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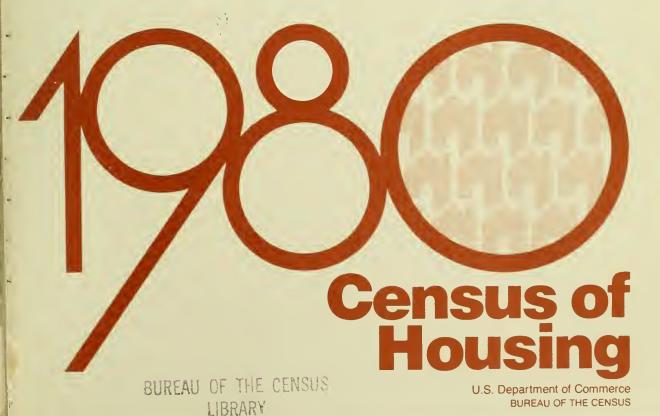
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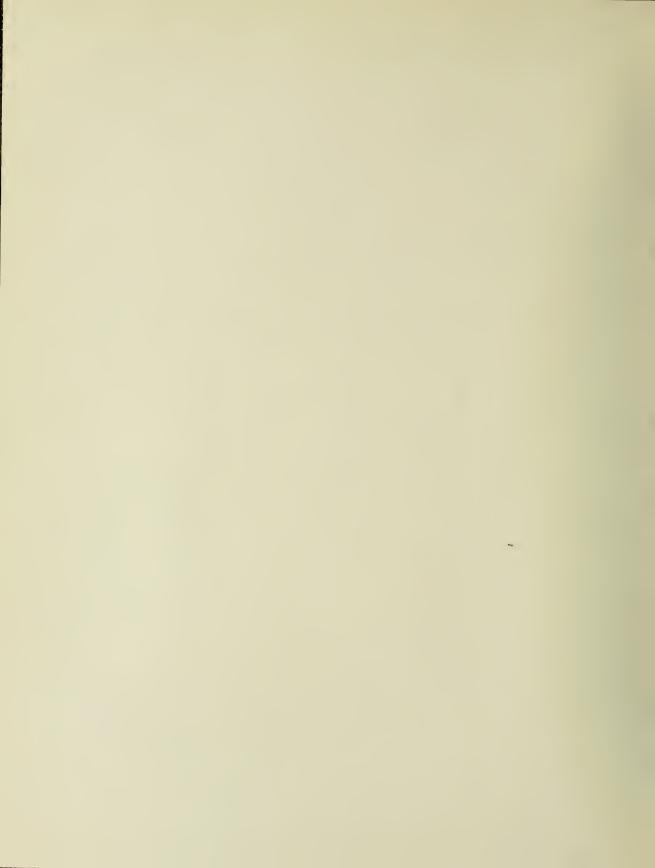
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

TERRE HAUTE, IND.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

TERRE HAUTE, IND.

HC80-2-350



Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

Acknowledgments

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman and Deputy Director, C. L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Census, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanley D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachel F. Brown and Roger O. Lepage, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services: Donald R. Dalzell, H. Ray Dennis, Stephen E. Goldman, Dennis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warren.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content, designing the tabulations, and preparing this report was in the Housing Division under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief; Leonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief; and William A. Downs, Chief, Decennial Planning and Data Services Branch. This report was prepared by Robert W. Bonnette, Carol A. Comisarow, Richard G. Knapp, and Charles N. Moore, Important contributions were made by Carmina F. Young, Special Assistant.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robert L.

Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief, James E. Steed, George M. Bowden, and Joseph J. Sferrella, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Werking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allen, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Scheller, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turner, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrence T. Love, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charles Hancock, and George T. Reiner, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Robert W. Marx, Chief; Joseph J. Knott and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs; and Donald I. Hirschfeld, Special Assistant.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andersen, Arlene C. Duckett, and Gerald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and

producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charles D. Jones, Chief, Susan M. Miskura and Robert T. O'Reagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jewett, J. Kim, Teresa A. Passalacqua, Charles E. Talbert, John H. Thompson, and Henry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, 8 ranch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

1980 census of housing, Volume 2, Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HC80-2-

Issued August 1983-

1. Housing—United States—Statistics. 2. Households—United States—Statistics. 3. United States—Census, 20th, 1980. I. United States. Bureau of the Census. II. Title Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HD7293.A6114 312',9'0973

81-607957 AACR2

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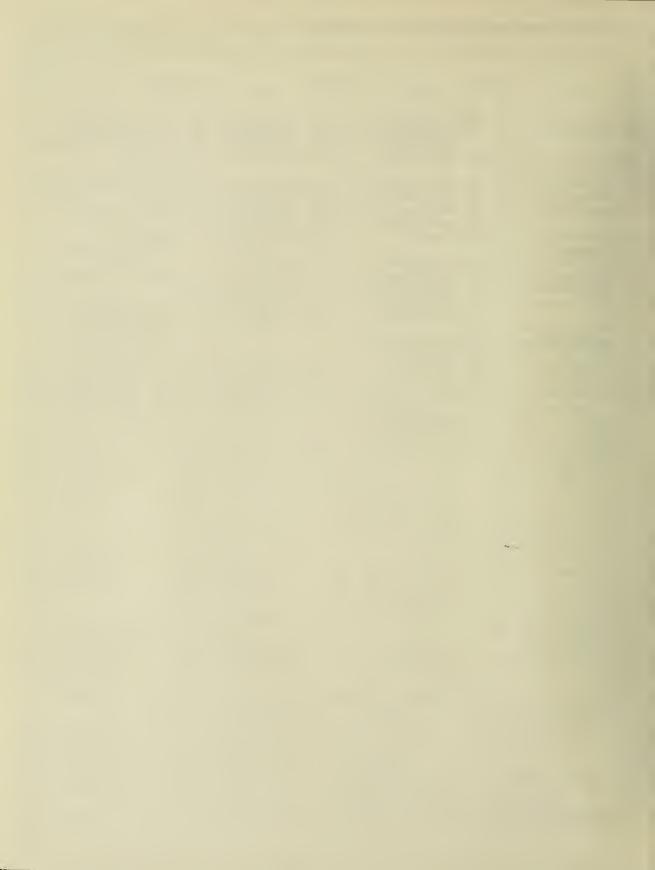
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are above the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

TERRE HAUTE, IND.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-350

Contents

Arrangement of Tables

This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	uge
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	D
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	>
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	ΧI
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	ΧIV

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

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SMSA total Terre Haute	A B	Pages 1 to 12 13 to 24	Pages — —	Pages – –	Pages — —	Pages —	Pages _ _

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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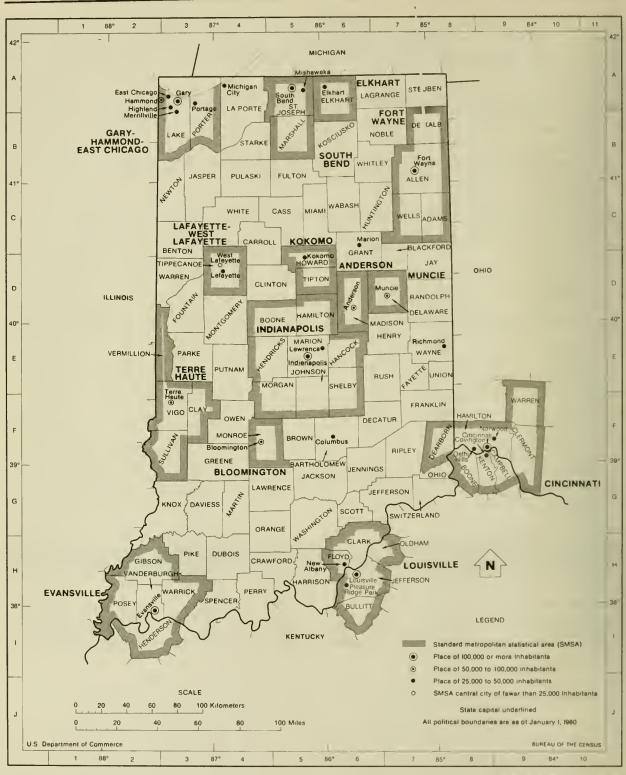
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Table Finding Guide— Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	_ 3	- 4	- 5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3		5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	- - -	-	- 5 -	6
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	666
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-	_	- - 3	-	5 -	6
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	-	-	- - -	_ 4 4	5	6
Gross rent as percentage of household income. Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income.	- 1	2	- 3	4	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 -	4 -	5 - -	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25 36	15 26 37	16 27 38	17 28	18 29 40	19 30
Asian and Pacific Islander	47 58	48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	51 62	52 63

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8		- -			
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	-	12 - 12 12	13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	1 - 1	9 - -	_ _ _	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available. House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8 8	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	12 - - - -	
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-		9	=	-	12	
monthly owner costs	-	-	9 -	- -	11 11 - 11		
Gross rent	_	-	9	10	-	12	-
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income		-		10	_	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	:	8	9	-	11		
The table numbers listed above show date the race or Spanish origin group, or if the	a for all house group compris	holds. Similar es 10 percent	data are show of the area po	vn in the tables list pulation. For furth	ed below when the ner explanation, see	the Introduction	more persons of on on page VII.
White	. 20	32	22 33	23 34	3 35	5 -	-
Aleut	. 5	3 54	4 5	5 5	5	7 -	

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places

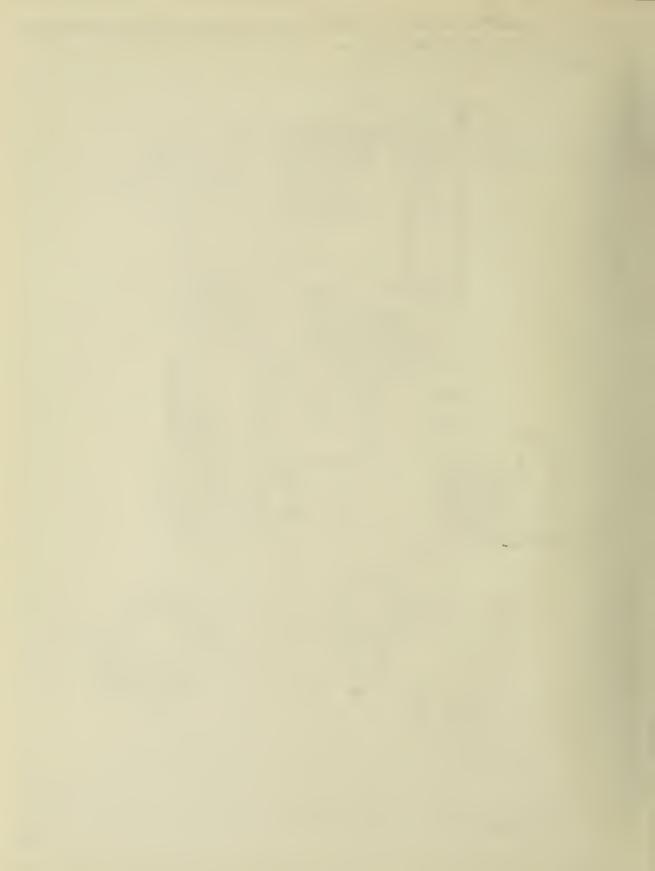


CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, so						see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 ar more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	36 930	3 889	8 338	8 220	5 669	4 071	2 586	2 756	856	440	105	26 900	32 900
HOUSEHOLD TYPE ANO AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over 65 years and over Median oge	25 692 927 5 405 4 736 9 905 4 719 2 591 128 358 291 804 1 010 8 647 145 571 2 81 2 41 8 497 54.1	1 814 71 231 215 6655 632 474 41 1 28 155 234 1 601 23 72 63 430 1 013 64.1	4 916 255 909 696 1 828 1 228 7 89 56 96 76 207 354 2 633 2 55 1 81 1 98 896 1 333 58.4	5 525 281 1 239 833 2 053 1 119 563 31 89 74 151 218 2 132 69 156 111 691 691 1 105 55.5	4 266 131 1 102 712 1 660 273 9 42 21 122 79 1 130 27 119 94 342 548 51.9	3 307 65 822 705 1 240 475 213 7 18 46 82 60 551 1 197 283 48.9	2 227 58 482 464 935 288 76 - 30 2 20 24 283 - 40 31 132 80 48.6	2 411 54 436 730 975 216 136 9 23 8 55 41 209 	761 6 148 229 3222 56 13 - 2 111 - - 82 - 7 15 211 39 45.5	377 2 30 132 185 28 37 - - - 26 - - 16 10 48.0	88 4 4 6 20 20 21 6 17 7 - 17 51.6	31 300 32 4900 32 600 38 700 32 300 23 100 20 400 21 800 21 800 20 300 22 400 20 800 20 800 20 800 20 800	36 500 29 300 36 000 43 400 37 700 29 100 27 200 24 000 37 000 36 100 27 500 21 300 22 000 22 000 23 300 25 300 25 500 27 500 27 500 28 500 29 100 20
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVEO INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	3 338 8 465 6 109 7 791 11 227	285 589 529 740 1 746	629 1 576 1 217 1 704 3 212	613 1 758 1 303 1 665 2 881	475 1 455 1 041 1 212 1 486	369 923 744 1 019 1 016	336 738 519 529 464	384 929 502 614 327	147 328 174 149 58	72 150 62 132 24	28 19 18 27 13	32 600 32 000 30 000 28 600 21 500	39 400 37 600 34 800 34 400 25 500
ROMS 1 to 3 rooms	920 6 621 12 189 8 741 4 513 3 946 5.4	452 1 564 1 258 424 96 95 4.5	235 2 421 3 354 1 563 463 302 5.0	121 1 530 3 438 2 049 680 402 5.2	65 633 2 066 1 683 778 444 5.5	14 297 1 213 1 298 722 527 5.9	8 103 413 957 687 418 6.3	17 59 364 629 754 933 6.9	11 77 81 235 452 7.6	8 3 2 50 98 279 8.2	- 4 7 - 94 8.5+	10 300 16 700 23 600 32 000 42 900 53 400	16 300 19 600 26 700 34 700 45 600 60 100
BEOROOMS None	41 2 511 15 449 14 847 3 534 548	11 922 2 099 719 124 14	28 815 4 851 2 180 374 90	410 4 198 3 081 472 59	2 203 2 117 2 783 474 90	- 61 1 238 2 196 503 73	33 515 1 571 433 34	53 344 1 684 613 62	3 55 406 366 26	- 11 21 202 129 77	- 11 25 46 23	12 200 13 600 21 400 35 200 46 000 44 600	12 900 18 100 24 600 38 800 51 200 59 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980. 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969. 1950 to 1959. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or eorlier	2 420 2 312 4 022 4 741 3 767 19 668	39 49 99 226 487 2 989	62 184 355 578 856 6 303	129 256 586 1 030 989 5 230	274 402 744 981 604 2 664	320 399 828 835 432 1 257	465 299 439 522 186 675	695 431 679 427 150 374	281 226 145 83 26 95	122 66 118 46 32 56	33 	57 600 46 700 42 700 35 700 25 400 20 700	61 300 50 000 46 700 38 000 29 000 24 100
HOUSEHOLO INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Median	3 715 6 303 2 984 2 839 5 965 5 247 6 066 2 777 1 034 \$17 203 \$19 338	1 114 1 350 390 240 406 174 147 53 15 \$7 745 4 \$9 995	1 243 2 065 942 777 1 382 903 747 219 60 \$12 285 \$14 267	717 1 506 670 756 1 594 1 397 1 111 374 95 \$16 385 \$17 368	351 701 455 512 1 136 1 061 961 420 420 420 518 732 \$18 732 \$19 709	169 383 264 238 720 653 1 136 409 99 \$21 672 \$22 747	58 119 135 141 409 475 755 408 86 \$24 528 \$25 685	35 147 110 148 247 410 888 529 242 \$27 845 \$30 233	22 22 18 17 43 138 214 244 138 \$32 522 \$34 914	6 3 - 10 24 26 95 108 168 \$38 817 \$50 996	7 7 4 10 12 13 59 \$56 056 \$68 178	15 600 18 600 21 500 24 300 26 900 31 300 40 600 47 900 67 700	19 300 22 100 25 600 28 200 30 400 35 800 42 700 51 400 74 900
MORTGAGE STATUS ANO SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Median	20 987 8 745 4 508 2 859 1 575 1 012 2 199 16.9 1 59 6 426 3 199 2 153 1 321 846 494 1 395 1 109 1 12.3	1 216 272 238 172 97 131 289 177 22.6 2 673 644 426 256 220 159 389 25 16.5	3 738 1 658 723 406 292 177 472 10 16.4 4 600 1 597 849 682 528 297 174 446 27 14.1	4 434 1 992 923 5777 323 226 3 369 24 16.2 3 786 1 559 814 14 144 144 144 102 303 19 12.0	3 658 1 550 850 850 850 850 850 850 879 115 121 16.6 2 011 181 1121 103 27 139 10.5	2 867 1 279 586 445 223 107 7 16.3 1 204 663 210 128 65 37 37 19 61	1 851 822 410 219 123 117 160 	2 089 814 483 301 195 95 201 17.4 667 388 109 78 37 26 6 18 5	711 207 184 147 69 27 7 64 13 18,9 145 99 20 17 7 7 7 9	339 1111 107 74 14 16 10 17 6 17,6 10,1 70 28 - - - 10—	84 40 4 5 7 28 8 8 - 17.5 21 14 4 7 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	32 800 32 800 33 800 33 800 33 300 28 100 27 700 21 200 21 400 16 900 16 400 16 400 16 300 20 700	37 900 37 700 39 100 40 000 35 900 34 900 40 100 26 300 31 300 21 300 22 100 22 100 21 800 19 800 25 500
SEECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	36 230 882 700 35 36 909 32 846 26 557 13 746 2 896 7.8	3 437 156 452 25 3 884 2 613 1 485 300 981 25.2	8 167 346 171 10 8 324 6 943 4 927 1 357 912 10.9	8 184 224 36 8 218 7 510 6 016 2 540 502 6.1	5 651 95 18 5 669 5 340 4 596 2 507 243 4.3	4 068 26 3 4 071 3 875 3 446 2 015 137 3.4	2 578 10 8 2 586 2 499 2 265 1 757 50 1.9	2 744 12 12 - 2 756 2 684 2 483 2 055 43 1.6	856 	440 8 	105 5 105 105 94 89	27 300 17 000 10000— 10000— 26 900 28 800 31 700 40 800 14 300	33 300 21 600 12 600 8 900 32 900 34 600 37 100 46 000 19 100

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction for meaning of symbols, see Introduction for definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Logid die esimic	Less than	\$100 to	\$150 to	\$200 to	\$250 to	\$300 to	\$350 to	\$400 to	\$500 pr	No cash	Median
The SMSA	Total	\$100	\$149	\$199	\$249	\$299	\$349	\$399	\$499	more	rent	(dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	14 644	1 241	1 999	3 583	3 050	1 669	1 131	389	224	36	1 322	197
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	5 635	110	528	1 273	1 338	871	551	241	173	25	525	222
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 645 2 041	42 33	221 129	461 436	459 540	246 354 119	252 84	40 77	70	6	56 144 77	207 231 254
35 to 44 years	635 819	12	36 58	80 168	144 117	114	86	24 69	51 44	12 7	144	254 242 187
65 years and over	495 3 131	15 292	84 472	128 863	78 604	36 269	12 270	31 72	13	6	104 27 0	186
15 to 24 years	1 087 911	37 59	136 121	323 280	286 ! 165	96 117	141 85	18 22	3 10	_	47 52	186 204 188
35 to 44 years	362 445	15	39 108	113 86	95 55	24 26	33 11	10 14	_	6 -	27 79	200 154 103 178
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	326 5 878	115 839	68 999	61 1 447	1 108	529	310	8 76	38	- 5	65 527	103 178
15 to 24 years	1 141 1 191	35 18	197 158	357 360	341 305	104 172	58 96	9	6	5 3 -	31	194
35 to 44 years	559 1 011	23 142	48 208	155 319	88 147	134 34	81 26	20 17	18	- 2	10	206 227 166
65 years and over	1 976 32.6	621 70.4	388 38.0	256 29.1	227 28.1	85 30.0	49 29.5	15 36.5	36.0	40.0	335 57.1	121
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	32.0	70.4	30.0	• ***	20.1	30.0	27.3	30.3	30.0	40.0	37.1	
1979 to Morch 1980	7 508 4 306	360 422	886 630	1 785 1 191	1 871 898	1 022 498	791 264	284 80	194 16	26 10	289 297	214 189
1970 to 1974	1 449 815	312	278 145	372 158	181	94 32	38 38	16	14	-	158	160 164
1959 or earlier	566	40	60	77	32	23	-	-	12	-	334	154
ROOMS	291	108	59	66	32		5			_	21	128
2 rooms	1 354 3 528	266 511	412 847	408 1 143	205 668	26 108	37	16	-	-	37 198	147 160
4 rooms5 rooms	4 455 2 970	196 121	414	1 282	1 009	627 597	380 391	103 105	32	_	412 315	206 238
6 rooms	1 304 742	39	56 21	121	294 85	217	186 132	120 45	38 82 72	13 11 12	178	262 263
Medion	4.0	3.0	3.1	3.6	4.1	4 6	4 9	5 2	60	60	161	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 644 14 050	1 241 1 094	1 999	3 583	3 050	1 669	1 131	389	224	36	1 322 1 210	197
0.50 or less	8 683	854	1 859 1 250	3 472 2 115	2 986 1 632	1 656 855	1 124 705	389 236	224 137	36 19	880	200 191
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	4 756 468	232 8	525 50	1 133 162	1 248 82	722 65	355 55	138 15	87 -	17	299 31	212 199
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	143 594	147	34 140	62 111	24 64 24	14 13	9	~	_	_	112	162 122
0.51 to 1.00	299 235	76 52	77 54	48 55	24 38	9 1	7	_		_	65 29	111
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	28 32	19	9	4 4	- 2	4 -	_	_	_	_	11 7	109 85
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 330 3 064	6 53 578	515	804	563	283	173	12	14	14	299	167
1.01 or more persons per room	251	-	458 39	771 126	532 8	283 42	166 25	12	14 :	14	236	171 174
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	266 18	75 9	57	33	31	-		_	_	_	63	10 7 85
BEDROOMS None	442	158	93	115	34	٩	5				29	120
12	5 636 6 164	758 234	1 324	1 874 1 312	1 059	200 990	97	11	8	-	305	130
34	1 980 336	83 8	438 122 17	232	1 539 367	432	716 244	188 153	63 116	10 21	674 210	223 259
5 or more	86	-	5	35 15	45	34 5	58 11	22 15	36 1	5	81 23	272 302
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached	6 616	282	568	1 198	1 491	1 052	564	241	139	31	1 050	224
2 3 ond 4	1 604 2 251	48 230	285 443	493 786	331 376	195 172	174	42 39	~ 8	-	28	195
5 to 9	1 423 836	215 54	294	458 183	216 327	67	172 } 90	18	49	-	30 16	169
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 028 886	380 32	249	275	61	77 14	76 7	12	17	5 -	11	212 130
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	000	32	58	190	248	92	48	23	8	-	187	214
1975 to March 1980	1 395 1 604	137 287	81 195	118 342	355 337	211 173	289 87	77 86	58	9	60	246 194
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	2 056 1 521	340 54	250 164	476 397	434	143	141	52	25 57 24	6	66 159	186
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 B19 6 249	85 338	274	525	341 390	214 231	142 139	45 23	24	3	137 121	211 195
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	0 247	330	1 033	1 725	1 193	697	333	106	36	7	779	185
1 to 34 or more	13 741 903	918 323	1 742	3 307 276	3 019	1 658	1 131	389	224	31	1 322	204
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	737	323	257 175	203	31 31	-	-	-	-	5 5	-	131 108
INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	2 768 2 250 2 125	268 241 207	500 282	789 563	734 550	211 311	161 198	67 79	32 22	6		186 203
20 to 24 percent	1 545	203	317 227	599 374	430 352	289 225	215 104	33 37	22 29 23 25	6		203 194 195
30 to 34 percent	919 1 509	79 133	126 191	260	170 326	130 214	97	32 99	25 46	- 6		198 209 203
Not computed	2 008 1 520	79	325 31	358 572 68	464 24	267	214	36	43	8	1 322	203
Medion	23 6	22 3	23 2	23 4	22 7	25 3	24 7	26 7	30 8	24 2	1 322	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment	14 621	1 237	1 999	3 573	3 050	1 669	1 131	389	224	31	1 318	197
Air conditioning	12 493 8 11 6	1 059 686	1 523 900	3 115 1 806	2 617 1 824	1 468 9 81	1 074 792	386 246	224 174	31 28	996 679	197 201 207
Central system	2 911	188	180	411	605	456	551	181	141	28	170	249

Table A-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		_			He	usehold incor	ne in 1979	-					
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	48 374	4 999	8 459	3 912	3 773	7 680	6 711	7 939	3 525	1 376	16 966	19 199	4 021
HOUSEHOLD TYPE ANO AGE OF HOUSEHOLOER Married-couple femilies 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Mole householder, no write present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Femilie householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 35 to 64 yeors 55 yeors and over Femilie householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over	33 647 1 459 6 841 6 043 13 044 6 260 3 744 245 638 1 058 1 058 1 0983 249 850 763 3 405 773 3 743 3 744 3 747 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1 116 44 176 105 377 414 674 21 32 40 143 438 3 209 105 85 662 2 321 70.1	3 843 173 432 242 942 2 054 946 55 102 60 205 55 77 3 670 145 125 182 1 037 2 030 66.5	2 430 151 331 234 803 911 336 26 78 57 68 107 1 146 43 150 105 508 340 58.6	2 670 208 55% 384 751 731 336 48 81 18 130 59 767 4 98 86 316 263 53.0	5 964 410 1 647 837 2 126 944 590 52 131 105 59 191 111 1 126 9 129 175 456 357 49.0	5 838 266 1 679 1 287 2 172 434 363 19 115 82 2 115 32 2 510 8 4 44 63 203 192 43.3	7 290 175 1 541 1 800 3 362 412 285 50 255 517 33 33 369 2 43 44 140 140	3 242 19 344 837 1 818 224 146 2 40 32 63 32 63 9 137 2 2 5 5 15 70 45	1 254 13 95 317, 693 136 23 26 22 49 - - 8 12 29 51.7	20 614 16 529 20 645 24 716 23 306 11 817 11 817 13 724 16 250 17 025 14 673 7 721 7 933 10 733 10 735 10 705 10 705	22 746 17 230 21 297 27 551 25 533 15 169 14 548 14 108 17 311 18 547 16 938 10 032 9 920 11 667 13 937 11 592 8 195	1 455 72 345 228 479 331 376 26 37 27 111 175 2 190 56 143 546 1 270 62.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLOER MOVEO INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 727 11 392 8 059 9 821 14 375	309 669 662 960 2 399	723 1 521 1 184 1 346 3 685	372 831 559 790 1 360	426 887 595 687 1 178	890 2 082 1 360 1 370 1 978	783 2 009 1 266 1 348 1 305	744 2 279 1 563 1 924 1 429	342 817 631 1 018 717	138 297 239 378 324	18 011 19 270 18 765 19 188 12 028	20 207 20 632 20 487 21 444 15 477	382 765 619 811 1 444
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heeting equipment Centrol becting system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles avoiloble 1 2 or more House heeting fuel Utility gos Böttled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medion rooms	47 320 1 116 1 054 68 48 350 42 816 33 836 17 012 44 767 14 563 30 204 48 350 25 309 4 724 7 645 9 297 1 375 5.3	4 627 55 372 2 4 996 3 718 2 491 1 038 4 996 2 614 613 389 1 114 266 4.7	8 127 126 332 28 8 443 7 068 5 000 1 998 7 109 4 381 2 728 8 443 4 830 947 719 1 727 220 4.8	3 833 88 79 9 3 912 3 403 2 506 1 197 3 757 1 910 1 847 3 912 2 172 441 447 744 108 5.0	3 720 83 53 3 401 2 512 1 151 3 651 2 145 3 773 2 113 391 477 689 103 5.2	7 595 259 85 117 6 925 5 502 2 472 7 558 2 243 5 315 7 677 4 158 763 1 143 1 351 262 5.3	6 655 161 56 100 6 711 6 156 5 210 2 628 6 686 1 138 5 548 6 711 3 209 657 1 312 166 5.6	7 888 213 51 3 7 937 7 444 6 337 3 558 7 919 822 7 097 7 937 3 844 622 1 930 1 359 1 825 60	3 501 98 24 5 3 525 3 378 3 035 2 062 3 523 274 3 249 3 525 1 699 207 719 486 6.4	1 374 33 2 - 1 376 1 323 1 243 1 007 1 371 1 376 670 83 321 282 20 7.0	17 189 19 060 7 307 11 111 16 772 17 752 19 028 21 292 18 072 10 988 21 660 14 808 22 075 16 377 14 769	19 410 20 953 9 737 14 964 19 983 21 192 24 193 20 259 12 984 23 767 71 9 204 18 473 16 801 12 4090 18 931 15 601	3 691 189 330 24 4 018 2 930 1 929 628 2 813 1 506 1 307 4 018 1 971 534 325 949 239 4,9
Specified owner-occupied housing units	36 930	3 715	6 303	2 984	2 839	5 965	5 247	6 066	2 777	1 034	17 203	19 338	2 896
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$330 to \$399 \$350 to \$399 \$300 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$499 \$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$124 \$125 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	20 987 5 196 4 123 3 678 2 308 1 761 2 101 2 101 2 101 594 240 \$266 15 943 187 1449 4 319 4 319 4 250 2 995 2 048 450 245 245 245 245 245 251 261 271 271 272 273 274 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275	923 483 149 108 89 - 23 19 4 4 2 \$195 2 792 121 573 934 553 315 553 315 231 39 26 6 89	1 972 948 444 262 118 63 76 42 219 519 518 1 474 1 157 662 374 99 28 8 \$103	1 490 624 388 172 108 68 83 24 4 18 5 5 216 1 494 3 3 88 476 372 341 1162 22 30 3112	1 643 509 396 299 175 108 128 28 	3 782 1 073 788 684 464 393 239 80 55 6 \$252 2 183 27 663 527 663 522 281 56 23 3,117	3 721 647 775 765 509 353 424 167 66 15 \$279 1 526 468 468 375 284 18 35 \$122	4 616 638 830 939 6006 481 611 310 143 58 \$275 1 450 7 22 201 477 330 276 81 56 \$126	2 108 216 290 3779 186 205 595 239 145 533 \$345 669 ———————————————————————————————————	732 58 63 70 53 44 122 122 177 144 101 \$451 302 	20 824 15 128 19 106 21 850 21 619 22 25 761 28 227 31 638 34 104 4 191 6 073 9 034 12 810 14 476 6 18 654 22 088 11 6 8654 22 088	22 703 16 600 20 538 22 965 22 902 24 177 27 747 30 364 41 566 52 969 7 414 8 350 11 143 11 143 11 143 12 20 019 28 654 29 196	1 035 413 205 165 99 99 62 42 42 4 2 \$25 525 1 861 1 77 355 566 3353 202 205 205 464 377 378
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME UN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 33 percent or more Not computed Medion	20 987 8 745 4 508 2 859 1 575 1 012 2 199 89	923 	1 972 68 152 225 324 401 802 - 32.7	1 490 217 308 314 272 136 243 - 23.5	1 643 272 442 415 231 111 172 -	3 782 1 254 1 113 739 364 173 139	3 721 1 707 1 113 519 239 86 57	4 616 2 974 968 471 124 48 31 -	2 108 1 633 303 150 4 12 6 -	732 620 92 13 7 -	20 824 27 184 20 804 17 949 14 464 11 103 6 725 2500—	22 703 30 408 22 082 19 581 15 640 12 657 8 038 -1 022	1 035 10 21 30 40 67 778 89 50+
Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	15 943 6 426 3 199 2 153 1 321 846 494 1 395 109 12.3	2 792 27 38 228 363 410 375 1 242 109 33.7	4 331 156 1 202 1 396 901 414 109 153 -	1 494 327 778 328 29 22 10 	1 196 586 483 112 15 	2 183 1 651 469 50 13 - - - 10-	1 526 1 361 143 22 	1 450 1 354 79 17 	669 662 7 	302 302 	11 420 21 460 11 155 7 813 6 205 5 098 4 083 3 209 2500	14 909 25 128 12 166 8 359 6 370 5 249 4 350 3 116 -412	1 861 21 55 94 123 233 212 1 014 109 38 4

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold inco	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	16 008	3 682	4 204	1 863	1 554	2 239	1 251	846	250	119	10 158	11 950	3 533
HOUSEHDLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 15 to 74 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 yeors ond over Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 74 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over	6 614 1 804 2 355 829 1 042 584 3 301 1 130 956 376 470 349 6 093 1 147 1 258 571 1 052 2 065 3 33.0	490 206 90 38 67 7 89 745 112 58 134 190 2 443 456 333 98 389 1 167 56.1	1 376 426 378 114 182 255 847 285 261 92 123 400 453 3145 376 607 33.3	908 326 359 70 92 61 442 188 173 49 9 28 4 4 513 93 183 59 99 99 99 99 92 8.1	888 284 358 133 80 0 33 33 300 118 86 37 24 35 36 105 60 0 75 61 61 65 29.0	1 317 318 578 184 173 64 445 146 195 48 8 477 52 146 124 73 82 30.7	776 170 324 118 134 30 276 85 86 46 47 12 12 12 199 34 47 51 37 37 30 31.6	586 67 201 112 169 37 77 75 34 43 49 44 5 5 7 30 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	173 5 30 444 92 2 50 19 - 17 14 - 27 - 6 4 4 4 17	100 2 17 16 53 12 17 - - - 17 2 - - - 2 49.7	14 001 12 071 14 808 16 653 8 738 10 308 8 738 10 302 11 517 12 449 9 018 4 682 4 272 6 143 8 1801 6 392 4 635 11 801	15 846 12 677 15 799 18 724 21 010 12 526 11 703 10 948 12 205 14 834 12 173 8 586 7 110 9 490 11 752 7 66 6 276	749 248 230 105 103 63 755 357 119 48 107 124 2029 494 326 188 358 683 34.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVEO INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	7 930 4 772 1 642 945 719	1 613 1 075 524 247 223	2 128 1 156 407 282 231	1 106 506 147 65 39	802 509 114 42 87	1 107 769 208 116 39	616 398 123 85 29	407 262 87 55 35	106 67 26 24 27	45 30 6 29 9	10 506 10 766 8 464 8 896 7 539	11 88 4 12 334 10 752 13 142 11 301	1 794 936 421 218 164
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.51 or more 1.55 or less 0.55 or less 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	15 297 9 364 5 262 523 148 711 379 266 30 36	3 332 2 486 721 104 21 350 236 103 9	4 016 2 717 1 110 138 51 188 94 62 11 21	1 793 1 012 716 555 10 70 22 40 4	1 511 678 748 75 10 43 8 32 -	2 219 1 195 942 42 40 20 3 111 6	1 225 675 503 47 - 26 16 6 - 4	839 428 370 33 8 7	250 127 100 15 8 - -	112 46 52 14 - 7 - 5 - 2	10 419 8 853 12 781 10 886 10 500 5 115 4 235 6 974 6 364 6 905	12 174 11 055 14 009 13 506 13 013 7 138 5 523 8 827 7 627 11 261	3 217 1 859 1 089 213 56 316 174 118 11
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	15 985 13 527 8 699 3 073 12 961 7 678 5 283 15 985 8 760 1 172 3 467 2 039 547 4.1	3 682 2 965 1 656 483 1 847 1 472 375 3 682 1 931 244 941 424 142 3.4	4 195 3 435 2 125 3 314 2 487 827 4 195 2 519 263 848 414 151 3.9	1 863 1 604 935 320 1 741 1 190 551 1 863 1 077 144 333 229 80 4.2	1 540 1 285 860 327 1 445 699 746 1 540 788 145 307 250 50 4.4	2 239 2 027 1 529 626 2 189 1 094 1 095 2 239 1 201 161 520 303 54 4.4	1 251 1 102 752 301 1 228 386 842 1 251 715 94 233 166 43 4.8	846 784 551 230 828 253 575 846 387 87 192 168 12 4.9	250 236 189 81 250 66 184 250 114 20 55 53 8	119 89 102 53 119 31 88 119 28 14 38 32 7	10 155 10 567 11 520 13 123 11 895 9 737 15 755 10 155 9 838 11 372 9 626 11 981 9 214	11 952 12 300 13 320 14 692 13 554 10 962 17 320 11 952 11 489 13 094 11 822 13 758 11 004	3 528 2 693 1 345 404 2 041 1 387 654 3 528 1 944 251 721 435 177 3.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	14 644	3 508	3 913	1 761	1 366	2 015	1 095	719	174	93	9 853	11 559	3 330
CONTRACT RENT Less then \$100	2 887 3 894 4 119 1 401 727 219 57 10 8 1 322 \$148	1 345 910 598 185 53 7 - 6 - 404 \$109	754 1 335 1 081 265 115 22 9	238 520 611 116 121 19 - - 136 \$153	193 385 448 146 56 19 - - 119 \$154	152 427 765 310 170 55 15 121 \$170	133 199 323 193 95 28 - - - 124 \$173	56 99 217 158 84 41 12 - 52 \$184	16 18 59 18 27 9 10 4 - 13 \$185	1 17 10 6 19 11 - 3 26 5298	5 544 8 516 11 557 14 803 15 593 18 884 30 250 2500— 7 000 8 600	7 767 9 891 12 704 15 149 16 437 23 261 29 876 12 436 49 673 11 734	1 072 829 748 258 73 40 - 6 5 299 \$128
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$49 \$150 to \$49 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$229 \$200 to \$229 \$300 to \$329 \$300 to \$329 \$400 to \$499 \$400 to \$499 \$500 ar mare No cosh rent	1 241 1 999 3 583 3 050 1 669 1 131 389 224 36 1 322 \$197	875 692 762 460 189 100 7 13 6 404 \$149	284 707 1 277 678 355 190 53 34 8 327 \$176	23 254 492 421 214 212 75 24 136 \$205	36 129 350 383 215 90 34 10 	11 135 452 550 372 268 44 56 6 121	9 51 125 364 169 181 51 21 	3 28 91 156 142 115 90 36 6 52 \$276	- 3 34 36 9 43 17 15 4 13 \$292	- - 2 4 22 18 15 6 26 \$365	3 984 6 408 9 029 12 298 13 390 16 024 16 992 17 279 16 667 8 600	4 604 7 974 10 124 13 051 13 958 16 758 21 102 20 431 27 630 11 734	653 515 804 563 283 173 12 14 14 299 5167
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE DF HDUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	2 768 2 250 2 125 1 545 919 1 509 2 008 1 520 23 6	24 141 185 286 150 437 1 683 602 50+	174 283 744 661 526 873 325 327 29 5	165 399 417 334 145 165 - 136 23 0	276 427 310 154 64 16 	750 586 400 106 34 18 	605 311 51 4 - - 124 13 8	551 98 18 - - - 52	156 5 - - - 13 10—	67 - - - - - 26 10—	19 974 14 268 10 800 8 792 7 480 6 293 3 122 6 955	21 812 14 551 11 080 8 873 7 945 6 556 3 128 10 150	44 143 173 251 168 397 1 657 497 50+

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(OOIC GIE ESIMI	area posed on o	Jonipie, Jee IIII	Oduction. For in	coming or symbo	is, see infroducti	On. TO deminion	iis of ferms, see	· oppendixes A	110 61	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 ta \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 987	5 196	4 123	3 678	2 308	1 761	2 101	986	594	240	266
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	2 176 5 635 4 503 4 885 2 544 831 325 88 3.10	1 165 1 876 894 746 344 95 46 30 2.26	341 1 168 981 930 459 163 73 8 3.06	237 940 764 910 537 201 75 14 3.37	181 444 570 635 335 87 47 9 3.43	80 389 377 508 279 100 26 2 3.57	88 455 538 633 260 86 28 13 3.44	42 195 181 302 201 56 7 2 3.75	16 123 170 154 96 23 7 5 3.43	26 45 28 67 33 20 16 5 3.81	194 240 275 292 294 289 279 271
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Martied-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 65 years ond over 46 to 64 years 56 years ond over	16 878 840 5 023 4 1237 125 311 218 414 169 2 872 2 872 585 42.3	3 348 138 576 518 1 579 537 476 41 94 46 185 110 1 372 69 102 145 651 405 54.0	3 308 207 884 725 1 273 219 227 24 50 48 655 40 588 11 1191 109 236 41 42.6	3 137 168 979 878 981 131 217 225 43 522 88 9 324 -7 79 62 130 53 39,9	1 987 115 754 504 550 644 88 15 10 2 2 233 5 46 32 93 57 38.3	1 574 106 687 309 401 71 53 4 26 4 4 19 134 6 40 17 62 9	1 917 79 666 576 543 53 60 11 17 9 15 8 124 - 28 26 56 14	866 16 341 325 182 2 74 5 14 23 32 46 6 12 10 6 37.5	533 111 114 207 195 6 10 - - 4 6 - - 51 - 15 12 24 - 41.8	208 	278 272 305 297 253 202 231 245 263 264 217 170 205 176 241 1229 198 166
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980. 1975 to 1978. 1970 to 1974. 1980 to 1969.	2 769 6 843 4 431 4 215 2 729	292 1 022 1 061 1 311 1 510	469 1 248 920 967 519	307 1 320 964 772 315	332 897 520 388 171	337 730 341 271 82	442 882 370 334 73	318 409 124 96 39	190 238 94 56 16	82 97 37 20 4	348 294 262 241 190
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	274 2 534 6 145 5 530 3 396 3 108 5.8	152 1 088 2 008 1 191 476 281 5.2	41 602 1 433 1 131 545 371 5.5	50 434 1 129 940 668 457 5.7	10 205 694 693 338 368 5.9	4 89 375 620 405 268 6.2	17 63 348 623 512 538 6.5	33 104 221 243 385 7.1	17 54 101 152 270 7.3	- 3 - 10 57 170 8.5+	189 215 237 274 301 364
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or corfier	2 039 1 788 2 907 3 040 2 267 8 946	153 184 427 799 593 3 040	138 219 458 662 549 2 097	205 346 543 551 415 1 618	181 246 366 427 236 852	264 205 362 195 221 514	445 309 412 235 189 511	339 142 159 97 29 220	195 106 145 58 22 68	119 31 35 16 13 26	416 329 303 255 249 234
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$19,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	1 216 3 738 4 434 3 658' 2 867 1 851 2 089 711 339 84 \$32 800	665 1 772 1 203 7 794 446 178 112 18 8	324 967 1 170 749 526 249 121 7 6 4 \$25 900	172 587 1 007 748 567 311 242 36 8 8 - \$30 900	39 225 567 592 367 229 246 42 1	16 102 247 429 395 252 260 44 10 6 \$42 300	- 65 185 282 410 339 560 191 61 8 \$52 500	20 48 35 112 213 318 156 84 \$4	- - 7 29 35 56 216 171 67 13 \$75 300	- - - 9 24 14 46 94 53 \$113 200	192 205 243 269 291 341 411 511 590 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	8 745 4 508 2 859 1 575 1 012 2 199 89 16.9	3 148 755 337 240 230 450 36 13.2	2 146 785 426 267 187 303 9	1 707 886 468 174 102 321 20 15.7	666 759 340 204 87 246 6	387 482 364 211 110 204 3 20.1	427 505 477 248 126 318 - 21.2	131 185 264 151 86 156 13 23.2	93 110 137 67 49 138	40 41 46 13 35 63 2 24.1	229 290 329 326 294 305 247
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment . Steam or hot water system . Centrol worn-oir furnace or electric heat pump . Other built-in electric units . Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace . Other menos . Air conditioning . Centrol system . 1 or more individual room units . House heating fuel. Unitry gas . Bottled, fonk, or LP gas . Electricity . Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other .	20 975 976 16 163 1 816 420 1 600 16 142 8 820 7 322 20 975 12 023 1 051 4 171 3 316 414	5 186 221 3 981 238 118 628 3 681 1 553 2 128 5 186 3 671 190 441 696 188	4 123 156 3 251 256 92 368 3 000 1 310 4 123 2 694 401 773 73	3 676 189 2 763 402 89 233 2 763 1 297 1 466 3 676 2 117 169 709 647 34	2 308 93 1 753 276 50 136 1 812 956 856 2 308 1 109 1 156 557 444	1 761 126 1 316 182 30 107 1 429 889 540 1 761 1 761 1 44 457 225 30	2 101 71 1 635 278 30 87 1 780 1 340 440 2 101 947 109 723 296 26	986 73 781 92 9 311 883 730 153 986 275 60 477 158	594 37 502 51 2 2 558 528 30 594 253 41 254 44 2	240 10 181 41 	266 279 265 302 250 223 275 313 245 266 243 295 348 265 213

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				275 . 400	*****	4105 . 4140	£160 : #100		****	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to 5149	\$150 to \$199	5200 to 5249	5250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 943	187	1 449	4 319	4 250	2 995	2 048	450	245	112
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	5 420	123	876	1 885 1 931	1 246 1 954	755 1 359	405 927	71 177	59 93	98 113
2 persons	6 923 1 888	43 6	439 79	276	613	470	318	92	34	124
4 persons	1 015	1	79 27	158	613 249	276	232	49	23	132
5 persons	422 141	5 9	23 5	41 11	119 38	81	121 20	31	21	124 132 132 131 145
6 persons	112	- 1	-	17	28	14	19	22	12	145
8 or more persons	22			, . 	3	11	6	-	2	143
Median	1.87	1 26	1.33	1.64	1.95	2 05	2 17	2 37	2 18	
HOUSEHOLO TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	8 814	39	505	1 994	2 617	1 873	1 355	313	118	118
15 to 24 years	87 382		21	55	45 122	20 113	58	12	1	117
35 to 44 years	616	6	23	55 77	193	145	118	38	16	124 127 120 112 98 131 98 124 105 94 103 98 109
45 to 64 years	4 100	18	176	772	1 338 919	819	729 444	191	57 44	120
65 years and over	3 629 1 354	15 55	280 224	1 083 438	268	776 174	164	68	13	98
Male householder, no wife present	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	131
25 to 34 years	47 73	2	4 17	19 11	14	19	3	3 4	11	98
35 to 44 years	390	-	39	137	100	44	65	6 3	2	105
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	841	53	164	270	145	107	96	6		94
Female householder, no husband present	5 775 54	93	72 0	1 887 29	1 365	948 10	529 5	119	114	103
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	97	-	15	22	31	27 23	2	_	-	109
35 to 44 years	156	,-	3	30	26	23	49	17	8	146
65 years and over	1 556 3 912	17 76	82 620	492 1 314	400 901	301 587	195 278	23 76	46 60	112
Median age	65.8	72.3	72.2	68.5	63.8	64.6	61.7	56.5	58.4	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	569	4	59	136	164	100	85	19		113
1975 to 1978	1 622	8	140	346	412	380	253	66	17	119
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 678	15	126	384	440	380 296	253 326	40	51 95	119
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 576 8 498	46 112	333 791	844 2 609	884 2 350	727 1 492	492 892	155	95 82	116 108
	0 4,0		,,,	2 007	1 000	1 7/2	072	1,0	02	.00
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	646 4 087	29 95	157 528	218 1 459	150 1 215	48	38 227	2	4	91
4 rooms5 rooms	6 044	39	545	1 725	1 635	464 1 247	729	68 72 113	52	99 111
6 rooms	3 211	16	146	665	862	845	540	113	31 52 24 57	123 137 148
7 rooms 8 ar mare rooms	1 117 838	8	50 23	153 99	243 145	225 166	540 283 231	98 97	57	137
Median	5.0	4.2	46	4.8	5.0	5 3	5 6	62	67	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	381	3	23	50	83	74	126	17	5	124
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	524	10	41	65	153 271	118	104 193	27	6	124
1960 to 1969	1 115	.4	.81	174	271	273	193	27 83 67 28	36	136 124 128 124 112
1950 to 1959	1 701 1 500	10 15	101 117	342 435	416 369	439 289	263 215	67	63 32	124
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	10 722	145	1 086	3 253	2 958	1 802	1 147	228	103	107
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	2 673	119	549	961	562	257	170	45	10	92
\$10,000 to \$10,000	4 600	41	512	1 508	1 310	694	409	45 73 80	53	92 105
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	3 786	17	286	1 103	1 118	707	442	80	33	111
\$40,000 to \$40,000	2 011 1 204	10	59 18	487 146	614 386	437 419	318 186	33	26 16	118 128 138 156 176
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	735	-	4	66 1	139	298	176	35	17	138
\$60,000 to \$79,999	667	-	14	29	97	163	259	~ 69	36	156
\$100,000 to \$149,999	145 101	[]	7	12	21	18	64 24	60 33 35 69 33 22	31	206
\$150,000 or mare	21	-	.	7	. ,		-	-	14	250+
Median	\$21 200	\$10000—	\$13 400	\$17 500	\$21 500	\$26 800	\$30 100	\$33 300	\$40 500	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLO INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	6 426 3 199	93	495	1 671	1 963	1 270	744	153 78 47	37	112 109
10 to 14 percent	2 153	33 28	295 268	1 012 594	710 533	580 376	432 258	/8 47	59 49	109
20 to 24 percent	1 321	11	134	349 212	381 188	223 173	175 104	32	16	111 112
25 to 29 percent	846 494	2 9	118	212	188	173	104	32 29 17	20 10	112
35 percent or more	1 395	6	59 53	143 316	128 338	83 264	45 273	91	54	107 124
Not computed	109	. 5	27	22	9	26	17	3	-	101
Median	12 3	10-	13.7	12 4	11.1	11.8	13.1	14.5	17.7	
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	15 934	185	1 449	4 312	4 250	2 995	2 048	450	245	112
Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	745 11 563	94	29 932	137 3 115	198 3 086	194 2 303	1 10	47 308	30 167	126
Other built-in electric units	769	2	33	158	274	105	145	30	22	113 117
Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	394	-	45	155	96	60	21	15	2	100
Air conditioning	2 463 10 415	89 52	410 63 9	747 2 590	596 2 839	333 2 206	214 1 534	50 350	24 205	100
Central system	4 926	52 25 27	169	840	1 361	1 239	932	225	135	126
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	5 489 15 934	27 185	470 1 449	1 750	1 478	967	602	225 125	70	108
Utility gas	9 877	113	994	4 312 3 060	4 250 2 645	2 995 1 776	2 048 983	450 211	245	112
Utility gas	1 184	-	93	259	264	209	226	8.3	50	100 100 117 126 108 112 107 123 119
Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	1 327 3 106	5 21	67 190	247 610	447 801	203 781	271 543	51 99	95 50 36 61	119
Other	440	46	105	136	93	26	25	6	3	88

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0,	vner-occupied I	ousing units				Rer	ter-occupied h	ousing units	<u> </u>	
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	48 374	3 758	4 192	5 773	10 203	24 448	16 008	1 473	1 666	2 154	3 655	7 060
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male bouseholder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years sond over 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 15 to 34 years 15 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	33 647 1 459 6 841 6 043 13 044 6 03 744 245 638 465 1 058 1 338 10 983 249 763 3 404 5 717 53.7	3 205 264 1 130 884 158 203 34 79 21 47 22 350 9 121 69 86 65 37.1	3 227 206 960 770 1 049 242 327 27 70 55 76 638 85 77 169 256 41.2	4 480 229 738 976 1 927 610 439 50 90 79 125 95 854 26 107 89 338 294 49.6	7 427 391 1 600 1 185 2 876 6 1 375 47 136 91 211 174 2 117 74 188 185 780 890 52.6	15 308 369 2 413 2 343 6 308 3 875 2 116 87 234 204 620 971 7 024 89 349 343 2 031 4 212 59.3	6 614 1 804 2 355 2 355 2 357 1 042 1 130 9 756 396 470 349 6 093 1 147 1 258 571 1 052 2 065 33.0	598 214 185 68 69 69 278 82 115 29 52 - 107 182 31 63 30.8	651 213 246 47 70 75 278 47 106 49 48 28 737 81 74 79 406 36.7	880 251 336 99 120 74 451 172 93 72 53 61 823 79 178 99 121 346 34.4	1 717 590 644 223 212 48 703 296 212 94 57 44 1 235 372 333 153 137 240 28.5	2 768 536 944 392 571 1 325 1 591 533 430 152 266 2 701 492 484 214 652 859 36.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 727 11 392 8 059 9 821 14 375	1 293 2 465 - - -	521 1 230 2 441 -	551 1 376 899 2 947	902 2 147 1 628 2 053 3 473	1 460 4 174 3 091 4 821 10 902	7 930 4 772 1 642 945 719	959 514 - - -	733 619 314 - -	939 734 230 251	2 181 952 273 148 101	3 118 1 953 825 546 618
ROOMS	73 132 1 319 9 668 15 678 10 877 10 627 5.3	12 13 49 613 870 884 1 317 5.9	6 22 125 1 081 1 110 858 990 5.3	11 16 182 1 063 1 583 1 393 1 525 5.5	9 37 315 2 150 3 516 2 364 1 812 5.2	35 44 648 4 761 8 599 5 378 4 983 5.3	297 1 372 3 585 4 703 3 403 1 621 1 027 4.1	21 209 256 611 233 118 25 3.9	13 219 513 496 283 103 39 3.7	45 230 483 739 427 129 101 3.9	95 216 814 1 034 812 445 239 4.2	123 498 1 519 1 823 1 648 826 623 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	47 320 31 210 14 994 1 004 112 1 054 704 282 58 10	3 734 1 999 1 655 55 25 24 9	4 180 2 356 1 727 92 5 12 2 6 2	5 695 3 608 1 951 111 25 78 39 39	10 009 6 277 3 473 241 18 194 83 77 29 5	23 702 16 970 6 188 505 39 746 571 145 27 3	15 297 9 364 5 262 523 148 711 379 266 30 36	1 438 1 029 361 42 6 35 25 10	1 648 1 090 465 70 23 18 10 6	2 120 1 285 755 43 37 34 12 19	3 485 1 833 1 523 121 8 170 86 76 6	6 606 4 127 2 158 247 74 454 246 155 24 29
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	9 986 16 542 8 553 7 655 3 757 1 881 2.36	260 1 102 824 1 002 430 140 3.13	679 1 169 746 935 473 190 2.83	817 1 987 1 204 974 546 245 2.57	1 787 3 572 2 066 1 658 758 362 2.43 28 055	6 443 8 712 3 713 3 086 1 550 944 2.16	6 009 4 549 2 404 1 686 787 573 1.94	640 459 187 123 40 24 1.71 2 890	709 588 141 154 50 24 1.71 3 350	880 572 348 187 140 27 1.84 4 631	1 160 1 015 603 507 219 151 2.16 8 860	2 620 1 915 1 125 715 338 347 1.98
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detached or attroched 2	43 738 552 262 224 106 26 3 466	2 906 23 40 10 4 - 775	2 706 18 20 2 9 - 1 437	4 764 17 12 43 13 - 924	9 884 71 20 28 43 —	23 478 423 170 141 37 26 173	7 980 1 604 2 251 1 423 836 1 028 886	382 96 256 271 131 178 159	348 160 152 122 183 438 263	784 136 294 139 235 253 313	2 281 403 521 238 113 17 82	4 185 809 1 028 653 174 142 69
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment	48 350 2 323 35 910 3 478 1 105 5 534 33 836 17 012 16 824 48 350 25 309 4 724 7 645 9 297 1 375 4 021 8.3	3 758 39 2 772 117 11 219 2 917 2 373 544 3 758 298 314 2 850 134 162 174 4.6	4 190 43 2 898 824 128 297 3 310 2 075 1 235 4 190 1 115 989 1 634 357 95 239 5.7	5 773 237 3 902 1 005 180 449 4 538 2 522 2 016 5 773 2 199 822 1 401 1 260 91 413 7.2	10 196 632 7 869 392 238 1 065 7 698 4 163 3 535 10 196 5 604 778 799 2 756 259 708 6.9	24 433 1 372 18 469 540 548 3 504 15 373 5 879 9 494 24 433 16 093 1 821 4 790 768 2 487 10.2	15 985 1 411 9 839 1 812 465 2 458 8 699 3 073 5 626 15 985 626 1 172 3 467 2 039 547 3 533 22.1	1 473 19 890 463 12 89 1 209 870 339 1 473 60 1 138 58 24 271 18.4	1 662 87 1 045 449 111 70 1 362 766 566 1 662 461 226 866 866 89 20 353 21.2	2 150 139 1 326 384 77 224 1 491 600 891 2 150 946 195 689 251 69 522 24.2	3 645 2 319 152 115 694 1 706 350 1 350 3 645 2 389 233 257 633 133 761 20.8	7 055 801 4 259 364 250 1 381 2 931 457 2 474 7 055 4 771 458 517 1 008 301 1 626 23.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 55,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	4 999 8 459 3 912 3 773 7 680 6 711 7 939 3 525 1 376 \$16 966 \$19 199	172 302 267 234 603 603 1 010 422 145 \$22 240 \$24 301	274 634 300 299 703 716 804 318 144 \$19 202 \$20 775	406 794 383 398 663 928 1 252 659 290 521 053 \$23 023	810 1 429 886 792 1 872 1 565 1 717 735 397 \$18 084 \$20 444	3 337 5 300 2 076 2 050 3 839 2 899 3 156 1 391 400 514 343 \$16 723	3 682 4 204 1 863 1 554 2 239 1 251 846 250 119 \$10 158 \$11 950	294 353 152 123 294 123 87 18 29 511 472 \$13 382	421 507 152 148 193 133 73 30 9 \$9 072 \$11 279	568 528 237 143 393 139 123 15 8 \$9 751 \$11 338	785 861 496 415 492 315 218 66 7 510 915 \$12 173	1 614 1 955 826 725 867 541 345 121 66 \$9 878 511 881

Table A-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Onto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction For meaning of symbols, see Introduction For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	wner-occupied h	nousing units	Renter-occupied housing units								
The SMSA	Totel	I unit, detached or attached	2 or mare units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.	Tatel	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc
Occupied housing units	48 374 27	43 738 8	1 170 19	3 466	16 008	7 980	1 604	2 251 25	1 423	836	1 028	886
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	33 647	30 783	700	2 164	6 614	4 265	491	549	272	207	426	404
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 459 6 841	974 5 993	27 136 123	458 712 215	1 804 2 355 829	978 1 543 601	179 151 66	209 183 41	104 74 19	72 78 13	142 166 28	120 160 61
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	6 043 13 044 6 260	5 705 12 195 5 916	305 109	544 235	1 042 584	791 352	48 47	65 51	66	19 25	16 74	37 26
Male househalder, no wife present	3 744 245	3 096 145	166 4	482 96	3 301 1 130	1 203 347	432 147	607 311	506 138	261 100	14	227 73
25 to 34 years	638 465 1 058	451 361 938	42 29 36	145 75 84	956 396 470	316 171 163	157 37 61	172 26 67	176 62 94	67 51 25	30 11	227 73 38 38 60 18
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 338 10 983	1 201 9 859	55 304	82 820	349 6 09 3	206 2 512	30 681	31 1 095	36 645	18 368	10 537	255
15 to 24 years	249 850	159 692	6 21	84 137	1 147 1 258	300 585	167 129	322 241	174 180	97 57	27 23	60 43
35 to 44 years	763 3 404 5 717	634 3 165 5 209	11 27 239	118 212 269	571 1 052 2 065	354 470 803	91 119 175	39 192 301	31 139 121	22 26 166	18 37 432	16 69 67
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	53.7	54.4	\$5.9	37.1	33.0	34.6	30.6	28.6	29.7	30.0	65.1	31.9
1979 to Morch 1980	4 727 11 392	3 742 9 698	173 259	812 1 435	7 930 4 7 72	3 466 2 414	862 494	1 324 634	866 304	462 272	475 349	475 305
1970 to 1974	8 059 9 821	6 996 9 321	204 182	859 318	1 642 945	922 588	105 86	184 87	164 67	47 47	162 30 12	58 40
ROOMS	14 375 73	13 981 54	352	42 19	7 19	590 42	57 15	22	107	8 80	13	0
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	132 1 319	77 967	10 116	45 236	1 372 3 585	127 826	75 438	388 913	352 509	150 234	272 537 135	128
4 rooms5 rooms	9 668 15 678	7 543 14 293	288 363	1 837	4 703 3 403	2 326 2 434 1 304	563 328	603 226	278 103	265 96	135 54 17	533 162 35 11
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	10 877 10 627 5.3	10 419 10 38 5 5.4	208 185 5.0	250 57 4.3	1 621 1 027 4 1	1 304 921 4 8	157 28 4 0	43 47 3 3	59 15 3.0	6 5 3 3	29	11 . 4 1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Camplete plumbing for exclusive use	47 320	42 832	1 092	3 396	15 297	7 583	1 555	2 157	1 276	836	1 015	875
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	31 210 14 994	28 655 13 195	676 406	1 879 1 393	9 364 5 262	4 212 3 044	1 057 435	1 475	945 290	531 285	608 312	536 274
1.01 to 1.50	1 004 112 1 054	900 82 90 6	4 6 78	100 24 7 0	523 148 711	286 41 397	40 23 49	50 10 94	15 26 147	14	61 34 13	65
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	704 282	629 227	44 25	31 30	379 266	213 147	40 9	49 45	65 53	-	6 7	6
1.51 or more	58 10	48 2	8	7	30 36	17 20	=	-	13 16		-	_
BEDROOMS None	88 3 387	66 2 892	217	22 278	452 5 802	88 1 447	35 670	8I 1 410	129 951	80 447	30 760	117
2 3	20 927 18 869	18 059 17 714	533 334	2 335 821	6 6 88 2 497	3 950 1 987	721 143	603 142	280 59	286 18	207 31	641
5 or more	4 434 669	4 349 658	75 11	10	457 112	414 94	32 3	6	4	5	_	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	4 999 8 459	4 447 7 343	128 240	424 876	3 682 4 204	1 549 1 805	358 395	622 711	371 446	183 180	387 367	212 300
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	3 912 3 773	3 447 3 321	105 106	360 346	1 863 1 554	1 015 834	199 165	228 223	158 96	117 87	71 64	300 75 85
\$20,000 to \$24,999	7 680 6 711 7 939	6 877 6 135 7 446	163 151 157	640 425 336	2 239 1 251 846	1 164 817 566	247 139 65	281 98 56	182 62 72	159 57 33	94 22 23	112 56 31
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	3 525 1 376	3 393 1 329	76 44	56 3	250 119	165	18 18	21 11	~ 14 22	17		15
Median	\$16 966 \$19 199	\$17 401 \$19 562	\$15 161 \$20 568	\$13 027 \$14 159	\$10 158 \$11 950	\$11 567 \$13 196	\$10 616 \$12 083	\$8 211 \$10 059	\$8 744 \$11 353	\$11 175 \$11 949	\$6 357 \$8 147	\$8 827 \$10 666
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steom or hot water system	48 350 2 323	43 717 2 221	1 167 100	3 466	15 985 1 411	7 980 267	1 604 103	2 242 428	1 418 349	831 107	1 028 155	882
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	35 910 3 478	32 349 3 188	779 77	2 782 213	9 839 1 812	5 227 405	1 104 153	1 306 294	833 106	408 261	320 547	641
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means	1 105 5 534	966 4 9 9 3	46 165	93 376	465 2 458	319 1 762	15 229 941	62 152	25 105	49	6	38 155
Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	33 836 17 012 44 767	30 785 15 767 40 479	789 317 1 028	2 262 928 3 260	8 699 3 073 12 961	3 636 976 6 833	337 1 365	1 142 359 1 788	865 455 967	680 371 689	901 441 559	534 134 760
2 or more	14 563 30 204	12 985 27 494	346 682	1 232 2 028	7 678 5 283	3 354 3 479	925 440	1 270 518	716 251	526 163	446 113	441 319
House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos	48 350 25 309	43 717 23 734	1 167 751	3 466 824	15 985 8 760 1 172	7 980 4 597	1 604 1 170 48	2 242 1 415	1 418 832 34	831 323 29	1 028 220	203
Electricity	4 724 7 645 9 297	3 360 6 650 8 666	82 155 147	1 282 840 484	3 467 2 039	674 723 1 560	296 84	51 643 83	491	457 17	728 45	203 327 129 212
Other Water heating fuel	9 297 1 375 47 972	1 307 43 386	32 1 155	36 3 431	547 15 797	426 7 809	1 598	83 50 2 234	23 1 411	5 836	26 1 028	881
Utility gos	17 229 2 325 28 183	16 411 1 823 24 929	589 65	229 437	7 178 705 7 741	3 555 396 3 799	1 002 33	1 277 61 871	738 26 647	307 18 497	228 19 729	71 152 644
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	154 81	150 73	501	2 753 4 8	99 74	3 799 30 29	554 9	21	047	9 5	19 33	11 3
Family hauseholder With own children under 18 years	37 788 17 388	34 428 15 634	794 331	2 566 1 423	8 891 5 217	5 633	728 366	773 339	404 179	309 160	474 187	570 333 215
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	6 892 3 39 6 1 636	5 930 3 001 1 362	152 65	810 330 256	3 193 1 854 1 363	2 193 1 142	203 197	224 176 132	123 97 82	98 79	137 43 38	120
With own children under 6 years	360 10 \$86	280 9 310	18 6 376	74 900	552 7 117	816 301 2 347	134 58 876	132 54 1 478	44 1 019	69 27 52 7	15 554	92 53 316
Percent below poverty level	4 021 8 3	3 473 7 9	125 10.7	423 12 2	3 533 22 1	1 617 20 3	341 21 3	654 29 1	298 20 9	140 16.7	280 27 2	203 22 9

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	odio ore estima	ica coaca on o a	ompie, ace imi	Judenon. Tor me	aning or symbols,	, see minodociio	TO GOTTON	is or renns, see	oppendixes in c	na bj	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	48 374 1 132	9 986	16 542 497	8 553 285	7 655 146	3 757 107	1 186 26	554 41	141 30	2.36 2.74	131 492 3 664
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	1 524 9 668 15 678 10 877 5 666 4 961	866 3 224 3 487 1 486 546 377	492 3 931 6 067 3 413 1 621 1 018	80 1 403 2 785 2 276 1 070 939	50 717 1 997 2 250 1 367 1 274	21 284 904 1 013 668 867	9 59 308 235 289 286	6 41 114 157 81 155	- 9 16 47 24 45	1.38 1.91 2.22 2.74 3.12 3.61	2 537 20 179 39 968 32 296 18 393 18 119
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.3 47 320	4.8 9 514 9 514	5.1 16 256	5.5 8 442	6.0 7 584	6.2 3 666	6.4	6.2 540	6.5 139	2.37	129 201
1.00 or less	46 204 1 004 112 1 054 986 58	9 514 - 472 472 -	16 253 - 3 286 284 - 2	8 424 12 6 111 108 3	7 544 38 2 71 61 7	3 405 243 18 91 47 41	808 362 9 7	224 269 47 14 12 2	32 80 27 2 -	2.34 6.08 6.88 1.69 1.57 4.96 4.50	122 411 6 040 750 2 291 1 929 313 49
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	43 738 1 170 3 466	8 800 364 822	15 072 305 1 165	7 682 217 654	6 922 173 560	3 483 83 191	1 135 15 36	513 13 28	131	2.37 2.22 2.28	119 049 3 415 9 028
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$29,999. \$30,000 to \$39,999. \$40,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$59,999. \$50,000 to \$79,999. \$60,000 to \$79,999. \$80,000 to \$99,999. \$150,000 to \$149,999.	36 930 3 889 8 338 8 220 5 669 4 071 2 586 2 756 856 440 105 \$26 900	7 596 1 498 2 293 1 865 921 509 192 208 53 40 17 \$20 000	12 558 1 364 2 932 2 830 2 011 1 326 872 841 236 113 33 \$26 300	6 391 374 1 193 1 492 1 081 835 545 566 221 70 14 \$31 100	5 900 271 997 1 172 1 005 784 635 716 187 110 23 \$34 500	2 966 214 544 529 443 440 254 347 122 73 \$34 800	972 101 194 219 140 130 55 56 30 34 13 \$27 100	437 65 156 86 43 40 24 17 6 - - \$19,800	110 2 29 27 25 7 9 5 1	2.37 1.83 2.14 2.29 2.45 2.74 2.92 3.08 3.13 3.46 2.68	100 035 8 570 20 734 21 475 15 766 12 332 7 862 8 619 2 764 1 587 326
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	48 374 \$16 966	9 986 \$6 817	16 542 \$16 121	8 553 \$21 131	7 655 \$22 248	3 757 \$23 712	1 186 \$23 333	554 \$22 384	141 \$25 046	2.36	131 492
Median income. Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. With a mortgage. Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 below poverty level. Median income. Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	15.0 16.9 12.3 4 021 \$3 272	21.8 26.0 20.2 1 842 \$2 815	13.1 16.1 10.5 935 \$3 014	13.7 16.1 10— 371 \$3 546	15.3 16.9 10— 395 \$5 287	14.7 15.8 10— 241 \$6 359	14.2 14.7 11.3 126 \$7 869	14.5 16.2 10.9 89 \$9 201	14.3 14.8 12.5 22 \$7 885	1.68	:::
household income	45.1 50+ 38.4	42.7 50+ 38.8	49.7 50+ 43.9	50 + 50 + 36.1	50+ 50+ 28.8	50+ 50+ 23.3	33.7 36.3 17.9	27.9 32.0 25.6	30.6 23.1 50+		:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	16 00 8 1 440	6 009	4 549 861	2 404 314	1 686 134	787 46	354 57	1 56 22	63 6	1.94 2.34	35 982 3 791
ROOMS 1 room	297 1 372 3 585 4 703 3 403 1 621 1 027 4.1	224 1 005 2 228 1 609 654 191 98 3.3	52 277 985 1 627 1 037 398 173 4.1	14 53 242 810 682 364 239 4.6	5 37 94 445 524 337 244 5.0	22 141 361 165 98 5.1	2 - 10 52 79 100 111 5.8	- 4 17 47 60 28 5.7	- - 2 19 6 36 6.7	1.16 1.18 1.30 1.96 2.52 3.11 3.51	401 1 715 5 151 9 886 9 783 5 260 3 786
PIUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more. Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more.	15 297 14 626 523 148 711 645 30 36	5 663 5 663 346 346	4 390 4 348 ————————————————————————————————————	2 291 2 239 40 12 113 98 13 2	1 634 1 520 85 29 52 30 9	771 610 139 22 16 14 2	344 203 131 10 10 8 - 2	147 28 107 12 9 -	57 15 21 21 6 - 6	1.95 1.88 5.48 4.19 1.56 1.43 3.72 3.96	34 591 31 044 2 889 658 1 391 1 149 97 145
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	7 980 1 604 2 251 1 423 836 1 028 886	1 899 665 1 216 927 480 547 275	2 188 564 623 327 241 310 296	1 593 186 220 94 81 82 148	1 245 96 110 55 26 53	599 35 61 9 3 36 44	292 35 4 4 ~ _ 19	108 20 17 3 5 -	56 3 4 -	2.46 1.74 1.43 1.27 1.37 1.44 2.07	21 801 3 090 3 855 2 189 1 328 1 684 2 035
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	14 644 1 241 1 999 3 583 3 050 1 669 1 131 389 224 36 1 322 \$197	5 798 985 1 143 1 529 906 307 244 102 21 - 561 \$163	4 157 87 526 1 089 1 041 498 366 98 72 12 368 \$208	2 144 61 158 532 564 323 179 58 62 100 197 \$221	1 404 50 113 234 302 331 163 52 36 6 6 117 \$239	683 49 22 119 148 154 89 42 14 3 43 \$245	280 	127 9 11 2 28 31 18 16 3 5 4 \$276	51 -4 -8 19 -6 9 5 \$289	1.87 1.13 1.37 1.74 2.09 2.59 2.38 2.44 2.81 3.10 1.77	31 598 1 770 3 234 6 782 7 056 4 538 3 146 1 198 764 147 2 963
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels In 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Income In 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income	16 008 \$10 158 23.6 3 533 \$3 237 50+	6 009 \$6 344 26.7 1 543 \$2500— 50+	4 549 \$11 816 21.3 686 \$3 435 50+	2 404 \$12 221 22.0 528 \$3 692 50+	1 686 \$13 992 21.7 333 \$4 758 37.9	787 \$11 787 24.1 280 \$5 077 50+	354 \$16 067 17.2 83 \$8 090 35.3	156 \$13 523 19.2 55 \$6 107 29.1	\$19 861 13.6 25 \$6 528 40.7	1.94	35 982

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Medion	53.7	68.4	53.4 39.3 37.2		54.23 33.89 34.89 36 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.89 34.	33.0	28 7 28 1 28 3 3 3 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	332 7	33.2.2.2.6 33.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.
	_	rears	717	834 697 131 16 109 084	424		5885 1119 457 457 53 864 864 864 877 775 775 777 775 776 776 776 776 776 7	965	829 208 18 18 106 312	963 2 2 2	976 170 222 244 132 282 282 368 285
		65 ond	S	4	4401		→ M	2 2	127658860	4-81	
	and present	45 to 64 years	3 404	2 065 746 293 162 89 89 49 1,32 5 835	3 294 44 110		2 2 8 8 1 2 2 8 8 8 1 2 8 9 8 1 2 8 9 8 1 2 8 9 8 1 2 8 9 1 2	1 052	730 196 198 25 25 102 1 23	1 014	1 011 98 131 134 98 55 55 131 131 131 268
	Ider, no husbond	35 to 44 years	763	77 193 221 151 151 65 56 3.00 2 618	760 8 0 0 1 1		577 835 835 837 123 7 123 134 134 134 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14	175	102 126 131 126 37 2 44 1 738	32 32 6	55.9 83.3 84.9 92.0 10.1 20.0 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9
	Female householder,	25 to 34 yeors	850	227 179 272 112 42 18 2.57 2 100	86 88 88 88		616 618 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 64	1 258	569 235 299 92 46 176 2 577	1 231 37 27	1191 161 161 122 229 150 82 177 177 258 266
	Fe	15 to 24 years	249	138 50 42 11 11 140 469	242		28.7	1 147	578 410 82 38 25 149 1 830	101 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 -	1141 51 51 103 103 345 345 345
8]		65 years and over	1 338	1091	1 209		1010 169 169 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	349	202 209 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1	296	3.2 2.3 2.3 2.3 3.4 2.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3
oppendixes A and	resent	45 to 64 yeors	1 058	680 215 215 87 87 53 6 17 1.28	1 000 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 8 8 2 2 2		804 413 96 96 96 96 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	470	369 38 33 7 7 114 622	400 002 002 003	44 130 120 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 14
erms, see oppe	lder, no wife p	35 to 44 years	465	288 111 30 13 131 131 809	460		231 232 233 233 234 237 77 77 739 16 16 16 16 17.9	396	265 36 36 40 40 1 25 637	378 12 18	362 157 2 2 8 8 2 8 8 3 8 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3
definitions of te	Male householder,	25 to 34 years	638	439 104 69 112 1123 1 019	628 3 10		358 301 302 302 474 474 474 474 474 101	956	627 208 71 33 1.7 1.26	883 11 73 25	911 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799
see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see		15 to 24 yeors	245	28 28 8 1.33 384	231		128 138 139 139 130 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 130	649 327 103 35 1 6 1 834	1 075 8 8 55 4	1 007 177 177 157 91 64 101 233 233 24 5
symbols, see Intra		65 years and over	6 260	5 370 656 170 33 31 2.08	6 118 15 142 1		1 029 1 029 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	584	2 3 1 2 0 0 1 1 4 4 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24¢ 300 1 38	24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
meaning of syr		45 to 64 years	13 044	6 466 3 322 1 837 1 837 2.52 37 937	12 878 288 166 20		9 905 9 505 9 505 9 605 9 605 9 605 9 605 9 605 9 725 1 13 1 1	1 042	216 216 129 129 78 144 2.71	974 91 688	285 137 137 234 84 855 84 855 187 187
see Introduction. For meaning of	Morried-couple families	35 to 44 years	6 043	2 184 1 491 1 491 1 491 26 488	5 990 371 53 22		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	829	132 239 160 160 150 4 06	798 80 31	635 130 130 99 74 15 17 19 11
ample, see Intr	Morried	25 to 34 yeors	6 841	1 076 1 787 2 665 1 026 287 3.71	6 794 288 47 17		2	2 355	734 544 659 316 102 332 7 935	2 318 219 7 37 13	2 041 3616 3616 227 227 1127 1149 1165
s based on a sample,		15 to 24 years	1 459	665 498 236 236 54 2.63 4 016	1 450 32 9		927 924 924 924 924 927 93 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97	1 804	862 611 228 85 85 18 2 57 4 802	1 755 83 49	1 645 379 377 377 377 377 174 103 191 186 21 4
(Ooto ore estimates		Totol	48 374	9 986 16 542 8 553 7 655 3 757 1 881 2.36	47 320 1 116 1 054 68		26 930 80 930 80 987 80 987 80 987 80 987 80 989 80 980 80 90 80 9	16 008	6 009 2 404 1 686 1 686 1 973 35 982	15 297 671 711 86	2 768 2 768 2 256 2 125 1 125 1 509 1 500 2 500
21		The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS 2 PERSONS 4 PERSONS 6 OF MORE PERSONS 6 OF MORE PERSONS 10 OF	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a margings. With a margings. Jess than 15 percent. 15 to 19 percent. 25 to 24 percent. 30 to 34 percent. 30 to 34 percent or more by the computed. Most computed. Most computed. Most computed. Most popercent. 15 to 39 percent. 15 to 35 percent. 16 to 35 percent. 17 to 35 percent. 18 to 35 percent. 18 to 35 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 19 to 35 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 35 percent. 12 to 35 percent. 13 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 35 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 40 percent. 12 to 40 percent. 13 to 40 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 40 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 40 percent. 12 to 40 percent. 13 to 40 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 40 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 40 percent. 12 to 40 percent. 13 to 40 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 40 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 40 percent. 12 to 40 percent. 13 to 40 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 40 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 10 to 40 percent. 11 to 40 percent. 12 to 40 percent. 13 to 40 percent. 14 to 40 percent. 15 to 40 percent. 16 to 40 percent. 17 to 40 percent. 18 to 40 percent. 19 to 40 percent. 10 t	Renter-eccupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 person 3 person 4 person 6 person 6 person 7 per	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Congels plumbing for exclusive use 1 0 for more persons per room 1 of more persons for exclusive use 1 0 for more persons per from	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified in the excepted heating units Specified retree-excepted heating units 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 35 percent 40 percent on more heating

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8}

	Male householder								Femole hou	seholder			
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over
Owner-occupled housing units	9 986	2 645	147	439	288	680	1 091	7 341	138	227	77	2 065	4 834
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 514 472	2 476 169	142 5	429 10	285 3	645 35	975 116	7 038 303	138	227	77	2 001 64	4 595 239
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more	8 800 364 822	2 180 131 334	102 - 45	301 40 98	201 24 63	590 28 62	986 39	6 620 233 488	87 4 47	168 11 48	69 - 8	1 909 18 138	4 387 200 247
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	3 430	632	19	25	30	133	66 425		9	26	23		2 213
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	3 502 954 613	740 272 247	23 24 40	89 61 65	36 47 10	153 56 91	439 84 41	2 798 2 762 682 366	97 22 3	63 56 29	13 13 3	527 739 342 162	1 850 249 169
\$15,000 to \$10,000	812 348 214	388 183 114	36	96 72 24	83 39 24	103 65	70 7 7	424 165 100	7 - -	31 13 9	25 _ _	187 58 41	174 94 50
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	52 61 \$6 817 \$8 841	35 34 \$9 643	- \$12 969	7 - \$14 212	10 9 \$15 955	54 16 9 \$12 411	2 16 \$6 304	17 27 \$6 241	- \$7 566	\$11 094	- \$10 481	2 7 \$8 242	15 20 \$5 401
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$8 841	\$11 935	\$11 702	\$14 685	\$16 206	\$13 869	\$8 526	\$7 727	\$7 566 \$7 973	\$11 572	\$9 921	\$9 171	\$6 887
OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied hausing units With a martgage	7 596 2 176	1 824 777	92 92	245 212	152 110	508 228	827 135	5 772 1 399	80 48	168 135	57 32	1 686 708	3 781 476
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	1 165 341 237	335 152 91	28 18 25	87 23 12	38 16 20	104 55 25	78 40 9	830 189 146	39 8 -	37 40 19	9 13 7	414 93 80	331 35 40
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	181 80 88	76 27 38	10 4 7	44 14 5	15 4 6	7 5 12	- - 8	105 53 50	1 - -	9 14 -	- - 3	51 30 33	44 9 14 3
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	42 16 26	30 2 26	Ξ	10 - 17	- 2 9	20 _ _		12 14 -	Ξ	9 7 -	=	7	3 +
Medion Nat martgaged Less than \$50	\$194 5 420 123	\$218 1 047 55	\$250 - -	\$241 33 2	\$252 42	\$209 280	\$175 692 53	\$186 4 37 3 68	\$173 3 2 —	\$238 33 —	\$227 25 —	\$188 978 5	\$166 3 305 63
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	876 1 885 1 246	214 370 194	Ξ	4 15 12	17 9 2	37 116 64 22	156 230 116	662 1 515 1 052	24	13 6 7	- 8 8	69 332 291	1 145 746
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	755 405 71	100 105 7	=	Ξ	14 - -	22 36 3	64 69 4	655 300 64 57	8 - -	7 - -	9 -	161 92 10	479 199 54 39
\$250 or more Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	59 \$98	\$92	-	\$92	\$86	\$97	\$90	57 \$99	\$92	\$90	\$114	18 \$107	39 \$97
Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage	21.8 26.0	18.1 21.9	23.7 23.7	20.8 22.5	17.4 17.8	15.3 18.8	18.5 36.3	23.0 28.4	25.4 28.5	25. 3 26.2	24.2 24.5	21.2 25.9	23.4 32.7
Not mortgaged	20.2 1 842 18.4	14.6 295 11.2	13 8.8	10— 21 4.8	15.0 14 4.9	10.5 92 13.5	16.8 155 14.2	21.4 1 547 21.1	19.1 8 5.8	15.4 16 7.0	14.6 12 15.6	18.3 361 17.5	22.4 1 150 23.8
Renter-occupied housing units	6 009	2 201	649	627	265	369	291	3 808	578	569	102	730	1 829
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 663 346	2 004 197	618 31	581 46	247 18	314 55	244 47	3 659 149	545 33	561 8	102	705 25	1 746 83
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2	1 899 665	681 264	171 53	167 110	87 17	102 54	154 30	1 218 401	139 63	159 72	24 27	276 73	620 166
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 216 927 480	387 439 226	177 116 73	102 150 61	26 54 51	54 54 83 23	30 28 36 18	829 488 254	221 90 39	144 144 32	21 13 11	167 122 14	276 119 158
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	547 275	59 145	13 46	25 12	11	53	10 15	488 130	11 15	7	6	37 41	427 63
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 371 1 865	588 621	188 193	65 183	30 69	115 95	190 81	1 783 1 244	261 215	87 229	10	310 284	1 115 516
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	575 304 545	291 140 303	106 57 62	115 43 154	39 19 41	27 11 46	10	284 164 242	48 45 9	127 39 80	8 10 49	50 32 38	51 38 66 27
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	214 112 23	139 105 14	21 20 2	48 19 -	27 31 9	37 35 3	6 - -	75 7 9	Ξ	7 - -	25 - -	16 - -	7 9
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$6 344 \$8 080	\$8 789 \$10 426	\$7 420 \$8 920	\$11 424 \$12 146	\$12 147 \$14 691	\$8 445 \$11 324	\$4 088 \$5 053	\$5 387 \$6 724	\$5 507 \$5 948	\$9 433 \$9 789	\$17 212 \$15 656	\$5 743 \$6 445	\$4 429 \$5 628
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	5 798 985	2 079	616 31	594 31	246 8	355 59	268 102	3 719 754	578 15	563	102	702 123	1 774 610
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 143 1 529 906	231 381 600 343	99 215	95 195	29 89	98 52	60 49	762 929	138 196 148	97 228 116	8 33 22 16	174 227 79	610 345 245 198
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	307 244 102	114 110 62	129 29 57 18	105 50 45 22	67 13 8 5	42 16 - 14	6 - 3	563 193 134 40	41 13 5	46 ∓ 54	16 15 8	5 13 17	85 39 10
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent	21 - 561	232	- - 38	6 - 45	- - 27	74	- - 48	329	6 - 16	- - 16	-	9 - 55	242
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$163	\$170	\$184	\$181	\$189	\$140	\$102	\$158	\$182	\$189	\$218	\$159	\$120
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Incame in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.7 1 543 25.7	22.9 388 17.6	27.1 156 24.0	21.2 30 4.8	15.1 12 4.5	19.3 72 19.5	24.5 118 40.5	28.7 1 155 30.3	37.7 191 33.0	25.0 57 10.0	17.5 10 9.8	32.1 267 36.6	28.5 630 34 4

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

(Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)

	footo ore estate	dies pasca ou			For meaning or symbols, see introduction. For detinitions of				
The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	lotai	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vocant for sale only housing units	776	206	217	353	Vacant for rent housing units	1 469	602	482	385
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median which was sometimes and the sometimes are sometimes are sometimes and the sometimes are sometimes are sometimes and the sometimes are sometimes and the sometimes are sometimes are sometimes and the sometimes are sometimes are sometimes are sometimes and the sometimes are so	79 134 270 145 66 82 5 1	10 40 78 32 20 26 5.2	15 31 79 44 23 25 5.3	54 63 113 69 23 31 5.0	1 room	31 141 363 391 307 151 85	7 70 204 169 93 44 15	9 43 117 117 106 51 39 41	15 28 42 105 108 56 31 4.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES					DILLIANDING CACHITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	734 42	200	203 14	331 22	PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 413 56	582 20	462 20	369 16
BEDROOMS					BEDROOMS				
None	108 313 265 81 9	- 16 97 62 27 4	26 62 102 22 5	66 154 101 32	None	46 502 614 248 55	10 279 214 79 18	16 145 212 87 22	20 78 188 82 15
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	4	2	-	2
1975 to Morch 1980	161 50 68 63 63 371	61 8 - 17 15 105	60 20 16 30 22 69	40 22 52 16 26 197	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	148 93 173 155 152 748	97 25 66 58 33 323	32 39 70 65 44 232	19 29 37 32 75 193
1, detoched or ottached	657	161	203	293	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more	43 76	37 8	14	6 54	1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4	717 138 226	210 36 161	268 52 44	239 50 21
Centrol heoting system Other means None	614 153 9	160 46 -	201 13 3	253 94 6	5 to 9	153 56 20 159	94 40 20 41	37 6 - 75	22 10 - 43
PRICE ASKEO					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	628 144 97 118 114 57 14 38	145 31 23 10 36 6 - 23	201 36 16 47 43 30 8 -	282 77 58 61 35 21 6	Specified vocant for rent housing units 100 100 to \$149 1516 to \$199 1520 to \$249 1520 to \$299 1530 to \$399 1530 to \$390 1530 to \$390	1 439 306 379 473 138 107 36	598 48 162 247 75 34 32	477 138 129 114 45 49 2	364 120 86 112 18 24
\$100,000 or more Median	\$27 500	\$32 700	\$30 400	9 \$21 000	Medion	\$152	\$161	\$143	\$126

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	— Specified	vocant for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	d vocant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	628	144	215	171	89	9	27 500	1 439	306	852	245	36		152
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use	592 36	113 31	215	167 4	88 1	9 -	28 200 10000—	1 389 50	2 7 0 36	838 14	245	36	Ξ	153 82
BEDROOMS														
None	59 265 218 77 9	34 84 19 - 7	25 92 74 22 2	73 87 11	16 38 35	- - - 9 -	10000— 21 300 35 300 54 600 10000—	46 496 601 242 50	9 76 151 52 16 2	37 373 313 115 12 2	35 125 63 22	12 12 12 12	-	153 143 154 168 193 85
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	128 19 42 56 59 324	2 - - 16 21 105	25 2 5 16 4 163	39 11 17 18 34 52	62 6 11 6 - 4	9	48 000 41 300 44 000 29 100 31 000 17 200	148 93 169 153 152 724	3 16 46 31 36 174	63 49 100 83 107 450	70 22 21 34 9	12 6 2 5	-	211 168 152 116 139
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or ottached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	628	144	215	171	89	9	27 500	687 593 159	202 58 46	369 391 92	114 112 19	32 2	-	132 159 151

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato are estimo	103 00300 011	o sumpic, sco	IIIIIOGOCIIOII	. FOI Incumi	g or symbols,	acc mirodec	non. Tui uer	minons or ici	ma, see oppen	inco n dila bj		
Terre Haute city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 ar more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 338	1 681	3 740	3 295	2 151	1 133	678	432	144	54	30	22 900	27 600
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AHD AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	8 309 293 1 529 1 237 3 439 1 811 1 014 44	701 12 81 103 263 242 175 6	2 151 112 424 256 849 510 367	2 012 84 449 255 807 417 275 20	1 507 59 274 228 631 315 87	824 6 169 151 337 161 41	\$67 20 81 116 275 75 18	342 - 40 67 173 62 42 -	130 - 11 29 71 19 - -	45 - - 19 16 10 9	30 - 13 17 - - -	26 000 21 900 25 400 30 300 27 500 22 400 18 000 21 000	30 700 24 200 28 300 35 900 32 400 27 000 22 900 21 600
15 to 24 years	133 131 312 394 4 015 93 317 216 1 334 2 055 57.2	27 18 32 92 805 23 47 27 233 475 63.8	38 42 104 172 1 222 7 7 102 110 439 564 57.7	46 44 95 70 1 008 48 79 26 326 529 57.4	15 6 33 26 557 15 63 20 172 287 56.5	7 12 11 11 268 - 11 20 87 150 52.6	- 4 14 93 - 15 5 50 23 51.5	- 33 9 48 - - 8 27 13 56.8	14 	9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	18 000 21 000 20 300 21 000 21 100 14 300 19 800 21 600 20 700 17 100 19 800 19 800	20 300 27 600 26 600 19 400 22 300 20 600 23 200 23 200 22 900 21 800
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 034 2 727 1 800 2 792 4 985	135 247 224 302 773	297 712 491 725 1 515	260 686 442 615 1 292	150 530 290 438 743	59 257 123 287 407	69 137 143 214 115	33 103 63 115 118	13 36 11 62 22	13 19 - 22 -	5 - 13 12 -	22 000 25 400 23 600 26 300 21 000	28 200 29 100 28 400 31 500 24 100
To 3 rooms	273 2 433 4 831 3 124 1 511 1 166 5.3	159 627 556 232 43 64 4.6	79 934 1 574 799 199 155 5.0	24 541 1 423 824 319 164 5.3	256 825 605 301 153 5.5	61 337 348 221 166 6.0	14 44 224 210 186 6.8	- 51 71 160 150 7.1	- 21 11 43 69 7.4	- - 10 15 29 7.7	- - - - 30 8.5+	10000— 16 000 21 500 26 000 36 700 42 900	11 900 18 000 23 600 28 800 39 600 48 500
BEDROOMS None	15 1 046 6 349 4 472 1 274 182	373 881 332 90 5	15 376 2 128 986 184 51	158 1 800 1 074 242 21	92 961 912 164 22	- 24 406 507 173 23	- 9 96 364 190 19	14 67 196 132 23	- 6 69 64 5	- - 4 27 23 -	- - 5 12 13	12 500 13 600 20 700 28 100 37 600 37 500	12 500 17 100 22 800 31 800 41 900 50 500
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980. 1970 to 1974. 1960 to 1969. 1950 to 1959. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or earlier	170 69 643 1 677 1 874 8 905	4 6 28 41 249 1 353	13 13 78 179 425 3 032	11 94 356 528 2 306	29 4 104 497 338 1 179	33 11 122 335 187 445	51 14 71 124 78 340	20 91 110 39 172	7 10 37 19 21 50	13 - 6 16 9	- 12 - 18	50 800 45 200 41 900 35 800 24 900 20 200	52 900 40 300 46 900 37 300 27 300 23 800
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 55,000. \$5,000 to \$9,979 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 of more. Median	1 513 2 453 1 184 1 099 2 310 1 751 1 763 956 309 \$15 822 \$18 150	498 568 163 102 190 55 77 18 10 \$7 896 \$10 051	519 841 392 390 684 399 392 92 92 31 \$13 256 \$14 791	283 621 292 270 681 531 419 163 35 \$16 172 \$17 185	145 284 171 210 379 424 313 184 41 \$18 686 \$19 733	44 96 117 75 212 166 266 131 26 \$20 551 \$22 165	19 14 22 41 111 117 193 139 22 \$25 987 \$27 254	5 23 20 11 53 38 75 152 55 \$31 154 \$34 179	- 6 7 - 15 15 17 62 37 \$37 712 \$41 143	- - - - 6 6 8 34 \$54 695 \$75 425	- - - - 5 7 18 \$62 752 \$81 612	14 900 17 600 20 900 21 500 23 700 27 500 29 800 41 600 52 600	17 500 19 900 23 900 24 200 26 400 30 200 33 400 46 200 67 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not mortgaged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not computed Medion	7 707 3 533 1 559 867 539 364 821 124 16.0 5 631 2 134 2 162 1761 328 206 480 411 12.8	604 133 1116 81 29 777 155 13 22.9 1 077 240 254 166 102 9 77 77 77 134 7	1 881 926 332 196 149 62 216 - 15.2 1859 688 310 302 236 93 37 1 154 5	1 930 882 419 200 1775 91 156 7 15,9 1365 555 323 168 8 95 7 7 6 38	1 462 683 340 145 76 48 166 15.7 689 319 156 34 4 2 2 14 58 8 8 10.7	827 397 157 143 55 13 62 - 15.5 306 130 81 45 45 13 15 16 6 - - 16	\$32 305 911 40 25 36 35 35 13.6 146 77 24 21 1 –	291 130 544 44 18 19 26 16.4 141 190 14 18 18 9	113 53 34 9 6 11 15.5 31 18 - 7 7	42 16 16 4 6 6 7 12 12 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	25 8 8 5 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 1 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	26 900 27 900 27 800 26 700 25 500 22 100 10000	30 900 32 000 31 200 32 900 31 200 29 200 33 300 26 400 17 100 23 000 27 000 20 800 19 700 19 600 19 000 35 800
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	13 176 368 162 15 13 331 12 362 10 318 5 049 1 105 8.3	1 570 67 111 15 1 681 1 324 755 184 468 27.8	3 689 122 51 3 733 3 456 2 534 728 308 8.2	3 295 113 - 3 295 3 103 2 790 1 323 181 5.5	2 151 51 	1 133 10 - 1 133 1 083 1 064 681 43 3.8	678 	432 432 423 421 320 5	144 	54 54 54 54 50 	30 5 30 30 30 25 	23 200 17 900 10000— 10000— 22 900 23 700 26 300 32 400 12 700	27 800 21 900 9 600 7 500 27 600 28 300 30 600 36 800 16 600

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Dato ore estima	tes based on o	sample, see !	nfroduction. Fi	or meaning of	symbols, see ii	nrroduction. P	or denninons o	if terms, see o	ppendixes A on	0 8 1	
Terre Haute city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 088	865	1 431	2 284	1 618	803	457	134	75	7	414	179
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	2 530	81	291	667	649	372	198	104	46	4	118	214
Married-couple families	753 978	34	126	232 292	207	93	26	28	-	-	7	194
25 to 34 years	978 273	31	59 28	23	260 86	154 46	103 23	24 22	19 22		36 18	221 241
45 to 64 years	301 225	11	26 52	55 65	58 38	60	41	20	5	4	37	241 245 178
65 years and over	1 887	201	376	560	349	172	124	1		-	20 97	169
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	721 590	30 42	104 108	223 225	176 97	65 84	98	_	_	_	25 25 14 25	198 169
35 to 44 years	185 229	15 47	25 88	47 29	50 26	17	17	- 8	-		14	169 199 132 103
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	162	67	51	36	620	259	-	-	-	-	8	103
15 to 24 years	3 671 845	583 29	764 169	1 057 309	206	60	135	22 3	29	3 3	199 19	166 182 182
25 to 34 years	666 327	17 21	112 35	269 117	144	84 50	19	5 4	5	_	11	182 196
45 to 64 years65 years and over	655 1 178	93 423	166 282	211 151	94 113	13 52	32 21 22	10	18	-	39	162
Median age	31.4	70.2	39.3	28.1	28.2	29.8	29.3	36.3	37.3	45.6	125 57.6	112
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980	4 272 2 244	281 264	680 391	1 216 712	989 501	491 219	348 82	103	75	3 4	86 48	194 177
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	774 490	217 79	191 124	187 115	67 46	50 27	11 16	8	-	-	43 83	141 150
1959 or earlier	308	24	45	54	15	16	-	_	_	-	154	153
ROOMS												
1 room 2 rooms	183 906	89 177	52 370	20 298	17 47	- 8	5 -			-	- 6	102 136 154 190 231 251
3 rooms	2 297 2 114	342 120	653 197	825 820	319 507	48 279	23 53	13	- 6	-	74 119	154
5 rooms	1 605	100	112	213	511	328	182	31	6	4	118	231
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	637 346	37	30 17	49 59	173 44	113 27 4 7	103	13 31 56 21	20 43	3	56 41	251 303
Medion	3.8	3.0	2 9	3.5	4.3	47	5.3	5 7	67	5.4	4.6	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979	8 088	865 795	1 431	2 284	1 618	803	457	134	75	7	414	179
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	7 790 4 831	795 603	1 325 883	2 215 1 439	1 581 844	794 373	450 261	134	75 44	7 4	414 318	180 174
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	2 618 236	184	389 22	631 102	689 40	393 14	150 30	57 15	31	3	91	204
1.51 or more	105	_	31	43 69	8	14	9	-	_	-	5 -	158
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	298 156 117	70 26	106 60 37	39	37 22 13	9	7 -	-		_		204 179 158 125 127
0.51 to 1.00	117	34	37 9	26	13		7	-	_	-	-	142 105
1.51 or more	16	10	_	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	86
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 062 1 956	422 392	376 345	527 510	383 362	163 163	118	3	5	3	62 62	161
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	130	- 1	28	83	-	13	6	-		-	-	163 159 107
1.01 or more persons per room	106	30	31	17	21		_	_	_	_	-	107
BEDROOMS												
None1	314 3 603	132 495	86 1 014	66 1 349	17 535	8 80	5 27	- 8	~	_	95	114 155
3	2 945 I 1 055 I	150	244 71	744 104	818 220	474 234	238 157	44 62	20 42	4 3	209	213 253
4	150	8	12	21	22	7	24	15	13	-	82 28	246 304
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	21	-	4	-	6	-	6	5	-	-	-	304
1, detoched or ottoched	3 277	185	257	. 588	862	529	297	107	70	7	375	226
2 3 ond 4	1 109 1 556	43 204	244 384	392 628	226 190	107 80	83 54	5	~=		9 11	226 180
5 to 9	859	167	242	327	92	23 57	-	8	-		-	161 153
50 or more Mabile home or trailer, etc	518 723	51 215	90 206	97 247	196 43	7	23	5			_	205
	46	-	8	5	9	-	-	-	5	-	19	203
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	185	34	44	41	38	11	4	13				169
19/0 to 19/4	683 1 143	202 311	123 192	187 266	117	24	6 46	15	9 21	-	20	152
1950 to 1959	933	28	112	284	225 229	122 122	81 100	17	6	7	29 54 26	152 155 203
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 139 4 005	40 250	175 785	398 1 108	237 772	122 482	100 220	20 58	14 25	7	26 305	189
STORIES IN STRUCTURE												
1 to 3 4 or more	7 396 692	703 162	1 213 218	2 014 270	1 587 31	792 11	457	134	75	7	414	185 147
With elevator	526	162	136	197	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	143
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE DF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	1 476	204	301	443	344	97	67	14	6	-		175
15 to 19 percent	1 315 1 284	165 135	208 252	396 420	289 258	156 120	67 74 57	28 17	6 4	- 4		183
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	886 519	150	175	214 156	197	89 63	57 21	17	10		1-1	175 173 68
35 to 49 percent	845 1 218	98	102 132 237	223 381	151	112	68	45	16	-		195
Not computed	545	22 31	24	51	275 14	158	103	10	29	3	414	158
Medion	23 8	21.8	23 9	23.3	23 3	26 4	26 8	31 9	44.7	24 4		
Heating equipment	8 078	865	1 431	2 274	1 618	803	457	134	75	7	414	179
Air conditioning	7 191 4 137	788 464	1 172 620	2 100 1 153	1 398 866	718 443	433 227	134	75 49	7 4	366 263	180 185
Centrol system	1 107	117	113	276	230	136	105	30	33	4	63	203

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Household income in 1979												
Terre Haute city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollars)	Income in 1979 below paverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	14 738	1 679	2 768	1 273	1 201	2 546	1 911	1 980	1 021	359	15 801	18 153	1 284
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLOER Morriad-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 33 years 25 to 33 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 36 years and over	9 119 329 1 687 1 359 1 985 1 195 46 203 171 334 441 4 424 103 3 365 2 243 1 385 2 328 57.1	230 	1 099 40 74 78 226 681 312 6 26 42 54 1 357 63 129 33 4000 732 68.0	659 30 49 56 225 299 119 7 33 28 18 18 33 495 20 62 24 4239 130 60.5	716 54 181 106 206 6169 87 7 23 - 57 - 398 - 9 20 199 140 56.3	1 827 118 396 186 723 404 203 8 57 46 66 71 193 179 54.8	1 565 45 479 260 622 159 120 30 16 6 6 12 7 7 7 12 226 7 8 8 48.6	1 798 42 376 373 921 86 70 7 7 31 255 112 — 14 19 42 37 50.2	911 63 239 549 15 12 27 56 6 32 18 50.7	314 	20 078 16 534 20 829 24 682 22 962 21 885 11 73 13 929 15 584 16 932 6 985 8 317 16 932 17 988 8 317 18 988 18 988 18 988 18 988 18 988	22 462 17 148 21 368 27 148 25 668 14 987 14 878 13 623 15 965 16 961 20 003 9 818 10 156 9 818 10 156 11 249 16 366 11 973 8 299	358 15 81 63 110 89 75 - 21 3 15 36 851 21 21 7 7 174 521 65.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLOER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 212 3 044 2 001 3 000 5 481	91 157 171 314 946	192 413 259 419 1 485	82 257 136 319 479	142 251 194 186 428	227 629 361 476 853	225 523 262 437 464	170 546 298 421 545	54 209 256 297 205	29 59 64 131 76	17 210 18 200 17 863 17 654 11 615	18 657 20 024 20 983 20 874 14 480	118 206 164 256 540
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room toking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room the complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room the conditioning Centrol system Air conditioning Centrol system 4 centrol	14 530 373 208 23 14 731 13 644 11 349 5 520 13 094 5 473 7 621 14 731 12 075 201 667 168 5.3	1 605 15 74 1 679 1 427 914 377 890 690 200 1 679 1 210 26 329 58 4.8	2 702 23 66 13 2 761 2 485 1 998 812 2 168 1 474 694 2 761 2 285 48 42 2 358 2 88 4.9	1 266 30 7 1 273 1 188 967 487 1 188 762 426 1 273 1 090 17 32 124 1 00 5.1	1 188 18 13 1 201 1 1400 854 354 1 1116 638 478 1 201 1 056 1 056 1 00 34 92 9 9 9 9 5.2	2 514 82 32 10 2 546 2 352 2 008 943 2 483 986 1 497 2 546 2 100 38 38 30 238 40 53	1 906 55 5 5 1 911 1 828 1 651 796 439 1 457 1 911 1 526 45 118 213 9 9 5.5	1 975 92 5 1 980 1 889 1 712 863 1 973 342 1 631 1 980 1 1677 1 13 128 153 9 9 5.9	1 015 39 6 - 1 021 980 923 635 1 021 91 930 1 021 828 4 44 140 5 6.6	359 19 359 355 322 253 359 51 308 359 303 36 20 7.0	15 908 22 011 6 563 7 212 15 807 16 135 17 198 18 860 17 150 11 878 21 511 15 807 14 875 20 471 13 111 7 321 	18 280 23 858 9 310 11 470 18 159 19 567 22 567 22 567 24 011 18 159 18 353 14 354 21 906 16 533 11 050 	1 205 52 79 13 1 284 1 071 1 680 173 786 477 309 1 284 922 21 36 259 46 5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTEO MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With o mortgoge	7 707	1 513	2 453	1 184	702	2 310	1 751	1 763	956 762	309 195	15 822	18 150	1 105
Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$339 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$579 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion \$400 to \$40	2 649 1 788 1 294 631 543 453 171 128 50 \$234 5 631 75 50 50 50 81	243 65 31 30 12 - \$174 1 132 52 255 374	478 204 123 45 17 22 18 4 - \$196 1 542 - 171 572	344 173 46 35 25 20 7 7 - 5 \$195 529 - 14 207	264 185 137 47 34 27 8 - - \$224 397 - 14 153	605 345 186 124 149 68 16 14 - \$222 803 17 21 193	276 299 280 152 118 61 20 28 - \$257 517	311 318 284 139 112 99 46 46 5 \$259 403 6 5	107 166 166 59 57 133 50 13 11 \$283 194	21 33 41 - 19 23 6 23 29 \$357 114 - -	14 957 18 013 21 662 20 821 20 851 26 086 26 875 26 765 36 219 10 669 4 176 4 956 9 041	16 108 20 599 23 858 21 145 23 964 28 435 28 536 64 253 14 099 8 514 6 750 10 723	176 84 72 43 20 - 9 - \$215 701 34 159
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$122 \$125 to \$129 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTEO MONTHLY	1 422 1 064 674 141 74 \$110	218 145 67 16 5 \$92	378 260 141 20 - \$102	102 120 74 4 8 \$111	122 70 33 5 - \$106	240 227 95 10 - \$118	166 127 82 9 13 \$121	117 85 73 32 21 \$128	44 90 31 7 \$167	35 26 19 14 20 \$146	12 766 12 750 16 222 26 625 27 917	14 957 14 785 19 610 25 474 48 039	134 69 82 20 5 \$95
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 36 percent 30 for 50 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median 35 percent or more Not computed Median 35 percent or more Not computed 35 percent or more Not computed 35 percent	7 707 3 533 1 559 867 539 364 821 24 16.0	381 5 7 21 324 24 50+	911 41 108 112 143 187 320 - 31.4	655 125 152 159 109 28 82 -	702 160 194 188 91 16 53 -	1 507 679 418 192 127 66 25 -	1 234 664 383 129 24 22 12 -	1 360 1 030 208 62 38 17 5	762 671 69 15 7 -	195 163 27 5 - - -	18 847 25 677 18 518 14 594 12 788 9 363 6 169 2500—	21 110 28 410 19 609 16 427 13 950 11 662 6 996	404 - 15 18 12 21 314 24 50+
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	5 631 2 134 1 162 761 519 328 206 480 41 12.8	1 132 10 14 133 184 136 169 445 41 32.0	1 542 37 461 457 331 192 29 35	529 123 265 129 4 - 8 - 12.7	397 218 164 15 - - - - 10—	803 625 168 10 	517 458 59 - - - - - - -	403 362 24 17 	194 187 7 - - - - 10—	114 114 	10 669 20 500 11 000 7 353 5 916 5 470 3 969 3 233 2500—	14 099 24 406 12 081 8 046 5 906 5 208 4 346 3 079	701 13 30 53 55 79 84 346 41 36.1

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Household income in 1979												
Terre Haute city	Fotol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to 512,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Bantar according the trains	8 246	2 198	2 386	1 004	744	972	531	295	102	14	8 873	10 538	2 088
Renter-occupied housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	2 630 777	177 85	654 226	396 145	339 102	508 98	299 96	197 25	48	12	13 149 11 336	14 550 12 218	290 106
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no write present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 010 281 327 235 1 905 721 601	27 12 12 41 453 187 84	222 54 59 93 530 176 177	187 22 10 32 279 125	150 45 21 21 199 90 55	254 69 72 15 232 73 97	117 31 40 15 126 54 50	45 36 73 18 57 3 27	8 12 28 29 13	12	3 650 5 399 19 228 8 625 9 579 9 894 10 890	14 380 16 984 21 182 10 846 10 759 0 153 11 585	94 40 25 25 477 281 84
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	192 229 162 3 711 845 686 327 660 1 193 31.4	16 75 91 1 568 379 211 68 246 664 52.3	70 67 40 1 202 276 246 106 232 342 31.4	24 19 - 329 67 101 23 86 52 27.7	13 16 25 206 66 23 31 32 54 28.1	42 20 - 232 28 67 59 45 33 30.9	11 5 6 106 24 25 25 8 24 28.8	20 - 41 5 7 11 11 7 41.0	9 7 - 25 - 6 4 - 15 44.2	2	11 042 7 708 4 569 6 034 5 643 8 048 9 547 6 373 4 696	13 684 11 181 6 331 7 582 6 648 8 810 10 948 7 477 6 674	11 48 53 1 321 417 200 122 278 354 30.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 343 2 297 785 503 318	1 032 623 306 147 90	1 302 593 179 216 96	600 292 67 21 24	431 181 54 27 51	476 350 97 36 13	298 154 38 30	149 74 38 18 16	41 30 6 8	14 - - -	9 257 9 393 7 141 7 041 7 891	10 638 10 828 9 470 9 421 11 487	1 158 537 222 126 45
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	7 948 4 912 2 680 251 105	2 071 1 551 451 58	2 276 1 504 683 53 36	964 523 391 40	732 341 353 30 8	972 522 416 10 24	531 293 215 23	288 121 138 21 8	102 57 33 4 8	12 - 12	9 056 7 549 11 317 10 906 11 375	10 679 9 634 12 174 13 761 14 097	1 982 1 155 690 95 42
1 51 or more. Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 100. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more. SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	298 156 117 9 16	127 91 36 - -	110 47 44 9 10	40 13 23 4	12 5 7 - -		=======================================	7 - 7 - -	-	2 - - 2	5 733 4 387 6 940 6 250 7 000	6 777 5 369 7 846 7 010 12 564	106 63 43
Hearting equipment Central hearting system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 2 or more House hearting fuel Utility ago 8 ortled, tank, or IP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc. Other	8 236 7 330 4 201 1 107 6 163 4 216 1 947 8 236 6 003 1 307 4 50 1 26	2 198 1 930 1 011 268 971 836 135 2 198 1 380 28 646 108 36	2 386 2 048 1 133 293 1 789 1 442 347 2 386 1 718 41 458 118 51	1 004 913 464 87 908 701 207 1 004 783 32 118 66 5	734 682 430 135 644 366 278 734 551 103 63 17	972 907 603 162 938 530 408 972 795 9 111 51	\$31 476 291 79 \$17 186 331 \$31 445 13 58 10 5	295 264 168 56 280 110 170 295 244 5 12 28	102 96 89 27 102 45 57 102 75 -	14 14 12 - 14 - 14 12 2 - -	8 861 9 078 9 788 9 860 10 885 9 351 15 091 8 861 9 667 7 256 6 170 9 962 7 692	10 535 10 691 11 587 11 866 12 289 10 476 16 215 10 535 11 086 10 447 8 315 11 054 9 438	2 088 745 778 23 1 094 7 6 3 8 2 088 1 460 23 448 121 36
Median rooms Specified renter-occupied housing units	3.8 8 088	3.3 2 185	3.6 2 335	3.9 999	4.2 727	4.3 958	48	4.8	5.0 84	5.9	8 798	10 412	2 062
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$2200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$330 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$500 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	1 540 2 435 2 617 766 244 63 9 -	844 600 467 127 33 3	405 903 676 180 29 12 9	101 345 412 59 43 - - - - 39	71 218 268 61 38 17 -	35 206 463 167 31 13 -	49 127 149 99 45 4 - - 26	27 29 125 69 9 14 -	8 7 43 4 16 	14 	4 698 7 931 11 004 13 197 13 618 14 926 6 250	6 703 9 177 12 159 13 623 15 241 16 222 6 305	624 519 577 201 48 31
Medion GROSS RENT	\$148	\$115	\$143	\$152	\$157	\$167	\$164	\$179	\$181	5 156	0 041	10 647	5138
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$250 to \$249 \$320 to \$249 \$320 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	865 1 431 2 284 1 618 803 457 134 75 7 414 \$179	598 516 501 281 107 63 3 5 - 111 \$143	202 542 845 313 193 76 16 24 3 121 \$165	21 171 335 251 102 36 33 11 -	30 79 208 218 69 41 23 5 - 54 \$204	8 67 248 292 183 107 - 10 - 43 \$225	6 33 72 188 73 67 26 8 - 26 \$231	23 55 41 76 39 29 6 4 14 \$271	20 32 - 16 4 6 - 6 \$236	2 12 	4 076 6 174 8 838 12 14 12 488 15 386 14 130 11 932 25 313 8 64	4 750 7 578 9 807 12 803 13 370 16 062 17 7 9 15 230 18 944 10 847	472 376 527 383 163 1 8 3 5 3 62 \$161
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent Not computed Medion	1 476 3 315 1 284 886 519 845 1 218 545 23 8	16 101 120 219 120 293 1 074 242 50+	130 206 575 384 310 465 144 121 27 6	113 302 230 194 45 76 39 21 4	169 232 175 52 34 11 54 18 6	392 321 159 33 10 - 43 16 0	320 128 21 4 - - 26 13 2	244 25 4 - - - 14	78 - - - - 6	14 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19 160 13 023 9 609 7 740 6 807 5 969 2 920 6 017	20 142 13 295 10 076 7 986 7 194 6 104 2 959 8 240	29 103 116 181 142 239 1 059 193 50 +

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Ooto ore estima	ates bosed on o	somple, see Intr	oduction. For m	eoning of symbo	ls, see Introduct	ion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	and 8]	
Terre Haute city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 707	2 649	1 788	1 294	631	543	453	171	128	50	234
PERSONS IN UNIT		710	100	100	70		0.4	10			101
1 person2 persons	1 171 2 338	718 981	180 564	103 354	73 126	34 134	36 86	18 52	41 50	9 -	181 217
3 persons 4 persons	1 633 1 357	438 335	457 312 170	271 254	126 165 124 112	135 125 61	95 112	52 18 55 20	21	19	241 256 276 275 251 278
6 persons	761 259 135	99 33 29	61	254 213 70 21	6 22	40 14	80 28 6	8	5	8 5	276 275
7 persons 8 or more persons Medion	53 2.71	16 2.12	6 2.83	3.20	3.21	3.27	10 3.58	3.36	5 2.96	4.13	278
HOUSEHOLO TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLOER	2.77	2.72	2.00	5.20	5.21	3.27	0.50	0.00	2.70	4.76	
Marriad-cornla familias	5 572 275	1 534	1 357	1 054 31	505 34	444 28	386 17	140	111	41	246
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 466 1 092	69 247 142	96 331 249	339 292	174	202 77	106 124	50 35 55	17 44	25	273
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 158 581	771	557 124 117	345 I	174 104 155 38 33	103	112	55	44	16	228
Mole householder, no wife present	555 44	305 274 32 43 27 112	_	47 75	33 5	34 16	27 22 7	9	=	9	236 273 277 228 193 201 174 223 245 188 181 195
25 to 34 years	120 97 198	43 27	37 24	11 24	5 14 7	12	3 6	_	Ξ	9	223 245
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	96	60	24 33 23	33 7	7	4 -	- 6	9	_	_	188 181
Permole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 years	1 580 62	841 54	314 8	165	93	83	45	22	17	=	195 166
25 to 34 years	276 151	68 54 407	93 39 155 19	28 23	18 11	31 10	21	9 5	8 9		238 228
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	752 339 47.5	258 56.8	19 4 5. 8	84 30 41. 8	40 24 41.7	42 - 34.9	16 8 41.7	41.0	42.2	43,4	194 152
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVEO INTO UNIT	47.3	30.0	43.0	71.0	41.7	34.7	41.7	41.0	42.2	43,4	
1979 to Morch 1980	877	139	209	110	102 273	141	77	51	36	12	291
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	2 351 1 349	490 431	608 379	470 276	94	211 72	167 59	58 14	56 11	18 13	291 258 232 223 178
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 614 1 516	661 928	324 268	283 155	96 66	80 39	116 34	28 20	19		178
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	96 1 039	60 546 1 055	293	27 106	60	21	9 -	13 14	Ī.	_	179 196
5 rooms6 rooms	2 507 2 024	656	582 511	421 302	187 181 101	116 178	109 129 109	30	23 32 33	5	196 217 235 272 295
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	1 151 890	208 124 5.2	262 140 5.5	238 200 5.8	102	145 83 6.3	97 6.3	46 68 7.1	40	9 36 8.5+	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	5.6	5.2	5.5	3.0	3.9	0.3	0.3	7.1	6.8	0.5+	
1975 to March 1980	153	31	16	13	- 7	20	10	30	21	12	391
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	52 502 1 190	10 142 335	72 259	8 98 235	45 152	54 108	5 59 52	6	10 19 14	7	358 269 250
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 197 4 613	332 1 799	294 1 147	222 718	81 346	123 232	112 215	35 13 81	11 53	9 22	245 222
VALUE		1	, , , , ,	7.10	0.0	202	2.0				
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	604 1 881	323 987	174 487	74 233	27 90	6 35	33	_ 16	=	-	194 196
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 930 1 462	579 443	564 312	402 260	172 192	89 163	99 65	25	27	_	234
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	827 532	216	146 86	155 94	90 54	93 96 57	95 76	10 38	17 12	5	267 309
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	291 113	i 19	19	70 6	- 6	-	99 65 95 76 58 27	49 33	19 35 18	1	234 246 267 309 383 535 742
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	42 25	Ξ			Ξ	4		<u> </u>	_	20 25	742 750+
Medion	\$26 900	\$20 200	\$23 500	\$27 700	\$31 300	\$38 800	\$44 900	\$58 400	\$77 100	\$137 500	
SELECTEO MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	3 533 1 559	1 631 379	888 350 200	597 317	141 220	111 123	118 99	27 36	12 19	8 16	208 258 268 277
20 to 24 percent	867 539	184 108	123	136 72	93 67	121 79	99 89 38	36 24 29	11 23 33	9 - 7	268 277
30 to 34 percent	364 821	106 228	89 138	31 130	10 100	37 72	40 69	11 44	33	10	243 267
Not computed Medion	24 16.0	13 13.1	15.1	11 15.7	19.0	21.5	20.5	24.7	29.8	20.6	146
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Control water significance allowing host arms.	7 707 431	2 649 141	1 788 62	1 294 69	631 23 551	543 65	453 15	171 30	128 21 101	50	234 259
Centrol warm-air fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	6 601 144	2 288 31	1 553 32	1 090 42	11 [449 5	403 11	126 6 9	101	40	233 261 268
Other means Air conditioning	104 427 6 127	21 168 1 99 8	25 116 1 367	17 76 1 05 6	9 37 527	20 447	19 5 391	171	120	5	220
Centrol system 1 or more individual room units	3 054 3 073	898 1 100	608 759	506 550	276 251	20 447 275 172 543	254 137	101	100	50 36 14	252 229
Ittility one	7 707 6 404	2 649 2 237	1 788 1 507	1 294 1 054	631 465	543 487	453 413	70 171 104	128 107	50 30	234 232
Bottled, tonk, or LP gasElectricity	86 370	24 93	19 57	19 75	7 45	487 13 15 28	4 21 15	36 31	21	7	259 233 261 268 220 239 252 229 234 232 250 273 236 159
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	806 41	263 32	196	146	114	28	15	31	_	13	236 159

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction - For meaning of symbols, see Introduction - For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estimate	s based on a sam	pie, see introducti	on for meaning	of symbols, see I	introduction for (serminons or term	is, see appendixes	s A ono o j	
Terre Haute city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 631	75	503	1 678	1 422	1 064	674	141	74	110
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	2 121 2 451	52 14	347 122	746 794	484 627	337 481	132 343	15 40	8	97 112
2 persons	544	- i	19	70	181	128	95	37	14	125
4 persons5 persons	309 105	_	10	63 5	68 30	85 19	63 29	12	-	125 132 135 122
6 persons	56 29	9 -	5	_	16 13	7 _	6	16	13	122 205
8 or more persons	16 1.78	1.22	1.22	1 62	3 1 86	7 1 91	2 10	2 92	2 47	143
Median	1.70	1.22	1.22	1 02	1 00	1 71	210	272	2 47	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	2 737	6	133	698	757	574	425	91	53	118
15 to 24 years	18	-	-	13	10	8	5	-	-	122 118
35 to 44 years	63 145	-	18	28	25 42	20 28	11	18	-	116
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 281 1 230	6 -	29 86	223 434	433 247	242 276	255 154	59 14	34 19	122 110
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	459	18	58	157	95	60	67	4	-	99
25 to 34 years	13 34	_	- 8	13	- 7	- 8		- 4	-	88 107
35 to 44 years	114	_	7	42	33	7	25		-	106 98 101 91
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	298 2 435	18 51	43 312	95 823	55 57 0	45 430	182	46	21	101
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	31 41	-	6	24 10	7 11	14			_	91 110
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	65 582	- 9	21	12 214	146	14 125	21 63	12		151
65 years and over	1 716 67.6	42 69. 3	285 75.3	563 70.0	400 64.8	277	98	34 54.9	17	108 99
Median age	07.0	09.3	/3.3	70.0	04.8	66.6	63.0	34.9	59.8	
YEAR HOUSEHOLOER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	157	_	20	36	56	23	22	_		110
1975 to 1978	376 451	-	5	36 96 98	136 95	90	18 97	26 19	5	116 125 113
1960 to 1969	1 178	16	31 146	299	249	86 264	148	36	25 20 24	113
1959 or earlier	3 469	59	301	1 149	886	601	389	60	24	106
ROOMS	177		25	0.4	20	16	10			01
1 to 3 rooms	1 394	42	35 198	84 531	30 411	15 134	13 54 271	11	13	91 97
5 rooms	2 324 1 100	27	209	754 231	549 303	495 302	271 169	11 52 22 45	8 5	108
7 rooms 8 ar mare rooms	360 276	6	38 23	53 25	73 56	66 52	89 78	22	28 20	123 134 153
Median	5.0	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.5	6.4	69	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	17 17	~		_	4	8	_	-	5	139 144
1970 to 1974	141 487	~	13	4	20 86	58 161	29	6 12 22 9	5	139
1940 to 1949	677	6 15	22 40	65 207	163	136	92 100		33 7	135 112
	4 292	54	428	1 402	1 149	690	453	92	24	106
VALUE Less than \$10,000	1 077	46	242	270	247	00		20		00
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	1 859	45 15	243 164	379 686	247 482	88 325	55 142	20 33 10	12	92 103
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 365 689	8	84 12	455 147	420 204	229 174	151 112	10	13	108
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	306 146	-		11	57 12	170 53	63 70	5 6	- 5	122 138
\$60 000 to \$79 999	141	-	-	-	-	19	63	38	21	156 191
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	12	-	-	_	-	6 -	12 6	~ 10	3 6	190 225
\$150,000 ar mare Median	\$19 200	\$10000-	\$10 600	\$16 800	\$19 500	\$25 100	\$28 900	\$35 600	\$53 000	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	2 124	20	11.					67		
Less than 10 percent	2 134 1 162	33 14	114 108	634 415	653 209	391 213	232 150	57 29	20 24	111
15 to 19 percent	761 519	20	118 52	222 178	165 127	120 90	84 60	15	17	103 104
25 ta 29 percent	328 206	-	42 32	73 59	71 51	86 39	45 13	11	- 8	117
35 percent or more	480	-	25	97	146	109	77	21	5	120
Not computed Median	41 12 8	11.6	12 16.0	12.5	11 4	16 13 1	13 13.3	123	13 5	138
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment Steam or hat water system	5 624 215	75	503	1 671	1 422	1 064	674	141	74	110
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 652	50	388	45 1 384	40 1 20 5	70 863	23 616	21 102	16 . 44	133 110 117
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, wall, or pipeless furnace	112	_	7	31 46	36 24	27 16	8 6	- 4	10	117
Other means	542 4 191	25 22	108 277	165 1 125	117 1 081	88 886	600	14 126	4 74	99 96
Central system	1 995 2 196	14	79 198	405	529	490	351	68	59	116 124 108
House heating fuel	5 624	75	503	720 1 671	552 1 422	396 1 064	249 674	58 141	15 74 52	110
Utility gas	4 531 89	65	424	1 362 38	1 167 19	823 10	511 14	127	4	110 109 109
ruei dii, kerdsene, etc.	179 7 27	-	13 45	52 175	49 170	33 192	22 127	10	10	113 121 85 (
Other	98	10	21	44	170	6	-	-	- 0	85

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	wner-occupied h	housing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	using units		
Terre Haute city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	14 738	194	102	719	3 859	9 864	8 246	190	688	1 158	2 125	4 085
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 75 to 34 years 75 years and over	9 119 329 1 687 1 359 3 759 1 985 1 195 203 2171 334 441 4 424 1103 365 2 438 1 385 2 328	154 13 48 56 20 17 9 - - - - 19 31 1- 19 - 12	92 - 28 5 42 17 	521 102 70 237 91 49 - 8 7 7 7 149 - 28 8 62 51 52.6	2 728 161 613 424 1 0000 5300 243 15 64 64 40 888 44 111 56 314 363 55.2	5 624 134 896 804 2 460 1 330 894 31 131 104 243 385 59 203 177 991 1 911 59.5	2 630 7777 1 010 281 327 235 721 601 192 229 162 3 711 845 686 327 660 1 193	84 41 30 4 9 - 31 8 10 - - - - - 13 62 45.8	230 66 109 12 16 27 75 12 38 9 - 16 383 28 15 31 39 270 61.4	397 121 165 19 50 42 228 82 34 45 21 46 533 46 102 65 73 247	819 345 300 97 57 7 20 440 238 141 29 32 - 866 326 230 99 91 120 26.5	1 100 204 406 149 195 146 1 131 381 378 109 163 100 1 854 445 339 132 444 494
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 212 3 044 2 001 3 000 5 481	88 106 - - -	37 65 -	82 165 108 364	339 996 586 786 1 152	703 1 740 1 242 1 850 4 329	4 343 2 297 785 503 318	94 96 - - -	314 194 180 -	497 391 122 148	1 399 486 147 68 25	2 039 1 130 336 287 293
ROOMS	22 21 350 2 699 5 344 3 358 2 944 5.3	 8 34 25 62 65 6.0	- - 31 19 17 35 5.6	7 	- 6 108 847 1 352 928 618 5.2	15 15 215 1 716 3 736 2 179 1 988 5.3	183 906 2 311 2 154 1 652 684 356 3.8	6 39 40 55 32 18 -	7 113 294 129 98 37 10 3.3	30 190 315 352 178 43 50 3.6	36 128 620 609 446 201 85 4.0	104 436 1 042 1 009 898 385 211 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.51 or more. Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50.	14 530 10 375 3 782 350 23 208 138 47 23	194 148 36 10 - - - - -	102 78 24 - - - -	712 468 228 16 - 7 - 7	3 836 2 468 1 257 102 9 23 - 8 15	9 686 7 213 2 237 222 14 178 138 32 8	7 948 4 912 2 680 251 105 298 156 117 9	182 116 54 12 - 8 8 - -	688 413 205 47 23 - - -	1 151 712 398 13 28 7 - 7	2 041 1 126 840 67 8 84 50 32 - 2	3 886 2 545 1 183 112 46 199 98 78 9
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	3 703 5 283 2 383 1 862 945 562 2.19	34 60 33 46 11 10 2.59	6 46 19 14 6 11 2.48	125 260 113 109 79 33 2.40	680 1 402 820 541 279 137 2.39	2 858 3 515 1 398 1 152 570 371 2.09	3 524 2 241 1 155 711 391 224 1.77	85 59 13 12 11 10 1.67	347 188 39 77 24 13 1.49	532 309 169 74 62 12 1.65 2 332	769 605 333 215 139 64 1.99	1 791 1 080 601 333 155 125 1.73 8 374
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched	14 084 349 107 71 35 10 82	175 - 4 4 - - 11	69 5 - - - - 28	698 - - - 5 - 16	3 768 40 4 6 22 -	9 374 304 99 61 8 10	3 435 1 109 1 556 859 518 723 46	76 7 23 14 - 61 9	73 45 74 32 146 313	357 48 260 94 161 217 21	1 102 346 395 196 69 6	1 827 663 804 523 142 126
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment Steem or hot woter system Central worm-air fumace or electric hear pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearing fuel Utility gas Sottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	14 731 752 12 383 282 227 1 087 11 349 5 520 5 829 14 731 12 075 201 1 667 1 168 8 7	194 - 138 39 4 13 178 132 46 194 39 10 140 5 - 140 7.2	102 	719 56 541 49 18 55 632 379 253 719 552 28 80 52 7 60 8.3	3 859 274 3 187 79 47 272 3 269 1 858 1 411 3 859 2 876 66 197 699 21 259 6.7	9 857 422 8 421 115 152 747 7 187 3 089 4 098 9 857 8 544 69 193 911 140 951 9.6	8 236 991 5 299 872 168 906 4 201 1 107 3 094 8 236 6 003 130 1 527 450 126 2 088 25.3	190 14 91 69 16 118 80 38 190 67 4 107 12 - 28 14.7	688 22 391 262 - 13 612 369 243 688 183 - 495 5 5 204 29.7	1 158 111 680 242 47 78 786 279 507 1 158 657 6 437 34 24 337	2 115 284 1 459 56 37 279 899 147 752 2 115 1 677 58 139 182 59 485 22.8	4 085 560 2 678 243 84 520 1 786 232 1 554 4 085 3 419 217 38 1 034 25 3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or mare Median Mean	1 679 2 768 1 273 1 201 2 546 1 911 1 980 1 021 359 \$15 801 \$18 153	23 17 15 6 37 9 63 13 11 \$19 875 \$21 596	6 7 10 18 27 23 5 6 \$20 926 \$22 652	55 70 99 36 73 122 118 107 39 \$20 839 \$22 420	262 500 355 278 754 628 650 286 146 \$18 332 \$20 761	1 339 2 175 797 871 1 664 1 125 1 126 610 157 \$14 282 \$16 708	2 198 2 386 1 004 744 972 531 295 102 14 \$8 873 \$10 538	52 52 32 24 16 14 - - \$9 100 \$9 847	232 229 54 67 47 34 10 15 \$7 171 \$9 157	381 343 108 56 163 69 38 - 57 403 \$9 538	486 585 280 204 287 169 98 14 2 \$9 928 \$11 114	1 047 1 177 530 393 459 245 149 73 12 \$9 022 \$10 787

Table B -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction For meaning of symbols, see Introduction For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units											
Terre Haute city	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc	Total	1 unit, detached or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc
Occupied housing units	14 738	14 084	572	82	8 246	3 435	1 109	1 556	859	518	723	46
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	4	-	4	-	39	-	-	20	w	-	19	-
Married-couple families	9 119 329	8 743 302	306 12	70 15	2 630 777	1 515 369	283 113	253 85	112 50	99 24	346 132	22
25 to 34 years	1 687 1 359	1 607 1 306	58 49	22 4	1 010 281	567 199	102 26	91 37	28	51 5	161	10
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	3 759 1 985	3 625 1 903	116 71	18 11	327 235	252 128	28	16 24	25	6	39	- 8
Male householder, no wife present	1 195	1 100	95		1 905 721	5 74 190	299 95	500 267	311 76	162 80	48	11
15 to 24 years	203	163	40	- 1	601	159	120	160	121	12	24 11	5
35 to 44 years	171 334	155 321	16 13	= [192 229	93 54	15 47	36	32 69	29 23	"-	-
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	441 4 424	417 4 241	24 171	12	162 3 711	78 1 346	527 527	803	13 436	18 257	329	13
15 to 24 years	103 365	99 348	4 10	7	845 686	210 281	136 87	273 162	140 91	70 43	16	6
35 to 44 years	243 1 385	238 1 371	5 14	_	327 660	184 278	68 94	27 135	21 124	9 14	18 15	-
65 years and over	2 328 57.1	2 185 57.2	138 57.1	31.3	1 193 31.4	393 34.1	142 29.8	206 27.9	60 29.7	121 31.4	264 35.0	33.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 212	1 129	62	21	4 343	1 596	585	941	508	267	420	26
1975 to 1978	3 044 2 001	2 874 1 887	146 86	24 28	2 297 785	1 034 327	317 85	401 121	172 117	170	198 93	5
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	3 000	2 925	66	9	503	267	71 51	79	40 22	31	12	15
1959 or earlierROOMS	5 481	5 269	212	-	318	211	31			8	12	
1 room 2 rooms	22 21	22 16	5		183 906	24 78	55	18 281	81 227	53 82	177	6
3 rooms	350 2 699	263 2 536	76 128	11 35	2 311 2 154	397 1 017	360 320	658 373	334 155	155 152	400 109	28
5 rooms6 rooms	5 344 3 358	5 124 3 269	195 78	25 11	1 652 684	1 103 525	255 104	160 25	45 13	76	13 17	-
7 or more rooms	2 944 5.3	2 854 5.3	90 4.9	4 4	356 3.8	291 4.7	15 3 9	41 3 2	29	3 3	2 9	3 9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 530	13 912	53 6	82	7 948	3 374	1 076	1 486	738	518	710	46
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	10 375 3 782	9 935 3 604	382 154	58 24	4 912 2 680	1 939 1 308	678 348	998 432	540 176	347 157	369 254	41
1.01 to 1.50	350 23	350 23	-		251 105	100 27	40	46	12	14	53 34	-
1.51 or more	208	172 122	36 16	_	298 156	61	33 33	70	121	-	13	
0.50 to 100	138 47	35	12	=	117	34 27	-	37 33	46 50	-	6 7	
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	23	15	8 -	_	9 16	Ξ	_	_	9 16	_	_	
None	22	22		-	314	62	14	66	103	53	16	-
2	1 250 7 015	1 107 6 709	134 255	9 51	3 634 3 021	692 1 760	527 424	1 013 339	586 141	284 172	526 150	35
34	4 906 1 350	4 730 1 321	154 29	22	1 096 160	775 129	122 22	129 9	25	9	31	5
5 or moreHOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	195	195	-	-	21	17	-	-	4	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 679 2 768	1 611 2 608	56 137	12 23	2 198 2 386	737 847	272 283	523 523	260 328	167 115	239 269	21
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 273 1 201	1 222	44 63	7	1 004	459 320	163 101	147 138	102 65	65 43	59 61	9 16
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 546 1 911	2 450 1 831	96	17	972 531	501 317	152 82	126 58	55 34	67 30	71 10	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 980 1 021	1 887 991	63 74	19	295	197 57	33 11	22 19	13	16	14	-
\$50,000 or more	359	350	30	-	102	-	12	-	2	15	-	610 664
Medion	\$15 801 \$18 153	\$15 873 \$18 236	\$14 444 \$16 574	\$12 143 \$14 995	\$8 873 \$10 538	\$10 727 \$12 107	\$9 987 \$11 337	\$6 974 \$8 607	\$ 7 584 \$ 8 526	\$8 258 \$10 418	\$6 823 \$8 481	510 556 510 738
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	14 731	14 077	572	82	8 236	3 435	1 109	1 551	854	518	723	46
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	752 12 383	671 11 882	81 434	67	991 5 299	105 2 588	71 804	341 947	288 448	94 238	92 239	35
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	282 227	266 221	12	4 -	872 168	110 102	63 13	113 37	39	155	392	- 6
Other means Air conditioning	1 087 11 349	1 037 10 886	39 39 6	11 67	906 4 201	530 1 602	158 580	113 606	75 366	25 372	649	5 26
Centrol system	5 520 13 094	5 363 12 552	130 465	27 77	1 107 6 163	304 2 753	580 100 896	98 1 136	104 507	195 392	301 445	5
1	5 473 7 621	5 263 7 289	188	22	4 216 1 947	1 603 1 150	628 268	848 288	433	320	361	34 23
House heating fuel	14 731 12 075	14 077 11 547	572 497	82 31	8 236 6 003	3 435 2 855	1 109 921	1 551 1 115	854 704	518 256	723 144	46 8
Utility gos 8ottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	201 620	178	-	23 11	130 1 527	48	5	26 300	29 87	18	548	4
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 667	573 1 620	36 30	17	450	233 255	115 62	64	27	7	13	12 22
Other	168 14 679 9 829	159 14 025	572	82	126 8 222	3 430	1 109	46 1 545	851	5 518	18 723	44
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	161	9 373 157	448	8	5 458 162	2 50 1 67	834 5	1 063 37	688 23	243	129 13	10
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 654 27	4 460 27	124	70	2 507 46	851 4	261 9	420 21	140	263	536 12	36
OtherFamily householder	10 803	10 374	352	77	3 920	2 200	483	4 451	200	5 1 75	33 389	22
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	4 286 1 691	4 124 1 615	126 52	36 24	2 345 1 446	1 466 856	276 154	251 163	95 72	95 67	157 129	5 5
With own children under 18 years	1 428 619	1 382 606	39	7	1 046 758	580 413	160 101	153	59 44	56 48	38 38	-
With own children under 6 years	153 3 935	150 3 710	220	3	288 4 326	126 1 235	50 626	1 105	21 659	25 343	15 334	24
Percent below poverty level	1 284 8 7	1 207 8 6	\$8 10.1	19 23.2	2 088 25 3	762 22 2	285 25 7	554 35 6	197 22 9	124 23 9	166 23 0	
	L	0.0	10.1	23.2	233	22.2	23 /	33.0	22.7	23 7	23 0	

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Octa are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Terre Haute city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 ar more	Medion	Tatal
Owner-occupied housing units	14 738	3 703	5 283	2 383	1 862	945	324	7 persons	persons :	2.19	Total persons
Nonrelatives present	401	-	195	92	54	31	6	6	17	2.56	1 186
1 to 3 rooms 4 raoms 5 rooms	393 2 699 5 344	263 924 1 588	103 1 163 2 105	13 316 843	5 198 427	71 228	9 18 123	- 9 27	- - 3	1.25 1.87 2.01	624 5 426 12 499
6 rooms 7 rooms	3 358 1 617	584 185 159	1 095 549	843 681 325	427 602 308 322	228 255 154 237	123 34 83	27 75 6	3 32 7	2.50 2.73	9 569 4 896
8 or more rooms Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	1 327 5.3	4.9	268 5.2	205 5.5	6.0	6.2	57 5.9	52 6.1	27 6.5	3.60	4 905
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 530 14 157	3 619 3 619	5 217 5 217	2 376 2 370	1 842 1 842	914 861	324 174	1 69 58	69 16	2.20 2.16	37 408 35 113
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	350 23 208	- 84	- - 66	6 - 7		53 - 31	141 9 -	102 9 -	48 5 -	6.32 6.78 1.80	2 150 145 511
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	185 23	84	66	7	15 5	13 18	=	_	_	1.63 4.86	391 120
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached	14 084	3 483	5 074	2 287	1 775	907	320	169	69	2.20	35 887
2 or mare	572 82	215	161 48	85 11	69 18	38	4 -	-	- -	1.94 2.25	1 803 229
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 338 1 681	3 292	4 789	2 177	1 665	8 66 78	315	164	69	2.21	33 573
See than \$10,000	3 740 3 295	670 970 853	568 1 364 1 140	162 544 594	106 492 371	218 202	61 79 78	36 60 37	13 20	1.80 2.16 2.20	3 707 9 354 7 945
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	2 151 1 133 678	438 228 67	843 379 245	417 200 107	251 197 154	129 100 86	38 19 8	16 5 4	19 5 7	2.26 2.39 2.75	5 436 3 180 2 025
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	432 144	48 9	180	107 97 52	59 5	28 25	14 10	6	: 	2.43 2.88	1 187 458
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	54 30 \$22 900	9 - \$20 000	22 5 \$23 000	\$26 300	19 12 \$26 500	\$25 200	- 8 \$21 500	\$17 800	5 \$30 700	2.32 4.33	145 136
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	14 738	3 703	5 283	2 383	1 862	945	324	169	69	2.19	37 919
Medion income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of hausehold income	\$15 801 14.7	\$7 043 22.1	\$15 992 12.9	\$21 028 13.2	\$21 150 14.7	\$21 894 14.4	\$24 091 13.1	\$26 687 12.2	\$26 442 12.7		
With a mortgageNot mortgagedNot mortgaged	16.0 12.8 1 284	25.0 20.5 62 6	14.8 10.9 300	14.4 10— 92	16.4 10— 125	15.1 10— 85	13.8 10— 25	13.6 10— 23	12.7 20.0 8	1.55	
Not mortgoged	\$3 539	\$3 053	\$2 930	\$4 762	\$5 774	\$7 096	\$9 145	\$10 104 29.7	\$2500—	•••	
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	42.6 50+ 36.1	40.1 50+ 34.8	50+ 50+ 44.2	37.8 50+ 35.6	49.0 50+ 26.7	45.2 48.0 24 4	32.1 32.1 -	41.4 22.5	50+ - 50+	•••	:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	8 246 988	3 524	2 241 618	1 155 239	711 82	391 15	108 21	81	35 6	1 .77 2.30	17 439 2 512
ROOMS	183	145	36	-	_	-	2	-	_	1.13	229
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	906 2 311 2 154	645 1 438 822	194 637 714	34 153 354	33 55 177	18 63	10	- - 6	=	1.20 1.30 1.86	1 174 3 363 4 369
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 652 684 356	350 85 39	502 90 68	345 190 79	212 153 81	197 79 34	6 37	24 46 5	16 4 15	2.45 3.38 3.40	4 686 2 392 1 226
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	3.8	3.2	3.9	4.6	4.9	5.1	35 6.0	5.7	5.9	3.40	
	7 948 7 592	5 3 356 3 356	2 153 2 127	1 132 1 107	700 6!6	391 310	100	81 5 70	35 5 14	1.79 1.71	16 965 15 150 1 310 505
Complete plumoing or exclusive use 1.00 or less	251: 105 298	168	26 88	25 - 23	55 29 11	63 18	24 10 8	6	16	5.22 4.41 1.39	474
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	273 9 16	168	78 _ 10	14 9	7 - 4	= 1	6	-		1.31 3.00 2.30	399 18 57
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	3 435	949	897	732	439	266	-	44	31	2.36	
2 3 ond 4 5 to 9	1 109 1 556 859	466 858 587	351 380 190	147 149 37	68 93 34	28 59 5	77 29 - 2	20 17		1.75 1.41 1 23	8 963 2 175 2 790 1 318
50 ar more	518 723	317 328	147 254	35 55	19 53	33	- -	-	-	1.32	1 298
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	46	19	22	- 1 104	5	-	-	-	-:	1.68	84
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	8 0 88 865 1 431	3 495 677 881	2 209 52 370	1 106 37 93 291	678 50 51	391 49 14	108 - 10	66 - 8	35 	1.75 1 14 1.31	16 961 1 288 2 139 4 136
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 284 1 618 803	1 069 444 121	722 550 238	291 335 158	112 140 179	72 95 86	18	17 13	- 8 8	1.60 2.16 2.77	4 136 4 033 2 290 1 407
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	457	59 18	136 26 14	80 27 17	89 14	38 24 10	37	12 16	6 9	2 92 3.35	1 407 530 292
No cosh rent	75 7 414	15 _ 211	14 4 97	17 - 68	9 - 34	10 3 -	10 - 4	~ - -	_	3.00 2 38 1 48	292 21 825
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$179	\$153	\$193	\$217	\$234	\$232	\$244	\$282	\$292	•••	
All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income _	8 246 \$8 873 23.8	3 524 \$6 017 26.5	2 241 \$10 725 21.7	1 155 \$11 591 21.8	711 \$13 358 22 8	391 \$9 671 1 24 5	\$16 223 18 5	\$14 625 17.3	\$29 844 12.1	1,77	17 439
Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income	2 088 \$3 301 50+	917 \$2500— 50+	470 \$3 698 50+	285 \$4 039 50+	184 \$5 746	\$5 082 50+	\$12 656 29 6	\$5 893 27.5	\$25 417 12 5	1.77	
	30+	JU-#	30+	30+	33.1	30+	27 0	27.3	123		

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Median	57.1	40104 40104	57 0 41.3 59.9 34.4	24 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	31.4	2772 3072 308 327 327 330 340 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 35	28082	##88888888 :
	65 years and over	2 328	1 896 329 66 24 24 8 8 8 1.11 3 021	2 262 5 5 66	2 055 339 74 7 7 6 3 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 193	1058 114 114 1106 1 329	1 166	178 132 132 173 173 173 182 268
d present	45 to 64 yeors	1 385	777 326 123 84 45 45 30 1 39 2 512	1 377 28 8	1 334 1 1933 1 1933 1 1933 1 1933 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	999	462 107 53 53 6 978	2000 1	655 93 94 1166 126 139 139
ler, no husban	35 to 44 years	243	23 62 62 83 83 84 84 84	243	216 151 451 451 739 230 230 230 24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	327	2 2 3 3 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	327	327 866 44 47 17 18 83 93 93 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84
emale hauseholder, no husband present	25 to 34 years	365	102 74 96 65 13 13 893	365	317 276 276 277 277 288 388 388 388 177 171 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	989	314 118 165 59 23 7 1.75	679	25 25 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
2	15 to 24 years	103	62 133 157	98 1 7 1	93 93 11 10 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	848	420 302 355 36 36 1 1 1 1 1 3 30	804 26 41	27.2 27.2 27.2 27.3 34.9
	65 years and over	12	344 74 23 23 1.14 584	14 1	396 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 9	162	137	157	162 192 22 22 53 16 22 8 22 8
oresent	45 to 64 years	334	207 79 8 30 1.31 616	326	312 988 988 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	229	182 284 18 113 291	197 - 32 5	229 6.3 8.3 1.4 1.7 2.0 8.3 2.0 8.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3
Aale hausehalder, na wife present	35 to 44 years	171	126 24 9 7 7 5 1.18	<u> </u>	131 37 37 17 17 17 17 18 18 18	192	136 14 121 121 314	127 8 8	185 76 32 32 32 32 32 14 14 14 16 5
Male househo	25 to 34 years	203	138 41 10 11 1.24 333	333	133 140 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	109	389 142 20 20 127 127	549 52 14	\$90 137 164 777 40 40 40 41 19 2
	15 to 24 years	34	132	4 1 1 1	#### 1 % E 1 % 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	121	351 259 81 29 29 1 306	677 8 8 4 4 4 4	721 112 132 132 86 86 86 170 170 170 170
	65 years and over	1 985	1 692 198 73 73 10 10 4 551	1 955	1 811 2 881 2 881 2 881 3 88 3 8 8 3 8 8 8 8	235	180 180 24 215 622	215 20 20 -	22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
,	45 to 64 years	3 759	1 893 899 505 271 191 11 101	3 735 117 24 10	3 439 1 1188 1 1188 1 139 1 12 0 1 1 2 0 1 1 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	327	129 86 86 335 200 1 097	314	301 122 65 65 24 7 7 12 12 15 8
Morried-couple families	35 to 44 years	1 359	131 274 274 409 334 211 4.17 6 106	1 359 125	1 237 202 202 202 203 388 38 47 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	281	56 73 73 4 00 1 280	274	273 62 62 58 58 58 53 40 7 7 7 27 27
Morried	25 to 34 years	1 687	394 459 563 563 870 8 850	1 663 24 13	1 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 010	331 225 225 256 167 3 27 3 338	1 003	978 289 191 170 170 178 65 47 47 47
	15 to 24 years	329	126 126 41 15 2 64 897	358	293 275 275 275 81 18 18 10 10	ttt.	365 279 76 47 47 2 58 2 087	761	753 195 195 195 197 21 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 3 4 4 5 5 7
	fotal	14 738	3 703 5 283 2 283 1 862 1 962 37 919	14 530 373 208 23	13 338 7 707 7 7 707 7 7 707 7 8 6 739 8 6 739 8 6 731 8 6 731 1 6 6 0 8 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 246	3 524 2 241 1 155 1 1 391 224 1 77	7 948 356 298 25	8 006 1 476 1 315 1 284 886 519 845 1 218 245 23.8
	Terre Haute city	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 persons 2 persons 2 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medium persons Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use I 0 or more persons per room MORIGAGE STATUS AND SERECTE	OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 A Specified covera-cocupied housing units With a constraint of the control of the contr	Renter-eccupied housing units	PRSONS IN UNIT 2 person 2 person 4 person 5 person 6 person 6 person 1 pers	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete publing of exclusive use 10 or more persons per room Lechage complete published for a scalable use 10 or more persons per room 10 or more persons per room	NCOME IN 1979 Resident restruction of mousemous free transcription of the state of

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Qato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Mole hous	seholder					Femole hou	sehalder		
Terre Haute city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	3 703	843	28	- 138	126	207	344	2 860	62	102	23	777	1 896
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 619 84	802 41	28	138	126	207	303 41	2 817 43	62	102	23	777	1 853 43
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 483 215	755 88	28	98 40	110	194 13	325 19	2 728 127 5	58 4	98 4	23	767 10	1 782 109 5
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 290 1 199	194 229	6	7 22	11 26	21 35	149 146	1 096 970	6 45	13 21	6	149 263	922
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	418 259 319 117	229 108 67 127 49	7 7 8	33 18 42	22 - 34 11	35 13 42 38 24	33	310 192 192 68	7	21 26 12 15	5 12	170 82 83 19	641 105 98 75 43
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	59 18 24 \$7 043	39 11 19 \$9 963	- - \$12 857	7 - - \$13 472	7 6 9	22 5 7	3 - 3 \$5 676	20 7 5 \$6 491	- - \$7 083	9 - \$11 635	- - \$15 104	11	7 5
Mean	\$8 910	\$12 660	\$12 857 \$11 476	\$13 472 \$13 556	\$15 476 \$17 147	\$14 554 \$17 807	\$5 676 \$7 657	\$7 804	\$7 083 \$7 603	\$11 635 \$12 227	\$15 104 \$11 805	\$9 606 \$9 637	\$5 159 \$6 773
Specified awner-occupied housing units	3 292 1 171	699 356 184	28 28	89 76	86 63 21	190 110	306 79	2 593 815	58 34 26	98 92	18 7	743 398	1 676 284 218
Less than \$200	718 180 103	80 20	21 _ _	38 17	14 6	61 26 7	43 23 7	534 100 83	8	92 30 26 7	7	260 46 55	13 21
	73 34	28 7	_	14 7	7	, 7 -	_	45 27	Ξ	6 14	=	15 13	24
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	36 18	19 9	7	=	6	9	6	17 9	Ξ	9	Ξ	9	8 -
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	9 \$181	9 \$197	- \$173	\$200	9 \$238	- \$187	S191	_ _ \$176	\$170	\$231	\$225	\$181	\$148
Not mortgoged	2 121 52	343 18	-	13	23	80	227	1 778 34	24	6	11	345	1 392 34
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	347 746	58 129	_	13	8 7	7 32	43 77	289 617	24	6		21 124	262 469
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	484 337 132	57 45 36	Ξ	=	8	21 7 13	36 30 23	427 292 96	Ξ	=	6 - 5	102 67 31	319 225 60
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	15	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-	_	Ξ	15 8	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	60 15 8
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$97	\$94	_	\$88	\$88	\$101	\$92	\$98	\$88	\$63	\$123	\$107	\$96
Median selected monthly owner costs os percentage of hausehold income in 1979	22.1	19.0	24.3	20.8	17.4	12.5	23.0	22.9	24.4	24.7	17.9	19.3	24.2
Not mortgage	25.0 20.5 626	23.0 14.2 51	24.3	22.8 10— 7	17.4 17.5 3	18.5 10— 9	45.4 20.3 32	25.7 21.5	28.6 17.3	25.3 17.5	17.5 40.8 6	22.1 15.1 9 8	32.5 22.9 45 8
income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	16.9	6.0	Ξ	5.1	2.4	4.3	9.3	575 20.1	9.7	6.9	26.1	12.6	24.2
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	3 524	1 195	351	389	136	182	137	2 329	420	314	75	462	1 058
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	3 356 168	1 089	323 28	351 38	128 8	155 27	132 5	2 267 62	389 31	307 7	75 -	450 12	1 046
1, detached or attached 2	949 466	281 176	56 32	85 82	52 -	32 40	56 22	668 290	107 40	76 48	22 19	166 50	297 133
5 to 9	858 587 317	294 260	141 56 53	90 101	6 32	29 58	28 13	564 327	172 75	81 74 29	15 13	110 107	186 58 113
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	328 19	135 43 6	13	12 19 -	29 11 6	23 _ _	18 - -	182 285 13	26 - -	- 6	6	14 15 -	264 7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 467	349	126	54	10	68	91	1 118	224	64	8	188	634
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 173 330 149	385 162 63	116 57 29	124 72 19	53 14	52 19 9	40	788 168	146 34 16	157 62 19	- - 7	184 45 12	301 27 32 33 24
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	253 102	148	15 8	76 31	37 -	20	- 6	86 105 57	-	12	35 25	25	33 24
\$25,000 to \$34,999	34 16	45 34 9	-	13	7 9	14	-	7	_		Ī	_	7
\$50,000 or more	\$6 017 \$7 542	\$7 495 \$9 488	\$6 672 \$7 185	\$10 573 \$11 428	\$10 893 \$14 091	\$7 054 \$9 657	\$4 030 \$5 087	\$5 244 \$6 543	\$4 657 \$5 184	\$8 316 \$8 152	\$18 641 \$16 390	\$5 968 \$6 530	\$4 501 \$5 913
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 495	1 177	351	378	129	182	137	2 318	420	314	75	457	1 052
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	677 881	163 303	30 69	29 84	8 15	42 84	54 51	514 578	15 125	5 68	- 8	75 135	419
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 069 444	401 162	163 49	152 65	47 35	15 13	24	668 282	172 79	171 40	28 22	154 54	143 87
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	121 59 18	37 21	21	27 	10	- - 8	= [84 38 10	5	18	10 7	8	143 87 52 12 10
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	15	8 -	=	=	=	Ξ	Ξ.	15	6		Ξ	9	
No cosh rent Medion	211 \$153	82 \$157	19 \$164	21 \$162	14 \$190	20 \$126	\$ \$103	129 \$150	14 \$166	\$168	\$203	22 \$153	87 5 110
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent os percentage of household income in													
1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.5 917 26.0	22.8 220 18.4	28.1 109 31.1	19.5 22 5.7	16.5 - -	21.8 36 19.8	23.8 53 38.7	28.1 697 29 9	39.2 171 40.7	26.1 37 11.8	14.7 8 10.7	29.1 157 34 0	27.3 324 30.6

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	•								
Terre Haute city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Terre Haute city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vocant for sale only housing units	308	127	75	106	Vocant for rent housing units	627	316	198	113
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	41 72 106 36 11 42 4 9	10 24 55 9 6 23 5.0	5 13 28 18 5 6 5 2	26 35 23 9 - 13 4 3	1 room	12 88 215 107 106 74 25 3 5	7 32 140 54 50 26 7 3 3 3	30 50 36 41 27 14 4 0	5 26 25 17 15 21 4 3 5
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	308	127	75	106	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	606 21	299 17	198	109
None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
2	55 137 81 35	6 71 29 21 -	18 18 39 -	31 48 13 14	None	17 334 175 75 26	7 196 70 28 15	88 70 33 7	10 50 35 14 4
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	_	~	~	~
1975 to March 1980. 1970 to 1974. 1960 to 1969. 1950 to 1959. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or earlier UNITS IN STRUCTURE	49 - 33 29 26 171	44 - - 6 10 67	5 - - 18 14 38	- 33 5 2 66	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	8 7 23 54 83 452	8 7 15 20 21 245	- 5 19 28 146	- 3 15 34 61
1. detoched or attached	247	90	75	82	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler HEATING EQUIPMENT Central hearing system Other means	251 57	103 (24	70 5	78 28	1. detoched or ottoched	231 96 184 103 5	90 28 129 56 5	96 34 41 27	45 34 14 20
None	-	-	-	-	Mobile home or troiler	8	8	-	-
PRICE ASKEO					RENT ASKED				
Specified vecant for sale only hausing units	247 84 29 54 46 4 - 11 10 9 \$21,500	90 26 15 3 25 - 11 10 - \$30 500	75 19 4 27 21 4 - - - - \$27,800		Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more Median	627 98 179 236 60 40 14 - 5154	316 35 72 153 34 8 14	198 45 70 33 18 32 - 5146	113 18 37 50 6 - - - \$151

Table B -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price osked	— Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units						
Terre Haute city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less than 5100	\$100 to 5199	5200 to 5299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Tatal	247	84	83	50	21	9	21 500	627	98	415	100	14	-	154
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	247	84 -	83	50	21	9 -	21 500	606 21	85 13	407 8	100	14	Ξ	155 88
BEDROOMS														
None	25 129 58 35	16 55 13 -	9 49 20 5	25 25 25	- - - 21	- - - 9 -	10000— 12 500 27 500 91 500	17 334 175 75 26	47 31 9 11	17 250 109 39 -	27 31 27 15	10 4	-	117 146 171 170 207
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1959 1939 or earlier	26 - 9 29 26 157	- - 10 2 72	- - 9 4 70	5 - - 10 20 15	21 - - - -	- 9 - -	78 600 	8 7 23 54 83 452	- 3 14 3 78	8 7 20 17 71 292	- - 18 9 73	5 9	-	165 165 131 152 155 154
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	247	84	83	50	21	g 	21 500	231 386 8	55 43 -	118 289 8	58 42 -	14	-	159 151 165

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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CHARACTERISTICS

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a onefamily home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units - A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots. at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data-Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units-A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder" In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder"

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for exampte, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c" includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, nec" or "Other" race populations fshown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications) A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other" Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc. were reclassified as "White" In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category As a result of this procedural change and the differ ences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White" As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980 The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/ Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, N or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E)

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household, (2) some but not all the facilities are present, or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are (1) steam or hot water system. (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units, (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace, and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene, and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E)

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available-Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members. of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation, all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household, that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C

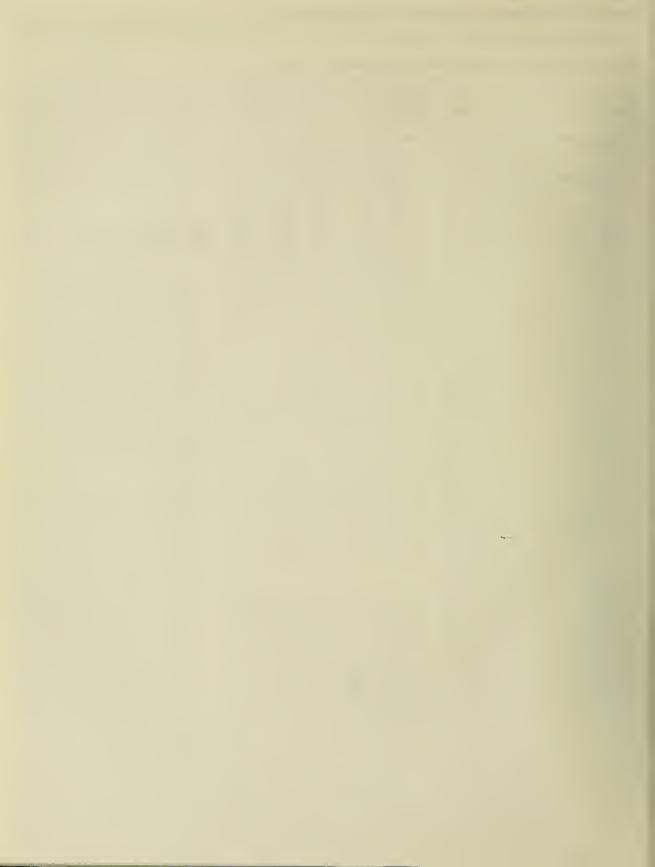
Poverty Status in 1979 Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family housenolder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each vear to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, "General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

61-1 - 6 Pa-21-1 H-24	Weighted	ighted Related children under 18 years											
Size of Family Unit	thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more			
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686											
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • • •	• • • •			•••						
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••				
2 persons	4,723	4,723											
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000										
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •			
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844]			
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	•••							
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •						
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512						
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11.580	11,246	10,857	10,429					
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835				
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16, 144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024			



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

JSUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies. a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The guestionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionpaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototype-setting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's hous-The data presented in this publication are ving units were included in the census sample.

> The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

> In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x+y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children

through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing

2 persons in housing unit

Units

1 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Under 18

6-10

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

2

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
2	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female

remaie

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation.

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit

through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ Other Owners

> Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1
	to 16
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 16
	Other Race (includes those
or 00	races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1
	to 16
F	Renter
	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83 84	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88 89	\$400 to \$499 **-> \$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
400 404	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
125-146	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81
	to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. The allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55 -	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220
15 000 25 000	-	-	-	-	_	170	230 250	250 310	270 34 0	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350
75 000	-	- - - - -	- - - - - - -		-	:	-	310 - - - - -	510 550 - - -	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

		46.5	×'c		Base	of percen	tage 1/					
500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2.2 3.0	2.4	1.5 2.1	1.3 1.7	1.0 1.3	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1 0.1
3.6 4.0	2.9 3.3	2.5 2.8	2.1 2.3	1.6 1.8	1.1 1.3	0.9 1.0	0.8 0.9	0.5 0.6	0.4 0.4	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
4.3 4.6	3.5 3.7	3.1 3.2	2.5 2.6	1.9 2.0	1.4	1.1 1.2	1.0 1.0	0.6 0.6	0.4	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1
4.8 5.0	3.9 4.1	3.4 3.5	2.8	2.1 2.2	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.2	0.2
	1.4 2.2 3.0 3.6 4.0 4.3 4.6 4.8	1.4 1.1 2.2 1.8 3.0 2.4 3.6 2.9 4.0 3.3 4.3 3.5 4.6 3.7 4.8 3.9	500 750 1 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 2.2 1.8 1.5 3.0 2.4 2.1 3.6 2.9 2.5 4.0 3.3 2.8 4.3 3.5 3.1 4.6 3.9 3.4	1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.3 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.3 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.3 1.0 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 10 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.5 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.8 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.5 1.0 0.9 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 1.0 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.1	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 10 000 25 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.2 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.3 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.4 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.8 0.5 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.3 1.0 0.9 0.6 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.6 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.6 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.7	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 10 000 25 000 50 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.3 0.2 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.3 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.4 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.3 1.0 0.9 0.6 0.4 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.6 0.4 4.5 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.6 0.5 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.5	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 10 000 25 000 50 000 100 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.2 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.4 0.3 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.5 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.4 0.3 4.1 3.5 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.6 0.4 0.3 4.2 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.6 0.5 0.4 3.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.0 0.6 0.5 0.3 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.5 0.3	500 750 1 000 1 500 2 500 5 000 7 500 10 000 25 000 50 000 100 000 250 000 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 3.0 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 3.6 2.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.1 4.0 3.3 2.8 2.3 1.8 1.5 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.1 4.0 3.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.2 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5 1.9 1.4 1.1 1.0 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.2 4.6 3.7 3.2 2.6 2.0 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.2 4.8 3.9 3.4 2.8 2.1 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

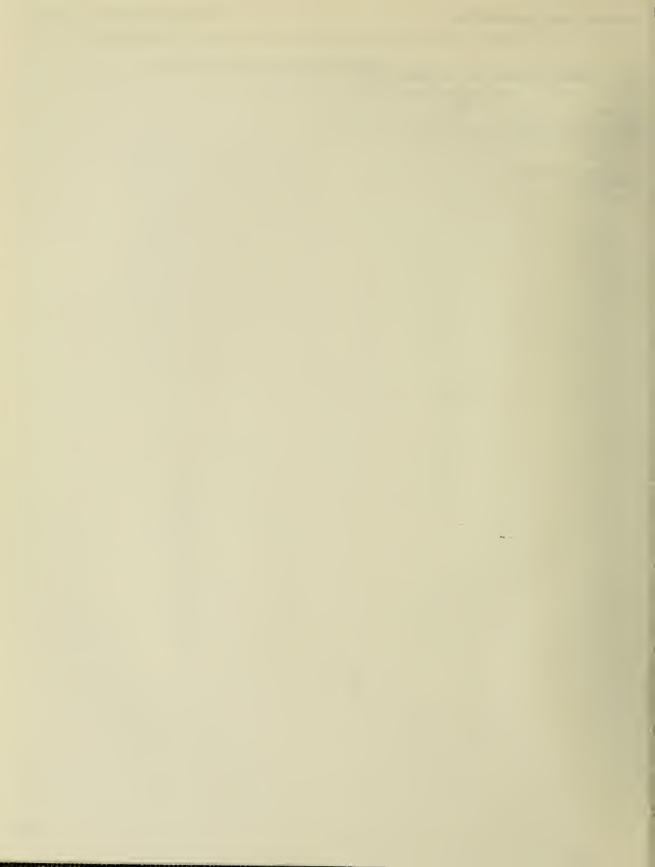
Thercent of persons or housing units in sample:

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.9	0.9
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	[.]	0.8	0.5
Tenure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.6
Stories in structure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.9	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure bullt	1.0	0.9	0.5
fear householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.0
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.0
lumber of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0."
Air conditioning	1.1	0.9	0.5
/ehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household	1 • 1	1 • 0	0.7
income in 1979	1.1	0.8	0.5
	1.1	0.8	0.7
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	1.1	0.5
lousehold income	1.0	0.9	0.5
overty status: Housing	1.0	0.8	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.0	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple
The SMSA	69 640	23.1
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Terre Houte city	24 585	15.2



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stapchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- Fill the circle for the catagory with which the person most closaly identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (antar "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whethar a Haad Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grada or by passing an equivalency tast, such as tha

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses tha facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by parsons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or carataker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a devalopment are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbias, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium vary likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery stora or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dantist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimeted velua for your living quarters end your shere of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpeid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly emount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day By the week	30
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only ona circle.

Detached means there is opan space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garege. Atteched means that the house is joined to enother house or building by at least one well which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when e mobile home or treiler has hed one or more rooms edded or built onto it: e porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count ell occupied and vecant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished besements or unfinished ettics. However, a besement or ettic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15e. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or eny built-up erea outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apertment buildings, including garden-type apertments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is e farm, ranch, or eny other property, other than e city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If e well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, merk A public systam. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the cetegories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and ere wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tenk or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or epartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

systam. It may be centrally instelled with ducts to the rooms or individuel heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right abova the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnaca is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an alectric outlat should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a cantrel system such es one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is storad in tenks which ere refilled or exchanged when ampty. Other fuel includes any fual not separately listed, for exemple, purchased steem, fuel briquettes, waste meterial, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent enterad in H12. If elreedy included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The emounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity end gas, the monthly everage for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total emount for the past 12 months.

Estimete es closely as possible when exect costs ere not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpeid or peid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living querters. If gas end electricity ere billed together, enter the combined emount on the electricity line and bracket (\(\)) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the eir by meens of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cers (including police cers and taxicebs) end company trucks that are regulerly kept et home and usad by household members. Do not count cers or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums ere paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly emount, evan if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "nortgage" is used es e general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work et ell, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from e job. Looking for work means trying to get e job or stert a business or professionel practice; layoff includes either tamporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill tha Yes or No circle for each part and antar the appropriete amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, raport if possible, tha appropriete shera for each person; otherwise, report tha whole amount for only one parson and mark No for the other parson, unless the other parson has additional income of tha same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

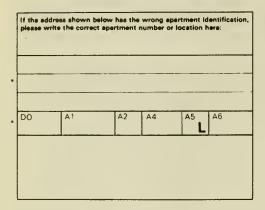
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expanses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expanses) from a ferm. If ferm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's eccount (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to ratired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or walfare paymants received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include privata welfare payments.
- g. Include ell othar reguler payments, such as government employea retirement, union or private pensions and ennuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forcas allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by articla I, the first cansus was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn cansus workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this:

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

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	 	 	-	

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box \square .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only.
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

	*** ** ** ** ** **	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle (1975)
in column 1 Fill one circle If "Other rela	person related to the person !? 	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1 Husband/wife
3. Sex Fill one	circle.	O Male Female	○ Male Female
4. Is this perso		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print Tribe —	White C Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer) Print Itibe —
a. Print age at l	and fill one circle. the spaces, and fill one circle	a. Ago at last birthday 1	a. Age at last birthday
6. Marital statu		Now married Separated Widowed Never married Divorced	Now married Separated Widowed Never married Divorced
7. Is this person origin or des		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, Other Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, el	ary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, ementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in. I	ling school, mark grade if high school was finished sy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year)	College (scademic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school — Skip question 10
	rson finish the highest ear) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)

CENSUS USE ONLY

PERSON in column 7	NOW PLEASE ANSW	YER QUESTIONS H1—H12 Page 3	
Last name		R HOUSEHOLD	
First name Strade laided laide	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium	1
Husband/wife Son/daughter Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Debter programmer On the person in column 1: On the person i	once in a while and has no other home? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vecation or in a hospital?	H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Yes No b. Is any part of the property used as a	
O Partner, roommate O Paid employee	O No	commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes O No	
O Male Female O White Asian Indian O Black or Negro Guarnanian O Linese Samoan	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium — unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?	(
O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify I Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999	
a. Age at last birthday 1 0 8 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 birth birth of birth birth 2 0 2 0	6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters	\$55,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$64,999 \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999	(
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 9 0 7 0 7 0 9 0 9 0	This is a mobile home or trailer Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$39,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$349,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$440,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more	
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	shower? O Yes, for this household only O Yes, but also used by another household O No, have some but not all plumbing facilities	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. O Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169	
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chican Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No plumbing facilities in living quarters 17. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bethrooms, porches, belconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room	\$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$560 to \$59 \$180 to \$189 \$180 to \$189 \$190 to \$1199 \$80 to \$89 \$25 to \$224 \$25 to \$249	
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms H8. Are your living quarters — O wned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	\$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274 \$250 to \$274 \$250 to \$275 \$250 to \$295 \$275 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$330 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 \$3100 to \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more	
Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Kindergarter	FOR CENSUS USE	ONLY	
Elementary through high school (grade or year 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	number Occupied C1. Is this un	it for —	
Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	of sold, not occupied for occasional use 0 2 or more years 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5	
CENSUS A. OIONO	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 0 First form 0 Continuation 0 Yes	O No OO 999	

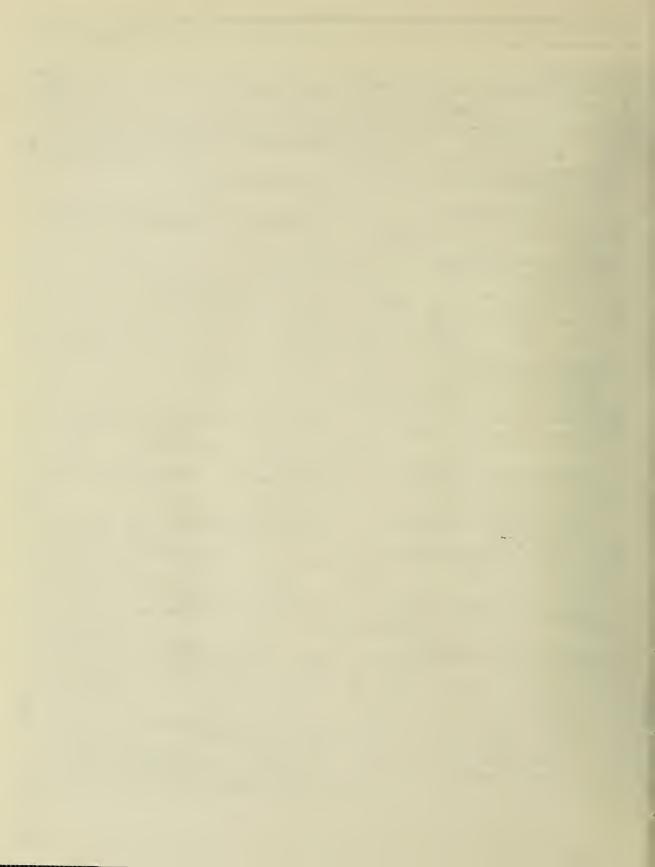
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A mobile home or trailer A none-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses A building for 2 families A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A building for 50 or more families A boat, tent, van, etc. BLI4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count on attic or bosement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 - Skip to H15 A to 6 1 3 or more stories B. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? - Skip to H16 On a place of 10 or more acres? D. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to - Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to - Coal or coke Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Wood Other fuel No fuel used Wood Other fuel No fuel used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Wood Other fuel No fuel used Could or coke wood Wood Coal or coke wood Wood Other fuel No fuel used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Blectricity Other fuel No fuel used Do on a place of 10 or or na	O O O I I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
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Count on attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 - Skip to HIS	0 C I I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
a. Now many stories (floors) are in this building? Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 — Skip to HIS	0 C I I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Coal or coke 1 to 3 - Skip to H/S 1 to 4 to 6 1 to 9 to to tilities and fuels for your living quarters? 2	1 I I d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d
Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Average monthly cost S OO OR Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost C. Water S OO OR Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No No H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Other fuel No Other fuel No hull used No hull used Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost C. Water S. OO OR Average monthly cost C. Water S. OO OR Included in rent or no charge C. Water S. OO OR Included in rent or no charge	3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — No fuel used H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity Average monthly cost S. OO OR Included in rent or no charge C. Water C. Water S. OO OR Included in rent or no charge	4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No No H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity Solution On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — On this place am	5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity a. Electricity a. Electricity a. Electricity a. Electricity a. Electricity b. Gas On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity Average monthly cost b. Gas Average monthly cost C. Water C. Water S. OO OR O Included in rent or no charge C. Water S. OO OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 G 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? D. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — a. Electricity \$.00 OR	7 7 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
s. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — \$.00 OR	H22c.
a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Gas \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost Cas not used C. Water C. Water C. Water C. Water C. Water C. Water	H22c.
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? Last year, 1979, did sales of crope, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Average monthly cost Source monthly cost C. Water	H22c.
On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? b. Gas \$ 00 OR Or Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost c. Water \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge	0 0
On a place of 10 or more acres? Solution of 10 or more acres? Solution of 10 or more acres? Average monthly cost C. Water C. Water Solution of 10 or more acres? Average monthly cost C. Water Solution of 10 or more acres? On OR Included in rent or no charge	0 0
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Average monthly cost c. Water \$ 00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	I I
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — C. Water C. Water C. Water C. Water	
from this place amount to — \$ 00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
Trott the piece amount w =	
○ Loca thora (EO (as None) ○ (200 to (EOO	3 3
	4 9
○ \$50 to \$249	5 5
on on O Included in rent or no charge	G G
Do you get water from	7 ?
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	8 8
An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well?	9 9
An individual dug well? ere e sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	11224
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	H22d.
	00
Is this building connected to a public sewer? H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	2 5
Yes, connected to public sewer Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3 3
○ No, connected to septic tank or cesspool ○ No bedroom ○ 2 bedrooms ○ 4 bedrooms	9 4
○ No, use other means ○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5 5
About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	66
Instituted, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. And the state of th	7 7
s and description and a state of the state o	8.8
0 1373 0 1300 0 1300 0 1303 0 1349	99
1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier A half bethroom has at least a flush tollet or bethrub or shower, but does	
1970 to 1974 not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	
this hause for another and 2	
O 1 complete datawoom, pros main data(s)	00
□ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 2 or more complete bethrooms	
1975 to 1978 O 1949 or earlier	
0 1970 to 1974 Always lived here H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	2 S
○ 1960 to 1969	3 3 2 5 1 1
	3 3 2 5 1 1
How are your living quarters hasted?	I I 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5
	I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. O Yes, a central air-conditioning system	I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 G ? ? 8 8
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most, Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 G ? ? 8 8
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pumps	11 23 33 44 55 66 77 89
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently Installed In wall, celling,	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, celling, or baseboard) Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room units No No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 0 0 1 1 2 2
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently installed in wall, ceiling,	33 44 55 66 77 88 99
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently instelled in wall, celling, or baseboard) H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? No Levelmobiles	11 22 33 44 55 67 77 88 99
Fill one circle for the kind of heet used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heet pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently instelled in well, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	II 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warr-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None Ploor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Yes, a central air-conditioning system	I I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pump) Other built-in electric units (permenently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No No 128. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 129. How many varis or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	111233455677899
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permenently installed in wall, celling, or buseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Yes, a central air-conditioning system	I I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6

YOUR HOUSEHOLD		
Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is — • A mobile home or trailer	t your unit or this is a 430 to H32 and turn to page 6.	
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular	• • •
\$.00 OR O None	Also include payments on a contract second or junior mortgages on this p	
	\$.00 0	OR O No regular payment required — Skip
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?		pag
\$.00 OR O None	d. Does your regular monthly payr payments for real estate taxes	ment (amount entered in H32c) include on this property?
On O Hole	Yes, taxes included in paym	_
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payr	ment (amount entered in H32c) include
O Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard in	nsurance on this property?
○ Na — Skip to page 6	O Yes, insurance included in p	
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	No, insurance paid separate	ely or no insurance
O Yes O No		
		Please turn to page 6
		riease turii to page o
COR CENSUS	ISE ONLY	Trease turn to page 0
FOR CENSU	minimum.	
FOR CENSUS	1 2 4. 2	2. 4. 3 2 4.
FOR CENSUS	1 2. 4. 2 s.s. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 s.s.	2. 4. 3 2 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 5.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 0 0 0 0 0 0 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 5 5.5 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 0 0 0 0 0 0 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 5.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
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FOR CENSU	1 2. 4. 2 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 5.5 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
FOR CENSU	1 2. 4. 2 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2
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FOR CENSUL	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2
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FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ S.S. Yes Yes □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 0 S.S. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 5.S. 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1
FOR CENSU	① 2. 4. ② S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

ANSWER	THESE	OUEST	ZVOV	FOR
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Page 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR
Name of Person 1 on page 2 Last name First name Middle Initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State. Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1950 to 1959	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes No C. Working at a job or business? Yes, full time No Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide. Yes No — Skip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	22a Did this person work at any time last week? Yes — Fill this circle if this ON— Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off, add overtime or extre hours worked. Hours 23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked most last week if one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	 May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) World War I (April 1917—November 1918) Any Other time 	a Address (Number and street) If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language? (For example - Chinese, Italian, Sponish, etc.) C. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well O Well O Not at all	19. Does this person have a physical mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. [For example: Afro-Amer, English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.]	from using public transportation? 0 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or mon children she has adopted. 0 21. If this person has ever been married —	e. State
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1. 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once b. Month and year Month and year of first marriage?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more then one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Biscycle
Sorn April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage	○ Van ○ Bicycle ○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify — p
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, willage, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city town willage, etc.?	Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15b 23 0 VL 24a 0 VL 24a 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
of that city, town, village, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area	0 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 8	888 888 888 888 88

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	CENSUS	USE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE 21b.	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	31b. 31c	
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	. 0 0	O Yes No — Skip to 31d	00 0	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1		1111	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	o s s	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	88 8	
02 - 04 06	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 3 3	3 3 3
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	0 4- 4-	Weeks	9-9-19-	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	111 5 5		5515	
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	6 6	
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV á á	this person usually work each week?	8 8	
O Yes, on layoff	099	Hours	1	9 9
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.				
O No .	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many week	s 32a.	32b.
. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	000
O Yes O No — Skip to 27	II	Weeks	IIIII	III
	SS		5 5 5 5	5 8 8
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	33	32. Income in 1979 —	3333	333
O No, already has a job	.5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		1
O No, temporarily ill	.5 5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5555	555
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	7 7	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7777	1777
O Yes, could have taken a job	88	received jointly by nodseriou members, see insudenon guide.	8888	1888
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	99	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	2793	999
		following sources?	A 0	0 A
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 Skip to		If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d.
O 1979 O 1975 to 1977 O 1969 or earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	0000	000
O Never worked)	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	IIIII	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds		1 8 8 8
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	3333	
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	i	- ○ Yes \$.00	9999	
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	O No	5555	1555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	1666
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7777	1277
. Industry	000	practice Report net income after business expenses.	8888	1888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		■ ○ Yes → \$.00	2222	1999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	O A O	0 A
	III	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	8 2 8	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as		!
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 3	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	111	11
Describe the activity at location where employed.	5.5	O W	888	1 2 5
Describe the delivity deliberation where employed.	6.6	O No	333	
	7.7	(Annual amount - Dollars)	999	9-9-
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order, house,	1 8 8	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	555	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	9 6	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	666	
c. Is this mainty — (FIII one circle)	1	○ Yes → \$.00	777	7 ?
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	O No	888	8.8
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction service, government, etc.) NW O	(Annual amount - Donars)	999	99
. Occupation		e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	220	122
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → \$.00	32g.	33.
	NPQ	No (Annual amount - Dollars)	0000	1
	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	IIII	
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3333	
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties:	000	or public welfare payments	9-4-4-4	1
o uno uno person o most important activities of duties:	UVW	0. 14	5 5 5 5	
	900	O No	6666	
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order cierks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	1	(Annual amount – Dollars)	7 7 7 7	
	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	8888	1
Was this person — (FIII one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	4999	999
Employee of private company, business, or	1100	of income received regularly		O A
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions O	0 0 1 I	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance		
Federal government employee	5.5	or the sale of a home.		III
State government employee	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$.00		S S S
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	999	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)		3 3 3
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?		4 4 4
professional practice, or farm —	666		1	5 55
Own business not incorporated .	7 : 7	Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.		6 66
		1 through y, suptract any rosses.	7 7 7	7 7 7
Own business incorporated	3 8 8	(Annual amount - Dollars))	9 30
	9 - 9	If total amount was a loss, (Annual amount - Dollars) write "Loss" above amount. OR O None	88 8	8 88



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GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing daţa and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English. labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak' English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas. American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by finside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. "It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States, These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

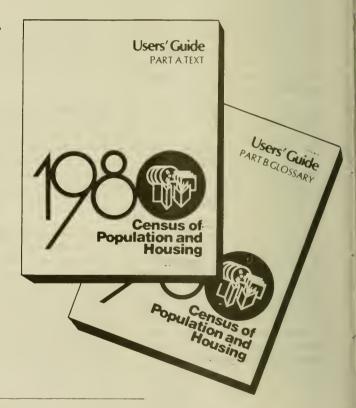
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text -Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)-\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)-\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census REF HD 7293 .A56x 1083 v.2 pt.350 c.1 Census of housing (1980). 1930 census of housing.

