The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 114. VOL VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1845. VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4852

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and magazine, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisement will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN times, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published a month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $50
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do. 30
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 20
To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 33 per cent will be made on the above prices; a reduction of 50 per cent in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation notices, house or lots of ground to let lease or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c., will be charged separately and at the ordinary rate.

All notices of Candidates for political offices, or articles of a personal nature (w[illegible] will pay $5 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WI[illegible]

L. Duperron,
DOCTOR DENTIST,
No. 30 Bouton street,
Between St. Philip and Dumaine streets.
☞ Business open from 8 o'clock A M, till 3 P M, and from 4 till 8 in the evening.

☞ PERT & MORTON have removed to 32 Magazine street. m17

BORDEY, VINCENT & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner Carondelet street, New Orleans.
☞ Particular attention given to shelf and package sales of dry goods.

☞ Liberal advances will be made upon all goods in store for sale.

☞ W. F. VREDENBURGH & Co, No 3 Old Levee will supply planters with Bagging, Rope, and Bonnets, &c., consigned to Benjamin H Field, Esq, New York, or M Field Fowler, Esq, Boston. m8

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 31 Canal street, New Orleans.
m6

MR. JOSEPH A. HALL is our legally appointed Agent and Attorney in fact, during our temporary absence from the city.

NORCROSS & PODDICK,
ADVANCES—Liberal cash advances will be made on consignments of sugar, molasses and coffee, to our friends in Cincinnati.
d13 tf REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st.

PODDICK & BROTHER,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
No. 66 Campstreet
New Orleans.
m26

BURSLEY, WOODS & Co.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 36 Tchoupitoulas street. m1

Third Municipality.
{ CITY TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE. }
OWNERS of property within the limits of the Corporation, are informed that the collection of Taxes imposed on said property will commence on the 1st instant.
J. P DU GARRY, Treasurer. m1—m

LOUISIANA LEGION.
New Orleans, January 28, 1845.
GENERAL ORDER, No 11.
A GENERAL Muster will take place on the first Saturday in May next, and Division, L. M. J. for the purpose of exercising Major and Brigadier Generals in the manoeuvring occasioned by the desertion of Major General Bernard.
The parade will be opened from 10 to 12 o'clock, A M, each place to be designated by each Brigade, viz:
8th Brigade, at the Marrouzo, Marrouzo.
11th do at Alexandria.
12th do at Pineville, Cheneyville.
22d do at Monroe.
23d do at Vidalia.
By order of Major Commandant in Chief,
A. LAMANT, Adj and Insp General
m16—1st (a) May.

☞ REMOVAL.—J. DE PALOS, Professor of Modern Languages, has removed his office to No 14 Exchange Row, where he continues his classes in the instruction of the French and Spanish Languages.

He respectfully announces to all those who wish to study successfully the Modern Languages, that he will bring to bear all the advantages required to the study of a science, the philosophy of the language and quickly them to a perfect and rare fluency and elegance, in the shortest time. The science being so much improved that the labor of past is reduced to no easy pastime of a few months duration.

Young gentlemen wishing to study Spanish or French are requested to enter their names before the expiration of the present month, at the Exchange Row, up stairs, office No 5, opened from 9 o'clock in the morning, until 3 P M, and from 4 o'clock in the evening until 9 P M. m14 tf

LOSS OF CERTIFICATE.
WHEREAS the Certificate No 7 of 47 shares in the Lake Ponchartrain Ditch Press Company, in the name of J. C. Buchanan was lost on the 12th inst.
No 106 dated 23d February 1842 for two shares, upon which three hundred dollars have been paid.
No 3001 dated 24th May, 1842 for one share, upon which three hundred and fifty dollars have been paid.
Have been issued in lieu thereof, and all persons interested thereof to take notice that I will on the 1st June next, if no other certificate should in the mean time be issued according to the by-laws of the Company.
D P CUTTS, Secretary
New Orleans, April 4th, 1845. a30

ATTENTION
THE Collector of Taxes, appointed according to law by the Place Jury of the Parish of Jefferson, hereby notifies all persons, whether resident or non-residents, who have authorized to pay their taxes at his office, on Saturday the twenty-four of May next, and that the office will be open from the Parish Court House, Gretna, every day, from 9 o'clock, A.M. to 3 o'clock P.M. everything.
V. LIVAUDAIS, Collector
Parish of Jefferson, March 19th, 1845. m19 tf

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS—Now landing and in store, a prime assortment of the following goods, which will be consignedly regular Orleans arrivals, and for sale at reduced prices—
Men's fine calf sewed Boots and Brogans;
Ladies' and misses fine calf and kid Boots;
Children's kid and morocco Brogans and Ankle Ties;
Ladies fine kid and morocco Slippers and Ties;
Men's and boy's calf and slipped Brogans;
Men's fine calf, slipped and coarse Brogans;
Men's coarse calf and kip Brogans;
Youth's and children's calf and seal Brogans;
Men's and boy's heavy tapped Brogans.

Men's fine satin, cassimere, silk and Russia Hats;
Do plush and beaver Hats, of the latest plain fashion;
Do and boy's fine and common opening Hats;
Worsted—Black, drab, blue and white;
Fur and beaver Hats, black and drab and common;
Palm leaf Mats, fine and low priced—conveniently for sale by FROST & Co, 1 Magazine.
m20—1t

NOTICE.
The undersigned offers for sale at most reduced prices, in his Greenhouse in St. Charles st., a large and valuable collection of camellias, azaleas, cactus, aloes, palms, orchideans and a great variety of other greenhouse plants and exotics. He has no doubt hundreds more available and rare. Orders promptly executed and sent gratis to the steamboats.
m8 JOHN M BACH.

REMOVAL
PEET & MORTON,
No. 25 *Magazine Street.*
Are receiving per ships Hibernia, Lafayette, Tarsus and Oswego, a large assortment of fashionable cassimeres, satinets, styles, black cambrics, pink and blue do, black and fancy silks, fancy prints, Irish linens, shirting and sheeting, together with a very large assortment of fresh spring goods, which will be sold low for cash. m24

Pecans.
PECANS—1000 bushels Texas and Arkansas pecans now landing and for sale by
MOSES GREENWOOD, 5 Fowcher st
FAT T. BACON—[illegible] Havana Vuelta de Abajo, for cigar wrappers and fillers, in store for sale by
J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee
HAVANA segars—Splendid assortment of choice Havana segars, always on hand and in store, for sale by
J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee
PRINCIPE SEGARS—Superior genuine Principe segars, for sale by
J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee
BAGGING & ROPE—Balance of an invoice for sale low to close consignment, by
SMITH BRYAN, 20 Commonstreet
WHITE WINE—50 half cask sauterne, for sale by
E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee
SUGAR—200 boxes Havana Segars in store, for sale by
E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee
TOBACCO—Vuelta de Abajo and Cuba Tobacco—Wrapper and Seed Segars, in store and for sale by
E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee
MINERAL WATER—6 doz Kissingen water in jugs, quite recently received, and for sale by
E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee
HEMP—500 bales dew rotted Missouri of very superior quality, and in store, for sale by
JAMES E WOODRUFF, 60 Camp
POTASH—50 bbls mess, moss O, soft moss prime and pearl, P. O. of Bennett's inspection, for sale in store, or by
JAMES E WOODRUFF, 60 Camp
OATS—300 sacks superior Jerseys, for sale by
JAMES E WOODRUFF, 60 Camp
JAMAICA RUM—20 qr. hhds Jamaica Rum 4th proof, for sale by
W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee
QUINCE—100 cts French, for sale by
W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee
HEMP—15 bales prime dew rotted hemp, landing ex steamer J Madison, and for sale by
WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine st
BALE ROPE—100 coils small sized bale rope, landing ex steamer James Madison, and for sale by
WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine
DRIED PRUNES—24 boxes fresh dried prunes, in jars
LOBSON & SILVESTRE.
SWEET OIL—30 baskets sweet oil, in large oil flasks, fresh and warranted, for sale by
LOBSON & SILVESTRE, 86 Chartres street
SARDINES—50 cases fresh sardines in half and quarter oil, for sale by
LOBSON & SILVESTRE, 86 Chartres street
COLLORED SHIRTS—100 dozen assorted colored shirts for sale by
LOBSON & SILVESTRE, 86 Chartres street
HAVANA SUGARS—270 cases [illegible] Cargo, 47 do prime Alabama, 60 do per Empresario, for sale by
FRANCIS LAMPRE, 27 Old Levee.
WINDOW GLASS—Best brazed window glass, warranted not to fade, for sale by
W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee.
WINE—Now landing from the barque Chicasaw, from Bordeaux, red and white Wine, in casks, for sale by
B TALIMON, 78 and 80 St. Louis street
SHEBOGUEN—6 bales Indian Shebogueen Beaver, for ship Bottom, for sale by
R G HOBBS, 18 Commonstreet
SHEETINGS—12 pieces 7-8 Great Falls sheetings, landing from ship Mississippi, and for sale by
FROST & Co, 32 Old Levee.
FLAX SEED
THE subscriber has just received by the steamer Louisiana, from Louisville, a quantity of fresh clean flax seed, prime or no prime. WM. GINN,
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NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS,
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State,
AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3

NEW-ORLEANS.
SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1845.

THE FOREIGN NEWS.

The news from Great Britain received by the steamship *Hibernia*, is in curious contrast with the intelligence brought out by her predecessor, the *Caledonia*. Then the three kingdoms were all fiery and bellicose at the bare suggestion of President POLK, that our rights to Oregon were unquestionable; and whigs and tories in the British Parliament endeavored to outshine each other in the amiable faculty of lavishing choice Billingsgate upon the unhappy republicans of the United States. The public press, at the head of which stood conspicuous, that delectable journal—the London *Times*—was as savage and truculent in its beslaughter on this country, as if America had absolutely planted her standard upon the British soil, and was endeavoring to wrest from that innocent and unsuspecting and strictly honest power, the fairest portion of her territory. Nothing but *war—bella, horrida bella*—was echoed in frantic outcries by both press and people, and the United States were menaced with direful carnage, if not actual annihilation, unless they abandoned inconsiderately their impudent pretensions to a region which Capt. COOK, a Loyal British subject, discovered and dotted down on his chart, some fifteen or twenty years after being beaten and stabbed to death at Owyhee.

Such was the aspect of affairs in Great Britain but a few weeks since. Such is not their aspect now. Parliament, the people and the public journals have suddenly veered round from foreign to domestic sources of inquietude. Texas is nearly completely forgotten, and the hoarse impressations respecting Oregon have died away into a faint and inarticulate murmur. The liberal and tolerant clergy of Great Britain, the enlightened and anti-sectarian press, and the intelligent and high minded subjects of the United Kingdom, have all, by one simultaneous impulse, discarded questions of foreign policy, to plunge and revel in the delights of a religious and fanatical excitement predicated upon the proposed grant of a few thousand pounds to the sole existing Catholic University of Ireland, patronized by the Government. Sir ROBERT PEEL announces in Parliament his intention to augment the amount granted to the University of Maynooth, and no sooner is the event promulgated than all Protestant England is up in arms. Fierce and furious are the complaints of Presbyterians and Dissenters; incalculable the number and enormous the length of petitions against the contemplated measure which are pouring into the House of Commons; violent and ceaseless is the invective which the devoted Premier endures from all the opposition journals, and some of those of his own party.—His friends threaten him with desertion, a few have already broken through the iron restraints of partisan reality; his foes exulting and blood thirsty press upon the assailed minister. The people are indignant, and the dominant faction is menaced with defeat and overthrow.

There is something exceedingly amusing in all this: Not that this Maynooth question is destitute of gravity and interest. The proposition to endow directly from the funds of the Government an institution founded for the express purpose of rearing Catholic propagandists—who detest and deplore the religious opinions of the existing government, may well startle the sober minded Presbyterians and rigid dissenters of Great Britain, who regard the established religion as the very life blood of the State. *Hinc illa lachrymæ.* Hence the universal outburst of indignation against a ministry which until now, appeared deeply rooted in the public confidence.—The amusing part of the business lies in the restless activity with which the English mind is its craving for excitement, leaps from one topic of controversy to another, and in the brief interval of a fortnight, passes with Protean celerity of transformation, from the rocky mountains and prairies of Oregon, from the most ridiculous abuse of the United States, to questions of domestic controversy.

No one can peruse the debates in the House of Commons on the Maynooth grant, and the comments of the press, without being struck with the marvellous alacrity displayed by the Premier. He stands like a rock unshaken by the storms which howl around its base.—Tory as he is, there is infinitely more liberality, more radicalism, more tolerance in his views and principles, than in any of the self styled whig administrations which preceded him. He seems determined by the unassisted energy of his own will, to break down and destroy the settled prejudices of the nation against the Catholics and to give life and stable existence to the principles which brought into being the Bill of Emancipation in 1829. The task is one of Sysiphean labor, but every friend to liberty of conscience will utter a prayer for his success.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—The operatic season this evening at the French Theatre, are for the benefit of Messrs ARNAUD, DOUVRY and GARRY, the tenor, bass and baritone of the company. The *dilettanti* have only to glance at the program, to see what a musical banquet is prepared for them. The 2nd act of the "Favorite," in which M. GARRY displays his magnificent voice with so much effect; the grand duo of the 3d act of The "Queen of Cypress," sung by Messrs. ARNAUD and GARRY; Mr. COWEN's opera of "The Leper," a Musical Interlude, the 2d act of "Robin Hood," with all the 4th act of the "Jewess." If there is not enough and a sufficient variety to satisfy the most exciting and fastidious taste, we are very much mistaken.

THE CONVENTION.

The long agony is over. The Convention adjourned yesterday *sine die*. Its final dissolution was procrastinated until 5 o'clock, P. M. in consequence of the members having to wait until the new Constitution was enrolled, in order to sign it. We understand that every member present (including most of the city delegation,) signed the instrument, with the exception of two.

☞ The New Haven *Courier* says:—We learn by the Hartford Courant, that Mr. Bunce, the Cashier of the Phœnix Bank, who went in pursuit of the individual who recently obtained a loan at that institution on collateral security which proved to be worthless, has returned home. He found the man at Chillicothe, Ohio, and recovered from him nearly the whole amount loaned—the remainder will soon be forthcoming. The man was attending to his legitimate business, and appearances thus far favor the idea that he believed the package which he left at the Bank was what he represented it to be. We are glad to learn that the Bank will lose nothing by the transaction.

☞ The St. Louis *New Era* of the 10th, says:—"Last evening as Deputy Constable McCartney and another officer were taking an Irishman, whom they had arrested from Oak street, they were set upon by a number of his countrymen, who with stones and clubs knocked McCartney down and injured him very severely, breaking one of his legs and cutting his head badly with their bludgeons; his skull is said to have been fractured by a blow received in the melee.

The *Natchitoches Chronicle* reports a case decided at the last District Court at that place, in which a suit is brought by an overseer for two hundred dollars wages. The jury however returned a verdict of five hundred dollars damages, against the overseer for maltreating the slaves under his control.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE broke out in the village of Demuriscotta, Me., on the 4th inst., which destroyed thirty buildings. The value of the property consumed is estimated at fully seventy-five thousand dollars. Very little insurance existed.

NAVAL.—The U.S. schooner *On-ka-hye*, Lieutenant Commandant Arthur Sinclair, sailed from Norfolk on the 8th ult., for Chagres, with the mail for the Pacific. The sloop of war *Vincennes* has left Gosport, bound to New York, where she will join the squadron about to sail for the East India station.

THE ABOLITIONISTS are holding their annual convention in New York. Arthur Tappan and Binney have cruelly resolved that the Union ought to be dissolved. Tremendous! We suppose they will never seriously declare that the Union *is* dissolved.

ALLEGHANIA.—Chancellor Kent and ex-President Van Buren have informed the N. Y. Historical Society, in reply to interrogatories, that they consider the proposed change of name of the States inexpedient and like our present appellation better than any other.

SUICIDE IN NEW YORK.—On Wednesday the 7th inst., a German boy committed suicide by precipitating himself from the third story window of a house in Broadway near the American Hotel. He was instantly killed.

☞ Gov. Jones of Tennessee has declined being a candidate for Congress in the Seventh District. Col. Gentry takes his place.

GRAND MUFTAT, the here-hooted prophet and lecturer, has arrived at St. Louis with a whole cargo of "The Voice of the Prophet."

We understand that Mr. B. A. Bidlack, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Chargé to New Granada.—[Chargé accepts the office of Minister Resident.]

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ECLIPSE COURSE, CARROLLTON.

Report of Edworth's performance during the last 24 hours, viz: from 20 minutes of 6 o'clock, P. M., the 15th, until 20 minutes past 4 o'clock, P. M. the 16th of May, 1845:

TIME OF STARTING		TIME MADE		REMARKS:
May 15, 1845	Min.	Sec.	Min.	Sec.	
	20	6	10	30	
		6	11	30	Clear cold weather.
	20	6	18	10	
		6	16	6	
	20	10	16	10	
		10	17	30	Wind fresh from N. West.
	20	12	18	10	
		12	17	30	
16th	20	2	16	45	Frost slightly blistered.
		2	17	60	
	20	4	17	15	
		4	16	30	
	20	6	16	30	
		6	16	00	Other soil windy.
	20	8	16	15	
		8	16	00	
	20	10	16	10	
		10	16	15	
	20	12	16	10	
		12	16	15	
	20	2	16	45	
		2	16	45	
	20	4	16	40	
		4	17	00	

Time of walking 24 miles, 6 hours, 10 min. 45 seconds. Completed 446 miles at 17 min. 0 seconds, past 4 P M.

☞ Judge Canonge has been occupied the past two days in hearing the arguments of Counsel on the notice for arrest of judgment and a new trial in the case of Dr. Kennedy. The motion was argued on behalf of the Dr. by Messrs Grymes, Hunt and Canon and resisted on the part of the State by the Attorney General and District Attorney. Judge Canonge has not yet delivered his decision on the motion.

FROM BRITISH GUIANA.—We are indebted to the politeness of Capt. Claybole, of the brigantine Justina, at this port, from Demerara, for Georgetown (British Guiana) papers to the 15th ult. The following is the only item of interest here, which we find in them. The Royal Gazette says:

Barbadoes is going on very well. From the 1st of January to the 5th inst., the planters have managed to ship as much as about 10,000 hhds of sugar. The crop will be larger than any made for many years. Crop time commencing in the middle of July, at the usual Barbadoes' does will turn out not less than 20 000 tons this year.—We are happy to say, that the Government and people are now in a state of perfect tranquillity, and commerce is brisk. There have been large arrivals within the last week or two of English and American vessels, and the supply of American provisions in consequence is very much fallen in price, having, indeed, become considerably lower than here."—*Baltimore Clipper.*

WEDDING AMONG THE DEAF AND DUMB.—Mr. J. W. Jennings was married in the Allen street church on Monday, to Miss Mary Anne Reeves, both of them deaf mutes. The Rev. Mr. Cary, a deaf mute himself, officiated, having received his ordination, was present and acted as interpreter. The parties were an interesting and happy couple, and their responses to questions put, the prayers uttered and the exhortations, were all conveyed in the impressive language of signs. The church was crowded with people, and the ceremony was both solemn and impressive.—*N. Y. Express.*

RACES.—We learn that *Fashion* and her stable companion arrived yesterday afternoon from Boston, and entered Race Course, Long Island. Mr. Kirkman's string, comprising *Peytona, Cracoviana, Sarita, Leatana* and *Fashion*, are expected to be here on Tuesday next week. Both *Fashion* and *Peytona* are doing well and the betting is nearly even. On Tuesday next they make their appearance on the Union Course in the proposed match with the Boston Mare (Dyke) prepared to support the Prince Minister, Pangeran Unop, the promoter of piracy and enemy of the English. Sir Edward's party have arrived; the stranger was prepared to play with the long 32 and the 6 and 3 shell guns; while a long 6 on the bow of his barque looked very inquisitively right into the palace. This navy brought the Premier and his colleagues to their senses, and the Pangeran was spared a friendly salute of 21 guns. After several interviews, the Sultan consented to appoint his uncle Prime Minister—an office to which he was entitled by birth. Hashim immediately set to work with a high hand; He began by charging his predecessor with degrading himself and his countrymen by calling in a Kayfan force, in league with cavalier desperado of last year's cruise with Great Britain, and many other serious misdemeanors. This harangue was followed up by ordering the Pangeran to the palace, and instructing him to carry a message forthwith to the Sultan, (who had changed sick and retired) requesting the immediate raging of the Malesters, in order that they might not again insult their Sovereign. The Pangeran, knowing the temper of his *legal* was playing a hazardous game in his rather critical situation. But the result showed that he knew well the parties with whom he had to deal. The old Pangeran cautiously carried the message, and returned with the Sultan's consent; whereupon the rajah issued his mandate—"Let them be raised before dawn." The next morning at 6 o'clock, the Sultan and Pangeran were received by Queen Victoria, praying for her friendship and assistance in suppressing piracy and promoting trade, and offering her the Island of Labuan on such terms as hereafter afterwards be agreed upon. Having thus placed the government at Borneo on a satisfactory footing, Sir Edward proceeded to survey Pulo Labuan; he found it a delightful island, with seams of good coal, a good harbor and water, good anchorage, and a port to which he gave the name of Victoria. Either here or at Sarawak (of which the Admiralty has recently published a survey by Sir Edward) a colony ought to be immediately settled. Either situation is admirably suited for the purpose, and the settlement would, ere long, be flourishing. From Pulo Labuan Sir Edward sailed for Buchanan's forehead he will find it impossible to do so. Hitherto Mr. Clay has refrained from making these disclosures out of regard for Buchanan. But now, as his life is to be written for posterity, and he is to take his true position in the constellation of great and good men and his own life is drawing to a close, the call for everything that is needed to clear his character from the aspersions made against it is too loud and imperious to be disregarded. His very forbearance shows how well his enemies know him. They felt they could trust to his magnanimity while they plotted a damage to rest against him he could at any time destroy.

The solemn appeal of John Quincy Adams to the final judgment seat for the falsehood and treachery of an unscrupulous integrity of Clay's whole political life, were sufficient to kill the slander; and now, as Henry Clay turns to his retirement, and towards the end of his mortal life, he says:—"Out of your own mouths will I condemn you." It is said that

"Time makes all things even;
and we rejoice to find it is to prove true in this case; and when the present busy actors on the political stage shall have disappeared, and other times, and other parties, and other men shall come up to look on the past, the character so long assailed, and the spirit so grievously tried, will be found pure and spotless, while those who were honored in their meanness shall receive the contempt they merit.

The work is to be published in the fall, and will make two large octavo volumes.

☞ The following *jeu d'esprit* is from the Louisville *Journal* of the 10th inst:—

THE END OF A LOCOFOCO.—A fellow named Sparks was a locofoco candidate for the Legislature in Anderson county last year, and, during the hot political canvass, he was employed by his party as an emissary to circulate locofoco documents among the mountains. It seems that, in the course of his electioneering peregrinations, he found his way into a locofoco family, where, finding himself very hospitably treated by the old gentleman who had several sons and a daughter, he concluded to stay a day or two. At night, he was sent to sleep with the sons in an out-house, but, not altogether satisfied with his accommodations, and thinking it imprudent in his condition, he got up stealthily whilst the boys were all asleep, climbed the dwelling house, crawled down the chimney, *and seduced the daughter!*

At the trial, before the Judge Bullitt's court, in Anderson county, Sparks was tried for the seduction, convicted, and sued to jail. His lamentations, on hearing his sentence, were so loud and piteous that even the "ONE" exclaimed he, "I am persecuted just like Gov. Door, and the only consolation allowed me by these Algerines will be to compare my sufferings with my patriot."

Sparks, in his defence before the court, represented at having been vastly witty. "The thing" said he "is clearly impossible. How can I have got down the chimney? We have the authority of Scripture for the fact that "*Sparks fly upward*"—how then can I have gone *downwards!*

We understand that the Sparks party in Kentucky equal to the Dorr party in Rhode Island, as Sparks was merely contending for the "largest liberty." What hill or knob is to have the honor of being selected as the resting place of the Sparks Capitol? We hope that what foundery will the Sparks party organize its legislature? And who will lead the attack upon the arsenal at Frankfort.

[From Charles Wilmer's News Letter.]

THE MONSTER GUN FOR THE AMERICAN NAVY.

The heavy piece of ordnance, ordered some time in this town to be made for the Princeton, United States steam frigate, is now approaching to completion, and being the largest cannon ever made in this country, and requiring in its construction great skill and attention to perfect it as a solid mass, it has become an object of considerable interest and curiosity amongst nautical and scientific men.

It will be remembered that the Princeton had on board, a gun of great weight and calibre, which last year, burst on being fired, while a large number of American officers were present to view the vessel, by which several parties lost their lives, including the Secretary of State. It is of this of the gun that destroyed, which was of malleable iron, and made imperfectly, of the same material, (requiring, if well made, the tensile strength of wrought iron.

The gun is manufactured in the solid by Mr. Horsfall, at his "Mersey Steel and Iron Works," and being of great length and proportionate thickness, the usually tedious process of conglomerating the whole from pieces into one equal mass before turning and boring, requiring the utmost effort of modern skill, and the aid of powerful machinery to perfect, including the boring. In the rough it was nearly fourteen feet long, and little short of thirty inches in diameter at the thicker end. It was bored to seven inches in diameter was then planed round the eight spindle, were (as well as the shaft) brought to a white heat, and originally welded by a hammer, eight tons in weight, worked by steam. Another layer, in the same manner, was added over the former, and so on until the whole was welded into one mass—a most creditable, and well deserved specimen of forged work—was sent to the works of Messrs. Fawcett & Preston, engine makers and founders.

The gun as sent to the Princeton, is 11 tons 2 cwt. 2 qrs. 11 lb. In the turning and boring it was reduced to a weight, about 2 tons 1 cwt. The length of the cannon when, now that it is turned and bored, is 12 feet, and the bore 12 feet in length, and 12 inches in diameter, leaving a thickness of solid metal of one foot at the breach. In form the piece is plain and unannounced in appearance, without raised mouldings or rings, (on the French system,) the object being to attain the required strength at each point, without useless metal; and the whole tapering nearly equally from the breach, which is 27 1-2 inches in diameter; to the muzzle which is 19 inches—giving a thickness of metal at the breach of 7 1-2 inches at the further, and 3 1-2 inches at the latter. The model for the gun was provided by the Americans, who ordered it, and was made on an inch and a half scale.

The turning and boring occupied over a space of nearly three months, though the operation is by no means slow, considering the quantity of metal to be cut away at a gradual and cautious rate to prevent any imperfection. The first drill introduced was seven inches in diameter; and about a foot from it, a 10 inch boring head followed on the same shaft, making a bore of 10 inches at once. As 11 3-4 inch drill was next used, and finally one of 12 inches. The gun, finally adjusted in the lathe, was turned, the borers being stationary. The finishing operation with the 12 inch drill took three successive days and nights, without intercession, the engine being kept at work, too, by ceasing steam for a short time the contraction or expansion of the iron might, from alternate heat and cold, prevent the production of the desired truenesss of the bore, or leave a mark. As it is, the bore is as fine and as smooth as a first rate bowling piece, and the exterior of the gun is equally bright and even.

Through the centre of the breach a large hole is drilled for the reception of a bolt, with a large head, to be countersunk in the rounded cup or basin of the breach, where the charge will be deposited. This bolt terminates exteriorly in a strong screw, upon which will be secured the outer or terminating breech-piece as a finish; and this pin is so massive at the head, and will be so closely fitted, that it will become part and parcel of the gun, and cannot be blown out by any explosion which the piece will bear. In looking through the hole (now open) the whole resembles a huge telescope.

The piece will be poined on its carriage on strong trunnions of 8 1-2 inches long, forged upon a massive iron bell or ring encircling the gun near its centre. The bell is 11 1-2 inches in width, and 3 1-2 in the arches, and will also be brightly polished. It will be put on in a hot state, so as to contract in cooling, like the tire of a wheel. Immediately in front of this bell (which cannot move towards the breach, from the increasing thickness of the gun, as well as a small flanche) a groove or flat ribbon indenture has been turned out of the gun. Round this a hoop or belt of iron will be put on to St Goshy, (but not welded) and over this another hoop of iron will be driven on hot, and in contracting will clip the other so tightly, that the iron will be secured immovably, or, if it were, in one mass with the gun, to resist all recoil or shock, the gun itself not being weakened in the least degree by any drilling or perforation to secure the bolt.

The bolt which this monstrous gun will carry, will be 11 3-4 inches in diameter, a quarter of an inch long 1-16 for windlass, and will each weigh in cast iron 250lb—so that the piece is to carry 12 lb. Hundred. Does will turn out not less than 20 000 tons this year.—We are happy to say, that the Government and people are now in a state of perfect tranquillity, and commerce is brisk. There have been large arrivals within the last week or two of English and American vessels, and the supply of American provisions in consequence is very much fallen in price, having, indeed, become considerably lower than here."—*Baltimore Clipper.*

WEDDING AMONG THE DEAF AND DUMB.—Mr. J. W. Jennings was married in the Allen street church on Monday, to Miss Mary Anne Reeves, both of them deaf mutes. The Rev. Mr. Cary, a deaf mute himself, officiated, having received his ordination, was present and acted as interpreter. The parties were an interesting and happy couple, and their responses to questions put, the prayers uttered and the exhortations, were all conveyed in the impressive language of signs. The church was crowded with people, and the ceremony was both solemn and impressive.—*N. Y. Express.*

RACES.—We learn that *Fashion* and her stable companion arrived yesterday afternoon from Boston, and entered Race Course, Long Island. Mr. Kirkman's string, comprising *Peytona, Cracoviana, Sarita, Leatana* and *Fashion*, are expected to be here on Tuesday next week. Both *Fashion* and *Peytona* are doing well and the betting is nearly even. On Tuesday next they make their appearance on the Union Course in the proposed match with the Boston Mare (Dyke) prepared to support the Prince Minister, Pangeran Unop, the promoter of piracy and enemy of the English. Sir Edward's party have arrived; the stranger was prepared to play with the long 32 and the 6 and 3 shell guns; while a long 6 on the bow of his barque looked very inquisitively right into the palace. This navy brought the Premier and his colleagues to their senses, and the Pangeran was spared a friendly salute of 21 guns. After several interviews, the Sultan consented to appoint his uncle Prime Minister—an office to which he was entitled by birth. Hashim immediately set to work with a high hand; He began by charging his predecessor with degrading himself and his countrymen by calling in a Kayfan force, in league with cavalier desperado of last year's cruise with Great Britain, and many other serious misdemeanors. This harangue was followed up by ordering the Pangeran to the palace, and instructing him to carry a message forthwith to the Sultan, (who had changed sick and retired) requesting the immediate raging of the Malesters, in order that they might not again insult their Sovereign. The Pangeran, knowing the temper of his *legal* was playing a hazardous game in his rather critical situation. But the result showed that he knew well the parties with whom he had to deal. The old Pangeran cautiously carried the message, and returned with the Sultan's consent; whereupon the rajah issued his mandate—"Let them be raised before dawn." The next morning at 6 o'clock the Sultan and Pangeran were received by Queen Victoria, praying for her friendship and assistance in suppressing piracy and promoting trade, and offering her the Island of Labuan on such terms as hereafter afterwards be agreed upon. Having thus placed the government at Borneo on a satisfactory footing, Sir Edward proceeded to survey Pulo Labuan; he found it a delightful island, with seams of good coal, a good harbor and water, good anchorage, and a port to which he gave the name of Victoria. Either here or at Sarawak (of which the Admiralty has recently published a survey by Sir Edward) a colony ought to be immediately settled. Either situation is admirably suited for the purpose, and the settlement would, ere long, be flourishing. From Pulo Labuan Sir Edward sailed for Buchanan's forehead he will find it impossible to do so. Hitherto Mr. Clay has refrained from making these disclosures out of regard for Buchanan. But now, as his life is to be written for posterity, and he is to take his true position in the constellation of great and good men and his own life is drawing to a close, the call for everything that is needed to clear his character from the aspers