

TEN CONSERVATIVES DARE BEARD BOWSER—GAME ACT NOT LIKED BY RURAL MEN

Chief Game Warden Williams Works as Lobbyist at Parliament Buildings for Purpose of Upsetting Action of Legisla- tors Who Offer Vigorous Criticism

Attorney-General Bowser took a fall out of his critics in the house yesterday afternoon to demonstrate to them that he is master there, and that if he does not want a thing it shall not be. Public interests may go further, but he will have his way.

The incident showed that there were ten members of the legislature on the government side who are not irredeemable rubber-stamps, while it showed as clearly that the majority are but pawns to be moved just as the dictator desires.

There has been a concerted attack made upon Mr. Bowser's revision of the Game act this session, and on each occasion that it has been up to the minister and his chief game warden, A. Bryan Williams, of Vancouver, have been hearing the reverse of complacency the secretary and common-sense behind them every time in their criticisms of the bill.

The attack culminated on Monday night in committee of the whole on the bill. On the proposal in regard to the iniquitous \$2.50 gun license, which every farmer in the country is up in arms over, that the exemption from paying the fee should extend only to a farmer hunting on his own land, W. H. Hayward, of Cowichan, led a determined assault, and he was ably supported by several other Conservatives and by the opposition.

The advocates of fair play for the farmer made out a fine case and all spoke well and convincingly. With the result that the committee amended the section so that farmers should have the removal of the hated tax, as the agricultural commission recommends, and be entitled to the issue of a gun license free under which they could hunt in any part of the electoral district in which they live.

Mr. Bowser looked sour at this turning down of his bill in that particular, but said nothing except to his chief warden. It was with something of a surprise to most of the members when, in committee yesterday afternoon, the attorney-general moved to reconsider the section. Those who were "wise" to what has been going on expected trouble, however, and were ready for it.

Civil Servant Lobbying.

For the past two days Warden Williams had been busy as a bee around the corridors in opposition to the amendment that has been passed. He was button-holing members here, there and everywhere, and trying to convince them that the game of the country was going to the boys-wows since the house had decided that the farmers were entitled to shoot anywhere they liked without paying a fee. It went to Mr. Williams's heart to think of what the end would be if the dear, kind gentlemen would not listen to a man who knew so much as Mr. Bowser and let the farmer go hang.

Lobbyists are not supposed to frequent the lobbies—paradoxical as they may seem—but this lobbyist in the pay of the people acted for forty-eight hours as a very active agent in the endeavor to get the members of the legislature to stultify themselves. He succeeded in rounding up a majority to take the side of the city sportsmen against the farmers of the province, and he also succeeded in raising some pretty serious questions concerning the propriety of a supposed public servant trying to upset action decided upon by a legislative body after due consideration.

The fight against Mr. Bowser grew so hot yesterday that the premier and the provincial secretary had to rally to his support.

Fears for the Revenue.

Mr. Bowser, moving to reconsider the section, said it was important to restore the section as it was in the bill before the committee undertook to alter it. To relieve the farmers from the necessity to take out a \$2.50 gun license when they wished to shoot off their own land would entail a loss in the revenue of twenty-five per cent, and would seriously dislocate the plans of the government. The estimates had been voted upon this basis, and to reduce the revenue now would mean that there would be that much of a shortage. Mr. Bowser added that he was appointing fourteen more game wardens and would need the money.

The premier came to the aid of his colleague, seeing that the house was in a mood to rebel against Bowserism. He dealt with the loss to the revenue and the allocation of public business that this would bring about, as he saw it, and declared that the civil service would be disorganized if the full amount expected to be realized from gun licenses was not got in. It would be class legislation in favor of the farmers, he said, if the act was to be left as the committee amended it the

other evening, and he was sure the farmers did not want class legislation. Indeed, on the contrary, they wanted to pay a gun license.

Parker Williams remarked that the premier evidently wanted the house to believe that he gets down to such contact with the farmer as, say, the member for Cowichan. The premier did not pretend that he knew as much as Mr. Hayward did of what the farmer thinks or what his needs are, or what disadvantages he has to contend with every day. If he did he must be remarkably closely in touch with the province. His local responsibility as a member of the house was to the people of Victoria, who were not much in touch with the farmer's community. Outside that he had a certain definite responsibility to the whole province, and he could not possibly come into touch with the farmers or any other class of workers or producers as the individual members did. He would have the House believe that he knew better from the general standpoint than the rest of them from the local point of view what was good for the farmer and what he wanted.

Argument a Baseless One.

Examining the argument that the loss of 25 per cent, of the revenue was to create chaos, Mr. Williams pointed out that this would be a loss of \$8,000, and yet this was going to make things awkward for the whole civil service! On the same page as the game protection vote appeared another item: "Miscellaneous, not detailed in the estimates, \$30,000." How was it that there was not enough to come and go on in that amount? The attorney-general had told them that he was going to have 14 more wardens.

"We are warded and regulated too much altogether," Mr. Williams declared. "I would suggest to the attorney-general that we can jog along without these 14 extra wardens. This is to be a sort of sop to the farmers—14 appointments to be given friends of the honorable gentleman and his friends. Cut them out and you will not have to rearrange the estimates at all."

"Our position places a responsibility on all of us," said the member for Newcastle a little later. "Bills are not here that we may admire them and praise the admirable work of the attorney-general or the minister of lands or someone else, but because they express the ideal of the minister in that regard. That ideal is modified in this chamber in accordance with the greater wisdom supposed to reside in greater numbers. The other night we made a change in the bill now before us and here we have the attorney-general this morning virtually telling us that service must not interfere with him or his legislation. He is going to upset the work of the committee because it does not suit him. I believe there is enough spirit on the Conservative side of this house to prevent this action."

Disgraceful Position.

"In this connection I want to enter a most decided protest against a member of the civil service of the province lobbying the members of this house in any manner whatsoever. I do not want to attack any man who is not able to reply, but the moment a man comes into the lobby and proceeds to play the lobbyist, whether he is the chief game warden of this province or any other person, we are under no obligation to treat him any differently than we would others. The moment a member of the civil service comes into the lobbies of this house and tries to argue members of this assembly into supporting what his master, the attorney-general, wants done, then I say that it is time for us to put a stop to it."

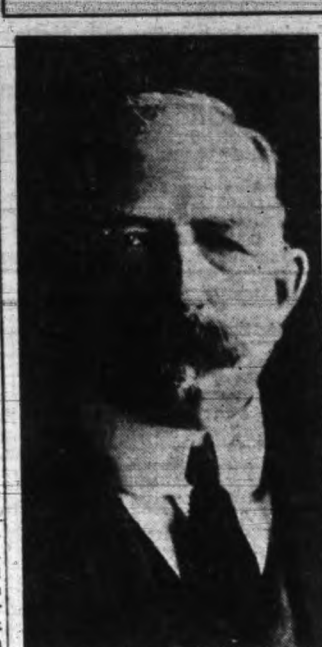
"It is a disgraceful position of affairs that we have been subjected to for the past 48 hours. Until 3 o'clock this morning and beginning again as soon as any of us were about this forenoon, there has been a member of the civil service endeavoring to work out the will of the attorney-general, acting as a paid lobbyist for the purpose of defeating the will of the majority of the members of this house. The threat is now that if we refuse to accept the modification of the bill which the attorney-general wishes to force upon us he will refuse to allow the bill to go any further."

"I would say this, that it is just about time we realized the lengths to which this Caesar will go in running this legislature. I oppose any modification, compromise or anything else. If the attorney-general proposes to let the bill go by the board then by the board it goes, and we know where the responsibility will lie."

Farmers Have Rights.

Deputy Speaker Hayward said he did not often disagree with the premier but he saw no way out of disagreeing on this occasion. With the attorney-general he had disagreed many a time. The argument they had just listened to from Mr. Bowser was quite in line with

SIR THOS. SHAUGHNESSY



RAILWAY HAS LIEN ON SIR THOMAS' SERVICES

Report That Salary for High Commissioner Will Be Raised to \$30,000.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—When asked today to make a statement in regard to the recurring rumor that he would take the office of high commissioner, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy said: "These rumors are quite baseless, and I cannot understand how they got started. Even if my ambition lay in that direction, I would not take it. I feel that the Canadian Pacific railway would have a lien on my services until I am too old to be of further use."

Ottawa, March 5.—That the salary attaching to the office of high commissioner for Canada will be raised when the supplementary estimates come down to \$30,000 per annum is believed here. The salary when Sir Charles Tupper was commissioner was \$18,000, and was continued at that figure during Lord Strathcona's term of office. The latter, however, never drew the salary, performing the services for the Dominion at his personal expense.

One reason given for the increase is that the cost of living for high commissioners has increased, and that whoever holds the office will need \$30,000 per annum. If the increase is made the high commissioner will then be the highest paid servant of the Dominion, the next in order being Mr. Guellet, general manager of the government railways, who is paid \$20,000 per annum.

COUGARS CLOSE ON DOGS AND CARRY ONE AWAY

Resident of North Vancouver Loses Valuable Animal After Fight Near House.

Vancouver, March 5.—On Tuesday night, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, E. McMillan, at his home in Dundarave, North Vancouver, was disturbed by the unusual sounds of a dog fight, and on going out he discovered his two valuable Alredale dogs in combat with two cougars within 15 feet of the house. Mr. McMillan immediately rushed into the house to procure his rifle and an electric torch, and when he opened the door he saw one of his dogs coming toward the house, and with the aid of his flashlight he saw one of the cougars making toward the bush with the other dog in his mouth. He followed a considerable distance with the hope of getting a shot at the beast, but lost sight of the trail.

Yesterday morning Mr. McMillan and a number of other huntsmen with hounds took up the search for the cougars, and after many hours of trailing the tracks of the bleeding dog carried by the cougar the huntsmen had to return unsuccessful.

EMIGRANTS CARRIED THEIR FUNDS IN SACK

Station Master at New York Effusively Thanked on Returning Local Wealth.

New York, March 5.—Expressions of gratitude in the form of kisses were showered on E. H. Egan, station master of the Pennsylvania railroad station here last night, by the twenty-seven women members of an emigrant band because he had been instrumental in restoring to them a flour sack which contained \$38,000 in gold and bills.

The party, en route from Montana to Portland, dined at the station and then started for the pier to board the steamship Olympic. In her haste the wife of the leader of the band, to whom her fellow-travelers had entrusted their money, left the bag in a waiting room, where it was found by a boy and turned over to Egan.

Its contents had hardly been counted when the emigrants rushed back in great excitement clamoring for their money. When they learned that every dollar of the \$38,000 was intact they made a rush for Egan to kiss him.

CARRANZA COMMISSION ENQUIRES INTO BENTON DEATH AND BAUCH DISAPPEARANCE

Policy of United States in Regard to Mexico Discussed in London; Terrazas Has One Day to Pay Large Ransom

El Paso, Tex., March 5.—Examination into the execution by General Villa of William S. Benton, the British subject, and into the disappearance of Gustav Bauch, an American, was begun at Juarez today by the Mexican commission appointed by General Carranza, chief of the constitutionalists, which arrived here last night.

The commission will endeavor to ascertain whether the arrest and conviction of Benton was made according to due form of law and justice. It is not expected that an examination will be made of Benton's body.

The commissioners were busy collecting the documents in the two cases and making a list of witnesses. An attempt will be made by the Mexican commissioners to learn whether Bauch was executed or whether he is still alive.

The British investigation commission still was awaiting instructions from Washington. Headquarters of the constitutionalist government were established today across the river at Juarez.

General Carranza and the members of his cabinet were expected to leave Nogales for Juarez some time today. The civil employees who arrived yesterday resumed their labors where they dropped them at Nogales, Sonora. General Carranza and his cabinet are not expected here for a week.

Luis Terrazas, Jr., who has been for many months a prisoner by the rebels at Chihuahua, pending negotiations for ransom, has until tomorrow to pay \$500,000 to General Francisco Villa under pain of death.

London, March 5.—The policy of the United States toward Mexico occupied a leading place in the editorial columns of the English newspapers again today.

The Evening Standard says: "A marked change is evident in the whole trend of American foreign policy. Instead of haughty isolation based on the strict letter of the Monroe Doctrine, the United States is now becoming anxious to stand well with the European powers. The government at Washington is apprehensive lest it become involved in intervention in Mexico. Japan might seize the occasion to carry her ambitious designs on the Philippines and Hawaii into effect, and believes that Europe, if so disposed could lay an embargo on Japan's ambition."

MARCH STORMS UPSET GREAT OPERA SINGERS

New York, March 5.—Four grand opera prima donnas are on the sick list as a result of the stormy entrance of March. Mme. Melba is ill at Springfield with laryngitis, and has cancelled all American engagements.

Mary Garden is similarly afflicted, but hopes to rejoin the Philadelphia-Chicago company on its western tour by the end of the week. Miss Destina and Mme. Malsman are suffering from ailments that have caused temporary cancellation of engagements.

WARNED EMIGRANTS NOT TO JOURNEY TO CANADA

Keir Hardie Learns What British Government Had Done on Unemployment Question.

London, March 5.—The unemployed in Canadian cities provoked questions in the House of Commons today from Keir Hardie, the Labor-Socialist leader. He asked the president of the board of trade whether his attention had been drawn to the fact that there are many unemployed in Canada and whether his department would follow the precedent set by the war office and use the press of this country to warn intending immigrants to be on their guard against attempts of emigration officials and shipping agents.

Mr. Robertson, parliamentary secretary of the board of trade, answering for his chief admitted that there was a great deal of unemployment in western Canada during the present winter. The board of trade in the Labor Gazette had drawn attention to this for months past and similar information had been circulated by the general body of the press in Great Britain, he said.

CHEERS GREETED HOME RULE BILL ONCE MORE

Concessions Proposed Are Kept Secret by Prime Minister Asquith.

London, March 5.—The home rule for Ireland bill introduced again into the House of Commons by Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland was given its first reading, amid prolonged cheers.

The government has succeeded in keeping secret the nature of the concessions to be offered by Premier Asquith on Monday, when the bill comes up for second reading. According to reports from quarters connected with the cabinet, however, Premier Asquith will simply propose that any Irish county may, by a plebiscite, vote itself out of the operation of the bill for a period of three years. It is generally regarded in parliamentary circles as certain that the Unionists will reject any concessions Premier Asquith is likely to offer.

JOBLESS MEN ORDERED TO MARCH BY POLICE

Oakland, Cal., March 5.—Armed with rifles and clubs, 200 policemen of the Oakland force and 20 from Berkeley, reinforced by 23 deputy sheriffs, marched on the two camps of the unemployed in Emeryville at 7:30 o'clock this morning to demand that the armies march on. The jobless men have shown opposition to the authorities by refusing to continue their march, and trouble is expected when the policemen reach the camps and repeat the order with a show of force.

There are 1,500 men in the Kelly and Thorne camps.

TOLLS EXEMPTION WRONG POLICY SAYS WILSON IN ASKING FOR ITS REPEAL

Measure Passed Under Taft Administration Is Contravention of Hay-Pauncefote Treaty Declares United States First Citizen to Joint Session at Washington

Washington, D. C., March 5.—President Wilson appealed to congress, assembled in joint session today to sustain the national honor of the United States in upholding treaty obligations, by repealing the Panama canal tolls exemption against which Great Britain protests. He asked congress to do so in support of the foreign policy of the administration, and added that an exemption for American ships, not only was a mistaken economic policy, but was in contravention of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Asks Congress to Do the Large Thing.

"I shall not know how to deal with other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence if you do not grant it to me in ungrudging measure," said the president. "The large thing to do is the only thing we can afford to do, a voluntary withdrawal from a position everywhere questioned and misunderstood. We ought to reverse our action without raising the question whether we were right or wrong, and so once more deserve our reputation for generosity by the redemption of every obligation without quibble or hesitation."

PRESIDENT WILSON

"Gentlemen of the congress, I have come to you on an errand which can be very briefly performed, but I believe that you measure its importance by the number of sentences in which I state it. No communication I have addressed to the congress carried with it graver or more far-reaching consequences to the interest of the country and I come now to speak on a matter with regard to which I am charged in a peculiar degree by the constitution itself with personal responsibility.

"I have come to ask for the repeal of that provision of the Panama Canal act of August 24, 1912, which exempts vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States from payment of tolls and to urge on you the justice, the wisdom and the large policy of such a repeal, with the utmost earnestness of which I am capable.

"In my judgment, fully considered and maturely formed that exemption constitutes a mistaken economic policy from every point of view and is, moreover, in plain contravention of the treaty with Great Britain concerning the canal, concluded on November 18, 1901. But I have not come to you to urge my personal views, I have come to state to you a fact and a situation.

"Whatever may be our own differences of opinion concerning this much-debated measure, its meaning is not debated outside the United States. Everywhere else language of the treaty is given, but one interpretation and that interpretation precludes the exemption I am asking you to repeal.

"We consented to the treaty; its language we accepted; if we did not originate it, and we are too big, too powerful, too self-respecting a nation to interpret with too strained or reined a reading the words of our own promises just because we have power enough to give us leave to read them as we please.

The house chamber and galleries were packed to hear the president read his address. The French and German ambassadors and other members of the diplomatic corps were in space reserved for them. No official of the British embassy was present.

President Wilson's message was so brief that he had finished reading almost before the surprised galleries realized he had begun. It took less than five minutes, and a burst of applause greeted its close. The president hurried out of the chamber and drove back to the White House.

The Panama tolls question has been a subject of dispute for nearly two years. Diplomatic correspondence between Great Britain and the United States found the question unsettled when President Taft left office. Except for an assurance to Viscount Bryce, then British ambassador, when he left the United States a year ago, that the question would be taken up in the regular session of congress, President Wilson never has directed any official communication to England on the tolls question. The president recently said he had never discussed the matter, formally or informally with the British ambassador here, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, because he believed the obligation on the part of the United States to repeal the exemption clause was one on which this government should resolve without outside influence or pressure.

Administration leaders in both house and senate have assured the president that with the delivery of a message by him, showing that international circumstances had arisen since the measure was last debated, the president's suggestion for repeal would be met with prompt action.

Speaker Clark, in ordering the president's message referred to the interstate commerce committee, said the ideas fitted his views exactly.

"The president's address pleases me," he said, "because it means honesty at home and justice abroad. It is not true that we are surrendering to Great Britain if we repeal the free tolls clause. Myself and other Democrats took a position against this piece of treachery before England over head of it."

SENATE HAS BILL TO AMEND CRIMINAL CODE

Would Prevent Publication of Pictures of Persons Accused and Convicted of Crimes.

Ottawa, March 5.—In the senate yesterday, in moving the second reading of a bill to amend the criminal code, Senator Choquette said the object of the bill was to prevent the newspapers publishing pictures of persons accused and convicted of crimes. In the United States there were newspapers which printed portraits of every criminal they could secure. He did not think this was a good thing for the public. Attention was called to the fact that the bill had not been distributed so the second reading was adjourned.

The following bills were given second reading: Respecting the C. P. R. company; to incorporate the National Council of Women of Canada; to incorporate the United Empire Life Insurance company of Canada.

Senator Belcourt's bill respecting the pollution of the navigable waters and a government bill extending construction time in the maritime section of the N. T. R. were put through the committee of the whole.

ADVISE MILLERS TO START OWN STEAMERS

Demand Made to Canadian Parliament is Thought Absurd in Liverpool.

London, March 5.—"The demand of Canadian millers for the establishment of a state owned line of steamers to prevent a rise in shipping freights is quite in accordance with the usual policy adopted by the people of the Dominion, whether they are manufacturers or agriculturists, whenever they have any fear that their special trading interests are affected," exclaims today the Liverpool Journal of Commerce, which proceeds to describe the demand as absurd. It suggests that the millers should establish the steamers themselves if they really think export profits are made in grain carrying.

CONDITION UNCHANGED

Toronto, March 5.—Physicians attending Sir George Ross announced today that there was no change in his condition. Their opinions as regards the hopelessness of his recovery remain unchanged.

Important Meeting of Ward 3 Liberals To-Night

at 8 o'clock, at Headquarters, Cormorant St.



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WAS PRECEDENT FOR DEPORTING LEADERS
 Relative of Botha Says South African Government Had Example to Follow

London, March 5.—Speaking to the members of the Atlantic Union of the British Empire club, R. C. Hawkins, brother-in-law of General Botha, referred to the deportation of the labor leaders from South Africa.
 The labor party, he pointed out, had urged the deportation of Indians. The government of South Africa, founded on the Roman Dutch law, was determined to remain supreme, and he reminded them that six months ago the strikers had secured almost complete control of Johannesburg for a short time.
 He declared the object of the new strike was to upset the railway board created by the constitution, and the leaders became guilty of sedition, as defined by the Imperial government in laws imposed on the Transvaal and as yet unrepented.
 Proceeding, Mr. Hawkins said deportation raised very serious questions, but had been upheld by the privy council, and during the recent troubles in India deportation was the method adopted. Lord Morley had admitted in the House of Lords that the Bengalis were being summarily deported, without trial and without charge. It would, therefore, be seen that the law authorizing martial law was made in England. The regulations under martial law were enforced by a decision of the judicial committee, and the sentences of deportation were on the lines adopted by the present government a few years ago, except that the South African leaders were not imprisoned, but only sent home.

ARMORED AUTOMOBILES FOR MEXICO FEDERALS
 Five Hundred Italian Chassis to Be Covered With Plates Made in Republic

Mexico City, March 5.—The Mexican war department will buy from Italian makers 500 automobiles for use by federal forces in patrolling and protecting railway lines. The military authorities declare that the autos will be more efficient than trains for the patrol work for many reasons.
 Only the chassis of the autos will be bought abroad, as the rest of the fittings for the machines will be obtained in this country. The autos will be armored and the plates will be manufactured in Aguascalientes by Mexican workmen. Each will be fitted out with one or probably two machine guns. The machines cannot be so readily attacked as trains and they can be used also to run down small bands trying to damage the railway. The military men say that the autos have many other obvious advantages.
 The new machines probably will have solid tires, to obviate the loss of time and utility which ensues from punctures and to bear up better the weight of the heavy armor plates, which will be proof against all missiles except cannon projectiles. Experiments already have been made with autos of this type manufactured in Aguascalientes, and the military authorities say that nothing could be made in any other country which could be more satisfactory.
 General Miguel Ruelas, new governor of Aguascalientes, has found a way of giving employment to the laborers of the National railway shops in the city of Aguascalientes, who remain idle two days of the week, owing to the fact that the railway company only employs them four days. The laborers will be employed by the government these two days that they are idle manufacturing artillery shells for the federal army. The laborers will receive for this work the same wages that they are receiving from the railway company. The machinery necessary for manufacturing shells will be shipped from this capital to Aguascalientes.
 Several officers and laborers of the shells factory in this city will teach the laborers there and install the machinery. General Ruelas believes that in giving employment to the idle laborers he will settle the labor problem in Aguascalientes. General Ruelas has just returned to Aguascalientes after remaining several days in this capital, conferring with President Huerta and Minister of War Blanquet.

NO DISSOLUTION IS VIEW OF CHRONICLE
 Ulster on Political Stage Too Long Says Citizen; Irish Counties Exclusion

London, March 5.—The Daily Chronicle, which enjoys, in a large measure, the confidence of the Liberal government, says that despite assertions to the contrary, the government has no intention of dissolving parliament during the present year, and that the ministers will finish out their five-year term.
 Tremendous interest is taken in Premier Asquith's promised statement for Monday on the Irish home rule bill. Scots in the house already are being held at a premium. All factions believe the premier will offer the Ulster counties temporary exclusion from the act.
 Among the continued speculative orgy as to what is going to happen, one outstanding feature is the manner in which the Labor organ, the Daily Citizen, handled the question editorially. "We are hearing more than enough about Ulster," says the Citizen. "Home Rule has held the political stage too long. The people are weary of seeing the solution of grave social and political problems blocked by this eternal controversy."
 The Citizen declares that there should be no concession to the Irish, high or low, which are striving to force another general election on the home rule issue, yet its news columns simultaneously give a revival of the story that the lords intend to reject the annual army bill, thus making the army illegal and forcing the government to the country in order to obtain the necessary authority to continue to maintain the army.
 "This last desperate move in the campaign is intended not merely to wreck home rule, but also nullify the parliament act and resurrect the house of lords as a dominant political force," says the Citizen.
 A. P. Nicholson, of the Daily News, in his political notes this morning, says the cabinet decided yesterday what should be the home rule compromise to put before the Unionist party on Monday. Briefly, the prime minister's suggestion would be that any county in Ireland which makes the demand after the passage of the Home Rule act, but before the Irish parliament is summoned, shall have the right to take a vote of the electorate within the county. If the majority favors exclusion from the act, that county shall be excluded for a term of years, probably three.

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WHITE WOMEN PLEAD FOR RELEASE OF NEGRO

Judge Willis, Who Gave Youth 30-Year Sentence Yesterday, Hears Many Protests.
 Los Angeles, March 4.—Protests, threats of recall and denunciations have poured in upon Judge Willis of the criminal department of the superior court, in consequence of his action Tuesday in sentencing to thirty years' imprisonment Charles Guyon, a youthful negro, who was convicted of highway robbery although his only loot was a white girl's kiss.
 Headlines in the Los Angeles papers, such as "kissing landit gets thirty years," "thirty years for a kiss," started the trouble for the judge. Denunciations of white women visited him to-day to demand that some action be taken to save Guyon from punishment for a mere kiss.
 Telephone messages informed him that petitions were being prepared for his recall. Others called in person and by telephone to say that steps would be taken to procure a pardon from Governor Johnson.
 Judge Willis explained that the negro had been convicted of highway robbery. He had taken a dime from the white girl, although he gave it back after he had kissed her, and he had subjected six other young white women to similar treatment, besides originally attacking two negro girls. It was explained. Some of the court's visitors who appeared, but others still were unsatisfied, and went to the district attorney to learn what procedure was necessary to impeach the judge or obtain his removal from office.

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 If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.
 Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots fashish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.
 If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of "Knoutin" Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.
 We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knoutin's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

UNEMPLOYED PLAN TO MARCH TO WASHINGTON

"General" Kelly in Command of 1,500 Camped Now at Emeryville, California.
 Oakland, Cal., March 5.—Fifteen hundred members of the band of unemployed, which crossed the bay from San Francisco yesterday and were marched through the city into Emeryville by the police, are now camped on vacant lots, collected a food supply before beginning a march to Sacramento, and thence to Washington, D. C.
 The men have broken into two factions, a portion of the band having seceded from the command of "General" C. T. Kelly.
 The seceding section, mostly I. W. W. members, say they will remain in Emeryville until furnished food. Kelly's detachment expects to begin its journey in two days. Kelly announced to-day that the deserters could come back into his army if they would desert W. A. Thorne, the I. W. W. leader.
 A committee of three from unemployed camps demanded an audience with members of the city council at the city hall to-day. Their request was refused, and they were told the matter of dealing with the factions was in the hands of the chief of police.

SELL PAINTINGS OF FRANCIS D. MILLETT

New York, March 5.—Paintings, drawings and studies left by Francis David Millet, American artist and trustee of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who died in the Titanic disaster, are to be sold at auction on Friday night. There are ninety-three numbers in the catalogue.
 Of special interest is "Portrait of A Dutchman," because it is the last portrait that Mr. Millet painted, having been done in Washington in 1911.

NORTH CHINA EGGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco, March 5.—Information has reached the chamber of commerce that plans are on foot for the importation here of eggs and butter from Northern China and butter from Siberia. The Northern China eggs are said to be superior to those produced in the southern part of the country against which protests have been made.
 It is proposed to place a refrigerator service between this port and Tientsin to carry the eggs, Siberian butter and frozen meat from the Shantung and Honan provinces of China.
JOHN B. MOORE RESIGNS.
 Washington, D. C., March 4.—John Bassett Moore, counselor of the state department, who ranks as acting secretary, has resigned and his resignation has been accepted by President Wilson.
 For the present Mr. Moore will continue his work here for the Carnegie Institute and later will resume his connection with Columbia University. No announcement as to his probable successor was made to-day.

Whether You Buy It In Bulk—By the Bottle—Or By the Case
 —you get the best when you order
 "H. B." RYE
 Prices by the bulk are:
 "H. B." OLD RYE, very special value. Per gal.....\$3.50
 Canadian Old Rye, per gal.....\$3.00
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 Is one that is economical, clean and efficient.
We Have the Range
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 Low initial cost, low fuel bills, free connection.
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The Grammar of Design	Miss L. M. Mills	Thursday	" "
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 Committee—Dr. Hasell, Miss J. Crease, Mr. J. J. Shallock (hon. treas.)
 TERMS (in advance)—\$3.00 per quarter, one lesson a week; \$1.00 per single lesson. Students taking more than one subject, \$5.00 per quarter for each subject.
 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO THE INSTRUCTORS.

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 Many of the biggest coal consumers in the city will have nothing but JINGLE POT Coal—and every housewife who has tried it knows its value. It costs no more than many inferior grades; \$7.50 per ton.
SERVICE IN J. E. Painter & Sons
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 Full weight, prompt delivery and good fuel—these essentials are assured to every Painter patron. Let us show how we have made and kept hundreds of satisfied customers.
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 Easter Term begins Wednesday, Jan. 7, 1914.
 Fifteen Acres of Playing Fields.
 Accommodation for 150 Boarders.
 Organized Cadet Corps.
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 Football and Cricket.
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 Recent Successes at McGill and R.M.C.
 For Prospectus apply to the WARDEN:
 R. V. Harvey, M.A. (Cambridge).
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\$20 MADAM
 Your Easter Suit made-to-order and absolutely guaranteed to fit without a flaw. Get better satisfaction—come here.
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Germany's Leading Piano at a Bargain

The Bechstein Grand

In as good condition as the day it left the factory.

Price Only **\$875**

On Short Terms

Superb mahogany case; very beautiful tone.

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References: Bradstreet's, Canadian Press Association, Merchants Bank of Canada.

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PENSIONS FOR AGED PERSONS IN CANADA

NOT TO BE ADVANCED BY GOVERNMENT NOW

Motion by Member for Richmond Receives Considerable Support but Not Favored by Finance Minister; Questions on N. T. R. Asked

Ottawa, March 5.—That public opinion in Canada is not yet ready for the introduction of a system of old-age pensions was the declaration made in the house by Hon. W. T. White yesterday following a debate on a resolution introduced by George Kyte, of Richmond, N. S., advocating the establishment of a federal old-age pension system.

Mr. White said that while his disposition was to favor any proposal which would result in the amelioration of the conditions of the old and indigent, he was not satisfied that the force of opinion back of the proposal was sufficient to warrant government action at the present time.

He thought that the resources of the Dominion would be required for some time to come in providing transportation facilities and for the completion of other national undertakings.

The motion of Mr. Kyte received the support of Mr. Burnham, chairman of the committee on old-age pensions; Mr. Carroll, Cape Breton; Mr. Macdonald, Pictou, and Hon. Mr. Graham. They all quoted from the evidence given before the committee, and were unanimous in expressing the view that the time is at hand when some system of federal aid to the aged should be entered upon by the federal government.

In speaking Mr. Kyte said that if every man who had done his duty to the state and his family was assured of a competence in old age, his independence, health and general happiness would be contributed to. It had been estimated, he said, that a sum of \$7,250,000 would be quite sufficient to provide old-age pensions for Canada at the present time. As over \$7,000,000 is now being spent per annum to provide for the deserving poor, this could to a large extent be saved. Large sums are also being spent by provincial governments, banks and railways to pension old employees, and the necessity for this would be to a considerable degree done away with. The establishment of such a system was well worth the attention of the government at the present time.

The minister of militia stated in reply to Mr. Oliver that the site for the erection of a drill hall at Kamloops had been changed and that plans were now being prepared by the public works department.

When the house opened, Hon. Mr. Emmerson put a number of questions as to the engagement of Mr. F. P. Gutelius as investigating commissioner of the N.T.R.

Hon. Mr. Reid, the acting minister of railways, informed Mr. Emmerson that Mr. Gutelius was appointed commissioner to investigate the construction of the road on January 7, 1912. He entered on his duties February 1 of that year at a salary of \$65 a day. He signed the report on February 6, 1914.

and he was paid as commissioner up to May 1, 1912, the date at which he became general manager of the Intercolonial railway. At the time he was appointed as commissioner he was in the employ of the C.P.R. as general superintendent. The department had no information as to his salary in that position.

When Mr. Gutelius signed the report on the N.T.R. he was not drawing a salary as commissioner, but was general manager of Canadian government railways at a salary of \$20,000 per annum. The term of his engagement was for two years. The department had no information as to when he came to Canada or as to his employment previous to becoming general superintendent of the C.P.R. He was naturalized as a British subject February 12, 1912. Mr. Gutelius signed the report of the N.T.R. at Ottawa after being in the capital continuously for a week.

Mr. Graham inquired whether the N.T.R. commissioners had entered into an agreement to retain 10 per cent from the money earned by O'Brien, Fowler & McDougall on contracts 16 and 17 on the N.T.R. and to pay the same to P. & J. T. Davis. "No," replied Dr. Reid. "But the commissioners ratified an assignment from M. P. & J. T. Davis to O'Brien, Fowler & McDougall, and the consideration of the assignment was 10 per cent."

The minister further stated that the 19 per cent retained by the commissioners was the regular drawback under the contract, and was released to O'Brien, Fowler & McDougall. "The latter," added Dr. Reid, "it would appear, according to the report of the investigating commissioners, paid M. P. & J. T. Davis the 10 per cent consideration mentioned in the transfer."

Mr. Graham asked whether Messrs. Lynch-Stanton and Gutelius were sworn to faithfully and impartially perform their duties.

Dr. Reid answered that they were appointed by order-in-council in the usual way and did not require to be sworn.

Dr. Reid further told Mr. Graham that the witnesses called before the commissioners were sworn, and some who appeared before them were represented by counsel. The sessions of the commission were not open to the public. In most instances where evidence was taken the sessions were along the line of railway.

Hon. Frank Oliver was told by the minister of the interior that the government had not made any disposition of the area covered by Whitewater lake, in Western-Manitoba.

The minister of militia stated in reply to Mr. Oliver that the site for the erection of a drill hall at Kamloops had been changed and that plans were now being prepared by the public works department.

BILL SULZER WAS ONLY ONE BEFORE THE HOUSE

Former Governor of New York State Attacks Tammany Organization Loudly.

Albany, N. Y., March 5.—A display of rhetorical fireworks by Assemblyman William Sulzer was a feature of yesterday's session of the state legislature. Sulzer made a bitter attack on the political machine which controlled both houses of the legislature when he was governor. He denounced the whole range of legislation passed at the extraordinary session.

"The state primary bill," he shouted, "resembled a real direct primary bill about as much as a jackrabbit resembles a jackass. I denounce it here as a farce and a fraud. Mr. Murphy would not permit his marionettes to pass a genuine bill because he knew it would put him out of business. This mighty hue and cry about the reorganization of the Democratic party is farcical."

"Mr. Speaker," interjected an assemblyman, "I arise to ask what bill is before the house?" "Bill Sulzer," shouted the former governor, "and he will proceed to say that unless his own or similar amendments are adopted to the primary law the same old bosses will control everything at the next election or before."

KASLO BUYS PLANT.

Nelson, B. C., March 5.—Voting on the Municipal by-law to-day to decide if the city of Kaslo would purchase the lighting plant of the Kootenay Electric company, resulted in the voters of Kaslo endorsing the purchase. Only eleven votes were recorded against the purchase.

PAUL D'HEIRY DEAD.

Valdez, Alaska, March 4.—Paul D'Heiry, former editor of the Valdez Prospector, attorney-general of the territory of Washington, Nome editor in the early days, and at the time of his death United States commissioner at Chitna, died suddenly yesterday at Chitna from heart disease.

BOOK ON STRATHCONA'S LIFE.

London, March 5.—W. T. R. Erskine, the well-known official of the Dominion Trade and Commerce department, who now resides here, is preparing the "Life of Lord Strathcona," based on the author's records. The work will be ready for publication shortly.

PROFESSOR MORDEN IN HOSPITAL FROM BURNS

Winnipeg, March 5.—Professor G. W. Morden, professor of chemistry in the Manitoba agricultural college, and L. R. D. Blythe, a plumber, were severely injured in an explosion at the college Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Blythe is in the hospital with severe burns about the head, but will recover. Professor Morden has one side of his face scorched, and is suffering considerably from shock.

The gas becoming low, Professor Morden and the plumber went into the tunnel. A man named Troop was carrying a light, and it is believed the explosion was caused by the gas coming into contact with the flame. There was a loud roar, and flames shot out twenty feet. Mr. Troop escaped without injury.

MAYOR GILL'S MAJORITY.

Seattle, March 4.—Hiram C. Gill was elected mayor of Seattle by 14,329 majority, receiving 37,034 votes, while James D. Trenholme got 22,705.

LAXATIVE FOR OLD PEOPLE—"CASCARETS"

Salts, Calomel, Pills, Act on Bowels Like Pepper Acts in Nostrils

Get a 10-cent box now. Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural, as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles.

So all old people need Cascarets. One might as well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not a time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a lash can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets. And they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd. The Fashion Centre 1008-1010 Gov't St.

Special Mention of Suits and Dresses at Popular Prices

The demand for popular priced garments this Spring is very great. Anticipating this we bought accordingly and to-day our exhibit is without a parallel. You must not for a moment think, however, that we have neglected our customary showing of the most elaborate models; on the contrary we have excelled ourselves in this direction.

SUITS AT \$15.00—Well tailored navy blue serge and cloths, all satin-lined.

SUITS AT \$18.00—One of which is a stunning model in black and white check lined with grey satin and trimmed with black satin revers. Skirt in the peg-top style and short cutaway coat.

SUITS AT \$22.50—One in particular, a very neat model in fine diagonal cord with black stripe, Dresden silk collar. Coat lined in pearl satin. Peg-top skirt and short cutaway coat.

SUITS AT \$25.00—A wonderful range of suits at this price. One is of a tan brocaded wool cloth (other colors, too). Skirt just slightly draped. Coat short and cutaway and satin-lined. Built on the very newest lines.

Dresses at a Special Price Range of \$10.75 to \$25

AT \$18.00—A very smart model in Saharah Tan Eolijene; peg-top skirt. Trimmings of dark brown moire silk.

AT \$20.—Charming little dress of Copenhagen blue Crepe de Chine, with touches of cerise. Wonderful value at \$20.00.

AT \$22.50—Clever and exclusive dress of perrywinkle blue Chiffon Taffeta in the plaited basque effect. Trimmed with Dresden silk and Paris lace.

Also in this price range are Dresses in every conceivable shade for street wear.



Further new arrivals of Novelty Coats, Sports Coats and Plain-Tailored Coats. Very special values.

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Mothers should make a special effort to see our excellent showing of Coats for children of 2 to 14 years.

Surprising Values in Furniture and Carpets

Are now being shown by us. Goods that are reliable, durable, and handsome in design at prices that will stand the test of comparison. We have just placed in stock new lines of Dressers and Stands, Chiffonieres, Velvet and Tapestry Carpet Squares and Rugs. These are all marked at bargain prices. Before buying a dollars' worth of Furniture elsewhere be sure to inspect our stock. We invite comparison as to quality and price. You can save money by buying from us. Our guarantee "Goods as represented or money refunded." Free city delivery. We give a spot cash discount of ten per cent from regular prices.

<p>Carpet Cleaning</p> <p>Our Electric Carpet Cleaner is a wonder. Have you tried it? If you have not, let us show you the advantage over other methods. Call and see why it is best.</p> <p>PRICES</p> <p>Cleaning, per yard.....5¢ Re-laying, per yard.....5¢</p>	<p>Furniture and Mattress Repairing</p> <p>We can make your old furniture look like new again at very reasonable prices. Chairs and Couches re-upholstered and upholstery made to order. Get our prices.</p>	<p>Window Blinds and Awnings</p> <p>See us for these goods. Estimates cheerfully given. Our prices are right and we guarantee our work to be first-class in every respect. Now is the time if you intend having awnings. We make them for the home, store or office.</p>
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UNEMPLOYED DISTURB SERVICE IN CHURCH

Men Led by I. W. W. Do Not Heed Warning and Are Arrested by Police.

New York, March 5.—Several hundred men who, under leadership of the I.W.W., have been marching to church edifices recently, were arrested last night in St. Alphonsus Roman Catholic church on West Broadway after they had disregarded warnings that if they entered the church it would be under peril of arrest. As the men neared the church, detectives informed Frank Tannebaum, who has headed demonstrations during the last few days, that if the men entered the building they would do so at their peril. Tannebaum, instead of heeding the advice, called on the men to follow him.

A Lent service was in progress. Women screamed when they saw the intruders. When the last of the men had entered detectives ordered the doors locked.

Meanwhile police reserves had been called and patrol wagons rushed to the scene. When the policemen entered pandemonium ensued. For half an hour there was wildest disorder, due in a measure to the efforts of the police to separate the intruders from the worshippers. The Rev. J. C. Schneider and several other priests who tried to pacify the men by talking found their good intentions useless. The men were taken from the church in twos and conveyed in patrol wagons to the domestic relations court for preliminary hearing.

GOOD SHOOTING REPORTED.

London, March 5.—News has reached England of remarkable scoring made by the battle cruiser, Australian, flagship of the Royal Australian navy, with one pair of 12 in. guns she made eight successive hits in less than three minutes. Her general average for main armaments was very high.

FAMILY FEUD ENDS IN SEVEN YEARS' SENTENCE

Ste. Scholastique, Que., Jan. 5.—Yesterday Judge Robidoux sentenced Leonard McGibbon to seven years in the penitentiary for the manslaughter of his cousin John McGibbon, last autumn. The crime was the outcome of a family feud of twenty years duration. The case will be taken to the court of the king's bench.

IS RE-ELECTED GRAND MASTER FREE MASONS

London, March 5.—H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught last night was re-elected grand master of the United Grand Lodge of English Free Masons. The lord mayor of London, who proposed the motion, paid a handsome tribute to his royal highness for the interest he had always taken in Masonry and for his distinguished services to the army and the empire.



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LACK OF WORK AND HIGH COST OF LIVING.

That commission on the high cost of living, what has become of it? It is not sitting in the east, having taken the evidence of all who are interested in maintaining the high prices of the necessities of life there.

In the meantime the government at Ottawa has found out for itself why the cost of living is high, and has told us all about it and how the situation may be overcome.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

Great Britain has adopted a measure that is depopulating poor houses and work houses. Now the aged and infirm, after having served their day and generation, are enabled to pass what remains of their life in comfort and in comparative independence.

Hon. W. T. White, one of the favored young millionaires of Canada, who had the good fortune to be nominated for the post of finance minister in the Borden government by a coterie of his fellow capitalists, deprecates the suggestion that the time has come for Canada to consider the question of old age pensions.

average age of the population being so much lower, and doubtless a long time must pass before there can be any comparison owing to the conditions in this young and growing country.

RETIREMENT OF MR. MONK.

The retirement from public life of the Hon. F. D. Monk calls to mind the peculiar fortunes of the Quebec wing of the Conservative party in the last few years and their influence upon Mr. Borden's policy.

Some five or six years ago Mr. Monk enrolled himself under the banner of that brilliant political Adulamer, Henri Bourassa, the grandson of the fiery Papineau, whose predisposition towards a narrow nationalism had been inflamed by Canada's participation in the South African war.

The country beheld, instead, the extraordinary spectacle of the entire Tory party of Canada being taken into camp by the Nationalists, whose younger spirits boasted of the fact on the hustings and in the very corridors of Parliament Hill.

NO ELECTION LIKELY.

The reports cabled from Britain projecting an early general election undoubtedly come from Unionist sources, where the wish is father to the thought.

There are many points in common between Mr. Monk and his leader. Both are temperamentally ill-adapted for the parts they have been adapted to play.

they believed possessed both—Mr. Borden by Rogers and Mr. Monk by Bourassa. Of the two, Monk unquestionably is the stronger character.

THE MILITANTS.

The militants have become a pitiable spectacle. Deserted by the leaders who tempted them into wrong-headed ways, and who now shrink back from the tempest they have raised, they are fast sinking to the level of the viragos of the French revolution.

Dr. McGuire is no Daniel. He dares not to stand alone. He voted against a government measure yesterday, but only when surrounded by a company that almost constituted a majority.

Dr. McGuire is no Daniel. He dares not to stand alone. He voted against a government measure yesterday, but only when surrounded by a company that almost constituted a majority.

SENTIMENT AND ADVERTISING MIGHT MAKE FIRST SALES, BUT ONLY QUALITY CAN PRODUCE REPEAT ORDERS.

JINGLE POT GOAL
is being sold every day, because the QUALITY is there. The price is \$7.50 Per Ton

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1212 Broad Street. Esquimalt Road. Phone 212 and 139

A Magnificent Exposition of New Spring Millinery and Feminine Apparel
A Most Brilliant and Captivating Display of Millinery

MILLINERY OPENINGS have come and gone, but none has ever equalled this Spring's brilliant and beautiful display of Hats. Picturesque trimmings and striking colors are used in such charming and harmonious combinations.

Very Smart Are the New Novelty Skirts
THE Separate Skirt will be much in evidence this season and we are well prepared with an unusually large and well assorted stock.

Opening the Spring Glove Season With an Unusual Sale of 1000 Pairs Specially Priced for Friday

Attractive New Styles in Ladies' Waists
ATTRACTIVE—the word is scarcely strong enough to give expression to such an assortment of charming styles in Ladies' Transparent and Silk Waists.

Showing New Spring Suits for Men and Boys
THE SPRING SUITS for men are very smart, especially so is this with the new shades and patterns.

Beautiful Hand-Made French Lingerie
BEAUTIFULLY made in attractive styles and from the best quality of materials.

Watson's Spring Underwear for Women
THE New Garments for Spring and Summer wear have arrived in readiness for those who are preparing their new outfits for the new season.

Heaton's Orchestra
Will play in the new Millinery Salon on Friday and Saturday afternoons from 2.30 to 5 o'clock.

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED
A Magnificent Exposition of New Spring Millinery and Feminine Apparel
A Most Brilliant and Captivating Display of Millinery
MILLINERY OPENINGS have come and gone, but none has ever equalled this Spring's brilliant and beautiful display of Hats. Picturesque trimmings and striking colors are used in such charming and harmonious combinations.

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Try REX-OIL Shoe Polish. It shines, waterproofs and preserves the shoes, and an application is good for a week. Easily, quickly applied, without any rubbing. Rain won't spoil a REX-OIL shine. 25c and 35c at



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Paints, \$2 Per Gal. Stains, \$1 Per Gal.

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Hanna & Thomson, 227 Pandora avenue. Phone 496. Fine Funeral Furnishings. Lady attendant. Auto Hearse in connection. Calls promptly answered day or night. Frank L. Thomson, funeral director and licensed embalmer.

S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty phone Inspector Russell, 1231; Secretary, L1733.

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The Lawn Mower Shop, 610 Pandora Street.

Economy Wet Wash Laundry—Family wash, 75c a week. Clothes returned on the following day, thoroughly washed. Phone 3339, 2612 Bridge street.

The Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant.

Wall Paper, 10c Per Roll—Estimates furnished on Decorating and House-Painting. H. Harkness & Son, 312 Pandora avenue.

For Fire, marine, automobile, liability, sickness and accident, plate glass, elevator and employers' liability, consult Gillespie, Hart & Todd, general agents for British Columbia. All claims settled and paid by our office.

A New Method for Extraction of Teeth absolutely without pain. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Wanted to Purchase—Good agreements for sale at reasonable rates. Colonial Trust Company, Limited. Merchants Bank building.

Printing Delivered When Promised.—Rubber Stamps and Seals made every day. Sweeney & McConnell, Printers and Stationers, 1010 Langley. Phone 190.

Silent Salesman Show Cases.—Show Cases, \$12.00 per foot and upwards. Victoria Show Case Co., Factory 2207 Government street, corner Princess and Government streets.

The James Bay Hotel, 250 Government street. Special rates for winter residents. Phone 3364.

If You Want a Truck or Express Wagon, phone 692. Cameron & Caldwell. Phone 692, 820 Johnson.

SANDS Funeral Furnishing Co., Limited, Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers. You will find our charges reasonable. Prompt and courteous service, day or night. Phone 2308. Lady in attendance, 1515 Quadra street.

Dental Work With a Guarantee.—Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

For Keys that fit go to Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant street.

Northern Hotel, corner Yates and Government. Modern rooms, \$2 per week and up. Cafe in connection.

Many Men Who Earn good wages during the summer find it difficult to obtain work in the cities during the winter. We would recommend them to take up a ten-acre block in the Parksville or Qualicum districts while land is cheap. They can improve their holdings instead of remaining idle, save the high cost of city rents and be owners of property rapidly rising in value. The price of the land is only \$40 per acre down cash and balance at 7% spread over five years, or they can be leased at \$250 per acre per annum for five years with the option of purchase at any time during that period. Vancouver Island Fruit Lands Ltd., general agents Carmichael & Moorhead, Ltd., 608 Belmont House. Phone 1914.

For insurance on your household goods, piano or clothing get a policy from the Svea Insurance Company, of Gothenburg, Sweden. German-Canadian Trust Company, Ltd., general agents and adjusters.

Notice to Farmers.—Green & Burdick Bros., Ltd., have several sums of money to loan on farm lands. They also write all kinds of insurance.

The Umbrella Shop, 610 Pandora St.

Baby Buggy Tyres put on at stay at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant.

Carter's Tasted Vegetable and Flower Seeds, 10c Pkg., at R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

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Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Why of Course you find every convenience and attention at The Kaiserhof rooms. The price will surely suit your purse.

"Synrna, the Martyr Age of the Church, or the Days Between Nero and Diocletian." This will be Mr. McCleure's subject to-night in Victoria hall, 1415 Blanchard street. Next subject taken up will be "The Marriage of the Church and the World, or the Days of Constantine." For those who love to see the accuracy of the Word of God revealed in its predictions of future events, these addresses are helpful. Meetings 7.45. Come.

"Children of the Feud."—Two families are engaged in a bitter feud in which the children as well as the parents share the hatred. The son of one family falls in love with the daughter of the other and marries her. Two sons engage in a desperate combat and one dies. Over their dead bodies the two old fathers clasp hands for forgiveness and renounce their bitter warfare. With the beautiful mountain of North Carolina for a background and the enchanting atmosphere of the mountain life, this intense and thrilling dream of the big outdoors, will hold you spell-bound when you see it at the Majestic to-day under the name of "The Children of the Feud."

Princess at Public Schools.—A striking tribute to the public schools system has just been made by Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, who announces that she will send H. R. H. Princess Juliana, heir to the crown, to a public school to acquire her education with the children of the people. This is the result of a deliberate search for the best educational system. Her little royal highness will be five years old next month.

Spoon Shoot.—Wednesday night's spoon shoot on the Civilian Miniature rifle range, resulted in R. S. Greig winning by a score of 99 points. The scores at 25 yards: R. S. Greig, 99; G. Grassby, 98; H. Burton, 97; P. A. MacDonald, 97; M. Lohbrunner, 97; A. E. Ashe, 96; E. H. Beane, 96; C. A. Blomfield, 95; J. G. Macdonald, 94; W. J. Tanner, 93; C. F. Hutchinson, 92; G. T. Ferrabee, 92; W. D. Brayshaw, 91; E. Harding, 91; E. Rutan, 89; G. W. Harper, 82.

New Members Added.—The Lady Douglas chapter, I. O. O. E., met yesterday afternoon in the King's Daughters' rest room, the regent, Mrs. McMicking, presiding over a large attendance of members. Several new members were admitted to the chapter, and after the regular business had been transacted an interesting reading was given from the life of Sir James Douglas. The chapter has arranged to commemorate the landing of Sir James Douglas in Victoria by a tea held on March 14.

Burial Accommodation.—The intimation that the B. C. Mausoleum and Crematorium, Limited, is to locate on the Main Saanich road has more than a local significance to the district. It is realized that if an institution of this character is established in the environs of the city it must inevitably result in some rearrangement of the policy which the city is at present negotiating with regard to the provision of a new cemetery. As Ross Bay cemetery will be full in about fourteen or fifteen months, and it takes about three months to prepare for interments the city council has no time to lose with regard to obtaining land for burial purposes. A committee is already working on the matter.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, March 5, 1889.

Mr. Joshua Holland, contractor for the construction of the new St. Andrews' church, commenced work this morning. The foundation stone will be laid by the Hon. John Robson on Thursday. Many clergy will be present on this occasion.

The beautiful residential property of Mr. W. J. Gospel on Simcoe street was sold yesterday by the owner to Mr. A. C. Flumerfelt.

The pioneer boatbuilder of Victoria, John La Chappelle, died at Forest Grove, Oregon, on Friday last. The deceased was engaged in boat building at the old boathouse near James Bay bridge until 1874, when he moved to Portland.

The following left on the Islander this morning to attend the board of trade banquet at Vancouver: Hon. Justice Gray, Mayor Grant, Robert Ward, Major Peters, Hon. John Robson, Hon. F. G. Vernon, Colonel Baker, Theodore Davis, Capt. Palmer, Capt. W. R. Clarke and Alderman Harris.

The residence of Mrs. Cummings, Second street, West estate, was the scene of a pleasant event last evening when Mr. Charles Inkman, of Agassiz, was married to Miss Mary Probert of this city.

Lighting-up Time.—Lighting-up time for all horse-driven vehicles and bicycles is at 4.45. Running lights are required on all automobiles between the hours of dusk and dawn.

Conferred With Vancouver Consul.—A. E. Smith, the American consul in Victoria, was in Vancouver Tuesday conferring with Robert E. Mansfield, who assumed his new duties last week as consul-general at Vancouver.

Clearing Up Old Reserves.—The fire department has completed its work of destroying the buildings on the Indian reserve which can be undertaken at the present time. There are some buildings remaining, but they are so placed that they will be required to be pulled down rather than burnt. There is no intention of doing anything to the walls of the old marine hospital, which will be left standing until the reserve is improved.

Social at Y. M. C. A.—A social was held at the Y. M. C. A. on Tuesday evening when the members of the business men's class "A" invited their wives to a drill display. After forty-three of the men had exhibited their prowess in the gymnasium, an excellent dinner was served, followed by a very enjoyable musical programme and contributed by Miss E. Foreman and Messrs. George Fraser and E. Westcott.

Accomplish Much.—At the monthly meeting of the King's Daughters yesterday in the rest room, Courtney street a good report of the work done by the society was presented. It was stated that between sixty and seventy girls come in for luncheon and recreation during the noonday hour. Plans were discussed for the draft show, which is to take place on April 16 in the Alexandra ballroom, for which contributions of flowers and refreshments are desired. During February gifts and donations were received from Mrs. Brumpton, Lt.-Col. Hall, Mrs. Lort, Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Co., and the Local Council of Women.

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT. Many people could save money and accumulate a modest competence by merely putting aside the money they waste because it does not seem worth while investing it. For instance, 25 cents a day represents over \$90 a year, but most men will not bother to accumulate that sum annually because it does not promise a good enough return from investment. As a matter of fact, it represents a capital sum of considerable magnitude, a sum, moreover, which increases in value from year to year, and is always available for use upon specially advantageous terms. As an instance, to a man aged thirty, less than this sum represents an immediate capitalized value of \$1,500, which becomes his own property absolutely at the age of fifty. In the meantime, should he die, the sum of \$2,500 is payable to his family, or to anyone he may appoint to receive it. Also during these twenty years, he can borrow money at the most advantageous terms upon the sums he has invested in this way, so that during the twenty years in question, his savings are earning him money, and he is providing for his own wants in the future, and for the welfare of those dependent upon him.

This is only one example of a large number of attractive ways of investing small amounts and does not include the very important element of profits which will materially add to its value. Those who wish to know more about this way of saving and investing money should write or call on Helsterman, Forman & Co., 1210 Broad Street, general agents for the Canada Life, the oldest Canadian Life office, whose funds amount to \$52,000,000. This company is deservedly popular on account of its wide reputation for financial strength and its liberal treatment of policy holders.

Wagner's caution over the copyright of "Parafal," played, after 30 years, for the first time in England, is in direct contrast to Gounod's neglect to safeguard "Faust" from piracy. When that opera was first produced in Paris it was but a half success. Mr. Gye, of Covent Garden, too, pronounced it "not bad," and qualified the criticism only with a good word for the Soldiers' Chorus. Then Gounod lost the English rights by failing to observe a slight rule of the International Copyright Treaty, and "Parafal" came with a freeman's advent to the Canterbury music hall. There it was played for so long that when Colonel Mapleson produced it at Her Majesty's as a novelty, South London was whistling the tunes which were all unknown to the operagoer of the West End.

Make Inspection.—As a result of the visit of Insp. Inspector Howe and Dr. White, provincial inspector, to the dairies run by Hindus in the Saanich peninsula yesterday, a number of improvements will be made in the next three weeks. The greatest shortcomings were found in the milking sheds, which in many cases will need to be replaced.

Attempted Burglary.—A thief entered the residence of H. Bickerdike, 1948 Queen's avenue last night shortly after 11 o'clock, but evidently being disturbed by the return of the owner took little of any value. Entrance was gained by breaking the catch on one of the windows. The police are now on the track of the burglar.

May Require Immediate Grant.—Reference has already been made in the city council to the necessity of providing sewerage for the immediate provision of sewers, as the sums set out in the last by-law are scheduled for certain streets and only \$35,000 was provided for general work, which has since been expended. The alternative is thus to ask the council to place a sum of money from revenue at the disposal of the sewers committee, or to submit a by-law. At the meeting of the sewers committee this afternoon a decision on the point will be reached.

Enjoyable Evening.—The social held last evening at the Progressive Thought temple proved a marked success, adding one more to the list of enjoyable events held in connection with the movement. The musical programme was varied and interesting. The piano duet by Mrs. M. A. Johnson and Michael M. Ball opened the evening. Mrs. W. Jones pleased with her singing of "Down the Vale," and a flute and violin duet was ably rendered by F. Mount and Bert Cartwright. Mrs. M. Johnson accompanied. Mrs. E. Palmer sang "Good Night, Beloved, Good Night," and Mr. Ball was heard again in his rendering of "The World's A-Rising." In C. to which he had to play an encore. W. E. G. Carr entertained the audience greatly with his ventriloquist offerings. W. Nelson closed the programme by reciting "The World's A-Rising" (Service). Dancing followed the programme, refreshments being served.

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EMPRESS REOPENS. Under new management the Empress theatre reopens to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock sharp when a continuous moving picture performance will be presented for the last two days of this week only. The performance will last without interruption until 11 p. m. on Friday and Saturday both.

The new manager, W. P. Nichols, has engaged a magnificent 16-piece orchestra for these two days and the playing of this organization will be a big feature of the show. The programme for the opening performances will include a great human interest drama of the early Quaker days entitled "The Cure." The film is in two parts and is the production of the Famous Film company. A strong rural play, "A Man's Man," played by the Reliance company, and the noted Keystone comedy "In the Clutches of a Gang," will be other attractive features of the bill.

PIRACY OF "FAUST." Wagner's caution over the copyright of "Parafal," played, after 30 years, for the first time in England, is in direct contrast to Gounod's neglect to safeguard "Faust" from piracy.

Hear Bernice de Pasquali and Milan Opera Stars Sing Favorites




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Columbia Double-Disc Records. The double-discs listed below are the best Madame de Pasquali, world-famous operatic soprano, has ever done for the Columbia—which is saying volumes. The selections are especially well chosen, too. The balance of the records here listed are by artists who are singing leading roles in La Scala, the world's greatest temple of opera, in Milan.

Study This List

- Lakme. (Delibes.) Bell Song. "Dove/Indiana bruna." (Where goes the young Hindoo). In Italian, with orchestra. Bernice De Pasquali, soprano.
- Il Guarany. (Gomes.) "C'era una volta un principe." (A prince there was). In Italian, with orchestra. Bernice De Pasquali, soprano.
- Faust. (Gounod.) "Salve dimora casta e pura." (Hail, thou dwelling pure and lowly). Angelo Bendonelli, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- Carmen. (Bizet.) "Il fiorche avera a me tu dato." (The flowers you lightly gave me). Angelo Bendonelli, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- Rigoletto. (Verdi.) "Caro nome." (Dearest me). G. Finzi-Magrini, soprano. In Italian with orchestra.
- Rigoletto. (Verdi.) "Tutte le feste al tempo." (As on festival days I went). G. Finzi-Magrini, soprano. In Italian with orchestra.
- Aida. (Verdi.) "Celeste Aida." (Radiant Aida). G. Armani, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- Aida. (Verdi.) "Morir, se pua a bella." (To die! So pure and lovely!). G. Armani, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- Madam Butterfly. (Puccini.) "Addio, fiorito asil." (Farewell, Oh happy home!). G. Armani, tenor, and Taurino Parvis, baritone. In Italian, with orchestra.
- Cavalleria Rusticana. (Mascagni.) "Stelliana." (Oh, Lola, fair as the flowers). G. Armani, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- Ballo in Maschera. (Verdi.) "Eri fu che macchiava." (Thou didst sully that spirit pure.). Taurino Parvis, baritone. In Italian with orchestra.
- Fedora. (Giordano.) "Amor ti vieta." (My love restrains you). Q. Santarelli, tenor. In Italian with orchestra.
- I Pagliacci. (Leoncavallo.) "Decidi al mio destino." (Tell me my fate). Part I. E. Cottino, soprano, and E. Badini, baritone. In Italian with orchestra.
- I Pagliacci. (Leoncavallo.) "Decidi al mio destino." (Tell me my fate). Part II. E. Cottino, soprano, and E. Badini, baritone. In Italian with orchestra.
- La Entrata de La Murta. (Volpatti) Municipal Band of Milan.
- Valenciennes-Mazurka. (Fernandi) Municipal Band of Milan.

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DEBATED ARBITRATION

Interesting Arguments Heard in Discussion at Centennial Church; No Decision.

A debate on the subject of international arbitration was held last evening at the meeting of the Brotherhood of the Centennial Methodist church, those arguing in favor of the resolution that arbitration was the most effective security for world peace being William Marchant and E. S. Woodward, while William Blakemore and H. W. R. Moore spoke against.

Mr. Marchant, in opening the debate, said that history all along the line showed the failure of war as a settlement of differences. War had never established a principle or conferred any benefit on humanity. For a full century now every difference between Canada and the United States had been settled by arbitration. In Europe, however, war trusts among firms benefitting by war had been discovered to be simply provocative.

Mr. Moore said that in opposing the resolution his side must not be considered advocates of war. The question under discussion was which was the better preventive of war, arbitration, or the preparation of armaments. England, America to do the right thing in the Trent affair, Germany's need for expansion was evident. She had a population of 55 millions on a territory smaller than Ontario. The desire of colonies was a logical conclusion, and the naval preparations she was enforcing could only be of use against England. No nation would ever submit any vital question to arbitration.

Mr. Woodward in describing the horrors of war said it brought out all the best qualities and set his better side free. Germany would gain nothing by the acquisition of colonies. What good would England's colonies ever be to her? Anyone who said that a navy was a cheap form of insurance was talking economic nonsense. Mr. Blakemore was convinced that

everyone would like to see arbitration substituted for war. Mr. Moore had shown that Germany held very different views from Mr. Woodward on the subject of colonies. In Von Bulow's memoirs it was explicitly stated that the reason Germany refrained from attacking England during the South African war was that she was not sufficiently prepared. Readiness for war was not inimical to the cause of peace. He could not agree that war had failed to benefit humanity, as Mr. Marchant had averred. Neither did victory lie always with the large battalions; quality counted, as instanced by the fight between David and Goliath. Arbitration had not done so much as was claimed for it. The United States though foremost in the establishment of The Hague tribunal had refused to submit the Panama tolls to arbitration though no issue more vital than a sum of money was involved. The principle of freedom from slavery had been established by war between the north and south, not by mere arbitration. Mr. Marchant, in replying, said that Mr. Blakemore's argument that Germany had refrained from attacking England during the Boer war owing to her unreadiness, was proof positive that if all nations were prepared with huge armaments there would be a far greater likelihood of war. Mr. Moore re-outlined the position of the opposing side. The whole debate was carried through with the utmost good feeling and moderation, and being merely an academic discussion of the question no vote was taken upon the resolution. Bye-Election Seen.—There will be a bye-election soon to fill the vacancy on the city school board due to the disqualification of Trustee Hayward through non-residence. The present act makes it obligatory for the candidate to reside in the district, which prevents the trustee from standing, as he lives in Oak Bay. The matter will be mentioned at the school board meeting on Wednesday.


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Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

CREW SUCKED UNDER TERRIBLE HEAT WAVE SEVEN DAYS OF SNOW

WHEN VESSEL SINKS PASSED OVER MARAMA MET BY CANADA MARU

Cambewarra Founders in Australian Waters; Men Have Thrilling Time

Two shipwrecked crews reached Fremantle, Western Australia, on February 5, according to information brought in to-day by the liner Marama. Within twelve hours two wrecks were reported along the northwest coast of the Commonwealth. On the previous night a fishing vessel put in there with a crew of the schooner Grace Darling, which pounded ashore on a reef. The captain and crew were rescued unconscious through being struck by the wheel. A second fishing boat put into Fremantle twelve hours later with part of the crew of the steamship Cambewarra, which was on passage from Rotterdam to Sydney.

The Cambewarra struck a reef 140 miles north of Fremantle without the slightest warning. So terrific was the impact that the vessel's bow was lifted high on the reef, and the helmsman was thrown off his feet. The second officer, who was on watch, immediately gave the order for the helm to be put over, while the engineers were instructed to reverse the engines. For a time the vessel remained firmly embedded on the reef, but subsequently her head was veered round, and she was floated. Immediately after she got clear an examination was made of her hold, and it was found that she had ripped two large holes in the bottom just under the engine-room. The water was making its way into the engine holds, and in order to check the Inruah, tarpaulins were placed along the engine-room floor. This proved useless, however, and it was finally decided to draw fire in the engine-room, as it was feared that the water would cause the boilers to explode. This left the vessel at the complete mercy of the wind and current, and throughout the remainder of the night, she drifted aimlessly. To make matters worse the water was rapidly gaining, and no steam being available, the men had to resort to the hand pumps.

As the water gradually raising on the men they decided to dispatch the chief mate with a boat for assistance, and accompanied by six members of the crew, he set off in a small boat shortly after his departure for land. Two fishing boats were in sight, and in answer to the Cambewarra's signals of distress, they bore down on the ill-fated vessel.

Without any warning the vessel heeled over and then disappeared from view. Fortunately the boats were fairly close, and were able to pick up the captain and crew, nearly all of whom were drawn beneath the waves by the suction from the sinking vessel. By some means the captain and another seaman became separated from the rest, and it was some time before they were picked up in an exhausted condition. The whole of the crew was then brought on to Fremantle by the fishing boats.

The mate and his men had a hard time making the shore. Upon reaching a beach they thought they saw the first of the Cambewarra's crew, finally reaching Dongarra, after covering a distance of about twenty miles. When they arrived at that township they were suffering severely from sore feet and scarcity of water. The mate and his companions, after landing, became so exhausted trudging over the rocks with torn, bleeding feet, that three of them decided to rest and sleep, while the mate, engineer and a seaman pushed on. They reached the hut of a fisherman just outside Dongarra thoroughly worn out, and lurching along with the aid of sticks. They were only able to gasp "water," but they were speedily cared for, and given brandy and beef tea.

SAILER BLOWN UP

The Marama brings word of the loss of the brigantine Federal at sea through an explosion of her oil tank off the North Queensland coast. The crew reached Brisbane safely. The accident took place while the vessel was lying-to, and no warning was given, the explosion created great alarm, which was intensified by the outbreak of flames. It was decided to take to the boats.

The fury of the explosion was gauged when it is stated that the benzine tank contained 380 gallons of oil. The party decided to make for the shore. They had no food aboard, but plenty of water was available on the islands which they passed. They were two and a half days on the journey, and all the food they consumed was crab, which they captured at one of the islands. Eventually, they reached the mission station at Cape Bedford.

After the Theatre for that little supper, the Kaiserhof.

Australian Eliner Ran Into High Temperature After Leaving Suva; Good-Trip

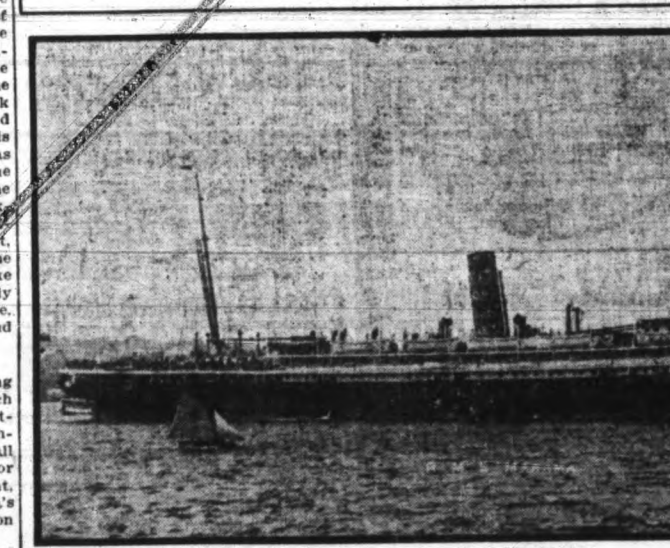
Terrific heat was encountered by the Canadian-Australian liner Marama, Capt. Rollis, during the stage of her voyage from Suva to Honolulu, and the days passed very unpleasantly with the many passengers who were on board. The waves of heat swept over the ship and at times the temperature rose well over 100 degrees. The passengers sought protected parts of the vessel, but even then the perspiration stood out on the faces of everyone and it was with difficulty that sleep could be obtained at nights. The cause of the terrific heat could not be explained. The Marama arrived in port at 8.30 o'clock this morning from Sydney, Auckland, Suva and Honolulu, two days behind her schedule day for berthing. Heavy north and northwest winds and seas were met crossing the Tasman sea to New Zealand and further bad weather accompanied the ship to Suva. On this leg of the voyage she steamed against fresh northeast gales with a nasty head sea. Between the Fijian port and Honolulu the excessive heat troubled the passage and it remained for the last stage of the trip to serve up the best and finest weather, which is something very unusual. After clearing from Honolulu

Osaka Liner Steams Through Unusual Weather; Passengers and Cargo Light

For seven days after leaving Yokohama for Victoria the Osaka Shosen Kaisha liner Canada Maru, Capt. Yamamoto, forced her way through thick snow storms. The Japanese steamship company reports to-day, and her master reported the unusual weather which prevailed during the run across the Pacific. The temperature was not low, yet the snow fell continuously for seven solid days with hardly the slightest break. At times large banks of snow piled up on the vessel's decks and the crew were kept busy brushing the snow overboard. If the temperature had dropped below freezing point the sailors would have had difficulty in carrying out their work. Throughout this time Capt. Yamamoto was unable to get an observation, and steered his ship by dead reckoning.

After crossing the 18th Meridian the snow storms were left astern. During the trip not one heavy blow was encountered and while the ship was in the midst of the snow the sea was as smooth as glass. Off this coast a light swell was met, causing the ship to roll considerably. The fine weather enabled the Canada to arrive in port one day ahead of her schedule. Among the passengers who came in

RED STACKER HAS INTERESTING VOYAGE



S. S. MARAMA

the weather became cooler and very agreeable, despite a light westerly breeze. The passengers were able to indulge in deck sports and thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

Bad Time Going South.

On her last outward voyage the Marama had a very rough and tempestuous passage. She left Victoria on Christmas Eve and the holiday was ushered in outside Cape Flattery with a howling southwest gale blowing and a tremendous sea. The stewards had arranged an elaborate and sumptuous Christmas dinner, but the passengers were not worrying about anything of that nature, and the hands in the galley and glory-hold made things merry. Capt. Rollis says that the southwest weather lasted for seven days without the slightest cessation. The Marama took large quantities of water over her bows. The wind and sea rapidly impeded her progress and she was a whole day late in reaching Honolulu. Those on board believed that after getting away from that port fine weather would be met. But not so. The Marama was destined for a further duration of bad weather. She was to be met to midway between Honolulu and Suva.

The Marama brought in a list of 250 passengers and 13 first-class, 11 second-class and 22 third-class passengers disembarked here, the majority of whom are going through to the United States. Four stowaways made their way on board the vessel at Honolulu, and were detected shortly after the ship got under weigh and were immediately set to work.

Another large shipment of New Zealand butter arrived on the Marama. For Victoria and Vancouver there are 800,000 pounds of this commodity. The local consignments on the steamship amounted to about 170 tons, and included the following: 2,722 boxes of butter; 175 cases of onions; 300 quarters of beef; 25 cases of jams and sundries. The Vancouver cargo is made up of lobsters, butter, onions, pineapples, nutmeg, yeast, beef, haunches, frozen rabbits, hides, machinery, gum and one automobile.

The Marama proceeded to Vancouver shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The area of London city proper is six hundred and seventy-three acres—that is, a little more than one square mile. The area of the administrative county of London is one hundred and seventeen square miles; and the population at the census of 1911 was four million five hundred and eighty five, or about one-tenth of the total population of the United Kingdom.

TWO FINE FREIGHTERS AFTER EVENTFUL RUN FOR AUSTRALIAN RUN PRINCE JOHN BERTHS

One 15,000-Ton Ship and One 10,000-Ton Vessel to Come to This Coast Collision With Newington Was Light; Met Two Very Heavy Southeasters

Announcement was made in Sydney, N.S.W., just prior to the departure of the passenger ship Marama, in port to-day, that Sir James Mills, chairman of the Union Steamship company, that two fine vessels of 15,000 tons and 10,000 tons are now being constructed in old country ship-yards and that they will be placed in the service to Canada. The two ships will come to British Columbia from Australia and New Zealand via San Francisco, and it is possible that they may also call at our ports.

The Union Steamship company, which operates the Canadian-Australian line, is gradually extending its arms into different deep-sea trades. Its fleet is rapidly being increased with liners of the finest and fastest types. A short time ago the company decided to try out the freight route via San Francisco. Several other shipping companies had tried it but failed. Judging from the way the Canadian-Australian line is doing business there is no prospect of the route falling down. Instead it is mounting upwards and larger vessels are being secured to look after the trade.

Much Refrigerator Space.

The two new ships will have a large amount of refrigerator space so as to be able to handle large quantities of perishable cargo. Sir James Mills, when he made the announcement regarding the new ships, did not state when he expected the vessels would be delivered by the ship-yards. Sir James recently retired from the position of managing director of the New Zealand company to become its chairman. He is now on his way to the old country, according to the information received from the Antipodes.

Completing a rough and eventful cruise from the Queen Charlotte Islands and Prince Rupert, the T. P. steamer Prince John, Capt. Wearmouth, steamed into port early last night. The officers gave the first accurate information regarding the collision between the John and the fishery protection cruiser Newington, and they also spoke of the heavy storms which were met during the passage. Crossing Queen Charlotte Sound southbound, in the face of a driving southeasterly gale, the Prince John made but 17 miles in four hours, and when trying to negotiate the entrance to Skidegate Inlet she was hove to for three hours, and as she rolled and pitched three drums of gasoline got adrift and went over the side.

In speaking of the mishap with the Newington Capt. Wearmouth said that he misjudged the distance. He was riding the Prince John into Swanson Bay at 5 o'clock on Monday morning. She had 160 tons of cargo in her forehold, and as the oil tanks were getting low the propeller was close to the surface of the water. Upon coming up to the dock he rung for the engines to go astern, but the weigh was not taken off her before she carried up to the Newington. She hit the fishery boat exactly amidships and the steel prow of the John made an indentation of about three inches from the rail to the water-line. The G. T. P. steamer suffered no damage, but had she more weight on a serious accident might have resulted.

Howling Gales Met.

Crossing Hecate Strait from Prince Rupert to Skidegate the Prince John met a heavy southeast storm with a high sea running. For three hours the vessel lay hove to off the entrance to Skidegate Inlet and she was bobbing about like a cork. Considerable water was shipped on deck. The rolling of the ship caused three drums of gasoline lashed on deck to get adrift and finally go over the side. The weather on the southbound trip was exceedingly dirty. After entering Queen Charlotte Sound the vessel was caught in the grip of a violent southeaster and after battling about for four hours she had progressed only 17 miles. The sea was running very high and large combers broke over her.

The Prince John brought a good cargo of freight south. She had 150 tons of fish from the Canadian Fish & Cold Storage Company and 700 barrels of empty beer bottles. Considerable liquor is consumed in the north and the shipment of bottles on the Prince John is one of the largest to arrive for some time. A good list of passengers was carried south, about 25 people arriving.

At 10 o'clock this morning the Prince John cleared for Prince Rupert and the Queen Charlottes with a good list of passengers and freight.

SAXONIA HIT IN FOG

The steamship Canada Maru, which arrived to-day from the Orient brings word that the Hamburg-American liner Saxonia, which stranded at the entrance to Tsing-tan harbor, struck during a dense fog. Her forehold filled with water and her cargo had to be lightered before she floated. It is not known when she will clear from Yokohama.

TRICOLOR DOCKS HERE

About 4 o'clock this afternoon the Grace freighter Tricolor, Capt. Nelson, arrived in port from Chilean ports via Shalson Cruz and San Francisco. She docked at the chemical works to put off 600 tons of nitrate. The Tricolor also has some Tehuantepec cargo for Victoria.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

(Daily reports furnished by Claude A. Solly.)

March 4.

Caledonia, Anchor line, Glasgow.

Celtic, White Star line, Liverpool.

Gothland, Red Star line, Antwerp.

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Hamburg-America line, Hamburg.

Reported.

Kronland, Red Star line, Antwerp.

Georgic, White Star line, Liverpool.

St. Paul, American line, Southampton.

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	From	Due
Ajax	Thompson	4,778	Dodwell & Co.	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Albatross	Jentoft	3,520	Evans, Coleman & Evans	New York	Mar. 2
Aki Maru	Noma	2,850	G. Northern	Hongkong	Mar. 2
Antiochus	Doyle	4,772	Dodwell & Co.	Liverpool	May 9
Bellerophon	Bebb	3,714	Dodwell & Co.	Liverpool	Mar. 14
Benevolent	Smith	3,666	Balfour, Guthrie	Liverpool	Mar. 9
Crows of Toledo	Piera	2,932	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 20
Canada Maru	Yamamoto	3,870	R. P. Rithet	Hongkong	Mar. 16
Cardigan	Arthur	3,517	Dodwell & Co.	Liverpool	Apr. 11
Caribbean	Phillips	3,624	C. P. R.	Hongkong	Mar. 26
Empress of Asia	Robinson	3,824	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 26
Empress of Japan	Hopcroft	3,624	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 26
Harlequin	Boares	2,724	B.C. Sugar Refinery	Peru	Apr. 1
Jaeger	White	2,114	C. P. R.	Sydney	Apr. 16
Marama	Rollis	3,973	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 5
Makura	Phillips	3,590	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 21
Niagara	Morrissy	3,783	R. P. Rithet	Hongkong	Apr. 3
Panama Maru	Kunoo	3,860	R. P. Rithet	Hongkong	Apr. 16
Radnorshire	Neumann	2,732	Gardner Johnson	Hamburg	Mar. 4
Savoia	Asakawa	1,920	G. Northern	Peru	May 1
Strath	Phillips	3,590	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 21
Tacoma Maru	Teranaka	3,590	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 21
Tamba Maru	Teranaka	3,590	C. P. R.	Sydney	Mar. 21
Tacoma Maru	Hamada	3,590	R. P. Rithet & Co.	Hongkong	Mar. 12

Empress of India	C.P.R.	H.K.G.	Mar. 3
Shidzuka Maru <td>G.N.<td>Hongkong<td>Mar. 15</td></td></td>	G.N. <td>Hongkong<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	Hongkong <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15
Canada Maru <td>R.P.R.<td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td></td>	R.P.R. <td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	H.K.G. <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15
Makura <td>C.P.R.<td>Australia<td>Mar. 15</td></td></td>	C.P.R. <td>Australia<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	Australia <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15
Talbyhu, Dodwell Co. <td>Liverpool<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	Liverpool <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15	
Empress of Asia <td>C.P.R.<td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td></td>	C.P.R. <td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	H.K.G. <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15
Tacoma Maru <td>R.P.R.<td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td></td>	R.P.R. <td>H.K.G.<td>Mar. 15</td></td>	H.K.G. <td>Mar. 15</td>	Mar. 15
Bellerophon <td>Dodwell Co.<td>Liverpool<td>Apr. 15</td></td></td>	Dodwell Co. <td>Liverpool<td>Apr. 15</td></td>	Liverpool <td>Apr. 15</td>	Apr. 15
Makura <td>C.P.R.<td>Australia<td>Apr. 15</td></td></td>	C.P.R. <td>Australia<td>Apr. 15</td></td>	Australia <td>Apr. 15</td>	Apr. 15

SAILERS COMING

Ahene, Peruvian barque, to load at Vancouver, British ship, sugar, from San Valparaiso, to load at Vancouver.

County of Llanthfyllid, Chilean ship, from Valparaiso, to load at Vancouver.

Commerce, American schooner, to load at Vancouver.

Schiffel, German ship, to load at Vancouver for United Kingdom.

Curzon, Chilean barque, from Valparaiso, to Royal Roads for orders.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Sailings to
PRINCE RUPERT, 10 A. M. MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS

Granby Bay, 10 a. m. Mondays.
Stewart and Masset, 10 a. m. March 9 and 23.
Skidegate, Q. C. City, Jedway, etc., 10 a. m. March 5 and 19.

SEATTLE, 10 A. M. SUNDAYS; VANCOUVER, 10 A. M. MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC passenger trains leave Prince Rupert Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. for Terrace, Hazelton, Smithers. Mixed trains to Wordsworth (Mile 347).

Passenger train service through to Prince George from Edmonton three times per week.

C. F. EARLE, C. F. & T. A. Phone 1243
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Agency for all Atlantic Ocean Steamship Lines.

Canadian Pacific Railway Company

Reduced Westbound One-way Tickets From Eastern Destinations to Victoria, B. C.

Winnipeg .. \$30.00	Halifax ... \$65.15	North Bay .. \$46.30
Chicago ... 38.00	Ottawa 51.65	Yar'outh, N.S. 64.40
St. Paul ... 30.00	Montreal ... 52.95	Truro 65.15
Detroit ... 46.05	St. John, N.B. 62.65	Brantford .. 46.30
Toronto ... 46.30	Quebec ... 56.25	Fredericton . 63.25

And all other points.

The above tickets are on sale from March 15 to April 15 Only.

If you contemplate bringing out your relations or friends, call in and secure particulars, as we can arrange here for their tickets and sleepers, etc.

C. P. R. Offices, 1162 Government St. Phone 174
L. D. CRETHER, City Passenger Agent.

Union Steamship Company of B. C., Ltd.

S. S. CAMOSUN from Victoria to Vancouver Wednesday at 11.30 p. m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Fort Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Rivers Inlet, Nana, and Bella Coola.

S. S. CHELOHSIN from Vancouver to Victoria Saturday 9 p. m. for Skeena River, Prince Rupert, Naas and Granby.

Daily Steamer Sailings from Vancouver for all Logging Camps. Carrying H. M. Mail.

For Further particulars apply to
JOHN BARNESLEY, Agent. 1006 Government St.
Phone 1925.

PACIFIC GREAT EASTERN TO EMPLOY MORE MEN

Vancouver, March 5.—Five hundred additional men will be employed by the Pacific Great Eastern railway on or after March 15 in railroad work north of Squamish, as the result of representations made to the company by the provincial government, to which a delegation in search of employment for Vancouver men went several weeks ago. The information was given out by Mayor Baxter this morning in reading a telegram received by him from Sir Richard McBride last Monday.

BERARD LEAVES CANADA WILL RESIDE IN FRANCE

Montreal, March 5.—L. P. Berard, former member of the legislative council of Quebec, who resigned office after proof had been given that he was concerned in the recent "grift" charges, sailed for France yesterday with his family. He will take up his residence there.

DIAZ' NAME WAS USED WITHOUT AUTHORITY

New York, March 5.—General Diaz said to-day that he was not acquainted with Pedro del Villar and Cecilio Ocon, who through the senate foreign relations committee sought yesterday the moral support by the United States of a movement to bring about peace in Mexico by another revolution headed, they said, by Diaz. "I know nothing of any such movement," General Diaz said.

TO INVESTIGATE MENTAL CONDITION OF CHARLTON

Naples, March 5.—The mental condition of Peter Charlton, the young American charged with murdering his wife at Lake Como, is to be investigated by two of the leading doctors, Leonardo Bianchi, former minister of instruction, and Professor Enrico Morcelli, of the University of Geneva.

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PUGET SOUND NAV. CO. MORNING STEAMER

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The Fast Steel Steamship "SOL DUC"

Leaves C.P.R. dock, Victoria, daily except Sunday, at 11 a. m., calling at Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams and Port Townsend, arriving at Seattle at 8 p. m. Returning leaves Seattle daily except Sunday at 12:30 a. m., calling at Port Townsend and Port Angeles, arriving at Victoria at 8:40 a. m.

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THOMAS COOK & SON TOURIST AGENCY

1003 GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C. TELEPHONES 2821 & 2811

"You don't know what a 'thesaurus' is, Johnny?" ejaculated Mrs. Lapsing reproachfully. "Your Uncle Horace has had one for years. He showed it to me once. It's a dictionary of cinnamon."

The Shrine of Fashion

Bargains of Unusual Character From All Departments For Friday and Saturday

**Ready-to-wear Department—A
Sale of Spring Suits to Set
Women Talking
The Price \$17.50**



From a lady's point of view this is the most important bit of sale news this store has printed. Sixty in all, attractive Spring Costumes, fancy and plain man-tailored styles; bought to sell in the regular way up to \$35. Every one this season's buying. Colors are navy, tan, grey, taupe, two-tone mixtures. All sizes. Be early for these. They'll go quickly. On sale Friday at . . . **\$17.50**
—Third Floor

**Early for One of These Dresses
Lot No. 1, Price \$22.50**

Beautiful Dresses of cloth and silk are in this lot and sold in the regular way up to \$35. Not one poor style in the selection. All the wanted shades and right up-to-the-minute in style. Colors tan, navy, grey and fancy mixtures. For Friday . . . **\$22.50**

Lot No. 2, Price \$12.50

Still another Dress bargain. This time the astonishing low price of \$12.50. Dresses that sold for double. But the quantity is limited and we are anxious to clear this line, hence the low price. A good assortment of colors and sizes. Again we say, be early. For Friday . . . **\$12.50**

Lot No. 3, Price \$6.50

On Sale Centre Table, Main Floor.

Here is a dress bargain you cannot afford to pass. Just think! A regular \$12.50 Dress for \$6.50. Made of fine quality French serge, in a splendid range of colors, including navy, tan, grey, taupe and shepherd's check. All sizes. For Friday and Saturday they are yours for . . . **\$6.50**

**Children's Coats to Crumble
Away at \$1.95**

Twenty-five only natty little Coats for children up to 5 years of age. Cream corduroy, blanket and bear cloth. These Coats are half-price and less. To clear . . . **\$1.95**

**Handkerchief Special
100 Dozen Fine Quality Linen
Lawn 3 for 25c**

**We Never Offered Better Values
in Ladies' Whitewear**

**White Cotton Drawers, Extra
Value 50c**

Fifteen dozen fine quality White Cotton Drawers, elaborately trimmed with lace. Embroidery and clusters of tucks. Well worth more. Sizes 23 to 27. For Friday, pair . . . **50c**

Princess Slips, to Slip Out at 95c

And as the quantity is limited you'll have to "slip in" early if you want one. Made of finest quality bleached cotton and neatly trimmed with lace, ribbon and embroidery. Regular up to \$1.75. For Friday, each . . . **95c**

Crepe and Mull Combinations \$1.35

Three dozen only of this popular garment. Wish we had more. So will you when you see them. Just the garment for present style of dress. Neatly trimmed. Well worth \$2.00 per suit. Out they go Friday . . . **\$1.35**



**Another Line of
Drawers at 35c Pair**

Both open and closed styles, of extra good quality cotton, having clusters of tucks. Made in sizes 23 to 27. Friday, per pair . . . **35c**

**We've Trimmed These Beautiful
Hats For You**

For Friday and Saturday at \$10.00

Your choice of fifty beautiful Trimmed Hats. Most becoming shapes, including same pattern styles. All artistically trimmed with flowers, wings, braids, etc. Be here early.

\$10.00

**Great Sale of Ladies' Silk
Waists**

\$5.00 Lines for \$2.95

In this lot are some very pretty Blouses. Colors are navy, tan, grey, saxe blue and black. All sizes and good styles. Back and front fastenings. Sale price **\$2.95**

Hosiery Department

**100 Dozen Fine Quality Lisle Hose, Black
Tan and White**

3 Pairs for \$1.00

Corset Department Offers

Fifty pairs of Thompson's Glove-Fitting Corsets, medium bust, long skirt. Satin trimmed top with drawstring. Sizes 18 to 27. To clear at . . . **\$2.00**

Sale of Left Over Linens

This lot includes Napkins and Cloths. Here are the prices:

Regular \$4.00 lines for	\$2.75
Regular \$3.50 lines for	\$2.50
Regular \$3.25 lines for	\$2.20
Regular \$2.75 lines for	\$1.75
Regular \$2.00 lines for	\$1.15

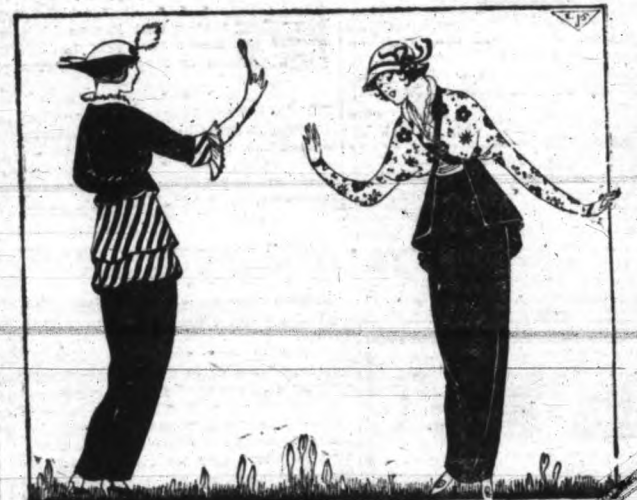
All pure linen.

Glove Department

Fifty pairs Perrin's Guaranteed French Kid Gloves. Regular \$1.50 and \$1.75 lines for . . . **\$1.15**

Regular \$1.25 lines for . . . **85c**

We are discontinuing these lines, hence the reduction.



**Wonderful Sale of House
Dresses**

100 Travelers' Samples of House Dresses, made of fine quality French gingham and zephyrs. Neat stripes of different colors. See these for sure. Every dress a bargain. Prices range \$1.25 to **\$3.75**
—Third Floor

**Extra Special—Ladies' Knit
Combinations 50c**

Ten dozen only of this line, made of fine quality knit Underwear, full knee, lace trimmed; all sizes. Be early. On sale, pair . . . **50c**

Ladies' Lisle Vests, 3 for \$1.00

Fifty dozen Ladies' Lisle Vests, porous knit and straight weaves. No sleeve and half-sleeve styles. For Friday and Saturday, 3 for . . . **\$1.00**

717-719
YATES STREET

FINCH & FINCH

LADIES
OUTFITTERS

TEN CONSERVATIVES DARE BEARD BOWSER; GAME ACT NOT LIKED BY RURAL MEN

(Continued from page 1.)

arguments he had used on other occasions, and the arguments he had used that the Game act was not the arguments the committee had heard the other night.

Taking the argument of a loss of revenue that seemed to exercise both the premier and the attorney-general so much, what were the facts? The revenue from the administration of the game laws was about \$100,000, while the expenditure called for this year was \$24,500. Even if there was a loss of twenty-five per cent. in the revenue by cutting out the farmers' gun license—and he doubted whether the attorney-general would not find that he was wrong—there would still be a larger amount paid into the exchequer from this source than would ever be expended.

It would be agreed by every member of the house that the farmers had not asked for the gun license. During the course of their itinerant agricultural commission had received many expressions of opinion in opposition to the license. The commission recommended that it should be abolished, and personally he stuck to his guns. It was argued that it was class legislation to leave the act as the committee had amended it. Was it? Take the sportsman from the city and compare him with the man who hunted on or near his own farm. The city man went out to shoot as a luxury and for sport. The man on the farm, particularly in the more organized districts, shot not for sport but of necessity or to prevent depredations. The man from the city did not require to shoot for food, but the man in the country did. Not a member on the floor of the house who had been in any district where grain and potatoes were grown largely but must agree that the depredations of the game birds was very considerable.

Another depredation more serious even was that caused by people trampling down growing crops while in search of game, cutting fences and shooting a great deal of live stock. He could give the facts of one case where a farmer found in his fields one cow killed and no less than eleven sheep and poultry after a bad rain on Sunday afternoon not many miles from Victoria. It appeared to him that the class legislation was rather tending the other way than the way the premier put it. He thought that an easy answer to the whole question would be the definition of what constituted a farmer in the interpretation section of the act.

Grain Fields Support Birds. Alex. Lucas (Yale), in addition to endorsing what Mr. Hayward said, reminded the house that a farmer who found a cougar molesting his stock had as a rule to follow it off his farm and sometimes into the woods before he could get a shot at it. The farmer never asked for a free license nor would he take it as special class legislation. It was no favor. Many farmers left an acre of grain standing at the end of the harvest to feed the pheasants, or put out grain for them in winter. In the vicinity of Vancouver hunters would go over a man's land with a number of dogs and in other ways do much damage, aggravating the very men who were feeding the game which they hunted. If it went on much longer there would be no game left for the hunters.

At St. Elmo recently a farmer had gone off his farm with his gun in pursuit of a cougar which had been killing his stock and now he was threatened with prosecution for breach of the law. Another man had got into trouble for carrying his gun off his farm, his reason being that if he had left it at the boundary it might have disappeared before he got back. The game warden would probably say that he might have left it in some nearby house until he came back. That was what one settler did and a warden came along, found the gun and had the settler whose house was made a convenience of fined for having a gun on the premises without having a license.

The section of the bill as Mr. Bowser had it restored grants a farmer a license free of charge, enabling him or any member of his family to have a gun and shoot "in respect only of hunting on the land on which they permanently reside." As it is left, a man who may have a thousand acres of land, but not part of the land on which he resides will be unable to hunt on it or protect his crops or stock from depredations.

The motion to reconsider was carried and the section was amended as the attorney-general desired it, but the following 12 members voted against the Napoleon of the house: W. H. Hayward (Cowichan), Parker Williams (Newcastle), J. G. Curry Wood (Alberni), J. T. W. Place (Nanaimo), Alex. Lucas (Yale), J. H. Schofield (Ymir), S. A. Cawley (Chilliwack), J. R. Jackson (Greenwood), W. R. Maclean (Nelson), G. A. McGuire (Vancouver), N. F. Mackay (Kaslo), William Hunter (Slocan). It was the opinion of those who were watching that the motion to reconsider was lost when first put, but Chairman Caven put it again and a third time.



A BLIND LIBRARIAN

Mr. C. S. Swift, who has been appointed librarian of a library for the blind in Toronto, from which thousands of volumes are loaned to blind persons in all parts of the Dominion. Mr. Swift has been blind since he was ten years of age but by perseverance has won a remarkable education.

"This act is bearing most injuriously on the farmer," said W. W. Foster (The Islands), "but the gentleman responsible to some extent for framing it looks at it from the point of view of the city man, and does not understand the position of the farmer. I will not stand for any further imposition upon him. Many men are farming with fruit or poultry on the islands on from five to ten acres, and to strike out these as not being farmers within the meaning of the act is, I think, not right."

Dr. Young offered to make the limit ten acres. R. H. Pooley (Esquimalt) pointed out to the committee that there was no doubt that the man on the small five-acre ranch would have a gun to protect his chickens, so that this amendment was rather far-reaching. The chairman declared the amendment carried, and Mr. Pooley demanded a show of hands, the viva voce vote certainly being against it. Among those noticed voting against the restriction were Messrs. Hayward, McGuire, Williams, Pooley, Maclean, Jackson, Mackay and Foster.

About this point the nerves of Chairman Caven were getting on edge with the effort of trying to assist the attorney-general to get the bill through as he wanted, and some slight noise in the gallery upset him. "Order in the gallery," he roared, with as near an approach to the dignified rebuke which Mr. Speaker Eberts administers to noisy spectators as he could master. He was perfectly serious, but his fellow-members and everyone else laughed consummately at his assumption of the grand air.

DRIED VEGETABLES FOR DIABETES

It is claimed that a remedy for diabetes has just been discovered by Dr. Marcel Labbe, of Paris. It consists of dried vegetables. The eminent doctor announced the fact in a paper read before the Academy of Medicine the other day. To effect a cure the doctor prescribes 300 grammes of dried vegetables with fresh eggs and 150 grammes of buttered albumen of bread with a small quantity of fresh vegetables and wine. He says that the patients who follow steadily this regime should be cured according to varying conditions in from three days to a fortnight. According to the report remarkable results have been obtained from the new cure, the chief merit of which is its richness in albumen matter.

NEGLECT IS THE CAUSE OF GRAY HAIR

Easily Corrected if You Only Will. No woman nowadays need lose the charm of her rich, lustrous hair with advancing years. Gray and faded hair destroys a woman's charm as nothing else will do. It seems a shame that any woman should suffer the annoyance of gray hair when it is so easy to restore it to its natural color. Hay's Hair Health is so simple and easy to use and so sure in its results that no woman can afford to overlook it. It is not a dye, just a real tonic that brings new life and vigor and that natural colored healthy look to the impoverished scalp and hair roots. restores the original, natural color of the hair. It removes dandruff. Your money will be refunded to you if it fails after a fair trial. \$1.00, 50c, 25c. Get it at our store. For sale and recommended by D. E. Campbell, druggist.

OUR LETTER BOX

Letters for publication in Daily Times must be received at the Times Office not later than the day before the day of publication. When received later they will be held over until the following day.

While unobjectionable anonymous communications will be published, the name and address of every writer of such letters must be given to the editor.

THE GAME LAWS.

To the Editor:—Is it simply caprice, is it pressure exerted by railroad corporations having tourist hotels to fill, or is it the frothy officiousness of an unscrupulous department that is responsible for the continual enactment of uncalculated and irritating regulations governing the hunting and trapping of game in this province?

No objection reasonably can be made to rules designed to prevent the indiscriminate slaughter of game by either resident or foreign hunters, but there is a suspicion that the tendency of the present purpose, of these recurring amendments to the game act is to take from our citizens the privilege of hunting game with a fair degree of freedom and reserve in the more remote sections of the province.

In metropolitan districts legislation affecting the hunting of game is likely to be viewed with indifference, but in rural and more remote sections of the province legislation of this character vitally concerns the inhabitants. By many of the inhabitants of the frontier districts the amendments to the game act recently made, together with those proposed, are looked upon with growing jealousy, vexation and distrust.

The injustice and extortion of the taxes levied under the game act may be judged from the following incidents: The printer who looks after the privilege of searching the mountain sides for mineral indications; his occupation naturally takes him far from a base of supplies, but should he desire to kill a caribou in order to get some fresh meat he must pay an additional \$5. Similarly is the pre-emptor burdened; he is now forced to locate beyond markets, and should he wish to add a caribou to a somewhat limited winter food supply, he must also pay \$5.

But the most ill-timed, miserable and oppressive exaction is the trapper's license of \$10. This is a tax ill-timed, inasmuch as it was imposed in advance of a winter, the time of which for industrial depression has not been experienced since the early nineties; miserably conceived, inasmuch as it penalizes workers for engaging in an industry to which only hard times could drive them, and levies upon the only cash resource that the pioneer prospector and pre-emptor has available; and oppressive, inasmuch as it is imposed from seven to ten per cent. of the income averaged in the industry.

It should be appreciated that in the mountain and northern districts of the province the working season of each year rarely reaches five months, and that at its close the workers have but three courses open to them: They may crowd into the coast cities and glut an already over-crowded labor market; they may remain at the local towns and get work of an intermittent character during the winter, or they may secure a few traps and a supply of grub and strike out into the hills, where they will remain until spring opens up and labor is again in demand. It is safe to say that not ten per cent. of the trappers make more than their board, and that with the majority "trapping" is the means by which they make a last desperate stand against hard

FROM LORD CLARE TO SIR EDWARD CARSON

By Evelyn Childers in London Chronicle.

Ireland, like all countries denied self-development, is a land of inexhaustible paradox.

Here is Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster Unionists, himself—whatever his precise ancestry—the living antithesis of the north and the living embodiment of the south; his brogue richer than Mr. Redmond's, his complexion and features recalling a pure Celtic type.

While we deplore the fact that the legislature after being in session seven weeks carefully revising the laws for the protection of birds, animals, petroleum, mines, railroads and various other industries, did not give to the women of Victoria a better protected time to try to secure better protection for women and children, notwithstanding the fact that one of the Conservative members stated in the House during the session that British Columbia laws as they related to women and children were the worst in Canada and were a disgrace to any legislature.

Incidentally, it might be mentioned that either the women or children. If the government does not see fit to grant the petition of 7,000 people of this province nor a second request from 4,000 of the women of Victoria alone, there are other means of showing our disapproval than by militancy. Most of our western men are too broad-minded and liberal to refuse the united request of the women of this province. Our cause is advancing very rapidly, many new converts being added constantly to our ranks. The vote will soon be ours if we but wait a little longer and continue to retain the respect and confidence of the people.

GAS AS ILLUMINANT.

January 28, 1897, saw Pall Mall lit by gas; the first street in any city of the world to be so illuminated, and, if one may trust a caricature of Rowlandson, a street gas-lamp is one of the few things upon which time has effected no improvement. It was 15 years previously that William Murdoch had first lighted his little Redruth cottage with what Sir Walter Scott called "smoke," but he had no hand in Pall Mall's illumination. That we owe to a German "company-promoting expert" called Winsor. He had illuminated the front of Carlton house with gas in 1804, and had then issued a prospectus of The New Patriotic Imperial and National Light and Heat Company. The profits he estimated at £225,000,000 a year, out of which he proposed to redeem the national debt and pay the shareholders 1,100 per cent. It is evident that his ideas, like his illumination, were inclined to be "gassy."

WANTED

The Names and Addresses of all BLIND PEOPLE in or Near-by This Municipality. Sighted persons knowing of such addresses will confer a favor by communicating the same to us. Dominion Tactile Press Publishers of FREE Books and Magazines for the BLIND 275 Delaware Avenue TORONTO

FROM LORD CLARE TO SIR EDWARD CARSON

By Evelyn Childers in London Chronicle.

Ireland, like all countries denied self-development, is a land of inexhaustible paradox.

Here is Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster Unionists, himself—whatever his precise ancestry—the living antithesis of the north and the living embodiment of the south; his brogue richer than Mr. Redmond's, his complexion and features recalling a pure Celtic type.

While we deplore the fact that the legislature after being in session seven weeks carefully revising the laws for the protection of birds, animals, petroleum, mines, railroads and various other industries, did not give to the women of Victoria a better protected time to try to secure better protection for women and children, notwithstanding the fact that one of the Conservative members stated in the House during the session that British Columbia laws as they related to women and children were the worst in Canada and were a disgrace to any legislature.

Incidentally, it might be mentioned that either the women or children. If the government does not see fit to grant the petition of 7,000 people of this province nor a second request from 4,000 of the women of Victoria alone, there are other means of showing our disapproval than by militancy. Most of our western men are too broad-minded and liberal to refuse the united request of the women of this province. Our cause is advancing very rapidly, many new converts being added constantly to our ranks. The vote will soon be ours if we but wait a little longer and continue to retain the respect and confidence of the people.

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SUFFERED AGONY WITH NEURALGIA

Nothing Helped Her Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives"

"Campbellville, Ont., May 5, 1913. "I cannot speak too highly of 'Fruit-a-tives.' For over thirty years I have suffered from Chronic Neuralgia and Constipation, experiencing untold agony. I took bottle after bottle of medicine without relief. The doctor told me I would not get better, but 'Fruit-a-tives' proved that the doctor was wrong, by giving me quick relief and finally and completely curing me. "I would not have my present health if it was not for 'Fruit-a-tives' and I am glad of the opportunity of giving you this letter about such a splendid remedy as 'Fruit-a-tives,' for the guidance of other women who may be similarly affected."

"MRS. NATHAN DUNN." "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine made from fruit juices and is particularly suited to women because of its mild action and pleasant taste. "Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c, or may be obtained from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

WANTED

The Names and Addresses of all BLIND PEOPLE in or Near-by This Municipality. Sighted persons knowing of such addresses will confer a favor by communicating the same to us. Dominion Tactile Press Publishers of FREE Books and Magazines for the BLIND 275 Delaware Avenue TORONTO

We Deliver Anywhere Barnett's Pure French Brandies 20 years old; per bottle, \$1.75, per pint.....\$1.00 15 years old; per bottle \$1.50, per pint.....75¢ 10 years old; per bottle\$1.25 The B. C. Wine Company, Ltd. Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Brunswick Block, 1216 Douglas Street.

OFF WITH A RUSH! The GREATEST crowds that ever attended a sale in Victoria marked the opening of the GREAT SELLING OUT SALE by the INTERNATIONAL SALVAGE CO. The crowds are terrific, and is it any wonder when you stop and consider that high grade dependable merchandise is being butchered here at next to nothing prices. Come with the crowds to-morrow. Thousands of supreme and unmatched bargains in CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, FURNISHINGS, GROCERIES, TOBACCO etc., await you. Come early, doors open at 10 a.m. Look for the Big Yellow Sign 711-713 Yates Street

AWKWARD QUESTIONS ARE LEFT UNANSWERED

Session Ends Without Replies to Queries on Relations of Government and C. N. P.

Usually the legislative order paper is almost a blank for the last sitting before prorogation, but it was otherwise this session, and the change does not reflect any credit on the government.

That the order paper for yesterday afternoon ran to eight pages is accounted for by the fact that the government has practically refused to answer a series of questions which Parker Williams had placed upon the notice paper two weeks ago. These had to do with the relations of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway company and the government.

Greater part of the information asked for, and which the public ought to have, should be in the department of railways or be at the fingers-ends of ministers. Hon. Thomas Taylor assured the member for Newcastle that the questions would be prepared as rapidly as possible. The session has closed without anything being seen of them or any minister again mentioning them, so that the assertion is quite fair, that the government did not wish to give the information which Mr. Williams asked for.

The questions. It will do no harm to recall what these were. Mr. Williams desired to know:

- 1. What amount of securities guaranteed by the government under authority of paragraph 9 of the schedule to chapter 3, statutes of 1910, have been issued to date?
2. What amount of said securities have been sold to date?
3. What has been the gross amount realized from such sale?
4. What has been the net amount realized from such sale?
5. What disposition has been made of the moneys realized from such sale to date?
6. What crown lands have been applied for by the railway company to date under authority of paragraph 13 (d) of chapter 3, 1910?
7. What crown lands have been granted under authority of paragraph 13 (d) of chapter 3, 1910?
8. Has the railway company acquired any rights to coal lands or mines in British Columbia under authority of section 9 of chapter 4, 1910? If so, what rights?
9. Has the railway company promoted any other companies in British Columbia under authority of section 11, chapter 4, 1910? If so, what other companies?
10. Has the railway company exercised the powers conferred upon it by sections 12, 13 and 14 of chapter 4, 1910? If so, in what manner?
11. Has the railway company received, or had granted to it, any bonuses, lands, loans, gifts, moneys, or securities of any kind under authority of section 15, chapter 4, 1910?
12. If so, what has the railway company had granted or received, and upon what conditions and from what source?
13. What amount of the authorized capital stock of the company has been subscribed for to date?
14. What has been the gross amount received from the sale of such capital stock?
15. What has been the net amount received from such sale of capital stock?
16. Has any of the capital stock of the company been issued as preferred stock?
17. If so, what are the terms of the preference?
18. How much (if any) of such preferred stock has been sold?
19. What has been the gross and net price realized from such sale?
20. Who are the directors of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway company?
21. Who are the directors of the Northern Construction company?
22. What amount (if any) of the securities authorized to be issued by section 28, chapter 4, 1910, have been so issued to date?
23. What amount of money has been received from the sale of said securities?
24. What rate of interest do said securities bear?
25. What are the terms of repayment?
26. What amount of securities (if any) have been issued under authority of section 29 of chapter 4, 1910?
27. What amounts (gross and net) have been received from the sale of such securities?
28. What are the conditions of such securities as to payment of interest and repayment of principal?
29. What amounts (if any) have been paid by the directors of the stock, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the railway company under authority of section 31 of chapter 4, 1910?
30. To whom have such payments been made?
31. For what service or consideration have such payments been made?
32. What contracts have been entered into by the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway company to date for the construction of its main line, and branches?
33. With whom were such contracts made?
34. What was the contract price in each case?
35. What was the amount of tenders of unsuccessful tenderers in each case?
As may easily be realized truthful answers to these questions would have been exceedingly awkward for the government, but the questions suggest how far from living up to its contract with the people of British Columbia the Canadian Northern Pacific is.

While the government could not agree that this bill should be read a second time, he could promise the honorable gentleman that in common with many other questions submitted by the member for Newcastle, and the mover in the past few years every consideration would be given to the suggestions he had outlined. Now that the government had the report of the commission it proposed to pursue consistently the same policy it had always adopted, and present to parliament next session laws that ought to cover fully the entire subject.

Too Late. Mr. Williams remarked that no particular good could be served by going into the matter at this stage of the session. So far as the labor commission was concerned he had no doubt of its recommending that the present law be brought up to date. But it was little comfort for the widow coming back from the graveyard, after leaving there the bruised remains of a husband killed in a logging camp, to reflect that when the government got time it might deal with such matters; small comfort that for two years people had been told that a commission would be appointed, for another year they were told to wait until the commission had reported and that after another year legislation would be based upon this report. It was no comfort for a widow, no support for her children. Notwithstanding the province's magnificent resources in timber, the government still refused to compel the timber industry to carry its own killed and injured and sick. He had several cases in his mind of wives and children of loggers who could not get redress. Why could not the government allow this amendment to the law to be made now, since it was in line with the recommendation of its own commission? His intentions might change by next session or it might be unable to carry out its intentions.

The Premier reiterated his promise of legislation and intimated that the idea was to frame the workmen's compensation clauses along the lines of the state of Washington law. A division was taken on the motion for second reading, which was defeated by the following vote: For—Williams, Place—2. Against—McBride, Bowser, Taylor, Ross, Fraser, Mackenzie, Manson (Comox), Maclean, Manson (Skeena), Tidball, Callanan, Jackson, Pooley, Cotton, Thomson, Hunter, Manson (Dewdney), Foster, Macgowan, McGuire, Mackay, Davey, Behrman—23.

Nine-Hour Day For Domestic. In moving the second reading of the bill to fix a nine-hour day for those in domestic service, Parker Williams said it came to him from an unusual trades union in Vancouver, a union of domestics with a very respectable membership. The general attitude towards domestic work was that it was menial and degrading. Why any form of work should be considered menial or termed degrading it was beyond him to say, but it was so considered. Young girls would do anything in preference to house work. The cause of the abhorrence of this form of work seemed to be due in some degree to the conditions surrounding it, to the lack of responsibility, initiative and individuality which was the result of the employer being always around, the long hours and the remuneration. The solution for the difficulty of securing domestic help heretofore had been to subsidize agencies like the Salvation Army to bring in domestics from the old land and elsewhere. The best remedy was to remove the conditions which led to the country's own young women forsaking that mode of earning a livelihood. Nine hours was quite long enough for a woman to labor in the wearing duties of the household, and hence that was the limit set in the bill.

The Premier thought the proposals were more or less drastic and nothing of the kind should be brought into operation under a considerable period of time. He scarcely believed there was a demand for such regulations, and he would leave it to the private contract of mistress and maid. If in the end the government came to the conclusion that a law would be wise it would be enacted.

The motion for second reading was lost. Dentistry Act. It looked for a time yesterday as if the Dentistry bill would be one of those to go by the board at the session's close, but it just slipped along within a few minutes of the rising of the house at 5 o'clock.

As amended in committee, however, its own mother would not know it, and it is understood that the dentists would not say thank you for it now. They have it, though, and have to put up with it. The original bill as introduced was designed to make the close corporation tighter still, according to the critics of the bill, and this led to such an outcry against its provisions that the amendments were drafted. These were satisfactory to the opponents of the measure, but not at all to the dentists who had asked for the bill, although they say that they did not desire to oppose them.

The appointment of the examiners is placed in the hands of the lieutenant-governor-in-council, and the body must hold examinations every six months, besides which any person can have a special examination held at any time on payment of an examination fee not exceeding \$50. The examiners, immediately after each examination, must forward a full report to the provincial secretary, with the papers, the marking of these and the awards to each candidate, and these will be on file in the office of the provincial secretary, so that in no future action will the dental college be able to allege that its charterman burned the papers that the courts may require. An appeal to a judge of the supreme court can be taken by a dissatisfied candidate.

LEGISLATURE ENDS SESSION AT NIGHT

Close on One Hundred Bills Are Assented to; Lieut.-Governor Thanks Legislators

The second session of the thirteenth parliament of British Columbia was prorogued shortly before 10 o'clock last night with the usual formality, quite as dignified as that marking the glitter and pomp of the opening of the house. There were 20 members present when the lieutenant-governor took his seat, most of them arrayed for the dinner which the ministers were to give as soon as the proceedings were over. All the business had been concluded at 6 o'clock, but while waiting for the arrival of the governor the private bills committee, through its chairman, Ernest Miller, made its last report. As soon as the governor had sented himself the great doors at the entrance to the chamber were opened and revealed the photographers ready to snap the legislative body. His flash-light did not work promptly and it was not until the fourth attempt that he succeeded. After the governor had left and Mr. Speaker Eberts had resumed the chair another photograph was taken.

Many Measures. Thornton, Fell, K. C., the veteran clerk of the legislative assembly, read the list of bills which had been passed since his honor last attended to assist to the loan enabling bill. These were 93 in number, making with the two assented to recently and the indemnifying bill assented to in the first week of the session, 95 bills to be passed by the legislature, and constituting a record for work so far as volume of bills is concerned. Of these assented to last night, however, no fewer than 55 were amending existing statutes, another revealed a chapter of the revised statutes and the other 34 were new or consolidated legislation.

The bills to secure the royal assent were as follows: An act to amend the Milk act. An act to amend the Benevolent Societies act. An act to amend the Charitable Associations act. An act to amend the Industrial Communities act. An act to amend the Industrial and Provident Societies act. An act to amend the Literary Societies act. An act to amend the Mutual Fire Insurance Companies act. An act to amend the Co-operative Associations act. An act to amend the Investment and Loan Societies act. An act to amend the Dentistry act. An act to validate an agreement between the corporation of the district of Burnaby and the corporation of the city of New Westminster for the building of a main or trunk sewer.

An act to ratify an agreement made between the corporation of the city of Victoria and the corporation of the township of Esquimalt respecting construction and maintenance of a joint sewer. An act to amend the Creditors' Trust Deeds act. An act to amend the Provincial Elections act. An act to amend the Sandon Relationship act. An act to amend the Sale of Goods act. An act for the protection of certain animals and birds. An act providing for a joint sewerage and drainage system for the city of Vancouver and adjoining districts. An act respecting the royalty on timber. An act to amend the Forest act. An act to amend the Trespass act. An act to amend the Small Debts Court act. An act respecting St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church, New Westminster. An act to rectify clerical errors in the schedule to the Bulkley Valley Official Map act. An act to provide for the publication of unpaid moneys. An act to regulate theatres and cinematographs. An act to amend the Trade Licenses act. An act to amend the Municipal Elections act. An act to amend the Public Works act. An act to amend the Department of Public Works act. An act to amend the Local Improvement act. An act to amend the Liquor License act. An act to amend the County Courts act. An act to amend the Fire-escape act. An act to amend the Coal and Petroleum act. An act to amend the Infants act. An act to make provision for further aid toward the construction of the Canadian Northern Pacific railway. An act to make provision for further aid toward the construction of the Pacific Great Eastern railway. An act to amend the Bills of Sale act. An act to amend the Land act. An act to amend the Columbian Methodist College act, 1893. An act to amend the Chartered Accountants act, 1905. An act respecting the Methodist church. An act to incorporate the Northern Telephone company. An act relating to Shaughnessy Heights. An act respecting the city of New Westminster, British Columbia. An act to amend the Dominion Trust Company act, 1913. An act respecting the corporation of the district of Portletton. An act to validate certain by-laws of the city of North Vancouver and the proceedings of the city council for the year 1913. An act to amend the Supas Development Company, Limited, act, 1905. An act to confer upon the corpor-

ation of the district of Saanich certain powers in connection with light, water and sewers. An act to incorporate the Congressional College of British Columbia. An act to readjust the boundary between the district of Burnaby and the township of Richmond. An act to grant power to the corporation of the city of Port Alberni to enter into a certain agreement with the Ritchie-Agnew Power company, Limited. An act to amend the Provincial Jubilee Hospital act, 1890. An act to amend the Municipalities Incorporation act. An act to amend the Evidence act. An act to amend the Plans Cancellation act. An act to amend the Special Surveyers act. An act to amend the Execution act. An act to amend the Partnership act. An act respecting minerals in or adjacent to a tunnel under construction by the Canadian Pacific railway company near Rogers Pass. An act to amend the Probate Duty act. An act respecting the Discovery and Conservation of Radium. An act to amend the Insurance act. An act to amend the British Columbia Fire Insurance act. An act to amend the Provincial Fisheries act. An act to increase the revenues of the crown. An act to repeal chapter 23 of the Revised statutes. An act respecting a certain local improvement by-law of the city of Cumberland. An act to amend the Land Registry act. An act respecting water and water-power, declaring the rights of the crown therein, and relating to the diversion, acquisition, and use of water. An act to amend the Found District act. An act to amend the Deserted Wives' Maintenance act. An act to amend the Line Fences act. An act to amend the Dyking Assessments' Adjustment act, 1905. An act to amend the Public Schools act. An act to amend the Summary Convictions act. An act to amend the Sheriffs act. An act to amend the Noxious Weeds act. An act to amend the Counties Demarcation act. An act to amend the Distress act. An act to amend the Drainage, Dyking and Irrigation act, 1912. An act respecting agricultural associations. An act relating to trust companies. An act to make provision for the welfare and protection of women and children living under communal conditions. An act to ratify an agreement bearing date the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, between his majesty the King and the Kettle Valley Railway company. An act to amend the Companies act. An act to amend the Motor-traffic Regulation act. An act further to amend the Constitution act. An act respecting brands. An act to incorporate the city of Squamish.

Lieutenant-Governor's Speech. Mr. Speaker Eberts presented the supply bill and the assent of the crown was expressed with the customary thanks for the generosity of the people's representatives. His honor read the closing speech, which follows: "Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: "In relieving you of your legislative duties I am convinced I voice the sentiments of yourselves and the people of British Columbia in expressing deep regret at the great loss the empire has sustained by the death of the Earl of Minto. As governor-general of Canada, and in his long connection with the Dominion, he was universally respected for his high sense of duty, his devotion to his country, and his qualities as a statesman. These qualities were recognized by the many honors conferred on him by his sovereign and the important positions he was called upon to fill. "It affords me pleasure to convey to you my high appreciation of the careful attention you have given to the important questions submitted for your consideration. "The authority given for the raising of a provincial loan will be exercised with due regard to economy and so as to enable works already under way to be prosecuted, as well as others necessary for the continued growth of the province to be undertaken. "In furtherance of the engagements already entered into with respect to the Canadian Northern Pacific railway, the Pacific Great Eastern railway, and the Kettle Valley railway, the measures approved by you will, I trust, insure the benefit of the people of the province. "The provisions for the further encouragement of forestry and irrigation, and other enactments dealing with the natural resources, are framed with a view to the continued development of these most important provincial assets. "Other important enactments in the public interest are those dealing with the Municipal act and for the better control of companies dealing with trust funds. "The conclusions arrived at after careful investigation by the royal commissions on agriculture and labor will no doubt greatly assist the legislature in its consideration of the near future of these all-important interests. "The prompt steps taken to encourage the discovery of radium and to make the stores of this mineral as far as possible available for the benefit of humanity must meet with general approval. "The amendments to the School act extending the scope of education and providing for the teaching of technical subjects are intended to keep pace with the demands of modern life. "I thank you for the liberal supply arranged for the administration of public affairs; and, in taking leave of you, venture to express the hope that your

labor may prove of the greatest benefit to the province of British Columbia. The speaker saw his honor from the chamber, and when he had returned the provincial secretary declared the session closed and the assembly prorogued until again called for the dispatch of business. The national anthem was sung, thereby onstrating that though the legislators are loyal and are vocalists of a kind musical expression is not their forte.

Advertisement for Gordon's Millinery and Ladies' and Children's Apparel. Includes address 739 Yates St., Phone 1391, and dates Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 5, 6 and 7. Text: 'A Resplendent Array of the Fascinating Styles Created by the Most Celebrated New York, London and Parisian Masters. All women interested in the trend of Spring Fashions will derive much pleasure and valuable information from the important exhibition.'

Advertisement for 'The Times Home and Office Atlas of the World'. Text: 'For Students, Young and Old A Complete Atlas For Times Readers. The Times has received from the printers a consignment of the Canadian Home and Office Atlas of the World. One copy of which can be procured by any subscriber to the Times on presentation of the coupon printed below and payment of \$1.25. This Atlas sells elsewhere for over-double that price and is procurable in Victoria only through the Times. This is cost price to the Times in large quantities, our object being to provide readers of the Times with a book that they need. The Atlas contains a new series of maps compiled from Government surveys and exhibiting the latest results of geographical research. The book contains 126 pages and is divided in four sections, as follows: First Section, pages 1 to 62—Maps of Canada, the British Empire and all parts of the world; 62 full pages of beautiful and accurate maps. Second Section, pages 1 to 40—Population figures of all cities and towns of Canada, principal cities of the world and a descriptive gazetteer of the principal cities of the world. Third Section, pages 1 to 8—The World in half-tone. Fourth Section, pages 1 to 16—Panama and the Canal. The Atlas, complete in every respect, is well printed on heavy paper and bound in heavy covers. It is in every respect a book that every home in Victoria should possess, and for students, whether young or old, is simply indispensable. Many Atlases have been published but one so complete has never been offered at such a remarkably low price. All the maps and other information are brought up-to-date, the book having just come from the press. The Times offers it only to subscribers and readers who present this coupon at the Times office, where the book can be inspected. Sent by parcel post at same price. The Times Printing and Publishing Co. Corner Fort and Broad Streets VICTORIA, B. C. COUPON Canadian Home and Office Atlas The Times Will Please Deliver One Copy to Price \$1.25

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Five room cottage, between Bay and Haultain; new; three bedrooms; full basement, etc. Lot fenced. Price, on terms.....\$3900

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Fine large ten-roomed house on Newport avenue, facing golf links; lot 90x123. Beautiful, uninterrupted view of straits and mountains. The price offered is far below the cost of house and lot. Price, on terms...\$10,000

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HILLSIDE DISTRICT—1 minute from car, 4-room cottage with 2 full-size lots, all fenced, water and electric light; special price for immediate sale \$2,100; cash payment \$500, balance \$15 monthly.

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TWO-ROOM HOUSE, near Richmond avenue, about 2 minutes from car, newly papered, fenced, small pantry, water in house; price \$900; cash payment \$100, balance \$15 monthly.

TO-DAY IN CANADIAN HISTORY

Forty years ago to-day the first legislature of Prince Edward Island under confederation was convened in Charlottetown, and the machinery of government in Canada's baby province was formally inaugurated. Prince Edward Island, although reluctant to join the Dominion when it became an accomplished fact, was the pioneer in the movement for union. Charlottetown was the scene of the first confederation conference in 1864, just half a century ago. When the plan was initiated the promoters contemplated only a union of the maritime provinces, but at Charlottetown it was decided to enlarge the scope of the convention so as to include all the provinces, and to adjourn to Quebec for a later and more representative meeting. Prince Edward Island was represented at Quebec, but when the test came the friends of confederation were unable to carry the necessary two resolutions. The legislature, by a vote of twenty-three to five, expressed the opinion that by joining the union would be "politically, commercially, and financially disastrous to the rights and interests of the people" of the province. In 1873 Prince Edward Islanders began to repent of having taken this stand, and overtures were made to Ottawa, which resulted in signing terms of union. On Dominion Day, 1873, Prince Edward Island became a full-fledged province of Canada, and on the fifth of the following March the legislature met to consider the many and vital problems which then faced Prince Edward Islanders and threatened their future prosperity. The land question was settled by an act of the Dominion parliament, which compelled owners of large estates to accept a reasonable price for their property, to be determined by arbitration.

FIRST THINGS

The first white man to set foot on the mainland of the North American continent was John Cabot, or Giovanni Caboto, a Venetian mariner who received letters patent from Henry VII, dated March 5, 1498, just 418 years ago to-day. The Italian had been a merchant in Bristol, England, for many years before his ambition was fired by the discoveries of Columbus, leading him to apply to the English monarch for permission to fit out a fleet for a voyage of exploration. He sailed from Bristol in 1497, with two ships, and accompanied by his sons, Sebastian, Lewis and Sancto. Historians differ as to Cabot's landing place, although the evidence apparently favors Cape Breton, Nova Scotia. Others hold that Cabot and his adventurers first touched the shores of Newfoundland or landed amid the ice and cold of Labrador, but the Cape Breton theory has received almost conclusive proof. Thus it was Cabot who first planted the English flag on American shores, and who paved the way for those settlements which have developed into the mighty Dominion and the great republic. With his frail and feeble vessels he sailed stormier seas than Columbus ever saw, and his reward was even less than that of the Genoese adventurer.

A crowd of small boys was gathered about the entrance of a circus tent one day, trying to get a glimpse of the interior. A man standing near watched them for a few minutes, then, walking up to the ticket-seller, he said: "Let all these boys in and count them as they pass." The man did as requested, and when the last one had gone he turned and said: "Twenty-eight." "Good!" said the man. "I guessed just right," and walked off.

Salaries in the courts of justice of the United Kingdom for the last year amounted to \$214,282.

IN THE QUEST FOR THE BEST JOIN THE

Y.M.C.A.

Phone 2980.

Blanchard and View Sts.

BAIRD & M'KEON

1210 Douglas Street.

Sidney—Waterfront lot, Shoal Harbor, with small house, size 50x160. Easy terms. Price\$550

Cook St.—Corner, on car line, with cottage; size of lot 99x20. Easy terms. Price\$15,000

Saanichton—4.15 acres on main road, good soil, no rock. Easy terms. Price\$4,000

Fowl Bay—Waterfront lot, size 50x155. One-third cash, balance arranged. Price\$3,000

To Let—Cedar Hill Road, 6 roomed modern house, rent \$15. Acton St., 7 roomed modern house, rent \$30. Johnson St., close in, 10 roomed modern house, rent \$40.

FOR SALE

Cameron Lumber Co. Mill Wood \$3.00 big double load; \$1.50 single load, and 4 ft. slabs. All good, sound wood. Orders promptly filled. PHONE 5000

FOR RENT

Fine Office at Corner of Government and Broughton Streets, also Large Store or Office on Corner of Wharf and Fort Streets For Particulars Apply to

Money to Loan

Swinerton & Musgrave

Winch Building

640 Fort St.

HUMAN PROCESSION

What is the hardest job in the world? Police commissioner of New York city, one might say offhand, but nobody ever holds that berth long enough to acquire many gray hairs. To the casual observer the office of superintendent of public schools of the same big town would seem to offer enough difficulties to deserve the description, although William Henry Maxwell, who has been its incumbent for some sixteen years, would doubtless deny any such claim to fame. The educator who heads Greater New York's army of 22,000 teachers and nearly 700,000 school children was born 62 years ago to-day at Stewartstown, County Tyrone, Ireland, the son of a clergyman, the Rev. John Maxwell. He was educated at Queen's university, Ireland, receiving the degrees of A. B. and A. M.

It was 40 years ago that Mr. Maxwell, a youth of 22, landed in New York to begin his career as an educator. Within eight years he had risen to the assistant superintendency of the Brooklyn school system, and in 1887 he became superintendent. When Greater New York was launched in 1898, and Brooklyn ceased to be a separate city, Dr. Maxwell became the head of all the public schools of the consolidated municipality.

Dr. Maxwell receives a salary of \$10,000 a year, and in return he exercises a general supervision over the principals and teachers of New York's 505 elementary schools, 22 high schools, three training schools for teachers, two vocational schools and three truant schools. The educational army of which he is the general is composed of 15,689 women and 1,349 men teachers in the elementary schools, and 947 women and 228 men in the high schools. There are also 2,425 teachers in the evening schools, and about a hundred attendance officers to look after truants. The public school pupils of Greater New York total 630,558 in the kindergarten, primary and grammar schools, and 44,378 in the high schools. The 1914 appropriation for operating the vast school system headed by Dr. Maxwell is \$38,202,496.92, of which \$14,485,975.17 constitutes the general school fund for teachers' salaries. Superintendent Maxwell has a large discretionary power in managing school affairs, but his important acts and those of his eight associate superintendents are subject to the approval of the board of education.

For several years Dr. Maxwell has had a stormy career, what with the equal pay for equal work agitation of the fair teachers, and other interior Irish-born, he has a preference for peace, and in his latest report he expressed the hope that "our city schools should have peace for a time in order to recover from the injury that has been caused by salary agitations, school investigations, and efforts to secure unwholesome legislation." The question as to whether or not it is a crime for married women teachers to have babies also gave rise to an agitation among New York teachers that attracted wide attention, although Dr. Maxwell happily for him was not called upon to decide the matter.

Superintendent Maxwell admits that the New York school system is not perfect, but he does not admit all the defects alleged by members of inquiry committees. The public school system of Greater New York is the most gigantic "melting pot" of the nations ever developed in the history of the world, and the enormous foreign population, speaking a multitude of tongues, makes the adjustment of educational methods to individual needs a task of surpassing difficulty—perhaps the hardest job in the world. Dr. Maxwell has also to contend with a rapidly growing city which has always outstripped schools and educational facilities, and "the persistent effort, against which it was always necessary to struggle, to prevent politics from controlling the schools." And that last alone has been a man's size job.

LOCAL DRUGGIST MAKES MANY FRIENDS

Hall & Co., 702 Yates street, reports they are making many friends through the QUICK benefit which Victoria people receive from the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ka. This remedy became famous by curing appendicitis and it is the "most thorough" bowel cleanser known, acting on BOTH the lower and upper bowels. JUST ONE DOSE of Adler-ka relieves constipation and gas on the stomach almost IMMEDIATELY.

We are a great people, no doubt, but if our boys and girls are to knock off their education at 14 while the young people in other nations continue theirs to 18, 19 and 20, as some of them are doing, that other nation will get ahead of us and nothing can prevent it.—Dr. Macnamara, M. P.

SMITHERS

The G. T. P.'s chief divisional point on the main line between Prince George and Prince Rupert, remarkable for the fact that its realty values are still low in spite of its assured future as an important point in the interior.

Low Prices Cannot Last Long

Those who know what is ahead of Smithers, those who make up the permanent population of almost 1,000, all gathered together within a period of six months, know that the present low prices will not last long. Desirable property is being snapped up very rapidly. The fact that Smithers is assured of a railroad pay-roll and that it is chief distributing point for the fertile Bulkley Valley, makes its future certain.

Best Inside Lots Selling Now For Few Dollars Down and Two Years to Pay the Balance

Only a few dollars down and the balance spread over two years—those are the easy terms on which some of the best inside lots in Smithers can be bought now. Quick action is necessary; don't delay a day. Write, phone or call and you will be given full and complete information free and without any obligation whatsoever.

Write, Phone or Call, TO-DAY

ALDOUS & MURRAY, LTD.

305 Jones Building. Phone 4624. Victoria, B. C.

General Sales Agents.

SCRAP BOOK.

This is "Umbrella Day," the Anniversary of First Umbrella.

March has always been noted as a stormy month. It was 144 years ago to-day, March 5, 1770, that an umbrella was first seen on the streets of an American city. Baltimore has the honor of being the birthplace of that most useful and now generally used contrivance for protection from the rain. To the hardy Marylanders of that period, the umbrella was an offensive device, and the man who first carried one was hooted and jeered.

The Baltimore umbrella was a French importation, crude and heavy, and bore slight resemblance to the umbrella of to-day, which has been reduced to the size of a walking stick, and opens at the touch of a spring. Many years passed before Americans generally adopted the device.

Early English and American dictionaries defined the umbrella as "a portable pent-house to carry in a person's hand to screen him from violent rain or heat." Portable they were, after a fashion, although they were too heavy and cumbersome for the strength of the average woman.

France, Spain and Italy were the first European countries to adopt the umbrella, which came to them from the Orient, where the device had been in use since remote times, and where in many countries it was considered a symbol of royalty or dignity. Umbrellas appear in the carvings at Persepolis, Ancient China where shows figures shaded by umbrellas.

In England, as on this side of the Atlantic, the umbrella was at first greeted with scorn. Jonas Hanway, the philanthropist, is said to have been the first Englishman who generally used an umbrella in the streets of London. The umbrella was bitterly denounced by the hackney-coachmen and chairmen of London, who carried on a prosperous business on rainy days, and who feared that a general adoption of the umbrella would work injury to their trade.

he remarked that he possessed "a fine silk umbrella," which he brought from Spain, and added: "But I could not with any comfort to myself use it, the people calling out, 'Frenchman, why don't you get a coach?'" The footman adds that he "persisted for three months, till the people took no further notice of this novelty. Foreigners began to use theirs in London, and then the English."

A FIREMAN'S PERIL

How Zam-Buk Delivered Him.

At 215 Fraser avenue, Edmonton, Alta., lives W. P. Mahy, a former member of the local fire brigade, who has wonderful cause to be thankful for the curative powers of Zam-Buk. He says: "A serious skin disease broke out on my face, and spread until I was in a terrible state. The spots and little ulcers were frightfully irritating, and yet when scratched or rubbed they bled and smarted. Shaving caused me agony, and sometimes I would have to go two weeks without a shave. I tried home-made remedies, herb salves, and various other preparations, but the sores got no better. When Zam-Buk was mentioned I had little faith that it would be able to do me any good. My case seemed such an obstinate one, I gave it a fair trial, however, and the first box made such a wonderful change for the better that it gave me encouragement to continue. I did so, and to cut a long story short, Zam-Buk, in the end, quite cured me. My face is now clear of all traces of the terrible disease, which troubled me for so long."

Thousands of sufferers from eczema, blood poison, ulcers, chronic sores, piles, ringworm, cold sores, cuts, burns and skin injuries, have been relieved and cured, as was Mr. Mahy, by Zam-Buk. As a balm for all skin injuries and diseases it is without equal. All druggists and stores at 50c box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful substitutes.

Really—Minister (calling on inmate of prison)—"Remember, Mr. Kenney, that stone walls do not a prison make, nor iron bars a cage." Kenney—"Well, they've got me hypnotised, then, that's all."

Two Splendid Opportunities

Irving Road, Hollywood, six-roomed house, fully furnished and furniture in good condition. Three-roomed cottage, furnished, in rear of lot. Rents for \$20 per month. Lot size 50x240. Terms \$1500 cash, balance arrange. Price\$5250

Sutlej Street, Fairfield Estate, between Cook and Vancouver street, six-roomed, fully furnished cottage; cement basement; furnace; tinted walls, and thoroughly modern. Terms \$1500 cash, balance \$65 per month including interest. Price\$6500

MONEY TO LOAN

P. R. BROWN

PHONE 1076

1112 BROAD STREET

Fire Insurance Written

ONLY \$4,500

For a five-room fully modern bungalow in Oak Bay, one block from car; cement sidewalk and boulevard on street; open fireplace, furnace, beam ceilings, etc. Lot 40x134. Easy terms can be arranged.

For further information apply to

R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS

Telephone 30.

622 Fort St., Victoria, Estab. 1890

ALTA VISTA

Overlooking Elk Lake

Beautiful homesite, rich soil, magnificent view. \$500 per acre up.

SECURITY INK WRITERS

Wanted at Once

Bargain in high-class acreage, within ten-mile circle. Must be park-like and cheap.

Cheap lot, about 50x120, neighborhood of Granite street, Oak Bay.

To trade, lots with indefeasible title for house without mortgage, value about \$4500, preferably new.

To exchange lots for good agreements of sale.

H. F. PULLEN

Oak Bay Realty Office
2056 Oak Bay Avenue.
Phone 3543

FOR SALE—LOTS

A FAIRFIELD SNAP—Where are you going to build your future home? Do you know that Fairfield is rapidly filling up and it will be hard to get a lot of anything like a reasonable figure in the near future? Take this opportunity before it's too late. Moss St., 1100, close to car, park and sea, \$1,700; \$150 cash, balance arranged. The best buy in Fairfield. National Realty Co., 1232 Government St. m6

WANTED—To establish a business, there is a good salary will be paid. No get-rich schemes or speculations considered. Apply, giving details, in strict confidence and arrange for interview to Box 3553, Times. m7

FOR SALE—An equity of over \$700 in a magnificent planina (48 and 65 notes) for only \$250. Box 3553, Times. m7

WANTED—To buy a good country store or a well established and progressive business on the Island. Box 3554, Times. m7

FOR SALE—LOTS

OLANFORD ORCHARD SUBDIVISION—Lots have only to be seen to be bought, and they are only 1 minute from the V. & N. station and 3 minutes from the B. C. Electric Railway. Prices from \$500 each. Buy early to get a good pick, and remember the first buyers in the subdivision are the ones to make money. Phone 5381 for plan. m7

MUST BE SOLD—Excellent lot, St. Patrick, near Saratoga; \$1,575 terms; \$1,475 cash. H. Booth, 3 Bridgman Bldg., m7

WATERFRONT, HOLLYWOOD—Client had pressed, sacrifices splendid homesite, every improvement \$250; urgent disposal necessary. E. S. Harris, Sayward. Phone 3513, 42151. m7

FOR SALE—HOUSES

OWNER IS HARD UP and will sacrifice for \$100 his four-room cottage on Oxford street; the lot is worth \$2,000 and the house cost \$1,300 to build two years ago. Terms and particulars, John Greenwood, 1311 Blenheim street. m7

FAIRFIELD BARGAIN—Only \$5,200, new, 7-room residence, overlooking sea, high lot, charming view. 24 Upper Bushby. m9

A DOWNRIGHT BARGAIN—The "homemaker looking for something out of the ordinary, we would draw attention to this offer which is without doubt the very best home in Victoria, consisting of a 5-roomed, well-built, strictly modern bungalow, situated on very fine high and wide lot, 50 x 122 with good soil, in choice neighborhood, on-mile and half circle, half block from the water, and the absolute best part of Fairfield, near Dallas Road, Beacon Hill Park and car. Will take \$4,000 cash, or \$3,000 cash and \$1,000 cash as first payment. Don't fail to see this. National Realty Co., 1232 Government St. m6

FAIRFIELD SNAP—7 roomed house, close to car line, modern in every respect, only \$5,500, easy terms. \$1,500 for this 18 months ago. Dalby & Lawson, 615 Fort street. m7

A HIGH CLASS, strictly modern home of 8 rooms, on choice lot, cement basement, furnace, garage (cement floor), all tile drained, every device to make housekeeping easy. This is certainly a beautiful home, the absolute best part of Fairfield, near Dallas Road, Beacon Hill Park and car. Will take \$4,000 cash, or \$3,000 cash and \$1,000 cash as first payment. Don't fail to see this. National Realty Co., 1232 Government St. m6

SUNNY CALIFORNIA HOME BRITISH—15 or 20-acre tract on Southern Pacific Railway, near Sacramento, with your own electrical operating pump, irrigation installed free of all charge; cheap power, splendid schools, roads, transportation, farms, \$100 to \$200 per acre, 20 per cent. cash, 1 year for balance at 6 per cent. This land is in perfect condition for the Florida and crop lands. California Land Co., 212 Sayward Block. Phone 2734. m9

CHICKEN RANCH, Langford, 21 acres, all cleared, with tree roomed floor, city water; price \$1,300, easy terms. Apply P. O. Box 1431. Phone 469. m7

FINE ISLAND CHICKEN RANCH—12 acres, \$1,300, easy terms. Victoria Island Sheep and Chicken Ranch, 2180 acres; \$50 per acre; about 40 acres under plough, good, high, sheltered bay. F. Letts, 311 B. C. Permanent Bldg. m6

FARMS at prices which pay, close to good markets. Farmers' Association, within 12-mile circle, well built, price \$1,800; 5 acres, close Shannigan, for \$900; 10 acres, close to station, for \$1,200; 100 acres, partly cleared, for \$2,000; 100 acres, on good road and river, per acre, \$40; 200 acres, long river frontage, per acre, \$20; 200 acres, on good road and river, per acre, \$20; 200 acres, on good road and river, per acre, \$20. Enquire Edwin Prampton, sole agent, McGregor Block, View street, opposite Spencer's. Phone 323. m7

THE CHEAPEST LAND IN THE DISTRICT—45 per acre; 200 acres on good road, 2 miles from E. & N. Railway and close to station. Solo agent, Edwin Prampton, McGregor Block, View street, opposite Spencer's. Phone 323. m7

FOR SALE—11 acres, chicken ranch, Cedar Hill road, house, barn, chicken house, everything complete. \$200 cash. Chas. F. Eagles, Mahon Block m7

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

IF IT'S BROKEN we can weld it, also, aluminum, wrought or cast iron, brass, etc. We build new teeth into broken gears, machines and harden like new. Automobile repairs and overhauls a specialty. Look around your home for broken parts, whether worth a dollar or a hundred we save you money. Auto Machine & Auto Co., 311 View. Phone 2346. m7

MINERS' LIBERATION LEAGUE—Mrs. Kate Sadler will speak on the miners' question in the Variety Theatre Sunday, March 8, meeting commencing 8 p. m. Come and hear one of the finest woman orators on the American continent. m7

WE HAVE several sums of money, low at current rates. Hart & Todd, Ltd., 71 Fort street. m11

CENTRAL—Large, partly furnished housekeeping room, \$2 a week; adults only. 59 Princess avenue. m7

FOR SALE—4-seater rig, in good order. \$40. 60 Manchester road. m7

FOR SALE—Pure bred fox terrier pup. Apply Box 73, Times. m7

TO MOTORISTS—W. Armstrong begs to inform his numerous friends and motorists of Victoria and district generally that he has taken over the "Dunsmuir Garage," corner of Superior and Menzies streets, behind the Parliament Buildings, and that he is not now associated with any other firm in the city. The machine shop being fitted with the latest and best machinery and tools, so that quick and accurate work can be done at the lowest cost possible. Repairs will be opened Monday, March 9. Note the address, Superior and Menzies streets. Phone, residence, 4271. m7

AIR BLAST HEATER and pipes, also two-barrel gasolene and kerosene stoves, aerified. Phone 5271. m7

WE ARE PREPARED to discount good agreements of sale. Hall & Foster, Ltd. m7

K. F. CASTLE HALL, North Park St., Mrs. L. Ross, B. D., will give a lecture in the hall on Sunday, March 8, 1.30 p. m., subject, "The True and Hidden Benefits of Membership in the Order." Knights and Ladies of above Order and general public cordially invited. m7

A FINE SHIPMENT of poultry for sale, all laying pullets. On view at 2030 Mill street. Oak Bay Poultry Supply Co., Phone 2993. m7

HOUSES TO RENT—5 rooms, close to Fort street, \$25; 6 rooms, Fowl Bay district, \$28. Dalby & Lawson, 615 Fort. m7

WANTED—One or two acres land, near city, for poultry and garden purposes. Send particulars to Box 125, Times. m7

FOR SALE—Huff Bookends for hatchling. \$2 setting; splendid winter layers Mrs. Rutlan, 708 Pine street, Victoria West. m11

TO RENT—Furnished suite, Mount View Apartments, \$5; also one unfurnished at 317, Chas. F. Eagles, Mahon Block. Phone 3773 or 5017. m7

WANTED—Parish boy; must have wheel. Apply Finch & Finch, 125 Times. m7

LOST OR STRAYED—From Highland Drive, Oak Bay, a fox terrier puppy, black and white with black ears; answers to name of "Billie." Finder please Phone 4912. m7

TO LET—Furnished, two large front housekeeping rooms, ground floor, 140 Harrison street, off Fort. m5

ENGLISH BANKERS COMING TO COAST

Vice-President of Pacific Great Eastern Railway Speaks of Conditions

"I think I can safely say that the Pacific Great Eastern railway line will be completed as far as Port George this time next year," Mr. D'Arcy Tate, vice-president of the railway, stated to the Times this morning, on his return from the old country. Mr. Welsh, the general contractor, is in California, still suffering from the effects of the operation which he underwent for appendicitis, but we expect him back early in the spring, and with all the money we want at our disposal we will have no difficulty in finishing well within contract time. I was glad to find on my return that the service we have established on the north shore of Burrard Inlet is very acceptable to the people and is becoming intensely popular. Of course we are running that system at a loss, but by the time the line is pushed to Horse-shoe Bay we expect it to be self-sustaining.

While in London, Mr. Tate had extended opportunity of observing the financial conditions over there, being brought into touch constantly with the great banking establishments. On this head he says: "Financial conditions in the old country are, on the whole, pretty fair. They are on the upward turn, and though it might take well into 1914 to establish any great amount of resiliency, the financial houses are looking forward pretty hopefully to the present year."

Bankers Coming to B. C. "Next month," continued Mr. Tate, "several members of the great London banking houses are coming to western Canada to look over British Columbia, and especially over those parts of the province where the new railroads are opening up. It shows pretty clearly that the big financial men in the mother land are getting alive to the fact that here is a land of great potentialities."

"Among them one of the best known is Mr. Lee Wood, president of the London County and Westminster Bank, who possesses in addition large representing powers."

The vice-president was very gratified at the manner in which the Pacific Great Eastern railway bonds were taken up on the London market near the end of January.

"We just got the psychological moment," he said, "a day or two later half-a-dozen issues were floated, but they fell flat and had to be withdrawn. That was because in the meantime several large national loans had been floated, and they absorbed all the funds."

"I think the tone of the market is getting gradually stronger, and this will have its effect also on Canadian business, though I don't think there will be any return to cheap money."

Three Reasons. Showing how well British Columbia is regarded on the other side of the water, Mr. Tate avers that in any remarks made about slackness in Canton, this province is always excepted. "In my opinion," commented the vice-president, "the things are responsible for this optimistic feeling towards this province. The first is that the Panama canal will be opened this year; the second the Grand Trunk Pacific line will connect ocean with ocean, and the third is the promised completion before the year is out of the Canadian Northern railway. British investors on the whole are confident that any benefits the country will derive from these happenings will inure more to the province of British Columbia than to any other part of the Dominion. In fact at the present time there is a great deal more demand for British Columbia securities than for any other of the western provinces, while British Columbia stands particularly well among all classes of investors."

"We have had pleasing manifestation of this in the conducting of Pacific Great Eastern business by our London financial agents. They state that there has been an astonishing demand for information about the line and the letters by the thousand from individual investors are continually pouring in inquiring into the enterprise and its character. The significance is that in dispensing with brokers the British public are acting on their own judgment in the matter, after investigation has shown their confidence to be justified. There are also great inquiries about the proposed railway in the Peace River district, as the Dominion block up there is regarded with intense interest by intending settlers."

Mr. Tate states that his health is considerably improved, though an attack of rheumatism prevents his moving about much at the present time.

THIEVES HAVE NEW TRICK

Cut Wires on Six Motor Cars Last Night; Occupants Walk Home.

Evidently somewhat deterred in the joy-riding habit in some other person's car, the thieves who have been stealing motor cars in this city for the past few months yesterday started on a new tack. This is to cut the wires attached to the electric batteries on the cars, and thus render the vehicles "hors concours."

This is what was done while a party was being held at a Simcoe street residence last evening. Six cars were standing outside the gate, ready to convey their owners to their homes when they have been setting motor car owners by the ears for weeks past. Evidently afraid in view of their close shave from capture last week of taking the cars out for a jaunt, the pilferers took petty revenge by cutting the wires on all six automobiles, thereby causing the owners a walk-home in the early hours of the morning.

SCOUTS' RECORD

Happenings of Past Year Summed Up at Annual Meeting of B. C. Boy Scouts' Association.

There was a large gathering in the city hall last evening on the occasion of the annual meeting of the British Columbia "Boy Scouts" association. Among those present were his honor the lieutenant-governor; W. D. Ross, district commissioner for Vancouver; the Rev. and Hon. T. R. Henegge, provincial secretary and treasurer; and assistant provincial commissioner; A. G. McInnes, Nanaimo; A. McArthur, Sidney; and H. R. Selze and Wallace H. Johns, of Victoria; His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia; the Rev. W. Barton and Captain T. B. Thomas, of Port Coquitlam. Assistant Scoutmaster J. C. Anthony acted as secretary to the meeting. Sir Richard McBride, Colonel J. A. Hall and Colonel Caniffie, district commissioner for Victoria, were unavoidably absent.

The financial statement, presented by Mr. Henegge, showed a balance of \$1,046.70, which did not, however, represent more, than was absolutely needed for the furthering of any large scheme embracing all the troops in the province.

The annual report showed that during the twelve months ending September 30, 1913, when the census was taken, eleven new troops had been formed, and registered, and Victoria Troop, No. 8, had been reorganized. A number of troops had been suspended, however, owing to the regrettable lack of qualified officers to command them. Many of these troops were doing excellent work, a real desire being shown by the boys to do their part and continue scout-work. It was urged that the council give serious consideration to the question of finding qualified men to act as scoutmasters and assistant scoutmasters, and also that the suggestion be considered of holding a conference with the object of strengthening the organization.

A resolution from the Kelowna troop as to the organization of a combined camp in the vicinity of Okanagan lake for all troops in the district, was given very favorable consideration and will probably be acted upon. It was emphasized that, since the Scouts are an absolutely non-military organization, it is unwise to allow them to attend cadet camps and that district commissioners should, therefore, endeavor to organize Scout camps for the troops in their districts. It was also urged that scoutmasters should impress on parents the fact that the Boy Scout movement has a definite though undenominational religious policy laid down in its constitution.

MOVES FOR AN ACCOUNTING.

Mr. Justice Martin will hear in Admiralty court to-morrow morning at 10.30 an application by J. Percival Walls, counsel for the plaintiffs in the action brought by Captain Brown and three fishermen against the schooner Alliance No. 2 on which they were employed. Judgment was reserved at the trial, and in the morning Mr. Walls will ask that a reference be made to the registrar for an accounting of the goods alleged to have been pillored from the schooner by collusion between the captain and the crew of a foreign vessel. The fishermen were relieved from responsibility by the judge at the trial, but the captain was held responsible for the loss, and the determination of that loss is the matter now before the court.

Three Reasons. Showing how well British Columbia is regarded on the other side of the water, Mr. Tate avers that in any remarks made about slackness in Canton, this province is always excepted. "In my opinion," commented the vice-president, "the things are responsible for this optimistic feeling towards this province. The first is that the Panama canal will be opened this year; the second the Grand Trunk Pacific line will connect ocean with ocean, and the third is the promised completion before the year is out of the Canadian Northern railway. British investors on the whole are confident that any benefits the country will derive from these happenings will inure more to the province of British Columbia than to any other part of the Dominion. In fact at the present time there is a great deal more demand for British Columbia securities than for any other of the western provinces, while British Columbia stands particularly well among all classes of investors."

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LOCAL NEWS

Thousand Dogs Tagged.—With the close of the season for obtaining dog licenses, the collector reports that about 1,000 licenses have been issued, which maintains the records of past years in the city.

Cases Remanded.—The two Sunday observance cases—against Messrs. Alford and Nicklin—in which J. A. Aikman is defending counsel, were today remanded again until to-morrow.

Three Legacies.—The late Mrs. (Capt.) Rudin has left three legacies, all free of duty, each of \$500, to the Royal Jubilee hospital, the Protestant Orphan's home and the Home for Aged Women.

Only Four Appeals Allowed.—Of twenty appeals from the assessment in Esquimalt the court of revision yesterday allowed four and made a total reduction of \$500. Several cases were laid over for consideration Saturday at 10 a. m.

Rotary Club.—At the weekly luncheon of the Rotary club this afternoon there was a divergence from the customary programme, under which a speech or speeches are delivered, and entertainment being given by the members of the club whose names commence with the letter "A." As the season progresses other members will be given an opportunity to assist in the convivial passage of the brief time allowed to members after the luncheon ends.

Impending Arbitrations.—A number of arbitrations in which the city is party are shortly to engage the attention of the nominated arbitrators. J. J. Shallock has been appointed on behalf of John Murray in connection with property required for street widening on Denman street, and Hugh Kennedy for the city. A third name has to be chosen as referee. R. S. Day is to be sole arbitrator in the Burrell claim for compensation for an easement on the Work Estate for sewerage purposes. Another arbitration which has been hanging fire for some time affects the Hittancourt property on the Goldstream road, of which the city requires 12.2 acres for waterworks purposes. The transfer of property between Humpback reservoir and the point where the pipe line strikes the public road, is going on satisfactorily.

Police Commissioners Meet.—The police commissioners met this afternoon, and a recent request of the members of the police force for an increase in pay will also be discussed. Some time ago a suggestion was made that the strike system be done away with, and in its place a definite increase to be given per month. This recommendation does not meet with favor from Chief of Police Langley, who holds that the present system has proved a great inducement to the men, and has materially improved the work of the individual members of the force.

HEAVENLY BODIES SUBJECT OF LECTURE

Under Auspices of Natural History Society Distinguished Astronomer Spoke

A splendid address covering all branches of astronomical work was given last evening by Dr. Plaskett, the eminent Canadian astronomer, at the Alexandra hall last evening. He added to his address a lucid description of the new government telescope which is to be installed at Ottawa, and which will be the largest in the world. A crowded hall gave splendid testimony to the popularity of the lecturer, and the proceedings were under the auspices of the Natural History society.

The motions of the planets occupied the attention of the lecturer for some time, and their relation to the sun was graphically explained. For instance, he showed in an interesting manner how the earth was accompanying the sun in the direction of the star "Vega."

Fixed Star. Some astounding facts about fixed stars were related by the lecturer, who gave an interesting description of the manner in which the distance of these bodies from the earth was calculated; the difficulties to be surmounted in gauging these distances were enormous, owing to the tremendous space of ether which rolled between. According to the lecturer the nearest fixed star to Mother Earth is merely 25,000,000,000 miles away. Such a distance could best be appreciated by stating that it would take a locomotive, going steadily at the rate of a mile a minute, 50,000,000 years to make the trip to the nearest fixed star, and a cannon projectile, travelling at its ordinary speed 2,000,000 years.

The size of these fixed stars was stupendous. The sun was about a million miles in diameter, and the next largest was approximately the same size, many, however, being a good deal larger.

The sun, Dr. Plaskett described as a gaseous body of a glowing white heat, two or three times hotter than anything ever devised by man. He went on to describe the interesting process of spectrum analysis, and showed how this principle could be applied in order to determine the substance of astral bodies. By this means forty or fifty elements known on earth had been seen in the sun, and many scientists thought there were a great many more. Quite two-fifths of the stars gave similar spectroscopic readings to the sun, while others were different and much simpler.

Fine Views. Dr. Plaskett exhibited many fine views in diorama taken by the reflecting telescope, and one of these showed a cluster of 80,000 stars, "Ursa Major" or the Dipper constellation was spoken of as a group of stars having a common motion and travelling in a common direction. "Taurus" was a constellation of the same character, but moving in another direction.

An interesting statement was made by Dr. Plaskett on the contracting influence of the revolution of the planets, showing that the production of heat was increased by the process. As the sun contracted, he said it became denser, and for this reason, he stated, in 50,000,000 years the sun would have become so dense that it would have become gold, and long before that time life on earth would have ceased to be.

At the close of the lecture by special request Dr. Plaskett remained and addressed a number of those interested in forming a centre of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada in this city. He explained the aims and objects of the society in the east, with its headquarters at Toronto, stated that the annual fee is only \$2 a year, which entitles members to the regular journal of the society and a good how interest, showing that the production of heat was increased by the process. As the sun contracted, he said it became denser, and for this reason, he stated, in 50,000,000 years the sun would have become so dense that it would have become gold, and long before that time life on earth would have ceased to be.

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Special Calendar for Lent, 1914

FAST DAYS

March 4, 6, 7, 11, 13, 18, 20, 25, 27; April 1, 3, 8, 10, 11.

Consider the saving to the household in purchasing fish. Our variety is so varied that to buy here becomes a pleasure.

Dixie H. Ross & Company

INDEPENDENT GROCERS, 1317 GOVERNMENT STREET
Telephone 50, 51, 52. Liquor Dept. Tel. 53

Footwear for Spring

New styles arriving daily. The choicest American styles are features in our spring numbers and some of them are beauties. See them to-day.

Mutrie & Son

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Established 1858. Phone 41. 1241 Wharf Street
Ship Chandlers, Marine Agents, Hardware Merchants, Mill, Mining, Logging, Fishermen's, Engineer's Supplies, Wholesale and Retail.

W. B. DICK & CO.'S (London, Eng.) CELEBRATED LUBRICATING OILS.

- SAMOLINE—The greatest cleaner, for Metals, Paints, Baths, etc.
- SHERWIN-WILLIAMS MIXED PAINTS.
- LARGEST STOCK OF GENUINE LINED OIL.
- MANILLA COTTON, HEMP, WIRE ROPES.
- EVER-READY ELECTRIC FLASH-LIGHTS.

Early White Seed Potatoes

Plant now your early Potatoes. We offer the Early White this season, and as the stock is limited do not delay.

Tel. 413 SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates St.

A Good Lawn Looks Good to Everybody

Unless your lawn is large YOU DO NOT REQUIRE TO BUY A ROLLER—WE WILL RENT YOU—a water-ballast roller, deliver it to your house and call for it when you're through.

Drake Hardware Co., Limited

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LECTURE ON AVIATION

Importance of Flying Scout Corps to Military Emphasized by A. F. Hudson.

That only one death had been recorded for every 22,000 miles flown by aviators since the beginning of flying was the assertion of A. F. Hudson, of the University school, an aviator with an flying to the 3rd. troop of Boy Scouts of Victoria. This record, he thought, would compare favorably with that of railroading. Improvements of late years had added to the safety and comfort of the pilot as well as to the perfection of the machine and now a closed-in cabin protected the aviator from the effects of bad weather and a waterplane attachment provided the novice with a soft landing place.

Mr. Hudson related the history of flying from the first experiments of such pioneers as Bleriot and the Wright Brothers down to the establishment of the 16 hours' continuous flying record. The limit of human endurance was now the only limitation, declared the speaker.

The importance of aviation in military manoeuvring was emphasized strongly by the speaker. He declared that Canada and Great Britain were far behind such other nations as France, Germany, Russia and Japan in establishing flying scout corps. A flying machine could do in safety in a few hours what a cavalry detachment would take days to do with great danger. An aviator could scout 100 miles of territory in three hours. At an altitude of 4,500 feet positions could be marked on a map with great accuracy and at from 4,000 to 4,500 feet the machine was absolutely safe from attack from below. Quick-firing guns were being attached to flying machines now.

Men were being specially trained in England for air-scouting. It was necessary to be able to report on land down over rapidly at a great altitude and ability to recognize objects from the unaccustomed perspective required training also. Two men usually went in a scout machine now.

Just One Application and Ugly Hairs Vanish

(Modes of To-day.) Here is a simple treatment for removing ugly hairs. It is painless, requires little time and can be used in the privacy of your home. Get some powdered delatone and with water mix enough paste to cover the objectionable hairs. Apply for 2 or 3 minutes, then rub off, wash the skin, and it will be left soft, clear and hairless. This method is inexpensive and entirely harmless, but be sure to get delatone or the result may be disappointing.

Magistrate—"I understand that you overheard the quarrel between this defendant and his wife." Witness—"Yes, your honor, what he seemed to be doing." Witness—"He seemed to be doing the listenin'."

Right in Your Own Home you can have a German dinner. Buy the best imported German Frankfurters and German Sauerkraut at The Kaiserhof.

BRANCH LIBRARIES

Commissioners Have Visited Each Municipal Council, and Explained Case.

The library commissioners have completed their tour of the municipalities looking into the possibilities of establishing branch book depots in the suburbs for the purpose of extending the work of the library. The commissioners have found that of the 10,000 members on the list, there are about 350 residents of Esquimalt, 220 in Saanich, and 450 in Oak Bay, so they have asked for \$750 from Oak Bay, \$600 from Esquimalt and \$400 from Saanich towards the library funds. The total of the city's grant will be some \$20,000 this year as a result of the quarter mill rate fixed by statute. This is the present intention, the ultimate object being to found a branch library in each district at an early date.

In addition to the use of the lending and reference departments, children's, ladies', newspaper, and other facilities at the central library there will be for the special use of residents who are unable to come into the city to change their books, from 500 to 600 books lodged at some convenient point, and the number will be supplemented from the central library on requirement.

The commissioners hope at an early date to receive replies from the several municipal councils so that the scheme may be successfully launched as outlined.

BUSINESS MEN'S TALKS.

Rev. Dr. Scott is Speaker at Y.M.C.A. Luncheon; Church and Modern Man.

The second of the business men's non-day discussion took place yesterday from 12 to 1 o'clock at the Y.M.C.A. The subject under consideration was "The Church and the Modern Man," and the discussion was led by the Rev. Dr. Scott.

The speaker said at the outset that he would not attempt to describe the modern man—it would be the description of a type rather than of a large class. At present the church appealed to men as successfully as at any time in her history, and in this city fully 60 per cent of the church-goers were men.

There was a modern spirit, however, to which the church must adapt itself. The speaker dealt with three ways in which this was manifested. First the changed attitude to the Bible, and modern criticism. A new vision of the Bible had emerged, but faith in the old book was only placed on a firmer basis. Science, too, had established itself in common thinking. If men could be saved from the determinism of an extreme view of evolution, whilst recognizing the truth of evolution, the best practical ends would be served.

Again, the attitude of men towards the social duty of the church was different to-day. Any defects in the teaching of the church on social problems was due to want of vision rather than want of courage, but the speaker thought the churches were aiding in an unusual way the solution of these problems.

C. H. Luginix is to speak at the luncheon next week.

NATIONALIST MEMBER SPEAKS OF HOME RULE

W. H. K. Redmond Passes Through on Marama From Australia

Among the passengers on the Canadian-Australian liner Marama, which berthed to-day, were Mr. and Mrs. W. H. K. Redmond, who have been for a holiday trip in Australia and are returning to London through Canada.

Mr. Redmond, who is the brother of the Irish Nationalist leader, has been M. P. for East Clare since 1892, and a member of the British house since 1893. In the course of a chat with a Times man on the situation he said the Irish party resented the dismemberment of Ireland because the interests of the country were one and the commercial success of Belfast could not be maintained without the support of the market which Ireland as a whole provided. The case of Ulster was often argued as if it was a unanimous whole, while as a matter of fact the representation of the province was divided fairly evenly between the parties. He had represented an Ulster seat for seven years himself, and his nephew was now sitting for a division in Tyrone. The change in the sentiment of the British electors toward Home Rule in the last few years had been one of the most noticeable changes in the general feeling of the electors who were not directly interested in Irish self-government was that the question ought now to be solved, and removed from the political field.

While he did not know what action the government would take to meet the objections which had been raised, he thought it was clear there was no weakening of the influence in favor of Home Rule. The by-elections recently, while they had gone against the government through three-cornered contests, had shown large majorities in favor of Irish self-government; for the Labor party was unanimously in favor of the movement. So neglecting the Irish members, Nationalist and Unionist, there was a majority in Great Britain in favor of the bill.

Mr. Redmond has conducted many campaigns of education on behalf of Home Rule in different parts of the empire, and with the large Roman Catholic vote in Australia, particularly in New South Wales, he found an overwhelming support for the Irish cause. While he was not on a political mission on this occasion, he was entertained by the Irish Australians at the Clifton Gardens, Sydney, shortly before sailing on the Marama. Many of the most prominent citizens attended, including the lord mayor, the minister of lands and the speaker of the assembly.

In the course of his speech on this occasion Mr. Redmond said:—

"In the name of truth and justice let no man say that Ulster is opposed to Home Rule. The majority of the members elected by Ulster are strong and fervent in their desire for Home Rule. In the division lobbies the men whose spirits are most unflagging, the very backbone of the Home Rule movement are the representatives of Ulster. True, there are some opposed to it. But if you have the whole of the rest of Ireland solid for Home Rule, and the minority for Ulster, is it controllable, is it right that it should be denied because a comparatively small minority is opposed to it? And the same men who all along opposed the reforms in Ireland (the emancipation of Catholics, the disestablishment of the church that the Irish people had no use for, the restoration of the lands to the people, the alteration of the Corporation oath) are the same men who now oppose Home Rule. But we are used to these threats of civil war, this implacable opposition. To you in Australia it may seem formidable, insurmountable, but we in Ireland gauge the full force of it."

"There may be some people in the north who distrust the Catholics. But all through history the Protestants and Catholics of Ireland have not been allowed to come together as brothers and countrymen. They have always been kept separate. This distrust is unwarranted. We Catholics have suffered. In our bitter prosecution we have never persecuted men for conscience sake. Not one member of the National party, from the chairman to the last recruit, but would stop down and out of the Home Rule movement if he were not assured that Home Rule for Ireland meant absolute and permanent equality for men of all religions and creeds. I represent the most Catholic constituency in the world, 98 1/2 per cent of the electors being Catholics, yet in the chief town of Ennis, the biggest shops are owned by Protestants, and the highest salaries positions in the County Council are held by Protestants. And under the Home Rule bill it is absolutely impossible for the Irish parliament or government to do an injustice to any man because of his religion. Parliament will be guided by wisdom and toleration."

VISITS AUSTRALIA.

J. Gilmore Returns From Trip to Antipodes; Some Observations.

The well known Queen Charlotte Island canneryman, J. Gilmore, who went to Australia on a visit by the steamer Niagara, returned to Victoria to-day on board the Marama. He was one of the passengers from Victoria who shared the exceptionally bad trip of the Niagara in November and says he is not likely to forget it soon.

Mr. Gilmore thinks the Australians have copied too many British ideas without keeping their methods up-to-date, and this situation, he holds, is reflected in transportation and in industry. He believes there is a great need for the development of Canadian or American enterprise in some fields of commerce and that good businesses may be built up by industrious people from this side of the ocean. On the return journey he says the



—breaking the trail in the Great White Silence of the Northland, the prospector must travel light. The little grub he carries must be amply sustaining. So as a basis he packs ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR. The concentrated goodness of the finest wheat in the world. For any journey—In any clime—Worth its weight in gold.



NONE MORE DESIRABLE IN VICTORIA

"ALKAZAR MANSIONS"

UNEXCELLED VIEW ACROSS BEACON HILL PARK, THE WATER AND OLYMPIC M'TNS. STRICTLY HIGH-CLASS IN SERVICE AND APPOINTMENT. ROOF GARDEN, ETC.

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weather was particularly trying in the tropics, the humidity being intense, and says he is glad to breathe again the fresh air of Victoria.

HELD UP FOR FUNDS

Saanich School Board Has Problem Over Strawberry Vale Building.

A peculiar position exists with regard to the payment for the Strawberry Vale school. This is one of the last schools built by the Saanich board, and was constructed at the earnest solicitation of the residents of that rapidly growing district because of the inadequacy of the existing building. The government, which has dealt very generously with the Saanich board in the last two years, undertook to find the cost of the building.

Now the school has been ready for several weeks, but the board has been unable to take it over from the contractors because no one can pay the bill. The government cannot provide its share until the beginning of the new fiscal year. Appeal has accordingly been made to the municipal council to find the necessary funds meanwhile, but the unfortunate chaos in the financial situation has debarred the finance committee of the council from recommending any grant at the present time. The board has been unjustifiably blamed for a condition of things over which it had no control.

The proposed building programme for the year includes a new school on Burnside road, near Tillicum road, to provide for a rapidly growing district in the neighborhood of the gorge, and also a small school on the West Saanich road. In connection with the former school, pending the construction of an adequate building, it is proposed as soon as funds are available to put up a two-roomed frame building in that district which would relieve the pressure on the Tolmie school. The building at Boleakine road is already overcrowded, although it was only recently opened, and some steps must be taken to provide for the increase in population.

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the pleasures of your trip. Making pictures the Kodak way is easy and fascinating—the views of strange scenes will interest the folks at home.

Catalogue at your dealer's, or write us. **CANADIAN KODAK CO., LTD. TORONTO, CAN.**

NOTICE TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

On and after April 1, 1914, the entrance fee of Council No. 5, N. A. M. E., will be raised to \$10. Hadn't you better join before the fee is raised? **PETER GORDON, Secretary.**

"It's a Shame That So Much Money Is Wasted"

"A Great Pity That People Buy So Much Worthless Medicines for Coughs and Colds"

"If You Could Make the Public Understand Its Virtues, Only Mentho-Laxene Could Be Sold."

A prominent physician wrote the foregoing words to the proprietors of Mentho-Laxene—he prescribed it to his patients, he knows the ingredients, he has witnessed its marvelous action, he knows there is no opiate in it and wants the general public to quit squandering money on so-called cold and cough "cures."

Mentho-Laxene, a pure essence, first designed only for physicians' use, in concentrated form, is now becoming the most popular household remedy for Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Hoarseness, etc., in existence. Can be taken pure in 10-drop doses or made into a pint of cough syrup as per full directions with each bottle. Buy it from any up-to-date druggist.

THE EXCHANGE

718 Fort St. Phone 1737

For Private Sale

OFFICE FURNITURE

Comprising Roll-top Desk, Swing Chair, 2 Arm Chairs, all E. E. oak, and Carpet-Square. \$45.00 for Quick Sale.

Maynard & Sons

AUCTIONEERS.

Instructed, we will sell at our sales-room, 726 View Street,

To-morrow, 2 p.m.

Almost New and Select

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Including: Two very fine Roll Top Office Desks, Flat Top Office Desk, 2 Buffets, 3 Extension Tables, Dining-room Chairs, 80 Rolls of Player-Piano Music, Parlor Suite, Up. Arm Chairs and Rockers, Couches, very good Bed Lounge, Centre Tables, Morris Chairs, Drop-Head Raymond Sewing Machine, Cabinet Drop-Head Sewing Machine, Hall Stand, Reed Chairs, Menu Printing Outfit, Mirrors, Pictures, Electric Reading Lamp, Chinaware, Crockery, Dinner Set, Brass Fender and Fire Irons, Secretary Music Cabinet, China Cabinets, Bookcases, Carpet Squares, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleum, Iron Beds, Mattresses, Springs and Stands in Oak and Mahogany, Chest of Drawers, Toiletware, Blankets, Sheets, Spreads, Pillows, Camp Beds, very good Wardrobe, Kitchen Cabinets, Chairs, Cooking Utensils, Meat Safe, 3 Washing Machines, very good Mangle, Wringer, Tubs, Spark Guards, Cook Stoves, Mc-Lary Steel Range, Refrigerator, 2 Gardner Hoses, Candy Boiler, Cutting Machine, Boxes and other candy-making appliances, etc. Now on view.

Also, at 11 o'clock
Seven-Year-Old Jersey and Holstein Cows, milking; Six-Year-Old Guernsey Cow, due to calf next Wednesday; Pure Bred Black Orpingtons, Wyandottes, Games and Leghorn Chickens; Garden Seeder and Cultivator, Incubators, etc.

MAYNARD & SONS Auctioneers

NOTICE IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

In the matter of Thomas Lesley (or Leslie) Horn, Deceased and In the matter of the "Official Administrators' Act."

Notice is hereby given that under an Order granted by the Hon. Mr. Justice Kerby, dated Feb. 2, 1914, the undersigned was appointed Administrator of the Estate of the above deceased. All parties having claims against said Estate are requested to send particulars of same to me on or before the 2nd day of April, 1914, and all parties indebted to said Estate are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 2nd day of March, 1914.
WILLIAM MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

WILLIAM F. DRYSDALE

Contractor and Builder.

Lumber, Sash, Doors and Mouldings always in stock.

Office and Shop: Fisheries & Specialty Office and Factory, 1033 North Park St., Victoria, B. C.

Plant Sale

Roses

The newest and most up-to-date, as well as all the older varieties in Dwarf and Climbers. Strong plants that will bloom well this year, at reduced prices on large orders. Thousands in stock.

Green, Berry-bearing and variegated Hollies, Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Laurels, Golden Cedars, Cypresses, Junipers, Yews, Shade Trees, Flowering Shrubs, etc. Now is the time to plant.

Oakland Nursery Co.

A. OHLSON, Proprietor.

Phone 1207. 1580 Hillside Ave., Two Blocks from Tramcar, Victoria, B. C.

Spring Opening

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Suits

\$25 and UP (union made)

We have just received a large shipment of entirely

NEW SPRING GOODS DIRECT FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

Come in and inspect our stock.

New York Tailors

730 Fort St.

MUNICIPALITY OF ESQUIMALT. TO OWNERS OF DOGS.

Notice is hereby given that proceedings will be taken against all owners of dogs who shall have failed to pay by March 31, 1914, the annual tax on same for the current year. No further notice will be given delinquents.

A. B. ELLIS, Clerk.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

Pursuant to Section 7, of Chapter 115, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that the Canadian Puget Sound Saw-mills Company, Limited, has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and with the Registrar-General of Titles in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, description of the site and plan of a wharf to be constructed on Thetis Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, in the District of Esquimalt, Province of British Columbia, as more particularly shown and described in the said description and plan, and that the matter of the said application will be proceeded with at the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice in the Canada Gazette.

Dated this 25th day of February, 1914.
THE CANADIAN PUGET SOUND SAW-MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.
Per H. A. DIBBLE, Petitioner.

Just One Application and Ugly Hairs Vanish

(Modes of To-day.) Here is a simple treatment for removing ugly hairs. It is painless, requires little time and can be used in the privacy of your home. Get some powdered delatone and with water mix enough paste to cover the objectionable hairs. Apply for 2 or 3 minutes, then rub off, wash the skin, and it will be left soft, clear and hairless. This method is inexpensive and entirely harmless, but be sure to get delatone or the result may be disappointing.

WILLIAM MONTEITH

Official Administrator.