NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.
DUFOUR & LIMET, PUBLISHERS.
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TERMS OF THE BEE.
Terms of Subscription—Daily, per annum, in advance, $10; half yearly, $6; quarterly, $4. Price of the paper—Single copies, 10 cents.
Semi-Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription, $6 per annum, invariably in advance.
Rates of Advertising—Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion, $1 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.
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Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as a new insertion.
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Contract advertisers, who advertise largely, shall be allowed such discount from the above named transient rates as may be agreed upon. In no case shall such discount exceed 25 per cent.
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Advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times.
Bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.
Semi-Weekly Edition.
TERMS—PER YEAR ..... $5.
NEW ORLEANS:
SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 9, 1870.

Auction Sales on Monday.

H. Gauss, Marks & Co., at 10 o'clock, in their auction store, 173 Chartres street—toy goods and furnishing goods.

REMEDIES AGAINST REFUSAL OF REGISTRARS.

Much complaint is made of the officers refusing the registration of voters. It is urged against them that on frivolous pretexts they refuse to register parties entitled to be placed on the lists. Evidence has been produced which goes to show that they have been instructed to throw difficulties in the way of parties who are regarded as friendly to the Democratic candidates, and to facilitate all those whose votes may be depended upon for the Republican ticket. The Democratic State Central Committee have therefore issued an address to the voters, which will be found in our columns to-day, containing all the necessary information on the subject. The committee quote the law thereupon, which provides sufficient remedy for this partisan proceeding of the registrars.

From this address voters will learn that if registered, on account of the illegal ruling of the registrars, their remedies are:

First—To have the officer arrested under section 35 of the act of Louisiana of 1870, 140, denouncing such official misconduct as a felony, punishable by five years imprisonment in the penitentiary, or a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Secondly.—To proceed against the registrars under section 2 of the act of Congress, approved May 31, 1870, declaring such offence to be a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than $500, or by imprisonment of not less than one month, and not more than one year; and furthermore providing, that the guilty officer shall forfeit and pay the sum of $500 to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the courts shall deem just.

Besides these remedies it has been pointed by the same act of Congress that citizen who has been deprived unjustly of registration can, nevertheless, exercise the right of suffrage, and proceed under section 3 to prosecute criminally the judge, inspector or other officer of election whose duty it is to receive, count, certify, register, report or give effect to a vote, and who shall wrongfully refuse or neglect to receive, count, certify, register, report, or give effect thereto. The punishment provided by section 3 for such neglect is a fine of $500 or imprisonment for one month to one year, or both at the discretion of the court, and besides all for every offence, forfeit and pay to the person aggrieved the sum of $500 with costs of court and criminal fees.

It will thus be perceived that voters who are denied registration are yet not cut off from voting, and the Executive Committee of the Democratic party are determined to keep a vigilant eye upon the Registrars, and to prosecute them for any violation of the law, the enforcement and vindication of which is confided to the Circuit Court of the United States.

Under these circumstances no voter will be justified in holding back from registration or from the polls on the day of election. Our adversaries count upon our apathy for a victory to themselves. Let them be undeceived. Let every Democrat, determined, manly assertion of our rights. A moral demonstration such as we make at the polls, if we *will*, can fail to strike terror in the ranks of our enemies.

NEW BOOK STORE.—Our popular bibliopolist and newspaper dealer, George Cole, has been branching out of late. He now has near the Post-office has enabled him to open a new, and, for many persons, more convenient establishment in Camp street, near Poydras. To the stand he has removed his circulating library, which has become an institution in his experienced hands. The new store is under charge of his brother and junior partner—Lewis Ellis—who has been so long connected with him. The old and well established business will be kept up as formerly under the eye of the senior, and our friend George does not know but the business he is engaged in is worth knowing. A long and faithful attention to it has given him a reputation extensive with the country tributary to our city. Ellis' new store is filled with a choice selection of all the standard works, the editions being all new and the bindings substantial and attractive. Advertisement in another column.

Thanks to Mr. Black, of Ellis' News-paper Establishment, opposite the Post-office, for late illustrated papers. Our readers will find there a great variety of foreign and domestic journals—daily and weekly editions, New York, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville and Louisiana periodicals in great profusion.

Cunningham, bookseller and stationer, 92 Camp street, among the many other attractions of his establishment, offers for sale note paper and envelopes of the best quality and stamped with any letter of the alphabet, at twenty-five cents a box, containing a package of envelopes and a quire of paper. This is cheap enough to excite.

MORE NEW MOLASSES.—The second consignment of molasses of the new crop reached this city, per steamer St. John, this morning. It is from the plantation of Mr. Charles Durenisbourg, parish of St. John the Baptist, and consigned to Bel Encourant.

We are indebted to the politeness of the author for a printed copy of a lecture lately delivered in this city for the benefit of the sufferers in France by the present war, by Mr. J. Passavant, Dresbach, and entitled "La France et la Civilisation."

The pamphlet is for sale at all the French bookstores in the city.

ELLIS & LAINE, DEALERS IN PITTSBURG, ANTHRACITE AND ENGLISH CANNEL COAL, 20 CARONDELET STREET.—About well-known firm, we can only say that Ellis & L., whose activity can hardly be called dispose of a stock large enough to supply the immediate wants of all that call for them—families, as well as hotels, steamers, cotton and other presses, etc., are supplied on the most liberal terms of the market. Orders addressed to either office, 20 Carondelet street, Wards, Elysian Field and Levee and Canal and Levee; and one may rely upon it that they will be promptly attended to. See advertisement.

Jewelry for the past eight months continued one of the $12 Oride Gold Watches, manufactured by Chas. P. Ross & Co., 84 Nassau street, New York. Beyond the total variation in its time of one-half minute, 30 seconds and it regulating a chronometer of goldsmiths when purchased. Several other watches gave the same results. A cheerfully recommend them for correct time and wear.
HORACE W. WILDER,
Conductor Erie Railroad Co.

Lever Watch, No. 13,580, purchased from Chas. P. Norton & Co., 84 Nassau street, New York, January 5th, has been carried by me over six months, with a total variation in time of only 36 seconds, without the slightest regulating. It presents the same brilliancy of color as when purchased.
JAMES R. WILTON,
Sec. American S. M. Co. N. Y.
New York, July 30th, 1870. 3m

THE GRAND SURPRISE!—The gray-haired can hardly believe their eyes when they behold their whitened locks restored to their pristine beauty by a clear and transparent fluid. PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR HAIR, is the article in question. It is free from any sediment, and is sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

TRY IT.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup; it is the great children's relieving remedy, and sold at the low price of 25 cents.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 9, 1870. 24th YEAR—Vol. XLIV.—Whole—15,185.

The New Orleans Bee.

King William's Acceptance of the Sword of Surrender.

The following is the reply of the King of Prussia to the letter of the Emperor Napoleon in which he resigned his sword:

MONSIEUR MY BROTHER—While regretting the circumstances under which we meet, I accept your Majesty's sword, and I beg of your Majesty to appoint one of your officers invested with full powers to treat for the capitulation of the army which has so bravely fought under your orders. On my side I support General Moltke for this purpose. I am your Majesty's good brother, WILLIAM.

Before Sedan, Sept. 1, 1870.

HYPER-CRITICISM.—Our cotemporary the *Times* thinks King William altogether too polite towards the Emperor Napoleon, because, in a note acknowledging the reception of the latter's sword, he styles him his "good brother."

The *Times* knows, or ought to know, that this is the style in which monarchs address each other, and that it is *a mere form*, which means no more than "dear sir," or "your obedient servant"—forms employed in epistolary correspondence by private persons.

There is no personal enmity between the King of Prussia and the Emperor Napoleon, and if there were, the style in which the King couches his communication is entirely proper. If the King were disposed to censure Napoleon, that was not the occasion to administer it.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Academy of Music.—This popular place of amusement was crowded again last night, and the audience, from the repeated bouts of applause, were well pleased with the performances. There are such a number of comical "specialties" presented nightly that we have not space to enter into details. "Sinbad, the Sailor" closes the performance. Go to the Academy if you wish to enjoy yourself.

How We Flourish.—There are a few kind old souls, who, in their constitutionally public charity, weak enough to compliment, occasionally, the improved financial condition of the city under the present Warmoth administration with the aid of the Legislature, and a little leniency on the part of the powers that be, momentary embarrassments are overcome in "promises to pay," at a heavy interest, and we flourish like a green bay tree. The future will tell the tale. The moneyed vampires suck with a pertinacity that should even astonish the most gullible old fogy.

A Bitter Bit.—Our ever affable friend "Joe," who keeps a first class saloon adjoining the City Hall, has had his patience taxed severely by those who eagerly attempted to enforce the social equality law. Friday, early in the afternoon, was crowded with visitors, a white man accompanied by two negresses, entered and demanded "drinks" for the party, intending to make an issue. Joe scarcely turned from the tables, by flatly prohibiting the white gentleman from drinking in his house and serving the negresses at his own expense. The crowd enjoyed the joke, the negroes their whisky, and the white took another off, and departed. We wonder if the power of Civil Rights bill will be invoked?

Sugar Sheds and Bagasse.—The Sugar Sheds on the Levee between Customhouse and Bienville streets, have been completed, and are ready for business. Those between Bienville and Conti require but little more work, while those between Conti and St. Louis streets are being rapidly pushed forward. Many steamboat men loudly complain of these sheds as obstructions to the free access of the levee. They will have to reconcile the differences about the matter.

The Bazaar Market being built on the old Italian neutral ground between the Meat Market and the Red Store, is slowly, but steadily approaching completion, and when ready for occupancy will be one of the neatest and most substantial market structures in the city. The haberdashers and hucksters who are to occupy the stalls of this market are becoming very anxious to see it opened. They will welcome the day when they can remove from their old plank sheds and display their many colored articles of mercbandise behind the covering of the handsome new edifice.

Militia Display.—The second and third regiments of the colored militia will have a grand parade to-morrow. They will assemble on Claiborne street, between Customhouse and Canal streets, and after marching through the city, will wind up in a dress parade in Lafayette Square. The various regiments will be in full uniform, and two companies armed with the Winchester rifles. The Customhouse bands will turn out of the service of the government, have been ordered to heed the tuneful call, determined, manly assertion of our rights. A moral demonstration such as we make at the polls, if we *will*, can fail to strike terror in the ranks of our enemies.

Death of Sylvester Bonnard.—Yellow Fever.—Funeral Notice.—Fire.—Cotton Market.—Sugar Market.—Molasses Market.—Rice Market.—Flour Market.—Grain Market.—Provisions.—Freights.—Exchange.—Stocks.—Gold.—Commercial.—Obituary.—Foreign Intelligence.—Miscellaneous.—Monetary and Financial.—Domestic Markets.—Foreign Markets.—Miscellaneous Intelligence.—War Items