

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics 

DULUTH-SUPERIOR, MINN.-WIS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
LBMARY

VOLUME 2

## Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

## DULUTHSUPERIOR, MINN.-WIS.

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION
Arthur F. Young, Chief

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## Introduction

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## SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR

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## GENERAL

This report is part of the Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957. December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is $\mathrm{HC} 80-2$ (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

## CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter ( $A, B, C$, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables ( 58 to 68 ) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix $A$ describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census desig. nated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix $E$ contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix $F$ summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

## Introduction

## DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median-a type of average-is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "--").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category " 3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than $\$ 10,000$," it is shown as " $\$ 10,000$-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-
ended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category " $\$ 150,000$ or more," it is shown as " $\$ 150,000+$."

## SYMBOLS AND GEOG RAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots ". . ." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.


## SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-
mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owneroccupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.

# 1980 

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics DULUTH-SUPERIOR, MINN.-WIS. 

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-142

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## Table Finding Guide - Cross Classification of Subjects by Table Number

| Subject | Value | Gross rent | Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units | Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units | Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units | Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS <br> Condominium . <br> Year moved into unit. | $\overline{-}$ | 2 | - | - | $\overline{5}$ | $\overline{6}$ |
| UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS <br> Rooms <br> Persons in unit. <br> Bedrooms <br> Median rooms | 1 -1 1 | 2 - 2 2 | - - - 3 | - - - 4 | 5 <br> 5 <br> 5 | 6 <br> 6 <br> - |
| STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS <br> Units in structure <br> Year structure built <br> Stories in structure | - - - | 2 2 2 | - | - | - <br>  <br> - | 6 |
| PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS <br> Plumbing facilities | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | - | - |
| EQUIPMENT AND FUELS <br> Heating equipment <br> Air conditioning. <br> Vehicles available <br> House heating fuel <br> Water heating fuel. | 1 1 - - - | 2 2 - - | 3 3 3 3 - | 4 4 4 4 - | 5 5 - 5 - | 6 6 -6 |
| FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS <br> Value <br> Price asked <br> Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs <br> Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income <br> Contract rent <br> Gross rent <br> Rent asked. <br> Gross rent as percentage of household income. <br> Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. | ------1 | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | - 4 4 - <br> 4 | 5 - - 5 - - - - | 6 - - 6 - - - - |
| HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS <br> Household type by age of householder Income. . Income below poverty level | 1 1 1 | 2 - 2 | 3 - - | 4 - - | 5 - - | 6 - - |

The table numbers listed above show data for all households. Similar data are shown in the tables listed below when there are 10,000 or more persons of the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group comprises 10 percent of the area population. For further explanation, see the Introduction on page VII.

| White | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 |
| Asian and Pacific Islander | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| Spanısh origin | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 |

Table Finding Guide-Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

| Subject | Year structure built | Units in structure | Size of household (persons) | Household composition by age of householder | Age and sex of householder in one-person households | Duration of vacancy | Price asked and rent asked |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS <br> Condominium. $\qquad$ <br> Year moved into unit $\square$ | $\overline{7}$ | 8 8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS <br> Rooms <br> Persons in unit. <br> Bedrooms <br> Median rooms | 7 7 -7 | 8 -8 8 | 9 - - 9 | - 10 - - | - - - - | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & - \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 13 |
| STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS <br> Units in structure . $\qquad$ <br> Year structure built. $\qquad$ <br> Stories in structure . $\qquad$ | 7 - - | - | 9 - - | - | 11 - - | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 13 13 |
| PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS <br> Plumbing facilities | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| EQUIPMENT AND FUELS <br> Heating equipment <br> Air conditioning. <br> Vehicles available <br> House heating fuel <br> Water heating fuel. | 7 7 -7 - | 8 8 8 8 8 | - - - - - | - - - | - - - - | 12 - - - - | - - - - |
| FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS <br> Value. $\qquad$ <br> Price asked. . . . <br> Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs <br> Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. <br> Contract rent <br> Gross rent $\qquad$ <br> Rent asked. <br> Gross rent as percentage of household income. Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. |  |  | 9 | - <br> 10 <br> 10 | $\begin{gathered} - \\ - \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ - \\ 11 \\ - \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | - <br> 12 <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> 12 <br> - | - - - - - - - - - |
| HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS <br> Household type by age of householder Income. Income below poverty level | 7 7 7 | 8 8 8 | - 9 9 | - | 11 11 | - | - |

The table numbers listed above show data for all households. Similar data are shown in the tables listed below when there are 10,000 or more persons of the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group comprises 10 percent of the area population. For further explanation, see the Introduction on page VII.


Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places


SMSA boundaries are as defined on April I, 1980

CORRECTION NOTE
Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:
The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| The SMSASpecified owner-ectupied housing unirs | [Doto ore estimates bosed on o somple, see Introduction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less thon } \\ & \$ 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 19.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 30.000 \\ & \$ 39.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 40.000 \\ \$ 10 \\ \$ 49.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50.000 \\ 10 \\ \$ 59.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 60.000 \\ 10 \\ \$ 79.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 80,000 \\ & \$ 99,999 \\ & \$ 9, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100.000 \\ & \$ 149.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 150.000 \\ \text { or more } \end{array}$ | Median (dollors) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Meon } \\ \text { (dollors) } \end{array}$ |
|  | 52319 | 1457 | 6114 | 10427 | 11746 | 9626 | 5784 | 5342 | 1176 | 537 | 110 | 36600 | 39600 |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morried-couple fomilies -------------------------------- 15 | 38758 985 8 | 606 20 | $\begin{array}{r}3287 \\ \hline 126 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6929 \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8784 \\ \hline 296 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7989 149 | $\begin{array}{r}4898 \\ 79 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 4637 65 17 | 1029 3 | 496 5 | 103 | 39700 33000 | 42500 35300 |
| 25 to 34 yeors. | 8440 | 75 | 505 | 1155 | 2118 | 1892 | 1212 | 1174 | 227 | 76 | 6 | 42000 | 44200 |
| 35 to 44 years - | 7253 | 53 | 411 | 892 | 1279 | 1712 | 1094 | 1305 | 311 | 170 | 26 | 45900 | 48700 |
|  | 14959 | 199 | 1128 | 2682 | 3356 | 3234 | 2002 | 1683 | 410 | 208 | 57 | 40300 | 43200 |
| 65 yeors ond over -------------------------------- | 7121 | 259 | 1117 | 1950 | 1735 | 1010 | 511 | 410 | 78 | 37 | 14 | 31200 | 33800 |
| Mole householder, no wife present | 4445 | 354 | 890 | 1086 | 898 | 524 | 322 | 301 | 51 | 19 | - | 28600 | 31700 |
| 15 to 24 yeors -- | 353 | 44 | 73 | 69 | 65 | 43 | 27 | 32 | - |  | - | 26700 | 30500 |
| 25 to 34 yeors | 910 | 48 | 127 | 226 | 237 | 100 | 69 | 81 | 22 | - | - | 31700 | 35000 |
| 35 to 44 yeors | 510 | 10 | 79 | 91 | 127 | 86 | 64 | 45 | 7 | 1 | - | 34700 | 37000 |
| 45 to 64 yeors | 1274 | 118 | 254 | 357 | 199 | 151 | 85 | 89 | 8 | 13 | - | 26300 | 31100 |
| 65 yeors and over | 1 398 | 134 | 357 | 343 | 270 | 144 | 77 | 54 | 14 | 5 |  | 24900 | 28600 |
| Femole householder, no husbond present | 9116 | 497 | 1937 | 2412 | 2064 | 1113 | 564 | 404 | 96 | 22 | 7 | 28300 | 31200 |
| 15 to 24 yeors ... | 116 | 6 | 34 | 26 | 26 | 18 | 6 | 1 | - | - | - | 27800 | 28700 |
| 25 to 34 yeors | 747 | 18 | 165 | 194 | 211 | 100 | 17 | 41 | 1 | - | - | 29900 | 30700 |
| 35 to 44 yeors | 767 | 29 | 106 | 142 | 175 | 112 | 125 | 44 | 28 | 6 | - | 35600 | 38200 |
|  | 2827 4659 | 152 | 566 1066 | 683 +367 | 677 975 | 341 542 | 197 219 | 165 <br> 154 | 40 | 6 | $\overline{7}$ | 30200 | 32400 |
| Medion oge -...-- | 52.0 | 63.9 | +00.9 | 188.3 | 52.2 | $\begin{array}{r}48.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}46.8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 154 44.1 | 44.7 | 46.0 | 50.9 | 26300 |  |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to Morch 1980 | 4588 | 119 | 263 | 523 | 946 | 887 | 724 | 834 | 184 | 92 | 16 | 44600 | 47300 |
| 1975 to 1978 | 11005 | 209 | 922 | 1661 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 415$ | 2164 | 1424 | 1639 | 357 | 189 | 25 | 41300 | 44300 |
| 1975 to 1974 | 7442 | 225 | 664 | 1331 | 1558 | 1495 | 911 | 880 | 271 | 73 | 34 | 39600 | 42500 |
| 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier | 11292 17992 | 206 698 | 1382 2883 | 2 4 4 8 821 | 2417 4410 | 2344 2736 | 1412 1313 | $\begin{array}{r}1117 \\ 872 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 208 156 | 103 80 | 12 23 | 37900 31200 | 39900 33500 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 to 3 rooms | 1511 | 304 | 480 | 365 | 128 | 91 | 80 | 48 | 4 | 11 | - | 19200 | 23800 |
| 4 rooms | 6840 | 351 | 1358 | 1999 | 1707 | 825 | 379 | 170 | 35 | 16 | - | 28000 | 30000 |
| 5 rooms | 15383 | 434 | 1906 | 3469 | 4004 | 3026 | 1503 | 885 | 113 | 33 | 10 | 34400 | 35800 |
| 6 rooms | 14966 | 238 | 1449 | 3095 | 3654 | 3137 | 1698 | 1465 | 142 | 69 | 19 | 36900 | 39100 |
| 7 rooms | 7313 | 107 | 660 | 1071 | 1478 | 1422 | 1154 | 1092 | 222 | 95 | 12 | 42300 | 44400 |
| 8 or more rooms | 6306 | 23 | 261 | 428 | 775 | 1125 | 970 | 1682 | 660 | 313 | 69 | 54300 | 58800 |
| Medion | 5.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 8.1 | $8.5+$ | ... | ... |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None .- | 71 | 13 | 24 | 89 | 10 | 㖪 | 5 | 9 | - | - | - | 19500 | 27100 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 5067$ | 325 | 757 | 689 | 267 | 60 | 85 | 43 | 116 | 12 |  | 21100 | 23900 |
| 3 | 25654 | 384 | 2260 | 4825 | 5987 | 5373 | 3299 | 2864 | 464 | 153 | 45 | 38800 | 41000 |
| 4 | 7747 | 56 | 499 | 916 | 1403 | 1594 | 1214 | 1434 | 412 | 191 | 28 | 46400 | 49300 |
| 5 or more | 1474 | 14 | 51 | 131 | 158 | 239 | 207 | 324 | 182 | 131 | 37 | 54900 | 63100 |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to March 1980 ----- | 3950 | 57 | 79 | 202 | 309 | 719 | 802 |  | 217 |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 to 1974 | 2213 | 54 | 41 | 127 | 275 | 384 | 476 | 579 | 207 | 50 | 20 | 53700 | 56800 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 4917 | 33 | 215 | 402 | 675 | 1116 | 1017 | 1103 | 246 | 103 | 7 | 50200 | 51600 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 10181 | 103 | 542 | 1537 | 2544 | 2582 | 1619 | 1021 | 170 | 53 | 10 | 41400 | 42600 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 5474 | 146 | 510 | 1182 | 1603 | 1050 | , 500 | 338 | 92 | 49 | 4 | 35100 | 37800 |
| 1939 or earlier | 25584 | 1064 | 4727 | 6977 | 6340 | 3775 | 1370 | 933 | 244 | 111 | 43 | 30000 | 32200 |
| HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon \$5.000----..----.--- | 4454 | 468 |  |  | 769 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$5,000 to \$9.999 | 7188 | 368 | 1492 | 2148 | 1616 | 786 | 425 | 265 | 60 | 23 | 5 | 27400 | 30500 |
| \$10,000 to \$12.499 | 3225 | 172 | 399 | 1028 | 775 | 503 | 178 | 151 | 15 |  | 4 | 30200 | 32400 |
| \$12.500 to \$14.999 | 2905 | 50 | 523 | 703 | 757 | 515 | 189 | 140 | 19 | 9 |  | 32000 | 33700 |
| \$15.000 to \$19.999 | 7356 | 126 | 951 | 1537 | 2072 | 1402 | 667 | 458 | 91 | 39 | 13 | 34100 | 36900 |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 9036 | 132 | 649 | 1681 | 2160 | 2274 | 1111 | 883 | 95 | 51 |  | 39500 | 40300 |
| \$25.000 to \$34 999 | 11516 | 102 | 604 | 1564 | 2508 | 2601 | 1903 | 1783 | 335 | 95 | 21 | 44200 | 45600 |
| \$35,000 to \$44.999 | 4912 | 39 | 201 | 513 | 938 | 963 | 856 | 976 | 264 | 147 | 15 | 47700 | 50600 |
| \$50,000 or more - | 1727 | - | 12 | 111 | 151 | 204 | 272 | 524 | 244 | 164 | 45 | 64300 | 69300 |
| Medion | \$20 532 | \$8 341 | \$11767 | \$15 654 | \$19 738 | \$22 686 | \$25 549 | \$27960 | \$32 219 | \$37 799 | \$42 793 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Meon | \$21 687 | \$11202 | \$13731 | \$17073 | \$20 265 | \$23 168 | \$27 474 | \$30 007 | \$35943 | \$45 977 | \$83 082 | ... | ... |
| MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 26288 | 255 | 1665 | 4016 | 5948 | 5644 | 3764 | 3669 | 891 | 359 | 77 | 42200 | 45000 |
| Less thon 15 percent | 9845 | 98 | 619 | 1711 | 2465 | 1968 | 1413 | 1201 | 256 | 82 | 32 | 40100 | 43300 |
| 15 to 19 percent - | 5999 | 54 | 327 | 879 | 1268 | 1435 | 859 | 863 | 204 | 99 | 10 | 43500 | 45600 |
| 20 to 24 percent. | 4282 | 17 | 229 | 517 | 961 | 971 | 655 | 705 | 180 | 44 | 3 | 44100 | 46500 |
| 25 to 29 percent | 2144 | 20 | 131 | 320 | 389 | 508 | 352 | 330 | 49 | 29 | 16 | 43700 | 45900 |
| 30 to 34 percent - | 1287 | 13 | 78 | 145 | 276 | 280 | 172 | 214 | 48 | 56 | 5 | 44100 | 49200 |
| 35 percent or more | 2651 | 53 | 277 | 430 | 560 | 472 | 297 | 356 | 146 | 49 | 11 | 40100 | 44300 |
| Not computed .- | 80 |  | 4 | 14 | 29 | 9 | 16 |  | 8 | - |  | 36500 | 42300 |
| Medion ---- | 177 | 17.7 | 18.2 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 18.0 | 177 | 18.7 | 19.5 | 199 | 182 |  |  |
| Not mortgaged | 26031 | 1202 | 4449 | 6411 | 5798 | 3982 | 2020 | 1673 | 285 | 178 | 33 | 31500 | 34200 |
| Less thon 10 percent | 10844 | 378 | 1410 | 2352 | 2488 | 1990 | 1039 | 905 | 155 | 121 | 6 | 34800 | 37400 |
| 10 to 14 percent. | 4783 | 210 | 782 | 1163 | 1186 | 735 | 322 | 311 | 45 | 19 | 10 | 31800 | 34100 |
| 15 to 19 percent | 3184 | 134 | 507 | 918 | 705 | 529 | 207 | 163 | 18 | 3 |  | 30400 | 32600 |
| 20 to 24 percent. | 2073 | 125 | 452 | 621 | 443 | 212 | 123 | 52 | 20 | 21 | 4 | 27000 | 30500 |
| 25 to 29 percent - | 1345 | 65 59 | 317 | 347 | 286 | 161 | 103 | 49 | 11 | - | 6 | 27900 | 31000 |
| 30 to 34 percent .-. | 995 | 59 | 236 | 321 | 172 | 84 | 57 | 50 | 9 | - | 7 | 26200 | 30800 |
| 35 percent or more | 2708 | 221 | 715 | 664 | 505 | 270 | 152 | 140 | 27 | 14 | - | 25700 | 29600 |
| Not comouted | 99 | 10 | 30 | 25 | 13 | 1 | 17 | 3 | - | - | . | 28000 | 29100 |
| Medion | 12.2 | 15.3 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 11.7 | 10.0 | 10- | $10-$ | 10- | 10- | 20.6 |  | ... |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use <br> 1.01 or more persons per room . | 51 <br> 980 <br> 948 | $\begin{array}{r}1225 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5921 \\ 155 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10391 249 | 11716 212 | $\begin{array}{r}9609 \\ \hline 157\end{array}$ | 5782 74 | 5327 60 | 174 11 17 | 535 | 110 | 36800 31300 | 39 <br> 34000 <br>  <br> 16 |
| Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 529 | 232 | 193 | 36 | 30 | 17 | 2 | 15 | 2 | - | - | 1) 600 | 16300 |
| 1.01 or more persons per room -------- | 39 | 19 | 11 | 5 |  | 4 |  |  | - |  | - | 10400 | 15800 |
| Heating equipment ----- | 52303 | 1457 | 6114 | 10427 | 11730 | 9626 | 5784 | 5342 | 1176 | 537 | 110 | 36600 | 39600 |
| Centrol heoting system | 47478 | 764 | 4926 | 9467 | 10963 | 9117 | 5473 | 5024 | 1124 | 512 | 108 | 37500 | 40700 |
| Air conditioning - | 4463 | 41 | 381 | 783 | 976 | 936 | 534 | 572 | 175 | 59 | 6 | 40500 | 43300 |
| Centrol system - | 568 | 10 | 22 | 103 | 70 | 86 | 44 | 134 | 66 | 31 | 2 | 49300 | 54600 |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 2881 | 344 | 786 | 638 | 462 | 273 | 155 | 144 | 54 | 15 | 10 | 24500 | 29700 |
| Percent befow poverty level ..... | 55 | 236 | 129 | 61 | 39 | 28 | 27 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 91 | ... | ... |

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| The SMSA |  |  |  | ion | oning of | see | tion for | finitions | ms. see | dixes A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yotol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less thon } \\ & \$ 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10010 \\ \$ 149 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 150 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20010 \\ \$ 249 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 250 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 3449 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 350 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 399 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 499 \end{array}$ | $\$ 500$ or | No cosh rent | Medion (doflors) |
|  | 25695 | 3585 | 2973 | 4923 | 4814 | 3657 | 2220 | 1124 | 756 | 269 | 1374 | 207 |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  | 234 | 493 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 508 \\ 44 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 358 \\ 18 \end{array}$ |  | 66891 | 248238 |
| Married-couple families .... | 6791 <br> 1537 <br> 150 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 935 \\ & 272 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1456 \\ 459 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1292 | $756$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1537 2300 | 34 <br> 64 | 113 | 244 | 459 <br> 516 | 375 487 | 132 346 | 227 | 18 110 117 | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ | 165 | 261 |
| 35 to 44 yeors ---- | 819 | 34 35 | 34 | 248 | 135 | 131 | 95 | 73 | 117 | 19 | 111 |  |
| 45 to 64 yeors ---- | 10261109 | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 173 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 130 | 198 | 156 | 113 | 87 | 6152 | 32 <br> 30 | 165163138 | 278 255 |
| 65 yeors ond over. |  |  |  | 220 | 148 | 789 | 497 | 214 |  |  |  | 255 210 |
| Mole householder, no wife present | 1109 6409 | 680 | 924 | 220 1532 | 1114 |  |  |  | 225 | 76 | 358 | 197 |
| 15 to 24 yeors -.--------- | 2115 | 83 | 275 | 528 | 389 | 332 <br> 524 |  | 103 | 13461 | 54 | 46 | 224219 |
| 25 to 34 yeors. | 1780 | 41 | 205 | 420159 | 450 | 254121 |  | $\begin{array}{r}77 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 7 | 73 |  |
| 35 to 44 yeors. | + 567 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 195 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 44 |  | 76135 |  | $\begin{array}{r}192 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8 | 49 | 219 201 |
| 45 to 64 yeors .- | 1045 |  | 200 | 158 <br> 157 |  | 121 68 | 34 62 | 10 | 8888 | 4 | 89 | 163 |
| 65 yeors ond over --.-.-..- | 902 | 307 |  |  | ${ }^{64}$ | 14 +576 | 38 | 10 | 7 |  | 101 | 116 |
| Female househoider, no husbond present | 12495 | 1307 2671 | $\begin{array}{r}200 \\ 1556 \\ \hline 235 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}157 \\ 2456 \\ \hline 45\end{array}$ | 2244 | 14 1576 | 967265 | 102127 | 17383 | 102 | 348 | 188217217 |
| 15 to 24 yeors ----- | 2996$233 i$ | $\begin{array}{r}280 \\ 178 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 235 \\ & 232 \end{aligned}$ | 667 507 | 730 | 491 |  |  |  | 82 | 36 |  |
| 25 to 34 yeors |  | 178 |  | 507 | 589 | 421 | 262 | 38 | 41 | 13 | 50 | 216 |
| 35 to 44 yeors. | 903 | 52 | 137 | 182 | 156 | 148 | 110 | 87 | 10 | - | 21 | 220 |
| 45 to 64 years.- 65 yeors ond over | 1722 4543 | 257 1904 | 244 | 388 | 329 440 | 185 331 | 145 185 | 71 79 | 39 | $\overline{7}$ | 103 138 | 187 119 |
| Medion oge ------ | 34.5 | 70.5 | 51.0 | 33.0 | 29.0 | 28.8 | 31.1 | 32.8 | 30.8 | 24.8 | 47.3 | ... |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to Morch 1980 .-. | 12752 | 1151 | 1178 | 2441 | 2649 | 2240 | 1312 | 678 | 575 | 163 | 365 | 227 |
| 1975 to 1978 - | 7613 | 1315 | 907 | 1485 | 1455 | 956 | 640 | 283 | 126 | 69 | 377 | 198 |
| 1970 10 1974 | + 2686 | 643 | 424 | 503 | 324 | 272 | 190 | 144 | 35 | 15 | 136 | 165 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1960 \text { to } 1969 \text {-- } \\ & 1959 \text { or eorlier - } \end{aligned}$ | 1576 1068 | 316 160 | 280 184 | 314 180 | 261 125 | 146 43 | 37 41 | 12 7 | 7 13 | 22 | 181 315 | 169 158 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 room | 1262 | 465 | 364 | 311 | 55 | 14 | 3 |  | 8 | 6 | 36 | 115 |
| 2 rooms | 2780 | 812 | 699 | 622 | 293 | 222 | 55 | 20 | 6 | 4 | 47 | 139 |
| 3 rooms. | 6709 | 1567 | 795 | 1719 | 1351 | 538 | 394 | 88 | 55 | 12 | 190 | 173 |
| 4 rooms. | 6792 | 444 | 611 | 1268 | 1517 | 1307 | 648 | 466 | 174 | 33 | 324 | 231 |
| 5 rooms | 4989 | 255 | 332 | 713 | 1067 | 1070 | 704 | 288 | 173 | 53 | 334 | 248 |
| 6 rooms | 2164 | 36 | 146 | 214 | 411 | 400 | 302 | 208 | 235 | 49 | 163 | 277 |
| 7 or more rooms | 999 | 6 | 26 | 76 | 120 | 106 | 114 | 54 | 105 | 112 | 280 | 311 |
| Medion . | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 45 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 4.8 | $\ldots$ |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 756 | 269 |  | 207 |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use.----- | 24207 | 3099 | 2445 | 4755 | 4731 | 3616 | 2203 | 1090 | 756 | 269 | 1243 | 207 |
| 0.50 of less-------------- | 16261 | 2521 | 1678 | 3278 | 3153 | 2255 | 1411 | 589 | 392 | 124 | 860 | 203 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 | 7530 | 565 | 728 | 1410 | 1492 | 1290 | 773 | 467 | 332 | 133 | 340 | 230 |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 352 | 13 | 18 | 46 | 79 | 57 | 19 | 34 | 32 | 12 | 42 | 249 |
| 1.51 or more. | 64 | - | 21 | 21 | 7 | 14 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 178 |
| Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 1488 | 486 | 528 | 168 | 83 | 41 | 17 | 34 | - | - | 131 | 110 |
| 0.50 or less | 702 | 165 | 270 | 89 | 42 | 32 | 9 | 26 | - | - | 69 | 123 |
| 0.51 to 100 | 731 | 315 | 240 | 71 | 25 | 9 | 8 | 8 | - | - | 55 | 102 |
| 1.01 to 150 | 17 | - | 2 | 5 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 229 |
| 1.51 or more | 38 | 6 | 16 | 3 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | 126 |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 6853 | 1808 | 950 | 1265 | 1045 | 598 | 343 | 137 | 129 | 93 | 285 | 167 |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use.- | 6021 | 1604 | 713 | 1181 | 1034 | 584 | 334 | 137 | 129 | 93 | 212 | 177 |
| 1.01 or more persons per room------- | 180 | 13 | 12 | 33 | 31 | 33 | 10 | - | 17 | 12 | 19 | 231 |
| Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room | 632 | 204 | 237 | 84 | 11 | 14 | 9 | - | - | - | 73 | 107 125 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None ---..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10802 | 2402 | 1508 | 2713 | 2135 | 1064 | 548 | 125 | 32 | 12 | 263 | 175 |
| 2 | 9078 | 486 | 619 | 1355 | 1885 | 2005 | 1134 | 688 | 341 | 69 | 496 | 249 |
| 3 | 3225 | 145 | 224 | 273 | 548 | 513 | 467 | 265 | 284 | 107 | 399 | 268 |
|  | 630 | 11 | 53 | 62 | 80 | 56 | 68 | 43 | 83 | 47 | 127 | 291 |
| 5 or more | 125 |  | 6 | 15 | 23 |  |  | 3 | - | 28 | 50 | 239 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. detoched or otloched. | 4713 | 136 | 331 | 528 | 812 | 661 | 526 | 356 | 324 | 138 | 901 | 258 |
|  | 5128 | 196 | 471 | 1135 | 1339 | 970 | 495 | 168 | 185 | 31 | 138 | 226 |
| 3 and 4 5 to 9 | 3740 | 360 | 379 | 1061 | 910 | 670 | 202 | 60 | 25 | 5 | 68 | 202 |
| 5 to 9 .... | 2951 | 387 | 428 | 784 | 748 | 376 | 135 | 33 | 20 | - | 40 | 193 |
| 10 to $49 .-$ 50 or more | 5173 | 949 | 636 | 966 | 746 | 678 | 612 | 343 | 125 | 46 | 72 | 200 |
| 50 or more -------..---- | 3353 | 1542 | 667 | 332 | 135 | 211 | 185 | 132 | 70 | 33 | 46 109 | 107 235 |
| Mobile home or troiler, etc | 637 | 15 | 61 | 117 | 124 | 91 | 65 | 32 | 7 | 16 | 109 | 235 |
| Year structure built |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980.. | 3236 | 1051 | 420 | 228 | 215 | 437 | 415 | 286 | 90 | 28 | 66 | 168 |
| 1970 to 1974 -- | ${ }^{2} 748$ | 631 | 309 | 334 | 292 | 335 | 344 | 231 | 109 | 84 | 79 | 211 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 1865 | 364 | 182 | 197 | 243 | 301 | 193 | 120 | 33 | 30 | 202 | 220 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 2317 | 298 | 219 | 406 | 488 | 364 | 183 | 71 | 70 | 32 | 186 | 213 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 2805 | 291 | 324 +519 | -829 | 583 | -399 | 250 | ${ }^{62}$ | 93 | 34 | 140 | 207 |
| 1939 or eorlier | 12724 | 950 | 1519 | 3129 | 2993 | 1821 | 835 | 354 | 361 | 61 | 701 | 207 |
| STORIES IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 to 3 --. | 22479 | 2222 | 2410 | 4452 |  |  |  |  | 681 | 204 |  |  |
| 4 or more --..- | 3216 2438 | 1363 1 1 | 563 484 | 471 234 | 278 83 | 192 105 | 123 94 | 42 36 | 75 65 | 65 41 | 44 18 | 122 97 |
| GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLO INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon 15 percent | 4050 | 546 | 629 | 1005 | 805 | 535 | 327 | 127 | 48 | 28 |  | 193 |
| 15 to 19 percent. | 3616 | 542 | 359 | 721 | 725 | 553 | 418 | 191 | 92 | 15 | $\ldots$ | 213 |
| 20 to 24 percent . | 4097 | 1138 | 495 | 675 | 606 | 587 | 312 | 150 | 121 | 13 | ... | 184 |
| 25 to 29 percent - | 2809 | 634 | 359 | 467 | 499 | 356 | 243 | 137 | 66 | 48 | $\ldots$ | 192 |
| 30 to 34 percent - | 1778 | 211 | 236 | 286 | 355 | 330 | 133 | 128 | 96 | 3 | ... | 226 |
| 35 to 49 percent -- | 3012 | 259 | 488 | +603 | 610 | 447 | 282 | 174 | 107 | 42 | ... | ${ }_{213}$ |
| 50 persent or more | 4663 | 191 | 353 | 1094 | 1153 | 837 | 484 | 210 | 221 | 120 |  | 228 |
| Not computed | 1670 | 64 | 54 | 72 | 61 | 12 | 21 | 7 | 5 | - | 1374 | 181 |
| Medion ... | 254 | 23.0 | 248 | 25.3 | 274 | 271 | 259 | 283 | 325 | 424 | ... | $\cdots$ |
| Selected characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment -.....---- | 25689 | 3585 | 2973 | 4923 | 4808 | 3657 | 2220 | 1124 | 756 | 269 | 1374 | 207 |
| Centrol heoling system | 23422 | 3455 | 2643 | 4349 | 4342 | 3382 | 2087 | 1061 | 744 | 262 | 1097 | 208 |
| Air conditioning | 1967 | 200 | 102 | 228 | 226 | 249 | 375 | 250 | 132 | 83 | 122 | 282 |
| Centrol system | 465 | 115 | 23 | 28 | 30 | 49 | 59 | 52 | 33 | 51 | 25 | 267 |

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units:


Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{The SMSA
Specified owner-occupied housing} \& \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{[Dota ore estimotes bosed on a somple. see infroduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]} \\
\hline \& Total \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Less thon } \\
\& \$ 200
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\$ 200 \text { to }
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\$ 250 \text { to } \\
\$ 299
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\$ 300 \text { to } \\
\$ 349
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\$ 350 \text { to }
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\$ 400 \text { to } \\
\$ 4499
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\$ 500 \text { to }
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \$ 600 \text { 10 } \\
\& \$ 749
\end{aligned}
\] \& \$750 or more \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { Medion } \\ \text { (dolors) }}}{ }\) \\
\hline \& 26288 \& 2558 \& 3408 \& 4751 \& 4009 \& 3493 \& 4623 \& 1919 \& 1036 \& 491 \& 330 \\
\hline PERSONS IN UNIT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 1 person \& 1706 \& 370 \& 234 \& 336 \& 215 \& 248 \& 230 \& 36 \& 28 \& \& 287 \\
\hline 2 persons -- \& 5701 \& 800 \& 793 \& 927 \& 848 \& 597 \& 1084 \& 420 \& 157 \& 75 \& 319 \\
\hline \({ }_{3}^{3}\) perssons -- \& 5455
7555 \& 498 \& 725
1013 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1960 \\
\hline 960
\end{tabular} \& 863
1186 \& 1775 \& 961
1
332 \& 365
566 \& 216
337 \& 75
163 \& 331
337 \\
\hline 5 persons .-. \& 3773 \& 262 \& 474 \& 743 \& 544 \& 521 \& 628 \& 303 \& 174 \& 124 \& 337 \\
\hline 6 persons -- \& 1407 \& 79 \& 116 \& 249 \& 217 \& 194 \& 295 \& 146 \& 79 \& 32 \& 361 \\
\hline \({ }_{8}^{7}\) persons ---.-- \& 488
203
203 \& 31
3 \& 31
23 \& \(\begin{array}{r}107 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
93 \\
43 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}60 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}65 \\ \hline 28 \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}54 \\ \hline 29 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 34 \& 13 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
340 \\
344 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Medion ----------- \& 354 \& 271 \& 3.43 \& 361 \& 3.57 \& 3.62 \& 3.53 \& 374 \& 3.85 \& 4.03 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{HOUSEHOID TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER} \\
\hline Morried-couple fomilios \& 22157 \& 1852 \& 2846 \& 3909 \& 3437 \& 2931 \& 4058 \& \& 946 \& 448 \& \({ }^{336}\) \\
\hline 15 to 24 yeors -- \& 879 \& 38 \& 108 \& , 1147 \& 170
1305 \& 1136 \& \({ }_{8}^{214}\) \& \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
343 \\
347 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 25 to 34 yeers -- \& 7704
6106
6 \& 341
423 \& 659
814 \& +126 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1305 \\
\hline 886
\end{tabular} \& 1255
823 \& 1814
1117
1 \& 721
420 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
368 \\
354 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 199 \& 342 \\
\hline 45 to 64 yeors \& \(\begin{array}{r}6916 \\ \hline 558\end{array}\) \& \({ }_{884} 8\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}1180 \\ \hline 85\end{array}\) \& 1458 \& 1008 \& 672 \& 847 \& 531 \& \(\begin{array}{r}211 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 125 \& 298

298 <br>
\hline Mole householder, no \& 1856 \& 309 \& 228 \& 361 \& 230 \& 279 \& 290 \& 68 \& 17 \& 14 \& 307 <br>
\hline 15 to 24 yeors .- \& 283 \& 45 \& 36 \& 57 \& 33 \& 51 \& 43 \& 6 \& 12 \& - \& 305 <br>
\hline ${ }_{35}^{25}$ to 34 yeras \& 752
372
372 \& 72 \& 64
52 \& $\begin{array}{r}139 \\ 82 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ \& 120
35 \& 130
46 \& 142
61
6 \& 35
17 \& 36
10 \& 14 \& 342
390 <br>
\hline 35 to 44 yeors
45 to 64 years \& 372
397 \& ${ }_{93}$ \& ${ }_{64} 52$ \& 75 \& 35
42 \& 46
50 \& 4 \& 10 \& 19 \& - \& 278
278 <br>
\hline 65 years ond over \& 52 \& 30 \& 12 \& \& \& 2 \& \& \& \& \& 190 <br>
\hline Femole householder, no husbend present \& 2275 \& 397 \& 334 \& 481 \& 342 \& 283 \& 275 \& 121 \& 13 \& 29 \& 292 <br>
\hline 15
25
20 \& 94 \& 16 \& 17 \& 15 \& 21 \& 6 \& 8 \& 11 \& - \& - \& 297
298 <br>
\hline 35 to 44 yeors ---- \& 603 \& 58 \& 79 \& 123 \& 101 \& 72 \& 82 \& 60 \& 13 \& 15 \& 321 <br>
\hline 45 to 64 yeors ---
65 yeors ond over \& 711
288 \& 169
102 \& 79
32 \& 174
55

5 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 87 \\
& 29
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 95

31 \& 80
29 \& 14
10 \& \& 13 \& 281
289 <br>
\hline Medion oge ------- \& 38.6 \& 48.0 \& 42.0 \& 40.4 \& 37.1 \& 35.8 \& 35.1 \& 37.4 \& 36.9 \& 39.0 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{Year householder moved into unit} <br>
\hline 1979 to March 1980 \& 3899 \& 124 \& 132 \& 263 \& 428 \& 607 \& 1098 \& 648 \& 437 \& 162 \& 436 <br>
\hline 1975 to 1978 \& 8921 \& \& 669 \& 1292 \& 1536 \& \& 2120 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 1970 to 1974 \& 5212
6035 \& 1 4927 \& 1 \& 1 1764 \& 973
809 \& 660
528 \& 669
569 \& ${ }_{201}^{221}$ \& 109
88 \& 70
53 \& 276 <br>
\hline 1959 or eotilier -- \& 2221 \& 567 \& 600 \& 426 \& 263 \& 131 \& 171 \& 41 \& 10 \& 12 \& 245 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{ROOMS} <br>
\hline 1 to 3 rooms -- \& ${ }^{438}$ \& 149 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline ${ }_{5}^{4}$ rooms------- \& 2335
6870 \& 476

907 \& + 425 \& | 1446 |
| :--- |
| 139 | \& - $\begin{array}{r}344 \\ 1094\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{937}^{242}$ \& 328

1046 \& 51
323 \& 17
106 \& 6

23 \& | 280 |
| :--- |
| 304 | <br>

\hline 6 rooms \& 7749 \& 701 \& 1169 \& 1577 \& 1227 \& 1039 \& 1347 \& 437 \& 189 \& \& <br>
\hline 7 rooms \& 4465 \& 200 \& 450 \& 766 \& 772 \& 698 \& 868 \& 395 \& 219 \& 97 \& 353 <br>
\hline 8 or more rooms
Medion ------ \& 4431
6.0 \& 125
5.2 \& 205
5.6 \& 508
5.8 \& 534
5.9 \& 550
6.0 \& 1003
6.2 \& 711
6.9 \& 493
7.4 \& 302
8.1 \& 426 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{year structure built} <br>
\hline 1975 to Morch 1980 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1575 \& 32 \& 76 \& \& \& \& \& \& 122 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3182
5357
53 \& 149
890 \& 290

812 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
707 <br>
962 <br>
\hline

 \& 

481 <br>
746 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 375

686 \& \& | 336 |
| :--- |
| 263 | \& 160

137 \& 103

91 \& | 346 |
| :--- |
| 301 | <br>

\hline 1940 to 1949 \& 2565 \& 252 \& 378 \& 588 \& 377 \& 261 \& 448 \& 123 \& 97 \& 41 \& <br>
\hline  \& 10342 \& 1184 \& 1763 \& 2071 \& 1717 \& 1319 \& 1391 \& 540 \& 226 \& 131 \& 304 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{value} <br>
\hline Less thon 510.000 \& 255 \& 142 \& 61 \& 45 \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& <br>
\hline \$10.000 to \$19.999- \& 1665 \& \& \& \& \& \& 73 \& 19 \& \& - \& <br>
\hline $\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 29.999-$

$\$ 30.000$ to 539.999 \& | 4016 |
| :--- |
| 5948 | \& 817

693 \& 989
1075 \& 864

+1214 \& $\begin{array}{r}273 \\ \hline 1065\end{array}$ \& | 352 |
| :--- |
| 934 |
| 92 | \& 248

804 \& $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 128 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 7
22 \& 13 \& 262
300 <br>
\hline \$40.000 to \$499.999- \& 5 5644 \& 283
77 \& 591 \& 1223 \& $\begin{array}{r}930 \\ \hline 54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 941 \& 1152
1043 \& 397 \& 22
104
152 \& ${ }_{23}^{23}$ \& 339
330 <br>
\hline \$50,000 to \$99,999- \& 3
3
3
3 669 \& 77
28 \& 226
77 \& 664
318 \& 574
446 \& 571
511 \& 1043
1063
1 \& 435
616 \& 152
460 \& $\begin{array}{r}22 \\ 150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 380
441 <br>
\hline  \& 891 \& \& 7 \& \& 45 \& 92 \& 201 \& 220 \& 152 \& 150 \& 535 <br>
\hline \$100.000 15149.999 ------------------------------- \& 359 \& \& \& \& 6 \& 14 \& 26 \& 68 \& 128 \& 93 \& 649 <br>
\hline Medion ----------- \& \$42 200 \& \$27 700 \& \$32 100 \& \$38 700 \& $\$ 4000$ \& \$43700 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 10
$\$ 58500$ \& \$70 $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \hline 80 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ \& $750+$ <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979} <br>
\hline Less than 15 percent ------------------------------ \& 9845 \& 1797 \& 2196 \& \& \& \& 674 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 15 to 19 percent --.-
20 to 24

percent \& | 5999 |
| :--- |
| 4282 | \& 219

146 \& 620
206 \& 190

360 \& 1 \begin{tabular}{l}
295 <br>
685 <br>
\hline 1

 \& 1011 \& 

1080 <br>
1356 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 371

530 \& 156

205 \& | 57 |
| :--- |
| 60 | \& 337

401 <br>
\hline 25 to 29 percent \& 2144 \& 111 \& 138 \& 243 \& 222 \& 336 \& 588 \& 279 \& 161 \& 66 \& 403 <br>
\hline 30 to 34 percent \& 1287 \& 39 \& 67 \& 112 \& 104 \& 135 \& 363 \& 232 \& 160 \& 75 \& 450 <br>
\hline 35 percent or more \& 2651 \& 244 \& 172 \& 328 \& 330 \& 404 \& 542 \& 236 \& 247 \& 148 \& 381 <br>
\hline Not computed ---------- \& 17.7 \& 11.5 \& 13.2 \& 14.6 \& 175 \& 19.4 \& 22.0 \& 23.0 \& 26.7 \& 28.3 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS} <br>
\hline Heating equipment --.---- \& 26288 \& 2558 \& \& \& \& 3493 \& 4623 \& 1919 \& 1036 \& 491 \& <br>
\hline Steom or hot woter system --i--------.-------- \& 6902
16164

164 \& 1729 \& ${ }_{2}^{577}$ \& | 1 |
| :--- |
| 1 |
| 3 |
| 189 |
| 189 | \& 1178

2395 \& ${ }_{2} 961$ \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1481 <br>
2545 <br>
\hline

 \& ${ }_{636}^{683}$ \& 

352 <br>
551 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 195

245 \& 361
316 <br>
\hline  \& 1041
1049 \& ${ }_{32}$ \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}1235 \\ \hline 123 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 2108 \& \& 190 \& 93 \& 245
36 \& ${ }_{433}$ <br>
\hline Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce -------------------- \& 199 \& 21 \& 45 \& 52 \& 36 \& 16 \& 21 \& $17^{3}$ \& 55 \& 15 \& ${ }_{288}^{282}$ <br>
\hline Air cond merionons \& 1982
2410 \& $\begin{array}{r}360 \\ 156 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 350

330 \& \& \& | 218 |
| :--- |
| 357 | \& 252

419 \& \& 145 \& 15 \& 288
341 <br>
\hline Centrol system \& 251 \& 15 \& 25 \& 30 \& 25 \& 15 \& 61 \& 36 \& 25 \& 29 \& 429 <br>
\hline 1 or more individual room units. \& 2159 \& 151 \& 305 \& 384 \& 351 \& 342 \& 358 \& 134 \& 116 \& 18 \& 334 <br>
\hline House heoting tuel------------- \& 26288 \& 2558 \& 3408 \& 4751 \& 4009 \& 3493 \& ${ }_{4} 623$ \& 1919 \& 1036 \& 491 \& 330 <br>
\hline  \& 7658
1095
10 \& 860
105 \& $\begin{array}{r}1032 \\ 99 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1436
167 \& $\begin{array}{r}1168 \\ 184 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ \& 982
148
198 \& \& 534
51
51 \& $\begin{array}{r}344 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 159

16 \& | 321 |
| :--- |
| 348 | <br>

\hline Electricit --.-------- \& 1998
14329
1 \& +40 \& 75
1872 \& $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ \hline 270\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}143 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 215\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}165 \\ 1 \\ \hline 177\end{array}$ \& 370
3
57 \& $\begin{array}{r}228 \\ \hline 91\end{array}$ \& 144 \& 36 \& 338
430
3 <br>
\hline  \& 14329
1908 \& 2406 \& 1872
330 \& 2740
311 \& $\begin{array}{r}2215 \\ \hline 299\end{array}$ \& 22! \& $\begin{array}{r}2537 \\ \hline 285 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 991
115 \& 490
21 \& 260
20 \& 329
301 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980


Table A-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980



Table A-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980


|  |  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\text { i }}$ |  | com | －ixm | \％ |  | M＾aun |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | － |  |  |  | － |  | 昌等 |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { a }}$ |  | ৪is |  | － |  |  |  |
|  |  | 管 |  |  |  | กั |  |  |  |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \sim \\ \sim \end{array} \end{array}\right.$ | ㅊ |  | 으우 |  | $\stackrel{\text {－}}{\sim}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { ®్ల®®® }}$ |  |
|  |  | d |  | $\underline{\underline{a}}^{m \times 1}$ |  | 。 | Mo゙シis | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ |  |
|  |  | ® |  | א~~గ్ |  | ま |  | N＇N． |  |
|  |  | － |  | ®®~ |  | － |  | ミへシ |  |
|  |  | \％ |  | 「mi |  | \％ |  | চ\％${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 「iono |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ |  | － º $^{\prime}$ |  | － |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty} \sim_{\sim}^{\infty}$ |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ |  | が・ |  | ニ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { oiñ }}$ |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | Cosionino | Nㅜㅇ륙 |  | I |  | 풍 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\sim} \\ & \approx \end{aligned}$ |  <br> ゅのルー－§ |  |  |  |  | ন্চimen |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathrm{O}}$ |  <br> －mN－ \％ | $\stackrel{\infty}{N}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {E }}$ | 1 ミัoioiniouk | ツ్mñ | －¢ ¢ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \cong \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ |  | $\mathfrak{y} \pm ฐ \simeq$ |  |
|  |  | － |  | Ø్ळఃఇ |  | ® |  | 慈标 |  |
| 흔 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { :ãñ } \\ & \text { ¿ind } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  | ¢0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-a ong } \\ & \text { a } \end{aligned}$ |  |

Table A-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| The SMSA |  | Mole householder |  |  |  |  |  | Femole householder |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totol | Total | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 24 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \text { to } 34 \\ \text { years } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { to } 44 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { to } 64 \\ & \text { yeors } \end{aligned}$ | 65 years ond over | Total | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { yeors } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \text { to } 34 \\ \text { yeors } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35 \text { to } 44 \\ \text { yeors } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { to } 64 \\ & \text { yeors } \end{aligned}$ | 65 years ond over |
| Owner-occupiod housing units | 11934 | 4809 | 374 | 1135 | 491 | 1206 | 1603 | 7125 | 63 | 260 | 162 | 1990 | 4650 |
| PLUMBING FACIITIES <br> Complete plumbing for exciusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | $\begin{array}{r}11214 \\ 720 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4290 519 | 351 23 | 1040 95 | 447 | $\begin{array}{r} 1081 \\ 125 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1371 \\ 232 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6924 \\ 201 \end{array}$ | 60 3 | 245 15 | 162 | 1946 44 | $\begin{array}{r} 4511 \\ 139 \end{array}$ |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE <br> 1, detoched or oftoched <br> 2 or more <br> Mobile home or troiler, etc | 10012 996 926 | 3789 434 586 | 238 27 109 | 800 124 211 | 386 45 60 | $\begin{aligned} & 944 \\ & 130 \\ & 132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 108 \\ 108 \\ 74 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6223 \\ 562 \\ 340 \end{array}$ | 37 2 24 | 191 29 40 | 124 11 27 | $\begin{array}{r} 1710 \\ 159 \\ 121 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4161 \\ 361 \\ 128 \end{array}$ |
| HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4418 3480 | 970 1181 | 22 51 | 76 115 | 30 44 | 227 247 | 615 <br> 724 | 3448 2499 | 16 31 | 38 38 | 42 | 665 749 | 2687 1476 |
| \$10,000 to \$12,499 | 916 | 423 | 71 | 100 | 32 | 125 | 95 | 493 | 8 | 47 | 50 | 187 | 201 |
| \$12,500 to \$14.999 | 683 | 370 | 40 | 136 | 38 | 86 | 70 | 313 | - | 58 | 10 | 138 | 107 |
| \$15.000 to \$19.999 | 1140 | 736 | 96 | 289 | 133 | 184 | 34 | 404 | 2 | 79 | 34 | 176 | 113 |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 853 | 742 | 87 | 340 | 121 | 167 | 27 | 111 | 6 | - | 21 | 49 | 35 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 305 | 258 | 7 | 57 | 54 | 125 | 15 | 47 | - | - | - | 24 | 23 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 115 | 107 | - | 20 | 31 | 41 | 15 | 8 | - |  |  |  | 8 |
| \$50,000 or more - | 24 | 22 | - | 2 | 8 | 4 | 9 | 2 | - $\square^{-}$ | \$120 | S11 700 | 2 | - |
| Medion | \$6 810 | $\$ 11498$ | \$15 114 | \$16 713 | \$18 687 | \$12 616 | \$6 079 | \$5 195 | \$6845 | \$12802 | $\$ 11700$ | \$7 110 | \$4 604 |
| Meon. | \$9 369 | \$13 113 | \$14864 | \$16 685 | \$19 197 | \$14 283 | \$7 431 | \$6841 | \$8 119 | \$11745 | \$11 314 | \$8 307 | \$5 767 |
| MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHIY OWNER COSTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With a morigage -------------------------- | 1706 | 1030 | 137 | 505 | 206 | 138 | 44 | 676 | 15 | 106 | 89 | 242 | 224 |
| Less thon \$200 | 370 | 202 | 21 | 68 | 38 | 51 | 24 | 168 | - | 10 | 8 | 69 | 81 |
| \$200 to \$249 | 234 | 156 | 26 | 55 | 36 | 29 | 10 | 78 | - | 30 | - | 18 | 30 |
| \$250 to \$299 | 336 | 157 | 12 | 88 | 31 | 18 | 8 | 179 |  | 24 | 36 | 66 | 53 |
| \$300 to \$349 | 215 | 130 | 24 | 76 | 21 | 9 | - | 85 | 15 | 14 | 22 | 11 | 23 |
| \$350 to \$399 | 248 | 158 | 24 | 91 | 27 | 14 | 2 | 90 | - | 12 | 14 | 45 | 19 |
| \$400 to \$499 | 230 | 166 | 24 | 84 | 43 | 15 | - | 64 | - | 16 | - | 33 | 15 |
| \$500 to \$598 | 36 | 24 | - | 12 | 10 | 2 | - | 12 | - | - | 9 | - | 3 |
| \$600 to \$749 | 28 | 28 | 6 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
|  | 9 | 9 | - | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medion ---------------------------------------------- | \$287 | \$300 | \$320 | \$327 | \$297 | \$231 | \$193 | \$276 | \$325 | \$277 | \$301 | \$276 | \$251 |
| Not morigoged. | 6722 | 1913 | 63 | 110 | 91 | 565 | 1084 | 4809 | 14 | 50 | 26 | 1210 | 3509 |
| Less thon \$50 | 289 | 125 | 3 | 21 | 4 | 31 | 66 | 164 | - |  | - | 15 | 149 |
| \$50 to \$74 | 446 | 204 | 19 | 12 | 6 | 78 | 89 | 242 |  | 7 |  | 89 | 146 |
| 575 to \$99 | 1233 | 345 | 10 | 37 | 19 | 55 | 224 | 888 | 9 | - | 2 | 210 | 667 |
| \$100 to \$124 | 1655 | 452 | 4 | 23 | 12 | 173 | 240 | 1203 | 5 | 12 | 2 | 267 | 917 |
| \$125 to \$149 | 1317 | 371 | 20 | 10 | 26 | 95 | 220 | 946 | - | , | 9 | 295 | 633 |
| \$150 to \$199 | 1279 | 273 | 5 | 7 | 15 | 97 | 149 | 1006 | - | 13 | - | 256 | 737 |
| \$200 to \$249 | 356 | 82 | 2 | - | 9 | 23 | 48 | 274 | - | 9 | 13 | 69 | 183 |
| \$250 or more | 147 | 61 | - | - | - | 13 | 48 | 86 |  | - |  | 9 | 77 |
| Medion ---- | \$121 | \$116 | \$99 | \$90 | \$129 | \$117 | \$117 | \$123 | \$94 | \$142 | \$175 | \$127 | \$122 |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979. | 25.1 | 18.9 | 23.2 | 21.0 | 15.0 | 13.1 | 21.5 | 29.0 | $50+$ | 26.2 | 35.8 | 24.1 | 30.7 |
| With 0 morigoge ------- | 26.5 | 21.8 | 27.5 | 22.6 | 17.1 | 18.5 | 369 | 38.4 | $50+$ | 27.7 | 35.6 | 38.0 | 47.5 |
| Not mortgoged. | 24.8 | 16.9 | 10- | $10-$ | 11.3 | 11.8 | 21.1 | 28.1 | 16.8 | 16.3 | $50+$ | 21.9 | 30.0 |
| Income in 1979 below peverty level | 2046 | 493 | 17 | 52 | 18 | 148 | 258 | 1553 | 7 | 29 | 32 | 456 | 1029 |
| Percent below poverty level ----- | 171 | 10.3 | 4.5 | 46 | 3.7 | 12.3 | 16.1 | 21.8 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 19.8 | 22.9 | 22.1 |
| Renter-occupied housing units | 12581 | 4630 | 977 | 1344 | 444 | 976 | 889 | 7951 | 1133 | 925 | 232 | 1244 | 4417 |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use --.-. | 11276 | 3825 | 879 | 1218 | 367 | 686 | 675 | 7451 | 992 | 840 | 194 | 1163 |  |
| locking complate plumbing for exclusive use ----------- | 1305 | 805 | 98 | 126 | 77 | 290 | 214 | 500 | 141 | 85 | 38 | 81 | 155 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2, detoched or---------- | 1531 1936 | 789 695 | 165 150 | 267 | 45 59 | $\begin{aligned} & 159 \\ & 102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}153 \\ 61 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 742 1241 | 104 252 | 136 260 | 19 50 | 171 215 | 312 464 |
| 3 ond 4 | 1556 | 542 | 143 | 148 | 107 | 94 | 50 | 1014 | 261 | 96 | 43 | 224 | 390 |
| 5 to 9 | 1567 | 704 | 210 | 248 | 72 | 127 | 47 | 863 | 195 | 188 | 37 | 83 | 360 |
| 10 to 49 | 3122 | 1243 | 232 | 270 | 127 | 341 | 273 | 1879 | 226 | 186 | 70 | 356 | 1041 |
| 50 or more | 2702 | 554 | 46 | 63 | 28 | 118 | 299 | 2148 | 86 | 44 | 13 | 183 |  |
| Mobile home or troiler, etc. | 167 | 103 | 31 | 25 | 6 | 35 | 6 | 64 | 8 | 15 | - | 12 | 28 |
| HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5859 | 1496 | 279 | 185 | 101 | 385 | 546 | 4363 | 512 | 123 | 106 | 567 | 3055 |
| \$5.000 to \$9.999-- | 3193 | 965 | 301 | 247 | 50 | 115 | 252 | 2228 | 429 | 341 | 49 | 416 | 993 |
| \$10,000 to \$12.499 | 1036 | 456 | 127 | 157 | 30 | 117 | 25 | 580 | 109 | 159 | 37 | 118 | 157 |
| \$12,500 to \$14.999 | 622 | 364 | 94 | 160 | 20 | 64 | 26 | 258 | 57 | 69 | 7 | 48 | 77 |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999. | 1032 | 681 | 104 | 321 | 125 | 112 | 19 | 351 | 19 | 161 | 21 | 48 | 102 |
| \$20.000 to \$24,999 | 521 | 398 | 66 | 193 | 61 | 71 | 7 | 123 | 7 | 57 | 12 | 27 | 20 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 232 | 190 | 6 | 57 | 42 | 78 | 7 | 42 | - | 15 | - | 20 | 7 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 57 | 57 | - | 16 | 7 | 30 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| \$50,000 or more. | 29 | 23 | 5712- | 8 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 6 | - $\square^{-}$ | - | - | , | 6 |
| Medion - | \$5 573 | \$9 008 | \$7 712 | \$13797 | \$15 625 | \$9 388 | \$4 486 | \$4 718 | \$5 592 | \$9 980 | \$7562 | \$5 705 | \$4 176 |
| Mean | \$8 339 | \$10 910 | \$8964 | \$13951 | \$14 531 | \$11528 | \$5 965 | \$6 841 | \$6 082 | \$10 703 | \$7 685 | \$7 021 | \$6 132 |
| GROSS RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sperified renter-occupied housing units .------ | 12307 | 4458 | 951 | 1292 | 439 | 929 | 847 | 7849 | 1122 | 899 | 232 | 1234 | 4362 |
| Less than \$100 ----------------------.-- | 2869 | 652 | 65 | 31 | 54 | 195 | 307 | 2217 | 77 | 39 | 9 | 203 | 1889 |
| \$100 to \$149 | 1903 | 734 | 160 | 167 | 44 | 180 | 183 | 1169 | 116 | 107 | 57 | 208 | 681 |
| \$150 to \$199 .- | 2810 | 1203 | 352 | 336 | 131 | 239 | 145 | 1607 | 373 | 202 | 84 | 291 | 657 |
| \$200 to \$249- | 2028 | 763 | 171 | 343 | 60 | 125 | 64 | 1265 | 338 | 273 | 22 | 224 | 408 |
| \$250 to \$299 | 1134 | 480 | 122 | 188 | 96 | 60 | 14 | 654 | 128 | 114 | 13 | 99 | 300 |
| \$300 to \$349 | 639 | 174 | 13 | 73 | 18 | 37 | 33 | 465 | 59 | 95 | 28 | 99 | 184 |
| \$350 to \$399- | 252 | 89 | 19 | 49 | 11 | - | 10 | 163 | 11 | 26 | 16 | 31 | 78 |
| \$400 to \$499 - | 108 | 60 | 11 | 27 | - | 15 | 7 | 48 | 2 | 11 | - | - | 35 |
| \$500 or more - | 34 | 24 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 10 | - | 3 | - | - | 7 |
| No cosh rent - | 530 | 279 | 31 | 71 | 22 | 75 | 80 | 251 | 18 | 29 | 3 | 79 | 122 |
| Median | \$169 | \$179 | \$190 | \$211 | \$194 | \$161 | \$114 | \$162 | \$198 | \$212 | \$179 | \$181 | \$115 |
| selected characteristics <br> Median gross rent as percentoge of househald incame in $1979$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 27.8 | 22.7 | 26.4 | 19.7 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 28.8 | 30.0 | 42.1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3417 | 923 | 226 | 143 | 66 | 298 | 197 | 2494 | 389 | 100 | 31.8 | 414 | $\begin{array}{r}29.7 \\ 1494 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Percent beiow poverty level ---------------------- | 27.2 | 199 | 23.1 | 106 | 149 | 298 | 22.2 | 314 | 343 | 10.8 | 41.8 | 333 | $\begin{array}{r}1494 \\ \hline 338\end{array}$ |

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980


Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980


Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


| Duluth city | Total | Less than $\$ 100$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10010 \\ \$ 149 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15010 \\ \$ 199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 249 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 250 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30010 \\ \$ 349 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 350 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 399 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 40010 \\ \$ 499 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { No cash } \\ \text { rent } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Median } \\ \text { (dollars) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specified renter-occupied housing units .- | 12470 | 1640 | 1380 | 2283 | 2413 | 1739 | 1285 | 613 | 518 | 230 | 369 | 214 |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2958 | 78 | 211 | 413 | 705 | 490 | 358 | 244 | 206 | 62 | 191 | 248 |
| 15 to 24 years. | 675 | 23 | 46 | 104 | 232 | 157 | 74 | 18 | 9 |  | 12 | 237 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 985 | 10 | 72 | 121 | 231 | 197 | 152 | 97 | 50 | - | 55 | 257 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 318 | 13 | 21 | 15 | 75 | 32 | 28 | 43 | 56 | - | 35 | 281 |
| 45 to 64 years... | 399 | 12 | 12 | 42 | 80 | 46 | 53 | 33 | 48 | 32 | 41 | 290 |
| 65 years ond over -- | 581 | 20 | 60 | 131 | 87 | 58 | 51 | 53 | 43 | 30 | 48 | 231 |
| Male hauseholder, no wife present | 2818 | 271 | 447 | 575 | 486 | 353 | 280 | 94 | 159 | 73 | 80 | 208 |
| 15 to 24 yeors ------------- | 938 | 5 | 148 | 193 | 147 | 156 | 71 | 52 | 95 | 51 | 20 | 239 |
| 25 to 34 years - | 736 | 19 | 50 | 177 | 176 | 116 | 114 | 30 | 42 | 7 | 5 | 235 |
| 35 to 44 years - | 251 | 35 | 28 113 | 14 | 40 | 49 | 30 | 7 | 15 | 8 | 10 | 216 |
| 45 to 64 years -- | 500 393 | $\begin{array}{r}90 \\ 122 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 113 108 | 103 58 | 79 44 | 32 | 32 33 | 5 | 15 7 | 3 <br> 4 | 28 17 | 164 <br> 127 |
| Female househalder, na husband present | 6694 | 1291 | 722 | 1295 | 1222 | 896 | 647 | 275 | 153 | 95 | 98 | 200 |
| 15 to 24 yeors .........-------- | 1658 | 92 | 85 | 337 | 389 | 258 | 219 | 102 | 83 | 75 | 18 | 236 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 1335 | 76 | 116 | 285 | 366 | 246 | 156 | 26 | 21 | 13 | 30 | 219 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 470 | 10 | 61 | 126 | 79 | 79 | 54 | 46 | 10 | - | 5 | 222 |
| 45 to 64 yeors - | 845 | 133 | 97 | 169 | 200 | 88 | 80 | 46 | - | 7 | 32 | 202 |
| 65 years and over | 2386 | 980 | 363 | 378 | 188 | 225 | 138 | 55 | 39 | 7 | 13 | 133 |
| Medion age - | 34.6 | 72.4 | 52.8 | 33.2 | 29.7 | 28.8 | 31.3 | 33.2 | 30.5 | 24.5 | 42.9 | ... |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVEO INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 | 6483 3422 | 543 517 | 608 413 | $\begin{array}{r}1152 \\ 637 \\ \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1331 \\ 770 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1058 422 | 766 322 | 364 119 11 | 379 100 | 137 64 | 144 58 | 232 207 |
| 1970 to 1974. | 1501 | 400 | 173 | 261 | 152 | 162 | 147 | 111 | 35 | 15 | 45 | 171 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 631 | 115 | 110 | 151 | 119 | 62 | 18 | 12 | - | 14 | 30 | 181 |
| 1959 or earlier | 433 | 65 | 75 | 82 | 41 | 35 | 32 | 7 | 4 | - | 92 | 176 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 room - | 728 | 275 | 249 | 164 | 26 | - | $\stackrel{-}{7}$ | - | 8 | 6 | - | 114 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ rooms | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 501 \\ 3 & 147\end{array}$ | 470 | 353 | 353 743 | 157 | 116 | 25 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 11 | 138 |
| 4 rooms | 2872 | 114 | 240 | 547 | 645 | 471 | 380 | 235 | 132 | 27 | 81 | 238 |
| 5 roams. | 2636 | 99 | 168 | 363 | 578 | 600 | 411 | 172 | 102 | 53 | 90 | 254 |
| 6 rooms | 1154 | 6 | 67 | 82 | 211 | 207 | 187 | 102 | 169 | 45 | 78 | 294 |
| 7 or more rooms | 432 | - | 16 | 31 | 65 | 39 | 24 | 27 | 71 | 83 | 76 | 356 |
| Median. | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 40 | 4.5 | 44 | 45 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.2 | ... |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All incame levels in 1979 --------------- | 12470 | 1640 | 1380 | 2283 | ${ }_{2}^{2413}$ | 1739 | 1285 | 613 | 518 | 230 | 369 | 214 |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use | 11802 | 1406 | 1074 | 2235 | 2376 | 1722 | 1285 | 594 | 518 | 230 | 362 | 220 |
| 0.50 or less | 7972 | 1184 | 695 | 1527 | 1589 | 1090 | 912 | 341 | 280 | 89 | 265 | 213 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 | 3600 | 215 | 360 | 695 | 743 | 576 | 369 | 230 | 209 | 129 | 74 | 233 |
| 1.01 to 150 | 197 | 7 | 12 | - | 37 | 50 | 4 | 23 | 29 | 12 | 23 | 283 |
| 1.51 or more-------------------- | 33 | - | 7 | 13 | 7 | 6 | - | 19 | - | 12 |  | 185 |
| locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 668 | 234 | 306 | 48 | 37 | 17 | - | 19 | - | - | 7 | 108 |
| 0.50 or less | 265 | 54 | 126 | 13 | 29 | 17 | - | 19 | - | - | 7 | 119 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 | 389 | 174 | 172 | 35 | 8 | - | - |  | - | - | - | 103 |
| 1.01 to 1.51 or more | 14 | 6 | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 121 |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 3530 | 848 | 503 | 662 | 597 | 306 | 250 | 84 | 118 | 79 | 83 | 183 |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use | 3183 | 708 | 344 | 637 | 592 | 295 | 250 | 84 | 118 | 79 | 76 | 192 |
| 1.01 or more persons per room | 116 | 7 | 12 | 13 | 22 | 23 | - | - | 14 | 12 | 13 | 243 |
| Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 347 | 140 | 159 | 25 | 5 | 11 | - | - | - | - | 7 | $\begin{array}{r}104 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ |
| - |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None .-- | 981 | 310 | 297 | 257 | 95 | 5 | - | 7 | 16 | 6 | - |  |
|  | 5522 <br> 4134 <br> 15 | $\begin{array}{r}1154 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 733 219 100 | 1308 577 15 | 1173 819 | 599 | 381 | 87 386 | $\begin{array}{r}21 \\ 234 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10 | 56 | 183 |
| 3 | 1454 | 23 | 100 | 113 | 258 | 240 | 205 | 118 | 186 | 95 | 116 | 278 |
| 4. | 313 | - | 25 | 23 | 45 | 26 | 19 | 22 | 61 | 33 | 59 | 321 |
| 5 or more | 66 | - | 6 | 5 | 23 | 2 |  |  |  | 21 | 11 | 239 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. defached or atroched. | 1747 | 76 | 102 | 156 | 299 | 237 | 192 | 183 | 195 | 109 | 198 | 283 |
|  | 2818 | 101 | 202 | 499 | 798 | 577 | 362 | 89 | 129 | 25 | 36 | 237 |
| 3 and 4 | + 838 | 93 | 155 | 514 | 489 | 341 | 133 | 45 | 25 | 5 | 38 | 216 |
| 5 to 9 | 1307 | 77 | 188 | 404 | 354 | 142 | 99 | 6 | 13 | - | 24 | 197 |
| 10 10 49. | 2278 | 266 | 221 | 364 | 355 | 312 | 395 | 202 | 86 | 46 | 31 | 233 |
| 50 or mare | 2270 | 1012 | 477 | 268 | 99 | 113 | 93 | 88 | 65 | 33 | 22 | 113 |
| Mobile home or troiler, etc. | 212 | 15 | 35 | 78 | 19 | 17 | 11 | - | 5 | 12 | 20 | 106 |
| Year structure built |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Merch 1980 | ? 087 | 429 | 160 | 86 | 20 | 87 | 166 | 69 | 31 | 24 | 15 | 137 |
| 1970 to 1974 -- | 1619 | 426 | 209 | 177 | 84 | 138 | 209 | 176 | 95 | 72 | 33 | 193 |
| 1960 to 1969 | . 779 | 104 | 87 | 121 | 91 | 121 | 110 | 62 | 26 | 27 | 30 | 233 |
| 1950 to 1959 | +058 | 95 | 97 | 170 | 267 | 167 | 78 | 44 | 44 | 25 | 71 | 224 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 1309 | 70 | 114 | 247 | 340 | 224 | 176 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 230 |
| 1939 or earlier | 6618 | 516 | 713 | 1482 | 1611 | 1002 | 546 | 227 | 287 | 48 | 186 | 214 |
| STORIES IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1103 .-$ | 10126 | 696 | 972 | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 or more -- | 2344 | 944 | 408 | 316 | 201 | 157 | 110 | 42 | 75 | 65 | 26 | 132 |
| With elevator | 1795 | 883 | 342 | 185 | 60 | 82 | 88 | 36 | 65 | 41 | 13 | 101 |
| GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 15 percent .... .... . .n........--- | 1459 | 246 | 229 |  | 311 |  | 148 |  |  | 25 | $\ldots$ |  |
| 151019 percent -.......-. .-. - . - - | 1617 | 211 | 201 | 346 | 325 | 202 | 163 | 102 | 56 | 11 |  | 207 |
| 20 to 24 percent -- | 2164 | 519 | 226 | 372 | 349 | 327 | 192 | 95 | 74 | 10 | $\ldots$ | 197 |
| 25 to 29 percent.- | 1478 | 265 | 166 | 274 | 278 | 196 | 155 | 71 | 37 | 36 | $\ldots$ | 206 |
| 30 to 34 percent -- | , 921 | 85 | 100 | 155 | 193 | 164 | 74 | 89 | 58 | 3 | ... | 234 |
| 351049 percent - | 1694 | 158 | 268 | 287 | 309 | 256 | 172 | 102 | 104 | 38 | ... | 220 |
| 50 percent or more | 2594 | 128 | 159 | 533 | 619 | 422 | 360 | 115 | 151 | 107 |  | 235 |
| Nat computed. | 543 | 28 | 31 | 48 | 29 | 5 | 21 | 7 | 5 | - | 369 | 181 |
| Medion. | 274 | 234 | 256 | 274 | 287 | 294 | 292 | 302 | 349 | 458 |  | ... |
| SElected characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heoting equipment .... | 12464 | 1640 | 1380 | 2283 | 2407 | 1739 | 1285 | 613 | 518 | 230 | 369 | 214 |
| Centrol heating systern -- - | 11636 | 1584 | 1263 | 2073 | 2207 | 1635 | 1216 | 576 | 508 | 223 | 351 | 215 |
| Air conditioning | 897 | 89 | 45 | 81 | 99 | 62 | 195 | 98 | 105 | 68 | 55 | 312 |
| Centrol system. | 237 | 59 |  | 7 | 17 | 7 | 25 | 32 | 33 | 47 | 10 | 347 |

Table B - 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

| Duluth citySpecified owner-occupied housing units | [Data are estimotes based on a somple, see Infroduction far meoning of symbais, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A ond 8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less thon } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 249 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 250 \text { to } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 349 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 350 \text { to } \\ \$ 399 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 4999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 500 \text { ro } \\ \$ 599 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 749 \end{array}$ | \$750 or more | Medion (dollars) |
|  | 10588 | 733 | 1272 | 1984 | 1594 | 1354 | 1887 | 865 | 567 | 332 | 341 |
| PERSONS IN UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 person ------.----------------------------------- | 730 | 102 | 120 | 160 | 102 | 126 | 79 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 295 |
|  | 2477 | 282 | 347 | 416 | 337 | 319 | 468 | 200 | 67 | 41 | 329 |
| 3 persons - | 2255 | 152 | 251 | 405 | 358 | 343 | 412 | 167 | 131 | 36 | 345 |
| 4 persons | 2825 | 132 | 331 | 567 | 442 | 269 | 510 | 259 | 193 | 122 | 343 |
| 5 persons | 1438 | 40 | 180 | 265 | 206 | 181 | 269 | 115 | 88 | 94 | 358 |
| 6 persons --- | 551 | 21 | 32 | 87 58 | 80 | 89 | 102 | 73 | 41 | 26 | 381 |
|  | 221 91 | 4 | 6 5 | 52 <br> 32 | 42 | 21 | 31 16 | 35 | 24 | 6 | 365 316 |
| Medion -----..- | 3.43 | 244 | 317 | 3.52 | 3.50 | 3.18 | 3.46 | 3.69 | 3.85 | 417 | ... |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families | 8657 | 498 | 990 | 1598 | 1311 | 1053 | 1658 | 739 | 513 | 297 | 347 |
| 15 to 24 yeors ---- | 204 | 7 | 23 | 54 | 17 | 21 | 68 | 6 | 8 | - | 352 |
| 25 to 34 yeors. | 2824 | 87 | 205 | 333 | 471 | 414 | 740 | 307 | 181 | 86 | 388 |
| 35 to 44 yeors .- | 2474 | 120 | 267 | 444 | 364 | 282 | 430 | 190 | 215 | 162 | 357 |
| 45 to 64 yeors ---------------------------------- | 2953 | 231 | 460 | 709 | 434 | 325 | 400 | 236 | 109 | 49 | 309 |
| 65 yeors ond over ...-.....- | 202 | 53 | 35 | 58 | 25 | 11 | 20 | 34 | 54 | 7 | 261 |
| Mole householder, no wita present | 759 | 80 | 104 | 158 | 91 | 144 | 87 | 34 | 54 | 7 | 321 |
| 15 to 24 yeors .----------- | 113 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 8 | 15 | 17 | 6 | 12 | - | 309 |
| 25 to 34 yeors - | 285 | 12 | 24 | 60 | 51 | 67 | 39 | 9 | 16 | 7 | 346 |
| 35 to 44 yeors - | 160 | 27 | 25 29 | 43 | 7 | 26 | 13 | 12 | 7 | - | 283 |
|  | 184 17 1 | 20 6 | 29 6 | 30 5 | 25 | 36 | 18 | 7 | 19 | - | 326 |
|  | 1172 | 155 | 178 | 228 | 192 | 157 | 142 | 92 | - | 28 | 307 |
| 151024 yeors -...-----........ | 50 | 10 | $\square$ | 7 | 15 | - | 7 | 11 | - | - | 327 |
| 25 to 34 yeors | 322 | 26 | 75 | 46 | 71 | 37 | 50 | 17 | - | - | 310 |
| 35 to 44 yeors - | 364 | 26 | 63 | 70 | 57 | 33 | 49 | 51 | - | 15 | 320 |
| 45 to 64 yeors --------------------------------- | 329 | 52 | 34 | 82 | 32 | 74 | 36 | 6 | - | 13 | 298 |
|  | 107 39.5 | 41 47.7 | 42.9 | 23 43.4 | 17 38.4 | 13 38.2 | $35 . \overline{4}$ | 7 38.2 | $37 . \overline{2}$ | 38.5 | 264 |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to March 1980 | 1468 | 42 | 42 | 46 | 119 | 170 | 459 | 255 | 239 | 96 | 471 |
|  | 3497 | 119 | 215 35 | 435 | 574 | 582 | 832 | 382 | 191 | 167 | 385 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 2736 | 327 | 481 | 788 | 377 | 253 | 278 | 136 | 65 | 31 | 286 |
| 1959 or eorlier | 757 | 121 | 184 | 206 | 124 | 66 | 48 | 8 | S |  | 268 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 to 3 rooms. | 117 | 56 | 21 | 28 | - | 6 | - | - | 6 | - | 206 |
| 4 rooms | 713 | 105 | 158 | 177 | 110 | 66 | 84 | 7 | 6 | - | 276 |
| 5 rooms.- | 2315 | 257 | 380 | 487 | 383 | 317 | 353 | 107 | 26 | 5 | 304 |
| 6 rooms.. | 3368 | 250 | 488 | 767 | 550 | 407 | 582 | 212 | 74 | 38 | 316 |
| 7 rooms ........ | 1984 | 28 | 174 | 344 | 329 | 332 | 407 | 187 | 128 | 55 | 368 |
| 8 or more rooms | 2091 6.1 | 37 5.3 | 51 5.7 | 181 5.9 | 222 6.1 | 226 6.2 | 461 6.4 | 352 7.1 | 327 7.9 | $\begin{array}{r}234 \\ 8.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 469 |
| year structure built |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 to 1974 ----- | 453 | 8 | 17 | 33 | 52 | 78 | 111 | 71 | 60 | 23 | 424 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 1290 | 22 | 73 | 249 | 176 | 179 | 249 | 163 | 114 | 65 | 385 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 1723 | 76 | 181 | 367 | 282 | 252 | 315 | 116 | 76 | 58 | 342 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 1144 | 91 | 158 | 267 | 131 | 108 | 216 | 78 | 67 | 28 | 321 |
| 1939 or eorlier | 5439 | 536 | 843 | 1037 | 918 | 715 | 822 | 306 | 156 | 106 | 317 |
| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon $\$ 10.000$ |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999 | 567 | 165 | 154 | 113 | 95 | 14 | 18 | 8 | - | - | 238 |
| \$20.000 to \$29.999 | 1364 | 237 | 342 | 328 | 286 | 108 | 63 | - | - | - | 266 |
| \$30,000 to \$39.999 | 2256 | 203 | 403 | 487 | 376 | 411 | 297 | 61 | 12 | 6 | 305 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999 | 2571 | 76 | 246 | 606 | 408 | 415 | 571 | 178 | 65 | 6 | 344 |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 | 1668 | 15 | 100 | 316 | 279 | 224 | 472 | 180 | 75 | 7 | 378 |
| \$60,000 to \$79.999 | 1419 | - | 12 | 114 | 138 | 148 | 359 | 276 | 259 | 113 | 480 |
| \$80.000 to \$99,999 | 451 | - | - | 7 | 12 | 28 | 97 | 130 | 85 | 92 | 563 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 191 | - | - | 5 |  | 6 | 10 | 32 | 66 | 72 | 697 |
| \$150.000 or more--- | 41 | - |  |  | - |  |  | - | 5 | 36 | $750+$ |
| Medion | \$44 100 | \$26 600 | \$32 900 | \$40800 | \$40900 | \$43 300 | \$49900 | \$60 300 | \$71 000 | \$87900 | ... |
| SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS <br> PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon 15 percent ------------------------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 281 |
|  | 2184 | 62 | 218 | 482 | 409 | 363 | 364 | 157 | 87 | 42 | 340 |
| 20 to 24 percent ---- | 1889 | 51 | 108 | 190 | 352 | 240 | 578 | 216 | 105 | 49 | 401 |
| 25 to 29 percent - | 964 | 75 | 67 | 109 | 102 | 161 | 232 | 107 | 68 | 43 | 390 |
| 30 to 34 percent -- | 543 | 7 | 21 | 47 | 24 | 60 | 130 | 119 | 87 | 48 | 482 |
| 35 percent or more | 1193 | 70 | 62 | 136 | 153 | 184 | 228 | 119 | 155 | 86 | 398 |
| Not computed ---- | 25 | - | - | 7 | $6^{6}$ | - | 12 | ${ }^{-}$ | - | - | 346 |
| Medion ----------- | 18.4 | 12.7 | 13.4 | 14.8 | 18.0 | 196 | 220 | 23.0 | 267 | 26.3 | ... |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment------------------------------------ | 10588 | 733 | 1272 | 1984 | 1594 | 1354 |  | 865 | 567 | 332 | 341 |
|  | 2797 | 97 | 196 | 393 | 452 | 333 | 625 | 304 | 242 | 155 | 389 |
| Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump --.-.-- | 7080 | 524 | 954 | 1486 | 1068 | 975 | 1143 | 475 | 299 | 156 | 327 |
| Other built-in electric units ------ | 233 | 15 | 11 | 20 | 18 | - | 67 | 62 | 19 | 21 | 470 |
| Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace ------------------------ | 42 | 14 | 6 | 10 | 6 | - | 6 | - | - | - | 255 |
| Other meons ------------------------------------- | 436 | 83 | 105 | 75 | 50 | 46 | 46 | 24 | 7 | - | 270 |
|  | 824 | 15 | 123 | 158 | 113 | 141 | 123 | 49 | 79 | 23 | 351 |
|  | 76 | - | 8 | 6 | - | 8 | 21 | 8 | 8 | 17 | 438 |
| 1 or more individuol room units ----------------------- | $\begin{array}{r}748 \\ \hline 108 \\ \hline 808\end{array}$ | 15 | 115 | 152 | 113 159 | 133 | 102 | 41 | 71 | 6 | 341 |
| House heoting fuel.- | 10588 | 733 | 1272 | 1984 | 1594 | 1354 | 1887 | 865 | 567 | 332 | 341 |
| Utility gas ---------- | 3910 | 290 | 502 | 698 | 530 | 460 | 687 | 345 | 269 | 129 | 344 |
| $80+1$ led. tank. or LP gos | 77 | 20 | 12 | 15 | 8 | - | 12 | 6 | - | 4 | 272 |
| Electricity ---------- | 272 | 21 | 18 | 27 | 18 | - | 73 | 62 | 32 | 21 | 456 |
| Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. | 6149 | 383 | 699 | 1206 | 1013 | 882 | 1082 | 440 | 266 | 178 | 339 |
| Other -------------- | 180 | 19 | 41 | 38 | 25 | 12 | 33 | 12 | - | - | 289 |

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

| Duluth citySpecified owner-occupied housing units | estimat | bose ano sor |  |  |  | n. for |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tatal | Less than \$50 | \$50 to \$74 | \$75 to \$99 | \$100 to \$124 | \$125 to \$149 | \$150 to \$199 | \$200 to \$249 | \$250 or more | Median (dollars) |
|  | 9084 | 28 | 144 | 869 | 1702 | 1991 | 2732 | 991 | 627 | 148 |
| PERSONS IN UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 person .- | 2419 | 7 | 92 | 376 | 528 | 503 | 627 | 181 | 105 | 135 |
| 2 persons - | 4342 | 21 | 48 | 348 | 877 | 999 | 1302 | 454 | 293 | 147 |
| 3 persons | 1237 | - | - | 100 | 157 | 299 | 407 | 166 | 108 | 158 |
| 4 persons - | 627 | - | - | 24 | 87 | 112 | 236 | 120 | 48 | 169 |
| 5 persons - | 259 | - | - | 17 | 34 | 52 | 79 | 47 | 30 | 167 |
| 6 persons | 153 | - | 4 | - | 6 | 26 | 67 | 12 | 38 | 180 |
| 7 persons -..---- | 42 | - | - | 4 | 13 | - | 9 | 11 | 5 | 172 |
| 8 or more persons | 1.98 | 1.85 | 128 | 1.67 |  | 1.99 | 207 | 2.19 |  | 175 |
| Medion --------- | 1.99 | 1.83 | 1.28 | 1.67 | 1.87 | 1.99 | 2.07 | 2.19 | 2.21 | $\ldots$ |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morried-couple fomilies - | 5515 | 21 | 46 | 398 | 958 | 1245 | 1751 | 682 | 414 | 153 |
| 15 to 24 years - | 20 | - | - | - | 9 | 11 | - | 19 | 15 | 127 |
|  | 198 | - | 10 | 18 | 24 | 65 | 47 | 19 | 15 | 143 |
| 35 to 44 yeors ----------------------------------- | ${ }_{2}^{268}$ | - | - | 14 150 | 45 410 | 69 490 | 73 945 | 51 | 16 | 154 |
|  | 2823 | 4 | $3 \overline{7}$ | 150 | 410 | 490 | 945 | 384 | 240 | 164 |
| 65 yeors ond over -..--.------------------------- | $\begin{array}{r}2406 \\ \hline 839\end{array}$ | 17 | 36 | 216 | 470 | 610 | 686 184 | 228 60 | 143 75 | 144 |
|  | 839 5 | - | 42 | 110 | 157 | 211 | 184 5 | 60 | 75 | 138 <br> 175 |
| 25 to 34 years ---------------- | 35 | - | 9 | 11 | 10 | - | 5 | - | - | 94 |
| 35 to 44 years .--- | 39 | - | 6 | 12 | 7 | - | 7 | 7 | - | 105 |
| 45 to 64 yeors.. | 244 | - | 21 | 22 | 56 | 52 | 52 | 13 | 28 | 136 |
| 65 yeors ond over - | 516 | - | 6 | 65 | 84 | 159 | 115 | 40 | 47 | 141 |
| Female householder, no husbond present -------------- | 2730 | 7 | 56 | 361 | 587 | 535 | 797 | 249 | 138 | 142 |
| 15 to 24 years ---------------- | - | - | - |  | 17 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 50 | - | - | 12 | 17 | 5 | 16 | - | 7 | 119 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 75 | - | - | 11 | - | 10 | 23 | 24 | 7 | 186 |
|  | 777 1828 | 7 | 26 30 | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 264 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 141 | 133 | 269 489 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 132 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 41 | $\begin{array}{r}153 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | 65.7 | 77.1 | 65.0 | 67.7 | 66.9 | 67.8 | 64.1 | 60.9 | 63.3 | $\ldots$ |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to March 1980 | 197 | - | - | 26 | 35 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 16 | 159 |
| 1975 to 1978 - | 558 | 4 | 18 | 86 | 64 | 141 | 160 | 46 |  | 144 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 626 | - | 26 | 43 | 92 | 93 | 263 | 40 | 69 | 161 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 1762 | - | 18 | 177 | 267 | 327 | 574 | 242 | 157 | 158 |
| 1959 or earlier .- | 5941 | 24 | 82 | 537 | 1244 | 1405 | 1665 | 638 | 346 | 144 |
| R00ins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 to 3 rooms. | 187 | - | 4 | 82 | 20 | 29 | 36 | - | 16 | 109 |
| 4 rooms.- | 1379 | - | 49 | 247 | 375 | 298 | 320 | 63 | 27 | 127 |
| 5 rooms.- | 2908 | 7 | 47 | 247 | 679 | 653 | 927 | 280 | 68 | 143 |
| 6 rooms.- | 2843 | 21 | 34 | 232 | 444 | 719 | 935 | 304 | 154 | 149 |
| 7 rooms | 1031 | - | - | 45 | 134 | 202 | 292 | 216 | 142 | 173 |
| 8 or more rooms | 736 | - | 10 | 16 | 50 | 90 | 222 | 128 | 220 | 195 |
| Medion - | 5.5 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.8 | . |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to March 1980 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  |  | 32 | - | 11 |  |
| 1970 to 1974 --- | 153 | - |  | - | 16 | 11 | 45 | 24 | 57 | 209 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 513 | - | - | 12 | 35 | 77 | 195 | 121 | 73 | 184 |
| 1950 to 1959. | 1472 | - | 13 | 41 | 99 | 241 | 612 | 304 | 162 | 178 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 1082 | - | 13 | 97 | 220 | 219 | 377 | 96 | 60 | 149 |
| 1939 or eorlier - | 5778 | 24 | 118 | 714 | 1310 | 1431 | 1471 | 446 | 264 | 138 |
| value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon \$10.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 10 | - | 108 |
| \$10,000 to \$19.999 | 1125 | 7 | 69 | 208 | 260 | 278 | 224 | 50 | 29 | 127 |
| \$20.000 to \$29.999 | 2193 | - | 21 | 303 | 653 | 623 | 473 | 100 | 20 | 130 |
| \$30,000 to \$39.999 | 2253 | 17 | 6 | 217 | 447 | 574 | 795 | 152 | 45 | 144 |
| \$40,000 to \$49.999 | 1665 | - | 19 | 64 | 247 | 353 | 686 | 212 | 84 | 161 |
| \$50,000 to \$59.999 | 809 | - | 12 | 12 | 34 | 60 | 331 | 245 | 115 | 193 |
| \$60,000 to \$79.999 | 617 | - | - | 8 | 13 | 55 | 184 | 193 | 164 | 213 |
| \$80,000 to \$99,999 | 139 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 27 | 24 | 82 | $250+$ |
| \$100.000 to \$149.999 | 90 | 4 | - | - | - |  | 7 | 5 | 74 | $250+$ |
| \$150.000 or more ---- | 14 | - |  | - | $-$ | - | - |  | 14 | $250+$ |
| Median | \$34 200 | \$35 000 | \$18 500 | \$24 500 | \$28 200 | \$30 900 | \$38 200 | \$48900 | \$66 500 | ... |
| SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 percent - | 3438 | 28 | 61 | 358 | 631 | 785 | 1002 | 361 | 212 | 145 |
| 10 to 14 percent -- | 1824 |  | 19 | 206 | 365 | 313 | 563 | 238 | 120 | 151 |
| 15 to 19 percent .-. | 1175 | - | 12 | 103 | 243 | 226 | 406 | 96 | 89 | 150 |
|  |  | - | 48 | 52 | 134 | 208 | 216 | 74 | 52 | 144 |
| 25 to 29 percent -..- | 473 | - | 4 | 59 | 76 | 157 | 121 | 25 | 31 | 141 |
|  | 345 | - | - | 40 | 60 | 99 | 85 | 36 | 25 | 143 |
| 35 percent or more | 1012 | - | - | 44 | 186 | 195 | 333 | 156 | 98 | 162 |
| Nat computed ...- | 33 |  | - | 7 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 5 | - | 133 |
| Medion --------- | 13.0 | 10- | 12.9 | 118 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 132 | 12.8 | 14.2 | ... |
| SElected characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 991 |  |  |
|  | 1992 | 17 | 12 | 129 | 312 | 350 | 533 | 376 | 263 | 167 |
| Central warm-oir furnoce or electric heot pump -.---.-- | 6373 | 11 | 107 | 587 | 1226 | 1480 | 2067 | 543 | 352 | 146 |
| Other buith in electric units ---------------------- | 65 | - | - | - | - | 9 | 19 | 30 | 7 | 207 |
|  | 138 | - | 7 | 40 | 38 | 14 | 27 | 12 | - | 114 |
|  | 516 | - | 18 | 113 | 126 | 138 | 86 | 30 | 5 | 125 |
|  | 698 | 7 | 4 | 72 | 93 | 154 | 189 | 116 | 63 | 155 |
|  | 121 | - | , | 32 | 6 | 14 | 31 | 30 | 8 | 164 |
| I or more individuol room units .-...-.-....------- | 577 | 7 | 4 | 40 | 87 | 140 | 158 | 86 | 55 | 153 |
| House heating fuel | 9084 | 28 | 144 | 869 | 1702 | 1991 | 2732 | 991 | 627 | 148 |
|  | 3093 | 17 | 45 | 483 | 814 | 680 | 685 | 202 | 167 | 132 |
| Bortied, tonk. or LP gas .-.----------------------- | 120 | - | 4 | 14 | 40 | 42 | 20 | 30 | - | 126 |
| flectricity ----------------------------------------- |  | 4 | - | - | - | 15 | 33 | 30 | 7 | 189 |
| fuel oil, kerosene. etc | 5665 | 7 | 85 | 333 | 820 | 1232 | 1976 | 759 | $\triangle 53$ | 159 |
| Other .- | 117 | , | 10 | 39 | 28 | 22 | 18 | - | - | 108 |

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:



Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980


|  | $\frac{5_{0}^{2}}{2}$ | ్ㅜ | O－\％ | ベプロ゙ャ |  | ¢ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ¢ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}{ }_{\sim}^{\prime}$ |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\circ}$ |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { \％}}{\text {－}}$ |  | ল্లుণ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ※゙ | めix̃oipycio | べべい | － |  |  | ถฺロー |  |
|  |  | \％ | ¢ | がo |  |  |  | $\bar{\sim}^{-\sim}$ |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{1}{\sim}$ |  | ざす。 |  |  |  | 年880 |  |
|  |  | \％ |  | $\sim_{0}^{\text {® }}$ ¢ |  |  |  | ずず |  |
| 䰄 |  | En |  | 号101 |  |  | がmいの1完发 |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | 尔 | －980n＝ | $\bar{\sim}^{101}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | F |  | ＊－1 |  |  |  | 或＇${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | \％ |  | n～11 |  |  |  | ニへべ |  |
|  |  | ¢ | Nin in inva iei | $\AA^{\alpha}=1$ |  |  |  | $5 \times 1$ |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\circ}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{2}{\underset{\sigma}{\infty}}_{\infty}^{\circ}$ |  |  |  | が＠さ1 |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { \％}}{\text { \％}}$ | ＇oivioioniy | ${\underset{\sim}{\circ}}^{\approx}$ |  |  |  | ल్లఱ్ల＇1 |  |
| $\frac{5}{2}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\mathrm{N}}$ |  | ${\underset{\sim}{N}}^{N}$ |  |  |  | （28000 |  |
|  |  | \％ | ＇のこのロ 「遃 | 命＇11 |  |  |  | gool |  |
| 흥 |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\infty}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 岕 } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  <br> －m－1－ | in mis $=$ |  |

Toble B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Duluth city} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{fovehold} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Femole householder} \\
\hline \& \& Total \& \({ }_{\substack{15 \\ \text { yeors } \\ \text { 24 }}}\) \& \[
\begin{gathered}
251034 \\
\text { yeors } \\
\text { yen }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
35 \text { to } 44 \\
\text { yeors }
\end{array}
\] \& \[
451064
\] \& 65 yeors
and over \& Totol \& \({ }_{\substack{15 \\ \text { coers } \\ \text { vers }}}\) \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
251034 \\
\text { yeors }
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
35 \text { to } 14.4 \\
\text { yeors }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \({ }_{\substack{45 \\ 10 \\ \text { verss }}}\) \&  \\
\hline Owner.cocvied housing unts \& 3938 \& 1347 \& 54 \& 323 \& 163 \& 300 \& 507 \& 2591 \& 15 \& 118 \& 85 \& 681 \& 1692 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
PLUMBING FACILITIES \\
Complete plumbing for exclusive use --.--
\end{tabular} \& 3909

29 \& ${ }^{1334} 13$ \& $5_{4}$ \& ${ }^{323}$ \& \& ${ }^{300}$ \& 500 \& 2575
16 \& 15 \& ${ }^{118}$ \& ${ }^{85}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{675}$ \& 1688
10 <br>

\hline UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. defoched or attached \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
358 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
1095 \\
\hline 207 \\
207
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{38

10

10} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
248 \\
\vdots 1 \\
14
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 140 \\
& 12 \\
& 12
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 235

55

10 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{4}^{434} 7$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{gathered}
273 \\
\left.\begin{array}{c}
249 \\
\hline 949
\end{array}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 89 \\
& 7 \\
& 22
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$1{ }_{11}^{63} 11$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
571 \\
\hline 7 \\
32
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 1535 |
| :---: |
| 153 |
| 4 |
| 4 |} <br>

\hline Mobile hame of troiere elt --.-. \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{8}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
33 \\
60 \\
36 \\
14 \\
65 \\
30 \\
40 \\
13 \\
\$ 15 \\
\$ 150 \\
\$ 7608
\end{array}
$$} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
15 \\
12 \\
21 \\
17 \\
5 \\
5 \\
\hline \\
\hline 1190 \\
\$ 12120
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{} \& \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
115 \\
282 \\
30 \\
30 \\
19 \\
12 \\
5 \\
6 \\
\hline 96 \\
59 \\
59 \\
\hline 909
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{7}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& 24 \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} <br>

\hline S5.000 6 O999.999 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 19 \& \& \& $\underset{134}{\substack{64 \\ 134}}$ <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }^{14}$ \& 5 \& 80 \& (1) <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& $$
56
$$ \& ${ }_{7}^{22}$ \& 83

15
17 \& 55 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Meon----------- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }_{\$ 5} 129$ \& \$12 228 \& \$10 813 \& ${ }_{99} 985$ \& \$685 <br>

\hline | OWAER COSTS |
| :--- |
| Specifiod owner-occupied housing units .- | \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{20} \& \& \& \& 2144 \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Witho mornges ------------------------------------- \& \multirow[b]{7}{*}{- $\begin{gathered}\text { S2985 } \\ 249\end{gathered}$} \& 400 \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 38 \\
& 33
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 18 \\
& 18 \\
& \hline 7
\end{aligned}
$$
\]}} \& 330

56

56 \& 15 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 80 \\
& 60 \\
& 7
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& 106

15
13 \& <br>

\hline S250 50 S299 \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 88 \\
& { }_{40}^{80}
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\frac{13}{8}$} \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \\
& 49 \\
& 9
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
18 \\
23
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \& \& \[

45
\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{26

14
14} \& 27 \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{${ }_{26}^{13} \quad \stackrel{26}{23}$} <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& { }_{52}^{20} \\
& 20
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7 \\
& \hline 6 \\
& 7
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[

\frac{5}{12}

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \substack{55 \\
35 \\
9}
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\stackrel{6}{6}$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 31 \\
& 21
\end{aligned}
$$
\]}} <br>

\hline \$4000 0 ¢ $5 \times 499$ \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}18 \\ \begin{array}{r}18 \\ 5297 \\ \hline\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& 6 \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \& \&  \& | 14 |
| :--- | \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& \& \& $\overline{6}$ \& $\frac{1}{12}$ \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{5276} \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{$$
\underline{9}
$$} <br>

\hline Medion -.--- \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{5322}^{5}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{533}{ }^{3}$} \& \& ${ }^{5239}$ \& \$246 \& ${ }_{1}^{5922}$ \& ${ }_{32}{ }^{-}$ \& S275 \& 296 \& ${ }^{29} 8$ \& 5264 <br>
\hline Mot morotoged \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline S55 5 \& 92 \& ${ }^{42}$ \& \& 9 \& ${ }^{6}$ \& 21 \& \& 50 \& \& - \& \& 26 \& <br>
\hline \$ 150010 \$ 5124 \& ${ }_{528}^{37}$ \& ${ }_{98}$ \& \& 10 \& 12 \& ${ }_{28}^{18}$ \& ${ }_{60}^{58}$ \& 130 \& \& 12 \& \& 92 \& ${ }_{326}^{20}$ <br>
\hline - \& 503
627 \& 155
133 \& $\overline{5}$ \& \& j \& ${ }_{38}^{32}$ \& ${ }_{83}^{123}$ \& 348
494
4 \& - \& 6 \& \& ${ }^{80} 101$ \& $\underset{388}{268}$ <br>
\hline ¢ 5200 to 5 S240 \& (105 \& ${ }_{38}^{40}$ \& \& \& - \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}141 \\ \hline 67\end{array}$ \& \& \& 13 \& 39 \& <br>
\hline Sedior --.--- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \$135 \& \$175 \& S89 \& 996 \& \$131 \& \$139 \& \$135 \& \& \$119 \& \$225 \& $513{ }^{6}$ \& 5136 <br>
\hline SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 25.4 \\
& { }_{25}^{25.9} \\
& 4.36 \\
& 4.6
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{21.9

21.9
20.9
20,} \& 33.8 \& ${ }_{23}^{23.0}$ \& ${ }_{18.7}^{10.3}$ \& 14.5 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& S0+ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25.8
$\substack{7,1 \\ 175}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{$22.1 \quad 30.5$} <br>

\hline  \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}32.2 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \& \& \& | 19,6 |
| :--- |
| 251 |
| 32 | \& \& \& \& \& | 298 |
| :--- |
| 18,8 |
| 18 | \&  <br>

\hline Income in 1979 below povery Pevel - \& \& 5.2 \& 9.3 \& 1.6 \& \& ${ }_{9}^{27}$ \& 32
6.3 \& \& \& 11.0 \& ${ }_{18.8}^{16}$ \& 14.5 \& 268
15.8 <br>
\hline Renter-crevpied housin units \& 6168 \& 1933 \& 338 \& 531 \& 207 \& 466 \& 391 \& 4235 \& 595 \& 553 \& 155 \& 614 \& 23 <br>

\hline | PLUMBING FACIITIES |
| :--- |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use. | \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5601

567} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1 ${ }_{345}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{322
16} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{48}^{483}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{152
58} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{132}^{334}$} \& 297
94 \& 4013 \& ${ }_{49} 5$ \& ${ }_{53}$ \& 140
15 \& ${ }_{28}^{586}$ \& 291 <br>
\hline Locking complete plumbing for exclusive us \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 1 1, detoched or ortocted \& \& \& \& \& 14 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{805}^{721}$ \& 215
316 \& ${ }_{59}^{42}$ \& ${ }_{140} 5$ \& ${ }_{36}^{70}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{30}$ \& ${ }_{14}^{14}$ \& 506
489 \& 169 \& 60
153 \& ${ }_{21}^{34}$ \& ${ }_{42}^{84}$ \& +183 <br>
\hline 10 to 49 \& 1341 \& 555 \& 103 \& 109 \& ${ }^{66}$ \& 71 \& 106 \& -786 \& \& \& \& ${ }_{120}^{160}$ \&  <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 123 \& <br>
\hline HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Less tho $55.0000-\mathrm{Cl}$ \& 2897 | 289 |
| :--- |
| 69 | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& ¢ 314 \& $\underset{117}{186}$ \& cis \& 60

68 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 16 \\
& 16
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 42 \\
& 14 \\
& { }_{21}
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& (10 \& (004 \& 67

42 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,72 \\
& 122 \\
& 52
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 19 \& ${ }^{89} 8$ \& $\begin{array}{r}107 \\ 71 \\ \hline\end{array}$ <br>

\hline \$ 515.000 to 0 ¢ 519.9999 - \& | 420 |
| :--- |
| 167 | \& ${ }_{105}^{266}$ \& 12 \& 120

40 \& 年近 \& | 53 |
| :--- |
| 34 | \& \& $\begin{aligned} & 174 \\ & 62\end{aligned}$ \& \& ${ }_{22}^{82}$ \& ${ }_{2}^{4}$ \& ${ }_{8}^{10}$ \& ${ }_{20}^{68}$ <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& 13 \& 12 \& ${ }^{34}$ \& \& 8 \& \&  \& \& \& <br>
\hline \$550.000 or more------ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Medion - \& ¢55421 \& 57273

510238 \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 56958 \\
& 57 \\
& 57117
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | 512021 |
| :--- |
| 512 | \& 510

512
527

278 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 57818.3 \\
& 512341
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 4492 \\
& 56060
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{c|c}
54 \\
599 \\
998
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 35397 \\
& 55929
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 510174

510296 \& 57
57
570 \& ${ }_{57}^{36} 127$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ 54 \\ \hline 999\end{array}$ <br>
\hline GROSS RENi \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& [1397 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Siso \& 1931

1302 \& ( \& \& ${ }_{140}^{44}$ \& ${ }_{40}^{28}$ \& \& \& (877 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 30 \\
& 178
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 75

120 \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& - 1070 \& - 352 \& ${ }_{78}^{78}$ \& | 137 |
| :--- |
| 13 | \& 32 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 96 \\
& 96 \\
& \hline 20
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& 44 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 851 \\
& 708 \\
& \hline 105
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{203}$ \& ${ }_{125}^{185}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 72 \\
& 16
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 132 \& ${ }_{182}^{38}$ <br>

\hline  \& ${ }_{421} 6$ \& ${ }_{120}$ \& 8 \& ${ }_{46}$ \& ${ }_{18}^{18}$ \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 32 \\
& 25
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& $3 \overline{3}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 395 \\
& 300 \\
& 301
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 74 \\
& 49
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 53 \\
& 50 \\
& 10
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \\
& 13
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& ${ }_{51}^{52}$ \& ${ }_{138}^{2108}$ <br>

\hline (3) \& | 133 |
| :--- |
| 8 |
| 8 | \& ${ }_{45}^{26}$ \& \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 19 \\
& 233
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \& \[

15

\] \& $\overline{7}$ \& ${ }_{4}^{107}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5 \\
& 2
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{6}^{17}$ \& \[

12
\] \& ${ }^{18}$ \& ${ }_{35}^{55}$ <br>

\hline Stiso or more --- \& \& ${ }_{69}^{24}$ \& ${ }_{13}$ \& ${ }_{5}^{7}$ \& ${ }^{3}$ \& -38 \& \& 10
57 \& \& 23 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Medion ------------------------------------------ \& \$175 \& 5185 \& \$193 \& 5227 \& \$197 \& $\$ 160$ \& \$126 \& \$171 \& \$206 \& 5209 \& \$17 \& \$184 \& \$132 <br>
\hline SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 1788 ${ }_{28,5}$ \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 483 \\
& 25.0 \\
& 2.0
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
1000 \\
30.8
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \\
& 136
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5.5 \\
& 24.6
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1042 \\
& 30.4
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 114 \\
& 29.2 \\
& 29.2
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

{ }_{301}^{1275}

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 205 \\
& 3445
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 67 \\
& 12.1
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
797 \\
\hline 19
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1159 \\
& \hline 159
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& ${ }_{3}^{767}$ 76.1 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980


Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

| Duluth city | Price osked-Specified vacont for sole only housing units |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rent osked-5pecified vocont for rent housing units |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less than } \\ & \$ 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 29.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30,000 \\ 10 \\ \$ 49.999 \end{array}$ | $\$ 50,000$ <br> $\$ 99,999$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or more } \end{array}$ | Medion (dollors) | Total | Less thon $\$ 100$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10010 \\ \$ 199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 399 \end{array}$ | $\$ 400$ or more | Medion (dollors) |
| Tatal | 181 | 19 | 55 | 69 | 38 | - | 33800 | 942 | 173 | 364 | 301 | 97 | 7 | 178 |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use locking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 172 9 | 14 5 | 51 4 | 69 | 38 | - | $\begin{array}{r} 34800 \\ 10000- \end{array}$ | 813 129 | 95 78 | 313 51 | 301 | 97 | 7 | 199 95 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None | - | - | - | $\sim$ | - | - | - | 222 | 83 | 100 | 23 | 9 | 7 | 108 |
| 1 | 34 | 15 | 5 | - | 14 | - | 18500 | 398 | 75 | 169 | 128 | 26 | - | 177 |
| 2 | 45 | 4 | 18 | 23 | - | - | 30200 | 227 | 15 | 76 | 97 | 39 | - | 228 |
|  | 65 | - | 22 | 19 | 24 | - | 34800 | 95 | - | 19 | 53 | 23 | - | 240 |
| 4. | 24 | - | 10 | 14 | - | - | 35700 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 or more | 13 | - | - | 13 | - | - | 37500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980 | 10 | - | - | $\overline{7}$ | 10 | - |  | 47 | 7 | - | 5 | 35 | - | 316 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 7 | - | - | 7 | - | - | 32500 | 85 | 40 | 22 | 6 | 17 | - | 102 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 4 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 32500 | 43 | 5 | 26 | 9 | 3 | - | 135 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 20 | - | - | 6 | 14 | - | 54000 | 38 | - | 10 | 12 | 9 | 7 | 244 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 34 | - | 9 | 11 | 14 | - | 33600 | 64 | 24 | 21 | 19 | - | - | 119 |
| 1939 or earlier | 106 | 19 | 46 | 41 | - | - | 25600 | 665 | 97 | 285 | 250 | 33 | - | 178 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1, detached or attached. | 181 | 19 | 55 | 69 | 38 | - | 33800 | 62 | - | 37 | 12 | 13 | $\overline{7}$ | 195 |
| 2 or more ....-.-.-. | ... | . | ... | ... | . | ... |  | 880 | 173 | 327 | 289 | 84 | 7 | 177 |
| Mobile home or troiler - |  | ... | $\cdots$ | . | - | $\cdots$ | . . | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table C-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| Superior city |  |  |  |  | For meon |  |  |  |  | app | and 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less than } \\ & \$ 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10.000 \\ & \$ 19.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20.000 \\ & \$ 29.999 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 30,000 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 39,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 40,000 \\ & \$ 49,999 \\ & \$ 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50,000 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 59.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 60,000 \\ & \$ 79.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 80.000 \\ & \$ 99.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100,000 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 149.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 150,000 \\ & \text { or more } \end{aligned}$ | Median (dollors) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { (dollors) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Specified owner-occupied housing units .------ | 6329 | 347 | 1143 | 1572 | 1487 | 925 | 425 | 332 | 57 | 41 | - | 30700 | 32800 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families -----------...........--- | 4370 120 | 147 | $\begin{array}{r} 604 \\ 23 \end{array}$ | 101 | 1078 | $\begin{array}{r} 781 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | 350 | 306 | $52$ | 41 | - | 33900 29500 |  |
|  | 120 <br> 873 | 25 | 10274 | 214 | 216 | 166 | $\overline{78}$ | 54 | 137 | $\overline{5}$ | - | 33600 | $\begin{array}{ll} 30400 \\ 36 \quad 100 \end{array}$ |
| 35 to 44 years -- | $\begin{aligned} & 873 \\ & 739 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 169 | 182 | 149 | $\begin{array}{r}68 \\ 165 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}75 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 5 6 |  | 3600036700 | $36 \quad 100$ |
| 45 to 64 vears. | $\begin{array}{r} 739 \\ 1759 \end{array}$ |  | 195 | 359 | 434 | 368 |  |  | 19 | 30 | - |  | 38900 38500 |
| 65 yeors ond over | 879 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | 210 | 232 | 209 | 79 | 39 | 43 | 13 |  | - | 36700 26200 | 38 2900 2900 |
| Male householder, no wife present |  |  | 14929 | 185 | 10315 | 53 | 24 | 15 | 5 | - | - | 24000 | $\begin{aligned} & 29400 \\ & 26200 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 604 52 | $\overline{7}$ |  | 60 |  | $\overline{7}$ | 8 | 5 | 5 | - |  | 18500 | 26200 25700 |
| 25 to 34 years - | 121 |  | 29 26 |  | 15 11 17 |  |  |  |  |  | - | 24500 | 25700 28800 |
| 35 to 44 yeors. | 76 |  | 1515 | 28 | 17 | - | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | 27500 | 288003220025200 |
| 45 to 64 yeors. | 177 | 30 |  | 63 | 30 | 18 |  |  | - |  | - | 24000 |  |
| 65 years ond over |  | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 130 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +53 | 34 376 | 30 306 | 28 | - | $\cdots$ |  | - |  | 2040022900 |  |
| Femole householder, no husbond prosent |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}390 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 376 | 306 | 91 | 51 | 11 | - | - | - |  | 22900 25400 |
| 15 to 24 yeors .-. | 22 | 130 |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | 17300 | 17400 |
|  | 82 | - | 17 | 13 | 48 | 12 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 31400 | 29200 |
| 35 to 44 years | 84 | 59 | 24 | 15 | 25 | 12 | 8 | - | - | - | - | 32100 | 31000 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 449 | 59 | 94 | 111 237 | 140 93 | 28 | ${ }^{6}$ | 11 | - | - | - | 26600 | 26300 |
| $\xrightarrow{65}$ Years ond over | 718 | 71 | 233 | 237 | 93 | 551 | 4939 |  | 472 | 480 | - | 21400 | 24000 |
| Medion age ------- | 54.1 | 63.3 | 60.8 | 57.3 | 52.0 | 50.5 | 49.7 | 46.9 | 47.2 | 48.0 | - | ... | ... |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 | 472 | 18 | 52 | 89 | 86 | 79 | 68 | 69 | 11 | - | - | 39100 | 40700 |
| 1975 to 1978 ----------- | 1290 | 52 | 180 | 293 | 291 | 208 | 95 | 137 | 15 | 19 | - | 33100 | 37100 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 887 | 42 | 146 | 208 | 250 | 122 | 61 | 48 | 5 | 5 | - | 31800 | 33300 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 1368 | 84 | 256 | 268 | 291 | 262 | 122 | 47 | 21 | 17 | - | 32700 | 34400 |
| 1959 or eorlier | 2312 | 151 | 509 | 714 | 569 | 254 | 79 | 31 | 5 | - | - | 26300 | 27800 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 82 | 26 | 30 | 184 | 105 | 52 | 26 | 5 | - | $\overline{7}$ | - | 14200 | 20500 |
| ${ }_{5}^{4}$ rooms---------------------------------------------- | 602 | 49 | 166 | 184 | 105 | 52 | 26 | 17 | $\overline{5}$ | 7 | - | 24500 | 27200 |
| 5 rooms | 1667 | 97 | 362 | 425 | 323 | 276 | 108 | 71 | 5 | $\overline{5}$ | - | 28200 | 30600 31500 |
| ${ }^{6}$ rooms | 1667 1186 | 65 | 200 | 287 | 314 | 156 156 | 88 | 60 56 | 20 | - | - | 31600 | 33500 |
| 8 or more rooms | 763 |  | 90 | 92 | 163 | 129 | 118 | 127 | 15 | 29 | - | 42500 | 45800 |
| Medion -- | 59 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 58 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 8.2 | - | ... | ... |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None | 5 |  | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | 62500 | 62500 |
|  | 229 | 37 | 101 | 58 | 33 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17700 | 18400 |
|  | 1877 | 174 | 459 | 501 | 406 | 212 | 53 | 60 | 5 | 7 | - | 25200 | 27900 |
|  | 3208 | 126 | 472 | 839 | 796 | 522 | 254 | 151 | 38 | 10 | - | 31900 | 33900 |
|  | 873 | 10 | 99 | 154 | 234 | 151 | 90 | 110 | 14 | 11 | - | 37900 | 40600 |
| 5 or more | 137 |  | 12 | 20 | 18 | 40 | 28 | 6 | - | 13 | - | 43600 | 49200 |
| Year structure built |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to March 1980. | 344 | 14 | - | 15 | 29 | 71 | 64 | 132 | 13 | 6 | - | 55200 | 55400 |
| 1970 to 1974 -- | 97 | - | - | 7 | 27 | 27 | 18 | 18 |  | - | - | 43600 | 46500 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 515 | - | 5 | 20 | 96 | 165 | 112 | 84 | 21 | 12 | - | 48100 | 51400 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 722 | , | 40 | 131 | 191 | 219 | 89 | 38 | 7 | 7 | - | 40000 | 40500 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 474 | 24 | 68 | 128 | 138 | 72 | 23 | 5 | 16 |  | - | 31400 | 33000 |
| 1939 or earlier | 4177 | 309 | 1030 | 1271 | 1006 | 371 | 119 | 55 | - | 16 | - | 25600 | 27000 |
| HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| less thon $\$ 5,000$ | 492 | 92 | 232 | 83 | 25 | 39 | 21 | - | - | - | - | 16200 | 20300 |
| \$5.000 to \$9.999 | 1033 | 101 | 287 | 336 | 202 | 51 | 29 | 27 | - | - | - | 22000 | 24700 |
| \$10,000 to \$12,499 | 394 | 56 | 96 | 134 | 67 | 25 | 8 | 8 | - | - | - | 22200 | 24300 |
| \$12.500 to \$14.999 | 399 | 14 | 76 | 120 | 101 | 76 | 4 | 8 | - | - | - | 28700 | 29600 |
| \$15.000 to \$19.999 | 1066 | 25 | 220 | 274 | 308 | 136 |  | 40 | - | 7 | - | 30500 | 31800 |
| \$20.000 to \$24,999 | 950 | 19 | 110 | 282 | 255 | 200 | 59 | 25 | - | - | - | 32100 | 33100 |
| \$25,000 to \$34.999 | 1271 | 33 | 92 | 233 | 324 | 252 | 179 | 125 | 22 | 11 | - | 38400 | 40700 |
| \$35.000 to \$49.999 | 564 | 7 | 30 | 91 | 179 | 108 | 59 | 68 | 16 | 6 |  | 38900 | 42400 |
| \$50,000 or more | 160 |  |  | 19 | 26 | 38 | 10 | 31 | 19 | 17 | - | 49500 | 62000 |
| Median | \$18980 | \$7969 | \$11367 | \$16883 |  |  |  | \$29 865 | \$41 015 |  | - |  |  |
| Meon-- | \$20 387 | \$11 303 | \$13 292 | \$17938 | \$21 830 | \$24 837 | \$25 379 | \$31 119 | \$51 540 | \$54 217 | - |  |  |
| MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With o morigoge ----------------------------------- | 2817 | 79 | 365 | 619 | 709 | 465 | 290 | 229 | 39 | 22 | - | 34100 | 37200 |
| Less thon 15 percent | 947 | 28 | 136 | 238 | 263 | 93 | 100 | 72 | 7 | 10 | - | 32100 | 35900 |
| 15 to 19 percent. | 679 | 13 | 82 | 171 | 167 | 132 | 56 | 50 | 8 |  | - | 33700 | 35900 |
| 20 to 24 percent - | 523 | 14 | 35 | 87 | 124 | 124 | 64 | 44 | 19 | 12 | - | 40100 | 42600 |
| 25 to 29 percent .- | 197 | - | 18 | 37 | 45 | 50 | 25 | 22 | - | - | - | 34800 | 39000 |
|  | 141 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 29 | 23 | 14 | 23 | 5 | - | - | 34000 | 40000 |
| 35 percent or more | 326 | 13 | 77 | 66 | 82 | 43 | 27 | 18 |  | - | - | 32500 | ${ }^{32} 300$ |
| Not computed |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | $\bar{\square}$ | - | - | 52500 | 52500 |
| Medion ----- | 184 | 19.4 | 178 | 171 | 177 | 20.3 | 188 | 192 | 21.2 | 204 | - |  |  |
| Not mertgaged | 3512 | 268 | 778 | 953 | 778 | 460 | 135 | 103 | 18 | 19 | - | 26700 | 29300 |
| Less than 10 percent | 1280 | 59 | 172 | 345 | 347 | 228 | 59 | 40 | 18 | 12 | - | 32000 | 33600 |
| 10 to 14 percent.-- | 698 | 45 | 138 | 154 | 207 | 122 | 24 | 8 | - | 12 | - | 30700 | 30200 |
| 15 to 19 percent... | 496 | 41 | 101 | 195 | 85 | 45 | 11 | 18 | - | $\overline{7}$ | - | 23800 | 26600 |
| 20 ta 24 percent - | 276 | 23 | 99 | 86 | 47 | - | 7 | 7 | - | 7 | - | 21400 | 25600 |
| 25 to 29 percent- | 230 | 30 | 69 | 74 | 15 | 21 | 13 | 8 | - | - | - | 20700 | 24300 |
| 30 to 34 percent | 157 | 23 | 61 | 23 | 22 | 6 | $-$ | 22 | - | - | - | 19100 | 25300 |
| 35 percent or more | 371 | 47 | 138 | 76 | 51 | 38 | 21 | - | - | - | - | 20100 | 24100 |
| Nat computed ----- Median | 4 | 7 |  |  | ${ }^{4}$ |  | - | O | - | - | - | 37500 | 37500 |
| Median .-.-.-.-- | 134 | 187 | 189 | 143 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 11.8 | 16.0 | 10- | 10- | - | ... | ... |
| SElECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use $\qquad$ | $\bigcirc 309$ | 341 | $\begin{array}{r}1137 \\ \hline 26\end{array}$ |  | 1479 14 14 | 925 15 | 425 | 332 | 57 | 41 | - | 30700 33200 | 32900 32200 |
| iOl or more persons per room |  | $\overline{6}$ |  |  |  | 15 - | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ - \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - | - | - | 33200 16700 | 32200 20100 |
| 1.01 or more persans per room |  | 6 | 6 |  | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 20100 |
|  | 6329 | 347 | 1143 | 1572 | 1487 | 925 | 425 | 332 | 57 | 41 | - | 30700 | 32800 |
| Centrol heating system -- | 5550 | 153 | 820 | 1373 | 1445 | 925 | 418 | 323 | 52 | 41 | - | 32900 | 34900 |
| Air conditioning -...----- | 628 |  | 52 | 152 | 140 | 125 | 87 | 54 | 6 | 12 | - | 37100 | 40100 |
|  | 56 | 57 | - | 7 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 13 | 6 | 6 | - | 52000 | 60800 |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 278 | 57 | 116 | 39 | 27 | 19 | 20 |  | - | - | - | 17600 | 22000 |
| Percent below poverty level | 44 | 16.4 | 10.1 | 2.5 | 18 | 2.1 | 47 | - | - | - | - |  |  |



Table C-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table C-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| Superior cityRenter-orcupied housing units |  |  |  |  |  | mbo | introd | For d | ions of | , see ap | es $A$ and 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Household income in 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Income in 1979 below poverty level |
|  | Totol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less thon } \\ & \$ 5.000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5.000 \text { to } \\ \$ 9.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10.000 \\ & \$ 10 \\ & \$ 12.499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 12.500 \\ & \$ 14.0 \\ & \$ 1499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15,000 \\ \$ 19 \\ \$ 19.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20,000 \\ & \$ 10 \\ & \$ 24.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 25.000 \\ & \$ 34.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35.000 \\ & \$ 49.999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50,000 \text { or } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ | Median (dollors) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \text { (dollors) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 4253 | 1353 | 1162 | 374 | 304 | 494 | 233 | 258 | 75 | - | 8287 | 10664 | 1037 |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-coupla families - | 1022 | 109 | 209 | 117 | 129 | 187 | 111 | 119 | 41 | - | 13973 | 15417 | 113 |
|  | 182 | 21 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 75 | $-$ | 6 |  | - | 14138 | 12853 | 24 |
|  | 306 | 40 | 44 | 37 | 57 | 60 | 46 | 22 | - | - | 13904 | 13730 | 58 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 153 | - | 37 | 9 | 24 | 18 | 24 | 19 | 22 | - | 17321 | 19536 |  |
| 45 to 64 yeors. | 224 | 25 | 32 | 13 | 12 | 29 | 41 | 59 | 13 | - | 20104 | 19678 | 25 |
| 65 years ond over. | 157 | 23 | 71 | 32 | 7 | 5 | - | 13 | 6 | - | 9255 | 11587 | 6 |
|  | 1261 | 345 | 250 | 132 | 105 | 206 | 94 | 104 | 25 | - | 10672 | 12348 | 237 |
|  | 360 | 111 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ \hline 75\end{array}$ | 32 | 15 | 42 | 30 | 36 | 18 | - | 9583 | 12917 | 96 |
| 25 to 34 yeors ---......-. | 408 | 49 | 75 | 45 | 45 | 101 | 45 | 41 | 7 | - | 14444 | 15009 | 55 |
| 35 to 44 years - | 77 | 15 | 9 | 14 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 12 | - | - | 12679 | 14.618 | 5 |
| 45 to 64 years - | 221 | 74 | 36 | 31 | 22 | 41 | 8 | 9 | - | - | 10040 | 10121 | 59 |
| 65 years ond over --.-.-...............----------- | 195 | 96 | 54 | 10 | 16 | 13 |  | 6 | - | - | 5134 | 7356 | 21 |
| Femaie househalder, no husbond present -------------- | 1970 | 899 | 703 | 125 | 70 | 101 | 28 | 35 | 9 | - | 5512 | 7120 | 687 |
|  | 511 | 223 | 184 | 39 | 35 | 16 | 7 | 7 | - | - | 5732 | 6851 | 277 |
|  | 326 | 89 | 131 | 36 | 6 | 33 | 17 | 14 | $\bar{\square}$ | - | 6989 | 9181 | 124 |
| 35 to 44 yeors. | 141 | 39 | 65 | - | 18 | 10 | - | $\overline{7}$ | 9 | - | 7128 | 9584 | 54 |
| 45 to 64 years | 297 | 119 | 97 | 39 | 11 | 24 | - | 7 | - | - | 7623 | 8062 | 83 |
| 65 yeors ond over | 695 | 429 | 226 | 11 | 29.8 | 18 30 | ${ }^{4}{ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | 40.6 | - | 4455 | 5449 | 149 |
| Medion oge -------- | 36.0 | 58.5 | 38.6 | 30.2 | 29.8 | 30.5 | 29.3 | 36.4 | 40.6 | - | ... | ... | 29.5 |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to Morch 1980. | 1953 | 555 | 518 | 228 | 148 | 268 | 113 | 87 | 36 | - | 9015 | 10830 | 551 |
|  | 1470 372 | 530 97 | 362 156 | 88 20 | 97 34 | 168 27 | 84 22 | 109 16 | 32 | - | 7718 8006 | 10776 9896 | 383 22 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 277 | 112 | 70 | 20 | 15 | 14 | 10 | 29 | 7 | - | 6893 | 10 162 | 62 |
| 1959 or earlier | 181 | 59 | 56 | 18 | 10 | 17 | 4 | 17 | - | - | 8024 | 10312 | 19 |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use | ${ }^{4} 040$ | 1267 | 1085 | 347 | 295 | 488 | 225 | 258 | 75 | - | 8446 | 10839 | 991 |
| 0.50 or less.- | 2822 | 1020 | 731 | 229 | 186 | 301 | 161 | 177 | 17 | - | 7414 | 9980 | 619 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 | 1151 | 234 | 326 | 118 | 109 | 176 | 59 | 77 | 52 | - | 10328 | 12735 | 356 |
| 1.01 to 1.50-.........-......................--- | 49 | 13 | 15 | - | - | 11 | - | 4 | 6 | - | 9417 | 15577 | 13 |
| 151 or more.- | 18 | - | 13 | 7 | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | 7500 | 11231 | 3 |
| lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 213 | 86 | 71 | 27 | 9 | 6 | 8 | - | - | - | 6165 | 7353 | 46 |
| 0.50 or less-- | 134 | 48 | 58 19 | 13 | 9 | 6 | - | - | - | - | 6900 | 7185 | 26 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 101 to 1.50 | 71 | 30 | 19 | 14 | - | - | 8 | - | - | - | 5724 | 8099 | 12 |
| 151 or more. | 8 | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3750 | 3550 | 8 |
| SElected Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment .- | 4253 | 1353 | 1162 | 374 | 304 | 494 | 233 | 258 | 75 | - | 8287 | 10664 | 1 037 |
| Centrol heoting system | 3771 | 1222 | 1012 | 312 | 263 | 444 | 208 | 235 | 75 | - | 8243 | 10725 | 909 |
| Air conditioning .....- | 230 | 33 | 33 | 9 | 22 | 34 | 36 | 46 | 17 | - | 17778 | 17887 | 8 |
| Centrol system - | 53 | 7 | 13 |  | 5 | 12 | 6 |  | 10 | - | 17813 | 17587 |  |
| Vehicles available | 2835 | 564 | 712 | 285 | 256 | 466 | 219 | 258 | 75 | - | 11241 | 13144 | 504 |
| $1-$ | 2056 | 487 | 636 | 224 | 182 | 316 | 120 | 91 | - | - | ${ }^{9} 333$ | 10735 | 437 |
| 2 or more | 779 | 77 | 76 | 61 | 74 | 150 | 99 | 167 | 75 | - | 18484 | 19500 | 67 |
| House heating fuel | 4253 | 1353 | 1162 | 374 | 304 | 494 | 233 | 258 | 75 | - | 8287 | 10664 | 1037 |
| Utility gos ---- | 2484 | 766 | 708 | 244 | 188 | 240 | 105 | 197 | 36 | - | 8371 | 10691 | 634 |
|  | 54 | 3 | 31 | - | - | 7 | 6 | 7 | - | - | 8833 | 13279 | 3 |
| Electricity --...- | 524 | 218 | 113 | 36 | 16 | 66 | 51 | 5 | 19 | - | 6341 | 10127 | 109 |
| Fuel oil. kerosene, etc | 1116 | 324 | 298 | 78 | 100 | 176 | 71 | 49 | 20 | - | 8994 | 11032 | 256 |
|  | 75 | 42 | 12 | 16 |  | 5 |  |  | - | - | 4583 | 6180 |  |
| Medien rooms | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.4 | - |  |  | 3.7 |
| Specified renter-oscupied housing units. | 4253 | 1353 | 1162 | 374 | 304 | 494 | 233 | 258 | 75 | - | 8287 | 10664 | 1037 |
| CONTRACT RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon \$100 | 890 | 566 | 217 | 56 | 26 | 11 | 6 | 8 | - | - | 4349 | 5508 | 340 |
| \$100 to \$149- | 849 | 236 | 285 | 75 | 77 | 91 | 64 | 21 | $\overline{-}$ | - | 8301 | 9769 | 222 |
| \$150 to \$199 | 1109 | 324 | 302 | 111 | 106 | 132 | 48 | 56 | 30 | - | 8917 | 10984 | 291 |
| \$200 to \$249- | 829 | 118 | 229 | 65 | 55 | 176 | 73 | 88 | 25 | - | 12614 | 14323 | 117 |
| \$250 to \$299 | 303 | 42 | 60 | 45 | 28 | 46 | 27 | 46 | 9 | - | 12902 | 14671 | 17 |
| \$300 to \$349 | 61 | - | 15 | 3 | - | 12 | 3 | 28 | - | - | 20417 | 19206 | - |
| \$350 to \$399 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 18750 | 17890 | - |
| \$400 to $\$ 499$ | + | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 40906 | 48715 | - |
| \$500 or mare. | - | - | - | $\overline{-}$ | - | - | - | - | $\overline{7}$ | - |  | - | - |
| No cosh rent | 204 | 67 | 54 | 19 |  | 22 | 12 | 11 |  | - | 8812 | 10883 | 50 |
| Median ...- | \$160 | \$121 | \$156 | \$173 | \$168 | \$201 | \$197 | \$216 | \$217 | - |  | . | \$137 |
| GROSS RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon \$100 | 697 | 497 | 153 | 31 | 16 | - | - | - | - | - | 4110 | 4662 | 306 |
| \$100 10 \$149 | 431 | 154 | 174 | 28 | 27 | 22 |  | 8 | - | - | 6361 | 7954 | 131 |
| \$150 to \$199 | 866 | 272 | 225 | 95 | 74 | 120 | 47 | 22 | 11 | - | 8740 | 10115 | 229 |
| \$200 10 \$249 | 896 | 209 | 263 | 95 | 68 | 137 | 42 | 70 | 12 | - | 9504 | 11653 | 162 |
| \$250 to \$299 | 761 | 136 | 185 | 92 | 85 | 108 | 78 | 72 | 5 | - | 11617 | 12988 | 124 |
| \$300 10 \$349 | 193 | 4 | 67 |  | 5 | 45 | 27 | 23 | 22 | - | 18144 | 18067 | 15 |
| \$350 to \$399 | 129 | 14 | 36 | 7 | 17 | 15 | 3 | 23 | 14 | - | 13603 | 17300 | 20 |
| \$400 to \$499 | 68 |  | 5 | 7 |  | 21 | 6 | 29 | - | - | 22917 | 20391 |  |
| \$500 or more | 8 | 07 | 5 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | - | 30000 | 33303 | 50 |
| No cosh rent | 204 | 67 | 54 | 19 | 12 | 22 | 12 | 11 | 7 | - | 8812 | 10883 | 50 |
| Median | \$202 | \$146 | \$200 | \$211 | \$227 | \$237 | \$252 | \$260 | \$314 | - | ... | ... | \$161 |
| GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 15 percent | 710 | - | 77 | 45 | 53 | 156 | 131 | 184 | 64 | - | 21053 |  |  |
| 15 to 19 percent -- | 631 | 67 | 85 | 71 | 96 | 184 | 81 | 43 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | - | 14909 | 14776 | 68 |
| 201024 percent .- | 753 | 229 | 207 | 97 | 101 | 90 | 9 | 20 |  | - | 8623 | 9 539 | 101 |
| 25 to 29 percent .- | 371 | 122 | 127 | 85 | 20 | 17 | - | - | - | - | 8154 | 7833 | 78 |
| 301034 percent - | 287 | 30 158 | 171 | 43 | 22 | 21 | - | - | - | - | 8657 | 9000 | 22 |
| 351049 percent - | 451 | 158 | 282 | 7 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 6125 | 6200 | 127 |
| 50 percent or more | 803 | 637 | 159 | 7 | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | 3621 | 3680 | 528 |
| Not compured | 247 | 110 | 54 | 19 | 12 | 22 | 12 | 11 | 7 | - | 7411 | 8988 | 93 |
| Median .... | 244 | $50+$ | 317 | 232 | 198 | 172 | 138 | 125 | 10- | - | ... | ... | $50+$ |

Table C -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

| Superior city | Totol | Less thon $\$ 200$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 249 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 250 \text { to } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\$ 300$ to \$349 | $\$ 350$ to \$399 | $\$ 40010$ $\$ 499$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 500 \text { 10 } \\ \$ 599 \end{array}$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 749$ | \$750 or more | Medion (dollors) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specified owner-occupied housing units ------ | 2817 | 228 | 405 | 592 | 412 | 381 | 433 | 253 | 75 | 38 | 322 |
| PERSONS IN UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 person ------ | 192 | 49 | 20 | 29 | 17 | 43 | 34 | - | - | - | 297 |
| 2 persons --- | 603 | 70 | 62 | 134 | 113 | 53 | 93 | 56 | 17 | 5 | 316 |
| 3 persons | 588 | 22 | 109 | 128 | 107 | 85 | 84 | 46 | - | 7 | 316 |
| 4 persons | 827 | 67 | 136 | 140 | 118 | 117 | 133 55 | 67 | 34 | 15 | 330 |
| 5 persans ----------------------------------------- | 389 | 14 | 63 | 96 | 40 | 46 | 55 | 46 | 24 | 5 | 327 |
| 7 persons ------------------------------------------------------------ | $\begin{array}{r}132 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 | 9 | 39 21 | 5 5 | 17 20 | 29 5 | 21. | - | 6 | 371 345 |
| 8 or more persons | 35 | - | 6 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 17 | - | - | 346 |
| Medion ----- | 3.53 | 2.43 | 3.58 | 3.54 | 3.21 | 3.58 | 3.54 | 3.87 | 410 | 3.97 | ... |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families . | 2278 | 156 | 326 | 470 | 319 | 314 | 347 | 238 | 75 | 33 | 329 |
| 15 to 24 years | 107 | - | 16 | 18 | 15 | 34 | 34 | - | 5 |  | 371 |
| 25 to 34 years - | 803 | 61 | 90 | 146 | 130 | 108 | 143 | 104 | 16 | 5 | 340 |
| 35 to 44 years -- | 583 | 39 | 196 | 118 | ${ }^{68}$ | 96 | 85 | 44 | 30 | 7 | 328 |
| 45 to 64 years -- | 720 | 37 | 115 | 175 | 112 | 76 | 72 | 83 | 29 | 21 | 315 |
| 65 yeors ond over --...------ | 65 230 | 19 33 | 9 | 13 <br> 52 | ${ }^{4}$ | 40 | 13 | 7 | - | 5 | 267 |
| Mole hous oholder, no wife present | 230 | 33 | 19 | 52 | 23 | 40 | 51 | 7 | - | 5 | 324 |
| 15 to 24 yeors .--------- | 52 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 14 | $\overline{7}$ | - | - | 354 |
| 25 to 34 yeors - | 96 | 5 | 8 | 22 | 15 | 13 | 21 | 7 | - | 5 | 343 |
| 35 to 64 yeors. | 38 | 15 | 6 | 12 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 389 |
| 65 yeors ond over | 8 | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 175 |
| Female hauseholder, no husband present | 309 | 39 | 60 | 70 | 70 | 27 | 35 | 8 | - | - | 290 |
| 15 to 24 years. | 22 | - | 10 | 6 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | 258 |
| 25 to 34 yeors .- | 67 | 4 | 30 | 7 | 20 | - | 6 | - | - | - | 249 |
|  | 84 | 8 | 13 | 17 | 15 | 10 | 13 | 8 | - | - | 313 |
| 45 to 64 yeors ----------------------------------- | 98 | 14 | $\overline{7}$ | 33 | 23 | 12 | 16 | - | - | - | 304 |
| 65 yeors ond over -------------------------------- | 38 37 | 13 | 38 | 39 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 34.9 | 7 | 5 | , | 243 |
| Medion age ---- | 37.9 | 43.8 | 38.5 | 39.2 | 37.0 | 36.4 | 34.9 | 36.7 | 41.5 | 46.0 | ... |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to March 1980 | 404 | 8 | 9 | 26 | 51 | 92 | 76 | 86 | 40 | 16 | 431 |
| 1975 to 1978 -- | 1059 | 54 | 138 | 205 | 135 | 155 | 226 | 113 | 26 | 7 | 349 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 568 | 61 | 89 | 134 | 110 | 56 | 78 | 26 | 9 | 5 | 300 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 602 | 73 | 108 | 190 | 85 | 66 | 47 | 23 |  | 10 | 282 |
| 1959 or eorlier .- | 184 | 32 | 61 | 37 | 31 | 12 | 6 | 5 | - | - | 249 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1103 rooms | 36 | 21 | - | 5 | $\overline{-}$ | 5 | 5 | - | - | - | 190 |
| 4 rooms.... | 139 683 | 20 93 | 55 73 | 10 164 1 | 27 89 | 18 102 108 | 9 | - | 12 | - | 245 306 |
| 6 rooms | 840 | 48 | 147 | 193 | 140 | 126 | 108 | 53 | 14 | 11 | 311 |
| 7 rooms.- | 632 | 38 | 95 | 161 | 101 | 71 | 87 | 53 | 14 | 12 | 311 |
| 8 or more rooms | 487 | 8 | 35 | 59 | 55 | 59 | 134 | 92 | 35 | 10 | 415 |
| Median - | 6.2 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 68 | 7.3 | 6.8 | ... |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980 | 301 | - | 9 | 11 | 30 | 45 | 87 | 78 | 36 | 5 | 472 |
| 1970 to 1974 --- | 43 | - | - | - | 5 | 19 | 5 | - | 14 | - | 393 |
| 1960 to 1969 | 281 | 6 | 14 | 79 | 29 | 31 | 57 | 54 | - | 11 | 370 |
| 1950 to 1959 | 317 | 6 | 40 | 40 | 62 | 64 | 75 | 17 | 6 | 7 | 358 |
| 1940 to 1949 | 232 | 6 | 39 | 47 | 45 | 45 | 40 | 5 | - | 5 | 327 |
| 1939 or eortier | 1643 | 210 | 303 | 415 | 241 | 177 | 169 | 99 | 19 | 10 | 287 |
| value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$10,000 | 79 |  |  |  | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | 211 |
| \$10.000 to \$19.999. | 365 | 113 | 83 | 92 | 32 | 14 | 20 | 11 | - | - | 242 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999. | 619 | 46 | 177 | 157 | 108 | 67 | 51 | 6 | 7 | - | 278 |
| \$30,000 to \$39.999 | 709 | 15 | 115 | 160 | 166 | 132 | 95 | 16 | 10 | - | 319 |
| \$40,000 to \$49.999- | 465 | 10 | 13 | 101 | 54 | 95 | 130 | 52 | - | 10 | 379 |
| \$50,000 to \$59.999- | 290 | 7 | 6 | 48 | 31 | 42 | 74 | 82 | - | - | 420 |
| \$60.000 to \$79.999 | 229 | - | - | 5 | 21 | 24 | 55 | 72 | 47 | 5 | 513 |
| \$80,000 to \$99,999 | 39 | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 8 | 5 | 18 | 705 |
| \$100,000 to \$149.999 | 22 | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | 6 | 6 | 5 | 600 |
| \$150,000 or more. |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Medion ---- | \$34 100 | \$16 700 | \$26 500 | \$31 000 | \$33 100 | \$38000 | \$43400 | $\$ 53200$ | \$66 400 | \$85 700 | ... |
| SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 947 | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 12 |  |
| 15 to 19 percent -- | 679 | 24 | 150 | 149 | 109 | 107 | 82 | 44 | 14 | - | 308 |
| 20 to 24 percent -... | 523 | 29 | 18 | 43 | 86 | 85 | 128 | 110 | 18 | 6 | 400 |
| 25 to 29 percent ---- | 197 | - | 7 | 34 | 24. | 36 | 46 | 30 | 20 | - | 397 |
| 30 to 34 percent .-- | 141 | - | 11 | 13 | 6 | 20 | 43 | 30 | 8 | 10 | 443 |
| 35 percent or more | 326 | 35 | 17 | 61 | 34 | 56 | 82 | 21 | 10 | 10 | 364 |
| Not computed - | 4 |  |  | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 475 |
| Medion ---- | 18.4 | 13.8 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 17.4 | 20.4 | 23.3 | 22.9 | 25.1 | 30.5 | $\ldots$ |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment ---------------------------------- | 2817 | 228 | 4,05 | 592 | 412 | 381 | 433 | 253 | 75 | 38 | 322 |
|  | 842 | 13 | 68 | 150 | 122 | 141 | 197 | 110 | 31 | 10 | 374 |
| Central worm-cir furnoce or electric heot pump ------- | 1567 | 137 | 273 | 350 | 260 | 231 | 187 | 84 | 17 | 28 | 305 |
| Other builh-in electric units --------------------- | 129 | - | 10 | - | - | 9 | 44 | 44 | 22 | - | 503 |
| Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce -...------------------ | 57 | - | 18 | 29 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 268 |
|  | 222 | 78 | 36 | 63 | 20 | - | 5 | 15 | 5 | - | 246 |
|  | 310 | 16 | 40 | 51 | 42 | 54 | 53 | 26 | 22 | 6 | 356 |
|  | 33 | - | - | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 445 |
| 1 or more individual room units ------------------- | 277 | 16 | 40 | 51 | 37 | 47 | 48 | 20 | 18 | - | 343 |
|  | 2817 | 228 | 405 | 592 | 412 | 381 | 433 | 253 | 75 | 38 | 322 |
|  | 1553 | 122 | 204 | 380 | 270 | 212 | 200 | 120 | 33 | 12 | 313 |
| Bottled, ronk, or LP gas -------------------------- | 29 135 | - | - | - | 6 | 17 | - | 50 | - | 6 | 375 |
| Electricity ------------ | 135 | $9{ }^{-}$ | 10 178 | - |  | 13 | 44 189 | 50 | 22 | - | 509 |
| Other ------------ | 1041 <br> 59 | 12 | 178 13 | 202 10 | 128 8 | 136 7 | 189 | 74 9 | 20 | 20 | 318 272 |


| Superior city | Total | Less thon $\$ 50$ | \$50 to \$74 | \$75 to \$99 | \$100 to \$124 | \$125 to \$149 | \$150 to \$199 | \$200 to \$249 | \$250 or more | Medion (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specified owner-occupied heusing units ....... | 3512 | - | 53 | 414 | 689 | 750 | 1029 | 389 | 188 | 145 |
| PERSONS IN UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 person -- | 1021 | - | 30 | 187 | 284 | 233 | 191 | 91 | 5 | 126 |
| 2 persons .- | 1582 | - | 23 | 156 | 282 | 355 | 482 | 198 | 86 | 148 |
| 3 persons | 407 | - | - | 44 | 42 | 70 | 168 | 41 | 42 | 164 |
| 4 persons -- | 270 | - | - | 20 | 45 | 50 | 109 | 15 | 31 | 159 |
|  | 158 | - | - | 7 | 26 | 29 | 61 | 17 | 18 | 164 |
| 6 persons ---- | 57 | - | - | - | 10 | 7 | 13 | 21 | 6 | 194 |
| 7 persons ------- | 17 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 5 | 6 | - | 175 |
| 8 or more persons <br> Medion | 1.96 | - | 1.38 | 1.63 | 1.71 | 1.90 | 2.17 | 2.02 | 2.57 | - |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple fomilies | 2092 | - | 23 | 167 | 328 | 462 | 687 | 275 | 150 | 155 |
|  | 13 | - | - | ${ }^{6}$ | - | - | 7 | - | - | 154 |
| 25 to 34 years -- | 70 | - | - | 13 6 | 12 26 | 26 | 14 <br> 63 | 17 | 18 | 135 |
| 35 to 44 yeors --.- 45 to 64 years --- | 1 153 | - | $\overline{5}$ | 62 | 91 | 223 | 399 | 175 | 18 84 | 161 167 |
| 65 years ond over. | 814 | - | 18 | 80 | 199 | 181 | 204 | 89 | 43 | 140 |
| Mole heusehoider, no wife present | 374 | - | 15 | 54 | 122 | 62 | 94 | 22 | 5 | 124 |
| 15 to 24 yeors ......-...--- | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25 to 34 yeors .- | 25 | - | - | 13 | 7 | 5 | - | - | - | 99 |
| 35 to 44 yeors .- | 40 | - | - | 17 | 7 | 16 | - | - | - | 111 |
| 45 to 64 years ------------------------------ | 139 | - | - | - | 54 | 21 | 51 | 8 | 5 | 143 |
|  | 170 | - | 15 |  | 54 | 20 | 43 | 14 | 33 | 121 |
| Femole heusehelder, no husbond present | 1046 | - | 15 | 193 | 239 | 226 | 248 | 92 | 33 | 133 |
| 15 to 24 yeors -------------- |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\overline{9}$ | - |  |
| 25 to 34 yeors ---------- 35 to 44 years ------ | 15 | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 9 | - | 208 |
| 45 to 64 yeors. | 351 | - | - | 72 | 54 | 85 | 100 | 27 | 13 | 140 |
| 65 years and over | 680 | - | 15 | 121 | 185 | 141 | 142 | 56 | 20 | 128 |
| Medion age ....... | 64.1 | - | 81.3 | 66.7 | 69.1 | 63.6 | 61.0 | 62.0 | 57.3 | ... |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to Morch 1980 | 68 | - | - | 8 | 27 | 15 | 10 | - | 8 | 124 |
| 1975 to 1978 . | 231 | - | 6 | 35 | 43 | 39 | 61 | 20 | 27 | 145 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 319 | - | 13 | 58 | 43 | 39 | 106 | 55 | 5 | 153 |
| 1960 to 1969 . | 766 | - | 15 | 84 | 95 | 141 | 226 | 126 | 79 | 161 |
| 1959 or eorlier | 2128 | - | 19 | 229 | 481 | 516 | 626 | 188 | 69 | 141 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 46 | - | 15 | 10 | 12 | 9 | - | - | - | 95 |
| 4 rooms --- | 463 | - | 13 | 77 | 115 | 78 | 117 | 44 | 19 | 133 |
| 5 rooms | +984 | - | 11 | 135 | 197 | 217 | 281 | 95 | 48 | 142 |
| 6 rooms .- | $\begin{array}{r}1189 \\ 554 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - | 6 | 100 | 223 | 332 | 378 | 109 | 41 | 145 |
| 7 rooms .-..-- | 554 | - | 8 | 68 | 115 | 96 | 163 | 82 | 22 | 147 |
| 8 or more rooms | 276 5.7 | - | $4-$ | ${ }_{5}^{24}$ | 27 | 18 | 90 58 | 59 | 58 | 188 |
| Medion ----- | 5.7 | - | 4.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.2 | ... |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980 . | 43 | - |  | - | 7 |  | 7 | 7 |  | 211 |
| 1970 to 1974 --- | 54 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 28 | 15 | 5 | 188 |
| 1960 to 1969 - | 234 | - | - | - | 14 | 12 | 103 | 71 | 34 | 194 |
| 1950 to 1959- | 405 | - | - | 24 | 26 | 72 | 160 | 85 | 38 | 175 |
| 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier | 242 2534 | - | 53 | 17 373 | 591 | 47 607 | 74 657 | 36 175 | 17 78 | 154 135 |
| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon $\$ 10,000$ | 268 | - | 21 | 92 | 80 | 47 | 28 | - | - | 107 |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999 - | 778 | - | 24 | 185 | 190 | 193 | 118 | 36 | 32 | 124 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999. | 953 | - | 8 | 98 | 282 | 212 | 262 | 79 | 12 | 135 |
| \$30,000 to \$39.999 | 778 | - | - | 33 | 105 | 219 | 340 | 68 | 13 | 155 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999. | 460 | - | - | 6 | 32 | 68 | 206 | 120 | 28 |  |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999. | 135 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 52 | 37 | 35 | 206 |
| \$60,000 to \$79,999-- | 103 | - | - | - | - | - | 23 | 38 | 42 | 238 |
| \$80,000 to \$999.999 - | 18 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11 | 7 | 241 |
| \$100,000 to \$149.999. | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | $250+$ |
| Medion -..-...- | \$26 700 | - | \$11 600 | \$15 500 | \$21 400 | \$25 400 | \$33 800 | \$41000 | \$52000 |  |
| SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon 10 percent - | 1280 | - | 11 | 170 | 247 | 303 | 394 | 109 | 46 | 142 |
| 10 to 14 percent --. | 698 | - | 6 | 57 | 109 | 154 | 236 | 96 | 40 | 155 |
| 151019 percent --- | 496 | - | 29 | 34 | 127 | 83 | 131 | 55 | 37 | 142 |
| 20 to 24 percent --- | 276 | - | 7 | 34 | 88 |  | 63 | 14 | 16 | 129 |
| 25 to 29 percent -.. | 230 | - | - | 44 | 48 | 38 | 60 | 20 | 20 | 140 |
| 30 to 34 percent --- | 157 | - | - | 27 | 9 | 52 | 40 | 13 | 16 | 145 |
| 35 percent or more. | 371 | - | - | 48 | 61 | 66 | 101 | 82 | 13 | 155 |
| Not computed ------ | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | 175 |
| Medion ---------- | 13.4 | - | 16.6 | 13.2 | 14.5 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 14.5 | 16.1 | ... |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heoting equipment.-.......- | 3512 | - | 53 | 414 | 689 | 750 | 1029 | 389 | 188 | 145 |
| Steem or hot woter system --- | , 949 | - | - | 60 | 152 | 173 | 278 | 195 | 91 | 166 |
| Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heot pump ----...- | 1890 |  | 8 | 210 | 323 | 434 | 643 | 187 | 85 | 148 |
| Other built-in electric units .-.------.-.----------- Fioor woll | 32 | - | - | - |  | - | 24 | - | 8 | 183 |
|  | 84 | - | 6 | 14 | 25 | 20 | 12 | 7 | - | 122 |
| Ather meons ----------------------------------- | 557 | - | 39 | 130 | 189 | 123 | 72 | - | 4 | 114 |
| Air conditioning --------------- <br> Centrol | 318 | - | - | 16 | 43 | 71 | 78 | 52 | 58 | 169 |
| Centrol system-1.-.........- | 23 | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | 8 | 8 | 228 |
| 1 or more individual room unils - | - 295 | - | - | 16 | 43 | 71 | 71 | 44 | 50 | 162 |
|  | 3512 | - | 53 | 414 | 689 | 750 |  | 389 | 188 | 145 |
|  | 2037 | - | 42 | 280 | 490 | 465 | 509 | 170 | 81 | 136 |
| Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity | 14 32 | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | 7 | - | 162 |
| Electricity -a.e-.-.--- | 1347 | - | 11 | $11 \overline{3}$ | 183 | 263 | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 484 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 200 | 8 93 | 183 161 |
| Other --....- | 82 | - | - | 21 | 18 | 22 | 124 12 | 12 | r 6 | 138 |

Table C-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table C-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

| Superior city | Owner-occupied housing units |  |  |  | Renter-occupied housing units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I unit, } \\ & \text { detoched or } \\ & \text { ottoched } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { or more } \\ & \text { units } \end{aligned}$ | Mobile home or troiler, etc. | Totol | delached or oftoched | 2 units | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { and } 4 \\ & \text { units } \end{aligned}$ | 5 to 9 units | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \text { to } 49 \\ \text { units } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \text { or more } \\ & \text { units } \end{aligned}$ | Mobile home or troiler, etc |
| Occupied housing units Condominium housing units | 7247 | 6497 | 323 | 427 | 4253 | 742 | 857 | 721 | 779 | 735 | 363 | 56 |
| HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple fomilies .-....-- | 4894 | 4461 | 180 | 253 | 1022 | 303 | 214 | 171 | 144 | 141 | 23 | 26 |
| 15 to 24 yeors | 189 | 120 | 3 | 66 | 182 | 18 | 87 | 27 | 20 | 30 | - | - |
| 25 to 34 yeors | 993 | 891 | 52 | 50 | 306 | 79 | 59 | 63 | 69 | 31 | - | 5 |
| 35 to 44 yeors . | 799 | 762 | 15 | 22 | 153 | 71 | 23 | 5 | 33 | 14 | 5 | 7 |
| 45 to 64 years | 1925 | 1802 | 57 | 66 | 224 | 88 | 25 | 51 | 17 | 24 | 5 | 14 |
| 65 yeors ond over- | 988 | 886 | 53 | 49 | 157 | 47 | 20 | 25 | $5^{5}$ | 42 | 18 | - |
| Mate householder, no wift present | 763 | 623 | 46 | 94 | 1261 | 212 | 261 | 174 | 259 | 284 | 65 | 6 |
| 151024 yeors ------...... | 80 | 52 | 5 | 23 | 360 | 44 | 73 | 63 | 112 | 62 | - | 6 |
| 25 to 34 yeors.. | 180 | 133 | 14 | 33 | 408 | 88 | 88 | 50 | 93 | 77 | 12 |  |
| 35 to 44 yeors. | 106 | 76 | 8 | 22 | 77 | 10 | 35 | - | 7 | 25 | - | - |
| 45 to 64 yeors . | 207 | 184 | 7 | 16 | 221 | 36 | 27 | 39 | 32 | 61 | 26 | - |
| 65 yeors ond over | 190 | 178 | 12 |  | 195 | 34 | 38 | 22 | 15 | 59 | 27 |  |
| Semale householder, no husband present | 1590 | 1413 | 97 | 80 | 1970 | 227 | 382 | 376 | 376 | 310 | 275 | 24 |
|  | 36 | 24 | 8 | 4 | 511 | 48 | 143 | 91 | 146 | 48 | 21 | 14 |
| 25 to 34 yeors | 133 | 84 | 8 | 41 | 326 | 59 | 72 | 55 | 78 | 43 | 16 | 3 |
| 35 to 44 yeors | 106 | 88 | - | 18 | 141 | 32 | 20 | 32 | 37 | 20 | - |  |
|  | 513 802 | ${ }_{746} 7$ | 30 51 | 12 5 | 297 | 34 54 | 88 | 83 | 60 55 | 33 166 | 18 | 7 |
| Median age -- | 53.5 | 54.1 | 57.9 | 34.7 | 36.0 | 38.6 | 28.8 | 38.4 | 28.5 | 48.2 | 69.5 | 37.5 |
| YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 to Morch 1980 ..... | 646 | 484 | 27 | 135 | 1953 | 308 | 45) | 375 | 380 | 321 | 77 | 41 |
| 1975 to 1978. | 1570 | 1317 | 81 | 172 | 1470 | 228 | 239 | 216 | 267 | 266 | 239 | 15 |
| 1970 to 1974 | 1036 | 913 | 36 | 87 | 372 | 41 | 108 | 41 | 71 | 72 | 39 |  |
| 1960 to 1969 | 1522 | 1428 | 61 | 33 | 277 | 75 | 33 | 71 | 56 | 34 | 8 | - |
| 1959 or earlier | 2473 | 2355 | 118 | - | 181 | 90 | 26 | 18 | 5 | 42 | - |  |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 room | 10 | 5 | - | 5 | 142 | - | 15 | 11 | 15 | 80 | 21 | - |
| 2 rooms-- | 25 | 14 | 11 | 17 | 529 | 11 | 37 | 63 | 131 | 201 | 86 |  |
| 3 rooms | 100 | 73 | 10 | 17 | 945 | 54 | 97 | 183 | 189 | 196 | 219 | 7 |
| 4 rooms | 900 | 612 | 109 | 179 | 1136 | 143 | 256 | 220 | 286 | 166 | 25 | 40 |
| 5 rooms | 2010 | 1714 | 102 | 194 | 788 | 184 | 254 | 159 | 90 | 85 | 7 | 9 |
| 6 rooms... | 2140 | 2068 | 40 | 32 | 482 | 166 | 164 | 78 | 62 | 7 | 5 |  |
| 7 or more rooms | 2062 | 2011 | 51 | - | 231 | 184 | 34 | 7 | 6 | - | - |  |
| Medion | 5.8 | 5.9 | 48 | 46 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 46 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 29 | 2.8 | 40 |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use -------------- | 7215 | 6477 | 311 | 427 | 4040 | 735 | 836 | 715 | 710 | 637 | 351 | 56 |
| 0.50 or less - | 4941 | 4466 | 216 | 259 | 2822 | 467 | 617 204 | 508 | 466 | 434 | 302 | 28 |
| 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 150 | 2173 83 | 1933 | 90 | 150 | 1151 | 263 5 | 204 12 | 195 | 215 | 197 | 49 | 28 |
| 151 or more | 18 | 13 | 5 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 25 | 6 | - |  |
| Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 32 | 20 | 12 | - | 213 | 7 | 21 | 6 | 69 | 98 | 12 |  |
| 0.50 or less.............. | 32 | 20 | 12 | - | 134 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 52 | 51 | 12 |  |
| 0.51 to 1.00 | - | - | 兂 | - | 71 | - | 15 | - | 17 | 39 |  |  |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | - |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None ----- | 10 | 5 | - |  | 284 | - | 31 | 47 | 59 | 121 | 26 | - |
| 1--- | 340 | 239 | 85 | 16 | 1574 | 92 | 243 | 276 | 328 | 322 | 313 |  |
| ${ }_{3}{ }^{2}$ | 2324 | 1919 | 129 | 276 | 1661 | 314 | 421 | 337 | 275 | 245 | 19 | 50 |
|  | 3504 | 3291 | 88 | 125 | 564 | 210 | 155 | 49 | 92 | 47 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | 922 | 906 | 11 | 5 | 135 | 91 | 7 | 12 | 25 | - | - |  |
| 5 or more | 147 | 137 | 10 | - | 35 | 35 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less thon $\$ 5.000$-.. | 566 | 502 | 48 | 16 | 1353 | 156 | 145 | 241 | 268 | 264 | 257 | 22 |
| $\$ 5.000$ to $\$ 9.999$ $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 2.499$ | 1214 | 1067 | 58 | 89 | 1162 | 204 | 220 | 157 | 239 | 254 | 74 | 14 |
| $\$ 10.000$ $\$ 12.500$ to $\$ 12.499$ $\$ 14.999$ | 509 | 404 | 38 | 67 | 374 | 46 | 122 | 86 | 59 | 55 | 6 |  |
| \$12.500 to $\$ 14.999$ | 532 | 414 | 18 | 100 | 304 | 75 | 67 | 72 | 52 | 38 | - |  |
| \$15.000 to \$19.999 | 1185 | 1099 | 31 | 55 | 494 | 106 | 122 | 88 | 96 | 54 | 21 | 7 |
| \$20.000 $10 \$ 24.999$ | 1065 | . 983 | 47 | 35 | 233 | 32 | 88 | 34 | 40 | 28 | 5 | 6 |
| \$25.000 10 \$34,999 | 1372 | 1289 | 56 | 27 | 258 | 85 | 87 | 29 | 19 | 31 | - | 7 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 633 | 570 | 25 | 38 | 75 | 38 | 6 | 14 | 6 | 11 | - |  |
| \$50,000 or more. | 171 | 169 | 2 |  |  | 510- | 11 30 | - | 57- | - | - |  |
| Medion | \$18 406 | \$18936 | \$14931 |  | \$8 287 | \$10 598 | \$11 301 | \$8580 | \$7 373 | \$6835 | \$4 084 | \$7 143 |
| Meon - | \$19 971 | \$20 355 | \$17641 | \$15877 | \$10 664 | \$13 845 | \$12986 | \$10 379 | \$9 292 | \$9 093 | \$5 283 | \$11 547 |
| SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heating equipment -.-........ | 7247 | 6497 | 323 | 427 | 4253 | 742 | 857 | 721 | 779 | 735 | 363 | 56 |
| 5teom or hot woter system. | 1998 | 1853 | 145 | - | 1731 | 144 | 317 | 366 | 302 | 494 | 108 | - |
| Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heot pump ......-. | 4043 | 3533 | 114 | 396 | 1512 | 374 | 307 | 214 | 339 | 154 | 78 | 46 |
| Other built-in electric units | 166 | 165 | 1 | - | 390 | 22 | 23 | 47 | 70 | 68 | 153 | 7 |
| Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce | 153 | 149 | 4 | - | 138 | 28 | 46 | 10 | 41 | - | 13 | - |
| Other meons .- | R87 | 797 | 59 | 31 | 482 | 174 | 164 | 84 | 27 | 19 | 11 | 3 |
| Air conditioning . | 731 | 652 | 38 | 41 | 230 | 45 | 48 | 26 | 34 | 65 | 12 | - |
| Centrol system- | 61 | 56 | ${ }^{-}$ | 5 | 53 | 4 | 7 | - | 5 | 31 | 6 | $5{ }_{56}$ |
| Vehicles ovoiloble | 8535 | 5834 | 290 | 411 | 2835 | 628 | 687 | 454 | 495 | 394 | 121 | 56 |
| 1 ....... | 2957 | 2598 | 145 | 214 | 2056 | 435 | 439 | 344 | 376 | 325 | 108 | 29 |
| 2 or more | 3578 | 3236 | 145 | 197 | 779 | 193 | 248 | 110 | 119 | 69 | 13 | 27 |
| House heoting fuel. | 7247 | 6497 | 323 | 427 | 4253 | 742 | 857 | 721 | 779 | 735 | 363 | 56 |
|  | 3848 | 3678 | 164 | 6 | 2484 | 424 | 573 | 489 | 489 | 387 | 122 | - |
| 80ttled, fonk or LP gos Electricity | 260 | 43 | 5 | 212 | 54 | 22 | 31 | 5 | 9 | 15 | - | 23 |
| Electricity -...-.-.... <br> Fuel oil | 172 | 171 | 1 | - | 524 | 22 | 23 | 53 | 99 | 115 | 205 | 7 |
| Fuel oil, kerosene. etc Other --....... | 2812 | 2464 | 139 | 209 | 1116 | 268 | 230 | 179 | 179 | 210 | 24 | 26 |
| Other--........ | 155 | 141 | 14 |  | 75 | 28 |  |  | 12 | 23 | 12 |  |
| Woter heoting fuel Utrilty gas..... |  | 6483 | 323 | 427 | 4238 | 735 | 857 | 721 | 779 | 727 | 363 | 56 |
| Unilty gos ............ | 5385 | 5111 | 268 | 6 | 3049 | 616 | 706 | 577 | 600 | 446 | 104 |  |
| Sortied, tonk or LP gos | + 437 | 183 | 19 | 235 | 109 | 19 | 36 | 22 | - | - | - | 32 |
| Electrecity --...... | 1067 | 874 | 16 | 177 | 789 | 74 | 71 | 89 | 118 | 179 | 234 | 24 |
| Fuel oil, kerosene eic | 344 | 315 | 20 | 9 | 245 | 17 | 44 | 33 | 61 | 90 |  | - |
| Other -...-..... |  |  |  |  | 46 | 9 |  |  |  | 12 | 25 |  |
| Fomily houstholder --.------------..........-. With | 5617 | 5089 | 215 | 313 | 1841 | 442 | 404 | 324 | 341 | ${ }^{248}$ | 40 | 42 |
| With own children under 18 yeors -..............-- With own chidren under 6 yeors ....-------- | 2658 | 2405 | 90 | 163 | 1188 | 327 | 272 | 135 | 291 | 131 | 17 | 15 |
| With own children under 6 yeors Fomale househaider, no husbond present | 1052 | 916 | 48 | 88 | 768 | 184 | 197 | 87 | 186 | 89 | 17 | 8 |
| Female hous ehaider, no husbond present With own children under 18 yeors | 533 | 460 | 26 | 47 | 713 | 111 | 161 | 135 | 190 | 89 | 17 | 10 |
| With own children under 18 yeors | 267 | 208 | 17 | 42 | 586 | 106 | 123 | 76 | 182 | 72 | 17 | 10 |
| With own children under 6 yeors .- | 46 | 34 | 8 | 4 | 346 | 46 | 81 | 44 | 103 | 52 | 17 | 3 |
| Noniomily housshoider ............- | 1630 | 1408 | 108 | 114 | 2412 | 300 | 453 | 397 | 438 | 487 | 323 | 14 |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 331 | 292 | 17 | 22 | 1037 | 156 | 110 | 157 | 254 | 215 | 123 | 22 |
| Percent below poverty level .-......-. .-...-. | 46 | 45 | 53 | 52 | 244 | 210 | 128 | 218 | 326 | 293 | 339 | 393 |

Table C-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

| Superior city | Totol | 1 person | 2 persons | 3 persons | 4 persons | 5 persons | 6 persons | 7 persons | 8 or more | Medion | Totol persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Owner-occupied housing units $\qquad$ Nonrelotives present $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7247 \\ 260 \end{array}$ | 1458 | 2535 118 | 1124 70 | 1210 33 | 598 15 | 197 5 | 83 | 42 13 | 2.35 267 | $\begin{array}{r} 20136 \\ 20845 \end{array}$ |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 135 900 | 66 367 | 56 369 | 93 | 8 64 | 7 | - | - | - | 1.53 <br> 1.72 <br> 1 | - 2726 |
| 5 rooms-.-- | 2010 | 450 | 869 | 250 | 299 | 104 | 26 | 12 | - | 214 | 4992 |
| 6 rooms---- | 2140 | 300 | 722 | 441 | 379 | 206 | 67 | 7 | 18 | 261 | 6262 |
| 7 rooms.- | 1242 | 201 | 345 | 223 | 249 | 153 | 35 | 23 | 13 | 2.84 | 3728 |
| 8 or more rooms | 820 | 74 | 174 | 117 | 211 | 123 | 69 | 41 | 11 | 3.71 | 3165 |
| Medion | 5.8 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 75 | 6.7 | ... | ... |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use ---...-- | 7215 | 1427 | 2535 | 1124 1 | 1210 1 | 597 | 197 | 83 | 42 | 2.36 | 20089 |
| 1.00 or less--- | 7114 | 1427 | 2530 | 1124 | 1202 | 585 | 171 | 64 | 11 | 234 | 19460 |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 83 | - | ${ }_{5}$ | - | - | 7 | 26 | 19 | 31 | 6.95 | 557 |
| 1.51 or more- | 18 | - | 5 | - | 8 | 5 | - | - | - | 4.00 | 72 |
| Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use ---------- | 32 | 31 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1.02 | 47 |
|  | 32 | 31 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1.02 | 47 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1.51 or more----------------------------------- | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE <br> 1, detoched or attoched | 6497 | 1264 | 2244 | 1004 | 1122 | 552 | 192 | 77 | 42 | 2.38 | 17930 |
| 2 or more ------------ | 323 | 98 | 121 | 59 | 31 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 42 | 2.02 | 1194 |
| Mobile home or troiler, etc. | 427 | 96 | 170 | 61 | 57 | 37 | - | 6 | - | 2.19 | 1012 |
| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Specified ewner-octupied housing units | 6329 | 1213 | 2185 | 995 | 1097 | 547 | 189 | 68 | 35 | 2.39 | 17234 |
|  | , 347 | 127 | 145 | 28 | 26 | 7 | 14 | - | - | 182 | 739 |
| \$10,000 10 \$19.999 | ${ }_{+}^{1} 143$ | 422 | 376 | 118 | 149 | 30 | 22 | 20 | ${ }^{6}$ | 190 | 2416 |
| \$20,000 to \$29.999 | 1572 | 337 | 499 | 284 | 233 | 160 | 40 | 14 | 5 | 240 | 3956 |
| \$30,000 to \$39.999. | 1487 | 190 | 540 | 304 | 264 | 132 | 33 | 12 | 12 | 2.54 | 4111 |
| \$40.000 to \$49.999 | 925 | 76 | 333 | 145 | 210 | 116 | 28 | 17 | - | 2.87 | 3112 |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 - | 425 | 40 | 155 | 69 | 99 | 45 | 11 |  | 6 | 2.75 | 1346 |
| \$60,000 to \$79,999. | 332 | 21 | 104 | 34 | 81 | 51 | 30 | 5 | 6 | 3.59 | 1212 |
| \$80.000 to \$99.999 | 57 | - | 26 | 7 | 18 | - | 6 | - | - | 286 | 168 |
| \$100.000 to \$149.999 | 41 | - | 7 | 6 | 17 | 6 | 5 | - | - | 3.94 | 174 |
| \$150,000 or more.---- | \$30 700 | \$21 000 | \$31 200 | \$32 100 | \$34900 | \$36800 | \$33 600 | \$28800 | \$37 700 | - | - |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |
| All income levels in 1979 ---- | 7247 | 1458 | 2535 | 1124 | 1210 | 598 | 197 | 83 | 42 | 2.35 | 20136 |
|  | \$18406 | \$7011 | \$17224 | \$21 346 | \$22 632 | \$27 619 | \$27 813 | \$26 750 | \$36 364 |  | ... |
| Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household inceme | 16.0 | 26.5 | 142 | 142 | 15.5 | 13.5 | 14.8 | 12.0 | 10- | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | 18.4 | 284 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 17.0 | 18.1 | 14.5 | 10- | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Not mortgoged | 13.4 | 261 | 12.5 | 10- | 10- | 10- | $10-$ | 10- | - |  | $\ldots$ |
| Income in 1979 below poverty level | 331 | 162 | 60 | 20 | 39 | 20 | 17 | 13 | - | 1.56 | $\ldots$ |
| Medion income --------------- | \$3 549 | \$2500 | \$3846 | \$4773 | \$5 208 | \$6 250 | \$7813 | \$8750 | - | . | $\ldots$ |
| Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| household income -------------------------------------------- ${ }^{\text {With }}$ o mortgoge | $50+$ $50+$ | $5{ }_{50+}^{+}$ | 45.0 | $50+$ $50+$ | $50+$ $50+$ | 50.0 50.0 | 334.4 | 50+ | - | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Not mortgaged -------- | 48.2 | 49.7 | 45.0 | 22.5 |  |  | 34 | 27.5 | - | $\cdots$ |  |
| Renter-occupied housing units | 4253 | 1983 | 1132 | 642 | 303 | 132 | 52 | 9 | - | 1.63 | 8153 |
| Nonrelotives present ....... | 593 |  | 328 | 185 | 51 | 19 | 10 | - | - | 2.40 | 1439 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 room | 142 | 123 | 19 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.08 | 155 |
| 2 rooms | 529 | 407 | 90 | 28 | 4 |  | - | - | - | 1.15 | 608 |
| 3 rooms | 945 | 781 | 134 | 16 | 11 | 3 | - | - | - | 1.10 | 1113 |
| 4 rooms.- | 1136 | 389 | 506 | 160 | 77 |  | 4 | - | - | 185 | 2106 |
| 5 rooms | 788 | 185 | 237 | 270 | 76 | 14 | 6 | - | - | 2.38 | 1882 |
| 6 rooms----- | 482 | 63 | 104 | 124 | 79 | 88 | 24 | - | - | 3.10 | 1528 |
| 7 or more rooms | 231 | 35 | 42 | 44 | 56 | 27 | 18 |  | - | 3.38 | 761 |
| Medion -- | 3.9 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 70 | - | ... | ... |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use - | 4040 | 1797 | 1105 | 642 | 303 | 132 | 52 | 9 | - | 1.70 | 7920 |
| 1.00 or less | 3973 | 1797 | 1094 | 614 | 288 | 129 | 42 | 9 | - | 1.67 | 7683 |
| 101 to 1.50 | 49 |  |  | 28 | 11 |  | 10 | - | - | 338 | 169 |
| 1.51 or more --- | 18 | - | 11 | - | 4 | 3 | - | - | - | 2.32 | 68 |
| lacking cemplete plumbing for exclusive use | 213 | 186 | 27 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.07 | 233 |
|  | 205 | 186 | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.05 | 217 |
| 1.01 to 1.50.. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| 1.51 or more. | 8 | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.00 | 16 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. detoched or ottoched | 742 | 207 | 172 | 153 | 110 | 61 | 30 | 9 | - | 2.45 | 1980 |
|  | 857 | 319 | 281 | 168 | 60 | 23 | 6 | - | - | 1.89 | 1795 |
| 3 and 4 - | 721 | 310 | 252 | 105 | 36 | 18 | 16 | - | - | 170 | 1240 |
| 5 to 9 | 779 | 362 | 187 | 150 | 50 | 14 | 16 | - | - |  |  |
| 101049 | 735 | 457 | 175 | 51 | 41 | 11 | - | - | - | 130 | 1094 |
| 50 or more -.----------- | 363 56 | 323 | 35 30 | 15 | - | 5 | - | - | - | 1.06 2.27 | 406 137 |
| Mobile home or troiler, etc. | 56 | 5 | 30 | 15 | 6 | - | - | - | - | 2.27 | 137 |
| GROSS RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Specified renter-occupied housing units .-.-.--- | 4253 | 1983 | 1132 | 642 | 303 | 132 | 52 | 9 | - | 1.63 | 8153 |
| Less thon \$100 .-. | 697 | 455 | 100 | 93 | 37 | 12 | - | - | - | 127 | 1035 |
| \$100 to \$149- | 431 | 280 | 109 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 8 | - | - | 127 | 713 |
| \$150 to \$199 - | 866 | 472 | 262 | 92 | 17 | 23 | - | - | - | 1.42 | 1416 |
| \$200 to \$249- | 896 | 375 | 282 | 127 | 89 | 13 | 10 | - | - | 176 | 1755 |
| \$250 to \$299- | 761 | 230 | 239 | 189 | 77 | 22 | 4 | - | - | 213 | 1572 |
| \$300 to \$349- | 193 | 26 | 74 | 46 | 23 | 12 | 12 | - | - | 2.45 | 552 |
| \$350 to \$399 | 129 | 35 | 25 | 33 | 7 | 14 | 6 | 9 | - | 2.64 | 403 |
| \$400 to \$499 | 68 | 5 | 11 | 26 | 14 | 17 | - | - | - | 3.38 | 236 |
| \$500 or more | 8 | $\overline{-}$ |  | - | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | 450 | 38 |
| No cosh rent | 204 | 110 | 30 | 20 | 21 | 11 | 12 | - | - | 1.43 | 433 |
| Medion | \$202 | \$169 | \$215 | \$242 | \$244 | \$261 | \$263 | \$375 | - | ... | ... |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income levels in 1979 .-... | ${ }_{4} 4253$ | 1983 | 1132 | ${ }_{5} 642$ | ${ }^{303}$ | \$12 132 | 52 | ${ }^{-9} 75$ | - | 1.63 | 8153 |
| Medion income -- | \$8287 | \$5 304 | \$10 064 | \$10 325 | \$13 724 | \$12679 | \$21000 | \$14750 | - | ... | ... |
| Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income - | 24.4 | 271 | 237 | 23.1 | 218 | 197 | 10.0 | 30.5 | - |  | $\ldots$ |
| Income in 1979 below peverty level ------.--------- | 1037 $\$ 3092$ | 497 | - 2228 | \$ 194 | 71 | [ 37 | 10 | - | - | 1.59 | $\ldots$ |
|  | \$3 392 | \$2 908 | \$3 529 | \$3 598 | \$6 101 | \$6 917 | \$8750 | - | - | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income - | $50+$ | $50+$ | 48.5 | 50+ | 34.6 | 192 | $50+$ | - | - | . |  |


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Table C-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980


Table C-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980


Table C-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

| Superior city | estim | es bosed | 0 somple | ee Introd | ion. For | ing of | see | For | definitions | terms, s | oppendixe | $A$ and 8] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price asked - Specified vacont for sole only housing units |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rent osked-Specified vocont for rent housing units |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less thon } \\ & \$ 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 10.000$ <br> $\$ 29.999$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 30,000 \\ 10 \\ \$ 49.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 50,000 \\ 10 \\ \$ 99.999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100,000 \\ \text { or more } \end{array}$ | Median (dollars) | Totol | Less thon $\$ 100$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100 \text { to } \\ \$ 199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 399 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Medion (dollors) |
| Total | 36 | - | 24 | 6 | 6 | - | 21800 | 187 | 41 | 69 | 56 | 21 | - | 158 |
| PLUMBING FACILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete plumbing for exclusive use. tocking complete plumbing for exclusive use | 36 | - | 24 | 6 | 6 | - | 21800 | 120 67 | 9 32 | 38 31 | 52 4 | 21 | - | 209 121 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None . . . | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66 | 25 | 34 | 7 | - | - | 121 |
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 46 | 7 | 29 | 10 | - | - | 128 |
| 2 | 21 | - | 15 | 4 | 2 | - | 21800 | 61 | 9 | 6 | 25 | 21 | - | 223 |
| 3 | 14 | - | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 22200 | 14 | - | - | 14 | - | - | 258 |
| 4....- | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 or more | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 12500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 to Morch 1980 | 18 | - | 8 | 4 | 6 | - | 32500 | 9 | 9 | - | - | - | - | 55 |
|  | - | - |  | - | 6 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | 185 |
| 1960 10 1969 ---------------------------------------------- | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | - | 8 | - | - | 225 |
| 1950101959 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 12500 | 8 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | 100 |
| 1940 to 1948 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17 | - | 10 | 7 | - | - | 158 |
| 1939 or earler | 17 | - | 15 | 2 | - | - | 21400 | 142 | 28 | 52 | 41 | 21 | - | 165 |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 detached or oltached | 36 | - | 24 | 6 | 6 | - | 21800 | 7 | - | - | 7 | - | - | 222 |
| 2 or more --...--.- | ... | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | , | 173 | 41 | 68 | 45 | 21 | - | 150 |
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## REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

## STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

## PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports-incorporated places and census designated places-as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

## Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

## Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

## STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

## Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined
by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

## SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,
with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

## New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the Federal Register on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the
basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

## BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have
changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

## AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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## GENERAL

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal
determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix $E$, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages.'

## LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use le.g., a onefamily home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use le.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units - A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from
any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand Va cant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

## Comparability With 1970 Census Hous-

 ing Unit Data-Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980 . The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penstentiary Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses in addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living
quarters lother than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

## Comparability With 1970 Census Group

 Quarters Data-In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.
## Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses,

 Etc. - Occupied rooms or sultes of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined if the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters - The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units If they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units-Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to vear-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant
units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

## OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staving in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder-One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder"

Child-A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of thie householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

## Appendix B.-Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

Nonrelative-A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder - The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type-Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit - Data presented for this item are based on the in-
formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H 19 in appendix E ).

Vacant Housing Units - A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or dר office, or quarters used for the storag: of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status - The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item $C$ (see item $C$ in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale.

Duration of Vacancy - The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item $D$ in appendix $E$ ). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed

Tenure-A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H 8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units-A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data-In 1970 , owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder - The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according
to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used, if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category

Thie category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnarre but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskmo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, FrenchAmerican Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asıan or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakıstanı, or Fijian under the
'Other" race category Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above le g . Chinese or Filipinol were classified accordingiy for example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c.'

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

## Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the

 Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.Comparability With 1970 Cansus Data on Race of the Householder-Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and
comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.ec" or "Other" race populations lshown as "All other races" in mosi 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latıno, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskımos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 totul for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnare was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups Vietnamese, Astan Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan Asıan Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race
category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Isiander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.
In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Housoholder-The data on Spanish/ Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.
If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the
sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."
Comparability Between Sample and 100Parcent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix $D$, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100 -percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.l, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage - The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the r.enisus Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted. the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5 -percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

## Appendix B.-Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15 -percent sample of the census questionnares. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

## UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons-All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category

Rooms - The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question $\mathrm{H7}$ in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling

Persons Per Room - "Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the
number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms - The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H 24 in appendix E).

## STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built - "Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure-A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. Isee question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure - The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator-Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or
more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

## PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilitios - The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix El.

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data-In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilites must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

## EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, vil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heatıng equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H2O in appendix E)

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data-In 1970, central

Appendix B.-Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics
heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning - "Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H 27 in appendix E ).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1 -ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars,vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H 28 and H 29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data-In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate
data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household

## Fuels Used for House Heating and Water

 Heating-'Utility gas"' is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. ''Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other"' includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).
## FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value - Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H 11 in appendix E).
Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owneroccupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked-For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only onefamily houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

[^0]one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildıngs. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions $\mathrm{H} 30, \mathrm{H} 31$, and H 32 in appendix E)

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent - The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except onefamily houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent'" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H 12 in appendix E ).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are
paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H 12 and H 22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979 -Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category ' Not computed.'

Household Income in 1979 - Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income, public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received betore deductions for personal income taxes, Social Securty, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributıons for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estımates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports

Median Income-The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of $\$ 30,000$ or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data-In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the prımary individual. Income of persons living in
the unit but not related to the head of household was not included In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979 -Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The incorne cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.
There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

## Appendix B.-Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

| Size of Family Unit | Weighted average thresholds | Related children under 18 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 or more |
| 1 person (unrelated individual). | 3,686 | 3,686 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ |  |
| Under 65 years................. | 3,774 | 3,774 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... |
| 65 years and over | 3,479 | 3,479 | . $\cdot$ | ... | ... | . . . | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 2 persons... | 4,723 | 4,723 | 5000 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ |  |
| Householder under 65 years. | 4,876 | 4,858 | 5,000 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |
| Householder 65 years and over. | 4,389 | 4,385 | 4,981 | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ | -•• | $\cdots$ | ... | . $\cdot$ | $\ldots$ |
| 3 persons. | 5,787 | 5,674 | 5,839 | 5,844 | 7 | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ | ... | $\ldots$ |  |
| 4 persons. | 7,412 | 7,482 | 7,605 | 7,356 | 7,382 | - ... | . $\cdot$ | $\ldots$ | ... |  |
| 5 persons. | 8,776 | 9,023 | 9,154 | 8,874 | 8,657 | 8,525 | . 31 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ |
| 6 persons. | 9,915 | 10,378 | 10,419 | 10,205 | 9,999 | 9,693 | 9,512 | , … | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 7 persons. | 11,237 | 11,941 | 12,016 | 11,759 | 11,580 | 11,246 | 10,857 | 10,429 | - 13 | $\ldots$ |
| 8 persons. | 12,484 | 13,356 | 13,473 | 13,231 | 13,018 | 12,717 | 12,334 | 11,936 | 11,835 | , ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 9 or more persons | 14,812 | 16,066 | 16,144 | 15,929 | 15,749 | 15,453 | 15,046 | 14,677 | 14,586 | 14,024 |

## Appendix C.-General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE. . $\mathrm{C}-1$ Armed Forces. . . . . . . . . . . . . C-1 Crews of Merchant Vessels . . . . C-1 Persons Away at School . . . . . . C-1 Persons in Institutions . . . . . . . C-1 Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day . . . . C-1 Americans Abroad . . . . . . . . . C-2 Citizens of Foreign Countries. . . C-2
DATA COLLECTION
PROCEDURES . . . . . . . . . . . . . C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES. . . . C-2

## USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790 , each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

## Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which
they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6 th or 7 th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a longterm overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personne! who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6 th or 7 th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

## Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was
not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

## Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

## Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

Appendix C.-General Enumeration and Processing Procedures
away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

## Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

## Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questıonnarre was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory infurmation and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire
was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit ( 50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100 -percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form for sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and tiansferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report land most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, Users' Guide, PHC80-R 1.

## Appendix D.-Accuracy of the Data



## INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

## SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a
questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for $1-\mathrm{in}-6$ areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-
tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

## ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex
operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through $D$ in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C ; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:
a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
c. Use table $C$ to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-
conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables $A$ and $B$, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98 , use the unadjusted standard errors in table B that appear in the " 2 or 98 " row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an unadjusted standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences-The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:
a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors $\mathrm{Se}_{x}$ and $\mathrm{Se}_{y}$ of estimates $x$ and $y$ :

$$
S e_{(x+y)}=S e_{(x-y)} \doteq \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Se}_{x}\right)^{2}+\left(S e_{y}\right)^{2}}
$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively)
correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.
c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means-The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table $C$ that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as $N / 2$ ). Treat $N / 2$ as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables $A, C$, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about $N / 2$. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about $N / 2$. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from
the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about $N / 2$. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

## Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:
(1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
(2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the differerice between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these
figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

## ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of
five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

## PERSONS

## Stage I-Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
2 persons in housing unit
3 persons in housing unit 4 persons in housing unit 5 to 7 persons in housing unit 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

$$
\begin{array}{ll} 
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Persons in All Other Housing } \\
\text { Units }
\end{array} \\
11 & 1 \text { person in housing unit } \\
12-16 & 2 \text { persons in housing unit } \\
\text { through } 8 \text { or more persons } \\
\text { in housing unit }
\end{array}
$$

17 Persons in group quarters

|  | Stage II-Householder/ <br> Nonhouseholder |
| :--- | :--- |
| Group |  |
| 1 | Householder |
| 2 | Nonhouseholder (including per- |
| sons in group quarters) |  |

Stage III-Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group White Race
Persons of Spanish Origin Male

0 to 4 years of age
5 to 14 years of age
15 to 19 years of age
20 to 24 years of age
25 to 34 years of age
35 to 44 years of age
45 to 64 years of age 65 years of age or older

## Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

17-32 Same age and sex cate-
Persons Not of Spanish Origin gories as groups 1 to 16

## Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

65-96
Asian, Pacific Islander Race
Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or
Aleut Race
97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race lincludes those races not listed above)
129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-
tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2 , then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for
housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 householdtype categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-raceSpanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

## OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

## Stage I-Type of Household

## Group Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18 <br> 12 persons in housing unit <br> 23 persons in housing unit <br> 34 persons in housing unit <br> $4 \quad 5$ to 7 persons in housing unit <br> $5 \quad 8$ or more persons in housing unit <br> Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 <br> 6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit <br> 11 <br> All Other Housing Units <br> 1 person in housing unit <br> 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II-Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder)

Value of House

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
\$0 to \$9,999
\$10,000 to \$19,999
$\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 24,999$
$\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 49,999$
$\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 99,999$
\$100,000 to \$149,999
\$150,000+
Other Owners
Persons Not of Spanish Origin

Persons not of Spanish
origin
Persons not of Spanish
origin
Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91

Black Race
Same value categories as groups 1 to 8

## Black Race

Same value-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race
Same value-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

> Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
> Same value-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

## Renter

White Race
Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories
\$1 to \$59
\$60 to \$99
\$100 to \$149
\$150 to \$199
\$200 to \$249
\$250 to \$299
\$300 to \$399
$\$ 400$ to $\$ 499$
\$500+
Other Renter
No Cash Rent

Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race
Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

169-190
Other Race lincludes those races not listed above) Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

## Group

$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Vacant for Rent } \\ 2 & \text { Vacant for Sale } \\ 3 & \text { Other Vacant }\end{array}$
The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

## CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage-It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.
The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

Appendix D.-Accuracy of the Data
households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error-The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse-Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedurè using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing
nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

## EDITIIJG OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were
needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. The allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

## ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

| Estimated Total 1/ | Slze of publication area ${ }^{\underline{2 /}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 500 | 1000 | 2500 | 5000 | 10000 | 25000 | 50000 | 100000 | 250000 | 500000 | 1000 | 000 | 5000 | 000 | 10000 | 000 | 25 |  | 000 |
| 50........... | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |  | 16 |  | 16 |  | 16 |  |  | 16 |
| 100.......... | 20 | 21 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |  | 22 |  | 22 |  | 22 |  |  | 22 |
| 250........... | 25 | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |  | 35 |  | 35 |  | 35 |  |  | 35 |
| 500........... | - | 35 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |  | 50 |  | 50 |  | 50 |  |  | 50 |
| \| 000......... | - | - | 55 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |  | 70 |  | 70 |  | 70 |  |  | 70 |
| 2 500........ | - | - | - | 80 | 95 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 |  | 110 |  | 110 |  | 110 |  |  | 110 |
| 5 000......... | - | - | - |  | 110 | 140 | 150 | 150 | 160 | 160 |  | 160 |  | 160 |  | 160 |  |  | 160 |
| $10000 . . . . .$. | - | - | - | - |  | 170 | 200 | 210 | 220 | 220 |  | 220 |  | 220 |  | 220 |  |  | 220 |
| 15 000....... | - | - | - | - | - | 170 | 230 | 250 | 270 | 270 |  | 270 |  | 270 |  | 270 |  |  | 270 |
| $25000 . \ldots . .$. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 250 | 310 | 340 | 350 |  | 350 |  | 350 |  | 350 |  |  | 350 |
| $75000 . . . . .$. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 310 | 510 | 570 |  | 590 |  | 610 |  | 610 |  |  | 610 |
| 100000...... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 550 | 630 |  | 670 |  | 700 |  | 700 |  |  | 710 |
| 250 000...... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 790 |  | 970 | - | 090 | 1 | 100 |  | 1 | 100 |
| $500000 . . . .$. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 120 | 1 | 500 |  | 540 |  |  | 570 |
| $1000000 . .$. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 2 | 000 |  | 120 |  |  | 190 |
| 5000 000.... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | 540 |  |  | 470 |
| $10000000 .$. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | 480 |

 used to calculate the standard error.
$\operatorname{Se}(\hat{Y})=\sqrt{5 \hat{Y}\left(1-\frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$
$N=$ Size of area
$\hat{Y}=$ Estimate of characteristic rotal
2/ The total count of housing unlts in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

| Estimated Percentage | [Based on a $1-1 \mathrm{n}-6$ simple random sample] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Base of percentage ${ }^{1 /}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 500 | 750 | 1000 | 1500 | 2500 | 5000 | 7500 | 10000 | 25000 | 50 | 000 | 100 | 000 | 250 | 000 | 500 | 000 |
| 2 or 98.... | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| 5 or 95..... | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0 j | 0.5 | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| 10 or 90... | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| 15 or 85.... | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.5 |  | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |
| 20 or 80.... | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 |  | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |
| 25 or 75.... | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 |  | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |
| 30 or 70.... | 4.6 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.6 |  | 0.5 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |
| 35 or 65.... | 4.8 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.7 |  | 0.5 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 0.2 |
| 50......... | 5.0 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.7 |  | 0.5 |  | 0.4 |  | ө. 2 |  | 0.2 |

1/For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Se }(\hat{p}) & =\sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})} \\
B & =\text { Base of estimated percentage } \\
\hat{p} & =\text { Estlmated percentage }
\end{aligned}
$$

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

|  | PPercent of Dersons or housina units in samplel |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | Less than 19 Percent | $\begin{gathered} 19 \text { to } 33 \\ \text { Percent } \end{gathered}$ | More than 33 Percent |
| Household type............................... | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Age and sex of householder................ | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Occupancy status........................... | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked.. | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Tenure......... | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Units in structure. | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Stories in structure. | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Passenger elevator........................... | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Persons in unit............................... | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Year structure built. | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Year householder moved into housing unit......................................... | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Heating equipment and fuel................. | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Number of bedrooms..... | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Rooms............. | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Telephone in housing unit.................. | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Air conditioning. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Vehicles available..... | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Gross rent and contract rent. | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1979. | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs........................... | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Household income. | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Poverty status: Housing................... | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons per room or more. $\qquad$ | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Value......................................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.5 |

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

| The SMSA <br> Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's | [For meaning of symbols, see |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Housing units |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100-percent } \\ & \text { count } \end{aligned}$ | Percent in somple |
| The SMSA | 115465 | 24.4 |
| PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's |  |  |
| Ouluth city -Superior city | 37090 11988 | 15.6 16.2 |

# Appendix E.-Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages 

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 9 THROUGH 10

1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.
3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter " 0 " for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5 , see the example on pages 4 and 5 . If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12 th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.
10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.

H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.

H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.

H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgege on the particular unit.

H1Ob. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the
land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H 12 .

| If rent is paid: | Multiply rent by: |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the day | 30 |
| By the week | 4 |
| Every other week | 2 |


| If rent is paid: | Divide rent by: |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 times a year | 3 |
| 2 times a year | 6 |
| Once a year | 12 |

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H2O

H13. Mark only one circle.
Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

H14. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.

H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any builiup area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.

H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle
system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or boit sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any tuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.
Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \{) the two utilities.

H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.

H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.

H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrig. eration unit.

H28-H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H30-H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.

H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.

H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general tarm to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.
b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H 12 to change it to a monthly amount.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons barn in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

## For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.
12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
c. Fill the r.ircle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
(1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speakıng English.
(2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
(3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
(4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

15s. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1 , 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City - print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.

Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.

Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is now inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.

17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time ( 35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.

18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
b. If this person senved during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.

22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

## Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. Active duty in Armed Forces.

## Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.
Unpaid volunteer work.
Work done as a resident of an institution.
b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23 e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.

26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.

28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

| $\frac{\text { Unacceptable }}{\text { Furniture company }}$ | $\frac{\text { Acceptable }}{\text { Metal furniture manufacturing }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Grocery store | Wholesale grocery store |
| Oil company | Retail gas station |
| Ranch | Cattle ranch |

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

| $\frac{\text { Unacceptable }}{\text { Clerk }}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Helper |  |
| Meceptable |  |
| Mechanic |  |
| Nurse |  |
|  |  |
|  | Carpenter's helper |
|  |  |

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

## Appendix E.-Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business
expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed)
b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.

1. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

## Please fill out this

 official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

## Your answers are confidential

By law (tutle 13. U S Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons)
SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección
O. si prefiere, marque esia casilla $\qquad$ v devuelva el cuestıonarıo por correo en el sobre que se le incluye

## 1980 Census of the United States

## A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must. from time to time. take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national end local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 yoars ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years - or until April 1. 2052 - only sworn consus workers heve access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers. when combined with the answers from other people. will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups. schools. business and industry. and Federal. State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more affectively with todey's problems and work toward abetter future for all of us.

The consus is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completaly. If you mail it beck promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census teker having to visit you
Thank you for your cooperation.

US Depariment of Commerce
Bureau of the Census
Form D. 2

## How to fill out your Census Form

See the filled-out example in the vellow instruction guide This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help. call the Census Office The telephone numher of the local office is shown at the boltom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens Fill circles "O" completely. like this When you write in an answer. print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide. if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5. and then starting with pages 6 and 7 . fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers Then write vour name. the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mall back this form on Tuesday. April 1 . or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope. no stamp is needed
Please start by answering Question 1 below

## Question 1

## List in Question 1

- Family members living here. including babies still in the hospital
- Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college. even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away lincluding children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working


## Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

1. What is the name of each person who was living here on Tuesday. April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other home?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box $\square$
Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only. and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

Please continue

Page 2




## If you llsted more than <br> 7 persons in Quest/on 1,

please see note on page 20.
NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12

## FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? if the person should be listed - for example, o new baby still in the hospital, a ladger who atso has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?
O. Yes - On page 20 give name(s) and reoson left our. - No

H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now for example, on a wecation or in a hospitol?

Yes - On page 20 give name (s) and reason person is away. No
H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?

- Yes - On poge 20 g give name of each visifor for whom there is no one ot the home address to report the person to a census taker. No

H4. How many living quarters. occupied and vacant. are at this address?

- One
- 2 apartments or living quarters
- 3 apartments or living quarters
- 4 apartments or living quarters
- 5 apartments or living quarters

6 apartments or living quarters
7 apartments or living quarters
8 apartments or living quarters
9 apartments or living quarters

- 10 or more apartments or living quarters
- This is a mobile home or trailer

H5. Do you enter your living quarters -

- Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?
- Through someone else's living quarters?

H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,
that is. hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet. and a bathtub or shower?

- Yes, for this mousehold only
- Yes, but also used by another household
- No, have some but not all plumbing facilities

O No plumbing facilities in living quarters
H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?
Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

| 0 | 1 room |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 2 rooms | 0 | 4 rooms | 0 |
| 0 | 7 rooms |  |  |  |
| 0 | 3 rooms | 0 | 6 rooms | 0 |
| 8 rooms |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 9 r more rooms |  |  |  |

H8. Are your living quarters -
O Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?

- Rented for cash rent?
- Occupled without payment of cash rent?


H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying -
What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?

Do not onswer this question if this is -

- A mobile home or trailer
- A house on 10 or more acres
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property


## Less than $\$ 10,000$ <br> - $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 54,999$

$\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 14,999$ $\$ 15,000$ to $\$ 17,499$ $\$ 55,000$ to $\$ 59,999$ $\$ 17,500$ to $\$ 19,999 \quad \$ 65,000$ to $\$ 69.999$

- $\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 22,499$ $\$ 22,500$ to $\$ 24.999$
- $\$ 25.000$ to $\$ 27.499$ $\$ 27,500$ to $\$ 29,999$
- $\$ 30,000$ to $\$ 34.999$
- $\$ 35,000$ to $\$ 39.999$
- $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 44.999$ $\$ 45,000$ to $\$ 49,999$
H10. If this 150 one-fomily house -
a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? Yes - No
- $\$ 200,000$ or more

H12. If you pay rent for your Ilving quarters What is the monthly rent?
If rent is not pold by the month, see the instruction gulde on how to figure a monthly rent.

| $\bigcirc$ | Less than \$50 | 0 | \$160 to \$169 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | \$50 to \$59 | 0 | \$170 to \$179 |
| $\bigcirc$ | \$60 to \$69 | 0 | \$180 to \$189 |
| 0 | \$70 to \$79 | 0 | \$190 to \$199 |
| 0 | \$80 to \$89 | $\bigcirc$ | \$200 to \$224 |
| $\bigcirc$ | \$90 to \$99 | $\bigcirc$ | \$225 to \$249 |
| $\bigcirc$ | \$100 to \$109 | $\bigcirc$ | \$250 to \$274 |
| $\bigcirc$ | \$110 to \$119 | D | \$275 to \$299 |
| $\bigcirc$ | \$120 to \$129 | $\bigcirc$ | \$300 to \$349 |
| 0 | \$130 to \$139 | $\bigcirc$ | \$350 to \$399 |
| 0 | \$140 to \$149 | $\bigcirc$ | \$400 to \$499 |
| 0 | \$150 to \$159 | $\bigcirc$ | \$500 or more |



## Appendix E．－Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Page 4
ALSO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS

H13．Which best describes this building？
H21a．Which fuel is used most for house heating？
include all aportments，flots，elc．，even If vacont．
A mobile home or trailer
A one－tamily house detached from any other house
A one family house attached to one or more houses
A building for 2 families
A building tor 3 or 4 families
A building for 5 to 9 tamilies
A building for 10 to 19 families
A building for 20 to 49 families
A building for 50 or more tamilies
A boat，tent，van，etc

H14a．How many stories（floors）are in this building？
Count an artic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes．

1 to 3 －Skip to H15
7 to 12
4 to 6
13 or more stories
b．Is there a passenger elevator in this building？
Yes No

H15a．Is this building－
On a city or suburban lot，or on a place of less than 1 acre？－Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres？
On a place of 10 or more acres？
b．Last year．1979．did sales of crops．livestock，and other farm products from this place amount to－

| Less than $\$ 50$（or None） | $\$ 250$ to $\$ 599$ | $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 2.499$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 50$ to $\$ 249$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 999$ | $\$ 2,500$ or more |

H16．Do you got water from－
A public system（clty worer department，etc．）or private company？ An individual drilled well？
An individual dug well？
Some other source（a spring，creek，river，cistern，etc．）？
H17．Is this building connected to a public sewer？
Yes．connected to public sewer
No．connected to septic tank or cesspool
No．use other means
H18．About whan was this building originally built？Mark when the building was first constructed，not when It was remadeled，added to，or converted．
－ 1979 or 1980
1960 to 1969
－ 1940 to 1949
1975 to 1978
1950 to 1959
－ 1939 or earlier 1970 tr． 1974

O Gas：from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
O Gas：bottled，tank，or LP
－Electricity
O Fuel oll，kerosene，etc．
－Coal or coke
Wood
－Other fuel
O No tuel used

Which fuel is used most for water heating？
O Gas：from underground pipes serving the neighborhood

O Coal or coke
Gas：bottled，tank，or LP Electricity
Fuel oll，kerosene，etc
c．Which fuel is used most for cooking？
O Gas：from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
－Gas：bottled，tank，or LP
－Electricity Fuel oil，kerosene，etc．

## Coal or coke

Wood
O Other fuel No fuel used

H22．What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters？ a．Electricity


H23．Do you have complete kitchon facilities？Complete kitchen focilities are a sink with piped woter，a ronge or cookstove，and a rafrigerator．
－Yes
－No
H24．How many bedrooms do you have？
Count rooms used molnly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes．
No bedroom $O 2$ bedrooms

4 bedrooms
1 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms
H25．How many bathrooms do you have？
A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet，bathtub or shower，and wash basi／n with plped water．
A half bothroom has at least a flush tollet of bathtub or shower，but does not hove all the facilitles for a complete bothroom． No bathroom，or only a half bathroom
－ 1 complete bathroom
O 1 complete bathroom，plus half bath（s）
－ 2 or more complete bathrooms
H26．Do you have a telephone in your living quarters？
$\bigcirc$ Yes $\square$ No

Floor，wall，or pipeless furnace
Room heaters with flue or vent，burning gas，oll，or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent，burning gas，oll，or kerosene（not porroble） Fireplaces，stoves，or portable room heaters of any kind No heating equipment

1950 to 1959
1979 or 1980
1949 or earlier
Always lived here

H20．How are your living quarters heated？
FIII one circle for the kind of heat used most．
Steam or hot water system
Central warm－air turnace with ducts to the individual rooms
（Do not count electric hear pumps here）
Electric heat pump
Other built－in electric units（permonently instolled in wall，ceiling， or boseboard）

H27．Do you have air conditioning？
O Yes，a central air－conditioning system
Yes， 1 individual room unit
Yes， 2 or more individual room units
No
H28．How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household？

| None | 2 automobiles |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 automobile | 3 or more automobiles |

$$
1 \text { automobile }
$$

H29．How many vans or trucks of one－ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household？
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { None } & 2 \text { vans or trucks } \\ 1 \text { van or truck } & 3 \text { or more vans or trucks }\end{array}$
$\qquad$

Please onswer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is -

- A mobile home or trailer.
- A house on 10 or more acres

If any of these, or if you rent your unit or this is a

- A house with a commercial establishment multi-fomily structure, skip H30 to H32 and turn to poge 6. or medical office on the property

H30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?
$\$$
00 OR
O None

H31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
$\$ 00$ OR ○ None

H32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust. contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?

- Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt
- Yes, contract to purchase
- No - Skip to page 6
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?
- Yes
- No
c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a controct to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgoges on this property.
$\$$
00 OR
No regular payment required - Skip to
page 6
d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?

Yes, taxes included in payment
No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

O Yes, insurance included in payment

- No. insurance paid separately or no insurance


Appendix E.-Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Page 6
ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR

## Name of <br> Porson 1

on page 2
Last name First name Middia innial Print the State where this person's mother was llving when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.

Nome of Srote or foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guom, etc.
12. If this person was born in a foreign country -
a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?

Yes, a naturalized citizen
No, not a citizenBorn abroad of American parents
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?

| 1975 to 1980 | C 1965 to 1969 | 1950 to 1959 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 to 1974 | 01960 to 1964 | Before 1950 |

13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?
$\dagger$
Yes No, only speaks English - Skip to 14
b. What is this language?
(F̆or exomple - Chinese, ftolion, Sponish, etc.)
c. How well does this person speak English?

| Very well | Not well |
| :--- | :--- |
| Well | Not at all |

14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertoin about how to report oncestry, see instruction guide.
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, Germon, Honduron Hungorion, Irish, Itallon, Jomaican, Korean, Lebonese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainion, Venezuelan, etc.)

15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1. 1975)?
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report ploce of residence there.

Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next poge for Yes, this house - Skip to 16 next person
$广$ No, different house
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?
(1) State, foreign country,

Puerto Rico.
Guam, etc.
(2) County
(3) City. town, village, etc.:
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, eic.?

Yes
No, in unincorporated area
16. When was this person born?
Born before April 1965 -
Pleose go on with questions $17-33$
Born April 1965 or later -

Turn to next poge for next person | 17. In April 1975 (flve yeors ago) was this person - |
| :--- |
| a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? |
| Yes |
| No |
| b. Attending college? |
| Yes Working at a job or business? |
| Yes, full time |
| Yes, part time |

b. Was active-duty military service during Fill a circle for eoch period in which this person served. May 1975 or later
Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975)
February 1955-July 1964
Korean conflict (/une 1950-Januory 1955)
World War II (September 1940-July 1947)
World War I (April 1917-November 1918)
Any other time
19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which
a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No of work this person can do at a job?
b. Prevents this person from working at a job?
c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?
20. If this person is a female - $\quad$ None $1 \begin{array}{lllllll}2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6\end{array}$

How many babies has she ever
had. not counting stillbirths?
Do not count her stepchildren $\quad 7889101112$ or or chlldren she has adopted. $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$
21. If $\mathrm{th} / \mathrm{s}$ person has ever been married -
a. Has this person been married more than once?

| b. Month and year |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| of marriage? | Month and year <br> of first marriage? |
| (Month) | More than once |

c. If morried more than once - Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?

Y Yes
No

| Per. | 11 | 13b | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | 000 | $\bigcirc \bigcirc 0$ | 0001000 |
| I | 111 | 111 | I I I I I I |
| $\overline{\text { c }}$ | $\hat{c} \subset \hat{c}$ | 2 $\hat{\text { e }}$ | c è eic ce |
| 3 | 333 | 333 | $\begin{array}{lll:lll}3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3\end{array}$ |
| 9 | 4.9 | $4 \% 9$ | - 9914.94 |
| 5 | $5>=$ | $3 \gg$ | $355: 535$ |
| 6 | 6 <s | , ${ }^{3} 6$ | $\therefore G C: G G G$ |
| 2 | $?$ ? ? | $1 ?$ ? | ? ? ? ? ? ? |
| 0 | $\therefore$ - -1 | - $-\therefore$ :- |  |
|  |  | - 7 ? | cり9 9 9 9 |

22a. Did this person work at any time last week?
Yes - Fill this circle if this [i) No - Fill this circle


b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?
Subtract ony time off; add overtime or extro hours worked.

Hours
23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more thon one location, print where he or she worked most last week.

If one locotion connot be specifled, see instruction guide.
a. Address (Number and street)

If streer oddress is not known, enter the building nome, shopping center, or other physical location description.
b. Name of city, town. village, borough, etc.
c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?

Yes

- No. in unincorporated area
d County
=
e. State $\qquad$ 1. ZIP Code

24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?

Minutes
b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more thon one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.

- Car
Taxicab
O Truck
Motorcycle
- Van
Bus or sireetcar
- Bicycle
Walked only
Railroad
Subway or elevated
Worked at home

Subway or elevated
$k$, or von in 24b, go to 24c.
If car, truck, or van in
Otherwise, skip to 28.




Appendix F.-Publication and Computer Tape Program
GENERAL ..... F-1
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PHC80-2, Census Tracts . . . . F-2PHC80-3, Summary Charac-teristics for GovernmentalUnits and Standard Metro-politan Statistical Areas . . . F-2
PHC80-4, Congressional
Districts of the 98th
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F-2
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional
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nomic, and Housing
Characteristics. . . . . . . . . . F-2
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## GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape
files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of DJpulation census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication piogram are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

## PUBLICATIONS

## Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80 1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather
than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and siatistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts-Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both completecount data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress-These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Character-istics-This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing CharacteristicsThese reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

## Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final
population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters $C$ and $D$ present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters $A$ and $B$ may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the $\mathrm{PHC8O}-\mathrm{V}$ reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Out. lying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters $A, B, C$, and $D$.

PC80-1.A, Chapter A, Number of In-habitants-Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics-Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

Appendix F.-Publication and Computer Tape Program

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975 , journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor forse status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics-Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject ReportsEach of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross. classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports-These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

## Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units - This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80.V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters $A$ and $B$.

HC80-1.A, Shapter A, General Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics-This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject ReportsEach of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifica. tions on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change-This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

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with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential FinanceThis volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

## HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports-

These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

## Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Re-ports-These reports present the resuits of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports-These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide-This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, Histciy-This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations-This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations-This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme-This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

## COMPUTER TAPES

## Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3,4 , and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers
to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1-This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (com-plete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3-This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400 ). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

## Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas. along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2-This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME) - These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples-Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the
$B$ and $C$ samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File-This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

## MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-ofreproduction basis.

## MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. Thiese include

STF 1 Microfiche--Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche-Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche-The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

# 1980 Census of Population and Housing 

## Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of

- Part A. Text Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary-Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census-especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tapecontents, are planned for publication later.

## Users' Guide



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8) - \$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8) - $\$ 6.00$ (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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[^0]:    Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs - The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

