun win — parsley win — now chevril, an aromatic plant ยาย old woman

> (chee) exudation from burning wood I (chee) to show, to point out - 1193 to explain

> ซีฟ (cheep) [Pali] life — ทักไยย [San.] to die (of the King's grandsons, chiefs of vassal states, etc.)

ชีวา (cheewah) ชีวิจั ชีวัน and ชีวิ [Pali] life

ชวิทวิ (cheewitt) [Sansk.] life, alive, living 197 - King

ง (cheeang) (1) veil (2) [Laos.] chief town - Ini Chiengmai (capital

of Laos) NII — fin เขียว (cheeyu) rapid (of water, etc.)

ชุน (cheun) joyful

ๆน (cheune) moist, wet

ๆ (cheu) name — ที่ง title — เสียง fame, renown 1911 - to nominate

ার্লা — to lose one's reputation ปลาย — end of the name ผู้มี —

the undersigned

(chewa) to rely, believe, credit; I (choo'p) (1) to steep, to dip (2) to on credit — ? to trust, reliable — ฟ to obey — ก๊อ to believe পেণ্ড (cheua) (1) to ferment (2) race, family — and posterity — in to invite

เศยก (cheuak) line, rope — เส้นใหญ่ cable — i) u cord, twine Wu — to twist a rope - unu tarred rope াপুণ্ড (cheuang) docile, gentle, tame

পিনুগ (cheuat) to cut, cut up เทียน (cheuan) to go in a crooked direction, to turn aside

INFA (cheuam) (1) to put into sugar, to preserve (fruits, etc.) (2) languid, ill, torpid, careless, heedless, lazy (3) to go very slow

ที่เกษ (choo'nha'pa'k) [Sansk.] time of the waxing moon

In (choo't) (1) tinder, rope torch (2) mouse-trap, fish-trap (3) numerical designation of tea-sets, etc.

(4 (choo'n) (1) to darn, to mend, to embroider (2) an instrument for net-making, netting needle

It (choo'n) to goad, to push on

write, to gild

ๆ เป

IN (choo'm) plentiful, to abound, abundant

TN (chco'mm) (1) to dip, to temper (steel) (2) happy, joyful

THIN (cheo'mneo'm) party, meeting, to assemble, congregate - fill assembly Mi - mob

ปีกิ (choo'lee) [Pali] to salute with raised and closed hands

M (choo) to raise, to prop up ATA - to weigh

ที่ (choo) adultery, adulterous ADA ซียูน -- lily

lপুর্ (cheytah) [l'ali] eldest brother

গোপ (chett) to wipe

្រោដ (chenn) mode, species, manner

ins (cherng) [Cambod,] (1) foot, basis, stand - Ingu candle-stick - Inu behind battlements - NIJU earth-

enware portable stove (1) artifice, trick, deceitful

ក្សា (chern) to invite, to bid

figures in funeral plays, magic lantern term

119 (chaa) negligent, to delay
119 (chaa') to saturate, soak — III
preserve (of fruit, etc.)

1191 (chaang) oath, imprecation; to swear, to curse

นเช่น (cham) open forehead — ๆ ัย pretty, amiable

ใช่ (chie) it is so ใน — or นิ — not so $\hat{\mathbf{n}} = \hat{\mathbf{n}}$ not only

location (chie) to use, to treat, to pay; service — location of the slaves, servants

ឡៃ (chai) to pierce, to bore ឡៃមូ (chaiya') ឡៃម្យ and ឡៅម [Pali] victory

្បីបី៖ (chaiya') [l'ali] to vanquish, victory

fortunate (1) wet (2) good fortune,

្សីក្តា (chohdeuk) [Pali] prosperity ព្រឹក្សិ (chohti') [Pali] shining, glowing M (chowe) citizens, people, inhabitants of — เรา all of us here — บาน laymen; neighbours — บาน นอก peasants, rustics — นา agriculturist, farmer

เข้า (chow) to lease, to hire ให้ — to let

เข้า (chow!) morning - มีก before dawn วัง — early morning

ហោក្ស (chow) [Pali] intelligent, quickwitted

In (cha'm) a cutting from a tree, a slip;
to plant

ชีวใจ (cha'm chai) refreshed, satisfied ชั่ว and ชั่วชาก (cha'm chauk) bruised, contusion

ฎาผา (cha'mchah) fir tree, white wood, deal

ชำนาญ (cha'mnarn) and ชำนี [Pali] skilful, expert, able, experienced ชำรับ (cha'mrooi) to thank, to reconpense, to give a present in return

ທຶ່ງໃຕ້ (cha'mroo't) to go to ruin; spoilt, damaged, a blot, a defect

ที่ในวิก (cha'mraak) to penetrate into the earth ทำเวา (cha'mrow) (high word) to cohabit, to copulate

শ্বীঃ (cha'mra') to clear, to wash, to scour, to examine (a person) or affair

รำลิก (cha'mlah) a fish used for salting ชาเลือง (cha'mleuang) to look askance.

To (cha') to smear over with, to sprinkle or foment with water

TSING and MENTA (chaingauk chaingoke) lofty, overhanging, threatening to fall

ชะง้า (cha'nga'm) too high

awry

Tina (cha'dah) [Pali] a crown worn by actors

Isln (cha'doh) a common river fish

Ting (cha'tah) star under which a person is born, destiny, luck ng.—astrologer's circle

ชะนาง (cha'narng) a fish-snare made of bamboos

TIN and TUP (chaintt) kind, species

True (cha'na') [Pali] to gain, to win, to surmount, to excel — !!n to vanquish, prevail; victory 21 — to outrun

Tan (cha'na'k) harpoon for crocodiles

Tรบา (cha'bah) a flowering shrub, a medicinal plant

ารพลิ (cha'ploo) wild betel

TIMP (cha'mot) musk rat

ขึ่ววิปี (cha'roi) perhaps, by chance

TEAN (cha'laum) a bamboo basket or case which is tied round at the top

ชีวิลาน with มีนี (phon cha'larn) mango showers, rains of the 3rd and 4th months [about February]

T:ลิทิ (cha'loot) (1) a medicinal scented shrub (2) higher, taller, tall

T:แถง (cha'laang) iron spade or shovel, iron lever, crow-bar

Tะโลง (cha'lohng) equally balanced, equipoise, even

Tolan (chalohm) to anoint, to drench, to pour water over

Tin (cha'wah) [Javan.] Java

Til (cha'eu) shady, cloudy

1:1911 (cha'aym) a tree of which the branches are pounded and used as medicine

Tillu (cha'ohn) a fish INN7 — a tree rather like betel In (cha'k) to pull, to draw, convulsions - Mi to drag along, to draw on, influence — all to blow the bellows - Min to show a sad or angry face - and to pull, to draw, to retard, to pull back, make slow Il (chaing) to hate, detest, abhor, abominate 11 (cha'ng) (1) balance, to weigh (2) (weight) a catty (80 ticals) (3) let MA (sot) to swallow (me), allow (us, etc.) (4) to care little, not to care ฐชาวิลย์ (cha'tcha'wahn) [Pali] shining, brilliant Mugns (cha'nna'soot) [Pali] proof, to prove, to test, to examine to test

unobliterated - 194 distinctly II (cha'n) (1) a tree (2) rosin (3) steep, upright, sticking up III (hair) standing on end all - a flower

Mn (cha't) visible, legible, undefaced,

ชั้น (cha'n) grade, degree, storey, tier, ๆ (saw) warbling, chattering, babbling shelf, apparatus for holding dishes

one above the other to -lu lining of cloth - 117111 a degree (of academic distinction, as M. A., etc.) - หลิง successor (cha'na'sah) and ขนุมพรรษา

[Pali] age

of (saw = English s. Lingual: a low letter)

Til (sep) to hang the head

The some dim, decrepit — The to go blindly forward TH (somm) orange — In shaddock,

pomelo

TING (sooat say) to totter, to stagger, staggering, the staggers MINIS (sooat sohng) form, shape

MIN (sooat) and MIN (sooan) staggering, vacillating

পু গু (sooi') [Chin.] bad, unlucky

ชา (saw) (1) violin, fiddle สั — to play the violin (2) stump, pollard

(2) [Chin,] elder sister

The (sauk) cave, corner, recess, cul- Te (sah) [Maun] (1) gently, quietly, de-sac, blind alley - TOR to start, to depart, to go

May (saung) envelope, case, receptacle - 10 concavity of the palm of the hand

The (saung) a recess — 1171 ing, wobbling

Th (saung!) noise, tumult

Thu (saun) to put out of sight, to hide Thu (saunn!) (1) to put one upon another, to pile up - NOA to have two wives or husbands (2) a pile or set (of cups, plates, etc.)

TEN (saum) (1) fork, orked (2) and

-- HTH to mend, repair, adorn

TEN (saum!) (1) to husk rice by pounding (2) to exercise, to train, bring out (soldiers, witnesses, etc.) In to examine evidence

THI (soi) to chop up, to cut in pieces, to strike or cut with quick strokes, to do quickly

1) (sah) to swell out (as after drinkhot or effervescing drinks) Wn — jujube

(2) to be appeased, to be diminished

T) (sar) (1) noise of dropping rain or water, (of fish) starting off, dashing away II — an orange

Min (sark) (1) dead body (2) a tree used for making charcoal

In (sarng) a long jointed bamboo (2) worms (a disease in children) a long bamboo blow-pipe for shooting darts

ปักม (sahn) astrays wandering, vagrant TH - straying blindly

Mil (sarn) to be spread, to be scattered about — [Tu (1) to spatter (2) to be routed

ชาย (sarp) to infiltrate into, to wet throughly, wet through

ชาย (saie) sand

ซ้าย (sai) left (hand)

Til (sowe) to wash (rice)

 $\overrightarrow{\imath}$ (si') (expletive used with the Imper-. ative, as) 1 - go on! get on! 177 - begin! proceed!

ที่ก ๆ (sik sik)[phon,] sound of laughing, chuckling

M (see!) to jest, to joke: a crowd I (see!) [Chin.] to die ซิก (seek) section (numerical designation of bones, ribs, etc.) 11 - lath

of bamboo

TIPT! (see-krong) (see T) ribs Th (seet) pale — ITTI pale and

wrinkled

ឡើម (seeya) [Chin.] very small, puny

เทียน (seean) [Chin.] angel เซียน or เลียน (seean) splinter — ทนาม

(1) thorn (2) enemy 1711 (seeyep) feeling of cold, cool

Till (seeyo) looking unwell, sickly,

ITUI (seeyo) [Chin.] mad

pale-faced

being so

In (seung!) (of a hole or cave) deep.

distant nn - profound, secret, mysterious

Til (seum) (1) half-asleep, drowsy, still, lethargic (2) oozing out — ៗប្រ to coze or drip through

The (seu) straight, direct, upright สักย์ true, faithful, honest ไจ trustworthy, straightforward, hon-

est - MII upright, reliable

pot used for electricity

ร Th (seu!) to buy 👣 — to buy on commission & purchaser !! L - fe-

male guardian spirit of children প্রের (seua'ng) slow, slowly clumsy

In (soo'k) to hide (in grass, bag, etc.)

Tu restless, recklessly, childishly, naughty - Ti) zigzag, winding, in different directions

ซึง (soo'ng) (1) trunk ไม่— log สาย upper strings of a kite nearest to the kite (2) prodigal

Th (soo't) to subside, sinking, falling down - Inu to destroy

ருபு (soo'p) [phon.] noise of the lips, [விர (seu') absent-minded, making whispering - Ti to whisper, to speak privately — A; to push down, to bow down

TH (soo'm) to put out of sight, to place in ambush - Tau to hide, to set snares

Il (soo'm) carved front, façade, arch; shade made by a heap of grass, etc. Mg (sooi) crumbling มีก — [Laos.] clasp-knife เดิปม — a yellow flower

ชีป (soop) rather thin, lean — ผอมลง to pine away

ซมชาม (soo'm sahm) rude, ill-bred, rough

in (say) to stagger, to totter, to waver)

ing (seng) tasteless, vapid — in tumultuous, noisy

เซ็น (senn) (1) to sign ลาย — signature (2) cross pieces of wood used in building, having leaves or lathes between 197 - Malay custom of dancing and mutilation

1Th (surr) to wander about, vagrant, In (sie) trap made of bamboo, having vagabond, purposeless

170 and 199: (surr) awkward, erratic, stupid

mistakes, awkward - 92 stolid. stupid

IN (serng) bushy, thicket

เชิด (sert) to carry on the head

1171 (saak) to penetrate, to insinuate. to interfere, to mix In - angular, blind alley

(saang) joined; a pair 27 -UT? a black bird with two very long tail feathers

្រើៗ (saap) [Laos.] savoury, well-fla voured, well tasting

내 (saam) (1) to mend, to patch, to patch up (2) to add one thing to a lot of others, to insert one thing in others

ILM 3 (saao) with unligs see 1193

แข้ว (saao) unmoved, inmoveable

以何。(saa) (1) to cut off turf (2) to hoe

(3) to separate, to open out INI; — (of water) to make its way, to break through

three flat sides and a hole at the top ที่น - a large spreading tree with big roots

1 (sie) (1) [particle of the apodosis, QIN (chahn) [Pali] contemplation, coming after [] then, assuredly; (disjunctive particle) certainly; yes; now (2) a duck

(soh) beggarly, vagrant โซ (soe) chain: วิก — link: ที่ก

chained - MIRI fetters

រញ្ជា(sow) torpid, half asleep !!!!?— (1) a snake (2) a mango

1977 (sow!) troublesome, peevish, grumbling, vexatious

1973 (saw!) to scrape off, to eat away ชาใ (sa'm) a second time, again; repetition

Mn (sa'k) (1) to wash (2) to question

"(sa'ng) (1) wandering, vagabond, to loiter (2) after-taste of the durien

M? (sa't) (1) to throw (2) driven by the wind (3) to denounce (as an accomplice) to implicate (in a charge)

letter) - DIN name of this letter

elevation of the mind, meditative absorption, trance (Alab. 183. 192) ัญาญากิร์ที่ (chahnarpi'ra'ti') [Pali] joy resulting from contemplation IND (cherr) [Cambod.] tree

 $\mathfrak{O}(yaw \ yaht \ \text{or big} \ y = \text{English} \ y.$ Guttural: a low letter) — ปฏาที่ name of this letter

ทกา (yah) grass สมาม — lawn, grassplot in - un a creeping plant -গ্রি (1) soot (2) a plant

ญาณ (yahn) ญาณร and ญาณง [Pali] miraculous supernatural power, transcendent faculty knowledge, (Alab. 182) อกูญญา — supernatural powers

ญาที (yart) [Pali] relationship — กา and - IN relation

Nills (ying) woman, female i - wo-

(chaw chahn = English ch. a low Mi (yai) large, big, great, important magnates, grandees

1

 $\mathfrak{J} \text{ (daw cha'dah or big } d. = \text{English } d.$ $\text{Dental: a low letter)} - \mathfrak{II} \text{ name}$

of this letter ฏิกา (deekah) [Pali] petition, decree, law ใบ — invitation, advertisement, notice ภาบ — to present a

2)

 $\mathfrak{D} \text{ (taw rokeha't or big } t. = \text{English } t.$ $\text{Dental: a middle letter)} - \mathfrak{Ing}$

name of this letter

Petition to the King

7

t. Dental: a high letter) — กับราน name of this letter

รู๊าน ฐานา and ฐาน: (tahna') [Pali.]
place, state, condition, cause, origin,
event, subject

วิวันที่วิ (tahna'ndon) [Pali] particular post, special office, appointment 1

が (taw prai toon = English t. French
th. a low letter) — 「例 すい name
of this letter

N

(taw cha'reun = English t. French th. a low letter) — เจริญ name of this letter (เจริญ [Siam.] being equivalent to Pali วัญแกว)

riage-broker, match-maker, procuress (2) [Chin.] master

N

น (naw koo'n and naw yai = English

n. Guttural: a low letter) - คุณ

name of this letter

นิวิวิค์ (na'rong) [l'ali] war

INT (nen) [l'ali] disciple of the priests, neophyte

neophyte ใหร (na') conf. ใน in, at เมวัน,

on the ——— day, etc.

9

- $\mathfrak N$ (daw det or small d. = English d.

 Dental: a middle letter) $\mathfrak l \mathfrak N \mathfrak I$ name of this letter
- An (dok) productive (of trees), abundant (of fruits, children, etc.)
- (dong) (1) thick deep forests with tall trees (2) to take off from the top and put at the side
- *N with fif (kra'dong) a flat basket for winnowing rice
- In (dot) motion from side to side, vibration
- fig. (don) (1) to move, to inspire (2) moment, in a moment (3) till, until
- work) (2) to walk out of the path, to ramble (1) to make short cuts through roadless places
- ทินที่วี (dontree) [Pali] concert, music of stringed instruments
- My (dom) to smell, to inhale
- ทฤติ(da'roo'tee) [Sansk.] and ที่ดี[Pali] lunar day
- กวิณ (da'roo'n) [Pali] young
- fig. (don) (1) [Pali] earth (2) [Cambod,] to reach, to arrive at

- fill (dooa'ng) (1) globe, sphere, disc, circular, spherical I heart I strologer's circle (2) spots of dirt, blotchy, soiled
- คัว (dooa'ng) (1) a large worm which eats buds — ขีทฝ dung beetle ขนุม บ้.
 - a comestible like macaroni (2) mouse-trap, trap
- find (dooa't) a game with cowries if to run without looking behind;
 a game
- กวน (dooa'n) and กุกปร to stop up the holes in a beam, to plug
- กวน (dooa'n) hasty, hurried, pressing
- กับนู (dooa'n) amputated, cut off, cut short, curtailed
- ที่มี (dooey) (1) with, at the same time,
 by กัน together, altogether —
 วา on account of อันใก why?
 how? เข้า to agree with (2) that
- ทิก (daw) pudenda viri พ.เ a thorny
 tree สี [of elephants] fierce,
 savage ข้างสี male elephant
 without tusks

(conj. introducing a sentence)

And (dauk) certainly, assuredly — And Ly perhaps, not certain

And (dauk) flower, produce, blossom

— Ly flower — Ly Ly fireworks —

Liff interest, usury and — to borrow at unlawful interest — New courtesan — Lau white spots on the nails — Dilotus flower — Ly Ly Ly

กิปัง (daung) to preserve, to pickle เว — medicine soaked in liquid ไก้ยัง — relation, kindred ปังกัง — to consult together, to take counsel, to agree together

no tribute of vassal princes an

bolt of cross bow

กิบ (daung) to go slowly
กับ (daung) and กับ — a fish found in ponds, which, being eaten, causes intoxication — แก้ง oscillating
กิบิก (daut) to look stealthily, pry, peep
กิบิน (daun) high, lofty, rising far from a river กับ — undulating
กับน (domm) to explore, spy, lie in wait

ทิฟิย์ (doie) [Laos.] hill, knoll

기인 (doi) stooping, bent down, sloping forwards

חו (dah) all in line, going forward together וואמז — an edible insect וואמז — או a field insect וואמז — או an edible fish with round body and pointed tail like a cuttle fish חו (darr) to curse, to revile

በገበ (dark) (1) anus (2) piston in a cylinder, pestle in a mortar

Mil (darng) (1) potash (2) spotted with white — พร๊ะย not clean

กาก (dart) (1) to spread (2) rather flat

(1) gaoler (2) secretary — กน

plentiful (3) full — วรกา full —

พา deck of a boat ผู้ — small-pox

ମገମገଧ (dardaht) [Pali] abundant, fullblown

กาน (dahn) lower earth เป็น — (see กาล) tumour

ทาน (darn) custom house นาป — superintendent of customs

ที่กุ่ม (dahnn) (1) stubborn, hard, callous, impudent, obstinate (2) side สี – ทั่า — etc. square, pentagonal, etc. น่า — separate portion of task

or work, separate place or post ที่บุ๊ก — shameless

ทาย (dahp) sword ปลา — sword-fish

กามที่ (dahbot) [Pali] hermit, wearing tiger's skin and living on fruit

คาม (dahm) to mend or strengthen by splicing, to splice

গ্ৰান্ত (daie) (1) alone, lonely, abandoned (2) to mow, to hoe, to pick with a pick-axe িন্ত্ৰ — alas! what a pity! to regret

ที่าย (dai) cotton thread — ไทม silk thread

การา (dahrah) การก and การากร [Pali] star, constellation

การาทวน (dahrahwa'n) [Javan.] brilliancy of the stars

ກາລ (darn) bolt of a door ລຸດ -- handle
or hasp of a bolt ເປ່ນ -- hard tumour in the stomach

ทาล (darn) [Pali] to see — จิติวิ doubting, hesitating

กา (dowe) star — ประจำเมื่อ evening star — เกือน ที่ shooting stars, meteors — ทาง comet — นกขตฤกษ์ [Pali] astrological stars — ไก [astron.] the sword of Orion

คาว เรื่อง (dowe reua'ng) with คอก Indian pink

กาวแกน (dowe daan) kingdom

กาวกึ่งส์ (darvadoong) [Pali] second of the six sensual heavens (Alab. 201. 308)

ทีก (dik) to palpitate, throb

กิง (ding) [phon.] sound of a bell

plummet — In to plane or straighten wood

ที่ (ditt) [Pali] permanent

ที่กก (ditt)[Pali] landing place, bathing place

ทีน (din) earth — หลา lower earth —
กล and — กอน upper earth, high
land กอน — lump of earth — เผา
earth on which plants have been
burnt as manure — บัน gunpowder — ห priming — เหมียว clay

— ประสิว powder — ประสิวชาว nitre — ค่ำ gunpowder — สอ pencil — สอ พอง chalk, white powder for the face — ก็ผู้ว miraculous gold-

en earth — MIA hard clay at the bottom of a river

กนู (dinn) to pulpitate, toss, roll, throb, กก (deet) (1) to strike orimpel by drawmove about গিণ্ড (dip) raw, unripe, half-cooked -- গ well arranged, in good order, suitably & - dead bodies which are not burnt but buried PISA (di'rek, and PISAIM) [Engl.] to direct, Director nan (dee lok) [Pali] (1) rising above others, head, top, consecrated King (2) mole, freckle, or spot on the skin (3) powder or paint for the face กสเกร (dissa'tenn) [Pali] a priest who has been ordained ten years or more กับช (ditt) [Sansk.] = ครี permanent Fi (dee) gall — Infil purgative salts n (dee) good, well - nu mutual friends in - in to be reconciled w well-bred people, gentlefolk it is well - ITU by chance ID ্রি গ্রাপ্ত very nearly; perhaps – คัม ร้าย intermittent madness ทิwith กระ (kra'dee) a fish shaped like a leaf N (dee) and - INTH to tickle fill (deecha'n) I (used by women to a superior)

ing or holding tack, and letting go -위인 to disentangle cotton (2) to play on a musical instrument of to play the violin music, a band (3) to turn away from (4) to fillip (5) to lift with a lever (6) to kick like a horse coquetry of women กุรก (deebco'k) [Pali] tin, lead গা এব (deeplee) a plant used in medicine (1) long pepper (2) a bird กหล (deelee) [Laos.] love, in love เทียง (deea'ng) to add, to join ประ to invite เกียงยา (deea'ngsah) [Cambod.] not yet knowing the (Camb.) language เกียม (deea'm) to tickle รุ่ เคียม (deea'm) to walk on tiptoe เกียร์ (deea'ra') [Sansk.] on that side นาน [Pali] animals in general เกบริกาษ (deea'ra'dart) [Sans.] spreading about เกียร์ก็ (deea't) [Sansk.] landing เกียว (deeo) alone, single, one — กิน the same — N'43 so, likewise

เกียว (deec?) moment — น now, at once เคียบ (deucy) wedge, mortise, piece of 1)7: - directly, in a moment liff presently, after a while 17: - 1714 after a while, wait a little ทีก (deu'k) late at night — ๆ very late (1) obstinate, stubborn (2) to stretch out (3) to pull the hair ny (deung) to go to the bottom ทีน (deun) abundantly, plenty, many NN (deum) to swallow, imbibe: drink nd (deu) blunt, blunted, stubborn IPP (deua') a wild olive Inn (deuak) better 1132 - (1) to swallow with difficulty (2) undulation of the waves an arra - apple of the throat ing (deua't) boiling; to be irritated เกียน (deua'n) worm ไก้ — a long earthworm ក្រៀង (deua'n) moon, month — ។ ឬ (1) rising moon (2) waxing moon แวน (1) setting moon (2) waning moon — INI and — INI full moon (15th of the waxing) — MITE moonshine, time when the moon shines ny day between two moons

wood joined to another - In spurs of a cock — If n staple of a door วิ — mortise ที่มู่ — a plant ลก edible fruit of it ที่ (doo') irritable, angry, fierce __ วัน disobedient nn (doo'k) a fresh water fish of dirty hue with moustaches — 11 a dark fish with yellow flesh - Mil do. with white flesh - no palpitate (doo'ng) raised in the middle, crumpled up, wavy, inclined upwards, to lean on one side, to incline - IFN down on the sides and up in the middle — IDN to mend a battered vase — no boasting, affected ni - ni a water-worm Pi (doo't) [Pali] and - Nis such. like, as, the same กก (doo't) to grub up, poke up — กน to dig up with the snout like pigs กิน (doo'n) (1) to indent by striking, to beat into shape (2) to push

ทีน (doo'nn) log — lw fire brand

71 (doo'p) (1) to crawl (of insects)
(2) to palpitate, throb

ที่มี (doo'm) coat button, axle-tree of a wheel วัง — button-hole — เกิร์ปน axle-tree of a wheel (of cart or car) ที่มี doo'mm) to walk slowly with the eyes turned down

na (doo'n) [Pali] a weight (of about 20 catties)

กุลภาษี (doo'nrahsee) [Sansk.] balance, Libra [zodiac.]

กุษณ์ (doo'tsa'nee) and กุษก์ [Sansk.] to be satisfied, content, quiet, silent, salutation, happiness

กุสัท (doo'sitt) and กุสัทา [Pali] (1) fourth of the sensual heavens (Alab. 177, 308) (2) joy, joyful, glad

ที่ (doo) to see ที่เป็ — soothsayer — และ to look at or after ลอง — to test, to taste, to try คิศ — to reflect, examine นำ — worth looking at — ที่มีนุลกส์ — ถึก to despise, to insult

(doo) with 1175 tree with hard wood (doo?) (exclam, of indignation)

nn (dook) (1) stiff, unyielding (2) inside buttress or prop for a wall—

Inn the inside hard part of a tree

nn (dooka ra') and fin (sign of the vocative) Hi! Ho!

MM (doot) to suck

ทริยางค์ (doori'yarng) [Pali] concert, บ symphony

ที่วีปีรู (doori'ya') [Pali] musical instruments, concert

เทิ (day) vertical, upright, turned up เกิก (deck) child, boy

might, power, majesty, mighty (2) by the merit of, by means of MINT (a formula in Petitions to the King) by the merit of Your Majesty MINT IN by my merits, by good fortune, would that!

leng) bent upwards in the middle, arched

inn (dett) to pinch off with the nails, to pick

inu (dayn) remnants (of dishes, of cloth, etc.)

ហេដ (den) to appear clearly, exposed to view

1914 better 113: 1914 (kra'den) (1) thrown down and bounding off, ricochet (2) the biggest of the lot infin (deyra'tee) [Sansk.] impious, lawless, barbarous ing (dern) to walk, travel - in to travel by land - All to bribe a judge — fiff to transact another man's business \[\frac{1}{2} - \to go on foot \] inu (derm) beginning, at first, before, formerly 119 - from the first 117 (daa) (1) motionless (2) heart un and un (daa) (sign of the Dative) to (a King or great personage) iin (daak) (1) to push back, repulse, repel - My to push on, speak insolently - Don to break out Dan - a salt fish (2) colic - Ily pain in the stomach (3) ironical 1191 (deng) red — n bright red fin rust, rust colour - 17 brown, dark red - ATH and in very red In sapan wood, a red wood used for dyeing and joinery 174 - spurious coin ni - a red water worm

Unn (daatt) sun Unu (daan) limits, bounds, frontiers Unit (dan) having a white spot on the forehead UP) (dao) struggling of the body un; on (daa'daa') to run about causelessly, idly n (dai) who? what? whoever, some one - m whoever, whatever isome one, any one, who? something, anything Tu - and It 1117 - (1) something (2) how? In with ling (kang die) [Cambod.] mark used for a signature (byilliterate person) (dai) (1) to be able, to obtain, to get - nu to be suited, well matched, to agree - ni it goes on well, it is a good business nil according to one's powers, as one may (2) (sign of the Potential) can, may, it is possible [1] — you can go 12 - cannot, it is impossible, will not n - it can, assuredly (3) (sign of past tense) as RH - !NH I saw

In (doe) post, pillar Inn (doke) to vacillate, to sway about My (dohng) high, lofty โกค (dote) to jump, to dance กก bullet INU (dohn) (1) to hit against, to knock, collide, to touch (2) (of verses) rhyming lat (doey) by, near, along, beside (with subst. or adj. makes an adverb, as) - nou hastily - n in a friendly way — สาร to take a passage in another man's boat or carriage (fi) (dow) to conjecture, imagine, suppose in (dowe) to walk with long steps In: (dor') to bend slightly, to toss — ลูก คลี to play at ball สาวกำคัด — grown-up girl 乳乳 impotent กระ ชุ๊น — a Buddhist ceremony at the visiting of the Temples n (da'm) to plunge in the water — u to transplant rice - Ili to dive after a net

n (da'm) black, bad, ungrateful 19-

hard-hearted - ilf brown, blackish, dark - 171 [Cambod, delicious, voluptuous - in [Cambod.] tall, ที่ใ (da'mm) low down, deep ሶን(da'm) handle ทิ๊าหนี (da'mnee') defect กาเนียน (da'mneea'n) to slander ที่ ในีน (da'mnern) to go, to march, to walk (of the King) Fill (da'mrong) [Sansk.] to make straight, direct, stand ติวริท (da'mree') [Pali] to think, consider, resolve Wir - thought (of a royal person) ทิวริส (da'mra't) to command, to order (high word) n: (da') to mow nn (da'k) to catch in a net, to set. snares, to watch for ning (da'kdarn) to be condemned to hard work, to come to misfortune no (da'ng) (1) to make a noise, to resound, to be rumoured (2) just as u in this way — uu in that way -im as before -igu as much as,

ที่ (da'ng) shield — เกิม as formerly
ที่มี (da'cha'nee) [Pali] fore-finger
ที่ที่ (da't) flattened out, smooth, level,
straight — ฟทม [Cambod.] to get
out of bed, get up
ที่มี (da'n) to push, push on, break
through ไป — the groin, kidneys
ที่มี (da'n) to go without knowing the
way, to make one's way by hazard
ที่มี (da'p) [phon.] to extinguish — ไร้
(and other words) to die — คิวามี

to hush up a quarrel เกือน — when

the moon is invisible an - order,

row, series เป็น ลัว — orderly, in or-

der an - 12 to put in order, ar-

range, arrangement ที่ยั with วิรี (ra'da'p) spirit-level ที่ยักวิ (da'tsa'kon) [Sansk.] enemy

7)

name of this letter English t.

ทิล (ta'la') [Pali] ground, plain, base Mn (tok) to fall, to drop — An to miscarry - LIM to fish with a hook and line - naito transplant paddy - uni to establish - ai nu to come to an agreement - 134 to advance money on goods - 11 startled, stupefied ns (tong) with In cross-beams IN IN - a large bamboo คงค คงิก (ta'ngoo't ta'ngitt) weakminded, narrow-minded โตเก (ta'ngoke) cangue, wooden frame My (tot) pedere, crepitus ventris ทุทิย (ta'tee'ya') [Pali] third My (ton) oneself, of w to oneself, body.

ทีน (ton) trunk, tree, lower part of any-

thing (the generic term of trees, pre-

fixed usually to the word signifying the species) — ลัก teak tree — ไม้

Mu (ton) first, front, principally, in

front - My ship mate - MD nape

of the neck - if u principal llu -

In and In - 27 that is to say

person

trees in general

กน (ta'noo') [Pali] body, a sea turt le โทนก (ta'note) sugar palm ทีบ (top) to give a slap or blow — แก้ง

to dispose, to dress, to arrange kin — an edible plant — In indecent songs

MI (tom) mud,

ทีม (tomm) to boil, to cook

note. words beginning thus are vulgarly pronounced as if beginning with ∩?

ที่ว่า (trong cf. คำวิง) straight ชื่า — faithful, upright, reliable

figu (trom) and figu (traum) to be in pain, to languish

nily (trooa't) to verify, test, examine

figuration (1) chain for the legs, irons (2) a ring-leader

firm (trauk) narrow street, alley, crossway fig — meretrix

In (trah vulg. krah) seal — I balance, scales — I steelyard Fin — and I — to set one's seal ITT — to test III — sterling coin, coin of the realm III — stamped with government seal

fifin (trark) to put a cangue on a criminal's neck, to afflict

ทวาก กร้า (trark tra'm) work, compulsory work, penal servitude

 $M_{\rm s} = 10^{-3} \, {\rm M}_{\odot} \, {\rm m}_{\odot$

fight (ta'rahng) prison attached to a private house, dungeon

ที่รี (tree' cf. ทั่ารี้) to examine, consider, reflect

ทฤน (tinn) [Sansk.] grass, weed

nil (trip) (1) to cut the edge of a cloth, or paper, etc., to clip, to browse, to graze

ที่ร (tree) [Sansk] (1) three (2) trident,
dagger with three blades — ศัก
third year of the decennial cycle
— ยมพวาย swinging festival ใม้—
an accent like the figure 💞, raising the sound ไม้— friendship

ทริณี (treenee') third

ที่รัทที (treetoot) [Pali] to be at the

เทริยม (treeyem) to prepare, to dispose ทริก (treuk) to think, to reflect

NTI (treung) and — NTI to tie tightly, to torment, to vex

(ta'rco'n) [Pali] young person (between 13 and 19 years old) ทวิศ (troo't rulg. kroo't) new year (end of the 4th month) — AIMITIEN the second feast of the new year (troo) (1) much, many (2) to rush at (3) pretty, beautiful Mi (troo) with is orlyi at daybreak ing (tray) to wander ក្មែរ ក្រៀ (tret tray) to wander, to stroll 11973 (traa rulg. kraa) trumpet, horn announce the approach of the King ไทร and ไทริยู (trai) [Sansk.] three ผา - priest's dress M? - Library of the Sacred Books — Tigin Buddha, the law of Buddha, and the priests เทรียาเม (traivaling) [Sansk.] threefold division of consonants into high, middle and low letters 1917 (trow) a tree Min (tra'm) to bear, to suffer MITTIEN (tra'korng) to embrace ทระการ (tra'kahn) beauty MI: 10 (tra'koon) [Pali] tribe, race,

family of high descent

ที่วิธีเทิวิธีมี (tra'treeam) to prepare... preparation ที่วิธี ที่นู (tra'nee) miser, miserly, avaricious ที่วิธี ที่นุก (tra'na'k) clearly, plainly ที่ระโยม (tra'bome) [Cambod.] to embrace, to caress, to speak lovingly คิวิธี Log (tra'ba') [Pali] (1) power, force, austerity (2) pot ทีวี ยัค (tra'ba't) moment MIS WM (tra'pa't) to run at full speed ที่วะหลับ (tra'hlop) better ที่ลับ (1) to be dispersed, spread about in the air - la to pursue, follow after (2) to turn over (leaves, etc.) (3) to come back (4) to catch birds in a net ทระ ลาการ (tra'lahkahn sec ๆ ลาการ) judge ทระเวน (tra'wayn) and ทะเว็น (ta'wayn) to lie in wait for, to spy, to watch - ng my to conduct criminals nal - detachment of police ทริส (tra't conf. ค่ำ ริส) to command, order, to speak (of royal persons) nan (ta'lok) buffoonery, buffoon

ที่กิก ป่าที่วิ (ta'lok bart) [Pali] silk or other covering or case for priest's alms-bowl

Mail (ta'lop) (1) to be spread about in the air (2) to turn over (leaves, etc.) to come back -- พร แลง deceiver, story-teller -- นุก to catch birds in a net

ทิกิฏิที (ta'lawt) through — วา to the end, throughout, for the whole length ทิกิฏม (ta'lawm) cylindrical bamboo basket without lid or bottom

ทิกาก (ta'lart) market เบิก — to open the market เจ้า — collector of market tax

กลง (ta'ling) border, bank, shore

ที่กิงปริง (ta'ling pring) a tree with edible fruit

ทิลง (ta'loo'ng) with เสา stakes for tying up elephants

ทิธิทิทิ (ta'loo't too't) curtailed, docki i ed, mutilated

ทิธิน (ta'loo'n) lukewarm, tepid

rau (ta'loo'm) bamboo basket shaped like a large chalice and used by priests — มูขู do. of wood inlaid with mother-of-pearl (not special to priests)

ทิกาฟก (ta'loo'mpoo'k) (1) mallet (2) a fish (3) a tree

lମନ୍ଧ (ta'layng) Peguan

ทิลิย (ta'la'p) a little low box

find (tooa'ng) to measure (by measure of capacity or liquid measure)

FN (tooa'ng) with In to reach out for

ที่วิน (tooa'n) glazed, a shiny cloth

fighth (ta'waht) to scold loudly, to threaten

ทีวี (tooa') body, entire, himself, oneself

— ผู้ (of animals) male — เมีย female อาก — to declare oneself สีน

— poverty-stricken เสีย — to be spoiled, to prostitute เกียง — to make one's livelihood: (numerical designation of arimals, as มาัสอะ — two horses)

fil (tooa) [Chin.] writ of exemption, receipt note

nut (2) a contemptuous expression

ที่ใน (ta'wa'r) sun — 28ก sunrise.

Orient, East - Fin sunset, Occident,

West — สาย before noon — บาย afternoon — เทียง midday, noon

...

育門 (taw) stump, stake — il to torment, irritate

ment, irritate

(tor) (1) to add (2) towards, against,

before: with IN — to join RN —

decoy — II henceforth, afterwards,

more — Into withstand — IN to

resist — In to murmur — MAN in

the presence of — INN (1) domi
noes (2) to make worse, exaggerate

nu to join together

পূল (tor) (1) to build on at the side (2) to haggle (3) a wasp

fig (torr) speck in the eye, disease of the eyes

nan (tawk) (1) to hammer, to drive in

(a nail, etc.,) to force in, insert (2)

thin strip of bamboo etc. used as a string

ทอง (taung) banana leaf พีน — kitchen fire-wood สี — light green

The (taung) (1) sign of the passive (2)

and — not also — in and — in:

Alfo it is necessary, must, one must

(3) to touch, exactly, properly —

The spell-bound, charmed, fascinated—in quoit

non (tort) to bite

ที่อินที่มี (taw taam) dominoes

field (torn) (1) part — NJ etc. (parts of a ship, fish, etc.) bow, front, etc. (2) to castrate, to cut (slips from a tree, etc.)

rilly (tawn) to take, to seize, to go in chace of — วิป to welcome, to receive favourably

ทิปั (taup) to answer, reply — คิณ to repay one favour by another — สาร to answer by letter

ทอบ (torm) to suck up like an insect, an insect, fly, midge

ที่อน (taum) fleshy excrescence — ไที่ย่ dwarf, dwarfish

ที่วียี (toi) [Maun] done, finished

fill (toi) (1) to strike, to attack with the fists (2) stinging insect

ทิธีป (toy) (1) small, low — ที่ง a medicinal plant (2) a small fowl, bantam

ทา (tah) eye เก็บ tear ทาง — corner of the eye — บอก blind — เหลื squinting ขึ้ — short-sightedness — ปลา corns — ไม่ knot in a tree or timber — กุม (1) ankle bones (2)

a tree — In hole out of which water comes — NOU whitlow

(tah) maternal grand-father, old gentleman — In maternal greatgrand-father who — father-in-law

(tahk) to expose (to sun or air)

(tahng) different, in the place of — various, diverse, of all sorts, all — NOI half-brothers by different mothers — N — NI a representative — NII strange II — window — III strange II — window — III foreign

find (tahng) pack-saddle
find (tart) cloth woven with gold or
silver thread

ninii (tartoo'm) (1) a tree (2) ankle bones

กาน (tarn) malady of children ทาน (tahn) to resist, fight ทาน (tarnee) Patani ทาบ (tarp) a jewelled gold ball ทาป:ชาว (tarpa'kow) (1) guardian o

first (tarpa'kow) (1) guardian of a pagoda (2) man in a white dress supposed to be an angel disguised

fing's elephants or horses

ing to — I to yield to the wish of another, as you please — In as you may, as it may be — I according to the means available, as much as there is — n as he wishes; be it so if dying I H — alive or dead n — faded H — low water I nn — snake whose bite is fatal

ทาก (tahn) [Pali] fan-palm, sugar-palm มา — sugar น้า — กราก sugar-candy น้ำ — ทราย powdered sugar

ทากกา (tahlah) (1) clever at kite-flying
(2) Mahommedan priest

ทาลิย์ที่วิ (tahleepa't) [Pali] priest's fan [oval-shaped and made of leaves]

ที่ (ti') and — เทียน to blame, reprimand, reproach

ทึ่ง (ting) [Cambod.] silent

fit (ting) abnormal excuscence from the flesh, as a double thumb, a fifth finger, etc.

MA (tit) to stick, to be joined to, im- All (teep) joined side by side mersed in, impeded by - In to join In (teeya') [Chin.] father - In to light a fire - In to apply [nel (teea') dwarf oneself to; to suspect - WH attached to, fond of — nii — firs overwhelmed with business or work — เงิน — นิ and — สิน involved in debt - nil to follow Mil (tin) [Pali] grass, weed My (tiew) [Chin.] small sticks for counting or for fortune-telling n (tee) to strike, to beat nn - to strike with the fist print, to strike off (from the press) - IIn: to make a wall of split bamboo ที่ and ที่ (tee) quickly ทีม (teen) foot — พิว horizon ผิว sole of the foot 1137 - a fish with two feet - IIn web-footed ni illn a medicinal plant — เทียน candle-stick - m landing on the bank of a river or canal — ? (the letter short u or oo') — n (long u or oo)

เทียง (teea'ng) bed-stead — ที่ drawer, side-board เทียน (teea'n) empty and clear เดียบ (teea'p) circular stand with rim round it for holding edibles Mela (teeyo) band, bandage for closing a crack, broad girdle of cloth for the loins ที่ก (teuk) (1) a stone or brick building (2) — n to palpitate កុំ។ (teung) (1) stretched, swelled out, tight (2) noise of a gun ក្សាក្ស (teup teup) noise of moving about ที่ (teue) stupid อาย — a fire-work teue?) quickly ny (teun) (1) to be awake (2) to stupefy ilfin - commotion, general alarm, panic ក្ក ពីប្ត (teun) shallow, superficial, common indu (teua'n) to remind, to call the attention to

nini (too'k ta'k) palpitation fill (too'k-kaa) large lizard with a loud voice, tokav ทุกก:ทา (too'kka'tah) and ทุกก:ทุน doll ng (too'ng) clothes out of shape nition (too'ngkab) inhaler (for hemp smoke) TH (too'n) (1) stupid (2) mole 作以 (too'm) (1) swelling (2) jar 的 一 ankle; a tree ที่มี (ถึง) (too'm too'ng) weight, knob, or bead (attached to the string of a purse) - V earrings an - weights (of a clock or of scales) 例知 (too'm?) [phon.] noise of falling into water ที่มกา (too'm kah) a tall tree having medicinal leaves and fruit ที่ มีปี (too'mpee) mitre-shaped (hat) ทีย์ (tooi') swollen (cheeks) kite ที่ยีทีย (tooi' tooi') greedily ที่ลาการ ที่ลยาการ and other forms (vulg. tra'larkarn) [Pali] judge ที่สาคม (too'lahkom) [Pali] (name of the seventh month = October)

(too) I, me, myself, self 1977 pounded rice, rice meal [= Pali sattul (too) to take fraudulently (too) drawer, cupboard — หนุง สา book-case My (toom) (1) bud of flower (2) [phon.] booming of cannon, sound of gun in (teng) small scales to weigh silver. gold, or small articles ?? - a lottery figure 1 - a hard wood เทิง (teng) a swelling __ เก้า breasts In (teng?) [phon.] sound of guitar, to to steal, to rob inly (taychoh) [l'ali] fire, flame, heat, light, lightness, glory, power เทน (ten) to palpitate, jump, dance เดิม (tem) full, very — ใจ willingly... with consent - \(\gamma \) strongly, very much, excessively (an expletive used with adjectives) - n awful, terrible, disastrous, anoying [위원 — to the full, fully গোঁ (toey) a big thorny reed having a fine and sweet flower [Fill (terp) rather large

inil (tterm) to add

(ay') to kick, to attack by kicking แต่ (taa) (sign of abl.) from, since, only, but nn - and 11nn - it dependsupon - Inu whence? - 27 but

— กัว โา supposing that, if — ก่อน before ITH — except, unless

119 (taa) (running) quickly

119 (taa?) [Chin.] tea

LIMP (taak) to break, break open, to be ทีน - noise, confused crowd ไข disgusted with one business and seeking another — 173 to be split. difference, disagreement - IIIAAA to be broken in pieces — falles to yawn (of the earth), to open

1191 (taang) gourd - In melon - nan cucumber — ไทย sweet

musk melon IIII! (taang) to dispose, compose, ar-

range, complete - no to dress

IINVIN (taangmay) a cake made of sugar IIPH (taan) wasp

IIMI (taam) to mark, to note, to put on IMI (tohng) large, tall

— สี to paint — แผล to plaster a wound ที่กู - dominoes

แกะ (taa') (1) split bamboos เก house of s. b. $\vec{\gamma}$ — to make a wall of s. b, in ; — toddling (of a child) (2) to take up by touching with the

ไท้ (tie) under, below, South ที่ค -South - Nu lower part of a house

เรือปาก — boats coming from the S.

M (tai) entrails

tip of the finger

In (taie) to creep, to crawl - NIH to question - AM to dance on a rope

- In (poetical) to go on a journey

(tai) torch

ใก้ก็ (taikoo) with ไม้ (short accent, as over [MAn)

In (toh) large, vast In In very large โททอบ (toh taup) to contradict โทลม to tack, to sail with difficulty against the wind

Inn (tohk) small round metal tables or stands

len (tohng) end

Invini (tohng tayng) hanging and swinging โคมร (tohmonn) [Pali] or โทมร short spear, spike, javelin โต๊๊๊ (toh') (1) table (2) reverend, pious -1171 Mahommedan priest in (tow) and — IN hearth, fireplace. stove imi (tow) turtle lm (tow) cross piece of wood on a post un - intoxicating juice เท็า (tow?) dice เก้าทั่ (tow-hoo) [Chin.] starch made of peas ที่ (ta'm) to pound, to crush; to prick mi) (ta'm) low, depressed, less 11 nil unless, than ทานาณ (ta'mnahn) series, story, history ทิวน (ta'mnee') fault, vice, defect ที่วิเนน (ta'mnern) to go, to walk — ฟล to lead an army ที่ใแหน่ง (ta'mhnaang) place ทิใหน้ก (ta'mhna'k) (high word) habitation, abode [of a prince] NTS

King's abode, royal palace

ทำบิด (ta'mbonn) place, district ทำแบ (ta'mbaa) with ปลา split and dried fish ที่ไม่ยี (ta'myaa) nettle หมือ coucheur, midwife ที่วิจี (ta'mrong) [Sansk.] to direct, ' straighten, stand, govern ที่าราง (ta'mrooat) King's satellites. lictors Mili (ta'mrah) code of formulas, book of arts ที่วิธี (ta'mree') to think ทาวิส (ta'mra't, to order, to make an edict ทาลิง (ta'mleung) (1) a creeping plant with red fruit (2) the sum of four ticals M; (ta') to inlay or incrust with gold ที่รักรีม (ta'krom) (see กรกรม) ที่มีกริชิ (ta'kraw) (1) light ball of care or leather used for playing a common Siamese game with the feet (2) a basket used for holding fruit MENT) (ta'krah) an open-work basket made of bamboo ที่รักริกิ (ta'kroo't) amulet, talisman -LLA to put a hook on the line

can, but larger

Mallify (ta'kraang) rice-sieve. flat round kasket

ทะไกร (ta'krai) scissors 📆 — jaws เทียปร - sparrowhawk

กะกรับ (ta'kra'p) a fish

ที่มีกลิวุ่ม (ta'klahm) greedy

(ta'klee) and ครูกลาม กะกล (ta'klahm) greedy, covetous, hasty, impetuous

Minim (ta'kooat) a small alligator

ทะกัว (ta'kooa) pewter, type metal un lead — Ingul tin foil I oxyde of lead

ที่:กิชิ (ta'kraw) and รีนุ — (see สร 173) in the flower of youth, adult

กะกาน (ta'kawn) sediment, deposit

ที่รักาป์ (ta'kai) to seize, grasp, catch with the hands, to climb with the hands or paws

n: (ta'kee) and INA - just now ที่มีกับง (ta'keeang) lamp ได้ — wick กะเกียบ (ta'keeap) [Chin.] chopsticks

ทรกก ทรกก (ta'koo'k-ta'ka'k) tottering walk (as of a turtle)

ทรกรม (ta'kroo'm) a'bird like a peli- ทรกม ทรกาม (ta'koo'm-ta'kahm) rude, ill-bred man

> ทรกย (ta'kooi) and — ทรกาย to scratch or scrape up with the nails or claws

> Man (ta'koo) a tall tree with blossoms but without fruit

ที่รูกิที (ta'koot) rudder, helm

ที่มีกรัทรักร์ (ta'kay' ta'ka') confusion

ที่วิโก (ta'ko) a tree with yellow fruit ทะไก้ (ta'koh) (1) cake (2) a wind from

the oblique corners of the compass, N.W., S.W., etc.

Milan (ta'koke) an edible river fish

กะโกน (ta'kone) to call or beckon from afar

ทิวไการ (ta'kaw') careless

คารูญย (ta'khop) a tree with edible brown fruit

ทรูขาย (ta'kharp) (1) millipede, centipede un - a bird n - lace worked standard (2) loud clapper made of bamboo

ครูเขี (ta'khay) (1) (see งาเช้า crocodile (2) (see 7, 21 21)

ทรเทีย (ta'khepp) double-sewing กัง a small prawn

পাঃ পিং (ta'khong) large horned crocodile ทะกริวิ(ta'kriew) convulsion, cramps ที่เกิรีป์ (ta'kroo'p) to eatch by springing upon, to porence upon ทะโคร์ (ta'khrai) froth — ห่า mould (on a wall, rock, etc.) กรไคร์ (ta'khrai) aromatic herb used in ccoking — u) willow ning (ta'khaw) a tree with hard wood กรคอา (ta'khawk) to threaten loudly, to chide ทรกาก (ta'khark) and ที่ม - haunch กรค้าน (ta'kharn) a medicinal plant ที่มีคืยน (ta'kheea'n) a tall tree used for making royal barges, and having a female angel on every leaf ncen (ta'khoo'k) to bend the knee กรคม (ta'khoo'm) indistinctly ពីភ្ជាម (ta'kooi) to scratch up, to scrape together with the nails or claws null (ta'khaang) to be bent down, inclined, to lean on one side กะคน (ta'kha'n) still for making perfumes

กานาน (ta'kharn) (see คะคาน)

ที่มีๆ (ta'khay) two-wheeled vehicle (for plants trees and heavy things) ที่ผู้ใก (ta'ngok vulg. for ผู้เก) to raise ngin (ta'ngoo't) see nin Malin (ta'ngaa ruly, for Jaily) bunch, cluster, or bundle (of cocoa-nuts. etc.) MSV3 (ta'cha') [Pali] bark (of a tree) skin, hide ที่มีภิคิที (ta'tahkot) [Pali] a name of Buddha (Alab. 205) ทะแรบ (ta'noi) a big red ant ทะนาวิส (ta'nowsee) (1) Tenasserim (2) a village near Bangkok ทริทน์ (ta'hnee) miserly FINI (ta'noo') with IFI big river turtle NIUN (ta'bong) see TILLIN stick ที่เมื่อปี (taboi) to stay behind, to lag; to do slowly ที่มีเป็น (ta'beea'n) a tree ที่มีไ (ta'beu'ng) always, incessantly, continuously nally (ta'boon) tree with a hard wood Malin (ta'beng) to go quickly, to hasten; to puff out - NING to fasten a cloth across the breast and over the shoulders

ทรแบก (ta'baak) a forest tree with กรเพียน (ta'peean) a flat fish — เริ่น hard wood silver fish — พระ gold fish

前: [1] (ta'bai) file, to file — かい to keep on blowing into any thing

では、(ta'ba') (1) wooden platter, tray
(2) power

ngiu (ta'ba'

Mg山山 (ta'ba'n) (1) to poke, to bore, to keep on pushing (2) quickly, continually (3) tube for pounding betel nut; to pound

ทรบัน กรบน and กรบก (ta'ba'n ta'-Loon ta'bok) a tree

n:11 (ta'ping) gold or silver leaf attached to the belt of female children in front, placket, lappet

PU (ta'poo) nail — PN screw
PUNA (ta'pot) a pole to beat buffaloes
and oxen

ทรพอก (ta'pork) wine-party, carouse

nowed (ta'pong) (1) axle tree (of wheel)

(2) bones (of the head)

TINI (ta'pahk) a small fish

ที่มีฟาน (ta'pahn) bridge

ทิธีฟาซี (ta'pai) (1) rope for a buffalo's nose (2) slung across the shoulder — แก้ง over the shoulder — บาป to transfor the blame to another

FINUL (ta'peean) a flat fish — I silver fish — No. gold fish

FINU (vulg. for No. Wi) molluse

FINU (ta'poo'n) see FINU

fight, drive away

กะโพก (ta'poke) buttocks, hips

กะโฟม (ta'pone) a hand-drum

n:W; (ta'pa'ng) excavation (in a rock),

(spring) gushing out

รัชกามน้ำ (ta'parp na'm) long-necked river turtle (highly valued for food)

กะเกา (ta'pow) junk ลม — South wind

กะมยทุย (ta'mooi tooi) fat (face)

ที่รับรับ ที่กับ (ta'ma rooi hlooi) smartly, promptly

ทรยน (ta'yoo'n) flabby

fiff (ta'rahng) grating, trellis-work, cross railings, gridiron, prison

neigh neight etc. (see nich) young

1 กรวิงกาน (ta'ra'ngkarnoo) Tringano

กะลอก (ta'laut) through

man (ta'loo') pierced, bored

กรถึง ปริง (ta'ling pring) a tree with

sour fruit un Man green parrot

nan (ta'leung) to look elsewhere, star-gazing, absent-minded

ทรกา (ta'loo'ng) (see คลา)

for provisions — พาก ฟาก the same with the cover on; sound of a drum — คะกิกุณ to heap up earth round a tree

ทีรีแลง แกง (ta'laang kaang) place of execution for criminals

ทรลาพอก ทรลุมภก etc. (see กรร —)

ที่วิถีรี (ta'la) quite, as, like, as if — กิน only one, the whole of it — คิน one man like another

ครเว็ก (ta'wett) [Maun] image offered to the genii

filiu (ta'wayn) (see Afiliu) un — Na asmall bird

ทะเหว่า (ta'wow) and กุเหว่า (see กระ ใหว่า) a talking bird

nean (ta'wa'k) and nan (see nan)

กะกิบัตรแบ้ (ta'aw ta'aa) to stammer

ทรกับ กรกิ (ta'oo ta'ee) to speak through the nose

fin (ta'k) (1) to draw up (water, etc.)

— ปฏิทิวิ to give alms to the priests

- lifth to incite, urge on, give advice (2) lap, knees, on the knees

ทักกะแทน (ta'kka'taan) locust, grasshopper

ทิกใหย (ta'ksai) [Sansk.] to die

my (tan'g) bird lime.

n (ta'ng) arm chair, long seat, bedstead

point — IIII substitute — NON to become pregnant — IIII to attend to — IIII from, since — IIII from this moment, henceforth—III

IN MI from that time

ที่ง (taing) case (of tobacco, etc.)

ทั้งไก็ย (ta'ngkia) [Chin.] Tonquinese

ทั้งชีชิ (ta'nghaw) Chinese purslain

min (ta'nhah) [Pali] concupiscence, covetousness

nn (ta't) to cut - Wy to slander, to

sentence; verdict, order of court to cut down to the ground — TH - 917 etc. (1) to cut in half (2) to break off a friendship fin - pull (ta'na'm) with fix medicinal a game with cowries - 17 to cut the string of a bundle (tain) not pierced ? — hole filled or [1] (tom) (1) to fill a ditch (2) enamellstopped up — เมิญญา at a loss, rot knowing how to act ที่นุที่ (ta'nta') using an instrument ny (ta'p) (1) (numerical designation of bands of leaves used for roofing) (2) split bamboo stick to hold fish for boiling (3) liver - 197 entrails (4) detachment, company [of soldiers, police, etc.]

 \mathbf{n} (taw ta'winn = English aspirated t. Dental: a high letter) — ภิน name of this letter กิก (tot) to approach crawling — ภิปิป

THI (ta'non) road — NAT! public road

to withdraw crawling

affront, to mock - Au to give finely (ta'naum) to cherish, take care of, entertain กันที (ta'na't) clearly, distinctly; clever

_1 to be persuaded

earth of a yellow colour

กุบ (top) great, good คน - a sorcerer

ed (3) abundant - nnu plentiful

กมอ (ta'maw) [Cambod,] rock, stone

กลม (ta'lom) to slip or slide down -กลา slip of the tongue

กลอก (ta'lauk) excoriation

กลา (ta'lah) and ไกล (ta'lai) to stum-

กลากไกล (ta'larhk ta'lai) to be idle at work

กิลิวิปี (ta'lai) with ปีปี slip of the tongue, mistake in writing

กลง (ta'leung) to look hard and angrily

at

กลง (ta'leung) to rise up, to raise oneself out, to go in front

กลง (ta'loo'ng) to smelt, to melt

กลน (ta'loo'n) to twist (a rope) — กละ

to enter unexpectedly, to run into

una (ta'laang) and — 19 to declare,

กล้า (ta'la'm) to slip — กลาก to stumble, to make a mistake

กลุน (ta'la'n) beyond, too far, to go beyond, to exceed

nin (too ang) (1) hanging weight (2) to make slower (3) to sink

กับ (tooa'n) right, correct, as it should be, as agreed

ก็ย (tooi') cup — TIN pottery — แก๊ว glass

กวาย (ta'wai) [priest's word] to offer

— พระพร yes (of a priest speaking
to a Royal personage)

กวิล (ta'winn) to think lovingly of กัว (tooa') beans — เขียว grey pease —

W beans — ยี่ สัง carth-nuts แทง — ม a game with cowries

กวัลยราช (ta'wa'nya'raht) [l'ali] to reign, kingdom, royalty

ពិថ្មី(taw) punt-pole

ຖືກີ (tauk) (1) projecting from the middle (2) membrum virile

1181 (taung) to push or strike with the elbow

new (tawng) to deliberate, to judge, decide

নিপ্ৰস (taut) to take off, take away, dismiss — গুটা to take a portrait

กิซินุ (taun) to pull up, pull out, take out กิซิมุ (tawm) lowly, humble, submissive

กาย (toi) to go back, retire

ពុទ្ធ (toye) (1) perverse, wicked (2) a small gnat

ກັຕິບ (toi) and — ຄົງ words — ຖື one another, mutually, friendly conversation

sharpen II — to swoop IIII—to make a swoop in a zigzag direction

กั (tah) if — ว่า sosing that

กาก (tark) to chip, to level — หญ้า to weed — กาง ironical

กาง (tahng) to clear the ground

ก่าง (tarng) to part, to separate, to hold apart

กาค (taht) metal dish, small tray

nnu (tahn) (1) basis, base, lower part
(2) priest's water-closet

กาน (tarn) charcoal — สุภา and —
ทีน coal .

กานานกรุง (tarnarnukrom) [Pali] from one place to another, in order กายนา (tahpa'nah) [Pali] to establish, re-establish ONII (tahm) to ask, to interrogate, to question 110 - inquisitiveחוף (taye) (1) to pour out, to decant, to purge (2) to redeem by paying duty, etc. กาวร (tahwon) [Pali] stationary, stable permanent, enduring, strong บนกาน (tintahn) [Siam, and Pali] native country n (tee) (1) deuse, close, near, close-fisted (2) in quick succession, quickly repeated (teep) to push with the sole of the foot - INN to work a waterwheel เกียง (teea'ng) dispute, quarrel กก (teuk) wild (beasts) ny (teung) until, towards, as far as: to reach — กระนุน although — กัน contiguous; arriving from abroad กังแกกราม (teungkaaka'm) [Siam. and Pali] to die (of well-to-do persons) 19 (teu) (2) to bear, carry (2) to respect,

to observe - an fidelity - nill to take the helm — in to drink the water of allegiance na (teu) blunt, dull, stupid เกิก (teu-a) to cut through, to cut เกิดแ (teuan) woods, sylvan ns (too'ng) bag, wallet, purse - 11 glove - nu socks, stockings - nu ปาว stockings nil (too'n) to satisfy the craving after opium-eating \n ground floor ព្ឋ and ពុម្ធ (too'wy) to spit upon (too) to rub, to clean กก (took) (1) cheap (2) to touch, to knock (3) precisely, correctly - 973 properly, suitably กป (toop) [Pali] pagoda, prachedee. shrine ing (ten) [Pali] thief, rascal inf (ten) [Pali] old priest, venerable man เกิศ (tert) enough, sufficient linn (taak) (1) to cut away (2) zigzag, crooked, to tack แก๊ย (taap) quarter, part, party -

somewhere there na: — each on his own side (2) [Laos.] rupee IINI (taam) into the bargain, to add to und (toa'o) order, series ไก (tai) plough, to plough ໃກ່ (tai) to redeem (tai) a very long thin bag (for coins or rice) In (toh) covered dish, or vase with lid .โกก (tohka') [Pali] small, slight fird (tohng) pretty, beautiful, lofty, eminent de pompous ເຖິງ (tow) (1) creeping plant (2) a lot, an assortment % - largest of the lot ปฏาย — smallest of the lot ing (t'aw') hare i - fourth year of the Siamese cycle ก้า (ta'm) (1) cave, cavern (2) box กลาง in the middle ny (ta'ng) pail, bucket, a measure of twenty ka'nahns กิญญะ (ta'nya') [Sansk,] milk No (ta't) since, after, next

ก็น (ta'na') [Sansk.] breast

3

 γ (taw tahn = English t. or French th. Sansk. d. Dental: a low letter) — ที่ใน name of this letter MA (tot) to dam up — ADI to test, to try - Ilvil reward, recompense Mil (ton) to support, to bear, to last out, patient, long suffering ทนท (tonn) [Pali] tooth Muully (ta'nahn) the contents of a cocoa-nut shell, 1800 grains of rice, one twenty-fifth of a bushal ที่นาป (ta'nai) servant of a grandee. satellite Mil (ta'noo') to take care of, to support Nil (top) to fold All — to meet, come together, reinforce 93 - back of the knee; to raise the foot and so bend the knee ที่มีฟี (ta'min) [Pali] (1) bad, wicked (2) black man (3) Ceylonese ทุมนุ ทุนาย (ta'moo'n ta'nai) servant of a grandee ทยาน (ta'yarn) (1) difficult to attain to (2) to go up M? (ton) [Sansk.] trouble, pain, suffering [as suffix] bearer of

NTI (song) to have, to be, endowed with; [of the King's actions] to do

- NIININ to pity II - outward appearance - アコココ [of royal persons] pregnant

name (tora'chonn) [Pali] perverse man, wicked

ทรพล (tara'ponn) [Pali] weak, poor ทรพิศม์ (ta'ra'pitt) [Pali] poison, venom, virus, small-pox, venomous creature

ทรยค์ (ta'ra'yot) [Pali] wicked ทรมาน (ta'ra'mahn) [Pali] bad, troubled, vexed, grieved

nii (sooang) breast

(sarp) (1) to know (2) damp, wet (sarm) (1) middling, not very good (2) rude, stupid, ill-bred (3)

good (2) rude, stupid, ill-bred (3)

to flow abundantly

ทาง (sai) (1) sand (2) deer น้ำ คาล white powdered sugar

ทุร (sai) (1) a fish trap (2) fig free เมื่อง — Quedah, Kedah นุก — wren

(ta'ra'pee) (1) a large spoon for taking up rice (2) a large horned arimal, bison

Nill (sa'p) to touch with a piece of lintrag, etc.

MILINO (sa'p hooa') (1) under-garment of a priest (2) water on a piece of lint, rag, etc.

ทร์พย์ (sa'p) [Sansk.] treasure, riches ทลิวง (ta'looang) (1) to pursue a flying enemy (2) to bone, to pierce ทลิทก and ทพิทก (ta'li'tok) [Pali] poor, needy

MA (ta'loo') through, pierced

NA (too ang) to ask back, to exact

NA (too ang) to advise MA— to warn

NA (too at) great grandfather, great

grandmother MA— maternal great

grandfather MA— paternal do. MA—

paternal great grandmother MA—

maternal do.

ทุวคีงษ (ta'wa'deung) and ทุวคึงษ (ta'wa'ting) [l'ali] thirty-two — ๅ การ the 32 parts of the human body

ทวน (tooan) (1) lance (2) to beat (3) to go against wind, stream, etc.

ทุวม (tooam) to over flow, to surpass ทุวยทาญ (tooi harn) brave man ทวาทคมาศ (twarta'sa'mart) [Pali] the twelve months

หาวิทาวิ and ทาย (tooi' tooee and tooi) [Pali] (1) two (2) to increase; arithmetical or geometical progression

ทุวิย์ (ta'weep) [Sansk.] island ๆมก the continent inhabited by man (Alab. 13. 187)

MIM (ta'wett) grief, sorrow

vid (tooa') the whole, all over - It generally

ทศ (ta'sa') [Pali.] ten — มาศ ten months

ที่สางค์ (ta'sahng) [l'ali] ten parts of a thing, tens

ทหาร (ta'harn) [Pali] soldier

na (taw) to weave

Me (taw) outlet for water, aqueduct. water-course

MO (tor) to dread, to hesitate - 19 to draw kack through fear

Mi (tawng) gold — เหลือง brass Ung copper — กักษ tinsel — เปียก gold and quicksilver กอก — (1) blossom of a particular tree (2)

ccurtisan Wn - a red or yellow

pumpkin III - a black talking bird' May (taung) (1) to wade, to walk through water (2) to learn by rote, to learn by repeating over and over again — IINA order, rows, lines, columns

net (torng) belly I - pregnant ni to become pregnant - W7 vault of the sky - III in bed of a river -มาน dropsy ลง — diarrhœa

MAR (tawt) (1) to throw (2) bridge, tobridge

ทุยน (tawn) to cut in pieces

ที่ธิน (taun) a piece, a bit

ក្ខាម្បី (toy) (1) to pitch, to throw out (2) pegs driven into a tree to serveas ladders

ηγ (tah) (1) to anoint, smear, paint ลี to colour, to paint เครื่อง perfumes, unguents ยา - liniment

η (tah) (1) bank, landing place, approach to a river (2) to wait for (3) gesture, condition, posture, habit, attitude n) - to put eneself into

m (tar) to provoke, to excite - mil a word of provocation

an attitude - May opportunity

別介 (tahk) a blood-sucking caterpillar 別パ (tahng) way, road, course, occasion

— Mない high road リー ル: Wブロ a snake

May (tahn) (1) to stop (2) to revise, to correct (3) [Pali] alms (Alab. 184)

— Nan sun flower was — I pray you alwas — to eat (polite word), to take — 11; written promise alwas are distributed a monocence

າງານ (tahn) King, master; neighbour; you (to equals), he, him (speaking of maguates) — ທາງ dignity, an honourable man

ทำแพ (tahnop) [Pali] a fabulous eagle, Asura angel

্যুন্য (tahp) to measure, to lay (one thing) upon (another)

ทุกย (tai) to solve a mystery, to guess at, to conjecture ใหว — astrologer หมาย — sorcerer, conjuror, magician ทุกย (tai) stern, helm, steerage of a yessel สุท — last, extreme, the end ทุกยก (tahyok) [Pali] donor, giver

위입기 (tahyart) [Pali] right heir 위기기 (tahrok) [Pali] child (under thirteen)

ทาวณ (tahra'na') to distribute

ทุกวินี (tahroo'n) [l'ali] rude, rough, wicked, dreadful

የነገንአነ (tahra'mah) [Pali] to afflict, to repress

ทาว (tow) (1) to lean upon, to bear heavily upon (2) (royal title) King; (title of the old) Your Reverence — ทาย King, Emperor อี — sorcerer, witch

N기발 (tarse) and N기발기 (tahsah) [Pali] slave, servant

ทุกษ์ (tahsee) [Pali] female slave

NI (ting) to throw away — III (1) deserted, abundoned (2) divorce

ที่ชา (ti'chah) [Pali] birds — กร flock of birds

riff (titti') [Pali] to see, understand; doctrine

ที่เมกร (ti'na'kon) [Pali] sun

ที่เป (ti'pay) [Pali] island

ที่ฟป (ti'pya') [Sansk.] and ที่ฟ (tip) [Pali] celestial

ที่ฟากร (ti pahkon) [Pali] sun

ทีม (tim) prison, lock-up house — กาบ council-chamber, armoury Mu (tim) to poke, to prick, to push at ที่ (tiu) order, series ที่มๆๆ (ti'wongkot) (see T มาๆๆ) to die ที่ว่า (ti'wah) [Pali] day, day time ที่ศ์ (titt) and ที่ศ์ (ti'sah) [Pali] the eight points of the horizon (each having its special name, as) พา - ควัน ลอก East - เหนือ North -In South, etc. ห็คาปาโมๆ (ti'sahpahmohk) [Pali] (1) philosopher, professor (2) eminent, famous (tee) time, occasion, opportunity -MIN - API etc. once, twice, etc. In — having found an opportunity ลาง - some time In - too much, in-

able, preposterous

much ทุก (teu) blunt tolerable, distressing, annoying MIII - (1) as it may happen (2) to neglect My — fully n — how often? ไม่ เข้า — absurd, ridiculous, unsuit-N(tee) (1) who, which, that - NEV -สอง etc. first, second, etc. (2) place,

4

- u here - luu where? - uu above — ប្រៀ dwelling-house ដ្ឋារា - abnormal - ueu bed - ui seat INN - fully, complete, very เทียง (teea'ng) perpendicular, true, correct; midday - Au midnight เทียน (teea'n) (1) candle, wax taper (2) cummin (3) a shrub Will (teea'm) to compare, to equal, to place side by side, to yoke (oxen, etc.) 1979 — false, counterfeit 1311 - counterfeit coin প্রির (teeyo) (1) flag (2) to go over and over again, to keep on going ក្រុម្បី (teeyo) to walk about, promanade ไป — เกิน to walk about for pleasure nana (teuk teuk) to palpitate, throb ne (teung) to draw or pull out, tear off lyion (teua'k) (1) family, race - una series, order, pedigree (2) mud n (too') [Pali] bad Mn (too'k) each 14 - to load Ving and — IN (too'k ka'ng) [Pali] pain, grief, 31 — to purge

ក្សា (too'ka'ng) a common sea fish የነብም (too'ka'ti') [Pali] walking badly — ภม hell ทุคครู (too'ka'ta') [Pali] broken down, miserable no (too'ng) (1) plain, flat (2) to be purged Man — open fields, the country — เกียง dispute ทั้ง (too'ng) uneven, unequal — คั้ง winding, bed of a river ทุงรัต (too'cha'ritt) [Pali] badly conducted, badly behaved (too't) [l'ali] bad, perverse, wicked የባየ (too't too) [phon.] great horned owl າງປຸງ (too'ti'yah) and other similar words [Pali] sound ทีน (too'n) capital, expence, outlay ทีน (too'n) (1) float, buoy, anything floating (2) plenty, abundance, much ng (too'p) to pound, to break up MMA (too'pon) and MIMA (ta'ra'pon) [Fali] weak, feeble ทุภาสท (too'pahsit) [Pali] bad language ที่มี (too'm) [Pali] tree

ทม (too'm) (1) the hours of the night, counting from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m., as-ଗ୍ରୀ — eight p.m. (2) to beat (the breast) - ny to cast down, dash down — MIN to fall backwards — 16:23 to quarrel $\widetilde{\mathsf{M}} \, \mathsf{M} \,$ (too'm) low [especially of sounds] ที่วน ที่วิปี (too'ronn too'rai) anguish, ทุราจาร (too'rahcharn) [l'ali] immorality, profanity, sin ที่เวียน (too'reean) durien (fruit) Mij (too'ray) and Mijf (too'rate) [Pali] (1) calamity (2) very far γ (tooi') (1) slender (2) [of animals] barren ทีวี (too'ra') [Pali] far Mial (too'low) relieved, convalescent 10 — to ask for a delay or for leniency ทุลิง (too'la'ng) (1) stubborn (2) a dish — กาศา a fruit-bearing shrub ท with ปลิว (plah too) the Siamese herring

(too) blunt, dull

ทุศ (toot) [Pali] envoy, Minister วาๆ - Ambassador, Envoy গান (toon) to report to the King นิกิก: to report, to dedicate ปฏิกิก-Rang officials who recite or report to the King In - In in the government service No - No god-father: a term of respect and gratitude in (tay) (1) to pour out, to spill (2) twenty tanans (of arak, etc.) In (tet) false, supposititious เททียาย (taytoo'bai) [colloq.] see ปาป [Pali] craft, fraud, wile INW (taypa') INW? INW and INW [Pali] angel เก็พย์คา (taypa'dah) [Sansk.] angel INW? (taypah) an edible fish ไทฟากา (taypahkon) [Pali] sun เทพาย (taypai) better เพทาย a gem Inly (taypoh) a large and very delicate river fish ining (tayva'toot) [Pali] angel-messenger, divine messenger (Alab. 211) ing (tayvah) ing and several similar

words [Pali] angel |

ind (taywee) woman beautiful as a nymph INA and INA? (tayt, taysah) [Pali] toshow, to do openly - 17 to preach. เทศน (tayt) [Pali] sermon เทษ and เทศ (tayt) foreign หวาย -rattan 1127 - Mahommedan (tern) [Laos.] expletive used at the end of any treatise INU (terp) not straight, bending at the ends, bowed downwards or upwards III (taa) true, sure IIMA (taak) to hit, to strike, to knock against, to prod IIVN (taang) (1) to prick, to pierce — Mil a tree with medicinal leaves. (2) to gamble 1171 (taang) small piece, fragment [of metal, etc.] — nev nugget — nun stick of Chinese ink MAN - pig of iron lly (taang') to miscarry ilnng (taat) [Sansk.] ghost, giant Ung (taan) in the place of, to substitute 'NA - to recompense, to compensate nell — to thank, to recompense

Alful (tan) raised seat built in the floor, altar, throne the point of (2) distressed IIM: (taa') to browse, to graze, to nibble แทรโลม (taa'lome) to speak plausibly to a woman, to seduce [19] (tai) [Pali] (1) free (2) Siamese [97] - King In (toh) [Sansk.] two, second INsecond accent, as over III Ins ins (tohng tayng) oscillating, hanging and swinging MIn to go about without clothing; indecently Inn (tohn) [Pali] (a measure) tanan Inu (tohn) (1) one, single (2) a bottleshaped drum MILIUM (tohma'na't) [Pali] feeling of vexation, sadness (Alab. 238) Mi (tohra') [Pali] far, distant ไทรเลข (tohra'lek) [Pali] telegraph คา — telegram โทรสุปท์ (tohra'sa'p) [Pali] telephone Infin (tohsok) [Pali] second year of the decennial cycle 기일 (toht) [Pali] punishment, fault,

pardon Illy — guilty Ai — guilty. conviet 10 - I beg pardon 1:119 — to pardon, to permit กลาว to stigmatise, to denounce โทษา and โทโษ (tohsah and tohsoh) (1) pain, punishment (2) anger, rage (Alab. 213) in (tow) (1) to bend, to kneel, to prostrate oneself (2) of a dull or grey colour (3) (tow) (1) ashes (2) quantity level - Ni equally - Is and - In how many? how much? - 111 so much — Mus—In whether much or little — Micent per cent — IAII equally เทา (towe) foot ฟล — infantry — สอก to lean on the elbow lu - walking stick & - sole of the foot nau to do obeissance, to salute with reverence γη (ta'm) to make, to do - ηγμ to imitate, to obey — INH to punish — นา to cultivate แกลัง to do recklessly, mischievously, in a disorderly way กาป - little by little

ทานย (ta'mnop) causeway, raised path or embankment ทานคง (ta'mnaung) skill, art, manner, musical science ที่วนาย (ta'mnai) to foretell, prophecy ทาเนราไ (ta'mneevep) (1) Provincial Governor's House (2) parable, proverb ngu (ta'mnoo') to keep, to take care of ກາເພາ (ta'mnow) to let, to permit ทายเวง (ta'mma'rong) gaoler ทาลาย and ทรลาย (ta'mlai and ta'lai) to disperse, to destroy ทาเล (ta'mlay) (1) domicile (2) open, milla: (ta'mlaa') [Malay] sacrifice of animals Nilni (ta'keung) clean, shining NIUN (ta'nong) fearless, arrogant; to make too much of one's dignity NSUU (ta'non) (1) a pot for holding water (2) cushion (3) road, path ที่มีผาน (ta'narn) see ที่ผาน (a measure of capacity) tanan Milli (ta'mohn) with as large monkey ที่เป็ง (ta'yong) to wish, desire

ทรยาน (ta'yarn) to desire

Nalley (ta'yaang) to adjust [archit.] ที่เรียกใน (ta'ra'ka'm) [Pali.] to oppress. to afflict ทะระพศ (ta'ra'pit) see ทรพิศเ ที่:ลิา (ta'lah) haughtiiy, fearlessly ทะลาย (ta'lai) (1) to destroy. disperse (2) a bunch [of betel-nuts, etc.] ทริลิท ทริลาศ (ta'loo't ta'laht) slippery and sloping ทรลิย ทรลาย (ta'looi' ta'lai) to go at random amongst breakable things. to destroy, be destroyed, go to ruin ทะเล (ta'lay) sea ทรเการ (ta'law) to dispute, quarrel ทรวาย (ta'wai) of Tavoy MEGG and MEGGGG (ta'wahn and ta'wahrah) [Pali] door, entrance __ []] urinary duct - Nun fundiment ทรสางคล (ta'sahngkoo'lee) [Pali] (1) to join the hands in adoration (2) a measure of ten niews nn (ta'k) to address, to interrogate ทักจิณะ (ta'kki'na') [Pali] [Sansk.] and MANAMA [Pali] going round and round a sacred thing from left to right in token of respect (Alab. 98, 198)

ทุกผูเพิทศ (ta'ksina'titt) [Sansk.] South กทูน (ta'ka'tin) [Pali] unlucky day 1 (ta'ng) anvil ทั้ง (ta'ng) — ปวง and — หลาย all -นูนี nevertheless — นี่ — นูนี whatever it may be - au altogether -สอง both กับ - together ที่เพียงไม่ (taintaikart) [Pali] the dead accent, as over ขันทร 1/17 (ta't) (1) to equal (2) to oppose (3) to fix behind the top of the ear Mu (ta'n) to come up with, to overtake, to accompany - 17 soon, immediately 12 — to catch up 13 — วิตวิ unawares ทันท์ (ta'n) and ทันทร (ta'nta') [Pali] tooth มสุก — upper part of the accent, as over In or n Mil (ta'p) (1) cottage (2) to oppress, to compress, to superimpose ทุญทา (tha'pthah) a rake รู — a snake ที่บทีม (ta ptim) (1) pomegranate (2) ruby colour ฟลิยูย — ruby nw (ta'p) army, war !!! - general

หลวง middle of an army ทัมกะหวก (ta'ma'ka'rok) filter ทัศ (ta't) [Sansk.] ten ทัศน (ta'tsa'nah) and ทัศนม (ta'tsa'nai) [Pali] to see, to look at ทัสร (ta'sa) [Pali] ten

Ñ

1 (taw ter = English t. or French th.

Sansk. and Pali dh. Dental: a low letter) — 170 name of this letter

ii (tong) flag

ปีน (ton or ta'na') [Pali] treasure, ric hes ปีนิทิ (ta'nitt) [Pali] long syllables

TH and MH (ta'noo') to take care of TH (ta'noo) [Pali] bow ลิก — arrow บ ว ม — Sagittarius (zodiac.)

fif (ton) [Pali] (a final suffix, meaning)
bearer of

ทุกนี้นทั่ง (ta'ra'nin) [Sansk.] King

ชรณีศร (ta'ra'nison) [Pali] King

ทีวีณี (ta'ra'nee) [Pali] earth, globe น่าง

— angels of the earth (Alab. 225)

打印 (ta'm) [San.] condition, quality, function, practice, doctrine, duty, laws, teachings of Buddah (see Alab. 170) — 引河 religious research (Alab. 196) 日前 — (1) justice (2) the new sect of Siamese priests るいじい — adopted son — でいて Wheel of the Law (Alab 169)

าราเทท (ta'ma'dah) [Pali] usual, common; habit, nature

วิวิวิมีเมียม (ta'mneea'm) [Sansk.] custom, usage

ອີກິນນຸດ (ta'mnoon) [Pali] written charge or summons or document, officially sealed

โรรมาศูน์ and กัมมาคูน์ (ta'mmaht) [Pali] public

fifile and fill see fifil

final suffix, meaning) bearer of

11770 (tarahdon) [Sansk.] surface of the earth

วิวาไลย (ta'rahlai) [Sansk,] earth. world

ปีเวิศ (ta'rett) [Sansk.] lord of the earth,

ปีเรียกรี (ta'rettree) [Pali] lord of many women

Din (ta'wa't) [Sansk.] flag

價 (taw) to weave (cloth, etc)

Tini (tahtree) [Sansk.] world, universe, earth

าก (taht) (1) matter, elements, first principles (2) relics แป๋ว — alchemy

ที่นี่ and ก็นี้ (tahnin, tahnee) province

[Pali] (1) King's baton (2) watercourse, stream

fils (tahra'na') [Pali] (1) bearing, holding (2) everywhere, ubiquitous ጛገሄብና (taht-tree) [Sansk.] earth, world

ff) (tidah) [Pali] daughter

วิวี วิปิคี (ti'bodee) [Pali] chief, headman

FILM (ti'bett) [Pali] (1) a royal title (2) Thibet

In (too'cha') [Pali] gold

Inn (too'dong) [l'ali] ascetic practices

ilumn of smoke — lng co-

fill and fill (too'mah and too'moh)
[Pali] smoke

fis (too'ra') [Pali] yoke, burden, office, business, affair

Ta (too'lee) [Pali] fine dust a: ap dust sticking to the feet 3:001 -พระบาท I (speaking to the King) Till (toop) [Pali] small scented sticks for burning ปฏิกิ(ter) he, she พระองค์ — He, Him (of the King) an - King's child W 11 - elder brother of a King นาง ยา — younger brother of a K. หลาน - nephew of a reigning K. 77711 - a prince of a lower grade than until Usin W = uncle or great-uncle of the K. וֹן (ta'mrong) [see מוֹן (Pali] to make straight 1: (ta') (1) he (2) bearer, supporter and (tat) [Pali] flag าน ทุคม (ta'nwahkhom) [Sansk.] name of the ninth month, (Sagittarius) [= December]

14 (naw nin or small n. English n.

Guttural: a low letter) — 113

name of this letter

11

un (nok) bird — Mn a clinging and hanging bird — 新也 woodpecker, flint lock of a gun, hammer of a gun — 新也 Mi double-faced, double-dealing Mn — to catch birds — Mi flock of birds [Note. almost all wild birds are in Siamese called by this generic term as well as the specific name which follows; q.v.]

un (na'kah) [Pali] nail of the finger or toe

un (na'ka'ra' and na'khon) and uni
[Pali] town

unified (na'khonbarn) [Pali] royal tribunal, capital of a country, ruler of

นากบล (nakhonbarn) [Pali] royal tribunal, capital of a country, ruler of a country นากโล้นี (nakhousohpinee) [Sansk.]

beauty of the town, courtesan

HALTA (na'kha'rett) [Pali] chief town,
capital

นานๆ (nong-noo't) beautiful woman

ful woman

un (na'tee) [Pali] river

uun (non) and uun [Sansk.] joy

นุนุทุรี (nonsee) a tree

นนทุรกิ (nonta'lee) mother

111 (nop) to bend the head, to bow. to salute; (of barbets) to hammer — แอบ and — น้อม to obey, to submit — Til to bend the head to the ground, to adore 別 (na'pa') [Pali] nine — 何 ninth year of the Siamese cycle นฟาณ (noppa'koo'n) (1) gold (2) [Pali] nine attributes of Buddah นพนท์ (noppa'nitt) [Pali] milk and butter นฟปรี (noppa'booree) [Sansk.] Lopburi (New Town) นพปัศลิ (noppa'don) [Sansk.] the nine tiers of the Royal umbrell unwu with un (maa nop-pon) element, arithmetic นฟลี ณ (noppa'soo'n) [Sansk.] obelisk นกิกิส (noppa'don) [Sansk.] mosphere, sky นกากศ (noppahkart) and นกาไลย (na'pahlai) [Pali] air HN (nom) pap, breast, udder NI nipple $\mathring{\mu}\gamma$ — milk — [49] butter, cheese III - wet nurse, nurse 1117 — to wean প্রেয় — (of princes) to

suck the breast - IIII a wild shrub with strong-scented flower นมศการ (na'ma'tsa'karn) [Pali] salute. worship นวิ (na'ra') [Pali] man นวิสเค (na'ra'sing) man who has committed fornication in a temple and is turned into a monster นวิถึงที่ (na'ra'sing) (1) representation of a swan-focted woman (2) [Pali] man-lion นามาก (na'ra'mart) rhinoceros horn นานาาก (na'ra'nart) [Sansk.] superior person นก (na'reu) [Sansk.] free from — บาล and - INAT title of the King นถูกห็ก = นิคหิก g. v. นเวินที่วิ (na'renn) and นุวินทั่ว (na'rinn) [Sansk.] superior man นกาศ (na'lart) [Pali] forehead ทนวก (hnooak) deaf — n to deafen Mull (hnooang) to hold on to — Inutia not to let go _ [] to let go a little and pull back again und (nooat) to shampoo - 1917 to thresh rice by treading it out

ทุนวิก (hnooat) beard, wattles of a fish, เมอก (nauk) out of, outside, out เมื่อง --feelers of a craw-fish — ini) whiskers — unasign the plant called Venus' hair

11771 (nooam) cloak, lined cloth an boxing gloves

1131 (nooam) soft, smooth

ทนูวิป (nooi') (1) unity, one — ฅา orbit of the eye (between the eyelids) (2) numerical designation of eggs and other round things

una (nooan) down on fruits, bloom on the cheeks นาง — gull คนุนาง wormwood, absinthe 174 - a fruit ปลา - 1น a fish

นวิลิ ซิซิ (noo'anla'aw) and นวิลิ หง (noo'anla'hong) etc. soft and fair un (naw) and in (noh) swelling, tu-

ทนธิ (nor?) [sign of interrogation, command, or admiration | 100 - leave off! 174 — how beautiful!

Mull (naw) shoot, bud, offspring — [ប្រ natural son of the King — 1179 skin of the head, horn, etc. - Tiv elephant's forehead

abroad, foreign country 174 - village, country place - 17 unfaithfnl, infidelity - 1471 besides, also -My open field, plain - III except — กว่า นั้น besides that

หนอก (nawk) hump of a bull; swelling. tumour An - a plant with edible fruit

ម្រាំ (naung) to flow

relations

und (nong) calf of the leg ાગિ !!પા (nong nang) joined together

អូក្សី (norng) younger — បា្ម younger brother — MII and — MIII young-

er sister — เมีย wife's sister — สะ

W younger brother's wife - 17 l fing's younger brother W

ทนอ: (naung) (1) marsh, bog cer, corrupted blood, pus

MUES with TES (chong hnong) spinet, musical instrument made of bamboo and held in the mouth, Jew's

นอน (naun) to lie down to sleep, to sleep — ໆງ່ຳ to sleep on the face - NITH to sleep on the back Wis

- sleeping Buddha 197? - heavy with sleep, falling asleep

หนอน (norn) worm

นอย (naup) and นุป to bend, to salute นักม (naum) and นุกุป — to bend, to salute

นุขีย (noi) small, little

Let (noi) little, a little นิก — very little — ใจ to be dejected, aggrieved, indignant ใจ — timid, faint-hearted — ตัวa few (men etc.)

nah) (1) field $\mathring{\eta} \gamma$ — to cultivate $\mathring{\eta} \mathring{\eta}$ — open field, plain $\mathring{\eta} \gamma$ — arable field — Night f. for sowing rice — $\mathring{\eta} \mathring{\eta} \uparrow$ f. for transplanting rice $\mathring{\eta} \mathring{\eta} \uparrow$ — peasants, husbandmen, rustics (2) a measure of dignity varying (in proportion to the acreage) according to the royal grant

นา (nar) (1) front, in front, before ข้าง

— straight on, in future — ลาก
sloping forwards — ทาง window

— แข้ง shin, front of the leg — ไม้
(1) crcss-bow (2) elements of arith-

metic — ผู้วิflowered cloth ภาค — and เบ็อง — future หว — chief, president, general (2) season, time — ทะเภา time when the Chinese junks come

น้า (narr) mother's younger brother or sister — ๆาย mother's younger brother — ศาว mother's younger sister

ทหา (nar?) much, heavy, thick, close เกิก — you can, you may; enough, neither too much nor too little เรื่อ — quick!

ที่เกิพith นักป (noi hnah) custard apple
ที่นัก (nah) face, front, in front, before

— ทีก face, countenance ที่กิ — in
the presence of เกิ — to lead on นัก
— incompetent, incapable, in bad
condition สม นัก — you deserved
your fate เกิ — and ไก้ — to obtain
a person's favour

unn (nark) alloy of gold and copper, red gold

นาค (nark) [Pali] naked; to strip บาช — to be ordained เท้า -- candidate for the priesthood

็นาค, นาคา, นาโค and นาคนทั่ว (nark, narkhah etc.) [Pali] serpent, dragon (Alab. 218. 300) นาคน and นาค (narkin, narkee) female naga - ule and ule = ule q. v. un (narng) Madam, lady — nun . ฟ้า female angels - ท้าม Royal concubines - 17 goddess of the Chinese junks - 478 gull nu นาล absinth - แบ้น a flowering plant in - un a plant Iu chief officer ti] - a creeping plant NUN (nahng) to suspect, doubt นางจริง (narngcha'ra'n) road on the ramparts of a city นางนุน (narngnoon) eatable plant นาฏ (nart) [Pali] and — เทริ beautiful woman ทุนาท (nart) a tree นาถา and นาโถ (nartah, nartoh) [Pali] protector, saviour, charitable นาท์ (nartee) part of an hour [formerly usually the tenth part, now usually the 60th part] นาไท (nartoh) [Pali] loud voice

นาน (narn) a long time ข้า — and — แล้ว long ago — ไป long after, in future lyn - slowly, dilatory นูนู (nahn) a Laos province นานา (narnah) different, diverse 입기의 (narp) to apply heat, to scorch นาภ (nahpee) [Pali] navel นาม (nahm) [Pali] (1) name ทุรงพระ - (of the King) he is called (2) noun [gramm.] ที่นาม (narm) thorn นาย (nai) chief, lord, master, Sir (the ordinary title of a man) 197 Princes, potentates — jou etc. centurion, etc. — 179 captain — 171 creditor, money-master steersman - un fishery-farmer นาย (nie) to melt, dissolve ทีน่าย (naie) offended, disgusted UNIN hating the sight of (a person) — เหน่าย who won't work นายก (nahyok) [Pali] leader of men; highest officials in the kingdom นาวิก (naht) Sansk.] protector, sa-

viour uf - superior person

นาวายนี่ (nahrai) [Sansk.] a Hindu god with four hands; a Hindu caste นาร์ (nahree) [Pali] lady นาฏ — beautiful lady นาไวร์ (nahret) [Pali] superior, excellent (a royal title) น้าว (now) to bend (a bow, etc.) หนาว (hnow?) cold — เป็น rather cold, cool นาวา (nahwah) and นาวี (nahwee) [Pali] boat, vessel นาวะ (nahwa') [Pali] nine นาพิกา (narli'kar) clock — แกค sundial - u) water-clock, clepsydra - Wn watch นาฟัเก (nahli'kay) [Pali] cocoa-nut tree นาสก (nahsica') [Pali] nose นี (ni') [Pali] (1) [prefix meaning] outward, without, down (2) hither, here าๆ (nikkha') or เนกๆ (naykha') [Pali] relinquishment of the world [Alab. 1847 นกร (nikkonn) and นกาย (nikkai) [Pali] crowd, multitude, flock

นกล (nikkoon) tribe, family, relations

นกม (nikkhom) [Pali] domicile, village,

town

นิโคระ (ni'khrote) [Sansk.] a tall tree with hanging roots นคคหัก (nikka'hit) and นฤคหัก [Pali] the circular mark, as over un us (ning) to keep silence, to be silent — เกิด hold your tongue! นุ (nitt) [Pali] constant, perpetual, นางา นาง and นาร (nitchah, etc.) permanent, continual, always นิค (nit) small — นูฮิป very little นิที (nitti') [Pali] sayings of the ancients, good counsels, institutions นุทิยภิทิว (nittya'pa't) [Sansk.] monthly pay of a priest นทุวา (nitsah) [Sansk.] to sleep นทาน (ni'tahn) [Pali] tale, story นเทศ (ni'tayt) [Pali] to disclose, to explain, to point out นูนทา (nintah) [Pali] slander, defamation, blame ทีนูป (nipp) [phon.] to peck, to nip ทีนูป - to push and pull out and in; sting, prick, palpitation ทุนุยู (noo'p) to walk like a crab นิบาท (nibaht) [Pali] (1) falling, descending (2) a particle (3) tale, story

นุยณณะ (niboo'nna') [Pali] completely, subtle, clever นีฟนก์ (nipponn) [Pali] to bind; to compose; songs or compositions made by the King นฟาน (nip-arn) [Pali] extinction of pain and care, Nirvana (Alab. 165) นีพพาน and นีพาณั etc. = นี้หาน นิโกค (ni'pohk) [l'ali] without fortune un (nim) soft, tender no an animal which rolls itself up — un fine woman นมนุต (ni'monn) [Pali] to invite priests (to anything, as) — เทศนี to invite a priest to preach นมาน (ni'marn) [Pali] department of the heaven LLFIT (ni'mitt) [Pali] (1) to dream, dream (2) to shew an - front

stone of a temple, under which a

treasure is hidden - PARTE to do

a miracle, to shew wonders

ance, training

fable

นยม (ni'yomm) [Pali] ascertaining, re-

นยาย (ni'yai) [Pali] old story, tale,

cognizing; restraint, voluntary pen-

นิกไลย (ni'rarlai) [Pali] (1) away from, departing from, separation. departure (2) unloving, unloved นิวิาศ์ (ni'rart) [Pali] to be separated from, far from, exiled นกุมิลิ (ni'roo'mon) [Pali] title of the Queen, or ladies of high position (ni'roo'tta') [Pali] destroyed, annihilated นี้ไวิวิ (ni'roht) [Pali] to extinguish, extinction, annihilation นิวิร (ni'ra') [Pali] without, out of นิโนทิวิ (ni'ra'ndon) [Pali] without interstices, compact, continuous, incessant, perpetual นวิบพท (ni'ra'ppoo't) [Pali] ten millions, a thousand millions นิกิ (nin) [Pali] dark klue, black, a precious stone of a dark blue colour, sapphire no - and a - black 1147 - a famous medicine นิโล (ni'lo) [Pali] black, dark blue, dark green นกรียา (ni'la'yah) [Pali] dwelling, habitation, abode น่า (new) retention of urine หน้า __ sadlooking, sulky

นวิ (niew) finger, Siamese inch = about | ทน (nee?) to fly, to escape, to avoid -·833 of an inch — My toe — T fore-finger — กลาง middle finger — นาง ring finger — กาย little finger นิวิริณ์ (ni'wonn) [Pali] to hinder, prevent, hindrance, obstruction นิวาศ and นิเวศ (ni'wart, ni'wett) [Pali] dwelling, residence, resting-place นวิทินาการ (ni'wa'tta'narkarn) [Pali] returning, turning back นี้ได้! (ni'sai) [Pali] refuge, shelter, protection, cause, event, habit - to report what took place นสากวิ (ni'sarkon) [Pali] moon u (nee) this, here n — here un come here — [[1] look! lo! behold! to point out !! (nee) debt — ay debts 197 — creditor, money-master an - debtor เป็น — to be in debt ที่ก — deeply in debt นี (nee) this, here — นุม this and that - lugi here and there - uns so it is

เว็น to fly and hide — หาย to disappear นุท (neeti') [Pali] old sayings, traditions, good counsels ក្សី (hneep) [phon.] to clip, to snip Mully (hneea'ng) crop (of a bird) maw (of an animal) เหนียง (hneea'ng) with ก๊า shiny black m2 - an animal เนียน and แนบ — (naap, neea'n) well joined, well fitted, even, level ទើម (neeam) with ៗ ៖ elephant with short teeth เทนุยม with อาย (ai hneeam?) to be much ashamed เนียริ and เนียระ (necara') [Sansk.] without, exempt, free from - INA exile เนียรภาคย (neeara'park) [San.] without a share เนยูรมที่ (neeara mitt) [Sansk.] to appear, to create, to work miracles, apparition Muffil (hneeyo) consistent, sticking together, sticky My - potter's earth, clay 94 - parsimonious avaricious, miserly

10นุยว (hneeo, to grasp, to pull, to นน นน (noo'n na'n) a fish retain นุก (neuk) to think us (neung) to cook with steam 19 custard Min (neu'ng) one n — first 117 — as, just as TH - THIPUI one and the same มนิติ (neua') (1) deer — เบิติ venison (2) flesh - Mys carnal, fleshly - Paris the gist of a matter - Ilyi genuine 117 - 111 a delicate fish เหนือ (neua') North, above ที่ค - North กำ ยาน — beazine — ผู้วิ adulterous 1ម្បី។ (neua'ng) continual, continuous ไทนุฏิยี (hneuey) tired, fatigue 11 (noo'ng) entangled, confused, disorderly 113 (noo'ng) to put on, to clothe the lower part of the body & - the panung - W) to put on the panung - 11 to plait นๆ (noo't) young (woman) นม — dear mannered

(noo'n) [Pali too'l] down of three kinds of trees, tree cotton fig - a cotton tree Migu (noo'n) to support, to prop up, to keep up 199 - to raise up out of misery niv - reinforcement พนบ and — พนบ (hnoo'phnip) [phon.] sting, sudden bite, palpitation นฟล (noo'pon, noo'pa'la') [Pali] (1) according to one's strength (2) unity [arithm.] LU (noo'm!) soft, flabby, yielding to the touch ทุนุม (noo'm) of age, neither young nor old 대한 (nooi) small Иц (hnoo) rat — үц guinea-pig — К musk-rat MN - hair like a rat's tail, pig-tail 178 — and 1 — (a name for little boys and girls) 141 (neng) quiet, motionless IMUN (nengg) (1) clear, limpid (2) and INUI sound of striking นาภ beautiful, graceful, well- เทนก เทนเป (hnett hneuey) very tired, exhausted, worn out

นทา (nett) [Sansk.] eyes ชก — tears เนที! ันทุ๊ทย์ (nayti'ba'ntitt) [Pali] lawyer, councillor

INUI (hnepp) (1) to push in, to stick in — note embrace closely, to hug — note in the end of the panung — no to to tuck up the panung — no to tuck up the panung — no to tuck up the panung — dagger worn in the panung (2) numbness, contraction in the panung (2) shift [Sansk.] without, except — no first [Sansk.] without, except — no first [Sansk.] without, except — no first unthankful in the panung (2) skilful (1) hunter, sportsman (2) skilful

inula (hner) and — Mus sticky, glutinous

ให้น (nern) hillock, incline ให้น (nern) to linger; slow — นาน for a long time

lนับ (nerp) slow, sluggish — นาบ slowly, lazily

Ilu (naa) certain, certainly, surely, assumdly — unu stedfast, con-

stant — 41 motionless

und uni (neng noy) slender, thin, graceful

UNWI (hnaang) to suspect

light (nan) solid, close, thick, compact, sticking together, sticking fast—

In heart oppressed with grief Min—

stedfast, firm

liul (naap) to join (oneself with), to embrace

IINN의 (hnaap) tweezers, small pincers
IIN의 (naam) to compress, to press, to
add 제한 - to explore; spy

weal IUH — streaked; leaky TH —

— tar for stopping cracks — IIII

row, line, file

แนว (nao) (1) straight, direct (2) unmoved, stedfast

direct, indicate, appoint out, show, direct, indicate, appoint un — to appoint a time (2) [Pali] here, here it is — u look here!

ใน (nai) in, into, within ข้าง —, ที่ —
ภาย — inside เครื่อง — edible entrails of an animal, tripe ลัก —, เน็ก

kernel or stone of a fruit - M? เทียา (now?) fading, faded ๆ - fabulous pupil and iris of the eye ใน หก (nai hook) spinning-wheel Ing (nai?) which? where? whither? n — where? 15 — where is (it)? $| \mathbf{Y} | - \mathbf{w}$ here are you going to? $- \mathbf{v}$ wherever it may be, whatever hap-[14] (nai) [Pali] (1) manner (2) eye -เนตุร์ (of the King) eyes ly and Min (no and noke) swelling, lump, tumour lnul lnul (nohng neng) sound of a gong luu (nohn) there, that — 25 17 what is that? Thu (nohn?) there, yonder, that In -

on that side, there Win and Wings

- on the other side of the river

ในน (nohm) to bend down — น้ำว to

ในรี (nohree) and ในเรศ [Malay] parrot

147 (now) [Cambod.] to remain —

lul to remain for a long time, to

continue n? — let him do what he

cajele, flatter

likes

story (in plays) INHI (now) with Milower part of the belly เทนา (now) (1) putrid (2) earth that has been manured เนาว (now) [Pali] nine นา (na'm) to lead, to head — วิกง harbour-pilot & - leader, guide, introducer นา (na'm) water, liquid, rainy season NOI - bed of a stream or watercourse, bottom 97 - holes through which water runs as - to put into the water, to launch, to enter the water MI - beginning of the rains สระ — artificial pond กิค — to drink the water of allegiance MJU — to go against the current পধাৰ্ — to be thirsty, thirst পুরু — (of royal persons or priests) to bathe — Mtears — Иц rain water — Nu oil — HU milk — Ald sugar — ๆ tea — เท้า a gourd — มก mucus of the nose _ Ma running

ลาย saliva, spittle -เหลือง pus, corrupted blood — ประ สาน solder — ประสาน ทอง borax - ประสานคียก sal ammoniac W water-spout, spring — วิธีย์ molasses — ปีปี สุค juice of sugar cane - Win seasoning of red pepper unice — ny flood tide — an ebb tide - loo slack water - Nun amount, price a - liu sky-blue - Ind sweat - ly will, love - 117 corrosive water, metallic acid Mul (na'm) enough, sufficient, satiated, content, pleasure — 17 contentedness, joy (na'mpah) officious, busybody, volunteering, restless, active 1: (na') [word of command, sign of vocative] 11 - until, as far as NHI with INHOI (nerr na') sticky, glutinous นะปงสะเรี (na'poo'ngsa'ka') [Pali] of neither sex — ถึงก hermaphrodite

11:W: (na'pa') [Sansk.] (1) nine (2) new

Hall (na'moh) [Pali] to salute, to revere, honour (to Buddha) นะวิกิ (na'rok) [Pali] hell นะวิวิ and นะวิธ (na'ra') [Pali] man นก (na'k) [Cambod.] (1) man (2) prince, ruler (3) filled with, endowed with — Ing guilty, convict — INAL preacher — III meritorious, saint — រ៉ៃម៉ូរ student, pupil, scholar — WIN hermit — In gambler, rogue - MUN royal concubines -AM musicians at a funeral un and - Muy (na'k nah) many, much, too much ทนก (na'k) heavy — ไป to grow worse - null to retain, not to let go lluu firm, constant 47 - weight นกิข (na'k) and นุกิขา [Pali] better unal (of the finger or toe) นกข (na'k) [Pali] star นาใชกกาษ (na'kka'ta'roo'k) [Pali] 5th day of the 6th month, when the augurs are consulted us (na'ng) to sit WIN - throne, seat for the King or Queen

Yuv (na'ng?) (1) a magic lantern used at funerals (2) skin, leather ทา eyelids เนอ — body, flesh, corporeal นากฐ์ (na'ngkoo't) [Pali] tail (of animals) นงคิ (na'ngka'n) [Pali] plough ทนไล้ (hna'ngseu) letter, writing, document — สมมา written "agreement. - Nin books placed by the King's bed, King's favourite books นุก and นุกถ (na't) [Pali] (1) to inhale ` through the nostrils リヿ — powder for inhaling, snuff (2) a charge of powder (3) to fix, to appoint KA to put off, to delay นุคา (na'dah) [Pali] grandchild น์ ที่ (na'tee) see นที่ river uu (na'n) that, there 2:17 - what is that? u - here and there - line that is, what it is ull (na'n!) he, she, it \ m - there — then เท่า — only — และ look there! uuy and uun (na'n, na'nta') [Pali]

joy, joyful, to rejoice

LU (na'p) to count - nn to respect. fear 67 - salutation l) (baw = English b. Pali and Sansk.)p. Labial: a middle letter. at the end of a word this letter is pronounced rather as p.) 1) (baw) [Laos.] not — I In not at all ปก (bok) earth, land นุม — to disembark 11 (bong) [Laos.] to look, to see บัง (bong) to pick out, to open — ทุนาม to extract a thorn — & to open an abscess ปรกช (bongkot) [Pali] lotus Uf (bot) (1) to crush, to grind to powder (2) to iron (3) cloudy ปกินทร์ (bodinn) [Sansk.] great (royal title) In (bodee) [Pali] magnates, grandees In (bot) [Pali] path, road, course IM (bot) lesson, poem, chapter, article

— กิลิธีน verse, song — เพลง hymn

ทางแทง - poet

ปที เ (ba'ta') [Pali] feet, footsteps

ปน (bon) (1) above, on, up (2) bribe สิน — bribe

บ่น (bonn) to murmur, grumble — ทา

and — กึ่ง to complain of a person's
absence, to desire lovingly; keepsake

UNG (bopitt) [Pali] to make, found, construct ING — name of a temple

บม (bom) to ripen fruit indoors

1)วิ (bon) [Pali] another ขาย — ambush artifice of an enemy ผ่าย — enemy

IJIWI (bora'pett) a medicinal plant

ifil and lift; (bo'ro'ma') [Pali] great, excellent, royal (used as title of Kings, etc.)

USUN and USUSSN (ba'ra'ma't) superior truths, perfection of truth, metaphysics [Alab. 167]

ปริวิจุง (ba'nchong) to do carefully ปริวจุรักน์ (ba'ncha'tonn) [Pali] bedstead

liffel (ba'nchop) to complete (a circle, etc.)

Tiff (ba'ncharng) [Pali] five qualities, to place five parts of the body

on the ground in saluting

Ufff (ba'ntonn) [P.] bed, carpet, mat

ปราณ (ba'n) [Sansk.] tree-leaves —

lifing (ba'nnah) [Pali] to offer worship, to go — nifroyal gift, state present

ปริวัท (ba't) [Pali] (obsol.) (1) yellow, gold-coloured, throne (2) a leaf, a sheet [of paper, etc.] สวราณ — yellow, gold-coloured

บรรทานีก (ba'ntahneuk) [Pali] very large collection of persons on foot

ຢາງງກິດ (ba'nteuk) [Pali] to take a note of, to write down, to jot down

ISSUATA (ba'ppa'chah) and ISSUATA [Sansk.] to be ordained, to become a priest or monk

ปริวิพท (ba'npot) and ปริวิพทา [Sansk.] mountain

ปัวิริปาป (ba'nra'yai) [Sansk.] to relate, to teach, exposition

Uffin (ba'nhah) [Sansk.] to question. interrogate

Uffnnf (ba'nharn) [Pali] (1) answer, order, rescript, edict (2) to take care of, to guard

after, in future 113 (ba'ri') [Pali] around, round about, perfectly บริกาม์ (bori'ka'm) [Pali] to pray, to บริรักษ (borri'ra'k) [Sansk.] to mainmake one's devotions ๆเริการ (bori'kahn) [Pali] outfit of a priest (Alab. 202) - TW scarf or kerchief of a priest ขาริชาร์ (borri'chah) [Pali] servant, concubine, wife በያነባበ (borri'chark) [Pali] to give, to make liberal gifts บริจาริกา (borri'chahri'kah) [Pali] maid servant, wife บรเฉท (borri'chett) and บริทุลท [Pali] to determine, to regulate บรินายก (borri'nahyok) [Pali] leader of a crowd, supreme power, chief ปรินพาน (borri'ni'pahn) [Pali] spiritual heaven, total extinction ปริปาลิ (borri'barn) [Pali] to watch over, to take care of ปริบัณ (borri'boon) [Pali] abundant. full, entire, perfect มรภาษ (borri'part) [Sansk.] to speak | มวช (booa't) [Pali] to be ordained เวลา ironically, to mock

!ነን (ba'rah) [Pali] (obsol.) behind, ሀን ໂሰብ (borripoke) [Pali] to eat, possessions, food and clothing บรมณฑณ (borri'monton) บรมณฑล [Pali] circle, circumference tain, bring up, educate ปริวาร (borri'wahn) [Pali] retainers. retinue ปริเวณ (borri'wayn) [Pali] surrounding, entourage, vicinity ปริษการ (borri'sa'karn) [Sansk.] apparatus, outfit of a priest ปริสทธิ (borri'soo't) [Pali] clean, pure. white, neat, clear ยรมาณ (borri'marn) [Pali] measure. rate, size ปรมาน (borri'mahn) paste บรัน (ba'ra'n) and บาหรัน brandy ปวก (booa'k) addition ปังสุริง (booa'ng sooa'ng) offering of food, wine, etc. to angels or goblins illy (booa'ng) loop, snare — 1173 snare, trap un nn - a black bird with long forked tail

- time of ordination

ມາກ (booa't) to be cheated ແກາ -Siamese syrop

บวน (booa'n) to spit

!!?!! (booa'p) pumpkin র্না — lathes in a roof etc., sections of a raft

1131 (booa'm) to swell; blcated; swelling, tumour

บัว (booa') (1) top of a pillar, capital
(2) border, rim (3) water lily —
เมื่ small red w. สาป — stalk of w.
นา ภาก — flamingo

บทอน (bawhaun) [Laos.] never, not บัติ (bau) pit, well

LAN (bauk) to tell, inform, announce คืา — advice, advertisement — ให้

UDP (baut) and My - blind

ปกน (bawn) a water plant with broad leaves ปกก — busybody, scandal-monger มือ — mischievous, destructive

บิทีน (baun) [Laos.] gambling-house ปัชิป (baup) broken down, worn out with ill-usage

ান্ডা (boi) often — m very often

Let (boi?) [Engl.] cabin boy, male domestic servant, waiter, flunkey
Laos.] never, not
Laos.] soon

한 (bah) (1) shoulder (2) over-full, over-flow

บ้า (bar) idiotic, mad, mad after — ปัก eager for flattery — หมู epileptic — เกิซิที puerperal fever — บีน (1) dare-devil, reckless (2) a cake

บาก (bark) (1) to cut, to carve (2) to turn, to avert

บาง (bahng) (1) thin, slender ผ่า —
gauze — ๆ more seldom than before — คาบ sometimes

ป่าง (bahng) (1) village -- กอิก European name for the Capital of Siam (2) land surrounded on several sides by water -- ปลาสวิธีย a town

บ้าง (barng) some, partly

บารส์ (bahngsoo') [Pali] dust, dirt, soil บาญ ชี (barnchee) schedule, account, catalogue, list, index สมห — secretary

Unn (bart) (1) a cut, mark, scar — ilwn wound (2) the tenth part of

an hour (3) throwing dice for a lottery or a prize — MNN difference, dissention

บาททรยา (bahtta'ya'k) gangrenous wound

บาทหาบ (bartmai?) written summons, Court notice

ปากาล (bardarn) [San.] under-ground, regions of the Nagas, infernal regions

າງຖາງ (bart) [Sansk.] priest's bowl for collecting food [Alab. 232] ຖືກີ — to give alms to a priest

บาท (baht) tical: a coin = three-fifths
of a Mexican dollar — ทลวง European priest

Inn (baht) און and און [Pali] feet, footsteps און — the foot-print of Buddha; the King's foot און האוט האוספ, slipper, boot (of royal person) בון און און (bahtbori'char) [Pali] maidservant, concubine, wife

บาทยุคล (bahtyoo'kon) [Pali] feet of the King

Link (bahn) ito open, to bloom, fullblown [Fr. épanouir] in — gay, merry fin — link a plant which

blooms at night - Wil hinge - 112 p leaf of a door, blind, window, etc. - IIWun or - Wallun preface บ้าน (bahn) home, house, village บานทะโรค (bahnta'rohk) piles บาป (bahp) and บาป [Pali] sin, sinful ป่าย (baie) [Cambod.] cooked rice — MI ornaments made of the central fibre of banana leaves — สุหริ [Malay.] marsh, bog บาย (bai) (1) to turn บาก — to turn aside (2) afternoon ยาย (baie) to rub on, to smear ปารีร์น์ (bahra'mee) [Pali] perfection. complete, merit, virtue, authority [Alab. 184] ปาล (bahn) [Pali] to keep, guardiau, ruler แกร - municipal department ปา หลิ (bahlee) [Chin.] small seat in the prow of Chinese junks บาว (bowe) slave, servant, attendant - Wi slaves (2) see [1] young man ปาก (baht) [Sansk,] cord, string, rope

บวง — loop

บาฬ(bahlee) [Pali] (1) order, series, line, row (2) Pali [the sacred Buddhist language (bi') to break off a small piece, to chip, to pick off a fragment ปู่เหตุ (binn) [Pali] with เขา rice offered to Buddha, to priests, or to spirits — ปากร to go after alms ทุก (bit) (1) to twist, to distort — หลา gimlet IUH — dysentery (2) lazy LAN (bidar) LAN and LAN [Pali] father, papa ยุคหลา (bitlah) gimlet ป์ที (bittoo') [Pali] father — ฉิา father's younger brother - an uncle ป็น (bin) to fly Ill (bin) to make or grow blunt by notching of the edge or blade ปล (bin) with เกา to tell one's beads ปลิ [Engl.] bill 1 (bee) crushed, pushed in L' (bee) [Chin.] rice บทา (beetah) [Pali] to molest LU (beep) to squeeze — ทอดาย strangle

เป็บ (beea) and — ที่อีบี cowrie, a small shell used for coin in some places (as in Laos) ABN — interest lau — to gamble [usually with shells] 11 M — gambling-house អ្នក — pur slain - MGM annual salary ម្រៀញ (beea'k) to distribute, to take what one can get เบียง (beea'ng) distorted, crooked; to speak in an ambiguous or insincere way ្រៅ្សី (beea'ng) awry, distorted, deformed ម្រើម្យី (beea't) to press closely, to molest, torment - is to take by stealth ្រើឡីអ៊ី (beea'n) to torment, to importune ទី (beu'k) a river fish — ៗជូ idiocy, irreligion ily (beu'ng) large marsh or swamp, floodland - 173 swamp; bank excavated by a river บัง (beu'ng) (1) sulky, surly, ill-humoured (2) a large edible spider ្រៀ (beuwa') in large quantities 1175 - a pestle for pounding pepper

ប្រៀ (beua') (1) poison (2) tired, dis-

gusted - 19 indisposed, unwilling 1197 (boo'tree) daughter — หน่าย disgust น่า — easily disgusted, fastidious Iff (beua') with fir wild man of the woods, idiot, dumb person 11:33 (beua'ng) on the side of, on one side - u) in future เคย (beua'n) to turn aside 1) (boo') to beat copper into vessels ทอง - ductile gold, gold leaf 1) \(\) (boo'k) to go through pathless places; across country Mu - and - 191 aquatic plants n _ [Pali] tin Una (boo'konn) whoever, any one וואין (boo'ngah) [Malay] flowers ប៉ុំ (boo'ng) caterpillar, large file for wood, rasp ្សា (boo'n) [Pali] merit, luck ំ។ goodwill; beneficent grateful — ITIN to adopt UNI TITH adopted child MIN — as may Le, as it happens un - lu dead I) No and Unin (boo'tra', boo'trah) [Sansk.] child — I] son

Un (boo'too') [Pali] unconverted, sinner, low fellow ! ព្យប្ (boo'too'chon) [Pali] common fellows ปทุคล (boo'tta'khonn) [San.] whoever ยนนาค (boo'nnahk) [Pali] white and yollow blossom of a large tree [Rottleria tinctoria 111 (boo'p) distorted, battered, out of shape — กุลาย์ to make a slip or mistake บิบูผา and บิบูผร (boo'ppa') [Pali] flower, blossom บฟฟฟ (boo'ppoh) [l'ali] matter of a tumour or sore place ยู่ (booi') grimaces LYTI (boo'rong) [Malay.] peacock, bird ្រែប្រា (boo'ra'na') [Sansk.] full บริฟการ์ (boo'ra'pa'kahree) [Pali] ancestral teacher ปริพนุมที่วิ (boo'pa'ni'mitt) [San.] omen, presage, token UTWL'N (boo'pa'bott) [Pali] preposition บราน (boo'rahn) [Pali] old, ancient

ปริน (boo'rinn) [Pali] large city, King of a city บริสา (boo'ri'sah) and บริโส [Pali] male, man 1. 5 (boo'ree) [Pali] town, city ยหว (boo'ree) cigar, cigarette เข้า pillau บริศ (boo'roc't) [Sansk.] and [Pali] male ដ្ឋ (boo'ra') future บทลิน (boo'la'n) [Malay.] moon บัศย (boo'sya') [Sansk.] white new and — In topaz [발문 and 발발]기 (boo'sa'bah) [Sansk.] flowers, garlands l (boo) barbel (boo) distorted, crushed, indented ៉ាៗ (boochah) [Pali] sacrifice (Alab. 201) — ยู่เป burnt offering — โทย to return evil for good ម៉្យា (boot) [Pali] sour, rancid, putrid บ้ัท [Engl.] boot ប៉ុត្តា (boot) [Pali] putrid, stinking ្សឹង (boom) [Engl.] boom [of a ship] UN (boomm?) [phon.] noise of a thing falling into water

ยมยาม (boombahm) unconth, rough, rude ปรูฟ (boon) [Pali] abundant, full, complete 117W (boon and boora'pa') [Pali] East — ทิศ East ปริฟา (boora'pah) [Sansk.] East ใสบ์ (boon) with ไฟ (pai-boon) [San.] fine, large li (bay) with i i wry mouth, lower lip protruding like a shelf lily (beng) to swell, to be swellen, ready to burst เป็ญๆ (bencha') [Pali] five — คิก fifth year in the decennial cycle เป็นจริงค์ (bencha'rong) with [Pali] the five elementary colours เป็ญ ๆวิวิวิณี (bencha'wa'n) [Pali] bird) adorned with five colours ព្រៃលាំ (benchah) [Pali] (1) funeral pile (2) seat for hair-cutting (3) five เป็ญ ทางค (benchahng) [Pali] having the five good qualities เก็ก (bet) fish-hook — เส็วจลll together เป็น (bayn) to turn — ปฏิกิ and — เบียง

to turn aside, to go obliquely

to pay — Init to rejoice, to delight (bea'ng) to stare (like buffaloes)

[1] (baa) to open

IIIIn (baak) to carry on the back or shoulders — II to carry — In to support, sustain

IIII (baang) to separate, to divi de

IIIII [Engl.] bank

IIIII (baan) even, flat, level

นเบีย (baap) scheme, pattern, plan, model, mould, form, shape, method, system, standard, specimen, copy — วิปาง plan, example

1115 (baa) to split open, to sever
1115 (baa) open at the middle, gaping
open—1125 lazy, indolent, idling
about, littering about

ll (bai) leaf, sail, (numerical designation of leaves, fruits, plates, etc.)
— ไม่ leaf — ลาน palm leaves for writing upon — สัญญา copy of an agreement of which the original is kept by an official แกน — to set

sail in to go sailing an — to shorten sail in — la small flat river fish — la receipt, discharge

ใบ สัทย์ (bai sa't) judge's sentence in writing

្រៃ (bai) dumb, mute

lin (boke) (1) to ventilate, to air, to wave away, waft away [(2) to daub, to plaster

โปกประ (bohkka'ra') [Pali] (1) lotus (2) water

โปก (bote) [Engl.] boat

lun (bote) Pali] place in a temple containing an image of Buddha and surrounded by pillars; confessionhouse (Alab. 190) — In European church

lift (boi) to beat unmercifully

ไปวิกม (bohrahn) [Pali] ancient, primitive, old

โบษาวิณี (bohska'ra'nee) [Sansk.] lotus pond

III (bow) (1) to make water (2) light

- n soft, gently - n nu unskilful,
imprudent n - fanciful - in

(1) less busy (2) to be alleviated (3)

not so many as before ? to despise 117 (bow) young man, bridegroom — สาว bride and bridegroom งาน - สาว wedding illy (bow) crucible, melting-pot เปาร (bau') cushion — ม้า saddle บ๊าโทนี้จ (ba'mhnett) remuneration, compensation, reward, premium LAUN (ba'mbooa'ng) to offer sacrifices บิวไป (ba'mbai) Bombay ป่ายัก (ba'mba't) to cure ปาโฟญ (ba'mpen) [Pali] to keep, observe, execute religious duties บิวิวิญ (ba'mrahp) [Sansk.] to overcome, to clear a place of enemies, to tranquillise a district บิวิวิศ (ba'mraht) [Sansk.] to reject, to relinquish, to go away บาริง (ba'mroo'ng) [Sansk.] to protect. keep, take care of, repair Illi (ba'mrerr) to feed, keep, support, maintain 15 (ba') (exclam. of surprise) In (ba'k) [Laos.] prepuce in (baing) to veil, to hide - Au watercloset (of the King)

in (baing) (1) to notch (2) guard of a sword (3) grater บังโก๊ด (ba'ngkert) to happen, to come into existence, to be created, birth, born Iu - birthday บากรหลา (ba'ngka'lah) Bengal แกม (baingkhom) to salute, homage กวาย — to do homage, to offer (speaking to the King) กราย — Ma to speak to the King, after making obeisance บาควิว (ba'ngkooa'n) suitable, proper ปรักป์ (ba'ngka'p) to rule, to regulate, ordain; command, control imperious ค - mandate | m subject LV 1 (ba'ngbai) overlapping boards. plates, or strips, streaks, Venetian blinds บังไว๊ยน (ba'ngweean) compasses ยงส์ (ba'ngsoo') [Pali] dust บงล์กล (ba'ngsoo'koo'n) [Pali *] funeral recitation over a dead body บาเทยน (ba'ngheean) bit, bridle ฐาย - rein, bridle

บังเทต (ba'nghett) [Pali] accident, unexpected event १।११११ (ba'ng-aht) to dare, daring, bold 117.7 (ba'tchai) [Pali] faith, religion, \mathbf{a} lms Di (ba't) [Pali] cloth (used for making flags), bunting ยกาจ (ba'ncha') [Pali] five ไปโร (ba'nchon) [Pali *] palace windows with bars บาทา (ba'nchah) [Pali] to make a de-. claration, to give precepts, to make ordinances, to command ยญหาร = บัญชา ๆเนียงกระ (ba'nta'ra') [Pali] white บเนเนาศ (ba'nnaht) and บุญญาศ (ba'nyaht) [Pali] fifty บเหนา [Pali] and บาริเน [San.] (ba'nna') leaves, letters ፤ ቤዝን (ba'nhah) [Pali] question Un (ba't) a moment — u now, at this moment — INIII directly, presently — นิน (1) beginning of a song (2) immediately — An immediately IM (ba'tchai) (1) now, immediately (2) (speaking of a priest) money

บกพล (ba'tplee) offerings to an idol or genius บักส์ (ba'tsee) disgraceful บัตร (ba'tta'ra') [Pali] leaf สัญญา patent conferring a dignity A WITH - do. written on gold บัทร์ (ba'tree) to paste, to solder ป็น (ba'n) with นา gable end of a house บัน (ba'n) to cut off บัน (ba'n) (1) piece, slice (2) a half cartload of rice - 197 the top of the hip, the waist, the loins ଥାନ ୩୯ (ba'nchong) elaborate, agreeable, \mathbf{c} omely ปนิจย์ (ba'nchop) to go to meet, to make to meet, to put together บนา (ba'nchoo') to load, to fill บนโจง (ba'ncheung) agreeable, affable, polite บันทุต [Pali] and บันทุตย์ [Sansk.] (ba'ntitt) one who has just left the priesthood, pundit, learned man บนุคา (ba'ndah) whoever, all, the whole บนทาล (ba'ndahn) [Pali] to cause, produce, germinate บนทาศกท (ba'ndahsa'k) [Pali] officials, magnates

บนทาสที่วิ (ba'ndahsa't) [Siam. and Sansk.] animals of all kinds, creatures, beings

Ill In (commonly pronounced ka'dai) stair, ladder

บนเคาะ (ba'ndaw') (1) Brahmin's little drum (2) unable to beget a child, impotent

ก็นกร (ba'nta') [Pali] solitary path บ็นที่มี (ba'ntom) to sleep (of the King) บันทุก (ba'nteuk) [Pali] (1) to guide

(2) to make a note of, to make a summary, to abbreviate

บนทก (ba'nteuk) to load, ballast

บนทล (ba'ntoon) [Pali] order of the Second King

บนเทา (ba'ntow) relief, consolation บันเทิง (bainteung) to rejoice

ยนทุก (ba'nta't) line, rule

บนายน (ba'nraun) (1) to cut into lengths

(2) to decide a case point by point บนกา (ba'nreu) to resound, loud noise, report, fame

Lua (ba'nloo') to reach, to go as far as บันเกิง (ba'nleng) to sing, to make music

destroyed

บนลาน (ba'nlahn) to mix [colours, etc.] to intermingle

บนกิงก์ (ba'nla'ng) [Pali] (1) throne made of marble (2) a kind of dark marble (3) name of a hill

บเรตร (ba'pa'ta') [Pali] and IIIIWM [Sansk,] mountains

1) (paw = English p. Sansk. p. and pr.Labial: a middle letter)

ปก (pok) to veil, fo hide, to cover, to put on a cover II - cover of a book, binding

ปริมรทิศ (pa'chimma'tit) [Pali] west

ปฏิทิน (pa'di'tinn) [Pali] calendar

ปฏิกิล (pa'ti'koon) [Pali] dirty, filthy ปฏิญาณ (pa'ti'yarn) [Pali] to promise,

to declare solemnly

ปฏิบัติ (pa'ti'ba't) [Pali] to serve, to do service; conduct, practice, performance

ปฏิสนธิ (pa'ti'sonn) [Pali] new birth, renewed existence, new conception บันไดย (ba'nlaie) [Sansk.] to die, to be ปฏิเศก (pa'ti'sett) [l'ali] to renounce, gainsay, deny, disavow, prohibit

ปฏิสังขวณ์ (pa'ti'sa'ngkorn) [Pali] repair, to mend, to restore 10 (pot) to conceal or evade the truth. to prevaricate 191 (pa'dong) a rash 11191 (pa'daang) attendants at a court or prison, bailiffs, tipstaffs ปกักปกิก (pa'da'k pa'dert) difficulty, vexation 기치시 (pa'ta'ma') [Pali] first, foremost INN and IJINN (pa'too'm) [Pali] lotus, lily (Alab. 296) gly (pon) to mix tig (pon) pounded, made small 1 (pom) knot, swelling ปรกค์ (proka'ti') [Sansk.] in its natur al state, in a normal condition, in good order, unimpaired 1/14 (pron) to give a part of, to impart ปรมนิยท (pronni'ba't) [Sansk.] to serve, to take care of, service, duty, function 1111 (prop) to clap the hands, to applaud ปริมาณ (pa'ra'marnoo) [Pali] small particle (a Siamese measure of which

there are 512 in one hair)

ปรองคองกน (praung daung ka'n) unanimously, ally; allegiance, to be on good terms ITPN (praut) to squeeze out, squirt out 1700 (pa'raut) quicksilver un - a small fruit-eating bird like a thrush ปรากฏ (prahkot) [Sansk.] to be shown or known; publicly ปริวิการ (prahkarn) [Sansk.] wall, rainpart, fort AUN - Paknam (town) ปราง with Wis (pra'prarng) cheeks ปรางศ์ (prarng) [Sansk.] obtuse-topped pyramidal column with metal branch coming out from the top; obelisk ปราจิณ (prahchinn) [Sansk.] West ปราณ (prahnee) pity, compession, to favour ปราถนา (prahta'nah) [Sansk.] to wish, want, desire ปราน (prahn) (1) Capital town of a Province (2) [Sansk.] the breath of the nostrils (3) to be indulgent (4) a measure of time ปราน (prahnee) to like, to show favour to; pity, compassion []]]] (prarp) to equalise, to level, to tame, to subjugate

ปราม (prahm) see ท่าม ปราโมๆ (prahmoht) [Sansk.] joy; to rejoice ปฏาย (prai) to scatter ลก — small shot ilana (prahrop) to be intent upon, to be anxious about, to desire ปราวิทย์ (prahrom) to be uneasy, anxious, anxiety ปวาลิ (prablee) ridge of a roof ปวาสาท (prahsart) [Sansk.] royal palace, royal residence, royal temple ปราไสย (prahsai) to confer, to converse amicably 기구 (pri) (1) to be worn at the edges, nearly worn out, nearly broken (2) oozing out ปริ (pa'ri') [Pali] around, about ปกา (pri'chah) and เร็กา wise, prudent; knowledge 111 (prip) dropping, dripping, trickling 1)14 (prim) just full, brimming ปริศนา, ปริศน better ปฤษนา q. v. ปักษุกางศ์ (pritsa'darng) [Sansk.] the back ปัญษนา (prissa'nah) [Sansk.] question, ปรี, ปริกา and ปริกิ (preedee) [San.]

joyful, glad; pleasure ្រើក្សា (preeang) noisy, tumultuous เปรียญ (pa'reean) [San.] student, learned man, having an academical degree, graduate เปรียบ (preeap) side by side; of equal size, height, length, etc. 111717 (preeo) to pursue eagerly, to run after เปรียว (preeyo) sour, acid ៅវិក (preuk) siccative oil . ปริ (proo') pierced, full of holes; thoroughly 111 (proo'ng) to put together, to construct, to make up រ៉េរិក្តា (prett) [Sansk.] a kind of ghosts or spirits, shades of the departed illy and light (praa, prooa'n) to be changed, to transpose, to displace, to speak differently, to change one's note, to change one's cry Illiji (praang) brush, mane (of horses. etc.) แบ้วง (prang) harsh, shrill (praan) and lilify confused, discordant noise ไปวเวท (praivett) [Engl.] private

ไปวัสนีย์ (praisa nee) [Sansk.] postal letter 1131 (prohng) pierced, having holes in it, hollow, capable of being seen through Min (proht) to grant, remit, pardon, aid, please — ilijų to be kind ীগুল (prohwi') to scatter, to throw about 1ยีวาร (praw') fragile, breakable ๆน a medicinal plant 15% (pra') (1) to sprinkle (2) the two dots forming the 17th vowel บิริกิวิที (pra'kooa't) to animate one another, to stimulate, to compete ប៉េះ្ហាៗ (pra'kaup) to put tagether, to mix; endowed with, composed of ปริกาช (pra'kai) spark, flash ะไระการ (pra'karn) [San.] sort, kind, way, manner, number n - how many: Mn - in every way ประกาศ (pra'kart) [Sansk.] proclamation, public notice, notification ประกัน (pra'ka'n) to guarantee; surety, to bail ประกับ (pra'ka'p) to connect

UTIAN (pra'kaung) to embrace, to take up gently with both hands ประโคน (pra'kohn) chief column, protector, refuge ประโคม (pra'kome) concert, serenade ประจา (pra'chong) softly, carefully, accurately, graciously ประจับ (pra'chop) (1) to join two ends (2) flattering; Wn — to talk foolishly, to please, to flatter ปริงาน (pra'charn) to insult, affront. abuse, expose ประจัญ (pra'chim) [Sansk.] West ประจา (pra'cha'm) to stick to, stay in ปริงิกิษ (pra'cha'k) [Sansk.] to show, manifest, evident ประจัญ (pra'cha'n) to fight Digan (pra'chot) [Sansk.] (1) to make up a number, to add (2) ironical - 17:My to mark ประชา (pra'chah) [Sansk.] crowd, multitude, large number 11376 (pra'chitt) neighbouring, joining ปริวัต (pra'choo'm) to assemble, meet-

ing, assembly

17:94 (pra'cha'n) to compete in dancing, speaking, etc.

ประกา (pra'dah) whoever, all: — น้ำ diver

ประคิฐ (pra'ditt) [Pali] ประคิษฐ [San.]

(1) to invent, originate, discover, devise, contrive (2) to establish, imagine, feign, fancy

ประการ (pra'doo't) as, as if, like ประเทร (pra'daang) secretary ประการ ประการ (pra'da'k pra'dert) great trouble

ประกับ and ประกา (pra'da'p pra'dah) to decorate, adorn, trim

ประก (pra'too) door, gate

บรรทวน (pra'tooan) a deed made in substitution of one that has been lost or destroyed

to give: The to beg; to eat, to take refreshment

ประทย (pra'teep) [San.] lantern, lamp, light, enlightening

ilitings (pra'teuang) (1) lightly (2) with precaution

ting (pra'too') to burst, to crack, to be broken open

ประทุม (pra'too'm) [Pali] lotus, lily สระ — pond for growing lotus

ประทับ (pra'too't) [Sansk.] and ประ ทุฐราช [Pali] to injure, to do damage, mischievous

ประเทศ (pra'tett) nation, country, district ท่าง — foreign affairs สาล — — international court

ประทธ (pra'ta') to come into collision.
or conflict

ประกับ (pra'ta'ng) (1) to lean (2) relief, convalescence

ประทย (pra'ta'p) (1) to stop, to encamp, to sit (cf a King or Prince):

(2) to press with the hand — MIN to seal, to stamp

ประเท (pra'not) to salute, to adore ประเท (pra'nom) to join hands in saluting

ประเทศ (pra'naum) to agree, to consent ประเที — to agree

ประเทา (pra'narm) to exclude from a temple, to excommunicate

บระที (pra'nee) pity, kindness, compassion — ประหญา indulgent; compassion

11:12 (pra'neeta') [Sansk.] perfected, accomplished, carefully done issin (pra'bah) to spread over the shoulders รไรรูบัดี (pra'ba't) to defraud, to entangle 1] TWIN (pra'prom) to sprinkle ประพรรณ (pra'pa'n) form, shape, kind ประพฤติ (pra'preu't) [Sansk.] to do, act 17:W76 (pra'paht) [Sansk.] to take a walk, to travel 15:1WW (pra'paynee) [Sansk.] usage, habit, customary right ประกาษ (pra'paht) [Sansk.] brightened, shining ประเภท (pra'payt) [Sansk.] habit, sort, kind ្សារដ្ឋ (pra'mooan) to collect, total 117:11 (pra'mong) fishing, fisherman 11:11) (pra'mah) to tremble, fear, dread ประเวณ (pra'mahn) [Sansk.] (1) almost, nearly, on the point of: (2) to conjecture, compute 11:11 (pra'mart) [Sansk.] careless, besotted, stupid ្សារដ្ឋាភិ (pra'moon) (1) to bid a higher

price (2) to collect, to gather

ៀត្តឡីក្នុ (pra'yoon and pra'yoora') [San.] pertaining to the family ประโยชน์ (pra'yote) [Pali] use, purpose, object, utility, advantage; to conduct, to improve UA - proceeds ประหยัก (pra'ya't) to be cautious ประหรอก (pra'raut) quicksilver นก a common bird like a thrush ประวามาด (pra'rahmart) to use insulting language, to insult ประวะพาศ (pra'ra'maht) [Sansk.] to stroke, to touch, to handle ປ່າເຖິງ (pra'ra'm) bamboo shed with flat cloth roof or awning; hut ประหลาก (pra'laht) wonderful, marvellous, singular, strange, extraordinary ประกาศ (pra'laht) [Sansk.] to take flight ประโลย (pra'lai) [Sansk.] to be consumed, destroyed; destruction ประโสม (pra'lohm) to embrace, to caress, to woo ประวิง (pra'wing) to delay (rra'waynee) [Sansk.] custom, rule, con uzal laws Uffill (pra'wett) [San.] to travel, to go

ประหวิก (pra'wa't) to remember affectionately ประหวัน (pra'wa'n) to fear ประสก (pra'sok) layman ประสงค์ (pra'song) to need, to want ประสาป (pra'sop) to meet with, to find ประสม (pra'som) to join, collect, unite ประเสริฐ (pra'seut) [Sansk.] precious, excellent ัประสาน (pra'sahn) to join: น้ำ solder: - - MAI borax ประสทธิ (pra'sit) [Sansk.] to depend upon, dependence, to end, to give ประสิว with กิน (din pra'siew) nitre ประสุท (pra'soot) [Sansk,] to bring forth, give birth to ประหาวิ (pra'harn) [Sansk.] to strike, to hurt ประหัศบดี better พฤหัศ q. v., the planet Jupiter: ปริก (pra'k) [Cambod.] money ปรักปริก (pra'k pra'm) to do on compulsion, disagreeable work tin (pra't) to brush off with the hand ปรียี (pra'p) to fine

fliff (pra't) flank, side ปลง (plong) to let down, deposit, take off (hair, kettle, etc.) — n to give ear: — & — An a funeral — Wil to shave the head ปลิท (plot) to disengage, take off, unhook, let loose; deposit ปลั่น (plon) to rob, pillage, plunder ปลวก (plooa'k) white ants ปลิคิก (plauk) circle, ring, hoop, bandage of cloth, etc., wrapper — LA thimble ปล่าง (plaung) tube, hollow, cylinder, spout: — ควัน funnel, chimney ปลักง (plaung) jointed, knotted, having alternate lengths of different kinds or appearance; a kind of reed ปล่อน (plaun) (1) to eat quickly (2) to open and take out, to pick out, to extract ปัสิยี (plaup) to flatter, to sooth, to appease UADN (plaum) spurious, counterfeit, disguised, adulterated, fraudulent L'AM (ploi) to let go, deliver, relinquish : - if i to let off, release

ปลา (plah) fish น้ำ — pickle of fish or prawns in — rotten entrails of fish ผู้ก — dishes — ป่าง smoked fish — IINI dried fish [Note: this word is prefixed to the name of most fish] ปลาย and — แปลบ (plahp, plaap) sting, acute feeling (of grief, etc.) ปลาย (plarp) a plant ปลาย (plai) point, top, tail, end, extremity nil - final - Re end of all - un source of a river ปลิง (pling) (1) leach — ทะเล edible - sea leach (2) vice, clamp, rivet 137 (plit) to break off, pluck off, gather fruit, etc.) ปลิน (plin) (1) to escape by prevaricating, to wriggle out (2) prominent, projecting; (3) to turn a thing inside out My - rogue น่กิโพร (pa'li'poht) [Pali] obstacle, inpediment, affair, business, important occupation 1107 (pliew) to float in the air, to be wafted

เมื่อย (pleea) feeble; to stumble ... มา

just above the water ปฏิ (plee) blossom of banana tree ung calf of the leg ปลิก (pleek) (1) to go aside (2) to devide into small pieces (3) by retail เงิน - small money เปลี่ยน (pleean) to change — แทน to replace เปลี่ยว (pleeoo') (1) abandoned, solitary, lonely (2) hump, hump-back 37 - a bull ปลิม (pleum) pleased, cheerful; to rejoice ្រើតិក្រា (pleua'k) rind, shell, husk, bark เปลอง (pleua'ng) to be consumed, expended, squandered ៀតិស្វ (pleua'ng) to strip, to take off เปลือย (pleui') naked, unclothed, nude ្រែក្សា (plewey) long enough, going far enough ปลิก (plco'k) (1) to awake (a person) (2) to make sacred unwill - alarum ปลา (plook, to plant, to build — ผ to vaccinate - Wy to marry one's children, to bring up (a person)

เปล (pla) cradle, litter — ไทย hanging and swinging cradle made of bamboo — UN do. of net-work បើតិវ (pleng) rounded, plump, chubby, well filled out; to shine 11177 (place) flame — Ni hog's lard ilila (plaa) to interpret, translate, explain !!៉េត់ (plaa') curved outwards, flattish แย่ลก (plaak) different, changed, strange, unrecognized, grown out of remembrance แปลง (plaang) (1) marsh, wallowingplace, quagmire, bog. slough (2) to change, transform, transmutation (3) brush แป๊ดน (plaan) [Engl.] plan made by a Surveyor แปลบ (plaap) acute pain រៀតា (plowe) tall and fine, long and slender illa? (plow) at leisure, vacant, empty, void, nothing, no (a negation) เสีย - in vain (plow!) (1) a tree (2) a dove ្រៀតាះ (plaw') to tie together, cord, tie ្រៀ (paw) boastful, pretentions — រប

ปลา (pla'm) to wrestle

13 (pla') to let go, let loose, dismiss ปลาย — to let go ไก — wild hen ปลัก (pla'k) mud, mire, puddles ปลัง (pla'ng) (1) plump, sleek, smooth, full, well-liking (2) bright, to shine UAN (pla't) lieutenant, locum tenens, deputy 1.13 - Deputy Governor, Second Governor - NIN deputy official 1) If (pooa'ng) and My - all, the whole ្រៀង (poowung) indigestion, cholera 1179 (pooa't) pain, ache, to be in pain - Will tooth-ache [7]! - to be seriously injured and offended ្រំដូ (poo'an) to be anxious, troubled. uneasy ប្រារុម (poowun) (1) unreasonably, wrong, (2) to be busied, busy บ่าย (pooi') to be ill — การ to waste time, to do in vain A7 - 177 compensation ปวะหลา (pa'wa'la'm) bracelet of beads 1) (paw) bark for making ropes weak - 17 to give gifts

1111 (pauk) to peel, pare, strip, take off Las (paung) to conspire, to plot against, to make plans บ่อง (paung) (1) prond, boastful แมลง scorpion (2) rounded, bulging out, swoln ប្រាស់ (paung) to shade the eyes 199 (paut) lungs 194 (pawn) worn out, deciepit, delapidated, wretched ្រៀដ្ឋ (paun) to put anything into an aperture, (as food into the mouth) บอม (pawm) fort, citadel — ลิฮม วัง walls of the palace 기원 (poi) a hank of thread, a wisp, a handful (of hair, etc.) 1) (pah) to throw in (parr) wood, forest; (as adjective) wild - My wood of many trees. forest — I) cemetery, grave — II) underwood, stunted wood 117 (par) elder sister of a father or mother 1) (park) mouth — [n] and — n) pen — น้ำmouth of a river — คีย compasses — M quarrelsome, talkative

- Nill very polite, treacherous

ป่าง and บ่าง (parng) [Laos.] time, when บ่าง (pahng) liver complaint ปาณา (parnah) [Pali] life, spirit וֹאָף (part) (1) a green frog (2) to shave off the top or end, to make level, to smooth over ปาติโมกท์ (parti'mohk) [Pali] sacred book of precepts (Alab. 190) ปาน (pahn) (1) like, equal, to equal (2) black spot on the skin ป่าน (parn) string, packthread เชอา twine ปาน (parn!) (1) blunt, blunted, obtuse (2) Chinese earthen tea-pot บานน (parnnee) late, too late 171111 (parmohk) [Pali] in front, first, principal, excellent บ่าย (pai) to swing the foot out sideways ปาย (paie) (1) to smear over with dirt or colour, etc. (2) [Chin.] mark, signboard, notice ป่ายาศ (pahyaht) [Pali] rice porridge made for Buddha, milk-rice ปาริโส (pahri'soh) [Pali] comrade, attendant, aquaintance

บ้าว (powe) to publish, divulge — ประ nif to proclaim - in to promulgate, announce ปาสัง (pahsa'ng) [Pali] to bind (a dead body) round with looped cords ঠা এথ (ping) to roast, toast, koil, bake ปีกุก (pi'dok) [Sansk.] basket ไทร the three baskets or Treasuries containing the teachings of Buddha, Buddhist scriptures (Alab. 166) ម្រឹក្សា (pit) to shut: — លីដ to cover with silver in (pittoo') [Sansk.] father บัติลา (pittoo'lah) [Sansk,] uncle ป็น (pinn) [Engl.] hair-pin UN (pim) like, as, as if - 72 on the point of, about to ાં ીઇ and ાંધા (pi'yah, pi'yoh, pi'ya') [Pali] dear, well-behaved, agreeable, loving, pleasure, love L'7 (pew') [Chin.] small, diminutive บิศาจ and บิสาจ (pi'sart) [Sansk. and Pali7 demon, devil, goblin, ghost i (pee) year No - beginning of the year an M3 - eldest child 1 (pee) a reed instrument made of hard wood, obse — Isil Javanese oboe

¥į 91 (pee) (1) pounded, broken (2) a small copper earthenware or glass coin (3) rosin seal which is attached every three years to the Chinese in Siam II ? — to pay the triennial tribute and take the seal (4) to copulate, to tread 19 t (pee?) half closed (eves) [Chin.] a game (with cards. etc.), numerical designation of Chinese games of cards ปีก (peek) wing; — ไม้ slab. outside plank of tree L'fi (peeti') [Pali] joy, delight, satiety (Alab. 196) บีน (peen) to mount, to climb, to go up グ g !! (peep) (1) roar of the tiger (2) a case or can for oil and other liquids ម៉េម (peeya') [Chin.] Chinaman's pigtail IIII — a cake ្រើប្បា (peea'k) wet, moist, damp [2] boiled rice LL 입시 (peea'm) filled up, full to the top เป็นวิ (peeyo) a very small land-crab in (peuk) a lump, a cake of sugar, etc. Ą (peung) [phon.] sudden sound of 211

a blow

11 (peung) proud, ostentatious (peung) [Chin.] (1) rice (2) numerical designation of volumes 1 (peung?) to tear in two, sound of tearing iu (peun) gun — Ku pistol — líi revolver an - cannon-ball, shot, bullet, cartridge, dunbbell, projectile 14 (peun) (1) blade (of saw) (2) blunt 17:04 (peuan) stained, dirty, confused nun - dirt life (peucy) worn out, rotten, decomposed, putrefying - IN) rotten, putrid — uni boiled down, liqueffed I'n (poo'k) noise of stamping or hammering My - club foot 1110 (poo'ngkee) [Chin.] a shovel-shaped basket ปี พิวิ (poo'tchah) [Pali] question, to interrogate រៀញ៧៩ (poo'nya') [Pali] (1) full, complete (2) merit, virtue, goodworks, piety. 11 (poo'p) and — 11 [phon.] a sound,

as of fish leaping

일일 (pooi') tinder made of pith ปริสา (poo'ri'sah) and ปริโส [Pali] man Uff (poo'ra') [Sansk.] town [] (poo) (1) a crab (2) to spread, to lay out (poo) paternal grandfather — MM great-grandfather 177 - tutelary genius 비비 (poo peo) pounded, broken, damaged ្ស (poon) (1) to add (2) lime — 11 quick lime (3) time - nei fruit] first growth - nas last growth ป่ม (poom) calendar ผู้ — a silk cloth [1] and [1] (pay) inclined, oblique, out of the perpendicular iin (payk) [phon.] noise of a small object striking anything الالا (peng) swoln, tumid, full (peng) (1) a tree (2) [phon.] sound of striking (3) numerical designation of blows or strokes (4) [of a blow] direct in (pett) duck — In poultry — in wild duck - INA muscovy duck

[Pali] departed spirits, ghosts, sinners in a state of purgatory (Alab. 189. and see also Virg. Aen, VI. 329. 615) 104 (pen) sometimes less properly spelt illi; to be, to be alive - nit it succeeds - MH chiefly, principally - Iln only - In possible - 117 to happen — Il to become — 17 that is to say, such as, for example ໃນ — unable, not knowing how ກັງ - knowing how to do li - nels no matter: (sometimes used for forming an adjective or adverb, as) — ที่ เขีย painful: [this word means also "in a state of," as] — pij — ที่ 1 to remain at peace (perk) torn at the edges, frayed, having, holes in it 1913 (perng) [Maun.] rice ill (perng) [of a roof] damaged 31 เคลิกเปิด - running off into hiding, absconding រៀវ ๆ (perng perng) loud sound 1111 1171 (perng marng) a long-shaped

drum

เบิด (pert) to open — ไว้ to reveal lî'll (perp) to take up with the hand' to the mouth llll (perp) noise [of an animal roaring, etc.] [[paa joists llij (paa) weak ប្រែង (paang) (1) meal, flour (2) paint ll's (paat) (1) to mix, to be mixed (2) [Chin.] eight — in a game แบน (paan) (1) flat-shaped, flat, platform, stage (2) instrument for wiredrawing Un7 - a small flat fish lill (paap) pinched, pressed together, slender, thin No - a bean ILL'3 (paso) not quite round ແກ້ (paa'ka'k) [Chin.] (1) a fruit (2) a long knife or chopper ্বি (pai) to go, to become, as র্বা — to ripen ni - to go mad - INH NI where have you been to? (pai) [Laos.] no, not [1] (poh) [Chin.] (1) quadrilateral brass tube used in gambling (2) [Chin.] dice ni - dice board (3) a pro-

jection (of bone, skin, etc.)

[t] (poe) [Chin.] brass instrument for gambling gamonu_อ ใบปก (poe pot) a liar, lying [1] (pohng) covering of cloth, etc., case, hiding-place, shelter lis (pohng) [phon.] (1) sound of a blow (2) loud [9] (poh') [Chin.] fish-stakes, globe or shade [of a lamp] ולין (pow) hump, swelling ιτίη (pow) to blow 1917 (pow!) target, mark, butt ្រៀ្ហ (paw') [phon.] sound of blows -เหลา: smaller in size 1 (pa') (1) to patch, to mend, to repair (2) to meet with, to find (3) [a prefix like pro or præ in Latin] ปะฏีทีน (pa'di'tin) and ปะฏีทีน [Pali] date ปราชิก (pa'rahchik) [Pali] priest guilty of unpardonable sin, and deserving expulsion ปะวัทว (pa'ri'tah) [Pali] (1) protection (2) one of the Buddhist heavens ประเทิญ (pa'recan) better ปีเรียญ [San.] a man having an academical degree

וֹבֶּבֶץ (pa'ra'm) stable for elephants

ประมาณ (pa'ra'marnoo) [Pali] atom, particle ปะวานีที่ดีวิ (pa'ra'ni'mit) [Pali] created by others, pleasures produced by others — In In having at one's disposal pleasures produced by others (name of .the highest Deva heaven. Alab. 213) ประการ (pa'ra'ma') [Pali] perfection, excellence, merit ្រឹក្តា (pa'loo) [Chin.] a hatchet การ (pa'law') to flatter, to cajole ประเทิน (pa'laam) a little, partly, a taste ปรุเวศน์ (pra'wayt) [Pali *] to go, to proceed, to travel ปะวะล้า (pa'wa'la'm) bead ปรูวะล้า กำไล (pa'wa'la'm ka'mlai) bracelets เสมา ปราสา locket in (pa'k) to plant, to fix, to set, to put in un - a field of transplanted rice — Wi to embroider ปักษา (pa'ksah) [Sansk.] male bird ป จ บกษ female bird บราวมีทร (pa'tchahmitt) and บรานก [Pali] enemy, adversaries บาก (pa'ngsoo') [Pali] dust, fine earth

1) 99 (ra'tchoo') to strip, to take off ย์ตยบน บ่าง บน (pa'tchoo'ba'n) and [Pali and Sansk.] the present life: --- cholera

บ่างใสมุย (pa'tchoo'sa'mai) [Pali] at early dawn, a little before sun-rise ป ที่ ที่กิร (pa'tchayka') [Pali] by himself, one by one, each — Win a Buddha who does no teaching [Alab. 187] ปิญญา (pa'nyah) [Pali] reason, intelligence, genius, talent, sense, wis-

บูนิหา and บุนิหา (pa'nhah) [Pali] question

dom, intellect [Alab. 184]

ปที (pa't) to sweep, brush, wipe away ป่ง — broom ลิก — grains of glass, beads

ปักพ (pa'tta'pee) and ปกวี (pa'ta'wee) [Pali] earth

บีน (pa'n) to divide, to apportion

(pa'n) to turn, to revolve, to be rolled round — MIN to spin cotton

Il (pa'nn) to make out of mud or clay

— NI beam with projecting peak on the edge of a Siamese roof -14 crane (for lifting)

บศตน (pa'ssa'ta'n) cartridge ปลิปิก cartridge case ปุศต์ (pa'ssa'ti') [Pali] to look at, observe, see, know, discover บัสสาระ (pa'ssahwa') [Pali] urine บลีสาสะวาท (pa'ssahsa'waht) [Pali] breath (pa'ssa'tti') [Pali] calmness, repose of the mind, confidence [Alab. 1967

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N (paw pee == English p. Pali and Sansk. ph. Labial: a high letter) N name of this letter

ฟก (pok) to jump up ผัน — and — ผัน dodging about, shying and rearing, fidgety

ฟกเม (pa'khoo'n) [Pali] 4th month (of the old calendar,

Wy (pong) and - An powder, dust

Win (paingok) (vulg. fill) to raise the head, to raise anything which is inclined sideways, to raise one side up from the level

ฟาก (pa'ngart) to jump, to rush

W13 (pa'nga') starting backwards, drawing back

Name (pa'chon) [Sansk.] to fight, to attack, to invade

M? (pot) prickly heat, spots, tumours

(pa'doo'ng) to construct, build, support, sustain, nourish, take care of

ស្ករ (pon) beyond bounds, beyond measure

្នៅជា (pa'nooak) to add, addition

以;្ហា (pa'nooa't) [Pali] ordination of priests who are princes

มนุก (pa'nitt) to stop up

ស្ព្ហា (pa'neuk) to seal, to close up, to mount (a paper, etc.)

แฟนก (pa'naak) class, order, category, division

ผนก ผนวง (pa'na'k pa'nooa'ng) to stick fast, to be slow about going

মান (pa'na'ng) walls গ্র — partition wall

WN (pom) (1) I, me, [respectful term]

(2) hair — N mane

the wings, to soar (3) to open partially, to raise a little (4) to come of one's own accord

ଧୀନ (pa'ra'soo') [Sansk.] small axe, hatchet

ฟริส (pa'roo't) [Pali] rude, insulting, harsh, unkind

narsn, unkind

(pon) [Pali] fruit, produce (Alab.

200) เป็น — useful มาราก — degrees of sanctity, stage or path of sanitification — ปัรรูโยชน์ utility advantage, use — ไม้ (ponla mai) fruit

ฟลิช (plaw) plausibly, with maoy decietful words

มลา and ผูวลา (pa'lah) [Pali] fruit, produce, result

ผลาญ (plahn) to disperse, plunder, destroy

ฟลิ (pli') bud, opening of a flower

นิลิ ผลาม (plee plahm) ill-mannered, illbred

ผลิก (pa'leuk) glass

ผลน (ploo'n) suddenly — ผลน with a sudden start, starting quickly

ผลม ผลาม (ploo'm plarm) mischievous, vexatious

NA (ploo) (1) suddenly (2) [Cambod.]
a path, a road

เผล (play) crooked, not straight, with prevarication

เฟลิช (pler) incautions, reckless, rash
แฟลิ (plaa) sore place, wound บาท —
cut, gash, wound with a cutting instrument

แฟลา (plaang) to put forth one's whole strength, to pull or shoot forcibly (2) to alter the form of, to substitute; derivation of one word from another — คิวิ to shoot with a bow and arrows — ผลาน to kill — ฤทธิ์ to exert one's full strength

ใหล เผลอ (plai pler) and เผลอใหล to forget

of the regular order — I) to cross the legs — NH and — III to go away to one side or round a corner WAR — (1) to fall over the edge (2) to go in different directions, separate, out of sight — III to get out of sight, to go into hiding WAR (pla') separate from — WAR to

ฟิกิก (pla'k) to repel, to push ฟิกิก (pla't) to change places, to change, alternate — ก็น alternately

push back

N기니 (pooa'n) back, turning back N기리 (pooi') [Chin.] cloak, cape

Will (pa'wah) (1) starting up quickly, awaking suddenly (2) headlong, falling forward, swooping down—

if to take with a swoop, to pounce upon

ผู้วี (pooa') husband — เมีย husband and wife

ฟสม (pa'som) to put together, to add; mixed, blended

WEN (pawk) priests' dinner time [about 11 a.m.]

ผูลๆ (porng) clear, pure

に別以 (porn) to take out a part, to take a little at a time — 以別は to take away parts and put them together 公別 (paum) thin, lean, meagre

មើញ (poi) to drop suddenly, to drop off. to sleep, drooping eyelids

ฝา (pah) rocks

ย่า (par) to slit, to cleave, to split; cleft,
cut — คนไป to rush through, to
make one's way through a crowd
ย้า (par) cloth — เก็กหน้า handker-

ญา (par) cloth — เๆกหนา handkerchief — เร็ค มีอ towel, napkin — น่า panung, the lower garment worn

by the Siamese — litis lace — Link Wing (pahsoo'k) [Pali] peace, happines s curtain — เหลือง the saffron coloured cloth of priests - MN scarf, veil & (pee') more น้า — to put on the panung — ลาย chintz — Miscarf — Inscloth presented to parents of a bride ยาก (pahk) dried up หน้า — front, brow, forehead ผาง (pahng) [phon.] sound (of wave, etc) ฟาก (part) (1) passing, past (2) handsome, well-looking — UNT too hot, loud — leto jump, to flit — late to shout out loud ฟานู (parn) to plough, turn up, plough - In ploughshare ยู่าน (pahn) to pass in front of, to walk past - 17 m to ask more than the price N - piebald horse ผานาที่ sec นาที่ มายุท (pahnitt) [Pali] molasses গ্রামা (paie) to bend outwards on each side, to open, spread out, extended ยา — medicine for expelling wind - Au pedere - Liu to walk, to go

R(pee') and WI (pee'wa') if, if so NI (ping) to put close to the fire or the heat, to expose oneself to the sun ผลรูนูน (pitcha'na'n) and ผลรูน if so রিগ (pit) erroneous, mistaken, false, wrong, vicious, to fail, to err, to commit a fault - nu to differ, unlike, opposite - Mail right or wrong, good or bad - I'll to mistake, to err - INIU discordant, erroneous - Ing adultery no - to fail; error, fault 4 - transgressor RIL (pinn) to turn round, to reverse ដ្ឋ្រី (piew) the outside, epidermis, cuticle, skin - WIIN good outward appearance, conplexion - 171 to whistle ฝ (pee) dead body, spirit, ghost, demon, evil genius Nu - to protect from evil spirits - 17: 18 demon who eats the entrails of pregnant women —1917 possessed by a demon 195 to send a demon to any one Intl -

bling

(of fish) to jump

and lau - to sacrifice to a demon ង (poo') to become rotten — អ៊ូរ៉ូរ crum-ทมอ — sorcerer — เสีย butterfly Will (poo't) (of water) to spring out, - ĝη nightmare kin (peek) the fourth part of a tanan ฟัง (peung) noise of breaking ky (peung) (1) hatchet, plane, adze (2) broad, spreading out, to dry in the sun or wind งี้ (peung) bee น้ำ — honey มี — beehive ๆ — wax ป่า ปี — ointment made of wax Wy (peune) the length of a panung (numerical designation of panungs, mats, table-cloths, skins, etc.)

타일 (peun) spots or swellings on the

lଧି (peua') [Laos.] companion, com-

albino, pale (2) a kind of potato

by one person to another

skin

rade, friend

diminishing

lang with y

water lily

ผู้ปัญปี (poo'p pa'p) noise of sudden and hurried movement ស្ពី (pooi') powder, to pound & — crumbling (poo) (1) [noun of animate things] person, persons - in who, some one, any body - 9 gentleman -14 other people: [with verb, noun of the agent, as] - I's governor of a Province (2) [designation of the sex, as] — In male (of men) male — male (of animals) — Mul female kn (pook) (1) to tie, to join, to compose (poems, etc.) to attach - In the (peua) that which is handad over to chain — กิกิ เป็น to lend at interest - Ni to saddle - In to put ାଧିନୀ (peuak) (1) white (of elephant), to - 177 to be revengeful, to take INOP (peua't) pale, faded, subsiding, vengeance - 1717 etc. to farm revenues, etc. (booa' peua'n) small this and this (peng) [phon.] sound (as

of a blow)

IN (pett) pungent un - to retaliate, revenge INU (penn) and - WH to jump, to run with jumps মেণ্ড (poey) to open a little two iso (per rer) slatternly, untidy, slovenly ાણ (pern) ill-fitting, inperfectly filled, carelessly done, infirm. (paa) to spread, to stretch out III 1178 to make thin, beat out flat IINn (paak) fault, mistake IIW (paang) bamboo mat IIKN (paat) a loud cry - IIKI a prolonged noise lian (paan) figure, form, representation - 1 map 1124 (paan) flat, superficies, flat piece, sheet - 134 silver in flat sheets -ก็น globe, earth — เหล็ก sheet iron 1147 (pao) lightly, to touch lightly ង្កែ (pai) [Laos.] person, whoever, every-In (pai) bamboo

IN (poh) to rush — IN feeble, weak

luu jumping

lus (pohng) [phon.] noise (as of waves) lyolky (poht pohn) to jump IN (pow) to set fire to in (pow) (1) race, family, breed -Win kinsfolk, relations (2) feeling of warmth INT (paw') [phon.] noise of breaking or bursting ผูวเดียง (pa'deea'ng) to invite priests ฝรียง (pa'yoo'ng) to sustain a burden ฟริลา and ฟริลร (pa'lah and pa'la') [Pali] fruits, crops kn (pa'k) vegetable: — n coriander: — ซีลัซม cucumber — ซีลาว parsley: — In fern: — In radish — กาก หกุม lettuce — กราค vegetable of which the leaf is eaten Wi (paing) shape or model of bamboo house — MITT scale of a balance UP (pa't) (1) to fry (2) to paint (the face) (3) to irritate (an elephant) (4) to delay (5) 1 — 18th vowel, q. v. ผน (pa'n) to turn, to roll, to turn and go away Lift - to pay or do by degrees - Their to intone words

ยนทนร (pa'nta'na') [Pali] (1) covetousness (2) a tree

 $t \mid (phaw \ phon = English \ ph. \ or \ f.$ Labial: a high letter) & u name of this letter

치입 (phon) (1) rain (2) to rub on a stone - Mes to apply to a touchstone; the strokes over the vowel ทน — ทอง touchstone — ชะลาน January rains, mango showers

Wil (fa'ra'ng) white men, Europeans ลา – คน – guava

ฟริน (fa'ra'n) saffron

바 (phoo'a') to fade

(phaw) attenuated, compressed, to

squeeze 17 - to be afraid

May (foy) down: - Wy drizzle, fog กัง — very small prawns — ทอง

(1) fritter (2) a tree

(farr) (1) wall, lid of vessel, crust or cream on a liquid : — !!! [n] double, દ્વારા (fai) cotton, thread

twin - Wys partition wall pointed basket-work lid for covering dishes, etc. usually covered with red cloth (2) measure of 25 inches (far) (1) palm (of the hand), sole (of the foot) (2) to act in opposition

ฟา (fah) black spot, dusky, dark, dim กรีร์ 🖺 obscurity or blot on a glass, etc. — กลิยน board covering the peak of a roof - IING skin covering a wound

to any one's orders

ผู้ไว้ก (fark) to deposit, entrust, send หนุงสือ — letter — หนุงสือ to send a letter

Will (farng) a red wood used for dyeing; sapan wood

Unn (faht) bitter, sharp-tasting, acid

ฟาน (fahn) to cut into thin flat pieces, to slice

ล้าย (fai) (1) dam for stopping water (2) a company having particular objects

ผาย (faie) part, on the side of — วา concerning, regarding, as for - un to give oneself up to

นัก (fit) better พัก sound of sneezing ម្លូរ (phinn) opium (phee) (1) boil, tumour, ulcer: -Mil small-pox (2) something which proceeds from, as — in dexterity — กาก language, eloquence — พาย oarsmen

k (phee) snoring

ผก (pheuk) to exercise strain the desires

ព្រ (pheut) with difficulty

ไม่ชา (pheua') (1) a measure of 50 wah (2) to forget

1ผลก (pheua'k) (1) splinters for setting a wound (2) a hurdle of reeds for shutting in fish (3) litter for a dead body, bier

1ผูกแ (feua'n) (1) changed for the worse:

(2) bitter, sour, ill-flavoured, unpa-

latable

My (phoo'n) fine dust — 1173 white

lead - Hou sweepings

Mu (phoo'n) soft, clastic, disturbed (of water)

44 (foong) a crowd, a flock, a squadron, acquaintances, intimates, comrades

IIUn (phaak) a grass used for roofing to hide, conceal; ambiguous

내니키 (phaat) twin, double 입기 - love pliltre

เมพน (phai pha'n) to be desirous about, to think about

lk (phai) pimple, pustule [ti] (phow) (1) to watch, observe. at-

tend, take care of - UNA to stand sentry — at to provoke — lauk to mimic (2) to go to see the King

or a Prince 17 - courtiers

kin (pha'k) case, sheath, pod Wy (pha'ng) to bury, inter, put in the earth

Wy (pha'ng) sea shore, bank

ผก (pha't) to winnow, sift

recognise

ผูน (pha'n?) to dream ผูน เผย (fa'n feua) (l) to visit often, to associate with (2) to forget, not to

W (paw pin = English p. Sansk. v. and

b. Labial: a low letter) — WHE

Wn (pok) the knot or pocket of the panung

WY (pong) clump, cluster [of trees, rushes, etc.] — พื่ and — ไฟร์ jungle — ฟนูค์ wooded place

ฟงษ์ (pong) [Sansk.] and พงษา (pongsah) [Pali] kindred, relations, family จักวิ — of royal blood พงษารถาวิ

ฟาน (pot) พานา (potcha'nah) and พา นากถั่ (potcha'naht) [Pali] word, expression, term เอกพาน (gramm.) singular พทพาน plural

พาชมาน (potcha'marn) [Pali] soft speech, pleasant expressions

ฟนิเทวีเข้า ท่าน (pa'na'hooa chow tahn) title of a Minister

Mnni (potdooa'ng) making of a round tical [by bending in the edges]

Wu (pon) [Pali] forest, wood — สณศที่ (pona'sonn) thick forest

ฟน (pon) to blow out a liquid from the mouth, to squirt at

WH (ponn) beyond, later than, past, to

pass through, to get out, to be delivered — N (1) off, away from, away (2) supreme

Will (pa'nom) [Cambod.] (1) to join at the tops or edges (2) shrubbery. grove (3) mountains, hills — เป็น capital of Cambodia

ฟนากอน (pa'nahdaun) [Pali] wood of full-grown trees

ฟนาไลย (pa'nahlai) [Pali] woods, deserts, solitudes

Wulling (pa'nahwaht) and Wulling (pa'nahwett) [Pali] living in the wood

พนาวิน (pa'nahwa'n) [Pali] forest

พนาสณฑ์ (pa'nahsonn) [Pali] dense forest, thick covert

ฟนาส์ (pa'nahsee) [Pali] woods, wooded ฟนาสาน (pa'na'kngarn) official, public

servant, holder of an office; employment, ministry, duty, office

WHH (pa'na'n) to bet, wager, to offer a bet — กัน to agree to a bet, to make a match

Wนศ (pa'na't) [Pali] boundaries of a forest

Will (pop) to meet with, fall in with, find

พมา (pa'mah) Burmese

เพยนท์ (pa'yonn) small statue or doll used for superstitious purposes, scarecrow, wheel

พบากรณ์ (pa'yahkorn) [Pali] predictions of the sages, oracles

Whin (pa'yaht) [Sansk.] a malady in which the flesh is without feeling

Will (pa'yahn) and ผู้มากม (pooyahn) witness สอป — to interrogate a witness, to examine a witness

พยายาท (pa'yahbaht) [Pali] revenge, resentment, hatred

พยาบาล (pa'yahbahn) [Sansk.] to take care of โรง — hospital

Wยายาม (pa'yahyahm) [Pali] patience, long suffering, perseverence, continuous action, exertion, contention, striving

พี่ปุ่ง (pa'yoong) to support, sustain, bear a weight

พียีน (pa'yoo'n) soft

พย (pa'yoo') [Pali] tempest, storm

พย่า (pa'yoo') [Pali] host, multitude, advancing troops

พยทร์นี่ (pa'yoo'honn) [Sansk.] sum of an addition, total

WUN (pa'ya'k) to make signs — WILTP to keep on repeating the same thing พยัคฆ or พยัฆ (pa'ya'kh) and พยัฆา [Pali] tiger

พย์ ๆ (pa'ya'kkhee) tigress

พยัญชน (pa'ya'ncha'na') [Pali] consonant

ฟริ (paun) [Pali] blessing, benediction, boon, favour อวิย — compliment, good wishes

MIN (prot) ascetic, anchorite, saint

Will (prom) (1) rugs, carpets (2) to sprinkle — Winto sprinkle abundantly with small drops In — frame with handles for carrying, litter (3) a tree

ฟริหม (prohm) [Pali] superior angels;
Brahma — ทิวิป virtuous, chaste,
virtue

With (pa'k or pa'kkha') [San.] troop company, division — Win followers

Wiffy and Wiffy (pa'tta', pa't) [San.] health, prosperity, to succeed

Will or Will (pa'nna', pa'n) [San.]
(1) form, colour, kind, genus, quality (2) seed

(ITMIN (pa'nna'rai) [San.] radiant, splendid

งวิวิพิวังษี (pa'nna'ra'ngsee) [Sansk.] glitter, lustre, sheen

Will (pan'nah) [Sansk.] to describe

WITH (pa'sa') and WITHI (pa'nsah)
[Sansk.] rain, year, age

พรวน (prooa'n) a row of small bells

used on the necks of animals ลก—

one or more of such bells

ฟริยง (prong) not full, nearly empty

Min (praung) to make a speech, oration, harangue

WICH (praun) worm-eaten, spoilt

With (praum) (1) together, altogether, tightly joined, tightly closed (2) finished, completed, ready — ?? unanimous, consenting

Wind (proye) shining specks, tinsel — พราป of many bright colours

ฟร้อย (proy) at random, useless speech, idle talk

Wife (proi) covered with spots, spotted

Win (prah) big-bladed knife

Winn (prahk) (1) fast-falling, abundant (espec. of tears) (2) to be far

from Win — bereavement, to take away altogether find — [Sansk.]
Brahminy goose

Will (praing) to keep quiet, dissemble, hide

Wins (prahag) indistinct

ฟริใน (prahn) to hunt, hunter

Walu (prahm) (1) stupid (2) cords or lines attached to the same point

พราหมณ์, พราหมณ and พราหมณา (prahmana) [Pali] Brahmin

พวาหมณี (prahmma'nee) woman of the Brahmin caste

Wi기인 (prai) bright, sparkling & — teraph, an abortive child kept as a charm

Will (prowe) (1) bright (2) (of a boat) leaky (3) morning

พริก (prik) chili — ไทย pepper — เทศ

long pepper Un — a small bird

Wil (pring) (1) joyous (2) pretty, beautiful, attractive

Will (prip) to wink, to keep opening and shutting, to twinkle

Will (prim) beautiful, agreeable

INTER (preca'k) crying, bewailing, loud lamentation

iWili (preea'ng) a water-worm — 'N

outside of the ear אווֹ — pockmarked
iWili (preea'm) pretty, agreeable
iWili (preeyu) tapering, well-shaped
whny (preuksa') and שחושו [Sansk.]

tree זון — a tall tree of which
the bark is used for medicine
will (preung) connecting planks, side

short ends of an oblong 호 생기 and WN 및 (preungnee) to-morrow

planks, beams, rafters

พฤคมา (preuttah) [Sansk.] old man พฤคมามากย์ (preuttahmaht) [Sansk.] oldest magistrates or dignitaries

พริย (preup) a collection of sudden noises, volley

พฤกักกับน (preusa'chikahyon) [San.]
name of the eighth month [of the
Scorpion = November]

พฤษภาคม (preusa'pahkom) [Sansk.]

name of the second Siamese month
[of the Bull ■ May]

พฤทภ์ and พฤทภัยที่ (preuha't) [San.]
planet Jupiter วัน — Thursday

(Will (preuwa') (of a bird) shaking the wings

เพริก (preuwa) dispersed, spread about, situate in various places, going from place to place ก็ม — to eat often เกียง — drawling voice พก — to talk often, to keep on talking

Wil (proo'ng) and Will (proo'ng nee) to-morrow

Will (proo'n) having holes in it ลาก torn into holes

พิวุ๋ย (preuwy) (1) coming out easily going smoothly (2) crumbling

W? (proo) going in flocks, in swarms, in υ
crowds W? η — to talk repeatedly,
to instruct often

INTE (pray') [phon.] sound of falling rain

IWIN (prert) [of buffaloes, etc.] at liberty, at large

lWวิส (preut) more clean, brighter, more beautiful — lWวิว do.

IIWî (praa) silk

llWf (praa) and — ทลาย to be scattered, propagated, to spread

ilWfn (praak) cross-road, cross-way

หญ**้า** — turf, grass 41Wis (praging) cross-road, cross-way - WING to disclose, make known, rumour

11W77 (prayo) bright, shining !เพรศยา (praasa'yah) [San.] courtesan W7 (prai) [Cambod.] woods, forests — ลำล open space, wide tract — ฑรีย์ a precious stone of a green hue ใหว่ (prai) common people, slaves ป่าว - male and female slaves - WA troops, multitudes

ไฟวิทิวิป (prai toon) [San.] a greenish gem, light green 4/1 - name of a consonant, q. v.

ไฟวิบลิย์ (prai boon) [Sansk.] perfect, abundant, superabundant

INTA (proke) without pulp or flesh, empty

Was (prohig) hollow, a cave

1W17; (praw') (1) sweet-sounding, melodious, agreeable (2) on account of — IMM on that account — ?? because _ 13 ls why?

Win (pra'm) to fall [like dew or rain]

ฟร์ (pra'm) complaining, murmuring W7: (pra') [Sansk.] great, excellent, holy, the best [Alab. 164]: (a prefix attached to all things belonging to the King) - 197 God, King -พทธิเจ้า God, King ซ้า — พุทธเจ้า I (speaking to the King, the Queen, or certain Royal Princes) - UW foot of the King, footprint of Buddha - กูงค์ title of a King's son Many words beginning thus will be found under the second part of the word, without this prefix?

พระกร (pra'kon) [Pali] hand of the King fill - King's walking stick

Willing (pra'kraa) Palace windows ที่ๆง - opening in a window

พระกลิท (pra'klot) King's umbrella

พระกมแสง (pra'ka'nsaang) [of royal persons to cry

W759141 (pra'ka'nong) [Camb.] King's eyebrow

WISPAN (pra'kla'ng) royal office, as of the Treasury, old title for a Minister of Foreign Affairs

พระคยหญาน (pra'kooi'ha'tahn) membra virilia regis

head

WITTUK (pra'chon) [Pali] age [of a royal person]

พระหนึ่ง (pra'ha'noo') [Pali] King's chin

William Wishill (pra'dett pra'koo'n) [Sansk.] (to Princes or nobles) Your Royal Highness, Your Excellency

พาะคาน (pra'da'cha'nee) [Pali] King's fore-finger

Willin (pra'tow) (1) earthenware water-jug for the King (2) breast

Will (pra'tee) the King's bed Willy (pra'tee na'ng) any place or

vehicle where the King sits, as 170 - in-

(pra'nai) (title of the four Merine Phras who are highest in rank)

พระบรมราชานุ กาด (pra'boroma'rahchahnoo'yaht) [Pali] royal permission

WILLIAM LOVATS (pra'boroma'rahcha' ongkarn) [Pali] royal mandate | WIIN (pra'wong) King's relations พระเกร (pra'bahng) image of Buddha พระศก (pra'sok) [Cambod.] King's hair

หลวง — Luang Prabang (a large พระสารศ์ (pra'soo'tahrot) city in Eastern Laos)

พระเจา (pra'chow) God; the King's พระบบหาวิ (pra'ba'ntoon) [Pali] orderof the second King

> พระปราง (pra'prahng) (1) King's cheek (2) symbolical obelisk common in Siamese temples

> พระพร (pra'pon) [Pali] blessing กวาย - yes (by a priest)

Wโรฟเนกษ (pra'pi'neck) [Pali] priesthood

WIINK (pra'pa'moo) [Pali] King's eyebrow

พระภิษา (pra'poosah) [Pali] clothes

พระยอด (pra'yaut) boil (speaking of. the King)

ฟรีย์วิ (pra'yah, vulg. pa'yah) (a title of nobility, sometimes rather erroneously called "Marquis") 177 a higher title of nobility 473 -Queen, Princess AUINALA - etc. various titles of nobility -

pheasant พระราชทาย (pra'rahcha'tahn) [Pali] (of the King) to give

drinking water (for the King)

พระสพราณราช (pra'soo'pa'nna'raht) big spittoon (for the King)

พระส พรรณศร์ (pra'soo'pa'nna'see) small spittoon (for the King)

พิวิร์แล้ง (pra'saang) King's sword or weapon, King's sceptre

พระหญิไทย (pra'ha'ru'tai) the King's mind

พระอนามกา (pra'-a'nah-mi'kah) [Pali] King's little-finger

พระอากฐ (pra'-a'ngkoo't) [Pali] King's thumb or big toe

Wil (pra'ng) several, more than one

- Wî crowd, multitude

Win (pra't) to be separated from

Will (pra'n) afraid, to dread

WA (pon) [Sansk.] troop, battalion, army - INW (pola'tep) troop of angels 197 Will - INW one of the four chief dignitaries, Minister of Agriculture

ฟลิย (plop) twilight, dusk

WAN (plooa'ng) (1) antimony (2) mineral

พล้ว (plooa') pick-axe — เทลา iron พลาม (plarm) (1) bright, shining, growspade, shovel

ฟลิวิน (pa'la'wa'n) confusion, pell-mell

ฟลิป with สป (saw plaw) to slander, to backbite, to damn with faint praise

ฟลิ (plor) wooden tube for injecting gargle into the throat

ฟลิฟ (plaung) bludgeon, stick, singlestick

ฟลิติด (plaut) to warble, chirp, babble

ฟลิปม with กิน (kin plaum) large ester, gourmand

ฟลิปิป (ploye) (1) precious stones (2) to follow suit, to partake with, to join in

ฟลิซิย (ploi) with ฟก babbling, thoughtless speech

ฟลา (plah) a condiment made of raw meat or fish

ฟลาการ (plahkon) [Pali] troop, crowd, armv

Wans (planng) in the meantime, whilst - WP -- to eat and speak at the same time

ฟลาก (plaht) to stumble, fall

ฟลิกูน (plarn) (1) to boil (2) wandering about, going aimlessly (3) many different people

ing bright (2) greedily

WATH (plahm) talkative

ฟลิาย (plaie) with ข้าง male (elephant)

ฟลาป์ (plai) to hide, hide away, hide

up, keep back

Wan (plik) to turn over — 11 — 11 to turn over and over, rolling backwards and forwards, from side to side

Wa and Wa no (plee ka'm) to sacrifice to the guardian genius

เพรีย (pleeya) lame, weak

เฟลีย (pleea) (1) a flat river fish (2) a fly which eats rice, etc. (3) jew's harp

เฟลียง (pleeang) to miss one's mark

WA (ploo') sudden movement, sudden sound Ann II - a firework

ฟลิก ฟลิาน (ploo'k plahn) a crowd

ฟลิก ฟลิก (ploo'k pla'k) [phon.] plash of oars, etc., jumping of fish

Way (ploo'ng) to boil up, to rush up, to burst out

ฟลิย (ploowi') (1) crumbling, reduced to powder (2) greedily, hastily

ฟลัย (plooi') fat, swelled out

WA (ploo) a tree of which the leaves are used for wrapping up lime and chewing with betel-nut

two (play) crooked, not level, lopsided. on one side - Wa sideways, not straight

IWAI (playing) music, sound of playing or singing

เฟลิง (pleung) flame, fire กวายพระ to kindle the fire for cremating a King or Prince

IWAN (pleut) to rejoice Waln - insecurely placed, falling off

เฟลิน (pleun) to linger from pleasure INAP - contented

IIWAI (plaang) dislocation, sprain

IIWAII (plaam) projecting a little way, coming out 11 - dark lantern, match

ไฟลิ (plai) a bulbous plant used as embrocation for swellings

ไฟล์ (plai) cross-legged, crossed

ไฟก์ (plai) and — หนึ่ to fly to one side, to swerve, to separate

lwa (plo) a scoop for taking up and scattering water

โฟลิเฟล (ploh play) at evening, at dusk

lwan (plohk) to empty; too wide, too large

ไฟกง (plohng) brightness lway (plohng) noise (of fish jumping, etc.) in the water

โฟกง (plohng) big, huge เบอ - a shell

iwan (plow) thighs - ly yards for lateen sails สนุป - drawers

เฟลา: (plaw') sound

1Mals (plaw') to sew together (two pieces of cloth, etc.) N - two pieces of cloth sewn together

ฟลิ) (pla'm) inconsiderately, at random Win - jumping of fish

Way (pla'ng) [Pali] force, strength, forces

ฟกิง ๆ (pla'ng-pla'ng) [phon.] sound of a big drum

พลง (pla'ng) impetuously

Way (pla'ng) to slip down, to be deceived, mistake, miss, forget

WAN (pla't) to fall out, to be separated

- Will one whose father is absent or lost - Will afflicted by absence

ฟลน (pla'n) quickly, smartly, all at

Wall (pla'p) Chinese fig-tree ยูกูม — Wh (paw) see กิก enough

to dye in the juice of the fig-tree Nกิง a tree - พิกา bamboo pavilion for the King

Win (pooa'k) flock, troop, company

Will (pooa'ng) (1) garland, nosegay, bouquet (2) strung together

WW (pooa'ng) (1) swollen, getting bigger (2) to attach one boat to another, to make fast, to tow

Will (pooa'n) a rope made with rattan Mell — to press sugar-canes the second time

WIY (pooi') (1) emission; to issue forth, to radiate - WI to shoot slike a star] an - ld to get up and go away without saluting the host (2) point like a beak, spout

ฟวาย (pa'wai) with คริยัม swing

ฟส์ นุกร์ (pa'soo'nn) the earth

ฟสุกกาวิ (pa'sa'kkarn) [Pali] rainy season, work for the rainy season

พทล (pa'honn) [Pali] army

WM (pa'hoo) [Pali] many, plural -สัตร์ (1) much (2) learned (3) ornamented

Wid (paw) father — คัว merchant —
กรัว cook — คิว father-in-law (f. of
the wife) — หม้าย widower — เลียง
step father — ทุล หวัgod father (a
term used by suppliants)

Wh (paw) a cry used by rowers

W? (paw) to speak angrily, to protest

Wan (pauk) to cover ମଣ୍ଡ — swollen throat ଥ ନ — plaster

Wev (paung) to swell, tumour ๆน —
hair bristling with fear ก็น สอ —
chalk, carbonate of lime

With Win (pooa'k paung) comrades, friends, relations

Winny (paung parn) to be connected with, interested in

WENNLEY (paung maung park) difference, dissension

Wou (paun) to cover with tar

WCM (paum) large basket (like a hive with the top cut off) used for rice

N7 (pah) to lead

Win Mus (park hna'ng) speakers in a Punch-and-Judy show, or marionette exhibition

ฟากนา (park nah) future state of existence

ฟากย์ (pahk) [Pali] language

ที่วั cook — ที่ว father-in-law (f. of Wาง เพียง (parng pecya'ng) almost, near-the wife) — หม่ารู้ไข่ widower — เกีรเป

WN WH (parng peun) space [of the sky, earth, etc.]

Wid (parchee) horse

Williss (parna'rett) [Pali] King of the monkeys

Wifi (part) to apply, to put on, to rest one thing on or against another—
in to put on the shoulders— wifi
to get close to, to lean against, to attach oneself to—Wini to put a bamboo ladder against a tree

Wing with Will (pin paht) [Sansk.] guitar, musical instrument

און (partar) [Pali] quarrel

พาที (partee) [Pali] conversation

Wาน (pahn) (1) vase of copper or metal (2) to stop with a cord, to snare แท — net — ทาย steersman of the King's boat

ฟานวิ (parnon) [Pali] a monkey

ฟาย (pai) to paddle

Wาย (pai) and พาย also พระ — [Pali] angels of the wind or tempest (Alab. 90. 185)

พายมพ์ (pai paa) to be defeated
พายพ์ (pahya'p) [Pali] North-West
พาล (pahn) (1) young and ignorant.
stupid, fool, (2) to speak evil of
กรง — grinning, giant, goblin —
พาโล to accuse the wrong person,
to punish an innocent person
พาลิก (pahlik) [Pali] a precious stone,

sand ฟาลิ (pahlee) [Pali] monkey ฟาลิก (pahleuk) body of men, troop, crowd

พาลกา (pahlukah) [Pali] sand พาโล (pahloh) to charge falsely, to calunniate

Wifful (pahsa'nah) [Sansk.] result of past actions on the mind and feelings

ฟาศุกร์ (pahsoo'kree) [Sansk.] serpents living under ground

Win (pah-ha') [Pali] (1) vehicle (2) upper arm

พาที (pah) seal (for sealing)

พาทา (pah-har) upper arm, arm

พาหล (pah-hon) [Pali] army

Wาเทียร (pah-heea'n) [Pali] externally, outside

WINGUS (pah-ha'na) [Pali] carrying, bearing, carrier, bearer, leader, conductor

พิกัก (pi'ka't) (1) to divide according to law (2) a term used in fixing the value of teak logs

พิโครารห (pi'kraw) [Pali] to consider, examine, determine

พิสาฏ (pi'kart) [Pali] to kill, destroy

พิจารณ์ (pi'charn) [Pali] to closely examine, scrutinize, investigate

ที่ที่กร (pi'chik) [Pali] constellation of the Scorpion

พิจิศร์ (pi'chitt) [Pali] variezated, magnificent, splendid

พิ ทิศ (pi'chitt) [Pali] victory

พี่เชียร์ (pi'cheea'n) [Sansk.] precious stone, diamond, adamant

พีณ and พีน (pin) [Pali] guitar — พาทย์ musical instrument

พิโกร (pi'done) [Cambod.] fragrant, odoriferous

พิถิ (pi'tee) road, street

พิทักษ (pi'ta'k) [Pali] to take care of, to keep พีน (pin) see พี่ให Wull (pintoo') and Wull (pin) [Pali] drop, accent - IAN the first accent (as over Wil) - In the second accent (as over มา) พนาศ (pi'nart) [Sansk.] ruin, destruction, loss; to be ruined Wut (pi'nitt) [Pali] to consider, examine, investigate พินิรในย (pi'nitchai) [Sansk.] to decide a law suit (Pali) พิโนย (pi'nai) [Pali] (1) rule of morals [Alab. 166] (2) legal fine — 1771 trial of an offending priest พิในยกรรม์ (pi'naika'n) [Pali] schedule (of legacies, etc.), will, testament พียรณ (pi'boon) [Pali] full, too full พียลย์ (pi'boon) [Pali] perfect, beautiful W L'n (pi'ba't) [Pali] calamity, adversity, misfortune พี่ปราย (pi'prai) to declare, to explain

W WIN (pi'part) [Pali] to dispute, quar-

W Wt (pi'pitt) [Pali] various, manifold.

abounding in various things

rel, accuse

พื้นกับน์ (pi'pa't) [Pali] prosperous, to flourish พิกูฟ (pi'pop) [Pali] universe, world พ ภากษา (pi'parksah) [Pali] to judge, determine พิภาศ (pi'part) [Pali] to travel over, to walk across Winn (pi'pake) [Sansk.] a fortune-telling giant Winn (pi'pett) [San.] a Palmyra tree Will (pimm) [Pali] to east in a form, to print η — to strike off, to print mid - type for printing WIN WI (pimpah) [Pali] the wife of Buddha, Yasodhare พมพากรณ์ (pimpahponn) [Pali] ornaments, costly clothing ฟิฟิลิ (pi'monn) [Pali] spotless, pure, * clear พมเสน (pimsenn) camphor ฟมาน (pi'mahn) [Pali] Heaven, the dwelling of angels or genii พิมกขึ้ (pi'moo'k) [Pali] averted, turned aside, neglectful; name of a gate in the l'alace ฟิโมกิช์ (pi'moke) [Pali release, deliverance, salvation

พิลาย (pi'lai) beautiful

pretty, beautiful

พิลาฮ (pi'lart) and พิลาลาศ

พิโยก (pi'yoke) [Pali] to separate, to พิกิก (pi'leuk) terrible, strange, curious, monstrous พิโลย and พิลัย (pi'laie) pretty, beautiful พิศ (pi'sa') [Pali] to see, to look at -มร talisman, chain — วาส to like. to be familiar with - 131 to gaze at - Will to be like พิศณโลกย์ (Pitsa'noo'lok) [Pali] (ancient Capital of Siam) พิศัการ์ (pitsa'dahn) [Pali] (1) extensive (2) a fabulous island ฟต์ม (pit) [Pali] poison พิศาล (pi'sahn) [Pali] broad, wide, ample, extensive พิศัทธิ์ (pi'soo'tti') pure, clean, immaculate พิสทร (pi'soot) [Pali] to try, to weigh. to tempt ฟเลศ (pi'sett) [Pali] precious โรง the King's kitchen นาป — purveyor for the same, chief cook พีทาร (pi'harn) and วีทาร [Pali] temple, monastery, dwelling (of priest) W (pee) fat, big ฟ (pee) elder brother or sister — สพุ

elder brother — র্গা elder sister — ท้าย eldest brother — เบียย eldest sister — [7] elder sister's husband - A: If elder brother's wife - 1191 kinsfolk, brethren — HEI ITH male relations - Inus nurse IN 11 (peea'ng) until, as far as - In until when? how much? !! ?? j?fi middling, not too much INTIL (peca'n) (1) to be different, to mistake, discordant (2) to put off, defer, delay lพยม (peca'p) over-loaded quite full : Will (peea'n) [Sansk.] patient; fortitude Wy (peung) (1) it is necessary (sign of the Imperative), must (2) just now - 17 suitable, agreeable WJ (peung) to ask the aid of, to seek the protection of WI WI! (peup pa'p) noise of starting up พิชิน (peut) [Pali] seed, gem, species - Nu climate — WIIII species, M 1 10 (poo'ng daw) a thorny shrub family

Will (peut) (1) blade (of saw, etc.) INTI - sheet of iron (2) long drawn out, monotono us WI (peun') surface, pavement, floor, ground of a cloth worked with flow -191 — ulcer on the sole of the foot IMD (peua) in order that; to produce, to proceed from - 77 so that INDU (peuan) companion, comrade, friend W (poo') (1) to gush out (2) ulcer -We swollen, fat 117 - spout, spring ฟกาน (poo'karm) Burmese W1 (poo'ng) belly, entrails — ทุลาย a tree whose fruit splits when soaked - Uni fish fins from which glue is. made — Ma a thorny shrub W1 (poo'ng) to throw, throw at, break out, get out, leap Wi (poo'ng) convexity, concavity - 1; concavity - UDA convexity Wal (poo't) [Pali] Mercury (planet) 2u - Wednesday

Wn (poo't) a smell shrub with white scented flowers win non - flowered cloth

ฟา๊ฅาล (poo't-tahn) a tree with big blossoms

Wint (pooo't) Wints (poo'tti) [Pali] omniscient, august, divine พระ — Buddha — รักษา a tree with white yellow and red flow-ศกราช Buddhistic era ทาที a tree with small white flowers W/lin (poo'tto) (exclam. of pity or wonder)

Wกรินทร (poo'tta'ndon) [Pali] intermediate age between the death of one Buddha and the birth of another

W/ነጋን (poo'sah) jujube tree

Wil (poo'm) (1) shrub, shady grove (2) pointed ornament made of wax and given to priests, pointed covering for a basket

msenn) a camphor used for fight

(poo) fuft, erest, aigritte ___ tassel

Will (pooka'n) [Chin.] small brush for painting or writing

Will (poot) to speak, to talk asjy. dialect — 1) conversation

Wil (poon) to heap up, to fill full

Wil (poon) [La.] yonder, beyond, there

WLI (poom) well-dressed

lW (pay) broken open, de stroyed la strewed about, littered about

iWn7 (paykah) a tree with long-shaped bitter fruit

INI (payng) to stare, to gaze at

เพื่า (peng) full เทือน — the day of the full Moon (15 of the waxing)

เพชร์ (pett) [Sansk.] diamond กาก d. for cutting glass - Yill a yellowish precious stone with a flaw in it — 117 Petchaburi, a town on the West coast of the Gulf

WTHIR (petcha'kart) [Pali] tioner

เพชนาท์ (petcha'nartee) [Pali] a short measure of time, a second

IWTMI (petcha'heung) [Pali] with au whirlwind, tornado

เพ็ญบรณ์ (penbo on) [Cambod. and Pali] full

เฟนี (paynee) [Pali] custom ประ - เพื่อ (perr) delirious from fever, at rancustom, law เพ็กทุล (pett-toon) [Siam. and Pali] to เพิกเฉย (peuk choi) quiet, still, silent, relate or report to the King Infili (petmai) dwarf branch (of a tree) เพคาน (paydahn) ceiling, wainscote, palate (of the mouth) INVI (payt) [Pali] (1) knowing, knowledge গোটা — the three Vedas [Alab. 175] (2) destiny, accident, IWNI) fir (paytyahton) [Sansk.] (1) one who succeeds in doing a miracle (2) a lower angel (3) a supposed husband of all girls แพทาย (paytai) a dull red gem เพ่ากิบาย (paytohbai) (see เททบาบ) [Pali] knowledge of stratagems, craft, cunning IWH (payn) to wobble from side to side two (penn) [Pali] hour of the priest's dinner (11 a.m.) RH — (of priests) to dine, dinner INA) (paylah) [Pali] time, occasion [WA (payt) [Sansk.] disguise ういいい metamorphosis 1Wh (perr) stop, wait, not yet

listless, negligent — $\hat{\aleph}_{\mathfrak{U}}$ to excavate or remove rock nil - rock having a hollow underneath, overhanging or arched rock [W] (peung) outside roof, outside gallery, verandah เพน (pern) better ตร เพน shifting, wandering about, unsettled IWN (perm) to add UW (paa) raft, floating house IIW (paa) to be defeated, overcome, to yield llW1 (paang) dear, precious — W게 water-cress LIWI (pang) lower tribunal, insignificant lawsuit แฟกย์ (paat) [Sansk.] physician, medical art แฟน (paan) to unfold ล้า — bamboo mat jum (of peacocks) to spread the tail LIWU AS (paan lohng) to strike a blow downwards

LIWI (paap) a thin grass used for partitions
LIWI (pao) to sweep, to clean
LIWI (payo) anything set up on high

Wa (payo) anything set up on high (as a weather-cock on a bamboo rod) fit — notice flag or notice paper — 可可以可以 whirligig, scare-crow — 可可以可以 weather-cock, whirligig

แฟลัย (paasa'ya') [San.] trader, merchant, the Vaisya class

แฟลียา (paasa'yah) [Sansk.] courtesan

llws (paa') goat — lan to seduce

W (pai) [Chin.] playing cards

ไฟทั่วปี (paitoon) [Pali] a light green precious stone

[Sansk.] enemy, hostile, revengeful

With (pai-rote) [San.] shining, bright

Wiff; (pairau') [Sansk.] musical, melodious

ไฟกาล (pai sahn) [Sansk.] extensive, wide, prosperous

lW (poh) a tree — lW effeminate

Wn (poke) to wrap round the head, to cover

en bottle, water-pot — W) a deep net for fish or prawns

โฟก with เข้า (kow pote) Indian corn
โฟกิ (pote or pohti) [Pali] (1) wisdom,
wise, superior, excellent, august
(2) sacred fig-tree [ficus religiosa]
(Alab. xxxiv, 163) — ลักว superior
animal, previous existences of a
Buddha (Alab. 162) — กฎกม omniscience (Alab. 164)

lwu (pohn) horizontal — lwu to swing or wobble from the base, to climb, to mount, to come up

Wil (pohn) [Laos.] yonder, beyond, on the further side.

lwssan (pohra'dok) a chattering bird lwssau (pohra'nai) a leprosy

WMM (pohsop) [Sansk.] rice Wis -

LW75 (paw) to plant, to sow the seeds of

พิว (pa'm) speech of a mad person พิว นูกีนี (pa'mna'k) to halt, to rest

- resting place

Wini (pa'kah) [Cambod.] (1) flower, pollen (2) [Pali] a water bird

พรเชีย (pa'soi) [Chin.] trickery, cheating (at cards)

WSU7 (pa'nah) [Pali] winding borders of a forest — ¶7 wandering in the forests or deserts

พรนิกา (pa'ni'dah) beloved and beautiful [used of younger sisters and young girls]

W:1493 (pa'neea'ng) with IN tube for fireworks IN — water-pot, jug

พรเนยก (pa'neea't) trap

พรเนน (pa'neun) (1) small hammer (2) large quantity, large heap

Willil (pa'nang) roast, roasted

พรนา์ (pa'na'k) back of a bench

ฟິງນີ (pa'boo) [Chin.] acting of a fight, stage fighting

WIEIT (pa'pow) sensation of heat

พระเท (pa'yot) restive, ill-behaved

พรยิฏิม (pa'yaum) a tree

พรยาริ (pa'yahti') [Pali] desease, maladies — ขึ้นใช้ผู้ leper

W:เบีย (pa'yerp) to rise or be lifted into the air ละกอง pimples, small spots on the skin

พรใชม (på'yome) air, upper air

W:11 W:11 (pa'roo'ng pa'rang) ill-fitting and superabundant clothing, embarrassed, inconvenienced

พรลา (pa'lah) [Pali] strength, strong

พราลาร์ (pa'lahkon) [Pali] army, troop

พรลาน (pa'lahn) (with น่า) open (place)

พรลาหก (pa'lah-hok) [Pali] rain genius, cloud

Wรลิก with ฟาล (palm pa'leuk) [Pali]

better พิลิก horrible, terrific, spectre

พรไล (pa'lai) lower tier of a roof — วิวิป verandah round a house

พรไลย (pa'lai) [Sansk.] bracelet

ฟริลิงี (pa'lang) [Pali] force, strength

W33 (pa'wong) uneasy, doubting, to hesitate

W:37 (pa'wah) a tree — W:37 to hesitate between two things, to do one thing and think of another

พรสฐา (pa'soo'tah) [Pali] earth, surface of the earth

W:ที (pa'hi') [Pali] outside

Way (pa'hoo') and Way (pa'hoo) [Pali]
plural, many, much

W:Di (pa'ong) with ไม่ bamboo ladder
พะบบ (pa'opp) box, casket
พะบม with พะบัก (pa'eut pa'omm)
bilious, dyspeptic

Win (pa'eu) cough, obstacle in the

พม่อน (pa 'ern) accident, it happened

Wรโอน (pa'ohn) [Cambod.] younger sister, younger brorher

Win (pa'k) to rest, stop, sleep

พักศร์ (pa'k) and other forms [Sansk.]

Wi (pa'ng) (1) stirrups (2) to fall in ruins, tumble down

พึง (pa'ng) with ชักง female elephant พึงภาย (pa'ng parp) with the body bent

พังฟัก (pa'ng peut) peritoneum, inner skin

พี่ Wou (pa'ng paun) animal that eats snakes, mongoose

พึ่งฟาน (pa'ngpahn) snake's head shaped like a spoon

พังฟาย (better พ่งฟาย) (pa'ngpahp) bent down, head foremost

พิปัน (pa'cha'nee) [Pali] long-handled fan [Alab. 170]

Win (pa't) to blow, to fan; fan, punkah

— Tu spoon-shaped fan or screen made of feathers (used by priest or grandee.) — ในทีน sandal-wood fan — โปก a long-handled fan used in processions — แผ้ว a root used in medicine ซัก — to pull the punkah พัทวากาณ์ (pa'trahpon) [Pali] ornaments

Will (pa'r) [Pali] clothes, dress
Will (pa'n) a thousand Mil — chief of
a battalion, major

Wil (pa'n) to envelope, encircle, surround, ens nare, tie up

Wifful (pa'nta'nah) and — nli [Pali] bonds, chains, chained

Wu fi and Wu fi (pa'ntoo') [Pali] relationship

พี่ (pa'p) to fold, fold, crease — บาน metal hinge — เพิ่มบ with the feet and legs bent back

พิสิทิน sec ยนที่นี่ crane (machine)

พักวิน (pa'la'wa'n) in all directions, confusedly, complicated

พัศดา (pa'sa'dah) see ภัสดา husband พัศดุ (pa'sa'doo') and พัศถาร [Pali]

riches

 \mathbb{N} (phaw phai = English ph. or f. Labial: a high letter) - IN name of this letter

Wn (phok) to swell, a tumour We (phaw) [phon.] noise of a snake W? (phaw!) flourishing, healthy Wan (phauk) to clean, to purify, to tan

พ่อง (phaung) (1) foam — มน the mark no placed at the beginning of a document (2) egg

Why (phaung) to float

(leather, etc.)

Was (phaung) to accuse, denounce, accusation, charge, complaint - 121 to appeal

Wan (fort) rotten, decaying, going bad, fermenting, turning sour

Way (faun) [Laos.] remmants from a fire etc., débris

what (faun) to kiss

why (phaun) sheaf, bundle, handful W 214 (faun) a gesture or movement in dancing: - MN (of peacocks) to spread the tail

W) (phah) obsured, not clear, shade [of a lamp, etc.]

พี่ (far) sky ที่น — horizon: — ผ่า and - & thunderbolt (an oath) - inf may the thunderbolt destroy me — กัน — รัคง thunder — และ

Win (fark) (1) bamboo or wood floor (2) beyond, the shore, bank: - 9173 luu and — noluu the other bank or side เหลิก - iron girder

lightning MIN - deck of a ship

Was (farng) (1) straw (2) dark, cloudy, indistinct

Will with In (kow farng) millet (used for cage birds)

MIM (phaht) to strike or beat [clothes on a stone, etc.]

ฟานู (farn) [Laos.] deer

ฟาย (phai) (1) to take up with the hollow of the hand (2) abundant, liberal, lavish - 11 a measure of capacity, the fourth part of a ka'm.

พ่าย (phai!) cotton, thread

Win (phitt) (1) [phon.] sound of sneezing (2) [Chin.] brush for writing

Will (phip) (1) depressed, crushed snub nose (2) sound of striking (phee) confused muttering of a person asleep (pheun) firewood, fuel small chips of wood NU (pheune) to renew, to escape, to rise again, to recover from to turn up the ground In - to recover M!J (feum) a weaver's instrument (feuwa') to overflow, well-filled, satisfied IWAN (feua'ng) coils of thread etc.. round a reel, fluting (of wood, of columns, etc) INFN (feua'ng) (1) to be divulged, to be noised abroad (2) to know quite well, able to answer off-hand (3) festooned, hanging in loops Was (feua'ng) (small silver coin worth 8 atts, one-eighth of a tical) fuang INDU (feua'n) to wander in mind, to lose one's mind or one's head INTE (feuey) aquatic plants on the

bank of a river

ในก เพอป (feuey) long, prolonged, extendel WW3 (foo'fa') not firm, rotten, decaying W 1 (foo'ng) to be wafted about in the air, to spread, to be noised abroad ฟก (foo't)(1) to blow, kindle by blowing (2) tinder (3) noise of sneezing Wn (foo't) [Engl.] foot, feet II - carpenter's rule W!] (foo'p) to stoop, to be depressed WN (phoo'm) crying, shedding tears W (phoo) (1) to ferment (2) to be on the road to wealth, to become rich — №7 like a monkey (phoo!) hissing (of vipers or other animals) Wn (phook) mattress \mathbb{N} (phoong) (III) to mend (a net) WIN (phoot) a noise (as of a big fire. of an elephant eating, of blowing the nose, etc.) - NIN vulgar manner of eating WN (phoom) abundant — Wollgreedily. excessively, abundantly covered with blood IIW (phaa) small bead, berry or seed

IlW (phaa) [Laos.] dense, crowded

IIN (phaang) small pumpkin IlWn (phaat) grunting of pigs IIMP (phaat) [Laos.] flat, level UNU (phaan) thick, solid IIW!! (phaap) and IIWN (phaam) [Laos.] (1) flat, flattened, thin, dried up (2) a flat basket for travellers ng ng pack-saddle for bullocks or elephants "ฟ (phai) fire — พาง straw fire, shortlived anger - W7 thunderbolt, electric light — ATT heat or fever \mathfrak{I} (paw pa'nyah = English p. Sansk. in the stomach, heart-burn anspark, firebrand Wil (pha'k) (1) large pumpkin, gourd (and such-like vegetables) (2) to warm, to hatch, to brood - ผ่าย

Wy (pha'ng) to hear, listen, obey Mf (pha't) to knock about, to shake, shatter กลอน - กน verses with alternating rhymes

to a party

to associate with, to join or belong

Wu (pha'n) tooth — NIII molar teeth, grinders 11 - tooth powder, dentifrice — Mu the stroke or strokes กรรยา (pa'nyah) or ภิริยา [Pali] wife

over two of the vowels and WW (pha'n) to cut off, to strike with the sword

Walke (pha'n feua) to visit frequently. to associate with, to frequent, to do often

พีนเพอน (pha'n pheua'n) to wander in mind, to forget

bh. Labial: a low letter) — MITI

name of this letter กควา (pa'kha'wah) [Pali] worshipful, venerable, admirable, blessed, holy กคน (pa'ki'nee) [Pali] younger sister, a term of address by priests กพ (pop) [Pali] existence, world — สิง สาว world of dying and being born again, state of transmigration กูผูว (pa'monn) [Pali] bee กม (pa'moo) [Pali] eyebrow กยุนี (pa'ya'n) [Pali] to fear, dread

And (paw) and Wil (1) to suffice, sufficient, enough — 17 satisfied, content - 7 pretty middling, pretty fair - In that will do, it is good enough - i? and liff - as soon as - 1171 (1) much (2) able to be lifted or taken away - nu satisfied: comfort — ใ n still useful

fig (paw) then, when

ภาคย (pahk) [Pali] part, share, lot, . destiny — ກັງເທື່ [San.] to blame, reprimand

ภาคินย (pahkhi'nee) [Pali] nephew

ภาชน (pah cha'na') [Pali] vessel, dish. bowl, receptacle

າງ (pah) [Pali] rays, brightness, splendour

ภิกินี (pahnoo') [Pali] sun

ภาณมา (pahnoo'mah) [and other similar words] radiant, shining, rays

กาทา (pahtah) [Pali] brother, male relation

กานๆ (pahnitt) [Pali] merchant

Now (pahp) [Pali] to exist, person, nature, form, image อานุ — power, ภาสา (pahsah) [Pali] light, lustre

strength [1994 — to draw portraits OIMUI - I (by a priest speaking to a magnate)

กาป (pai) side, part — นอก outside — ใน inside — น่า future — หลัง afterwards

การิธิรี (pahra'too'ra') [Pali] important affair, business, serious occupation

ภิวิวิ (pahrah) [Pali] (1) heavy weight (2) four hundred catties (of gold, in weight) (3) chief city

ภาราณะสี่ (pahrahna'see) better พารา นะสี [Pali] Benares

first (pahra') [Pali] bearing, supporting, carrying, load, weight

กาวร (pahwa') [Pali] essence, substance, being, condition, state

กาวะนา (pahwa'nah) [l'ali] meditation, (Alab. 168)

กาษกร (pahsa'ka'ra) [Sansk.] sun

กาษา (pahsah) [Sansk.] language, idiom, in the manner of - 170 like boys

ภาษท (pahsitt) [Sansk.] to speak, ut-

기일 (pahsee) gain, profit, taxes [기 Custom House MIN — NIHI according to his wish, in his own way ภิกชา (pikkhah) [Pali] and — ทร (of priests) to beg, to go round for alms ภาข and ภาษ (pikkhoo' and piksoo') [Sansk.] mendicant priest กิกขึ้น (pikkhoo'nee) [Pali] nun กิณโย ริยโย and กิโย (peeyoh) [Pali] more, better, improving, best กินทาวิ (pi'ni'hahn) [Pali] to do great acts (good or bad) to have great success, ambition กมพา (pimpah) [Pali] better พิมพา cast in a mould (a name of Buddha's wife Yasodhara)

กิริยา (pi'ri'yah) [Pali] wife
กิเทก (pi'sayk) [Sansk.] to consecrate
with holy water, to crown ภากา—
to come regularly to the throne
ปราบทา— to succeed by right of
arms

pents, King of the subterranean regions gions ภัมฟากย์ with กัม (ka'mpoo'cha'park)

ANG (roo'chong) [Pali] King of ser-

วัชฟากย์ with กัม (ka'mpoo'cha'park)
[Pali] Cambodian language

NT: (poo'cha') and NT [Pali] trunk (of elephant, etc.), the arm bent back, arm

กูญ (poo'n) [Pali] eat, possess; rich กิ (poo) [Pali] plain, earth, land กู เกา (poo kow) mountain — กิวิ mountain — กิวิ and — มาล King, lord, master

n (poo) with III as big beetle

ົງ ຄ and ໂຄເ (poot, poota') [Pali] de mons, devils, bad genii

กิทิว์ (pootonn) [Pali] royal title, King มีผู้ (pooba'dee) กิบาลิ กิบาลิ (and other like words) [Pali] King, ruler กิฟา (poopah) [Pali and Siam.] cliff

บุ กมีนุกิร์ (poominn) [Pali] lord of the earth

กม (poom) [Pali] place, terrestrial พระ — guardian of a place สมร — battle-field.

fil (poomee) [Pali] earth Win — angel of the earth, King

າງາດ (poowa'donn) [Pali] surface of the earth, King of the earth

ภิวิในุป (poowa'nai) [Pali] King.

រាម្បា (poosah) [Sansk.] panung, cloth-

ing of the lower part of the body. apparel, garments, adornments 1ภิทิวิา (paytrah) junk, ship

infill (paytoo'bai) [Pali] art of sowing dissension

มาวาคาวิ (payrahkhahn) [Pali] tower for keeping a drum or tocsin

in? (payree) [Pali] drum, kettle-drum, toesin

เกิสัช (paysa't) [Pali] (1) medicine (2)

betel-nut au - to chew betel-nut (of a priest)

IND (pey) better IND stop, wait, not yet

ไกย (pai) [Pali] fear, fright, danger, misfortune, calamity

In (poh) [Pali] (in addressing equals

or inferiors) my good sir, my friend, my good man ไกคา (pohkah) and โกไคย [Pali] rich-

es, fortune

โกคีน (pohki'nee) [Pali] (1) wealthy

(2) royal concubine

โภชน์ (poht) and โภชนา (pohcha'nah)

[Pali] food

กรมอน์ (pa'maun) [Pali] lathe with

two wheels

กรสร (pa'sa') [Pali] ashes อากากป nana leaves ทา – ทม pork do.

ANN (pa'kdee) [Sansk.] benevolence. charity, good works, to cherish

ภักคร์ and ภักครา and พักคร (pa'k-

trah) [Cambod.] face, countenance nil (pa'ksa') [Sansk.] food, diet

กันื่ง (pa'nta') [Pali] utensil, parcel,

article AST - heavy article ASN

light article, too light 37 -(wa'ra'pa'n) precious articles

กัทวิ (pa't) [Sansk.] boiled rice, a meal

กทรบฐ (pa'tra'bitt) [San.] the throne

used when the King is crowned

มนเท (pa'ntay) [Pali] my Lord, my ex-

cellent Sir

กล์คา (pa'ssa'dah) [Pali] husband IMAI: (pa'sa'ma') [Pali] ashes and Imma

ม

[1] (maw [Sansk.] = English m. Labial: a low letter)

MUN (mok) [Laos.] to cover, hide —

Ink - to roast, to put to the fire -- Mil roasted, enraged (2) un-

easy, sad MD - fish cooked in ba-

มกฏา (ma'ka'tah) and มกโฏ [Pali] monkey

มกราคม (ma'ka'r ahkom) [Pali] month of the Scorpion, name of the 10th month (January)

អាត្ and អ្វះការត្រ (ma'ka'ta') [Pali] the country (in India) where Pali was spoken, Pali

นุงกฏ (mongkoo't) [Pali] crown, diadem — วัก เก็สา crown for women มงคล (mongkhonn) [Pali] auspicious,

lucky, festive, good fortune, blessing, festival — ກິເສດ coronation of a King

มงครัม (mongkhroo'm) music used at comedies

มณฑก (montok) [Pali] frog มณฑล (monton) [Pali] disc, circle, circuit ปริ — perfectly round

บุณฑารพ (montahrop)[Pali] and มูณ ทา a strong-scented flower [Erythrina fulgens]

มหายา (monteea'n) [Sansk] King's palace, edifice

มก (mot) ant — หมือ physician แม่ — sorceress, witch — ลก after-birth

— ฃฏฃ myrrh

NAM (mott) (1) all, the whole — MAN clean, pure, beautiful MAN — all (of things) — MAN more and more, one after another — MAN it is finished (2) all gone, empty, nothing — MAN to be stripped of all

비키인 (ma'dai) [Cambod.] mother 비한 시험을 (ma'too', ma'too'ra') [Pali] honey, sweet

มูน (mon) (1) curved in irregular form ใบ — leaf (2) ash colour, dirty colour

ทุมน (monn) dirty-coloured, darkish, blackish, sad, dull — เมอง sad — ไทม์ half-burned, sad

มนุทร์ (monn) มนุทร (montra') and มนุ ทรา (montrah) [Sansk.] sacred formulas — ทิน effect of reciting a sacred formula นา — holy water เสก — to pray

มนที่ (montree) [Sansk.] counsel, councillor, minister

NHM1 (montah) a shrub with sweetscented flowers มนุส and มนุษย์ (ma'noo't) [Pali and Sansk.] man, mankind

Nank (ma'ra'kot) [Sansk.] (1) emerald
(2) monkey

Niffi (mora'kah) and Niii [Pali and Sansk.] road, way, path, track, course, passage

มภูฏก (mora dok) [Sansk.] inheritance ผู้ รับ — heir, executor

ນາງປ (mora'dop) [Sansk.] dome, spire (Alab. 290)

NIMI and NIME (ma'ra'na') [Pali] death, dying

NITA (ma'k) and NITA [Pali] conf.
NIA road, way, path, passage

ারিম (monsoo'm) [Engl.] monsoon, season

มฤค (ma'reuk) มฤคา and มฤคิ [San.] deer, stag, hind, doe

มฤทิป (ma'reuta'yoo) [Sansk.] death, unlucky day; Siva

มารูแทมง (mo'ra'maang) Moulmein

มลิทีน (montinn) [Pali] defect, stain, blot, fault, taint ทาเค — free from stains or blots

มลดร (molla') [Pali] wrestling, pugilism, boxing

มลาย with ไม้ (mai ma'lai) the thirteenth vowel, q. v.

ເກດ (ma'lett) grains — ເຖົ້າ measure of which 19,200 go to a tanan (2) one-eighth of an att

ILLIAI (ma'laang vulg. maang) fly, insect — NII green beetle — INI scorpion — I big beetle — III house-fly

Nin (mooa'k) a medicinal wood

ทมีก (mooa'k) hat, cap

มีวิง (mooa'ng) dark purple, brown with a purple shade

NNIM (mooa't) (1) to bind up (the hair), to curl (the hair) (2) division, troop, company

มวน (mooa'n) (1) all เป็น มูล เป็น —
by wholesale (2) a moth which eats
fish (3) covering (4) to roll up
ทั่วง — colic, stomach-ache

nor silk 12 — the twelfth vowel, q. v.

MNITHW (ma'ha'nopp) [Pali] ocean, great sea, large lake

มหา (ma'har) [Pali] great — ภาช great King — ชาที่ past lives of

dra

__ 비기와 superior man, Buddha grandee - nassa fœtida มหากไทย (ma'hahtthai) Minister of the North WN - a tuft worn in the old Siamese fashion มหาดเลก (ma'hart lek) Royal Pages (ma'hah wa'n) [Pali] deep มหาวัน forest มหาสาล (ma'hahsarn) [Pali] man of great wealth, magnate (Alab. 188; but see also Childers 230) มหาหรู (ma'hah hong) root of a certain plant used for medicine บหาหง (ma'hah hing) foul-smelling medicinal exudation from a tree มห์ (ma'hee') [Pali] (1) earth, world, ground (2) great เปิดา — a fabulous fish - No very great NNY (ma'hing) [Sansk.] buffalo NMM (ma'hit) fierce, brave, cruel มหัก (ma'hitt) sacrifice, worship, worshipped, revered มหักธิ์ มหักรา and มหัสร etc. (ma'hitti', etc.) [Pali] powerful in the earth, excellent, great Nyuna (ma'hinn) great, powerful; In-

มหมาล (ma'hi'barn) [Pali] King IMMIN (ma'heummah) [Pali] immense, vast, great มให (ma'hoh) = มหา มใหรงฟฟ (ma'hohra'nopp) great sea, ocean, large lake มไทริศัพ (ma'hohra'sopp) games and ceremonies at Royal funerals บหัศจรรย์ (ma'ha'tsa'cha'n) [Pali] strange, curious, marvellous, extraordinary มุก (maw) [phon.] bellowing, noise of cows a - ash colour Muj - Wi dirty-looking 1 — Ta a snake หมา (maw) doctor, professor — คาวน (1) lawyer (2) [of a Siamese] swindler, deceiver - ๆ้าง elephantdriver — n soothsayer — LIN IIII a surgeon — snake-charmer magician - 17 medical man, physician, doctor 1197 - a common fresh-water fish MND (maw) pot — line earthen pot for cooking III - soot sticking to the pot 171 — potter's work-shop; earthenware

াুগ্রী (mauk) unevenly (of painting), in patches . MNON (mauk) cloud no - seeing indistinctly ung (maung) to look for, search for MBU - to examine secretly หมอง (maung?) soiled, stained, dirty เคร้า — uneasy, sad หมน — sad, melaneholy - ทีมห covered with shame — พระ กักทร์ having a sad countenance (of royal persons) MINDS (mong) sound of the cymbal or gong NOW (maun) Peguan, Maun — 77 a lascivious dance NDF (maut) an insect that eats wood - Il to go out (of a fire) มอน (maun) mulberry-tree ทมอน (maun?) (1) pillow, bolster . My long pillow, "dutch lady" rollers for moving beams upon [17] (maup) to deliver, hand over -เวนสมบที to give over a kingdom MNDU (maup) to fall down before, to

prostrate cr kneeling

UNI (maum) dirty, hideons มิอิม (mom) with ทั่ว ยาย a shrub ทีมอม (momm) and - ill wives of princes and superior nobles, concubines of the King - 197 child of a ฟริ องค์ เข้า grandson of a King MULIN (momm) I [speaking to a superior] — Au I [speaking to a MUON เข้าไ มาย with ดา (tah moi) whitlow ្សាខាម (moy) to slumber; light sleep — ၅ and - Mail dozing, half asleep NOU (moi) and A. NOU to look askance, sidelong glance ที่มีอยู่ (moi?) hair appearing at the age of puberty มา (mah) to come กลัย — to come back - M7 to visit, to come and see อย — it happened ไป — ทา กัน to frequent Ni (mar) horse, mare 2 - to ride -ลาย zebra — มา hippopotamus — ลา mule ปลา — a river fish มา (mar) and — ทั้ง bench kneel before — nigu to remain หมา (mah?) dog — ใน and — บ้า wolf - In 1990 fox - Mr. and Mr. pigs and dogs! a term of contempt - 1 little long-haired dog

MAI (mah) and - 17 to keep by soaking in water

un (mark) much — un abundant, much, many — il rich — une much or little? ก็ - นุกิยู how much?

パようり (mahk) betel-nut — Wa betel-nut and leaves Inu - the remains of betel-nut which are spit out INUS - to mix the ingredients forchewing betel 197 - sweet fermented rice — In chess — Unil a Laosian game with balls

1173 with LUS (perng marng) a long drum struck with both hands

MAN (mahng) to endure with shame, to be ashamed

มาตะมาศ (marka'mart) [Pali] the third month

มายา (mahyah) Maia, the mother of - Buddha [Alab. 79]

1177 (mart) trunk hollowed out for stopping up a hole in a boat

ทมาก (maht?) half-dry เทลก - awl. . boring tool

NIPS and NIPSI (mahdonn and mahdrah) [Pali] mother

มาตยา (martyah) [Pali] grandees, chief magistrates

มาทีวิ (martrah) [Sansk.] chapter, section, clause

มาด (mahtoo') [Pali] mother — ราช King's mother

มาทิล (mahtoo'lee) [Pali] Indra's charioteer

มาคลงค์ (mahtoo'la'ng) [Pali] uncle มาท (maht) มาทวา (and other similar words) although — NUMIL to decree, determine, resolution - 17 to resolve, to determine upon a future course of action, espec. upon pun-

N74 (mahn) dropsy MP1 -- swelling in the stomach

ม่าน (marn) screen, curtain ก็น — to draw the curtain

มาน (marn) nearly dry

ishing any one

มาหพ (mahnop) [Pali] young man

making a boat an — stick for linkall (marnlai) a large long-necked river turtle

(mahna', ma'na') NIII (mahritt) with INII Mergui มานะ [Sansk.] to determine, determination, purpose มานศ and มานคา (mahna't, mahna'sah) [Sansk.] will, mind, intention มาม (marm) and ทับ — spleen หมามัย (marmooi') a creeping plant the fruit of which, if touched, produces a rash มาย (maie) and มาก — many, plenty Willie (mai) to make a decree, law ปาที่ - sealed order of the King -In to intend, to think of 11 - to expect — ? to resolve, to intend นาท — intention หมาย (mai) widow, widower, widowed 시키 (mahyah) [Pali] fraud, guile, artifice, coquetry มาริ (mahra') [Pali] (1) giant, demon King of the bad angels 471 giantess, female demon (2) death มาริกร (mahra'don) and มาริกา [Pali] mother มาวิชา (mahnyah) fraud, coquetry มาวา (mahrah) and มาวะ [Pali] giant,

demon [Alab, 213]

NIII (mahroo't) [Pali] wind มาวะบาทร์ (mahra'vart) [San.] morals. มาลก (marlok) [Pali] see มาฟิก มาลิย (mahl) with เยาว์ young and pretty woman มาลา (mahlah) มาลาลี and มาลาไลย [Pali] flowers, garlands WI: - a royal crown or hat สาราน - gold flowers sent as a token of homage มากิทิก (mahloo'lee) a tree with yellow blossoms มา โลย (marlai) and มาลัย [Pali] flowers in bloom มาก์ (mart) and มาคร [Pali] (1) gold (2) sulphur (3) month มาคก (marsok) [Pali] as much money as one-fifth of a tical มาพัก (marlok) [Pali] enclosure, yard มาพืช (mahlaw) [Chin.] cymbals i (mi') [shortened from of] not, no - 10 not possible, cannot - 18 not so, no, not at all มกรถทธิ (mikkha'lco't) [Pali] hunter

11 (ming) (1) the top (2) lady (3) soft ยกา — and — มเหม วี Queen มงชิวิณ (ming khwa'n) tutelary genius of children NIRI (mitchah) [Pali] false, wrong, mistake, disagreeable, grudging ff infidel, irreligious HP (mit) well-closed, well-joined มทา (mitt) [Sansk.] friend มถิเนายน (mi'too'nahyon) [Pali] the third month (new style) [Pisces = Junel มน (min) [Pali] fish, Pisces [zodiac.] – หมัก soot **ル**は (min) (1) to despise, disdain - to disparage (2) near the edge (mincha'ng) [Pali] marrow, brains มนากม (mi'nahkhom) [Pali] the 12th month [new style] = March ที่บุท (mi'nitt) [Engl.] minute Mill(mip) outer part of the lips ቪኖ (mitt) [Engl.] Mister, "Mr." มีพันธ์ (minha') [Pali] excrement

มาก — rich, riches — กูณ benefactor, to do good 11 (mee!) uproar, noise — 277 to be published, talked about ทุม (mee?) bear ที่มี (mee) vermicelli soup made of rice มก (meet) knife — โกน razor — แกะ sculptor's chisel - Man knife for splitting osiers — เหนืบ dagger — ผา ผ surgeon's scalpel — พร้า sabre, sword, kitchen-knife - WD clasp-knife, pocket-knife เมีย (meea') wife — นุกับ concubine n - (of animals) female 11 not get fully awake মেধ্য (meea'ng) to watch, observe (meea'ng) tea-leaves used [in เมยน Laos for chewing like betel เมียน and เมเบน (meea'n) to gather up. shut up, hide ប្រៀប (meeyo) [Chin.] cat ปี ซีวี (meesooa') [Chin.] vermicelli หมูก (meuk) ink ปุลา — cuttle fish 11713 stick of Chinese ink N (mee) to have, to be — By there is N (meung) thou, thee [speaking to

address in the second person [Fr. tutoyer] Nu (meun) stunned — Nu secret enemies — no to sulk, to pout — No dazed, bewildered In (meut) darkness in - early morning Mu) — fainting fit, swoon ที่มีน (meun) (1) ten thousand หวิ chief of the King's secretaries (2) lowest title of nobility NIH - a little of royal Princes มือ (meu) hand เข้า — to participate, help $\Im I$ — to begin $II \cap I$ — (1) revenge (2) to recommence, to do over again Ining - instrument. tool Wi - palm of the hand W skill, industry an - artisan, workman ลิาย — good hand-writing ที่วัน one-handed — ถึง ribs of a boat No (meu) a minute ago No (meue) times ind (meus') when - Muj future ns: Wil then - Is when?

INON (meua'ng) kingdom, city, country — The tributary kingdom — 1901 — โท — ทีวี town of 1st, 2nd, 3rd rank 197 - Governor of a Province ใหม่ Singapore INNEN (mooa'ng) flooded country, lowlying land, marsh เทมอก (mooa't) vermicelli — คนู a tree with medicinal wood เทมอน (mooa'n) like — กัน in the same way, equally, all the same เทมอยู่ (mooi') out of health, unwell 데인기 (mooa'rai) when? ม (moo') to become angry — ที่สัก violent in speech, abusive, foulmouthed มก (moo'k) [Sansk.] with ที่อยู่ motherof-pearl — กา pearl — กา หาน a precious stone 19 (moo'k) [Pali] (1) face, front, mouth, entrance, beginning, principal (2) triangular face or side of a house, etc., gable-end 113 (moo'ng) (1) to roof the house (2) crowd or knot of spectators 1มอก (meua'k) gluten, glutinous liquor |มุง (moo'ng) to pay attention, regard

attentively, to intend, intention มั่ง (moo'ng) mosquito net NIAUT: (moo'cha'lin) [Pali] nymph of the cave My - a tree [Barringtonia acutangula]

In (moo't) (1) to get underneath, to to hide under, to burrow into the mud (like fishes) (2) [Cambod.] to plunge into the water

ነ ህፃ (moo't) peg, plug (of lint, wood, etc.)

มุกกุก (moo't koo't) with สันุ shortened, curtai'ed

HIP and Lin (moo't too') flabby, weak, slow

มกราก (moo'ta'kit) [of women] very ill มุตรกาฎ มุตรฆาฎ (moo'ta'kart) [of

men] very ill

Linga: (moo'tta'cha') [Pali] corner of the tongue; Palatal [Gramm.]

IV (moo'too') soft, tender, flabby, weak, mild, slow

LU 내기인 (moo'n nai) master, owner, proprietor

Ly (moo'n) (1) to bind up the hair in a top-knot (2) to cover up, to cover over (3) agitated - I and - NHA to be troubled, sad, anxious; to

take pains - No blinded inwardly ทมน (moo'n) to turn, to whirl ที่มีนี้ (moo'nn) dark Hu (moo'nee) [Pali] hermit, ascetic teacher, saint

NN (moo'm) angle, corner UNAV -spider

NN (moo'm) (1) blunt, obtuse, thick (2) to squeeze

지원 시인 (mooi' mooi') gluttonously, greedily

มีป (mooi') and อำป — [Chin.] an axe, a hatchet ៗ ប៉ា - Amoi

มุ๊ป (mooi') a tree

มีปมัย (mooi' mooi') fat, corpulent มลิกา (moo'li'kah) see ผลิกา

มล (moo'lee) lattice-work, blinds

MAN and MAN (moola'ng) [Pali] foundation, base

มสา (moo'sah) [Pali] lie, lying, falsely

My falsehood

มลักร (moo'si'ka') [Pali] rat

NU (moo?) pig. hog NI - ploughshare ilai — a river fish ilai — Mila

porpoise 117 - epileptic

NH (moo) herd, flock, troop, genus [of MHII] (meng-meng) sound of a gong animals], race [of men]

Mn (mook) Mn — and I — mucus of the nose of 9 — to blow one's nose

มีที่ (moot) [Pali] urine

Nu (moon) to flavour rice with cocoanut milk (2) raised place, hillock, heap

มมมาน (moom marm) dirty, slovenly, ill-behaved

มล์ (moon) [Pali] (1) root [of trees, etc.] (2) excrement of animals (3) price

মূনিপ্রতি (moola'khong) [Pali and Siam.] common things

มลิกา or มลิกา (mooli'kah) female shampooer, masseuse

มลไวยากรณ์ [Pali] grammar

ที่มีส์ (moosee) a dwarf cocoa-nut tree

INN NAIM (may minn) to do imperfectly, improperly

ানিথানী (mayka'lah) with นาง [Pali] female angel of the ocean

เมฆ (mayk) [Pali] clouds ส grey

INNIOH (meng maun) Peguans, Mauns,

INF (mett) seed, grain, stone of fruit, kernel [designation of pills, seeds,

etc.] $\cap \mathfrak{A}$ — wisdom, science, craft-

以所介 (mettah) [Pali] kindness, compassion, benevolence, charity [Alab. 168, 1847

เมโตริย with พระ (Phra-Mettrai) [San.] name of the next coming Buddha

เฟกน (may thoo'na') [Pali] (1) sexual intercourse, sensual love (2) Gemini [zodiac.] — PN name of the third month

llfu (mayta'nee') [Pali] earth, world III) (maytoh) [Pali] sweat, perspiration

내내 (menn) porcupine

llill (men) to hem

INNU (menn?) to stink, bad-smelling, stinking - Yi musty smell smell of a dead body smell of boiled vegetables

เมีย with เฉีย (choy moy) careless; indifferent, taciturn

เมริ (mayroo') [Pali] (1) Mount Meru [Alab. 13] (2) funeral shrine

1111

เมเรีย (mayrai) [Pali] intoxicating liquors มมศ or เมคราย (maysa'rarsee) [Pali] Aries [zodiac.] บบศวิถิ (maysa'wi'tee) [Pali] passag e of the sun through Aries มายายน (maysahyonn) [Sansk,] name of the 1st month [= April] 1119 (mer) [Cambod.] to turn the face towards, to look 1114 (mern) to turn away the head, take no notice — ปร sulky — เกิด not to take care, not to look III (maa) mother, [a title something like English "Mrs."] - [1] motherin-law, mother of the husband — ยาย mother-in-law, wife's mother - INUS step-mother - UN nurse _ ชื่อ tutelary genius of childre แมน (maan) [Cambod.] sky, heavens - Mil female cook, cook-maid -117 - AM [in addressing women] my Lady, Madam - Ill ladies of the Palace - All superintendant - nw General-in-chief - nu and No - My big toe - No and No

- No thumb - Un In upright of a ladder — 17; n door-posts — N posts for a wall of plank or bamboo - Mn sorceress, witch, poisoner — หมาย widow — แรง vice, machine for lifting - INAN magnet - MUI ลือ mould for type — เก๋ river — [위] Hi! (to women) ili (maa!) certainly, although, if -11 even if LINA and III (maa) [exclam. of surprise disapprobation or blame] IINI vulg. for IINA III's with IIO's (ang mang) stuck fast. immoveable, unable to move แมงกิด (maangkoo't) mangoosteen แมงกิก (maang la'k) sesame HNU (man) hitting the mark, correctly, rightly, skilful แม่น (maan) although, even if มาท .nevertheless — $\hat{\vec{n}}$ $\hat{\vec{n}}$ $\hat{\vec{n}}$ if, although; alike, similar IN with unu (naun maap) to lie on

the face

INNII (memm) [of foreigners] Madame IING (maao) [phon.] cat, caterwauling the cry of cats — ITI sentinel, spy (2) a mango ใหม่ (mai) new, recent, again — ๆ not yet used $\mathring{\eta} \gamma$ — to recommence, re-In (mai) not — if it is impossible, cannot — juli do not know — la not so - 197 not to wish; no, thank you M7 — by no means 11.11 ทา — if I die — ไทว too heavy — Illy not able In (maie) a roll (of silk, cloth, etc.) ไว้ (mai) wood ที่นู — tree, stick กุกก flower, blossom an - fruit wa -[high word] fruit Mull - shoots of bamboo - NDN a sweet wood used for burning 47 — cross-bow 179 carpenter - 3) a measuring stick about 80 inches long — กวาก broom - In walking stick - Ifel rod for whipping children — AU pole, hair-pin — Il tree trunks — III

bulustrade, banister - 190 - In - Mi etc. [names of various letters and accents, q. v.] ไทม (mai?) (1) silk ที่วี — silkworm ทั้วย - and inu - silk thread (2) fine สีน — ปรับ — fine, to fine IND (maie) to be on fire IN - conflagation - INTUN half-burned INNE (maitree) [Sansk.] friendship, charity [Alab. 168] Ling - close friendship In - treaty of alliance (2) name of a Buddha [Alab. 177] il (moh) call for a dog lini - watermelon lun (moke) jasmine — uu a tree used for carving IN (mohng) hour ? - what o'clock? โม่ง (mohng) large ซื่ — blind-man's-buff lyw (mohng) gong hanging on a threelegged stand — NIU sound of gongs and drums used at hair-cutting ceremonies INUN (moht) cloth embroidered with gold and silver ไมทนา (mohta'nah) [Pali] to rejoice, give thanks, congratulate

THIT (mohrah) [Pali] (1) peacock (2) a precious stone

INW (mohlee) [Pali] top-knot, crest

INN INN INN and INNU (mohah etc.) [Pali] ignorance, error, illusion of the passions, anger [Alab. 37, 218]

INI (mow) drunk, intoxicated ข้ — drunkard มัว — addicted to — ยา intoxicated with tobacco เบื้อ — (1) disgusted with drinking (2) a poison เม่า with เข้า (kow mow) new rice bruis-

ed in a mortar ปฏา — a white river fish แมลง — poisonous gnat

มาให้กุ (mow kow) too big, strangelooking

IMMI (mow?) and TII — to contract for work

เมา พี่ (mowlee) and โม พี่ [Pali] top-

រុស្តាះ (maw') mattress for children

INNI: (maw') properly, suitably, elegantly—197; well-wrought—INNI
well-fitted

115 (ma') [Maun] mother
115 (ma') [a prefix] fruit, fruit-tree

NINIA (ma'kroot) a lime or lemon with rough skin มะเกลิก (ma'kleua) (1) ebony (2) a tree an - fruit used for dying black มะกล้า (ma'kla'm) a creeping plant having a red fruit มะกาก (ma'kauk) olive มะกา (ma'kah) a medicinal tree มรกฏ (ma'koo't) [Pali] top, summit ນະໄດ (ma'koh) a tree NEAN (ma'ka'k) an olive tree มูลูๆญ (ma'khop) a tree with red fruit, pomegranate มะขาวาด (ma'khwart) a tree with round edible fruit 113977 (ma'khwit) a fruit tree

기기기 (ma'kharm) tamarind — 발명기 a round fruit used for medicine — 기일 an edible fruit — 1일입지 t. jam.

NIGO (ma'khayk) to threaten to strike with the back of the knuckles

front knuckles

Halle (ma'kheua) and — In tomato

Ninand Nini (ma'kha') a tree with

black seeds used for medicine

บะคาไก medicinal fruit NNI (ma'ngooa') a large sour lemon IIIIII (ma'chahroo) [Malay] a cloth NITN (ma'sahng) a fruit tree N:04 (ma'nee) [Pali] precious stone, jewel จินที่ว — Siamese grammar and prosody มะทีก (ma'dook) a fruit tree มะกัน (ma'da'n) a large tree with small sour fruit NEMAN (ma'tart) a large tree with sour fruit Hor (ma'ti') [Malay.] dead NIMII (ma'toom) a tree with large oval fruit used as a remedy for diarrhœa an - bale-fruit Nof (ma'too') etc. [Pali] honey, sweet, savoury, melodious Nolk (ma'noh) [Pali] mind, thought, intellect — ไมย (1) right, conformable, springing from the mind (2) horse — 1771 conscience มะในวิถ (ma'nohrot) [P.] wish, desire

forest [theatr.]

(ma'kha'mkai) a tree with USUS (ma'na') and NIUS to try, effort. to know มะนะสีการ (ma'na'si'karn) and มะนะ สการิ [Pali] attention, heed, consider carefully มะนะโส (ma'na'soh) [Pali] will, purpose, intention มะปราง (ma'prarng) a yellow plum มะปริง (ma'pring) a small sour plum NIIII (ma'paan) with an a small orange มะฟอ (ma'faw) chestnut มะพร้าว (ma'prow) cocoa-nut Name (ma'pla'p) a fruit tree NIMBI (ma'fooa'ng) a sour yellow fruit IIIW (ma'fai) a fruit tree มีมีกิ (ma'poot) a yellow fruit very like a large pear มะมวง (ma'mooa'ng) mango — พมเสน a common mango NIN (ma'mee) noise, shouting HILE (ma'meea) horse i - seventh year of the cycle มะในรา (ma'nohrah) nymph of the มะเทมบิว (ma'meeyo) (1) a small black

beetle (2) a forest animal

Now (ma'moo'ng) [Ca.] cockroach มะแม (ma'maa) goat 🗓 — eighth year of the cycle 있었다 (ma'yomm) a fruit tree มะปร (ma'yoo'ra') มะปรา and other forms [Pali] peacock, psafowl มุวรายน (ma'rainee) fourth day after มะวิเ (ma'reung) a tree with bitter fruit มะรมูน (ma'reunnee) the day after tomorrow Hilly (ma'reua'ng) and - , the third day after, three days hence มะวิบ (ma'roo'm) a tree with pods used for curry มรูเทรกเกิก (ma'rayk kayk) senseless (talk), unprincipled (action) LIZIN (ma'rayng) venereal ulcer มะเวีย with เนีย (choy ma'roy) idle, apathetic มะโรง (ma'rohng) the great dragon - fifth year of the cycle Nag (ma'ra') bitter pulse มะลาก (ma'lark) to rejoice มะกากอ (ma'larkaw) papaw

13th vowel, q. v.

มะลาย (ma'layoo) Malay มรถิ (ma'lee') a tree with white flower s - and do. with a single flower -ซีกิน do. with large flowers มะไล (ma'lai) [Pali] chaplet of flowers, wreath, garland Nall (ma'waang) a medicinal plant มะส (ma'soo') [Pali] beard มมูสุง (ma'sayng) small snake or dragon L - sixth year of the cycle มะกะกา (ma'la'kaw) papaw มีรู้สูรูทรี (ma'sa'roo) a striped silk cloth มะหวด (ma'hooa't) a tree with small red fruit มะที (ma'hee') [Pali] earth USN (ma'hoo') omen, presage, fortune, fate, luck Naly (ma'hay) [Pali] great - PQueen . _ পাৰ King of angels มะใหย (ma'hai) มะหนัท [Pali] great มะโทริ (ma'hohree) music, concert มะโทรสิก (ma'hohra'teuk) kettle-drum beaten before the King มะลาย (ma'lai) and มลาย with ไม่ the ไม่โทรศพ (ma'hohra'sop) [San.] games and amusements at Royal funerals

มรไทสถ (ma'hohsot) [Pali] a generation of Buddha

มะไทฟ้าร (ma'hohlarn) [Pali] excellent, full of good things

มรออม (ma'om) a tree

มะอิก (ma'euk) a tree with small round fruit

ມັກ (ma'k) desirous of, addicted to ຈື

less — ไก้ covetous — ผู้วี (woman) who desires men other than her husband — หลุง constantly making mistakes

thing to fermentation, to leave a thing to ferment, to leave dirty clothes undried — [11] 1 to dilute and ferment meal — MNN accumulation of dirty things

หมักขัก with กัน (ooa'n ma'k kha'k) big and fat man

มัค (ma'k) [Pali] road, way, path, stage, degree [Alab. 170]

มควาฟ (ma'kha'wahn) better มัญพาน [Sansk.] Indra

มัง (ma'ng) bulging out, swollen, thick

— มี wealthy, rather rich — กัง

- 11 wealthy, rather rich - Pivery bulky, very rich, opulent

มักง (ma'ngkong) a small fish มังกร (mangkonn) fabulous sea dragon มังก (ma'ngkoo') (1) a fabulous animal (2) liar

มักณะ (ma'ngkoo'na') bug มักคะโล (ma'ngkha'loh) [Pali] auspicious, lucky, joyous, festive

มังค (ma'ngkoo') with เวีย long barge rowed by oars

มังคุก = แมงคุก mangoosteen . มังษา (ma'ngsah) มังษ; and มังษัง [Pali] flesh

มุชิญ (ma'tchah) and มัชโก [Pali] fish มุชิญิรีย: (ma'tchi'ri'ya') [Pali] avarice [Alab. 206]

มาให (ma'tchoh) a theatrical term มาณีมา (ma'tchi mah) and มากมา [Pali] middle, the middle country, Central India [Alab. 187]

มัญเทฐกากร (ma'nchetti'karkon) [Pali] tax on sapan wood

Un (ma't) to tie, to bind, to tie up; a bundle [of torches, faggots, etc.]

หมัก (hma't) (1) flea (2) fist ก๊า to clenth the fist

นักถลงค์ and มักลงค์ (matta'loo'ng) [Pali] brain, skull มิทิทิกา (ma'tti'kah) [Pali] earth, soil, mud มคราง (ma'ta'ka') [Pali] dead, stupid, senseless มทายีม (ma'tta'yom) [Sansk.] middling L'NUN (ma'ta'ya't) [Pali] prudent, careful, moderation Nu na'n) (1) he, she, you [word of contempt] (2) bright, shining มน (ma'n) Siamese potato — เทษ potato - lal yam มีน (ma'nn) firm, stedfast, constant - No keep a promise - UNI it is true, certainly - My very fat ที่มี (ma'n?) barren ที่มี — a tree with brown leaves 1127 — a fish ที่มีน (ma'n?) tow, worn-out net ภิกา - to caulk (a boat)

VNL (ma'nn) diligent, industrious

มักยากร (ma'sa'yahkonn) [San.] a fish

dily, dirtily มศัการ see นมสภาร

입 (yaw yon = English y. Guttural: a. low letter) — Un name of this letter Un (yok) (1) to lift, raise, take away, to rise (2) a measure of planks one sok wide and sixteen wah long (3) time. times - INH to pardon, forgive — 10 (1) to praise, to commend (2) to pull up a net ที่ยก (yok) (1) action of people walking or running slowly (2) a stone worn on the wrist by Chinamen (3) shade for a lamp ยกกระบทร (yokkra'ba't) better ยุกระ UNI [Cambod.] third Governor of town or province Us (yong) (1) fine, strong, pretty (2) tourge on, instigate 🖞 — to urge on, to a fight — Unfi to fight, to make a hard fight ที่ปัง (yong) to raise a little, to raise oneself on tip-toe, to comb up the hair ที่ปี2 — to pick up gently มัม มัม and หมัม (ma'm) to eat gree-Mely (yot) drop eje (yon) to abridge, to contract, fold-

ed, wrinkled Myn - angry-looking

1

UN (yom, yoma') and devicatives [Pali] the King of the infernal regions หยิม or หยิยม (yaum) a small quantity of anything, tuft of grass, sprig of tree, etc.

ยูมุขาล (yomma'barn) and ยม พบาล satellites of พระยายม see ยม

ปมนา (ya'moo'nah) Jumna, one of the five rivers of the Punjab ปฏิวิยีง (ya'nyong) strong

ប់ត (yon) to see, to look

ทยวก (yooa'k) soft inside of the plantain tree

입기 (yooa'ng) pulpy seed of fruits ly fine

130 (yooa't) more, increase, to be increased

ปวิน (yooa'n) (1) pleasure, voluptuousness (2) Annamese, Cochin-Chinese - Un? Tonquinese

ที่ยีวีย (yooa'p?) (1) all in unison, keep-

ing time together (2) to shake about 빙양 (yooi') in a curved line, winding, not straight

립고 (yooa') to strike or touch playfully, to tickle, to caress

র্থাপ (yot) [Pali] dignity, honour, reputation, renown fight - well attended, with large retinue 291 superior in rank INU - in full force แทงเทม - full dress

19 (yaw) (1) fruit tree (2) a square net (3) to flatter, to praise, to extol (4) [to ponies and buffaloes] stop! in a shrub of which the roots are used for dyeing red

인경 (yaw) to abridge, abbreviate, curtail, bow down - into make oneself lower - ODH to give way -Me cowardice - III to stagger, to lose strength

인계 (yauk) prick, sting, sharp pain ยู่ Mu incoherent

기원에 (yawk) to caress, to play with

Unit (yaung) (1) squatting with the knees up, sitting (2) fine, pretty
Unit (yong) to walk gently — Unit to walk throwing the feet side-ways

Thin (yawng) to fear, to be afraid, to be frightened away, to have the hair or crest standing on end

NUN (yong) (1) carved work (2) socket (3) nimble, quick

เทียที (yawt) to soak, to ferment, to drop one thing on or into another เป็วน (yawn) to pick out of a hole, to take wax out of the ear

elfu (yaun) to sway, to bend (like a carrying pole)

भूति। (yorn) to fail, to refuse, to rebound

ทยอน (yawn?) to respect, fear

MLDM (yonn) to slacken, let loose, let

go an - In fastened loosely

인계 (yaup) to contract, make smaller, become lower, to lower oneself, to go down (of a swelling) — 내년] nearly all gone

in (yaum) to consent, to agree \[\subseteq \] — written relinquishment of a charge — not to give up one's liberty (by

marrying, becoming a slave, etc.)

Unil (yom) (1) habitually, according to custom (2) middling, small (3) part of the price

UDM (yawm) to dip, to dye

ที่ยื่ม ((yomm) (1) anything which tapers off towards the top (2) cluster, clump, tuft (of grass, hair, etc.)

ป่าย (yoi) to break into pieces ซื่า —
to buy by retail

ยอย (yoie) to trickle down, to slip down, to drop, to run down ยาน — long and pendulous

ที่ปฏิป (yoye) (1) [to run] eagerly (2) small lock of hair, scanty hair ที่ปฏิป (yoi) one after another

ยอระยาตร sec ยุรบาตร

eyes, collyrium สัย — to smoke — นัก snuff — เลียก medicine for women ปา (yah) to tar (a boat)

인기인 (yah yee) to molest, trouble, annoy, torment

in (yar) paternal grandmother in ancestors

หย่า less properly อย่า (yar?) (1) negative Imper. not, do not — เพื่อ not yet — เพื่อก่อน wait a bit — ว่า not only (2) to separate, repudiate, desert, go away — ว้างกัน divorce

りつ (yahk) difficult, laborious, poor — 「何」 出まれ too difficult, very poor N目り and less properly プリコ (yark) to desire, want — 「何 hunger (2) rather thick — 真可 very thick

ทียากเยือ (yark yeua') rubbish, refuse, litter

กกา (yahkonn) companies, troops แสน — 100,000 men, large army ปาคิ (yarkhoo) [Pali] soup made of

young rice shoots, rice-gruel

ยาง (yarng) (1) a genus of river fishing birds — กราก a species of this genus — เสบีย (sa'woy) royal species very good for the table (2) glutinous soup เท็ก — mushroom น้ำมีนี — thick varnish

บ้าง (yahng) (1) to smoke (meat) (2) to walk slowly

ทยาง with ขา (khar yarng) cross pieces used as a support

ทยกา and กูยกา (yarng) mode. way, manner, kind, species, custom, fashion — ไร ant — กูรไร how? — ไร ที่ง why? ที่ง — pattern — ที่งง — โก in any way

ปาจก (yahchok) [San.] poor, beggarly ปาจะนา and บาจะนะ (yahcha'nah) [Sansk.] (1) to wish, ask, beg (2)

หยาก (yart) drop

to go

ยาท เบียง (yart yeea'ng) [Sansk. and Siam.] to walk with the body bent ยาทร (yaht) and other forms [Pali

and Sansk.] to walk, to go UN (yarn) too long, hanging down धार (yarn) [Pali] moveable, moving, palanquin, litter ยาน (yahn) extent, distance — กวาง in width, space of ยานาง and ยานาง (yahnahng) spirit or genius attached to ships [Virg. Æn. X, 235.] รานาง (yahnarng) a tree, shrub ยาน (yarnee) verse of five syllables ยานมาศ (yarnoo'mart) [Pali and Cam.] state palanquin ปานง (yarna'ng) [Sansk.] palanquin, beast of burden 테이 (yahp) beating of the air, to wave ที่ยี่วิบี (yarp) rough, rude, ill-bred ปาม (yahm) [Pali] (1) watches of the night — Nut 9 p.m. ឥបិវ — midnight 제기 - 3 a. m. (2) handle [of plough] 비기 (yaım) (1) wallet, bag (2) to get bc lder YUNI (yarm?) and - หยาบ proud, arrogant, insolent, rude ยามา /(yahmah) [Pali] (1) the third

heaven (2) = 1111 g. v.

श्रान्ध् (yaie) maternal grandmother,

common term for old women IIImother-in-law 97 - ancestor non maternal great grandmother - mil [honourable appellation] old lady -- Iln old woman - 9 old nun ni – na night insect ध्रीध (yai) strings, threads or rags, etc. hanging or dropping from a ceiling or wall, etc. ปาป (yie) [Pali] to displace, remove, goto another place ยาทย (yahyee?) [Malay.] my dear ยาว (yowe) long, length คา — long. syllables, long stories amorous songs, love ballads, ditties िधा — spreading from one to another, wile-spread, garrulous ยาสง (yahsong) letter ละสง with ถัง earth-nuts (yik) in quick repetition, with quick movements - nquickly หยูก (yik) (1) frizzy, curled (2) to pinch. to scratch 개인기 — tiresome, restless - ¬ quickly गुँ (ying) to propel, shoot out, shoot

- 114 to fire a gun, to shoot with a gun - un to shoot at a bird -Wu to shoot out the teeth Us (ying) more, the more, improved TH advanced hour in the day BH - better, more \(\gamma - \) better, chiefly, best 21- entangled, complicated, confused ที่ปริ (ying) vain, ostentatious, conceited, conceit ปีน (yin) (1) to hear (2) liqueur made of junipers, gin ยนที่ (yindee) glad, joyful, to rejoice กาม — pleasure บินวาย (yinrai) displeased, annoyed, angry ยิ่ย (yip) to prick, stinging, violent; closed, shut up ทยป (yip) a pinch with the fingers ଧ୍ୟ to borrow trifles here and there — ฟาย to pick up and put into the palm of the hand, a handfull 11 a measure of 50 (formerly 150) grains of rice 인기 (yim) smiling

ทย์]] (yim?) scanty, little ทยูม tinually asking, tiresome, troublesome 입 (yee) (1) to rub on, to anoint (2) to fondle, to excite by caressing ปัวน to cheer up ย (yee) [Chin.] two — สีย twenty ท second ปิโก (yee toh) a tree flower 1191 (yee kheng) etc. a flower ทย with กาม: (ka'mma' yee) velvet ยชั่ว (yee sooa) [Chin.] (1) vermicelli (2) fennel (3) pig-tail, ปี ไก (yee toh) flowering laurel ยีบุ่น (yee poo'n) Japanese (yeepoo) [Cambod.] mattress (of the King) ปัสง with ถ้ว (tooa' yeesong) better ถืง สุง earth-nut ปลุ่น (yeesonn) a large flower ปลา a sea fish ปสูน (yeesoo'n) Indian rose ยหวน (yeehooa'n) (1) pleasure, delight (2) a sweet-scented flower ปัทป์ (yeeh oo'p) a flowering shrub with large léaves

itili (yeea') [Laos.] by chance, if by chance — In why? how? In — a cock which looks like a hen ાંધું (yeeya'ng) example, manners មេរា (yeeya't) (1) condensed, close-fitted, compact, crowded (2) far เทยปก (yeeya't) to stretch oneself out. at full length । १९।१। (yeeyep) coolness of a forest, chill, sheltered place ปฏา ท้าง - a flat fish 1ที่รู้รู้รู้ (yeeyep) to trample upon Igifili (yeeya'm) (1) to come out, put out (2) and — [1] to visit, call upon เทยยม (yeea'm?) first เปียวีปร (yeea'ra'yong) better เยียบร fine, handsome, strong, vigorous ไปปวิชา (yeeyo yah) an aperient medicine เป็นว (yeeyo) to make water ท่อง bladder เหมียว (yee'o) and ฏ — hawk, kite, generic term for birds of prey -Milni sparrow-hawk MN1 - joint

of planks resembling a kite's tail

Un (yeu'tt) (1) to hammer in [a nail] (2) to take hold of and keep fast, to hold back (by a cord, etc.) ย่ง (yeung) [= ยีง] more ปก (yeut) to stretch out; long, lasting — ปาวิ at length — ปาค slipping down and being pulled back again [espec. of the mucus of the nosel ยน (yeune) to stand up, stand to — ป็น to stand up to, to contend with. to oppose with both hands 113 to stand to one's word ให้ อายุคม์ - long life to you! ยน (yeun) to reach out, to put forward, to push out, to offer ปนุก (yeun! yeun!) long, lasting, further on, continuing 입기 (yeum) to borrow 임한 (yeu) to pull away, to pull off, to distrain, to seize in satisfaction of a debt 변한 (yeua') thin skin, pellicule, sheath. covering — n and — nsinn marrow — มร พร้าว pulp of cocoanut — I to break, to pull apart — ปาง stuck together

เทยอ (yeua') bait [인원] (yeua'k) (1) to be blown about by the wind (2) cold sensation arising from solitude or fear 1911 (yeua'ng) to go out of the straight line, to turn aside - All uneven, inconsistent, incongruous to take away Wn — ម៉ាំប to resort to a subterfuge [일원] (yeuan') to go to visit 입 (yoo') to lead into evil, to incite to mischief ยกเขณ (yoo'kken) poor, needy, destitute ทยกหยก (yoo'k yik) querulous, troublesome ยกระบัทร์ (yoo'kra'ba't) [Camb.] Third Governor ปก (yoo'kh) [Pali] time — ๆกู่ time of confusion ปกล (yoo'khonn) [Pali] a pair, two ปครูบุที่ (yoo'ka'ba't) [Pali] the proper moment, the right time ปัง (yoo'ng) mosquito — กวาด broom

นก - peacock คันหางนก

ปร (yoo'ng) and — ปร intricate, confused ปัง (yoo'ng) loft, barn; a measure of twenty เกวียน ยก (yoo't) to retain, detain, hold, keep ทยก (yoo't?) to stop, to stay, to cease, to leave off ยูที่ (yoo'ti') (1) to cease (2) [Pali] true, perfect, right - 1374 justice ยกรัยกระยกรนา and ยกรี (yoo'tt etc.) [Sansk.] to fight, to waze war ยูทนาชิการ and ยูทชการ barrack ยทนาธิการิ (yoo'ta'nahti'karn) [San.] War Department ម្យុ (yoo'n) soft, yielding, flabby 임간 (yoo'p) to go down (of a swelling), to be lowered ทยูย (yoo'p) to keep pushing down ยบล (yoo'bonn) contents of a letter, story ยพน (yoo'pinn) and ยไพ fine girl ยุทุก (yoo'pah) and ยุพร young man or woman; handsome ทยุม (yoo'm?) ill-bred — ทยูม peevish, to molest, vex, tease 테닌 (yooey) crumbling to pieces, recommon tree with light red blossom

paste ปียี (yooi') swelled, full, round 개인인 (yooi?) working quickly, cutting quickly un - disordered, disorderly ยรยาทร (yoo'ra'yaht) and ยรยาทรา to walk like a peacock, pompous ij (yoo) blunt, obtuse, blunted, with the edge off तिथे (yoo) to remain, to be, to inhabit - Nit so happened - if for the future — IN to be in childhed fix — to spend one's life; food — at to cohabit Wis - Wi the King 11 (yoong) to give as alms UNIN (yoong yarng) a tall resinous tree ปีมีปาม (yoom yahm) long and tangled (hair) DUWN (yoo pa'k) to keep quiet, rest Un'yoora') tribe, family, kindred Ut (yoon) peacock 11 (yay) crying of children (yae) crooked, distorted, pouting, distortion of the mouth, in crying,

etc.

duced to dust - " " reduced to a [1] (yey!) leaning to one side, toppling IMI (vey?) pouting, pale-faced, unhealthy-looking เทยก (yayk?) cunning, meddlesome, deceitful Main - deceitful, untrustworthy IUN (yett) indecent movements — 기대 sodomy - III [word of insult or abusel If yen) (1) evening (2) cool, cold, cold weather — Il to grow cold — In to refresh, to be terrified Inestrangement 19 - to be at peace เป็บ (yep) to sew 27ง — tailor — เกิกา shoe-maker ម្រៀ (yao) shouts of rowers ানুর (yayt) with গ্লা pleasant মুণু (yerr) to desire, itching [발전 (yer) to pull at, to drag, to do by force - Aus ostentations, pretentious - an to drag away violently, to abduct 니면 (yerr) proud, vain, affected - 집합시 ostentations, pretentions pretentions

inff (yerr?) beyond one's strength

lung (yeu') (1) to be split open, to break open, (of a boil) to burst (2) many, much

เทยิก (yerk) shout of encouragement when dragging trees, etc.

เป็ง (yerng) ignorant, ill-mannered พระ

— (of the King) tumour

fused, entangled intricate, con-

thu (yern) broken, spoilt, or damaged at the edge 입기- spoilt, altogether damage

ម៉ោង (yurn) protracted, prolonged, le ngthy គ្នាដូ — flexible from its length

មើរ (yerm) half-melted, to liquefy

แข (yaa) capricious, inclined to cry (of children) — แส keen, eager for คำ
— nettle

내일 (yaa) (1) to stoop by bending the knees (2) exhaustion, fatigue, heavily laden [위기 — weighed down by a heavy weight

lit with fin (tooa' yaa) (1) edible wood lizard (2) walking with the knees bent (3) prostitution

แทย (yaa?) to push with a stick

แชก (yaak) to disjoin, separate

내일 (yaang) to prod, to prick, to sting

- f and - f to prod into a hole with a stick, to probe - HH to determine the angles so that a house may be built square

แป้ง (yaang) to take away by force

light (yaang!) to contradict — An to dispute — 113% to keep on contradicting — AT:NUA elaborate, having many cross lines or marks UN— to walk throwing the feet out sideways

liMU1៕អូ (yaa ng khon) hair standing on end

lift to stand on tip-toe with the knees bent

[[인간] (yaap) secret art, concealed plane 인원! — nearly all gone

ાર્ધા (yaam) to open a little, opened, gay, cheerful

대한민의 (yaam?) rare, scattered, scanty 에인티의 — nearly bald, patchy (of turf, etc.)

UNII (yaao?) alert, nimble, springy

내일 (yea') (1) to push with the elbow, 임인 (yohng) to tow, to drag through to elbow, to push on (2) to split open, to burst asunder, to crack (3) very many

(yai) (1) well-looking, clean, fair, fine (2) down, [on fruit, etc.] 19 white of egg

્રિ (yai) fibre of leaf or plant, thread of spider's web, etc. — IN soot แมลงมา spider's web เยอ — attachment, liaison 124 — glutinous, fibrous

Iti (yai) movement of the lips ਪਿਸ (yai dee) to be eager for, to hanker after

ીધુટું (yaiya') liberation, absolution, emancipation - ITTU purification, liberation from sin

ly (yoh) fat, round, having many seeds in it [of a durien]

(yoh) [Pali] whoever, whatever la worthless, scamp, rascal

It Ith and Lyth (voke) staggering, wavering, shaken about

โยคาวาร (yohkahwa'chon) and โยค [Pali] a cetic or mendicant priest

the water with a rope INII shrouds ប្រើ — blind man's buff શિકાશા (yohng yeng) to get up on tiptoe, to reach up

ไทยง (yohng?) quick, nimble โบง proud, arrogant, boastful

โยสน์ (vote) [Pali] a distance of 8000 wah = about 10 miles

ใยทรกา (yohta'kah) (1) anchor (2) a thorny bush with white flowers

โยลา ใยธิ and โยโธ (yohtah, etc.) [Pali] soldier, warrior - MM a battalion, a division, an army

ម្រែ (yone) (1) to throw forward with underhanded or backhanded action (2) to swing (3) a load (of earth, wood, etc.) which can be thrown

ใปน (yohnee) [Pali] pudenda feminae; source, cause

ម្រៀដូ (yohpa'na') [Pali] any, every

ใช้มี (yohm) parishioners, people attached to a temple or related to a priest - alling one who has made up his mind to be attached to a priest

[the (yoheoh) [Pali] he, who, whoever,

any one, man of the lowest caste, worthless, rascal

1일기 (yow) house

I입기 (yow!) to pat, stroke, caress

เพยาร (yau') softly, gently, (running) with light quick steps

เปาวี (yowe) [Pali] young

เยาวมาล (yowwa'marn) young girl

,ម្យោះ (yau') to desire, to jeer

ៀ (ya'm) to cut in pieces, to collect ingredients - Un to make a salad

7: - crushed, pounded, broken up

(a curse)

ยิ (ya'm) (1) to trample upon, to tread down - Inan muddy field prepared for planting any thing (2) to beat,

strike — U) I to strike the watches of the night — ค่ำ and — สนุทยา

six p. m.

গ্রা? (ya'm) (1) to press gently with the teeth (2) to repeat what is said by another

원 (ya') yes

บรถา ((ya'tah) [Pali] as, as it ought, properly [a word of blessing or thanks used by priests]

(2) to change the position, to move - IIIn and - Uan to set apart. put by _ ป่าป to remove, to displace — li to hide away — il morose, crabbed - MAU hollow between or near the shoulders ทียก (ya'k) to indent, to cut, to notch - หยู่คน carelessly

ปกษ (ya'kk) and other similar forms [Pali] goblins, demons, superhuman creatures [Alab. 178]

গ্রার্রা (ya'ksok) curled, curly (hair) 입 (ya'ng) yet, still, not yet, until; [in a letter] to — Is till dawn — non not yet — Nigetting better — Lu

M) not yet arrived

ปร (ya'ng) enduring, permanent, lasting - fly to testify, to keep one's • promise

킨기 (ya'ng) to stop, to keep stopping. to loiter

ที่ยิง (ya'ng) to sound, examine, explore, presume

ยกเกเล (ya'nya'ng) [Pali] the glomerous fig-tree

ปก ya'k) and Wยก (1) to make a sign ยก (ya't) to push in, to fill in, to load

(a gun); [vulg.] to eat
NUN (ya't) (1) fine, pretty (2) to fall
by drops, to leak

betel-nut (2) palpitation, convulsion (3) to touch, push against

ยัน (ya'n) [Laos.] to fear, dread

ที่ยน (ya'n) to jeer, to deride, to make fun of

บนท (ya'nn) [Pali] (1) machine (2) braiding

(ya'p) (1) sound of flapping or beating the wind, blowing about (2) crushed, broken, torn (3) to defer, put off (4) effulgent, shining

ทย์บั (ya'y) alacrity, joyousness, in good spirits

J

1 (raw ra'ksah English r, and at the end of a word r. Guttural: a low letter) — INBI name of this letter

(rok) (1) confused, disarranged, disorderly (2) after-birth

? (rokcha't) [Pali] forest, wooded, over-grown, full of rubbish or litter

In (rong) yellow gum, gamboge >

TMA (rocha'nah) [Pali] painting, colouring, dye, painted, paintings

าน (ronn) and านางค์ [Pali] battle, fight, enemy

In (rot) to sprinkle, to water

າກ (rot) [Pali] carriage — ໃຟ locomotive steam engine — ໄດ້∜ covered carriage

าน (ron) and — ทา to go into danger.
restless วิธีน — troubled in mind,
uneasy, disquieted บ น — gunmaker
วิน and วัน (ronn) to retire, to draw
back

วิป (rop) to fight — กาน to molest เรื่อ — fighting ship, man of-war

Mil (rop) to dance, writhe, wriggle about

วิบัล (rabin) and วิบัติ! — (rabauprabin) law, custom

TH (rom) to smoke, to steam

TU (rom) shade, umbrella, parasol

T!เนี (rom) [Pali] agreeable, pleasing, charming, delightful

วมเปลร์ (romyett) [Pali and Sansk.] pleasant

BJJ sec under B

- 17n (rooa'k) (1) to scald, to cover with boiling water (2) small bamboo
- TN (rooa'ng) (1) ear of corn (2) hive
 - (3) crumbling (4) to dig; pit
- (rooa'ng) to fall off, drop off
- IM (rooa't) quickly
- about, to move hither and thither (2) to bend out of the perpendicular, bent, stooping, crumpled np (3) to stir in a pot, to cook
 - วิวิน (rooa'n) crumbling, brittle
- add up; to take up in a bundle, to gather up III to include, altogether
- 174 (rooa'm) to collect, gather together
- 134 (rooa'm) to live together, cohabit
- to gain Ty gently, moderately, wafted slowly
- 17 (rooa) (1) to tremble, palpitate (2) to beat a small drum with quick strokes
- Ti (rooa) leaky
- (roca!) hedge, enclosure, fence
- วิศ (rot) [Sansk.] taste, flavour, relish, savour

- (raw) to stop, restrain, delay, floodgate, sluice, to take rain water, to wait for Un — to bank up with stakes, camp-shedding
- in (rau) contiguous, adjoining Ni to-
- หวิด (ror?) ragged, in holes, worn-out วิกิก (rauk) pulley
- วิอิง (raung) to put in, to take rainwater — ที่วัว [high word] sho∋
- Tell (raung) to cry out In to cry, to weep
- IN (raut) to rescue, to save
- TON (rawn) and MM to cut into pieces, to cut off pieces
- รักม (raun) hot การ urgent, pressing business เก็กก injured, suffering from an injury รัน trouble-some
- วิอีบ (raup) round about คือบ skilful in management
- วิธีม (raum) (1) pointed, forming an angle (2) to collect
- ากูย์ (roye) tracing, mark, vestige, trace
 - IINA scar
- ริฐย (roi) blunted, having lost its edge รัฐย (roy) (1) to insert, to thread (2)

hundred (3) to arrange

(rah) (1) mouldy, musty ปฏิกา —

salt fish (2) to stop — พาย to ease

offrowing or paddling — วิรี to back
water

າງ (rah) to ramble — ເງິ້າ gay, cheerful, merry

17 (rar) half-rotten and pickled fish

fin (rark) (1) root, foundation (2) to
vomit

วากษ (rark) bloodthirsty, savage

3ገף (rahk) and ንገቦያ [Pali] concupiscence

วาคา (rarkhah) price, purchase money

ราคิ (rarkhee) ill-humour, defect

วิท (rahng) (1) rather obscure, confusedly (2) conduit, canal, trough, spout — เน stock or carriage of gun or cannon

າງໆ (rarng) form, shape, sketch — IIM meshes of net ກັບ — copy

າງ (rarng) to leave, to desert, to be separated from

37177 (rahngwa't, suburbs, fine paid by the inhabitants of a district when a crime has been committed there

วางวิน (rahngwa'n) reward, recompense ing ing; and ing (rart, rarcha', rarchah) [Sansk. and Pali] King, royal [a common prefix, as] - 173 royal service, Government service - Unn confiscation of money or property — นีกุล coyal family — ลีที่ lion, fabulous Siamese animal — র্ণ royal good faith envoy, ambassador — Milin royal punishment — หวัศวิสนาน ceremony of exhibiting the royal elephants and ponies - All royal letter, ambassador, envoy - Ju r. treasure — ปาน r. palanquin ากุ (rahchee) [Pali] and วาศ order รา้ศ (rarchee) Queen in [m (rahchoh) the bent part (of a ship, etc.) fig (rart) to spread about, to pour out วาทุคท (rarta'kot) girdle of a priest าๆๆ (rartree) [Sansk.] night วาน (rahn) to rush in, to burst in -Thu to cut (branches), to lop

TH (rarn) (1) gnat (2) desirous, eager

- วิวัน (rarn!) tavern, shop
- วาย (rarp) flat, level
- jil (rarm) [Sansk.] gay, pleasant, joy, delight
- 1) 1: (rarmoh) [Pali] agreeable, delightful
- านิณ (rahma'n) [Pali] Pegu, Peguan, Maun
- រាម្រ (rai) (1) numerical design. of lawsuits, letters, documents, sums of money (2) posted at intervals, having spaces between, deployed
- ੀ ਮੁੱਖ (rai) music 17 up and down, zigzag, winding, in a serpentine line
 - My running away in a sideways or crooked direction
 - วาย (rai!) cruel, harsh, brutal, fierce ก
 - fickle, changeable, of uncertain temper
 - ITI (rowe) and IN hand-rail Lins - event, affair, history, petition, address
- in (row) to cleave, to split, cracked
 - Tru to be different, to become unfriendly
- 177 (rahwee) to attack, harass
- วาศ and วาควิ (rarsee) [Sansk.] beauty, splendour, orderly, well-order, arranged

- วาษฎร (rahsa'donn) [Sansk.] people, multitude, citizens
- fig (rarsee) [Pali] (1) quantity? mass (2) sign of the zodiac
- วาท (rah-hoo) [Pali] celestial monster which causes eclipses by eating the sun or moon [Alab. 218]
- 1 (ree') to consult, resolve
- In and Min (rick) lightly, gently, tapping gently
- วิกุสุกาง (ritseedooa'ng) obstinate malady, hæmorrhoid, piles - Waln obstinate dysentery
- INT ANT and INTO (ritti', rittah) [Sansk.] power, strength, authority, virtue [Alab. 195]
- វិប្ប (rin) to pour out gently jų (rinn) a small gnat
- ill (rip) to carry off, to confiscate. spoil, plunder, pillage
- fil (reep) hastily, precipitately
- [1] (rim) rim, shore, bank, edge, lace, border
- 1) (rew) long strips !!!! (1) a fish
 - (2) Petriew (town)
- วิคียา (rissa'yah) [San.] to envy, covet, covetousness

(ree) [Pali] length (ree) rather quickly, moving straight to the point I with In (rik ree!) to fawn upon, to allure, to play the siren Mi (ree) half shut, half extinguished - η cry of the grass-hopper วิชา with คำ (khah reechah) tax, duty, court fee In (reet) (1) to lengthen by squeezing or pressing, to beat out (metals, etc.) (2) rule, custom, sect 197 — and 1750 to become a member of a different sect, to be converted, to be perverted uin (reete) a cricket [Pali] (reepoo) [Pali] enemy TWA (reeponn) army, troop, battalion [79] (reea') scattered, confusedly เรียก (reea'k) to call, to call out ifen (reeaing) to arrange [7] (reea't) long, full length ווין (reea'n) (1) to learn, to study The to know a lesson (2) to in-

the envelopes of letters addressed to officials below the rank of Phraya 1711 — to inform (of an inferior) เหวียน (reea'n?) a flat iron; the Spanish or Mexican dollar - 400 dollar ្តៅប្រ (reea'p) level, well-arranged, in order & _ 1795 author of a publication — jei orderly, well arranged เวียว์ (reeoo') to end in a point เวียว แรง (reeo raang) strength $\eta = \hat{j}$ ฤกษ์ (reuk) [San.] favourable moment 11 (reu'ng) tightly หญาย (ha'reu'tai) see under M $\eta = \hat{j}$ (reu) word of interrogation สียาย - are you well? . f (reu) and fig to pull to pieces, destroy, upset หรือr หรือ (reu?) or เก (reu) and - ว่า either, or ฤากิ (reudee) see สมปฤติ a joyful heart วีน (reun) clean, well cared for, welllooking, sweet-smelling form - มา ยง a formula used on กาสาย (reusaie) cherished, darling

เรีย (reua) boat — กำนั้น ship — ไฟ ริก (roo'k) to advance, push on, go forbetter - 12 N steamboat, steamer — 1197 boat with Siamese oars สายน small boat rowed gondolier fashion, or with paddles 178 (reua) fading, faint (of colours) 17 (rewa) slow, lingering (of an illness) រៅថា (reua'k) hurdles, fence, palisade ling (reuaing) shining, glittering, rather bright 1701 (reua'ng) history, account, piece of writing [HILL - ronsense - AJJH charge, indictment, legal, document - 171 Petition, charge, report រោក្ស (reua'n) (1) manner of arranging the hair (2) house, family 1917 married — [19] family reduced to slavery — UNGH setting of a ring រេប្រារ (rooa'n) leprosy វេទ្ធិមី (reuey) delaying, slow, dilatory, lingering ្សាម (reusee) [Sansk.] hermit î (roo') to pull out, take away, throw away — vies to purge

ward Mainn — chess MIN MIN (roo'k rik) vexation, troublesome, naughty วิกา (roo'kh) [Pali] tree 18 (roo'ng) (1) shining (2) dawn lan early on the morrow in a line forwards, stretching forwards (2) rainbow -กินน้ำ rainbow resting on the sea Tr (roo'chee') [Pali] agreeable วิถ (roo't) moving by little and little IND see IINU วินู (roo'n) to push, to urge on, to purge ງິບ (roo'n) growing up, adolescence filifi (roo'p rip) indistinct, not fully visible, flickering, twinkling fly (roo'm) to flock together, to be collected INDI - Constantinople TH (roo'm) warm, tepid — TH badly dressed, having ill-fitting clothes 기입 (ruee') ragged, having jagged edges. 1 (roo) hole, orifice — The nostril froo) very thin (cloth), very fine j (roo!) and — in to know

(root) to milk, to rub

(roop) and fire [Pali] form, figure, shape, image, representation [Alab.

172] — The photograph — And painted image — WITH (1) form and appearance (2) wrought gold, silver, etc.

17 (ray) common, worthless — 734 doubting, undecided

(ray) to wander about, to go in a crooked course

171 (reng) to urge on, hasten

เว็น (renn) to hide

17 (ray rai) grass-hopper, cricket

177 (raoo') cardamum

177 (rew) quickly - n very quickly

iff (reu'r) to belch

if (reu'r) to wander, to stray

130 (rerk) favourable moment

if; (rerng) content, glad

ff (rert) to interrupt, to stop, to leave

וֹנוֹן (rerm) pimples

រវិជ្ជ (rerm) beginning

117 (raa) (1) to make a number of

strokes with a pen, pencil, or brush (2) to keep things in a disorderly condition, untidily

llî (raa) mines, metals, minerals, ore

แว้วายสาย (raa rooi' sooi') well dressed, clean, pretty

lln7 (raa) gait of an immodest woman

liff (raak) beginning, to begin — up ploughing ceremony [Alab. 208]

แกง (raang) strength, force แม่ — vice, crane แข็ง — strong

비기 (rang) sieve

illy (raang) vulture — in birds of prey

117ม (raam) (1) long absence, remaining away (2) waning of the moon; [in dates] latter part of the month เกิบน อ้าย — สบาคา second day of the waning in the first month

ມີເງິ (raao) sponge, noose for catching birds

IIIIII Raheng (town)

l7 (rai) (1) a louse (2) marks of hair pulled out (3) who? what? someone 12 2 - what is the matter?

f (rai) (1) field, plantation — 17 plantations (2) a square measure including 400 square wah

ไร้ (rai) poor, needy โร้ (roh) swollen, without strength โร้ (roh) continuous, uninterrupted โทรก (ทรก (rohk reyk) lean โรค (rohk) [Pali] sickness, malady, dis-

lin (rong) shed, outhouse, depôt, court, place, room, warehouse, hall — in mill win Win — hall of the King or a Prince

โรจ (roht) and โรจน (rohcha'na') [Pali] resplendent [Alab. 207]

ীয়া (rome) to rush at — গ্রী to fight ীগু! (roey) (1) to fade, wither (2) to scatter, spread

lili (roh-ray) very lean, feeble, without strength

177 (row) we, I (of a great personage)

(row) eagerly, repeatedly, urgent, pressing

157° (rau') (1) to chip, to indent, to nibble (2) a bean NJ — to laugh

jantomime (2) white powder

in (ra'm) uninterruptedly, continuously — in (1) slowly (2) to keep on weeping or grumbling

วาคาญ (raimkharn) vexed, anxious, vexatious, annoying

วาจาน (ra'mchoo'n) to sigh (with love), to think of

วิวที่ยี่ (ra'mda'p) to set in order

a show of horse exercise with lances, tournament

วิใหม่ใหญ่ (ra'mpay-ra'mpa't) possessed with a devil

าร์วิฟัง (ra'mpeung) to think of, to meditate, ponder

วิวิเพีย (ra'mpoey) (1) breath, breeze, to puff, to blow gently (2) a tree with long yellow blossoms

initivity (ra'mpaan) [of peacocks] to spread the tail

ເປັນທິງໃນ (ra'mpa'n) [Pali] to keep on complaining

ว้าฟาย (ra'mpai) gusts, puffs of wind

รามะนา (ra'mma'nah) a small drum

วิในรูนาท (ra'mma'nart) tooth-ache

รำไย (ra'myai) better ลำไป a fruit trec

75 (ra') one after another, to strike first on one side and then on another

fini(ra'kah) cock ii — 10th year of the Siamese cycle

- flict, afflicted (2) a thorny bush producing fruit
- ระกับ (ra'ka'p) better กับ to join, to fit on at the side
- Tana (ra'ka'm) uneasy, anxious, vexed
- วะฟัง (ra'kha'ng) bell ลิก clapper บ - หอ — belfry, bell-tower ญ — name of a letter
- วิรูคน (ra'khon) to mix
- Inn (ra'kharng) chagrin, resentment, to doubt
- วรควย (ra'khai) anger, displeasure หมาง to pout, to sulk
- זְצָּוֹן (ra'ngaa) bundles (of fruit, cocoanuts, etc.)
- 1:11 (ra'nga'p) to repress one's anger, to moderate, to mitigate
- 7: 11 (ra'sa'ng) to turn back without accomplishing one's object
- วะคับ (ra'dom) together, general ปกัน — concerted robbery, gang of burglars or robbers
- ระกา (ra'dah) and ระกาษ spread about
- ງງກ (ra'doo) (1) season, weather (2) menstruation
- ງະດາ (ra'tah) [Pali] car, carriage

- วะกาณีก (ra'tahneuk) a large number of carriages together
- IINA (ra'tot) to groan, to sigh; sorry
- ารูนาค (ra'nart) (1) a musical instrument with plates of wood, glass, or metal, harmonica (2) bamboo flooring of a boat
- วะเนียด (ra'neca't) balustrade
- Tilly (ra'naang) (1) sieve (2) lathes supporting a tile roof
- Tallus (ra'naa') ship's bottom, keel
- ระบบ (ra'bop) and ระบบ custom
- วระบัน (ra'bom) (1) sore, inflamed (2) baked — โจ vexed
- วะบาบ (ra'bai) (1) fringe, border (2) to inhale, breath (3) to purge (4) to let out wind, pedere
- ามูโปใง (ra'beea'ng) gallery, portico, verandah
- ารเป็บ (ra'beea'p) to arrange, well arranged, well ordered, in good order, well done
- วรูโก๊ปร (ra'beea'n) public registers ที่กู้ — registry
- วะเบิด (ra'bert) explosion, to break, to crack
- วรยิชิ (ra'beua) to be spread, divulged, rumoured

THILL (ra'baap) rule, manner, form

Trunka'm) to dance, to leap

to cheat (3) to form a bud, to grow

TW (ra'pee') [Pali] sun

TEWEWILL (ra'pa'pahn) to strike together, to speak indirectly to, to seek a quarrel

วะมาศ (ra'mart) elk

TIM (ra'ma't) to take care of oneself, to be on one's guard

ោះប្រា (ra'yaw) fear

Itiel (ra'yom) a tree whose root is used for medicine

filia (ra'yah) hanging ornament with several branches or tassels like — chandelier

זָּלָנוֹן (ra'ya'm) to spoil, damage, to curse

TEU: (ra'ya') interval, space, distance

1:41 (ra'ya'p) (1) to flutter, to glitter

(2) changing weather — Un rain

about to fall — Unn sun about to shine

ifilm (ra'rarn) to oppress

7:311 (ra'rick) to palpitate

fifty (ra'reun) (1) to tie or fasten tightly (2) oppressed, sick at heart fifty (ra'reun) full of pleasant oddurs, sweet-scented

วะเวิชย (ra'rewi') gently, smoothly (especially of wind)

7:17 (ra'ray) to wander, move about

วะลอก (ra'lauk) sec กะลอก wave

ระกุก (ra'leuk) see ลำลึก to think of

find (ra'warng) hold of a vessel lucharterparty, receipt

วะหวาง (ra'wahng) between, intermediate, empty, vacant

วรวิวิวิวิ (ra'wee'wahn) [Pali] Sunday

fill? (ra'waak) cross street, cross path, alley

fill (ra'waang) to suspect, to act with caution, careful

fill (ra'wai) and fill — to take care, to be watchful

7:11 (ra'hong) a forest of tall and straight trees

วะหวัย (ra'heui') weak, broken down, languid •

conceive a suspicion or dislike of a person

วะทาย (ra'hai) thirst, to be thirsty วะเทย (ra'heea') slothful TIM (fa'hay) to wander about TIMM (ra'hett) to go up, to go quickly TIME (ra'hoey) to evaporate THING (ra'haak) and THING to break open, break up, damage, spoil TIMI (ra'haang) (1) cracked, gaping open, fissure (2) Raheng (town) TIMP (ra'ha't) water-wheel for lifting water 7:MA (ra'ha't) [Sansk.] private, secret 727) (ra'ah) and - 17 to be disgusted. tired in (ra'k) (1) a tree whose juice is used for gilding 11 — lacquer (2) to love Init (ra'k ray) a shrub with small flowers Mili (ra'k-raa) armpits TOH) (ra'ksah) [Pali] to keep, to save, to take care of, to cure 13 (ra'ng) (1) a tall hard tree (2) nest. hole — NICHU button-hole (ra'ng) to pull up, pull tight, pull 1914; (ra'ttee') [Pali] night

waste field, jungle, or forest วงเกียง (ra'ngkeea't) (1) to transfer a work, to get another to do (2) to suspect, dislike, dissatisfied with Tilln (ra'ngkaa) to vex, molest, oppress TIH (ra'ngsee) [Pali] rav วงสาวิค (ra'ngsa'n) shining, radiant, sunshiny วงสฤษัติ (raingsitt) [Sansk.] (1) to make light, light up, enlighten (2) to build, create TYPIN (ra'ngteung) tin cooking utensil in three pieces for making cakes าขกาล (ra'tcha'karn) [Pali] reign 199202 (ra'tcha'ka') (1) washman (2) dyer (ra't) [Pali] territory, country, realm in (ra't) to squeeze, to embrace, to bind up, to tie - 197 to compress - In and - In Infull to take the best, grasping, covetous วักประคท (ra'tpra'kot) (1) girdle of a priest (2) a breast cloth gs (raing) to govern Min - to clear a linu and inu; (raitainai) [Pali] gem,

jewel, glass, crystal, precious stone

— มณ์ precious stone
ภัทนโกสินทร์ (ra'ta'na'kohsinn) angelic
gem: new name for Bangkok —
ทัก [in dates] year from the found-

ation of Bangkok as a capital
fill (ra'tyah), [Sansk.] carriage-road,
street

TH (ra'n) to strike, to smite
TH (ra'n) obstinate, headstrong
THNN (ra'ntot) oppression, affliction
THNN (ra'ntooi') languishing, feeble,
likely to fall
THINE (ra'ntaa') sledge

าย (ra'p) to receive, accept, agree to

— าาง to answer for another — กัง

order of King or Prince — จ้าง to
take employment

หรับ (ra'p) nimble, restless, jumping about — ๆ quickly

าคม (ra'ssa'mee?) [San.] rays, brightness, clearness

าัยฏา (ra'ssa'dah) [Sansk.] country, district — กรพิพัตมน์ Treasury ทอ — Treasury

7

 $\mathfrak{A}(law\ wi'lart = \text{English}\ l$, and at the end of a word n. Guttural; a low letter) — วิลาศ name of this letter

ลกลาน (lok larn) to be frightened, nervous

ลิกิน and ละคน (la'khon) comedy, stage play

ลง (long) down, to come down, go down, put down, get out (of a carriage, boat, etc.), go out (to sea) — นี้ to begin work — นี้ to bewitch, sorcery — วิวิกิ (1) to take root (2) cholera — วิกิ to cover with rosin before gilding — วิกิ to sign — โทษ to punish — ๆ ก็ degenerate — ทุกง diarrhœa ปราก — to pacify, to level, to smooth down

May (long) to miss the way, to forget, to mistake, to be mad

ลงกาณ์ (longkon) [Pali] see อลงกาณ ornament ๆ ฟ้า — ornamented hairpin: name of H. M. the King

an (lot) to lower, to let down, to diminish — au in stages, in storeys,

storey Mn - to deduct a sum -ার্থ্য windings, circuitous unn (lott) slippery, flowing, moving, restless 137 - small slippery fish (lon) (1) to put near the fire (2) in a hurry, hastily, to scamp Mu (lonn) (1) very learned, excellent, supreme, precious (2) to overflow → เหลือ superabundant หลุน (lon?) to boil to a jelly หลิน (lon) (of leaves, flowers, etc.) to fall, to drop Ali (lop) to rub out, efface. deface, destroy ที่ดีใ (lopp) to slip away, shun, avoid - naight to roof - nailly to roof with tiles | | internal fever aw (lopp) vulg. for UW [Pali] new _ 117 Lopburee (Town and Province) (lom) wind, flatulence, illness un - windy season No - beginning of the monsoon - 1917 919 gout. rheumatism — nenfleramp — n

convulsions [] u - to be ill - W:

ยท storm — ปาก language — เวา North wind - WN MAN North-West wind - Mil whirlwind All - (of sails) to catch the wind, to be filled — [9] an respiration Au (lom) to capsize an (lomm) to fall to the ground in to fell a tree. หลุม (lom?) mud ปก — depression in the shoulder (a deformity) กมก (la'moo't) a fruit tree สเมาะ เกาะ แกะ (la'mau' kau' kaa') small islets round an island or promontory ALIA ALLISIA 13 (la'ma't la'meea't wai) to reserve for the future กลา กลา (la'la'm la'la'k) fatness, stammering, (walking or talking) with 4 difficulty or confusedly ลวกนารอน (looa'k na'm raun) to boil slightly, to put in hot water റ്റൂ: (looa'ng) to deceive, impose upon (loo'wa'ng) to go on, to go too far, to slip away; that which is past - 104 to go beyond, trespass -

ประเวณี adultery

ni (loo'ang) to put in and take out, to
grope for — 知 to put in the hand
— ni to put in the hand and take
a thing out

**Ining out

NAN (looa'ng?) (1) largest, superior, royal, belonging to the State HIU

— and Ju — the King IN — Government property ITH — title of a Prince of the third rank (2) title of an inferior dignitary

กาก (looa't) wire ไก่ — to dance on a wire — หนัง small strips of hide — กาม carving, sculptured ornament กาม (looa'n) to exceed, excessive กาม (looa'n) simple, simply, only, entirely

กิวีม (looa'm) casket, pouch, bag, receptacle

NATH (looa'm) (1) too large, too lo ose, too big for what is inserted in it (2) going without obstacle, freely, too freely

หลิว (looa') dull, dusky

กิทาร (la'harn) [Cambod.] marsh, bog
กิท (la'hoo') [Pali] light, small, short,
quick

ลอ with ไก้ พระ ยา (kai phra'yah lau')
pheasant

กิฏ (law) (1) to allure, to attract (2) to come in sight กิ๊บ — to appear and disappear

ก็ฏ (lor) to banter, provoke, chaff ก็ฏ (lor) to roll, wheel

หลิปี (lor?) to eat away by degrees. to pare down, to clip, to cut (a pencil) หลิปี (lau') to melt metals, to fuse

กิกิก (lauk) to take off (skin, bark, etc.)

— กราย (of snakes, etc.) to shed (the skin) — หมู่งัสทู to copy a book

内介的 (lauk) to startle, to frighten suddenly, to terrify in jest WA — todeceive

No (laung) to test, to try No — to exercise, to practise

和り (long) (1) hole pierced downwards, aperture (2) to follow a river downwards ロー passport — リルー つい to float down a raft リロー ない a bird

ରିଥିମ (laut) to pass through a hole, under an arch, etc. — ନିମ to go by a straighter road, short cut

a) (lah) (1) ass, donkey (2) to smear.

NAM (lawt) small channel, tube, pipe

ไม้ — weaver's bobbin, reel — คำป

thread rolled on a bobbin NAU —

tube-shaped shell AAU — name of
a small canal in Bangkok

AAU (laun) part of the body, part

TAU (lon) stripped bare, denuded — กง
empty purse WA — to speak deceitfully

MAAU (hlon) (a term of endearment

ACU (laup) (1) secretly, stealthily (2)

ADN (laum) to surround with a fence, etc. — To fence in

neck and long body

basket-work fish trap with narrow

NAON (laum) to melt metals, to fuse
APU (loy) to float (in air or water) AU
— exempt from service — 同り to
walk with the panung hanging down
— いまれい a festival

nn (la'-aw) [Cambod.] handsome, pretty, beautiful

MTSUM dust of the King feet, [a form of address meaning] Your Majesty

to cover over (3) and 17 — to bid farewell — [1] 1911 good bye (4) permission, leave 1971 — (to a grandee) to ask leave to retire 1911 — to beat down the price — NIII instalment, part of a number 1911 (lah) (1) to withdraw, retreat (2) to delay, to retard, to be left behind

กับ (lar) (1) to delay, loiter, hang behind (2) benumbed, straightened out โทนุอย — benumbed with fatigue

(3) to be tired

Nan (lah) a yard (measure) [1] — to lie on the back with the limbs stretched out

หลา with บิค (bit lar) [Chin.] gimlet
หล้า (lah) sky, air, firmament, world,
earth ใต้ — under heaven แหลง
— terrestrial plain

- terrestrial plain

Ann (lark) (1) to pull with the hands (2)

a lakh of rupees (= about £8000)

(3) — In name of the third vowel

Nann (lahk) to be astonished; unex-

pected event, wonder, surprise

สากชาง (lark-kharng) third of the ลาน (larn) a million vowels, q. v.

জা (lahrg) (1) destined event, calamity, misfortune (2) kind, sort -Mu certain persons (3) a tree having medicinal sap

กิวง (lahng) below, beneath

ด้าง (larng) (1) to wash (2) to put to death by order of the King, to execute, destroy, upset

หลาง with ทอง (taung larng) a thorny tree

ลาณ (larn) to die, death แบหลา to die IA? - rough, rude, common

ATM (lart) (1) flat, level (2) inclined, sloping (3) to spread out

ลาน (lahn) (1) a tree with fan leaves 1 — palm leaves for writing (2) open place, threshing-floor Nu n: - shower of rain which levels the threshing-floor, mango showers (3) hasty, in considerate _] ignorant, unintelligent - A7 unable to distinguish Au - hasty, hastening ง เทา ฑา — a viper (4) spring (of a watch, etc.)

ลาน (larn) and หว - bald

หลาน (lahn?) grandson, nephew — สาว grand-daughter, niece an - posterity

หลาย (lahp) to correct oneself, to be amended -. 17 corrected, effectually reprimanded, reproved in __ taught by experience

กาก (lahp) [Pali] property, possessions, profits, good fortune

ลาม (larm) (1) to advance, extend, encroach, spread (2) daring, impudent กิน — ปาม to eat dirtily

ลาม (lahm) to know a foreign language, linguist (2) to tie up, chain up together

หลาม (larm?) (1) in crowds 🐧 — a snake [1] - glutinous rice cooked with cocoa-nut milk (2) indigestion ลามา (larmok) [Pali] low, ill-behaved, dirty

ดาปี (lai) confusion of the eyesight, variegated & - chintz an - border, line of ornament - all confusion of colours - In handwriting — Itilly ornamental border —

An a green and black snake MAN marks of the rattan on the back 17 - spittle, saliva All (laie) to examine, examination หลาย (lai?) several, many (sign of the plural) and line Wh. (lai taang poo't) indication of hidden treasure or of anything unknown ATAN (larlot) sad, grieved, sorry กา ก (larlee) to go, to walk

A77 (lah-o) Laos, Laosian หลาว (lah-o?) (1) to plane, to smooth with a knife (2) pointed wood ทลาวารใชน (lah-o cha'-ohn) a tree ? (lee') to have a piece broken off An poetry as (ling) monkey No - ribs of a boat

- lan joy, gladness ลิชิที (li'khit) [Pali] to write, writing an (lit) to cut off the rough part with a knife, to prune.

au (lin) small lizard which bites กน (linn) tongue — ไก uvula — หมา tongue-shaped fish — NIA slough A (lee) bent MA — an ant

of the cuttle-fish - MI - 9 etc. drawers of a box, cupboar d. etc. ind leaves used for polishing boats หลิน (lin?) and IIWว — [Chin.] a Chinese silk ลินุทุง (linchong) | lotus, water-lily ลินจ (linchee) a fruit tree ลินลา (linlah) and ลนลาศ [Pali] to walk, to go ลิย (lip) a long way off, out of sight, to go right on ' ลม (lim) wedge, lump AN (lim) to taste หล่น (lim?) tapering, thin กิลา (li'lah) to walk, to go ลิลิท (li'litt) verses, poetry NI (liew) (1) to see from afar (2) drift rapidly down [lat. ruo] หลิว (lew?) small, minute หลัว (lewe) and ที่ว — looking with one ลสุก (li'sitt) [Engl.] receip t ก with 👣 (chorra'lee) [Pali] and — ถึง

to walk, to go — ATH to go hastily

(lee) to run away secretly, slip away (lee) [Chin.] (a measure of 2000 lengths of the foot) Ma (lee?) [Chin.] the fiftieth part of a fuang; 16 cowries MAI (leek) to get out of the way, to avoid, to escape sideways, to keep out of the way ត្ប (leep) dry, pinched, stunted, thin เลีย (leea') to lick เล็ — almost like เลย with โล (lai leea') almost alike, nearly equal เกียง (leea'ng) to question !เกง vegetable curry เกียง (leea'ng) to keep out of the way, avoid, shun, escape, run away iaus (leea'ng) to nourish, bring up, keep, entertain W- nurse of an infant prince an - stepson - 11917 to entertain one's friends 177. feast, dinner-party นก which is fed 11 - a small bamboo ยงผา (leea'ngpah) and เรียงผา wild goat ត្រៃប្រ (leea'n) to mock, to chaff

តេម្តារ (leea'n) flat, polished

ไหลิยีน (leea'n?) a long sharp knife, a scythe เหลียน (leea'n?) and เหรียน with เริ่ม dollar เดียย (leea'p) to follow the shore — Ill to go round about, round the edge, circuitous, indirectly nu - a large tree Wn — laus to speak indirectly, to talk with periphrasis เลียม (leea'm) to hem, to trim, to edge (with metals, etc.) เทลยม (leea'm) angle, corner, side เป็น - angular go - to round off 101. a pointed gourd with flat sides สาม — etc. triangle, etc. เลยว (leeo) turn, circuitous, winding เทลยว (leo?) to look round, look behind กิลิ (leelah) to go, to walk ↑ (leuk) deep, profound (1) deep and widening or branching out at the bottom (2) profound, secret — กัว (1) deeper (2) secret and sacred กงค (leung) [Pali] sex, gender, genital parts 12 - eunuch (leu) [Cambod.] it is rumoured

I) to be divulged, published - notorious กน (leun) slippery au (leun) freed from trouble or anxiety, clear ลิม (leum) to forget — คว to go astray, absence of mind - 87 to open the inal (leuwa') to remain, to stay, residue, remainder — (1) too much (2) incapable of being taught, intractable nn - [tree] loaded with fruits or flowers a? - more, superior 1011 (leua'k) (1) to choose, select (2) some, some one, (3) gum, glue เหลือก (leua'k) open and turned up เกียง (leua'ng) notorious เทลซง (leua'ng?) yellow 1717 (leua't) (1) blood nn — flux ម្យា - medicine for this malady (2) bug initi (leua'n) to efface, blot out, forget inth (leua'n) (1) drag or sledge for carrying rice (2) to move - n to

take another employment or title

114 to rise to higher rank 177

shooting star เหลีย (leua'p) (1) to look towards (2) រេខារ (leua'm) clean, bright, shining — ได้ pure, devout เหลือม (leua'm?) python, boa-constrictor MADN (leua'm) (1) unequally, uneven (2) to get down, to lower oneself, to withdraw เกิยี (leui') saw, to saw hand-saw เลอย์ (leui') to creep, to crawl a (loo') to reach, to attain, to obtain an (look) (1) to rise, to stand up all to get up and fall down again - Au hastily, hurriedly (2) to be lit, lighted [1] - to fan the flame, to blow up the fire หลา หลา (loo'k lik) in a hurry, hastily การไทษ (loo'ka'tote) pardon, to ask or obtain pardon 13 (loo'ng) elder brother of the father 1 (loo'ng) large receptacle (usually of brass and in several pieces) for provisions ทกิท (loo't) to be untied, loosened time of forfeit for pawned things

ทิดิน (loo'n?) swift

หลิป (loo'p) to press down, to bend down the edges ผม — hair hanging down over the forehead — หลีป hastily, hurriedly ม (loo'm) lower — เมอ becoming pu-

Atrid — MAI to be deceived, blinded by passion

ทิลิม (loo'm?) ditch, well, pit, hole
ลิปี (looi') (1) to destroy, to be destroyed (2) to walk across, walk through
ลิปี (looi') to slip down (of a panung) to
come undone, become unfastened
ลิ (loo) (1) not stiff, soft, flexible, pliant
(2) to rush at

หลุ่ (loo) to despise, scorn, unapprecative, ungrateful

NATH descendant, issue, posterity

— NATH descendant, issue, posterity

workman, employé, servant — NA

several workmen having one master

— ITA sailors — INT children —

IIMA and — NATHAR twins — The illegitimate child — AND disciple

AD (loop) to touch, stroke, caress —

In to anoint with perfumes, to stroke

โล (lay) as, like, as if, just as
โล้ (lay) slowly, tardy, late โล้ — dilatory, procrastinating, behind hand
เทอ (lay) awry, athwart, to squint
เล็ก (lek) little, small — นอิป a little

เหล็ก (lek) iron แม่ — magnet — ใหล่
miraculous iron — ๆาม iron stylus
for writing — วิลาภ tin — ๆาว
tinned sheets of iron — กล้า steel
— ใช awl — สกัก shears or knife
for cutting iron — หมาก a square
boring instrument — ไฟ steel for
striking fire

「別」 (layk) [Pali] (1) number, arithmetic, superstitions number inscribed 司力 南角 — arithmetic あま。 — and はカフ — good hand-writing (2) clients marked with a stamp — アル clients who have sold themselves to a master — といい clients appointed for certain purposes ある。 — to tattoo a client

lana (laykah) [Pali] line, mark, drawing, writing

IA (layng) [Cambod.] (1) gambling, เกิร see เรา cardamum play 111 - gambler, rogue (2) to strike on the head in (leng) to look into, examine, refer ian ann (lett laut) to slip away, escape lau (layn) mud, mire lâu (len) to play, to jest — \mathfrak{T}_{n} to become dissipated 9 - gambler inu (lenn) a louse In 7 — vermin inau (layn) great-grand-child 99 a lizard ial (lep) nail (of finger or toe) - un a plant INW (lay pay) disarranged, out of line, out of order, scattered, confused iau (lemm) (1) to hem (2) to nibble, to forage about, to get what one can IAN (lem) (numerical designation of knives, scissors, volumes, oars, etc.) រត្ស (loy) beyond, more ្រាំង — (1) too far, too much, to exceed (2) to insult 35 - to lay aside, to desert inni (layla'rg) to hesitate 1กัทกิง (layla'ng?) auction ເລງ and ເລື່ອ (laco') inferior, poor, low, ignorant, untruthful

เหลว (laoo'?) liquid แหลก - splintered, broken sup, crushed into small pieces or into a liquid state

เลศ (layt) [Pali] to accuse falsely, to calumniate

เลห เล่ห and เลห์ (lay) [Pali] fraud. artifice, cunning - na do.

lan (lur) most, the most — ଶ୍ରୀମ to love excessively, very lovely

เลย (lurr) negligence, careless เลน rashly, carelessly

เหลอ (lurr?) stupid, taken aback. abashed, shame-faced

lans (lur') blotched, blotted, disorderly filthily

เละ (la') muddy

ເລດ (leuk) (1) to raise, lift up, pull up,

(2) to interrupt, to stop - May 191 to clean a ditch

เกิง (lerng) deceived, stupefied, mad เกิง with d (e elerng) fat, a fat pitcher เหลิง (lerng?) to go up น้ำ — full tide เลีย เลิก (lern lerr) careless, negligent.

নিপ (lert) better, superior, excellent an - very excellent, best

imprudent, rash

แล (laa') (l) to look (2) and, also นน — certainly, amen, that is all, it is finished 110 (laa) loaded according to one's strength, bearing a heavy burden มหล (laa?) with ทิอ liar, calumniator of a woman แลก (laak) to exchange - เขา to give goods in exchange for rice — IINII betrothal แหลก (laak) crushed, recluced to dust แลง (laang) (1) maggot that eats fruit, worm that gnaws the gums (2) (rock) with holes in it ling (lang) to split, to cleave, to cut up - 197 a small measure made of a cocoa-nut an - slave who carries his master's baggage ling (laang) dry, drought IIMAI (laang) dwelling-house, domicile.

a cocoa-nut กิก — slave who carries his master's baggage

แก๊ง (laang) dry, drought

แหลง (laang) dwelling-house, domicile, place หลัก — post, support, fixed abode, residence — หลัก terrestrial plain

แลน with ก๊ง (dooa'ng laan) a worm

แลน (lan) (1) to run, to sail quickly (2) goldsmith's blow-pipe เป๋ก — to blow through a g. b.

แทกน (laan?) sharp point, pointed iron แหลิน (lan) with กร all but, almost, nearly, not quite และ (laap) to open a little — ลิน to put out the tongue W7 - lightning រោជ (lam) to taste, to eat a little แหลม (laam?) sharp, pointed หวั promontory Man - ingenious, dexterous แลว (lao') already, at an end, it is done (sign of the past participle) 11 he is come — Nil made of in that case, then - nu there is an end of that - III to depend on - I it is enough, in that case you can go - uh and then llas (laa') (1) to take off the bark, to take off or away (2) rest or foundation for a post ใหล with หลง (long? lai?) infatuated, engrossed with useless things ไล้ (laie) to put to flight, to pursue ไม่ — and [1] — (expletive used in speaking of bamboos) — เกียง to

ply with questions - 139 almost

alike - 1 to discuss, compute, deliberate, count ໃຕ້ (lie) to anoint, to smear, to rub on ไหล (lie?) to flow INTE to flow in several directions - 94 flood tide ไทล (lai) back of the shoulders la (loe) small round shield or buckler la (loh) to swing, oscillate, wobble lift to row a boat with one oar la deceiver, cheat, liar, idler lua (loh?) (1) having a gap or hole in it, hollowed, excavated wlde-mouthed bottle (2) a dozen เทล weak, indisposed (3) stopped short, unable to go on โลกย์ โลกา and โลกีย์ (lohk) [Pali] world, universe ANU - concupiscence, worldliness, carnal pleasure (1) the three worlds (2) a sacred book of the Siamese unf destruction of the world (worst day of the week) lange (lohka'n) [Pali] hell of corro-

sive water

โล๊ซึ่งชา with พีธิ (pi'tee loh-chingchah) swinging festival las (1 ohng) bier, coffin without a lid โลง (lohng) open, unoccupied, clear lny empty, bare ปลา - eel ทาง - a creeping plant เลิน (lohn) (1) scamp, rogue, babbler, shamel ess (2) louse โลน (lohn) bald, nearly bald โหลิน (lohn?) great-grand-child lan (lote) (1) to jump, dance (2) a tree with medicinal bark នៃ (lohp) (and other similar words) [Pali] anger, passion, greed, lust (Alab. 213) lau (lohm) to flatter, caress ไลมา (lohmah) [Pali] hair porpoise โลหุท (loh-hitt) and โลหุทุง [Pali] blood lans (loh-ha') [l'ali] iron, brass, copper, metal lሽገ (low) (1) white with spots, speckly white (2) a plant (3) pipe of a wind instrument with hole in it (4) short explanation, definition ເດງ (lowe) (1) arak, intoxicating drink 1111111 arak made from beans - number of anisced (2) to relate, tell, recite

ปล้า (low!) (1) to caress, flatter, soothe, appeare (2) enclosure for animals

เทลา (low?) to sharpen with a knife, to point

เทลา (low?) [Chin.] (1) old, aged (2) relation, race, species, caste, association, society

ิเทลิ (lowe) some, several (sign of the plural) — % all these

เทลาหล∩ (low? lok) a betel palm เลาร (lau') to unsew, unpick

เทลาร แทลร (lau' laa') (to talk) uselessly, vain, trifling

กิก (la'm) (1) numerical designation of bamboos, boats, and long-shaped articles — หิก neck — ไม่ bamboo (2) bed of a river or canal — วิกิง deepest part of a river, ditch, or moat — ทิกิ conduit, channel, pas-

ทำ (la'm) (1) fat, stout (2) to fasten
with ropes — ลา to bid farewell
ลำ (la'm) superior, excellent, precious
ลำเกียง (la'mkheuang) sad

sage

ล้าเคญ (la'mkhayn) hard work, poverty, misery

กำเจ็ปก (la'mcheea'k) a plant with strong-scented flowers

ล้ากาน (la'mdooa'n) a tree with small scent ed blossoms

ลำกับ (la'mda 'p) order, line, series, to set out in order

กำแบ (la'mnow) rank, place; be it as it may — ฏาวิ bed of a water-course ว้าบาก (la'mbark) pain, trouble, fatigue, annoyance, vexation

ลำพอง (la'mpaung) vain, haughty

ล์ IIIM (la'mpaan) plaited bamboo mat ลำไฟ (la'mpai) to make petty gains, to appropriate, misappropriating the master's things, enbezzling

ล้าเฟาฟาน (la'mpowparn) beautiful woman

ก็าโพง (la'mpohng) plant whose fruit causes madness

กำพัง (la'mpa'ng) by one's own exertions, by oneself

ລັງກີ (la'mpoo) a tree growing on river banks having a curious-shaped fruit not eatable

ลำเภา (la'mpow) fine woman

ลาใย (la'myai) a fruit tree ลาโฮยง (la'm-eea'ng) to prefer, to show partiality; bent, inclined, crooked ลาลิก (la'mleuk) to think of ลาลิน (la'msa'n) fat, very stout

กร (la') (1) to let go, to give up, to permit, to forsake (2) etcetera — (2) not to care any more (3) every one, one by one ที่ — every time

ละคือน (la'khon) comedy, play 🦙 — stage dance

time, etc.

กะไปม (la'bome) to mitigate, appease,. caress, console

ละมอม (la'maum) well governed, goodtempered, well-mannered

กะหมาที (la'maht) [Malay.] to bow in adoration

ละมาน (la'marn) darnel, tare ละมี(sec ฝา)

กรมียก (la'meea't) well behaved, well mannered

กรมกลักา (la'moo'tsidah) a thorny fruit tree

กะมุน (la'moo'n) smooth, soft, agree-

able, affable, well behaved fill (la'mayng) comedies

มมเมอ (la'meur) and มูมูมูก talking in one's sleep

ถืมีมีก (la'mert) not to obey orders, contumacious

กรู้ใน (la'mai) tender, soft, sweet, pretty

กรไมป์ (la'mope) greedy, gluttonous, covetous

ละมีง (la'ma'ng) a stag

ละกลา (la'lauk) waves — ม big boils

กรูลำ ใจ (la lah chai) to become careless and incautions

ละลาย (la'lai) to dessolve, melt, digest

— คิ๊า not to keep one's word

ละกิบ (la'lip) out of sight

a:la! (la'leng) to knead, to spread about on a cloth, to smear

กะเลิงใจ (la'lerng chai) mad with joy

ละลิกิละลน (la'la'k la'lon) emotion, mental trouble

ลิรูวิว์ (la'wah) wild tribes in the Nortls
West of Siam

Anglian (la'waak) (1) an old town near Cambodia (2) narrow streets in a town, lanes

asla (la woh) (1) Louvo, Lopburee (Anderson 115. n.) (2) a vegetable กัวสิง (la'song) a bean with three seeds in its pod

ATHIU see ITHIU weak ละหอย (la'hoi) down-hearted, uneasy ถึงทาน (la'harn) stream which dries up in dry weather, mountain torrent ละเหย (la'heea') lang uishing, weak ละหา (la'hoo'ng) castor-oil plant

ሽሮብር (la'-aw) see also බවට [Cambod.] beautiful

distressed, uneasy about

ละใหย (la'howi) oppressed with love,

AIDDI (la'-ong) sec also ADDI dust ละอาย (la'aie) ashamed, shame ละเอยก (la'eea't) fine as dust, thin, de-

licate, minute 17 - attending to small details

ลิก (la'k) to steal ลิก — to snatch, to grab - Au in incongruous, exceptional, different from the others beside it

Mail (la'k) stake, root, basis, groundwork, refuge, support Lin - to drive in a stake 124 — the chief, Aini (la'ngkah) Ceylonese

the head, the principal part แหลิม skilful, expert — ไหญ superior in rank, very eminent - 1193 peg or post for the oar

ลักๆเม (la'kkha'na') and ลักษณ [Pali and Sansk.] bounds, limits, condition, nature, property (of anything), order, reason, sign - MIB code of laws (about slaves, etc.) - 111784 science of things %3 — (nora'la'k) thin, lean, delicate, suitable, right, proper An — beautiful in all respects Mi - deformed

ailWf (la'kpeyt) [Pali] sham priest ลัง (la'ng) a shallow receptable made of bamboo, basket - 18 uncertain หลัง (laing?) back, behind, after สัน back (of a man, animal, knife, etc.) η — at a later time, last, after — Miroof - In bar at a river mouth - In hump-backed - new etc. (numerical designation of houses)

หลิง (la'ng) pouring water into the hands

ลักก (la'ngsart) a fruit tree
ลักโร (la'ncha'khon) [P.] royal seal
ลัก (la'ti') [Pali] young and soft
ลัก (la't) (1) to grow — เมื่อ to get fat
(2) to take the short road, a short
cut กิลิม — canal cutting off a
part of a river ปุกก — mouth of do.
(3) to let go a thing which has been
bent back

หลัก (la't) quickly, soon ลักา (la'dah) wild jasmine ลักา (la'ttee') [Pali] religious tenets, schism, heresy

nu (la'n) a bamboo eel-trap

(la'n) to explode, to make a sudden sound

หลัน (la'n) order, degree, series ลันไท (la'ntai) and ลันเทา a bean ลันทม (la'ntom) a flowering mountain

tree

All (la'p) (1) hidden, secret III —

mystery — MAI behind one's back

— IIA to appear and disappear,

trellis-work, screen (2) to sharpen

Mu — whetstone

หลิย (la'p) to sleep, sleepy — สมุท sound asleep ลิยา (la'p) [Sansk.] quotient ลิยนล (la'plaa) blind, screen

7

7 (waw = English w. Sansk. r. Guttural: a low letter)

3∩ (wok) to turn, turn back, return

น (wong) circle, orb, circuit (num. design. of circular things, as rings, etc.) — น to whirl, gulf, whirlpool — เวียน (1) to draw round, encircle

่ วงก์ (wong) [Pali] crooked

(2) compasses

Nnn (wongkah) (1) a bracket (2) the mark showing a mistake or rejected phrase or word

วงษ์ (wong) and วงษา [Sansk.] family, race; [end of many proper names, as สุวิทวงษ]

ר (wa'chi') and און און and און (wa'chi') and און (Pali] word, speech, discourse

วิชิวญาณ (wa'chi'ra'yahn) [Pali] knowledge ી) (wa'ta') [Pali] transmigration

기 (won) to turn, whirl, whirling — 기기기 to transmigrate

THO (wa'nah) and THE [Pali] woods, forests, deserts

วินุกา (wa'ni'dah) and วินุกา [Pali] handsome woman

If (wa'ra) [Pali] and — IIII excellent, superior, precious

วรณา (wa'ra'nah) [Pali] to praise, extol

วรที่ทถ้ (wa'ra'ditt) [Pali] high, precious

ทุก ภาท — a Palace landing

III (wa'ka') [Pali] space [in writing]

วรรณิฟก (wa'nni'poke) [Pali] beggar, poor, indigent

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วิวิณ (wa'roo'na') [Pali] angel of rain

??nn (wa'roo'ta'ma') [Pali] first, best, superior, excellent

วระภัยที่(wa'ra'poo't) [Pali] ornaments

23 (wa'la') and WA [Pali] strength, force, troops, forces

วิลาทก (wa'lah-hok) [Pali] clouds, cloud-angel

(wooa') ox, cow, cattle

วษา วัสสา วะษา and พรรษา (wa'ssah)

[Sansk. and Pali] rainy season, year; season from the 15 of the Sth month to the 15 of the 11th month [Alab. 97, 189, 229] [7] — to go into a monastery to stay for this season

기타 MA (wa'soh tok) [Pali] rain water 기취하기 (wa'soo'tah) [Pali] earth, world 기계 (waw) covered palanquin for princes 기계 (wauk) monkey 기 — 9th year of the Siameses cycle

In (waung) agile, expert — In active
In (waut) to finish, complete — Ing

to die, to ruin

70477 and 704 70 (waun wah, waun khaw) to ask often or urgently

illy (wonn) wander about, to roam around, to soar

In to besiege with requests

ທ (wah) a measure of length (= about 80 Engl. inches) ໃນ - stick or wood for measuring this length ລັກ - ລົງ ລັງຄົ to lower the price

ว่า (war) to say — ภาชการ — ความ etc. to administer public business, justice, etc. — กลิวิว to discourse, to speak in favour of - \mathcal{N} to hold the place of another

ment] come on! get on! TINT lonely, solitary, affrighted by solitude

N77 (wah) a fruit tree

nn Hin (wahk waak) mental distraction, distraction, inconsistent

? (warng) to deposit, place — ীণ to confide — খা to administer physic, to poison

at liberty, at leisure — 131 empty, solitary — 134 exempt from, unoccupied

in (wahng) spacious in — space arched over [by trees, etc.]

NIN (wahng) intermediate space, interval — 1717 valley

วารา (wahchah) วะราร วจิ and วจิ [Pali] words, speech, talk, discourse, advice, eloquence

(2) to back-water with a paddle

Name (wart) to be startled, to start back from fear

וווג (wahta') and other similar forms
[Pali] wind, air
פרי (wahtee) [Pali] words, discourse
פרי (wahn) to employ the help of another person — ארן to order (a person) to do (a thing) בו — one who orders

ทุวาน (warn) sweet, honeyed, candied

ทว้ารู (wahn) a medicinal plant ทั่ว — root of this plant

านชื่นนี้ (wahnseunnee) two days ago รั วานนี (wahnnee) yesterday

วานวี (wahna'ra') [Pali] monkey

วานริณ and วานเรศ (wahna'rinn, wahna'rett) [San.] King of the monkeys

านิช (wahnitt) [Pali] trader, dealer, merchant

into light — II to keep blazing out

ור (wahm) glittering, bright, palpitating, flashing out, growing bright

— n lightening and dying away again

วาย (wai) (1) to be deminished, de-

ว่าป (waie) to swim

scarce

ที่วีโป (waie?) rattan, fasces of the lictors ปักง — เทษ dragon's blood, a kind of resin

ากป (wahyoo') and วาโป [Pali] wind, air — ภักษ a bird which lives on wind; a seal used in the Treasury — บุควิ a monkey born of the wind

ITT (warn) and ITT [Pali] day

In (wahritt) [Pali] animals bred in the water, fish

วารินทร์ (wahrinn) and วารี [Pali] water, river

วาวิร์ (wahra') [Pali] day

วาลิกา (wahloo'kah) and พาลิกา [Pali] sand

ากร (wahla') [Sansk.] savage, wild

— มกุก beast of prey

Milli (wowe wao) to sparble, shine, twinkle

logue, list of persons in the King's

service $\mathbb{A}\mathbb{A}$ — North wind

ገንମଧ୍ (wahsa'nah?) [Pali] mental effect of good or bad actions

าส์ (wahsee) [Pali] (1) habitation, dwelling (2) razor

กลีกิร์ (wahsoo'kree) [Pali] gigantic serpents living under the ground. Nag as, King of these creatures

The (wah-ha') [Pali] vehicle, charist, carriage, to conduct, to carry : wedding

I (wi') [Pali] (1) (prefix meaning separation, disjunction) (2) better *

วิกล (wi'konn) and วิการ [Pali] incomplete, mutil ited, spoiled, defective

วิฆาฏ (wi'khaht) and พีฆาฏ [Puli] to kill, to cause the death of

74 (wing) (1) giddine:s (2) to keep on asking

running, to flee

วิงวิธีน์ (wingwaun) prayer, to entreat, supplicate, to ask pardon

วิทุรณ (witchahra'na') วิทุรณ and วิทุร ระณะ [Pali] to examine, to consider, reflection [Alab. 195] Ting (witchitt) [Pali] ornamented, magnificent, splendid

IT (witchah) [Pali] art, science —

fit one who succeeds in doing miracles, a lower angel

วิไทย (wi'chai) [Pali] victory

วิญญา (winnyah) and วิญญาณ [Pali] to know, knowledge, miud, intelligence, soul [Alab. 173]

In (wit) to bale out (water) drain, exhaust, evacuate

วิทิก (wittock) [Pali] reflection, reasoning, consideration [Alab. 195]

That (wittahn) to explain, to discuss; at large, at length, widely, wide

ີ່ດີ (wittee) [Pali] way, road, street, course

inanner, method, skill

Ju (win) cloven, split, torn

วินา (wi'nah) [Pali] without, besides

วินาที (wi'nartee) [Pali] a second, an instant

วินาศ (wi'nart) [Sansk.] to be lost, destroyed, ruin

วินิขนับ (wi'nitchai) [Pali] to investigate, scrutinize, examine with care, ascertain, decide วิไนย์ (wi'naie) [l'ali] avoidance, subduing, training, discipline [Alab. 166.], title of a priest, part of the Buddhist scriptures

าน (wi'na') [Pali] one who knows, one who commands

ວິຍາດ (wi'bark) [Pali] good result, reward, recompense

วิยที่ (wi'ba't) [Pali] misery, misfortune, ruin

วิปริก (wi'pa'ritt) [l'ali] transformed, changed, unnatural, monster

วิปลาศ (wi'pa'lart) [Sansk.] miraculous, extraordinary

วิปัสนา (wi'pa'ssa'nah) [Pali] contemplation of good and evil, thorough investigation [Alab. 226]

วิฟิกิ (wi'pa'kh) [Pali] declensions

ীমিণি (wi'pahk) [Pali] to divide, to separate into parts

in (wi'poo) [l'ali] (1) lord, ruler (2) manifest, evident

วิกส์ท (wi'poositt) [Pali] ornament

วิปล (wi'monn) [Pali] spotless, handsome

วิมาน (wi'marn) [Pali] heavenly abode, pagoda of seven storeys

THM (wi'moo'ti') [Pali] doubt, principles of emancipation, free thought

[Alab. 196]

วิโมกข์ (wi'mohk) [Pali] acquitted, released, escape

วิโยค (wi'yohk) [Pali] separation, deliverance, release

วิริยา (wi'ri'ya') [Pali] energy, fortitude, perseverance, patience [Alab. 184, 196]

วิวูณ (wi'roo'n) [Pali] rain

วิวิพัท (wi'roo'n) [Pali] growth, increase, angel of growth

วรพัทก (wi'roo'nhok) [Pali] rain-angel [see Alab. 175]

ito become angry

วิลา วิไลย วิลานุ and วิลาส์ (wi'lah, etc.) [Sansk.] charming, seductive, beautiful

วิลา (wi'lah) and วิลาร [Pali] better วิฬาร cat

วิลาป (wi'larp) mourning, lamentation นก — pigeon

วิลาศ (wi'laht) [Pali] (1) an inferior heaven (2) beautiful, pretty เมื่อง — London

วิลันกา (wi'la'ndah) Dutch วิวร (wi'wonn) [Pali] to open วิวาท (wi'wart) [Pali] quarrel, dispute, contention, litigation

วิวาท (wi'wah-ha') [Pali] marriags, wedding

วิเวก (wi'wake) [Pali] solitude, sectasion, abstraction

วิสาล (wi'sarn) [Sansk.] large, huge

ির্বাস্থ্য (wi'sarkha') (1) a constellation [Alab. 101] sixth month of the old Siamese year (2) name of a female saint

วิสาสะ (wi'sarsa') [Pali] conversation, intimacy, to make acquaintance วิสทธิ์ (wi'soo'tti') [Pali] pure, holy, correct

วิสุทร (wi'soot) curtain, screen, partition

วิเสศ or better วิเสษ (wi'sett) [Sansk.
Pali] precious, excellent, magnificent โรง — the King's kitchen
หลวง — a title of honour

วิไสย (wi'saie) [Pali] (1) kingdom, country, (2) character, nation, race

— วิป qualities of the four senses

[Alab. 237] fifi — legal research, jurisprudence [Alab. 196]

วิสัชนา (wi'satcha'nah) [Pali] to ex-

plain, to preach, to enlighten

วิสัญชะนี้ (wi'sa'ncha'nee) [Sansk.] rame of the 17th vowel [see Preface]

วิสัญญี (wi'sa'nyee) [Pali] to faint, swoon

ิทก (wi'hok) [Pali] birds

ิ์ทาริ (wi'harn) [Pali] abode of a priest, monastery, temple not having the sacred leaf (เสมา) in it

วฟ้าร (wi'larn) [Pali] cat

(wee) to fan

ที่ (wee?) comb — กลัวย bunch of bananas

หวิท (weet) [exclam, of alarm]

เกียง (weea'ng) [Laos.] walled-in place, palace

เหวียง (weea'ng) to throw with a backhanded or underhand action, to chuck

พลให around — เก็บน a ceremony of exchanging lights from hand to hand [Alab. 298: and see also Æsch. Ag. 299] — เท็บน bilious headache

าณี better าทุณ์ (woo'ttee') [Pali]

(1) flourishing, permanent, increase,

prosperity (2) old man

(woo't) [phon,](1) to light by blowing (2) sound of striking the air with a whip or stick

วิศที (woo'ttah) [Pali] to say, to speak วิศทัฏญา (woo'tta'nyah) [Pali] linguist

ুল and ুল্ল (woo'ttah) [Pali] = মূল Mercury

วีน (woo'n) busy

วัน (woo'n) jelly made of lichens

วิหวาช (woo'n waie) tumult, trouble, disturbance

ใช้ (woo'p) [phon.] (1) nodding of the head in dozing (2) [phon.] noise of an explosion

วิย nnd วัย (wooi') [exclaim. of fear]
(2) excl. of calling hither

າ ກ່and ທາ (woo) [phon.] buzzing, humming, noise

າກາງ (woot waht) (1) to disappear suddenly (2) [phon.] noise of the swooping of birds

(hway) Hue (capital of Annan)

wayng) with is soothed by a sound, abandoned, solitary, pensive in (wayng) [Cambod.] Palace

137 (wett) water-closet

เวไทยนักฟิ้ม น (waychaiya'nta'pi'marn) [Pali] Palace of Indra [Alab. 171]

IMMI (wayta'nah) [Pali] sensation, sensation of pain [Alab. 172], pity, sympathy

ไวทีทุรา (wayta'ni'yah) [Pali] know ledge, fruition [Alab. 47]

useless, to cast off

เวนไทย (wayna'taie) [l'ali] fabulous eagle, Garuda, Krut [Alab. 192, 212, 300]

lৌ!য়ে (waynaie) [Pali] to lead, to teach, to convert — র্নার animals which can be taught

hatred, enmity, vengeance wn — u and vol — [Cambod.] vengeance, to be avenged [see also next word]

175 1757 and 177 (wayra', etc.) [Pali] retribution, rotation, turn, in turn, in order nn— the turn comes

round ຟລີປ — officials who serve in rotation ຟລີ — to pay off one bad turn by another ເວລີດ (waylah) [Pali] time — ສິລິປ fore-

เวลา

noon — บาย afternoon — คำ nighttime ขาน — the moment is near ไก้ — at the proper moment

IIMA (wayhon) and IIMAM (wayhart)
[Pali] air, sky

IMM (wayhah) [Pali] empty space, air IMM (wayharn) [Pali] monastery,

convent, temple, dwelling

(wayloo') [Pali] bamboo — IWW; spots in bamboo

IIM7 (hwaa) excl. of anger by children

IIMIn (hwaak) to open partially, to push aside

1171 (waang) and 1177 to turn the head round so as to bite an assailant

IIN71 (waang) unentire, imperfect, incomplete

1177 (waat) to surround, to escort

แวน (wen) and — ทา spectacles

แทวน (waan?) ring แก๊ว — precious stones ทวิ — bezel of a ring

1171 (waap) (1) to fall or go with great

speed, to disappear suddenly (2) partly open

in (waam waam) twinkling light [as of a firefly]

HM (waao) loops, rounds — ท inside of the ear — เหมา สักโoops of letters มี — intelligence เห็น — ๆ foresee

1177 (wao) indistinct — N not hearing distinctly

1175 (waa') (1) to stop in one's course
(2) to turn aside and go in

ไว(wai) prompt, active, quick เท็น — ๆ to see without being sure, to have a presentiment มือ — rapacity, thieving

ไว้ (wie) to keep; [added to another verb means] continuously, permanently เก็ย — and เอา — to keep

- confidence, hope

In (hwai) to shake, tremble, oscillate

In. (waie) to salute, to adore

ໃນປາກີ (waiya'woo't) [Pali] adolescence, youth, age of growing

1) with 1111 (park woh) boasting, vain :

with pin to boast

โว่ โหว and โหว่ (woh) hollow

lili (woh way) bad manners, vulgarity, vagubond

โรย โรย and โทวย (woey) [excl. of one common fellow calling to another]

โมทาร์ (wo-harn) [Pali] speech, word, common use, to speak, eloquent

inwards

เว้าแทว่ง (wowe waang) mutilated, imperfeet

ທິງ (hwa'm) (1) eaten away in the middle, hollow, deep (2) [phon.] noise of falling into water

75 (wa') [exclam. of dislike or disgust]

ทวะ (wa') to be broken, to burst

วะชีวิวา 🕆 (wa'chi'rahwoo't) [Pali] adamant, a stone used to bore gems

วะชิรญาณ see วชิรญาณ

In (wa'k) to scoop up (water, etc.) with the hand

วัง (wa'ng) palace, royal court — นุว (front palace) p. of the Second King — หลัง p. of the Third King — นุลา

p. other than the King's

Now (wa'ng won) gulf, whirlwind, whirlpool

73133 (wa'ng wayng) (1) soothed with sounds (2) oppressed with solitude ทวง (waing?) and — ว่า to expect, coniecture

วิทีวีนทีว์ (wa'tcha'rin) [Pali] angel วงษา === วงษา q. v.

(wa't) and — สูง สาร [Pali] to whirl, transmigration

อัฒนา (wa'tta'nah) วัฒนุร and วัฒนุา การ | Pali | progress, continuation, to grow larger, increase

In (wa't) (1) to measure, survey (2) monastery, temple (3) to pull up (a fish out of the water, etc.)

Min (hwa't) (1) cold in the head (2) to write with a running hand

IN (wa'ttoo') [Pali] (1) history, plot, subject, matter [see Alab. 206] (2) fortune, money

° วิทิถิง (wa'tta') (1) = วิทิถ (2) [Pali] cloth garment (3) to turn, world

TRINIUS (wa't weea'ng) to whirl to twirl, to hurl

วน (wa'n) day - ๆ by day - คืน (in document) date — นี to-day กลาง ศ (saw-kaw = Engl. s. Lingual: a hig - at midday - M7; the Siamese

Sunday or holy day, at intervals of 7 or 8 days IIIAI — fly, ephemerid

ทวีน (wa'n?) [Javan.] brilliancy ทีนวั (wa'nn) to shake, agitation, emotion

วินทา (wa'ntah) and วินทนา [Pali] to salute, venerate, pay homaga

หวินปหวา (wa'nyee'wah?) [Javan.] (1) life, soul (2) lady

วับเว็บ (wa'p werp) to flutter (like a scarf worn on the breast) to dance (like flames), to flicker

วิยวรู (waiwa') [Pali] limb, member, body

วัลลี (wa'nlee) [Pali] creeping plant, creeper

วิสาทธิ (wa'sa'wa'ttee') [Pali] (1) bringing into subjection (2) obtaining pleasures created by others 1212 มิทิวิ - highest of the Deva heavens [Alab. 113] (3) a name of King Mara

letter) - MP MP name of this letter

ทีก (sok) ladded to Sansk. numerals signifies the year of the decennial cycle] เกิก — โท — etc, 1st, 2nd, year of the decade, etc. วัทนโก สีนท์วิ — date in years from the foundation of Bangkok as a capital ที่กิก (sa'kah) [Pali] crowd, assembly

ที่ (sop) [Sansk.] corpse, dead body ปลา — funeral มโทว — or มทว funeral fêtes, festivities, displays, ceremonies, etc.

ที่กล (sarn) [Pali] hall, tribunal, court
of justice — ท่าง ประเทศ International Court — เข้า Chinese pagoda
erected in honour of the guardian
angel

ที่รี (see) [Sansk.] handsome, beautiful, beauty, prosperity — สวัลที่ flourishing, prosperity — สรรเพช a name of Buddha, jewels of a bright colour — สุกา fine woman — วิลาศ fine, glorious — วิไลย civilized; beauty

คริสุณิสา (seesoo'ni'sab) [Pali] daughter-in-law

ศฎงฆาร์ (singkharn) (1) love, passion

(2) attendants, retinue (3) having a large retinue, wealthy

পিনি (serk) [Sansk.] a coronet used (for women) in theatres

Ifin (soke) [l'ali] sad, sorrowful

เคริ่า (sow) (1) ugly (2) sad, sorrowful

คริทธา (sa'ttah) [l'ali] faith, belief

ไกล (sa'lai) [Sansk.] rocky mountain

পানি (sahlah) [Pali] (1) = পান (2) out-door shed or roofed platform for sleeping on

所引 (sikkhon) and 所引 (scekhon) [Pa-li] (1) peak, point, top, summit (2) buffalo (3) hard, rigid

ดีรี (si'ri') [l'ali] = สรี q. v. beautiful, beauty, prosperity, glory

คิโรคมี (si'rote) [Sansk.] to bow, to salute; pointed skull [Alab, 207]

คิสิ (sin) and คิสา (si'lah) [Pali] stone, rock

คิลปัสาคร (silpa'sart) [Sansk.] vnrious arts, skill, mechanical knowledge [Alab. 210]

คีร์ย (sissya') [Sansk.] and ลก – pupil

FA (seen) [Pali] good conduct, moral practice, piety, religious observances — IN excommunicate ?.?—
fasting, Lent

ศุครู (seesa') [Pali] head, front, begin- เคก (sake) [Pali] sprinkling, unction; ning (as of a wood, town, etc.) le្សី (seea'n) [Pali] head ศก (seuk) [Sansk,] combatant, warrior 77 — enemy 77 — spy, traitor — 17 to practise, scholar ษาที่การ Education Department ศกษา see คก learning, scholar, student ศกร (soo'k) [Sansk.] Venus (planet) วัน — Friday ที่กรับไปกาษ and คาญบ่าย (soo'kkha'pa'k) [P.] time of the waxing moon คีข (soo'k) [Pali] white My (soo'k) [Pali] happy, blest, peace-

ful, easy, healthy - สบาย health and happiness — ATH and — INI happiness, felicity (soo'khee) [Sansk.] happiness,

ศพ กูกษร (oo'pa'ksonn) [Pali] King's hand-writing

prosperity

ศิลิ (soon) [Pali] sharp pointed instrument, spear, lance, pike, stake ศิลิ (soolee) [Pali] and กา Siva: archangcel

to consecrate; royal marriage lণিন্ধা (saylah) [Pali] rock, stone เคิก = เคริก q. v. ไศกิศลิย (sokhksa'n) [Sansk.] pain of a wound inflicted by a missile, sickness of heart, grief, pang, anguish MIN (sa'k) and MINI [Sansk.] power, authority, influence, diguity, rank 위기 - rank, reputation, glory full of strength, victorious. saintly - un the measure of a person's rank คักวิาช (sa'ka'rart) [Pali] Siamese era. WMT - sacred Buddist era AA old civil era, beginning 638 A. D. ศกระวา (sa'kra'wah) [Sansk.] singer. musician (2) we, us คับทั่ better คัพท์ (sa'p) [Sansk.] sound. noise, voice, word, term rumour โทวิ — telephone ศลิล: (sa'nla') [Pali] better ศูลิย์ (sa'n) Sansk. missile, gun, point of a

weapon, lance, sharp missile, bullet

ศักปู (sa'n) sick at heart

남

\$\mathbf{t}\$ (saw baw = English s. and at end of word t. Lingual: a high letter) 好見 나 name of this letter
上記 (sa'ttree) [Sansk.] woman, female

1

and state the end of a word t. a high letter) and at the end of a word t. a high letter) and an ame of this letter

an (sok) [Cambod.] lock of hair

and (sa'kot) (1) to restrain, to keep in,
to lull to sleep, to beguile NNO—
magician an—cousecrated beads
used as amulets— and to track,
to dog, to follow (2) name given to
a consonant as practically completing the end of a word

สกมร์ (sa'konn) [Sansk.] body, troop สกปรก (soka'prok) dirty, foul, squalid สกรรที่ (sa'ka'n) [Camb.] in the prime of life, vigorous, powerful ทุกขึ้ severe diarrhœa

สกล (sa'kon) [Pali] all over, in all

parts of; all the world, universe
สกุณ (sa'koo'n) flock of birds
สกุณ (sa'koo'noh) (and other similar
forms) [Pali] male bird
สกุณ สกุณร์ female bird
สกุณ (sa'koon) (1) noble, well-born,

well-bred (2) (Engl.) school สิกิทิ (sa'ka't) (1) the shorter sides of a

parallelogram or oblong (2) to mortise, to chisel, to chip (3) obstruct, hinder, interrupt IN - press INAA

- chisel for cutting metals $\hat{\Pi} \mathcal{U}$ to intercept, to stop by spreading out the hands on each side
- ลง (song) (1) to raise or lift with the hand, to take up (2) ripe (betel-nut) (3) to shake the dust out of anything กัวยา—a bean
- to see (a person) off, to escort, conduct INN to bring news from a distant place INNN iron instrument for driving in nails INN monopoly INN to act as interpreter, to make a noise (2) to lift up (3) to hand over to, to put within the reach of (4) to light (a fire)

สงกรานุท (songkrarn) (1) to migrate (2) angel of the year nin - festival of the New Year สงกา (songkar) to doubt, distrust, disbeleive สงความ (songkhrarm) war, warfare. military science สงเคราะห์ (songkraw) [Pali] to help, to come to the rescue of สงผ (song) [Pali] (1) priest ๆ female priest (2) a troop (3) alike สมบ (sa'ngop) to be tranquillised, quieted — 1979 to come to an end, disappear - My when all the people are quiet สงวน (sa'ngooa'n) to take care of, to keep สงสาร (songsarn) [Pali] (1) to go and come back, transmigration (2) compassion; to pity สงใสย (songsai) to doubt, distrust สงา (sa'ngar) (1) majestic, majesty, dignity, (2) dressed up រុក្សប្បុរ (sngee'am) moderation, modesty, humility สงค (sa'nga't) quiet, tranquil

sition IMI) - site for a dwelling honse — In where สุท (sott) frech, vivid — ใน glad. merry - la bright, flourishing สุกมก์ (sa'domm) (1) [Pali] sorcery, witchcraft, spell 1 au - to rob by the help of sorcery (2) post, stake, stump (3) walk lightly, or slowly ลิกาก (sa'doo'ak) quickly, easily, uninterruptedly ลูกัง (sa'doo'ng) to start, to be startled MAN (sa'doo't) to knock against with the foot, elbow, etc. — The to trip up, to come in contact with the feet ลักษก (sa'doo'sa'dee) [Pali] to worship, to pay respect to, contentment, happiness, gratitude สุทิป (sa'doop) [Sansk.] and ถูป [Pali] pagoda, prachadee, shrine ার্প্র (sa'dett) (1) (of a King or Prince) to come, to go gy ly - he (the Prince) is not yet come (2) Prince. royal personage (3) to draw up [water] แสดง (sa'daang) to tell, explain สุทิย์ (sa'da'p) to hear สฐาน (sa'tarn) [Pali] place, site, po- สกางค์ (sa'tarng) [Sansk.] one hindredth part

สกิล (sa'tonn) [Pali] by land, on land

— มวร์ก์ course through the land,
fand-path

สถิทย์ (sa'titt) [Pali] to be domiciled, to settle — เสถิยร to be permanently settled

สน (son) (1) to thread a needle, to pass a string through a buffalo's nesse ลับ — in crowds — โจ to attend busily to (2) turpentine tree บาง — turpentine

สมทนา (sonta'nah) [Pali] to converse, to talk

สมกับ (sonta'yah) [P.] dark, evening สมเทท (sontay) [Pali] to doubt, to be uneasy

สนธิ์ (sonti') [Pali] joint, combination, conception ปฏิ — to be born again new conception เอา — to be conceived

สนม (sa'nom) ladies of the palace สนวน (sa'nooan) (1) a tree, (2) gateway, enclosed passage

Muld (sa'naung) (1) to answer (2) to

do a favour — AN to be grateful (3) rest, socket, place for holding

สนาน (sa'narn) [Camb.] (1) to bathe, to wash (2) pleasant, to pl ay

สนาม (sa'narm) open ground in a town, Square — มาป wrestling arena — ไก cockpit — เพลาร mound in front of a soldier, breastwork

สนุท (sa'nitt) [Pali] united, associated, intimate ทา — to pretend friendship ทาน — quite sweet

สนุม (sa'nim) rust

เสนียก (sa'neea't) [Cambod.] (1) in the way, troublesome (2) a tree หวื a comb with teeth on each side

สนุกนี (sa'noo'k) [P.] cheerful, cheery, agreeable, acceptable — สาน playful, amusing — สบาย well & happy

สนุ่น (sa'noo'n) (1) a tree (2) soft ground, mudd y place

เสนท (sa'nay) and เสนทา [Sansk,] to love; love-potion, philtre

(1) to run on before, outstrip (2) to take part with, intercede for, recommend

สนะ (sa'na') to bind, tie, bandage ข้าง สม (som) (1) to heap up, to add to, to - tailor สนุก (sa'na't) (1) to grasp tightly, to hold on to (2) skilful UNA - much broken, half-destroyed seize tightly, hold very tight in very large, huge สูนูนู (sa'na'n) loud, sounding กลิง echo สม!! (sa'na'p) tight-fitting — มีค sewing pad — IMA7 tight trowsers All (sop) (1) to please (2) to find, to meet with (3) to be acquainted with - เลีย (1) to give presents (2) to nourish, cherish สมก (sa'bot) [Pali] to swear, curse, imprecation, oath สุบาย (sa'bai) to be in good health, to be well MAN — according to one's wish - lijoy, to enjoy ার্থি (sa'beea'ng) provisions สปริศ (sa'pa'rot) pine-apple (sa'pra'ng) apparent plenty. well to do, well off ัสพาน (sa'parn) = ครู พาน bridge

join (2) fit, suitable, appropriate, Pin willing witness, ready to swear to anything and - IAWY to cohabit - 47 MY to have got what one deserves All suitable, proper, respectable สม (som) sour, acid; vinegar สาน alum สมกบ (somkop) (1) rancid, putrid (meat) (2) parasitical tree ANGE (somkhop) to associate with the bad, to consort สมจริ (somehon) [Pali] (1) defile, passage (2) bestiality, incest สมณ สมณา (sa'ma'nah) and other forms [Pali] one who does penance, ascetic, monk, priest [Alab. 203] สมเกิจ (somdett) excellent, superior [title of the highest honour] สมุทย (somtopp) to put together, amalgamate, joint สมบาคณ (soma'nahkhoo'n) [Pali] to return thanks, to remunerate สมบรณ (somboon) [Pali] complete, full, superabundant, opulent สมบุท (somba't) [Pali] planty, aband-

ance of property, riches fill to reign สมประกิ (sompra'dee) recovering one's senses สมปัญ (sompaung) as I wished, as I expected สมบัก (sompa'k) embroidered cloth ANNI (som'pon) [Pali] so be it, let it be as you wish; to approve of allwif (sompart) [Pali] to cohabit สมไฟิร์ (sompohti) [Pali] (1) enlightenment, knowledge (2) to celebrate, solemnise — MIM savant, learned man, History of Buddh a ANWING (sompa'kson) [Sansk.] year สมภาร (somparn) [Pali] chief priest of a monastery, abbot AHIWN (somphayt) better AHIWN [Pali] pity, pitiable, deplorable สมบุที (sommot) = สมุมท สมมม (sommom) dirty, foul ANN (sommoo'ti') (1) [Pali] consent,

permission; to respect, to esteem, to

call - 314 a respected family (2)

ANT (sammonn) (1) and his — beloved

to substitute

or kind lady (2) amulet ਨੀਂ ਹੈ string of an amulet (3) to fight, battle-field, war, battle สมาศ (somrot) to copulate, cohabit สน property inherited from parents สมริ (somroo) witness, accomplice, to consort ลิมศ์ก (somsa'k) of age to be tattooed with the mark of identification ALIGARI (somsa'k) | Sansk.] of good repute, honourable สมอ (sa'maw) gall-nut tree ลิก - gall nut สมอ (sa'maw) anchor ภูปิน — to hoist the anchor — in anchor which does not catch hold สมขูง (sa'maung) brain สมาคม (sa'markhom) to associate, to be familiar with สมาค (sa'mart) [Malay.] Mahomedan priest สมาทาน (sa'martahn) [Pali] perfect observance สมาชิ (sa'mahtee') [Pali] cross-legged and motionless สมาน (sa'marn) [Pali] united, to join, to patch vp

สมาหาร (sa'mah-harn) [Pali] to collect victuals, to forage, to prepare ool สมิง (sa'ming) [a Peguan title] เสีย — man transformed into a tiger สมิ(sa'mee) a medicinal tree เสมิบน (sa'mee'an) clerk, copying clerk, secretary, — ครา chief secretary สมา (sa'moo'k) a box, or basket with a top or lid to it

สมุก (sa'moo't) volume, book สมุก (soommoo't) see สมมุติ สมุท (Pali) see — ปราการ Paknam — สงคราม a Province — โคคม a name of Buddha

สีมุน (sa'moo'n) (1) leaves stitched together for roofing — ลิสเว้ง a medicinal tree (2) student

สมท (sa'moo') [Pali] battalion, regiment, body of men — นายก a dignity above all the other grades —

ไก้มีที่ (samett) (1) a tree of which the leaves are used for roofing (2) a sea turtle

เสมอ (sa' meu) equal, level, continuous, always — ที่วิremaining in the same

place — ที่วี equal on all sides
แสม (sa'maa?) and — ทะเลล sea-side
tree — สาวิ a tree with hard wood
สมบ (sa'mai?) '(1) time, occasion; season (2) religious assembly
โสมสวิ (sa'mohson) [Pali] to rejoice in
company, to meet, assemble, un-

animous สมกิ (sa'ma'kh) [Pali] agreeing, consenting, assenting, unanimous กุหาว - volunteer

สมัก (sa'ma't) to suck up หมาก — prepared betel-nut

สมน (sa'ma'n) stag

สมัทพงษ (sa'ma'nta'pong) [Pali] of equal family, equal rank

สียียี (sa'yop) to bow the head

ส์ยม (sa'yom) [Pali] on self — ภาญาณ having omniscience in on self, archangel

ลียิง (sa'yaung) to be a'raid of — ู ๆง hair bristling or stanling on end with fear

ลียาม (sa'yahm) (1) brown (2) Siamese ลียม (sa'yoo'm) to dress in fine clothes

— If nuptials, wedding, coronation of a King and Queen

ส์แยก (sa'yaak) tree without branches

และเง (sa'yaang) (hair) standing on end แล้ย (sa'yaa') half-open, a jar; to draw down the corners of the mouth ลีปนา (sa'yampoo) [Pali] self-existent กิโง (song) [of the king] to bathe สังโห้า (sa'ra'nah) see สุระนา ลีวีฟ (sa'ra'poo) [Pali] lizard สมพช (sa'ra'pett) [Sansk.] title given to one of the highest Phras สุริริ (sa'n) to choose, prefer MITA (sa'n) [Sansk.] worse than the rest, inferior ักวิพ (sa'ra'pa') [Sansk.] all, every -- นาม pronoun - สุทว all creatures — Unfi all kinds of weapons สราพ (sa'p) ready เครอง - materials ready for use พิวิพากร (sa' pahkonn) [Sansk.] collection of taxes, revenue farm สรรีเทช (sa'npett) [San.] omniscient, learned, Buddha สรรถาย (sa'nlarp) [Pali] to converse สระเทา (sa'ra'nah) and — กม [Pali] readily, to speak, jestingly สรรเสญ (sa'nsern) and สรรเสรณ | Pali] to praise, commend สราง (sooa'ng) to sacrifice to angels or | สลก (sa'lot) sad, melancholy

genii สาวม (sooa'm) to dress, clothe สุกุก to put on over the head ส์วิวิลิ (sooa'n) to laugh, smile สร้อย (soi) collar — ไก้ | neck feathers - Mil gold ball hung on the neck, sash — Mu a kind of music, a reed ส์วิอีย เคริว (soi sow) sad, melancholy สร้าง (sahng) to build, construct สริย (sa'roop) to add, to join, unite ได้รัง (sett) [Pali] it is finished, ready 1117 - promiscuous, altogether, the whole lot ภาษีเบ้า — general tax on property เสรม (seum) to insert โสวม (sohm) [Pali] orb of the moon โสรมนุศ (sohma'na't) [Sansk.] satisfaction, enjoyment [Alab. 238] สระ (sa') [Pali] pool, pond, lake โปกขรน lotus pool remembrance, faith, refuge, profession of faith in the Three Refuges สระแทน (sa'ra'naa) mint (herb)

MAU (sa'lon) wriggling, going crookedly [MA7 (sa'low) (1) tall and straight (2) สถิป (sa'lop) swoon, to faint ที่ที่ใน (sa'looa'n) a tree สิกิป (sa'looi') in good order, well made up, well done สลิทิ (sa'laut) croton (from which croton oil is obtained) กักปน (sa'laun) many, much สถิฟิ (sa'lcoi') waving (of tree tops) สถากพท (sa'larkpa't) [Pali] distribution of food to the priests by means of tickets สลาก (sa'lart) with ปลา a flat fish สลาดีเ (sa'larta'n) [Malay.] North-West (wind) สถาย (sa'laie) split, cleft, sprung AAN (sa'litt) (1) a common flat fish (2) a tree เสดยง (sa'leea'ng) litter of a King prince or grandee AGN (sa'leung) the fourth part of a tical (= about sixpence) រុក្សា (sa'lett) phlegm แสลง (sa'laang) noxious, unwhole-King) to injure

to carve, to decorate, well-wrought (3) a fruit like an apple สถะ (sa'la') (1) to let go, to relinquish (2) a thorny fruit tree 117- a fish - no to cast off, get rid of สถา (sa'la'k) (1) to carve, chiselling chasing (2) bolt — ลำคู่ถ่า sign, mark, evidence สิกิ (sa'la't) (1) to toss away (2) [Malav. | pirate - | n a tree สุกุ! (sa'la'p) one with another, diverse. promiscuous, manifold - 7 to mix colours - W to shuffle cards MIN (sooa't) to recite, to read aloud. to chant [Alab. xlvii] สวน (sooa'n) (l) to verify สุดูป — to test, compare, verify (2) garden Milgardener — อิทยาน royal garden (3) to impale, inject clyster (4) to laugh, smile (5) to go in opposite directions สวน (sooa'n) part, share ม - established measure an - true m. some, to hurt — Wie Ing (of the Adul and Adul (sa'wa'nah, sa'wa'na'ng) [Pali] to hear, to listen

สวัน (sooa'm) to evacuate [of priests]
สวันกะกิ (sooa'm kaut) to embrace
สวันกะกิ (sooi') well-dressed, elegant, presentable สะ — dressed up, decked
out เข้า — rice boiled too dry
สวัย (sooi') tax, duty, tythe, contribution ('n money or kind) impost,
monopoly กา — to work a m.

สวาที (sa'wa'n) [Sansk.] certain of the heavens [Alab. xxxvii] — กไลย (of the last King) to die — คิต (of a late King) to die

สวรรยา (sa'wa'nyah) [San.] royalty, royal property

สวา (sa'wah) monkey

สวา (sa'wah) [Sansk.] dog

สว่าง (sa'warng) light, brightness, to shine

ชาวาค (sa'wart) (1) love (2) a fruit tree

สวาน (sa'wahn) a Chinese boring instrument

สวามิ and สวามิ (sa'warmee) [Pali]

(1) love (2) husband — ก๊กคี่ to
work willingly for, good servant
สวาย (sa'waie) a well-flavoured fish

สวาศ (sa'wart) [Pali] enjoyable, love able, pretty An - amiable ดีวิง (sa'wing) a spoon-shaped net สุวาย mental trouble, anxiety เดิวใน (sa'weea'n) frame of rattan for holding a rice-pot เสวกร (sa'wayt) [Sansk.] white — นทร white umbrella of the King, storeyed umbrella or canopy เสาย (sa'woy) [Cambo d.] (1) to eat, to enjoy (2) royal แส่ง (sa'wayng) to search for, to seek ไสว (sa'wai) tall, large, abundant నె: (sa'wa') collection of floating weeds สุวิท with ง (ngoo sa'wa't) a snake (sa'wa'tt) [Sansk.] happiness, prosperity สหศ (sa'ha't) [Pali] a thousand สุปิ (sau) (1) in quick succession, one. after another (2) spittle, saliva (3) chalk nu - chalk pencil nu - UTI pencil গ্ৰী (saw) to slander, to calumniate গ্ৰা (sauk) fore-arm, cubit (a measure of about 24 niews

สุรูง (sorng?) [Chin.] two — นา a long-

shaped drum — n pair, couple — 19
doubtful, doubt, undecided

ล้อง (sawng) to light up, illuminate กล้อง — telescope — กล้อง to look through a telescope — กระจาก to look in the looking glass

ล้อง (saung), (1) dwelling, habitation

(2) walking slowly — เสฟป to cohabit — สาริการ to thank, praise

— গ্ল্যা to assemble (an army cte.)

สถา (sort) to insert, penetrate, insinuate สิน — dowry given to the parents of a bride to keep for her — สถา to inquire carefully into — แนน to explore; shy — วั๊ inquisi-

สอน (sawn) to teach, instruct เลียน —
to help one man with advice against
another

ส์ใน (saun) (eyes) showing only the white

ลักูน (sorn) to put out of sight

tive

สอบ (saup) (1) to compare — พยาเม to confront witnesses with the accused — สาม to compare, to test (2) a figure slightly smaller at the top than at the bottom, truncated cone, truncated obelisk

สถิฟิลิ (saw plaw) without consideration, thoughtlessly คน — intriguer, informer, detractor

新聞(soi') to gather with a split pole - 別以 to arrange the hair プゴー to use, employ

สัย (soi) (1) [better สรัชย] neck feathers of a fowl ปลาลัย a small fish (2) final two syllables of a verse

ก่า (sah) dregs of wine, fermentation of spirit

สา (sah) noise of a crowd moving

สาก (sark) (2) pestle — กระเก๋ยง wooden hammer used instead of a flail for rice — กระเบ๋ย pepper-mill ปลา — a fish (2) hardened skin

สากล (sarkon) [Pali] spreading about, comprehensive, the whole

สาเก (sarkay) with ลิก bread-fruit with ที่มี bread-fruit tree

สาขา (sarkar) branch of a tree

สาคร (sarkhon) [Pali] ocean, sea

สาก (sarkhoo) [Chin.] sago

สาคมาศร์ (sarka'rett) [Pali] very large river, ocean fiv (saling) (1) near day break (2) to first (sarn) (1) to plait (2) pleased. cleanse to clean (3) and IND (4) stinking MIU - intolerable stench (5) to comb W1: - King's comb

สาง (sarng) to get better, to improve (of a drunkard) สาชญ (sahchonn) [P.] the great rivers

สาฎก (sardok) with ผ่า Indian cloth 1171 (sart) (1) to sprinkle (2) mat (3) to fall sideways or slanting-wise

ATMI (sart) [Pali] sect - ITMI caravan of merchants

สากา (sartrah) [Pali] arms, weapons สาทาน (sartarn) poor, wretched, needy สาชก (sartok) [Pali] (1) to accom-

plish, to fill, complete (2) to appeal to a higher court

สาฏารณ์ (sartahra'na') [l'ali] to be spread about, general, universal

ሽንሽ (sartoo') [Pali] it is well, so be it - nit and - at to commend,

praise, extol

สาเทย (sahtaye) [Sansk.] to complete, accomplish

pleasant (3) arsenic — All alum punther a - diseases a - demons and (sahn) or and with an [Sansk.] coarse cloth

> สานคศย (sarnoo'sitt) [Sansk.] pupils, students

> สาย (sarp) inside strip of cloth at the edge of a garment with buttons on it INNH - stale, musty HANY cockroach — and to vanish

สายาล (sahbahn) [Pali] to swear, oath 1171 - to curse

สาป (sarp) [Pali] to swear at, reprimand, abuse

สาพภา (sarpi'pa'k) [Pali] to volunteer, to assist

สาม (sarm?) [Chin.] three — สีย thirty วาก - สัย an edible root

สามเกิร (sahma'nen) [Pali] pupil of a priest, neophyte

สามเนวี (sahma'nayree) young female nun, novice

สามขา (sarmkhah) tripod, three-legged stool

สามทาว (sarmbow) impudent, shameless, immodest

สามา (sarmar) [Pali] dusky, blackish brown

สามารถ (sarmart) [Pali] able, strong, bold, brave

สามาน (sarmarn) bold, impudent, insolent, harsh ว้าย — cruel

สามี (sarmee) [Pali] husband

สามัคคิ (sarma'kkhee) [P.] to associate

สามัญ (sarma'n) [P.] common, general

สาย (saie) (1) late in the morning (2) (numerical designation of ropes, roads, etc.) — ยู iron rings for a padlock, latch — สิญาน์ a string passed round the city to keep off demons — น้ำ water course — สมาริbeloved

lady — W7 flash of lightning (3) discendant, issue

ทำป (sai) (1) to move to and fro in the water, to move, to lock, to oscillate ว่าว — the kite dashes up and down or hither and thither (2) to play music with notes quickly following one another

ส้าย (sai) and ใส a bird

สายปี (saichoo) with น่ำส้ม vinegar made from arrak

สายที่ง (sai-ting) an aquatic plant

สายหยุด (sai-yoo't) a flower whish has a smell in the morning only

สายสัญจน์ (sai-sinn) [Pali] string hung round a house or room at a ceremony, and held at the end by a priest

สายนีเห็(sa'ya'nn) [Pali) evening

สาริ with โดย (doey sarn) passage in another person's boat or carriage

สาริ (sarn) [Pali] (1) pith, inside, hard interior, essence (2) strength, best part, superior, excellent (3) elephant

— ทุญ arsenic เข้า — husked rice

สาร (sarn) สารา and สาสน์ [Pali]letter

— กรมกรรม์ receipt for money paid for enslaving a person, slave-paper

สาวิถ (sart) [Sansk.] treatise, book, art, "shastra"

สารท (sarht) [Pali] autunnal season; feast of cakes in the 10th month

สารหนู (sshra'noo) arsenic

สารบาญชี (sahra'barnchee) [Pali] general catalogue

สารวิก (sahrawa't) third master, school usher

สารศเวทีร์ (sahn'sawett) [Sansk.] white elephant

สารา (sah'rah) [Pali] letter

สารานิยา (sahrahniyah) [Pali] compliments, agreeable sayings สาทวาย (sahrai) an edible aquatic plant

— ทะเก sea-lichen, bêche-de-mer
สาวิวิกะ (sahreeri'ka') [Pali] bodily existence, corporeal

สารี (sahree) [Pali] = สาร

ក្សា (sahroop) [Pali] suitable, fit, well-conducted

สาเรี (sahray) vugabond, gad-about

สาแทรก (sahraak) frame of light sticks or strings for carrying a weight สาวร (sahra') [Pali] see สาร

สาระณา (sahra'nah) see สระณา สาระถิ (sahra'tee) and สารถิ [Pali] driver, coachman

สาระกาข์ (sahra'too'k) [Sansk.] afflictions, calamities

สาระบาท (sahrabatt, malignant: see สันนิยาท

สาร:เวล (sahra'barn) [Pali] preface สาร:ปรุทุก Javanese turtle dove สาร:พางค์ (sahra'parng) [Sansk,] the whole body สาร:พิศม์ (sahra'pitt) snake venom

สาระเพชร (sahra'pee) a scented flower

.สารภาพ (sahra'parp) [Pali] to confess

กำระวิกิ (sahra'won) embarrassed, harassed, busy, unsuccessful

สาวราชน (sahra'waun) to make pretences, to put on affected airs

สาล (sahn) [Pali] Royal Court of justice, tribunal, law court — ค่างประ

INM International Court

สาลิกา (sahli kah) a talking black bird สาลิ with เข้า (kow sarlee) fabulous wheat เข้าโพค — wheat

สาล (sarlee) (1) timber cart (2) a fruit like an apple

สาล (sarloo) with ผ้า a Malay cloth

สาลงาน (sahla'won) (1) garden (2) = ลารงาล

สาว (sowe) girl, young woman W —
elder sister น้อง — younger sister
หลาน — niece — ไก้ servant maid

สาวก (sahwok) [Pali] pupil, scholar, student, disciple (Alab. 187)

สาวโปฏก (sahwa'podok) [Pali] better สุวโปฏก a fabulous talking black bird

สาวบาน (sowe-parn) to pull at a rope or cord

สาคกา (sarsa'dah) [l'ali] teacher, tutor, preceptor - Tu superior teacher สาศนา (sarsanah) [Pali] religion, religious doctrine, r. teaching สากน์ (sart) [Sansk.] letter ภาช - royal letter, official despatch สาเหย็ (sah-heye) to cover up ลาเหต (sah-hett) [Pali] cause of quarrelling, anger, provocation สาโก (sah-hote) harsh, cruel fierce สาหศ์ (sah-ha't) [Pali] harsh, cruel สากากอร with ส่วย (sooi-ahkorn) tax ลึกขา (sikkhah) [Pali] rules, discipline doctrine (of priests) 79 (sikkhee) [Pali] crest, top-knot (2) flame (3) clitoris fæminæ สุง (sing) to be in ง — a snake (sing) thing, something, what? In what? anything — IDI possessions, riches, property -17 what? ส่งๆ (singkhonn) [Pali] mountains สิงคาล (singkharlee) a jachal or wolf สงคาละ (singkharla') wolf or jachal สิงโท (singtoh) [Sansk.] lion สงท and สงทะ (sing, sing-ha') [Sansk.]

lion TINA - large snub nose ส่งหนาท (singha'nart) roaring of a lion สิงหพั (sing-hon) [Sansk.] Ceylon สงหากม (sing-hah-khom) [Sansk.] the fifth month (Leo, = August) งหาศน์ (sing-hart) [Sansk.] seat, lair งี้ เมจน์ (sinn) [Pali] unction, holy water สาบ — string passed round a city for the purpose of protecting it from evil spirits สิทธิ์ (sitt) and สิทธิ์ [Pali] accomplishment, perfection, success, perfect, complete - MIN altogether, it depends entirely upou — าาริย complete work, treatise 17117 - absolute power $\eta \gamma = hermit$, saint สิกันคร see สถินคร สัน (sin) (1) debts, property belonging to others assum - to refuse to pay a debt - n goods, merchandize — ប្ប (1) bribery (2) riches - Ind court fees - ANIA inheritance, heritage - ล้าวิท property acquired after marriage - 179 money paid for a girl on her mar-

riage

All (sin) to curtail, shorten no - to judge, to decide a case, judgement, order of court สน (sinn) (1) end (2) all, everything - สุก finite - คว ruined สันเทา with เกลอ (khlooa' sintow) a cathartic resembling Epsom salts สมาพ (sintopp) and เสนาพ [Pali] belonging to Sindh, a Sindh horse aul (sintoo') and สินท์ [Pali] (1)river, stream, sea (2) Sindh สีนพระชนม์ (sin-praichon) [Siam. and Palil (of a King's son) to die สันยากร (sinyarkonn) [Pali] vax on white sugar ดีเนาร (si'nayroo') [Pali] mount Meru (Alab. 13) สิโนทก (si'noda'ka') [Sansk.] clear water, to pour out All (sip and sib) [Chin.] ten — La The etc. eleven, twelve, etc. AW — etc. twenty, thirty, etc. 4791 - sergeant สมพล (simpalee) [Pali] the silk-cotton tree (Bombax hectaphyllum)

สุริา (sirah) [Pali] milk

AT7 (si'rah) salute with closed hands

ส์วิ (si'ri') all, the whole, together สิลป**ส**าคร (sinpa'sart) [Sansk.] treatises on the arts, complete science, all the arts (Alab. 210) สิริสา better คีริสา (sirasah) [Sansk.] to salute ชีวิง (siring) [Pali] a small snake ลี โรคม (sirohtama) [Pali] of the head, perfection of shape in the head, bowing with the head ลี่ โรรศ (si'rohrot) [Sansk.] hair of the head, glory [see Alab. 207] สลา (si'lah) [Pali] stone สิริ (si'oo') pimples สิว (sew) chisel (see) colour - Mn bright colour -เผ่าก pale - พา sky-blue - เทียว green, blue - - ATI dark blue, dark green a (see) to grind, grindstone for rice -1917 to husk rice - 9117 and circular fan 179 - mill - au windmill - Th to play the fiddle -1111 correct language IN - 1111 lips - Wil paddler, canoe man -เกียก a bark chewed with betel-nut ส (see) [Chin.] four — สีม forty สาว (seekah) [Laos.] (priests' word) woman (seekhonn) and [Pali] mountain

สคาง (seekharng) flank, ribs สโนกิว (seeta'ndon) river with waters like air

ъ สีฟิกิง (seepaung) with ก็น chalk เสีย (seea') to be lost, spoilt, destroyed na — to destroy — In degener-Au corrupted, demoralised — ปาก vain talk — ทาย deplorable, regrettable — ทาบ expenses, thefts - % to miss the mark I to sacrifice to devils in _ (1) profit and oss (2) they are married

เสียง (seea'ng?) (1) sound, voice, language (2) to strike — [9] to raise or lower the voice, (gramm.) circumflex

— IIN fanatic

INUI (seea'ng) to divide into two pieces, to cast lots, to take one's chance to consult soothsayers. oracle, omen, enigma, puzzle

เสียก (seea't) to rub, scratch, press เป็ยก -- to press close, rub together - เข้าไป to push one's way ir តើមីដ (seea'n) (1) very small thorn, small splinter — MUL enemy, rebel (2) an edible plant เสียย (seea'p) (1) to impale, fix on a point, insert a point (2) pain in the stomach ทฤย — an edible shell fish เลียม (seea'm) small pick-axe เกียม สาร (seea'msahn) [Pali] to walk slowly and lightly เสียม (seea'm) (1) to sharpen, to teach — ส์อน to instruct one side how to defeat the other โลยวิ (seeo?) sting of pain, qualm เลย (seeo') (1) thinner on one side (2) three quarters of anything สถ (seen) [Sansk.] sacred precept, moral precept, morality (Alab. 184) ล์สูง (seesong) a river fish สุคัต (seesot) light red: ส์กิ (seesit) a wood used for the roofs of house-boats

กีเกียก (seeseea't) bark of a tree ปล?

a rough-skinned fish

វត្ត (seesoo'k) (1) garden bamboo (2) สก (seuk) (1) blunt, worn, deteriorated (2) to leave the priesthood 1 - to feel, to perceive, to be aware of สป (seup) to inquire after, to investigate - 977 to inquire for the last news - WA to use for planting or sowing again - In to propagate, to reproduce - guni to reproduce, to replace, fill the place of - Alu to examine, inquire into - เสา: to search, inquire - สาว to inquire in all directions นี้ - สาย successor — NI UNILITA transmitted from antiquity ឥត្ត (seu) pimp, procuress, go-between, corruptor of youth ITO (seua') tiger — በገን leopard, yellow-eyed cat - in tiger cat un - striped spitting fish 17 - tuber. potato - All man transformed into a tiger M71 — tiller, helm 912 orank, axle, arm of lever 97 -

hairy leaves ศปี (seua') mat เกีย (seua') coat, shirt — ผู้ว clothing, clothes - no jacket W-butterfly infin (seua'k) to push on, to shave เลอม (seua'm) (1) to decrease, diminish (2) to be mollified — AU to disappear, vanish change by degrees, to recover slowly ส์ (soo') to soak in hot water, to steep ส์ (soo') [Pali] well, good สก (soo'k) (1) shining, bright, conspicuous — n brightest n — happy, prosperous, well-to-do IN A garden bamboo (2) ripe 3 cooked — Un ripened in a stove — Ni (1) half ripe (2) the day before a ceremony 1711 - a complete game สกกรม (soo'kkrom) a wild tree สุกร (soo'konn) [Pali] hog, boar, pig And with m (wahsoo'kree) [Sansk.] King of the Nagas สิปิน (soo'koo'm) [Pali] thin, fine, subtle [] - an anodyne

a large true au — a small tree with a man (soo'ko't) [Pali] (1) arriving in

good time, going properly (2) holy, a name of Buddha สุคนุฐ (soo'khonn) (and other similar forms) [Pali] perfume, scent สุก (soo'khee) [Sansk.] fig ลักรที (soo'kha'ti') [Pali] to succeed. attain to happiness - IN heaven สงสง (soo'sing) vain, boastful, ostentatious สุรัท (soo'charitt) [Sansk.] faithful, well-conducted, virtue A? (soo'chee') [Sansk.] clear, pure, clean ส ๆ แ (soo'cha'nee) carpet ลิซิลิ (soo'chonn) [Sansk.] tears สุด (soo't) last, furthest, end ท — the last 194 n — entirely, altogether. most (sign of the superlative) finat one's wit's end - na and an mout of sight - MN youngest child - nill the end of all - ni beyond one's strength depending upon, in accordance with A fil (sco'dah) fine woman (soo'tti') [Pali] pure, purification

สหคน (soo'ta'tt) [Pali] (1) pleasant to the eyes (2) one of the heavens (3) pleasant view Afi) (soo'tar) [Pali] ambrosia, nectar กักวิที (soo'tahrot) (1) scented water (2) tea for royal persons สนุทร (soo'ntonn) and สนุทเร 🤊 [Pali] eloquent, well-spoken, good (soo'nta'ree) [Palil beautiful woman สีนิธิวิ (soo'nta'rar) [l'ali] see พลินทีวิ สนาการ (soo'narkarn) [Pali] hearing ดีน (soo'ni') flash of lightning สนุสา (soo'ni'sah) [Pali] with WI: King's daughter-in-law สนุรกร (soo'na'ka') [P.] (1) nail (2) dog สนาข (soo'na'k) and สนาขา [Pali] dog - il wolf - i thi for สนุก (soo'na't) circumcision ที่ ยวิวิณี (soo'ba'n) [Pali] Garuda, fabulous eagle that preys on men and women สัยน (soo'binn) [Pali] dream, to dream นมกรี nocturnal vision (soo'ba'nna'rart) better บริวันธาช [Pali] King of the eagles

สพริรณ์ (soo'pa'n) [San.] (1) of good colour, bright, brilliant (2) [Pali] gold, golden สพริเนณ (soo'pa'nta'n) [P.] sulphur ส์ ภิร and ส์ มีรู (soo'pa') [Pali] (1) pretty, elegant (2) musician สภาพ์ (soo'pahp) [Pali] (1) modest, mild, affable (2) to travel สภาวท์ (soo'pahwa'dee') good speaker, good talker, orator สภาสุท (soo'pahsitt) [Pali] wise savings, instructive words สม (soo'm?) to burn with a slow fire - 117 to expose to the fire - IN to keep up a slow fire ยาสม — (1 cooling application for the head (2) Indian smoking mixture — แกลบ to roast in the husk - MI to plaster up the head — NN sacred grove 利以 (soo'm) a large wicker or bamboo frame, coop — 137 to fish with a coop — In hen-coop สมาหาลีย์ (soo'marmarlya') [Sansk.]

beautiful as a garland of jessamine

สมาล (soo 'marlee) [Sansk.] collection of beuutiful flowers, bouquet

ส์!มีวิา (soo'may tah) [Pali] wise, clever ดีเมริ (soo'mayroo') [P.] Mount Meru (Alab. 13) สียยต์ (sooi'yati') [Pali] to hear สริชาติ (soorachart) [Sansk.] race of divine origin, demigods ลิวิว (soo'rah) [P.] intoxicating liquors สิวามฤท (soo'rarma'ritt) [P.] miraculous water taken by angels, nectar ล์ ราไลย (soo'rarlai) [Sansk.] heaven of Indra and the angels สิวินิาป์ (soorichai) [Sansk.] of the sun [Sansk.] (soo'rinn) ส์วินท giants. monsters — IN celestial ster which causes eclipses วัย and สวิยา (soo'riva) [Pali] sun โรยาดว (soo'riyart) [Sansk.] course of the sun าร ใยภาศ (soo'ri'yohpart) [Pali] morning brightness of the sun 17៧ម (soo'ri'wong) [Sansk.] child or descendant of the sun রে (soo'ra') vulg. for ឥ ្ q. v. strong, bold — NIW brave and bold — AI Al rough water - Fill courage and dignity

สหรัก (soo'ra't) [Malay.] Surat ผา Surat cloth สากล (soo'wa'khon) a small tree with scented flowers (soo'wa'podok) [Pali] fabulous talking bird soo'wa'park) tree with ส วภาคย scented flowers สาราน (soo'wa'nn) [San.] gold, golden — UTIM gold leaf, golden sheet สุวมล (soo'wi'monn) [S.] spotless, pure ส (soo) [Laos.] you ส์ (soo) [Laos.] to go to — ปฏ to ask a person's daughter in marriage -Ny to visit — Ny Ny (1) to go to meet, rendezvous (2) to distribute a meal a (soo) to resist, oppose, fight to endure patiently 11- not so good, not advisable IN - INII not very important สง (soong) high, tall เครอง — royal ornaments n - pompous words, stilted language, grandiloquent ๆน to rise to a higher place อายคม - advanced age ស្លា (soon) [Sans.] empty, void; to vanish — IN zero, ought

สุก (soot) to inhale — สุก to sniff, to sniffle สัตร (soot) [Sansk] (1) string, thread; string of figures; portion of scripture, text (2) web of thread. tapestry กีน (soon) axis, centre, middle (soob) (1) to suck, absorb (2) pump สบ (3) bellows — III to smoke tobacco ยา — tobacco (soora') [Sansk.] brave, strong, bold, valiant; giant สาขาด (soora'chart) [Sansk.] ra ce of heroes, giants สโป (soon) [Pali] sun สรุโลกย์ (soora'lohk) [Sansk.] habitation of the giants สุรางค์ (soorahng) vulg. for สุรางค์ [S.] ladies living with the angels กนาร ladies living in the heavens สภางคนุกร a crowd of the same ส วางคนาง verses สราริกษ์ (soorahra'k) [San.] courageous genii (sooroo) to act without orders, officious, interfering สระกาย (soora'kai) better

see dất [Pali] monster, ghost, apparition

in (sayk) recitation of religious formulas before consecrating anything
— গুলু (1) salvation (2) damnation

เก้า (seng) a tree with red blossoms

(saytoo) [Pali] ridge, causeway,

ត្រៀក (saytoh) [Pali] sweat, perspiration

រដ្ឋម (sayn) (1) a large monkey (2) colour of red lead

IMU (sen) (1) nerve, sinew (numerical designation of threads, cords, etc.)

— กาย thread of cotton — สาย nerves and sinews — ข้า convul-

sions (2) to sacrifice to devils (3) (a measure of twenty wah) sen (4) numerical designation of ropes, etc.

IAU7 and IAU (saynah, saynee) [Pali]
(1) army (2) grandees, high officials
การคมหา — chief of the officials

— มากข้ courtiers — มนุกร chief official — บากี Great Council of

State

រុក្សាម៉្ (sayp) [Pali] to eat, drink, partake of, use, copulate, associate រុក្សា (saypah) solo singing

เสมหร (sem-ha') phlegm

เสมา (saymah) ornament for a child's neck

เสมา (saymah) [Pali] sacred stones round a temple วาป — and วัน กิ — frontiers, borders

เลีย (soey) to comb up or push back (the hair)

เสยบา (say-yah) [Pali] to lie down เสดา (saylah) [Pali] stone, rock

เสวกา (sayvakah) [Pali] courtiers, followers, attendants — มาทย์ [San.] council of ministers

เส้ที (sayt) [Sansk.] remainder, remnant เลี้ที (sert) (obsol) to run away, to go quickly

เส็ม (serm) to add to, augment, enlarge, increase

แส with ๆน (cheen saa) [Chin.] physician, master แพว — silk stuffs

ligi (saa) to seek occasion, to search for an offence

แล้ (saa) (1) fan, small rod, switch — มัก horsewhip — เทลิก foil — มีน ramrod — จามวิ horse-hair tassel (2) warbling, gabbling, incoherent sounds

uan (saak) to disjoin, divide, part (the

hair ete.) Un - a bird with a loud cry แสง (saang) (1) arms, weapons พระ King's sword (2) rays, radiant nay rays of day-break ligi (saang) on purpose, wilfully แลงอน (saa-ngorn) coquetry แสด (saat) a tree having small yellow seeds a - orange-red col our แสน (saan) a hundred thousand, much, very much — ยากวิ officials แสบ (saap) biting, stinging, pricking, sharp — May hungry, hunger ীর (saie) clean, bright, pure bright Kill ; — flourishing ใส่ to put, to place — เสีย to put on a coat - 17 to take care, to bear in mind in ? - to attend to, to be careful, to take to heart - 1711 to make a charge, to calumniate ไส (sie) to push, to repulse — กับ plane ได้ (sai) bowels — กริปิก sausage, black pudding — MINUS wick of a lamp

MI secret mutineer, traitor LI - a bird ไส เทียน (sai dooa'n) earth-worm (saitan) a small fish, very good for eating, but having no entrails สยา (saivah) [Pali] to lie down, to ไก่ยาคน (saiyart) [Sansk.] bed ไสสาตร (sai-sart) [Pali] Brahminical doctrine, magical art, black art ไสห์ ป (sohooi) [Chin.] expenditure ার্মণ (soke) (1) dry (2) a tree of which the flower is eaten ใสกา (sohka) [Pali] sad, sorrowful tearful. to cry ได้ก็ (sohkee) [Pa li] sadness, sorrow, mourning โสกนท์ (sohka'n) [Pali] to shave the topknot (of princes) ไสโคริก (sohkroke) dirty, foul, squalid ไล้ที (sote) bachelor, spinster, celibate, unmarried ไสทา (sohdoh) [Pali] the stream (of human passion), the first degrees of sanctity โลทร (sote) โลทร andโลทัง [Pali] ear. hearing โสพร (sohpa') (of the King) [Pali] to

have a swelling

ได้กำ (soupah) (and other similar words) [l'ali] handsome, fine, welllooking

โสกิลาส โสเฟณี (sohpaynee) beautiful woman

เสา (sow) pillar, post — ที่น boundary stone — กระโคง mast

เล้า with ไม่ กระทั่ง (mie kra'toong sow)
(1) pile-driver (2) sticks for beating
time in a boat กับน — three legged stand

เการ์ (sow) [Pali] with พระ Saturn (planet) วัน — Saturday

เดาวิทินท์ (sowwa'khon) [Pali] per fumes (2) flowering shrub

ក្សារិជ្ជ (sowwa'nee) [l'ali] orders of the Queen, or the royal ladies

เสาวไปฏก (sowwa'pohdok) [Sansk] a talking bird

เสาเภาคย์ (sowwa'park) [San.] young and pretty girl

ing plant (sowwa'rot) [Sansk.] a flower-

lสา: (sau') with ทำ cowardice เกิก — crying, peevish child

เกาะหา (sau'-har) to seek for, to search สืบ — to get information เสารค้าย (sau' daie) to pull out a thread without tangling it สำ (sa'm) often, much, repeated

ล้า (sa'm) many, much

สำคิน (sa'kha'n) (1) mark, sign, evidence (2) principal thing, of chief importance เป็น — in witness whereof — วา to conjecture

กับเทิง (sa'mdaang) to show, display, reveal

สำทับ (sa'mta'p) to multiply accusations, to make repeated charges

สามาน (sa'mnooa'n) evasion, artifice, prevarication, subterfuge, deceit, sophistry

ส์ ใเนียง (sa'mnooa'ng) word s, language, speech, sounds

โสม (sohm) [Pali] moon

ได้มี (sohm) [Chin.] a scented medicinal plant, ginseng

โสมนัก (sohma'na't) and โสมนาการ [l'ali] to rejoice, to exult

lawf (sohlott) [Pali] (1) sixteen (2) a coin (— one sixteenth of a fuang, and one half of an att)

สำนัก (sa'mneuk) to reflect, to think over, conscious $_{11}^{*}$ — to acknowledge a fault, to repent, — $_{11}^{*}$ to come to oneself, recover one's consciousness

สำเนา (sa'mnow) written account, report

สำนัก (sa'mnaa'k) to halt, rest-house, lodging place

สำบกสำบัน (sa'mboo'k sa'mba'n) to do too often, to work beyond one's strength

สำปลิม (sa'mpleum) agreeable, exhilarating; name of a temple in Bangkok

สำโน (sa'mpa'n) [Malay.] a small river boat

ก็ให้ค์ (sa'mpa't) to touch — กิญเรอft, tender

สำเพง (sa'mpeng) junction of three roads, name of a street in Bangkok หญิง — courtesan

สำมาร: (sa'mpahra') [Pali] materials, neccessaries, furniture, ornaments สำเภา (sa'mpow) junk

สำมในครัว (sa'mma'nohkhrooa) census

สำหรัก (sa'mma'rot) pine-apple

ดีไม่เลื (sa'mma'lau) a jack-fruit

กำมะเกเทเมา (sa'mma'laytaymow) to carouse in bad company, to associate with the wicked

ทำมาชา (sa'mma'char) [Pali] theatre, concert, party — กา tax on dancing places, theatres, etc.

สารก (sa'mrot) broad belt of embroi-

dered cloth fig - marriage portion สาววิณ (sa'mrooan) to laugh, giggle สำหรัวที (sa'mrooat) to chant, intone, recite in - a wall made of planks and leaves สักวิน (sa'mrooa'm) to fit together, make up, compose, regulate สัวราย (sa'mrooi') fop, dandy, masher ล้าริคก and สำราก (sa'mrauk, sa'mrark) to vomit - 101 to scold. chide ล์าริค (sa'mritt) alloy of brass and dark metals สาฤทธิศก (sa'mritti'sok) [Pali] tenth year of the decennial cycle ล้าเหวี (sa'mray) (1) place of execution (2) name of a canal สา,วิจ (sa'mrett) finished, done with. completed My accomplished scholar, glossary, commentary สำเริง (sa'mrerng) joy, happiness สาโรง (sa'mrohng) a cotton tree

ชั่วเรา (sa'mrow) to abate (of fevers).

สารับ (sa'mra'p) (1) food, meals, pro-

visions (2) assortment, suit, set

สาหรับ (sa'mra'p) for, to, intended for,

fit for - nu suited for one another

สำนี

- nd for oneself

ล์าล (aa'mlee) cotton

สำกัด (sa'mla'k) choking, to be half suffocated

สำสม (sa'msom) to pile up, accumulate

กำสัญ (sa'msaun) collection of various people or things, miscellany, heterogeneous, disorderly

สำหาว (sa'mhow) (high word) bold, impudent, insolent ผู้ก — an edible

ground plant

สำขังไป (sa'm-oy) plausible, seductive, fawning

Tawning

สาขาง (sa'marng) clean, pure, neat

สเสม (sa'-som) to heap up, collect, add

สราชิ (sa'kaw) [Cambod.] white

สราก (sa'kaw) [Cambod.] หนุม — and

in the flower of youth, adult asin (sa'kar) draughts, back-gammon,

dice

สะการ (sa'kar) and สะการะ [Pali] (1) to sacrifice, to offer up, to pay respect, (2) flowers

arily so as to attract attention

as to attract attention

(sa'kett) shavings, film over a

scar

新にいせ (sa'kett) to wash the hair アデー a temple used for cremations

สมเก (sa'kaa) (1) an ash tree (2) dice

สะแก (sa'kaa) [Cambod.] dog

สะคริป (sa'khrau) a tree

สะคริย์ (sa'khrong) a tree with edible fruit

สาคร้าน (sa'khrarn) handsome

สะคริ่าว (sa'krowe) a large tree

สุดาัน (sa'kharn) a medicinal creeping plant

สรุกาย (sa'dahyoo') a large eagle

สมคับง (sa'dee'ang) curtain

สะคิง (sa'deung) window-frame

สรกิช (sa'deu) navel — ทรเล whirlpool in the ocean

สะเดา (sa'dow) a tree with eatable

สมเกาะ (sa'dau') to conjure, to work
by magic — เกาาห์ to avert by
magic, to cure by skill

สรักโม and สรักา (sa'da'm) [Cambod.] representative of the Chief Priest สรักาก (sa'dam') [Sansk.] pillar, post,

column

สุรูทิย (sa'tau) a fruit tree

สุรที่ (sa'ti') [Pali] mind, intellect, thought, reflection, attention

สะค์ (sa'teu) (1) a large bird (2) a tall fruit tree

- สรท์ (sa'too') to clean, to bleach, to dry (rice etc.)
- สะกา(sa'tar) [Pali] stable, enduring, permanent — ปั่นา to build again, repair, set up, establish
- สะกฏ (sa'toop) [Sansk.] pyramidal structure
- สรทุก สรทุกน (sa'tok sa'tarn) to tremble, to shudder, to be alarmed สรทุกน (sa'torn) (1) to rebound (2) a
- fruit tree η it is rumoured, made known
- สราทัน (sa'tarn) to tremble, shake, quiver
- กรีเพื่อน (sa'teua'n) to shake, to make to quiver
- สมทีน (sa'tern) to be disturbed in mind, ashamed; shame
- กรกรม (sa'ta'm) [Sansk.] correct law, philosophy
- สะปร (sa'bong) [Cambod] panung
- สะบา (sa'bar) a tree with a fruit like a large bean ลิก (1) fruit of this tree (2) knee-cap, gizzard, of birds, marble
- สะบุ (sa'boo) [Portug.] soap กัน soap plant ปกุง juice of this plant
- สมเยีย (sa'boey) content, satisfied

- สมิบ (sa'bai) [Cambod.] woman's scarf
 เขียง scarf worn sideways
- สรบัก (sa ba'k) shoulder-blade ไม่ hollow of the back between the shoulders — สรบับ knocked up, worn out
- สรบัก (sa'ba't) to shake สับ to wriggle; turn-coat, shifty ลก น้ำ restless by getting up and again lying down, agitation กิ ว้าย mad and sane at intervals
- ระบน (sa'ba'n) broken to pieces
- กะพัวง (sa'pra'ng) all, the whole, altogether
- สุรการ (sa'bha'wa') and สุรกาวร [l'ali] nature, essence, state of existence
- สะไฟ (sa pai) dauther-in-law พี น้อง wife of elder and younger brother
- กระมา (sa'mah) [l'ali khamah] to permit, forgive; pardon, permission
 - ไทย pardon for a fault :กรีกง offerings of tapers, flowers etc. made at confession
- สมาชิ (sa'marti') [Pali] steadfastness of mind, concentration of thought tranquillity
- สะมาบที่ (sa'marba'ti) [Pali] attain ment, result of devout meditation

the wrist (2) to keep on prodding

สมมาถา (sa'ma'ta') [Pali] tranquillity, quietude, cessation, self-denial, mortification of the body

สะระเทา (sa'ra'nar) see สุริณา

สะภะนิจั better สานิจั (sa'ra'na'ng refuge, asylum, protector, patron สะภะบุบ (sa'ra'ba'p) cloth of gold

สะกัพ (sa'larng) [of trees etc] standing thick together, numerous

สะวาน (sa'warn) gasping, panting, at the last gasp

สมาติวิทีวิทีที (sa'waytra'chat) [Sansk.] royal white umbrella [Alab. 297]

สะทาย (sa'hai) [Pali] comrade, friend, associate

สะหลั (sa'hat) better สหลั a thousand

A:DN (sa'om) a tree with edible leaves

กราก (sa'art) clean, neat, tidy

สะอง (sa'ing) scarf or desoration worn sideways

สรีปีที่สุรีโป็น (sa'itt sa'eea'n to refuse or draw back through modesty, to have qualms, to be disgusted

สะชิก (sa'euk) hiccup

ス おうな (sa'eun) sob

สะเอง (sa'aew) loins — บาง ร่าง น้อย slender, slim

an (sa'k) (1) to tie the sword-hilt to

or pushing, to bore many holes (3) to tattoo — I'M MIH to put a mark on a slave's arm UN NI a woodcock

in (sak) (1) teak (2) at least — init?

ลักกระลาค or ลักกหลาค etc. (sa'ka'lart) flannel (first known in Siam as of a scarlet colour)

สักไก (sa'kko) [Pali] a name of Indra สักชิ(sa'khee) [Pali] witness, one who knows

สักโค (sa'kkho) [Pali] heaven, the heavens, paradise

สกาว (sa'ka'rart) [Pali] era าก —
the old civil era พุทธ — the religious era กฤร — European era

สักริรา (sa'kra'wah) a kind of poetry

ลำลาก (sa'ka'lart) [En. scarlet] flannel

ลัง (sa'ng) to arrange

では、(sa'ng) to order, command 角)—
command, injunction, order ガニー
royal command 一 引作 to command
positively ー ず to leave word ー
る別 to instruct ー 記れ to blow
one's nose

สงกระส์ (sa'ngkra'see) zinc, corrugated iron

สังกา (sangkah) [Pali] to doubt, hesitate

สมเกิด (sa'ngkeyt) remembrance, to bear in mind, recognize, not to forget เคย — to know from experience ทาม — in its accustomed place or

state

กังกรทั้ง (sa'ngka'ta'ng) (1) not so well (2) confused

ถึงโก (sa'ngka't) (1) to limit, boundary (2) to be in the service of

สังข์ (sa'ng) [Pali] sacred spiral shell, conch

สังขลิก (sa'ngka'lik) [Pali] chains

สังขา (sa'ngkhah) [Pali] to doubt, hesitate

สังชาว (sa'ngkharn) (and other similar forms) [Pali] predisposition, controlling motive power [Alab. 235]

- 1771 principle of good and evil

สงาน (sa'ngkhi'nee) [Pali] a sacred book

กังเร็ก (sa'ngkhett) offering made to priests at a funeral

สงไทป (sa'ngkhep) [Pali] summary, compendium, to summarise, to abridge

สังคราก (sa'ngkha'wart) a small river

fish

याता see याताः

ส่งนวาช (sa'ngkha'rart) high priest

สังฆาฏิ [Pali] with ผ้า (pah sa'ngkharti') cloak of Buddhist monk

สงคร (sa'ngkhaa', and other similar forms) [Pali] living in common, monk, priest — ภาซ head of all the

priests — วากี to be one of the priests

- niil duties of a priest - nii one capital sins of a priest - nii one who looks after a number of priests [as teacher, protector, etc.]

สราไปก (sa'ngyoke) [Pali] contraction (gramm.) running together of letters (รล'ngwon) [Pali] to keep the senses in subjection, constraint, self-restraint

สังวาลย์ (sa'ngwarn) necklace of gold or silver worn cross-wise

สากุศ (sa'ngwart) and สมพาศ [Pali] to live together in peace, to cohabit สาเกษ (sa'ngweea'n) enclosure of a cock-pit

สังเวท (sa'ngwayt) compassion, pity

ถึงวิจนะระ (sa'ngwatcha'ra') [Pali] year, revolution of the year

สังวิทุยาย (sa'ngwa'ta'yai) [Sansk.] to recite, intone

week

สงสาก" [Sansk.] Sanskrit สังสาร: (sa'ngsahra') [Pali] succession of birth, continued existence, world, universe - 391 (and other forms) whirling of the world MINT (sa'nghon) to warn INW — angel warning กังทาว (sa'ngharn) [Pali] to kill, strike, destroy and ATT (sa't, sa'char) true, trusty for faithful | | judge's sentence 7191 (sa'tcha'ng) [Sansk.] truth ANT (sanchon) [Pali] to wander about, to stray, to go, to meet ลาสัญญาการี (sa'nya'karn) power of distinguching, discernment [Alab 237] Ann) (sa'nyah) to promise, agree, agreement, MUIND - written contract ถิญิญ (sa'nyee) [Pali] mind, senses, intellect, thought, perception MUINT and NUINF (sandote) abanodonment of earthly desires, contentment, happiness (sa't) (1) ta'nan, bushel (2) to copulate (of animals) (3) to drift an (sa't) [Pali] seven MINN (sa'tabba') [Pali] seven days,

สุทย and สุทยา (sa't, sa'tyah) [Singk.] true, truth สัตวิ (sa'troo) [Sansk.] enemy, hostile สุทิว (sa't) [Sansk.] animal, creature lwi - chief or best of a. - หนา ขน hairy-faced a. (expression of contempt). - เกียร์มาน irrational a. สัทะวา (sa'ta'wah) bird — ในวิ a parrot สักรภาริ (sa'ta'warn) [Saa.] week สัทธิา (sa'ttah) [Puli] fuith, truth (Ala. 184) trust, credit All (sa'n) (1) to select the best, having a good appearance, preferable AN - intelligent (2) edge ลัน (sa'n) to tremb'e, stagger, waver ลัน (sa'n) short, brief สนจาน (sa'ntahn) [Pali] shape, form สนุกอนุ (sa'ndaun) bar of a river, estuary สนทาน (sa'ndarn) and สนุทาใน [San.] spreading, extending, habit, usage กับ — a kind of colic ส้นโทษฐ์ (sa'ndote) [Sansk.] contentment, satisfaction, happiness สนท (sa'nta') [Pali] coarse, thick สนทช (san'too'tti') [Pali] contentment, happiness

สนุกะวา (sa'nta'wah) an edible waterplant สมทะพาภ (sa'nta'khart) [San.] of the arteries AU - corruption of the blood in the arteries (1) - physic for this discase #1477) (sa'nta't) (1) intermediate, middle-aged สาว - grown-up girl (2) skilful, expert สนถานุง (sa'ntarna'ng) [Pali] form. configuration, Conjunction [gram.] สนุนฐาน (sa'nni'tarn) [Pali] consummation, ascertaining, intelligence, to understand สนุนวาศ (sa'nni'wart) [Pali] association, to cohabit สนหลัง (sa'nla'ng) back-bone สันนิปาก (sa'nni'bart) [Pali] blage, congregation; to come together สบ (sa'p) to hack, cut up, hash — สบ coming and going, in different directions 99 - iron goad for elephants สบุคาห (sa'pdah-ha') [San. and Hebr.] week สัยประกัน (sa'ppra'don) obscene forms of speech or action สบบลบ (sa'ppla'p) to tell lies

สมสม (sa'bsonn) coming and going, in

different directions ลีปุคปี (sa'pa'kha'p) howdah กับเก (sa'pa'ngauk) to go off to sleep, to nod สบุท (sa'pa'too) [Malay.] serge สบทุน (sa'pa'tonn) coloured umbrella for grandee ลีปรูฟ (sa'pa'rot) [Sansk.] pine apple กับเทริก (sa'pa'reu) appointed to conduct cremations สประคับ (sa'pra'kha'p) howdall made of rattan สัปวิเทิน (sa'pra'don) one who uses obscene words or commits obscene actions สประยทช (sa'pra'yoot) fight. weapons สปกับ (sa'pla'p) to tell lies สพพบบ (sa'ppa'nn) versed in all sciences, omniscient สพยกา (sa'pa'yauk) to speak jestingly. MUJIN (sa'pa'rot) (1) a tree (2) bad omen สนพฤก (sa'npreu'dee) [Sansk.] enlightennent กัมพานานแ (sa'mpa'tcha'ra'chon) [P.] annual ceremony (of firing the guns, etc.) สมพนธรพงษ (sa'mpa'nta'pong) [San.]

affinity, kindred, relations

ทัมกา (sa'mmah) [Pali] thorough, proper, right, correct, stedfast — ทำพทโร having self-knowledge of all truths

สมมาปฏิวัน (sa'mma'ppa'tarn) [Pali] right exertion, meritorious effort [Alab. 226]

ส์สที่ (sa'sa'dee) [Sansk.] (1) sixteen (2) office of keeping the government slaves

И

N (haw = English h. aspirate: a high

letter

Nn (hok) (1) six — fill sixty (2) a small parrot (3) to spill, to upset, to lower on one side in — to dissimulate, prevaricate; liar

Nill (hong) [Sansk.] goose, swan

Nill (ha'noo') [l'ali] chin, jaw

Nillill (ha'noo'marn) a giant monkey

Nn (hot) to draw back, draw in, contracted, withdrawn

Nill (ha'taie) [Pali] heart, mind, soul

Mu (hon) direction nr - to search

for, look for any — to disappear

Mu (hon) time, times — Nul Adv

[Alab, 237]

etc. once, twice, etc. — Uff first time — NAJ last time

NIFIN (horakhoo'n) line of figures, product, total

Min (horadee) South-west

ทราษา (ba'nsah) [Sansk.] laughter, mirth, merry, to enjoy

หรี (ha'ri') [Pali] green พระ — รักษ Vishnu

หวิกญไซย (ha'ri'poo'nchaie) Laos, Laosians

หฤทย (ha'reutai) [Sansk.] heart

ที่ (hooa'ng) to keep back, reserve — ลึ ที่ง jealousy

ที่วิง (hooa'ng) (1) ring, hook, knot, buckle (2) obstacle, impediment

ที่วง (hooa'ng) (1) ditch, excavation, river, flood (2) stage or portion of a journey

MIN (hooa't) (1) to cut, to mow (2) whip, scourge (3) a round vessel or mould, used especially for cooking glutinous rice

ทวน (hooa'n) to turn, to come back, to reverse

ทวย (hooi') lottery ที่ว — lottery number or figure

ที่วิป (hooi') rivulet, creek, stream

หวี (hooa') (1) head — ๆวาน wood-

pecker - Illy croupier, a tax on games - 17 president - Wil chief of the King's pages - NNU commander of 10,000 men, General ludy chief town, capital — NIS inful garlic - non onion ill na god-mother Was 197 ag - the King (2) num. design. of onions, etc. หวิ and หวิ วิชิ (hooa' raw) to laugh เก็น - to play about អ្នក្សា (hooa'raw) dam or defence against water Ma (haw) [Chin.] exclam. of approval, 'tis well Me (haw) tower, residence of a superior noble - us reception hall infins. King's warehouse - Inil pagoda library - AUA library MA (haw) to wrap up; a bundle (of books, linen, etc.) ng (hau) quickly หลูก (hauk) lanee, javelin — ปลาย ยู่น bayonet - In short far-darting javelin May with and (chaung haung) proud, haughty

antc-chamber ทฤน (haun) to howl ทอน (hon) [Laos.) never ทอบ (haup) [phon.] (1) to pant (2) to take up a bundle ที่อิม (haum) (1) sweet-smelling, scented (2) onion ที่ปุ่ม (haum) (1) to accompany (2) a figure by which a space is enclosed ทาย (hoi) shell-fish — กระพง bivalve _ โขง snail — สังข์ a kind of shell trumpet; conch — TIN oyster IL - to dive for shells भ्रमिध (hoi, to hang down, suspended M7 (hah) to seek, look for 77 - to get, fetch, procure 114 - to complain of a person's absence; keepsake lin - to call, summon ทามี(hah mi') and หาไม่ no, not หา uln not at all (hah) (1) abundant (of rain), copious (2) plague 1 - demon of the plague, plague fiend (3) num. design, of jars-full of water หา้ (hah) [Chin.] five ทุก (hark) capable of ทอง (haung) apartment, room — นอก | หาก and — วา (hark wah) supposing



that ทาง (harng) tail, extremity aloes - fi) corner of the eye second brew (of tea, etc.) - Ina angrai, a tree with medicinal bark no - [cock-fighting term] to take up a cause, to back — ព្រំៗ Chinese pig-tail ্যা (harn) brave, bold, audacious Mart) reef, shoal ทาน (harn) divisor [arithm.] ทาน (harn) goose, swan ทาง (harp) to carry on the shoulder; a load, 100 catties or pounds, hundredweight, quintal ทาม (harm) unripe MIN (harm) and — LIIN to prohibit. forbid, prevent un; - and - 1174 royal concubines nil (hai) (1) to be cured (2) to rest to draw breath, breathing (3) to be lost, to disappear - INAN to diminish, to moderate NII (harn) arithmetical division มากา (hahreu) to hold council *177 (hah'oo) (1) to yawn (2) proud, vain,

lewd nan — in the open air an and AN - to speak impudently สวา - a plant with blue flowers M)? (howe) (1) bold, impudent (2) over-ทุง (hing) with มะหา assa fœtida พิงห์อย (hing hoi) fire-fly ที่ง (hing) shelf - ที่ก ฝา shelf for fixing on wall, bracket พรุษ (hing) [Pali] to hurt, damge, injure nu (hin) [Pali] inferior, bad, vile. wretched - In disreputable no (hit) itching ทุน (hin) stone, rock — ลาย marble — แมเหลิกloadstone, magnet - เหล็ก ไฟ flint — ปาก นก flint for gun Ny (hin) [Chin.] gambling in lotteries MLI (him) to prune, to cut off ที่เวล (himma') [Pali] snow, frost, dew — พานท and — วนท (1) Himalayas (2) snowy forests, fairy-land [Alab. 6. 1907 អ៊ី (hi'ri') [Pali] to be ashamed, to fear ที่วิญ (hi'ra'n) [Pali] gold, bullion, treasure, riches M) (hi'oo') to be hungry, exhausted,

ing, noise



11) (hi'00') to carry in a hanging position N (hee) pudenda, mulierum ក្ស (hee) and ហេដ្ធ withering, fading ทย (heep) (1) to press, crush ลกwlinder used for crushing (2) box — เฟลง organ, piano, musical box - ๆ accordion — เหลก safe INI (heeya') see วิร ,หป าหูป (heea') land crocodile เหรีก (heea'k) semen humanum (opprobrious word, with Dill to men, with n to women) ingly (heeaing) a hard tree เทยน (heea'n) to feel sick, nausea หน - to turn, to whirl ไทยน (heea'n) to be worn out, spoilt, stripped เทยน (heea'm) cruel, harsh INUI (beeoo') fading, withering No (heu'ng?) (1) to envy, jealous (2) [Laos.] (of time) long NI (heung) (1) a ball (2) [phon.] noise of bees, of a gong, etc., humming, buzzing, droning

My (heung) and MN [phon.] resound-

M? (heut) asthma หน (heun) rancid My (heun) greedy; lust เทอ (heua') and นา — sweat, perspir-IMPN (heua't) (1) to be diminished (2) white spots on the skin ทุง(hoo'ng) to boil ทุง with ละ (la' heung) castor-oil plant Иц (hoo'n) [Chin.] (1) (weight) the fifth part of a fuang (2) the eighth part of a niew or Siamese inch ทีย (hoo'n) hasty, violent Mil (hoo'n) (1) form, type (2) puppets ทีน (hoo'n) [Chin.] and — สวน shares (in a business or company) หย (hoo'p) to shut MII (hoo'm) to cover, veil, clothe y (hoo?) ear I — ear-wax n L ring [] — outer part of the ear y (hoo) partly closed, partly open ทุก (hook) a weaver's instrument หก (hoot) wart In (hay?) to deviate, to be displaced, inclined IN (hay) sound of a woman soothing a

child to sleep, to make a noise espec. of men paddling the King's bargel inf (hett) mushroom inf (het) [Pali] circumstance, condition, event, cause, principle 37 hatred, vindictive - un cause and effect — 27 and — 1791 because In and — Miln why? — Is what is the matter? ing (hep) to see - lin to suspect -ุ ๆ คู่! to approve of — คั่วย to agree $-\hat{\eta}$ apparently, probably $-\hat{\eta}$ to be sure, to be known — 3? to think probable Inu (hen) with a weasel ម្រើឦ (hep) small sand insect which attacks the skin ING (hep) and an - hail, hail-stone inn (haym) canopy over a coffin INA (haym) [Pali] gold INU N(원 (haym hong) goose เทมนท์ (hayma'n) [Pali] winter [117] (hayrah) dragon, crocodile 1117 (hao') valley, precipice night a fish

IMU (hern) to fly over the land in a. miraculous manner, to go, to travel [MI] (herp) to trickle III (haa?) cast-nest * Ill (haa) to accompany, to walk in procession IM (haa) noise of enraged animal unn (haak) to break open, to force open INJ (haang?) bold, vigorous, courageuns (hang) (1) place (2) of Illy (haang) dry, faded UMP (haat) [phon.] sound of lashes แทน (haan) (1) to accompany, to guard หาน — royal concubine เผา — to go to the King (2) to refuse แทน (haan) [phon.] (1) action of gnawing (2) bark of a dog about to bite ម្រើប (haap) (1) dried up, rough, hoarse (2) music UNJ (haao) Chinese truffle ให้ (hie) (1) to give — คิ with care ได้ it is necessary ยุก — to give up - สุน entirely — ทา to call (2) to cause (with ot her verbs, as) - ?

to show (3) let (sight of the Imper.)

In (high) pitcher, small jar — Uzin collar-bone ly (hai) an aquatic plant In (hie) and In - to cry, weep ไทย (hai) [Pali] horse ไทวิณ (haironn) [Sansk.] gold, treasure, money ใหหล้า (haila m) [Chin.] Hainan (hoe) shouts lu (hoh) a fish lys (hohng) plague-demon lun (hoht) ill-tempered, peevish INN (home) to urge on, to rush in, violently lui (hoey) to cry, groan, lament lus (hone) and luss (hohrah) [San.] astrologers, soothsayers [Alab. 175] ไทริภา (hora'pah) a herb Ing with 112 (ma'hohreee) a musical instrument MISTO with HS (ma'hohra'teuk) [S.] a drum made (by the Kareans) of several metals

in (how?) louse nd - the eighth part

part of the fore-going

in? (how) to bark

of a grain of rice | 9 - eighth

venomous

snake in ?; (haw') to be carried in the air No (ha') [excl. stopping a person.] Mari') [Pali] (1) green (2) enemy Mn (ha'k) to break, to reduce, to deduct — 1 to restrain oneself — 33 to clear a field, jungle, or forest in to set off (one debt against another) - Mill and - Insi to oppose by force, to attack without fear Mf (ha't) (1) to exercise, practise (2) a rash which comes out on children ทุกกาณก (ha'ttahneuk) [Pali] host of elephants ทัก or หก (ha'ttee) [Pali] male elephant - AM vulture with beak like elephant's trunk หก and หกัก (hat) [Pali] hand, elbow ลาย พระ ราช — the King's handwriting ทักถะบาส (ha'tta'bart) [Pali] string passing from elbow to elbow, the line of priests sitting in line, with this string connecting them И Пи (ha'tteenee) [P] female elephant Ny (ha?) to turn, reverse, deviate no - weather-cock ni - and - ni

In the last of the vowels, q. v. —

If to draw one's breath

NH (kn'n) to cut in pieces

NI (ha'p) to shut, to fold, to shut off

NII (ha'm) to hold down firmly — NII

to hold with one hand and cut with
the other, to act imperiously

M

**M (law bahlee = Eng. l. and at the end of a word n. Sansk. l. and d. A low letter) - IN name of this letter

**M (lot) for law half an att

Û

f (haw cheea' soon = strong h. a low letter) - 1755 1 name of this letter
f) (hah) [phon.] (sound of laughing)
f) (hah) [Chin.] (sound of pain, word
of disapproval)
f) [Chin.] expression of
triumph or defiance
f (hee') [phon.] neighing of horses
f) (heu'k) [Chin.] impetuous

J (heu) [Chin.] (1) groaning (2) noise of moving, of a crowd, etc. vehemently My (heut) [Chin.] panting, breathless My (hoo't) [Chin.] (1) to blow (tinder) (2) to lift up គ្រីប្រ (hooi') [Chin.] (excl.) very nearly! __ la shout of men pulling **j** (hook) [phon.] (1) large horned owl (2) to weave cloth My (hoom) [phon.] roar of elephant, report of cannon lg (hey) shouts of joy - in - in and _ ልገ shouts of workmen dragging logs [পুণু (hoy) [Chin.] (excl.) come here ! (ha') lexcl. of surprise or prohibition] ill (haa) (1) come here! (2) escort of many men III (haa) cry to attract attention ugu (haan) [phon.] neighing of horses liff (haa') (1) noise of laughing (2) shout to attract the attention If (ho) weeping, wailing lin (hoke) (1) sound of vomiting (2) sound of an animal attacking ไซเทล (hotenn) [Fr.] hotel

In (hoey) [in answering] here I am!

In (how) [to elephants] stop and kneel

(ha') (1) [exclam. of prohibition]

stop (2) to shout out

(ha'k) out of breath, panting

(na'k) to sneeze

7

1 (aw = English short a. or more commonly short ai. and short o. Sansk. short a. Reckoned by Siamese grammarians as a consonant, a Guttural and a middle letter)

n (a') privative prefix, as in Greek and Sanskrit

forming the peak of a roof — 170 alas!

ann (a'ka'nitt) [Pali] greatest, highest, several, to abound

anna (a'koo'sonn) [Sansk.] want of merit, sin, sinful

nerit, sin, sintui nerit, sin, sintui nerit, undone, unmade, wanting in merit, undeserv-

ing

1 (ong) subst. of personality — In

and — UN Cochin-Chinese priest

W: — ladder — 377 bold, powerful, rash

a very large number, army, host*

[of Kings, priests, etc.] num. design. of Kings, princes, etc. With a sign. of Kings, princes, etc.

algily (a'khopi'nee) and plany (Pali)

a non-princess องคชาที่ (ongka'chart) [Pali]

บากก (ongkoo'lee) [Pali] finger, finger's breath, inch, half the thumb พา:

— King's finger 引針 (ongsar) [Jansk.] sun

brum virile

NU (a'ngoo'n) juice of grape ลิก

grape nu - vine un - wine
Trulffl (a'chintai) and Trulff [Pali]

inconceivable, incomprehensible

DNATILEN (a'noo'kra'beea't) [San.]
one eighth of a niew

ปีโฟกาษ (a'nohdart) source of rain, one of the seven great lakes of Himaphan [Alab. 296]

of (ot) to bear, sustain, abstain from

— In patience — IN — BINIT to

fast — NUN patient, benign — Ac fasting, Lent

TMMH (ottonn) to suffer, endure patiently

กกลาน (otsah) [Sansk.] to endeavour,

try ชกส (otsoo) shame, shameful

nnn (a'dit) [Pali] past, the past

ากคร (a'di'son) [San.] glorious, magnificent, great

771179 (a'di'reck) [Pali] excessive.

splendid, magnificent 1717 (a'doo'n) [Pali] incomparable, ad-

mirable

ชาลย์ (a'doo'n) [Sansk.] dissimilar, unequal

only (a'ta'no) [Pali] self, spontaneous

ชิกสาร (a'ti'sarn) nearly dead, at the Point of death

TIME (a'tohsoh) [Pali] freedom from

anger, absence of passion [Alab. 37] อิทิริร์ม (a'ta'm) [Pali] lawless, irreli-

gious 別行以)何 (a'ti'ka'mart) double month

(8th) in the Siamese leap-year

ชิกิร์ วิวิม (a'ti'ka'm) [Pali] (1) great sin

(2) a Pali book

ชิกิกวิาช (a'ti'ka'rart) [San.] supreme King

TINIT (a'ti'karn) [P.] (1) office, authority, function, resolution (2) chief of a monastery or convent

ชิติภูเซียยะ (a'titr-tayya') [Pali] to fix, set up, appoint

DITTIU (a'ti'tarn) to make vows, to

make prayers, firm purpose, determination [Alab. 184]

刊刊序 (a'ti'bodee) [Pali] grandee, chief official, mandarin

ปีที่ป่าย (a'ti'bai) [Pali] (1) wish, intention, meaning (2) to publish, to

explain fin (a'teuk) [Sansk.] severe, harsh

ปีโคล (a'ti'seen) [Pali] eminent merit

Ng (a'toh) [Pali] under, beneath, be-

low, low - Min lower side

อน (on) with Man animal — อน oppressed in mind, perplexed, unable to make plans, at one's wit's end

Auje (a'nong) woman, fine woman

อนุนุท (a'nonta') and อนุนุท [Pali] indefinite, boundless, infinite

อนา (a'nah) within, within bounds

คนารกร and อนาเขต (a'nahcha'k, nahket) frontiers, boundaries

กูนากท (a'narkhot) [Pali] the future

คนาดมา (a'narta'mah) [Sansk.] not oneself, illusory, false [Alab. 227]

punn and punn (a'nart) to fear, to

dread

อนาทร (a'nahton) [Pali] regardless, reckless, careless, desperate อนาราษ see อันะราษ

อนาวรณ์ (a'nahwon) [Sansk.] uncovered, unobstructed, manifest อนิจา (a'nichah) [Pali] อนิจร and อนุจุง not lasting, unstable, transitory,

วันมีค (a'ni'mitt) [San.] without cause and without effect

อนิกะ (a'ni'la') [Pali] wind, air — ปก sky

ในปม (a'ni'yom) [Pali] uncertain, unusual, inproper

THI (a'neung) therefore, accordingly, then

11 (a'noo') [Pali] according to, after, near, towards

the (a'noo') [Pali] small, minute, a measure of 36 Paramanu

Bung (a'noo'kon) and Bung to act according to example or order, imitate

บินกาม (a'noo'krom) [Sansk.] in order, in rank

อนกุล (a'noo'koon) [Pali] to help, support, aid

อนเคราะ (a'noo'krau') [Sansk.] patronage, help, assistance The first of the f

อนุทา (a'noo'char) [Pali] younger

ยนชาที่ (a'noo'chart) [S.] according to one's kind, hereditary disposition ยนญาท์ (a'noo'yart) [Pali] to consent, allow, permit, sanction

อนุปกมมะ (a'noo'pa'kha'mma') [Pali] going up to, getting close to

อนพนธ์ (a'noo'pa'n) [Pali] consequence, succession, to follow, to tie together, to connect, to compose อนภาพ (a'noo'parp) [Pali] dignity,

majesty, supernatural power, divine authority

อนุมาน (a'noo'marn) inference, conjecture, doubt

บนโปค (a'noo'yohk) to question, to interrogate, to exert oneself

อนุโรท (a'noo'rote) and อนุโรไทย vulg. for อรุโณท etc.

อนุษา (a'noo son) [Pali] to call to mind, think of, remember

บนุสนที่ (a'noo'sonn) [Pali] connection, application, to add

อนสาคน์ (a'noo'sart) [Pali] to teach, instruction

ยนใสย (a'noo'sai) [Pali] inclination, disposition, tendency or bent of the

mind

อนสะ (a'noo'sa') and อนสสที [Pali] to think of, remember

อนสุ (a'noo'sa't) [Sansk.] faithful, true, stedfast

ฟินก (a'nayk) [Pali] more than one, several, many

ปินไทย (a'nohtai) [Sansk.] sun

ปันท (a'noha') [Pali] unerring, prudent

อนนท์ (a'na'n) and อนุนทร [Pali] endless, boundless, infinite

กินหตราร (a'na'nta'ra') [Pali] uninterrupted, continuous; infinite series, eternity

fill (op) to perfume, scent — IN (1) to incense (2) to take care of, to be kind to

อบเขีย (opchoey) cinnamon

อิบีฟรีบิบี (oppa'yop) to migrate, emigrate, go into captivity

ปีบาย (a'baie) hell

ปีใช่ (a'poh) [Pali] water

ปีปริกาทิ (a'pra'paht) portionless

วิปัว (a'pa'rah) [Pali] unconquered

ไขย unvanquished

ชโพกาศ see ชโภกาศ

กีพรบบ (a'pa'yop) see กับพรบบ

מוֹן (a'pahra'ng) [San.] out of work, idle, at leisure

fore, over, upon, over and above, more, most

ชิกิสาน (a'pi'tahn) [Sansk.] name, noun

อกบาล (a'pi'barn) [Sansk.] to watch over, take care of

อีกิรีมย์ (a'pi'romm) [Sansk.] pleasure,

satisfaction

ชิกิริม (a'pi'roo'm) pomp, apparel

อกลาย (a'pi'larp) [Pali] appellation, speaking to, conversation

วิกิลาฟ (a'pi'lahp) [Pali] reaping, harvest

อภิวาท (a'pi'wart) and อภิวันท์ [Pali] to salute, adore

ปีกิสเมา: (a'pi'sa'maycha') [Pali] to comprehend, fully understand

ชิกิโสก (a'pi'sayk) [Pali] sprinkling, consecrating (of a King)

ชโภกาศ (a'pohkart) [Sansk.] spacious, ample, a Heaven

My (om) to keep in the mouth

ปังวิ (a'monn or a'ma'ra') [Pali] Indra

olulu (a'moho) [Pali] freedom from folly, emancipation from ignorance, enlightenment [Alab. 37]

อิมาาา (a'ma'tchah) [Pali] minister, courtier, magistrate

อยมีนี้ (a'ya'moo'nee) [Pali] see อะริยมณี อย่า (yar) and หย่า (1) not, do not — เพอ

not yet (2) to separate, to depart, to divorce DUN (yarng) and MUN mode, way. manner, kind, species, custom, fashion MIDEIN pattern, specimen. A: It how - is why in any way DUNG (a'yoo'tt) [Sansk.] invincible. impregnable วิยีทริยา (a'yootta'yah) [Sansk.] Ayuthia, old capital of Siam त्रध (yoo) (see under ध) to remain, to be ชีย์ฟก (yoopa'k) (see under ป) rest DIII (a'kk) [Sansk.] foremost, uppermost, top, point, summit ชิวิวิชีน (a'nchoo'n) (1) cloud (2) angel ชิวิวิณีฟ (anopp) [Sansk.] ocean, sea, lake TIIN and TIIN: (a't, a'tta) [Sansk.] lawsuit, cause, case, article, chapter, text Tibl (a'roy) savour, taste, savoury ชีวิ (a'ri') and ชีวิณ [Pali] enemies ਰਿੰਬ: (a'ri'ya') [Pali] venerable, holy, pious; saint Till (a'roo'n) [Pali] dawn, day-break อรโณท (a'roo'note) and อรโณไทย [P.] dawn, rising sun होती: (a'roopa') [Pali] formless, bodi-

less, inmaterial Ali see Aili anna (a'longkot) [Pali] adorned. embellished บิกากวิณ (a'longkorn) [Pali] ornament, decoration 1W1011111 ornamented hair-pin, Chulalonkorn (name of H. M. the King of Siam) กลมาน (ola'marn) tumult, disturbance. riot ANII! (ola'wayng) outcry, uproar ANA (a'laung) clear, white, clean, fair อลาคพาก (a lartpart) to scatter อเลื่อย เนื่อย better เกล็ลยเนื่อย (a'leui' neui') languid ปลก (a'lohk) and ปลกา [Pali] seeing, sight, light, bright, shining, clear, open ชโกโก (a'lohpo) freedom from covetousness, absence of desire [Alab. 37] กลาโภ (a'la'mpoh) snake-charmer. King of serpents อิกังการ (a'la'ngkarn) [Pali] ornameuts ชิลิชิช (a'la'tchee) [Pali] impudent. bold, brazen-faced, lawless টীন (ooa'k) [phon.] sound of vomiting, nausea, sickness 137 (ooa't) (1) to show anything that one is proud of, to divulge, to boast no to make a show by dressing

up — 171 to call witness to one's character or in one's praise (2) vain, boastful

nou (coa'n) net n - nv - to throw the net

อวน (ooa'n) fat, full-blown ควา — fat and white

TIN (ooa'm) to cover

full and pretty face

ਹਿੰਪੂ (vey) (1) to give (2) to wish

Tinn? (a'wa'harn) [Pali] to cheat, to steal

ชีวาหา (a'wah-har) [Pali] bringing a wife home, marriage

กิสา (a'vee'chah) [Pali] ignorance, error

ปัวบรวร and อวับวร (a'waiya'wa') [P.] limb, member, body

172 (a'wa') [Pali] from above, down from, from, of

ชวะชาที่ (a'wa'chart) [Pali] degenerate

27:977 (a'wa'tarn) [Sansk.] descending, swooping down, earthly manifestations of a divinity, Avatar; a name of Indra

ชวะทาร (a'wa'harn) [Pali] to steal

ววีเวีย (ooa' eea') languid, feeble

กสุงใจย (a'songkhai) [Pali] unnumerable, infinite อสาพคม (a'sa'ra'pitt) [Pali] venomous animals

อสบทร (a'sa'patta') oath, imprecation

ชิสุกริ (a'soo'kree) see วาสุกริ

อกุ (a'soo'chee') [P.] unclean, impure

ปัสุชิล (a'soo'chon) [Pali] tears

ปัส แ (a'soo'nee) and ปัส แ etc. [Pali]

ปิสุภิ (a'soo'pa') [Pali] ugly, nasty, disagreeable

ng f and ng f (a'soora', a'sooree) [Pali]

fallen angel, gaint (male and female), devil. [Alab, 192]

ปิโสกา (a'sohkar) [P.] free from sadness

อโสเกนี (a'sopaynee) see นครโสเกนี

ปิสระพิศม์ (a'sohra'pitt) [Sansk.] venomous, venom, serpent

อัสญีญ (a'sa'nya') and — กรรม [Pali] to die

อสมพินพงษ (a'sampinpong) blood relations

UN (a'hee') [Pali] snake

บิโทสิกรรม (a'hohsi'ka'm) [Pali] lost. utterly gone [Alab. 47,48]

INVITY (a'ha'ngkarn) [Pali] selfishness, pride, arrogance, to boast, to threaten

BND 75 (a'ha'ncha') we, us

70

11 (au | second of the vowels

11 and 11 (au?) oh! (word meaning "I understand")

10 110 (au aa) feeble, effeminate, indolent, idle

11 (au) oh!

11 (au l) oh l

17 (aul) (1) reed, rush, bullrush (2) to speak fluently - 110 feeble, effeminate, idle (3) only able to talk a little

11 (aul) ohl (meaning "I recollect now")

111 (auk) out, away, exempt, to go out or away, to put forth, to utter - 114 to spend money 1917 — to go in and out, to go often backwards and forwards, to frequent - In exempt

from service - an to give birth.

IN to rise from child-bed

110 (auk) a large bird of prey

10 and 16 (aung) neat, bright

201 1107 (aung eng) slouching about, manner of walking, speaking, etc.

DBN HBN (aut aat) (1) feebly, indistinctly (2) to complain

124 (aun) soft, tender, feeble a - light colour lul - and - Mully and - as to get weak - ulu (1) to consent. yield (2) to be afraid un - bird which builds edible bird's nest Cou (aun) lachrymose, weak-minded.

puerile 111 (aup) [phon.] croaking of frogs

DOWN f (auffiss) [Engl.] office

DDH (aum) tortuous, winding, wund-

ិញ្ញ្រ (oie) sugar-cane

BBIBIU (ora'tarn) all gone, to disappear

DDJUN see DJJNN lake, sea

and at the begining of a word 11 (lark kharng: third of the vowels: long a as in English "grass," "path," etc.) กาก ข้าง name of this letter

(ah) (1) (excl. of surprise and admiration) ah! (2) younger brother or sister of the father

17 (ah) to deck oneself, to dress up -Diff to put on full dress (of a Royal person)

1) (art) (1) to open (2) to hold up (3) [exclam.] ah!

and monopolies 474 - tax farmer 17117 (ahkarn) [Pali] appearance, symptom; character [Alab. 240] Think (ahkaht) [Pali] sky, air, atmosphere, space, open air, vacuum Mu - name of the 18th vowel กาเกยาน (arhkeea'n) [Sansk] spread, diffused, scattered about 1 (ah-keung) [Chin.] ship-builder, ship-writght all (ahkoon) [Pali] confused, troubled, dirty, odious, foul 77777 (arka'ngkhar) desires. desires 1711 (arka'p) [Pali] manner, mode,

fashion — 17177 character บาทียก (arkha'yok) to join, joining อากเทยี (arkha'nay) [S.] South-East 1771 (arkhom) [[Pali] sacred forms; religion Tim: (arkha') [Pali] to come বীমঃ (arkha') [Pali] sin, suffering, evil ชากินที่ก็: (arkha'ntoo'ka') [Pali] cidental, casual, mendicant BIFILM: (ahka'mma') to call out for, to summon by calling

റ്റവറു (arkhart) [Pali] malice, ill-will, revenge, anger, angry 271 2474 (arng kha'narng) to hesitate. to be shy, bashful 1) (arng) (1) large bowl, wide-mouthed jar (2) stammering, stuttering 13 - [phon.] bull-frog 171 (ahng) to rely upon, to use the services of MI - to agree in testimony วิปสุเม - to offer oneself as a witness in support DN MM (arngtaung) name of a Province (golden bowl) 177 (art) daring, bold, capable - 77 1177 able, powerful 113 - rash, imprudent 1774 (archom) [Pali] excrement 1777 (archart) soaked, preserved 17777 (archarn) [Pali] conduct, practice, manners อาจาริย์ (archahria') อาจาริย์ and อาจาริ [9] [Pali] teacher, tutor, preceptor 17701 (archinn) [Pali] (1) to heap up, accumulate (2) continual (3) to become mad by thinking กาจีนใก etc. see กจินใก 1717917 (archeea'n) to vomit, to be sick ป่าใจกา (archeylok) [P.] naked ascetics

naga (archar) horse

77971 (archeewok) [P.] naked ascetics

ขาฏานา (artarnar) [Pali] shooting with *cannon

ชาญา (ahyar) [Pali] Royal order กา to inflict punishment ANU — important law-suit ATA - inferior tribunal

ชานารกร (arnarcha'k) [San.] dignity, majesty, jurisdiction, sovereignty, dominion, dominions

noise of a cart

17/17 (ardoora') [P.] diseased, affected

Times (ahtamah) [Sansk.] I, he, him,

self — NAW I (of priests speaking to the King or to a person of importance)

anni (arta'n) (1) relic buried in the earth (2) boundaries of a town or village, such as stones, pillars, etc.

Mins (ahtohng) see Mins ostentation, pomp, show, proud

diffine (artart) [P.] mirror, telescope. microscope

179 better 171 (arti') [P.] over, above, first, superior, excellent, more

อาทุคย (artitt) [Sansk.] and พระ

sun [Alab. 217] Ju - Sunday

BAH (arn) (1) to sharpen (2) to beat [2] (arp) 27 and 31 [Pali] water

severely (3) saddle

Thu (ahn) to read, to consider Fift to calculate

อาน (ahn) clean, shining, bright

ปานนท (arnonn) [Pali] (1) joy, happiness (2) a disciple of Buddha

อานาภาพ see อานภาพ

stedfast

2747177 (arnahrohk) [Pali] free from

อานา (arnitt) [San,] pity, indulgence, compassionate

บานสมุส (arnisong) [Pali.] effect of good actions, reward, good result อานัก (arnoo'sa't) [P.] true, faithful,

ฏานภาพ (arnoo'parp) dignity, authority, power, influence

071 (arp) [Sansk.] to wash, to bathe, to sprinkle - u) to take a bath -ITI to be drenched, soaked — III to

perfume - MM to gild

อาปุศ (arbitt) a wine or liqueur

อาป ที่มา (arputchar) [P.] to ask leave to withdraw

ปิวุบิว(ahba'm) Malay cakes

ML n (arba't) [Pali] sin, guilt — nn absolution

a) Will (arpart) [Pali] illness, sickness. to be ill

2)W/ (arpa't) to bless (wine)

อากรีณี (arponn) and อากรถึง [Pali] decorations, ornaments, vestments 1711 (ahpah) slpendour, ray; radiant.

shining

nnw (arpa'p [Pali] non-existence. deprivation, disaster, ruin, miserable

The (armitt) [Pali] object of enjoyment, bait, temptation, bribe

1711: (ahma') [Pali] yes

าป (aie) (1) vapour, emanation (2) leakage (3) shame, to be ashamed 178 (aie) [Laos.] eldest brother

วาย (ai) [Laos.] first เกียน - the first

Sigmese month วาย (ail) and อาย (ail) [exclam. pain] ah !

กายสม (ahyoo') [Pali] age

1777 (ahra'tee) [Pali] to refrain from

ATTICH (ahrom) [Pali] object of sense. thought, idea, affection, disposition, quality [Alab. 236]

analy (ahrahta'nah) [P.] invitation of priests

ชาวัย (ahria) and ชาวัย [Pali] vener-

able, holy, sanctified, saint 62 lung the Buddha who is next to

กาก กากก (ahroo'k koo'kkik) .rough TININ (ahroo'm) (1) cloudy (2) Constantinople

1711 (ahrohk) a forest tree

DITHY (ahra'k) [P.] guard, guardian, protection; to guard, to watch Mill (ahra'n) [Pali] wood, forest

DIMILI (ahra'p) Arab

DINAIN (ahlart) dispersed, scattered. disordered

analy (ahling) [Pali] to embrace

TIME (ahlie) [Pali] longing, desire, attachment, love

กากะมาร (ahla'marn) (1) half cooked. underdone, several persons acting together

ชาละวก (ahla'wok) [Pali] a famons ! giant

บากายณ (ahla'k) [Pali] royal scribe. royal writer

MAN (ahla't) and MANN scattered. dispersed

กากคท (ahla'tchee) better ขกฎๆ [Pali] brazen-faeed, impudent, lawless 17] (ou) [L.] father's younger brother

177 (ou) bay, gulf

(2) (excl.) hallo! 197— a small sea-fish

ชาวาศ (arwaht) and ชาวาโค [Pali] dwelling for priests, monastery ชาวาท (arwah-ha') [Pali] wedding

Things (arwoo't and Things [Pali] weapons, arms

final (arwoo'soh) [Pali] brother [address of one priest to another]

finw(ahsopp) [Sans] putrid corpse

อาศรม (ahsomm) [Sansk.] hermitage, cell, religious order

ถาได้วับ (ahsai) [Sansk.] to take refuge, to go to a house, to live, dwell, dwelling

THE (art) and PIH: I see DIAN etc.

이 기보기 (arsah) assistance, auxiliary

ปีกิลีน (arsonn) note, bill

ปิสน์ (art) and อาสนัง [Pali] seat

ชาษาพี าา (arsarnhah) [Pali] constellation of the 8th month [Alab. 97]

อาสาหะ sse อาสาพัหา

อาสักย์ (ahsa't) perjury, lying, lie อาสัน (ahsa'n) [Pali] approach, propinquity

D

but in other cases the upper portion only is used, and is placed over the consonant which precedes the vowel sound]—short i, as in Engl. in; fourth of the vowels Will—and AT:—names of this yowel

81 (ing) to lean upon MHBH — cushion

ni:fnu — back of a seat thu — to call as a witness

กง with สะ (sa'-ing) ornament worn as a scarf sideways

านา (itchar) [Pali] envy, jealous, covetous

ปีกุป and ปีแกก (itchooi, itchaak) to squander

อีฐ (itt) [Pali] brick

วิฐ (itta') [Pali] to wish, desire

อิณ: (inna') [Pali] debt

and — Iss wearied, dispirited

วิ: — วิ:อา disgusted สุ: — สะ เกียน (1) affrighted, startled, horri-

fied, aversion (2) a measure of 12 niew

วิที (itti) [Pali] (1) thus, in this way,

indeed (2) bad, unlucky, calamity nn: (itta') [Pali] (1) patient (2) from this time 10 (ittee) [Pali] woman, female nnn (itthi') [Pali] miraculous power (as of going through the air. eto.) - 1179 means of attaining this power [Alab. 196] -natural power Mildittoop) a fish กัทปะไก (ittooppa'ko) [Pali] country an: (itta') [Pali] this, present, here, 12 (in) a fruit tree BUN DUN and BUNGT (inn, intra') [S.] (1) big, great (2) Indra TUNT (insee) (1) eagle (2) dorey AUNTY (insee) [Pali] senses, faculties. moral power [Alab, 241]

sapphire ที่น — a tree with hard wood อิทะผากัว (inta'pahla'm) [Malay] date (tree) อิโปง (ippohng) [Chin.] spinning-top

กินทานถ (inta'nin) black, very dark :

211 (im) satiated, surfeited
2111 with MMI (hoi irromm) oyster

177 (irrah) (1) fishing eagle, osprey (2)

a kite (toy)

17 (irri') [Pali] officiating priest

174 (irrin) bird-trap

1714 (issariyot) wealth, distinction

eminent, opulent

fill (issooa'n) [Sansk.] excellent, lord,

master; a name of Siva

Enfolder (isseeri'yot) [Pali] dominion, supremacy

ปีครัวร ชิทีโว etc. (issa'ra', etc.) [Pali] principal, superior, chief, king ปีสาว (issarn) or ซิสาณ North-East

ก็ดีวิ (issoon) [P.] Asura, fallen angel, ^B Titan

n

I [so written at the beginning of a word, but otherwise without the lower part] long i = English ee: fifth of the vowels WM = and MT = name of this vowel

ee) (excl. of one in pain) oh!

g (ee) maid servant — non non courtesan — in weasel, stoat

there is some left, there is more —

อีกว (eekah) crow

ीरी (eekoo') a banama 178 — a boat Bifit (cekayng) a small wild animal Alns (sekohng) a large crane and tilling (ee-da'm ee-daang) (1)measles (2) name given to male and female children, till their real names are given to them; baby Bin ? (eetow) witch, poisoner MINU? (echnow) [Javan.] ruler, governor, king BILD (cepett) a rowing boat fillis (copas,) [Chin.] small coin of copper, zinc, tin, glass etc. BIL7 (eepow) kite [toy] บิเทยบิว (eebyo) bird of prey, kite, hawk - niilni sparrow-hawk 117) (eerah) a green bird with red neck and yellow beak ชิกัฟ (eeloo'm) a handsome bird เวา a tailless kite Bial (celeung) fat and unwieldy: a fat-shaped pitcher ชิสาณ (eesarn) North-East airu (eehayn) a large stoat or weasel which eats hens

allen (ee-aan) swallow which makes

edible bird's nests

iffly (eea'ng) bent, leaning, inclined to; bias 1311 (coa'ng) a talking bird intil (sevo) to turn aside, to go on one side

i (so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise without the lower part) - short eu: no English equivalent but like Fr. eu in feu. Sixth of the vowels WN - and AT: - name of this vowel 1 (eu) a word used by and to babies - n exclam. of one who refuses or

pleads ignorance

an (eu'k) tumult

บิง (eu'ng) noise, aproar เสียง - noise. annoyance

บีรี บีริง (cu'ng ahng) [phon.] bull-frog

1 (eu'ng) (1) deaf (2) silent

M (eut) oppressed in mind or body. harassed, impeded - An blocked-

up, embarrassed, hampered exclam. of one who is afflicted

Ennil (eutta'peu) to abound

(so at the begining of a word, but otherwise without the lower part: longer eu. No Euglish aquivalent but like Fr. œu in cœur. WM — and

neise of one groaning

(eun) other till — changed him

other people, strangers

(en) exclam. of assent, espec. when

(t) (en) exclam. of assent, espec. when

grouning (2) noise of fulling a child to sleep

no deaf — no great uproar, tumult, confusion

10; lwn (eus' pheus') to attend to, to se kind to, help

the intestines (2) nausea, vomiting the intestines (2) nausea, vomiting that (eua'n) to speak, to utter in hesitating in one's speech, backward in replying

គ្រឿៀ (eua p) dried up

ing (eusing) a small tree

lick (eua'm) to stretch out for, to long after what is unattainable, to wish hopelessly

os at beginning of word, but otherwise without the upper part:
short oo or short u, as in foot, full.
Eighth of the vowels III — and

17: — name of this vowel

nn (oo'k) xash, bold

บกฤษฐ์ (oo'kritt) [Sansk.] (1) most, best, highest, supreme (2) severe punishment

อกกาบาท (oo'kkarbart) etc. [Pali and Sansk.] meteor, falling star

Palij (1) to make a noise deep down in the throat (2) to respensettled questions (3) to publish, relate, tell

oneavity of the hand, handful

1 (oot) (Pali) high

2 7778: (oo'tchahra') [Pali] excrement

টু গাল (oo'chart) to act dirtily, disgusting, indecent

กเทศ (oo'nhitt) [Pali] ornament for the forehead, turban, hat, crown

อูณาโลม (co'nahlohm) [Pali] the forehead between the eyebrows

D THU: (00'nha') [Pali] hot

BA (oo't) to stop up - NUU to assis

with alms or with praise u? front partition of a house-boat ปิกุกลิก (oo'tta'loo't) confusion. disturbance (oo'tta'pitt) a plant with strong-smelling flowers ቲባህ (oo'domm) [Pali] best, highest, excellent, abundant, copions, plentiful, productive, fertile ባበን (oo'donn) [Pali] higher, upper, Northern 77 - North อกะกะอทกป etc. see คทก BMT (oo'ta'ri') to imagine evil, to act improperly Pr (oo'ta'ri') [Pali] higher 刊 (oo'tok) [Pali] water ግክበነ (oo'ta'ka'ng) [Pali] water Bygga (oo'tto'n) [Pali] pulling out

อิทยาน (oo'ta'yarn) [Sansk.] flowergarden, pleasure ground นุนุท — a
Royal garden on the West side of
the river นุนุทวน — R. g. near the
Palace

กักๆณ — rules of appeal

Pali] (1) belly, stomach, womb (2) accusation against the Governor of a Province

1 (oo tah-hon) [Pali] ejaculation, interaction, utterance

ปีทาม (oo'tahm) half-wild, fugitive บทาทาน (oo'tah-hon) [P.] utterance. interpretation, to foretell 1 MM (oo'titt) [P.] to select, to show a preference for - IIN to shed one's merits on others — 111 to send one's merits to the dead ปีทีมฟรี (oo'too'mponn) [Pali] fig-tree (ficus glomerata) ปไทน (oo'tayn) [Pali] name of a dignitary who plays on a banjo P. Ny (oo'taie) [P.] Eastern mountain behind which the sun rises, rising sun, glittering, bright ens see enesia ខ្លុំ (00'n) sec ឬ ៧៧ warm, tepid — 🗽 glad - W to warm up (food) ក្បាស់ ហាស់ (toi oo'p) to strike with the fist - ID7 [of a fish, etc.] to seize Lan -- a fish บบประโม (oo ppra'mai) see บประมา องกุ (oo bonn) [Pali] waterlily, lily 1 ยาทา (oo'bart) [Pali] accident, misfortune, calamity ป ปาย (oo'baie) [P.] stratagem, device,

manœuvre

อุปาสุกา (00'bahsi'kar) [Pali] nun

บบาสะไก (oo'bahsa,ko) [Pali] monk ชเปกขา (oo'baykkhar) [l'ali] indifference to love and kate, single-mindedness [Alab. 168, 195] ที่ไม่สุด (oo'bohsot) [Pali] Buddhist Sabbath, usually called IH Wil occuring at intervals of 6 to 8 days 刊以: (oo'ba') bouquet (oo'batti') [Pali] misfortune. ปี ilการ (oo'pa'karn) [Pali] help, service ปปฐาน (oo'pa'tarn) [P.] to look after, keep; attachment, adherence [Alab. 2391 111 (oo'pati') [Pali] condition of existence, source, origin [A. 212] ป็นได้ย (oo'pa'ni'saie) [Pali] cause, tendency, faculty ชิยีกาก (oo'pa'tark) [Pali] attendant, servitor III - related to a priest ปีปกิมภ (oo'pa'ta'm) [Pali] stay, support, help BLYN (00'pa'tom) siphilis าปักท (oo'pa'too't) [Pali] second ambassador บีบทศ (oo'pa'tayt) [Pali] instruction, initiation, means of knowledge (oo'pa'pohk [Pali] chattels,

furniture

115 (oo'pa'ri') [Pali] over, above, beyond [Gk. huper] nilî: (oo'pra') near, to approach 111111 (oo'pra'mah) [Sansk.] as if, for example, similar, comparison กปัสมุบท (oo'pa'sombot) [Pali] priest's orders, ordination อปาชาย: (oo'pa'chaiya') [P.] teacher, sponsor, ecclesiastical surety อป่า (oo'pah) [Pali] refuge, help ปฏาณะ (oo'pahna') to compare วาจา allegory ก็ป่ายาก (oo'pahyart) [Pali] vexed, annoyed, chagrin กูบัฐญาไย (oo'pa'tchahyo) [Pali] head teacher, chief of a monastery, ordaining priest 1111 (oo'pi'sek) [Pali] sprinkling, consecrating, marriage DIJ (Qo'm) and — ATTA pregnancy, be pregnant BLUM (oo'hmay) [exclam. of reproof to children] Pluse and Duse (oo'mong) [Pali] subterranean passage or cave unas - shaft leading to a boring or passage or tunnel 원인 (ooi) a fish with yellow flesh กับ ทหา (ooi'nah) [exclam. of pain]

ที่ป with Mun (ooi' na'k) weighted, weighed down ปียูปานูง (ooi'yarna'ng)[Pali] garden Bil (oo'rah) and Bi: [Pali] breast, heart 1) (oo'roo') [Pali] thigh ሽኒን (oo'rai') [Malay.] with ነነጋታ pure gold ปิลิโลก (oo'nloke) [P.] canopy, awning, ceiling ขลามก (oo'larmok) immodesty. shameless action DAN (colitt) [high word) water-melon. pumpkin Blan (oo'loke) a tree of which the wood in used for making common coffins

กิษัวให้: (oo'sa'na') [Sansk.] hot

ปริเทาการ (oo'sa'narkarn) heat, feverishness, restlessness

ปิสสาห (oossah) ปิสาห and ปิสาห: [P.] patience, diligence, to endeavour

ปิลีกิ (00's00'p) (1) ox (of Indra) (2) length of 15 wah

1 1 (00' a') stammering, confused utterance

1 (so at the beginning of a word, but 10 (ay) to bend, to bow, to stagger -

otherwise without the upper part, and placed under the consonant which in pronunciation it follows) = Engl. oo or long u, as in $fool_{k_0}brute$. Ninth of the vowels) Fig - and fig: - name of this vowel 1 (00) (1) dock or large ditch opening on to a river 1101 - 277 - bays or bends in a river bank (2) cradle (00) rustling, roaring, sound of rushing [of heat, etc.], violent (00!) [Chin.] rich ใช้ (oot) [Sansk.] camel 20 (oot) noise of fluttering - noise of pigs grunting 🖰 💢 (oom) swollen

10

in so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise L. Placed before the letter or letters which in pronunciation it follows [mai nah = Englsh a or ay as in shame, may. Tenth of มีนา name of this the vowels.] Note that when the accent lehk paat is placed above the syllable in which this vowel occurs it is shortened to e, as in 1941 hen

In to stagger | — another name for this letter

In (ayk) [Pali] one, first, superior, excellent | — the first of the ac-

ingle-mindedness [Alab. 195]

cents, as over un

inning (ayka'tayt) [P.] part, portion

10្រុះក្រាម (ayka'loi) [San.] independent

เอกรูสาร (ayka'sarn) [Sansk.] written acknowledgement, note of hand, sale paper

thou, you (speaking to inferiors)

101 — spontaneously, of one's own
accord, voluntary

าลัก (ett) (1) loquacious, loud talk (2)
one สิบ — eleven

194 (ayn) bent, leaning, inclined

เลีย (en) nerves, tendous เตียก —

(endoo) love, compassion, bene-

1011 (aym) savoury, sweet I: — a tree

121 (eui') end of a verse, chapter, book, etc.

ifili (eui') and ក្រៀប ហ្គីដូ to begin talking or shouting

เฮียกลี (eui'yahsee') to summon by

calling, come here! ប្រើបើង (ayenn) [Engl.] agent

187 (ayo) A: — and Lu — loins, flank

(aywa'ng) [P.] then, afterwards, finally, in conclusion

slack water, turn of the tide

ing of (eh' ah') noise of a crowd, confused sounds

เกิกเกริก (erkka'rerk) to shout, to be excited, to spread a general rumour

110

119 so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise II: placed before the letter or letters which in pronunciation it follows. (sara aa or mai nah saung a'n = Engl. aa as in Haafiz, Canzan, or like Engl. a in hand, but much longer. Eleventh of the vowels) [1] 17 113 name of this vowel. Note: when the syllable in which this vowel occurs has mai ayk over its consonant the vowel is shortened and becomes like Engl. e in yellow, or rather a in tertiary or ir in girl

(aa) (1) closed up, serried, compact, combined to obstruct or block the way (2) shricks of a child not ---

- Mus female devotee, nun

119 (aa') (1) sound of a flute (2) expres-

sion of disbelief

117 with 13 (aw' aa) (1) able to speak

a little (2) feeble, effeminate, idle

นลก (aak) yoke of a plough — เกวยน

pole (of a carriage) 1171 (aang) [Cambod.] thou, you

1171 (æng) bay, strait, backwater - 0 dock

1121 1111 (aang maang) tightly bound down, strictly confined

1171 (æn) out of the straight line, to

bend - AN swallow, swift, sandbird which makes

edible nests — NITI leaning back to look upwards

pigeon-breasted 17 - loitering, de-

laying, loafing about, gadding

about

1174 (aan, slender, graceful 774

to totter

1101 (aap) (1) to come near to, to steal up to, to put under the protection

of n - auxiliary words n - to

refuse to give evidence as desired

(2) small box of wood or bamboo

1183 (aao) rather bent

child-language, inarticulate speech 1173 (aso) shrill, out of tune, screeching

In (so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise : placed before the consonant which in pronunciation it follows) $mai mooa'n = \text{Engl}_n i \text{ or } y$, as in mine, why: Twelfth of the

vowels IN HOH name of this vowel

19 (so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise I. Placed before the consonant or consonants which in pronunciation it follows) mai ma'lai. - Engl. i or y, as in final, anodyne Thirteenth of the vowels. In 1120191 name of this vowel

1 (i) to cough

(i) with ly another name for mai ma'lai

le (i) [Cambod.] child

(i) you fellow! that fellow [term of contempt used by common people to one another] - 117 stupid — COU — MM rabble —

1939 [an imprecation] (2) [name of several birds and fishes] - 17 water-raven - Wn crocodile - n a noisy kind of fireworks - MA low fellow, vile person [(i!) [exclam. of fear or pain] ได้ป่า (aiyah) [Chin.] exclam, of fear or pain lounn (aiya'kar) [Pali] grandfather, ancestor ไขยการ (aiya'karn) [Sansk.] laws of the Kingdom ใช้ยก (aiya'kee) [Pali] grandmother, ancestress ไทยวา (aiya'wah) ไทยรา and similar words [Sansk.] elephant of Indra, fine elephant ମିଥି (aiyay) madam (to a lady) ੀਰੁਪੁੰਡ (aiya') [Pali] lord, master ใสวรรย์ (aisa'wa'n)ใกสวริย์ and ใกสริย์

โก

mains, Royal treasure

[Sansk.] property of the King, Government property, Royal do-

letter which it follows in pronun
street

(oht) and legg (ohchah) [Psli]

sap, juice, savour, sauce — In savoury, succulent

ciation. = long o or oh. Fourtee nth of the vowels.] IN — and AT: name of this yowel (oh) small basket-work or cup made of bamboo gummed or varnished over, and coloured black and red or yellow all shaddock, pomelo 14 - a sweetsmelling yellow fruit le le le le: (oh!) etc.) [exlamations, signs of the Vocative.] P (oh) [Pali] down In (oe) proud, vain no - and - list pompous (o) exclam. of regret \mathbb{N} — name of this vowel - if for a long time, protracted, lingering lang (ohkarn) [P.] worthless, useless lename (ohkart) [P.] occasion, opportunity, chance, opening lan (ohk) and lala [Pali] quantity of water, flood, inundation, overflow lns (ohng) jar, large pitcher - ns name of a canal lann (ongkarn) [Pali] royal order or edict sap, juice, savour, sauce — In savoury, succulent

leg (oht) [Pali] lip, lips IM (ote) to weep, to cry [speaking of actors lalm (ohtohng) pompous, dressed up laman (ohtart) [Pali] white, clear low (ohn) [Pali] bent, stooping, inelined; to bend [Dil (ohp) [Cam.] to embrace, encircle, surround lenna (ohpart) [Pali] rays, radiance, โอยโอยโอยโอย and โอย (oh-i') exclam. of surprise or pain lবার (ohrot) legitimate son, King's son, โชวาท (ohwaht) [Pali] admonition, exhortation ANTANN King's rescript, Royal order বিদুর্গ (ohtta'cha' [Sansk.] Labial ไว้สุก (ohsot) [Pali] herb used in medicine, drug, medicine land (oh-ha'ng) proud - Manila haughty โอฟ้า (ohlar) [Pali] hanging down โอฟัาริกา (ohlahrikar) and โอฟัาร [Pali] thick, coarse, broad, large, unconfined

100

ITT [so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise with the omission of the middle mark, and having its first part 1 before, and its second part ? after, the consonant or consonants which it follows in pronunciation = Engl. ou or ow, as in foul, fowl. Note however that when followed by the seventeenth vowel (sa ra' a') is has the sound of aw' or au' with shortened breath-Fifteenth of the vowels.] AT: - name of this vowel [1] (ou') [exclam. of encouragement] come on! go on! get on! - R and - 2g go on! begin! 197 (ou) to take — In to flatter, to compliment - INH to punish - HI to

pliment — INH to punish — 11 to

bring — II to take away — 17 to

keep — IHH to imitate II — not

to accept, to refuse; no, thank you

IN (ou) to cohabit

loggi (owpahn) to make it one's business; expert, capable เอารส (owrote) ใกรส and โกรสา [Pali]

son — fing Crown Prince

ชา

otherwise without the fland having the upper part partly over the consonant which it follows and partly over the 7) s'ar'a a'm. Sixteenth of the vowels. No English equivalent, but like a in Fr. amour.

in (2m) to keep silence, struck dumb with confusion — Will not to speak the truth — filto ask leave to go in — night-mare

າງ (a'm) [Chin,] night

frain, to repress, to abstain [from speaking]

full() (a'mdaang) madam, mistress

[nsual title of a married woman]

บานา (a'mnart) vulg. อำนาท [Pali] inspiring with fear, majesty, power,

authority, power of attorney อำนาม (a'mnarm) spoilt, weakened, decaying, going to ruin

a'mnitt) [San,] to wish, desire

231; (a'mnoo') [Camb.] to help, assist, lend a hand

วานุคน (a'mna'kkh) [Pali] (stone) of inestimble value

estimble value

gifted

ก็าฟว (a'mpon) [Pali] (1) sky (2) cloth ข้าฟวา (a'mprarng) to tell lies

อำแพลม (a'mplaam) and ซึ่ง แพลม sulphur match

อำพา (a'mbah) [Pali] (1) mother (2)

mango

1 W (a'mpoo') [Pali] (1) rain-water (2) misfortune

ข้าพุช**ะ** (a'mpoo'cha') [Pali] (1) fish (2)

lotus

อิฟิฟิร์ (a'm poo'cha') [Cam,] embryo, birth of fish, flies, etc,

อาพทร (a'mpoo'ta') [Pali] rain-water, clouds

อำพรนา (a'mpa'na'm) to keep back

part of the truth, to tell only a little อำพัน (a'mpa'n) amber [yellow and grey]

อำกา (a'mpah) อำไภ and อำการ [Pali]

(1) fine, handsome (2) rays (3) water

กาก (a'mpeu) magistrate's jurisdiction or district, magistrate, registrar — ใจ liberty, free will

อามพฤก (a'ma'preuk) spleen สม — dlsease of the spleen

nautra and tally and (a'mma'raht, a'mma'rinn) [Sansk.] sames of Indra; archangel ຄົງພາກ (a'mma'reut) [San.] immortal ข้า --- nectar

ทาม ใกย (a'mmart) [Sansk.] minister, councillor, courtier ทามา (a'monn) [Pali] god, deva, angel น - phantoms, ghosts

- 1711:WWW (a'mma'part) liver liver complaint บามรักท์ (a'mma'hitt) cruel, savage. me roiless, bloodthirsty

1) 11174 (a'myooa'n) [Cambod.] to put off, defer, ask for delay ขากา (a'm-lar) see ฏา

1: (so at the beginning of a word, but otherwise : Very short sound of a, with a check to the breath, as if k were to follow. No European equivalent, rather like a in Fr. bats tabac) Seventeenth of the vowels, สา: - name of this vowel

nant (a'ka'toh) [Pali] uncultivated, unformed, ignorant

non-existence, absence of birth and dving DINNU better ENU (a'ngoo'n) juice of grape nu - vine an - grape un

AMPEIUNU (a'kha'naysa'n) tumour on the back

n: (a'choo'ta') [Pali] immovable. eternal, everlasting

อะกานา์ (a'yahna'ng) [Pali] ignorance

อะฐาบท see อฐาบท

1; 7: (a'ti') see 1 7 bone

D: V: (a'tta') and similar forms [San.]

art of a large (a'noo) [Pali] the 8th part of a Ba or particle of dust = 36 paramanoo

ประกับเหา (a'deeangsah) [Cambod.] not yet learned, not yet understanding

MINAU (a'doon) [San.] incomparable, excellent

ชีวิตี (a'ti) see บิริกิ

บะถะบาท see บทถะบาส

ชีวทีรียา (a'ta'yah) [Pali] moderation, prudence, will, intention

TT (a'tti') [Pali] above, over, beyond, superior, more

ASSISS (a'ka'ta') and other forms [P.] DINN and DHH (a'non) [Pali] with

107 gigantic fabulous fish which causes earthquakes

1211707 (a'nartah) [Pali] unprotected, helpless, miserable, unfortunate. poor N:: -- mendicant priest

กะนามีกา and กุมามีกา (a'nahmi'kar). ring-finger

ชีวนี้มีที่ที่รู (a'ni'mitta') [Sansk.] (1) free from attributes, unconditioned (2) unsgen, invisible

null (a'ni'ma') [Pali] angel TINU (a'nee) [Engl.] aniseed

กะนุเคราะ (a'noo'khrau') [Pali] to give assistance, kind

บะเททา (a'na'ttah) [P.] non-existence. incorporeal, unreal

กะบาย (a'baie) [P.] state of suffering, world of punishment

1:12 (a'ba') [Pali] away from, without, [in compos. Privative]

n: fill (a'pi'choh) [Pali] race, family

nally (a'paie [Pali] fearless, safety - Inu pardon no - to ask

parden

กะมนุษย์ (a'ma'noo't) [Pali] inhuman. superhuman

Till: (a'ma'ta') [Pali] deathless, immortal, heaven

DILINE (a'ma'hitt) cruel, fierce, mercilesa:

Dill (a'yay) see Bull ..

นี้เป็วนุง (a'ya'na'ng) [P.] road, motion. progress

อะยะมณี (a'ya'ma'nee) see อัญญะมะณ

BIJUH: see HI enemy

อะวิปมน (a'ri'ya'moo'nee) [Pali] saint, highly educated

กรับ (a'ra'n) กรับเชี etc. [Pali and] Sansk.] forest, wood DIVARY etc. (a'laung) see DARY

23316 (a'leungkho) [Sansk.] neuter, without gender

บะเทรยย เลย (a'leui' cheui') slow. tedious, dilatory

อะหลัก อะเหลือ (a'la'k a'leui') (1) to eat doo much (2) hardly escaping from trouble

PAJ (a'la'ng) [P.] personal ornaments see ขลงกรณ

กรวรทาร (a'wa'tarn) [Sansk.] descent, appearence upon earth; Vishnu อะวะสาวิ (a'wa'sarn) [Sansk.] end,

conclusion, perfect, most, best อะโสเกน (a'sohpaynee) see นครโสภิน

ชะเมริกน (a'mayri'ca'n) [E.] American ซะโสาร (a'sohka') [P.] free from sorrow

อะกะการม (a sa'ta'm) [Sansk.] want of merit, sin
อะเทที (a'hett) [Pali] without a cause
อะเทที (a'hohsi') [San.] finished, done, with, lost, effaced, pardoned, reconciled — การม neutralised, lost
อะหรั (a'ha'ng) ineffectual [Alab. 45]
อะหรั (a'ha'ng) [Pali] I, we — การ proud, boast

•

1 (see Preface. mai pa't, ha'n ahkart,

or mai ka'ng-ha'n = very short sound of a, as in anon. Eighteenth of the vowels) LUMN NUMNING and LUNN NU names of this vowel.

On (a'k) (1) instrument for spinning silk (2) noise of a blow — DU feeling sick, ready to vomit, nausea DUNING (a'ka'reuk) see IDUNIN (a'ka'reuk) see IDUNIN (a'ka'reuk) see IDUNIN (a'kkha'ra') [Pali] letter DUNI (a'kkhar) [Pali] die, dice, axle, DUNI (a'kkhee) [Pali] eye
DUNI (a'kkhoh) better than DUNIN [Sansk.] very many

want [] (a'kkhee) [Pali] fire annsia (a'kkha'nay) better annique [Pali] South-East Than (a'ka'dok) [San.] poor, without any support DANT (a'ksonn) [San.] letter (of the alphabet) DAUT (a'kanitt) see DAUT บิคีเนสร (a'ka'nayson) and บิกีเนสร [Sansk.] a kind of boils on the back Offill (a'kha'nay) [Pali] South-East 01 (a'ng) to put near (so as to test the heat of a thing), to place before or near the fire, to toast องกณิศร etc. see องคนศร องกฤษ (a'ngritt) [Engl.] English UNN (a'ngkar) [Laos.] twelve letters or marks used in numbering the pages of a book EINTH (a'ngkarp) a thorny shrub with flowers and medicinal leaves 010 (a'ngkoo') [l'ali small drum, tambourine องกรุ or องกษ (a'ngkoo't) better มากค. [Pali] hook for goading elephants BIRT (a'ngkoon) better PIRT [Pali] shoot, sprout, family กากเกา (a'ngkha'nitt) [San.] secretary who keeps the army list

C

5197 (a'ngkhar) [Pali] members of the body กูงกาช (a'ngkhart) eclipse 11717 (a'ngkharn) [San.] (1) charcoal, live coal, embers (2) Mars (planet) 74 - Tuesday บากาส (a'ngkhart) [Sansk.] silent revenge, to brood over, rancune nyfi¶ (a'ngkhoo't) [Pali] thumb ayring (a'ngkhoo'lee) [Pali] finger TIPA: (a'ngkhoo'la') [Pali] fingerbreadth, inch nin: (a'ngkha'charta') and other forms [Pali] membrum virile บังแฟลิม (a'ngplaam) sulphur Mila (a'ng-loh) better Illa earthen-ware cooking apparatus (a'ngwa') Ava: old capital of Burmah องสา (a'ngsah) [Pali] shoulder กุฬ: (a'ngsa') priest's stole or scarf องสะกฏ (a'ngsa'koot) [P.] upper part of the shoulder া নানা (a'tcha'cla'p) grate, grating, stove-plate 1 (a'tchi') [Pali] (1) flame, ray (2) fat, lard 1991 (a'tcha'ya') [Pali] passing away, death, transgression

อากรา (a'tcha'rah) [Pali] colostial nymph, houri อาณาใน (a'tcha'ri'ya'ng) [P.] marvellous, extraordinary, inexplicable -ปีๆนิว (a'tchar) [Pali] bear DIT: (a'tcha') [Pali] to-day อิชีญ) (a'tchar) [Sansk.] transparent, clear, innocent อชีเมาได้รับ (a'tcharsaie) [Sansk.] (1) intention, inclination, temper, wish, will (2) polite III-wellacquainted with, good-tempered, agreeable ng: (a'tcha') [Pali] goat 한테 (a'n) [Cambod.] I, me — 앨티 (to royal persons) I, me - In 1 to invite - Mu a plant - Mr road. DOIN (a'ncha'n) a tree of the flowers of which collyrium is made ชญญะพรณ์ (a'nya'ma'nee) [Pali] one with another, mutually Bn ln (a'ttoh) [Pali] tower, fort ny (a'tta') [Sansk.] eight 17 (a't) [Sansk.] the eighth part of a fuang, att: = nearly one cent ปรักาล (a'tta'karn) [Pali] the eight hours of the night; season

อีฐมะ (a'tta'ma') [Sansk] eighth 1711) (a'ttahbot) [Pali] chess-board กร์ (a'tti') [Sansk.] bone ปรุ่มควาฐ (a'tta'khrart) [Pali] partial eclipse 20214 (a'tta'cha'n) crescent-shaped cupboard or side-board ladder ปรับวิเทริ (a'ttcha'n) [San.] half-moon, crescent, semicircle; an odd number of steps ปิคีมวิทิคิ (a'tta'ra'tti') [San.] midnight ปีกิศราย (a'nnta'rai) [San.] damage, injury, misfortune อิญเราษ and อนาราษ (a'nahrart) [P.] people, citizens Min: (a'nta') see Pun: In (a't) pressed, condensed, contracted - Bu shut up, closed up, perplexed - 110; close crowd, throng อกถ (a'ttoo') [l'ali] substance, thing, property, wealth อกถ (a't o') [Pali] (1) fetters (2) mousetrap (3) estates; to possess ปริเกน (a'tta'n) boundaries of a town, village etc. (as a stone, a column, a

relic buried in the earth, etc.)

ปฏิการ (a'tton) dull, desponding กตุกา (a'ttah) self, oneself, individuality ฏิกิกร์ (a'tta') (and other forms) [Pali] eight - ng: eighteen ากกรุกก (a'tta'kha't) indigent, needy. starving ชิทีกรู (a'tta') and other forms [P.] eight — পূপ্ত eighteen ปัศาวิ (a'ttrah) continually, always ปิศฏิก (a'tla't) a cloth บิคารกลัย (a'tta'kla'p) and อาจรกลัย large Chinese hanging lamp ปักรกาล (a'tta'kahn) [Pali] for a long time อกรคค (a'tta'kha't) to be in want, in need of อกรหลิก (a'tta'la't) [Pali] red cloth embroidered or ornamented with gold flowers อถบาท (a'tta'bart) see หตุกายาส กัทยา (a'tta'yah) and กิๆญา (a'tchar) [Sansk. and Pali] see 7:17:17 อธิยาใครย (a'tti'yahsai) [Sansk.] ses

อัสเมาใศรย

04 (a'n) (1) who, which [relative

pronoun] (2) something (3) num,

design of various small things -

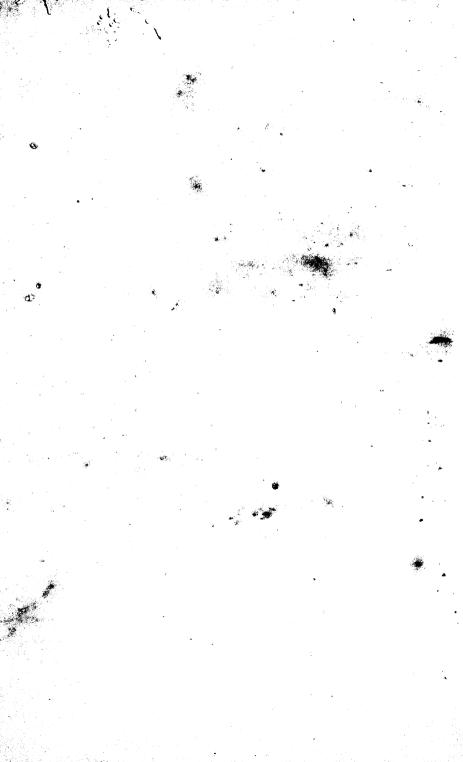
In something, what? - n what is good - in that is to say -Min once, one piece afterwards, then Ily - Nin a great deal, very much Ily - 177 absolutely, altogether, entirely ทีน (a'n) oppressed, anxious บินขาค (a'nkhart) altogether, entirely, at all, absolutely DUITI (a'nchern) [Cambod.] to invite to a house อนทราย better อนุทรภาย (a'nta'raio) danger, accident, calamity, misfortune DHINE (a'nti'ma') [Pali] last, final aulf (a'ntay) [Pali] within, in, among Buln (a'ntoh) [Pali] end, extremity. last, biggest of a lot aun: (a'nta') [Pali] below, lowest, the lower bowels, end, death อนกะร (a'nta'ra') [Pali] within, between, intermediate, under-clothing; heart ที่เครารทาน (a'nta'ra'tarn) [Paii] (1) disappearane, covering up, vanishing, (2) declensions of religion DUNNI (a'nta'karn) see Duns

บินทะ (a'nta') [l'ali] egg, testicle

DHM: 9: (a'nta'cha') [Pali] oviparous อนทรพลิก (a'nta'pleu'k) a disease OHT: (a'nta') [Pali] dark, blind -1171 darkness ป็นปีมีฟาล (a'nta'parn) [Pali] stupid, silly, doting อินนะมะณ์ (a'nna'ma'nee) [Pali] property, effects BHUN (a'nnang) [Pali] boiled rice, to od อันโนฏนา (a'npota'na'ng) to clap the hands, applaud บันวาย (a'nraie) ill-tempered อีบีบิวิ (a'ppree) see อับิร กับปาง (a'pparng) to be wrecked, capsized บีบีปัง (a'ppa'ng) [Pali] not much ปีปกรี (a'pson) [San.] celestial nymph, houri TilWf (a'ppayt) misfortune, calamity; ominous, monstrous ก็ปวิวิ (a'ppa'rah) see กปรา កិរៀវិ(a'pree) [Sansk.] not beloved, unlovely, disagreeable; (a curse) ac-111: (a'pra') [corruption of Sansk. alpa] not much, a little, a few -Un without honour, infamons — ไซย vanquished

ชีฟภา (a'ppah) [Pali] fog, atmosphere, open air ชิฟไภกาศ (a'ppohkart) [Pali] open sir, อกญญา (a'pinyah) [Pali] superior knowledge, learned - MING supernatural powers Thiw (a'mpo) [Pali] mango ปี มีฟรียู (a'mpa'wa'n) [Pali] grove of mango trees ปียีเยี (a'yay) madam วิปียี (a'ya') [P.] mother of a Governor วิลิลี (a'l-la') [Pali] damp, moist ปิที่ ๆวิวิยี (a'ssa'cha'n) [Sansk.] wanderful, marvellous, inexplicable ชิที่กุง (a'ssa'dong) [Sansk.] sunset อัคภางค์ (a'ssa'darng) [Sansk.] eightfold [Alab. 205] อัคมาอค์ (a'ssa'dahra't) [San.] eighteen

อศกม (a'ssa'dom) [Pali] ปิศัคริ (a'ssa'don) [Pali] fabulous horse, (a'ssa'neebart) [Pali] thun-อัควะ (a'ssa'wa') [Sansk.] and อัคะ [P.] horse — In superior horse — In large collection of horses ปีก็รวา and ปัศวา (a'ssa'wa) and, other forms [San.] horse - Nin troop or crowd of horses วัคโค (a'ssoh) [Pali] horse ปิษฏางก (a'ssa'darng) [Sansk.] eightfold [Alab. 205] 인터팅 (a'sti') see 인팅 [Sansk.] bone ปินหา (a'ssa'nhah) (and other forms) a constellation [Alab. 97] ปิสญหา (a'ssa'nhah) and สุญหา [P.] un**amiabl**e



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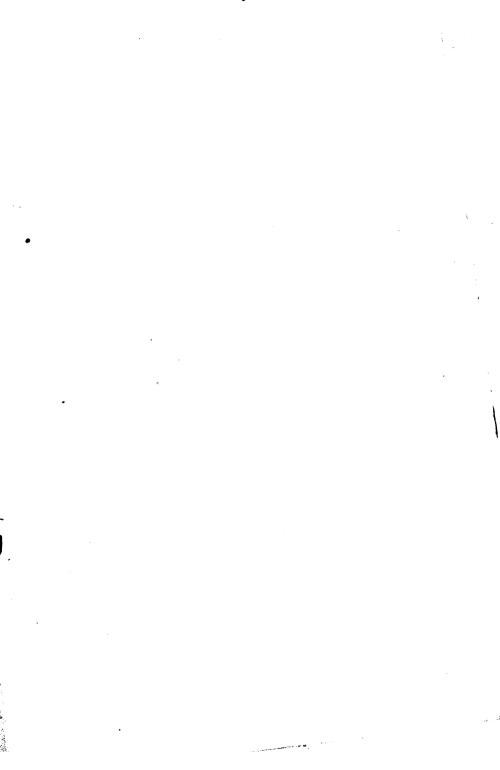
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