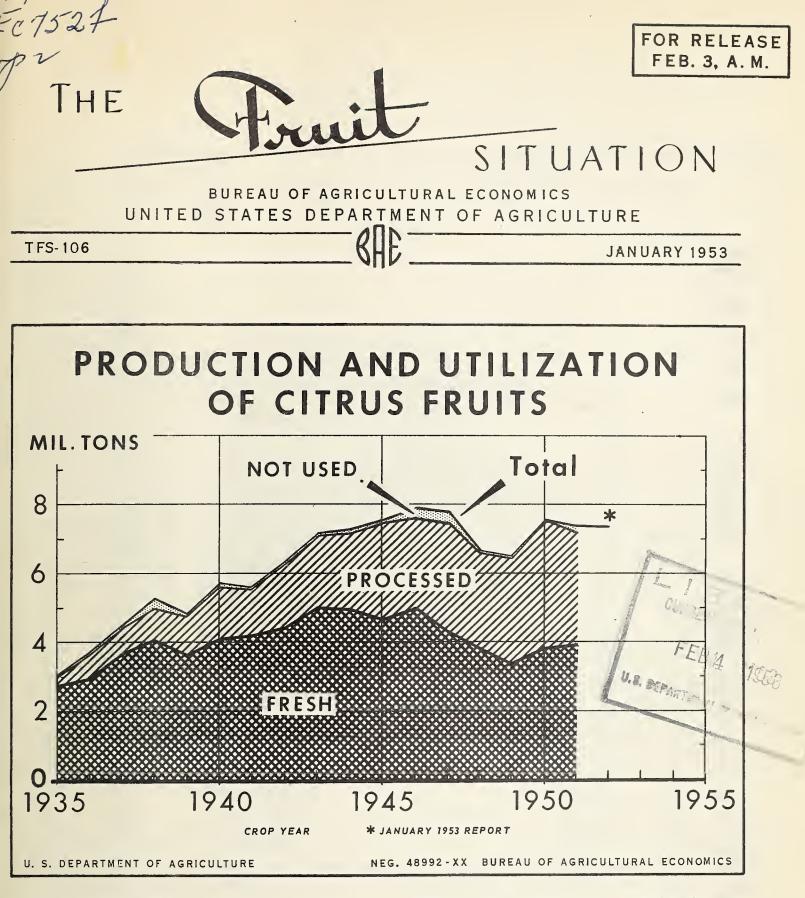
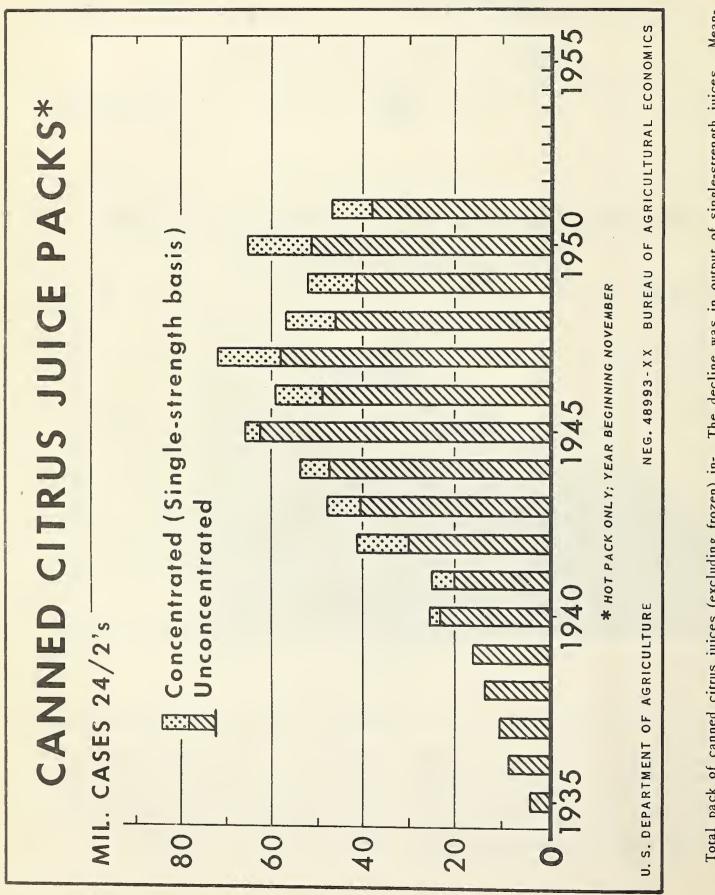
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Production of citrus fruits in 1952-53 is expected to be about as large as in 1951-52, but moderately under the record in 1946-47. Production considerably more than doubled from 1935-36 to 1946-47, then dropped sharply in 1948-49 and 1949-50, because of freeze damage to the Texas and California crops. The tonnage used fresh nearly doubled from 1935-36 to 1946-47, then declined sharply. During the same years, the tonnage processed increased ten-fold, and since has increased further as output of frozen orange concentrate soared. In 1951-52, about 53 percent of the crop was used fresh, 45 percent was processed, and 2 percent was not used.



Total pack of canned citrus juices (excluding frozen) increased from about 4 million cases in 1935-36 to 72 million in 1947-48. The pack then declined, first because of smaller crops and growing output of frozen orange concentrate and then because of a greater shift to production of frozen concentrate.

The decline was in output of single-strength juices. Meanwhile, the pack of canned concentrated citrus juices, which are made largely for institutional use and export, continued at a high level. Total pack may increase somewhat in 1952-53. **TFS-106** 

THE FRUIT SITUATION

Approved by the Lutlook and Situation Board, January 27, 1953

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:	Po. je	lare :
Summary	3 Dried Fruit	•••• 10 :
:Oranges	4 Canned Fruit and	
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#### SULLARY

With total supplies of fruit for the first half of 1953 smaller than a year earlier and demand continuing strong, grower prices for most fruits are expected to continue higher than in the winter and spring of 1952. Even though prices for oranges and apples are higher this season than last, they may increase further this winter and spring. Prices for grapefruit also may rise somewhat.

Supplies of apples, oranges, and grapefruit remaining to be marketed after the first of this year were smaller than a year earlier. But supplies of pears and lemons were larger. Among processed fruits, year-end stocks of canned fruits and fruit juices and frozen fruits were smaller than a year previously. In contrast, stocks of frozen citrus juices were larger. Hereover, the current packs of canned and frozen citrus juices in Florida are running larger than a year ago. Total supplies of fruit in prospect for the first half of 1953 are large enough to maintain consumption close to the rate of a year earlier.

Stocks of apples in cold storage December 31, 1952 were about 9 percent smaller than those on that date in 1951 and 22 percent under the 1947-51 average for December 31. Prices received by provers increased considerably during the fall of 1952, and in December averaged about 12 times those of December 1951. Even so, some further rise in prices for the remaining stocks may occur this winter and spring. Che effect of the higher apple prices of recent months has been increased imports from Canada.

Cold-storage stocks of pears December 31, 1952 were 15 percent larger than a year earlier but 9 percent below average. After rising sharply during the fall, avera e grover prices in December reached a level considerably higher than in December 1951. Jith prices relatively high and the stocks larger, grover prices may not change much in the next few months.

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Grower prices for Florida oranges this winter and spring are expected to continue the advance that they started in December 1952, and to remain moderately above prices in the first half of 1952. Basic to this outlook are the smaller remaining supplies to be marketed during the first half of 1953, the fact that Florida Valencia oranges usually bring higher prices than early and mid-season oranges, and the strong demand for oranges for freezing and canning. In early January, packers were paying Florida growers considerably higher prices than a year earlier for oranges for frozen concentrate. By early January of the 1952-53 season, output of frozen orange concentrate in Florida was 3 times that of the same part of 1951-52, and the pack of canned orange juice was considerably larger. Auction prices for California oranges drop ed sharply from mid-December to mid-January to a level substantially under a year earlier. But these prices may not drop further this winter.

Because of a smaller crop and larger early-season utilization, supplies of grapefruit remaining to be marketed after the first of the year were moderately smaller than a year ago. Movement to processors is expected to continue heavier than in the first half of 1952. With the stronger demand, especially for canning, grower prices are expected to increase somewhat this winter and spring, and to continue above a year earlier. But the advances probably will be less pronounced than for oranges.

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GRANGES

#### Increased Production of Oranges in 1052-53

Total production of oranges (excluding tangerines) in the United States in 1952-53 was estimated as of January 1, 1953 at 120,6 million boxes, 2 percent larger than the record 1951-52 crop and 18 percent above the 1941-50 average. Increases in California, Arizona, and Texas more than offset a small decrease in Florida. The early and midseason crop of about 57.8 million boxes is 1.5 percent larger than in 1951-52, and the Valencia crop of 62.8 million boxes is 3 percent larger.

Prices for Florida Oranges Expected to Increase

This Winter and Spring and to Continue Above 1952

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Florida oranges from the 1952-53 crop were somewhat late in maturing and did not reach heavy market volume until the end of October. Mainly for this reason, prices received by growers and at terminal auctions averaged considerably higher in October 1952 than a year earlier. As shipments of Florida oranges increased further during November, grower and terminal market prices declined as usual for that nonth, but did not fall as low as in November 1951.

In December 1952, Christmas demand for oranges was strong, canning and freezing increased rapidly, the export-payment program for fresh and processed oranges became effective, and the prospective Florida crop declined 4 million boxes, Noreover, season-end stocks of canned orange juice and segments were considerably under a year earlier, Novement of frozen orange concentrate into consumption channels during 1952 increased greatly TTS-106

and total stocks at the end of the season were only 11 percent larger than a year earlier despite the record 1951-52 pack. Under these conditions, grover prices rose considerably in December, continuing above comparable 1951 prices. Auction prices likewise moved upward.

Vith a further reduction in January of 1 million bones in the prospective Florida orange crop and strong demand from processors, both grower and terminal auction prices for Florida oranges increased moderately early in the month. In nid-January, auction prices for Florida oranges averaged considerably higher than a year earlier. In contrast, auction prices for California oranges declined considerably since mid-December, and in mid-January they averaged substantially under comparable prices in 1952. Decause of the drop in prospective supplies and anticipated strong demand, especially from processors, prices for Florida oranges are expected to increase further this winter and spring, perhaps as much as the usual seasonal amount. Frices for California oranges may not drop further.

#### Heavy Early-Season Movement of Florida Oranees

Total utilization of 1952-53 crop oranges through January 3 of this season was moderately larger than in the same part of the 1951-52 season. Nearly all of the increase consisted of Florida oranges taken by canners and freezers. As a result, output of both canned orange juice and frozen orange concentrate in Florida is considerably larger so far this season than last. Total utilization of Florida oranges through January 17, 1953 was about 25.3 million boxes, 3.9 million larger than in the corresponding part of the 1951-52 season. With production 2.6 million boxes smaller than in 1951-52, about 6.5 million boxes less oranges remained in Florida for utilization after January 17, 1953, than a year earlier. But somewhat more oranges in other States, especially California, remained to be marketed.

#### Orange Export-Payment Program

To encourage exports of fresh and processed oranges, the United States Department of Agriculture on December 5, 1952, began an emport-payment program similar to the 1951-52 program. Each eligible product is covered by a flat rate of payment. For fresh opanies the rate is \$1.25 per box, and for canned single-strength orange juice it is \$0.75 per case of 24 No. 2 cans, Through January 17, 1953, over 30,000 boxes of fresh oranges, about 31,000 cases (24-2's) of single-strength orange juice, over 260,000 callons of hot pack concentrated orange juice, and 5,000 cases of blended orange and grapefruit juice had been exported or declared for export.

Exports under the 1951-52 program included nearly 3.1 million boxes of fresh oranges, 280,000 cases of single-strength canned orange juice, and 88,000 gallons of concentrated (hot-pack) orange juice.

Total exports of fresh oranges and tangerines during November 1951-(ctober 1952 were about 8 million boxes, over 6 percent of the crop. This was 15 percent above exports in 1950-51. Nearly 61 percent of the exports in 1951-52 went to Canada. Canada increased its citrus imports from the United States in 1951-52 over 1950-51 as follows: Oranges and tangerines, 14 percent; grapefruit, 10 percent; and lemons and limes, 12 percent. JANUARY 1953

#### Tangerine Crop Slightly Larger, But Prices Generally Higher Than in 1951-52

Production of Florida tangerines in 1952-53 is estimated at 4.7 million boxes, compared with 4.5 million in 1951-52 and 4.1 million, the average for 1941-50. As usual movement of the crop in December to supply the Christmas trade was heavy. By January 17, about 30 percent of the crop remained for marketing. At the principal auction markets, prices for tangerines in the 1952-53 season generally have averaged above comparable prices in 1951-52.

#### GRAPEFRUIT

Smaller Grapefruit Grop in 1952-53

The 1952-53 crop of grapefruit in the United States was estimated as of January 1 at 37.4 million boxes, 8 percent under 1951-52 and 27 percent below the 1941-50 average. All of the decrease from 1951-52 is in Florida. Production in Texas, Arizona, and California shows small increases. Although the Florida crop of 32 million boxes is 4 million smaller than in 1951-52, it is only 1 million smaller than that part of the 1951-52 crop that was utilized.

#### Prices Expected to Avera e Higher in First Half of 1953 Than A Year Earlier

Both grover and terminal market auction prices for grapefruit declined in November 1952, as usual, as marketings of the new crop increased. Frices recovered somewhat in early December under the impetus of Christmas demand and increasing movement to processors, but declined again in late December and early January. Auction prices then turned upward and in mid-January were considerably above those of a year earlier. With heavy movement to processors anticipated for this winter and spring, and with remaining supplies lighter than a year ago, small, perhaps less than seasonal, increases in grover and auction prices seem likely. Nevertheless, prices are expected to average generally above those of the first half of 1952.

#### Less Grapefruit Renained to Be Harketed After Mid-January Than A Tear Barlier

Utilization of Florida grapefruit this season through January 17, 1953, amounted to about 12.4 million bornes, 1.3 million larger than in the same part of the 1951-52 season. Movement both to fresh markets and processors has been harger, accordingly, cutput of canned grapefruit juice and sections has been much larger than in the early part of the 1951-52 season. Because of the smaller clop and the increased movement, about 5 million bornes less of Florida grapefruit recained to be marketed after January 17, 1953, than after this date in 1952. But slightly more grapefruit than a year earlier were still available in other States. In 1951-52, about 3 million bornes of Florida grapefruit were not utilized because of low prices.

#### Grapefruit Export-Payment Program

An export-payment program for fresh and processed grapefruit became effective December 5, 1952, the same day as the program for oranges. Flat rates of payment apply for each eligible product. Among these, the rate for fresh grapefruit is 30.75 per box, and for canned single-strength grapefruit juice it is \$0.60 per case (24-21s). Through January 17, 1953, over 17,000 boxes of fresh grapefruit 40,000 cases (24-21s) of canned single-strength grapefruit juice, 18,000 callons of concentrated grapefruit juice, and about 5,000 cases of grapefruit sections had been exported or declared for export under the program.

A similar export program in the 1951-52 season did not start until March 5, 1952. Even so, about 153,000 boxes of fresh grapefruit, 34,000 gallons of concentrated grapefruit juice, and 178,000 cases (24-2's) of single-strength canned grapefruit juice were exported under that program. Total exports of fresh grapefruit during November 1951-October 1952 were about 1.7 rillion boxes, of which 88 percent vent to Canada. The total exported in 1951-52 was over 4 percent of the crop.

#### LEMONS

The 1952-53 crop of lemons in California was estimated as of January 1 at 13.1 million boxes, 2 percent larger than in 151-52 and 4 percent larger than the 1941-50 average. Market movement of the new crop started in November, as usual. On the first of January, most of the lemons remained to be harvested, and sales will extend into the fall of 1953.-

Both grover and terminal auction prices for lemons in Hovember and . Decerber 1952 were somewhat under a year earlier. Frices in the first half of 1953 probably will follow the course of prices in this part of 1952.

In 1951-52, output of frozen lemon juice and lemonade base (as more than 1) times the pack in 1950-51. Cutput of canned (hot-pack) lemon juices increased about one-fifth. With stocks of most frozen and canned lemon products smaller at the end of the 1951-52 season than a year earlier, another large pack, especially of frozen lemonade base, seems likely in 1952-53.

Emports of lemons and limes (mostly lemons) during November 1951-October 1952 were about 620,000 boxes, 29 percent larger than in 1950-51. The total for 1951-52 includes approximately 227,000 boxes moved with export payments. Mearly two-thirds of the total went to Canada without the benefit of export payments.

APPIES

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#### Relatively Small Stocks of Apples In Cold Storage December 31, 1952

Cold-storage holdings of apples December 31, 1952 were approximately 20.2 million bushels. This was 9 percent smaller than a year earlier, 40 percent under the record stocks 2 years previously, and 22 percent below the 1947-51 average for December 31. Slightly more than half of the current

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#### JANUARY 1953

year-end stocks were in Jashington, Oregon, and California. The stocks in these three States were nearly a fourth larger than a year earlier. In contrast, stocks in New England, New York, and Fennsylvania were much smaller. Total stocks in December 1952 decreased nearly 5 million bushels, compared with the average decrease of 6 million in December 1951.

#### Prices May Increase This Winter and Spring

Prices received by grovers for apples have increased considerably since the seasonal low in September. In December, grower prices averaged \$3.10 a bushel, nearly 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> times a year earlier. In mid-January 1953, prices for McIntosh apples at shipping points in New York and Michigan were considerably higher than a year earlier, mainly because of the much smaller apple stocks in Eastern States the first of this year. But prices in mid-January for Delicious apples at shipping points in Vashington were considerably under prices in mid-January 1952, when prices rose markedly. Some further increase in prices for Eastern apples may occur during the first half of 1953. Prices for Vestern apples, of which remaining stocks are somewhat larger than a year ago, may not change much.

#### Exports Smaller, Imports Larger, July-Cctober 1952 Than Year Earlier

During July-Cctober 1952, exports of apples were about 380,000 bushels, slightly more than half the exports in the same ponths of 1951. There is no export-payment program for 1952-crop apples. Under the program for the 1951 crop, about 3 million bushels were exported. Total emports of apples July 1951-June 1952 were approximately 3.4 million bushels, 3 percent of production.

Imports during July-October 1952 were nearly 550,000 bushels, more than twice those of this period in 1951. Most of the imports in both years came from Canada. Through January 24 of the 1952-53 season about 1,539 cars were imported from Canada compared with 982 in the same part of 1951-52. Higher apple prices in the United States this season than last are contributing strongly to the increased imports, despite the smaller crop in Canada.

#### <u>1952 Apple Crop Mas Smallest</u> In Last 4 Years

Production of apples in commercial areas in 1952 was 92.7 million bushels, 16 percent under 1951 and the 1941-50 average, and 31 percent under the large 1949 crop. Production in 1952 was smaller than in 1951 in all areas except the Vestern and South Atlantic. There was practically no economic abandonment of the 1952 crop. In 1951 nearly 10 million bushels were abandoned on the trees or eliminated by excess cullage.

Composition of the 1952 crop by varieties was as follows: Summer varieties, 5.1 million bushels, 5 percent; fall varieties, 11.1 million , bushels, 12 percent; and winter varieties, 76.5 million bushels, 83 percent. Production of each varietal group in 1952 was smaller than in 1951.

#### PEARS

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Cold-Storage Holdings of Pears December 31, 1952 Larger Than Year Earlier But Smaller Than Average

. Stocks of pears in cold storage December 31, 1952 were about 1.5 million bushels, 15 percent larger than on that date in 1951 but . 9 percent smaller than the 1947-51 average for December 31. As usual for this time of year, most of the stocks were in the three Facific Coast States. During December 1952, stocks decreased nearly 0.7 million bushels, compared with 0.8 million in December, 1951 and 0.7 million, the average decrease for December, .

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Prices May Not Change Much This Winter

Prices received by grovers for 1952-crop pears were at a seasonal low in August 1952, when harvest of Bartletts was heavy and demand for pears for canning was yeak. Since then, prices have risen sharply. With year-end stocks moderately larger than a year earlier, grover prices over the next few months may not change much. Auction market prices for D'Anjou pears, the principal variety remaining to be marketed this winter and spring, have advanced only moderately since September; and in early January 1953, they were slightly higher than a year previously. During February-May 1952, auction prices rose sharply as stocks dwindled more 

Exports of pears July-October 1952 were about 440,000 bushels, 11 percent larger than a year earlier. As for apples, no export-payment program is in force for the 1952 pear crop. Under the program for the 1951 crop of winter pears, about 448,000 boxes were exported. Total exports of pears July 1951-June 1952 were over 680,000 bushels, 2 percent of the crop.

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, Imports of pears July-Cotober 1952 were about 40,000 bushels, 744 percent smaller than in the same months of 1951. During July 1951-June 1952, total imports were 342,000 bushels. an a shekar be be to ba at the first second as a second

1952 Pear Crop Slightly Above 1951

... Production of pears in 1952 was 30.7 million bushels, 2 percent larger than in 1951 and 1 percent above the 1941-50 average. Production of varieties other than Bartlett in the Pacific Coast States was 6.1 million bushels, 5 percent under 1951. These pears, of which the D'Anjou is the leading variety, provide most of the storage supplies for marketing in winter and spring.

#### STRAWBERR IES

The 1953 winter crop of strawberries in Florida was estimated as of January 1 at 329,000 crates of 24 quarts each. This is 22 percent larger than the 1952 winter crop but 2 percent under the 1949-51 average. Both acreage and prospective yield per acre are larger than in 1952. The Florida winter acreage is about 4 percent of the total commercial acreage for 1953. The spring acreage, which provides the principal production for fresh market use and for processing, is estimated at 114,500 acres, about 9 percent smaller than in 1952.

Total conmercial production of strawberries in 1952 was 11,857,000 crates, of which about 5,521,000 crates were processed; mostly by freezing. The yield per acre of the total crop was about 14 percent above average. On December 31, 1952, cold storage holdings of frozen strawberries were 107 million pounds, 11 percent larger than on that date in 1951.

Prices received by Florida growers for the 1952 winter crop averaged \$9.91 per crate, 4 cents less than in 1951. Prices for the total United States crop averaged \$6.72, 7 cents higher than in 1951.

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The 1952-53 commercial pack of dried fruits is tentatively estimated at approximately 480,000 tons, processed weight. This is about 1 percent larger than the 1951-52 pack and 29 percent larger than the relatively small 1950-51 pack. The larger 1952-53 pack is the result mainly of a substantial increase in pack of raisins, which more than offsets a heavy decrease in prunes. Raisins constitute about 57 percent of the 1952-53 pack, and prunes about 28 percent.

Because of a small decrease in commercial stocks carried over into the 1952-53 season, total supplies of dried fruits in 1952-53 are about the same as in 1951-52. Imports of dates and figs are expected to be about as large as in 1951-52. For raisins an export-payment program is in operation to help move a large surplus into foreign markets. Through January 17, 1953, about 82,000 tons had been exported or approved for export under the program. Supplies of most other dried fruits, are about as large as needed for usual domestic consumption. Total exports of dried fruits in 1951-52 were about 151,000 tons, nearly 3 times exports in 1950-51. These exports included about 72,000 tons of raisins, and 52,000 tons of prunes moved with emport payments.

Per capita consumption of dried fruits in 1952-53 probably will average about 4.5 pounds, approximately the same as in 1951-52.

CANNED FRUITS AND FRUIT JUICES

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## 1952-53 Pack of Canned Fruits Is

One-Tenth Smaller Than 1951-52 Pack

The 1952-53 pack of compercially-canned fruits in continental United States is tentatively estimated at about 2.8 billion pounds, the equivalent of approximately 64 million cases of 24 No. 22 cans. This is TFS-106

about 10 percent under the record 1951-52 pack of 3.1 billion pounds. Reductions from 1951-52 of important items canned in 1952-53 are as follows: Sour cherries, 20 percent; fruit cocktail and salad, 17 percent; peaches, 15 percent; apricots, 13 percent; and pears, 1 percent. Incomplete data indicate a considerable reduction in the pack of plums and prunes. These reductions are only partially offset by a 44 percent increase in the pack of sweet cherries. Shipments of canned pineapple from Hawaii in the 1952-53 season may not be greatly different from those of 1951-52. Although the 1952-53 pack of canned fruits is 10 percent smaller than the 1951-52 pack, carry-over stocks at the start of the season were about 17 percent larger than a year earlier. Civilian supplies in 1952-53 probably will not be greatly different from those in 1951-52, when per capita consumption was about 19 pounds.

Cn December 1, 1952, total stocks of 9 items of canned fruits (apples, applesauce, apricots, sour cherries, sweet cherries, fruit cochtail and salad, peaches, pears, and plums and prunes) held by packers were about 12 percent smaller than comparable stocks on that date in 1951. Among these fruits, only sweet cherries and plums and prunes were held in larger quantities. Figures on stocks held by wholesale distributors on the same dates are not available.

#### Increased Pack of Canned Citrus Juices in Florida in 1952-53

The 1951-52 pack of canned fruit juices is tentatively estimated at about 1.9 billion pounds, the equivalent of 64 million cases of 24 Mo. 2 cans. This was a reduction of about 550 million pounds from the 1950-51 pack. But this decrease was more than offset by an increase in output of frozen concentrated citrus juices. Most of the 1951-52 pack consisted of Florida citrus juice.

On November 1, 1952, the start of the 1952-53 canning season in Florida, carry-over stocks of canned citrus juices in this State were less than 1 million cases, or 76 percent smaller than the relatively large stocks on that date in 1951. Carry-over stocks of grapefruit juice and tangerine juice were each much smaller.

Output of canned citrus joices in Florida through January 10, 1953 of the 1952-53 season totaled about 14.8 million cases, 13 percent larger than comparable output in 1951-52. The pack of grapefruit juice was 66 percent larger, that of tangerine juice was 40 percent larger, and that of orange juice was 10 percent larger. But the pack of blended orange and grapefruit juice was 17 percent smaller. Movement of the new packs into distributive channels was much larger than in the early part of the 1951-52 season. Because of this increased movement and the reduced carry-over on November 1, 1952, stocks held by Florida canners on January 10, 1953 were 30 percent smaller than on that date in 1952. (See table in appendix for detail) 1 . . .

· FROZEN FRUITS AND FRUIT JUICUS

The 1952 compercial pack of frozen fruits and fruit juices is tentatively estimated at 985 million pounds, 23 percent larger than the 1951 pack and a new record. Among deciduous fruits, output of frozen strawberries exceeded 200 million pounds, about 30 percent larger than in 1951 and also a new high.

The peach pack of about 34 million pounds was nearly 4 percent larger than in 1951. But the pack of frozen cherries was down 39 percent to 62 million pounds, partly as a result of storm damage to the cherry crop. Total output of frozen deciduous fruits and berries was over 400 million pounds, down 4 percent from 1951.

Production of frozen citrus juices continued its upward trend in calendar year 1952, reaching a new high of approximately 580 million pounds. This was an increase of 52 percent over the 1951 pack. About 494 million pounds (50 million gallons) of the 1952 pack consisted of frozen orange concentrate made in Florida and California. This was an increase of 48 percent over 1951. Output of other frozen citrus items, especially concentrated grapefruit juice and lemonade base, was much larger than in 1951.

The 1952-53 season for freezing citrus juices in Florida started in early December 1952. By January 10, 1953, about 6.4 million callons of frozen orange concentrate had been made. This was about 3 times comparable output in 1951-52. Prices paid by packers to grovers for oranges for making into frozen concentrate were considerably higher in early January 1953 than in the same time of 1952.

Total stocks of frozen fruits and fruit juices in cold storage December 31, 1952 were approximately 459 million pounds, 8 percent smaller than on that date in 1951. Stocks of deciduous fruits and berries were nearly 291 million pounds, 12 percent smaller than on Dece ber 31, 1951. Among these, the holdings of 107 million pounds of strawberries were-11 percent larger than a year earlier. But the holdings of 35 million pounds of cherries were 45 percent smaller. Stocks of frozen oran e juice in cold storage December 31, 1952 were about 12 million pounds (10.3 million gallons), only 4 percent larger than on that date in 1951. The relatively small stocks this year end were the result of unusually heavy movement of oranje concentrate during 1952, especially since lay. Buring four weeks of December 1952, household consumers purchased an estimated 3.8 million gallons of the concentrate, nearly half again as much as in four veels of December 1951. . . . .

Civilian per capita consumption of frozen fruits and fruit junces in 1952 is tentatively estimated at 6.5 pounds, basis weight of the frozen product. This is an increase of 38 percent over consumption in 1951 and a new record. By drawing on stocks, consumption of frozen deciduous fruits and berries increased nearly 0.5 pound to reach a level of 3 pounds. On the other hand, as a result of increased output, consumption of frozen citrus juices increased over a pound to 3.5 pounds. 4

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Table 1.- Fruits: Season average price per unit received by growers, average 1935-39, annual 1946-52

· · · · · · · · ·									
Commodity	Unit	:Average: :1935-39:	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
	•	:Dollars		Dollars		A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL		Dollars	
	•		1001.1.01.0			;		Dollar D	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Apples	Bu.	: 0.77	2,30	1.79	2.22	1.38	1.59	1.78	2.44,
Apricots			106.00	89.10	69.00	72.30		121.00	113.00
Avocados			384.00	378.00	361.00		. 302.00	241.00	272.00
Cherries			291.00	226.00	219.00		167.00	188.00	161.00
Cranberries .			31.90	17.10	10.10		9.45		
Dates			185.00	81.00	110.00	• • •	-184.00		- ,
Figs			100,00	50,90	52.70				2/63.50
Grapes			93.60	39.80	39.00	36.20	- 68.20	40.00	38.60
Olives			374.00	150,00	145.00	190.00	· 231.00	173.00	103.00
Peaches			2,11	1.64	2.01	1.47	. 2.05	2.02	2.03
Pears			2.45	1.97	2.58	1.21	- 2.14	2.43	. 1.67
Persimmons	Ton		88,00	83.00	83.00	38.00		93.00.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pineapple			9.50	4.75	5.00	4.80		5.70	. 6:50
Plums	: Ton	: 46.30	135.00	154.00	145.00	101.00	- 172.00	142.00	225.00
Pomegranates	: Ton	: 20.00	-62.00	44.00	36.00	28,00	··· 58.00	64.00	
Prunes:	:	•						·	
Fresh	: Ton	: 41.70	113.00	86.50	74.70	50.40	124.00	91.50	97.10
For canning	: Ton	: 14.29	. 66.50	57.90	39.00	21.00	95.80	49.90	: 49.60
Dried (dried)	:	:							•
basis)	: Ton	: 69.24	256.00	148.00	152.00	166.00	245.00	172.00	224.00
Frozen(fresh	:	• • • • •	•			s	• • • •	·	·•.
basis)	: Ton	:	66.20	58,40	38,90	20,80	98.50		50.00
Strawberries	Crate	2.65	9.77	7.55	8.10	7.22	7.58	6.65	6.72
Citrus 3/	:	:			1.	• • •	•		
Oranges, incl.		:	1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -	÷		· · · ·		· · · · ·	
tangerines	: Box	: 1.52	1.94	1.67	2.05	2.48	· · · 2.23	1.72	
Grapefruit .			•96	.60	.93			• • • 99	
Lemons	: Box	: 2.98	3.76	3.73		4.84	4.01	4.37	-
Limes	: Box	: 3.65	5.93	5.62	5.10	5.58	4.29	5.60	"
	:	•							
Tree nuts	:	:							
Almonds	: Ton	: 285.00	486.00	558.00	422.00	330:00	546.00	472.00	464.00
Filberts			.380.00	250.00		220,00	350.00	351.00	301.00
Pecans:	:	:							
Improved	: Lb.	: .12/	402	.294	.152	21°	• 3L		.253
Seedling	: Lb.	: .07]	288	.183	3 ,10C		.25		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Walnuts	: Ton	: 198.00	570.00	388.00	442.00	363:00	• 392.00	-420.00-	412.00
	:	:							
-	:								,
1/ Prelimina:	*	:					· · · · · · ·		
-	-						* • * • • • • •		
2/ Total valu	ue of	productio	on divide	d by tot	tal produ	iction.			,
3/ All method	ds of	sale, as	sold.						
						•			

Table 2.- Fruits and nuts: Production, United States, average 1935-39, annual 1948-52

			Cr	op year		
Commodity	Average 1935-39	1948	1949 .	:1950	1951	1952
	1,000 tons	1,000 tons	1,000 tons	1,000 tons	1,000 tons	1,000 - tons
NON-CİTRUS Apples, commercial Apricots, 3 States Avocados, 2 States Cherries, 12 States Cranberries Dates, California Figs, 2 States Grapes Olives, California Peaches Pears Persimmons, California Pineapples, Florida Plums, 2 States Pomegranates, California Prunes, 4 States Strawberries	$265 \\ 10 \\ 149 \\ 31 \\ 4 \\ 90 \\ 2,444 \\ 31 \\ 1,355 \\ 708 \\ 3 \\ 1/ \\ 67 \\ 2$	246 18 213 48 16 103 3,061 58 1,455 614 3 <u>1</u> / 72 3 543	3,216 197 20 245 42 14 94 2,623 535 1,660 835 4 <u>1</u> / .99 3 536 158	2,988 215 28 239 49 15 85 2,688 42 1,215 719 3 1/ 84 3 418 203	183 37 230 46 19 104 3,390 64 1,527 736 3 <u>1</u> / 102 3 538	175 31 218 40 18 94 3,160 57 1,506 753 *(3) <u>1</u> / 61 *(3) 424
Total non-citrus			9,781	8,994	-	8,982
<u>CITRUS</u> Oranges and tangerines Grapefruit Lemons, California Limes, Florida	1,229	4,440 1,793 395 8	4,603 1,417 449 10	5,174 <sup>-</sup> 1,821 531 11		5,358 1,462 517 12
Total citrus	4,219	6,636	6,479	7,537	7,360	7,349
<u>GRAND TOTAL</u> Including citrus from: Bloom of current year Bloom of preceding year .			16,260 16,417			16,331 16,342
NUTS Almonds, California Filberts, 2 States Pecans Walnuts, 2 States	2° 46	37 6 88 71	- 43 - 11 - 62 - 88		· 7 · 77	35 11 62 81
Total nuts	120	202	204	170	- 204	189

2 1

,

1/ Less than 500 tons.

\* Unofficial rough estimate.

### Table 3.- Canned fruit and fruit juices: Pack and stocks; 1951 and 1952 seasons

	Pac	k /		nners <sup>i</sup> tocks		Distrib sto	
Commodity	1951-52	1952-53	: Dec.	l : Dec	2.1:1	Nov, 1 :	Nov.,l
Sended in the sender of the sende	and approximately on the second secon	members and an an an an an an an	Contraction of the second	OR COTTON AND DO TO A TO A COLORADO	Country of Sectors Area was a set	1951 :	beliefen it weren in die eine eine eine eine eine eine
		1,000	1,000			1,000 .	
		cases 24/25	actua			actual	
Canned fruits	24/25	LITY Car	cases		ses (	Cases	cases
Apples	3,117	2/2,268	13/3.2	264 3/1	. 637	N.A.	N.A.
Applesauce	•	2/5,300		)83		N.A.	
Apricots		4,004	2,]		2,355	N.A.	948
Cherries, R. S. P		2,890			1,410	"N.A.	864
Cherries, other	900	1,295	Ľ	62 1	1,004	N.A.	386
Citrus segments		N.A.	. 4/1,L	+16 ' <u>4/</u> 1	1,535	N.A.	5/353
Cranberries		. Noho			N.A.	N.A.	Note
Mixed fruits conconcentered		0 -	-		7,493	N.A.	
Peaches				220 1		IloAo	4,761
Pears		•		210. 2		Norte	1,075
Pineapple					N.A.	N.A.	2,338
Plums and prunes	2,360	1,800	6/1,4	P15 <u>6</u> /.	1,463	N.A.	484
	ter servici nor er ersensensen	Pack	nar ta constant a carta a santa br>T	na mana ang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka	St	oeles	ete agreerateta errinaet rooticiste arrendetage 1
· ·		Partial	7/	can:	ners	: Distri	buters
	TOTAL -	051_52 9	052_53	Jan <sub>o</sub> 5	:Jan, 3	:Nov. 1:	Nov. 1
	1951 <b>-</b> 52 1	un ingener seconda u	//~~//	1952	: 1953	: 1951 :	1952
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
• •	cases	cases		_			actual
	24/2's	24/2'5	24/2's	24/2's	24/2's	cases	cases
Canned juices							
Apple				N.A.	N. A.		
Blended orange and grapefruit		2,160	1,796	1,741	601		
Grapefruit		1,568					906
Orange	21,084	9,047	9,924	6,663	6,388 M	N.A.	
Fineapple	409	32.9	liryli	NeAs	N.A.	AcM	1,466 N.L.
Tangerine and tangerine blends	470	5.9	. 474	. 474	200	TI ONG	TICTO
1/ Preliminary	anna an an Shairenna (1947-1944) a 1971 an	in provide by definition of a descent descent law	Bergelika (k.) - Bry Bridgel' (*Be	a generale a getana gra vy traditionen	an a	rtaalis alter ale operaties alse alse gevolgte a	alera agenan per er gearmalie Anderenigele Hallerenie
2/ Pack through December 31.				• •			
2/ Pack through December 31. 3/ 1,000 cases 6 No. 10's. 4/ 1,000 cases 24 No. 2's.							
4/ 1,000 cases 24 No. 2's.							

1,000 cases 24 No. 2's. Grapefruit segments only. 4567

Northwest canned purple pluas only. Florida pack through mid-January.

N. A. means "not available."

	anu 1972	26420113			
	nen 1217 men bielen Britenskonnen – Sagarhaussiger für soll and mediter - 	Stocks	ý ý	Pac	cko
Commodity	Dec. 31 :	Dec. 31.	Dec. 31		1952
Commod by	average :	•		1951	Prel.
5	1947-51 :	1951 :	1952 ;	2 000	O
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
Apples and applesauce	1/27.1/5	1/25,877	1/21,145	28,772	
Apricots		5,901	4,362	9,869	
Blackberries		10,951	11,308	14,574	
Blueberries		20,245	15,089	13,921	
Cherries		63,377	35,105		2/61,798
Grapes	•	16,052	12,110	4,799	
Peaches		24,473	28,262	32,380	
Plums and prunes		`10,007	7,502	6,791	
Raspberries		23,628	19,540	28,973	-
Strawberries	73,896	96,560	107,231	157,729	<u>3</u> /145,932
Young, Logan, Boysen and similar					
berries		9,075	7,708	13,515	
Orange juice 4/		98,208	101,794	(See 1	below)
Other fruit juices and purees:		66,767	66,422		
Other fruit	37,457	25 <u>,</u> 265	21,255	8,090	anin sijn dim
Total	355 "488	496,386	458,833	420,946	
	gadenikas dielengelijstik wernete dieseppermissipping		Pack 5/		a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
	1951-	52 :		mid-Janua:	
5	And the state of the second	6	1951-52	inter a property of the state o	2-53
	1,00		1,000		000
Citrus inicos	<u>gallo</u>	ns	gallons	gal	lons
Citrus juices Crange			•		
Concentrated		7,743	6/2,12	26 6	6/6,397
Unconcentrated		264	0/2,14		
Grapefruit		a. Oat			
Concentrated		1,098			
Unconcentrated		0			
Blend, orange and grapefruit					
Concentrated		536			
Lemon					
Concentrated		317			
Unconcentrated		805			
Lemonade	;				
Concentrated		5,751	·		,
			0		

Table 4 .- Frozen fruits and fruit juices: Pack and cold-storage holdings, 1951 and 1952 seasons

1/ Excludes stocks of applesauce, which are included in fruit juices and purees. 2/ R. S. P. cherries only.

3/ Excludes California pack, Not available, 1951 pack, excluding California was 118 million pounds, hi Yi

22122

45

4/ Orange juice, single-strength and concentrated. Prior to September 30, 1949 this item included with other fruit juices and purees.

5/ Season beginning November 1. 6/ Florida pack only.

Compiled from reports of the Production and Marketing Administration, National Association of Frozen Food Packers, and Florida Canners Association.

It Situar:

14 A. A. A.		14		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		* 1 ×	114	P1 -		1.1.1			
mahl a	5	Cit town	formed to ma	Production,		10/1 50		1050		1061		Luddaakad.	1050
Table	2.0	ULTUS	Irui (s:	production.	average	1941-20.	annual	1920	ana	1727.	and	indicated	1922.
				0.0	of Tomu	arv 1. 19	<u> </u>						
				23	or sauce	<b>1 V I A 17</b>	11 11						

	ub ou oundury ry r			
Crop and State	Average 1941-50	1950	1951.	Indicated 1952
	1,000 boxes	l,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	l,000 boxes
ORANGES				
California, all Navels and miscellaneous 2/ Valencias Florida, all Early and midseason 3/ Valencias Texas, all Early and midseason 2/	47,640 17,779 29,861 49,940 27,110 22,830 3,621 2,280	45,210 14,610 30,600 67,300 36,800 30,500 2,700 1,800	238,410 12,600 25,810 78,600 43,800 34,800 300 200	42,600 14,600 28,000 76,000 42,000 34,000 1,000 700
Valencias? Arizona, all Navels and miscellaneous 2/s Valenciass Louisiana 2/s	1,341 992 510 483 314	900 1,400 650 750 300	100 730 350 380 50	300 1,000 500 500 500
5 States <u>4</u> /	102,507	116,910	118,090	120,650
Total early and midseason 5/:	47,992	54,160	57,000	57,850
.Total Valencias	54,515	62,750	61,090	62,800
TÁNGERINES Florida	4,100	4,800	4,500	4,700
ALL ORANGES AND TANCERINES				
5 States 4/	106,607	121,710	122,590	125,350
Florida, all Seedless Other Texas Arizona California, all Desert Valleys Other	2,966 1,175	33,200 15,800 17,400 7,500 3,150 2,730 1,160 1,570	36,000 17,700 18,300 200 2,140 2,160 630 ,1,530	32,000 16,500 15,500 400 2,700 2,340 760 1,580
4 States 4/	51,222	46,580	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37,440
LEMONS	,	•		
California 4/ :	12,614	13,450	12,800	13,100
LIMES			• • • • •	
Florida 4/	204	280	260	300

1/ Season begins with the bloom of the year shown and ends with the completion of harvest the following year. In California picking usually extends from about October 1 to December 31 of the following year. In other States the season begins about October 1 and ends in early summer, except for Florida limes, harvest of which usually starts about April 1 of the same year as the bloom. For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities donated to charity, unharvested, and/or eliminated on account of economic conditions. 2/ Includes small quantities of tangerines. 3/ Includes the following quantities of Temple oranges (1,000 boxes): 1950-1,100; 1951-1,700; 1952-2,000.

4 Net content of box varies.

'In California and Arizona, Navels and miscellaneous.

New Yorl	c and Ch	icago, Oc	ctober-Ja	inuary,	<u>1951-52</u>	and 1952	-53		
			Lei	mons					
Market		Califo	ornia		Flor	rida	• Colt	fornia	
and period	Walked some findering Address of the Control and Program	or definition of the state of t	: <u>Navel</u>	to be agained and the first transferred with the				Contraction of the Advertising Street, or other	
	1951-52	1952-53	:1951-52	1952-53	:1951-52	:1952-53	:1951-52	;1952-53	3
8	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	5
New York									
October	5.64	6.32			3.92		7.26		2 108
November	5.58	5.54	7.60	7.13			7.67	5.95	5   <sup>AU</sup>
December	4.51	5.80	7.52	6,13	3,80	3,69	6.73	6.28	3
Season average									Se
through December	5.58	5.77	7.52	6.14	3,68	3.75	7.18	6.14	4
Week ended:									
January 2	ani (*** ani		7.08	5.10	4,88	4.59	7.60	6.18	3
9		400 Bio 400	6.47	4.98	3.54	4.17	7.91	7.78	3 0
16			5.94	4.59	3.20	4.01	7.57	8.04	ł
Chicago	:								
October		6.34			3.65		7.69	6.12	2
November	5.65	5.96	6.94			3.47	8,01	7.17	7 🕅
December	4.24	6.08	6.87	5.68	3.13	3.53	8,93	7.11	E
Season average	•								
through December	5.53	5.68	6,88	5.75	3.25	3.58	8.42	7.14	4
Week ended:									
January 2			6.96	4.82	3.69	4.15	9.03	7.56	5 0
9	daa kuu ado		6,06	5.17	3.43	3.52	8.65	6.48	3
16		·	5.99	4.66	3.15	3.53	8.20	8.44	ł
									1

Table 6.- Oranges and lemons: Weighted average auction price per box, New York and Chicago, October-January, 1951-52 and 1952-53

Compiled from weekly reports of the California Fruit Growers Exchange, New York, and the Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

Table 7.- Grapefruit: Weighted average auction price per box, New York and Chicago, October-January, 1951-52 and 1952-53

	and Unicago, Occober=January, 1751=52 and 1952=55								
Nontrot and nonied	Cooli			orida					
Market and period :	Seedl	t to milliopheriological probability of the set of the	Oth	And the state of the second state of the secon	Tot	Construction of the second			
and we are to be a sum of the stand and all which all the standard and the product of the standard and a sum of the standard and all the standard and and all the standard and all the	1951-52 :	and and the fit of the off-standard differently a state of the state o	an analysis of the state of the	States & and it is a survey of a galaxy of the state of t	Children of Manual Street and Annual Street Street Street Street	and the press and a stranger of a stranger			
:	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars			
New York :									
October	4.86	5.54	3.88	4.06	4.58	5.17			
November	5.05	4.54	3.53	2.87	4.88	4.35			
December	4.65	4.56	2.85	3.04	4.37	4.43			
Season average through :									
December	4.85	4074	3.50	3.42	4.61	4.56			
Week ended: :									
January 2	5.58	4.42	3.93	3.03	5.35	4.30			
9 ••••••••	5.35	4.77	3.24	3.03	4.87	4.62			
16	4.10	4.63	2.87	3.27	3.97	4.53			
Chicago :				20~1					
October			dits our das		4.53	4.92			
November					5.05	3.98			
December			and the state		4.34	4.41			
Season average through :									
December					4.66	4.54			
Week ended: :									
January 2				-	5.08	3.85			
9		jaika dass dass			4.91	4.06			
16			<b>*</b>		3.71	4.79			
Compiled from weekly repo	rts of the	California	a Fruit Gr	owers Exch	ange, New	York, and			

compiled from weekly reports of the California Fruit Growers Exchange, New York the Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

	ar	eas, by	varieti	es, Au	rus t-Jai	nuary,	1951-52	and 195	2-53.11	/	-
				19 <u>51-5</u> 2		e - Lagon e anti-pagano a de las agleciós de las de	B B Barbind, and and phonon in the set		1952-57	}	
		Calif.			:			Calif-:		: :	
Period		:Ariz. :	•	Fla.	Texas	TOTAL		:Ariz. :	พาล.	Texas	Total
÷. +		:Valen-:		T T C 0 0	•	•		:Navels:	- T T C		10000
-		:cias :		And the second second second			density of the Real Property of the Property o	& Misc,	1 12	ange angen an	
		Cars:	Cars .	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars
Week ended				·			o e l				oal
Augus t		: 1,310	\$450 Adv		-	1,310	934				934
	-	: 1,369				1,369	850				850
September		: 1,490				1,490	1,048				1,048
	-	: 1,627				1,627	1,139				1,139
		: 1,350		~		1,350	946				946
0.1.3		: 1,337				1,337	839				839
Cctober		: 1,228		9		1,237	1,051		4		1,055
		: 1,262		116		1,378	1,046		55		1,101
		: 1,158 : 991		279		1,437			211		1,106
November		: 991 : 829		720		1,711 1,849	751		306		1,057
Wovemper.	8	842	17	1,020		-	508		1,037		1,545
		: 557	±7 55	1,290 1,443		2,149	359 166	 14	1,342 1,538		1,701
		: 216	646			2,055		50			1,718 1,610
		: 92	1,054	1,032 1,385		1,894	139 60	699	1,421 1,332		2,091
December		; 30	1,450	1,714	9	2,531	62	1,441	1,800	7	3,310
December		: 12	1,234	2,815	32		65	1,379	2,607	•	4,094
	-	· ±2	667	2,554	15	3,236	72	714	2,894	52	3,732
		•	951	80	رــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1,031	38	-	810	<i>يدر</i> 	1,288
January	•	•	886	1,804		2,690	53	571	1,120		1,744
Contract of			1,037	1,609		2,646	71 71	593	1,209		1,873
	17	-	782	1,576			75	593	1,423		2,091
	- 1	1	102	-,)(0		0,00	0		+17L)		~3071
		•									
Consequences of a sub-state division of the sub-state of the sub-			-	Anter States and Anter States and				and for the regiment of the second second		train an erriter at anti-	

Table 8.- Cranges (excluding tangerines): Total weekly shipments from producing areas, by varieties, August-January, 1951-52 and 1952-53.1/

1/ Rail, boat, and truck. Total truck shipments from Texas; interstate and intrastate truck shipments from California-Arizona and Florida. Excludes quantities from Florida trucked to canners and to boats. All data subject to revision. Figures include oranges which were in mixed-citrus shipments.

Compiled from records of the Production and Marketing Administration.

Table 9.- Tangerines, Florida: Total weekly shipments from producing points, November-January, 1951-52 and 1952-53

	e negateran, ta	naa kanga sa sa sa sa sa 3 9 9	· Nover	nber	a an	an para mini manan mana a salam amba 19 19 19 - Indonesia Manana Manana Manana Angala (1994)	Dece	mber		* *** * * * * 6	January	n an
Season	to antistan terder 21-	: 8	: 15	22	: 29	6	: 13	: 20	29	3	10	17
		Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars
		:					_				1	1.0.5
1951-52		: 27	149	349	673	638	901	824	26	627	479	480
		:		h e e		~1.0	0.00	/	1	r	505	100
1952-53	* * * *	: 4	118	432	595	748	837	1,116	411	529	575	408
		*										

Compiled from records of the Production and Marketing Administration.

Table 10	Grapefruit and lemons:	Total weekly shipment:	s from producing
	areas, August-January,	1951-52 and 1952-53 1/	
			Carl and a second s

material and an and a second s		-		and an an an an and an and an and an and an and an an an and an an an a		angungiau spianaa namaah - M	a a subsection of the second	3	a a serie de la companya de la comp		unit introductor stationing
		•	4 4 - 4 1946-1946-1946-1946-1946-1946-1946-1946-	n an	Grape	efruit	, 	l allanderson alle der broche	8 	Ler	
Period		• •	1951	-52	upprovalmental in a geologick under sy	0 6 9-015 profil admittlession.org	A REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWN	253	with a state weath weather a state of the state of the	1951-:	1952-
Perloc		Flor-	Texas	Calif-:	Tottol	Flor-		:Calif:			1953
n en		ida	TEXUS		Toual	ida		· TTT TIP .	LUUCUL	Calif,:	
		Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars
		<b>1</b>			*						
Week ended	1	:			•					÷	
August	23		gana area gana	110	110			71	71	347	269
	30 :	;		93	93			63	63	353	218
September	6 :	- 9		73	82			44	44.	:329	282
	13	: 8		97	105			36	36.	294	305
	20	~~~~		-83	114	51		39	90·	267	250
•	27	1.87		50	237	111		28	139 '	252	243
Cctober	4	365		19	384	429.		22	451	194	. 202
	11 :			9	787	593		14	607	182	155
K	18 .	745	•	10	755	* 720		14	734	182	198
	25	: 708		8	716	556		27	583	199	184
November	1 :	: 661		6	667	997		4	1,001	123	198
:	8 :	: 746		7	753	1,061		4	1,065	210	190
	15	901		21	922	870		27	. 897	222	210
:	22	701		79	780	813		75	883	191	173
	29 :	860		. 92	952	759		. 65	824	203	186
December	6 :	905	9	106	1,020	. 903	8	77	988	230	203
•	13 :	: 1,040	29	102	1,171	1,187	46	74	1,307	189	208
	20 :	1,103	. 14	101	1,218	1,136	55	. 77	1,268	174	179
•	27			90	148	494		68	562	159	152
January	3 :	644		105	749	703		67	770	231	170
	10 :	1,321		138	1,459	980		82	1,062	230	291
	17 :	1,198		124	1,322	1,195		86	1,281	231	341
	9				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,		00	-,~01	h jak	2.1

1/ Rail, boat, and truck. Total truck shipments from Texas; interstate and intrastate truck shipments from California-Arizona and Florida. Excludes quantities from Florida trucked to canners and to boats. All data subject to revision. Figures include oranges which were in mixed-citrus shipments.

• .

Compiled from records of the Production and Marketing Administration.

Table 11,- Apples and pears: Weighted average auction price per box, specified varieties and all grades, New York and Chicago,

					1952-53			
	:Northwest					ern pears	s (std. t	ox)
Market	: Delici			-	Bos		D & A.	•
and period	:				•	č	D'Ar	*
	:1951-52:1	1952 <b>-</b> 53:	:1951-52	1952-53	1951-52:	1952-53	1951-52:	1952-53
	:Dollars I	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
New York	e o							
October'		5.34		5.29	4.43	4,62	4.65	4,60
November		5.09.	•	5.18	4.39	4.96	4.59	4.060
December		5.13	5,18	4.99	3.94	5.07	4.31	4.53
Season average								
through December .		5.19	. 5.06	5.09	4.27	4.85	4.47	4.57
Week ended: Jano 2		5,.23	5.56	5.00	4.27	5.29	. 4.08	4.62
.9	-	5.29	5.26	5.19	4.05	4.98		4.64
16	: 5.52	5.21	5.27	5.23	4.54	4.73	4.61	4.71
Chicago	er *				• •••			• • • • • •
October		5.17	4,58	5.02	3.98	4.38	4.50	4.69
November		4.94	4.48	4.87	3.87	4,58	4.27	4,61
December		5.04	4.060	4079	.3.79	4.70	· 4.22	4.68
Season average								
through December .		. 5.07	4.53	4.89	3,88	4.52	4.30	4.65
Week ended: Jan. 2		. 4.97	5.35	4.65	3.31	4.096	4.33	4.89
.9		5:08	4.71	4.33	3.44	4.70	4.15	4.53
16	: 5.16	5.15	4.62	4.80	3.35	3:92	4.91	4.71
	•							

/ Washington, mostly Fancy and Extra Fancy Grades.

Compiled from New York Daily Fruit Reporter and Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter,

. . . . . . . .

Table 12	Apples,	, eastern and midwestern	n: Wholesale price per	r bushel for stock of
generall	y good o	quality and condition (	U.S. No. 1 when quoted	1) and $2-1/2$ inch
พาการทาง	maina	New York and Chicaco'	Santomber-January 195	-52 and $1952-53$ 1/

	TICM TOTIC						$\alpha_{11}\alpha_{-1}/\gamma_{-1}$	
	:	New Y	lork			Chi	cago	
Month and week	: Deli	cious :	McInt	osh · ·	Delic	cious :	McInt	osh _
	:1951-52	:1952-53:1	951-52:	1952-53:	1951-52:	1952-53:	1951-52:	1952-53
	:Dollars	Dollars D	ollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
	0	allerand for individual for a large for a	an an ann an	and the second	Warrent fri officer a source seeme			a a ran de families an architecture de la constant
September	: 2.44		1.69	3.65			1.65	3.12
October		3.77	1,72	. 3.67	5 y z	. 3,75	1.80	3.38
November		4.45	2,12	4,28	2,92	4.00	2,29	3.45
December	: 2.67	4.19	2,17	4:04	2.80	4,25	2.49	3.57
Week ended:	ę	3	· · ·					
January 9	: 2,75	4,25	2.15	4:00	3.00	4,38	2,68	3.60
.16	: 2,87	4.17	2.15	4.08	3.00	4.50	2.70	3.75
23	:	4.00	2.15	4.12	anga kara anga	. 4.38	2,50	3.75
2.	8							

1/ Prices are the representative price for Tuesday of each week.

Compiled from records of the Production and Marketing Administration.

ult Situar:

Table 13 Apples, commercia average 1941-50.			by areas,	-					
Area :Average: 1951 : 1952	,	:A:	verage: 941-50: 1951	1952					
: 1,000 1,000 1,000 ;bushels bushels bushe		0 9	1,000 1,00 ushels bushe						
Eastern States : North Atlantic: 30,197 36,736 22,4	:: <u>Central</u> 34:: North (		: 18,010 23,0	57 13,964					
South Atlantic: 16,305 16,052 17,0	:: 73:: South (	Sentral .:	1,292 1,2	85 958					
Total: 46,502 52,788 39,50	07 s :	Total :	19,302 24,3	42 14,922					
Western States : 44,576 33,530 38,2	67::Grand to	tal	10,380 110,6	60 92,696					
3		9 							
Table 14 - Apples, pears, and mis				storage					
	: 1952, Will : Dec. 31 : : average	Dec. 31	Nov. 30 :	Dec. 31					
	: 1947-51 ; Thousands	1951 Thousands	1952 Thousands	1952 Thousands					
Fresh fruits Apples, western, standard boxes 1/ Apples, western, other containers 2/ Apples, eastern, bushel baskets Apples, eastern, other containers 2/	: 1,169 : 4,943	8,430 870 4,341 8,472	2,244 4,120	1,135					
Total apples, bushels	: 25,983	22,113	24,941	20,198					
Pears, Bartlett, packed boxes Pears, Bartlett, loose boxes	8	6 4 1,301	. 46	12 11 1,486					
Pears, bushel baskets		9	. 44	9					
Total pears, bushels		1,320	2,191	1,518					
Mi cer]]ererue	: 1,000 : pounds	1,000 pounds	l,000 pounds						
Miscellaneous Fresh grapes Fresh fruits (excluding apples, pears	<u>3</u> /	-31	140,092	78,713					
Dried and evaporated fruits Tree nuts in the shell	: <u>4</u> /61,916 : 52,936 : 27,938	45,907 32,032	12,583						
Nutmeats (tree nuts)	: 18,592	22,206	20,707	18,741					
<pre>1/ Western apples are those grown in Washington, Oregon, Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Montana, Utah, California, Arizona and New Mexico. 2/ Other containers reported in terms of bushels. 3/ Not separately reported.</pre>									

Included with fresh fruits, 4/ Includes grapes, Compiled from reports of the Production and Marketing Administration,

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at New IOIK, OCCODEL	to Januar	<u>y 1901</u>	ana 1954	c seasons	5	
Mankat and wools and ad	Seed]		Ribi		Mala	
Market and week ended	:1951-52	1952-53	1951-52	1952-53	1951-52	1952-53
	:Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
NEW YORK	:			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
October 17	: 3.50	3.59	3.89		2.37	2.48
24	: 3.51	3.84	3.27	3.69	2.44	2.65
31	: 3.78	3.87	3.32	3.72	2.34	**
November 7	: 3.87	3.41	3.78	3.25	2.27	1.82
14	: 3.34	3.97	3.18	3.15	1.87	2.02
21		3.95	3.33	3.81	1.46	1.96
28		2.38	2.88	4.78	1.73	
December 5			3.46	4.41	2.50	2.60
12			2.96	3.00	~•••	1.82
19			3.31	3.95		1.02
26			4.48	2.43		
Season average through December		3.52	3.64	3.68	2.19	2.17
January 2		<i></i> ~		5.74		~•±[
9			2.54	4.53		
16	-		2.48	4.55. 3.66		
			£ • 40	1 60		State and date
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	Muso	eat	Empe		Alme	eria
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NEW YORK	Musc		Empe	eror		
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17	<u>Musc</u> 3.82	4.33	Empe 2.59	eror 2.81	2.57	2.41
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24	<u>Musc</u> 3.82 3.87	4.33 5.04	Empe 2.59 2.50	2.81 2.71	2.57 2.38	2.41 2.69
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31	Musc 3.82 3.87 3.66	4.33 5.04 4.87	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31	2.81 2.71 2.57	2.57 2.38 2.65	2.41 2.69 2.91
NEW YORK October 17 24 31 November 7	<u>Musc</u> 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14	Musc 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28	Musc 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07  3.34	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5	Musc 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.42	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.90	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.74 2.79
<u>NEW YORK</u> October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19 26	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 3.78	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58 3.95	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.90 3.65	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.79 3.58
NEW YORK October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19 26 Season average through December	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35 4.15	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 3.78 2.50	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58 3.95 3.05	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.90 3.65 2.66	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.74 2.79 3.58 3.00
NEW YORK October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19 26 Season average through December January 2	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33  3.91	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 3.78 2.50 3.27	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58 3.95 3.05 3.05 3.96	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.90 3.65 2.66 3.22	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.79 3.58 3.00 3.14
NEW YORK October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19 26 Season average through December January 2	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33  3.91 	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35 4.15	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 3.78 2.50 3.27 2.79	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58 3.95 3.05 3.96 3.25	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.56 2.90 3.65 2.66 3.22 2.77	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.79 3.58 3.00 3.14 3.31
NEW YORK October 17 24 31 November 7 14 21 28 December 5 12 19 26 Season average through December January 2	Muso 3.82 3.87 3.66 4.20 3.67 4.08 1.93 2.33  3.91 	4.33 5.04 4.87 4.61 5.07 3.34 2.65 1.95 3.35 4.15	Empe 2.59 2.50 2.31 2.36 2.42 2.43 2.31 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 3.78 2.50 3.27	2.81 2.71 2.57 2.58 2.66 2.90 2.97 2.95 3.18 3.58 3.95 3.05 3.05 3.96	2.57 2.38 2.65 2.61 2.66 2.93 2.38 2.36 2.56 2.90 3.65 2.66 3.22	2.41 2.69 2.91 2.49 2.54 3.09 3.89 3.10 2.74 2.79 3.58 3.00 3.14

Table 15.- Grapes, California: Weighted average auction price per lug box, at New York, October to January, 1951 and 1952 seasons

Compiled from the New York Daily Fruit Reporter.

Table 16.- Strawberries: Acreage, yield per acre, and production, average 1949-51. annual 1952 and 1953

-					avera	26 1747	JI annue	1 1776	$ana \pm 77$	<u> </u>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			:	A	creage		: Yiel	d per	acre	: P	roductic	n
	<b>a</b>		:	3-year		Indi-	:3-year :		:Indi-	:3-year :		Indi-
	Seas	son	:	average	1952	cated	:average:	1952	: cated	:average;	1952	cated
			:	1949-51		: 1953	:1949-51:		: 1953	:1949-51:		1953
				0						1,000	1,000	1,000
			:	Acres	Acres	Acres	Crates	Crates	Crates	crates	crates	crates
			:				,					
Win	ter .		:	5,130	4,500	4,700	65	6	50 <b>7</b> 0	) 337	270	329
Spr:	ing ,		:	124,020	126,160	114,500	81	9	)2	- 10,063	11,587	
					-							
	Tot	tal .	:	129,150	130,660	119,200	80	9	1	- 10,400	11,857	
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#### U. S. Department of Agriculture Washington 25, D. C.

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