Imperial Foundation and one of the auxiliary organs of the Welfare Ministry. Even after his resignation however, he took part in the mediation of a dispute which had taken place between management and labor of the Society. And in August that year when the dispute was settled, he got a new position at Naigai Jimu Seisan Kaisha (Home and Foreign Business Settling Company lecated in Sakuma-Town, Kanda, Chiyoda-Ward, Tokyo), with which Yoshihiko SHIBATA, consulting lawyer of SAISEI KAI was affiliated, and at the company he had taken service until October that year in which the compeny dissolved itself.

b. After that, he had no fixed occupation. In 1950 however, he became acquainted with Fumio YAMAMOTO who had opened an advertising agent in one of the downstair rooms of the Headquarters of SAISEI Society and on March 10, that year when YAMAMOTO established Toho Sha Company Limited, he took up office as director-councillor of the company. At present he is taking service at Shiba Branch Office of the Company.

c. The details of Toho Sha Co. Ltd, at which he is serving, are as follows:

1. Title: Toho Sha Co., Ltd.

2. Locality of Office:

Head Office :

18, Kagumi-Town, Azabu, Minati-Ward, Tokyo.

Branch Office:

Head Office of Saisei Kai, Akabanebashi.

3. Date of Registration: April, 1950.

4. Authorized Capital: ¥ 1,000,000.

5. Principal Officers:

President: Fumio YAMAMOTO.

Director : Kiyoshi NAGASAWA.

Gunji TAKEI.

Auditor: Ryukichi KAIHO.

And other five clerks.

6. Works: Taking commissions from cosmetic shops, drug companies and others after collecting orders for advertisement from them and asking newspaper companies to put their advertisements in the papers.

d. In the company he is taking charge of collecting big orders by visiting his old acquaintances who are now serving at drug companies and with whom he became acquainted when he was formerly taking service at the Welfare Ministry.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

O—— Keep a further watch upon him.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(SEC. No. 179)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violations of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Sugure SATO and Yoshichi YODA.(佐藤 勝 依田義七)

I. Based on recognition made on April 10, 1950 by Secretary Fumio TAZAWA, Local Section of the Iwate Prefectural Office, he initiated an investigation on April 20, 1950 to determine whether or not subjects violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that they are suspected of having taken political actions in applying for government subsidies to the readjustment plan of farming areas.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Sugure SATO

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 11, '47

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chairman of the Esashi County Cooperative Conference of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : Sugure SATO

Date of Birth : April 15, 1895

Occupation : Farmer

Domicile : 70, Otokoishi, Iwayado-Town
Esashi County, Iwate Prefecture.

Addres : ditto.

~~Activities~~ :

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject Yoshichi YODA was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 11, '47

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of the Esashi County Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : Yoshichi YODA

Date of Birth : October 28, 1889

Occupation : Bean paste and soy sauce manufacturer.

Domicile : 76, Kawahara-machi, Iwayado Town, Esashi County, Iwate Prefecture.

Addres : ditto

Activities :

Activities :

Sugure SATO assumed the post of managing vice-director of the Esashi Central Arable Land Readjustment Union in October, 1946 while Yoshichi YODA that of Chief of the said union in October, 1945.
They had held the above posts until November, 1949.

a. In March 1949 when selection of a treasurer of the Iriyado Town Office came under consideration, Sugure SATO advised Gohei AIZU to take the post personally and asked two assemblymen of this town to recommend him to the above post.
On this account, the authorities notified the Procurator-General of this case with the interpretation that it is probably against the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No 1, 1947. Then he was subjected to official investigation but he was acquitted because of minor offence.

b. On March 10, 1949. Sugure SATO and Yoshichi YODA called on Ikujiro SATO, Secretary of the Communication Minister and member of the Iwate Prefectural Assembly, living at the official residence of the Minister located at 52, Hasedo, Shibuya Ward, Tokyo. When they saw him, they asked him to file petition with the competent authorities as for the

continuation of supplying the Esashi Central Arable Land Readjustment Union with the government subsidies for the 1949 fiscal year.

c. Sugure SATO's activities :

(1) On October 9, 1949, when he went to the Agriculture Forestry Ministry with Ikujiro SATO and met Shigeyasu ASADA, chief of the Administration Section of the Agricultural Land Bureau, he asked him to serve the Union with the government subsidies for the 1950 fiscal year.

(2) On December 17, 1949, Asajiro ENDO, technician of the Land Cultivation Section of the Iwate Prefectural Office, Takeya TAKAHASHI, technician of the said Prefectural Office and chief of the Mizusawa Land Improvement Office, and Toshiyoshi KIKUCHI, technician working at the above Office visited the Union office located at Iwayado Town to conduct investigation on the spot where the Union is undertaking business. At that time Sugure SATO took them overnight in his house, saying :

"I want you to make further efforts to guarantee our Union the government subsidies for the 1950 fiscal year because both of the ardent

request of the local people and of the promise I made when I was a managing vice-director of the Union."

(3) On January 20, 1950, Yoshio SATO technician of the Land Cultivation Section of the Iwate Prefectural Office and Toshiyoshi KIKUCHI called at the Union Office to have filled up defective points of the planned document asking for continuation of the business which had previously been presented to the Land Cultivation Section of the Iwate Prefectural Office. At that time, Sugure SATO invited them to his house again and told Yoshio SATO, "As I hear of your going up to Tokyo this time, I beg you to make better efforts to bring our Union government subsidies for this year."

d. It is true that Yoshichi YODA filed petition with the Agricultural-Forestry Ministry, competent authorities, concerning the actions mentioned above on his own initiative. However, he not only misunderstood that his action would not go against the Ordinance but took it only once and he is in good behavionr since he found himself wrong.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. in SATO's case.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible ~~procurator general~~ prosecution

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

~~Director of Special Investigation Bureau,~~

~~Attorney-General's Office.~~

Investigator :

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. in YODA's case.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 181)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicious violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Seizo IWATA. (岩田清三)

I. On information received from Shuji (Secretary) Kenji TSUSHIMA, Local Affair Section, Aomori Prefectural Office, on April 28, 1950 SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he worked on members of the Kokuminto (Nationalist Party) in Hirosaki City, and recommended them to join the NIHON KOKUMIN SANSEI KAI (Japanese People Rule Association).

Secretary Takeo EGAMI, chief of 3rd Subsection, 2nd Section, SIB detected the following facts on May 1, 1950.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, '47
The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular military officer.

Name : Seizo IWATA

Date of Birth : November 27, 1884

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 31, Wakato-machi, Hirosaki City, Aomori Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto

Activities :

A. Subject visited the Nakahiro Branch office of the nationalist Party, C/o Shozo HARAKO, 118, Dote-machi, Hirosaki City, Aomori Prefecture on February 1, 1950. Casually seeing Tatsuon

HASEGAWA, chief of the Branch Office, Shozo HARAKO, Shiro FUJITA and other several members of the party on the spot, he contributed to them several sheets of leaflets which discussed the peace treaty with Japan in the name of NIHON KOKUMIN SANSEIKAI (Japanese People Rule Association). Moreover, for the Chief of the branch office and other members, he expressed the following opinion. "The Japanese People Rule Association seems to have been eagerly making researches for the peace problem to gain the support of the public opinion. You, youngmen will be better to join the Association and to study the problem". Thus, subject recommended members of the National Party to join the Association.

B. In the end of January, 1950, 10-odds sheets of the above leaflets were sent to Iwata's residence by mail. The leaflets were too nice to be broken up. Thus, he reminded that Shozo HARAKO, son of Tokutaro HARAKO, an intimate friend of IWATA had been eagerly making researches for politics for the purpose of rehabilitation of Japan. While visiting the Harako's residence, Iwata met the Chief of the Association and other members there and handed the leaflets to them, carelessly uttering the above

speech. No fact to indicate his positive activity has been detected. Moreover, subject has been on a good behavior, since the authorities issued a warning against him.

C. Subject has never enjoyed the membership of the above Japanese People Rule Association, having had no relation with the Association.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15-1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 182)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Shuichi SASAKI (佐々木周一)

I. On investigative order by G.S. on April 16, 1950 SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he made an alledged continual control over the MITSUI SEN-PAKU KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Mitsui Shipping Co. Ltd). Secretary Susumu WADA, 2nd section, SIB detected on April 16, 1950 the following fact.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on May 24, '47

The reason for his designation was that he had been the President of MITSUI SEMPAKU KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Mitsui Shipping Co. Ltd) and representative director of Kabushiki Kaisha Mitsui Honsha (Mitsui Holding Company Ltd).

Name : Shuichi SASAKI

Date of Birth : December 8, 1893

Occupation : Auditor of the SANWA INSATSU KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Sanwa Press Co. Ltd) as well as the AIKOKU TOCHI TATEMONO KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Patriot Land and Building Co. Ltd).

Domicile : 170, Rikyumae-machi, Suma Ward, Kobe City, Hyogo Prefecture.

Addres : 2,274, 1-chome, Ekoda, Nakano Ward, Tokyo

Activities :

A. Soon after the graduation from the Otaru High Commercial College, subject entered the Shipping department of MITSUI BUSAN (Mitsui Product Company) and became the chief of the Shipping department

after gradual promotion. When the department was reorganized the MITSUI SEMPAKU KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Mitsui Shipping Co. Ltd) after its independence, subject was appointed a director of the company and further was installed at the post of its president after December 1945. Moreover, he assumed also additionally the presidency of the TAIYO KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Taiyo Industry Co. Ltd), subsidiary company of the Mitsu Shipping Company. After his designation falling under the Memorandum as above mentioned, subject used still No. 415 room in the 4th floor of the Mitsu Building as his own business office, in the name of the branch office of the Taiyo Industry Company after May, 1948. Even after he retired from the post of the president of Taiyo Industry Company, March 1948, he remained still to use the room until September of the same year as he did. However, this place is not admitted the area which he is refrained from making entry into.

B. Neither fact nor deed to have continued his previous control over the Mitsui Shipping Company has been detected.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

0 —— List the subject on the watch Book

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 183)

〔No. I-I-3〕

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SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Ryunosuke KUSAKA (草鹿龍之助)

I. By order from G.S., G.H.Q. on April 18, 1950, to make investigation, secretary, Sayoji ORITA, of Kinki Branch Office, SIB initiated on May 1, this year, an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he was suspicious of having established an organization, KANSAI RAKUNO (Kansai Dairy) in Osaka, and many other former regular naval officers participating in it.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular naval officer (Vice-admiral).

Name : Ryunosuke KUSAKA

Date of Birth : September 25, 1892.

Occupation : President of the BAKUTERIA SHOKUSAN K.K. (Bacteria Food-Stuff Industry Co. Ltd.)

Domicile : 3, Aza-hakkendo, Taishoji-machi, Enuma County, Ishikawa Prefecture.

Addres : 57, Naka-2-chome, Kitabatake, Abeno Ward, Osaka City.

Activities :

a. After the subject demobilized in October, 1947, he began farming at a vacant land contiguous to his house at the foregoing place. Then he suffered from the shortage of fertilizer

and took it into his head to study the chemical fertilizer. Thereupon, he asked Usaburo TOYAMA, researcher of bacteria, living Tokyo Metropolis, for guidance, and was endeavoring to study that fertilizer and to diffuse it. At the end of 1947 or thereabouts, he organized the KANSAI SHOKUSAN KUMIAI (Kansai Food-Stuff Industry Union), placed its main office at his house, and branches, in Kyoto, Hyogo, Shiga, Nara and Wakayama Prefectures, and has been engaged in the diffusion and propaganda of the fertilizer.

b. In February, 1948, he established the Bacteria Food-Stuff Industry Co. Ltd. with the capital of 195,000 yen at 138, Ida, Kainan City, Wakayama Prefecture, in order to make contribution toward the increased production of food-stuff through the study and manufacture of the chemical fertilizer. He, holding office as its president, started in the study and manufacture of bacterial fertilizer, asked Fujisaku YOSHIOKA, former professor of Kyoto University, for its research, conducted experiments at the Agricultural Experimental stations of the said University, Osaka Prefectural Office and Takatsuki Minicipal Office, and held an exhibition of trial

products and a short course instruction in how to use them. Thus they are endeavoring to diffuse and propagate their production, but they have not yet been put to practical use in the country.

c. The aforesaid both organizations are in the relations of sister ones one another, both of which undertake the above said subiness. There are two persons who come under the Memorandum among the responsible persons of the branches of the said Union, namely Mitsuo FUCHITA, (Former naval captain, and a man once placed under the KUSAKA's command) of the Nara Prefectural Branch, and Hidetaro TAKANO (Former naval captain) of the Shiga Prefectural Branch. On the other hand, there are two also among the officers of the said company, that is, Toshinosuke YOSHIDA, director (The reason of his designation was his once being a representative director of the Sumitomo Holding Co.), and Yoshio TANAKA, director (The reason was his once being a standing director of the same company). There is nobody who has the career of the regular army or naval officer.
We have not found such a trend or thought as to aim at reconstruction of militarim or nationalism

in the both organizations.

d. We have investigated into the OSAKAFU RAKUNO KYODO KUMIAI (Osaka Prefectural Federation of Dairy Unions) and others, but found no organization named KANSAI RAKUNO.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 184)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Tomekichi SAKURAI (櫻井 留吉) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon a contribution under the name of the all persons interested, who reside at 1-chome, Shibazaki-cho, Tachikawa City, Tokyo Metropolis, dated May 1, 1950, Secretary Hideo KIKUCHI of Second Section, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he formed the Suwa Club and the SEINEN-DAN (Youth Group), and held the offices as directors together with several other purgees at the both organizations to interfere in the municipal government.

II. In regard to the Tomekichi SAKURAI, we have investigated to find out him at the foregoing address and its neighborhood in vain, but have found a Yoneji SAKURAI there who, however, has not been designated as a purgee.

Name : Yoneji SAKURAI

Date of Birth : Fifty-four years old (The date of birth is unknown)

Occupation : Keeper of a casting works.

Domicile : 241, 1-chome, Shibazaki-cho, Tachikawa City, Tokyo Metropolis.

Address : Ditto.

Activities :

a) The Yoneji SAKURAI, former army technical officer, holds the office as chairman at the KYOWA-KAI (Harmony Society), an neighbors' organization, but he is not designated as a purgee for the reason of his being a reservist.

b) That society aims at promoting the friendship and closer relations among people in the said neighborhood, and is a democratic organization like the Youth Group in the same neighborhood, both of which are being managed in accordance with the general opinion of the members, namely residents of the neighborhood. We have detected no fact that any of leaders of the foregoing society participates in the municipal administration or taxation business in Tachikawa City.

c) The Suwa Club which is placed in the Shibazaki-cho is a property owned by the aforesaid society and now being used for a meeting place of the above said Youth Group. The name, Showa Club, is that of the building but not that of an organization.

d) We have been unable to detect any of such a fact as stated in the contribution.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(SEC.No. 185)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Zentaro ARAI. (新居善太郎)

I. Based upon recognition by Secretary ~~TAKA~~KŌZUMA of Second Section, SIB, dated March 2, 1950. an investigation was started on May 2, 1950, to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he is taking service at an auxiliary organ to the Welfare Ministry.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 16, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a Branch Chief of TAISEI YOKUSAN KAI (Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name : Zentaro ARAI.

Date of Birth : January 16, 1889.

Occupation : Chairman of the Board of Directors of the ONSHI-ZAIDAN BOSHI AIIKU KAI (Imperial Gift Foundation, Mother and Child Tender Care Association).

Domicile : 3-2078, Tojo, Ashikaga-City, Tochigi Prefecture.

Addres : 51, Haseto-Town, Shibuya-Ward, Tokyo.

Activities :

a. Since November 9, 1946, the subject has been in office as chairman of the Board of Directors of the ONSHI-ZAIDAN

BOSHI AIIKU KAI, 1, Morioka-Town, Azabu, Minato-Ward, Tokyo.

b. The ONSHI-ZAIDAN BOSHI AIIKU KAI is an ~~auxiliary~~ outer organ to the Welfare Ministry.

It engages in works concerning education, protection and rearing of mothers and children, with imperial gift, government subsidy and other general donations as its funds, and with the authorization of the Welfare Minister.

c.

c. Representing the Association as Chairman of the Board of Directors, the subject supervises the business of it. At present, however, no act of violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, is seen in his activity. But as it is in danger of bringing on a violation of the Ordinanse for a person designated as one falling under the Memorandum to assume office as

principal officer of an auxiliary organ to a government office, SIB urged him to resign from his office in the Association. So, on May 10, this year, he tendered his resignation. But as President Teizaburo SEKIYA was ill in bed at that time, he sent a letter (please see the annexed paper) to Chief of Second Section, SIB, asking for the extention of the time of his resignation. But now, he is expected to resign from his office formally as soon as the President who is now still ill in bed, gets a slight improvement in his condition.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there/~~was~~/(was not) a violation ~~of~~/ ~~Article~~ of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

—— List the subject in Watch Book.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

The Annexed Paper

May 11, 1950.

Letter to Chief Masumi TAKAHASHI of Second Section, Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office from Chairman of the Board of Directors Zentaro ARAI, acting for President Teizaburo SEKIYA of the ONSHI-ZAIDAN BOSHI AIIKU KAI (Imperial Gift Foundation, Mother and Child Tender Care Association), on May 10, 1950.

Chairman of the Board of Directors Zentaro ARAI tendered his resignation under the date of May 10. However, as to how this resignation should be dealt with and how this association should be managed in this connection, for the present it is difficult to find a measure to be taken, because President Teizaburo SEKIYA has been long since ill and is now in hospital and under medical care, with his condition growing

worse. Such being the case, we entreat you whole-heartedly to admit that the present Chairman will remain in his present post until the President might be well restored to his health so as to be able to administer the affairs of the Association.

(2SEC.No. 186)

(No. III-I-3)

9.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Hitoshi KAMADA. (鎌田仁志)

I. On information received from an anonymous person, dated April 25, this year, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he, as detected by Kiyoshi KIYOSUKE, Secretary of Kyushu Branch Office, SIB, attended a villagers' round-table-conference regarding the amalgamation of Shimo Togo-Village with Kawachi City, and expressed his opinion against the amalgamation.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 18, 1947

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of Shimo Togo-mura Branch of TAISEI YOKUSAN KAI (The Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name : Hitoshi KAMADA

Date of Birth : September 15, 1882

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 1,546, Taumi, Shimo-Togo-Village, Satsuma-County, Kagoshima Prefecture

Addres : Same as above

Activities :

a. Attending a villagers' round-table-conference which was held on December 25, 1949, at Beppuhara Night School in Shimo Togo Village where he lives in, under the sponsorship of the Village, regarding the amalgamation of the Village with Kawachi-City,

the subject expressed his opinion saying:

"I wonder why the amalgamation must be done in a hurry" and said "I am against the amalgamation because it is too early to do so."

b. With reference to the circumstances under which he came to violate the Ordinance, this inquiry revealed:

He was asked by Hideo TOSHIRO, Toshiaki KUBUKI and others living in the same village to attend the said conference and to express his opinion because of his being conversant with the affairs of the village and as he could not reject their proposal, he attended the conference, at which he voiced his opinion.

Such being the case, he had no positive intention in his so doing and in addition he was unaware of his attendance and utterance at the said conference being a violation of the Ordinance.

After warned by the Authorities, he has been keeping himself from any such activity, repenting of what he did.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Item I Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 187)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Hikoshiro OMORI. (大森彦四郎)

I. According to the recognition of an official of the Ninoe Local Affairs Office, Iwate Prefecture, an investigation was initiated by Shuji (secretary) Eihachi ABE, Local Affairs Section of Iwate Prefectural Office, on May 5, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he made a political activity in connection with the admission tax of the grand "sumo" (Japanese Wrestling) matches sponsored by the fire-brigade of Ichoji Town, of which he was the chief.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 12, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of TAISEI YOKUSAN-KAI JOHOJI-CHO SHIBU (Johoji Town Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name : Hikoshiro OMORI

Date of Birth : September 17, 1906.

Occupation : Agriculture.

Domicile : 80, Johoji, Johoji Town, Ninoe County, Iwate Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. The foregoing person had been in his post as the chief of the fire-brigade of Johoji Town since April, 1949. On July 27, 1949, a grand "sumo" show was run at the horse exhibition grounds

of Johoji Town under the sponsorship of the fire-brigade, and the show was opened to the public free of charge. However, the Tax Section of the Ninoe Local Affairs Office in the area decided to impose an admission tax amounting to ¥ 50,000 upon the show and sent the tax-paper to the chief of the fire-brigade Hikoshiro OMORI. Accordingly, about August 26, 1949, he went to the Ninoe Local Affairs Office and said to Keiichiro TANAKA, the chief of the Tax Section, that the show was not privately undertaken by himself alone and, moreover, the amount of admission tax ¥ 50,000 was unreasonable; and then he returned the tax-paper to him.

b. After that, when Hikoshiro OMORI received a new tax-paper informing the adjusted amount of tax ¥ 20,000 he went again to the Ninoe Local Affairs Office early in September, same year, and applied to the chief of the Tax Section TANAKA for the reassessment of tax because he thought that the adjusted amount was yet unreasonable.

c. TANAKA's action in question was founded on his misunderstanding that his behabiour which was concerned with the tax-paper addressed to himself would not constitute any violation of law; moreover, when he was informed that he had acted against law he resigned his post as the chief of the fire-brigade of Johoji Town and since has behaved himself prudently.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15, para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator~~ general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

A. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 193)

〔No. I-I-3〕

8

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947. by Sueo ITO. (伊藤末尾)

I. On contribution received from an unknown person on April 26 of 1950, Secretary Kotaro OHTA of Third Sub-section, Third Section, SIB, initiated an investigation on May 1, 1950. to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947. in that he is displaying political activities in connection with the Oita Prefectural authorities.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 25, '49.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the Yamato HOKOKUUNDO-HOMBU (Yamato Patriotic Movement Headquarters).

Name : Sueo ITO.

Date of Birth : March 12, 1890.

Occupation : None.

Domicile : 925, Kida, Sakanoichi Town, Kita-amabe County, Oita Prefecture.

Addres : 33, Akasakahikawa-cho, Minato Ward, Tokyo.

Activities :

On March 28, 1950, Masao CHIKATA, Chief of Agricultural Land Section of Oita Prefecture, Ran SHINODA, member of the Oita Prefec-

tural Assembly, and Chitose HAZAMA, Chief of the SHOWAIRO KOCHI SEIRI KUMIAI (Showa Waterway and Arable Land Readjustment Union) came up to Tokyo to apply to the Public Works Section, Construction and Tramsportation Bureau of the Economic Stabilization Board, for a loan of a part of public works expenses of the U.S.-aid counterpart funds for the expenses of the above-mentioned Union. The subject, then, made petition for the above problem as well as taking them to the above-mentioned office.

b. He is familiar with the affairs in Tokyo because he had once been working as the chief of the Tokyo Branch Office of the said Prefectural Office. Therefore, he couldn't refuse when HAZAMA and others asked him to take them to the office and had to go there with them. Thus, he had no positive intention and, more over, he has seen his error and been in good behavior at the warning of the authorities concerned.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was/not~~) a violation of Article 15, Para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

〔No. I-I-3〕

(2SEC.No. 190)

t.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Tsuneo YAMAMOTO's Movements.

I. Secretary Susumu WADA, Second Section, SIB, initiated an investigation on May 15, 1950 of the movements of Tsuneo YAMAMOTO registered in the watch book, bringing out the following facts.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on APR. 30, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of the Manila Branch of the Yokohama Specie Bank.

Name : Tsuneo YAMAMOTO

Date of Birth : February 14, 1892.

Occupation : Auditor of the Fuji Security Publishing Co., Ltd.

Domicile : 64, Yokodera-cho, Ushigome, Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo.

Addres : ditto.

Activities :

a. On the authorities' advice he resigned as the Director of the Secretariat of the Tokyo Bank Association and, at the same time, he severed his connections with all other organizations.

Afterwards, however, he assumed the post of auditor of the Fuji Security Publishing Co., Ltd., putting the accounting affairs of the Company under his charge. Moreover, he held an additional office in the Investigation Division of the Fuji Bank in March, 1950 and since then he is chiefly participating in consultation on the basic subjects of foreign exchange though he attends the office every Wednesday only once a week.

b. He lives at his residence mentioned above with his seven family members and earns his living within total income of twenty thousand yen from his positions in both companies.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

___ List the subject on the watch book.

0 ___ keep a further watch.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 191)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Sakae SUZUKI's Movements.

I. Secretary Hiroshi KURIHARA, Second Section, SIB initiated an investigation on May 15, 1950 to determine whether or not subject registered in the watch book violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and detected the following facts.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Sep. 19, '47

The reason for his designation was that he had been President

of the Tokyo Marine Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

Name : Sakae SUZUKI

Date of Birth : August 8, 1887

Occupation : Insurance Agency Manager.

Domicile : 9, 2-chome, Tomisaka, Bunkyo Ward, Tokyo.

Addres : 105, 2-chome, Suginami Ward, Tokyo

Activities :

a. Since August, 1945 he is keeping an agency of the Tokyo Marine Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., but with poor business.

b. He attended the following meetings recently.

(1) The FUTABA KAI (Bud Society)

This is a society of the businessmen who once held their offices in the companies connected with the Mitsubishi Zaibatsu.

It is customary that they meet and die together at the KOGYŌ Club Hall once a month. The members are numbered about twenty. Those who attended the meeting held in May are Eizo SHIKI (The Mitsubishi Paper Manufacturing Co.), Kiyoshi HIRAI (The Mitsubishi Petroleum Co.), Tomoatsu SHIOYA (The Tokyo Marine Fire Insurance Co.), Kan-ichi MORIMOTO (The Mitsubishi Chemical & Synthetic Industrial Co.) and Sentaro YAMAMURA (The Mitsubishi Industrial Co.).

(2) The MIKKA KAI (The Third Society)

This is a society of the one-time veterans in the economic circles such as Seijiro MIYAJIMA, teruo AKASHI, Eizo NAGASAKI, Yasusaburo HARA dine together at the KOGYO Club Hall on the third of every month to renew their old friendship mutually.

(3). The NIJUGOSHI KAI (The Twenty-fifth Society)

This is a society of the old and new staff members of the companies concerned in damage

insurance affairs. Though they have mutual consent to holding a meeting on the 25th of every month, they do not seem to have meetings regularly. Anyway, there was held a meeting at the restaurant KINSUI, Tsukiji, on May 4.

(4) The KAYO KAI (The Tuesday Society)

This is a society of the graudates from the Kobe Commercial College.

Every Tuesday the membefs residing in Tokyo meet together at the basement of the Tokyo Station. It seems that fifteen to twenty-five members attend those meetings usually.

c. He is a managing director of the Tokai Sightseeing Business Co., Ltd, C/o Tokai Steamship Company. The former is capitalized at fifty millon yen with Iwahiko YAMAMOTO as its president. who also keeps the SEISENSO, IMAISO and the OHSHIMA Sightseeing H Hotels.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

— List subject on the watch book.

0 — Keep a further watch.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 192)

[No. I-I-3]

V.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicious violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Shigeru ABE. (阿部 滿)

I. On information received from Secretary KONISHI, Shikoku Branch Office, SIB, April 20, 1950 SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he engaged in a newspaper company as a journalist. Secretary Konishi, Shikoku Branch Office, SIB detected the following facts.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 16, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular military officer.

Name : Shigeru ABE

Date of Birth : September 24, 1923.

Occupation : None.

Domicile : 6, 1-chome, Fukushima-machi, Tokushima City.

Addres : 1. 1-chome, Fukushima Shimbashi, Tokushima City.

Activities :

a) Subject entered the Tokushima Shimbunsha (Tokushima Newspapers Co.) as a journalist on August 1947. In spite of his designation falling under the Memorandum on January 16, 1948, he remained still to retain

his post in the company, engaging in each function of the information, arrangement and editorial departments until March 3, of this year.

b) Subject had been unconscious of his illegal activity and remained at his previous position because he had misunderstood that the sphere of prohibition of engagement for a person falling under the Memorandum would be limitted within officialdom only. After he became conscious of his illegality by notice of his friend on March 3, 1950, he retired from his position in the company and at present he has been on a good behaviour.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 193)

〔No. I-I-3〕

W.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation, by Fujio KON (今ヲ二雄) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon acknowledgment made on May 2, 1950, by Secretary NISHIDA of Hokkaido Branch Office, the same secretary initiated on May 16, the same year, an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he was engaged in the information business.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person failing under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular army officer (Colonel).

Name : Fujio KON.

Date of Birth : March 16, 1892.

Occupation : SHUJI (Secretary) of the Hokkaido Joint Bereaved Families' Society of the SHADAN HOJIN HEIWA KOSEI-KAI (Corporate Judicial Person, Peace Regeneration Society).

Domicile : 72, Aza-hashimoto, Oaza-uramachi, Aomori City, Aomori Prefecture.

Addres : 9, 1-jo, 2-ku, Asahigawa City, Hokkaido.

Activities :

a. The subject became an editor and publisher of the IZOKU KAIHO (Bereaved Families' Report), monthly paper, published from the foregoing

society, the location of which was Migi-1-go, 10-chome, 6-jo-dori, Asahigawa City, Hokkaido, in March or thereabouts of 1949.

b. He was not aware of the fact that he had been violating laws and regulations by becoming the above-said editor. At the warning issued by the authorities of the Hokkaido Branch Office, SIB., he retired from the office at once on April 24, 1950, and pledges that he shall never participate in the work of that society.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 194)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION
ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Mikio NODA (野田幹雄)

I. Based upon recognition by Masami ICHIHARA, member of the Local Section, Oita Prefectural Office, dated April 11, 1950, an investigation was started on May 16, 1950, to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he held office as Minsei Iin (social welfare commissioner) of Beppu City.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 23, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a Branch Chief of ZAIGO GUNJIN KAI (Ex-Servicemen's Association)

Name : Mikio NODA

Date of Birth : November 26, 1897.

Occupation : Pawnbroker; Chairman of Beppu pawnbrokers' Union.

Domicile : 1-2278, Beppu Beppu City, Oita Prefecture.

Addres : Same as above.

Activities :

a. The subject took up office as social welfare commissioner of Beppu City on April 1, 1948 and remained in the office even after April 14, 1949 when the office of social welfare commissioner was designated as "public office".

b. Around May 1949, when he was told by Mamoru ABE, Shuji (Secretary) of Beppu City Office, that the office of social welfare commissioner was designated as the "public office", he tendered his resignation. But as he was told by the Secretary to rimain in in his office until the time when an instruction be given to him in connection with "questionnaire" which he had previously submitted to the prefectural Authorities, he stayed in the office against his will.

At the beginning of April, 1950, however, he was warned by the Local Section of the prefectural Office and so he resigned the office on April 11, 1950.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 13 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 195)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947. by Masayoshi TAKASHIMA. (高島正義)

I. On information received from an anonymous person, Shuji (secretary) Kokichi SASATANI of the Niigata Prefectural Office initiated an investigation on May 17, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he made various speeches in the administrative conference of the National Health Insurance Society of Kurokawa Village.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 27, 1948.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of TAISEI YOKUSAN-KAI KUROKAWA-MURA SHIBU (Kurokawa Village Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association).

Name : Masayoshi TAKASHIMA.

Date of Birth : March 27, 1895.

Occupation : Manager of Kurokawa Medical Office, a Corporate Juridical Person.

Domicile : 580, Beisanji, Kurokawa Village, Nakakubiki County, Niigata Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. The foregoing Masayoshi TAKASHIMA presented himself, notwithstanding that he was not a committee member, at the

administrative conference of the National Health Insurance Society of Kurokawa Village held on June 27, 1949, at the Kurokawa Village Office, Nakakubiki County, Niigata Prefecture, where he had held his last public office as the headman of the village (he resigned the post on November 10, 1946.), and delivered that "It is desirable that the fee for the first medical examination should be borne by the patient himself and the fee for a doctor's visit should, as in the past, be borne by the patient and the National Health Insurance Society respectively by half the sum," and "The cost of penicillin which contains 300,000 international units or the less should be borne by half on the part of the National Health Insurance Society."

b. Further, on March 22, 1950, he attended again the administrative council of the National Health Insurance Society held at the same village office and delivered that

"The equipment for the prevention of tuberculosis could not be realized in the time when I was the headman of the vi village, but it is desirable that we should be provided with sterilizers", and "It is proper that the lecture meeting on the knowledge of sex and the method of birth-control and the like should be held adequately, but not too actively." In this way, he discussed and criticized Village policies on health and sanitation.

c. Such behabiours as he presented himself, notwithstanding that he was not a committee member, at the administrative conference of the National Health Insurance Society and delivered his opinions were caused by his ignorance of law as well as that he had a considerable interest in the business as he managed a medical office closely connected with the health insurance business in the foresaid Kurokawa Village. Accordingly, there are

some points to take the circumstances into consideration in his case. To add here, he has behaved himself prudently since he was informed of his violation of law.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Articles 13 & 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator general~~

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 200)

[No. I-I-3]

3.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicion thrown upon Katsuo UBAZAWA and Takumi TAKEYAMA of the violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On letter in the name of Taijiro ITOH, Secretary Yoshimi TAKAHASHI of our Tohoku Branch Office, started an investigation on May 10, 1950, to determine whether or not subjects violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and obtained the result as in II.

Katsuo UBAZAWA, a purgee, took up the position of Chief of Fire Brigade, and holding the liaison with the village authorities, he is making political activity, and Takumi TAKEYAMA is in the service of the Village Office as a man in charge of social affairs, and Ryosaku UTSUNOMIYA has made a false statement in his questionnaire.

Not a purgee, and Not included in 1st report or the general covering report accompanying this; therefore omitted fr. Project Status Report

II. 1. Katsuo UBAZAWA was designated on December 25, 1947, as one falling under the Memorandum. The reason for his designation is that he had once been Chief of the Branch of the Imperial Ex-service Men's Association.

Name: Katsuo UBAZAWA.

Date of birth: April 26, 1905.

Occupation: Farmer.

Domicile: 96, Sawadayama, Kofunagoshi, Ohyaji Village, Monoo County, Miyagi Prefecture.

Address: Ditto

2. Takumi TAKEYAMA was designated on December 25, 1947, as one falling under the Memorandum. The reason for his designation was that he had once been Chief of the Ohyaji Branch of the Imperial Ex-service Men's Association.

Name: Takuji TAKEYAMA.

Date of birth: June 1, 1902.

Occupation: Farmer.

Domicile: 272 ~~96~~, ~~Sawatayama~~ Yamabata, Kofunagoshi, Ohyaji Village, Monoo County, Miyagi Prefecture.

Address: Ditto.

3. Ryosaku UTSUNOMIYA has not been designated as one falling under the Memorandum.

Name: Ryosaku UTSUNOMIYA.

Date of birth: October 25, 1893.

Occupation: Headman of Ohyaji Village.

Domicile: 225, Yamabata, Kofunegoshi, Ohyaji Village, Monoo County, Miyagi Prefecture.

Address: Ditto.

a. On December 9, 1949, Katsuo UBAYAMA ~~YAMA~~ took up the position of Chief of Fire Brigade of Ohyaji Village on the recommendation of the villagers. Any fact that he has made political activity, as mentioned in the letter, is not discovered. But it is feared to vilate the prohibited provisions that he is in the position of Chief of Fire Brigade. Accordingly advice was given to him to retire from it, and on April 21, 1950, he resigned it.

b. It is not recognized that after having been designated as one falling under the Memorandum, Takumi TAKEYAMA has been serving at Social Section, of the Village Office.

c. Ryosaku UTSUNOMIYA is the elder brother of Takumi TAKEYAMA. When he took up the post of village headman of Ohyaji Village he was decided as one not falling under the Memorandum as the result of examination Miyagi Prefectural Screening Committee, and then he took up the position of it. It is not recognized that there was any fact of his false statement in his questionnaire at the time of the examination.

d. In Ohyaji Village the Village headman's group and the

opposing group are pitted against each other. It is recognized that in the letter in question the false facts have been informed by some of the group against the village headman to slander those belonging to the village headman's group. The sender of the letter is not found out.

III. In view of the above we have concluded there was not a violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

IV. We propose to close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

[illegible], Attorney-General's Office.

(2ndEC.No. 188)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May 17 , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : General Report of Investigations conducted by Second Section, SIB from May 1 to May 15, 1950.

I.

✓ a) Suspicion upon Kakuzaemon NAGAO and two others of having made political activities :

According to the recognition of TSUSHIMA, Shuji (Secretary) of Local Section, Aomori Prefecture, the subject persons are suspected of having made political activities by making representations to the Authorities concerned as to a repair work of the River Iwaki.

15 MAY

b) Same suspicion upon Shinsaku HIRAI and five others :

According to the recognition of Secretary Akio NAKANO of Second Section, SIB, the subject persons are suspected of having made political activities by making representations to the Authorities concerned as to the abolition of an apple-tax.

c) Same suspicion upon Seizo IWATA :

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) TSUSHIMA of Local Section, Aomori Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in that he appealed to the KOKUMIN TO (People's Party) of Hirosaki City and urged it to join the KOKUMIN SANSEI KAI (People's Politics Participation Association).

d) Same suspicion upon Hideo KUSADO :

According to an investigation referred to this Bureau by G.S. Authorities, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities as chairman of the Shibukawa Land Improvement Committee.

e) Same suspicion upon Sakutaro HATANO and other :

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) INOUE of Investigation Section, Kyoto Prefecture, the subject persons are suspected of having made political

activities by participating behind the curtain in the dispute caused by a separation issue of Maizuru City.

f) Suspicion upon Mutsuo TAO of having taken a public office :

According to the recognition of an official of Kyushu District Branch, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having taken office as a clerical staff member of the Kagoshima Taxation Office, Kagoshima Prefecture, after his designation as a person falling under the Memorandum.

g) Suspicion upon Yoneji SAKURAI of having made political activities :

According to a correspondence from a certain interested persons, residing in 1-chome, Shibasaki-cho, Tachikawa City, Tokyo, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in that he formed an organization called "Suwa Club" and forcibly collected donations from the citizens and thereby interfered with the municipal administrations and the taxation administrations.

h) Same suspicion upon Hitoshi KAMATA :

According to an anonymous letter, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in that he attended the villagers' Table-Talk

to discuss the issue concerning the annexation of Shimogo Village to Kawauchi City and expressed an opposite view, on that occasion.

i) Same suspicion upon Sueo ITO :

According to an anonymous letter, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by keeping touch with the Ohita Prefectural Authorities.

j) Same suspicion upon Shogo SUZUKI :

According to a letter from Ichiro TSUKADA of Kagoda-machi, Okazaki City, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by cooperating with Shiro NAKANO, a Diet-member of the Japan Farmers' Party.

k) Same suspicion upon Motohiko YONEMARU :

According to a report in the Minami Nihon Shimbun (the South Japan Newspaper) dated December 22, 1949, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in that he published an article under the title of "To those supporting the annexation", in opposition to the annexation of Ishiki Village to Kagoshima City.

l) Same suspicion upon Soichi TSURU :

According to an anonymous letter, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities

by engaging in an election campaign on the occasion of the election of the members of the Ohmuda Chamber of Commerce and Industry.

m) Same suspicion upon Daikichi IWAYA :

According to an anonymous letter, subject person is suspected of having made political activities in that he made representations to the Authorities concerned as to the problem of readjusting the hand-net fishery, in the capacity of an important officer of the Edesachi Town Fishery Cooperative Union.

n) Same suspicion upon Ryunosuke KUSAKA :

According to an investigation referred to this Bureau by G.S. Authorities, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by forming an organization called as the Kansai Dairy-farming Association with many regular officers of the former Navy joining it.

o) Same suspicion upon Hikoichiro MIZUSHIMA :

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) INOUE of Investigation Section, Kyoto Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in connection with the issue concerning the separation of Maizuru City.

p) Suspicion upon Toshio MITSUI of having frequented a public office :

According to the recognition of a Hokkaido District Branch Official, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having forequented the Higashigawa Office which was his last public office and from which he was removed.

q) Suspicion upon Shujiro SUZUKI of having made political activities :

According to the recognition of Secretary Susumu WADA of Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by making representations to the National Diet as to the dairy-farming problem in the capacity of Vice-president of the National Dairy-farming Association.

r) Same suspicion upon Tomekichi SAKURAI :

According to a correspondence from the interested persons at 1-chome, Shibasaki-cho, Tachikawa City, Tokyo, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by forming the Suwa Club and a Young Men's Association and becoming a leader with several other persons falling under the Memorandum.

s) Same suspicion upon Hikoshiro OHMORI :

According to the recognition of a member of the Ninoe Local Affairs Office of Iwate Prefecture, the

subject person is suspected of having made political activities in connection with the admission tax to be imposed upon a wrestling show sponsored by the Fire Defence Corps of Johoji Town, in the capacity of a head of the corps.

t) Same suspicion upon Tomoyuki ASHIZAWA :

According to the recognition of Secretary SATO, a Shin-etsu District Branch Member, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in connection with an enterprise tax imposed upon charcoal makers, in the capacity of Managing Director of the Nagano Prefectural Federation of Charcoal Makers' Unions.

u) Same suspicion upon Kaisuke HONDA :

According to a letter from Hideo HAYASHI of Nukada Village, Naka County, Ibaraki Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities as a member of the Construction Committee of the Nukada Village Middle School under the New Educational System.

v) Suspicion upon Zentaro ARAI of having taken a public office :

According to the recognition of Secretary Shimpei KOZUMA of Second Section, SIB, the subject person is

suspected of having taken office as Chief Director of the Imperial Gift Foundation BOSHI AIIKU KAI (Mother and Children Tender Care Society) which is one of the anxiliary organizations of the Welfare Ministry.

w) Suspicion upon Kyohei SHIMADA of having made political activities :

According to the recognition of Secretary OKADA of Shikoku District Branch, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by interfering in the municipal administration in connection with the enlargement and development of the Port of Sakaide as a Director of the Port of Sakaide Development Company.

should be: HIDANO Kazuemon

x) Suspicion upon Kazuzaemon HIDA of having frequented a place of public office :

According to the recognition of a Hokkaido District Branch member, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having frequented the Higashigawa Village Office which is the place of the public office he last held and to from which he was removed.

II.q

a) Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Goro NAKAMURA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

b) Same case by Fusao HAYASHI and Toshiro GOTO :

A warning was given to the subject persons respectively.

c) Trends of the SHIN BANCHA KAI (~~Chinese~~ New Tea Society) :

The investigation was closed.

d) Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yorio SUGAWARA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

e) Same case by Shigeki MORIYAMA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

f) Exclusion of Yoshio ITO from his office in the Japan National Railway :

The investigation was closed.

g) Movements of Akira SAITO :

The investigation was closed.

h) Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Mitsuo OZAWA and Takanobu KIDAI :

The investigation was closed.

i) Same case by Masaru AOKI :

A warning was given to the subject person.

j) Same case by Hideki TSUTSUI and Taisuke SEKO :

A warning was given to the subject persons respectively.

k) Suspected violation of the Prime Minister's Office and the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Ordinance No. 2 of 1949 by Seizaemon IWAMOTO :

A warning was given to the subject person.

l) Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kazuji ONOUE :

A warning was given to the subject person.

m) Same case by Hide KUROSAWA and Mitsugu SEKITA :

A warning was given to KUROSAWA and the investigation was closed as to the @SEKITA's case without further action.

n) Same case by Yukio YANAGIDA :

The case was referred to Public Procurator-General.

o) Same case by Katsunosuke TAKEDA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

p) Same case by Goichi NAGASAWA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

q) Same case by Shisaburo OZAWA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

r) Same case by Toyoji TSUMORI :

The subject person was listed on the watch book.

s) Same case by Norikazu SHIMA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

t) Same case by Mantaro ONO :

A warning was given to the subject person.

u) Same case by Yusaku YAMAMOTO :

A warning was given to the subject person.

(Not listed on previous report.)

v) Suspected violation of the Prime Minister's Office and the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Ordinance No. 2 of 1949 by Kazue NAKASUGI :

A warning was given to the suspect person.

w) Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1949 by Kichiro SOMA and Tomohichi SATOMI :

A warning was given to the subject persons respectively.

x) Same case by Misao IRIE :

A warning was given to the subject person.

y) Same case by Kichizo TATEISHI :

The investigation was closed.

z) Movements of Takashi MIKAMI :

The investigation of this case is being continued.

a') Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Toshio MITSUI :

A warning was given to the subject person.

b') Same case by Gonkichi SAWADA :

A warning was given to the subject person.

c') Same case by Seihin IKEDA :

The investigation was closed.

d') Same case by Fumio SHIMIZU :

A warning was given to the subject.

not previously reported by SIB

e') Whether or not any faction exists in connection with Yasue KOMINE, Director of Fourth Bureau, the Board of Audit :

The investigation was closed.

M. Yoshikawa
Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

(2[illegible] No. / / 2)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

April , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Goro NAKAMURA

I. According to the knowledge of a Kyushu District Branch official, SIB, in February, 1950, Secretary Kiyoshi KIYOSUKE of Attorney-General's Office initiated an investigation on April 1 to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he joined the HANKYO REMMEI (Anti-Communist League) and was engaged in the anti-Communist movement.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 28, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a KEMPEI (Gendarme).

Name : Goro NAKAMURA

Date of Birth : February 4, 1918.

Occupation : Company Employee.

Domicile : 391 Shido Maehara-cho, Itojima Country, Fukuoka Prefecture.

Addres : Kamizaki, Kaneta Town, Tagawa Country, Fukuoka Prefecture.

Activities :

(a) He joined the HANKYO REMMEI (Anti-Communist League) at Shake-cho, Fukuoka City since about October 1947, but gave up to make substantial activities, after he

was warned by Kyushu District Branch Office, SIB, about February, 1948. However, about February, 1949, he edited and published a minor magazine on philosophy, entitled as "Kogen" at his own expense and distributed about 3,200 copies in all to various young men's associations and coal mines in Fukuoka Prefecture twice by March of the same year. He also put his magazine on sale at the shop in the compound of Shinhakata Station.

(b) He wrote and published an article, entitled as "Criticism on Capitalism" in the first issue of the said magazine, in which he stated,

"Among the existing political parties in our country, the Democratic Liberal Party is characterized as capitalistic and the Democratic Party as of revised capitalism, while the Social Party is classified as socialistic and the Communist Party as communistic, but none of them has any economic policy to save the country. There is no true economic policy to save the country except those proposed on the basis of my economic theory."

The purport of this article is, however, abstructive on the whole. It is but an introduction of his opinion and contains few concrete arguments and comments on public policies.

(c) He had been a member of the said Anti-Communist League before he was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum and has been remaining as its member even after his designation as a purgee, in the misbelief that he is in no violation of the ordinance concerned in his continuing to join the League. When warned by this Bureau, he swore not to commit any violation, behaving himself with discretion in future.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of Articles 14 & 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. (Par. 2, Art. 14 and Par. 1, Art. 15.)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

O —— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 114)

〔No. III-I-3〕

b

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Toshio GOTOH , alias Fusao HAYASHI , of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On information received from Secretary TAKEDA. SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Oreinance No. I, 1947 in that he contributed comments on polities to the Yomiuri Evening Paper in the anonym of Akira SHIRAI, and published in the March issue of the Kaizo, a journal, his speech of criticism on the cultural policy of political parties and on the reforming policy of the kana spelling in the national language at the round table talk held under the auspices of the KAIZO-SHA (Kaizo Publishing Co.)

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Apr. 22, 1948.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the author of the SHANHAI SENSEN O KATARU (Talk about Shanghai Front) and five others.

Name : Toshio GOTOH, alias Fusao HAYASHI.

Date of Birth : May 30, 1903.

Occupation : Literary profession.

Domicile : 514, Jomyoji, Kamakura City, Kanagawa Prefecture.

Addres : The same.

Activities :

a. Since October or therabouts, 1949, the subject had often been requested by Kenichi YOSHIDA, a friend of his, to attend the BUNGAKU NI KANSHITE YOSHIDA SHUSHO O KAKOMU BUNSHI NO ZADANKAI (Writers' Round-Table Talk about