PRACTICAL ENGLISH

实用英文



葉德光編著

FIRST COURSE

PRACTICAL ENGLISH

FIRST COURSE

實學書局刊行

實 用 英 文

編著者: 葉 德光

發行者: 上海實學書局

經售者: 全國各大書店

★一九四六年五月退一版★

版權所有·翻即必究

編輯大意

- 1. 編者以最近關人需要應用實用英文之機會日繁, 而各地訓練班, 公私學校, 補智學校等均感缺乏 簡明實用之敎材, 用持本個人ৡ學營驗, 編成本 書。
- 2. 本書可供徵號担任通譯員之大學生事前參考,亦可作大中學校英文作文,會話之補充教材,更可供一般人士練習會話,閱讀報章雜誌之準備。
- 8. 本書內容簡易明晰,包括下列五部份:
 - 一、會話(包括社交,商業、及日常應用之 會話及禮節共十章)
 - 二、實用句子(以時事為題材之實用句子)
 - 三、日用句子(日常生活應用之句子)
 - 四、通用語辭(包括軍、政、經濟、常識之 單字凡四百個)
 - 五、軍用語辭(包括常見之軍用單字凡四百個)
- 4. 為求短期通曉,適應一般需要,故篇幅力求簡短 ,多用中文解釋,惟付即忽促,或有未周之處, 各方賢達,如不吝賜敎,編者至為歡迎。

編者證

CONTENTS

PART I CONVERSATION (會話)

Lesson I Meeting a Friend (過友)

Lesson II Shopping (買物)

Lesson III Making a Call (訪友)

Lesson IV At a Dinner Party (宴客)

Lesson V Do me a Favour (精幇忙我)

Lesson VI At the Post Office (寄信)

Lesson VII At The Barber's (理髮)

Lesson VIII Inquiring After a Friend's Health (間病)

Lesson IX Taking Walk (散步)

Lesson X At the Telephone (打電話)

PART II SENTENCES OF PRACTICAL USE (實用句子)

PART III SENTENCES OF DAILY USE (日用句子)

PART IV TERMS OF CURRENT USE (通用語辭)

PART V TERMS OF MILITARY USE (軍用語辭)

- 1. General (普通)
- 2. Army (陸軍)
- 3. Navy (海軍)
- 4. Air Force (空軍)

PART I CONVERSATION

LESSON I

MEETING A FRIEND (遇友)

- S. Good morning, Mr. Wong! I'm delighted to see you again.

 王先牛,早呀!真高興遇見你。
- W. How do you do, Mr. Sung? I don't expect to meet you here. How long have you been back? 宋先生,你好嗎?想不到會在這里碰見你。你厄來多久了?
- S. I Just came home this morning at six. 我今天早上六點鐘纔囘來的。
- W. Say, you took a trip to Hengshan, didn't you? I don't quite remember.
 - 喂,你到南嶽去玩了**一趟,是嗎?我不大記得清楚了。**
- S. Yes, I went to Hengshan two weeks ago. 是的,兩星期前我到南嶽去過的。
- W. Did you have a good time? How do you like Hengshan? You went alone, didn't you? 遼得高興嗎?你獲得南嶽怎樣?你是一個人去的嗎?

- S. Oh, we have had a pleasant trip. We had a company of five. It is simply lovely to spend some time in the mountains when the weather is hot. It is, pretty cool up there and the mountains are full of charms. Have you ever been there? 噢,我們五個人一道去,近得真菌快。天氣熱的時候,在由里面住一些時,真是好得很。由上很演快,風景也美麗。你到過那兒去嗎?
- W. Yes, I have been there once. It was five years ago, when I was attending school in Changsha, 到過的。還是在五年前,我在長沙上學的時候。
- S. I wish I could have stayed longer if I were free.

 One feels so fresh and released after a period of strain.

假如我有空,我填想在山上多住一些時。在一度緊張工作之後,去山上逛,其覺得腦筋清醒和舒服的。

- W. Say, will you come over to have lunch with us tomorrow at eleven?

 唔, 即天上午十一點到舍下吃便飯, 好嗎?
- S. Very sorry, I'm engaged. Mr. Liu is coming to ours tomorrow noon.

 與對不起,我沒工夫。劉先生明天中午要到我們家里來呢。
- W. How about tomorrow evening? Will you be free?

明天晚上行嗎?你會有工夫嗎?

- S. It suits me fine, I shall try to come at about six. 那倒台適得很。我六點左右儘到。
- W. By the way, bring your Mrs., won't you? 那麼一請嫂夫人也一道來。
- S Yes, I shall come with her. 好的 我同她一道來。
- W. All right. See you tomorrow. 好。即天兒。
- S. Goodbye, Wong! 再見!

英美智懷,平常遇朋友只是互道:

Good morning!, Good afternoon!, Good evening! 就各走各的,不必多談。其他的招呼語如:

How do you do?

How are you?

這些等於中國話"你好嗎?"那麼就可以囘答:

Very well, thank you,

也可以反問:

How do you do?

以為間候。熟一點的朋友也可以回答:

First rate! Never better!

分別時,最普通的是說:

Good-bye!

晚間也說:

Good night!

假如要向對方家中人問候:可以說:

How are your family? (府上都好?)

How is your mother? (令堂好嗎?)

等等。分別時·可說:

Kindly remember me to your family!

(請向府上請安!)

Please give my kindest regards to your father.

(令霄前請爲問候!)

"Hello"為較非正式之招呼語

以上都不過是例子,應用時當然還有其他的說法。

LESSON II.

SHOPPING (買物)

(AT THE DEPARTMENT STORE)

(百貨商店內)

- A. What can I do for you, sir? 先生,你要什麽呢?
- A. What color do you want? 你要什麼顏色的?
- B. Dark brown, I think. 深棕色的 o
- A. These are wool and these are cotton. 這些是心德。
- B What is the price for the cotton ones?
 - 3 紗襪是什麼價錢?
- A. They are eighty dollars a pair.

 學八十元 o
- B. And the wool! 毛的呢?

- A. Two hundred fifty dollars a pair, 二百五十塊錢一雙。
- B It is too expensive. Can you make any discount? 太貴了 o 能 夠打個折扣麼?
- A, Sorry, we don't. But they are of the best quality. Here is a pair, it sells at sixty-five dollars 對不起,我們不打折扣的。但是這些襪是上等貨。這一雙,只賣六十五塊錢。
- B. I will take two pairs of eighty dollars. But let me see, they are a little too large for me. 我要兩雙八十塊錢的。我看看,給我穿起來稍爲大了一點。
- A. These are a size smaller. 這是小一號的。
- B Yes, they are all right. Have them wrapped up, please.

遺些可以了。把它包起來吧。

- A. Yes, sir!。 好的 o
- B. Here is a ten-customs-unit note. Give me the change, please. 這是十元關金、找我錢吧。
- A. Here is the change, four ten-dollar notes. 我你四張十塊錢的票子。

- B. Where are the stationery goods? 文具在那裏買?
- A. Over there at the right corner. 在那邊右角上。
- A. What can I do for you? 買什麼嗎?
- B. I want some pencils. 我要買鉛筆。
- A. Soft or hard ones, sir? 軟的覆是硬的呢?
- B. Hard ones. 要硬的。
- A. Will these suit you? 這些台灣嗎?
- B. They will do. How do you sell them per dozen? 可以。一打賣多少錢?
- A. Seventy-eight dollars per dozen. 七十八塊緩一打。
- B. Give me two dozen of this kind. Wrap them up, please

給我兩打這種的。把它包售來 o

- A. Is there any thing else you wish to have? 還有別的東西要嗎?
- B. No, thank you. Here is the money. 不要了。錢在這里。

商店美國人多叫做 store, 如:
department store (百貨商店)
candy store (糖果店)
dry goods store (織品店)
bookstore 書店)
hardware store (五金店)

但理髮店則為 barber's shop 成表店為 tailor's shop

鞋店為: shoemaker's shop 鐘鏢店為 watchmaker's shop

照相館為 photographer's shop

可是普通用時,常把 shop 省去。如:

I bought this from a tailor's near the crossroads.

(這是我從十字街口附近的一家成衣店里買 來的。)

I am looking for a shoemaker's,

(我王在找一家背店。) **買物英文**叫: "shopping" 如:

I wish to go out shopping Let us do some shopping now.

Have you made any shopping?

間多少錢亦可以說?

How do you sell it?
How much does it cost?

客氣的店員對顧客證話, 句後常加 "sir"字。

LESSON III.

MAKING A CALL (訪友)

- A. Is Mr. Yen in? 顏先生在家嗎?
- B. Yes, sir. Will you come in? What name shall I give?

在家。請進來。先生貴姓?

A. Mr. Pai. Here is my card. 姓白的。這是我的名片。

【以上是和僕人的對話。】

- Y. How do you do, Pai? I'm so pleased to see you. Won't you please sit down? 老白,你好嗎?真高與見你。請坐請坐。
- P. Very well, thank you. You look younger than you were when I last met you. 還好。你比上次見面時的樣子年青些了。
- Y. Well, what have you been doing all this time? Have you been away?

唔,你清些日子做的什麼?你有到外海去嗎?

P. 1 went to Liuchow on business last week, 上個星期我有公事到柳州去了一趟。

【這樣開頭話已經算很夠了: 就應該談所以要訪人的點。】

- P. Sorry, I have to be going now, Good-bye! 對不起、我要走了。再見。
- Y. Good-bye! Please give my kindest regards to your father!

再見!請向令貸請安。

【以下是不在家的對話】

- A I: Mr. Yen at home? 顏先生在家嗎?
- B No, sir. Mr. Yen is not at home. 不、顏先生不在家。
- A When is he expected back? 他什麽時候可以间來呢?
- B He went out about an hour ago, and won't be back until eleven I think,

 他約一點鐘以前出去的。我想,他十一點鐘以前不會回來的。

A. Well, then won't you please tell him I called? Pai is my name.

那麽,請你告訴他我來過。我姓白。

- B. Will you leave any massage, Mr. Pai? 白先生,你有什麼話獎對顏先生講嗎?
- A. No, thank you. I will call again tomorrow morning at ten.

不,沒有什麼。我明天早上十點鐘再來。

B Very well, I will tell him. Good-bye. 我一定告訴他的。再見。

去找人或到別人屋里去,要先敲門,等里面的人關門, 或說:

"Yes!" "Come in!"

才可以進去。切忌不敲門逕自關進。

有事訪友,不宜多問談。稍為寒暄,即宜談人本題 。見面時應即命有手相握。一面道安。

見友時,如來不及脫垂套握手。則應說:

"Excuse, my glove!

間貴姓 亦可說:

What is your name, please?

如知來訪者是誰《不宜剂 "sir",宜說:

Yes, Mr. Pai. Mr. Yen is at home. 請客人坐,可說:

Take a seat won't you?

或:

Sit down, please!

在家可說:

"at home" 或 "is in"; 不在家亦可說 "is out".

要走時亦可說:

I am sorry I have to say good-bye.

LESSON IV.

AT A DINNER PARTY (宴客)

A Will you dine with us tomorrow evening, Mr. Sun?

孫先生、明晚請到會下吃飯,好嗎?

B. I will come with pleasure.

敬陪!好極了!

【Host 主人, Hostess 主婦; guest 客人。】

Hostess. Dinner is served.

清吃版o

Host, Will you take a soat at the head of the table, Mr. Sun?

孫先生請坐上席。

Will you take a seat next to Mr Sun, Mrs. Loe?

李太太。簡坐孫先生旁邊。
Will you sit opposite to Mr. Sun, Mr. Lee?
李先生,請坐孫先生對面。

Host. What may I help you, Mrs. Sun? 孫太太、你要什麼菜嗎?

Guest. Thank you for a little broth. 翻謝你,請給我一點肉湯。

Host, Will you take some more roast beef? 再用一點烘牛內好嗎?

Guest: Thank you, a small piece. 謝謝你·請給我一小塊。

Ilost. Will you have some more chicken, Mrs. Lee? 李太太, 再吃一點鷄嗎?

Guest, No, thank you, 不啦, 謝謝你。

Glest I enjoy it very much. Every dish is delicious. 我都愛吃。每一蹬架的除蹬都很好。

Hostess. Please take what you like best. 爱吃什麼,就請吃什麼。
Help yourselves freely. Wo don't stand on ceremony.

請隨便吃。不要客氣哪!

- Guest, We don't stand on ceremony. (Neither do we.) 我們不會客氣的。
- Host, We are afraid we have little to entertain you. We make no strangers of you. 酒 少菜薄 (我們沒有什麼招待各位),我們不常各位是外人的呀。
- Guest We enjoy it very much. We are having many delicious dishes

 那里那里,有這麼多好菜,我們吃得不少了。
- Guest, Won't you kindly pass me the salt? 請把陳遞給我好嗎?
- Guest, D) me the favoer to pass me the sugar, please! 勞怨把糖遞給我。
- Hostess. You are not eating as much as you used to.
 Mr. Lee.

李先生,你吃得不如一向那樣多哪。

Lee. My stomach is not what it used to be, but I have tried my best tonight.

現在我的食量不如以前了 可是今晚我已經盡量吃了。

Hostess. That's too bad. Here comes the fish. Will you help yourself, Mr. Lee? It ought to be good to you.

太糟了。魚途來了一李先生: 請隨便吃吧? 鱼對你一定很有益的。

- Lee, Thanks, I will help myself to it by and by. 謝謝,等一下我自己會拿的。
- Host. Have some more fish, won't you? 請再吃一點魚吧。
- Guest. No, thank you. I have plenty. 不助, 謝謝, 我吃麵了。
- Hostess Will you pass the pudding to Mrs. Sun. 請把布丁遞給孫太太。
- Mrs. Sun. I have taken more than what is good to me. Give me a small piece, please. 我吃得养管大多了。給我小小的一塊吧。
- Host. Will you have some fruits? 吃- 點水裏吧?

Guest. Thank you. 納納。

正式宴客要下請帖。其次,便寫信。平常請朋友,可以口頭相約。

要開始時,就請客人到飯廳去,此時男客要讓女客 先走。正式請客,坐位常由主人用卡片寫好,放在掉上 。沒有預先排好坐位,則臨時由主人請坐;主人請某人 坐某位,不必相讓。

英美飯草多是長方形,主婦在上首,主人在下首。 主婦言邊為第一席,主人右邊為第二席,次為主婦在邊 ,主人左邊。平常習慣男客女客是夾着坐的。坐時,男 客幫女客拉椅子。 請客人隨便用菜 說:

Help yourself.

而 Don't stand on ceremony. 則等于中國話 『不要客氣』。主人遞菜勸客食時:接受的說一聲: Thank you!

或 Thanks!

不要時則說:

No. thank you,

桌上的食品器 m等,自己不好拿,不宜伸手勉強去 拿,可隨便請別人遞過來。退席時 也要讓女客先走。

LESSON V:

DO ME A FAVOUR (請幫忙我)

- A. Would you do me a favour, Mr. Hu? 却先生,請幫忙我一件事。好嗎?
- B. Cortainly, what is it; 當然可以, 什麼事呢?
- A. Will you explain this passage for me? I couldn't make head or tail of it. 請給我解釋這一段的意思,我一點兒也不了解。
- B. Let me read it over first. 讓我朱赊一遍。
- A. I'm sorry to trouble you. 對不起,要麻煩你 o
- B. That's no trouble for me 不麻煩。
- B. It means ········· 意思是······
- A. Beg your pardon, I can't quite follow what you said. Will you please speak a little slowly?

 對不起、我不大聽得懂你的話。請講得慢一點好嗎?

- B All right, I will speak more slowly? 好的,我來講慢一點。
- A. Thank you very much. 謝謝你○
- B. You are welcome. 好說好說。(我歡迎你問)
- A. Would you do me a favour? 請你請我做件事,好嗎?
- B. Well, I should like to know what it is first. 啟,我希望首先知道是什麼事。
- A. Will you until the knot for me? 請你給我把這個結解一解。
- B. Certainly, why not? 當然的,怎麼不可以呢?
- A. Thanks!
- B. Don't mention it. 別客氣。

請人替你做一件事、即便熟朋友、也要說: Would you do me a favour? 総合適。他人替你做事,說謝創時,可以說: Thank you. Thanks.
Thank you very much.
Many thanks.

囘答不必謝謝, 則說:

You, are welcome. (為也人做事時說)。 Don't mention it. (普通邓可用)。

Not at all. (普通熟人都可用)。

請他人為你做事,說『麻煩你』,可以說:

I'm sorry to trouble you,

I'm sorry to have troubled you.

後一句只適于事情做完時候說的 o 要回答遺種客, 套話, 可以說:

That's all right. 或

That's no trouble for me.

聽不懂別人的話,或是要請人重說一遍,或是別 人證話時你要插進去,應先說:

Beg your pardon.

或 I beg your pardon.

别人正在做事,你要同他說話。應先說:

Excuse me.

Pardon me.

Beg your pardon,

妨礙或傷及別人時、也可以說: Excuse me.

或 Pardon me.

或再說幾句什麼不對的地方。 回答的話則有:

It's all right. (沒有關係)

It's nothing, (沒有什麽)

Never mind. (不要鉴)

No harm done. (沒有傷及什麼)

LESSON VI

AT THE POST OFFICE (客信)

A. I want to have this letter registered. What is the postage, please? 這對掛號信要多少郵票?

B. It is over-weight. It needs ten dollars and fifty cents.

過重了。要十元五角。

A. Give me two five-dollar stamps and a fifty-cent one.

我要兩張五元的郵票一張五角的郵票。

B. Here they are. Here is the change, 這是郵 E o 這是找的錢。

A Thank you!

- A. Please mail this letter, 請寄這對信。
- B. Here is the receipt. 這是收縢

Will you weigh this letter for me? Is it sufficiently A stamped?

請把這封信杯一杯,郵票貼足嗎?

- B. Express delivery? 快信嗎?
- A. Yes, by express mail. 是的, 客快郵。
- B. You have to add another five-dollar stamp. 你要再加一張五元的郵票。
- When does the next air-mail leave for Chungking? Α 下一班到重慶去的航空信, 什麽時候走?
- Day after tomorrow. В. 後天。
- A. When is the last collection, please? **請問,最後一次仕麽時候收到。**
- That very morning at eleven The plane leaves in В the afternoon.

當日上午十一時,飛機下午起飛。

A Thanks. ○ 機能

I want to send this parcel to Kunming, please, Α

我要把演件包裹寄到昆明去。

- B. What is it inside? 專面是什麽?
- A It contains printed matters only. 裏面都是印刷品。
- B. Please write "Printed Matter Only" at this corner, and leave an opening at the end 請在這角上寫明「印刷品」,並且要聞口。
- A. I want a five-hundred-dollar money order to Chengtu, please.
 我要一張五百元的騰票客成部。
- B. Please fill this blank first. 請先填好這張單子。
- A What is the charge per hundred dollars? 一百元要多少匯費?
- B. Five dollars, 五元。
- A Would you change this money order, please? 請免遣一張匯票。
- B Please endorse it, 請在後面簽字。

LESSON VII.

AT THE BARBER'S (理髮)

- A. I want a hair cut. 我要剪髮。
- B. How do you wish it cut, sir? 你要怎樣剪?
- A. All back, please, 向後梳。
- B. Yes, sir. 好。
- A. I don't want the clippers, I prefer the shears, please. Come my hair gently, please. 我不喜歡推剪,請用剪刀剪。請輕一點梳頭髮。
- B, Excuse me, sir. 對本地。 (Qfforing a hand-mirror) (把一個小爺子憑過去)
- B. Is this as you like it? 這樣行嗎?
- A, Cut it a little shorter on the sides. 兩 五 稍 為 再 剪 班 一 點 •

- B. Is this short enough? 這夠短嗎?
- A. Yis, that's right. 這行了。
- B Massage, sir? 要按摩嗎?
- A. No. 不要 o
- B. Take a shampoo, sir? 要洗髮嗎?
- A. Yes. 要。
- B. Wet or dry? 水洗燙是乾洗?
- A. A dry shampoo, please. 要軟洗。
- A. How much shall I pay you? 該付多少錢?
- B. I leave it to you, sir. 請隨便給。

- A Shave or hair cut, sir? 先生。修臉還是剪髮。
- B I want shave only, 我只要修脸。
- A Yes, sir. Will you please take this chair near the window?

好。請你坐近窗子的這張椅上。

B Shave closely, please. 浏光一點。

要理髮,可說:

I want to have my hair cut.

. I want a hair cut,

Give me a hair cut.

以上三式均可。但不宜說:

I want 'c cut my hair.

修臉,可說:

I want a shave.

Give me a shave.

I wish to be shaved.

絕不可說:

I want to shave my face. 理髮的推剪口做 hair clippers 但用時只說 clippers 即可, 大寶子叫做 shears.

Massage 即 face massage, 為面部按摩。 洗髮有:

乾洗 diy shampoo

和水洗 wet shampoo 之分。 燙髮為 marcelling 및 hair-waving. 應付多錢,亦可說: How much do I owe you?

LESSON VIII:

INQUIRING AFTER A FRIEND'S

HEALTH (問病)

- A. What is the matter with you? Are you ill, Mr. Hu? 胡先生,你怎麽啦?不舒服嗎?
- B. I have a bad stomachache, 我胃痛了。
- A. How did you get it? You should consult a doctor! 你怎麽害胃病呢?該請個醫生看看呀!
- B, Yes, I have seen Dr. Kao, 是呀,我請高醫生來看過了。
- A. What did the doctor say? 醫生怎地說?。
- B. The doctor gave me some powder and pills. He didn't say much. 整生給我一些藝粉和藝丸。他沒有說多少話。
- A. Do you sleep well at night? 夜里睡得好嗎?
- B. I slept qui'e well last night. But I nearly did

not have any sleep the previous two nights, 昨晚我睡得還好。可是前兩晚幾乎一點兒也沒睡過。

- A. How is your appetite? 胃口好嗎?
- B. I don't have any inclination to eat. 我的直不想吃束西。
- A Cheer up, Hu! I think it is simply because you had been working too hard. Lie in bed for a few days, you will be quite recovered, I'm sure. 老胡, 振作吧 我想, 這不過因為你太努力工的原故。在床上躺幾天, 我相信就會完全復元的。
- B. Thank you. 訓謝。
- A I shall come to see you again day-after tomorrow, and hope to find you recovered.

 Good-bye! Don't get up, please.
 我後天再來看你。希望那時你都復元了。
 再見!不要起來。
 - 問『你不舒服嗎?』亦可說: Don't you feel well? What ails you? Aren't you ill? 問『你今天覺得如何?』可說: How do you feel today?

How are you feeling today?

注意:請醫生診斷應說:

Consult the doctor.

其他宏慰病人的話 如: --

You will be all right very soon.

Don't lose courage!

I hope you will soon get over it.

It won't be long before you are quite yourself again.

You will be fully recovered in a few days I'm sure

如果知道友人病了,去問病時最好帶鮮花去。

普通的疾病:

cold 傷風

headache 頒稿 toothache 牙痛 pneumonia 肺炎

bowel-complaint 腹痛 cough 咳啉 heart trouble 心臟病 tonsilitis 悬铲腺炎 malaria 擴接

typhoid 傷寒 cholera 霍亂

scarlet fever 猩紅熱 sore-throat 喉痛

tuberculosis 肺涡 dysentery 病病

diphtheria 白喉 small pox 天花 measles 麻疹 chicken-pox 水漬

whooping-cough 百日咳

diarrhea 順渡

infruonza 流行性駁冒 indigestion 消化不良 bronchitis 氣管支炎

appendicitis 胃腸炎

LESSON IX.

TAKING A WALK (散步)

- A. Shall we go for a walk? 我們出去散散步,好嗎?
- B. With pleasure. Let me bring my cane. 好作很、讓我帶枝手杖去。
- C. Wait a moment, please, I vill join you. 等一等,我也一道去。
- A. Where shall we go? 上哪兒去?
- B. Let's go to the park. 到公園里去吧。
- C. Let's go this way. 往這邊走吧。
- B. What lovely weather! 天氣多好呀!
- A. What a pity it is to remain in the office on such a fine day as this!

 像今天這樣好的天氣,留在辦公室里:多麽不舒服可。

C. Oh, the peach trees are in blossom. Aren't they pretty?

你瞧,桃花正開。多麼美麗河。

- B. What are those shrubs over there on the right side with bunches of white flowers?
 右于那邊,開着一束一束白花的矮樹,是什麼樹呢?
- C. They are plums. Don't you know?
 那是李花,你不知道嗎?
- A. Are you fond of apricots? 你喜歡杏花嗎?
- C. Certainly They are simply lovely.當然啦。杏花真是可愛得很。
- B. Say, are you people fond of movies? Let us visit the cinema tonight, won't you? 喂,你們喜歡電影嗎?今晚去看電影好嗎?
- A. What is going on the Lohchun Theatre to-night? 今晚樂羣戲院影什麼片呢?
- B. "The Women" is going on tonight. People speak highly of it. Will you two be my guests? 今晚影』女人』、人家都說好。我來請客好不好?
- C. I'm a little tired. Let's take a rest. Won't you two?

我有點累了,我們休息一下吧。你們兩個質或麼?

- A. So am I. Let's take a seat here. 我也累了。我們在這里坐一坐吧。
- B. What's the time? 後點鐘了了
- A. It's twenty minutes to five by my watch. But my watch does not keep good time. It sometimes gains and sometimes loses.
 我的鏢是五點差二十分。可是我的鏢不準的。有時走快,有時走慢。
- C. It is half past four by my watch. 我的鏢是四點半 o
- B. Shall we go back now? 現在囘去吧?
- A. Let's walk back, 我們走回去!

『散步』可有下列三種說法:

Take a walk. Go for a walk. Take a stroll.

也可以說:

Take the air. 但不如上例的普遍。

LESSON X.

AT THE TELEPHONE (打電話)

- A. Hollo! Number, please? 喂,你要那一號?
- B. Two-six-o-six, please.

(以上 A 為接話生。如係自動電話,則無需這一段。 假如你所要的號碼有人在講話,接話生則會說:

The number is engaged.

pk The number is busy.)

- A. Hollo! Is this number two-six-o-six? 喂,這是二六〇六嗎?
- B Yes, this is the Central Hotel. Who is speaking, please?
 是的,這是中央飯店。你是那裏?
- A. My name is Wang Kwo Ying. I want to speak to Mr. Yang Ying-Seng. Is he in? 我是王國英。我娶找楊英生先生。他在家嗎?

B. Hold the line, please. I will inquire. 請案一等,我問問着。

(Hold the line 是:『不要把線獅子』之意。) Yes, Mr. Yang is in. Please wait a minute. 楊先生在家 講等一等。

- A Hello! Is this Mr. Wang. 暗囉! 是王先生嗎?
- B. Yes, this is Kuo-ying speaking. Is that you, Ying-seng? 是的,我是國英。你是英生嗎?
- A. Anything I can do for you? 有什麽事?
- B. Won't it.....
- A Sorry, I can't hear you. Would you mind speak a little louder?

 到不起,我聽不清楚。請你講得大聲一點。
- B Won't it be equally convenient for you if we change this afternoon's meeting to tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Mai, our secretary, cannot came today 我們把今天下午的會改到明天下午,你方言嗎?我們的學事梅先生今天下午不能來。

- A Certainly, it doesn't make any difference to me, 好的, 在我都是一樣的。
- B Be sure to come tomorrow! 即天一定來哪!
- A. Yes, I will come. 是的,我一定來。
- B. See you tomorrow. 即天見!
- A. Good-bye! 再見!
- B. Sorry, Mr Yang is out 對不起,楊先生出去了。
- A Will you please tell him I called when he is back?
 My name is Wang Kuo-ying.
 他图來時請你告訴他我打過電話來。我是主國英。
- B. Yes, sir, shall I tell him to ring you up when he returns?

是,要不要請他打電話給你。

A Yes, please. My number is two-five-six-two-我的號碼呈二五六一。

PART II. Sentences of Practical Use 實用句子

SENTENCES OF PRACTICAL USE

實 用 句 子 ·

 Politics and strategy ought to march hand in hand,

政治與戰略應該相互並進。

2. It is important to win the war politically as well as militarily.

政治上打勝仗和軍事上打勝仗,是一樣重要的。

- 3. We would rather die than being enslaved. , 每死不做亡國奴。
- 4. It is no doubt that ultimate victory belongs to the United Nations.

無疑的,聯合國一定得到最後勝利。

- 5. China is not only fighting for her freedom, but also for international justice 中國不僅爲自己的自由而戰,而且爲國際正義而改。
- 6. Our fatherland is in great danger, we should double our effort in resisting the Japanese and

in prometing national reconstruction。 國辦方般,我們應該加倍努力抗戰建國。

7. It is as necessary for the allies to take into account any possible tricks the Axis Powers may have up their sleeves, as it is to take positive measures for a big scale offensive to make them surrendered unconditionally.

同盟國不但需要積極準備大規模進攻,使軸心無條件投降,並且應該顧及它囊中可能具有的詭計。

- 8. There are at present two posibilities open to Japan—to accept the terms of unconditional surrender or to take a further military adventure. 如今日本有兩條路可走: 要嗎是接受無條件投降的條款,要嗎作進一步的軍事冒險。
- 9. Hitler is very likely to go on play the game at high stake to ruin the German people. 希特勒十之八九要下極大賭注來毀滅德國民族。
- 10. We will do our duty through thick and thin 即使營盤千辛萬苦,我們都要邀我們的責任。
- 11. The Chinese farmers have contributed their part to the war far greater than any other group of people.

中國農民對于戰爭的貢献,多于其他任何一種人民。

12. In the old days Hitler used to be greeted with loud cheers from his people during his speech, but he is greeted with muteness and sighs nowadays.

從前希特勒的演講時常得到德國人民的大聲歡呼 , 但 是近來人民卻報以緘默和嘩息。

13. The importance of gaining ultimate victory has greatly outweighed any personal differences and individual comfort.

獲得最後勝利的重要性 , 已大大的超過了意見的不同 和個人的安樂。

- 14. China has decided to fight to the very end until all her territory is cleared off the enemy troops and Japanese imperialism is extinguished 中國已經决心作戰到底,直到國土內無一敵兵,日本帝國主義消滅而後已。
- 15. What we want is to eradicate Nazism, Fascism and the military despotism in Japan, not glory.
 我們所需要的,是要根經納粹主義, 法面獨主義和日本的軍人專政,而不是樂譽。
- 16. The Japanese military installations in Rabaul were gradually wiped out under the hammerings of the United States Air Force from land and sea, 日軍在拉布爾的軍事設備 , 由於美國空軍從陸上和海

上的嚴重打擊,潮潮地被掃除了。

17. Hitler lost nearly all of his veteran troops in Russia.

希特勒在蘇聯幾乎損失了他的老兵的全部。

18. The trapped German troops have ignored our calls to surrender and are being wipped out with bayonet and hand grenade.

被圍的德軍,不理我們的招降,正被我們用刺刀和手榴 彈殲滅。

- 19. The 57 D held on at any cost in Changteh, and this was the turning point of that battle. 五十七師不惜任何犧牲,堅守常德,這就是此次戰役的 轆擾點。
- 20. The shelling and the skirmishes are only a prelude to a furious campaign.

21. The merchant marine contributes tremendously to the war effort as the navy.

商航隊對於戰爭之貢獻,與海軍一樣的偉大。

22. The present war is the greatest war of all times in which we have only two alternatives—to win or to be forever enslaved.

目前這次戰爭是有更以來最大規模的單每一在這當中我 「們只有兩條路——勝利或者永遠做奴隸。

- 23. Arms alone mean little, if not nothing, unless they are backed up by human will. 武器假加沒有人的意志去支持,如果不是絕無作用,即 有作用:意義也很小的。
- 24. From the lesson we have got in the resistance war against Japan, we have come more to learn that not only power of arms but all o the willpower and perseverance of the men who bear them are of decisive importance for victory. 從對日抗戰中所得的教訓、我們更加認識了,不祗是武 器的力量。而且還有拿武器的人底意志力和緊忍,對於

勝利具有决定性的重要。

- 25. The battle of Stalingrad has driven into the minds of the German people that Hitler's army can be defeated and hurled into the confusion of retreat. 斯太林勒之戰,使德國人民認識了,希特勒的軍隊也會 打败的。此會很很地退卻的。
- 26. Strategically Japan no longer has the upper hand in the Pacific **右戰略上,日本在太平洋不再佔上風了。**
- 27. The American troops caught the Japa ese garri one at the Marshalls off guard. 美軍乘馬紹爾茲島駐防的日軍不備而進攻。
- 28. Fifty hostages were shot for the death of a single

German soldier

為了僧德兵的一命。把五十個人質檢整了。

29. Japan attacked Pearl Harbor without declaration of war against the United States; the latter was forced to accept the challenge.

日本未經向美國宣戰。便進攻珍珠港;這便美國不得不 被逼應戰了。

- 30. Though the German army is still strong, they are showing signs of weariness everywhere. 雖然德軍仍舊很強,但到處已表現出厭戰的象徵了。
- 31. Mired in China and wearied of war the Japanese

Army cannot afford to run another risk 日軍陷入中國的泥沼,並且厭倦戰爭;無力再作一次冒 险了。

32. The Germans could not stop the break-through of the Red Army at the Dnieper, consequently about 25 divisions of German army were trapped in the bend.

德軍不能擋住紅軍在德聶伯河的突破,因而有二十五師 團的德軍便在河曲處被包圍了。

33. The Japs played a trick before the Pacific war and by a surprise attack their dive bombers crippled the United States fleet at Pearl Harbor, their torpedo planes sank the British Prince of Wales

and Repulse.

在太平洋戰爭之前,日本人玩了個詭計,他們的俯衝轟 炸機突然的遊襲,使珍珠港的美國艦隊損失其戰鬥力, 他們的魚雷機炸沉了英國的『威爾斯親王號』與『抗 拒號』。

34. The guerrilla warfare has fully proved itself a great menace to the Japanese garrison. It has thrown an apprehension into the hearts of those soldiers.

游擊戰已充分證明對於日本駐軍是一個很大的威脅。迫使日本兵士為之心驚膽顫。

35. Only by building up strong and modernized armed forces can we safeguard the territorial integrity of China, together with the rights and interests of the nation, in the future.

唯有建立強有力的現代化軍隊,始能保障未來中國國土 的完整和主權利益。

36. Axis strategy everywhere in the world is to create dissension and disunity that would lead to the defeat of the Allies.

PART III. SENTENCES OF DAILY USE 自用句子

SENTENCES OF DAILY USE

(日用句子)

1. I am as much concerned about your health as about your studies.

我對於你的健康與學業。一樣的關切。

2. I am willing to go to any lengths to help you out of the difficulties.

我願用盡方法,營救你脫離困難之境。

- 3. Give my regards to your family! 請給我向府上請安!
- 4. I shall be very glad to welcome you at any time. 隨便什麼時候來,我都是很歡迎的。
- 5. How far am I from the Central Hotel? 這裏去中央飯店有多遠?
- 6. Excuse me, I'm quite a stranger in this city, You'd better ask somebody else.

對不起,我對這個城也不大熟識,你最好問問別人。

7. Pardon me for stepping on your foot. 對不起,我踩到你的脚了。

- 8. Excuse me, sir, ! didn't do it on purpose. 對不起我不是故意這樣的。(無意碰着人,傷着人時說。)
- Pardon me for interrupting you; I think you are mistaken!

對不起,打斷作的話頭,我想你弄錯了!

- 10. We are going to have a dinner party Monday evening at Lohchuu's Would you come to join us? 星期--晚上我們在樂室社聚每 你也來參加嗎?
- I fancy I am engaged that evening, I will come if I possibly can.
 似乎我那天晚上已經有約會了。如果能夠來,我就一定來。
- 12. I am not sure that I can have the pleasure to join you. May I ring you up this afternoon at three? 我不能確定我可能來不。今天下午三點鐘我打電話告訴你好麼?
- 13. We only entertain you with simple food. We make no strangers of you.
 我們只是請你吃便飯,不當生客辦的呢。
- 14. I came upon an old friend yesterday when I was on my way to the office.
 昨天我上辦公的路上,碰見了一個老朋友。
- 15. At what hotel did you put up last night? 你昨天晚上住在哪一間旅館?

- 16. I'm awfully sleepy. Let me sleep a few minutes more. 我照得很。讓我瓦臟幾分鐘。
- 17. It's only five o'clock. Why get up so early? 现在總五點籍。爲什麽這樣早就起來呢?
- 18. I had a rather wakeful night. 昨晚我很睡不着。
- 19. I did't have a sound sleep last night. 昨晚我睡得不熟。
- 20. The bugle awakened me; I couldn't sleep any more. 號音吹醒了我,我不能再睡了。
- 21. Fetch me some warm water. 給我拿一點熱水來o
- 22. Buy me a cake of soap, please. 請你爲我買一塊勝子來。
- 23. I prefer a shower-bath to a tub (bathing in a tub). 彩要洗淋浴,不喜歡盆浴o
- 24. Hello, Chang! Don't put on that coat There is a hole in the back. 喂,老張!不要穿這件外衣,告後有個洞呢!
- 25. May I help you into your coat? 我 慧你穿大衣,好嗎?

- 26. Do you like your tea strong or weak? 你的茶要濃點,或要漆點?
- 27. May I put milk and sugar in your tea? 我慰你放點牛奶和糖在茶里,好嗎?
- 28. Have some more fish, won't you? 再要一點魚好嗎?
- 30. I fear you have made a poor meal, Mr. Yang. 楊先生,恐怕你吃不能(菜太壞了)。
- I have made a hearty meal.
 类太豐富了、我吃得真飽。
- 32 I forget to wind my watch this morning. It is not going now.

 今早我忘了開镖、現在停了。
- 33. By my watch it is twenty minutes to eleven. It must be a liftle too slow. 我的經現在是毫二十分十一點。一定是慢了一些。
- 24. I didn't set my watch yesterday. It might not give the correct time, 昨天我沒有對聽。這時間也許不準的。
- 35. He is still in his teens. 他線十幾度,不到二十。

(teens 指 13 到 19).

- 36. I am your Junior by five years. 我比你小五歲。
- 37. He is older by ten years. 他大了十歲。
- 38. He doesn't look like his age. 他的幾子不像他的年紀。
- He looks younger than he is.
 他長得比他的年紀要小一些。
- 40. How is the weather? 天氣如何?
- 41. What sort of a day is it to-day? 今天天氣如何?
- 42. It is fine. 天氣好的。

morrow.

- 48. It is raining, Have you brought an umbrella? 正在下雨。你帶了雨傘沒有?
- 44. It is cloudy. But I think we shall have fine weather tomorrow.現在陰天○可是我想明天會天壽的○
- 45. It is getting worse. We might have storm to-

天氣越來越壞了。明天也許有暴風雨呢。

- 46. It is drizzling I don't think it will clear up this afterneon. 現在正下着小雨。我想今天下午不會放晴的。
- 47. It was quite windy this morning, but the wind is going down.

 今早風很大,可見現在風漸漸息了●
- 48. The rain is pouring in torrents. 大雨如注。
- 49. It is raining cats and dogs. 大雨倾盆。
- 50. I will come if weather permits. 如天晴我一定來。
- 51. We are going to hold the meeting, rain or shine. 無論時雨,我們都要開會的。
- 52. Did you reach home in time for supper last evening?

昨晚你來得及回家吃晚飯嗎?

- 53. I arrived at the station just on time. The train started purctually at six. 我適時趕到車站。火車六點進時開。
- 54. When did the train get in last night? 昨晚水屯幾時到的?
- 55. It arrived shortly after eleven, thirty minutes

behind schedule. 火車十一點過一些到的,誤點了三十分錯。

- 56. What day of the month is it? 今天 是遊號 o
- 57. It is first on March. 是三月一日。
- 58. No, it is February 29th, this is a leap year.
 不,是二月廿九,今年閏年。
- 59. What day of the week is this? 今天星期幾?
- 60. Today is Monday. You are leaving for Chungking on Thursday, aren't you?

 今天是星期一。你星期四去重慶,可不是嗎?
- 61. 1 must get up early tomorrow morning to see Miss Luh off Let me go to bed early tonight. 明早我要早起送陸女士走。今晚讓我早點睡吧。
- t2. Though I went to bed early, I couldn't go to sleep before midnight, 儘管我一早上床 但是非到夜半是睡不着的。
- (3) It is quite dark in the room. Would you please turn on the light for me? 屋子裏很黑。請你給我開開電燈好嗎?
- 64 Don't forget to turn off the light when you go

to bed.

你上床時不要忘了關電燈。

65. The electric light is dim tonight Please light a lamp.

今晚電燈很暗。請你點一盞燈。

- 66. Blow out the candle, please. It is flickering. It hurts my eyes 請你把燭吹熄。它的光搖擺不定 傷了我的眼睛。
- 67. I want a copy of Shakespeare's Plays. 我要買一本涉上比亞劇本。
- 68. Sorry we haven't that book in hand. 對不起,我們沒有這本告。
- **69. I wan** a set of five-tube radio-receiver. 我要買一副五個真空管的無線電收音機。
- 70. Very sorry, it is out of stock. But if you want to, we can order it for you. You can have it in a week,

與對不起,我們賣完了。但是如果你需要,我們可以為你定一副。─個星後可以取貨。

71. We can give you ten percent discount if you want a dozen.
如果你要買一打,可以給你打個九折。

72. You bought a wrong hat; it is two sizes to large,

It looks funny on my head.

你買錯了帽子。大了兩號。我戴在頭上真是怪得很。

73. I want five fifty-cent stamps. Here is a ten-dollar note.

我要買五張五角的郵票、這是一張十元的鈔票。

74. I want to register this letter. What is the postage, please?

這封掛號信,請問要貼多少郵票?

75. There are two deliveries and two collections a day, one in the morning and one in the afternoon.

一天送兩次信,收兩次信,上午一次。下午一次。

- 76. Will you send this telegram off, please? 請你發這一通電報。
- 77. This is one of the best American made watches. You see, here is the trade mark. You can't go wrong,

這是美國製造的最好的一種錶。絕不會錯的。

78. We guarantee this watch for fifteen years, We can give you a warranty.

這個錶保用十五年,我們可以開一張保單給你。

79. Will this kind of cloth wear well, and won't the color fade?

這種布耐穿嗎?會退色嗎?

- 80. Certainly it will wear well and it is of durable color.
 - 一定耐穿,也不退色。

PART IV. TERMS OF CURRENT USE 通用語辭

TERMS OF CURRENT USE

(通用語辭)

由某类类面隔//// 原应必要 基 由 表)。

銀行

ARCD

$\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{D}_*$	一个关关何问题(Will	()广局夫,央、中、何)。
agreement		協定
alien friends		外國朋友
Allies		- 同盟國
(Allied F	Powers)	
athletic meet		運動會
Anti-war Pa	ct	非戰公約
(Kellogg	Pact)	
Atlantic (har	rter the)	大西洋憲章
attache		外交人員的腦官
Axis (the)		軸心
Bank		銀行

Central Bank of China 中央銀行 Bank of China 中國銀行 Bank of Communications 交通 銀行 Farmers Bank of China 中國農民銀行 barter system 物物交換制度

blind alley 研路 blockade 封鎖

blood transfusion	岭血
bogus organization	偽組織
begus government	伪政府
hourgeois	布爾語亞
Boxer Treaty	辛丑和約
boy scout	電子軍
brethren (the)	同胞
British Broadcasting Corporation	大英廣播公司
broadcast station	廣播電台
buffer zone	緩衝地帶
bu iness tax	營業稅
Bushido	武士道
Cairo Conference	開雜行識
capitalism	資本主義
capitalist	資本家
Central Executive Committee of	
Kuemintang (the)	中央執行委員會
Central Standing Committee of	
Kuomintang (the)	中央常務委員會
Central Supervisory Committee of	
Kuomintang (the)	中央監察委員會
China Red Cross (Association)	中國紅十字會
Chinese Exclusion Act	限制華人入境法
Chinese industrial co-operative	中國工業合作社
Citizen's monthly meeting	國民月會

civil disobedience 非暴力抵抗;不合作(尤指甘地等 爾通 少强弱的

	镇 舉之連動)
civil official	文官
co-capital	格舍
coersive policy	高學改策
collective security	集體安全
colonial policy	殖民地政策
colon y	殖民地
comrade	問志
conservative Party	保守资
conspirator	同謀者、同黨
constitution	造法
consul	领码和
consul-general	總何件
consul-jurisdiction	領事裁判權
Continental Policy	大陸政策
controlled economy	統制經濟
cooperative (society)	台 修覧:
corruption	模拟等學
cosmopolitanism	世界大司
credential	Fel is
crossroads	十字 以如
crusade	-1 · · · 116
cultural institution	交货門問
eurio	有時代很
currency	通货,貨幣

current news	新朝
customs and salt revenues	關稅和海稅
delegation	代表團
demarcation line	割定分界後
democracy	主列
democratic nations	民主國
Democratic Party (the)	民主黨
direct tax	直接稅
doomsday	末耳
D)wning Street 唐寧衛(英首相官邸)代表	英政府或首相事)
economic rehabilitation	經濟復興
economic sanction	經濟制以
economic seperance	經濟絕交
emancipation	解放
emb argo	禁運
embass ador	大使
embassy	大使館
emergency meeting	緊急會議
entente .	協約國
e pidemi c	傳染病
etiquette	耐候
extra-curriculum activities	課外運動
extra-teritoriality	治外法部
faseism	法西斯主義
fascist	法西斯蒂
fifth column	第五総款

foreign trade	對外貿易
foreign policy	外交政策
Four Freedoms	四大自由
freedom of speech	言論自由
freedom of religion	信仰自由
freedom from fear	免於恐懼之自山
freedom from want	免於飢餓之自由
Four Power Announcement	四強宣言
French National Liberation	
Committee	法國民族解放委員會
frontier	邊境;國境
Fundamentals of National Reconstr	ruction 建國方略
governor	総督
viceroy	(印度等地之)總督
havoc policy	堅壁清野
hinterland	內地
hoarding	画積居 奇
home for refugee children	難重教養院
Child-welfare Institute	兒童保育院
(亦稱為 Infant School)	
hunger strike	絕食
imperialism	帝國主義
income tax	所得稅
indemnity	賠款
indirect tax	間接稅
industry	工業

heavy industry	重工業
light industry	輕工業
han d in dustry	手工業
home industry	家庭工業
inflation (of currency)	(通貨)膨 脹
intelligence bureau	情報部
(intelligence office)	
information service	新聞處
international commerce	國際貿易
international exchange	外匯
International Red Cross	、世界紅十字會
intrigue	陰謀
isolationist	孤立派
Labour Party	工黨
Kremlin	克林姆宮(指蘇聯政府)
League of Nations (the)	國際聯盟
Lend and Lease Bill (the)	租借法案
liason work	戰時數處軍隊之聯絡工作
liberty bonds	數國公債
living standard	生活程度
local government	地方政府
Lokouchiao Inclient	蘆溝橋事變
Maginot Line	馬其諾防線
mand ate	代管地
manifesto	寬青
martyr	烈士

mass wedding	集團結婚
massacre (:laughter)	屠殺
memorandum	備忘錄
message to the nation	告全國軍民告
Military Affairs Commission	軍事委員會
military despotism	軍人專政
military discipline	軍事管理
military officer	武官(與文官對照)
Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry	農林部
Ministry of Communications	交通部
Mini try of Economic Affairs	經濟部
Miristry of Education	教育部
Ministry of Finance	財政部
Ministry of Food	糧食部
Ministry of Foreign Affairs	外交部
Ministry of Home Affairs	內政部
Ministry of Navy	海軍部
Ministry of War	軍政部
mission	使團
morale	民氣, 軍心
Mukden Incident (the)	瀋陽事變
mutual trust	互相信任
national assembly (the)	倒人人対関
National Government (the)	医民政府
National Pact	國民公約
national revolution	國民革命

national treasury	國庫
Nazi	納粹
Nazism	納粹主義
New Life Movement (the)	新生活運動
New Order in East Asia	東亞新秩序
news agency	新聞社
Central News Agency	中央社(中)
Associated Press	美聯社(美)
Domei	同盟社(日)
Havas	哈瓦斯社(法)
International News Service	國際新聞社(美)
Reuters	路透社 英)
Tass	塔斯社(蘇)
Trans Ocean	海通社 德)
United Press	合衆社(美)
Times	泰晤士報(英)
New York Times	紐約時報(美)
Pravda	真理報(蘇)
Izvestia	消息報(蘇)
Nine Power Treaty	九國公約
Nobel Prizes	諾貝爾獎金
non-intervention policy	不干涉協定
official statement	官報
oligarchy	寡預政治
Open Door Policy	門戶開放政策
Orphanage	孤見院

People's Political Council 國民參政會 perfect collaboration 完全合作 period of tutelage 訓政時期 Planned economy 計劃經濟 Plans for National Reconstruction 建國大綱 policy of appeasement 懷柔政策 presidium 丰席團 price control 限價 prime minister (premier) 首和 proletariat 無產階級 propaganda 官傳 protest 抗誘 provisional government 臨時政府 public functionary **苏**務目 public health 公共衛生 puppet regime 傀儡組織 puppet government 傀儡政府 Quebec Conference 魁北克會常 radicals 激烈份子(派) radio station 無線電台 ration 食糧定量分配 rear hospital 後方醫院 recruit 新元 refugee 雜程 refugee students 颱區以生 德帝國 Reichs

Third Reichs 第三帝國 Reprisal 報仇行動 Republican Party (the) 共和黨 Resistance and Reconstruction 抗戰與建國 (armed resistance and national reconstruction) round table conference 圓卓會談 rural credit 農村貸款 saboteur 怠工者 safeguard 保證 salt ration 計口授聯 saving bonds 儲蓄券 scorch-earth policy 焦十政策 Secretary of States 國務劑 semi-colony 半殖民地 smuggling 走私 sovereignty 丰棉 speculator 投機份子 sphere of influence 勢力範圍 Sphere of Greater East Asia Co-prosperity 大東亞非榮國 stabilizing factor 安定因素 state controlled enterprise 鐵學店業 suffrage (政治上年) 置墨權 Supreme National Defense Council 最高國防會議 swastika 卍字形(國亂萬黨殼)

麗稅 自主

tariff automomy

technical expert

技術專家

Teheran Conference (the)

德黑關會議

territorial and administrative

integrity

領土與主權的完整

territorial expansion

領土膨脹

territorial integrity

領土完整

terror terrorist

恐怖

Third International

第三國際

Third Principles of the People

三尺主義 集權國家;全能國

Totalitarian country traditional policy

傳統政策

quisling

traitor

奸細

奎斯林份子(奸細) — 原為挪奸,現 用如普通名詞指一般好細或質國份子

Chinese traitor

漢奸

treacherous fiend

背信的惡魔

Tripartite Alliance

三國同盟

ultimatum under-nourishment 最後通牒 營養不良

unequal treaty

不平等條約

United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation

Commission

聯合國救濟善後委員會

war of attrition

消耗戰

war-time capital

戰時首都

weekly Dr. Sun Yat-sen memorial service

紀念週

White House (the)

白宮

Wounded Soldiers' Society

Y. M. C. A.

傷兵之友社 青年會

(Young Men's Christian Association)

Y. W. C. A.

女青年會

PART V. TERMS OF MILITARY USE

TERMS OF MILITARY USE

1. GENERAL (一般)

a break through	突破
all-out war	全面戰爭
ammunition	軍火
ar mament	軍備
armistice	休戰
arms (weapon)	軍器
arsenal	兵工廠
attack	攻擊
counter-attack	反攻
surprise-attack	奇襲
bastion	堅堡
belligerent	交 戰國
blitzkrieg	閃電戰
(lightning war)	
bombard	肇季 ;炮轟
booty	戰利品
(spoils)	
camouflage	偽裝
captive	俘虜

(prisoner)	
casualities	死傷人數
Central Military Academy	
challenge	中央軍校
change hands	挑戰
Co.	慶得屢失
chemical warfare	化丹戰爭
close fighting	肉博戰;白刃戰
(hand-to-hand fight)	
close in	進逼
commander in chief of army, navy	
and air force	海陸空軍總司令
comunique	公報;官報
conscription	征兵
declaration of war	宣戰
dilemma	進退維谷
disarm	解除武装
dispatch	快報
doomed enemy	必死的敵人
encircling	包圍
equipment	裝備
evacuation	撒退
expeditionary army	遠征軍
fatal blow	致命的打擊
field dispatch	戰地新聞
field hospital	野戰醫院

前方醫院

front-line hospital

first-aid corps	救護隊
fringe	外圍
front	前方
fort	砲台
fortress	强 壘
gas mask	防毒面具
gendarme	憲兵
generalissi mo	• 總司令, 大元帥
gunner	砲手, 筆手
hostage	人質
initiative	主動
invincible ar.ny	無敵軍隊
liquidation	消滅
lone battalion	孤屯
lull	(戰爭中的)暫時平靜
magazine	火樂庫
maneuver	演習
marshal	元帥,大將
military attache	陸海空軍武官
military conference	軍事會議
mobilization	動員
mopping-up	棉蔥
national defence	國防
neutral	中立國
night attack	夜襲
non-combatant	非戰鬥道

occupied zones	佔領區域
m tilank	迁迴,侧擊
password	口令
periscope	潛望鏡(潛艇與壕中川)
radio operator	無線電員
$rang_{oldsymbol{ heta}}$	射程
rear	後方
rear-guards	掩護隊
reenforcements	援軍、增兵
(或拚作 reinforcements)	
remnants	殘餘之衆
reserves	後備軍
resistance war	抗戰
retreat	退卻
search-light	探照燈
self-defence corps	自衞隊
shelling	射擊,砲擊
skirmish	小 衝突
smoke screen	烟幕
spyglass	小望遠鏡
standing army	常備軍
strategy	戰略
stronghold	要塞
stubborn resistance	頑扰
suicide corps	
(dare-to-d'e corps)	

supply station	供應站
supreme commander	最高統帥
surrender	投降
unconditional surrender	無條件投降
tactics	較術
blitz tactics	閃電戰術
infiltration tactics	渗透戰衡
jungle tactics	森林敦衍
target practice	打靴
teles ope	望遠鏡
binocular tel escope	雙眼望遠鏡
the high command	統帥部
to harangue an army to its duty	誓師
triumph	凱旋,勝利
ultimate victory	最後勝利
vanguards	,前鋒隊
veteran	老兵,善戰之兵士
victory	勝利
volunteers	義勇隊
(volunteer corps)	
war correspondent	戰地記者
war weariness	原 型
watch·tower	。财限有
wounded soldier	傷兵

2. ARMY (陸軍)

ambulance	救護車、傷兵車
armoured division	装甲師團
army	Ű.
group army	集團軍
${f division}$	師、師團
brigade	旅、旅團
re gimen t	團。聯隊
battalion	營、大隊
company	連、中隊
platoon	排、分除
artillery	大 砲、砲兵
artillery barrage	掩護炮 火
barracks	兵營
lattery	排炮、砲隊、砲兵縱隊
bayonet	刺刀
besiege	包圍
blocke house	防舍
breach	缺口
bridgehead	橋頭堡
bullet	子彈,鎗彈
cannon	大炮
cannon ball	炮彈
coast gun	海岸砲
field gun	野砲

(field Piece)

•	
fortress gun	要寒砲
mountain gun	山砲
howitzer	榴彈炮
mortar	白炮
Trench mortar	迫擊炮
long-range gun	長射程炮
automatic machine cannon	機關炮
rapid-firing gun	快炮
signal gun	號炮
salute	禮炮
cavalry	騎兵
consolidate positions	鞏固陣地
fortified zone	要塞地帶
garrisons	守備隊、衞戍兵;駐軍
general	上將
lieutenant general	中將
major general	少將
colonel	上校
lieutenant colonel	中校
major	少校
captain	上层
lieutenant	中尉
second lieutenant	少尉
corporal	伍長
sergeant	正晶

grenade 手榴彈 (hand grenade) guerrillas 游擊隊 guerrilla warfare 游戲戰 infantry 步兵 machine gun 機關槍 machine guns net 機關槍巢 mechanized units 機械化部隊 mine 地雷(水雷) mine detector 地雷探查器 mobile troop 機動部隊 motorized column 摩托化部隊 motorcyclists 機器脚踏車隊 前哨 outpost **斥候隊;巡邏隊** patrols 手槍 pistol 盒子炮; 短槍 carbine 連發手槍 revolver 袋形陣地 pocket 随地戰 positional warfare rifle 步枪 automatic rifle 自動步槍 工兵隊 sapper unit **步哨**,哨兵 sentry 未戰 street fighting

tank

坦克車

anti-tank gun flame-throwing tank amphibian tank tigers

tent
tommy gun

trench

truck

crew

反坦克車炮 噴火坦克 水陸兩用坦克 老虎坦克

老此如兄

衝鋒機關槍 蠔滞

貨車

(lorry) (英人多用 lorry)

3. NAVY (海軍)

admiral
vice admiral
rear admiral
air-craft carrier
archipelago
armada
atoll
auxiliary ship
battle-cruiser
battle ship
capital ship
convoy
coral island
coral reef

船上一切人員

cruiser	巡洋艦
heavy cruiser	重巡洋艦
light cruiser	輕巡洋艦
deep charge	深水炸彈
destroyer	驅逐艦
E-boat	摩托快艇
flagship	旗艦
fleet	艦隊
freighter	行船
gun boat	抱艦
hospital ship	救護艦,醫院船
landing party	海軍陸戰隊
(landing troop)	(中年)生活的
life belt	救生圈
lift boat	救生船
main squadron	主力艦隊
marines	水兵
merchant fleet	商船艦隊
merchant marine .	商船隊隊員
mine	水雷
mine layer	水雷敷設艦
mine sweeper	掃雷艦
naval base	海軍根據地
naval blockade	海軍封鎖
R-boat	武装掃雷艦
reef	礁石

sailor 水手 scout 斥喉艦 Submarine 潜水艇 (U-boat) (尤指德國的) tanker 滞油船 torpedo boat 角害艇 transport 運輸船 warship 軍艦 4. AIR FORCE (泰軍) ace (原係第一次大戰法國名飛行家的名字)空中健將 advanced air-field 前進飛機場 air base **卒**軍根據地 air corps. 航空隊 aiceraft 航空機(包括飛機、飛艇、氣珠、滑翔機等) air defence 防卒 air-defense corps 防護團

(aerodrome)

hidden reef

rubber boat

airplane (或 plane)

飛機

飛行場

播礁

橡皮艇

(aeroplane)

air field

biplane

雙翼形機

monoplane 單翼飛出 四裔動機飛騰 four-engine plane 戰門證 fighting plane (fighter) bomber, 語作機 重益炸機 heavy bomber medium bomber 中型盘炸議 light bomber 輕高炸器 dive-bomber **俯範蓋推撥** torpedo-bember 魚雷轟炸器 fighter-bomber 戰鬥區炸機 pursuit plane 驅逐機 scouting plane 偵察機 (reconnaissance plane) leading plane 循隊機 flying fortress 飛行保壘 Mitchell 米哈爾式機 Liberator 解放式機 Lancaster 於開夏式機 Hurricane 颶風式機 Typhoon 旋風式機 Mosquito 蚊式機 Thunderbolt 雷電式機 Lightning 閃電式機 Wildcat 野猫式器 Marander 突擊式機 Boston

波上帕式機

Mustang	野馬式機
Spirfire	噴火式機
Yonk (Junker)	容克式機
${f Zero}$	零式機
Airship	能船
air station (air port)	航空站
alarm (或 alert:	呼報
first alarm	第一次警報
second alarm	緊急警報
all clear	解除醫報
anti-aircraft gun	高射炮
(ack-ack gun)	
anti-aircraft machine gun	高射機關槍
aviator	飛機師
ballon	氣燥
basement	地下室
bomb	炸彈
incendiary bomb	燃燒彈
demolition bomb	破壞彈
explosive bomb	爆炸彈
time-fuse bomb	定時炸彈,延時彈
(delay bomb)	
daylight bombing	白洁森炸
debris	蕨址
direct hit	直接中强
dug-out	功空制

fighter escort	戰鬥機的掩護
formation	編四
gliding machine	滑翔機
(glider)	
hanger	飛機庫
landing station	降落站
Luftwaffe	德國空軍
military target	軍事日標
civilian target 之對)	I
night raid	夜襲
parachute *	降落傘
parachutists	降落傘部隊
(paratroop)	
penetration	使入
pilot	駕駛員
propeller	推進器
rocket	雅節
runaway	跑道
sea-borne plane	以軍艦爲基地之飛機
seapla ne	水上飛機
shelter	掩蔽,避難所
shuttle-bombing	穿後羅炸
sorty	飛機之一次飛行
strafe	播射
swoop down	突然低飛

A.V.G. American Volunteer Group 美國志願隊(飛虎隊)
A.A.F. (Army Air Force) 美國陸軍飛行隊
U.S.A.A.F. (United States of America's
Air Force) 美國空軍
R.A.F. Royal Air Force) 英皇家空軍

- The End -

