



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1866.

## Home Department.

### LEGISLATIVE.

Simla, the 4th Jun 1866.

The following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it are published for general information, by order of His Excellency the Governor General, under the 19th of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purposes of making Laws and Regulations:—

#### *A Bill to legalize Horse-racing in India.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to exempt certain transactions connected with horse-racing from the operation of Act No. XXI of 1848 (for avoiding wagers); it is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. No subscription or contribution, or agreement to subscribe or contribute, made or entered into after the passing of this Act, for or toward any plate, prize, or sum of money, of the value or amount of five hundred Rupees or upwards, to be awarded to the winner or winners of any horse-race, shall be deemed unlawful by reason of anything contained in the said Act No. XXI of 1848.

2. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to legalize any transaction connected with horse-racing to which the provisions of Act No. V of 1844 (for a suppression of all lotteries not authorized by Government) apply.

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horse-racing for a prize worth £50 or upwards, is a lawful game within the meaning of the former Statute.

The first section of the Indian Act No. XXI of 1848 is copied from the section above recited; but it omits the proviso. Hence the Calcutta Turf Club has urgently represented to the Government that in India dishonourable persons evade with impunity promises to subscribe to prizes and stakes. The present Bill, which is modelled on the proviso above referred to, accordingly enacts that no subscription or contribution, or agreement to subscribe or contribute, for or toward any plate, prize or sum of money of the value or amount of Rupees 500 or upwards, to be awarded to the winners or winner of any horse-race, shall be deemed unlawful by reason of anything contained in Act No. XXI of 1848. There is also a section, suggested by the case of *Gatty v. Field*, 9 Q. B. 431, declaring that nothing contained in the Bill shall be deemed to legalize transactions connected with horse-racing which are obnoxious to the provisions of the Lottery Act (No. V of 1844).

SIMLA,  
The 29th May 1866.

H. S. MAINE.

WHITLEY STOKES,  
Asst. Secy. to the Gov. of India,  
Home Department (Legislative.)

## Government of Bengal.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 30th April 1866, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 31st May 1866, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. IX of 1866.

An Act for the more effectual punishment of persons resisting lawful apprehension or escaping from legal custody, after having been charged with or convicted of offences punishable only under some special or local law.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the more effectual punishment of persons resisting lawful apprehension or escaping from legal custody,

Preamble

where such persons have been charged with or convicted of offences punishable only under some special or local law: It is enacted as follows:—

I. If any person being charged with, or having been convicted of, an offence punishable under any special or local law, and which is not an offence punishable under the Indian Penal Code, shall intentionally offer any resistance or illegal obstruction to the lawful apprehension of himself for the offence with which he is so charged or of which he has been convicted, or shall escape or attempt to escape from any custody in which he is lawfully detained for such offence, he shall be punished with simple imprisonment or imprisonment with hard labor for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

II. The punishment in the preceding Section is in addition to the punishment to which the person to be apprehended or detained in custody was liable for the offence under the special or local law with or of which he was charged or convicted.

III. Whoever intentionally offers any resistance to the lawful apprehension of any other person for an offence punishable under any special or local law and not punishable under the Indian Penal Code, or rescues or attempts to rescue any other person from any custody in which that person is lawfully detained for any such offence as aforesaid, shall be punished with simple imprisonment or imprisonment with hard labor for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

A. EDEN,  
Secy. to Govt. of Bengal.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 30th April 1866, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 4th June 1866, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. X OF 1866.

An Act for the Improvement of the Port of Calcutta.

WHEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for the construction and maintenance of warehouses, embankments, wharves, quays, jetties, piers, tramways, and other works in the Port of Calcutta, and for raising the funds necessary for such construction and maintenance, and for imposing tolls and rates on vessels and on goods landed and shipped; It is enacted as follows:—

I. The following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless where a contrary intention shall appear from the context:—

The word "Justices" shall mean "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta" incorporated under Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council.

The word "Vessel" shall mean any ship, boat, raft, or craft, or other kind of vessel, ever, whether navigated by steam or otherwise.

The word "Land" shall include the bed of river below high water mark.

The word "Pier" shall include a floating pier.

The word "Wharf" shall include any wall adjoining the river.

The word "Goods" shall include wares merchandize of every description.

The word "Port" shall mean the Port of Calcutta as at present.

from time to time to be defined by declaration made by the Government of Bengal under Sections III and IV of Act X of 1855 (for the regulation of Ports and Dues.)

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular.

II. The Justices shall be the Trustees for carrying out of the purposes of this Act. Provided that all property vested in or acquired by the Justices under or by virtue of this Act, and all monies raised by or payable to them under or by virtue of this Act, shall be held in trust and be applied for the purposes of this Act, and not otherwise.

III. The immediate administration of powers and trusts created and declared by this Act shall be vested in a Committee of the said Justices, who shall be nominated and appointed as hereinafter provided, who shall be styled "The Committee of Justices for the Improvement of the Port of Calcutta."

Wherever the term "Committee" is hereinafter used or employed, such term shall signify the "Committee of Justices for the Improvement of the Port of Calcutta."

IV. The Committee shall consist of ten Members of whom the Chairman and five others shall be Justices.

Constitution of Committee. The Chairman shall also be chairman; five others such Members shall be elected by the Justices at a Special General Meeting; and the first of such elections shall be held and take place within one month after the passing of this Act; and the remaining four of such Members of the Committee shall be nominated and appointed from among the said Justices by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

V. The Committee shall at a Meeting to be held within one month from the time of their appointment, nominate from among themselves a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Committee. Such nomination shall be subject to the approval of the Justices at a Special General Meeting. In the event of any nomination made by the Committee not being approved by the Justices or of any vacancy occurring in the Office of Vice-Chairman, the Committee shall forthwith proceed at a Meeting to make a fresh nomination and appointment, subject to the approval of the Justices, and so on from time to time. Such Vice-Chairman shall be removable by the Justices by a Resolution in favor of



not less than two-thirds of the Justices present at a Special General Meeting shall have voted.

**VI.** No act or proceeding of the Committee shall be invalidated or illegal in consequence only of there being a vacancy in the number of Members of the Committee at the time of doing or executing such act or proceeding. And all proceedings of the Committee or of any person acting as a Member thereof in the bona fide belief that he was duly appointed and qualified, shall, notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of the Members of the Committee or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Member of the Committee.

**VII.** Every person who at any time after his election or appointment as a Member of the Committee shall be absent from six consecutive meetings without having the permission in that behalf of the Committee, or who having such permission shall be absent from the meetings for a period exceeding a year, and every person who at any time after his election as such Member shall accept or agree to accept any office or place of profit under this Act, except the Office of Vice-Chairman of the Committee, or who shall participate or agree to participate in the profits of any work done by order of the Justices under this Act, or be concerned or participate in the profits of any contract entered into with the Justices under this Act, shall thenceforth cease to be a Member of the Committee, and his office shall thereupon become vacant. Provided always that no Member of the Committee shall vacate his office by reason only of his being a Shareholder in any Registered Company with which the Justices may enter into any contract, or by reason of his being interested in any loan of money to the Justices.

**VIII.** Upon any vacancy occurring by the death or resignation of any Member of the Committee or by any Member becoming disqualified, such vacancy shall forthwith be filled up by the election of a new Member by the Justices at a Special General Meeting, in case the Member so dying, resigning, or becoming disqualified was a Member elected by them, or in case such Member was a Member nominated by the Lieutenant-Governor, then by the nomination and appointment by the Lieutenant-Governor of a new Member from among the Justices.

**IX.** When any Member of the Committee shall depart from Calcutta with an intention of being absent for a longer period than three months, or where any such Member shall have been so absent for a period exceeding three months, it shall be lawful for the Committee to elect and appoint any Justice to sit in the place of such absent Member until he shall return to Calcutta, or until he shall cease to be a Member under the provisions of Section VII of this Act.

**X.** It shall be lawful for the Justices from time to time, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, to determine whether any and what salaries and allowances shall be paid to the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Committee, and whether any and what fees shall be paid to the Members of the Committee for attendance at Meetings for transaction of the business of the Trust. Provided that, at the time of determining the fees to be paid as aforesaid, the Justices shall, subject to the same approval, declare the conditions under which such fees shall be payable.

**XI.** The Committee may, from time to time by Resolution passed at a Meeting, appoint Sub-Committees of their number for carrying into effect any part of the provisions of this Act, with such powers, and under such instructions, directions, or limitations, as by such Resolution shall be defined, and on any such Sub-Committee three Members shall be a quorum, and the Committee shall have power to alter or discontinue any such Sub-Committee.

**XII.** The Committee may from time to time appoint a Secretary, and such Engineers, Surveyors, Collectors, Clerks, Subordinate Officers, and Servants, as they shall think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may, from time to time, suspend or remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place; and may, with the sanction of the Justices at a Meeting, pay such allowances to the said persons respectively, or in case of absence on leave such portion thereof, as they shall think reasonable.

**XIII. Clause 1.**—No Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Committee, or Officer or Servant of the Justices under this Act, shall be in any wise concerned or interested in any contract or work made with or executed for the Justices under this Act; and if any such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or Servant, be so concerned or interested, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Justices, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred Rupees, which may be recovered by suit by any person with full costs of suit: Provided that no person, being a shareholder of any Joint Stock Company established by or under the provisions of any Act of Parliament, or of the Government of India, or by Charter, shall be prevented from being employed as a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or Servant by reason of any contract between such Company and the Justices under this Act, or of any work executed by such Company.

**Clause 2.**—If any person employed under this Act, not being a Public Servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, shall accept or obtain or agree to accept or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing or forbearing to do any official act, or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor to any person, or for entering or attempting to render any service to any person with the Justices the same shall be deemed to be an offence under Section 171 of the Indian Penal Code.

same punishment as is in that behalf provided by the said Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code in the case of Public Servants.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Meeting to grant, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, such leave of absence to the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, and to make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. Any person appointed under this Section to act for the Vice-Chairman, shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions and limitations, which the Vice-Chairman would under this Act have and be liable to. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted as aforesaid, the Justices may at a Meeting with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, pay to the Vice-Chairman such allowance during absence on leave as shall to them seem proper. Provided that no greater expenditure shall be in any case incurred in the whole by reason of any such allowance, or of any allowance paid upon the absence on leave of any Officer or Servant of the Justices under this Act, than would have been incurred had no leave been granted.

XV. The Justices shall hold two Meetings in every year at which shall be transacted the general business relating to the Trust. At each such Meeting the accounts of the Trust for the previous half-year made up to the first day of the month in which such Meeting is held, shall be produced and exhibited for the inspection and satisfaction of the Justices. Such Meetings shall be held upon the same day as the Quarterly Meetings of the Justices in January and July, and at the conclusion of such Meetings.

XVI. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, may whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a requisition in writing signed by any ten Justices or by any three Members of the Committee, call a Special General Meeting of the Justices under this Act. Such Meeting shall be held within twenty-one days of the receipt of such requisition. And previous to the holding thereof seven clear days' notice at least, specifying the time and place of such intended Meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by Advertisement in the Calcutta Gazette, and in at least two of the Daily English Papers published in Calcutta.

XVII. No business shall be brought before or transacted at any such Special General Meeting of the Justices under this Act other than the business specified in the notice given under the last preceding Section: Provided always that any Justice may submit to a Special General Meeting any Resolution relating to matters beyond those mentioned in the notice given of such Meeting, if he shall have given not less than three clear days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the Resolution at the Office of the Justices.

XVIII. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Committee shall at all Meetings of the Justices preside at the same, and the Chairman shall preside at all Meetings of the Justices held under this Act, or at any other Meeting of the Justices.

and the Chairman, or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such Meeting, and shall have a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes. In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Justices present at any Meeting may choose one of their number to preside. The President of any Meeting at which a quorum of the Justices shall be present may, with the consent of the Meeting, adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place. But no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such adjournment took place.

XIX. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Justices under this Act unless a quorum of at least twenty-five Justices be present: Provided always that, if at any such Meeting there shall not be a sufficient number of Justices present to form a quorum, the President shall adjourn the Meeting to such convenient time and place as he shall think fit: and the business which would have been brought before the original Meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by the adjourned Meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum of Justices present at such adjourned Meeting or not.

XX. Minutes of the proceedings of all Meetings of the Justices under this Act shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting; and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the Office of the Justices to the inspection of any Justice without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

XXI. At any Meeting of the Justices, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Justices, a declaration by the President that a Resolution has been carried sufficient, unless a poll be demanded, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Justices, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of or against such Resolution.

XXII. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding Section mentioned, or be taken, at any Meeting of the Justices, the votes of the Justices present shall be taken by the President, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Justices at such Meeting.

XXIII. The Committee shall meet for the transaction of business once at least in every fortnight. Such Meeting shall be held upon such day and at such hour as the Committee shall from time to time determine. At every Meeting of the Committee three Members shall constitute a quorum.

XXIV. The Chairman or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, may whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon request made in writing by three Members of the Committee, or two Members of a Sub-Committee, call an Emergent Meeting of the said Committee, and the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the said Committee as the case may be.



**XXV.** Minutes of the proceedings of all Meetings of the Committee shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting.

Minutes of Proceedings to be kept.

**XXVI.** For the better administration of the business of the Trust, it shall be lawful for the Committee, with the sanction of the Chairman alone to exercise all the powers by this Act vested in the Committee, or such of those powers as shall be specified in such Regulations, and defining the conditions and limitations (if any) under which such powers shall be exercised. Provided that no such Regulation shall affect the provisions of this Act as to Meetings, or empower the Chairman to act alone when his so doing would be clearly inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Chairman alone to exercise powers of Committee.

**XXVII.** The Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Committee or some person duly authorized in that behalf, shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by Government, attend daily at the Office of the Trustees for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act.

**XXVIII.** The Justices in their Corporate capacity shall for the purposes of this Act have power to acquire and hold immovable or moveable property, whether within or without the limits of the Port, by conveyance, lease, assignment, or sale from the Governor General in Council or Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, or any Corporate body, or any registered Joint Stock Company, or private person, and they shall also have power to lease, and with the sanction of the said Lieutenant-Governor to sell, any immovable property which may have become vested in, or been acquired by them but which is no longer required for the purposes of this Act.

Powers of the Justices as to property.

**XXIX.** The Committee may enter into contracts on behalf of the Justices with any Body Corporate, Registered Joint Stock Company, or private person, for the execution or supply by them or him of any works, labour, materials, machinery, or stores, or for other matters necessary or carrying into effect the Trusts and purposes of this Act.

**XXX.** Instruments and contracts on behalf of the Justices under this Act may be made and executed as follows:—

Mode of executing contracts.

— Any instrument or contract which, if made between private persons, would by English law be required to be in writing under seal, shall be made by the Justices in writing under their common seal, and in the same way shall be altered, rescinded, or released.

— Any instrument or contract which, if made between private persons, would require by English law to be in writing signed by the party to be bound thereby, shall be signed on behalf of

the Justices by the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, and by two Members of the Committee, and in the same way shall be altered or rescinded.

3.—Any contract which, if made between private persons, might by English law be made verbally, may be made verbally on behalf of the Justices by the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, and by two Members of the Committee, and in the same way may be altered or rescinded.

**XXXI.** It shall be lawful for the Committee, by Resolution passed at a Meeting, to resolve to compound or compromise for or in respect of any claim or demand arising out of any contract entered into by them under the authority of this Act, or in respect of any action or suit instituted by or against them, for such sum of money or other compensation as they shall deem sufficient.

Committee may compound for breaches of contract, &c.

**XXXII.** When the Justices are unable to acquire by agreement any land or building required for the purposes of this Act, the Government of Bengal in its discretion may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for Government and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any law in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. Such land or building when acquired shall be conveyed to the Justices, on their paying the compensation awarded and all costs connected therewith.

Acquisition of land.

**XXXIII.** The works and arrangements to be constructed and carried out by the Justices under the provisions of this Act may include:—

General nature of the works under the Act.

- (i). Wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers, within the Port, with all necessary and convenient arches, drains, landing-places, stairs, and approaches.
- (ii). Tramways, warehouses, and sheds for the conveying, receiving, and storing of goods and merchandize landed or to be shipped.
- (iii). The laying down of moorings and the erection of cranes, scales, and all other necessary means and appliances for loading and unloading vessels.
- (iv). The reclaiming, enclosing, and raising any part of the river bed within the Port and below high water mark which may be necessary for the execution of the works authorized by this Act.
- (v). The construction and application of dredges and other machines for cleaning and improving the river bed within the aforesaid limits.
- (vi). The construction of such works without the limits of the Port as shall be necessary for the protection of works executed under this Act.

**XXXIV.** Within six months from the passing of this Act, or such further time as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall in that behalf allow, the Justices shall submit to the Lieutenant-Governor a written scheme or proposal, with the necessary plans, sections, and elevations, exhibiting the general character of the works, constructions, machines, and arrangements proposed by the Justices for the improvement of the Port, and the

Justices to submit a general scheme of proposed works.

estimated cost of such improvements so far as such cost can be fairly estimated without going into minute details. Until the scheme or proposal so submitted shall have received the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Justices shall not, except with the express sanction in each case of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, have power to commence any works or acquire any immoveable or moveable property under this Act.

XXXV. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, in his discretion, to appoint a Commission of one or more persons, to enquire into the general nature and object of the said scheme, its probable utility and cost, and any other matter connected with the said scheme on which the said Lieutenant-Governor shall desire to be satisfied.

XXXVI. If any variations, omissions, or additions from or to the proposed scheme are required by the Government, the same shall be adopted by the Justices, and when the said scheme or proposal as submitted, or subject to such omissions, alterations, or additions, shall have received the final approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the general character of the scheme as approved, its general cost, and the fact of its approval by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, shall be notified in the Calcutta Gazette, and thereafter the Justices shall have power to acquire property and to raise money as hereinafter mentioned.

XXXVII. If and whenever after the approval and notification as aforesaid of the general scheme, it shall be found desirable to carry out any variation therefrom or addition thereto, a written scheme or proposal for such variation or addition, with the necessary plans, sections, and elevations, and an estimate of the cost, shall be submitted by the Justices to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, who shall have the same power and discretion in regard thereto as in regard to the general scheme, and such variation or addition shall, when and as approved, be notified in the Calcutta Gazette. Provided that any variation or addition in matters of mere detail and involving a difference of expense from the originally estimated cost of not more than fifty thousand Rupees, may be carried out by the Justices without submitting the same to the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, any thing hereinbefore contained notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. After such notification as aforesaid has been published, it shall be lawful for the Justices from time to time to raise money, for the estimated cost of the works and arrangements proposed and approved, on debentures bearing interest, which shall be a first charge on all property acquired by the Justices for the purposes of this Act, and on all tolls, duties, rates, and charges leviable under this Act; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices at any time or times to raise the additional moneys (if any) required for the carrying out of any variations or additions under the last preceding Section, by the issue of further debentures to be a charge as aforesaid on the tolls, duties, rates, and charges leviable and property acquired under this Act. Provided that the amount of debentures issued or

advertized at any one time, and the terms on which the same are issued, shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and that the total amount of outstanding debentures under this Act shall not at any time exceed the sum of one and a half Crores of Rupees.

XXXIX. All the moneys raised on debentures shall be applied by the Justices in the acquisition of immoveable and moveable property, the payment of salaries, fees, and expenses, and of interest on debentures, and of the cost of works and erections necessary or expedient for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

XL. Whenever the half-yearly accounts directed to be laid before the Justices shall show a surplus for the half-year of income over expenditure, such surplus or so much thereof as the Justices shall think fit, may be applied by them in paying off the debentures issued under this Act, or such surplus may in whole or part be invested by the Justices in the purchase in their Corporate name of Government securities, and the interest thereof may be accumulated and invested in like manner, with power to the Justices at any time to dispose of any such securities, and to apply the proceeds and interest thereof in paying off debentures or towards any of the other purposes of this Act.

XLI. All the debentures issued under the authority of this Act shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the moneys secured by any of such debentures shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being, without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

XLII. The Justices may at any time, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay the amount for the time being due on any debentures issued in pursuance of this Act.

XLIII. At a Special General Meeting to be held in the month of November in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a separate Budget or Estimate, prepared by the Committee, of the expenditure and income of the Trust under this Act for the year commencing on the 1st of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Justices shall from time to time, by order passed at a Meeting, direct. Provided always that such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof sent by post or otherwise to each of the Justices resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven clear days prior to the Meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

XLIV. The Budget shall show what expenditure it is proposed to incur for the purposes of this Act during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.



XLV. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates entered in the Budget. No new work or series of works the entire estimated cost of which, as shewn in the Budget, shall exceed fifty thousand Rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor having been previously obtained.

XLVI. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure under this Act shall be audited and examined twice in every year for the purpose of being laid before the half-yearly Meetings under Section XV of this Act.

audit shall be made by such Auditors as from time to time be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. For the purpose of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person in holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit or examination, or adjournment thereof, and to sign a declaration with respect to the contents of the same, and if any such person neglect or refuse to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees. All Auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be entitled to such reasonable remuneration as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time determine: Provided always that before each audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditor-General shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by advertisement in the English Government Gazette, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers published in Calcutta; and a copy of the names of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and be open during Office hours thereat to the inspection of all persons interested, for seven days before the audit is commenced, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of or extracts from the same, without the payment of any fee; and within ten days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the Auditors shall report to the Justices the accounts audited and examined, and shall deposit such report to the Justices at a Meeting, and shall cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and to be published in the Calcutta Gazette and in some one or more of the newspapers.

XLVII. As and when any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier erected under the provisions of this Act shall have been made and completed, together with such sufficient warehouses, sheds, and moorings for landing and shipping goods from and upon sea-going vessels, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to declare, by publication of notice to that effect in three consecutive numbers of the Calcutta Gazette, that such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods from and upon sea-going vessels. And from and after such notification and publication, it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Committee, or the proper officer of the Justices in that behalf, to call upon the Conservator of the Port from time to time when there shall be room at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, to order any vessel he may think fit alongside of the said wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, for the purpose of being laden or unladen by the Justices. And if after such order of the Conservator of the Port, the Owner or Master of any such vessel shall either take in or discharge cargo, save and except at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, to which such vessel shall have been so ordered, the Owner or Master thereof shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred Rupees for each day that he or they shall land or ship or attempt to land or ship any goods in contravention of such order.

XLVIII. When a sufficient number of wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers, shall have been erected under this Act for the landing and shipping of the cargoes of all sea-going vessels resorting to the Port, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to order, by publication of such order for one month in the Calcutta Gazette, that no goods shall be landed or shipped from or upon any sea-going vessel within the Port, save at such wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers. And whoever shall, after such order has been so notified as aforesaid, land or ship or attempt to land or ship any goods in contravention of such order, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every day that he shall so land or ship any goods in contravention of the said order. Provided always, and it is hereby declared that, notwithstanding any thing in this or the 51st Section contained, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by notice in the Calcutta Gazette from time to time, if he shall so think fit, to declare that certain specified vessels, goods, or cargoes, or class of goods or cargo, shall be permitted to be landed or shipped elsewhere and at such part of the Port of Calcutta, and for such time, as he may think fit.

XLIX. As and when any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, for the receiving, landing, or shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels shall have been made and completed with all proper appliances in that behalf, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to declare, by publication of the same in three consecutive numbers of the Calcutta Gazette, that such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier is ready for the receiving, landing, and shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels, and in the same way to order that, within certain prescribed limits to be specified in that behalf, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into any such boat or inland country vessel except at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier. After such publication as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for any boat or inland country vessel to land or ship any goods at any place

XLVIII. When a sufficient number of wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers, shall have been erected under this Act for the landing and shipping of the cargoes of all sea-going vessels resorting to the Port, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to order, by publication of such order for one month in the Calcutta Gazette, that no goods shall be landed or shipped from or upon any sea-going vessel within the Port, save at such wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers. And whoever shall, after such order has been so notified as aforesaid, land or ship or attempt to land or ship any goods in contravention of such order, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every day that he shall so land or ship any goods in contravention of the said order. Provided always, and it is hereby declared that, notwithstanding any thing in this or the 51st Section contained, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by notice in the Calcutta Gazette from time to time, if he shall so think fit, to declare that certain specified vessels, goods, or cargoes, or class of goods or cargo, shall be permitted to be landed or shipped elsewhere and at such part of the Port of Calcutta, and for such time, as he may think fit.

XLIX. As and when any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, for the receiving, landing, or shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels shall have been made and completed with all proper appliances in that behalf, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to declare, by publication of the same in three consecutive numbers of the Calcutta Gazette, that such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier is ready for the receiving, landing, and shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels, and in the same way to order that, within certain prescribed limits to be specified in that behalf, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into any such boat or inland country vessel except at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier. After such publication as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for any boat or inland country vessel to land or ship any goods at any place

XLX. As and when any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, for the receiving, landing, or shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels shall have been made and completed with all proper appliances in that behalf, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to declare, by publication of the same in three consecutive numbers of the Calcutta Gazette, that such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier is ready for the receiving, landing, and shipping of goods from boats and inland country vessels, and in the same way to order that, within certain prescribed limits to be specified in that behalf, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into any such boat or inland country vessel except at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier. After such publication as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for any boat or inland country vessel to land or ship any goods at any place

within the limits so specified, except at such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier; nor for any such boat or inland country vessel while within such limits to anchor, fasten, or lay within fifty yards of the ordinary low water mark without the consent of the Justices. And if after such notification and publication any boat or inland country vessel shall while within such limits so anchor, fasten, or lay, it shall be lawful for the Officers of the Justices in that behalf to remove or cause the same to be removed out of the said limits.

L. If the owner, manjee, or person in charge of any boat or inland country vessel shall, after such notification and publication as in the last preceding Section mentioned, land or ship any goods from or into any such boat or inland country vessel at or upon any place within the said limits, except at, upon, or from the said wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, he shall be liable to a penalty of thirty Rupees for each day upon which any goods shall be so landed or shipped. And if any such owner, manjee, or person in charge of such boat or vessel shall anchor or fasten his boat or vessel, or shall lie within the said limits at a distance not exceeding fifty yards of the ordinary low-water mark, except with the consent of the Justices, and shall neglect or refuse to remove his boat or vessel out of the said limits, when lawfully required so to do, he shall be liable to a penalty of fifty Rupees. And in addition to the said penalties the Justices may seize and detain any such boat or inland country vessel until the said penalties respectively shall be paid.

LI. When and so soon as a sufficient number of wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers, shall have been erected under this Act for the landing and shipping of the cargoes of inland country vessels frequenting the Port of Calcutta, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor, by notice published in three consecutive numbers of the Calcutta Gazette, to order that no goods shall be landed or shipped from or into any such inland country vessel within the Port of Calcutta, save at such wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers. And whoever shall, after the same has been so notified as aforesaid, land or ship or attempt to land or ship any goods from or upon any such inland country vessel in contravention of such order, shall be liable to a penalty of thirty Rupees for each and every day that he shall so land or ship any cargo from or upon any such inland country vessel.

LII. The Justices shall make a sufficient number of public landing places in and upon which the public shall be permitted to land free of charge the following articles—that is to say, bricks, tiles, lime, scorse, firewood, bamboos, hay, straw, vegetables, fruits, meat, and market produce. And the Justices shall make, and may from time to time alter and vary, such regulations and bye-laws for the use of the said public landing places, the time during which goods shall be allowed to remain thereon, and the removal of goods landed thereon, as they shall think fit. Provided nevertheless that such Regulations and Bye-laws shall be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

LIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, if they shall consider it necessary for the purposes of this Act, to occupy or remove any bathing ghaat or landing-place within the Port, and to prohibit the public from afterwards resorting to or using the same. Provided nevertheless that the Justices shall reserve, set out, make, and provide for the use of the public such sufficient bathing ghauts within the Port as shall be required for the convenience of the public, and as shall be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

LIV. When the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall under Section X of the Consolidated Customs Act appoint any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, erected under this Act for the use of sea-going vessels, to be a wharf for the landing and shipping of goods within the meaning of that enactment, the Justices shall set apart, maintain, and secure on any such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, such portion thereof or place therein or adjoining thereto for the use of the Officers of Customs, as the Lieutenant-Governor shall in that behalf approve of or appoint.

LV. After the publication of the order in Section XLVIII hereinbefore mentioned, the Justices shall provide and at all times keep and maintain sufficient servants, and apparatus, for the expeditious and convenient landing and shipping of goods from and upon all sea-going vessels coming to the wharves, quays, stages, jetties, or piers; and shall by their servants land and ship all goods from and upon any such vessel so coming to such wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, unless where there is a legal excuse for refusing to land or ship such goods, or such vessel is by reason of the breach or non-observance of any law or regulation not entitled to have her cargo shipped or discharged. Provided that the Justices shall not be bound to land, ship, or move any single article or package exceeding thirty tons of twenty hundredweight in weight, except at such special charge as may be agreed on in respect of such article or package.

LVI. The Committee shall from time to time frame a scale of tolls, dues, or rates for the landing and shipping of goods at the wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers erected under this Act for the use of sea-going vessels, and for the storing and keeping of any goods stored in any premises belonging to the Justices, and for the removal of goods, and for the use of any moorings laid down by the Justices. And also a scale of tolls, dues, and rates for the landing and shipping of goods into and out of any country-boat or vessel, and also a scale of tolls for the use of the said wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers by any boat or inland country vessel in case the Justices shall permit the goods to be landed or shipped by others than their own officers and servants. Such scale of tolls, dues, and rates shall be submitted to the Lieutenant-Governor, and after receiving his approval shall be published in the Calcutta Gazette, and may from time to time, subject to the like approval and publication, be altered. Provided always that it shall not be lawful for the Justices to levy any

Penalties in case of boat or inland country vessels landing goods or mooring within prohibited limits.

Ghats and bathing-places to be provided.

Wharves, &c., to be appointed under Customs Act.

Justices bound to provide servants, &c., for shipping and landing goods.

When wharves completed, inland country vessels must land and ship cargoes at wharves.

Public landing places to be provided.



tolls, dues, or rates or mooring charges on a scale higher than that given in Schedule B to this Act.

**LVII.** For the amount of all tolls, charges, dues, and rates duly leviable under this Act in respect of any goods, the Justices shall have a lien on such goods, and shall be entitled to detain the same until such tolls, rates, and dues are fully paid. Tolls, rates, and dues in respect of goods to be landed shall become payable immediately on the landing of the goods. Tolls, rates, and dues in respect of goods to be removed from the premises of the Justices or to be shipped for export, shall be payable before the goods are removed or shipped. The lien for such tolls, rates, and dues shall have priority over all other liens and claims, except for general average, the shipowner's lien for freight upon the said goods where such lien exists and has been preserved in the manner hereinafter provided, for primage, and for money payable to Her Majesty or the Secretary of State for India in Council under any law for the time being in force. Provided that nothing in this Act shall affect any power or authority vested in the Chief Officer of Customs under any law for the time being in force.

**LVIII.** In any case in which goods without any default on the part of the Justices shall have been left for three days on any wharf or shed belonging to the Justices, it shall be lawful for the Committee to remove or cause the same to be removed either to any warehouse belonging to them or to the Public Warehouses, at the expense of the owners of the said goods, giving notice to the consignee or owner of such goods of such removal if the address of such consignee or owner is known, by letter left at such address or sent by post; and the consignee or owner of such goods, in addition to the expenses of the removal of the same, shall be liable, in case the goods shall be removed to any warehouse or store of the Justices, to a charge for warehousing for the time during which the goods shall remain in the said warehouses. In case the said goods shall be removed to the Public Warehouses, then the said consignee or owner shall be liable to the charges for warehousing goods in such Public Warehouse.

**LIX.** If the shipowner at the time when any goods are landed at any wharf, quay, stage, jetty, or pier, erected under this Act, shall give to the Justices notice in writing that the goods are to remain subject to a lien for freight or other charges payable to the shipowner to an amount to be mentioned in such notice, the goods so landed shall continue liable to the same lien, if any, for such charges as they were subject to before the landing thereof. Such goods shall be retained either in the warehouses and sheds of the Justices, or, with the consent of the Chief Officer of Customs, in the Public Warehouses, until the lien is discharged as hereinafter mentioned. If by reason of the failure to retain the said goods any loss is occasioned to the shipowner, the Justices shall be bound to make good such loss.

**LX.** Upon the production to the Officer of the Justices in that behalf of a receipt for the amount claimed as due, and delivery to him of a copy thereof

or of a release of freight from the shipowner, the said lien shall be discharged.

**LXI.** If the tolls, rates, and dues payable to the Justices in respect of the said goods under this Act are not paid, or if the lien of the shipowner for freight where such notice as aforesaid has been given is not discharged, the Justices may, and in the latter event if required by the shipowner shall, at the expiration of two months from the time when the goods were placed in their custody, or if the goods are of a perishable nature at such earlier period, being not less than twenty-four hours after the landing of the goods, as they shall think fit, sell by public auction the said goods or so much as may be necessary to satisfy the charges hereinafter mentioned; before making such sale, ten days' notice of the same shall be given by publication thereof in the Calcutta Gazette, unless the goods are of so perishable a nature as in the opinion of the Officer of the Justices in that behalf to render immediate sale necessary or advisable, in which event such notice shall be given by publication as aforesaid as the urgency of the case admits of. If the address of the owner of the goods has been stated on the manifest of the cargo, or in any of the documents which have come into the hands of the Justices, or is otherwise known, notice shall also be given to the owner of the goods by letter delivered at such address or sent by the post: but the title of a *bona fide* purchaser of such goods shall not be invalidated by reason of the omission to send the notice hereinbefore mentioned, nor shall any such purchaser be bound to inquire whether such notice has been sent. In every case of any such sale as aforesaid, the moneys received from the sale shall be applied as follows:—

- 1st, in payment of the expenses of the sale.
- 2ndly, in payment of the amount claimed by the shipowner as due for freight or other charges in respect of the said goods.
- 3rdly, in payment of the tolls, charges, and expenses of landing, removing, storing, or warehousing the same, and of all other charges due to the Justices under this Act in respect thereof.

The surplus, if any, shall be paid to the importer, owner, or consignee of the goods or to his agent, on his applying for the same; provided such application be made within one year from the sale of the goods, or good reason be shown why such application was not so made.

**LXII.** The powers and provisions contained in Section XLIX of the said Act XXII. of 1855, shall be applicable in respect of all charges for moorings or other charges due from the owner of any vessel to the Justices under this Act.

**LXIII.** The powers vested in the Local Government with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council by Section VII of the said Act XXII. of 1855 shall extend to the regulating the classes of cargo to be shipped and landed from and at the respective wharves, quays, stages, jetties, or piers belonging to the Justices, and the time for which and the order and manner in which vessels are to lie

Recovery of tolls in arrears.

Goods may be removed to Public Warehouses.

Lien for freight preserved after landing of goods, if notice of lien given.

If tolls not paid or the lien for freight is not discharged, goods may be sold after the expiration of two months.

Port clearance to be withheld if mooring charges unpaid.

Port Act to extend to Lieutenant-Governor's Regulations under this Act.

alongside such wharves, quays, stages, jetties, and piers respectively, for the purpose of unloading or loading cargo; and all Regulations under and provisions of the said Act with regard to buoys and moorings, shall extend to the buoys and moorings laid down by or belonging to the Justices. The Conservator of the Port and his assistants in carrying out and enforcing such Regulations shall act under the direction of the Committee.

**LXIV.** If any person shall disobey any rule or regulation of the Local Government as to the time, manner, or order for or in which vessels are to lie alongside as aforesaid, or as to the use of such buoys or moorings as aforesaid, such person shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and if the offence be continued beyond a day, to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the first.

**LXV.** In case any damage or mischief shall be done to any wharves, quays, jetties, piers, or works constructed under the provisions of this Act, by any vessel, through the negligence of any person having the guidance of or command thereof, or any of the mariners or persons employed therein, it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the Town of Calcutta, on the application of the Justices, to issue a summons to the Master of or Agent for such vessel requiring him to attend on a day and at an hour named in the summons, to answer touching such damage or mischief. If at the time appointed in the summons, and whether the person summoned shall appear or not, it shall be made out to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that the alleged damage was done through such negligence as aforesaid, and that the pecuniary amount of the same does not exceed two hundred Rupees, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to issue his warrant of distress under which a sufficient portion of the boats, masts, spars, ropes, cables, anchors, or stores of the vessel may be seized and sold to cover the expenses of and attending the execution of the distress and the pecuniary amount of damage as aforesaid, and such amount shall be paid to the Justices out of the proceeds of the distress. Provided that, if at the time of the damage or mischief the vessel was under the orders of a duly authorized Officer belonging to the Pilot Service or the Harbour Master's or Master Attendant's Department, the case shall not be cognizable by the Magistrate under this Section.

**LXVI.** If any person shall wilfully demolish, cut, break or in any way destroy any of the wharves, quays, jetties, and piers, or other works, belonging to the Justices under this Act, or any rope or other thing by which any vessel lying in the Port shall be moored or fastened to the same, such person shall for every such offence be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate for the Town of Calcutta, to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and shall further be civilly liable to make good to the Justices the damage which he has occasioned.

**LXVII.** All penalties imposed by this Act shall be recovered in the manner prescribed by Section XCIII of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, and

the provisions of Section XCIV of that Act shall apply to any distress levied by virtue of this Act. Such penalties shall be applied by the Justices to the purposes of the Trust.

**LXVIII.** It shall be lawful for the Justices to make and from time to time to alter Bye-Laws for the guidance of persons employed by them under this Act; for the safe and convenient use of the wharves, quays, jetties, sheds, warehouses, tramways, and other works constructed by them under the authority of this Act; for the receiving and removal of goods brought within the premises of the Justices; for declaring the procedure to be followed by the Committee in taking charge of goods which shall have been damaged before landing or shall be alleged to be so damaged; and for the mode of payment of the tolls, dues, rates, and charges leviable under this Act. Provided that no such Bye-law or Regulation shall be repugnant to or inconsistent with any law in force or any Regulation of the Local Government under the provisions of this Act, and that no penalty for any one infringement of a Bye-law shall exceed fifty Rupees, and that in case of a continuing infringement, no penalty shall exceed ten Rupees for every day after the first notice.

**LXIX.** No Bye-law or alteration of a Bye-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and been published for four weeks in the Calcutta Gazette, and when so published all Courts of Law shall take judicial notice thereof.

**LXX.** The Justices shall cause the said Bye-laws and the Tables of tolls, rates, and charges leviable, to be printed in the English and Bengalee languages and characters, and to be hung up and kept hung up at the several wharves, quays, and jetties, and other convenient places on the premises of the Justices.

**LXXI.** No suit shall be maintained against any person for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless notice in writing shall have been given to the defendant or left at his last or usual place of abode one month before such suit shall be commenced, stating that a suit will be brought, and the grounds of suit.

**LXXII.** The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may at any time order a local survey and examination of any works of the Justices under this Act or the intended site thereof, and the cost of such survey and examination shall be borne and paid by the Justices out of the moneys in their hands by virtue of this Act.

**LXXIII.** If the Justices shall allow any work constructed by them under this Act to fall into disrepair or shall not complete any work commenced by them or included in any scheme submitted to and approved of by Government under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to cause such work to be restored, completed, or constructed either by the Officers of Government or any private contractor, and the cost of any such restoration, completion, or construction shall be a charge on the works, and a debt due from the Justices to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Penalty for infringing Regulation of Local Government.

Compensation for damage to the property of the Justices.

Justices empowered to make Bye-laws.

Confirmation of Bye-laws.

Bye-laws and Tables of tolls to be exhibited.

Notice of action.

Government may order a local survey.

Government may restore or complete works.

Penalty for damage done to the works, &c.

Penalties how recoverable.



LXXIV. If at any time it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that the scheme submitted and approved under the provisions of Section XXXIV of this Act has not been and is not likely to be properly carried out, or (if carried out) has not been and is not likely to be properly maintained by the Justices, it shall be lawful for the said Lieutenant-Governor to give six months' notice, by order published in the Calcutta Gazette, that unless within that period the Justices shall take measures to the satisfaction of the said Lieutenant-Governor for the carrying out or proper maintenance of the said scheme, the powers by this Act conferred on the Justices will at the end of such period be withdrawn and revoked, and the Government of Bengal may assume possession and management of the works (if any) already constructed. By such order and without the necessity of any conveyance, all immoveable and moveable property, all rights of levying and recovering tolls, dues, and rates, all benefit of contracts, and all rights of suit, which at the time may be vested in the Justices under this Act, shall be transferred to and vested in the Secretary of State for India in Council, and the rights of all creditors of the Justices under this Act shall continue as against the said Secretary of State in Council to the extent of the property so transferred to and vested in him.

SCHEDULE (A).—(referred to in Section XLI.)

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

The 18

No.

By virtue of the Act No. X of 1866 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations, entitled—"An Act for the Improvement of the Port of Calcutta," we, the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, in consideration of the sum of Rupees paid to us by A. B. of promise to pay to the said or order the said sum of Rupees after the date hereof, together with interest at the rate of per centum per annum payable half-yearly on the day of and the day of

(Signatures of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman and two Justices.)

SCHEDULE (B).—(referred to in Section LVI.)

MAXIMA RATES AND TOLLS.

1. Rates on goods where no separate package or article exceeds one ton of 20 cwt. in weight:—  
The maximum charge shall be Rupees 3 per ton by weight or measurement to be calculated on the weight or measurement at the option of the Justices. Except as regards the goods hereunder specified, the ton by weight shall be one of 20 cwt., and the ton by measurement one of 50 cubic feet.

As regards the following classes of goods, the ton shall be taken at the respective weights and measurements hereunder appended to each class of goods, that is to say—

	<i>Cwt. per ton.</i>
Anniseed	... 8
Bark, in bags	... 8
Cake Lac, in bags	... 16
Cardamums, in robbins	... 8
China Root, in bags	... 11
Cloves, in bags	... 8
Coffee, in bags	... 18
"    in robbins and casks	... 16
Cutch, in bags	... 18
Dates, dry	... 16
Garlic and Onions	... 12
Ginger	... 16
Hides, Buffalo or Cow, cured	... 14
Mirabolams	... 16
Nux Vomica	... 16
Oats	... 16
Opium	... per chest
	<i>Cwt. per ton.</i>
Paddy	... 16
Pepper, long	... 12
"    black	... 14
Putchuck	... 10
Raw Silk, in bales	... 10
Rum, in casks	... { 2 puncheons or 4 bhds.
	<i>Cwt. per ton.</i>
Seed Lac, in bags	... 16
Shell Lac, in bags	... 16
Skins	... 14
Soap, country, in bags	... 15
Stick Lac, in bags	... 16
Tobacco, in bales	... 16
Turmeric	... 16

2. Rates on packages or articles exceeding one ton of 20 cwt. in weight:—

Above Tons.	Not exceeding Tons.	Rate Rs.
1	2	6
2	3	12
3	4	30
4	5	60
5	6	90
6	8	120
8	10	180
10	12	240
12	15	360
15	20	600
20	25	900
25	30	1,200

3. Rates on Goods landed or shipped from or upon boats and inland Country Vessels where servants of Justices land or ship the goods:—

Country Boats, for every ton	... Rs. 1-8.
Inland Steamer or Flats towed by Steamer, for every ton	... " 2.

Where the owners of the boat or vessel land or ship the goods—

Inland Steamer	... Rs. 1 per ton.
Country Boat	... As. 12 "

4. Rates on Vessels for use of moorings and wharves—

Sea-going vessel, per ton of goods shipped or landed	... 8 annas.
Inland Steamers, " " "	... 4 "
Country Boats, " " "	... 2 "

A. EDEN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

**ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.**

No. 1293.

**APPOINTMENTS.**

*The 27th June 1866.*—Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Omachurn Mittre to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary recently established at Azimgunge, in the Rajshahye District.

Mr. L. D'Abrew to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-District of Arrah, having its Head-Quarters at the Sudder Station of the District of Shahabad.

Lieutenant J. Waterhouse to be an Assistant Revenue Surveyor in the Lower Provinces.

*The 28th June 1866.*—Baboo Denonath Mookerjee is appointed to the Sixth Grade of the Subordinate Executive Service, but to continue to be employed, until further orders, as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Cooch Behar.

*The 29th June 1866.*—Syud Azimooddeen Hossein, Khan Bahadoor, c. s. i., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Patna, and vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the latter District.

Mr. A. C. Campbell, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate, Deputy Collector, and Sudder Ameen in all the Districts of Assam, and in the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills.

*The 30th June 1866.*—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Maldah, viz. :—

Baboo Joygopal Mozoomdar.

Mr. H. M. Reily.

Dr. N. B. Baillie to officiate as Civil Assistant Surgeon of Saran, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. C. J. Jackson, or until further orders.

Mr. H. H. Metcalfe, Assistant Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is posted to Godda.

The following Principal Sudder Ameens are promoted to the First Grade, viz. :—

Moulvy Eradut Ally.

Baboo Juggobundhoo Banerjee.

*The 2nd July 1866.*—Mr. A. C. Bolet, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is transferred from Durrung to Gowalparah, with effect from the 28th April last.

Mr. J. A. Crawford to be ex-officio Shipping Master of Calcutta, under Act I. of 1859.

Mr. A. Cawe to be First Deputy Shipping Master of Calcutta.

Mr. C. Bridger to be Second Deputy Shipping Master of Calcutta.

*The 3rd July 1866.*—In modification of the orders of the 26th ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th idem, the following four appointments have been sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, viz. :—

Baboo Denonath Chatterjee to be Principal Sudder Ameen of Sylhet.

Baboo Mohendernath Bose to be Sudder Ameen of Midnapore, but to officiate as Principal Sudder Ameen of Hooghly.

Baboo Bhoopati Roy to be Sudder Ameen of the 24-Pergunnahs, and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Baboo Gopeonath Bose, on leave, to be Sudder Ameen of Hooghly, and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Mr. Walter John Mathews to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act V. of 1843, and a Deputy

Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the Burdwan Division, to be posted to Bancoorah, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in any or all the Districts of that Division.

**LEAVE OF ABSENCE.**

*The 27th June 1866.*—Baboo Gunganath, Moonsiff of Rungiah, for one month and thirteen days, from the 4th May last, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Mr. S. M. Smylie, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor, Third Division, Lower Provinces, for two months, under the orders of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, dated 8th November 1865.

*The 28th June 1866.*—Mr. F. A. B. Glover, Civil and Sessions Judge of Naddea, for six months, under Section 9 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, together with three days for preparation, from the 6th proximo.

Captain J. F. Sherer, Deputy Commissioner of Kamroop, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Resolution dated the 22nd February 1866, in extension of the leave sanctioned under orders of the 19th instant.

**NOTIFICATIONS.**

*The 19th June 1866.*—Three months' leave of absence has been granted by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Reverend A. B. Spry, Senior Chaplain, under Section 27 of the Furlough and Absentee Rules for Chaplains, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

*The 28th June 1866.*—In continuation of the Notification of the 21st May last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, Mr. A. King is declared to have passed the Second Standard of Examination prescribed for Police Officers, with effect from the date of the examination held in April 1866.

In modification of the orders dated the 23rd September 1865, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th October following, it is hereby notified that Mr. H. Dawson officiated as District Superintendent of Police of Purneah, from the 13th March to the 16th August 1865.

*The 2nd July 1866.*—The appointment of Lieutenant F. A. Wilson to be Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st February last, will have effect from the 1st idem.

*The 3rd July 1866.*—Mr. H. L. Harrison officiated as Magistrate and Collector of Burdwan, from the 24th to the 27th ultimo.

**NOTIFICATION.**

*The 27th June 1866.*—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the following Scale of Pilotage fees for the Port of Chittagong :—

	Rs.
On Vessels up to 200 tons	10*
" " from 200 to 400 tons	20
" " " 400 to 600 "	30
" " " 600 tons and upwards	40

**NOTIFICATION.**

*The 28th June 1866.*—In modification of the Notification dated the 21st ultimo, it is hereby notified that the new Sudder Station of the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills shall be called "Shilong," instead of "Yeoda."

\* Including Pilotage in and out of Port.



The following Notification of the Government of India is re-published from the *Gazette of India* Extraordinary of the 13th June 1866 for general information:—

**STAR OF INDIA.**

**NOTIFICATION.**

*Simla, the 12th June 1866.*

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following Despatch from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India, announcing certain changes in the constitution of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

The Letters Patent containing the Commands of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Sovereign, in respect of the new constitution of the said Most Exalted Order, are likewise published, together with a list of Knights Commanders and Companions whom Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to nominate to the Order.

W. MUTR,

*Secretary of the Most Exalted Order  
of the Star of India.*

STAR OF INDIA  
No. 2 of 1866.

INDIA OFFICE;  
*The 18th April 1866.*

THE RIGHT HON'BLE SIR JOHN LAWRENCE,  
BART., G. C. B., G. C. S. I.,  
*Grand Master of the Order of the Star of India,*  
&c., &c., &c.

SIR,—THE Queen having taken into Her Royal consideration the expediency of making certain changes in the constitution of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, as well by altering the designation of the present Knights of the Order, as by adding thereto two additional classes, so as to enable Her Majesty to reward a greater number of persons of conspicuous merit who have rendered, or may render, important services to the Crown in India, has been graciously pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March last, to ordain, direct and appoint that, for the future, the said Order shall consist of three classes—the Members thereof to be respectively designated Knights, Grand Commanders, Knights Commanders and Companions.

I have it in command from Her Majesty to notify these alterations to your Excellency, and to acquaint you that Her Majesty has also been pleased to promulgate new Statutes for the Government of the Order—a copy of which is herewith transmitted for your Excellency's information and guidance in the performance of the duties which will devolve on you in the execution of the high and important Office of Grand Master of India.

The Queen has been further pleased, on my recommendation, to approve of the dignity of Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India being conferred upon the Natives of India and European Officers named in the accompanying list (No. 1), and that of Companion upon those enumerated in the other (No. 2) list, and I have to request that you will take measures for announcing these appointments in the *Government Gazette* accordingly.

The several Grants for those in India, and the Insignia of the Order for their use, will be forwarded to your Excellency with the least possible delay.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) DE GREY AND RIFON.

P. S.—It is to be understood that the initials which the several persons decorated with the Order, are entitled to affix to their names are, for the—

1st Class	...	...	G. C. S. I.
2nd Class	..	...	K. C. S. I.
3rd Class	...	...	C. S. I.

**Letters Patent.**

VICTORIA by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith to all to whom these Presents shall come Greeting Whereas by certain Letters Patent bearing date at Westminster the twenty-third day of February in the twenty-fourth year of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-one We did institute, erect, constitute, and create an Order of Knighthood to be called and known for ever thereafter by the name, style and designation of "The Most Exalted Order of the Star of India" Whereof We Our Heirs and Successors Kings and Queens Regnant of the United Kingdom aforesaid should be Sovereigns and it was thereby declared and provided that the said Order should consist of the Sovereign a Grand Master and Twenty-five Knights to be from time to time appointed and who should be the Ordinary Knights of the said Order and should together with such extra and Honorary Knights as We Our Heirs and Successors should from time to time appoint constitute the said Order. And We did also thereby ordain direct and appoint that the said Most Exalted Order should be governed by Statutes and Ordinances to be from time to time ordained made altered and abrogated by Us Our Heirs and Successors Sovereigns of the said Order at Our Pleasure and to the end that such Statutes might be legally established We did authorize and command that a Seal should be engraven in manner therein mentioned and that the said Seal should thereafter be the Seal of the said Order, and that the Statutes to be observed within the same should be established by and with the said Seal.

And Whereas in conformity with the said recited Letters Patent We did make ordain and establish certain Statutes and Ordinances to be observed and kept within the said order bearing date the seventh day of March in the said twenty-fourth year of Our Reign.

And Whereas it is expedient that certain changes should be made in the constitution of the said Order by altering the designation of the present Knights of the Order and by adding thereto two additional classes to enable Us Our Heirs and Successors to reward in a more extended manner persons of conspicuous merit who have or may render important service to Our Crown in India: Now therefore Know Ye that We of Our mere motion Special Grace and certain knowledge have revoked and abrogated and do hereby revoke and abrogate so much of the said recited Letters Patent as limits the Order to The Sovereign a Grand Master and Twenty-five Knights and as is inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of these Our Letters Patent.

And We ordain direct and appoint that this Order of Knighthood shall henceforth as heretofore be styled and designated in all Acts Proceedings and Pleadings as the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India as is declared in Our said recited Letters Patent and no other.

And We do further ordain direct and appoint that the said Order shall consist of the Sovereign and a Grand Master and of One hundred and seventy-five Ordinary Companions or Members to be divided into three Classes as hereinafter mentioned together with such Extra and Honorary Members as We Our Heirs and Successors shall from time to time appoint as by any Statute may be directed.

And We do hereby ordain direct and appoint that We Our Heirs and Successors Kings and Queens Regnant of the United Kingdom aforesaid shall continue to be Sovereigns of the said Order.

And We do hereby ordain direct and appoint for Us Our Heirs and Successors that Our Viceroy and Governor General of India for the time being shall be Grand Master of the said Order and shall in virtue thereof be the first and Principal Knight Grand Commander of the Order.

And We do further ordain direct and appoint that the said Members shall be divided into three Classes and that of the said three Classes the first or highest shall consist of twenty-five Members to be styled and designated Knights Grand Commanders of the said Order and that the Second Class shall consist of Fifty Members to be styled and designated Knights Commanders of the said Order and that the Third or lowest Class shall consist of One hundred Members to be styled and designated Companions of the said Order: Provided nevertheless and We do hereby ordain direct and appoint that the number of ordinary Members to which the Order is hereinbefore limited shall not restrict Us Our Heirs and Successors from appointing at Our Pleasure any Princes of the Blood Royal being descendants of His late Majesty King George the First as Extra Knights Grand Commanders and that if at any time hereafter any occasion should arise rendering expedient any increase to the number of Members comprised in all or any of the Classes of the said Order it shall be competent to Us Our Heirs and Successors by any Statute or Statutes to be hereafter made to authorize any such increase to the numbers of Members of any such Class or Classes any inconsistency of any such Statute or Statutes with these Letters Patent to the contrary notwithstanding.

And We do further ordain direct and appoint that such persons only shall be competent to be Members of any of the said three Classes as shall possess the qualifications to be defined in any Statute or Statutes to be hereafter made for that purpose.

And We do further ordain declare and appoint that in all solemn ceremonies and in all places and assemblies the Knights Grand Commanders of this Order shall have place and precedency next after the Knights Grand Cross of Our Most Honorable Order of the Bath and immediately before the Knights Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George and that the Knights Commanders of this Order shall have place and precedency next after the Knights Commanders of the said Most Honorable Order of the Bath and immediately before the Knights Commanders of the said Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George and that the Companions of this Order shall have place and precedency next after the Companions of the said Most Honorable Order of the Bath and immediately before the Companions of the said Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George.

And We do ordain direct and appoint that the said Most Exalted Order shall continue to be governed by Statutes to be from time to time ordained made altered and abrogated in the manner directed in and by the said recited Letters Patent and that such Statutes so given or in future to be given shall be of the same validity and read and taken as if the same and every article of them had been *verbatim* recited in these Our Letters Patent and passed under the Great Seal of Our said United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

And We do hereby for Us Our Heirs and Successors authorize and empower Our Viceroy and Governor General of India for the time being and his Successors holding the distinguished Office of Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in Our name and on Our behalf to confer the title degree and honor of Knight Bachelor of these Realms upon such persons as We shall nominate to the first and Second Classes of the Order.

And we do further authorize and empower Our said Viceroy and Governor General of India for the time being and his Successors as aforesaid in Our name and on Our behalf to invest with the Insignia of the said Order such persons so nominated by Us our Heirs and Successors to be Members of the several Classes of the Order.

And lastly, We do hereby for Us Our Heirs and Successors grant that these Letters Patent or the enrolment or Exemplification thereof shall be in and by all things good firm valid sufficient and effectual in the Law according to the true intent and meaning thereof any omission defect or imperfection therein or other matter cause or thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

In Witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent Witness Ourselves at Westminster the Twenty-eighth day of March in the Twenty-ninth year of Our Reign.

By Warrant under the Queen's Sign Manual.

C. ROMILLY.



## Knights Commanders.

1. *His Highness Shreemum Maharaj Chhtraputtee Shahabe Dam Allafhoo*, Rajah of Kihhapoor.
2. *Cecil Beadon*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
3. *The Nawab Salar Jung Bahadoor*, of Hyderabad in the Deccan.
4. *Donald Frielt McLeod*, Esquire, c. b., Bengal Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.
5. *The Maharajah Jeypercash Sing Bahadoor*, of Deo in Behar.
6. *Henry Ricketts*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service (retired), late Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.
7. *Maharajah Mirza Gajapati Raz Maune Sultan Bahadoor*, Zemindar of Vizianagram, Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations.
8. *Henry Byng Harrington*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service (retired), late Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.
9. *The Maharajah Dig Bijye Sing*, of Bulram-poor.
10. *Walter Elliot*, Esquire, Madras Civil Service (retired), late Member of the Council of the Governor of Madras.
11. *Sharf-ul-Omrak Bahadoor*, Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Madras for making Laws and Regulations.
12. *Thomas Pycroft*, Esquire, Madras Civil Service, Member of the Council of the Governor of Madras.
13. *The Rajah Jymungul Singh*, of Gidhore in Monghyr.
14. *John Macpherson Macleod*, Esquire, Madras Civil Service (retired), Member of the Indian Law Commission.
15. *Rajah Dinkur Rao*, late Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations.
16. *Major-General Isaac Campbell Coffin*, Madras Army, lately Commanding the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
17. *The Rajah Radhakanth Deb*.
18. *Major-General George St. Patrick Lawrence*, c. b., Bengal Staff Corps, late Agent to the Governor General of India at Rajpootana.
19. *His Highness the Rajah of Drangadra*.
20. *Major-General George Moyle Sherer*, late Bengal Army, some time Commanding the 73rd Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.
21. *Rajah Deo Narain Sing*, of Benares.
22. *Major-General Sir Thomas Arthur Cotton*, Knight, Royal (late Madras) Engineers.
23. *His Highness Meer Shere Mahomed*, of Meerpoor.
24. *Major-General Sir Neville Bowles Chamberlain*, k. c. b., Bengal Army, lately Commanding the Punjab Irregular Force.
25. *Rajah Sahib Dyal Missar*, Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations.
26. *George Uday Yule*, Esquire, c. b., Bengal Civil Service, Resident at Hyderabad.
27. *Tanjore Madava Rao*, Dewan of Travancore.
28. *Charles John Wingfield*, Esquire, c. b., Bengal Civil Service, late Chief Commissioner of Oudh.
29. *His Highness Thakoor Rawul Jeessout Singjee*, of Bhowmuggur.
30. *Colonel Sir Herbert Benjamin Edwardes*, k. c. b., Bengal Army, Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General of India in the Cis-Sutlej States.
31. *Hakeem Saadat Ali Khan*.
32. *Colonel Arnold Burrows Kemball*, c. b., Royal (late Bombay) Artillery, Political Agent in Turkish Arabia.
33. *Sirdar Nehal Singh Chachi*.
34. *Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Wilkinson*, late Bengal Army.
35. *Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Wallace*, Bombay Staff Corps, late Resident at Baroda.
36. *Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Rodes Green*, c. b., Bombay Staff Corps, Political Superintendent in Upper Scinde.
37. *Major George Wingate*, late Bengal Engineers, some time Member of the Survey Commission at Bombay.

## Companions.

1. *Nawab Syed Asghur Ali Khan*.
2. *Fleetwood Williams*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service, Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit for the Meerut Division.
3. *Nawab Foujdar Khan*.
4. *Charles Raikes*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service (retired), late Judge of the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, North-Western Provinces.
5. *Rajah Bindossery Pershad*, of Sirgooja and Oodeypoor.
6. *Samuel Mansfield*, Esquire, Bombay Civil Service, Commissioner in Scinde.
7. *Rajah Pertab Chund Singh*.
8. *Arthur Austin Roberts*, Esquire, c. b., Bengal Civil Service, Judicial Commissioner in the Punjab.
9. *Rajah Sutta Sharn Ghosal*.
10. *Cudbert Bunsley Thomhill*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service, Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit at Allahabad.
11. *Rajah Velugoti Kumara Yachayun Nayuda Bahadoor*, Zemindar of Venkatagiri.
12. *William Ford*, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service, Commissioner at Mooltan.
13. *Rajah Bhawanee Singh*, of Mynpoorie.
14. *William Rose Robinson*, Esquire, Madras Civil Service, Inspector-General of Police, Madras Presidency.
15. *Colonel Crawford Trotter Chamberlain*, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant of the 1st Bengal Cavalry.
16. *Rajah Sheoraj Sing*, of Kasheepoor.
17. *Colonel Richard Strachey*, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, late Secretary in the Public Works Department, Government of India.
18. *Rajah Teekum Singh*, of Morsan.

19. *Colonel Reynell George Taylor, C. B.,* Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner in the Punjab.
20. *Rajah Jusseent Rao, of Etawah.*
21. *Colonel Alfred Thomas Wilde, C. B.,* Madras Staff Corps, Commanding the Punjab Irregular Force.
22. *The Rajah of Bansee, Gorruckpore.*
23. *Colonel William Frederick Marriott,* Bombay Staff Corps, Military Secretary to Government at Bombay.
24. *Rajah Hurdeo Bux Bahadoor, of Kutyaree.*
25. *Richard Temple, Esquire,* Bengal Civil Service, Chief Commissioner in the Central Provinces.
26. *Rajah Dig Bijye Sing, of Morarmow.*
27. *John Walter Sherer, Esquire,* Bengal Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector in Bundelcund.
28. *Dewan Cheeboo Lama.*
29. *James Davidson Gordon, Esquire,* Bengal Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector at Pubna.
30. *Dewan Moolta Buksh, of Patna.*
31. *Lieutenant-Colonel Edward John Lake,* Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, Financial Commissioner in the Punjab.
32. *Sirdar Soorut Singh, of Benares.*
33. *Lieutenant-Colonel John Colpys Haughton,* Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner at Cooch Behar.
34. *Syud Azimooddeen Hussun Khan Bahadoor.*
35. *William Mackenzie, Esquire, M. D., C. B.,* Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Madras Establishment.
36. *Syud Hussun al Edroos, of Surat.*
37. *Lieutenant-Colonel Richard John Meade,* Bengal Army, Agent for the Governor General of India in Central India.
38. *Ruggonath Row Wittul, Chief of Vinchore.*
39. *Major Richard Harte Keatinge, V. O.,* Bombay Staff Corps, Political Agent at Kattywar.
40. *Ghulam Ali Khan, Jaghirdar of Bungauapalle.*
41. *Major William McNeile, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjab.*
42. *Baboo Prosunno Coomar Tagore.*
43. *Major John William Younghusband,* Bombay Staff Corps, Inspector-General of Police in the Hyderabad Districts.
44. *Baboo Anundnath Roy, of Nattore.*
45. *Eyre Burton Powell, Esquire, Director of Public Instruction at Madras.*
46. *Madanna Juggah Rao, of Rajahmundry.*
47. *Sheth Maomull, of Kurrachee.*
48. *John Fleming, Esquire, of Bombay.*
49. *Ujain Lakshminarasu Seth.*
50. *Abdoollah David Sassoon, Esquire, of Bombay.*

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st June 1866.—It is hereby notified that the jurisdiction of the Moonsiff of Mudahpoorah, in the District of Bhaugulpore, shall be limited as regards Pergunnah Chye by the River Ghugree. The portion of the Pergunnah south of that River is placed under the Moonsiff of Bhaugulpore.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th June 1866.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act XXII. of 1864, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the establishment of a Court of Small Causes in each of the Military Cantonments of Barrackpore and Dum-Dum, with pecuniary jurisdiction extending to Rupees 300. The territorial jurisdiction of these Courts shall be conterminous with the limits of the Cantonments.

DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 2, ACT VI. OF 1857.

The 3rd July 1866.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for the Municipal Railway at Baug Bazar, within the Town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a plot of land, measuring nine cottahs six chittacks three kutchas, more or less, situated at Baug Bazar, within the Talook Soottanatty, is required.

The land is bounded on the North partly by the property belonging to Monmothow Nauth Deb, and partly by the property of Sumbho Chunder Mistry; on the South by the property belonging to Monmothow Nauth Deb; on the East by the Upper Chitpore Road, and on the West by the Hooghly River.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

A. EDEN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department.—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 150.

The 27th June 1866.

Notifications.—The following Orders issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are re-published for information:—

No. 107 of the 19th April 1866.—Mr. D. Wren, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, is transferred from Bengal to the Central Provinces, and his services are made available for permanent employment on Local Fund Works under provisions of Public Works Code I. IV.

No. 176 of the 18th June 1866.—Mr. E. Hickmott, Temporary Sub-Engineer, First Grade, Bengal, is permanently appointed to the Public Works Department in that Grade with retrospective effect from the 15th November 1862.

No. 179 of the 21st June 1866.—Mr. E. W. Clementson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is transferred from British Burmah to Bengal.

No. 151.

The 28th June 1866.

Mr. P. J. Neuville, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Presidency Division, reported his departure for Europe, on sick leave,\* on the 3rd June 1866

\* Notification by the Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 118 of the 29th May 1866.

before noon, from which date he will be borne on the list of the Engineer Establishment in Bengal as a Supernumerary in his Grade.



No. 152.

*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Mohes Chunder Bose, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Hidgellee Division, is allowed three months' privilege leave, under Sections 12 and 20, Rule V, of the revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Regulations.

No. 153.

*Transfers.*—Mr. R. C. Smidt, Temporary Local Overseer, First Grade, from the Nuddea (Local Road) to the Cuttack Division.

Baboo Koylass Chunder Mookerjee, Local Overseer, Second Grade, from the Jessore Road to the Mohauddy Division.

Baboo Rajkristo Banerjee, Local Overseer, Second Grade, from the Nuddea (Local Road) to the Pooree Division.

No. 154.

*Erratum.*—In Notification No. 149 of the 26th June 1866, taking up land for Gyn Cemetery, "for 504 × 600," read "504 + 600."

W. B. MACRONE,  
Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,  
P. W. D.

No. 232.

**Opium Notification.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1864-65, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 9th July 1866, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,330 Chests, viz. :—

Behar Opium	...	2,000
Benares "	...	1,330
Total Chests	...	3,330

2. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertised will be the same as usual : they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 26th October 1865, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 14th July 1866, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 24th July 1866.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1864-65, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these

dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th Aug. 1866	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Monday, 10th Sept. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Thursday, 4th Oct. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Friday, 9th November "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Wednesday, 5th Dec. "	2,000	1,370	3,370
Total ...	10,000	6,690	16,690

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. BRUCE LANE,  
FORT WILLIAM, } Junior Secretary.  
The 5th June 1866.

No. 546.

**Opium Notification.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1864-65, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 9th August 1866, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,330 Chests, viz. :—

Behar Opium	...	2,000
Benares "	...	1,330
Total Chests	...	3,330

2. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertised will be the same as usual : they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 26th October 1865, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th August respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th August 1866, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th August 1866.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1864-65, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Sept. 1866	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Thursday, 4th Oct. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Friday, 9th Nov. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Wed., 5th Dec. "	2,000	1,370	3,370
Total ...	8,000	5,360	13,360

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. BRUCE LANE,  
FORT WILLIAM, } Junior Secretary.  
The 3rd July 1866.

**Rules drawn up in accordance with Section 4, Act XX of 1865, for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of Pleaders and Mookhtars in Mofussil Courts.**

1. PLEADERS in the Mofussil Courts of the Regulation Provinces, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the High Court, shall, as regards qualification, be of two grades.

2. Those of the higher grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in any Civil or Criminal Court subordinate to and within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court, and also before the Board of Revenue or in any Revenue Court or Office within the said limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

3. Those of the lower grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs, and in the Courts of Assistant Commissioners, Extra Assistant Commissioners, and Registrars of Small Cause Courts, and also in any Criminal Court, or before the Board of Revenue or other Revenue Court or Office, within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

4. Mookhtars, duly admitted and enrolled, may, subject to the conditions of their certificates, as to the class of Courts in which they are authorized to practise, appear and act in any Civil Court, and may appear, plead, and act in any Criminal Court within the same limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

5. All persons, who, on the 1st January 1866, were Pleaders or were lawfully qualified to act as Pleaders in any local Civil Court subordinate to the High Court, are qualified to be admitted and enrolled as Pleaders, subject to the provisions of Act XX of 1865. Such persons must make their applications for enrolment in the manner prescribed in Section 43 of the said Act.

**QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE HIGHER GRADE.**

6. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the higher grade who shall be qualified as hereinafter prescribed, that is to say,—

1st.—If he shall have obtained the Degree of Bachelor in Law of one of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall be a Licentiate in Law of one of the said Universities: Provided that his application for admission as a Pleader be made within three years from the time of his obtaining such Degree or License, or within such further time as the High Court shall for any special reason allow; or

2nd.—If he shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects. Where two or more books are mentioned in the alternative, it shall be

sufficient if the applicant pass in one of such books to be selected by himself.

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
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1st.—The law of property current in Bengal.

A. With reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land;—to claims to hold land exempt from the payment of Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I, VIII, X, XIV, XIX, and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered: Act XI of 1859: and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
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B. The law of under-tenures and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of rent.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819: Act X of 1859: Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
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C. The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859: Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
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D. Mortgages: Registration of Assurances.	Macpherson on Mortgages: Act XX of 1866.
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E. The Hindoo Law of inheritance, succession, and adoption.	Dayabhaga and Mitakshara; Duttaka Chandrika, or Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
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F. Mahomedan Law...	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
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G. The Indian Succession Act.	Act X of 1865.
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2nd.—Obligations arising from Contracts.	Macpherson on Contracts.
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3rd.—Civil Procedure...	Act VIII of 1859: Act XXIII of 1861: Act XI of 1865.
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4th.—The Law of Evidence.	Act II of 1855, and Best or Goodeve or Norton on Evidence.
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5th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862: Act XVIII of 1865.
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6th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV of 1859.
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7th.—Criminal Law and Procedure.	The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860) and the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).
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7. The examinations will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, according to such Regulation as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.

8. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the



examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

9. In order to qualify a person to present himself for the examination required by these Rules for the higher grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall satisfy the High Court that he has received a liberal education elsewhere than in India.

2nd.—He must hold a certificate of having regularly attended a full course of Lectures in Law at one of the Colleges affiliated to the Calcutta University, or such Law lectures elsewhere as shall be deemed by the High Court to be sufficient.

3rd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

4th.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 40 years, unless he shall have been admitted and shall have practised as a Pleader of the lower grade previously to his application to be admitted to the examination for the higher grade, in which case he may be admitted to that examination if he shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he resides that up to the time of the application he has been acting as a Pleader of the lower grade, and shall produce a certificate from the Judge or Judges in whose Court he has been so practising, that in his or their judgment he is a proper person to be admitted to examination for the higher grade.

10. Any person, who, on the 1st January 1866, was practising as a Pleader of the lower grade, may present himself at the first examination for a pleadership of the higher grade, which may take place after the expiration of six months from the publication of these Rules in the *Calcutta Gazette*, without having the qualifications required by Clauses 1 and 2 of Rule 9.

11. Every candidate for examination for the higher grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall establish to the satisfaction of the Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rules 9 and 10 to be necessary for such candidates.

12. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

13. Before the date of examination every candidate for the higher grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 20 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 12, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipts endorsed thereon.

14. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 11 and make the payment required by Rule 13 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

15. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Pleader of the higher grade, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 20, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 20, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

16. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 15, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

17. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE LOWER GRADE.

18. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the lower grade who shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause, by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects:—

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
1st.—Hindoo Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
2nd.—Mahomedan Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
3rd.—Law of Contracts	Macpherson on Contracts.
4th.—The law of property current in Bengal with reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land;—to claim to hold lands exempt from the payment of Government Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I VIII, X, XIV, XIX, and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered: Act XI of 1859, and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
5th.—The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859: Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
6th.—The law relating to Putnee Talooks.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819: Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
7th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV of 1859.
8th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862: Act XVIII of 1865.

- 94A.—Civil Procedure, including the Small Cause Court Act. Act VIII of 1859: Act XXIII of 1861: Act XI of 1865.
- 104A.—The Law of Evidence. Act II of 1855, and Norton on Evidence.
- 112A.—Criminal Law and Procedure. Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860): Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).

19. The examination will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.

20. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

21. In order to qualify a person to present himself for examination for the lower grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or a certificate of having passed the examination for a Government Vernacular Scholarship, or minor scholarship.

2nd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

3rd.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 35 years.

22. Every candidate for examination for the lower grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and shall establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rule 21 to be necessary for such candidates.

23. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

24. Before the date of examination every candidate for the lower grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 10 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 23, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

25. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 22, and make the payment prescribed by Rule 24 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

26. Any person who shall have passed for the lower grade under the preceding Rules, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 10, and shall, on presentation of the Examiner's certificate and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 10, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

27. The application, together with the certificate and receipt mentioned in Rule 26, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by him to the Registrar of the High Court with any remarks which he may think fit to make thereon.

28. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

#### RULES FOR MOOKHTARS.

29. 1st.—Any person qualified to be admitted as a Pleader of either grade shall be entitled to be admitted as Mookhtar.

2nd.—Any person qualified to present himself for examination for a pleadership for either grade may present himself for examination to be admitted as Mookhtar.

3rd.—Any person who can satisfy the Judge of the District that he possesses the following qualifications may be admitted to examination for the office of Mookhtar, viz. :—

A.—That he is a person of good moral character.

B.—That he has received a liberal education.

C.—That he is not above the age of 35 years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mookhtar, in which case no limit of age will be prescribed.

30. Every candidate for examination as a Mookhtar shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall at the time of giving such notice establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses all the qualifications declared by Rule 29 to be necessary for such candidates.

31. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

32. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rs. 5 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 31, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. The applicant shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

33. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 30, and make the payment prescribed in Rule 32 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

34. The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government



for conducting such examinations. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

- Code of Civil Procedure.
- Law of Limitation.
- Stamp Laws.
- Small Cause Court Act.
- Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure.

35. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Mookhtar, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 8, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

36. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 35, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

37. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

38. If any person having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Mookhtar shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by the order of the High Court, the time for such application shall be extended.

39. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least immediately preceding that date as a Mookhtar in a Criminal Court, and who shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he ordinarily practised that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified by his knowledge of Law and Procedure to continue practising as Mookhtar shall be admitted to practise in any Criminal Court.

40. In any District in which there is a resident Magistrate and no resident Judge, it shall be sufficient for an applicant to satisfy the Magistrate that he possesses the qualifications mentioned in Rule 39.

41. The qualifications required by the foregoing Rules shall not be necessary for Pleaders or Mookhtars in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Pleaders and Mookhtars will be published hereafter.

42. If any person having been admitted and enrolled as a Pleader or Mookhtar shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the High Court.

43. Any person, who, having been admitted as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into

any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the High Court, who may thereupon pass such orders as the said Court may think fit.

44. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall state the fact in his application for admission.

45. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Pleader or Mookhtar to suspension or dismissal.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. TREVOR.  
H. V. BAYLEY.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SETON-KARR.  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SHUMBOONATH PUNDIT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
J. B. PHEAR.  
A. G. MACPHERSON.  
F. A. GLOVER.

The 2nd May 1866.

*The following are the rules prepared by the Board of Revenue under Section 23, Act XX of 1865, to define what qualifications are required for a certificate entitling a person to practise as a Revenue Agent under that Act.*

1. Any person who has obtained from the High Court a certificate that he is qualified to present himself for examination as a Mookhtar, may present himself for examination for the office of Revenue Agent.

2. Any person who can satisfy the Collector of the District that he possess the following qualifications, may be admitted to examination for the office of Revenue Agent, *viz.*—

1st.—That he is a person of good moral character.

2nd.—That he has received a liberal education.

3rd.—That he is not under the age of twenty, nor above the age of thirty-five years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mookhtar, in which case no enquiry as to age is necessary.

3. Every candidate for examination for the office of Revenue Agent shall at least six weeks before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Collector of the District in which he resides, of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination.

4. The Collector if satisfied that the candidate is qualified for examination under Rule 1 or 2, shall, thereupon, enter his name, with a description sufficient for identification, in a register, and shall furnish to the candidate a certificate to that effect.

5. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rupees 5 to the Collector of the District whose receipt for the same shall be endorsed on the certificate described in Rule 4.

6. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice, and pay the fees, prescribed in Rules 3 and 5, to the Collector of the 24 Parganahs.

7. The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be examiners under Section 24, Act XX of 1865, and according to such regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examination. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

A. The permanent-settlement; the Government lien on land; and the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue. Regulations I, II, VIII, X, XI, XIV, XIX, XXXVII, and XLIV, of 1793; Act XI of 1859.

B. The law of undertenures, and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue. Regulations VIII of 1819 and I of 1820; Acts X of 1859 and VIII of 1865, B. C.

C. The Law for the Division of Estates. Regulation XIX of 1814.

D. The relation of Landlord and Tenant. Acts X of 1859 and VI of 1862, B. C.

E. The Law of Evidence. Act II of 1855.

F. The Stamp Laws. Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1865.

8. Any person, who shall pass the examination, and who shall desire to be admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise, Rupees 8, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners, and of a receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the Collector of the District for, and to receive a certificate in, the form prescribed in Schedule 3, Act XX of 1865, and subject to the conditions of Sections 20, 21, and 22 of the said Act, which certificate shall be signed by the Collector of the District, and delivered to the applicant.

9. The application, certificate, and receipt required by Rule 8, shall be forwarded by the Collector, to the Secretary of the Board of Revenue, with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

10. If any person, having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment, for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by a special order of the Board of Revenue, the time for such application shall be extended.

11. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least, immediately preceding that date, as a Mukhtar in a Revenue Office, and who shall satisfy the Collector of the District in which he has ordinarily practised, that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified, by his knowledge of law and procedure, to continue practising as a Revenue Agent, shall be admitted to practise in any Revenue Office.

12. The qualifications required by the above Rules, shall not be necessary for Revenue Agents in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Revenue Agents will be published hereafter.

13. If any person, having been admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the Board of Revenue.

14. Any person who, having been admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the Board of Revenue, who may, thereupon, pass such orders as the said Board may think fit.

15. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Revenue Agent, shall state the fact on his application for admission.

16. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Revenue Agent to suspension or dismissal.

A. GROTE, } Members, Board of  
V. H. SCHALCH, } Revenue.

*Rules made by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, in pursuance of Act XX of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader, in proceedings in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces.*

1. In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the Board of Revenue are pleased to direct that, from, and after, the 1st day of July 1866 the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, in respect of the fees of his adversary's pleader shall be calculated at the rates specified in the following schedules.

Agent to have three quarters fees only. If a Revenue Agent and not a pleader has been employed by the said adversary, a deduction of one fourth part shall be made from the fees calculated as herein deducted, and if, though a pleader has been employed, the Officer presiding in the Court or Office be of opinion that the employment of a pleader was unnecessary, and that it would have sufficed to employ a Revenue Agent, the fees shall be calculated as for a Revenue Agent only.

SCHEDULE.

In all suits or applications instituted under Act X. of 1859 of Act VI of 1862 B. C., and in all Judicial or quasi Judicial proceedings in any Revenue Court or Office:

If the amount or value of the property, debt, or damages decreed does not exceed 5,000 Rupees, at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value exceed 5,000 Rupees and does not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 20,000 and does not exceed 50,000, on 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 50,000, on 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1/2 per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of fees exceed 3,000 Rupees.



2. In suits or proceedings to enforce rights of which the pecuniary value cannot be exactly defined, as, for example, in suits for a kabulyut or pottah, or for abatement or enhancement of rent, or for ejection, or re-instatement, or in proceedings for the division of an estate, if the plaintiff succeed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office may order the fee of the pleader or Revenue Agent for the plaintiff to be calculated upon the valuation of the claim, or upon such a sum, not exceeding the valuation, as the said Officer may think reasonable and may fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute.

3. If any suit, application, or claim, is dismissed for default, or upon the merits, or is decreed for the defendant, the defendant's pleader's or agent's fee shall be calculated on the whole value of the suit.

4. If any suit, application or claim is decreed for the plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder, is dismissed or decreed for the defendant, the fees allowed to each party's pleader or agent shall be calculated upon the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he has succeeded.

5. If, in any suit for damages under the Rent Laws, the plaintiff fails to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance for a pleader or agent's fee in respect of the difference between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that, or any other cause to be specified, direct that a fee for his pleader or agent shall be allowed to the defendant. If specially allowed the amount of such fee shall be calculated upon the amount of damages disallowed to the plaintiff.

6. If several defendants, who have a Joint or Common Interest succeed upon a joint defence, or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one pleader or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for reasons which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Presiding Officer shall direct to which of the defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several defendants in such manner as he shall think fit.

7. If several defendants, who have separate interests, set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one pleader or agent for each of the defendants who appear by a separate pleader or agent may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated upon the value of the separate interest of such defendant.

8. The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's pleader or agent when allowed in any miscellaneous proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting or pleading in a suit or application, or other judicial or quasi judicial proceeding

prior to decree shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office according to the following scale, viz. :—

In proceedings before the Board of Revenue or in the Court or Office of a Commissioner of Revenue, Rupees 10 to 80.

In the Court or Office of a District Officer, Rupees 4 to 16.

In the Court or Office of a Deputy Collector, Rupee 1 to Rupees 10.

9. In any suit, application or claim, in any Court or Office of Original Jurisdiction which is undefended the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's pleader or agent shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

10. In proceedings for, or consequent upon, the revival or rehearing of a suit, the pleader's or agent's fee, if allowed to the successful party, shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office at an amount which shall not exceed one-half of the amount that would have been allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

The fee allowed in respect of the revival or rehearing will be irrespective of any fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit or proceeding which may be adjudged to the successful party by the judgment in review.

11. The amount to be allowed on account of the fees of an adversary's pleader or agent in an appeal, shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principles of the above clauses as to original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

12. When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one pleader's or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as he shall think fit.

13. If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate pleaders or agents, in determining whether several pleaders' or Agents' fees shall be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be guided by the principles laid down in Clauses 6 and 7.

14. If, in any instance, the payment of fees according to the preceding Clauses shall not appear to the Presiding Officer of any Court or Office to be just and equitable, he may exercise his discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable, but, whenever, in any case other than those provided for in Clause 8, an allowance is made for a pleader's or agent's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the Schedule appended in Clause 1.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

R. B. CHAPMAN,  
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE,  
The 5th June 1866.

*Rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in pursuance of Act XX. of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader in proceedings in any Court of Civil Judicature subordinate to the said High Court.*

In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the High Court is pleased to direct that, from and after the 1st day of July 1866, the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the subordinate Civil Courts in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader shall be regulated at the rates specified in the following scale, that is to say:—

**Rule 1.**—In suits for the recovery of specific property, or a share of a specific property, whether immovable or moveable, or for the breach of any contract or for damages—

If the amount or value of the property, debt or damages decreed shall not exceed Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000 and not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent., and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000 and not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of any fee exceed Rupees 3,000

**Rule 2.**—In suits for injuries to the person or character of the Plaintiff, such as suits for assaults or defamation, or for injuries to property, or to enforce rights where the pecuniary value of such injury or right cannot be exactly defined, as in suits for interference with a right to light or water, or to enforce a right of pre-emption, or suits for the partition of joint property, where partition is improperly resisted, if the Plaintiff succeed, the Court may order the fee of the Pleader for the Plaintiff to be calculated with reference either to the amount decreed or according to the valuation of the suit, or according to such a sum not exceeding the valuation as the Court shall think reasonable and shall fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute. In any such case the amount of the Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 3.**—If the suit be dismissed for default or upon the merits, or be decreed for the Defendant, the Defendant's Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on the whole value of the suit.

**Rule 4.**—If the suit shall be decreed for the Plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder shall be dismissed or decreed for the Defendant, the fees allowed to each party's Pleader shall be fixed with reference to the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he shall succeed, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 5.**—If in any suit for unliquidated damages, the Plaintiff shall succeed as to the whole of his cause of action, but shall fail to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the Defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance for a Pleader's fee in respect of the difference

between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Court shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that or any other cause to be specified direct that a fee for his Pleader shall be allowed to the Defendant.

If specially allowed, the amount of such fee shall be fixed with reference to the amount of damages disallowed to the Plaintiff, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 6.**—If several Defendants who have a joint or common interest succeed upon a joint defence or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several Defendants in such manner as the Court shall think fit.

**Rule 7.**—If several Defendants who have separate interests set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one Pleader for each of the Defendants who shall appear by a separate Pleader may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated with reference to the value of the separate interest of such Defendant according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 8.**—The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's Pleader when allowed in any Miscellaneous Proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting, or pleading in a suit prior to decree, shall be fixed by the Court according to the following scale, viz.:—

Rupees 10 to Rs. 80 in the Court of a Judge or Principal Sudder Ameen.

Rupees 4 to Rupees 16 in the Court of a Sudder Ameen.

Rupee 1 to Rupees 4 in the Court of a Moonsiff.

The above scale shall apply to applications under Sections 53 or 54 of Act XX. of 1865.

**Rule 9.**—In every suit in any Court of Original Jurisdiction which shall be undefended, the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's Pleader shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

**Rule 10.**—If a review be rejected after summoning the opposite party, or if after the admission of a review the former Judgment be upheld, the Pleader's fee, if allowed to the successful party in the review, shall be fixed by the Court at an amount which shall not in any case exceed one-half of the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

**Rule 11.**—If after the admission of a review the former Judgment be reversed, the fee of the Pleader in respect of the review, if allowed to the party who succeeds in the review, shall not exceed one-half the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree. The fee allowed in respect of the review will be irrespective of any Pleader's fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit which may be adjudged to the successful party by the Judgment in review.

**Rule 12.**—The amount to be allowed on account of the fee of an adversary's Pleader in appeals shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principals of the above rules as to



original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

*Rule 13.*—When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as it shall think fit.

*Rule 14.*—If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate Pleaders, in determining whether several Pleaders' fees shall be allowed, the Court shall be guided by the principles laid down in Rules 6 and 7.

*Rule 15.*—If in any instance the payment of fees, according to the preceding rules, shall not appear to the Court to be just and equitable, the Court may exercise its discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's Pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable; but in every case when an allowance is made for a Pleader's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1, or according to Rule 8, as the case may be.

Provided that, if under the provisions of Section 351, Act VIII. of 1859, the decree of a Lower Court be reversed on appeal, and the case be remanded to the Lower Court to be tried upon the merits, the Lower Court on passing its decree may allow to the successful party such a sum as the Court shall consider to be reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on account of his Pleader's fee in respect of the re-hearing in addition to the full amount of his Pleader's fee calculated according to that scale.

Provided also that if an appeal be preferred against the decree passed on remand, the fee, if any, allowed by the Appellate Court to the party succeeding in that appeal, shall not, unless for a special reason to be recorded, be less than one-fourth, nor more than half of the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1, if by the decree of the Appellate Court remanding the case, the same party shall have been allowed a full Pleader's fee in respect of the former appeal in the suit either absolutely or conditionally upon his succeeding upon the remand.

Provided also that if, under Section 351, Act VIII. of 1859, an issue be framed and referred by the Appellate Court for trial by the Lower Court, the Appellate Court may, if it think proper, allow to the party who shall succeed in the appeal, such a sum, as the Court shall consider reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1 for his Pleader's fee in respect of the trial of the issue in the Lower Court, in addition to a full fee, in respect of the appeal, calculated at that rate.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. B. TREVOR.  
G. LOCH.  
H. V. BAYLEY.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SETON-KARR.  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SUMBHOO NATH PUNDIT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
E. JACKSON.  
F. A. B. GLOVER.  
A. G. MACPHERSON.  
J. B. PHEAR.

**Notice.**

ON and after the 28th instant six annas Postage Stamps will be obtainable at the Office of the Collector of Calcutta and at the General Post Office.

T. F. BIGNOLD,  
*Offg. Supdt. of Stamps.*

SUPDT. OF STAMPS OFFICE, }  
*The 25th June 1866.*

**Notice.**

MR. H. RATTRAY, Unconvenanted Deputy Collector of Mymensing, received charge of the Treasury from Mr. H. J. REYNOLDS, Collector, on the 15th June 1866, and he has been authorized to draw Bills on all Treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,  
*Commissioner.*

DACCA COMM'R.'S OFFICE, }  
*The 25th June 1866.*

**Notice.**

MR. H. S. BEADON, Assistant Commissioner of Darjeeling, having taken charge of the Treasury there on the 13th June, is hereby authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

A. MONEY,  
*Commissioner.*

CAMP DARJEELING, }  
*The 14th June 1866.*

**Notification.**

KOOMAR BREJENDRO NARAYAN DEB, Deputy Collector at Purneah, having received charge of the Treasury there on the 20th instant, is hereby authorized to draw Bills on other Treasury.

A. MONEY,  
*Commissioner.*

CAMP DARJEELING, }  
*The 26th June 1866.*

**Notification.**

BAROO POORNANUND BOROOAH, Extra Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gawalparah Treasury on the 28th May 1866, and has been authorised to draw Bills on the public Treasury.

H. HOPKINSON,  
*Commissioner of Assam.*

SHIJLONG, }  
*The 6th June 1866.*

Monthly Account of Salt on sale on 31st May 1866.

DÉPÔTS.	2	3	4	
	Pungah.	Kurkutch.	Price per 100 Maunds.	
<b>HIDGELLEE.</b>				
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	1,21,615	.....	} 399	
Ditto, ditto Krissennuggur ...	2,27,617	.....		
Ditto, ditto Ramnuggur ...	1,32,772	.....		
Ditto, ditto Kallnuggur ...	2,18,443	.....		
Ditto, ditto Pooreeghatta ...	35,484	.....		
Total ...	7,35,961	.....		
<b>TUMLOOK.</b>				
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Narainpore ..	*15,887	.....	399	* Not saleable reserved to cover loss by Cyclone.
Ditto, ditto Russoolpore ..	52,326	.....	408	
Total ...	68,213	.....		
<b>SULKEA.</b>				
Kurkutch Salt, Madras Permit ..	.....	7,19,849	396	
Ditto, Chilka ..	.....	1,33,182	386	
Ditto, Scinde ..	.....	5,00,000	418	
Mixed Kurkutch Salt ..	.....	2,679	} 421	
Pungah Salt, Cuttack ..	1,07,172	.....		
Ditto, Balasore ..	1,369	.....		
Ditto, Khordah ...	2,20,974	.....		
Ditto, Chilka ..	2,06,530	.....		
Ditto, Ramnuggur .	47,182	.....		
Ditto, Pooreeghatta ...	1,16,587	.....		
Ditto, Krissennuggur ...	81,997	.....		
Ditto, Narainpore ...	2,83,996	.....		
Total ...	10,65,807	13,55,710		
<b>GHOOSERY.</b>				
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kallnuggur ...	99,363	.....	} 421	
Ditto, ditto Russoolpore ...	48,593	.....		
Mixed Ditto, ditto Ramnuggur ...	36,373	.....		
Total ...	1,84,329	.....		
<b>CHITTAGONG.</b>				
Kurkutch Salt, Madras ..	.....	31,876	} 371	
Ditto, Judda ...	.....	673		
Total ..	.....	35,549		
<b>CUTTACK.</b>				
Pungah Salt ...	33	.....	399	
Total ..	33	.....		
<b>POOREE.</b>				
Pungah Salt ...	2,00,755	.....	399	
Kurkutch Salt ...	.....	7,70,549	356	
Total ...	2,00,755	7,70,549		
Grand Total ...	22,55,116	21,61,808		

N.B.—The above Salt is deliverable in quantities of fifty maunds and upwards at the Government Depôts specified in column 1, and at the prices stated in column 4, to all applicants producing Rowannahs, which are procurable for all descriptions of Salt at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

BOARD OF REVENUE; }  
 Fort William, }  
 The 28th June 1866. }

T. BRUCE LANG,  
 Junior Secretary



RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD AS REPORTED TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 30TH JUNE 1866.

Number of Seers of 80 Tolahs weight retailed for a Rupee.

Date of Return from each District.	CLEANED RICE IN ORDINARY USE.			PULSES IN ORDINARY USE.			WHEAT.		ATTAR.		JANERA, JOWAR AND SUCH GRAINS.	
	Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.
		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.						

Districts in which the prices are the same or nearly the same.

Bancoorah	23rd June 1866	6½	27	7½	9½	20	10½	16	9	11	7½	30	13
Bearbloom	23rd "	8½	21	9	8	21	11½	21	9	15	6½	68	22
Howrah	25th "	8½	13½	9½	8½	20	15	20	11½	8½	6	...	...
Singbloom	18th "	6	24	8	8	20	9	12	6	9	4	...	...
Cuttack	25th "	3½	22	4½	5	25	5	23	4½	20	2½	32	6
Pooree	25th "	5½	25	6	5	13½	5½	12½	5½	16½	3½	32½	7½
Dacca	25th "	9	25	10½	11	16	13	12	10½	8	8	...	...
Mymensing	25th "	9	25	11	8	3½	15	10	19	6	...	...	...
Sylhet	15th "	6½	55	8	6	60	16	14	8	12	5	...	...
Gya	25th "	9	26	9½	8½	17½	9	29	10½	22½	9	18	10½
Chumparun	23rd "	7	24	9	8	24	9½	28	10½	17	8	56	10
Sarun	23rd "	7	25	11	11	24	12	28½	12½	20	9½	35	13

Districts in which all or most articles are dearer.

Durrung	18th June 1866	8	32	8	11	20	12½	...	...	8	5	...	...
Kamroop	16th "	9	16	10	12	14	10	20	11	7	7	...	...
Seebaungor	48th "	8	20	10	5	15	10	20	10	8	4	...	...
Bhaugulpore	24th "	9½	18½	9½	8½	20½	10½	18½	11½	14½	8½	...	...
Darjeeling	25th "	5	8	8	4	8	5½	...	...	4	4	20	9
Monghyr	25th "	8	19	8	7	21	8	19	12	14	8	...	...
Dooghur	24th "	...	21	8½	7	17	9	16	10	14	8	...	...
Godda	23rd "	8	29	8	6	20	6	19	8	11	5	31	10
Pakour	24th "	9	24	9½	9	26	13	22	12½	16	9	...	...
Hooghly	25th "	7	17	9½	8½	16	14	13	10	10	7	20	11
Midnapore	26th "	6½	20	7	11½	21	12	15	8	12	6½	...	...
Hazaribagh	25th "	7	20	8	8½	23	11	20	8	16	6½	27	11
Maunbloom	25th "	6	24	7	9	25	12	16	9	12	7	22	8
Balasora	25th "	4	32	5½	3½	20	5½	16	6	12	3½	...	...
Jessora	25th "	8½	17	8	12	32	16	21	9	10½	6	...	...
Nuddoa	27th "	8½	30	9½	10	23	18	10	11½	10½	6½	...	...
24-Pergunnahs	25th "	...	16	9	6½	20	16	13½	12½	8	7	...	...
Bograh	25th "	9	39	13	8	17½	13½	15	15	8	8	60	30
Dinagopora	23rd "	...	25½	14½	...	20	16½	15	11½	11	8	...	...
Rungpore	25th "	12	21	14	6	25	15	16	14	9	8	...	...

Districts in which all or most articles are cheaper.

Gowalparah	18th June 1866	7½	15½	9½	10½	10	21½	15	6½	5½	...	...	
Purneah	25th "	9½	19	10	7	20	12	20	14	8	...	...	
Bardwan	24th "	9	19½	9½	6	22	19	15	11	10	9	...	...
Chittagong	18th "	12	17	15	6½	22	14½	16	9½	10	...	...	
Patna	25th "	9½	15	10	9½	22	14	15½	12	10	23	13	
Shahabad	25th "	7½	24	9½	10½	24	11	23	11½	18	9½	30	13½
Tirhoot	25th "	6½	30	9	11½	29	11½	20	11	18	9½	40	11½

Districts in which some articles are dearer and some cheaper.

Lohardugga	23rd June 1866	10	32	10	5	20	15	24	9	16	7	40	19
Backergunge	16th "	10	15	11½	9	20	12½	10	8	7½	5	...	...
Cachar	18th "	6½	15	7½	8	13	8½	10	6	6	4½	...	...
Furzedpore	25th "	8	20	11	20	23	20	16	11	...	...	...	...
Muldeh	25th "	10	25	10½	10½	24	16	23	12	14	8	...	...
Moorsbedabad	24th "	7½	17	8½	8	28	15½	16½	11	11½	8	...	...
Pubna	24th "	9	24	10	6½	32	17	19½	12	8½	8	...	...

PUBLISHED for general information.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

R. B. CHAPMAN,

Secretary.

[ 1264 ]

**NOTICE.**

List of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, March 17th ...	1 Case, Mr. G. Thmler, Ballast Engine Driver, East Indian Railway, Jamalpore, near Monghyr	Str. Bengal.
" 17th ...	3 Cases, [71] L C J	Ditto.
April 2nd ...	2 Cases, [77] L C J	Str. Mooltan.
March 3rd ...	1 Package, Captain Caw, Shipping Master, Calcutta	Str. Delhi.
April 18th ...	1 Case, A G C F	Str. Erymanthe.
" 6th ...	21 Packages, D Z	Ganges.
" 13th ...	1 Cask, A. and Co.	Ditto.
March 19th ... {	33 Iron Pots, } no mark	Marlborough.
April 13th ...	19 Iron Castings, }	
" 13th ...	1 Parcel, W. G. Alexander, 93rd Regiment, Sealkote, Punjab	Str. Simla.
" 13th ...	1 Parcel, M C B	Ditto.
" 13th ...	21 Cases, [27] R. K. and Co.	Ditto.
" 13th ...	4 Bales, [27] R. K. and Co.	Ditto.
" 13th ...	11 Cases, A T C L	Ditto.
" 13th ...	1 Case, J. B. White, 42nd Bengal Native Infantry, Debrooghur, Upper Assam, Calcutta	Ditto.
" 13th ...	1 Case, Lieutenant G. Quin, H. M.'s 70th Highlanders	Ditto.
" 13th ...	1 Case, H. S. D. and Co.	Ditto.
" 13th ...	1 Case, G. W. Vivian, Berhampore, Bengal, India, per George Dunlop and Co.	Ditto.
May 18th ...	1 Parcel, [S. B. and Co.,] J. S. and Co.	Sir J. Lawrence.
" 18th ...	1 Parcel, [S K]	Ditto.
" 18th ...	1 Parcel [B M B II]	Ditto.
April 18th ...	2 Cases, Revd. F. Antonius, care of D'Rozario and Co., Book-sellers	Str. Erymanthe.
March 12th ...	2 Casks, [B. D. and Co.]	Marlborough.
Jan. 5th ...	1 Butt, Empty, Officers' Mess, 19th Regiment, Punjab	Staffordshire.
April 28th ...	5 Cases, L X O	City of Bombay.
May 9th ...	1 Bale, F M S	Accrington.
" 7th ...	7 Packages, [8913]	Gondola.
1865, Sept. 9th ...	1 Case, [R. D. and Co., P]	Staffordshire.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,  
The 3rd July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

**NOTICE.**

THE undermentioned Packages, if not cleared on or before the dates specified against each item will be sold for the realization of Duty, Wharfage, &c., under Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, July 7th ...	34 Bales, F. H. and Co.	City of Canton.
" 7th ...	120 Casks, [H]	Ditto.
" 7th ...	1 Parcel, [H] C	Ditto.
" 7th ...	1 Parcel, M B	Ditto.
" 7th ...	1 Case, [17] K M D	Ditto.
" 7th ...	7 Cases, S and F	Wanbojeeg.
" 7th ...	1 Case, [M L S P]	Ditto.
" 7th ...	4 Cases, [E P H]	Khersoness.
" 7th ...	1 Package, C. Hayley, Esq.	Ditto.
" 7th ...	1 Case, F E P	Str. Coringa.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,  
The 3rd July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.



[ 1265 ]  
NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the under-mentioned Ships under the provisions of Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be advertized for sale:—

<i>Accrington.</i>			
1866, July 19th	... J M F, 10 Cases	... F M S, 10 Bales	... [I. C. and Co.] 5 Casks.
" 19th	... G C D, 14 Packages	... OVP, 3 Casks.	
<i>Ganges.</i>			
1866, Aug. 3rd	... D Z, 3 Cases	... A. and Co., 1 Cask	... S C D, 1 Cask.
" 3rd	... [C. and Co., C P M] 1 Parcel	... P and W, 1 Box	... S S S L, 1 Parcel.
" 3rd	... C. C. T. and Co., 1 Case.		
<i>Persian Empire.</i>			
1866, Sept. 14th	... H V, 2 Cases	... [M A] R. S. and Co., 1 Cask	... G C D, 2 Casks.
" 14th	... [M A] N C, 1 Cask	... S L S S, 1 Parcel	... W R, 1 Parcel.
" 14th	... [H H H H] 1 Parcel	... [V] C, 1 Parcel	... [L. and Co.] M L, 1 Box.
<i>City of Brussels.</i>			
1866, Aug. 24th	... [J D N] 5 Cases.		
<i>Alexandra.</i>			
1866, Sept. 14th	... S. C. M. and Co., 13 Cases	... [C C] 8 Cases	... J E H, 15 Cases.
" 14th	... R. Carr, Esq., Allahabad, care of Messrs. Elliott and Sons, 21 Packages.		
<i>City of Foucho.</i>			
1866, Sept. 30th	... Major Blair T. Reid, care of Colvin, Cowie and Co., 2 Boxes.	... Officers Commanding Her Majesty's 42nd Regiment, Store-keeper, Calcutta, 1 Case.	
" 30th	... Quarter Mr. O. McGregor, 98th Regiment, Roorkie, India, Bengal, 1 Box.	... Mrs. Muir, care of Hon'ble Wm. Muir, 1 Box.	
" 30th	... A M E, 20 Cases	... [S C B] C, 2 Cases	... T E B, 4 Cases.
<i>Bucentaur.</i>			
1866, Sept. 25th	... B R D, 3 Casks	... S. C. M. and Co., 8 Kegs.	
<i>Baroda</i>			
1866, Sept. 30th	... D S, 2 Cases	... B H, 2 Cases	... [N] 2 Cases.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 3rd July 1866. }

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, during the Week ending Saturday, June 30th, 1866.

MONTH.	Date.	Reduced Reading of Barometer at 10 A. M.	THERMOMETER.		Daily Range of the Temperature.	Mean Temperature for the day.	Mean Wet Bulb.	Computed Mean Dew-point.	Mean Degree of humidity for the day.	Prevailing Direction of Wind during the day.	Rain.	Max. Pressure of Wind.
			Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.								
		Inches.	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖			Inches.	lbs.
June ...	24	29.545	87.8	79.0	8.2	82.9	79.0	77.8	0.85	W. by S. & W. S. W.	0.28	0.80
	25	365	91.2	81.8	8.4	85.7	80.3	70.5	.75	W. S. W. & W. by S.	...	0.40
	26	477	89.5	81.3	8.3	85.3	80.4	77.0	.77	S. W. & W. N. W.	...	0.40
	27	477	85.1	80.0	4.5	83.3	81.2	70.7	.80	W. S. W. & W. by N.	0.64	1.25
	28	565	88.6	82.0	6.6	81.1	81.7	80.0	.88	W. S. W. & S. W.	...	0.60
	29	814	89.4	83.4	10.0	87.2	81.0	77.3	.73	W. by S. & N. N. W.	...	0.50
	30	697	87.4	81.8	5.0	83.0	79.8	76.9	.80	N. & W. by N.	0.12	0.60

The mean Temperature and the mean Wet Bulb are derived from the twenty-four hourly Observations made during the day. The Dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air; the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.

The extreme variation of Temperature during the past week	...	13.8
The Max. Temperature during the past week	...	93.4
The Max. Temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	96.0
The mean humidity during the past week	...	0.81
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.81
		Inches.
The total fall of rain during the past week	...	1.04
The total fall of rain between the 1st January and the 30th ultimo	...	17.04
The total fall of rain during the corresponding period of the past year	...	33.15
Rain indicated by the gauge attached to the Anemometer during the past week...	...	0.00

GOPEENATH SEN,

In charge of the Observatory.

The 2nd July 1866.

Notification.

BABOO CHUNDER NARAIN SINGH, the Deputy Collector at the Sudder Station, has been placed in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, and is authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

C. F. MONTREFOR,  
Commissioner.

BURDWAN;  
Commissioner's Office,  
The 16th June 1866.

Notice.

The Effects of Mr. Moscrop, late a Guard on the East India Railway, who died at the Dinapore Railway Station on the 7th instant, are in the custody of this Court. Any person having a claim to the same is requested to communicate with the undersigned forthwith.

W. AINSLIE,  
Judge.

PATNA,  
The 11th June 1866.

Notice.

CERTAIN Effects belonging to the Estate of Mr. HENRY MATHERS, Assistant in charge, Telegraph Department, Gowalparah, and a British subject, who died intestate, are in the custody of this Court, and will be made over to any party legally authorized to receive the same.

A. E. CAMPBELL,  
Offg. Depy. Commissioner.

ZILAH GOWALPARAH;  
Civil Court,  
The 14th June 1866.

Notice.

THE Effects of the late Mr. M. WHITTINGTON, Assistant Tea Planter of Muchimpore Garden, in Cachar, to the value of about Rupees 300, are in deposit of this Court, and these or the sale proceeds thereof will be made over to any one legally authorised to receive the same.

R. STEWART, Captain,  
Deputy Commissioner.

CACHAR;  
Civil Court,  
The 17th April 1866.



**Municipality of Midnapore.**

PROPOSED BYE-LAWS UNDER ACT III. (B. C.) OF 1864.

*For regulating the time and mode of collecting the Rate and Taxes.*

1. Each quarterly instalment of the rate and taxes mentioned in the Act shall be considered to have become due at the commencement of the quarter on account of which such instalment is payable, and may be levied at any time after the commencement of such quarter, that is to say,—

The instalment payable on account of the quarter ending ...	} 31st July. " Oct. " Jan. " 30th April.	} May be levied on and after	{ 1st May. " Aug. " Nov. " Feb.		

2. From the lists prepared under the provisions of Sections 29 and 39 of the Act, the collecting officer shall prepare the bills prescribed by Section 44. The bills so prepared shall be issued under the signature of the Commissioners or their Secretary, if there be one, to the subordinate officers on the collecting establishment, and shall be by them presented to the persons named therein, in the manner hereinafter described.

3. Every collecting officer shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect; and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to shew this certificate if required.

4. The collecting officer taking the money in payment of any demand shall give the receipt for it.

5. When the name of any owner is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in any notice, bill, or other proceeding under the Act, as the owner of the property on which the rate is assessed without further description.

6. Every bill, for any sum due on account of the rate or taxes leviable under the Act, shall, if possible, be presented to the individual named therein in person, but if such personal presentation be found impossible, the bill shall be left at his usual place of abode, and such delivery shall be deemed to be the presentation required by Section 44.

7. The officer to whom a bill may be issued for presentation shall receive the amount of such bill at the time of presentation, or at any time within ten days from the date on which the bill shall have been first presented by him.

8. Every person required, in writing, to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish, shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in Section 81 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rupees 5, provided that nothing in this Bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

9. Every owner, occupier or other person shall permit the Commissioners, or any one appointed by them, under a written authority, for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect any coach-house or stable in which there is reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to taxation under Section 35 of the Act. Any person obstructing the Commissioners or any person duly authorized by them in making such entry and inspection shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

10. Every distraint made under the Act shall be executed by the collecting officer, unless the Commissioners may otherwise direct, and the property distrained shall, pending sale or recovery from the defaulter of the amount due, remain in charge of the collecting officer, who shall deliver a list in the Form C. prescribed in the Act of the property distrained.

11. Immediately on distraint the distraining officer shall post upon the house of the defaulter a notice of sale, fixing a day for the sale, not less than seven days from the date of distraint; and on the day of sale notice shall be given by beat of drum.

12. Payment of purchase money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

*For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.*

13. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

14. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners, shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

15. Whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Chairman that any person in their employ has been guilty of any violation of duty, or wilful breach or neglect of any rule, regulation, or order made or given by competent authority, or has withdrawn from the duties of his office without permission or without having given previous notice for the period of one month, or has done any act by the performance of which, or has omitted to do any act by the non-performance of which, the Commissioners shall have suffered, or may have incurred the risk of suffering loss or injury, or has failed to perform any duty with all due diligence, or has been guilty of any act of insubordination towards any superior officer, or has accepted or obtained, or agreed to accept or attempted to obtain, from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification

whatever, other than authorized remuneration in respect of any official act, or has in his official capacity given any information which he knows or believes to be false, or has committed any offence punishable under any law, such person shall be liable to punishment by fine not exceeding one month's pay, or by suspension from office for such period as the Chairman may fix, or by degradation, or by summary dismissal from his situation, in addition to any penalty to which he may be liable under the provisions of any law. Any person so dismissed shall be liable, at the discretion of the Chairman, to forfeit all pay and allowances due to him, not exceeding the pay and allowances for one month.

16. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman may originate, receive, or enquire into a complaint of misconduct or neglect in the performance of duty against any person employed by the Commissioners.

17. Nothing herein contained shall be held to debar the Commissioners from instituting proceedings in any Civil Court having jurisdiction against any person being or having been in their employ, with a view to the recovery of damages for any loss or injury which they may have sustained in consequence of any act done or omitted to be done by such person.

*On matters of Conservancy.*

18. The external walls of huts or other buildings about to be erected or renewed in or near any public highway shall not be made of grass leaves, mats or other such inflammable materials, and the external roofs of huts or other buildings about to be erected or renewed in or near any public highway declared to be a highway for the purposes of this second part of this section shall not be made of any such inflammable materials.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 3 daily.

19. No person shall dig any tank, pond, well, ditch, or other excavation, in or close to any highway, without the written permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 3 daily.

20. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house, or other building, any spout, or other thing, intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, 1 Rupee daily.

21. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, in, or by the side of, any public drain, any substance or thing whereby the said drain is, or may be, in any way obstructed.

Penalty for infringement Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 3 daily.

22. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 3 daily.

23. Any person being the owner of any fallen trees or shrubs, or the owner or occupier of the land on which such trees or shrubs may have been growing, shall remove them after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 2 daily.

24. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice, within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 5 daily.

25. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 2 daily.

26. No person shall steep in any tank, or ditch, within municipal limits, any jute, hemp, or other vegetable matter, likely to render the water of such tank, or ditch, offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 2.

27. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 4 daily.

28. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 5 daily.

29. No person shall allow any pigs to be at large, or keep them otherwise than in closed styes.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 2 daily.

30. No owner, occupier, or farmer, of any bazar or shop, shall keep the same in other than a clean and proper state; and every such owner, occupier, or farmer, shall, without any delay, cause any meat, fish, or vegetable matter in a noxious state or unfit for food to be at once removed to a place to be notified to him by the Municipal Commissioners. No such owner, occupier, or farmer, shall obstruct any person, appointed by the Commissioners for that purpose, from entering and inspecting any such premises at any time between sunrise and sunset.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

31. No person shall obstruct any highway by exposing any article for sale or by placing beds,



mattresses, bundles of firewood or of straw packages, or any other thing whatever thereon.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 5.

82. Blank.

83. No person shall perform any office of nature in any place outside private premises, other than such as may have been appointed by the Commissioners, provided that such places have been set apart by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

84. No person shall build, or cause to be built, or keep, after prohibition by the Commissioners, any latrine, privy, or urinal, within 5 feet of any public road or street, or in any compound so small as not to admit of that distance being maintained.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 3 daily.

85. No person shall make the door of any private privy to open directly on any public thoroughfare; any person having the door of his privy so constructed shall alter it upon receipt of notice to that effect from the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 2 daily.

86. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets, except between the hours of midnight and sunrise, or otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, or use any place, other than those approved by the Commissioners, for the purpose of depositing such night-soil.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

87. No person shall suffer any offensive matter from any manufactory, place of business, stable, or cook-house, to flow into any river, nullah, canal, tank, or surface drain.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rupees 5 daily.

88. No person shall keep filth, dirt, dung, bones, dead bodies, rubbish, or other matter of a noisome kind, for more than twelve hours, in such a place or manner as to cause annoyance to any person, or injury to the public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

89. All dust, dirt, and rubbish of every kind, the removal of which is undertaken by the Municipal Commissioners, shall be deposited on the side of the road near the entrance of the premises from which it has come, between the hours of midnight and 8 A. M.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

40. No refuse resulting from any business, trade, or profession, shall be removed by the Municipal Commissioners, except on payment for removal at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and any expense incurred on this account shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

41. All dirt, dust, ashes, rubbish, sewerage, soil, dung, and filth collected from the highways, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools by the Municipal Commissioners shall be the property of the Commissioners, who shall have power to sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof, shall be applied to the purposes of the District Municipal Improvement Act.

42. Blank.

43. Every person, within whose premises any animal may die, shall, before the dead body becomes offensive, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

44. No person shall let any diseased or worn-out animal stray into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

45. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may, from time to time, be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

46. No person shall dispose, or cause to be disposed, of any corpse, or any part of a corpse, otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some lawful burning or burial ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

47. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than 4 feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

48. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than 5 feet deep.

Every such grave shall be filled in with at least 2 feet of pressed earth below the level of the ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

49. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than 3 feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

50. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

51. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

52. Whoever shall bring any corpse to be burnt in a burning ground shall burn it and the clothes and matting in which it is wrapped completely to ashes within six hours of its arrival on the ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

53. Blank.

54. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

55. No person while carrying any corpse, or part of a corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits, shall deposit it on or near any public highway for any purpose whatever.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 10.

56. Every corpse, or part of a corpse, that has been kept or used for purposes of dissection, must be removed in a closed vehicle.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

57. Blank.

*Miscellaneous.*

58. The Commissioners may cause to be put up, or painted in a conspicuous part of any house, building, wall, or place in any highway, the name by which such highway is to be known. Any person pulling down, destroying or defacing such name, shall be liable to a penalty of Rupees 5.

59. The Commissioners may fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outside of any house or building, or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof, fronting any highway. Any person destroying, pulling down, or defacing any such number, shall be liable to a fine of Rupees 5.

60. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to levy fees for any licenses granted by them under the Act or the Bye-laws, and the fees to be so charged shall be, from time to time, adjusted by the Commissioners with the sanction of Government.

61. Any person required by the Act, or by any Bye-law under it, to take out a license, shall produce and shew his license when required to do so by any Commissioner, or any person duly empowered by the Commissioners, in writing, to make such requisition.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 20.

62. The owner of any vehicle registered under Sections 49, 51 of the District Municipal Improvement Act shall affix, or cause to be affixed the registration number on some conspicuous part of such vehicle.

Penalty for infringement, Rupees 5.

W. J. HERSCHEL,

*Magistrate and Chairman of the Municipal Committee of Midnapore.*

*Statement shewing the importation of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on River Hooghly subject to Customs duty on the 1st July 1866.*

	Government	Private	Afloat.	Total.
	Golaha.	Golaha.		
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah ...	6,09,979	2,90,074	2,02,557	8,11,710
French Kurkutch ...	...	...	4,019	4,019
Madras " ...	4,480	2,00,014	15,540	2,10,074
Bombay " ...	...	73,128	1,16,006	1,89,734
Aden ...	...	...	11,284	11,284
Arabian and Persian } Gulfs Kurkutch and } Mascat Rock ... }	802	40,859	17,036	58,587
Total ...	8,15,091	4,18,075	3,27,128	12,60,294

By Order of the Board of Revenue,  
J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

**Calcutta Municipality.**

THE Quarterly Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 16th July 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.

At the close of the business to be transacted at the Quarterly Meeting, a Special General Meeting of the Justices will be held for the following purposes:—

1. To receive the report of the Finance and Water-supply Committees on the Tenders submitted for the construction of the Calcutta Water-works, and to take into consideration all matters connected with the Water-supply, with a view to the carrying out of the present scheme, or modifying it so as to bring it within the means at the disposal of the Justices.

2. The Chairman to move that a sum of Rupees 1,50,000 be appropriated towards the opening of a Square, and the excavation of a Tank in the Northern Division of the Town.

ROBERT TURNBULL,

*Secretary to the Justices of the Peace.*

OFFICE OF THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE;  
1, Chowringhee Road,  
Calcutta, the 4th July 1866.

**কলিকাতার মুনিসিপালিটি।**

১৮৬৬ সালের জুলাই মাসের ১৬ তারিখ সোমবার দুপুর ১১ ঘটিকার সময়ে টোমহালে কলিকাতা নগরের শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের ত্রৈমাসিক সভা হইবে।  
ত্রৈমাসিক সভার কার্য সমাপ্ত হইলে পর নিম্নলিখিত বিষয়ের নিমিত্তে জজিসদের বিশেষ সাধারণ সভা হইবে, অর্থাৎ—

১। কলিকাতার জল আনয়নের কনইত্যাদি প্রস্তাব করিবার যেহ প্রস্তাব করা হইয়াছে ফিনান্স ও জল-যোগাওন কমিটির তদ্বিষয়ক রিপোর্ট গ্রহণ ও উপস্থিত কম্পানী সফল করণার্থে কিম্বা জজিসদের হস্তে যে টাকা আছে তদ্বারা উক্ত কম্পানী মতান্তর করিয়া অর্থাৎ সফল করণার্থে জলযোগাওনের কার্যসংক্রান্ত সকল বিষয়ের বিবেচনা হইবে।

২। নগরের উত্তর খণ্ডে এক পুকুরিণী খনন ও কোয়ারার স্থাপন করণার্থে সভাপতি ১,৫০,০০০ টাকা নিরূপণ করণের প্রস্তাব করিবেন।

শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের কার্যালয়, ১ নং চৌরঙ্গী রোড, ১৮৬৬ সাল ৪ জুলাই।  
আর টার্নবুল,  
শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের সেক্রেটারী।

**Notice**

Is hereby given that certain Effects belonging to the late C. W. MACKENZIE, ESQUIRE, a European British subject, Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Cuttack, who died intestate at Surdaipore on the 12th instant, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

E. ALEXANDER,  
Judge.

ZILLAH CUTTACK;  
Judge's Court,  
The 15th June 1866.



**Nuddea Rivers.**

Report showing the least depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 15th to 21st June 1866.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
<b>MATABANGAH.</b>		
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	} Closed.	
On the Entrance Shoal ...		
Thence to Hât Bouleah, 44 miles		
Hât Bouleah to Alickdeah ...		
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...		1 9
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	2 0	
<b>BHAUGIRUTTEE.</b>		
Entrance Bar ...	4 4	
Below the Entrance	3 11	
Thence to Jeagunge	6 10	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	5 0	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	5 0	

Height on Gauge at Berhampore, on the 25th June 1866, † 5 feet 11 inches above Zero.  
A rise of 3 feet 1 inch since 17th June 1866.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Offg. Exe. Engr., Berhampore Divn.

BERHAMPORE,  
The 25th June 1866. }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the Lot No. 31 of the unreserved building sites, situated at the Civil Station of Shillong, in the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, containing about 4 acres of first class land, as shewn in the plan thereof, having been applied for, under the rules sanctioned in the Bengal Government Order No. 5520 of the 18th November 1865, will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, at the upset price of Rupees 50 per acre for first class land, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, Shillong, on the 15th day of July 1866.

The manner and condition of the sale can be ascertained by intending purchasers by application to the undersigned.

W. C. S. CLARKE, Capt.,  
Officiating Deputy Commissioner,  
Cossyah and Jynteah Hills.

DEPT. COMM'R.'S OFFICE;  
Shillong,  
The 1st June 1866 }

**Notice.**

THE quit rent of the under-mentioned Leases in the District of Darjeeling being in arrears, notice is hereby given that if the amount due from each location be not paid into the Deputy Commissioner's Office within two months from this date, the leases remaining unpaid will be resumed by Government under supplementary Rule No. I. for grant of locations at Darjeeling:—

Number of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Amount.
		Rs. As. P.
75	General A. Hervey ...	50 0 0
Assignment No. 439 of 21st April 1863.	Mrs. Hervey ...	50 0 0

BLAIR REID, Major,  
Deputy Commissioner.

DARJEELING;  
Deputy Commr.'s Office,  
The 18th June 1866. }

**Notice of Sale.**

WHEREAS Mr. H. L. Jenkins has made application to this Office under the notification of the Board of Revenue, No. , dated 13th February 1866, published at page 831 of the Calcutta Gazette for 1866, for the grant of the tract of land situate within the boundaries hereunto annexed, and estimated to contain 640 Acres, for the purpose of opening a coal-mine, notification is hereby made that, unless any other application is received for the same land on or before the 7th July 1866, the grant will be made to the said Mr. H. L. Jenkins upon the terms prescribed in the aforesaid notification. Should any other application be received before the said date, the grant will be offered to public competition upon the terms set forth on the 6th condition of the said Notification:—

- South—By Jungle.
- North—Booree Dehing.
- East—A line parallel to the Rajghur striking the Dehing at Konie.
- West.—Raj or Ladoighur.

A. K. COMBER,  
Depty. Commissioner of Revenue.

DEBROOGHUR;  
Revenue Depty. Commr.'s Office,  
The 7th June 1866. }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Estates, in the Settlement of Debrooghur, will be put up to public sale, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Debrooghur, on the 3rd day of September 1866, (under Rule XV. of the Waste Land Rules,) for arrears of interest and balance of purchase money :—

1.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 220A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. J. Edwardes.
Interest due	...	Rs. 382 8 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 1,912 8 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>2,294 0 0</b>

2.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 156A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. J. Edwardes.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,608 12 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 8,043 12 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>9,652 8 0</b>

3.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 162A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. J. Edwardes.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,422 13 10
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 7,284 6 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>8,707 3 10</b>

4.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 148A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. J. Edwardes.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,451 4 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 7,256 4 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>8,707 8 0</b>

5.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 150A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. J. Edwardes.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,445 10 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 7,228 2 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>8,678 12 0</b>

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 152A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Holeeram Dutt.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,360 4 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 6,806 4 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>8,166 8 0</b>

7.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 176A.
Situation	...	Jaipore.
Estimated Area of Estate	...	500 Acres.
Recorded Proprietors	...	{ Judeebar and Preolall.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,493 14 0
Balance of purchase money, being nine instalments, or nine-tenths	...	„ 7,650 0 0
<b>Total, Rs.</b>	...	<b>9,143 14 0</b>

A. K. COMBER,  
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH LUCKIMPORE;  
Deputy Commissioner's Office,  
The 5th June 1866.

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Estates, in the Settlement of Darjeeling, will be put up to public sale, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, on the 2nd day of August 1866, (under Rule 15 of the Waste Land Rules,) for arrears of interest and balance of purchase money :—

1.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 14.
Situation	...	Near Sinakhola.
Estimated area of Estate	...	1,095 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Dr. J. B. Barry.
Interest due	...	Rs. 1,489 3 2
Balance of purchase money	...	„ 14,892 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs.</b>	...	<b>16,381 3 2</b>

2.

No. of Estate in Register	...	No. 25.
Situation	...	Rinchington.
Estimated area of Estate	...	479 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	...	Mr. C. Rundle.
Interest due	...	Rs. 854 0 0
Balance of purchase money	...	„ 8,580 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs.</b>	...	<b>9,438 0 0</b>

BLAIR REID, Major,  
Devy. Commissioner.

DARJEELING;  
Devy. Commr.'s Office,  
The 12th June 1866.



**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Lots of Waste Lands, estimated to consist of about 500 Acres, more or less, situated in Pomong, Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two Rupees and eight annas per Acre, on the 2nd day of September 1866, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

*Boundaries.*

North-East.—The Noor Jhora.  
West.—Survey line to include a Bungalow.  
South.—Rungjo River.  
East.—Junction of Rungjo and Noor Rivers.

BLAIR REID, *Major,*  
*Deputy Commissioner.*

The 29th May 1866.

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Lots of Waste Lands, estimated to consist of about 3,500 Acres, more or less, situated in Mouzabs Lalookdolonee and Gomeeree, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two Rupees and eight annas per Acre, on the 2nd day of August 1866, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863:—

*Boundaries.*

Lot No. 1.—About 3,000 Acres in Mouzah Lalookdolonee.

East—Paus Nuddee.  
West—Major Gibb's revenue paying pottah and and Dikrang River.  
North—Duffla Purbut.  
South—Duffla Ghor or Ghor Allee, Sogoopara river, and Jhuppree Teeba.

Lot No. 2.—About 500 Acres in Mouzah Gomeeree.

East—Beddetti Jan, not navigable.  
West—Grass land.  
North—Grass and low land and tanks.  
South—Grass land, Dimoroo tree, and Jorree ree.

A. K. COMBER,  
*Depty. Commr. of Revenue.*

DEBROOGURH;  
*Depty. Commr.'s Office,*  
The 2nd June 1866. }

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD pursuant to an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of Hollohur Bose, late of Noyanchund Dutt's Street, in the Town of Calcutta, deceased, wherein Lutchmeechand Sett, Gobinddass Sett, and Lalla Lutchmun Dass are the Plaintiffs, and Sreemutty Komulmoney Dossee, widow of the above-named Hollohur Bose, deceased, is the Defendant, on and bearing date the 9th day of March 1866, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on the 14th day of July next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, the following property, that is to say:—

1. All that capital messuage, tenement, or lower-roomed dwelling-house, and all those shops standing and being to the southward of the said messuage, and also the piece or parcel of land or ground to the said messuage belonging, and on part whereof the said messuage and shops are erected and built, containing by estimation six biggahs three cottahs and eleven chittacks, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying and being at Mirzapore, Nos. 122, 122-1 and 122-2, Bowbazar or Boituckhannah Road, in Calcutta, aforesaid, and which said land and premises are surrounded by a brick wall and well-known as formerly the property of the late Nathaniel Bacon, Esq., and are bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the East by a piece or parcel of ground and premises formerly belonging to or in the occupation of one Castedelle, a Greek, and now or late of Mr. John Lucas and Mr. Myers; on the West by a certain other piece or parcel of ground and premises formerly belonging to the Estate of the late firm of Messrs. Palmer and Company, and in the occupation of Messrs. Mackillop, Stewart and Company; on the North partly by tenanted ground belonging to Subaysur Sein, and partly by tenanted grounds belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. Yeatherd, and on the South by the public street or high road there called the Bowbazar or Boituckhannah Road.

2. All that piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground No. 23, Elliot's Road, formerly No. 19, then No. 9, Royd Street, in Calcutta, aforesaid, containing by estimation four biggahs and twelve cottahs, a little more or less, and butted and bounded as follows:—on the North by Elliot's Road aforesaid; on the South by the garden ground formerly of Sandon Tailor, and now partly of Harroo Sircar, and partly by premises of Mr. Grant; on the East formerly by the land or ground of Monohur Cond, and now house of Mrs. A. E. Hughes, and partly by the dwelling-house of Jomun Sircar, and on the West by the land formerly of Ram Mohun Ghose, and now house of Wooma Churn Dass.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Messrs. Beeby and Rutter, Attorneys for the Mortgagee of the said premises.

BEEBY AND RUTTER, *Attorneys.*

C. T. DAVIS,  
*Offg. Registrar.*

HIGH COURT, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE;  
Calcutta, the 19th June 1866. }

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a cause wherein Nobin Chunder Deb is Plaintiff, and Nobin Chunder Bose, Sreemutty Bhuggobutty Dossee and Nandololl Doss, Executor of Ramkisto Doss, deceased, are Defendants, and bearing date the Twenty-ninth day of March, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on an early day, the following property, namely:—

All that four-sixteenth share of and in all that upper-roomed brick built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and lower-roomed Gowalbatty thereto adjoining on the West side thereof, with the piece or parcel of land or ground whereon the said messuage and Gowalbatty stand, measuring one biggah and three cottahs; and also all that piece of land immediately to the South of, and adjoining to the whole South side or front of the said messuage, measuring two cottahs and nine chittacks and three feet, and being twenty-two feet in breadth, and eighty-four feet in length, and also all that other piece of land or ground immediately to the South of, and adjoining to the whole South side or front of the said Gowalbatty, measuring one cottah and seven chittacks, and being twelve feet in breadth, and ninety-one feet in length, and which said dwelling-house, Gowalbatty, and two last-mentioned several pieces of land to the South thereof, and adjoining to the same respectively as aforesaid, contain by measurement one biggah, seven cottahs and three feet, be the same a little more or less, and are situated in No. 39, Ram Caunt Bose's Street, in Kuntapooker, in Baugbazar, in Sootanooty, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the North partly by the land now or late of Hurrochunder Bose, Sibpersaud Bose, and others, and partly by the garden of Bissonauth Sett; on the South partly by land now or late of one Sibchunder Dey, and partly by a tank now or late of Sibchunder Dey; on the East by the dwelling-house of Hurrochunder Bose, Sibpersaud Bose, and others, and on the West by a tank, the property now or late of the said Sibchunder Dey and Bissonauth Sett.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Messrs. Owen and Bannerjee, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL BRANCH; }  
Calcutta,  
The 23rd June 1866. }  
OWEN & BANNERJEE,  
Solicitors.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a cause wherein Nobin Chunder Deb is Plaintiff, and Gopaul Chunder Bose and Sreemutty Bhuggobutty Dossee are Defendants, and bearing date the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court in its Original

Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on an early day, the following property, namely:—

All that eight-sixteenth share of and in all that upper-roomed brick built messuage or dwelling house and lower-roomed Gowalbatty, lately thereto adjoining on the West side thereof, with the piece of land whereon the said messuage and Gowalbatty stand, measuring one beegah and three cottahs, and all that piece of land immediately to the South of, and adjoining to the whole South side or front of the said messuage, measuring two cottahs, and nine chittacks and three feet, and being twenty-two feet in breadth and eighty-four feet in length, and also all that other piece of land immediately to the South of and adjoining to the whole South side or front of the said Gowalbatty, measuring one cottah and seven chittacks, and being twelve feet in breadth and ninety-one feet in length, and which said dwelling house, Gowalbatty and two last mentioned several pieces of land to the south thereof, and adjoining to the same respectively as aforesaid, contain by measurement one biggah, and seven cottahs and three feet, be the same a little more or less, and are situate in Ramkanto Bose's Street at Katapookur, in Baugbazar, in Sootanooty, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded as follows:— On the North partly by the land now or late of Hurrochunder Bose, Sibpersaud Bose and others; and partly by the garden of Bissonauth Sett, on the South partly by land now or late of one Sibchunder Dey and partly by a tank now or late of Sibchunder Dey. On the East by the dwelling-house of Hurrochunder Bose, Sibpersaud Bose and others, and on the West by a tank, the property now or late of the said Sibchunder Dey and Bissonauth Sett.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Messrs. Owen and Bannerjee, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar.

HIGH COURT ORIGINAL BRANCH; }  
Calcutta,  
The 23rd June 1866. }  
OWEN AND BANNERJEE,  
Solicitors.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons intending to purchase or take in mortgage, putnee or lease any of the landed properties either in Calcutta or in the Mofussil belonging to the Estate of Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, late of Colootollah, from Gobind Chunder Sein and Mudhoo-soodun Sein, both of Colootollah, standing either in their or his own respective names, or in the name of Gobindchunder Mozoomdar, or in the name of any other person or persons on their or his behalf that a suit has been instituted and is now pending in the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction by Sautcowrie Sein and Lallmohun Sein, otherwise called Lallehund Sein, the infant grandsons of the said Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, with reference to the Estate of the said Muddenmohun Sein. Dated this 16th day of June 1866.

WATKINS & STOKER,  
Attorneys for Sautcowrie Sein  
and Lollmohun Sein.



*Statement of Government Promissory Notes en faced for payment of Interest in London, transferred back to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 21st June 1866.*

PARTICULARS.	3½ per Cent. Loan of 1853-54.	4 PER CENT. LOANS.							4½ per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	5 per Cent. P. W. Loan of 1854-55.	5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	5½ per Cent. Loan of 1859-60.	TOTAL AMOUNT
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-48.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.					
Balance of 7th June 1866	6,100	50,133	320	24,58,667	24,04,700	1,07,25,200	79,70,700	18,38,300	16,000	39,37,700	4,94,84,600	3,01,45,100	10,90,37,520
ADD:													
Amount en faced at Madras between 7th and 21st June 1866 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	.....	.....	.....	36,000	.....	46,000
Amount en faced at Bombay between 7th and 21st June 1866 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000	500	.....	.....	30,500	83,500	1,64,800	3,04,300
Amount en faced at Calcutta between 7th and 21st June 1866 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,500	10,000	19,700	20,600	.....	4,300	40,200	1,71,000	2,67,300
Total ...	6,100	50,133	320	24,58,667	24,06,200	1,07,60,200	80,00,900	18,58,900	16,000	39,72,500	4,96,44,300	3,04,80,900	10,96,55,120
DEDUCT:													
Amount written off in the London Registers }	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,000	14,000	73,900	34,700	.....	.....	1,88,200	1,17,800	4,52,600
Balance on 21st June 1866	6,100	50,133	320	24,58,667	23,82,200	1,07,46,200	79,27,000	18,24,200	16,000	39,72,500	4,94,56,100	3,03,63,100	10,92,02,520

[ 1275 ]

BANK OF BENGAL;  
Public Debt Office,  
The 27th June 1866. }

GEO. DICKSON,  
Secretary and Treasurer.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending the 26th June 1866.

LIABILITIES.		Ra. As. P.	ASSETS.		Ra. As. P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up	...	2,30,00,000	Government Securities	...	50,59,337
Reserve Fund	...	37,05,573	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	1,23,88,484
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	1,74,97,004	Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	31,12,803
Ditto at Branches	...	89,42,570	Merchandise Bills discounted at ditto	...	1,20,37,730
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,86,18,161	Dead Stock	...	6,65,206
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	4,12,750	Stamps	...	10,905
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	1,29,865	Balances with other Banks	...	12,11,907
Sundries	...	19,20,007	Sundries	...	2,65,825
		<u>6,22,56,773</u>	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	...	3,46,12,000
		Rupees ...	Ditto, at Branches	...	97
					<u>6,22,56,773</u>
					14 0

J. GORDON,  
*Offr. Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.*

By Order of the Directors,  
GEO. DICKSON,  
*Secretary and Treasurer.*

**Bank of Bengal.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed for fifteen days from this date.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,  
*Secy. and Treasurer.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 30th June 1866. }

**Notice.**

By a Decree of the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a certain suit still pending in the said Court, wherein Sreemutty Khantomony Dossee is Plaintiff, and Bissonauth Chunder and others are Defendants, it was declared that a certain Farkhut or Release executed by the Plaintiff to Nilmony Chunder and the Defendant Bissonauth Chunder, bearing date the Twenty-first day of April 1863, ought to be set aside as void, and that Company's Papers representing a sum of Rupees ten thousand (particulars of which are given below) was given to the Plaintiff as the consideration for such release, and it was ordered and decreed accordingly.

The Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or otherwise negotiating from Bissonauth Chunder, or any other person or persons, the under-mentioned Government Securities, being the Securities declared in the said Decree to have been given to the Plaintiff, namely, Government Security, commonly called Company's Paper, number 31396, of the 4 per cent. Loan of 1851-55, for Rupees five thousand, and Government Security, commonly called Company's Paper, number 4563-3619, of the 4 per cent. Loan of 1833-36, for Rupees five thousand.

OWEN AND BANERJEE,  
*Plaintiff's Attorneys.*

No. 4, OLD POST OFFICE STREET; }  
*Calcutta, the 23rd June 1866. }*

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a cause wherein Rámchand Seal is Plaintiff, and J. Carran is Defendant, on and bearing date the Twenty-third day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-four, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on the 7th day of July One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-six, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:—

**Lot No. 1.**—All that lower-roofed message, tenement or dwelling-house, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation sixteen cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being in Goreah Meatollah Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, and numbered 10, and bounded on the North partly by the house and premises now or lately belonging to Mr. Turner; on the East by the Public Lane or Street, called Goreah Meहतollah Lane; on the West by a piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground the property of Mr. Barton, and



on the South by a house and premises, late the property of Mr. Baal, now belonging to Mr. Richard Coburn.

For further particulars apply to the Office of Messrs Swinhoe, Law and Company, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar.

HIGH COURT, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE ; }  
Calcutta, }  
The 22nd June 1866. }

*Sheriff's Sale; Calcutta, 30th June, 1866.*

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, the Twenty-sixth day of July next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to public sale, at the premises lately known as Insolvent Court premises, by virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* in his hands against the effects of Hurry Mohun Sen.

1. The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Hurry Mohun Sen, of, in, and to a piece of land, containing by estimation two biggahs, a little more or less, situate, lying and being at Dwarkanauth Tagore's Lane, in Jorasanko, in the Town of Calcutta.

2. Also the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Hurry Mohun Sen, of, in, and to an undivided third part or share of and in all that Silk Filature or Factory called or known by the name of Coomarcolly Silk Factory, situate in the Zillah of Pubna, including one hundred and nineteen biggahs and nine and a half cottahs of land or thereabouts thereunto adjoining.

3. Also the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Hurry Mohun Sen, of, in, and to an undivided third part or share of and in all that Silk Filature or Factory called or known by the name of Mausitpore Silk Factory, situate in the Zillah of Pubna, including thirty biggahs and twelve and half cottahs of land or thereabout hereunto adjoining.

4. Also the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Hurry Mohun Sen, of, in, and to one-third part or share of and in all that Silk Filature or Factory called the Golimpore Silk Factory, situate in the District of Rajshahye, together with the land appertaining thereto.

5. And also the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Hurry Mohun Sen, of, in, and to one-third part or share of and in all that Silk Filature or Factory called the Bhurtiparrah, Silk Factory, situate in the District of Rajshahye, together with the land appertaining thereto.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

S. A. APOAL,  
Sheriff.

*Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.*

In the matter of Mohes Chunder Mitter, of Hathee Bagann, in Calcutta, formerly employed as a Mohurir by the late Firm of Messrs. Grant, Smith and Company, of Calcutta, Merchants, but at present employed as a Mohurir by Messrs. Graham and Company, of No. 18-1, Strand, in Calcutta aforesaid, Merchants and Agents, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 20th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Hechle and Oliver, Attorneys.  
Chief Clerk's Office, the 26th June 1866.

In the matter of John Alexander Imlay, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on business as Flour Manufacturer and Broker at and upon the premises known as the Strand Mills, at No. 20, Strand Road, under the name, style or firm of Miller and Company, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 27th day of June last, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Thomas, Attorney.

In the matter of John Alexander Imlay, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on business as Flour Manufacturer and Baker at and upon the premises known as the Strand Mills, at No. 20, Strand Road, under the name, style or firm of Miller and Company, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 16th day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid ”

Thomas, Attorney.

In the matter of John Alexander Imlay, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on business as Flour Manufacturer and Baker at and upon the premises known as the Strand Mills, at No. 20, Strand Road, under the name, style or firm of Miller and Company, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 3rd day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Thomas, Attorney.

In the matter of William Molloy Stewart, lately carrying on business as an Indigo Planter, at Jitwarpoore, in the District of Tirhoot, and now residing at Old Post Office Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent. } the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Stewart, *Attorney.*

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 26th day of June last, and by an order of the same date the said Insolvent were

In the matter of James Conway, late of Lucknow, Record-keeper, Financial Commissioner's Office, at Lucknow, aforesaid, and at present residing at College Street, in Calcutta, and now out of employ, an Insolvent. } the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 30th day of June last, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

In the matter of James Conway, late of Lucknow, Record-keeper, Financial Commissioner's Office, at Lucknow, aforesaid, and at present residing at College Street, in Calcutta, and now out of employ, an Insolvent. }

Insolvent in person.

*Chief Clerk's Office, the 3rd July 1866.*

On Saturday, the 30th day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

**The British Indian Tea Company,  
" Limited."**

In accordance with instructions received from the London Board, notice is hereby given that a sixth Call at the rate of Rupees 20 per Share on the shares of this Company has this day been made, and that such Call is payable in two instalments of Rupees 10 each, the first instalment of Rupees 10 payable on the 16th July 1866 and the second instalment on the 16th August 1866, at the Office of the Company, No. 6, Church Lane.

Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be allowed on all Calls paid in advance of the abovenamed dates, and interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Calls not paid on or before the said respective days, from those days until the day of payment.

GORDON, STUART AND CO.,  
*Agents.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 22nd June 1866. }

**Bengal River Steam Company,  
" Limited."**

ALL parties having claims against this Company are requested to send in the same on or before the 15th instant.

BORRADAILE, SCHILLER AND CO.,  
*Secretaries.*

3, FAIRLIE PLACE;  
Calcutta, the 3rd July 1866. }

**Simla Club and North-West Wine  
Company, " Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazaar Street, Calcutta, on Friday, the 3rd day of August next, at the hour of 4 P. M. precisely, for the purpose of confirming the Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held this day, to appoint Liquidators, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order,  
B. SMYTH AND CO.,  
*Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 3rd July 1866. }

**Footemaree Tea Company.**

NOTICE is hereby given that from this date the Power of Attorney from this Company to Mr. William Barry, the late Manager, is withdrawn.

By order of the Directors,  
MAIR AND CO.,  
*Secretaries.*

**Cachar and Assam Company,  
" Limited."**

THE Fifth Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company advertized for the 28th and 29th May, and postponed *sine die*, there not being sufficient Shareholders present to form a quorum, will be held at the Office of the Secretaries on Wednesday, the 4th July, at noon, when the Directors' Report and Statement of accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1865 will be brought before the Meeting.

JOHN ELLIOTT AND CO.,  
*Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 12th June 1866.



[ 1279 ]

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a theft of articles noted below, valued at Rupees 52,265-15-10, has been committed in the Temple of Bhowanee Thakooranee at Bhowanipore, in the district of Bograh. A reward of Rupees 1,000 will be given by Raja Anundo Nath of Nattore to the person who will furnish information which will lead to the arrest of defendants and recovery of the property.

A. B. FALCON,  
Offy. Magistrate.

BOGRAH MAGISTRACY, }  
The 14th June 1866. }

Description of Articles.	Weight Tolas.	Value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
1. One Golden Mookho Puddo (সোণার মুখপদ্ম) ...	46½	832	8	0
2. Ditto • ditto ঐ ...	46	828	0	0
3. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	48	863	0	0
4. Ditto Keereet (সোণার কীরীটি) set with golden flowers ...	...	700	0	0
5. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	221	8	0
6. Ditto Batta (বাটা) ...	15½	252	8	0
7. Ditto Kurno Chakee (কর্ণ চাকী) a kind of ornament for the ear ...	...	235	0	0
8. Ditto • Kurno Phool (কর্ণ ফুল) ...	...	300	0	0
9. Ditto Teeklee (টিকলী) with a glass ...	...	25	0	0
10. Ditto Dheree (ধেড়ী) ornament for ear ...	...	500	0	0
11. Ditto Teeka (টিকা) for placing on forehead ...	...	25	0	0
12. Ditto Nosering, set with diamonds (নভ) ...	...	214	0	0
13. Ditto Large do. (বড় নভ) ...	0½	9	0	0
14. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) a kind of ornament for nose, set with diamonds and glass ...	...	125	0	0
15. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) set with a glass ...	0½	7	0	0
16. Ditto Boondee (বুন্দি) with borders and diamonds ...	...	300	0	0
17. Ditto ditto ঐ ditto ...	...	250	0	0
18. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	250	0	0
19. Ditto Chapkullee (চাপকলী) ...	...	500	0	0
20. Ditto Narra Har (সোণার নারাজার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
21. Ditto • Jhalurdar Har (সোণার জালরদার হার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
22. Ditto Large Pearl Beads (বড় মতীর মালা এক লহরী) ...	...	9,775	0	0
22½. Ditto Pearl Beads (মতীর মালা সো লহরী) ...	...	5,315	0	0
23. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	300	0	0
24. Golden Haekul (সোণার হরকল) ...	36½	570	0	0
25. Ditto Chandmalla (সোণার চাঁদমালা) ...	22½	240	0	0
26. Ditto Patta (সোণার পাটা) ...	62	582	0	0
27. Ditto Dhook-Dhookee (সোণার ধুকধুকী) ...	1½	12	0	0
28. Ditto Jhapa (সোণার জাপা) ...	2½	24	0	0
29. Silver Jhapa (রূপার জাপা) ...	3½	2	13	6
30. Golden small Nosering, set with Pearl ...	0½	27	0	0
31. Brass Box for keeping the above ornaments ...	120	1	8	0
32. Silver Batta (রূপার বাটা হার মালা রাখার জন্য) ...	15	13	3	0
33. Golden Chakee (সোণার চাকী) ...	...	235	0	0
34. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	700	0	0
Total ...	411½	52,265	15	6

*ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund for the Second Quarter of the Official Year 1865-66, compared with the corresponding Quarter of the Year 1864-65.*

	In the Second Quarter ending 31st October 1865.	In the Second Quarter ending 31st October 1864.
Balance at credit of the Fund in the Government Books in the beginning of the Second Quarter of the past and current year, Rupees ...	23,20,153 9 11	21,24,912 1 11
Receipts and Credits in the Second Quarter of the past and current year, Rupees ...	70,771 11 6	68,166 6 0
Interest allowed by the Government of India for the year 1864-65 ...	1,37,280 8 1	0 0 0
Total, Rupees ...	25,28,205 13 6	21,93,078 7 11
DEDUCT.		
Pensions paid in the Quarter under review, Rupees ...	41,426 4 2	39,307 0 6
Paid fixed Office Establishment and Contingencies, &c., during the Quarter under review, Rupees ...	5,101 3 6	4,280 4 9
Interest on Reserve Funds passed to Subscribers qualified to share therein during the Quarter under review, Rupees ...	11,376 4 6	10,250 4 6
Total, Rupees ...	57,903 12 2	53,927 9 9
Balance on the 31st October of each year's Second Quarter under review in the Government Books, exclusive of Interest upon the Capital, Rupees ...	24,70,302 1 4	21,39,150 14 2
MONTHLY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.		
Subscriptions, Rupees ...	24,143 6 7	22,985 3 4
Deduct—Pensions to Incumbents, Office Charges, and estimated Contingencies, and proceeds of surplus divided during 1865-66 among Members of five years' standing, at 31 per cent. in the Widows', and 36 per cent. in the Children's Funds, Rupees ...	19,104 4 4	17,746 1 10
Net monthly Income, exclusive of Interest upon Capital, Rupees ...	5,039 2 3	5,239 1 6

  

	Number of Subscribers for Wives only.	Number of Subscribers for Wives and Children.	Number of Subscribers for Children only.	Total Subscribers.	Nominees in the Widows' Fund.	Nominees in the Children's Fund.
In the year 1864-65 ...	273	317	106	696	590	1,149
1865-66 ...	276	326	104	706	602	1,198

E. E.,  
H. A. BROWN, } *Auditors, U. S. F. P. Fund.*  
W. B. ROSTON, }  
G. W. KELLNER,  
*Accountant and Collector.*  
Published by Order of the Directors,  
R. C. TULLOH,  
*Secretary.*

FUND OFFICE,  
The 14th June 1866. }

**Notice.**

THE Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of Watts and Company, "Limited," will be held within the Company's premises, No. 1, Wellesley Place, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 25th day of July 1866, at 4 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and an Auditor for the ensuing year, and for any other business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GEORGE EYBARS,  
*Secretary.*

Calcutta,  
The 3rd July 1866. }

**Notice.**

BENGAL MILLS COMPANY, "LIMITED."

Notice is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held at the registered Office No. 193, Soorah, on 14th May 1866, the Resolutions passed at the adjourned Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12th April 1866, to wound up the Company voluntarily, were confirmed.

TOOLSEDOSS DUTT,  
GOBIND CHUNDER DHUR,  
*Liquidators.*

No. 69, New China Bazar,  
Calcutta; the 30th June 1866. }

**Lost.**

RIGHT-HALF of Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 54580, for Rupees 10.

**Lost.**

HALF Notes, Nos.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 3844 and  $\frac{A}{13}$ 4107, each for Rupees 10.

**Destroyed by Fire.**

ON the 10th March 1866, Right-hand half of Bank Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 59460, for Rupees 100.

**Lost.**

FIRST-HALF of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 33703, for Rupees 20.

**Lost.**

THE Right-hand half of a Lahore Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 40429, dated 8th May 1863, for Rupees 10. Apply to

RAM COMAL GHOSE,  
*Chief Engineer's Office, Punjab Railway,  
Lahore.*

**Just published.**

*In Pamphlet Form.*

ACTS AND ORDERS relating to the Engagement and Transport of Native Labourers under contract for employment in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet. Price—8 Annas.

To be had on application at the Offices of the Superintendent of Labour Transport, Calcutta, Commissioner of Assam, and Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

**Lost.**

HALF of a Government Currency Note, No. 66425, for Rupees 100. Payment stopped at the Currency Department. Any one bringing the same to me would get a reward of Rupees 5.

PUREBUDEN SIRGAR,  
*Dhurrumtollah Bazar.*

**Lost.**

RIGHT-HALVES of Government Currency Notes, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 75044, for Rupees 20, and No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 07488, for Rupees 10; also Left-half of Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 57156, for Rupees 100.

**Lost.**

IN the post in January last, half of the following Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 84150, for Rupees 50.

C. H. LUARD.

Calcutta,  
The 13th July 1866. }

**Lost.**

IN transit from Rawul Pindee to Jhelum, three halves of Punjab Currency Notes, Nos.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 96203,  $\frac{A}{13}$ 88078, and  $\frac{A}{13}$ 85437, for Rupees 100 each. Payment for the above has been stopped at the Paper Currency Office at Lahore.

JEHANGIER AND Co.

The 23rd June 1866.

**Lost.**

HALF of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 57177, for Rupees 100.

**Lost.**

THE First-half of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 53818, for Rupees 20. Payment stopped.

**Lost.**

SECOND-HALF of Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 22077, for Rupees 100. Dated Calcutta, 5th May 1864.

**Lost.**

RIGHT-HALF of Government of India Note, No.  $\frac{A}{13}$ 14764, missing.

EWING AND Co.



NOTICES issued by the  
OFFG. POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 40.

The 18th June 1866.—Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Cashmere*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 6th July, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *via* Rangoon by this opportunity.

No. 45.

The 21st June 1866.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th July will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M. on each day as follows :—

*Via* Southampton on the 30th June 1866.

*Via* Marseilles on the 1st July 1866.

Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *via* Trieste.

Rates of Postage.

	<i>Via</i> Southampton.			<i>Via</i> Marseilles.			
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
Under $\frac{1}{2}$ Ounce	...	0	4	0	0	6	8
" 1 "	...	0	8	0	13	4	

No. 50.

The 25th June 1866.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Mongolia* will be closed on Sunday, the 8th July 1866, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	<i>Via</i> Marseilles.			<i>Via</i> Southampton.		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
}	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ Ounce	0	6	8	0	4	0
	" 1 "	0	13	4	0	8	0
	" 2 "	1	10	8	1	0	0

No. 51.

The 26th June 1866.—Mails for Chittagong and Akyab, for transmission per Steamer *Orissa*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 5th July, at 6 P. M.

No. 52.

The 28th June 1866.—The Overland Mails of the 17th June and Express Packets of the 18th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.



APPENDIX TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1866.

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NOTICE

Is hereby given that the sale of the Proprietary right of Government to the Estates enumerated in the following Advertisements of Sale will be made subject to these

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

1st.—The Estates to be sold, subject to the Government Revenue against each, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Schedule of Assessment made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rupees 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding Office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the Estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting Purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

5th.—In addition to the ordinary Government Revenue fixed on the Estates the Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Government Revenue assessed from the date of entry upon the purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,

Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Proprietary right of Government to the under-mentioned Plots of Class C. lands relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Moorshedabad, will be put up to sale, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Saturday, the 28th July 1866, corresponding with the 13th Srabun 1273 B. S. The Purchasers of these Plots will be subject to the Conditions of Sale notified under the signature of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue at the head of this Appendix, with the exception of 1st, 2nd, and 5th, and with addition of the following condition.

The Plots to be sold as free-hold tenures to the highest bidders above the upset price:—

Number of Statement of Government Plots of Railway Class C. Land.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Area in Acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE.			Upset Price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.		
	2701	Plot of land in Bantia and Jugdharee, Pergunnah Koomerpertab, bounded on the North by the River Brahmuni; South by a parcel of land belonging to the Railway Company; East by the side-cutting of the main Railway line; West by a strip of Bastoo land in occupation of one Sunker Singh	A. R. P. 3 1 12	...	...	...	Rupees. 261	
	"	Plot of land in Jugdharee and Bantia, Pergunnah Koomerpertab and Shazadpore, bounded on the North by the Jeebunteedahkhal; South by two parcels of land in occupation of Ram Coomar Chamar and Paynoonet; East by parcels of land in occupation of Hurry Proshuno Rai and Neelcanto Roy; West by the side-cutting of the main Railway line	1 2 8	...	...	...	124	

COLIN MACKENZIE,  
Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTORATE, }  
The 30th May 1866.





APPENDIX (No. II.) TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1866.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 5th July 1866, corresponding with the 22nd Ashar 1273 B. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands due on the 28th March 1866, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue:—

*No. 1.—Permanently-settled Estate.*

No. 5177.—Chur Chandepore, Pergunnah Jahangeerabad; recorded Proprietor, Kally Prosad Singh Roy; Government Revenue Rupees 511-13-11.

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, }  
The 14th June 1866. }

D. J. McNEIL, }  
Collector. }

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Gya, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 16th July 1866, corresponding with 18th Ashar 1273 Fulse, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.*

No. 2721.—Mehal Kurma Misser, &c., Pergunnah Seris; recorded Proprietors, Bunnoo Singh, Kasheeranth Singh, Kishoondyal Singh, Hurnauth Singh, self and guardian of Roghoonauth Singh, Jadoonauth Singh, minor sons, Shewpurshun Singh, Roopnarain Singh, Surroopnarain Singh, Shewhart Singh, Gunput Singh, Joyperkosh Singh, Purreegee Singh, maliks of Kurma Misser, &c., Juggurnauth Singh and Khajeh Ullee Ruza, maliks and mialgoozars of Mouzah Chorah Pursraupore; Sudder Jumma Rupees 812-1.

GYA COLLECTORATE, }  
The 19th June 1866. }

J. S. DRUMMOND, }  
Offg. Collector. }

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Sarun, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 10th July 1866, corresponding with 12th Assar 1273 Fulse, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 2478.—Mehal Doelab, Pergunnah Goah; recorded Proprietors, Rajkoomar Singh and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,410-10-11, exclusive of the shares of Hurbanse Sahae, Ramsurn Singh, and Rughoonundun Singh, for which separate accounts are opened under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 2821.—Mehal Annourmarur, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors, Tulram Dass and Bulram Dass and Gunput Misser, &c.; Sudder Jumma Rupees 7,466-10-8, exclusive of the shares of Goorsahoy Singh, Goorsahoy Singh and Jugulkishore Singh, &c., for which separate accounts are opened under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,

F. M. HALLIDAY,

Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 9th July 1866, or 11th Ashar 1273 F. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 35.—Jounapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded Proprietors, Cassee Singh and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 2,891-5-7. The rights and interests of Cassee Singh, Awoodan Singh, Roghoo-hur Roy, Bedhutha Roy, Dabee Roy, Ramonon Roy, Hunnooman Singh, Chutterdharoy, Lalljee, Gooroodyal Singh, Bebootee Singh, Rambhoorara Singh, Buxy Singh, Ramchurn Singh, Khooblal Singh, Bustee Singh, Hunsraj Singh, Baboo Sunkernarain, Purtaubnarain Singh, Runglall Singh, Jewlall Singh, Tofanee Singh, Ravidhun Singh, Gopaul Singh, Jukhoo, Lutchoo, Degumber Singh, Bbobabaul Singh, Buchun Singh, Buddree Singh, Nowab Singh, Mussamut Meethun Koer, Kurpa Roy, Jewlall Roy, Jhoomuck Singh, Dhoooye Singh, Jewlall Roy, Joogee Roy, Mussamut Beebhan Koer, Goroopersaud Singh, Rambhurous Singh, Roopnarain Singh, Purtaub Singh, Hunsraj Koer, Ramdheehub Chowdry, Rughooburdial Chowdry, Gonour Singh, Klukhur Singh, Jeealall Singh, Uchailall Singh, Judoolall Singh, Boochaye Singh, Dabee Singh, Juggoo Singh, Esoree Singh, Pursoo Ram Singh, Shewdharee Singh, Juggernauth Singh, and Uddeapersaud Singh, guardianship of Gobindpersaud Singh, defendants, are to be sold under Section 10, Act XI, of 1859.

No. 55.—Mulickallypoor Boozroog, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded Proprietors, Gooroodial Singh and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 3,437-5-4. The rights and interests of Gooroodial Singh, Bhubhotee Singh, Rambhorosa Singh, Nowab Singh, Ramtabul Singh, Rajoomar Singh, Raja Byjeenathnarain Singh, Thiekroo Singh, Bhakoo Singh, Baboo Byjoo Singh, Baboo Jaetoo Singh, and Anoodbeharee Singh, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 225.—Hattapore Balaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors, Sobah Heeralall Jha and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 965-1-3. The rights and interests of Heeralall Jha, Peertheelall Jha, Sobah Bhaeahlall Jha, and Sobah Bhyroolall Jha, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI of 1859.

No. 588.—Hureehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour; recorded Proprietors, Nehal Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 830-6-7. The rights and interests of Nehal Chowdry, Juggonohun Chowdry, Hydr Allee, Jugraj Singh, Goburdhunlall, Cassy Dutt Chowdry, Hurlall Chowdry, Rueah Chowdry, Lulleet Chowdry, Sumbhoo Dutt Chowdry, Nund Kishwurlall, Doolar Singh Chowdry, Aukbur Ally, Sufedur Ally, Mussamut Tussedookool Nissa, Mussamut Bebee Enact Futmech, Mussamut Audooolool Nissa, Mussamut Nujomool Nissa, and Birraj Singh, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 841.—Mireharam, Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckley Girjowl; recorded Proprietors, Imrithlall and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 578-4.

No. 1221.—Rhumapore, Pergunnah Hajepore; recorded Proprietors, Ramsoomran Singh and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 552-12-10.

No. 1222.—Roopus, Pergunnah Hajepore; recorded Proprietors, Roe Joykishwun and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 2,752.

No. 1223.—Shahpore Kowutpore, Pergunnah Hajepore; recorded Proprietors, Koersing and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 506-10-8.

No. 1484.—Kurreean, Pergunnah Jakhur; recorded Proprietors, Roe Kooldepram and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1807.—Dhumpsau, Pergunnah Sawamin; recorded Proprietors, Meerkhan and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 508-12-5. The rights and interests of Meer Khan, Ramdhone Mahatha, Gungapersaud Mahatha, Sheepersaud Mahatha, Mussamut Roormin Koer, Sheik Muzurallee, Mussamut Bebee Jaan, Mussamut Abdool Nissa, Mussamut Tuzammool Nissa, Tusaddookool Nissa, Hirday Mahathean, Ramnath Singh, Ramlaull Mahatha, Saalull Mahatha, Byjeenath Singh Mahatha, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

*Class IV.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 1807.—Dhumpsau, Pergunnah Sowamin; recorded Proprietors, Beebee Jaan and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 508-12-5. The right and interest of Muzhur Ally were, on the 9th May 1866, sold under Section 184, Act XXV. of 1861, but the auction purchaser having defaulted to pay in the consideration money, the said rights and interests are again to be sold under Section 24, Act XI. of 1859.

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 1982.—Goorgaon, Pergunnah Marwah Kallean, recorded Proprietors, Gung Rai and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 688-14-11. This Menal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Gunga Roy, Mussamut Luchmee Koer, mother and guardian of Rumnooyhro Roy, defendants, are only to be sold under Regulation XIX. of 1814.

No. 1991.—Ghosout, Pergunnah Murwakallah; recorded Proprietors, Sobeh Sunthlall Jha and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 1,425-4-6. The rights and interests of Sobeh Heeralall Jha, Sobeh Pertheolall Jha, Sobeh Bhaeahlall Jha, and Bhyroolall Jha, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 2106.—Dhunoowath Shekh, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckley Nye; recorded Proprietors Sheo Sahage Sah; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 610-4-6.

No. 3004.—Hoosaneepore Pygumberpore, Pergunnah Suraisa; recorded Proprietors, Puloo Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma, Rupees 545-1-1. The rights and interests of Puloo Chowdry, Foujdar Chowdry, Hunsraj Chowdry, Nurhind Chowdry, Beedhatha Chowdry, Jewun Chowdry, Birjoo Chowdry, Dhurjee Chowdry, Duttam Chowdry, Bhoopun Chowdry, Syed Kafaet Hossein Dhoodun Chowdry, Hunsraj Singh, Joydial Singh, Hoorill Singh, Rannoo Singh, Birja Singh, Mussamut Pearee, Omraobahdoor Singh, Ausgurallee, Bauepersaud Singh, Rampersaud Singh, Mussamut Bunssee Koer, Mussamut Bebee Peerbux, Mussamut Raywut Koer, Naug Bunssee Koer, guardian of Sew Raj Koer, minor, and Mussamut Aiu Koer, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 3105.—Mahthee, Pergunnah Serissa; recorded Proprietors, Subkurun Singh and others; **Sudder Jumma**, Rupees 1,498-5-4. The rights and interests of Subkurun Singh, Kurun Singh, Hoolas Singh, Hunnooman Singh, Ansmann Sing, Oorff Kullea Singh, Arjeon Singh, Oorff Bulwunth Singh, Jhamua Singh, Neelal Singh, Duljeet Singh, Wodan Singh, Sardaur Singh, Moolun Singh, Rajoomar Singh, Noonoo Singh, Boegoo Singh, Mussamut Munraj Koer, Khakree Singh, Chueonuree Singh, Chooto Singh, Bunsee Singh, Sham Singh, Mussamut Ansmann Koer, herself and guardian, Tejuarain Sahee, minor, Mussamut Oamad Koer, Oorff Bhuwance Koer, herself and guardian of Deonarain Sahee, Luchmeenarain Sahee, minors, Heemun Singh, Dookhurun Singh, Mussamut Rance Koer, Mussamut Mooruth Koer, Suboor Koer, Dookbhurun Singh, Bhunjun Singh, Sheev Sunkur, Narain Singh, Hursan Kurnarain Singh, husband of Mussamut Aulukh Koer, Tangur Singh, Nampalee Singh, Ear Singh, Bheechook Singh, Runglall Singh, Unguoo Singh, and Nanhoo Singh, Oorff Ghooghun Singh, defendants, are only to be sold under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859.

No. 6012.—Sreepore Mowan, Pergunnah Tursone; recorded Proprietors, Sheik Hydurally and others; **Sudder Jumma**, Rupees 635-14-1. The rights and interests of Sheik Hydurally, Aukburally, Mussamut Woseemun Nissa, Mussamut Audooolool Nissa, and Mussamut Fakeroon Nissa, guardian of Sheik Mahomed Hossein, Oorff Kareemoodeen Hossein, minor, defendants, are only to be sold under Regulation XIX. of 1814.

No. 7296.—Duodha Osrahee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded proprietors, Sheik Hydurally and others; **Sudder Jumma**, Rupees 712-8-1.

TIRHOOT,  
Collector's Office,  
The 23rd June 1866. }

A. T. MACLEAN,  
Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 18th July 1866, corresponding with 18th Assar 1273 Fussy, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 89.—Mehal Jugjewunpore, Pergunnah Pilitch; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Jankee Coowur, Doollee Chund, himself and guardian of Ghirdhur Loll, Minor, and Dirgopal Singh and Kunhoya Loll, (brothers of the Minor), and Dindial; **Sudder Jumma** Rupees 5,092-4-2. The Rights and Interest of Dowlut Singh only in the abovementioned Estate are to be sold in the case of Doorga Dutt, Plaintiff.

No. 229.—Mehal Nerundpore Khorownia, &c., Pergunnah Azimabad; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Hurkho Beebee, Mussamut Doorga, wife of Hurpershad, son of Kishoonpershad, Dewnur Singh, Bhuttun Singh, Baboo Mohun Loll, Baboo Kunhoya Loll, Nanuek Bux, Ram Bux, Sheodial Missr, Nuudoo Loll, himself and guardian of Oomrao Bahadoor, Jaggurnath Suhoy, Pursotimjee, Beetulnathjee, Moharaj, Banepershad Sahoo *alias* Madho Loll, Mookoond Loll Sahoo, Sewpershad Sahoo, Suntoo Loll, Hurehur Suhoy, Bhyrodial Singh, Sahebzada Singh, Beetnarain, Baboo Hetnarain Singh, Baboo Ooditnarain Singh, Baboo Hureehur Nath Singh, Baboo Rangolam Singh, Mussamut Nayhaloonnissa and Tyuboonnissa; **Sudder Jumma** Rupees 1,185-5-7. The Rights and Interests of Bhyrodial Singh, Defendant, only in Mouzah Heeranundpore, appertaining to the lot of Nerundpore Khorownia, are to be sold in the case of Syed Sukhawut Hossein, Mookhtar of Mohamed Ali Nukee Khan, Mookhtar in the part of Nayhaloonnissa and Tyuboonnissa, Plaintiffs.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,  
The 18th June 1866. }

E. DRUMMOND,  
Collector.





# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1866.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE.

Simla, the 21st June 1866.

THE following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it are published for general information, by order of His Excellency the Governor General, under the 19th of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

*A Bill to transfer to the Government of India certain Securities and monies deposited in the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, and the proceeds of certain estates in the charge of the Administrator General of Bengal.*

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain securities and sums of money deposited in the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, in the course of suits in the said Courts, or in the late Supreme Courts at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, respectively, and which securities and sums now appear or shall hereafter appear to have been in such deposit for a period of twenty years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, should be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government: And whereas it is also expedient that the net proceeds of all estates administered under the orders of the said Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or in the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear from the official books and accounts to have been in official custody for a period of fifteen years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, should be transferred and paid

to the Government of India for the purposes aforesaid; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. All securities and sums of money deposited in the said High Courts or Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or any of them, in the course of suits in the said Courts or the late Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, respectively, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear to have been in such deposit for a period of twenty years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government.

2. The net proceeds of all estates administered under the orders of the said Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or in the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear from the official books and accounts to have been in official custody for a period of fifteen years or upwards without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government.

3. Nothing in this Act shall authorize any transfer or payment of any such securities, sums of money or proceeds as aforesaid, pending any suit already instituted or which shall hereafter be instituted in respect thereof.

4. If any claim shall hereafter be made to any part of the securities, monies or proceeds which shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India under the provisions of this Act, and if such claim shall, in the case of securities and monies transferred and paid under the first Section of this Act, be established to the satisfaction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, respectively, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the second Section of this

Act, shall, in the case of securities and monies transferred and paid under the first Section of this Act, be established to the satisfaction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, respectively, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the second Section of this

Act, shall, in the case of securities and monies transferred and paid under the first Section of this Act, be established to the satisfaction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, respectively, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the second Section of this

to the Government of India for the purposes aforesaid; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Act by order of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, be established to the satisfaction of the same Court, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the same Section by the Administrator General of Bengal for the time being, be established to the satisfaction of the said Administrator General and the Accountant General to the Government of Bengal, respectively, the Government of India shall pay to the claimant the amount of the principal so transferred and paid as aforesaid, or so much thereof as shall appear to be due to the claimant. If any such last-mentioned claim shall not be established to the satisfaction of the said Administrator General and Accountant General, the claimant may apply by petition to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, on its original side, against the Government of India and the Administrator General of Bengal for the time being, and after taking evidence, either orally or on affidavit in a summary way, as the said Court shall think fit, the said Court shall make such order on the petition for the payment of such portion of the principal sum as justice shall require, which order shall be binding on all parties to the suit.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Sums amounting to nearly Rupees 6,70,000 in Government Securities and cash, are now in the High Courts of the three Presidency towns, deposited in the course of suits instituted in the late Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay. There are also funds deposited under similar circumstances in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement. These sums have been unclaimed for more than twenty years. The proceeds of certain estates administered by order of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement have also been unclaimed for a period of fifteen years.

The object of this Bill is to transfer these sums to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government, subject to any claims which may hereafter be established to the satisfaction of the Court from which the transfer shall have been made.

The present opportunity has been taken to remedy a defect in the existing law regarding unclaimed estates in the hands of the Administrator General of Bengal. All estates administered by the Administrators General of Madras and Bombay, which may be unclaimed for more than fifteen years, are, under Act No. VIII of 1855, Section 51, credited to the general revenues, subject to any claim thereto being afterwards established. But there is no provision of the kind with regard to estates coming into the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, subsequent to the passing of that Act.

SIMLA,  
The 10th June 1866. }

W. N. MASSEY.

WHITLEY STOKES,  
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India,  
Home Dept. (Legislative.)

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 1371.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 30th June 1866.—Mr. J. B. Pratt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moorshedabad, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class in that District.

The 3rd July 1866.—Mr. C. Connolly, Apothecary, to have Medical charge of No. 4, Topographical Survey Party in Chota Nagpore.

The 4th July 1866.—Baboo Moodsoodhun Ghose to officiate as Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, during the absence, on deputation, of Moulvie Ali Newaz, or until further orders.

Baboo Gunga Kant Maokerjee to officiate as Sudder Ameen of Jessore and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Baboo Brojo Mohun Dutt to be Sudder Ameen of Pubna and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Baboo Shama Churn Chatterjee to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the 24-Pergunnahs, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in that District.

Subject to the sanction of the Government of India, Baboo Nilmoney Dass is appointed temporarily to be Second Special Sub-Registrar of Assurances under Act XX. of 1866 in Noakhally.

The 5th July 1866.—Mr. A. T. Maclean to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Sarun, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. M. Halliday, or until further orders.

Mr. W. F. McDonell to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Nuddea, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. A. B. Glover, or until further orders.

Mr. H. W. J. Bamber to be a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Chittagong.

Mr. G. Graham to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nuddea.

Mr. W. D. Pratt to be a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Comillah.

The 6th July 1866.—Mr. J. R. Thomson to be a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Canning.

Mr. C. Hampton to be a Member of the Local Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Deoghur.

Baboo Brojolall Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-Division of Bowsee, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Bhargulpore.

Mr. E. E. Wilcox to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the Chittagong Division, to be posted to Noakhally, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in any or all the Districts of that Division.



The following gentlemen have been appointed, under Section 4, Act X. (B. C.) of 1866, to form the Committee of Justices for the improvement of the Port of Calcutta, the Chairman of the Justices being *ex-officio* Chairman of the Committee, *vis.* :—

<p><i>Members appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor.</i></p> <p>Lieut.-Colonel J. E. T. Nicolls, R. E.          Captain H. Howe.          Mr. Ferdinand Schiller.          „ John Skinner.</p>	<p><i>Members elected by the Justices.</i></p> <p>Mr. A. T. T. Peterson.          „ R. Scott Moncrieff.          „ A. M. Dowleans.          Baboo Degumber Mitter.          Mr. J. B. Knight.</p>
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The 9th July 1866.—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Pubna :—

- Baboo Banee Madhub Shome.
- Mr. J. M. E. Gouldsbury.
- „ G. Ridsdale.
- Moulvie Wassifuddeen.
- Baboo Bishnoo Churn Dutt.

Mr. D. M. Barbour to be an Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Tirhoot, to have charge of the Sub-Division of Madhubanee, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, and Deputy Collector in that District. Mr. Barbour is also empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions or the High Court, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions or High Court, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Lalla Faqueer Chand Lall, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-Division of Bhubooah, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in Shahabad.

Lieutenant J. Gregory to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, during the absence, on leave, of Major E. P. Lloyd, or until further orders.

Dr. L. A. Kidd to be Medical Officer of Gawalparah.

Dr. W. J. VonLintzgy to be Medical Officer of Pubna.

Mr. S. J. Kilby to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1840, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the Dacca Division, to be posted to Sylhet, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in any or all the Districts of that Division.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 2nd July 1866.—Mr. J. K. Rogers, Professor in charge of the Patna College, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 22nd March last.

The 5th July 1866.—Mr. G. Hosmer, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Sub-Division of the City of Moorshedabad, for one month, under paragraph 16 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. F. M. Halliday, Magistrate and Collector of Sarun, for three months, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the 1st August next, or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The 9th July 1866.—Major E. P. Lloyd, Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, for one month, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Moulvie Sukawut Hossein, Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Patna, for two months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Mr. F. W. Molony, Officiating Judge of Moorshedabad, for one month, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave, making over charge of the current duties of his Office to Baboo Degumber Biswas, the Judge of the Moorshedabad Court of Small Causes.

Moulvie Ali Mahomed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bancoorah, for one month, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 18th May last.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 5th July 1866.—One month's privilege leave of absence, from the 25th ultimo, has been granted by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Revd. R. Norman, Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, under paragraph 27 of the Furlough and Absentee Rules for Chaplains.

The appointment of Captain A. Baker to officiate as Agent for Government Transports, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th ultimo, will have effect from the 2nd idem, the date on which he assumed charge of the office.

The 7th July 1866.—The services of Lieutenant J. Waterhouse, recently appointed an Assistant in the Revenue Survey Department in the Lower Provinces, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Supplementary Commissions of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta were issued by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal directed to the under-mentioned Officers on the dates mentioned, *vis.* :—

Dr. Walter Bourne ...	} 14th Mar. 1866.
The Hon'ble George Ross...	
Captain George Roe Fenwick	
Mr. John Francis Ogilvy ...	
„ Michael Henderson ...	} 19th June 1866.
„ James Henry Matthews	
Baboo Heeraloll Seal ...	
Mr. Stuart Saunders Hogg...	} 5th July 1866.
„ John Skinner ...	
„ James Alexander Crawford ...	
„ Ferdinand Schiller ...	
Captain Henry Howe ...	} 6th July 1866.
Dr. Sidney Somerford ...	
Lynch ...	



## NOTIFICATION.

*The 7th July 1866.*—Under the authority vested in him by Section 2, Act III. (B. C.) of 1865, (an Act to make better provision for the prevention of injury from fire in ports, and to provide for the safe keeping of inflammable oils in ports and places within the provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,) the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of that Act to the Port of Calcutta, within the limits as defined in the Notifications issued from the Marine Department, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th July 1856, 6th March 1854, and 27th September 1865.

## NOTIFICATION.

*The 7th July 1866.*—The following Notification issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is re-published for general information:—

No. 2279.—*The 29th June 1866.*—The following Notice received from the Government of Ceylon is published for general information:—

“Notice is hereby given that, on and after the 1st of September next, during the erection of a Second Order Dioptric Light on the Clock Tower, a temporary Light will be exhibited on the old Light-house near the Flag Staff, at an elevation of 90 feet above the sea.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE; } JAMES DONNAN,  
COLOMBO, } Master Attendant.  
*The 9th May 1866.*

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are re-published for general information:—

No. 2101.—*Simla, the 22nd June 1866.*—The following Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 11 of 1866, dated the 16th of May, is published for general information:—

ECCLESIASTICAL. } INDIA OFFICE;  
No. 11. } London, the 16th May 1866.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

SIR,—I HAVE considered in Council your letter dated 28th February, (No. 3) 1866, forwarding a renewed recommendation from the Bishop of Calcutta, that Chaplains who have served their full time shall be allowed to retire at once on the pension to which they are entitled by the existing rules, the right being reserved to them of drawing the increased rate of pension prospectively sanctioned whenever that scale shall come into operation by the vacation of one of the Senior Chaplaincies.

2. There is considerable force in the considerations urged by the Bishop in support of his request, and in compliance with your earnest recommendation, I sanction the proposed concession.

I have, &c.,  
(Sd.) DE GREY AND RIPON.

No. 2203.—The services of Mr. F. A. B. Glover are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th instant.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is re-published for information:—

No. 674.—*Political.*—*Simla, the 28th June 1866.*—*Notification.*—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to confer the title of “Rajah Bahadoor” on Rajah Bhageswarthee Mahendro, of Killah Dhenkanal, in the Tributary Mehals of Cuttaok.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, is re-published for information:—

No. 1144.—*Simla, the 23rd June 1866.*—*Notification.*—Under the provisions of Section 7 of Act X. of 1862, and in the exercise of the power and authority therein reserved, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the use of the share transfer adhesive Stamps on Transfer Deeds under Act X. of 1866.

## DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 2 OF ACT VI. OF 1857.

*The 30th June 1866.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the erection of a Schoolhouse at Motecharee, in the District of Chumparun, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a plot of land, measuring 116. 18c. 15ch. = (3a. 3r. 3½p.) situated at Motecharee, Pergunnah Mojuab, and bounded by Sitta Nauth Moonshee's and Kedder Nauth Mitter's houses on the North; by Government high road on the South; by Government road on the East, and by Mohabeerpersad's unfinished *pucca* buildings on the West, is required.

2. This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

A. EDEN,  
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Public Works Department, —Bengal.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 155.

*The 4th July 1866.*

*Notification.*—The following Order issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is re-published for information:—

No. 182 of the 23rd June 1866.—Mr. A. Donzelle, of the Local Works Establishment, Bengal, is transferred to the Imperial Establishment as an Assistant Engineer of the Second Grade, and posted to that Province.

No. 156.

*The 5th July 1866.*

*Transfers.*—Mr. J. Muuro, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, from the Nuddea (Local Road) Division to the First Division, Grand Trunk Road.

Baboo Gopal Chunder Dutt, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Sylhet to the Upper Assam Division.

No. 157.

*The 7th July 1866.*

*Appointments.*—Baboo Gopal Chunder Day, Probationary Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the Jessore Road Division, is permanently appointed to that Grade with effect from the 1st April 1866.

No. 158.

Baboo Gopal Chunder Pal, Probationary Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Jessore Road Division, is permanently appointed an Overseer, Second Grade.

## AGRICULTURAL.

No. 159.

The 10th July 1866.

*Declaration under Sections II. and XXXIII. of Act VI. of 1857, in supersession of Declaration 11, dated 18th January 1866, published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th February 1866, page 311.*

WHEREAS it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company of Distributary Channels for the purposes of irrigation from the Kendraparah Canal, in the district of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, the under-mentioned strips of land are required:—

*For 1st Channel with its Branches a length of 21 miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Kyrah ending at Ootrole.

Branch A taking off from Mahanjanpore ending at Jakdeeah.

Branch B taking off from Bowwood ending at Lakhinaraipore.

Branch C taking off from Bisseenathpore ending at Sadeepore.

*For 2nd Channel a length of 2 miles, more or less, taking off from Andasoye ending at Chumpotee.*

*For No. 3 Channel a length of 3½ miles, more or less, taking off from Putchinkutch ending at Poobkutch.*

*For No. 4 Channel with its Branches a length of 13½ miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Poobkutch ending at Mohum.

Branch B taking off from Singmapore ending at Barpurrah.

Branch C taking off from Mandolow ending at Basdyepore.

*For No. 5 Channel with Branch 5 miles more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Rajahpore ending at Chanepore.

Branch A taking off from Rajahpore ending at Bobulpore.

*For No. 6 Channel with its Branches a length of 23 miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Butasur ending at Sokerparrah.

Branch B taking off from Bodamoondye ending at Karunga.

Branch C taking off from Manteeah ending at Canpoor.

Branch D taking off from Durmagutpore ending at Mahenqa.

Branch E taking off from Sookleesa ending at Arenutta.

Branch F taking off from Ooseng ending at Daboorya.

*For No. 7 Channel a length of 2½ miles, more or less, taking off from Kolanpore ending at Torbinda.*

*For No. 8 Channel with its Branches a length of 43 miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Kundgoon ending at Noahat.

Branch A taking off from Kundgoon ending at Mahang.

Branch Aa taking off from Govindputta ending at Ramkissenpore.

Branch B taking off from Nuttrah ending at Niehinkoolce.

Branch C taking off from Nuttrah ending at Tunnoopore.

Branch D taking off from Bahalo ending at Bolorampore.

Branch F taking off from Gootyra ending at Oostapore.

Branch G taking off from Jharessurpore ending at Rogodossore.

Branch H taking off from Achootpore ending at Puramooree.

Branch I taking off from Ender ending at Bulbudderpore.

Branch Ia taking off from Nilkuntpore ending at Nurroa.

Branch Ib taking off from Chacheena ending at Bullarpore.

Branch K taking off from Orakhund ending at Par Polye.

*For No. 9 Channel with its Branches 20 miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Bulliapudda ending at Orgunga.

Branch A taking off from Peeturparrah ending at Teelukupore.

Branch D taking off from Ranceparrah ending at Digidpudda.

Branch E taking off from Anda ending at Gunsurpore.

Branch F taking off from Buntalow ending at Gopalpore.

Branch G taking off from Savulkuna ending at Koorgunga.

*For No. 10 Channel 1 mile, more or less, taking off from Jugganathpore ending at Katalow.*

*For No. 11 Channel with its Branches 18½ miles, more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Parbuttypore ending at Koorgunga.

Branch A taking off from Bungoan ending at Chandole.

Branch B taking off from Pulaye ending at Koosseedah.

Branch C taking off from Mulkissorepore ending at Koorpuddah.

Branch D taking off from Bamunpore ending at Bajparrah.

Branch E taking off from Fakeerabad ending at Koosseeapal.

*For No. 12 Channel a length of 5 miles, more or less, taking off from Duk ending at Bagilo.*

*For No. 13 Channel with its Branches 8½ miles more or less.*

Main Line taking off from Danpore ending at Jagaspore.

Branch A taking off from Danpore ending at Rajauk.

Branch B taking off from Sangoun ending at Ercallee.

The land for the above Distributaries to be an average width 70 feet, more or less.

Land is also required for drainage cuts.

From Poobkutch to Singarapore, Pergunnah Kurrismool, length ¾ more or less.

From Moradabad to Rutteparrah, Pergunnah Asseressur, length one mile, more or less.

From Jharessurpore to Gopalpoor, Pergunnah Asseressur, length 1¼ mile, more or less.

The land for the above drainage cuts to be 50 feet wide, more or less.

2. This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*

*Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*

P. W. D.

Pub. Works, (Railway,) Dept.,—Bengal.

Fort William, the 4th July 1866.

DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 2 OF ACT VI. OF 1857.

NOTIFICATION.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Railway Station at Peerpointee, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a strip of land is required, measuring about 9 beegahs 11 cottahs and 15½ chittacks, in Mouzah Soonderpore, Tuppeh Mudhoobun, Pergunnah Colgong, District Bhaugulpore; the land is already in possession of the Railway Company, and has been marked out partly by fencing, and partly by nicking the turf. This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 2 OF ACT VI. OF 1857.

NOTIFICATION.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense, for public purpose, viz., for Bungalow sites on the new Chord Lane from Sectarampore to Luckeeserai, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, several plots of land, measuring in all 93 beegahs 10 cottahs and 15 chittacks, (more or less,) situated in Mouzah Kallajurriah, Zillah Beerbhoom Joramo, Zillah Southal Pergunnahs, Mouzahs Burriarpore and Muddunpore, Zillah Monghyr, are required. The plots are defined on the ground, and the boundaries are as stated below.

This Declaration is made, under Section 2, Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

Mouzah Kallajurriah, 14bs. 12cs. (more or less.)

The land is bounded on the—  
North by Mouzah Kallajurriah.  
East by ditto.  
South by ditto.  
West by ditto.

Mouzah Joramo, 8bs. 15cs. (more or less.)

The land is bounded on the—  
North by Ramehauder Singh's land.  
East by ditto.  
South by ditto.  
West by ditto.

Mouzah Burriarpore (Mulleypore), 24bs. 5cs. 5chs. (more or less.)

The land is bounded on the—  
North by Raja Seelanand Singh's property.  
East by ditto.  
South by ditto.  
West by ditto.

Mouzah Muddunpore, (Plot No. 1), 46bs. 13cs. 5chs. (more or less.)

The land is bounded on the—  
North by Maharajah Jye Mungul Singh's property.  
East by ditto.  
South by ditto.  
West by ditto.

Mouzah Muddunpore, (Plot No. 2), 4bs. 5cs. 5chs. (more or less.)

The land is bounded on the—  
North by Maharajah Jye Mungul Singh's property.  
East by ditto.  
South by ditto.  
West by ditto.  
By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. S. TAYLOR, Capt., R. E.,  
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 516.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1864-65, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 9th August 1866, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,330 Chests, viz.:

Behar Opium	...	...	2,000
Benares "	...	...	1,330
Total Chests	...	...	3,330

2. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertised will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 26th October 1865, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th August respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th August 1866, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th August 1866.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1864-65, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Sept. 1866	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Thursday, 4th Oct. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Friday, 9th Nov. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Wed., 6th Dec. "	2,000	1,370	3,370
Total	8,000	5,360	13,360

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,  
T. BRUCE LANE,

FORT WILLIAM, } Junior Secretary.  
The 3rd July 1866. }



**Rules drawn up in accordance with Section 4, Act XX of 1865, for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of Pleaders and Mookhtars in Mofussil Courts.**

1. **PLEADERS** in the Mofussil Courts of the Regulation Provinces, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the High Court, shall, as regards qualification, be of two grades.

2. Those of the higher grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in any Civil or Criminal Court subordinate to and within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court, and also before the Board of Revenue or in any Revenue Court or Office within the said limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

3. Those of the lower grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in the Courts of the Sudder Ameen and Moonsiffs, and in the Courts of Assistant Commissioners, Extra Assistant Commissioners, and Registrars of Small Cause Courts, and also in any Criminal Court, or before the Board of Revenue or other Revenue Court or Office, within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

4. Mookhtars, duly admitted and enrolled, may, subject to the conditions of their certificates, as to the class of Courts in which they are authorized to practise, appear and act in any Civil Court, and may appear, plead, and act in any Criminal Court within the same limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

5. All persons, who, on the 1st January 1866, were Pleaders or were lawfully qualified to act as Pleaders in any local Civil Court subordinate to the High Court, are qualified to be admitted and enrolled as Pleaders, subject to the provisions of Act XX of 1865. Such persons must make their applications for enrolment in the manner prescribed in Section 43 of the said Act.

**QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE HIGHER GRADE.**

6. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the higher grade who shall be qualified as hereinafter prescribed, that is to say,—

1st.—If he shall have obtained the Degree of Bachelor in Law of one of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall be a Licentiate in Law of one of the said Universities: Provided that his application for admission as a Pleader be made within three years from the time of his obtaining such Degree or License, or within such further time as the High Court shall for any special reason allow; or

2nd.—If he shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects. Where two or more books are mentioned in the alternative, it shall be

sufficient if the applicant pass in one of such books to be selected by himself.

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
1st.—The law of property current in Bengal.	
A. With reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land,—to claims to hold land exempt from the payment of Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I, VIII, X, XIV, XIXs and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered; Act XI of 1859, and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
B. The law of under-tenures and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of rent.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819. Act X of 1859; Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
C. The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859; Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
D. Mortgages; Registration of Assurances.	Macpherson on Mortgages; Act XX of 1866.
E. The Hindoo Law of inheritance, succession, and adoption.	Dayabara and Mitaksara; Duttaka Charyaka or Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
F. Mahomedan Law...	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
G. The Indian Succession Act.	Act X of 1865.
2nd.—Obligations arising from Contracts.	Macpherson on Contracts.
3rd.—Civil Procedure...	Act VIII of 1859; Act XXIII of 1861; Act XI of 1865.
4th.—The Law of Evidence.	Act II of 1855, and Best or Goodeve or Norton on Evidence.
5th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862; Act XVIII of 1865.
6th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV of 1859.
7th.—Criminal Law and Procedure.	The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860) and the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).
7. The examinations will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, according to such Regulation as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.	
8. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the	

examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

9. In order to qualify a person to present himself for the examination required by these Rules for the higher grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall satisfy the High Court that he has received a liberal education elsewhere than in India.

2nd.—He must hold a certificate of having regularly attended a full course of Lectures in Law at one of the Colleges affiliated to the Calcutta University, or such Law lectures elsewhere as shall be deemed by the High Court to be sufficient.

3rd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

4th.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 40 years, unless he shall have been admitted and shall have practised as a Pleader of the lower grade previously to his application to be admitted to the examination for the higher grade, in which case he may be admitted to that examination if he shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he resides that up to the time of the application he has been acting as a Pleader of the lower grade, and shall produce a certificate from the Judge or Judges in whose Court he has been so practising, that in his or their judgment he is a proper person to be admitted to examination for the higher grade.

10. Any person, who, on the 1st January 1866, was practising as a Pleader of the lower grade, may present himself at the first examination for a pleadership of the higher grade, which may take place after the expiration of six months from the publication of these Rules in the *Calcutta Gazette*, without having the qualifications required by Clauses 1 and 2 of Rule 9.

11. Every candidate for examination for the higher grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall establish to the satisfaction of the Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rules 9 and 10 to be necessary for such candidates.

12. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

13. Before the date of examination every candidate for the higher grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 20 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 12, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipts endorsed thereon.

14. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 11 and make the payment required by Rule 13 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

15. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Pleader of the higher grade, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 20, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 20, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

16. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 15, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

17. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

#### QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE LOWER GRADE.

18. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the lower grade who shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause, by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects:—

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
1st.—Hindoo Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
2nd.—Mahomedan Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
3rd.—Law of Contracts	Macpherson on Contracts.
4th.—The law of property current in Bengal with reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land;—to claim to hold lands exempt from the payment of Government Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I VIII, X, XIV, XIX, and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered: Act XI of 1859, and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
5th.—The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859: Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
6th.—The law relating to Putnee Talooks.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819: Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
7th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV. of 1859.
8th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862: Act XVIII of 1865.



7.—Civil Procedure, Act VIII of 1859: Act including the Small Cause Court Act.  
 10A.—The Law of Evidence.  
 11A.—Criminal Law and Procedure.

Act VIII of 1859: Act XXIII of 1861: Act XI of 1866.  
 Act II of 1855, and Norton on Evidence.  
 Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860): Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).

19. The examination will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.

20. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

21. In order to qualify a person to present himself for examination for the lower grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or a certificate of having passed the examination for a Government Vernacular Scholarship, or minor scholarship.

2nd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

3rd.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 35 years.

22. Every candidate for examination for the lower grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and shall establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rule 21 to be necessary for such candidates.

23. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

24. Before the date of examination every candidate for the lower grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 10 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 23, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

25. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 22, and make the payment prescribed by Rule 24 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

26. Any person who shall have passed for the lower grade under the preceding Rules, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 10, and shall, on production of the Examiner's certificate and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 10, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

27. The application, together with the certificate and receipt mentioned in Rule 26, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by him to the Registrar of the High Court with any remarks which he may think fit to make thereon.

28. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

#### RULES FOR MOOKHTARS.

29. 1st.—Any person qualified to be admitted as a Pleader of either grade shall be entitled to be admitted as Mookhtar.

2nd.—Any person qualified to present himself for examination for a pleadership for either grade may present himself for examination to be admitted as Mookhtar.

3rd.—Any person who can satisfy the Judge of the District that he possesses the following qualifications may be admitted to examination for the office of Mookhtar, viz.:—

A.—That he is a person of good moral character.

B.—That he has received a liberal education.

C.—That he is not above the age of 35 years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mookhtar, in which case no limit of age will be prescribed.

30. Every candidate for examination as a Mookhtar shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall at the time of giving such notice establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses all the qualifications declared by Rule 29 to be necessary for such candidates.

31. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

32. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rs. 5 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 31, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. The applicant shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

33. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 30, and make the payment prescribed in Rule 32 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

34. The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government



for conducting such examinations. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

- Code of Civil Procedure.
- Law of Limitation.
- Stamp Laws.
- Small Cause Court Act.
- Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure.

35. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Mookhtar, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 8, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

36. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 35, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

37. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

38. If any person having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Mookhtar shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by special order of the High Court, the time for such application shall be extended.

39. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least immediately preceding that date as a Mookhtar in a Criminal Court, and who shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he ordinarily practised that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified by his knowledge of Law and Procedure to continue practising as Mookhtar shall be admitted to practise in any Criminal Court.

40. In any District in which there is a resident Magistrate and no resident Judge, it shall be sufficient for an applicant to satisfy the Magistrate that he possesses the qualifications mentioned in Rule 39.

41. The qualifications required by the foregoing Rules shall not be necessary for Pleaders or Mookhtars in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Pleaders and Mookhtars will be published hereafter.

42. If any person having been admitted and enrolled as a Pleader or Mookhtar shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the High Court.

43. Any person, who, having been admitted as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into

any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the High Court; who may thereupon pass such orders as the said Court may think fit.

44. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall state the fact in his application for admission.

45. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Pleader or Mookhtar to suspension or dismissal.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. TREVOR.  
H. V. BAYLE.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SKTON-KARR.  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SHUMBOONATH PUNDIT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
J. B. PHEAR.  
A. G. MACPHERSON.  
F. A. GLOVER.

The 2nd May 1866.

*The following are the rules prepared by the Board of Revenue under Section 23, Act XX of 1865, to define what qualifications are required for a certificate entitling a person to practise as a Revenue Agent under that Act.*

1. Any person who has obtained from the Judge a certificate that he is qualified to present himself for examination as a Mukhtar, may present himself for examination for the office of Revenue Agent.

2. Any person who can satisfy the Collector of the District that he possess the following qualifications, may be admitted to examination for the office of Revenue Agent, *viz.*:—

1st.—That he is a person of good moral character.

2nd.—That he has received a liberal education.

3rd.—That he is not under the age of twenty, nor above the age of thirty-five years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mukhtar, in which case no enquiry as to age is necessary.

3. Every candidate for examination for the office of Revenue Agent shall at least six weeks before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Collector of the District in which he resides, of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination.

4. The Collector if satisfied that the candidate is qualified for examination under Rule 1 or 2, shall, thereupon, enter his name, with a description sufficient for identification, in a register, and shall furnish to the candidate a certificate to that effect.

5. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rupees 5 to the Collector of the District whose receipt for the same shall be endorsed on the certificate described in Rule 4.

6. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice, and pay the fees, prescribed in Rules 3 and 5, to the Collector of the 24 Pargannas.

The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be examiners under Section 24, Act XX of 1865, and according to such regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examination. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| A. The permanent settlement; the Government lien on land; and the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue. | Regulations I, II, VIII, X, XI, XIV, XIX, XXXVII, and XLIV of 1793; Act XI of 1859. |
| B. The law of undertenures, and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue.                              | Regulations VIII of 1819 and I of 1820; Acts X of 1859 and VIII of 1865, B. C.      |
| C. The Law for the Division of Estates.  | Regulation XIX of 1814.   |
| D. The relation of Landlord and Tenant.  | Acts X of 1859 and VI of 1862, B. C.  |
| E. The Law of Evidence.  | Act II of 1855.   |
| F. The Stamp Laws.   | Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1865.   |

8. Any person, who shall pass the examination, and who shall desire to be admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise, Rupees 8, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners, and of a receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the Collector of the District for, and to receive a certificate in, the form prescribed in Schedule 3, Act XX of 1865, and subject to the conditions of Sections 20, 21, and 22 of the said Act, which certificate shall be signed by the Collector of the District, and delivered to the applicant.

9. The application, certificate, and receipt required by Rule 8, shall be forwarded by the Collector, to the Secretary of the Board of Revenue, with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

10. If any person, having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment, for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by a special order of the Board of Revenue, the time for such application shall be extended.

11. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least, immediately preceding that date, as a Mukhtar in a Revenue Office, and who shall satisfy the Collector of the District in which he has ordinarily practised, that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified, by his knowledge of law and procedure, to continue practising as a Revenue Agent, shall be admitted to practise in any Revenue Office.

12. The qualifications required by the above Rules, shall not be necessary for Revenue Agents in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Revenue Agents will be published hereafter.

13. If any person, having been admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the Board of Revenue.

14. Any person who, having been admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the Board of Revenue, who may, thereupon, pass such orders as the said Board may think fit.

15. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Revenue Agent, shall state the fact on his application for admission.

16. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Revenue Agent to suspension or dismissal.

A. GROVE, } Members, Board of  
V. H. SCHALCH, } Revenue.

Rules made by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, in pursuance of Act XX of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader, in proceedings in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces.

1. In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the Board of Revenue are pleased to direct that, from, and after, the 1st day of July 1866 the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, in respect of the fees of his adversary's pleader shall be calculated at the rates specified in the following schedules.

Agent to have three quarter fees only. If a Revenue Agent and not a pleader has been employed by the said adversary, a deduction of one fourth part shall be made from the fees calculated as herein deducted, and if, though a pleader has been employed, the Officer presiding in the Court or Office be of opinion that the employment of a pleader was unnecessary, and that it would have sufficed to employ a Revenue Agent, the fees shall be calculated as for a Revenue Agent only.

SCHEDULE.

In all suits or applications instituted under Act X. of 1859 of Act VI of 1862 B. C., and in all Judicial or quasi Judicial proceedings in any Revenue Court or Office:

If the amount or value of the property, debt, or damages decreed does not exceed 5,000 Rupees, at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value exceed 5,000 Rupees and does not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 20,000 and does not exceed 50,000, on 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 50,000, on 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at ½ per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of any fee exceed 3,000 Rupees.



2. In suits or proceedings to enforce rights of which the pecuniary value cannot be exactly defined, as, for example, in suits for a kabulyat or pottah, or for abatement or enhancement of rent, or for ejectment, or re-instatement, or in proceedings for the division of an estate, if the plaintiff succeed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office may order the fee of the pleader or Revenue Agent for the plaintiff to be calculated upon the valuation of the claim, or upon such a sum, not exceeding the valuation, as the said Officer may think reasonable and may fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute.

3. If any suit, application, or claim, is dismissed for default, or upon the merits, or is decreed for the defendant, the defendant's pleader's or agent's fee shall be calculated on the whole value of the suit.

4. If any suit, application or claim is decreed for the plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder, is dismissed or decreed for the defendant, the fees allowed to each party's pleader or agent shall be calculated upon the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he has succeeded.

5. If, in any suit for damages under the Rent Laws, the plaintiff fails to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance for a pleader or agent's fee in respect of the difference between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that, or any other cause to be specified, direct that a fee for his pleader or agent shall be allowed to the defendant. If specially allowed the amount of such fee shall be calculated upon the amount of damages disallowed to the plaintiff.

6. If several defendants, who have a joint or Common Interest succeed upon a joint defence, or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one pleader or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for reasons which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Presiding Officer shall direct to which of the defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several defendants in such manner as he shall think fit.

7. If several defendants, who have separate interests, set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one pleader or agent for each of the defendants who appear by a separate pleader or agent may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated upon the value of the separate interest of such defendant.

8. The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's pleader or agent, when allowed in any miscellaneous proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting or pleading in a suit or application, or other judicial or quasi judicial proceeding

prior to decree shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office according to the following scale, viz. :—

In proceedings before the Board of Revenue or in the Court or Office of a Commissioner of Revenue, Rupees 10 to 80.

In the Court or Office of a District Officer, Rupees 4 to 16.

In the Court or Office of a Deputy Collector, Rupee 1 to Rupees 10.

9. In any suit, application or claim, in any Court or Office of Original Jurisdiction which is undefended the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's pleader or agent shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

10. In proceedings for, or consequent upon, the revival or rehearing of a suit, the pleader's or agent's fee, if allowed to the successful party, shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office at an amount which shall not exceed one-half of the amount that would have been allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

The fee allowed in respect of the revival or rehearing will be irrespective of any fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit or proceeding which may be adjudged to the successful party by the judgment in review.

11. The amount to be allowed on account of the fees of an adversary's pleader or agent in an appeal, shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principles of the above clauses as to original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

12. When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one pleader's or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as he shall think fit.

13. If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate pleaders or agents, in determining whether several pleaders' or Agents' fees shall be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be guided by the principles laid down in Clauses 6 and 7.

14. If, in any instance, the payment of fees according to the preceding Clauses shall not appear to the Presiding Officer of any Court or Office to be just and equitable, he may exercise his discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable, but, whenever, in any case other than those provided for in Clause 8, an allowance is made for a pleader's or agent's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the Schedule appended in Clause 1.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

R. B. CHITMAN,  
Secretary.  
BOARD OF REVENUE,  
The 5th June 1868.



*Rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in pursuance of Act XX. of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the Fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the Fees of his adversary's Pleader in proceedings in any Court of Civil Judicature subordinate to the said High Court.*

In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the High Court is pleased to direct that, from and after the 1st day of July 1866, the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the subordinate Civil Courts in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader shall be calculated at the rates specified in the following scale, that is to say:—

**Rule 1.**—In suits for the recovery of specific property, or a share of a specific property, whether immoveable or moveable, or for the breach of any contract or for damages—

If the amount or value of the property, debt or damages decreed shall not exceed Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000 and not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent., and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000 and not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of any fee exceed Rupees 3,000

**Rule 2.**—In suits for injuries to the person or character of the Plaintiff, such as suits for assaults or defamation, or for injuries to property, or to enforce rights where the pecuniary value of such injury or right cannot be exactly defined, as in suits for interference with a right to light or water, or to enforce a right of pre-emption, or suits for the partition of joint property, where partition is improperly resisted, if the Plaintiff succeed, the Court may order the fee of the Pleader for the Plaintiff to be calculated with reference either to the amount decreed or according to the valuation of the suit, or according to such a sum not exceeding the valuation as the Court shall think reasonable and shall fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute. In any such case the amount of the Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 3.**—If the suit be dismissed for default or upon the merits, or be decreed for the Defendant, the Defendant's Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on the whole value of the suit.

**Rule 4.**—If the suit shall be decreed for the Plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder shall be dismissed or decreed for the Defendant, the fees allowed to each party's Pleader shall be fixed with reference to the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he shall succeed, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 5.**—If in any suit for unliquidated damages, the Plaintiff shall succeed as to the whole of his cause of action, but shall fail to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the Defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance for a Pleader's fee in respect of the difference

between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Court shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that or any other cause to be specified direct that a fee for his Pleader shall be allowed to the Defendant.

If specially allowed, the amount of such fee shall be fixed with reference to the amount of damages disallowed to the Plaintiff, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 6.**—If several Defendants who have a joint or common interest succeed upon a joint defence or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several Defendants in such manner as the Court shall think fit.

**Rule 7.**—If several Defendants who have separate interests set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one Pleader for each of the Defendants who shall appear by a separate Pleader may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated with reference to the value of the separate interest of such Defendant according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 8.**—The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's Pleader when allowed in any Miscellaneous Proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting, or pleading in a suit prior to decree, shall be fixed by the Court according to the following scale, viz:—

Rupees 10 to Rs. 80 in the Court of a Judge or Principal Sudder Ameen.

Rupees 4 to Rupees 16 in the Court of a Sudder Ameen.

Rupee 1 to Rupees 4 in the Court of a Moonsiff.

The above scale shall apply to applications under Sections 53 or 54 of Act XX. of 1865.

**Rule 9.**—In every suit in any Court of Original Jurisdiction which shall be undefended, the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's Pleader shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

**Rule 10.**—If a review be rejected after summoning the opposite party, or if after the admission of a review the former Judgment be upheld, the Pleader's fee, if allowed to the successful party in the review, shall be fixed by the Court at an amount which shall not in any case exceed one-half of the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

**Rule 11.**—If after the admission of a review the former Judgment be reversed, the fee of the Pleader in respect of the review, if allowed to the party who succeeds in the review, shall not exceed one-half the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree. The fee allowed in respect of the review will be irrespective of any Pleader's fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit which may be adjudged to the successful party by the Judgment in review.

**Rule 12.**—The amount to be allowed on account of the fee of an adversary's Pleader in appeals shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principals of the above rules as to

original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

*Rule 13.*—When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as it shall think fit.

*Rule 14.*—If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate Pleaders, in determining whether several Pleaders' fees shall be allowed, the Court shall be guided by the principles laid down in Rules 6 and 7.

*Rule 15.*—If in any instance the payment of fees, according to the preceding rules, shall not appear to the Court to be just and equitable, the Court may exercise its discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's Pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable; but in every case when an allowance is made for a Pleader's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1, or according to Rule 8, as the case may be.

Provided that, if under the provisions of Section 351, Act VIII. of 1859, the decree of a Lower Court be reversed on appeal, and the case be remanded to the Lower Court to be tried upon the merits, the Lower Court on passing its decree may allow to the successful party such a sum as the Court shall consider to be reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on account of his Pleader's fee in respect of the re-hearing in addition to the full amount of his Pleader's fee calculated according to that scale.

Provided also that if an appeal be preferred against the decree passed on remand, the fee, if any, allowed by the Appellate Court to the party succeeding in that appeal, shall not, unless for a special reason to be recorded, be less than one-fourth, nor more than half of the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1, if by the decree of the Appellate Court remanding the case, the same party shall have been allowed a full Pleader's fee in respect of the former appeal in the suit either absolutely or conditionally upon his succeeding upon the remand.

Provided also that if, under Section 354, Act VIII. of 1859, an issue be framed and referred by the Appellate Court for trial by the Lower Court, the Appellate Court may, if it think proper, allow to the party who shall succeed in the appeal, such a sum as the Court shall consider reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1 for his Pleader's fee in respect of the trial of the issue in the Lower Court, in addition to a full fee, in respect of the appeal, calculated at that rate.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. B. TREVOR.  
G. LOCH.  
H. V. BAYLEY.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SETON-KARR.  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SUMBHOO NATH PUNDT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
E. JACKSON.  
F. A. B. GLOVER.  
A. G. MACPHERSON.  
J. B. PHEAR.

**Notice.**

ON and after the 28th instant six annas Postage Stamps will be obtainable at the Office of the Collector of Calcutta and at the General Post Office.

T. F. BIGNOLD,  
*Offg. Supdt. of Stamps.*

SUPDT. OF STAMPS OFFICE, }  
*The 25th June 1866.*

**Notice.**

MR. H. RATTRAY, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Mymensing, received charge of the Treasury from Mr. H. J. REYNOLDS, Collector, on the 15th June 1866, and he has been authorized to draw Bills on all Treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,  
*Commissioner.*

DACCA COMM'R.'S OFFICE, }  
*The 25th June 1866.*

**Notice.**

MR. H. S. BEADON, Assistant Commissioner of Darjeeling, having taken charge of the Treasury there on the 13th June, is hereby authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

A. MONEY,  
*Commissioner.*

CAMP DARJEELING, }  
*The 14th June 1866.*

**Notification.**

KOOMAR BREJENDRO NARAUN DEB, Deputy Collector at Purneah, having received charge of the Treasury there on the 20th instant, is hereby authorized to draw Bills on other Treasury.

A. MONEY,  
*Commissioner.*

CAMP DARJEELING, }  
*The 26th June 1866.*

**Notification.**

BABOO POORNANUND BOROOAH, Extra Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowlparah Treasury on the 28th May 1866, and has been authorized to draw Bills on the public Treasuries.

H. HOPKINSON,  
*Commissioner of Assam.*

SHILLONG, }  
*The 6th June 1866.*

[ 1297 ]

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT showing the Quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the under-mentioned Districts:—

NAME OF DISTRICTS.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1866.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 31st May 1866.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st June 1866.	REMARKS.
		INDIAN MAUNDS.	INDIAN MAUNDS.	INDIAN MAUNDS.	
Godavery	Coconada	50,000	50,000	.....	Boats available at all times. Boats easily obtainable.
Kistna	Nizampatam	30,760-20	.....	30,760-20	
Nellore	Iskapalli	1,17,723	.....	1,17,723	
	Vairu	86,608	.....	86,608	
Madras	Madras	1,86,315	1,31,530	54,778	
	Ennore	1,33,907	1,01,310	32,597	
	Coveloug	1,03,777	60,883	47,001	
South Arcot	Markanuni	69,800	41,640	27,160	
	Killay	7,800	7,800	.....	
Tanjore	Vadarniam	60,000	60,000	.....	
Tinnevely	Tuticorin	1,44,000	1,44,000	.....	
	Vypaur	2,06,000	1,92,060	13,940	
	Total	1,214,894-20	7,86,032	4,29,662-20	

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE;  
Madras,  
The 19th June 1866.

W. McQUEEN,  
Acty. Sub-Secretary.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

T. BRUCE LANE,  
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,  
The 5th July 1866.

Notification.

BABOO CHUNDER NARAIN SINGH, the Deputy Collector at the Sudder Station, has been placed in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, and is authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

C. F. MONTRESOR,  
Commissioner.

BURDWAN;  
Commissioner's Office,  
The 16th June 1866.

Notice.

THE Effects of the late Mr. M. WHITTINGTON, Assistant Tea Planter of Machimpore Garden, in Cachar, to the value of about Rupees 300, are in deposit of this Court, and these or the sale proceeds thereof will be made over to any one legally authorized to receive the same.

R. STEWART, Captain,  
Deputy Commissioner.

CACHAR;  
Civil Court,  
The 17th April 1866.

Notice.

THE Effects of Mr. MOSCROP, late a Guard on the East India Railway, who died at the Dinapore Railway Station on the 7th instant, are in the custody of this Court. Any person having a claim to the same is requested to communicate with the undersigned forthwith.

W. AINSLIE,  
Judge.

PATNA,  
The 11th June 1866.

Notice

Is hereby given that certain Effects belonging to the late C. W. MACKENZIE, ESQUIRE, a European British subject, Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Cuttack, who died intestate at Surdaipore on the 12th instant, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

R. ALEXANDER,  
Judge.

ZILLAH CUTTACK;  
Judge's Court,  
The 15th June 1866.



BETAII PRICES OF FOOD AS REPORTED TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 7TH JULY 1866.

Number of Seers of 80 Tolahs weight retailed for a Rupee.

AT	Date of Return from each District.	CLEANED RICE IN ORDINARY USE.			PULSES IN ORDINARY USE.			WHEAT.		ATTAR.		JANERA, JOWAR AND SUCH GRAINS.	
		Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.
			Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.						

Districts in which the prices are the same or nearly the same.

Durrung	25th June 1866	8	32	8	11	20	12½	...	...	8	5	...	...
Gowalparah	25th "	7½	16	9	9½	11	10	21	15	7	5½	...	...
Luckhimpore	18th "	5	6	6	5	6	6	8	8	3	3	...	...
Seelsnugor	25th "	8	20	10	5	15	10	20	10	8	4	...	...
Godda	30th "	8	29	8	6	20	6	19	8	14	5	4½	10
Beerbhoom	30th "	8½	28½	9	8	21	11½	21	9	15	6½	68	22
Midnapore	2nd July 1866	6½	20	7	11½	21	12	15	8	12	5½	...	...
Balasore	2nd "	4½	31	5½	3	20	5½	10	0	12	4	...	...
Dacca	2nd "	9	25	10½	11	16	13	12	10½	8	8	...	...
Mymensing	1st "	9	25	11	8	30	15	16	10	10	6	...	...
Jessore	2nd "	5½	17	8	12	32	16	21	9	10½	5	...	...
Soonderbuns	25th June 1866	10	22	12	14	32	10	...	...	...	...	...	...

Districts in which all or most articles are dearer.

Kamroop	23rd June 1866	8	18	9	12	19	16	16	14	8	7	...	...
Bhargulpore	1st July 1866	9½	16½	9½	8½	20½	10½	20½	10½	15½	8½	...	...
Darjeeling	2nd "	5	8	8	4	8	5½	...	...	4	4	20	8
Monghyr	2nd "	7	22	8	7½	25	8	19	11½	16	8	36	13
Purneah	2nd "	8	19	9	8	20	12	20	11	14	8	...	...
Dooghur	1st "	7	20	8	7	16	8	16	9	14	8	...	...
Nya-Doomka	2nd "	7	20	8	7	17	8	15	9	9	6	30	12
Pakour	1st "	9	24	9	7	24	10	25	12	16	8	...	...
Rajmehal	25th June 1866	7	26	9	0	17	7	30	12	11	7	38	15
Bancoorah	30th "	6½	27	7½	8½	20	10½	16	9	11	7	30	12
Burdwan	1st July 1866	8½	20	9	9½	21	14	14	10½	10	8	...	...
Hooghly	2nd "	8	17	9	8	18	14	13	10	10	6½	20	11
Howrah	2nd "	5	13½	8	8½	20	15	20	11½	8½	6½	...	...
Bulloah	25th June 1866	9	23	10½	7	20	16	...	...	5	4	...	...
Chittagong	25th "	12	16	15	6½	17	14	16	16	10	10	...	...
Tipperah	1st July 1866	9	45	12	8	40	13	20	13	12	6½	...	...
Furreedpore	2nd "	8	20	10½	20	28	20	16	10½	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	22nd June 1866	6½	55	7½	6½	50	16	14	8	12	5	...	...
Nuddea	2nd July 1866	8	30	9	10	32	17	16	11½	10½	6½	...	...
24-Pergunnahs	2nd "	...	14	8	6½	20	16	13½	12½	8	7	...	...
Gya	2nd "	9	26	9½	8	17½	9	29	10½	22½	8½	18	10½
Chumparun	30th June 1866	7½	24	8½	8	24	9	28	9½	17	7½	50	10
Patna	2nd July 1866	9½	12	10	9½	18	11	14	12	10½	10	20	18
Sarun	30th June 1866	7	25	11	11	24	12	23½	12½	20	9½	65	13
Tirhoot	2nd July 1866	6½	30	9	11	28	11	20	10½	18	8	40	10½
Bograh	2nd "	9	30	12	8	17½	13½	15	15	8	8	60	30
Dinapore	30th June 1866	12	25½	12½	14	20	17	16	11½	11	8	...	...
Moorsheadab	1st July 1866	6	17½	6½	7½	28	13½	16½	10½	11	8	...	...

Districts in which all or most articles are cheaper.

Singhbloom	25th June 1866	7	21	8	8	21	13	12	7	9	5	...	...
Porce	2nd July 1866	5½	25	6½	5½	13	6½	12½	6½	10	3½	32½	7½

Districts in which some articles are dearer and some cheaper.

Nowgong	22nd June 1866	6	32	8	6	8	15	13	6½	6½	...	...	
Hazareebaugh	2nd July 1866	7	20	8½	8½	28	10½	20	8	16	7	27	10½
Lohardugga	30th June 1866	10	32	10½	5	20	10	21	7½	16	6	40	12½
Maunbhoom	2nd July 1866	6	24	7½	9	25	11	16	8½	12	6½	22	8
Backergunge	23rd June 1866	9	18	10	7	20	13½	10	9	7½	5½	...	...
Cachar	25th "	7	17½	8	8	16	8	19	7	6½	4	...	...
Calcutta	6th July 1866	8	...	10	10	...	16	...	10	...	7	...	...
Maldah	2nd "	9	25	9½	11	33	16	23	12	14	9	...	...
Pubna	1st "	10	24	12	6½	32	18	19½	13	9½	7½	...	...

PUBLISHED for general information.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.

R. B. CHAPMAN,

Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,  
The 9th July 1866.

[ 1299 ]  
NOTICE.

List of unclaimed Goods lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, April 13th ...	1 Parcel, W. G. Alexander, 93rd Regiment, Sealkote, Punjab	... Str. Simla.
" 13th ...	1 Parcel, M C B	... Ditto.
" 13th ...	25 Packages, [27] R. K. and Co.	... Ditto.
" 13th ...	11 Cases, A T C L	... Ditto.
" 13th ...	1 Case, H. S. D. and Co.	... Ditto.
May 18th ...	1 Parcel, [S. B. and Co.,] J. S. and Co.	... Sir J. Lawrence.
" 18th ...	1 Parcel, [S K]	... Ditto.
" 18th ...	1 Parcel [B M B H]	... Ditto.
April 18th ...	2 Cases, Revd. F. Antonius, care of D'Rozario and Co., Book-sellers	... Str. Erymanthe.
March 10th ...	2 Cases, [B. D. and Co.]	... Marlborough.
Jan. 5th ...	1 Empty Butt, Officers' Mess, 19th Regiment, Punjab	... Staffordshire.
May 4th ...	5 Cases, L X O	... City of Bombay.
" 21st ...	7 Packages, [8913]	... Gondola.
1865, Sept. 9th ...	1 Case, [R. D. and Co., P]	... Staffordshire.
1866, May 21st ...	1 Package, Miss Cooper, 13, Park Street	... Str. Erymanthe.
" 21st ...	1 Box, S. Smith, Sons and Co.	... Ditto.
" 21st ...	2 Parcels, G B	... Ditto.
" 21st ...	1 Parcel, no mark	... Ditto.
" 16th ...	1 Parcel, [J] S	... Clan Alpine.
April 28th ...	25 Cases, [J D N]	... City of Brussels.
May 3rd ...	10 Cases, D Z	... Ditto.
" 3rd ...	2 Cases, [8913]	... Silvia.
" 11th ...	8 Cases, C D N	... Ditto.
" 12th ...	1 Parcel, [H] B	... City of Bombay.
" 12th ...	2 Parcels, Gordon, Stuart and Co.	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 10th July 1866.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE under-mentioned Packages, if not cleared on or before the dates specified against each item, will be sold for the realization of Duty, Wharfage, &c., under Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, July 21st ...	2 Cases, [77] L C J	... Str. Mooltan.
" 21st ...	1 Package, Captain Caw, Shipping Master, Calcutta	... Str. Delhi.
" 21st ...	1 Case, A G C F	... Str. Erymanthe.
" 21st ...	{ 33 Iron Pots, 19 Iron Castings, } no mark	... Marlborough.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 10th July 1866.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

[ 1300 ]

NOTICE.

THE under-mentioned Package, landed under Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863, if not cleared on or before the date specified against it, will be sold for the realization of Duty, Wharfage, &c., under Section LVI. of Act VI. of 1863:—

<i>City of Cashmère.</i>	
1866, July 21st ...	F and B P, 1 Case ... [I. C. S. and Co.] 1 Case.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 10th July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the under-mentioned Ships under the provisions of Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be advertized for sale:—

<i>Silvia.</i>	
1866, Aug. 23rd ...	[8913] 1 Cask.
<i>Medusa.</i>	
1866, Sept. 7th ..	C D N, 11 Cases ... [I U A C] W. D. and Co., [I U A C] W. D. and Co.,
„ 7th ...	[I U A C] W. D. and Co., A, 7 Cases. S, 5 Cases.
„ 7th ...	U, 1 Case. [E A C] 6 Packages .. L [F R C S] O, 1 Case.
„ 7th ..	[B B M] 10 Cases .. K L D, 2 Cases.
<i>Andromeda.</i>	
1866, Sept 15th ...	[I U A C] W. D. and Co., [Z C. P. and Co., 100 [N V N] C and B, 5 Cases.
„ 15th ...	S, 1 Case. Cases. [B A] 1 Cask ... [N V N] and Sons, 3 Cases.
„ 15th ...	[I U A C] W. D. and Co., 3 Packages.
„ 15th ...	D N D.. { 15 Casks ... { J. G. Johnson, Delhi Rail- N. C. P. and Co., 1 Cask.
„ 15th ...	{ 3 Cases .. { way, consigned to Mr. McIntosh, Railway Office, Hare Street.
„ 15th ...	[I U A C] W. D. and Co., G C D, 7 Packages. G C P, 5 Cases.
„ 15th ...	S, 1 Case. [I U A C] W. D. and Co.,
„ 15th ...	1 Cask.
<i>Star of Scotia.</i>	
1866, Sept. 23rd ...	G. Wyman and Co., 4 T K A and H, 28 Cases.. [I] C, 1 Case..
„ 23rd ...	Cases. G C D, 2 Packages ... [T J C L] 82 Packages... N L P, 1 Cask.
„ 23rd ...	M. S. Champeny, Railway, Rockhit and Co, Calcutta, Jullunder, Lahore, Punjab, 2 Casks. 4 Casks.
<i>Duke of Argyle.</i>	
1866, Sept. 15th ...	[H] 158 Casks. ... [S D P] 34 Casks .. [A N] 23 Casks.
„ 15th ...	J M, 1 Cask.
<i>Evangeline.</i>	
1866, Oct. 1st ...	G C D, 12 Casks.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 10th July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.



Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, during the Week ending Saturday, 7th July 1866.

MONTH.	Date.	Reduced Reading of Barometer at 10 A. M.	THERMOMETER.		Daily Range of the Temperature.	Mean Temperature for the day.	Mean Wet Bulb.	Computed Mean Dew-point.	Mean Degree of humidity for the day.	Prevailing Direction of Wind during the day.	Rain.	Max. Velocity of Wind.
			Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.								
July	1	29.039	81.0	75.6	5.4	77.7	75.3	73.6	0.89	W. & N. & S. W.	0.80	4.20
	2	*121	77.8	75.2	2.6	76.2	75.0	74.2	.91	S. W. & W. N. W.	4.20*	2.60
	3	.013	85.0	74.4	11.2	79.1	77.0	75.5	.80	W. S. W. & S. S. E.	1.32	2.25
	4	.576	85.4	78.0	7.4	81.2	78.9	77.4	.88	S. E. & S. by E.	...	2.00
	5	.859	80.8	77.4	3.4	81.3	78.1	75.9	.84	S. E. & S. by E.	0.11	1.50
	6	.688	87.0	78.4	8.6	81.0	79.3	77.7	.98	S. by E. & S. by W.	0.87	1.00
	7	.698	89.0	79.8	9.2	83.2	80.4	78.4	.86	S. S. E. & S. & S. by W.	0.61	0.25

The mean Temperature and the mean Wet bulb are derived from the Twenty-four hourly Observations made during the day.

The Dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column ten represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.

The extreme variation of Temperature during the past week	...	14.6
The Max. Temperature during the past week	...	89.0
The Max. Temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	92.6
The mean humidity during the past week	...	0.88
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.85
The total fall of rain during the past week	...	7.93
The total fall of rain between the 1st January and the 7th current	...	21.97
The total fall of rain during the corresponding period of the past year	...	35.27
Rain indicated by the gauge attached to the Anemometer during the past week	..	7.01

\* Fell from 1 P. M. of the 1st.

GOPEENATH SEN,  
In charge of the Observatory.

The 10th July 1866.

Sheriff's Office, the 11th July 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1866 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta on Friday, the Third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any prisoner be then and there to prosecute against him.

S. A. APCAR,  
Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস ১৮৬৬ সাল ১১ জুলাই ।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গা-  
লার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম দুর্গের অধীন শহর

কলিকাতা ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী  
বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি ৩ আগষ্ট  
শুক্রবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এং যে  
পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়  
প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার টৌনহালে  
হাই কোর্টের আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৬৬ সালে  
ষষ্ঠম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক বএং  
এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে যে সকল  
ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিবন্ধে ফৌজদারী  
মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ  
সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে  
ইতি সন ১৮৬৬ সাল তারিখ ৭ জুলাই ।

S. A. APCAR,  
Sheriff.

**Calcutta Municipality.**

A Quarterly Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 16th July 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.

At the close of the business to be transacted at the Quarterly Meeting, a Special General Meeting of the Justices will be held for the following purposes:—

1. To receive the report of the Finance and Water-supply Committees on the Tenders submitted for the construction of the Calcutta Water-works, and to take into consideration all matters connected with the Water-supply, with a view to the carrying out of the present scheme, or modifying it so as to bring it within the means at the disposal of the Justices.

2. The Chairman to move that a sum of Rupees 1,50,000 be appropriated towards the opening of a Square, and the excavation of a Tank in the Northern Division of the Town.

ROBERT TURNBULL,  
Secretary to the Justices of the Peace.

OFFICE OF THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE;  
1, Chowringhee Road,  
Calcutta, the 4th July 1866.

**কলিকাতার মুনিসিপালিটি ।**

১৮৬৬ সালের জুলাই মাসের ১৬ তারিখ সোমবার পূর্বাহ্ন বেলা ১১ ঘটনার সময়ে টৌনহালে কলিকাতা নগরের শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের ট্রিমাসিক সভা হইবে ।

ট্রিমাসিক সভার কার্য সমাপ্ত হইলে পর নিম্নলিখিত বিষয়ের নিমিত্তে জজিসদের বিশেষ সাধারণ সভা হইবে, অর্থাৎ—

১। কলিকাতায় জল আনয়নের কনইত্যাদি প্রকৃত করিবার যে প্রস্তাব করা হইয়াছে ফিনান্স ও জন-যোগাণন কমিটির তদ্বিষয়ক রিপোর্ট গ্রহণ ও উপস্থিত কম্পনা সফল করণার্থে কিছা জজিসদের হস্তে যে টাকা আছে তদ্বারা উক্ত কম্পনা মতান্তর করিয়া অর্থাৎ সফল করণার্থে জলযোগাণনের কার্যসংক্রান্ত সকল বিষয়ের বিবেচনা হইবে ।

২। নগরের উত্তর খণ্ডে এক পুকুরিণী খনন ও ক্ষোয়ার স্থাপন করণার্থে সভাপতি ১,২০,০০০ টাকা নিরূপণ করণের প্রস্তাব করিবেন ।

আর টর্নবুল,  
শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের  
সেক্রেটারী ।

শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের  
কার্যালয়, ১ নং টৌরঙ্গী  
রোড, ১৮৬৬ সাল ৪  
জুলাই ।

**River Trust.**

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 25th July 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., to confirm the nomination of Mr. A. M. Downes as Vice-Chairman of the River Trust Committee, in conformity with Section 5 of Act X. of 1866, and also to fix the salaries and fees of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman and Members of the Committee under Section 10 of the said Act, and to fix the amount to be allowed for the entertainment of a suitable Office establishment under Section 12 of said Act.

ROBERT TURNBULL,  
Secy. to the Justices of the Peace.

CALCUTTA,  
The 10th July 1866.

রিবর ট্রাস্ট ।

১৮৬৬ সালের ২৫ জুলাই তারিখ দুহবার বেলা ১১ ঘটনার সময়ে টৌনহালে কলিকাতা নগরের শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের বিশেষ সাধারণ সভা হইবে । সেই সভাতে ১৮৬৬ সালের ১০ আইনের ৫ ধারামতে জিযুক্ত এ এন ডৌলিয়াস সাহেবকে রিবর ট্রাস্ট কমিটির প্রতিনিধি সভাপতির পদে মনোনীত কার্য দৃঢ় করণ এবং ঐ আইনের ১০ ধারামতে কমিটির সভাপতির ও প্রতিনিধি সভাপতির ও কমিটির অন্তর্গত ব্যক্তিদের বেতন ও ফী অবধারণ এবং ঐ আইনের ১২ ধারামতে কার্যের উপযুক্ত কর্মচারিদিগকে নিযুক্ত করণার্থে যত টাকা নিরূপণ হইবে হইা নির্দ্ধার্য করণকার্য সম্পাদন হইবে ।

আর টর্নবুল,  
শান্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের সেক্রেটারী ।  
কলিকাতা ১৮৬৬ সাল ১০ জুলাই ।

**Notice.**

CERTAIN Effects belonging to the Estate of the late MR. MICHAEL BETTS, a British born subject, who died at Berhampore, Zillah Moorshedabad, on the 25th June 1866, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorised to receive the same.

E. W. MCLINT,  
Offg. Judge.

Judge's Court;  
City Moorshedabad,  
The 4th July 1866.

**Notice.**

BONDERS of Salt are hereby informed that the charge for Golah rent at the Government Depôts at Sulkea and Ghosery will be reduced from Rupees 5 to Rupees 3 per 1,000 maunds from this date.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA;  
Custom House,  
The 9th July 1866.

**Notification.**

MR. W. F. MERES, Assistant Collector of Maldah, has been placed in charge of the Maldah Treasury and authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

C. H. CAMPBELL,  
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;  
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION,  
Berhampore,  
The 30th June 1866.

**Notice.**

CERTAIN Effects belonging to the Estate of MR. HENRY MATHERS, Assistant in charge, Telegraph Department, Gowalparah, and a British subject, who died intestate, are in the custody of this Court, and will be made over to any party legally authorized to receive the same.

A. E. CAMPBELL,  
Offg. Depy. Commissioner.

ZILLAH GOWALPARAH;  
Civil Court,  
The 14th June 1866.

**Wanted.**

A JAILOR for the Jessore Jail, Salary Rupees 100 per mensem + 10 per cent. Commission on the profits realized from the Jail produce, and a house to live in. Security to the amount of Rupees 1,000 is required.

All applications to reach the undersigned on or before the 31st instant.

J. O'KINEALY,  
Officer in charge of the Jail, Jessore.

JESSORE;  
Magistrate's Office,  
The 4th July 1866.

**Wanted.**

AN experienced European Overseer who is practically acquainted with the Building Trade, he must understand the Vernacular and be competent to measure and set out work from detail Drawings. Salary, Rupees 200 per mensem.

Applications, accompanied by Testimonials, to be forwarded prepaid to the undersigned on or before the 20th instant. Security will be required.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Exc. Engr. and Suplt. of Nizamul Buildings.

**Nuddca Rivers.**

Report showing the least depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 22nd to 30th June 1866.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Gauges ...	8 0	
On the Entrance shoal ...	1 0	
Thence to Hat Bouleah, 41 miles ...	1 9	On the 26th June 1866.
Hat Bouleah to Alickdeah ...	0 4	
Alickdeah to Kisesungunge, 38 miles ...	2 3	
Kisesungunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	2 6	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance Bar ...	10 1	} On the 29th June.
Below the Entrance	9 0	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	15 6	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	10 9	
Cutwa to Nuddca, 46 miles ...	10 9	

Height on Gauge at Berhampore, on the 3rd July 1866, + 22 feet 11 inches above Zero.  
A rise of 17 feet since 26th June 1866.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Offg. Exc. Engr., Berhampore Divn.

BERHAMPORE,  
The 3rd July 1866.



**Nudea Rivers Division.**  
*UPWARD MONTHLY STATEMENT of Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungeppore, Nuddea, and Kishengunge in the Month of June 1866.*

NAMES OF RIVERS	NAMES OF TOLL OFFICES.	Charcoal.		Coal.		Piece Goods, Native Produce.		Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.		Hides.		Cotton.		Castor Seed.		Castor Oil.		Jaggery.		Jute.		Gunny Bags.		Lime.		Limestone or Gypsum.		Grain.			
		Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.		
Bhagirattee	Jungeppore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jellinghee	Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Matabaugah	Kishengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

  

NAMES OF RIVERS	NAMES OF TOLL OFFICES.	Pulse.		Firewood.		Timbers.		Mustard Oil.		Sundry Oils.		Indigo.		Salt.		Sugar.		Tobacco.		Vegetables.		Sundries.		REMARKS.		
		Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhagirattee	Jungeppore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Under the Head of CHAY comes Rice, Wheat, Peas, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of PULSES—Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentils, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee	Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Matabaugah	Kishengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
*Offg. Executive Engineer, Berhampore Division.*

BERHAMPORE,  
*The 7th July 1866.*

**Nuddea Rivers Division.**  
**DOWNWARD MONTHLY STATEMENT of Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kishengunge in the Month of June 1866.**

NAMES OF RIVERS.	NAMES OF TOLL OFFICES.	Faring Stone.		Coal.		Piece Goods, Native Produce.		Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.		Hides.		Cotton.		Castor Seed.		Castor Oil.		Jaggery.		Jute.		Gunny Bags.		Lime.		Ironstone or Gneiss.		Grain.	
		Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.
Bhaugrutee...	Jungypore	7	21800	1	260	1	260	1	260	2	1450	7	12925	3	2000	1100	...	...	...	7	3120	2	825	4	40100	43	21020	10055	
Jellinghee	Nuddea	...	...	21	6225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	650	575	...	...	...	6	4200	10	1850	...	...	2	750	50	
Matlaugah	Kishengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	250	...	...	...	...	10	5475	2050	

  

NAMES OF RIVERS.	NAMES OF TOLL OFFICES.	Pulse.		Firewood.		Timbers.		Mustard Oil.		Sundry Oils.		Indigo.		Salt.		Sugar.		Tobacco.		Vegetables.		Sundries.		REMARKS.				
		Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maunderage by River Measurement.			
Bhaugrutee	Jungypore	470	54575	5	2270	1975	3015	1	25	...	...	...	...	3	1525	44	83250	29080	31	11325	4450	153	40250	22204	230	145000	67405	Under the Head of GRAIN comes Rice, Wheat, Peas, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of PEAS Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., are included.
Jellinghee	Nuddea	60	25000	...	775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322	54050	68775	61	18725	13175	...	
Matlaugah	Kishengunge	15	3000	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	4250	1050	40	14825	6045	...	

BENGAPORE,  
 The 7th June 1866.  
 G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
 Offg. Executive Engineer, Berhampore Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CALCUTTA CANALS AND TOLLY'S NULLAH from 1st to 30th June 1866.

NAMES OF CHOWKYS.	CHARCOAL.		WOOD COAL.		PIECE GOODS, NATIVE PRODUCT.		PIECE GOODS, IMPORTED FABRICS.		HIDES.		COTTON.		CASTOR SEED.		CASTOR OIL.		INDIGO.		JAGGERY.		JUTH.		LIME.		MUSTARD SEED.		MUSTARD SEED OIL.		
	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Mandage by Canal Measurement.	
CALCUTTA CANAL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOLLY'S NULLAH	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CALCUTTA CANAL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOLLY'S NULLAH	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DHAPPA; }  
 Toll Collector's Office,  
 The 3rd July 1866. }  
 J. F. GALIFFE,  
 Collector of Tolls and Supervisor of Canals.



**Notice.**

**SALE OF WASTE LANDS.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of Waste Land, estimated to consist of about 1,200 Acres, more or less, situated in Thannah Tekhnauff, Zillah Chittagong, and bounded as shewn at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two Rupees eight annas per Acre, on the 2nd day of October 1866, at the Office of the Collector of Chittagong, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

**BOUNDARIES OF LOT No. 102.**

North—By the Okhea Surra to its source on the water-shed.

South—By the Phawyn Kheong and Phuloung Kheong.

East—By the River Nsuff.

West—By the main ridge or water-shed.

A. SMITH,  
*Collector.*

ZILLAH CHITTAGONG; }  
*Collector's Office,* }  
*The 2nd July 1866.* }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the Lot No. 31 of the unreserved building sites, situated at the Civil Station of Shillong, in the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, containing about 4 acres of first class land, as shewn in the plan thereof, having been applied for, under the rules sanctioned in the Bengal Government Order No. 3826 of the 18th November 1865, will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, at the upset price of Rupees 50 per acre for first class land, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, Shillong, on the 15th day of July 1866.

The manner and condition of the sale can be ascertained by intending purchasers by application to the undersigned.

W. C. S. CLARKE, *Capt.,*  
*Officiating Deputy Commissioner,*  
*Cossyah and Jynteah Hills.*

DEPY. COMM'R'S OFFICE; }  
*Shillong,* }  
*The 1st June 1866.* }

**Notice.**

THE quit rent of the under-mentioned Leases in the District of Darjeeling being in arrears, notice is hereby given that if the amount due from each location be not paid into the Deputy

Commissioner's Office within two months from this date, the leases remaining unpaid will be resumed by Government under supplementary Rule No. 1. for grant of locations at Darjeeling:—

Number of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Amount.
		Rs. As. P.
75	General A. Hervey ...	50 0 0
Assignment No. 439 of 21st April 1863.	Mrs. Hervey ...	50 0 0

BLAIR REID, *Major,*  
*Deputy Commissioner.*

DARJEELING;  
*Deputy Commr.'s Office,* }  
*The 18th June 1866.* }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Estates, in the Settlement of Darjeeling, will be put up to public sale, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, on the 2nd day of August 1866, (under Rule 15 of the Waste Land Rules,) for arrears of interest and balance of purchase money:—

1.

No. of Estate in Register ...	No. 14.
Situation ...	Near Simakhola.
Estimated area of Estate ...	1,095 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor ...	Dr. J. B. Barry.
Interest due ...	Rs. 1,489 3 2
Balance of purchase money ...	14,892 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs. ...</b>	<b>16,381 3 2</b>

2.

No. of Estate in Register ...	No. 25.
Situation ...	Rinchington.
Estimated area of Estate ...	479 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor ...	Mr. C. Rundle.
Interest due ...	Rs. 858 0 0
Balance of purchase money ...	8,580 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs. ...</b>	<b>9,438 00</b>

BLAIR REID, *Major,*  
*Depty. Commissioner.*

DARJEELING;  
*Depty. Commr.'s Office,* }  
*The 12th June 1866.* }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons intending to purchase or take in mortgage, putnee or lease any of the landed properties either in Calcutta or in the Mofussil belonging to the Estate of Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, late of Colootollah, from Gobind Chunder Sein and Mudhoo-soodun Sein, both of Colootollah, standing either in their or his own respective names, or in the name of Gobindchunder Mozoomdar, or in the name of any other person or persons on their or his behalf that a suit has been instituted and is now pending in the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction by Sauteowrie Sein and Lallmohun Sein, otherwise called Lallebund Sein, the infant grandsons of the said Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, with reference to the Estate of the said Muddenmohun Sein. Dated this 16th day of June 1866.

WATKINS & STOKOR,  
Attorneys for Sauteowrie Sein  
and Lallmohun Sein.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a Cause wherein Sreemutty Prosonomoye Dossee is Plaintiff, and Sreemutty Govindmoye Dossee and others are Defendants, and bearing date the Tenth day of July 1865, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on an early day, the following property, that is to say:—

All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and the piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation 11 cottahs 9 chittacks and half a chittack, more or less, situate, lying, and being at No. 158, Durmahatta Street, in Puttooriahghatta, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded as follows: On the East by land formerly belonging to one Hurrymohun Tagore, now deceased, but at present by the tenanted land of Opendromohun Tagore and others; on the West by Durmahatta Street aforesaid; on the North by a house and land belonging to the Estate of the late Rajah Rajnarain Roy, deceased, and on the South partly by the tenanted land of the said Opendromohun Tagore and others, and partly by the tenanted land of one Kistokissore Neeghy.

And also all that lower-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and the piece or parcel of land or ground thereto belonging, and upon part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation one biggah and five cottahs, situate, lying, and being at Sulkea Pheekhanah, in Sulkea, in Pergunnah Boro, in the Zillah of 24-Pergunnahs, and bounded as follows: on the North by the house and land of Torap Mistry; on the South by the Gorutan or Burial Ground; on the East by the land of Horagazee, and on the West by a public road.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Messieurs Remy and Rogers, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar.

REMFY AND ROGERS, Attorneys.

High Court;  
Original Side,  
Calcutta, 30th June 1866.

TO BE PREEMPTORILY SOLD pursuant to an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of Holo-dhur Bose, late of Noyanchund Dutt's Street, in the Town of Calcutta, deceased, wherein Lutchmechaud Sett, Gobind Dass Sett, and Lalla Lutchman Dass are the Plaintiffs, and Sree Mutty Komulmonee Dasse, widow of the abovenamed Holo-dhur Bose, deceased, is the Defendant, on and bearing date the 9th day of March 1866, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on the 14th day of July next, at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the following property, that is to say:—

Lot No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Sootanooty, in the Town of Calcutta, together with the buildings and godowns erected thereon, and which said land contains by estimation three biggahs and seven cottahs, and is bounded as follows:—on the North partly by the tenanted ground of Annundchunder Khan and partly by Manick Bose's Lane; on the South partly by tenanted ground belonging to Annundchunder Khan and partly by the family dwelling-house of one Joynarain Dutt; on the East by pukka buildings belonging to Moheschunder Dutt, and on the West partly by Annundchunder Khan's tenanted ground and partly by the Strand Road.

Lot No. 2.—All those two several demy upper-roomed dwelling-houses, Nos. 3 and 4, situate in Bow Bibee's Gully, otherwise called Nuncoo Jemadar's Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground on which the two dwelling-houses are erected and built, containing by estimation eight cottahs, (be the same a little more or less,) and bounded on the East by the house and premises now or late the property or in the occupation of Mr. Thomas Butter; on the South by the premises now or lately in the respective occupation of Mr. Mills and Mr. James Currouly; on the North by the public road, and on the West by a house now or lately belonging to Pedro Saib.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply at the Office of Messrs. Hatch and Stewart, Solicitors for Mrs. Charlotte Smalley, the Mortgagee.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar,

HATCH AND STEWART, Attorneys  
HIGH COURT;  
Calcutta, the 22nd June 1866.

Notice.

THE Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of Watts and Company, "Limited," will be held within the Company's premises, No. 1, Wellesley Place, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 25th day of July 1866, at 4 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and an Auditor for the ensuing year, and for any other business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GEORGE EYBARS,  
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,  
The 3rd July 1866.



TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the cause of *Mariam Bibee vs. Khajah Deenwoollah and another*, dated the 18th of June 1865, by the Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the 14th day of July instant, at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the following property, viz. :—

Lot No. 1.—All those premises situate, lying, and being, No. 425, in the Moorghyhatta Street, in the Town of Calcutta.

Lot No. 2.—All those premises situate, lying, and being, No. 8, Nabootollah Gully, in Kalakar's Lane, in the said Town of Calcutta.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply at the Office of Messieurs Hatch and Stewart, Solicitors for the Plaintiff, No. 11, Old Post Office Street.

C. T. DAVIS,  
*Offg. Registrar.*

HATCH AND STEWART, *Attorneys,*

High Court;  
*Original Jurisdiction,*  
Calcutta, the 9th July 1866. }

Notice.

By a Decree of the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a certain suit still pending in the said Court, wherein Sroemutty Khantomoney Dosee is Plaintiff, and Bissonauth Chunder and others are Defendants, it was declared that a certain Farkhut or Release executed by the Plaintiff to Nilmoney Chunder and the Defendant Bissonauth Chunder, bearing date the Twenty-first day of April 1863, ought to be set aside as void, and that Company's Papers representing a sum of Rupees ten thousand (particulars of which are given below) was given to the Plaintiff as the consideration for such release, and it was ordered and decreed accordingly.

The Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or otherwise negotiating from Bissonauth Chunder, or any other person or persons, the under-mentioned Government Securities, being the Securities declared in the said Decree to have been given to the Plaintiff, namely, Government Security, commonly called Company's Paper, number 31396, of the 4 per cent. Loan of 1854-55, for Rupees five thousand, and Government Security, commonly called Company's Paper, number 4563-3619, of the 4 per cent. Loan of 1835-36, for Rupees five thousand.

OWEN AND BANERJEE,  
*Plaintiff's Attorneys.*

No. 4, OLD POST OFFICE STREET;  
Calcutta, the 23rd June 1866. }

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed for fifteen days from this date.

By Order of the Directors,  
GEO. DICKSON,  
*Secy. and Treasurer.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 30th June 1866. }

The British Indian Tea Company,  
" Limited."

In accordance with instructions received from the London Board, notice is hereby given that a sixth Call at the rate of Rupees 20 per Share on the shares of this Company has this day been made, and that such Call is payable in two instalments of Rupees 10 each, the first instalment of Rupees 10 payable on the 16th July 1866 and the second instalment on the 16th August 1866, at the Office of the Company, No. 6, Church Lane.

Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be allowed on all Calls paid in advance of the abovenamed dates, and interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Calls not paid on or before the said respective days, from those days until the day of payment.

GORDON, STUART AND CO.,  
*Agents.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 22nd June 1866. }

Bengal River Steam Company,  
" Limited."

ALL parties having claims against this Company are requested to send in the same on or before the 15th instant.

BORRADAILE, SCHILLER AND CO.,  
*Secretaries.*

3, FAIRLIE PLACE;  
Calcutta, the 3rd July 1866. }

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

With reference to the Circular dated the 28th March last, the following votes have been received in regard to granting a compassionate allowance to Mrs. Jane Urage:—

For Rupees 25 a month ...	409
Against ...	4
For an amount in excess of Rupees 25 a month ...	48

Published by Order of the Directors,  
R. C. TULLOH,  
*Secretary.*

CALCUTTA;  
UNCOVENANTED SERVICE FAMILY  
PENSION FUND OFFICE,  
The 7th July 1866. }



*Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.*

In the matter of John Alexander Imlay, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on business as Flour Manufacturer and Baker at and upon the premises known as the Strand Mills, at No. 20, Strand Road, under the name, style or firm of Miller and Company, an Insolvent.

Thomas, Attorney.

On Tuesday, the 3rd day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

In the matter of James Conway, late of Lucknow, Record-keeper, Financial Commissioner's Office, at Lucknow, aforesaid, and at present residing at College Street, in Calcutta, and now out of employ, an Insolvent.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 3rd July 1866.

On Saturday, the 30th day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

**Notice.**

**HUNTER AND COMPANY, "LIMITED."**

THE Sixth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at their Office, Nos. 23, 24, 25, Dhurruntollah, on Tuesday, the 31st instant, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report with the Accounts audited to 30th April last, the election of Directors and Auditors for the current year, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought forward.

J. SHERRIFF,  
Manager.

Nos. 23, 24, 25, DHURRUNTOLLAH, }  
The 10th July 1866.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act 1866

and  
In the matter of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East.

It was ordered that the affairs of the Calcutta Branch of the said Bank be wound up by the Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act 1866. Dated this 4th day of July 1866.

STACK, COLLIS, AND MURFIELD,  
Solicitors for the said Petitioners.

By an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in the above matter, dated the 3rd day of July instant, on the petition of the abovenamed Bank, it

**Eastman and Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held within the Company's Office, No. 9, Dhurruntollah Street, on Monday, the 30th day of July instant, at 4 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts of the Company for the year ending the 30th April last, for the declaration of a Dividend, and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

ALLAN ROBERTSON, Jr.,  
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,  
The 9th July 1866. }

**Hooghly Lighter Association, "Limited."**

**IN LIQUIDATION.**

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of Act X. of 1860, that a General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Office, No. 1-3, Mission Row, on Friday, the 10th August, at 3 o'clock P. M., to receive the Accounts, showing how the affairs of the Company have been wound up.

JAMES YOUNG,  
Liquidator.

CALCUTTA,  
The 5th July 1866. }

**Lost,**

HALF of a Government Currency Note, No. 66425, for Rupees 100. Payment stopped at the Currency Department. Any one bringing the same to me would get a reward of Rupees 5.

PURUBUDEEN SIRCAR,  
Dhurruntollah Bazar.

**Lost,**

RIGHT-HALVES of Government Currency Notes, No. 475044, for Rupees 20, and No. 07488, for Rupees 10; also Left-half of Government Currency Note, No. 57156, for Rupees 100.

**Lost,**

In the post in January last, half of the following Note, No. 34150, for Rupees 50.

C. H. LUARD.

CALCUTTA,  
The 13th July 1866. }

**Lost,**

In transit from Rawul Pindie to Jhelum, three halves of Punjab Currency Notes, Nos. 96203, 88078, and 85437, for Rupees 100 each. Payment for the above has been stopped at the Paper Currency Office at Lahore.

JEHANGEE AND Co.

The 23rd June 1866.

[ 1311 ]

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a theft of articles noted below, valued at Rupees 52,265-15-10, has been committed in the Temple of Bhowanee Thakooranee at Bhowanipore, in the district of Bograh. A reward of Rupees 1,000 will be given by Raja Anundo Nath of Nattore to the person who will furnish information which will lead to the arrest of defendants and recovery of the property.

A. B. FALCON,  
Offg. Magistrate.

BOGRAH MAGISTRACY, }  
The 14th June 1866. }

Description of Articles.	Weight Tolas.	Value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
1. One Golden Mookho Puddo (সোণার মুখপদ্ম) ...	46½	832	8	0
2. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	46	828	0	0
3. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	48	864	0	0
4. Ditto Keereet (সোণার কিরীটি) set with golden flowers ..	...	700	0	0
5. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	221	8	0
6. Ditto Batta (বাটা) ...	15¾	282	8	0
7. Ditto Kurno Chakee (কর্ণ চাকী) a kind of ornament for the ear ...	...	235	0	0
8. Ditto Kurno Phool (কর্ণফুল) ...	...	300	0	0
9. Ditto Teeklee (টিকলী) with a glass ..	...	25	0	0
10. Ditto Dheree (ধেড়া) ornament for ear ...	...	500	0	0
11. Ditto Teeka (টিকা) for placing on forehead ...	...	25	0	0
12. Ditto Noserling, set with diamonds (নভ) ...	...	214	0	0
13. Ditto Large do. (বড় নভ) ...	0¾	9	0	0
14. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) a kind of ornament for nose, set with diamonds and glass ...	...	125	0	0
15. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) set with a glass ...	0¾	7	0	0
16. Ditto Boondee (বুন্দি) with borders and diamonds ...	...	300	0	0
17. Ditto ditto ঐ ditto ...	...	250	0	0
18. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	250	0	0
19. Ditto Chapkullee (চাপকলী) ...	...	500	0	0
20. Ditto Narra Har (সোণার নারাহার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
21. Ditto Jhalurdar Har (সোণার জালরদার হার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
22. Ditto Large Pearl Beads (বড় মতীর মালা এক লহরী) ...	...	9,775	0	0
22½. Ditto Pearl Beads (মতীর মালা দোঁ লহরী) ...	...	5,315	0	0
23. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	300	0	0
24. Golden Haekul (সোণার হকুল) ...	36½	570	0	0
25. Ditto Chandmalla (সোণার চাঁদমালা) ...	22½	240	0	0
26. Ditto Patta (সোণার পাটা) ...	62	582	0	0
27. Ditto Dhook-Dhookee (সোণার ধুকধুকী) ...	1½	12	0	0
28. Ditto Jhapa (সোণার জাপা) ...	2½	24	0	0
29. Silver Jhapa (রূপার জাপা) ...	3½	2	13	6
30. Golden small Nose-ring, set with Pearl ...	0½	27	0	0
31. Brass Box for keeping the above ornaments ...	120	1	8	0
32. Silver Batta (রূপার বাটা হার মালা রাখার জন্য) ...	15	13	3	0
33. Golden Chakee (জড়াও সোণার চাকী) ...	...	235	0	0
34. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	700	0	0
Total ...	441½	52,265	15	6



**Just published.**

*In Pamphlet Form.*

ACTS AND ORDERS relating to the Engagement and Transport of Native Labourers under contract for employment in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet. Price—8 Annas.

To be had on application at the Offices of the Superintendent of Labour Transport, Calcutta, Commissioner of Assam, and Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

**Lost,**

HALF of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  57177, for Rupees 10.

**Lost,**

THE First-half of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  53818, for Rupees 20. Payment stopped.

**Lost,**

SECOND-HALF of Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  22077, for Rupees 100. Dated Calcutta, 5th May 1864.

**Lost,**

RIGHT-HALF of Government of India Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  14764, missing.

EWING AND CO.

**Lost,**

AT Kutchra Factory, Half of Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  62757, for Rupees 20. Payment has been stopped.

**Lost,**

IN a registered letter, Right-halves of Government Currency Notes, Nos.  $\frac{A}{10}$  12971 and  $\frac{A}{10}$  12974, of Rupees 20 each.

**Lost,**

SECOND-HALF of Bank Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  61607, for Rupees 10.

**Lost,**

A GOVERNMENT Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  09970, for Rupees 50. Payment stopped.

**Lost or Stolen,**

THE following Government Currency Notes:—

- $\frac{A}{10}$  99016, for Rupees 50.
- $\frac{A}{10}$  06323, for „ 50.
- $\frac{A}{10}$  06325, for „ 50.
- $\frac{A}{10}$  06326, for „ 50.
- $\frac{A}{10}$  20954, for „ 100.

Any one giving such information to the undersigned as will lead to their recovery will be rewarded.

C. H. DENHAM.

*Ramkistopore, Howrah.*

**Lost,**

LEFT-HALF of a Government Currency Note, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  87571, for Rupees 50.

**Lost,**

ONE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 4346 of 41896 of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Rupees 500, standing in the name of Baboo Prawn Kristo Chatterjee.

TWO 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes, numbered 26507 of 1854-55, and 31629 of 1854-55, respectively, dated 30th June 1854, for Rupees 1,000 and Rupees 500, standing in the name of Baboo Shib Chunder Chatterjee.

ONE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 21592 of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Rupees 1,000, standing in the name of Sreemutty Gourmoney Dabee.

Payment of interest on, and transfer of, the above papers have been stopped at the Bank of Bengal.

The Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or lending money on the security of the above papers.

GREES CHUNDER BONNERJEE,  
*Attorney-at-Law for the above parties.*

No. 9, HASTINGS' STREET, }  
The 6th July 1866. }

**Lost,**

A GOVERNMENT Currency Note, Left-half, No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  57669, for Rupees 20.

**Lost,**

THE following halves of Government Currency Notes:—Second-half No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  65588, for Rupees 20, and First-half No.  $\frac{A}{10}$  48033, for Rupees 10.

**Postal Notice.**

FROM the 1st proximo letters posted in India, addressed to the French Colony of New Caledonia, may be sent at the option of the senders either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable, if addressed to France, according to the following Table:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	5	4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	10	8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	0	0

and so on, adding a single rate of postage, 5 annas 4 pie, for every additional quarter ounce, or fraction of a quarter ounce.

H. B. RIDDELL,  
*Director-General of the Post Office of India.*

SIMLA,  
The 22nd June 1866. }

N. B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of Stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at the rate of 8 annas 8 pie per quarter ounce.

4. Prepaid letters may be registered—double postage being prepaid in Stamps. No separate Registration Fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this Notice.

Inland Indian Postage must be prepaid on Newspapers and Printed Papers addressed to the abovenamed Colony.



**Erratum.**

In paragraph 2 of the Postal Notice dated 6th instant, regarding the rates of Postage on letters between India, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway, the additional French rate per half ounce on letters sent to those countries, *vid* Marseilles, through Great Britain, should be 2 annas 8 pie, not 2 annas.

(Sd.) H. B. RIDDELL,  
Director-General of the  
Post Office of India.

SIMLA,  
The 22nd June 1866. }

**NOTICES issued by the  
OFFG. POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.**

No. 55.

The 5th July 1866.—Mails for Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam, Coconada, Madras, Negapatam, Colombo, Tuticoriu, Narrakal, and Curwar, for transmission per Steamer *Arabia*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 56.

The 5th July 1866.—Mails for Chittagong and Akyab, for transmission per Steamer *Orissa*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 57.

The 5th July 1866.—Mails for Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Cheduba*, will be closed at this Office on the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Rangoon by this opportunity.

No. 58.

The 5th July 1866.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th instant will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M. on each day as follows:—

*Via* Southampton on the 15th July 1866.

*Via* Marseilles on the 16th July 1866.

Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

*Rates of Postage.*

	<i>Via</i> Southampton.			<i>Via</i> Marseilles.			
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
Under $\frac{1}{2}$ Ounce	...	0	4	0	0	6	8
" 1 "	...	0	8	0	0	13	4

No. 59.

The 5th July 1866.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet will be sent to Bombay on Tuesday, the 17th instant, and letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

The Express Postage must be paid in Stamps at one Rupee per half of an ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage.

Letters for the Express will be received by a Clerk at the Window.

No. 62.

The 10th July 1866.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Simla* will be closed on Sunday, the 22nd July 1866, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	<i>Via</i> Marseilles.			<i>Via</i> Southampton.				
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.		
{	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ Ounce	Rs.	0	6	8	Rs.	0	4	0
	" 1 "	"	0	13	4	"	0	8	0
	" 2 "	"	1	10	8	"	1	0	0



APPENDIX TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1866.

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NOTICE

Is hereby given that the sale of the Proprietary right of Government to the Estates enumerated in the following Advertisements of Sale will be made subject to these

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

1st.—The Estates to be sold, subject to the Government Revenue against each, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Schedule of Assessment made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rupees 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding Office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the Estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting Purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

5th.—In addition to the ordinary Government Revenue fixed on the Estates the Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Government Revenue assessed from the date of entry upon the purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,  
Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Proprietary right of Government to the under-mentioned Plots of Class C. lands relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Moorshedabad, will be put up to sale, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Saturday, the 28th July 1866, corresponding with the 13th Srabun 1273 B. S. The Purchasers of these Plots will be subject to the Conditions of Sale notified under the signature of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue at the head of this Appendix, with the exception of 1st, 2nd, and 5th, and with addition of the following condition.

The Plots to be sold as free-hold tenures to the highest bidders above the upset price:—

Number of Statement of Government Plots of Railway Class C. Land.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Area in Acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE.			Upset Price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.		
	2791	Plot of land in Bantia and Jugdharee, Pergunnah Koomerpertab, bounded on the North by the River Brahmini; South by a parcel of land belonging to the Railway Company; East by the side-cutting of the main Railway line; West by a strip of Bastoo land in occupation of one Sunker Singh	A. R. P. 3 1 12	...	...	...	Rupees. 261	
	"	Plot of land in Jugdharee and Bantia, Pergunnah Koomerpertab and Shazadpore, bounded on the North by the Jeebunteedahkhall; South by two parcels of land in occupation of Ram Coomar Chamar and Paynoonet; East by parcels of land in occupation of Hurry Proshuno Rai and Neelcanto Roy; West by the side-cutting of the main Railway line	1 2 9	...	...	...	124	

COLIN MACKENZIE,  
Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTORATE, }  
The 30th May 1866.





APPENDIX (No. II.) TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1866.

**LAND SALE NOTICES.**

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI, of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Gya, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 10th July 1866, corresponding with 18th Ashar 1273 Fulsee, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.*

No. 2721.—Mehal Kurma Misser, &c., Pergunnah Seris; recorded Proprietors, Bunnoo Singh, Kashcenauth Singh, Kishoondyal Singh, Hurnauth Singh, self and guardian of Roghoonauth Singh, Judoonauth Singh, minor sons, Shewparshun Singh, Roopnarain Singh, Surroopnarain Singh, Shewburt Singh, Gunput Singh, Joyperkosh Singh, Purceagee Singh, maliks of Kurma Misser, &c., Juggurnauth Singh and Khajeh Ullee Ruza, maliks and malgoozars of Mouzah Chorah Parsrampore; Sudder Jumma Rupees 842-1.

J. S. DRUMMOND,  
*Offg. Collector.*

GYA COLLECTORATE, }  
The 10th June 1866. }

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI, of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 10th July 1866, corresponding with 18th Assar 1273 Fusly, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 89.—Mehal Jugjewanpore, Pergunnah Pilitch; recorded Proprietors, Mussamat Jankee Coowur, Doollee Chund, himself and guardian of Ghirdhur Loll, Minor, and Dirgopal Singh and Kunhoya Loll, (brothers of the Minor), and Dindial; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,092-4-2. The Rights and Interest of Dowlut Singh only in the above-mentioned Estate are to be sold in the case of Doorga Dutt, Plaintiff.

No. 229.—Mehal Nerundpore Khorownia, &c., Pergunnah Azimabad; recorded Proprietors, Mussamat Hurkha Beebee, Mussamat Doorga, wife of Huxpershad, son of Kishoonpershad, Downur Singh, Bhuttan Singh, Baboo Mohur Loll, Baboo Kurhoya Loll, Nanuck Bux, Ram Bux, Sheodial Misr, Nundoo Loll, himself and guardian of Oomtao Bahadoor, Juggurnath Suhoi, Pursotimjee, Beetalnathjee, Moharaj, Bandereshah Sahoo *alias* Mascho Loll, Mookoond Loll Sahoo, Sewpershad Sahoo, Santeo Loll, Hurchun Suhoi, Bhyrodial Singh, Sahebzada Singh, Beetnafain, Baboo Heerain Singh, Baboo Ooditnarin Singh, Baboo Hureehur Nath Singh, Baboo Ramgolam Singh, Mussamat Nayhaonnissa and Tyuboonnissa; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,185-5-7. The Rights and Interests of Bhyrodial Singh, Defendant, only in Mouzah Heeranundpore, appertaining to the lot of Nerundpore Khorownia, are to be sold in the case of Syed Sukhawut Hossein, Mookhtar of Mohamed Ali Nakee Khan, Mookhtar in the part of Nayhaonnissa and Tyuboonnissa, Plaintiffs.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, }  
The 10th June 1866. }

E. DRUMMOND,  
*Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectors's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 17th July 1866, corresponding with the 19th Assar 1273 Fusal, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1866:—

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 27.—Mehal Busuntpore, Pergunnah Arrah; recorded Proprietor, Doorga Kooer; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,010. The right and interest of Doorga Kooer are to be sold under Regulation XIX of 1814.

No. 145.—Mehal Santhur, Pergunnah Arrah; recorded Proprietors, Deokee Oopudhean Makoond Oopudhean, Sohawan Oopudhean, Dulaingar Sing, Nokur Sing, Kaleechurun Pandey Tupsee Oopudhean, Kewolram Oopudhean, Sheikh Ramzan Ally, Ajodheanpershad, Bhikharee Pandey, Latehminarain, Mussamut Chumpa, guardian of Nandkeshwore Pandey, Gujadhur Pandey, Ramsurun Oopudhean, Jankee Oopudhean, Sadho Oopudhean, Benec Oopudhean, Sobhnarain Oopudhean, alias Goomance Ram Oopudhean, Kinoo Oopudhean, Samruth Oopudhean, Padanuth Tewary, and Fooram Oopudhean; Sudder Jumma Rupees 740-10-9. The right and interest of Deokee Oopudhean and others are to be sold under Regulation XIX. of 1814.

No. 262.—Mehal Nawalachen, Pergunnah Arrah; recorded Proprietors, Ramnarain Sahoo, Raghoobhac, and Kitcha Roy; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,765-3-4. The right and interest of Ramnarain Sahoo and others are to be sold under Regulation XXI. of 1850.

*Class II.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 616.—Salempore and Mahomedpore, appertaining to Beloor, Pergunnah, Pawar; recorded Proprietors, Shewsahoy Panday and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 17,093-5-4. The right and interest of Shewsahoy Panday, surety, are to be sold.

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 879.—Mehal Sonpa, Pergunnah Choupsah; recorded Proprietors, Radhey Roy, Audh Roy, Sreekishoon Roy, and Shewpershun Roy; Sudder Jumma Rupees 651.

*Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.*

No. 917.—Mehal Kuthur, Pergunnah Chaunsah; recorded Proprietors, Achumbhit Roy, Ramsahoy Roy, Audh Roy, Sirkishoon Roy, Dhoul Roy, Koolwant Roy, Bishnath Roy, Achumbhit Roy, Khoord, Bhugwansurun Roy, Phenkoo Roy, Ghoorhoo Roy, and Bhowani Roy; Sudder Jumma Rupees 675-3-3.

*Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.*

No. 1689.—The right and interest of Doorga Pandey, Debee Pandey, and Nirunjun Pandey, debtors in Mehal Mahoola, Pergunnah Chynepore, in satisfaction of an Act X. of 1859 decree; recorded Proprietors, Hanooman Pandey and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 917-5-4.

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

No. 3145.—Mehal Maroolee Khoord, Pergunnah Arrah; recorded Proprietor, Kankar Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 550.

*Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.*

No. 3699.—The right and interest of Sreekishoon Sing, Mussamut Sonbasee Kooer, Mussamut Foolbasee Kooer, Mussamut Sant Kooer, and Chowdhry Kishondial Sing, in Mehal Ramporebubrarh, Pergunnah Sasseram, in satisfaction of expenses of Batwarrah; recorded Proprietors, Sreekishoon Sing, Mussamut Sonbasee Kooer and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 910-0-10.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE  
The 2nd July 1866.

H. ALEXANDER,  
Collector.



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1866.

Home Department.

## LEGISLATIVE.

Simla, the 21st June 1866.

The following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it are published for general information, by order of His Excellency the Governor General, under the 19th of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

*A Bill to transfer to the Government of India certain Securities and monies deposited in the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, and the proceeds of certain estates in the charge of the Administrator General of Bengal.*

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain securities and sums of money deposited in the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, and in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, in the course of suits in the said Courts, or in the late Supreme Courts at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, respectively, and which securities and sums now appear or shall hereafter appear to have been in such deposit for a period of twenty years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, should be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government: And whereas it is also expedient that the net proceeds of all estates administered under the orders of the said Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or in the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear from the official books and accounts to have been in official custody for a period of fifteen years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, should be transferred and paid

to the Government of India for the purposes aforesaid; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. All securities and sums of money deposited in the said High Courts or Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or any of them, in the course of suits in the said Courts or the late Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, respectively, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear to have been in such deposit for a period of twenty years or upwards, without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government.

2. The net proceeds of all estates administered under the orders of the said Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, or in the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, and which now appear or shall hereafter appear from the official books and accounts to have been in official custody for a period of fifteen years or upwards without any claim thereto having been made and allowed during that period, shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government.

3. Nothing in this Act shall authorize any transfer or payment of any such securities, sums of money or proceeds as aforesaid, pending any suit already instituted or which shall hereafter be instituted in respect thereof.

4. If any claim shall hereafter be made to any part of the securities, monies or proceeds which shall be transferred and paid to the Government of India under the provisions of this Act, and if such claim shall, in the case of securities and monies transferred and paid under the first Section of this Act, be established to the satisfaction of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, and Bombay, respectively, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the second Section of this

Monies deposited in High Courts and Supreme Court, Straits Settlement, and unclaimed for twenty years, to be transferred to Government.

Proceeds of estates administered under order of Supreme Court, Straits Settlement, or in charge of Administrator General of Bengal, and unclaimed for fifteen years, to be transferred to Government.

Transfer not to be made pending suits.

Re-payment on subsequent establishment of claim.



Act by order of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, be established to the satisfaction of the same Court, and, in the case of proceeds transferred and paid under the same Section by the Administrator General of Bengal for the time being, be established to the satisfaction of the said Administrator General and the Accountant General to the Government of Bengal, respectively, the Government of India shall pay to the claimant the amount of the principal so transferred and paid as aforesaid, or so much thereof as shall appear to be due to the claimant. If any such last-mentioned claim shall not be established to the satisfaction of the said Administrator General and Accountant General, the claimant may apply by petition to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, on its original side, against the Government of India and the Administrator General of Bengal for the time being, and after taking evidence, either orally or on affidavit in a summary way, as the said Court shall think fit, the said Court shall make such order on the petition for the payment of such portion of the principal sum as justice shall require, which order shall be binding on all parties to the suit.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Sums amounting to nearly Rupees 6,70,000 in Government Securities and cash, are now in the High Courts of the three Presidency towns, deposited in the course of suits instituted in the late Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay. There are also funds deposited under similar circumstances in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement. These sums have been unclaimed for more than twenty years. The proceeds of certain estates administered by order of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement have also been unclaimed for a period of fifteen years.

The object of this Bill is to transfer these sums to the Government of India for the general purposes of Government, subject to any claims which may hereafter be established to the satisfaction of the Court from which the transfer shall have been made.

The present opportunity has been taken to remedy a defect in the existing law regarding unclaimed estates in the hands of the Administrator General of Bengal. All estates administered by the Administrators General of Madras and Bombay, which may be unclaimed for more than fifteen years, are, under Act No. VIII of 1855, Section 51, credited to the general revenues, subject to any claim thereto being afterwards established. But there is no provision of the kind with regard to estates coming into the official charge of the Administrator General of Bengal, subsequent to the passing of that Act.

SIMLA,  
The 19th June 1866. }

W. N. MASSEY.

WHITLEY STOKES,  
last. Secy. to the Govt. of India,  
Home Dept. (Legislative.)

The 8th July 1866.

THE following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it, are published for general information by order of His Excellency the Governor General, under the 19th of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purposes of making Laws and Regulations:—

*A Bill to make further provision for the removal of prisoners*

WHEREAS it is expedient to authorize the Local Government to remove any prisoner sentenced by a Court established by Royal Charter from the Jail in which such prisoner is confined to any other Jail or, in the case of a prisoner of unsound mind, to a Lunatic Asylum, within the territories subject to the same Local Government: And whereas it is also expedient to authorize the Governor General of India in Council to remove any prisoner sentenced by any Court from the Jail in which such prisoner is confined to any other Jail within British India; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. When any person shall be, or shall have been, sentenced to imprisonment by a Court established by Royal Charter, it shall be lawful for the Local Government to order the removal of such person, during the period prescribed for his or her imprisonment, from the Jail or place in which he or she is confined to any other Jail or place of imprisonment within the territories subject to the same Local Government.

2. Whenever it shall appear to the Local Government that any person imprisoned by the sentence of a Court established by Royal Charter, is of unsound mind, such Government, by a warrant which shall set forth the grounds of belief that such prisoner is of unsound mind, may order his or her removal to a Lunatic Asylum, or other fit place of safe custody, within the territories subject to the same Government, there to be kept and treated as the Local Government shall direct during the remainder of the term of imprisonment ordered by the sentence; or if it shall be certified by a Medical Officer that it is necessary for the safety of the prisoner or others that he should be detained under medical care or treatment, then until he shall be discharged according to law; and when it shall appear to the same Government that such prisoner has become of sound mind, the Local Government, by a warrant directed to the person having charge of the prisoner, shall remand him or her to the prison from which he or she was removed if then still liable to be kept in custody, or if not shall order him or her to be discharged. The provisions of Section 9 of Act XXXVI of 1858 (relating to Lunatic Asylums) shall apply to every person confined in a Lunatic Asylum under this Section after the expiration of the term of imprisonment to which he or she shall have been sentenced; and the time during which he or she shall have been so confined, shall be reckoned as part of such term.

Local Government may order removal of prisoners sentenced by High Court from one Jail to another in the territories subject to the same Government.

Lunatic prisoners sentenced by High Court may be removed to Asylum by order of Local Government.

3. When any person shall be, or shall have been, sentenced to imprisonment by any Court it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council to order the removal of any person so sentenced, during the period prescribed for his or her imprisonment, from the Jail or place in which he or she is confined to any other Jail or place of imprisonment in the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty or Her Successors by the Statute 21 and 22 Vict., Cap. 106 (*An Act for the better Government of India*).

Governor General in Council may order removal of prisoners sentenced by any Court from one Jail to another in British India.

#### STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Under the Code of Criminal Procedure, Section 19, the Local Government has power to order the removal of persons sentenced to imprisonment by the Mofussil Courts, from one prison to another in the territories of the same Government. But as the law stands, no European or American sentenced to imprisonment by a High Court, can be so removed without the consent of the Governor General in Council. This having been found to cause delay, injurious in some instances to the health of the prisoner, the first Section of the present Bill proposes to authorize the Local Government to order the removal of any prisoner from the Jail in which he is confined to any other Jail within the territories subject to the same Government.

Under the sixth Section of Act IV of 1849 (*for the safe custody of Criminal Lunatics*) the Local Government had power to remove to Lunatic Asylums persons sentenced to imprisonment by any Court. The Local Government has a similar power, under Section 306 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, as to Criminal Lunatics sentenced by the Courts or Magistrates in the Mofussil. But, in consequence of the repeal of Act IV of 1849 by Act XVII of 1862, it appears to have now no such power as to Criminal Lunatics sentenced by a High Court. The second Section of the present Bill accordingly proposes to authorize the Local Government to remove such Lunatics to Asylums, and in case of recovery to remand them or order them to be discharged.

The Governor General in Council has, under Act XXIV of 1855, Section 6, power to remove Europeans and Americans sentenced to penal servitude from one prison in British India to another. Under Act III of 1858, Section 5, he has a like power as to State prisoners. But he does not appear to possess any general power of removing convicts from prison to prison. The want of such power being obviously inconvenient, the third Section of the present Bill proposes to authorize the Governor General in Council to remove any prisoner, whether European, American or Native, and whether sentenced by a High Court or by a Court not established by Royal Charter, from the Jail in which he is confined to any other Jail in British India.

SIMLA,  
25th June 1866.

H. S. MAINE,

WHITNEY STOKES  
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India,  
Home Dept. (Legislative).

## ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 1453.

#### APPOINTMENTS.

*The 28th June 1866.*—Lieutenant-Colonel R. N. Sneyd, Cantonment Magistrate of Barrackpore, is appointed to be also Judge of the Court of Small Causes in that Cantonment.

Mr. E. H. C. Wintle, Cantonment Magistrate of Dum-Dum, is appointed to be also Judge of the Court of Small Causes in that Cantonment.

*The 31st July 1866.*—Second Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Baney Madhub Tagore is appointed temporarily to the Pauper Hospital in Amherst Street, Calcutta.

Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Haran Chunder Dutt to have medical charge of the station of Sherghotty.

The following gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Kishnaghur:—

Mr. H. H. Coxe.

„ T. E. Coxhead.

„ H. K. Burne.

*The 10th July 1866.*—The following gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Chuprah:—

Mr. J. Macleod.

Baboo Deo Coomar Singh.

*The 12th July 1866.*—Mr. G. J. S. Hodgkinson to be a Member of, and Officiating Secretary to, the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Chuprah.

Dr. Sandford to be a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Jumalpoore.

Lieutenant W. J. Williamson to be an Assistant Commissioner of the First Grade, and to have charge of the Garrow Hills.

Mr. W. M. Souttar to have temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Nurrail, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class and Deputy Collector in the district of Jessore. Mr. Souttar is further empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Mr. H. S. Beadon, Assistant Commissioner of Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Sudder Amcen in that District. Mr. Beadon is also empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

*The 13th July 1866.*—Mr. W. G. Black, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Bancoorah, is posted to the Sub-Division of Raneegunge, and is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in that District.

Mr. A. W. Croft is appointed to the Fourth Grade of the Bengal Educational Service, and is attached to the Presidency College, Calcutta.

*The 14th July 1866.*—Mr. G. S. Park to officiate as Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Howrah, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. Balfour, or until further orders.



Mr. R. H. Pawsey to officiate as Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Hooghly.

*The 16th July 1866.*—Mr. C. B. Clarke, Professor, Presidency College, to officiate, in addition to his present duties, as Inspector of Schools, Central Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. Woodrow, or until further orders.

Mr. C. E. Lance to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Chittagong Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. Gordon Young, or until further orders.

Mr. A. Devien to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Backergunge.

Mr. H. Beveridge to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Dacca.

Mr. W. L. Heeley to officiate, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of Moorsheadabad.

Mr. H. Beverly to officiate as Registrar-General of Assurances, under Act XVI. of 1864, as a Marriage Registrar of Calcutta and Senior Marriage Registrar of that Town, under Section 16 of Act V. of 1865.

Mr. J. S. Carstairs to officiate as Extra Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. P. D. Dickens, Assistant Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to Sealdah in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. F. W. J. Rees to be an Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, to have charge of the Sub-Division of Baraset, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate and Deputy Collector in that District.

Mr. C. C. Quinn to be an Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Nuddea, to have temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Bongong, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, and Deputy Collector in that District. Mr. Quinn is also empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Baboo Shama Churn Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, to have temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Buseerhaut.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

*The 12th July 1866.*—Mr. V. Irwin, Assistant Magistrate of Nurrail, for three months, from the 5th proximo, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Mr. R. L. Mangles, Magistrate and Collector of Bhangulpore, for two months, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 11th ultimo.

*The 14th July 1866.*—Mr. H. Balfour, Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Howrah, for two months, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

*The 16th July 1866.*—Captain B. W. D. Morton, Deputy Commissioner of Gawalparah, is allowed leave of absence on Medical Certificate up to the 15th November next, under the Financial Resolution of the 22nd February 1856, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 9th February last.

Mr. H. Woodrow, Inspector of Schools, Central Division, for two months, under the orders of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India dated the 8th November last, from the 1st proximo or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. W. Gordon Young, Commissioner of Chittagong, for two months, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the 26th proximo, or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. C. J. Mackenzie, Magistrate and Collector of Moorsheadabad, for eleven days preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

Captain T. H. Lewin, Officiating Superintendent of the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, for one month, under Section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave, making over charge of the current duties of his office to Mr. E. H. Wilson, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chittagong.

NOTIFICATIONS.

*The 11th July 1866.*—Moulvy Ahmed, B. A. Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jumooie, Monghyr, having adopted the name of Dillawar Hossein Ahmed, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that he should in all future official communications be addressed by his adopted name.

*The 16th July 1866.*—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta has granted privilege leave of absence to the undermentioned Officers, under paragraph 27 of the Furlough and Absentee Rules for Chaplains, viz. :—

The Revd. C. Garbett, Chaplain of Barrackpore, for three months, from any date after the 1st proximo on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The Revd. R. Norman, Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, up to the 1st September next, in extension of the leave notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th instant.

NOTIFICATION.

*The 7th July 1866.*—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2279.—*The 28th June 1866.*—The following Notice received from the Government of Ceylon is published for general information :—

Notice is hereby given that, on and after the 1st of September next, during the erection of a Second Order Dioptric Light on the Clock Tower, a temporary Light will be exhibited on the old Lighthouse near the Flag Staff, at an elevation of 90 feet above the sea.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE; } JAMES DONNAN,  
COLOMBO, } Master Attendant  
*The 9th May 1866.*

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2257.—*The 29th June 1866.*—Mr. J. A. Graham, of the Civil Service, has reported his departure from India per Steamer *Golconda*, which vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 696.—*The 4th July 1866.*—Her Majesty, in the Proclamation issued on the 12th November 1864, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council announced



his resolution of occupying permanently and annexing to British Territory the Bengal Dooras of Bhootan, and so much of the Hill Territory including the Forts of Dullingköt and Dewangiri, as might be necessary to command the Passes, and to prevent hostile or predatory incursions of Bhootanese into the Darjeeling District or into the plains below.

And whereas, in pursuance of that resolution, the British Government, under Article II. of a Treaty concluded on the 11th day of November 1865, has obtained from the Government of Bhootan for ever the cession of the whole of the tract known as the sixteen Dooras bordering on the Districts of Kungpore, Couch Behar and Assam, together with the Talook of Ambaree Fallacottah and the Hill Territory on the left bank of the Teesta, up to such point as may be laid down by the British Commissioner appointed for the purpose :

It is hereby declared that the Territory ceded by the Bhootan Government as aforesaid is annexed to the Territories of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen of England.

It is further declared that the ceded Territory is attached to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William ; and that it will accordingly be under the immediate control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, but that it shall not be subjected to the general Regulations.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 1310.—*The 6th July 1866.*—Under the provisions of Section 4, Act X. of 1862, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prescribe, as an experimental arrangement, the use of Adhesive Stamps on documents hitherto impressed with a Cold Steel Die at the Calcutta Stamp Office. Pending the arrival of the special Adhesive Stamps which have been ordered from England for this purpose, "Foreign Bill" Stamps will be affixed by the Collector of Stamps, Calcutta, on presentation at his Office of deeds which require a Stamp exceeding one anna in value, and the Cold Steel Die impression will be temporarily retained for one anna Stamps—there being no Foreign Bill Stamps of that denomination.

Published by Order of the Governor General in Council.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 581.—*The 3rd July 1866.*—The services of Assistant Apothecary Charles Connolly, of the Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 582.—The services of Assistant Surgeon Neil Benjamin Baillie, of the Medical Department, officiating in medical charge of the 18th (the Alipore) Regiment, Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 588.—*The 1th July 1866.*—The services of Assistant Surgeon T. Mathew, M. D., attached to the Stud Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The following Notification received from the Government of St. Helena is published for general information :—

ST. HELENA

GOVERNMENT

NOTIFICATION.

Information having reached this Government that erroneous impressions exist in several Ports in India, China, and elsewhere, to the effect that charges on Shipping calling at St. Helena have been increased,—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that there is no foundation for such reports and that all Port Charges at St. Helena have been ABOLISHED, save and except the Penny per Ton heretofore charged for the gratuitous Medical Treatment and maintenance of sick Seamen (British and Foreign) left behind at the Colonial Hospital.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN

that a monthly Mail is made up at the General Post Office in London direct for St. Helena; usually performing the passage in 22 days. Return Mails from St. Helena to England by steam are likewise made up in every month and once a month to the Cape of Good Hope and all Ports Eastward thereof.

Owners, Consignees, Masters of Vessels and others interested are informed that every facility will be afforded at the Post Office at St. Helena for the due care and transmission of their letters.

By Command,  
R. C. PENNELL,  
Colonial Secretary.

ST. HELENA,  
The 18th April 1866. }

NOTIFICATION.

*The 7th July 1866.*—It is hereby notified that the Municipal limits of the Town of Oterpara is extended on the south as far as Bally Knall, so that the boundaries of the Town may, for the purposes of Act III. (B. C.) of 1861, comprise the Suburb of Chuck Bally.

A. EDEN,  
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 161.

*The 10th July 1866.*

*Posting.*—Mr. J. Adam, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Jessore Road Division, is posted to the Dacca Division as Executive Engineer.

No. 162.

*The 11th July 1866.*

*Notification.*—The Stations of Barrackpore, Ishapore, Duckinsore, Pulta and Chinsurah, and the Barrackpore Road from Sookehur to the first named Station, are formed into a Division, to be designated the Barrackpore Division, with Head-Quarters at Barrackpore, with effect from 2nd July 1866.

2. The Jessore Road Division is abolished, and amalgamated with the Nuddea (Local Road) Division, which will be the future designation of the Division, with Head-Quarters at Kishnaghur. This arrangement takes effect from 2nd July 1866.

3. Both these Divisions are placed under the Superintending Engineer, South-Eastern Circle.

No. 163.

*Transfer.*—Lieutenant C. N. Judge, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, from the 24-Pergunnahs to the Barrackpore Division.

No. 164.

*Appointment.*—Lieutenant H. McV. Crichton, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Barrackpore Division, during the absence of Lieutenant Judge on sick leave.

2. Lieutenant Crichton assumed charge of the Barrackpore Division on the 2nd July 1866, before noon.

No. 165.

The 12th July 1866.

Notification.—With reference to Notification No. 162, Mr. P. T. Smallwood, Local Executive Engineer, Third Grade, assumed charge of the Nuddea (Local Road) Division on the 2nd July-1866, before noon.

No. 166.

Captain Æ. Perkins, R. E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, assumed charge of the Darjeeling Division on the 26th June 1866, before noon.

Notification by the Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 83 of the 14th April 1866.

No. 167.

Transfers.—Mr. R. C. Smidt, Temporary Local Overseer, First Grade, from the Mahanuddy to the Cuttack Division.

Baboo Koylass Chunder Mookerjee, Local Overseer, Second Grade, from the Cuttack to the Mahanuddy Division.

No. 168.

The 13th July 1866.

Notification.—The Notification from this Department, granting leave on medical certificate to Mr. W. L. Granville, Architect to the Government of Bengal, is cancelled.

Notification by the Public Works Department, No. 124 of the 9th June 1866.

No. 169.

The 16th July 1866.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. L. R. Roberts, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Burdwan (Local Road) Division, is allowed three months' privilege leave, under Sections 12 and 20, Rule V. of the revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Regulations.

No. 170.

Baboo Madhub Chander Roy, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the additional Presidency Division, is allowed one month's privilege leave, under the above Regulations.

No. 171.

The 17th July 1866.

Notification.—Mr. F. B. Penberton, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, joined the Presidency Division on the 2nd July 1866, before noon.

Notification by the Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 136 of the 18th June 1866.

No. 172.

Transfers.—Baboo Brojololl Bhadoory, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Midnapore to the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William.

Baboo Bamun Chunder Bhuttacharjee, Overseer, First Grade, from the Turhoot to the Midnapore Division.

No. 173.

Notification.—The leave, on private affairs, granted\* to Baboo Bissonath Chatterjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Berhampore Division, is cancelled.

\* Notification by the Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 188 of the 18th June 1866.

J. E. T. NICOLLA, Lieut.-Col., R. E.,  
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,  
P. W. D.

Pub. Works, (Railway,) Dept.,—Bengal.

Fort William, the 16th July 1866.

Notification.—WHEREAS it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a Railway Station and Approach Road at Arunghatta, Pergunnah Mamzoani, in the district of Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a plot of land comprising about 2 biggahs 9 cottahs 11 chuttacks, more or less, is required. The land is bounded on the North and West by the lands of Kissen Kissore Ghose, Bamundass Mookerjee, Annoda Prosaud Mookerjee and Ssharoda Prosaud Mookerjee, on the East by the Railway Line and on the South by the Arunghatta Road.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern. By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

F. S. TAYLOR, Capt., R. E.,  
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 546.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1864-65, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 9th August 1866, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,330 Chests, viz.:

Behar Opium	...	...	2,000
Benares "	...	...	1,330

Total Chests ... 3,330

2. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertised will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 26th October 1865, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th August respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 4 M. P. of Tuesday, the 14th August 1866, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th August 1866.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1864-65, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Sept. 1866	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Thursday, 4th Oct. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Friday, 9th Nov. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
On or about Wed., 5th Dec. "	2,000	1,330	3,330
Total	8,000	5,330	13,330

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. S.,  
FORT WILLIAM, } T. BRUCE LANE,  
The 3rd July 1866. } Junior Secretary.



**Rules drawn up in accordance with Section 4, Act XX of 1865, for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of Pleaders and Mookhtars in Mofussil Courts.**

1. **PLEADERS** in the Mofussil Courts of the Regulation Provinces, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the High Court, shall, as regards qualification, be of two grades.

2. Those of the higher grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in any Civil or Criminal Court subordinate to and within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court, and also before the Board of Revenue or in any Revenue Court or Office within the said limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

3. Those of the lower grade shall be competent to appear, plead, and act in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs, and in the Courts of Assistant Commissioners, Extra Assistant Commissioners, and Registrars of Small Cause Courts, and also in any Criminal Court, or before the Board of Revenue or other Revenue Court or Office, within the limits of the general jurisdiction of the High Court: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

4. Mookhtars, duly admitted and enrolled, may, subject to the conditions of their certificates, as to the class of Courts in which they are authorized to practise, appear and act in any Civil Court, and may appear, plead, and act in any Criminal Court within the same limits: Provided that they shall not appear, plead, or act in the High Court.

5. All persons, who, on the 1st January 1866, were Pleaders or were lawfully qualified to act as Pleaders in any local Civil Court subordinate to the High Court, are qualified to be admitted and enrolled as Pleaders, subject to the provisions of Act XX of 1865. Such persons must make their applications for enrolment in the manner prescribed in Section 43 of the said Act.

**QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE HIGHER GRADE.**

6. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the higher grade who shall be qualified as hereinafter prescribed, that is to say,—

1st.—If he shall have obtained the Degree of Bachelor in Law of one of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall be a Licentiate in Law of one of the said Universities: Provided that his application for admission as a Pleader be made within three years from the time of his obtaining such Degree or License, or within such further time as the High Court shall for any special reason allow; or

2nd.—If he shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects. Where two or more books are mentioned in the alternative, it shall be

sufficient if the applicant pass in one of such books to be selected by himself.

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
1st.—The law of property current in Bengal.	
A. With reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land;—to claims to hold land exempt from the payment of Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I, VIII, X, XIV, XIXs and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered: Act XI of 1859, and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
B. The law of under-tenures and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of rent.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819: Act X of 1859: Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
C. The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859: Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
D. Mortgages: Registration of Assurances.	Macpherson on Mortgages: Act XX of 1866.
E. The Hindoo Law of inheritance, succession, and adoption.	Dayabлага and Mitakshara; Duttaka Chandrika, or Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
F. Mahomedan Law...	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
G. The Indian Succession Act.	Act X of 1865.
2nd.—Obligations arising from Contracts.	Macpherson on Contracts.
3rd.—Civil Procedure...	Act VIII of 1859: Act XXIII of 1861: Act XI of 1865.
4th.—The Law of Evidence.	Act II of 1855, and Best or Goodeve or Norton on Evidence.
5th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862: Act XVIII of 1865.
6th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV of 1859.
7th.—Criminal Law and Procedure.	The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860) and the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).
7. The examinations will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, according to such Regulation as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.	
8. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the	



examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

9. In order to qualify a person to present himself for the examination required by these Rules for the higher grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or shall satisfy the High Court that he has received a liberal education elsewhere than in India.

2nd.—He must hold a certificate of having regularly attended a full course of Lectures in Law at one of the Colleges affiliated to the Calcutta University, or such Law lectures elsewhere as shall be deemed by the High Court to be sufficient.

3rd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

4th.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 40 years, unless he shall have been admitted and shall have practised as a Pleader of the lower grade previously to his application to be admitted to the examination for the higher grade, in which case he may be admitted to that examination if he shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he resides that up to the time of the application he has been acting as a Pleader of the lower grade, and shall produce a certificate from the Judge or Judges in whose Court he has been so practising, that in his or their judgment he is a proper person to be admitted to examination for the higher grade.

10. Any person, who, on the 1st January 1866, was practising as a Pleader of the lower grade, may present himself at the first examination for a pleadership of the higher grade, which may take place after the expiration of six months from the publication of these Rules in the *Calcutta Gazette*, without having the qualifications required by Clauses 1 and 2 of Rule 9.

11. Every candidate for examination for the higher grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall establish to the satisfaction of the Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rules 9 and 10 to be necessary for such candidates.

12. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

13. Before the date of examination every candidate for the higher grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 20 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 12, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipts endorsed thereon.

14. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 11 and make the payment required by Rule 13 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

15. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Pleader of the higher grade, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 20, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 20, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

16. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 15, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

17. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLEADERS OF THE LOWER GRADE.

18. Every person may be admitted as a Pleader of the lower grade who shall satisfy the Court that he possesses a competent knowledge of the subjects mentioned in this clause, by producing a certificate from the Examiners hereinafter mentioned that he has passed an examination in the Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books set opposite to the respective subjects:—

Subjects.	Regulations, Enactments, and Text Books.
1st.—Hindoo Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Hindoo Law, first seven chapters.
2nd.—Mahomedan Law	Macnaghten's Principles of Mahomedan Law, except chapter 9.
3rd.—Law of Contracts	Macpherson on Contracts.
4th.—The law of property current in Bengal with reference to the Permanent Settlement;—to the Government lien on land;—to claim to hold lands exempt from the payment of Government Revenue;—and to the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of Revenue.	Regulations (Bengal) I, VIII, X, XIV, XIX, and XLIV of 1793, and the Regulations and Acts by which the same have been altered: Act XI of 1850, and the preamble to Regulation (Bengal) II of 1793.
5th.—The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	Act X of 1859: Act VI of 1862 (Bengal Council).
6th.—The law relating to Putnee Talooks.	Regulation (Bengal) VIII of 1819: Act VIII of 1865 (Bengal Council).
7th.—The Law of Limitation.	Act XIV of 1859.
8th.—The Law relating to Stamps.	Act X of 1862: Act XVIII of 1865.

- 9/A.—Civil Procedure, Act VIII of 1859: Act including the Small Cause Court Act. XXIII of 1861: Act XI of 1866.
- 10/A.—The Law of Evidence. Act II of 1855, and Norton on Evidence.
- 11/A.—Criminal Law and Procedure. Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860): Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861).

19. The examination will be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examinations.

20. The application to the High Court for admission shall be made within three years from the time of the applicant's passing the examination, or within such further time as the Court shall for any special reason allow.

21. In order to qualify a person to present himself for examination for the lower grade—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or a certificate of having passed the examination for a Government Vernacular Scholarship, or minor scholarship.

2nd.—He must hold a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

3rd.—He must be between the ages of 20 and 35 years.

22. Every candidate for examination for the lower grade shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and shall establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses the qualifications declared by Rule 21 to be necessary for such candidates.

23. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that the Judge has been satisfied that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

24. Before the date of examination every candidate for the lower grade shall pay a fee of Rupees 10 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 23, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. Every candidate for examination shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

25. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 22, and make the payment prescribed by Rule 24 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

26. Any person who shall have passed for the lower grade under the preceding Rules, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 10, and shall, on presentation of the Examiner's certificate and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 10, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

27. The application, together with the certificate and receipt mentioned in Rule 26, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by him to the Registrar of the High Court with any remarks which he may think fit to make thereon.

28. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

#### RULES FOR MOOKHTARS.

29. 1st.—Any person qualified to be admitted as a Pleader of either grade shall be entitled to be admitted as Mookhtar.

2nd.—Any person qualified to present himself for examination for a pleadership for either grade may present himself for examination to be admitted as Mookhtar.

3rd.—Any person who can satisfy the Judge of the District that he possesses the following qualifications may be admitted to examination for the office of Mookhtar, viz. :—

A.—That he is a person of good moral character.

B.—That he has received a liberal education.

C.—That he is not above the age of 35 years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mookhtar, in which case no limit of age will be prescribed.

30. Every candidate for examination as a Mookhtar shall, six weeks at least before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Judge of the District in which he resides of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination, and he shall at the time of giving such notice establish to the satisfaction of such Judge that he possesses all the qualifications declared by Rule 29 to be necessary for such candidates.

31. The Judge, if satisfied that the candidate possesses such qualifications, shall thereupon enter his name, the name of his father, his place of residence, and his age, in a register, with a certificate to the effect that he possesses the necessary qualifications, and shall furnish the candidate with a copy of, or an extract from, the said register.

32. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rs. 5 into the Government Treasury of the District. The candidate shall at the same time present to the Collector the copy of the register furnished to him under Rule 31, and the Collector's receipt for the fee shall be endorsed thereon. The applicant shall produce to the Examiners the copy of the register granted to him by the Judge, with the Collector's receipt endorsed thereon.

33. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice required by Rule 30, and make the payment prescribed in Rule 32 to the Judge and Collector, respectively, of the 24-Pergunnahs.

34. The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be Examiners in pursuance of Section 6, Act XX of 1865, and according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Government



for conducting such examinations. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

- Code of Civil Procedure.
- Law of Limitation.
- Stamp Laws.
- Small Cause Court Act.
- Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure.

35. Any person who shall pass the examination as a Mookhtar, and who shall desire to be admitted, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise Rupees 8, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners and of the Collector's receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission and enrolment.

36. The application, together with the certificate and receipt required by Rule 35, shall be presented to the Judge of the District in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

37. Upon the applicant's being admitted and enrolled by the High Court a certificate to that effect shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the High Court to the Judge of the District, who, upon the applicant's delivering and leaving with him a declaration in writing signed by the said applicant in conformity with the recital in the form of certificate given in the 2nd Schedule to Act XX of 1865, shall grant him a certificate as required by the said Act.

38. If any person having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Mookhtar shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by special order of the High Court, the time for such application shall be extended.

39. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least immediately preceding that date as a Mookhtar in a Criminal Court, and who shall satisfy the Judge of the District in which he ordinarily practised that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified by his knowledge of Law and Procedure to continue practising as Mookhtar shall be admitted to practise in any Criminal Court.

40. In any District in which there is a resident Magistrate and no resident Judge, it shall be sufficient for an applicant to satisfy the Magistrate that he possesses the qualifications mentioned in Rule 39.

41. The qualifications required by the foregoing Rules shall not be necessary for Pleaders or Mookhtars in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Pleaders and Mookhtars will be published hereafter.

42. If any person having been admitted and enrolled as a Pleader or Mookhtar shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the High Court.

43. Any person, who, having been admitted as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into

any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the High Court, who may thereupon pass such orders as the said Court may think fit.

44. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Pleader or Mookhtar, shall state the fact in his application for admission.

45. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Pleader or Mookhtar to suspension or dismissal.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. TREVOR.  
H. V. BAYLEY.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SETON-KARR.  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SHUMBOONATH PUNDIT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
J. B. PHEAR.  
A. G. MACPHERSON.  
F. A. GLOVER.

The 2nd May 1866.

*The following are the rules prepared by the Board of Revenue under Section 23, Act XX of 1865, to define what qualifications are required for a certificate entitling a person to practise as a Revenue Agent under that Act.*

1. Any person who has obtained from the Judge a certificate that he is qualified to present himself for examination as a Mukhtar, may present himself for examination for the office of Revenue Agent.

2. Any person who can satisfy the Collector of the District that he possess the following qualifications, may be admitted to examination for the office of Revenue Agent, *vis.*—

1st.—That he is a person of good moral character.

2nd.—That he has received a liberal education.

3rd.—That he is not under the age of twenty, nor above the age of thirty-five years, unless he has been previously practising as a Mukhtar, in which case no enquiry as to age is necessary.

3. Every candidate for examination for the office of Revenue Agent shall at least six weeks before the day fixed for the examination, give notice to the Collector of the District in which he resides, of his intention to present himself at the ensuing examination.

4. The Collector if satisfied that the candidate is qualified for examination under Rule 1 or 2, shall, thereupon, enter his name, with a description sufficient for identification, in a register, and shall furnish to the candidate a certificate to that effect.

5. Before the date of examination every candidate shall pay a fee of Rupees 5 to the Collector of the District whose receipt for the same shall be endorsed on the certificate described in Rule 4.

6. Candidates residing in Calcutta shall give the notice, and pay the fees, prescribed in Rules 3 and 5, to the Collector of the 24 Parganas.



The examination shall be held before such persons as the Government of Bengal shall appoint to be examiners under Section 24, Act XX of 1865, and according to such regulations as shall be made by the said Government for conducting such examination. The examination shall be in the following subjects:—

A. The permanent-settlement; the Government lien on land; and the mode in which Estates can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue. Regulations I, II, VIII, X, XI, XIV, XIX, XXXVII, and XLIV of 1793; Act XI of 1859.

B. The law of undertenures, and the mode in which the same can be brought to sale for arrears of revenue. Regulations VIII of 1819 and I of 1820; Acts X of 1859 and VIII of 1865, B. C.

C. The Law for the Division of Estates. Regulation XIX of 1814.

D. The relation of Landlord and Tenant. Acts X of 1859 and VI of 1862, B. C.

E. The Law of Evidence. Act II of 1855.

F. The Stamp Laws. Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1865.

8. Any person, who shall pass the examination, and who shall desire to be admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall pay into the Government Treasury of the District in which he shall intend to practise, Rupees 8, and, shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examiners, and of a receipt for the said sum of Rupees 8, be entitled to apply to the Collector of the District for, and to receive a certificate in, the form prescribed in Schedule 3, Act XX of 1865, and subject to the conditions of Sections 20, 21, and 22 of the said Act, which certificate shall be signed by the Collector of the District, and delivered to the applicant.

9. The application, certificate, and receipt required by Rule 8, shall be forwarded by the Collector, to the Secretary of the Board of Revenue, with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon.

10. If any person, having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment, for a period of three years, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by a special order of the Board of Revenue, the time for such application shall be extended.

11. Provided that any person who, on the 1st January 1866, had been practising for the term of one year at least, immediately preceding that date, as a Mukhtar in a Revenue Office, and who shall satisfy the Collector of the District in which he has ordinarily practised, that he is a person of good moral character, and qualified, by his knowledge of law and procedure, to continue practising as a Revenue Agent, shall be admitted to practise in any Revenue Office.

12. The qualifications required by the above Rules, shall not be necessary for Revenue Agents in the Non-Regulation Provinces under the Government of Bengal. Rules for the qualification, admission, and enrolment of such Revenue Agents will be published hereafter.

13. If any person, having been admitted and enrolled as a Revenue Agent, shall neglect to take out a certificate, or, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended, and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate, or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the Board of Revenue.

14. Any person who, having been admitted as a Revenue Agent, shall accept any appointment under Government, or shall enter into any trade or other business, shall give notice thereof to the Board of Revenue, who may, thereupon, pass such orders as the said Board may think fit.

15. Any person, who shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business at the time of his application for admission as a Revenue Agent, shall state the fact on his application for admission.

16. Any wilful violation of any of the above Rules shall subject a Revenue Agent to suspension or dismissal.

A. GROTE, } Members, Board of  
V. H. SCHALCH, } Revenue.

*Rules made by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, in pursuance of Act XX of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader, in proceedings in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces.*

1. In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the Board of Revenue are pleased to direct that, from, and after, the 1st day of July 1866 the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the Revenue Courts and Offices in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, in respect of the fees of his adversary's pleader shall be calculated at the rates specified in the following schedules.

If a Revenue Agent and not a pleader has been employed by the said adversary, a deduction of one fourth part shall be made from the fees calculated as herein deducted, and if, though a pleader has been employed, the Officer presiding in the Court or Office be of opinion that the employment of a pleader was unnecessary, and that it would have sufficed to employ a Revenue Agent, the fees shall be calculated as for a Revenue Agent only.

SCHEDULE.

In all suits or applications instituted under Act X. of 1859 or Act VI of 1862 B. C., and in all Judicial or quasi Judicial proceedings in any Revenue Court or Office:

If the amount or value of the property, debt, or damages decreed does not exceed 5,000 Rupees, at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value exceed 5,000 Rupees and does not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 20,000 and does not exceed 50,000, on 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value exceed 50,000, on 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at ½ per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of any fee exceed 8,000 Rupees.

2. In suits or proceedings to enforce rights of which the pecuniary value cannot be exactly defined, as, for example, in suits for a kabalyut or pottah, or for abatement or enhancement of rent, or for ejection, or re-instatement, or in proceedings for the division of an estate, if the plaintiff succeed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office may order the fee of the pleader or Revenue Agent for the plaintiff to be calculated upon the valuation of the claim, or upon such a sum, not exceeding the valuation, as the said Officer may think reasonable and may fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute.

3. If any suit, application, or claim, is dismissed for default, or upon the merits, or is decreed for the defendant, the defendant's pleader's or agent's fee shall be calculated on the whole value of the suit.

4. If any suit, application or claim is decreed for the plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder, is dismissed or decreed for the defendant, the fees allowed to each party's pleader or agent shall be calculated upon the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he has succeeded.

5. If, in any suit for damages under the Rent Laws, the plaintiff fails to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance for a pleader or agent's fee in respect of the difference between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that, or any other cause to be specified, direct that a fee for his pleader or agent shall be allowed to the defendant. If specially allowed the amount of such fee shall be calculated upon the amount of damages disallowed to the plaintiff.

6. If several defendants, who have a Joint or Common Interest succeed upon a joint defence, or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one pleader or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for reasons which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Presiding Officer shall direct to which of the defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several defendants in such manner as he shall think fit.

7. If several defendants, who have separate interests, set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one pleader or agent for each of the defendants who appear by a separate pleader or agent may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated upon the value of the separate interest of such defendant.

8. The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's pleader or agent when allowed in any miscellaneous proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting or pleading in a suit or application, or other judicial or quasi judicial proceeding

prior to decree shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office according to the following scale, viz. :—

In proceedings before the Board of Revenue or in the Court or Office of a Commissioner of Revenue, Rupees 10 to 80.

In the Court or Office of a District Officer, Rupees 4 to 16:

In the Court or Office of a Deputy Collector, Rupee 1 to Rupees 10.

9. In any suit, application or claim, in any Court or Office of Original Jurisdiction which is undefended the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's pleader or agent shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

10. In proceedings for, or consequent upon, the revival or rehearing of a suit, the pleader's or agent's fee, if allowed to the successful party, shall be fixed by the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office at an amount which shall not exceed one-half of the amount that would have been allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

The fee allowed in respect of the revival or rehearing will be irrespective of any fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit or proceeding which may be adjudged to the successful party by the judgment in review.

11. The amount to be allowed on account of the fees of an adversary's pleader or agent in an appeal, shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principles of the above clauses as to original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

12. When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one pleader's or agent's fee shall be allowed unless the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall otherwise order, for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as he shall think fit.

13. If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate pleaders or agents, in determining whether several pleaders or Agents' fees shall be allowed, the Presiding Officer of the Court or Office shall be guided by the principles laid down in Clauses 6 and 7.

14. If, in any instance, the payment of fees according to the preceding Clauses shall not appear to the Presiding Officer of any Court or Office to be just and equitable, he may exercise his discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable, but, whenever, in any case other than those provided for in Clause 8, an allowance is made for a pleader's or agent's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the Schedule appended in Clause 1.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

B. CHAPMAN,  
Secretary  
BOARD OF REVENUE,  
The 5th June 1866.



*Rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in pursuance of Act XX. of 1865, Section 37, for fixing and regulating the Fees payable by the unsuccessful party in respect of the Fees of his adversary's Pleader in proceedings in any Court of Civil Judicature subordinate to the said High Court.*

In pursuance of Section 37, Act XX. of 1865, the High Court is pleased to direct that, from and after the 1st day of July 1866, the sums which shall be payable by an unsuccessful party in any suit or proceeding in the subordinate Civil Courts in respect of the fees of his adversary's Pleader shall be calculated at the rates specified in the following scale, that is to say:—

**Rule 1.**—In suits for the recovery of specific property, or a share of a specific property, whether immovable or moveable, or for the breach of any contract or for damages—

If the amount or value of the property, debt or damages decreed shall not exceed Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent. on the amount or value decreed.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000 and not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 at 5 per cent., and on the remainder at 2 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000 and not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder at 1 per cent.

If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder at  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

Provided that in no case shall the amount of any fee exceed Rupees 3,000

**Rule 2.**—In suits for injuries to the person or character of the Plaintiff, such as suits for assaults or defamation, or for injuries to property, or to enforce rights where the pecuniary value of such injury or right cannot be exactly defined, as in suits for interference with a right to light or water, or to enforce a right of pre-emption, or suits for the partition of joint property, where partition is improperly resisted, if the Plaintiff succeeds, the Court may order the fee of the Pleader for the Plaintiff to be calculated with reference either to the amount decreed or according to the valuation of the suit, or according to such sum not exceeding the valuation as the Court shall think reasonable and shall fix with reference to the importance of the subject of the dispute. In any such case the amount of the Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 3.**—If the suit be dismissed for default or upon the merits, or be decreed for the Defendant, the Defendant's Pleader's fee shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on the whole value of the suit.

**Rule 4.**—If the suit shall be decreed for the Plaintiff as to part only of his claim, and as to the remainder shall be dismissed or decreed for the Defendant, the fees allowed to each party's Pleader shall be fixed with reference to the value of that part of the claim in respect of which he shall succeed, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 5.**—If in any suit for unliquidated damages, the Plaintiff shall succeed as to the whole of his cause of action, but shall fail to recover the full amount of damages claimed, the Defendant shall not be entitled to any allowance or a Pleader's fee in respect of the difference

between the amount of damages claimed and the amount recovered, unless the Court shall be of opinion that the amount claimed for damages was unreasonable or excessive, and shall for that or any other cause to be specified direct that a fee for his Pleader shall be allowed to the Defendant.

If specially allowed, the amount of such fee shall be fixed with reference to the amount of damages disallowed to the Plaintiff, and shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 6.**—If several Defendants who have a joint or common interest succeed upon a joint defence or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason which shall be recorded. If only one fee be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Defendants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several Defendants in such manner as the Court shall think fit.

**Rule 7.**—If several Defendants who have separate interests set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one Pleader for each of the Defendants who shall appear by a separate Pleader may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated with reference to the value of the separate interest of such Defendant according to the scale in Rule 1.

**Rule 8.**—The amount in respect of the fee of an adversary's Pleader when allowed in any Miscellaneous Proceeding, or for any other matter than that of appearing, acting, or pleading in a suit prior to decree, shall be fixed by the Court according to the following scale, viz. :—

Rupees 10 to Rs. 80 in the Court of a Judge or Principal Sudder Ameen.

Rupees 7 to Rupees 16 in the Court of a Sudder Ameen.

Rupee 1 to Rupees 4 in the Court of a Moonsiff.

The above scale shall apply to applications under Sections 53 or 54 of Act XX. of 1865.

**Rule 9.**—In every suit in any Court of Original Jurisdiction which shall be undefended, the amount to be paid as the fee of the adversary's Pleader shall be calculated at one-half the sum at which it would have been charged had the suit been defended.

**Rule 10.**—If a review be rejected after summoning the opposite party, or if after the admission of a review the former Judgment be upheld, the Pleader's fee, if allowed to the successful party in the review, shall be fixed by the Court at an amount which shall not in any case exceed one-half of the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree.

**Rule 11.**—If after the admission of a review the former Judgment be reversed, the fee of the Pleader in respect of the review, if allowed to the party who succeeds in the review, shall not exceed one-half the amount allowed by these rules in case of an original decree. The fee allowed in respect of the review will be irrespective of any Pleader's fee which may be included in any costs in respect of the original suit which may be adjudged to the successful party by the Judgment in review.

**Rule 12.**—The amount to be allowed on account of the fee of an adversary's Pleader in appeals shall be calculated on the same scale as in original suits, and the principals of the above rules as to



original suits shall be applied, as nearly as may be, to appeals.

**Rule 13.**—When the interest of several Appellants is joint, not more than one Pleader's fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason to be recorded. If one fee only be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the Appellants it shall be paid, or shall apportion it amongst the several Appellants in such proportions as it shall think fit.

**Rule 14.**—If several Respondents in one appeal appear by separate Pleaders, in determining whether several Pleaders' fees shall be allowed, the Court shall be guided by the principles laid down in Rules 6 and 7.

**Rule 15.**—If in any instance the payment of fees, according to the preceding rules, shall not appear to the Court to be just and equitable, the Court may exercise its discretion in charging the fee of the adversary's Pleader in such manner as may appear just and equitable; but in every case when an allowance is made for a Pleader's fee, the amount shall be calculated according to the scale in Rule 1, or according to Rule 8, as the case may be.

Provided that, if under the provisions of Section 351, Act VIII. of 1859, the decree of a Lower Court be reversed on appeal, and the case be remanded to the Lower Court to be tried upon the merits, the Lower Court on passing its decree may allow to the successful party such a sum as the Court shall consider to be reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated according to the scale in Rule 1 on account of his Pleader's fee in respect of the re-hearing in addition to the full amount of his Pleader's fee calculated according to that scale.

Provided also that if an appeal be preferred against the decree passed on remand, the fee, if any, allowed by the Appellate Court to the party succeeding in that appeal, shall not, unless for a special reason to be recorded, be less than one-fourth, nor more than half of the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1, if by the decree of the Appellate Court remanding the case, the same party shall have been allowed a full Pleader's fee in respect of the former appeal in the suit either absolutely or conditionally upon his succeeding upon the remand.

Provided also that if, under Section 354, Act VIII. of 1859, an issue be framed and referred by the Appellate Court for trial by the Lower Court, the Appellate Court may, if it think proper, allow to the party who shall succeed in the appeal, such a sum as the Court shall consider reasonable, not exceeding half the amount calculated at the rate mentioned in Rule 1 for his Pleader's fee in respect of the trial of the issue in the Lower Court, in addition to a full fee, in respect of the appeal, calculated at that rate.

B. PEACOCK.  
C. B. TREVOR.  
G. LOCH.  
H. V. BAYLEY.  
J. P. NORMAN.  
F. B. KEMP.  
W. S. SETON-KARI  
LOUIS S. JACKSON.  
SUMBHOO NATH FUNDIT.  
G. CAMPBELL.  
E. JACKSON.  
F. A. B. GLOVER.  
A. G. MACHERSON  
J. B. PEAR.

### Notification.

BURDWAN.

BABOO WOOPENDRO CHUNDER BANERJEE to be Money Order Agent, *vice* Baboo ADUNT LRU Mittre.

HUGH SANDEMAN,  
*Accountant-General.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 11th July 1866. }

### Revenue Survey Department.

No. 13.

MR. E. J. JACKSON, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor, First Class, 2nd Division, Lower Provinces, at present doing duty in the Deputy Surveyor-General's Office at the Presidency, is transferred to the 1st Division, Lower Provinces.

D. C. VANRENEN, *Lieut.-Col.,*  
*Offg. Superintendent of*  
*Revenue Surveys, Bengal.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 10th July 1866. }

### Revenue Survey Department.

No. 14.

MR. D. W. BURNETT, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, Third Class, at present attached to the 1st Division, Lower Provinces, is appointed to do duty in the Deputy Surveyor-General's Office at the Presidency.

J. E. GASTRELL, *Lieut.-Col.,*  
*Offg. Dy. Surveyor-General*  
*of India.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 10th July 1866. }

### Revenue Survey Department.

No. 17.

ONE month's privilege leave of absence under Financial Department Orders No. 198, dated 16th January 1866, is granted to Mr. T. D. Moran, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor of the Third Class, attached to the 5th Division, Lower Provinces.

D. C. VANRENEN, *Lt.-Col.,*  
*Offg. Superintendent of*  
*Revenue Surveys, Bengal.*

CALCUTTA,  
The 16th July 1866. }

### Notification.

BABOO BROJOLLOL CHOWRY, Deputy Collector of Moorshedabad, has been placed in charge of the Moorshedabad Treasury, and authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

C. H. CAMPBELL,  
*Commissioner.*

COMM'R'S OFFICE;  
*Rajshahye Division,*  
*Berhampore*  
The 7th July 1866.

**Notice.**

BABOO DOORGAGUTTY BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Gya Treasury, and authorized to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

J. W. DALRYMPLE,  
Commissioner.

PATNA COMM'R'S. OFFICE, }  
The 9th July 1866.

**Notification.**

MR. P. HURLEY, Assistant to Collector, received charge of the Chittagong Treasury from Baboo Poreshnath Banerjee, on the 2nd July 1866, and he has been empowered to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

W. GORDON YOUNG,  
Commissioner.

COMM'R'S. OFFICE; }  
Chittagong,  
The 6th July 1866.

**Notice.**

MR. H. RATTRAY, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Mymensing, received charge of the Treasury from MR. H. J. REYNOLDS, Collector, on the 15th June 1866, and he has been authorized to draw Bills on all Treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,  
Commissioner.

DACCA COMM'R'S. OFFICE, }  
The 25th June 1866.

**Notification.**

KOOMAR BREJENDRO NARAUN DEB, Deputy Collector at Purneah, having received charge of the Treasury there on the 20th instant, is hereby authorized to draw Bills on other Treasury.

A. MONEY,  
Commissioner.

CAMP DARJEELING, }  
The 26th June 1866.

**Notice.**

THE Effects of the late MR. M. WHITTINGTON, Assistant Tea Planter of Machinapore Garden, in Cachar, to the value of about Rupees 300, are in deposit of this Court; and these or the sale proceeds thereof will be made over to any one legally authorised to receive the same.

R. STEWART, Captain,  
Deputy Commissioner.

CACHAR;  
Civil Court,  
The 17th April, 1866.

**River Trust.**

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 25th July 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., to confirm the nomination of Mr. A. M. Dowleas as Vice-Chairman of the River Trust Committee, in conformity with Section 5 of Act X. of 1866, and also to fix the salaries and fees of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman and Members of the Committee under Section 10 of the said Act, and to fix the amount to be allowed for the entertainment of a suitable Office establishment under Section 12 of said Act.

ROBERT TURNBULL,

Secy. to the Justices of the Peace.

CALCUTTA, }  
The 10th July 1866.

রিবর ট্রাস্ট।

১৮৬৬ সালের ২৫ জুলাই তারিখ বুধবার বেলা ১১ ঘটটার সময়ে টৌনহালে কলিকাতা নগরের শাস্তি-রক্ষার্থ জজিসদের বিশেষ সাধারণ সভা হইবে। সেই সভাতে ১৮৬৬ সালের ১০ আইনের ৫ ধারামতে জিযুত এ এন ডৌলিয়াস সাহেবকে রিবর ট্রাস্ট কমিটির প্রতিনিধি সভাপতির পদে মনোনীত কার্য দৃঢ় করণ এবং ঐ আইনের ১০ ধারামতে কমিটির সভাপতির ও প্রতিনিধি সভাপতির ও কমিটির অন্তর্গত ব্যক্তিদের বেতম ও ফী অবধারণ এবং ঐ আইনের ১২ ধারামতে কার্যের উপযুক্ত কর্মচারিদিগকে নিযুক্ত করণার্থে যত টাকা নিরূপণ হইবে হই নিরূপণ করণকার্য সম্পাদন হইবে।

আর টর্নবুল,

শাস্তিরক্ষার্থ জজিসদের সেক্রেটারী।

কলিকাতা ১৮৬৬ সাল ১০ জুলাই।

**Notice.**

CERTAIN Effects belonging to the Estate of the late MR. MICHAEL BETTS, a British born subject, who died at Berhampore, Zillah Moorshedabad, on the 25th June 1866, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorised to receive the same.

E. W. MOLONY,  
Offg. Judge.

JUDGE'S COURT; }  
City Moorshedabad,  
The 4th July 1866.

**Notice.**

BONDERS of Salt are hereby informed that the charge for Golah rent at the Government Depôts at Sulkea and Ghosery will be reduced from Rupees 5 to Rupees 3 per 1,000 maunds from this date.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA;  
Custom House,  
The 9th July 1866. }

**Wanted,**

A JAILOR for the Jessore Jail, Salary Rupees 100 per mensem, 10 per cent. Commission on the profits realized from the Jail produce, and a house to live in. Security to the amount of Rupees 1,000 is required.

All applications to reach the undersigned on or before the 31st instant.

J. O'KINEALY,  
Officer in charge of the Jail, Jessore.

JESSORE;  
Magistrate's Office,  
The 4th July 1866. }

**Wanted,**

AN experienced European Overseer who is practically acquainted with the Building Trade, he must understand the Vernacular and be competent to measure and set out work from detail Drawings. Salary, Rupees 200 per mensem.

Applications, accompanied by Testimonials, to be forwarded prepaid to the undersigned on or before the 20th instant. Security will be required.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Offg. Exc. Engr. and Supdt. of Nizamut  
Buildings, Berhampore.

**Wanted**

A WRITER at 40 Rupees per mensem.

A Store-keeper at Rupees 25 per mensem.

They must be conversant with English and Accounts, and able to write a clear and distinct hand; (security required), also a Draftsman, must be a neat Tracer, and able to compute in English. Salary Rupees 40 per mensem.

Testimonials and Applications to be forwarded to the undersigned.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Offg. Exc. Engr., Berhampore Div.  
and Supdt. of Nizamut Buildings.

**Notification.**

MR. W. F. MERES, Assistant Collector of Maldah, has been placed in charge of the Maldah Treasury and authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

C. H. CAMPBELL,  
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;  
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION,  
Berhampore,  
The 30th June 1866. }

**Nuddea Rivers.**

Report shewing the least depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 1st to 7th July 1866.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	21 0	
On the Entrance shoal ...	12 0	
Thence to Hât Bouleah, 44 miles ...	12 6	River opened for Traffic.
Hât Bouleah to Alickdeah ...	10 4	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	11 3	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	13 6	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance Bar ...	12 10	
Below the Entrance	11 6	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	14 3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	25 6	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	32 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	2 3	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...	3 0	River opened for Traffic.
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	17 0	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	18 0	

Height on Gauge at Berhampore, on the 10th July 1866, + 15 feet above Zero.  
A fall of 7 feet 11 inches since 4th July 1866.

G. W. VIVIAN, C. E.,  
Offg. Exc. Engr., Berhampore Div.  
BERHAMPORE,  
The 10th July 1866. }



RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD AS REPORTED TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 14TH JULY 1866.

Number of Seers of 80 Tolahs weight retailed for a Rupee.

AT	Date of Return from each District.	CLEANED RICE IN ORDINARY USE.			PULSES IN ORDINARY USE.			WHEAT.		ATTAR.		JANERA, JOWAR AND SUCH GRAINS.	
		Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Dearest sort.	Cheapest sort.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.	Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price of cheapest kind.
			Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.		Ordinary price at this Season.	Present price.						

Districts in which the prices are the same or nearly the same,

Durrung	2nd July 1866	8	32	8	11	20	12½	...	...	8	6	...	...
Luckimpore	25th June 1866	5	6	6	6	6	6	8	8	3	3	...	...
Goldd	7th July 1866	8	20	8	6	20	6	19	8	14	6	24	10
Huzareebaugh	9th "	6½	20	8½	8	28	10½	20	8	16	7	27	10½
Lohardugga	7th "	10	32	10½	5	20	10	24	7½	16	6	40	12½
Cuttack	9th "	3½	24	4½	5	24	5	24	5	21	3½	32	8
Poorea	9th "	6½	25	6½	...	13½	5½	12½	5½	10½	3½	32½	7½
Cachar	2nd "	4½	14	8	8	16	8	12½	7½	6½	4	...	...
Dacca	9th "	9	24	10½	11	16	13	12	10½	8	8	...	...
Tirhoot	9th "	6½	30	9	11	24	11	20	1½	18	9	40	10½
Bograh	9th "	9	30	12	8	17½	10½	15	15	8	8	60	30

Districts in which all or most articles are dearer.

Bhaugulpore	8th July 1866	8½	16½	8½	8½	20½	10½	20½	10½	15½	8½	...	...
Monghyr	9th "	7	22	7½	7	25	8	19	11½	16	8	36	13
Purneah	9th "	8	19	9	7	20	11	20	11	14	8	...	...
Booghur	8th "	...	18	7½	7	14	8	16	9	14	7½	...	...
Nya-Doomka	9th "	...	20	7	7	17	8	15	9	9	6	30	12
Pakour	8th "	8	24	8	7	24	9	25	12	16	8	...	...
Beerbhoom	7th "	8½	20½	9	5	24	11	21	9	15	6½	68	22
Burdwan	8th "	8½	19½	8½	9	22	13	15	10½	10	7½	...	...
Hooghly	9th "	6	17	8½	8½	18	13½	13	10	10	6	20	10½
Midnapore	9th "	6	18	7	11	20	11½	13	8	11	5½	...	...
Singhbhoom	2nd "	7	21	7	8	24	12	12	7	9	5	...	...
Furreedpore	9th "	8	20	10	20	20	20	16	10½	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	17th "	7½	16	8	8	26	13½	16	10	10	7	...	...
Nuddea	9th "	7½	30	8	10	32	17	16	11½	10½	6½	...	...
24-Pergunnah	9th "	...	16	7½	6½	20	15½	13½	12½	8	7	...	...
Gya	9th "	8½	26	9½	8	17½	8½	20	9½	22½	8½	18	10½
Patna	9th "	9	12	9½	9½	16	11	14	12	10½	10	20	13
Sarun	7th "	7	25	10½	11	24	12	28½	11½	20	9	35	12½
Shahabad	8th "	7	24	8½	9	24	10	23	10½	18	6½	30	12½
Moorshedabad	8th "	5½	17½	7	8½	28	13½	16½	8½	11	7	...	...

Districts in which all or most articles are cheaper.

Gawalparah	2nd July 1866	8	15½	9	6½	11	10½	20	15	7	8	...	...
Rancoorah	7th "	5½	24	7½	9½	18	10½	13	9	9	7½	30	12
Bulloah	9th "	8	21	10½	5½	20	16	...	...	5	4	...	...
Mymensing	9th "	10	20	12	8	20	15	16	10	9	6	...	...
Sylhet	20th June 1866	7	5½	7½	6½	50	10	14	8	12	6½	...	...
Soonderbuns	2nd July 1866	12	22	13	16	32	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chumparun	7th "	7½	24	9	8	24	9	28	10	17	7½	56	10

Districts in which some articles are dearer and some cheaper.

Kamroop	30th June 1866	8	16	11	12	29	16	20	13	8	7	...	...
Darjeeling	9th July 1866	6	8	7	4	8	5½	...	...	4	4	20	7
Rajmahal	9th "	6	20	7½	6	17	7	30	10	11	8	...	...
Howrah	9th "	8½	17½	10	8½	20	12½	13½	10½	8½	6½	...	...
Chittagong	2nd "	11	16	14	6½	17	14½	16	16	10	10	...	...
Tipperah	8th "	9	45	13	8	40	20	20	9	12	4½	...	...
Maunbhoom	9th "	6	22	7½	9	25	10½	10	8½	12	6½	...	...
Balasore	9th "	4½	32	6½	8½	20	6½	16	5½	12	3½	...	...
Backerunge	7th "	9	18	11	7	20	10½	12	9	7½	5	...	...
Jessore	9th "	6½	17	9	11½	32	16	21	10	10½	6½	...	...
Dinapore	8th "	12	25½	13	14	18	17	15	10½	11	8	...	...
Maldah	9th "	8½	25	9½	12	33	16½	23	11½	14	8	...	...
Pubna	8th "	0½	24	10	6½	32	15	19½	12	9½	8	...	...
Bangpore	9th "	10	20	13	6½	24	18	20	15	9	8	...	...

PUBLISHED for general information.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,  
R. B. CHAPMAN,

FORT WILLIAM,  
The 16th July 1866.

Secretary.

[ 1332 ]

NOTICE.

List of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, March 10th ...	2 Casks, [B. D. and Co.]	... Marlborough.
June 5th ...	1 Butt, empty, Officers' Mess, 19th Regiment, Punjab	... Staffordshire.
May 4th ...	5 Cases, L X O	... City of Bombay.
" 21st ...	7 Packages, [S913]	... Gondola.
1865, Sept. 9th ...	1 Case, [R. D. and Co., P]	... Staffordshire.
May 21st ...	1 Box, S. Smith, Sons and Co.	... Str. Erymanthe.
" 21st ...	2 Parcels, G B	... Ditto.
" 21st ...	1 Parcel, no mark	... Ditto.
" 16th ...	1 Parcel, [J] S	... Clan Alpine.
April 25th ...	2 Cases, } [J D N] 1 Case, }	... City of Brussels.
May 3rd ...	2 Cases, [S913]	... Silvia.
" 11th ...	8 Cases, C D N	... Ditto.
" 12th ...	1 Parcel, [H] B	... City of Bombay.
" 18th ...	11 Bales, F. H. and Co.	... City of Amoy.
" 21st ...	18 Cases, [A. B. S. U. S. & C. Co.]	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 17th July 1866.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned Packages, if not cleared on or before the dates specified against each item, will be sold for the realization of Duty, Wharfage, &c., under Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1866, July 21st ...	2 Cases, 77] L C J	... Str. Mooltan.
" 21st ...	1 Package, Captain Caw, Shipping Master, Calcutta	... Str. Delhi.
" 21st ...	1 Case, A G C F	... Str. Erymanthe.
" 21st ...	33 Iron Pots, 19 Iron Castings, } no mark	... Marlborough.
" 28th ...	1 Parcel, W. G. Alexander, 93rd Regiment, Sealkote, Punjab	... Str. Simla.
" 28th ...	1 Parcel, M G B	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	21 Cases, [27] R. K. and Co.	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	4 Bales, [27] R. K. and Co.	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	11 Cases, A T C L	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	1 Case, H. S. D. and Co.	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	1 Parcel, [S. B. and Co.] J. S. and Co.	... Sir J. Lawrence.
" 28th ...	1 Parcel, [S K]	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	1 Parcel [B M B H]	... Ditto.
" 28th ...	2 Cases, Revd. F. Antonius, care of D'Roario and Co., Booksellers	... Str. Erymanthe.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, }  
The 17th July 1866.

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

[ 1333 ]

NOTICE

THE undermentioned Packages, landed under Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863, if not cleared on or before the date specified against each item, they will be sold for the realization of Duty, Wharfage, &c., under Section LVI. of Act VI. of 1863:—

	<i>City of Cashmere.</i>		
1866, July 21st	[I. C. S. and Co.]	1 Case.	
	<i>Accrington.</i>		
1866, July 28th	[I. C. and Co.]	5 Casks. ... G C D, 14 Packages	... OVP, 3 Casks.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,  
The 17th July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ships under the provisions of Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be advertized for sale:—

	<i>Ganges.</i>		
1866, Aug. 3rd	C. C. T. and Co.,	1 Case . . P and W, 1 Box	... S C D, 1 Cask.
" 3rd	[C. and Co., C P H]	1 Parcel	... S S S L, 1 Parcel.
	<i>City of Brussels.</i>		
1866, Aug. 24th	[J D N]	5 Cases.	
	<i>Persian Empire.</i>		
1866, Sept. 24th	G C D,	2 Casks	... [H H H H] 1 Parcel
" 24th	[L. and Co.]	M L, 1 Box.	... [V] C, 1 Parcel.
	<i>Alexandra.</i>		
1866, Sept. 14th	[C C]	8 Cases.	
	<i>City of Foochoo.</i>		
1866, Sept. 30th	Major B. T. Reid, care of Colvin, Cowie and Co.,	A M E, 20 Cases	... [S C B] C, 2 Cases.
" 30th	T E B,	4 Cases.	
	<i>Bucentaur.</i>		
1866, Sept. 25th	B R D,	3 Casks	... S. C. M. and Co., 8 Packages
	<i>City of Ningpo.</i>		
1866, Sept. 21st	D J S]	O 1 Case.	
	<i>Baroda.</i>		
1866, Sept. 30th	[J G]	16 Cases	... [B D P ... { 7 Bales... } [N] 8 Packages.
" 30th	[T C S]	446 Bundles	... [1528] 7 Casks
	<i>Startled Fawn.</i>		
1866, Aug. 7th	[D]	21 Packages.	
	<i>Prince Oseai.</i>		
1866, Oct. 12th	[A V]	9 Cases	... [C. N. and Co., W] 43 Cases.
" 12th	[M S S]	1 Case	... N P C, 2 Cases
" 12th	S. B. and Co.,	1 Case	... [8680 A] 2 Cases.
" 12th	[S. D. and Co., P]	18 Cases.	... [A. M. and Co., 6 Cases.
" 12th	[B. B. and Co.]	2 Casks.	... [665] N L N, 20 Cases... [D] J C D, 5 Cases.
" 12th	L. S. and Co.,	1 Case	... [100] A. and Co., 1 Bale [I U A C] W. D. and Co., S, 2 Cases.
" 12th	[H and N G]	2 Cases	... B. C. M. and Co., 1 Case. [J L] C. P. and Co., 1 Case.
" 12th	[N S P]	2 Packages	... D C C, 8 Cases
" 12th	[N S P]	2 Packages	... [A N D] A. B. and Co., 4 Cases.
" 12th	[N S P]	2 Packages	... M L S P, 51 Cases.
	<i>Arackne.</i>		
1866, Oct. 9th	F U,	38 Packages	... G Z, 39 Packages
			... [D] 2 Casks.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,  
The 17th July 1866. }

J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.



Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, during the Week ending Saturday, July 14th, 1866.

Month.	Date.	Reduced Reading of Barometer at 10 A. M.	THERMOMETER.		Daily Range of the Temperature.	Mean Temperature for the day.	Mean Wet Bulb.	Computed Mean Dew-point.	Mean Degree of Humidity for the day.	Prevailing Direction of Wind during the day.	Rain.	Max. Pressure of Wind.
			Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.								
		Inches.	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖	⊖			Inches.	Fa.
July	8	29.634	93.0	80.0	13.0	85.1	81.0	78.1	0.80	S. & S. by W.	...	0.80
	9	.571	91.2	80.6	12.6	85.8	81.6	78.7	.80	S. S. W. & S.	...	0.60
	10	.543	91.0	83.2	8.4	89.2	82.1	79.2	.80	S. S. E. & S. E.	...	0.60
	11	.542	90.5	81.0	9.5	85.1	80.8	77.8	.80	S. E. & E. by S.	0.10	1.20
	12	.565	90.0	81.0	9.0	81.5	80.1	77.0	.79	S. E. & E. S. E.	0.09	2.10
	13	.691	89.8	81.2	8.6	84.6	80.6	77.8	.81	S. E. & S. E.	...	0.70
	14	.714	90.4	80.2	10.2	85.0	80.7	77.7	.80	S. & S. S. E.	...	0.30

The mean Temperature and the mean Wet Bulb are derived from the twenty-four hourly Observations made during the day. The Dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.

The extreme variation of Temperature during the past week	...	13.2
The Max. Temperature during the past week	...	93.2
The Max. Temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	91.4
The mean humidity during the past week	...	0.80
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.84
		Inches.
The total fall of rain during the past week	...	0.19
The total fall of rain between the 1st January and the 14th current	...	25.16
The total fall of rain during the corresponding period of the past year	...	41.24
Rain indicated by the gauge attached to the Anemometer during the past week	...	0.18

The 16th July 1866.

GOVERNMENT SEN,  
In charge of the Observatory.

Statement shewing the importation of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on River Hooghly subject to Customs duty on the 16th July 1866.

	Government	Private	Afloat.	Total.
	Golabs.	Golabs.		
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pangah	5,21,695	88,338	2,40,052	8,50,065
French Kurkuteh	...	...	4,010	4,010
Madras	3,520	1,07,998	27,514	2,20,023
Bombay	...	73,128	1,31,300	2,04,428
Aden	...	...	11,284	11,284
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkuteh and Muscat Rock	692	85,750	8,723	45,174
Total	5,23,907	3,95,214	4,22,872	13,43,993

By Order of the Board of Revenue,  
J. A. CRAWFORD,  
Collector of Customs.

Sheriff's Office, the 11th July 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1866 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Friday, the Third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will

prosecute any prisoner be then and there to prosecute against him.

S. A. APCAR,  
Sheriff.

সদিক আফিস ১৮৬৬ সাল ১১ জুলাই ।

সমাচার দেওলা যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতা ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি ৩ আগষ্ট শুক্রবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবে যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার সেশিয়ান হাই কোর্টের আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৬৬ সালে ষষ্ঠম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিবন্ধে কোজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সম ১৮৬৬ সাল তারিখ ৭ জুলাই ।

S. A. APCAR,  
Sheriff.

**STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, transferred back to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 7th July 1866.**

PARTICULARS.	3½ per Cent. Loan of 1852-54.	4 PER CENT. LOANS							4½ per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	5 per Cent. P. W. Loan of 1854-55.	5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	5½ per Cent. Loan of 1859-60.	TOTAL AMOUNT.
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.					
Balance of 21st June 1866	6,100	50,133	320	24,58,667	23,82,200	1,07,46,200	79,37,000	18,24,200	16,000	39,72,500	4,94,56,100	3,03,63,100	10,92,02,520
ADD:													
Amount enfaced at Madras between 21st June and 7th July 1866 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 21st June and 7th July 1866...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 21st June and 7th July 1866 ...	.....	.....	.....	10,133	43,200	1,04,400	89,800	29,300	.....	13,900	1,29,100	3,14,500	7,34,333
Total ...	6,100	50,133	320	24,68,800	24,25,400	1,08,50,600	80,16,800	18,53,500	16,000	39,86,400	4,95,85,200	3,06,77,600	10,99,36,853
DEDUCT:													
Amount written off in the London Registers	.....	.....	.....	2,133	.....	30,000	1,500	.....	.....	14,600	2,11,500	31,500	2,91,233
Balance on 7th July 1866	6,100	50,133	320	24,66,667	24,25,400	1,08,20,600	80,15,300	18,53,500	16,000	39,71,800	4,93,73,700	3,06,46,100	10,96,45,620

[ 1335 ]

BANK OF BENGAL;  
Public Debt Office,  
The 13th July 1866.

D. Woods,  
Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.

**Notice.**

**SALE OF WASTE LANDS.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of Waste Land, estimated to consist of about 1,200 Acres, more or less, situated in Thannah Tekhnauff, Zillah Chittagong, and bounded as shewn at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two Rupees eight annas per Acre, on the 2nd day of October 1866, at the Office of the Collector of Chittagong, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

**BOUNDARIES OF LOT No. 102.**

North—By the Okhea Surra to its source on the water-shed.  
 South—By the Phawyn Kheong and Phuloung Kheong.  
 East—By the River Nauff.  
 West—By the main ridge or water-shed.

A. SMITH,  
*Collector.*

ZILLAH CHITTAGONG; }  
 Collector's Office. }  
 The 2nd July 1866. }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the undermentioned Lot of Waste Land, estimated to consist of about (400) four hundred acres, more or less, situated in village Chunderah of Mouzah Sindooree-ghoppah, in the district of Kamroop, Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Province of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two Rupees and eight annas per acre, on the 2nd day of October 1866, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Kamroop, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT; }  
 Zillah Kamroop, }  
 The 7th July 1866. }

**BOUNDARIES.**

On the North—By the borders of that High Hill which lies on the west of this land; and the Hill belonging to Bhuttacharjee Gossaine.  
 On the South—By Sheel Gur and Jack Tree.  
 On the East—by the foot of the curve of a rocky Hill.  
 On the West—By a high Hill and a large Rock.

E. CARNEGIE,  
*Offg. Dy. Commissioner.*

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Lots of Waste Lands, estimated to consist of about 1,000 acres, more or less, situated in Pergunnah Luckhipoor, Zillah Cachar, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands in the Lower Province of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of two Rupees and eight annas per acre, on the 2nd day of October 1866, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

**BOUNDARIES.**

East—Grant, No. 190.  
 West—Cherie Nuddee.  
 North—Grant, No. 205.  
 South—Grant, No. 184.

J. W. EDGAR,  
*Offg. Dy. Commr.*

CACHAR, }  
 The 26th June 1866. }

**Notice**

Is hereby given that the under-mentioned Estates, in the Settlement of Darjeeling, will be put up to public sale, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, on the 2nd day of August 1866, (under Rule 15 of the Waste Land Rules,) for arrears of interest and balance of purchase money:—

1.

No. of Estate in Register	... No. 14.
Situation	... Near Sinakhola.
Estimated area of Estate	... 1,095 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	... Dr. J. B. Barry.
Interest due	... Rs. 1,489 3 2
Balance of purchase money	... " 14,892 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs.</b>	<b>... 16,381 3 2</b>

2.

No. of Estate in Register	... No. 25.
Situation	... Rinchington.
Estimated area of Estate	... 479 Acres.
Recorded Proprietor	... Mr. C. Bunde.
Interest due	... Rs. 858 0 0
Balance of purchase money	... " 8,580 0 0
<b>Total due, Rs.</b>	<b>... 9,438 0 0</b>

BLAIR REID, Major,  
*Dopy, Commissioner.*

DARJEELING; }  
 Dopy, Commr.'s Office. }  
 The 12th June 1866. }



NOTICE is hereby given to all persons intending to purchase or take in mortgage, putnee or lease any of the landed properties either in Calcutta or in the Mofussil belonging to the Estate of Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, late of Colootollah, from Gobind Chunder Sein and Mudhoo-soodun Sein, both of Colootollah, standing either in their or his own respective names, or in the name of Gobindehunder Mozoomdar, or in the name of any other person or persons on their or his behalf that a suit has been instituted and is now pending in the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction by Sautcowrie Sein and Lallmohun Sein, otherwise called Lallehund Sein, the infant grandsons of the said Muddenmohun Sein, deceased, with reference to the Estate of the said Muddenmohun Sein. Dated this 16th day of June 1866.

WATKINS & STOKOE,  
Attorneys for Sautcowrie Sein  
and Lollmohun Sein.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in a Cause wherein Sreemutty Prosonomoye Dossee is Plaintiff, and Sreemutty Govindmoye Dossee and others are Defendants, and bearing date the Tenth day of July 1865, by the Officiating Registrar of the said Court, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on an early day, the following property, that is to say:—

All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and the piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation 11 cottahs 9 chittacks and half a chittack, more or less, situate, lying, and being at No. 158, Durmahatta Street, in Pattooriahghatta, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded as follows: On the East by land formerly belonging to one Hurrymohun Tagore, now deceased, but at present by the tenanted land of Opendromohun Tagore and others; on the West by Durmahatta Street aforesaid; on the North by a house and land belonging to the Estate of the late Rajah Rajnarain Roy, deceased, and on the South partly by the tenanted land of the said Opendromohun Tagore and others, and partly by the tenanted land of one Kistokissore Neoghy.

And also all that lower-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and the piece or parcel of land or ground thereto belonging, and upon part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation one biggah and five cottahs, situate, lying, and being at Sulkea Pheelkhanah, in Sulkea, in Pergunnah Boro, in the Zillah of 24 Pergunnahs, and bounded as follows: on the North by the house and land of Torap Mistry; on the South by the Gornstan or Burial Ground; on the East by the land of Horagazee, and on the West by a public road.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Messieurs Remfry and Rogers, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

C. T. DAVIS,  
Offg. Registrar.

REMFRY AND ROGERS, Attorneys.

HIGH COURT;  
Original Side,  
Calcutta, 30th June 1866.

Sheriff Sale : Calcutta, the 16th July 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on Thursday, the sixteenth day of August next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to public sale, at the premises lately known as Insolvent Court premises, in pursuance of an order of Court made on the 4th day of May 1866, in a certain cause, wherein Khalut Chunder Ghose is the Plaintiff, and Kashubchunder Paul Chowdry, Joydeb Day Chowdry and Sreemutty Sarrodasoondery Dossee are the Defendants, for the recovery of the sum of Rupees 21,565-14-8, amount of Levy, interest from 6th May 1863 up to 23rd May 1866, at 12 per cent. Rupees 7,320, costs Rupees 300, decreed to be paid by the said Defendants, Kashub Chunder Paul Chowdry and Sreemutty Sarrodasoondery Dossee, and Joydeb Day Chowdry, to the said Plaintiff.

The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Kashub Chunder Paul Chowdry and Sreemutty Sarrodasoondery Dossee, of, in, and to the following landed property, *vis.*:

1. The jumma land wherein the Bassabatee stands, with the tenantry attached thereto, appertaining to Govind Saruck in Mouzah Goorea Chakla Kistonughur, Pergunnah Wookrah, in Zillah Nuddea.

2. Also five annas and four gundahs share of the fourteen Mouzahs in Chakla Moolghur, in Dhehee Saurta, appertaining to Zillah Nuddea, that is in the Adooreah Mehals, &c., appertaining to the said Mouzah and Mehals in the said Pergunnah.

3. Also five annas four gundahs and three cowrees share of all the one hundred and five Mouzahs in Sreenagore, in Pergunnah Allumpore, appertaining to Zillah Nuddea, and the Cutcherybattee with Garden in Sekarporegram, and in the five annas and four gundahs share of all the Adooreah Mehals in the above Pergunnah.

4. Also five annas and four gundahs share of the three Mouzahs in Turuff Chupra, appertaining to Zillah Nuddea, and all the settled Mehals in the above Mouzahs and rent-paying lands and purchased rent-free lands and Adooreah Mehals and Cutcherybattee, &c.

5. Also five annas four gundahs share of all the three Mouzahs in Turuff Namjoonee in Dehee Hijlee, in Zillah Nuddea, and all that the settled Mehals in the above Mouzahs and the rent-paying land and purchased rent-free land and Adooreah Mehals and Cutcherybattee, &c.

6. Also the Julker (Fishery) of the River Choonnee, in Zillah Nuddea, and all the settled Mehals in Pergunnah Allumpore, and rent-paying and rent-free lands in Ranaghat and Boytuckhannah Battee and Garden, &c.

7. And also five annas four gundahs one cowrie and one crantee share of, and in all that four Mouzahs and Mehals in Turuff Ranaghat, and all the settled Mehals, appertaining to the above Mehals and rent-paying lands and purchased rent-free lands and Adooreah Mehals and Cutchery-house, &c.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

S. A. APCAR,  
Sheriff.

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of the Companies Act 1862.

and

In the matter of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East.

The Creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 10th day of November 1866, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Mr. William Hopkins Holyland, the Official Liquidator of the said Corporation, at his Offices, situate No. 13, Gresham Street, in the City of London, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, are by their Solicitors to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the Chambers of the Master of the Rolls at Rolls Yard, Chancery Lane, in the County of Middlesex, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Monday, the 3rd December 1866, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating on the debts and claims.

Dated this 6th day of June 1866.

E. B. CHURCH,  
Chief Clerk.

FRESHFIELDS AND NEWMAN,  
5, Bank Buildings, London, Solicitors  
for the Official Liquidator.

STACK, COLLIS AND MIRFIELD,  
Agents in Calcutta.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act 1866  
and  
In the matter of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East.

By an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in the above matter, dated the 3rd day of July instant, on the petition of the abovenamed Bank, it was ordered that the affairs of the Calcutta Branch of the said Bank be wound up by the Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act 1866. Dated this 4th day of July 1866.

STACK, COLLIS, AND MIRFIELD,  
Solicitors for the said Petitioners.

**Notice.**

The Interest and Responsibility of Ma. W. KAMAROVSKA in our Firm, terminated on the 1st of April 1866.

GRAY AND BANZIGER,  
The 11th July 1866.

**Notice.**

The Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of Watts and Company, "Limited," will be held within the Company's premises, No. 1, Wallesey Place, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 25th day of July 1866, at 4 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and an Auditor for the ensuing year, and for any other business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GEORGE EYERS,  
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,  
The 3rd July 1866.

**Eastman and Company, "Limited."**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held within the Company's Office, No. 9, Dhurumtollah Street, on Monday, the 30th day of July instant, at 4 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts of the Company for the year ending the 30th April last, for the declaration of a Dividend, and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

ALLAN ROBERTSON, Jr.,  
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,  
The 9th July 1866.

**Soom Tea Company, "Limited."**

We beg to give notice, that the Seventh Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 1, Lyons' Range, on Tuesday, the 14th August 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, precisely, to receive the Directors' Report, pass the Accounts and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

By Order of the Board,  
TURNER, MORRISON AND Co.,  
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,  
The 16 July 1866.

**Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.**

In the matter of Hadjee } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 17th day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Thomas, Attorney.



In the matter of Hadjee } Notice, that an appli-  
Cassim Jacob, an In- } cation for an *ad interim*  
solvent. } protection order has  
been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 30th day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desir-  
ous of opposing such application must appear  
before the said Court at the time and place afore-  
said.”

Thomas, Attorney.

In the matter of }  
Hadjee Cassim Jacob, }  
late of No. 14-5, Old }  
China Bazar, in Cal- }  
cutta, and now of Moor- }  
grehatta, in the said }  
Town of Calcutta, late- }  
ly carrying on business }  
as a Merchant and Tra- }  
der in Old China Bazar }  
aforesaid, under the }  
name of Hadjee Cassim }  
Jacob, an Insolvent. }

Thomas, Attorney.

In the matter of Fre- }  
derick Pitt Alexander }  
Howatson, of No. 31-1, }  
Toltollah Lane, in Cal- }  
cutta, an Auditor in the }  
employ of East India }  
Railway Company, an }  
Insolvent. }  
On Saturday, the 7th }  
day of July instant, }  
it was ordered that the }  
matters of the petition }  
of the said Insolvent }  
be heard on Saturday, }  
the 1st day of Septem- }  
ber next, and that the }  
said Insolvent do then }  
attend to be examined }  
before the said Court.

Hoyle, Attorney.

In the matter of Frede- }  
rick Pitt Alexander }  
Howatson, of No. 31-1, }  
Toltollah Lane, in Cal- }  
cutta, an Auditor in the }  
employ of the East }  
India Railway Com- }  
pany, an Insolvent. }  
Notice, that the peti- }  
tion of the said Insol- }  
vent seeking the benefit }  
of the Act XI. Vic., cap. }  
XXI., was filed in the }  
Office of the Chief }  
Clerk on the 5th day }  
of July instant, and by }  
an order of the same date }  
the estate and effects }  
of the said Insolvent were }  
vested in the Official }  
Assignee.

Hoyle, Attorney.

In the matter of }  
Washington McCarthy, }  
lately carrying on busi- }  
ness at Allypore and }  
Hatrass, in the North- }  
Western Provinces of }  
India, as Merchant and }  
Commission Agent, }  
under the Firm of W. }  
McCarthy and Co., and }  
at present residing at }  
No. 7, Jann Bazar }  
Street, in Calcutta, an }  
Insolvent. }

Hechle and Oliver, Attorneys.

In the matter of Goo- }  
roochurn Bose and Um- }  
biccachurn Bose, of Nos }  
124-244, in Hautkhol- }  
lah, Dhurmahatta Street, in }  
Calcutta, Inhabitants, }  
and Bamachurn Bose, }  
late of the same place, }  
but at present a Prison- }  
er in the Presidency Jail }  
of Calcutta, Insolvents. }

Fink, Attorney.

In the matter of Goo- }  
roochurn Bose and Umbic- }  
achurn Bose, of Nos }  
124-244, in Hautkhol- }  
lah, Dhurmahatta Street, }  
in Calcutta, Inhabitants, }  
and Bamachurn Bose, }  
late of the same place, }  
but at present a Prison- }  
er in the Presidency Jail }  
of Calcutta, Insolvents. }

Fink, Attorney.

In the matter of Goo- }  
roochurn Bose and Um- }  
biccachurn Bose, of Nos }  
124-244, in Hautkhol- }  
lah, Dhurmahatta }  
Street, in Calcutta, In- }  
habitants, and Bama- }  
churn Bose, late of the }  
same place, but at pre- }  
sent a Prisoner in the }  
Presidency Jail of Cal- }  
cutta, Insolvents. }

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvents desir-  
ous of opposing such application must appear before  
the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

Fink, Attorney.

In the matter of Proo- }  
sotum Pundit, an Insol- }  
vent. }  
Notice, that the peti- }  
tion of the said Insol- }  
vent seeking the benefit }  
of the Act XI. Vic., cap. }  
XXI., was filed in the }  
Office of the Chief }  
Clerk on the 16th day }  
of July instant, and by }  
an order of the same date }  
the estate and effects }  
of the said Insolvent were }  
vested in the Official }  
Assignee.

Smith, Attorney.

In the matter of Proo- }  
sotum Pundit, of No. }  
84-2, Cotton Street, }  
in Calcutta, formerly }  
carried on trade and }  
business at Burra Bazar, }  
in shipping the Coun- }  
try Produce, under the }  
style or firm of Fan- }  
taybund Proosotum }  
Pundit, and at present }  
employed in the Hin- }  
dustan Bank of Cal- }  
cutta, an Insolvent. }

Smith, Attorney.

On Friday, the 6th }  
day of July instant, it }  
was ordered that the }  
matters of the petition }  
of the said Insolvents be }  
heard on Saturday, the }  
4th day of August next, }  
and that the said Insol- }  
vents do then attend to }  
be examined before the }  
said Court.

Notice, that the peti- }  
tion of the said Insol- }  
vents seeking the bene- }  
fit of the Act XI. Vic., }  
cap. XXI., was filed in }  
the Office of the Chief }  
Clerk on the 6th day of }  
July instant, and by an }  
order of the same date }  
the estate and effects of }  
the said Insolvents were }  
vested in the Official }  
Assignee.

Notice, that an appli- }  
cation for an *ad interim* }  
protection order has }  
been this day made by }  
the said Insolvents, and }  
that such application }  
will be heard and dis- }  
posed of by the Acting }  
Commissioner of the }  
Insolvent Court on }  
Monday, the 30th day }  
of July instant, at the }  
hour of ten o'clock in }  
the forenoon.

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvents desir-  
ous of opposing such application must appear before  
the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

Notice, that the peti- }  
tion of the said Insol- }  
vent seeking the benefit }  
of the Act XI. Vic., cap. }  
XXI., was filed in the }  
Office of the Chief }  
Clerk on the 16th day }  
of July instant, and by }  
an order of the same date }  
the estate and effects }  
of the said Insolvent were }  
vested in the Official }  
Assignee.

On Monday, the 16th }  
day of July instant, it }  
was ordered that the }  
matters of the petition }  
of the said Insolvent be }  
heard on Saturday, the }  
1st day of September }  
next, and that the said }  
Insolvent do then attend }  
to be examined before }  
the said Court.



In the matter of John Morton Scott, of No. 6, Humayoon Place, Calcutta, late Secretary to the Indian Daily News Company, now without employment, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 17th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Fenn, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Tara-ney Churn Bose, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 14th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be withdrawn, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Goodall and Leslie, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Alfred Porter, an Insolvent. } Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 30th day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Alfred Porter, formerly of Allahabad, in the North-Western Provinces, and at present residing at Cooly Bazar, in the Town of Calcutta, District Superintendent of Roads, Local Funds, an Insolvent. } On Monday, the 16th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of October next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Alfred Porter, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 16th day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Guz-zendermohun Shaw, Florendermohun Shaw, and Greendermohun Shaw, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 4th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next, with liberty to the said Insolvents to amend their schedule filed in this matter, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Goodall and Leslie, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Muir White, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 14th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Carruthers and Co., *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Jug-gessur Roy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 14th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the orders made in these several matters for the *ad interim* protections of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

In the matter of Frederick Peter Lindeman, an Insolvent. }

several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next, and that the orders made in these several matters for the *ad interim* protections of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Hoyle, *Attorney.*

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Jumnah Doss and Hurgobind Doss, who formerly carried on business in co-partnership as Bankers at Calcutta, Benares and Raneegunge, but now doing no business, the said Jumnah Doss being a Prisoner for debt in the Presidency Jail of Calcutta, and the said Hurgobind Doss residing in Burra Bazar, in Calcutta aforesaid, without employ, Insolvents. }

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvents, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 30th day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

“ Any Creditor of the said Insolvents desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.”

Carruthers, and Co. *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Jumnah Doss and Hurgobind Doss, who formerly carried on business in co-partnership as Bankers at Calcutta, Benares and Raneegunge, but now doing no business, the said Jumnah Doss being a Prisoner for debt in the Presidency Jail of Calcutta, and the said Hurgobind Doss residing in Burra Bazar, in Calcutta aforesaid, without employ, Insolvents.

On Friday, the 13th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Carruthers and Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Hirjee Aurut, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, on Account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 7th day of June 1865 to the 30th day of April 1866, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

“Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.”

John Cochrane, Official Assignee.

In the matter of George Richard Dennison, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, on account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 14th day of September 1865 to the 9th day of July 1866, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

“Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend, and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.”

John Cochrane, Official Assignee.

In the matter of George Frederick Behr, it reads and Henry Lathbury, Insolvents. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, was ordered that the Order Nisi made in this matter be enlarged, and the further hearing of the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of August next.

Berners and Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Gool Doss Soonderjee, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, on account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 30th day of June 1865 to the 1st day of July 1866, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of August next be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

“Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.”

John Cochrane, Official Assignee.

In the matter of James William Hendry Campbell, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, on account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of June 1864 to the 1st day of July 1866, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

“Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.”

John Cochrane, Official Assignee.

In the matter of Jumnah Doss and Hurgobind Doss, Insolvents. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vie., cap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 13th day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Carruthers and Co., Attorneys.

In the matter of Tom Selmin Macaulay Brewster, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of July instant, it was ordered that the creditors of the said Insolvent do, on or before Saturday, the 6th day of October next, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of their respective claims against the estate of the said Insolvent duly verified by affidavit, and that the Chief Clerk do form a schedule from the claims so to be filed.

Hatch and Stewart, Attorneys.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th July 1866.

[ 1342 ]

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a theft of articles noted below, valued at Rupees 52,265-15-10, has been committed in the Temple of Bhowanee Thakooranee at Bhowanipore, in the district of Bograh. A reward of Rupees 1,000 will be given by Raja Anundo Nath of Nattore to the person who will furnish information which will lead to the arrest of defendants and recovery of the property.

A. B. FALCON,  
Offg. Magistrate.

BOGRAH MAGISTRACY,  
The 14th June 1866.

Description of Articles.	Weight Tolas.	Value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
1. One Golden Mookho Puddo (সোণার মুখপদ্ম) ...	46½	832	8	0
2. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	46	828	0	0
3. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	48	864	0	0
4. Ditto Keereet (সোণার কীরীটি) set with golden flowers ..	...	700	0	0
5. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	221	8	0
6. Ditto Batta (বাটা) ...	15½	282	8	0
7. Ditto Kurno Chakee (কর্ণ চাকী) a kind of ornament for the ear ...	...	235	0	0
8. Ditto Kurno Phool (কর্ণফুল) ...	...	300	0	0
9. Ditto Teeklee (টিকলী) with a glass ..	...	25	0	0
10. Ditto Dheree (ধেড়ী) ornament for ear ...	...	500	0	0
11. Ditto Teeka (টিকা) for placing on forehead ...	...	25	0	0
12. Ditto Noseriing, set with diamonds (নত) ..	...	214	0	0
13. Ditto Large do. (বড় নত) ...	0¾	9	0	0
14. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) a kind of ornament for nose, set with diamonds and glass ...	...	125	0	0
15. Ditto Boolak (বুলাক) set with a glass ...	0½	7	0	0
16. Ditto Boondee (বুঁদী) with borders and diamonds ...	...	800	0	0
17. Ditto ditto ঐ ditto ...	...	250	0	0
18. Ditto ditto ঐ ...	...	250	0	0
19. Ditto Chapkullee (চাপকলী) ...	...	500	0	0
20. Ditto Narra Har (সোণার নারাহার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
21. Ditto Jhalurdar Har (সোণার জালরদার হার) ...	...	14,000	0	0
22. Ditto Large Pearl Beads (বড় মতীর মালা এক লহরী) ...	...	9,775	0	0
22½. Ditto Pearl Beads (মতীর মালা দো লহরী) ...	...	5,315	0	0
23. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	300	0	0
24. Golden Haekul (সোণার হুকুল) ...	36½	570	0	0
25. Ditto Chandmalla (সোণার চাঁদমালা) ...	22½	240	0	0
26. Ditto Patta (সোণার পাটা) ...	62	582	0	0
27. Ditto Dhook-Dhookee (সোণার ধুকধুকী) ...	1½	12	0	0
28. Ditto Jhapa (সোণার জাপা) ...	2½	24	0	0
29. Silver Jhapa (রপার জাপা) ...	3½	2	18	6
30. Golden small Nose-ring, set with Pearl ...	0¼	27	0	0
31. Brass Box for keeping the above ornaments ...	120	1	8	0
32. Silver Batta (রপার বাটা হার মালা রাখার জন্ম) ...	15	13	3	0
33. Golden Chakee (জড়াস সোণার চাকী) ...	...	235	0	0
34. Small Pearl Beads (ছোট মুক্তার মালা সাত লহরী) ...	...	700	0	0
Total ...	441½	52,265	15	0



**Just published.**

*In Pamphlet Form.*

ACTS AND ORDERS relating to the Engagement and Transport of Native Labourers under contract for employment in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet. Price—8 Annas.

To be had on application at the Offices of the Superintendent of Labour Transport, Calcutta, Commissioner of Assam, and Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

**Lost,**

ONE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 4346 of 41896 of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Rupees 500, standing in the name of Baboo Prawn Kristo Chatterjee.

Two 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes, numbered 26507 of 1854-55, and 31629 of 1854-55, respectively, dated 30th June 1854, for Rupees 1,000 and Rupees 500, standing in the name of Baboo Shib Chunder Chatterjee.

One 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 21592 of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Rupees 1,000, standing in the name of Sreemutty Gourmoney Dabee.

Payment of interest on, and transfer of, the above papers have been stopped at the Bank of Bengal.

The Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or lending money on the security of the above papers.

GRES CHUNDER BONNERJEE,

*Attorney-at-Law for the above parties.*

No. 9, HASTINGS' STREET, }  
The 6th July 1866. }

**Lost,**

At Kutchra Factory, Half of Government Currency Note, No. 462757, for Rupees 20. Payment has been stopped.

**Lost,**

In a registered letter, Right-halves of Government Currency Notes, Nos. 12971 and 12974, of Rupees 20 each.

**Lost,**

SECOND-HALF of Bank Note, No. 61607, for Rupees 10.

**Lost,**

A GOVERNMENT Currency Note, No. 09970, for Rupees 50. Payment stopped.

**Lost or Stolen,**

THE following Government Currency Notes:—

- 99016, for Rupees 50.
- 06323, for „ 50.
- 06325, for „ 50.
- 06326, for „ 50.
- 20954, for „ 100.

Any one giving such information to the undersigned as will lead to their recovery will be rewarded.

C. H. DENHAM.

*Ramkistopore, Howrah.*

**Lost,**

LEFT-HALF of a Government Currency Note, No. 87671, for Rupees 50.

**Lost,**

THE following halves of Government Currency Notes:—Second-half No. 65538, for Rupees 20, and First-half No. 448033, for Rupees 10.

**Lost,**

IN transit by Post from Jamalpore in June last right-half of a Currency Note, No. 55499, for Rupees 10.

BEJOYNATH CHATTERJEE.

**Lost,**

THE Right-halves of Government Currency Notes:—

- No. 18725, dated 18th July 1861, for Rs. 500.
- „ 62560, dated 5th May 1864, for „ 100.

**Lost,**

SECOND-HALF of Currency Note, No. 91883, for 10 Rupees, and First-half of Currency Note, No. 92614, for 10 Rupees.

**Lost or Destroyed,**

THE Left-half of a Government Currency Note, No. 66916, for Rupees 100.

**Lost,**

IN transit by Post from Hazareebaugh to Nysari, the first-halves of Currency Notes, Nos. 55986, and 55923, for Rupees 100, and 20, respectively.

**Lost,**

SECOND-HALF of a Government Currency Note, No. 83594, for Rupees 10.

**Lost,**

LEFT-HALF of Currency Note, No. 36552, for Rupees 20. Payment stopped.

**Postal Notice.**

No. 63.

THE Post Master begs to inform the Public that the Express Packets of Overland letters despatched on the 3rd instant, arrived at Bombay on the 10th current, and were in time to meet the Mail Steamer which was detained 24 hours.

19 Ordinary packets despatched on the 1st and 2nd were too late for the Steamer.

E. R. DOUGLAS,

*Offg. Post-Master, Calcutta.*

GENERAL POST OFFICE, }  
The 12th July 1866. }

**Postal Notice.**

No. 64.

THE Post Master begs further to intimate that information has been received that the Packets of Overland letters despatched to Bombay on the 30th ultimo, were in time to meet the steamer.

The Packets of letters *via* Marseilles despatched on the 1st instant, arrived in Bombay too late.

The Express Packets despatched on the 2nd current, arrived in time, and were placed on the steamer.

A clerical error occurred in the dates entered in the notice issued yesterday.

E. R. DOUGLAS,

*Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.*

The 13th July 1866.

NOTICES issued by the  
OFFG. POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 62.

No. 56.

The 5th July 1866.—Mails for Chittagong and Akyab, for transmission per Steamer *Orissa*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

The 10th July 1866.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Simla* will be closed on Sunday, the 22nd July 1866, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	Via	
		Marseilles.	Southampton.
}	Under ½ Ounce	Rs. 0 6 8	Rs. 0 4 0
	" 1 "	" 0 13 4	" 0 8 0
	" 2 "	" 1 10 8	" 1 0 0



APPENDIX TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1866.

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**NOTICE**

Is hereby given that the sale of the Proprietary right of Government to the Estates enumerated in the following Advertisements of Sale will be made subject to these

**CONDITIONS OF SALE:**

1st.—The Estates to be sold, subject to the Government Revenue against each, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Schedule of Assessment made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rupees 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding Office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the Estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting Purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

5th.—In addition to the ordinary Government Revenue fixed on the Estates the Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Government Revenue assessed from the date of entry upon the purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,  
*Secretary.*



ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Proprietary right of Government to the under-mentioned Plots of Class C. lands relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Moorshedabad, will be put up to sale, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Saturday, the 28th July 1866, corresponding with the 13th Srabun 1273 B. S. The Purchasers of these Plots will be subject to the Conditions of Sale notified under the signature of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue at the head of this Appendix, with the exception of 1st, 2nd, and 5th, and with addition of the following condition.

The Plots to be sold as free-hold tenures to the highest bidders above the upset price:—

Number of Statement of Government Plots of Railway Class C. Land.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Area in Acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE.			Upset Price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.		
			A. R. P.				Rupees.	
	2701	Plot of land in Bantia and Jugdharee, Pergunnah Koomerpertab, bounded on the North by the River Brahmuni; South by a parcel of land belonging to the Railway Company; East by the side cutting of the main Railway line; West by a strip of Bastoo land in occupation of one Sunker Singh	3 1 12	...	...	...	261	
	"	Plot of land in Jugdharee and Bantia, Pergunnah Koomerpertab and Shazadpore, bounded on the North by the Jeebunteedahkhall; South by two parcels of land in occupation of Ram Coomar Chamar and Paynoonet; East by parcels of land in occupation of Hurry Proshuno Rai and Neelcanto Roy; West by the side-cutting of the main Railway line	1 2 9	...	...	...	124	

CULIN MACKENZIE,  
Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTORATE, }  
The 30th May 1866.



APPENDIX (No. II.) TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1866.

**LAND SALE NOTICES.**

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 4th of August 1866, corresponding with the 20th Srabun 1273 B. S.

*Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.*

Towjee No. 149.—Mouza Mohadebpore and others, Pergunnah Salbarree; recorded Proprietor, Joyanoollah Chowdry, Sudder Jumma of which is Rupees 2,930-5-11½.

Towjee No. 5 of 208.—Mouza Chukda Puttee and others, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded Proprietors, Rajmohun, Juggomohun, Girish Chunder Neogee, and Dhunput Singh; Sudder Jumma Rupees 7,180-6-4½. The eight annas share of this Estate, paying an annual revenue of Rupees 3,590-3-2½ of Rajmohun, Juggomohun and Girish Chunder Neogee, is to be sold under Section X. of Act XI of 1859.

Towjee No. 27 of 457.—Mouzah Salass, and others, Pergunnah Kurdahah; recorded Proprietors, Sumbhoo Nath and Gobind Nath Saha Chowdry, and Doya Moyee Chowdrance; Sudder Jumma Rupees 6,078-10-11½. The eight annas share of this Estate, paying an annual revenue of Rupees 3,039-5-5½, of Doya Moyee Chowdrance is to be sold under Section X. of Act XI. of 1859.

Towjee No. 796.—Mouzah Toke Hurraykristopore, Pergunnah Beehinuggur; recorded Proprietors, Beebee Purdhun and Beebee Merkun; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,114-0-6. The rights and interests of Beebe Merkun, mother of Mushrof Aili Chowdry, Decree-debtor, will alone be sold to recover Rupees 1,297-14-0, being the amount due to Issur Chunder Aucherjee, Decree holder.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;  
DINAGEPORE,  
The 6th July 1866. }

W. LE F. ROBINSON,  
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act XI. of 1859, that permanently-settled Estate Turf Malicha, Pergunnah Gungna, No. 53, Towjee District Purneah, recorded Proprietor Shib Chunder Chowdry, Government Revenue 575-4-1, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Wednesday, the 8th August 1866, corresponding 24 Sawun 1273 B. S., for arrears of revenue, Rupees 1-1-11, due on the 28th June 1866.

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE, }  
The 12th July 1866. }

J. B. WORGAN,  
Officiating Collector.



APPENDIX (No. III.) TO  
**The Calcutta Gazette.**

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1866.

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COMMUNICATIONS—ROADS.

No. 160.

The 10th July 1866.

QUARTERLY REPORT of Progress made on the several Imperial and Local Roads in Bengal ending with the Month of April 1866.

Number. Imperial or Local.	ROAD.		Length of Road in miles.	Estimated Cost of Road.	Date of commencement of Work.	TOTAL WORK REQUIRED IN EACH ROAD.				PROPORTION OF WORK DONE UP TO DATE.			PROPORTION OF WORK STILL TO BE CARRIED OCT.			Expenditure incurred up to date.	REMARKS.	
	Name of Road.	From				To	Earthwork.	Bridges.		Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.	Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.			Metalling.
								In Number.	Running feet of Waterway.									
	NORTHERN CIRCLE.																	
				Rupees.		Lacs of C. Ft.		Lacs of C. Ft.									Rupees.	
1 L	Mudehpoora Feeder ...	Ganges ...	Kissengunge ...	25	51,861	June 1863...	142.8	..	...	...	1.	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	49,504	
2 L		Kissengunge ...	Mudehpoora ...	20	52,192	„ 1864...	111.	...	...	...	1.	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	29,281	
3 „	Ditto ...	Bridges on the above Roads		..	71,056	Oct. 1865 ...	...	...	1692	...	...	.40	...	...	.60	...	33,049	
4 „	Sooltangunge Feeder ...	Arjusingunge ...	Rampore Haut.	8½	22,600	.....	13½	23	...	...	.40	.0	.0	.60	1.	.0	2,049	

5	Burriarpore Feeder	Burriarpore	Khurruokpore	11	25,225	April 1864	...	...	...	Miles 11	1	1	9	0	0	1	19,127	
6	I Darjeeling Hill Cost Road	Darjeeling	Kurseong	19½	5,23,078	June 1861	...	300	1,650	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,23,078	Completed.
7		Pauchkeelah	Kurseong	22	9,25,300	June 1861	...	340	1,570	...	8	8	0	2	2	0	7,58,360	
8	Darjeeling Road	Ganges	Darjeeling	124	14,63,998	....	...	...	5,665	Miles 95	1	1	97	0	0	03	14,68,011	
9	Bhaugulpore and Sooree Road	Hausdean	More River	46	84,993	Oct. 1864	...	124	...	...	...	30	...	...	70	...	14,585	
9½		Bhaugulpore	Sooree	70	1,35,256	Jan. 1866	...	23	1,680	...	...	20	...	...	80	...	15,130	
10	Nattore Road	Dadapore, on the Ganges	Nattore	28½	1,91,799	Aug. 1863	382.5	16	1,061	...	1	99	...	0	01	...	2,24,074	
SOUTH-EASTERN CIRCLE.																		
1		Jenidah	Chooadangah	22	2,01,131	Dec. 1862	179	21	326	10.5	82	90	65	18	10	35	1,56,212	Earthwork completed, except to the approaches of unfinished bridges. There appears to be more Earthwork estimated for than done.
2		Meherpore	Ditto	17	1,06,417	Jan. 1864	89.5	23	329	8	95	50	15	05	50	85	1,38,963	
3	Eastern Bengal Railway Feeders	Kotechandpore	Kissengunge	21	1,60,626	May 1861	93	20	106	10	1	1	70	0	0	30	1,53,091	
4		Ditto	Kallygunge	8	64,483	Nov. 1863	44	12	129	4	90	90	50	10	10	50	70,027	
5		Kanchraparrah	Workshop approaches	3	1,891	May 1865	3.5	...	...	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	3,435	

Number.	Imperial or Local.	Name of Road.	ROAD.		Length of Road in miles.	Estimated Cost of Road.	Date of commencement of Work.	TOTAL WORK REQUIRED IN EACH ROAD.				PROPORTION OF WORK DONE UP TO DATE.			PROPORTION OF WORK STILL TO BE CARRIED OUT.			Expenditure incurred up to date.	REMARKS.
			From	To				Earthwork.	Bridges.		Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridge-work.	Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridge-work.	Metalling.		
									In Number.	Running feet of Waterway.									
			SOUTH-EASTERN CIRCLE.—(Continued.)			Rupees.		Lacs of C. Ft.		Lacs of C. Ft.								Rupees.	
6			Sodepore ...	Grand Trunk Road ...	½	3,323	Jan. 1865 ..	1·5	2	8	·25	1·	1·	1·	·0	·0	·0	4,103	Completed.
7	L	Eastern Bengal Railway Feeders,—(Continued.)	Echapore Railway Station ...	Gunpowder Agency ...	½	3,679	June ,, ..	1·	1	...	·17	1·	1·	1·	·0	·0	·0	1,063	Ditto.
8			Kooshteah ...	Salgamoodee ...	10½	1,00,058	March 1864...	86·75	19	206	6·5	1·	·06	·52	·0	·94	·48	83,938	
9	„	Mutlah Railway Feeder ...	Chuppahatte ...	Kalkapore ...	1¾	17,578	Feb. 1866 ...	9·4	4	25	1·	·50	·0	·0	·50	1·	1·	1,560	
10	„	Dadapore Road...	Kooshteah ...	Dadapore ...	7¼	74,109	Nov. 1863 ...	50·75	10	214	3·5	1·	·0	·27	·0	1·	·73	43,144	



11	I	Dacca Road	Dacca	Chittagong Road	46½	9,292	Feb. 1865	1.12	5	489	...	.92	.92	...	.08	.08	...	7,410
12	II	Jessore Road	Bangong	Jessore	19	72,262	Jan. 1865	...	...	...	9.5	.70	.0	.70	.30	.0	.30	93,167
PRESIDENCY CIRCLE.																		
1	L	Raneegunge Road	Raneegunge	Bancoorah	30	40,888	Jan. 1854	89.25	24	200	1.72	1.	1.	1.	.0	.0	.0	Unknown Completed.
2		Synthesa Feeder	Andee	Nowgram, 3rd portion	3½	67,767	Jan. 1865	24.8	9	554	1.4	1.	.4	.0	.0	.6	1.	38,069
3			Synthesa	Sooree	...	11	9,930	Ditto	14.6	16	77	.6	1.	1.	1.	.0	.0	.0
4	II	Amedpore Feeder	Amedpore	Sooree	13	12,130	Ditto	17.3	5	51	1.75	.0	.4	.2	1.	.6	.8	3,005
5	II	Burdwan Feeder	Burdwan	Cuttwa, 1st portion	17	20,074	Ditto	26	4	81	2	1.	1.	.1	.0	.0	.9	17,240
6	II	Bhulpore Feeder	Bhulpore	Adjee River	12	7,059	Jan. 1865	8.6	6	122	.5	1.	.9	1.	.0	.1	.0	16,196

Number. Imperial or Local.	Name of Road.		Length of Road in miles.	Estimated Cost of Road.	Date of commencement of Work.	TOTAL WORK REQUIRED IN EACH ROAD.			PROPORTION OF WORK DONE UP TO DATE.			PROPORTION OF WORK STILL TO BE CARRIED OUT.			Expenditure incurred up to date.	REMARKS.
	From	To				Earthwork.	Bridges.		Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.	Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.		
			In Number.	Running feet of Waterway.												
	PRESIDENCY CIRCLE.—(Continued.)			Rupees.		Lacs of C. Ft.		Lacs of C. Ft.							Rupees.	
7	L Ghooskhara Feeder ...	Ghooskhara ... Dignuggar ...	5½	47,465	Dec. 1864 ...	23·25	30	345	1·5	1·	1·	·6	·0	·0	·4	38,227
8		Ditto ... Nittyanundpore..	14	6,010	Jan. 1865 ...	4	14	112	...	1·	·8	...	·0	·2	...	4,992
9	Mymaree Feeder	Mymaree ... Jamulpore ...	11	20,830	Dec. 1864 ...	11·25	1	12	3·	1·	·0	·2	·0	1·	·8	13,243
10	Pandoosh Feeder	Pandoosh ... Culna ...	17	31,002	May 1864 ...	18·74	6	46	4·5	1·	1·	·0	·0	·0	1·	21,648
	BEHAR CIRCLE.															
11	I Patna Branch Road ...	Poon-Poon ... Jehanabad ...	22	6,87,260	Dec. 1862 ...	205	13	6,016	...	1·	·7	·0	·0	·3	...	2,71,764
12		Jehanabad ... Mooshee ...	10·75	1,07,238	„ 1861 ...	132	2	330	8·6	1·	·7	1·	·0	·3	·0	1,08,492

3	L. Baroon Road ...	Baroon ...	Beetah ...	65	70,873	21st Dec. 1863	220	Doubtful	...	1	0	0	0	0	0	41,375	
4	Nubbegunge Road ...	Revngunge ...	Gobindgunge ...	49.5				Not known.	...	9	0	0	1	0	0	3,773	
5	I	Nowadah ...	Behar ...	20.5	1,03,661	Jan. 1863	120	35	305.5	10	1	1	9	0	0	90,442	
6		Ditto ...	Rajowlee ...	16.5	95,863	Feb. 1863	67	42	222	9	1	7	8	0	3	62,291	
7	L. Behar Road...	Rajowlee ...	Grand Trunk Road ...	27	Not known.	March 1864	90			...	6	0	0	4	0	16,565	
8		Girriek ...	Luckeeserai ...	37.5	1,07,402	„ 1863	37.5			23	1	3	3	0	7	69,770	
9	„ Burrakhur Road	Burrakhur ...	Rughoo nauth-pore ...	22	78,904	Oct. 1863	166	14	52	312	...	1	65	0	0	35	78,350
10		Rughoo nauth-pore ...	Puruliah ...	24	38,279	May 1864	175	87	40	243	...	0	0	0	98	1	1,814



Namebr. Imperial or Local.	ROAD. Name of Road.		Length of Road in miles.	Estimated Cost of Road.	Date of commencement of Work.	TOTAL WORK REQUIRED IN EACH ROAD.						PROPORTION OF WORK DONE UP TO DATE.				PROPORTION OF WORK STILL TO BE CARRIED OUT.				Expenditure incurred up to date.	REMARKS.
						Earthwork.	Bridges.		Causeways.		Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.	Causeways.	Metalling.	Earthwork.	Bridgework.	Causeways.	Metalling.		
							In Number.	Running feet of Waterway.	Number.	Running feet of bed.											
CUTTACK CIRCLE.						Rupees						Lacs of C. Ft.				Rupees.					
1	I	Cuttack Trunk Road ... Rajghat ... ByturneeRiver...	88	4,84,198	May 1862	457	62	2,412	6	3,550	...	1	7	1	...	0	3	0	...	4,12,798	
			10½	42,276	May 1865	...	...	...	...	...	25.2	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	2	36,842	
2	„	Ditto .. ByturneeRiver Cuttack	45½	1,04,289	Dec. 1864	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.98	..	..	...	.02	1,03,772	
3	„	Madras Trunk Road Cuttack ... Towards Madras	74	..	Jan. 1866	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lks. 7½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,742	Works sanctioned for the relief of the distressed population of the district.
4	„	Sumbulpore Road Cuttack ... Kotasingah ...	120	15,989	Feb. 1863	6	...	...	58	5,620	...	1	0	9	...	0	0	1	...	12,907	
5	„	Sonepore Road ... Ditto ... Sonepore ...	150	96,788	Nov. „	19	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0	...	0	0	0	...	83,433	

Poore Road...	Poore	Beerprotabpore...	6	49,950	Jan. 1866	65.3	...	...	...	4	20	...	...	0	80	...	...	1	3,600	
		Beerprotabpore	46	...	March 1866	...	...	...	...	...	4½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,600	
Tumlook Road...	Punchkooarah	Tumlook	18½	62,578	Feb. 1863	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	0	53,659	
ASSAM CIRCLE.																				
Road to Dick- rung	Suddya	Dickrung	7	2,903	Oct. 1858	6.81	8	140	...	...	...	9	75	...	...	1	25	...	2,651	
Debroomookh Road	Dibrooghur	Debroomook	7	31,772	Oct. 1863	29.5	6	60	...	...	3.16	75	5	...	1	25	5	...	9	16,274
Golaghaut Road.	Sibsagbur	Golaghaut	62	97,228	Jan. 1863	...	58	441	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	6	...	...	35,154	
	Dibrooghur	Jorehaut	80	2,06,202	May 1862	329.50	63	1,498	...	...	14	2	3	...	...	8	7	...	1	51,837
Assam Trunk Road	West Gow- hatty	Chowgong	26	3,62,940	Feb. 1863	298	33	925	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	2	8	...	...	1,19,910
	East Gow- hatty	Nowgong	44	1,55,812	Dec. 1865	317.58	75	1,177	...	...	...	23	04	...	...	77	96	...	...	37,584
Dewangiri Road.	North Gow- hatty	Durunga	55	9,533	Oct. 1864	3.61	17	...	...	...	...	1	75	...	...	0	25	...	...	3,773
Tezporo Road	Nowgong	Laikowghaut	16	45,888	Dec. 1863	99.72	9	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	8	8	...	...	12,026

Works sus-  
tained for the  
relief of the  
distressed po-  
pulation of  
the district.





