

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 25.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897.

No. 31.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW LINE OF

Sterling Silver Mounted Purses...

AND CARD CASES. THE BEST VALUE WE HAVE HAD. NEW STYLES AND NEW GOODS...

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.

47 GOVERNMENT STREET

TO WHOM IT MAY INTEREST...

We think a word about gloveology is in order and of interest. We're near to Easter—you need new gloves. This is the recognized Kid Glove House, and we want to point out the fact that our stock is now complete.

Peppin Freres' Celebrated Kid Gloves

In all the prevailing shades; every size.

Emil Pewny's French Gloves

black and colors.

"The Westside"

A guaranteed Kid Glove; French made; price, \$1.00; fancy colored; heavy stitch back; made expressly for us; and the best dollar glove in the market.

White Wash Kid Gloves

fancy points.

"Derby"

An extra fine quality glove, in tan, with heavy stitching; made expressly for cycling and driving; the best glove yet introduced for these purposes.

It is profitable to bear in mind our new system.

A Free Car Fare for Every Dollar Cash

THE Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Something Very Nice in

CALIFORNIA BUTTER

The best that can be produced.

GOING TO ZOLA IMPROVED SWISS HOQUEFORT CALIFORNIA CREAM LIMBURG

CHEESE.

QUEEN OLIVES) A new line in bulk or in bottles

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

THE LEADING GROCERS.

Two Expressions

Often Used by Ladies and Gentlemen

WILLIAM STEWART'S,

THE MERCHANT AND LADIES' TAILOR, 47 FORT STREET. THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY FOR STYLISH GARMENTS.

Trout Fishing Has Begun

If you want the best tackle, see our SCOTCH FLIES, GUT CAST, RODS, REELS, LINES. They are of the best make, and are all fresh and new.

At FOX'S, 78 Government St.

British-Canadian Gold Fields Co

LIMITED.

Brokerage Department--Specials.
TREASURY SHARES.

Athabasca Gold Mining Co. 25
Gibson M. & M. Co. 10
Slocan Queen M. & M. Co. 10
North Salmon River Gold Mining Co. 5

We have only about 3,000 shares of Athabasca left out of the 50,000 stock at present on the market at 25c., and expect instructions to advance the price within the next week. Latest reports from the mines are of a most satisfactory character. The Gibson intends making a trial shipment of 100 tons of ore, and so soon as better shipping facilities are supplied, we look for this company to become one of the heaviest shippers in the district. Other quotations on application at the office.

British-Canadian Gold Fields Co., Ltd.
44 FORT STREET, T.
Gen. E. G. Brown. Local Manager

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROCK BAY HOTEL, for lease or sale.

WANTED—The public to know that O. Naugle, prize boy and shoe maker, sells men's shoes for 60 cents; ladies', 40 cents; misses', 25 cents; children's, 15 cents; putches, and tips from 10 cents up. 56 Fort Street.

WANTED—Applications from experienced prospectors, to locate mineral claims in Kootenai, give address, state terms. Address: "A. B. C.," P. O. Box 112, Victoria.

WANTED—A responsible woman for general servant; good wages. Apply by letter to Drawer 10, post office.

PHRENOLOGIST—Prof. Langdon gives a phrenological examination, including chart, 25c.; 50c., 75c., 1.00; come and see me; parents bring the children. Dominion Hotel, room 22; hours, 3 to 9 p.m. Positively last week.

20 CORDS of dry selected beach wood, cash, delivered; also cedar posts for sale. Apply to Eden, Foul Bay.

MINE SHARES FOR SALE—Treasury shares of the Buffalo Mining Co., of Slocan, at par, 25 cents. The head office is in Vancouver. The company's capital is only \$150,000, divided into 600,000 shares at 25 cents each. The mine is situated on Milk Creek, the miles from Slocan, and the ore assays from \$157 to \$205 per ton. W. M. Moss & Co., Mining Brokers, 80 Government Street.

JUST ARRIVED—Hosiery, gloves, lace, ribbons, etc., at Westcott Bros., 93 Douglas Street.

LARGE ASSORTMENT of prints, muslins, fannettes, etc., at Westcott Bros., 93 Douglas Street.

OLD BOOKS repaired and made as good as new. Jaunce & Hitchcock, 23 Broad St.

WANTED—A waitress. Apply Russ House.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper or general servant. Apply "W. A. N.," Times office.

NEW Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati to rent at Wall's Cycles. Bicycles repaired by a thoroughly competent man.

\$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal per ton of 2,000 lbs., delivered to any part of the city. Catray & Hall, 100 Government Street, 25 Store Street.

TO LET—The Four Mile House, Craig-Bower Road. Enquire at Mirror St. office of F. J. Dawley, on the premises.

COAL—\$5 per ton, delivered; weight guaranteed. Munn, Holland & Co., 205 Broad Street.

NEW WALL PAPER just arrived at Mellor's-Fort Street, above Douglas.

PURE MIXED PAINTS \$1.50 per imperial gallon at Mellor's, Fort Street, above Douglas.

MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

I special of even, description, heavy down, and guaranteed to be made and perfect in quality. Manufacturing and alterations of suitable garments a specialty. S. GUGAL, 21 Pandora Street.

NOTICE.

Concert and Dance at Temple's hall, Victoria West, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 7:30 p.m. The entertainment will be under the direction of Mr. Edward St. John, who will be remembered in connection with the Drill Hall concert a short time ago. Admission 25 cents.

AUCTION.

At HARDAKER'S SALESROOMS

Douglas Street.

Tuesday, April 6th, at 2 o'clock.

Household Furniture,

Also Turning Lathe 3 feet long, 7 1/2 inch swing, with treadle; Dump Cart, Harness, 12 Kegs of Wrought Iron Spikes (various sizes, some sharp spikes), 500 lbs. Drill Steel (various sizes), Coil of 3 Steel Wire Cable (new), etc., etc.

These goods will all be sold entirely without reserve.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

THE BRIDGE COLLAPSED.

A Freight Train in Ohio Drops Fifty Feet.

Pittsburg, April 5.—The wooden span at the north end of the approach to the Ohio connecting railroad bridge collapsed about six o'clock this morning while the Port Wayne freight train was crossing, and the engine and thirteen cars were precipitated into McClure Avenue, 50 feet below.

The engine and the first three cars were so badly injured that they cannot recover. The engine was completely wrecked, and the cars, which were loaded with coal, were entirely demolished. The loss will be very heavy. The Ohio connecting bridge crosses the Ohio river at Wood's Run, and connected the Pennsylvania and Port Wayne roads of the Pennsylvania company.

Mr. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, replying on behalf of the government, said that he would welcome the motion of censure. It would give the government an opportunity to defend its policy.

He wished to reiterate that the great error was not siding with Turkey, but were not directing the lives of Mohammedan Creoles against those who were not Mohammedans and their allies. The policy of the British gov-

MORE BATTLES AROUND CANEA

Insurgents Attack the Blockhouse and

Marina and Effect Fight in Canea.

The Greek Troops Take Part in an Engagement for the First Time.

Preparing to Celebrate the Anniversary of the Independence of Greece.

Canea, April 5.—The blockhouse at Canea was attacked from several directions by insurgents to-day, and the international troops replied with a volley. The fighting lasted four hours. The French commander reports that Greek troops took part in the action. Two European soldiers were wounded.

Athens, April 5.—Preparations for the celebration of to-morrow of the anniversary of Greek independence have been completed. A public meeting will be held here to protest against the action of the powers towards Greece, and to pledge support to the Greek government in any action it may think to take fit in the premises.

London, April 5.—An important meeting of the leaders of the Liberal party was held to-day at noon at the residence of Sir William Vernon Harcourt. The Earl of Kimberley, Marquis of Ripon, Earl Spencer and John Morley were present. They discussed for an hour the attitude they would assume in the event of the warships of Great Britain taking part in the projected blockade in the Gulf of Athens. Sir William Vernon Harcourt was able to attend the session of the house of commons to-day.

TREACHEROUS TURKS.

Canea, April 5.—Admiral Canevano, the Italian admiral in command of the fleets of the powers, authorized the insurgents and their families to quit the Akrotiri peninsula and proceed inland, where they would be in a better position to obtain food supplies than in the heights of Akrotiri. Consoling in this authorization the insurgents and their families descended from the heights of Akrotiri with the intention of moving inland. As soon as they reached the plain, fire was opened on them at a range of 200 yards by Bashi-Bazouks.

The Turkish force was largely composed of refugees from the garrison at Sifini, who, in spite of the promise made to the representatives of the powers, have been re-armed by the Turkish government.

As soon as the Bashi-Bazouks began firing on the insurgents the latter returned the fire and killed some of their assailants.

The international forces did not take a step to prevent this collision, which might have resulted in the massacre of large numbers of women and children, to say nothing of the insurgents, who had moved from a practically impregnable position down to an exposed plain, firm in the belief that the foreign admirals had guaranteed them a safe passage across the plains to the hills inland, where the Bashi-Bazouks would not dare to follow them.

The foreign warships in Suda Bay did not fire a shot to check the onslaught, although it was impossible for the officers to be ignorant of the fact that fighting was in progress behind the land which had left the fastnesses of Akrotiri at all intents and purposes under the guarantee of the great powers of Europe.

Finally, when it was no longer possible to resist the attack of the Bashi-Bazouks, orders were sent to the international forces ashore to proceed to the disarmament of the Turks. These instructions were, however, sent too late to be of avail.

After the fight a force of British sailors were landed to hold the Mussulmans in check. The latter are known to have lost heavily, and already 50 killed and wounded have been brought here.

All the Mussulmans, on reaching the fortified lines outside of the town coming back from the fight, were disarmed by Italian sailors and gunbarnes. The disarming of the Mussulmans greatly increased all of their co-religionists in the town, and they began re-assembling in large numbers in the large public square.

MOTION OF CENSURE.

London, April 5.—In the commons Mr. Laborer (Radical) introduced the motion of censure on the government of the Queen to use the British forces against the Cretons or the Greek nation. He made a long and violent speech, denouncing the policy of the government, which he characterized as a policy "fostering a perfect nest of anarchy and slaughter."

He said he believed that a vote of censure would be proposed before the Easter recess.

Mr. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, replying on behalf of the government, said that he would welcome the motion of censure. It would give the government an opportunity to defend its policy.

He wished to reiterate that the great error was not siding with Turkey, but were not directing the lives of Mohammedan Creoles against those who were not Mohammedans and their allies. The policy of the British gov-

MINNES AFTER B. C. SOUTHERN

The Member for Vancouver Island Moves His Resolution Asking for the Veto.

In a Strong Speech He Shows Up the Workings of British Columbia Legislation.

C. WOOD'S EFFORTS

Official Contradiction of His Statements Reflecting on the Canneries.

The London Globe Thoroughly Satisfied That Wood is a Discredited Party

The salmon-canning question has been productive of further discussion in the columns of the London Globe. On Wednesday, March 17, the following letter appeared in that paper:

Sir,—I beg leave to refer to the letter in your issue of the 10th inst., signed "C. Wood," which contains certain allegations of a damaging nature respecting the important industry of salmon canning in British Columbia. A synopsis of Mr. Wood's letter was at once transmitted by telegraph to the Canadian government. I have now received the following telegram from Hon. L. H. Davies, Minister of Marine and Fisheries of Canada, requesting me to contradict officially the statements made by Mr. Wood:

"Professor Prince, Dominion Fisheries Commissioner, who personally inspected British Columbia salmon canneries and spent considerable time at Steveston, thoroughly conversant with methods canning, concurs with local fishery inspector, who is fully informed about facts, in giving unqualified contradiction to Wood's statements, which amount in my letter to all official and other information. Give fullest publicity this contradiction."

I may add that on the 11th inst. I telegraphed and wrote to Mr. Wood, requesting to be furnished with the name of the cannery alluded to by him, which information he stated in his letter to you he would readily give. On the 12th inst. he wrote to me as follows:

"Yours of yesterday's date. In my letter to the Globe, I did certainly say that I would readily give the name of the cannery, but I meant to that journal, or if official action were taken. I have had a shoal of letters from journalists, merchants and others asking the same information; but I think it would be unwise to afford it at present. I should not be averse to tell you or the High Commissioner personally the name of the cannery, if, at the same time, I could give you full and comprehensive particulars, some of which I could not do in my letter to the Globe. I could go to London for the express purpose if you would care to make an appointment, giving me one day's notice. As I have suffered a comparatively heavy loss through the cannery manager's dealings with bad credit, I am advised not to write any further particulars."

In a further letter to Mr. Wood I pointed out to him that my request for the name of the cannery was an official one, and that I wished to communicate to the Canadian government for the purpose of investigation. Mr. Wood in his reply, dated yesterday, states: "Yours of 11th inst. Sorry I cannot write you the particulars. In the first salmon ship arrives I intend to give information to market inspectors, or other officials at Liverpool. I told the directors of the company of actual state of affairs before writing Globe, but was deflected. If I were not deterred by legal advice from writing you the details, it would be a most formidable task to properly convey to you all you should know to complete the case."

Your readers will be able to place their own interpretation upon Mr. Wood's letters to me, and to form their own conclusions as to the reasons which led him to decline to supply the information necessary to enable his or your suggestion of an inquiry into the matter to be carried out.

In conclusion I may state that the correspondence has been forwarded to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries. In the meantime, I am sure you and the readers of the Globe will give due weight to the unqualified contradiction of the statements made by Mr. Wood, given by such disinterested authorities as Professor Prince, the Government Commissioner of Fisheries, and the local resident Inspector of Fisheries in British Columbia.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
J. G. COLMER.

Offices of the High Commissioner for Canada, 17, Victoria Street, London, S.W., March 16.

The Globe on the same day commented editorially on this correspondence as follows:

"Our readers will probably remember a very circumstantial letter which appeared in this journal over the signature 'C. Wood,' in which the writer, who was identified as a Canadian, in that letter specific reference was made to an cannery, the name of which Mr. Wood undertook to disclose in certain contingencies, to supply. In another column will be found a letter from the offices of the High Commissioner for Canada, in which Mr. Colmer reiterates the unqualified contradiction given to Mr. Wood by the Government Commissioner of Fisheries in British Columbia, and gives extracts from his correspondence with Mr. Wood."

We are bound to say that the refusal of Mr. Wood to supply the name of the cannery in question to the Canadian government in response to an official request, deprives his original letter of all value in our eyes. Unless Mr. Wood is prepared to furnish the name of the cannery under conditions which will allow of his own name being printed, which we, in publishing his letter, of course believed to be the case, no justice requires that the unqualified contradiction of the Canadian government should be accepted, on the simple ground that there is no evidence the other way."

MINNES AFTER B. C. SOUTHERN

The Member for Vancouver Island Moves His Resolution Asking for the Veto.

In a Strong Speech He Shows Up the Workings of British Columbia Legislation.

Election in Macdonald, Winnipeg and West Prince on April 27th.

Ottawa, April 5.—The writs for Winnipeg, West Prince, and Macdonald have been issued. The nominations take place on the 20th of April and the elections on the 27th. The elections are in all three constituencies on the same day.

In the house this afternoon Mr. McInnes moved his motion asking for the disallowance of the British Columbia Southern charter. He made a strong speech, showing the great monopoly of real lands and other privileges which the charter carried with it, and asked for disallowance. The worst feature of the charter was sold to the C.P.R. He advocated the building of the road from Lethbridge to the east, and that the chartering government should construct the Crows' Nest Pass railway.

Hon. Mr. Sifton has proposed to go west to take a hand in the by-elections, if his presence was thought necessary, but it is hardly expected it will be necessary.

Charlie Mackintosh continues to haunt the capital, and the rumor of his retirement is repeated, but the government asserts that there is no truth in it.

Mr. del Val arrived on Saturday night and was met at the depot by about 200 people. The only minister of the crown present was Hon. R. W. Scott, secretary of state.

It is stated that this may be Lord Aberdeen's last year in Canada. He goes home in June and it is said he will not likely return.

E. E. Sheppard, of the Toronto Saturday Night, is going to South America as commercial agent for Canada.

Two Crofter delegates from Manitoba, John Nicholson and L. Lawler, are going to England to straighten out existing difficulties.

Mrs. Edgar, wife of the speaker, gave a brilliant "at home" on Saturday evening from 9 to midnight, hundreds of people being present in brilliant attire.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, will send British Columbia exhibits to the Stockholm exhibition.

W. J. Lynch, of the patent branch, agriculture department, has been promoted to be chief of the branch, under Mr. Scarth, the deputy minister, who is also deputy commissioner of patents.

Toronto, April 5.—The Globe's Ottawa special says: "The Parol representative is Spanish, with Irish blood in his veins. He has been rather badly used by the newspaper illustrators. He is, as may be seen at a glance, a man of lofty ideas and strong nature. He is not yet arrived at middle age. He knows the world as well as the face of the globe. His calm, almost mask-like face, with deep-set, watchful eyes, is that of a serious man who is also a diplomat. The serious work of Merry del Val's mission will now begin, and it is understood that he is already collecting papers in connection with the case."

TUPPER IN A HURRY.

Rushes Off Hot Foot to Montreal To See Mr. Merry del Val.

Montreal, April 5.—Mr. Del Val had a visit of an extraordinary kind. Sir Charles Tupper was so anxious to see him that he could not wait until the delegates reached Ottawa, but came down here and met him at the Grand Seminary in the morning. They had a conversation of some length, but what passed between them is a mystery.

RIOT IN SHANGHAI.

Collier Eugene in an Anti-Foreign Demonstration.

Shanghai, April 5.—A mob of coolies, numbering about 5,000, who struck recently against the increase in taxes, engaged in an anti-foreign demonstration to-day. There was serious rioting. At noon the volunteers were called out, and detachments of marines and sailors were landed to assist the authorities in restoring order. The police eventually forced the coolies to retire to the French settlement. It is reported that two men were killed during the disturbance. Voluntary aid is being rendered to the police to the English settlements.

AMERICANS INTERESTED.

In a Mining Claim in the Lake of the Woods Country.

Toronto, April 5.—Members of McKinley's cabinet have become interested in a Lake of the Woods property. Gen. Alger, formerly governor of Michigan, now state secretary of war, has, with Farwell, of Detroit, purchased two-thirds interest in the Pine Portage mine, situated a couple of miles east of the famous Soudan. This mine was worked before, but had been abandoned for some time. The new owners are confident that it will bear some bonanza. There is an old stamp mill on the property, which will be repaired and set to work.

POWERS POWERLESS

The Cretan Embroglio Is To-Day Much Worse Than Ever Before.

Gladstone Writes Another Letter Greece to Try and Raise an Internal Loan.

London, April 5.—It is just a month since the so-called concert of the powers threatened the blockade of Greece...

The fact is that the powers' distrust of each other reduces them to impotency. None of them wants a general war...

A box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmonson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

The Remarkable Life and Death of Miss Isabella Murphy.

London, April 5.—The strange life and death of Miss Isabella Murphy, daughter of the late Daniel T. Murphy...

It is stated that Greece will try to raise an internal loan of £1,000,000.

The report that the Greek insurgents have already captured the Macedonian frontier towns out to be incorrect.

A well-informed diplomat at Vienna declares that the powers are determined to maintain the blockade of Greece...

In connection with the warlike aspect of affairs in Europe and South Africa it is significantly announced that Lord Wolseley, the British commander-in-chief...

It may save you time and money to be informed that, when you need a blood-purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the kind most in favor with the medical profession.

EFFECT OF NEW TARIFF LAW. Excitement Among American Business Houses in Paris.

London, April 5.—The Times publishes a dispatch from its Paris correspondent saying: The Dingley tariff bill has caused considerable excitement among the American business houses here.

The vice-president of the chamber said: "America sends France 180,000,000 francs worth of goods, duty free, as against 80,000,000 worth sent by France duty free to America."

THE ILL-FATED NARONIC. A Bottle Containing a Message Picked Up at Sea.

sea, 500 miles east of Cape Hatteras. Steamer struck by cyclone; now sinking. As we push off in only boat left we toss this message overboard in the hope that it may reach land and tell of our fate. Good bye.

GERMANS PLEASED. At the Appointment of Andrew White as Ambassador.

London, April 5.—The Standard has the following from its Berlin correspondent: The appointment of Andrew D. White as American ambassador to Germany is regarded here with great satisfaction.

"A sad and sudden death occurred to a well-known citizen on one of the leading streets this morning."

Nearly every large city paper contains daily some such heading. The number of deaths from heart failure is very large, but it is only when they occur in some public and sensational manner that general attention is drawn to them.

Palpitation and fluttering of the heart are common complaints. With the heart itself there is nothing radically wrong. But the system is deranged, the kidneys and liver are out of order, and the stomach is not in condition to do its work properly.

Dr. Chase's Liver and Kidney Pills may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmonson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A STRANGE CASE. The Remarkable Life and Death of Miss Isabella Murphy.

London, April 5.—The strange life and death of Miss Isabella Murphy, daughter of the late Daniel T. Murphy...

It is understood that Russia has stopped Turkey's negotiations to sell the island of Crete to Greece by a threat to occupy Anatolia if the negotiations are persisted in.

The post mortem examination disproved the existence of immoral relations.

A few days before her death she discussed with Father Smullen's house for her own because Cardinal Vaughan came to visit the priest.

A representative of the Associated Press saw Cardinal Vaughan on the subject, but he declined to say anything except that the stories told were much exaggerated.

Americans are the most inventive people on earth. To them have been issued nearly 900,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world.

THE ILL-FATED NARONIC. A Bottle Containing a Message Picked Up at Sea.

Norfolk, Va., April 5.—A bottle was picked up at Washwood's life saving station yesterday containing what purports to be a message from the ill-fated White Star line ship Naronic.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Trend of Commerce Reviewed by the Bradstreet and R. G. Dun Co's Agencies.

Signs of Improvement—Bank Clearings Rise—Failures on the Decrease.

New York, April 3.—R. G. Dun & Co. today say: The markets are still waiting, some sagging downward and others recovering.

The market for products has been variable and uncertain. Wheat closes a cent lower than last week, and the May option has declined 2 cents.

The demand for rails is still considerable and a order is pending for 10,000 tons for Japan, but the reduction in Menasha ore with the want of agreement as yet among producers of hard ores tends to encourage the belief of lower prices for finished products and also to hinder buying.

Dr. Steinitz, the well-known chess player, threatens to bring action for damages against the United States consul at Moscow and others concerned in his detention in an asylum there.

Retain Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Lake of the Woods... \$6.00 Snowflake... \$5.75 XXX... \$5.50

After some further demoralization in the early part of the week, due to exaggerated fears of rate cutting as a consequence of the trans-Missouri railroad, stock values have on the whole tended to recover.

The European political situation has been very strained, and the London market nervous and inclined to do nothing, while reports that war was on the point of breaking out between Greece and Turkey, though not verified, found temporary belief, with a disturbing effect on prices.

Above all, the extreme weakness of the coal stocks, notably Delaware & Hudson and New Jersey Central, and the evidence of heavy liquidation on the latter, have been unfavorable to all bull speculation and have kept up the bearish inclinations of the room traders.

THE COAL TARIFF. Springfield Miners Are Opposed to the Dingley Bill.

Springfield, Ill., April 3.—The convention of organized and unorganized miners of Illinois held here passed resolutions opposing the increase in the tariff on coal from 40 to 75 cents per ton proposed by the Dingley bill.

COUNTERFEIT NOTES. Searching for Makers of Bogus Bank of England Notes.

Detective agencies in this country have been notified that recently there were put in circulation a quantity of £20 Bank of England notes, dated January 15, 1896.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills

Interesting Fact Unearthed—The Diamond Jubilee—Dr. Steinitz.

London, April 5.—The Radical members of parliament have unearthed the fact that the present Czar escaped taxation to the amount of £100,000 in death duties on money lying in the Bank of England when his father died.

The government has refused to allow stands to be erected in the public parks for the Queen's diamond jubilee procession.

The statement that President Faure will visit England is denied. On Monday President Faure will receive the secretary of the Peace Society, who will present him an international petition in favor of arbitration.

Dr. Steinitz, the well-known chess player, threatens to bring action for damages against the United States consul at Moscow and others concerned in his detention in an asylum there.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, by the Yukon Mining, Trading and Transportation Company (Foreign), for an act authorizing and empowering the said company to construct, equip and operate a line of railway from the head of steamboat navigation on Taku inlet, by the most direct and feasible route to Teslin Lake, with all necessary side tracks, switches, turnouts and terminal facilities; to construct and maintain steamers, ferries, wharves and docks; to make traffic and operating arrangements with other railway lines; and to construct, maintain and operate telegraph and telephone lines for railway and other purposes.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above named Company are required, on or before the 25th day of April next, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to the undersigned, at the office of the said liquidator, at 103 Broad street, Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that such of the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria as are entitled to vote on a By-Law for raising money upon the credit of the Municipality, are requested to attend at the polling place or places, of the ward or wards, of the said Municipality, at which they are entitled to vote, on Wednesday, the 14th day of April, 1897, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., and to record their votes for or against the passage of the "School Loan By-Law, 1897," and the "City Library By-Law, 1897," copies of which By-Laws are published in the Victoria Daily Times, and copies thereof are posted up at the City Hall and at each of the polling places.

And take notice that each By-Law must be voted on separately, and that neither By-Law will be valid or of any effect unless the vote polled is in favor thereof by that of at least three-fifths of the persons who shall vote upon such By-Law.

The polling places are as under: For North Ward, at Room 11 of the Public Market Building, Cormorant street; for the Central Ward, at the building on the south-west corner of Douglas and Pandora streets; for the South Ward, at No. 27

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, this 3rd day of April, 1897. W.M.W. NORTHCOCK, Returning Officer.

B. W. Raymond, Elgin high grade 17 ruby jewels \$17.50. In solid silver and gold filled cases.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68 1-2 YATES STREET.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, \$1.25, and guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad street, between Johnson and Fox doors streets.

TOILET PAPER Made from the purest ingredients. Free from chemicals and under severe tests proved to be perfectly harmless.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Hall, Que. JAS. MITCHELL, Agent, Victoria and Vancouver.

Kong Sing Wing Co. Have opened the best store in the city. Everything choice. Groceries, fruit and vegetables, underclothing, shirts, etc.

F. W. NOLTE & CO. OPTICIANS, 7 FORT STREET

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, by the Yukon Mining, Trading and Transportation Company (Foreign), for an act authorizing and empowering the said company to construct, equip and operate a line of railway from the head of steamboat navigation on Taku inlet, by the most direct and feasible route to Teslin Lake, with all necessary side tracks, switches, turnouts and terminal facilities; to construct and maintain steamers, ferries, wharves and docks; to make traffic and operating arrangements with other railway lines; and to construct, maintain and operate telegraph and telephone lines for railway and other purposes.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above named Company are required, on or before the 25th day of April next, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to the undersigned, at the office of the said liquidator, at 103 Broad street, Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that such of the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria as are entitled to vote on a By-Law for raising money upon the credit of the Municipality, are requested to attend at the polling place or places, of the ward or wards, of the said Municipality, at which they are entitled to vote, on Wednesday, the 14th day of April, 1897, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., and to record their votes for or against the passage of the "School Loan By-Law, 1897," and the "City Library By-Law, 1897," copies of which By-Laws are published in the Victoria Daily Times, and copies thereof are posted up at the City Hall and at each of the polling places.

And take notice that each By-Law must be voted on separately, and that neither By-Law will be valid or of any effect unless the vote polled is in favor thereof by that of at least three-fifths of the persons who shall vote upon such By-Law.

The polling places are as under: For North Ward, at Room 11 of the Public Market Building, Cormorant street; for the Central Ward, at the building on the south-west corner of Douglas and Pandora streets; for the South Ward, at No. 27

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, this 3rd day of April, 1897. W.M.W. NORTHCOCK, Returning Officer.

B. W. Raymond, Elgin high grade 17 ruby jewels \$17.50. In solid silver and gold filled cases.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68 1-2 YATES STREET.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, \$1.25, and guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad street, between Johnson and Fox doors streets.

Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad street, between Johnson and Fox doors streets.

0011 PAUL TREMBLES

Britain Is Undoubtedly Preparing for a Great Struggle in the Transvaal.

Delagoa Bay Reported Leased—Henry Labouchere Gets Very Much Excited.

London, April 5.—The preparations against eventualities in the Transvaal are being steadily pushed forward. A representative of the Associated Press has learned from war office sources that a general to command the British forces has been selected and has been asked to prepare a plan for the campaign against the Boers, including the number and description of the troops of different branches of the service, etc.

In connection with the warlike aspect of affairs in Europe and South Africa it is significantly announced that Lord Wolseley, the British commander-in-chief, accompanied by his aide-de-camp, will soon start for Gibraltar, in order to inspect that fortress.

The details of President Kruger's claim against Great Britain for indemnity as a result of the Transvaal rail are now definitely known. In addition to £277,000, which is stated to be the expense which the railway and telegraph burghers, etc., suffered, the Transvaal demands £1,000,000 moral and intellectual damage.

The parliamentary committee investigating the Transvaal raid had another session Friday in the committee room in Westminster hall. Sir John Willoughby, the military leader of the raid, was released from Holloway jail on Wednesday last, where he had been serving a sentence of ten months' imprisonment for violating the foreign espionage act.

Mr. Labouchere retorted with a menacing counter motion to the effect that Mr. Chamberlain's cross-examination of W. P. Schreiner, ex-attorney-general of Cape Town, when before the committee as a witness, was calculated to bring about a conflict between the Dutch and English races at the Cape.

The matter was finally settled on Mr. Labouchere's promise not to make further comments on the subject in Truth. The committee discussed also the proposition of Mr. Labouchere to compel Sir John Willoughby to produce the letter from the British war office which it was alleged he had said he and other officers interpreted to be the sanction of the imperial authorities, civil and military, to the undertaking of the raid.

PRETORIA, April 5.—A great sensation has been caused by the report of impending naval demonstrations by the Cape and West African squadrons in Delagoa Bay.

A Point to Remember. If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure heart-ache, 25 cents. 25 years ago R. J. Warren, a drugist at Pleasant Brook, N. J., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt for table and Dairy, Purest and Best

DISASTROUS FIRES.

Some Large Buildings Destroyed in Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 5.—The Richardson building, the largest building in Chattanooga, burned between 3:30 and 6 o'clock yesterday morning. The fire caught from a furnace in the basement and ran up the elevator. When the fire-companies arrived the building was a mass of flames. The watchman warned a number of gentlemen sleeping on the sixth floor, all of whom succeeded in getting out except Boyd Ewing, one of the wealthiest men in this section, and S. M. Patton, one of the most prominent architects in the south.

A two-story building adjoining was destroyed. The Third National bank across the street, was badly damaged. Among the heaviest losers are the American Investment company, owners of the building and a large part of its contents, R. C. Kinsley & Co., merchants, and the Chattanooga Building

CRETAN SITUATION

Some Interesting Views by the Times, the Chronicle and the Standard.

Greece and Bulgaria—Britishers in Crete—The Sultan Court—England.

London, April 3.—The English press this morning contains many interesting views of the Cretan situation. Among the most noteworthy are the following: THE TIMES.

The Times prints the following from its Athens correspondent: Widely varying rumors have been current of late with regard to the joint action of Greece and Bulgaria in the event of war. The attitude of Bulgaria is being watched with close attention. The impression seems to prevail in certain quarters that Bulgaria might be disposed to share Greece's projected enterprise with reference to Macedonia. Sympathetic telegrams have been exchanged

section of the proposal made by Bulgaria to Greece during the winter is now bitterly regretted by the King and M. Deliyannis. Bulgaria proposed that Greece should join in pressing the Porte and the powers for a scheme of reform in Macedonia. She was moved by a desire to take the Macedonian question out of the hands of the revolutionary societies, which are a constant source of embarrassment to both governments, but the traditional Greek repugnance of the institution of reforms by Turkey proved a fatal obstacle to the enterprise.

THE CHRONICLE. The Daily Chronicle's Canea correspondent says today: Here are some of the deeds to which England is setting her hand to-day: During the week an expedition of British gendarmes, accompanied by cannon, went to Tripetsi, in Spakia, and examined houses in search of provisions. They destroyed all they found lest the insurgents should get them. A day or so later another expedition of British gendarmes was sent to a village near Solino, with the object of finding flour and grain. Later two warships, one a British vessel—dispatched boats fitted with cannon, with instructions to seize small mercantile craft. The peasants refused to surrender them. The European force threatened to destroy the village, whereupon the boats were given up. A British detachment was sent to Kaselli, where it proceeded to destroy the Cre-

CARE OF THE HAIR.

How One May Help to Prevent Baldness—Some Timely Hints.

"What do you think of the theory advanced by some savants that man is tending to evolve into a hairless animal?" was asked of a hairdresser, whose specialty is diseases of the scalp. "There is about as much probability of his walking on his all fours," was the positive reply. "They know next to nothing about the hair and the scalp or they would never have such a thought. The hair never falls out unless there is something wrong about the scalp, caused by the general health, the habits of the individual, or the way the scalp is treated. Blondes, of course, as a rule, have the thickest hair, as they average 700 hairs to the square inch, while there are 608 chestnut or brown hairs, 572 black hairs, and only 483 red hairs. I believe, as a rule, red-haired persons keep their hair the longest, while it turns gray sooner than any other. The hair is a good barometer of the health, for if a person is weak and ill, with an imperfect circulation, the hair invariably becomes thin, uneven, and lacking in natural gloss. It is wonderful, with the constant falling out of hair, that this hair should not be more common, or that there is not more cases

You may get over that slight cold all right, but it has left its mark on the membranes lining your throat. You are liable to take another cold and the second one will hang on longer than the first. Scott's Emulsion is not an ordinary cough specific, but it is "the ounce of prevention." It builds up the system, checks inflammation and heals inflamed membranes. "Slight" colds never bring serious results when it is promptly taken. Book on the subject free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CALCUTTA, INDIA.

known ladies who managed their own heads successfully, but the second should only be given by or upon the direction of a physician. I have restored what at first appeared hopeless cases of almost total baldness of long standing by daily massage and the free use of lanoline and vasoline on the scalp. The tincture of cantharides, diluted to suit the condition of the individual scalp, is very useful when the loss of hair is due to inactivity of the circulation and the wasting of the glands and hair follicles. "Now dandruff is caused by the opposite condition of the scalp, or the over-secretion of the glands. It is to the scalp what pimples are to the face. In these cases the hair follicles are clogged with too much grease. The simplest and most effective remedy being a thorough shampooing once a week and a daily massage of the scalp to aid the circulation. Washes containing alcohol, ammonia, borax, and carbonate of potassium are good, but I have never had a case that would not yield to shampooing and massage. "Some ladies have great faith in the old-fashioned idea of giving the hair one hundred strokes with the brush night and morning. I do not hesitate to tell them that it is like the brush a prejudice and pay little attention to my advice, but my dislike for the brush comes from more than twenty years' experience. The brush drags out the hair much more than the comb and should be used as little as possible. A good healthy head of hair can be kept glossy as well without the brush as with it. All that is necessary is to keep it clean and well combed. Another fact about keeping the scalp and hair in perfect condition which many ladies disregard is the fact that the hair should be allowed to fall loose over the shoulders whenever circumstances permit, and should never be confined at night or during the hours of repose."

Mrs. S. James, Seaford, suffered for years with what is called old people's rash. She was treated by many physicians without any result. Mr. Fear, the local druggist, recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, which relieved the irritation at once and speedily effected a permanent cure of the skin eruption. Mrs. James also says Dr. Chase's Ointment cured her of itching Piles which she had been troubled with for years.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. A. Hunter's Dental Parlour, Douglas street, will be closed at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoons during the summer months.

ONLY CORNER AUCTION ROOM...

WILLIAM JONES General Auctioneer and Commission Agent, 133 Government Street, Corner Pandora Street. Large Premises. Well appointed.

FURNITURE and Real Estate AUCTIONEER.

All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Consignments solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash in any amount. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, and CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS. Have nearly completed their Spring Stock and now offer, amongst other lines, NEW PRINTS, LAWNS, MUSLINS, CHALLIES, FLANNELS, ZEPHYRS. At lowest wholesale prices. See our travellers' samples. Letter orders solicited. J. PIERCY & CO., Victoria, B.C.

All Ladies

Know that to make a cake good 4 grains of GOLDEN WAX are necessary. GOLDEN WAX is a pure and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them. Th... the best

30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. PATENTS TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS. MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.



TUPPER'S LOST OPPORTUNITY

(Which if he were a patriotic statesman and not a narrow-gauge politician he would have improved.) JEAN BAPTISTE—Congratulate me, Sir Charles, you who have expressed yourself so strongly against racial and religious strife—congratulate me on this evidence that I have determined henceforth to do my own political thinking. SIR CHARLES (cynically)—Humph! Just as I expected; you were bought by Government promises of railways and so forth!

[See interview with Tupper on Bonaventure election.]

and Loan Association. Nearly all the offices of the city had offices in the building, and many valuable papers which cannot be replaced were burned. Frank Carter, a lawyer, who attempted to save some of the papers from his office in the Third National bank building, fell from a ladder and was badly injured.

"This is the way I long have sought; And mourned because I found it not!" has been the peon of joy and satisfaction of many a traveller, who after weary days of unpleasant experience with this, that or the other line, settles himself for a comfortable ride from Minneapolis or St. Paul, to Chicago in one of the elegant coaches of the Wisconsin Central lines. Then again the inspired lines of the poet comes to mind as he seats himself at the table in the dining car of this same Wisconsin Central and finds himself served with the very best meal at a reasonable price. For particulars address George S. Batty, General Agent, 346 Stark street, Portland, Or., or James O. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis., or apply to your nearest ticket agent.

between the students at the University of Sofia and the University of Athens, which represents the views of M. Stifoff, the Bulgarian premier, and his colleagues are reproduced and commented upon by the official press.

The truth is, Bulgaria does not intend to depart from her present cautious policy. For the time, at least, she will maintain a strict neutrality.

The results of the recent conference between Prince Ferdinand and King Alexander at Sofia are already becoming apparent in a rapprochement between the two governments, and may soon lead to a definite combination, in which Montenegro would be included. Such an alliance is already openly advocated by the ministerial journal, Min. Hopes that have been entertained at Athens regarding the co-operation of Bulgaria are therefore abandoned.

There is reason to believe that the re-

tan houses. Chains were thrown around them and fastened to ships, which pulled till the houses collapsed. Another instance of British measures was where a company of Basal Razons attacked the Greek lines at Vagion, the Turkish troops, supporting the attack with cannon. After the engagement was well under way, the European fleet, including the British vessels, opened fire on the Turkish vessels, who were compelled to retreat. The Turks then entered the village and began to burn the houses, monastery and church.

THE STANDARD. The Standard publishes a dispatch from its correspondent, which says: Great efforts are being made in influential Turkish quarters to induce the Sultan to win England to his side, if possible, on the ground of a community of interest. Great Britain and Turkey are the two greatest Mussulman powers in the world. Similar feelings prevail among the Moslems in Crete, including the garrison, and it is actually reported that the result of these efforts may be the hoisting of the British flag in Crete and the proclamation of British sovereignty. Indeed, I am told that an intimation to this effect has already been conveyed to the Sultan.

Baccha is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Wood and Belladonna Baccha Caps. Price 25 cents and is free from pain. Price 25 cents.



The Daily Times.

THE LATE MR. KITCHEN.

Mr. Kitchen's death is a distinct loss to the people of British Columbia. The late member for Chilliwack was a fearless and strenuous champion of the public rights and interests, an enlightened and honorable legislator who deserved and won the confidence of the people.

ALD. STEWART'S PROPOSAL.

The idea upon which Ald. Stewart's railway resolution is based is assuredly quite correct. If any arrangement could be made whereby the burden of Victoria & Sidney interest can be taken off the shoulders of the city and the province, without paying too high a price for such arrangement, the result would be highly satisfactory.

DISCREDITED MR. WOOD.

From the latest contributions to the salmon cannery discussion in the London Globe it is apparent that the paper has become satisfied of the lack of bona fides of the man C. Wood, whose spiteful attack started that discussion.

THE SMELTER QUESTION.

The committees of the city council and the board of trade are still wrestling with the smelter proposal which Mr. Selover made on behalf of an American syndicate. The bonus asked for is \$150,000 for a smelter and refinery costing \$450,000 and having a capacity of from 300 to 400 tons per day.

In considering the proposal the committee have been endeavoring to secure information on several points to guide them in making a recommendation. They want to ascertain, for instance, the approximate cost of a plant of the capacity stated, the standing of the company with which the city is invited to do business, and the probability of continuing operations after the smelter is completed.

be erected for say, \$300,000 or less, which competent smelter men say they can do.

Should the present negotiations come to naught, the gentlemen having charge of the matter should not relax their efforts. Good work can be accomplished in setting before capitalists special advantages that Victoria offers, and these we all believe would prove to be of greater value to this important industry than any bonus would be where the conditions are not so favorable.

PRACTICE AND PRECEPT.

To the Editor: Narrow minded people men—too small to grasp a business proposition, who, if they could purify their own small souls, would purify the political atmosphere. They pollute their own environment and they imagine the universe is full of rottenness.

PERSONAL.

S. M. Robins, Nanaimo, is at the Driad. C. F. Todd returned last evening from Vancouver. F. J. Deane, of the Kamloops Sentinel, is in the city. Dave Paterson is down from Alberni on a business trip.

THE SMELTER QUESTION.

Conference This Forenoon and Discussion of Proposals. The committee of the city council and council of the board of trade, to whom were referred the smelter proposal made by Mr. Selover, met in joint session at 11 o'clock to-day at the city hall.

Two years ago E. J. Warren, a drug agent at Pleasant Brook, N. J., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sums up the results as follows: "At that time the goods were unknown in this section; to-day Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a household word."

VICTORIA AS AN IDOL.

England's Queen Worshipped by Her Subjects in Tibet.

Queen Victoria is not only the Empress of India, Queen of England, and the ruler of a empire upon which the sun never sets, but she has become a goddess, a real goddess. It would be as much as a man's life is worth to even hint to the contrary in the Bengal Presidency of India, or at Touloung, in Tibet.

It seems strange enough that in the two places where this state of affairs exists—the native religious customs are supposed to be older and more sacred than in any other part of the world. In Tibet for centuries only one European has ever succeeded in making his way to the place where the greatest temples of religion are found, and has lived to tell what he has done.

Stuart Majoribanks, an Englishman of good family, whose reputation for veracity is unquestioned, has just returned from a five years' sojourn in Tibet and Bengal. He is the man who is authority for this remarkable story.

Mr. Majoribanks says that when he was journeying in Tibet in 1883 he heard through the natives of a white goddess worshipped by a sect whose place of habitation was in the most mountainous section of that rugged country.

So seldom was it that any member of this sect mingled with any Tibetans who journeyed and traded, that it was next to impossible to gain information of the strange creation worshipped, further than the fact that it existed. Mr. Majoribanks made up his mind that here was something of which the civilized world was totally ignorant, and though it seemed to be a very hazardous task, he determined to at least try to penetrate the mountain fastness where the wonderful goddess was to be found.

With two guides and a native servant he started for the mountains that had been described to him. The usual port of the Tibetan traveler were encountered, and there were the customary hair-breadth escapes, but at last the outskirts of the promised land were reached.

Mr. Majoribanks found that he was the first white man known to have made his way to this spot for centuries. The treatment accorded him by the members of the sect for whom he had been searching was amazing. The section of Tibet which he reached was in the foothills of the Himalayas, on the southwestern border of Tibet, not far from Lake Mansarowar. He journeyed from Khotan, in Eastern Turkistan, where he had first heard of the strange white goddess, and every day fresh stories of the savage instincts of the men whom he was seeking were poured into his ears.

He had been told that he was riding to certain death, and that his man's hand could save him. What was his surprise to find himself treated as a most welcome visitor. He was treated with profound respect, and from him was learned the story of how the greatest queen of modern times had become the goddess of a heathen tribe. It seems that a few years ago the tribe was sorely beset by enemies. A deputation was sent to Calcutta, India, to appeal to the English government to interfere and cause the Indian marauders to remain at home. The mission was entirely successful.

OLD EDINBURGH.

The Edinburgh of the earlier years of George III. was very different from the prim, regular, spick-and-span, reputable city of to-day. It was still mainly hemmed within the Flodden Wall, hastily thrown up after the defeat as a defense against English invasion. Thus it consisted of High street on the steep ridge leading to the Castle Rock; of the Covegate in the hollow to the south; of the narrow and tortuous wynds and vennels running up the High street on one side and on the other down to the edge of the New Loch of the Grassmarket; and, beyond the ancient limit of the Canoh gate, which describes the main thoroughfare down to Holyrood. Some six thousand narrow indwellers were squeezed into these limits.

The tower grew upward, not outward. The tower stories high, where poor folk huddled at the top, while the wealthier citizens dwelt below. Scarcely a room in the city but what had its open or concealed bed. Sentinal arrangements were conspicuous, even for that era, by their primitive rudeness. Water was scarce, and was laboriously conveyed up those endless stairs on the backs of caddies, as the curious and distinctive class of water-bearers (though the title was not theirs alone) was called. But slops, house refuse, filthy bits of all sorts, were hurled on the streets. "Gardy-loo" is corruption, the learned affirm, of Gery (Fen) yelled the housewife into the night as she stood at her lattice high, the silverfish bucket poised in her hand. And, when that voice from the clouds smote the ear of the belated wayfarer, how it awoke his lagging steps! "Haul y'er hair, guidwife, till I win by," was his piteous entreaty. "All to often the splash 'trose his swift speech with sorrow and amaze," and he needs must stagger onward, an unenvy admittance of the need for wary walking.

The streets were a horribly unclean. They were scavenged indeed by pigs, unharmed save by frolicsome children, who, mounting their backs, drove them hither and thither despite their shrill protestings. The stranger scoffed, but the citizen was unmoved. "The clerical cosset," was an apothegm oft in his mouth. A sagacious burgier permanently enriched his lauds by carting thereto a quantity of street scourings, so potent was the compost. The upper stories of the houses often overlapped, and, as the closes at the bottom were far from being broad streets, the opposing mansions almost touched; thus the rooms were imperfectly lighted, and a continuous twilight mantled the universal disarray.

The ways of life were simple. Two o'clock was the usual dinner hour. Supper, the great social meal, was often taken out-of-doors. The tavern was the sole meeting-place. In the tavern there was a dose by day. Scarcely everybody drank too much, washed too little, sweated horribly and lived roughly. And some made long prayers which changed their habits to white. Despite it all, Old Edinburgh was an amusing place. Life was anything but dull; everybody knew everybody else; there was much good-fellowship; there was the best of claret, the best of talk, and the best of stories. The pathetic and heroic memories of the place, its superior position and surroundings, kindled the imagination. There was an old and famous aristocracy, whose very names were instinct with romance. Moreover, there was high breeding, there was learning, there was genius for that strange city during the second half of the last century, five men who had profoundly influenced the thought and literature of the world.—New Review.

A VISIT TO N'GANDU.

Capt. Sidney Langford Hyde gives a painfully interesting account of a recent visit to N'Gandu, the capital of Gongo Sotete, the principal lieutenant of an out-let of Tippu Sultan, but now under the Congo State. The mode of excursions among these people is remarkable. When the chief sentences a man he hands him over to the waiting crowd. He is immediately torn to pieces, and disappears as quickly as a hare is broken up by a pack of hounds. Every man lays hold of him at once with one hand, and with the other whips off the piece with his knife; no one stops to kill him first, for he would be doing so lose his piece. More than once, after a drum-head court-martial, when a spy or deserter was shot, the onlookers said to the captain of the party, "Why do you bury him? It's no use when you are gone we shall, of course, dig him up." The capital contains from 10,000 to 15,000 inhabitants. It is surrounded by a double ditch and loopholed battlements, and this by a palisade. Every track in this palisade "was crowned with a human skull." The town has six gates, and the approach to each is, or was, ornamented by a pavement of human skulls, the brains being the only part that showed above the ground. This pavement was of a snowy whiteness, and polished to the smoothness of ivory by the daily passage of hundreds of naked feet. I counted more than 2,000 skulls in the pavement of one of the gates alone.

THE PLAGUE IN BOMBAY.

An American resident in Bombay writes in a private letter to a friend in the condition of things in that plague-stricken city of India: "Times are so desolate here in Bombay that everybody not only feels poor, but is poor. All business is practically suspended, and if the plague keeps on much longer at its present rate, merchants and bankers might as well shut their doors for a long vacation. Fully five hundred thousand out of our population of nine hundred thousand have run away from the city, and fully ten thousand without the least doubt have already died of the plague, and so it goes on, gathering in about two hundred a day. Our office occupies the first floor of a large new building on the principal business street, but when they begin carrying out the dead from next door, and we can even find dead rats in our building, it gives us a visit. Several of the bungalows near bazaar big red circles painted on the door posts to show that the plague has been there. It is most difficult to keep any screens, and we are all scratching about short-handed. Many a hostess has had to send word at the last minute that her servants had all left, and there was no dinner. The clubs and hotels are practically deserted. The hotels are everywhere, but the plague, from being known to the outside world, not to speak of the way they try to thrust rats in our eyes, but there seems very grave danger of the disease spreading across to Calcutta. A man I know went to his drawing-room floor strewn with dead rats and his Persian cat dead likewise. Now a little experience here that makes a man feel queer, even if he does not get it himself."—Boston Transcript.

If you are troubled with falling hair, dandruff, eczema of the scalp, or inclination to grayness, use the best preparation made to correct and cure—Hall's Hair Renewer.

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary to enable you to buy a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine— wherever you can— and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

BOECKH'S SUPERIOR PAINTERS' BRUSHES.....

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers, Toronto.

Advertisement for BOECKH'S SUPERIOR PAINTERS' BRUSHES and A. GREGG & SON, TAILORS. Includes text: "NEW Woollens, Worsted, Cloths", "Just Received Direct from Europe", "Handsome Trouserings, Fashionable Spring Overcoatings, New Weaves and Patterns in..... Scotch and English Tweeds and Serges.", "A. GREGG & SON, ...TAILORS...", "62 YATES STREET VICTORIA, B. C."

Advertisement for Mining maps of British Columbia. Includes text: "NOW READY! Sheet No. 4 of the The Province series of... Mining maps of British Columbia", "Containing 4 maps (in colors), mining laws, mining code, etc.", "At all News Agents or at The PROVINCE OFFICES.", "Price \$1.00."

Advertisement for YOUNG LUNG CHEW KEE, MERCHANT TAILOR, and Waitt & Co. Includes text: "YOUNG LUNG CHEW KEE MERCHANT TAILOR. Shirts, pants and all kinds of trim, a best quality, made to order on shorter notice at hard times prices. Will also supply all kinds of outside laborers on application.", "FOR SALE. On Pender Island 2,811 acres of mixed farm, fruit and pasture land, some cleared, with coal and mineral rights, \$20 per acre. Title, Crown Grants. The Island abounds with game, it has with fish. For further particulars see Directory. Apply H. J. ROBERTSON, Sole Agent, Balmoral Hotel.", "Waitt & Co. Sterling Advice... Let those now ride who never ride before. And those who always ride now ride the more.", "THE STERLING BICYCLE Watch.", "SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS set in type like this newspaper, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m."

British Columbia.

VANCOUVER.

On Friday a party of four men left for Nelson island to do some development work on the Eric claim, owned by Messrs. H. M. and J. M. Kiefer. Some very good milling ore has been obtained which assays \$12 to the ton. A letter has been received by a resident in this city from Mr. J. C. Wilson, in which he states that he is now a trooper in the British South African Police, with headquarters at Bulawayo. Amongst the other members in the troop are Dana Baker, formerly of this city, and Harold Baker, son of Hon. Col. Baker.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

During the month of March the number of free miners' certificates issued at the local office was 416, claims recorded, 245, and conveyances 35. Mr. Ferguson Laidlaw has gone to Ladner to take the management of the Delta canneries, to which position he has just been appointed. The steamer W. H. Harrison, Captain Latham, arrived in port yesterday from Astoria with 1,250 cases of stinplate for the Automatic Can Company. The captain reports that he remained outside the river for fully half a day trying his pilot flag without success, and at last decided to make the trip up the river without a pilot, which he did successfully, thereby proving the fact that the Fraser river is not as dangerous a one for navigation as it has been made out to be, and with a certain amount of properly-arranged dredging done, it could be made as safe as any river on this continent.

It is reported that Robert Stewart, of Salmon Arm, who was one of the first witnesses called when the Crown Timber investigation was opened here, has been arrested and placed in jail at Kamloops for falsifying the books of his late employer, Mr. J. S. Genelle, a lumber merchant in the upper country. Reports from Ashcroft state that the weather has become springlike at last. Though this means much for the cattle, they will have to be fed for quite a time yet before the ranges will be fit for pasture. In many instances, it is said, ranchers have lost 50 per cent. and more of their cattle. The Chilcotin cattle men fared much worse, some losing nearly their entire herds. It has been an exceptionally long and hard winter for those engaged in the business.

NEW DENVER.

The Lodge. A four drill compressor is to be put in the Currie immediately. A slide near Antoine last week killed Singley Anderson and severely injured Jim Edwards. A slide carried some animals going to the Roundhill off the trail one day last week. It was with difficulty that they were rescued from their perilous position. W. L. O'Connell is giving notice of intention to lay suit against James Graham to compel him to transfer to him a third interest in the Footpick fraction, as per agreement. W. Thomlinson has secured an option on the Bassett, Susan G., Susan S., Susan M., West, Fraction, Kilo Fringe, Superior and Kilo properties lying between Dayton and Lemon creeks. At the bottom of the tunnel in the Lily B., and at a depth of 80 feet, an ore chute 10 feet long has been struck. It averages 6 inches in width and assays from a 40-pound sample gave 130 ounces in silver and \$2 in gold. By Friday evening's heat from down the lake William Thomlinson, Patrick K. and Felix Hughes, Thomas Reid and Frank Hart came up from Ten Mile with the body of Francis Di Michele, the unfortunate miner who lost his life in the mountains six miles up from the Enterprise mine, the finding of which was reported last week. The party had a most perilous trip and each of them was very much exhausted. They say that had their mission been anything but what it was, had the body been so much gold, they never would have risked what they did in getting it out of the mountains to the wagon road.

KAMLOOPS.

The Inland Sentinel. H. B. Otis has sold a half interest in Tom Sweeney's claim, the Camperdown, to M. Long, of Greta, Man., for \$400. What should prove to be the Bonnie Etta ledge was run Monday on the Cudrella a mile or so to the west, and gold may be panned clear across the ledge, which is of considerable width, how wide is not known, as neither wall is yet exposed. The presence of free gold in such quantities right in the outcrop of the copper lodes is highly encouraging. The owners of the Noonday claim, on Coal Hill, four miles from the city, Dr. H. E. Hall and J. R. Mitchell, are in great luck. On Saturday last free milling ore was found on this property and from a pound of rock hurriedly crushed several particles of gold, some nearly as large as peas, were obtained. The rock is almost a pure white quartz slightly stained with yellow iron oxide, and by actual measurement is 15 inches wide and shows up on the whole face of the cut. Needless to say the discovery created a great excitement in town, and crowds flocked to E. G. Prior & Co.'s store to see the golden treasure. The Noonday is one of the group of claims bounded by R. H. Jones for Vancouver parties, but the bond was allowed to lapse, a fact which is now regarded as eminently satisfactory by Messrs. Hall and Mitchell. The Goodenough, which adjoins the Bonanza, has run an open out twenty feet into the bluff and also sank on the flat, disclosing a ledge of rich decomposed matter, which when pounded yielded some fine colors of gold. This claim is owned by John Smith and John Hill, and is one of the promising prospects in the vicinity of the Sugar Loaf. On the Pot Hook and Bonanza, adjoining claims, there are equally good prospects.

Robert Stewart, formerly bookkeeper at Joseph Genelle's saw mill, Kitkat, was arrested Monday afternoon at Salmon Arm on a charge of falsifying his books. Stewart was brought down to Kamloops and admitted to bail. The case came up for preliminary hearing before Judge Tunstall and Mayor Gordon on Wednesday. The alleged falsifications are three in number, and refer to lumber purchases by accused, to a sum of \$25, alleged to have been paid by S. J. Calhoun and not accounted for in the cash book, and to an alleged false entry in the ledger. The case was adjourned until Saturday, when an accountant will be present from Vancouver to testify as to the condition of Genelle's books when Stewart left. On Monday afternoon a slide in the mouth of the tunnel near the Glen Iron mines caused the smashup of an east-bound freight and serious injuries to the driver, Matt Crawford, and the fireman, Jack Ladner. The accident was unavoidable, as the slide could not be seen until the train was almost on top of it. Matt Crawford jumped through the cab window, landing on the slide. He was terribly cut and bruised by the fall and sustained a severe fracture of his right wrist. Jack Ladner attempted to escape by climbing over the tender, but in so doing he was struck by the top of the cab and thrown off on to the rail, sustaining spinal injuries. Joe Dixon, the brakeman, was on the engine at the time of the accident, but managed to clamber over the tender and escaped unhurt. The other train hands also got off without injury. Four freight cars were completely wrecked. The accident detained the east-bound express several hours. Matt Crawford and Jack Ladner are both doing well, though it will be some time before they can get around again.

It is the best. Dandruff eradicated, the scalp kept clean and sweet, and the hair made soft and easy of arrangement, by Hall's Vegetable Sanitation Hair Renewer. THAT RAILWAY POLICY. Motion to Ask the Government to Postpone Passage of the Bill. At this evening's meeting of the city council Mr. Stewart will move the following resolution: "Whereas it is possible to secure close railway connection with our sister cities on the lower mainland, and at the same time form a link in an all rail route to the Kootenay country, and whereas it now takes eight hours to reach New Westminster, and six hours to reach Vancouver, and whereas the time can be shortened to two and three-quarters and three and one-half hours respectively; and whereas the interest now paid to the Sidney railroad by the ratepayers of Victoria may possibly be reduced by extending additional aid so as to make that concern a more profitable undertaking; therefore be it resolved, that the mayor be asked to invite the principals of the Sidney railroad to a joint conference, with a view to the best means of inducing the government to so arrange their loan bill that the \$4,000 per mile proposed to be given to a coast road under the 1897 loan act may be diverted so as to become an aid to the extension of the Sidney road to Point Roberts, by ferry, and from thence into Chilliwack, and thereby giving Victoria an all over one hundred miles of route towards the Kootenay country; and whereas the time is now so short, and to avoid losing the opportunity of doing good work this year, that the government be asked to postpone the final passing of the bill until the council have had an opportunity of considering the best means of trying to make the proposed expenditure by the government prove an aid towards lowering the present burden in the way of interest paid jointly by Victoria city and the government towards the Sidney railway."

THEOSOPHY. Universal Brotherhood and the Cause of Sorrow. At the regular public Sunday evening meeting of the Theosophical Society, the subject for the address being universal brotherhood and the cause of sorrow, the speaker said that universal brotherhood was the basis upon which the Theosophical Society existed, and the reason for this was that Theosophists believed in God. Not in a personal God, but God existing and manifesting in all things. Without this nothing could exist, as God was the root, heart and soul of everything, and this led men to see the unity of all things, and believing in this unity the mind gained strength, and love and sympathy was felt for all things. Brotherhood again led to tolerance for each other's opinions and religious views, and this was what the world needed to-day, as too much dogmatism led to strife and bitterness between man and man. The other side of the question, "the cause of sorrow" was a problem for which all classes of people were asking a solution, for it affected the rich as well as the poor. Some said that it was the will of God that man should suffer, but Theosophy offers a more reasonable answer to the question, for it says that sorrow is caused by the breaking of natural law, and that sorrow is after all our greatest teacher. "As a man sows that shall he also reap," was spoken by the teacher of old, so that no man suffers unjustly. We sow in one life and reap in the next, so to-day you are just what you made ourselves from the past. This doctrine that the soul of man lives many lives, inhabiting different physical bodies, is the only reasonable solution to the question, "why do we suffer?" Experience the soul must have if it would learn the lesson of life, and the great lesson was that it should see itself as a part of the whole. To work for sorrow and trials, to work for humanity meant to live in peace with all beings. It was this love for humanity that Theosophy was trying to awaken in the hearts of men, for believing that God dwelt in every soul meant that divine compassion, love and sympathy would be extended to all creatures. Health and vigor are essential for success. Therefore make yourself strong and healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. What organization has any greater opportunities for increasing membership, necessary to maintain low cost of protection, than the Machesness? None.

Weller Ross are sole agents for Liberty Air Fabrics at Salmon Arm on a charge of falsifying his books. Stewart was brought down to

the 1st of June, 1897, and shall be made payable in ten years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly, at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures and coupons.

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of \$705, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of \$1,416.

7. The said annual sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned shall be raised and levied in each year by a rate sufficient therefor, on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the Municipality of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the first passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, Section 116, and shall take effect on the first day of June, 1897.

10. This by-law may be altered for all purposes as the "Schools Loan By-law, 1897."

Passed the Municipal Council the 29th day of March, 1897.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., March 31st, 1897.

GEORGE D. SCOTT, Mining and Financial Agent, 42 Fort Street, VICTORIA. Mini-g Properties of Merit and Fractional Interests... OFFICES AND AGENTS: Vancouver, Sandon, Ladoga, Nelson, Boundary Creek, Toronto and Montreal. References, Bank of N. S. A., Vancouver or Victoria.

MONEY TO LOAN on Any Good Security. A BY-LAW To Make Further Provision for the Maintenance of the City Library. Whereas it is expedient to make further provision for the due maintenance of the City Library:

1. This by-law may be cited as the City Library By-law, 1897. 2. The City Library By-law, 1888, is hereby repealed. 3. It shall be lawful for the Council to maintain and carry on the present City Library and from time to time provide or obtain suitable premises therefor, and from time to time to provide and purchase such additions thereto and such furniture as the Council may deem expedient, and to retain and outlease the services of the present City Librarian, and, whenever necessary or expedient, to appoint some other competent person to be City Librarian in his place, and to appoint some competent person to be Assistant City Librarian at such salary, or salaries, as the Council shall from time to time fix, provided that the total expenditure under this by-law shall not exceed \$2,500.00 in any one year.

4. The Council shall have power to make such rules and regulations from time to time for the management and use of the said Library and for defining the duties of the City Librarian and Assistant City Librarian as they shall deem expedient, but the present rules and regulations shall be in force until amended or repealed. 5. This by-law shall not be finally passed until the assent of the electors of the City has been obtained in conformity with the provisions in respect of by-laws for creating debts.

Passed the Municipal Council the 29th day of March, 1897. TAKE NOTICE That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Room 11 of the Public Market Building, Corner Market Street, for the North Ward, at the building on the south-west corner of Douglas and Pandora Streets for the Central Ward, and at a building known as No. 27 Government Street (east side), for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 14th day of April next, and the poll will be kept open between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., March 31st, 1897.

A BY-LAW To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Raise the Sum of \$17,000 for Special or Extraordinary Expenses for School Purposes. Whereas the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria has received from the Secretary of the Board of School Trustees of Victoria a request in writing to submit for the assent of the electors in the manner prescribed by Section 116 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," a by-law for the purpose of authorizing the expenditure of \$17,000 for raising the sum of \$17,000 for special or extraordinary expenses for school purposes for the current year.

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria the sum of \$17,000. And whereas it will require the sum of \$2,181.00 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest. And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1896, is \$14,541,896. And whereas it will require an annual rate of three-twentieths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest.

And whereas this by-law shall not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. Therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows: 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$17,000 currency for settling money at the rate of 4.99 1/2 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of \$17,000 either in currency for sterling money at the rate of 4.99 1/2 dollars to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of \$1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be signed with the seal of the Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof. 3. The said debentures shall bear date

the 1st of June, 1897, and shall be made payable in ten years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FITCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest, Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!

THE DAILY AND TWICE-A-WEEK TIMES.

Do You Read It? Twice-a-Week Times

Mined to any address in Canada, United States or Newfoundland at \$1.50 per annum; other countries \$2.50 per annum.

All the News Times P. & P. Co., W. Templeman, Mgr.

Address: Times Building, Broad Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO. 28 BROAD STREET. Open Saturday Nights from 7:30 to 10. MINING SHARES FOR SALE

A. W. MORE & CO., Mining Brokers, 88 Government St. W. J. R. Cowell, (B.A., F.G.S.) Mining Engineer and Assayer, 28 Broad Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

A. SHERET, PLUMBER, Gas and Hot Water Fitter. 102 FORT STREET, NEAR BLANCHARD. Sewer connections a specialty.

