

THE BUREAU

EDITED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
J. RAYON.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 2, 1852.

By yesterday's mail we have learned that the 10th and 11th of January are the dates of the 1st and 2d sessions of the new Senate. Our papers, notwithstanding lack of time, have given us several items of local intelligence.

The "Chronicle of the Foreign Powers," brought by the "Oriental," at New York and published in our early issues, will be found on the first page of our sheet to-morrow, or of next week, which we will then be unable to publish, for which we will be indebted to our patrons, previously to its publication.

Oct. 16.—The Xavir Medice has relinquished the office of Consul General of Colombia in the United States, his Excellency the Vice-President has appointed to the said station Don Domingo Acosta, and has at the same time entrusted him with the duties of the Consulate at Montevideo, it conveys nothing that can give us interest in the general order.

The Legislature of the State of Louisiana met yesterday, in regular assembly, according to the terms of the law. It adjourned, gave the appointment of clerks and other offices, was recessed; nothing were any communications received from his Excellency the Governor, though having been no gubernatorial election, and the House had adjourned—On Sunday, last, Edificians appeared, took their seats in the Senate, completed the number of members required to form a quorum, the Senate then proceeded to the election of a President; on the verification of the ballot, it appeared that Charles Denby, Esq., had received, but had been unanimously rejected. The election of Secretary, Sergeant-at-Arms, keeper of clerks, and engaged the attention of the body. Mr. Davis was re-elected Secretary, Lamare, Sergeant-at-Arms, Morris, Helm, D'Arby and M'Ghee were elected tabulating and enrolling clerks. The Senate adjourned to this day, 10 o'clock.

The splendid little cork prepared to the pack-ship CANTON, by the ladies of New Orleans, were hoisted on Sunday at twelve o'clock, a band of music expeditiously appropriate air the while. The day being unusually serene, a large concourse of spectators lined the shore; and a company of gallant gentlemen, and fair ladies, visited the vessel, where they entertained in a gaudy manner by her pilot master, Capt. Page. All was gayety, brilliancy and mirth to make use of the language of the sage Henry, none there, "in all this noble bery, haughtily with his own care abroad."

Cash-street Theatre.—The theatre was, on Sunday night last, "to open." But, alas! No, wicked, wicked! Those who have made their fortune on Christmas and New Year's night can no longer be honest and loyal men; they have, in the short period of eight days, thrown all their claims to probity and morality.

Turn out, the Calico Printers! The workmen engaged in the Print Works at Weston, Mass., the largest establishment of the kind, we believe, in the U. States, have turned out in consequence of an attempt on the part of their employers to subject them to a set of clauses derived from similar agreements in England, several of which they had agreed arbitrarily to bind. They have withdrawn from the firm, and resolved to strike forth on their own account, with a view of securing co-operation with their brethren in other establishments.

CONGRESS.—MONDAY, Dec. 19, 1851.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Holman, the Message of the President of the United States and the accompanying documents relative to the capture, trial and imprisonment of American citizens by the British Provincial authorities of New Brunswick, received a few days ago in reply to a call made by a resolution of the Senate, was ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. King submitted the following resolution.

Resolved, That the committee on Public Lands be instructed to inquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the act to grant pre-emption rights to settlers on Public Lands, as may still void all assignments of the right of pre-emption prior to the passing of the act.

Mr. Seward from the committee on Finance, to whom had been referred the memorials from the inhabitants of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston, on the subject of a reduction of the distribution fees, made a report unfavorable to the views of the memorialists, which was read, and, with the accompanying letter of the Secretary of the Treasury, ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. Seward gave notice that he should tomorrow, probably, be in a hall in relation to the arming of fortifications.

The President communicated a report from the Secretary of War, made in compliance with a resolution of the Senate of the 1st of January last, committing the drawing of the surveys west of the Wabash River.

Mr. Bowring submitted the following resolution.

Resolved, That the committee on Finance be instructed to inquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the act of the 13th April, 1812, and of the 1st of May, 1852, providing for the payment of interest, and final settlement of the confederate war debt, to the Register of the United States to be still outstanding and unpaid.

The following resolution submitted by Mr. Seward on Thursday, was considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the committee on the Post Office and Post Roads be instructed to consider the expediency of permitting no money to be received free from any charge of postage.

ORGANIZATION OF THE MILITARY.

The following resolution submitted on Thursday by Mr. Hanna, was considered and adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on the Militia be instructed to inquire into the expediency of organizing the militia, such as will embrace those only between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-five, and also of granting the annual appropriation for arming the militia of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following resolution, submitted about three days since by Mr. Wickliffe, was taken up and adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury communicate to the House such information as the department may have obtained upon the subject of Steam Boat Navigation, with a view to the adoption of such measures as may be deemed practicable, the better to guard and protect passengers from the danger of the bursting of boilers.

On motion of Mr. Dearborn, of Massachusetts, it was:

Resolved, That the committee on Manufactures be instructed to inquire into the expediency of exempting from duty, Tea, Coffees, Wine, Pepper, Spices, Indigo, and Wool, the current market value of which, in the United States at the time of importation, shall not exceed twelve cents per pound.

Mr. Arnold presented a petition praying for reduction of postage on paper, &c. which was ordered to be laid on the table, and printed.

LATEST FROM BOGOTÁ.

New York, Dec. 19.—By the brig Sea Nymph, capt. Lee, we have Bogotá letters and papers to October 25th, inclusive.

Bogotá, Oct. 25.—The new Legislature opened this morning, and the session will be held at the old Congress building, Fleury street, (of Central Colombia.)

Colombia sent his resignation, which will be accepted, and a provisional President appointed until they can elect a new one. A Constitution for New Granada will be made, and it will remain a separate State for the present.

Report of the New York Market, Dec. 19.

COTTON.—The demand continues fair and chief for export—several hundred bales, however, of good and fine were taken for home use, at four-tenths, or less.

There has been an improvement in good and fine cottons.

We have nothing of consequence to report.

Wool.—We have 1000 bales of old and 2000 of new—the latter price on time, 400 New Orleans and Tennessee at \$3 12; 500 Mobile at \$1 10, and about 400 Florida at \$1 12.

MERCHANDISE.—The intercourse with the interior has suspended with the closing of the rivers, the demand is somewhat slack, and sales incon siderable.

We have nothing of consequence to report.

Wine.—We have 100 bales of old and 1500 of new—the latter price on time, 100 Mobile at \$1 12; 500 New Orleans and Tennessee at \$1 10.

BRITISH.—The intercourse with the interior has suspended with the closing of the rivers, the demand is somewhat slack, and sales incon siderable.

We have nothing of consequence to report.

Spices.—There has been a fair demand for the season of 1851.

About 150 bales old crop New Orleans have been sold at \$3 12 cents.

At successively, 100 bales New Orleans, of the new crop, were offered, only 35 of which were dis

posed of at \$1 50.

TOBACCO.—Sales have been made of 30 to 40

bales of old and 100 of new.

LEATHER.—The leather market is dull.

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