II. This inquiry revealed:

Subjects were designated persons falling under the Memorandum on December 25 and 31, 1947, respectively.

The reasons for their designation were that; Kichiro SOMA had been the president of TAKIGAWA-CHO YOKUSAN SONENDAN (the Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association of Takigawa Town) and Tomokichi SATOMI the chief manager of DAI NIPPON SEKISEI-KAI SORACHI SEKISEI-JUKU (the Sorachi True-heart Academy of Great Japan True-heart Society).

Name:	Kichiro SOMA
Date of Birth:	December 11, 1909.
Occupation:	Keeper of Printing Shop.
Domicile:	181, Kita 3-chome, Zaimoku-dori, Takigawa Town, Sorachi County, Hokkaido.
Address:	Ditto.

Name:	Tomokichi SATOMI
Date of Birth:	April 5, 1898.
Occupation:	Timber-dealer.
Domicile:	201, Kita 2-chome, Kata-dori, Takigawa Town, Sorachi County, Hokkaido.
Address:	Ditto.

Activities:

Above-mentioned Kichiro SOMA and Tomokichi SATOMI took up their posts as member of the Inhabitant Tax Assessment Committee of Takigawa Town on September 28 and 17, 1949, respectively.

a. Kichiro SOMA, a member of the Committee selected from No. 14 Area of the Town, attended the Second Meeting of the Committee Members held on November 2, 1949 at the Antique Exchange Office of Takigawa Town and participated in the assessment of town inhabitant tax for the residents in No. 14 Area of the Town.

b. Tomokichi SATOMI, a member of the Committee selected from No. 9 Area of the Town, attended the Third Block Committee Meeting held on November 28, 1949, at Takigawa Town Office to participate in the assessment of town inhabitant tax for the residents in the Third Block of the Town.

c. They participated in the assessment of tax believing that their attendance at the meetings stated above would never be in conflict

with with the law, as the Inhabitant Tax Assessment Committee is an cooperative organ for the administrator of tax payment and the Committee has no authority to determine the actual amount of tax payment; and they made no positive speech in the meetings. Moreover, as soon as they were pointed out on their violation of the law, they resigned from their posts as members of the Committee and since have behaved themselves prudently.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(were not)~~ a violation of Article 15, para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 162)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicious violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Misao IRIE.

I. On information received from Secretary Kiyomatsu KAWAMURA Kanto Branch Office, SIB on April 1, 1950. SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he wrote the article discussed the Utsunomiya City Administration and published the article on the Shimotsuke Newspapers. Secretery, Kawamura detected the following facts on April 3, 1950.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 1, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of Utsunomiya Branch Office, Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : Misao IRIE

Date of Birth : January 1, 1986.

Occupation : Staff of Company.

Domicile : 728, Shimoyokota, Suzumenomiya Village, Kawachi County, Tochigi Prefecture.

Addres : 1,986, Hanafusa Town, Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Prefecture.

Activities :

a) Subject wrote an article of the title "removal of cemeteries" and published it on the Shimotsuke Newspapers issued on April 1, 1949.

The article was as follows.

"The problem of cemeteries has been bitterly troublesome not only for Utsunomiya City but also for every city. As far as Utsunomiya City Plan is concerned, the removal of 20 cemeteries has been discussed imminently to be carried out. Though the problem is so important as inevitably to be carried out in future, when it is to be dealt with, is gravely interested with citizen. If the City authorities disbursed compensation for removal of cemeteries, the compensation money will amount to tremendous sum intolerable for the financial condition of the city. Under these circumstances, a cemetery should be established for the sake of citizens seeking a new one. Thus, if the authorities concerned wait patiently for people seeking a new cemetery, the problem of removal of cemeteries will be dissolved without public expenses."

b) Subject wrote an article under a title "Officials and their spirits "on Shimotsuke Newspapers issued on December 18 1949. The article was as follows.

"The disclosure of secret of the Screening Committee for Educational Personnel has been an unfavorable problem. It has been caused by undisciplined officials' spirit. Be that as it may, the

examination system for high rank officials is of importance. If the system is carried out as it is reported in newspaper, persons lack of strong personality and resolution, in spite of their advance in intellectural affairs, like members of "Information please" or intelligent doctors, would rank at the high position. And these persons would reiterate such a trouble as disclosure of secret by the Screening Committee. This circumstance is a matter of grave concern". This article shows indication suspicious of political activity.

c) However, subject has never done the above deed for the purpose of political purpose. It was nothing but a result of his essay, tasteful task, which touched the political problem. Subject has sweared not to repeat such an illegal act in future, having been on good behavior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15-1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 163)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Kichizo TATEISHI

I. Based on contribution from Masaji MURAMITSU, Sanwa Town, Hotaku County, Kumamoto Prefecture, Secretary Mitsujiro MATSUYAMA, Kyushu Branch, SIB, initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordiance No. 1, 1947, in that he took political activities in connection with the subject of the town partition and at the time of the election for the mayor of the same town.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 28, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Gendarmerie sublieutenant.

Name : Kichizo TATEISHI

Date of Birth : July 30, 1902

Occupation : None

Domicile : 1402, Kamidai, Sanwa Town, Hotaku County, Kumamoto Prefecture.

Addres : 1064, Kamidai, Sanwa Town, Hotaku County, Kumamoto Prefecture.

Activities :

a. There is found no fact that he moved politically in connection with the subject of the partition of the Sanwa Town which appeared in September, 1949 and at the time of the election for the town mayor which was carried out on the 30th of the same month.

b. His case concerning the partition subject is as follows :

On the night of September 28, 1949, he visited Yasutaro NAKAMURA, his classmate while in the Akuta Chubu Primary School and resident in the same town with him. Then at the suggetion of the latter, he was taken to Isaburo MIYAMOTO's house located at the same town where he happened to see more than ten villagers gathering. In due time they took up the subject of the town partition he questioned them, "What prospect do you have of the future of this town after partition?" in order to know the present state of this town. However, there is found no fact that he discussed or criticized this subject or moved actively.

c. With a full aknowledgement of his designation as falling under the Memorandum, he is discreet in daily words and deeds.

d. It is impossible to find in Sanwa Town the name Masaji MURAMITSU written on the contribution mentioned above.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

0 —— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 165)

[No. I-I-3]

3

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Takashi MIKAMI. (三上 卓)

We have detected the following facts after an investigation into the subject matter.

a. The case of the S.S. Hailieh.

Takashi MIKAMI had concern with the case of the S.S. Hailieh, and was under trial at the Occupation Forces' Yokohama Military Court from November, 1949, sentenced to the hard labor for five years and a fine of three thousand dollars on March 8, 1950, put into the Sasashita Prison in Yokohama City on the same day, and is now serving his sentence.

b. Right-winger activities done by his group.

Since his arrest for the foregoing case, the anti-communistic movement has more and more been declining. Especially after his imprisonment, no one went to see him.. No indication of their movements is recognized at present.

c. As for the subject's movements in earlier days than his involvement in that case, the Kyushu Branch is now making an investigation.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

(No. I-III-3) (2SEC.No. 166)

a'

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Toshio MITSUI (三井寿雄)

I. Based upon recognition by Secretary Choichi NISHIDA of Hokkaido Branch Office on April 15, 1950, of this case, SIB initiated an investigation on May 1, 1950 to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he made entrance into Higashikawa Village Office which is the place of business of the last position, designated as the public office under the provision of Article 2 of the Ordinance, which he occupied subsequent to July 7, 1937, from which he retired.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, 1946.

The reason for his designation was that he had been gendarmerie 1st-grade-private.

Name : Toshio MITSUI

Date of Birth : February 5, 1923

Occupation :

Domicile : 8, Minami 5-chōme, Ōdōri, Obihiro City, Hokkaido.

Addres : Kita 2, Nishi No. 4, Higashikawa Village, Kamikawa-county, Hokkaido.

Activities :

a. The foregoing person took up an office on July 1, 1946 as employee of Higashikawa-Village Office in Higashikawa Village where he lived, and was promoted to clerk of the Village on September 30,

that year, from which he resigned on October 21, 1947. On the same day, however, he was appointed employee of the Village Office once again and while in the office, he was designated as a person falling under the Memorandum.

After his having designated, however, he frequented the Village Office, the place of business of the last position, designated as the public office, which he had occupied subsequent to July 7, 1937, from which he had retired, to take service as employee of the same Village Office.

b. This inquiry revealed:

He came to violate the Ordinance as the result that he inquired at Kamikawa Branch Office of Hokkaido Prefectural Office as to whether or not he could take up office as employee of the Village Office again after his having resigned from the office as clerk of the Village Office, and the Branch Office gave him an answer to the effect that the Office had no objection to his taking up the office as employee of the Village Office again, so, not only the Village Authorities but also he himself believed that he could do so. This being the case, no ill-intention on the part of him is recognized in his taking up the office again. In addition he resigned on

April 17, 1950 from the office as employee immediately after warned by the Authorities and after that, he has been keeping himself from any such activity.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 13 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 167)

〔No. I-I-3〕

b'

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

V

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Gonkichi SAWADA (沢田 権吉) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon acknowledgment by a member of Hokkaido Branch Office, SIB, on April 15, 1950, Secretary Choichi NISHIDA of the same branch office initiated on April 17, 1950, to determine whether or not the subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, in that he had entered the Higashikawa Village Office where he had resigned from his last public office.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated as a person failing under the Memorandum on Nov. 25, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of Higashikawa Village Branch, TEIKOKU ZAIGO GUNJIN-KAI (Imperial Reservists' Association).

Name : Gonkichi SAWADA

Date of Birth : May 25, 1904.

Occupation : None.

Domicile : 2, Minami, Nishi-4-go, Higashikawa Village, Kamikawa County, Hokkaido.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a) The subject took appointment as a secretary at the Higashikawa Village Office on May 31, 1944, and resigned from the post on August 23, 1947. Then on 23 the same month, he took office as a

"Koin" rank employee at the same office and while he was working at the office thereafter, he was designated as a purgee. Despite of his designation, he continued to hold the post as he had done. Thus he entered that office which had been the place of his employment at the time when he retired from the public office that he had lastly occupied after July 7, 1937.

b) When the subject was to take office as a foregoing rank employee, the office inquired at the Kamikawa Branch Office, Hokkaido Government Office, about whether or not he was possible to hold that post and got an answer to the effect that he could render service as such a rank employee. Therefore, the village authorities and he thought it all right to do so. That is why he came to violate the laws and regulations. However, receiving a warning from the authorities, he immediately resigned from the post on April 17, 1950.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 13 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 168)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Article published in the KEIZAI ORAI (Economic Rise and Fall), an economic journal, managed by Seihin IKEDA.

I. By order of GS, GHQ, to make an investigation on April 26, 1950, Secretary Kan KURIHARA of Second Section, SIB, initiated on April 27, the same year, to determine whether or not the subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in that he was suspicious of doing political activity publishing an article in the journal, KEIZAI ORAI.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Sept. 3, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Finance Minister, and Vice-President of the KOA-IN (China Affairs Board).

Name : Seihin IKEDA

Date of Birth : July 16, 1867.

Occupation : Consultant to the NIPPON ENGEI K.K. (Japan Horticulture Co. Ltd.)

Domicile : 1, Nagasaka-cho, Azabu, Minato Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Addres : 84, Nishi-koiso, Oiso Town, Naka County, Kanagawa Prefecture.

Activities :

a) The dictations given by Seihin IKEDA to be published in the journal, "Economic Rise and Fall", is as follows :

(1) Reminiscences of the financial world.
(in its November issue in 1949)

Character sketches of six persons, Kaoru INOUE, Junnosuke INOUE, Ginjiro FUJIWARA, Fumimaro KONOE, Mitsumasa YONAI and Kazushige UGAKI were made in that reminiscences.

(2) Account of the days of being a banker.
(in its December issue in 1949)

Accounts of the details of his third son, Yutaka's death in battle, the trouble of the Bank of Japan during Tatsuo YAMAMOTO was its president, the relation between the two press, Asahi and Mainichi, and him, and so on were told.

(3) Footprint. (in its March issue in 1950)

The internal conditions of the First and Second Konoe Cabinets which he was a member of, were revealed.

(4) Second Foodprint. (in its April issue in 1950)

The Japan's internal movements in relations with the ZAIBATSU (Financial Clique) such as the relations between Zaibatsu and right-wingers, political parties and the military circles, and so on were told under the subject.

Those were all his dictations as to the Japan's internal trend arisen around him in the pre-war days,

and enough to give a general idea of the inside or side, history of her those days, but no prospect of nor criticism on the present Japan was expressed there.

b) The reason why the company of the foregoing journal published his dictations was because of the commercialism in order to have a larger sale by publishing a semi-academic reading written by a first-class person, being stimulated by such circumstances that the so-called reminiscences by a prominent figure, such as the "Reminiscences of the Financial World", "Old-men and present men" by Seihin IKEDA and "Account of Intercourse" by Ginjiro FUJIWARA, had as large a sale as that of the best-sellers in defiance of the depression of the publishing circles.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 169)

d'

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

V

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Fumio SHIMIZU. (清水文雄)

I. On correspondence received from Shinichi GENDA, living in Nayoro-Town, Kamikawa County, Hokkaido, S I B initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he, as detected by Choichi NISHIDA, Chief of Hokkaido Branch Office S I B, took service at the Nayoro-Town-operated Social Hospital.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 17, 1948
The reason for his designation was that he had been a commissioned officer (Surgeon Sub-Lieutenant) of the Imperial Japanese Regular Navy.

Name : Fumio SHIMIZU

Date of Birth : May 5, 1912

Occupation : Technician of Nayoro Choritsu Shakai Byoin (Nayoro Town-operated Social Hospital)

Domicile : 729, Fukaya, Tukaya, Minami-Village, Niihari-County, Ibaragi Prefecture.

Addres : Minami 8-chome, Nishi Shijo, Nayoro-Town, Kamikawa- County, Hokkaido.

Activities :

The foregoing person is suspected to have occupied "public Office" in that he took up an office on May 20, 1949, as technician

of Nayoro Town-operated Social Hospital,
Kamikawa-County, Hokkaido, where he took charges
of bacteriological and clinical examinations
while serving as assistant specialist in ophthalmology
and otorhinolaryngology.

B. It has been revealed by this inquiry that he took up the office at the said hospital misbelieving that it would be safe for him to take service at an institution(especially at a hospital)operated by self-governing bodies such as village, town,or city because an employee of such kind of institution is not a direct official.

This being the case, no fact is recognized that he took up the office in question,purposely keeping his being a purgee in secret.
By the way, he resigned from the office on March 15,1950.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was/(was not) a violation of Item 3 of Article 3 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2nd C No. 171)

〔No. I-I-3〕

e'

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

May , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Whether or not any fanction exists connected with Yasue KOMINE (小峯保栄), Director of Fourth Bureau of the Board of Auditing.

I. Based on the special order received from G.S. dated April, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Secretary Shigero SHIBATATE of Second Section of our Bureau to detect whether or not Yasue KOMINE, Director of Fourth Bureau of the Board of Auditing, is exerting pressure upon the other Bureaus of the Board by forming any fanction, and the result of II has been obrained.

II. (a) Before the termination of the war there were approximately 300 staff members in the Board of Auditing.

After the termination of the war the annual expenditure suddenly increased, and in 1947 the staff members were increased to approximately 1,200.

(b) Yasue KOMINE was nominated to the position of Director of Fourth Auditing Bureau of the Board of Auditing. Since he first took office in the said Board in 1932 he has made a very good showing. He has guided his men strictly, and, talking the principly of efficiency first, he has inclined to give able staff members the responsible positions without hesitation but to make light of inefficient ones. On that account, it seems that some of the staff members have been discontented.

(c) The personnel affairs in the Board of Auditing have been decided at the conference of Auditors without being controlled by individual likes and dislikes.

(d) It is recognized that there is no fact that Yasue KOMINE has formed any fanction in the Board and rejected those have not belonged to his fanction.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.