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Daily Morning Chronicle.

VOL. II.—NO. 36.] WASHINGTON, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1863. [FIVE CENTS.

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TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, with Innoxious Vapor, by Drs. SIGESMOND & HAYWARD, 260 Pennsylvania avenue, Inventors and sole manufacturers [illegible] ... entirely free from exhilarating [illegible] perfectly harmless, causing a quiet sleep, with pleasant sensations, and perfect insensibility to pain. de3-1m

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CHEOPLASTIC BONE TEETH,
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Opposite the East entrance of the Treasury Building,
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. ar6-1y
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Practices in the Court of Claims, Admiralty, and Superior Courts.

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC.
Having been appointed a Commissioner to take Depositions, the Acknowledgment of Deeds, and other instruments of writing, to be used in the States of Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Minnesota, and the Territory of New Mexico, &c., I would inform the business community that I can be found at my office, No. 6, basement of west wing of the City Hall, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.
ZACH. B. BROOKE,
no3-tf Commissioner of Deeds.

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"HOW ARE YOU, GREENBACKS?"
"Old men for counsel, young men for war."
You can't see it? Then call at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Twentieth streets and examine our new stock of Splendid Clothing.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
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BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
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AND STILL THE WONDER GREW.
CASH DOES THE BUSINESS.
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FALL AND WINTER COATS
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Suits made to order. Call and see samples.
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We are prepared to do
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AND IN THE
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&c., &c., &c., &c.
We guarantee satisfaction in every instance, and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
Orders sent to either of the
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Will receive prompt attention.

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THE GREAT EMPORIUM OF THE DISTRICT for
FINE HOLIDAY GOODS AND TOYS
IS AT
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Where may be found the finest Wax, China, Sleeping, Speaking, and other Dolls, and Doll Heads ever made, together with rich China Tea Sets, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and a full assortment of mechanical and all other new Toys in the market.
ALSO,
Fine Rosewood and Papier-mache Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Glove, Perfumery, and Cigar Boxes, beautifully inlaid with pearl and German silver, and of the finest possible finish, together with new and very beautiful styles of Cigar Stands and Cases, Watch Stands, and Ladies' Conveniences, Cabas, and Portemonnaies.
ALSO,
Opera Glasses, fine steel Ornamented Tuck Combs, Card and Dressing Cases, together with a very large assortment of fine Fancy Goods.
ALSO,
Rich Family Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Annuals, and other fine Gift Books, Photograph Albums of the most superb finish, and in great variety. Toys and Games of every variety, including the new Game of Authors.
Citizens of Georgetown and Washington are respectfully requested to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
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DIARIES.
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Sutlers and the trade supplied at a liberal discount.
Sent by mail postage free.
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WILL BE PUBLISHED, DECEMBER 15,
HISTORY OF CHARLES THE BOLD,
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FROM DR. R. SHELTON MACKENZIE.
"The author will take his stand at once among the great writers of his land and time."

Daily Chronicle.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1863.

The Recent Movements of the Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
KELLY'S FORD, VA., December, 5, 1863.
(Correspondence of the Daily Morning Chronicle.)

It is essential in the best interests of the country that the public should at once be made thoroughly acquainted with all the facts connected with the late movements of this army, the many obstacles which presented themselves to the Commanding General, and the frequent disappointments to which he was subjected from the commencement of the march to the final withdrawal of his forces to this side of the Rapidan. To faithfully place these facts before the public, in order that it may approve or disapprove with an intelligent judgment, is the object of this communication.

The force of the enemy consisted of Ewell's and Hill's corps, and Pickett's division, not less, in the aggregate, than fifty thousand men, while our own, in numbers, was a little its superior. At the time the Commanding General ordered the advance, the position of the enemy was as follows: Ewell's corps had been withdrawn from the lower fords of the Rapidan, and posted behind entrenchments and on natural vantage ground—his left resting on or near the river, while his right extended towards Orange Court House, causing his line, as may be seen on the map, to run nearly north and south, and to front towards the east, thus leaving Ely's, Culpeper, Germanna, Jacobs' Mills, and other fords uncovered. Hill's corps was in the vicinity and south of Orange Court House, separated from Ewell's by several miles. Hence, the object of General Meade was to cross at the lower fords and to push his columns rapidly to the south and west, to the vicinity of, and, if possible, beyond, Old Verdiersville, in the direction of Orange Court House, thus gaining the interval between Ewell's and Hill's corps, and enabling him to give them battle in detail. It was known by General Meade that the left of Ewell's line was well protected by earthworks and the character of the country, but that his right was less guarded, and that the plank road from Old Verdiersville to Orange Court House was not strongly covered by his forces. With this information, and the above object in view, General Meade ordered an advance at daylight on the 24th ultimo, but a severe rain storm, during the preceding night, prevented the movement. The notice of the advance in THE CHRONICLE of that date, although premature, neither delayed the movement, nor caused the enemy to change his position, as has been alleged by a portion of the Northern press. The enemy, probably, did not learn of the intended movement until it had commenced, on the 26th of November.

On the 26th the roads were in passable condition, and the advance commenced at dawn. In the meantime General Meade had given orders to the different corps commanders to reconnoitre the respective roads they were to take, and to put them in such condition that their troops might move with rapidity. This may have been faithfully accomplished by some of the corps commanders, but by others it was neglected, and on account of this and other causes serious delays were occasioned. It should also be stated, that on the part of some of the subordinate generals, there was an inexcusable ignorance of the direction and termination of the roads over which they were to march, and a want of promptness in pushing forward their commands, which, as the sequel will show, proved fatal to the success of the campaign. On the morning of the 26th, the 2d, 3d, 5th, and 6th corps were between the Rappahannock and the Rapidan, while the 1st was on the north of the Rappahannock.

The distance to Old Verdiersville, from the position of the most remote corps, on the morning of the 26th, was not more than twenty-five miles, and from that of the majority of the corps, it was less than twenty. Hence, it was not unreasonable for General Meade to expect that each corps commander would be able to march his troops to the vicinity of this town inside of thirty-four hours, or, at the most, by noon of the 27th.

The order of march was as follows, viz: the 5th corps was to cross the Rapidan at Culpeper Mine ford, and proceed to Parker's store, on the plank road to Orange Court House, and, if possible, to New Verdiersville, a town situated two or three miles, and, perhaps, still farther, in a southerly direction from Old Verdiersville. The 1st corps was to follow the 5th, and take position in its rear, while the 2d was to cross at Germanna Ford, proceed to Robertson's Tavern, and, if possible, reach Old Verdiersville, thus opening communications [illegible] roads passing near Mine Run [illegible] ... [illegible] position on the right of the 2d, while the 6th was to [illegible] the 3d and take position in its rear, as the reserve of the right wing of the army, as the 1st was the reserve for the left wing.

It might be stated here that one division of the 1st corps was left to guard the railroad on the north side of the Rappahannock. The night of the 26th found all the corps across the Rapidan, save the 1st, which had had the longest distance to march, and which would also have crossed, as it was up in time, if the road upon the opposite side had been free.

Friday morning, the 27th, only found the entire army on the south side of the Rapidan. A trifle more than half the distance had been accomplished in twenty-four hours. Early Friday morning the army was in motion, and its different columns were pushed forward with greater rapidity, by more imperative orders. The 2d corps, under command of General Warren, reached Robertson's Tavern about one o'clock in the afternoon of Friday, found the enemy, and commenced to ascertain his strength and position by a brisk skirmish fire. In the meantime he was ordered not to attack till the 3d corps, commanded by General French, should come up. Three or four aides were sent with dispatches to hurry up this corps, but it did not arrive; and, when night came on, it was still two or three miles from Warren. It is proper here to go back, and follow the progress of this corps, and examine the mishaps and misfortunes which attended its entire march. On the first day (Thursday) it was delayed two or three hours, owing to some difficulty in finding the best and most direct road and also to the indifferent condition of the route, which it passed over. On arriving at the ford, it was found impracticable for the crossing of artillery, and hence it became necessary to send it around by Germanna Ford.

Again under way, it had not advanced far before it had the misfortune of taking the wrong road, which passed too far to the right, and of meeting Johnson's division of Ewell's corps, which force held it in check and again delayed its progress, while it enabled Ewell to rapidly concentrate the balance of his corps on the old turnpike road, leading from Robertson's Tavern to Mine Run, thus preventing the advance of Warren. Scarcely was it out of this mishap, before it again mistook the road, and, night coming on, found it two or three miles distant from the 2d corps.

General Meade, having waited hour after hour for the arrival of this corps, and having made use of his aides in vain in endeavoring to hasten its march, at length sent a dispatch, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to General Newton, in command of the 1st corps, which was at this time at Parker's Store, distant some two or three miles from Robertson's Tavern, ordering him to cross over to the support of the 2d corps. This order General Newton promptly obeyed; but it was dark by the time his corps arrived in the rear of Warren, and the fight of the day was over. In the meantime the 6th corps, under General Sedgwick, had arrived, and it was posted on the right of the 2d.

On the left, General Gregg with his cavalry was gallantly holding in check the advance of Hill's corps, which had been rapidly pushed forward from Orange Court House, on the plank road passing Parker's Store. General Sykes, with the 5th corps, during the afternoon of Friday, was supporting General Gregg. Such was the position of the different corps late on Friday night. If General Meade rested at all on this night, he rested under the weight of many and bitter disappointments. All of his plans had been frustrated. The misfortune of the 3d corps, in taking the wrong road and meeting Johnson's division, developed the object of General Meade. The delays in its march and its failure to support Warren enabled Ewell to concentrate, and prevented the 2d corps' advance, which would have separated the two corps of the enemy, and brought our line of battle beyond Mine Run, upon the same ground and in the same impregnable position which the enemy held the following day. This delay also gave time for Hill to move up to Ewell's support, and prevented Gregg, Sykes, and Newton from swinging around the left of our line, and cutting off all avenues of escape to Ewell's corps.

During Friday night, General Meade determined to give the enemy battle in the morning. He had reason to believe that the battle would take place on the line directly in front of the 2d corps. Hence, before daylight, the 1st corps was posted on the left of the 2d, and an early attack was ordered. In the meantime the 5th corps had been ordered over to the support of the 2d, while the 6th was on our extreme right.

The light of the morning revealed the fact that the enemy had, during the night, abandoned his position in front of Warren and fallen back. An advance of our line was at once ordered. This line rapidly pressed forward, passed the enemy's line of earthworks behind which he had fought the preceding day, and at length reached his second line of defence, which was two miles in rear of the first. This line was of the most formidable character. It extended along a prominent range or series of hills for a distance of six or eight miles. This series of hills formed all the angles of a complete fortification, and comprised the essential elements of a fortress.

The centre of the line presented four or five well-defined facings of unequal length, occupying a space of more than three thousand yards, with such angles of defence that the fire of the enemy was able to enfilade [illegible] of approach, while his right and [illegible] ... of his position was a dense [illegible] twelve hundred yards [illegible] lines of infantry [illegible] Mine Run [illegible] width, but difficult for infantry to cross, from the marshy ground and dense undergrowth of stunted timber with which it was frequently flanked on either side, as well as from the abrupt character of its banks. In addition to these natural defences, the enemy had felled, in front of a large extent of his position, a thick growth of pine, as an abattis, while he had also thrown up earthworks of great strength along his entire line. Thus the position was much stronger than ours at Gettysburg, and more formidable than the enemy's at Fredericksburg.

When our lines had advanced on Saturday morning to within two thousand yards of the enemy's earthworks, a halt was ordered, and his position was reconnoitred. A great part of this day passed away before the lines and strength of the enemy could be fully ascertained. It was the desire of General Meade to attack upon this day. The extent of our line of battle had been contracted for this purpose. The 3d corps had arrived and had been posted on the left of our line, while the 6th held the extreme right, and the 1st and 2d the centre, supported by the 5th. Upon the reports of his subordinate generals and a thorough personal reconnoissance, General Meade was unwilling to make an assault upon this day, which now was nearly spent.

Thus Saturday passed. On the following day, Sunday, all was quiet. Both armies rested, and neither seemed disposed to break the repose of the day. General Warren, who had now been transferred from the centre to the extreme left, reconnoitred the right of the enemy's line and reported personally, with the strongest assurances of success, that he could carry the works in his front. Upon this favorable report of General Warren, and also upon the encouraging reports received from the right of our line, the Commanding General determined to make a vigorous assault at early dawn on Monday morning. To ensure the success of Warren on our left, he at once sent to him two divisions from the 3d corps and one from the 6th, which, together with Warren's own corps, gave him a command of 28,000 men. The balance of the 6th corps, together with the 5th, held the right, while two divisions of the 1st and one of the 3d held the centre of our line. The artillery was posted along the entire front of our line, and in a commanding position. The time for the assault on the right and left was fixed upon, and at 8 o'clock in the morning the struggle was to commence. At length something was determined upon; something definite, something encouraging after the bitter disappointments of the past three days.

Early Monday morning the army was under arms, waiting impatiently for the signal gun.

At last the sound of Sedgwick's cannon came rolling along the line, when the entire artillery of the right and centre opened upon the works of the enemy. But not a sound came from Warren—not a gun was heard on the left. Is the army again to be disappointed! Yes!

Upon a more careful and thorough examination of the enemy's works, without consulting General Meade—without consulting with a single officer—but assuming the entire responsibility, General Warren decided not to attack. He immediately reported to General Meade the reasons for his failure to attack; that he had misjudged the strength of the enemy's position, and that he was willing to sacrifice himself rather than to sacrifice the army. General Meade at once ordered a postponement of the assault on the right and centre, and galloped to the left to ascertain if it were possible in any way for Warren to be successful. He decided that success would be at an immense sacrifice of life, and that the defeat of Warren would be disastrous to the army. It was too late now to change the programme of the battle. It would consume another day to transfer the troops to the centre and to the right. The supplies of the army were nearly exhausted, and one day of rain would have caused the roads to be impassable. The army was safely withdrawn to this side of the Rapidan. With these facts before the public, the purpose of this communication is accomplished.

B.

PRIVATE LETTER FROM CHATTANOOGA.

The following letter from a gentleman connected with the Army of the Cumberland, to his father in this city, will be read with interest:

CAMP 88TH ILLINOIS INFANTRY,
CHATTANOOGA, November 26, 1863.

Imagine me, if you can, sitting propped up on my bunk, one leg stretched out with a hole in it, but feeling "bully," (to use a Western phrase.) Mission Ridge, the stronghold of the rebels, was stormed yesterday, and taken, with any quantity of prisoners and artillery. Bragg is completely routed. The last two days have been busy and proud ones, too, for this army. Day before yesterday Lookout Mountain was captured, with two thousand prisoners and several pieces of artillery, and yesterday Mission Ridge fell. You can [illegible] ... splendid. I don't believe better [illegible] done since war has been in vogue [illegible] the plains below while we were [illegible] the first line, we were going very fast [illegible] time I supposed at first, as it did not pain me much, that it was either a spent ball or a piece of shell, and so kept on without looking down at my leg; when we reached the first line of pits I began to feel considerable pain, and glancing down found that I was shot in the left leg. I thought even then I could keep up with the regiment, and did go as far as the second line of rifle-pits, but there I had to quit. I had walked over half a mile since being hit, and found myself getting very stiff and lame, so down I dropped. I had to walk nearly all the way back to camp, and by the time I got there my leg was about useless. Got fixed up and wound dressed. It is only a flesh wound. I shall get over it before a great while. Shall stay here a few days until I can walk a little, and then shall go to Chicago.

P. S.—The report has just come that we have captured, so far, seven thousand prisoners and forty-six pieces of artillery.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

The introduction, by artificial means, of a large supply of water into towns and cities, for the use and comfort of the inhabitants, must, as a matter of course, create a necessity for a revolution in the system of drainage and sewerage previously in use, and on that account, as well as on account of the intimate relations which naturally exist between the two improvements, they are generally placed under the same general direction and superintendence. This has not been the case in the present instance. The drainage facilities for the cities of Georgetown and Washington are, at present, only intended to accommodate the discharge of water falling on the surface which is naturally tributary to this drainage, together with the sewerage of the cities, and it is found in many instances to be much too limited for even these purposes.

The introduction, by means of the aqueduct, of from twenty to fifty millions additional gallons of water daily into these cities, and the necessary discharge of a large portion of it into the drains and sewers now in use, will at once create a necessity for an entire remodeling of the present system of drainage upon a much larger and more extensive scale. This may not be so important in Georgetown on account of the greater irregularity of the surface and declivity of the streets, as in the city of Washington, where the ground is more level and the drainage more sluggish.

At the present time a very large portion of the drainage and sewerage of Washington is discharged into a shallow, open sewer, of about one hundred and fifty feet in width, sometimes called a canal, which stretches its filthy surface through the heart of the city, and within a stone's throw of the Capitol of the United States, the President's House, the Treasury Department, and all the principal hotels on Pennsylvania avenue, breeding disease and pestilence along its borders. The accumulated filth and excrement of the city is constantly held in a state of semi-solution in this hot-bed of putrefaction, by means of the ebb and flow of the tides, over a surface of more than a million square feet; and whatever portion of it ultimately finds its way into the Potomac river, is spread out in thinner proportions over several hundred acres of flats, immediately in front of the city, which surface is exposed to the action of the sun at intervals during the day, and the miasma from which contaminates every breath of air which passes from that direction through or over the city.

All this may be remedied by the adoption of the most simple and natural expedients. A portion of the canal, say twenty or twenty-five feet in width, should be walled in and arched over, and a flood-gate inserted at its junction with the river, and used exclusively for purposes of sewerage and drainage; while the remaining longitudinal section of the canal should, by the adoption of a proper system of flood and stop gates and locks, be kept constantly filled to the level of high tide with pure Potomac water. The water thus held in the canal, together with the water from Tiber creek and the surplus water from the Aqueduct, should, when necessary, be allowed to flush through the main sewer at low tide, and thus keep it free from sediment and deposit. By this arrangement the open canal would not only be ornamental, but exceedingly useful for commercial purposes.

By the construction of a breakwater in the Potomac, from the foot of Mason's Island, a few thousand feet down the stream, and so located as to divert the main current from the Virginia to the Maryland shore; and the removal of a portion of the north end of the solid causeway in the present Long Bridge at the foot of Fourteenth street, so as to admit of a channel fifteen hundred or two thousand feet in width, the main channel of the Potomac would be brought immediately in front of the city of Washington, with a depth of water from twenty to thirty feet, into which, the drainage from the main sewers of the city would be discharged, and completely removed by the action of the current.

The commercial advantages resulting to the city from both these improvements would be almost incalculable; while a needless cause of sickness and discomfort would be permanently removed. The cost of the improvements would be comparatively moderate [illegible] should be borne proportionately by the Government, the Corporation of Washington [illegible] the owners of the property which would be benefited by the [illegible]

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

—An English lady, Miss Hales, is about to erect a convent on her estate in Canterbury. The [illegible] marked out for the enterprise is thirty acres in extent, and an architect is engaged upon the plans. The cost will be over one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Miss Hales has for some time been in a French convent.

—The late Mr. Gilbert, a well-known English writer on the principles and practice of banking, bequeathed a sum of money to trustees to be expended in "a monument or other memorial" to himself, in circulating his works on banking, and to presenting an engraving of himself to all persons with whom he had been officially connected.

—In accordance with the eccentric will of Mr. Hartley, the founder of the Hartley Institute at Southampton, England, a room in that building is set apart for the preservation of the wardrobe and furniture of his mother. In it is a singular collection of bonnets, dresses, shoes, tapestry, fans, drawers, china, chairs and other articles used by a wealthy merchant's wife of the last century.

—A presentation of an unusual character took place lately at Lancaster, England, the recipients being Mr. and Mrs. Sly, of the King's Arms Hotel, to whom a splendid epergne of solid silver was presented, "in high appreciation of their unwearied zeal and energy in the preparation of the pageant on the occasion of the marriage of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales."

—Sivori is playing his magic violin in London at Jullien's concerts, where they have a full orchestra, three military bands, full chorus, the best singers, and Sivori, all for a shilling.

—Don Esteban Santa Cruz de Oviedo, of diamond wedding fame, has established in Alacranes, Cuba, a free school for both sexes of children, and a night school for men.

—A most atrocious outrage was perpetrated at Grayville, White county, Illinois, recently, upon the person of a Miss H. Hallum, who was teaching school some two miles from her father's residence. She started for school, and, failing to reach there, her friends became alarmed, who, upon seeking for her, found her body in the woods a short distance from the road. Some fiend in human shape had probably committed the deed to gratify his fiendish passions. No clue to the murderer has yet come to light. Miss Hallum was a young lady highly respected by all who knew her, and her fate has cast a gloom over the community.

—In Boston, on the 7th inst., S. L. [illegible], Citizens' Union candidate for mayor, was elected. In Springfield, Mass., on the same day, the present mayor, Henry Alexander, Jr., was elected. The Union ticket beat the Opposition 600 in a total of 2,000.

—A woman named Elizabeth Masi[illegible] died at Florence in 1768, had been married to seven husbands, all of whom she outlived. When on her death-bed, she recalled the good and bad points in each of her husbands, and, having mentally weighed them in the balance, she [illegible] her fifth spouse as the favorite, and desired that her remains might be interred near his.

—It is said that the statue of Napoleon, on the triumphal column in the Place Vendome, is to be replaced by another, which [illegible] jack-boots and [illegible]

CABINET MINISTERS IN CONGRESS.

Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, has given notice of a motion to admit the members of the Cabinet to the floor of Congress, with privilege to discuss in debate all questions referring to their special Departments. We presume the motion of Mr. Pendleton is intended to approximate the American as nearly as possible to the English style, and to make the members of the Cabinet more particularly responsible to Congress. The question is a very interesting one, and may be discussed with profit, although we do not anticipate its adoption. We cannot in the beginning have the entire English system, for there is a constitutional provision which prevents a member of Congress from accepting any office of profit or trust under the Government. A position in the Cabinet is an office of profit as well as one of trust, and, therefore it would be impossible for any representative of the people to occupy it. Mr. Pendleton does not meet this obstacle, but rather avoids it by making the privilege he accords one of courtesy and not one of right. This is the principal difference between the system he proposes and the English system, and, as it makes all the difference possible, it seems to vitiate his scheme.

In England a Cabinet Minister is either a member of the House of Lords or the House of Commons. If a nobleman, his right to a seat among the peers is hereditary. If a member of the Commons, the acceptance of a seat in the Ministry makes it necessary for him to vacate his seat in Parliament and to appeal to his constituents for a reelection. By this means he shows to his sovereign and his party that he still retains the confidence of his people, and that they are willing he should serve the Crown while he is serving them. Lord Palmerston is a member from Tiverton; Mr. Gladstone from the University of Oxford. Lord Palmerston and Mr. Gladstone have the right to hold their high trusts and at the same time exercise every privilege that belongs to a member of Parliament. Lord Palmerston, although First Lord of the Treasury and ...

THE EUROPEAN CONGRESS.

The refusal of England to enter into the proposed European Congress of Napoleon will be an embarrassment to the ambitious ruler of France. We do not see how it can fail to have a great effect upon the present condition of European politics. The relations of England and France, for the past few years, have been of such a nature that any disagreement in policy, and particularly a disagreement as radical as the present, can only be followed by a want of confidence, and, perhaps, a breach of the alliance. It has always been the desire of the present Emperor to keep England in a good humor, and Lord Palmerston seems to have thought the policy was to submit to his caresses and friendship. For ten years, England and France, or rather Bonaparte and Palmerston, have been united. They fought Russia in the Crimea; they had an understanding on the Italian question; they burned Pekin together; they went into the Mexican business together, and when Russia placed Poland on the rack they protested together. A difference at this time is ominous, and will probably be the end of the greatest alliance of the age. It is possible that Napoleon's Mexican enterprise has induced England to be abrupt with him now. If Palmerston ever had faith in the Emperor, the Mexican business must certainly have ended it, for England and Spain were both deceived.

We do not see how the Congress could have produced any practical results. Every Power in Europe would have had embarrassing questions to answer and sacrifices to make. Napoleon, perhaps, would have had the least of all. He however could not sit in a Congress without being compelled to explain his enmity to Italian unity, and his protection of Bomba and his assassins. Germany would have been compelled to show some better authority for the possession of Schleswig-Holstein than an old tradition. Russia would have had to answer for her infraction of the treaties of 1815. Austria would have been asked why she retained Hungary, and Venetia, and Galicia. Prussia would have been censured for the eccentricities of her King and the tyranny of Von Bismark. England herself would have been severely questioned about her treatment of Ireland, her injustice to Brazil, and her barbarities in China. In many respects a meeting of the nations of Europe would be like the meeting of highwaymen, and the only question would be the surrender of their stolen goods. France restored her plunder nearly fifty years ago, and accordingly is, by necessity, the most upright of all. France, however, remembers what she was. Europe knows what she would like to be. A Congress took away the booty gathered by Napoleon, and it would have been a triumph worthy of the name of a Napoleon had the present Emperor contrived to regain a portion or the whole by the operation of another Congress. This is, perhaps, the reason why England has declined to send plenipotentiaries to Paris.

LANMAN'S DICTIONARY OF CONGRESS.

Ever since this work was first published on private account we have had a copy in our office, and have found it very convenient and valuable as a book of reference. We now learn that the author is about to offer it to the House of Representatives for their ...

GENERAL MEADE ON HIS LATE MOVEMENT.

The following is an extract from a letter of General Meade to a friend in Newark, New Jersey, written just before the last movement of the Army of the Potomac:

"I am fully aware of the great anxiety in the public mind that something should be done. I am in receipt of many letters, some from persons in high positions, telling me I had better have my army destroyed and the country filled up with the bodies of the soldiers than remain inactive. Whilst I do not suffer myself to be influenced by such communications, I am and have been most anxious to effect something, but am determined, at every hazard, not to attempt anything unless my judgment indicates a probability of accomplishing some object commensurate with the destruction of life necessarily involved. I would rather a thousand times be relieved, charged with tardiness or incompetency, than have my conscience burdened with a wanton slaughter, uselessly, of brave men, or with having jeopardized the great cause by doing what I thought wrong."

In republishing this paragraph, which is so characteristic of the gallant and gifted soldier by whom it was written, we call attention to the article on our first page replying to many criticisms that have been made upon the recent movement of the Army of the Potomac.

Our New Dress.

The new type with which the present number of THE CHRONICLE is printed was manufactured by Messrs. Collins and McLeester, of Philadelphia. The beautiful and clear faces of the three founts used for editorials, news matters, and advertisements will be readily seen by the reader. For the benefit of other newspapers, we can vouch for the durability and excellent quality of the type made by these gentlemen, the promptness with which they execute orders, and the polite attention given to customers.

Mr. Cobden on American Affairs.

In an annual address, on the 24th ultimo, to his constituents at Rochdale, Mr. Richard Cobden, M. P., told the people of England many plain truths. Some of his points were forcibly put. After alluding to that love of interference in the affairs of other nations which seems to belong to the English character, he remarked that "from the beginning of this American war, this lamentable convulsion, one great and fundamental error in the conduct of statesmen and Governments, and in the conduct of a large portion of the influential classes of this country, has been, that they have made up their minds that there can be but one issue to this civil war in America, and that is a separation between the North and South." This idea, he added, pervaded the ruling classes almost universally, and he intimated his belief that the wish was father to the thought. The conclusion they reached, however, Mr. Cobden repudiated as entirely false, and thus exposed the ignorance to which it had its origin:

"There has been a most lamentable display of ignorance among those classes to which I refer, if we may judge by the conduct of the organs of the press which may be considered the exponents of their views. There have been errors in geography; mighty rivers, to which those in England can bear no comparison, with hundreds of miles of steam navigation, have been described in these leading organs as running into one river and into another, in utter disregard of the rules of geography. There are a number of great cities in America—cities of 100,000 and 150,000 inhabitants—which are among the largest shipping ports for raw produce in the world, in the interior of that country. In one of them I have seen a mile of steamboats moored side by side, and yet of these great cities and that great commerce, forming part of the strength and resources of North America, the ruling classes in this country know nothing. You don't find them in books at Oxford and Cambridge, where your undergraduates are obliged to study before they can pass their examinations. It is in utter ignorance of those resources that the opinion of the ruling classes in England has been come to. But I, whom accident, perhaps more than anything else, has made as well acquainted with the politics and geography of that country as with my own, I have never believed—and I believe now less than ever—that I shall ever live, or that any one here will live, to see two separate nations within the confines of the present United States of America."

Passing to the cause of the rebellion, he demonstrated by the report of the "committee of thirty-three," which sat in December and January 1860–61, that the real and only motive for the insurrection was the extension and perpetuation of human slavery. The free State members of that committee invited the members from the slave States to frankly state their grievances, and, said Mr. Cobden, truly, in the whole forty pages of the report, there was not a ...

DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

The News of Grant's Victories—Effect of Shelling Charleston—A National Salute.

(Correspondence N. Y. Times.)

FOLLY ISLAND, S. C., Sunday, Dec. 6, 1863.

The highly exciting and cheerful intelligence of Grant's success, which we discover in the Northern papers, totally eclipses in point of interest any information that can be forwarded from this department. The fact that Bragg had sustained a disastrous defeat was made known to us at an early date through rebel papers, and, as may be readily conceived, sent a thrill of delight to the heart of every one who heard it. The confirmation of the news by the Northern press, together with additional particulars, caused the entire camp to break forth in wild shouts of exultation.

Military Operations

connected exclusively with this Department cannot be said to have arrived at a very forward state, in consequence, as I have had occasion to previously write, of the unexplainable inaction of the navy. At long intervals throughout the day and night the ear is greeted with the sound of a single gun, fired either from our batteries or those of the enemy. The pickets guarding the islands north of Folly Island are within talking distance of the rebel pickets, but a mutual understanding prevents one from harming the other. The Union batteries, including all on the islands near Charleston occupied by our troops, are of a formidable character and are strongly garrisoned. The enemy's works on the surrounding islands are, we have every reason to believe, in an equally effective state of defence. A number of shells were thrown into Charleston during the week, and we can safely venture the assertion, that the citizens and soldiers inhabiting that city did not view the descent of the missiles with anything like the calmness their papers from time to time labor to induce us to believe. Gillmore's rifled cannon turned toward the city, have had the effect to keep the rebels in a constant state of alarm and dread, notwithstanding the repeated asseverations of the Charleston editors to the contrary. They may console themselves by calling the shells a fine pyrotechnic display, not to be considered of great importance, but at the same time we have positive proof that not a shell has ever exploded over the city without causing the people therein to tremble with the utmost fear. Charleston papers of a recent date contain scores of advertisements announcing the removal of business firms from the lower to the upper portion of the city. The Charleston Hotel is already closed, and notice is given that the Mills House will shortly follow the example. The alleged reason assigned for thus closing two of once the most fashionable hotels in the South, is the great destitution of provisions of all kinds essential to conduct the establishments in a manner agreeable even to the unfastidious tastes of the guests. The congregations of two churches publicly invite the congregation of a third to join it in religious worship, for the reason that the edifices of the former are subject to danger from the shells. Nearly all the warehouses situated in the vicinity of the piers are emptied of goods and abandoned. The aged, women and children have, with few exceptions, fled the city, and but a small number of either civilians or soldiers are to be seen on promenade. Such are the evidences we have of the effect of our shells. Destitution and consternation reign supreme in the accursed city, and the late achievements of Grant in its rear will not tend to mollify the excited feelings of the populace.

A National Salute.

On Tuesday last, by order of General Gillmore, the commanders of the various batteries and artillery companies fired a national salute of thirty-five guns in honor of the splendid victory of General Grant. The firing commenced at 12 M., and lasted for about one hour. The field artillery was placed in position on the beach and fired blank cartridges. It was otherwise, however, with the heavy artillery mounted in Forts Putnam, Strong, and other works on Morris Island, it being the design of General Gillmore to further acquaint the enemy with the superiority of his pieces and the skill of his gunners, while he rejoiced over his late defeat at Chattanooga. Not a gun was changed from its direct bearing on the rebel forts. Every rebel work received more or less shots from our pieces until the salute ended. Neither did Charleston itself escape the compliments paid that day to Jeff. Davis and his minions. Fort Putnam took special care that the explosion of a dozen shells, at least, should resound over the head of the frightened inhabitants. Whether the rebels surmised the significancy of the firing we know not, but we are certain they were greatly surprised at hearing the simultaneous reports of so many guns; and, judging from their hesitancy to reply, they must have anticipated an attack, and hardly knew at which point to concentrate their troops. Before the firing had ceased on our part, the rebel batteries on James' Island opened a return fire on Morris Island, which was soon after followed by the batteries on Sullivan's Island. Only the ordinary exchange of shots occurred after the salute had been given.

The Case of William T. Smithson.

The following are copies of the letters written, and on assumed name by William T. Smithson, the discovery of which led to his present incarceration. As they may interest our Washington readers we reproduce them entire:

DEC'R 12, '61.

MY DEAR COL.: I wrote you last week; hope you rec'd my letter. I received your little note, and also the letter for our friend in B——, handed it to her. You had better direct all your letters, &c., under an envelope to Charles R. Cables—I mean all you intend for me; heretofore they have reached me in rather a loose way. We can learn little or nothing about the intended movements of McClellan's army across the river. I believe the fellow is a coward, and will never attack you without he is forced to do it. I would like to see you rush down upon him, if you think it safe or best to do so. I think you could drive them back to their forts with ease, and with great advantage to the cause you are fighting for; but you know what is best. I have an ...

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE CHRONICLE.

IMPORTANT FROM RICHMOND.

Atrocious Decision of the Rebel Authorities.

FURTHER SUPPLIES FOR THE UNION PRISONERS PROHIBITED.

BALTIMORE, December 13.—The following dispatch was received this morning:

FORT MONROE, December 12, 1863.—To C. C. Fulton, Baltimore: Please give notice that the Confederate authorities decline receiving any more packages or provisions for the Union prisoners, so that parties interested may refrain from forwarding any more goods to this point.

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER,
Major General Commanding.

Rev. Mr. Torrence, who went to City Point with Dr. Clement C. Barclay, returned this morning. He had an interview with Captain Hatch, who was sent from Richmond to meet him. He informed him of the above decision of the rebel Government, and gave, as a reason therefor, what they alleged to be an imputation of their honor by the press and the Government authorities, that they were not delivering goods forwarded in good faith to the prisoners, and he asserted, of his own knowledge, that the officers in Libby prison, from the immense supplies which they had received, could set a table from their stores on hand equal to any hotel in the United States. He admitted that there had been some irregularities in supplies at one time, but the officers who had been guilty of neglecting the prisoners had been promptly removed and punished. As to the bad condition of the prisoners returned to Annapolis, he said that they were extreme cases of consumption, and that it was a grave error on the part of the authorities to have relieved such persons to return. For the present nothing would be received but letters and enclosures of money, and that Southern money had better be sent.

Another Dispatch.

BALTIMORE, December 13, 1863.—Clement C. Barclay and Rev. Mr. Torrence, who went on flag-of-truce boat, designing to go to Richmond to alleviate the condition of the Union prisoners, were refused permission to do so by the rebel authorities, and returned, Mr. Barclay to Old Point (where he will tarry some days) and Mr. Torrence to Baltimore. ...

THE PIRACY AT CAPE COD.

... passed through Boston yesterday afternoon on their way to New York. He reiterates the particulars attending the murder of the second mate, and says that the deed was of unmitigated atrocity. It is scarcely possible to find a parallel in the annals of crime. The dead body of the unfortunate man was allowed to lie for a considerable time on the vessel's deck until, at length, the pirates tied iron to it in large quantities, and threw it overboard, the blood leaving dark, and, apparently, indelible stains on the planks where it had lain.

PORTLAND, December 13.—The gunboat Agawam passed Owl's Head at 4 o'clock this afternoon, bound east.

Further Tidings of the Pirates.

PORTLAND, December 13.—A dispatch from Halifax this morning states that the Chesapeake left Shelbourne on Saturday morning with an increased crew and twenty chaldrons of coal. She is supposed to be in the track of some coal vessels.

A steamer was seen in Mahon bay, near Chester, yesterday P. M., running about the islands.

Movements of Steamers—Government Dispatches for City Point.

FORTRESS MONROE, December 10, 1863.—The steamer Silas O. Pierce, Captain Bradford, left for City Point early this morning with Government dispatches.

The California steamship Ariel left Hampton Roads at 9 o'clock this morning for New York.

The steamer S. R. Spaulding, Captain Howes, arrived this afternoon from Beaufort, N. C.

Mr. Barclay left for City Point this morning.

Railroad Accident.

BALTIMORE, December 13.—The train from Philadelphia, due here at four o'clock this morning, was detained till one o'clock this afternoon, in consequence of a collision beyond the Susquehanna. Damage slight, and no one injured. Accident unavoidable.

National Bank, Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, December 13.—The Directors of the First National Bank, Baltimore, have purchased the large building in South Gay street, now occupied by the United States Quartermaster's Department, for a banking house, for $50,000.

Members of Congress in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, December 13.—A large number of Congressmen are spending to-day in Baltimore.

PREMATURE INTERMENT.—A respectable woman in Buenos Ayres was recently prostrated by hopeless insanity, and at last apparently died. The body, placed in a thin coffin, was deposited in the open chapel of the walled cemetery and left for burial the next day. The next morning the coffin was found broken open and the poor victim of premature burial was found dead in a distant part of the cemetery, clothed in the thin garments of the grave, having left marks of her painful progress from her coffin to the place where exhausted nature yielded to actual death.

THE REWARD DUE HIM.—It is said that Captain "Parker," who commanded the rebel privateer Retribution previous to her capture, and who has just taken charge, off St. John's, N. B., of the steamer Chesapeake and her present crew of murderers, is a man named Locke, a Nova Scotian, who formerly sailed from Boston, having had a vessel built for him in that city. We agree with the Post that his gratitude to Americans deserves full swing—by a single rope.

VOLUNTEERING IN VERMONT.—The "Green Mountain" State, in the matter of volunteering, appears to be doing her whole duty. She promises a completion of the quota previous to January 5th. No State bounty is offered, but the towns propose to give from $200 to as high as $500 for volunteers. In a number of towns $20 a month extra pay has been voted instead of the bounty.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The Iowa Supreme Court has decided, unanimously, that the law passed in that State allowing soldiers to vote is constitutional and valid. The seat of Mr. Grinnell in Congress and the election of over a hundred members of the State Legislature were contingent upon this decision.

GROVER'S THEATRE.—Two fine pieces will be performed this evening at Grover's—the "Red Gnome," and the "Vivandiere"—the Ravel-Martinetti-Marzetti troupe appearing in both. One of the finest treats of the season may be anticipated.

FORD'S NEW THEATRE.—Mr. Hackett, our readers will not forget, personates, to-night, his unrivalled character of Falstaff. A word more is unnecessary.

Governor Curtin on the War.

The able and efficient Governor of Pennsylvania, A. G. Curtin, made a speech at the Academy of Music, in Philadelphia, on the 3d of December, introducing Henry Ward Beecher, which we copy, as it speaks for itself:

... the already infamous ... too, the armies in the ... tory with victory, ... tainly around the rebel ... is marked by these auspic... proper one.

I have alluded to the ... of our army to the relief of the prisoners ... should be delayed, then ... will call upon the people ... by one great effort ... our fellow-citizens ... sufferings, to the enjoy... of those privileges to which they have been accustomed, and of which they are so inhumanly deprived.

At this instant an admiring world gazes with wonder and delight upon the brilliant achievements of our armies, and cannot fail to be moved by the moral sublimity which attaches the display of that courage which has been exhibited by the American citizen who will address you to-night, and who would have at any time attracted by his known powers of oratory and great learning, an audience in this city. If he had come unheralded and unannounced, thousands would have thronged to hear him, but long and conspicuously known before the world as a loyal and devoted friend to the country, and coming, as he now does, after having, in a foreign land, and before a prejudiced people, borne aloft the banner of that country, and there battled as a brave man should for the Right, destroying in England the false impressions so cunningly and diligently made in that country, awakening the masses to the truth, and uttering sentiments which were echoed back from our shores by the plaudits of a grateful people. It is for this that you tender him this great ovation, and I cordially congratulate the audience, the orator, and the cause, of this meeting, that I ... I have the honor, ladies and gentlemen, to introduce Henry Ward Beecher.

Execution of a Parricide at Mt. Holly, N. J.

(Special Report to the Phila. [illegible] Press.)

On Friday, at 12½ o'clock, ... Brooks, convicted of the murder of his father ... of Vincentown, N. J., on the 12th of March, ... penalty of his crime with his life. He was hanged in the yard of the Mount Holly jail, in the presence of about five hundred persons. The ... of the youthful murderer is calculated to fill one with horror and dismay that there should throb in this enlightened age a heart so wicked and depraved.

Since the commission of the murder, there has scarcely been any other topic discoursed upon in the locality, and has filled all who heard it with consternation. His father, Job Brooks, was an honest farmer of Vincentown, possessed of a comfortable farm and dwelling. The property was scarcely sufficient to excite the cupidity of an ordinary felon, for the recompense was too small for the risk to be undertaken in taking foul measures to procure it. The young man was about twenty-three years old, of fine personal appearance, robust, healthy, and with a more than ordinarily intelligent appearance. His parents were not friendly disposed towards each other, and the boy grew up into manhood imbued with no respect for the authors of his being. His sister married a man named Timothy Ridgway, who, it is said, was anxious to get rid of "the old man," that Tim. and Charles should enjoy the farm. For many months, as the parricide confessed on the scaffold, he was continually coaxed by Ridgway to kill the father, and the deed was postponed from time to time, because the youthful Brooks could not surmount the compunctions of his conscience. The mother, as it would appear from the confession, was equally implicated, and, horrible to say, offered her son $75 if he would but kill his father! It was finally agreed between Ridgway and Brooks that they should follow the old man to church, and dispatch him on his return home. Old Brooks left the church in company with his lady friends, from whom he parted at a cross road. Then followed the two men, as confessed by young Brooks; he himself went forward in the darkness of the road and hit his father with a thick club, rendering him senseless. Ridgway was to have followed and stabbed the wounded man. He did not come, however, and the awful murder was completed by the son, who argued that it was cruel to leave the "job half done." At the trial, young Brooks stated that no one was concerned in the foul deed but himself, and thus his mother and Ridgway escaped justice. Ridgway has since enlisted, and is serving in the 25th New Jersey regiment. A few days ago the prisoner confessed his guilt, and wrote out his story in his cell, at considerable length.

The yard was densely filled with people, there being no females in the audience, except such as could peep through the windows of the jail, where they were held for crime. The unhappy mother of Brooks was not present. Brooks walked to the scaffold without a sigh or tremor, and in answer to a query from the sheriff whether he had anything to say, replied with no signs of fear, in a ten-minutes' speech, "I have been coaxed into this thing. They gave me no peace, and told me if the old man was out of the way I could get along better. Timothy Ridgway was always at me to do it. I was intoxicated at the time, and did not know what I was doing until it was too late. I struck the old man on the head, and Tim Ridgway cut his throat. I had been coaxed, and almost hired, to do this deed, and they ought to be here instead of me. Tim had a good deal of influence over me and mother, and I was coaxed ever since November, 1861. On the Sunday after I went over to Ridgway's, and Tim wanted me to run away. He said they were going to take me up. I told him I had no money nor clothes to go away with. He said mother had plenty of money. I told him she needed that to live on. He told me to never mind that—he would take good care that she should have plenty to eat and wear. Since I was brought back he told me if I would come out and say I didn't know anything about the murder, they would give me a new trial. Mother offered me $75 to do the deed. I was coaxed into it, and they that coaxed are clear, when they ought to be standing here to-day where I am. Mother often talked about it, and went to the fortune-tellers, and they told her many ways to get rid of the old man. I would not be here to-day if it was not for two rascals, or whatever you may call them."

When Brooks had ceased speaking, the Rev. Mr. Lawrence approached him, and after reading the ...

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Amusements this Evening.

...

SUNDAY IN THE DISTRICT.— ...

Of course we speak only of the outward decorum, as that alone falls under public observation. But it is quite safe to say that the proprieties so universally observed are the "outward and visible sign" of a genuine respect for the day and its associations; for, did this not exist, no laws could compel that uniform quietude of demeanor on the Sabbath for which the people of the District of Columbia so much merit commendation.

Yesterday morning the places of public worship were not so largely attended as is usual on the morning of Sunday. The day was ushered in with what a facetious gentleman was wont to call "a spell of weather." The rain that set in on Saturday evening still fell when the morning dawned, and continued until near the hour for going to church; and many a prudent matron, and many a lovely maiden having a penchant for thin shoes and gay attire, had inwardly determined not to brave the rain or pedestrianate the miry streets, even though the one should miss the good counsels of the pulpit, and the other the chance of display or a flirtation. And yet, how the earth blessed that rain, warmed and softened, as it was, by the gentle south wind. About ten o'clock the murky clouds began to be illumined by the rays of the sun, and in a few minutes the heavy mass parted into fragments; the golden solar rays having all the warmth and vivifying power of a spring sunshine, flooded the earth yet sparkling with rain-diamonds, and many of the fair sex, who had sorrowfully or complacently, as the case might be, determined to immure themselves in their homes, changed their minds—a thing which common report says they are very apt to do—and hurriedly donning their Sunday attire, hied to their respective churches. But for that glorious gleam of sunshine, many an eloquent divine would have had even a less numerous audience than that he addressed. But it was amusing to see daintily attired maidens picking their way over the unpaved crossings—shame that there should be any such in Washington or Georgetown—where the mud provokingly had most accumulated.

But what a splendid afternoon and evening! The Episcopal churches had large congregations in the afternoon, for every one felt that it would be a sin to remain in-doors when such weather was visiting us in mid-December. Never was the air more balmy. It was as though one of spring's loveliest and most genial days had been snatched from its dormant couch and made to do duty in mid-winter. Before its mellowing influence catarrh and rheumatism and kindred sorrows and unpleasantnesses, softened their asperities or wholly forsook their victims. It was, indeed, a blessed and lovely Sabbath. Young men and maidens were all gleesomeness and gladness, and even some older people, that we wot of, seemed to renew their youth. Everything looked fresh, and the moistened earth gave out sweet odors, having been, like "the beautiful rose which Mary to Anna conveyed, just washed in a shower." By the way, when the poet wrote

"The beautiful rose was just washed in a shower,
Which Mary to Anna conveyed,"

did he mean that the "shower" was by Mary to Anna conveyed? We pause for a reply, because it is convenient to do so.

ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE FROM CAPTAIN SCHEETS' QUARTERS.—ONE MAN DANGEROUSLY INJURED AND TWO WOUNDED.—Between 5 and 6 o'clock on Saturday evening a deserter confined in the guard-house of Provost Marshal Scheets, at 14th street and New York avenue, endeavored to make his escape. The apartment in which the prisoners are confined is in the third story of the building, and an escape could easily be effected if it was not for the guard stationed on the ... man, whose ... Englehart ... from the ... New York volunt... his head the ... was goin... [illegible]

several fields of operations, which have been prepared at the office of the survey. Besides the regular publications of the survey, maps of the localities of the different expeditions, sieges, &c., have been prepared for popular use.

The interest evinced by the general public, also in these maps has led to a large demand for the most important of them, and hence has arisen a self-sufficiently extensive to reimburse the cost of their publication.

The number of hydrographic maps and charts issued from the office of the survey during the year ending October 31, 1863, amounts to 29,500, of which 14,000 have been delivered to the naval service, and 3,000 to mariners employed in transportation for the Government. The remainder have been either furnished to the military authorities, or distributed by Coast Survey officers in the squadron to which they were attached, or disposed of to the merchant marine. The number of maps of the war localities published, distributed, or sold, has been 16,700.

A HOME FOR POOR WOMEN.—We were much impressed, while attending a meeting held at Odd Fellows' Hall, in this city, yesterday afternoon, with the suggestion of the importance of establishing a lodging-house for the benefit of women who arrive here to visit their relatives who may be sick in hospitals, or engaged in the service of their country. The speaker, a woman who had herself experienced the difficulty of obtaining proper accommodations, eloquently depicted the wretchedness that was felt by strangers who come here in search of their friends, often provided with only scanty means—the extravagant prices charged for boarding, and the doleful consequences which too often ensue.

The uncertainty of meeting their friends at the depot, and the delay attendant upon procuring passes to visit the army, seem to render it especially desirable that a temporary house be provided for the use of the wives and daughters of soldiers who may have occasion to visit Washington. We have frequently heard of the most heart-rending cases of distress caused by this neglect, and we feel well assured that, next to the Soldiers' Home, nothing would be more grateful to the brave defenders of our country than to know that their relatives were furnished with suitable accommodations when they arrive in this city. Some months ago, we believe, a Home for Nurses was opened in Washington, and, if lodgings could be obtained in connection with that institution for the class of persons we have described, and the arrangement generally known, much sorrow and anxiety might be prevented, and many a poor woman kept in the paths of rectitude and virtue.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.—SATURDAY, December 12, 1863.—On motion of Hon. Caleb Cushing, Timothy H. Lincoln, Esq., of Cincinnati; and on motion of J. J. Coombs, Esq., the Hon. Allen G. Thurman, of Columbus, Ohio; and on motion of Mr. McPherson, the Assistant Solicitor, the Hon. Charles Eames, of Washington, D. C., were admitted as attorneys and counsellors of the court.

The argument on demurrer in the cases of Thomas W. Pelree vs. The United States, of the Dover Five Cent Savings Bank vs. The United States, of Thomas Langlon Bank vs. The United States, of Thomas W. Peirce et al. vs. The United States, and of Benjamin E. Bales vs. The United States, was this day continued and concluded by Mr. McPherson, the Assistant Solicitor, for the United States, who also filed a printed argument by Mr. Gibson the Solicitor, and the causes were then submitted.

The further call of the General Docket under the order of May 8, 1863, was suspended until Monday next.

Adjourned until this morning at 11 o'clock.

THE MOUNTED GOVERNMENT TEAMS.—Orders have been issued to the mounted patrol to stop the blockading of the streets by mounted teams. The standing orders are that trains shall keep on the right side of the road, and that after every six wagons of the train there shall be a space left of the width of the street. Masters will be held responsible for violating these injunctions, and the patrol have orders to arrest all such. It would be well if these masters will keep an eye to their teams, as the above orders will be strictly enforced. Numbers of our pedestrians have often been compelled to wait five or ten minutes on the avenue, waiting to allow a long train of Government teams to pass before a crossing could be effected.

PERSONAL.—Among the arrivals in this city yesterday, at the hotels, are Hon. J. B. Henderson, United States Senator from Missouri, at the Metropolitan Hotel; Hon. Benj. Hall, of Rhode Island, and Mr. Hackett, who has accepted an engagement at Ford's theatre, are staying at Willard's, General G. Marston, stationed at Point Lookout, and General D. A. Russell, are at the National. The Swiss Bell Ringers are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Captain Philip Schuyler has been appointed Assistant Adjutant General on the staff of General Patrick, the Provost Marshal General, vice Captain Kimball, resigned.

COMMITTED TO THE OLD CAPITOL.—Provost Marshal Todd committed the following prisoners, sent in by the Provost Marshal General of the defences south of the Potomac, to the Old Capitol. William Rolls, sent to Alexandria from Fairfax Court House. He has never taken the oath, and is regarded as a dangerous person. Thomas B. Alexander, sent in as above, also disloyal and dangerous, and reported to be one of the band who recently captured men and mules at Devereaux Station. The latter was but recently released from the Old Capitol.

STOPPED WORK.—On Saturday morning twenty-nine hands in the plumbing department at the Navy-yard stopped work. It appears that a committee had been appointed to wait upon the Secretary of the Navy and ask for a change of time. He referred them to Commodore Harwood, to whom they addressed a note, it is alleged, in very disrespectful language. The Commodore immediately discharged four of the committee, whereupon twenty-nine of the hands ceased working, and pledged themselves not to return till the four men of the committee were reinstated.

PRISON STATISTICS.—The number of soldiers and others incarcerated in the Central Guard-house yesterday was one hundred and seventy. This number is constantly changing. They are mostly confined for having no passes, drunkenness and disorderly conduct, desertion, etc. The guard on duty at the "Central" is a detachment from the 16th New Hampshire volunteers, numbering forty-five men, viz: one lieutenant, one sergeant, three corporals, and forty men. They have been on duty since May last.

THE MARKETS.—The markets on Saturday were well attended by both purchasers and sellers. A fine display of all the extras of the season was made. Prices, as usual, ran high, but in many instances articles could be obtained at quite reasonable rates. The markets next Saturday and the Wednesday following will, no doubt, be well stocked, and purchasers will be on hand in large numbers.

SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS TO BE TRANSFERRED.—The agent for the State of Indiana, Rev. Isaac W. Monfort, having applied for the transfer of the sick and wounded soldiers of that State, an order has been issued for the removal to Indianapolis of all such as are able to travel and who will not be fit for duty soon, from the hospitals in and around this city, Alexandria, Baltimore, Annapolis, and Annapolis Junction. The transfer will be made near the close of the present month.

REBEL DESERTERS ARRIVED.—B. M. Ivery and David Watkins, belonging to the 5th North Carolina infantry, and John Murphy, a conscript, assigned to the 1st Virginia infantry, rebel deserters, were sent up to this city by the Provost Marshal of the defences south of Washington. They were committed to the Old Capitol prison on Saturday morning.

ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS OF WAR.—The following prisoners of war arrived in this city and were committed to the Central Guard-house. On Saturday morning they were transferred to the Old Capitol prison by order of Captain Todd: Captain J. P. Lee, Adjutant General's Department, privates S. B. Hammond, General Lee's escort, and G. Weaver, 6th Virginia cavalry.

THE STEAMER MOUNT WASHINGTON.—The United States side-wheel steamer Mount Washington is now nearly completed, and it is expected that she will be ready to sail by to-morrow. She was formerly attached to the Potomac flotilla, but lately she has been used as a flagship for Rear Admiral Lee on the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

A CURIOSITY FROM CALIFORNIA.—The Smithsonian Institute has received an immense meteorite from California, which immediately attracts the attention of all who visit the museum. It is in the shape of a ring, the greatest diameter being over four feet. It was presented to the institution by the Ainsa family, of California, and will be known as the Ainsa meteorite.

REBEL PRISONERS.—During the past week about thirty rebel prisoners arrived in this city, and were confined in the Central Guard-house. Among them was a lieutenant colonel, captains, and lieutenants. A squad of six men were placed there on Saturday afternoon; three of them were prisoners of war and three deserters. They were captured by Lieutenant Scott.

TO BE SENT TO THEIR REGIMENTS.—A detachment of one hundred deserters were on Saturday sent from Forrest Hall prison to their regiments in the Army of the Potomac and in the Western armies, by way of Cincinnati. About two hundred deserters pass through this city every week on their way to their different organizations in the armies of Generals Banks, Gillmore, Meade, and Grant.

FINED.—The following persons have been fined for selling liquor to soldiers: Augustus Cokerl, D and Fourth streets; Gus. Maloney, D street-Island; R. Carbury, Third street; J. Johnson, D street; F. Dugan, C street, Island; Chas. Pearson, Fourth street, between K and L; Patrick McLaughlin, Twenty-sixth street; Folan, F street.

FAST DRIVING.—H. P. Spencer, company H, 1st Massachusetts cavalry, was arrested yesterday afternoon, on the avenue, by the mounted patrol, for fast driving. Committed.

CITY ITEMS

[illegible] TO THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.—Any [illegible] of the Pennsylvania Reserve Regiments who [illegible] discharged or who is in the city, can hear of something greatly to his advantage by sending their address to Joseph E. Devitt & Company, No. 437 Walnut street, Philadelphia, the Military and Naval Agency.

[illegible] to call the attention of our readers to the [illegible]ment of Captain Edward De Reu's school of [illegible]ence, now opened at 406 Ninth street. See [adv]ertisement in another column.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Willard's Hotel.

Capt J D Sudlam, U S A	Jno Fitch, New York
G H Beardsley, Illinois	W W Welch, Connecticut
M Greenwood, Cincinnati	H G Hackin, New York
W J Seymour, New York	G W Swett, Troy
G S Thomas, Middleton	J H Lawrenceline, Cin
A Sussel, Memphis	Lieut T W Lisdike, Pa
Hon J J Davis and wf	Chas Dusenbury, N Y
C Hugsburg, Jr, N Y	W G Alexander, Wash T
Hon Benj Hall, R I	P R Hall, Boston
Alex Cook and ly, N Y	Dan'l Underhill & ly, N Y
Mrs E Sandford, N Y	Miss S C Sandford, N Y
Capt C F Pearce, U S A	Chas M Freeman, U S A
J Knox, Pittsburg	Capt G A Batchelder, USA
H Boyd McKeon, U S A	Geo W Gage, Illinois
E L Baker, Illinois	M Hackett, New York
Jas C Moores, Cin	Mrs Ray Tompkins, N Y
Miss Jones, New York	J H Benedict, New York
Geo T Thorn, New York	Geo G Merrill, Wis
G E Reed, Wisconsin	J Finegan, Delaware
Geo McDonald, Cal	Lt Com R R Lowry, U S N
Miles Pratt, Boston	N O Donnell, New York
H C Norvell, St Louis	J C Terry, Tennessee
H H Goodman, N Y	Thos J Sanford, N Y
M V B Hoxsen, N Y	Wm H Prince & ly, U S A
Lieut C C Billings, U S A	L W Murray, Boston
Noah L Smith, Illinois	J Gales Ramsey, N O
Capt Wm D Kenly, U S A	J Brice Smith, Wash
Samuel Nicoby, N Y	David Faust, Phila
E W Dana, New York	Jas M McIntire, 15th Pa
Edmond Brick, Phila	A H Libby, New York
Wm H Edwards, Phila	R M Jessop, California
J G Baldwin, California	Wm Long, Missouri
Geo T Cooke, New York	Miss H M Green, N Y
Miss M A Green, N Y	Master Green, New York

National Hotel.

E T Harris, N Y	J D Foster, D C
H S Bitte, Penn	W Howard, N Y
A Paersch, N Y	R M Howard, N Y
J R Hogg, N Y	Capt D R Coder, U S A
Lt H R S Collom, U S A	Gen Marston, Pt Lookout
S C Staple, U S A	W A Brooks, Boston
J H Lockwood, U S A	T E Netherington, U S A
T King, D C	C T McCormick, D C
E H Garnsey, Mo	S Wilson, N Y
J T De Ford, Del	A C Richfield, U S A
W Collins, Del	Maj W R Martin, U S A
Dr H T Smith, U S A	Capt J Hanley, U S A
Lt S D Stiller, U S A	J R Underdonk, N J
Lt E A Skinner, U S A	C F Taylor, Va
H L Wilkinson, Va	W L Jacobs, Accomac
Capt Mulbury, U S A	R W McDowell, U S A
Lt Hughes, U S A	S A Hayden, U S A
W D Nolen, Del	T S Blacke, N Y
N T Dushand, Balt	G A Penfield & ly, Conn
C Betts, Mich	E S Mace, Boston
Mrs Emtery, Mich	C A Waldron, Buffalo
R D Cunningham, Ky	C A Morse, Vt
W S Fowler, Chicago	E M Taylor, Phila
C Aultman, Ohio	A D Peck, U S A
H M McAlen, Ohio	D Shaw, Vt
C E Clark, Buffalo	G C Chandler, Vt
Dr Jeffries, Miss	C L Russell, Conn
Dr B F Jeffries, Ohio	Gen D A Russell, U S A
W M Harvey, Phila	T R Bowden, Va
W H Laske, Troy	G E Richardson, Mass
J R E Nash, Norfolk	

Metropolitan Hotel.

Lt Col H P Hugg, U S A	D Veach, D C
R L H Shreve, D C	T H Hyde, Va
T M Bostwick, N Y	H R Goldsmith, U S A
E McCormick, 5th corps	J Trueman, U S A
H C McDowell, Ky	J W Tolley, Ill
J Jervis, Ky	M W Tracey, D C
J L Foley, Ky	H J Wheelock, Ohio
J M McCord, Penna	H N Mason, Ohio
W West, U S A	T Harris, Md
Hon J B Henderson, Mo	Dr J Storrow, U S A
E P Briggs, N Y	J Cornick, Pa
H C Meade, U S A	G Harris, D D
Lt Fanner, N Y S M	J C Caldwell, U S A
W L Wilson, Army of P	W H King, D C
W Phillips, Army of P	D Stevens, 4th Ohio
W J Ellis, U S A	S Gilman, Jr, D C
T P Brown, R I	G W Segar & ly, Detroit
W S Penn, R I	J Fanke, Ill
R W Mitchell, U S A	G W Lane, D C
A G Mason, U S A	P Klez, Md
Capt A Hopkins, Alex	Dr D R McLaughlin, Md
W T Curtis, Pt Lookout	T B Hamilton, N Y
R R Ellingham, D C	S C Morris, Kansas
Dr W Carlisle, Ind	A Sussel, Memphis
Mrs D W Carlisle, Ind	J M Mason, Ind
T Carney, Kansas	H Caven, Pittsburg

Kirkwood House.

Lt Col S N Smith, 3d cor	Thomas Higgins, Del
C A Eldridge, Wisconsin	J B Overhalt, West Va
David H Vock, D C	John S Wilson, N J
Lt Creasyer, U S A	J Sharp, Virginia
Jas K Swaggle, Hope	H S Marion, Wisconsin
James Andrews, A of P	G S Everhart, P R V C
C P Secord & wife, Cal	Maj J M Crands, Ohio
James Myer, West Va	W McManus, Baltimore
John Condy, Alexandria	J C Stuart, Penna
S K Ropley, Penna	H H Edwards, Cin
J A Dyell, Cincinnati	D E Robertson, Wash
J E Jones, Washington	J R Green, Washington
F H Green, Washington	Wm H Russell, Wash
Chas Hamilton, Wash	Nelson Plato, U S A
Lt Hawley, 9th N Y ar	Capt R Sharra, U S A
C F Sheldon, U S A	M Martin, Baltimore
C C Roberts, Penna	J R Birch, Virginia
F Schaffner, Jr, N Y	Frank Davis, Lansing
Dean Clapp, Ohio	Andrew Dewforth, Ohio
B F Gardner, Scott, Pa	Lt F Shaw, U S A
F Hart, New York	D G Eddy, Baltimore
J R Lyons, Wisconsin	C H Curtis, Michigan
C M Beck, Brandy Sta	Geo W Hoxsie, Albany
Jas Williams, Troy	John J Hanson, N Y
J Robinson, New York	Lt Geo L Yoel, N Y

Ebbitt House.

Ezra Holden, A of P	A S Rogers, Wash
Lieut T D Gore, U S A	E A Moore, New York
Paul Quick, U S A	J M Sands, New York
H J McMahon, N Y	E Willard, D C
G B Adams, Boston	J N Adams, Boston
S M Thayer, U S A	D E Rice, U S A
D A De Merritt, Mass	Z B Adams, U S A
L J Whiting, U S A	Robert Gilmore, D C
Lieut W F Rice, U S A	W B Bellany, N Y
L H Legrow, Windham	Col G A H Clarke, U S A
P A Kirmes, Mich	P A Calhoun, Mich
Lt W A M Howel, U S A	T L Perine, Annapolis
Lt S D Stiles, U S A	A S Mason, Missouri
L H Lyon, Wash	T J Gamble, D C
J H Davison, D C	E Davison, D C
T L Dinnon, U S A	

United States Hotel.

O Smith, Chicago, Ill	J H Lodell, Phila
S McCoy, N Y	Thos E Brown, Phila
L Bernstein, N Y	W H Thomas & ly, Phila
S S Waldo, Rochester	S W Ward, U S N
W W Jackson, Ills	D J Mosher, U S N
Thos Robinson, Phila	W H Hill, Conn
Saml S Patterson, U S A	G W Stearns, Conn
Lt P Benedict, N Y	Dr S P Duffield, Mich
J R Junkins, Boston	H V Christy, Phila
J [illegible], N Y	M O Stiles, [illegible]
A Williams, N Y	G W Sanborn & ly, N H
L Chamberlin, Balto	G F Shepherd, N Y
E T Buckingham, Balto	N Duncan, M D, N Y
W E Howe, U S A	H B Berry, Wash
W Steinhoff, Wash	

Clarendon Hotel.

P Fagan, Baltimore	G K George, Maryland
Dennis Ward, Illinois	J W Fife, Illinois
C M Sellan, U S Army	J Brown, Cohoes
G Ware, Cohoes	D C DeZouche, U S A
W Conway, U S Army	P Wood, Maryland
C H Child & wf, N Y	C T Haskell, Washington
D W Sidens, St Louis	W P Marr, Virginia
C H Munson, New York	G W Bludgell, Va
T S Bryer, U S Army	C W Wright, U S Army
J M Cray, Michigan	G W Knight, N Y
H Tabor	H B Blaisdell, S B R'gers
Mrs Blaisdell, S B R'gers	Little Clary, Swiss B R
H M Rogers, S B Ring's	A H Furnald, S B R
Herr Hess, Swiss Bell R	Aug Kaufmann, S B R
Frank Moore, S B R	Steve Young, S B R
E E Blaisdell, S B R	M T Skiff, S B Ringers

Washington House.

E Snyder, California	D E Lovers, New York
B P Lake, Iowa	L C Gury, Wisconsin
D P Massey, Iowa	B Grazie, Wisconsin
J T Smith, U S A	L C Warren, New York
H J Moulton, Baltimore	J P Cross, Washington
B Davis, Baltimore	Hon M Delahay, Kansas
R L Ream, Washington	J H Maguire, Baltimore
C H Smith, Baltimore	J L Wells, Washington
W Gamp, U S A	M M Sill, Indiana
F S Hogue, U S A	Mrs M Sill, Indiana
J C Walker, Indiana	Miss M Rout, New York
G Fisher, Pennsylvania	Miss H A Brooks, N Y

Avenue House.

S B Toney, New York	Wm Bellamy, New York
J B Gilbert, U S A	R W Renson & srt, Ky
J R Grant, Kentucky	Wm Yocum, Illinois
Wm A Huston, Illinois	Wm Mann, Illinois
Jno S Toner, Vermont	A P Rogers, Army of Pot
J A McKnight, A'y of P	M S Newell, Army of Po
H Bartholomew, 1st Ind	A L Larr, 1st Ind cav
S G Glovell, D C	J Richardson, Jr, D C
Thos J Husband, Balto	L Williams, Pittsburg
H B Fowler & wife, N H	J A Lathrop, Vermont

St. Charles Hotel.

T P Williams, N Y	Thos Furniss, Va
J Friedhoff, Pa	Lt H B Clover, Va
N Friedhoff, Pa	J S Grim, Pa
Saml Evans, Va	J B Spilgman & wf, D C
J E Sickles, Va	B Mount & wf, Va
Col W C Tally, 1st P R C	W H Weaver, Va
Lt Heffelfinger, U S A	

OFFICIAL.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., December 14, 1863.

The following officers, having been reported at the headquarters of the army for the offences hereinafter specified, are hereby notified that they will stand dismissed from the service of the United States unless, within fifteen (15) days from this date, they appear before the Military Commission in session in this city, of which Brigadier General Ricketts, United States volunteers, is president, and make satisfactory defence to the charges against them.

Absence without proper authority.

First Lieutenant Michael Feeney, 73d New York volunteers.

Surgeon Michael D. Benedict, 75th New York volunteers.

First Lieutenant John T. Van Kurre, Company C, 5th Tennessee cavalry.

Disobedience of orders and reporting at Camp Chase, Ohio, under the regulations for disabled officers, prescribed by General Orders, No. 61, of 1862, from the War Department, visiting Washington without authority, and absence without leave, as reported on the rolls of his regiment.

Colonel Joseph Gerhardt, 46th New York volunteers.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

de14-1t

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, December 14, 1863.

The following named officers, charged with offences, and heretofore published, are exempt from being dismissed the service of the United States, satisfactory defence having been made in their respective cases:

Captain D. R. Perkins, 12th United States infantry.

First Lieutenant J. B. Parker, aid-de-camp to Major General Hancock.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

de14-1t

NOVEMBER 27, 1863.

General Orders, No. 22.

The following decision of the Secretary of War, relative to the payment of contrabands for services rendered by them, is published for the information of the officers of the Quartermaster's Department.

CHARLES THOMAS,
Colonel and Acting Quartermaster General.

"The payment of contrabands for services rendered by them will be made by officers of the Departments in which they are employed, except that when they are employed by a quartermaster, and work under his direction in the construction of fortifications or other engineer work, the payment will be made by the officer employing them, and the amount reimbursed by the Engineer Department. As far as practicable, however, the wants of each department of the service will be provided for by timely requisitions, and the disbursements made by officers directly responsible to the Department to which the expenditure belongs.

"By order of the Secretary of War.

"E. P. S. CANBY,
"Brigadier General, A. A. G.

"WAR DEPARTMENT, November 21, 1863."

W 425 Book 1. de9

ORDNANCE OFFICE,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, December 4, 1863.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Ordnance Officers appointed for the purpose of examining officers applying to be commissioned as ordnance officers, of a rank not higher than captain, will assemble at this office on the 4th of January next.

All officers desirous of appearing before the Board must first make application to that effect to the Chief of Ordnance, stating their age, present state of health, where and how educated, and what studies they have pursued. Such as wish to appear before the Board at its next meeting should file their applications as herein required, by or before the 20th December, 1863.

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig. Gen. Chief of Ordnance.

de5 1tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRIZE MONEY, PRIZE MONEY, PRIZE MONEY—Promptly collected at the MILITARY AND NAVAL AGENCY. JOSEPH E. DEVITT & CO., No. 437 Walnut street, Philadelphia. ALL CORRESPONDENCE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. de11-6t

ANY WIDOW, OR PARENT, OR ORPHAN, OR BROTHER, or SISTER, of any Soldier, Sailor, Marine, KILLED, or who has DIED in the service of the United States, who desires NINETY-SIX DOLLARS ($96) a year Pension, FROM ONE TO FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS ($100 to $400) CASH BOUNTY, and all the arrears of pay due him, should call at once or write to JOSEPH E. DEVITT & CO., 437 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia. Also, STATE PAY, if there is any due. de14-6t

LADIES' SANITARY FAIR—TO THE PUBLIC.—By a reference to the papers it will be seen that the ladies of Washington have decided upon getting up a Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission. A committee has been appointed to arrange and conduct it on a scale similar to the highly successful enterprise recently held in Chicago. The committee are determined to spare no labor or trouble to make this Fair not only a substantial benefit to our brave soldiers, but to make it in every way worthy of the Federal Metropolis.

To this end a cordial coöperation is respectfully solicited from the National and Municipal authorities, societies, schools, merchants, and all benevolent persons. Donations of all descriptions of useful and ornamental goods are solicited; also, subscriptions in money to enable the committee to erect a suitable building for the purpose, and to purchase such articles as may be necessary to complete the exhibition.

The special assistance of the pastors of churches of all denominations is earnestly requested.

It is hoped the ladies will come forward with one accord and take an active part in this great and noble work, thus proving to our brave defenders, who are separated from home and all that is dear to them, that they are not forgotten in this the National Capital.

Ladies are respectfully invited to call on the Committee of Arrangements in their respective wards, who will give them general instructions.

The committee express the hope that a hearty and general response will enable them to open the Fair by the 1st of January or very soon thereafter.

Correspondence from persons living where no organization exists is solicited.

Communications to be addressed to Mrs. Lieutenant Brookfield, Chairman of Committee of Arrangements, or to the Secretary.

By order of the Committee.
MISS C. T. PENNELLY, Secretary,
371 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C.

COMMITTEE.

1st Ward—Mrs. Commissioner Dole, 273 Vermont avenue, and Mrs. Edwin Clark, 275 Vermont avenue.
2d Ward—Mrs. Charles C. Snow, 520 I street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.
3d Ward—Mrs. J. W. Angus, 457 I street.
4th Ward—Mrs. Lieutenant Brookfield, 371 Pennsylvania avenue, and Mrs. H. Nater, 457 Sixth street.
5th Ward—Mrs. W. L. Nicholson, 281 South B street.
6th Ward—Mrs. Captain Steele, 1 street, between Ninth and Tenth streets—Navy-yard.
7th Ward—Mrs. T. H. Ranney, 535 Thirteenth street—Island. de3-tf

INTERESTING — INSTRUCTIVE — IMPORTANT.—ETHNOLOGY—The Nations, Races, and Tribes of Men—their Origin, Present Condition, and Probable Destiny. PHYSIOLOGY—Functions of the Bodily Organs—their "Uses and Abuses." PHYSIOGNOMY—"Signs of Character, and how to read them"—Ears, Eyes, Nose, Mouth, Chin, Hair, Skin, Complexion, their Language and Meaning. PHRENOLOGY—the "Science of the Soul," including Man's Spiritual Nature, and his relations to this life and the life to come. The whole comprising a complete system of ANTHROPOLOGY, with numerous Portraits and other engravings, given in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL AND LIFE ILLUSTRATED, single number 15 cents, by first post. The January number begins a new volume, at $1.50 a year. Subscribe now. Address FOWLER & WELLS, 308 Broadway, New York. de5-stuthtf

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice, mild in their operation, and sure to remove all irregularities. Painful menstruations, REMOVING ALL OBSTRUCTIONS, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature. Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are a positive remedy for all complaints peculiar to Females, INDUCING WITH CERTAINTY PERIODICAL REGULARITY. Explicit directions, stating when they should NOT BE USED, with each box. Price $1. HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar street, New York city. Sold by C. C. FORD, 292 Pennsylvania avenue, and all druggists. oc14-mwf6m

EDWARD EVERETT'S GREAT ORATION and the Proceedings of the Dedication of the National Cemetery at Gettysburg have been issued in pamphlet form. For sale at the "Chronicle" Office. no25-tf

DENTAL NOTICE.—DR. LOCKWOOD, Surgeon Dentist, Washington Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.—Teeth inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, a cheap and improved plan. Also Gold and Silver Plates made in superior style. Teeth extracted without pain. jy1-tf

NOTICE.—WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., January 23, 1863.—In consequence of the pressure of business at the War Department, passes for citizens to visit the Army of the Potomac will be given at the office of LIEUTENANT COLONEL CONRAD, 132 Pennsylvania avenue, above Nineteenth street. ja26

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on disease, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postage currency. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. oc12-3m*

WHITEHURST'S GALLERY, NO. 434 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.—Have you paid a visit to this celebrated establishment since it has been elegantly refitted and furnished? If not, call at once and see his new collection of *Imperial Photographs*. Also, Card Vignettes, and Photographs in Oil and Water Colors. His collection of Photographs numbers over fifteen thousand, being the largest in this country. no29-4m

NEW BOOK.—THE HISTORICAL WAR MAP AND Rebellion Record, from 1860 to October 20, 1863. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of price. Liberal discount to peddlers, sutlers, and purveyors. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Penna. avenue. no21-d&2tf

A WORD OF ADVICE.—Those who have been doctoring for weeks and months without obtaining relief, should consult Dr. Fishblatt, whose office is at No. 421 E street, corner of Eighth street, and be radically cured. Twenty-five years' experience has established Dr. Fishblatt's reputation as a physician. Recent cases cured in a few days. Charges moderate. DR. FISHBLATT, No. 421 E street, corner of Eighth st., opposite Post Office. no12-tf

FROM the army hospital—the bloody battle field—the mansion of the rich and humble abode of the poor—from the office and the sacred desk—from the mountain-top, distant valleys, and far-off islands of the ocean—from every nook and corner of the civilized world—is pouring in the evidence of the astonishing effects of DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. Thousands upon thousands of letters like the following may be seen at our office.

HEDSBURY, Wis., Sept. 16, 1863.

" * * * I have been in the army hospitals for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * * C. H. PLAUTE."

SOUTH WARSAW, O., July 28, 1863.

" * * * One young man, who had been sick and not out of the house for two years with Scrofula and Erysipelas, after paying the doctors over $100 without benefit, has been cured by two bottles of your bitters. * * * EDWARD WOUNALL."

The following is from the Matron of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers.

HAVEMEYER MANSION, FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET,
New York, August 2, 1863.

"DR. DRAKE: Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl, in particular, with pains in the head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite increased; strength and health followed. * * * Respectfully, MRS. O. M. DEVOE."

" * * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life. REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

" * * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

" * * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me. REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

" * * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house. SYKES, CHADWICK & CO., Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C."

" * * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect. G. W. D. ANDREWS, Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business. H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm. C. C. MOORE, Agent for Colgate & Co., 254 Broadway."

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. We only put it up in our log cabin bottles. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork, and signature on steel plate side labels.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe. P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, N. Y. oc9-fmwtm

ONE DOLLAR will purchase more at the DOLLAR STORE, No. 438 Pennsylvania avenue, near Four-and-a-half street, than at any other place in the city. Gold Pens, Holder, and Case. Ladies' goods in all styles. Gents' Scarf Rings and Pins. Cuff and Stud Buttons in great variety. de3-d&S4f*

THE ONLY PLACE where you can purchase India Rubber Goods of all kinds at manufacturers' prices, is at H. A. HALL'S India Rubber Warehouse, 310 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Also, all kinds of Rubber Goods beautifully repaired at short notice. jy1-Em&Stf

NEVER TOO LATE TO LEARN.—By Professor Alexander Wolowski's new and simplified method for piano forte and singing. Professor Wolowski continues his Singing and Piano Classes, and opens a new course for Piano and Singing, which will be the last in Washington. Professor Wolowski receives visitors daily, at his residence, No. 316 F street, on the Northeast corner of Eleventh street. oc22-d&S1m

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM THE FRONT.—Now is the time and this is the place for persons wishing to subscribe for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York papers. Will please call at the News Stand in the Kirkwood House, and leave their orders to D. Greene, who will attend to their prompt delivery on the arrival of the trains. D. G., having a fast express, will be able to have his papers folded and ready for delivery long before other parties. Also, Opera Glasses for hire. de2-wfm&S4m*

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!!—Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world! The only harmless, true, and reliable dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair instantly to a *Glossy Black or Natural Brown*, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY STREET, N. Y. Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. ja29-dly

DIED.

BISHOP.—On the morning of the 13th, John William, infant son of Varden E. and Emma F. Bishop, aged eight months and twenty three days.

Thou weepest, childless mother,
Ay, weep, 'twill ease thine heart;
He was thy first born son,
Thy first, thine only one;
'Tis hard from him to part.

God took thee in His mercy,
A lamb untasked, untried,
He fought the fight for thee,
He won the victory,
And thou art sanctified.

His funeral will take place this (Monday) afternoon, at half past two o'clock, from his parents' residence, No. 271 Four-and-a-half street south, between G and H streets.

WASHINGTON LITERARY AND DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION.

REV. DR. ISAAC M. WISE will deliver the THIRD LECTURE OF THE COURSE, At the SYNAGOGUE, EIGHTH STREET, Between H and I streets, WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 16, 1863. Subject—"Judaism—Modern Israelites." To be followed regularly by ROBERT A. WEST, ESQ., HON. JOHN W. FORNEY, CAPTAIN MAX LORNHEIM, CHARLES EAMES, ESQ., C. O. CORDOVA, ESQ., AND OTHERS, AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

TERMS—Single Admission, 50 Cents. Tickets to be had at the Book Stores, Room No. 1, Washington Building, and from members of the Association. de13-1t&d

THERE WILL BE A LECTURE delivered by JOHN MERCER LANGSTON, of Oberlin, Ohio, MONDAY Evening, December 14, at half-past 7 o'clock, in the Nineteenth street Baptist Church, corner of I. Subject—"The Promise of the War." Admittance 25 cents; proceeds to be given for a charitable purpose. de13-1t&d*

U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, Central Office 244 F street, Washington, D. C., December 7, 1863.—The U. S. Sanitary Commission will be glad to receive contributions of empty bottles and jellycans from the hospitals and benevolent citizens of Washington. On receipt of address of parties having such to give, a messenger will be sent for them. F. FOWLER, Chief Clerk. de8-6t

OHIO STATE MILITARY AGENCY, 314 Pennsylvania avenue, corner Seventh st., Washington, D. C. [illegible]

MASSACHUSETTS MILITARY STATE AGENT—GARDINER TUFTS.—Room No. 4 Washington Building, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. jy23-tf

OHIO SOLDIERS ARE WARNED against applying for transportation elsewhere than to Captain Curtiss, Acting Quartermaster, 200 G street, or to the undersigned, particularly are they warned against ticket office of the Sanitary Commission at Pay Department of discharged soldiers on New York avenue. JAMES C. WETMORE, Ohio State Military Agent, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street. jy18-tf

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT General's Office, Washington, February 18th, 1863. SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 82. 1. Hereafter all passes to visit the Army of the Potomac, by whatever authority granted, must be countersigned by Lieutenant Colonel J. S. Conrad, A. D. C., before they will be recognized as valid. By order of the Secretary of War. L. THOMAS, Adjutant General. Colonel Conrad's office, No. 132 Pennsylvania avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. fe19-tf

UNION LEAGUE.—HEREAFTER the meetings of the League will be held in their hall every WEDNESDAY EVENING. Distinguished speakers will be present throughout the winter. oc25-tf

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, March 21, 1863.—The Agents of the several States, who reside in this city, are requested to leave their address at this office, that they may be promptly communicated with if necessary. L. THOMAS, Adjutant General. mh23-tf

CHRONICLE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.—We are now prepared to execute all kinds of Job Printing, from a Visiting Card to a Large Poster. We have recently received a large stock of Job Type, from the best Foundries of Philadelphia and New York, and can promise satisfaction to all who favor us with their custom. Our motto is "Punctuality." se28-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

STOLEN.—ON THE EVENING OF the 8th inst., from in front of the office of the Chief Quartermaster's Cavalry Bureau, a dark BAY HORSE, 15 hands high, one (1) white hind foot, branded on the left shoulder with the letters U. S. The horse was fully equipped with McClellan saddle, and bridle and blanket. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of the horse and equipments. de14-6t

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost, last evening, at the Depot or between there and No. 380 C street, a CLUSTER DIAMOND PIN. The above reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at this office, or with the subscriber, at No. 380 C street. R. W. EDMONDS. de14-1t

CAPTAIN EDWARD DE REU'S SCHOOL OF SELF-DEFENCE, Now open at 406 NINTH STREET, a few doors from Pennsylvania avenue, every day, from 9 to 12, 3 to 5, and 7½ till 10 o'clock, except Tuesday and Friday. INSTRUCTIONS IN SELF-DEFENCE WITH ALL KINDS OF ARMS, FOR GENTLEMEN. Youths from seven years and upwards please take notice. CALISTHENICS AND FENCING. The best and most useful Gymnastic Exercise. An education for the whole life. The New Tactics with Small and Broadsword, and Bayonet Exercise. N. B. A new NIGHT CLASS will commence this evening at 8 o'clock. de14-3t*

MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSSES. OFFICE, 303 F STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C. Reference as to its superiority to Professors Willard Parker, Jas. M. Carnochan, and Valentine Mott. The best collection of Trusses and Orthopedic Instruments for Physical Deformities. Rupture and its Radical Cure, Varicose Veins, Varicocele, Piles, Curved Spine, Bow Legs, Club Feet, and all other Physical Deformities, successfully treated at this office. Also, a full and well-selected assortment of Silk and Cotton Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Anklets and Wristlets, for the relief of Varicose Veins, Swollen and Weak Joints; Ladies' Silk Elastic Abdominal Supporters; London do.; Riding Belts, Elastic Suspenders, Shoulder Braces, and Suspensory Bandages, all carefully applied and satisfaction guaranteed. OFFICE OPEN FROM 7 A. M. till 8 P. M. de14-6t*

H. O. HOOD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN VERY FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, RICH DIAMONDS, and other GOLD JEWELRY, TABLE and POCKET CUTLERY, SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE, Spectacles and Opera Glasses, a general assortment of Military Goods, Gold Pens, &c., at No. 338 Pennsylvania avenue, between Sixth and Tenth streets. N. B. Watches carefully repaired. de14-1m

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the personal estate of John Robinson, late of Washington county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of December next. Given under my hand this 12th day of December, 1863. THOS. HUTCHINSON, Executor. de14-law3t*

RUSSIAN FLEET.

A STEAMER will leave the FOOT OF SEVENTH STREET, ON SATURDAY, and every other day, at 12 o'clock M., and ON SUNDAY at 10 and 2 o'clock. This will be a PLEASANT EXCURSION. The boat does not touch at any point, but goes round the fleet. FARE for the round trip 50 cents. No passes required. de5-1t&Stf

FOR SALE.—2,500 BUSHELS POTATOES, in bulk, for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Apply on board schooner Oleander, High-street wharf, Georgetown. de3 2t&S*

FOR SALE.—A BLOODED FILLY, four years old next spring, a well broken and beautiful animal, for a boy or man of light weight. Apply at the Navy-yard gate, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. no25-12t*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON. CAPITAL—$500,000. This Bank, organized under the National Banking law of the last Congress, is opened this day for the transaction of business, at the corner of Fifteenth and F streets, opposite the Treasury Department. H. D. COOKE, President. WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier. oc22-tf

FOR SALE.—COPIES OF THE Judge Advocate General's Review of the Court-Martial of Major General Fitz John Porter, in pamphlet form, can be had at this office, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue. ap22-d&Stf

PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN, Corner of Sixth and L streets. Taught by MISS HUTCHINS, of Boston, Massachusetts. de5-2w*

WANTS.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN COOK. Inquire at Kedla's White House, High street, Georgetown. de14-2t*

TWO DRIVERS WANTED—ONE MAN accustomed to deliver and drive an Ale Wagon; also, an intelligent man, to drive an Express Wagon. Competent men will get liberal wages. Apply to JOHN FARRELL, Commercial Building, Louisiana avenue, Between Ninth and Tenth streets. de14-1t

A GENTLEMAN OF PRACTICAL business knowledge, with good references, wishes a situation as Book-keeper, at a fair salary. Address "Accountant," at this office. de13-d&S*

WANTED—A WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE, containing from ten to twelve rooms, suitable for a private family, location central. Best of city reference and security given. Address J. R., Chronicle Office, Washington, D. C. de13-3t*

WANTED—A STABLE IN GOOD order, with four or five stalls, and carriage room for two buggies, situated between Eleventh and Sixteenth streets and Pennsylvania avenue and K street. Address, stating terms, Box No. 324 Post Office. A first rate tenant and punctual payment of rent are guaranteed. de13-3t*

WANTED, RECRUITS FOR THE REGULAR ARMY. The BOUNTY OF $402 is given to RECRUITS AS WELL AS RE-ENLISTED MEN. Recruits will be enlisted for any particular arm of REGIMENT of the service. Superior inducements for enlisting are now offered. For further particulars inquire at the Rendezvous, 393 Nineteenth street, between F and G streets, or of DAINGERFIELD PARKER, Captain, U. S. Infantry, Recruiting Officer. de8,12,16,20,24,28

10,000 AGENTS WANTED.—SOLdiers, Sutlers, and others in and out of the army, to sell our new National Battle Pins and Medals of Generals Grant, Meade, Rosecrans, Hooker, Banks, McClellan, Gillmore, Foster, &c. The above Pins have a fac simile photograph of the above victorious Generals of the army of the United States, varying only in dates of the same. The beauty of this is its adaptability to any person who has been in the battles named in the margin of each pin. By getting a miniature likeness of themselves and inserting it in the place of the general, as a gift to their friends, a living record to be handed down from generation to generation, of the most gallant acts ever recorded in any land. Each pin is gold set. Every soldier should secure this Battle Pin and present to his friends, so that, living or dead, he will ever be in remembrance. Agents are now making from $500 to $1,000 per month. Samples and circulars will be sent on receipt of $1. Apply to or address J. BARNET & CO., No. 327 Pennsylvania avenue opposite Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C. de14-1t

WANTED.—A PERSON WHO UNderstands farming and gardening can hear of a good situation by addressing Box 100 City Post Office. To one thoroughly qualified liberal wages will be paid. A married man without children preferred. Best of reference required. [Star] oc13-1t

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE CONTAINING two stores and six rooms, on Seventh street, near the Patent Office, for rent and on lease for the term of eight years. For particulars, call on D. Ginzberger, Avenue Hotel, at the cigar stand, or at the United States Hotel, at the cigar stand. de11-1t&2d* D. GINZBERGER.

A STORE AND ROOM TO LET ON Twenty-first street west, near F street, opposite the Government Mess house. A good place for any business. Apply on the premises. J. M. JOHNSON. de14-3t*

FOR RENT—TWO WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS, communicating, used as Parlor or Chamber, or two Chambers. Location central. Apply at Mrs. L. Lowe's, 207 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. de13-1t&2d*

DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY.—THE subscribers are authorized to sell the Lease, Good-will, Furniture and Effects of a handsomely fitted-up Restaurant, with five large Dining Rooms and Bed-rooms attached, all nicely and completely furnished, and doing a good business. The House is situated near Ford's Theatre, is of brick, three stories high, with back buildings, and under a very moderate rent. Apply to JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO., Auctioneers and Com. Merchants. de13-1t&7td

FOR SALE.—$1,000 WILL BUY A House, twenty by thirty two feet, on Fifteenth street, opposite Riggs' Bank. Location good for any business. Good-will and stock of one of the best billiard saloons in Washington. Lease, three years, and low rent. Basement rooms, in a first-class location for a restaurant and eating house. Additional rooms if desired. Ten centrally located, unfurnished rooms, for offices or chambers. Eight hundred dollars only for part of furniture and possession of a well furnished house in the First ward. Rent $80 per month. Eight rooms. Hotel, and other business places for sale. Houses, lots, lands, country seats, and farms for sale, lease, and exchange. MITCHELL & SON, Real Estate Brokers, de13-2td15* S. E. cor. Pa. av. and Fifteenth st.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED Rooms, suitable for a Member of Congress. For particulars apply at 546 New Jersey avenue, between south B and C, Capitol Hill. de12-2td15*

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A HOTEL ON Pennsylvania avenue, doing a good business, everything complete. Lease three years and a half. Reason for selling, sickness of the proprietor. Apply at JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT, 510 Eleventh street, above Pennsylvania avenue. de13-3t*

OFFICE FOR RENT AND FIXTURES FOR SALE.—One of the best fitted up offices in the city for rent, and Fixtures for sale, on Pennsylvania avenue. Inquire of WILSON & BANGELL, 446 Eighth street, bet. Pennsylvania avenue and D street. de12-4t

TO LET—A VERY FINE STORE ON Seventh street, near the Post and Patent Offices. An excellent stand for almost any business. Possession can be had immediately. Inquire at the Gosling House, 247 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. de12-3t

A BACK PARLOR, HANDSOMELY Furnished, and several Single Rooms to rent. Inquire at 434 D street, 2d door from City Hall. de12-3t*

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT, AT C. Gautier's, One Parlor and two Chambers attached, 252 Pennsylvania avenue. de12-3t*

GEORGE T. DOWNING, OF NEW York and Newport, wants a House, not far from the Departments, for his business—Catering Confectioner—to supply Dinners and Suppers in his house, or at private residences, and, if the house admits, to take Boarders. He may be communicated with at STEWART & CO.'S Hair Dressing Saloon, Willard's Hotel. de11-3t*

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS WITH Board, in the capacious double house, (with all the modern improvements), No. 339 I street, opposite Franklin Square, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. de12-3t*

FOR SALE AND RENT—THE FURNIture of a three story house, containing eleven rooms, with privilege of renting the house for a period of not less than six months. Inquire at this office for further particulars. de11-3t*

FOR SALE.—A MANUFACTURING Establishment that will return the capital invested in six months, and can be extended to One Hundred Thousand Dollars per year, in this city and vicinity. Satisfactory reasons given for selling out. For further information address Box 51, Post Office, stating when and where an interview can be had. de11-6t*

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM, on the Washington Railroad, twenty two miles from Washington, a quarter of a mile from a station, contains 15 acres, well-fenced. Improvements—Dwelling, four years built, containing 10 rooms, ceiling 12 feet high, large new Barn, &c. Commutation tickets sold by the railroad company, enable officeholders in Washington to live at this point as conveniently as in the city, and at a saving of 200 per cent. Apply to M. BANNON, de11 10t* 32 Saint Paul street, Baltimore.

FOR SALE—A FINE YOUNG MARE, 16 hands high, 4 years old, warranted perfectly sound, and works well in harness. Apply at No. 522 K street, between Fourth and Fifth streets. de11 3t*

TO RENT—TWO PARLORS AND ONE Bedroom, near Willard's Hotel, comfortably furnished, in a private family, where there are no children. Breakfast if required. Apply to P. WHITE & CO., Grocers, corner F and Thirteenth sts. de10-3t*

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—A convenient and pleasant suite of furnished first door Rooms, with an additional Bedroom, if desired, may be obtained on application at No. 27 Four-and-a-half street, between Pennsylvania avenue and C street. de10-6t*

RARE CHANCE.—FOR SALE, A RESTaurant in one of the best locations in the city. For further particulars inquire corner Seventh and K streets. de10-6t*

GREAT OPPORTUNITY.—GROUND for Lease. That large and well situated Lot of Ground, and undivided Building, on E street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, called the Fletcher property, is for rent or lease for a term of years. Proposals for ten days will be received and information given by WM. McLEAN, at his Lumber Yard, corner of Thirteenth and Canal streets. no21-wimtde

FOR RENT.—MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, or others, can be accommodated with one Floor or the entire House, well furnished, gas and water, within one square of Capitol. Address P. O. Box 181. no29-mwf12t*

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND GOOD-WILL of the New York Hotel, situated on C street, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets west. This house is well furnished, contains from 25 to 30 rooms, and to one desirous of engaging in the business presents a rare opportunity. Inquire of J. M. BECKER, at Green's Restaurant, corner of Eighth and E streets, or at the Hotel.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL ROOMS, SUITABLE for offices or sleeping apartments. Inquire at McSeldon's Bakery, 416 Seventh street, three doors above Odd Fellows' Hall. de9-12t*

FOR SALE—A RESTAURANT AND Bar, on Pennsylvania avenue. Everything complete. Lease for four years, and doing a good business. Inquire of JAMES NOLAN, Esq., Commission Merchant, No. 55 Louisiana avenue. de5-6t*

FOR SALE—THE GOOD-WILL OF A small place on Pennsylvania avenue, with or without present Stock, comprising a good paying business. Reason for selling, one of the parties has a commission in the army. Address Van Ornum, City P. O. de12-3t*

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE GRIST MILL in Georgetown, D. C., fronting seventy-five feet, more or less, on Water street, between Frederick and Market streets, and extending to the Canal. Its capacity is from 200 to 250 barrels of flour per day. Also, a three story Warehouse, adjoining the mill on the east side. For further particulars inquire of WALTER S. COX, 101 Gay street, Georgetown, or 10 Louisiana avenue, Washington, D. C. de5 1tt

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE ROOMS, connected with folding doors, furnished. Apply at 643 L street north, between Fourth and Fifth. de2-tf

FOR RENT—A COMFORTABLE FURnished HOUSE, having modern conveniences, located in the First ward. Immediate possession given. For particulars, address Box 210 P. O. de1 tf

BOARDING.

BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED.—Two furnished rooms with board in a private family, wanted by a gentleman and wife, permanent residents in the city. One large room and a small one connecting preferred. Best of references given and required. Address No. 314 Pennsylvania avenue, up stairs. de14 1t&2d

THREE OR FOUR GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with rooms and board in a private family. Apply at No. 91 Bridge street, Georgetown. de13 St&2t*

MRS. JANE E. WINOH, OF PROVIDENCE, R. I., having taken the house No. 466, on E street, between Fifth and Sixth, formerly kept by Mrs. A. O. Duvall, is now prepared to accommodate both permanent and transient boarders. de12-3td15t*

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with Board, in a Philadelphia family, at 103 F street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. Also, two or three table-boarders. de10-3t*

BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED.—Two furnished rooms with board, in a private family, wanted by a gentleman and wife, permanent residents in the city. One large room with a small one connecting preferred. Best of references given and required. Address 314 Pennsylvania avenue, up stairs. de8-1t&2d*

THE HOUSE No. 373 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, formerly occupied by Mrs. Davis, has been rented by the proprietor of the Clarendon Hotel. The house is large and commodious, location unsurpassed. The rooms will be let furnished, either to transient or permanent boarders, with or without meals, which can be had at the Hotel if desired. oc17-tf

AUCTION SALES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND NEAR THE CITY.

Attention is called to the sale by C. C. Magruder, Esq., Trustee, of a valuable Tract of Land, situated in Prince George's county, lying on the county road to Washington, by Seventh and North Capitol streets, distant about two miles from the "Soldiers' Home," and adjoined by the estates of the late Stephen Markwood, Messrs. Wingard, Digges, Clarke, and others.

This land is very valuable, the soil is of a character peculiarly adapted to the cultivation and quick maturity of garden and farming productions, and will be sold in lots suitable for gardening purposes, of from 10 to 20 acres each.

Terms of credit very liberal.

Sale to take place on Friday, December 18th, at 12 M., on the premises.

A plat may be seen at our auction rooms.

JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de11-1t&2td Auctioneers.

BY JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Nearly new three story BRICK HOUSE on the Island at Public Sale.—On THURSDAY AFTERNOON, December 17, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell part Lot 30, Square 387, together with the improvements thereon, which consist of a nearly-new three-story Brick House, containing 8 rooms, in thorough repair and ready for immediate occupation, situated on D street south, between Ninth and Tenth streets west.

Terms liberal; made known at sale.

JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de13-1t&2td Auctioneers.

BY JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Very Valuable Building Lot fronting on the Circle, to Fourteenth street.—On THURSDAY AFTERNOON, December 17th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell Lot No. 1, in Davidson's subdivision of Square No. 213, fronting on Massachusetts avenue and north M street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets west, and containing 6,108 square feet.

The location of this lot is admirably adapted for a cottage site, hotel, or summer garden, having a large open space on three sides and the advantage of the city passenger railroad near by.

Title perfect, and terms of payment easy.

JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de13-1t&2td Auctioneers.

BY W. B. LEWIS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 427 Seventh street, between G and H streets.

GRAND HOLIDAY SALE OF OVER 6,000 LOTS OF GOODS, SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS, AT AUCTION.—At our Salesroom, 427 Seventh street, between G and H, commencing on MONDAY MORNING next, December 14, at 10 o'clock, and continuing every evening at 7 o'clock.

The stock consists of consignments of—
Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Jewelry,
Gold Pens and Pencils, Rings, Charms,
Silver plate Ware, as Tea Sets, Castors, Cake and Card Baskets, Butter Dishes, Salts, Table, Tea, and Dessert Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c.
Table Cutlery, as fine Ivory Balance-handle Dinner and Tea Knives, Carvers, Cocoa and Buffalo Knives and Forks; a good variety of three, four, and six-blade Pocket Cutlery.
China Cups and Saucers, Vases, Ornaments, and Jewel Cases, Lamps, Blocks, and Looking Glasses.
Splendid Books, as Family Bibles, Photographic Albums, Annuals and Standard Books, in a variety of styles.
Rosewood and Mahogany Desks, Work, and Jewelry Boxes.

ALSO,
TOYS—TOYS—TOYS.
2,000 lots of French and German Toys, including 600 Wax and other variety of Dolls.

Goods open for inspection and Private Sale during the day.

W. B. LEWIS & CO.,
de11-2t (Star) Auctioneers.

BY WM. WALL & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

GREAT SALE OF FURNITURE AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY MORNING, 14th instant, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at the hall over Messrs. F. H. Hoe & Co.'s Store, Pennsylvania avenue, near corner of Ninth street, where the Goods will be removed from storage for convenience of sale, a large collection of Furniture and House-keeping Goods, comprising—
Rosewood Round and 7 octave Piano Fortes,
Parlor Suits, in Brocatel and Reps,
Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Parlor and Easy Chairs,
Gilt and Mahogany frame Mirrors,
Marble top Sideboards, Centre Tables,
Washstands,
Brussels, Three-ply, and Ingrain Carpets,
Oilcloth, Cocoa Matting, and Rugs,
Handsome Marble top Walnut and Mahogany Bureaus,
Walnut Cottage and Plain Bedsteads,
Mirror front Mahogany and Walnut Wardrobes,
Feather Beds, Pillows, and Bolsters,
Hair, shuck, and Spring Mattresses,
Brocatel and Rep-covered Lounges,
Ottomans and Easy Chairs,
Reception and Mahogany Spring-seat Chairs,
Walnut and Oak Extension Dining Tables,
Plated Tea and Dinner Set,
Mahogany side Tables, Round do.,
Refreshment Tables, Stands, Sofa Tables, and Card Tables,
Mahogany and Walnut Whatnot and Etegere,
Toilet Sets, China, Glass, and Crockery Ware,
Dining, Cane seat and Wood-seat Chairs,
Mahogany Dressing and Plain Bureaus,
Large Easy Chair,
Lounges, Arm and Revolving Chairs,
Walnut Bookcase,
Mahogany, French, and Cottage Bedsteads,
Paintings and Engravings,
Bookstands.
Terms cash.

WM. L. WALL & CO.,
de11 St Auctioneers.

BY J. C. McGUIRE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

SALE OF SURPLUS AT THE TREASURY EXTENSION.—On MONDAY, December 28, at 11 o'clock, at the Treasury Extension, we shall sell
1 Horse, Buggy, and Harness,
1,200 feet Roofing Slate,
3,000 to 4,000 new Circular Brick,
1,000 to 2,000 old do do
Large lot of Cement Barrels,
Large lot of Sandstone, various dimensions,
Several lots of old Lumber and Centres,
9 blocks of Tennessee Marble,
Large lot of scrap, wrought and cast iron, and iron pipes,
Lot of Doors and Frames, with mortice Locks and Hinges,
4 tons, more or less, Manilla Rope, old,
4 Friction Drums.
Terms cash.

By order of the Supervising Architect.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de14-1t (Star&Rep) Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS AT THE CORNER OF NORTH L STREET AND FIRST STREET WEST.—On THURSDAY AFTERNOON, December 17, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell Lots Nos. 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11, in Square 620, fronting on north L street and First street west, at the corner formed by those streets, the whole to be divided into good-sized building lots.

These lots are well situated in the immediate vicinity of St. Aloysius Church and the Government Printing Office, and will be sold to highest bidder.

Terms: One half cash, the remainder in six months, with interest secured by a deed of trust on the premises. Conveyances at the cost of the purchaser.

JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de9-St (Star) Auctioneers.

BY JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON SECOND STREET WEST, BETWEEN D AND C STREETS NORTH.—On Wednesday afternoon, December 16th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell lot 79 in Reservation No. 10, fronting 25 feet on Second street, between B and C streets north, and running back 150 feet to a 35-feet alley, improved on the front by two frame dwelling houses, containing four rooms each, under which is a fine ice house, and on the rear by a small frame dwelling, containing four rooms.

This property is well located in the immediate vicinity of the Avenue, principal hotels, Adams' Express Company's warehouse and the depot, and is believed to be valuable as a business location.

Terms $2,000 in cash, the remainder in six and twelve months, with interest secured by deed of trust on the premises.

CHARLES McNAMEE, Trustee.
JAMES C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de6-d&S10t (Star) Auctioneers.

BY W. L. WALL & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Southwest corner Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth st.

MINING STOCK AT AUCTION.—In pursuance of a deed of trust, dated the 10th day of December, 1858, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Allegany county, Maryland, in Liber N. R., No. 13, folio 628, &c., and by direction of the trustee therein named, we will sell at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 9th day of January, 1864, at 4 o'clock P. M., at our Auction Rooms, in the city of Washington, D. C., for cash, the following stocks, namely:
600 shares in the Frostburgh Coal Company,
4,000 " " Whithers' Mining Company,
500 " " Allegheny Mining Company.

WM. L. WALL & CO.,
n 25 eathljald Auctioneer.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE NEAR WASHINGTON.

The subscriber, as Trustee, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court for Prince George's county, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 18th of December, 1863, at 12 o'clock, M., if fair, if not, on the next fair day thereafter, all the residue of the Real Estate, situated in Prince George's county, which was heretofore conveyed to Thomas W. Cummings by Martin Burll and wife, containing about sixty-seven acres. These lands are valuable for Gardening and Farming purposes, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. The County road to Washington, by the way of Seventh and North Capitol streets, is a boundary on one side, and this property is within two miles of the "Soldier's Home," and within a few miles of Washington. There is a good deal of wood upon it, and it adjoins the estates of the late Stephen Markwood, Messrs. Wingard, Digges, Clarke, and others.

TERMS OF SALE: Five hundred dollars on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in one, two, three, and four years, in equal instalments, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustee. Upon the payment of the purchase money and interest, the Trustee is authorized by the decree to convey the property to the purchaser or purchasers in fee simple.

Those wishing to purchase are invited to view the premises.

C. C. MAGRUDER, Trustee.

Upper Marlboro, November 25, 1863.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no29-lt&2tdho29 Auctioneers.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty-second streets, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27, 1863.—NOTICE.—The Public Sale of Quartermaster Stores, advertised for Wednesday, the 9th of December, is postponed until Wednesday, the 16th.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
no28-tf Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty second streets, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction, on Wednesdays, the 9th and 23d of December, 1863, at the Corral, near the Observatory, in this city—

A lot of public Horses and Mules, condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
no28-2tt Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

CAVALRY BUREAU.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 28, 1863.

On the first and third WEDNESDAYS, 2d and 16th of December, 1863, will be sold at public auction, at the Cavalry Depot, at Giesboro Point, near this city, a large lot of CAVALRY HORSES, condemned as unfit for public service.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

C. G. SAWTELLE,
dl-14t Lt. Col. and Chief Quartermaster Cavalry Bureau.

CARPETS, OILCLOTH, HEARTHRUGS, MATTING, AND HOUSEKEEPING EFFECTS IN GENERAL.

The Subscribers, having just received and completed their FALL STOCK, would respectfully invite the ladies and gentlemen of Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, and the public in general to call at the store No. 522, corner Seventh and D streets, and examine our large and general assortment of

Three-ply, Ingrain, and Domestic Carpets and Rugs.
Oilcloths, from one to four yards wide.
Matting and Mats, Window Shades.
Oilcloth Table covers and Blankets.
Feather Beds, Hair, Shuck, and Excelsior Mattresses.

ALSO,

A large assortment of Mahogany and Walnut Furniture, Looking Glasses, Crockery, Glass, Wooden Ware, and Baskets, with nearly all other articles in the House-furnishing line.

We flatter ourselves that any person wishing to purchase articles in our line, and will honor us with a call, will be pleased with our stock and prices.

Very respectfully,
GREEN & WILLIAMS.
oc21-wfmtf

MANHOOD—HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!—Just published in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A lecture on the nature, treatment, and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c. "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by Dr. Ch. J. C. Kline, No. 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, No. 4586. oc15-d&3mlS

A DEAD BODY RECOGNIZED BY wearing one of B. Wyleman's ARMY BADGES. Every Soldier should wear this beautiful badge of recognition. It is made of pure silver, beautifully engraved, with your NAME, COMPANY, AND REGIMENT upon it. By enclosing ONE DOLLAR you will receive one by return of mail. B. WYLEMAN, Sole Manufacturer, de5-12t* Cor. Seventh st. and Pa. ave., Wash. D. C.

AMUSEMENTS.

FORD'S THEATRE, TENTH STREET, ABOVE E.

JOHN T. FORD, ... PROPRIETOR AND MANAGER.
(Also of Holliday-street Theatre, Baltimore.)

FIRST NIGHT OF THE CELEBRATED SHAKSPEARIAN COMEDIAN, MR. JAS. H. HACKETT, in his inimitable delineation of SIR JOHN FALSTAFF, in the Tragedy entitled HENRY IV., which ends with THE BATTLE OF SHREWSBURY, AND THE DEATH OF HOTSPUR.

Seats may be secured during the day by application at the box office of the Theatre, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. No extra charge. It

GROVER'S THEATRE, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NEAR WILLARD'S HOTEL.

LEONARD GROVER, ... DIRECTOR.

Reëngagement, FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY, of the great RAVEL MARTINETTI MARZETTI TROUPE.

Which reëngagement has been effected for the express purpose of producing the great FAIRY PANTOMIME OF THE RED GNOME, Which, after two weeks of active preparation, is to be produced with all the original tricks, transformations, fairy changes, &c., in a manner never surpassed in any theatre in America.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 14, 1863. Performance will commence with the Magnificent Act entitled THE BOUQUETIERE, BY M'LLE ZANFRETTA.

After which, the beautiful Ballet, THE VIVANDIERE.

To be followed by Marvellous Aërial Exercises, by FRANCOIS SIEGRIST and his son, MASTER GEORGE, aged 4½ years.

To conclude with the great Fairy Pantomime, entitled the RED GNOME.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—No improper characters will be admitted. Persons securing seats or boxes for improper persons will forfeit the seats or boxes, and be subject to ejectment.

Shortly to be produced, with everything new and beautiful, the successful Drama of LADY CAMILLA'S HUSBAND. MISS SUSAN DENIN has been selected for the character of "Lady Camilla," and is now preparing herself for the great event. It

OPERA GLASSES FOR HIRE, AT FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS, 214 Penna. avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, And under the National Hotel. se4-tf

MR. JOHN K. GOODALL'S FASHIONABLE Dancing Academy, Eleventh street, near the avenue. Private lessons any hour. Academy for Children and Ladies, Tuesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock. Gentlemen's Class, Tuesday and Saturday, 7 P. M. The beautiful *Sceptre* exercise for children and ladies; also, the *Indian Club* exercise for gentlemen. Lessons on the Violin and Violoncello. Private families attended. Mr. Goodall continues to give lessons in singing and on the piano forte. no13-4&5im*

NEW BOOKS.

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!

The Days of Shoddy. By the author of Shoulder Straps.
My Days and Nights on the Battle Field. Carleton.
Lights on Shadowed Paths. T. S. Arthur.
Was he Successful? Kimball.
Ora, the Lost Wife.
Round the Block.

Just received, and for sale by W. H. & O. H. MORRISON, de13-1t&2d Nos. 438 and 440 Pennsylvania av.

DEVOTIONAL BOOKS!

Just received—A fine assortment of Catholic and Episcopalian Books of Devotion, at W. H. & O. H. MORRISON'S, de11 1t&2d Nos. 438 and 440 Penna ave.

HUSK'S COLONEL FLOYD'S WARDS. By Marion Harland, author of "Alone," etc. Price $1.50.

Hannah Thurston, a Story of American Life. By Bayard Taylor. Price $1.50.

Deep Waters, a Novel. By Anna H. Drury. Price 50 cents.

Romola. By the author of "Charles Auchester," etc. Price 50 cents.

The Poor Girl. By Pierce Egan. Price 50 cents.

Hagar Lot, or the Fate of a Poor Girl; Sequel to the "Poor Girl." Price 50 cents.

Twice Lost, a Novel. Price 50 cents.

All new books as soon as published.

All Military publications constantly on hand.

Orders by mail promptly attended to, and Books sent postage free.

PHILP & SOLOMONS, Metropolitan Book Store, de13-1t&2d 332 Penna. av., bet. 9th and 10th sts.

THE DAYS OF SHODDY! THE DAYS OF SHODDY! THE DAYS OF SHODDY! BY HENRY MORFORD, AUTHOR OF "SHOULDER STRAPS." Price One Dollar.

John Marchmont's Legacy, a Novel, by the author of "Eleanor's Victory and Lady Audley's Secret." Price 50 cents.

Roundabout Papers, by Thackeray. Price $1.

Frank Leslie's Lady's Almanac for 1864. Price 25 cts.

Peterson's Ladies' National Magazine. Price 20 cts.

Strong's Christmas Laugh, and shake your sides for rib tickling spirits that minister to mirth and enjoyment.

Cepherine, or the Secret Cabal. A Tale of Underground Life in Washington. Price 25 cents.

Any book advertised sent free of postage on receipt of the price.

News Agents and Sutlers will be furnished with books and stationery at the lowest prices. Send your orders to SHILLINGTON'S BOOK STORE, Odeon Building, Cor. Four-and-a-half and Penna. ave., de13-1t&d Washington, D. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EVANS' TENT HEATER.

AN ARMY TENT STOVE MADE OF CAST IRON IN THREE SECTIONS—WHEN PACKED, OCCUPIES THE SPACE 6x10 INCHES. WEIGHS ONLY 20 POUNDS.

Major General Burnside says: "Its adaptation to army life and comfort is complete." See letter below with endorsement of Inspector General Marcy.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
January 6, 1863.

James W. Evans, Esq., New York:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of December 29th, and also of the box containing the "Tent Stove," addressed to Major General A. E. Burnside. The General desires me to express his thanks for the Stove and to say that he considers it a perfect success; its adaptation to army life and comfort is complete, as it is sufficiently large to warm an ordinary sized tent, and is very easily transported. Will you please send (4) four of the same size to the following address: "Captain C. G. Hutton, Burnside's staff, Willard's Hotel, Washington." (to be called for.)

D. R. LARNED, Private Secretary for Major General A. E. Burnside.

NEW YORK, February 24, 1863.

As the stove mentioned in this letter is highly recommended by General Burnside, I think it would add to the comfort of the troops in our army if sutlers were permitted to keep and sell them in the field.

R. B. MARCY, Inspector General.

For sale at Wholesale and Retail by E. H. & H. F. GREGORY, de13 1t&2d 331 Pennsylvania avenue.

BOSWELL'S MEDICATED COUGH CANDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, HOARSENESS, And all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

In this changeable climate, where every one is more or less subject to Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, or some affection of the Throat or Lungs, they should procure a package of BOSWELL'S MEDICATED COUGH CANDY. It is the most pleasant and effectual remedy known. To public speakers or singers it is invaluable. See what the celebrated Professor Alexander Wolowski says of it.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1863.

MR. BOSWELL—SIR: Having used your Medicated Candy for Hoarseness and other affections of the throat proceeding from heavy colds, I found it very beneficial and to surpass anything else that I have ever used for the same purpose, and would recommend it to singers and persons subject to such affections from cold or excessive use of the voice.

ALEXANDER WOLOWSKI,
Professor of Music.

Sold at all the principal Drug Stores, and at BOSWELL'S DRUG STORE, corner of Maryland avenue and Seventh street. Price 25 cents per package, or five for $1. se27-d&6m

STRICTLY ON COMMISSION ACCOUNT.

4,000 Bushels Potatoes,
500 Bbls. Apples,
150 Bbls. Cider,

To arrive this week, foot of Eleventh-street wharf, per schooner Gershom B. Smith.

Also, 600 Tons of FINE TIMOTHY HAY, per schooners Lewis Clark and Happy Return.

Also, per steamer Georgia, at Georgetown, 401 bbls. New York packed SOUSED PIGS' FEET, TRIPE, MINCEMEATS, &c.

Daily arriving, per Express, POULTRY, EGGS, &c., &c., from Delaware. For Sale to the trade, at COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS COMMISSION AND PRODUCE MARKET HOUSE, Louisiana avenue. de13-1t&6d JOHN FARRELL.

NO. 486. PICTURES NO. 486. A FEW CHOICE ENGRAVINGS AND PAINTINGS, APPROPRIATE FOR PRESENTS, FOR SALE AT J. MARKRITER'S, No. 486 Seventh street, Eight doors above Odd Fellows' Hall. Please remember the number, 486, and the terms—cash. de13 2tS2d*

AUTOGRAPHIST.—M'me C. De Prage, Autographist, having had several years' experience in all the principal cities in Europe, will offer her services to the American public, for the first time, on Past, Present, and Future Affairs of Life. Send correct likeness of future wife or husband, by enclosing a lock of hair and age, together with fee, FIFTY CENTS. Address M'me C. DE PRAGE, P. O., Washington, D. C. de12-6t*

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—THE undersigned, having sold his entire interest in the CITY HOTEL to COLONEL ROBERT M. McCLURE, respectfully solicits for him the patronage of his friends and the public. SAMUEL HEFLEBOWER. Alexandria, Virginia, July 1, 1863.

Having purchased from Mr. Samuel Heflebower the old established house, known as the CITY HOTEL, I respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. ROBERT M. McCLURE, Late Lieutenant Colonel 4th Regiment jy17-tf Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps.

ALL OF THOSE WHO DESIRE TO have their exemption papers drawn with neatness and dispatch, (for the coming draft,) had better call upon WOLF & HART, de13-d&St Room No. 1 Washington Building.

MUNN & CO., Publishers of the *Scientific American*, and agents for procuring American and Foreign PATENTS. OFFICES—37 Park Row, New York. Corner of F and Seventh streets, Washington. Refer by permission to Hon. Joseph Holt, and to more than twenty thousand patentees, for whom they have acted as attorneys during the last seventeen years. Pamphlet of instructions and useful information furnished gratis on application, or sent by mail on receipt of stamp. No charge for consultation, orally or by mail. Preliminary examination in United States Patent Office, $5. jy22-ly

AMUSEMENTS.

CANTERBURY HALL, CANTERBURY, CANTERBURY, CANTERBURY, CANTERBURY, THE POPULAR MUSIC HALL AND THEATRE, LOUISIANA AVENUE, NEAR THE CORNER OF SIXTH STREET, In the rear of the Metropolitan and National Hotels. SIGN OF THE BIG CALCIUM LIGHT.

WILLIAM E. SINN, . . . MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR.

UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS AND SEVENTH NIGHT OF THE GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE, GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE, GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE, GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE, GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE.

The Glorious M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI, M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI, M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI, M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI, M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI, M'LLE ANNETTA GALLETTI.

The Unrivalled MONS. TOPHOFF, MONS. TOPHOFF.

The Charming JULIA MORTIMER, JULIA MORTIMER, JULIA MORTIMER.

The Beautiful and Gifted Sisters, MILLIE AND CLARA FOWLER, MILLIE AND CLARA FOWLER, MILLIE AND CLARA FOWLER, AND THE RONZANI BALLET TROUPE, THE RONZANI BALLET TROUPE.

Under the immediate direction of the acknowledged King of the Ballet, MONS. D. RONZANI, MONS. D. RONZANI.

Whose late brilliantly successful production of the Grand Ballet in the Gorgeous Opera of "Faust," at the Academy of Music, New York, won for him the universal commendations of the leading journals of the great Commercial Metropolis. During the engagement of the Great Alliance he will bring out several Magnificent Original Ballets, composed especially for this establishment by himself.

A RESPLENDENTLY BEAUTIFUL BILL TO NIGHT. TWO GRAND BALLETS, TWO GRAND BALLETS, A CHARMING PETITE COMEDY, A CHARMING PETITE COMEDY, GRAND CANTERBURY DIVERTISEMENT, GRAND CANTERBURY DIVERTISEMENT.

THIS EVENING, M'lle Galletti, Mons. Tophoff, the Sisters Fowler, Mons. Ronzani, Mr. Donnelly, and the Ronzani Ballet Troupe, will appear in the celebrated Ballet called LA MAJA DE SEVILLA, LA MAJA DE SEVILLA, LA MAJA DE SEVILLA. ALSO, THE GRAND BALLET, THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE, THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE, THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.

GEO. H. EDESON, In some new Comic Songs, including an original Melange, written expressly for him, entitled CROSS READINGS, CROSS READINGS.

The talented Ethiopian Comedians, Messrs. BILLY EMERSON, T. J. DONNELLY, H. W. WILLIAMS, Will appear in, besides a great number of amusing Songs, Dances, and Negro Eccentricities, the screaming Farce of STAGE STRUCK HEROES, STAGE-STRUCK HEROES, STAGE-STRUCK HEROES.

Second week of the successful Operatic and Terpsichorean Duo, by MISSES JULIA MORTIMER AND MILLIE FOWLER, THE ORANGE GIRLS OF VENICE, THE ORANGE GIRLS OF VENICE, THE ORANGE GIRLS OF VENICE.

Delightful Dances, Pas, Groupings, &c., by Misses LILLIE BRANDON, KATE HARRISON, JULIA RICHMOND, LUCY CLIFTON, M'LLE GERALDINE, LEONORA CREED, &c.

Songs, Dances, Burlesques, Extravaganzas, &c., by J. S. CLARKE, MONS. SOL, T. BROWN, C. W. SWAGGART, &c.

The performance will conclude with the delightful Petite Comedy, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN, THE YOUTH WHO NEVER SAW A WOMAN.

Colin . . . . Miss LILLIE BRANDON
Father Philip . . . . Mr. H. W. Williams
Gertrude . . . . Miss Lucy Clifton
Ronaldo . . . . J. S. Clarke
Ellen . . . . Miss Julia Richmond

Admission 25 cents; Orchestra 50 cents; Private boxes holding six persons $5.

Doors open at quarter before 7 o'clock. Performance to commence before 8 o'clock.

POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE, EVERY AFTERNOON, ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON[illegible]

VARIETIES! VARIETIES!

[illegible] PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND [illegible]

HAMBLIN & CO. . . . . . . [illegible]
FITZ SIMMONS. . . . . . STAGE MANAGER AND [illegible]

THE LEADING AMUSEMENT HALL OF THE NATION. A NEW WEEK OF ENTIRE NEW NOVELTIES. THIS EVENING, The Beautiful Indian Drama, WEPT OF THE WISH-TON-WISH.

Narramattah . . . . M'lle Cherrie Petrie
Satisfaction Skunk . . . . Mr. Harry Clifford

And a cast embracing the entire Company.

THE LIMERICK BOY.

The side-splitting Farce of THE DUTCHMAN'S GHOST.

DICK WATKINS . . . . . ADDIE JOHNSON.

The beautiful Ballet, THE PAINTER'S ILLUSION, introducing M'lle Windel, Mons. Baptistin, and the grand corps of Lady Dancers.

First week of the beautiful and accomplished Artiste ANNE ST. CLAIR, From the New York Theatres, who will appear this evening in a selected programme.

The splendid Varieties Company, of OVER FIFTY PERFORMERS, Nightly in an unapproachable bill. An uninterrupted evening's entertainment of nearly four hours' duration. GO EARLY FOR SEATS.

WEDNESDAY OUR FAMILY MATINEE.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 and 50 cents. de14-2t

RECRUITS WANTED TO FILL THE QUOTA OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

BOUNTY FOR VETERANS, $432, $101 of which will be paid in advance.

BOUNTY FOR NEW RECRUITS, $332, $101 of which will be paid in advance.

BOUNTY FOR COLORED RECRUITS, $30, Paid in advance.

PERSONS WISHING TO ENLIST will apply to any of the following RECRUITING OFFICERS:

S. V. BACON, Engine Hall, near the Market, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Seventh and Ninth streets.

J. C. HYDE, Corner of Fourteenth and New York avenue.

C. I. KEASEY, H street, near corner of Nineteenth and Pennsylvania avenue.

J. C. PARKER, Corner of High and Dunbarton streets, Georgetown. de11

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS.

ARMY BADGES. ARMY BADGES. CORPS BADGES. CORPS BADGES.

Send One Dollar, and get one of WYLEMAN'S SILVER BADGES, with your Name, Company, and Regiment beautifully Engraved. These Badges surpass all others in point of beauty and durability, and are only manufactured by D. WYLEMAN, Washington Building, cor. Seventh st. and Penna. av., WASHINGTON, D. C. Visiting and Wedding Cards Engraved and Printed. de10-10t*

JOHN H. SIMMONS, AMBROTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPH STOCK, No. 318 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, (Entrance No. 311 C street,) WASHINGTON, D. C. Branch of the Philadelphia Depot.

CARD ENGRAVING Neatly and promptly done by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, de12-1m 334 Pennsylvania avenue.

BILL HEADS FOR STOREKEEPERS and others printed in the best style at the "Chronicle" Job Printing Office.

Daily Chronicle.

...Y MORNING CHRONICLE.—WASHINGTON, MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1863.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1863.

[Written for the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

In War.

BY W. H. H. DUMARS.

If ever in my dreaming days of youth
I cherished aught beautiful and good,
It hath been swallowed in the gulf of blood,
Thro' which I've waded in the wake of Truth;
Hard marches, bivouacs, and cannon's breath,
Have worn my heart of finer feelings bare,
Till it is crisped when it had else been fair,
And ere its proper time hath tasted death;
E'en like some ship, with sails all torn away
By raking blasts, now struggling on the main,
With naked masts I meet life's battle fray,

[illegible]

NOTICES OF NEW BOOKS.

[illegible]

...larity in the United States, treading closely upon the heels of Dickens and Thackeray. To the Messrs. Harper Brothers, the publishers of "Rachel Ray," the author is largely indebted for this enviable position, as they have given him a very prominent place in their *Magazine*, and have republished, we believe, all his works. No amount of such adventitious aid, however, would have given Mr. Trollope his present position, had there not been a substratum of real talent and merit. "Rachel Ray" is one of his best novels, and is new to American readers.

KEEP A GOOD HEART. A Story of the Merry Christmas Time. By Cousin Carrie. Sold by Philip & Solomons.

THE SALE OF CRUMMIE; or, the Diamond Brooch, and other stories. Sold by Wm. Ballantyne.

These are good books for the young. The first is a history of a family of orphan children who triumphed over many troubles by their firm trust in Divine Providence. The second is a series of nine stories, all well written, which inculcate faith in the Divine Being and the profit of serving Him.

[illegible]

LIST OF PATENTS

[illegible]

SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES IN WASHINGTON.

VICE PRESIDENT.

Hamlin	Me	250 F street.

SENATORS.

Anthony	R. I.	Willard's Hotel.
Bayard	Del	316 I street.
Bowden	Va	402 Thirteenth street.
Brown	Mo	
Buckalew	Pa	29 S A street.
Carlile	Va	
Clark	N H	250 F street.
Collamer	Vt	Willard's Hotel.
Conness	Cal	449 Thirteenth street.
Cowan	Pa	Mrs. Carter's, 4 N. A st.
Chandler	Mich	Willard's Hotel.
Dixon	Conn	28 President's Square.
Davis	Ky	W. G. Choate's, 477 6th st.
Doolittle	Wis	16 North A street.
Fessenden	Me	417 F st., bet. 6th and 7th.
Foster	Conn	Willard's Hotel.
Foot	Vt	Carter's, 4 North A st.
Grimes	Iowa	311 F st., bet. 11th and 12th.
Hicks	Md	National Hotel.
Henderson	Mo	Willard's Hotel.
Harris	N. Y.	Willard's Hotel.

[illegible]

COAL AND WOOD.

COAL AT WHOLESALE,
At my wharf, foot of Eleventh street, Island
OAK WOOD AT WHOLESALE,
At my Yard, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depot

COAL AND WOOD AT RETAIL
Anthracite and Cumberland Coal
Hickory, Oak, and Pine Wood.

O. W. PALMER.

COAL. COAL.

2,000 TONS COAL,
FOR SALE CHEAP.
Look to your interest.
Red Ash Coal, Egg and Stove size
White Ash Coal, Furnace, Egg, and Stove size
1,500 CORDS WOOD
OAK,
PINE, and
HICKORY WOOD

[illegible]

HICKORY, OAK, AND PINE WOOD

COAL, COAL, COAL.

WOOD, WOOD.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA...

[illegible]

MEDICAL.

MEDICAL—DR. LISPENARD CALLS

HORACE HATCH, M. D.

TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT

[illegible]

WILLIAM TUCKER,

MUSIC

SAPONIFIER,

F. DESFOSSE,

FOR SALE—A BLOODED FILLY

CUBA CIGARS—CIGARS FROM [illegible]

BALL TICKETS AND PROGRAMMES

BUSINESS CARDS PRINTED NEAT...

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

No. 327 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 21st instant, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with Ten Thousand barrels of Flour, as follows:

5,000 barrels in new oak barrels, head lined.
5,000 barrels in new strong cotton sacks—one half barrel in each sack.

Bids will be received for what is known as Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and for any quantity less than the 10,000 barrels, and also for one hundred barrels of No. 2 Family Flour.

Bids, in duplicate for different grades, should be upon separate sheets of paper.

The delivery of the Flour to commence within five days from the opening of the bids, and in such quantities daily as the Government may direct, delivered either at the Government warehouse in Georgetown, at the wharves, or at the railroad depot, Washington, D. C.

All contracts must be completed within twenty days from the opening of the bids.

Payment will be made in certificates of indebtedness, or such other funds as the Government may have for disbursement.

The usual Government inspection will be made just before the Flour is received.

An oath of allegiance must accompany each bid, and no bid will be entertained from parties who have previously failed to comply with their bids, or from bidders...

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR POTATOES.

PROPOSALS FOR HEAVY PROJECTILES

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER

PROPOSALS FOR HAY.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN THE...

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER

CHIEF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, No. 134 F street north,
WASHINGTON, D. C., December 7, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until THURSDAY, December 17, 1863, at 12 o'clock M., for delivering in the city of Washington, D. C., at such point as the Depot Quartermaster may direct, one hundred thousand (100,000) feet of Lumber, of the following kind and description, viz:

Twenty-five thousand (25,000) feet good black walnut, eight feet long, twelve inches wide, and five eighths of an inch thick.

Seventy-five thousand (75,000) feet first quality 4-4 or one inch white pine selects, twelve inches wide.

All the above described to be good merchantable lumber, well seasoned, subject to the inspection of an agent appointed on the part of the Government, and all delivered on or before the 26th day of December, 1863.

PROPOSALS.

The full name and post-office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.

If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or the bid will be considered as the individual proposal of the party signing it.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance must accompany each proposition.

Proposals must be addressed to Captain James M...

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR LEAD.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN

PROPOSALS FOR CAVALRY HORSES

APPLICATION FOR DUPLICATE LAND WARRANT

SECURE A MUSICAL EDUCATION.

PROPOSALS FOR DEAD HORSES.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED

PROPOSALS FOR MANURE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE

PROPOSALS.

ARMOR PLATES.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 21, 1863.

THE DEPARTMENT will, until the —— day of December next, receive proposals for the delivery at each of the Navy-yards at Portsmouth, N. H.; Charlestown, Mass.; Brooklyn, N. Y., and Philadelphia, of the following described armor, stringers, and deck plating for the vessel at each yard. The proposition may be separately for the side armor, stringers, and deck plating, and may be for one or more vessels, but it must embrace the whole of each description of iron for a vessel; that is, the deck plating, the stringers, or the side armor may be bid for separately.

DECK ARMOR.

Eleven hundred (1,100) wrought iron plates, more or less, ten (10) feet long, thirty-two (32) inches wide, and one and one half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inch thick.

A portion of these plates will be sheared to suit the curvature of the side line of the vessel, also, to fit around the turrets and hatches, for which plans will be furnished to the contractors. To be of the best iron, ends and edges square, straight, and planed true to the sizes given. The whole to be delivered within ten (10) months from the day of contract.

WROUGHT IRON STRINGERS.

Three thousand and twenty (3,020) lineal feet of iron...

[illegible]

ORDNANCE OFFICE.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN

PROPOSALS FOR COCOA MATTING

PROPOSALS FOR CORN.

RAILROAD LINES.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, November 2d, 1863, daily trains will be run between Washington and New York, and Washington and the West, as follows:

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, and BOSTON.
Leave Washington at 6 and 11.30 A. M., and 3 and 7.30 P. M. daily, except Sunday. On Sunday, at [illegible] P. M. only.

FOR BALTIMORE.
Leave Washington at 6.35, 8, and 11.30 A. M., and 3.10, 5, and 6.30 P. M., daily, except Sunday. On Sunday at 8 A. M., and 3.10 and 7.30 P. M.

FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WEST.
Leave Washington at 6.35 and 8 A. M. and 8.30 P. M. daily, except Sunday. On Sunday at 8.30 P. M. only.

COMMUTATION TRAIN.
Leave Washington daily, except Sunday, at 4.20 P. M.

The first and fourth trains from Washington, and fourth and fifth trains from Baltimore, stop at all way points.

FOR WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
Leave Baltimore at 3.30, 8.00, and 10.20 A. M. and 3.15 P. M.

COMMUTATION TRAIN.
Leave Baltimore daily, except Sunday, at 7.15 A. M.

FOR ANNAPOLIS.
Leave Washington at 8 A. M. and 3.10 P. M.
Leave Baltimore at 8.50 A. M. and 3.15 P. M.

[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

DIRECT RAILROAD ROUTE

1863. THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. 1863.

GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE

TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AND OFFICERS.

TO PASSENGERS TRAVELLING TO

OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS ON FURLOUGH

STEAMBOAT LINES.

WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,

WHARF SITES AND WATER...

SHOW CASES...

ARMY BLANKS...