

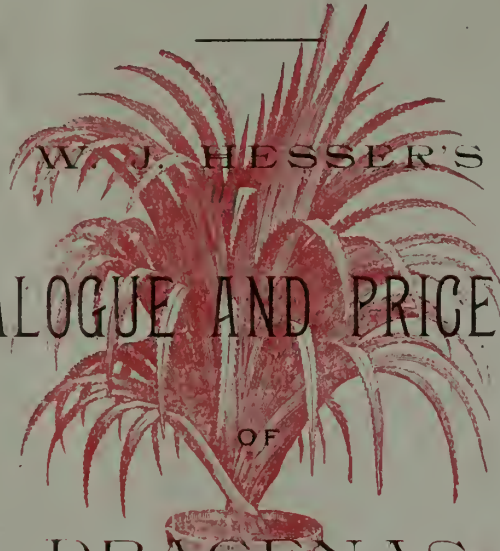
Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62.51

RECEIVED
★ MAY 19 1927 ★
U. S. Department of Agriculture

SEASON OF 1892.



W. J. HESSER'S

CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST

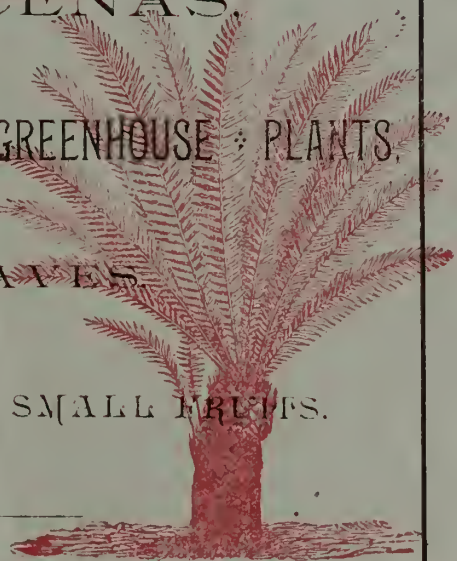
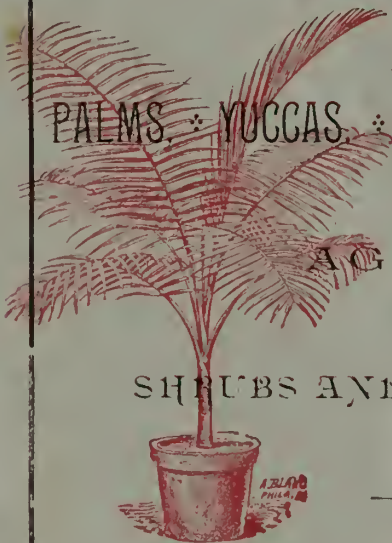
OF

DRACENAS.

PALMS. • YUCCAS • GREENHOUSE • PLANTS.

AGAVES

SHRUBS AND SMALL TREES.



PLATTSMOUTH, N. B.:
THE HERALD JOB OFFICE.

SEASON OF 1892.

CATALOGUE of new and rare Hothouse, Greenhouse and bedding plants, small fruits, etc. In presenting this catalogue I would most respectfully thank those that have so long favored me with their patronage and assure you and those that may become my patrons that I shall aim by fair dealings to receive a continuance of the same. My stock is very large and in splendid condition, and have aimed to make prices reasonable for quality of stock. Designs for flower beds, etc., carefully laid out and planted at reasonable prices. Estimates given on application. If you want fine decorative plants, call and examine my extensive collection, where you will find many valuable plants not usually kept by other growers in quantities.

All pot plants will be turned out and wrapped in paper, unless ordered shipped in pots, when the cost of pot will be added to the original price at the following rates: Thumb, or 2 inch pots at the rate of 80 cents per hundred; 2½ inch, or rose pots, \$1.00 per hundred; 3 inch pots, \$1.25 per hundred; 4 inch pots, \$2.00 per hundred; 5 inch pots, \$3.00 per hundred; 6 inch pots, \$4.00 per hundred.

Parties desiring plants shipped in pots will please state in order and add cost of pots to remittance.

Half a dozen plants will be sent at dozen rates, fifty at hundred rates, etc.

All orders must be accompanied by the cash or bankable note or **Good and Satisfactory Recommendations or References** unless from parties of known responsibility. At the low prices quoted I can take no risks.

Remittances may be made at my risk by postoffice money order on Plattsmouth, Nebraska, express, or draft on New York.

All plants will be forwarded by express, unless otherwise ordered, and after being delivered to the express company in good condition will be at purchaser's risk and expense. All orders will be filled in rotation as received. Send in your orders early and get the best plants. No charges will be made for baskets, boxes, or packing. Correspondents and purchasers will be particular to give name in full, with express and postoffice address, county and state distinctly written, so that no mistake will occur. All orders or letters should be addressed to

W. J. HESSER,
Proprietor "Picnic" Gardens, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.





Agave Americana or Century Plant.

This large specimen I have owned since May 8, 1857. It was probably five to seven years old at that time. It has at the present time forty or more leaves, eight feet long. It is a very common supposition that this plant must be one hundred years old before it blooms, yet this is far from being correct. They are likely to bloom at twenty, thirty or forty years of age. The flower stem attains the height of thirty to thirty-five feet, with many branches. The plant dies when done blooming. I am expecting it to bloom soon. It was on exhibition in the Horticultural hall during the State Fair at Lincoln, Nebraska, 1890, where it attracted more attention than any one object on the grounds.

PALMS.

Cycas, Dracaenas and Zamias

THE most majestic class of plants known in the whole world of plants; especially noted for their majestic and imposing character, and properly called the monarchs of the vegetable kingdom. They are of great decorative value. Their grand appearance, their majestic foliage and their universally graceful and imposing habits distinguish them from all other plants. Linnaeus, called Palms, the princes of all vegetable kingdom, and they have held the throne of royalty for centuries. No collection is complete without Palms. They are unrivalled for decoration of greenhouses and conservatories. A quarter of a century ago but few varieties of Palms were to be found in collections, as they were supposed to be difficult to cultivate, but now we find large numbers of species and varieties of Palmus, Cycads, Zamias, Dracaenas, etc., in most all of the prominent gardens. They can be justly recommended for their great usefulness and their easy cultivation. In all modern decorations of churches, public and private and festive halls, as well as for floral decorations, handsome specimens of Palms are the main factor, and indispensable. Palms are not hard to grow, as many people seem to think; many of them require less care than most of house plants. Most all Palms need an abundance of water and a moist atmosphere. The pots, boxes or tubs they are grown in should have plenty of drainage in bottom so the soil does not become stagnant or sour; the foliage should be often sprayed with water, care being taken not to spray or wet the foliage when the sun is shining bright on the glass over them as there is danger of burning the leaves and greatly injuring the looks of the plants; when the leaves get dusty, wipe off with moist sponge or cloth.

For the last four years I have been making the growing of Palms, Cycads, Dracaenas and other decorative plants a specialty and have added many thousand young plants to my collection, many of them very fine specimen plants and a number of new and very rare ones, until I have got together the largest and best collection of these gems in the west and feel confident I can furnish as good or better plants than most of the large eastern growers, and at lower prices. I feel confident I can suit all who favor me with their orders, both in quality of plants and prices. The many flattering letters I have received from my patrons in the last year fully convince me of this. I grow largely for the wholesale trade, and from nearly all who favor me with their orders get good reports as to quality of plants, prices, etc. I am growing many thousand young plants from imported seeds, so that I can offer plants from 10 cents to 75 cents each. I have two greenhouses, over one hundred feet long— one fifteen and one twenty feet wide— almost literally packed with Palms, Cycads and Dracaenas. By June 1, I will have another large greenhouse filled with these gems.

While it would be impossible to fully describe every plant as to size and appearance, I shall aim to give my patrons an idea of the size of plants they get for a given price, (something most growers utterly fail to do). To florists or dealers who buy largely to sell, I will give a liberal discount. Special prices and descriptions given on application. Correspondence solicited. Any and all inquiries regarding these or any other class of plants carefully answered. There is no class of plants I have a greater love for

than Palms and Dracænas, and will take delight in showing the many different kinds to all visitors to my place who care for such plants. So don't be afraid to ask questions regarding them. I have many hundred of each of the following varieties from small plants to fine specimens:

Areca Baueri, *Areca Canariensis*, *Areca Sapida*, *Chamærops Excelsa*, *Corypha Australis*, *Seaforthia Elegans*, *Latania Borbonica*, *Kentia Belmoreana*, *Kentia Fosteriana*, *Phœnix Canariensis*, *Phœnix Reclinata*, *Cycas Revoluta*.



Areca Baueri.

Two and one-half inch pots, 25 cents each; 3 inch pots, 50 to 75 cents each; 7 and 8 inch pots, 30 to 40 inches high, \$5 to 7 each.

A—Bactris Mayara, 4 and five inch pots, \$3 to \$5.

A—Lutescens, an elegant genus with pinnate arching leaves the stem and sheathing potioles are perfectly smooth, yellow in color, mottled with black; does best in a shaded place, native of the Mascaree Islands. I have many hundred of this graceful species. 2½ inch pots, 25 cents each, 4 inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$1.50 each; 5 inch pots, 24 to 30 inches high, \$2 to \$2.50; 6 inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$2.50 to \$3 each; 7 inch pots, 36 to 40 inches high, \$4 to \$5; 8 to 10 inch pots, 65 to 70 inches high, \$6 to \$10.

A—Madagascariensis, tall slender growing species, very distinct and ornamental, 30 to 36 inches high, \$3 to \$5; 4 inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$3; 6 inch pots, 24 inches, \$4 to \$5; 7 inch pots, 36 inches, \$6 to \$8.

A—Rubra, from Mauritius, reddish brown, pinnate leaves, very ornamental; 2½ inch pots, 30 cents each; 5 inch pots, 3 feet high, \$8 each.

ARECA. A genus of elegant pinnate-leaved Palms, widely distributed over the face of the earth, some species being found in the East Indies, others in the West; also in Mauritius and Madagascar, and in Australia. These Palms, with their graceful plume-like foliage, are highly ornamental for dinner table or for decorating hallways and rooms.

A—Alba. Very handsome; from Mauritius. Five inch pots, 24 to 30 inches, \$3.50.

A Baueri. From Norfolk Island; an elegant Palm, with very graceful dark green leaves; an ornamental and greatly admired Palm. Two and one-half inch pots, 25 cents each; 3 inch pots, 50 to 75 cents each; 7 and 8 inch pots, 30 to 40 inches high, \$5 to 7 each.



Areca Lutescens.

each; 8 inch pots, 4 feet high, \$8 each.

A -Sapida, a strong upright growing variety with dark green feathered foliage. 2½ inch pots, 25 cents each.

A -Verschaffelti, very rare. 4 inch pots \$2; 5 inch pots, \$2.50 to \$3; 6 to 7 inch pots, \$4 to \$7.

ACANTHOPHÆNIX Crinita. 5 to 6 inch pots, \$3 to \$5.

ARENGA Saccharifera, India. The sugar Palm. A very useful species; the trunk supplies sago and the sap is converted into toddy-sugar. A highly ornamental species. 30 to 36 inches, \$5.00 to \$6.00.



Chamaerops Excelsa.

CHAMÆROPS Excelsa, leaves fan shaped and are split deeply down into segments which stands erect, and are dark green in color. Native of China and Japan, a fine hardy decorative plant. 2½ inch pots, 15 cents; 3 inch pots, 20 cents each; 4 inch pots, 60 cents each; 5 inch pots, 12 to 15 inches high, \$1.75; 6 inch pots, 15 to 18 inches high, \$2.25; 7 inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$4.25.

C -Humilis, a handsome hardy Palm, native of Southern Europe. 2½ inch pots, 10 cents each; large plants, 7 and 8 inch pots, \$5 to \$7 each.

C -Hystrix, an extremely rare species stem stout, clothed with woolly fibres and long, woody sharp spines, fan shaped leaves, very hardy, native of southern



Corypha Australis

United States. 5 and 6 inch pots, \$3 to \$4; 10 inch pot strong \$8 to \$10.

CORYPHA Australis, a very hardy Australian Palm, foliage, dark green the fan like leaves are deeply split, a very decorative Palm. 2 inch pot 15 cents each; 3 inch pots, 30 cents each; 4 inch pots 6 to 9 inches high 60 cents each; 7 inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high \$4 each; 8 inch pots, 24 to 30 inches high, \$5.



Caryota Urens

CAYROTA Sobolifera, native of Madagascar, similar to above, dwarf small plants, 75 cents to \$1.00; 5 inch pots, \$3 to \$4.

C -Urens. Native of East Indies; leaves bi-pinnate; the leaflets have the appearance of being bitten off; grows large, very ornamental. Three-inch pots, 50 cents, 4-inch, \$1; 5 and 6-inch, strong, \$3 to \$4; 8-inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$5 to \$7 each.

COCOS Weddeliana, from South America. One of the most elegant and graceful palms in cultivation, with very fine fern-like pinnated foliage, excellent for table or apartment, admired by all that see it. Two and one-half inch pots, 35 cents; 3-inch pots, 10 to 12 inches, 75 cents to \$1; 4-inch pots, 15 to 18 inches; \$3.50; 5-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches, \$4 to \$5; 6-inch pots, 24 to 30 inches, \$6 to \$7.

C—Australis. Four-inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$1.50; 5-inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$2.25 each.

C—Nucifera. The real fruit-bearing Coconut Palm. Strong plants, 10-inch pots, \$5.

C—Plumosa. Native of Brazil, a very strong grower, and among the handsomest of decorative Palms. Six-inch pots, 36 to 40 inches, \$4 to \$5.

DÆMONOROPS Melanochætes. Malay Archipelago. This species is among the most beautiful and interesting of the order. Leaves pinnate; pinnae long and narrow; petioles sheathing at the base, where they are armed with very long, sharp spines, with brown tips and much swollen bases; very rare, and only to be found in the choicest collections; \$3 to \$10 each.

WASHINGTONIA Robusta. (See illustration). Very ornamental; 3-inch pots, 30 cents; 4-inch pots, 60 cents; 5-inch pots, \$1.25; 2-inch pots, 10 cents. Ready May 1.



Washingtonia Robusta.

\$2.50; 7-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$3 to \$4; 8-inch pots, 24 to 28 inches high, \$6 to \$7; 9 and 10-inch pots, strong, 30 to 36 inches high, \$9 to \$10; 12-inch pots, 36 to 40 inches high, \$12 to \$15.

SEAFORTHIA Elegans. A native of the northern part of Australia, sometimes called the Australian Feather Palm. Leaves pinnate from two to ten feet in length; an elegant greenhouse



Cocos Weddeliana.

LATANIA Borbonica, from Southern China, one of the most popular Palms in cultivation for decorative work. It stands neglect well and will bear a low temperature; it is one of the handsomest fan Palms; the Palmleaf fans of Commerce are made from the leaves of this species; grow in partial shade, protect from direct rays of the hot sun. This Palm should be in every collection. Two and one-half-inch pots, 15 cents each; 5-inch pots, 12 to 15 inches high, \$1.25 to \$1.50; 6-inch pots, 15 to 18 inches

conservatory Palm, fine for decorative work in hallways, windows or rooms. Four-inch pots, 26 to 30 inches high, \$1; 5-inch pots, 35 to 40 inches high, \$1.50; 6-inch pots, 45 to 50 inches high, 2.25 each; 7-inch pots, 50 to 55 inches high, \$3.75; 8-inch pots, 56 to 60 inches high, \$6.50 to \$7; 10-inch pots, 72 to 80 inches high, \$8 to \$10.

RHAPIS Flabelliformis. Native of China and Japan. This beautiful Palm is highly recommended for decorative purposes or as a room ornament. The stems are slender, leaves flabellate upon short foot stalks, and are of a dark green color. Walking canes are made from the stems of this variety. Four-inch pots, 8 to 10 inches high, \$1.25; 5-inch pot, 18 to 20 inches high, \$1.50 to \$1.75; 6-inch pots 26 to 30 inches high, \$2.50 to \$3; 8-inch pots, 48 to 50 inches high, \$5 to \$6; 12-inch pots, fine specimens, \$20.



Latania Borbonica.

KENTIA. A genus of Palms that have pinnate leaves, which with petioles and stem quite smooth, they are splendid for decorating greenhouse, room or hallway. Hardy and of easy cultivation. Should be in every collection.

K—Belmoreana. Two and one-half-inch pot, 4 to 5 inches high, 30 cents each; 3-inch pots, 8 to 10 inches high, 50 cents each; 4-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$1.50 to \$2.00.



RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS.

\$4; 6-inch pots, 32 to 35 inches high, \$6 to \$7; 7-inch pots, 36 to 40 inches high, \$10 to \$11.

K—Australis. Very handsome; dark green in color. Four-inch pots, 12 to 15 inches high, \$2.50 to \$3; 5-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$3.50 to \$5; 5-inch pots, 20 to 25 inches high, \$3 to \$3.50; 6-inch pots, 25 to 36 inches high, \$5 to \$7.

K Canterburyana. Three-inch pots, 5 to 7 inches high, \$1; 4-inch pots, 12 to 15 inches high, \$3.

K Posteriana. A robust growing variety, very ornamental, deserving a place in every collection. Two and one-half-inch pots, 30 cents each; 3-inch pots, 10 to 12 inches high, 50 cents; 4-inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$1.50 to \$2; 5-inch pots, 30 to 32 inches high,

PHOENIX. All the Phoenix are quite hardy and easy of cultivation, and very ornamental. Leaves pinnate.

P—Canariensis. From Canary Islands. One of the most rapid

growing of all Palms; very desirable. Two and one-half-inch-pots, 25 cents each; 3-inch pots, 50 cents each; 4-inch pots, 10 to 12 inches high, \$1.

P—Reclinata. An elegant, large growing species, from South America; fine for decorative work. Two and one-half-inch pots, 25 cents each; 3-inch pots, 50 cents each; 5-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$2 each; 6-inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$3; 7-inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$4; 8 inch pots, 36 to 40 inches high, \$7; 10 and 12 inch pots, 40 to 48 inches high, fine specimens, \$8 to \$12.



Kentia Belmoreana

P—Rupicola. A most beautiful species of the genus; produces long pendent pinnate leaves. Six-inch pots, 24 to 28 inches high, \$4; 7-inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$6 to \$7.

P—Sylvestris. Native of the East Indies; the most beautiful species of the whole genus; quite hardy; invaluable for apartment or outdoor decoration. Five-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$2; 6-inch pots, 24 to 30 inches high, \$3; 7-inch pots, 30 to 34 inches high, \$4; 8-inch pots, 36 to 42 inches high, \$8; 10-inch pots, 44 to 50 inches high, \$10 to \$12.

OREODOXA Regia. Royal Palm of the West Indies and South Florida. A graceful, slender growing, pinnate-leaved Palm; very valuable decorative Palm for hallways and rooms. Four-inch pots, 20 to 30 inches high, \$1.50; 5-inch pots, 30 to 40 inches high, \$2 to \$2.50; 6 inch pots, 42 to 50 inches high, \$3 to \$4; 7-inch pots, 50 to 56 inches high, \$5 to \$6; 8-inch pots, 60 to 72 inches high, \$7 to \$9; 10-inch pots, 75 to 80 inches high, \$10 to \$12.

PTYCHOSPERMA Alexandra. Palm of graceful and elegant habit; the fronds are broad, pinnated and rich green; under side of leaf, silvery; largely used and highly esteemed. Two and one-half-inch pots, 25 cents each; 7 and 10-inch pots, fine plants, \$5 to \$10.

SABAL Adansonii. A dwarf growing Palm, from the Southern States; leaves used for fans, hats etc.; Four-inch pots, 50 cents; 8 to 10-inch pots, large, \$6 to \$8.

S—Palmatto. The well known Palm; tree of the South; fan shaped leaves; ornamental. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

THRINAX Argentea. An elegant, fan-leaved Palm from the West Indies and South Florida; Two and one-half-inch pots, 20 cents; 3-inch pots, 50 cents.

T—Parviflora. Two and one-half-inch pots, 20 cents; 3-inch pots, 50 cents.

TRITHINAX Braziliensis. A superb, compact growing plant; elegant fan-like leaves; rare and desirable. Six and 7-inch pots, \$5 to \$8.



Phoenix Reclinata.

WALLICHIA Disticha. India. A stemless species; the leaves rising from the ground resemble the fronds of some immense fern; one of the most elegant Palms in cultivation, and exceedingly rare. Four-inch pots, \$5 to \$6 each.

CURCULIGO Recurvata. A good plant for center of vase or as single specimen. Very much resembles some of the Cocoa Palms. Four inch pots, 75 cents; 5-inch pots, \$1 to \$1.50; 6 to 7-inch pots, \$2 to \$3.

CYCAS Revoluta, sometimes called Sago Palm. This is one of the most beautiful decorative plants. I know none that is so easy to cultivate, and always attractive. They usually only make one growth a year. All the leaves of the season come out at the same time. They can be kept in a dark room for days or weeks without any perceptible harm. They are always ornamental and admired by all that see them. Leaves dark green, densely pinnated, very hardy, excellent for apartment decoration or greenhouse or sub-tropical gardening in summer. They are valued according to the size of trunk or stems and amount of foliage. Being very slow in growth, large stems are expensive. I carry a large stock of these decorative plants. Having received several hundred from Japan last season, which are well established, and mainly have a good set of fronds, by



Cycas Revoluta.

July to August will make their second growth, then they will be beauties. I have a large stock of small plants in 3 and 4-inch pots, ranging in price from 30 cents to \$1. A reasonable stock in 5 and 6-inch pots. Foliage not in first-rate shape, with from three to ten leaves, ranging in price from \$1.50 to \$5. By July 1, they will make another growth of foliage, then they will be fine plants. Expect another lot of small plants in May that will be ready for sale August 1; \$1 \$2 each. The following are well established.

Inch Pots.	No of Leaves.	Length.	Diameter of Stem.	Height of Stem.	Price Per Pot.
3	1 to 2	7 to 10	1 to 2	1 to 2	\$ 30 to \$ 40
4	2 to 5	9 to 12	2 to 3	2 to 3	75 to 1 00
7	7 to 12	15 to 18	4 to 5	5 to 7	4 00 to 6 00
8	15 to 18	15 to 20	5 to 6	5 to 8	7 00 to 8 00
10	20 to 25	15 to 20	6 to 7	9 to 12	10 00 to 12 00
12	27 to 32	20 to 22	7 to 8	12 to 15	14 00 to 18 00
14	30 to 40	22 to 25	8	16 to 20	20 00 to 20 00
20	30 to 40	26 to 30	8 to 10	28 to 36	75 to 100 00

Have many intermediate sizes between 7 and 14-inch pots, at corresponding prices. **TWO THOUSAND CYCAS LEAVES**, 12 to 15 inches long, 4 to 5 inches wide, 50 cents; 18 to 20 inches long, 5 to 6 inches wide, 80 cents; 20 to 24 inches long, 5 to 6 inches wide, \$1.

CYCAS Circinalis. One of the finest species of the present genus. Leaves, 6 to 10 feet long, on well grown specimens; dark, shining green on upper side; paler below; very rare and scarce. I am expecting a large shipment from the East Indies early in the

season, which will be ready for sale by July 1, ranging in price from \$5 to \$20. Full description on application.

ZAMIA Integrifolia. Native of Florida and other Southern states. Resembles *Cycas Revoluta*, but does not get so large; 4-inch pots, 50 cents to \$1. Strong plants, 5 and 6-inch pots, \$1.50 to \$2; 6 and 7-inch pots, \$3 to \$5.

DRACÆNA (Dragon Tree). One of the most desirable of our ornamental foliage plants for decoration, either in or outdoor, as it does not appear to suffer from the dry atmosphere of rooms; in a partially shaded situation it stands remarkably well during the summer, outdoors. Its bright foliage renders it very useful for window garden, planted as a center piece in a rustic stand, jardiniere or window box, or for summer decoration in vases, ornamental beds, etc. It thrives best in a light, rich soil, composed of leaf-mould, sand, loam and thoroughly decomposed manure.

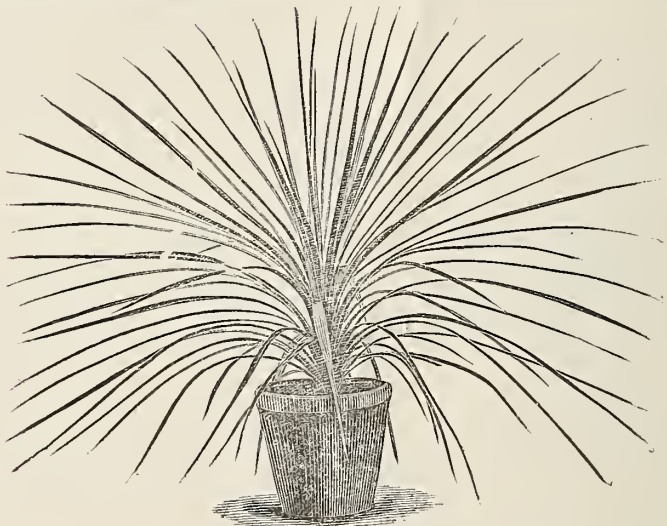


Zamia Integrifolia.

ornamental plant. Two and 2½-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 4 to 5-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

D—Brazilliensis. The foliage rich green; one of the best of that color. Two and one-half-inch pots, 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 25 cents; 5-inch pots, \$1.25 to \$2.

D Australis. Leaves bright green, two or three feet in length; a fine orna-



Dracaena Indivisa.

D—Draco (Dragon Tree). Three-inch pots, 30 cents; 4 to 5-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 6-inch pots, \$1.50.

D—Fragrans. A superb African species, with beautiful deep green leaves. Four and 5-inch pots, \$1 to \$1.50.

D—Goldeana. An elegant species; leaves banded dark green and silver gray. Two dollars and a half to \$3 each.

D—Indivisa. Leaves long, tapering, dark green; a fine, hardy, decorative sort. Two to 2½-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 3-inch pots 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 cents; 5-inch pots, 50 to 60 cents.

D—Rubra. Foliage rich, dark crimson. Five to 6-inch pots, \$1 to \$2.

D—Terminalis. Leaves oblong lanceolate in shape; the ground color is bronzy green with broad streaks of crimson when fully exposed to the light. The green is entirely replaced by the bright color. A very fine plant for a centre piece or for decorative work; 2½ inch pots, 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents; 5 to 6-inch pots, \$1 to \$1.50.



Dracaena Terminalis.

Veitchii; 2 and 2½-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 cents; 5-inch pots 50 cents.

NEW AND RARE VARIETIES OF DRACÆNAS. **D—Amabilis.** Long and rather broad leaves of bright, glossy green, marked and suffused with pink and creamy white. Two and one-half inch pots, 30 cents; 3-inch pots, 50 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1; 5-inch pots, \$1.50.

D—Imperialis. Leaves of deep green, varied with crimson and pink, and of peculiar metallic lustre over the whole; of fine, erect, arching habit. Three-inch pots, 40 cents; 4-inch pots 80 cents; 5-inch pots, \$1.25.

D—Stricta Grandis. This is one of the strongest and most robust growing sorts of the highly colored species; its noble aspect and bold erect habit gives it a majestic appearance. Three-inch pots, 50 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1; 5-inch pots, \$1.50.

D—Terminalis Alba. This rare *Dracæna* is the exact counterpart of the old red *Terminalis*, its leaves being white instead of

red; in all other respects it is like that good and popular sort. It is the best of all the white colored *Dracaenas* yet introduced. Two and one-half and 3-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 4-inch pots, later in the season, \$1 to \$1.25.

D—Metalica. Erect, arching leaves, coppery, purple when young, changing to dark purpleish bronze. Three-inch pots, 50 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1; 5-inch pots, \$1.50.

D—Regina. One of the finest and most distinct excellent habit. Oblong leaves the ground color; bright green, beautifully variegated with white. When quite young the margin, only, is white. As it acquires age, fully one half of the leaf becomes white. Four and 5-inch pots, \$1 to \$1.50.

D—Ferrea. Foliage broad of uniform, rich dark crimson. A very distinct and striking plant. Two and one-half and 3-inch pots, 20 to 35 cents.

PANDANUS, familiarly known as screw pine from the peculiar spiral arrangement of their leaves. They usually inhabit the muddy banks of rivers and marshy places; are found principally in the Indies and African Islands.

P—Utilis. Glaucous green, saving at the margins, where they are dark red, as well as the back of the mid-rib, armed with dark red spines. The base of the leaves are also dark red. It is an exceedingly fine decorative plant for windows, hall-ways and rooms. Native of Bourbon. Three-inch pots, 4 to 5 inches high, 30 cents; 4-inch pots, 10 to 12 inches high, 75 cents; 5-inch pots, 12 to 15 inches high, \$2; 6-inch pots, 18 to 20 inches high, \$3; 7-inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$4; 8-inch pots, 25 to 30 inches high, \$6; 10-inch pots, 30 to 36 inches high, \$8; 12-inch pots, 36 to 40 inches high, \$12.



Pandanus Utilis.

P—Veitchii. The leaves are broad, somewhat pendulous, dark spines on edges, dark shining green in center and bordered with a broad band of pure white. Native of South Sea Island. A splendid decorative plant. Three-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1; 4-inch pots, \$1.50 to \$2; 5-inch pots, \$3 to \$4; 6-inch pots, \$5 to \$6; 10-inch pots, \$12; 12-inch pots, \$15 to \$18.

FERNS AND SELAGINELLAS.

Whether viewed collectively or singularly are plants of great beauty and general interest when grown as specimens, or for their general utility in the arrangement of cut-flower work, both Ferns and Selaginellas are indispensable. They are of the easiest cultivation, and nearly all will thrive in a soil composed of leaf-mould and sand in equal parts, through which a little broken brick may be mixed. The receptacle for this should have ample drainage, and should be in a position where it will be shaded from the direct rays of the sun.

ADIANTUM. A large genus of handsome [tropical and subtropical] Ferns, commonly known as "Maiden-hair" Ferns. Their value and beauty is well-known, and they are appreciated the world over.

ADIANTUM Cuneatum, the popular "Maiden-hair" Fern.

A—Deflexum. Very fine and graceful.

A—Farleyense. This is the finest of all "Maiden-hair" Ferns.

A—Gracillimum. Smallest and most graceful of its class.

MILK Fern.

ONYCHIUM Japonicum.

PLATYCEREUM Grande or **Stag Horn Fern.** A wonderful and extraordinary genus. Succeeds in baskets or shallow pans.

Polysticum Capense.

Polypodium Phyllitides. The "Heart's-tongue" Fern of tropical America. The straight, undivided fronds are very peculiar.

NEPHROLEPIS Exaltata, (the Sword Fern). A well-known and beautiful Fern; native of Southern United States.

PTERIS ARGYRÆA. A very showy, strong growing Fern, variegated foliage; fronds large, light green, with a broad band of silvery white down the centre of each. Four-inch pots 35 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots 50 cents to \$1.

P—Serrulata Cristata. An elegant form of the preceding, in which the apex of each pinnæ is beautifully crested.

P—Tremula. Another beautiful species; native of Australia and New Zealand.

P—Cretica. Very fine.

P—Cretica Albea-Lineata. Another very pretty variegated variety, with drooping fronds.



Pteris Argyraea.

P—Cretica Crestata.

P—Hestata. A beauty, with dark green fronds and shining black stems.

P—Longifolia. Price, except where noted, 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

BLECHNUM Brazilliensis. An easy growing species with pretty divided pinnæ. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

B Occidental, from the West Indies and South America; 3-inch pot, 25 cents; 4 and 5-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

DAVALIA Fijiensis Plumosa. A charming evergreen fern with graceful arching fronds of easy and rapid growth. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1.

D—Stricta. One of the finest ferns of cultivation. The fronds are of a strong texture and of a beautiful shade of green.

LASTREA Aristata Varigata. The most beautiful variety has a broad band of yellowish green running through the pinnules along the radius.

TREE FERNS.

Ferns are admittedly among the most beautiful and exquisite of nature's gems, and are universally admired; but the added grace and elegance of these wonderful tree forms is beyond description. They are of the greatest beauty and utility for all decorative purposes, and have a charm belonging to no other order of plants. No tropical green house is complete without them.

CYATHEA. A superb genus, showing marked peculiarities of form and habit.

C—Dealbata. New Zealand. Very desirable.

C—Medullaris. One of the most elegant of the Cyatheas. Stems thickly clothed with long shining black hairs.

DICKSONIA. This is perhaps the most widely known genus of these grand plants. All the species are fine.

D—Antarctica. Well known and beautiful tree fern.

D—Squarrosa. Very attractive. Price of any of the above: Stems 1 foot, \$3.50 to \$5. Stems 2 to 3 feet \$8 to \$10 and \$15.

AISOPHILA AUSTRALIS. A very rapid growing species native of Australia. Four-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 to 6 inch pots, \$1 to \$2.

LOMARIA CILATA. A dwarf tree fern. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents to \$1.

FICUS Aurea. Rubber Tree; the Wild Fig of South Florida. A magnificent broad-leaved evergreen, almost equaling the famous *Ficus elastica* in beauty. A splendid decorative plant and probably one that will become very popular. The stem is clean and smooth; the large leathery leaves are of richest shining green, with redish midrib. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1.25.

F—Australis. Small plants 10 to 15 cents; 4 to 5-inch pots 50 to 75 cents.

F—Elastica. The true rubber tree of Upper India. A handsome decorative plant. Three-inch pots, 75 cents each; 7 and 8 inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$2 to \$3.

F—Stipulata—Repens. A fine climber, with small glossy leaves; attaches itself to walls, and is also good for baskets. Small plants 10 to 15 cents.

MUSA—Ensete. Abyssinian Banana Tree. Nothing can exceed the majestic beauty of this noble plant as a specimen in the greenhouse, conservatory, on the lawn, or when grown in masses in sub-tropical planting. The broad, massive, luxuriant green

leaves attain a length of six, ten and even fifteen feet. It is of the easiest cultivation, and will thrive during the winter in any moderately warm conservatory. Specimens, 3, 4 and 5 feet, \$2, \$3, \$4 and \$6 each.

M - Cavendishii. Dwarf-growing Banana, growing to the height of 5 to 6 feet, bears enormous bunches of fruit. A splendid decorative plant for greenhouse or large room. I have a large stock. Five and 6-inch pots 75 cents to \$1; specimens, \$3 to \$8.

M - Samatrana. A splendid growing species and one of the handsomest of foliage plants. Leaves bronze-green, heavily blotched with maroon, under surface a clear rich wine color. Price on application.



Musa [Banana].

ARAUCARIA. A genus of noble evergreen plants of distinct habit, forming elegant decorative plants for the greenhouse or conservatory.

A - Excelsa. The Norfolk Island Pine; a most elegant decorative plant always admired by all that see it. Small plants in 4 inch pots, 10 to 12 inches high, \$2.50; 5 inch pots, 15 to 18 inches high, \$3 to \$5; 6 and 7 inch pots, 20 to 24 inches high, \$6 to \$10.

A - Braziliensis. From South America. Six-inch pots, \$5 to \$6.

ORCHIDS. Of this beautiful and curious class of plants I keep 15 to 20 choice kinds at from \$2, \$3, \$4 and \$5 each.



NEW AND MONTHLY ROSES.

CLOTHILDE SUPERT. New Polyanthe tea, its color is pearl white with a vivid carmine rose centre. It is a constant bloomer quite fragrant and a strong grower.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY. This beautiful novelty is a species of La France. The flowers are deep even pink, very large and full and highly perfumed.

MAD. HOSTE. Tea in color, its shades are from the purest white and clear pale lemon, buds large size. A vigorous grower and very free bloomer.

WOOTON. Color, rose crimson, with velvet shading. A good grower and bloomer.

MRS. JOHN LAING. New Hybrid Perpetual; the finest new Hybrid rose introduced for many years. In color is a beautiful soft pink, very double and of large size. Strong grower.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. An excellent rose for forcing. The flowers are very double, of a deep crimson color, and very fragrant.

POLYANTHA ROSES. Anna Marie de Montravel. Pure white flowers about an inch and a half in diameter; beautiful slender buds.

Mad. Cecile Brunner. Quite distinct from the others, and very pretty, with slender salmon buds, heavily shaded with rose; exceedingly sweet.

MIGNONETTE. Its color is clear delicate rose with a frequent and peculiar intermingling of white, that makes its appearance still more unique and pleasing; a constant and free bloomer.

HYBRED TEA ROSES. La France, splendid satin rose, very large, full, fine form; a constant bloomer. The sweetest of all roses, and none can surpass the delicacy of its coloring.

Marechal Niel. Bright golden yellow; large and fine form, with thick leathery petals, opening well, very fragrant.

Niphetos. Pure white; full, fragrant, mangolia-like petals, a general favorite.

Papa Gontier. Exceedingly free flowering; one of the finest roses, either for out-of-doors or for the winter forcing. The blooms are large and long, and of a dark carmine crimson.

Perle des Jardins. Beautiful rich yellow, of large size and perfect form.

Saffrano. Saffron yellow, beautiful in the bud; a well-known favorite.

Souv. de Malmaison. Large flowers, beautifully imbricated; very full, perfect form, bright glowing crimson, very vivid and highly scented.

Sunset. The flowers are of large size, fine full form, very double and deliciously perfumed. The color is a remarkable shade of rich golden amber, elegantly tinged and shaded with dark ruddy copper.

Wm. Francis Bennett. An admirable forcing rose; its rich, glowing crimson color and charming fragrance, combined with large size and correct shape, have rendered it a general favorite.

MISCELLANEOUS MONTHLY ROSES—Bon Silence. Brilliant carmine rose; a well-known and favorite variety.

Catherine Mermet. Bright flesh color, full and beautiful; one of the most lovely of its color.

Duchesse de Brabant. Few roses equal this in freedom of flowering; none surpass it either in fragrance or vigor; the flowers are rather loose when open, but are rich and peculiarly colored; color rose, heavily shaded with amber and salmon.

Duchess of Westminster.

Douglas. Dark crimson.

Hermosa. Beautiful pale rose color; double and fine; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4 inch pots, 25 to 30 cents.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSE—General Jacqueminot. Brilliant scarlet crimson, a most superb and glowing color; large flowers.

General Washington. Very double crimson.

Mad. Plantier. Pure white; very double; fine for cemetery planting.

Magna Charta. Bright pink, suffused with carmine; a beautiful rose; strong, vigorous grower.

Pæonia. Clear bright rose.

Jules Margottin. Cherry crimson, large and full.

Hypolite Jamine. Bright pink, very full.

HARDY CLIMBING OR PILLAR ROSES—Prairie Queen. Deep rose, hardy and desirable.

Baltimore Belle. Blush of medium size, flowers in clusters.

MOSS ROSES. Wm. Lobb.

Henry Martin. Fine crimson, very vigorous.

Luxemburg. Bright crimson, large and mossy.

James Veitch. The finest perpetual moss rose; an early and constant bloomer; buds beautifully mossed; bright rosy crimson; blooms the first year.

Perpetual White. Free bloomer. Small plants, 15 cents each; large plants from open ground, 25 to 50 cents. Price except where noted, 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 and 30 cents.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS—(Blue African Lily). A grand old plant, native of Cape Good Hope, perhaps better known to the amateur under the name of Blue African Lily. It is one of the most ornamental plants for pots or vases; excellent for out-door decoration during the summer and equally valuable as a conser-

vatory plant. Leaves dark green, long and strap-shaped; flowers rich dark blue; borne in many flowered umbels, and continues a long time in bloom. Price, \$1 to \$2.

ACALYPHA MARGINATA—An elegant foliage plant; the leaves are green, beautifully banded with narrow margin of pink and white; very desirable as a house plant and fine for bedding. Small plants 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 35 to 50 cents.

ANTHURICUM VITATUM VARIEGATUM A valuable plant for vases, baskets, windows, gardens, etc., with narrow, dark green leaves, marked with broad stripes of white. Three-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 35 and 50 cents.

ALYSUM SWEET—Double white, fine for baskets, or borders, free bloomer and fragrant. Two-inch pots, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; \$1 per dozen.

ALTERNANTHERAS—Four varieties. Beautiful dwarf plants for carpet bedding and edging of borders. Good plants, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen; \$3 per hundred.

ABUTILONS—*Duc de Malakoff*—Flowers, crimson veined.

A—*John Hopkins*—Bright canary yellow.

A—*Thompsonii Plena*. This Abutilon in foliage is similar to *Thompsonii*, with perfect double flowers of a deep orange color, shaded and streaked crimson; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

AUCUBAS. Handsome, half-hady, evergreen shrubs, with large, bright green leaves, beautifully marked yellow. They make splendid conservatory or parlor plants.

A—*Japonica*. (Gold Dust Tree). Leaves large, distinctly speckled golden yellow; 25 to 50 cents.

A—*Lanceolata*. Leaves lance-shaped, glossy dark green, with yellow, 25 to 50 cents.

AGERATUM. Very effective plants for bedding, remaining in bloom throughout the whole summer, valuable cut-flower. Imperial dwarf blue and white are especially suited for ribbon bedding. Small plants, 5 to 10 cents; 3 to 4-inch pots, 5 to 25 cents.

A—*Mexicanum Var.* Leaves variegated with creamy white; flowers blue; very fine for bedding at cut flower work. Two and one-half-inch pots, 5 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

AMORPHOPHALLUS RIVIERI—A remarkably distinct and pretty Aroid, of easy culture, especially adapted for subtropical bedding or for the mixed border, producing a solitary Palm-like leaf on a tall, stout stem which is curiously spotted and speckled with rose and olive green. The flower is similar in shape to the Calla Lily, the outside being of a similar color to the leaf stem; the inside is deep blood red, veined with black. Small plants, 15 to 20 cents each; 4 to 5-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 to 8-inch pots, \$1 to \$1.50; ten to 12-inch pots, \$2 to \$3.



Amorphophallus Rivieri.

Begonias.

BEGONIAS.—(General collection of the best old and new varieties.) Flowering varieties.

B—Bruanti. Foliage green; flowers white, tinged with pink; free flowering.

B—Alba Picta. A pretty species from Brazil, distinct in character. It is shrubby in habit and of compact growth. The leaves are glossy green, freely spotted with bright, silvery white. Will make a really pretty plant for decorative purposes.

B—Metallica. A fine, erect-growing variety, with dark, rough leaves. The surface is a lustrous bronze green; veins depressed and dark red.

B—Rubra. Dark green leaves; flowers scarlet rose, glossy and wax-like.

B—Saundersoni. Scarlet flowers; dwarf habit; in bloom continually.

B—Leonore.

B—Mrs. Hardy.

B—Pres. Bowerville.

B—Weltoniensis. An excellent summer, autumn and winter-blooming variety, of dwarf, dense habit, with crimson stems and leaf stocks, bright green leaves and waxy-pink flowers. It is exceedingly free-flowering and attractive, and is most useful for planting in shady positions in summer.

B—Schmidtii. Foliage dark green, covered with soft hairs; plant dwarf, and extremely floriferous; flowers pinkish white.

Louis Chretien. The handsomest of all foliage Begonias; ground color dark green, with silver band; tinted violet crimson, with metallic luster.

Subpeltatum Nigricans. Leaves a rich shade of crimson maroon, overlaid with silver luster.

B—M. De Lesseps. It is beautifully spotted with silver. A very strong, free-growing variety that will succeed with any ordinary care, growing rapidly and sending out quantities of leaves. This is a wonderfully beautiful sort, of splendid habit and strong growth.



B.—Louise Erbody.

B—Manicata Aurea. Small plants, 10 and 15 cents each; 75 cents to \$1.25 per dozen; 4, 5 and 6-inch pots, 25, 35 to 50 cents each.

B—Rex Varieties. Beautiful foliage plants, remarkable for the rich and varied markings of the foliage; well adapted for window cases or vases and baskets in shaded situations. They delight in a light, open soil, composed of rich loam, loose wood earth and sharp sand, and must be shaded in summer.

B—Comtesse Louise Erdody. Peculiar corkscrew formation of leaves, which are dark silvery in the center, shading to a coppery margin; new, distinct and very handsome.

B—Queen Victoria. Bright, silvery green, of crape-like texture; reddish veins and fluted edge.

B—Rex. The original; very fine.

B—Clementine. A cross between Rex and Diadema; the color of the stem and the upper surface of the leaf is a beautiful bronze green, ornamented with large silver spots.

B—Louis Chretien. The handsomest of all foliage Begonias; ground color dark green, with silver band, tinted violet crimson, with, with metallic luster.

B—Silver Queen. Very fine.

B—White Perfection. Any of the above 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 50 and 75 cents.



Begonia Rex.

New and Choice Chrysanthemums

C—Mrs. Alpheus Hardy—The white Ostrich Plume. This wonderful plant has created a sensation wherever shown. It is pure white of immense size.

C—Dawn—Delicate rosy blush, flowers of the largest size; undoubtedly a grand acquisition.

C—Golden Plume—Drooping petals of a rich golden color with a tuft of feathery petals in the center.

C—J. C. Vaughan—(Thorpe). Richest plum crimson without any shade of purple. Flowers reflexed; very large, strong, stiff stems. This is a really beautiful and distinct colored variety.

C—Louis Boehmer—(Henderson). Color an exquisite shade of silvery pink with deep rose on inside of petals. These curve gracefully inward and have the same wonderful hair-like growth on them as those on Mrs Alpheus Hardy. This soft feather growth alluded to suggested the name of a new race of Chrysanthemums styled Ostrich Plume. Its flowers are enormous, borne on the strong stiff stems. Each, 60 cents.

C—Bohemia—The coloring is gorgeous. A magnificent shade of glowing crimson and the flowers are above the average size.

C—Chas. Harlwig—A rich deep crimson. A No. 1 one of the very best crimson sorts.

C—Leopard—Anaranth, dotted with white, petals which are much twisted. Two and one-half-inch pots, 25 cents; the set for \$1.50.

General Collection Crysanthemums.

C—Mrs. Andrew Caanegie—Bright deep crimson, reverse of petals a shade lighter; broad, long and flat; incurved on first opening, afterwards assuming the form of a large Pæony.

C—Kioto—Bright yellow; broad petals beautifully incurved and interlaced; large and of exquisite form; very distinct.

C—Lillian B. Bird—Pale pink, narrow, tube-like floret petals, exceedingly full; very large and symmetrical. Will keep late.

C—Snowball—(Mrs. S. Humphreys)—Pure white, very large and full, globular. Very abundant bloomer.

C—Edna Craig—Petals pure white; center pale yellow; very large.

C—M. H. Cannell—Large, finely formed flowers of the most intense yellow.

C—Cullingfordii—Dark mahogany crimson, extra fine.

C—Dutchess—Rich, deep red; each petal tipped with golden yellow. The flowers are large and in dense clusters.

C—October Beauty—Pink; early flowering.

C—Golden Alpha—Clear golden yellow; very early.

C—Pandanus—Strong stems; free grower; pure white petals of good substance.

C—Mrs. A. Rogers—A rich golden yellow; incurved; each flower a bouquet; strong and vigorous growth.

C—Gorgeous—Yellow; very early.

C—Lilac.

C—G. F. Massman—Crimson. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; \$1 per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Japanese Varieties.

C—Blooming Rose—Bright rosy pink.

C—Fulton—Clear bright yellow; long twisted petals.

C—Marvel—Very large, flat flower of regular rosette shape, the ground color pure waxen white, and on this is a large, irregular blotch of wine color.

C—W. W. Coles—A peculiar shade of terra-cotta, shaded orange; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents each; \$1 per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

The Crozy New Large Flowering French Cannas.

No family of plants has made more rapid improvement during the last few years than the Cannas. Originally introduced as foliage plants, they have developed into handsome flowering plants, almost equal in color and marking to the Gladiolus. The Crozy Cannas are a superior strain, and present the most brilliant colors imaginable.

C—Star of '91—The habit of the plant is very dwarf. Every sprout produces a flower-spike, which in its turn becomes many-branched, each branch bearing from 12 to 17 blossoms, each blossom 4 to 5 inches wide, and each petal $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad. The colors of the flowers is glowing orange-scarlet, faintly banded with golden-yellow, and the plants, from tiny morsels to big specimens, are perpetually in bloom, and as a house or greenhouse winter-blooming plant, it is going to cause a great sensation. It never ceases growing and blooming, and its blooms, under glass are even larger, brighter, and last longer than when out-doors; 75 cents each.

C—Madame Crozy—Compact growth; numerous spikes of very large flowers; clear vermilion bordered with gold; petals very wide and broadly rounded; foliage green. Surpasses even Gladioli and Cannas; 3 feet; 75 cents each.

General List of French Cannas.

C—Brilliant—Purplish Green foliage; aramant flowers. Four feet.

C—B. Cousancai—Leaves green, flowers medium; very abundant, brilliant red. Seven feet.

C—Enfant de Cohors—Leaves purple, long carmine flowers.

C—Revel Massott—Garnet flower, free blooming, green foliage.

C—Fleurera—Green leaves, large flowers, yellow, spotted red.

C—Felix Crousse—Orange red flowers, large dark green foliage.

C—F. Lapute—Leaves purplish green, flowers carmine. Four feet.

C—Muliflora—Very large red flower. Two to three feet.

C—Monte Cendre—Leaves green, beautiful large flowers, citron yellow, flamed with red at the center. Height 4 to 5 feet.

C—Rosæflora—Bluish green foliage, large carmine rose, rose flowers. Four feet; 20 cents each.

C—Discolor—Large bronzy-red leaves. Strong plants, 10 to 15 cents each; \$1 to \$2 per dozen.

CANNA FLACCIDA—(The Orchid Canna.) A beautiful Florida species, growing two or three feet high; leaves a beautiful light green, very pleasing. Flowers very large, clear golden yellow, and resemble an iris or some orchids more than a Canna. Strong plants, 10 cents each; \$1 per dozen.

AMARYLLIS—formosissimo—The intense crimson; a very fine sort; 25 and 50 cents each.

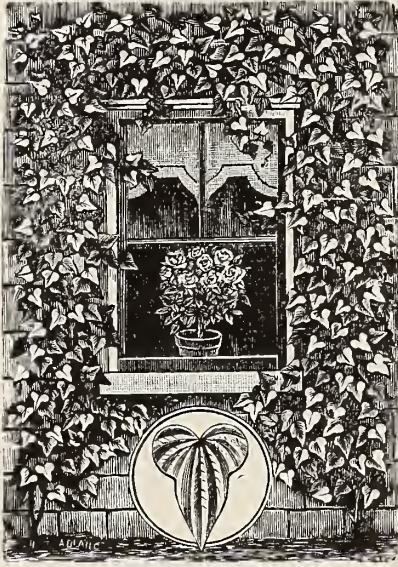
A—Johnsonii—Very large flowers, striped crimson and white; profuse bloomer; one of the choicest; 75 to \$1.50.

CRINUM Americanum—A very beautiful Florida species, producing immense umbels of pure white, very fragrant flowers on a tall spike, and blooming several times during the year; superior to many of the high priced flowering bulbs; 25 and 50 cents each.

C—Nobile—This is the most magnificent of all the crinum lillies flower are large pure white with a redist puple stripe on the outside of each petal large bulbs; 75 cents \$1.50.

PANCRATIUM Caribbæum—Spider Lily. West Indies, and extreme South Florida. Flowers pure white, boure in large clusters, very fragrant. Each, 15 cents.

CINNAMON VINE. A beautiful climber, which possesses the rare quality of emitting from its flowers the delightful odor of cinnamon, and very appropriately called the "Cinnamon Vine." If well protected, the stem dying down every autumn, but growing again so rapidly in the spring as to completely cover any trellis or arbor very early in the season; will make from ten to twenty feet of vine, and with its beautiful heart-shaped leaves, bright green peculiar foliage, and clusters of delicate white flowers, sending forth a delicious cinnamon odor, renders it the most desirable climber. Small plants, 5 to 10 cents each; 50 to 60 cents per dozen; large roots, 20 to 25 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.



Cinnamon Vine.

Bulbs must be dried off in fall. Four and 5-inch pots, 25 and 35 cents each.

C—ÆTHIOPICA. The "Calla Lily," or "Lily of the Nile." A favorite old plant for house culture, with large leaves and trumpet-shaped flowers. Three inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 36 to 50 cents.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. Small bulbs, 10 to 15 cents each; 75 cents to \$1.25 per dozen; large bulbs, 25 to 50 cents.

COBEA SCANDENS. A beautiful climbing plant of rapid growth, attaining a height of twenty feet in a single season, either in or outdoors. Flowers bell-shaped and purple in color. Three-inch pots, 15 cents; \$1 20 per dozen; 4-inch pots, str. 25 cents; \$2 per dozen.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM GIGANTEUM. A charming greenhouse bulb, which succeeds admirably in the house. Three inch pots, 15 cents; 4 and 5-inch pots, 25 to 35 cents.

CYPERUS—Alternifolius. A grass-like plant, throwing up stems to the height of about two feet, surmounted at the top by a cluster or whorl of leaves, diverging horizontally, giving the plant a very curious appearance. A splendid plant for the center of baskets, vases or wardian cases, or as a water plant. Three-inch pots, 15 cents each; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 6-inch pots, 50 cents.



Calla.

C—Alternifollus Var. A variegated form of the above; leaves and stem elegantly marked with white, sometimes entirely white; one of the most elegant plants for baskets or aquariums. Three-inch pots, 20 cents each; 4-inch pots, 35 cents each.

Selaginella Lepidophylla. Resurrection Plant or Bird's Nest Moss of Mexico. In dry weather curls up into a nest-like ball, opening in moist weather; branches fern-like. Fifty cents each.

Colcus.

C—Acme. Yellow center, veined with crimson.



Caladium Esculentum

green, speckled with yellow, crimson, dark purple and black.

C—Atlanta. Dark maroon, flamed carmine.

C—Autumn Leaves.

C—Achambra. Fine new variety; center white, shaded to light carmine and dark maroon; gold edge.

C—Brilliant. Bronzy crimson; gold edge.

C—Crown Jewel. Very fine.

C—Negro. Fine black.

C—Progress. Ground color deep

C—Queen of the Lawn. Dazzling carmine, rimmed with velvety maroon.

C—John Goode. A variety much used for yellow carpet bedding in Chicago parks. A strong grower; mottled green and yellow inside, but becoming yellow when planted out.

C—Golden Bedder. Bright golden yellow; the best yellow bedding variety known.

C—Rocket. Violet rose center, black next, and serrated edges.

C—Scarlet Prince. Brilliant carmine scarlet; edge crimson.

C—South Park Gem. Golden yellow.

C—Verschaffelti. Rich dark crimson, of velvety effect; the oldest yet the leading variety for all purposes. Small plants, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen; 2½ inch pots, 10 cents; 75 cents per dozen; 4 and 5-inch pots, 25 to 35 cents; \$1.25 to \$1.75 per dozen.

ACHYRANTHUS—Lindenii. Long, lance-shaped leaves of a deep, blood-red color; very attractive. Small plants, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents each.

CENTAUREA. Fine for bedding, vases, hanging-baskets and pots; also extensively used for margins.

C—Candidissima. Splendid silvery, broad-cut leaves.

C—Gymnocarpa. Very graceful, fine-cut, silvery gray foliage. Small plants, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen; strong plants, 10 to 20 cents; 75 cents to \$1.25 per dozen.

CROTONS. These ornamental plants are natives of the South Sea Islands. They are among the most beautiful of variegated



Croton.

wavy foliage; red midribs.

C—Nobile. Long, pendulous leaves, richly tinted with yellow crimson and green.

C—Spirale. Leaves slender, narrow and spiral-shaped; the ground color deep green, with a broad band of yellow, changing with the age to a bronzy green, when the midrib will become of a deep crimson.

plants, the leaves being blotched with yellow and red in various ways, which render them most attractive and valuable for decorative purposes. They are of the easiest culture, succeeding in any warm house.

C—Augustifolium. Very narrow leaves, green and yellow.

C—Aucubæfolium. Green, yellow and crimson.

C—Cornutum. Leaves irregular-shaped, of a dark green, spotted with bright yellow; the midrib terminates in a horn-like appendage.

—Elegans. Bright green, striped with golden yellow.

C—Interruptum. Very long,

C—Tortile. An elegant sort; very distinct; twisted foliage and midribs; the ground color is of a bluish green; the nerves become crimson-lined, with a yellow band on either side.

C—Queen Victoria. Strong, upright grower; young foliage glossy green, streaked with golden bands. These markings eventually change, the green becoming a dark chocolate and the golden bright vermilion—a very beautiful contrast of colors.

C—Volutum. Deep green; golden bar through the center; in form like a ram's horn.

C—Veitchii. An elegant new sort; the leaves are traversed by bands of pale yellow, changing into rose and later into carmine. Two and one-half-inch pots, 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 20 to 25 cents. 4-inch pots, 35 to 50 cents.

Double Large Flowering Dahlias.

D—White Dove. Flowers are extra fine; double pure white petals; beautifully toothed stems, very long; 3½ feet high.

D—Snow. Very fine variety of purest snow white; double to the very center; rather broad as compared with others; early flowering.

D—Bird of Paradise. White, tinged with pink; profuse bloomer.

D—Bannards Yellow. Pure, tall, early.

D—Bob Ridley. Scarlet; fine Bannards, yellow.

D—Crimson King. Light crimson.

D—Cassec. Orange buff; Mrs. Eastman, light red; Mrs. Clark, crimson.

D—Dom Pedro. Scarlet and white.

D—Miss Dodd. The finest formed yellow in cultivation; the blooms are of the largest size, with long stems.

D—Ovid. Purple; very fine.

D—Purple Queen. Purple.

D—Queen Victoria. Golden yellow; early; fine.

D—Wacht am Rhein. Maroon red.

D—Ida Fisher. Dwarf variety; pure white; early flowering. Small plants, 10 to 15 cents; strong plants, 20 to 25 cents each.

Cactus Flowering Dahlias.

D—Constance. Ivory white; charming flower.

D—Empress of India. Deep crimson; shaded maroon; fine.

D—Mrs. Hawkins. Yellow, tinged with red.

D—Mr. Tait. Pure white.

D—Wm. Pierce. The finest of the section of all true buttery color; profuse bloomer.

D—Zulu. Deep, rich purple; maroon flowers; are of medium size; very double.

ECHEVERIAS. (Cotyledon). This is one of the most important classes of succulent plants, and has received much notice of



Bed of Echeverias.

years from the extensive use of the species in "carpet" and "mosaic" bedding, for which they are especially adapted, their dwarf character, regularity of form, real beauty and habit of growth giving them a place occupied by no other plants. Some of the species are of taller habit, and bloom beautifully; in fact, the flowers of all are handsome, although it is not usual to allow them to form on the plants when used for bedding.

E—Grandiflora. (Gibbiflora). Large, upright growth; flower stems three to four feet high; winter bloomlet. Four to 5-inch pots, 25 to 50 cents; large plants, 75 cents to \$1.

E—Secunda and Secunda Glauca. Dwarf rosette form; fine leaves. These two sorts are the most largely used, with several others, for carpet or mosaic bedding, in combination with Alternantheras, etc. We can supply several sizes at 5 to 10 cents each; \$2 to \$6 per hundred.

E—Metallica. Large, shell-like leaves, with a metallic lustre; flowers bell-shaped, yellow and scarlet. Small plants, 25 to 35 cents each; large plants, \$1 to \$2; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 to 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 to 50 cents.

E—Mirabilis. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots 15 to 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 to 50 cents.

E—Davifalia. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 to 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 to 50 cents.

EUPHORBIA—Splendens. A continuous-blooming plant; stems densely covered with spines an inch in length, giving it a curious appearance; scarlet flowers with yellow centers; fine for bouquets. Three-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 50 cents to \$1.

E—Havanensis. A cactus-like plant with three-sided stems, mottled and marbled with white on a dark green ground. A very handsome decorative plant, and valuable in collections of Cacti, although not a true Cactus; a plant indigenous to Morocco. Three-inch pots, 15 and 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 35 to 50 cents; specimen plants, \$1 to \$2 each.

IMPATIENS SULTANI. A perennial Balsam, most distinct and beautiful, and, although especially suited for decorative purposes in the greenhouse, has also proved to be most valuable for summer bedding. The plant is of compact growth and almost a perpetual bloomer, thriving wonderfully well under dif-

ferent conditions. The flowers are of brilliant rose scarlet, from 1 to 1½ inches in diameter. Two-inch pots, 10 cents; 75 cents per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4 inch pots, 25 cents each. See cut.

Fuchsias.

FUCHSIAS—These graceful plants delight in a cool, shady position and require a rich, sandy loam, or equal parts of loam, sand and manure, thoroughly decomposed. They are not adapted to sunny or exposed situations, as their resting season is during late summer.



F—Arabella—White tube and sepals, rose corolla; early flowering.

F—Black Prince—Tube and petals bright waxy-carmine; sepals large and broad, with pale green tips, large, open, pale pink corolla.

F—Earl of Beaconsfield—The tube and sepals light rosy carmine; corolla deep carmine; large flowers.

F—Elegans—Dark corolla; crimson tube and sepals.

F—Improved Rose of Casteel.

F—Elm City—Sepals rich crimson; corolla deep purple, double; very free flowering; extra fine. Best market purple Fuchsia.

F—Gustave Dore—Sepals light rose; corolla pure white; very fine.

F—Lovely—Tube and sepals white; corolla single, brilliant crimson, tinted with magenta.

F—Madame Van der Strauss—Fine, large and elegant form; sepals long and reflexed, pure red; corolla large, double-white. The finest market double-white Fuchsia.

F—Montrose.

F—Prince Napoleon.

F—Oriflame.

F—Rose of Casteel.

F—Speciosa—Blush tube and sepals; crimson corolla; free bloomer. Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 2½, 3 and 4-inch pots, 10, 15 and 25 cents each; 75 cents to \$1.20 and \$1.75 per dozen.

F—Penelope—Single white corolla; sepals nicely reflexed; lively red; very early and free.

F—President Carnot—Plant very free flowering; corolla double, violet; sepals relieved, wine-red color; plant of splendid habit.

Feverfew—Double-white; free bloomer. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 75 cents per dozen; 3 and 4-inch pots, 15 to 25 cents each; \$1.20 to \$1.75 per dozen.

F—Golden—Fine for massing or bordering. Small plants, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen; strong plants, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen.

PARFUGIUM GRANDE—A handsome plant, with large, round, dark green leaves, spotted yellow. Succeeds best in a partially shaded situation; is popular and successful as a house-plant. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 to 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 to 35 cents.

GLADIOLUS—No plant is more useful for making gay the garden than the Gladiolus forms. Planted at intervals, from May 1 on, they supply a brilliant display in late summer and fall. The tall spikes of flowers are very lasting when cut, and the colors include white, yellow, scarlet and intermediate shades. The bulbs are not hardy, but can be readily lifted and kept over winter. Choice mixed, 60 cents per dozen; a few choice named varieties at \$1 to \$2 per dozen; extra fine large, 10 cents each; 75 cents to \$1 per dozen.

GERANIUMS—No class of plants are better adapted for bedding purposes than the Geraniums, blooming as they do throughout the entire summer, giving a constant supply of flowers until frost. We know of no plant that will give such entire satisfaction. Twenty-five to 30 varieties, double and single; variegated and fragrant foliage. Price, 2½-inch pots, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; \$5 per hundred; 3-inch pots, 15 cents each; \$1 per dozen; \$8 per hundred; 4-inch pots, 20 to 25 cents each; \$1.50 to \$1.75 per dozen. Larger in proportion.

Double Geraniums.

G—Asa Gray—Salmon, free bloomer, dwarf.

G—Amelia Baltette—Pure white; fine.

G—Bishop Wood—Scarlet and carmine.

Deputy Lafizze—Dark rich crimson; very double; flowers in great trusses; profuse bloomer.

G—Dr. Phiney—Intense scarlet.

G—Earnest Lauth—Deep rich crimson.

G—Explosion—Flowers very double; truss compact; very large; color scarlet.

G—Golden Dawn—The nearest approach of yellow yet sent out.

G—Henry Cannell—One of the best; deep scarlet, very large; semi-double flower; good shape and freely produced.

G—La Pilote—Bright crimson scarlet; shaded violet; a good truss and handsomely formed flowers; dwarf; compact grower and free bloomer; a beautiful variety.

G Remarkable—Flowers deep rich crimson, finely shaded; trusses very large and as freely produced as the finest flowering; single kinds.

G—Sir Garnet Wolsly—Rich bronze salmon; large truss.

La Favorite—Trusses very large; florets of the most beautiful form and purest snowy white color, habit strong; a profuse and very reliable bloomer, and is by far the finest double white Geranium.

G S. A. Nutt—Dark, rich crimson; of large size and perfect shape.

G Thos. McMurray—Very rich, cerise red flowers of largest size and perfect shape. Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

Single Geraniums.

G Jealousy—Orange scarlet, with a decided orange hue; free bloomer.

G Queen Olga—Rose color; center white; a large and handsome flower.

G Master Christie—Dwarf pink; very fine bloomer.

G Queen of the West—Scarlet; an old variety, but still of the best.

G Ralph—Vigorous habit; profuse bloomer; large trusses, thrown well above the foliage; color, crimson-purple.

G Rev. A. Atkinson—Very dark crimson.

G Sam Sloan—A fine, deep crimson color, with large trusses, which are freely produced. Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

Ivy Leafed Geraniums.

G—Anna Pfitzer—Flowers clear rose; very large; stems double.

G—Galilee—Large truss; flowers very double; fine rose color.

G—H. Cannell—fine bold flowers; rosy, scarlet-shaded magenta.

G—Jeanne d'Arc—Large, double, purest white flowers; free bloomer.

G Josephine Hohenzollern—Rich crimson; the finest dark.

G La Printemps—Beautiful silvery pink; large double flowers.

G—Souv de Chas Turner—Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 2½-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

Miscellaneous Geraniums.

G—Cloth of Gold—Leaves yellow and green.

G—Happy Thought—Margin of leaf dark green; entire center of leaf creamy yellow.

G—McMahon—Broad zone of chocolate, on golden yellow ground; the best bedder of the class.

G—Mt. of Snow—An old favorite; dark green foliage; outer half of the leaf creamy white.

G—Mad. Salleri—This new variegated Geranium has proven the most remarkable production of its type. Its unusual perfection and symmetry of form—seldom exceeding a height of ten or twelve inches—together with its density of foliage, render it one of the most attractive objects of the garden or lawn. The variegation of foliage is also very marked, and in striking contrast with that of the Zonal varieties. It is a perfect gem of its kind and will ever be a favorite with plant lovers. Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen; 3-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 75 cents to \$1 per dozen.

Scented Geraniums.

G—Mrs. Taylor. Scarlet; flowering rose Geranium, nutmeg rose.

G—Rose-Scented.

G—Oak-Leafed.

G—Skeleton-Leafed. Two-inch pots, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen; 2½-inch pots, 10; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4 inch pots, 20 to 25 cents.

GAILLARDIA TEMPLEANA. One of the best hardy perennials; the plants are a mass of bloom from June to November; flowers rich crimson, orange and brown; very bright and showy. Twenty-five cents each; \$2 per dozen.

Grevillea Robusta. A very graceful, fern-like foliage plant; for pots or tropical lawn effects; tender perennial; three to five feet. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 to 25 cents.

Heliotrope.

ALBERT DELEAUX. A variety beautifully marked on the leaves with golden yellow, making a fine contrast with the green leaves.

SNOW WREATH. Large, finely formed trusses of silvery white flowers; exquisite fragrance.

JERSEY BELLE. This is the ideal Heliotrope; flowering in the greatest profusion; exquisitely fragrant; large; light purple trusses lasting a long time.

QUEEN OF THE VIOLETS. Of the deepest violet purple, with large, almost pure white eye, and very fragrant. Two-inch pots, 5 cents each; 2½ and 3-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

HIBISCUS. Shrubs with dark, glossy leaves, and almost perpetual bloomers. The flowers are truly gorgeous, frequently five inches in diameter; good bedders or pot plants. Small plants, 10 to 15 cents; strong plants, 25 and 50 cents to \$1.

HYDRANGEAS Otaksa. Immense clusters of pink flowers, changing to rosy carmine; nearly hardy, and a valuable plant. Two and one-half to 3-inch pots, 10 to 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 to 50 cents.

H - Paniculata Grandiflora. See hardy shrubs.

IVIES Hedera. Out of a long list of sorts we have selected the following as combining all the best qualities for general use:

H Helix. The hardy English Ivy, generally used for growing on walls.

H -Marmorata Elegans Small, silvery-marbled leaves. Two and one-half to 3-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 to 30 cents; large plants, 50 to 75 cents.

IVY -German. A beautiful, rapid-growing vine; one of the most desirable for hanging-baskets or vases. Ten to 15 cents.

MIGNONETTE. A well known, delightfully fragrant, hardy annual, blooming throughout the entire season in the flower border; also fine for pot culture during winter and spring.

M -Large-Flowering. The common Sweet Mignonette.

M -Machet. The plants are dwarf and vigorous, of pyramidal growth; they throw up numerous long and broad spikes of deliciously-scented flowers. Entirely distinct. Small plants, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen; 3 and 4-inch pots, 15 to 20 cents.

Moonflowers.

IPOMEA GRANDIFLORA. (Moonflower). One of the most showy of the annual climbers. A rapidly growing vine, easily reaching a height of 15 to 35 feet during the season. At night and during dull days the plants are covered with large, pure white, fragrant flowers, five to six inches in diameter. Small plants, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; \$1.20 per dozen; 4-inch pots, 20 to 25 cents.

Ipomea Variegata. The foliage is beautifully marked clear white and vivid green; the flowers are identical with the famous Moonflower, so that in beauty of flower and foliage it is without a rival. Small plants, 25 to 30 cents.

LANTANAS. *Alba Grandiflora.* A large-growing kind, but valuable because it is the freest of the white varieties.

L—Don Calmut. Orange and purple.

L—Triumph de Commerce. Bronzy yellow, with red center, tinted with lilac; a very pretty sort. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents.

LOBELIA. *Speciosa.* Blue. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 50 cents per dozen; small plants, 30 to 40 cents per dozen.

LINARI—Cymbalaria or **Kenilworth Ivy.** A neat, showy trailing plant for hanging baskets. Ten cents each; 50 cents per dozen.

MIMULUS MUSH-TAUS. Musk plant. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots 15 cents.

Madeira Vine or **Mignonne.** Vine. Three-inch pots, 10 cents; 75 cents per dozen; small plants, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen.

MANETTIA BICOLOR. (*Manettia Vine*). A charming and profuse flowering greenhouse climber, with bright scarlet, tube-shaped flowers, shading off to yellow at the tip. It succeeds well in the open ground in summer. Small plants, 10 to 15 cents; large plants, 25 to 35 cents.

PANSIES. (*Viola Tricolor Maxima*). One of the most popular florists and amateur flowers for early spring flowering. If planted in a cool, shady place they will flower throughout the summer. My stock is very choice mixed varieties. Extra strong plants, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; medium good, 60 cents per dozen; small plants, 5 cents; 50 cents per dozen.

Double Petunias.

A very desirable class of blooming plants for pots or bedding. I offer the following choice fringed and faced varieties from Drear's new set for 1892:

P—Advance. Rosy crimson, edged with white.

P—Aurania. Beautiful clear rose, bordered with white.

P—Excelsior. White, splashed and mottled with rosy carmine.

P—Florence Purplish crimson, with an occasional white tip

P—Gem. Rosy carmine, laced with white.

P—Parthian. Beautiful mottled carmine and white.

P—Snowdrift Improved. Pure white. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 to 30 cents.

PILEA ARBOREA—Small plants, 5 cents each; 30 cents per dozen; strong plants, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen.

POTHOS AUREA—A beautiful Aroid climber, with heart-shaped leaves, marked and spotted green and yellow. The plant is easily grown on a wall or trellis, to which it will cling by the long roots that are thrown out all along the stem. Ten, 15 and 25 cents.

SALVIAS—Splendens (Scarlet Sage). Flower spikes of the most crimson scarlet.

S—Alba—A white variety of Splendens, identical in every respect, except in color, which is pure white.

S—Marmorata—Striped crimson and white. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; 4-inch pots, 25 cents.

RHYNCHOSPERMUM—Jasminoides—A valuable evergreen climber; its small, white, fragrant flowers are produced in spring in great abundance. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 20 to 25 cents.

SAXIFERAGA—Sermentosa—A beautiful basket plant. Ten cents each; 75 cents per dozen.

TRADESCANTIA—Zebrina—One of the finest baskets plants; leaves purple and green. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen.

TUBE ROSE—Pearl Dwarf—Extra choice bulbs, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; good bulbs, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen. In pots, 20 cents; \$1.75 cents per dozen.

SANSEVIERA ZEYLANICA—The bow-string hemp. As a fibre plant, this plant has been known and prized in India from remote antiquity under the name of Mura. Is extensively cultivated in Ceylon, India and the West Indies, where it grows to a height of five or six feet; leaves long and sword-shaped, mottled green and white. Very beautiful. Price, small plants, 3-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 50 cents; 5-inch pots, 75 cents; 6-inch pots, \$1.25; 10-inch pots, \$5.



Sansevieria Zeylanica.

S—Guineensis—African bow-string hemp. A valuable fibre plant; also very ornamental; the long, straight, sword-shaped leaves are mottled gray and brown. Twenty-five to 50 and 75 cents, according to size.

SMILAX—Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 cents; 3-inch pots, 15 cents.

TRITOMA UVARIA—(Flame flower). A splendid half-hardy summer and autumn flowering plant, producing magnificent spikes of rich orange red flowers. They can be taken up in the fall and potted and kept from frost. Twenty five to 50 cents.

VINCA Major Variegata. Excellent trailing plants for rock work, etc.; flowers bright blue, foliage glossy green, marigined or blotched with creamy white. They grow in almost any soil and when once established they grow rapidly.

V—Minor. (Periwike). A desirable trailing plant for shady plaeces. Of rapid growth, leaves dark glossy green; light blue flowers.

V—Harrisonii. A strong and rapid growing variety. Leaves dark green, the central portion distinctly marked with light yellowish green; flowers light blue, very useful and ornamental. Price of above small plants, 10 cents; 60 cents per dozen; 3-inch pots, 15 cents; \$1 per dozen.

ALOYSIA CITRIODORA. (Lemon Verbena). When lightly brushed the leaves emit a most delightful refreshing odor. Each, 10 to 15 cents.

FOR-GET-ME-NOT OR MYSOTIS. Pretty little favorites with lovely clusters of delicate light blue flowers. The succeed best in a damp, shaded situation, but will thrive well in any garden soil. Five to 10 cents each; 50 to 75 cents per dozen.

BELLIS PERENNIS. (Double Daisy). Very pretty flowers; desirable for borders. Thrive well in shady places. Five to 10 cents each; 50 to 75 cents per dozen.

NEW DOUBLE WHITE DAISY—Snow Crest. A most distinct variety and an improvement on all existing sorts. Its habit of growth and size of flowers, in comparison with other varieties, is gigantic. The flowers, which are borne on stout, stiff stems from 6 to 10 inches long, are on of the purest white and full to the center. When fully developed they rise to a conical or sugar-loaf form, and well-grown specimens will cover a silver dollar. It makes an admirable hardy garden plant or may be forced for cut flowers under the same treatment as violets. Thirty cents each; \$2.50 per dozen; 4 for \$1.

WIRE HANGING BASKETS. Lined with moss and filled with choice vines and plants. Ten-inch basket, \$1.50 to \$1.75; 12-inch basket, \$2 to \$3; 24-inch basket, \$3.50 to \$4.

Agave, Aloe and Cactus, General Collection.

Of this very curious and ornamental class of plants I have a good collection of small to medium sized plants; a few good specimens. Small plants, 25 to 50 cents; 6 to 8-inch pots, \$1, \$2 and \$3; large, strong plants, \$10 to \$20.

A—Americana. (The comon Century Plant). Small plants 25, 50 cents and \$1, \$2, and \$5, each.

A—Americana. Variegated; fine, creamy-white stripe on the edge of leaf. Four-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 to 6-inch pots, \$1, \$2 and \$4.

A—Cisalana. Four-inch pots, 60 cents; 5 to 6-inch pots, \$1, \$2 and \$3; 8-inch pots, fine, \$5 to \$7.

A—Lactiquilla. Long, pointed leaves; rare. Four-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1; 5 to 6-inch pots, \$1.50 to \$3 and more.

A—Recurvata. A very handsome species with light blueish green leaves, gracefully recurved; of more rapid growth than

some of the others; flowering when about ten years old, the flower spike rising to a height of 30 feet. Five to 6-inch pots \$1.50 to \$3; 10 to 12-inch pots, \$10 to \$12.

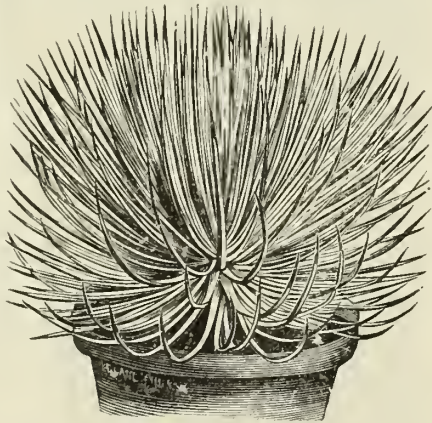
AGAVE VICTORIA REGINA. (Queen Victoria Agave). It is a mistaken idea that Agaves, commonly called Century Plants, only bloom when one hundred years old. In Mexico and in other tropical countries some varieties will bloom when only eight or ten years of age. The flower stem is 12 to 18 feet high. The Agave which we here illustrate is no doubt the rarest and finest of all the gems, and it well deserves a queenly title. Having only been recently discovered, plants of it are consequently very scarce and can only be found in the conservatories of the wealthy. Our cut gives but a fair idea of what a young plant looks like. It is only when they are three



Agave Victoria Regina.

or four years old that they begin to show their true character. The leaves curving gracefully inward, and being beautifully marked with narrow, pure white zig zag stripes on a very dark green ground, it is entirely different from any other Agave and must be seen to be thoroughly appreciated. It has a decided advantage over all other sorts in that it seldom grows to more than 25 inches in diameter. When of that size it is truly magnificent, being composed of several hundreds of fine, dark green, incurved leaves, forming almost a perfect ball. Good plants, \$2 to \$3; large plants, \$5 to \$10.

A—Stricta. A very distinct and desirable plant, with leaves from 1 to 2 feet in length and less than half an inch in width, except at the base, where they are much stouter and broader; dull green, streaked base to apex with fine white lines; plain at the edges, but armed at the points with a sharp; red spine; native of Mexico. Good plants, \$2 to \$3; large plants, \$5 to \$10.



Agave Stricta.

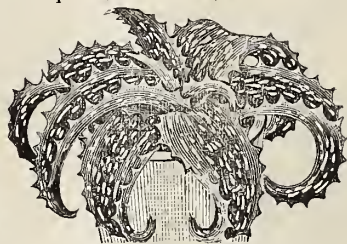
A—Schottii. Very slender leaves. Four-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1; 5 to 6-inch pots, \$1.50 to \$3; several other varieties at prices from \$2 to \$3.

A—Verschaffeltii—Glaucius short rounded leaves; fine. Four to 6-inch pots, \$2 to \$3 and \$5 each; 8-inch pots, good plants, \$12.

ALOE ARBORESCENS. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4 to 5-inch pots, 50 cents to \$1.25; 6-inch strong, \$2 to \$3.

A—Grandentulata. Three-inch pots, 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 30 to 50 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1.50.

A—Var. or Partridge Breast. Very fine; 3-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 4-inch pots, \$2 to \$2.50; 5-inch pots, \$3 to \$4; other varieties, 25 to 50 cents and \$1 and \$2.



Aloe Latifolia.

A—Latifolia. When well grown and not stunted as to light and nourishment this soon makes a remarkably handsome plant. The leaves are broad, thick and charmingly recurved. The color is a light green, spotted and mottled all over with white and green of a still lighter shade. Flower spike enormous in size, often 1 inch or more in thickness. Small plants, 10 to 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 25 cents; 4-inch pots 50 to 75 cents; 5 and 6-inch



Aloe Gasteria.

pots, \$1 to \$2.

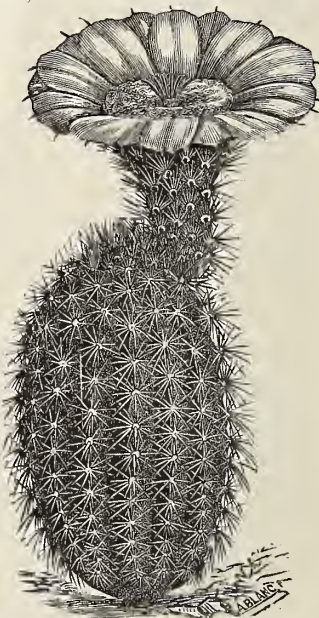
GASTERIAS. Of these there are some twenty-five varieties, all of them somewhat of the same habit of growth. Leaves mostly tongue-shaped—some short, others long. They are all beautifully spotted with white, in raised lumps; flowers on graceful spikes, blooming in winter. Price, 25 cents to \$1 and \$2 each.

CEREUS—Colubinus. (Serpentinus). Tall-growing species. Three-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, \$1 to \$2 and \$3.

C—Flabelliformis. (Rat-tail Cactus). Three-inch pots, 25 to 50 cents; 4-inch pots, \$1 to \$2.

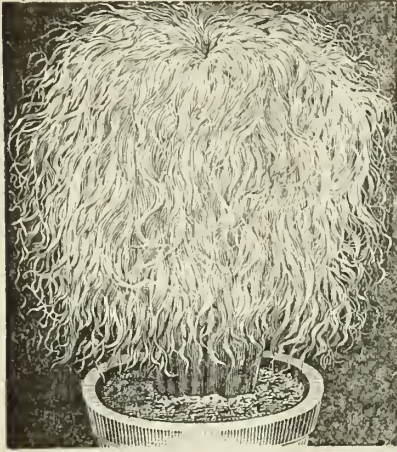
C—Grandiflora. The true night-blooming Cereus. Three-inch pots, 15 to 25 cents; 4-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1; large plants, \$2, \$4, to \$10.

ECHINOCEREUS DASYACANTHUS. This is a free-blooming variety, and so hardy that it may be left on a shelf in the greenhouse all winter without potting and still bloom next spring. Four-inch pots, 75 cents to \$1; 5-inch pots, 6 to 10 inches high, \$1.25 to \$2.



"Living Rock" Cactus, (*Anhalonium Fissuratum*), is aptly described by its common name. It is wholly destitute of spines, and its fissured surface, with

pearl gray tubercles, looks very much like a finely-carved stone. It blooms in September and October in this latitude bearing a delicate, rose-colored flower. It is one of the highest priced kinds. On dollar to \$2.50 each.



Pilocereus Senilis,

cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, 2 to 3 feet high, \$1 to \$2.

OLD MAN CACTUS. The "Old Man's Head" cactus, (*Pilocereus Senilis*), herewith illustrated, is one of the curiosities of plant life that always attracts attention, and its appearance is sufficiently strange to excite surprise. It derives its



Phyllocactus.

broad, deeply crenated; 8 or 10 feet high. The flowers which bloom at night seem to share the dimensions of the plants, for they measure 7 to 9 inches across; the petals are of a delicate creamy

CEREUS—Triangularis. The Strawberry Pear. Mexico and the West Indies, where the scaly buds are used as an ingredient in soups and the fruit for preserves. Flowers handsome, white and straw-colored, eight inches in diameter. The plant is a climber, and will cling firmly to anything against which it may be placed. Twenty-five and 50 cents each.

C—Tuberosus. A delicate tuberous-rooted species. Fifty and 75 cents each.

C—Tortuosa. Similar to C—Columbines; has very long, reddish, sharp spines. Three-inch pots, 20 cents; 4-inch pots, 50

PHYLLOCACTUS. These are grown especially for their large and magnificent flowers, which are so freely produced, if their wants are understood, that cutting 2 inches high will often bear two and three flowers. For this, good rich open soil, small pot, full exposure to sun in winter is essential. Phyllocactus with 250 buds.

P—Latifrons. A very strong growing species, quite the giant of its family, producing stout, flattened stems, 4 to 5 inches

white; the sepals and tube of a reddish hue. Two or three other choice varieties. Small plants, 25 to 50 cents; large specimen plants, \$3 to \$5.

Opuntia Frutescens. Forms large, neat specimens that bloom profusely, and which are covered



Group of Cacti.

The plant has but few spines. Four-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, \$1 to \$2.

O—Prolifera. Tall-growing variety, with many branches and very short spines. Two and one-half-inch pots, 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 20 cents; 4 and 5-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

O—Piccolomini. Resembles O—Indica, but more dwarf in growth. Four-inch pots, 75 cents; 5 and 6-inch pots, \$1 and \$2.

O—Tuna. Elegant, strong growing plant—used in Mexico for hedges—soon making very large, fine specimens, blooming abundantly; flowers satiny yellow; bearing edible fruit, the size of an egg; fine sort; a rapid grower. This is one of the best Opuntias, and very effective. Twenty-five cents to \$1. and \$5.

O—Microdasys.—No Opuntia is admired as much as this, on account of its distinct appearance. The branches, which are of a lively green, are beautifully spotted with tufts of golden yellow. An extra fine sort. Price, 30 cents to \$1.50.

STAPELIA VARIEGATA—Bears beautiful flowers, having a leathery texture; buff yellow, with maroon markings; blooms when quite small. Three-inch pots 20 to 30 cents.

I have twenty to thirty other varieties of Cereus and Cactus. Small plants, 15 to 25 cents, large, \$1, \$2, \$3 and up to \$10, according to size and variety.

Yuccas.

The Yuccas are among the most valuable decorative plants, their foliage is handsome, and the flowers very attractive.

Y—Gloriosa. An ornamental tropical plant with long, stiff, pointed leaves of a dark green color. Fine for subtropical gardening and a good decorative plant. Three-inch pots, 25 cents; 4 inch pots, 50 to 75 cents; 5 and 6 inch pots, \$1, \$2 and \$3; large specimen plants, \$5 to \$8.

Y Aloifolia. Variegated; a superb plant; the leaves are from 18 inches to 2 feet in length and about 2 inches in breadth, tapering to a point and terminating with a sharp spine; center, dark green, fading to gray, and bordering to yellowish white. It is a very handsome variety. Six to 7-inch pots, \$3 to \$5; 8 to 10-inch pots, \$6 to \$10.

Y—Treculeana. One of the finest for decorating lawns, cemeteries, etc. Small plants, 25 to 50 cents and \$1; large specimen plants, \$15.

Y—Filamentosa. See hardy plants.

Y—Augustifolia. See hardy plants.



Yucca Gloriosa.

Hardy, Ornamental Flowering Shrubs and Plants.

ALMOND—Flowering; double pink. Fifteen to 25 cents.

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS. Sweet-scented shrubs; well known and hardy throughout the United States; flowers rich velvety brown, double and deliciously fragrant; remains in bloom for a long time. Flowers always popular for button-hole bouquets, rivaling the tuberoses in that respect. Twenty-five to 50 cents each.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI. An entirely hardy Ampelopsis of Japanese origin. It grows as rapidly as the old Virginia Creeper, and attains a height of 50 feet. It clings firmly to any wall, tree, etc. The leaves are small on young plants, which at first are of an olive-green brown color, changing to bright scarlet in the autumn. As the plants acquire age the leaves increase in size. This variety becomes more popular every season, and is without question one of the very best climbing plants for covering brick or stone walls that can be grown. Two and one-half-inch pots, 10 to 15 cents; 3-inch pots, 25 cents; \$2.50 per dozen; 4-inch pots, 50 cents; \$5 per dozen.

DELPHINIUM FORMOSUM. (Perennial Larkspur). This is certainly one of the handsomest and most satisfactory of all the hardy herbaceous plants, and should be planted extensively, even in the smallest garden; its long spikes of bright blue flowers are produced continually from June until frost. Twenty cents each; \$2 per dozen.

DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS. (Bleeding Heart). Adapted to outdoor planting or forcing for early spring blooming. It bears long racemes of graceful, heart-shaped, pink flowers.

BARBERRY—(Red fruitet) Strong plants 15 to 25 cents.

LILAC—White and common purple and five or six choice varieties, strong plants, 15, 25 and 50 cents each. Extra large plants, 75 cents to \$1.00.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.—One of the finest hardy shrubs in cultivation, the flowers are formed in large, white pinnacles, or trusses, nine inches in length, which change to a deep pink at the base as the season advances, the contrast rendering it remarkably attractive. 25 to 50 cents each.

SYRINGA, or mock Orange, there are four different varieties 15 to 25 cents, large plants 50 to 75 cents.

SPIREAS. Very desirable class of hardy flowering shrubs. Six choice varieties, 15 to 25 cents each, large plants 35 to 50 cents.

SNOWBALL. Small plants, 15 cents; strong 25 to 50 cents.

HONEYSUCKLES. Chinese Evergreen. Best for covering walls, trellises, etc., very fragrant, commonly called Woodbine.

H—Red Coral. Flowers of brightest scarlet, trumpet shaped, very profuse bloomer.

H—Yellow Coral. Bright yellow flowers, trumpet shaped.

H—Halleana. Color white, changing to yellow, the true fragrant Honeysuckle, blooms from June to November. Nice plants, 15 to 25 cents each, large plants 35 to 75 cents.

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA. This variety resembles Japonica in hardiness, growth and bloom. The long blades are marked with broad yellow bands across the leaf instead of longitudinally. Its markings are unlike any other grass. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn, and will not fail to attract attention. Price 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen, Clumps \$1.00 each,

CLEMATIS—Jackmanni. The flowers when fully expanded are from four to six inches in diameter; intensens violet purple; with a rich velvety appearance, distinctly veined. It flowers continually from July until cut off by frost. The strongest grower and bloomer in the collection. 50 cents each; extra fine three year plants, \$1.00.

BIGNONIA—(Radicans) Trumpet flower. A rapid growing climber with large scarlet, trumpet shaped flower, 15 to 25 cents

WISTERIA AMERICANA.—(Blue) A fine climber. Small plants, 15 to 25 cents each; large strong plants, 50 cents to \$1.00 each.

YUCCA—AUGUSTIFOLIA. Native of Western Nebraska hardy. Small plants, 25 cents; strong plants, 50 to 65 cents.

Y-Filamentosa. (Adam's Needle). A tropical looking plant with long, narrow leaves that remain green the entire year. It throws up a strong flower stem in the summer, three to four feet high, bearing a large spike of creamy white bell-shaped flowers; they retain their beauty a long time; hardy, strong roots. Twenty-five to 50 cents.



Yucca Filamentosa.
50 cents each.

Russian Olive. It is perfectly hardy; a handsome ornamental tree and profuse bloomer; flowers are bright yellow and very fragrant; stands the winter of Northern Minnesota and Dakota. Price, \$1 each.

LILIUM TIGRINUM. Tiger Lily. Perfectly hardy; large orange flowers, with large black spots. Fifteen cents each.

LIMIUM TIGRINUM. *Flore Plena.* Orange red, spotted with black, double, showy flowers. Twenty-five to 35 cents each.

IRIS GERAMNICA FLEUR DE LIS. Hardy herbaceous plants; two varieties; flowers in June. Fifteen to 25 cents each, large plants 50 cents each.

PAEONIES. Four to six choice varieties. Twenty-five to 50 cents each.

HOLLYHOCKS. Few hardy plants combine as many good qualities or lend themselves as readily to varied uses as the Hollyhock. For planting in rows or groups on the lawn or interspersing among shrubbery they are 'invaluable'. The flowers, which are as elegant in shape as a Camelia, form perfect rosettes of the most lovely shades of crimson, yellow, pink, orange, white, etc. They require a deep rich soil and will repay in quantity and beauty of bloom any extra care. I offer the following colors: Cream, crimson, pink, white, yellow, pinkish salmon. Strong plants, from open ground, 15 to 25 cents.

TEAS WEEPING RUSSIAN MULBERRY. This most remarkable tree will undoubtedly, when known, take the foremost place among weeping trees. And all who see it appreciate at once that it is not only a first class novelty, but at the same time a tree of sterling merit and value. It is the most graceful and hardy weeping tree in existence, and wholly unlike anything heretofore introduced, forming a perfect umbrella-shaped head, with long, slender, willow branches drooping to the ground, parallel with the stem. All who have seen it agree that in length, airy gracefulness and delicacy of form and motion it is without a rival. Six to 7-foot stems, \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

The Hardy Chinese* Matrimony Vine. (*Lycium Chinense*). It is a most vigorous, hardy climbing plant when trained to an arbor, or in any location where a hardy, vigorous climber is desired; it sends out numerous side branches, so that it covers a great deal of space in a short time, and every branch is covered with bright purple flowers, which are succeeded by brilliant scarlet berries, nearly an inch long, every branch being loaded with them. The

contrast between the glossy, dark green foliage and shining scarlet fruit is extremely beautiful, surpassing Holly in appearance. It will grow and thrive in any situation, either in the shade, or bright sunlight. Two and one-half-inch pots, 25 to 30 cents; 3-inch pots, 50 to 75 cents.

HARDY DOUBLE ENGLISH VIOLET. This is entirely hardy perfectly double, a deep violet color and most deliciously fragrant. It is entirely free from disease of any kind, will grow and bloom in any garden and in any situation. Good plants, 25 cents each.

Small Fruit

I have the following choice small fruits and plants for sale: Tyler Raspberry tips. This is the best variety in cultivation for this climate, price \$1.00 per 100. Gregg Raspberry, a large and late variety, \$1.50 per 100.

Turner and Cuthbert. These are good varieties of Red Raspberry, \$1.00 per 100 or \$6.00 per 1,000. Snyder Blackberry, hardy and productive, \$2.00 per 100 or \$12.00 per 1,000.

LINNEAUS—Rhubarb Tree. One of the best and earliest varieties, 10 cents each, 75 cents per dozen, \$4.00 per hundred, \$20.00 per thousand.

Vegetable Plants.

To dealers, gardeners and planters generally, I would say that I shall grow a larger stock of vegetable plants this season. Orders filled in rotation as received. Send in your orders early.

EARLY CABBAGE. Select Early, Jersey, Wakefield, Fottlers Improved and Winningsteadt all once transplanted. Ten cents a dozen, 75 cents a hundred, \$5.00 per thousand. The same later from seed bed, 35 cents per hundred, \$2.50 per thousand.

Late Cabbage Plants. The following varieties from open ground: Flat Dutch, American Savoy, Fottler, Henderson's Early Summer, 35 cents per hundred, \$2.50 per thousand.

Cauliflower Plants. Henderson's Early Snowball and Extra Early Dwarf Erfuirt, 20 cents per dozen, \$1.50 per hundred, \$10.00 per thousand.

TOMATO PLANTS. Perfection and Dwarf Champion. Once transplanted, 10 cents per dozen; 75 cents per hundred; \$5.00 per thousand. Twice transplanted, extra large, 20 cents per dozen; \$1.25 per hundred; \$10.00 per thousand. From seed bed, 40 cents per 100; \$2.75 per thousand.

PEPPER—Ruby King. Large for mangoes.

P - Golden Dawn. Large sweet mango pepper.

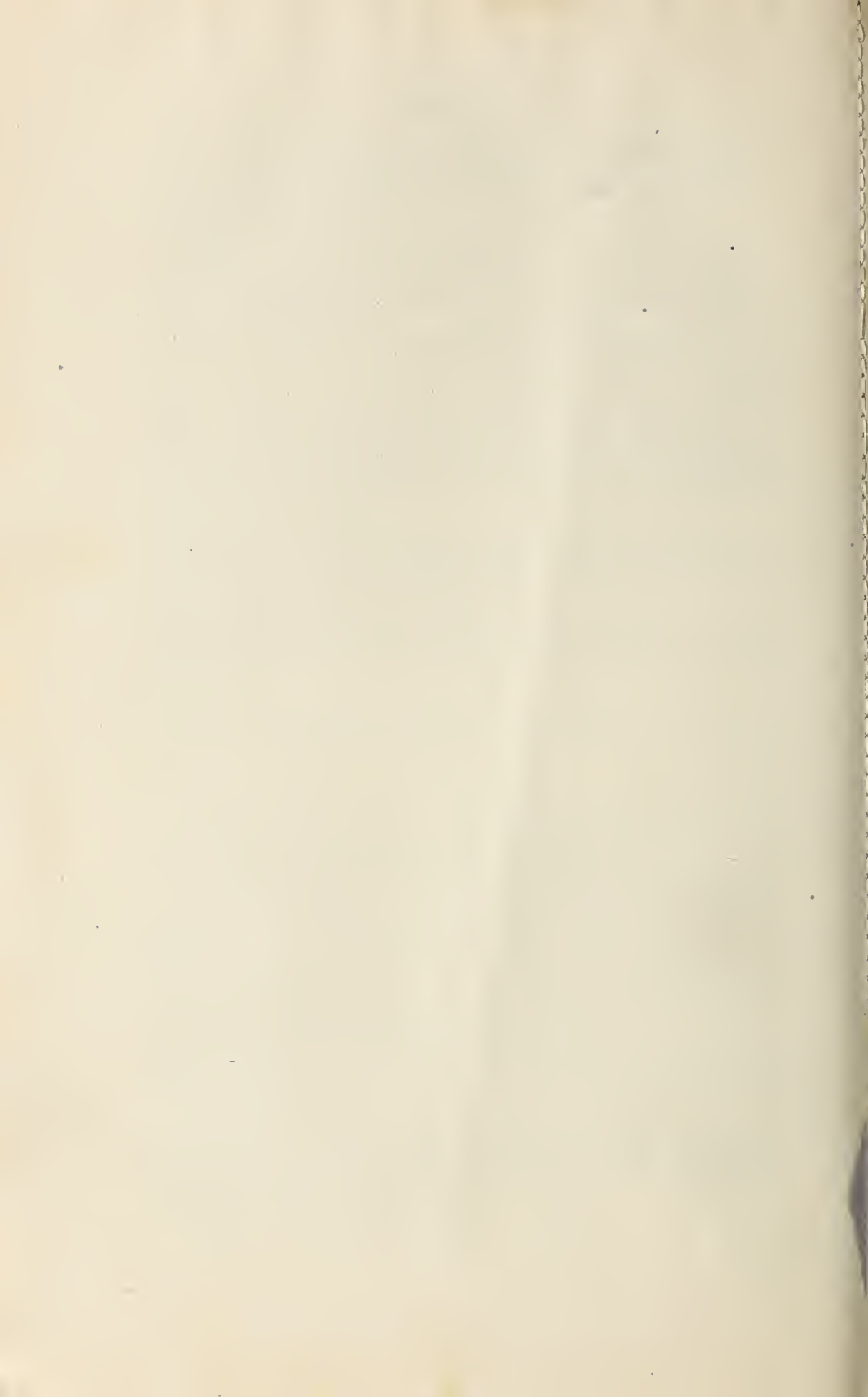
P - Long Cayenne. 15 cents per dozen; \$1.00 per hundred.

P - Sweet Mountain. Large, fine, fat mangoes. 15 cents per dozen.

EGG PLANT. New York Improved Purple. 15 cents per dozen, \$1.00 per hundred. Strong pot plants, 75 cents to \$1.00 per dozen.

Cauliflower, Tomatoes, Pepper and Egg Plants. Extra fine plants, grown in transplanting boxes, can be transplanted at any time without any check to growth. Price per box of 6 plants, 20 cents; per box of 12 plants, 35 cents.

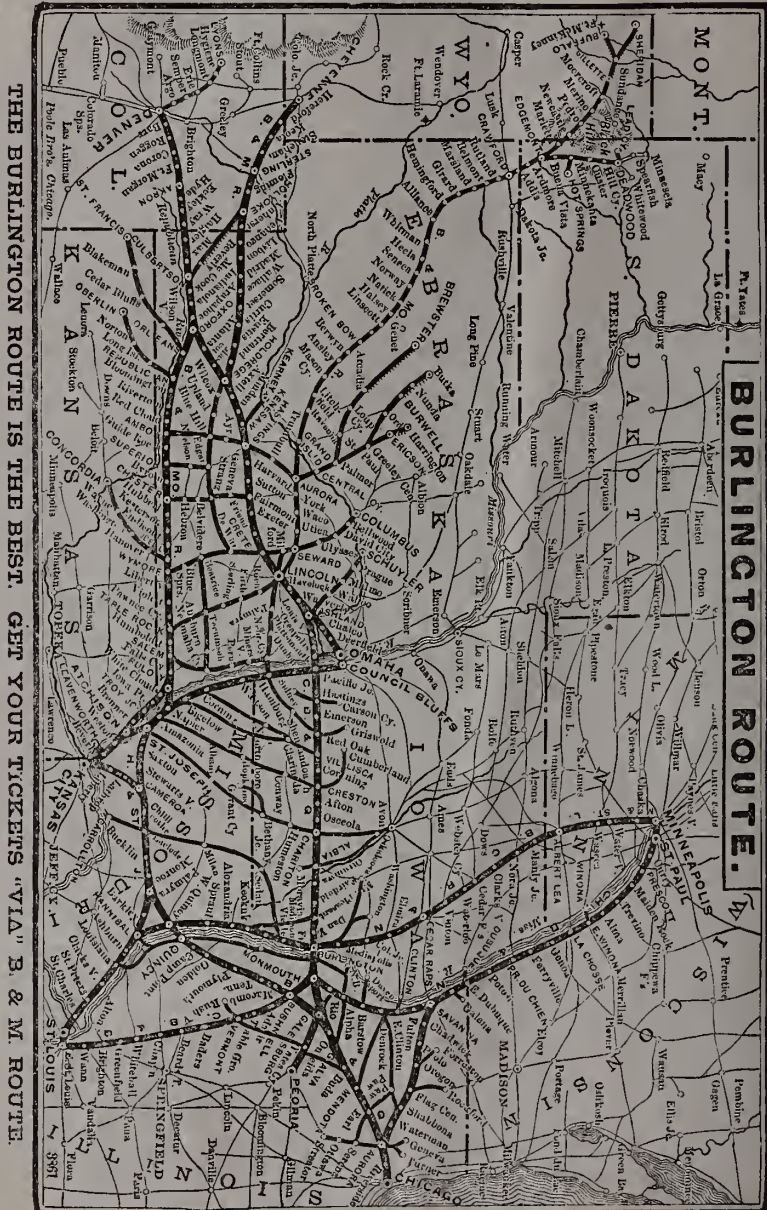
SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Ready May 10th to 20th. Yellow Nausemond, one of the best Yellow Jersey, similar to above. Red Bermuda, very large and early. 25 cents per hundred, \$2.00 per thousand.



INDEX.

Abutilons.....	17	Hardy Ornamental Flowering	
Acalypha.....	17	Plants.....	39-40-41-42
Ancubas.....	17	Hardy English Violets.....	42
Achyranthus.....	24	Heliotrope.....	30-31
Agapanthus.....	16	Hibiscus.....	31
Ageratum.....	17	Hollyhocks.....	41
Agaves.....	34-35	Honeysuckle.....	40
Aloes.....	36	Hydrangeas Otaksa.....	31
Almond.....	39	Hydrangeas Paniculata Gran-	
Aloysia Citriodora.....	34	diflora.....	40
Alysum (Sweet).....	17	Impatiens Sultani.....	26-27
Alterantheras.....	17	Iris (German).....	41
Amaryllis.....	22	Ivies.....	31
Amorphophallus Rivieri.....	17	Lantanas.....	32
Anthriscum.....	17	Lillies.....	32-41
Ampelopsis Veitchi.....	39	Liuari.....	32
Araucaria.....	14	Lilac.....	40
Barberry.....	40	Lobelia.....	32
Begonias.....	18-19	Madary (Vine).....	32
Bellis Perennis.....	34	Maetta Vine.....	32
Bignonia.....	40	Mignonette.....	31
Cactus.....	36-37-38	Mimulus Mushtaus.....	32
Callas.....	22	Moonflowers.....	31
Caladiums.....	22	Musa.....	13-14
Calycanthus Floridus.....	39	Orchids.....	14
Cannas.....	21 22	Paeonies.....	41
Centaurea.....	24	Palms.....	1 to 7
Chrysanthemms.....	19-20	Pancratium.....	22
Cinnamon Vine.....	22	Pandanus.....	10
Clematis.....	40	Pansies.....	32
Cobea Scandens.....	23	Petunias.....	32-33
Crotons.....	24-25	Pilea.....	33
Crinum.....	22	Pothos Aurea.....	33
Colens.....	23-24	Raspberries.....	42
Curculigo Recurvata.....	7	Rhubarb.....	42
Cycas.....	7-8	Rhynchospermum.....	33
Cycas Leaves.....	7	Russian Olive.....	41
Cyclamen.....	23	Roses.....	15-16
Cyperus.....	23	Salvias.....	33
Dahlia.....	25-26	Sansevieras.....	33
Delphinium.....	40	Saxifraga.....	33
Dielytra.....	40	Smilax.....	33
Dracenas.....	8-9-10	Snowballs.....	40
Echeverias.....	26	Small Fruit.....	42
Eulalia Japonica.....	40	Spireas.....	40
Euphorbia.....	26	Syringa.....	40
Farfuginm.....	28	The Hardy Matrimony Vine.....	41-42
Ferns and Selaginellas.....	23-11-12-13	Tradescantia.....	33
Feverfew.....	28	Tritoma Uvaria.....	33
Ficus.....	13	Tuberose.....	33
Forget-Me-Not.....	34	Vegetable Plants.....	42 43
Fuchsias.....	27-28	Vincas.....	34
Gasterias.....	36	Weeping Russian Mulberry.....	41
Gaillardia Templeana.....	30	Wire Hanging Baskets.....	34
Geraniums.....	28-29-30	Wisteria.....	40
Gladiolus.....	28	Yucas.....	39 40-41
Grevilla Robusta.....	30	Zamia Intetribolia.....	8

THE DIRECT LINE TO THE EAST, WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.



Always Take the Burlington Route.

The Burlington Folks Buy Their Fine Plants of
 W. J. Hesser, Plattsmouth, Neb.